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CROOKSTON POLK COUNTY JOURNAL

JAN 9 APR 14
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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 9, 1890. NO. 38

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$ 50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	15 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	25 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	50 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

McIntosh Doings.

McINTOSH, Minn., Jan. 1st 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—You will see by the heading of this communication that "Edna" is away from home at the present time and that is the reason you have not heard from her lately. She has been in this neighborhood for the past seven weeks, and in all her travels between the Atlantic and Pacific she has failed to find kinder hearted, or more hospitable people than she has been among in the Thirteen Towns. The business men here are very enterprising and energetic and my opinion is that McIntosh has brighter prospects before her than any town its size in Polk County.

The new flouring mill has been running now for over two weeks and doing lots of business. The farmers are much pleased with the way they are treated by Matt Jenson the manager of the mill.

The members of school district south of town had a Christmas tree on Monday evening. Whoever decorated the building deserves great credit for the artistic manner in which it was done. The exercises were conducted in Norsk but the people were so hospitable that they sang English songs for the benfit of your correspondent. The program was informal but everything went smoothly and everyone seemed very happy.

Miss Lydia LaDue, of Fertile, was visiting friends here the first part of the week.

Knute Rollag is the postmaster of the new post office of Gosen in the town of Knute. The office was opened to-day.

Geo. LeBree's four-year-old boy is quite ill of scarlet fever.

Frank Daudenberg a former resident of this place arrived on Tuesday's train from Dakota and will remain all winter. Welcome back Frank.

The gentlemanly station agent here took me all over his magnificent depot and I was much pleased in examining the different departments. The erection of such a building must have been a great financial strain on the St. P., M. & M. R. R. Co.

Happy New Year to the editor and all my friends and may the Lord bles my enemies. EDNA.

The Only Vestibuled Trains
NORTH OF ST. PAUL.

The Northern Pacific
RAILROAD.

The Dining Car Route Between
WINNIPEG, PEMBINA, GRAFTON, GRAND FORKS, CROOKSTON, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH.
And All Points East. The Direct Line to
MONTANA, IDAHO,
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
OREGON, BRITISH COLUMBIA,
PUGET SOUND AND ALASKA

Vestibuled Express Trains Daily,

To which are attached Pullman Palace Sleepers and Elegant Dining Cars. On overland trains Emigrant Sleepers Free.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:55 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
11:40 "	Grafton	8:22 "
1:35 p. m	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:20 p. m. arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

Coupon Tickets on sale at Crookston to all points in the United States and Canada. For full information as to time and rates, address

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn.

A BIG SUIT.

The Manitoba Proposes to Fight Duluth's Best Road in the Courts.

Duluth Herald, Dec. 31st.

Late yesterday afternoon papers in a suit of the Minneapolis & St. Cloud vs. the Duluth & Winnipeg were filed. The plaintiff is the Manitoba branch from St. Cloud to Hinckley, on the line used by the Eastern, also a child of the Manitoba.

The complaint alleges the plaintiff constructed a line from St. Cloud to Hinckley in 1882, which was within the limit of time set by the legislature for the completion of the work. The state had agreed to give the plaintiff swamp lands not then otherwise appropriated, in odd-numbered sections lying within the counties through which the branch might pass, ten sections per mile. The company was thus entitled to 425,664 acres, but has thus far acquirad only 123,917 acres. In 1875 the state promised to give ten sections of swamp land per mile to the Duluth & Iron Range, under provisions that were carried out, and if there was not enough swamp land within ten miles of the road, the Duluth & Iron Range was to locate the deficiency on any swamp lands within St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties. On March 9th, 1878, an act giving this grant to the Duluth & Winnipeg was passed.

The charges are made that the Iron Range grant has not been forfeited, that the Duluth & Winnipeg has not constructed its road described in its articles, and not in the time required. It is further charged that the governor has given to the Duluth & Winnipeg title to part of the land selected by the plaintiff to make up the deficiency in its own grant. The plaintiff accordingly asks for judgment that the defendant's grant be declared void; that the defendant be enjoined from making a transfer of any part of the grant, and required to execute a release to the plaintiff; that the defendant be enjoined from further selections and from making any application for a conveyance of such land, until the Minneapolis & St. Cloud gets all it wants.

The U. S. District Attorney.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel.

The appointment of Eugene Hay to the office of U. S. District Attorney for Minnesota, does not, after all, seem to give entire satisfaction, and we are inclined to think it will be the means of weakening instead of strengthing the g. o. p. in the northern part of the state. It may be gratifying to Mr. Washburn and a few of Mr. Hay's personal friends, but it does not seem to meet with the approbition of a large proportion of Republicans who have heretofore been foremost in carrying the party to victory, and all must admit that Halvor Steenerson, of Polk County, has done very much in that direction. In our way of looking at this appointment, it is not because Mr. Washburn cared so much for Mr. Hay, or thought he could or would be the means of aiding the Republican party at the next general election, but that he had the defeat of Senator C. K. Davis for re-election in view, and that by securing Mr. Hay's appointment it would be a step forward in that direction. Just how this matter will effect the party in the future it will be difficult for even the best political judges to say, but at this time the disagreement of our two U. S. Senators does not cause it to look very encouraging. We will, however, predict that Senator Davis will succeed himself as U. S. Senator, no matter who gets the fat offices.

Low Interest.

The Western Rural.

It was reported a few days ago that the Controller of the City of New York had succeeded in placing $6,000,000 of bonds drawing intrest at only two and a half per cent per annum. It should have been stated that these bonds are exempt from taxation. This practically places them on a par with government bonds which yield about two and a half per cent on the current selling value and are also exempt from taxation. It may be claimed that this feature is in effect a raising of the income to nearly four and a half per cent, but probably that is too large an allowance to make, and for the simple reason that many investments are not taxed at all. Perhaps it would be fair to halve the difference and say that the transaction indicates a willingness on the part of capitalists to lend their surplus funds at three and a half per cent per annum in the east. They have to do so in competition with British capital, which is readily obtainable there at three, and can be transferred at the cost of another one-half per cent for transportation and handling. And yet the eastern capitalist when he loans money on a Western farm, which is just as good security as New York bonds, wants to gobble the farm and all there is on it for interest.

WHEAT GROWERS WRATHY.

They Claim They Are Being Confidenced by Elevator Companies.

Special to The Globe.

JAMESTOWN, N. D., Dec. 30.—There are a lot of wrathy wheat growers in the Corinne neighborhood, in Stutsman County. An exceptionally good grade of wheat was raised there this fall. Dazey and Hannaford are the nearest community's nearest elevator points. A farmer, George Wright, a reliable man, was in the city to-day, delegated to consult with representatives as to some legal protection, if possible, to prevent the occurrence of the confidence game that he states has been played on the farmers of his township by elevator companies. He says in his own case, that he raised 4,000 bushels of fine wheat. He hauled the first load to Cargill's elevator, at Dazey. It was graded No. 1 hard. He was paid for it and the rest of the crop was contracted for at the same grade. The second load, after delivery, was graded No. 2 northern, the agent stating that he had received instructions to so grade it. Wright refused to sell at that grade, and took the wheat to Hannaford, where there is only a small warehouse. The first load went No. 1, but the next load was cut to No. 2. As the wheat came from the same field he declined to accept the second offer, and hauled the wheat back to Dazey. The same tactics were worked there. The second load was never as good as the first. Wright then ordered cars, and had no trouble to get them promptly from the Northern Pacific road. Before shipping, but after the wheat was loaded, the agent of the Northern Pacific elevator company appeared on the scene and offered Wright the price of No. 1 hard for all he had and two cents per bushel higher than the market price. Wright refused to have any more to-do with them, and shipped to Duluth, making on each car some $35 over the elevator company's offer. It is reported that many small farmers have been worked the same way, frequent complaints being made over orders to lower one grade on all wheat for that locality, which was done in one day.

Poor Railroads.

The Western Rural.

The railroad monopoly keeps harping upon the alleged fact that it is so cramped by law that it is making no money. Some of the roads are passind dividends. Some of them are paying less than the usual dividends and all of them are growling like a pig with a sore head. It is a fact, too, that the roads are not making as much money as they once did. It would be a sorry commentary upon the effort that has been made by the people and congress to put a stop to railroad plundering of the people, if they were. The Inter-State commerce law has cramped them. There is no doubt of that; but the railroads are yet earning much more than they ought to be permitted to earn. They are suffering no inconvenience or hardship that they have not brought upon themselves. They have been profligate in issuing stock. They have issued and sold millions of dollars of stock that never should have been issued. There was no legitimate call for such stock. The managers and manipulators of the roads issued it for one purpose and only one purpose—to get money to put into their own pockets. These schemers loaded down their roads with watered stock. That stock is now out and represents in some cases seventy-five per cent of the entire stock. Before the Inter-State commerce law came into existence and the roads were a law unto themselves, they could rob the public of enough to pay splendid dividends upon all this stock. They cannot do it now, and what is still better the prospect is that they will be crippled still further in their efforts to float their worthless blocks of stock. Just as sure as the days come and go, we are going steadily ahead to the time when no road will be permitted to earn more than enough to pay a respectable dividend upon its actual value. These are not good days for watered stock. In the near future railroading will cease to be a scheme of robbery, and The Rural has been doing all it could to hasten the coming of that time.

Stealing from Shippers.

The Western Rural.

When a man steals he should be sent to prison. Generally he is sent there, if he does not steal too much or steals from anybody except farmers. The father of a half dozen starving children who should be wicked enough to steal a loaf of bread to feed his perishing little ones would likely bring up in a cell. But the elevators of Chicago steal from every car five bushels of grain from every car shipped from there and never get in sight of a prison. But that comes out of the country grain merchant, some one may say. Nothing of the kind. It comes out of the grain grower. All such leaks are made up by laying the burden on the farmer. Agriculture is made to bear nearly the entire loss of commerce. The country grain buyer, in order to save himself from the losses which are represented by theft perpetrated by the Chicago elevators, lowers the price; to compensate him for extortionate carrying charges he lowers the price; to provide a margin for other middlemen he lowers the price; the manufacturer of goods adds all his expenses and losses to the price and the farmer must pay all of it; the jobber does the same thing; the wholesaler does the same and the retailer does likewise. Interest, insurance, "stealage"—wherever it happens—rents, etc., are piled on the farmer's back in a compact mass.

The farmer calls for relief. Of whom does he demand relief? Of the legislature first. How can the legislature give it? By providing, if such legislative provision is not already made, that the man who steals grain from a shipment of grain under any pretence whatever, shall go to prison like any common criminal. The farmer demands relief from the courts next. He demands that they shall enforce the laws. With stock yards stealing his cattle and elevators stealing his grain and neither grain nor cattle bringing what it costs to produce them it is no wonder that the farmer is wondering what is to become of him.

No Necessity for Minneapolis.

The Great West.

The Minneapolis Journal states that the Twin Cities and the country are interdependent.

What is it that has built Minneapolis right under the wing of St. Paul, itself the largest state metropolis in the northwest? Is there a man so shallow-pated as to say Commerce did it? Was there a demand? Were there certain necessities? Did the people have to leave St. Paul from lack of room? Does the natural trade of these impoverished, sickly, tax-ridden, railroad-bonded counties, with from 1,200 to 3,000 farmers in each, build cities by magic?

Why, men, this is folly—and the newspaper or the man who talks such a doctrine, is not honest in his speech. It is impossible. It is repugnant to reason. The Dakotas, Nebraska, Iowa, Wisconsin, Kansas, none of them have a city with the population, the manufactures, or the jobbing trade ONE-HALF that of this St. Paul-on-the-confines-of-the-wilderness—within 95 miles of the vast nameless and trackless regions of the uninhabited!

Does the Minneapolis Journal pretend to believe that any NATURAL demand, and natural INTERDEPENDENCE built—under the shadow of one great city's spires—another magnificent metropolis, with its hundreds of millions of moving capital? Where was the dependence of the farmer! Whence the artificial resources with which this necessary magnificence? Look upon its granite walls, its brick and stone columns, its entablatures, its beautiful hotels, its miles of crowded avenues, its spires and towers and polished plinths! Whence? From the demands of commerce? No, the senseless ass which draggs its clodded feet through the outer streets would bray in chords-negative at such a proposition. Why, its commercial trade with the exterior does not support it.

What does?

Well, her wealth and timber are the crystallized sweat of the Minnesota and Dakota farmers, whose stockingless feet are encased in the tender grasp of wooden shoes! The grain trade of Minneapolis amounts to nearly a hundred millions a year. St. Paul gets none of this, and yet sports her carnivals—that is, she has the legislature once in two years! The wheat trade of Minneapalis is a dishonest trade. It is one mighty fake—in which the ringboard and the chuckluck combine to rob. Rob is too tender a term. But we propose to state the matter gently. They get first the enormous freight charges, FOUR TIMES greater than through tariffs from the east, and ten or twelve times greater than if our early population had canaled their level prairies as the eastern states did. Then there is the elevator combine by which from five to EIGHTEEN cents is added on to the freight rates. Then there is the Millers' Association, in which the most enormous fortunes ever known in milling history have been made. Piled on top of all has been the vast bonding of the state by railway princes of both the twin cities, interest on which is paid by the unlucky farmer, not alone in freights inward, every codfish having to furnish some millionaire with a box-ticket to the theatre! Such is the underground foundation of Minneapolis. It rests squarely and firmly on her base-frauds. She is the congealed, crystalline, translucent and opalescent solidification of want, poverty, ignorance and sorrow, spread out over vast and lonesome prairies—regions where railroad enticements have brought the poor and the unlettered.

Hail Minneapolis! When the blistering summer sun lets loose its quiver to scorch the heart of toil, in yonder palace YOUR sons and daughters are monarchs of a shady boudoir; when the cheerless blizzard sweeps its bitter mantle around the barnlike home on treeless expanses, your children dance and dream the gilded hours away in homes which blossom like the gardens of the Lord. But there comes another day when Nineveh will be remembered, and the ashes of Sodom will be sprinkled upon your jeweled garments. Go to thou fraud.

Washburn's Policy.

Henderson Independent: Senator Washburn's policy seems to be Washburn first, Minneapolis second, and the balance of the State afterwards.

Almost but not quite. It looks more like Washburn first, Minneapolis second, Windom third and the deil take the hindmost.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.50
North Star	2 25
Fife	2 00
Skip Jack	1 35

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W. WILS, Comptroller.

SPECIAL SALE
—OF—
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSRTOMENT
—OF—
NEWMARETS
From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long,			$4.00
" " Striped	"	" "	6.00
" " "	"	" "	7.00
" " Striped or Plaid	"	" "	8.00
" " "	"	" "	9.00
" " Black or Brown	"	" "	10.00
" " "	"	" "	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

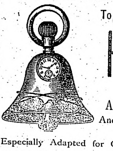
LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

I RING THE FIRST BELL!



To Announce the Opening of my New

Holiday Stock

AND INVITE YOU TO CALL

And Inspect my NEW LINES OF CHOICE NOVELTIES,

Especially Adapted for Christmas and Wedding Presents.

LARGEST STOCK. | LATEST STYLES. | LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,
ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

A DAILY PAPER
—FOR—
$2.00 Per Year, or $1.00 for Six Months.
Best and Cheapest in the Field.

$2 The "Wonderful Offer" of THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS $1

Expired Jan. 1st, but a very liberal offer is still open. Until further notice, we will send THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS by mail for one year on receipt of

Two Dollars,
—OR—
Six Months for $1.00

This offer is one-half the regular rate and is made temporarily only.

The News is an Evening 4-page, 8-column paper five days in the week and an 8-page paper one day in the week. It contains all the news. It makes a specialty of Market Reports, giving the markets of the current day of issue. Send for sample copies. Address

DAILY NEWS, St. Paul, Minn.

January 1, 1890.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition,
CROOKSTON, - - - Minn.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs,
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller,
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby,
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 6, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	65.
No. 1 Northern	64.
No. 2 "	52.
No. 3 "	50.
Rejected	

'Round Home.

The county board is in session this week.

Remember your meeting on Monday next, farmers.

Dept. U. S. Marshal Beaulieu was in the city this week.

See the wonderful phonograph on Robert street. Only ten cents admission.

The early closing rule suits the boys to a dot—and the merchants will lose nothing by it.

Mens suits, 2,000 complete suits to choose from. Come early and get the best selection.

C. O. D. CLOTHING HOUSE.

Go and try A. O. Ralstad's new restaurant on Robert street when you want a good square meal.

Prof. Casey has gone to St. Paul to attend the annual meeting of the County Superintendents of Schools.

Prof. Allison is one of the most eloquent Alliance orators in the state. Don't fail to hear him on Monday next.

Those monopolists who so confidently asserted that the farmers would never unite, are beginning to get uneasy, as they fear they were mistaken.

See our new clubbing offer with the St. Paul Daily News and call early and secure one of the leading dailies and THE JOURNAL at less than the price of the daily.

John Bergh left for the west this week. He has been for a long time a resident of this city, well and favorably known, and his many friends will wish him all kinds of good fortune.

Farmers who feel a proper interest in their own welfare should turn out next Monday and hear Prof. Allison, the veteral Farmers' Alliance Lecturer, at Court House Hall, at 2 o'clock p. m.

A. M. Malmberg and Jens Walbeck represented the town of Fisher in the farmers meeting on Monday night. They will do what they can for the spread of the good work in their town.

Ole Renne was up from Valley on Monday. Came up to see how it seems to ride on a first-class road—the D., C & N. Says the farmers are ripe for combinations or any other kind of rebellion.

Remember the day and hour of Prof. Allison's lecture—Monday, Jan. 13th, at 2 o'clock p. m. Farmers, this is specially your meeting. Don't fail to come out and hear what can be said in your behalf.

Hon. H. Steenerson went to St. Paul on Friday evening, returning this week. To a reporter of the Minneapolis Times he said: "I do not wish to be interviewed. I am down here strictly on business, and my business has no reference whatever to politics!"

Frank Cernousek represented the town of Tabor in the farmers meeting on Monday night. Frank says he has his new post office in running order and is now ready for business. Says farmers up there are anxious to organize an Alliance if it is possible to do so.

The woods are afire! Well, maybe not, but the prairies are alive with enthusiasm on the Alliance question. At last the farmers are becoming aroused, and if the good work goes on there will be a good healthy Alliance in every town in the county before spring. Let the good work go on.

A. O. Rolstad, a Crookston old-timer, has purchased Johnny Berg's restaurant on Robert street and is now prepared to attend to the wants of our citizens in that line. He invites all his friends to call in and see him at the new place of business. Everything as slick as a whistle and as neat as a new top.

Swan Anderson was down from Black River last week. Says farmers are all alive to the importance of doing something for their own protection and that they will organize an alliance. Like reports come from many towns. That's right boys, remember Providence helps those who try to help themselves.

A good many JOURNAL readers availed themselves of the opportunity to secure a first-class daily paper for only two dollars and fifty cents for both, and many expressed a desire to do so. We are pleased to say that we are able to continue the offer at an advance of only TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. The St. Paul Daily News is one of the best evening papers published in St. Paul, if indeed it is not the best. It is conducted by an old experienced publisher who has spent his life in the newspaper business, and the daily News is the best effort of his life. The News contains all of the news, the market reports and also takes a lively hand in politics from a republican standpoint. No man can afford to do without The News at the price. If you are not a regular subscriber to THE JOURNAL it will require only TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS to secure both for one year. Try us and we know you will be pleased.

Our New Clubbing Offer.

We are pleased to announce that we have made arrangements with the St. Paul Daily News whereby we can offer that enterprising sheet for only 25 cents advance over our former offer. Thus, for new subscribers and TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS we will send the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News for one year. We are prepared to make liberal inducements to all in arrears. Call early as this offer is subject to withdrawal at an early date.

La grippe has put in an appearance in this city. The first victim was postmaster Dawley's commission. No other cases have been reported.

All who are interested in forming a township Alliance can have an opportunity to see Prof. Allison next Monday and arrange with him for meeting.

The Grand Forks Evening Star is the name of a new daily that twinked three twinks, got the grip and died, aged three days. Friends of the family invited.

Writing to renew his subscription Thos. Olafson assures THE JOURNAL of his good health and prosperity. We are assured from other sources that Tom is doing a big business and coining the wealth of the realm.

Rariton Chinchilla over coats $3.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

C. T. Lauman, of the McIntosh Times was down over Sunday. Mr. Lauman, takes a good deal of interest in the affairs of the farmers, and is doing a good work for them through his paper.

Judge Christianson is somewhat under the weather. It was feared that he had typhoid fever, but it pans out differently. The Judge says it is not "La grippe," but whatever it is not it has "grip" enough to suit him.

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.

[34-tf] W. G. COOKE.

Will Carlton came all the way down from Angus to attend the farmers meeting on Monday evening, and is very enthusiastic on the Alliance question. He wants an Alliance in his town.

Trying to get out a readable paper while a fellow has the rheumatism in the neck so that he can't hardly peep, may be considered a good "soft snap," but we don't think it is. If you don't believe it, try it.

Good Vermont gray overcoats $2, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

From many townships comes the cheering news: "We are going to organize." Says one old farmer to us this week: "Well, if it don't do us as much good as we hope for, it will do us no harm, and I think it will be a good thing."

The lecture by Prof. Allison next Monday will be held at two o'clock so that all who wish can go home early. Every farmer within a radius of 12 to 15 miles should hear this veteran lecturer. He is full of facts that it will do you good to hear.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN MCLEAN.

Don't neglect to secure a first-class weekly and daily paper while you can receive both at less than the price of the daily. TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE cents secures you the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News. This offer is only for a limited time. Subject to withdrawal on ten days notice. Call early and avoid the rush.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,

[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

Chris. Houston is having a severe siege with his amputated finger. That operation was delayed too long in hopes of saving the finger, with the result that his hand and arm swelled badly. At last accounts Dr. Watts thought he had the unruly member under control, and he has strong hopes that Chris. will pull through with no more serious loss. He may be laid up for some time, however.

Isadore Fortier arrived from Butte, Montana, on the late Saturday night's train and is stopping in the city for a few days. He is in the cattle business out there, and says he is doing very well. Thinks his family does not enjoy living there quite as well as here, though there are many nice families there. There are a dozen or fifteen Crookstonites there. Butte is principally a mining town and has lots of money in circulation.

$64.14 Crookston to New Orleans and return via the Northern Pacific. Proportionately low rates to the City of Mexico and all other southern cities. Call on E. L. Harrison, Agent, for full information.

Farmers, DO YOU REALLY feel that you are wronged out of your just share of the produce of your toil as wheat raisers? If you don't, you ought to by this time. Do you really desire relief from the system that is reducing you to the level with a common slave? Have you any doubts about the efficacy of the Farmers' Alliance to help you in your business? Do you desire light upon the aims and plans of the Alliance? Well, you have now an opportunity to hear what the Alliance has to say for itself and for you. Turn out and hear Prof. Allison next Monday afternoon. The hall should be crowded with farmers.

Children's suits $1.
Children's overcoats $1.
Children's winter caps 10c.
Boys' suits age 13 to 17, $2.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

The Markets.

Plenty of hay on the market selling at from $6.50 to $7. Wood sells at from $2.50 to $3.00 for soft and from $3.50 to $4.00 as you can catch it. The vast timber lands east of us begin to have the effect of affording cheap fuel in this market.

What They Swore Off On.

On New Year's Day there was a general swearing off all round. We have interviewed our leading citizens and some of them own right up—more of 'em don't, and we have to guess.

Dick Hussey.—Telling ghost stories.
John McLean.—Booming.
Tom Morris.—La grippe.
Mike Leguee.—Leaving his buckskins at home when he goes visiting; pretzels and cheese and one thing and another.
Dr. Denniston.—Single-blessedness.
Dr. Watts.—Everything the other fellow does.
Dr. Van Dyke.—Apprentices for clerks
Atty. Wm. Watts.—Dime Museums.
Atty. H. Steenerson.—U. S. District Attorney.
Sandy McKinnon.—Post offices.
Two of the Comrades.—The Post.
Maj. Stansbury————
All subject to change without notice.

Col. Cobham Post met in their new quarters on Friday evening and proceeded to install the following officers:

Commander—C. S. Spendley.
Sen. Vice Com.—Wm. Kistenmacher.
Jun. Vice Com.—Nels Olson.
Surgeon—Comrade Stowe.
Officer of the Day—Geo. Truax.
Quartermaster—O. H. Lucken.
Adjutant—V. B. Carruth.
Officer of the Guard—O. E. Sargent.
Sarg't Major—Carl Schmidt.
Q. M. Sargeant—Comrade Olson.

Tom Morris says he has La grippe sure!

Well, yes, rather. 1890 proves to be a husky youngster, so far as caloric goes.

Farmers, if you get hungry next Monday call at Rolstad's restaurant on Robert street for a good lunch.

Will and Henry Peterson left for a visit to friends in Indiana on Wednesday evening. Expect to be gone about a month.

Prof Allison will stop at the Germania house while in the city where he may be consulted by all wishing to arrange for meetings in their own neighborhood.

The farmers in Andover have made application for an Alliance charter and upon its arrival will organize. Andover promises to send a big delegation to the farmers meeting at court house hall on Monday next.

Turn out everybody to the farmers meeting on Monday next at the court house and listen to the veteran speaker Prof. John Allison who has the reputation of being one of the best alliance speakers in the state. Tell your neighbors about it and let us have a grand rally.

Eben Lancaster was surprised and pleased to greet the arrival of his old friend, Prof. C. W. Salie, who arrived this week with his famous talking machine. Eben has induced the Prof. to remain for a short time and exhibit his wonderful chatter box. They say it beats an old-fashioned "hen party" all holler.

Eben Lancaster has a real, genuine phonograph in his home. He says it is a daisy and as full of the future greatness of Crookston as the most sanguine boomer we have. He asked us down to inquire of the mashine "when will Dawley's commission arrive?" What do you think it said? "When the robbings nest agane," "When the Springtimecomesgentlanny" when the farmers ally—or thereabouts.

Will Peterson had a narrow escape last Sunday evening. He went down to Fisher to see—to make a farewell call on his best—friends there and intended to take the passenger home. The train was late and the first thing he knew it was reported at the depot. He made a break but was a few seconds too late, however he caught on to the third or fourth car but was thrown 19 or seven miles out into the country or such a matter. It was late when he showed up in this city next morning with his face and hands scratched up like he had been run through a sassige grinder. This is how he accounts for the scratches and he says next time he tries to stop a train under as good headway as that was he shall try for a backbolt or let her go—probably the latter.

Good Union cassamere overcoats at $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Why should not the farmers join the Alliance? There are many more reasons why they should than why they should not. Every other pursuit, every other interest has combined, trusts have been formed to plunder from the farmer on every hand until the time has come that he must combine or get lost in the deal. As one speaker on Monday night very aptly put it "a very serious question confronts the farmer and we must not be discouraged if we do not solve it in a month or a year and yet we must not give up trying." True words and they should be treasured deeply. In union there is strength is proved true by the success of those who are robbing the farmer for in numbers they are insignificant in comparison to the farmers. There is no good reason why a combination of farmers should be less successful than a combination of other business men, if they will put the same amount of energy into it their opponents do. The result of their efforts in Iowa should encourage all to put their shoulders to the wheel, determined to solve the problem satisfactorily or die trying.

Phonograph Exhibition.

Prof. C. W. Salie has rented the building on Robert street recently occupied by Ives & Hatlestad and will give exhibitions on Edison's wonderful phonograph, beginning this morning. All who have never seen this wonderful instrument will now have an opportunity to do so for only ten cents.

THE HERALD

HAS NOW THE ONLY COMPLETE

BOOK BINDERY

IN GRAND FORKS COUNTY,

SEND IN YOUR MAGAZINES,
NEWSPAPER FILES OR
ANY BLANK BOOK WORK
—OR ORDERS FOR—

OFFICE SUPPLIES,

Notary and Corporation Seals, Rubber Stamps, Stationery
Letter Presses, Inks, Etc.

A FULL LINE OF LEGAL BLANKS.

Address THE HERALD,
GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA.

The Farmers' Meeting.

Monday night was one of the coldest if not the very coldest night of the season, the mercury going down into the bulb and roosting serenely there—notwithstanding this fact the city hall at 8 o'clock was crowded to its utmost capacity with an earnest body of men—farmers, met to consider a question of deep importance to them—organization. The secretary called the meeting to order and stated that he had just received a letter from the chairman, Andrew Steenerson, stating that owing to sickness in his family he would be obliged to be absent. On motion M. E. Kirsch was elected to fill the vacancy. The report of the committee appointed to draft a constitution was read as follows: "Your committee appointed to draft a constitution for the Polk County Farmers Relief Association beg leave to submit the following report: Committee met pursuant to adjournment at the office of Ives & Hattlestad in the McKinnon Black, on the evening of December 16th, all of the members being present. Organized by electing M. E. Kirsch chairman and H. E. Cooke, secretary. Drafts of constitution submitted by M. E. Kirsch and Chris. Steenerson were fully and freely discussed, but as no agreement could be arrived at the chairman suggested that the matter be reported back to the meeting with the suggestion that a county alliance be organized. The following resolution was then offered and unanimously adopted, viz:

WHEREAS—Having carefully considered the two proposed constitutions submitted to this committee and after ample discussion having failed to agree upon either of them now therefore be it

RESOLVED—That this committee report the same back to the meeting and recommend the adoption by the meeting of a County Farmers' Alliance charter and that the ideas embodied in the constitutions aforesaid be engrafted into the by-laws of said Alliance when so formed.

The secretary of the committee was instructed to procure such papers and instructions as may be necessary for organization. Adjourned."

Upon the report of the committee the secretary reported as the result of his mission with the State Alliance that the suggestion embodied in the recommend of the committee on constitution was impracticable as the County Alliance could only be organized through township alliances and suggested that the report should be amended in conformity therewith. It was therefore amended to recommend to that we form township alliances and the committee was discharged. Stirring addresses were made by Eli Steenerson, Wm. Cunningham, August Peterson, Jens Walbeck, Wm. Carlton, E. D. Childs, M. E. Kirsch and others and as the hour was growing late the organization of an alliance of Crookston township was post-poned until next Monday, when Prof. John Allison will be in attendance. Moved that we adjourn to meet at the court house, on Monday Jan. 13th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Edward H. Olson and George Vine, under the firm name of Vine & Olson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Edward H. Olson is to collect all monies owing to the firm and George Vine is to pay all bills of the firm, and is the successor of Vine & Olson.

Crookston, Jan. 7, 1890.

[38-40] EDWARD H. OLSON.
GEORGE VINE.

How To Organize A Township Alliance.

By special request we present the following instructions for the organization of Township Alliances, which we find in The Great West:

Call a meeting of farmers. At that meeting, if you agree to form a township Alliance, elect a temporary president and secretary. Then make out an application for a charter in the following order:

To the Recording Secretary of the State Farmers' Alliance:

We, the undersigned, actual farmers, residing in the township of——in the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, hereby apply for a charter for an Alliance to be known as the——Farmers' Alliance in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, subject to the constitution of the State Alliance.

At least seven farmers must sign the application and two dollars, charter fee, to the Recording Secretary of the State Alliance, who will send the charter to the person named as secretary in the application.

Appoint a committee on constitution and by-laws, with instructions to report at the next meeting of your organization.

At the first meeting agree upon a time and place to meet again for the purpose of adopting a constitution and by-laws, and electing the permanent officers of your Alliance. Meet only when you have business to transact, and make your meetings as interesting as possible.

Report the names and P. O. addresses of your officers, and the number of members in your Alliance, to the Recording Secretary of the State Alliance.

SUBORDINATE ALLIANCE CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1. This Alliance shall be constituted of at least seven members, who shall be practical and operative farmers, and shall be called——Alliance No.——, of the State of Minnesota.

ART. 2. This Alliance shall hold meetings at least once a month, and not oftener than once a week. Five members shall form a quorum.

ART. 3. Application for membership shall be made through a member of the Alliance, who shall personally vouch for the applicant as being a farmer and of good moral character. The application shall be referred to a committee of three members, which shall report at next meeting, unless further time is given. If the committee report favorably or unfavorably, a ballot shall be had, which shall be by depositing a written or printed ticket, bearing the word "yes" or bearing the word "No"—the former admitting to membership and the latter rejecting. If two-thirds of the members voting shall vote in favor of the reception of the candidate he shall be declared elected, otherwise he shall be declared rejected. If elected, he shall, to become a member, sign this constitution.

ART. 4. The officers of this Alliance shall be a President, a Vice-President, a Secretary and a Treasurer, who shall perform the duties of such officers as prescribed in Cushing's Manual. After the first election the officers shall be elected at the first regular meeting in July and January—the regular term of the office being six months.

ART. 5. There shall be a Finance Committee composed of three, named by the President, subject to the approval of the Alliance, who shall audit all bills before they are paid, and shall examine the books and accounts of the Treasurer and report as to their condition on the day or night of every election. When the Finance Committee have endorsed a bill favorable the Treasurer shall pay it, unless objection is made after the Secretary has publicly announced that such a bill has been presented and approved. Then the vote of the Alliance shall be taken upon it.

ART. 6. By-laws made not conflicting with this constitution.

Pass It Along.

I asked her what paper she preferred,
And warmly kissed her cheek,
Then pressed her for her hearts reply;
"Say, darling, can't you speak?"

She moved a little nearer then,
And answered: "Lovely Sir,
The one of all that suits me most
Is the Wayland Register!"
[Wayland Register.

Just kiss her on the other cheek,
See what she thinks of that,
Then press her for her answer,
And she'll say the Democrat.
[Livingston Democrat.

Hello! good sirs! It all depends
On how a girl is taught:
If she's bright, sweet, up and down,
'Tis our Society Journal.
[Society Journal.

But when this maiden fair has had
Experience more wide,
She'll say the very best of all
Is the A. O. U. W. Guide.
[A. O. U. W. Guide.

If she's a Minnesota girl,
The paper she will choose,
(With judgment not to be despised—)
Is the St. Paul Daily News.
[St. Paul Daily News.

Tosh! Why profess to choose for her,
Why coax and act the spoon?"
She'll have no other, we'll aver,
Than St. Peter's old Tribune.

Or if she be of Swedish birth,
And lives upon a farm,
The Skordemannen brings the mirth
And saddest face doth charm.
[St. Peter Tribune.

Those papers suit the giddy belle,
With them her hair is curled.
But the maid of sense will promptly yell,
"Give me the Wabasha Herald."
[Wabasha Herald.

Tut, tut! What's all this fuss about?
What means this row infernal?
The paper she can't do without
Is the people's—POLK COUNTY JOURNAL.

Abstract of the tax levy for Polk County, as extended on the tax books for the year 1889, in the following total amounts:

Total for State purposes	$ 12100 80
Total for school purposes	72300 60
Total for County purposes	46188 64
Total for Town purposes	66155 95
Total levy	$196745 99
The valuation of the taxable land is	$3977081 00
The valuation of city and town lots	[illegible]
The valuation of personal property	1195159 00
Total valuation in the county	$5568925 00

Average value per acre, $4.46.
Average rate of taxation, 20 9.10 mills.
Number of acres of land taxed, 891,781.
The increase in the valuation of last year is $149176.

The levy for county purposes this year is 7 3 10 mills, being the lowest of any year since its organization, the report of the grand jury to the contrary, notwithstanding.

The levy for county purposes for the last year, 1888, was $47,357.66. This year it is, as shown above, $869.02 less. This favorable showing in face of the fact that the county this year has to pay interest on an additional loan of $20,000 incurred a year ago.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [33-tf]

Stock Farm for Sale

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending January 4th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Allbrison, Tom	Peterson, Peter M
Karslon, C E	Stewart, W V
Hoevlug, Bearny	Svereson, Maria
Mickley, Barney	Vordale, C

ALEX. MCKINNON, P. M.

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine

IMPORTED MILLINER GOODS

From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.

[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.

MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay. Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article.
If you would study your interests when you
PURCHASE YOUR WINTER OUTFITS
Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at
$60,000
Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING MUST GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn

Northfield News: Hon. Halvor Steenerson, of Crookston, the defeated candidate for District Attorney takes his defeat philosophically and gives utterance to some manly words. Mr. Steenerson is a good man in every respect and usually says good things when he opens his mouth.

The Great West says: The Alliance is in earnest, and intends that there shall not be an intelligent farmer in the State who, inside of a year, shall not be inside of an Alliance. The blockheads we will leave for the corporations. When God makes a man for a serf it is very difficult to do anything with him but let him remain a serf.

Northfield News: All this abuse of Senator C. B. Buckman is entirely uncalled for. The editor of this paper has been associated with him in political work and a most honorable gentlemen have we always found him. Reflections upon Senator Buckman's honor and integrity are sadly out of place and should make him friends. The News simply does not believe the slanders.

The St. Paul Globe of the 6th says that Washburn has dropped Johnson for Collector and will urge the appointment of O. H. Lucken. It pays a very handsome and deserved tribute to Mr. Lucken's worth as a public official and a man, and then, after a lengthy article going to show that Washburn has dropped Johnson and will recommend Lucken, says it is not sure whether it is bonafide or only a blind. Mr. Johnson is reported to have said that he don't care a continental whether Washburn endorses him or not, or words to that effect.

We were asked the question last week: "Do you advise the abolition of the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners?" Certainly not. The sufferings of the people under the wrongs inflicted by the old Minneapolis Millers Association, when they held everything in their vice-like grip are too fresh in our memory to wish to get back to a system that gave the buyers absolute control of the markets, to wish to return to that, and while the present system is not satisfactory by any means, we are not satisfied that it would not be very much better if properly conducted than it is, and we do think, that with a few changes it would work satisfactorily. The system was devised by capable men, earnestly seeking relief from the burdens imposed by the greed of capitalists, and if properly conducted would, we think, be far more beneficial than it has so far proved. In the very outset we should suggest its removal from the arena of politics as far as possible to do it. The appointments to be made by the Supreme Judges, who should be guided in their choice by no other influence except the fitness of the candidate for the position. No old line elevator man, miller or railroad man should be deemed eligible for the trust. The force should be composed of men chosen by the farmers themselves, through the Alliance. The system of inspection should extend to the country elevators in some way, so that the grain which has to run the gauntlet would start right. The present system may be as near right as can be for the producer who ships his own wheat, but it does not reach the man who drives up to the country buyer with his little load and sees his wheat gobbled up at one or two grades below its actual value, and is docked all the way from four to ten or fifteen pounds, or, in fact, all he will stand. The system, if perfect, should give as ample protection and relief to the poor settler who raises but a hundred bushels or so as to the man who cultivates sections and knows how to ship for himself and look out for his own interests. It should provide a

FREE AND OPEN MARKET

to be worth its cost to the state, and that is just what it does not do. Our plan would be first to elect a farmer legislature, take the Board out of politics entirely, give them all the power the Legislature can confer and then, if they don't attend to their business properly fire them at once and try another crowd. Hunt around and see if we haven't got some Iowa material lying 'round handy, that is a mighty good kind of a Board to have, anyhow get something with life enough to remind people that they are not all dead already. It would be a good idea to get some one who had been bit by the serpent, and who had not forgotten what hurt him, one who could see more money in obtaining the rights of the producer than he could in any other channel. No, while the system is by no means perfect, its projectors knew what they wanted and made a good start, and it has been tried so long now that all it lacks should be perfectly clear, and the application of the remedy far more simple than was the task in the beginning. We trust that good may come from the agitation of the subject, and we believe it will. We do not say that our method of appointment is the best that could be devised, but it may call out the very best that could be devised.

THE COLLECTORSHIP.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, to Pioneer Press, Jan. 5.—Ole H. Lucken of Crookston, is the latest compromise candidate for collector of internal revenue for Minnesota. Mr. Lucken is a Scandinavian, an old soldier, a G. A. R. man and has been county treasurer of Polk County for years. After Eugene Hay was appointed district attorney and Halvor Steenerson was turned down, and it seemed apparent that Danahower would be appointed, several prominent Scandinavians of Minneapolis and the Fifth district began looking for a compromise candidate of their own nationality, and picked up Lucken as the most available. Lucken is to be offered to Senator Davis, it is said, as a compromise, giving Danahower the marshalship, if this would be satisfactory. Lucken is not put forward as a Washburn candidate, although it is said that the junior senator would be content if he were satisfactory to Mr. Davis. The fact that Lucken was a candidate, and some of Senator Washburn's friends were pushing him, has created the impression that the senator has deserted Marcus Johnson. Senator Washburn refused to be interviewed upon the collectorship to-day and a denial or affirmation of the story that he would be friendly to Lucken in case of Senator Davis' endorsement could not be obtained. It is said by those who have been urging Lucken's appointment that in his success

THE SNARL IN MINNESOTA

federal patronage would be straightened out. It would give the Scandinavians the office they want and at the same time give the Fifth district one of the federal offices. Danahower's appointment as marshal would provide for the Second district. The First has Col. Edwards for collector of customs, and the Fourth has Eugene Hay as district attorney. The Third is the only one not provided for, but could be taken care of when the surveyor general is named. Of course, Senator Buckman was supposed to have the inside track for that place, but he is now a St. Paul man and hails from the cities, which several country editors claim are too well supplied with offices. There is no doubt but what the president intends to appoint a Scandinavian to one of the good offices in Minnesota, and he does not want to appear in a way of turning on on senator and upholding the other. It has been represented to him right along that the collector of internal revenue should be a Scandinavian; that it was an office of their choice, and the best interests of the party would be served by naming a representative man of that nationality for the place. From the representations made by many of the prominent Scandinavians of Minneapolis and northern Minnesota it is likely that the president believes that Lucken would be a good appointment. If Senator Davis consents, Lucken for collector and Danahower for marshal are appointments that are quite likely to be.

Herald Printing and Binding.

The Herald has unrivalled facilities for executing all kinds of legal and commercial printing, blank book manufacturer and book binding. The bindery and job office have been fitted up with new machinery throughout, making the Herald plant the most complete in North Dakota. New lines of type and latest improved presses have been added to the job department, which is now under the management of a thoroughly experienced foreman, who has no superior as a mechanical or artistic printer The foreman of the bindery is acknowledged to be the best book binder in the northwest, and with the superior facilities at its command, is prepared to do the finest and most satisfactory work in every branch of the art. The Herald also keeps in stock a full line of office supplies and stationery, affording purchasers the benefit of selection from a complete assortment. Also all the new forms of state legal blanks. All kinds of blank books manufactured, county and bank work a specialty. All orders promptly and accurately filled at reasonable prices. The Grand Forks Herald will occupy its new building, corner Third street and Kittson avenue, July 1st, 1890. See advertisement elsewhere in this issue.

Regarding Rates.

Attorney General Clapp Goes East to Argue Important Cases.

St. Paul Daily News.

Attorney General Clapp left for Washington, D. C., last evening, where he is to appear before the United States Supreme Court on behalf of the State, in two cases involving the powers of the State Railroad and Warehouse Commission, in the matter of establishing charges by railroad companies. The matter was carried up to the United States Supreme Court by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Minnesota Eastern Railroad Companies, upon appeals from decisions of the State Supreme Court at its October term, 1888. The appeal by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Company, is from the rates fixed by the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners for the transportation of milk, and by the Minnesota Eastern Company from the rates established for switching charges at Minneapolis.

Retail Agency.

Merchants Retail Commercial Agency.

The Merchnt's Retail Commercial Agency of Chicago, have one representative here for the purpose of establishing a branch agency in the city. The object of this agency is in brief, the organization of business men into an association for the purpose of protection against delinquent debtors, and at the same time offers a system of collection of bad accounts. By its system every member is enlightened by the experience of other, though the medium of quarterly and by monthly abstracts, as they are established in twenty states, the information they can furnish is drawn from a wide field. The protective system is enforced by the adoption of a penalty contract. They have been in existence between four and five years, and from evidence before us, the branches which have been in existence the longest are enjoying the greatest prosperity. They have upon the membership roll a list of over 75,000 business men and can refer to the secretaries of over 2,000 branches. That it is operating upon a legal basis is shown by the fact that it is incorporated under the laws of the states of Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska.

We believe that the organization of the buisness men of this city with an association of this kind cannot be productive of any other than good results.

The following extracts from the Chicago Inter Ocean shows the status in which it has been placed by the courts.

The noted case of William Nicholson, of Streator, Ill., against Mr. Julius Moses, of this city, was tried before Judge Blanchard of the circuit court at Ottawa on Monday last.

Mr. Moses was a member of The Merchants Retail Commercial Agency which has its offices at No. 53 Dearborn street, this city. Nicholson owed Mr. Moses a bill and refused to pay it after repeated dunnings and then Mr. Moses caused Mr. Nicholson's name to be placed in the Reference Book published by the agency. Nicholson sued Moses for conspiracy and defamation of character Judge Blanchard held in his decision that the agency was on an equal footing with Bradstreet's and Dun's and differed only in that the latter protected the wholesale while the former protected the retail merchants against dishonest customers; and when a debtor would not pay his debts to one merchant there was no reason why he should be permitted to obtain credit from another, by compelling the first merchant to keep silent as to his loss.

The decision is the first on record with regard to black-listing and is considered of great importance among retail merchants who do a credit business.

You can secure a choice cow or heifer if you call on me before they are all sold.

W. G. COOKE, JOURNAL Office.

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

A Big Sacrifice.

In order to wind up our business verything must be closed out at once.

J. H. & A. LOCKEN.

FOR RENT.

My farm in Lowell to a responsible party who will furnish stock, machinery and seed to run the place. Apply to John Knuppe, Room 8, German American Bank Building, St. Paul, Minn. [36-39]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. In Probate Court. Special term Jan. 4th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Tallef Thoresen deceased.

Letters of administration with will annexed on the estate of deceased being this day granted unto Andrew Thompson of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all person against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance at the Probate office, in Crookston in said county, on Monday the 2d day of June 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 4th day of January A. D. 1890.

By the Court,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[38-40]

HERE WE ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.
Crookston, Minn.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock

—OF—

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

THE NEW
FAMILY TRAIN
TO NEW YORK AND THE EAST.

THE
MICHIGAN
CENTRAL
"THE NIAGARA FALLS ROUTE,"

Has inaugurated a new FAST TRAIN to the east No. 20 especially adapted to the coevenience of families and of ladies and children, by reason of its through cars from Chicago to New York, and Detroit ty syracuse, its convenient hours of departure from Chicago, Detroit and Toledo, and of its arrival at new York State points and destination, giving ample time to reach any part of New York, Brooklyn Jersey City or their suburbs before dark, and making steamer and rail connections.

Lv. Chicago 10:25 a. m | Ar. Syracuse 8:10 a. m
Lv. Jackson 4.35 p. m. | Ar. Albany 12:30 p. m
Lv. Toledo 4:35 p. m. | Ar. N. Y. 4:30 p. m
Lv. Detroit 7:15 p. m. |
(Except Sunday.)

A. W. RUGGLES,
Gen'l Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago.
W. L. WYAND,
Northwestern Pass. Agt.,
291 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Wilkinson, Schmidt & O'Brien
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 8, 1890.

Letter from Southwestern Missouri.

FOR THE PRAIRIE FARMER, BY J. M. RICE.

The completion of a year's residence in what some designate as the Garden of the Southwest, gives an opportunity of comparing it with other sections. A life-long residence in Iowa—with the exception of two seasons in Kansas—gives of course only a limited practical knowledge of the different sections, but enough perhaps to justify the assertion that there is not so much difference as usually supposed, and the world is pretty evenly divided, and that if a man is doing reasonably well in any section, that that is about the best place to stay.

Prosperity and adversity will be found everywhere; the advantages in one particular will be offset by disadvantages in other things. Still it will prove to be true that it will be found necessary to use judgment in selecting a location, and that great differences will be found even in the same sections.

But with the exception of localities where homesteads might yet be secured, the price to be paid generally very fairly indicates the advantages; and if the necessary means to buy is had it makes but little difference as to location for profit. Usually other considerations as to climate, schools, villages, cities, etc., will have much more real weight.

Good land, improvements, good markets etc., command a price everywhere commensurate with their importance. The cheap lands will generally be found—while they may be equal to the best in some cases—to have the disadvantage of inaccessibility to market, cost to improve, or some such thing to equalize. The cheap land in quality may be dear at any price. and in many cases the question to be decided, even in cheap good land, is only one of acres as between it and the higher-priced land, as the profits in cultivation may be the same from the added price received for products.

Difference of climate is generally considered a serious one, the residents of one questioning how the people of the other can endure the heat or cold, the wet or dry, the winds or calms, as the case may be. There are doubtless those who constitutionally can endure one better than the other, but usually it is simply a matter of choice—a "getting used to it," or preparation for it. Besides, the natural laws governing all sections provide for all these things. Where more is required more is supplied, and contrary-wise.

The denizen of the South thinks he could not endure the rigor of the Northern winter. Perhaps he could not, or at least it would go rough with him; but the Northerner buttons his overcoat and lets the snow fly. His stock has abundance of feed from his rich fields, they are well housed, and he cares but little for the storm. Like his Southern neighbor, he is not posted; he thinks the heat of summer and the rains of winter unendurable. But the general feelings in different sections is, "if I could only get some place besides here." The Northman thinks, as one expressed it, "I want to go where they don't have to feed thirteen months in the year," or, "where all I raise in summer is not eaten up in winter." And the Southman thinks if he could but get where the rich, black soil reaches below the farthest penetrating roots, how much better he could do than on the sandy or gravelly land of his present place. The East thinks of the, to them marvellous richness of Western prairies, and the West envies the East of its high prices for products received. And so each locality is comparing with others, forgetting that the drawbacks are perhaps as great as those which they have to contend with. From personal knowledge we give these: We should prefer to cultivate three acres of corn in the loose soils of portions of Kansas than one here, though the one acre might produce an equal amount in a long series of years. We should already undertake the keeping of the same amount of stock on the same acreage of land in Iowa as here, though they might possibly rough it through here better, but not to profit, the difference in favor of the short winter here being balanced by the better pasturage there opening earlier and closing later in the season. While this is in many ways, as compared with the North, a more delightful climate, yet though work can be carried on all winter, evidences of prosperity and adversity are about the same as elsewhere. So the lesson is—contentment.

Christian County, Mo.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Dissolution Notice.

RED LAKE FALLS, Dec. 28, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Fred Patnaude and Olivers Paul is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

FRED PATNAUDE.
OLIVERS PAUL.
[57-59]

Bargains, Bargains, Bargains.

If you appreciate a bargain call and see J. H. & A. Locken while their stock lasts. We are positively selling everything without regard to cost to close out our stock as we are going out of business. Now is your time to secure the best bargains ever offered in this city. Don't take our word for it but come and see for yourselves.

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property. [18-tf]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 9th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred seventy and 60-100 dollars ($570.60) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christ L. Putten and Inge M. Putten his wife as mortgagors to The New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July A. D. 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of July A. D. 1884, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 252 to 255 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided; the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of section ten (10,) Township one hundred and forty-eight (148.) Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said county and state, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 31st A. D. 1889.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee,
[28-41] Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. In Probate Court. Special term, Dec. 19th 1889.

In the matter of the estate of Edward M. Helleckson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Helleck Helleckson administrator of the estate of Edward M. Helleckson, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this court, on Tuesday the 28th day of January A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order, once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper, printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 19th day of December A. D. 1889.

By the court,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[36-39]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication December 12th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS X. CAILLE, AN unmarried man, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Limited,) as mortgagee, his mortgage bearing date of December 4th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of section twenty-two, (22) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-three (43) and containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 269; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the said interest is still unpaid and due. And

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party. And

Whereas, the American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider, and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable. And

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred twenty-one and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of February, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov 26th, 1889

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[34-40] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 12th, 1889.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seven hundred ninety-eight and 25-100 dollars, ($798 25-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alexander Beaudette and Georgeana Beaudette, his wife, to Chester H. Pond, of the city of Brooklyn, State of New York, bearing date the 9th day of August, A. D. 1881, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of August, A. D. 1881, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 250 to 252, inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot fifteen (15) in block five (5) in L. Fletcher's addition to the townsite of Crookston, except twenty-five (25) feet off the north side thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of February, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 7th, A. D. 1889.

CHESTER H. POND,
Mortgagee
JOHN OWENS, Att'y for Mortgagee,
[35-39] Crookston, Minn.

100 100

CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS

IN JEROME'S ADDITION!

Nearer the Business Center than any other Lots now for sale over there.

Above High Water Mark. Good Cellars and Good Wells Easily Obtained. If you want a Building Lot, or if you desire a chance for investment where you can double your money inside of a year. It will pay you to look into this chance to

BUY AT YOUR OWN FIGURES, PRACTICALLY!

M. R. BROWN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff. Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MNN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

SCANDIA - AMERICAN BANK.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Organized under the State Laws.

Authorized Capital	$200,000
Paid in Capital	50,000
Surplus	2,500

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

OFFICERS:

Carl Hendricksen, President.
C. O. Christianson, Vice President.
O. H. Locken, 2d Vice President.
A. G. Gallasch, Cashier.
Lewis Ellington, Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS:

C. O. Christianson,	Crookston.
O. H. Locken,	"
Lewis Ellington,	"
A. G. Gallasch,	"
T. J. Thorsen,	"
Max Ericsson,	"
A. D. Stephens,	"
E. P. Pierce,	"
J. H. Locken,	"
Carl Hendricksen,	Grafton.
A. E. Johnson,	St. Paul.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

We Have Just Received

ONE CARLOAD OF

FARM IMPLEMENTS,

—CONSISTING OF—

J. I. C. Wagons and Little Giant Gang Plows.

These we will sell at a Close Margin, and we hope to see our friends call at once and get bargains. The balance of our

BUGGIES we will dispose of AT COST. We still continue to sell the only perfect Seed Separator, the Renowned Centennial FANNING MILL. Farmers who intend to get best grade for their wheat must necessarily procure one. The Shaker POTATO DIGGER does its work thoroughly and leaves the potatoes clean upon the ground. We want every Farmer to have one.

McKINNON BROS.,

McKINNON BLOCK, - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 5th 1889.]

WHEREAS LOUIS OLSON AND ANNA P. Olson, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota as mortgagors, did on the 15th day of November A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date of November 10th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of section fourteen (14,) township one hundred and fifty-one (151,) range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres) to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the condition of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of November A. D. 1886, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "27" of mortgages, on page 255, and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 05-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and which said interest is still unpaid and due, and

Whereas it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party, and

Whereas The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited.) has exercised its right of option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice on said mortgage the sum of five hundred eighty and 9-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of January A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated November 25th, 1889.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee.
[33-39] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 5th, 1889.]

WHEREAS NILS SKOGLUND AND Carolina Skoglund, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota as mortgagors, did on the 24th day of September A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to A. Huntington, of the County of New York, and State of New York, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date of September 24th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota to-wit: The northwest quarter of section eleven (11,) township one hundred and fifty-three (153) range forty-four (44,) containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 25th day of September A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in book "37" of mortgages on page 49, and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 25-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and which said interest is still unpaid and due, and

Whereas it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then, and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party, and

Whereas A. Huntington, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred thirty-two and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said county and state, on the 18th day of January A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated November 25th A. D. 1889.

A. HUNTINGTON,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee.
[33-39] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Nov. 28th, 1889.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

Joseph Kelso, Plaintiff, vs. William M. Ross, Ella Ross, his wife, John Moore, J. P. Marcum, Lizzie E. Montgomery, widow sole devisee and executrix of the last will and testament of Hugh B. Montgomery, deceased. The National German American Bank, of St. Paul, Minnesota, and all other persons unknown, having or claiming an interest in lots two (2,) block two (2) of the original townsite of Crookston, Polk County, State of Minnesota, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendants.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action of which a copy is herewith annexed and herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated November 9th 1889.

JOHN CROMB,
Pl'ffs Att'y, Crookston, Minn.

To whom it may concern. Take notice, that the foregoing action is for the partition of lot two (2) in block (2.) in the original townsite of Crookston, except eight inches off the south side of said lot, and that the original complaint was duly filed in the office of the clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on November 26th A. D. 1889.

JOHN CROMB,
[32-38] Pl'ffs Att'y, Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

Samuel C. Hayes, Plaintiff. vs. Annie M. Hayes, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated December 24th 1889.

WM. WATTS, Plaintiff's Att'y,
[36-42] Crookston, Minn.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

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At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,

SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.

Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.

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Office on Second Street, Crookston.

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COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

WILL BE OPEN

EVERY SATURDAY.

OFFICE AT THE COURT HOUSE.

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Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

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SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

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D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the Univer sity of Maryland.

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DENTIST.

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THE NEW CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Nov. 28th, 1889.]

WHEREAS JEAN B. DAUDLNEAU AND Mary Daudeneau, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 11th day of January A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, (Limited,) as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of December 29th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of section nineteen (19), township one hundred and fifty (150) range forty-three (43) containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 11th day of January A. D. 1887, at 5:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book "27" of mortgages on page 35, and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-eight dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and the said interest is still unpaid and due, and

Whereas it was stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth, it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party, and

Whereas The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, (Limited,) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of nine hundred [illegible] and 55-100 dollars and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the sheriff of Polk county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of January A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated November 25th A. D. 1889.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee,
[33-39] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Nov. 28th, 1889.]

WHEREAS TELESPHORE JOLY AND Henriette Joly, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 13th day of December A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America (Limited,) as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of December 5th A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of section eight (8,) township one hundred and forty-nine (149,) range forty-three (43) containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 13th day of December A. D. 1887, at 2 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book "27" of mortgages, on page [illegible] and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-three and 42-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage January 1st A. D. 1888, and the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon January 1st A. D. 1889, and the said interest is still unpaid and due, and

Whereas it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth, it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable, without notice to said mortgagors or any other party and

Whereas The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America (Limited,) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable and

Whereas there is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred three and [illegible] dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk county, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of January A. D. 1890 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated November 25th A. D. 1889.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee.
[33-39] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglin's residence.

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—DEALER IN—

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ALSO

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AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

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AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

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CARMAN, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum.

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Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

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FOR ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING TO THE THREE GREAT CITIES OF MONTANA,

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Their "Montana Express" will be put in service November 10th, with a Train Equipment unexcelled, furnishing Splendid Day Coaches Palace Sleepers, Free Colonist Sleepers and superb Dining Cars of latest design.

"Manitoba-Pacific Route"

To Puget Sound Points.

Affords Cheaper Rates than via any other. Fast Time, Comfort, Courteous Attention.

LAND This Company has for sale in Minnesota 2,000,000 acres of Excellent Farming, Grazing and Timber Lands, at very low prices and on favorable terms.

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A. MANVEL, V. P. & G. M. W. S. ALEXANDER, G. T. M

New Time Card.

SOUTH.

Arrive. PASSENGER. Depart.
5:40 a. m. daily. | 11:40 p. m. daily.

FREIGHTS.
8:45 p. m. daily. | 7:00 a. m. daily Except Sunday.

WEST.

PASSENGER.
11:30 p. m. daily. | 5:50 a. m. daily.

FREIGHTS.
4:55 p. m. daily. | 8:30 a. m. daily Except Sunday.

NORTH—MIXED.
10:30 p. m. daily. | 6:30 a. m. daily.

ST. HILAIRE.
4:00 p. m. | 10:45 a. m.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Friday.

FOSSTON LINE.

Trains leave Crookston Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Fosston at 11:30 a. m. Returning same day, leave Fosston at 2:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 4:30 p. m.

The Only Vestibuled Trains

NORTH OF ST. PAUL.

The Northern Pacific

RAILROAD.

The Dining Car Route Between

WINNIPEG, PEMBINA, GRAFTON, GRAND FORKS, CROOKSTON, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH.

And All Points East. The Direct Line to

MONTANA, IDAHO, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, OREGON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, PUGET SOUND AND ALASKA

Vestibuled Express Trains Daily,

To which are attached Pullman Palace Sleepers and Elegant Dining Cars. On overland trains Emigrant Sleepers Free.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:30 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:06 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:20 "	Staples	1:30 "
6:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:30 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m. arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

Coupon Tickets on sale at Crookston to all points in the United States and Canada. For full information as to time and rates, address

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn. E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn.

MORE GANG-WORK.

The Tactics of the Combine.

The Great West.

The following article is taken from the Dawson Sentinel. The editor, Mr. C. J. Coghlan, is one of the truest spirits, and most independent thinkers on the Minnesota provincial press. We shall hear from him again. The condition related is but one of a dozen which has marked the slaughter of granger rights during the past five years. Read it, farmers, and let us know what you think:

"If the farmers of Minnesota are deluding themselves with the idea that there is a free and open market for their grain it is high time that the illusion be dispelled. The fact is that to-day in spite of the folios of "grain laws," "warehouse laws," "elevator laws," et cetera, that encumber our statute books, the primary grain markets of this state are entirely under the control of the railroad managers. Our high-priced and choicely preserved ornament—the honorable Board of Railway and Warehouse Commissioners—can politely request Mr. Truesdale or Mr. J. J. Hill to allow a free and open market on their roads, and these gentlemen can as politely tell the commissioners to go to the devil. And they might as well go to the devil for all the good they can do in this matter. Any railroad in this state can grant any one man or any certain number of men a monopoly of the grain handling business on their line, and every bushel of grain that is shipped must pay any tribute they may see fit to exact, be it one cent or ten. It is true that a farmer can ship his grain for himself if he can haul enough in one day to load a car, but not one farmer in a hundred can do this; so it cuts no figure in the case. The generally prevalent idea that any man can erect a grain house and buy and ship on his own account regardless of the Minneapolis wheat rings, is entirely erroneous. No man or body of men can engage in that business unless it be satisfactory to the railroad managers. And in order to be satisfactory it is necessary that buyers must be connected with the Minneapolis rings.

All this information has been acquired by Mr. Wm. P. Murray, of this county, at an expense of a number of dollars and a good many days' time. Mr. Murray had made all the arrangements to erect and operate a line of independent grain houses on this road and was supported in the matter by many business men and farmers who were aware that the elevator companies now operating houses on this line had formed a pool and were in reality but one concern. The feeling at the east end of the line where there are no farmer houses was much stronger than in this county where at present our markets are upheld by three independent houses.

When Mr. Murray, after spending a good deal of time and considerable money, had perfected his arrangements for handling the grain, he applied to the railroad company for permission to build the houses. He was met with a flat refusal and informed that no more independent houses could be erected on this road. An appeal to the railroad commissioners was barren of results, as they acknowledged themselves to be powerless to act in the matter.

There is no law to prevent the railroad company granting a monopoly to any one concern of the entire grain business on its line. Thus all the boasted "farmers legislation" amounts to nothing—absolutely nothing. For if one concern is privileged to handle all the grain shipped over any line, there is nothing to prevent them stealing as much of it as they please. Of what use are low freight rates and established grades and state inspection and all the other safeguards we are supposed to possess, if the railroad company can compel us to pay any price which one of their monopolies sees fit to impose for handling the grain? Fortunately for Lac qui Parle County we have three independent houses and these, with the one at Clarkfield, are all their are on this line of road. The four Minneapolis companies operating houses are virtually but one concern, and, as the railroad company has started out to foster the monopoly, it is probably only a question of time when our independent houses must succumb to the pressure.

It does seem that the farmers are powerless to cope with the railroads and wheat rings. For a time it looked as if we had an open market, but as soon as our last legislature had shown that it was friendly to the railroads, the latter showed their true spirit and the "open market" was no more.

Mr. Murray assures us that he is not yet through with the fight. He proposes to build a house either at Dawson or Madison upon his own land and then demand a side track from the railroad. If this is refused he will carry the case into the courts, providing he can obtain the support of the railroad commissioners. This is a case in which every farmer of the state is vitally interested, and if the commissioners are wise they will stand by Mr. Murray to the bitter end. If we are entirely at the mercy of the Minneapolis rings we want to know it now, and the farmers of the state will elect to the next legislature men who will stand by their interests though they have to wade through rivers of gold. For in spite of our deplorable experience of last winter, we know that there are men in the state who cannot be bought. If we have been sold out in the matter of an open market it will pay us to spend a good deal of our time in finding men whom we are sure we can trust. And it will be done."

The article taken from the Dawson Sentinel, as above, is crowded full of pungent facts. If any farmer receiving this paper fails to read it, then he fails in the fulfillment of his duty. And, if after reading it, he does not feel inspired to act from this time henceforward with the Alliance—in every possible way—he fails again in coming up to the full standard of his manhood.

But we have faith in the farmer. We believe that they will rouse—will awaken to the slogan that has gone forth! If these things can continue unheeded, then indeed the case of the toiler is a hopeless one.

But the case of Mr. Murray is only one of many. Side tracks have been ripped up. Men have been crowded out of their own elevators. Warehouses have been moved. Men have been ruined within the last three years. Your grain laws, your railway commission, your granger laws are farces which no rich white man is bound to respect. This is a stunner—but look over the record. See what has been done to destroy you, and see how every man who indignantly raises a hand against outrage becomes the butt of abuse and ridicule! How long will you continue to sell your country for party when the reeking base of politics is soaked with corruption; and the framework is reared up with money stolen from you.

How Our Farmers Are Robbed.

Waseca Herald.

"The London Financial Times, of October 24th, announces that the shares and debentures of the Chicago & Northwest Granaries company are now 'over applied for,' and the list is closed. The capitalization is equal to about $1,200,000, in shares of $50 each, and the profits are expected to be not less than 50 per cent. per annum. The property comprises the Star elevator at Minneapolis, a flour mill at Canby, and 75 elevators along the Chicago & Northwestern road in Minnesota and Dakota. The business is reported in the prospectus as having paid dividends of 28 per cent. in 1886, 22 per cent. in 1887, and 30 per cent. in 1888. Also that the 'country elevator pays four or five cents per bushel less than the wheat can be sold for,' and also that it does 'considerable' in selling coal, seed, salt, etc. to the farmers at the same time the grain is bought." The English investors are therefore justified in expecting 15 per cent. profit even upon the greatly increased (watered) capitalization.

Neither the mill or the elevator managers of this country have ever before given the public an inside view of their profits, and this revelation was only intended, probably, for the English investors. Nevertheless, it may open the eyes of our people a little. Is it any wonder that our farmers (and, as a consequence, the rest of us) are growing poor, while a few men are accumulating fortunes—immense fortunes—combinations which draw money from the producing masses unjustly? When will the people elect legislators that will make such robbery impossible?

Feeding Sheep in Minnesota.

Montevideo Leader.

Minnesota is the natural feeding ground for Montana sheep, and just the place to fit them for the market. Sheep grow to a good size and become strong and healthy on the Montana ranches, but they do not get fat. They need grasses and coarse feed we raise in abundance. They can be brought here in double-decked cars at a trifling expense, and are sold here for less than it costs to raise them, simply because they are not fit to kill. Minnesota farmers can make money buying them and feeding them for the winter and early spring markets, and considerable attention is being given to this scheme.

Marshall County Banner.

We are in receipt of a circular from A. C. Clausen, Chief Inspector of grain, which is explanatory and in support of the operation of the law providing for the inspection of grain. The circular reads easily, and we have no reason to question the truth of its assertions; but it does not touch upon the methods adopted for taking advantage of the great army of grain growers who do not ship directly to terminal points, but have to run their grain through the elevators of local markets. The facts are something as follows: A farmer hauls his wheat to an elevator where the agent grades it, then ships to a terminal point where it is perhaps graded the same and so reported to the general office of a great line of line of elevators; that general office sends word to the local agent that the grade fell off at the State Inspector's office, which of course in the instance above reported is an absolute lie, but the local agent must be controled by it and when the same wheat comes again, he grades it lower, and the elevator company makes a "haul." That's practice. One remedy we think of would be for the State Inspector to report the grade of wheat directly to the identical person who loaded it as well as to the nominal shipper who sits at the end of a line of elevators a thousand miles long, figuring how to evade the law relating to weighing and inspection of grain. Another way would be for the state to put a man at every railroad station, to whom the State Inspector could report the grade and any person interested could easily find out how wheat shipped from that station was being graded. As it is, the governmental machinery employed for the enforcement of laws intended for the protection of grain growers, is powerless, useless and expensive, because it yields no substantial results.

Dairy Notes.

From The Northwestern Agriculturist.

Raising cows for the use of city people, and for milkmen who furnish milk to such as do not keep cows, might be taken up with profit on farms within 200 miles of the large cities of the Northwest. Good grade cows of any of the dairy breeds, well-broken to milk, will always bring good prices. They should be from three to five years old, producing a good quantity of milk of good quality. Holstein grades, from sires whose dams are well up in milk and butter records, would, as a rule, suit milkmen, while people who keep cows to supply their own tables would prefer a Jersey or a Guernsey, or a medium sized Holstein. Both these classes of buyers live where feed is high, and understand that it costs as much to keep a poor cow as a good one, and, as a rule, would not take and keep a poor one as a gift. Such cows as are wanted should bring from $60 to $75 each in Minneapolis or St. Paul, and with a little care they can be bred with certainty by any farmer in the Northwest, and the business would pay better than wheat growing, or raising steers for the beef market.

An Iowa dairyman began with a herd of cows that produced an average of 150 pounds of butter a year, but, believing he could do better, he determined to improve his herd every year by the use of carefully selected sires. He now has a herd which averaged, last year, over 300 pounds of butter per cow. The cost of keeping was $39.50 per cow and the net receipts above feed $46.41. His herd numbers 27 cows. This is the experience of a farmer and dairyman who knew what he wanted to do and determined to accomplish it.

"How shall I proceed with a herd of native cows to build a dairy herd?" asks a reader. The first requisite is a purebred sire of Friesian, Jersey or Guernsey blood, strong in butter producing line. The better bred the bull, the more rapidly the dairy qualities will show themselves and the more marked the improvement. Get the best advice you can from an expert in the selection. With the Friesian sire a large flow of milk will result. With the Jersey and Guernsey, look for a small flow of milk. Veal the bull calves. Keep the heifer calves and when they reach the proper age breed them to their sire and fix the superior dairy qualities by a double cross of dairy blood. For use on the heifers resulting from this double cross, be sure to obtain a sire that will still further develop the special dairy qualities you have been aiming at, so that there will be no going backward. Stick to the dairy breed at first selected, and do not mix the blood of different breeds. A few years of careful work with a definite purpose, will give you a herd equal to purebreds for all practical dairy purposes.

James Hay, of West Laurens, New York, has a herd of grade and purebred Guernseys from the milk of which he makes butter at the rate of a pound for every 16.66 pounds of milk. He feeds, in the morning, as a grain ration, two or three pounds of a mixture made up of 100 pounds corn meal, 125 of cotton seed meal, and 150 pounds wheat shorts. Cotton seed meal has not yet been introduced in the Northwest, and it will be some time before it becomes popular here, as there is a wise disposition to find out what we can grow at home which is just as good or better, but those who wish to make butter to the full capacity of cows must feed grain, in some form.

See our new clubbing offer with the St. Paul Daily News and call early and secure one of the leading dailies and THE JOURNAL at less than the price of the daily.

DOLLAR WHEAT.

The Great West.

There is an invisible, inexpressible something in the air which says wheat is worth a dollar a bushel. No one has ever formulated a statement, to our knowledge as to why and wherefore this feeling exists. If any one has ever given this sentiment more weight than a passing whim, indistinctly connected with past history, we have never seen it.

But suppose that what comes to us as the breath of a superstition, should prove, on careful examination, to be based upon both "realty" and reality! It is not our purpose to give an analysis of the nature of money—no one would read a seven-column article.

One thing is positive, however, in relation thereto, that gold or silver, or, gold and silver, are not "standards" of value—as they fluctuate according to supply—even though we cannot record the fluctuation. The standard of money is, and always will be, an inexact mortgageable value of every item of property.

That is money. There never was any other. Money is not an entity. It is neither silver nor gold, or printed paper. It is the substantial backing of property given to any element used for convenient transfer.

When the amount of money is based upon the value of what it is used to "exchange," which value is always what the world would give for the property if forced to take it, then there is an equilibrium—and good times have rarely been known except when a government has been forced to thus mortgage its commonwealth by mighty trials. But in every instance when the banker has been forgotten in the emergency of great trial, the people have prospered—then there have been "good times." There never was a reduction of "currency" far below such an inexact point without panics and demoralization.

The history of England, from 1812 to '30 is convincing on this point.

The history of the French assignat is proof.

The records of this country sustain it.

If any one chooses to controvert this proposition we will bring out the seven-columns of intesesting facts.

Now then—when such a monetary condition exists as that "exchange" (currency) equals the mortgageable value of exchangeable material—in other words when "exchange" is equal to exchange, we will find that the breadstuff of the world is the standard—and that the standards of exchange being that dollar, a dollar is the equivalent of one bushel of wheat. The wheat is, of course, wholly based upon land, and yet land-values are based upon wheat-production. And by wheat, breadstuffs are practically meant—as other grains fill the shortages of wheat.

This proposition involves the doubling of our present currency—and the reduction of the number of banks.

That certain "invisible, inexpressible something" that convinces us that the Doctor is right is the fact that the consumer pays a great deal more than that for his bread, enough to pay a reasonable profit to everybody who handles wheat and leave a good round dollar for the producer. If our system was perfect we verily believe this would be the case but you must weed out the option gambling and give the producer an equal chance with the buyer, the miller and the baker.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long, $4.00
" " Striped " " " " 6.00
" " " " " " " 7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " " " 8.00
" " " " " " " 9.00
" " Black or Brown " " " " 10.00
" " " " " " " 12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

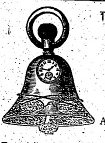
LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

I RING THE FIRST BELL!



To Announce the Opening of my New

Holiday Stock

AND INVITE YOU TO CALL

And Inspect my NEW LINES OF CHOICE NOVELTIES,

Especially Adapted for Christmas and Wedding Presents.

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,

ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

A DAILY PAPER

FOR

$2.00 Per Year, or $1.00 for Six Months.

Best and Cheapest in the Field.

$2 The "Wonderful Offer" of THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS $1

Expired Jan. 1st, but a very liberal offer is still open. Until further notice, we will send THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS by mail for one year on receipt of

Two Dollars,

OR

Six Months for $1.00

This offer is one-half the regular rate and is made temporarily only.

The News is an Evening 4-page, 8 column paper five days in the week and an 8-page paper one day in the week. It contains all the news. It makes a specialty of Market Reports, giving the markets of the current day of issue. Send for sample copies. Address

DAILY NEWS, St. Paul, Minn.

January 1, 1890.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

M. LeGUEE,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - MINN.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A. aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.......$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.......80 00

Total yearly payments...$168 44
Total for ten years.........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest.......$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of....... 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years....... 1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest.......$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00

Total.......$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 16, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	64.
No. 1 Northern	62.
No. 2 "	57.
No. 3 "	51.
Rejected	

'Round Home.

Dr. Dampier is convalescent.

Chris Houston is reported to be on the gain.

Marsh Barber is in the city for a short visit.

Dr. Just is slowly recovering from a severe attack of the grip.

Tom Morris says he lost 15 pounds in one week all on account of la Grippe.

Jens Walbeck says the farmers around Fisher are agitating a starch factory with good prospects of getting one.

You can secure a choice cow or heifer if you call on me before they are all sold.

W. G. COOKE, JOURNAL Office.

Hon. S. G. Comstock has introduced a bill giving the Crookston, Ft. Stevenson and Montana R. R. the right to bridge the Red River.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

Frank Shasgreen has just returned from a trip to the far west and Frank just don't like the country not one little bit. And he is outspoken about it to.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN MCLEAN.

All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to Hack & Gallasch will please call at the Scandia-American bank and pay the same before Jan. 25th 1890.

Good Vermont gray overcoats $2, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

E. L. Harrison, the genial N. P. agent has invented an alarm system whereby one cannot blow out the gas in his room without ringing an alarm in the office. A valuable invention.

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.
[34-tf] W. G. COOKE.

The entire force of THE JOURNAL office has been laid up with the popular trouble, the grip or whatever it is for the past week. We have been obliged to leave out many items of interest owing to this affliction.

Ludved Olson, a deaf and dumb man from Lessor, was brought before Judge Lewis last week charged with maltreating his father, a man over 80 years of age. He was taken to the county jail for safe keeping for sixty days.

Rariton Chinchilla over coats $3.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Tom Fitzgibbons, alias "Gilhooley," representing the National Tobacco Works, of Louisville, Ky., was in the city yesterday chaperoned by the "Wandering Jew," of Barnesville, alias "Scotty's protege." By the way we notice many oil paintings representing "The Newsboy in the Snow" about the city, since Tom's arrival.

Good Union cassamere overcoats at $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Mr. Joseph Laframboise informs THE JOURNAL that Gentilly will have a cheese factory next spring. Together with Mr. Paradise and a Mr. Marchand, they will see what can be done. Mr. M. is an experienced cheese-maker recently arrived from Canada. A cheese factory ought to pay the farmers of that vicinity well and we believe it will if they give it proper encouragment.

Mens suits, 2,000 complete suits to choose from. Come early and get the best selection.

C. O. D. CLOTHING HOUSE.

Don't neglect to secure a first-class weekly and daily paper while you can receive both at less than the price for the daily. TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE cents secures you the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News. This offer is only for a limited time. Subject to withdrawal on ten days notice. Call early and avoid the rush.

Dr. Van Dyke has heard from Fred Date who is just wild over Seattle—"there never was such a country" to Fred's notion and Fred ought to know for he has been there now several days. Well, that's the way of the world. What is one man's poison is victuals and drink to another. For instance the speculator gets rich on wheat while the producer starves to death.

Children's suits $1.
Children's overcoat $1.
Children's winter caps 10c.
Boys' suits age 13 to 17, $2.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

THE JOURNAL received a letter last week from T. W. Kelley, a former member of our police force. Tom has a good situation out there and likes the country very much. Says he is laying up many shekels, but from the undertone of the letter, we take it that he would not advise any of his friends here to go unless they have a situation engaged in advance. He says most of our former fellow citizens are doing nicely. One feature in the case seems to please him, the number of days in the year a man can labor comfortably.

A SUDDEN CALL.

On Saturday evening, Jan. 4th, Isidore Fortier arrived from Butte, Montana, and was about the city attending to his business and greeting his friends, apparently in perfect health and excellent spirits. On Wednesday afternoon his brother Remy asked him to go out home with him. He complained of a slight headache and a chilly sensation, but finally concluded to go, and about 5 o'clock they started. Before they had gone far Mr. Fortier complained of being extremely cold and got out to warm up by exercise, but failed to get relief, and when near Mr. E. Lanctot's place, near Gentilly, he got in and told his brother to hurry along as fast as possible. Upon arrival, he received all the attention possible to give, and his brother urged sending for the doctor, but Mr. F. said it was not serious enough to warrant the trouble, he would be all right soon. The next morning he was again urged to call a physician but did not consider it advisable until nearly noon, when he commenced spitting blood. Dr. Dunlop was then hastily summoned. Upon his arrival Mr. Fortier was sitting in an easy chair. After examination he decided that bleeding was necessary, went to the case for the instruments. When he again reached Mr. Fortier's side Mr. F. was dead. It is said that Mr. F. was subject to heart disease, though we are told that the doctor pronounced it a case of pneumonia. A dispatch was at once sent to his wife at Butte, who, with the children started on Friday morning arriving on Saturday night. The funeral services were conducted in this city on Monday, when a large concourse assembled to pay their last respects to an old friend and an upright citizen. Mr. Fortier was born in Beauharnais, Canada, was about 42 years of age and leaves a mother and father, one brother, a wife and three little daughters to mourn his loss. He came to this city in its infancy and has been identified with its history as one of its leading citizens. He built the Fortier Block, on the corner of Broadway and Robert, and was here negotiating for its sale. His sudden death was a great shock to his many friends who saw him around during the first of the week apparently in such perfect health.

Herman Helgeson, the genial postmaster from Ovetia was in the city last week.

The court room was filled to overflowing on Monday by an earnest lot of farmers, anxious to listen to the able address by Prof. Allison, and all were immensely pleased with the remarks of the speaker. A strong alliance was formed and the farmers seem to be determined to do all in their power to protect their rights in the matter of markets. If this spirit is carried out they will be successful.

J. H. Herbert, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was in the city this week looking after affairs on the old Payne-Corrigan farm that has just been sold to a Brooklyn party for $90,000. Mr. Herbert will be the manager of the farm and is now enroute for Brooklyn to make preparations for coming out next spring. Mr. H. is owner of one of the noted trotters of the world. The animal has recently been shipped from California and he may be sent here next spring. Mr. H. is very much pleased with what he has seen of Crookston and believes we have a bright future before us. He expects to return some time in March.

The annual meeting of the Scandia-American bank, Crookston, was held at their banking room, Tuesday afternoon, the following were elected directors: O. Hendrickson, Louis Ellington, A. G. Gallasch, A. D. Stephens, J. H. Locken, O. H. Lucken, Max Ericsson, E. P. Pierce, C. O. Christianson, Halvor Steenerson and A. E. Johnson, St Paul. The new board of directors met in the evening and elected O. Hendrickson, President; A. G. Gallasch, Vice President; C. O. Christianson, 2d Vice President. A. G. Gallasch, the cashier since the organization, declined a re-election and Mr. Ellington the efficient assistant cashier was elected cashier. On motion a committee was appointed to draw up a resolution, signed by the directors and president to A. G. Gallasch expressing their appreciation for the successful and very satisfactory managment of the bank since its organization.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

Wanted.

To sell immediately. My dwelling house and lot in Crookston.
[89-tf] J. W. LILLY.

A Big Sacrifice.

In order to wind up our business everything must be closed out at once.

J. H. & A. LOCKEN.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.50
North Star	2.25
Fife	2.00
Skip Jack	1.85

FOR RENT.

My farm in Lowell to a responsible party who will furnish stock, machinery and seed to run the place. Apply to John Knuppe, Room 8, German American Bank Building, St. Paul, Minn.
[86-89]

Dissolution Notice.

RED LAKE FALLS, Dec. 28, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Fred Patnaude and Olivers Paul is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

[37-39] FRED PATNAUDE.
OLIVER PAUL.

IT IS A BIRD.

The Farmers' Meeting met pursuant to adjournment at the court house at two o'clock on Monday Jan. 13th. The chairman, Andrew Steenerson briefly stated the object of the meeting, and on motion appointed, J. J. Ide, J. E. Chilback, Ole K. Laknes, F. Bivins and H. E. Cooke, a committee on resolutions. The chair then introduced the speaker of the day, Prof. John Allison, who gave an earnest and eloquent address upon the situation of farmers of the present day, showing by the depletion of farms east, the depreciation in value of farms elsewhere, and the methods of capitalists in other lines of business whereby they absorb an undue portion of the profits of the producer the necessity for organization. He said: "Farmers rights? Why of course you have rights! You have the right to buy wild railroad lands at from $8 to $15 per acre, acquire title and mortgage yourself for all you are worth, to buy horses and machinery wherewith to improve that wild land and give it the only value it ever had, and to buy seed wherewith to sow it; to work incessantly until the crop is made, take all the chances on making crop and then, when you have threshed you have the right to take your wheat to the elevator—but there your rights end. There all you have to do is to humbly take off your hat and say to the great presiding mogul! Please sir, what will you grade my wheat! What will you dock my wheat, and there you learn that if you get the cost of production you are extremely lucky. All trades control their prices. Why don't you? The alliance proposes to help you to do this very thing! What does your wheat average in this market?" (Voices, "55 cents," "60 cents," "40 cents," "48 cents" and various other prices were named.) Continuing the speaker said: "Well we will say it averages 60 cents. What do I pay for it as a consumer? $1.50. Yes, sir, one dollar and fifty cents per bushel for wheat that costs the buyer in this market from 35 to 60 cents. Why I can prove that the railroad makes 50 per cent, the elevator 50 per cent and the miller 50 per cent. That's 150 per cent ain't it? Well I can prove it just the same! The alliance aims to change all this, and will surely do it if you are true to the sacred trusts imposed upon you. Within the shadow of the church spire of old Trinity church, on Wall street are five men who control millions of money. What do they do they do with it? Buy legislators, courts etc., to the end that capital may control the country. The alliance aims to check that end, now you have a chance to do it but I cannot say how long you will have that chance. You must not expect a Moses made to order to lead you out of bondage. Things are not done that way any more, but you must take hold of the work yourselves. Do your children rejoice that they are the children of farmers? No, they want to get away, to live in cities, to accumulate money faster than they see you doing it—they do if they are ambitious to get ahead in the world. Now this is all wrong and the alliance seeks to right it. The alliance is simply an organization of farmers, conducted by farmers in the interest of farmers without regard to politics. How does it benefit you? I will give you one instance. One alliance determined to ship its own produce and hired a man to attend to it. In six months they saved to the producer $30 per car on wheat and made 40 per cent on lumber shipped in. At a certain town an alliance elevator paid for itself in the savings of one season. At a certain village only 120 miles from Minneapolis the difference in the price of wheat was 17 cents. The alliance signed a protest, sent it to me and I sent it to John L. Gibbs who went to that railroad company with it. What was the result? In very short order freight took a tumble of seven cents. Where the road would doubtless have ignored the complaint from one man it was a different thing when the alliance took hold of it and it will prove so in the majority of cases." Time and space forbid us presenting the many excellent points the speaker made. Suffice it to say that he talked about two hours and then the business of securing charter members to Crookston Alliance began. Meanwhile the committee on resolutions returned and presented the following resolutions:

WHEREAS—The Farmers' Alliance of Minnesota is an organization of the farmers, for the purpose of protecting and furthering the interests of agriculture, and does not require any political or religious test as a condition of membership, we, the farmers of Polk County as represented in this meeting have

RESOLVED 1ST, That we will not countenance any movements on the part of the officers of the alliance to fraternize with any political party. That any attempts on the part of the Executive Board of the Alliance to commit the farmers composing the membership of the alliance to any definite action regarding the existing political parties in this state, without the deliberate consultation and vote of the assembled delegates of the alliance in the Annual Meeting of that body, must be considered as an infringment upon the rights of the members.

RESOLVED 2D, That while we endorse the work of our Executive Board as far as that work has had for its object the increase of the membership of local alliances we assert strongly that no executive officer has any right to assume the office of dictator, and we will not consent to any action of our officers beyond the limits of our constitution.

RESOLVED 3D, That the conflict in which we are now engaged and which promises a decided victory in the near future, should not be imperilled by petty jealousies, nor by the ambitions of men who may hope to advance their personal political interests by means of the alliance. The struggle now going on, at great cost to those who are fighting at front is too important to admit the "fine Italian hand" of the political manipulator. That the farmers' alliance having come to stay; that being the farmers organization; organized by the farmers, of the farmers and for the farmers will not surrender its inherent rights and privileges until its work is done, and "Justice to All" is proclaimed throughout the land.

RESOLVED 4TH That, recognizing the fact known to all, that the farmer is robbed of the profits of his business by combinations, trusts and corporations sustained by large capital which dominates and keeps in subjection producers and laborers and also believing that the best and only means of securing our liberties and maintaining our priviliges is to organize as a body, we believe The Farmers Alliance to be one of the most efficient means to liberate ourselves and procure for us and our children the blessings of American citizenship.

RESOLVED 5TH, That it is the sense of this committee that a vote of thanks by this meeting is due to Prof. John Allison for the clear and succinct manner in which he has presented the benefits to be derived through the alliance, as well as for his noble and untiring efforts to benefit the farmers of Minnesota.

Signed,
J. J. IDE, Chairman.
J. E. CHILBACK,
OLE K. LAKNESS,
F. BIVINS,
H. E. COOKE.

On motion the report of the committee was accepted and adopted unanimously. Forty-nine names having been enrolled Crookston Alliance organized by electing Frank Bivins, President, J. J. Ide, Vice President, A. N. Hixson, Secretary, H. A. Wyand, Treasurer.

On motion the following delegates were elected to the State convention to be held in St. Paul sometime in March, viz: H. E. Cooke, A. N. Hixson and Peter Cornelius.

Moved that we adjourn to meet on Monday Jan. 27th 1890, at 2 p. m., at the city hall.

THE HERALD

HAS NOW THE ONLY COMPLETE

BOOK BINDERY

IN GRAND FORKS COUNTY.

SEND IN YOUR MAGAZINES,
NEWSPAPER FILES OR
ANY BLANK BOOK WORK
—OR ORDERS FOR—

OFFICE SUPPLIES,

Notary and Corporation Seals, Rubber Stamps, Stationery
Letter Presses, Inks, Etc.

A FULL LINE OF LEGAL BLANKS.

Address THE HERALD,

GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [38-tf]

Bargains, Bargains, Bargains.

If you appreciate a bargain call and see J. H. & A. Locken while their stock lasts. We are positively selling everything without regard to cost to close out our stock as we are going out of business. Now is your time to secure the best bargains ever offered in this city. Don't take our word for it but come and see for yourselves.

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 48. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE.

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET, —

CROOKSTON, MINN

MERCHANTS ORGANIZATION.

On Monday evening the merchants of this city met in the city hall and listend to the explanation of Mr. Geo. H. Estabrooke, of the advantages offered by organizing under the protective system, represented by "The Merchants Retail Commercial Agency, of Chicago, Ills." The organization of Crookston Branch was perfected and the following elected officers:—A. M. Stowart, President; A. M. Childs, Vice-President; W. E. McKenzie, Secretary; O. J. Barnes, Treasurer. Executive Board—E. W. Wile, chairman, Louis Fontaine, W. S. Gervais, A. Holmboe and J. E. O'Brien.

A fine is provided as a penalty for a violation of the clause in such constitution, which provides that no member of the Crookston branch of "The Merchants' Retail Commercial Agency" shall give credit so a person who does not in some honorable manner adjust his indebtedness with another member of "The Merchants Retail Commercial Agency." No person shall be referred to the members of this or any other branch as owing a member of "The Merchants Retail Commercial Agency," until such person has been given a full and fair opportunity to go to the merchant he owes and in some way settle up his indebtedness. This system cannot work a hardship on any person who is disposed to do the SQUARE thing. Any person, no matter how poor, how unfortunate his circumstances in life, if he is honest, he need have no fear, because he can and will make known his circumstances in such a way as will be satisfactory to the person he owes. No merchant will ever crowd a poor man who is honest; but that class of persons who do not care for their promises to pay; who go from one store to another, from one town to another, contracting a debt wherever they can get the chance to open an account; who go it blind, never stopping to consider how they can pay; never trying to pay—paying their honest debts being the last thing they ever think of—it is to such persons that this system pays attention. It is no hardship to ask men to be honest in their deals with a merchant who trusts them. Every farmer, every mechanic, every person in the community in which we reside who pays his honest debts is interested in the success of a system which seeks to make those who can pay, and won't pay, pay their honest debts, because it is those who pay cash or pay their debts promptly, who furnish the money which enables the merchant to successfully conduct his business and carry on his books that class of people styled slow payers and "dead beats." Every dollar lost by the merchant by reason of bad debts in indirectly loaded onto the shoulders of those who do pay, and any system that forces payment by slow payers and "dead beats," or compels them to pay spot cash or secure for everything they purchase, unloads the percentage from off the shoulders of the honest paying classes. A man cannot exist in this world and pay nothing without proving a direct burden on those who supply themselves with the necessities of life by honest purchase. The do-nothing, pay-nothing class are what this agency is after. The merchants have no law for their protection; they must be a law unto themselves by combination for the protection of each other. They owe it not only to themselves, but to their cash-paying, prompt-paying customers, to combine together and drive to settlement or cash that class of persons which infests every community, who do nothing, live well and contribute nothing. This system is being adopted by all the leading merchants throughout the west. It deals honorably with both debtor and creditor and should have the support not only of merchants but honest consumers.

We do not wish to be understood as being organized for the purpose of oppressing or crowding any worthy workingman and those on salaries, but that they in common with all merchants and manufacturers must understand the necessity of paying their just and honest debts, that with them their promises to pay should be met with the same promptness as all those engaged in business must honor their obligations.

Pay up. Settle up or pay cash is the motto of this branch and of the agency.

Articles of Incorporation of the E. D. Childs Company.

Be it known that we, whose names are hereunto subscribed, have agreed to and do hereby associate ourselves for incorporation under the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota, and to that end have adopted and signed the following articles:

FIRST. The name of said corporation shall be the "E. D. Childs Company," and the general nature of its business shall be to buy, own, improve, sell and deal in lands, tenements and hereditaments, real, personal and mixed estate and property. The principle place for transacting said business shall be Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota.

SECOND. Said corporation shall commence on the third Monday of January, A. D. 1890, and shall continue for the term of thirty (30) years.

THIRD. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be one hundred thousand (100,000.00) dollars, and the same shall be divided into one thousand (1,000) shares of one hundred (100) dollars each, and the same shall be paid in as called for by the board of directors.

FOURTH. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall be at any time subject shall be one hundred thousand (100,000) dollars.

FIFTH. The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are: Ellsworth D. Childs, who resides at Crookston, in the State of Minnesota, James Hill, who resides at Roberts, in the State of Wisconsin, and Albert M. Childs, who resides at Lowell, in the State of Minnesota.

SIXTH. The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs, shall be vested in a president, a secretary, a treasurer and a board of three directors. Every officer of said corporation shall continue in office for the term of one year and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified. Meetings of the stockholders of said corporation for the election of directors and transaction of other business, shall be held at the office of said corporation at Crookston, in the State of Minnesota, annually on the first Tuesday in June in each year. The directors of said corporation shall be elected by the stockholders at their said annual meeting, and the president, secretary and treasurer shall be elected by the board of directors, and any vacancy in any of said offices or in said board, occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled by said board for the unexpired term. The duties of the officers and directors of said corporation shall be prescribed by the by-laws. The by-laws of said corporation shall be adopted by the stockholders at their first annual meeting, and the same shall be changed or modified only by the stockholders at an annual meeting thereof, but the first board of directors may adopt by-laws which shall continue in force until the first annual meeting of the stockholders. The names of the first board of directors are James Hill, Ellsworth D. Childs and Albert M. Childs.

In witness whereof, the persons hereinbefore named as incorporators have hereunto subscribed their names and affixed their seals this 6th day of January A. D. 1890.

In presence of
W. H. MARSH.
CHAS. E. SAWYER.

JAMES HILL, (SEAL.)
ELLSWORTH D. CHILDS, (SEAL.)
ALBERT M. CHILDS, (SEAL.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk. } ss.

Be it known that on the 13th day of January A. D. 1890, appeared personally before me, James Hill, Ellsworth D. Childs and Albert M. Childs, to me, severally and personally known to be the same persons who signed and executed the foregoing articles of incorporation, and they then and there severally acknowledged that they signed and executed the same freely, voluntarily for the uses and purposes therein expressed, and as their free act and deed.

(SEAL.) CHAS. E. SAWYER,
Notary Public, Polk Co., Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine

IMPORTED MILLINER GOODS

From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.

[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.

MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR MAMMOTH STOCK
—OF—
Men's, Boys'
—AND—
Children's CLOTHING
Must be Sold Within 75 DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING MUST GO.

FUR GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLO THE RUSH TO THE

C. O. D.

Clothing House.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Main Street. Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Congressman Hansborough, of North Dakota, is trying to interest the government in a scheme for irrigation. Some time in the dim future this may be necessary but the need of to-day is not for more land to cultivate but for a system that will render what we have profitable. If he would urge the construction of a canal from Duluth to the Red River Valley, that would be a project of immense benefit to his constituents in the Northwest.

Our Duluth correspondent makes one good point in his communication published elsewhere in this issue, a point that THE JOURNAL has previously called attention to, viz., the necessity for inspection before the grain leaves the hands of the producer. Under the present system this seems impracticable as it would require too large a State Inspection force but it would be perfectly practical under a system of a State Elevator line. A line owned and operated by the State would do more to remedy existing evils than any we know of. Of course all who are interested in the present system would at once commence to wage bitter war against it and advance all kinds of arguments to down it, but so they would against any system calculated to leave the profits of wheat raising where they belong—in the hands of the producer.

We claim to be the "Land of the FREE!" "The Land where the downtrodden serf of other lands finds relief from the iron heel of the oppressor," and we come as near being it as any land under the sun to-day, but the fact exists that farmers are fast being reduced to the position of serfs which shows that Uncle Sam better take a look over his farm and see what the trouble is so that he can apply the remedy. He has an immense surplus on hand which the farmers need. Why could he not loan it out to them at low rates, taking security on the lands? This would enable the farmer to live and pay his interest when due. Should any land be forfeited, why the government would own it and could readily dispose of it or keep it. Then Uncle Sam would be somewhat more interested in the success of the farmers and he would see it to his interest to extend the water ways into this great wheat region. It costs nine cents to put wheat down in Liverpool from Duluth—less than our freight to Duluth. If we had a canal to Duluth one cent a bushel would be an enormous freight compared with the rates beyond, but if we had a cent rate even that would mean immense fortunes to the producers in the Red River Valley. A canal system to the valley would be no more of an undertaking in this day than was the Erie canal when it was constructed. The government is supposed to look after the interests of the people and just now agriculture is in need of earnest, serious attention.

Wheat One Dollar.

That looks tempting don't it? But can any one give us a good reason why wheat should not bring the producer one good round dollar per bushel when No. 2 Northern wheat is quoted in the English market at $1.28 per bushel? It costs nine cents per bushel to ship from Duluth to the English market—less than from any point in the Red River Valley to Duluth. No. 2 Northern is quoted in this market at 59 cents. Difference between this point and England only 66 cents. Farmers do you wonder where those fortunes in wheat that you read about are made? Don't you think it is about time to organize and look into this matter a little? Do you think that the only duty of your calling is to plow and to sow and to reap and to mow and nothing else? If you do you are mistaken for all these are only the commencement. By the conditions of trade at present those who handle your wheat after it leaves your hands reap a rich harvest and you? Well, you have to live the life of a slave and get nothing for it. When will you arouse in your might and make things so uncomfortably hot for the oppressors that they will be glad to "drap dat kaliker?" Do you know of anybody so vitally interested as you who will undertake the work for you? Do you wonder that milling and elevator property sells so high in the English markets while your farms depreciate in like ratio? Hadn't you better adopt "a higher plan of cultivation," raise nothing but No. 1 Hard Scotch Fife wheat" cultivate a patch of fig leaves and wooden shoes so that your families may be "comfortably clad" withal? If you do all of these it makes just so much more profit for the speculator, you don't gain a cent. When you begin to organize you will begin to do something.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 8, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: Are you not mistaken in your diagnosis of the farmers' wheat troubles? It seems to me that you are. The country buyers are the men that skin the farmers—some in grades, a good deal in dockage, and more in an outrageous margin. I mean by country buyers, men who own the country elevators, furnish the money and handle the grain. Now, this first deal that the farmer makes is where all of the trouble is, and this is all outside of the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners jurisdiction. Now, if the farmers would band together and ship their own wheat, they would get every cent there is in it. I know this by personal knowledge. The grades are kept up here just as high as the grain will permit. If a farmer ships his grain here to a commission man, that man keeps some one on track all of the time to watch every car that is inspected and get just as good grade as possible. As for dockage, it cannot be excessive, for the elevators are all the time kicking for more. Our Inspectors, well, there are none better in the state. Mr. Cross and Mr. Barncard, who do the inspecting, are men that can't be bought, both farmers from the country, and would give a farmer just as good grade as they would A. J. Sawyer or any other man. I could get you some averages on grades and dockage if you wanted.

A. N. HOPKINS.

We do not think that we are mistaken in our diagnosis of the case, and our correspondent appears to confirm our views rather than otherwise. Our "diagnosis" is that the system is wrong and our correspondent tells us that in order to get what little good there is in it, "farmers should band together and ship their wheat." In other words, pay others for doing the work and do it themselves, which in very many cases is wholly impracticable, even should they desire to ship their own grain, which they do not. The trouble originated in the combination of railway and elevator men to insure a certain per cent. of profit, regardless of consequences to the producer; the Board was created by the farmers in the hope of breaking up the combination and the system by which one set of capitalists are ensured a certain percentage of gain, to the exclusion of all others. Has it done it? You say the Board has not the power to help the producer. Then it is high time, after all these months and years of its existence, to find out wherein they are powerless, and give them that power, is it not? You do not mean to say that the producer obtains a rightful share of the profits of his wheat, even in Duluth so favored as you say it is, do you? If so, how do you account for the immense fortunes of the Pillsburys and men of like ilk, made out of our wheat every year. How is it that they are rolling in wealth while the wheat producer is losing money every year? How is it that their property, mills, elevators, &c., sells at such fabulous rates while our farms are deprecating every year in like ratio? How is it that they assured the British capitalists a dead sure margin of 22, 27 and 30 per cent. and ALWAYS a difference of from four to five cents between the country elevators and the terminals? Do you mean to tell us that we are not paying immense tolls on the watered stock of railways, and that the Board are powerless to prevent that? Do you mean to tell us that diligent efforts have been put forth to solve that problem? What's the matter with Iowa? Have our Commissioners ever tried that plan? Why not? Have they not power enough to do it? Your claim that the Board has not jurisdiction proves our diagnosis "that the system is defective," a correct diagnosis. Now, the question is, where is the defect and what is the remedy? We have lived in hopes that time would reveal these to an active, earnest, working Board, and that they would suggest these things themselves, but has this been done? How long can this country endure this drain upon it? We believe the people have a right to criticise the actions of public servants, and if the Board was created for anything it was created by the farmers to serve their interests. Among the things prejudicial to the interests of the producer may be noted principally, watered stock, protection to elevators and option gambling. We believe that a dose of Iowa medicine firmly administered by our Board would immensely relieve the patient in the first instance and a little fatherly supervision of the elevator system by our Board would do lots toward doctoring that evil, and as to the option gambling the strong arm of the law should take hold of that. It is true that the Board does not have the full powers that we should like to see it possess, but we fail to see how you are going to obtain that until you remove this business from the arena of politics. The reasons for this are too obvious to need discussion. We should be pleased to see those averages on grades and dockage, as our object is to benefit the producers in this country, and we wish to know all of the ins and outs of the system as the only means of arriving at perfection.

State Elevators.

As it seems impossible under the present elevator system for the producer to obtain his rightful share of the proceeds of his toil because of the claim that the inspection should be had before the wheat leaves the farmer's possession why would it not be wise for the State to build and operate a line of elevators? Since England, envious of the great fortunes made in our wheat has purchased a line, and calculates on perpetuating the system this would seem to be a very reasonable solution of the vexed problem. The railroads set up the claim that the elevator is an actual necessity in the handling of wheat, and this they allege in excuse of their favoring elevators as they have done. Remove the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners from the arena of politics and let them have full charge of the matter, subject to removal at any moment for incompetency, neglect or any good cause of that nature. Let the elevator charges be fixed upon a basis covering cost, running expenses and reasonable rate of interest to reimburse the State. The State has already paid out enough to build and equip a line sufficient to give this method a trial and the tax payers have not had value received for that money. In addition to this the producers have every year been robbed of enough to build and equip an elevator in every locality where it is needed. By this system the money we are now forced to give to speculators would more than make our warehouse and railroad system self-supporting and the producer would pocket the large fortunes that now go to swell the fortunes of the sharks who fatten on the toils of the producer. It seems to us that a move of this kind is the most practicable one that could be made giving more promise of success than any we have ever seen suggested, because everybody concedes that the producer does not get justice and are willing to help him and the very money the producer is now losing would build, equip and maintain the line and leave the producer the margin the speculator now gets. Everybody now advises the farmer to "ship his own wheat." Those who are interested in making all they can out of him know how thoroughly impracticable this is as a general rule, and many urge it honestly knowing that it is the best for him, but not appreciating the obstacles in the way. Conceding that it is best for farmers to ship their own grain a line of State Elevators seems to us to furnish him a practical way to do it.

Gambling.

The laws of the United States are very strict against all games of chance. Let a man open a gambling room in any city and commence to carry on his games of chance and how long would it be before he was snatched baldheaded by the outraged majesty of the law? Let a man, or a set of men open up a wheat-gambling house and he can pursue the even tenor of his way unmolested by the minions of the law. In the first instance the practice is less harmful (if there is any difference) to the community or to the individual for you can watch the game all you like without losing, you

DON'T HAVE TO GAMBLE

unless you want to. In the latter case you do have to. If you are a producer you have to sell on a market ruled by wheat-gamblers, and the loss to the producer affects the general interests of the whole country. Why don't our good Uncle Sam include wheat options under the gambling law? Why don't the Farmers Alliance take hold of the matter, stick a pin into him and wake the old gentleman up to a realizing sense of his duty? Why don't every farmer who is suffering from the effects of wheat-gambling join the alliance and work for this end? The laws against gambling are just, are wise, are effective, but why discriminate in favor of a species far more injurious to the business interests of the country than could be the games of chance that all can refuse to engage in if they choose? When the farmers begin to fully realize their position in the deal and unite to demand those things they will get them and never before.

Early in the field, and among the very best of the month's magazines, comes "Peterson" for February. Every lady should see its beautiful steel and wood engraving and its colored fashion plate, which is really an artistic picture. "Rescued by Custer's Men," by Anna Latham, is a thrilling incident of the dashing general and his brave band, told in a very dramatic fashion. The serial by Howard Seely is full of action, and it is interesting to compare its descriptions of American frontier life with the accounts of Parisian society in Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper's admirable novelet, "A Magnificient Marriage." The short stories, miscellaneous articles and poems are all worthy of the highest praise. No household should be without "Peterson" for it always offers a varied and attractive table of contents, and at a price which brings it within everybody's reach. Terms, $2.00 a year. Address, Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia.

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock

—OF—

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL and COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

Herald Printing and Binding.

The Herald has unrivalled facilities for executing all kinds of legal and commercial printing, blank book manufacturer and book binding. The bindery and job office have been fitted up with new machinery throughout, making the Herald plant the most complete in North Dakota. New lines of type and latest improved presses have been added to the job department, which is now under the management of a thoroughly experienced foreman, who has no superior as a mechanical or artistic printer. The foreman of the bindery is acknowledged to be the best book binder in the northwest, and with the superior facilities at its command, is prepared to do the finest and most satisfactory work in every branch of the art. The Herald also keeps in stock a full line of office supplies and stationery, affording purchasers the benefit of selection from a complete assortment. Also all the new forms of state legal blanks. All kinds of blank books manufactured, county and bank work a specialty. All orders promptly and accurately filled at reasonable prices. The Grand Forks Herald will occupy its new building, corner Third street and Kittson avenue, July 1st, 1890. See advertisement elsewhere in this issue.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Edward H. Olson and George Vine, under the firm name of Vine & Olson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Edward H. Olson is to collect all monies owing to the firm and George Vine is to pay all bills of the firm, and is the successor of Vine & Olson.

Crookston, Jan. 7, 1890.

EDWARD H. OLSON.
[38-40] GEORGE VINE.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.

Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

Wilkinson, Schmidt & O'Brien
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 16, 1890.

Our New Clubbing Offer.

We are pleased to announce that we have made arrangements with the St. Paul Daily News whereby we can offer that enterprising sheet for only 25 cents advance over our former offer. Thus, for new subscribers and

TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS

we will send the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News for one year. We are prepared to make liberal inducements to all in arrears. Call early as this offer is subject to withdrawal at an early date.

All Purpose Cows.

N. B. Dudley, in Holstein-Friesian Register.

Some men are deterred from buying fine stock because they think they want to buy the finest, or none. They see the finest, or at least those having the highest reputation, selling for a great deal of money, therefore they wait awhile longer. It is not every man who should buy a high priced cow with a long pedigree and a big milk and butter record, ever thought he had money and wished to invest it that way.

It is only those who have the time, skill, patience, and even the taste to attend to these costly pets, who should buy them. The man who is full of other work should only buy the cow that is useful for all the things for which a cow is made, and buy her at a moderate price. I am not depreciating those phenomenal yields, where cows, through much skill of herdsmen and long training, have been made to milk 100 lbs., per day, or those whose milk per day has made four or more pounds of butter.

The work of men who have spent their money and labor in this field is valuable, and I am glad they have, and are still, being paid therefor. It is interesting from a scientific standpoint, showing the possibility of the cow. I will not say extreme possibility, for we can not fix a limit to the amount of milk and butter a cow can be made to yield. The work of these men is also valuable as showing us breeds and families of breeds that have the power of transmitting their qualities, in some degree to their posterity. I say in some degree, for it must not be supposed that if a cow is pushed into an abnormal yield of dairy product that her heifer calf can also be pushed there. In the natural yield there is more hereditary qualities. I would say that a practical man, who has other things to attend to, besides cows, would wish a cow or even a herd that would yield in the flush of milk flow about six gallons of good milk from which could be made 1½ lbs. of butter per day. That this amount would taper down to two gallons eight or ten weeks before next calving; from which time it is best to dry the cow and give her a little rest. This rest is best for the calf and makes the cow give more milk after calving than she would without the rest. The yield of this good average cow, that I am writing about, with good average attention, would yield 10,000 lbs. of milk per year, and though this looks small when compared with a milker that has given three times that amount, still the practical man would rather have the smaller milker at the smaller price. There is much less danger of milk-fever, spoiled udder and garget.

This cow will pay for her feed and in a very reasonable time will pay her cost price, but if she dies before she does it, her owner will not have sent a round sum into a cow's grave. I am writing to such readers of this paper as want help to support their families, and I say that money invested in a good all-round cow will give more profit for her cost than the same sum invested in any other way.

The practical man don't wish to invest a large sum, for he don't expect to be a fancy breeder. He don't wish to buy a pedigree unless he also gets a cow that has intrinsic merit. Don't wish to buy a cow whose family has been specialized to yield a very large quantity of very poor milk, nor does he want one that has been bred to give milk rich in one quality to the neglect of others, as well as to quantity. As he expects to convert his male calves, barren and old cows into beef, he would be glad for his cattle to be good beef stock, but not so good that a cow with a calf two months old would fatten herself instead of increasing her milk when her milk was increased. He don't expect to get one cow that has all the best qualities of all other cows. He simply expects to get a good cow with a good average of all those qualities for which cattle were made. He don't care what may be the color of her hair, for he knows that has no more to do with her dairy product than does the color of any other cow. He don't care in what herd book her pedigree may be recorded, for he expects to feed her on something more substantial than genealogy.

As much as specialists may argue against the phrase, there is such an animal as a "common purpose cow," and when the practical man finds her, he will buy her and carry her home, and she will be to him a "pearl of great price."

Winter Feeding of Cows and Calves.

American Agriculturist.

Feeding in winter is costly because of the expense of harvesting the crops used for the feeding, and the larger consumption of food to sustain the animal heat, so largely spent to overcome the cold of the season. It is often made more costly by neglect to feed liberally at the beginning; the stock quickly running down for want of adequate nutriment, and gaining what has been lost with much difficulty on account of the cold weather. Hence, feeding in the winter requires, for the best results, a generous supply at the start, and a wise selection of food through the season. Moreover, for the sake of profit, the cows should be kept in a productive condition all through the season, and the young stock should be kept growing. By judicious feeding, the yield of the cows can be sustained, and quite as good a quality of butter can be made; and this is a most important point in dairy management. In using this term, it is meant to include every farm where cows are kept, if it is only one for the domestic supply. It is a great loss to feed dry cows on hay and grain, merely to carry them through the winter for the sake of making twenty-five or thirty dollars per head through the summer. This used to be the custom, but circumstances have changed of late, and it is now necessary, in the close competition in all kinds of business, to make every thing count, and to make the farm and stock pay their way every day in the year. At least twenty-five dollars is now required to feed a cow through the winter so that profit can be made in the summer; and, as the winter feeding is the most expensive, cows should be made profitable then as far as may be possible; or, at any rate, a certain number of cows should be in profit through the winter to pay for the feeding of the others, which are depended upon for keeping up the supply through the summer.

It has been proved beyond question that cows can be kept through the winter most cheaply on ensilage; but those farmers who have been wise enough to adopt the silo do not need advice in regard to feeding their stock. "By their works we know them" to be sufficiently informed as to their business in this respect, but the great majority of farmers have not reached this point yet, and need advice and instruction. Cows can be kept fully productive on dry fodder, with a sufficient supply of grain food. Many profitable winter dairies have been kept upon dry feeding, and profit may yet be made in this way under good management. This good management includes full feeding from the start, to avoid any loss which might be difficult to overcome, and now that the out-door feeding is not sufficient, the winter feeding should be begun at one.

Full daily feed for an average cow should consist of twenty to thirty pounds of cut corn-fodder, or clover hay, with at least four or five pounds of mixed corn and bran ground together; or fifteen pounds of fodder with ten pounds of the mixed feed. An addition of two pounds of cotton-seed meal for milking cows may be made with benefit. This food may be divided into three rations; a heaped bushel basketful of mixed feed—made up of corn-fodder or hay, or both, cut and wetted with hot water, and sprinkled over in the feed box with one half the grain feed—should be given night and morning, and a feed of dry hay will serve at noon. The slight warmth of the feed thus mixed will be grateful to the cows, and will secure a full yield of milk. With each feed a sufficient quantity of salt should be given; one ounce with each ration will not be to much. At noon, before the cows are fed, they should be watered from a well at the ordinary temperature. A tight barn, with no more than sufficient space for healthful ventilation, will keep the cows warm enough, and the brisk fresh air will be more healthful and invigorating than an atmosphere artificially warmed. To keep the air pure by cleanliness in the stable is more conducive to comfort and health than to make it warm by artificial heat.

Calves and yearlings should be fed precisely as the cows are, the quantity, of course, being regulated according to their size and necessities; but good feeding is indispensable to make good cows.

Cheap for Cash.

Farmers' Alliance.

Pay cash for what you get and you will get it cheaper. When you buy on credit you have to pay not only your own debt, but all the bad debts of your merchant. He tells you frankly that if he did not lose so much he could sell cheaper to you. By the credit system the retail merchant is forced to buy on credit, the jobber must do the same, and the wholesale merchant the same. Nine times out of ten the retail merchant gets hard pressed; he sells everything he can, pockets the money, puts his hands in the armholes of his vest, and coolly offers his creditors 33⅓ cents on the dollar. Throw off the burden of credit and adopt the cash system.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. In Probate Court. Special term Jan. 4th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Tallef Thoresen deceased.

Letters of administration with will annexed on the estate of deceased being this day granted unto Andrew Thompson of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all person against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance at the Probate office, in Crookston in said county, on Monday the 2d day of June 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper, printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 4th day of January A. D. 1890.

By the Court.
G. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[38-40]

100 100

CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS

IN JEROME'S ADDITION!

Nearer the Business Center than any other Lots now for sale over there.

Above High Water Mark. Good Cellars and Good Wells Easily Obtained. If you want a Building Lot, or if you desire a chance for investment where you can double your money inside of a year. It will pay you to look into this chance to

BUY AT YOUR OWN FIGURES, PRACTICALLY!

M. R. BROWN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff. Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

All work in my line skillfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

SCANDIA - AMERICAN

BANK.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Organized under the State Laws.

Authorized Capital........$200,000
Paid in Capital........50,000
Surplus........2,500

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G. O. Christianson, Vice President.
O. H. Lucken, 2d Vice President.
A. G. Gallasch, Cashier.
Lewis Ellington, Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS:
G. O. Christianson, Crookston.
O. H. Lucken, "
Lewis Ellington, "
A. G. Gallasch, "
T. J. Thorsen, "
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DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

We Have Just Received

ONE CARLOAD OF

FARM IMPLEMENTS,

CONSISTING OF

J. I. C. Wagons and Little Giant Gang Plows.

These we will sell at a Close Margin, and we hope to see our friends call at once and get bargains. The balance of our

BUGGIES we will dispose of AT COST. We still continue to sell the only perfect Seed Separator, the Renowned Centennial

FANNING MILL. Farmers who intend to get best grade for their wheat must necessarily procure one. The Shaker

POTATO DIGGER does its work thoroughly and leaves the potatoes clean upon the ground. We want every Farmer to have one.

McKINNON BROS.,

McKINNON BLOCK, - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

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Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

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Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 5th 1889.]

WHEREAS LOUIS OLSON AND ANNA P. Olson his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota as mortgagors, did on the 17th day of November A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date of November 10th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of section fourteen (14,) township one hundred and fifty-one (151,) range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres) to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the condition of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of November A. D. 1886, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "27" of mortgages, on page 255, and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 05-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and which said interest is still unpaid and due, and

Whereas it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party, and

Whereas The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) has exercised its right of option to consider and declare and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice on said mortgage the sum of five hundred eighty and 50-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in said county and state, on the 18th day of January A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated November 25th, 1889.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee
Crookston, Minn.
[33-39]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 5th, 1889.]

WHEREAS NILS SKOGLUND AND Carolina Skoglund, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 24th day of September A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to A. Huntington, of the County of New York, and State of New York, as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of September 24th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota to-wit: The northwest quarter of section eleven (11,) township one hundred and fifty-three (153,) range forty-four (44,) containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of September A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in book "37" of mortgages on page 40, and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 25-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and which said interest is still unpaid and due, and

Whereas it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then, and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party, and

Whereas A. Huntington, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred thirty-two and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said county and state, on the 18th day of January A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated November 25th A. D. 1889.

A. HUNTINGTON,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee.
Crookston Minn.
[32-39]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 9th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred seventy and 60-100 dollars ($570.60) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christ L. Putten and Inge M. Putten his wife as mortgagors to The New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July A. D. 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota on the 8th day of July A. D. 1884, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 252 to 255 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section ten (10.) Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of February A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec 31st A. D. 1889.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[38-44]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

Samuel C. Hayes, Plaintiff, vs. Annie M. Hayes, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated December 24th 1889.

WM. WATTS, Plaintiff's Att'y,
Crookston, Minn.
[36-42]

Wilkinson, Schmidt & O'Brien

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

NEW MEAT MARKET

At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,

SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.

Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.

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Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

THE OFFICE OF

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

WILL BE OPEN

EVERY SATURDAY.

OFFICE AT THE COURT HOUSE.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

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HARNESS SHOP,

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A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

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CROOKSTON. - - MINN

W. A. ROBERTSON,

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

THE NEW

CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 12th, 1889.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seven hundred ninety-eight and 25-100 dollars, ($798 25-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alexander Beaudette and Georgeana Beaudette, his wife, to Chester H. Pond, of the city of Brooklyn, State of New York, bearing date the 9th day of August, A. D. 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 11th day of August, A. D. 1884, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 250 to 252, inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot fifteen (15) in block five (5) in L. Fletcher's addition to the townsite of Crookston, except twenty-five (25) feet off the north side thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of February, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 7th, A. D. 1889.

CHESTER H. POND,
Mortgagee
JOHN CROMB, Atty for mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[34-40]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication December 12th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS X. CAILLE, AN unmarried man, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Limited,) as mortgagee, his mortgage bearing date of December 4th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of section twenty-two, (22) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-three (43) and containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 259; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the said interest is still unpaid and due. And

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party. And

Whereas, the American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable. And

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred twenty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of February, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 25th, 1889

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, of London, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Crookston, Minn.
[34-40]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. In Probate Court. Special term. Dec. 19th 1889.

In the matter of the estate of Edward M. Helleckson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Helleck Helleckson administrator of the estate of Edward M. Helleckson deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this court, on Tuesday the 28th day of January A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order, once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper, printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 19th day of December A. D. 1889.

By the court,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[35-38]

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

D. H. BATES,

DEALER IN

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	25 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
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St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R.

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DIRECT AND POPULAR LINE

TO PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

MINNESOTA, DAKOTA, MONTANA

Also to St. Paul & Minneapolis.

FOR ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING TO THE THREE GREAT CITIES OF MONTANA,

GREAT FALLS, HELENA AND BUTTE.

Their "Montana Express" will be put in service November 10th, with a Train Equipment unexcelled, furnishing Splendid Day Coaches Palace Sleepers, Free Colonist Sleepers and Superb Dining Cars of latest design.

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Affords Cheaper Rates than via any other.

Fast Time, Comfort, Courteous Attention.

LAND This Company has for sale in Minnesota 2,000,000 acres of Excellent Farming, Grazing and Timber Lands, at very low prices and on favorable terms.

For Maps, and general information inquire of your own Ticket Agent, or

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F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn
A. MANVEL, V. P. & G. M.
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New Time Card.

SOUTH.

Arrive. PASSENGER. Depart.
5:40 a. m. daily. | 11:40 p. m. daily.

FREIGHTS.
8:45 p. m. daily. | 7:00 a. m. daily
Except Sunday.

WEST.

PASSENGER.
11:30 p. m. daily. | 5:50 a. m. daily.

FREIGHTS.
4:55 p. m. daily. | 3:30 a. m. daily
Except Sunday.

NORTH—MIXED.
10:30 p. m. daily. | 6:30 a. m. daily.

ST. HILAIRE.
4:00 p. m. | 10:45 a. m.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Friday.

FOSSTON LINE.

Trains leave Crookston Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Fosston at 11:30 a. m. Returning same day, leave Fosston at [illegible] p. m., arriving at Crookston at 4:30 p. m.

The Only Vestibuled Trains

NORTH OF ST. PAUL.

The Northern Pacific RAILROAD.

The Dining Car Route Between

WINNIPEG, PEMBINA, GRAFTON, GRAND FORKS, CROOKSTON, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH.

And All Points East. The Direct Line to

MONTANA, IDAHO, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, OREGON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, PUGET SOUND AND ALASKA

Vestibuled Express Trains Daily,

To which are attached Pullman Palace Sleepers and Elegant Dining Cars. On overland trains Emigrant Sleepers Free.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:45 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:30 p. m
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
6:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	8:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:20 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

Coupon Tickets on sale at Crookston to all points in the United States and Canada. For full information as to time and rates, address

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

The Low Price of Meats.

The Western Rural.

We never pass a butcher shop or think of the Union Stock Yards that we are not filled with indignation. The Swifts and the Armours and the Stock Yards company are getting richer every moment of their lives. The butchers are selling steaks and roasts at just as high prices as they ever asked for them, and the Stock Yards are feeding stock with grain that they sell for three or four times greater price than it is worth. But the man who breeds and feeds the cattle that consume this high priced grain and makes Armour and Swift richer and furnishes the beef for which the consumer pays a higher price, is not making one red cent upon his stock. He sends his cattle to market because he must, and though he gets for it an insufficient sum to cover expenses, the consumer is not benefitted. It is a cut throat scheme, it is commercial brigandage and it is the most outrageous system of despotism that the world has ever seen, for a gang of men, conscienceless and merciless, to get between the producer and consumer, and rob both with the glee of a midnight plunderer.

Talk of injustice! When and where in all the history of the world can be found the record of a more flagrant wrong? We admit that the supply of cattle has been much too great; we admit that it is too great now; we admit that partly in consequence of the contraction of our currency business generally is depressed and that there is under-consumption. But none of these conditions explain why the packers and the stock yards make plenty of money off the product on which the farmer does not make a cent. There is but one explanation and that is the conditions are artificial and that they have been made by men who intend to rob the farmer, who intend to make of him in this free, beautiful and fertile country, a pack horse, as the farmer in Ireland is. Talk of injustice to the Irish farmer! That injustice has developed under a monstrous system of governmental favoritism which grew out of the old time belief that a few owned the world and had better blood coursing in their veins than the present had. The injustice, the cruel, concienceless wrongs that are being inflicted upon our farmers have developed under government that is based upon the doctrine of equal rights and a fair show for everybody. They are the result of a deliberate, infernal conspiracy of wealth, and conspiracy of wealth, and considering the fact that agriculture is the foundation of the nation's prosperity and that we are all freemen, each just as good as the other before the law, the injustice that our producers are now suffering is the most fiendish that man has ever suffered since time began.

How long shall it continue? Just as long as we quietly submit to the wrong of being compelled to breed and fatten cattle at a loss, to make other people rich, the wrong will be inflicted. When we come close together and stand together for our rights; when with one mighty voice we demand of the legislature of Illinois and the congress of the United States protection; when we demand that rings and combines of commercial thieves shall not be permitted by government to stand upon the highways and in the public market places to rob us of our substance, we shall emancipate ourselves from the rule of greed and shall get our rights. When shall we do it? When shall the farmers all get together and demand their freedom from the present sovereignty of criminal capital? It is for you, reader, individually to answer that question.

Brought Him in Debt.

Live Stock Gazette.

Mr. Jones sold a bullock to Mr. Lazarus for $16, to be taken and paid for when fat. When Mr. Lazarus came for the animal, Jones said he would like to have a fore-quarter for his own use. Mr. Lazarus willingly accepted the order, and after the bullock was slaughtered, delivered the meat. A few days later Jones went to town, called on Lazarus, and as preliminary to a settlement asked for his bill. "Dot's all right Mr. Jones; I haf the bill already made out. Here you are." Mr. Jones read:

Mr. Jones, Dr., to Jacob Lazarus—

To one quarter of beef, 185 lbs. at 10c	$18 50
By credit, one bullock	16 00
Balance due	$2 50

"Good heavens, Lazarus, you get three quarters of the beef, the hide, tallow and offal, and bring me in debt $2 50! How's that, old man?"

"Ah, Mr. Jones, that beef was sheap at 10c a pound."

"But, Lazarus, you only gave me $16 for the whole bullock."

"Ah, but Jones, dot's pizniss, pizniss, don't you see?"

"Well, Lazarus, next time I have a fat bullock I'll kill it myself, use one quarter and throw away the rest, and then I will save $2.50. You see?"

"Ah! ah! but dot's not pizniss; farmers should not be butchers—dot's bad!

The State Agricultural Society.

Farm, Stock and Home.

The board of managers of the Minnesota State Agricultural Society has done for the society and for the people of the state at large a work which entitles it to a unanimous vote of thanks. It is in condition to submit a correct report of the society's financial affairs to its next annual meeting. At all events, the report will be as nearly correct as the loose methods practiced by its executive officers make possible. There may yet some liabilities materialize which the industry and thoroughness of the managers have failed to find, for the methods referred to make it impossible to know the exact indebtedness of the society until bills stop coming in. The following analysis of the report is submitted:

The annual report for 1887 showed an unquestioned surplus at the close of that year of $4,193.23. To this was added the state annual appropriation of $4,000, making a surplus for 1888 of $8,193.23. The report for 1888, to the correctness of which the state auditing board solemnly attested, showed a surplus of resources over liabilities of $3,886.40. This was shown by Farm, Stock and Home at the time to be erroneous to the extent of $4,000 at least. The report to be submitted to the next annual meeting will show that the deficiency for 1888 was $5,279.02, and that the last official report of the secretary of the society came within $9,165.42 of the truth! At the beginning of 1889 the society was $5,279.02 in debt; it is now in that condition to the tune of $17,031.02! showing an apparent loss for the year of $12,752 00. The total receipts of the society for 1889 were $46,708.31. Of this sum $2,436.51 was in the hands of the treasurer at the beginning of the year; $4,000 was given by the state, and $2,182.75 was realized from rentals of grounds and stables, and sales of property, making the actual earnings of the fair $38,089.05. The expenses for the year reach the enormous total of $55,023.60. Therefore, while the apparent loss for the year was $12,752.00, the real loss to the society and the people was $21,363.26. There was charged to permanent improvements, however, $5,010.93; but that only served to make wear and tear good, it added nothing to former value of property.

The aggravating feature of this unfortunate outcome lies in the fact that there was no natural nor unfavorable reasons for it. It would be impossible to conceive of better weather for a fair than prevailed while the one under consideration was being held, and the preceding season had been unusually productive of farm crops of all kinds; therefore neither weather nor crop-failure can be held responsible.

There was paid for premiums, including plate, medals, etc., $9,157.13; showing that it took about $5.00 to pay a $1.00 premium on a farm product, manifestly too much. Entrance fees to the races yielded $2,889 50; but the stakes amounted to $6,951 50, which may well raise reasonable doubts as to the gain in revenue from horse racing. It cost for advertising, bill posting, etc., $9,310.29, while the receipts from sale of tickets, including grand stand tickets, were but $30,210.00, showing that considerably less than 60,000 paying visitors were in attendance during the eight days of the fair, or say an average of 7,000 a day. In view of the fact that within a radius of ten miles of the grounds probably 500,000 people live, the conclusion is forced that the money devoted to advertising was not judiciously nor intelligently expended, or that the attractions offered did not warrant such an expenditure. The military display, which it is safe to say did not influence the sale of $10 worth of tickets, cost the society nearly $4,000. Police service cost $2,176.63, at least five times more than was necessary. The machinery department is said to have cost nearly $4,000, besides 800 deadhead tickets, though not a dollar is paid by it for premiums. But we must stop particularizing.

Suffice it to say that never before were the society's affairs so loosely, so recklessly run. The fears that were freely expressed by careful, conservative men when the present president was elected, that he would swamp the society by mismanagement and extravagance, have been more than realized! Fifty-six thousand dollars expended to provide for the entertainment of about that number of people, at 50 cents a head, is a bit of managerial incompetency absolutely unparalleled, and would hopelessly bankrupt a Barnum or a Forepaugh in much less than a single season.

Equipped as the Minnesota state fair grounds are, with ample and substantial buildings, $40,000 is certainly enough to run a state fair; some level headed members of the society say that $30,000 is enough; then who will attempt to justify an expenditure of over $50,000, exclusive of the sum charged to permanent improvements? It is simply sickening to contemplate. Mr. Bushnell cannot escape responsibility for the society's enormous loss of the past year. No preceding president ever put so much of his individuality into the work as did the present one; none to the same extent ever usurped the powers and duties of his associate officials. He evidently was playing for glory; if he won, his was to be the glory, to be shared by none. Hence he was impatient of advice, deaf to counsel, and stubbornly self-opinionated. But no matter; the record is made; it needs no elaboration.

At considerable length we have given the present financial condition of the society, and a few of the causes which produced it. Our object is to excite such an interest in the state's local agricultural societies that they will send reliable, earnest delegates to the next annual meeting of the society. If there is not sufficient motive in the figures herewith presented to induce a large attendance from the country, inspired with a determination to put the society into the hands of competent, faithful men; men who have some idea of our agricultural needs, tastes and forces; men who possess the respect of the agriculturists of the state, and who will be likely to lift the society out of the slough it is now in, then we may as well confess that we have no need of a state agricultural society, and steps should be taken at once to disband it. The next annual meeting is to be held at St. Paul, in connection with a farmers' institute, January 14th, 15th and 16th. But the 14th, or the second Tuesday in the month, is the legal business day, including the election of officers, etc. Therefore delegates must be on hand on the first day of the session.

Letter From An Engineer.

The Great West.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 20th, 1889.

DR. E. W. FISH:

Sir:—"Your figuring on railroad building is not very clear. I think it is off, and you don't I presume. But you must figure rolling stock and right of way. This is the big item, and suppose you try on that." * * *

ENGINEER.

All right, suppose we do. "Engineer" asks a fair and proper thing, and we shall be glad to do a little figuring. If he takes down the report of the railways to the commissioners he will find that cheap roads lay out about $2,000 per mile for equipment. Some use less, though not much less. Let us see. This will figure up for a 200 mile road $400,000. Some branch roads of from 75 to 100 miles have four light engines, 75 freight cars, five coaches, a few flats and say three cabooses, and 25 hand cars. Here is a lay out much less than $2,000 to a mile. Other roads put on an equipment of $5,000 a mile, and there are few—a very few—which run up to $10,000. But these are east lines doing an enormous business. $3,000 a mile is a reasonable estimate.

Right of way is generally secured by appraisement and purchase, by gift, or by stock in the road. A road requires about eight acres to the mile. The western land will not average $8 to the acre—call it 15. This calls for the enormous outlay of $120 to the mile. Damages amount to something, but gifts and frauds will balance that account. So it seems very difficult, in our calculations, taking the contracts now in our desk, to find a place for $10,000 to the mile for building an ordinary western road.

Now, about the station buildings Suppose a road had a station every eight miles and was two hundred miles long. This would be twenty-five buildings, and at an average of $1,500 each—a large estimate—and we have an expense of $188 to the mille. Make it $250 to the mile and with an insignificant mileage cost, you have a station of an average cost of $2,000.

No, sir, Mr. Engineer, figure as you will, you cannot make a western road, with an average lay of three foot rise and three foot fall, with nine foot rise and fall every fourth mile, cost over $10,000 to the mile. We expect you to refer to bridges. By bridges we mean really "trestles," as few roads have bridges (in the west) which are not built by companies. It takes a huge trestle to be a technical "bridge." The average cost of trestles, from 20 to 150 feet long, is $1,000, and if a road have one to every five miles, the average cost is but $200 to the mile. So you see we are still within the $10,000 a mile limit.

Ask us some more questions. It is this spirit of investigation that gets at the truth of things.

Maine Farmer: "The Register may just as well own up to facts. It never knew a Holstein cow, or a cow of any other breed giving a flow of milk remarkable above its kind that was a rich milk. No hundred-pounds-a-day Holstien ever gave rich milk, and the Register knows it.

The Register delights to own up to facts. That is what it is published for. Nothing suits it better. It simply does not propose to own up to notions of jockies and theorists, old or new. The facts are these: First, cows of the same breed, in the same condition, fed in the same manner, vary in quantity and quality of milk; second, those giving the largest quantity are quite apt to give the richest quality. Or, in the words of our former note, which the Farmer criticises: "The quality of milk depends on breed, feed, health, treatment, period of milking, etc. but so far as our observations have extended, never on the quantity given." "Hundred-pounds-a-day" Holstein-Friesians, as a rule, are fed and trained for quantity of milk, but if fed and trained for quality they are quite apt to succeed in that line. We call the Farmer's attention to the great cow, Clothilde, that in her time exceeded all others for quantity, and after a very brief period of training, carried away the great butter prize at that extraordinary trial of the breeds, a few years ago, at the Dairy Show in New York City. We might refer to many other examples equally striking, and no doubt we could find them in every breed, had we time for research. Long enough have our dairymen been taught the falsehood, that a cow that gives a small quantity of milk necessarily gives rich milk, or that a cow that gives a large quantity necessarily gives a poor quality. We repeat. "It is an old jockey chestnut." and the reason why it has been accepted and taught, is because men have assumed that a cow cannot be good for two purposes. Theorists draw their conclusions after this fashion: "A draft horse cannot be a trotting horse, a dump cart cannot be a trotting sulky," therefore a good milker cannot be a great butter maker or a good beef animal. It i time practical observers hooted such logic out of the world.

Red Lake Falls News: Telesphore St. John went to Tacoma a month ago intending to settle there, and send for his family. Yesterday he returned very much disgusted with the country. Reports even a lack of employment. Ten men for every job, he says. He has now decided to remain in Red Lake Falls, as he prefers this country. It is strange how many are of the same opinion after trying both. Telesphore saw Adam Crist there. Adam is flourishing on the start he got of Dunc Terry and is lounging away the time, enjoying the luxuries of life.

Le Sueur Sentinel: Minneapolis men are now working up a project to build a ship canal from that city to Duluth; but, of course, they will ask large Government aid. It is a gigantic enterprise, but one that ought to be carried to completion. It would aid other parts of the State than Minneaplis.

Build it to the Red River! And still come the schemes to build up and aggrandise the cities—but the poor farmer can "fish or cut bait." The farmer's sweat has been crystalized into two great cities. Now let the farmers have a chance.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSRTOMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long,	$4.00
" " Striped " " "	6.0C
" " " " " "	7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " "	8.00
" " " " " " "	9.00
" " Black or Brown " " "	10.00
" " " " " " "	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

I RING THE FIRST BELL!

To Announce the Opening of my New

Holiday Stock

AND INVITE YOU TO CALL

And Inspect my NEW LINES OF CHOICE NOVELTIES,

Especially Adapted for Christmas and Wedding Presents.

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,

ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

A DAILY PAPER

FOR

$2.00 Per Year, or $1.00 for Six Months.

Best and Cheapest in the Field.

$2 The "Wonderful Offer" of THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS $1

Expired Jan. 1st, but a very liberal offer is still open. Until further notice, we will send THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS by mail for one year on receipt of

Two Dollars,

OR

Six Months for $1.00

This offer is one-half the regular rate and is made temporarily only.

The News is an Evening 4-page, 8 column paper five days in the week and an 8-page paper one day in the week. It contains all the news. It makes a specialty of Market Reports, giving the markets of the current day of issue. Send for sample copies. Address

DAILY NEWS, St. Paul, Minn.

January 1, 1890.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, —with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A. aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

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Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 23, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	63.
No. 1 Northern	61.
No. 2 "	56.
No. 3 "	50.
Rejected	

'Round Home.

Att'y Ed George has been wrestling with the grip.

Att'y R. A. Wilkinson was up from St. Paul this week.

Pretty cold sort of weather if this is what you call an "open winter."

Alexander McKinnon has been having a severe siege with the prevaling disorder.

Commissioner Kirsch is a victim of the grip. Looks as though he had been drawn through a knot hole.

Dr. Dampier took a relapse last week and has been a very sick man. He is reported to be gaining slowly.

Postmaster Dawley expects to receive his commission as soon as his new bonds get to Washington and are approved.

"Come and help us" is the cry coming from all localities in Polk County. The farmers are awaking to the necessity for organization.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander McKinnon are called upon to mourn the loss of their little baby girl who died on Friday of last week aged about three months.

$64.14 Crookston to New Orleans and return via the Northern Pacific. Proportionately low rates to the City of Mexico and all other southern cities. Call on E. L. Harrison, Agent, for full information.

L. I. Benoit sports the dandy delivery rig. The horse wears a cow bell and the driver is dressed in a regular snow shoe club uniform. Looks like a clown —but he ain't.

Mayor J. W. Lilly has advertised his house for sale and is making preparations to return to his old southern home. Expects to go into business in Louisville, Ky., in the spring.

Good Union cassamere overcoats at $3.50, $4.00, $4 50 and $5.00, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

That superannuated old chestnut "Uncle Tom's Cabin" was inflicted upon a long suffering public at the opera house on Thursday evening of last week. It was rendered in a very ordinary style.

Tom Morris left last week for Waupon, Wis., where he was to be united for life to Miss Nellie Heath, of that place on Wednesday Jan. 22d. The happy couple will, after a brief bridal tour return and occupy rooms at Mrs. M. B. Hayes. We wish them joy in advance.

Good Vermont gray overcoats $2, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Prof. John Allison left on Sunday evening for Ada, where he was to speak on Monday evening. On Saturday he went out to Mentor and helped to organize a large Alliance at that place. He says the farmers here evince a wonderful interest in the work and thinks we shall have an Alliance in every town before next fall.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN McLEAN.

Mr. Ira D. Blanchard deserves great credit for the determined manner in which he has persistently fought the Blair Sunday bill ever since it was first introduced into Congress. He has talked against, worked against it, got up petitions against it, and now that Mr. Blair has re-introduced it Mr. Blanchard is hard at it again.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

We have a number of copies of the constitution and bylaws of the State Alliance, and the constitution of the sub-Alliance for distribution to any who may wish to use them in forming an Alliance. Call at this office or send a two cent stamp for a copy. Now is the time to join the grand movement. Thousands of farmers in the United States are catching on every day. Organize.

Don't neglect to secure a first-class weekly and daily paper while you can receive both at less than the price for the daily. TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY FIVE cents secures you the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News. This offer is only for a limited time. Subject to withdrawal on ten days notice. Call early and avoid the rush.

Prof. John Allison went over to Andover last Thursday to assist in organizing an Alliance for that town. A good strong Alliance composed of the leading farmers of the town was formed. Although the day was extremely cold the school house was filled to overflowing with earnest, representative farmers, all anxious to help on the good work. Most of them came on foot, preferring to walk rather than to keep their teams standing in the cold during the meeting.

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.

[84-tf] W. G. COOKE.

Death of Arthur Yvernault.

On Sunday afternoon, at about four o'clock, Mr. Arthur Yvernault died at his residence on Main street, aged about 43 years. Mr. Yvernault was one of Crookston's oldest inhabitants, coming in the summer of 1872. He was for awhile, we believe, a clerk for Leo. Peugnet, with whom he soon formed a partnership which continued until the death of Mr. Peugnet, which occurred Sept. 26th, 1878. Mr. Yvernault filled the office of county auditor several terms, as well as the office of county treasurer. He built up a large mercantile business and conducted it up to within a few years when he went into the wholesale liquor business, in which business he was engaged at the time of his death. His mother died in France last September, we are told, and we believe he had no other relatives living. The funeral obsequies were conducted at St. Ann's church on Tuesday, and all that is earthly of Arthur Yvernault were consigned to the grave. The days of his early manhood were spent in the upbuilding of this city, and now, in his prime, he is called to go, and those who have known him so long and well will know him no more forever.

John Cromb has been appointed administrator of the Yvernault estate.

Dr. DeMars, of Hallock, was in attendance on the funeral of his old friend, A. Yvernault, on Tuesday.

Attorney P. G. Falardeau was down from Red Lake Falls on Saturday last, greeting his many friends in the city.

Mrs. J. B. Copeland contemplates a visit to friends in the east soon. Expects, if nothing occurs to prevent, to start on Saturday.

The Executive committee of the Farmers' Alliance met in St. Paul on Tuesday, and fixed upon Thursday, March 4th, as the day for the next annual meeting of the Alliance.

Rariton Chinchilla over coats $3.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Geo. McManus went up to McIntosh last Thursday with Dr. Dunlop to see his mother who was sick. George found his mother able to travel and brought her to this city for continued medical treatment.

The Committee Report.

CROOKSTON, Jan. 21, 1890.

GENTLEMEN:—We, the committee appointed at a former meeting to confer with Mr. John W. Perley with regard to building a saw mill in the city of Crookston, respectfully report that we have conferred with Mr. Perley and have received from him a written proposition, which we herewith submit for your consideration and recommend.

Very respectfully yours,
M. R. BROWN.
JOHN R. MCKINNON.

The following is Mr. Perley's proposition, viz:

ST. PAUL, Jan. 16, 1890.

To the Mayor and Common Council of the city of Crookston, Minn.:

GENTLEMEN:—Having learned that you desire the erection of a saw mill in your city, respectfully make the following proposition for your consideration: I propose to erect a saw mill in your city, provided with all the necessary equipments for cutting and preparing for market one hundred thousand feet of lumber per day, such mill to be provided substantially with the following machinery: The power is to comprise four boilers of a nominal rating of one hundred and sixty horse power, two engines of sufficient capacity to run all the machinery in the mill; the machinery to comprise one double circular saw with band saw, edgers, trimmers, cut-off saw, shingle and lath mill, and such other machinery as may be needed to properly and economically work up the lumber refuse for market. The mill to be ready for work by the first day of September, 1890. A planing mill is to be put in at a later date but, as soon as necessary for the use of the mill. The boilers and engines are to be set in a good nice building, with metal roof. The mill proper to be of wood, all to be erected on good substantial foundations and made complete in all respects.

And I further propose that the mill shall be run after the year 1890, to cut ten million feet of lumber each year, when logs can be procured at such rate as to leave a fair margin of profit to the owners of the mill.

This proposition is upon the condition, first, the city of Crookston, or such parties as may be interested in the construction of the mill, shall donate to myself or to the mill company, the sum of twenty thousand dollars in cash, or in good and negotiable bonds of the city of Crookston, which can be negotiated at par. In addition to such donation there shall be provided for the company a suitable mill site, having sufficient ground for the storage of logs and piling of lumber, and convenient of access to railroads; such site to be provided at a cost to the company not to exceed the sum of three thousand dollars.

The company shall also be provided with shore rights within five miles of the mill site, to the amount of one and one-half miles in a continuous line, such shore rights to be provided at a cost to the company not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars. I further propose that any reliable citizens of your city are to be allowed to hold stock in the mill company to the amount of ten to twenty thousand dollars, and would respectfully request that your citizens may take this amount of stock in order to give a more substantial home interest in the enterprise, as well as to give the public assurance that the mill will be run in the interest of your city and not as an outside monopoly.

Very respectfully,
JOHN W. PERLEY.

The report of the committee and the proposition of Mr. Perley were adopted by the meeting unanimously, without a single dissenting voice. The secretary was instructed to notify Mr. Perley of the acceptance of his proposition. H. Steenerson, Wm. Watts and John McLean were appinted as a committee to draft memorials to congress for the speedy and immediate ratification by congress of the treaty negotiated with the Chippewa Indians, for opening the Red Lake Indian Reservation, and to ask congress, through Congressman Comstock, for an appropriation to build a dam at the mouth of Red Lake, for the purpose of aiding navigation on the lower Red River.

ROCKSBURY, Jan. 15, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I am very much pleased with the interest you take in the organization of the farmers of this county. I also notice with pleasure that you have turned your County Relief Association into a County Alliance, under the regulations of the State Alliance. I have great faith in organization. I feel confident that if the farmers will only take hold in dead earnest and try to help themselves, which they can only do through thorough organization, the time is not far distant when farmers can say: "This cost me so much and I must have some profits, or I can't live. I will sell it for so much!" If the farmers of the United States had only the "cheek" to ask it and the grit and spirit of tenacity to stick to it, they could have a dollar per bushel for their next crop of wheat, and their own price for everything else that they had to sell. This idea that the world's market establishes a price on all of our farm produce below the actual cost of production is, to say the least, somewhat strange. But I suppose it is because WE, the farmers, buy at protective prices and sell at free trade prices, not being organized for self-protection.

It is a fact, however, that according to our recording offices for real and personal property, delinquent taxes, &c., we are in a quagmire plum up to our ears, and it will take vigorous kicking on our part (we have had others to kick for us long enough) to get out. We organized a few township alliances about here some years ago, but they have sank into the abyss of despair. If we could get a speaker to St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls it might be possible to revive them.

We had a great time in selling our wheat here this fall, most of us having either to ship or haul it ten miles beyond our own market place (St. Hilaire) to Red Lake Falls. Some of my neighbors could only get 35 cents per bushel for their wheat at St. Hilaire, took it to Red Lake Falls and got 60 cents for it. I hauled my wheat to Red Lake Falls, making only about six cents above St. Hilaire prices, but most of those who hauled their wheat to Red Lake Falls made from eight to fifteen cents above St. Hilaire prices. Those who shipped to Duluth claim to have made from twelve to twenty-one cents per bushel above the St. Hilaire prices. As to grade, well, the State has fixed that, and done it nobly, robbing the half-naked, half-starved farmers of the Northwest of at least $100,000 on one crop, and stuck it into the already over-full pockets of the elevator companies.

Well, to conclude, I regret I could not be present at the farmers' meetings in Crookston, but—well, "I couldn't have helped you any; you got along just as well without me!" There it is again; one of the very worst stumbling blocks in the way of farmers organization. "Well, it is of no use!" "It won't help me any!" "I can't do anything anyway!" It is about time for farmers to know that they can't do anything single handed, but be a contemptible slave, to be looked down upon and disrespected by every one. Seems to me they do not need the experience of another thousand years to teach them that.

C. A. JOHNSON.

Proceedings of City Council.

REGULAR MEETING, HELD JAN. 14, 1889.

President Watts in the chair.

Members present—Aldermen Childs, Lally, Steenerson, Morrisey, Bjoin and Buhn.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

Moved by Alderman Lally, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the City Clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for repairing the Broadway bridge according to plans and specifications to be furnished by the City Engineer. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the report of the City Attorney with reference to sidewalks, be accepted and adopted. Carried.

The quarterly report of Justice Lewis and Justice Spendley were, on motion, accepted and ordered placed on file.

The following report was presented by the finance committee:

To the Honorable City Council of the city of Crookston:

Your Finance Committee and Comptroller, to whom was referred the question of replenishing the general fund temporarily, recommend that the amount of five thousand dollars ($5,000) be withdrawn and borrowed from the permanent improvement fund and placed to the credit of the general fund, to be replaced and paid by the general fund out of the first funds received from the county treasurer creditable to the said general fund, and until such amount is fully paid.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the report be accepted and adopted. Carried unanimously.

The report of the finance committee was presented and adopted by a unanimous vote.

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

A. A. Olds, painting and papering city hall	$25 00
Ole Humery, paid for labor	12 75
W. S. Mott & Co., mdse	4 00
G. S. Spendley, justice fees	8 80
G. W. Lewis, mdse	1 60
do do justice fees	15 20
M. Rauenbuehler,	18 00
J. A. Brohn, boarding pauper	17 50
Holmboe & Larson, mdse	5 84
H. B. Hayes, mdse to poor	10 15
S. Bashon, boarding pauper	3 50
E. Allard, boarding Harry Bennett	25 00
Red River Lumber Co., wood	2 00
W. E. Walker, mdse	5 85
Young Bros., wood	1 00
Munn Bros., labor	5 50

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Childs, that the bills of Lancaster & Brown, amounting to $7.50, and S. L. Collins for $3, be allowed. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that the bill of J. H. Berg, amounting to $5.25 for boarding prisoners, be allowed. Carried.

The bill of W. H. Crann, amounting to $35.00, for rebate on taxes, was rejected.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that bill No. 267, of M. Van Dyke, for $30, and also of $25, be allowed as full payment for bill for medical attendance allowed at last meeting for $25. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Lally, that the City Treasurer be instructed to carry a sufficient amount to the credit of the 5th ward fund from undivided ward funds to make the total amount credited to the 5th ward fund from the tax of 1888, $293.71, in lieu of $93.18 as at present credtted to 5th ward fund.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Lally, that the proposed amendment relating to the licensing of dogs be referred to Aldermen Morrisey and Buhn. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Lally, that the sum of $10 per month be allowed Andrew Carlson for boarding Hermen Spitz for the ensuing month. Carried.

The City Attorney was instructed to place on file for record the deed from B. LeDuc and wife to the city. Carried.

The following resolution was offered by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Morrisey:

Whereas, It has been reported to this council that one James Peyten, who committed a deadly assault upon our Chief of Police, and for which crime was sentenced by the District Court to seven years imprisonment at hard labor was taken from the State's prison at Stillwater to the insane asylum at St. Peter, and from there made his escape while out walking on the street without an attendant; be it

Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Gov. Merriam by our clerk with a request that he report to this council as to the facts in the case and as to the rules governing the transfer of prisoners from the penitentiary to the insane asylum.

Ayes—Alderman Watts, Childs, Lally, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, Buhn and Steenerson.

Nays—None.

On motion council adjourned.

JOHN PATERSON, City Clerk.

THE HERALD
HAS NOW THE ONLY COMPLETE
BOOK BINDERY
IN GRAND FORKS COUNTY.
SEND IN YOUR MAGAZINES,
NEWSPAPER FILES OR
ANY BLANK BOOK WORK
—OR ORDERS FOR—
OFFICE SUPPLIES,
Notary and Corporation Seals, Rubber Stamps, Stationery
Letter Presses, Inks, Etc.
A FULL LINE OF LEGAL BLANKS.
Address THE HERALD,
GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

RED LAKE FALLS, Jan. 19, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I enclose list of members of Red Lake Falls branch of the Merchants' Retail Commercial Agency. They all came in with a rush and are very enthusiastic:

Members—Joseph Smith & Co., Joseph Helm, J. C. Heuler, Hunt & McClatchie, Chas. Langevin, Red Lake Falls News, Red Lake Falls Gazette, W. A. Schrieter, Redmond & Morin, Marian Bro's, Eli Lasha.

President—Joseph Smith.
Vice-President—Chas. Langevin.
Treasurer—J. C. Heuler.
Secretary—Frank E. Hunt.
Executive Board—Chas. Langevin, J. J. Redmond, James Mehan, Jr., Joseph Helm, W. A. Schrieter.

Yours, respectfully,
GEO. H. ESTABROOKE.

Mens suits, 2,000 complete suits to choose from. Come early and get the best selection.

C. O. D. CLOTHING HOUSE.

Crookston Alliance, No. 648.

Crookston Alliance has received its charter, which is numbered 648 and will proceed to organize on Monday next. The mayor has kindly tendered the use of the council room for the occasion, and all farmers, those who signed for the charter as well as those who did not should be present and join. A petition in relation to option gambling will be presented for signatures. There should be a good turn out.

Children's suits $1.
Children's overcoat $1.
Children's winter caps 10c.
Boys' suits age 13 to 17, $2.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Last week the following dispatch from New York appeared in the St. Paul papers:

"Money has been secured to build the Duluth, Crookston and Northern road from Duluth northwest to the international boundary line with branches from Crookston west to the Red River and from Crookston southeast to Brainerd, Minn."

KILLED OR FROZEN.

LUDVIG ANDERSON MEETS DEATH IN A MYSTERIOUS MANNER.

Thief River Falls Press.

A farmer by the name of Ludvig Anderson, living about four miles this side of St. Hilaire, is reported to us as being found dead Friday morning. It appears that he had been ill for a number of days and had gone to St. Hilaire for some medicine and then started for home. This was the last seen of him when alive. His wife was expecting him home but as he had not returned at a late hour, concluded that he had stopped over at some house on the way home for the night. The next morning on arising she was horrified to find the dead body of her husband by the side of the hay stack where the oxen were also. Upon investigation it was found that the reins were twisted around the body of the unfortunate man in such a manner as would go to show that he had been dragged to death, but it is not known, positively, whether this was the manner in which he met his death, or whether he was frozen, or died with the disease of which he had been ailing.

A Big Sacrifice.

In order to wind up our business verything must be closed out at once.

J. H. & A. LOCKEN.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.50
North Star	2 25
Fife	2 00
Skip Jack	1 85

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

Hon. Geo. R. Roberts returned to his home at Stephen, last week from a visit to the capitol of the nation. Probably he gazed into the House of Reps to see how it will seem when, for faithful labors performed in the State Legislature, his constituents shall promote him to the National body.

Mississippi Valley Lumberman: J. W. Perley met a committee of business men of Crookston, Minn., consisting of M. R. Brown, Wm. Watts and John McKinnon, in Minneapolis on Monday last, in relation to a new saw mill which he proposes to build at Crookston. The mill will have a capacity of 100,000 feet a day, and Mr. Perley hopes to get it in operation during the coming sawing season.

Drowned in a Well.

Red Lake Falls Gazette, Jan. 18.

Yesterday morning there was a sad fatality out in the Black River neighborhood, which leaves several children and a father to mourn the untimely and cruel taking away of the mother. Tuesday morning Mr. Hennesy went away to his day's labor, leaving his wife and seven children at home. Early in the afternoon Mrs. Hennesy went to the well—which was a shallow one, two barrels placed one over the other for curbing—to draw a pail of water, and it is supposed dropped the bucket and in endevoring to regain it, lost her balance and was precipitated head first into the well. The eldest child, noticing the lengthy absence of the mother, went in search of her and soon made the frightful discovery. A neighbor was immediately called but the body could not be extricated for some time as it was still and cold and much bloated and was tightly wedged in the ice cased well.

WANTED.

A good man or boy to work on farm. Apply at once to M. E. Bartlett, Section 9, Fairfax, or at THE JOURNAL office.

Bargains, Bargains, Bargains.

If you appreciate a bargain call and see J. H. & A. Locken while their stock lasts. We are positively selling everything without regard to cost to close out our stock as we are going out of business. Now is your time to secure the best bargains ever offered in this city. Don't take our word for it but come and see for yourselves.

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 48. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

Wanted.

To sell immediately. My dwelling house and lot in Crookston.
[39-tf] J. W. LILLY.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

Wanted.

Four 4-year-old mares, 14 hundred pounds each, on Wells Farm Beltrami.

Apply to,
A. NOBLE,
[40-41] Manager.

You can secure a choice cow or heifer if you call on me before they are all sold.

W. G. COOKE, JOURNAL Office.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending January 18th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Anderson, Mikel
Jorgenson, Mrs Karl
Johnson, S M
Johnson, C H
Nevers, D M
Nelson, Ester
Plazer, Geo
Tunell, Albert
Vierling, M J
Wickum, Hans H

ALEX. MCKINNON, P. M.

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine

IMPORTED MILLINER GOODS

From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.

[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.

MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING MUST GO.

FUR GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, Opposite the Merchants National Bank.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

The Duluth Evening Herald, one of the brightest of our exchanges, has secured the services of Dwight E. Woodbridge as managing editor. Mr. W. is one of the old time citizens of Duluth and has had much experience in the troublous sea of journalism in the Zenith city—howbeit he always rides the top-most wave. Herald is an excellent paper and is now in good hands.

We are frequently asked by Alliance men "What shall we do to keep up the interest of our meetings?" Well, in order to be the most successful we should say that you should keep posted on what is going on in the State and National Alliance work. We will do all that a local paper can do to keep our readers posted but every Alliance should have at least one copy of the new Alliance paper published at St. Paul, the Great West. There is also published at Chicago a grand Alliance paper, the Western Rural, which is full of live suggestions that every farmer should know. A copy of each of the above papers and a good reader in every Alliance would furnish abundant topics for discussion even though your Alliance should meet every week, and right here we would suggest the advisability of a weekly meeting during the winter months wherever practicable, as there is plenty of work to do. The subscription price of the Great West is $1 a year We will furnish it with The Journal for $2. The regular price of the Rural is $1.50. We will furnish it with The Journal for $2 50. In reality every farmer should have these papers, but one or two in every Alliance is better than to have none. In this war the farmer must keep himself posted on current events, for in no other way can he cope with an enemy who keeps fully advised of every movement of the farmer. The two papers we mention make a specialty of these matters, and hence are invaluable to the farmer, for they are in a position to see and understand what is transpiring against the interests of farming, and are are not a bit backward in exposing every fraud they see. We can see no better means for keeping up the interest.

An article in the last issue of that staunch farmers friend the Kittson County Enterprise, show how very easy it is for men, even though actuated by the very best of motives to make mistakes. Editor Love quotes portions of the article on the Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners in our issue of Jan. 9th and then accuses us of "upholding the commission;" there is absolutely nothing in our article warranting such a conclusion as his reaches, as he could plainly see had he done us the justice to publish our article in full. We have never claimed that the affairs have been so well administered as to give the benefits which the originators sought, and we have repeatedly ridiculed the idea of expecting it under the system, because the manner of creating it precludes the possibility. The creation of the Board was intended to provide a friend at court for the farmer, but after having done well enough, as far as they went, the originators closed the door of hope against the farmer by putting the matter entirely into the hands of politicians—expecting to see a business board created in that way! What better results could you wish to see attained than has been secured by the Iowa Board? Was it not the efforts of that Board that brought the railroads to time in the matter of freights and was that not beneficial to the people? Could not our Board do the same thing, and would not that be of benefit to the people of the Red River Valley? How can you expect to accomplish anything when the originators were afraid to make a business board in the outset, but had to make it composed of two members of the party which should be in power when the Board should be appointed and one from the opposite party? Can you tell us any good reason why the creation of that Board should be a political question? Its end and aim is to help the farmers, but after you have created it at great expense you go to work and handicap it in the start,—in fact render it utterly impossible to do us any good by placing it in the hands of politicians to construct to suit their own political ambitions. If you devise a better plan, all right, we'll join you heartily, but we believe the experiment of sweeping it entirely out of existence, as poor as it is, without providing any substitute whatever, would cause such a weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth as never was heard before in the land. We have got to have some friend at court to look out for our interests or we might just as well quit at once, and better and it seems to us that instead of going recklessly to work to cut the throats of friends and foes regardless, we should use discrimination, using all that is good and rejecting the evil. We have been drawn into this work through the conditions which exist, with malice toward no one, with no foes to punish, and with hopes of no reward, except to see that day when the producer in this country can obtain his just rights. We believe this is perfectly feasible but in order to be successful we believe that the friends of the movement must act in unison, allowing no discords to mar its harmony and destroy its usefulness. We do not believe the abolition of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission is what we need, but that it needs a thorough and effective overhauling seems too apparent to need further discussion.

O. H. Lucken Defeated.

The President has sent the name of Marcus Johnson, a wealthy young bachelor residing near St. Paul, to the Senate for confirmation as collector of customs for Minnesota, while Ole H. Lucken, the faithful old soldier, who offered his life in the defense of this government, gets left! Mr. Lucken is a representative man of the Fifth District, a district that has always been solidly republican, and his defeat is a personal affront to every republican in his district. He is a capable, honest and efficient man and the salary of the collector would have been a grand help to the worthy old soldier, whereas the receipient, being a very wealthy man does not need it. Where is the promises of the government "to care for the old soldier and his family?" Where is our boasted principle of giving those offices to our faithful old soldiers everything else being equal? The more we reflect upon these things the more we are impressed with the idea that President Harrison, if he has the interest of the country at stake might well take heed to the letters from the people which may come up to the throne. He has made several grand mistakes all of which he might have been spared, if he was not apparently so afraid some plebian member of the "common people" would dictate to him. Joel Heatwole's letter was sound to the core, was timely and well-meant and stated the exact facts in every particular, and the party leaders, who now so flippantly ridicule his "presumption in daring to address the throne" and tell the truth will find this out some day.

The February Wide Awake opens with a good Persian ballad, "Abu Said," by Mary E. Bradley, followed by a stirring episode of Western military life by Lieutenant Fremont, entitled "Snowshoe Thompson." There is an inspiring story of Greek boy-life, by Mrs. Knight, "A Boyhood in Athens," showing the effect of keeping a good ideal before a young lad's eyes. G. Hamlen tells a bright instance of a young girl's presence of mind in her story of "The Frogsleigh Mikado," and Mrs. Fremont will interest all readers with her account of "Kit Carson," in the second of her "Will and Way Stories." Grant Allen concludes his serial, "Wednesday the Tenth," in triumph; Mr. Stoddard in his serial of "A Rough Boy" is proving that young Gid Granger is "no slouch." The Norse serial by Boyesen comes to a close with the escape of the "Vikings' sons" from the grip of a real bear. Miss McLeod's second Acadian story is finished. One of the very best of John Brownjohn's stories is given in the School Series, "The Wicked Waterbury Clock." Mrs. White gives artistic girls a good business hint in her article on Dressmaking in the "Business Openings" series. Mrs. Claflin's Margaret-Patty letter is full of subtle social wisdom. Alexander Black's "Confessions of an Amateur Photographer" is piquant reading. "Men and Things" abounds with good original anecdotes and curious lore. The poems of the number are by Mrs. Whiton-Stone, Mary E. Bradley, Mrs. M. F. Butts, Clinton Scollard and Martha Young; "A Sad Case," one of the best of the long poems, is very amusing in text and pictures by Gordon Browne, the popular English artist.

Wide Awake is $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston.

Last week The Journal called attention to the evils of option gambling, suggesting that steps be taken to put a stop to it. We have just received from Secretary Haigh the following petition, which is being circulated among the Alliances for signatures. Every Alliance in the county should at once make a copy on legal cap, get all the signatures possible, and forward it to Senator C. K. Davis, Senate Chamber, Washington, D. C. The following is the

PETITION.

To Senator C. K. Davis,
Washington, D. C.

We, farmers, respectfully demand from Congress in session that they prohibit boards of trade, bucket shops and other mercantile bodies and individuals from fixing the value on the raw or manufactured produce of American farms by sales of promises of future deliveries of anything but the actual produce or manufacture. This will limit the amount sold to the amount of actual stuff being offered for sale, and if necessary those bodies shall see that each sale is covered by warehouse receipts, and that that is not used for more than one sale at one time. We respectfully ask that this short selling of stuff be prohibited or taxed out of existence, so as to permit us to obtain the value that we might get for our stuff as it alone may be offered for sale, or desired by purchasers or consumers; in this way enabling us to get something near the maximum price, without affecting consumption at home and abroad, and we most respectfully ask that all less important business be put aside until this most important question is righted, probably benefitting the greatest number of any bill before you, as our purchasing power will be largely increased, and we hope that you will have the nerve to promptly give us this prayed for relief.

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property.
[18-tf]

St. Paul News: "The Governor was a "one term" man when he sought the place but he is now for two terms and a Senatorial term thrown in." In another column Mr. Hall says: "Apparently the Governor looks to the liquor element for re-election on account of his opposition to temperance legislation as embodied in the high license law."

At this distance it looks as though, in his efforts to down Governor Merriam, Mr. Hall is largely overdoing the matter. Only a few days ago he republished a lot of stuff from the democratic Globe showing that Governor Merriam would not be a candidate for re-election. Almost in the same breath he gives utterance to the above to prove that the Governor is as fierce as a little wagon for re-election. We would like to know how he figures it that the "Governor was a one-term man when he sought the nomination." Governor Merriam never said or did anything to give that impression certainly. Early in the spring, preceeding the nomination, he was asked whether he was a candidate for Governor and his reply was that it depended upon circumstances. That if it was impossible to re-elect Governor McGill he saw no reason why he should not enter the lists and take his chances with other aspirants. He was persistently urged to enter the race by those who were bound to down McGill's backers, as he was known to be chuck full of energy, and it was thought that he was the man best calculated to lay out the McGill crowd. He did it so effectually that the old mossbacks havn't got over feeling sore about it yet. But there was nothing in that campaign to warrant the statement that it was necessarily a one-term campaign, if there was we would like to have it pointed out. If Mr. Hall was trying to work up a large-sized Merriam boom he could not do it more effectually than he has been doing all summer.

NO FARMERS' CANDIDATE.

President Sprague, of the Farmers' Alliance, Does not Think the Alliance Will put up a Candidate for Governor Next Year.

St. Paul Dispatch.

George W. Sprague, of Prosper, Minn., president of the Farmers' Alliance, was in the city Monday in attendance on the meeting of the State Agricultural Society. Mr. Sprague organized a Farmers' Alliance at Excelsior last evening. He says that the executive committee of that body will meet at the Clarendon on the 21st and make arrangements for their annual meeting. He does not anticipate that the Alliance will have any candidate for the governorship at the next election. Politics are very quiet with him.

Well, that's clever to say the least! To have a man who knows all about what the Alliance will do before that body has taken action upon the question. Is it possible that the Alliance is a jumping jack, with a string through its body to dance when one man plays on the string? It may be possible that the Alliance may not put forward a man as candidate for governor but we should think that a question for the Alliance itself to decide.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

HERE—WE—ARE!
Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.
Crookston, Minn.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock
—OF—
HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

Herald Printing and Binding.

The Herald has unrivalled facilities for executing all kinds of legal and commercial printing, blank book manufacturer and book binding. The bindery and job office have been fitted up with new machinery throughout, making the Herald plant the most complete in North Dakota. New lines of type and latest improved presses have been added to the job department, which is now under the management of a thoroughly experienced foreman, who has no superior as a mechanical or artistic printer. The foreman of the bindery is acknowledged to be the best book binder in the northwest, and with the superior facilities at its command, is prepared to do he finest and most satisfactory work in every branch of the art. The Herald also keeps in stock a full line of office supplies and stationery, affording purchasers the benefit of selection from a complete assortment. Also all the new forms of state legal blanks. All kinds of blank books manufactured, county and bank work a specialty. All orders promptly and accurately filled at reasonable prices. The Grand Forks Herald will occupy its new building, corner Third street and Kittson avenue, July 1st, 1890. See advertisement elsewhere in this issue.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W. Wile, Comptroller.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Edward H. Olson and George Vine, under the firm name of Vine & Olson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Edward H. Olson is to collect all monies owing to the firm and George Vine is to pay all bills of the firm, and is the successor of Vine & Olson.

Crookston, Jan. 7, 1890.

Edward H. Olson.
George Vine.
[38-40]

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES,
Notary Public
and U. S. Coms'r.

D. E. HATLESTAD,
District Court
Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

Wilkinson, Schmidt & O'Brien
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 23, 1890.

Our New Clubbing Offer.

We are pleased to announce that we have made arrangements with the St. Paul Daily News whereby we can offer that enterprising sheet for only 25 cents advance over our former offer. Thus, for new subscribers and

TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS we will send the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News for one year. We are prepared to make liberal inducements to all in arrears. Call early as this offer is subject to withdrawal at an early date.

County Commissioners Proceedings.

The board met in regular session Jan. 7th, 1890, and organized by electing Hugh Thompson as chairman for the ensuing year.

Com's Rhinehardt and Hunt were appointed a special committee to whom was referred the petition from Huntsville Tp, for raising the bridge at Mallory.

The petition for a bridge at Higdem was rejected in compliance with the verbal report of committee.

On motion of Com'r Hunt the school petition of Cline Desertel, Edward Juncou and Louis Hyars, was rejected.

The school petition of Ole J. Jerroold was presented and a hearing set for the next session of the board.

Petition for a change in the boundry of school district No. 45, was presented, and on motion a hearing was set at next session of the board,

John Evensen was employed to dig a well at county jail at 65 cents per foot, (including curbing) under the direction of Com'r Kirsch.

Adjourned until 2 p. m.

Board met at 2 o'clock as per adjournment. All members present.

The following committees were appointed by the chairman:

On Roads and Bridges—Rhinehardt, Kirsch and Hunt.

On Taxes—Kirsch, Johnson and Hunt.

On Claims—Hunt, Johnson, Rhinehardt and county attorney.

On Supplies—McGuire, Hunt and Johnson.

John Ross was appointed janitor at $45 per month.

The school petition from Woodside, Rosebud and Sanders Tps. were presented and a hearing set at next session of the board.

Board adjourned to Jan. 8, 1890.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, when the following bills were audited and allowed:

Boyle & Meehan, printing, $22.85, allowed at	$11 60
Pioneer Press Co., receipts for Co. Treasurer's office	8 00
Pioneer Press Co., blanks	14 00
G. D. Barnard & Co., records	59 55
John Stoughton, jurors fees in justice court	50
F. Waterhouse, constable fees	10 20
John Gilbert, witness fees	4 40
C. C. Knappen, printing	6 40
Geo. A. Ralph, surveying done in North Tp	50 00
Crookston W. W., P. & L. Co., water rental six months	50 00
Peter Swensen & Richard, bridge work, Black River Tp	40 00
A. O. Glenn, repairs on court house	1 50
H. M. Tweeden, brd'g prisoners	64 55
F. Waterhouse, constable fees	6 15
Young Bros, draying	4 00
W E Walker, carpenter work	6 95
Frank Scott, constable fees	9 75
Chronicle, printing	10 23
J B Thurston, fees in coroner's court	6 25
Dr A Nelson, medical attendance at coroner's inquest	3 12
H L Gaylord, justice fees	2 00
Ole Paulsrud, services in district court	20 00
Young Bros, draying	1 50
S Iverson, witness fees	2 72
W E Walker, bridge work in Crookston Tp	50 00
J H Hanson, justice fees	3 90
G H Barlow, constable fees	7 88
N O Paulsrud, sheriff fees	6 00
do do do	87 79
F Novotney, constable fees	4 70
N O Paulsrud, sheriff fees	12 80
Sodeberg & Brock, team hire	20 00
Holmboe & Larson, mdse	5 00
O Davey, court officers fees	18 00
N O Paulsrud, sheriff fees	7 20
Philip Henry witness fees	4 48
H N Twedten, brd'g prisoners	6 85
Pioneer Press Co., blanks	4 00
F Novotney, constable fees	16 85
F Zavoral, do	3 45
F J Corransek, justice fees	5 70
G D Barnard & Co., blanks	45
Com. hotel, boarding jurors	13 50
J S King, constable fees	5 55
W E McKenzie, blank books	3 35
N O Paulsrud, sheriff fees	4 80
Chas Meyers, constable fees	5 00
P Beaupre, boarding pauper	6 00
N O Paulsrud, sheriff fees	4 80
H Thompson, jury fees	50
N O Paulsrud, constable fees	4 80

Horses Get too Much Hay.

Rural World: When a boy on a farm, I remember it was a standing rule to take down a little hay into the horses' rack every time anyone went into the stable. The result was the horses would keep their grinders going nearly all the time, and become potbellied, unsightly animals. Horses fed in this way become mere machines, or hay-cutters; the nutrition of the hay is not assimilated, and a large portion of it is wasted. By such stuffing, every organ in the body is interfered with and when put on the road or to work on the farm a horse so fed cannot move with any comfort until relieved of the superabundance of feed. The disease known as heaves is generally due to overdriving when the stomach is full of hay. Bulk in feeding is necessary, but when the food is nearly all bulk an extreme has been reached, and it is time to change. Hay should be fed with as much care as grain is fed. Different horses require different quantities, and in feeding a new horse it becomes a matter of experiment until his wants are sustained.

A Woodside Dream.

While your worthy correspondent sat in his office chair pondering over the past, present and future; now and then casting a solemn glance out the office window, through which he could easily behold the cool, clear sky, studded with innumerable stars, he fell into a heavy sleep, and had

A WONDERFUL DREAM.

Methought I was suspended midway between the earth and starry heavens—and lo, what sights I saw. First, methought as I cast a glance back a little to the southwest upon a limbo large and broad (about six miles square) called by Woodsiders "The Paradise of Fools," which is to few unknown, methought I saw the monarch of this region. He in the form of stentor of the brazen voice, whose shout was as the shout of fifty men, did, by thundering nonsensical word pictures, stir up all his subjects to try to enlarge his blessed monarchy.

"Rain, added to a river that is rank, perforce will force the overflow of its banks."

Methought the poor, credulent fools thought they could accomplish their monarch's plan if they coul only gaind the aid of a feminine spy, whose very appearance methought was like the witch of Endor. Ah! methought I saw her! She had two faces; each was ornamented with a pair of watery eyes and garnished with a weeping nose; her tongue was like unto a serpent's; her gaze like that of the baseless; full many things she knew, and ill she knew them all. Throughout all the world she will see no friendly eye, and all the people will shudder as they pass her by. Oh, she will wish that "the day her mother gave her birth, some storm had on the mountains cast her forth!" As I beheld her she gazed at me earnest like. I said to myself, woe unto hypocrisy and malice. Then, methought, I awoke, and behold, it was a dream.

FARMER.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [38-tf]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

WHEREAS OZIAS LEVECK AND EMIRE Leveck, his wife, as mortgagors did on the ninth day of July A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the seventh day of July A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section nineteen (19,) in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of one hundred and ninety-four and forty one hundredths dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in six annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the tenth day of July A. D. 1888, at two o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "30" of mortgages on pages 294 to 296 inclusive.

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received on the eighth day of October A. D. 1888, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged and was thereafter on the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "48" of mortgages on page 234.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars ($36,) due as the second installment on said note on on the first day of December A. D. 1889, and said sum is still unpaid and due, and whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereof secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option, to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and eighty and twentyfour one hundredths dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the eleventh day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with the taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated December 18th A. D. 1889.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS,
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Atty for Assignees of Mortgagee.
Crookston, Minn.
[40-46]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred eighty and 70-100 dollars, ($280.70,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Jarvis and Annie Jarvis, his wife, as mortgagors, to Marcus Johnson and A. D. Stephens, as mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of March A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "V" of mortgages, on page 324, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and west half of the southeast quarter Section twenty-nine (29,) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, Range forty-eight (48) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state on the 8th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th A. D. 1890.

MARCUS JOHNSON AND A. D. STEPHENS,
Mortgagees.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagees,
Crookston, Minn.
[40-46]

100 CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS 100

IN JEROME'S ADDITION!

Nearer the Business Center than any other Lots now for sale over there.

Above High Water Mark. Good Cellars and Good Wells Easily Obtained. If you want a Building Lot, or if you desire a chance for investment where you can double your money inside of a year. It will pay you to look into this chance to

BUY AT YOUR OWN FIGURES, PRACTICALLY!

M. R. BROWN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN.

SCANDIA - AMERICAN BANK.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Organized under the State Laws.

Authorized Capital	$200,000
Paid in Capital	50,000
Surplus	2,500

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

OFFICERS:

Carl Hendricksen, President.
C. O. Christianson, Vice President.
O. H. Lucken, 2d Vice President.
A. G. Gallasch, Cashier.
Lewis Ellington, Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS:

C. O. Christianson,	Crookston.
O. H. Lucken,	"
Lewis Ellington,	"
A. G. Gallasch,	"
T. J. Thorsen,	"
Max Ericsson,	"
A. D. Stephens,	"
E. P. Pierce,	"
J. H. Locken,	"
Carl Hendricksen,	Grafton.
A. E. Johnson,	St. Paul.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOSTON, MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

We Have Just Received

ONE CARLOAD OF

FARM IMPLEMENTS,

CONSISTING OF

J. I. C. Wagons AND Little Giant Gang Plows.

These we will sell at a Close Margin, and we hope to see our friends call at once and get bargains. The balance of our

BUGGIES we will dispose of AT COST. We still continue to sell the only perfect Seed Separator, the Renowned Centennial

FANNING MILL. Farmers who intend to get best grade for their wheat must necesarily procure one. The Shaker

POTATO DIGGER does its work thoroughly and leaves the potatoes clean upon the ground. We want every Farmer to have one.

McKINNON BROS.,

McKINNON BLOCK, CROOKSTON, MINN.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed AND Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person.

A Dakota Letter.

The following letter was written to the Dakota Ruralist, but we have stolen it bodily:

"What on earth are the farmers of North Dakota going to do, or what do elevator companies and other combinations take us for? Do those sharks suppose that we are going to carry this burden for a life time?

I see by the Interior of August 22, the elevator companies of North Dakota have formed a combination to do away with competition in purchasing grain from farmers. It says:

"Hereafter grain-raisers will have to take the prices offered, or keep their grain."

I would like to know what the people who threshed grain last fall are going to do, who could not sell one bushel of wheat, from the effects of frost and drouth, and went in debt for threshing the same? They had to run store bills for the summer previous, and could not pay one dollar of this out of their wheat. I would like to have any fair-minded man consider how those mortals passed last fall and winter—also up to this very day.

The present prospects of our crop, and the outlook of our prices quoted in the Bathgate Democrat of August 21st, 1889—wheat, No. 1 hard, 65c; No. 1 northern, 59c; No. 2, 47c.,—shows the way we are situated, even with home buyers and millers.

All we ask for is justice—we don't want one cent for nothing. Sixty-five cents a bushel for No. 1 hard wheat! Suppose the county produced all No. 1 hard. How far will this go towards expenses—or what is left us after we pay hired help, twine, threshing, and our groceries, we may say for two years, also our last fall's threshing, saying nothing of our mortgaged farms, the interest of which we must pay or else be kicked out doors—along with our wives and little children.

Again, how is our 65c. No. 1 hard going to pay this note of mine, due this fall, given by me in June on the following basis.

Received $100 in cash, between the 25th of June and the 1st of July, due November the 1st. Gave my note for $125, bearing 12 per cent interest, and it must be paid when due.

This is only one or two of the thousands of wounds that are inflicted upon us yearly—commencing at our little town sharks, and extending even to Minneapolis boodlers. Again, how are we going to get out? My own farm is mortgaged for $1,150, 8 per cent—supposed to be straight. My five head of horses are also mortgaged—some of them once and some twice. My crop is also mortgaged twice; also some notes I happened to get from parties in trading, so that I have nothing that I can call my own—except ten or twelve hogs—all my machinery and my two cows have gone with the rest. Somebody else owns them—and I feed them, and pay taxes on them. Down to the barley I have soaked in barrels for my hogs—everything—is tied up as security!

Are they not generous? Their farm, their horses and machinery—also the feed they allow me to use for my own benefit—just simply to pay them from 10 to 100 per cent out of 65c. No. 1 hard!

Do you suppose that we do not sometimes feel rebellious? Would it be surprising if we "bundled up" and walk back to whence we came—or cross over to the dominion—or take up arms against our oppressors, as in Ireland, for justice?

Is there no means by which we can secure better prices than what are offered by those legalized robbers—held up by our legislators, and backed by the same in any act they may perpetrate to rob us?

I guess not, for the money—whiskey—office seekers and blind-folded fools are all theirs!

I know our leader, H. L. Loucks, is working for the desired end; but it seems to me we are gaining ground too slow for this generation to secure much benefit from it. Yet, meeting with many obstacles, he has succeeded wonderfully.

I sincerely hope that the laboring classes, farmers and mechanics, will open their eyes and peep through the wool drawn over them by the cunning hand of trusts."

MEMBER OF ALLIANCE.

See our new clubbing offer with the St. Paul Daily News and call early and secure one of the leading dailies and THE JOURNAL at less than the price of the daily.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 9th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred seventy and 60-100 dollars ($570.60) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christ L. Putten and Inge M. Putten his wife as mortgagors to The New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July A. D. 1881, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota on the 8th day of July A. D. 1881, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 252 to 255 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section ten (10,) Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec 31st A. D. 1889.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[38-44]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

Samuel C. Hayes, Plaintiff. vs. Annie M. Hayes, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will, apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated December 24th 1889.

WM. WATTS, Plaintiff's Att'y,
[38-43] Crookston, Minn.

NEW MEAT MARKET

At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,

SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.

Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.

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OFFICE AT THE COURT HOUSE.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

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THE NEW CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 12th, 1889.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seven hundred ninety-eight and 25-100 dollars, ($798 25-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alexander Beaudette and Georgeana Beaudette, his wife, to Chester H. Pond, of the city of Brooklyn, State of New York, bearing date the 9th day of August, A. D. 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of August, A. D. 1884, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 250 to 352, inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot fifteen (15) in block five (5) in E. Fletcher's addition to the townsite of Crookston, except twenty-five (25) feet off the north side thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of February, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 7th, A. D. 1889.

CHESTER H. POND,
Mortgagee
JOHN CROMB, Atty for mortgagee,
[34-40] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication December 12th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS X. CAILLE, AN unmarried man, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Limited,) as mortgagee, his mortgage bearing date of December 4th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of section twenty-two, (22) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-three (43) and containing one hundred and sixty acres to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages on page 259; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the said interest is still unpaid and due. And

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party. And

Whereas, the American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable. And

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred twenty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of February, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 26th, 1889.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY, OF London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[34-40] Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. In Probate Court. Special term Jan. 4th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Tallef Thoresen deceased.

Letters of administration with will annexed on the estate of deceased being this day granted unto Andrew Thompson of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance at the Probate office, in Crookston in said county, on Monday the 2d day of June 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 4th day of January A. D. 1890.

By the Court,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[38-40]

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

D. H. BATES,

DEALER IN

Lumber, Building Paper,

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AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 30, 1890. NO. 41

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

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New Time Card.

SOUTH.

Arrive. PASSENGER. Depart.
5:40 a. m. daily. | 11:40 p. m. daily.

FREIGHTS.

8:45 p. m. daily. | 7:00 a. m. daily
Except Sunday.

WEST.

PASSENGER.

11:30 p. m. daily. | 5:50 a. m. daily.

FREIGHTS.

4:55 p. m. daily. | 3:30 a. m. daily
Except Sunday.

NORTH—MIXED.

10:30 p. m. daily. | 6:30 a. m. daily.

ST. HILAIRE.

4:00 p. m. | 10:45 a. m.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Friday.

FOSSTON LINE.

Trains leave Crookston Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Fosston at 11:30 a. m. Returning same day, leave Fosston at 2:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 4:30 p. m.

The Only Vestibuled Trains

NORTH OF ST. PAUL.

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RAILROAD.

The Dining Car Route Between

WINNIPEG, PEMBINA, GRAFTON, GRAND FORKS, CROOKSTON, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH.

And All Points East. The Direct Line to

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Vestibuled Express Trains Daily,

To which are attached Pullman Palace Sleepers and Elegant Dining Cars. On overland trains Emigrant Sleepers Free.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:35 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:40 "	Grafton	8:28 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

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Grain Law Discussed.

Correspondence Farm, Stock and Home.

The articles in the editorial columns of the January 1st issue of Farm, Stock and Home, entitled "Wheat Weights and Grades," and "Railroads and Wheat," should have the careful study and consideration of all farmers tributary to Duluth, Minneapolis and St. Paul, and especially those residing in Minnesota. That an earnest effort will soon be made to repeal that disgrace to the State of Minnesota, the grain law of 1885, may well be anticipated, and the wonder is that so long a time has lapsed without such a movement coming to the front.

I call that law a disgrace to the state, and more, a fraud, because it assumes to do what by no possibility it can do, i. e., regulate grading and marketing of grain, for it does not assume to regulate and control at any point in Minnesota save Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth. By reference to a map of Minnesota one can easily see what a large part of Minnesota is not, and never will be tributary to those points in the marketing of grain; consequently all the farmers of that large, thickly settled region are "left out in the cold," so far as the grain law is concerned. It is true, the railroad law gives them the right to ship their grain to the points where the grain law has jurisdiction, but not ten per cent. of the farmers have been able to avail themselves of the benefits, if any, to be derived from that privilege; consequently the great mass of farmers—the very class most needing protection—have been left to suffer from all the sharp practices that the ingenuity and cupidity of wheat buyers could use in purchase of wheat at local points, where the average farmer is, and will be, obliged to sell.

"It is unfortunate, but probably unavoidable," says Farm, Stock and Home, "that the state supervision of weights and grades does not extend to the country markets." That it is "unfortunate" goes without saying; but that it is unavoidable may justly be questioned. To say that it is unavoidable, is to say that the grain buying and elevator interest is sufficiently powerful to prevent the enactments of simple provisions that would afford farmers ample protection, even if they are not able to ship by the carload to the terminal points, where state supervision is in force.

Had the provisions of the law of 1885 been drawn in the interest of the farmers instead of local wheat buyers, all present complications would have been avoided, besides every farmer who sold a bushel of wheat in his local markets would have received just protection, and at the same time the storage in country elevators could be used—as it should be—to hold back a part of the vast volume of wheat that farmers are obliged to put upon the market in October and November. This would in part relieve the railroads from the embarrassing demands of Tom, Dick and Harry for cars at a time when it is well nigh impossible to comply with the demand.

The remedy proposed by "reformed elevator men" is impracticable—"requiring railroads to give a receipt for a given quantity of grain in a car"—for the reason that elevator men, not railroad men, load the cars, and, so far as the railroad employee knows, the quantity alleged to be in a car may be correct or not. Neither do railroad men unload the cars, so they cannot of their own knowledge know whether there is a shortage or not; this being the case, such a receipt would be valueless.

The remedy for all the robbery and abuse now practiced is simple, and were it not for the opposition of men whose interest is in the continuance of present methods, it could be easily procured. If the state has the right to regulate grading and weighing in Duluth, it has the right to do like work in every hamlet in the state, at every mill where grain is purchased, and at every railroad station. The remedy is this: Require every one that buys for commercial purposes to take out a license, at a cost of $2.00, and be sworn to comply with the regulations established by the railroad and warehouse commission. Then require all buyers to place their grain cleaning apparatus in front of the weighing hopper, and clean the grain ready for the world's market before they weigh it, at a cost to the farmer of one-half cent a bushel, if he takes away the refuse, or if he leaves it to the wheat-buyer, free of charge. This forever settles the dirt, dockage and grade question, leaving no room for stealage, except in weighing.

Next, require the buyer to procure samples of grades and post them where all men can examine them, and post in a conspicuous place the printed rules sent out by the railroad and warehouse commission.

Next, make the present state weighing law, operative; it is now a dead letter.

Next, make all violations of the rules and provisions regulating the traffic in grain, actionable before a justice of the peace or other court in the county where the offence is committed, as other offences of like nature are prosecuted. After this is done, there would need to be only a chief inspector, and one deputy at each important terminal point to arbitrate in disputed cases. Farmers would then be able to protect themselves; railroads would then be relieved of much of the annoyance and extra labor involved in complying with the present law, and terminal elevators would be likely to have a much smaller surplus than they now have.

To repeal the present law, bad as it is, without enacting provisions that would secure the results I have indicated, would be a grave mistake. Farmers must not consent to any repeal of the law, but must—now that they know how simple the remedy is—earnestly work for such amendments as will correct existing abuses. Probably every elevator man and wheat buyer, whether "independent" or otherwise, will oppose the amendments I have indicated, by influence and the use of money, if necessary. Farmers must agree on something and stand together; and, if they can find them (which I fear they cannot), elect men to the next legislature who have judgment, integrity and manly courage enough to resist the influence that will be brought to bear to secure the will of the powerful grain dealing interest, now centered in elevator companies and jobbers, and pass the needed amendments to our grain law.

WHEAT FARMER.

Otter Tail Co., Minn.

Grain Inspection.

The Great West.

The present system of grain inspection in this state has recently received a boom from the chief of that department has been published all over the state, as is right and proper. This office has recently been visited by a member of the inspection force, whose name we do not give on account of his supposed Alliance relations, and as a result we feel called upon to give our views of the system in general and of Mr. Clausen's statement.

The deputy inspector made the broad statement that, "If the present inspection system did not remedy the evils oppressing the farmers then nothing would."

On the basis of that broad statement, and of the evident drift of the Clausen publication, our understanding of the inspection system is that it is a fraud immeasurable in extent.

If either one of two conditions were present in the state, no fault could be found with the system:

1st.—If there were no farmer in the state but what raised enough wheat to ship himself and by himself—so that there were no elevators and no need for them. It will not do to say farmers COULD combine. They "could" combine—but a system which "compels" a reaching out for escape from it, is an evil system.

2d.—If the inspection system related to the buyer at both ends of the deals—if it protected wheat as wheat, anywhere and everywhere, instead of protecting only terminal dealers and warehousemen.

Any man who says the inspection system protects the farmer, as a farmer or seller of wheat, does not understand it, or he is standing in with the knaves who are putting from 55 to 60c. between the farmer and Liverpool. But this severe expression applies only to those who maintain that it protects the farmer "as a farmer"—even though he sells to an elevator! Hundreds believe in the system because they do not understand it.

Note what we say: Any man who says that the present inspection bears any relation WHATEVER to the farmer-seller states an untruth.

We put this thus strongly because that no man in the country is affected in any way by the grade given in Minneapolis. The local buyer is instructed to keep his grades down—by the elevator bosses. Then he is put under bonds to see that he does it—and he does do it.

Then he is instructed as to the weights—to keep them on the safe side—and he does do it.

Then he is instructed to grade no No. 1 hard "under any circumstances." And he obeys.

"But this is not a part of the inspection system!"

Certainly not—but that is where the farmer is robbed. That is why the system affords protection to Minneapolis, but positively none to the country.

"But the farmers can ship their own wheat."

Certainly, but an escape from the evils of the law does not render the laws any the better. Besides, the farmers cannot always combine—not in one case out of a hundred. The law is to protect the farmer from sharks—it does so by the farmer escaping from the sharks!

Now let us apply the screws, and know the facts:

What is the average cost rate for selling wheat? Why the Board men sell for each other for one-fourth of a cent a bushel. Milwaukee and Chicago houses sell for farmers for one-half cent and take care of it—or sell for one-fourth cent on the open board. If a county raises one million bushels (a small county of twenty townships)—certainly $10,000 ought to pay enough for taking that wheat in at the elevators. It would pay ten men $1,000 a year at the elevators—more men and more pay than is used in any county per one million crop—on SQUARE deals. And a $10,000 income net per year from a single county of that small extent ought to satisfy the elevator man.

Very well, this is two cents a bushel. Now, we defy any living man to show us a station where the difference between the price of wheat sold at Minneapolis and bought at an elevator 50 miles from there is within THREE cents of the freight charges.

Any man who takes up this challenge must look out—for we shall demand that the wheat so-sold shall go before the Board of Railway Commissioners before witnesses with the grade at BOTH ENDS of the transaction, and absolute prevention of connivance.

Why so particular? Simply because for years there has been a difference of from five to SIXTEEN cents in the two ends of the route OVER AND ABOVE THE FREIGHT.

If called upon to prove these statements we are prepared to do it—with the expense of the testimony provided for.

Again, and still more severe on Clausen's statements, we can show by a cloud of witnesses, the following facts:

1st.—That when the difference on a 120-mile freightage was from 23 to 27c. a bushel, a farmers alliance wrote—and wrote again for remedial help from the commission and John L. Gibbs assures us that the correspondence was turned over to Clausen.

2d.—That at last a letter came, after a well-known political wreck had examined the letter in that county, and O. K'd it, stating that the local dealer had stolen any difference over nine cents!—which of course was a rank misrepresentation.

As a remedy for the farmers difficulties the inspection system is a vacuity—an emptiness.

Awakening Sense.

The Western Rural.

The people at large, or the thinking portion of them, are becoming alarmed at the unfortunate condition of our agriculture. It would be evidence of sheer idiocy if they were not. With the ruin of agriculture, down comes the whole commercial fabric in a chaotic heap. Farmers will not cultivate the land at a constant loss. They will leave it as the farmers of Ireland have left their farms. What will they do, do you ask? Perhaps they will come to the city and learn the art of preying upon others, until society itself is anarchy. While the rural districts of Ireland have been becoming less and less populated, the cities have steadily increased in population. But no class of men will continue to work hard and get nothing for it. The prosperity of the United States is in an exceedingly critical condition. We are upon the eve of a crisis from which we cannot be saved unless our agriculture is given its rights and assured a legitimate prosperity. Will it be given these? Of course it will. The people of this country are not stark mad. They will stop before utter ruin overtakes them; and led by the farmers themselves will insist upon the relegation of the thieves and wealth absorbers to the rear. We have implicit faith in the ultimate establishment of justice.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Battle Lake Review.

Dr. E. W. Fish, editor of the Great West, was in Otter Tail county last week talking to the farmers and organizing alliances. From the reports received of his work we should judge he is doing good. At Luce Station an alliance was organized, with Wm. McGran president, P. J. Murphy secretary, and James Henry treasurer; in District 116, Hobert township, with John E. Seal president, Elick Bangle secretary, and A. S. Seal treasurer, and still another in District 147, town of Gorman, with John I. Emerson president, S. Rassmusson secretary, and L. Weiss treasurer. In addition to the Dr's address in District 147, Hon. Henry Plowman gave his brother farmers a short speech. We are sorry the Dr. did not find it convenient to visit this section of the country, as different alliances here are in need of a revival. The only way to down the enemy is to organize and fight, and we hope to see the alliances in this neighborhood take new life and assist in the warfare. Let the Review give you a pointer, farmers. While you are at home minding your own business, your enemies are at work strengthening the already powerful cord that binds you. You can break it if you will but try, and the way to do it is to organize. The Review believes in organization, and it wants to see the rank and file of the farming element put their shoulders to the wheel and assist those who have thus far been carrying the entire load. Farmers your cause is just and your power is great, and if you will but move as a unit it can not be long before you will have the enemy wollowing in the mire.

Progress.

The Western Rural.

It is a satisfaction to know that continued agitation always bears fruit. It always has and always will. Some of our reforms have been inaugurated against obstacles which it seemed impossible at the time to overcome. The anti-slavery cause was a conspicuous illustration. It required an exceedingly hopeful spirit to expect emancipation, in the early days of the anti-slavery question. The temperance cause is another illustration. When that was commenced the use of liquor by all classes was common and perhaps might have been called fashionable. The early temperence reformers were obscure men, without influence or the common means of securing influence. But the work thus humbly commenced has gone forward until it is no longer fashionable to drink. Classes which once drank intoxicating liquor would no more drink them now than they would swallow poison. Agitation has done this work. Agitation has accomplished great things, too, with the farmer. Looking over the record for the past dozen or fourteen years, the progress that has been made toward forcing a recognition of the people's rights and of the people themselves, is wonderful considering the difficulties that have been encountered. Starting from the time when the farmer was literally regarded by political parties, society and the metropolitian as a slave whose mission was to labor to feed the nation, but who had no more right to raise his voice in public affairs than a slave in the South before emancipation, had his temper and intentions are closely studied to day by the very classes who once despised him. It is true that he is still abused and cheated and conspired against, but those who thus treat him, study the situation before they act and do not proceed as they once did, as if the farmer was not in existence. As he has made himself heard, and joined hands with his brother farmer, for selfprotection, it has become dangerous to tread upon him, and the fact is universally recognized.

Gambling in Wheat.

Farm, Stock and Home is glad to note the beginning of a crusade against gambling in wheat. It is undeniable that the worst foes to the wheat growers of the United States are the gamblers in the cerial. Something like eight years ago the wheat gamblers of Chicago boasted that henceforth they proposed to name the price the world should pay for its bread, and the surface indications were that they could make the boast good. At all events sufficient heed was given to it by European states to set them to developing the production of wheat in other countries; so that instead of Chicago, or the United states, dictating the price of the world's bread, the world is dictating the price of our wheat. Last fall's experience but agrivated the situation. It was a temporary advantage to some wheat growers here, it is true, but the effect of it is now being seriously felt, and will be still more seriously felt with succeeding years. Wheat gamblers took an advantage they supposed they possessed last year to convince Europe of the absolute necessity of depending upon some country other than this for its supply of wheat. Influenced by the argument of our wheat gamblers, Europe is now less dependent upon this country for wheat, and is more indifferent concerning our crop than ever before. A law making it a penal offence to sell wheat or any other staple article of human food which the seller does not own should have been enacted years ago. Such a law cannot now be enacted too soon, though such legislation now would be much like locking the stable door after all the horses are stolen.

I RING THE FIRST BELL!

To Announce the Opening of my New

Holiday Stock

AND INVITE YOU TO CALL
And Inspect my NEW LINES OF CHOICE NOVELTIES,

Especially Adapted for Christmas and Wedding Presents.

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,
ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.
Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long,	$4.00
" " Striped " " "	6.00
" " " " " "	7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " "	8.00
" " " " " "	9.00
" " Black or Brown " " "	10.00
" " " " " "	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 30, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	62.
No. 1 Northern	60.
No. 2 "	55.
No. 3 "	49.
Rejected	

'Round Home.

They say it is pronounced "greep." Misnomer, "grief" is more appropriate we think.

Chris Houston is able to be out again. He was over to the city on Monday and Tuesday.

The town of Godfrey has decided to organize an Alliance, and has applied for a charter.

Frank J. Greene, representing the Bradstreet Commercial Agency was in the city on Tuesday.

Everybody able to be out on Monday and Tuesday improved the weather to the fullest extent by indulging in sleighing.

THE JOURNAL received an invitation to attend Tom Morris marriage—too late to attend. Sorry but here's lots of joy and prosperity to you and yours, Tom.

M. R. Brown and Pete Misgen have been up in the Thief River country buying up work cattle for the past week. Some way cattle seem to find a market at some price.

Ole H. Lakness, of Winger has been in the city a few days selling Henry M. Stanley's new book of explorations in Africa. He says Winger is about to form an alliance.

J. H. Locken has been wrestling with the grip and finds it hard work to be sick or well. He says it is a very peculiar disease, one is not entitled to be called a sick man yet he is far from being well.

Much wood comes in from the Maple Lake country. THE JOURNAL man this week received a nice carload of dry maple and oak from H. G. Mitchel of Woodside. We can recommend him to our readers for a square deal.

Money to loan in large or small sums, on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

Peter Bauchemin was down from Argyle last week shaking hands with his many friends here. Pete had a severe siege of sickness recently and it wasn't the fashionable "greep" either. We are glad to see him on deck again.

Good Vermont gray overcoats $2, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

M. W. Crocker one of the old-timers at Angus has sold his farm and will go to Stevens Point, Wis., to reside. Mr. C. is one of the kind of men we do not like to see depart, and we trust that he may see his way clear to return one of those days.

You can secure a choice cow or heifer if you call on me before they are all sold.
W. G. COOKE, JOURNAL Office.

Frank Cernousek was down from Tabor last week. Tabor has decided to organize an alliance and Frank authorized THE JOURNAL editor to procure a charter and then come out and help get them started. They will start with 13 charter members.

Good Union cassamere overcoats at $3.50, $4.00, $4 50 and $5.00, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

W. C. Andrew, representing the new firm of Barrett, Wright & Stillwell called on THE JOURNAL last week. Andrew says he lost much money trying to farm last year. His farming operations are confined to a market garden near Minneapolis. Frost played the dickens with him.

Rariton Chinchilla over coats $3.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Two lumber mills will more than double the sales of lumber in our city, from the fact that it is natural for buyers to prefer to go where there is more than one mill whether that is an advantage or not. When we get three or more we have an established market. By all means let us have that mill.

$100,000 to loan.
JOHN McLEAN.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Hamery died on Tuesday after a short illness. Mrs. H. has also been very ill and is not yet out of danger. Mr. and Mrs. H. have the spmpathy of many friends. The funerrl services will be held this afternoon at the Norwegian Conference church, Revs. Saugstad and Fortin officiating. A short service will be held at the house at 3 o'clock. The body will be taken to Fertile for burial. The child was 12 years, 9 months and 18 days old.

Mens' suits, 2,000 complete suits to choose from. Come early and get the best selection.
C. O. D. CLOTHING HOUSE.

The grip is a peculiar animal—seeming to affect the mind as well as the body. The victims complain of experiencing very gloomy sensations and life don't seem to be worth the effort to live. In the east many cases of suicide have been reported but none in healthy Minnesota as yet. The victim here seems to be all tired out and is cross enough to strike his dad most of the time. There has been very few fatal cases here.

That Cold Storage House.

If those gentlemen who last fall informed THE JOURNAL that they were all ready to put in a $10,000 cold storage house and establish a butter and egg market will now step to the front we are assured that their $2,000 will be forthcoming as soon as they give good evidence of their good faith and ability. Heretofore, upon request, THE JOURNAL has advocated this cause and took a good deal of abuse upon its own shoulders that did not belong there. Now is your time, gentlemen, if you mean business, come to the front and verify your promises and THE JOURNAL will still continue to champion your cause; but we can see no good reason for hanging back, now while the iron is hot. The people will never be in better mood nor better prepared to act and now or never is the time. Let us hear from you.

A Gala Time at the Rink.

On Friday night of last week an excursion train from Grand Forks came over to enjoy the picnic at the rink. The train was met at the depot by the band and the excursionists were escorted to the ice rink where the races were the chief attraction. The first race was a half mile contest backward, skated by Geo. Scott, A. Halvorson and W. Gilbraith. Won by Scott. The entries in the five mile race for a gold medal were: Lew Griggs and a Mr. Eddy, of Grand Forks and Wm. Misgen, Ed. Greenhalgh and Geo. Scott, of this city. Scott and Greenhalgh were the only ones on deck at the finish but a foul was claimed and the race declared a draw. The quarter mile dash was contested by Griggs, Shanahan, Rutledge, Davis and McMasters. Won by Griggs. Shanahan, O'Connor, Woods, Bergh, Turner and Halvorson entered for the three mile dash. O'Connor won the prize a silver whisk broom holder. Halvorson, Woods, Weed, Walker and Shanahan entered for the mile and a half race; prize one doz. photo cabinets. Won by Shanahan. Woods won the grand free for all easy, ten contesting. The race which was declared a draw is to be tried at Grand Forks.

Dinna Ye Hear The Slogan?

From all over the county comes the cheering news of organizing alliances. There are now in the state over 650 sub-alliances and at the present rate of increase there will be 800 by the time of the meeting of the Farmers Alliance on March 4th. This is encouraging but yet not complete until every farmer in the state joins the band. Catch on and help to make it a grand success.

WE WANT.

We want three or four more saw mills; we want a good reliable butter and egg market; we want a potato starch factory; we want a twine factory; we want a tannery; we want a paper mill; we want a grist mill; we want a boot and shoe factory to work up the leather made in our tannery; we want a dozen more merchant flouring mills to save freighting out so much wheat in bulk; we want a large four story hotel—these things we want, and we want anybody to give a good reason why we should not have them. We have railroad facilities for shipping to every point of the compass and intermediate points, we have the best soil on earth, the best water and every facility needed and why should we not take hold and build up these manufactories that would enable us to grow in spite of circumstances? If anybody knows, let him shout it out right now, or forever after shut up.

Dr. Dampier is reported to be improving encouragingly.

Remy Fortier has gone to Butte, Montana, to settle up the estate of his brother Isidore.

Dunc Morris was in the city from Devils Lake, renewing old acquaintance on Tuesday.

Mrs. J. B. Copeland left on Tuesday evening for a two weeks' visit with her parents in Chicago. J. B. escorted her as far as St. Paul.

Oh never mind. Don't mention it. If you have the grip and want to discribe how it feels you don't have to—everybody has it and knows how it is myself.

Don't you suppose Grand Forks would snap up Mr. Perley's offer quicker than you could say Jack Robinson? You bet she would and may if we don't.

I. U. Jennings took the grip immediately upon arrival at Tacoma and has been gripping so much that he has been unable to get around much to see what kind of a country they have. Says he is confident that one thing is very much overdone—namely the grip. By the way, I. U., as soon as you lose your grip, (as it were) suppose you write us your opinions for the benefit of JOURNAL readers.

Prof. Salie, magician and ventriloquist who has been exhibiting the phonograph in this city and vicinity for three weeks, has been secured to give a benefit entertainment at the Congregational church on Monday evening next. The Prof. has been traveling as a magician and ventriloquist for twenty-two years and comes well recommended. This will be a good chance for all who have not seen the phonograph. The Prof. will also introduce his laughable farce entitled "Lamb or Pork." This should be seen to be appreciated, as it never fails to please. Remember the date, next Monday evening, February 3d. Admission 25 cents; children 10 cents.

Hay seems to be plentiful at from $6 to $8 per ton.

Alderman & Sylvester received a fine carload of birch, maple and oak from the Maple Lake country.

Holmboe & Larson have dissolved and A. Holmboe will take the stock to the new store on Robert street.

A. Holmboe has bought the stock of goods of J. H. & A. Locken, and may be found on deck at the new stand.

Plenty of wood on the market at from $2.50 for soft, to $3.50 and $4 for oak and maple. Elm sells at from $2.75 to $3.50 as you can catch the chance.

Monday was one of those bright, warm sunshiny days for which Minnesota is noted, and Tuesday was its counterpart. Looks like the backbone of winter is broken.

The body of Wm. Lanahan was brought to this city for burial yesterday morning. Mr. Lanahan was sent to the hospital at St. Paul last fall. He had been in poor health for some time.

Dr. M. Leguee is recovering from a severe attack of the grip. He has been confined to the house for two weeks, unable to attend to his many calls, but hopes to be on deck again in a few days.

M. E. Kirsch has purchased Mayor Lilly's interest in the loaning and real estate business of Paterson & Lilly. This firm has been doing an excellent business and Mike has struck a bonanza.

The Chronicle speaks of a "snide show coming soon." If the writer refers to the Red Lake Falls company that is a very ungenerous way to refer to a company that does not pretend to anything beyond amatuers. They are said to be very good.

Writing from Spokane Falls, under date of January 24th, E. F. Smith, says: "We are having quite a severe winter. It set in about the 15th of December and has snowed every few days ever since. The snow is over three feet deep on a level and is drifted very deep in places. The coldest weather we have had was 23 degrees below zero. Stock is suffering on the ranges and dying off by the hundreds."

Charlie Rapp came down from St. Hilaire on Monday evening and took occasion to laugh at the poor victims of the grip—but we took sweet vengeance later, for after supper he had to go to bed and very soon a physician was summoned to attend to Charlie, who was cramping fearfully. "He who laughs last laughs best," they say, and the poor victims whom Charlie laughed at are smiling all over their countenance.

The Union Farmers Alliance, of Andover, consists of 25 members—all workers. The President is O. H. Richardson, one of Polk County's stalwart farmers who will come to the front some day; Vice-President G. W. Eastman. L. H. Judson is the stirring Secretary; W. G. Lytle, well known in this community is the honored Treasurer. Verily so officered and manned the sturdy ship ought to outride any ordinary gale and she will, you see.

John Durkee died at his home at Devils Lake on Friday Jan. 24th of what might be called a complication of diseases. He had been an invalid for three years, suffering from asthma, neuralgia, bronchitis, and consumption of the throat and at last a paralytic stroke from which he never rallied. For three years his faithful wife has had to care for him and support the two children besides, and right nobly has she performed her duty. The body was brought to this city for interment on Friday evening and buried on Sunday. The funeral services were held at the the Baptist church where many who had known "Jack," as he was familiarly called, took their last look upon the poor, worn disease-wasted features of their friend. Mrs. Durkee and the children returned to their lonesome home on Monday's train. Mrs. D. intends to dispose of her interests there and return to Crookston where much of her girlhood was spent. Their married life was of brief duration about six years.

Children's suits $1.
Children's overcoat $1.
Children's winter caps 10c.
Boys' suits age 13 to 17, $2.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Last week THE JOURNAL gave the report of the committee sent to interview Mr. Perley together with his proposition. It was resolved to accept that proposition, and when one or two more projects are made ready to ask the council to take action necessary to the issue of bonds. The location of another saw mill here can hardly be over-estimated as it would be liable to form the nucleus around which would gather other mills, and thus a vast and important lumber trade spring up. This would attract other business interests which would very soon make of Crookston an important manufacturing city. The energy displayed by a few of our citizens is truly commendable and should be emulated by all. We have now that long sought opportunity that we have longed for to build up our city, and sad indeed will it be and to our everlasting shame if we now neglect to do it. Twenty thousand dollars is indeed a great sum, but if it returns to us a four fold value it is well invested, is it not? We believe there is not a citizen who has the interest of the city at heart who will refuse to vote for this enterprise, and the others that will be coupled with it. Let us all take hold of this matter unitedly, press and people and forgetting for once every petty jealousy let us for once labor together for the public good. What say you good people?

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

An Old Citizen Gone.

THE JOURNAL is pained to announce the death of an old resident of Polk Co., that of Charles H. Bruce who died on Jan. 20th at his residence in Andover, of a trouble contracted in the army and agravated by a long and faithful service in his country's cause. THE JOURNAL has no means of knowing the year he came to Polk County; his name appeared upon our list April 1st 1880, and he has been a true and faithful friend ever since. He made his home with his parents and, we are told was never married. Two brothers survive him to comfort the grief stricken parents, one of whom, we are told, will leave his Dakota home to live with the old folks. He was a man whom we should judge to be about 45 years of age quiet and somewhat reserved, a man whose innate modesty prevented many from knowing all there really was to him, but a strong and true friend always, as those who best knew him have best reason to know. The funeral took place on Wednesday Jan. 22d.

Report Your Progress.

It has been suggested that the secretary of each sub-alliance give THE JOURNAL a brief report of each meeting, giving the number of new recruits at each meeting, the subjects discussed, and any and all items of general interest, thus every alliance may know what is going on and a bond of brotherhood established, which otherwise might not obtain. We think this a good idea, and would gladly undertake the work necessary to accomplish that end. Send in your reports.

Crookston Alliance No. 648.

The Farmers' Alliance met on Monday at the City Hall, at 2 o'clock p. m., to complete the organization of Crookston Alliance No. 648. The temporary officers were made permanent, then applications for membership were received. Twenty-one applicants signed a request for admission, then the members present engaged in a discussion of the benefits to be derived from the Alliance. The hall was well filled and great interest manifested.

The Governor Lends a Helping Hand.

Cases of destitution having been reported to Governor Merriam from Kittson County, the Governor went down into his wallet for a nice little sum to head a subscription list, handed the list around among his friends and raised the handsome sum of $1,000 in very short order. This money he caused to be judiciously invested in groceries and such necessaries of life as had been applied for. He then appointed Rev. Appleby, H. W. Donaldson and W. G. Deacon, a committee to investigate and distribute among the deserving.

Motley Register: John G. Nelson says he was in the army three years, and during that time never came so near losing his life as he did in Motley last Tuesday. He has been toting baled hay to his lumber camp. On the day mentioned he was in a car loading his sleds when a freight train backed down and struck the car with such force that he was knocked out on the ground and fell with his legs across the rail. The team started up and he lay hold of the sled and was drawn out just in time to escape being crushed by the wheels. He was bruised by the fall, and Dr. Barnard feared he might be injured internally. He was put to bed and next day was able to ride out to camp. He says he will sue the railroad company.

Patronize Home Industry.

If our merchants and business men see farmers sending their money to outside concerns, patronizing cheap John humbugs, and drummers for snide grocery houses from other cities, they naturally kick, and they are right, for the fact that the way to build up a country is to keep as much of our money at home as is possible. But this is a principle that works both ways and when the farmer sees the merchant and business man sending their money to foreign parts for coal, while they have plenty of wood to sell at very reasonable figures, they naturally feel like giving them a chunk of their own wisdom in reply. And they are right too. "Turn about is fair play" and each should help the other. Hundreds of dollars are sent out of the country annually for fuel, are paid out in exhorbitant freights that belong here in the country, and should be left here where they would do a vast amount of good, to such of our farmers as have wood for sale, and who depend on us for a market for it.

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property.
[15tf]

Thirteen Towns: Wm. Kelly, a young man 28 years of age, employed in the lumbering camps of Contractor S. C. Bagley, was killed there late on Tuesday afternoon January 21st 1890. He was engaged in loading logs on the top of the load when, by over lifting or the slipping of a cant-hook he lost his balance and fell from the load, the log he was lifting rolling off of the load on top of him, breaking his back, crushing his hips, breaking and crushing one of his legs. He was carried back to the camp where he survived his injuries two hours and a half. The remains were brought to the undertaking rooms of Lommen & Brandt yesterday. The funeral services took place this morning at 11 o'clock, Rev. A. A. Davis, of the Congregational church, officiating. The remains were interred in Tyndall's Cemetery. The deceased was a single man and had no relatives in this vicinity. He left his home in Buffalo, New York, thirteen years ago, where his parents were then living, he has never written or heard anything from his relatives since he left there, and he did not know whether they still lived there or not, or whether his parents were alive or dead. The chief of police of Buffalo has been notified of his death and requested to investigate and find out if his parents are still there.

And So It Goes.

Writing from Fosston under date of January 27th, S. Kjolhaug says: "We had our first meeting on Saturday last and started an Alliance with 42 members." And so the good work goes on all over the county.

Thirteen Towns: A. J. McIntosh was down from his lumbering camps on Walker Brook yesterday. He says that logging is progressing finely and no one could ask for a better logging season and that they are hauling logs to the landing at the rate of 50,000 feet daily at each of his camps and that he will surely get in 5,000,000 feet. He hired a number more teams for hauling purposes. Mc is one of the townsite proprietors of McIntosh, and says that he knows little about the threatened heavy suit for damages against the townsite owners by the business men of that place and isn't worrying much about the matter being too busy with his logging operations. He says that when the papers are served on him he will probably know what the trouble is about and what action to pursue, but until then he shall spend no sleepless nights over the matter.

Woodside Notes.

WOODSIDE, Minn., Jan. 27, 1890.

They are organizing. Who are? Why the farmers of Polk County. What for? in order to protect themselves against monopolies and trusts of all kinds, and for protecting and furthering the interests of agriculture.

On Wednesday Jan. 8th, a meeting was held at Winger, at which there were about twenty-five present, M. Galasew, of Knute, was moderator, and H. Engemoen, of Winger, clerk. They decided that they would join the club which met near Erskine, on Saturday Jan. 11th, at the residence of Ole Branda, about forty were present, most of them from the town of Knute. Lars Nilson was elected moderator, and P. Langie, clerk. Very little business was transacted, but there will be another meeting on Saturday, January 25th, when it is expected the organization will be completed.

There was a meeting at Mentor the same date of which we did not learn the particulars.

Miss Sandli entertained her many young friends very pleasantly on Friday evening.

Jos. Tagley, one of our handsome young bachelors, spent Sunday, in Fertile.

La grippe has been an unwelcome guest at many a fireside the past three weeks.

Hay and straw in this vicinity are about as scarce as hen's teeth.

A. D. La Faye, who has a lumber camp on Shallow Lake, Sundayed at home, near Beltrami. EDNA.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

January has almost lost its grip. We hope this is true in every sense of the word.

"They say" that February will be a stormy month. We can tell you better on March 1st.

Hereafter we shall always have more sympathy for the drummer, who always has to carry his grip. Poor fellow, if his grip bothers him all the time as ours does, we pity him from the bottom of our heart.

Mr. Haskell, right of way agent for the Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad was a caller at THE JOURNAL office on Wednesday. In relation to the rumor that D. & W. was surveying a route that would run to the east of us Mr. H. says that there are no surveyors in the field yet but they have crusers out and the route finally selected will depend very much upon the character of their report.

The Great Nellie Bly.

Nellie Bly's wonderful story in the Family Story Paper is the talk of the day. In towns where there are no newsdealers the Family Story Paper will be sent to any address four months for one dollar, containing Nellie Bly's great story. Address Munro's Publishing House, 24 and 26 Vandewater Street, New York, N. Y.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Austin Larson will pay all debts and collect all book accounts and notes due our firm.

Crookston, Minn., Jan. 24, 1890.
A. HOLMBOE.
AUSTIN LARSON.

Valley Roller Mills.
Retail Prices.

Best	$2.50
North Star	2 25
Fife	2 00
Skip Jack	1 35

MONEY TO LOAN
On city property. Inquire of Peterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Wanted.

Four 4-year-old mares, 14 hundred pounds each, on Wells Farm Beltrami. Apply to,
A. NOBLE,
[40-41] Manager.

Wanted.

To sell immediately. My dwelling house and lot in Crookston.
[39-tf] J. W. LILLY.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending January 25th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Abrahanson, Julia	Gunnassdatter, Ingeberg
Anderson, Christina	Johnson, Oscar
Christiunson, Miss Hausine	Martin, Joseph
Denman, May	Snyder, Andie R—2
Holmvik, Lea J—2	

ALEX. McKINNON, P. M.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

REPORT

Of the Condition of the Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn., at the Close of Business, Jan. 18th, 1890.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	$ 83,310 85
Due from Banks	43,398 40
Cash on hand	7,318 47
Checks and other cash items	206 36
Furniture and Fixtures	1,591 31
Current expenses paid	77 00
Total	$137,898 29
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000 00
Undivided profits	5,946 44
Individual deposits subject to check	45,589 29
Time & Demand certificates of deposit	36,361 57
Total	$137,898 29

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk. }

I, A. G. Gallasch, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. G. GALLASCH,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of January, 1890.

{SEAL}
ANDREW P. HANSON,
Notary Public,
Polk Co., Minnesota.

Correct—Attest:
LEWIS ELLINGTON,
E. P. PIERCE, } Directors.
E. H. [illegible]

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article.
If you would study your interests when you
PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS
Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at
$60,000
Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING
MUST
GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLL O THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette writes us to ask why Crookston does not move in the matter of the Red Lake Indian Reservation. The Gazette is informed that Crookston took the lead in that matter and has long since requested Mr. Comstock to secure the early opening of that tract if possible.

The executive committee which fixed the time of the meeting of the State Alliance also fixed the number of delegates to which each sub-alliance is entitled. Some have an idea that each sub-alliance is entitled to three delegates This is wrong. The committee allows only one delegate to each alliance. This, if each alliance is represented, would give a convention of over 700 delegates.

All this talk against Senator Buckman is the veriest bosh if indulged in by men who believe in the caucus system, for if Senator Buckman did wrong the system is to blame for it. After agreeing to go into the caucus and abide the result no honorable man could do otherwise, than the senator did. All who are familiar with his actions will vouch for this and all who know the genial senator well know that no more honorable man exists than he.

A question which is often asked—and which is quite pertinent, by the way, is: "What can the Farmers' Alliance accomplish?" Well, that depends so absolutely upon the farmers themselves that we can better answer it when we see what steps they will take. The Alliance aims to better the condition of the farmers by every practical means—and that is a wide field, covering in its scope every good you can imagine. The Farmers' Alliance can promote the highest interests of the farmers if they will all take hold of the work together. If there was a stone as large as a mountain to be removed bodily it would look ridiculous to see one farmer tackle it by main strength alone. What would he do? Go and ask one neighbor to help him roll that stone over? No, but he knows that there are farmers enough to do it if they will only take hold with him. So there are enough farmers to roll the old stone of monopoly into the everlasting ditch of oblivion if they will all take hold together; they can destroy every trust in the world if they will unite their strength upon the task. They can control the Government if they will unite. Isn't that significant? Could they reasonably ask more? You cannot imagine anything practicable to be done for your welfare, farmers, that you cannot do if you will act in harmony with the great army of your brethren already in the field. You know there were men who used to say to you: "What's the use to try? You never can put down the rebellion!" That was a pretty big job to do, but it was done, wasn't it? And how was it done? By united, earnest effort and a determination to "fight it out on that line if it takes all summer." You remember those grand, ringing words; how significant they were then. There was a noble army of men fighting hard, their work made harder by some who should have been in the ranks, standing shoulder to shoulder with them. If they had been it would not have taken so long, but it is just as true to-day as it was then, that where all are united the farmers will be invincible. Their cause is right, and will triumph sooner or later, sooner if all thake hold of the good work, and later if they do not. "We must fight it out on this line if it takes all summer!"

THE SENATE BILL.

The National Tribune.

The Senate Committee on Pensions has decided upon a bill, and instructed the Chairman—Senator C. K. Davis, of Minnesota—to report it, which he has done. The first clause is as follows:

That in considering the pension claims of dependent parents, under the provisions of this act, the fact of the death of the soldier or sailor, and the fact that he left no widow or minor child or children, having been shown as required by law, it shall be necessary only to show by competent and sufficient evidence that such parent or parents are without other means of support than their own labor or the contributions of others not legally bound for their support: Provided. That all pensions allowed to dependent parents under this act shall commence from the date of the filing of the application hereunder, and shall continue no longer than the existence of their dependence.

The changes in this from the same clause in the bill passed by the Senate of the 50th Congress are mainly verbal. The most important is the striking out of "manual" before "labor."

The second clause reads:

SEC. 2. That all persons who served three months or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late war of the rebellion, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, and who are now or who may hereafter be suffering from mental or physical disability, not the result of their own vicious habits, which incapacitates them from the performances of labor in such a degree as to render them unable to earn a support, and who are dependant upon their daily labor for support, shall, upon making due proof of the fact, according to such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may provide, be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners of the United States, and be entitled to receive $12 per month; and such pension shall commence from the date of the filing of the application in the pension office, after the passage of this act upon proof that the disability then existed, and shall continue during the existence of the same. Provided, That persons who are now receiving pensions under existing laws, or whose claims are pending in the pension office, may, by application to the commissioner of pensions, in such form as he may prescribe, showing themselves entitled thereto, receive the benefits of this act; and nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent any pensioner thereunder from prosecuting his claim and receiving his pension under any other general or special act. Provided, however, That no person shall receive more than one pension for the same period. And provided further, That rank in the service shall not be considered in applications filed under this act.

The main changes in this from the bill passed by the Senate of the 50th Congress are: Striking out "totally" before "incapacitates," "manual" before "labor," and adding after "labor"—"in such a degree as to render them unable to earn a support, and who are dependent upon their daily labor."

The third section reads:

SEC. 3. That if any officer or enlisted man who served three months or more in the army or navy of the United States during the late war of the rebellion, and who was honorably discharged has died, or shall hereafter die, leaving a widow, minor child, or children under 18 years of age, or in case there be no widow or minor child or children, a dependent mother or father, as such dependency is defined under section one of this act, such widow, minor child or children, or mother, or father, shall be placed upon the pension roll at the rates established for them by law without regard to the cause of death of such officer or enlisted man: Provided, That the cause of death of such officer or enlisted man was not or is not due to a violation of the civil or military laws, or the result of vicious habits, and that said widow was married to the deceased pensioner prior to the passage of this act. All pensions granted to widows under this act shall take effect from the date of the death of the husband of of such widows, but not dating back of the passage of this act.

The changes in this are the prescribing that the pensioner shall have served at least three months; have been honorably discharged, and that his death was not due to violation of law or vicious habits.

Section four reads:

SEC. 4. That from the date of the passage of this act the increase of pensions for minor children shall be at the rate of $4 per month instead of $2 per month, as now provided by law, and in case a minor child is insane, idiotic, or otherwise helpless, the pension shall continue during the life of said child, or during the period of such disability.

This is the same as in the former bill, except that the rate of increase is made $4 instead of $2.

Section 5 of the former bill, which modified Section 4716 revised statutes—which prohibits the granting of pensions to anyone who voluntarily served in the rebel army—so as to prevent its applying to this act, has been stricken out, and consequently all who voluntarily served in the rebellion are excluded from its benefits.

The bill will now have to undergo discussion in the senate, and possibly considerable modification.

The Inter-State Commerce Law.

The Western Rural.

Congress should promptly move to strengthen the Inter-State Commerce law and tighten the grip of the government upon the railroads. The imperfections of the law have been many and serious, but the people have patiently borne with them, because they have regarded the present law as only the beginning of a complete reform. The railroad is still a plundering institution. It is still carrying its loads of watered stock, and compelling the farmer and the public generally to pay dividends upon it. It is still demanding remunerative freight rates from producers of grain and meat producing animals, although every shipment that they may make represents a clear loss. The patience of the American people is greater than that of any people on earth. They are willing to give Congress even unreasonable time to remedy such wrongs, but they will insist that the law making power shall give constant evidence of its appreciation of the absolute necessity of legislative action. It may be a fact that government supervision of our transportation companies will fail to give the people full relief. The railroad corporations are inveterate violators of law and their resources for illegitimate doings seem to be almost exhaustless. It is possible that relief will come only from government ownership of the roads. Time will solve that. The purchase of the roads at their real value would be one way to wipe out the infamous watered stock swindle. The Western Rural—while determined that the great wrong which railroad management has inflicted, and is still inflicting upon the producers of this country shall be stopped if constant and aggressive agitation of the evil can produce that result—and it can—has always been really conservative; but it frankly admits that it does not care a farthing how the remedy is secured, whether by a strong, supervisory grip by the government upon the corporations, or depriving them of the control of their property, paying them, of course, what it is worth. Congress must act in some direction, for our farmers must have relief from every unjust condition of society and commerce.

The Great West.

When wheat is worth $1.28 in Liverpool we would naturally conclude that a just price in Minnesota would be that price less the proper cost of transportation, and the necessary profit to the shipper. The latter item should not be more than two cents a bushel, and all Board of Trade transactions are for ¼ of one cent. No matter who owns the railroads the shipping should cost nothing but freight. The intervention of the elevator system is a robbery—it is for that purpose, and the "system" pays a bonus to the companies to carry on the robberies.

Freight on wheat across the ocean is from two to 2½c. per bushel. From Duluth or Chicago to New York, via Lakes Michigan, Huron and Erie and connecting rivers, the Erie canal and Hudson River towing, is six cents a bushel, (1,900 miles). Freight from the Red River or Southern Minnesota, etc., to Duluth or Chicago should be at the rate of one-tenth of a cent per ton-mile by means of canals, or say an averge of two cents a bushel.

But says the farmer. "We have no canals.

Well, that's your lookout. You could have canals if you wanted them. The Ohio canals cost $16,000 to the mile—and God made Minnesota purposely for canals. If the farmers have put their trust in the Washburns and defied their God, it is their own doing. It's been their money that has been squandered. The above natural course of trade figuring on proper R. R. charges from the farm to Duluth or Chicago would make wheat worth in Minnesota—at $1,28 in Liverpool, about $1.16 a bushel—allowing two cents for shippers profits. Adding four cents more for terminals, which ought not exist except canal reloading; and you would have $1.12. You do get 60 to 75c.

But, practically, Liverpool does not set the price. Liverpool is a buyer. It cannot, and never did dictate the price of wheat. Chicago fluctuations were never governed by Liverpool quotations—are not, and never were. The dial over across from the Grand Pacific sympathises solely with the stroke of the Bears' paw or the hoist of the Bulls' horns, and the buyer nation tags on behind. Three thousand gamblers in Chicago will deny this. Three thousand gamblers will lie like sin.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

WANTED.

A good man or boy to work on farm Apply at once to M. E. Bartlett, Section 9, Fairfax, or at THE JOURNAL office.

Don't neglect to secure a first-class weekly and daily paper while you can receive both at less than the price for the daily. TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY FIVE cents secures you the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News. This offer is only for a limited time. Subject to withdrawal on ten days notice. Call early and avoid the rush.

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.

[34-tf] W. G. COOKE.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

THE HERALD
HAS NOW THE ONLY COMPLETE
BOOK BINDERY
IN GRAND FORKS COUNTY.
SEND IN YOUR MAGAZINES,
NEWSPAPER FILES OR
ANY BLANK BOOK WORK
—OR ORDERS FOR—
OFFICE SUPPLIES,
Notary and Corporation Seals, Rubber Stamps, Stationery
Letter Presses, Inks, Etc.
A FULL LINE OF LEGAL BLANKS.
Address THE HERALD,
GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock
OF
HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine

IMPORTED MILLINER GOODS

From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.

[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.

MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim,	K. D. Chase,	F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine,	B. B. Northrop,	A. A. Miller
P. M. Walsh.	John Moore,	W. H. Crosby
	Chas. E. Sawyer.	

Herald Printing and Binding.

The Herald has unrivalled facilities for executing all kinds of legal and commercial printing, blank book manufacturer and book binding. The bindery and job office have been fitted up with new machinery throughout, making the Herald plant the most complete in North Dakota. New lines of type and latest improved presses have been added to the job department, which is now under the management of a thoroughly experienced foreman, who has no superior as a mechanical or artistic printer The foreman of the bindery is acknowledged to be the best book binder in the northwest, and with the superior facilities at its command, is prepared to do the finest and most satisfactory work in every branch of the art. The Herald also keeps in stock a full line of office supplies and stationery, affording purchasers the benefit of selection from a complete assortment. Also all the new forms of state legal blanks. All kinds of blank books manufactured, county and bank work a specialty. All orders promptly and accurately filled at reasonable prices. The Grand Forks Herald will occupy its new building, corner Third street and Kittson avenue, July 1st, 1890. See advertisement elsewhere in this issue.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.

Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - - MINN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET—
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 30, 1890.

Our New Clubbing Offer.

We are pleased to announce that we have made arrangements with the St. Paul Daily News whereby we can offer that enterprising sheet for only 25 cents advance over our former offer. Thus, for new subscribers and

TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS

we will send the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News for one year. We are prepared to make liberal inducements to all in arrears. Call early as this offer is subject to withdrawal at an early date.

WAHPETON, N. D., Jan. 19, 1890.

FRIEND COOKE:—After reading a copy of THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, sent to friend Mitton, it occurred to me that a word of confidential commendation, from a man many years in the same profession with yourself, might serve to smooth the rough places, just a little—especially as I have no ax that needs a grind. The position you take and advocate so consistently is worthy of praise from every well wisher of his country. You remember it is more than ten years past since I said to "our" little circle about Fisher the same as you are saying to-day; and every year demonstrates its truth. "There is a revolution on." The producers will not always patiently suffer. They have the power in their own hands and will some day—soon, too—say to the Shylocks: You have taken more than your pound of flesh, now suffer the penalty of your fraud! Your paper is better and stronger every year, and I wish you prosperity and fortune. Accept this as intended as an expression of my appreciation of your labors at Crookston. You deserve more than you are receiving. Yours, A. DEWEY.

FERTILE, Minn., Jan. 23, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I see through your valuable paper that the farmers are awakening at last to the fact that they are being wronged and robbed, and are organizing to see if they can remedy the existing evils. I am in hopes that they can. Here, in the town of Garfield, we had a meeting on the 3d of January to see if we were ripe for organization. The Norwegian is slow in such matters, but when he does see that he is being wronged, he kicks like a steer. We had a large meeting, more being present than I expected to see, and it was aged to organize, thirteen signing the application for a charter, which has been received. This Alliance is called "Garfield Farmers Alliance, No. 650." Our next meeting will be held January 25th, at 1 o'clock p. m. Will let you hear from us again.

T. H. NESSETH.

GARDEN CITY, Miss., Jan. 8, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I believe I promised I would write you a few letters giving you my views of this country for publication, but I observed in your issue of the 2d inst. a comment on the letter I wrote you, that will take at least one letter to place aright. First, I would like to let the merits of this country have the preference over prejudice in the minds of northern people, and I will try to give both sides, the dark as well as the light, as I see it. (You need not have the nigger if you don't want him.) You say I have not found an earthly paradise. I do not remember to have mentioned any such place; but I will say I have found more real enjoyment in nature and climate in the last two months, here in the south, than I have in the past fifteen years in the north. So far as the good things of life are concerned, this is not the time of the year for anything better than lettuce fresh from the garden; also cabbage, turnips, sweet potatoes, celery, etc., although it will not be many days before we expect to have something better in the fruit line, strawberries, blackberries and other small fruits mature very early, in April and May, and grow in great abundance here. They are just through with the cotton harvest, now. The cotton industry of this country compares favorably with the wheat industry of your country, and I find just about the same state of things here as with you in the north,—the producers are kept down by the monopolists and capitalists. I am glad you have the nerve to stand up and publish a paper according to your honest convictions in behalf of the producers. There are but few men that dare to take that side of the question. J. D. B.

Caught by Cupid.

St. Paul Daily News.

A quiet wedding occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lee, 800 Carroll street, when J. G. Hart, of the firm of Anderson & Co., Crookston, was united in wedlock with Miss Henrietta Lee, a belle of that district. The groom is a bright young business man who stands well commercially and has many friends in this city. After a brief Eastern tour the happy couple will make their home in Crookston.

The Heatwole Correspondence.

Dakota County Tribune.

After reading them (the Heatwole-Halford letters) carefully we are constrained to think that they reflect more credit upon Mr. Heatwole than they do upon either the President or his private secretary. The insinuation in the first reply that a common citizen of the country has no right to address the President upon any matter of public importance is an insult to every independent citizen of this nation. The replies would indicate that the President's private secretary is lacking, not only in good judgment, but also in good manners.

Another Inquiry.

The Great West.

We have another letter this week from a man who is not satisfied with our strictures on the western railroads. We cannot give his whole letter, (we refer to the note of C. J. S.,) but will state his proposition in condensed form:

"There may be a steal by elevator men—we all admit it, or we do admit it for sake of argument. But you (we) admit that the freight from some western county (100 miles) was but 7½c a bushel, and the difference in price, for that 100 miles, 23c. 'Now then the steal is on the buyers of grain ain't?'"

Our answer will be direct, to the last question. No, the steal is not on the elevators. The elevator companies pay for the privilege of robbing. The railroads stand in with the them. But that is not the worst of it "by a long shot." The freight of 11c. a hundred, or 7½c. a bushel is an outrage. The pool against Duluth is another fraud. But about that freight of 7½c. a bushel:

It costs about seven cents a bushel to take wheat from Minneapolis to Chicago—over 400 miles. Why should it be 7½c. for 100 miles? It costs 13c. to take wheat from Chicago to New York, over 1,000 miles (by rail) on costly roads; why should it cost one-half as much for less than one-tenth the distance, on a cheap road?

It costs by water to take wheat 1,900 miles from Chicago, only 6c. Yet to get wheat 420 miles to Chicago from the producer, it costs 15c.

Coal gets to Chicago, from 600 miles east for $1.50 a ton. But to get it the first 400 miles west of Chicago it costs $4.00 a ton!

Shall we give you more figures? Don't answer by saying that the eastern road does a larger business—because it don't.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [38-tf]

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

WHEREAS OZIAS LEVECK AND EMIRE Leveck, his wife, as mortgagors did on the ninth day of July A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the seventh day of July A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section nineteen (19,) in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, of Range forty-four (44) west; containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of one hundred and ninety-four and forty one hundredths dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in six annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the tenth day of July A. D. 1888, at two o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "56" of mortgages on pages 204 to 206 inclusive.

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received on the eighth day of October A. D. 1888, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged and was thereafter on the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "49" of mortgages on page 214.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars ($36,) due as the second installment on said note on the first day of December A. D. 1889, and said sum is still unpaid and due, and whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option, to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable.

And whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and eighty and twenty-four one hundredths dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with the taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated December 13th A. D. 1889.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. McMANUS,
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & McMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee.
[40-46] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred eighty and 70-100 dollars, ($280.70,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Jarvis and Annie Jarvis his wife, as mortgagors, to Marcus Johnson and A. D. Stephens, as mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of March A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m. in book "V" of mortgages, on page 324, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and west half of the southeast quarter Section twenty-nine (29,) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, Range forty-eight (48) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 8th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 5th A. D. 1890.

MARCUS JOHNSON AND A. D. STEPHENS,
Mortgagees.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagees,
[40-46] Crookston, Minn.

100 100

CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS

IN JEROME'S ADDITION!

Nearer the Business Center than any other Lots now for sale over there.

Above High Water Mark. Good Cellars and Good Wells Easily Obtained. If you want a Building Lot, or if you desire a chance for investment where you can double your money inside of a year. It will pay you to look into this chance to

BUY AT YOUR OWN FIGURES, PRACTICALLY!

M. R. BROWN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN.

SCANDIA - AMERICAN

BANK.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Organized under the State Laws.

Authorized Capital..........$200,000
Paid in Capital..........50,000
Surplus..........2,500

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

OFFICERS:

Carl Hendricksen, President.
C. O. Christianson, Vice President.
O. H. Lucken, 2d Vice President.
A. G. Gallasch, Cashier.
Lewis Ellington, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

C. O. Christianson,	Crookston.
O. H. Lucken,	"
Lewis Ellington,	"
A. G. Gallasch,	"
T. J. Thorsen,	"
Max Ericsson,	"
A. D. Stephens,	"
E. P. Pierce,	"
J. H. Locken,	"
Carl Hendricksen,	Grafton.
A. E. Johnson,	St. Paul.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

We Have Just Received

ONE CARLOAD OF

FARM IMPLEMENTS,

CONSISTING OF

J. I. C. Wagons and Little Giant Gang Plows.

These we will sell at a Close Margin, and we hope to see our friends call at once and get bargains. The balance of our

BUGGIES we will dispose of AT COST. We still continue to sell the only perfect Seed Separator, the Renowned Centennial FANNING MILL. Farmers who intend to get best grade for their wheat must necessarily procure one. The Shaker POTATO DIGGER does its work thoroughly and leaves the potatoes clean upon the ground. We want every Farmer to have one.

McKINNON BROS.,

McKINNON BLOCK, - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person.

Railroads and Wheat.

Farm, Stock and Home: An ex-elevator man,—it might be proper to call him a reformed elevator man,—recently suggested to Farm, Stock and Home that the entire controversy between grain growers and elevators concerning weights could be settled by requiring railroads to receipt for a given quantity of grain in a car, as they do for all other kind of freight, and then compelling them to deliver that quantity to the consignee. It is claimed that the farmer can look after the weight of his grain at home, but has no protection after it passes into the hands of the railroad, which is paid for safely transporting and faithfully delivering all freight committed to its care. If a farmer ships 100 hogs to a certain point on railroad thinks of delivering but 90, and at the same time satisfying the shipper; but if a carload of wheat shrinks any number of bushels the shipper is supposed to stand it without a word of protest. In view of the fact that elevators at terminal points, "clean up" an average of any where from 25,000 to 50,000 bushels once to twice a year, some system of weighing and handling grain should be devised which will prevent such wholesale stealing. The suggestion herewith noted will bear thinking of.

See our new clubbing offer with the St. Paul Daily News and call early and secure one of the leading dailies and THE JOURNAL at less than the price of the daily.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 30th 1890.]

WHEREAS CHRISTIAN N. SATHRE AND Ragnhild Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, as mortgagors, did on the second day of November A. D. 1885 duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the second day of November A. D. 1885 whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter, and the north half of the northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section fifteen (15,) in township one hundred and forty-nine (149,) of range forty-six (46) and containing two hundred acres, to secure the payment of two hundred and sixty-three and 35-100 dollars according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in ten semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the third day of November A. D. 1885, at four o'clock and fifteen minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "W" of mortgages, on pages 469, 470 and 471.

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, did for value received on the tenth day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson and McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing, under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 22d day of April A. D. 1889, at two o'clock and twenty minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "46" of mortgages, on pages 166 and 167.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100) due as the sixth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the seventh installment of said note, on the first day of July A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100) due as the eighth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1890, and all of said sums are still due and unpaid, and whereas it was stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable, without notice to said mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable.

And whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 24th A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. McMANUS
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & McMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb,
Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee. [41-47]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 9th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred seventy and 60-100 dollars ($570.60) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christ L. Putten and Inge M. Putten his wife as mortgagors to The New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July A. D. 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of July A. D. 1884, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 252 to 255 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section ten (10,) Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 23th day of February A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 31st A. D. 1889.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee,
[38-44] Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

Samuel C. Hayes, Plaintiff, vs. Annie M. Hayes, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated December 24th 1889.

WM. WATTS, Plaintiff's Att'y,
[35-41] Crookston, Minn.

NEW MEAT

MARKET

At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,

SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.

Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.

SANDS BRO'S, MAIN STREET.

M. M. VAN DYKE

Physician and Surgeon,

Office corner of Main and Second Streets,

CROOKSTON. - - MINNESOTA

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

THE OFFICE OF

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

WILL BE OPEN

EVERY SATURDAY.

OFFICE AT THE COURT HOUSE.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

W A. ROBERTSON.

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

THE NEW

CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance..........$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.......... 80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years..........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest..........$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years.......... 1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest..........$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00
Total..........$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

A DAILY PAPER

FOR

$2.00 Per Year, or $1.00 for Six Months.

Best and Cheapest in the Field.

$2 The "Wonderful Offer" of $1

THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS

Expired Jan. 1st, but a very liberal offer is still open. Until further notice, we will send THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS by mail for one year on receipt of

$2 Two Dollars, $1

OR

$2 Six Months for $1.00 $1

This offer is one-half the regular rate and is made temporarily only.

The News is an Evening 4-page, 8 column paper five days in the week and an 8-page paper one day in the week. It contains all the news. It makes a specialty of Market Reports, giving the markets of the current day of issue. Send for sample copies. Address

DAILY NEWS, St. Paul, Minn.
January 1, 1890.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

D. H. BATES,

DEALER IN

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN. - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 6, 1890. NO. 42

Polk County Journal.

PULISED EVERY T HURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

THE BLAIR SUNDAY BILL.

ED. JOURNAL:—It has evidently been a difficult task to invent an excuse for such needless legislation as the Blair Sunday Bill. As first introduced it was entitled: "A bill to secure to the people the enjoyment of the first day of the week, commonly known as the Lord's day, as a day of rest, and to promote its observance as a day of religious worship." Then the American Sabbath Union asked that it might be modified so as to read: "A bill to secure to the people the enjoyment of the Lord's day, commonly known as Sunday, as a day of rest, and to protect its observance as a day of religious worship." As re-introduced in the Senate, Dec. 9th, 1889, it reads: "A bill to secure to the people the privileges of rest and religious worship, free from disturbance by others, on the first day of the week." Why was it necessary to make all these attempts to sugar-coat the bill with an innocent looking title? It is because they recognized the fact that there exists in the minds of the people a well founded and deep rooted fear of the evil effects of religious legislation. The fact is the peoble already have in peacable possession and full enjoyment all that this title proposes to secure to them. No citizen is deprived of his right and privilege to rest and worship undisturbed by others on the first day of the week. There is not a state or organized territory of this government but what affords ample protection to religious assemblies, and their statutes on this subject are held in such high estimation and are so well supported by public sentiment, that prosecutions under them are very rare indeed. Those who are inclined to be lawless would as soon think of disturbing the session of a court of justice as of a religious assembly, whether held on Sunday, or any other day of the week. This is just as it should be, and our government is now the brightest beacon light of liberty in the world. We have reason to prize it very highly and to be suspicious of any attempt to change it.

The title of this bill is evidently a deliberate fraud, the result of a conspiracy to deceive the people with regard to the real object of the bill, and to induce them to support it under the misapprehension that they are in some manner deprived of their inalienable rights, and such evident fraud in its title should lead us to examine the bill with great care. The following is the full text of the bill;

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

That no person, or corporation, or agent, servant or employe of any person, or corporation, or in the service of the United States in time of peace, except in the necessary enforcement of the laws, shall perform, or authorize to be performed, any secular work, labor or business to the disturbance of others, works of necessity and mercy and humanity excepted; nor shall any person engage in any play, game or amusement or recreation, to the disturbance of others, on the first day of the week, commonly known as Sunday, or during any part thereof, in any Territory, District, vessel, or place subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States; nor shall it be lawful for any person or corporation to receive pay for labor or service performed or rendered in violation of this section.

SEC. 2. That no mails or mail matter shall hereafter be transported in time of peace over any land postal route, nor shall any mail matter be collected, assorted, handled or delivered during any part of the first day of the week; provided, that whenever any letter shall relate to a work of necessity or mercy, or shall concern the health, life or decease of any person, and the fact shall be plainly stated upon the face of the envelope containing the same, the Postmaster General shall provide for the transportation of such letter or letters in packages separate from other mail matter, and shall make regulations for the delivery thereof, the same having been received at its place of destination before the said first day of the week, during such limited portion of the day as shall best suit the public convenience and least interfere with the due observance of the day as one of worship and rest; and, provided further, that when there shall have been an interruption in the due and regular transmission of the mails, it shall be lawful to so far examine the same when delivered as to ascertain if there be such matter therein for lawful delivery on the first day of the week.

SEC. 3. That the prosecution of commerce between the states and with the Indian tribes, the same not being work of necessity, mercy or humanity, by the transportation of persons or property by land or water in such way as to interfere with, or disturb the people in the enjoyment of the first day of the week, or any portion thereof, as a day of rest from labor, the same not being labor of necessity, mercy or humanity, or its observance as a day of religious worship, is hereby prohibited, and any person or corporation, or the agent, servant or employe of any person or corporation who shall wilfully violate this section shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten, or more than one thousand dollars, and no service performed in the prosecution of such prohibited commerce shall be lawful, nor shall any compensation be recoverable or be paid for the same.

SEC. 4. That all military and naval drills, musters and parades, not in time of active service or immediate preparation therefor, of soldiers, sailors, marines or cadets of the United States on the first day of the week, except assemblies for the due and orderly observance of religious worship, are hereby prohibited; nor shall any unnecessary labor be performed or permitted in the military or naval service of the United States on the first day of the week.

SEC. 5 That it shall be unlawful to pay, or to receive payment or wages in any manner for services rendered or for labor performed, or for the transportation of persons or of property in violation of the provisions of this act, nor shall any action lie for the recovery thereof, and when so paid, whether in advance, or otherwise, the same may be recovered back by whoever shall first sue for the same.

SEC. 6. That labor or service performed and rendered on the first day of the week in consequence of accident, disaster, or unavoidable delays in making the regular connections upon postal routes and routes of travel and transportation, the preservation of perishable and exposed property, and the regular and necessary transportation and delivery of articles of food in condition for healthy use, and such transportation for short distances from one State, District or Territory as by local laws shall be declared to be necessary for the public good, shall not be deemed violations of this act, nor shall the provisions of this act be construed to prohibit or to sanction labor on Sunday by individuals who consciencniously believe in and observe any other day than Sunday as the Sabbath as a day of religious worship, provided such labor be not done to the disturbance of others."

So reads the bill after the most strenuous efforts of its sponsors to make it appear harmless and civil, but changing its name has not changed its character. It is religious legislation still, and just as dangerous as ever. It forbids the performance of any secular work, labor or business, to the disturbance of others, works of necessity and mercy and humanity excepted; and also forbids engaging in any play, game or amusement or recreation to the disturbance of others, on the first day of the week, commonly known as Sunday, or during any part thereof, in any place subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, and makes it illegal to receive pay for work done in violation of this section.

It proposes to prohibit the doing of any secular work, i. e. any work pertaining to the present world, or to the body, or that is at all worldly, and permits only such exercises as pertain to another world and concern the soul, and pertain to a future life. (See Webster.) No legislation could be more positively religious in its nature. Can any one fail to see that the enforcement of such a law would at once deprive every person under its jurisdiction of his right to decide for himself in what manner he will spend the first day of the week? That it would force him to submit to being robbed of his inalienable right to the independent exercise and expression of his own religious convictions, and compel him to submit to and adopt such formal observance of the day as these conspirators have prescribed, or may hereafter prescribe, as its proper observance?

Wherein are the people to be protected or secured in the enjoyment of any right by such a law, when its only possible effect will be to rob them of rights they now possess?

We have a right to know upon what authority Sunday observance rests, and why it is made a test of fidelity to the Christian religion. Father Enright, in a sermon in the Catholic church at Harlan, Iowa, on Dec. 15th, as published in the Industrial American of that place in its issue of Dec. 19th 1889, said the following on this subject:

"Take, for example, the day we celebrate—Sunday. What right have Protestant churches to observe that day? None whatever. You say it is to obey the commandment, "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy." But Sunday is not the Sabbath according to the Bible and the record of time. Every one knows that Sunday is the first day of the week, Saturday is the seventh day and the Sabbath, the day consecrated as a day of rest. It is so recognized in all civilized nations I have repeatedly offered $1,000 to any one who will furnish any proof from the Bible that Sunday is the day we are bound to keep, and no one has called for the money. If any berson in this town will show me any scripture for it, I will tomorrow evening publicly acknowledge it, and thank him for it.

It was the Holy Catholic church that changed the day of rest from Saturday to Sunday, the first day of the week. And it not only compelled all to keep Sunday, but at the Council of Laodicea, A. D. 364, anathematized those who kept the Sabbath, and urged all persons to labor on the seventh day under penalty of anathema. Which church does the whole civilized world obey?

Protestants call it every horrible name they can think of—antichrist, the scarlet colored beast, Babylon, etc., and at the same time profess great reverence for the Bible; and yet by this solemn act of keeping Sunday, they acknowledge the power of the Catholic church. The Bible says: "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy," but the Cathalic church says no, keep the first day of the week; and the whole world bows in obedience."

The following is from a protestant source, and is the type of protestanism which still protests and insists upon applying to the papacy those "horrible names" referred to by Mr. Enright;

"There are many, even of those engaged in this movement for Sunday enforcement, who are blinded to the results which will follow this action. They do not see that they are striking directly against religious liberty. There are many who have never understood the claims of the Bible Sabbath and the false foundation upon which the Sunday institution rests. Any movement in favor of religious legislation is really an act of concession to the papacy, which for so many ages has steadily warred against liberty of conscience. Sunday observance owes its existence as a so-called Christian institution to the 'mystery of iniquity,' and its enforcement will be a virtual recognition of the principles which are the very corner-stone of Romanism. When our nation shall so abjure the principles of its government as to enact a Sunday law, Protestanism will in that act join hands with popery; it will be nothing else than giving life to the tyranny which has long been watching its opportunity to spring again into active despotism." Testimony 33, pp. 239, 240.

The climax of hypocracy and perfidity of the prime movers in this business, however, is shown in the pretended exemption of their brethren and fellow-christians who differ from them. With a great show of magnanimity they propose to exempt those "who conscientiously believe in and observe any other day than Sunday as a day of rest and religious worship," which involves all there is in the religious observance of the day. So it is the religious observance of Sunday they intend to enforce, after all their attempts to deny it, and nothing short of conscientious religious observance of another day will secure exemption from such enforcement. But who of all the readers of the bill will fail to see their perfidty and treachery when, after making this fine looking proposition, they add a proviso which positively and absolutely nullifies the terms of exemption and places those who observe another day on precisely the same footing as those who do not. What can be done in opposition to these manifestly hypocritical and treasonable attempts to induce Congress to force everybody to submit to their dictation as to what day they shall keep, and how they shall keep it!

In the political discussion of these measures facts will be expressed in plain English, and the character and aims of these religio-political demagogues will be exposed regardless of the sheep's clothing they have assumed, and it is hoped that those who appreciate liberty of conscience will protest in unmistakable terms against being robbed of their dearest rights and highest privileges.

IRA D. BLANCHARD.

Crookston, Feb. 3d, 1890.

WINNIPEG TO DULUTH.

The New Line Expected to be in Running Order This Year.

WINNIPEG, Telegram, to Pioneer Press, Jan. 28.—Mr. Wright, president of the Winnipeg & Duluth, and Mr. Fisher, general manager, are in the city. They came here to confer with Winnipeg & Southeastern people, with whom they have been carrying on negotiations, as they expect to reach this city over the line which the latter have a charter for building from here to the boundary. They also desired to look over Winnipeg and size up its importance as a railway town, and as a result of their visit they are more than ever impressed with the desirability of locating in this city and through it the great Northwest for trade for their new road. There is said to be an agreement between the two companies that the Winnipeg & Duluth is to be at the international boundary as soon as the Winnipeg & Southeastern is there. A director of the latter enterprise said that before the present year is out they hoped to have the railway running from here to Duluth. Work on the Southeastern will be resumed as soon as spring comes.

The Western Rural, Chicago.

We call the attention of our readers to The Western Rural and American Stockman, one of the oldest and best known of our agricultural and family newspapers. Upon questions of political economy and reform The Rural is one of the ablest exponents of agriculture and a faithful worker in behalf of the farmer and his best interests. The single subscription price of The Rural and Stockman is $1.50 per year, of fifty-two issues. For free sample copies address MILTON GEORGE, Chicago, Ill.

War on the Sugar Trust.

The Western Rural.

Trusts have been so rapidly organized during the last few years, "cornering" nearly every necessary and many of the more commonly used luxuries of life—the undisguised object being to extort money from the consumer—that the people have become exceedingly irritated and restless. Never in the history of this country has a greater degree of unrest been manifested among the people; and whenever such a feeling develops the conclusion may be at once reached—without the slightest fear of indulging an error—that there is grievous injustice somewhere. People in the full enjoyment of their rights do not, as a people, complain. The history of rebellions—with only enough exceptions to make the rule—is a history of oppression and outrage, finally ripening into an effort of some kind to throw off the yoke. Ours is a prosperous country. A more rapid accumulation of wealth has never been seen during the same length of time, in any nation during the entire history of the world; and even now while farmers are selling grain and stock at a positive loss, middlemen are making money in handling the farmer's products. The profits are sufficient even now but they are diverted from the pockets into which they should go. The millions of producers are not being remunerated for creating that which is making somebody rich.

Under such circumstances it would be marvelous if the American people, whose life-training has been in the direction of the belief that impartial justice is the chief corner stone of our system of government, should not become restless and resort to unusual and somewhat heroic means of self-protection. The notion of boycotting sugar for the purpose of crippling the sugar trust, is a resort of this character, and whatever anybody may think of its practicability, the idea clearly shows that the people are agitated and that the public mind is working in a direction that will ultimately overwhelm all such injustices as are represented by the plundering trusts; and it is a consummation devoutly to be wished. For a long time the consumer has been paying three or four cents a pound more for sugar than it was squarely worth in the market, simply because a body of men had combined to rob the consumer of that excess. It requires but little computation to show what an enormous aggregate this extortion has taken from the consumers of the United States, and with something of a conception of that large amount, there will be little wonder in any unprejudiced mind that the idea of giving up the use of sugar until it can be had at a reasonable price, should be entertained by many of the most thoughtful people in the country. But although this course may be open to objectionn upon the grounds that it is not the best course or indeed that it is not practical, our people when sufficiently aroused will sometimes accomplish their purposes through very extraordinary means. They are descendants of the people who landed on Plymouth Rock, and the birth of American civilization at the landing of the Pilgrims, was about the last thing that men and women would have expected. The destruction of the tea in Boston harbor, the declaration of independence on the part of a few weak colonies and the armed resistance of these colonies to the authority of a powerful nation, seemed wild and reckless. But it was an unconquerable spirit of manhood that suggested them, and that spirit is still alive among the American people. Whatever course may be determined upon to crush the sugar and other trusts, there need be little fear of failure if the people are united. It is probably true, however, that our emancipation from such evils, if permanent, will come through a closer union of the masses, and efficient anti trust legislation as a consequence.

Relief for Settlers on N. P. Lands.

WASHINGTON, Telegram, to St. Paul, News, Jan. 28.—Congressman Comstock has introduced a bill for the relief of settlers on the second indemnity belt on the line of the Northern Pacific road, opened to settlement in 1887 by the then Secretary of the Interior. Several hundred people filed claims on this tract and a large number made final proofs. They spent a large amount of money and time in making the customary improvements. These lands were afterwards withdrawn by the Secretary of the Interior, and the courts held that the belt was within the Northern Pacific grant. The settlers lost everything. The bill introduced provides that the dislodged settlers may take up other lands and make final proof on the same without the usual expense of improvements. They, of course, lose all the improvements on their old claims. The measure, however, will prove a great relief to them.

Absorbed New Capital.

DULUTH, Telegram, to Pioneer Press, Jan. 27.—A deed of trust from the Duluth & Winnipeg to the Guarantee Loan and Trust Company of Philadelphia for $7,000,000 was filed to-day in the register of deeds office here. It covers the line right of way, rolling stock, etc., of the road, as well as moneys advanced for construction purposes. R. S. Munger, one of the directors of the road, returned from the east to-day noon bringing the news that the company has absorbed much new capital, and is now on a splendid financial basis. Work will begin on the extension to the Canadian border just as soon as the weather will permit of grading, and it will be completed this year. Surveyors are now out running the lines for the extension. The company has decided to give orders for locomotives and passenger and freight equipment at once.

Don't neglect to secure a first-class weekly and daily paper while you can receive both at less than the price for the daily. TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY FIVE cents secures you the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News. This offer is only for a limited time. Subject to withdrawal on ten days notice. Call early and avoid the rush.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.

[34-tf] W. G. COOKE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Jan. 29th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 14th, 1890, viz: ANDREW S. AMUNDSON, H'd 9347, for the e½ sw¼ and lw¼ se¼, S. 26, T. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gulbran Pederson Branten, Joan Olson Seeter, Torr Johnson and Andrew A. Bakken, all of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

I RING THE FIRST BELL!

To Announce the Opening of my New

Holiday Stock

AND INVITE YOU TO CALL
And Inspect my NEW LINES OF CHOICE NOVELTIES,
Especially Adapted for Christmas and Wedding Presents.

LARGEST STOCK. | LATEST STYLES. | LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,
ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE=WE=ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.
Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTM EN T
OF
NEWMARKETS
From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long,	$4.00
" " Striped 7 " " "	6.00
" " " " " "	7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " "	8.00
" " " " " " "	9.00
" " Black or Brown " " "	10.00
" " " " " " "	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., FEBRUARY 6, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	62.
No. 1 Northern	60.
No. 2 "	55.
No. 3 "	49.
Rejected	

'Round Home.

Prof. Allison has the grip.

Not so much hay and wood on the market this week.

Russia and Onstad will unite to form a farmers alliance.

S. M. McKee expects his wife from Michigan on Friday of this week.

L. I. Benoit has gone to Butte and other western points, to see what like that country is.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Durand entertained their friends at cinch, afternoon and evening Tuesday.

Geo. McManus went up to the farm at McIntosh last week Thursday, returning on Saturday.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

A mail route has been established on the D., C. & N. R. R. between here and Fertile. Now is the time to establish your new post office.

John Hart returned with his bride this week and have gone to housekeeping all the same like old folks. THE JOURNAL extends a welcome to the fair bride.

The St. Paul Dispatch says that Hon. H. Steenerson was in the city on Monday enroute for Washington on private business. He refused to be interviewed on politics.

See the drop in the price of flour in Lee & Herrick's ad this week. The boys say they propose to do the square thing by their patrons and make the price of flour correspond with the price of wheat. They say their motto is "Live and let live."

Why didn't you say you had returned to civilization, Tom Morris so that we could have welcomed you home last week in due and ancient form? Well, we'll do it now to spite you and we'll get even with you some time if ever we go away to get married. See, if we don't.

You can secure a choice cow or heifer if you call on me before they are all sold.

W. G. COOKE, JOURNAL Office.

John E. Tice was in from Mentor on Tuesday and dropped in to give us a word from Mentor Alliance. They have 29 members and very interesting meetings. Says everybody is talking alliance out his way and hopes to see every neighboring town organized before spring.

Good Vermont gray overcoats $2, at th C. O. D. Clothing House.

Eli Steenerson and his wife went down to the west side on Sunday morning to see Andrew's wife who is very sick. Eli says Andrew wrote him to send him a chore boy, and so he thought he would go down and fodder the cows, feed the hogs and do the chores awhile to see how it seems to be a granger again.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE, [17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

The town of Roome comes to the front this week with a new alliance containing 16 members. President, J. J. Ide; vice-president, Ole Knudson; secretary, P. B. Anderson, and treasurer, Martin Finseth. On Monday evening the secretary, Mr. Anderson, came into THE JOURNAL office, made out and forwarded the application for charter on blanks which we have for the purpose. They expect to more than double their membership at their first regular meeting.

Our subscription list is growing encouragingly, and we wish to return our thanks to those of our friends who have spoken a good word for THE JOURNAL, which has been one cause of this increase in the list. Very often we are told: "So and so, who takes THE JOURNAL, told me about the paper and advised me to try it. Here's your money, put my name down on your list." Thanks, friends, that's just what we want. The larger our list the more good we shall be able to do our patrons. Every farmer in the county should have THE JOURNAL.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Theo. Greenhalgh has returned from his western trip and says he did not see a day of pleasant weather while away from Minnesota. Saw many of the old-time Crookston people at Tacoma: W. H. Jennings is doing well in his mill business. Expects to move his mill soon to a more eligible site. Our old friend W. F. Zwickey was dept. sheriff in charge of a bankrupt stock of merchandise (it seems they have such things out there,) Wm. Box, Sr., is doing very well as was the others whom he saw. Robert Houston has a townsite called Puget City—we suppose "Bob" cares less for the "Pu" than what he can "get" out of it. Theodore thinks a man can do well enough out there if he has plenty of money and knows how to handle it, but it is no place for a laboring man as there are about 40 men to every job.

At Last!

Wm. Dawley's commission arrived on Tuesday and he took possession of the post-office in the evening of that day. THE JOURNAL adds its blessing.

The Great Northern R. R.

Arrangments were all completed by Feb. 1st and on that date the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R. R., passed into history, being succeeded by the Great Northern Railroad. This road is formed by the consolidation of five roads, the St. P., M. & M., the Eastern Minnesota, the Montana Central, the Sioux Falls & Wilmar, and the Duluth, Watertown & Pacific. The officials of the old Manitoba are nearly all retained.

Oppose Religious Legislation.

Every person who has not already signed petitions to Congress, should do so at once. Those who have signed petitions favoring the passage of the Blair Sunday Bill, but who now see, that, in the light of Christ's Golden Rule of conduct for his followers, "Do unto others as ye would that they should do to you." No Christian can, consistently, help to force others who differ from him, into an unwilling observance of Sunday, should also sign them. Blanks for this purpose have been left at Herb Mason's News Stand. Each person should sign both petitions, one being to the Senate, and the other to the House of Representatives. They are just alike and read as follows:

"We the undersigned, adult residents of the United States, 21 years of age or more, hereby respectfully, but earnestly, petition your Honorable Body not to pass any bill in regard to the observance of the Sabbath, or Lord's day, or any other religious or ecclesiastical institution or rite; nor to favor in any way the adoption of any resolution for the amendment of the National Constitution that would in any way give preference to the principles of any one religion above another, or that would in any way sanction legislation upon the subject of religion; but that the total separation between religion and the state, assured by our National Constitution as it now is, may forever remain as our fathers established it."

IRA D. BLANCHARD.

See our new clubbing offer with the St. Paul Daily News and call early and secure one of the leading dailies and THE JOURNAL at less than the price of the daily.

Hon. Halvor Steenerson departed for Washington on Sunday evening to argue a land case before the land office department. Some might regard this as a political move, but it aint. If Halvor meets Ben on the street he will not be any too cordial—he wont extend the usual western "Ho!"

Children's suits $1.
Children's overcoat $1.
Children's winter caps 10c.
Boys' suits age 13 to 17, $2.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Marcus Johnson, the new collector was in the city this week. Mr. Johnson will be a creditable official and since our own Ole couldn't have it we can easily see how a worse appointment could have been made. He is a young man of vim and energy and when he goes loaded for bear he generally gets the bear.

Mens suits, 2,000 complete suits to choose from. Come early and get the best selection.

C. O. D. CLOTHING HOUSE.

See what M. R. Brown has to say in his new ad. He offers a young farm for a building spot at about $10 an acre or thereabouts. If you ever expect to build a house of your own this is the best chance you will see in years, if ever again. He means just what he says. Don't take our word for that, but go and see if he don't.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN MCLEAN.

On Tuesday of last week Gracie, the little nine-months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Vannet, died of cholera infantum after a short illness of about 36 hours. The remains were taken to Glyndon for interment in the cemetery where two others of the family are buried. Prof. Squier conducted the services in the absence of the pastor.

Good Union cassamere overcoats at $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Crookston Farmers' Alliance met in the hall on Monday. Twenty-two members joined and seven new applications were received. As the executive committee, at their last meeting, fixed the number of delegates at one for each sub-alliance, and one alternate, our alliance found that its action in electing three at its preliminary meeting was illegal, so, on motion, the vote was re-considered and secretary A. N. Hixson was elected delegate, and president, F. Bivins, alternate. The committee on by-laws reported, and after a slight change the by-laws as reported were adopted. Interesting discussions of topics concerning the welfare of farmers occupied some time, and the meeting adjourned till Monday, Feb. 10th, at 2 p. m., when it is expected an important communication will be received from the Secretary of the State Alliance. Every member of the alliance should be on deck to hear what that communication is, and every one should bring along a new recruit. There are 40 charter members, 82 joined at last meeting and seven new application, 69 in all. So far, each one has done good missionary work, but we should not stop until every farmer is in line. A little good work now will tell in the future. Now is the time to work when the farm work does not crowd.

Woodside Notes.

WOODSIDE, Minn., Feb. 4, 1890.

A few days more of such fine weather will entirely ruin the sleighing.

Nearly every person in this locality has been sick with la grippe.

Mr. Nils Nilson went down to Crookston last Wednesday to make final proof on his place.

Mr. W. J. Nickle the famous pedagogue, who is now teaching in school district No. 190, went to McIntosh last Saturday and returned on Sunday.

Mr. S. W. Fisk has a patent saw for sale, with which one man can do the work of three, its a daisy.

Its a curious fact that anything publiseed, be it good or bad, even if it is intended for none is sure to produce a marked effect, the coat if it has ever so bad a cut seems always to fit some, and will undoubtedly find a wearer. As innocent a thing as the "farmers' dream" was has apparently found an owner, Ha! ha! well what of that? let the galled gade wince our withers are unwrung.

FARMER.

To the Teachers of Polk County.

In order that the teachers may have timely notice of the spring examination and be in readiness to attend, at least one of the examinations which will be held in the county, I call their attention to the following:

All teachers expecting to teach in this county during the present year, must be in attendance at the examination, which will be held sometime about the beginning of March. (The exact date will be given through the press in the near future.)

The following are the studies required for a third grade: Reading, writing, geography, grammar, orthography, hygiene, arithmetic and history of the United States. An average of 65 per cent. will be required, and no branch lower than 50 per cent.

To the above will be added for a second grade, Theory and Practice and Civil Government. An average of 75 per cent. will be required; no branch being lower than 60 per cent.

To obtain a first grade the applicant will be examined in physical geography, physiology, geometry, natural philosophy and algebra, together with all the branches mentioned in the second grade. An average of 80 per cent. will be necessary; no study being lower than 65 per cent.

Certificates given by my predecessors will not be indorsed nor extended after the spring examination.

The object in calling out all the teachers, is not only to test their qualifications, but to give such instruction to them as they will need in carrying out the plan of the school work in the future.

It is our object to establish a regular, systematic grading of the common schools of this county, and with that purpose in view, each school in the county will be furnished with Teachers' Classification Register and the course of study prescribed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and several of the most eminent educators of the state.

There is no valid reason why the common schools cannot be systematically graded and have a well defined course of study, as well as the high schools or normals. By the hearty co-operation of the teachers, we will prove this not only practicable, but that we will avoid that miscellaneous, aimless and unprogressive condition of things which are usual in the common schools.

As an additional incentive for pupils to accomplish the work laid out, every one who completes the regular course of study will be presented with a very elegant and artistic diploma.

THOMAS CASEY,
Supt. of Schools.

The Thirteen Towns: Miss Inez McGrew, of Crookston, was in the city this week making arrangements for a concert to be given at the Opera House in Fosston on Thursday evening, February 13th. The programme is being carefully selected and arranged. Miss McGrew has the reputation of being one of the best musicians in Polk county, being organist in one of the leading Churches in Crookston and has frequently presided at the organ here during public entertainments, and has never failed to delight the audience. Under her management it is safe to say that the entertainment will be first class in all respects and excel anything yet given in Fosston. Its character will certainly merit a crowded house which we confidently expect to see. The programme will be published in our next issue.

Wanted.

To sell immediately. My dwelling house and lot in Crookston.
[39-tf] J. W. LILLY.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

Farming Tribune: The United States gave to the Pacific railroads about fifty million dollars worth of land, and also loaned them $130,0000,000, upon which they have never paid any interest. Now with millions of dollars lying idle in the treasury, why should not the government loan a few thousand to the farmers of the west, instead of compelling them to borrow from English syndicates and eastern insurance companies at ruinous rates of interest? The farms of the country are better security than the Pacific railroads, and if the mortgages should have to be foreclosed would it not be better to have the government own the farms than have them pass into the hands of these foreign corporations?

SEALED BIDS.

CROOKSTON, Jan. 28th, 1890.

Sealed bids will be received by the Council of the city of Crookston until February 11th, 1890, at 8 p. m., for repairing the Broadway bridge, according to the plans and specifications in the office of the City Engineer. The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Austin Larson will pay all debts and collect all book accounts and notes due our firm.

Crookston, Minn., Jan. 24, 1890.

A. HOLMBOE.
AUSTIN LARSON.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2 15
Fife	1 85
Skip Jack	1 25

Stock Farm for Sale

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 59 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Pateron & Lilly. [52-tf]

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 48. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

Rariton Chinchilla over coats $3.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending February 1st, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Anderson, Mrs Mary—2
Partenheimer, John
Pierce, A A
Sordal, Torkel Olson
Simpson, Sadie

ALEX. MCKINNON, P. M.

JUST FOR FUN,

AND TO KEEP BUSINESS LIVELY,

I Propose to Give Away

FOR A VERY LITTLE CASH,

A Few Lots in Jerome's Addition

At about the cost of transfer, viz:

Lots 9 and 10, in blk. 16; lots 11 and 12, in blk. 16; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 20; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 20; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 21; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 21; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 22; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 22; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 25; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 25; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 32; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 32; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 32; lots 23 and 24, in blk. 33, and lots 25 and 26, in blk. 33.

AT $13 EACH OR $26 A PAIR.

Thus you will observe the purchaser gets a fifty foot front lot for only $26; or if you prefer, you can purchase four lots for $52, making 100 feet front.

☞ Now is your chance. THIS OFFER WILL REMAIN OPEN ONLY SIXTY DAYS. Apply to

M. R. BROWN.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($122.72,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ambrose Goodboe and Louise Goodboe, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the second day of April A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "35" of mortgages, on page 63.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date thereof, the sum of nine hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($922.72,) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section thirteen (13,) and east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) Section fourteen (14) Town one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty-three (43) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($235.69,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles Richard and Mary Richard, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of February A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February A. D. 1888, at 4:10 o'clock p. m., in book "33" of mortgages, on page 616.

And whereas, said mortgagee, now the holder thereof, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of sixteen hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($1635.69,) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two (32,) Township one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty-five (45,) in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:55 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:20 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:20 "	Ashland	6:10 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:35 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:21 "
11:49 "	Grafton	[illegible] "
1:25 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:20 p. m. arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property. [10-tf]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1885, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on page 25 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty three (43) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan 27th. A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of ninety-five dollars ($95.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Olivier Meunier (widower) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1887, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of December, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book [illegible] of mortgages, on page [illegible].

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date hereof the sum of one thousand ninety-five dollars ($1,095); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼) of section seven (7) Town one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and state, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-one and 51-100 dollars ($81.51,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Roberge and [illegible] Roberge his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the 1st day of May A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of May A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book "35" of mortgages, on page 133.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-one and 51-100 dollars ($881.51,) and whereas the said power has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ of se¼) and the south half of the southwest quarter (s½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10,) Town one hundred and fifty-one (151,) Range forty-five (45) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Pateron & Lilly. [52-tf]

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING
MUST
GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE

C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

They say Ole Hanson is a candidate for deputy collector under Johnson, with good chances of success. That is as it should be. Ole is a rustler from way back and deserves recognition, and if we dared to hope that Crookston could get anything in this deal we would endorse him heartily. But all we seem to be good for is to work and vote for the ticket, and as a reward get—left.

The meeting of the State Alliance on March 4th will be a very important one, and every sub-alliance should send a delegate. Elect a delegate and an alternate, as no proxies will be allowed, and be sure you elect your best men. It is probable that a portion of the expense of your delegate will be met by the State Alliance, and even if it should not, no alliance can afford to be unrepresented. You can thus find out more about what the alliance can do for the farmer than you can in any other way. Be sure and send a good man, one who can tell you all about it on his return.

If you want to buy wheat for seed from the elevators now, we are told, you have to pay 89 cents per bushel for No. 1 HARD. This suggests a question: "Where did they get that No. 1 Hard when their instructions from below all the fall have been to grade no wheat No. 1 Hard?" If our millers want to buy wheat of the elevators they have to pay 80 cents, but if they dared pay a farmer 80 cents for his wheat (same quality as the elevators have) up comes a threat: "Let up on that or down goes your shanty!" And yet we call this a "FREE COUNTRY," and some farmers can't see what good the farmers alliance can do them!

In a recent issue, the Kittson County Enterprise raked THE JOURNAL over the coals for "defending the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners." In an article in its last issue the Enterprise repeats much that we have often said going to show the DEFECTS of the system. He then says: "If the present system is to remain in force, let it be amended so as to provide for its election by the people." Probably that would be an improvement, but would it not be better to take it out of politics entirely, if possible? It was created simply and solely for business, and it seems to us the farther away from politics we can get it, the more business we can expect from it. Some have suggested having the appointment of the board made by the Supreme Judges, of men recommended by the Farmers' Alliance; the board to appoint its inspectors, weighers, &c. It is plain that some change is needed, just how to get at it properly don't seem to be so plain. We are informed that the elevators and railroads would like to see the commission abolished, and we cannot see where the interests of the producer can be best subserved by consenting to that. Before the commission was established the farmer could not even ship his own wheat; now he can, which is much to his advantage, but we want to see the law so adjusted that he can sell his wheat right in his own market to just as good advantage as though he shipped it, and we believe that it can be accomplished.

And So It Goes.

From all over the county the cry is heard: "Come and help us!" We have this week a request from St. Hilaire for an alliance speaker to visit St. Hilaire on Friday, Feb. 14th, and we have arranged to have one there on that date, and we expect a rattling good speaker to go up there on that day and awake the echoes. Let every JOURNAL reader in that vicinity not only turn out and hear what the alliance proposes to do, but tell your neighbors and friends also to come. The meeting, we believe, is called for one o'clock, and let every farmer come prepared to cast in his lot with his brother farmers, now, while the mighty wave is rolling o'er the land. Twelve alliances for Polk County in January looks like something was going to be did—and it is!

MINNESOTA STATE FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

St. Paul, Tuesday, March 4th 1890.

A CIRCULAR LETTER TO THE SUBORDINATE ALLIANCES.

The Secretary of the State Alliance issues the following circular letter to the Officers and Members of Subordinate Alliances:

MANKATO, Minn., Jan. 22, 1890.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Minnesota State Farmers' Alliance, held on the 21st inst., at St. Paul, I was instructed by resolution to communicate with each Subordinate Alliance in the State, and press upon their attention the following views:

1. The growth of the Farmers' Alliance in Minnesota during the past year has been most gratifying and astonishing, and the promise for the future is such that the Alliance will be able to do great good for the farmers, not only in securing their cheap hail, life and fire insurance, and cheap agricultural machinery, twine, coal, lumber, etc., but also by combining producers together and securing a Legislature next fall that will reform the great abuses of which the people justly complain, and which they suffer at the hands of the railroad companies, elevators millers' rings, etc.

2. The Executive Committee therefore request me to urge upon you the importance of sustaining the Alliance by every means in your power. If your Alliance has become careless and inattentive to its duties, or defunct, we urge you, on receipt of this letter, to at once CALL TOGETHER THE MEMBERS AND OTHER FARMERS, and either revive the old organization, by the election of new officers and providing for the payment of the dues for the year 1889; or by forming a new Alliance with a new charter number; and send in to me $2.00 for a new charter. At the same meeting elect a delegate and alternate to the annual meeting of the State Alliance, which will be held at the Capitol, St. Paul, on the 4th day of March, 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The Executive Committee at the meeting Jan. 22, adopted unanimously the following resolutions:

RESOLVED.—That the Executive Committee will recommend to the State Alliance, at its next meeting, that so much of the dues of each subordinate alliance as is necessary to pay the expenses of the delegate or alternate of such subordinate alliance, to the next annual meeting, shall be repaid to such delegate or alternate for his expenses, to-wit, railroad fare and lodging, while in St. Paul.

This resolution will undoubtedly be adopted by the State Allance. The meaning is as follows: If your Alliance contains, say 25 members, and you pay 30 cents for each member, or in other words $7.50, if the expenses of your delegate to the annual meeting are, we will say $5, then out of the said sum of $7.00 the sum of $5.00 will be repaid by the State Alliance at that meeting to such delegate or alternate. If, on the other hand, the delegate's expenses are $15.00, then he gets back the $7.50 paid by his Alliance, and as much more of the balance as the condition of the Alliance treasury will justify. The object of the resolution is to increase the attendance of delegates at the annual meeting; for we recognize the fact that the larger the annual meeting the greater will be the influence and power of the State Alliance for good. We hope you will see to it that your Alliance is represented at our annual meeting by one of your earnest and intelligent members.

3. I would further state that the Executive Committee have taken steps, and expect to obtain, the usual reduction of railroad rates on all railroads in the state, of one-half the usual fare, or a rate of one full fare and one-fifth for the round trip. The details will be published in the Great West and Farm, Stock and Home, previous to the annual meeting. In the same papers will also be furnished the names of boarding houses and hotels in St. Paul at which lower rates will be given to the members of the Alliance, during the session of the State Alliance.

4. I enclose you a card on which you will insert the names of your delegate and alternate. This card will constitute their credentials; and will, after being shown to the committee on credentials, be retained by delegate or alternate, and used as a ticket of admission to the secret session of the Alliance. It will also be used in obtaining the rebate on the railroad fares home from the Alliance meeting. No proxies will be admitted under any circumstances.

5. It is very important for the future work of the State Alliance that your secretary should carefully fill up the enclosed blanks,—especially giving the name and post-office address of all your members. As the benefits of the low prices of goods, obtained by a Purchasing Department, can only be enjoyed by members of the Alliance, this list of members will become of great importance. We especially desire that you should give the name of the county and township in which your alliance is located. The State Alliance intends that every agricultural township in the state shall be organized. The list of names of leading farmers in such unorganized townships will help us in this work.

This report can be sent me if possible, or brought to our next annual meeting by your delegate or alternate. Remember that the dues must be paid to entitle the delegate to admission.

We hope that as the alliance is fighting your battle, you will come forward and help us. Revive your organization if defunct; if it is alive extend its membership; get up a sentiment of enthusiasm for the work; and remember that those only continue enslaved who have the spirits of slaves. We propose to relieve the farmers of their burdens if the farmers will only stand by us. Work hard to get every farmer in your neighborhood to join the alliance.

Very Respectfully Yours,
GEO. W. HAIGH, Secretary.

A Washington telegram to the Minneapolis Evening Journal says that the rallying cry of Northern Minnesota may be "Col. C. H. Graves for Governor." Yes, and it MAY not. If we read the signs of the times aright the farmers of Minnesota will have something to say on that subject, and we very much mistake them if they will "rally" to any very enthusiastic extent around the

HEAD OF THE ELEVATOR SYSTEM

of Duluth. The Board of Rrilroad and Warehouse Commissioners was created for the sole purpose of protecting the rights of the producers, and they claimed the right to dictate the appointments under it, and the farmers will not soon forget how Speaker Graves used the weight of the position they had given him to oppose those candidates, claiming that as the business had to be done in Duluth that Duluth (i e the ELEVATOR SYSTEM of Duluth) should dictate the appointments.

Whose Hand is It?

The Great West.

Again we are urged to publish the schemes, if any, which underlie the surface in relation to the Alliance and the coming state meeting March 4th?

Again we state that never was the duty of a paper more clearly outlined than our duty to avoid any entangling disputes or discussions.

At the same time at least four hundred new and revived Alliances, coming upon the battle-field of ideas with a splendid loyalty, demand that they shall know their foes. The powerful sentiment thus exhibited says the alliance-for-farmers is what they are members of, and not an alliance-for-politicians. The insurance scheme which has been rising and falling like a cracked thermometer in a bake-oven, with a broken promise at every flutter, has been practically and quietly laid at rest—and the National organization backed by three million members, and a grand record and large capital, will enter the field as soon as the machinery of organization can be set in motion, and the matter explained at the annual meeting. But the political move was not dropped with Mr. Scheffer's Insurance Co. (Mr. Scheffer will pardon us if we use his name too intimately with this affair. It was, of course, a personal plan of others, to which he gave ear, but it goes by his name.) The wire-pulling is still progressing. Mr. Scheffer and Charley Gilman are constructing a "natatorium" where the Alliance "war horse" may get into the swim. What, Mr. Scheffer up for governor again? No sir—probably not—and yet——.

Men and Brethren: Let us have harmony and peace—on this line, that the Alliance is solely for farmers, and their legislative labors for redemption—that this political monkey-work must cease and cease entirely.

Come out in force. The rule that only delegates and alternates will be admitted to the hall will be enforced during the business or day sessions—so says the Executive committee. Cards will be sent to every Alliance for that purpose.

Send your delegates from the extremest part of the state! The dues paid by sub-alliances into the State Alliance on March 4th, will be divided up pro-rata to pay delegates' expenses.

The Great West is making arrangements with boarding houses close by the capital to take delegates at very low rates.

Arrangements will undoubtedly be made to secure one-and-one-fifth railway fares.

If possible send to the Great West the names of delegates from every alliance. Make a SPECIAL EFFORT to do this—it will be a matter of interest to you to do so.

Come with a clean purpose to stand by no man or set of men. Stand by no political scheme. Be free—and as soon as an official or any other man begins to work the racket of any old political profligates or their sweetly smiling henchmen, give them a wide berth.

Never, in the history of this northwest has a more important meeting been held. It will decide much for the future. Alliances without number will decide for life or burial on its action. The splendid generalship of the lecturers all over the state has marshalled an army of true men and they are not for sale. And we admire the zeal of that man, who in spite of the delinquencies of officials, their broken promises, and misrepresentations, and misfortunes of his own, has as head of the lecture bureau, put this force into the field.

Let but this meeting shake off the political carbuncles who use alliance men as tools, and there will be a glorified resurrection of the buried hopes of the laborer, on all these broad prairies. Like an evangel of grace it will give promises not made to be broken.

A private letter to the editor of THE JOURNAL from Hon. S. G. Comstock says that the President will doubtless issue his proclamation opening the Red Lake Reservation, just as soon as he has had time to examine the papers in the case. Mr. Comstock has worked earnestly and incessantly in the interest of the people in this matter as well as every other affecting their interest in Congress.

The Daily Globe: A Missouri farmer, with a turn for statistics, has furnished a communication to his county paper on the subject of official salaries, in which he states that an official who receives $4,000 per year salary absorbs the price of 26,666 bushels of corn at 15 cents per bushel, or of 6,666 bushels of wheat at 60 cents per bushel, or 33,333 bushels of oats at 12 cents, or the price of fifty good farm horses. He also estimates that a farm hand at $13 per month would have to work the year round for a quarter of a century to earn the same amount, and adds that in 1866-7-68, about 5,000 to 8,000 bushels of corn would have footed the bill, or 5,000 bushels of wheat.

THE HERALD
HAS NOW THE ONLY COMPLETE
BOOK BINDERY
IN GRAND FORKS COUNTY.
SEND IN YOUR MAGAZINES,
NEWSPAPER FILES OR
ANY BLANK BOOK WORK
—OR ORDERS FOR—
OFFICE SUPPLIES,
Notary and Corporation Seals, Rubber Stamps, Stationery
Letter Presses, Inks, Etc.
A FULL LINE OF LEGAL BLANKS.
Address THE HERALD,
GRAND FORKS, NORTH DAKOTA.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock

—OF—

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL and COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine

IMPORTED MILLINERY GOODS

From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.

[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.

MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, [illegible], W. H. [illegible]
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Herald Printing and Binding.

The Herald has unrivalled facilities for executing all kinds of legal and commercial printing, blank book manufacturer and book binding. The bindery and job office have been fitted up with new machinery throughout, making the Herald plant the most complete in North Dakota. New lines of type and latest improved presses have been added to the job department, which is now under the management of a thoroughly experienced foreman, who has no superior as a mechanical or artistic printer. The foreman of the bindery is acknowledged to be the best book binder in the northwest, and with the superior facilities at its command, is prepared to do the finest and most satisfactory work in every branch of the art. The Herald also keeps in stock a full line of office supplies and stationery, affording purchasers the benefit of selection from a complete assortment. Also all the new forms of state legal blanks. All kinds of blank books manufactured, county and bank work a specialty. All orders promptly and accurately filled at reasonable prices. The Grand Forks Herald will occupy its new building, corner Third street and Kittson avenue, July 1st, 1890. See advertisement elsewhere in this issue.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.

Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'sr
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon,

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., FEBRUARY 6, 1890.

Defending the Governor.

St. Paul Daily News.

The Polk County Journal, takes the Daily News to task for its statement that Gov. Merriam is a oneterm man. It says, "There was nothing in that (his) campaign to warrant the statement that it was necessarily a one-term campaign. If there was we would like to have it pointed out."

Our cotemporary should recall the history of the Republican party of State in order to more clearly understand the situation. With the single exception of Gov. Davis, who peremptorily declined to be a candidate for the second term, every Governor since the inception of the State has been indorsed by a renomination and re-election.

This has been, too, the party record, as all the Governors have been Republicans except at the outset of the State organization. Gov. McGill has especially carried the party standard, which was high license, at that time, to success. It was largely to his efforts that the law, which all parties cheerfully acquiesce in, was placed upon the statute book.

The party convention which nominated Gov. Merriam passed resolutions eulogizing Gov. McGill and his administration, but repudiated him as a candidate. The only excuse given for this, other than the desire of another candidate to secure the place, was that his majority was so small when elected the party could not afford to run such a risk again.

The injustice of such a comment is, of course, apparent. The majority was small because Gov. McGill so squarely stood upon the high license issue, which was that of the party. At that time there was much opposition to that policy, but like many measures which have been carried to success on a narrow margin, it became popular and by the time of the next convention, when Gov. McGill was entitled to an indorsement, the issue of a previous campaign which had reduced his majority, was decidedly popular.

It would have been no more dangerous to have nominated Gov. McGill, if the party was honest, than it was to indorse his policy, for if they really were sincere in indorsing that, the nomination of another man would not imply that there was to be a change. Consequently the one-term precedent was established purely and simply as an accommodation to Gov. Merriam.

This certainly commits him to the one-term policy. He cannot consistently adopt any other. His breaking the party precedent of over a quarter of a century, established a new one which he is in honor and duty bound to indorse, and the Daily News is one of those who believes he has sufficient political integrity to do so.

Our contemporary and those who take the same view he does, really cast a reflection upon the Governor in assuming that he does not accept the one-term precedent, and it is for the purpose of defending Gov. Merriam and setting him right before the public that the Daily News presents this statement.

Marshall County Leader.

Many of our exchanges are still filling their colums with harrowing instances of rascality and robbery by the elevator companies and their accomplices, the railroads. The evidence is complete and it ought by this time to be fully known to all who have their eyes as much as half open that the farmers of western Minnesota and Dakota received from six to ten cents per bushel less for the wheat crop of 1889, than they were in all justice entitled to. Nearly every producer believes this to be so and an army of them can prove it to a conclusion by evidence of practical results obtained in loading and shipping their own wheat. It is a question of extreme doubt whether the crop as a whole paid the expense of its production, by allowing it did, an added six or eight cents per bushel would have left a very encouraging profit in the farmer's pockets. The manufacturer or man of commerce who discovers a leakage in his business does not hesitate in searching a remedy and applying it. Farmers, you have located without difficulty one of the greatest obstacle to your success. Now what are you going to do about it? Will you stand with your hands in your empty pockets, cursing the condition of affairs which results in your robbery, but waiting for the year to roll round and a repetition of the same outrage to be perpetrated next year and through the succeeding years? Does it not seem an extraordinary thing that farmers who are numerically far more powerful than those engaged in any other occupation, and who are the foundation upon which the superstructure of every other business is reared, should meekly submit to accumulation of burdens which are making them as helpless, and as securely crushing them to the earth, as are the foundation stone of a palace? Several possible future conditions of the agricultural class suggest themselves. By continuing as plastic, inanimate clay in the hands of active and constructive man of other tra es the tillers of the soil will rapidly attain the form and character of tenant or serfs. Indeed, are they far removed from that state now while living upon their mortgaged farms paying interest to their mortgages and exorbitant tributes to those who relieve them of their products? The condition of future independence would not seem improbable of a united and persistent assertion of natural rights were made. Will this apparent drifting towards a condition of serfdom continue, all prove the truth of the ancient theory that one class is born to rule and another to serve, or will it be checked and the theory disproved? The two institutions, the present working of which are of greatest immediate menace to this partictlar section of country are the railroads and the elevators. Both are subjects for legislative control. Minnesota's law-makers have tussled with the subject at every session of the legislature as far back as one cares to look, but as in every other case of legislation which touches the relation of money and muscle, money has won. The next legislature will also face the question, and the character of its members will decide the spirit of the legislation. Not a senator or representative can be elected from western Minnesota without farmer's votes. Farmers, the field of politics is the battle ground upon which you must meet these giant foes if you would emancipate yourselves. Ballots are your weapons. Study the situation well that you are led into no traps by your skilled adversaries, and next fall send from Western Minnesota to the Capitol a solid delegation who are pledged to support your interests. Send men not because they are republicans or democrats, Scandinavians or Americans, but capable men of undoubted faithfulness and integrity to your interests, pledged to exercise their utmost power in your cause.

Our New Clubbing Offer.

We are pleased to announce that we have made arrangements with the St. Paul Daily News whereby we can offer that enterprising sheet for only 25 cents advance over our former offer. Thus, for new subscribers and

Two Dollars and Seventy-Five Cents

we will send the Polk County Journal and The St. Paul Daily News for one year. We are prepared to make liberal inducements to all in arrears. Call early as this offer is subject to withdrawal at an early date.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. Geo. O. Buhn, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [38-tf]

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at The Journal office.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

WHEREAL OZIAS LEVECK AND EMIRE Leveck, his wife, as mortgagors did on the ninth day of July A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the seventh day of July A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section nineteen (19,) in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151,) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of one hundred and ninety-four and forty one hundredths dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in six annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the tenth day of July A. D. 1888, at two o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "36" of mortgages on pages 294 to 296 inclusive.

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received on the eighth day of October A. D. 1888, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged and was thereafter on the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "48" of mortgages on page 234,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars ($36,) due as the second installment on said note on on the first day of December A. D. 1889, and said sum is still unpaid and due, and whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option, to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and eighty and twentyfour one hundredths dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with the taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated December 13th A. D. 1889.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS,
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee.
[40-46] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred eighty and 70-100 dollars, ($280.70,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Jarvis and Annie Jarvis, his wife, as mortgagors, to Marcus Johnson and A. D. Stephens, as mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of March A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "V" of mortgages, on page 324, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is herby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage; and pursuant to the statute in case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and west half of the southeast quarter Section twenty-nine (29.) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, Range forty-eight (48) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state on the 8th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 8th A. D. 1890.

MARCUS JOHNSON AND A. D. STEPHENS,
Mortgagees.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagees,
[40-46] Crookston, Minn.

100 100

CHOICE RESIDENCE LOTS

IN JEROME'S ADDITION!

Nearer the Business Cen er than any other Lots now for sale over there.

Abo veHigh Water Mark. Good Cellars and Good Wells Easily Obtained. If you want a Building Lot, or if you desire a chance for investment where you can double your money inside of a year. It will pay you to look into this chance to

BUY AT YOUR OWN FIGURES, PRACTICALLY!

M. R. BROWN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the Northwest.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN

BANK.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Organized under the State Laws.

Authorized Capital	$200,000
Paid in Capital	50,000
Surplus	2,500

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

OFFICERS:

Carl Hendricksen, President.
C. O. Christianson, Vice President.
O. H. Lucken, 2d Vice President.
A. G. Gallasch, Cashier.
Lewis Ellington, Asst. Cashier

DIRECTORS:

C. O. Christianson,	Crookston.
O. H. Lucken,	"
Lewis Ellington,	"
A. G. Gallasch,	"
T. J. Thoreen,	"
Max Ericsson,	"
A. D. Stephens,	"
E. P. Pierce,	"
J. H. Locken,	"
Carl Hendricksen,	Grafton.
A. E. Johnson.	St. Paul.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

We Have Just Received

ONE CARLOAD OF

FARM IMPLEMENTS,

CONSISTING OF

J. I. C. Wagons and Little Giant Gang Plows.

These we will sell at a Close Margin, and we hope to see our friends call at once and get bargains. The balance of our

BUGGIES we will dispose of AT COST. We still continue to sell the only perfect Seed Separator, the Renowned Centennial FANNING MILL. Farmers who intend to get best grade for their wheat must necesarily procure one. The Shaker POTATO DIGGER does its work thoroughly and leaves the potatoes clean upon the ground. We want every Farmer to have one.

McKINNON BROS.,

McKINNON BLOCK, - - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

THE

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry.

IS THE

DIRECT AND POPULAR LINE

TO PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

MINNESOTA, DAKOTA, MONTANA

Also to St. Paul & Minneapolis.

FOR ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING TO THE THREE GREAT CITIES OF MONTANA,

GREAT FALLS,
HELENA AND
BUTTE.

Their "Montana Express" will be put in service November 10th, with a Train Equipment unexcelled, furnishing Splendid Day Coaches Palace Sleepers, Free Colonist Sleepers and Superb Dining Cars of latest design.

"Manitoba-Pacific Route"

To Puget Sound Points.

Affords Cheaper Rates than via any other.

Fast Time, Comfort, Courteous Attention.

LAND This Company has for sale in Minnesota 2,000,000 acres of Excellent Farming, Grazing and Timber Lands, at very low prices and on favorable terms.

For Maps, and general information inquire of your own Ticket Agent, or

J. BOOKWALTER, Land Com'r.
F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn
A. MANVEL, V. P. & G. M.
W. S. ALEXANDER, G. T. M

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

Samuel C. Hayes, Plaintiff. vs. Annie M. Hayes, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Dated December 24th 1889.

Wm. Watts, Plaintiff's Att'y,
[36-42] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 30th 1890.]

WHEREAS CHRISTIAN N. SATHRE AND Ragnhild Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, as mortgagors, did on the second day of November A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the second day of November A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee, the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter, and the north half of the northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section fifteen (15,) in township one hundred and forty-nine (149,) of range forty-six (46) and containing two hundred acres, to secure the payment of two hundred and sixty-three and 36-100 dollars according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in ten semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the third day of November A. D. 1885, at four o'clock and fifteen minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "W" of mortgages, on pages 469, 470 and 471,

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, did for value received on the tenth day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson and McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing, under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 23d day of April A. D. 1889, at two o'clock and twenty minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "46" of mortgages, on pages 166 and 167,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100) due as the sixth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the seventh installment of said note, on the first day of July A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the eighth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1890, and all of said sums are still due and unpaid, and whereas it was stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable, without notice to said mortgagors or any other party,

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option to consider and declare and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 24th A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb,
Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee. [41-47]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 9th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred seventy and 60-100 dollars ($570.60) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christ. L. Putten and Inge M. Putten his wife as mortgagors to The New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July A. D. 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of July A. D. 1884, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 252 to 255 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section ten (10,) Township one hundred and forty-eight (148,) Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 31st A. D. 1889.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee,
[38-44] Crookston, Minn.

NEW MEAT MARKET

At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,

SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.

Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.

Sands Bro's, Main Street.

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Physician and Surgeon,

Office corner of Main and Second Streets,

CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

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Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.

Office on Second Street. Crookston.

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COUNTY SUPERNTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

WILL BE OPEN

EVERY SATURDAY.

OFFICE AT THE C URT HOUSE.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

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THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

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D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the Universty of Maryland.

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DENTIST.

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OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

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CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

Ives & Hatlestad,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

A DAILY PAPER

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$2.00 Per Year, or $1.00 for Six Months.

Best and Cheapest in the Field.

$2 The "Wonderful Offer" of THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS $1

Expired Jan. 1st, but a very liberal offer is still open. Until further notice, we will send The St. Paul Daily News by mail for one year on receipt of

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This offer is one-half the regular rate and is made temporarily only.

The News is an Evening 4-page, 8 column paper five days in the week and an 8-page paper one day in the week. It contains all the news. It makes a specialty of Market Reports, giving the markets of the current day of issue. Send for sample copies. Address

DAILY NEWS, St. Paul, Minn.

January 1, 1890.

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Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

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FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 13, 1890. NO. 48

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$ .50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The United States Treasurer.

The Western Rural.

The biggest man in the United States to-day is the Treasurer of the nation. He is a financial autocrat. He has hold of our pocket-books and has one foot on the throat of our industries. His chief ostensible business, as "Long" John used to say, "is to sit on the 'chist." There is somewhere near a billion dollars in the "chist," and the Treasurer means it shall stay there. The people need money but the treasurer keeps his seat. Once in a while he finds that Wall Street is a little short of money, and that the financial tide is low, when he and the Secretary of the Treasurer get their heads together and buy a few bonds "to ease the money market." The fact is that our money is manipulated, increased or diminished in volume, at the virtual dictation of one man. It is a curious condition of affairs. The people's money—the life-current of trade—certainly ought to be in a condition to ebb and flow according to the demands of trade and not solely at the will of Wall Street. The theory of the advocates of the old inter-convertible bond plan was a good one. That theory was that if money was exchangeable for bonds and bonds exchangeable for money, at the pleasure of the holder, the volume of currency would regulate itself. If money was more valuable in circulation than it was invested in bonds, it would be drawn out of the treasury, and returned when it was not wanted for use.

The postal savings bank system, which this journal has always advocated, would reduce this theory to practice to a very large extent. The government could well afford to pay interest upon the savings of a large class of its people, who do not invest their little surplus now because there is no safe place of investment; and every five dollar bond that the government should issue would make a better patriot of the men who held it. Put such a bond into the hands of an anarchist and he would at once become the supporter of law and government. A public debt in this way might be considered a public blessing. Then the system, as before said, would be something of a regulator of the volume of currency. Something ought to be done and must be done to free the circulation from private manipulation and certainly something should be done to limit the power of the Treasurer of the United States to the end that he may not increase or decrease the volume of money to suit his own sweet will.

The Farmer's Idea of Tariff.

J. Wilson, in Iowa State Register.

We import $25,000,000 worth of hides a year. Put the average duty on hides, or let things the farmer needs in his family come in free also, is the farmer's idea of tariff.

Sixteen million dozen of eggs come here free every year. We can supply them. Put 40 per cent tariff on eggs, or let other things we buy come in free, is the farmer's idea of tariff.

We buy horses for working by tens of thousands duty free. Put as high an average duty on such horses as on other protected imports, or let the others in free also, is the farmer's idea of tariff.

We import $3,000,000 worth of potatoes a year. We can supply them. Put a duty on potatoes as high as on blankets and clothing, or let blankets and clothing come in free, is the farmer's idea of tariff.

Changes Expensive.

Prof. Chamberlain: Change brings expense and loss in all things, especially in farming, and should never be made without clear proof of a net advantage to be gained. It will cost a thrifty farmer far more than $1,000 to move to another State and get starte and get started as well again, and another $1,000 to learn new methods, for soil and climate. Will it pay to change? Take the two States of Ohio and Iowa—grand States. My advice to nearly all the farmers in both States would be to stay right where they are and do the best they can there.

Marion Harland's Appeal to the Women of America.

Marion Harland, the friend and helper of women everywhere, has taken up the work of restoring the ruined monument marking the burial place of Mary the Mother of Washington. She says truly—in her appeal to the mothers and daughters of America to erect a fitting monument to her who gave Our Country a Father—that "the sun shines upon no sadder ruin in the length and breadth of our land, than this unfinished structure."

The publishers of The Home-Maker, of which Marion Harland is the editor, offer, as their contribution to the good cause, seventy-five cents out of every annual subscription of two dollars to the magazine, sent in during the next six months. Every such subscription must be accompanied by the words, "For Mary Washington Monument." The offer is generous, and should meet with an enthusiastic response.

The Age of Greed.

The Western Rural, Chicago.

Never in the whole history of the world has greed been so rampant as it is to day. Yet greed has destroyed some of the most flourishing communities that have ever existed, and it would have utterly destroyed this Republic before now but for exceptional circumstances that have been favorable to the people. Our immense area of cheap lands has been our salvation so far, and as these are taken up, and land becomes more valuable, the condition of the masses grows worse. The spirit of greed grows stronger as it feeds upon its prey, until now it presents in this country, the most revolting picture of depraved humanity that human eye ever rested upon. It makes practical traitors of citizens. There are men in this country who know that their greed is weakening the Republic just as well as Jefferson Davis knew that his course was in the direction of the destruction of the Union. The rich criminal classes—the men whose lives are devoted to money getting by trampling upon the rights of others, know that their love of money is superior to their love of country. They coin both peace and war into dollars. They solidify the sweat in the harvest field and the blood of patriots on the battle field into wealth. They are a living, moving heartless organization of greed.

It remains for the people to say if the age shall not be turned from one of greed into an age of patriotism and humanity. Man is too noble a being, too nobly gifted, and with too grand possibilities to descend to the level of an idol worship. As a people our opportunities to achieve nobly for the human race throughout all time are too great to be thrown away by ourselves, or for to permit a few reckless men of absorbing greed to throw them away. As men, as patriots, and as well wishers of human race, let us come together and assert our power. As matters now promise, in twenty-five years this country will be an Ireland. We not only have men who are native born who would make it so, but European capitalists are coming here to monopolize all our great industries, and to exercise their well trained instincts of oppression. There never will be in the whole future experience of the world, as there never has been in its past history, a time when men can assert the manhood of man and rights of the masses as they can to-day in this United States of America. Come, let us emerge from our lethargy and bid greed stand back and give honesty, decency and patriotism a chance. Posterity will hold us responsible. Our own children will hold us responsible. Let no prejudices, partisan or otherwise, keep the people from standing breast to breast in the demand for legislation to check the rampant spirit of greed that is sapping the life out of our Republic. Good laws and the faithful execution of laws are what we want and what we must have. But we must stand together in order to get either.

Fergus Fall Journal: Senator Washburn has introduced a bill providing for an Indian industrial school in Minnesota, similar to the one at Carlisle, Pa. The bill provides for an appropriation of $50,000, to be expended under the direction of the secretary of the interior in the erection of the necessary buildings. It will be located in the northern part of the state, where it will accommodate the most pupils and in a town with good railroad facilities. The location is left to the discretion of the secretary of the interior, and different towns will be allowed to compete on the locality. The one donating the best tract of land will probably have the best show. Gen. Washburn thinks Brainerd a good location.

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AND

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TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:05 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:20 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:50 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:20 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:31 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:40 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:30 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

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E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn.

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OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

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Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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Max Eriksen. A. H. Johnson, St. Paul.

Comstock for the Old Soldiers.

The following letter which we find in the Duluth Tribune shows that the heart of our Representative in Congres. Hon. S. G. Comstock, is in the right place and that his sympathy is with the old soldier every time. We feel like shouting "We told you so," for that is just what we have said all along, when the soldier hating press were trying to prejudice the old boys against him:

House of Representatives, U. S., Washington D. C., 1416 K. St., N. W., Jan. 30, 1890.

Major G. H. Holden, Municipal Court, Duluth, Minn.

DEAR SIR: I have your letter of the 25th instant protesting against the removal of Col. Colvill as register of the Duluth land office.

I agree with you as to the impropriety of attempting to remove Col. Colvill. I think he has earned the right to be a democrat if he wishes, and I have not sympathized with, or concurred in, any effort looking to his removal, nor do I expect to. I sympathize with the old soldiers who desire the retention of those who have earned the right to serve out their term without inference to politics.

Yours truly,
S. G. COMSTOCK.

The Farmers Alliance.

Northfield News.

The agricultural interest of this country and particularly of the Northwest frequently finds arraigned against it all the multifarious forms of combination which selfish capital can invent. It is often the victim of every device that can be formulated by the cunning of capital and the greed of avarice. It pays tribute to the government, and is regarded as the plunder-ground of such organizations as the "dressed beef combine." In short, the farming community is the defenceless lamb held in the clutches of the ravenous wolf. But why is it defenceless? Only because it has failed to learn the lesson that capital began to learn years ago—the tremendous power of co-operation. "In union there is strength." Each individual farmer has stood alone for generations, and is today doing the same. And because he stands alone he is singled out and forced to contribute to powerful combines. The Farmers Alliance is an encouraging sign of the times that the agricultural interest has determined to make a specialty of protecting its own household. It has coddled and supported railways, manufactures and commerce until these creatures have become greater than their creator, for agriculture is the formulator and supporter of all of these. The Farmers Alliance is by no means an ideal institution, but it is a step in the right direction. As an organization it lacks many things; but at any rate it is an organization, and has for its purpose the guardianship of the interests of the agriculturalists as a class. Thus far its chief weakness is probably found in the fact that it is not more universally patronized and supported by the farmers themselves. The institution deserves the cordial and combined support of every man in the west who relies directly upon the cultivation of the land for the maintenance of himself and family. The News would be glad to be able to announce that the farmers of Minnesota had formed an alliance as dictatorial and commanding as the Chicago dressed beef combine; that they had established and definitely fixed the exact amount of cereals that should be produced and could thereby determine as autocratically the price of their products as the managers of a railway can fix the terms of transportation. Until the farmers learn thoroughly the lesson of combination and the irresistible strength of perfect union they will be and remain the shuttlecock of chance and the plaything of corporate monopoly. But in perfecting their organization the farmer must expect to stand alone. They will receive neither aid nor comfort from any other vested interests, for by combination for their own good they are emptying into the fire the fat of some other guild—some parasitic growth that has been fed upon profits wrung from the great underlying industry. Minnesota is an agricultural State, and that man or news paper that does not rejoice at the efforts of the agricultural interest to panoply itself against plunder is not true to the real well-being of our noble commonwealth. Success then to the Famers Alliance and the sturdy men who are standing obloquy and misrepresentation determined to fight the good fight until the most ignorant tiller of the soil has learned the very common lesson that "in union there is strength."

Northwestern Agriculturist: With one cross of a son of Jacoba Hertog (Friesian) a New York dairyman has bred from natives a herd of cows that averaged the last season 275 pounds of butter per day, an increase of over fifty per cent on the production of the original herd. As all the heifer calves were raised this is a fair test of the value of such a sire as he selected. Jacoba Hertog was a great butter cow and several of her daughters have produced twenty pounds of butter per week. It is not remarkable that heifers sired by the son of such a cow should prove remarkable milkers.

The Good Farm Manager.

Northwestern Agriculturist: Small crops and low prices test the farmer's capacity as a manager. When prices are high and crops good, a farmer of slovenly habits and even wasteful management can make money, but when prices are low and crops only fair or light, it takes close work to make enough to keep out of debt. This is especially true where much help is hired, as labor is out all proportion to the price of farm products. If labor is $20 per month when wheat is one dollar, it should be $14 per month when wheat is only worth seventy cents, and yet labor has not followed the decline in the price of farm products. If the prices of farm labor do not fall, or the prices of crops advance, the farmers who hire help will have to reduce their acreage to what they can cultivate themselves or go out of business entirely.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.

[34-tf] W. G. COOKE.

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Pateron & Lilly. [52-tf]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Jan. 29th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 14th, 1890, viz: ANDREW S. AMUNDSON, Hd 5847, for the sw¼ sw¼ and w½ se¼, S. 26, T. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gulbran Pederson Braaten, Jean Olson Seeter, Torr Johnson and Andrew A. Bakken, all of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best.

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

I RING THE FIRST BELL!

To Announce the Opening of my New

Spring Stock!

AND INVITE YOU TO CALL

And Inspect my NEW LINES OF

☞ CHOICE NOVELTIES. ☜

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,

ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long, $4.00
" " Striped " " " 6.00
" " " " " " 7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " " 8.00
" " " " " " 9.00
" " Black or Brown " " " 10.00
" " " " " " 12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., FEBRUARY 13, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	62.
No. 1 Northern	60.
No. 2 "	55.
No. 3 "	49.
Rejected	

'Round Home.

John Mickulecky, of Tabor, is very sick with a trouble incident to the grip.

Rev. S. H. Barteau has rented his farm in Tabor and moved to the city to live.

A new post office has been created in the town of Bray, with C. P. Swanson as postmaster.

Miss Alice Van Dyke is visiting Mrs. Ella Brown in Grand Forks while the Dr. is traveling in the far west.

Be sure and send representative men from every sub-alliance to the State Alliance meeting in St. Paul, on March 4th.

Miss Emma Veronneau starts this week for Two Harbors, near Duluth, to visit with Mrs. M. Filiatrault for a fortnight or so.

Dr. M. Van Dyke and John Hack started for the far west this week on a tour of investigation. They will be gone several weeks if they don't get drowned out; in which case they don't say how long.

Our editor, business manager and local writer all went to St. Paul Saturday evening leaving us to run things all by ourself. If any wonderful improvement is noticeable this week we are too blame for it ourself.

Children's suits $1.
Children's overcoat $1.
Children's winter caps 10c.
Boys' suits age 13 to 17, $2.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

It is now time to organize a County Alliance, more than the requisite number of alliances having been formed. We would suggest to every sub-alliance that at their next regular meeting they elect three delegates to the County Alliance, which should be called in time to elect delegates to the State Alliance.

Good Union cassamere overcoats at $3.50, $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

The entertainment by the ladies of the W. C. T. U. on Friday evening of this week, at the Reading Room, has some new and interesting features. A regular program, "Literary Reading and Progressive Spelling," will hold high carnival. Refreshments will also be served. Admission 25 cents. All are cordially invited.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

We are now fully convinced that Tom Morris is fully satisfied with his matrimonial venture, as the cigar he handed THE JOURNAL man the other day—with one of his blandest smiles—never could have cost more than 25 cents nor less than a quarter of a dollar. Tom, here's Ho! May peace and prosperity ever attend thee.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Alphonse Paradis, a prominent farmer from Poplar River, was in the city on blizzard day—Friday, and called at THE JOURNAL office for instructions as to the organization of a farmers' alliance in that town. Mr. P. is interested with Mr. Laframboise and Mr. Marchand in the cheese factory at Gentilly, and it is the intention to start one in Poplar River also. He is an enthusiast on the subject of the manufacture of potato flour. Says an institution of this kind is thoroughly practical and would be a big thing for farmers in connection with a starch factory.

Good Vermont gray overcoats $2, at th C. O. D. Clothing House.

Mrs. A. W. Mott and two children came up from Fertile on the D., C. & N. R. R., on Saturday and took the evening train on the old Pioneer line for Ada for a visit with relatives and friends before she starts for Spokane Falls to join her husband who is in business there. A. W. was one of the pioneer merchants of Ada moving from there to Beltrami and from there to Fertile. His motto was always "Live and let live" and it is said that he always sold goods very much cheaper than any house in the Northwest. He lost much money through bad debts. He says that while his trade in Spokane Falls is not as extensive as it was while here, it is a strictly cash trade and is teadily growing. That kind of man ought to be encouraged to stay in this country. He expects to return for his family about April 1st.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Rev. S. H. Barteau, who moved in from his farm last week, dropped in for a social chat on Tuesday. He has been farming for several years, raising a number of thousand bushels each year, and he is extremely bitter on the present grading system, claiming to have lost by it at least $800 on the past crop, money that the old man had toiled hard, early and late, to earn—gone to swell the bank accounts of those who fatten by means of an undue proportion of the results of the farmers' toil—cormorants, whose nest must be despoiled before justice can be done to the producer. Mr. B. complains of the inequalities of the grading system; his wheat had been graded everything in the list except 1 Hard or 1 Northern. Only a few days ago he took a load of that same wheat that he sold for rejected and No. 3, in the fall, to Grand Forks and sold it at the mill there for 60 cents per bushel, and the market price now is less than it was then. He thinks that wheat should be graded strictly on its merits as milling wheat, which he is sure was not done in his case, as his wheat makes first quality flour. And yet, with hundreds of such cases as this, Bro. Lamphere would have us believe that the farmer is supremely happy, raising 20 to 30 bushels of wheat per acre—to enrich speculators.

Tabor Alliance No. 657.

On Thursday morning at 6:30 the writer took the north bound train on his way to assist in the organization of a Farmers' Alliance in the town of Tabor. Upon arrival at Angus, about 8 o'clock, we found a furious snow-storm prevailing with the wind blowing great guns from the south, and we concluded that the prospects for a blizzard were so favorable that no meeting would be held that day, but to our surprise we were accosted by a young man a few minutes later who informed us that he came to convey us to the school house. Arriving at the school house, seven miles west of Angus, at 10 o'clock, we found a goodly group assembled, and in about 15 minutes more the house was filled to the extent of its seating capacity. After discussing the benefits hoped for in the Farmers' Alliance for an hour or so, we proceeded to organize an alliance of 26 members. Frank Cernousek was elected president, Frank Wavra, vice president, J. B. Bren, secretary, and John W. Bren, treasurer. Delegate elected to St. Paul, Frank Cernousek, alternate, James Novotny. The storm had prevented many of those living at distance from attending, as the prospects for a first-class blizzard were so promising that the venture would have been risky. The promise of Thursday was verified on Friday in a genuine old norwester, the worst storm of the season. After adjournment, at three o'clock p. m., we were invited to the residence of James Novotny where a royal dinner awaited our arrival, to which we did ample justice. The town of Tabor is settled mostly by Bohemians, a hardy, thrifty lot of farmers they are, too, who, could they have had their just rights in the markets, would to-day be in independent circumstances. That they are an intelligent people in shown in the nice new school house, completed last fall at a cost of about $1,200, fitted up with the latest style of school room furniture. They justly feel proud of their nice school house, than which there are none finer in the county. They are obliged to haul their fire wood from 12 to 13 miles, which is no small job, and yet they would be prosperous and happy could they but obtain the producer's rightful share of the profits of wheat-raising. Mr. Novotny, our host, is one of the leading men of the settlement, owning and conducting one of the largest farms in the settlement. That he has the right principles of the progressive American farmer is shown in the fact that he has given his children every opportunity in his power to procure a liberal education, and he has several sons now in business for themselves. He has gone into the alliance movement heart and soul, with a determination to make it win, and he assured us that every member who joined that day is made of the same material. These people feel that they should have a rightful share of the product of their toil so that they can get the wherewithal to build barns and better houses, and get more trees growing around their dwellings. The lack of trees strikes the stranger very forcibly, but we were told by many that they are glad to be able to get money enough to exist, without such luxuries as trees.

Onstad and Russia, No. 677.

Onstad and Russia Alliance received their charter this week. It is numbered 677. They will organize for work on Monday next. Last fall there was not 600 live alliances in the state. At the present rate of increase there will be 800 by the time the State Alliance meets in St. Paul on March 4th.

Well, yes, Friday was rather dusty. The biggest blizzard of the season prevailed from early dawn till dewey eve.

Ed. F. Moeckel, the railway postal clerk between this place and St. Vincent, has been transferred to St. Paul. He will run between St. Paul and Minot.

THE JOURNAL is in receipt of an invitation to attend the Cadet Ball, which takes place in McKinnon Hall to-morrow evening. Prof. Casad will furnish the music and a grand time is expected.

Our own Halvor is down in Washington working for the opening of the Red Lake Indian Reservation, as will be seen by a clipping from the Minneapolis Evening Journal, elsewhere in this issue.

Rariton Chinchilla over coats $3.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Fisher Bulletin: Two young fellows got on to Conductor Sands train at Grand Forks the other day and tried to beat their way to Fisher. The conductor asked them for tickets and they refused to pay, whereupon he confiscated their caps and left them with the agent to be held until they paid their fare.

Mens suits, 2,000 complete suits to choose from. Come early and get the best selection.
C. O. D. CLOTHING HOUSE.

Don't get it into your head that, because the farmers are not prosperous the country is to blame, for it is not. We have the most fertile soil on the footstool, and if the farmer could obtain his rightful share in the deal they would all be independent as Lords. That state of things the alliance seeks to bring about.

$100,000 to loan.
JOHN MCLEAN.

Andrew O. Morvig treasurer of Garfield Alliance, No. 650, was in the city on Friday and made THE JOURNAL a pleasant call. He reports much enthusiasm among the farmers in that town and vicinity on the alliance question. They will send two live men to represent Garfield Alliance in the coming convention at St. Paul.

Heretofore one drawback to the success of the alliance has been the fact that so many of the farmers have kept out of it. The revival now seems to be genuine and hundreds are joining who never took any interest in it before. Remember that this is your own organization and will do for you just what you will it, but you must be true to your own interests and faithful to the last.

East Grand Forks Courier: Wednesday Hans Hanson, of Detroit, Minn., was in the city settling up the affairs of Martin Nelson, a conductor on the N. P. R. R., lately killed. Ole A. Thoreson and F. J. Duffy were appointed appraisers by the court, and reported the dead man's estate to consist of two months' salary as conductor, 40 shares of stock in the American building and Loan Association, of Minneapolis, and a trunk filled with wearing apparel. The deceased was a Swede, and had no relations in this country. His mother resides in Sweden, and to her will be forwarded the property, or rather its equivalent in cash.

Married.

Waupun Times.

MORRIS—HEATH.—At the Congregational Church, Waupun, on Wednesday, Jan. 22d, 1890, by Rev. Geo. Darling, Mr. Thomas Morris, of Crookston, Minn., and Miss Nellie Heath, of this city.

The contracting parties arrived at the church door promptly at four o'clock, the hour fixed for the ceremony, and found there very many guests assembled to witness the happy event. Rev. Geo. Darling performed the marriage ceremony in his usual happy manner, after which the bridal party and a few invited guests repaired to the house of the bride's parents, where all partook of the wedding feast, which it is needless to say was elaborate and very palatable. At 5:46 o'clock the groom and bride took the train for Oshkosh, from which place they went to St. Paul and Minneapolis. After a short visit there they proceeded on their way to their home in Crookston. The bride is one of Waupun's favorite daughters, being young, handsome, amiable and accomplished, and in her the groom has a gem of a wife, deserving of a husband's fondest love and esteem. In parting with her the people of Waupun do so with a feeling of sorrow mingled with joy—in sorrow for the reason that so amiable a person should be parted from them, and in joy, knowing full well that the holy title of wife will be borne by her in a true, noble manner and that she will find in her husband a young man who is truly worthy of the love of one so young and fair. The groom formerly resided here and is a brother of ex-Alderman J. S. Morris. He is now an enterprising business man of Crookston, Minn., and a most genial and worthy young man. Both he and his bride have the sincere good wishes of legions of friends hereabouts for their future well being, and in common with all we express the wish that their happiest ideas of married life may be fully realized. The presents of the bride were many, useful and handsome, fully showing that she is much beloved by her friends.

TABOR, Minn., Feb. 10, 1890.

ED JOURNAL:—Permit me to give an explanation to the following article, which appeared in the East Grand Forks Courier of the 6th:

"Martin Purcell, a resident of the Second ward, this city, went out to Tabor township, better known as the 'Bohemian settlement,' and made complaint before his honor, F. J. Cernousek, justice of the peace, that officer Thomas Murray and citizen Dennis Dwyer, now of Grand Forks, had 'oppressed' him (Purcell), and asked that warrants be issued forthwith for their apprehension. A constable from Tabor arrived in the city on Wednesday last, and arrested officer Murray. As Mr. Dwyer is a citizen of North Dakota, the constable did not cross the Ruby in quest of the genial Dennis, but contented himself by keeping his eye on the DeMers avenue bridge waiting for his man until the electric lights were turned on, which so frightened him that he started back to Tabor. Mr. Murray went before Judge C. A. Brown and gave bonds for his appearance at the next term of court, when the taxpayers will have an opportunity to settle the bills, unless county attorney D. D. Williams, who by the way is a man of good sense, puts a quietus to this dampholishness."

I did not content myself in keeping my eye on the DeMers avenue bridge, but passed over it, and viewing the busy sights of Grand Forks my eye rested on an individual running at a lively pace. I followed, thinking he was a fugitive, but when I got closer to him I found by his appearance that he was a reporter of the Courier, out on a hunt for items, or after a delinquent subscription. I hope he found his man, by the aid of the electric light I found mine and returned home, a distance of 25 miles, after the electric lights were turned on, tired and exhausted, thinking it was about time for some one to "put a quietus to the dampholishness" that is going on in East Grand Forks, and that damphquick, too.

CONSTABLE TOWN OF TABOR.

CARD OF THANKS.

Allow us to express our sincere gratitude to all the people who so kindly extended their sympathy to us in our late bereavement and sorrow. Thanks to all those who sacrificed their time and comfort in assisting us during the illness and death of our beloved daughter, Maria Mathelda. Thanks to all those who so kindly showed their love and sympathy by contributing the numerous wreaths and bouquets of fragrant flowers, and in various ways assisted in preparing the remains for its last resting place, and thanks to you all in general for the great friendship and sympathy you have shown unto us. We can assure you all that amidst our affliction it was a great comfort to find that we were surrounded by a great host of friends. We are unable to find word by which to express our feeling for all the kindness that has been bestowed upon us and ours from the first day that it was our good fortune to be amongst you. No act of ours can ever repay you for all this. But it is all deeply inscribed on our memory with letters of infinite gratitude. May God bless you all for what you have done for us.

JOHANNA K. HAMERY.
O. L. HAMERY.

Preachers in Politics.

(Communicated.)

When ministers clamor for civil law to effect "moral reforms," their faith in Christ and their connection with him may well be questioned. By the terms of their commission, they are to preach the gospel, to persuade men, not to compel them. Clad in the whole armor of God, and using only the weapons and methods authorized, they are promised the presence of Christ, in whom is all power. They are not ministers of the civil law, nor even of the divine law, but of the gospel. When the church seeks the aid of civil power, she denies her divine Lord, and by accepting such aid she commits spiritual adultery and thereby loses connection with God and becomes apostate, whatever may be her claim to the contrary. Instead of feeding and caring for Christ's sheep, those preachers who have entered the field of politics and engaged in this unseemly scramble after civil power, have deserted their posts and concocted a scheme to induce the government to establish a big corral into which all the sheep and goats in the whole country shall be hustled by government watch-dogs under their direction. But such work is wholly unauthorized, and is subversive of both free government and pure religion. DR. D. BLANCHARD.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE
CROOKSTON, Minn., Jan. 29th 1890.

The Board of County Commissioners assembled at the County Auditor's office on the 29th day of January 1890.

Members present, Commissioners Thompson, Johnson, Kirsch and Rhinehart.

The petition from citizens of Lambert tp. asking for an extension of time of payment of seed grain was presented and ordered forwarded to the governor, as the Board is not empowered to act in the matter.

The annual report of the sheriff was received and placed on file.

The petition for dividing independent school district No. 3. was denied.

The individual school petition of Iver I. Finseth and also the school petition from Northland township were presented and a hearing set at next session of the Board.

The auditor was instructed to advertise for bids for building a bridge in Higdem tp. and also for building an approach to the south end of Mallory bridge. The settlement made in the case of the State of Minnesota against Ed. Jorgenson on a charge of bastardy was approved.

The road and bridge petition from Badger tp. was referred to Commissioner Johnson.

The financial statement prepared by the county auditor was approved and ordered published according to law.

The board of auditors presented their report which was accepted and placed on file.

The auditor was authorized to prepare contract between Geo. A. Ralph, county surveyor and the county for making certified copies of town plats on file in the office of the register of deeds in accordance with his proposal.

Commissioner Kirsch was appointed a committee of one to look after certain repairs in court room and the county jail.

Board adjourned until 10 a. m., Jan. 30th.

January 30th 10 a. m.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

Members present, Commissioners Thompson, Kirsch and Rhinehart.

The tax application of Stuart & Spottswood, Chas. S. Wisner and J Gouche were allowed.

The following claims were audited and allowed:

J Evenson, digging a well at county jail	$ 2 70
S A Wallace, stationery for sheriff	3 00
C L Lasher, justice fees	14 73
H N Twedten, boarding prisoners	15 42
J B Van Allen, water furnished co. jail	12 80
Ole Edevold Sr., witness fees	16 40
Josephine Land, " "	16 40
Anna Edevold, " "	16 40
Charles Gilbert, " "	2 40
Hack & Gallasch, mdse. for paupers	1 10
Pioneer Press Co., record books	38 00
J H Locken, mdse. for court house and jail	4 05
C A Christianson, misc. office supplies	23 58
Hilda Peterson, witness fees	3 44
John Rosengreen, " "	2 44
Carl Peterson, " "	2 44
Martin H Iverson, " "	7 72
J W Lewis, justice fees	6 20
Treasurer of Liberty, disbursements made by order of board of health	119 96
Geo D Barnard & Co., office files	44 60
Ole Hoven, one cord of wood for jail	4 50
Wm Welsh, blank for school district	1 50
N O Paulsrud, sheriff fees	167 60

The claims of Olof Erickson, F. J. Duffy and C. McDonald, were rejected.

The claim of J. L. Statsvold was returned for correction.

The claims of Louis Solberg, J. O. Brandt and Gullic Kittleson were laid over for further information as to the nature of services rendered.

The following claims were allowed, to-wit:

Boyle & Meehan, printing and advertising	$ 18 60
C S Spendley, justice fees	8 43
Chronicle, supplies for 1889	53 73
James Griffin, deputy sheriff fees	8 08
A C Rhinehart, commissioners fees and mileage	27 60
M E Kirsch, com. fees and mileage	19 80
H. Thompson, com. fees and mileage	8 40
C C Knappen, printing and stationery	55 83

The tax application of Noe Brosseau was allowed.

The list of names selected as grand and petit jurors for the current year was placed on file.

On motion board adjourned sine die.

P. J. MCGUIRE, Clerk.

A Wild Buffalo in Marshall County.

Marshall County Banner: Yesterday afternoon a wild buffalo was seen 17 miles east of Stephen. A Mr. Carlson followed it for over a mile. It was probably the advanced portion of a large herd that will soon come to this mild climate to winter.

The Duluth & Winnipeg.

An Important Meeting Regarding Future Plans; at the Mines.

Duluth Evening Herald: W. H Fisher, president of the Duluth & Winnipeg road, with F. C. Stone, C. W. Wells, C. H. Davis of the board of directors, and W. H. Knowlton, H. P. Haskell and W. H. Grant of the construction and right-of-way department, are in the city. A meeting was held this afternoon in the office of R. S. Munger to discuss the matter of the construction of the road to the Canadian border.

Mr. Fisher, when questioned regarding the visit of the company to this place, said: "We are here on matters of no public interest. I am not at liberty at present to speak of the company, other than what The Herald has had. The contract for some of our equipment is let, There are three companies ready to meet the Duluth & Winnipeg at the border. One or two of them have already done some work. It is not decided which company the Duluth road will combine with."

On the Red Lake Lands.

A Railway Company Asks Congress for A Right of Way.

Minneapolis Journal: Washington, Feb. 10—Mr. Comstock introduced a bill today granting right of way to the Red Lake Western Railroad & Navigation Company across the Red Lake Indian reservation in Minnesota. The company is also given the right to enter land in the reservation for private entry for town site purposes. The corporation is now in course of organization, and Frank Ives is president. The bill provides that the corporation shall secure the consent of the male Indians and that they shall pay no less than $1.25 per acre for the land. A narrow gauge road is to be built within three years. It is said the road is to be run in connection with steamers on the Red River.

SEED WHEAT.

Farmers desiring Pure Velvet Chaff Blue Stem Seed Wheat, call on or address.
F. BIVINS,
[51-tf] Crookston, Minn.

Stock Farm for Sale

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Austin Larson will pay all debts and collect all book accounts and notes due our firm.

Crookston, Minn., Jan. 24, 1890.
A. HOLMBOE.
AUSTIN LARSON.

Valley Roller Mills.
Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2 15
Fife	1 85
Skip Jack	1 25

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property.
[18-tf]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Wanted.

To sell immediately. My dwelling house and lot in Crookston.
[39-tf] J. W. LILLY.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending February 8th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Anderson, Arnold	Hoet, Miss Netty C
Dahlen, Erick H	Johnson, Athilie Miss

W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Wilkinson, defendant.
The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Johnson, defendant.
The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine

IMPORTED MILLINERY GOODS

From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.
[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.
MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 13th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Owen Owens to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 12th day of August A. D. 1886 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October A. D. 1886, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book "28" of mortgages, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18, and

Whereas said Owen Owens failed, neglected and refused to keep the buildings on the premises, herein described, insured as in said mortgage provided for, and

Whereas said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company was compelled to and did pay the sum of six and 80-100 dollars ($6.80) insurance thereon, and

Whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest and insurance upon the lot in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: upon lot one (1) block twenty-four (24,) four hundred twenty-eight and 72-100 dollars ($125.72,) and

Whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot one (1) in block twenty-four (24) of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and insurance, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 11th A. D. 1890.
NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY, Mortgagee.
George H. Taylor,
Att'y for Mortgagee. [43-49] c578

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS;
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine. B. B. Northrop. A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

THE NEW
CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
OF
Men's,
Boys'
AND
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article.
If you would study your interests when you
PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS
Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at
$60,000
Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING
MUST
GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

☞ CULTIVATED ☜

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Mistakes of Moses.

The St. Vincent New Era, in its last issue, erects a monument to the generosity of Mr. Hill, President of the Great Northern Railway, with the statement that Kittson County owes him a vast debt of gratitude for the distribution of live stock and various other charitable deeds, such as giving money to impecunious farmers, carrying said contributions free, and the like. It is true that Mr. Hill has done all this, but supposing, when the country was new, he had figured the actual cost of construction of the road and actual running expenses, and fixed his freight and passenger traffic on that basis; supposing, instead of encouraging the elevator system, he had given Kittson County a free and open market for their wheat. Would not that have been far more beneficial to the citizens of the county than "all he has so generously done?" Give your farmers the benefit of the foreign markets a few years, less a reasonable carrying rate and a reasonable rate for handling, and where would you find a farmer in all the length and breadth of your fair county

WHO WOULD NEED ALMS?

No one will deny that Mr. Hill is a great financier, one of the greatest, if not the very greatest in the state, but does not your article prove truly that great men can make mistakes, Bro. Deacon? Hadn't you rather have a free and fair wheat market all these years and years, uncontrolled by the elevator influence, than all Mr. Hill has done for you? Honest now, wouldn't you?

Justice, Not Charity!

The Hallock News kicks against that donation of $1,000 made by the Governor and a few of his friends to relieve the pressing wants of a few poor farmers in Kittson County, and intimates that somebody had an ax to grind. Well, now, we have no doubt in the world but that the Governor acted from a sincere desire to benefit the farmers, whatever Rev. Appleby and others may have done. But, Bro. News, did not this charity business never strike you as a peculiar institution all around? Who are these "objects of charity," anyhow? They are FARMERS who have toiled hard to maintain themselves and those dependent upon them. In most cases they are men who have raised good crops from which SOMEBODY has made big money. They are men who, could they always have had the benefit of a free and open market for their wheat, would now be in independent circumstances. They are NOT paupers in the true sense of the word, having EARNED a competency and been defrauded out of it, and this charity business looks a good deal like locking the barn door after the horse is stolen. They do not pose before the people asking charity,

BUT THEY DEMAND JUSTICE

at the hands of those whose duty it is to execute the laws, so that they may secure a just profit on what they earn. It strikes us that a just attention to the real question at issue would do away with the necessity for the enactment of the "charity" farce every whip-stitch. If a little more attention was paid to correcting the evils which exist, there would be no calls for relief. If the powers that be don't know how this should be done we would suggest that the farmers' friends be placed in the offices that were created for the benefit of the farmers, and not have them filled by the right bowers of the elevators—the tools of monopoly. If that is not a solution of the problem it will at least furnish abundant food for thought in the right direction.

Our good brother Lamphere, of the Moorhead News goes for State Lecturer Allison, in the daily issue of the 7th. We have neither time nor space this week to give this subject the attention it deserves but we must say that we think he does Mr. A. great injustice, because Mr. A. in one letter to the Great West refers to one locality in Polk County thus: "They haul their scanty crop of wheat—8 bushels per acre and get from 50 to 61 cents per bushel and the most rascally grading." If there is anything wrong with that statement it is in over-estimating both the yield and the price per bushel. That section was affected by drouth and the yield was very light but the quality generally excellent, mostly wheat that would make the first quality of flour, therefore should have been graded No. 1 Hard or at least No. 1 Northern; but was it? Not much. The farmer that got a No. 3 grade given him was a very lucky man. Mr. Allison did not intimate that this was an instance of the yield for the county, but he did say that the producer is not getting justice in the markets. Can Bro. Lamphere show wherein that statement is wrong? He refers to the big crops of former years as an evidence of what the county can produce but fails to say WHO REAPED THE IMMENSE FORTUNES that the farmers had produced. Did the farmers, the merchants, the tradesmen and the various business men of this section get their legitimate share of it? We feel just as great a pride in our county as any man in it, knowing well its great capacity, but we think that when great evils exist that threaten to paralyze every industry we have, it is the part of wisdom to try to remedy those evils if possible. The basis of our wealth and prosperity is agriculture and it is to the business interest of every man in the country to protect our agricultural interests, for it is plain that if the farmer is not prosperous our business interests suffer in proportion. It is about time to throw sickly sentiment to the dogs and grapple earnestly with this question upon the proper solution of which depends the future welfare and prosperity of our country. When the condition of things are such that a few speculators reap the entire benefit of the profits of our produce, it is full time to call a halt and reorganize upon a basis that will give the producer an equal show and however humble the instrument that is trying to accomplish that end may be he is doing a noble work.

Impotant to Alliances.

Notice the instructions from Secretary Haigh in this issue. It seems that there is a general misunderstanding in relation to initiation fees and alliance dues which the secretary makes plain in his communication. All who paid 50 cents last year and have a receipt therefor can join any alliance in the county by paying their dues for 1890, 30 cents. All new members pay 50 cents iniation fee and this covers their obligation to the State Alliance for 1890.

FOR THE FARMER

Senator Pierce's Bill to Appoint an Agricultural Commission.

TO INVESTIGATE HARD TIMES

Look Into Elevator Charges, the Tariff and Other Similiar Grievances.

THIS IS BUSINESS!

Special to Minneapolis Evening Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Senator Pierce to-day sent up a bill which is of general interest to the farmers in the entire country. It creates an agricultural commission, and the bill provides that the president shall appoint seven commissioners, at least four of whom shall be practical farmers, whose duty it shall be to take into consideration and thoroughly investigate the causes of the present depressed condition of agricultural interests in the United States, including the laws relating to the inspectors of grain, regulations governing warehouses or elevators used for storage or shipment of farm products, the possibility of providing for interstate inspection of cerials, the relation of railroads and transportation rates to prices of products, the influence of the tariff on the prices of necessaries of life and its effect on the agricultural industry and generally such consideration of the subject matter of this inquiry as in the judgment of the commission shall best secure the object specified in the title to this act. In the course of their investigation they are authorized to visit various portions of the country and are to be paid at the rate of $10 per day, when engaged in active duty, and actual traveling and other necessary expenses.

The farmers have lots of sympathy in this fight they are making. There is not a business man in this country who has a true appreciation of the situation but, what wishes the farmers a hearty "God speed."

What Will the Alliance Do for Us?

This question which farmers always ask when urged to join, was answered by a member of Andover Alliance one day last week, when he said to us: "Our alliance has made arrangements by which I save 50 cents on every 100 pounds of flour I buy. I have bought 200 lbs. already, a saving of one dollar, 50 cents more than it cost me to join, and I shall save up many times the amount during the year, to say nothing of other deals our alliance is arranging for." What Andover alliance has done every other alliance in the country can do. The minute you join the alliance you are entitled to all its rights and privileges. It expects to accomplish far more in changing the deal on the marketing of wheat, and will not stop short of a free and open market all over this state.

WHAT IS HALVOR AFTER?

He Goes to Washington, it is Said, by Senator Davis' Request.

WASHINGTON special to Minneapolis Journal, Feb. 7.—That robust appearing Scandinavian politician, Hon. Halvor Steenerson, of Crookston, Minn., bobbed up serenely in Washington last evening. To-day he was found by a Journal correspondent ensconced in an easy chair in Senator Davis' committee room at the capitol building. He was accompanied by J. A. Tarsney, of Winona. Apparently both gentlemen had no regrets over their defeat by Eugene Hay for Minnesota district attorneyship. When asked if his visit had any political significance, Steenerson replied: "Not in the least. I am sight-seeing. This is my first trip east of Chicago since I became a resident of Minnesota, I shall be home again Feb. 20th."

Senator Davis arrived later and there was a lengthy conference between him and the Crookston man. From other sources it is learned that Steenerson is here at the request of Davis.

This afternoon Mr. Steenerson informed The Journal that while here he would urge upon government officials the necessity of opening the Chippewa reservation in northern Minnesota, according to the provisions of the treaty made last summer.

MANKATO, Minn., Feb. 7, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—Will you kindly notice in your paper the following on the question of dues to the State Alliance. There seems to be not quite a clear understanding of the question in many portions of the state:

1. All members of the Alliance Hail and Cyclone Insurance Co. that have paid 50 cents membership fee to the State Alliance when they insured are now entitled to become members of the subordinate alliances of the towns where they reside. This applies only to practical and operative farmers. Now, these parties that insured, became members of the alliance in the year 1889, and secured the benefits of the State Alliance for that year, and in duty bound should have organized at their earliest leisure subordinate alliances. January 1st, 1890, begins their second year as members of the Farmers' Alliance, and they pay per capita a tax of 30 cents semi-annually, viz: Fifteen cents June 1st, and fifteen cents December 1st. [See Sec. 2, Art. IV, State Constitution.]

Members joining in the year 1890 pay an initiation fee of 50 cents, and this is all for the year. They are entitled to the benefits of the hail and cyclone insurance without further payment to State Alliance.

This question of state dues is subject to change and modification at the coming state meeting of the alliance, at St. Paul, March 4th, 1890. Everything points to a large gathering of farmers at the state capitol on March 4th, and the representatives from your section, the producers of the best wheat in the known world, should be prepared to define clearly their wishes and experience as to the wheat market, the present state grades, weights, dockage and railroad system of transportation, including the loss by transportation not assumed by the railroads, and falling upon the producers. This is our golden opportunity, and our views on these and other questions should be [illegible], and we present a plan of action that will govern the coming legislature on these questions.

I shall establish my office on Monday, March 3d, at the Clarendon Hotel, St. Paul, and will be pleased to receive calls from all delegates upon their arrival in the city. GEO. W. HAIGH,
Sec. State Farmers' Alliance.

Nuts for Farmers to Crack.

Fertile Journal: In a communication to the Ada Index P. S. Olson, of Heiberg, one of Norman county's progressive farmers pertinently inquires.

"Brother farmers, isn't it about time for us to call a halt and consider matters and things before we proceed any further, or is everything satisfactory to you? Are we doing our duty as citizens of a free and independent country? Are we worthy heirs to the fortune left us by our forefathers, who sacrificed life and property to establish a government for the people and by the people, that rich and poor may enjoy equal rights. Are we doing it today? If not, who is to blame? Are we not helping to forge the irons that are hand cuffing ourselves and will handcuff our children?"

"It can," he adds, "be easily remedied yet. Therefore let us throw off the yoke before it gets too heavy." Mr. Olson refers to monopolies, trusts and corporations, that are combining to deprive the farmers of their rights, and that will ultimately result in the ruin of many of them, unless active measure are taken to break asunder the bonds that are being drawn tighter around them year by year.

Fertile Journal: Last week the Journal contained the brief statement that F. A. Shulze, of Twin Valley, had been in the city. Shulze was at the time on the way to Crookston and in the care of an official. It appears that both Shulze and W. C. Howe, another citizen of that place, had in their possession a couple of sightless swine, commonly known as "blind pigs." Last week they were both convicted and each fined $50 and costs and are now living at public expense at Crookston. This is not Shulze's first offense.

Granite Falls Tribune: The deadly mortgage has got in its work in Minnesota this year, as is being experienced by those having the load to tote. Millions of treasure, interest and principal, roll out of the rural districts into the coffers of rich corporations to satisfy a mortgage of ante-diluvian date. New security takes the place of the old with added accumulations, and where will the thing end? All the advice and influence brought to bear on the borrower availeth naught. The fiddler must be paid.

Rochester Union: The farmers of Douglas County are beginning to see that their only salvation from being taxed to death lies in organization and the assertion of their rights, and last week an alliance with 25 members was organized. When, oh, when, will ye farmers of Olmsted County arise and do likewise.

The Union of the Alliances.

The Great West.

There evidently is going to be a question raised at the State Alliance as to our union with the great Industrial Union—and the question is a political difficulty which has been injected.

The president of the Minnesota State Alliance gave the cue to his antagonism when he said "the Southern Allliance was all democrats." Then a question has been raised on the score of the colored people. The colored people of the south have their separate alliances, and the "Southern Farmer's Alliance," with its ten thousand organizations, and the "Agricultural Wheel," had never affiliated with them. The Colored Alliance requested that the two be kept separate.

When great bodies of men unite for work in one line they must "hedge" on lines of difference. There must be an exclusion of political differences to create a commercial union. Masonic, religious, mutual insurance, commercial and a hundred other associations do this—and the alliance of Minnesota must decide whether it will unite with the nation on alliance work—or whether it will force the color question into the issue, and remain outside the organization.

The editor of this paper aided escaping black-men across the river to Canada and freedom when but eight or ten years of age, was seriously crippled (sight) in campaigning for John C. Fremont when a schoolboy, and three times enlisted in the war—and his sympathies for the man who is unfortunately born black are as great as any man's. He will go far in criticising his own party for twenty years of power without giving the black man his rights.

But we say—and say it kindly—that when we go into this alliance work the many-colored-coat of politics is shed at the outer door. The southern alliance has done more than we in this work a hundred fold, and we shall not attempt to dictate their policy in the alliance.

The basis of the union left the colored man at liberty to unite with any alliance where the state chose to so order. Inasmuch as the southern colored people had their own alliance and asked to be separate, the Southern Alliance and Wheel asked that white men be sent to national meetings as delegates.

We wish this matter had never come up. It was brought up—and brought up by politicians. Men went down to St. Louis to create just such difficulties. Men went there purposely to create a row on the democracy issue—hired by politicians! Men went there from at least two states to have a row with Mr. Wardall, the national executive of the insurance interest. Men succeeded in having that row who had violated their own compact in alliance work, a compact made in writing—and on which they had received money from Mr. Wardall—and did this in the interest of a selfish personal combination with politicians by which they were to have salaries by the year and official relations in the combine!

The American Farmers' Lot.

The Great West.

On Pennsylvania Central train a few weeks since, says Henry George in the Standard of Jan. 8, I heard a story which illustrates how the American farmer is being crowded out. A friend of my informant's wife some fifteen or twenty years ago married a young, intelligent and well educated farmer who felt himself comparatively rich, having inherited from his father 240 acres of land on the Illinois Central railroad, about 100 miles from Chicago. The two women had kept up a correspondence, and it had been the intention of the Pennsylvania people to make a long deferred visit to the Illinois people this year. But—the Illinois woman had recently written to say that her husband had lost his farm. Some eight years ago he bought eighty acres of adjoining land and put a mortgage on the whole 320 acres in order to get the purchase money. With the low price for products, he has been steadily running behind on his interest payments and at last he has been forced to give it up, surrendering the whole place to the mortgagee. His stock and implements only brought $1,250 at auction, although one item was a carriage for which, in better days, he paid $600, and had recently had put in good order. The man and his wife are about to remove to Rockford, Ill., where he has a relative in the coopering business, and where he expects, after working for nothing for a sufficient time, to get a knowledge of the trade, to get $9 a week.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

JUST FOR FUN,
AND TO KEEP BUSINESS LIVELY,
I Propose to Give Away
FOR A VERY LITTLE CASH,
A Few Lots in Jerome's Addition
At about the cost of transfer, viz:

Lots 9 and 10, in blk. 16; lots 11 and 12, in blk. 16; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 20; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 20; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 21; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 21; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 22; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 22; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 25; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 25; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 32; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 32; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 32; lots 23 and 24, in blk. 33, and lots 25 and 26, in blk. 33.

AT $13 EACH OR $26 A PAIR.

Thus you will observe the purchaser gets a fifty foot front lot for only $26; or if you prefer, you can purchase four lots for $52, making 100 feet front.

☞ Now is your chance. THIS OFFER WILL REMAIN OPEN ONLY SIXTY DAYS. Apply to

M. R. BROWN.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I
have Bought Out the Stock
—OF—
HACK & GALLASCH
And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a
FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS
Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., FEBRUARY 13, 1890.

A Blast for the Farmer.

The Western Rural.

The cruel injustice which is represented by the estimate of the farmer's present condition, held by a portion of the press, and by classes generally off the farm, is so palpable as not to admit of a shadow of excuse. An article before us in the columns of a daily paper cannot but arouse the indignation of those who understand the discouragements of agriculture. It is stated in this article that the farmer and his family deem as essential to their comfort many things that our fathers regarded as luxuries and the owners of farms are told that their land is much more valuable than their fathers' was. The organ, the piano, carpets on the floor, etc., are referred to as being common in farm houses now while they were formerly unknown. Well, what would you have the farmer do? Sell the organ and the piano and take the carpets from the floors? Why should he? Probably the man who wrote that article lives in a house whose furnishing as compared to those of the farmer's home are princely in character. The Vanderbilt home, the Armour home, the Gould home and thousands of other homes are furnished with an elegance that would render the farmer speechless, if he were to enter them. Now the farmer's ancestors and the ancestors of the Vanderbilts, of Armour and Gould, began pretty much on the same plane. Their fore-fathers were poor, poorer than poverty itself, and mostly as ignorant as mules. But their children have progressed wonderfully. They wear the finest of broadcloth; live in palatial residences; eat off of tables that cost twenty dollars a foot; sit in chairs that sell for a hundred and fifty dollars apiece; sleep on beds that are as soft as down; have pianos that cost a thousand dollars; ride in equipages that are ornamented with coats of arms, and instead of drinking apple jack and Medford rum they sip the costliest of wines and wash their hands in Florida water. We look at them and their surroundings and ask: "Upon what meat has this our Cæsar fed that he has grown so great?" What have these men done to acquire such elegance in surroundings? How have they outstripped the farmer? Have they been more industrious, more economical, more productive? Neither. They have simply been absorbing what the farmer has been creating. Some of them have been stealing railroads, and then operating them to fleece the farmer; some of them have been stealing the farmer's grain, and others of them have been stealing his cattle, and when the farmer complains of the unjust conditions under which he lives, some apologist for these sharks says to him, "Look here you have got a cheap piano and a cheap organ in your house, and you ought to be satisfied. You have got a carpet on your floor, and although we rich people would not be found dead on such a carpet, it ill becomes you to grumble. Be satisfied, my friend, we are."

Why should not the farmer be rich? Why should he not have all the luxuries that anybody enjoys? He works hard enough, and his work makes the principal part of the wealth of this great nation. Why should his property not increase in value? He has come into these wild prairies and developed them into magnificent farms. He has gone into the woods and chopped down the trees and pulled out the stumps and made gardens in the midst of the forests. He feeds every mother's son of you and clothes you all, and you have the impudence to tell him that because he has carpets on the floor he should be ashamed to grumble. It is true that his land is worth more than it was fifty years ago. The value of his land is shrinking, and it must continue to shrink while trusts and rings absorb all that he produces.

And then to cap the climax the writer of the article quoted affirms that the farmer does not have to work so hard as his fathers did—that he has machinery to do the work of the farm. That is to say that he ought to be satisfied with the privilege of riding on a cultivator, if he is threatened with bankruptcy. The farmer is the hardest worked man in the world to-day. The eight hour day does not bother him any, for it is an absolute necessity for him to work more hours than that. He works beneath hot suns that would kill the editors of our daily papers in sixty minutes. He feeds stock in the Winter's cold which would freeze the cold blood of aristocracy in thirty minutes; and it is no picnic to do farm work even with improved machinery. But if throwing away every improved machine and implement on the farm would restore prosperity to agriculture, the farmer would gladly do it. It is no fun to starve to death in the midst of ease; it is just as disheartening for a man on a cultivator to see the sheriff coming as it would be to the man on foot; it is just as hard for the farmer of to-day to see the mortgage eating up the farm and the children wearing indifferent clothing as it would be if he had the old time sickle in his hand or if the cradle was still doing the work of the binder. The farmer knows whether or not he has reason to complain. He knows what justice is and he knows than he is not getting justice.

FARMERS HARD UP.

They Petition the Governor to Call an Extra Session of the Kansas Legislature to Give Them Relief.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 5.—Petitions emanating from the headquarters of the Farmers' alliance are being circulated throughout the state praying the governor to convene the legislature in extra session. The petition sets forth that there exists among Kansas farmers very great financial embarrassment, and asks that the legislature be called to extend relief to them by the passage of a law providing for the relief of farmers by giving the mortgager of a homestead at least two years in which to occupy and redeem it if possible, after the sale of the mortgaged premises, and to provide also for a stay of execution of all judgments, promissory notes and mortgages, bonds, etc., for a reasonable time after judgment, without bond. Another petition is in circulation asking that a special session be called to amend the railroad laws and compel the companies to lower their transportation rates.

Our New Clubbing Offer.

We are pleased to announce that we have made arrangements with the St. Paul Daily News whereby we can offer that enterprising sheet for only 25 cents advance over our former offer. Thus, for new subscribers and

TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS

we will send the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News for one year. We are prepared to make liberal inducements to all in arrears. Call early as this offer is subject to withdrawal at an early date.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [38-tf]

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

WHEREAS OZIAS LEVECK AND EMIRE Leveck, his wife, as mortgagors did on the ninth day of July A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the seventh day of July A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section nineteen (19,) in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of one hundred and ninety-four and forty one hundredths dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in six annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the tenth day of July A. D. 1888, at two o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "36" of mortgages on pages 234 to 236 inclusive.

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received on the eighth day of October A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged and was thereafter on the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "45" of mortgages on page 241.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars ($36,) due as the second installment on said note on on the first day of December A. D. 1889, and said sum is still unpaid and due, and whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option, to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and eighty and twentyfour one hundredths dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with the taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated December 18th A. D. 1889.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS,
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee.
[40-46] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($122.72,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ambrose Goodboe and Louise Goodboe, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the second day of April A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "35" of mortgages, on page 68.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date thereof, the sum of nine hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($922.72,) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section thirteen (13,) and east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) Section fourteen (14) Town one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty three (43) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of ninety-five dollars ($95.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Olivier Meunier (widower) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1887, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 24 of mortgages, on page 383.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date hereof the sum of one thousand ninety-five dollars ($1,095): and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼) of Section seven (7) Town one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest; and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and state, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

M. M. VAN DYKE,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office corner of Main and Second Streets,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINNESOTA

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-one and 51-100 dollars ($81.51.) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Roberge and Atoline Roberge his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the 1st day of May A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of May A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book "35" of mortgages, on page 133.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-one and 51-100 dollars ($881.51.) and whereas the said power has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The south half of the southeast quarter, (s½ of se¼) and the south half of the southwest quarter (s½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10,) Town one hundred and fifty-one (151,) Range forty-five (45) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

NEW MEAT
MARKET
At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,
SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.

Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.

SANDS BRO'S, MAIN STREET.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceries and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

We Have Just Received
ONE CARLOAD OF
FARM IMPLEMENTS,
CONSISTING OF
J. I. C. Wagons AND Little Giant Gang Plows.

These we will sell at a Close Margin, and we hope to see our friends call at once and get bargains. The balance of our BUGGIES we will dispose of AT COST. We still continue to sell the only perfect Seed Separator, the Renowned Centennial FANNING MILL. Farmers who intend to get best grade for their wheat must necesarily procure one. The Shaker POTATO DIGGER does its work thoroughly and leaves the potatoes clean upon the ground. We want every Farmer to have one.

McKINNON BROS.,
McKINNON BLOCK, - - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed AND Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person.

THE
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R
IS THE
DIRECT AND POPULAR LIN
TO PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
MINNESOTA, DAKOTA, MONTANA
Also to St. Paul & Minneapolis.
FOR ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.
THE ONLY LINE RUNNING TO THE THREE GREAT CITIES OF MONTANA,
GREAT FALLS,
HELENA AND
BUTTE.

Their "Montana Express" will be put in service November 10th, with a Train Equipment unexcelled, furnishing splendid Day Coaches Palace Sleepers, Free Colonist Sleepers and Superb Dining Cars of latest design.

"Manitoba-Pacific Route"
To Puget Sound Points.

Affords Cheaper Rates than via any other.
Fast Time, Comfort, Courteous Attention.

LAND This Company has for sale in Minnesota [illegible] acres of Excellent Farming, Grazing and Timber Lands, at very low prices and on favorable terms.

For Maps, and general information inquire of your own Ticket Agent, or

J. BOOKWALTER, Land Com'r.
F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn
A. MANVEL, V. P. & G. M.
W. S. ALEXANDER, G. T. M

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 3 th 1890.]

WHEREAS CHRISTIAN E. SATHRE AND Ragnhild Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, as mortgagors, did on the second day of November A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the second day of November A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee, the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter, and the north half of the northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section fifteen (15,) in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-six (46) and containing two hundred acres, to secure the payment of two hundred and sixty-three and 50-100 dollars according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in ten semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order; which said mortgage was on the third day of November A. D. 1885, at four o'clock and fifteen minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "W" of mortgages, on pages 169, 470 and 471.

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, did for value received on the tenth day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson and McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing, under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 22d day of April A. D. 1889, at two o'clock and twenty minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "46" of mortgages, on pages 165 and 167.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-five and 53-100 dollars ($25.53-100) due as the sixth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 53-100 dollars ($25.53-100) due as the seventh installment of said note, on the first day of July A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 53-100 dollars ($25.53-100) due as the eighth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1890, and all of said sums are still due and unpaid, and whereas it was stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable, without notice to said mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgage have exercised their option to consider and declare and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable.

And whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted by law or otherwise, to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 24th A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb,
Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee. [41-47]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 9th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred seventy and 60-100 dollars ($570.60), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christ E. Putten and Inge M. Putten his wife as mortgagors to The New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July A. D. 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of July A. D. 1884, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 252 to 255 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter, of Section ten (10,) Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said county and state, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 31st A. D. 1889.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee,
[39-45] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on page 25 etc.

And whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in Town one hundred and fifty [illegible] of Range forty three [illegible] west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and [illegible] dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and thirty-five and [illegible] dollars ([illegible]) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by [illegible] his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of February A. D. [illegible], with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of February A. D. [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock p. m., in book [illegible] of mortgages, on page [illegible].

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder thereof, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of sixteen hundred and thirty-five and [illegible] dollars ([illegible]) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) Range forty five (45) in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred eighty and 16-100 dollars, ([illegible]) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Jarvis and Annie Jarvis, his wife, as mortgagors, to Marcus Johnson and A. D. Stephens, as mortgagees, bearing date the 1st day of March A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 19th day of March A. D. [illegible] in book "Y" of mortgages, on page [illegible] and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: the west half of the northeast quarter and west half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine (29) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, Range forty-eight (48) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the [illegible] day of March A. D. [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 8th A. D. 1890.

MARCUS JOHNSON AND A. D. STEPHENS,
Mortgagees.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagees,
[19-45] Crookston, Minn.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown in the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.......$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest............ 80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years..........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years, his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest.........$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays, interest in the sum of......... 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years............ 1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest.........$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00
Total.........$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

A DAILY PAPER
FOR
$2.00 Per Year, or $1.00 for Six Months.
Best and Cheapest in the Field.

The Wonderful Offer of
$2 THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS $1
Expired Jan. 1st, but a very [illegible] offer is still open. Until [illegible] we will send THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS by mail for one year on receipt of
Two Dollars,
—OR—
Six Months for $1.00
This offer is one-half the regular rate and is made temporarily only.

The News is an Evening 4 page, 8 column paper five days in the week and an 8 page paper one day in the week. It contains all the news. It makes a specialty of Market Reports, giving the markets of the current day of issue. Send for sample copies. Address

DAILY NEWS, St. Paul, Minn.
January 1, 1890.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

D. H. BATES,
DEALER IN
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS
ALSO
FARM MACHINERY
AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.
D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 20, 1890. NO. 44

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$ .50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	13 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

A Successful Farmer's Meeting.

S. J. H., in Northwestern Agriculturist.

We have been seeking successful farmers to learn from them the secrets of their prosperity. If we want to learn something valuable in farming we must go to those who are making money—who make farming a success. There are thousands of farmers who know all about everything—have theorics without number and are perhaps making a living, but nothing more. We don't care a snap about this "windbag" class when we set out to make money. We found one man, in a certain neighborhood, doing well, while his neighbors, farming the same kind of land, complain about trusts, low prices and thousands of other drawbacks. The successful man was busy at work, and we told him that we came with the express purpose to learn the secrets of his success, and that we were going to pump him dry if it took all day, and he would submit to it. He was an American "from the word go," and said: "Go ahead, sir." "How much land have you got?" "Three quarters." "How long have you been here?" "Five years." "How much corn did you raise last year?" "Fifteen thousand bushels." "When did you plant it?" This began to loosen his tongue. He saw that we meant business and took us to the house and began to tell the story. "I came here from Indiana. When I began plowing the old land I let the plow go down to the beam using three large horses. My neighbors came and told me it was a mistake, but I knew that deep plowing gives roots a chance, brings solid soil to the surface and attracts and retains moisture. When I break the virgin soil my plow has to go down five or six inches. My neighbors' only one and a half to two inches. Last year, in April, we had fine weather and we took out the planter and put in the corn four inches deep, (next year it will go down five inches.) My neighbors came and said, "You won't get any corn. It is too early. It will freeze." I said, "Let her freeze." Of course, I know that corn is an endogens; that is, it grows from the inside, and that as long as the roots were not frozen, the nipping of the tops would do little damage. I always plant early as I can get on the land. My neighbors planted in the latter part of May and got nubbins, or nothing. Of course, they lay it to the peculiar season. I know, too, wheat or oats can't grow in the same place where weeds grow. Plant a field with corn and let it take care of itself. The weeds will choke it and you get next to nothing. You see that field? I plowed it two years ago as deep as the plow could go with three horses. I then let it lie all summer and ran over it once a month with the cultivator and harrow to kill the weeds. Last spring I put in wheat, and how much do you suppose it yielded to the acre? "Twenty bushels." "No, sir, thirty-five bushels." "How many hogs and steers do you fatten?" "O, I keep at it all the time, and make an effort to feed a hundred when the corn is in the milk. That's my time. I bought one hundred from the Indian agent who had picked up several hundred. I gave him a cent and a half for the pick and got some dandies. I just sold them in Chicago for $3.75. I keep three men on an average the year round. I cleared from my farm this present season just $10,000."

We will not worry you with the little details of this gentleman's talk of half a day. You have the secret of the $10,000. We could multiply such cases indefinitely in the southern half of South Dakota, and we are sure that the words of Poor Richard bear repeating and study—

"Then plow deep while sluggards sleep
And you will have corn to sell and keep."

All that reads very nice and pretty—reads just as though it had been written by some monopolist who is fattening on the toil of the farmer for you will notice that the writer is very careful not to touch upon the fact that if his imaginary "successful farmer" could get his just share of the profits of that crop he would be A RICH MAN very shortly. It is well enough to discuss methods of farming when the farmer has his rights in the market. Just now that is the most important question to him. The writer claims that his successful farmer clears a lump sum of $10,000 on 480 acres of land but does not tell us how much corn per acre he gets, nor how many acres he has in wheat nor give any data by which the reader can prove the assertion. While we doubt the truth of the assertion the fact remains that if he did clear $10,000 on these markets he ought to have doubled that and more if he had his rights in the market. Such articles as the above are only intended to blind the eyes of the farmer to the wrongs he suffers and to try to make him content to plod along in the old rut.

MAGNETIC DWIGHT.

The Ex-Senator Talks About Windom, Harrison and Tariff Reform.

Special to Minneapolis Evening Journal.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Magnetic Dwight M. Sabin, of Stillwater, has been renewing acquaintances in the national capitol for the past three or four days. The ex-senator is looking as bright as a silver dollar, fresh from the mint. He has done some hobnobbing with Senator Davis and other Minnesota statesmen, but has spent the greater part of his time in visiting with his adopted daughters, who are housed at the fashionable hotel Arno. The Journal correspondent had a lengthy chat with Mr. Sabin at the Arno last evening. The ex-senator was at first disposed to be reticent, but when assured that The Journal would treat any expressions of his with all fairness, the genial Stillwater man talked entertainingly. He still has his own peculiar ideas on tariff reform. He said:

"I still hold to the ideas that I have frequently expressed. There should be a general revision of the tariff. I will say now that I am certain that the lumber tariff should be reduced at least one-half. There are many other necessaries that should come under this general revision, but I shall not dwell upon them now. I want to say to you that the present congress cannot afford to while away the present session without making tariff changes that are a necessity in the northwest. The republicans in congress from the west should take this matter up and see to it that there is an eminently fair and honest revision of the present schedule. They should be neither hoodwinked or bamboozled into the ultra tariff notions of the high protectionists. If they are led about by the eastern leaders, the prospects for the success of the republican party in the great west next fall and in future years will be disastrous. That is my candid opinion upon this important matter in a nutshell."

"What will be the outcome of the political canvass in Minnesota this fall, so far as the state ticket is concerned?"

"Upon this point I can give you little information. My business cares the past year have kept me from thinking of anything political. I have an idea, though, that Gov. Merriam will be renominated without much opposition. He may have competitors, but it looks to me now as though he would be renominated."

"Will he be re-elected?"

"I think so. I can see no reason now for his defeat. It is my idea that if the tariff is revised to suit the northwest by the national congress this session the republican ticket in Minnesota will be re-elected by a woking majority."

"What is your opinion about the probability of the return of a solid delegation to the lower house of the national congress from Minnesota this fall?"

"It will all depend, as I said before, upon what action congress takes this session as to a revision of the tariff that will be beneficial to the northwestern states. It is but just to the agriculturists in the west that there be a general and decided revision of the tariff upon articles that the farmers of the northwest use. We, in that country, depend very greatly upon this element. They must be recognized. We care but little about the demands of the manufacturing east. It is the farmers of the west and their interests that we in Minnesota are interested in. If congress does the farming element justice this winter there is no doubt of the return of a solid delegation to congress next fall. If this justice is not accorded—well, I don't want to predict the outcome."

"Senator, have you heard of the rumor that there was a combination between Secretary Windom and Senator Washburn which has in view the defeat of Senator Davis for re-election when his term expires?"

Mr. Sabin studied the ceiling a moment, took an extra whiff of his havana, then replied laughingly:

"Well, yes, I have heard such rumors. However, it has never impressed me at all forcibly as being a probable combination. If there is any such desire on the part of the secretary and senator, of which I am not advised, I should regard them as gentlemen of too much sagacity to enter into such combination, as I do not believe the people in Minnesota propose to dispense with the brains of their delegation when Senator Davis can be of inestimable value to the interests of not only Minnesota, but the entire northwest. Senator Davis' whole attitude and entire sympathies are with the people in that locality and his remarkable and exhaustive speech upon the "Soo" canal bill has demonstrated a breadth of business sagacity and general grasp of the needs of our northwest country for which he has heretofore not been given the credit due him. I can say that he has deserved this credit. I think his position is fully and keenly appreciated by the people of Minnesota. In my judgment Senator Davis will have no organized or effective opposition in Minnesota if he desires a re-election.

"Does he desire a re-election?"

"I haven't any reason to doubt but that he has an ambition in this direction."

At this point the Stillwater man made a brave attempt to break away from the interviewer. He failed, and good naturedly awaited the next question.

"Senator, have you heard of the rumors to the effect that President Harrison and Secretary Windom had also formed an alliance, both offensive and defensive?"

"Of what nature?" queried the senator, Yankee fashion.

"In substance, that Mr. Windom is to work for Harrison's re-nomination and re-election in 1892, in return for which the president is to use the powers of his administration to secure Mr. Windom's nomination four years later."

"Nice scheme, indeed," remarked Mr. Sabin.

"Want my opinion on that?"

"Certainly."

"Well, I will be in favor of Windom for the presidency in 1896," and the senator laughed at his own humorous sally until his sides shook.

Just perfect is what a lady said to us of the March number of "Peterson," and we can fully endorse the verdict. The opening engraving is a beautiful picture, and the numerous wood illustrations are all capital. The fashion and household departments offer the most varied attractions. "The Mother's Department" and "Things Worth Knowing" should be read by every housekeeper and mother. "Peterson" is a rare combination of useful, artistic and literary excellence. No other two dollar magazine can boast such a list of contributors as Rebecca Harding Davis, M. G. McClelland, Minna Irving, Lucy H. Hooper, Edgar Fawcett, Frank Lee Benedict, Howard Seely, Clarence M. Boutelle and various other prominent writers of prose and verse. So far this year it has even surpassed its former high standard of excellence in many respects. Terms, $2.00 a year. Address, Peterson's Magazine, No. 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Waterloo N. Y. Observer: Times are dull. Why? Because farmers are compelled to sell the entire product of their farms for less than it costs them to produce it. When farmers get good prices for their produce they prosper and cause every other business to prosper. The land is, after all, the source of the wealth and prosperity of every country instead of the manufacturing industries. The latter help the people of the immediate locallity where the factory is located, but the land helps every community, for it is everywhere. A manufacturing industry located in the land where the land was barren would collapse in no time. When the farmer obtains good prices for the products of his farm, he has money with which to purchase the product of the mills and factories, but when he is forced to sell for less than cost he has no surplus to invest for any purpose. Farming has always been and always will be an infant industry, that needs the fostering care of the goverment more than any other because all other industries are supported by it. When agriculture fails, every other business and trade languishes. The present situation of affairs proves the assertion beyond a possibility of refutation.

The Farmers and the Tariff.

Minneapolis Times.

Senator Washburn, interviewed by our reporter, assures the public that there will be important tariff legislation during the present session, and that the bill to be framed will be on the lines of senate bill of the last session. It is to be hoped that the senator's assurance will be realized. The demand for material reduction on the tariff schedule grows more insistent and emphatic every day. The senate bill, which the democratic majority in the house rejected last session, is in the right direction, but does not go far enough. The objection to the senate bill is that it exaggerates the discriminations of the existing tariff against the agricultural states rather than otherwise. The political party of which Senator Washburn is a conspicuous if not particularly brilliant exponent, is committed to such practical legislation as will lighten the burdens and remove one of the embarrassments of the farmers of the Northwest. The absurdity of maintaining, after a quarter of a century of power and prosperity a tariff schedule adopted in time of war, has been often enough pointed out. All over the country the farmers are organizing for self-protection. At the present rate of increase in membership of these associations the whole 4,500,000 farmers will before long be practically united in one body. It is a movement of the greatest significance. Everywhere among the farming classes the conviction is growing stronger and stronger that they are merely the hewers of wood and drawers of water for the other classes and they are going to insist, in the most vigorous fashion, upon better treatment.

They have constantly before them the stern uncomfortable fact that in spite of all their industry and economy their business has become unprofitable. They have been forced to study the situation, and try to get at the root of their difficulties. The result of inquiry is that they are victims of an absurd, irrational and burdensome tariff system, involving devices of injustice and unfairness, which seem to be aimed, whether intentionally or not, almost exclusively at their class. The prices they are obliged to accept for their grain are below the actual cost of production. Live stock, notwithstanding the extortionate prices paid by the consumer for meats of all kinds, hardly pays the expense of feeding. Millions of bushels of corn will not bring enough to pay for taking it to market. The farmer cannot get a decent remuneration for his labor at any branch of his calling. He certainly has substantial reason for complaint. There is manifestly something wrong somewhere, and the farmer has located or thinks he has located the cause of his troubles, and is demanding that it shall be corrected.

What is Mr. Wasburn's party going to do about it? The time for shuffling and puttering has passed. The familiar argument of over-production is not a sufficient explanation, because the farmers can readily sell all they produce at the prevailing prices, which proves that it is needed for consumption. The supply does not exceed the demand, or they could not sell the surplus at any price. They know that the food products which they raise yearly are consumed; and what they demand is a reasonable return for their labor and the capital they have invested in the business of feeding all other classes of the population.

JUST FOR FUN,

AND TO KEEP BUSINESS LIVELY,

I Propose to Give Away

FOR A VERY LITTLE CASH,

A Few Lots in Jerome's Addition

At about the cost of transfer, viz:

Lots 9 and 10, in blk. 16; lots 11 and 12, in blk. 16; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 20; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 20; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 21; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 21; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 22; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 22; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 25; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 25; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 32; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 32; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 32; lots 23 and 24, in blk. 33, and lots 25 and 26, in blk. 33,

AT $13 EACH OR $26 A PAIR.

Thus you will observe the purchaser gets a fifty foot front lot for only $26; or if you prefer, you can purchase four lots for $52, making 100 feet front.

☞ Now is your chance. THIS OFFER WILL REMAIN OPEN ONLY SIXTY DAYS. Apply to

M. R BROWN.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. Nax E. [illegible]. H. Steene..on. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST, —BEST.— —QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:40 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
6:30 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Jan. 29th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 14th 1890, viz: ANDREW S. AMUNDSON, H'd 9447, for the e½ sw¼ and w½ se¼, S. 26, T. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gulbran Pederson Brasten, Joan Olson Seeter, Torr Johnson and Andrew A. Bakken, all of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

I RING THE FIRST BELL!

To Announce the Opening of my New

Spring Stock!

AND INVITE YOU TO CALL

And Inspect my NEW LINES OF

CHOICE NOVELTIES.

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,
ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE=WE=ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long, $4.00
" " Striped " " " 6.00
" " " " " " 7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " " 8.00
" " " " " " " 9.00
" " Black or Brown " " " 10.00
" " " " " " " 12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., FEBRUARY 20, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	61.
No. 1 Northern	59.
No. 2 "	54.
No. 3 "	48.
Rejected	

'Round Home.

Old winter dies hard.

Weather prophets are predicting an early spring. We should prefer to see the evidences of it.

We are reminded by the weather of the past week that the reign of winter is not quite over—not yet.

The cadet ball on Friday evening was a nice affair, socially and every way and a very enjoyable event.

Prof. Casey was at Red Lake Falls last week. The Prof. takes hold of the business in a way that makes him lots of friends.

Col W. M. Leggett was elected secretary of the State Fair Association at the meeting in St. Paul last week. A good selection.

The Mississippi Valley Lumberman says: "The circulars must go!" Naturally, if you expect to saw any lumber with them.

Dr. M. Leguee has been doing a land office business buying cattle for the St. Paul market. He has shipped several carloads via the D., C. & N. R. R.

Mens suits, 2,000 complete suits to choose from. Come early and get the best selection.
C. O. D. CLOTHING HOUSE.

Harry Attix does not recover from his grip as rapidly as he and his friends could wish. Our advice to him is to let up on work a litte and give Nature a chance to recuperate.

Alliance work is progressing nicely all over the county. Every week we get letters of inquiry, and if this thing continues there will be a live alliance in every town in the county before fall.

Rariton Chinchilla over coats $3.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

Mrs. Bert Bivins, Mrs. P. C. Schmidt and Mrs. W. G. Lytle gave a very pleasant cinch party to their numerous lady friends last Wednesday afternoon, also to lady and gentleman friends in the evening.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

The city council has very kindly placed the council room at the disposal of the Crookston Farmers Alliance which was a very neat and handsome thing to do. Lets give 'em a rousing vote of thanks, boys.

Good Vermont gray overcoats $2, at C. O. D. Clothing House.

Hans C. Sampson, president of Fosston alliance was in the city on Monday. He reports the alliance in a flourishing condition, increasing at every meeting. They meet every two weeks. John Fleisch is their delegate to St. Paul with Ole Nelson as alternate.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, rasnberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

The excursion to Grand Forks last Wednesday night was heartily enjoyed by a larger host of pleasure-seekers. Geo. Scott, of this city won the medal and the championship of the Northwest. He has been challenged by N. Eddy, of Grand Forks for the championship and the medal.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

A. M. Stewart went over to his Inkster store on Saturday last. Thinks business on this side of the Red is the best. Speaking of the future prospects of the Red River Valley he says that Crookston is bound to be the leading city of the Northwest spite of all her enemies can do to prevent it.

Good Union cassamere overcoats at $3.50, $4.00, $4 50 and $5.00, at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

We deeply regret that the boom period let up when it did for at the rate they were building this way Red Lake Falls would just about have reached Crookston by this time as they were approaching rapidly. But to lay joking aside, if they would get a fife and a drum and call their village to-gether they would have quite a neat little city and it is unfortunate that it is spread out over so much territory.

Children's suits $1.
Children's overcoat $1.
Children's winter caps 10c.
Boys' suits age 13 to 17, $2.50 at the C. O. D. Clothing House.

We wish the secretary of every alliance would at once correspond with us in relation to forming a county alliance. Steps will be taken this week for such a formation and the call issued probably on Saturday. Meantime it would be well for each alliance to elect three delegates to such alliance at its next meeting as it is very desirable to have the county alliance formed in time to send a delegate and alternate to the state alliance meeting at St. Paul on March 4th.

$100,000 to loan.
JOHN MCLEAN.

Col. O. V. Davis of Mandan was in the city on Monday enroute for Thief River Falls where he went to purchase a band of 17 moose for his already extensive menagerie. He is trying to get the State of Dakota to provide means to prevent the extinction of wild game by setting apart a portion of the public domain for a park wherein those animals may be protected. He has a herd of 28 buffalo, 20 moose and elk and 160 antelope. He has some half-breed buffaloes crossed with Holstein and Polled Angus, the latter having a hide that very much resembles seal and, he thinks, can be made a substitute for sealskin. Buffalo raising, he says is very profitable but can never be made successful outside of big ranges as the buffalo, like the Indian, deteriorates by civilization. They can be tamed easily but are guided by the prairies.

Well, Sa-a-a-y!

Our old-time friend, E. F. Smith, writes us from Spokane Falls that business is good, real estate rising, and that the Great Northern is bound to reach Spokane this year; that Lem Nobles is doing well in the commission business; that Frank Adams is doing a rushing business in lathing; that the cold weather continues and snow going slowly and that—

"Hush, be still as any mouse,
There's a baby in the house!"

a bouncing baby girl since November 5th, 1889.

We find the following items in the Red Lake Falls Gazette of Feb. 14th:

Rev. Mr. Miln and bride arrived here this afternoon and will take up their residence in the 5th st. building, near Mr. McClatchie's residence. Mr. Miln is resident pastor of the Baptist church here.

H. A. McClatchie was about the first time on Monday since he was taken with la grippe accompanied with a touch of pneumonia. Mrs. McClatchie was quite ill yesterday, but to-day is much improved.

The following items we clip from the Fosston Thirteen Towns, of Feb. 14th:

Mrs. C. Clough is reported dangerously ill with pheumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Taylor, Contractor and Mrs. Shacgreen, Mrs. McLennan and John Crawford, all of Crookston, who started early last week for a tour to the lumbering camps and a trip to the famous Red Lake, arrived here on their homeward journey on Tuesday morning, and took the afternoon train for Crookston. The whole party were pleased with their trip and delighted with what they saw.

The concert given last evening by Miss Inez McGrew, of Crookston, was greeted with as large a house as any entertainment that was ever given in the city, as its character merited. It was first-class in every particular and each part showed good taste in selection and careful preparation. The excellent singing of the young girls as usual received much favorable comment, and they were always received with generous applause and once responded to an encore. Each and every part was perfectly performed and all were well received by the audience. The remarks with which Attorney Bennett, who acted as master of ceremonies, introduced each selection, the modesty with which he announced his own parts and the magnanimous manner in which he presented the excuses of his friends and relieved them from embarassment caused much merriment and constituted a never failing fountain of amusement. The orchestra as reorganized made its first appearance at this entertainment and afforded no little pleasure. At the conclusion of the program dancing was indulged in for a short time.

Mrs. Charles E. Sawyer gave a lovely tea to her lady friends Tuesday afternoon at her pleasant home on Broadway.

Fisher Bulletin: Genial Will Peterson came over last Monday evening to see—well his best friends—but did not try to jump the "cannon ball" express as before.

Elmer Blanchard was in the city last week from his home in Tabor. He is teaching in school district No. 174. That he is successful is shown by the fact that he has taught the school several terms. He reports the farmers all deeply interested in the alliance work.

On Thursday last at one o'clock the fire bell summoned the department to attend to a bit of a blaze in the Third Ward, in the residence of W. S. Walker's foreman, John Florene. The goods were safely removed from the house which was made almost a total wreck. The boys were handicapped by breaking hose which rendered their work less effective.

A. M. Stewart: I think THE JOURNAL takes the right ground on condition of our markets in their relation to the producers. I think the manner in which our wheat has been handled this fall is utterly shameful—those who control the situation seem to have lost sight of every consideration except to make all there is in our wheat and more too. As one business man I can say that I am heartily in favor of the farmers' combining in their own defence in the alliance and I believe they will win if they are true to their cause. I believe that every business man should make common cause with the farmer and aid them all they can for our interests are mutual—we cannot prosper unless the farmers are prosperous. We need an open market and if we were all united on that point I believe we would get it.

THE JOURNAL is sorry to announce that our esteemed friend, H. S. Attix, Esq., has accepted a situation at Meeker, in Rio Blanco Co., Col., and leaves next week for his new field of labor. Mr. A. is led to this step as much from the necessity for a change of climate on account of his health as for any other consideration. He had been advised by his physician to change climate and this offer coming at this time seems providential as it opens the way for him to comply with the physician's mandate. Harry will bear with him the best wishes of hosts of old and tried friends who have known him as an earnest, upright hard-working man and an honest capable business man. He is one of the pioneers of this section, coming to Becker County in 1874 where he was for a year in the employ of Frank La Crosse, a leading merchant of Audubon. He went to Richwood in 1875 where he married and went to farming. In July 1878 he filed the first claim to land in the Maple Lake country near what is now the station of Mentor. He farmed until the fall of '87 and was postmaster for four years of the time. That fall he opened a small store of general merchandise and was doing a nice business until the fall of '88 when his store took fire and burned him out slick and clean. Instead of sitting down and whining he hustled about to find something to do and soon made arrangements with E. D. Childs whereby he opened up the store of Attix & Co., in the Fifth Ward. By dint of hard work and hustling he built up a big trade and recently the firm moved over to the city, occupying the old Markham store on Second Street. He regrets very much the necessity of having to go, and he feels sure that he leaves many warm friends whose success in life he will ever hope for and watch with interest. THE JOURNAL can heartily recommend him to all with whom he may associate in the future as an A 1 hustler and a good all round business man.

DIED.

TRUAX.—At her home in Crookston, Saturday, Feb. 15th, 1890, of pleurisy, Mrs. Geo. W. Truax, in her 44th year.

Magdalina Simons was born Feb. 21, 1846, at Milwaukee, Wis. She was married to Geo. W. Truax, July 9, 1872, at Prescott, Wis., and moved to Crookston in 1879, she has been a member of the Baptist church at Crookston since 1884. She was the mother of fourteen children, eight of whom are now living, the youngest being a babe of three months. In her death her family sustains a sad and irreparable loss, but they "sorrow not as those who have no hope" for they expect to meet her again at the resurection of the just. The funeral services were held at the Baptise church Monday which was largely attended notwithstanding the severe cold weather.

Geo. McManus went to St. Paul last week.

Conductor and Mrs. Alexander entertained their friends at cinch Tuesday afternoon and evening.

Mrs. J. B. Copeland and Miss Fanny reached home on Sunday morning after a pleasant visit with relatives in Chicago.

I. K. Messelt and Ole K. Lakness came down from Winger last week. They report a thriving alliance and the farmers all interested in the work up there.

THE JOURNAL is in receipt of a booming pamphlet from our old friend Robert Houston. Robert has a townsite about 25 miles from Tacoma which bids fair to knock the hind sights off'n any city in Washington State, and it looks like "Bob" has struck a bonanza. Puget City is the name of the new aspirant for the rites and privileges of a city.

A Fight for Hay.

Red Lake Falls Gazette

Every little while Lambert is represented in our justice courts and this time has worked up a case that may develop some serious surprises for parties interested.

Peter Champagne, as complaining witness, swore out a warrant before Judge Holmes, last week, charging Jos. Lajambe, Felix Lajambe, Israel Laframboise, Emanuel Filiatrault, with forcibly seizing and appropriating hay belonging to the complainant, the latter claiming to have purchased the hay from Agent Schuler. The defendants for some reason did not stand trial, appearing at court without counsel and waiving examination were bound over to the district court in the sum of $300 each, all furnishing bonds except Filiatrault, who was committed.

As nearly as could be learned the case is as follows: The defendants obtained permission to put up the hay in question from the Indian agent, paying $1 25 per ton. The plaintiff, after defendants had put up the hay, purchased it from an Indian, paying $6 for 40 tons. Last Tuesday Champagne went to the reservation with five men and six teams and loaded on a good portion of the coveted hay and started home. The road passed near Lajambe's and when the Champagne party arrived at the road running to the former's barn, the defendants were in waiting and were armed with pitchforks and clubs and promptly forced a hand-to-hand encounter, conquering the Champagne party and forcing them to turn in and unload the hay where Lajambe directed. Filiatrault will furnish bail and the case will come up at the June term of the district court. The hay will be expensive for all hands.

St. Hilaire Alliance.

On Friday last the farmers of River Falls met at St. Hilaire and formed an alliance to be known as St. Hilaire Farmers Alliance. The following officers were elected, viz:

Nels K. Anderson, President, P. O. Haglund, Vice President; John Nelson, Secretary; K. O. Gigstad, Treasurer.

Mr. Nels K. Anderson was elected delegate to St. Paul and P. O. Haglund alternate. The meeting had not been as thoroughly advertised as could have been wished, however the room was well filled by an earnest body of men determined to try to do something in their own behalf, and a good strong alliance was formed and two old alliances rehabilitated and put in running order. We have not met with a more intelligent and determined body of men this winter than those we there met and we shall be very much surprised if the St. Hilaire Alliance is not a power for good in the county. At the close of the organization a rising vote of thanks was given to H. E. Cooke for the assistance rendered in organizing. Mr. Chas. A. Johnson hitched up his horse after the meeting and took the writer to Red Lake Falls arriving, however too late for the train south much to our disappointment, as we greatly desired to reach Fertile that same evening. The fault was not in our driver but in the fact that for a large portion of the distance we encountered bare ground which rendered our progress necessarily slow. Mr. Johnson made the return trip to St. Hilaire that night and carried with him our earnest sympathy.

Woodside Items.

More snow and better sleighing than at any time before this winter.

The click of the ax seems to be everywhere present in the woods, nowadays.

The first meeting of the Woodside debating society was held in the school house in district No. 190, last Friday evening. After having a good old time it was adjourned until next Friday evening at 7 o'clock. That's right, let the good work go on. There is no reason why a debating school cannot be kept up in the country as well as in the cities. All are invited, and everybody should come and take part in order to make it interesting.

Messrs. Sam Felsing and Wm. Tatro have put up a lot of ice at Maple Bay, where they intend to engage in lemonade and ice cream selling next summer. They have also commenced to gather material for the building of a steamboat, 16 feet wide by 60 feet in length, which they are going to run on Maple Lake the coming summer. Maple Bay is nicely situated on the shore of this beautiful lake, and will no doubt make a fine summer resort. We wish the boys good success.

A meeting will be held in the school house in district No. 83, on Saturday, Feb. 22d, at 3 p. m., for the purpose of organizing a farmers' alliance. Every one interested in farming and who wishes to lend a helping hand in fighting for the rights of the farmers, should not fail to be present. FARMER.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

REGULAR MEETING, HELD FEB. 11, 1890.

President Watts in the chair.

Members present—Aldermen Lally, Childs, Morrisey, Bjoin, Jerome and Buhn.

Moved by Alderman Lally, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the bill of R. G. Woodbam for $18.00 be allowed when properly verified. Carried.

The petition of Frank Ives and others with reference to vacating lots in Ives' addition to Crookston, was referred to Aldermen Steenerson, Bjoin and the City Attorney.

The petition from Frank Bivins and others was referred back for correction, the same to be considered at an adjourned meeting of the city council, to be held Feb. 18th, 1890.

The bill of W. H. Crann for rebate on taxes was referred to the finance committee to report on same at next adjourned meeting.

A bid was presented from Harrison & Glenn for repairing broadway bridge. Moved by Alderman Lally, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the bid of Harris & Glenn be accepted.

Ayes—Aldermen Lally, Childs, Morrisey, Bjoin, Buhn, Jerome and Watts.

Nays—None.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the Crookston Farmers' Alliance be invited to occupy the City Hall as a place of holding their business meetings free of charge, subject only to the restriction that they do not interfere with its use by the city at any time, and that the Chief of Police instruct the janitor to properly warm and light the room on such occasions. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Alderman Lally, seconded by Alderman Bjoin, that the ordinance relating to dogs be adopted. Passed unanimously.

On motion Council adjourned until February 18th, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

CROOKSTON, Feb. 11, 1890.

Moved by Alderman James E. Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Geo. Q. Buhn:

The City Council of the City of Crookston do ordain as follows:

That sections three (3) and four (4) of chapter six (6) of the ordinances of the city of Crookston be amended to read as follows:

SECTION 3. Whoever shall wrongfully remove the collar or wilfully kill, maim, entice or carry away any dog licensed as aforesaid, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined a sum not to exceed fifty ($50) dollars and costs, and every owner or keeper of a dog who allows it to run at large, unless it is registered and licensed as aforesaid, shall be fined a sum not to exceed five ($5) dollars and costs; and every owner or keeper of a female dog who knowingly allows same to run at large or remain in a public part of the city while in heat shall be fined not less than five ($5) dollars and costs.

The Chief of Police is hereby empowered to procure a suitable place for dog pound.

SEC. 4. The Chief of Police or any person or persons appointed by the Mayor for this purpose, shall impound or cause to be impounded each and every dog running at large, unless said dog is so licensed.

The Chief of Police shall cause to be posted in three (3) public places notices of sale of such dogs so impounded, with general description of same, and on expiration of forty-eight (48) hours notice to sell, he shall sell the same separately at public auction to the highest bidder; provided, however, that in the mean time any owner or keeper of a dog so impounded may, upon the payment to the City Recorder of the amount of license and fifty (50c) cents additional for each dog, demand of the City Recorder a release for said dog, and the City Recorder, on receipt of said money, shall give said owner or keeper a license and an order for release of said dog, on receipt of which order the Chief of Police shall release said dog; and provided further, that any dog remaining unsold or unclaimed shall be and is hereby declared a public nuisance, and shall be destroyed by the Chief or Police.

Any ordinance inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance as now amended, is hereby repealed.

Passed this 11th day of February, 1890, by a unanimous vote of the city council.

WM. WATTS,
President of Council.

Approved this 17th day of February, 1890.

JAMES W. LILLY, Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON,
[44-45] City Clerk.

Card of Thanks.

To the friends and neighbors who have so kindly rendered assistance and sympathy in the sickness and death of my beloved wife, I wish to express my appreciation and thanks.

G. W. TRUAX.

Notice.

Anyone desiring to settle their account with me during my absence can call on G. W. Lewis.
[44-tf] DR. M. VAN DYKE.

SEED WHEAT.

Farmers desiring Pure Velvet Chaff Blue Stem Seed Wheat, call on or address, F. BIVINS,
[43-tf] Cookston, Minn.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [38-tf]

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Pateron & Lilly. [52-tf]

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property.
[18-tf]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Wanted.

To sell immediately. My dwelling house and lot in Crookston.
[39-tf] J. W. LILLY.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeray, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. These books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.
[34-tf] W. G. COOKE.

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Pateron & Lilly. [52-tf]

Stock Farm for Sale

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7 tf]

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending February 15th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Hanson, Hans Olai
Knudson, Miss Mary

W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine

IMPORTED MILLINERY GOODS

From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.
[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.

MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

Valley Roller Mills.
Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2 15
Fife	1 85
Skip Jack	1 25

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - MINN.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

THE NEW
CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
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Prices no Object.

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PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at
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FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
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FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

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FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Bro. Love, of the Hallock Enterprise is doing a good work for the farmers and deserves well of them. Why don't you stir 'em up to organize, Ed?

Be not deceived. If anyone tells you that "the farmers can't do anything to right their wrongs," be sure he has some reason for wishing that his words will prove true. In union there is strength.

Last week we referred to an attack made by the Moorhead News upon Prof. John Allison. The article was filled with innuendoes against the Rev. gentleman. In plain English the News meant to insinuate that Mr. A. is a drinking man. Now, Bro. Lamphere is not a drinking man, but he is one of these good moral men who deprecate the habit in others, and his attack upon the Prof. aptly illustrates the kind of temperance reform that many of the so called temperance reformers of the day practice, that is, when they see a man struggling hard to break off from the drink habit, instead of lending a helping hand, giving him a kindly word of good cheer, they jump right upon his neck, and in a "I-am-holier-than-thou-art" manner, they kick him with all their might, seeming to rejoice in the wreck of manhood that may need only the timely aid of the help they might give him to re-assert itself. Prof. Allison has admitted his former weakness, but has sworn never to touch the stuff again, and is it the part of christianity to keep pelting away at him? In the name of wonder what more would you have the man do than he has done? Does his attitude not show repentance, and is it not the duty of all right-thinking men to aid him in his endeavor to reform? In this day and age of the world we hear a good deal of chin music on the subject of temperance, but too much of it is accompanied with an expression of superiority, a palpable shrinking from a plain duty, which is not christianity, but rank hypocircy. Show us the temperance worker who, when he thinks his brother is in danger will go to him and warn him; who will gladly welcome any evidence of a desire to break off from the thralldron of the liquor habit, and we will show you a true christian, one whose life exemplifies his profession. We do not suppose our good brother Lamphere has once thought of this subject in this light, but are not the sins of omission sometimes as great as the sins of commission? And is not our responsibility as great in the one case as the other? If Mr. A. is sincere in his expressed desire to reform, would not Bro. Lamphere's innuendoes rankle in his heart bitterly? Would not the only tendency they would have be to discourage him in his brave struggle against the drink habit? The power of a good word fitly spoken, how few realize how powerful, how precious it may be! And how easy to be spoken by the true christian temperance worker. Far better would it be to lavish such words upon an hundred unworthy objects than that one poor struggling soul should be driven down to perdition for lack of them.

Mankato Journal: The farmers of this state are getting themselves together lively. From every part of the state they are organizing. This means much. Under ordinary circumstances the farmer is too much pre-occupied to devote much time to the great questions so intimately concerning him. In too many cases this has been left with the professional politicians. The result, as can easily be imagined, has been disastrous to the farming communities. The chief industry of the state has received the least attention. But, now, if we read the sign of the times aright, there is likely to be a radical change. The farmer is coming to the front as a prominent and intellectual factor in our state politics. This is as it should be and ought to have been long ago. The politician looks upon these organizations with total indifference, and significantly winks his eye, and presses down his rising fear by giving vent to the very common expression: "They will never hang together." It remains with the farmers to say whether or not they will "hang together.

They will either "hang together" or they will hang separately, you bet!

Government Control of Railroads.

Almost every paper we pick up of late has something to say upon this subject, and nearly all of them abound in manifold reasons why this can never be practical. It is very amusing to notice their frantic efforts to throw dust in the eyes of the public and leads to the query: "What's the matter? Who said anything about government control of railroads, anyhow?" Can it be possible that they fear that the present awakening of the farmers to their own interests will lead to such a result? It must be that they fear that some action will be taken by the farmers that will materially interfere with their money making schemes, and that this is what they fear more than anything else, as, so far, this idea has hardly occurred to the average farmer, and yet a desperate fight seems to be on, just as though the companies were already confronted by the proposition. One railroad president in an interview with a reporter for a St. Paul paper, is very prolific of reasons why this is impracticable, among them that the system would create many more offices for scrambling politicians to quarrel over. Well, keep it out of politics then, make it purely a business arrangement, and that settles that point. Again he says it is impracticable "because you cannot take private property for any such purpose." Why not? If a railway company can condemn and take the property of a private citizen for right of way purposes, why cannot the government condemn and take possession of railroad property on the very same grounds, that is, "for the public good?" It certainly is for the public good that railroad tariffs should be reduced, and there is no good reason why this should not be done. The fact that watered stock prevents, is no good reason, and will not stand the legal test, as is shown in a recent decision of the U. S. Supreme Court in the Iowa railroad cases. At present there is no effort being put forth looking to government control of railroads by ownership, but the producers, all over the country, are waking up to the fact that some steps must be taken to protect their rights, and unless some concessions are made, and that right soon, by those who are now taking an undue proportion of the profits of the soil, there is no telling what this uprising may lead to. It is very evident that the parasites who prey upon the farmer are beginning to get scared by the way they are beginning to yell "STOP THIEF" before any thief as big as themselves has put in an appearance. We have no fears of any attempts to put the roads under government control if the roads will do the fair thing by the people, but we realize the necessity for a change in the deal, and that very quick. Failing to get that, we should not be a bit surprised to see the German system introduced.

Our thanks are due Hon. S. G. Comstock for a copy of the Congressional Directory.

The state editors met in annual convention in St. Paul last week, did some business, got a good square meal at the Windsor and then adjourned till the annual excursion calls them together. An effort will be made to have the next National convention held at St. Paul. So mote it be.

There is a question of vast importance that should come before the March meeting of the State Farmers' Alliance and that is the question as to whether the State Inspection is controlled by the elevator system or not. There is more than a half-formed suspicion that such is the case and the duty of the Farmers' Alliance to verify or dispel this suspicion. The Board was created in the interest of the farmers and they should see that it is conducted in their interest.

Wonder If He Has?

Heron Lake News: The fight, if it may be called one, against the governor, is peculiar. The enemies cannot maintain a single charge against him; their only ammunition is mud, which they hurl as only experts can. The governor has stood by the people in every instance hence the growling in certain quarters.

Speaking of Senator Pierce's bill for the appointment of a committee of investigation into the cause of the agricultural depression of the country, the St. Paul Dispatch says:

"It is not too much to assume that Senator Pierce had in mind in offering this measure the situation of affairs in his own state of North Dakota. If we are not mistaken there is nothing like actual distress arising from agricultural depression prevalent throughout the country. In the Dakotas alone does it appear that the farmers are in actual want as the outcome of agricultural depression. Elsewhere the return of crops for 1889 have been above the average, and difficulty has existed on the part of the railroads to provide facilities for the prompt shipment of agricultural produce."

Which shows how easy it is for a big daily like The Dispatch to be "mistaken," when it wants to be. If there is no "actual distress" anywhere but in Dakota, will The Dispatch tell us what is the cause of the general depression in the values of farm property all over the United States? Will it also tell us how much the farmer has realized on those big crops that have bothered the railroads so much to provide shipment for? The Dispatch makes a common error when it estimates the prospects of the farmer upon the amount of grain he raises, without considering what he receives therefor. It seems singular to us that such a paper as The Dispatch can look abroad over the land and see everything so wonderfully calm and serene in agricultural communities, when the fact is so plain that the very life of agriculture is threatened by a lot of vultures that are slowly but surely sapping its life blood. When the fact is so plain that farmers all over the United States are making no money and many of them actually doing business at a loss; that the farmers all over the Union are combining in self-defence, and for what? If there is no "actual distress" among them what means this general uprising among the producing classes? But in view of these facts The Dispatch blandly informs us: "In the Dakotas alone does it appear that the farmers are in actual want as the outcome of

AGRICULTURAL DEPRESSION!"

Well, now, that is what we call decidedly innocent and refreshing! Here is a vast stretch of country containing within its borders some of the richest soil in the world, land that has for several years produced crops of from 25 to 40 bushels of No. 1 Hard wheat, said to be (and is) actually worth at least ten cents per bushel more for milling purposes than any other wheat in the world, these same "suffering Dakota farmers" have for these many years raised these big crops, which have brought fortunes to somebody, and now The Dispatch blandly assures us that

ONE YEAR

of "agricultural depression" among that class of "fortunate (?) farmers" has produced

"ACTUAL DISTRESS!"

Why, bless your soul, man, if these farmers had had their rightful share of the profits during the fat years it would have taken as many lean ones to have reduced them to the condition they are in to-day, and you know it, or ought to. Your song is the siren song of the despoiler, who, after he has stolen the profits of our wheat for years and years would like to have us believe that "short crops" is all that ails us! Overlooking and trying to hide the fact that the more we raise the more somebody else makes out of us! But those things don't work any more. The farmers are getting aroused to the facts in the case and are combining to make it extremely hot for those who have been enriching themselves from the toil of the producer. The farmers are confronted by the fact that they must devise a way whereby they can secure to themselves the profits of their labors or shut up shop. This fact is rendered more emphatic by this one year of short crops that causes such "agricultural depression." It has opened their eyes to the systematic robbery going on all around them, and they will not cease from their efforts until a remedy is found and applied and the equilibrium restored.

Investigation Committee.

Last week THE JOURNAL briefly alluded to Senator Pierce's bill for the appointment of a committee of investigation in the interest of agriculture, notice of which we received just before going to press. Section 4 of the bill provides:

"That it shall be the duty of said commission to take into consideration and thoroughly investigate the causes of the present depressed condition of the agricultural interests of the United States, including the laws relating to the inspection of grain, the regulations governing warehouses or elevators used for the storage or shipment of farm products, the feasibility of providing for interstate inspection of cereals, the relation of railways and transportation rates to the prices of products, the influence of the tariff on the prices of the necessaries of life, its effect on the agricultural industry and generally such consideration of the subject matter of this inquiry as in the judgment of the commission shall best secure the object specified in the title to this act."

This is one of the most important measures ever brought before congress in the interest of the farmers, and its success depends almost, if not wholly, upon the character of the men who compose the committee. It is of so much importance that every possible effort should be put forth to secure its passage and to insure the appointment of the proper men upon it. We want the leading minds, the very best material the agricultural interests can furnish to act in this capacity, and then great good will come from it. This is a subject the alliance might profitably take up for discussion to devise the means for the passage and successful operation under the bill. Write to your congressmen and to your senators and enlist their hearty co-operation in your behalf, and if successful, you will have taken a long step toward securing the open market of which you stand in perishing need.

What is the Trouble?

Minneapolis Times.

Somebody in Michigan has figured out that the average cost of raising a bushel of wheat in that state for the last five years has been about 70 cents. With wheat at $1 there is a profit of 30 cents to be divided between the producer, middlemen and commission brokers. How large a share of this falls to the farmer is not easy to ascertain, but it is estimated to range between 10 and 13 cents. When there is a speculative value on wheat the profits to middlemen are proportionately increased, while the advantage to the farmer is very slight. An authority on wheat says: "If wheat can be produced for 70 cents, its market price should never go above $1. When it gets beyond that the consumer is lining the pockets of the speculator with ill-gotten wealth." But how is the farmer going to grow opulent and take his family to Europe on a profit of 10 to 13 cents per bushel on his wheat? The middlemen and speculators can take care of themselves, and they generally do. But the man whose land and labor produces the staple, what is he going to do when wheat will bring only 75 to 85 cents per bushel, and his share of the net profit ranges from 5 cents to nothing—or worse? Farming, which ought to be the most independent, contented and prosperous of all our avocations, is fast becoming one of the most unremunerative, thankless and harrassing. There is something wrong somewhere. The trouble ought to be located, and the remedy applied without delay.

That's what we are after, old man.

Exchange: It is a mistake for farmers to be led into the notion that the business men in town are their enemies or that they are reaping great profits. As a matter of fact the average merchant finds it pretty tight squeezing to get along; pay his bills and his help. Yet many a customer has been helped over a tight place by being furnished goods on time till the crops come in. And when a subscription paper is started to build a road or reimburse an unfortunate man who has been burned out or hailed out, it soon finds its way to town. Now suppose you close up every store in town but one, how much would it improve the value of your farms? What would it benefit the farmer if all competition were done away with?

Alliance Programme.

The Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance has adopted the following rules and regulations as to the annual meeting of the State Alliance, on March 4, 1890, subject, of course, to the right of the State Alliance at such meeting to revise and amend the same in any particular:

First—The State Alliance shall sit during the day in private session.

Second—Addresses by invited persons will be made at the evening sessions, and in public.

Third—During the business sessions no member shall speak more than once upon any branch of a question, or for more than ten minutes at a time, unless permission is granted by vote.

Fourth—On the first day of the session, pending the report of the committee on credentials, addresses upon the good of the order may be made by members of the alliance, provided the same shall not exceed twenty minutes each, unless otherwise ordered.

Fifth—After permanent organization, the next business in order will be the reports of officers and action thereon.

Sixth—After this two hours will be given to discussing the question of manufacturing binding twine by the convicts of the state, or otherwise.

Seventh—Three hours, or as much thereof as may be necessary, shall be given to the discussion of railroad transportation, including the subject of watered stock.

Eighth—Two hours, or as much thereof as may be necessary, shall be given to the discussion of interest on money.

Ninth—Four hours, or as much thereof as may be necessary, shall be given to the discussion of alliance insurance work.

Tenth—The reports of committees shall be made and acted upon.

Eleventh—The election of officers of the State Alliance for the coming year.

Twelfth—The first hour of the second day, or as much thereof as may be necessary, shall be devoted to the address of the president.

Thirteenth—The report of the Minnesota delegates to the St. Louis meeting of the National Farmers' Alliance and the Confederated Farmers' and Laborers' Union, and the discussion thereon, will be next in order.

At the open evening session:

First—Address of welcome by the governor of the state.

Second—Address by the attorney general of the state as to the operation of the railroad laws.

Third—The Railroad Commissioners will be offered an opportunity to present their views to the State Alliance, and make report of their proceedings.

Fourth—Gen. J. H. Baker, ex-Railroad Commissioner, will make an address.

Fifth—An address will be delivered by the State Lecturer of the Alliance, and any of his deputies who desire to speak.

Sixth—Any persons invited by vote of the State Alliance to address it will have an opportunity to do so.

The addresses will be divided up among the two or more open evening sessions of the alliance. It is also suggested that one evening be given to a public discussion of the interests of the farmers, by members of the alliance and others, speeches to be limited to ten or fifteen minutes each, so as to give a large number opportunity to participate. It is expected that open evening sessions will prove a pleasant and profitable part of the alliance meeting.

Signed, GEO. W. SPRAGUE, Pres.,
and Members of the Committee.
Attest, GEO. W. HAIGH, Sec.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock

—OF—

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

FOSSTON, Feb. 14th 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—Fosston Farmers' Alliance was organized January 25th, and application was sent for a charter which came bearing No. 666. The next meeting we had Feb. 8th and completed our organization. President, Hans C. Sampson; Vice President, Ole Nilson; Secretary, S. Kjolhaug; Treasurer, M. E. Randklev. The alliance has 63 members, we propose to have 100 members before spring.

Respectfully,
S. KJOLHAUG, Sec.

Farmers' Economy.

Farm, Stock and Home.

"If a farmer would be satisfied to live as cheaply as he did forty years ago his profits would be very large." This is a literal translation from an agricultural (?) writer. The inference is that because the farmer does not live as he did forty years ago he should blame none but himself for his non-success. Putting the farmer back forty years is equivalent to putting him back 100 years, for there was but little difference in the modes of living and doing during the intervening sixty years. But the dark ages, the back-breaking ages, the ox team, stage coach and log hut ages were good enough for farmers! Let them stay there and live as did their grandfathers, then they can make money enough to enable the more favored mortals of earth to bask in the improvements, ease, joy, beauty and light of this the twilight of the nineteenth century! Will the daft writers on farmers' economy please tell us what the condition of other kinds of business would be if farmers "lived as they did forty years ago?" The trouble is not that farmers spend too much money; they don't have it to spend, more's the pity! If every farmer in the land could annually spend fifty dollars more than he now does to make himself and family more comfortable, it would create a business "boom" in this country that would culminate in one broad, universal, national smile; and the smile would stay, too. The apologists for our present economic system would like to make farmer extravagance responsible for agricultural depression. But if farmers could make money by not spending a cent, what would become of stores, factories, railroads, towns and cities? It is idiotic to condemn farmers for spending too much money; we should strive to so arrange it that they might have much more to spend.

Don't Talk About It.

Farm, Stock and Home.

From Maine to California, from Minnesota to Florida, the question is being discussed, What ails agriculture, and what can we do for it? Not alone agricultural, but political, religious and family papers are discussing the question; and ministers, lawyers and doctors are also at it. Gentlemen, it is time to call a halt. Your course is demoralizing; you are discouraging farmers! You must not admit that anything is wrong; must not admit that farmers are hard up, that they are making no money. Your course is suicidal. Give the farmers some more chloroform of hope; assuage their aches by liberal doses of nobility and grandeur of farming as an avocation; apply lotions of "better methods;" give them larger pills of "economy;" smilingly tell them that longer hours, harder work, and a more liberal diet of wind will fetch them out all right? but, for heaven's sake, don't tell them the truth!

Our New Clubbing Offer.

We are pleased to announce that we have made arrangements with the St. Paul Daily News whereby we can offer that enterprising sheet for only 25 cents advance over our former offer. Thus, for new subscribers and

TWO DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS

we will send the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The St. Paul Daily News for one year. We are prepared to make liberal inducements to all in arreais. Call early as this offer is subject to withdrawal at an early date.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., FEBRUARY 20, 1890.

VALID REASONS.

(Communicated.)

The National Religious Liberty Association has issued a leaflet in which is announced the following

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

We believe in the religion taught by Jesus Christ.

We believe in temperance, and regard the liquor traffic as a curse to society.

We believe in supporting the civil government and submitting to its authority.

We deny the right of any civil government to legislate on religious questions.

We believe it is the right, and should be the privilege, of every man to worship according to the dictates of his own conscience.

We also believe it to be our duty to use every lawful and honorable means to prevent religious legislation by the civil government; that we and our fellow-citizens may enjoy the inestimable blessings of both religious and civil liberty.

It also enumerates the following reasons for signing the petition against religious legislation:

1. Because we believe in religious liberty.
2. Because we believe religious legislation to be opposed to religious liberty.
3. Because we are opposed to the enforcement of religious institutions and rights by law.
4. Because there is at the present time an organized effort to secure religious legislation.
5. Because we consider the proposed national Sunday law, and the educational amendment which provides for the teaching of the principles of Christianity in the public schools, to be steps toward the union of church and state.
6. Because the present movement towards a union of church and state will, if successful, open the flood-gates of religious legislation, bigotry and intolerance.
7. Because religious legislation leaves religious faith to the decision of the majority; but the majority has no right to decide the religious faith, and bind the conscience of the minority.
8. Because freedom is essentially the right to differ, and that right should be sacredly respected.
9. Because the petition is in harmony with the constitution, the first amendment of which says: "Congress shall make no law respecting the establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof."
10. Because the petition is in harmony with the Declaration of Independence, which declares equal rights and liberties for all men.
11. Because a hundred years of unequaled prosperity attest the wisdom of our forefathers in the establishment of a government in which church and state are entirely separate.
12. Because we desire to have this "land of the free" preserved from the blighting influence of the religious despotism which has cursed the old world.
13. Because we believe religious legislation to be subversive of both civil and religious liberty, and therefore a menace to both the state and the church.
14. Because patriotism impels us to oppose anything which would endanger the prosperity of the government.
15. Because we believe all men are created equal and therefore have the same right that we have to worship God according to the dictates of conscience.
16. Because, in harmony with the Golden Rule, we are willing to grant to others the exercise of the same rights which we claim for ourselves.

IRA D. BLANCHARD.

The Tax on Mortgaged Farms.

A correspondent of the Morris Sun has some thoughts upon a very important subject, viz: that while merchants, bankers, etc., are allowed to deduct their debts from their assets in listing their property subject to taxation, the farmer alone has to pay taxes on his debts:

And this case of mine represents but one of a thousand similar cases all over the State of Minnesota. As it is estimated the state, principally farming lands, covered by mortgages to the amount of $175,000,000 on which the farmers have to pay a tax on the full assessed valuation of their farms besides. What a swindle? Farmers don't you think it high time that you send some one to the legislature to make laws for you, besides political demagogues? No such law exists in regard to other occupations, as for instance, bankers, merchants, manufacturers; in fact all engaged in other business than that of farming are furnished by the assessor with a blank form to be used for putting down the liabilities which is deducted from the assets, hence nothing but the actual amount owned in the business can be assessed, but a farmer must pay a full tax not only on what he actually owns, but what he owes as well. He pays a full assessed valuation of his farm and if it is mortgaged for all it is worth he pays a tax on it as though it was free. He pays a tax on a cow valued at $12 worth in the market $10; he pays a tax on an old scrub of a horse valued at $50, sold in the market from $20 to $25; he pays a tax on an old harvester valued at $100, not worth as much as a cord of wood.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

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AND
REMEMBER!

FOR THE LADIES!

$3 Hand Embroiderer

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To every person subscribing to the WEEKLY PIONEER PRESS for one year and sending us $1.30. Full directions go free with every machine.

STILL ANOTHER PROPOSITION!

We will send free to every yearly subscriber to the WEEKLY PIONEER PRESS, who will send us $1.30, a set of the

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In Twelve Large Numbers.

The twelve numbers contain the following world-famous works, each one of which is published COMPLETE, UNCHANGED AND ABSOLUTELY UNABRIDGED:

David Copperfield, Our Mutual Friend,
Nicholas Nickelby, Dombey and Son,
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Barnaby Rudge and Christmas Stories,
A Tale of Two Cities,
The Old Curiosity Shop and The Uncommercial Traveler.

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To every person who will send us 50 Cents for a 6 Months' subscription to the WEEKLY PIONEER PRESS, we will mail FREE a magnificent picture,

"The Horse Fair!"

By Rosa Bonheur, size 20x34 inches.

These are the greatest offers ever made by any newspaper.

Address

The Weekly Pioneer Press,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Wilkinson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 13th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Owen Owens to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 12th day of August A. D. 1886 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October A. D. 1886, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book "28" of mortgages, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18, and

Whereas said Owen Owens failed, neglected and refused to keep the buildings on the premises, herein described, insured as in said mortgage provided for, and

Whereas said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company was compelled to and did pay the sum of six and 80-100 dollars ($6.80) insurance thereon, and

Whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest and insurance upon the lot in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: upon lot one (1) block twenty-four (24,) four hundred twenty-eight and 72-100 dollars ($428.72,) and

Whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot one (1) in block twenty-four (24) of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and insurance, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 11th A. D. 1890.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY, Mortgagee.

George H. Taylor,
Att'y for Mortgagee. [42-49] c578

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

WHEREAS OZIAS LEVECK AND EMIRE Leveck, his wife, as mortgagors did on the ninth day of July A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the seventh day of July A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section nineteen (19,) in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of one hundred and ninety-four and forty one hundredths dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in six annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the tenth day of July A. D. 1888, at two o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "36" of mortgages on pages 294 to 296 inclusive,

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received on the eighth day of October A. D. 1888, duly assign the aforesaid, note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged and was thereafter on the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "48" of mortgages on page 224,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars ($36,) due as the second installment on said note on on the first day of December A. D. 1889, and said sum is still unpaid and due, and whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party,

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option, to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and eighty and twentyfour one hundredths dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with the taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated December 13th A. D. 1889.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS,
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee.
[40-46] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($122.72,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ambrose Goodboe and Louise Goodboe, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the second day of April A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "35" of mortgages, on page 63.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date thereof, the sum of nine hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($922.72,) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section thirteen (13,) and east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) Section fourteen (14) Town one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty three (43) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of ninety-five dollars ($95.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Olivier Meunier (widower) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1887, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock p. m, in book 34 of mortgages, on page 323.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date hereof the sum of one thousand ninety-five dollars ($1,095): and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼) of Section seven (7) Town one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated, January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

M. M. VAN DYKE.
Physician and Surgeon,
Office corner of Main and Second Streets,
CROOKSTON. - - - MINNESOTA

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($81.54,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Roberge and Vitoline Roberge his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the 1st day of May A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of May A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book "36" of mortgages, on page 183.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($881.54,) and whereas the said power has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ of se¼) and the south half of the southwest quarter (s½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10,) Town one hundred and fifty-one (151,) Range forty-five (45) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. 42-48]

NEW MEAT MARKET

At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,

SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.

Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.

SANDS BRO'S, MAIN STREET.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - - Crookston, Minn.

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceries and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

We Have Just Received
ONE CARLOAD OF
FARM IMPLEMENTS,
CONSISTING OF
J. I. C. Wagons & Little Giant Gang Plows.

These we will sell at a Close Margin, and we hope to see our friends call at once and get bargains. The balance of our BUGGIES we will dispose of AT COST. We still continue to sell the only perfect Seed Separator, the Renowned Centennial FANNING MILL. Farmers who intend to get best grade for their wheat must necessarily procure The Shaker POTATO DIGGER does its work thoroughly and leaves the potatoes clean upon the ground. We want every Farmer to have one.

McKINNON BROS.,
McKINNON BLOCK, - - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person.

THE
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry.
IS THE
DIRECT AND POPULAR LINE
TO PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
MINNESOTA, DAKOTA,
MONTANA
Also to St. Paul & Minneapolis.
FOR ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.
THE ONLY LINE RUNNING TO THE THREE GREAT CITIES OF MONTANA,
GREAT FALLS,
HELENA AND
BUTTE.

Their "Montana Express" will be put in service November 10th, with a Train Equipment unexcelled, furnishing Splendid Day Coaches Palace Sleepers, Free Colonist Sleepers and Superb Dining Cars of latest design.

"Manitoba-Pacific Route"
To Puget Sound Points.
Affords Cheaper Rates than via any other.
Fast Time, Comfort, Courteous Attention.

LAND This Company has for sale in Minnesota 2,000,000 acres of Excellent Farming, Grazing and Timber Lands, at very low prices and on favorable terms.

For Maps, and general information inquire of your own Ticket Agent, or

J. BOOKWALTER, Land Com'r.
F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn
A. MANVEL, V. P. & G. M.
W. S. ALEXANDER, G. T. M

W. A. ROBERTSON.
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 30th 1890.]

WHEREAS CHRISTIAN N. SATHRE AND Ragnhild Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, as mortgagors, did on the second day of November A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the second day of November A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee, the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter, and the north half of the northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section fifteen (15,) in township one hundred and forty-nine (149,) of range forty-six (46) and containing two hundred acres, to secure the payment of two hundred and sixty-three and 36-100 dollars according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in ten semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the third day of November A. D. 1885, at four o'clock and fifteen minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "W" of mortgages, on pages 469, 470 and 471,

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, did for value received on the tenth day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson and McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing, under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 23d day of April A. D. 1889, at two o'clock and twenty minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "46" of mortgages, on pages 166 and 167,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100) due as the sixth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the seventh installment of said note, on the first day of July A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100.) due as the eighth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1890, and all of said sums are still due and unpaid, and whereas it was stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable, without notice to said mortgagors or any other party,

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option to consider and declare and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 24th A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb,
Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee. [41-47]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 9th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred seventy and 60-100 dollars ($570.60) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christ L. Putten and Inge M. Putten his wife as mortgagors to The New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July A. D. 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of July A. D. 1884, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book "R" of mortgages, on pages 252 to 255 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section ten (10,) Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec 31st A. D. 1889.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagee,
[38-44] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m, in book 35 of mortgages, on page 335 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97 100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty three (43) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($235.69.) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles Richard and Mary Richard, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of February A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1888, at 4:10 o'clock p. m., in book "33" of mortgages, on page 616.

And whereas, said mortgagee, now the holder thereof, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of sixteen hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($1635 69,) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two (32,) Township one hundred and fifty (150.) Range forty five (45,) in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred eighty and 70 100 dollars, ($280.70,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Jarvis and Annie Jarvis, his wife, as mortgagors, to Marcus Johnson and A. D. Stephens, as mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of March A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "V" of mortgages, on page 324, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the northwest quarter of Section twenty-nine (29,) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north of Range [illegible] west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 6th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 8th A. D. 1890.

MARCUS JOHNSON AND A. D. STEPHENS, Mortgagees.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagees, Crookston, Minn.
[40-46]

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Johnson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'sr
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly attended to. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at a low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business intrusted to us.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

D. H. BATES,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS
ALSO
FARM MACHINERY
AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS!
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.
D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, - - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 27, 1890. NO. 45

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents. If paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	13 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

RESOLUTIONS

Adopted at a Meeting of the Mentor Alliance, Held Feb. 15th, 1890.

Whereas, Branches of an association known as "The Merchants' Retail Commercial Agency" of Chicago, Ill., has been organized in Crookston and other towns in Polk County; and

Whereas, Merchants and others belonging to said organization are sending out circulars to farmer debtors who (through a succession of poor crops and the legalized robbery of money loaners and their like,) are unable to pay their debts, requiring them to pay at once or secure the same on penalty of being posted as "dead beats;" and

Whereas, The by-laws of said association forbid, under penalty, any member of the same trusting a delinquent debtor of any other member, thereby destroying their credit; and

Whereas, We believe the producers and wage earners should have SOME of the benefits of their labor, should be allowed to enjoy a few of the comforts of life of which the nabobs have so many; therefore

Resolved, That the members of Mentor Alliance will not trade or deal with any member of said association to the extent of one dollar that can possibly be avoided, and we call on all members of the alliance in Polk County and elsewhere, and all others who may or may not be subject to this humiliation, to denounce this outrage upon a class of honorable citizens who through unfortunate circumstances are not now able to pay their debts; and

Resolved, That it is the duty of alliance men and all wage earners in sympathy with them throughout the state, to lay aside partisan prejudice and this year elect a Legislature that will repeal and enact, and a Governor that will execute laws that will free us from the grasp of extortionists.

Resolved, That the foregoing be published in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and The Great West.

GEO. H. TRIPP, Sec.

SLETTEN P. O., Minn., Feb. 15, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—A meeting of farmers was held on Monday last in the east school house, in the town of Badger, for the purpose of organizing a farmers' alliance and to discuss the interests of the farmers. C. O. Welnest was elected chairman, and Oscar Daveny, secretary of the meeting. After considerable debate all the farmers that were present decided to join the alliance, and officers were elected. Several speeches were made, going to show the great wrongs inflicted upon farmers by monopolies. A collection was taken up which brought in something over two dollars. The meeting adjourned to meet again on Monday afternoon next, at the residence of Hans Nork, at 1 o'clock p. m.

OSCAR DOVENY, Secretary.

CAN'T SELL THE GRAIN.

A Supreme Court Decision of Interest to Farmers and Elevator Men.

Minneapolis Journal, Feb. 19th.

The supreme court in St. Paul yesterday decided the case of Geo. W. Hall, respondent, vs. Geo. A. Pillsbury, et al, appellant, affirming the order of the lower court. This establishes the ruling that an elevator man cannot pass title to grain which may have been deposited with him for safe keeping. G. W. Ehle & Co. were the proprietors of an elevator at Stewart, on the H. & D. railroad. Hall was one of some fifteen people to store grain in the elevator, taking the usual receipt. Later on the elevator men sold this grain to the Pillsburys, claiming that when the grain had been deposited with them the title also passed, giving them the right to dispose of it. The supreme court says that while it is impossible for the owners of the grain to regain the identical grain deposited, yet that the elevator men were simply bailees, and under no circumstances could they dispose of it—that is, that they must keep that amount in store, subject to the orders of the depositors.

But He Will Not.

Battle Lake Review: It is said that a number of G. A. R. men are working up a case against Warden Randall, of the Stillwater prison. They want him bounced because he has dismissed several old soldiers from positions in that institution. If the charges are true, and Warden Randall has been discriminating against the G. A. R. boys, Gov. Merriam should remove him at once.

Professor John Henry Comstock, the eminent naturalist, begins in the New York Ledger of March 1, a series of six articles on the study of insects, in which he describes, not only those insects which are useful to the farmer, but also, those which destroy entire fields of grain, cotton and rice, and ravage orchards, gardens and vineyards. He demonstrates how it was scientifically determined that an average annual loss of $80,000,000 has been occasioned in the south by the cotton-worm alone; and that an average loss per year, of nearly $2,400,000, has been brought about in the apple crop of Illinois by the ravages of the codlin moth. The series is profusely illustrated.

Warren Register: Judge J. P. Nelson lost his handsome residence in Passadena, Cal., on the 31st of last month, by fire. The fire started in the attic, and had already gained such a headway when discovered that nothing could be done to check the progress of the flames; consequently the building was entirely destroyed.

St. Paul Daily News: Senator Washburn seems to continue to find places for his friends, the latest selection being a consulship for F. A. Husher. Mr. Husher was a member of the last legislature from Hennepin county and of course an ardent supporter of the junior Senator. Shortly after the adjournment of the Legislature he failed in the publication of the newspaper he was engaged in at Minneapolis and that failure developed that Senator Washburn held his note for $5,000. Whether there is any connection between his vote for Senator, the note and the consulship, we are unable to say, but Husher has the consulship and Maj. Newson is still out in the cold.

Barnesville Review: Alvah Eastman, of the Anoka Herald, is looking up moonshiners down in Kentucky and here is what he writes home: "At the next station I chartered a team and driver and went across the country to Mayfield. We started Thursday noon, and we reached Mayfield Saturday after dinner, a distance of fifty miles in two days' driving. Mud—there wasn't anything else, except bridges, and I counted over thirty in twenty miles. I don't blame the natives for voting the democratic ticket. I would not blame them for doing anything they wanted to. A man who lives in such a God forsaken country is entitled to all the privileges the law would deprive him of. The houses are nearly all built of logs shingled with mud and some of them have no windows. The only light they can get must be through the open door. I don't believe there is a house in the three counties that I passed through that contained a bit of plastering. I visited several of the best houses on the road, and the partitions were made with unmatched boards. If the thermometer should get down to zero the whole country would be frozen to death and I am constantly praying for a cold wave."

Wheat Shipping.

Correspondence Farm, Stock and Home.

I want to emphasize what you say in your issue of Jan. 1st, "The rights of farmers to make direct shipments of wheat should not be surrendered." Several cars of wheat have been shipped from our station, and the state weights and grades on same were perfectly satisfactory to the farmers who shipped. I have shipped none myself, but I am sure that the opportunity to ship has been worth to me $10 or more on the few loads I have marketed. Grain grades better here since some commenced to ship direct! Our difficulty is entirely with local grading, and the trouble will never be settled till the grade of wheat is fixed by disinterested parties. At present the buyer grades the wheat in the country markets. The producer must take the best he can get, and seldom has the benefit of competition. Our state system of inspection should be extended instead of being abolished. Would it not be practicable for farmers to combine and build warehouses, and have the state furnish an inspector to grade and weigh? Such a warehouse would be truly public, and one or two of them in a county would fix the grades and compel all the houses to do a fair business or close up.

Our local buyers claim to give the best possible grades for wheat, but all shippers I have spoken with report the state grades better, and in two cases less dockage, besides a better grade. Where farmers are too poor to build warehouses, would it not be a legitimate part of railroad business to build such houses for state inspection, or to aid farmers to build them? The local elevator is a necessity for handling the main crop of wheat, and if the grain is to be shipped, bought and sold on grades, the grading should be, and in justice must be, entirely separate from and independent of buying, selling, raising, or carrying it. The buyer now grades our wheat in local markets. Some disinterested system of grading in country elevators must be established before we can have peace with justice.

Polk Co., Minn. C. E. SOUTHMAYD.

Desperate Nebraska.

The Western Rural

The farmers of Nebraska are becoming aroused as they see their hard labor for the production of the necessaries of life unremunerated, while the carrying companies of the country are growing richer day by day. The country has reason for devout gratitude that the millions of our farmers who are to-day suffering adversity as scarcely no other class of industrial people ever have, are the naturally patient people and helpful people that our farmers are. Place any other laboring class under similar conditions, and there would be an actual outbreak. But the farmer is peaceful and loyal to law and government. His patience, however, is not an evidence of stupidity. He knows that when he has corn to sell and the world wants that corn, the railroad should not be allowed to step in and assess the producer for the transportation of his product to a degree that leaves a balance insufficient to cover the cost of production. It is said that the farmers of Illinois will actually lose $10,000,000 on last year's corn crop. Yet there is not a railroad in Illinois that is not making money. This will give some indication of what Nebraska, which is five hundred miles further away from Chicago, must suffer in the way of loss. The western roads are even more grasping than the eastern roads, although most of the former have been built with government aid and have grown rich from the products of the farmer's toil. It is claimed, too, and it is probably true, that the roads are charging from eight to ten per cent per hundred more for carrying grain than they did a few years ago. Under such circumstances it is not to be wondered at that the farmers of Nebraska are becoming desperate and are making demands for justice in tones that will command attention.

The governor and the railroad commission of the state are speaking for the farmers. They are appealing for a reduction of through rates, to the managers of our railroads. Governor Thayer demands a reduction of five per cent per hundred. But the farmers, as a whole, seem to think that this is not sufficient. Ten per cent is spoken of as being more in accordance with justice. Last week the governor and the board of railroad commissioners were in Chicago to consult with the railroad authorities. The Rural has no hesitancy in saying the cut should not be less than ten per cent. But we have little hope that the governor and railroad commissioners will accomplish much of permanent value. The board can reduce the rates within the state, but it cannot go beyond the state; but the law, as it would likely be interpreted by the courts, will not, in all probability, permit the board to reduce the rates as low as they should be. The law provides that the board shall not make unreasonable rates, and if it should reduce them so that they would leave but a small profit, or no profit at all, it is likely that the courts would not sustain the cut. Yet it is possible that real justice may demand that the rates be placed so low that no profit at all will be yielded. Why not? The railroad has been more profitable than any other industry in the country. More fortunes and greater ones, have been made from railroading than from anything else. If any prominent road should be operated at a dead loss for the next two years, the roads would still have a splendid sum on the credit side of the ledger. Railroad capital is no more sacred than farm capital. Why then should it be permitted to charge rates that will yield a profit, upon grain that the farmer produces at a loss? Justice is justice. This journal has always maintained that when business was depressed and nobody was making money outside of railroad circles, the railroad should not be permitted to make money. It is not equality before the law to permit the roads to do a profitable business, when no other business is profitable.

But the railroad managers will never voluntarily consent to give up their profits for a season and will never even be satisfied with a meager profit. Nothing but rigid legislation can bring about equitable relations between the roads and the farmer. It is to aid in securing just such legislation that The Rural has been urging the holding of a convention, composed of delegates from all the farmers' organizations, that we may unite our strength in a grand confederation of societies. With sufficient push the farmers of Nebraska will likely receive some concessions, but let them and all of us combine together for securing absolute justice.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Notice.

Anyone desiring to settle their account with me during my absence can call on G. W. Lewis.

[44-tf] DR. M. VAN DYKE.

SEED WHEAT.

Farmers desiring Pure Velvet Chaff Blue Stem Seed Wheat, call on or address, F. BIVINS,

[43-tf] Cookston, Minn.

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Pateron & Lilly. [52-tf]

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property.

[18-tf]

Wanted.

To sell immediately. My dwelling house and lot in Crookston.

[39-tf] J. W. LILLY.

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

JUST FOR FUN,

AND TO KEEP BUSINESS LIVELY,

I Propose to Give Away

FOR A VERY LITTLE CASH,

A Few Lots in Jerome's Addition

At about the cost of transfer, viz:

Lots 9 and 10, in blk. 16; lots 11 and 12, in blk. 16; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 20; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 20; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 21; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 21; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 22; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 22; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 25; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 25; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 32; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 32; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 32; lots 23 and 24, in blk. 33, and lots 25 and 26, in blk. 33,

AT $13 EACH OR $26 A PAIR.

Thus you will observe the purchaser gets a fifty foot front lot for only $26; or if you prefer, you can purchase four lots for $52, making 100 feet front.

☞ Now is your chance. THIS OFFER WILL REMAIN OPEN ONLY SIXTY DAYS. Apply to

M. R BROWN.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:06 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:10 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	8:02 "
1:35 p. m	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:30 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., Jan. 29th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 12th, 1890, viz: ANDREW S. AMUNDSON, H'd 1847, for the e½ sw¼ and w½ se¼, S. 26, T. 149 R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gulbran Pederson Brasten, John Olson Secter, Torr Johnson and Andrew A. Bakken, all of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

THE NEW CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK,

MONEY

On Real Estaee.

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET. —

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

I RING THE FIRST BELL!

To Announce the Opening of my New

Spring Stock!

AND INVITE YOU TO CALL

And Inspect my NEW LINES OF

☞ CHOICE NOVELTIES. ☜

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc, Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,

ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT —OF— NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long	$4.00
" " Striped " " "	6 00
" " " " " "	7 00
" " Striped or Plaid " " "	8.00
" " " " " "	9.00
" " Black or Brown " " "	10.00
" " " " " "	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., FEBRUARY 27, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	61.
No. 1 Northern	59.
No. 2 "	54.
No. 3 "	48.
Rejected	

'Round Home.

Old winter seems to die hard.

Eh? Who said that summer had come?

E. D. Childs went below on Tuesday evening.

It is cold weather when we pay personal taxes. (We paid this week.)

Judge Mills will be in the city on Tuesday March 11th to hold court a few days.

O. L. Larson was down from Fosston last week on his way to his old stamping grounds in Becker County.

Mr. and Mrs. Rosenthal gave a very pleasant cinch party to a number of their friends on Monday evening.

Simon Kjelhaug, secretary of Fosston Farmers' Alliance was in the city last week greeting his many friends.

Mrs. Walter Alexander entertained her lady friends very pleasantly at a 5 o'clock tea on Wednesday evening.

Harry Attix and son went up to Mentor on Saturday to pay the folks a farewell visit before going to Colorado

Col. O. V. Davis returned from Thief River last Wednesday with the moose purchased there for his Dakota menagerie.

J. B. Bren, J. W. Bren and Frank Cernousek were down from Tabor last week. J. B. was on his way to St. Paul for a week's visit.

Will Van Dyke was in the city last week enroute to Tacoma. We wish him worlds of luck out there and a safe and speedy return to civilization.

Mayor J. W. Lilly left on Monday evening for his old home at Warrau, Ky., where he will visit for awhile before going to Louisville, Ky., to engage in business.

THE JOURNAL is informed that the store of Grifthen & Estenson at Neby, was burned to the ground early this week, resulting in a total loss to the proprietors.

Don't forget the Farmers' Institute on Wednesday March 12th. Bring along a sample of your wheat if you have any doubts as to its quality for seed, and have Prof. Harper test its capacity

Charlie Westler, a former Crookstonite was in the city this week for the first time in three years. He says he finds some improvements but would like to find some more. Thinks Crookston has a grand future.

County Att'y Williams wants to buy a good watch dog to keep the East Grand Forkers from waking him up at all hours of the night to attend to cases. The fiercer the dog the more money he will pay for him.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Treasurer Lucken and a corps of efficient clerks were kept busy this week raking in the dollars of our daddies on personal taxes. Cows assessed at $10 by county assessors, raised to $15 by the elegant State Board and sold last fall for from $5 to $7 per head! How's that for equality (?) in taxation and prosperity (?) for farmers. Will we get a proportionate rake off next year?

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

H. H. Thorson, was in from Roome on Wednesday and confirms the report of the burning of the store of Grifthen & Estenson at Neby. He lives within three miles of Neby which is his postoffice, and says that the destruction was almost total including the postoffice. But very little merchandise was saved. Messrs. G. & E. had insured their property but it is said to be questionable whether they can realize anything on it owing to a neglect to fulfill all of the conditions of the policy.

Elsewhere appears a set of resolutions, passed by Mentor Alliance in relation to the Merchants Retail Commercial Agency. We do not know the circumstances in the case which called them forth but from what we do know of that Agency its object is not to occasion distress to any well meaning debtor but to reach a class who never make any pretense of paying an honest bill when they can by any means avoid it.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Mrs. H. H. Dickmann, wife of Register Dickmann of the U. S. Land Office died at the family residence on Houston Avenue on Saturday afternoon aged 51. The funeral services were held at the house at 4 o'clock on Sunday and the remains were taken to the old home in Wabasha County for interment. Mrs. Dickmann had been a sufferer for some time and returned home a few days since from a trip below for her health. She leaves her husband and five children to mourn the loss of an excellent wife and a loving mother.

We took a trip to McIntosh on Saturday last and met many of the farmers of King who were considering the question of forming an alliance. As their meeting had been called for three p. m., and we were obliged to leave one hours before that we did not have the pleasure of seeing all of them but we met a number who decided to organize an alliance and signed a petition for a charter. The meeting was the adjourned until Saturday March 15th immediately after the arrival of the morning train from Crookston. We took dinner at the Labrie House and sampled some bread made of the flour from Jenson's new mill and—. Yum, yum! If you want nicer flour you are hard to suit. Well it was as nice bread as we desire and if they are going to turn out that kind all the time they deserve to make money from the start and will no doubt.

Let 'em Come.

We are deluged with communications this week and the result is that some will have to wait until next issue as we have not time to set them for this, although we have "boiled down" some of them. But let 'em come. They are interesting. We want short, crisp letters giving the news from each alliance at every meeting.

T. B. Walker has written a letter to Mayor Lilly in which he deprecates the idea of establishing another mill at this place, and the letter contains a covert threat of the removal of his mill if we encourage the enterprise. Our citizens gave him a magnificent bonus to come and if they did not so arrange it that if he should get huffy and go away he would have to return the property that's where they made a foolish bargain and they should look out for this point in the future. The idea that Mr. Walker or any other one man can cut all of the lumber on the Red Lake Reservation, or can supply the millions of feet that will be needed to build up this country is, to us, absurd and we have an idea that many mills the size of his will be required. We think his bluff will be estimated at its true value and that our citizens will act for their own best interests by securing as many mills as possible.

John Kops was over from Grand Forks last week and took a run up to Mentor on Saturday.

$100,000 to loan.
JOHN McLEAN.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

An important session of the Minnesota State Farmers' Institute will be held in this city on Wednesday, March 12th, 1890, commencing at 9 a. m. Prof. D. N. Harper, State Chemist, will be in attendance with samples of frozen, frosted and blighted wheats, from the crops of '88; also the products of such seed, and will explain the effect of frost and blight on our wheat. He will be prepared also to tell by samples brought to him whether the wheat is fit for seed or not, and he is desirous that every farmer who has damaged wheat that he thinks of sowing should bring along a sample of it for analysis. This is an opportunity that no farmer should neglect, as by it you can positively ascertain whether your wheat is fit for seed or not. The institute will be held as follows:

In Warren, Marshall Co, Monday, March 10th.

In Stephen, Marshall Co., Tuesday, March 11th.

In Crookston, Polk Co., Wednesday, March 12th.

In Hallock, Kittson Co., Thursday, March 13th.

In St. Vincent, Kittson Co., Friday afternoon, March 14th, and Saturday forenoon, March 15th.

As this is a question of vital importance to farmers, every man who is in doubt as to the value of his wheat for seed should attend this institute and have his wheat analyzed. We have received the following letter from the Governor on the subject. We omit the report of Prof. Harper as it is a very long one, and would require several columns to contain it all, and he will be here himself to explain all it contains, which is better:

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Executive Department,
St. Paul, Feb. 20, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: The question as to the proper kind of wheat to be used for seeding purposes by our wheat-raisers, especially in the Red River Valley, where the crops were so poor in 1888, is of such vital importance to the farmers of our state, that I deemed it advisable to have the matter investigated and, if possible, devise some means to bring it to the attention of our wheat producers. With this end in view, I communicated with Prof. D. N. Harper, State Chemist at the Experiment Station, and requested him to furnish me with an official report upon this subject. Prof. Harper has given the subject very careful study, has made frequent trips to the Red River Valley in its interest, and from his long and practical experience with such matters is fully equipped to deal understandingly with the question. In accordance with my request he has kindly furnished me with a report of his observations and experiments made during the past season in this district. From this report it will be observed that the conditions affecting the wheat in 1888 varied greatly in different sections, and gave rise to entirely different results. In Polk, Marshall and Kittson Counties there resulted much FROSTED and FROZEN wheat. Wheat was injured by RUST in all sections of the Valley more or less. Only those localities on the eastern sandy border, many on the western river border, and isolated districts in the central prairie lands escaped. In commenting upon the different grades of poor wheat, and the results of seeding the same, it will be noted that RUSTED and FROSTED or BLISTERED wheats are poor for milling, but if THOROUGHLY CLEANED are safe to use for seed. FROZEN wheat if seeded cannot produce a good crop, and is UTTERLY WORTHLESS for milling. Much BLEACHED wheat resulted from the extraordinary number of rains after harvest and before threshing. This wheat is also poor for milling, but like rusted and frosted wheat is safe to use for seed if THOROUGHLY CLEANED. This report is accompanied by samples of wheat, which have been collected in this district, together with an analysis of the same, and it seems to me that the results of his examinations are not only worthy of serious consideration, but prove conclusively the necessity of using good wheat for seeding purposes. Our wheat-raisers should be impressed with the importance of thoroughly acquainting themselves with a subject which seems to me, if carried out, would materially increase the value of our best wheats and bring all to a higher level. I therefore have the honor of enclosing to you herewith a copy of Prof. Harper's report, and beg leave to request of you the favor of causing it to be published in your valuable newspaper, or, if you have not the space to spare, to give such a general outline of the same as seems to you most desirable for your locality. By doing this I am confident it will result in much good, and we will all get great value to all the interests affected by wheat raising. The samples of the wheat referred to in the report will be forwarded to you by express from St. Anthony Park, Minn.

Yours respectfully,
W. R. MERRIAM,
Governor.

Crookston Alliance, No. 698.

Met at 2 p. m. on Friday, in City Hall. Committee on room reported that the council tendered this alliance free use of council-room for our meetings. A rising vote of thanks was tendered the council. Committee on By-laws presented report and the by-laws were considered section by section, and as amended were adopted as follows:

SECTION 1. This Alliance shall be known as the "Crookston Alliance No. 648." Its membership shall consist only of farmers who are residents of this community, and who are actually cultivating or supervising the cultivation of lands.

SEC. 2. The objects of this society are the advancement of agriculture, and promoting the prosperity of those engaged in agricultural pursuits; and to seek through concert of action to relieve its members of so much of the burdens incident to their calling as may lie within the powers conferred by the constitution.

SEC. 3. The officers of this alliance shall be a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer.

DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the President to open and preside at all meetings of the alliance; to decide all cases of law and usage; to see that the rules are faithfully enforced; to have a general oversight of the interests of the alliance; to call special meetings as provided for in Sec. 18; to sign all orders on the Treasurer; and to perform such other duties as the good of the order may require.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the Vice-President to preside over the meetings during the absence of the President; to assist the President in preserving order; and in case of a vacancy in the office of President, he shall fill the same until the next annual meeting.

SEC. 6. The Secretary shall keep an accurate account of the proceedings of each meeting, including the reports of committees, and enter them in proper form in a book of records, kept for this special purpose; make out and forward all necessary returns to the State Alliance; keep an account of the alliance with each member, and pay all moneys received to the treasurer as often as every thirty days, taking his receipt therefor; he shall keep an accurate register of the names and P. O. address of each member of the alliance; his books shall at all times be open to the inspection of any member in good standing. He shall be paid a salary of $5 00 per term of six months, and all necessary expenses.

SEC. 7. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to receipt for all moneys coming into his hands to the Secretary; to keep an accurate account thereof and to pay it out only on order certified to by the Finance Committee and signed by the Secretary and President.

COMMITTEES.

SEC. 8. The Standing Committees shall be an executive committee; a finance committee, a committee on membership and a ways and means committee.

SEC. 9. The duties of the Executive Committee shall be to exercise a general supervision of the officers of this alliance, to provide for the general welfare of the alliance and to report their proceedings in detail at each meeting of the alliance.

SEC. 10. The duties of the Ways and Means Committee shall be to devise and recommend means of providing funds as the business of the alliance may require; to assist the members in making purchases for their individual needs as they may request, and such other duties as the alliance shall from time to time impose upon them.

SEC. 11. The duties of the Committee on Finance and Membership shall be as provided for in the constitution.

ELECTIONS.

SEC. 12. All election of officers and of members of the Executive Committee shall be by ballot, and the officer chosen shall hold his office until the next election.

SEC. 13. All members of committees except the "Executive" shall be named by the president.

VACANCIES.

SEC. 14. In case of a vacancy in any office or in the executive committee such vacancy may be filled by special election for the unexpired term.

TENURE OF OFFICE.

SEC. 15. All officers and members of the Executive Committee elected at the semi-annual meeting, shall hold their respective offices for six months or until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 16. Each officer of this alliance at the expiration of his term of office, shall deliver to his successor all books, papers, moneys, implements, or property of any kind pertaining to his office.

MEETINGS.

SEC. 17. This alliance shall hold regular semi-annual meetings on the second Monday in January and July of each year, at such hour and place as the alliance shall determine. Also a monthly meeting on the 1st Saturday of each month, at 2 o'clock p. m.; also such special or adjourned meetings as they may see fit.

SEC. 18. Special meetings may be called by the President at his discretion or on the request of three members made in writing to the president.

SEC. 19. At each meeting the regular order of business shall be:

1. Roll call.
2. Reading minutes of last meeting.
3. Reports of committees.
4. Communications.
5. Unfinished business.
6. New business.
7. Good of the order.

SEC. 20. Five members shall constitute a quorum for doing business, although a less number may adjourn a meeting from time to time.

SEC. 21. The rules of debate governing the deliberations of this alliance shall be Cushing's Rules of Order.

SEC. 22. Any person desiring membership in this alliance may apply to the President or Secretary. All applications shall be accompanied by the fee of membership.

SEC. 23. The minimum fees for annual dues shall be one dollar for each member, which shall become due and payable, one-half on the first Saturday of April and one-half on the first Saturday of September, of each year.

SEC. 24. Out of the annual dues collected by the secretary shall be paid the annual dues of this alliance to the State Alliance, the balance to be covered into the treasury for the good of the society.

SEC. 25. Non-payment of dues for thirty days after they become due shall be deemed just cause for striking a member's name from the roll, provided such member shall have first had at least two weeks notice of such delinquency from the secretary.

SEC. 26. All officers of this alliance shall perform their duties free of charge, except the secretary, who shall receive pay as provided for in sec. 6.

SEC. 27. These by-laws may be suspended, altered or amended at any regular meeting of the alliance, by a two-thirds vote of the members present; provided notice of the proposed amendment shall have been given to the alliance at the last preceding meeting.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

LINDSAY, P. O., Feb. 20th 1890.

ED. POLK COUNTY JOURNAL.

Didn't know but you would like to hear from the "Thirteen States" and to show you that the dwellers of the Thirteen Towns don't sleep all of the time but are alive and read THE JOURNAL I have the pleasure to report another link in the chain. A farmers meeting was called at 11 o'clock a. m, the 20th of February in the Hill River school house by C. E. Southmayd, for the purpose of organizing a farmers' alliance. A large number of our farmers assembled and established a sub-alliance with a charter membership of 23. The alliance was named "Hill River Farmers' Alliance." Our next meeting will be held at Lindsay post-office on March 1st. Hope to send a delegate to the state meeting of March 4th.

Yours Truly, FRED.

[Thanks. Will "Fred" please send us the names and P. O. address of the officers, also Alliance No. when it is received. ED. JOURNAL.]

WYLIE, Minn., Feb. 24, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I have often seen reports of the organization of farmers' alliances, and would say that the farmers up here in Black River are doing their best to get organized. We have already got a charter and intend to make as much headway as possible. Our farmers are beginning to see the necessity of sticking together. I am glad to see in your paper so much of importance for the benefit of the farming community. Our officers are as follows: President, Swan Anderson; vice-president, Ole Larson; treasurer, Andrew Swanson; secretary, A. M. Swanson.

A. M. SWANSON.

ONSTAD, Feb. 17, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: Onstad and Russia Alliance, No. 677, met Monday February 17th and elected Orin Simmons, president; Benjamin Gereaux, vice-president; W. A. Marin, secretary and C. O. Espe, treasurer. John J. Urness, Orin Simmons and Benjamin Gereaux were elected delegates to the county alliance, and W. A. Marin delegate to the State Alliance. Meeting adjourned till Monday, Feb. 24th, 1890.

W. A. MARIN, Sec.

Woodside Items.

WOODSIDE, Sept. 24, 1890.

The general salutation in this locality now-a-days is: "For Lord's sake when will we have spring; by gum, I shall have to buy hay pretty soon or else starve my cattle!" &c.

Hay is selling at from four to five dollars a ton.

There was a dance at Mr. Gideon Stoddard's, February 17th. A happy crowd attended, and a pleasant time is reported.

The Woodside Debating Society is prospering nicely and an increased attendance can be noticed at every meeting.

The Woodside farmers met in school Dist. 83 and organized an alliance of 43 members, on Washington's birthday. Then, having done one patriotic deed, they did another by giving three rousing cheers in honor of the day and adjourned to await the arrival of their charter.

FARMER.

WOODSIDE, Feb. 22, 1890.

At a meeting of farmers of the town of Woodside, held in the Woodside school house, Feb. 22d, the meeting was called to order by H. G. Mitchell, after which H. G. Mitchell was chosen temporary president and H. C. Tatro, secretary. Forty-three names were enrolled as charter members. The secretary was instructed to send for a charter. Meeting then adjourned to meet two weeks from date of the meeting, March 8th. H. C. TATRO, Sec.

We wish to inform lou friends, and the public generaly that we are

AGAIN ON DECK THIS SPRING

WITH ALL KINDS OF

FARM MACHINERY,

INCLUDING THE NOW FAMOUS

Dowagiac Shoe Drill.

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

The Thirteen Towns: Mrs. C. Clough, whose serious illness with pneumonia was noted in our last issue, is now slowly recovering and is entirely out of danger.

Seed Grain.

I have for sale a quantity of pure Scotch Fife wheat for seed also some nice barley and a quantity of White English oats of the crop of 1888. Address Mrs. A. E. Helmick, Carman P. O. or call at residence in Andover. [45-tf]

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2 15
Fife	1 85
Skip Jack	1 25

Stock Farm for Sale

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7 tf]

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35 tf]

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [55-tf]

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending February 22d, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Christoferson, Andrew
Eklund, August
Friddund, N. J.
Johnson, Anthony
Morland, Anna.
Neasland, Carrie
Riener, Jo

W. D. DAWLEY, P. M.

DISTRICT COURT, }
POLK COUNTY. }

In the matter of the proceedings of the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad Company to acquire the right of way over and through and the use of certain lands in Polk County, Minnesota:

Notice is hereby given to Stanley Sanford, W. G. Wheeler, John H. Hill, Nichols Shepard and Company, F. T. Day, John H. Van Dyke, The Netherlands American Land Company, Alanson Moore, The Colonial and United States Mortgage Company, Limited, The American Mortgage Company, of Scotland, Limited, Caleb J. Camp, and to all persons, parties or corporations who have, or claim to have, any interest, either as owner, encumbrancer, tenant or otherwise in any of the following described tracts of land, or in any part thereof, to-wit:

The ne¼ of Section 17, in Township 147, Range 41.
The se¼ of Section 8, in Township 147, of Range 44.
The s½ of the nw¼ of Section 8, in Township 147, Range 41.
The se¼ of Section 23, in Township 148, Range 45.
The sw¼ of Section 23 in Township 148, of Range 45.
The se¼ of Section 6, in Township 148, of Range 45.
The sw¼ of Section 20, in Township 149, of Range 45.
The ne¼ of Section 9, in Township 113, of Range 46.
The ne¼ of Section 8, in Township 148, of Range 46.
The sw¼ of Section 21, in Township 148, of Range 45

All of said lands being in Polk County, Minnesota, and portions of each of said tracts have been taken by said Railroad Company for railroad purposes, that the undersigned, commissioners appointed in the above entitled proceedings by order of said court, on September 14th, 1889, to examine said lands and to estimate, appraise, and award to the owners, and to all persons interested in said lands, or any part thereof the damages caused by the taking or injuriously affecting said lands as proposed in the petition herein, have met and made such examination and awarded damages and made their report as required by the statute, and that such report was filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for Polk County, Minnesota, on September 20th, 1889, and so remains on file.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 20th, 1889.

W. F. ZWICKEY,
C. H. HOLMES, } Commissioners.
M. C. MALONE.

DE FOREST BUCKLEN,
Attorney for the Petitioner. [15-47]

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—OF—

The Red River Valley College Association.

Know all men by these presents, That we, the undersigned, Lars K. Anker, Andreas Oefstedal, C. Saugstad, G. A. Larson, H. Ostgulen, Halvard Roalkvam, C. O. Christianson, Andrew Grindeland, Arne P. Haugen, H. H. Anker, J. H. Locken, Knudt Knudtson, Jr., A. Holmboe, Ole K. Laknes, O. L. Hamery, A. Halvorson, E. N. Swiggum, A. Knudson, Nels Muus, Ole Serumsgard, do hereby associate ourselves together for the purpose of becoming incorporated under the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota, and for that purpose do hereby agree to and sign the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation is, and shall be, "The Red River Valley College Association."

ARTICLE II.

The general purpose of said corporation is, and shall be, to procure necessary grounds and erect suitable buildings thereon, and establish and maintain, in its corporate capacity, an institution of learning, at some point in the Red River Valley of the North, to be hereafter determined upon and selected by said corporation.

ARTICLE III.

The principal office, and place of transacting the business of said corporation shall be at the city of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE IV.

There shall be no terms or requirements for admission to membership of said corporation, except that the applicant for admission shall be a member in good standing of some Lutheran congregation, and such further terms and requirements as may hereafter be adopted at any annual or special meeting of said corporation.

A majority vote of all members present and voting, at any legally called meeting of said corporation, shall be required for the election of new members.

ARTICLE V.

There shall be no capital stock of said corporation; but its business shall be carried on by voluntary contributions, and by the collection of such tuition fees as shall, from time to time, be fixed and determined by the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE VI.

The officers of said corporation shall be, a president, a vice president, a secretary, a treasurer, and three trustees, who shall be elected annually from the members of said corporation and hold office until their successors are elected and qualified.

The president and secretary shall be ex-officio members of the Board of Trustees of said corporation.

The first officers of said corporation shall be the following named persons, to-wit:

Lars K. Aaker, of Crookston, Minn., President.

E. N. Swiggum, of Grand Forks, N. Dakota, Vice-President.

C. Saugstad, of Crookston, Minn., Secretary.

Ole Serumsgard, of Devil's Lake, N. Dakota, Treasurer.

Halvord Roalkvam, of Fisher, Minn., C. O. Christianson, of Crookston, Minn., and Arne P. Haugen, of Reynolds, N. Dakota, Trustees, who shall hold office until the first Thursday in June, 1890, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

The annual meeting of the members of said corporation shall be held at the city of Crookston, on the first Thursday in June of each year. Special meetings may be called by the Board of Trustees, and can be held at such times and under such rules and regulations as shall hereafter be prescribed by the by-laws of said corporation.

ARTICLE VIII.

All deeds and conveyances of real estate or interest therein, conveyed by said corporation for the benefit of said institution, shall be executed by the president and secretary of said corporation.

ARTICLE IX.

The government of said corporation and the management of its business affairs shall be vested in the officers of said corporation, who shall have power to sue and to be sued under their corporate name, to have a common seal, to establish rules and regulations deemed expedient, in accordance with law, and not incompatible with an honest purpose.

Witness our hands and seals this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

Lars K. Aaker, (Seal.)
Andreas Oefstedal. (Seal.)
C. Saugstad. (Seal.)
G. A. Larsen. (Seal.)
H. Osgulen. (Seal.)
Halvard Roralkvam. (Seal.)
C. O. Christianson. (Seal.)
Andrew Grindeland. (Seal.)
Arne P. Haugen. (Seal.)
H. H. Aaker. (Seal.)
J. H. Locken. (Seal.)
Knudt Knudtsen, Jr. (Seal.)
A. Holmboe. (Seal.)
Ole K. Laknes. (Seal.)
O. L. Hamery. (Seal.)
A. Halvorson. (Seal.)
E. N. Swiggum. (Seal.)
A. Knudson. (Seal.)
Nils Muus. (Seal.)
Ole Serumsgerd. (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in the presence of
C. D. Saake.
O. O. Christianson.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk, }

Be it remembered, that on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1890, before me, a Notary Public within and for said county and state, personally appeared Lars K. Aaker, Andreas Oefstedal, C. Saugstad, G. A. Larson, H. Osgulen, Halvard Roalkvam, C. O. Christianson, Andrew Grindeland, Arne P. Haugen, H. H. Aaker, J. H. Locken, Knudt Knudtson, Jr., A. Holmboe, Ole K. Laknes, O. L. Hamery, A. Halverson, E. N. Swiggum, A. Knudson, Nils Muus and Ole Serumsgard, to me well known to be the persons described in and who executed the within and foregoing articles of incorporation, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed, for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

{ SEAL. } O. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Notary Public, Polk Co., Minn.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS,
Polk County, Minnesota.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1890, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in book "D" of miscellaneous records, on pages 330, 331, 332 and 333.

ANDREW ESKEN,
Register of Deeds.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book "G" of Incorporations, on page 419.

H. MATTSON,
Secretary of State.

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine IMPORTED MILLINERY GOODS From Hill Brothers, New York city, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.
[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.

MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH STOCK
—OF—
Men's, Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING MUST GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

The Fairmount Sentinel says that Senator Washburn, in a letter to that paper places himself squarely on the side of tariff reduction and reform, and pledges himself to vote for wiping out entirely the duty on lumber, sugar, jute, manilla, sisal grass, etc., and to greatly reduce the tariff on other necessaries of life. That's all right. Senator Davis is right on deck too and now let us hear from our congressmen that they are on the right side and Minnesota will be all right.

Kittson County is coming to the front and the farmers propose to organize alliances in every town where such a thing is possible. They are becoming very tired of raising from 30 to 40 bushels No. 1 Hard every year since they have been in that fertile county to find that after two years of partial failure of crops they are classed as objects of charity, to whom must be sent food, clothing, etc., freight free! How extravagantly they must have lived all these years and years, spending their surplus for plug hats, broadcloth suits, 25 cent cigars and some feedle dings like dose. No wonder they are sorry now that they bought so many pianos and Brussels carpets and silk dresses and bonnets with humming birds on 'em and in 'em! Now that they feel so hungry they must regret it and they have decided to stop such reckless expenditures and consider whether it was really them or THOSE WHO HANDLE THE WHEAT AFTER IT LEAVES THE PRODUCERS' HANDS who have been having all of the good things of life while the farmer gets only the chaff!

St. Vincent New Era: It is always a pleasure to discuss questions with Bro. Cooke, of THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL. He does not commence an argument by calling his opponent a rascal and end by making a blackguard of himself. After discussing an article we printed two weeks ago on Hon. Jas. J. Hill's generosity, he asks us the following question: "Hadn't you rather have had a free and fair wheat market all these years and years, uncontrolled by elevator influences, than all Mr. Hill has done for you? Honest now, wouldn't you?" Honest Injun, we would! It is our turn now, Bro. Cooke, to ask a question: Are not Mr. Hill's gifts of improved stock to the counties of northern Minnesota and Dakota; his annual subscriptions to our Industrial Association, and his contribution of cash and free transportation of supplies for the benefit of farmers on the Ridge, praiseworthy, and some of them princely acts of thoughtful kindness? Aren't they?

Very kind and all that, but the share of the products of the soil which of right belonged to those who did the work necessary to produce them and which they did not get for lack of an open market, largely overbalances the account of gratitude they owe to Mr. Hill or any other man. How much does it lack of being a small portion of their own money returned to them?

They Kick.

The people residing along the line north of St. Vincent are wont to kick vigorously over the movements of the "cannon ball express," and, since we had occasion this week to look the matter up we dont blame them. We picked up a paper printed on the line to see about what time we could get somewhere and this is what we found. The train leaves Crookston at 6:30, supposedly all right and nothing occurs to mar the dull monotony until they reach Warren, which they do, according to this schedule, at "50." Whether there is anything in the appearance of of the city of Warren to cause such an arrival we can't say, but they go on and reach Argyle at "3:77" a. m., or g. m., we don't know. It don't say. Well, time flies and they reach Stephen at "2:01" presumably an hour or so earler than they reach Argyle but we are not certain by the schedule. They reach Donaldson at "16:20," Kennedy at at "10:00;" Hallock at "7:23" p. m., Northcote at "21:11," Humboldt "11:30" and if they have no further bad luck reach the shades of Deacon at "10:01." Kick? Well we should think they would.

County Farmers' Alliance.

As many of the sub-alliances as can will please send their delegates to this city on Saturday next, to take preliminary steps looking toward the formation of a County Alliance. The business to be done will be to decide whether we shall organize; if decided in the affirmative, then to sign an application for a charter and to elect one delegate and one alternate to represent Polk County Alliance in the State Alliance. The regular meeting for organization will be held at such date in March as shall give every sub-alliance in the county an opportunity to send in their delegation. We have now 16 sub-alliances in Polk County, many of which have already elected their delegates. All who have not should do so at once. Remember that each alliance is entitled to three delegates, whose duty it shall be to represent their alliance in the County Alliance until July 1st, or until their successors are elected. Every delegate must have credentials signed by the president and secretary of his sub-alliance. Every alliance who has not done so should at once elect their delegates. In case that any alliance shall be unable to get their delegates ready for the Saturday meeting and desires to be represented, any officer of that alliance will be admitted or any one member who comes properly vouched for.

Let's see; was there not a large-sized row kicked up some years ago, about the time when this country was a hundred years or so newer than it is now on the subject of "taxation without representation!" Well, what did those fellows want anyhow? Did they not have all they needed to eat and to wear? Why should they kick? Why they got the idea into their heads that they wanted to vote! what for? Why, they had on idea that if they could vote they could make laws best calculated to their advancement in everything that makes life worth living, they thought if they could vote they would be free men indeed. But, said some "you can't do nothin!" "farmers won't stick together!" "You havn't got intelligence enough to accomplish anything!" "The job is too big for you to tackle; you can't whip England!" Notwithstanding all these discouraging features and hundreds more it is a matter of history that they DID unite and they did accomplish their purpose, and they did found a free government in spite of armed opposition and traitors at home. They fought that they might have the ballot to protect them. We have it, free as air but how do we use it? Is it the means of protection to us that it proved to be to the founders of this government? Do we appreciate this great lever at its full value? When we are tempted to murmer at the magnitude of the task before the farmers do we ever stop to consider the true value of the weapon that is at our command to use if we choose? It is very probable that the evils we complain of can be cured without resort to extreme measures but we should never forget that we have a powerful weapon at command if needed. In the light of history the farmer should not despair of winning his cause, because it is a just cause and combination will effect it. It may take time it probably will but harder tasks have been successfully accomplished and this can be.

Davis For The Farmers.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18, 1890.

L. H. JUDSON, Crookston, Minn.

DEAR SIR:—I have your esteemed favor of the 14th, enclosing a petition from the farmers of your neighborhood, which I shall lay before the senate to-day.

I am exceedingly glad that you have requested my views upon this subject. I have for many years regarded the practice of fictitious sales where the property itself is not in sight, is not delivered and is never intended to be delivered, in which in short the whole proceeding is a bet, to be settled by a payment of differences at the end of the game, as the most dangerous and corrupt gambling to which the American people were ever addicted. It not only demoralizes the players at the game in the cities where the transactions are conducted but it stimulates in every city and village throughout the country hundreds of people to indulge in transactions of which chance is the basis and in which honest industry has no part whatever. In this way communities are demoralized, young men debauched and not infrequently men of previous fair standing brought to ruin, involving others with them. The evil goes further of course than this. The values which are fixed in these gambling transactions are unreal, transient and deceptive. Whenever the value of a staple product is subjected to influences of this kind it introduces an element of uncertainty which depreciates that value from the true level it would occupy if it were left to the steady operation of natural causes, and in this way it most injuriously affects the producer.

This matter has been the subject of many petitions similar to this and is receiving the earnest attention of some of the most thoughtful men in this body. I assure you that my own co-operation shall not be wanting in any measure which shall afford the desired relief.

Yours truly,
C. K. DAVIS.

A FARMERS' LAW.

THE LEGISLATION ASKED FOR BY THE NATIONAL ALLIANCE.

Storage and Classification.

Government Warehouses Wanted in All Agricultural Sections.

Advances of Money on Products.

Senator Casey to Introduce This Important Bill—A Strong Lobby of Farmers Backing the Measure.

The Minneaplis Journal.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The National Farmer's Alliance is preparing to take a livery whirl at congress this session. The alliance is now evolving measures which will soon be brought prominently before the nation. The officers of the association claim these measures, if they become laws, will be of inestimable benefit to the farmers of this country. The principal bill that the alliance is fostering is one to establish subtreasuries and government warehouses in all agricultural sections of the Union. The measure in question was considered at great length at the annual meeting of the national alliance held at St. Louis last December. The idea was reported by the convention's legislative committee, and was adopted with much enthusiasm. The bill, as now drafted for introduction in congress by the officers of the national alliance, provides for the establishment of government warehouses and sub-treasuries, as previously stated, and the greater part of the expenses for maintaining them is to be paid for by the government. After asking for a general storage system for agricultural products, the bill recites that this should have government sanction and supervision. It also provides for government weights and certificates and classifications. The government will be asked to make monetary advances on products thus stored after much the same same nature that it now advances against whisky stored in government warehouses. The bill asks that receipts be made negotiable by indorsement, and that the rate of interest shall be very low. It also provides that all advances and other expenses shall be repaid to the government in order to get possession of these products for consumption. It is not yet decided whether the government will be asked to erect warehouses, or whether the people will build them. The land is to be donated by the farmer in all cases.

It is a question whether such a bill as this can be steered through congress this session, but the national alliance men propose to make a vigorous attempt to get it through. The congressman who opposes it will be put on record if they vote against it at any rate. The alliance leaders propose to get this much satisfaction out of it if they fail in accomplishing their purpose. However there is a possibility that they will not be able to do this even. It a very easy matter for congress to lay away objectionable measures in dusty pigeonholes and forgot all about them. The present alliance measure, however, may be all right. Senator Casey, of North Dakota, is to introduce it in the house next week, and Congressman Pickler, of South Dakota, will attempt to steer the measure away from breakers in the lower house. Senator Casey thinks the measure will be all right, provided it is modified somewhat.

Hon. Alonzo Wardell, of Huron, S. D., a member of the national alliance executive board, will work for the passage of the measure. It is now stated that this explains his present visit to Washington.

Keep it Before the People.

The Western Rural.

Let no falsehood and no sophistry keep the real condition of the American farmer from sight. For an intelligent people the Americans are in some respects distressingly stupid. Newspapers and orators tell us that the country is exceedingly prosperous. They say that the poor are living better than they ever lived; that the value of the farmer's land has increased, and that though he may feel poor he is really rich, and so on. The Rural has never denied that the country is making money. Indeed it has expressly admitted it, but while admitting it, it has said that the profits do not go where they belong. Thousands of farms are valued at a higher figure than they were fifty years ago. That must naturally be the case. But that is to the disadvantage rather than to the advantage of the farmer. A farm worth fifty dollars an acre must pay more taxes than a farm that is worth only five or ten dollars per acre, and if neither is paying any profit or scarcely any, the man who owns the five or ten dollars an acre farm is the best off. It is a clear case of blessed be nothing. But it is not true that farm property to-day is worth more than it was five years ago. Farm values have shrunk and are shrinking all the time. Farm property is not selling very briskly. But if every farm in the country would bring ten thousand dollars to-day, and that was practically clear profit to the owner, it would not help matters. Somebody must work these farms or the nation is gone up higher than Gilroy's kite. Hence while the average farmer, if he should sell his farm for ten thousand dollars, would not know how to use it profitably in any other business, the man who would pay him the ten thousand dollars must take his place and struggle along at a losing game.

It is no use to take in general terms about prosperity. So far as the farmer is concerned look at facts and keep looking at them. The statistical report of the Illinois State Board of Agriculture is authority for the statement that the farmers of this state lost about $10,000,000 on the corn crop of last year. The yield was 247,980,589 bushels, which is valued at $58,537,047. Then is made the estimate of the cost of production which is based upon the reports of 1,600 correspondents and which is $9.75 per acre or a total of $68,272,872 for the crop. Seven per cent interest is allowed upon the capital invested in the estimate. Now if this report is correct, here is a hard, stubborn, disagreeable fact that will quickly take the shine off a thousand newspaper glittering generalities. At that rate of loss any one may figure out the coming of hopeless ruin to our agriculture. Can anything be done to stem the tide? Why, certainly. Well, what? Now every reader of this paper will have a remedy. The Rural is giving what it thinks would be remedies in every issue. But why not come together in convention and compare the value of remedies suggested, settle on those most valuable and go ahead unitedly to introduce them? All we need is union of action and not a union of lethargy.

Money for Farmers.

The Western Rural.

Senator Cullom received from Illinois—we believe—a bill providing that the government loan money to farmers at two per cent interest. The senator introduced the bill a short time ago. Of course the idea will strike many people with horror, and learned financiers and statesmen will at once ignore the fact that the government has been loaning money to bankers and railroads, and pronounce the notion idiotic. It is somewhat remarkable, however, that newspapers which would naturally be thought too "conservative" to favor such a bill, are actually supporting it, which at least is evidence of the fact that the condition of our agricultural classes, and its significance to the whole nation, is coming to be understood. The Rural simply takes its well known position, viz: That something must be done, and that something—whatever it may be—will be a very great innovation upon what the most of our people have been accustomed to think is the proper thing for government to do. It may be that the government will yet adopt the policy of loaning money to our farmers, for if it will canvass the situation, it will find that the money leech is doing more to destroy agricultural prosperity than cyclones, blizzards, drouths and floods all put together. This journal favors immediate relief to the farmer, and is not very particular how it comes.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property. [18-tf]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMELINE GOSSELIN (a single woman) of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagor, by Indenture of mortgage, bearing date the first day of November A. D. 1884, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the fifth day of November A. D. 1884, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes in the forenoon in book "R" of mortgages at pages 591, 525, 596 and 187, mortgaged to John Knuppe of said County and State, mortgagee, his heirs and assigns, all the following described tract of land, lying and being in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter (S½ of SE¼) of Section numbered six (6,) and the north one-half of the northeast quarter (N½ of NE¼ of Section numbered seven (7,) both in Township numbered one hundred fifty-one (151) north, of Range numbered forty-two (42) west, of the fifth principal meridian, being one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, said mortgage being given to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in the sum of two hundred twenty dollars ($220) made by the said mortgagor, Emeline Gosselin, and payable to the order of John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the first day of November, A. D. 1887, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable annually.

And whereas, said John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the tenth day of February A. D. 1885, duly assigned the said mortgage, and the note and debt secured thereby, to Gerrit W. Vis of Saint Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, by instrument in writing bearing said date of February tenth A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds in book "V" of mortgages at page 192, on the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1885 at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

And whereas, said Gerrit W. Vis, is now deceased, and all his property, both real and personal including said note and mortgage, has been duly assigned by Final Decree of the Probate Court of Ramsey County Minnesota, to Martha Vis, widow of said Gerrit W. Vis, deceased, and sole legatee under the will of said deceased, and said Martha Vis is now the owner of said note and mortgage.

And whereas, default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and in the payment of the whole of said principal sum of two hundred twenty dollars, and all interest thereon from the first day of November A. D. 1888. And whereas, the said mortgagor failed and neglected to pay the taxes on the said mortgaged premises for the years 1886, 1887 and 1888, so that said premises were sold for non-payment of taxes, and the said Martha Vis was obliged to, and did, on the eighteenth day of February A. D. 1890 redeem said premises from such sales, paying for such redemption and as delinquent taxes upon the said premises the sum of ($40.36.) And there is claimed to be, and is actually due at the date of this notice on the said note and mortgage and on the debt secured thereby the sum of two hundred forty-nine and 40-100 dollars ($249.40,) and in addition thereto the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, being the said sum of forty and 36-100 dollars ($40.36) dollars, making in all the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 76-100 dollars ($289.76,) which last mentioned amount is claimed to be due under said mortgage at the date of this notice.

And no suit or other proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover or collect the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, of the said mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay and satisfy the amount now due on said mortgage, and the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, with interest thereon, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the legal costs and disbursements of such foreclosure and sale, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, of said Polk County, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Friday the eleventh day of April A. D. 1890, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Saint Paul, Minnesota, this nineteenth day of February A. D. 1890.

MARTHA VIS,
Widow and sole legatee of Gerrit W. Vis Deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.

Harry H. Dean,
Att'y for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Saint Paul, Minnesota. [42-51]

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock

OF

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.
[31-tf] W. G. COOKE.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., FEBRUARY 27, 1890.

CROOKSTON, Feb. 11, 1890.

Moved by Alderman James E. Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Geo. O. Buhn:

The City Council of the City of Crookston do ordain as follows:

That sections three (3) and four (4) of chapter six (6) of the ordinances of the city of Crookston be amended to read as follows:

SECTION 3. Whoever shall wrongfully remove the collar or wilfully kill, maim, entice or carry away any dog licensed as aforesaid, shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined a sum not to exceed fifty ($50) dollars and costs, and every owner or keeper of a dog who allows it to run at large, unless it is registered and licensed as aforesaid, shall be fined a sum not to exceed five ($5) dollars and costs; and every owner or keeper of a female dog who knowingly allows same to run at large or remain in a public part of the city while in heat shall be fined not less than five ($5) dollars and costs.

The Chief of Police is hereby empowered to procure a suitable place for dog pound.

SEC. 4. The Chief of Police or any person or persons appointed by the Mayor for this purpose, shall impound or cause to be impounded each and every dog running at large, unless said dog is so licensed.

The Chief of Police shall cause to be posted in three (3) public places notices of sale of such dogs so impounded, with general description of same, and on expiration of forty-eight (48) hours notice to sell, he shall sell the same separately at public auction to the highest bidder; provided, however, that in the mean time any owner or keeper of a dog so impounded may, upon the payment to the City Recorder of the amount of license and fifty (50c) cents additional for each dog, demand of the City Recorder a release for said dog, and the City Recorder, on receipt of said money, shall give said owner or keeper a license and an order for release of said dog; on receipt of which order the Chief of Police shall release said dog; and provided further, that any dog remaining unsold or unclaimed shall be and is hereby declared a public nuisance, and shall be destroyed by the Chief or Police.

Any ordinance inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance as now amended, is hereby repealed.

Passed this 11th day of February, 1890, by a unanimous vote of the city council.

WM. WATTS,
President of Council.

Approved this 17th day of February, 1890.

JAMES W. LILLY, Mayor.
Attest: JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.
[44-45]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, special term, February 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Ole Aslakson, of Polk County, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Aslak Bjornson, late of said county, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, at Bygland, in said county, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to T. D. Oso, granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this Court on Tuesday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of February, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[45-48] Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, February 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Peder C. Finseth, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Martin Finseth of Polk County, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Peder C. Finseth late of said Polk County, on or about the 21st day of February A. D. 1888, at Roome in said county died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving good, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a cousin of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said petitioner, Martin Finseth granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Monday the 24th day of March A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of February A. D. 1890.

By the Court.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[45-48] Judge of Probate.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.
Having rented this popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers' custom especially solicited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Wilkinson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 13th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Owen Owens to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 12th day of August A. D. 1886 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October A. D. 1886, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book "28" of mortgages, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18, and

Whereas said Owen Owens failed, neglected and refused to keep the buildings on the premises, herein described, insured as in said mortgage provided for, and

Whereas said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company was compelled to and did pay the sum of six and 80-100 dollars ($6.80) insurance thereon, and

Whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest and insurance upon the lot in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: upon lot one (1) block twenty-four (24,) four hundred twenty-eight and 72-100 dollars ($428.72,) and

Whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot one (1) in block twenty-four (24) of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and insurance, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 11th A. D. 1890.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
George H. Taylor,
Att'y for Mortgagee. [42-49] c573

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 21d, 1890.]

WHEREAS OZIAS LEVECK AND EMIRE Leveck, his wife, as mortgagors did on the ninth day of July A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the seventh day of July A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section nineteen (19,) in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of one hundred and ninety-four and forty one hundredths dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in six annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the tenth day of July A. D. 1888, at two o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "26" of mortgages on pages 291 to 296 inclusive.

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received on the eighth day of October A. D. 1888, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged and was thereafter on the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "43" of mortgages on page 214,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars ($36,) due as the second installment on said note on on the first day of December A. D. 1889, and said sum is still unpaid and due, and whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party,

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option, to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and eighty and twentyfour one hundredths dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with the taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated December 18th A. D. 1889.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS,
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee.
[40-46] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($122.72,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ambrose Goodboe and Louise Goodboe, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the second day of April A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "33" of mortgages, on page 68.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date thereof, the sum of nine hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($922.72,) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section thirteen (13,) and east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) Section fourteen (14) Town one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty-three (43) west in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of ninety-five dollars ($95.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Olivier Meunier (widower) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1887, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on page 398.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date hereof the sum of one thousand ninety-five dollars ($1,095): and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼) of Section seven (7) Town one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and state, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

M. M. VAN DYKE
Physician and Surgeon,
Office corner of Main and Second Streets,
CROOKSTON. - - MINNESOTA

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third sts,
CROOKSTON. MINN.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale,

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($81.54.) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Roberge and Vitoline Roberge his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the 1st day of May A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of May A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book "36" of mortgages, on page 183.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($881.54,) and whereas the said power has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ of se¼) and the south half of the southwest quarter (s½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10,) Town one hundred and fifty-one (151,) Range forty-five (45) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. 42-48]

NEW MEAT
MARKET
At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,
SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.
Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.
SANDS BRO'S, MAIN STREET.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. Crookston, Minn

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceries and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

We Have Just Received
ONE CARLOAD OF
FARM IMPLEMENTS,
—CONSISTING OF—
J. I. C. Wagons & Little Giant Gang Plows.
These we will sell at a Close Margin, and we hope to see our friends call at once and get bargains. The balance of our
BUGGIES we will dispose of AT COST. We still continue to sell
FANNING MILL the only perfect Seed Separator, the Renowned Centennial Farmers who intend to get best grade for their wheat must necessarily procure one. The Shaker
POTATO DIGGER does its work thoroughly and leaves the potatoes clean upon the ground.
We want every Farmer to have one.
McKINNON BROS.,
McKINNON BLOC, - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person.

THE
St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry.
IS THE
DIRECT AND POPULAR LINE
TO PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
MINNESOTA, DAKOTA,
MONTANA
Also to St. Paul & Minneapolis,
FOR ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.
THE ONLY LINE RUNNING TO THE THREE GREAT CITIES OF MONTANA.
Great Falls, Helena and Butte.
Their "Montana Express" will be put in service November 10th, with a Train Equipment unexcelled, furnishing Splendid Day Coaches Palace Sleepers, Free Colonist Sleepers and Superb Dining Cars of latest design.
"Manitoba-Pacific Route"
To Puget Sound Points.
Affords Cheaper Rates than via any other.
Fast Time, Comfort, Courteous Attention.
LAND This Company has for sale in Minnesota 2,000,000 acres of Excellent Farming, Grazing and Timber Lands, at very low prices and on favorable terms.
For Maps, and general information inquire of your own Ticket Agent, or
J. BOOKWALTER, Land Com'r. F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn
A. MANVEL, V. P. & G. M. W. S. ALEXANDER, G. T. M

W. A. ROBERTSON.
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 8th 1890.]

WHEREAS CHRISTIAN N. SATHRE AND Ragnhild Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, as mortgagors did on the second day of November A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the second day of November A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee, the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter, and the north half of the northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section fifteen (15,) in township one hundred and forty-nine (149,) of range forty-six (46) and containing two hundred acres, to secure the payment of two hundred and sixty-three and 25-100 dollars according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in ten semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the third day of November A. D. 1885, at four o'clock and fifteen minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "W" of mortgages, on pages 469, 470 and 471,

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, did for value received on the tenth day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson and McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing, under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 23d day of April A. D. 1889, at two o'clock and twenty minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "46" of mortgages, on pages 166 and 167,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100) due as the sixth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the seventh installment of said note, on the first day of July A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100.) due as the eighth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1890, and all of said sums are still due and unpaid, and whereas it was stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable, without notice to said mortgagors or any other party,

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option to consider and declare and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 24th A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
John Cromb,
Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee. [41-47]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred ninety one and 44-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Swan Hovik and Maria Hovik, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to Peter J. McGuire, as mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of February, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 310, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the following property described in said mortgage, viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 2, in block 26, original townsite of Crookston: thence running in an easterly direction along the line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, thence in a southerly course on a line parallel with the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, thence in a westerly direction on a line parallel with the south line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, to the east line of said Ash street, thence in a northerly direction along the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, to the place of beginning, being 50 feet by 140 feet off the north side of lot 2, in block 26, of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county

And also the undivided one-third of lots three (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), in block 4, in Davis' addition to the townsite of Crookston according to the recorded plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, or by his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the first day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year as provided by law.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., February 19th, 1890.

PETER J. MCGUIRE,
Mortgagee.
D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [45-51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on page 325 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15), all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty three (43) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($235.69,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles Richard and Mary Richard, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of February A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February A. D. 1888, at 4:10 o'clock p. m., in book "33" of mortgages, on page 616.

And whereas, said mortgagee, now the holder thereof, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of sixteen hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($1635.69,) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two (32,) Township one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty-five (45,) in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 22d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred eighty and 70-100 dollars, ($280.70,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Jarvis and Annie Jarvis, his wife, as mortgagors, to Marcus Johnson and A. D. Stephens, as mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of March A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "V" of mortgages, on page 321, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and west half of the southeast quarter Section twenty-nine (29,) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, Range forty-eight (48) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state on the 8th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 8th A. D. 1890.

MARCUS JOHNSON AND A. D. STEPHENS,
Mortgagees.
John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagees.
[40-46] Crookston, Minn.

D. H. BATES,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS
ALSO
FARM MACHINERY
AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
(FORMERLY THE DENNETT)
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS!
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.
D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, - - - MINN

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear, and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $181 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30 43]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Johnson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 6, 1890. NO. 46

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	13 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

ROCKSBURY, Feb. 20, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I arrived home at 3:30 o'clock, and to say that I was chilled to the marrow, is not using any too strong language. To face the wind at this time of year, in the dead of night, for a distance of 18 miles, tries the grip we have on life with the best of us. We have called our meeting in School District No. 73, for Monday, the 24th. I have the satisfaction of seeing those who opposed any move most bitterly three years ago, come to the front and earnestly work for the alliance now. I wish that fellow who writes in the Western Rural about the ease and comfortable situation of the farmers now-a-days, would take a spin through this country, going from house to house among the farmers; he would find that if their carpet was anything but a home-made rag carpet, or one made from gunny sacks, it probably was not paid for, and he would find many a farm dwelling with only the bare earth for a floor. With regard to the pianos and organs, he would find it a very easy matter to keep count of them; should he meet with one better than a ten dollar rattletrap, he would find upon close inquiry that it had been a wood shed ornament of some politician's residence before its final removal to do ax-grinding service at the farmer's palace. Yes, he would find plenty of machinery; there is no end to that. But think of the independent and exquisite feeling of satisfaction of the man who rides his mortgaged seeder, drawn by a mortgaged team, scattering the seed-grain-note grain over the mortgaged field. Don't say the simile is overdrawn; our recording offices throughout the whole country prove it is true to the letter.

We are told by some Chicago papers that we must not expect a higher price for our grain; that the world's market establishes the price, and we must abide by it. The farmers of the west are not complaining about the price of our produce at the world's market; we are complaining of the unfair treatment at our home markets; at high freights; at the unjust system of taxation, by which the farmer is made to pay taxes on what he don't own; at the high rate of interest, or rather, at the apparent inefficacy of our present usury laws. We complain, because when we take ten bushels of No. 1 hard wheat, in a good marketable condition to the elevator, they pay us for nine bushels of No. 2, and often succeed it putting it down to No. 3, and we are utterly helpless; we must either take their offer or take our wheat home again. In short, we complain, of the system so generally adopted throughout this country, of making the product of the farm, the results of the labor of the farmer, a free booty. We complain of this system of

SYSTEMATIC HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

I hear some one say: "Your language is a reflection upon yourself!" Well, take your choice; the farmer speaks openly; he cannot blame so ingeniously that his censure will be mistaken for praise; he means every word he says. Friend monopoly approaches with overflowing cordiality and all radiant with smiles, makes his low salutation, speaks sweet, honied words to us, but at last we find his taffy was the cunning of a knave, the venom of a coward; the stiletto has done its deadly work; and though our brains are as obtuse and blunt as a sledge hammer, and though we can't smell "fish" until it is so soft that it has to be handled with a scoop shovel, yet we know pretty nearly as well as our Chicago friend, that "supply governs prices" in a just and fair market, but we also know that our home markets are manipulated and controlled by a lot of gambling villains, without any regard to fairness and justice. Look at the condition of the country at large Every other industry except agriculture is prosperous; making money. Nine-tenths of the farmers in the whole country are losing money so fast that their property is already mortgaged for more than it will bring under the hammer; thousands of them are reduced to utter destitution, dependent upon charity to keep them from starving. What has brought the farmers into this deplorable situation? Had it been a failure of crops, other industries would have suffered in common with agriculture, which is not the case. There is no need of "beating around the bush;" it is confiscation of the farmers' property; it is making him pay so much for everything that he is obliged to buy, so that everybody that sells to him is getting rich, and by some means of combination, controlling the markets, so that he is obliged to sell his produce below the actual cost of production, hence everybody that he sells his produce to is making money. A peculiar position that can exist only until the farm property is all absorbed, which, at the present rate of absorption, will not be many years. We are organizing to do battle against this evil; but if we are continually to be foiled in every effort to obtain justice, we will quit the business. Men will not always labor for only the sweet consolation of knowing that every stroke of work that they do simply sinks them deeper into debt. Probably agriculture is superfluous; that idea seems to be in vogue. Every legislature in the country, including the national, are not only not doing anything to ameliorate the situation, but are actually oppressing the industry.

"Hail! hail! to thee, Marcus Verus, the boy prefect!" Verily this ought to put the old man's thinking cap on. Even the shepherd gets justice, while our worthy Antonines is at the "Latin Games." Our locals are all teeming with live interest; are there no old cronies at home? Hail! hail! hail! for the St. Hilaire starch factory and three rousing cheers for the Farmers' Alliance!

C. A. JOHNSON.

"An Ocular Delusion" is the title of a bright social study in serial shape, which will begin in the New York Ledger of March 1. The story holds the mirror up to club life in the metropolis, and touches lightly but with the masterly and suggestive stroke of the etching hand some of the more distinctive sides of New York society life. Several of the characters are so startlingly typical that they may be taken for any one of scores of the members of the "Four Hundred." The hero is a fine combination of manliness, ready ingenuity and audacity, a youth with a rare amount of phosphorus in his cerebral gray matter and an equally generous amount of red corpuscles in his veins—a character which the author has elaborated with sympathetic interest, and which, according to the impression given by the advance sheets, represents an oarsman of a recent crew of a leading American college. The author, by the way, is that brilliant young newspaper worker Frank Howard Howe, son of the late postmaster-general, Timothy F. Howe of Wisconsin.

Shall we Join Hands.

The Western Rural.

The Rural is in receipt of a number of letters from different parts of the country favoring a convention in Chicago this Winter of delegates from the various farmers organization, with the object of uniting them all in a federation. It is inexplicable that farmers with a knowledge of their absolute power to control political matters, should have been so slow to organize. As a rule men rather like to "boss" things. Show the slightest chance of getting on top and they will take advantage of it without delay. But farmers have been an exception. Numerically strong enough to dictate to the government and even in commercial matters; numerically strong enough to protect their rights and strong enough to prevent every wrong from which they now suffer, they have persistently neglected to exert that strength or to put it into available form. A large portion of them have done nothing. This class to-day is complaining bitterly of a condition of things that would have been utterly impossible, if they had united with their fellow farmers in a common defense. If that had been done the senate of the United States would not to-day be composed of the tools of monopoly; the railroad monopoly would not now be living sumptuously upon a people that in the midst of plenty do not know how to get hold of enough money to pay their debts; the country would not be covered a foot thick with fraudulent watered stock which our industries must support; our public lands would not been given away to every rich begger who asked for them; the Pacific railroads would not be doing business for private gain upon the people's money; the national banks would not be doing a thriving business upon the public credit and getting pay for accepting the credit; the markets would not be flooded with villainous adulterations of food products and trusts and combines and class legislation would never have existed. Unite the farmers and all these things would be an impossibility,

But when we have organized we have done it in the least effectual way. From one cause or another we have unfurled different banners and got under them. The Grange has got some, the Alliance has some, the Wheel secured others, the Farmers Benefit Society enlisted others, the Patrons of Industry has its division. What does each know about the other? May we not ask; What has each cared about the other? Each has drawn itself up in battle array, without any well regulated support from the other. There is no objection to these separate organizations maintaining their individuality. Indeed in some respects there are good reasons why they should. But they should be united by some sort of a compact. Something should be done by which these various bodies, aiming at the accomplishment of the very same purpose, should move together and upon the same line. A brigade that does not come into action just at the moment when another brigade must have support or suffer complete or partial defeat might as well never have been recruited so far as that emergency is concerned.

We repeat what we have said before, that we should like to see a convention in this city of these various organizations. Let us come together and see if we agree in regard to our needs, discussing some of those questions on which we seem to differ, from the standpoint of the producer. Let us see if we can agree upon the remedy, and coming to a full understanding as to our needs and action, let us combine our strength and secure what is waiting for us if we will reach for it intelligently.

Farm Mortgages.

The Western Rural.

People who have a real interest in the farming community have been in hopes that this present census would show the value of farm mortgages, but it seems that they are doomed to disappointment. There has been much guess work in regard to this class of mortgages. The Rural believes that the amount of such mortgages, if once ascertained, would astonish the American people. It believes that the amount ought to be ascertained, not only because it would greatly aid the movement for legislation to prevent double taxation, but because it would put the condition of the farming classes more intelligently before the people. This government will be compelled to make a new and radical departure in regard to the treatment of agriculture. It must save our agriculture from ruin. Perhaps when it repeals all class legislation, and gives the farmers a fair chance, nothing more will be needed to be done. But if that is not sufficient, government must do more. The most important duty that our government has to do is to preserve the republic. To do that it must encourage general prosperity, and it certainly must encourage the prosperity of our fundamental industry. Now the reader can finish this article in his own thoughts. We simply start out with the proposition that this government must protect agriculture, whatever may require to do it.

Failures of Farmers.

Farm Stock and Home.

There is much fallacy in the assertion that "farmers seldom or never fail," in the sense that business men fail. The assertion is born of the fact that no record is kept of farmer failures, as there is of the failures of every business man, no matter how small or insignificant. If the failures of farmers were regarded the same as failures of merchants, the record of the former would be something appalling. If a merchant fails to make money cannot pay his debts at maturity, allows his notes to go to protest, he is a bankrupt, and is so proclaimed in all commercial reports. He "fixes up," perhaps; settles for twenty-five or fifty cents on a dollar, and resumes business, probably in better shape and worth more clear money than when he failed. If the farmer fails to make money the fact is regarded as a matter of course, and not a cause for bankruptcy; if he can't pay his debts at maturity they are allowed to run along until debt and interest amount to as much as his property will sell for, when he is "closed out," and goes into the world homeless and penniless. No one thinks of compromising his debts at twenty-five to fifty cents on a dollar, possibly leaving him better off than before. He has given up everything and must start life anew under the most unfavorable and depressing condition. But the farmer has not "failed," and writers continue to discant on farming as being the "best business in the world," because the records show that there are "fewer failures in it than in any other business." The records show nothing, because no records are made of farmers' failures. That farmers do fail, and with melancholy and deplorable results, is true. That the cause of failure often rests within themselves is also true; but it is also true that failures result from causes beyond human control, and from other causes that humanity and wisdom might destroy. But these points we will not discuss; the object of this is to simply protest against the claim that "farmers don't fail," and that, therefore, "farming is the best and safest business in the world."

Do Hogs Pay?

Iowa State Register: When the price of pork is as low as at the present many farmers get the idea that raising hogs does not pay. Let us look at this question and ascertain, if we can, whether anything on the farm pays better. One acre of clover and one acre of corn (50 bushels) will produce 800 pounds of pork. This, at $3 per hundred, which is low enough, is $24. Suppose you say the pigs and the care of them for eight months, when they ought to be ready for market, is worth $8, leaving $16 for the use of two acres of ground. But you say there is danger of cholera and other diseases with hogs. That is true. But the mortality among hogs for the past twenty years does not exceed ten per cent. But say it is double that, or twenty per cent. This on $24 would be $5 00—leaving $18.20. Deduct from this the $3 for pigs and their care, leaves $10.20 for two acres or $5.10 per acre rent. If a man has fifty acres of corn and hogs enough to eat it, and ten of clover, making sixty acres, he will have a clear profit for the use of the land of $357.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[24f] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Notice.

Anyone desiring to settle their account with me during my absence can call on G. W. Lewis.

[44-tf] DR. M. VAN DYKE.

JUST FOR FUN,

AND TO KEEP BUSINESS LIVELY,

I Propose to Give Away

FOR A VERY LITTLE CASH,

A Few Lots in Jerome's Addition

At about the cost of transfer, viz:

Lots 9 and 10, in blk. 16; lots 11 and 12, in blk. 16; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 20; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 20; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 21; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 21; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 22; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 22; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 25; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 25; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 32; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 32; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 32; lots 23 and 24, in blk. 33, and lots 25 and 26, in blk. 33.

AT $13 EACH OR $26 A PAIR.

Thus you will observe the purchaser gets a fifty foot front lot for only $26; or if you prefer, you can purchase four lots for $52, making 100 feet front.

☞ Now is your chance. THIS OFFER WILL REMAIN OPEN ONLY SIXTY DAYS. Apply to

M. R. BROWN.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. Max Erickson. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

We wish to inform lou friends, and the public generaly that we are

AGAIN ON DECK THIS SPRING

WITH ALL KINDS OF

FARM MACHINERY,

INCLUDING THE NOW FAMOUS

Dowagiac Shoe Drill.

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

D. D. WILLIAMS.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

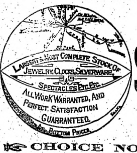
MONEY
On Real Estate.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

1890.——HERE WE ARE AGAIN——1890.



WITH OUR NEW

Spring Stock

OF

☞ CHOICE NOVELTIES. ☜

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,
ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.
Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT —OF— NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long	$4.00
" " Striped " " "	6.00
" " " " " "	7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " "	8.00
" " " " " "	9.00
" " Black or Brown " " "	10.00
" " " " " "	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., MARCH 6, 1890.

Crookston Wheat Market.

No. 1 Hard	64.
No. 1 Northern	62.
No. 2 "	—
No. 3 "	—
Rejected	

'Round Home.

I. K. Mesault was down from Winger last week.

"A Base Hit," at the Opera House, March 13th.

A. K. Aker was up from the west side last week.

John Hack returned from the coast on Sunday last.

Farmers' Institute next Wednesday at the court house.

Andrew Steenerson was in the city from the west side on Saturday.

S. A. Sylvester has just returned from a visit to his friends in Pope County.

Half rates on oats for seed ought to furnish us good seed oats at reasonable rates.

Conductor Fred Flint takes a lay off for a few weeks and has gone away on a visit.

Miss Jennie Nowland went up to Stephen on Tuesday to spend the day with Mrs. Frankie Dickenson.

Mr. John Flesch came down from Hansville on Thursday on his way to the alliance meeting in St. Paul.

O. J. Barnes, of the firm of Barnes & Slocum, returned last Saturday from a trip to Minneapolis, Duluth and other points.

Mrs. A. D. Stephens and Mrs. Fred Mix will entertain their friends at cinch on Thursday and Friday evenings of this week.

There should be a big attendance at the Farmers' Institute on Wednesday, March 12th.

G. L. Grey and family left on Sunday evening for their new home in Washington. They will live at Sumner, Washington.

Farm, Stock and Home is in error in giving date of Farmers' Institute in Crookston. It is to be held on Wednesday, March 12th.

Soren Johnson, the photographer, left on Sunday evening for Tower, Minn., near Duluth, where he may decide to engage in his business.

Mr. John Grythen, representative of King farmers' alliance to the St. Paul meeting, came down on Saturday evening enroute for St. Paul.

The new minister from Chicago will be here next Sabbath to preach in the Congregational church. Everybody come out and hear him.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchovis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

The delegates to the State meeting of the Farmers' Alliance left for St. Paul the first of the week. Most of them went down on Sunday evening.

Tom Morris has rented the house on the corner of Second and Ash streets, lately occupied by Dr. Van Dyke, and will move into it at an early date.

Chas. E. Sawyer left on Monday evening for Duluth by the way of St. Paul. He will also visit other places during the week, returning on Sunday next.

Mr. H. H. Dickmann returned last Saturday morning from his sad trip to his old home, where he went to consign the remains of his wife to their last resting place.

Do not fail to see the new musical comedy, "A Base Hit," to be produced by "Richards' Tourists" at the Opera House, in this city, on Thursday evening, March 13th.

Otto Buse was racing about St. Hilaire last Friday morning at a great rate. It is a girl baby and Otto says she is a daisy, all the same like the flowers that bloom in the spring.

Geo. Roberts, Jr., oldest son of Hon. Geo. R. Roberts, of Stephen, was united for life to Miss May Goar, of Kittson County on Feb. 22d. THE JOURNAL sends congratulations.

Dr. J. R. Finney, of Stephen, was married in Grand Forks on Friday, Feb. 27th, to Miss Cecil L. Webster, of Wanger, Marshall County. The Dr. has many friends in this city who wish him much joy.

M. R. Brown wishes to give fair warning that next week will positively be the last chance to procure lots in Jerome's Addition at the low prices advertised. So catch on without delay if you want to be numbered among the lucky ones.

Miss Emma Veronneau is in Chicago this week buying spring goods at the wholesale millinery establishment for Mrs. E. E. Bangs. She will select all the latest styles in hats and bonnets, the newest trimmings and novelties, and be prepared to turn out the latest eastern styles upon her return.

Polk County has now 18 sub-alliances and the county alliance, and yet the good work is not all complete, nor will it be until every farmer in the county has joined. Every member should be a committee of one to induce all to join in the good work until all are safely on board. Then when a bill of importance to us is before Congress we could all unitedly work for its passage. In this way something could be accomplished.

Don't forget to attend the institute on Wednesday, March 12th.

Some more wheat weather—according to friend Donaldson.

Hallock has as fine a city hall as any city of its size in the Northwest—nicer than some. No wonder our sister city takes pride in herself. She has a right to.

The farmers of Polk County are organizing in defense of their rights and to obtain a free and open wheat market. If they are true to their own interests they will get what they seek.

G. C. Holden was down from Warren two days last week visiting friends in the city. Said as Guy Aubol had been down the week previous taking a breath of fresh air, he thought he was entitled to a like privilege. The boys are doing a good business up there.

Capt. Donaldson says the cold weather we have had for a few weeks will prove the salvation of the wheat crop, and if we could only have the same until April first we might expect a booming old crop. He thinks that squaw winters result in a great deal of misery in the wheat bin.

In the list of pupils in attendance at the normal school in Moorhead, as published in the Moorhead News, we note the following from Polk County: Martha and Minnie Cruikshanks, Buffington; Annie Hancock, Euclid; Cora B. Sankey, Edna; Andrew and Julia Trovatton, Winger, and Emma J. Woodall, Euclid.

Wabasha Herald: Mrs. Henry Dickmann died at Crookston on Saturday. The body was brought to Plainview for burial. Deceased resided in this city several years while Mr. Dickmann was register of deeds for this county and has many acquaintances here to whom the intelligence of her death will bring sad feelings. Mr. Dickmann is register of the U. S. land office at Crookston.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE, [17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

While we are looking about for a place to invest a little surplus enterprise why would it not be a good plan to send a committee to St. Paul to interview the Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad authorities to ascertain what are the prospects for that road building in here? Several villages in this upper country have done this very thing, and why should Crookston be backward? We have never had under consideration a project of greater value to us and it is certainly worth a vigorous effort, if necessary to obtain.

Elsewhere in this issue will be seen a letter from Hon. Gilbert A. Pierce, U. S. Senator from North Dakota, which we commend to the alliances of the county as a proper subject for action. His bill provides for the creation of a committee of investigation into the causes of the present depression of agriculture, so that the cause being known a remedy may be applied. Every alliance should send in a petition for the passage of the bill.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Mr. Robert Farweather, of Euclid, informs THE JOURNAL that his son-in-law, who is at present in the old country, has been offered and accepted the situation of general superintendent of the new linen factory at Hastings and will soon come over to America to enter upon his new duties. Mr. F. received a cablegram from him, from Belfast on the 26th announcing the fact of his acceptance of the offer and replied to it by cablegram on the 27th. It seems rather funny to us up here in the Northwest, the idea of sending a message over the pond to absent friends but that's just what we can do—if we have money enough.

S. L. Dobson starts shortly for Helena, Butte and other western cities where he is building up a large trade in oat meal. We are pleased to note that his trade has grown so extensive that he has been obliged to increase the capacity of his mill by the addition of more machinery, by which he can grind 800 bushels of oats in a day of 24 hours. If his trade increases by next fall he will be able to market all the oat meal he can produce which will furnish a good market for oats for our farmers. Mr. Dobson is fully deserving of unlimited success. In a quiet and unostentatious manner he has put in an institution that will be of immense practical benefit to our farmers and to our city and we are more than pleased to see the success he is already meeting with. He manufactures a superior quality of oat meal which is rapidly acquiring for him the trade of the Northwest.

Among the institutions which Polk County has to furnish a good market, the leading one is the oat meal factory. With its increased facilities for grinding it can furnish a market for over 200,000 bushels of oats a year, which is a big thing if our farmers will avail themselves of it. The only requirement is that the oats must be white oats and should weigh 35 pounds to the bushel. We think it quite improbable that the oats of last year's raising will be fit for use for seed this, and that to raise oats that will be available, farmers should get the seed below. Oats down there can be had for 19 cents per bushel, and if the railroad companies will give us half rates we can get them delivered here for from 25 to 26 cents. From all that we are able to learn of the condition of the oats raised here but a very small percentage, if any, will be available for seed, and this becomes a question of great importance to farmers.

This country stands in great need of seed oats, and owing to the fact that our crop was blighted, it will not do to use what we raised. The railroads claim to be philanthropic upon occasions and have been very good in times of dire distress in the past. Now let them come to the front and offer us a half rate on our oats shipped in for seed, and they will prove their sympathy by their works.

Since the above was in type Maj. Mix informs us that the Great Northern will give an half fare rate to farmers who desire to ship in oats for seed. These rates will commence on March 20th and continue till May 31st. You can ship in any quantity desired from a hundred bushels to a carload or more.

Of the new musical comedy, "A Base Hit," which is to be produced at the Opera House, in this city, on March 13th, the Ashland (Wis.) Press has this to say:

"It is really a pleasure to attend such entertainments as that given by the 'Base Hit' Company last night, at the Ashland Theatre. The object of the players and the play was to produce laughter, and the success of the undertaking was unmistakably evidenced by the general mirth. At first only a smile was produced when Willard Simms, in the realistic impersonation of Pat McGuire, made his comical entrance upon the stage. There was a general ripple of simpering before he had been there many moments, which was developed into a perfect uproar as the play proceeded. Willard Simms is undoubtedly one of the best comedians who has ever delighted an Ashland audience. The dancing, singing, etc., were very entertaining. The play is an extremely funny burlesque on base ball and we prophecy for the management a 'clean score' with no errors, and can safely guarantee that they will not be compelled to make a 'home run' before the close of the season."

A Potato Starch Factory.

A practical plan for the establishment of a potato starch factory is being discussed and will probably be attempted. The plan is to form a company, issue 400 shares of stock at $25 a share, sell as many as possible to the farmers, thus making them interested in the plan, which would insure the raising of a sufficient quantity of potatoes to supply the factory. A farmer could take as many shares as he wished, give his note, and in the fall pay in potatoes. On the notes the money to build the factory could be obtained, and the business ready for operation by fall. With a good market for potatoes, a good market for oats and justice in the wheat market, the farmers could live and business of all kinds would feel the effects of it. We would like to see the new venture succeed

Hallock Alliance, No. 720.

On Thursday morning we took the 6:30 train for Hallock, where we arrived in due process of time, about 12 o'clock, and were met by Bro. Love, of the Enterprise, who took us over to his office where he showed us the stacks of job work he is doing, then to his cozy and nice little residence where he introduced us to as slick a dinner as a newspaper man often encounters in this vale of tears. After dinner we proceeded over to the city hall, where we found a large crowd of farmers ready to organize an alliance. After the preliminary ceremonies a permanent organization was effected and the enrolling of names commenced. By this time we were warned by the reckless manner in which tempus fugits that we must fly if we would reach our train, so we flew, satisfied that the work is in good hands up there, and that much good must necessarily follow.

THE FARMERS' MEETING.

The meeting of the Farmers' Alliance which takes place in St. Paul this week, is one of the most important to the interests of agriculture in our state that ever occurred, and if properly managed, it will prove a great blessing. If the farmers can control its deliberations and actions in their own interests, it will be all right, but if it is to be run in the interests of political aspirants for future honors, it will be more than time wasted. The situation that confronts the agricultural interests of the state to-day is a serious one, and the same interests throughout the United States are more or less affected by it, and it requires the combined wisdom of our farmers, acting for their own interests solely, to solve the problem. No other consideration should be entertained, and we believe no other will be if the delegations from every county are composed of the same kind of material as are those from Polk County. They have been chosen for no other reason than that of their fitness for the business, with no political axes to grind and no political irons in the fire. If the convention is composed of that kind of material throughout, great good must result from their deliberations. We sincerely hope this is the case, as the needs of the hour urgently demand redress if the agricultural interests of the state are to be prosperous in the future. Our greatest need here is for a free wheat market, and that right away. What good is it to raise a splendid crop of wheat if when you come to market it you can get at best but the bare cost of production? The system is such that the elevator system absolutely controls the market, and the cause seems to be found in the contract between the railroads and the elevator system, which practically bars out independent buyers. This might be removed by the railroad companies themselves, and if they will not do it then we should demand of Congress the passage of the bill providing for the building of government elevators, now pending, which would no doubt accomplish the relief we seek.

ERSKINE P. O., March 3d, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: The Scandia Farmers' Alliance, No. 648, of the town of Knute, held a meeting last Saturday, 10 new members joining, so we have to report 40 members in all. We were unable to send delegates to the County Alliance as our alliance met on the same day as the Crookston meeting, but hereafter we shall try to be represented in the county alliance. Our officers are as follows: Lars E. Nelson, president; C. C. Nass, vice-president; Knute H. Rollag, secretary; Olof J. Brannu, treasurer; J. G. Moen, delegate to the State Alliance, and Lars E. Nelson, delegate to the County Alliance. Their post-office address is Erskine, except the secretary's, which is Goosen. Our next meeting will be held at the residence of Martin Benson, on Friday, March 14th, at 1 o'clock p. m.

LARS E. NELSON.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

POLK COUNTY ALLIANCE.

The meeting called to consider the question of organizing a County Alliance convened at 2 p. m. in City Hall, on Saturday. Andrew Steenerson was elected temporary chairman and E. D. Childs, secretary. On motion, the chair appointed C. A. Johnson, of Agawam alliance, Tom Sundely, of Sand Hill alliance, and John Urness, of Russia and Onstad alliance, as a committee on credentials. A recess was taken to allow the committee on credentials time to report. A motion to allow any member of any alliance unrepresented by delegates a vote in the proceedings, was amended to allow such person to cast the ballot of his alliance. The committee on credentials reported the following persons entitled to votes as follows:

Russia Alliance No. 677—Ben. Geroux, John Urness, Iver Quarberg.

Sand Hill Alliance No. 553.—Thos. O. Sunder, Andrew Steenerson. L. C. Sundet.

Agawam Alliance.—C. A. Johnson, 3 votes.

Crookston Alliance No. 643.—E. D. Childs, Eli Steenerson, H. E. Cooke.

Tabor Alliance No. 637.—Joseph Dostal, Joseph B. Piper, F. J. Zeidlik.

Andover Alliance No. 647.—B. C. Jorgenson, 3 votes.

Winger Alliance.—I. K. Messelt.

Roome Alliance.—Peter O. Berg.

The report of the committee was accepted and adopted and, on motion, it was resolved that we proceed to form a County Alliance. Moved that the Alliance be called the Polk County Alliance. Carried. The following temporary officers were elected, viz: President, Andrew Steenerson; Vice-President, C. A. Johnson; E. D. Childs, Secretary; B. C. Jugenson, Treasurer.

The following persons were elected committee on constitution, viz: H. E. Cooke, I. K. Messelt, C. Steenerson, Frank Zeidlik and P. O. Berg.

Peter Cornelius was elected delegate to the meeting in St. Paul on March 4th; H. E. Cooke, alternate.

On motion Polk County Alliance adjourned until Friday, March 21st, at 2 p. m., at the court house.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

ADJOURNED MEETING, HELD FEB. 18, 1890.

President Watts in the chair.

Members present—Aldermen Lally, Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, Jerome and Buhn.

The request of J. Jorgenson asking for leave to occupy part of Robert street for storing building material to erect a building on lot 13, block 6. of Fletcher & Houston's addition, moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the petition of J. Jorgenson be granted, subject to the restrictions of the street commissioner. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that a committee of one, assisted by the city attorney, be appointed to examine the petition relating to the issuing of bonds to ascertain if it meets with the requirements of the act passed at the last general session of the Legislature of the State of Minnesota, being chapter 206 of the special laws of 1889. Carried.

The chair appointed as such committee Alderman Morrisey, to be assisted by the city attorney.

On motion council adjourned.

JOHN PATERSON, City Clerk.

At a meeting held by the Agawam Alliance, of Rocksbury, Polk County, Minn., on the 24th day of February, 1890, the following officers were elected: J. O. Dypvic, president; Lyman Clark, vice-president; C. A. Johnson, secretary; Iver Peterson, treasurer. Committee on finance, M. Rockstad, W. P. Bekken, Geo. Turnell. Delegate to State Alliance, J. O. Dypvic; alternate, L. Clark. Delegates to County Alliance, C. A. Johnson, Geo. Turnell and W. P. Bekken. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we denounce the present system of taxation, it being unjust.

Resolved, That we demand that railroads and telegraphs be controlled by the government, instead of the present system.

Resolved, That our State Alliance make an imperative demand upon the state to remedy the present outrageously unjust system of grading and dockage practiced by our elevator companies, before another crop is ready for the market.

Resolved, That the millers one-eighth is capable of indefinite expansion, having already appropriated the whole grist, including sacks, and are now laying claim to the team and driver.

Resolved, That the usury law is utterly inefficient, and that the money in circulation is inadequate to the demand.

Resolved, That we recommend the appointment of a County Protective Committee, to be appointed by the County Alliance.

C. A. JOHNSON, Sec.

The Farmers' Institute.

The Farmers' Institute next Wednesday, conducted by Prof. O. C. Gregg will be a meeting of more than ordinary interest to the farmers of this county as it will afford an opportunity to test their seed wheat and ascertain what is fit for seed and what is not. We are told that the railroad company will give reduced rates for this meeting. Those along the Fosston branch can take the Tuesday train; along the St. Hilaire branch it will not be quite so handy but we presume that parties who come via that road will have an opportunity to have their samples tested after the arrival of that train, though it would be better if they could be in attendance all day. Every farmer who feels interested in the success of his business will have a good opportunity to get valuable pointers and he will avail himself of it.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay; 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BEITS, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [33-tf]

Seed Grain.

I have for sale a quantity of pure Scotch Fife wheat for seed also some nice barley and a quantity of White English oats of the crop of 1888. Address Mrs. A. E. Helmick, Carman P. O. or call at residence in Andover. [45-tf]

Valley Roller Mills.
Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2.15
Fife	1.85
Skip Jack	1.25

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

SEED WHEAT.

Farmers desiring Pure Velvet Chaff Blue Stem Seed Wheat, call on or address,
[48-tf]. F. BIVINS, Crookston, Minn.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

MONY TO LOAN.

I. U. Jennings is prepared to loan money on city and farm property. [18-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN MCLEAN.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending March 1st, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Anderson, S
Babcock, Mrs H H
Harumerlund, Emil
Ruder, Ole—2
Rusk, Jack
Severson, Mary

W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Merchants' Bank.
Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—OF—

The Red River Valley College Association.

Know all men by these presents: That we, the undersigned, Lars K. Aaker, Andreas Oefstedal, C. Saugstad, G. A. Larson, H. Ostgulen, Halvard Roalkvam, C. O. Christianson, Andrew Grindeland, Arne P. Haugen, H. H. Aaker, J. H. Locken, Knudt Knudtson, Jr., A. Holmboe, Ole K. Laknas, O. L. Hamery, A. Halvorson, E. N. Swiggum, A. Knudson, Nels Muus, Ole Serumsgard, do hereby associate ourselves together for the purpose of becoming incorporated under the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota, and for that purpose do hereby agree to and sign the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation is, and shall be, "The Red River Valley College Association."

ARTICLE II.

The general purpose of said corporation is, and shall be, to procure necessary grounds and erect suitable buildings thereon, and establish and maintain, in its corporate capacity, an institution of learning, at some point in the Red River Valley of the North, to be hereafter determined upon and selected by said corporation.

ARTICLE III.

The principal office and place of transacting the business of said corporation shall be at the city of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE IV.

There shall be no terms or requirements for admission to membership of said corporation, except that the applicant for admission shall be a member in good standing of some Lutheran congregation, and such further terms and requirements as may hereafter be adopted at any annual or special meeting of said corporation.

A majority vote of all members present and voting, at any legally called meeting of said corporation, shall be required for the election of new members.

ARTICLE V.

There shall be no capital stock of said corporation; but its business shall be carried on by voluntary contributions, and by the collection of such tuition fees as shall, from time to time, be fixed and determined by the Board of Trustees.

ARTICLE VI.

The officers of said corporation shall be, a president, a vice-president, a secretary, a treasurer, and three trustees, who shall be elected annually from the members of said corporation and hold office until their successors are elected and qualified.

The president and secretary shall be ex-officio members of the Board of Trustees of said corporation.

The first officers of said corporation shall be the following named persons, to-wit:

Lars K. Aaker, of Crookston, Minn., President.

E. N. Swiggum, of Grand Forks, N. Dakota, Vice-President.

C. Saugstad, of Crookston, Minn., Secretary.

Ole Serumsgard, of Devil's Lake, N. Dakota, Treasurer.

Halvord Roalkvam, of [illegible], Minn., C. O. Christianson, of Crookston, Minn., and Arne P. Haugen, of Reynolds, N. Dakota, Trustees, who shall hold office until the first Thursday in June, 1890, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

The annual meeting of the members of said corporation shall be held at the city of Crookston, on the first Thursday in June of each year. Special meetings may be called by the Board of Trustees, and may be held at such times and under such rules and regulations as shall hereinafter be prescribed by the by-laws of said corporation.

ARTICLE VIII.

All deeds and conveyances of real estate or interest therein, conveyed by said corporation for the benefit of said institution, shall be executed by the president and secretary of said corporation.

ARTICLE IX.

The government of said corporation and the management of its business affairs shall be vested in the officers of said corporation, who shall have power to sue and to be sued under their corporate name, to have a common seal to establish rules and regulations deemed expedient, in accordance with law, and not incompatible with an honest purpose.

Witness our hands and seals this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

Lars K. Aaker. (Seal.)
Andreas Oefstedal. (Seal.)
C. Saugstad. (Seal.)
G. A. Larsen. (Seal.)
H. Ostgulen. (Seal.)
Halvard Roalkvam. (Seal.)
C. O. Christianson. (Seal.)
Andrew Grindeland. (Seal.)
Arne P. Haugen. (Seal.)
H. H. Aaker. (Seal.)
J. H. Locken. (Seal.)
Knudt Knudtson, Jr. (Seal.)
A. Holmboe. (Seal.)
Ole K. Laknas. (Seal.)
O. L. Hamery. (Seal.)
A. Halvorson. (Seal.)
E. N. Swiggum. (Seal.)
A. Knudson. (Seal.)
Nils Muus. (Seal.)
Ole Serumsgard. (Seal.)

Signed and sealed in the presence of
C. B. Saake.
O. O. Christianson.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk. }

Be it remembered, that on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1890, before me, a Notary Public within and for said county and state, personally appeared Lars K. Aaker, Andreas Oefstedal, C. Saugstad, G. A. Larson, H. Ostgulen, Halvard Roalkvam, C. O. Christianson, Andrew Grindeland, Arne P. Haugen, H. H. Aaker, J. H. Locken, Knudt Knudtson, Jr., A. Holmboe, Ole K. Laknas, O. L. Hamery, A. Halvorson, E. N. Swiggum, A. Knudson, Nils Muus and Ole Serumsgard, to me well known to be the persons described in and who executed the within and foregoing articles of incorporation, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed, for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

{ SEAL. } O. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Notary Public, Polk Co., Minn.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS, }
Polk County, Minnesota. }

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1890, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in book "D" of miscellaneous records, on pages 530, 531, 532 and 533.

ANDREW EKEN,
Register of Deeds.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
Department of State, }

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book "G" of Incorporations, on page 419.

H. MATTSON,
Secretary of State.

MILLINERY GOODS!

I have the largest and most elegant line of fine

IMPORTED MILLINERY GOODS

From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.

Carman, Oct. 8, 1889,
[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.

We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.

MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING
MUST
GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE. CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Somebody sent us a copy of the Advocate, published at Topeka, Kansas, in the interests of the Kansas Farmers' Alliance. The Advocate is a rattling good paper, bristling with good points for the cause in any state. We can recommend it to all who wish to keep fully posted on alliance work. It is worth a hundred times its cost—$1 per year, and should be in every sub-alliance in the county.

For some reason or other some papers are trying to create the impression that an irrepressible conflict is breeding between the business men and the farmers of the Northwest. This is entirely an erroneous idea, and there can be no other reason for its circulation than an effort to injure the alliance. The object of the alliance is a good one and their cause is just, and their efforts to obtain their rights in the market should be earnestly supplemented by an association of business men, formed to back up the alliance in its efforts to obtain a free and open market, wherein there is competition. If the farmer can obtain what his produce will bring him in such a market he can have the wherewithal to pay the merchant, and to pay him in cash. The merchant could then make far better terms and more money than most of them are doing to-day. The interests of our farmers and business men in this country are mutual, and one should be, and is, as anxious to see a free and open market for wheat as the other, and all who try to give a different construction of it are either wofully ignorant of the situation or have some scheme to promote by misrepresenting the facts.

It is singular how hard it is for some to disabuse their minds of the idea that the farmers' alliance is in any sense a political organization, and to get over the old underground railroad style of political wire-working in their methods. There can be none of this sort of thing tolerated if the alliance expects to accomplish the good work before it. Bossism must be emphatically relegated to the shades, and every member of the alliance must be a free and independent worker. When you see any one in your midst who is so terribly anxious to carry his own point—whatever that point may be—that he is not willing to submit the question to the alliance, but must needs try to pack the convention and carry his point at all hazards, it would be better to jump right onto his neck and squelch him out at once. In this organization every man should have a mind of his own and a chance to express it, and as long as we belong to the alliance we shall fight for this point, because we believe it to be absolutely essential to the very life of the order. Of coure we all have our preferences and a perfect right to express them, but no one has any right to assume the position of dictator general, because there is no such office in this alliance. If anybody has any political schemes he wishes to carry through by means of the alliance, he had better drop the idea at once, for the alliance cannot wash his soiled linen and accomplish the high object for which the alliance is formed. The alliance is not a horse, saddled and bridled, ready for some political mountebank to ride into power, and if you make it that you kill it.

Replying to Bro. Lamphere, of the Moorhead News in the alliance matter we would say that he seems to be totally in the dark regarding the alliance movement. With Polk County farmers it is a business movement, purely and simply and with no reference to politics whatever. That pothouse politicians should mis-apprehend the movement and fear least they lose the influence they have always used simply and solely to secure the loaves and the fishes, and kick does not surprise us in the least—and they are doing some vigorous kicking, but that a man like Brother L. should so misunderstand the matter is, we confess, a matter of great surprise to us. Business men in every avocation may form their alliances or organizations and not a ripple disturbs the fair bosom of the political lake, but once let the farmer attempt to form an association by which he hopes to benefit the agricultural interests of the state, and secure a free and open market for his produce and what a howl is there, my countrymen! What is the matter with the farmer? Is it possible that when he forms an alliance that he is liable to lose his usefulness to bread and butter politicians, whose only visible means of support lies in doing the dirty work for the monopolists who are sapping his life blood? If so, they can not unite too quick so that they can take a hand in the game. Mr. Allison has been attacked with more venom than even he would be entitled to even if he was the drunken creature his maligners say he is, and we must look for the reason elsewhere than what they care a continental about his character. He is urging farmers to unite in a grand work and if his advice is good why should they not take it? Are they not as a class intelligent enough to understand the differences between good and bad advice? We think that they are, we know that they are and the day that they will be ruled by those who act in the interests of monopolists is drawing to a close. Bro. L. would like to know "what assurance can be given that the newer alliance officials will prove any better than the older ones?" What assurance? And to whom, please? We had not heard that the farmers had had a guardian appointed to whom they are obliged to submit their actions for approval, and even supposing that the alliance movement was wholly a political movement have not the farmers a perfect right to engage in it if they like? We would like to have somebody tell us if they can why the men who raise the bread to feed politicians and furnish the majority of votes to make them may not engage in politics in this free country if they like without such a terrible dust being kicked up about it! A dust that can only have but one effect and that is to blind the eyes of the people to the real facts at issue. We have all tried to do business in this country upon a plan that gives the lion's share of the profits to everybody but the man who produces the wheat and this is wrong—a wrong to the business men of this country. Instead of trying to check them in their efforts to obtain justice, the business men should supplement their efforts by associations to back them up, to aid and strengthen them because the interests of every legitimate business is mutual with the farmer upon whom they depend for the business. If the farmer can get but the bare cost of production from his produce how can business thrive? The business men of Crookston understand this and have tendered the free use of the city hall for the use of the alliance. This is as it should be and they will lose nothing by it. The farmer feels his need of the hearty co-operation of all interested in his welfare and progress and he is not a chump who will soon forget his friends. Upon the other hand neither will he forget those who in any manner attempt to hinder his efforts to secure his rights, or to betray him into the hands of his enemies. We believe that Bro. L. is in full sympathy with any movement calculated to subserve the true interests of this country but we believe he is wholly mistaken in his views upon the objects of the farmers' alliance.

Solid For The People.

In a private letter from Senator C. K Davis to the editor of THE JOURNAL, he says: I have to acknowledge the receipt of your esteemed favor of the 20th inst. touching upon the project of an agricultural commission and the appointment of an Alliance man as one of its members. The plan, as you prudently remark, will depend for its efficiency upon the character and quality of the Commissioners, and your recomdation will induce me to give the subject of the bill and its administration, the most careful consideration.

Very truly yours

C. K. DAVIS.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., Feb. 12, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: If my bill ever becomes a law, I shall be very glad, indeed, to aid some intelligent farmer in the Red River Valley to become a member of the commission. I am very much obliged to you for the interest you take in the proposed measure, and am particularly gratified at the articles appearing in THE JOURNAL, which I have had the pleasure of reading. There is going to be some opposition to the bill, growing out of the feeling on the part of some of the chairmen of certain committees that the investigation proposed would abbreviate somewhat their own range of authority and duties. To overcome this opposition it is necessary that the farmers bestir themselves and pile in the petitions upon Congress insisting upon the passage of the bill. For myself, I feel that the farmers of the country, after all these years, are entitled to have a commission largely composed of their own members, who shall make an investigation for themselves, take evidence, decide, if they can, what occasions the depression which marks the agricultural interest and suggest a remedy for the same. I shall do all that is possible, personally, to accomplish the purposes of the bill and to secure its passage, and I hope that newspapers like your own will take up the matter and show the farmers the necessity of action if they would secure this recognition. Again thanking you,

I am very truly yours,

GILBERT A. PIERCE.

Comstock For The People,

HOUSE REPRESENTATIVES U. S.
WASHINGTON, D. C. Feb. 24, 1890.

FRIEND COOKE:—I have your letter of the 20th inst. in relation to the tariff, and suggesting the appointment of a good alliance man as a member of the Agricultural Commission provided for in Senator Pierce's bill.

If that bill passes I shall do what I can to carry out the wishes of the Farmers Alliance in the matter.

With reference to tariff matters, I have been in the Ways and Means Committee room occasionally, and have talked with the members. I think the committee will present a bill satisfactory to our people, or nearly so. Of course, it will not go to the length that some of our friends desire, but it will give a very substantial reduction in the tariff on many articles. I expect to see a reduction of the tariff on twine, or the materials of which it is made, and a large reduction in the tariff on sugar. I believe there will be a reduction of the revenues of the government to its reasonable expenditures. The committee is working earnestly on the bill and is making good progress. I have no doubt of the intention of the party to carry out its pledges which it made the country in the last campaign. Those who constantly assert that I am an extremist on the tariff question, know nothing about it, for I am not such, and believe that a revision is needed not for party purposes alone but for the interests of the country. A protection tariff is an adjustable thing which should be changed as often as necessary to meet the exigencies which are constantly arising. I believe in carrying out our promises to the country, and shall do all I can to that end.

Yours truly,

S. G. COMSTOCK.

FERTILE, Minn., Feb. 24, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: Saturday, the 22d of February, Garfield Alliance held their third meeting, 14 new members joining. We now number 25, which is very small for this township, in comparison with other towns in the county. T. H. Nesseth was elected delegate and H. A. Gullekson, alternate to state convention. The grain inspection law was discussed and the general opinion was that it is not in practice at local elevators; the farmer's coat, in a great many cases, seems to be the cereal inspected by some buyers. A resolution was passed by the alliance as follows: "That we who have to sell to local elevators are not benefitted by the grain inspection law, but we are not in favor of repealing the law, but demand of our next legislature to amend the law so as to have more effect at country elevators." If every man or corporation of farmers could build elevators or warehouses along the several railroads in this state where they could handle and ship their own grain, I think there would be much gained; but as it is now, the railroad companies will not permit any one to build elevators but themselves, and this is more than we should stand. A corporation of farmers, with their hard earned money, should have the same rights as a corporation of millionaires with their ill gotten gains. The elevator company and the railroad company are for the most part the same thing. Now, brother farmers, come and join us and let us see by joining together and pulling one way, all of us, we can better our condition. If the present condition of things shall continue much longer, we might just as well give up now, because we work only to make the millionaire's grip on us so much the tighter.

F. H. NESSETH.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventeen dollars and fifty cents, which is claimed to be due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fontaine and Mary A. Fontaine, his wife, to Newton McKusick, bearing date the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 384, 385, 386 and 387, which said mortgage was on the 6th day of June, 1889, duly assigned by the said Newton McKusick to Patrick Soards, by an instrument in writing, duly witnessed and acknowledged so as to entitle it to be recorded, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 380 and 381; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered seventy-one (71) in Kretzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; said sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, or his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 2d, 1890.

PATRICK SOARDS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Assignee. [46-52]

W A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON. - - MINN

NEW MEAT
MARKET
At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,
SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.
Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.
SANDS BRO'S, MAIN STREET.

INTRODUCTION!
I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I
have Bought Out the Stock
—OF—
HACK & GALLASCH
And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a
FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS
Generally kept in a first-class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,
A. STURE.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the Northwest.
Drop in and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000
Money to loan on long or short time on approved security
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, K. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, D. H. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby.
Chas. E. Sawyer.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures for less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.
[34-tf] W. G. COOKE.

Always on Time.
There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.
THE
All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.
NORTHWESTERN
Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best
LINE
between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to
T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Somebody sent us a copy of the Advocate, published at Topeka, Kansas, in the interests of the Kansas Farmers' Alliance. The Advocate is a rattling good paper, bristling with good points for the cause in any state. We can recommend it to all who wish to keep fully posted on alliance work. It is worth a hundred times its cost—$1 per year, and should be in every sub-alliance in the county.

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[First publication March 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventeen dollars and fifty cents, which is claimed to be due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fontaine and Mary A. Fontaine, his wife, to Newton McKusick, bearing date the [illegible] day of May, A. D. 1889, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 384, 385, 380 and [illegible], which said mortgage was on the 5th day of June, 1889, duly assigned by the said Newton McKusick to Patrick Soarls, by an instrument in writing, duly witnessed and acknowledged, so as to entitle it to be recorded, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages on pages 380 and 381, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered seventy-one (71) in Kretzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, or his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the [illegible] day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March [illegible], 1890.

[illegible]
Assignee of Mortgagee.
[illegible]
Attorney for Assignee. (8-8)

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

NEW MEAT
MARKET
At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,
SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.

Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.
SANDS BRO'S, MEAT MARKET.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock
OF
HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. O. Erskine, D. H. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.
[illegible] W. G. COOKE.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul, & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to
T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., MARCH 6, 1890.

Give the Farmer a Chance.

Minneapolis Journal.

The decidedly meager advantages accruing to the farmers of this country through the present tariff, have been alluded to by The Journal. Very plausible sophistries have been spoken and written on this subject, but the fact remains as deeply rooted as a verity of geometry. And it is a fact that tariff revision has become an absolute necessity, for the present inharmonious, patchwork tariff policy will not do. Some industries are over-protected, some have inadequate protection; some articles ought to be on the free list, which it was perfectly proper to make dutiable two decades ago.

The farmers' products have had to take their chances. And protection is, from time to time, increased on manufactured products without diffusing the advantage so as to include the farmer. The placing of jute, sisal and manilla on the free list, is advocated in the present congress to help out the consumers of the manufactures of these and like materials, and rightly enough, perhaps This does not hurt the farmer. But the proposition to place flax on the free list does.

And here is a chance for the manufacturers who have been strengthened by protective duties through the aid of the farmer, to do the latter a good turn. The manufacture of linen and toweling and twine from flax fibre is in its infancy in this country. That industry is just the kind which can be legitimately assisted by protective duties Our Northwest is a superb flax-growing country. It furnishes about a third of the flax seed of the country. The most remunerative part of the flax-growing business is, however, neglected. The straw needs to be thoroughly utilized for the fiber. There are only two or three linen mills in this country. There are a few flax cordage factories. In the west a few flax tow mills.

What we want to do is make our own linen and cordage and twine from flax. We can grow all the flax we need. Why import it? Why not encourage our farmers to grow flax for the straw as well as for the seed? Why not give them this substantial benefit from the protective principle? If a protective tariff is good for anybody it is for them, too.

Northwestern Agriculturist: To best develop choice grade Friesian heifers in the line of butter and milk, they should be kept in thrifty, growing condition on good clover hay if it can be had, or corn fodder, wild hay or silage, with a fair ration of oats or bran. Fattening grain, like corn or barley, should be avoided. The muscles should be developed and food enough given to keep the animal growing symmetrically without forcing. Size is not essential but care should be taken, especially the first year, not to allow a lack of good food to check a healthy growth. With such food and careful handling, the heifers will reach their normal development and become as good cows as they are capable of making. Heifers intended for the dairy should be handled and curried a great deal, and a friendly feeling established between them and their owners. One peculiarity of the imported Friesian cows is their gentle disposition. They evidently regard all mankind, men, women and children, as their friends, and are easily approached and seldom have vicious habits.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
6:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
8:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	8:23 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Johnson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial district, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN, Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

[43-49]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Wilkinson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN, Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

[43-49]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 15th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Owen Owens to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 12th day of August A. D. 1880 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October A. D. 1880, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book "28" of mortgages, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18, and

Whereas said Owen Owens failed, neglected and refused to keep the buildings on the premises, herein described, insured as in said mortgage provided for, and

Whereas said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company was compelled to and did pay the sum of six and 80-100 dollars ($6.80) insurance thereon, and

Whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest and insurance upon the lot in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: upon lot one (1) block twenty-four (24,) four hundred twenty-eight and 72-100 dollars ($428.72,) and

Whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot one (1) in block twenty-four (24) of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and insurance, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 11th A. D. 1890.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY, Mortgagee.

George H. Taylor, Att'y for Mortgagee. [43-49] c578

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

WHEREAS OZIAS LEVECK AND EMIRE Leveck, his wife, as mortgagors did on the ninth day of July A. D. 1883, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the seventh day of July A. D. 1883, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section nineteen (19,) in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, to secure the payment of one hundred and ninety-four and forty one hundredths dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in six annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the tenth day of July A. D. 1883, at two o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "26" of mortgages on pages 294 to 296 inclusive,

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received on the eighth day of October A. D. 1883, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged and was thereafter on the 14th day of January A. D. 1890, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County in book "43" of mortgages on page 214,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six dollars ($36,) due as the second installment on said note on on the first day of December A. D. 1889, and said sum is still unpaid and due, and whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option, to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and eighty and twenty-four one hundredths dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided: said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage together with the taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated December 18th A. D. 1889.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS, PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS, Assignees of Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee. Crookston, Minn. [40-46]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($122.72) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ambrose Goodboo and Louise Goodboe, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the second day of April A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "35" of mortgages, on page 63.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date thereof, the sum of nine hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($922.72) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section thirteen (13,) and east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) Section fourteen (14) Town one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty-three (43) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys, Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($81.54.) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Roberge and Vitoline Roberge his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the 1st day of May A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of May A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book "36" of mortgages, on page 131.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($881.54,) and whereas the said power has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ of se¼) and the south half of the southwest quarter (s½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10,) Town one hundred and fifty-one (151,) Range forty-five (45) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys, Att'y of Mortgagee. 42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of ninety-five dollars ($95.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Olivier Mennier (widower) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1887, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on page 258.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date hereof the sum of one thousand ninety-five dollars ($1,095); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼) of section seven (7) Town one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. HUMPHREYS, Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMELINE GOSSELIN (a single woman) of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagor, by indenture of mortgage, bearing date the first day of November A. D. 1884, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the fifth day of November A. D. 1884, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes in the forenoon in book "I" of mortgages at pages 594, 595, 596 and 597, mortgaged to John Knuppe of said County and State, mortgagee, his heirs and assigns, all the following described tract of land, lying and being in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter (S½ of SE¼) of Section numbered six (6,) and the north one-half of the northeast quarter (N½ of NE¼ of Section numbered seven (7,) both in Township numbered one hundred fifty-one (151) north, of Range numbered forty-two (42) west, of the fifth principal meridian, being one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, said mortgage being given to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in the sum of two hundred twenty dollars ($220) made by the said mortgagor, Emeline Gosselin, and payable to the order of John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the first day of November, A. D. 1887, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable annually.

And whereas, said John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the tenth day of February A. D. 1885, duly assigned the said mortgage, and the note and debt secured thereby, to Gerrit W. Vis of Saint Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, by instrument in writing bearing said date of February tenth A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds in book "V" of mortgages at page 192, on the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1885 at ten o'clock in the forenoon

And whereas, said Gerrit W. Vis, is now deceased, and all his property, both real and personal including said note and mortgage, has been duly assigned by Final Decree of the Probate Court of Ramsey County Minnesota, to Martha Vis, widow of said Gerrit W. Vis, deceased, and sole legatee under the will of said deceased, and said Martha Vis is now the owner of said note and mortgage,

And whereas, default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and in the payment of the whole of said principal sum of two hundred twenty dollars, and all interest thereon from the first day of November A. D. 1888. And whereas, the said mortgagor failed and neglected to pay the taxes on the said mortgaged premises for the years 1886, 1887 and 1888, so that said premises were sold for nonpayment of taxes, and the said Martha Vis was obliged to, and did, on the eighteenth day of February A. D. 1890 redeem said premises from such sales, paying for such redemption and as delinquent taxes upon the said premises the sum of ($40.36.) And there is claimed to be, and is actually due at the date of this notice on the said note and mortgage and on the debt secured thereby the sum of two hundred forty-nine and 40-100 dollars ($249.40,) and in addition thereto the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, being the said sum of forty and 36-100 dollars ($40.36) dollars, making in all the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 76-100 dollars ($289.76,) which last mentioned amount is claimed to be due under said mortgage at the date of this notice,

And no suit or other proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover or collect the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, of the said mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay and satisfy the amount now due on said mortgage, and the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, with interest thereon, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the legal costs and disbursements of such foreclosure and sale, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, of said Polk County, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Friday the eleventh day of April A. D. 1890, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Saint Paul, Minnesota, this nineteenth day of February A. D. 1890.

MARTHA VIS, Widow and sole legatee of Gerrit W. Vis Deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.

Harry H. Dean, Att'y for Assignee of Mortgagee. Saint Paul, Minnesota. [45-51]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., Jan. 29th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 14th, 1890. viz: ANDREW S. AMUNDSON, H'd 8847, for the e½ sw¼ and w½ se¼, S. 26, T. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gulbran Pederson Braaten, Joan Olson Seeter, Torr Johnson and Andrew A. Bakken, all of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 23d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred eighty and 70-100 dollars, ($280.70,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Jarvis and Annie Jarvis, his wife, as mortgagors, to Marcus Johnson and A. D. Stephens, as mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of March A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March A. D. 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "V" of mortgages, on page 324, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter and west half of the southeast quarter Section twenty-nine (29,) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) north, Range forty-eight (48) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state on the 8th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 8th A. D. 1890.

MARCUS JOHNSON AND A. D. STEPHENS, Mortgagees.

John Cromb, Att'y for Mortgagees. Crookston, Minn. [40-46]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 30th 1890.]

WHEREAS CHRISTIAN N. SATHRE AND Ragnhild Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, as mortgagors, did on the second day of November A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the second day of November A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee, the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter, and the north half of the northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section fifteen (15,) in township one hundred and forty-nine (149,) of range forty-six (46) and containing two hundred acres, to secure the payment of two hundred and sixty-three and 25-100 dollars according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in ten semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the third day of November A. D. 1885, at four o'clock and fifteen minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "W" of mortgages, on pages 469, 470 and 471,

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, did for value received on the tenth day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson and McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing, under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 23d day of April A. D. 1889, at two o'clock and twenty minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "46" of mortgages, on pages 166 and 167,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100) due as the sixth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the seventh installment of said note, on the first day of July A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the eighth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1890, and all of said sums are still due and unpaid, and whereas it was stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable, without notice to said mortgagors or any other party,

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, assignees of said mortgagee have exercised their option to consider and declare and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 24th A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS, Assignees of Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee. [41-47]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred ninety-one and 44-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Swan Hovik and Maria Hovik, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to Peter J. McGuire, as mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of February, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 310, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the following property described in said mortgage, viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 2, in block 26, original townsite of Crookston, thence running in an easterly direction along the line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, thence in a southerly course on a line parallel with the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, thence in a westerly direction on a line parallel with the south line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, to the east line of said Ash street, thence in a northerly direction along the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, to the place of beginning, being 50 feet by 140 feet off the north side of lot 2, in block 26, of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county.

And also the undivided one-third of lots three (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), in block 4, in Davis' addition to the townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, or by his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year as provided by law.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., February 19th, 1890.

PETER J. MCGUIRE, Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS, Attorney for Mortgagee. [45-51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($235.69.) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles Richard and Mary Richard, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of February A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February A. D. 1888, at 4:10 o'clock p. m., in book "35" of mortgages, on page 616.

And whereas, said mortgagee, now the holder thereof, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of sixteen hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($1635.69.) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two (32,) Township one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty-five (45,) in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys, Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

DISTRICT COURT, POLK COUNTY. }

In the matter of the proceedings of the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad Company to acquire the right of way over and through and the use of certain lands in Polk County, Minnesota:

Notice is hereby given to Stanley Sanford, W. G. Wheeler, John H. Hill, Nichols Shepard and Company, F. T. Day, John H. Van Dyke, The Netherlands American Land Company, Alanson Moore, The Colonial and United States Mortgage Company, Limited, The American Mortgage Company, of Scotland, Limited, Caleb J. Camp, and to all persons, parties or corporations who have, or claim to have, any interest, either as owner, encumbrancer, tenant or otherwise in any of the following described tracts of land, or in any part thereof, to-wit:

The ne¼ of Section 17, in Township 147, Range 44.

The se¼ of Section 8, in Township 147, of Range 44.

The s½ of the nw¼ of Section 8, in Township 147, Range 44.

The se¼ of Section 26, in Township 148, Range 45.

The sw¼ of Section 25 in Township 148, of Range 45.

The se¼ of Section 6, in Township 143, of Range 45.

The sw¼ of Section 33, in Township 149, of Range 45.

The ne¼ of Section 9, in Township 148, of Range 46.

The ne¼ of Section 8, in Township 148, of Range 46.

The sw¼ of Section 22, in Township 149, of Range 45

All of said lands being in Polk County, Minnesota, and portions of each of said tracts have been taken by said Railroad Company for railroad purposes, that the undersigned, commissioners appointed in the above entitled proceedings by order of said court, on September 14th, 1889, to examine said lands and to estimate, appraise, and award to the owners, and to all persons interested in said lands, or any part thereof the damages caused by the taking or injuriously affecting said lands as proposed in the petition herein, have met and made such examination and awarded damages and made their report as required by the statute, and that such report was filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for Polk County, Minnesota, on September 20th, 1889, and so remains on file.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 20th, 1889.

W. F. ZWICKEY, }
C. H. HOLMES, } Commissioners.
M. C. MALONE, }

DE FOREST BUCKLEN, Attorney for the Petitioner. [45-47]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, special term, February 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Ole Aslakson, of Polk County, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Aslak Bjornson, late of said county, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, at Bygland, in said county, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to T. D. Ose, granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this Court on Tuesday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of February, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.

[45-48]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, February 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Peder C. Finseth, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Martin Finseth of Polk County, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Peder C. Finseth late of said Polk County, on or about the 21st day of February A. D. 1888, at Roome in said county died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving good, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a cousin of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said petitioner, Martin Finseth granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Monday the 24th day of March A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of February A. D. 1890.

By the Court. C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.

[45-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on page 335 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. HUMPHREYS, Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered In the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $181.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the 'Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD, Crookston, Minn.

Nov, 12, 1889.

[30-43]

M. M. VAN DYKE

Physician and Surgeon,

Office corner of Main and Second Streets,

CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

THE

St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry.

IS THE

DIRECT AND POPULAR LINE

TO PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

MINNESOTA. DAKOTA. MONTANA

Also to St. Paul & Minneapolis.

FOR ALL POINTS SOUTH AND EAST.

THE ONLY LINE RUNNING TO THE THREE GREAT CITIES OF MONTANA.

Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Their "Montana Express" will be put in service November 10th, with a Train Equipment unexcelled, furnishing Splendid Day Coaches Palace Sleepers. Free Colonist Sleepers and Superb Dining Cars of latest design.

"Manitoba-Pacific Route"

To Puget Sound Points.

Affords Cheaper Rates than via any other. Fast Time, Comfort, Courteous Attention.

LAND This Company has for sale in Minnesota 2,000,000 acres of Excellent Farming, Grazing and Timber Lands, at very low prices and on favorable terms.

For Maps, and general information inquire of your own Ticket Agent, or

J. BOOKWALTER, Land Com'r.
F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.
A. MANVEL, V. P. & G. M.
W. S. ALEXANDER, G. T. M

THE NEW CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skillfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT.)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN. - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 13, 1890.

NO. 47

Polk County Journal.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1.75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

OVERPRODUCTION.

The Law of Supply and Demand.

A Monstrous Falsehood Uttered by a Mis-Statesman, and Given Out by a Senile Editor Through a Corrupt Press.

OVERPRODUCTION IMPOSSIBLE.

Thoughts for Statesmen—A Remedy For Hard Times.

W. S. Morgan, in Topeka (Kansas) Advocate.

Many years ago Thomas Carlyle wrote of us as a people, that we would "have our period."

"It will be" says "when health is intact, crops abundant, and the munificent hand open. Then so-called statesmen will cry overproduction, and the man of the ballot, the self-reliant the self-plient, will go the ballot box amidst hunger and destitution, but surrounded by the glitter of self rule, and ratify by his ballot the monstrous falsehood, overproduction, uttered by mis-statesmen and vindicated by the same ballot; the infamous lie thrown upon the breeze by a senile editor through a corrupt press, and thus bring ruin upon the country, serfdom upon himself and the death of oppression upon his children."

Had Mr. Carlyle been divinely inspired he could hardly have described, with clearer prophetic vision, precisely the condition of the American people at the present time.

We are passing through our "trial period." Take Kansas for instance Were ever crops more abundant? Was ever health more intact? Was ever a people more industrious or more economical?

In the midst of all this seeming prosperity the cry of poverty comes up from the producers, and mis-statesmen utters the "monstrous falsehood," overproduction. The same "infamous lie" is "thrown upon the breeze by a senile editor through a corrupt press", and what is the result?

The "infamous lie" ratified by the ballot of the producer, bringing "ruin upon his country, serfdom upon himself and the death of oppression upon his children."

The most abundant crop for years. What is it worth?

Corn, 15 cents per bushel; oats ten cents and wheat 60 cents per bushel.

Why is this?

Ask the lawyer, the partisan editor, the politician or the so-called statesmen and they will tell you it is overproduction. Was ever lie more apparent on the face of it?

They have told you in substance, that you had not produced so much you would be more prosperous; that you would have made more money; that the country in general would be in a better condition financially, if the people would not work so hard and overproduce everything. In short, we raise so much to eat that some of our people must go hungry; manufacture so much clothing and so many boots and shoes that some of us must go ragged and barefoot; that we dig out so much coal that many must suffer for want of fire. Oh, the flimsiness of such argument. How long will the people permit themselves to be gulled by such palpable falsehoods?

Down here in Arkansas we have a partial failure of crops and we are told that that is the cause of hard times. In Kansas they are blessed with an abundance and that is said to have caused hard times on account of an overproduction.

Oh! the cheek, the gall it must require for these self-important, self-conceited, blatant political demagogues, who never produced a dollar's worth of wealth in their lives, to make such statements, to propagate such lies. But a pity it is that in this enlightened age there can be found any considerable number of fools ready and willing to "ratify this infamous lie with their ballot."

Is overproduction possible? No. Why? Because on the products of labor we live. Labor feeds us, clothes us, warms us and builds houses in which to live.

Now suppose that everybody had a surplus of all these things. Would the cry of poverty and wail of despair go out through the land? The productions of labor contribute to the human family: they are absolutely necessary to the existence of the human race. Is it possible, then, that these elements properly distributed, can entail misery and poverty upon the people? The idea is too absurd to think about; it is too repugnant to common sense. There might be such a thing as the overproduction of one or two things, to neglect of some-thing else equally as important; but this would be soon corrected by the loss in producing it as compared with the profits in producing that which is neglected, and the equilibrium is soon restored; but there never can be a general overproduction, (except, perhaps, of fools.)

The real cause of the general industrial depression throughout the country is an inequitable system of distribution. Statistics show that the wealth of the country has increased within the last twenty-five years from sixteen billion to sixty billion dollars. No other country has at any time in the history of the world shown such rapid increase of wealth. As producers we have astonished the world.

It would seem that with all this increase of wealth, all made by the producers, that the industrial masses ought to be in a prosperous and happy condition. It is useless to add that such is not the case. But why? We have had a repetition of the statement that we have created within that time no less than five to seven thousand millionaires. But this is no answer to the question. How did these men accumulate such large fortunes while others, the real producers of wealth were growing poorer all the time? Squalid poverty on the one hand, and opulent wealth on the other, are only the results of system, and men and organizations are only losing their time passing resolutions and condemning the men who have become wealthy, while they themselves are sustaining by their ballots the system fraught with all these evils.

And what is a civilization worth that produces such results? What of a statesman who utters not his warning against its evil tendencies? What of a Christianity that dare not unmask its rottenness and sound the warning note of danger? And what of a constituency, a freeman that will ratify this condition of things with his ballot?

The great trouble lies in our own system of distribution. Production and distribution are the two factors which must make up our National greatness. As is certainly apparent to all, we produce admirably, but we do not distribute properly.

The two principal factors in distribution are money and transportation. These, properly controlled, are the beneficent agents or servants of commerce, But under our system they have become the masters of commerce. They fix the terms upon which commerce shall be carried on and sustained. They levy tribute on the products of labor with an iron hand. Governors, judges, courts and legislatures do their bidding. Even the Executive of the nation is not without the pale of their influence. Those who control these agents of distribution have accumulated vast fortunes, and we have this anomalous condition: The nation wealthy, but the people poor.

For want of space we shall not undertake anything like a discussion of some of the prominent points relating to this most important question, but will content ourselves by indicating some of the evils which result from the present system, and the importance of applying the proper remedy. For a full discussion of this whole question with the proper remedy the reader is referred to "History of the Wheel and Alliance Impending Revolution."

We have already stated that money and transportation were the two principal agents of distribution. Money as a medium of exchange facilitates barter, infuses new life and enterprise in every avocation. As an agent of distribution it may be subdivided as performing two distinct functions, or rather as bearing two different relations in performing its functions. They are usury and commerce or trade.

When we consider the power of interest and the evils which it entails upon all who come within reach of its grasping tentacles, we are not left to conjecture the importance which this branch of our subject bears to the matter under discussion, or as to the fate of the nation that permits itself to be drawn into this vortex that has swallowed the nations. Sixteen thousand millions of dollars worth of interest bearing, soul devouring mortgages resting upon the homes of our people.

Six thousand millions of interest bearing public indebtedness is eating away the vitals of American industry.

Eleven thousand millions of private indebtedness is sapping the energies of the nation's producers. Thirty-three thousand millions of dollars indebtedness.

This is the heritage we are preparing to bequeath to our children. This is the incubus on American labor. This is the Upas tree that is poisoning every element of national greatness; robbing enterprise of its energy; industry of its reward; public spirit of its patriotism and posterity of its inheritance. What is the interest burden? At eight per cent. it amounts to two billion seven hundred and thirty millions of dollars per annum. This vast sum is annually transferred from the producers to the non-producers; usury does it. Interest is usury. The great part of this sum becomes principal and is each year added to the aggregate amount of the indebtedness of the country and becomes an additional burden upon the profits of industry.

Let us now consider for a moment what this vast sum means.

Twenty-seven hundred and thirty millions of dollars annual interest!

It represents the value of all the wheat raised in the United States in six years, at one dollar per bushel.

It represents all the corn raised in five years, at thirty-five cents per bushel.

It represents more than the civil war cost for any one year.

All the hay, corn, wheat, cotton and oats raised in the United States in one year, sold at the highest price obtainable would not bring money enough to pay this annual interest burden.

It would require a train of cars reaching twice around the globe to hold wheat enough to pay it, at one dollar per bushel.

To pay it in corn, at thirty-five cents per bushel, it would require a train of cars reaching almost six times around the earth.

From a financial standpoint we could better afford to sustain an army of 800,000 men than to pay the annual tribute to this "sitting army" that holds the evidences of our indebtedness.

It requires no prophetic vision to anticipate the future condition of our people if they are not aided in some way to lift this incubus from the industries of the country.

So much has been said of the abuses of commerce or trade, of the numerous trusts which threaten to undermine and overthrow our whole commercial system, which hitherto was supposed to rest upon a solid foundation, and be controlled by healthy competition, that it would be only a monotonous repetition of an old story to discuss it here.

The other factor, transportation, is of hardly less importance than the money question.

The immense fortunes which men who control this means of distribution have been enabled to accumulate in the short space of half a life time, is one of the best evidences that this agency has been perverted from the public good, by taxing production to an extent that must inevitably lead to industrial slavery.

In the light of the facts at hand, and easily obtainable, it would seem unnecessary, for the purposes of this article, to undertake to show that the hundreds of millions of dollars annually exacted from the products of the country to make up dividends on stocks that represent no value whatever, and bonds which, to a great extent, represent a fictitious value, of princely salaries and extravagant expenditure, is a useless burden on society that threatens every phase of our national life, and bodes no good to our national prosperity.

These two agents which form the principal factors in our distributive system, and which ought to be made the servants of the people, but which under the present condition are their masters, are the most important elements that contribute to our national greatness.

Being so closely related to the interests of the people, so intimately connected with their welfare and interwoven with their enterprises, it is a source of wonder that anyone can be found who will contend from a logical standpoint that they should not be controlled by the people, that is to say, by the government.

If these agents were properly controlled so as to be the beneficent servants of commerce instead of its master, the producer would receive a just reward for his labor.

This would enable the farmer to buy more of the products of the artisan and the manufacturer, and they, in turn, could buy more of the products of the farm. The millions of dollars of wealth that goes to make up the aggregate of vast accumulations of capital would remain in the hands of the producers, or accrue to the benefit of the consumer, and demand would be stimulated by increasing consumption by the simple process of increasing the ability to buy.

"Supply and demand," says the Silver Commission, "mean the same thing and are but two faces of the same fact." The demand is only limited by the ability to buy, and though people may starve in the midst of plenty for want of means to purchase the necessities of life, it is no evidence of over-production, but of improper distribution resulting in under-consumption.

And this condition will continue to exist so long as we are content to endure a system that makes ten thousand paupers in order to create a millionaire. And we will continue to have this system so long as the "senile editor" continues to propagate the "monstrous falsehood," the pulpit asks the blessings of Deity upon our present system, and the voter ratifies it by his ballot.

Let the government abolish usury entirely by furnishing the people money at cost, upon good security; obtain by purchase, control of the railroads and operate them in the interests of the people.

Then new fires will be lighted in every forge, millions of idle wheels will be put in motion, new mines will be opened up and mother earth made to yield her hidden store; millions of idle hands will be given employment, and the busy hum of active industry will be heard in every city, town and hamlet throughout the land.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. 7-8t

JUST FOR FUN,

AND TO KEEP BUSINESS LIVELY,

I Propose to Give Away

FOR A VERY LITTLE CASH,

A Few Lots in Jerome's Addition

At about the cost of transfer, viz:

Lots 9 and 10, in blk. 16; lots 11 and 12, in blk. 16; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 20; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 20; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 21; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 21; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 22; lots 5 and 6, in blk. 22; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 25; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 25; lots 3 and 4, in blk. 32; lots 19 and 20, in blk. 32; lots 21 and 22, in blk. 32; lots 23 and 24, in blk. 33, and lots 25 and 26, in blk. 33,

AT $13 EACH OR $26 A PAIR.

Thus you will observe the purchaser gets a fifty foot front lot for only $26; or if you prefer, you can purchase four lots for $52, making 100 feet front.

☞ Now is your chance. THIS OFFER WILL REMAIN OPEN ONLY SIXTY DAYS. Apply to

M. R BROWN.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Interest on time deposits. Special attention to collections.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
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Max Ericsson. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Lesken. C. Hendrickson.
A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

We wish to inform lou friends, and the public generaly that we are

AGAIN ON DECK THIS SPRING

WITH ALL KINDS OF

FARM MACHINERY,

NCLUDING THE NOW FAMOUS

Dowagiac Shoe Drill.

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - MINNESOTA

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET. —
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

1890.——HERE WE ARE AGAIN——1890.

LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES, ETC. ETC. ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARRANTEED. AT BOTTOM PRICES

WITH OUR NEW

Spring Stock

—OF—

☞ CHOICE NOVELTIES. ☜

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,
ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE=WE=ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.
Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long $4.00
" " Striped " " " 6.00
" " " " " " 7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " " 8.00
" " " " " " 9.00
" " Black or Brown " " " 10.00
" " " " " " 12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., MARCH 13, 1890.

'Round Home.

It begins to look like spring weather.

Mrs. A. Braley gave a card party on Tuesday evening.

Miss Jennie Miller returned from a visit to Keystone last week.

County Attorney Williams needs another dog for his office.

Geo. J. McManus went to St. Paul and Duluth last week and will return about the 15th.

Only a few more days before the spring time comes, gentle Annie, or words to that effect.

Miss Inez McGrew and Miss Jennie Gallasch went over to visit friends in Grand Forks last week.

Judge Mills arrived on Tuesday to hold chambers. Several important cases will be argued before him.

Make a home run for the Opera House to-night, make a short stop there while you witness "A Base Hit."

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

Miss Allie Veronneau went to Warren on Saturday to pay a farewell visit to friends there before going to Butte.

Dick Hussey is making a huge success as a druggist, but says he is eagerly anticipating the return of Dr. Van Dyke from the west.

Mr. Sampson treated the second ward school children to a sleigh ride on Monday afternoon. The little folks seemed to enjoy it hugely.

The Prattsburgh (N. Y.) News says: "Mr. and Mrs. Clark Van Housen and daughter are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Van Housen."

Edward Bivins, Mrs. F. Bivins and Miss Alice Van Dyke went over to spend the day with Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Cooke and Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Bartlett, on Saturday last.

Dave Robinson has purchased a half interest in the fruit and confectionery business of H. A. Mason, and together they will make a strong team. We wish the boys success.

Dr. Lankester was in the city on Monday. Says that Hugh Thompson is recovering from his recent severe illness and is able to be about; for which his many friends are thankful.

Mr. Buffington, of the Payne-Carrigan farm, arrived in the city this week with his foreman, enroute for the farm. It seems that the sale that was announced last fall for some reason or other fell through.

Soren Johnson, the photographer, returned from a brief visit to Superior, on Friday morning, very favorably impressed with what he saw and heard. Thinks Superior is the coming city of the great Northwest.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings is preparing to remove her millinery store to Robert street, in the building adjoining Reed's restaurant, on the east. She is having the building nicely fixed up to be ready for the spring opening. Look out for her announcement later.

Mrs. Isidore Fortier and daughters left for Butte, Montana, on Monday morning, to attend to the business matters of her late husband. Miss Allie Veronneau accompanied them, intending to engage in business there if she finds everything satisfactory to her.

Bro. Stevens, of the Warren Register, was in the city last week, enroute from Mt. Carroll, Ill. to Warren. He will remain in charge of the Register, while his son, the managing editor, takes a bit of a vacation. Mr. Stevens says times are as hard in Illinois as here, if not more so.

Nicoli Eddy, who was to try conclusions with Geo. Scott, at the skating rink last Friday night, for the championship of the Northwest, failed to show up when "time" was called and George remains master of the situation. A good time at the rink was enjoyed, however.

Mr. J. Jorgenson is moving his building from his lot on Robert street down to the foot of Ash street, to make way for a brick building which he intends to erect as soon as the weather will permit. The space between that and the Fortier block should be built up at the same time.

The Northwestern Farmer and Breeder, published at Fargo, has changed to a semi-monthly. It is one of the best agricultural papers in the Northwest, and at the price, 50 cents a year, should be in the hands of every progressive farmer. Address the publisher, E. A. Webb, Fargo, N. D., for a sample copy.

John Hack, who returned from the great west last week, gives a very graphic description of that country and all he saw and heard thereof. It was almost as good as a visit with the Crookstonites dwelling in that far off land to hear him tell about them. While he was very favorably impressed, he does not seem overly anxious to go out there to locate.

The Hawley correspondent of the Moorhead News says that N. H. Fulton has accepted the position of general manager of the Hawley creamery and will take charge as soon as the season opens. Mr. F. is an experienced creamery man and will no doubt give them excellent satisfaction. His butter always ranks first in the market.

WANTED.

A good compositor. Call at this office.

TO BE OPENED.

The President has approved of the bill for opening the Red Lake Reservation, but the proclamation will not be issued until the surveys are completed, which will take, it is said, from a year to 18 months. Upon receipt of the news in this city last week a meeting was called to ratify the action of the President and to commend the earnest efforts that Congressman Comstock has put forth in our behalf, and to take such action as was deemed necessary to advertise this city and the county. With such prospects before us we should all take hold unitedly in the great work and success will thus be sure. We should also put our shoulders to the wheel in the effort to secure a free and open market, so that the farmers may have the wherewithal to buy the pine lumber when it shall be placed upon the market.

Hon. H. Steenerson was in St. Paul last week. On his return he found a letter from a large lumber firm of Michigan, making inquiries into the pine industry here with a view to locating mills. They will thoroughly investigate and will, probably, take a hand in the manufacture of the pine when it comes into the market.

John C. Welles, proprietor of the old Reis farm, arrived on Monday from his home in Fon du Lac, and went down to the farm in the evening. He is making active preparations for the coming seeding campaign and is very sanguine of good crops and prices. He will put in every acre now ready on the home farm and is talking of buying several sections more.

Minnie and Mrs. Bailey are removing into the store on Broadway just north of LaDue's meat market, which they have repapered and refitted nicely. They have been doing a good business and their increasing trade demands greater facilities. The ladies will soon be ready for the grand spring opening. They intend to keep in stock everything desirable in their line and invite a call.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

John Nelson, secretary of St. Hilaire Alliance No. 703, writes us that 15 farmers joined that alliance at their last meeting on Feb. 28th, and that much interest is felt in the cause, though many more would join if they had the means. Mr. Nelson is fully impressed with the importance of the work and hopes to see the time when there will be an alliance in every town. Thinks every member should use his influence with his neighbors.

C. E. Sawyer: I like the idea you advanced in last issue on the Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad, and I am sure that our citizens ought to take some action looking toward the bringing of that road in here, and I am led to the conclusion that if we do not take some action soon the road will go south of us. I saw Mr. Fisher last week who expressed surprise that we had taken no action in the matter while other places take a lively interest in it. I am convinced that it will not requre a bonus to secure the road, and I hope our people will not let it go without an effort to secure it. While at Duluth I took a run over the road as far as it is completed and was well pleased with what I saw of it. I tell you Crookston needs that road.

The members of the Polk County Farmers' Alliance, delegates to the meeting of the State Alliance, waited on Governor Merriam to ascertain if anything could be done to relieve such of our farmers as are unable to pay for the seed wheat they purchased last year. The payments are due with their personal property taxes, and unless some relief is had the sheriff will be obliged to proceed in the matter, which will be a means of distress. The Governor will lay the matter before the Attorney General, who will try and devise some means of relief in all such cases. Should that be successful, these farmers will owe their relief to the Farmers' Alliance of Polk County, and that is only one of the many good things that the alliance will do for farmers if intelligently managed.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

We heard somebody on the street mourning the absence of good mayoralty timber. Why, bless you, man, the woods is full of good material. What's the matter with Wm. Anglim, M. R. Brown, Fred Durand, Ed. Wile, Wm. Watts, Halvor Steenerson, R. J. Montague, A. A. Miller, Judge Ives, Alex or John McKinnon, P. C. Schmidt, E. C. Davis, John Cromb, A. D. Stephens, A. C. Wilkinson, E. D. Childs, Felix Fournet, C. E. Sawyer, Louis Fontaine, or a hundred and one other good men and true? If that deck is not big enough and good enough to draw a winning hand from we must indeed be hard up. You could shoot into that crowd and not hit a poor stick, every man among them being thoroughly identified with the growth and prosperity of our city. There are other good men against whom nothing can be said than that they are among the newer arrivals. Good material? Lots of it and may the best man win.

That Potato Starch Factory.

The plan suggested in THE JOURNAL of the 6th, is a good one.

Farmers can afford to take the stock and thus secure a market for potatoes every year. Potatoes at 25 cents a bushel will pay as well as wheat at 75 cents, and be much better for the land. Potatoes one year prepares the way for a big wheat crop on the same ground the next year. Such a factory put in operation will help Crookston. It will make employment for labor; a demand for building material; sale for merchandise, and help the prosperity of all classes in the community. But it is getting late and if such a factory is to be put in operation this year, no time should be lost. FARMER.

Richard Hussey lays the whole blame in the matter of our wheat market directly at the door of the Minneapolis millers, who, he says, absolutely control the output of flour and thus the price of wheat. By keeping the price of flour low enough so that consumers will use it in preference to corn meal, they secure a larger trade, but they must keep the price of wheat down to bare cost of production to do this and make the large profits that they do; so they contract to supply the eastern millers with all the wheat they want at eastern figures, thus keeping them out of this market as competitive buyers. If the Legislature would pass a law basing the price of flour on the cost of wheat and a reasonable charge for milling, he says the whole problem would be solved at once. He thinks the question of our markets is one of so much importance to our business men that they should aid and abet the efforts of the farmers to obtain a free and open market.

Card of Thanks.

To Hon. B. Sampson and to his family for the right royal entertainment at their residence, of the pupils of our respective departments, as also for the very enjoyable sleigh ride which followed. These things mean more, much more, to the teacher than the mere enjoyment of the hour.

LAURA LAUMANN.
SOPHIA AAKER.

G. A. R. Encampment.

The Northern Pacific sells March 18th and 19th, round trip tickets to Minneapolis and return for $3.47, good until March 22d, 1890. [47-48]

WANTED.

A good man or boy for farm work for the season. Apply at JOURNAL office.

The Blair Educational Amendment.

It is high time that the people of this land were made aware of the dangers which threaten their rights and liberties through a measure now pending in Congress, introduced in December last by Senator Blair, under the designation of a "joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States respecting establishments of religion and free public schools." It is more familiarly known as The Blair Educational Amendment.

This measure professes to have been framed in the interests of religious liberty and Republican principles of government, but contains provisions which qualify it to operate directly against these interests. A brief examination will suffice to locate the evil and to discover its serious character.

Section one provides that, "no state shall ever make or maintain any law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof." This is unquestionably a very laudable provision, calculated to bring the Constitutions of the states up to the level of the National Constitution which says that "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof!" But it is contradicted by the provision of section 2, which says,

"Each state in this Union shall establish and maintain a system of free public schools adequate for the education of all the children living therein, between the ages of six and sixteen years, inclusive, in the common branches of learning, in virtue and morality, and in knowledge of the fundamental and non-sectarin principles of Christianity. Let us see what this would involve. First, it would have to be determined what are the "fundamental and non-sectarian principles of Christianity." But in this there is by no means a concurrence of opinion among representatives of the various religious denominations. Radical differences of belief exist, even in relation to those things which lie at the very foundation of Christian belief. Indeed, it would be very difficult, if not quite impossible, to settle upon a single doctrine of Christianity which is held without difference of opinion by all denominations alike. What concurrence of belief, for instance, even upon fundamental principles, would there be found among the Baptists, Roman Catholics, and Unitarians? It is evident, then, that upon the establishment of this proposed amendment there would immediately ensue a struggle among the various religious bodies to determine what should be recognized as the "fundamental" principles of Christianity. Each denomination would fight for what it considered to be these principles, and a turmoil would ensue in which the dragon of religious bigotry would have full play to rear his ugly head, and engender hatred, strife and discord in every part of the land.

Every teacher in the public schools, and every candidate for that office, would have to be qualified to give instruction in the principles of Christianity such as might be agreed upon as fundamental and non-sectarian, if any such agreement were possible. A code of these principles would have to be formulated, in which such teachers should be examined, and which they would be required by law to teach to the youth over which they had charge. Thus there would be a religious code which would be recognized by law, and decreed and supported by the state. This would be nothing else than a state religion, just what the first section of the proposed amendment undertakes to provide against by saying that "no state shall ever make or maintain any law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof."

The discord, dissatisfaction and strife which such a measure is fitted to occasion is incalculable. All parents who might not recognize the validity of what the state would decide upon as the "fundamental and non-sectarian principles of Christianity," would be compelled to withdraw their children from the public schools, to prevent their being instructed in reilgious tenents which they did not indorse. This would include all parents of Jewish faith, and, it is safe to say, many who belong to denomination, recognized as Christian. There would also be numerous parents of no denominational connection and recognizing no religious faith, who would be strenously opposed to having their children taught in any of the principles of the Christian religion. It would be a gross injustice to these parents and their children to deny to them the benefits of the public schools, those schools which they are taxed to support, and to the privileges of which, under a republican form of government, they have an indisputable right. It is a measure to which they could not and would not peaceably submit.

Therefore in the name of peace, in the name of justice, in the name of religious freedom and of American and Republican principles of government, let the people of this country raise their united voice against the passage of this proposed amendment. That it may indeed fail of its purpose, and the evils which it threatens be averted, is a consummation most devoutly to be wished.

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We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

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Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

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I have the largest and most elegant line of fine
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From Hill Brothers, New York City, ever exhibited in Carman. You will be well repaid to make the effort to see this beautiful display. Nothing like it ever seen here before.
Carman, Oct. 8, 1889.
[25tf] MINNIE & MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

REMOVAL.
We have removed our Millinery Establishment from Carman to the McKinnon Restaurant building on Main street, and respectfully invite our lady friends to call and examine our stock.
MINNIE AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY.

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ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUCHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
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Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
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Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

NEW MEAT
MARKET
At Steenerson Bros. Old Stand, on Main Street,
SANDS BROTHERS, Prop's.
Having purchased this stand we have put in a large and complete stock of Fresh and Salt Meats of all kinds, secured the services of a thoroughly competent butcher, and are now ready to supply the Choicest Roasts and Steaks of Beef, Pork, Mutton, and everything in our line. We invite your patronage. Orders delivered when desired.
SANDS BRO'S, MAIN STREET.

Pillsbury's Plan.

He is Said to be Getting Ready to go into Politics.

The Minneapolis Journal.

There has been a vast deal of discussion on 'change over C. A. Pillsbury's recent utterences on option trading. For the most part the dealers condemn what he said.

"Charles Pillsbury is a queer fellow," said a well-known man on 'change yesterday. Of course there was a definite purpose in his recent radical talk on the harm speculative grain trading does to the millers and farmers. He is a mighty shrewd figurer and it isn't easy to divine his motives in this attack on option trading. I don't think he meant nealy all he said, and I'll tell you why."

"Go ahead."

"Well, I remember that some 10 years ago, when Frank Hurd, the Toledo congressman, introduced his bill in congress to abolish speculation in wheat C. A. Pillsbury favored it. To help the farmer? Bless you, no! At that time the millers' association controlled the price of wheat in the Northwest. Pillsbury and the other millers argued that speculative trading raised the normal price of wheat. If this trading was abolished the price would go down and the millers would have a bigger margin of profit between the price of wheat and the price of flour. And yet now Pillsbury argues that the trading lowers the price of wheat where formerly he held that the effect was to raise it."

"But his motive in attacking option trading now?"

"Politics, pure and simple. Friend of the farmer, you know. Wants him to see dollar wheat. Fact is, Charlie Pillsbury wants to go to the United State senate. That's an ambition most rich men get sooner or later. I happen to know that he had the pins all set up in the Washburn-Sabin fight to enter the field the minute it happened that Washburn had to draw out. But that never happened and so he held back. The argument to be used with the grangers was that Pillsbury had put thousands of dollars in the farmer's pockets by the way he had bulled the wheat market just before that. His men were prepared to show that he had by his persistent bulling added 10 cents a bushel to the price Northwestern farmers got for their wheat that year."

"Was it true?"

"Yes, sir, every word of it. There is no question of that. Pillsbury lost considerable money that year by his bulling operations and in so doing shoved the price way up. But you may be sure it wasn't from any philanthropical motives that he did it. He was mistaken in the way he 'sized up' the market—that's all."

"So he has political aspirations?"

"Yes sir. I think you'll see him in the arena openly before long. And he'll make a success of it, too. He is shrewd and has great executive and organizing ability. He would show some of the old hands a trick or too that would surprise 'em. you'll see.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. These books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Notice.

Anyone desiring to settle their account with me during my absence can call on G. W. Lewis.

[44-tf] DR. M. VAN DYKE.

SEED WHEAT.

Farmers desiring Pure Velvet Chaff Blue Stem Seed Wheat, call on or address,

F. BIVINS,
[43-tf] Cookston, Minn.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [33-tf]

C. O. D. COLUMN.

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STOCK
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Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
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CLOTHING
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FARMS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

The elevator men claim that the sub-treasury bill would not change the features of the market any, and yet they are bringing the whole strength of their influence to bear against it. If they did not know that it would give the producer the opportunity to control prices why are they so anxious to kill it? The fact of their opposition should make it the more desirable for farmers.

The first issue of the Presto Change is on our table, wearing a creditable appearance. It is published at the town on the N. P. road heretofore known as Staples' Mills, but since the arrival of the cut-off from Little Falls, re-named Presto. It is published by the veteran newspaper man, A. J. Clark, and seems to be enjoying a liberal patronage. THE JOURNAL wishes Mr. Clark abundant success and plenty of "Change."

The opponents of the sub-treasury bill claim that the reason for their opposition comes from the issue of Treasury Notes which they claim will cause confusion in all money matters. Well, we will waive that point, make a different provision, if necessary, but the essential point for us is to secure the building of the warehouses, as that gives us an opportunity to store our grain and use the money at a rate of interest that does not consume the profits and more too. But we find that is not what ails them, for as soon as we make that concession they bring up more arguments calculated to show that the plan is a poor one. We will admit that it is a poor one—for the elevators, for it would make them pay what our wheat is worth to us.

The faith that Mr. Comstock's friends reposed in him before the nomination, which led to his nomination and election, is being justified in a manner truly gratifying by his conduct in behalf of the people's interests, and he is proving a most worthy successor of one of the best Congressmen Minnesota ever had. He has been largely instrumental in removing obstacles to the opening of the Red Lake Reservation, has introduced many bills of great importance to this district, and on the tariff he is sound to the core. In a letter to the writer he says that he will honestly support his constituents in their demand for free sugar and free sisal, and he thinks that the bill now being prepared will be a long step in the right direction. His letter shows that he is in hearty sympathy with the farmers of the Northwest and that they will find no truer champion of their cause than he. If the Minnesota delegation throughout is as sound, we are all right.

The pot-house politicians, who so confidently predicted that Governor Merriam's address to the Farmers' Alliance meeting, would be an open bid for the farmers' votes, had the wind so completely taken out of their sails by a plain, practical, common sense speech, conspicuously free from any effort to pose as the farmers great and only friend, that they are now frantic with rage and disappointment, and declare openly that "Donnelly wrote it!" This is too thin, as everybody acquainted with Donnelly's method of opening the matter to the bone and exposing the very marrow thereof, very well knows. No, that idea will not win. We must give the Governor credit for all that speech entitles him to, and it shows that he has thought very deeply on the subject of the farmers' wrongs, and while it shows that even he has much to learn, it also shows a very commendable desire to learn. If Mr. Donnelly had simply written that speech for political purposes, he would have gone to the bottom of the wheat inspection business, showing, first, that the business was created in the sole interest of the farmers, and attempting to show that none but their friends are handling it. The impression obtains among farmers that the elevator companies of Minneapolis and Duluth as absolutely control the grading as ever they did, as Mr. Donnelly well knows, and had he, as Governor Merriam's enemies claim he did, written that speech for political effect, he would have endeavored to show that the system was in the hands of the farmers' friends. These hoaxers are scared to death least the Governor should score a point, and they are largely overdoing the matter.

We are more disappointed than we can express at the failure of the Farmers' Alliance to endorse the sub-treasury bill now before Congress, for we are firmly convinced that a bill of that kind would be the salvation of this upper country, and would practically solve the vexed problem now before us, and how a majority of the farmers could be made to vote against it, puzzles us. No sooner had the measure been read by Mr. Wardall, than Jim Baker, a man who pretends to be "the farmers' true friend" jumped to his feet and declared that he had "never heard one word of such a bill before, and for that reason it ought not to be endorsed!" We do not like to say that so capable a man as he lies out of whole cloth, but we must take that statement with a great grain of salt, as we were discussing that bill at least ten days before that meeting 300 miles from St. Paul, and the Pioneer Press in its issue of Monday, Feb. 24th, contained a long article on the subject. Strange that he, then, for the first time, "heard anything about it. (?) We do not like to impugn his motives, but when he uses the force of his brilliant oratory to sustain the position of the Manitoba road, appearing as their accredited attorney before Legislative committees in their fight against the Duluth & Winnipeg road, we are forced to the belief that he has some particular spite against the farmers of this upper country, or else his financial interest lies in opposing our true interests. They wanted that road because it, being the shortest line, would give them lower rates of transportation. But Jim Baker says: "No! You can't have it! The Manitoba road is able to carry all of your stuff by a round-about line to Duluth; they don't want the D. & W. built and therefore you can't have it!" Again, the interests of this country demand a system by which the producers can absolutely control the market price of wheat. The sub-treasury bill offers them this privilege, and again Jim Baker jumps frantically into the arena and wildly shouts "No!" You can't have it because I never heard of it before!" How is that for a farmers' friend? A man who has spent most of his life holding down some government position? At the last election he slipped a cog, failed to connect, and is now writing a series of articles in the Pioneer Press calculated to show why "farming is a failure," (to some,) and "they say" he is now gunning for Gov. Merriam because the frost of neglect nipped his (farmer Baker's) crop. Now, it strikes us that the less of that kind of farming the alliance indulges in, and the less of that kind of farmers join, the better it will be for the farmers' interests. We cannot afford to be an instrument of revenge for politicians if we would accomplish the results we seek, and we are confident if the farmers will candidly review that bill and its objects they will see that the ESSENTIAL IDEA of it is just what they want. We care not how the bill is worded so that the object—"a free and open market wherein the producer can name the price," is preserved. The sub-alliances should correct the error of the State Alliance.

The opening of the great pine reserve will have a tendency to give this country such a boom as she never heard of before. It will furnish cheap pine and that will do more to build up the country than any other agency.

C. A. Pillsbury is quoted as having charged up the whole iniquity in the wheat business to the bucket shops, and says: "I wish the farmers of this State would stop being imposed upon by political demagogues and men who do not know what they are talking about, and follow the lead of men whose interests are identical with their own, and who have better opportunity to see the causes which are depressing the price of breadstuffs!" By which we are led to suppose he means elevator men anyhow and millers possibly. Well, now, just at this present writing it occurs to us that the farmers did, one fall only a few years since adopt the advice of a prominent elevator man, one C. A. Pillsbury, who wrote a letter which was printed in all of the leading papers of the Northwest, advising farmers to "hold their wheat for a rise, that was sure to come." Many farmers followed that advice and borrowed money, held their wheat till spring "for the raise" which came, it is true, but it made the farmers hump themselves to "raise" the margin necessary to carry their wheat, or even to drop it, while the poor unfortunates who could not follow this illustrious advice, but had to sell in the fall had made big money by so doing. We suppose the withholding of all that wheat gave the elevators a chance to handle what they had and get ready to scoop in the balance when the farmers could "hold it for a raise" no longer. Mr. Pillsbury says wheat should bring $1 per bushel in our market this fall and winter, and the elevators have bought thousands of bushels at 25, 30, 35 and 40 cents per bushel! Our "friends," the wheat dealers, have given us these prices and yet we should keep right along "advising" with them, "taking their advice," which plunges us deeper into the hole every year, because every man who has the sense and the independence to advise us not to, and to try to help us devise a way to obtain a share of the profits we earn is a "political demagogue" and men who "don't know what they are talking about!" (It is a pity about that.) Is it not WONDERFUL what a warm, what a deep paternal interest these men have in us NOW when the life of the elevator interest is threatened by this uprising of intelligent farmers? How nervous they are getting and how they tremble! And how fearful they are that some naughty "demagogue" will snap the chains that bind us to the elevator iniquity and give us a free and open market, a

COMPETITIVE MARKET!

No sir, Mr. Pillsbury, it does not require any "demagogue" to convince us that the elevator system as managed to-day is an absolute bar to a competitive market, and even should some "demagogue" chance to "advise" us to break these chains, we had rather a "demagogue" should counsel us to do right than a saint should advise us to still continue in the bonds of slavery! The farmers of Minnesota have too often been frightened at this cry of "demagogue," which always comes when the peculiar system is in danger; too often have they been so far misled that they have for the time forgotten the real issue at stake, and their forgetfulness has cost them dearly, but we believe that now they will labor in unity until this great octopus is slain. Farmers of Minnesota! heretofore it has been your own countrymen who have pocketed your earnings, but now it is English capitalists who seek to deplete your fortunes to build up their own, and while in the past it MAY HAVE BEEN consoling to know that it was your own brothers who were robbing you, will you submit to the same, or worse, from foreigners? If this be "demagoguism" make the most of it!

Make It A Common Cause.

Why is it that our country has not been making the progress it should have done during the past few years? Farmers have felt and have sought the remedy through organization. Business men have felt it and have earnestly sought the remedy through establishing (or trying to establish) manufacturing enterprises, and now comes Mr. C. A. Pillsbury with the solution of the question in the statement that wheat

OUGHT TO BRING ONE DOLLAR

per bushel in this market! Mr. Pillsbury is one of the most experienced elevator men in the country, and has greater facilities for knowing what he is talking about than most of us, and if his statement is true we can readily see what hurts us. On the very top of the market we are the losers to the extent of from 30 to 40 cents on every bushel of our wheat, and on the thousands of bushels of our wheat that they wrongfully take at less grades than No. 1 Northern, the loss per bushel will run from

FORTY TO SIXTY CENTS.

These cold facts ought to open the eyes of the business men to the necessity for backing up the farmers' efforts to get a fair showing in the market, for what earthly good will all of your manufactories be to you while agriculture suffers this enormous drain annually? You depend upon agriculture to support all of your institutions, and you owe it to agriculture to aid in stopping the drain. Instead of raising a great hue and cry against the efforts of farmers to organize, you ought to encourage it, and you should form supplementary organizations to back them up and demand that they are given their rights. The farmers demand that the contracts now existing between the railroads and the elevator companies be dissolved, and that independent buyers be given an equal chance in the market. And this grading system is all wrong, giving the buyer the advantage every time. If grading of wheat is such a good thing for farmers, make it apply to horses, cattle, sheep, and everything else he has to sell. We notice that all who are interested in maintaining the present system are anxiously trying to blind our eyes to the situation by charging up the evil to "the tariff," to "bucket shops," to "overproduction" and a thousand and one other things, but we would like to know which one of them causes us a loss of from 30 to 60 cents per bushel on our wheat as the present system of marketing does! It is true that we ought to have the tariff removed from sugar and sisal and lumber; that we ought not to be obliged to pay personal taxes on a double valuation; that we ought not to pay taxes on real estate that the other fellow (who holds the mortgage) is the real owner of. All of these things add to the general depression, while the root of the evil remains in our system of marketing wheat. From the effect that the farmers' movement has already had upon those who are fattening off his labors, we are confident that should the rest of mankind fall in with him in his demand for justice, our rulers would be forced to give heed to the demand and the object would soon be accomplished. If we all united in the demand that the railroads dissolve their contracts or forfeit their lines to the government, they would choose the lesser evil, no doubt, and another fall would see a free and open market here. There is money in our wheat and when the farmer can get his rightful share of it he can do business, and we don't see how he can before. This would bring prosperity and we can see no other way to do it.

The State Farmers' Alliance.

The meeting of this body in St. Paul last week was fraught with greater interest than ever before and more largely attended than ever, 550 delegates being reported to be in attendance. Desperate efforts were made by scheming politicians to capture the Alliance or to hamper its usefulness, but the good sense of the farmers prevailed and their efforts were thwarted, and a plain, practical, common-sense platform was adopted. An effort to appoint a whitewashing committee for the grain inspection business fell flat upon the audience, most of whom felt that a practical experience of its workings was sufficient.

The Hon. Ignatius Donnelly started the ball rolling by submitting resolutions providing for legislation for the purpose of raising the standard of the State Agricultural college; the general adoption of the Australian system of voting; the passage of a law regulating the tolls exacted at grist mills and elevators, so that farmers might have the benefit of at least half their crops; legislation to modify and govern the rate of interest and usury; the making of arrangements so that farmers resident in Northern Minnesota can be insured cheaper fuel; the passage of a law to prevent railroad companies watering their stock; also a general resolution condemning monopolies and systems of exaction bearing hard upon farmers, and lastly an indorsment of the alliance organ, the Great West.

This made a good start and other resolutions all bearing upon the matter of needed legislation were submitted, to the following effect:

A law to provide for the election of United States senators by the people.

A law providing for the national government owning and operating all railroads.

The passage of a law providing for absolute prohibition of intoxicating liquor for both states and nation.

A law to provide for annual sessions of the legislature.

The repeal of the present tariff laws.

The regulation of railroad freight rates so that the company's earnings should not exceed 5 per cent. interest over the actual expenses under economical management.

A law regulating taxation and mortgages.

A law for the protection of forests, and with this end in view the abolition of the 2 per cent. duty on lumber.

Legislation providing that in townships a two-thirds vote of freeholders only be requisite before bonded indebtedness can be incurred.

The location of elevators at all stations; the fixing of the rates for cleaning and elevating fixed at one-half cent; the receipt for grain to be made commercial paper bearing interest at not more than 6 per cent. and the election of state grain inspectors by the people.

H. E. Boen submitted resolutions from the Fifth district delegates as follows:

That it is the sense of this meeting that the present transit rates are hostile to the farming interests of the country, and ought to be abolished. And we ask the state alliance to request the railroad and warehouse commission to adopt for the railways of this state the Iowa schedule of rates.

A delegate created a diversion by submitting a resolution indorsing Ignatius Donnelly as lecturer for the alliance and also indorsing "the other officers when everything had been satisfactorily explained." No one seemed to quite comprehend what he meant by this resolution, but it went with the rest.

Other resolutions provided for the fixing of the legal rate of interest at 8 per cent; the repeal of all grain inspection laws and the institution of an open grain market, and the stoppage of dealings in grain futures.

The session lasted from Tuesday noon until Friday noon and was full of practical suggestions, and each member resolved to go home and urge every farmer of his acquaintance to join the alliance and help on the good work. A commission from M. A. Gilbert & Son, appeared in the hall on Wednesday evening, about 9:30 and tackled the farmers in defense of the elevator system, and heard many things new and unpleasant of the way our markets are manipulated. The sample of grain they brought to show what No. 1 Hard should be was poorer wheat than much that has been taken out of this country as No. 1 and No. 2 Northern, containing small, bleached and white kernels enough to frighten our average buyer into a conniption fit at the idea of giving No. 1 Hard for it. The St. Paul and Minneapolis papers, with all their boasted "independence" (?) were strangely silent about this episode, not a peep being heard from them on the subject. Polk County was the banner county, sending 15 delegates and five or six alternates, with only 21 alliances yet formed, most of them since Jan. 1st, 1890. The following delegates were present:

L. H. Judson, Andover, No. 617.
A. N. Hixson, Crookston, No. 648.
E. E. Abbott, Mentor, No. 594.
John Flesch, Rosebud, No. 666.
C. E. Southmayd, Hill River, No. 785.
O. P. Renne, Garden, No. 660.
Wm. Marin, Russia and Onstad, No. 677.
Peter Cornelius, Polk Co., No. 753.
Ola K. Lakness, Winger, No. 721.
J. G. Moen, Knute, No. 643.
Frank Cernonsek, Tabor, No. 657.
A. Steenerson, Sand Hill, No. 553.
T. H. Nesset, Garfield, No. 650.
John Grythin, McIntosh, No. 752.
P. R. Anderson, Roome, No. 676.
And Ole Olson, At Large.

No county made a better showing considering the time Polk County has been engaged in the good work, and if the farmers are alive to their own interests this number will be more than doubled at the next annual reunion.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock

—OF—

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, . . . MIN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., MARCH 13, 1890.

Moorhead News: Editor L. Osborn, of Glyndon, was in town to day. He says with reference to M. U. Squire, the principal of the Glyndon school, that Mr. Buckingham gave him a tremendous walloping last Saturday for persisting in being soft on Mr. Buckingham's daughter Helen, 14 years old, who attended his school, after Mr. Buckingham had remonstrated with him concerning the matter. He states also that being "spoony" seems to have been Squires' weakness; that he had been too attentive to several other girls and the school board have for some time been dissatisfied with Squires. He was forced to resign and left the village without making any extended adieus. It is supposed he is now in North Dakota.

AN OPEN SWITCH

It Sends Engineer Charles Lovelace, of the Great Northern Railroad, to his Death in Montana.

The Victim of the Wreck passes through This City—Story of the Accident.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

It was a sad sight that met the eyes of the crowd which gathered at the Manitoba depot last evening on the arrival of the train from the west. The body of Charles Lovelace, the engineer who was killed in the wreck on the Montana division near Callis station Saturday night, was taken from the train and uncovered in the depot for a few moments. The story of the tragedy is a simple but pathetic one. The young engineer was rushing along through the cutting winter air of that unhospitable region, thinking possibly of his distant home in the east, when suddenly he discovered that the train had been thrown on an open switch. He just had time to reverse his engine and jump—the ponderous locomotive was thrown from the track and fell upon the unfortunate engineer killing him instantly. The head brakeman and a man name Larse Opine were both seriously injured.

The remains were brought to Minot where much sympathy was manifested by the citizens. The ladies of the village made a handsome wreath, and the benevolent order of Firemen and Engineers both showed a brotherly interest in their fellow craftsman's unhappy fate. The remains are accompanied by J. R. Jones, and George McClare. They will stop tomorrow at Barnesville and then go on to Binghamton, N. Y., where the burial will occur. This was Lovelace's home.

Teachers' Examination.

The spring examination of teachers will be held in the following places:

At Fisher, in the school house, March 21st and 22d.

At Crookston, in the court house, March 24th and 25th.

At Red Lake Falls, in the school house, March 27th and 28th.

At McIntosh, in the school house, April 1st and 2d.

All teachers expecting to teach in the county during the present year, must be present at one of these examinations.

In the hiring of teachers, school boards will observe the following: A contract made with a teacher who does not hold a certificate which is valid in the district where she is to be employed, is void. A contract cannot extend beyond the validity or life of the certificate. A contract made by the teacher prior to the procurement of a certificate is unauthorized and void. A school taught by a teacher who is not legally qualified forfeits its public money.

THOMAS CASEY,
County Supt. of Schools.

$100,000 to loan.
JOHN McLEAN.

Feb. 1, 1890. | The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 12 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST,
And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tikets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

It has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to

C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,

or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

T. B. Walker Loses.

A case Involving Land in the Crookston District Decided Against Him.

Minneapolis Journal: Washington, March 5.—Assistant Secretary of the Interior Chandler yesterday rendered a decision against T. B. Walker, of Minneapolis transferee of a pre-emption claim in sections 4 and 9, township 144, range 36, of the Crookston land district. The land was bought by Mr. Walker from one Fred A. Kribs whose entry, the department holds not made in good faith. The land involved was pine land. Kirbs' entry was canceled by the decision.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2.15
Fife	1.85
Skip Jack	1.25

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

MONEY TO LOAN

On city property. Inquire of Paterson & Lilly. [52-tf]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventeen dollars and fifty cents, which is claimed to be due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fontaine and Mary A. Fontaine, his wife, to Newton McKusick, bearing date the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 384, 385, 386 and 387, which said mortgage was, on the 6th day of June, 1889, duly assigned by the said Newton McKusick to Patrick Soards, by an instrument in writing, duly witnessed and acknowledged, so as to entitle it to be recorded, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 380 and 381; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered seventy-one (71) in Kretzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; said sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, or his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 3d, 1890.

PATRICK SOARDS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Assignee. [40-52]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 13th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Owen Owens to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 12th day of August A. D. 1886 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October A. D. 1886, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book "28" of mortgages, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18, and

Whereas said Owen Owens failed, neglected and refused to keep the buildings on the premises, herein described, insured as in said mortgage provided for, and

Whereas said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company was compelled to and did pay the sum of six and 80-100 dollars ($6.80) insurance thereon, and

Whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest and insurance upon the lot in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: upon lot one (1) block twenty-four (24,) four hundred twenty-eight and 72-100 dollars ($428.72,) and

Whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot one (1) in block twenty-four (24) of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and insurance, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 11th A. D. 1890.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

George H. Taylor,
Att'y for Mortgagee. [43-49] c578

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($122.72) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ambrose Goodboe and Louise Goodboe, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the second day of April A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "33" of mortgages, on page 68.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date thereof, the sum of nine hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($922.72) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section thirteen (13,) and east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) Section fourteen (14) Town one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty-three (43) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($81.51,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Roberge and Vitoline Roberge his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the 1st day of May A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of May A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book "36" of mortgages, on page 133.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($881.54,) and whereas the said power has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ of se¼) and the south half of the southwest quarter (s½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10,) Town one hundred and fifty-one (151,) Range forty-five (45) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year, from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. 42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of ninety-five dollars ($95.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Olivier Meunier (widower) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1887, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on page 238.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date hereof the sum of one thousand ninety-five dollars ($1,095); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼) of Section seven (7) Town one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and state, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMELINE GOSSELIN (a single woman) of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagor, by indenture of mortgage, bearing date the first day of November A. D. 1884, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the fifth day of November A. D. 1884, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes in the forenoon in book "R" of mortgages at pages 591, 595, 596 and 597, mortgaged to John Knuppe of said County and State, mortgagee, his heirs and assigns, all the following described tract of land, lying and being in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter (S½ of SE¼) of Section numbered six (6,) and the north one-half of the northeast quarter (N½ of NE¼ of Section numbered seven (7,) both in Township numbered one hundred fifty-one (151) north, of Range numbered forty-two (42) west, of the fifth principal meridian, being one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, said mortgage being given to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in the sum of two hundred twenty dollars ($220) made by the said mortgagor, Emeline Gosselin, and payable to the order of John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the first day of November, A. D. 1887, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable annually.

And whereas, said John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the tenth day of February A. D. 1885, duly assigned the said mortgage, and the note and debt secured thereby, to Gerrit W. Vis of Saint Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, by instrument in writing bearing said date of February tenth A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds in book "V" of mortgages at page 192, on the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1885 at ten o'clock in the forenoon

And whereas, said Gerrit W. Vis, is now deceased, and all his property, both real and personal including said note and mortgage, has been duly assigned by Final Decree of the Probate Court of Ramsey County Minnesota, to Martha Vis, widow of said Gerrit W. Vis, deceased, and sole legatee under the will of said deceased, and said Martha Vis is now the owner of said note and mortgage,

And whereas, default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and in the payment of the whole of said principal sum of two hundred twenty dollars, and all interest thereon from the first day of November A. D. 1888. And whereas, the said mortgagor failed and neglected to pay the taxes on the said mortgaged premises for the years 1886, 1887 and 1888, so that said premises were sold for nonpayment of taxes, and the said Martha Vis was obliged to, and did, on the eighteenth day of February A. D. 1890 redeem said premises from such sales, paying for such redemption and as delinquent taxes upon the said premises the sum of ($40.36.) And there is claimed to be, and is actually due at the date of this notice on the said note and mortgage and on the debt secured thereby the sum of two hundred forty-nine and 40-100 dollars ($249.40,) and in addition thereto the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, being the said sum of forty and 36-100 dollars ($40.36) dollars, making in all the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 76-100 dollars ($289.76,) which last mentioned amount is claimed to be due under said mortgage at the date of this notice,

And no suit or other proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover or collect the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, of the said mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay and satisfy the amount now due on said mortgage, and the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, with interest thereon, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the legal costs and disbursements of such foreclosure and sale, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, of said Polk County, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Friday the eleventh day of April A. D. 1890, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Saint Paul, Minnesota, this nineteenth day of February A. D. 1890.

MARTHA VIS,
Widow and sole legatee of Gerrit W. Vis Deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.

Harry H. Dean,
Att'y for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Saint Paul, Minnesota. [45-51]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Wilkinson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Johnson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Jan. 22th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 14th, 1890, viz: ANDREW S. AMUNDSON, H'd 1847, for the e½ sw¼ and w½ se¼, S. 26, T. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gulbran Pederson Braaten, Joan Olson Seeter, Torr Johnson and Andrew A. Bakken, all of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Jan. 30th 1890.]

WHEREAS CHRISTIAN N. SATHRE AND Ragnhild Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, as mortgagors did on the second day of November A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation, as mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date on the second day of November A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee, the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter, and the north half of the northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section fifteen (15,) in township one hundred and forty-nine (149,) of range forty-six (46) and containing two hundred acres, to secure the payment of two hundred and sixty-three and 35-100 dollars according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in ten semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the third day of November A. D. 1885, at four o'clock and fifteen minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "W" of mortgages, on pages 469, 470 and 471,

And whereas, the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company, did for value received on the tenth day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, partners as Steenerson and McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing, under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 23d day of April A. D. 1889, at two o'clock and twenty minutes p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for said Polk County, in book "46" of mortgages, on pages 166 and 167,

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100) due as the sixth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the seventh installment of said note, on the first day of July A. D. 1889, and of the sum of twenty-five and 50-100 dollars ($25.50-100,) due as the eighth installment of said note on the first day of January A. D. 1890, and all of said sums are still due and unpaid, and whereas it was stipulated and agreed, by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable, without notice to said mortgagors or any other party,

And whereas, Halvor Steenerson and George J. McManus, assignees of said mortgage have exercised their option to consider and declare and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred and thirty-one and 85-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county on the fifteenth day of March A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 24th A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEORGE J. MCMANUS
PARTNERS AS STEENERSON & MCMANUS,
Assignees of Mortgage.

John Cromb,
Att'y for Assignees of Mortgagee. [41-47]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred ninety one and 44-100 dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Swan Hovik and Maria Hovik, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to Peter J. McGuire, as mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of February, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 310, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the following property described in said mortgage, viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 2, in block 26, original townsite of Crookston, thence running in an easterly direction along the line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, thence in a southerly course on a line parallel with the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, thence in a westerly direction on a line parallel with the south line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, to the east line of said Ash street, thence in a northerly direction along the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, to the place of beginning, being 50 feet by 140 feet off the north side of lot 2, in block 26, of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county.

And also the undivided one-third of lots three (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), in block 4, in Davis' addition to the townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, or by his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year as provided by law.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., February 19th, 1890.

PETER J. MCGUIRE,
Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [45-51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($235.69) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles Richard and Mary Richard, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of February A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1888, at 4:10 o'clock p. m., in book "33" of mortgages, on page 616.

And whereas, said mortgagee, now the holder thereof, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of sixteen hundred and thirty-five and 69 100 dollars ($1635 69.) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two (32,) Township one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty five (45,) in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

DISTRICT COURT, POLK COUNTY. }

In the matter of the proceedings of the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad Company to acquire the right of way over and through and the use of certain lands in Polk County, Minnesota:

Notice is hereby given to Stanley Sanford, W. G. Wheeler, John H. Hill, Nichols Shepard and Company, F. T. Day, John H. Van Dyke, The Netherlands American Land Company, Alanson Moore, The Colonial and United States Mortgage Company, Limited, The American Mortgage Company, of Scotland, Limited, Caleb J. Camp, and to all persons, parties or corporations who have, or claim to have, any interest, either as owner, encumbrancer, tenant or otherwise in any of the following described tracts of land, or in any part thereof, to-wit:

The ne¼ of Section 17, in Township 147, Range 44.

The se¼ of Section 8, in Township 147, of Range 44.

The s½ of the nw¼ of Section 8, in Township 147, Range 44.

The se¼ of Section 23, in Township 143, Range 45.

The sw¼ of Section 26 in Township 148, of Range 45.

The se¼ of Section 6, in Township 148, of Range 45.

The sw¼ of Section 30, in Township 149, of Range 45.

The ne¼ of Section 9, in Township 143, of Range 45.

The ne¼ of Section 8, in Township 148, of Range 46.

The sw¼ of Section 21, in Township 148, of Range 45

All of said lands being in Polk County, Minnesota, and portions of each of said tracts have been taken by said Railroad Company for railroad purposes, that the undersigned, commissioners appointed in the above entitled proceedings by order of said court, on September 14th, 1889, to examine said lands and to estimate, appraise, and award to the owners, and to all persons interested in said lands, or any part thereof the damages caused by the taking or injuriously affecting said lands as proposed in the petition herein, have met and made such examination and awarded damages and made their report as required by the statute, and that such report was filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court in and for Polk County, Minnesota, on September 24th, 1889, and so remains on file.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 26th, 1889.

W. F. ZWICKEY, }
C. H. HOLMES, } Commissioners.
M. C. MALONE, }

DE FOREST BUCKLEE,
Attorney for the Petitioner. [45-47]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, special term, February 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Ole Aslakson, of Polk County, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Aslak Bjornson, late of said county, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, at Eygland, in said county, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to T. D. Ose, granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this Court on Tuesday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of February, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
[45-48] C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, February 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Peder C. Finseth, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Martin Finseth of Polk County, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Peder C. Finseth late of said Polk County, on or about the 21st day of February A. D. 1888, at Roome in said county, died intestate, and being a resdent of this county at the time of his death, leaving good, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a cousin of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said petitioner, Martin Finseth granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Monday the 24th day of March A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of February A. D. 1890.

By the Court.
[45-48] C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 85 of mortgages, on page 335 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

M. M. VAN DYKE,

Physician and Surgeon,

Office corner of Main and Second Streets,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINNESOTA

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,—BEST,—QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:30 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:5 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:5 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:20 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
6:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Je.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:10 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
6:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m	Pembina	1:35 "
4:?? "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m. arriving at Crookston at 5:0 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 20, 1890. NO. 48

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

• One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column...	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

FAREWELL SERMON.

Preached in Christ Church, Crookston, Minn., February 23d, 1890.

BY REV. I. C. FORTIN.

"And Samson called unto the Lord, and said, O Lord God, remember me, I pray Thee. Or strengthen me, I pray Thee, only this once, O God!"—Judges XVI, 28.

In addressing you, my Christian brethren, for the last time as your appointed pastor, in this place, I have naturally felt some difficulty in the selection of the subject on which to address you After standing in this place the ambassador of Christ to you; after endeavoring in my weakness to make known to you the requirements of His law and the promises of His gospel, I cannot but feel that there has been laid on me an overwhelming weight of responsibility in speaking, as well as on you in hearing. It is not easy for me to look around on the present occasion without solemn thoughts as to the manner in which I may have been enabled to discharge my responsibilities, in delivering the message, and the manner in which you have discharged your responsibility in the hearing of that message. For myself, I can now say that I have kept back nothing that was profitable; have declared the whole counsel of God and fully preached the gospel of Christ. It is not for me to judge how you have discharged the responsibilities that have rested upon you. I feel, however, that as the gospel has been spoken in faithfulness, so the gospel may not be without its fruit, and that the increase in the number of our congregation, the steady attendance of its members, and the watchful and christian attention of all, may be regarded as some proof that as the gospel has "had free course among you," so the gospel has also "been glorified" among you.

I have felt a difficulty, however, in selecting a subject for the present occasion. To touch on any subject likely to excite your feelings, or my own, would be as unbecoming in me as it would be unprofitable to you, and I have therefore determined, as far as possible, to forget myself and the circumstances under which I address you, and remembering only that this is my last opportunity, to avail myself of it for preaching the gospel of Jesus Christ, that as from the first, so to the last, I may be able to say with the apostle that "I have determined not to know anything among you, save Jesus Christ, and Him crucified."

I therefore turn to the text: "And Samson called unto the Lord, and said, O Lord God, remember me, I pray Thee, O strengthen me, I pray Thee, only this once, O God."

In the first place, it was the effort of a man who felt that his time was short and wished to improve it. He loved the people of Israel; he longed to strike a blow upon their enemies; he felt his time was short and that there was no time to be lost.

Oh! brethren, that we were always anxious to improve our opportunities. Here is an opportunity given me, for which I must give an account before the Judge of the quick and dead. Here are immortal beings, passing hastily through this world in their passage to another—some prepared to meet their God; many, totally unprepared, far from it, unacquainted with the knowledge of salvation or the remission of sins, and if they die as they are they will be eternally undone. Oh, brethren, behold the state of the case and offer up fervent prayers that my last effort may "not be in vain in the Lord."

But, secondly, here is the effect of a very bold and daring faith. True, there appeared nothing but difficulties. True, he himself was to be sacrificed, if the effort succeeded. But mark; it was by a supernatural agency that he was assisted in this matter. It was a bold and daring act of faith. Samson, in his blindness, while the Philistines were making fun of him, while they had him up, in order that they might treat him with ridicule and with contempt, there was a secret intercourse going on between God and his soul.

Brethren, I am quite sure if we were more daring for God, we should be more successful. We are often thorough-faced cowards; we are thrown in the way of worldly men; we have an opportunity of speaking for God; the occasion demands it; the men of the world expect it of us. They know what our principles are, and they know what our conduct ought to be. But we are afraid, we are afraid of giving offense, when he tells the patient that such and such means must be instantly adopted. Ah! why is he listened to so patiently, so thankfully? And why are his means, tho' ever so painful, readily resorted to? For this reason, that men know the value of their bodies, but, God knows, they do not know the value of their souls. No, men do not know the value of the never dying soul. Why then are we not more valiant for God? Why are we not more bold and daring to take the desired step, when called to do it in the way of duty?

Such, then, was the case of Samson. He did not go trusting in himself. It was a day of great trial; but it was a daring faith, of mighty effort in entire dependence upon God.

Brethren, what has brought us together? Assembled for the last time as a pastor and his flock, behold here we are gathered together; we must meet again; but for what purpose? To pray and to preach? No, to be judged for the deeds done in the body. The great white throne shall descend; the dead, small and great, shall appear before God; the judgment shall be set and the books shall be opened, and every soul of man that has ever lived shall be there. Brethren, are there not some, who, if they were to die to-night, would be eternally lost? I would to God I could think that that were not so. But, I pray you, remember the words; "Examine yourselves whether ye be in the faith!" Do not be satisfied except with satisfactory evidence. Go into the matter thoroughly. Try your own hearts; judge your own selves. For if we would judge ourselves we should not be judged of the Lord.

Samson, led by the Holy Spirit to punish the wickedness of the Philistines, was seeking their destruction. But, brethren, we seek your salvation. We do wish, indeed, to bring you down, but it is in order to raise you up. We do not wish to alarm you; but it is in order subsequently to comfort you. We do wish to show you your danger in order to lead you to flee for refuge to the hope set before you in the gospel.

Again, Samson came to avenge evil that had been offered unto him. I would come to return thanks for many acts of kindness shown me during my sojourn among you, and yet why do I not spend the greater part of my sermon in acknowledging these things? Because I feel I have something more important to do. It may be that some souls are at stake now within these sacred walls. I want to see them drinking of the cup of salvation, and see them tasting of the waters of life; to see them receiving the consolations of the Holy Spirit. I come then to make the effort. I know that all that man can do is vain, and therefore I say: Strengthen me, O strengthen me "this once, O God!" It is the last effort. Ah, brethren, if God be not with us we are met together in vain. I have lived long enough to know this, that the good that is done upon the earth, the Lord doeth it Himself; that vain are all human efforts. You may preach and you may pray, but unless it please Almighty God to send His Holy Spirit, all your efforts are in vain.

Further, Samson in offering up the prayer that he did offer, and in making the effort that he did make, spread death and desolation around him; we wish to spread life and salvation around us. We believe that if our people pray for us, our God will bear testimony to the word of His Grace. We believe that inefficient as we are, our God is able to send down such a rich effusion of his Holy Spirit as we have never known before in this place. Come, lift up your heart. Are there not some parents, whose children are here, feel that they are growing up without religion? Pray for them now. Is there not in cases more than one, two, three, five or ten, is there not the individual who is deeply interested about some beloved relative? The husband for the wife, or the wife for the husband? The parent for the child, or the child for the parent? The brother for the sister, or the sister for the brother? The word of God has been preached, they have been brought to attend upon it; they have heard the prayers of the church offered from time to time; they have heard sermons delivered, but alas! there they are, as far from God as ever. How can they be reached? If the truly devout, and truly sincere and consistent christians will lift up their hearts for a special blessing, and for a parting blessing, I believe, before God, that a parting blessing and a special blessing will be given.

Oh! but it may be replied by the men of the world: Why put yourself out of the way for us? Why should you be so concerned about our souls? I would not if you could be brought to be concerned about them yourselves But how many do I leave as worldly as ever! At church to-night, at cards to-morrow! In the house of God now, in the theatre or in the ball room at the earliest opportunity. Say, trifling, thoughtless creatures, passing rapidly through this world on their way to another, unconvinced, unconverted; and then by and by the stroke of death comes; they feel themselves powerless under its grasp; they try to shake it off, but there is no shaking it off; and what then? Then the clergyman is sent for; then all in a few hours the work of conversion is to be hurried through and persons are to be satisfied of their eternal state. Then they look for the consolation of religion. Ah, my dear hearers, do not deceive yourselves. If you lead a worldly life, you must expect to die a dreadful death. If you turn away your ear from listening to the gospel now, do not expect consolation from the gospel in the hour or moment of your deepest sorrow. "Because I have called and you refused; I have stretched out My hand and no man regarded, but you have set at nought all My counsel and would none of my reproof; I also will laugh at your calamity; I will mock when your fear cometh!" And you know whose words they are. They are, perhaps, the most dreadful words in the Bible, because they are the words of Almighty God, the God of infinite pity and of infinite mercy, making a "mock" of a sinner who had long refused His mercy before, making "mock" of a sinner in the day of his distress, and refusing to listen to his prayer. Brethren, do not trifle with God; do not trifle with a preached gospel; remember this is a matter for your life, and God Almighty gives you grace that you may listen to it.

It is now time for me to conclude. I have finished my subject and my ministry among you together.

My conscience is my witness, before God that I have preached this gospel unto you from the first. You yourselves are my witnesses that I have preached it unto the last. God forbid that now "I should cease to pray that He may teach you the true and the right way;" that He may "sanctify you in body, soul and spirit, and preserve you blameless unto the coming of the Lord Jesus;" that under His teaching you may learn to seek "whatever things are true, whatever things are pure, whatever things are honest, whatever things are just, whatsoever things are lovely and of good report." And oh! I pray that the gospel may long continue among you; that this gospel which has been heard in this place during the short time of my ministry, may still continue here; that the light which has been kindling and illuminating within this church, may long continue within these walls. What are our churches, brethren, without Christ? If there be not a full, a free and faithful and a fearless preaching of the gospel, away with it. There may be a preaching of anything and of everything, but if it be not Christ, away with it. In these days we have a sort of mixed theology from the lips of unfledged theologians, who are full of the vanity of their youth and the follies of their years, and opposed to Evangelical preaching because Evangelical preaching is opposed to the vanity of their youth and the folly of their years; but whatever is preached, if it be not a full and a faithful preaching of Jesus Christ, away with it. I had rather see the blind bat wheeling within the empty walls of this church than to see men who are more blind than the bat nestling within it. I had rather hear the cry of the owl within this place than the most musical and harmonious voice that ever uttered honied words, if those words are not the words of Jesus Christ. And for you, my brethren, to listen to any other gospel in this place—I might not only exclaim with the prophet: "Ah! that my head were waters and mine eyes a fountain of tears, that I might weep day and night!" But I will say yet more; in the sterner language of the apostle, I say, standing here for the last time, in the fulness of my apostolic office,—"Tho' we or any man preach any other gospel to you than that which we have preached unto you, let him be accursed." It may come to you in the smooth accents of piety, or with the outward seeming of righteousness; but remember, it is no wonder that the ministers of Satan come clothed as the ministers of righteousness, "for Satan himself is transformed into an angel of light."

Oh! may the gospel long continue in this place, and when he who now speaks shall speak it no more, when his lips shall be silent and his voice can be heard no more, may other tongues and other voices take up the same strain and proclaim the same gospel, and that many spirits may be made joyous, and many souls saved in the days of the Lord Jesus Christ.

Senator Stanford Advocates Loaning Government Money to all Who Can Give Security.

Pioneer Press.

Washington, March 10.—In the senate to-day Mr. Stanford offered a preamble and resolution instructing the commitee on finance to inquire what relief for the existing agricultural depression may be furnished by the United States government, and particularly whether loans may not be made by the government upon mortgages on real estate, independent of improvements, at such rates and at such an amount as will make the security to the government perfect—the government to receive some small rate of interest, from 1 to 2 per cent, and to be able to call in a percentage of the loans from time to time at its discretion. The resolution was referred to the committee of finance. Mr. Stanford, in advocating the resolution, said:

An abundant supply of money means to individuals of capacity a field for the use of their abilities in prosecuting their various callings of life, and will be particularly valuable to associations of individuals by affording them facilities for obtaining capital for the transaction of every kind of business. An abundance of money means universal activity, bringing in its train all the blessings that belong to a constantly employed, industrious intelligent people. Ample protection would be afforded the government if it limited its loan to one-half or one-quarter the actual value of the property given as security, and upon the appraisment of government officers especially selected for that duty. It seems to me that the great thought of humanity should be how to advantage the great multitude of laborers, increase their power of production and elevate their condition. We know that a great improvement is within the provisions of providence, and in the prosperity of the masses of the people the prosperity of all is assured. Man is the rightful heir to peace and prosperity, and very much depends upon the intelligence of governments to represent the associated capacities and interests of the whole.

Depreciated Farms.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

Unfortunately the experience of Grand Forks farmers in the matter of profits from their labor is not shared by their fellow husbandmen in other states. In a recent article the New York commercial Bulletin stated that "all prices of farming products are 20 per cent, below the level of November 1860." This will be something of a revelation to that younger generation who have known little of ante bellum prices, except when quoted as marvels of cheapness by those who bought and sold thirty years ago. It is hard to realize that not only have those days of wonderful cheapness returned; but that the purchasing power of a dollar is far greater now than ever before. There is one class of producers, however, who do not need to be told that prices are way, way down, and that is the farmers. If the prices of farm products are low in the retail markets with the cost of transportation and profits of the middle man added, what must they be in the fields where are crops grown? A writer of authority in Minnesota gives these figures and adds a word of interest about hop culture:

"Wheat has averaged less than 60 cents per bushel, corn 20 cents, oats 16 cents, potatoes 15 cents, beef 1½ and 2 cents per pound and hogs but little over 3 cents per pound, and other farm products in proportion. The facts are that there is no longer a single profitable money-making crop, cereal on animal left to the Minnesota farmer. It is true that flax yields a fair price, but it is a local crop, and counts for nothing in the larger part of the state. And it is a serious question whether flax culture pays or not. It brings with it a sad penalty to the farmer in exhausted soils, and has been the prolific means of scattering mustard and every vicious seed wherever it has been sown. It is a robber of the land, and lives only on virgin soil."

The Vermont commisioner of emigration speaking of a region that was famous for its rich dairy farms thirty years ago says in his official report: "It cannot now be said how many farms there are in Vermont with empty buildings, but it is safe to say that they will number thousands, and there are other thousands with buildings gone and cellar holes marking their sites."

New England papers say that farms do not pay close by the factories on the Merrimac river in Massachussetts; the New York Evening Post says farms have shrunk 50 per cent in value in the world renowned "Geneseo country" of New York; another paper says, "The auctioneer's hammer has been very busy in knocking off the best farms in Buck's county, Pa," while the November Forum says that the corn lands west of the Mississippi have shared in the depreciation. It is also said that farms in the fertile Miami valley in Ohio have suffered a decline of one fourth their value within ten years.

These facts, while they tend to make the Grand Forks county farmers contented with his lot, or rather, quarter section, show that the class of producers who bear all the rest of the world on their shoulders, are not given a fair chance in the race for wealth. They are over taxed, almost unrepresented politically though casting at least one sixth of the total vote of the country and are often paying usurious rates of interest on their borrowed capital. The situation justifies the attention the present administration is giving it and demands the deepest consideration on the part of the farmers themselves.

I have a number of choice Holstein-Friesian cows and heifers which I will sell at figures far less than their actual value if taken soon. For particulars call at THE JOURNAL office.

[34-tf] W. G. COOKE.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.

Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

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MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

1890.——HERE WE ARE AGAIN——1890.

LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF
JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE,
SPECTACLES ETC. ETC.
ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND
PERFECT SATISFACTION
GUARRANTEED.
BOTTOM PRICES

WITH OUR NEW

Spring Stock

—OF—

☞ CHOICE NOVELTIES. ☜

LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.

In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

C. H. SAAKE,

ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT —OF— NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long					$4.00
" " Striped	"	"	"	"	6.00
" " "	"	"	"	"	7.00
" " Striped or Plaid	"	"	"	"	8.00
" " "	"	"	"	"	9.00
" " Black or Brown	"	"	"	"	10.00
" " "	"	"	"	"	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., MARCH 20, 1890.

'Round Home.

In a few days the busy seeder will be abroad in the land.

The lottery scheme is bursted and North Dakota breathes free again.

Fred Anderson left for the west on Monday morning on a business trip.

M. G. Peterson was up from the town of Garden last week to attend the institute.

We were pleased to see so great an interest manifested in the Farmers' Institute.

Peter Misgen goes to Superior, Wis., this week to engage in the manufacture of pop.

Geo. J. McManus went up to the farm near McIntosh on Tuesday, returning on Thursday.

"McMANUS gone out of business?"—Oh, no! He has not been buying as many farms as some—but he lends a reasonable amount on good lands at the lowest terms. Money paid when note is signed. J. G. McMANUS, The Farmer.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Mr. Hallock, son of D. C. Hallock, of Edna, was in on Wednesday to attend the Farmers' Institute.

Mrs. Sam Rosenthal is reported to be very much better with strong hopes entertained for her recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. McClafchie, of Red Lake Falls, attended the entertainment at the Opera House on Thursday evening of last week.

A purchase to the amount of $3.50 at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' millinery store entitles the buyer to a ticket for a gold watch, to be given away July 1st.

I don't want to buy a farm, so if you wish to sell don't bother me! I will lend you one-third the cash value of your farm on easy terms—if you are a pretty good sort of a fellow. GEORGE J. McMANUS, The Farmer.

John Grythin, delegate of King Alliance to State Alliance, arrived from St Paul on Wednesday last in time to attend the meeting of the Farmers' Institute.

Miss Alice E. Gardiner, formerly business manager of the Hallock News, returned to her home in Hallock this week after a pleasant visit with friends in the city.

Conductor and Mrs. W. H. Norie have been called upon to mourn the loss of their little 4 year old boy, who died on Monday. The funeral services take place to-day.

Mayor J. W. Lilly has written to Col. Gorgas saying that he intends to locate at Winchester, Kentucky, which place is just now having a big boom. We trust J. W. will do well and coin much shekels.

On Saturday last the writer went to McIntosh to assist in the permanent organization of King Alliance. We met an earnest band of men, and after preliminary arrangements an alliance, consisting of 29 members was duly established,

The Park Region Pioneer will please accept our thanks for kind words spoken of THE JOURNAL in its efforts to secure an open wheat market in the Northwest. The Pioneer is also doing good work in the cause of humanity even if the fact that it is published by a woman did cut it out of a rightful share of the work in its county. The people should stand by the Pioneer.

A meeting of the State Farmers' Institute was held in the Court House on Wednesday last, attended by at least 300 farmers. The most important feature was the examination of samples of seed wheat by Prof. D. N. Harper, State Chemist, to ascertain the availability of our wheat for seed. Prof. Currier and Prof. Waugh gave interesting talks on their specialties and the meeting proved very entertaining and instructive.

Farmers, if you must borrow, and want a reasonable loan on your land at the very lowest rates, see GEORGE J. McMANUS, The Farmer.

The Richards Comedy Company appeared in this city on Thursday and Friday evenings of last week in "A Base Hit," one of the most comical productions presented in this city for many a day. The actors were well up in their parts and kept the audience in a constant uproar. Willard Simms, who has been here before, has lost none of his wit as his presentation of "Joe Nah" and "Katrina" proved. E. M. Kimball took the part of "Judge-Ment" to perfection, and the rendition of the old man's song has never been beaten on our stage. Miss May Vokes as "Mary Ann," brought the house down and she is deserving of the applause she got. Miss Kittie Beck is a clever little actress—A regular little "Miss-Chief." The company as a whole is a strong one and won very favorable comments. Prof. Casad, with his cornet, and Adolph Bruner, with his violin, assisted Prof G. E. Sinn (the musical director of the troupe) at the piano, furnishing a most excellent orchestra. The company may call again later, and they will meet a warm welcome should they do so.

City Committees.

The following named gentlemen compose the city committees, viz:

CITY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

I. U. Jennings, chairman.
T. G. Thompson.
J. G. McGrew.
J. O. Milne.
E. D. Childs.

WARD COMMITTEES.

1st Ward—D. E. Hatlestad, chairman.
John McKinnon.
H. E. Cooke.
2d Ward—S. L. Collins, chairman.
O. L. Hamery.
August Walter.
3d Ward—J. W. Lily, chairman.
A. Munn.
N. P. Stone.
4th Ward—E. M. Walsh, chairman.
A. G. Gallasch.
Isidore Fortier.
5th Ward—E. Emard, chairman.
R. G. Marlette.

The following letter from President Muir, which is very flattering to the editor of THE JOURNAL, shows so plainly the sentiment of North Dakota on the sub-treasury bill that we give it space in our columns. Mr. Muir thoroughly understands the intent of the bill, and his endorsement of it should have great weight. We trust that when the bill comes before our alliances it will have the consideration due so important a subject:

HUNTER, N. D., March 14, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I am very much pleased with your manly stand in favor of the rights of the farmers of the Northwest. Your paper is doing good work and deserves the hearty support of every farmer in the state. Your paper is among the first I desire to read. I am sorry the State Alliance did not endorse the sub-treasury bill introduced in Congress, and I do hope the local alliances will do the work themselves, for, as you truly say, it is the one measure that will bring us relief. I thank you for your deep interest in favor of principle and the rights of the people and wish your paper was in the hands of every farmer in your state, then all your farmers would be as wideawake as the farmers in Polk County. Success to you. Yours truly, WALTER MUIR,
President North Dakota Farmers' Alliance.

Doc. Van Dyke returned to civilization on Wedesday for a few days to settle up his business preparatory to going away for good, having decided to locate in Seattle. He will leave many warm friends in Polk County.

Charles Chinlquy and G. M. Barber arrived in the city on Saturday last on their way to Seattle. Barber seems to be sorry he left Crookston and we should not be very much surprised to see him return to engage in business at an early day. We notice that most of 'em feel that way when they have been away from us awhile.

Miss Emma Veronneau is back in her accustomed place in Mrs. Bangs' store after a pleasant visit to Duluth and Chicago, to which latter place she went to secure the entrancing styles in spring millinery goods. She got 'em, as usual, and grows eloquent in expatiating upon their beauties. But she can tell you more in a minute than we can in half a day. Go and see.

Frank G. Horton was in from Godfrey on Friday last. Says every farmer is talking alliance out that way, though all have not decided to take hold of it as yet. The fact that they are interested and thinking about it augurs well for the success of the plan, for all that is needed is for them to understand their power when combined with the great body of their brethren, to desire to enlist.

M. L. Vought, editor and proprietor of the Wadena Tribune, died at his old home in Pennsylvania last week. Mr. Vought was for a time a citizen of Crookston, in 1880, we believe. He was managing editor of the Carman Courier during its brief existence. He bought the Tribune of E. H. Love a few years ago and was making an excellent paper. He leaves a wife and child to mourn his loss.

Comrade Cleveland came down from Mentor last week and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call. He says our patriotic fellow-citizen, A. D. Stephens, has given the village of Mentor a deed to a lot upon which to put up a city hall, which structure will be built as soon as arrangements can be made. Mentor Farmers' Alliance is growing encouragingly, and they expect to have every farmer in the town enrolled soon.

C. B. Kittridge, one of the early settlers of Glyndon, was up to attend the Institute on Wednesday. Mr. K. first saw Glyndon when it was but a few weeks old, has worked hard to raise many a crop of wheat (that the other fellow always got the lion's share of the profit of,) and he is one of those earnest seekers after a better method by which he can raise wheat to fit the market, so that he may be a sharer in the profits. When we see the fact that there is big money in our wheat so plainly demonstrated by the big fortunes those who buy and those who grind it have made and are making, we are led to the belief that something else besides "better methods of cultivation" is needed to restore the equilibrium of things and place the balance of power where it belongs—in the hands of the producer. Mr. K. claims that he has not made money raising wheat, yet he realizes the fact that somebody has made money out of the wheat he has produced. To us it is perfectly plain that the evil lies in our system of marketing, and that the remedy is a free and open market wherein any man can buy our wheat and pay for it as much as his judgment dictates. We cannot say with truth that we have that kind of a market to-day.

A Sudden Death.

On Saturday last Mr. Charles Klinger, died at his home near Fisher, after an illness of only three days. On Wednesday he went up to Black River to assist his brother Adolph to move his goods down. On the return trip he complained of distress in his bowels and upon arrival home threw down the lines and went in and laid down on the bed. On Thursday morning the German physician of Fisher was summoned and later a physician from Grand Forks. He grew steadily worse until Saturday when an operation was decided upon, and Dr. Dunlop was summoned to assist, but too late, as poor Charlie died about 20 minutes after Dr. Dunlop's arrival. He was about 23 years old, a young man highly respected by all who knew him, and his sudden death casts a gloom over the community in which he lived. He leaves an aged mother, two brothers and two sisters to mourn his loss. The funeral services were conducted in this city on Tuesday.

A farm loan made to a farming farmer, on a farm as is a farm, can be closed up by George J. McManus as quick as you'd buy a bill of groceries.

WANTED.

A good compositor. Call at this office

WANTED.

A good man or boy for farm work for the season. Apply at JOURNAL office.

AUCTION SALE.

On Friday, March 28th, 1890, on his farm one mile from Wylia Station, the undersigned will offer for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash or good approved notes the following property, to-wit:

Three good work mares with foal; two mare colts, 2 years old; two horses, 4 years old; two three year old colts; one English Shire stallion, 4 years old; seven or eight milch cows; 15 or 16 steers and heifers, 1 and 2 years old; 2 self-binders; 1 seeder, 2 harrows; 5 plows, 1 reaper, 1 horse rake, 2 wagons, 1 fanning mill; also a complete sett of houshold furniture, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of sale—A credit of six months given on good approved paper.

A. STURE, Prop.

M. R. BROWN, Auctioneer.

GRAND OPENING!

MISS AND MRS. J. L. BAILEY

Would respectfully invite the Ladies of Crookston and vicinity to attend their Grand Opening of New Spring Millinery,

Thursday, March 28th, 1890.

Simon C. Rice was up from the town of Garden last week to attend the farmers' institute and gives us the following result of the town meeting in Garden. The officers elected were:

Supervisors—Tollef Nelson, chairman; Simon C. Rice, Lars Higinson.
Clerk—John Hanson.
Assessor—Peter Olson.
Treasurer—C. F. Hanson.
Justice—Peter Johnson.
Constable—Frank Vogel.

Al. Kaiser, the 13 Towns boomer, was in the city on Friday last returning home on Saturday.

P. P. Bodine, of the McIntosh Tribune, was in the city on Friday, returning home on Saturday morning's train.

W. J. Nickle was in from the Woodside school on Friday. Nick is on deck for enumerator for some town in Polk, and it looks like he would count noses next June.

To renew old loans, pay up railroad lands, etc., etc., see George J. McManus. No loans made to dude farmers, nor on sloughs sand-ridges, alkali flats or hard head stone-quarries—but for good farmers, on good farms, he has the ready cash and lowest rates.

E. E. Adams, editor of the Fergus Falls Journal and census superintendent in the 4th District, was in the city last Friday on business connected with the census work. He informs us that assessors are not eligible and cannot be appointed. That the enumerator must be a resident of the town he wishes to work in; that the candidate must make application to him in the candidate's own hand-writing; that all that is necessary to obtain the job is that the enumerator must be competent. He expects to have the work all done in two weeks time. Upon receipt of application blanks will be sent the applicant to fill out and return. These blanks are to be forwarded to Washington for approval. Mr. Adams' address is Fergus Falls, Minn.

See notice of Auction Sale on the Schreiber estate, in another column. Mr. Schreiber, it will be remembered, is the man who was murdered by his nephew last fall while engaged in threshing on his farm. He was one of Clay County's most prominent citizens. The nephew was adjudged insane and is now in the care of the government at Washington.

LOANS!

MONEY ALWAYS ON HAND.

NO BONUS. NO DELAY!

Special Rates and for Choice Loans, a square deal.

CHAS. M. LOWE, BROADWAY.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates, Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. These books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Evaporated peaches, apricots, rasp-berries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Notice.

Anyone desiring to settle their account with me during my absence can call on G. W. Lewis.

[44-tf] DR. M. VAN DYKE.

We wish to inform lou friends, and the public generally that we are

AGAIN ON DECK THIS SPRING
WITH ALL KINDS OF
FARM MACHINERY,
INCLUDING THE NOW FAMOUS
Dowagiac Shoe Drill.

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

SEED OATS.

FARMERS

You will Require Something to Bring to Market Next Fall Winter Besides Wheat!

GOOD WHITE SEED OATS

Exchanged for Light Oats and Barley, at the

[48-52] Crookston Oatmeal Mill!

Schreiber Estate!

AUCTION SALE

OF THE PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE LATE

FRANKLIN J. SCHREIBER,

At the Farm, 3 miles south of

MOORHEAD, - - MINNESOTA.

The Sale Includes Registered

PERCHERON MARES!

Registered in the American Percheron Horse Breeders' Association. High Grade Percheron Mares and Horses.

FOUR MULES. FORTY-SIX HEAD IN ALL!

ONE REGISTERED
PERCHERON STALLION,
ONE REGISTERED
RED POLLED BULL!

And a few High Grade Short Horn Cows. Also one registered White Yorkshire Boar.

Binders, Seeders, Drags, Wagons, two Threshing outfits, Water Tanks, one Ensilage Cutter and Carrier, with a capacity of 2 to 4 tons of hay and 10 to 12 tons of ensilage per hour. One Check Row Corn Planter, Corn Cultivators, 4 Walking and 9 Gang Plows, Hay Rakes, Mowers, one self Hay Loader, driving and work Harnesses, one A No. 1 Warehouse Fanning Mill, 2 feed grinding Machines, 1 good threshing belt, and everything necessary to run a well equipped 2,000 acre wheat and stock farm.

The sale will take place on

Tuesday, March 25, 1890.

TERMS—Five per cent off for cash. Six or eight months time will be given on approved security at 10 per cent. interest. Sale begins promptly at 10 o'clock a. m. A lunch will be served on the grounds.

MRS. F. J. SCHREIBER, }
W. R. TANNER, } Administrators.
H. D. SCOTT, Auctioneer.

Who Is The Farmer's Friend?

Hardly is one political campaign over till a new one is begun, and with it always in Minnesota comes a whole bevy of most ardent friends of the farmer. When his crops promise well or harvest has been bounteous he has hosts of friends among the implement dealers, store-keepers and even saloon-keepers. Where he would build, or buy, or give his vote he will find hosts of importunate, truckling, insinuating, toadying "friends." The office-seeker and his innumerable hosts of aids can readily show that all the farmer's ills arise from imperfect laws; that legislation will quiet his troubles and increase his gains; that is, such legislation as only he, the honest, only he the wise, only he the "true friend" of the horny handed can give. He gets the vote and results are too patent to require space here. The implement dealer who dotes on his "friend," and longs to make him comfortable urges upon him the necessity of new seeders, new-fangled drags, self-binding harvester, (to cut twenty acres) and steam-threshing outfit, all at prices double their true value. He buys, does the farmer, and the results again we know—why write them? The merchant bland and soft-tongued, urges upon his "friend" goods he could do without, sells him anything so long as he has a chance of pay: gives him a ticket of credit (well secured by chattel mortgage) in the balmy spring-time, and lets his "friend" have all the goods he wants on it, (at a profit of from 100 to 150 per cent.) But the heavy load that has accumulated, with December's cold chills the friendship between these twain—ah, willow! The money lender is now glad to have his "friend" the granger call on him. He will accommodate him with that little loan, oh, certainly! Lend him just as much as he wants, 10 per cent bonus? Oh no! Just charge him thirty dollars for time and trouble; but he is getting a large loan and can stand that. 'Tis done, and the "notices of mortgage sales," in the newspapers tell the bitter results of an over-dose of friendship here.

Experience, who has been in the educating line, these many days seems to be teaching even the farmer something from the hand-book "Every man his own friend," and the farmer has allied himself together for the purpose of carrying out the teachings of this most admirable book. Let him see to it that he is not hoodwinked by designing and interested professional politicians into giving them his vote. Let his representatives be farmers who have been proven true by years of trial and not by empty professions of the past few days. Let unnecessary goods and machinery alone; buy nothing on credit from the blythe agent or the bland store-keeper; but if he must make a debt let it be from the banker or money-loaner who will not charge him more than ten per cent to the 100 per cent charged by the two former. Let him work his farm like a thinking being, diversify his crops experiment always, but slowly, safely within his means; try all things that promise well. Let him work his farm as hard and faithfully as if the laws of the land were perfect and he will therein find his best friend,

GEORGE J. McMANUS,
The Farmers' Friend.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, ying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay. 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

SEED WHEAT.

Farmers desiring Pure Velvet Chaff Blue Stem Seed Wheat, call on or address,

F. BIVINS,
[43-tf] Cookston, Minn.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf]

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletche streets. [33-tf]

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING
MUST
GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

☞ CULTIVATED ☜

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

The sole idea of the framers of the sub-treasury bill was and is to provide a free and open market for wheat. Requiring elevators of 30,000 bushels capacity shuts out independent buyers, those who have not sufficient capital to build such, and the combination of interests of those who are able completely excludes competition. This class of capitalists do not like to lose the grip they have on the market, hence we see the desperate efforts they are making to defeat the sub-treasury bill. There is one way to defeat the bill and that way is to concede to the farmer, or any man who desires to buy wheat, the right to build any kind of a house he likes to accommodate his business. All the farmer desires is an equal show in the market, and certainly this is not unreasonable.

The present agitation among farmers presents an opportunity for rat establishments and schemers in big cities to attempt to work off old stocks of inferior goods upon the unsuspecting granger for their good cash, and hence we see stacks of circulars offering what purports to be unheard of bargains. Our friends should not be too quick to bite at every bait presented, and should remember that they have to pay their good money without an opportunity to examine the goods before they purchase. When they receive them it is too late to kick. We have examined many of these so-called great bargains and from what we know of the habits of our business men we are prepared to assert that farmers can do just as well for cash in this city, quality of goods considered, as they can by trading with any of these catch-penny concerns, and we do not hesitate to advise our friends to try any of our reputable business men for a proof of our assertions. You will find rascals in large cities as well as in smaller, and they are generally shrewd enough to take advantage of every opportunity to work off snide stocks at big figures, and they are always on deck among the first. Be not caught by chaff, but remember what Davey Crocket said about being RIGHT before you go ahead in these matters. We know that our dealers have opportunities for obtaining this class of goods to work off in this market, but if they should do so it would ruin the business of any one who should attempt it. All the stuff of that kind that seeks a market in our midst is found in transient auction rooms that never live to see the handsome countenance of the assessor in his annual rounds for business.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

REGULAR MEETING, HELD MARCH 11, 1890.

President Watts in the chair.

Members present—Aldermen Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, Jerome and Buhn.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the seat of R. G. Marlette as alderman of the 5th ward, be declared vacant. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that John B. McLaren be appointed alderman of the 5th ward, in place of R. G. Marlette, resigned.

Ayes—Aldermen Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjon, Jerome, Buhn and Watts.

Nays—None.

The bill of W. E. McKenzie was referred back to the purchasing agent.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson that the bills of C. O. Christianson, O. H. Lucken, Louis Ellington and William Anglim for $25 each for acting as Bond Commissioners, be allowed and ordered paid. Carried.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the eleventh day of March, 1890, Alderman Morrisey offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Steenerson:

Resolved, By the City Council of the city of Crookston, that in compliance with the petition heretofore presented to this body calling for an election under chapter 206, Special Laws of Minnesota for 1889, Tuesday, the first day of April, 1890, is hereby appointed as the day for an election to be held in said city for the purpose of deciding upon the issuance of the bonds of said city to the full amount of $50,000, as provided in said act, and the clerk is hereby instructed to give notice thereof as provided by said act.

Upon the call of the ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, Jerome, Buhn and Watts.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Childs.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 11th day of March, 1890.

WM. WATTS,
President of the Council.

Approved this 14 day of March, 1890.

WM. WATTS,
Acting Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON,
Clerk.

The petition of Frank Ives, Nelly E. Ives and P. E. Misgen to the City Council of the city of Crookston, after having first been duly submitted to a committee, duly appointed by said City Council, at a regular meeting of said City Council, and said committee having acted upon said petition, and made their report thereof to said City Council, recommending that the petition should be granted as prayed for, and that Ives' First Addition to the City of Crookston should be vacated, it is therefore ordered by the City Council of the City of Crookston that Ives' First Addition to the city of Crookston be and is hereby declared vacated.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the petition be granted as requested. Ayes, Aldermen Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, Jerome, Buhn and Watts. Nays none. Carried.

Alderman Childs presented the following resolution:

Whereas, The statement of the County Auditor of Polk County, hereto attached, shows,

1st, The total tax levied and due the city.

2d, The amount of cash on hand in the County Treasury subject to the order of the city treasurer.

3d, The amount of money which the city may expect to receive during the balance of the fiscal year from the tax levy.

And claimed said statement showed that there not only is no floating indebtedness against the city, but that when the tax is collected there will be a considerable surplus in the treasury, and for this reason he asked that this statement be spread upon the records and published in the proceedings of the council for the information of all who may vote at the coming election in the matter of voting bonds to pay the floating indebtedness.

Resolved, That said statement with this preamble, be published as a part of the proceedings of this council for the information of the electors of said city. Carried.

TAXES DUE CITY UNCOLLECTED.

City revenue	$6280 70
City specific	974 70
City street	2667 62
City sinking	2870 46
City interest	9554 55
City improvement	478 97
1st ward	90 44
2d ward	381 03
3d ward	155 40
4th ward	424 37
5th ward	209 00
Total	$24052 35

Of the above amount about $8,000, (estimated) has been collected by the County Treasurer and is now in the said Treasurer's hands to the credit of the following funds:

Revenue	$2155 92
Interest	4034 76
Sinking	1130 31
Improvement	240 25
Ward	154 65
Street	213 27
Total	$7938 16

About 77 per cent. of the city taxes levied for the year 1888, have been paid during the current January, 1889. Estimating a similar rate of payment of our 1889 tax levy the city will realize as follows:

City revenue	$3195 89
" specific	273 13
" street	647 46
" sinking	2103 77
" interest	5464 29
" improvement	400 00
" ward funds	970 39
Total	$13054 98

The following bills were allowed and ordered paid:

Rosenthal & Wile, mdse to poor,	$ 4 50
Rosenthal & Wile, mdse to fire department	30 00
E. Asselin, mdse	8 00
" "	8 00
A. Carlson, boarding H Spitz	10 00
P. Connors, janitor's services and labor	31 50
Crookston Fire Dept., attending two fires	131 00
C. E. Sargent, labor	3 50
Iver A. Brohod, boarding P. H. Holberg	28 00
C. E. Sargent, draying	2 25
M. B. Hayes, mdse to poor	6 00

The following places were designated to hold the annual charter election:

First ward—City Hall.

Second ward—Wm. Watts' office.

Third ward—Steenerson & McManus' office.

Fourth ward—St. Louis sample room.

Fifth ward—E. D. Childs' office.

On motion Council adjourned.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

Improved Farms for Sale or Rent by
GEO. J. McMANUS,
Farm Loans and Real Estate.

L. BARRETTE FARM:—Lake Pleasant s. w. ¼ sec. 14, Tp. 140, R. 44; 160 acres 53 acres cultivated; 20 acres hay land.

HERMAN SIMONSON FARM:—Onstad Tp n. w. ¼ sec. 32, Tp. 148, R. 45; 160 acres 110 acres under cultivation.

ED. STOWE FARM:—Russia Tp., Lots 3 and 4 and s. ½ n. w. ¼ of sec. 2, Tp. 148, R. 46; 159 acres, 60 acres cultivated.

JAMES MOORE FARM:—Kertsonville T. n. e. ¼ sec. 30, Tp. 148 R. 45; 160 acres, 65 acres cultivated; 25 acres good hay land.

JOE MAILLOUX FARM:—Kertsonville Tp., n. w. ¼ sec. 18, T. 149, R. 45; 160 acres, 60 acres plowed.

JAMES ROBINSON FARM:—Onstad Tp. s. w. ¼ sec. 32, Tp. 148, R. 45; 160 acres 60 acres plowed.

CHARLES DAVEY FARM:—Garfield Tp., n. e. qr. s. w. qr. n. w. qr. s. e. qr. and n. ½ n. e. qr. sec. 7, Tp. 147, R. 44; 160 acres; 60 acres cultivated.

HENAULT & McMANUS FARM:—Reis Tp. Lots 2, 3 and 4, and s. w. qr. n. w. qr. sec. 4, Tp. 147 R. 46; 158 acres; 60 acres plowed.

JOE DAUST FARM:—Gentilly Tp., s. w. qr. sec. 28, Tp. 150, R. 45; 160 acres; 80 acres cultivated.

HANS HALVORSON FARM:—Liberty Tp. n. e. qr. sec. 18, Tp. 147, R. 45; 160 acres; 60 acres plowed.

H. B. HAFTERSON FARM:—Onstad Tp. w. ½ n. e. qr. and w. ½ s. e. qr. sec 30, T. 148, R. 45; 160 acres; 40 acres cultivated.

McMANUS FARM:—King Tp., s. w. qr. sec. 35, Tp. 148 R. 41, and n. w. qr. sec. 2, and n. e. qr sec. 10. and s. w. qr. sec. 10 Tp. 147 R. 41; 640 acres; 100 acres plowed; 110 acres good hay land.

OLE FINGERTON FARM:—Fairfax Tp. s. e. sec 13, Tp. 149, R. 46; 160 acres; 80 acres plowed.

Any of above farms for sale cheap on long time, or for rent for small cash rent or share of crops. [48-50.]

Chas. M. Lowe says he has plenty of money for good farm loans, and always has the cash for the best of them. No delay or trouble.

Beltrami Telaugraphs.

BELTRAMI, March 11, 1890.

The annual town meeting was called to order by town clerk Hallock, and W. J. Nickle was elected moderator. The sum of $504 was appropriated for all the expenses of the town for the ensuing year and the following officers elected:

Supervisor—J. G. Thompsom; chairman; John Thompson, O. M. Ohl.

Town Clerk—K. O. Flakne.

Treasurer—E. W. Johnson.

Assessor—H. B. Budd.

Justice—D. E. Fuller.

Constables—C. W. Kimberly, Gust. Linder.

Overseers of Highways—J. F. Aagard, P. J. Carey.

Pound Master—C. E. Ford, Jr.

One of our townsmen made complaint before Justice Lewis, of Crookston, that one of our most estimable young men, a gentleman of the highest character, had stolen hay from the complainant. It is needless to say that the case was dismissed on account of no cause of action.

F. B. Dykeman has purchased the "blind pig" building and will move it to his farm north of the river.

After seeding, John Stranstad will move his family to town in order to give his children the benefit of our public school system. We wish there were more in this county who were as much interested in the education of their children. Then there would be fewer, especially of English speaking parents, unable to read and write.

D. T. Herriott, Esq., is expected back soon.

A son to Mrs. D. Sullivan. Mother and child getting along nicely.

Mrs. D. Fulton and daughter are visiting relatives in Ada.

Dr. Stuart, of Ada, is here this evening attending his patient, T. Sullivan, who is very ill with pneumonia.

Your correspondent feels very grateful to her many friends here for their courtesies extended on her present visit.

EDNA.

East Grand Forks Courier: Ed. Carr, living on section 8, eight miles up the river, has killed two wild cats besides catching two more alive. Mr. Carr has been offered $100 for the live cats by a dime museum manager in Minneapolis. Mr. Carr will seek a bounty from Polk county for the dead ones.

G. A. R. Encampment.

The Northern Pacific sells March 18th and 19th, round trip tickets to Minneapolis and return for $3.47, good until March 22d, 1890. [47-48]

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

MORTGAGE SALE

[First publication March 20th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-one and 96-100 dollars, ($621 96-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Jeremiah P. Easton and Anna M. Easton, his wife, to James Stewart, bearing date the 12th day of November, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 3, and

Whereas, the said mortgage was, for value received, duly assigned by an instrument thereof, duly executed and delivered by the said James Stewart to Randolph State Bank, a corporation, and dated March 5th, 1890, and recorded in said office of the Register of Deeds the 17th day of March, 1890, in book 43 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast one quarter of Section twenty-eight Township one hundred and fifty-four north, of Range forty-seven west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the second day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1890.

RANDOLPH STATE BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. GRINDELAND,
Attorney, Warren, Minn. [48-2]

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I
have Bought Out the Stock
OF
HACK & GALLASCH
And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a
FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS
Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - - $100,000.
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, E. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT.
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUCHLER, Propriator,
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET. —
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington.
Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to all legal and all commercial business [illegible]

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., MARCH 20, 1890.

The English Milling Syndicate.

Prairie Farmer.

Will this result with any good to the farmer by enhancing the value of wheat? There cannot possibly be any gain to the farmer to sell his wheat to the syndicate mills, which they can extract the best grade of flour and the largest money value from per bushel, and leave the offal to be consumed in this country, principally by farming and labor-classes. This, like all great milling corporations, which do an export business, tends to leave the consumer at home, or in any other country where flour is exported, a low grade of flour to be consumed at home, in order to keep up a first-class trade in the great cities in this and foreign countries; and in justice to the farmer[s] who use their flour under the exchange system, it would be well to say (notwithstanding their claims to the contrary) they get but little first class flour, if any at all, from the patent process or roller-mills, but take, in most cases, a low grade of re-bolted flour in exchange for good, sound wheat.

Now, the most feasible plan is, for the consumers on the line of the English-American system to return to the old system of stone-grinding, and get a stronger grain of flour and more lbs. to the bushel, as by the old process 43 to 44 lbs of strong flour can be made from 60 lbs of sound wheat, whereas the roller and patent-process mills are having the face to require the farmers, under the exchange system, to take for good, sound wheat (and they will take no other) 36 to 38—and if the farmer has more than the usual amount of wrath depicted on his countenance he may possibly get 39 lbs—of the above named 2d-grade flour to the bushel, but no bran or middlings, which is giving one-tenth toll, and 13 lbs to be accounted for after allowing 2 lbs for waste.

The use of low grades of flour and the loss attending their use falls the heaviest on the labor and farming-classes that depend on the housewife's system of raising bread without yeast! and owing to the uncertainty of such flour the result is a poor, dry and partly-sour product, of which a large per sent finds its way to feed chickens, hogs, and other animals of the farm, whereas, if they were to use a whole-grain flour, honestly ground and bolted, there would be little or no loss to the consumer by the above course. Your correspondent looks upon this and other of England's purchasing schemes as a final freezing-out process of all American farm industries in or by a combination of capital, to the sooner place the farmers of the United States in the condition of Russian serfs—which will at no distant day be at hand, under the present monopoly and class legislation rule. We, as farmers, are machinery-cursed: First, by self-binders and other too high-priced machinery, and 2d: By roller and patent-process, and other high-toned milling macinery, which must come out of the farmer in the end.

Jackson, Mich. F. J. W.

Unjust Assessments.

Farm Stock and Home.

A business man of Waseca county, Minn., recently made the following statements in the office of Farm, Stock and Home: "This winter I took a two year-old scrub colt from a farmer, on a debt. I took it at $60, though I would not have given over $50 for it in cash. On investigation I found the colt was assessed last spring at $65!" again: "A firm in our town had a judgment against a farmer for $600; one of the members went out to look at a lot of cattle the farmer had, with a view to taking them in satisfaction of the judgment; but the real value of the lot would not justify such an exchange. Investigation revealed the fact that that same lot of cattle was assessad last spring at $875!" Continuing, our informant said: "To my certain knowledge our part of the state is full of instances of this kind, varying in degree somewhat but, reeking with injustice in every case."

From Renville county we have a list of prices at which stock was assessed last spring, and alongside of it the prices at which much of the same stock has since been sold, which show conclusively that the property was assessed at more than its actual cash value; notwithstanding it is the custom to assess personal property in towns and cities at from 5 to 83⅓ per cent. of its spot cash value. From other counties in the state we have similar figures, and more are coming in every day, constituting an array that is absolutely appalling in its injustice and inhumanity.

Our single tax brothers, will, of course, tell us that their system would wipe out iniquities of this kind; but we can't stop now to even argue that point, much less to wait for the fulfillment of their gospel. These unjust assessments must be reformed now, this coming spring. The reform must be realized in the next assessment! common justice demands it, and the present condition of farmers pathetically pleads for it.

If the stocks of country merchants were assessed at their full cash value they would consider themselves ruined at once, yet it is safe to say that merchants find more profit in their stocks than farmers do in their live stock. Let us have a radical reform in this matter, and let us realize that it can't come too quickly.

Albert Lea Standard: After having helped to rob the farmers through the Minneapolis Millers' Association for a score of years, Fred C. Pillsbury has got himself elected President of the state agricultural society, for the purpose it may be assumed, of making partial reparation for the sins he has committed. But he will hardly restore to the farmers any of their ducats when they visit the state fair, and he is not likely to embody in his annual address the report of the experts of the English syndicate on the profits of the Minneapolis mills.

Teachers' Examination.

The spring examination of teachers will be held in the following places:

At Fisher, in the school house, March 21st and 22d.

At Crookston, in the court house, March 24th and 25th.

At Red Lake Falls, in the school house, March 27th and 28th.

At McIntosh, in the school house, April 1st and 2d.

All teachers expecting to teach in the county during the present year, must be present at one of these examinations.

In the hiring of teachers, school boards will observe the following: A contract made with a teacher who does not hold a certificate which is valid in the district where she is to be employed, is void. A contract cannot extend beyond the validity or life of the certificate. A contract made by the teacher prior to the procurement of a certificate is unauthorized and void. A school taught by a teacher who is not legally qualified forfeits its public money.

THOMAS CASEY,
County Supt. of Schools.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN McLEAN.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2 15
Fife	1 85
Skip Jack	1 25

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred ninety-one and 44-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Swan Hovik and Maria Hovik, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to Peter J. McGuire, as mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of February, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 310, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the following property described in said mortgage, viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 2, in block 26, original townsite of Crookston, thence running in an easterly direction along the line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, thence in a southerly course on a line parallel with the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, thence in a westerly direction on a line parallel with the south line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, to the east line of said Ash street, thence in a northerly direction along the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, to the place of beginning, being 50 feet by 140 feet off the north side of lot 2, in block 26, of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county.

And also the undivided one-third of lots three (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), in block 4, in Davis' addition to the townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, or by his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year as provided by law.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., February 19th, 1890.

PETER J. McGUIRE,
Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [45-52]

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 68 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST,
And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tickets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

It has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to

C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,

or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk,—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Johnson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Wilkinson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventeen dollars and fifty cents, which is claimed to be due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fontaine and Mary A. Fontaine, his wife, to Newton McKusick bearing date the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 334, 335, 336 and 337, which said mortgage was, on the 6th day of June, 1889, duly assigned by the said Newton McKusick to Patrick Soards, by an instrument in writing, duly witnessed and acknowledged, so as to entitle it to be recorded, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 380 and 381; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered seventy-one (71) in Kretzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; said sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, or his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 3d, 1890.

PATRICK SOARDS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Assignee. [46-52]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 15th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Owen Owens to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 12th day of August A. D. 1886 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October A. D. 1886, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book "28" of mortgages, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18, and

Whereas said Owen Owens failed, neglected and refused to keep the buildings on the premises, herein described, insured as in said mortgage provided for, and

Whereas said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company was compelled to and did pay the sum of six and 80-100 dollars ($6.80) insurance thereon, and

Whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest and insurance upon the lot in said mortgage described, upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: upon lot one (1) block twenty-four (24) four hundred twenty-eight and 72-100 dollars ($428.72) and

Whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot one (1) in block twenty-four (24) of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and insurance, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 31st day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 11th A. D. 1890.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

George H. Taylor,
Att'y for Mortgagee. [43-49] c578

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($122.72) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ambrose Goodboe and Louise Goodboe, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the second day of April A. D. 1883, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April A. D. 1883, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "33" of mortgages, on page 63.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date thereof, the sum of nine hundred and twenty-two and 72-100 dollars ($922.72) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section thirteen (13,) and east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) Section fourteen (14) Town one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty three (43) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($81.54,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Roberge and Vitoline Roberge, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the 1st day of May A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of May A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book "36" of mortgages, on page 153.

And whereas said mortgagee, now the holder of said mortgage, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of eight hundred and eighty-one and 54-100 dollars ($881.54,) and whereas the said power has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ of se¼) and the south half of the southwest quarter (s½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10,) Town one hundred and fifty-one (151,) Range forty-five (45) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. 42-48]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of ninety-five dollars ($95.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Olivier Mennier (widower) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1887, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of December, A. D. 1887, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on page 398.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder at the date hereof the sum of one thousand ninety-five dollars ($1,095); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼) of Section seven (7) Town one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-48]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMELINE GOSSELIN (a single woman) of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagor, by indenture of mortgage, bearing date the first day of November A. D. 1884, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the fifth day of November A. D. 1884, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes in the forenoon in book "R" of mortgages at pages 594, 595, 596 and 597, mortgaged to John Knuppe of said County and State, mortgagee, his heirs and assigns, all the following described tract of land, lying and being in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter (S½ of SE¼) of Section numbered six (6,) and the north one-half of the northeast quarter (N½ of NE¼ of Section numbered seven (7,) both in Township numbered one hundred fifty-one (151) north, of Range numbered forty-two (42) west, of the fifth principal meridian, being one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, said mortgage being given to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in the sum of two hundred twenty dollars ($220) made by the said mortgagor, Emeline Gosselin, and payable to the order of John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the first day of November, A. D. 1887, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable annually.

And whereas, said John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the tenth day of February A. D. 1885, duly assigned the said mortgage, and the note and debt secured thereby, to Gerrit W. Vis of Saint Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, by instrument in writing bearing said date of February tenth A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds in book "V" of mortgages at page 192, on the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1885 at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

And whereas, said Gerrit W. Vis, is now deceased, and all his property, both real and personal including said note and mortgage, has been duly assigned by Final Decree of the Probate Court of Ramsey County Minnesota, to Martha Vis, widow of said Gerrit W. Vis, deceased, and sole legatee under the will of said deceased, and said Martha Vis is now the owner of said note and mortgage.

And whereas, default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and in the payment of the whole of said principal sum of two hundred twenty dollars, and all interest thereon from the first day of November A. D. 1888. And whereas, the said mortgagor failed and neglected to pay the taxes on the said mortgaged premises for the years 1886, 1887 and 1888, so that said premises were sold for nonpayment of taxes, and the said Martha Vis was obliged to, and did, on the eighteenth day of February A. D. 1890 redeem said premises from such sales, paying for such redemption and as delinquent taxes upon the said premises the sum of ($40.36.) And there is claimed to be, and is actually due at the date of this notice on the said note and mortgage and on the debt secured thereby the sum of two hundred forty-nine and 40-100 dollars ($249.40,) and in addition thereto the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, being the said sum of forty and 36-100 dollars ($40.36) dollars, making in all the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 76-100 dollars ($289.76,) which last mentioned amount is claimed to be due under said mortgage at the date of this notice.

And no suit or other proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover or collect the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, of the said mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay and satisfy the amount now due on said mortgage, and the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, with interest thereon, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the legal costs and disbursements of such foreclosure and sale, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, of said Polk County, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Friday the eleventh day of April A. D. 1890, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Saint Paul, Minnesota, this nineteenth day of February A. D. 1890.

MARTHA VIS,
Widow and sole legatee of Gerrit W. Vis Deceased, Assignee of Mortgage.

Harry H. Dean,
Att'y for Assignee of Mortgage.
Saint Paul, Minnesota. [45-51]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($235.69,) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles Richard and Mary Richard, his wife, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of February A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1888, at 4:10 o'clock p. m., in book "33" of mortgages, on page 616.

And whereas, said mortgagee, now the holder thereof, has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained, and whereas there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of sixteen hundred and thirty-five and 69-100 dollars ($1635.69,) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz:

The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two (32,) Township one hundred and fifty (150,) Range forty five (45,) in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Att'y of Mortgagee. [42-48]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, special term, February 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Ole Aslakson, of Polk County, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Aslak Bjornson, late of said county, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, at Bygland, in said county, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to T. D. Ose, granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this Court on Tuesday, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of February, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[45-48] Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk.—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, February 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Peder C. Finseth, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Martin Finseth of Polk County, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Peder C. Finseth late of said Polk County, on or about the 21st day of February A. D. 1888, at Roome in said county died intestate, and being a resdent of this county at the time of his death, leaving good, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a cousin of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said petitioner, Martin Finseth granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Monday the 24th day of March A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of February A. D. 1890.

By the Court.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[45-48] Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1883, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1883, at 11 o'clock a. m, in book 35 of mortgages, on page 325 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of April, A. D 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42 52]

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee.

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

M. M. VAN DYKE,

Physician and Surgeon,

Office corner of Main and Second Streets,

CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

The Great Transcontinental Line!

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS
AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:25 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:38 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:40 "	Ashland	6:10 p. m.
3:20 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:10 "	CROOKSTON.	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:40 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m	Pembina	1:35 "
4:30 "	Winnipeg	10:30 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:20 p. m. arriving at Crookston at 5:30 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul. Minn.

F. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 27, 1890. NO. 49

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Inequality in Taxation.

Pioneer Press.

The extraordinary inequality in the burthens of taxation, is creating widespread feeling among the farmers, because they believe, and with good reason, that the system in operation is not fair to the granger element. They have long entertained this opinion, and the depression in prices of farm products urges present consideration of the subject. The question is now in progress of discussion in all the states where the alliance is established, for the evil seems to be general. The farmer is willing to pay taxes on what he possesses, provided every one else is made to pay tax on what he possesses, and that all shall sustain an equal proportion of the burthens. Our tax laws and the practices under them discriminate against the farmer in an extraordinary manner. The constitution of the state (Art. 9, sec. 1) provides that "all taxes shall be equalized and uniform throughout the state." In spite of this authoritative provision, these is a very large aggregate of property now escaping taxation by hook or crook, in the hands of moneyed men, corporations, manufacturers, merchants, and such, which should be placed on the duplicate. Now the farmer's land his personal property in horses, cattle, hogs, sheep, implements, etc., are open and visible to the assessor, and cannot in their nature be concealed. All the farmer has is caught in the assessor's net. But in the city, where invisible property is the rule, stocks, bonds, notes, money, and all like property can be concealed, and withheld from the assessor. Every one knows that if this invisible property could be fairly reached it would add millions to the tax list, and by so much reduce the unjust burdens on the farmer's property. This is the general allegation, and it is true. Heroic treatment only will reach the liars and evaders who will not justly return invisible property. Let it be provided that all notes, bonds, etc., liable for taxation, shall not be held valid except that they bore the stamp and signature of the assessor, that they had been duly listed for taxation.

Farming lands are valued too high, in proportion to present valuation. The great shrinkage in the prices of farm products has correspondingly reduced the value of farm lands, as shown in our first paper. But in our leading cities real estate has very largely increased in value. Like a see-saw, the city end has gone up and the granger end down. It was demonstrated by a prominent real estate man before the late dairy-man's convention that real estate in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth had appreciated in the last few years over 1100 per cent. Farming lands, on the contrary, have depreciated at least 25 per cent. But the tax duplicate does not show any such relative change. Again while the farmer's personal property is found and taxed at a substantial valuation, the personal property of merchants of all classes, is not so taxed. It can be readily demonstrated that taxable values of the latter properties are not one-forth of their insurable value. The fires which have occurred in our cities have brought to light facts which are startling. Stocks of groceries and all manner of merchandise carried, on which returns for taxation made were so low as to excite comment, when burned have been found to carry fire policies four or five times as great as returned to the assessor. I have before me, as I write, facts and figures which fully sustain this statement. If full publicity was given these things as I know them from official facts to exist, it would demonstrate how wide are the lines of justice between the farm and the city. While a partial exemption from taxation might enable the merchant to sell his goods lower, yet he is in no wise compelled to make lower prices for that reason, and with the natural avarice of human nature, you cannot predicate any such result. Nor does this practice give that equality in taxation which the constitution guarantees. The evil could be cured by a law forbidding a greater insurance upon such property than its assessed valuation. One pretext for this minimized system of listing wholesale houses in our state is that they must do it to compete with Chicago, whose great merchants notoriously do the same thing. This fact only demonstrates how wide the evil is. The farmer secures no exemption for any such reason, but made to compete with his commodities with all the world. In many respects the existing law itself is as radically unjust as are the practices under it. The law authorizing the deduction of debts from credits is wholly wrong.

It is framed as if intended to strike directly at the farmer. That class in cities who have their property chiefly in credits, lawfully deduct their indebtedness, and are taxed only on the balance. And promptly do they avail themselves of this open door, for nothing is easier than to create debts and so avoid assessment. But when you come to farm property this provision of law works essentially different. There is no enactment which enables the farmer to deduct his indebtedness which avails for him. His personal property is comprised in horses, cattle, hogs, machinery, etc, and though he may owe for these properties one-half or the whole value in notes or otherwise, his special class of property has still to pay taxes in full, as though he owned it all free of debt. Nor does the person who holds the obligations of the farmer for this class of property pay tax on these obligations, for of the hundreds and thousands of chattel mortgages which secure this class of debt on file with the town clerk none of them appear on the assessor's list. This class are also the usurers, and of all men these should be taxed. The chattel mortgage business is the paradise of perjury. If the farmer's land is mortgaged the law works the same injustice, for the law permits no deduction on account of the mortgage. If the taxing of the mortgage is a double taxation, as is so often alleged, then there is a very plain remedy in exempting the farm from taxation to the extent of the mortgage. Relieve the farmer at once, and catch the mortgage holder afterwards. Singularly enough, we tax the mortgages held at home and let the foreign money loaner go free, thus affixing a penalty to those of our own people who have money to loan. All mortgages should be listed for taxation and the mortgaged property be exempted for a like amount. A constitutional amendment compassing this object should be insisted upon by every farmer in the state. I have heard of an instant, in a border county, where a firm in Minnesota and a firm in Iowa, having each $100,000 in mortgages, just stepped over the line and exchanged mortgages till they were through with the assessor.

Even if mortgages were exempt from taxation, there would be no resulting benefit to the farmer, for his interest would be no less, as is often urged, for money loaners are not governed by such considerations. The farmer justly asks to be relieved from paying taxes on indebtedness. The demand is just, and should be heeded. The tax laws of Minnesota, as at present enforced, simply give the moneyed class the opportunity of unloading their share of taxes upon the farming class. It is strange that the farmers have borne it so long. There are many other inequalities in administering the law. For instance, a bank is assessed at 75 per cent of its par value; but the stock of the older and richer banks is generally worth much more than its par value, so that all above par escapes taxation. We do not so much arraign the law as the practices under the law. There is a wholesale ignoring of the absolute requirements of the law. The assessors primarily, and the town and county boards, and the state board of equalization itself are all remiss in their duties, resulting in defects of administration along the whole line. But, wherever the faults may lie, the important fact still remains that the invisible property, chiefly in the cities, by its nature and extent, are properties which mostly escape due taxation.

One great source of revenue belonging to the state tax is that upon the gross earnings of the railroads. If any one chooses to analyze the sum of over $700,000 which the roads now pay into the state treasury he will find that about 75 per cent of the commodities carried are the products of the farm or articles going to the farmer as a consumer. The railroads simply add the tax upon gross earnings to their fixed charges, and collect it from the people. It is like a tariff tax; the method of collecting it hides the essential facts. When you pay your fare and freight bills you pay the railroad tax; when you buy your sugar, salt and glass, you pay the tariff tax. The form of collecting it seems to equalize the burdens of our railroad tax. Besides Minnesota has become a central route for through traffic, and we collect something from freight and passengers. If no other more radical reform offers I would add one cent more to this gross earnings tax and raise it from 3 to 4 per cent. Then add to this something more on the insurance tax, and a proper amount on the gross earnings of sleeping car and express company earnings, the stocks of which are of enormous value, and you will have thus secured an amount equal to the expense of the state government, which is about $100,000 per month. But the inequalities of our tax law, as administered, fall mainly upon the farmer, and that class should never rest until they have given the question of taxation heroic treatment all around.

J. H. BAKER.

In "Peterson" for April, the ladies will find the very freshest and prettiest of spring styles, with ample directions for their make up. There are also numerous costumes for the children and plenty of new needle-work patterns. "Queen Louise, of Prussia, and her Sons," is a beautiful engraving, and the full page wood illustration, "Starting Off" is a very striking picture. "What Easter Brought," is a charming story and unusually well illustration, Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper's capital serial, "A Magnificent Marriage," ends in this number, and Miss Alice Bowman's "Story of Dagma," admirably as it opened, grows better and better. The short stories and poems are all good, most of them fare above the average, the department of "Things Worth Knowing," proves most interesting and useful. "Peterson" steadily improves and by its excellence and versatility gains each year a deeper hold on public favor. Terms, $2.00 a year. Address Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Red Lake Falls Gazette:

Too much praise can not be given to Hon. S. G. Comstock for the honest and energetic efforts he made in obtaining the opening of the Red Lake reservation. A little hanging back or shifting of responsibility on his part would have laid the matter over for months and perhaps years. Mr. Comstock is the first representative Northern Minnesota has ever had, and of him she has every reason to feel proud.

Wide Awake for April opens with a burst of Easter beauty and hope, the frontispiece by W. L. Taylor, "Easter Offerings" embodies the spirit of youth and bloom and gladness, while Mr. Butterworth's beautiful story, "The Pilgrims' Easter Lily, ought to go far to settle the question of Americas national flower. W. J. Rhees of the Smithsonian Institute, under the title, "What's in a name?" gives a brief history of the English founder of the famous institution, at Washington, with three portraits of Smithson, and then goes on to give fifty or more explanations of the mistaken ways in which people address letters to the Institute. "The Difficulties of a Darling" by Mrs. L. B. Walford, is an amusing story of the way a little sister proved her devotion. "How Simon Sanco Panza helped the Revolution," is a first-rate true historical story by Oliver Risley Seward. "Work and play," by Mrs. Fremont, is another true story of this number, showing a delicate woman's business energy and success. "Nervy's Wicked Summer," by Lucia Chase Bell is also true, evidently, the kind of story that children read eagerly. "The Fugitives of French Cross" is a pathetic Acadien story, true also, by Grace Dean Mc Leod.

Miss Sallie J. White has a second crisp article on "Newspaper Workers," written for girls who intend to become "Journalists"; Mrs. Francis A. Humphrey has a pretty open-air paper on "The English Promise." The farm-boy hero of Mr. Stoddards seriel, "Gid Granger," conducts operations with rapidity, and shrewdness that would do credit to Wall Street. The young hero and heroine of Mrs Catherwoods new seriel, "Bony and Ban," have won the interest of readers and seem likely to hold it to the end. The poems of the number are by Edith W. Thomas Harriet Prescott Spofford and Emilie Poulson; the illustrations for Mrs. Spofford's are very beautiful, including a full-page of famous Donati comet. "Men and things" is delightfully readable, full of original anecdotes and reminiscence.

Rushford Star Correspondent: Hon. Solomon G. Comstock represent the Fifth District intelligently and well and has a large amount of business to look after. His long experience in the Minnesota Legislature, however, qualifies him for his arduous duties. He is a very popular man in Minnesota, in Washington and wherever known. Speaker Reed recognized his ability in placing him on three of the best committees in the house.

The Alliance, its Opportunity.

Northwestern Farmer.

The past month has been marked by meetings of the Farmers' Alliance in most of the western states; and, so far as we have had opportunity to become inform of the results, we feel that that organization has cause to congratulate itself. True, the meetings have not been wholly free from the influence of those seeking to use the association for the advancement of their own political fortunes, but those have found it far more difficult than usual to control the assembled farmers. The proceedings show that farmers have been doing their own thinking, and are less willing to follow demagogues, who value their votes far more highly than their material welfare; who are zealous in their service during electioneering canvasses, but ignore their existence as soon as they themselves have attained to the political holdings for which they have abored.

We are glad of this. A somewhat extended observation and experience has convinced us that ordinarily intelligent farmers are really better reasoners and more profound and comprehensive thinkers, than the average hustings politician. The difficulty is that they undervalue their own and exaggerate the abilities of stump speakers. Take, for instance, the tariff question; how many farmers, having reasoned that out and convinced themselves that a high tariff necessarily involves the imposition of unjust and oppressive taxes upon their own labor, have afterwards allowed themselves to be persuaded by some smooth tongued political orator that their conclusions were wrong? Not because his arguments satisfied them, but simply because they credited him with possessing more information about, and therefore, a fuller understanding of the subject than themselves. On such topics as slavery, the war against rebellion, the rights of the negro, and several others equally foreign to the politics of the hour, the speaker had their sympathy; and through that attraction were induced to give assent against their better judgments to his views concerning the only live and vital issues involved.

It is far from being true that political orators are always apt to know more about questions involving public finances, than intelligent farmer or mechanics, although they can talk about them more glibly and with an assumption of superior wisdom. In nine cases out of ten they are "coached" for the occasion, and only repeat what somebody else has prepared for them to say. If, by questioning, you attempt to draw one of them aside from his line of argument, beyond the depths he can readily fathom, he will turn upon you with some nonsensical anecdote or stale joke and discomfort you by raising a laugh at your expense. He crams himself with such anecdotes, and jokes for the very purpose of silencing troublesome catechisers. Farmers are coming more generally to understand this oratorical legerdemain, and while they will as patiently as ever listen to and laugh at the buffoonery, they are presuming more and more to criticize the argument offered and place greater reliance upon their own judgments. This is a result of frequently meeting in the grange, farmer's club, local alliance, etc., and discussing political topics, when there are no recognized political leaders present to hinder the free expression of thought.

That this will speedily lead to the release of farmers from thralldom to designing and make them more self-reliant, can hardly be doubted; and with freedom of thought and action accorded them, they will soon be able to discover the directions in which their interests lie and compel those who control the government to administer it for their benefit, and for that of the people generally. They will soon discover that "class" legislation, whether for the benefit of manufacturers, silver miners, bankers, railway companies, or those of any other distinct avocation, must result injuriously to the community at large, including ultimately even those whom it was designed to benefit. That, therefore, what farmers really need is not so much legislation for their especial advantage, as the repeal of all "beneficiary" legislation, for promotion of any and every special interest. This is what the alliance will lead to if the farmers are wise enough to retain control of it, and use it, not as a political party, but as the master and director of all political parties.

Teachers' Examination.

The spring examination of teachers will be held in the following places:

At Fisher, in the school house, March 21st and 22d.

At Crookston, in the court house, March 24th and 25th.

At Red Lake Falls, in the school house, March 27th and 28th.

At McIntosh, in the school house, April 1st and 2d.

All teachers expecting to teach in the county during the present year, must be present at one of these examinations.

In the hiring of teachers, school boards will observe the following: A contract made with a teacher who does not hold a certificate which is valid in the district where she is to be employed, is void. A contract cannot extend beyond the validity or life of the certificate. A contract made by the teacher prior to the procurement of a certificate is unauthorized and void. A school taught by a teacher who is not legally qualified forfeits its public money.

THOMAS CASEY,
County Supt. of Schools.

$100,000 to loan.
JOHN MCLEAN.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best........$2.40
North Star........2 15
Fife........1 85
Skip Jack........1 25

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W. WILL, Comptroller.

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700.
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSSON, 2d Vice President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

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Max Ericson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person.

1890.—HERE WE ARE AGAIN—1890.
Largest & Most Complete Stock of Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles, Etc. All Work Warranted, And Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed. At Bottom Prices.
WITH OUR NEW
Spring Stock
OF
CHOICE NOVELTIES.
LARGEST STOCK. LATEST STYLES. LOWEST PRICES.
In the Line of Jewelry, Watches, Silverware, Spectacles, Fancy Goods, Albums, Etc., Etc., at the reliable Jewelry House of
FINE WATCH REPAIRING, A SPECIALTY.
C. H. SAAKE,
ROBERT STREET CROOKSTON.

HERE—WE—ARE!
Ready for Business!
IF YOU WANT
BARGAINS
DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of
Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Choice Fresh Family Groceries
ATTIX & CO.
Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE
OF
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.
Commencing Monday, October 14th 1889,
We will offer to the trade a line of
CLOTH NEWMARKETS
For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.
A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF PLUSH NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20
A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long $4.00
" " " Striped " " " 6.00
" " " " " " 7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " " 8.00
" " " " " " 9.00
" " Black or Brown " " " 10.00
" " " " " " 12.00
Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.
LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT
Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.
We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.
FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., MARCH 27, 1890.

'Round Home.

J. O. Milne is expected home from Duluth this week.

Tuesday was a regul- blustering and

... March day, ...edious.

... R. Brown goes up to Wylis tomorrow to attend Mr. Sture's sale.

H. C. Tatro was in on Tuesday to attend the meeting of the county board.

M. C. Malone left for Tacoma this week with several carloads of potatoes.

Louis Fontaine leaves this week with several carloads of potatoes for Tocoma.

Ladies, see Mrs. E. E. Bangs' new announcement and go and examine her goods.

Swan Anderson was down from Black River on Tuesday to attend the meeting of the county board.

Lawyer Phelps came up from Ada on Monday's freight, remaining until the down passenger in the evening.

The county board met on Tuesday. No quorum appearing at morning session no meeting was held till afternoon.

Mr. M. R. Brown went down to the old Carroll farm, six miles north of Fisher, to hold an auction sale, on Wednesday.

Furniture, carpets, curtains this spring at reformed prices.
|49-50| CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

Wheat has reached 65 for No. 1 Hard in this market. It is said that you cannot buy seed wheat at the elevators for less than 80 cents.

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. CHAS. M. LOWE,
|17-tf| Broadway, Crookston.

Farmers, if you must borrow, and want a reasonable loan on your land at the very lowest rates, see GEORGE J. MCMANUS, The Farmer.

Hugh Thompson went down to St Paul last week to consult a physician in his case. His condition is such as to occasion his friends serious alarm.

Northern Pacific engineers were in the city this week looking up the matter of building a bridge across the river. It is said that work will soon be commenced.

E. M. Walsh and Dr. C. E. Dampier started for a trip to the coast on Sunday evening. They intend to return via the Union Pacific route. They will be gone from a month to six weeks.

Ladies, call at the new millinery store of Minnie and Mrs. J. L. Bailey, on Broadway, where you will see displayed a large and elegant stock of fashionable spring millinery. Grand opening day to-day.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. |42-2|

At the meeting of Crookston Alliance on Saturday, the question of a starch factory was discussed and a proposition was submitted that 400 shares, at $25 per share be taken by the farmers, the subscriber having the privilege of paying for his stock in potatoes at 25 cents a bushel. A good start was made and a committee appointed to solicit subscriptions to stock. This is an opportunity that any can embrace who are able to raise potatoes.

"MCMANUS gone out of business?"—Oh, no! He has not been buying as many farms as some—but he lends a reasonable amount on good lands at the lowest terms. Money paid when note is signed. J. G. MCMANUS, The Farmer

Mr. I. U. Jennings returned from Tacoma on Friday evening after an absence of nearly three months. He has looked that country over pretty thoroughly and become pretty well posted upon its resources and prospects. He says when one has a good business here he can see no object for removal, but if one has nothing to do here he can better himself by going out there as there is lots to be done there, and no one need be idle for lack of something to do. He reports the Crookston colony nearly all well and doing nicely. Thinks some of disposing of his interests here and going back in the fall. Farming lands are held at from $200 to $300 per acre and not abundant. The cost of clearing wild lands is about $100 per acre. Real estate has been booming mildly for some time and the end does not appear to have been reached yet.

Baby carriages, all kinds. A good large carriage, parasol top, and well made, for $8.00. Others cheap.
|49-50| CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

J. L. Cossette writes THE JOURNAL that at a meeting in the town of Terrebonne, on Saturday, March 21st, a good start was made for an alliance. E. E. Abbott and Geo. Trip, of Mentor Alliance, made ringing speeches in favor of the farmers organizing, and after a petition for a charter had been signed the following officers were elected; President, Louis Perreault; Vice-President, Giles Lizee; Secretary, J. L. Cossette; Treasurer, Edward Perusse. Delegates to County Alliance, Thomas Crompe, John Clement and Cyrille Beaudin. Forty-one farmers signed the application for the charter and Terrebonne Alliance starts in with very flattering prospects. A motion was made to give two dollars each to the gentlemen who so kindly came over from Mentor to assist but they declined to receive compensation for their services, so a rousing vote of thanks was extended them.

CITY CONVENTION.

Notice is hereby given that a city convention will be held at the City Hall on Friday evening, March 28th, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of putting in nomination candidates for the following offices, to-wit:

Mayor.
Alderman at Large.
City Clerk.
City Tre...
...surer.
Assessor.
Two Constables.
One Alderman in the 1st ward.
One Alderman in the 2d ward.
One Alderman in the 3d ward.
One Alderman in the 4th ward.
Two Aldermen in the 2th ward.

I. U. JENNINGS,
T. G. THOMPSON,
J. G. MCGREW,
E. D. CHILDS,
J. O. MILNE.
City Central Committee.

CITY CAUCUSES.

The ward committees met in City Hall on Monday evening and issued call for caucuses in the various wards for Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.

1st ward at the City Hall; 4 delegates.

2d ward at Watts' office; 4 delegates.

3d ward at Commercial Hotel; 2 delegates.

4th ward at St. Louis Hotel; 5 delegates.

5th ward at Carman Hotel; 1 delegate.

Sheriff Paulsrud informs us that he went down to St. Paul during the meeting of the State Alliance on purpose to go with the Polk County delegation to wait on the Governor in behalf of those upon whom the carrying out of the seed grain law will work an injury.

I don't want to buy a farm, so if you wish to sell don't bother me! I will lend you one-third the cash value of your farm on easy terms—if you are a pretty good sort of a fellow. GEORGE J. MCMANUS, The Farmer.

Prof. Casey welcomed the teachers and the prospective teachers of Polk County at the court house on Monday morning and proceeded with the regular order of examination. It is said that the Prosessor is indefatigable in his efforts to advance the interests of our schools.

A farm loan made to a farming farmer, on a farm as is a farm, can be closed up by George J. McManus as quick as you'd buy a bill of groceries.

That the Polk County farmers mean business is shown by the manner in which they are joining the alliance and the independence they manifest in their manner of doing so. They are fully alive to the evils that exist in our market system aro are determined to correct them if possible.

To renew old loans, pay up railroad lands, etc., etc., see George J. McManus. No loans made to dude farmers, nor on sloughs sand-ridges, alkali flats or hard head stone-quarries—but for good farmers, on good farms, he has the ready cash and lowest rates.

Elsewhere we present the ideas of Senator Sanford on a measure of relief to farmers by issuing money on lands. As with every other measure that promises relief to the farmer, the opposition to this measure is strong and determined, but the farmers should not be fooled by such chaff. This measure if properly gotten up would be if incalculable benefit not only to the farmers of the county, but to the whole country itself. We do not think it of as much importance as the sub-treasury bill but still it would help very materially and therefore we should be prepared to welcome and aid to the best of our ability.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. |42-2|

Mr. Sylvan Bergevin came down from Lambert on Tuesday to present the cases of several parties who are distressed on account on the seed wheat payment due with personal taxes. These parties suffered a partial or total loss of their crops last fall, and should the county press the claims they will be ruined, but should they have an opportunity to raise another crop they might be able to pay up. If no chance is given them, the county will be obliged to pay for all the wheat the parties had, and as there are many similar cases, the Board will try and devise some means for temporary relief. The Sheriff, we are told, offers to remit the costs he will be obliged to make, and all other officials feel likewise, and the Board seems heartily in favor of extending all the relief in its power.

WANTED.

A good man or boy for farm work for the season. Apply at JOURNAL office.

Grand Opening!

Ladies, call at the Fashionable

MILLINERY EMPORIUM

of Minnie and Mrs. J. L. Bailey, on Broadway, and examine the new Spring Styles.

Grand Opening To-Day

Thursday, March 27th,

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and are prepared to do all work in this line in the latest styles. We invite your patronage.

Minnie and Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Three Dollars Reduction.

The Red River Lumber Company quotes the following prices:

1st Com. Boards and Dimension, $15.00
2d " " 13.00
3d " " 11.00

The gr... quoted above at $18 is good stock, suitable for all ordinary building purposes and is the best lumber ever sold in this market at the price named. They have also plenty of short lumber at low prices on account of length.
|49-51|

Call and Settle!

As I intend to leave for Seattle on or about April 15th, I desire to have all my accounts settled before that date, either by cash or note. All who know themselves indebted to me will please call at my office (in rear of drug store of M. Van Dyke & Co.) and settle up. I do not wish to be obliged to leave unsettled accounts in the hands of a lawyer or any other man.

M. VAN DYKE, M. D.

At the annual town meeting, town of Tabor, the following persons were elected:

Supervisors—Joseph Dostal, chairman; Frank Wavra, Sr., F. J. Zeidlik.
Town Clerk—Frank Cernousek.
Treasurer—J. B. Bren.
Justice—F. J. Cernousek.
Constable—John Zavoral.
Poundmaster—James Novotny.

School Boards!

We want to know what you need this year in school furniture and apparatus. You can save considerable by patronizing us. Prices and catalogue sent on application.
|49-50| CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

EDITOR JOURNAL: The Mentor Farmers' Alliance met, as per adjournment at last meeting, at the school house in District No. 81, town of Terrebonne, March 22d, 1890. Meeting called to order by the president, E. E. Abbott, and after a little discussion the farmers of Terrebonne decided to organize an alliance and proceeded to elect their officers, as follows: President, Louis Perault; vice-president, Gillis Lizee; secretary, J. L. Cossette; treasurer, E. Perusse; delegates to county alliance, Thomas Crompe, John Clement, Cyrille Beaudin. Secretary wrote application for charter and 41 names went on that paper about as quick as 41 men could sign their names. The farmers of Terrebonne seemed very enthusiastic, and after a few well chosen remarks from W. W. Attix, Esq., and three rousing cheers for Mentor Alliance, meeting adjourned.

Mentor alliance meets next Saturday, March 29th, at the school house in Dist. No. 60, Grove Park.

G. H. TRIPP, Sec.

Mortgage Loans. **Money on Hand** **No Delay** **Best Terms.**

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

Stock Farm for Sale

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. |7-tf|

SEED WHEAT.

Farmers desiring Pure Velvet Chaff Blue Stem Seed Wheat, call on or address,
F. BIVINS,
|48-tf| Cookston, Minn.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. |35-tf|

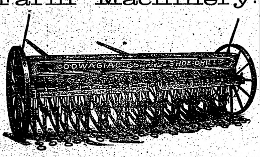
DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHS, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. |33-tf|

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. |31-tf|

McKINNON BRO'S,
Farm Machinery.



DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

WAIT FOR IT!

THE GRAND OPENING
—OF—
NEW SPRING MILLINERY
At Mrs. E. E, Bangs'
Fashionable Millinery Store on Second Street, Crookston, on
Wednesday and Thursday,
April 2d and 3d, 1890.

A cordial invitation is extended to the Ladies of Crookston and vicinity to call and examine this elegant stock.

SEED OATS.

FARMERS

You will Require Something to Bring to Market Next Fall Winter Besides Wheat!

GOOD WHITE SEED OATS

Exchanged for Light Oats and Barley, at the

|48-52| **Crookston Oatmeal Mill!**

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of that certain Mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1888, at eleven (11) o'clock A. M., in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 317; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes, to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2500 00) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee, at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee, on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of two thousand six hundred fifty-three and 89-100 ($2653.89) dollars; and there is claimed to be due and there is due, at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured, the sum of twenty-six hundred sixty-four and 31-100 ($2664.31) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of the said sum, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and recorded therewith, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed, situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), and three, (3), in block numbered fifty-nine (59) in Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls, according to the plat of said Addition on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota. Also all of those lands described in that certain mortgage, made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; said lands being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, six(6), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), and thirteen, (13), in block one, (1); Block numbered two, (2), except lot sixteen, (16) of said block; Block numbered three (3), Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven, (7), and eight, (8), in block numbered four, (4); lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten, (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), and fourteen, (14), in block numbered six, (6); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14); fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), and nineteen (19), in block numbered seven (7); Block numbered eight, (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6) and seven (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven, (11), except lots three, (3), and five, (5) in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), except lot one, (1) released from this mortgage; Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19) and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8) in said block; All of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven o'clock a. m., to pay and satisfy the amount that will then be due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.
B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-three and 21-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter R. Thompson and Mathia Thompson, his wife, as mortgagors, to the New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded, in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D, 1884, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book "S" of mortgages on pages 5, 6 and 7, and no action having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section eleven, (11), and the west half of the southwest quarter of Section one, (1), all in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-nine (49) west, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt; interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 27th, 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.
WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
[49-3] Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Torkel D. Ose, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and hearing, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on Monday, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands be given by publishing a copy of these orders once in each week for three weeks successively, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[49-51] Judge of Probate.

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of that certain mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of three thousand one hundred and eighty-four and 67-100 ($3184.67) dollars. And there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured the sum of Three Thousand One Hundred Ninety Seven and 17-100 [$3,197.17] Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of said sum or any part thereof:

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), ten, (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen, (13), in block one (1); Block numbered two, (2), except lot sixteen (16) in said block; Block numbered three, (3); Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven (7) and eight (8), in block numbered four (4); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four (4) and fourteen, (14) in block numbered six (6); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen (17), eighteen, (18) and nineteen, (19), in block numbered seven (7); block numbered eight (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), and seven, (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven, (11), except lots numbered three, (3), and five (5), in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), (except lot numbered one (1) in said block which has been released from this mortgage); Lots numbered one, (1) two, (2), three (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16) seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8), in said block; all of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon, to pay and satisfy the amount that will be then due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage, and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.
B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Ole J. Wigen, plaintiff, vs. Peter Waldo, Carl O. Olson, as administrator of Robert M. Helsem, deceased, Carl O. Olson, Else Martha Serkvedatter Helsem, also known as Else Martha Serkvesdatter Ous, Anna Regine Olson, Olava Larson, Julia Jones, Helen Anderson, Anne Marie Helsem, Alma O. M. Helsem, John Gund Brewing Company, John C. Oswald and Theophile Basting, partners as J. C. Oswald, & Co., defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Minneapolis, County of Hennepin and State of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated March 14th, 1890.

UELAND, SHORES & HOLT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twelve hundred thirty-four and 70-100 dollars, ($1,234.70) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Parre Either and Elizabeth Either, his wife, mortgagors, to David Corbin, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1886, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of May, A. D. 1886, at 8:15 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 201, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of northeast quarter of Section eight, (8), in Township one hundred and fifty, (150), Range forty-five, (45), west, containing forty acres more or less in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any on said premises, and ten dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 22d, A. D. 1890.

DAVID CORBIN, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Justice Court, before C. S. Spendley, J. P.

Harry S. Attix, E. D. Childs and James Hill, co-partners in business at Carman, Minn., under the firm name and style of Attix, Childs & Co., plaintiffs, vs. M. C. Perrin, defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to M. C. Perrin, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston, in said county, to answer to Harry S. Attix, E. D. Childs and James Hill, co-partners in business at Carman, Minn., under the firm name and style of Attix, Childs & Co., in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said plaintiff for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand this 20th day of March, A. D. 1890.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
[49-51] Justice of the Peace.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR MAMMOTH STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING UST GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

☞ CULTIVATED ☜

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

One good object has already been attained by the farmers' alliance, that is in calling the attention of our legislators in Congress to the fact that agriculture needs the earnest attention of our lawmakers, and already several important bills have been framed and men are hard at work on others. Farmers should now take hold of the work with strong faith, and every alliance member should urge his neighbor who is not a member to join at once, and their efforts should not cease until every farmer in the United States is a member of the farmers' alliance. Then the passage of these bills in Congress should be urged with all the power of our united strength, then, and not till then, will be made manifest the full power of the alliance. Let every alliance man be a missionary from henceforth until this grand result is accomplished.

Somebody in the St. Paul Daily News jumped onto the neck of Dr. Fish in an extremely vicious manner, piling up billingsgate till you can't rest. He says that the doctor is a "coward" and proceeds to tongue-lash him in a fearful manner, but evidently

FORGETS TO SIGN HIS NAME

to his article as a brave, honorable opponent would do, which underhanded proceeding leaves the impression in the mind of the reader that the writer thereof is a greater coward than the man he attacks. He claims that the doctor was raising heaven and earth during the whole session for the office of secretary. We know better for just before dinner Dr. Fish handed the writer hereof a lot of blank pieces of papers with the request that we write the name of "John Lathrop", for secretary upon. We heard him request a dozen or more of his friends to work and vote for Lathrop. During the dinner hour a warm personal friend of the doctor suggested the name of Doctor Fish for secretary, as, in his opinion, the only man who could down Haigh. That idea took like a prarie fire and after dinner the doctor was asked if he would accept. It was not until the convention assembled for the afternoon session that we learned of the doctor's acceptance and when he did accept he went into it with the full strength of his enthusiastic nature as he does into every thing he undertakes, and the splendid vote he got, coming in at so late an hour, when many who would have liked to vote for him had he been early in the field, could not do so having by that time pledged to vote for Haigh, is not a matter for any man to be ashmed of, but on the other hand he may well be proud of it. Here-to-fore we have tried hard to think that the doctor might be mistaken in his charges against certain officials of the alliance—we have hoped he was mistaken in some way but these attacks upon him (which we are forced to believe by their bitterness originates with the parties accused) have forced us to the conclusion that the doctor is not only right but that he has not told all that he knows. It is very evident to the ordinary observer that some deeply laid plans were wrecked at that meeting and the bitterness of the attacks upon the doctor by somebody, who, for some reason conceals his name leads to the conclusion that the doctor is the chilling frost that nipped those cherished plans in the bud. Hence these tears.

Poplar River Alliance No. 729.

Poplar River Alliance effected a permanent organization on March 17th. Mr. Cyprien Demers addressed the meeting, giving a brief review of the good work done at the St. Paul meeting and urging all to take hold of the good work. Mr. Joseph Laframboise followed in an eloquent speech showing the importance of the work and the necessity for all to lend an assisting hand. Cyprien Demers was elected president, Alphonse Paradis vice-president, Arthur Toupin, secretary, and Rock Fortier, treasurer. Alphonse Paradis and Arthur Toupin were elected delegates to the county convention. Poplar River Alliance now has forty members.

THE TWINE TRUST.

That an attempt was made last year to form a twine trust we have no doubt, and that it was a wretched failure is as apparent; so much so that we very much doubt that there is or will be any attempt to repeat the experiment this year. The Minneapolis Evening Journal of March 22d, says:

"Twine is now quoted from 11 cents a pound for jute, to 16 cents for manilla, which was the quotation last year. Who makes the profit? It is not the alleged twine trust if brokers' lists are reliable. One of these lists sent out from New York last September quotes the raw manilla and sisal hemp at 11¼ cents a pound. The manufacturers figure on 2 cents a pound as the cost of manufacture and his profit, which jobbers regard as reasonable. The jobber adds another 2 cents, and claims that he cannot transact the business on a less margin, considering the possibility of a crop failure and of carrying the country dealers until crops can be harvested. This brings the price to the farmer from the retailer at about 16 cents. The cordage company figures that as a combine they can buy the raw material perhaps a half cent less a pound, which they assert does not affect the price to the farmer one way or the other, for if they didn't combine the farmer would have to pay 16 cents, and if they do combine he pays no more; that there would be no object in a combination to the manufacturers, unless they could make by it—they certainly would not combine for the pleasure there might be in it.

Is there a remedy for the high price of twine within reach of the farmer? One farmer says there is through the medium of jute twine, which is cheaper than manilla or sisal, and also poorer. But its use would turn the demand away from manilla and, the raw material would have to be sold cheaper to insure its sale."

"That is all right as a theory," said another dealer, "but it cannot be put in practice. The northwestern farmer has to harvest his crop in six or seven days, and he cannot afford to take any chances from trouble with twine or thinks he cannot. I tried two years ago to introduce American hemp to the farmers because it is cheaper, but they would have none of it. Until they are willing to try something else they must pay the price of manilla twine. The American hemp is good and it is cheap. I finally got out about 500 pounds in this way. I shipped a sack of manilla and a sack of American to each farmer who agreed to try it. He was to try the American first and if it failed to at once put on the manilla without loss of time, return the American and get a sack of manilla in its place. The American worked well, yet last year the farmers wouldn't touch it. In Ohio they will have nothing else."

The jobber argued that he was working solely in the interest of the farmer. It did not pay him to bother with the American hemp, but the farmer did not dare try it, fearing there would be a break when put in the harvester that would cause delay.

A thing that has a tendency to keep the price of twine up is the delay in making purchases. Everything is left until the last moment. The farmer does not like to buy until he sees his crop flourishing. The jobber holds back on his stock until he hears from the farmer. The manufacturer does not wish to go it blind, and after putting out a conservative product, waits for returns. If the crop should prove to be large there would at once be a scarcity of twine and prices would probably go up. Had there not been a large supply of twine held over last year, it is asserted that there would have been an advance. The manufacturer is not now realizing as profit, it is claimed, over one-third of what he did five years ago. The increased cost of the raw material has cut it down. This is a survey of the twine situation as seen through the dealers' estimates."

There is a point in the above to which we wish to call attention, and that is the efforts that the farmers are really making to down the twine trust. Some of them are, but more of them don't seem to be taking any especial pains to better their condition. Last year Mr. M. R. Brown procured several bales of jute and hemp twine which he distributed among such prominent farmers as Capt. H. W. Donaldson, of Kittson Co., Hon. Geo. R. Roberts, of Marshall Co., and in Polk County, E. S. Corser, G. M. Fisk, Edward Lanctot, E. E. Lommen, E. D. Childs, F. Rauenbuchler and Charles Johnson, with the express understanding and agreement on their part that they would give the samples a faithful trial and report the result, whatever that result should be, sometime before Jan. 1st. Mr. Brown's idea was to obtain a twine that would do the work cheaper than manilla, and he wanted the report in time, so that if it was found that jute and hemp would do the work there would be plenty of time to manufacture in sufficient quantity for our use. Mr. Brown informs the writer that Charles Johnson alone reported the result, though he has written the others letters of inquiry, not a word in reply has he received. This shows an unpardonable lack of interest or neglect that is surprising in a matter of so much moment to the farming community, and at a time when we are diligently seeking for some means of escape from the general depression.

The County Alliance.

The County Alliance met pursuant to adjournment on Friday, March 21st, at the Court House, at 2 p. m. Temporary president Steenerson called the meeting to order, after which the president appointed the following committee on credentials: John Urness, Tom O. Sundit and J. W. Galloway. The committee retired and pending its report the platform and resolutions adopted at the meeting of the State Alliance, were read. The committee on credentials reported the following delegates entitled to seats in the convention:

WOODSIDE FARMERS' ALLIANCE No. 742.—H. C. Tatro, H. G. Mitchel.

HILL RIVER ALLIANCE, No. 785.—Ole J. Matson, John Peterson.

SCANDIA ALLIANCE, No. 643, (Knute.)—J. E. Oppegaard, C. C. Ness, Lars Nelson.

POPLAR RIVER ALLIANCE, No. 729.—T. P. Toupin, A. Paradis.

BLACK RIVER ALLIANCE No. 689.—Swan Anderson, A. M. Hanson.

MENTOR ALLIANCE, No. 594.—G. M. Swift, Stephen Quesnel, C. M. Benson.

ANDOVER ALLIANCE, No. 617.—G. M. Fisk, W. G. Lytle and G. W. Eastman.

WINGER ALLIANCE, No 721.—John J. Johnson, Richard Olson. Mr. I. K. Messelt was invited to a seat in the convention for this session.

GARDEN ALLIANCE, No. 660.—O. P. Renne, Gunder Hougen, J. J. Johnson.

KING ALLIANCE, No. 751.—John Grythin, T. Johnson, C. M. Stade.

ROSEBUD ALLIANCE, No. 636.—J. W. Galloway.

ROOME ALLIANCE, No. 670.—P. B. Anderson, Peter O. Berg.

TABOR ALLIANCE, No. 657.—J. P. Bren, Frank Cernousek. Admitted by invitation.

RUSSIA AND ONSTAD ALLIANCE, No. 677.—Ben. Geroux, Iver Quarberg, John Urness.

SAND HILL ALLIANCE, No 553.—Thos. O. Sundit, Andrew Steenerson, L. C. Sundit.

CROOKSTON ALLIANCE, No. 648.—E. D. Childs, Eli Steenerson, H. E. Cooke.

Report of committee on constitution called for. Committee reported progress and asked further time, which was granted. Moved that we proceed to the election of permanent officers. Objection was made on the ground that we had no authority to make a permanent organization until a constitution was adopted. After some discussion a ballot on president was ordered. Two candidates were put in nomination, G. M. Swift and Andrew Steenerson. Swift receiving 28 votes, Steenerson 18. On motion of Andrew Steenerson, Mr. Swift's election was made unanimous. The following vice presidents were elected:

O. P. Renne, 1s Com. Dist.
P. B. Anderson, 2d " "
W. G. Lytle, 3d " "
C. A. Johnson, 4th " "
Frank Cernousek, 5th " "

A. N. Hixson was elected secretary, Joseph Laframboise, treasurer, and H. E. Cooke, county lecturer. The original committee on constitution and by-laws was by request increased, and now stands: C. Steenerson, Frank Zedlik, P. O. Berg, H. E. Cooke, A. N. Hixson, John Grythen.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

E. D. Childs, Andrew Steenerson, Swan Anderson, Chris Benson, J. W. Galloway.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

O. P. Renne, P. B. Anderson. W. G. Lytle, C. A. Johnson, Frank Cernousek.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

W. G. Lytle, H. G. Mitchel and F. Bivins.

Alliance adjourned to the regular July meeting unless sooner convened on call of President.

Improved Farms for Sale or Rent by
GEO. J. McMANUS,
Farm Loans and Real Estate.

L. BARRETTE FARM:—Lake Pleasant s. w. ¼ sec. 14, Tp. 140, R. 44; 160 acres 53 acres cultivated; 20 acres hay land.

HERMAN SIMONSON FARM:—Onstad Tp n. w. ¼ sec. 32, Tp. 148, R. 45; 160 acres 110 acres under cultivation.

ED. STOWE FARM:—Russia Tp., Lots 3 and 4 and s. ½ n. w. ¼ of sec. 2, Tp. 148, R. 46; 159 acres, 60 acres cultivated.

JAMES MOORE FARM:—Kertsonville T. n. e. ¼ sec. 30, Tp. 148 R. 45; 160 acres, 65 acres cultivated; 25 acres good hay land.

JOE MAILLOUX FARM:—Kertsonville Tp., n. w. ¼ sec. 13, T. 149, R. 45; 160 acres, 60 acres plowed.

JAMES ROBINSON FARM:—Onstad Tp. s. w. ¼ sec. 32, Tp. 148, R. 45; 160 acres 60 acres plowed.

CHARLES DAVEY FARM:—Garfield Tp., n. e. qr. s. w. qr. n. w. qr. s. e. qr. and n. ½ n. e. qr. sec. 7, Tp. 147, R. 44; 160 acres; 60 acres cultivated.

HENAULT & McMANUS FARM:—Reis Tp. Lots 2, 3 and 4, and s. w. qr. n. w. qr. sec. 4, Tp. 147 R. 46; 158 acres; 60 acres plowed.

JOE DAUST FARM:—Gentilly Tp., s. w. qr. sec. 28, Tp. 150, R. 45; 160 [illegible] acres cultivated; [illegible] acres; 80

HANS HALVORSON FARM:—Liberty Tp. n. e. qr. sec. 18, Tp. 147, R. 45; 160 acres; 60 acres plowed.

H. B. HAFTERSON FARM:—Onstad Tp w. ½ n. e. qr., and w. ½ s. e. qr. sec 30, T. 148, R. 45; 160 acres; 40 acres cultivated.

McMANUS FARM:—King Tp., s. w. qr. sec. 35, Tp. 148 R. 41, and n. w. qr. sec. 2, and n. e. qr sec. 10, and s. w. qr. sec. 10 Tp. 147 R. 41; 640 acres; 100 acres plowed; 110 acres good hay land.

OLE FINGERTON FARM:—Fairfax Tp s. e. sec 13, Tp. 149, R. 46; 160 acres; 80 acres plowed.

Any of above farms for sale cheap on long time, or for rent for small cash rent or share of crops. [48-50.]

Chas. M. Lowe says he has plenty of money for good farm loans, and always has the cash for the best of them. No delay or trouble.

AUCTION SALE.

On Friday, March 28th, 1890, on his farm one mile from Wylie Station, the undersigned will offer for sale at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash or good approved notes the following property, to-wit:

Three good work mares with foal; two mare colts, 2 years old; two horses, 4 years old; two three year old colts; one English Shire stallion, 4 years old; seven or eight mitch cows; 15 or 16 steers and heifers, 1 and 2 years old; 2 self-binders; 1 seeder, 2 harrows; 5 plows, 1 reaper, 1 horse rake, 2 wagons, 1 fanning mill; also a complete sett of houshold furniture, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of sale—A credit of six months given on good approved paper.

A. STURE, Prop.
M. R. BROWN, Auctioneer.

G. A. R. Encampment,

The Northern Pacific sells March 18th and 19th, round trip tickets to Minneapolis and return for $3.47, good until March 22d, 1890. [47-48]

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

LOANS!

MONEY ALWAYS ON HAND.
NO BONUS: NO DELAY!
Special Rates and for Choice Loans, a square deal.
CHAS. M. LOWE, - BROADWAY.

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock
OF
HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs,
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. H. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer,

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited,
Terms $1.00 Per Day.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUCHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT ST. EE—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, Dis tot Cou t Commissi ner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington.
Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

Polk County Journal.

W. H. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., MARCH 27, 1890.

Something Must be Done.

The Western Rural.

The government of the United States, as we have sometimes before said, must give its attention to the deplorable condition of our agriculture. There is nothing about which we sit down to write that so humiliates and disheartens us as the lack of our agricultural prosperity. There always appears to be a hand before us pointing to Ireland when we contemplate American agriculture. Yet this is the grandest agricultural country in the world. Our farmers have built our cities and railroads and telegraph lines and palaces and colleges and made the America of to-day the proud, rich powerful nation that it is. And the men who have made the wealth are themselves poor! How like the world in all the ages past. But in this country justice is supposed ever to be sitting on her throne. But the time is here when radical innovations must be made, though they shake our prejudices and do violence to our usual mode of thought. We have got into the habit of thinking that government is a sort of ornament. But we must begin to think that it is a thing of utility. For long years the government has assumed the duty of helping develop our manufactures. The tariff is based upon the theory that it is the right and duty of government to protect its own citizens and its own industries. But if the danger of injury from foreign competition is sufficient to arouse the government to stand at our ports of entry to keep out foreign products, the danger of privileged classes and cut-throat business methods that are now common in the United States, is sufficient to prompt the government to guard our farms from the thieving conspiracies. This government, which cost the farmer so much to support scarcely turns its hand to help the farmer, and if it goes through the motions of helping him the result is a barren ideality. Manufacturers and railroads and Wall Street capitalists get pretty nearly everything they want at Washington. As farmers we are asked to pay to support the money sharks of the East, to pay to support every manufacturer in the land, to pay to protect this industry and that industry, and while we are doing this our own business is going to ruin, and the government leaves us to struggle by ourselves.

The money lender has his grip upon the throats of the men who have gone into the new West to develop farms for the enriching of the nation; his big, grasping claw covers the new West; adversity is upon great numbers of our producers and it really seems to be getting darker instead of becoming brighter. And what is the government doing? It is compelling us to pay something upon every necessary of life in order to protect the business of other classes, but is not even lending a willing ear to a description of our condition and the utterance of our demands. Well, what can the government do, do you ask? The answer is can do anything that it chooses. It can certainly drive back the horde of corporate cormorants who have fattened for years upon the very lives of our farmers. It at least can exercise police control of thieves in broadcloth, as well as it can exercise control of thieves in rags. It can ask what the farmer needs. It can ask what agriculture—without which grass will grow in our streets—requires to make it prosperous, and whatever it needs, this great rich government can do, and this great, rich government must do. It may be possible that some of the millions that are lying idle in the public treasury will be required to restore prosperity to agriculture. If they are needed out with them and set farming upon its feet. The man who does most to make the American government possible must be given a chance.

Down With Them.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

The bucket shops must go. Long enough have they played havoc in the community. There are all sorts of schemes for obtaining money under false pretenses, a fact of which the law has branded as punishable. The bucket shop process is one of the best and most [illegible] of those the arm of the law does not reach properly—best for the schemer, worst for the victims. The President of the Chicago board of trade is good authority on this subject. He is quoted as calling a spade a spade in these vigorous terms:

The bucket shops, which were made possible a few years ago, by the introduction of the "ticker," have multiplied until they are scattered through every city and town in the country. They are sucking the life blood from trade. They annually divert millions of dollars from legitimate business to the worst sort of gambling. A faro bank is not half as bad as a bucket shop. The latter is more dangerous because it is more public and seemingly more respectable. In a square faro game a man has some chance to win, but in bucket shops he plays against loaded dice.

This comparison between bucket-shop and faro bank is striking. The point that the bucket-shop is the more dangerous because everything appears to be above board and respectable is worthy of special emphasis. Many a young man, scrupulous as to his associations and companions, will avoid the gambling den as he would a viper, but will walk into a bucket-shop with [illegible] conscience. Even if the bucket-shop cannot be totally suppressed, as it probably cannot, it should at least be placed so under ban and advertised in its true light to such an extent that the element of respectability shall be entirely eliminated.

The movement of the Chicago board [illegible] is commendable. Opinion seems to differ as to the effectiveness of the abolition of the "ticker" in suppressing the bucket-shop. Probably it will accomplish less than the most sanguine hope, and more than the skeptical expect. It can hardly fail to bring forth some good fruit in the direction indicated.

The effect of the new policy, which is to be inaugurated March 31st, on the business of the board of trade is a minor matter. Here again opinion vary, though the general trend of sentiment seems to be that business will not only not injured, but is likely to be benefited. This is certainly the most rational view. The suppression of illegitimate business can hardly be otherwise, than helpful to legitimate business, in the long run.

The direct bearing of the farmer's finances on general business is a well established fact. The statement of another Chicago board of trader is to the point right here.

Every farmer who buys in a bucket-shop—and they all buy—thinks he is "bulling" the market. But he is really "bearing" it, because he is putting just so much capital into the bucket-shop man's hands to "bear" it here in Chicago. The farmer's money, instead of giving a natural stimulus to prices, is used against him to lower prices. With the country full of bucket-shops, the laws of supply and demand are powerless to regulate prices and trade is a ship with out a rudder.

Down with the bucket-shops! If they cannot be downed entirely, keep them just as low down as possible.

It has been suggested by no less a light than Chas. A. Pilsbury that after the Chicago board of trade gets through with the bucket-shops it would do well to call a halt on gambling on its own floor. The suggestion is rather rough on the Chicago reformers, but, to a man up a tree, it appears in order.

The Holstein-Friesian Register.

The subject of healthful milk, is beginning to attract public. We have often called the attention of our readers to it. We believe that it ought to be followed up "line upon line and precept upon precept." We further believe that no breed of cattle furnishes milk of equal healthfulness to that of the Holstein-Friesian. As evidence of this, we point to the healthfulness of the breed above others, to its constitutional vigor that prevents it from being affected by influences that produce diseases in others, to the size and vigor of its calves, to their growth and healthfulness while being fed on the milk of their dams. We do not propose to draw comparisons with other breeds. Such comparisons would not be in good taste in a journal devoted to a special breed. But we have the right to challenge investigation, to call upon scientific men to study the milk of different breeds in its relation to the health of consumers, and we have the right to ask dairy commissioners to go back of the amount of solids and inquire into the healthfulness of milk over which they have supervision. This subject, as we have repeatedly said, is of a thousand-fold more consequence than the amount of fat, caseine and sugar that milk contains. It is all right for our scientific men and dairy officers to inquire into this, but back of this, the healthfulness of milk, its effect on the young and its liability to transmit disease, looms up as a mountain in the presence of a mole-hill.

Holstein-Friesian Register: That's right, Mr. Bulletin, kick as much as you like; call it a farce, etc. but the fact remains just the same, that the Holstein are the favorites for butter, cheese, milk and beef.

Jersey Bulletin: It would be infinitely better, more proper and bear some weight, if some proof was given instead of mere assertion. Even in this, their own paper, seldom is there to be found a bona fide seven-day butter test, and as to a yearly record of a herd of this breed never is one seen. One looks in vain for reports of the work of whole herds of Holstein cows made in real dairy work, for which so much is claimed, but none appear. It would be pleasing to read a few reports of the cream sold or butter made from a herd of Holsteins. There are some phenomenal yields reported. Lady Baker made a grand good record for herself. She is certainly a fine, dairy cow, perhaps one of the best of the breed, but to prove that they are the "favorites" for the quartet of virtues named by our contemporary, something more than "say-sos" are needed very badly just now.

The trouble with the Jersey men is not an absence of proof of the merits of the black-and-whites, we would suggest to the Bulletin, but the overwhelming evidence that the Holstein-Faiesian is fast becoming the favorite cow for the practical farmer. There have been bona fide seven-day tests enough, dear Bulletin, to cause great fear in the ranks of the admirers of the gentleman's cow. There are quite too many to permit our Jersey friends to rest in peace, and then the public tests at the fairs. Just read the overwhelming records for the fair season of 1889 in this line, and if you are still desirous of seeing a "bona fide" seven-day test, read that of Clothilde 2nd also in this issue, and to steady yourself, and as a finisher, read the list of tests made by Lakeside herd, 90 of these very cows are in that herd to-day. We never saw any record of a Jersey herd that could compare with it. Ninety cows in one herd whose average butter record is 17 lbs. in seven days, and 19.98 lbs of milk to a pound of butter. Forty-two of these record are those of two and three-year old heifers. If the Bulletin has looked in vain for the work of whole herds, we can only offer our sympathy for its poor eyesight. Look over your file of the Register again, and then turn to the Advanced Register, and if you don't feel quite satisfied just write to our advertisers. "Ask and it shall be given you." If the Holstein-Friesian were as long established as a breed, as the Jerseys are in this country, the demonstration of their great butter qualities would have been so conclusive that no intelligent dairyman would dare ask which breed yielded the most butter in a year, for fear of exposing his ignorance.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 20th, 1890.]

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-one and 96-100 dollars, ($621.96-100), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Jeremiah P. Easton and Anna M. Easton, his wife, to James Stewart, bearing date the 12th day of November, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in book [illegible] of mortgages, on page [illegible], and

Whereas, the said mortgage was for value received, duly assigned by an instrument thereof, duly executed and delivered by the said James Stewart to Randolph State Bank, a corporation, and dated March 8th, 1890, and recorded in said office of the Register of Deeds the 17th day of March, 1890, in book 45 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast one quarter of Section twenty-eight Township one hundred and fifty-four north, of Range forty [illegible] west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the second day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1890.

RANDOLPH STATE BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. GRINDELAND,
Attorney, Warren, Minn. [43-2]

CROOKSTON STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly "favoring" the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City, via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 63 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST,
And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tickets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

It has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to

C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,

or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Johnson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 13th 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court. 14th Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, plaintiff, vs. John Wilkinson, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the District Clerk of the Fourteenth Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court aforesaid for the relief in said complaint demanded.

Dated Crookston, Minnesota, February 12th, 1890.

WILKINSON, SCHMIDT & O'BRIEN,
[43-49] Plaintiff's Attys, Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 6th, 1890.]

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred seventeen dollars and fifty cents, which is claimed to be due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fontaine and Mary A. Fontaine, his wife, to Newton McKusick, bearing date the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 384, 385, 386 and 387, which said mortgage was, on the 6th day of June, 1889, duly assigned by the said Newton McKusick to Patrick Soarls, by an instrument in writing, duly witnessed and acknowledged, so as to entitle it to be recorded, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 380 and 381; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered seventy-one (71) in Kretzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; said sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, or his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in, and by, said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 3d, 1890.

PATRICK SOARLS,
Assignee of Mortgagee,

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Assignee. [40-52]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 13th, 1890.]

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Owen Owens to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 12th day of August A. D. 1880 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of October A. D. 1886, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book "2" of mortgages, on pages 15, 16, 17 and 18, and

Whereas said Owen Owens failed, neglected and refused to keep the buildings on the premises, herein described, insured as in said mortgage provided for, and

Whereas said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company was compelled to and did pay the sum of six and 80-100 dollars ($6.80) insurance thereon, and

Whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest and insurance upon the lot in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: upon lot one (1) block twenty-four (24) four hundred twenty-eight and 72-100 dollars ($428.72), and

Whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot one (1) in block twenty-four (24) of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and insurance, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and state, on the 31st day of March A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 11th A. D. 1890.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

George H. Taylor,
Att'y for Mortgagee. [43-49] c678

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred ninety-one and 44-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Swan Hovik and Maria Hovik, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to Peter J. McGuire, as mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of February, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 4 o'clock p m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 310, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the following property described in said mortgage, viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 2, in block 26, original townsite of Crookston, thence running in an easterly direction along the line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, thence in a southerly course on a line parallel with the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, thence in a westerly direction on a line parallel with the south line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, to the east line of said Ash street, thence in a northerly direction along the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, to the place of beginning, being 50 feet by 140 feet off the north side of lot 2, in block 26, of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county.

And also the undivided one-third of lots three (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), in block 4, in Davis' addition to the townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, or by his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year as provided by law.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., February 19th, 1890.

PETER J. McGUIRE,
Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [45-52]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

Whereas, Emeline Gosselin (a single woman) of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagor, by indenture of mortgage, bearing date the first day of November A. D. 1884, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the fifth day of November A. D. 1884, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes in the forenoon in book "R" of mortgages at pages 594, 595, 596 and 597, mortgaged to John Knuppe of said County and State, mortgagee, his heirs and assigns, all the following described tract of land, lying and being in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter (S½ of SE¼) of Section numbered six (6,) and the north one-half of the northeast quarter (N½ of NE¼) of Section numbered seven (7,) both in Township numbered one hundred fifty-one (151), north, of Range numbered forty-two (42) west, of the fifth principal meridian, being one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, said mortgage being given to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in the sum of two hundred twenty dollars ($220) made by the said mortgagor, Emeline Gosselin, and payable to the order of John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the first day of November, A. D. 1887, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable annually.

And whereas, said John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the tenth day of February A. D. 1885, duly assigned the said mortgage, and the note and debt secured thereby, to Gerrit W. Vis of Saint Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, by instrument in writing bearing said date of February tenth A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds in book "V" of mortgages at page 192, on the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1885 at ten o'clock in the forenoon

And whereas, said Gerrit W. Vis, is now deceased, and all his property, both real and personal including said note and mortgage, has been duly assigned by Final Decree of the Probate Court of Ramsey County, Minnesota, to Martha Vis, widow of said Gerrit W. Vis, deceased, and sole legatee under the will of said deceased, and said Martha Vis is now the owner of said note and mortgage.

And whereas, default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and in the payment of the whole of said principal sum of two hundred twenty dollars, and all interest thereon from the first day of November A. D. 1888. And whereas, the said mortgagor failed and neglected to pay the taxes on the said mortgaged premises for the years 1886, 1887 and 1888, so that said premises were sold for non-payment of taxes, and the said Martha Vis was obliged to, and did, on the eighteenth day of February A. D. 1890 redeem said premises from such sales, paying for such redemption and as delinquent taxes upon the said premises the sum of ($40.30). And there is claimed to be, and is actually due at the date of this notice on the said note and mortgage and on the debt secured thereby the sum of two hundred forty-nine and 40-100 dollars ($249.40,) and in addition thereto the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, being the said sum of forty and 30-100 dollars ($40.30) dollars, making in all the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 70-100 dollars ($289.70,) which last mentioned amount is claimed to be due under said mortgage at the date of this notice,

And no suit or other proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover or collect the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, of the said mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay and satisfy the amount now due on said mortgage, and the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, with interest thereon, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the legal costs and disbursements of such foreclosure and sale, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, of said Polk County, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Friday the eleventh day of April A. D. 1890, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Saint Paul, Minnesota, this nineteenth day of February A. D. 1890.

MARTHA VIS,
Widow and sole legatee of Gerrit W. Vis Deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.

Harry H. Dean.
Att'y for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Saint Paul, Minnesota. [45-51].

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1885, with a power of sale therein contained; and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on page 25 etc.

And whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-53]

THE OLD RELIABLE CROOKSTON LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY On Real Estaee.

MONEY On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Money to Loan.

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.......$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.......... 80 00

Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years.........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest.........$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of........ 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years........ 1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest........$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00

Total........$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

M. M. VAN DYKE,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office corner of Main and Second Streets,
CROOKSTON. MINNESOTA

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SHORTEST, BEST, QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:55 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:50 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:33 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:20 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
R. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW CLEVELAND HOUSE,

Is now ready for the reception of guests. I have just completed the addition, thoroughly renovated, papered and painted, and am now ready to welcome old guests and new to a comfortable, home-like hotel. House convenient to all business places.

☞ Give the New Cleveland House a call.

H. BURKHARDT, Prop.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper, PAINTS, OILS, DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 3, 1890. NO. 50

Polk County Journal.

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ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9.50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13.50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4.50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3.50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

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BASED ON LAND WEALTH

Stanford's Plan to Establish a Standard for Monetary Values.

LAND IS BETTER THAN BULLION

Locking Up of Money Would Be Impossible with Such a Standard—No Panics.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The Herald's Washington special says: I interviewed Senator Stanford upon his financial standard resolution, which was introduced in the senate recently. He said that it was the duty of the government to issue currency upon the value of real property or to authorize the establishment of national banks, with power to put legal tender notes in circulation upon such security which should be guaranteed in their redemption by the treasury of the United States. And why not, he asked. If a national bank purchases bonds issued by the government and, to the extent of 90 cents on the dollar, is authorized to put notes in circulation as currency, of which the general government guarantees the payment; if bullion from the gold mines may be taken to the mint and have its value fixed by the impression of a die; if silver bullion may be accorded free coinage because of its standard and fineness, why may not a farmer, a town property of established, fixed and certain value be used as a basis of a sound and healthful currency?

"I can see no reason," Senator Stanford went on, "why land or town property, having attained a permanent value as indicated by the assessor's estimate or ascertained by impartial valuators, might not be used as currency with as much confidence as the paper obligations of government as the metals produced from mines. I have seen the financial world twice driven from its propriety by the fear lest the excessive production of metals should prove valueless for use of money. When the immense output of gold from the placers of California and Australia reached their maximum the financial world underwent a panic lest gold should become too plentiful for safety, and when the large discoveries of silver in Nevada began to be felt the same alarm pervaded financial circles lest the white metal should become too plentiful for any other use than in the arts.

"The best money is that based upon the wealth of the nation and prosperity and honor of all its people. Currency that has for its security the real property of the country is more surely guaranteed than by bullion produced from the mines and stamped at the national mints. The country owns no mines, and who shall say that the time is distant when private ownership shall hold in trust all the mines and be entitled to all the royalties? And of what value will be the constitutional provision that gives government the right to coin money if it has neither gold nor silver to coin and stamp?

"To coin and issue money for circulation is not the most important function of government. When it is considered that the congress of the United States, the legislatures of the several states and the municipal bodies of incorporated cities are armed with the power of taxation and individual assessors are clothed with the right of valuation for purposes of taxation, and that for the non-payment of taxes the tax collector may sell, without reservation of the rights of minors, absent persons or persons of unsound mind, how much less significant seems the power to coin money and control its volume of circulation.

"That a currency based upon real estate values under limited estimates would increase activities in all industrial employments I have no manner of doubt; nor do I think such a volume of currency would recall the days of George Law, reproduce the Mississippi bubble or the Dutch tulip speculation. Why should the man who has mortgaged for one-half or one-quarter its value the accumulations of his life be more careless in the expenditure of his resources than he would be if he had hypothecated his property under an interest bearing mortgage to a usurer for coin, the interest of which he must pay whether he uses his money or not?

"Such an issue of national currency to the extent of limited millions properly distributed would have for its first effect a quieting of all apprehensions of panic or financial disasters that are sometimes more hard to bear and more ruinous in their consequences than the resulting calamities. There would be no financial panic possible, and all disastrous probabilities be made avoidable. Business activity would have breathed into them new life. The danger of money panics locks gold and silver, in coin or bullion, in the vaults of the banker and money lender, and while gold and silver coin is unusable it is valueless—no man is rich and no community prosperous with hoarded gold. Money, like any other property, is worthless until actively employed."

"Have you spoken with any of your colleagues in the senate in regard to the proposition?" I asked.

"I have gone over it in a general way with a number of senators. They were all apparently well pleased with it."

"It would seem to me senator," I said, "that this plan would give an unusual advantage to people who were possessed of a fair amount of property. For example, if a man's farm were appraised at $50,000 and he were allowed to mortgage it for $20,000 could he not loan this money to his less fortunate neighbor at a good rate of interest—say 6 per cent per annum—and make a handsome profit out of the transaction? To carry the inquiry still further, would this not put the plan in disfavor with those who had no property to mortgage?"

"The man who had the farm could loan the money possibly, but it would be necessarily at a low rate of interest. But grant, for the sake of argument, that he gets 6 per cent. This would give him a net interest of 4 per cent. Is it not quite as proper that the farmer should have this privilege as that a man with $100,000 should be permitted to invest that amount in government bonds, and after depositing the amount with the government have $90,000 in legal tender notes issued to him to do with as he pleased? There is no difference between the two propositions so far as I can see. In each case the credit of the government is pledged to the redemption of the notes. In each case, too, the government is amply protected against loss. But as I have said, the result of this increase in the volume of currency will be to cheapen the rate of interest so that the borrower could make but little by the transaction if he chose to put the money out at interest. It is because the plan will cheapen the rate of interest that capitalists will oppose. On the other hand, the effect of low interest will be to make it popular with the debtor or borrowing class."

"How would you put your plan in operation?" I asked.

"I would have inspectors appointed to appraise the property, and make the loan on the decision rendered by them. The interest which the borrower would pay would furnish a sum sufficient for all the expenses connected with the plan."

"Your idea, then, as I understand it, is not to loan this money from whatever surplus there may be in the treasury, but to issue legal tenders for the amount of the mortgage, as in the case of the national bank."

"That is it precisely."

"How long will this mortgage run?"

"For the man's entire life, if need be, unless, as my resolution states, the government should deem it wise to call in the loan after a certain period."

Bogus Products.

The Western Rural.

One of our contemporaries says that if oleomargarine is bad, its manufacture should be prohibited, instead of taxing the product or so-called product. As we think and know it is bad, we will agree that its manufacture should be stopped. But to advocate that a thing should not be licensed or taxed in any other way because it is good—which is the inference from the remark that our contemporary makes—is a curious doctrine. We are licensing, and have been licensing for a century in this country, things that are both good and bad. The protection of our "infant industries" is a theory which applies to this subject of taxing butterine, however good it might be. The advocates of a protective tariff say that it is better for our whole people to protect our manufacturing interests. The theory may be both right and wrong. There are industries in this country which we believe should be encouraged—the sweet producing industry, for instance, although it would, in our opinion, be much more efficient for the government to offer a bounty for sugar production than to impose a tariff upon imported sweets. But we do not believe that there is any one who will say that there are industries that need special encouragement. Agriculture is one of these industries, and the first one of all; and it is the industry that has received mighty little protection or encouragement. It will be agreed among all people that to abandon our farms would be the ruin of the country. The farming should be protected from ruinous competition. City capital and scientific ingenuity and despicable greed should not be permitted to imitate an important product of the farm, when the farmer absolutely needs the income from that product to keep himself afloat, and we go so far even as to declare that this should not be permitted, though the imitation product was better than the natural.

Farming should be encouraged; farming must be encouraged. We lay that down as an indisputable fact. Well, how is it to be encouraged? Here comes capital and inventive genius and originates something that looks like butter and has the flavor of butter. It can be produced cheaper than butter, and if the government permits its unrestricted manufacture and sale, it will drive butter out of the market and the farmer out of dairying. Can the farmer stand this? Suppose he can. Suppose he can make enough profit from grain growing and meat production and from his other products to make him prosperous. But now comes another block of capital and sells cotton seed oil for lard; another concern starts up to manufacture bogus vinegar; another finds a mixture for flour and heaven only knows where this adulterating business will stop if left to itself. The first thing the prosperous farmer knows, city greed is putting on the market an imitation of most of his products. His prosperity is destroyed. If it is not the province of government to step in and protect an industry that government cannot be sustained without, from such a competition, then the first law of nature—self-protection—is not applicable to government.

But how much more need of such protection at a time when agriculture is not prosperous, when it is going down, instead of up hill. The farmer cannot afford to be driven out of any branch of his business; he needs every cent he can get from his grain from his meat producing animals, from his eggs and from his butter. Talk of protecting our manufacturing interests! It is of vastly more importance that our agriculture should be protected, and taxing oleomargarine is in the line of protection.

Government Railroad Ownership.

The Western Rural.

Mr. Blackstone, President of the Alton railroad, in his annual report says that the government might with propriety own the railroads, and he lays down a plan by which the government might operate them. It is not likely that Mr. Blackstone was very sincere in what he says. It is more probable that he intended to protest against government interference with the management of the roads. He says that of 620 railroad corporations only eighty-three were able to pay dividends in 1888. That is the old song that has been sung, without variation, for several years. What of it, if but eighty-three roads did pay dividends in 1888? How much did they pay and what proportion of the stock on which they paid dividends was watered stock? If the watered stock of the roads that paid dividends had been eliminated, would not the profits of these eighty-three roads have been sufficient to pay a very handsome dividend upon all the real railroad stock of the country, if it could have been distributed? And if that is true, is it not the fact that there are eighty-three railroads in this country that are robbing the life out of our industries and especially our agriculture?

What right has Mr. Blackstone to speak for all the railroads of the country when speaking of their aggregate profits? What right has he to take into consideration in this connection the Nickel Plate—an expensive system that was no more needed than a coach needs a fifth wheel; or the Illinois end of the Santa Fe, which came here to share the business which other existing roads were abundantly able to do, or the railroad from Tombigby to Podunk, which was never needed. The fact is—and Poore stated it in his railroad manual two or three years ago—that the earning of all the railroads are sufficient to pay ten per cent upon the cost and equipment of all the roads. So far as Mr. Blackstone is concerned, it is the earning of his road that the people are interested in.

The people of this country mean to be treated justly by the roads, however, even if the government acts upon Mr. Blackstone's suggestion and becomes the owner of the roads. It may come to that yet. It ought to come to it, if there is no other more practical way of stopping railroad robbery.

Acknowledgment of the Situation.

The Western Rural.

It is with a high degree of impatience that we ever witness an attempt upon the part of anybody to make it appear that the farmer's present condition is the result of his own imprudence, or to show that all the talk about the lack of agricultural prosperity is nothing but moonshine. Such attempts are made, and sometimes by agricultural journals, which as professed representatives of the farmer, ought to be willing to tell the whole truth. A few days since we saw the statement made that the farmer who was out of debt was not complaining to the unprofitableness of agriculture. The inference naturally was that farming was profitable enough, but that the debtor farmers were compelled of use all their profits in the payment of their debts, and having nothing left, were harping upon the alleged fact that farming did not pay. It is true enough, we suppose, that the farmer who owes nothing and a bank account to carry him along, is not complaining like one who has nothing. That is natural. But that fact does not show that farming is a good paying business. Nothing can show that, for it is not a fact. When it costs a State millions of dollars more to grow a crop than the producers can get for it; when cattle are sold in the market by the thousands for less than it costs to produce them; when interest is eating the very life out of the agricultural industry; when all classes with whom the farmer deals are combined to rob him and do rob him; there is no sophistry that can make the dark picture bright even in spots.

The farmer is down in the valley; he is down at the bottom of the ladder; his condition cannot be much worse than it is, and it will never be made better by the effort upon the part of any portion of the press that pretends to represent him, to hide this state of the fact that agriculture is the chief industry of the country. Those who generally act as if they did not recognize it, are driven by the force of circumstances occasionally to acknowledge it. This recognition is greatly in our favor; it favors the work of reform; and if we are faithful and keep the real and deplorable condition of agriculture prominently before the people, we shall certainly secure reform. When we can show that the bankruptcy of the farmer means the bankruptcy of the merchant and manufacturer, and the paralysis of all other industries; when it is realized that the safety of society itself depends upon prosperous tillers of the soil, we shall have the co-operation of all classes—except the professional plunderers—in instituting measures that will result in a better state of things on our farms. Brethren of the agricultural press, let us be faithful to our trust; let us recognize the plain, unmistakable fact that our agricultural prosperity must be revived and on the line of reviving it let us hold the fact that farming is the poorest paying business in this country to-day constantly before the people.

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

The Right Kind of Politics.

Lake Superior News.

The Northfield News makes the following observation concerning the Farmer's Alliance.

If this combination of farmers is kept from politics, as it is claimed will be done, great good will result to the farmers, in more ways than one.

If our contemporary means "partisan politics," The News agrees with them. But if he means that the Alliance shall take no part in the discussion of the political questions of the time, this journal differs with him. The very object for which the Alliance has been formed would be defeated by such a course. The Farmers' Alliance of Minnesota should be neither Republican or Democrat, but it should be in a position to help improve the character of both parties and aid in securing such legislation as will result in the best good to the people in general.

In a broad sense, no citizen and no organization of citizens, should keep out of politics. Politics has to do with the welfare of every individual, and the man who neglects it is false to his own private interests as well as to the public weal.

The Farmers' Alliance has much to do with politics, and The News hopes to see it not the machine of the demagogue or the agent of partisan selfishness but a strong, conservative, independent power for the people's good.

Three Dollars Reduction.

The Red River Lumber Company quotes the following prices:

1st Com. Boards and Dimension,	$15.00
2d " " "	13.00
3d " " "	11.00

The grade quoted above at $13 is good stock, suitable for all ordinary building purposes and is the best lumber eve sold in this market at the price named. They have also plenty of short lumber at low prices on account of length.

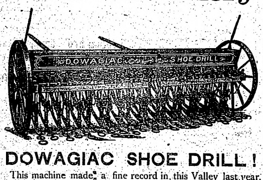
[49-51]

Call and Settle!

As I intend to leave for Seattle on or about April 15th, I desire to have all my accounts settled before that date, either by cash or note. All who know themselves indebted to me will please call at my office (in rear of drug store of M. Van Dyke & Co.,) and settle up. I do not wish to be obliged to leave unsettled accounts in the hands of a lawyer or any other man.

M. VAN DYKE, M. D.

McKINNON BRO'S,
Farm Machinery



DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

SEED OATS.

FARMERS

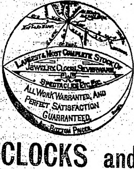
You will Require Something to Bring to Market Next Fall Winter Besides Wheat!

GOOD WHITE SEED OATS

Exchanged for Light Oats and Barley, at the

[48-52] Crookston Oatmeal Mill!

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!



And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,
Boots and Shoes,
Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO
Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE
OF
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long $4.00
" " Striped " " " 6.00
" " " " " " 7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " " 8.00
" " " " " " 9.00
" " Black or Brown " " " 10.00
" " " " " " 12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

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"Have you spoken with any of your colleagues in the senate in regard to the proposition?" I asked.

"I have gone over it in a general way with a number of senators. They were all apparently well pleased with it."

"It would seem to me, senator," I said, "that this plan would give an unusual advantage to people who were possessed of a fair amount of property. For example, if a man's farm were appraised at $50,000 and he were allowed to mortgage it for $20,000 could he not loan this money to his less fortunate neighbor at a good rate of interest—say 8 per cent per annum—and make a handsome profit out of the transaction? To carry the inquiry still further, would this not put the plan in disfavor with those who had no property to mortgage?"

"The man who had the farm could loan the money possibly, but it would be necessarily at a low rate of interest. But grant, for the sake of argument, that he gets 6 per cent. This would give him a net interest of 4 per cent. Is it not quite as proper that the farmer should have this privilege as that a man with $100,000 should be permitted to invest that amount in government bonds, and after depositing the amount with the government have $90,000 in legal tender notes issued to him to do with as he pleased? There is no difference between the two propositions so far as I can see. In each case the credit of the government is pledged to the redemption of the notes. In each case, too, the government is amply protected against loss. But as I have said, the result of this increase in the volume of currency will be to cheapen the rate of interest, so that the borrower could make but little by the transaction if he chose to put the money out at interest. It is because the plan will cheapen the rate of interest that capitalists will oppose. On the other hand, the effect of low interest will be to make it popular with the debtor or borrowing class."

"How would you put your plan in operation?" I asked.

"I would have inspectors appointed to appraise the property, and make the loan on the decision rendered by them. The interest which the borrower would pay would furnish a sum sufficient for all the expenses connected with the plan."

"Your idea, then, as I understand it, is not to loan this money from whatever surplus there may be in the treasury, but to issue legal tenders for the amount of the mortgage as in the case of the national bank."

"That is it precisely."

"How long will this mortgage run?"

"For the man's entire life, if need be, unless, as my resolution states, the government should deem it wise to call in the loan after a certain period."

Bogus Products.

The Western Rural.

One of our contemporaries says that if oleomargarine is bad its manufacture should be prohibited instead of taxing the product so called. As we think, and know it is bad, we will agree that its manufacture should be stopped. But to advocate that a thing should not be licensed or taxed in any other way because it is good—which is the inference from the remark that our contemporary makes—is a curious doctrine. We are licensing, and have been licensing for a century in this country things that are both good and bad. The protection of our infant industries is a theory which applies to this subject of taxing butterine, however good it might be. The advocates of a protective tariff say that it is better for our whole people to protect our manufacturing interests. The theory may be both right and wrong. There are industries in this country which we believe should be encouraged—the sweet producing industry, for instance, although it would, in our opinion, be much more efficient for the government to offer a bounty for sugar production than to impose a tariff upon imported sweets. But we do not believe that there is anyone who will say that there are industries that need special encouragement. Agriculture is one of these industries, and the first one of all, and it is the industry that has received mighty little protection or encouragement. It will be agreed among all people that to abandon our farms would be ruin of the country. The farming should be protected from [illegible] competition [illegible] capital and scientific ingenuity [illegible] when the farmer [illegible] income from [illegible]

down as an indisputable fact. Well, how is it to be encouraged? Here comes capital and inventive genius and originates something that looks like butter, and has the flavor of butter. It can be produced cheaper than butter, and if the government permits its unrestricted manufacture and sale it will drive butter out of the market and the farmer out of dairying. Can the farmer stand this? Suppose he can. Suppose he can make enough profit from grain growing and meat production and from his other products to make him prosperous. But now comes another block of capital and sells cotton seed oil for lard, another concern starts up to manufacture bogus vinegar, another finds a mixture for flour and heaven only knows where this adulterating business will stop if left to itself. The first thing the prosperous farmer knows, oily greed is putting on the market an imitation of most of his products. His prosperity is destroyed. If it is not the province of government to step in and protect an industry that government cannot be sustained without, from such a competition, then the first law of nature—self protection—is not applicable to government.

But how much more need of such protection at a time when agriculture is not prosperous, when it is going down, instead of up hill. The farmer cannot afford to be driven out of any branch of his business; he needs every cent he can get from his grain, from his meat producing animals, from his eggs and from his butter. Talk of protecting our manufacturing interests! It is of vastly more importance that our agriculture should be protected, and taxing oleomargarine is in the line of protection.

Government Railroad Ownership.

The Western Rural.

Mr. Blackstone, President of the Alton railroad, in his annual report says that the government might with propriety own the railroads, and he lays down a plan by which the government might operate them. It is not likely that Mr. Blackstone was very sincere in what he says. It is more probable that he intended to protest against government interference with the management of the roads. He says that of 620 railroad corporations only eighty-three were able to pay dividends in 1888. That is the old song that has been sung without variation for several years. What of it, if but eighty-three roads did pay dividends in 1888? How much did they pay, and what proportion of the stock on which they paid dividends was watered stock? If the watered stock of the roads that paid dividends had been eliminated would not the profits of these eighty-three roads have been sufficient to pay a very handsome dividend upon all the real railroad stock of the country if it could have been distributed? And if that is true, is it not the fact that there are eighty-three railroads in this country that are robbing the life out of our industries, and especially our agriculture?

What right has Mr. Blackstone to speak for all the railroads of the country when speaking of their aggregate profits? What right has he to take into consideration in this connection the Nickel Plate—an expensive system that was no more needed than a coach needs a fifth wheel, or the Illinois end of the Santa Fe, which came here to share the business which other existing roads were abundantly able to do, or the railroad from Tombigby to Podunk, which was never needed? The fact is—and Poor stated it in his railroad manual two or three years ago—that the earnings of all the railroads are sufficient to pay ten per cent upon the cost and equipment of all the roads. So far as Mr. Blackstone is concerned, it is the earning of his road that the people are interested in.

The people of this country mean to be treated justly by the roads, however, even if the government, acting upon Mr. Blackstone's suggestion, should become the owner of the roads. It may come to that yet. It ought to come to it if there is no other more practical way of stopping railroad robbery.

[illegible]

The Western Rural.

It is with a [illegible] degree of impatience that we [illegible] any attempt upon the part of anybody to make it appear that the farmer's present condition is the result of his own imprudence, or to [illegible] all the talk about the [illegible] of agricultural prosperity [illegible]

ble enough, but that the debtor farmers were compelled to use all their profits in the payment of their debts, and having nothing left, were harping upon the alleged fact that farming did not pay. It is true enough, we suppose, that the farmer who owes nothing and a bank account to carry him along, is not complaining like one who has nothing. That is natural. But that fact does not show that farming is a good paying business. Nothing can show that, for it is not a fact. When it costs a State millions of dollars more to grow a crop than the producers can get for it, when cattle are sold in the market by the thousands for less than it costs to produce them, when interest is eating the very life out of the agricultural industry, when all classes with whom the farmer deals are combined to rob him and do rob him, there is no sophistry that can make the dark picture bright even in spots.

The farmer is down in the valley, he is down at the bottom of the ladder, his condition cannot be much worse than it is, and it will never be made better by the effort upon the part of any portion of the press that pretends to represent him, to hide this state of the fact that agriculture is the chief industry of the country. Those who generally act as if they did not recognize it are driven by the force of circumstances occasionally to acknowledge it. This recognition is greatly in our favor, it favors the work of reform, and if we are faithful, and keep the real and deplorable condition of agriculture prominently before the people, we shall certainly secure reform. When we can show that the bankruptcy of the farmer means the bankruptcy of the merchant and manufacturer, and the paralysis of all other industries, when it is realized that the safety of society itself depends upon prosperous tillers of the soil, we shall have the co-operation of all classes—except the professional plunderers—in instituting measures that will result in a better state of things on our farms. Brethren of the agricultural press, let us be faithful to our trust, let us recognize the plain, unmistakable fact that our agricultural prosperity must be revived and on the line of reviving it let us hold the fact that farming is the poorest paying business in this country to-day constantly before the people.

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

The Right Kind of Politics.

Lake Superior News.

The Northfield News makes the following observation concerning the Farmer's Alliance.

If this combination of farmers is kept from politics, as it is claimed will be done, great good will result to the farmers, in more ways than one.

If our contemporary means "partisan politics," The News agrees with them. But if he means that the Alliance shall take no part in the discussion of the political questions of the time, this journal differs with him. The very object for which the Alliance has been formed would be defeated by such a course. The Farmers' Alliance of Minnesota should be neither Republican or Democrat, but it should be in a position to help improve the character of both parties and aid in securing such legislation as will result in the best good to the people in general.

In a broad sense, no citizen and no organization of citizens should keep out of politics. Politics has to do with the welfare of every individual, and the man who neglects it is false to his own private interests as well as to the public weal.

The Farmers' Alliance has much to do with politics, and The News hopes to see it not the machine of the demagogue or the agent of partisan selfishness, but a strong, conservative, independent power for the people's good.

Three Dollars Reduction.

The Red River Lumber Company quotes the following prices:

1st Com. Boards and Dimension,	$15.00
2d " "	13.00
3d " "	11.00

The grade quoted above at $13 is good stock, suitable for all ordinary building purposes and is the best lumber ever sold in this market at the price named. They have also plenty of short lumber at low prices on account of length. [49-51]

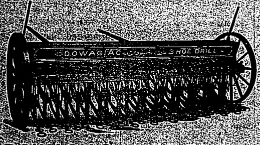
Call and Settle!

As I intend to leave for Seattle on or about April 15th, I desire to have all my accounts settled before that date, either by cash or note. All who know themselves indebted to me will please call at my office (in rear of drug store of M. Van Dyke & Co.) and settle up. I do not wish to be obliged to leave unsettled accounts in the hands of a lawyer or any other man.

M. VAN DYKE, M. D.

McKINNON BRO'S,

Farm Machinery



DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants, and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital, $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700.

Buy Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
O. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2nd Vice President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson, [illegible] Pierce, O. H. Lucken, [illegible] D. Stephens, A. G. Gallasch, H. Steenerson, L. Ellington, J. H. Lucken, C. Hendrickson, [illegible] Erickson, [illegible] A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

SEED OATS.

FARMERS

You will Require Something to Bring to Market Next Fall [illegible] Winter Besides Wheat!

GOOD WHITE SEED OATS

Exchanged for Light Oats and Barley at the

Crookston Oatmeal Mill

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!

Largest & Most Complete Stock of
Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware
Spectacles Etc. Etc.
All Work Warranted, And
Perfect Satisfaction
Guarranteed.
Bottom Prices.

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

HERE WE ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in. long, $4.00
" Striped " 6.00
" " 7.00
" Striped or Plaids 8.00
" " 9.00
" Black or Brown 10.00
" " 12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-made garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale while the assortment is large and the price small.

P. S.—We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., APRIL 3, 1890.

'Round Home.

Tilden farmers talk of organizing an alliance.

Election passed off very quietly for this city.

A. D. Stephens returned from Fosston on Saturday.

The regular convention ticket was unanimously elected.

Geo. H. Holt has returned from a pleasant visit to the old home.

Furniture, carpets, curtains this spring at reformed prices.
[49-50] Crookston Furniture Co.

Henry Burkhardt left for Wabasha last week to be gone a few weeks.

Talk about your quiet days! Tuesday, election day, takes the cake.

Miss Marie Bowman went out to Maple Bay on Saturday last to take charge of the school there.

Mrs. John Wyatt and little daughter arrived home from a visit to Fosston on Saturday's train.

Attorneys Miller, O'Brien and Cromb went out to Fosston last Saturday, with Frank Graves along for ballast.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Chas. W. Sibley, the genial editor of the Fertile Journal was in the city on Tuesday and gave us a pleasant call.

J. E. O'Brien returned last week from a visit to the old home in Belvidere, Ill. He looks like the trip had done him good.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

H. H. Hart, prison inspector was up to look over our county jail last week. He says jailor Tweten is a dandy with a glass eye.

Wheat 64 on the bulletin board, but try to buy seed of the elevators and the market price cuts no figure at all. "Free" and "open" market, eh?

Money to loan in large or small sums on good farms. Choice farms and city property for sale. Chas. M. Lowe,
[17-tf] Broadway, Crookston.

Fred Anderson returned from his trip to Butte, Montana last week much enamored with that country. He saw Prof. Thompson who tells him that he is making $25 a week. Fred says business is lively there and it is a Butteful city.

Ladies did you call at Mrs Bangs' yesterday? If not don't fail to do so to-day and see those lovely hats and filagrees. Mrs. B. is determined not to be outdone in her line and her goods speak for themselves.

F. LePage returned last week from a visit to Duluth, Superior and St. Paul. He went with a view to looking up a place to locate a wholesale fruit business and returns convinced that Crookston is the place for it. He will commence business about May 1st.

"Oh, Louise, where did you get that love of a hat? Been to New York?" "Oh, no, I don't have to any more since Minnie and Mrs. J. L. Bailey opened their new store on Broadway. And so reasonable, too, Oh my! You just ought to see that store!"

Farmers, if you must borrow, and want a reasonable loan on your land at the very lowest rates, see George J. McManus, The Farmer.

August Walters is so far recovered from his recent illness as to be able to get out as far as the office. He looks as thin as a shad and shows plainly that he has been through a severe siege. He seems to be gaining encouragingly and we hope this may continue.

The Journal has received through the kindness of Hon. S. G. Comstock some No. 1 Hard Red Fyfe wheat for seed. This wheat was raised last year near Regina, in the Assiniboine country, N. W. T., and is said to have yielded 80 bushels per acre. It is a handsome sample and we shall take especial pains to see what it will do for us here.

"McManus gone out of business?"—Oh, no! He has not been buying as many farms as some—but he lends a reasonable amount on good lands at the lowest terms. Money paid when note is signed. J. G. McManus, The Farmer

Geo. Denniston and W. N. Godfrey came in from Maple Bay on Monday. Mr. Godfrey informs The Journal man that he would like to correspond with some good cheese maker with a view to establishing a cheese factory. There are 400 cows in that vicinity and farmers think cheese would beat a creamery business all hollow. Mr. Godfrey's post office address is Maple Bay, Polk Co.

Baby carriages, all kinds. A good large carriage, parasol top, and well made, for $6.00. Others cheap.
[49-50] Crookston Furniture Co.

Last week the sad news of the sudden death of Pet Bonnell, youngest daughter of engineer John Bonnell was received. She was visiting her aunt in St. Paul and was under a physician's care. The cause is given as heart disease. Miss Bonnell was well known in this city having spent much of her childhood here and many friends sincerely mourn her early death. It is said that her parents are nearly crazed with grief at their terrible bereavement.

Potato Starch Factory.

At the meeting of the Crookston Farmers' Alliance on Saturday last the potato starch factory was the most important question under discussion. About one-half the necessary stock has been subscribed for. All who wish to make a market for potatoes in Crookston, should attend the meeting next Saturday and look the matter up. In a few days seeding will be commenced and then nothing can be done until that is over when it will be pretty late in the season. Turn out to the meeting.

"Just Too Sweet for Anything."

That's what the ladies say of Mrs. I. U. Jennings' new millinery establishment on Robert street. Have you called? If not you have missed a pretty sight.

The following letter was handed us by A. N. Hixon, secretary of the Polk County Farmers' Alliance:

State of Minnesota,
Executive Department,
St. Paul, March 28, 1890.

A. N. Hixson, Esq., Secretary Crookston Farmers' Alliance Crookston:

Dear Sir:—Referring to the communication addressed to me by yourself and associates, in behalf of the beneficiaries under the Seed Grain Act, who now find themselves unable to comply with the requirements of the law, in making payment to the state for the grain furnished, I have to say that, after submitting the matter to the Attorney General, with an earnest desire to find some means by which the State could be authorized to extend needed relief, I find that I am utterly powerless, as governor of the State, to offer any aid, or do anything which shall rebate the terms of the bill, or cause the matter to be held in obeyance until a better condition of things exists.

It is with sincere regret that this conclusion has been reached, after the matter has been thoroughly canvassed by the Attorney General of the State.

In a communication addressed to me the Attorney General, after covering the law points involved, says: "If there was any way in which you could relieve these persons from the distress of the situation I would gladly suggest it, but I very much regret that no authority which you could invoke would offer any relief." Respectfully,

W. R. Merriam, Governor.

Rosebud alliance is the first to take action on the sub-treasury bill. They have forwarded to Comstock a resolution endorsing the bill.

August Wentzel has rented the Cleveland and will be the jolly mine host in the future. August is a good man and knows how to keep hotel.

A farm loan made to a farming farmer, on a farm as is a farm, can be closed up by George J. McManus as quick as you'd buy a bill of groceries.

A. K. Olds, brother of A. A. Olds arrived this week on his way from Hudson Wis., to Spokane Falls, whither he is going to see a sick brother.

The city caucasses and convention were very quiet affairs with scarcely a ripple to disturb the deep serenity. Pat Russel says it is because he was there.

Mason and Robinson (at Herb's old stand) put in a new cigar case this week and have filled it with the choicest brands. The boys are on deck for a rushing business this season.

Reports from the different starch factories in the State show that all made money last fall and that farmers received a good price for their potatoes. We should have a factory here.

T. K. Torgerson was making his usual rounds last week and of course dropped in to renew for The Journal, "for" said he. I have just been re-appointed dept. collector and I must keep posted on what is going on.

The weather for the past week has been a reminder of an old-time winter, not very encouraging for early seeding. Old-timers say that it augurs well for a good crop year and are busy predicting an old-fashioned 25 and 30 bushel crop.

Charlie Bailey has decided to try farming this year and is boss of the Pioneer Dairy. Says he can supply a few more quart customers with nice rich milk at panic prices. Drop him a card at the Carman office if you want some nice milk.

E. C. Davis, who is one of the oldest settlers in Polk County, having seen the first bushel of wheat ever raised in this county, says that he hopes this will be a late spring. Such a spring causes sufficient moisture for the crops and is never followed by early frosts. He predicts a good crop year.

Grand Forks Daily Herald: Mr. Dobson, of Crookston, came over here this morning and after stepping into his friend Rae's store, commenced undoing a parcel of oatmeal cake received directly from Scotland. Jim ate, Dobson ate and blessed the land o' yule and bannocks between mouthfuls.

H. C. and Wm. Tatro and L. D. Felsing began work on their new steamboat on Maple Lake last week. The new craft is to be 12 feet bottom flaring to 16 feet and will be 16x50 overall. The boys are also talking of building a summer hotel. The boat will be in readiness for the opening of the season.

W. G. Hunt was down from King last week and reports alliance work progressing nicely. The alliance now numbers 44 members and growing at every meeting. They have rented a hall for their meetings and are now independent. He thinks there will be no opposition to endorsing the sub-treasury bill when that bill is submitted for action.

City Convention.

The city convention met pursuant to call on Friday evening. The following delegates were found entitled to seats:

First ward—John R. McKinnon, John Alderman, Arthur Dufresne and L. Bjergo.

Second ward—Louis Ellington, Wm. Marin, Aug. Wentzel and W. H. Norrie.

Third ward—Pat Russel and Aug. Munn.

Fourth ward—J. E. O'Brien, Oliver Mercil, Chas. Lindell, J. H. Locken, Louis Rivard.

For mayor, Alexander McKinnon was nominated by acclamation. For city clerk, John Paterson was nominated by acclamation. For treasurer, L. C. Couvrette was nominated by acclamation. For assessor the ballot was spread and on the first informal ballot E. LePage received eight votes and Henry Wight eight. On the 1st formal ballot LePage received seven votes and Wight nine. Mr. Wight's nomination was made unanimous. For constables, Geo. H. Holt and Hans Larson were re-nominated by acclamation. The following gentlemen were appointed

CITY CENTRAL COMMITTEE:

1st ward—A. Holmboe, chairman.
2d ward—J. E. Morrisey.
3d ward—H. Steenerson.
4th ward—E. W. Wile.
5th ward—E. D. Childs.

WARD COMMITTEES.

First ward—John McKinnon, chairman; A. Holmboe, Louis Fontaine.
Second ward—John Monroe, chairman; Wm. Munch, John McGlogan.
Third ward—M. E. Kirsch, chairman; Wm. Watts, R. J. Montague.
Fourth ward—Henry Wight, chairman; Hugh Robertson, F. L. Duraud.
Fifth ward—E. D. Childs, chairman; R. Smith, E. Emond.

City Election.

Up to the time of going to press we have been unable to obtain but a fragmentary report of the count. The ballot in the First Ward stands:

For Mayor—McKinnon 77; Morris 42.
For Alderman at Large—T. Bjoin 120.
For Clerk—Paterson 72; Carruth 48.
For Treasurer—Couvrette 120.
For Assessor—Wight 85; LePage 34.
For Constables—Larson and Holt 120.
For Alderman—Buhn 95.
For bonds 98; against bonds 6.

SECOND WARD.

For Mayor—McKinnon 105; Morris 39.
For Alderman at Large—Bjoin 143.
For Clerk—Paterson 100; Carruth 43.
For Treasurer—Couvrette 143.
For Assessor—Wight 117; LePage 27.
For Constables—Holt and Larson 143.

THIRD WARD.

For Mayor—McKinnon 27; Morris 34.
For Clerk—Paterson 40; Carruth 23.
For Alderman at Large—T. Bjoin 61.
For Treasurer—Couverette 60.
For Assessor—Wight 44; LePage 18.
For Constables—Holt and Larson 60.
Alderman—Steenerson 38; Walker 12.
For bonds 45; against bonds 8.

FOURTH WARD.

For Mayor—McKinnon 123; Morris 85.
For Alderman at Large—T. Bjoin 205.
For Clerk—Paterson 125; Carruth 85.
For Assessor—Wight 103; LePage 107.
For Treasurer—Couverette 204.
Cor Constables—Larson and Holt 208.
For Alderman—Jerome 190.
For bonds 163; against bonds 11.

FIFTH WARD.

For Mayor—McKinnon 8; Morris 22.
For Alderman at Large—T. Bjoin 30.
For Clerk—Paterson 13; Carruth 16.
For Treasurer—Couvrette 30.
For Assessor—Wight 8; LePage 22.
For Constables—Holt and Larson 30.
Aldermen—Childs and McLaren 30.
Against the bonds 30.

About 11 o'clock on election day a new ticket, partially, appeared in the field. The changes were; "For mayor, Tom Morris; for clerk, E. C. Carruth; for assessor, E. LePage.

A. Sture's sale at Black River last Friday was well attended, but not a very great success. Mr. S. says that farmers are buying nothing that they can by any possibility do without.

Every farmer in this vicinity should turn out to the alliance meeting on Saturday to consider the Starch factory plan. A good steady market for potatoes would help out wonderfully.

Elmer E. Adams, editor of the Fergus Falls Journal, who is supervisor of the census, has made up the list of enumerators for Polk County, and no more applications are desired. The enumerators will not be announced until about May first.

Mr. J. S. LaDue, of Fertile, has purchased of Wilcox & Liggett two fine imported Holstein-Friesian cows and a young Aegis Netherland Prince bull; also a fine span of Percheron mares. Mr. LaDue intends to have one of the finest stock farms in the county.

Mrs. David Robinson arrived on Wednesday morning from Minneapolis where she has been for some time posting up on the latest styles in dress making, and will at once open a fashionable dressmaking establishment. She will be prepared to do all work in the latest styles of the art.

The convention ticket was elected entire, as follows: Mayor, Alexander McKinnon; Alderman at large, Thos. Bjoin; Clerk, John Paterson; Treasurer, L. C. Couverette; Assessor, Henry Wight; Constables, Hans Larson and Geo. Holt. Ald. 1st ward Geo. H. Buhn; 2d ward, A. C. Schmidt; 3rd ward, H. Steenerson; 4th ward, Frank Jerome; 5th ward, E. D. Childs and Jack McLaren.

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

This kind of weather will bring seeding soon.

Oranges of all kinds at Mason & Robinson's. Cheap.

The band came out to serenade Mayor McKinnon on Tuesday evening.

I don't want to buy a farm, so if you wish to sell don't bother me! I will lend you one-third the cash value of your farm on easy terms—if you are a pretty good sort of a fellow. George J. McManus, The Farmer.

Parties from Grand Forks have been over trying to make arrangements to buy cream for their institution during the summer.

Mason & Robinson will change the front windows around to the west side and put in an entirely new front to accommodate their large and growing trade.

N. H. Fulton left for Hawley last evening to take charge of the new creamery at that place. The patrons of that creamery are to be congratulated upon securing his services.

J. H. Benedict of Fergus Falls is in the city this week visiting with his friend Fred Rauch and sizing up the country with a view to location.

To renew old loans, pay up railroad lands, etc., etc., see George J. McManus. No loans made to dude farmers, nor on sloughs sand-ridges, alkali flats or hard head stone-quarries—but for good farmers, on good farms, he has the ready cash and lowest rates.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on Frank Bivins, Crookston. [50-tf]

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending March 29th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Berg, Tilda	Beatley, H. W.
Olson, Anna	Hawzlik, Thos
Anniker, } John—3	Knutson, Peder
Arniker,	Rosengren, Jhan

W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.
—o—
NOW READY
WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Goods.
Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.
A Fashionable Trimmer
to attend to this department.
DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable the 22d day of May, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Henry Cook and Annie Cook, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagees, bearing date the 20th day of May, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "24" of mortgages, at pages 510 to 513.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said premises, covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay, and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of eighteen and 91-100 ($18.91) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred eighteen and 61-100 ($318.61) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty, (20), Township one hundred and fifty-four, (154), Range forty-three, (43), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, in the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said county of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.
The Netherlands American Land Company, Mortgagee.
W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-five and 80-100 dollars, ($65 80-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ole Vraa and Karine Vraa, his wife, to A. W. Mott, bearing date the 15th day of November, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 8:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 872, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35) in block five (5) according to recorded plat of Opheim and Mott's addition to Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, with the buildings thereon, consisting of hotel, barn and granary, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1890.
A. W. MOTT, Mortgagee.
Phelps & Calkins, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication April 3d, 1890.)

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable the 5th day of March, 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Charles Netzer an unmarried man, Rosalia J. Netzer and Joseph Netzer, her husband, and Johanna Netzer, a widow, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of March, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of March, 1887, at 2:55 o'clock p. m., in book "29" of mortgages, at pages 282 to 286.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon said premises covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises, the sum of three hundred and twenty and 83-100 ($320.83) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seventeen hundred thirty-one and 95-100 ($1731.95) dollars, and no action or proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: Lot one (1) of block three (3) in the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota; lot fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), and seventeen, (17), of block two (2) in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, and the north part of lot fifteen (15), block five (5) in L. Fletcher's Addition to Crookston, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, being twenty-five (25) feet in width fronting on Oak street, (now called Broadway) and twenty (20) feet in width on the rear end of said lot, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and seventy-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, county of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.
The Netherland American Land Company, Mortgagee.
F. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
Crookston. - - - Minn.

Improved Farms for Sale or Rent by
GEO. J. McMANUS,
Farm Loans and Real Estate.

L. Barrette Farm:—Lake Pleasant s. w. ¼ sec. 14, Tp. 140, R. 44; 160 acres 53 acres cultivated; 20 acres hay land.

Herman Simonson Farm:—Onstad Tp n. w. ¼ sec. 32, Tp. 148, R. 45; 160 acres 110 acres under cultivation.

Ed. Stowe Farm:—Russia Tp., Lots 3 and 4 and s. ½ n. w. ¼ of sec. 2, Tp. 148, R. 46; 159 acres, 60 acres cultivated.

James Moore Farm:—Kertsonville T. n. e. ¼ sec. 30, Tp. 148 R. 45; 160 acres, 65 acres cultivated; 25 acres good hay land.

Joe Mailloux Farm:—Kertsonville Tp., n. w. ¼ sec. 13, T. 149, R. 45; 160 acres, 60 acres plowed.

James Robinson Farm:—Onstad Tp. s. w. ¼ sec. 32, Tp. 148, R. 45; 160 acres 60 acres plowed.

Charles Davey Farm:—Garfield Tp., n. e. qr. s. w. qr. n. w. qr. s. e. qr. and n. ½ n. e. qr. sec. 7, Tp. 147, R. 44; 160 acres; 60 acres cultivated.

Henault & McManus Farm:—Reis Tp. Lots 2, 3 and 4, and s. w. qr. n. w. qr. sec. 4, Tp. 147 R. 46; 158 acres; 60 acres plowed.

Joe Daust Farm:—Gentilly Tp., s. w. qr. sec. 28, Tp. 150, R. 45; 160 acres; 80 acres cultivated.

Hans Halvorson Farm:—Liberty Tp. n. e. qr. sec. 18, Tp. 147, R. 45; 160 acres; 60 acres plowed.

H. B. Hafterson Farm:—Onstad Tp w. ½ n. e. qr. and w. ½ s. e. qr. sec 30, T. 148, R. 45; 160 acres; 40 acres cultivated.

McManus Farm:—King Tp., s. w. qr. sec. 35, Tp. 148 R. 41, and n. w. qr. sec. 2, and n. e. qr sec. 10, and s. w. qr. sec. 10 Tp. 147 R. 41; 640 acres; 100 acres plowed; 110 acres good hay land.

Ole Fingerton Farm:—Fairfax Tp s. e. sec 13, Tp. 149, R. 46; 160 acres; 80 acres plowed.

Any of above farms for sale cheap on long time, or for rent for small cash rent or share of crops. [48-50.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-three and 60-100 dollars, ($83.60), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John C. Johnson, a single man, to Albert W. Mott, bearing date the 23d day of August, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 497, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve, (12), of block numbered five, (5) in the Townsite of Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the certified plat of said townsite, on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.
ALBERT W. MOTT, Mortgagee.
Phelps & Calkins, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

LOANS!
MONEY ALWAYS ON HAND.
NO BONUS: NO DELAY!
Special Rates and for Choice Loans, a square deal.
CHAS. M. LOWE, - BROADWAY.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person.

C. O. D. COLUMN.
OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!
Prices no Object.
You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you
PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS
Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at
$60,000
Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.
EVERYTHING
J ST
GO.
FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.
FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE. CHEAP.

☞ CULTIVATED ☜

FOR SALE CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

If the efforts of the farmers to obtain a free and open wheat market has any political significance make the most of it. Have they not a RIGHT to take such steps as they see fit? And who is to be the judge of what they SHALL or what they SHALL NOT do. We notice some demagogue sheets are just now in terrible bot water least the farmers shall make a mistake and wring in the cold deck politically, and they are profuse in advice. Never mind.

In the efforts to belittle the farmers' alliance movement, you can see the anxiety of some schemer who is terribly nervous for fear somebody is going to step on his cornfield. The farmers are pursuing the even tenor of their way, regardless of the squealers. The object they seek, a free and open market, is of far more importance to this country than the political preference of any one man or any set of men in it. It is by long odds the most important subject now before the people.

"Give us a free and open market," is the just and reasonable demand of the farmers, and this they must obtain or quit raising wheat. They should draw up a pledge and compel their candidates for the Legislature to sign it and swear to keep it, before they will endorse him; which pledge should bind the candidate in case of election to work for a bill compelling railroads to take care of wheat offered for shipment just the same as they have to care for other goods; also to compel the roads to allow flat houses to be built on their right of way.

The Moorhead News suggests the propriety of selecting a candidate for Governor from the Fifth District, and names, among others, Hon Knute Nelson. Hon. S. G. Comstock and Hon. H. Steenerson, any one of whom would be fully competent, but the only objection to Mr. Nelson is that he has emphatically declared that he will not under any circumstances accept an office. Mr. Comstock we want right where he is, which leaves Mr. Steenerson heir to the News nomination, and the News might go farther and do a great deal worse. Mr. Steenerson is a man fully identified with the interests of the great Northwest, where he has built up a good business, and we believe he would creditably fill the position should he be called upon to do so. He is all right upon the tariff and other leading questions of the day. We second the motion.

A Peculiar Institution.

In the anti-bellum days there was an institution in vogue commonly alluded to as a "peculiar institution" by kid-gloved gentry and the super-sensitive high-toned people—the common people called it slavery. It was an institution that legally required one set of human beings to toil incessantly for the favored few, with no remuneration save food and clothing. This institution was legalized and protected by our free government, and the groans and the cries of the poor oppressed, down trodden laboring men ascended to heaven apparently unheeded. "The mills of the gods grind slow, but they grind exceedingly fine," and in time a few philanthropists began to inquire into this matter and to agitate it among the people. At first, so deeply seated was this iniquity, those who dared to oppose this system were cast out of the synagogue, were ostracised by society, were "lost" mysteriously, but public sentiment was at last thoroughly aroused and the great evil was slain. To-day another "peculiar institution" exists like unto the first in that our wheat raisers are allowed their food and clothes (if they are shrewd and "economical,") but the profits of all the toil which they take under the sun goes elsewhere, and the institution grows more peculiar year by year. Last fall the fiat went forth, "grade no wheat No. 1 Hard" in "the bananna belt." Our millers made the usual amount of No. 1 Hard flour, and there was no lack of "Pillsbury's Best" in all the land. Dissatisfied with this "peculiar" market, some pilgrim, more weary than the rest, sends his wheat to Minneapolis or to Duluth to be graded by the farmers' friend, the State Board—No No. 1 Hard wheat there, either, but he did get a better deal than if he had sold on his offer of No. 3 Northern, or rejected, or something like that. If any miller here had dared to offer the farmer more than the price named by the "peculiar institution" lo, there would straightway be a mill for sale or the audacious customer would have to crawl back into his shell too quick, becomingly suddenly aware that he was becoming too fresh for the system. A few weeks ago the farmers took a day off and went down to St. Paul to see that magnificent old ruins that has cost the state a round sum to build and operate, and there the "peculiar institution" showed the honest granger a sample of No. 3 Northern and told him he was a darned fool, not to raise such stuff if he expected to get No. 1 Hard for it! Poor consolation to him when all of the wheat in the country was in second hands to learn that grades are easier. To-day the institution grades wheat at 64 cents, but go to an elevator to buy it for seed and you have to pay 80 cents for it. Last fall the miller or the independent buyer who dared offer the farmer even a few cents more per bushel for his wheat would be driven out of business, and yet there are people who are filled with wonder that the farmer objects—that he is combining with his brother farmer to secure a free and open wheat market so that he may retain enough of the profits of his toil to pay the interest on his mortgages and his store debts, at least. And there are those who sneer at him and belittle his efforts to benefit, not only himself, but the trade of the vicinity in which he lives, and every one who dares to raise hand or voice in his behalf is straightway vilified and made the subject of ridicule and persecution. The old-time abolitionists fared somewhat worse, for they were tarred and feathered and ridden on rails, but the enlightened sentiment of the present day forbears to treat these "agitators" in this way, quite, and moreover, circumstances are fast driving all to a realizing sense of the fact that the farmers' demand for a free and open market, is a just one, and soon will be the popular idea—when it is accomplished, then will those toad-stool obstructionists shout with one acclaim: "See how me an' Betsy killed that b'ar!" You can't put your hand on a man today who was not an abolitionist befo' the wah!

ONSTAD, March 22, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: The following officers for the town of Onstad were elected at the annual town meeting, held March 11th, 1890.

Supervisors—H. B. Hafterson, chairman; J. P. Bullan, Nels Brink.

Clerk—W. W. Marin.

Assessor—E. L. Stowe.

Justice—O. H. Holmes.

Constables—Jacob Hanson, W. W. Marin.

W. W. MARIN, Town Clerk.

(Communicated.)

The farmers of the Northwest begin to feel as though it was high time that they took matters in their own hands, instead of letting the milling associations, railroad monopolies, elevator companies and political schemers of every kind own them. We have kept still and been led like the lamb and the bullock to the slaughter, dumb and speechless, and have had the very life's blood sucked from our veins long enough. Quite enough men have been made millionaires off the sweat and toil of honest industry, and while honest laboring farmers, their wives and children, have been compelled to live and subsist upon what they could not sell, and been forced to take almost nothing for their choicest productions, the kid gloved speculators and elevator companies, together with milling associations and railroad monopolies, have been rearing monuments of of wealth and filling their wallets to bursting with the gold they have wrongfully taken from the poor farmer. It is no wonder that when they appear at their rich banquets and social festivities, in company with their wives and daughters, that they are laden with pearl necklaces and decorated with diamonds, the product of honest toil; wrongfully taken in the way of grades, weights and prices made by speculation upon the farmers' products, while the farmer, his wife and children are toiling hard from early morn till late at night, half clad, half fed, and then if compelled to go to town to pay the interest upon their farm, which is mortgaged, because of the robbery perpetrated, or to borrow money upon the little personal property they have in order to procure seed that they may raise another crop, to be robbed of by the class above mentioned, then if one of these dignified, hell-deserving robbers happens to be on the train, they say by their shifting uneasiness, "Why don't these dirty farmers go a foot, or why are they allowed to intrude upon us? Why, they should ride in a box car or on a carload of wood. Why are they allowed the comforts of a coach, even if they do pay full fare; why, we are favored with a pass or reduced rates, and we don't want to inhale the perfumes of the stables on the farm; all we want is the clean wheat with all the chaff blown out; we like fresh eggs and butter, but we don't want to associate with honest producers nor pay no more than half the value of their products!" Well, we will shortly see whether they will continue to steal them or pay the real worth of them and to the proper persons.

ALLIANCE.

MAPLE BAY, March 30, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I will send you an account of our last meeting which please insert in your paper if you can find room. At a meeting of Godfrey Farmers' Alliance, No. 651, held March 1st, 1890, the following business was transacted: Meeting called to order at 12, noon, by T. M. Nelson, temporary chairman. B. S. Bale, John Goodmandson and John O. Kilvik were appointed a committee on credentials. P. W. Horton was elected president, B. S. Bale vice-president, D. T. Mitchel, secretary, and P. S. Medchill, treasurer. T. M. Mekson, John Goodmandson and D. T. Mitchell were appointed financial committee; also to act as committee on resolutions. W. N. Godfrey, John Hanson and D. T. Mitchel were appointed a committee on by-laws.

March 29, 1890.

By-laws read by the secretary but not fully adopted, being reserved for further discussion at next meeting. An appropriation was made to buy the necessary books for the alliance. A discussion about the practicability of starting a cheese factory led to W. N. Godfrey being appointed to open communication with men who are, or were, in that line of business. The available cows were reckoned at between three and four hundred.

D. T. MITCHELL, Sec.

We notice a disposition on the part of some business men in different parts of the county to regard the alliance movement with suspicion. There is nothing in it that any one satisfied with a legitimate profit need be afraid of—our farmers only seek to better their condition through an open market for their wheat, and this is to the advantage of all.

FOSSTON, March 29, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: I will send you a few lines to let your many friends know how Rosebud Alliance, No. 666, is progressing. We have now 98 members; 24 joined at last meeting held on Saturday, March 22d. A resolution was passed instructing the president to write our members in Congress urging them to support the sub-treasury bill. This alliance has under consideration a project for building a grain warehouse. The subject was brought up for discussion and laid over till next meeting, April 5th, at which time we expect our alliance will be above par—i. e. over 100. Everybody is talking and thinking alliance now days. Come out and see us. Yours truly,

HANS O. SAMPSON, Sec.

ONSTAD, March 30, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: Onstad and Russia Farmers' Alliance, No. 677, met in school district No. 91, town of Liberty, March 27th. Seven new members were enrolled. Our organization now numbers 44 members. And so goes on the good work. Friend farmers, carry the alliance to your neighbors if they will not come to it. Our next meeting will be held on Saturday, April 5th, 1890.

W. A. MARIN, Sec.

Edna's Suit Fails.

Daily Globe: Judge Brill has decided that Edna P Webb is not entitled to relief in her action against Robert P. Lewis et al., and that the mortgage in question was duly foreclosed. The findings of facts show that in 1882 Isaac W. Webb executed a promissory note in favor of Richard H. Laimbeer for $4,000. In 1877 Webb and wife gave Laimbeer a mortgage on the land, and in 1878 conveyed the same by a deed in fee to Robert A. Smith as receiver, in pursuance of an order of court. In 1879 Smith, as receiver, with consent of Isaac Webb, conveyed the land to the plaintiff, Edna P. Webb. The mortgage was foreclosed to satisfy a claim aggregating $4,653.86. The land at the time of the foreclosure was worth $5,000, and now is worth $75,000.

The Wadena Tribune: The farmer who makes a success of his own business can, as a rule, take proper care of any public business entrusted to him, which he is willing to undertake. It is a misfortune that these solid business men are not the kind generally put forward. They are modest and not self-seeking. They attend conscientiously to their own affairs, while the loud-mouthed jaw-wagger who makes a failure of everything he attempts, usually foists himself on his neighbors so persistently, that he cannot be shaken off without a neighborhood row, in which but few self-respecting men care to engage. Hence the failure of relief measures year after year. If the level-headed farmers, of which there are plenty, were put to the front regardless of the clamor of these professional "reformers" and tongue-wobblers, there would be less cause for complaint.

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so call on or address S. M. McKee, Crookston. [24-tf]

Chas. M. Lowe says he has plenty of money for good farm loans, and always has the cash for the best of them. No delay or trouble.

School Boards!

We want to know what you need this year in school furniture and apparatus. You can save considerable by patronising us. Prices and catalogue sent on application.

]49-50] CROOKSTON FURNITURE Co.

FOR SALE.

A new milch cow, half blood Holstein-Friesian, with a fine heifer calf. Inquire at THE JOURNAL office.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. MITCHEL, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [85-tf]

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair your old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [83-tf]

Auction.

On Saturday, April 5, 1890, on Mr. McGuire's Farm, (Old LaChapelle Place) Near the City Limits, commencing at one o'clock p. m., the following property will be disposed of, to-wit:

5 good Work Horses.
1 2 1-2 year old Mare Colt.
2 Cows, fresh milk.
2 good Wagons. 3 Drags.
2 Plows, 1 Model Gang.
1 Sulky Plow. 2 Sowers.
1 Broadcast Seeder.
2 setts Double Harness.
1-2 Sett Double Harness.
1 Potato Cultivator.
and many other Farm Implements.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums under $10 cash; over $10 time will be given until November 1st, on good approved security, at 10 per cent. interest.

NOE CUILLERIER.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [81-tf]

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock OF HACK & GALLASCH And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop. A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN.
LAWYERS.
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r.
D. R. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., APRIL 3, 1890.

McIntosh Times.

The King Alliance met at Solberg's hall Sasurday afternoon, 17 members were presdnt. Nine new members joined the alliance which now has a membership of 44. Daniel Carroll was elected Vice President to fill a vacancy. C. E. Southmayd, of Lindsey, was present and explained the difference between the methods used in docking wheat by the local elevators and those used by the state inspection force, and exhibeted one of the sieves used for that purpose by the force, he says that some wheat from which only one pound of dirt can be cleaned out through the sieve used by the inspection force will clean out seven pounds through the sieve used by the elevator companies. The committee on resolutions and by-laws made its report, which was unanimously adopted with a few slight amendments. John Crythen addressed the meeting in relation to the work done by the state alliance at St. Paul and by the county alliance at Crookston, and emphatically endorsed the temperance plank in the alliance platform. We see that many oi the farmers seem to feel that the merchants are opposed to the alliance and its work, but this should not be the case, the primary object of the alliance is to better the condition of the agricultural classes, and as whatever improves the condition of the agricultural classes is a substantial benefit to the merchants of an agricultural community, there should be no friction between the merchants and the alliance. Let the merchants take hold and help the alliance to obtain a better market and better prices and they will reap their reward in better customers and larger sales.

TOPEKA, KAN., March 17.—The Farmers' Alliance, which has within six months become the most powerful farmers' organization Kansas has ever known, has through its president, addressed an open letter to the Kansas deligation in congress, calling their attention to the alarming condition of the agricultural interests of the state and demanding legislation for their relief. The letter says:

"We call attention to the fact that a single law firm in one city in Southern Kansas now has the contract for the foreclosure of 1,800 mortgages. This means 1,800 homesteads transferred from the hands of so many industrious families to the hands of capitalists, either domestic or foreign. The foreclosure of these mortgages is in accordance with a preconceived purpose to gain possession of these farms and people them with a more severe tenantry imported from foreign lands for this especial purpose. Foreclosures and evictions are taking place in very many parts of our state, and we need not go all the way to Europe to witness scenes of cruelty in matters of this kind. All over the state the homes of people are imperiled. They are struggling against edverse circumstances and almost against hope to sustain themselves until relief shall come.

"The people believe that these conditions are largely due to vicious legislation. They have been promised by each of the great political parties that something would be done for their relief; both parties have been tried, and both have thus far failed even to attempt any measure contemplating a betterment of the condition of the industrial masses. They have seen that while they have been compelled to sacrifice their products in many instances absolutely below cost of production in order to procure the common necessities of life and in the effort, in many cases unsuccessful, to keep the sheriff from invading their homes, their representatives in congress are engaged in the consideration of every imaginable question except such questions as contemplate relief of the distress of their constituents. There are measures which the farmers demand shall have immediate consideration. These relate to question of money, of transportation, and to their ownership of American lands.

"The distress of the people is crying aloud for relief. They believe that very many of the questions that are receiving the attention of congress are far less urgent than this, upon which the safety of their homes and the wellfare of their families depend. They believe that the white citizens of Kansas have some rights as well as colored citizens of the South. They believe that fallen heroes, both white and black, in past struggles for liberty and the perpetuity of our instutions, can afford to wait for one moment until the rights of living heroes in the present struggle for American homes receive some recognition by the men who have been chosen to represent them in congress. Behind these demands are more than 100,000 ballots in the state of Kansas, and the time is coming and is not far distant when legislators will heed the voice of their constituents."

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must lie in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m. of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2] E. W. WILL, Comptroller.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2.15
Fife	1.85
Skip Jack	1.25

Teachers' Examination.

The spring examination of teachers will be held in the following places:

At Fisher, in the school house, March 21st and 22d.

At Crookston, in the court house, March 24th and 25th.

At Red Lake Falls, in the school house, March 27th and 28th.

At McIntosh, in the school house, April 1st and 2d.

All teachers expecting to teach in the county during the present year, must be present at one of these examinations.

In the hiring of teachers, school boards will observe the following: A contract made with a teacher who does not hold a certificate which is valid in the district where she is to be employed, is void. A contract cannot extend beyond the validity or life of the certificate. A contract made by the teacher prior to the procurement of a certificate is unauthorized and void. A school taught by a teacher who is not legally qualified forfeits its public money.

THOMAS CASEY,
County Supt. of Schools.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN MCLEAN.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. In Justice Court, before C. S. Spendley, J. P.

Harry S. Attix, E. D. Childs and James Hill, co-partners in business at Carman, Minn., under the firm name and style of Attix, Childs & Co., plaintiffs, vs. M. C. Perrin, defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to M. C. Perrin, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston, in said county, to answer to Harry S. Attix, E. D. Childs and James Hill, co-partners in business at Carman, Minn., under the firm name and style of Attix, Childs & Co., in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said plaintiff for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand this 20th day of March, A. D. 1890.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
[49-51] Justice of the Peace.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twelve hundred thirty-four and 70-100 dollars, ($1,234.70) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pierre Either and Elizabeth Either, his wife, mortgagors, to David Corbin, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1886, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of May, A. D. 1886, at 3:15 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 201, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of northeast quarter of Section eight, (8), in Township one hundred and fifty, (150), Range forty-five, (45), west, containing forty acres more or less in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any on said premises, and ten dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 22d, A. D. 1890.

DAVID CORBIN, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Ole J. Wigen, plaintiff, vs. Peter Waldo, Carl O. Olson, as administrator of Robert M. Helsem, deceased, Carl O. Olson, Else Martha Serkvesdatter Helsem, also known as Else Martha Serkvesdatter Ous, Anna Regine Olson, Olava Larson, Julia Jones, Helen Anderson, Anne Marie Helsem, Alma O. M. Helsem, John Gund Brewing Company, John C. Oswald and Theophile Basting, partners as J. C. Oswald, & Co., defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Minneapolis, County of Hennepin and State of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated March 14th, 1890.

UELAND, SHORES & HOLT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[49-3] Minneapolis, Minn.

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 63 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST,
And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tikets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

It has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to

C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,

or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of that certain Mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1888, at eleven (11) o'clock A. M., in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 317; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes, to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2500 00) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes, failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee, at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee, on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of two thousand six hundred fifty-three and 89-100 ($2653.89) dollars; and there is claimed to be due and there is due, at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured, the sum of twenty-six hundred sixty-four and 31-100 ($2664.31) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of the said sum, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and recorded therewith, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed, situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), and three, (3), in block numbered fifty nine (59) in Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls, according to the plat of said Addition on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota. Also all of those lands described in that certain mortgage, made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; said lands being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four (4), five, six(6), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), and thirteen, [13], in block one, [1]; Block numbered two, [2], except lot sixteen, [16] of said block; Block numberee three [3], Lots numbered three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], seven, [7], and eight, [8], in block numbered four, [4]; lots numbered two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6], seven, [7], nine, [9], and ten, [10], in block numbered five, [5]; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], and fourteen, [14], in block numbered six, [6]; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], ten, [10], twelve, [12], thirteen, [13], fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], eighteen, [18], and nineteen [19], in block numbered seven [7]; Block numbered eight, [8], except lots numbered one, [1], and ten, [10] in said block; Block numbered nine, [9]; Lots numbered two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6] and seven [7], in block numbered ten, [10]; Block numbered eleven [11], except lots three, [3], and five, [5] in said block; Block numbered twelve, [12], except lot one, [1] released from this mortgage; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6], fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], eighteen, [18] nineteen, [19] and twenty, [20], in block numbered thirteen, [13]; Blocks numbered fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], and nineteen, [19], and block numbered eighteen, [18], except lots three, [3], four, [4], and eight, [8] in said block; All of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven o'clock a. m., to pay and satisfy the amount that will then be due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.

B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-3] Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of that certain mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of three thousand one hundred and eighty-four and 67-100 ($3184.67) dollars. And there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured the sum of Three Thousand One Hundred Ninety Seven and 17-100 [$3,197.17] Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of said sum or any part thereof.

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), ten, (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen, (13), in block one (1); Block numbered two, (2), except lot sixteen (16) in said block; Block numbered three, (3); Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven (7) and eight, (8), in block numbered four (4); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6); seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four (4) and fourteen, (14) in block numbered six (6); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen (17), eighteen, (18) and nineteen, (19), in block numbered seven (7); block numbered eight (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), and seven, (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven, (11), except lots numbered three, (3), and five (5), in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), (except lot numbered one (1) in said block which has been released from this mortgage); Lots numbered one, (1) two, (2), three (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16) seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8), in said block; all of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon, to pay and satisfy the amount that will be then due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage, and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursement of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.

B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-3] Minneapolis, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Torkel D. Ose, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and hearing, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on Monday, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of these orders once in each week for three weeks successively, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[49-51] Judge of Probate.

Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-three and 21-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter A. Thompson and Mathia Thompson, his wife, as mortgagors, to the New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book "S" of mortgages on pages 5, 6 and 7, and no action having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section eleven, (11), and the west half of the southwest quarter of Section one, (1), all in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-nine (49) west, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 19th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 27th, 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 20th, 1889.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-one and 96-100 dollars, ($621 96-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Jeremiah P. Easton and Anna M. Easton, his wife, to James Stewart, bearing date the 12th day of November, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 3, and

Whereas, the said mortgage was, for value received, duly assigned by an instrument thereof, duly executed and delivered by the said James Stewart to Randolph State Bank, a corporation, and dated March 8th, 1890, and recorded in said office of the Register of Deeds the 17th day of March, 1890, in book 48 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast one quarter of Section twenty-eight Township one hundred and fifty-four north, of Range forty-seven west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the second day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1890.

RANDOLPH STATE BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. GRINDELAND,
Attorney, Warren, Minn. [48-2]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventeen dollars and fifty cents, which is claimed to be due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fontaine and Mary A. Fontaine, his wife, to Newton McKusick, bearing date the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 334, 335, 336 and 337, which said mortgage was, on the 6th day of June, 1889, duly assigned by the said Newton McKusick to Patrick Soards, by an instrument in writing, duly witnessed and acknowledged, so as to entitle it to be recorded, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 380 and 381; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered seventy-one (71) in Kreitzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; said sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, or his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 3d, 1890.

PATRICK SOARDS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Assignee. [46-52]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred ninety-one and 44-100 dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Swan Hovik and Maria Hovik, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to Peter J. McGuire, as mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of February, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 4 o'clock p m., in book 'T' of mortgages, on page 310, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the following property described in said mortgage, viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 2, in block 25, original townsite of Crookston, thence running in an easterly direction along the line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, thence in a southerly course on a line parallel with the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, thence in a westerly direction on a line parallel with the south line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, to the east line of said Ash street, thence in a northerly direction along the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, to the place of beginning; being 50 feet by 140 feet off the north side of lot 2, in block 25, of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county.

And also the undivided one-third of lots three, (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), in block 4, in Davis' addition to the townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, or by his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year as provided by law.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., February 19th, 1890.

PETER J. MCGUIRE,
Mortgagee.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [45-51]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMELINE GOSSELIN (a single woman) of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagor, by indenture of mortgage, bearing date the first day of November A. D. 1884, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the fifth day of November A. D. 1884, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes in the forenoon in book "R" of mortgages at pages 594, 595, 596 and 597, mortgaged to John Knuppe of said County and State, mortgagee, his heirs and assigns, all the following described tract of land, lying and being in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter (S½ of SE¼) of Section numbered six (6,) and the north one-half of the northeast quarter (N½ of NE¼ of Section numbered seven (7,) both in Township numbered one hundred fifty-one (151) north, of Range numbered forty-two (42) west, of the fifth principal meridian, being one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, said mortgage being given to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in the sum of two hundred twenty dollars ($220) made by the said mortgagor, Emeline Gosselin, and payable to the order of John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the first day of November, A. D. 1887, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable annually.

And whereas, said John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the tenth day of February A. D. 1885, duly assigned the said mortgage, and the note and debt secured thereby, to Gerrit W. Vis of Saint Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, by instrument in writing bearing said date of February tenth A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds in book "V" of mortgages at page 102, on the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1885 at ten o'clock in the forenoon

And whereas, said Gerrit W. Vis, is now deceased, and all his property, both real and personal including said note and mortgage, has been duly assigned by Final Decree of the Probate Court of Ramsey County, Minnesota, to Martha Vis, widow of said Gerrit W. Vis, deceased, and sole legatee under the will of said deceased, and said Martha Vis is now the owner of said note and mortgage,

And whereas, default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and in the payment of the whole of said principal sum of two hundred twenty dollars, and all interest thereon from the first day of November A. D. 1888. And whereas, the said mortgagor failed and neglected to pay the taxes on the said mortgaged premises for the years 1885, 1887 and 1888, so that said premises were sold for non-payment of taxes, and the said Martha Vis was obliged to, and did, on the eighteenth day of February A. D. 1890 redeem said premises from such sales, paying for such redemption and as delinquent taxes upon the said premises the sum of ($40 36.) And there is claimed to be, and is actually due at the date of this notice on the said note and mortgage and on the debt secured thereby the sum of two hundred forty-nine and 40-100 dollars ($249.40,) and in addition thereto the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, being the said sum of forty and 36-100 dollars ($40.36) dollars, making in all the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 76-100 dollars ($289.76,) which last mentioned amount is claimed to be due under said mortgage at the date of this notice,

And no suit or other proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover or collect the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, of the said mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay and satisfy the amount now due on said mortgage, and the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, with interest thereon, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the legal costs and disbursements of such foreclosure and sale, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, of said Polk County, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Friday the eleventh day of April A. D. 1890, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Saint Paul, Minnesota, this nineteenth day of February A. D. 1890.

MARTHA VIS,
Widow and sole legatee of Gerrit W. Vis Deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.

Harry H. Dean.
Att'y for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Saint Paul, Minnesota. [45-51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1883, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1883, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on page 335 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97 100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty two (42) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Jan 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. HUMPHREY,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-52]

THE OLD RELIABLE CROOKSTON LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance $88 44
Each year on his loan for interest 80 00

Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years.........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest .... $ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500 00
When the loan is due he pays. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years.......................... 1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest.................................$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00

Total.....................................$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he diee during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

M. M. VAN DYKE.
Physician and Surgeon,
Office, corner of Main and Second Streets,
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,—BEST,—QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and South-east.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 p. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:47 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:40 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m	Pembina	1:35 "
4:30 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul. Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS

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BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

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ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. | DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. | TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. | CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 10, 1890. | NO. 51

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	16 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Report of Seed Wheat.

How to Obtain It and How to Kill Weeds, Etc.

BY W. M. HAYS AND D. N. HARPER OF THE EXPERIMENT STATION, UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA, ST. ANTHONY PARK.

Originally the conditions for raising wheat in the Red River Valley were nearly perfect. The wheat matured earlier, filled better, and was of highest value for milling. But frosts, rusts, weeds, too loose a condition of the soil, winds, droughts, poor seed, and in many cases poor methods for cultivation have all worked to produce poorer wheat. Doubtless there will be better seasons than the last two but the farmers have a very important part to perform in assuring good crops. Unfavorable conditions must be fought; weeds may be destroyed by cultivating their seeds into the surface of the stubble land by means of a cutaway, a disk or other harrow so they will sprout in the Spring before summer-fallowing. Millet or other quickly growing crops may be sown in the Spring and thus besides helping to kill the weeds the land is enriched by a crop of green manure. Raising annual forage crops as millet, corn, or peas and oats mixed (2½ bu. of peas to 2 or 3 pecks of oats) will not only help to kill weeds and take the place of summer fallowing, but will also make valuable forage. So timothy and possibly other perrennial meadow and pasture plants in short "grass-lays" furnishing valuable feeds, will rest and compact the soil and kill the weeds. On nearly all soils the press-drill greatly assists germination and gives the plant its best conditions by putting the wheat in well without disturbing most of the surface of the soil. Harrowing or rolling wheat when four inches high compacts the soil, kills weeds and directly does the wheat good. Stock are of great importance as they compact and manure the soil while they make use of hay, pasturage and other crops grown in restful rotations. Any side line if it merely pays expenses, which rests the soil and leaves it in good condition for wheat, will be profitable to the wheat growing farmer. He can even invest some labor to caring for stock during the winter, without hope of direct return, if it will enable him to raise wheat more profitably.

Just now good seed is of most immediate importance. Twenty-five to fifty cents increase in cost per acre, invested in thoroughly good wheat will yield several hundred per cent on the investment. The recent institutes have confirmed the former observations that "frozen" wheat has yielded wheat of similar appearance and worthlessness. Such wheat contains no gluten or only small quantities of very inferior quality, and wheat containing such grains should never be used for seed. In some cases it may pay to clean out these grains and use the balance but as a rule it is safest and most profitable to not do so but to get good new seed. The mere fact of wheat growing is no assurance of a good yield. If the grain has a sound germ and the proper kind and quantity of food it will grow and produce well, unless conditions in nature, over which we have no control, prevent. But if the germ is not sound or the proper food not there even the most favorable conditions will not assure a good crop. Some wheat that does not mill well may yet contain a considerable quantity of good seed which can be cleaned out but it needs good judgment and caution to determine. It is safest to seed the heaviest, plumpest, strongest wheat which is the best. For seed we want first of all the heaviest grains and then the largest; and by cleaning we can get these. Such wheat offers greater resistance to unfavorable conditions. All seed should be thoroughly cleaned to remove the small grains as well as the weed seeds and dirt. This can be done by several of the wheat cleaning mills, exceptionally well by the Beeman wheat grader. The blast of the ordinary fanning mill does this fairly well if the motion is high, the wings opened to their full capacity, and the sieves arranged so that the wheat is separated mainly by blowing and not so much by shaking. A seed wheat cleaning mill is needed, which separates first the large kernals and then by a blast removes all but the heaviest of these. In some wheat only a small part of the larger grains need to be blown out, while in other cases more than half of the larger grains will, upon trial, be found light. If enough heavy wheat cannot be obtained out of that saved for seed it is wise to change seed. But there is usually no need and no wisdom in paying fancy prices. "Variety is the spice of life" for plants as well as animals, and an occasional change of seed is a grand thing for the wheat and for the farmer —because it pays. It has been shown by numerous very careful experiments, patiently carried out, that every kind of plant has what we might call a digestion peculiar to itself. Man may improve by a change of food or a change of surroundings and a plant does the same thing. We want to make sure that when we change wheat we get such as has been previously healthy and at present sound. It is well for a farmer to continually use his own seed but it is not well for him to attempt to pedigree it on the same farm under the same local climatic conditions. The farmers having farms considerably apart under different local conditions and different kinds of soil can continually exchange and thus pedigree their wheat. That will be the best insurance that either of them can possibly have. The farmers clubs may be instrumental in carrying this out. The most intelligent seedgrowers the world over make this changing from one good soil to another a principal of their business and it is a large factor of their success. It has been found beneficial to change timber wheat to prarie soil, wheat grown on sandy land to heavier land, wheat grown on heavy bottom land to prarie, etc.

Just now it may be well to cut down the acreage and pay closer attention to the selection of seed etc.

Don't crop your land so often in succession particularly with the same wheat.

Prof. Harper makes report of the samples of wheat submitted for examination. They are conservative statements but are not, of course, guarantees of good crops in any case. Where your wheat is the product of poor frozen wheat of 1888 it will be wise to get new seed; even if by cleaning what you have a fair qulity can be gotten. It has been proven in various places that by sowing good seed well cleaned to get the densest, the crops yielded have immediately greatly increased. By continuing this practice the wheat has maintained its first improvement.

"Frozen" wheat includes both that which is the crop from the frozen wheat of 1888 and that which was actually frozen last year. In cleaning make sure to get all of these grains out.

Jas. P. Marcum, Crookston; 1888 wheat; frosted and best not use any of this; but if absolutely necessary clean out not less than one-third.

Jno. Dryer, Red Lake Falls; 36 per cent. all right, 36 per cent. frozen, balance badly shrunken; badly degenerated and none should be used for seed; every reason for a change.

Andrew Larson, Valley P. O.; good; clean for density.

H. C. Scribner, Carman; ditto.

J. W. Kelley, Sletten P. O.; 30 per cent. frozen; 30 per cent. badly shrunken and immature; balance O. K.; cannot safely be cleaned and for every reason best get new seed.

Ole Rosenwater, Fisher; looks run out and best get new seed; otherwise clean not less than one-third.

Frank Bivins, Crookston; shows frost last year; 2 per cent. frozen, balance all right; clean out at least one quarter.

Jno. Amundson, Crookston; about one-third frozen and one-third badly shrunken; not safe to use any of this and there is every reason for a change of seed.

J. Finn, Gentilly; 55 per cent. frozen; 25 per cent. sound, rest badly shrunken; not safe to use any for seed.

A. D. Berry, Red Lake Falls; 20 per cent sound, one-half the balance badly frozen; not safe to use any; every reason for a renewal of good seed.

Job Dougherty, Crookston; a few frozen grains but otherwise sound; in some grains the germ is injured by bleaching; clean out at least 25 per cent.

Theo. Greenhalgh, Crookston; looks to have run out and best change for new sound seed; otherwise clean out at least one-third; a few frozen grains.

J. P. Bullan, Crookston; about like above but poorer; a change of seed is very desirable, but if impossible to do this, clean 20 per cent.

E. D. Childs & Co., Carman; 30 per cent. frozen and some grains show effect of frost this year; 20 per cent. sound, one-half of balance badly shrunken and blistered; ought not to be seeded.

Vila Major, Gentilly; 56 per cent. frozen, rest badly shrunken; no sound grains in sample and none of it should be seeded; in an exceptionally favorable season 20 per cent. of grains might produce a passable wheat but it is too hazardous to try; make a change.

M. E. Bartlett, Crookston; 16 per cent. frozen and 48 per cent. O. K., balance badly shrunken; looks worn out and best change, but if used, at least 50 per cent. ought to be cleaned out.

H. O. Tatro, Woodside; Timber wheat and prime for seed; clean for density; a good change for some one on prairie.

Jno. Gilbert, Fisher; clean out 15 to 25 per cent. to get out shrunken grains and for density.

O. G. Tracy, Glyndon; O. K.; clean for density to at least 10 per cent., and better if more is separated.

L. J. Regeimbal, Crookston; an occasional frozen grain; balance O. K.; clean for density 10 per cent. or even better.

D. W. Hughes, Crookston; some grains show the effects of frosts this year; an occasional frozen grain; clean out at least 25 to 30 per cent.

L. Davis, Crookston; 14 per cent. frozen, 48 per cent. sound and rest badly shrunken; clean out at least 60 per cent., but best change for other seed; general degeneracy.

Fred Copp, Excel, Marshall Co. 70 per cent. frozen and product of frozen grains and 16 per cent. O. K., balance badly shrunken; ought not to be sown and there is every reason of a renewal of good seed.

P. Martell, Gentilly; in some grains germ has started to unfold; some frozen grains, but for the most part O. K.; at least 25 per cent. ought to be cleaned out.

Henry D. Sweet, Fisher; O. K.; only necessary to clean for density.

Adolph Reichel, Red Lake Falls; about 30 per cent are crop from frozen grains and about one-half of the rest are O. K.; ought not to be seeded as at least 60 per cent would need to be cleaned out, and then no assurance of it being first class; Second sample not so good. Every reason for a renewal of good seed.

Chas. Regeimbal, Crookston; No. 2; ought to clean out 15 per cent to 30 per cent; may be most economical to change.

H. C. Scribner, Carman; clean out at least 20 per cent for density.

C. Baillargren, Crookston; a few grains, about 5 per cent that might grow and produce good wheat, but the balance are for the most part frozen. None of this should be seeded; every reason for a renewal of good seed.

Jens K. Pederson, Carman; all right. Clean for density.

N. Brosseau, Gentilly; clean out at least 25 per cent for density; an occasional frozen grain.

Lyman Clark, Rocksbury, St. Hiliare; cannot be safely used for seed as 75 per cent is frozen; should get new seed as there is every reason for a renewal.

C. Houston, Fairfax; O. K. if 25 per cent is cleaned out.

A. C. Merril, Fisher: looks to have run out on the farm; best change but otherwise clean to get the heaviest.

G. M. Fisk, Carman; may make good seed if 25 per cent is cleaned out; about 5 per cent is frozen.

J. R. McMahan, Fairfax; looks run out and best change; otherwise clean out at least 40 per cent.

D. Scully, Gentilly; every reason to make a change seed now; otherwise clean out at least one-third. about 5 per cent are frozen.

Robert A. Rose, Fisher: some poor grains; clean out at least 25 per cent for density.

E. A. Sweet, Fisher; an occasional frozen grain; best change for new seed; but if impossible clean out at least one-fourth.

A. Berthiaume, Gentilly; about 20 per cent. sound, one-half of the balance frozen; none should be seeded and every reason for a change.

J. E. Chilback, Crookston; No. 2; a few frozen grains and many badly shrunken; best to change, but may be able to make fair seed if at least one-quarter is cleaned out.

Thos. Wallan, Crookston; about one-third frozen and 20 per cent. sound, balance badly shrunken; looks run out; impossible to clean out to make good seed; every reason for a change.

J. McKeegan, Gentilly; 10 per cent. frozen, half the balance badly shrunken; every reason for a change, but if impossible, at least one half should be cleaned out.

W. H. Martin, Crookston; germ injured in many cases; about one-fifth of the grains are sound and capable of producing good wheat and half the balance is frozen; not safe to try to clean any of this for seed; every reason to change.

John Sylvesterson, Fairfax; one-quarter frozen and half the balance very poor; not safe to use any of this; every reason for a change.

D. Scully, Gentilly; 17 per cent frozen and most of the balance unfit for seed; looks run out on the farm; change is needed.

Frank Martelle, Gentilly; some frozen grains and the whole looks to be run out; although many grains are sound it is better to renew with good seed, if impossible to clean out at least one-half.

Jas. Dercolder; some frozen grains; would be best to make a change, but otherwise clean out at least one-third.

F. G. McNulty, Mallory; about ten per cent. ought to be cleaned out; better if more.

I have received samples of good seed wheat which, of course, wants to be cleaned for the heaviest, from the following persons:

Hallock—M. Glah, Henry R. Anderg, L. B. Riddell.

Donaldson—E. N. Davidson, N. Brenberg, H. F. Decker.

Kennedy—A. Anderson, J. N. Laughlin.

Argyle—Oscar Musch, Andrews farm, A. W. Wallace, K. P. Myhre, Jno. Craik, J. P. Myhre.

Warren—George Swanson, (timber wheat.)

Mallory—W. Fleming, Jno. Goodwin, R. Coulter, R. Nesbit.

Carman—L. H. Judson, O. H. Richardson, M. S. Hilda, (fyfe and blue stem.) H. O. Hansen.

Beltrami—J. C. Wells.

St. Vincent—Short & Ryan, J. Griffith, Geo. Bernath, A. Gamble, Reed farm, (blue stem and red fyfe,) J. Wright, Jno. McGlochran.

Pembina—H. R. Vaughn.

Stephen—Russell Bros., (Ladoga,) Knute Anderson, S. A. Lundin, H. Ky, G. A. Toombs, Jno. A. Anderson, Michilson Bros., C. A. Anderson, Jno. Young, W. D. Cole, Sol Lundin.

Crookston—Hugh Galbraith, J. P. Roome.

Fisher—Jno. Gilbert.

Woodside—S. D. Felsing.

Also fine wheat can be gotten at Fergus Falls, Barnesville, Rothsay, Fisher, etc. I send some samples from other places.

Wadena Tribune: The farmer who makes a success of his own business can, as a rule, take proper care of any public business entrusted to him, which he is willing to undertake. It is a misfortune that these solid business men are not the kind generally put forward. They are modest and not self-seeking. They attend conscientiously to their own affairs, while the loud-mouthed jaw-wagger who makes a failure of everything he attempts, usually foists himself on his neighbors so persistently, that he cannot be shaken off without a neighborhood row, in which but few self-respecting men care to engage. Hence the failure of relief measures year after year. If the level-headed farmers, of which there are plenty, were put to the front regardless of the clamor of these professional "reformiers" and tongue-wabblers, there would be less cause for complaint.

Great West: Your country never cried more loudly for MEN than at the present hour. Over 400 millions of your money has already been legislated out of the national treasury for the support of the political hierarchy 32,000 men in this country own three-fifths of the walth and 60 millions are struggling for the balance. Four men dictate the price of your cattle. A board of trade puts your grain in the market at the turn of the dice. If you have MEN, bring them out this year. Keep in the field yourself to do battle for justice. Let no weakness overcome you—let no assaults upon your friends deceive you. Let patriotism rise above partyism.

Winter Wheat Damaged.

The Damage Ranges from 10 to 50 Per Cent.

CHICAGO, March 18.—The Farmers' Review will publish the following: The reports of our crop correspondents show that the recent cold wave severely damaged winter wheat in a great many localities. Our Illinois reports, almost without exception, estimate the damage ranging from 10 to 50 per cent. The heaviest damage appears to have fallen upon the central portion of the state, more than a dozen correspondents in that section reporting a loss of from 20 to 50 per cent.

In Indiana the wheat fields in central and southern portions of the state appear to have been the greatest sufferers from the cold wave, the damage ranging from 10 to 30 per cent.

In Ohio the damage from winter killing does not appear to have been as general or severe as in either Indiana or Illinois. The crop has been damaged in localities by excessive rain, many fields being covered with water in the central and southern portion of the state.

Kentucky makes the best record thus far of any state in the winter wheat belt. The Kansas wheat fields are in fair condition. The prospects are not very bright for winter wheat in Michigan and Wisconsin at this writing.

We summarize reports of our correspondents relative to the condition, as follows: Illinois, 90 per cent; Indiana, 91; Ohio, 94; Missouri, 90; Kentucky, 99; Kansas, 95; Wisconsin, 86; Michigan, 76.

DO YOU WANT MONEY?

I can save you money by making you an axe that will last four times as long as any you can buy, or I can repair aour old one so that it will do good work. New work warranted. Give me a trial. GEO. O. BUHN, City Blacksmith, corner of Main and Fletcher streets. [22-tf]

Feb. 1, 1890. | The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitob a Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 62 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST,
And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tikets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

I has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

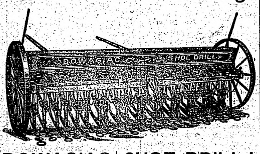
For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to

C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,

or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

McKINNON BRO'S,

Farm Machinery



DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. O. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson, Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

SEED OATS.

FARMERS

You will Require Something to Bring to Market Next Fall Winter Besides Wheat!

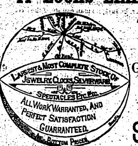
GOOD WHITE SEED OATS

Exchanged for Light Oats and Barley, at the

Crookston Oatmeal Mill!

48-52

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!


Largest & Most Complete Stock of
Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware
Spectacles Etc. Etc.
All Work Warranted, And Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Bottom Prices

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware,

CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

HERE WE ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO

Crookston, Minn.

SPECIAL SALE

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,

We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF NEWMARKETS From $12 to $20

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long	$4.00
" " Striped " " "	6.00
" " " " " "	7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " "	8.00
" " " " " "	9.00
" " Black or Brown " " "	10.00
" " " " " "	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., APRIL 10, 1890.

'Round Home.

Speed the seeding.

The ice below the dam has nearly al gone out.

Don't fail to see Bill Nye when he comes nigh enough.

Ladies, call and see Mrs. E. E. Bangs' new spring millinery.

Mr. Rapin expects some high up companies this spring and summer.

Saturday forenoon a warm, steady rain did much toward starting vegetation.

Henry Wight has gone to Chicago to recuperate after the storm of his late successful campaign.

E. K. Overland and son, of Garfield, came up on Friday to spend the day with friends in the city.

Some weather prophets predict a stormy month for April. If some people couldn't croak they couldn't live.

The Misses Emma and Ollie Fortier departed this week for Butte, Montana, to join their mother. Miss Tillie will remain until school closes.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, ancholvis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

The Thief River Falls Press says that the St. Hilaire branch will be extended to that city by June 1st. The preliminary arrangements are now being made.

The Bulletin says that Hugh Thompson returned from St. Paul last week, and on Saturday left for Hot Springs. He was feeling very much better and very hopeful.

The largest line of scissors, shears and pocket knives ever brought to Crookston, can be seen at
[51-52] Stewart & Spottswood's.

Halvor Grundyson was up from Fisher on Monday and dropped in to pay up and speak a word of kindly encouragment to us. Reports seeding operations commencing.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Soren Johnson left for West Superior, Wis., last week with his family to spend the summer. He thinks he can put in his time to better advantage there during the summer time, but he thinks he shall return next fall.

Something new in scissors and shears, at
[51-52] Stewart & Spottswood's.

The attention of the ladies is invited to Mrs. E. E. Bangs' new spring millinery now ready for inspection. Remember that every purchaser has a chance of a beautiful gold watch and chain, if the purchase exceeds $3.50.

I. U. Jennings will sell cedar shingles at $3.75 per thousand. They do not warp, check or leak, and last three times as long as pine. [51-52]

All that is necessary to get a crowd at one of Bill Nye's entertainments is to announce the date that he appears. He will be at the Opera House in Crookston on Thursday evening, April 24th, with his company. Popular prices.

Call in and see our new stock of revolvers. Prices are lower than you can imagine.
[51-52] Stewart & Spottswood.

Many farmers commenced dragging last week and a few commenced to seed. Much wheat will go into the ground this week if the weather is suitable. The condition of the ground this year is far more favorable for a crop than it was last year.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings will have an opening of spring and summer millinery from the 15th to the 20th of April. Her line of pattern bonnets, hats and toques &c., are on the way and will be of the latest productions. The ladies of Crookston and vicinity are cordially invited to call and inspect goods and prices.

Mr. A. A. Dickenson, of Stephen, last week received a telegram summoning him to the sick bed of his father at Minneiska, Minn. Mrs. D. accompanied him as far as Crookston to remain with friends until his return. Mr. Dickenson did not arrive at Minneiska in time to see his father alive.

New and fine patterns of Jewett's stoves.
New and low prices on Jewett's stoves.
[51-52] Stewart & Spottswood.

H. G. Palmer and his son Ray came over from Tacoma a few days ago and closed a deal by which they take possession of the cold storage house at Fargo, where they will handle butter and eggs for Laurence & Palmer. Ray goes back this week and H. G. is attending to matters on his farm at Warren. He expects to rent to a man who will put in a cheese factory there. H. G. will have charge of the Fargo house and expects Mrs. Palmer in about two weeks. He reports our boys in Tacoma all doing a good business. Says that Dr. Van Dyke dropped right into a big practice the first thing upon his arrival, all owing to a difficult surgical operation that he was called upon to perform soon after he got there. He says that the papers were filled with accounts of the operation, and doc awoke one morning to find himself famous in that country and his services in great demand. With his usual modesty the doctor has not even mentioned this matter to his friends since his arrival here.

Seeding is somewhat later this year than last, but the prospects are better, as the ground is very much more moist and will not be apt to be damaged by high winds, should we have them.

We are told that the surveyors on the C. D. & N. R. R. take the field this week to finish the survey to Keystone, and that work on the bridge will soon be commenced. The road will be pushed to completion at the earliest possible date.

We saw our old time friend, Pat Connery, of Edna, up in the town of Liberty last week. Pat is now one of your true blue alliance men, into the very hottest of the fight with his sleeves rolled up, to obtain an open market for his wheat for, he says, no man can stand the likes o'this.

Chas. M. Lowe says he has plenty of money for good farm loans, and always has the cash for the best of them. No delay or trouble.

W. H. Irish, the jolly blacksmith of Audubon, was in the city on Friday enroute home from a seven week's trip up to the Rosseau country. W. H. started out with a cutter but is returning on horseback, having shipped his cutter from Pembina when the sleighing played out. This was his first visit to Crookston and he thinks we have a fine city.

J. E. Morrisey is fixing up the old Ritchie building, near the Great Northern depot, by building an addition in front extending to the sidewalk. The building will be used for an office and store room with a work shop in the rear. He thinks of bringing the foundry over also. This location will be handier for his business than the old one.

New, large and complete stock of revolvers, fishing tackle, target rifles, pocket knives, scissors, shears and razors, at
[51-52] Stewart & Spottswood.

Chas. Vanse came down from Thief River Falls last Wednesday, remaining until Friday morning. Charlie says business is beginning to revive with the coming seedtime and farmers predict big crops. He is on deck for a position on the surveying corps, when the reservation is ready for survey. He is one of the old settlers and a true blue republican worker and every way competent to fill the position.

Liberty township organised an alliance with 23 members on Thursday last, with Nels Clementson, president; A. Boddy, vice-president; Nels Muus, secretary, and H. Erickson, treasurer. This alliance is composed of the solid, thinking men of the town, men who are the most successful of any in their line of business, and they have been forced by circumstances to combine in order to obtain justice in the markets. This is the character of all who have yet joined the alliance throughout the county; they are the earnest business farmers who have found out that they are not obtaining justice in the markets. They realize that it is the power of combination that has manipulated the market against them and they are resolved to try the effect of combination in their own defense. If they are true to their own interests they will win. Liberty alliance adjourned till Saturday, April 5th, at which time they expected to take in several more who had been prevented from attending the preliminary meeting.

During our stay in Liberty last week we were entertained by J. S. Nichols, Esq., whose fine farm lies four miles west of Fertile. Mr. Nichols came from Rockford, Ill., to Polk County in 1880, very much out of health. He had been engaged in the newspaper business and, as is too frequently the case, had worn himself out by overworking. He rented a section of land near Beltrami, for five years, had to run in debt for teams at $400 per span, and machinery at proportionate rates. At the close of the five years he moved upon the land which now constitutes his farm, went to work for himself and now has a fine, comfortable residence, several fine brood mares with fine colts from a week old to two years old, a number of good cows, and he is owing about $500, where, with his method of farming, he should have been entirely out of debt with money in the bank if he could have obtained in the market his rightful share of the products of his toil. Mr. Nichols has a fine garden spot in which may be found all kinds of vegetables incident to the climate in their season. He has a fine strawberry bed which annually supplies his table with that delicious fruit, and his currant bushes always bear abundantly. He showed us a bushel of onion seed that he raised last year, which reminded us that if any of our readers desired to obtain reliably fresh onion seed, here is your chance. Mr. N., in addition to wheat and oats, raises rye and black barley, which latter yields enormously. He is a careful, prudent, economical farmer, a hard worker, and his wife is a true help-meet, and when such people and such methods fail to produce more than a bare living it is proof positive that something is wrong. They toil hard, early and late, they raise abundant crops of excellent grain that brings big money to some one, but the producer is never the one. They have worked harder for the pittance they are able to get for their grain than have those who have made fortunes out of it. Give them and all such an equal chance in the markets and then you will see this country blossom as the rose, then will the dawn of true prosperity break, and this country will assume its rightful place in the grand triumphal march of progress. The alliance will give that market.

A Good Workman.

Joe Gouche had an old-fashioned flint lock that he desired to have changed to use percussion caps, so he took it to Mr. Schmidt, (father of the new alderman in the 2d ward,) who transformed the gun so perfectly that its own mother would not know it. The work was as perfectly done as it could have been in the best of shops and Joe feels proud of it in its changed condition. He says Mr. Schmidt contemplates opening a gun shop in Crookston.

BOYS!

Don't forget that we are headquarters for fishing tackle this spring. Two lines and two hooks for 5 cents.
[52-52] Stewart & Spottswood.

Replying to a letter of inquiry from John McLean in relation to the tariff on potato starch, Hon. S. G. Comstock writes as follows:

House of Representatives, }
Washington, D. C., March 24, '90. }
John McLean, Crookston, Minn.

Dear Sir: I have your letter of the 20th inst. relative to a duty on potato starch. I will investigate the matter. My impression is that there is a duty already on starch sufficient to prevent its introduction from Canada. I agree with you fully that if the potato itself is dutiable, its starch should be also. I am glad to hear that a starch factory is to be established at Crookston. I have no doubt it will be a good thing. The present tariff is two cents per pound on starch. I will see what the new bill does for it. Yours truly.

S. G. Comstock.

Onstad, April 7, 1890.

Onstad and Russia Farmers' Alliance, No. 677, is still on the increase. Saturday, April 5th, we secured eight members, making in all 52. A resolution was passed instructing the secretary to write our members in congress that we heartily endorse the sub-treasury plan, and believe, if allowed to become a law, it will benefit the producers of the United States, and urging them to support that measure. We also hope that every sub-alliance in this county will endorse that bill, for we think that it will give us a freer and more open market in which to sell our produce.

W. A. Marin, Sec.

Paints. Paints. Paints.

1,000 gallons of the best mixed paints just received at
[51-52] Stewart & Spottswood's.

Judging from all that we can learn from reports in the leading daily papers we are led to the belief that for some time to come cheese factories will be more profitable than creameries. It looks as though the cheese maker will have a bonanza for awhile.

Harry Ives returned from Washington on Sunday morning looking well and hearty. Harry reports his railroad bill in good shape and bound to pass. He says that congressman Comstock is the best man in the House. Says he thinks Washburn is making a rattling good senator.

At the meeting of Crookston Alliance last Saturday not quite stock enough to secure the factory was pledged. A committee was appointed to secure the balance needed. We hope the project will not fall through as it is of so much importance to the city and vicinity. Every farmer in this vicinity should be willing to take 100 bushels worth of stock at least.

$100,000 to loan.
John McLean.

The new council met on Tuesday evening and the following nominations by the Mayor were confirmed: For Comptroller, E. W. Wile; for City Attorney, Martin O'Brien; for Chief of Police, Louis Gonyea; for Patrolmen, M. B. Hayes and Andy Locken. The nomination of Dan. McDonald for Street Commissioner was not confirmed. Postponed to next regular meeting.

Cyprien DeMers, President of Poplar River Alliance, No. 729, was in the city this week and gave The Journal a pleasant call. He reports seeding commenced and being actively pushed. The cheese factory will be completed in time for the season's work. He says great interest is manifested in alliance work, numbers joining at every meeting. At last meeting 17 joined. He expects the membership will go very much over one hundred in early summer.

Our fellow townsman, David R. Carr, who was a member of the 3d Minn. Battery during the rebellion, has received a letter from the pension department at Washington informing him that he has been granted a pension dating from his discharge for injuries incurred while in the military service of the United States. He receives the tidy and deserved sum of $1,300 back pension and is now rated at $12 per month. 'Tis well. We are glad to see the boys who wore the blue during those dark and stormy days in our national history, compensated in a measure. Men who gave their services and many of them their lives that the nation might live are deserving of consideration.

Three Dollars Reduction.

The Red River Lumber Company quotes the following prices:

1st Com. Boards and Dimension,	$15.00
2d	13.00
3d	11.00

The grade quoted above at $13 is good stock, suitable for all ordinary building purposes, and is the best lumber ever sold in this market at the price named. They have also plenty of short lumber at low prices on account of length.
[49-51]

Do You Want

To trade young colts or sheep for good work horses? If so, call on or address [illegible] Crookston. [52-tf]

Mortgage Loans. Money on Hand No Delay Best Terms.

Lowest Rates. Railroad Land Contracts paid off, and mortgages taken up and time extended, with the additional advantage to the borrower of paying off any part of the loan, not less than $100, on any interest day, without extra charge. Cash paid for School Bonds. All business in the U. S. Land Office and Contracts promptly attended to. Call on or write

John McLean, Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Main Street, - - - - Opposite the Merchants' National Bank.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

At a special meeting of the City Council, held April 5th, pursuant to a call from the Acting Mayor for the purpose of canvassing the vote cast at the annual charter election, held April 1st, 1890, reported as follows:

State of Minnesota, }
County of Polk. } ss.

The undersigned, Board of Canvassers of the city of Crookston, in Polk County, Minnesota, do hereby certify that they have canvassed the returns of votes cast at the annual charter election of said city, held April 1st, A. D. 1890, to elect city officers of said city for the ensuing year, and that the following named persons have received the number of votes set opposite their names at such election for the offices below stated, to-wit:

FOR MAYOR.	
Alexander McKinnon	340 votes.
Tom Morris	222 "
Scattering	2 "
FOR ALDERMAN AT LARGE.	
Thos. H. Bjoin	561 votes.
FOR CITY CLERK.	
John Paterson	350 votes.
E. C. Carruth	215 "
FOR CITY TREASURER.	
L. C. Couvrette	559 votes.
Scattering	1 "
FOR CITY ASSESSOR.	
Henry Wight	357 votes.
F. E. LePage	209 "
FOR CONSTABLES.	
Hans Larson	563 votes.
Geo. H. Holt	564 "
FOR ALDERMAN.	
1st ward—G. O. Buhn	95 votes.
2d ward—A. C. Schmidt	105 votes.
E. C. Davis	18 "
Scattering	21 "
3d ward—H. Steenerson	38 votes.
W. E. Walker	12 "
4th ward—Frank Jerome	190 votes.
5th ward—E. D. Childs, long term	80 votes.
J. B. McLaren, for short term	80 "

And we do hereby certify that Alexander McKinnon, is duly elected mayor, Thos. H. Bjoin, alderman at large, John Paterson, city clerk, Henry Wight, city assessor, Hans Larson and Geo. H. Holt, constables, Geo. H. Buhn, alderman of 1st ward, A. C. Schmidt, alderman of 2d ward, H. Steenerson, alderman of 3d ward, Frank Jerome, alderman of 4th ward, and E. D. Childs for long term, and J. B. McLaren for short term, aldermen of the 5th ward of said city for the ensuing year, or term, as the case may be.

And we do hereby certify that we have canvassed the vote cast in said city on said day upon the question of issuance of bonds of said city for the purpose of constituting a general fund for funding the floating indebtedness of said city, and that of said votes were cast;

In favor of the issuance of bonds—Yes 438 votes.

For the issuance of bonds—No 61 votes.

And we declare it carried that such bonds be issued.

Dated April 5th, A. D. 1890.

Wm. Watts,
Jas. E. Morrisey,
H. Steenerson,
T. H. Bjoin,
F. Jerome,
J. B. McLaren,
G. O. Buhn,
I. U. Jennings,
Board of Canvassers.

On motion Council adjourned.

John Paterson, City Clerk.

Call and Settle!

As I intend to leave for Seattle on or about April 15th, I desire to have all my accounts settled before that date, either by cash or note. All who know themselves indebted to me will please call at my office (in rear of drug store of M. Van Dyke & Co.) and settle up. I do not wish to be obliged to leave unsettled accounts in the hands of a lawyer or any other man.

M. Van Dyke, M. D.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.
May 24 1889.
[2-tf] E. W. Wile, Comptroller.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on Frank Bivins, Crookston. [50-tf]

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2.15
Fife	1.85
Skip Jack	1.25

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Eighty Acres of heavy hardwood timber cheap. Located on Sec. 11, T. 148, R. 43. For particulars address, H. G. Mitchell, Woodside, Polk County, Minn. [35-tf.]

A Business Letter.

In his greed for items this week our reporter picked up on the street the following which appears to be a business letter, written by one business man of Tacoma to another. We reproduce it as nearly as type will do it, except the names. Our sympathy is entirely with the man who had the bolts to sell:

Tacoma
Pierce Co
Was 3 | 4 '90.

Mr. ——————

My Dear
Sir

As I am Somewat Strange to You & of a Rather Retiring Daspection and We Do Not all Occupy Equal Stations and We have Our Varous Vogue. Or Occupations & Representations of Sphere.

I Suppose You will Remmber Me My Object is I have colled on twece at Your Office But not finding You in I resort thes Method. Deaming it not Unwise. Now My Object is this I follow Gardening and I am about to Branch Into the Business and I nead Money for the Business as there is a Time & Season for Everything and I want to put out My Hotframes & Glass costs Me Considerable. I have Some Shingle Bolts Cut Some time ago, also a few more Lowds to Cut. I have also a Freend by Name Mr Miller a Grand Army Man and an Old Time Honored Friend. We used to Garden Side by Side at Billings and Saving Our Hott frames Depends On How Large We Can Run in the Summer and I am Informed You Will Not Buy any More Bolts Until You Remove, Which the Season for the above Spenach Cellery Cabbage Cauliflower &c are Here Now, and If You Could Kindly Confer on Us the Favor of Receiving thes few Loads of Bolts here You will Confer On Us an Incalculable Benefit, as Our Means are Limited & We Want to Branch Out and Run to Our Desired Capacity and as the above Gentleman has a Wife Who is now Sick also Two Children Depending on him and as Seen the Hardest Times this Last Six Months He as Ever Sen, Will mak it a Double Benefit. Hoping to be Reception of Your Most Favorable Consederation and Wishing You Every Success & Happeness I have The Honor to Bea With Very Great Esteem:

Yours Most Truly

Bill Was Funny.

The Denver Republican.

Bill Nye and his company attracted about 1500 auditors to the Coliseum last night thro' the lecturer's popularity and the widespread publication of his writings in The Republican.

Mr. Frank Downey, the pianist, opened with a transcription of Verdi's "Rigoletto," and later on played Lisz's second rhapsodie. He has a fine touch and his tecnnique is good but his interpretation in passages is rather new and possibly capable of improvement. He received considerable applause, however, and was followed by the irrespressible Bill himself, who told in his calm, unassuming way two funny stories—one about Mayron W. Reed, who presided over the entertainment.

THE BUTTONS FLY.

These anecdotes were funny as the large audience laughed inordinately. His second selection was a story about his adventures in pugilism, and his third was his reading of a little story called the "Grammatical Boy," which was well read with a peculiar intonation and halting style of speech peculiar to the country school boy who stands at the head of his class in the third reader. In his anecdotes Mr. Nye was very ludicrous, and the audience encored every experience. His last encore, which was a story of his encounter with a congressman, both in pursuit of a boy who had rung their respective door bells, was full of nonsense, some of which has been heard before, but seemed to excite the risibles of his hearers.

Mr. Thalberg, the tenor, sang Denza's popular solo, "Star of my Heart," and as an encore gave "With all her Faults." He has a good voice and sings with good expression.

A FAVORITE.

Of the musicians Miss Ollie Torbett, the violiniste, was deservedly a favorite. She gave an air from DeBeriot and a concerto of Rode, and as encores played a bercease by Musin and an air with variations by Dancla. She is but an amateur, but plays with good tone, and in good style and accuracy of intonation. Her performance was excellent. The audience was highly pleased and applauded every number.

At the Opera hous on April 24th

Grand Forks Daily Herald: Conductor Alexander, of the Great Northern railway, that pretty, dark eyed fellow as the ladies used to call him, has severed his connection with that company and will in all likelihood locate in the west and go into business for him self. Success to him.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [51-tf]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } ss.
City of Crookston, }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the Council of said city of Crookston, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on May 7th, 1890, and terminating on May 7th, 1891, by the following persons and at the following place stated in said application, to-wit: John O. Sundit and Tom O. Sundit, in the three story frame building situated on the corner of Broadway and Fletcher street in said city.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 9th day of April, A. D. 1890.

(SEAL.) John Paterson, City Clerk.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

LOANS!

MONEY ALWAYS ON HAND.

NO BONUS: NO DELAY!

Special Rates and for Choice Loans, a square deal.

CHAS. M. LOWE, - BROADWAY.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.

Office on Second Street. Crookston.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial law as pertaining to our profession

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING MUST GO.

FUR GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT **30** DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

"Farmers can't do anything!" Who says that! Well, it is mostly those who don't want him to and who hope he cannot.

Another Dred Scott decision—that in the milk cases—and it is liable to kick up a large sized row before we see the end of it. When it gets so that the creature is greater than the creator, it is time to find out why.

Farmers should have no time for men who cannot surrender their own personal opinions for the good of the cause. The object of the alliance is not to build up any one man, but to build up an open market for wheat. Don't forget that.

The Mankato Journal, a neat little five column quarto paper published by A. M. Morrison, appears on our table. The paper appears to be a grand alliance worker. The following extract from its columns we believe to be true of the alliance in Polk County:

"If we understand the sentiments of the farmers' alliance of Blue Earth County aright they do not care who are or may be the county officers; yet they wish to choose men as county commissioners and members of the legislature who are known to be in hearty sympathy with the principles of the alliance. In a great measure relief, if it comes at all, must come through legislative channels, state as well as national, hence their effort to control these great avenues. In this effort the farmers cannot hope to succeed by antagonizing candidates of both parties for county offices. Concentrate all forces and all the strength of the alliance on securing laws that will benefit the great majority and not a favored few."

From every alliance in Polk County comes the reported great accessions at every meeting, and every week since the meeting at St. Paul one or two alliances have been formed. About one hundred alliances have been formed in the state since that meeting, which shows that Polk County is more than up to the average, and still the good work goes on, despite the efforts of some who are built up by the present system of marketing, who are trying to throw cold water upon the efforts of the farmers to obtain an open market. It is natural that they should try to kill off the movement, for if the farmers are united and firm they will surely obtain an open market and a good price for wheat, and then those who have fattened off the labors of the farmers must be content with less plunder. Let every farmer stand firmly up to the work and try to induce all his neighbors to join. Then, working shoulder to shoulder for the common good they will be sure to win.

Everywhere throughout the State, those who are reaping rich harvests from the toil of the farmer are just now assidously laboring to sow dissension in the ranks of the alliance. Wherever they see any slight point of difference upon minor questions between members of the alliance, they straightway magnify it into a mountain and do all they can to break up the organization; but the farmers should not allow such things to obtain a foothold, and no true farmer will; the object he seeks is too high, is too sacred for them to allow it to be defeated by petty jealousies, by petty dissentions. Every member cannot have everything his own way, but every true man will be willing to make great concessions for the good of the order. One danger lies in the fact that there are some men in the ranks so constituted that they seem to think that they know it all and that any other way to do the business besides the one they think is correct must necessarily be wrong, and so they get on their car and say: "We know how this thing should be run, and if you farmers are too independent to do as we distate we will wreck the alliance!" Now, this principle is all wrong, and no one man should be allowed to control the work of the alliance, but every man should work for the common good. We don't expect the organization will be perfect, but we should all strive to make it as perfect as possible, and when we find a man who threatens to destroy the institution because he happens to think it is not run just right, it is time to sit down on that man emphatically, as the principle of the order is of too much importance to be sacrificed at the whim of any one man. The organization is greater than the private interests of any man in it. If the farmers are true to their own interests they can secure a free and open wheat market, and they should allow nothing to interfere to prevent the accomplishment of this object. Remember, farmers, that this is your own organization and you should manage it yourselves, uninfluenced by any man who may have some private motive in trying to make you do as he dictates. You should select your own officials in the alliance of tried and true men in your own calling, and you should be especially careful in the selection of the right kind of material for your legislature, for upon the character of that body depends largely your future success. Because a man wants the job is no good reason why you should give it to him, for you have important work to do, and you should select only such men as you are well convinced will do that work. We want a reformation of our tariff laws, the restoration of some of the tax upon capital, incomes and wealth, and a corresponding reduction upon all articles of universal consumption and absolute necessity, and a reduction of the rate of taxation to the indispensible needs of the government, economically administered. The complete remonetization of silver, placing it upon a perfect equality with gold as to coinage, bullion and certificates, and a further enlargement of our circulating paper currency. A law to compel railroads to receive and care for our wheat the same as other goods, also to compel them to allow the building of flat houses by any one who wishes to do so. Lower transportation charges and any amendment to the Inter-State Commerce law that is just and necessary to accomplish this purpose. An amendment to the constitution, if necessary, to outlaw and absolutely prohibit trusts and combines that control the prices of farm animals, and to declare gambling in futures or selling that which does not exist, a felony, and a rigid enforcement of the laws passed in conformity thereto. All this is of more importance to the country than the gratification of private ambitions to serve in the Legislature, and when you find a man so very particular upon mere technical points that he is willing to see the grand results the alliance hopes to accomplish sacrificed rather than to yield his views to the majority opinion, you have just cause to suspect that man's motives. No true alliance man will assume that he knows more about the business than any one else and insist that it must be run according to his notions, or not at all.

THE JOURNAL is in receipt of the first number of the Minnesota Horseman, a paper just started at Lake Crystal, Minn. by Prof. J. C. Currier, the noted veterinary. The first issue gives promise of success and shows a paper that every horse fancier in the state should have.

Proceedings of the Baord of County Commissioners

COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
POLK COUNTY.

Crookston, Minn., March 25th, 1890.

The Board of County Commissioners assembled at the County Auditor's office. All members present except Commissioner Thompson, Chairman. The board elected Commissioner Kirsch, Chairman, pro tem. The minutes of last session were read and approved.

The matter of adjustment of certain taxes of Mrs. McAvoy was presented and laid over for further investigation.

The school petition of Teddy Richard was rejected. The school petition of Ole J. Jensvold was presented and on motion the same was granted and petitioners farm to wit: ne¼ sw¼ and w½ sw¼ sec 2 Tp. 152 R. 44 was detached from school district No. 102 and attached to school district No. 24.

A hearing was set at next regular session in the matter of the school petition of A. G. Amundson and Nels M. Johnson.

The school petition from Sanders Tp. was granted and secs. 14 and 15 Tp. 153 R. 44 were detached from school district No. 166 and the following territory to wit: Secs. 2, 3, 10, 11, 14 and 15, Tp. 153 R. 44 was organized into a new school district to be known as school district No. 194.

The w½ secs. 21, 28 and 33, Tp. 148 R. 43 were detached from school district No. 83 and attached to school district No. 87.

The bridge petition from Higdem Tp. was laid over until regular session.

The penalty was abated on Z. Poulin personal taxes in Poplar River.

Meeting adjourned until March 26th, at 10 a. m.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

School district No. 195 was organized comprising all of Eden Tp.

The school petitions of Charles Kreshler and Jens Walkerbeck were granted and their farms to wit: Lots 4 and 5 and sw¼ sw¼ and lot 13 sec. 27 town 150 R. 48 were detached from school district No. 18 and attached to school district No. 13.

Sec. 21 T. 152 R. 43 was attached to school district No. 133.

A petition from electors residing in sec. 33 Tp. 154 R. 43 asking that an election be held for the purpose of voting on the question of village incorporation was presented and on motion revolved that an election be held at Chas. Robbeke's Hotel on the 6th day of May, 1890, and further resolved that Carl Kretzschmar, J. H. Sanders and Philip Zeh be and are hereby appointed inspectors of said election.

Hearing set at next regular session in the matter of the school petitions from Gentilly, Northland and Higdem Tps.

The tax applications of Henry Bourdon, C. Skeil, presbyterian church society of East Grand Forks, Anfin Brekke, David Corbin, W. C. Kronkhite, and A. C. Bruch were allowed.

A refunding was ordered made to Keystone Farm Co. (Chas. Lockhart)

The tax application of B. Madden was rejected.

The sum of sixty-two cents was ordered refunded Robert Sheltz for penalty on personal taxes.

The statement presented between Hans Eagelund and Guri Ulstad in a bastardly case was approved.

Meeting adjourned until 10 a. m. March 27th.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

The petition from Sanders Tp. asking that the county furnish seed wheat to the petitioners, was rejected.

The taxes levied on the Demann timber culture nw¼ sec 25 Tp. 150 R. 44 was cancelled and the tract ordered striken from the tax roll.

J. B. Merrill was granted an auctioners license.

The matter of text book agent loss by fire at Neby was presented and it was decided that the agents should bear the loss.

The north east quarter of Tp. 152 R. 49 was temporarily attached to school district No. 112 provided that when the residents of said territory desire school organization, the same may be granted at any time petitioned for.

The bridge petitions from citizens of Sullivan and Bygland Tps. were laid over until regular session.

The petition from residents of Badger Tp. asking an appropriation for repairs on the state judical road was referred to Commissioner Johnson and O. H. Bergdahl Esq. who were appointed a committee to attend to repairs and improvements on said highway through the towns of Badger, Lessor, Brandsvold, Rosebud and Columbia. The petition from residents of Gervais Tp. asking an approriation to build a bridge at "Chatel Creek" in said town was granted and Commissioner Rhinehardt and Hunt were appointed a committee to attend to the same and report at next meeting.

The bridge from Lambert Tp. was rejected.

Bids opened for repairs on Mallory bridge also for building a bridge in Higdem Tp. as follows:

D W Kelley, for both bridges	$ 18 95
J McIlraith, for Mallory bridge	5 00
do for Higdem do	18 25
Martinson & Co., for Mallory bridge	6 00

Moved by Commissioner Rhinehardt, seconded by Hunt that the contract for both bridges be let to W D Kelley.

AYES:

Commissioners Rhinehardt and Hunt.

NAYS:

Commissioners Johnson and Kirsch, motion declared lost.

The sum $250. was allowed as clerk hire in the probate office for current year.

The certified copies of plats prepared by Geo. A Ralph for the register of Deeds at a cost of $375 were duly accepted.

The following claims were allowed to-wit:

David Paul, constable fees	$ 7 25
Charles Schwab witness fees	3 28
N O Paulsrud, sheriff fees	88 40
Fred Hall, juror fees	50
Ole C Johnson, witness fees	3 28
W W Berg, juror fees	50
James A Evans, juror fees	50
T O Kefe do	50
Thomas London do	50
George Button do	50
J J Shafer do	50
C Anderson do	50
M Donivan do	50
G H Pollard do	50
Ole Gonstad do	50
George Cutler do	50
P J Kelley do	50
Jacob Jorgenson, wittess fees	3 28
Martin Waldroff, juror fees	50
James Sullivan do	50
William Leare do	50
M A Fizzletrick do	50
George H Burlow, constable fees bill of $20.10 allowed at	17 85
Ed Finn, juror fees	50
U A Brown, justice fees	3 45
Geo. H Barrow, constable fees bill of $13.71 allowed at	7 00
August Foss, jurous fees	50
K O Gigstad, juror at request	1 72
Knut Finstad do do	1 24
Julius Wentzel do do	50
Martin Williams, constable fees	6 70
Fred Turnquist, juror fees at inquest	1 12
Adam Burr, juror fees justice court	50
J W Lowe, deputy sheriff fees	9 40
John Westberg juror fees justice court	50
Geo A Ralph, preparing certified copies of village plats for the register of deeds	275 00
J P Johnson Comr. and milage	40 50
Hunt & McCatchie, bridge repairs	6 50
Geo A Ralph, copies of plats in register of deeds office	10 00
Same county surveyor per diam	15 00
N O Palsrud, amount reimbersed for personal taxes etc.	8 65
Geo D Bernard & Co, book & stationery	189 80
M E Kirsch, Comr. fees and mileage	26 60
A C Rhinehardt, Comr. fees & mileage	20 20
F J Duffy, printing notices of teachers examination	4 00
John Vig, justice fees	6 70
Ole G Hekvet, witness fees Narveson case	6 80
A St George, cleaning vault at court house	10 00
Albert Nesbit, town clerks fees	3 50
C H Denniston, medical attendance on prisoners	4 00
P J McGuire, disbursements to N P express for charges on county records	14 83
James H Creighton, 2 cords of wood for jail	8 00
Wm Martin, carpenter work at court house	16 00
E Taylor & Co, mdse for road repairs	90
Thos Murray, constable fees bill of $14.05 allowed at	10 00
Thos Casey disbursement for postage etc.	11 81
Chas G Rapp posting school notices	1 20
O H Lucken, disbursement for postage	$3 28
C L Lanman, printing notices	1 50
J M Hanson, justice fees	3 05
Geo. H Lewis do	2 00
James F Holmes do	8 95
Frank E Hunt, comr. fees & mileage	18 40
do do	11 00
Boyd VanGorden, constables fees	5 60
C S Spendley, justice fees	6 20
J E O'Brien, & Co., hardware etc. at Co. jail	24 14
J W Lowe, deputy sheriff fees state vs Haley	2 05
Pioneer Press Co. record books etc	324 74
James Gooler, witness fees in J court	3 27
Ole D Aakhus do do.	6 80
Rocksbury Tp. reimbursed for expense by order of board of health	35 90
County poor, mdse for Co.	5 75
Red River Lumber Co., lumber etc.	6 17
Axel T Berg jurors fees coroners case	1 24
Linn A Dahl do do	1 12
John Johnson do do	1 12
Chas G Rapp do do	2 40
G S Torgerson, jurors fees at inquest	1 48
Marinus Hendrickson, witness fees inquest	1 84
Henry Shephard, coroners fees	6 50
T Onstad, witness fees at inquest	1 84
T O Moe do do	1 86
J M Hanson, justice fees	9 80
H N Tweten, boarding prisoners	65 70
Godfrey Bennen, witness fees	1 12
C S Spendrey, justice fees	8 00
J H Sanders do	8 70
Henry Nelson, deputy sheriff fees	6 00
Peter Holteberg, do do	6 60
Martin Jonnson, do do	6 00
Martin Williamson, constable fees	12 85
W G Porter do	3 25
Chas Lasha, justice fees bill of $9. allowed at.	6 80
C C Knappen printing and stationery	284 90
P P Bodeen do do	156 40
do bill of $127.45 allowed at	124 45
The claim of C C Knappen amounting to $313.50 for publication of notice of expiration of redemption was audited and allowed at	102 91
The claim of Messrs Boyle & Meehan amounting to $442.70 for printing and stationery was audited and allowed at	430 41

The claim of the McIntosh Tribune amounting to $11.62 for 158 folios of notice expiration of period redemption was audited and allowed.

The claims of Axel O Paulsrud for $6.20, Dr. J. R Logan for $5. Crookston Chronicle by N O Paulsrud for $21.25, John H Olson for $10.20 were rejected.

The memorandum of jury fees in the case the state vs Hemington was referred back for itimized bill in each case.

The claim of Reis Tp. was laid over.

The claim of C U Webster was returned for correction.

The claim of W Kronkhite was laid over.

On motion board adjourned sine die.

P. J. McGuire,
Clerk.

The Home Magazine, conducted by Mrs. John A. Logan, for April contains the brightest sketch of an April poem that the spring sun will smile upon.

Picture of the World's Fair Committee.

Empress Augusta—by Mrs. Logan.

A Trip to Hebron—by Mrs. Lane.

"Janet: A Story"—by Mrs. Oliphant

King's Daughters—by Mary Lowe Dickinson.

The illustrated article with finest views ever taken of interior of Vice President Morton's Home.

The Woman's College, at Baltimore Illustrated.

Bright Bits from Bright Books.

All about Marie Bashkirtseff: extracts.

The little folks are remembered, and a story of Abraham Lincoln, the White House and his boy "Tad."

Picture of the woman "who went up to the moon" to sweep the cobweds out of the sky.

"Dining Room," with a seasonable bill of fare.

"The Painting of the Old Homestead"—by Amber.

Society Notes, A Short Story, and a host of other good things.

Don't fail to get the April number. The Magazine is sent THREE months for TEN cents—silver or stamps. Try it. Address THE BRODIX PUB CO., Washington, D. C.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock

—OF—

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON.

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. O. Erskine, H. E. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
[illegible] Block, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY.
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., APRIL 10, 1890.

Loans from the Government.

The Western Rural.

In a letter received last week from a subscriber, he says that The Rural says nothing about the Cullom bill providing for the loaning of money to the farmers by the government. He asks if we do not favor it. The Rural has discussed the bill several times. Our position, as repeatedly stated, is just this: It is the duty of the government to come to the assistance of our agriculture in some way. It has permitted other interests to devour the prosperity on our farms until the agricultural industry is about ruined; and as our farms are the support of the nation, common sense would show that the government must protect their interests in some manner. We have not the slightest objection to the government loaning money to farmers. If that is the best way to aid agriculture, we unhesitatingly say that we favor it. But we desire to call attention to the fact that there is no sort of use in the govenrment supplying the farmers with money if it intends to permit robbing railroad corporations and thieving trusts to sit by the farmer's grain fields and cattle yards and swine pens to take all that he can produce. Immediate relief might come from loaning money at two per cent, but corporate greed and trust theft must be checked before we can find complete relief. We must be saved from the necessity of paying dividends upon millions and billions of dollars of watered railroad stock; decent transportation rates must be absolutely assured; stock yards and beef combines must be brought under stringent legislation that will put a stop to their robberies; elevators and millers must be so efficiently regulated that they will not gobble all our profits; coal monopolies and oil monopolies and the adulteration of foods must be stopped. In a word government must be something besides a bauble; it must do its duty, and the chief duty of the government is to protect society from the rascality of men, individually and collectively.

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication April 3d, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable the 5th day of March, 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Charles Netzer an unmarried man, Rosalia J. Netzer and Joseph Netzer, her husband, and Johanna Netzer, a widow, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of March, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of March, 1887, at 2:55 o'clock p. m., in book "29" of mortgages, at pages 283 to 286.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon said premises covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises, the sum of three hundred and twenty and 83-100 ($320.83) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seventeen hundred thirty-one and 95-100 ($1731.95) dollars, and no action or proceedings, at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: Lot one (1) of block three (3) in the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota; lot fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), and seventeen, (17), of block two (2) in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, and the north part of lot fifteen (15), block five (5) in L. Fletcher's Addition to Crookston, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, being twenty-five (25) feet in width fronting on Oak street, (now called Broadway) and twenty (20) feet in width on the rear end of said lot, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and seventy-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, county of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLAND AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
F. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication, April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixty-five and 80-100 dollars, ($65 80-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ole Vraa and Karine Vraa, his wife, to A. W. Mott, bearing date the 15th day of November, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 8:10 o'clock a. m. in book 22 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35), in block five (5) according to recorded plat of Opheim and Mott's addition to Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, with the buildings thereon, consisting of hotel, barn and granary, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year, from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.

A. W. MOTT, Mortgagee.
PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-three and 60-100 dollars, ($83.60), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John C. Johnson, a single man, to Albert W. Mott, bearing date the 2d day of August, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 497, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve, (12), of block numbered five, (5), in the Townsite of Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the certified plat of said townsite, on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.

ALBERT W. MOTT, Mortgagee.
PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable the 22d day of May, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Henry Cook and Annie Cook, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagees, bearing date the 20th day of May, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "24" of mortgages, at pages 510 to 513.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said premises, covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay, and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of eighteen and 91-100 ($18.91) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred eighteen and 61-100 ($318.61) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty, (20), Township one hundred and fifty-four, (154), Range forty-three, (43), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, in the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said county of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLANDS AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
W. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. In Justice Court, before C. S. Spendley, J. P.

Harry S. Attix, E. D. Childs and James Hill, co-partners in business at Carman, Minn., under the firm name and style of Attix, Childs & Co., plaintiffs, vs. M. C. Perrin, defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to M. C. Perrin, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston, in said county, to answer to Harry S. Attix, E. D. Childs and James Hill, co-partners in business at Carman, Minn., under the firm name and style of Attix, Childs & Co., in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said plaintiff for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand this 20th day of March, A. D. 1890.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
[49-51] Justice of the Peace.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twelve hundred thirty-four and 70-100 dollars, ($1,234.70) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pierre Either and Elizabeth Either, his wife, mortgagors, to David Corbin, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1886, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of May, A. D. 1886, at 3:15 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 201, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of northeast quarter of Section eight, (8), in Township one hundred and fifty, (150), Range forty-five, (45), west, containing forty acres more or less in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any on said premises, and ten dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 22d, A. D. 1890.

DAVID CORBIN, Mortgagee,
JOHN CROMB,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Ole J. Wigen, plaintiff, vs. Peter Waldo, Carl O. Olson, as administrator of Robert M. Helsem, deceased, Carl O. Olson, Else Martha Serkvesdatter Helsem, also known as Else Martha Serkvesdatter Ous, Anna Regine Olson, Olava Larson, Julia Jones, Helen Anderson, Anne Marie Helsem, Alma O. M. Helsem, John Gund Brewing Company, John C. Oswald and Theophile Basting, partners as J. C. Oswald, & Co., defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Minneapolis, County of Hennepin and State of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated March 14th, 1890.

URLAND, SHORES & HOLT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[48-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of that certain Mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1888, at eleven (11) o'clock A. M., in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 317; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes, to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2500 00) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee, at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee, on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of two thousand six hundred fifty-three and 89-100 ($2653.89) dollars; and there is claimed to be due and there is due, at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured, the sum of twenty-six hundred sixty-four and 81-100 ($2664.81) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of the said sum, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and recorded therewith, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed, situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), and three, (3), in block numbered fifty nine (59) in Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls, according to the plat of said Addition on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota. Also all of those lands described in that certain mortgage, made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; said lands being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, six (6), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), and thirteen, [13], in block one, [1]; Block numbered two, [2], except lot sixteen, [16] of said block; Block numbered three [3], Lots numbered three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], seven, [7], and eight, [8], in block numbered four, [4]; lots numbered two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6], seven, [7], nine, [9], and ten, [10], in block numbered five, [5]; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], and fourteen, [14], in block numbered six, [6]; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], ten, [10], twelve, [12], thirteen, [13], fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], eighteen, [18], and nineteen [19], in block numbered seven [7]; Block numbered eight, [8], except lots numbered one, [1], and ten, [10] in said block; Block numbered nine, [9], ; Lots numbered two, [2] three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6] and seven [7], in block numbered ten, [10]; Block numbered eleven [11], except lots three, [3], and five, [5] in said block; Block numbered twelve, [12], except lot one, [1] released from this mortgage; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6], fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], eighteen, [18] nineteen, [19] and twenty, [20], in block numbered thirteen, [13]; Blocks numbered fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], and nineteen, [19], and block numbered eighteen, [18], except lots three, [3], four, [4], and eight, [8] in said block; All of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven o'clock a. m., to pay and satisfy the amount that will then be due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.
R. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of that certain mortgage made by James B Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of three thousand one hundred and eighty-four and 67-100 ($3184.67) dollars. And there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured the sum of Three Thousand One Hundred Ninety Seven and 17-100 [$3,197.17] Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of said sum or any part thereof:

Now THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), ten, (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen, (13), in block one (1); Block numered two, (2), except lot sixteen (16) in said block; Block numbered three, (3); Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven (7) and eight (8), in block numbered four (4); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four (4), and fourteen, (14) in block numbered six (6); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen (17), eighteen, (18) and nineteen, (19), in block numbered seven (7); block numbered eight (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), and seven, (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven, (11), except lots numbered three, (3), and five (5), in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), (except lot numbered one (1) in said block which has been released from this mortgage); Lots numbered one, (1) two, (2), three (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16) seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8), in said block; all of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon, to pay and satisfy the amount that will be then due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage, and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee as stipulated in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursement of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.
B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Torkel D. Ose, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and hearing, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on Monday, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands be given by publishing a copy of these orders once in each week for three weeks successively, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1890.

By the Court, C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[49-51] Judge of Probate.

Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-three and 21-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter A. Thompson and Mathia Thompson, his wife, as mortgagors, to the New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book "S" of mortgages on pages 5, 6 and 7, and no action having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section eleven, (11), and the west half of the southwest quarter of Section one, (1), all in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-nine (49) west, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 27th, 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.
WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 20th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-one and 96-100 dollars, ($621 96-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Jeremiah P. Easton and Anna M. Easton, his wife, to James Stewart, bearing date the 12th day of November, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 3, and

Whereas, the said mortgage was, for value received, duly assigned by an instrument thereof, duly executed and delivered by the said James Stewart to Randolph State Bank, a corporation, and dated March 8th, 1890, and recorded in said office of the Register of Deeds the 17th day of March, 1890, in book 43 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast one quarter of Section twenty-eight Township one hundred and fifty-four north, of Range forty-seven west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state on the second day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1890.

RANDOLPH STATE BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. GRINDELAND,
Attorney, Warren, Minn. [48-2]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventeen dollars and fifty cents, which is claimed to be due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fontaine and Mary A. Fontaine, his wife, to Newton McKusick, bearing date the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 384, 385, 386 and 387, which said mortgage was, on the 6th day of June, 1889, duly assigned by the said Newton McKusick to Patrick Soards, by an instrument in writing, duly witnessed and acknowledged, so as to entitle it to be recorded, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 380 and 381; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered seventy-one (71) in Kretzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; said sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, or his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 3d, 1890.

PATRICK SOARDS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Assignee. [46-52]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred ninety-one and 44-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Swan Hovik and Maria Hovik, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to Peter J. McGuire, as mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of February, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 310, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the following property described in said mortgage, viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 2, in block 28, original townsite of Crookston, thence running in an easterly direction along the line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, thence in a southerly course on a line parallel with the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, thence in a westerly direction on a line parallel with the south line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, to the east line of said Ash street, thence in a northerly direction along the east line of Ash street, a distance of 50 feet, to the place of beginning, being 50 feet by 140 feet off the north side of lot 2, in block 28, of the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county.

And also the undivided one-third of lots three (3), four (4), five (5) and six (6), in block 4, in Davis' addition to the townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat of said addition now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, or by his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year as provided by law.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., February 19th, 1890.

PETER J. McGUIRE,
Mortgagee.
D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [45-52]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMELINE GOSSELIN (a single woman) of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagor, by indenture of mortgage, bearing date the first day of November A. D. 1884, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the fifth day of November A. D. 1884, at eleven o'clock and fifteen minutes in the forenoon in book "R" of mortgages at pages 591, 595, 596 and 597, mortgaged to John Knuppe of said County and State, mortgagee, his heirs and assigns, all the following described tract of land, lying and being in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter (S½ of SE¼) of Section numbered six (6,) and the north one-half of the northeast quarter (N½ of NE¼ of Section numbered seven (7,) both in Township numbered one hundred fifty-one (151) north, of Range numbered forty-two (42) west, of the fifth principal meridian, being one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, said mortgage being given to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in the sum of two hundred twenty dollars ($220) made by the said mortgagor, Emeline Gosselin, and payable to the order of John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the first day of November, A. D. 1887, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, payable annually.

And whereas, said John Knuppe, the mortgagee aforesaid, on the tenth day of February A. D. 1885, duly assigned the said mortgage, and the note and debt secured thereby, to Gerrit W. Vis of Saint Paul, Ramsey County, Minnesota, by instrument in writing bearing said date of February tenth A. D. 1885, and recorded in the office of the said Register of Deeds in book "V" of mortgages at page 192, on the seventeenth day of February A. D. 1885 at ten o'clock in the forenoon

And whereas, said Gerrit W. Vis, is now deceased, and all his property, both real and personal including said note and mortgage, has been duly assigned by Final Decree of the Probate Court of Ramsey County, Minnesota, to Martha Vis, widow of said Gerrit W. Vis, deceased, and sole legatee under the will of said deceased, and said Martha Vis is now the owner of said note and mortgage,

And whereas, default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage, and in the payment of the whole of said principal sum of two hundred twenty dollars, and all interest thereon from the first day of November A. D. 1888. And whereas, the said mortgagor failed and neglected to pay the taxes on the said mortgaged premises for the years 1886, 1887 and 1888, so that said premises were sold for non-payment of taxes, and the said Martha Vis was obliged to, and did, on the eighteenth day of February A. D. 1890 redeem said premises from such sales, paying for such redemption and as delinquent taxes upon the said premises the sum of ($40.36.) And there is claimed to be, and is actually due at the date of this notice on the said note and mortgage and on the debt secured thereby the sum of two hundred forty-nine and 40-100 dollars ($249.40,) and in addition thereto the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, being the said sum of forty and 36-100 dollars ($40.36) dollars, making in all the sum of two hundred eighty-nine and 76-100 dollars ($289.76,) which last mentioned amount is claimed to be due under said mortgage at the date of this notice,

And no suit or other proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover or collect the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, of the said mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay and satisfy the amount now due on said mortgage, and the amount so paid for taxes as aforesaid, with interest thereon, and twenty-five dollars ($25) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the legal costs and disbursements of such foreclosure and sale, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, of said Polk County, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Friday the eleventh day of April A. D. 1890, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Saint Paul, Minnesota, this nineteenth day of February A. D. 1890.

MARTHA VIS,
Widow and sole legatee of Gerrit W. Vis Deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.
Harry H. Dean.
Att'y for Assignee of Mortgagee.
Saint Paul, Minnesota. [45-51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1888, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on page 385 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [42-52]

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee.

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.

Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

M. M. VAN DYKE,

Physician and Surgeon,

Office corner of Main and Second Streets,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINNESOTA

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SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST,

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:55 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:39 "	Staples	1:50 "
3:20 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:50 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:10 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:25 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:30 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 2:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:30 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen. Pass. Agent,
St. Paul. Minn.

E. L. HARRISON,
Agent
Crookston, Minn

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

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TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN. - - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 17, 1890. NO. 52

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,000 miles of steel track, it runs through 62 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST,
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It has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to

C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,

or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul Minn.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

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SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

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Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points turoughont the East and Southeast.

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1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
6:30 "	Ashland	8:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:30 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
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CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

P. C. SCHMIDT,
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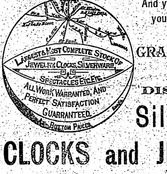
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!


St. Paul
LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF
JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE
SPECTACLES ETC. ETC.
ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARRANTEED.
BOTTOM PRICES

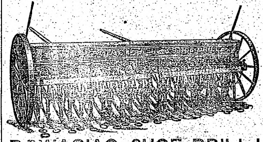
And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

McKINNON BRO'S,
Farm Machinery



DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

SEED OATS.

FARMERS

You will Require Something to Bring to Market Next Fall Winter Besides Wheat!

GOOD WHITE SEED OATS

Exchanged for Light Oats and Barley, at the

48-52t Crookston Oatmeal Mill!

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S | Cloth Newmarkets.

Commencing Monday, October 14th, 1889,
We will offer to the trade a line of

CLOTH NEWMARKETS

For Ladies' and Children at heretofore Untold Prices. A good assortmennt of Newmarkets from $10 to $22.

A Good Black Twilled Newmarket, 57 in long	$4.00
" " Striped " " "	6 00
" " " " "	7.00
" " Striped or Plaid " " "	8.00
" " " " "	9.00
" " Black or Brown " " "	10.00
" " " " "	12.00

Which includes NOVEL AND FASHIONABLE designs in Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, and the Latest Styles in tailor-maee garments.

LADIES WISHING A GOOD GARMENT

Should call during this sale, while the assortment is large and the prices small.

☞ We have a few more Plush Cloaks left which we will close out cheap.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

A FARMERS' CRY

The Kansas Alliance Issues a Startling Document.

THEIR FARMS SLIPPING AWAY

A Single Law Firm Has a Contract to Foreclose 1,800 Mortgages.

CONGRESS PETITIONED FOR HELP

The Alliance "Believes the White Citizens of Kansas Have Rights as Well as the Colored Citizens of the South."

The Farmers' Opportunity.

The Northfield News.

Minnesota is an agricultural State. While a large number of people in the cities are engaged in manufacturing industries the majority of the population is engaged in agricultural pursuits. The richness of the lands of the State and the ease with which the man with limited capital can become possessed of a farm has led to the condition of affairs which we now see. In years past, when a large yield of wheat was certain, and the price showed a large percentage of profit, the farmer, as a rule, took very little interest in the schemes of the politicians who desire to fill the offices of the State. As long as he was regularly nominated and belonged to the farmers' political party he received the votes of the farmers, and they trusted to the politicians' promises and pledges that the duties of the offices would be faithfully performed. This was a comfortable condition of affairs and the farmers' political duties were attended to in the same manner as the religious duties of many men are performed—some one else did the work regardless of the consequences. Gradually it has become apparent to the farmer that all was not right, business was not as brisk as formerly, what crops were raised did not bring as much as they were worth, the railroad companies were allowed to carry on their business as they pleased and at the expense of the farmer in many cases. Under promises of such reforms as would prove a remedy for all evils which afflicted the farmer, various political parties have availed themselves of the farmer's vote, and in some cases the promises have deen fulfilled to a certain extent, but disappointment has often followed the placing in office of a professed liberator. The farmer should not be discouraged by the many disappointments suffered. In union there is strength, and in the early organization of farmers which we have just seen there seems to be a determination to stand by their guns in the political battle, the same for which is approaching, and gain advantageous victory in conventions and at the polls. It will be the object of some who aspire to be leaders to awaken strife and create discord among the great army of farmers, and such men should be summarily dealt with and placed in the same class with professional political workers, where they belong. It will not be so much of a "fine Italian hand" as a farmer's hand, that will be seen when the votes are counted next fall.

Bill Nye and the Farmer.

Wabasha Herald.

While traveling on the cars recently Bill Nye met a farmer and attempted to tell him something about the beauties and independence of farm life. But the farmer who had been there himself rather turned the tables on Bill by telling him a few things about farming and the tariff. The following is a portion of the interview:

"Well, farmin' is like runnin' a paper in regards to some things. Every feller in the world will take and turn in and tell you how to do it, even if he don't know a blame thing about it. There ain't a man in the United States to-day that dont secretly think he could run airy one if his other business busted on him whether he knows the difference between a new milch cow and a horse hayrake or not. We had one of these embroidered night-shirt farmers come from town better'n three years ago. Been a toilet soap man and done well, and so he came out and bought a farm that had nothing to it but a fancy house and barn, a lot of medder in the front yard and a southern aspect. The farm was no good. You couldn't raise a disturbance on it. Well, what does he do? Goes and gits a passle of slim-tailed, yeller cows from New Jersey and aims to handle cream and diversified farming. Last year the cuss sent a load of cream over and tried to sell it at the new crematory while the funeral and hollercoat was goin' on. I may be a sort of a chump myself, but I read my paper and don't get left like that."

"What are the prospects for farmers in your state?"

"Well, they are pore. Never was so pore, in fact, sence I've ben there. Folks wonder why boys leave the farm. My boys left so as to get protected, they said, and so they went into a clothing-store, one of 'em, and one went into hardware and one is taking protection in the legislatures this winter. They said that farmin' was gittin' to be like fishin' and huntin', well enough for a man that has means and leisure, but they couldent make a livin' at it, they said. Another boy is in a drug store, and the man that hires him says he is a royal feller."

Kind of a castor royal feller," I said, with a shriek of laughter.

He waited until I had laughed all I wanted to and then he said: "I've always hollered for high tariff in order to hyst the public debt, but now that we've got the national debt coopered I wish they'd take a little hack at mine. I've put in fifty years farmin'. I never drank licker in any form. I've worked from ten to eighteen hours a day, been economical in cloze and never went to a show more'n a dozen times in my life, raised a family and learned upward of two hundred calves to drink out of a tin pail without blowing all their vittles up my sleeve. My wife worked alongside o' me sewin' new seats on the boys' pants, skimmin' milk and even helpin' me load hay. For forty years we toiled along together and hardly got time to look into each others' faces or dared to stop and get acquainted with each other. Then her health failed. Ketched cold in the spring house, prob'ly skimmin' milk and washin' pans and scaldin' pails and spankin' butter. Anyhow, she took in a long breath one day while the doctor and me was watchin' her, and she says to me, 'Henry,' says she, 'I've got a chance to rest,' and she put one tired, wore-out hand on top of the other tired, wore out hand, and I knew she'd gone where they don't work all day and do chores all night. I took time to kiss her then. I'd been too busy for a good while previous to that, and then I called in the boys. After the funeral it was too much for them to stay around and eat the kind of cookin' we had to put up with, and nobody spoke up around the house as we used to. The boys quit whistlin' around the barn and talked kind of low by themselves about goin' to town and gettin' a job. They're all gone now and the snow is four feet deep on mother's grave up there in the old berryin' ground."

Then both of us looked out of the car window quite a long while without saying anything.

"I don't blame the boys for going into something else long's other things pays better; but I say—and I say what I know—that the man who holds the prosperity of this country in his hands, the man that eats three good, simple, square meals a day and goes to bed at nine o'clock, so that future generations with good blood and cool brains can go from his farm to the senate and congress and the White House—he is the man that gets left at last to run his farm, with nobody to help but a hired man and a high protective tariff. The farms in our state is mortgaged for over seven hundred million dollars. Ten of our Western states—I see by the papers—has got about three billion and a half mortgages on their farms, and that don't count the chattel mortgages filed with the town clerks on farm machinery, stock, waggins, and even crops, by gosh! that ain't two inches high under the snow. That's what the prospects is for farmers now. The government is rich but the men that made it, the men that fought perarie fires and perarie wolves and Injuns and potato bugs and blizzards and has paid the war debt and pensions and everything else and hollered for the Union and free schools and high terriff and anything else that they was told to, is left high and dry this cold winter with a mortgage of seven billions and a half on the farms they have earned and saved a thousand times over."

"Yes; but look at the glory of sending from the farm the future President, the future Senator and the future member of Congress."

"That looks well on paper, but what does it really amount to? Soon as a farmer boy gits in a place like that he forgets the soil that produced him and holds his head as high as a holly-hock. He bellers for protection to everybody but the farmer, and while he sails round in a highty-tighty room with a fire in it night and day, his father on the farm has to kindle his own fire in the morning with elm slivvers, and he has to wear his son's lawn-tennis suit next to him or freeze to death, and he has to milk in an old gray shawl that has held that member of congress when he was a baby, by gorry! and the old lady has to sojourn through the winter in the flannels that Silas wore at the riggatter before he went to congress. So I say, and I think that congress agrees with me, damn a farmer, anyhow!"

He then went away.

Population and Representation.

Moorhead News.

The population of Minnesota by the state census of 1885, was 1,117,798. In 1880 the population of the state was 780,773. The gain from 1880 to 1885 was 337,025, or 4316 per cent. If the same ratio of gain is made during the period of five years from 1885 to 1890, the population of the state will be found on June 1st next to be 1,600,239

The population of the Fifth congressional district of Minnesota in 1885, by the same authority, was 223,920. In 1880 its population was 117,880. The gain in the five years from 1880 to 1885 was therefore 106,031, or .800 per cent showing that the population of the Fifth district increased during that period more than twice as fast as the population of the whole state. If the increase has been as great during the past five years as during the five years from 1880 to 1885 the population of the Fifth district is now, 425,224, or more than one fourth of the population of the entire state.

The population of the First congressional district in 1885 was 168,463. In 1880 its population was 168,112. The gain in five years was only 351 persons. The per cent of gain may be expressed thus .00205 If the same rate of increase has been maintained during the past five years the district has gained 250 in her population and it will count up now 168,713. The population of the Fifth district is two and one half times as great.

The population of the Second congressional disorict in 1885 was 193,128. In 1880 it was 166,468, showing a gain in five years of 26,660, or .16 per cent. If the same rate of increase had been maintained during the past five years the population of the Second distict is now 221,328, or a little more than half as many as that of the Fifth district.

The population of the Third congressional districf in 1885 was 175,583. In 1880 it was 155,091. The gain in five years was therefore 20,492, or .132 per cent. If the same rate of increase has been maintained during the past five years its population is now 198,760, or materially less than one half that of the Fifth district.

The population of the Fourth congressional district in 1885, was 353,332. In 1880 it was 169,294, which shows a gain in that period of 184,038 or 108¾ per cent. If the same rate of increase had been maintained during the past five years the population of the Fourth district is now 737,580.

We have taken the statistics of population by counties from the Legislative Manual of 1889 and added them together to ascertain the population of each congressional district. It will be observed that the aggregate of population reckoned by district will show a variation from the census of the state thus.

First congressional district......	168,462
Second " "	193,128
Third " "	175,583
Fourth " "	353,332
Fifth " "	223,920
	1,114,426

This aggregate is 3,372 less than the state population as given in the manual. We are unable to say where the discrepancy lies. It may be in errors of printing in the manual, or in our figuring.

There is another discrepancy which we are unable to account for at this writing namely. The rate of increase for the entire state in the period from 1880 to 1885 was .4316, which if maintained would produce a population of 1,600,236 in 1890. The rates of increase for the several congressional districts as we have figured them out when applied to the population of 1885 in each congressional district separately and aggregated would produce a much larger population in the entire state than 1,600,239. Those fond of figures are welcome to work it out.

We have been to the trouble to figure out the results stated above in order "to point a moral and adorn a tale," which we shall attach to the latter end of this effort. Before doing so let us remark upon the probabilities whether the gain in the past five years in the several districts is as much or as little as we have estimated. As to the Fifth district. It is well known that the immigration into the western and northern counties of that district has been steady during all the time. Duluth has grown rapidly. The mining regions on the east side have added many thousands to their population. There has been a steady growth in all the cities and villages throughout the district, and we think the increase has exceeded that of the five years between 1880 and 1885, rather than fallen off therefrom. And what will support the argument and demand which is below made even in more forcible manner, is the probability that during the next two or three years there will be a still more rapid increase by the rush of immigrants into the opened Indian reservtions and in the regions to be traversed by new lines of road now under construction and to be constructed.

In the First district, which barely held its population from 1880 to 1885, there has been no cause to accelerate the increase of population, and as many have emigrated therefrom to the Fifth district and to North and South Dakota and the Pacific coast the probabilities are that the census soon to be taken will reveal a falling off instead of an increase in the First district. The same reasoning applies to the Second and Third districts.

The increase in the Fourth district is due to the enormous growth of the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul. It is probable, we think, that the rate of increase shown between 1880 and 1885 has not been maintained in the last five years.

Sometime ago the News hinted that the Fifth district should ascertain its political rights in the way of representation in the public service, and prepare to demand its just share and make the demand good. This suggestion was met with [an ill concealed sneer and derision in some quarters, and elicited the allegation that the district had already her share of the offices. It is not so. Of the elective offices on the state roster we have the attorney general and the clerk of the supreme court, and these were forced from the convention of 1886. The time has now come for making larger demands. A district which comprises a territory of nearly one half of the state, that has a population of close on to half a million; that is almost doubling its population every five years, and is developing its material resources in the most rapid manner, is entitled to a more potent voice in the state chuncils and in congress than it has heretofore enjoyed. It seems to us that the Fifth district is entitled to demand, not arrogantly, but courteously and firmly as a matter of right, the governorship of the state for the next term, or if it is deemed best to give Governor Merriam another term, then in that case, the lieutenant-governorship and the U. S. senatorship first to fall vacant. Senator Davis is a good senator, an able and learned man and all that, but St. Paul and Minneapolis should not be allowed any longer to appropriate all the great and influential offices. They are entitled to much and we will concede them much, but not in sacrifice of our own just claims. If one of the senatorships is to be wrested from the Twin cities, there is no portion of the state that can make so good a claim upon it as the Fifth district, and there is just as good material in that district out of which to make senators as can be found elsewhere.

Government Loaning Money.

The Prairie Farmer.

In your good paper, that I am glad to note has come out so breavely and well in the interests of the great class it represents, I have just read on page 168 (March 15, 1890) your criticism of your Michigan correspondent, Mr. Geo. Thomas, in which he advocates that our Government issue money "direct to the farmers on proper security," and you say, "It would be unfortunate, under our political system, if the Government should go into the business of loaning money to the people."

I would like to ask if the Government is not now, and has it not been for years, loaning money to one class of its people, and at a charge of only one per cent for its use at that? (With bills now before Congress to loan it absolutely free.) Take two men at the close of the war; one buys a farm for $10,000, the other buys government bonds for $10,000. Both are investments, the farm and the bonds; both represent value, and have a buying and a selling value. The money in the bonds, without any labor of the holder, has paid a much larger interest, it is true, than has the money in the farm, with all the hard work of the farmer and his family.

Those favored few, the special class "of the people" who own the bonds, can take them to Washington, deposit them in the Treasury (say $100,000), they are safer there than at home, the interest on them never stops, it is regularly and promptly paid; and on these bonds as security Uncle Sam loans this special class "of the people," $90,000 in money which they take home and as middlemen, loan government money to the farmers and others "of the people," at six, eight, ten, twelve, or more per cent interest. Now why not let the farmer have the same chance with his property? If the bankers loan the money they have obtained from Uncle Sam to a farmer on his note and he fails to pay it, don't they take his farm if necessary?

In my State, New Jersey, for many years past the State (the government) has loaned its school moneys to farmers with their farms as security, and with entire success and satisfaction.

In England a number of years ago the government loaned large sums of money on long time and very low rates of interest to farmers, for the purpose of draining their land.

How many hundreds of millions of dollars has our government loaned to another class "of the people" to help them build railroads that are now too often used to oppress the farmers?

It simply makes a difference who is doing it. U. S. Senator Stanford, of California, has within a few days introduced this matter in the Senate, and the world moves and farmers are awaking and commencing to move with it.

"All citizens shall be equal before the law," says our National Constitution, and that means finance laws, tariff laws, and all laws. Let us think on these things.

MORTIMER WHITEHEAD.

[The Prairie Farmer asserts, on broad grounds, that government should not go into the business of loaning money at all; certainly not to one class to the exclusion of others.—ED. P. F.]

Foreclose the Mortage.

Chicago Sentinel.

For years we have been telling the people about the great land steal which was engineered by the syndicate which built the Pacific roads. We have time and again explained;

First, how the government voted money to build the roads—and then threw in 200,000,000 acres of land besides.

Second, how it has consented to accept a second mortgage for its first mortgage, for the $200,000,000 which it advanced.

Third, how it has been compelled to pay the interest on its bonds (for the $60,000,000 which it advanced) in order to protect its own credit, till it has paid out over $50,000,000 of interest.

Fourth, that Uncle Sam now stands in on $60,000,000 of principal (to be paid) and $50,000,000 interest (already paid) and a first mortgage of $30,000,000 to take up, making a grand total in round number of $140,000,000.

All for a road which cost only about 30,000,000 to build originally!

Suppose it now forecloses its mortgage and takes the road. It will have cost 80,000,000 acres of land and $140,000,000 cash, for a $30,000,000 railroad.

Great scheme of financiering!

Great robbery of land!

Great head plundering the people.

And now what?

Why the robbers have had the audacity to go into Congress and ask for a continuance of their indebtedness to the government.

And there are thieves and scoundrels in Congress who propose to grant the request! Bills have already been favorably reported by a Senate committee extending time to payment fifty years at three per cent for the Union Pacific, and at two per cent for the Central.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIII. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 17, 1890. NO. 52

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents. If paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 63 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change, to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST.
And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tickets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

It has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to

C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,

or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul Minn.

The Great Transcontinental Line

THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC

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SHORTEST,——BEST,——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

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On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
6:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
6:30 "	Ashland	6:30 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
8:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:30 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn. R. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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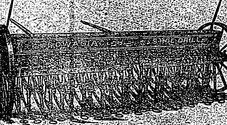

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FONTAINE & ANGLIM

A. A. JUST, M.D. [illegible] | H. STEENERSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW [illegible] Crookston, Minn.

A FARMERS' CRY

The Kansas Alliance Issues a Startling Document.

THEIR FARMS SLIPPING AWAY

A Single Law Firm Has a Contract to Foreclose 1,800 Mortgages.

CONGRESS PETITIONED FOR HELP

The Alliance "Believes the White Citizens of Kansas Have Rights as Well as the Colored Citizens of the South."

The Farmers' Opportunity.

The Northfield News.

Minnesota is an agricultural State. While a large number of people in the cities are engaged in manufacturing industries the majority of the population is engaged in agricultural pursuits. The richness of the lands of the State and the ease with which the man with limited capital can become possessed of a farm has led to the condition of affairs which we now see. In years past, when a large yield of wheat was certain, and the price showed a large percentage of profit, the farmer, as a rule, took very little interest in the schemes of the politicians who desire to fill the offices of the State. As long as he was regularly nominated and belonged to the farmers' political party he received the votes of the farmers, and they trusted to the politicians' promises and pledges that the duties of the offices would be faithfully performed. This was a comfortable condition of affairs and the farmers' political duties were attended to in the same manner as the religious duties of many men are performed—some one else did the work regardless of the consequences. Gradually it has become apparent to the farmer that all was not right, business was not as brisk as formerly, what crops were raised did not bring as much as they were worth, the railroad companies were allowed to carry on their business as they pleased and at the expense of the farmer in many cases. Under promises of such reforms as would prove a remedy for all evils which afflicted the farmer, various political parties have availed themselves of the farmer's vote, and in some cases the promises have been fulfilled to a certain extent, but disappointment has often followed the placing in office of a professed liberator. The farmer should not be discouraged by the many disappointments suffered. In union there is strength, and in the early organization of farmers which we have just seen there seems to be a determination to stand by their guns in the political battle, the same for which is approaching, and gain advantageous victory in conventions and at the polls. It will be the object of some who aspire to be leaders to awaken strife and create discord among the great army of farmers, and such men should be summarily dealt with and placed in the same class with professional political workers, where they belong. It will not be so much of a "fine Italian band" as a farmer's hand, that will be seen when the votes are counted next fall.

Bill Nye and the Farmer.

Wabasha Herald.

While traveling on the cars recently Bill Nye met a farmer and attempted to tell him something about the beauties and independence of farm life. But the farmer, who had been there himself, rather turned the tables on Bill by telling him a few things about farming and the tariff. The following is a portion of the interview:

"Well farmin' is like runnin' a paper in regards to some things. Every feller in the world will take and turn in and tell you how to do it, even if he don't know a blame thing about it. There ain't a man in the United States to-day that don't secretly think he could run airy one if his other business busted on him, whether he knows the difference between a new milch cow and a horse hayrake or not. We had one of these embroidered night-shirt farmers come from town, better'n three years ago. Been a toilet soap man and done well, and so he came out and bought a farm that had nothing to it but a fancy house and barn, a lot of medder in the front yard and a southern aspect. The farm was no good. You couldn't raise a disturbance on it. Well, what does he do? Goes and gits a passle of slim tailed yeller cows from New Jersey and aims to handle cream and diversified farming. Last year the cuss sent a load of cream over and tried to sell it at the new creamatory while the funeral and holler-out was goin' on. I may be a sort of a chump myself, but I [illegible] per and don't get left like that. [illegible]

[illegible] said, and so they went into a clothing store, one of 'em, and one went into hardware and one is taking protection in the legislature this winter. They said that farmin' was gittin' to be like fishin' and huntin', well enough for a man that has means and leisure, but they couldn't make a livin' at it, they said. Another boy is in a drug store, and the man that hires him says he is a royal feller."

"Kind of a castor royal feller," I said, with a shriek of laughter.

He waited until I had laughed all I wanted to and then he said: "I've always hollered for high tariff in order to hyst the public debt, but now that we've got the national debt coopered, I wish they'd take a little hack at mine. I've put in fifty years farmin'. I never drank licker in any form. I've worked from ten to eighteen hours a day, been economical in close and never went to a show more'n a dozen times in my life, raised a family and learned upward of two hundred calves to drink out of a tin pail without blowing all their vittles up my sleeve. My wife worked alongside o' me sewin' new seats on the boys' pants, skimmin' milk and even helpin' me load hay. For forty years we toiled along together and hardly got time to look into each others' faces or dared to stop and get acquainted with each other. Then her health failed. Ketched cold in the spring house, prob'ly, skimmin' milk and washin' pans and scaldin' pails and spankin' butter. Anyhow, she took in a long breath one day while the doctor and me was watchin' her, and she says to me, 'Henry,' says she, 'I've got a chance to rest,' and she put one tired, wore out hand on top of the other tired, wore out hand, and I know she'd gone where they don't work all day and do chores all night. I took time to kiss her then. I'd been too busy for a good while previous to that, and then I called in the boys. After the funeral it was too much for them to stay around and eat the kind of cookin' we had to put up with, and nobody spoke up around the house as we used to. The boys quit whistlin' around the barn and talked kind of low by themselves about goin' to town and gettin' a job. They're all gone now and the snow is four feet deep on mother's grave up there in the old berryin' ground."

Then both of us looked out of the car window quite a long while without saying anything.

"I don't blame the boys for going into something else long's other things pays better; but I say—and I say what I know—that the man who holds the prosperity of this country in his hands, the man that eats three good, simple, square meals a day and goes to bed at nine o'clock, so that future generations with good blood and cool brains can go from his farm to the senate and congress and the White House—he is the man that gets left at last to run his farm, with nobody to help but a hired man and a high protective tarriff. The farms in our state is mortgaged for over seven hundred million dollars. Ten of our Western states—I see by the papers—has got about three billion and a half mortgages on their farms, and that don't count the chattel mortgages filed with the town clerks on farm machinery, stock, waggins, and even crops, by gosh! that ain't two inches high under the snow. That's what the prospects is, for farmers now. The government is rich but the men that made it, the men that fought perarie fires and perarie wolves and Injuns and potato bugs and blizzards and has paid the war debt and pensions and everything else and hollered for the Union and free schools and high terriff and anything else that they was told to, is left high and dry this cold winter with a mortgage of seven billions and a half on the farms they have earned and saved a thousand times over."

"Yes, but look at the glory of sending from the farm the future President, the future Senator and the future member of Congress."

"That looks well on paper, but what does it really amount to? Soon as a farmer boy gits in a place like that he forgets the soil that produced him and holds his head as high as a holly-hock. He bellers for protection to everybody but the farmer, and while he sails round in a highty-tighty room with a fire in it night and day, his father on the farm has to kindle his own fire in the morning with elm slivvers, and he has to wear his son's lawn-tennis suit next to him or freeze to death, and he has to milk in an old gray shawl that has held that member of congress when he was a baby, by gorry! and the old lady has to sojourn through the winter in the flannels that Silas wore at the riggatter before he went to congress. So I say, and I think that congress agrees with me, damn a farmer, anyhow!"

He then went away.

Population and Representation.

Moorhead News.

The population of Minnesota by the state census of 1885, was 1,117,798. In 1880 the population of the state was 780,773. The gain from 1880 to 1885 was 337,025, or .4316 per cent. If the same ratio of gain is made during the period of five years from 1885 to 1890, the population of the state will be found on June 1st next to be 1,600,230.

The population of the Fifth congressional district of Minnesota in 1885, by the same authority, was 223,920. In 1880 its population was 117,889. The gain in the five years from 1880 to 1885 was therefore 106,031, or .900 per cent, showing that the population of the Fifth district increased during that period more than twice as fast as the population of the whole state. If the [illegible] during the past five years [illegible] from 1880 to 1885 the population of [illegible] 425,224 [illegible] one-fourth of the population [illegible]

[illegible] sional district in 1885 was 168,463. In 1880 its population was 168,112. The gain in five years was only 351 persons. The per cent of gain may be expressed thus .0021. If the same rate of increase has been maintained during the past five years the district has gained 250 in her population and it will count up now 168,713. The population of the Fifth district is two and one-half times as great.

The population of the Second congressional district in 1885 was 193,128. In 1880 it was 166,468, showing a gain in five years of 26,660, or .16 per cent. If the same rate of increase had been maintained during the past five years the population of the Second distict is now 221,328, or a little more than half as many as that of the Fifth district.

The population of the Third congressional district in 1885 was 175,583. In 1880 it was 155,091. The gain in five years was therefore 20,492, or .132 per cent. If the same rate of increase has been maintained during the past five years its population is now 198,760, or materially less than one half that of the Fifth district.

The population of the Fourth congressional district in 1885 was 353,332. In 1880 it was 169,204, which shows a gain in that period of 184,088 or 1081 per cent. If the same rate of increase had been maintained during the past five years the population of the Fourth district is now 737,580.

We have taken the statistics of population by counties from the Legislative Manual of 1889 and added them together to ascertain the population of each congressional district. It will be observed that the aggregate of population reckoned by district will show a variation from the census of the state thus:

First congressional district	168,462
Second " "	193,128
Third " "	175,583
Fourth " "	353,332
Fifth " "	223,920
	1,114,426

This aggregate is 3,372 less than the state population as given in the manual. We are unable to say where the discrepancy lies. It may be in errors of printing in the manual or in our figuring.

There is another discrepancy which we are unable to account for at this writing namely. The rate of increase for the entire state in the period from 1880 to 1885 was .4316, which if maintained would produce a population of 1,600,236 in 1890. The rates of increase of the several congressional districts as we have figured them out when applied to the population of 1885 in each congressional district separately and aggregated would produce a much larger population in the entire state than 1,600,239. Those fond of figures are welcome to work it out.

We have been to the trouble to figure out the results stated above in order "to point a moral and adorn a tale," which we shall attach to the latter end of this effort. Before doing so let us remark upon the probabilities whether the gain in the past five years in the several districts is as much or as little, as we have estimated. As to the Fifth district. It is well known that the immigration into the western and northern counties of that district has been steady during all the time. Duluth has grown rapidly. The mining regions on the east side have added many thousands to their population. There has been a steady growth in all the cities and villages throughout the district, and we think the increase has exceeded that of the five years between 1880 and 1885, rather than fallen off therefrom. And what will support the argument and demand which is below made even in more forcible manner, is the probability that during the next two or three years there will be a still more rapid increase by the rush of immigrants into the opened Indian reservations and in the regions to be traversed by new lines of road now under construction and to be constructed.

In the First district, which barely held its population from 1880 to 1885, there has been no cause to accelerate the increase of population, and as many have emigrated therefrom to the Fifth district and to North and South Dakota and the Pacific coast the probabilities are, that the census soon to be taken will reveal a falling off instead of an increase in the First district. The same reasoning applies to the Second and Third districts.

The increase in the Fourth district is due to the enormous growth of the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul. It is probable, we think, that the rate of increase shown between 1880 and 1885 has not been maintained in the last five years.

Sometime ago the News hinted that the Fifth district should ascertain its political rights in the way of representation in the public service, and prepare to demand its just share and make the demand good. This suggestion was met with an ill concealed sneer and derision in some quarters, and elicited the allegation that the district had already her share of the offices. It is not so. Of the elective offices on the state roster we have the attorney general and the clerk of the supreme court, and these were forced from the convention of 1886. The time has now come for making larger demands. A district which comprises a territory of nearly one-half of the state, that has a population of close on to half a million, that is almost doubling its population every five years, and is developing its material resources in the most rapid manner, is entitled to a more potent voice in the state councils and in congress than it has heretofore enjoyed. [illegible]

Senator Davis is a good senator, an able and learned man and all that, but St. Paul and Minneapolis should not be allowed any longer to appropriate all the great and influential offices. They are entitled to much and we will concede them much, but not in sacrifice of our own just claims. If one of the senatorships is to be wrested from the Twin cities, there is no portion of the state that can make so good a claim upon it as the Fifth district, and there is just as good material in that district out of which to make senators as can be found elsewhere.

Government Loaning Money.

The Prairie Farmer.

In your good paper, that I am glad to note has come out so bravely and well in the interests of the great class it represents, I have just read on page 188 (March 15, 1890) your criticism of your Michigan correspondent, Mr. Geo. Thomas, in which he advocates that our Government issue money "direct to the farmers on proper security," and you say, "It would be unfortunate, under our political system, if the Government should go into the business of loaning money to the people."

I would like to ask if the Government is not now, and has it not been for years, loaning money to one class of its people, and at a charge of only one per cent for its use at that? (With bills now before Congress to loan it absolutely free.) Take two men at the close of the war; one buys a farm for $10,000, the other buys government bonds for $10,000. Both are investments, the farm and the bonds; both represent value, and have a buying and a selling value. The money in the bonds, without any labor of the holder, has paid a much larger interest, it is true, than has the money in the farm, with all the hard work of the farmer and his family.

Those favored few, the special class "of the people" who own the bonds, can take them to Washington, deposit them in the Treasury (say $100,000), they are safer there than at home, the interest on them never stops, it is regularly and promptly paid, and on these bonds as security Uncle Sam loans this special class "of the people," $90,000 in money which they take home and as middlemen, loan government money to the farmers and others "of the people," at six, eight, ten, twelve, or more per cent interest. Now why not let the farmer have the same chance with his property? If the bankers loan the money they have obtained from Uncle Sam to a farmer on his note and he fails to pay it, don't they take his farm if necessary?

In my State, New Jersey, for many years past the State (the government) has loaned its school moneys to farmers with their farms as security, and with entire success and satisfaction.

In England a number of years ago the government loaned large sums of money on long time and very low rates of interest to farmers, for the purpose of draining their land.

How many hundreds of millions of dollars has our government loaned to another class "of the people" to help them build railroads that are now too often used to oppress the farmers?

It simply makes a difference who is doing it. U. S. Senator Stanford, of California, has within a few days introduced this matter in the Senate, and the world moves and farmers are awaking and commencing to move with it.

"All citizens shall be equal before the law," says our National Constitution, and that means finance laws, tariff laws, and all laws. Let us think on these things.

MORTIMER WHITEHEAD.

[The Prairie Farmer asserts, on broad grounds, that government should not go into the business of loaning money at all; certainly not to one class to the exclusion of others.—Ed. P. F.]

Foreclose the Mortage.

Chicago Sentinel.

For years we have been telling the people about the great land steal which was engineered by the syndicate which built the Pacific roads. We have time and again explained:

First, how the government voted money to build the roads—and then threw in 200,000,000 acres of land besides.

Second, how it has consented to accept a second mortgage for its first mortgage, for the $200,000,000 which it advanced.

Third, how it has been compelled to pay the interest on its bonds (for the $60,000,000 which it advanced) in order to protect its own credit, till it has paid out over $50,000,000 of interest.

Fourth, that Uncle Sam now stands in on $60,000,000 of principal (to be paid) and $50,000,000 interest (already paid) and a first mortgage of $30,000,000 to take up, making a grand total in round number of $140,000,000.

All for a road which cost only about $30,000,000 to build originally!

Suppose it now forecloses its mortgage and takes the road. It will have cost 20,000,000 acres of land and $140,000,000 cash for a $30,000,000 railroad.

Great scheme of financiering!

Great robbery of land!

Great head plundering the people!

And now what?

Why the robbers have had the audacity to go into Congress and ask for a continuance of their indebtedness to the government.

And there are thieves and sconndrels in Congress who propose to grant the request. [illegible]

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., APRIL 17, 1890.

'Round Home.

Lots of seed going in this week.

J. E. Morrisey is pushing work on his new work-shop.

Phil. Beaupre arrived at the Cleveland house on Saturday.

Another jump of three cents in wheat this week, from 69 to 71.

County Attorney Williams has moved across the road into the Gates house.

Eugene Stilwell, of Wright, Barrett & Stilwell, St. Paul, was in the city over Sunday.

By the St. Paul papers we see that P. C. Schmidt was rusticating in St. Paul last week.

A. D. Stephens and wife were registered at the Merchants hotel, St. Paul early this week.

A number of buildings are contemplated for the early summer. They will be brick, substantially built.

Comrade Carr left for Minneapolis on Saturday last for a brief visit. He will probably return inside of a fortnight.

Mr. O'Brien, the newly appointed city attorney, is said to be an A 1 lawyer and a good all 'round man for the place.

Who says Barney Feran is going to West Superior to engage in business? Barney himself says he is not and that should be good authority.

Something new in scissors and shears, at

[51-52] STEWART & SPOTTISWOOD'S.

No, that was not a hanging match on Robert street, though it did look like a cow boy had passed into the hence and left his hat hanging to a sign.

I. U. Jennings will sell cedar shingles at $3.75 per thousand. They do not warp, check or leak, and last three times as long as pine. [51-52]

Mayor McKinnon's address to the council was a plain, practical, common sense document, with out any fuss and feathers. Alex, is that kind of a man.

Call in and see our new stock of revolvers. Prices are lower than you can imagine.

[51-52] STEWART & SPOTTISWOOD.

Mr. Jorgenson is making good progress with his cellar. Will soon be ready to commence the brick work. Henry Nolan takes a share in the east wall.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN McLEAN.

A man named W. Buchey was brought down from Hallock on Monday by a U. S. Marshal and committed to await trial on charge of selling whisky to Indians.

New and fine patterns of Jewett's stoves.

New and low prices on Jewett's stoves.

[51-52] STEWART & SPOTTISWOOD.

Henry Krause, a German living near Euclid, was brought before Judge Christianson on Tuesday and adjudged insane. Sheriff Paulsrud left for St. Peter with him in the evening.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Those who have business to transact with the secretary of the Farmers' Alliance will notice that his post office address is changed. All communications should be addressed John Lathrop, Dawson, Minn.

The largest line of scissors, shears and pocket knives ever brought to Crookston, can be seen at

[51-52] STEWART & SPOTTISWOOD'S.

Have you seen that beautiful floral arch at Mrs. I. U. Jennings' new millinery store on Robert street? And such a nice display as she has aside from that is worth a visit to see. She has an elegant stock of goods and is prepared to give good bargains. Call and see the opening display this week.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings will have an opening of spring and summer millinery from the 15th to the 20th of April. Her line of pattern bonnets, hats and toques &c., are on the way and will be of the latest productions. The ladies of Crookston and vicinity are cordially invited to call and inspect goods and prices.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters, anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

P. J. LaChapelle suggests that all who are interested in steppers get together and arrange for fixing up the race track. He says he has a four-year-old colt that he will match against anything in the northwest for money, chalk or marbles, or will send him round at a 2:40 gait for the stuff, providing the track is made fast enough. The track should be fixed up at once.

New, large and complete stock of revolvers, fishing tackle, target rifles, pocket knives, scissors, shears and razors, at

[51-52] STEWART & SPOTTISWOOD.

Francis, the photographer, has a new plan by which the dwellers in every village and hamlet on the Great Northern road can secure the work of a good artist. He is fitting up a car with a complete photographer's outfit and will be ready to take the road by June 1st. He offers to sell his business here to a competent artist and take some of the purchase money in trade. This is a good chance for some good artist to drop into a good business.

Fine weather for seeding this week. Lots of wheat going in the ground.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

Alleck McDonald, having spent the winter rusticating upon his farm returns with the little birds of the spring ready for business.

Jim Creighton says he saw a million ducks and geese near John Ristow's place on Sunday. Jim didn't have a spy glass along either.

Himmelsback Bros. purchased a span of Clyde mares last week from a lot that were brought here for sale. They make a splendid team.

R. G. Marlette is able to be around but still quite feeble. He says at the rate he is eating now he will soon tip the beam at a ton or so.

Max Ericsson goes to Duluth and Superior this week to look about. He has never been at Duluth and thinks he would like to see what like it is.

Miss Greene, who has been visiting her cousin, Walter Alexander and wife during the past winter, left for her home in western New York this week.

The Crookston Furniture Co. bought a fine Clyde mare last week to be used on the delivery wagon. She is a fine animal and cost a good round sum.

John Hart left last week for Great Falls, Montana, to open a wholesale fruit house for Anderson & Co. He expects to make that city his future home.

Geo. J. McManus boarded the Fosston train as it was pulling out on Tuesday. It was filled with other farmers also going out to their farms to sow the good seed for the coming harvest.

The N. P. Express Co. and the Crookston Furniture Co. have consolidated their delivery facilities.

Seeding is being done in better shape than ever before, mostly by drill. McKinnon Bro's have sold a great many of the celebrated Dowagiac drills, than which there are none better in the market.

Mr. R. Smith left for West Superior last week to engage in a commission business. Mr. S. is the well-known wheat buyer at the Red River Elevator house in Carman. We hope he will do well.

G. M. Swift was in from Maple Lake last week. Reports seeding commenced out there and the farmers are as busy as bees this week getting in the grain. If they can only get equal justice in the markets next fall they are all right.

Conductor Walter Alexander intends to start for Tacoma about May 1st with his wife for a visit to her parents. Walt may conclude to locate there though he is not sure about it. He expects to be back again ere many weeks roll by.

T. O. Bergland was severely hurt in a runaway last Saturday night. He lost several front teeth, was cut some about the face and pretty generally banged up. He was brought to the city and patched up a bit and is now as good as new.

Call and see our spring carpets and shades. We dont have to have special sale days because our patterns and Qualities are selected with the utmost care and will sell at sight.

CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

The N. P. surveyors were at work over in Sampson's Woodland Addition last week. From the nature of things we do not imagine the road will go over there. It will, however, probably run a spur track in to the brickyard and Walkers Mill.

Eugene Besse left for West Superior last week to engage in the commission business with R. Smith. Mr. Besse is one of the old timers, has been one of our most successful farmers, and THE JOURNAL wishes him abundant success in his new calling.

M. C. Malone returned from Tacoma on Saturday. He is not altogether satisfied with that climate and says there are many out of work. He thinks the boom is at its height. Reports the old Crookston boys doing very well. He does not think he will be one of their number right away.

The seed is now being put into the ground very fast. The ground is in fine condition and weather the best. Real estate men have had an unusual demand for lands to rent. Charlie Lowe says of 25 farms on his rent list not a single one remains. This would seem to indicate that the acreage sowed will be larger than ever.

We have received so many calls for our issue of April 10 that our extras were all exhausted before the orders were half filled. The evidences of appreciation are truly gratifying to us and it shall be our endeavor in the future as in the past to merit them. Those who have applied for extra copies will understand why they fail to receive them.

Slick? Well, we should smile. That's what Herb and Dave are up to at Herb's place on the corner. Glass front? Well, rather! The inside is transformed into a bower of beauty by evergreens and trailing vines, forming a sylvan retreat where the sighing swain can inveigle his dulcinea while he treats to chewing gum and taffy. Yum, yum!

The North Dakota Firemens' Association will hold its seventh annual turnament at Fargo on June 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th. The affair promises to beat the record. A number of the best cornet bands of Dakota and Minnesota will be there with several base ball clubs and fun galore. Four thousand dollars in prizes offered. It is expected that a rate of 1 cent per mile will be obtained for all who go in uniform and one and one-fifth fare for everybody else. All who desire hotel arrangements made should address the secretary, Arthur Basset, who will forward program on application.

A Home Cheap.

We have put in a full line of the celebrated new Home sewing machines and the low price, warranted, and above all, the many late improvements in it, would surprise you.

CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

Doc. Just is moving his building back and putting on an addition.

B. F. Ashelman representing Fuller & Johnson, is in the city this week.

Henry Peterson was down from Fosston this week enjoying city life.

Al Kaiser, the good-looking editor of the Thirteen Towns was in from Fosston this week booming farmer Stephens for Governor.

Louis Fontaine arrived from Butte Saturday night. He says that Butte is the livliest town he saw on his travels, and he was so favorably impressed that he secured an option on several lots and may conclude to build two or three stores to rent. He thinks the prospects for making money there for a few years are excellent. He will go back again about May 1st.

ST. HILAIRE, April 14, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: At a meeting in the town of Sanders on Saturday, April 12th, a start was made for an alliance. C. A. Johnson, of Rocksbury, made a few remarks in favor of the farmers organizing, and after a brief discussion on the subject of organization the following officers were elected: President, Arne Bergene; vice-president, Hans Olson; treasurer, Sander Engebretson; secretary, O. T. Tandberg. Ten farmers signed the application for the charter and "Norden," the name of the alliance, starts in with flattering prospects. Thanks are hereby extended to C. A. Johnson for his assistance. A motion was made to adjourn until May 17th, at the school house in district No. 127, in town of Norden. O. T. TANDBERG, Sec.

BIDS FOR CITY PRINTING.

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK, }
Crookston, April 12, 1890. }

Scaled bids will be received by the City Council of the city of Crookston until May 6th, 1890, for the purpose of doing all the city printing and furnishing stationery for the ensuing year. The Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the City Council.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

FOR SALE
OR TO BE
GIVEN AWAY!

1 two or three horse Drag.
1 Broadcast Seeder.
1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
2 pair Buggy Shafts.
2 Gang Plows.
1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
8 Mowers.
2 Hay Rakes.
2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
1 Tank Pump.
1,500 good Oak Posts.
1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,
[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

To Sub-Alliances.

The secretary of Polk County Alliance desires the names of the president and secretary of each sub-alliance also the names of your delegates and requests secretaries to send them in at once. Important information is expected soon and as such information comes to the secretary of the County alliance to be by him sent to the sub-alliances, it is essential that he has the name and post office address of the officers of each sub-alliance, also the number of the aliance. Every alliance that has neglected to elect its delegates should at its next meeting elect three delegates and report their names to secretary A. N. Hixson, Crookston.

Crawford's Grand.

Wichita Daily Eagle.

Bill Nye and his company entertained a fine audience last night at the Crawford Grand. The local critics claim that the amusement notices as a rule are complimentary rather than critical, and with their assistance it was intended to subject last night's entertainment to be fearless criticism. The same was studiously prepared in advance, the secret of humor was carefully studied and furnished, whole sentences that would apply to Mr. Nye's sketches, Mr. Downey's touch and execution were wrought into high sounding sentences, Mr. Thalberg's high notes were commented upon at length while Miss Torbett's faltering diminuendos and exquisite cadences, were whipped into foam. Mr. Nye evidently heard about it and changed the programme so the criticism won't fit.

Mr. Nye's humor lies largely in his manner of saying things and although the mind is only cognizant of what is being said, during the pauses it seems as if he was enjoying it too. A sympathy at once springs up between the listener and the speaker and the latent sentiment of each sentence gradually dawns upon the mind and starts a pleasant train of thought.

Mr. Thalberg the tenor, sings with ease and deligated the audience with several choice selections. Mr. Downey's accompaiments were deserving of comment while his pianoforte solo met with generous applause. The final trio fully brought out the native musical talent of the performers, and was listened to with wrapt attention.

The violin solos of Miss Torbett were entrancing. The beauty of the performer and the grace with which she handled the bow were sufficient entertainment in themselves. The power of the king of instruments is intrusted to her keeping and is wielded with a queenly dignity that has already won her fame.

A striking feature of the entertainment was the quiet that pervaded the house. Mr. Nye never once spoke higher than a conversatinal pitch, while nearly all the musical selections were pianissimo, and yet the audience kept so quiet that not a note or a syllable was lost in the farthest recess of the theatre. At the Opera House on April 24th.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

At a regular meeting of the City Council held April 8th, 1890, all members being present, the oath of office was duly administered to the following newly elected members of the council: E. D. Childs, H. Steenerson, T. H. Bjoin, J. B. McLaren, G. O. Buhn, A. C. Schmidt, and Frank Jerome.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that William Watts be elected as President of the Council for the ensuing year. Upon the call of ayes and nays William Watts was unanimously confirmed.

H. Steenerson was unanimously confirmed Vice-President of the Council for the ensuing year.

The recommendations of the Mayor were referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

M. Van Dyke tendered his resignation as health officer, and Dr. Mathew Watts was, on motion, unanimously confirmed health officer for the unexpired term of M. Van Dyke, resigned.

The petition of C. N. Lindell and others with reference to constructing a sidewalk in Jerome's Addition was referred to the aldermen of the 4th ward.

The Mayor submitted the following appointments:

Gentlemen of the Council:

I would respectfully submit for your consideration and subsequent approval the following named gentlemen as my choice to occupy the positions respectively as city officials:

To be City Attorney—Martin O'Brien.

To be City Comptroller—E. W. Wile.

To be City Street Commissioner—D. F. McDonald.

To be City Chief of Police—Louis Gonyea.

To be City Police, No. 1—William B. Hayes.

To be City Police, No. 2—Andy Locken.

Respectfully yours,
ALEX. McKINNON,
Mayor.

M. O'Brien was unanimously confirmed as City Attorney for the ensuing year.

The appointment of a street commissioner was deferred until the committee on ways and means had reported.

E. W. Wile was unanimously confirmed as city comptroller.

Louis Gonyea was unanimously confirmed Chief of Police for the ensuing year.

M. B. Hayes was unanimously confirmed as police patrolman No. 1.

Andrew Locken was confirmed unanimously for police patrolman No. 2.

The report of the City Treasurer and City Comptroller was referred to the finance committee.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the application of T. O. Sundit and John O. Sundit for liquor license be allowed. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that the claim of Hack & Gallasch for rebatement on sewer tax be referred to the city attorney to report on same at the next regular meeting.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jennings, that the street commissioner be instructed to build sidewalks where taxes have been levied. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the City Attorney be instructed to examine the city sewer fund and to report on same at the next regular meeting. Carried.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 8th day of April, 1890, Alderman Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Bjoin:

Resolved, That the Salaries of the following officers be fixed at the figures following:

Comptroller	$300	per annum.
City Attorney	300	" "
City Clerk	400	" "
Treasurer	300	" "
Chief of Police	60	" month.
Police No. 1	55	" "
" No. 2	55	" "

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Lally, Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, McLaren, Schmidt, Jerome, Jennings, Buhn, Watts.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the council.

Passed this 8th day of April, 1890.

WM. WATTS,
President of the Council.

Approved this 12th day of April, 1890.

ALEX. McKINNON,
Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON,
Clerk.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for the city printing for the ensuing year; said bids to be considered at a regular meeting to be held May 6th, 1890. Carried.

Resolved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Bjoin, that a committee of three, consisting of Aldermen Steenerson, McLaren and Buhn, be appointed with instructions to prepare a careful and comprehensive system of sewerage for the whole city, and to employ a sanitary and drainage engineer of known ability to prepare and report plans and profiles of the same, and that $500, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying out the intentions of this resolution be appropriated out of the general fund.

Alderman Morrisey moved an amendment, which was seconded by Alderman Jennings, that the resolution with reference to sewers be tabled.

The amendment was put to a vote with the following result:

Yeas—Morrisey, Schmidt, Jerome, and Watts.

Nays—Lally, Childs, Steenerson, McLaren, Bjoin and Buhn.

Amendment was declared lost.

The resolution was then voted on. Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote resulted as follows:

Yeas—Lally, Childs, Steenerson, McLaren, Bjoin Buhn and Watts.

Nays—Morrisey, Schmidt, Jerome and Jennings.

The resolution was declared carried.

The bill of Harris & Glenn for $279.21 was allowed at $200 as part payment on said bill.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the report of the finance committee be accepted and that the bills allowed in report be ordered paid. Carried.

M. B. Hayes, mdse to poor	$ 4 70
O. Vien, attending C. Ergom	30 00
W. E. McKenzie, printing	6 10
A. Schuller, plastering city hall	3 00
Red River Lumber Co., wood	3 15
S. H. Bang labor	1 50
W. S. Mott & Co., mdse	10 50
J. E. O'Brien & Co., mdse	16 15
W. Bivins, clerk of election	2 00
W. Marin, " "	2 00
A. Locken, judge of "	3 00
Fontaine & Anglim, mdse	7 10
F. Jerome, judge of election	9 00
T. Regambal, " "	3 00
M. Van Dyke, health officer	14 00
C. S. Spendley, justice fees	1 90
F. E. LePage, judge of election and rent of office for election	11 00
M. B. Hayes, boarding prisoners	2 55
G. W. Lewis, justice fees	3 80
Fontaine & Anglim, mdse	5 00
E. Asseline, mdse to poor	8 00
A. Carlson, boarding H. Spitz	10 00
Thos. Mallette, boarding B. Suprenant	10 00
Lena Larson, care of poor	4 00
A. Holmboe, mdse to poor	5 00
" " "	5 00
" " "	5 95
I. Simmons, draying	1 50
Red River Lumber Co., wood	2 25
H. Stanbery, clerk of election	2 00
G. O. Buhn, judge of election	6 00
I. U. Jennings, judge of election	9 00
O. L. Hamery, street labor	10 87
" " " "	10 88
" " " "	11 25
M. Lally, judge of election	3 00

The President appointed the following committees:

Finance Committee—Aldermen Lally, Bjoin and Childs.

Poor Relief Committee—Morrisey, Jerome & Buhn.

Fire Committee—Jennings, Schmidt and McLaren.

Ways and Means Committee—Steenerson, Morrisey and Jerome.

On motion Council adjourned until April 15th, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

At an adjourned meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held the 15th day of April 1890, Alderman Jerome offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Lally.

It is hereby ordered that a sidewalk of the standard size (five feet four inches) be laid on the eastern side of that part of Robert street extending from a point where Bridge street intersects Robert street to a point where Robert street intersects with Washington avenue, said sidewalk to be of two inch surfaced pine, and to be constructed in a good, workmanlike manner.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Lally, Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Jerome, Bjoin, Buhn, Jennings, Watts.

Aldermen voting in the negative—None.

Passed this 15th day of April, 1890.

WM. WATTS,
President of the Council.

Approved this 16th day of April, 1890.

ALEX. McKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON, Clerk.

BOYS!

Don't forget that we are headquarters for fishing tackle this spring. Two lines and two hooks for 5 cents.

[52-52] STEWART & SPOTTISWOOD.

Call and Settle!

As I intend to leave for Seattle on or about April 15th, I desire to have all my accounts settled before that date, either by cash or note. All who know themselves indebted to me will please call at my office (in rear of drug store of M. Van Dyke & Co.) and settle up. I do not wish to be obliged to leave unsettled accounts in the hands of a lawyer or any other man.

M. VAN DYKE, M. D.

Paints, Paints, Paints.

1,000 gallons of the best mixed paints just received at

[51-52] STEWART & SPOTTISWOOD'S.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.40
North Star	2 15
Fife	1 85
Skip, Jack	1 25

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } ss.
City of Crookston, }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the Council of said city of Crookston, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on May 7th, 1890, and terminating on May 7th, 1891, by the following persons and at the following place stated in said application, to-wit: John O. Sundit and Tom O. Sundit, in the three story frame building situated on the corner of Broadway and Fletcher street in said city.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 9th day of April, A. D. 1890.

(SEAL.) JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY,

NOW READY
WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Goods,
Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.
A Fashionable Trimmer
to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r.
D. K. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—
CROOKSTON, MINN

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR
MAMMOTH
STOCK
—OF—
Men's,
Boys'
—AND—
Children's
CLOTHING
Must be Sold
Within
75
DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING
MUST
GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE
C. O. D.
Clothing House.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

This issue closes volume XIII, and we wish to pause here, at the turning of another mile post, to thank the many iends of THE JOURNAL for the patronage that has enabled us to do all that we have accomplished, and we trust that such patronage will increase to the end that we may accomplish far more in the future. The beginning of our 14th year witnesses a condition of our market deplorable to see, but we have every reason to hope for brighter times if the dwellers of this upper country are true to their best interests. THE JOURNAL is doing all in its power to see a free and open wheat market established, and will not stop trying short of fulfillment. To this end we need the support and encouragment of every one interested as we are—and there is not one person in this country who is not interested, whether they admit it or not. If we all work togther for this object we can certainly obtain it, and it is to-day the most vital question affecting the welfare of this country.

The noblest Roman of them all, Sam Randall, passed into eternal rest at day-break, Sunday morning. He was one of the leading minds in the Democratic party and though he never rose higher than Congressman, he was a power there. He was an aspirant for the presidency and had the party chosen him instead of Cleveland they would have taken their best man.

In his communication to the Great West, Mr. Pillsbury says that no doubt the system allows the commission of acts of great injustice "by individual buyers." That's what we are kicking about and is a strong argument for changing the system. Give the independent buyers a fair chance in our markets and "individual buyers" will lose their power to commit acts of great injustice. By all means, Charlie, let's change the deal.

C. A. Pillsbury takes several columns in the Great West to show that the elevators are making no money by the present methods of handling wheat. Well, if he is right about it, what's the use of trying to maintain that method—the farmers are sick enough of it, so let's have a change. Let us have flat houses and small warehouses by independent buyers and try a new deal. If that does not suit the farmers they at least cannot complain. If Mr. Pillsbury is sincere in his statements he should try to bring about this state of things. If he should go to the railroads and ask them to allow the building of flat houses perhaps the companies would grant the request, then we could see what virtue there is in a change of diet. But by all means, Mr. Pillsbury, let us have a change in the deal.

There is every reason to believe that wheat next fall will bring a remunerative price. The attention of the whole country has been called to this matter so forcibly that there is no doubt that some steps will be taken that will contribute to that end. Not long since Mr. Pillsbury stated that one reason why farmers do not receive more for their wheat was because of the bucket shops' manipulation of the market. The Board of Trade of Chicago at once took steps to prevent the bucket shops obtaining quotations; whether this was the reason or not the fact is that since that time wheat has gone up 8 cents per bushel in this market. The fact that the life of agriculture is threatened by the system has at last dawned upon the minds of those who manipulated the markets, and now we may expect some relief.

The brethren of the quill will meet at Mankato, on Saturday June 7th, get something good to eat with president L. P. Hunt, then leave for Chicago in the evening to assist the citizens of that beautiful little lake village in selecting a site for the location of the world's fair. After having performed that duty to the satisfaction of all, they will proceed to Washington D. C. to instruct our lawmakers in their duties, which it is thought, will not take them long, when, after having satisfactorily regulated the affairs of the world, they will return to their various and sundry dens with the quiet satisfaction of a duty well performed. They will try and convince McKinley that there are some things that even he can learn about tariff reform and will tell the boys in the menagerie what their "constitcotents" expect of 'em. Then they will spend the balance of the time with the important campaign in writing up what they (don't) know about Washington and things.

"In the Front Rank" is "Peterson's" place among the May periodicals. It is rich in excellent illustrations, capital stories, and well written miscellaneous articles. The fashion and household department are as reliable as they are varied and complete. Miss Alice Bowman's serial "The Story of Digma" cannot fail to add greatly to her rapidly growing reputation. Miss Ella Higginson who has made her mark within the last few years, begins a novelet "A Love and a Passion" which shows great originality and dramatic power. The paper on "Out of Doors Plants" will prove of great help to amateur gardeners, and every housekeeper will be obliged to Miss Scovil's for her admirable "Talk by a Trained Nurse." Besides being among the best of the story magizines and at the head of the fashion monthlies, "Peterson" is a compendium of useful and interesting information. Terms, two dollars a year. Address, Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia.

The Minneapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Some time ago many settlers in Polk, Marshall and Kittson counties, Minn., who had settled upon odd numbered sections of land, petitioned congress for relief from what they claimed was an unjust claim of the Manitoba road to these lands. The petition was sent to Representative Comstock, who informed them that there was no relief. The petitioners were not satisfied, and sent to Representative Haugen, of Wisconsin, making in their letter some very unpleasant statements about Comstock, saying that he was devoted to corporations. Mr. Haugen conferred with Mr. Comstock and it was determined to refer the whole matter to the interior department. The land commissioner says that the settlers have no relief except in the courts, unless congress should declare the land forfeited, but this it could scarcely do, as patents have been issued, which is something very hard to get around.

Minneapolis Journal.

The National Farmers' Alliance bill, providing for national sub-treasuries, does not seem to be running very swiftly through the congressional gristmill. It was introduced in the house about six weeks ago by Congressman Pickler, of South Dakota, and since that time there has not been even a whisper about it. The committee to whom it was referred have made no report on the measure, and a hasty tour of the capitol building to-day failed to reveal the fact that it had ever been given any consideration by any committee. Congressman Pickler seems to have lost track of it, and the officers of the National Farmers' Alliance have refused to give The Journal correspondent, who called at their headqurters, any information from the Alliance standpoint. The bill will doubtless never see daylight again this season. By some it is considered an entirely unreasonable measure. It is doubtful if a careful canvass of the members of both congressional branches would reveal 25 men who would declare themselves in favor of the bill as it is now drafted. A few straggling petitions have drifted in from the county alliances asking for its passage. The greater number of these have come from Mr. Pickler's district in South Dakota. The chances for the passage of the bill begin to look exceedingly slim. So far the 51st congress has given the agricultural element very little consideration, seemingly. The close of the session may show a better aspect of affairs, but it is doubtful.

BEETS IT IS.

GENERAL INTEREST TO BE AROUSED IN THE NORTHWEST IN SUGAR MAKING.

WASHINGTON special to Minneapolis Journal, April 12.—As has already been stated in The Journal's Washington correspondence, there is every indication that the cultivation of beets is soon destined to become a leading product among the farmers in the Western and Northwestern states. The belief is general here among men who have given the matter much study, that like Minnesota, the climate of the two Dakotas is especially adapted to the raising of sugar beets. Senators Moody and Pettigrew have become greatly interested in the matter, and the views of Gen. Washburn, of Minnesota, have already been printed in The Journal. A California capitalist, who is interested in the manufacture of beet sugar, has decided to try the experiment in South Dakota, and to this end is already sending seeds to the leading farmers of that state. It is proposed to put in a trial crop this year, and if good crops are raised wheat will doubtless have to yield some room to sugar beets in that state. This is pretty sure to follow in North Dakota, and, as Senator Washburn has said, the farmers of Minnesota will probably find sugar beets a very profitable crop. If they can be raised to good advantage manufacturing establishments are sure to go up in those states. In Nebraska manufacturing plants to cost an immense sum are to go up there this summer. Iowa, too, may dethrone King Corn and try the beet industry instead. Like every agricultural pursuit, however, the fear is that it may be overdone. This, of course, is possible but not at all probable. The experiment is worth the trying by all means.

What Is to Be Done?

The Western Rural.

What is to be done? The question assumes that there is something necessary to be done; and that is true. The man who can live in the midst of the present condition of affairs among the masses in this country and not see the need of doing something and doing it at once, is not only blind but criminally stupid. Our millions of producers are in a condition of distress. They are not making their business pay, simply because the prices they obtain for their products are not sufficient to cover the cost of production in some cases, and but just above cover in others. Is this state of things the result of some fault upon the part of producers themselves? If it were it would not alter the fact that something must be done to remedy the matter. We cannot stand by and see the masses bankrupt themselves from any cause whatever. Whenever we find a man who is wasting his substance, we put him under guardianship. When we find a man who will not work and has no means of subsistence, we send him to prison as a vagrant, for the theory is that such a man must live and that he will steal rather than starve. If our farmers are shiftless, the government should direct its energies toward the work of making them otherwise; if they are too ignorant to produce in a way that will make production profitable, the government must adopt means to instruct them; if they are vagrants, it is positively the duty of the government to make them its wards as it does the Indians. The necessity of doing something is absolute under any condition of things.

But our farmers are not shiftless, not ignorant and are not vagrants. The average farmer understands his business, and adversity has made him a student of economical methods of production. We do not pretend to say that all farmers are as good farmers as they ought to be. But no man living can produce oats profitably at fifteen cents a bushel; no man on earth can produce beef at the prices which have been prevailing for ordinary beef; and no man can produce corn and ship it to market at the price which is being paid for corn in sections of the West. The adversity of the farmer is no fault of his. He grows crops in abundance and at a reasonable cost of production; he produces cattle at a reasonable expenditure. But he cannot get enough for grain or cattle to furnish a margin of profit. Well, is this state of affairs natural? Is it a fact that in this rich, fertile country the millions on our farms are doomed to financial ruin and to labor hard year after year for nothing or at best next to nothing? If so, then the sooner we have a universal flood that will sweep the race from the face of the earth, the better. If the world has become too crowded and as a result it is a fact that we must all starve, there is not the slightest use in attempting to guard any of the interests which we are accustomed to call important. But these things are not true. This country is not bankrupt. There is not a moment of time in which the wealth of this country is not increasing at a mighty pace. There is not a moment of time in which people are not getting rich from handling the very products which are produced upon our farms at a positive loss. What then is the trouble? The trouble is that the big fish are eating up the little fish. The trouble is that monopolies are gorging themselves upon the masses. The trouble is the money is king, and the government of the country has been winking at the most infernal dishonesty, which has passed under the name of enterprise, that the world has ever seen. A few men get together and form a corporation. It may be a bank. The bank proceeds to play the roll of Shylock and never ceases to play the roll as long as it exists. It may be a stock yard corporation which charges the producer four prices for everything that he gets, and the government looks upon the robbery smilingly; it may be a millers' combine or an elevator combine, and in either case it will rob the farmer blind; or it may be a railroad corporation, and if it is, it will make dividends or the stockholders, or fortunes for the managers if it must take the bread from the mouths of the farmer's children to do it.

Present conditions are simply monstrously unjust. They are a grand hustle and tumble for money, and the man who has the most money has the greatest power for robbing his fellow men. The way to reform matters is to do justice; it is for the government, which costs us so much to sustain, to enforce justice. Now no one needs to be told what justice is. Every Congressman and every State legislator knows what justice is. Every one of them knows that to permit a railroad company to charge a Nebraska farmer so much for transporting his corn to market that he cannot make a red cent, is a cruel injustice. He knows that the government should have such a grip upon railroad management that it could compel the railroads to do some service that might not be profitable to them, when other branches of business must be run at a loss. If government will put a stop to the steady robbery of farmers by corporations and Saylocks, it will pretty nearly solve the problem as to what must be done to make farming profitable.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street. Crookston.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds. Snuff. Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock
OF
HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty,

FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
K. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skillfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

The Sub-Treasury Plan.

Iowa Tribune.

The sub-treasury plan for the financial relief of the country, proposed by the Knights of Labor and the various Farmer's organizations that met in St. Louis last December, is now attracting universal attention, and the South Dakota Legislature has called upon Congress to build warehouses in the various agricultural counties of the U. S. and receive the nonperishable products of the farmers, such as cotton, wheat, rice, corn, etc., and advance upon them 80 per cent of their market value, so as to relieve producers and help them escape the open jaws of the pools, combines and banks, that steal their substance like the locusts of Egypt. There is one thing that farmers are rapidly deciding, namely that the U. S. government must treat the producers of our food and clothing, and of all things that render life desirable, with as much consideration as it now bestows upon national bankers and whiskey distillers.

We have a thousand times exposed the favoritism of the government shown to bankers, and we have recently shown in what a remarkable manner distillers are favored. A few hours perusal of the Internal Revenue laws which may be found in the Revised Statutes of the U. S., will convince any reader of this partiality. The law absolutely requires that distilled spirits must be turned into the government bonded warehouse within three days of their manufacture. Upon their receipt by the government store-keeper a warehouse receipt is handed to the distiller, and he is allowed to leave his spirits in the hands of the U. S. for three years without paying any tax, and is financially taxed only on so much as has escaped evaporation during the long process of "ripening."

As soon as the distiller gets his warehouse receipt he can sell it for the full value of the spirits, or if he prefers can deposit it in a bank and borrow almost its value upon it. The national bank and whisky interests are so allied in this country that they fight together in Congress. The U. S. takes the banker's bonds and stores them twenty years, giving back 90 per cent of their face in crisp money on which only one per cent per annum is charged, and also pays the bank the interest as it accrues upon the bonds.

The U. S. takes the distilled spirits from the manufacturers and holds it three years for trifling charges, giving the distiller a receipt which enables him to realize the cash value of his goods in three days after their manufacture, or hold the same upon speculation as he may desire, without paying tax upon it. Twins!

In order to show our readers exactly the nature of the recept given by the U. S. for spirits, we called upon a bank in town where we found a number of these certificates upon deposit, which had been purchased outright for the value of the whisky described By the courtesy of the owner we were allowed to make an exact copy of one and give it to our readers. Of course we cannot show up the pretty pictures on it but give the words as follows:

U. S. BONDED WAREHOUSE RECEIPT FOR WHISKY.

Robbing the Farmers.

So Called Scheme of the Twin Cities to Bleed the Farmers.

LARIMORE, N. D., March 29.—A large majority of the farmers of North Dakota are indignant over the alleged charity of the business men of St. Paul and Minneapolis, and it is the intention of most of them to confuse the seed wheat purchased with the $300,000 guarantee fund raised in the Twin cities.

They look on the arrangement as a scheme concocted by the elevator companies, the millers and the bankers to sell wheat at twenty-five cents a bushel more than it is worth in the market and get 12 per cent interest on their money. Under the agreement a needy farmer must pay $1 for every bushel he secures for seed out of the first money he secures on his crops, because the seed wheat loan becomes a first lien, and is ample security to those who furnish the wheat if the yield is even five bushels an acre. The whole affair is doubly an outrage, because North Dakota's farmers were last fall forced to have this same wheat graded No. 2 and received fifty cents a bushel for it. Now they are asked to receive it from the elevator companies as No. 1 hard, and pay $1 per bushel for it, with interest at the rate of 12 per cent.

In many communities the more thrifty farmers will aid those who are needy, while in others there is a disposition to sow no grain at all rather than submit to this new species of robbery.

The Great West.

To our Senators and Representatives in Congress greeting: We the members of Farmers' Alliance No. 653, of Hennepin County, and state of Minnesota, look with alarm upon the present financial condition of our country, upon the general depression of business, the falling prices, the vast indebtedness of the agricultural class of our citizens, together with the grips of the money loaners on farms, and yet not money enough in circulation to meet their demands, or the demands of trade. As this depressed condition of trade pervades our country; therefore

Resoved, That we call upon Congress of the United States, our money making power, to the effect that they issue fiat money, full legal tender, non-interest bearing in bills of $1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 20 and $100, denamiuation, (greenbacks), in such volume as will relieve this pressure upon the people. This money may be distributed through the sub-Treasury plan as proposed by the Farmer's Alliance, or by a general system of internal improvement, on public roads as proposed by the "Financier" and Great West, by Senator Sanford's plan or any other that will be effective and not speculative.

This business may all be done through the postal service with special agents.

We do not believe that any effective relief could reach the masses of the people through our present banking system.

Through a motion by Mr. [illegible] it was agreed that the plan proposed by Senator Sanford was the most effective of any of the others. Motion made by Mr. [illegible] that the [illegible] be sent to the Great West and [illegible] with a request that they all act upon the matter [illegible]

E. E. TAYLOR,
Secretary Alliance 653.
Hennepin County.

Money to Loan.

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance........$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.......... 80 00

Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years.........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest.......................$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years......................... 1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest.............................$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00

Total.................................$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seventy and 97-100 dollars, ($70.97) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Proulx, (unmarried) to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Connecticut, bearing date the first day of October, A. D. 1883, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1883, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 25 of mortgages, on page 335 etc.

And, whereas, the said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has elected, and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and, whereas, there is actually due and payable thereunder, at the date hereof, the sum of seven hundred and twenty and 97-100 dollars ($720.97); and, whereas, said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼) of Section ten (10), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of Section fifteen (15) all in town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty two (42) west, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Jan. 27th, A. D. 1890.

THE LOAN AND GUARANTEE COMPANY,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.
A. HUMPHREYS,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [49-52]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixty-five and 80-100 dollars, ($65 80-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ole Vraa and Karine Vraa, his wife, to A. W. Mott, bearing date the 15th day of November, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 8:10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35) in block five (5) according to recorded plat of Ophelm and Mott's addition to Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, with the buildings thereon, consisting of hotel, barn and granary, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of [illegible]

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.

A. W. MOTT, Mortgagee.
PHELPS & CALKINS, Att'ys for Mortgagee,
[50-1] Ada, Minnesota.

Sale of State Lands.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Land Office,
St. Paul, [illegible] 1890.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at public sale, [illegible]

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the [illegible]

[illegible]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-three and 60-100 dollars, ($83.60), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John C. Johnson, a single man, to Albert W. Mott, bearing date the 23d day of August, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 497, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve, (12), of block numbered five, (5) in the Townsite of Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the certified plat of said townsite, on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.

ALBERT W. MOTT, Mortgagee.
PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable the 2d day of May, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Henry Cook and Annie Cook, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of May, A. D. 1885, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "24" of mortgages, at pages 510 to 513.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said premises, covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay, and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of eighteen and 91-100 ($18.91) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred eighteen and 61-100 ($318.61) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty, (20), Township one hundred and fifty-four, (154), Range forty-three, (43), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, in the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said county of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLANDS AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
W. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication April 3d, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable the 5th day of March, 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Charles Netzer an unmarried man, Rosalia J. Netzer and Joseph Netzer, her husband, and Johanna Netzer, a widow, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of March, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of March, 1887, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in book "29" of mortgages, at pages 282 to 286.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon said premises covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises, the sum of three hundred and twenty and 83-100 ($320.83) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seventeen hundred thirty-one and 95-100, ($1731.95) dollars, and no action or proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: Lot one (1) of block three (3) in the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota; lot fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), and seventeen, (17), of block two (2) in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, and the north part of lot fifteen (15), block five (5) in L. Fletcher's Addition to Crookston, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, being twenty-five (25) feet in width fronting on Oak street, (now called Broadway) and twenty (20) feet in width on the rear end of said lot, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and seventy-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, county of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLAND AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
F. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK
District Court, 14th Judicial District.
Ole J. Wigen, plaintiff, vs. Peter Waldo, Carl O. Olson, as administrator of Robert M. Helsem, deceased, [illegible]

[illegible]

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of that certain Mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1888, at eleven (11) o'clock A. M., in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 317; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes, to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2500.00) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee, at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee, on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of two thousand six hundred fifty-three and 89-100 ($2653.89) dollars; and there is claimed to be due and there is due, at the date of this notice, on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured, the sum of twenty-six hundred sixty-four and 31-100 ($2664.31) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of the said sum, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and recorded therewith, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed, situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), and three, (3), in block numbered fifty nine (59) in Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls, according to the plat of said Addition on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota. Also all of those lands described in that certain mortgage, made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; said lands being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, six (6), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), and thirteen, (13), in block one, (1); Block numbered two, (2), except lot sixteen, (16) of said block; Block numbered three (3), Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven, (7), and eight, (8), in block numbered four, (4); lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten, (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), and fourteen, (14), in block numbered six, (6); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), and nineteen (19), in block numbered seven (7); Block numbered eight, (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6) and seven (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven (11), except lots three, (3), and five, (5) in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), except lot one, (1) released from this mortgage; Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18) nineteen, (19) and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8) in said block; All of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven o'clock a. m., to pay and satisfy the amount that will then be due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.
B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[19-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of that certain mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of three thousand one hundred and eighty-four and 67-100 ($3184.67) dollars. And there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured the sum of Three Thousand One Hundred Ninety Seven and 17-100 ($3,197.17) Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of said sum or any part thereof:

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), ten, (10), (eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen, (13), in block one (1); Block numered two, (2), except lot sixteen (16) in said block; Block numbered three, (3); Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven (7) and eight (8), in block numbered four (4); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3, four (4), and fourteen, (14) in block numbered six (6); Lots uumbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen (17), eighteen, (18) and nineteen, (19), in block numbered seven (7); block numbered eight (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), and seven, (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven, (11), except lots numbered three, (3), and five (5), in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), (except lot numbered one (1) in said block which has been released from this mortgage); Lots numbered one, (1) two, (2), three (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen (18), nineteen, (19), and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16) seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8), in said block; all of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon, to pay and satisfy the amount that will be then due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage, and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee as stipulated in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursement of this foreclosure.

Dated March 16th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.
B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. [illegible] In the matter of the estate of [illegible], deceased.

[illegible]

By the Court, C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-three and 21-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter A. Thompson and Mathia Thompson, his wife, as mortgagors, to the New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book "S" of mortgages on pages 5, 6 and 7, and no action having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section eleven, (11), and the west half of the southwest quarter of Section one, (1), all in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-nine (49) west, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 19th day of May, A. D 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 27th, 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.
WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 20th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-one and 96-100 dollars, ($621 96-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Jeremiah P. Easton and Anna M. Easton, his wife, to James Stewart, bearing date the 12th day of November, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 3, and

Whereas, the said mortgage was, for value received, duly assigned by an instrument thereof, duly executed and delivered by the said James Stewart to Randolph State Bank, a corporation, and dated March 8th, 1890, and recorded in said office of the Register of Deeds the 17th day of March, 1890, in book 43 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast one quarter of Section twenty-eight Township one hundred and fifty-four north, of Range forty-seven west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the Government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state on the second day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1890.

RANDOLPH STATE BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. GRINDELAND,
Attorney, Warren, Minn. [48-2]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 6th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventeen dollars and fifty cents, which is claimed to be due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Joseph E. Fontaine and Mary A. Fontaine, his wife, to Newton McKusick, bearing date the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, and with the power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 284, 285, 286 and 287, which said mortgage was, on the 6th day of June, 1889, duly assigned by the said Newton McKusick to Patrick Soards, by an instrument in writing, duly witnessed and acknowledged, so as to entitle it to be recorded, which said assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for Polk County and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 380 and 381; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lots numbered eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in block numbered seventy-one (71) in Kretzschmar's addition to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; said sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, or his regularly appointed deputy, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 2d, 1890.

PATRICK SOARDS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Assignee. [46-52]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred ninety one and 44-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Swan Hovik and Maria Hovik, husband and wife, as mortgagors, to Peter J. McGuire, as mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of February, A. D. 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 4 o'clock p m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 310, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the following property described in said mortgage, viz:

Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 2, in block 26, original townsite of Crookston, thence running in an easterly direction along the line of Seventh street, a distance of 140 feet, thence in a southerly course on a line parallel with the east line of Ash street, a distance of [illegible]

Dated at Crookston, Minn., February 19th, 1890.

PETER J. MCGUIRE,
Mortgagee.
D. D. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [46-52]

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. G[illegible]
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson
Max Erickson. A. E. Johnson,

HERE WE ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, - - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 24, 1890. NO. 1

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	1 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	13 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 18 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST, And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tickets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

It has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to
C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,
or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SHORTEST.—BEST.—QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:30 "
11:40 "	Grafton	3:22 "
[illegible] p. m	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:20 p. m., arriving at Crookston at [illegible] p. m.

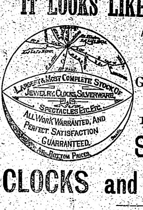
An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn. E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
ney-at-Law,
2 Fournet Block
TON, MINN.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!


Largest & Most Complete Stock of Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles Etc. Etc.
All Work Warranted, And Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed.
At Rock Bottom Prices.

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music-Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

McKINNON BRO'S, Farm Machinery

DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL

DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock OF HACK & GALLASCH And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission. Everything neat and nobby. Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE In connection which I will attend to in person.

Letter from Mr. Thurston.

Fertile Journal.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., April 11, '90.

Comrade J. H. Pelham:

DEAR SIR:—To fulfill my promise I take this opportunity to write you a few lines to let you know that I am well and I hope this will find you and yours enjoying the same good blessing.

Well, comrade, I will give you a little history of my trip out here. We started Sunday morning, got fifteen miles from Fertile and discovered my car was on fire under the stove; stopped the train, put out the fire and arrived at Winnipeg Junction at 7 o'clock. I gathered up some brick and was fixing up the stove when a couple of cars came along and bucked against the car I was in. Well, I bucked one joint of stove pipe in two and knocked about three inches square of skin off from the side of my face. I jumped out of the car and there stood a brakesman. I asked him if he wanted to kill a man and he asked me how far I was going. I told him to Spokane Falls. He said, "Pard, you had better get your life insured." I suppose he thought there was lots of consolation in that; but I did not, and I told him so. Well, in about twenty minutes our train started and in a few minutes out crawled a couple of tramps from among the sacks of potatoes and at the muzzle of a 44 caliber I was ordered to make them some coffee and give them some breakfast, and as there were two and I only one I had to comply with their request. But didn't I wish I had some strychnine to put into that coffee? Why, of course not, for when I took the second look at them I discovered that they were old friends of mine, and they stuck to me all the way out here. Well, it was a very unpleasant trip for we had had cold weather. There is lots of talk of fine scenery between there and here but it is a mistake, or I had the misfortune to pass it all in the night. The only nice scenery I have seen here is the Falls, and they are grand. This is quite a city but the filthiest one I was ever in. It is no wonder it is so very sickly here. The people seem to be almost totally demoralized. There are 150 or 200 saloons and dance houses, all in full blast day and night and lots of churches, 12 to 15 of them, and only five schools in a city of 25,000 inhabitants. I consider this city a disgrace to a country that claims to be civilized. There seems to be but one object in view here, and that is to get the almighty dollar, but that dollar has got nearly out of the reach of the poor man, you can bet. It is very hard times here now; hundreds of men sleeping around this city in the woods without a blanket and nothing to eat, only what they beg or steal and no work for more than one-third of the men that are here and men coming here from Seattle, Tacoma and Portland say it is worse there than it is here. I have worked six days and a half since I came but no more show for work here. I shall leave here to-morrow or next day. I don't know just where I will go yet, but I think to Post Falls, 25 miles up the river from here.

Johnston went from here Wednesday to Post Falls. Ellis is here working in a lodging house at small wages till he can get something better. I saw Kleycn's brother here. He has not got work yet.

Well, comrade, I have figured this country up as close as I can considering the short time I have been here and have come to the conclusion that the poor man who comes from that country here thinking to better his condition will be fearfully disappointed when he gets here. I will give a few reasons why I think so. First, the wages are not as high here as there considering the difference in the cost of living; second, it is no farming country; third, it is no stock country and it is no lumbering country. There is some mining going on forty or fifty miles from here. This town has been boomed entirely by eastern capitalists and as fast as they realize about 900 per cent from their investments they leave the country for good. None of them come here to stay; that is the reason of the hard times and no work here now. There is no money here to build with, and in my opinion two years from now property that is held very high here now cannot be sold at all. It will be almost valueless. There is nothing to back the country up.

Before closing I will say, my advice to you and all is, if you are bound to leave that country, don't come here, for that country is far ahead of this for a poor man. Go to some better place than this. But if you have lots of money to get back there, and don't know anything about the temptations of a Christian and want a right smart pleasure trip just jump on a car of [illegible] and come to Spokane Falls and you will realize the whole thing. Yours respectfully,

J. B. THURSTON.

STATE FARMERS' ALLIANCE,
Office of Secretary.
Dawson, Minn., April 16, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: Enclosed find charter No. 868 and receipt for fees. I may congratulate you as well as the alliance of Minnesota on the noble work you are doing for the agricultural class. There is no time now to stop to take breath, for if we intend to capture the next legislature, and I, for one, hope the Governor also, we must get our forces in hand in time.

I shall send out in a few days a circular letter to all the subordinate and county alliances in the state asking them to express their opinion on independent political action, and I want particularly to call the attention of our best thinkers to the gravity of the situation. For my own part, I see no prospect of relief from either of the old political parties. Senator Davis, whom we have all looked to, to champion the people's cause, has put himself on record as favoring the bill reducing the interest on railroad indebtedness to the United States, and allowing them to run practically ad infinitum. The recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the milk rate cases looks as though our inter-State Commerce law was a law only in name. The last vestige of relief seems to be slipping away from us, but as the Dred Scott decision was the death knell of slavery, so I trust this infamous decision may be the death knell of monopoly.

The only true remedy is national ownership and control of railroads and telegraph lines, and the sooner we grasp the situation the sooner we will apply the remedy. This decision ought to bring it to us in five years. By God's grace let us show that we are equal to the emergency. Yours,

JOHN LATHROP.

WINTER WHEAT.

A Considerable Portion of the Acreage in Several States Will Be Ploughed.

CHICAGO, April 15.—The following crop summary will be printed in the Farmers' Review of this week:

"The condition of winter wheat has not changed within the past two weeks. In many of the states a considerable portion of the winter wheat acreage will be ploughed. A few correspondents in Michigan and Wisconsin report that 25 to 30 per cent. of the winter wheat acreage will be ploughed. Wheat in Kansas has suffered from drouth and the high winds that have prevailed in that state during the past two weeks. An excess of moisture is reported in Illinois, Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, and Wisconsin. Some seeding has been done in Illinois, but work has been greatly retarded in many counties by the wet weather. On this account little or no seeding has been done in Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky Wisconsin and Michigan. In Minnesota, the Dakotas, Iowa, Nebraska and Kansas, where the condition of the soil has been more favorable for spring work, seeding is nearly finished, and in Kansas farmers have began planting corn. We summarize by precentage the reports of our correspondents relative to the condition of winter wheat as follows:

Illinois...75 Missouri....86 Michigan...70
Indiana..72 Kentucky..88 Wisconsin...79
Ohio.....80 Kansas....93

THE SUGAR BEET.

Its Cultivation in Dakota.

Northwestern Farmer and Breeder.

Bulletin No. 16, issued in February by the departments of Agriculture and Chemistry of the South Dakota Agricultural College and Experiment Station, Brookings, South Dakota, gives the results of the experiments made by the Station in the cultivation and crop value of the sugar beet in that latitude. In the preparation of the soil it has been found that deep plowing in the fall, and thorough pulverization, gives the best results, but care should be taken, in the final preparation, to avoid any plowing or deep stirring that would cause loss of any moisture accumulated during winter; but thorough preparation of the soil is a prime requisite. The clod crusher and roller are recommended, also deep plowing which provides a depth of mellow soil sufficient to grow the beets entirely below the surface; if they are forced above ground the protruding portion becomes tainted, and requires extra work in clarifying the sugar.

In planting, it is shown that beets grown thickly in the row produce the heaviest crop and the largest percentage of sugar, and where land is cheap and manual labor high it is best to plant the rows at such distance apart as to be easily cultivated with horse implements. From twenty inches to two feet is recommended, but even this leaves hardly sufficient room for [illegible] cultivation. [illegible] the rows, thinned to eight inches apart in the row, which produced the smallest beets, but richest in per cent. of sugar.

The season's planting was done May 10th, in furrows one and one-half inches deep; drilled in with garden drill and covered with the hoe, the covering being well firmed to hold the moisture. Germination can be hastened by soaking the seeds twenty-four hours in hot water; they can be dried by rolling in plaster or dry soil. Thorough cultivation to kill weeds, early, and keep the soil loose and mellow on top, is advised.

The bulletin advises thinning done just after a rain, and this should be done before the roots begin to develop; or a sharp hoe can be used, but care should be taken to cut deep enough to prevent after growth, and also not to disturb the roots of those plants that are to be left to grow.

The greatest difficulty that appears to stand in the way of the cultivation of the sugar beets in some parts of the northwest is the heavy frost or freezing weather that may and often does come before the beets have time to ripen up. Of this danger the bulletin does not refer to directly, but under "Harvesting" we find this: "The crop should be pulled and stored in the root cellar or put in piles convenient for covering in the field before there is any danger of injury from freezing. * * * A temperature low enough to freeze the surface of the ground will destroy their keeping qualities. * * * Though the injury may at first seem very slight, experience has shown that they soon become spongy, then turn black and finally rot." The beet grower is cautioned not to cut or break the roots of the sugar beets, as their keeping quality will be injured.

The analysis with the view to determine the value of the varieties grown on the Experimental grounds, was conducted with great care, and the report given is very complete. Vilmorins Imperial gave the largest percent of sucrose, 12.3; White coming next with 11.2, the latter giving the largest yield per acre of the ten varieties, but deficient in percent of sucrose to make its manufacture profitable, if according to recent authorities, it requires 13. per cent of sucrose to pay for handling.

Prof. Foster, the agriculturist of the station, under whose direction the experiments have been made during the past two years, is to be congratulated on the thoroughness of his work which is evidenced by this carefully prepared bulletin. Further experiments during the present season will probably develop other facts with particular reference to seed to be sown to give the best results. Farmers can greatly aid in the work of the Station by experimenting on their own account. Samples sent to the Station will be analized free of charge.

Duty of Government.

The Western Rural.

People unite in national league and appoint agents, whom they call officials, to better insure the safety of life and property, and to aid in individual and public prosperity. In all such associations the principle of the greatest good to the greatest number is the basis of government action, and, therefore, individual rights and privileges are frequently circumscribed and sometimes completely neglected. But when the rights of the individual and of society do not come in conflict, the individual is entitled to complete protection, and the government must exhaust its force, if necessary, to give it. This is the character of all government worthy of the name. But the world has not fully grown out of the old monarchial idea that government means a polite employment for a royal herd, the assessment of taxes to support the rulers, and a means of defense against foreign attack. This is about all the governments of the Old World amount to, although the idea even there has suffered some modification as a consequence of the growing intelligence and developing manhood among the masses. In many particulars this country is still tied to its mother's apron strings. The shadow of England is very distinct in many of our customs and theories, and nowhere more distinct than in the prevalent idea of what government is. It would be pretty difficult for a candid man to say what government has ever done for him, except to eat up the taxes that he has paid. We elect a President and Congress for ornament. The very looks of them, it is true, frightens foreign foes, and in that particular, like scare crows in a corn field, they are useful. But as agents to carry out the wishes of the association that appointed them, [illegible] force for reasonable protection [illegible] the individual or the masses, they are lamentable failures. [illegible] archial governments the term would be applicable. They assume the divine right to rule, and grasping the sceptre whether the people are or are not willing, they should be in every sense of the word a parent to the children they are "appointed" to rule over. If one is weak, they should cuddle him. He pays taxes for the privilege of being cuddled. If one is bad, they should spank him, and they are pretty sure to do that anyhow. Government is both papa and mamma when the slipper is to be used, but it is government, cold, unfeeling, repulsive government when the child asks for sympathy and succor.

In a popular government like our own, the government is simply the head of a family. It is appointed to take care of our interests, individually and collectively. It does undertake to educate us, in the very face of the ranting of the press against "papa" government. It guards our morals and stands between us and the ruthless trade of a foreign army. But that is all it does, except to live on us. Formerly it maintained and regulated the highways on which we travel, but now it has given a part of them to the control of private parties; and it has permitted the weak to be robbed by the strong, and is permitting it all the time, until the average citizen earnestly inquires, What is government for? Scattered all over the country, in comparative isolation, are our thousands of farmers, gathering wealth from the fields and feeding the nation and a large part of the world. It is not always practical for the farmer to combine with his brother farmers—though he might do better in that respect than he does—to protect his own rights. In the centers of population, on boards of trades and in stock gambling resorts, combination is made to deprive him of the fruits of his own toil, and government permits it. The railroad, the telegraph, the produce markets and the oil from whose light he reads these words, are under the control of sharpers whose business of life is to make all the money possible regardless of the rights of others. If it is not the government's business to stop this system of robbery and to protect its citizens from pillage, we had better reform it. If it is not its business, then we have not yet struck upon the proper idea of government. If that is not within its province, then all that government is in its connection with domestic interests, is to present a political idea, and we submit that the support of a hundred thousand official tax eaters for any such purpose as that is a criminal waste of money. In the matter of postal facilities, the government furnishes them, and manages the postal services. Is there any reason, therefore, why it should not at least rigidly supervise the management of railroads, telegraph and the boards of trade? Entirely out of its line to interfere with markets, we expect to hear some one remark. Are you right sure of that? The government broke down the conspiracy of Black Friday and saved the people from further loss by unloading a large amount of gold upon the market. That looks as if it had something to do with markets, when it wishes to have, does it not? Nor will we forget that in every well regulated city there are public markets directly under the control of government. Government has a right to interfere with anything that is detrimental to the people, and if it is efficient government, it will do it. So far as our government is concerned, we can compel it to do so, if we desire.

Mr. Lind Objects.

To the Sugar Schedule—Other Minnesotans Pleased with the Bill.

The Minneapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—With the exception of Mr. Lind, the Minnesota delegation is pleased with the tariff bill. Mr. Lind objects to it because of the hardships it will entail upon persons in the South who have expended so much to produce and manufacture sugar, but Senator Washburn, speaking of this objection, says: "The people of this country have stood a heavy duty for years on 90 per cent of all the sugar consumed here, and it strikes me that 2 cents a pound on one-tenth they use and get nine-tenths free of duty will be an advantage to the people at large which the few sugar manufacturies of the South can well afford to yield."

A Chance for the "Soo" Bill.

Senator Davis Trying to Combine with Southwestern Members.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Yesterday Senator Davis and Senator Coke, of Texas, went over to the house and began some missionary work in the interest of the "Soo" bill among various members. They found the sentiment very favorable toward taking the "Soo" bill out of the river and harbor bill and coupling it with the Galveston deep water harbor bill and pass both as separate measures. The Northwestern and Southwestern delegations [illegible]

County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., APRIL 24, 1890.

'Round Home.

A refreshing rain on Tuesday.

Gordon McGrew is home from Fosston.

Mrs. B. J. Duntley returned Saturday night from a visit to Euclid.

Walter Lee is able to be on our streets again after a severe illness.

J. G. McGrew returned on Saturday from a three week's trip to St. Paul and other points.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

The "madding crowd" was besieging Tom Morris' on Monday for tickets to "Bill Nye."

Mrs. E. E. Bangs was away for a few days last week on a business trip to Devil's Lake.

Miss Addie Dickman commences a four months term of school at Neilsville this week.

Pat Connor is doing a neat job cleaning the streets. He's the right man in the right place.

The last heard from Dr. C. E. Dampier and E. M. Walsh they were en-route to San Francisco.

New stock of target rifles and revolvers just arrived. Prices very low. Call and be convinced.

[1-2] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

The best mixed paint in the market is sold by Stewart & Spottswood. It is used by all St. Paul and Minneapolis families. This we know to be a fact. The brand is Northwestern.

Mr. G. Q. Erskine left on Tuesday evening for a few days visit with his family at Racine, Wis.

Lots of fish are being taken from the river this spring. The boys say there more fish this spring than last.

The price of flour has advanced slightly within a few days. Notice the change in the Valley Roller mills ad in this issue.

If you want a good $50 gold watch cheap, you should join the watch club of C. H. Saake. A few more chances left.

Sheriff Paulsrud is beautifying his residence on Sampson's Woodland Addition by building a porch on the east side of the house.

Mrs. D. R. Carr left for Minneapolis on Sunday evening for a visit, where she will meet her husband, who went there about a week ago.

Miss Alice Van Dyke departed on Tuesday evening for a visit with relatives and friends at Evansville. She will also visit at Alexandria.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters anchoivis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's. Robert Street. [42-2]

Drop into C. H. Saake's and get a ticket to the grand watch drawing. A $50 gold watch for one dollar. Call early or your chance is gone.

They do say that Ed. Wile is the boss angler this season, as in other business. When Ed. sets out to do anything he is bound to make a success of it.

The new proprietors of the Canada House are putting down a new sidewalk and fixing up their barn, which adds much to the looks of the place.

Mrs. I. M. Underhill and "little Ned," left on Tuesday evening for a visit with friends at Norwalk, Ohio. They will stop for a short visit with friends in Minneapolis.

A carload of piling arrived at the D., C. & N. depot the first of the week. Their pile-driver is here and it looks as though work on the bridge would be commenced soon.

Our readers will please notice the change in Fontaine & Anglim's ad. in this issue. This enterprising firm are doing a rushing business and selling goods at bottom prices. Give them a trial and be convinced.

Mrs. Robert Houston, a former resident of this city, is here visiting friends. She is now living in Puget City, Washington, a new town of which Mr. Houston is one of the proprietors. It now has about 800 inhabitants.

Mrs. W. B. Dawley and Mrs. A. L. Fuller entertained their lady friends on Monday to a six o'clock tea, with cards in the evening. They also gave a card party on Tuesday evening to gentlemen and their lady friends.

Full stock of house, carriage, barn and furniture paint in any size can; also brushes, &c.

[1-2] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD'S.

Next Saturday Crookston alliance No. 698 will meet to consider the starch factory question and every farmer, whether a member of the Alliance or not is cordially invited to be present. THE JOURNAL is informed by Joseph Laframboise that he will be present representing at least 12 shares. Several other farmers have expressed a willingness to join under certain circumstances. All such should be present next Saturday as the matter should be decided one way or the other as soon as possible so that if it is decided to build, farmers can make arrangements to plant a sufficient number of potatoes. There is no time to lose and all who feel interested should turn out to the meeting next Sat

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs went to Ada this week on a brief business trip.

Engineer Duke Jewell was in the city this week visiting with his many friends!

Geo. W. Peake went to St. Paul Saturday evening returning on Wednesday.

Dept U. S. Marshal Shepard went north on business last Thursday morning.

I have received a large amount of money to loan on City property in amounts to suit the borrower. Call on,

ALEX MCKINNON.

Sam Furson was down from Dugdale last week enjoying city life. Sam is a whole team, an all 'round hustler.

Miss Nellie McAvoy will teach her fourth term of school at Gentilly, and leaves for her work on Monday next.

Mrs. Henry Lewis gave a pleasant tea-party to a number of her lady friends on Wednesday evening of last week.

John McKinnon left on Sunday evening by the way of the N. P. for Tacoma. He expects to be away about six weeks.

P. C. Schmidt returned last week from a trip below. Part of the time he put in trying cases in the Supreme Court at St. Paul.

Mrs. William Anglim and Mrs. Frank Gravel entertained their many friends at cinch on Wednesday and Thursday evenings of last week at the residence of the former.

Let the good work go on. Every week accessions to our numbers are reported and the good work should go on till every farmer in the county is an alliance man.

THE JOURNAL is in receipt of an invitation to attend the 71st anniversary celebration of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows to be held in this city on Saturday, April 26th.

While in St. Paul last Saturday we met Hugh Thompson in the Merchants lobby. He is looking very much better and expected soon to be able to go to the Hot Springs in Arkansas.

Every alliance man can get his twine at way down figures this year. While in St. Paul last week we succeeded in getting a bit of good news for alliance farmers. Particulars next week.

The number of teachers who attended the spring examination is 153, of which one took 1st grade, 23 second grade, 19 limited 2d, 79 took 3rd grade 16 took limited 3d and 15 graded rejected.

F. T. Haseltine returned to civilization on Wednesday morning after a winters' sojourn in Madison Wis. F. T. says he will be right on deck to supply all your needs in the nursery line.

Call and see our spring carpets and shades. We dont have to have special sale days because our patterns and Qualities are selected with the utmost care and will sell at sight.

CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

Henry Wight got back from Chicago last week where he went to direct the location of the site for the World's fair. He promptly condemned the lakeside site and will have it located—elsewhere.

Rudy Burkhardt was working for the butcher man on Second Street last week. Rudy says it comes handy to get back to his old trade. We notice he steps mighty high since the new boy came to live at his house.

Keitsonville Alliance No. 868 received its charter last week and starts in under very favorable auspices. At the present rate of increase there will soon be 1000 alliances in the State. Let the good work go on.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN MCLEAN.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish a letter from Secretary John Lathrop. It should be read by every farmer in the county as it indicates important work for the future. Sec. Lathrop is evidently the right man in the right place.

District Attorney, Eugene Hay, was up to prosecute the case of Barney Wahl, charged with sending obsene letters through the mail. The case was taken from Judge Ives' court to that of Edward George, and the prisoner bound over for trial.

E. H. Love, the Hallock Enterprise man was in the city last week on a business trip. Ed had the misfortune to lose a fine Star Bashaw filly last week. The colt got injured by its dam in the stable and died from the effects of its injuries. Ed considers it equivalent to the loss of a $100 note.

On Wednesday last Mr. L. W. Larson was united for life to Miss Christena Anderson. They left on Thursday morning's train for their new home at Grand Forks. Mr. Larson is one of Crookston's old time citizens and enterprising young business men.

Money to loan on improved farms at the lowest rate of interest. Give me a call, room 10, McKinnon Block Crookston Minn. ALEX MCKINNON.

On Friday while Jim Creighton was unloading a car of wood at the depot a car was shoved violently against the one he was in and he was thrown to the ground. His team started to run, distributing the wood promiscuously along Robert street. They were stopped at the corner of Broadway and Robert without doing any damage.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Council met pursuant to adjournment, April 15th, 1890.

President Watts in the chair. Members present, Aldermen Lally, Childs, Steenerson, Morrisey, Bjoin, McLaren, Schmidt, Jerome, Buhn and Jennings.

The committee to whom was referred the matter of constructing sewers reported progress and asked for further time, which was granted.

The committee on ways and means with reference to the recommendations of the Mayor, presented their report, which was unanimously adopted.

The communication of J. C. Heuler with reference to building a custom grist mill in the city was referred to the ways and means committee.

The finance committee reported progress and asked for further time, which was granted.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the part of the Mayor's message refering to finances be referred to the financial committee. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the matter of purchasing hose and hose cart as requested by the chief of the fire department, was referred to the fire committee.

The matter of purchasing a desk for Comptroller and filing cabinet for Clerk, was referred to the ways and means committee, to report on same at next regular meeting.

The request of Mason and Robinson asking for the privilege of erecting a permanent awning in front of their store, corner of Main and Robert streets, was granted as requested.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Lally, that the balance due Harris & Glenn for repairing the Broadway bridge, be allowed and ordered paid. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the petition for grading Spendley street be referred to the Aldermen of the 4th ward. Carried.

The recommendation of the Mayor with reference to appointing a City Engineer was referred to the ways and means committee.

The petition of A. P. Hanson, J. W. Hack, Louis Ellington and others recommending the appointment of O. L. Hamery as City Engineer was referred to the ways and means committee.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Morrisey that Dr. J. H. Thomas be appointed as a member of the Board of Health to fill the unexpired term of Joseph Laurence. Carried.

On motion council adjourned.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

Fence Wire.

Baker wire is the lightest and best. We also have the Lyman which is the next best wire and much cheaper per pound. Call and see it.

[1-2] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

Bids for Building Sidewalk.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,
Crookston, April 21st, 1890.

Sealed bids will be received until May 13th, 1890, for building a sidewalk, to be laid on the east side of that part of Robert street extending from a point where Bridge street intersects Robert street, to a point where Robert street intersects Washington avenue, according to the specifications on file in the office of the City Engineer. The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of City Council.

JOHN PATERSON,
[1-2] City Clerk.

Clean Up.

GENERAL LAWS.—Sec. 6. Whenever a nuisance, source of filth, or cause of sickness is found on private property, the board of health shall order the owner or occupant thereof, at his own expense, to remove the same within twenty-four (24) hours; and if the owner or occupant neglects so to do, he shall forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty dollars ($50), to be recovered in the name of and for the use of the town, city or village.

Sec. 7. Whenever such owner or occupant shall not comply with such order of the board of health, said board may cause the said nuisance, source of filth or cause of sickness to be removed, and all expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the said owner or occupant, or by such other person as has caused or permitted the same.

All owners and tenants are hereby notified to remove all garbage, manure or filth or any kind from premises owned or occupied by them in the city of Crookston, before May 1st, 1890, or they will be prosecuted according to law.

M. WATTS,
D. JACOBUS, } Board of Health.
J. H. THOMAS,

To Whom it May Concern.

MENTOR, Polk Co. Minn., April 16, 1890.—Please take notice that without just cause or provocation Sarah R. Swift has left my bed and board, therefore I forbid any and all persons from harboring or sheltering or feeding or trusting the said Sarah R. Swift upon my account in any way whatever, as I shall not pay any debts she may contract from this date, April 16, 1890.

GEORGE M. SWIFT.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

Paint! Paint!

Use Northwestern mixed paints, largest and best stock in the city. Come in while you have a good stock to select from.

[1-2] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

BIDS FOR CITY PRINTING.

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK,
Crookston, April 12, 1890.

Sealed bids will be received by the City Council of the city of Crookston until May 6th, 1890, for the purpose of doing all the city printing and furnishing stationery for the ensuing year. The Council reserves the right ro reject any or all bids.

By order of the City Council.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

FOR SALE
OR TO BE
GIVEN AWAY!

1 two or three horse Drag.
1 Broadcast Seeder.
1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
2 pair Buggy Shafts.
2 Gang Plows.
1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
3 Mowers.
2 Hay Rakes.
2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
1 Tank Pump.
1,500 good Oak Posts.
1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,
[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

AT

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers.
25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price
6c.

Henriettas.
20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price
25c.

Sicelletta.
In all the new shades, 42 inches wide would be cheap at $1. Next week's price
72 1-2c.

Ginghams.
25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price
7c.

Striped Serges.
10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price
48c.

Sateens.
Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price
25c.

A good Carpet for	50c
A good apron	25c
Blouse waists	50c
Blouse waist Ties	10c
Fast black Hose	10c
Jersey ribbed vests	10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove	$1.00

A good carpet	25c
ingrain carpet	40c
lace Curtain	$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM

Married.

SYLVESTER—PETERSON.—In Milnor, North Dakota, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Carl Seltwert, on Monday, April 14th, 1890, Mr. S. A. Sylvester, of this city, to Miss Ella Peterson, of Milnor, D. D.

S. A. Sylvester is one of Crookston's prominent young business men, being a member of the firm of Alderman & Sylvester, hardware merchants. The young lady is a prominent member of society in Milnor, North Dakota. The young couple will go to housekeeping on Ash street soon. THE JOURNAL extends congratulations to the happy couple.

Miss Jennie Newland is spending the week with Mrs. A. A. Dickenson at Stephen.

One of our faithful farmer friends writes us as follows: "I am sorry that the county board decided that we could better afford to take our chances on getting a crop from poor seed than they could afford to trouble themselves a little in our behalf to get a few bushels of good, (or at least fair seed,) into this county. The seed we are forced to use is so poor that it will be a miracle if even with the most favorable weather we get a half crop. It seems to me this is a "saving at the spigot" policy. The Great West is doing good work; every farmer who sees it will work right in line. THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and the Great West will get many subscribers here next fall."

Valley Roller Mills.
Retail Prices.

Best	$2.60
North Star	2 35
Fife	2 05
Skip Jack	1 45

Stock Farm for Sale,

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Call and Settle!

As I intend to leave for Seattle on or about April 15th, I desire to have all my accounts settled before that date, either by cash or note. All who know themselves indebted to me will please call at my office (in rear of drug store of M. Van Dyke & Co.) and settle up. I do not wish to be obliged to leave unsettled accounts in the hands of a lawyer or any other man.

M. VAN DYKE, M. D.

A Home Cheap.

We have put in a full line of the celebrated new Home sewing machines and the low price, warranted, and above all, the many late improvements in it, would surprise you.

CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending April 19th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Boen, Baard A.—2
Fridlund, N. J.
Seland, J. P.—2
Jensen, Miss Matthea.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, $100,000
SURPLUS, $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

W. A. ROBERTSON.

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE. IN McKINNON BLOCK.

REPORT

Of the Condition of the Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn., at the Close of Business, April 10th, 1890.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$ 111,177 13
Cash on hand and in banks	38,667 01
Furniture and Fixtures	1,591 21
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,177 81
Checks and other cash items	543 37
Total	$153,756 61

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000 00
Undivided profits	9,545 07
Individual deposits subject to check	59,558 31
Demand certificates of deposit	31,152 23
Due to other banks	399 83
Total	$153,756 61

I, Lewis Ellington, Cashier of the Scandia American Bank at Crookston, Minnesota, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

LEWIS ELLINGTON, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
E. P. Pierce, } Directors.
O. H. Lucken, }

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk. }

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 2d day of April, 1890.

{SEAL} ANDREW P. HANSON,
Notary Public,
Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 1st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased having been granted unto Millie Doaye, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county, on Tuesday, the 2d day of September, A. D. 1890, at two o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 1st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., April 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 1st, 1890, viz: HALVOR B. TVEDTEN, Hd. No. 10282, for the sw¼, Sec. 4, Township 150, Range 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz: T. O. Bergland, N. P. Woodstrom, A. Daniels, C. Haugenson, of Crookston, Minn.

[1-6] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Isaac M. Underhill, deceased.

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Isaac M. Underhill, late of Huron County, Ohio, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Probate Court of said Huron County, Ohio, have been delivered to this court.

And whereas, Cora B. Underhill has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things that said Isaac M. Underhill lately died at Asheville, North Carolina, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of Polk and that said petitioner is the surviving wife and sole devisee of said deceased, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to her issued thereon.

It is ordered that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in said county, on the 10th day June, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for, or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } ss.
City of Crookston, }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the Council of said city of Crookston, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on May 7th, 1890 and terminating on May 7th, 1891, by the following persons and at the following place stated in said application, to-wit: John O. Sundit and Tom O. Sundit, in the three story frame building situated on the corner of Broadway and Fletcher street in said city.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 9th day of April, A. D. 1890.

(SEAL.) JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET CROOKSTON

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR

MAMMOTH

STOCK

OF

Men's,

Boys'

AND

Children's

CLOTHING

Must be Sold

Within

75

DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article. If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR

WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING MUST GO.

FUR GOODS.

BOOTS & SHOES

At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE

C. O. D.

Clothing Ho

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Volume XIV No. 1. Everybody should enlist in THE JOURNAL army. Now is the time to subscribe.

Our thanks are due Senator Washburn for a copy of the President's message relating to the opening of the Red Lake Reservation and the report of the commission showing the names of the Indians who signed and all of the proceedings in the case. It makes a pamphlet of 193 pages full of interesting matter.

Give Us An Open Market.

The system we have is not that. It is a market wherein is no competition; wherein the price is fixed by the buyer with no regard to the rights of the seller upon a basis that will yield him an absolute certain per cent. on his money. The elevator system encourages dishonesty in that its buyers are all under bonds to make their weights and grades hold out, and, while in many cases they really think the wheat would stand a 1 Hard grade, they dare not take chances on it so down she goes at No. 1 Northern with as many points off as they think the victim will stand. If a rich elevator man owns a wood-lot in this country and should sell a settler wood from it at so much per cord, and said settler should take two or three or four cord feet over a cord at each load, the elevator man would call it

STEALING,

and along would come the sheriff and snatch Mr. Poor Settler bald headed. Or if he should sell him a cord of No. 3 Northern wood for a certain price and Mr. Settler should (by mistake (?) of course) take a cord of No. 1 Hard, what a howl there would be, my countrymen! And away goes Mr. Settler to the bastile, and yet, with how much more justice in the wood case than in the wheat case? We wonder if our business men ever stopped to consider what proportion of the wheat that has been taken out of this country as rejected or No. 3 was really No. 1 Northern, or have been curious enough to try to ascertain how much wheat has been stolen from the country under the name of dockage? We believe the total would astonish most people, and we are pretty positive that if the total amount thus taken away from trade could be given in round figures there would be no wonder expressed that the farmer kicks at the system that allows this wholesale robbery. We want a change in that system; we must have it; we will have it if the farmers are

TRUE TO THEIR BEST INTERESTS.

We want a system wherein an independent buyer can engage on equal footing with the opulent elevator man; wherein grading is a matter of individual judgment, the wheat selling on its own merits. We claim that our Minnesota grown spring wheat is worth more for milling purposes than softer wheats grown in milder climates, and that the man who does the work necessary to produce the wheat is entitled to the benefits of this superior quality, [illegible] he does not get it. The system in which he markets gives this differ[illegible] to the elevator man and the mi[illegible] the former getting no more for his [illegible] than if it was a southern soft [illegible] And yet we are told that this is [illegible] country wherein the rights of the [illegible] man are as sacred as the rights of [illegible]illionaire! It will not be until the [illegible]lest citizen in the land can stand [illegible] an equality with the rich man in [illegible] markets. We want a free and open [illegible]ket for our wheat, and the Farmers' [illegible]lliance will be content with nothing

Norman County Herald: J. E. Campbell and N. A. Mott leave Ada the first part of next week for West Superior, Wis., where they will go into the livery business. Both Mr. Campbell and Mr. Mott have been identified with the interests of Ada from nearly the time the town was started and Ada people generally will be sorry to have them leave.

Grand Forks Herald: On Saturday forenoon the three-year old child of Judge Corliss accidentally swallowed some aconite by mistake. The services of Dr. Wheeler were speedily applied with successful result. It was a close call though and it will be some time yet before the child has fully recovered from the bad effects of the poison. The bottle containing the aconite happened to be lying somewhere around and the little one grabbed for it and quaffed the contents.

Marshall County Leader: Seeding is now in full sway. Some work was done last week but the ground was hardly in condition for good work until the middle of this week. Wheat has probably never gone into the ground under more auspicious conditions than at present. The wheat acreage will be decreased very much all through northwestern Minnesota, due principally to the failure last fall to complete the plowing. Most of the spring plowing will be sown to other crops. A general purpose of summer fallowing more land, will also operate to decrease the acreage of acreage.

What is the Alliance for?

The Great West.

The Farmers' Alliance must have some real cause for its existence, or else it should at once be disbanded, the firmers take up the usual routine of business, and the politicians continue his rule undisturbed.

What is the advertised cause of its existence? To unite the toilers together to overthrow the present political agencies which are in the control of the corporations and the exchangers. To so govern the country that the immense wealth of a few and the extreme poverty of the many is an impossibility. This is indeed its purpose.

What is the invisible cause of Alliance? If we say, after a careful inspection of the field, that in Minnesota a large portion of the official mechanism of the Alliance is oiled with selfish ambition and political schemery, how far will we be wrong?

Oh ye toilers—ye laborers—ye whose sweaty faces and soil-worn garments put upon your spirits the yoke of the oppressed—is it for this that you have struggled out of the night into the dawn—hoping that the glimmer of the morning is truly the warm flush of the rising sun? Is it true that the scarlet blush is but the red fire of political ambition—that selfishness is betraying you? Do you suppose that the trusted men you put at the head of your army are suddenly inspired to unholy ambitions—to use you even now as a sacrifice to their own selfishness?

What a terrible thing is the destruction of the public conscience! Into what pit of degradation are we fallen!

And yet, is it right, even now, with the facts pointing their leprous finger right at you, to destroy or defeat the Alliance? No, friends. Let the man who knows these unwritten truths cling still closer—work still harder, until the overmastering force of numbers and of public wrath compels even the recreants to do their duty.

There are cowards. For some inscrutable purpose God made men who would be cowards. He sprinkled them thickly amid his people. That his hand is in the destiny of nations is a visible truth. That cowards often betray the cause of righteousness so that even the children may awake to wrath, is doubtless true. If so, what a mountain of indignation will soon arise in the field of conflict, for the cowards are many and the secret betrayers not a few.

Oh, for Men—men in whose hearts is erected an altar, on which burns a sacrificial flame. The great spirit of a sinless Infinite breathes a perpetual prayer for humanity to produce brave men!

When we see the trading going on among many of those who talk of faith and loyalty, and secretly scheming for self; men with whom the slightest elevation in the Alliance spawns "bees" to buzz in brainless bonnets, it makes one wish for the swift lightning of Sinai or the hailfire of Sodom. Would to God that a cyclone from one of Hell's geysers would lick them up—as a Scavenger of Vengeance.

The day is yet brightening. The hope and promise are with us—but the great struggle is yet to come.

United We Stand.

The Co-Operator.

The most important requirement for the labor and farmer organizations to consider is, how to bring all their efforts to bear upon the objective points they are trying to reach; division is and has been the bane causing all troubles, discord instead of symphony has grated upon the tympanums of the needy ones who, until quite lately, have seemed to forget that it is necessary to have a majority in order to reach the goal of their ambition. It has been necssary to educate the masses that they may use ordinary common sense in their methods of action and not kill their best friends and make pets of their worst enemies. They are learning fast and will profit by the experience of the past, which until recently, they have never done. They can see now that it will save them money, time, health, happiness and a vast amount of troubles, trials and annoyances from the ruthless ruffians who have and are robbing, ruling and ruining them under the cognomen of friendship. We see and hear from every quarter now that the masses are uniting and it should be firmly impressed upon them that unity is the great essential, so that to secure it all should be, ready and willing to ignore all minor points that the essentials may be secured we can afford to drop all whims or specialties that only cranks adhere too, and work for the general good that all may be benefitted instead of a few. Some narrow minded ones seem to think one thing will cover all our wants, but men of sense know that to be a mistake and good people are willing to drop self as far as is practicable for the public good and those who are not willing to do so should be dropped as wolves in sheep's clothing. Organize, unite, combine and harmonize as far as is possble, and victory will soon be inscribed upon your banners and a permanent victory too.

Marshall County Leader: The improvements which were to be made in side track facilities are turning out in the usual way. The indications are that when the Great Northern completes the work now going on in the yard there will be but one side track, the elevator track, in place of the three there were at one time. If the object in leaving only an elevator track is to make private shipping more difficult and force elevator patronage, the Great Northern is taking the step at a very inopportune time. The railroad and elevator corporations should bear down light until after the fall election otherwise they may be placed under the disagreeable need of buying up a farmer legislature next winter.

Repeal of Tree Claim Acts.

The Moorhead News.

The following are the provisions of the bill, H. R. 7254, to repeal the timber culture laws, &c., which passed the house of representatives March 22, 1890. This bill we think should pass the senate and become a law, in justice to the government and the people, to say nothing of those deluded citizens who, during the boom periods, filed on tree claims and have since honestly tried to make trees grow on them while living elsewhere. Some of these have sunk in this useless endeavor from $300 to $600 and now have no trees to show for their large expenditure. The fact is it is simply impossible to make trees grow on the prairies of the Dakotas unless a man lives on the land where he can protect them from the fires and winds which sweep across them, and in dry seasons carry water to them, which last, however, would in most cases be impracticable. This act allows the entryman who has endeavored to comply with the timber culture laws, to purchase his claim at the government's minimum price of $1.25 per acre, or $200 per quarter section, an instance of simple justice. We hope the senators from Minnesota and the Dakotas will push the bill through the senate. It will render substancial relief to many entrymen who have found their tree claims a financial burden, but who are loth to give them up owing to the cash and labor they have heretofore bestowed upon them. We are indebted to Hon. S. G. Comstock for a copy of the bill:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

That the act to amend an act entitled "An act to encourage the growth of timber on Western prairie," approved June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, and all laws relating to or authorizing timber-culture entries, are hereby repealed: Provided, That all entries heretofore made may be perfected to patent in accordance with the provision of said act.—And provided further, That all contests initiated against timber culture entries prior to the passage and approval of this act shall be heard and determined in accordance with the laws, rules and regulations governing such cases and in force at the date of the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. That any person who has made entry of any public lands of the United States under the timber culture laws, and who has for a period of four years in good faith complied with the provisions of said laws, shall be entitled to make final proof thereto, and acquire title to the same, by the payment of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre for such tract, under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed by the secretary of the interior.

Sec. 3. That no land acquired under the provisions of this act shall in any event become liable to the satisfaction of any debt or debts contracted prior to the issuing of the patent therefor.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [illegible]

Now Let "Rome Howl!"

The Great West.

For weeks this paper has been stirring up the wheat animals in the commercial menagerie!

For weeks we have quoted No. 1 hard in the Liverpool and London market at $1.10 and $1.11—per bushel. Once we let slip the quotation $1.18.

For weeks the wheat men of Minneapolis have been jumping onto us—and two men came over to the State Meeting to show us that we didn't know the market price in Liverpool—300 farmers heard the positive statement that No. 1 hard was worth but $1.05 a bushel in Liverpool.

On our statements of a robbery of 20 to 23c. a bushel on Minnesota wheat there has been a challenge issued of $20,000 by the wheat dealers.

If now, the wheat men will change that challenge to what we made the issue, WE WILL TAKE IT UP. Our issue was that there was a difference of 23c. between Crookston wheat plus the freight—and the Liverpool market.

WE WILL GO FIVE BETTER,

and wager that No. 1 hard wheat is this day (April 10) in Liverpool market reports, quoted at $1.20—or 58c. above Crookston at 62c.—or 33c. above Crookston plus the freight!!!!!!

Further, we will wager that "Duluth wheat"—a mixed grade—is quoted in the English market at $1.14 which was 53c. above Crookston.

And this is counting but 24c. to the shilling.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Executive Department.
St. Paul, April 19th, 1890.

DEAR SIR: Some time since I furnished you for publication a report on seed wheat. Since then Prof. Harper has furnished me a report on seed oats, of which the following is a copy:

"Nearly all oats raised in the Valley, particularly in the nothern portion, were badly rusted in 1889. I have been unable to make a sufficient number of analyses of oats to say just how the rust has affected the chemical composition; but a comparison of the physical condition of badly rusted oats and badly frozen wheat leads me to believe that the effects on the two have been similar. It has been shown that rusted wheat, when well cleaned, has, under favorable conditions yielded good wheat. It is reasonable to believe that a similar result may follow the seeding of these "light oats." But there is this difference between wheat and oats: The structure of the grain facilitates the preservation and propagation of the rust spores from year to year, while wheat does not. As Dr. Lugger has explained the accumulation of straw stocks does the same thing in preserving the spores on wheat. To get rid of rust a renewal of either rust-proof or rust-free oats is demanded. The farmers have decided to secure at least the latter, and shipments are being made from places where there has been no rust. This, however, offers a chance for the introduction of foul seed, particularly wild oats. As this is a plant whose seed is not known by the farmers of this section, it is desirable to guard against its introduction. The only way which has suggested itself is by a system of inspection by competent persons similar to that exercised by the State Grain Inspection at terminal points. Indeed such an inspection of seed grain annually would seem advisable, where now for self-protection to the state it may be necessary in the case of seed oats. [illegible]

As will be seen, this report contains information of much importance to our farmers, and it seems to me that it would be well to enlighten them on the subject. Therefore I have the honor of requesting of you the additional favor of causing the same to be published in your valuable paper, or to make such comments thereon as seems to you most desirable. If you will kindly do this I will appreciate it very much.

Yous respectfully,
W. R. MERRIAM,
Governor.

Anti-Trust in the Senate.

Farm, Stock and Home.

A short time since an anti-trust bill was introduced into the United States Senate, the work of some monopolists who just now are standing in some awe of the usually despised mass of our people. The bill was framed with the evident attempt to have it defeat its own purpose; was, in the estimation of many good lawyers, clearly unconstitutional. It was referred to the judiciary committee, which comprises some of the best constitutional lawyers in the Senate. It was expected that the bill would take a long nap in committee, would then be unfavorably reported upon, because of its unconstitutional features, "there would be no time for further action this session," and so the farce would be played to its end. To the great consternation, however, of the trust-loving senators the judiciary committee amended the bill, fixed it up so it would accomplish its purpose, so its constitutionality would stand the test of courts, and promptly reported it to the Senate. The bill treats capitalistic combinations to advance prices of necessaries of life as conspiracies against the public weal, and as being clearly punishable as such. It is difficult to see how the Senate can fail to promptly pass the bill, or why the bill should not become a law within a very brief period. The fact is, the powers that be are beginning to realize that the people are aroused, that the "mud sills" are becoming restless under the weight they are supporting, and hence the people may reasonably expect some helpful legislation.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property, and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.
MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.
Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skillfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTYS AT LAW,
[illegible] Block, [illegible]

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINN., APRIL 24, 1890.

Their Actual Cost.

Pioneer Press.

WASHINGTON, Special Telegram, April 6.—Representative Lind will to-morrow introduce an important bill, which requires the interstate commerce commission to ascertain and report the actual cost of construction of railroads in the United States. By the terms of the bill the commission is directed to commence at once and as rapidly as possible to ascertain and report the actual cost of construction per mile of each railroad in the United States, over or upon which interstate commerce is carried; also the cost of right of way, depot and terminals, amount of aid, municipal or other, received by the person or corporation constructing the road, the amount and value of lands granted by congress or state to aid construction, the amount realized from the sale of such lands, the value of such lands now owned by such company; also the cost of building such railroad depot and other buildings as they now exist at the present time. Power and authority is conferred upon the commission or any member of it to require the attendance of witnesses, the production of all books, papers, contracts, agreements and documents relating to or bearing upon the matter to be ascertained and to administer oaths; also to that end the commission or any member of it may invoke the aid of any court of the United States. Any of the circuit or district courts of the United States within whose jurisdiction such inquiry is made may, in case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpœna issued to any person, issue an order requiring any such person to appear before the commission or any member of it and produce such evidence as required, and refusal to obey the order shall be punishable as contempt. The information thus gathered shall be published in the annual reports of the commission, and when so reported shall be received and considered in all proceedings before the commission or any of the courts of the United States in which such facts are material on any question at issue. The commission, subject to the approval of the secretary of the interior, is authorized to employ and fix the compensation of such engineers and experts as may be necessary to enable it to carry out the requirements of the act.

Senator Kellar's New Twine Machine.

Farm Implements and Hardware.

State Senator Henry Kellar has recently returned from Washington where he succeeded in perfecting his patents on a new machine for the manufacture of binding twine from rye straw, and the Kellar Manufacturing company will immediately commence its manufacture in Sauk Centre, Minnesota, where a small plant has been established. D. O'Connor, traveling representative of Moline, Milburn & Stoddard, Minneapolis, has taken considerable interest in the new project, and tells Farm Implements and Hardware that it is sure to revolutionize the twine business. The machine was invented by Geo. Ellis, who lives at Crookston, Minnesota, and first brought to the notice of Senator Kellar by Mr. O'Connor, who believed it to be an invention of great promise. It is intended for the manufacture of twine from rye straw, and by the rapidity and thoroughness of its work is able to produce a quality of twine superior to manilla or sisal at less than half the cost of those varieties. Mr. O'Connor says that the inventor worked continuously for five years in evolving the principle and perfecting the constrution of the machine and mastered the process by patent and ingenious experiments covering this long period. The company has not yet decided upon its future course, but the probabilities are that this year's work will be confined to the production of a sufficient number of the machines to establish their utility beyond question and give them a thorough introduction in the agricultural world, with the expectation of a sufficient increase in the facilities of the plant before next spring to accomodate all the business required. This of course is under the supposition that the machines will be manufactured for the use of individual farmers in making their own twine, which is not yet fully decided upon. Whatever course may be pursued Mr. O'Connor says that there is ample capital interested in the enterprise and a digree of confidence in its success which assures the establishment of a large plant and the thorough development of all the possibilities of the invention.

The frequency with which ephemeral twine schemes have been sprung upon the country for the past two or three years has produced a general distrust of all innovations, which cannot be overcome except by the attainment of some extraordinary success in the manufacture of a twine equally as good, and cheaper, than the twines now in use. On the other hand, the demand for a twine equally as serviceable as the manilla or sisal and cheaper in price is so fervent wherever twine is used that nothing further than these two essential conditions would be required to completely supply them. If the Kellar twine machine can accomplish even [illegible] promised for it, it may serve a purpose which all other agencies have failed to do, in a very short time—produce a change in the twine situation which will benefit equally all concerned in its production or consumption. At all events the progress of the Kellar Manufacturing company in its new enterprise will be watched with interest until tangible results are announced.

At an adjourned meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held the 15th day of April 1890, Alderman Jerome offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Lally. It is hereby ordered that a sidewalk of the standard size (five feet four inches) be laid on the eastern side of that part of Robert street extending from a point where Bridge street intersects Robert street to a point where Robert street intersects with Washington avenue, said sidewalk to be of two inch surfaced pine, and to be constructed in a good, workmanlike manner.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Lally, Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Jerome, Bjoin, Buhn, Jennings, Watts.

Aldermen voting in the negative—None.

Passed this 15th day of April, 1890.

WM. WATTS,
President of the Council.

Approved this 16th day of April, 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON, Clerk.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.......	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest....................	80 00
Total yearly payments..	$ 168 44
Total for ten years.........	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE,

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.........	500 00
When the loan is due he pays..	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years....................	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest..................................	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years.....	1000 00
Total..	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory, traversed by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

M. M. VAN DYKE

Physician and Surgeon,

Office corner of Main and Second Streets,

CROOKSTON. - - - MINNESOTA

Sale of State Lands.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Land Office,
St. Paul, April 9th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at public sale, at the County Auditor's office, in Crookston, on Friday, June 6th, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by reason of failure to pay interest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale.

W. W. BRADEN,
[52-6] Commissioner of the State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-three and 60-100 dollars, ($83.60), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John C. Johnson, a single man, to Albert W. Mott, bearing date the 23d day of August, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 497, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve, (12), of block numbered five, (5), in the Townsite of Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the certified plat of said townsite, on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.

ALBERT W. MOTT, Mortgagee.

PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee.
[50-4] Ada Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication April 3d, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable the 5th day of March, 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Charles Netzer an unmarried man, Rosalia J. Netzer and Joseph Netzer, her husband, and Johanna Netzer, a widow, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of March, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of March, 1887, at 2:55 o'clock p. m., in book "20" of mortgages, at pages 283 to 286.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon said premises covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises, the sum of three hundred and twenty and 83-100 ($320.83) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seventeen hundred thirty-one and 95-100 ($1731.95) dollars, and no action or proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: Lot one (1) of block three (3) in the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota; lot fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), and seventeen, (17), of block two (2) in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, and the north part of lot fifteen (15), block five (5) in L. Fletcher's Addition to Crookston, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, being twenty-five (25) feet in width fronting on Oak street, (now called Broadway) and twenty (20) feet in width on the rear end of said lot, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and seventy-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, county of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLAND AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

F. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Ole J. Wigen, plaintiff, vs. Peter Waldo, Carl O. Olson, as administrator of Robert M. Helsem, deceased, Carl O. Olson, Else Martha Serkvesdatter Helsem, also known as Else Martha Serkvesdatter Ous, Anna Regine Olson, Olava Larson, Julia Jones, Helen Anderson, Anne Marie Helsem, Alma O. M. Helsem, John Gund Brewing Company, John O. Oswald and Theophile Basting, partners as J. O. Oswald, & Co., defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Minneapolis, County of Hennepin and State of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated March 14th, 1890.

UELAND, SHORES & HOLT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[49-3] Minneapolis, Minn.

☞ Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of that certain Mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1888, at eleven (11) o'clock A. M., in Book 23 of Mortgages on page 317; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes, to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2500 00) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee, at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee, on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of two thousand six hundred fifty-three and 89-100 ($2653.89) dollars; and there is claimed to be due and there is due, at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured, the sum of twenty-six hundred sixty-four and 31-100 ($2664.31) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of the said sum, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and recorded therewith, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed, situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), and three, (3), in block numbered fifty nine (59) in Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls, according to the plat of said Addition on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota. Also all of those lands described in that certain mortgage, made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, in book 23 of mortgages, on page 265; said lands being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, six(6), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), and thirteen, [13], in block one, [1]; Block numbered two, [2], except lot sixteen, [16] of said block; Block numbered three [3], Lots numbered three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], seven, [7], and eight, [8], in block numbered four, [4]; lots numbered two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6], seven, [7], nine, [9], and ten, [10], in block numbered five, [5]; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], and fourteen, [14], in block numbered six, [6]; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], ten, [10], twelve, [12], thirteen, [13], fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], eighteen, [18], and nineteen [19], in block numbered seven [7]; Block numbered eight, [8], except lots numbered one, [1], and ten, [10] in said block; Block numbered nine, [9]; Lots numbered two, [2] three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6] and seven [7], in block numbered ten, [10]; Block numbered eleven [11], except lots three, [3], and five, [5] in said block; Block numbered twelve, [12], except lot one, [1] released from this mortgage; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6], fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], eighteen, [18] nineteen, [19] and twenty, [20], in block numbered thirteen, [13]; Blocks numbered fourteen [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], and nineteen, [19], and block numbered eighteen, [18], except lots three, [3], four, [4] and eight, [8] in said block; All of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven o'clock a. m., to pay and satisfy the amount that will then be due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.

B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of that certain mortgage made by James B Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on page 265; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of three thousand one hundred and eighty-four and 67-100 ($3184.67) dollars. And there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured the sum of Three Thousand One Hundred Ninety Seven and 17-100 [$3,197.17] Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of said sum or any part thereof:

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), ten, (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen, (13), in block one (1); Block numered two, (2), except lot sixteen (16) in said block; Block numbered three, (3); Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven (7) and eight (8), in block numbered four (4); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four (4), and fourteen, (14) in block numbered six (6); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen (17), eighteen, (18) and nineteen, (19), in block numbered seven (7); block numbered eight (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), and seven, (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven, (11), except lots numbered three, (3), and five (5) in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), (except lot numbered one (1) in said block which has been released from this mortgage); Lots numbered one, (1) two, (2), three (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16) seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8), in said block; all of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon, to pay and satisfy the amount that will be then due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage, and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursement of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee,

B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court. Special term, April 1st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Gjermund T. Eiken, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being granted unto Andrew Eiken and Ole O. Christianson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on Tuesday, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a newspaper, printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court, O. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[illegible] Judge of Probate.

Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-three and 21-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter A. Thompson and Mathia Thompson, his wife, as mortgagors, to the New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book "S" of mortgages on pages 5, 6 and 7, and no action having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section eleven, (11), and the west half of the southwest quarter of Section one, (1), all in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-nine (49) west, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 10th day of May, A. D 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 27th, 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 20th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-one and 96-100 dollars, ($621 96-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Jeremiah P. Easton and Anna M. Easton, his wife, to James Stewart, bearing date the 12th day of November, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 5:20 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 3, and

Whereas, the said mortgage was, for value received, duly assigned by an instrument thereof, duly executed and delivered by the said James Stewart to Randolph State Bank, a corporation, and dated March 8th, 1890, and recorded in said office of the Register of Deeds the 17th day of March, 1890, in book 43 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast one quarter of Section twenty-eight Township one hundred and fifty-four north, of Range forty-seven west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the second day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1890.

RANDOLPH STATE BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. GRINDELAND,
Attorney, Warren, Minn. [48-2]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixty-five and 82-100 dollars, ($65 82-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ola Vraa and Karine Vraa, his wife, to A. W. Mott, bearing date the 15th day of November, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 8:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35), in block five (5) according to recorded plat of Opheim and Mott's addition to Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, with the buildings thereon, consisting of hotel, barn and granary, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1890.

A. W. MOTT, Mortgagee.

PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars, installment of interest; which became due and payable the 22d day of May, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Henry Cook and Annie Cook, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of May, A. D 1885, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1885, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "24" of mortgages, at pages 510 to 513.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said premises covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay, and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of eighteen and 91-100 ($18.91) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred eighteen and 61-100 ($318.61) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty, (20), Township one hundred and fifty-four, (154), Range forty-three, (43), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, in the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said county of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year from, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLANDS AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

W. D. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

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HERE WE ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

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DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT.)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MAY 1, 1890. NO. 2

Polk County Journal.

PULISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	11 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	17 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	[illegible]	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 68 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO
GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST,
And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tikets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

I has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to
C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,
or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul Minn.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,—BEST,—QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
6:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
8:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

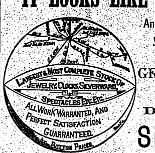
☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!



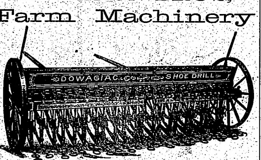
And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

McKINNON BRO'S,
Farm Machinery



DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock OF HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A STURE

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person.

The Sub-Treasury Bill

A BILL TO ESTABLISH A SYSTEM OF SUB-TREASURIES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

House of Representatives bill No. 7162, introduced by Hon. John A. Pickler, of South Dakota, embodies the demand of the Farmers Alliance and Industrial Union. It was referred to the committee on ways and means and is as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, that there may be established in each of the counties of each of the States of this United States, a branch of the Treasury Department of the United States, to be known and designated as a sub-treasury, as hereinafter provided, when one hundred or more citizens of any county in any State shall petition the Secretary of the Treasury requesting the location of a sub-treasury in such county, and shall;

1. Present written evidence duly authenticated by oath or affirmation of county clerk and sheriff, showing that the average gross amount per annum of cotton, wheat, oats, corn and tobacco produced and sold in that county for the last preceeding two years, exceeds the sum of $500,000 at current prices in said county at that time, and,

2. Present a good and sufficient bond for title to a suitable and adequate amount of land to be donated to the Government of the United States for the location of the sub-treasury buildings, and,

3. A certificate of election showing that the site for the location of such sub-treasury has been chosen by a popular vote of the citizens of that county, and also naming the manager of the sub-treasury elected at said election for the purpose of taking charge of said sub-treasury under such regulations as may be prescribed. It shall in that case be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to proceed without delay to establish a sub-treasury department in such county as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. That any owner of cotton, wheat, corn, oats, or tobacco, may deposit the same in the sub-treasury nearest the point of its production, and receive therefor treasury notes hereinafter provided for, equal at the date of deposit to eighty per centum of the net value of such products at the market price, and price to be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, under rules and regulations prescribed, based upon the price current in the leading cotton, tobacco, or grain markets of the United States; but no deposit consisting in whole or in part of cotton, tobacco, or grain imported into this country shall be received under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be prepared treasury notes in such amounts as may be required for the purpose of the above section, and in such form and denominations as he may prescribe, provided that no note shall be of a denomination less than $1, or more than $1,000.

SEC. 4. That the treasury notes issued under this act shall be receivable for customs, and shall be a full legal-tender for all debts, both public and private, and such notes when held by any national banking association shall be counted as part of its lawful service.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the manager of a sub-treasury when cotton, grain, or tobacco is received by him on deposit as above provided, to give a warehouse receipt showing the amount and grade or quality of such cotton, tobacco or grain, and its value at date of deposit; the amount of treasury notes the sub-treasury has advanced on the product; that the interest on the money so advanced is at the rate of 1 per centum per annum; expressly stating the amount of insurance, weighing, classing, warehousing, and other charges that will run against such deposit of cotton, grain, or tobacco. All such warehouse receipts shall be negotiable by endorsement.

SEC. 6. That the cotton, grain, or tobacco deposited in the sub-treasury under the provisions of this act may be redeemed by the holder of the warehouse receipt herein provided for, either at the sub-treasury in which the product is deposited or at any other sub-treasury, by the surrender of such warehouse receipt and the payment in lawful money of the United States of the same amount originally advanced by the sub-treasury against the product, and such further amount as may be necessary to discharge all interest that may have accrued against the advance of money made on the deposit of produce and all insurance, warehouse and other charges that attach to the product for warehousing and handling. All lawful money received at the sub-treasury as a return of the actual amount of money advanced by the Government against farm products as above specified shall be returned, with a full report of the transaction, to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall make record of the transaction and cancel and destroy the money so returned. A sub-treasury that receives a warehouse receipt as above provided, together with the return of the proper amount of lawful money and all charges as herein provided, when the product of which it is given is stored in some other sub-treasury, shall give an order on such other sub-treasury for the delivery of the cotton, grain or tobacco, as the case may be, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall provide for the adjustment between sub-treasuries of all charges.

SEC. 7. The Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe such rules and regulations as are necessary for governing the details of the management of the sub-treasuries, fixing the salary, bond and responsibility of each of the managers of sub-treasuries (provided that the salary of any manager of a sub-treasury shall not exceed the sum of $1,500 per annum), holding the managers of sub-treasuries personally responsible on their bonds for weights and classifications of all produce, providing for the rejection of unmerchantable grades of cotton, grain or tobacco, or for such as may be in bad condition; and shall provide rules for the sale at public auction of all cotton, corn, oats, wheat or tobacco that has been placed on deposit for a longer period that twelve months after due notice published. The proceeds of the sale of such product shall be applied, first, to the reimbusement to the sub-treasury of the amount originally advanced, together with all charges; and, second, the balance shall be held on deposit for the benefit of the holder of the warehouse receipt, who shall be entitled to receive the same on the surrender of his warehouse receipt. The Secretary of the Treasury shall also provide rules for the duplication of any papers in case of loss or destruction.

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, when section 1 of this act shall have been complied with, to cause to be erected, according to the laws and customs governing the construction of Government buildings, a suitable sub-treasury building, with such warehouse or elevator facilities as the character and amount of the products of that section may indicate as necessary. Such buildings shall be supplied with all modern conveniences for handling and safely storing and preserving the products likely to be deposited.

SEC. 9. That any grain arising from the charges for insurance, weighing, storing, classing, holding, shipping, interest or other charges, after paying all expenses of conducting the sub-treasury, shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 10. The term of office for a manager of a sub-treasury shall be two years, and the regular election to fill such office shall be at the same time as the election for members of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States. In case of a vacancy in the office of managers of the sub-treasury by death, resignation, or otherwise, the Secretary of the Treasury shall have power to appoint a manager for the unexpired term.

SEC. 11. The sum of fifty millions of dollars, or so much thereof as may be found necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for that purpose.

SEC. 12. That so much of any or all other acts as are in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

The Cost of Elevators.

A correspondent of the Rural World, E. W. K., writes from Higginsville, Mo., as follows:

It costs $7,500 to build an elevator with a storage capacity of 50,000 bushels. Such an elevator would elevate about 1,000 bushels per hour or clean 500 bushels per hour; of course the cleaning capacity can be easily made 1,000 bushels, the same as the elevating. The above includes an engine and everything complete, and by adding $7,000 more the storage capacity can be readily increased 50,000 bushels, thus making the total capacity of storage 100,000 bushels, and at a total cost of $14,500. The expense of operating such an elevator, if run on economical principles, should not exceed $1,500 per annum, or say 1½ cents per bushel. This includes everything, even insurance, which need not be excessive. The profits of an elevator from one source are this; During the months of July and August (in this section, Central Missouri) two-thirds of the grain (wheat) is threshed from the field, or out of the shook, and brought directly to market. The consequence is that the grain being new and soft, it does not grade No. 2, thus losing from 4½ to 5 cents per bushel in grading, or whatever difference there is between Nos. 2 and 3, and sometimes even No. 4. Here is one source of profit that would be saved were the wheat stored in an elevator until at least this difference in the grade could be saved.

From the above estimate, which seems to be a fair one, the cost of building the proposed sub-treasury warehouses can be made. The entire amount of all kinds of cereals produced in the United States for 1889, may be put at 3,400,000,000 bushels, the largest in the history of the country. Of this amount there was wheat, 490,560,000 bushels; corn, 2,112,892,000 bushels. The exports of all kinds of grain for the same year was about 210,000,000 bushels. Of this amount there was of wheat and flour 88,822,462 bushels; corn and cornmeal 70,241,074 bushels. The great bulk of the grain produced in this country was therefore consumed at home, and by far the largest part of the coarse grain must have been fed to stock on the farm. Bradstreets' reports from more than 1,000 different points East of the Rocky Mountains show grains in store as follows:

February 1, 1890.—Wheat, 49,681,000 bushels.
Corn, 18,420,000 "
Oats, 9,429,000 "
Barley, 2,398,000 "
Rye, 1,991,000 "
[illegible]
In store on Pacific coast [illegible]
Total 80,684,000

The total amount of wheat in store and afloat for the same time in the entire world was only 105,533,415 bushels. With this data an approximate calculation can be made of the probable amount of grain that would be warehoused at any one time. If the present amount of grain in store, say 90,000,000 bushels, is increased to 270,000,000 bushels, or three times the amount actually in store, it probably would be an outside figure, for the number of bushels that would be required to warehouse at any one time, at least for the present. The cost of building good and sufficient warehouses to store this amount of grain at the estimate quoted above, 15 cents per bushel storage capacity, would be but $40,500,000. The cotton crop of 1889 is given at 6,938,290 bales. The cost of building cotton warehouses is estimated at $1 per bale storage capacity. If the whole crop is taken into the calculation it would amount to $9,938,290, which would build those for tobacco also. If these figures are correct the entire cost of building the necessary warehouses for sub-treasury purposes would amount to only $47,500,000 in round numbers.

Certainly $50,000,000 would warehouse all the grain, cotton and tobacco contemplated in the sub-treasury plan, and likely to demand storage at any one period for some time to come. In this calculation the number of warehouses is not considered, but the whole amount to be stored is provided for. The expense of the undertaking can not be urged, therefore, as an objection. There is to-day in the United States treasury $25,000,000 of minor coin, classed as unavailable assets, for the payment of any Government debt. The National Economist will take this sum and build half of these warehouses and use no other kind of money. The mechanics of this country will not stand on the size of the coins; it is the amount that is doing the mischief. The above is a fair statement of the warehouses, and it is hoped that the friends of the sub-treasury plan will read it carefully.

How It Would Work.

After a careful examination of the sub-treasury system as outlined, the general verdict will be that it is fair, just, and equitable, but without an explanation of the details doubts will be expressed as to its practicability. In order to develop this system warehouses and elevators will be built in localities where the amount of products will warrant it. These warehouses and elevators will be owned and controlled by Government and operated under Government supervision. The farmer or planter desiring to practically use this system will, at his most convenient time, bring his products to these warehouses. It will there be inspected and graded. The market price for such products for that locality will be ascertained, and the farmer or planter will receive 80 per cent of the market value of his products in legal-tender money. He will also receive a certificate that he has warehoused a certain amount of products of a certain grade and has been paid 80 per cent of a certain price upon this amount. The certificate will show the cost of warehousing and insuring per month and the rate of interest (1 per cent) to be paid on the 80 per cent advanced. The 80 per cent is ready money, and, being a legal tender, can be used anywhere for any purpose. The certificate or warehouse receipt can be sold or exchanged by simple indorsement. The products may be allowed to remain in the custody of the Government for one year from date of the certificate. The farmer has the right, or the person holding the certificate, to dispose of this warehoused product any time during the year, just as his judgment dictates in that regard, whenever the market suits. When a sale is made the person selling simply transfers the remaining part of the product over and above the 80 per cent already received, by indorsing the certificate to the purchaser. When the holder of the certificate desires to obtain possession of the product he presents the certificate to the sub-treasurer, and receives a statement of the charges for warehousing and insuring, and the 80 per cent already advanced, together with the interest on same at the rate of 1 per cent per annum, the total amount of which he pays, and is then entitled to the product. This is briefly the working plan of the sub-treasury. With proper blanks and facilities the whole machinery can be made more simple than the methods in use at the present time. Regularity of inspection guaranteed, fair weights obtained, and all fraud and deception prevented.

A Kingly Plan of Relief.

In 1763, after a disastrous war of seven years in which he had contended with the strongest powers of Europe in combination against him, Frederick II of Prussia effected a treaty of peace at Hubertsburg, by which Maria Theresa withdrew claim to Silesia, the exciting cause of conflict. As the monarch returned to his capital he was met by delegations of farmers from various provinces through which his road led, who represented that the country had been overrun, and they were destitute of food and seed. The royal promise was given that whatever relief lay in his power should be granted. Every horse that could be spared without endangering the country in case of sudden attack was delivered up to the needy farmers, and the military storehouses were drawn on for seed for a crop. In one province 8,600 houses were rebuilt which had been destroyed, and the most distressed sections relieved from taxation, in Silesia the term being two years and in others shorter exemptions, as need suggested. In the work of recuperation, which took several years of constant application, those cities which had been fined by invaders under threat of fire had the money returned to them, and the Government accepted as the burden of the whole people the financial disaster incident to the national defense. The fourth and fifth years after peace were crop failures, and in some provinces the speculators ran the price of rye, the bread of the people, up to five thalers ($3.65) per bushel. The policy of the government had been to hoard grain for a time of military need, and the storehouses were opened and rye distributed at the price which the government paid for it in normal markets; thus causing disaster to the speculators and relief to the masses. A bank of 8,000,000 thalers capital was started in Berlin by the King, who seems in every instance to have moved to relieve his subjects from extortion by usurers. Finding that agriculture was not relieved by the bank, but lagged in the march of progress, Frederick took a step which entitles him to more praise, and better earned the distinction of "Great" generally affixed to his name than every other act of his busy life, and which was one of those victories more renowned than any on the battle field. The king seems to have realized the power of money to oppress in the condition of scarcity, the process of lowering values from the scarcity of war and famine being in active operation at the time, and the coinage being restored to standard value after very great debasement during the war period. The land owners of Silesia were yet the greatest sufferers, and the king founded in that province a system of co-operative banking, by which the land owners unitedly pledged the whole land of the province to the government, which in turn raised money on its own credit as if for a public loan. This money was lent to the association of land owners at the rate it cost the government, being in the form of a land stock, guaranteed by the government and transferable at pleasure. The immediate effect of this placing the government's credit at the disposal of the farmers was a fall in interest throughout the country to the government rate, and the people were freed from the power of money to oppress. This system was extended through other provinces with like beneficial results.

It is pertinent to note that there yet remains someting of this system of cooperation among the people of Germany, and it is stated that it is a means of great prosperity, having done much to raise the condition of agriculture where tried. Just substitute the use of the products of the people for the credit of the government, and the operation of the sub-treasury plan would be almost identical with that devised by Frederick the Great, who has been credited by history with having performed almost a miracle of statesmanship in leading his country to perfect recuperation, despite failure of crops and the disasters of war, together with the necessity for an army absolutely upon a war footing and all the preparations for war necessary by contiguity of enemies who were constantly prepared, and whose hostile demonstrations were prevented by fear of the military of Prussia rather than honest unwillingness to be guilty of any breach of national peace.

Friends of the sub-treasury plan have been met with the assertion that its practical application would produce the wildest inflation of currency at certain dates each season, and a corresponding contraction at others, which would materially injure business. One of the prime objects of this plan is to increase the volume of currency among the people, and not in the vaults of the banks. That it will do so there need be no doubt, but as to the extent of this increase only an approximate calculation can be made. To assume that all the grain, cotton and tobacco would be warehoused at one time each year would be an absurdity. The forced consumption continually taking place would to a large extent prevent such a condition.

(Continued on Last Page.)

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 1, 1890.

'Round Home.

J. S. La Due was up from Fertile last Friday.

Knute Opheim came up from Fertile last Friday.

Seed oats sell from 35 to 40 cents in this market.

The city is putting down new crosswalks wherever needed.

D. Jacobus and Dr. Dunlop are planning an excursion to Red Lake.

W. E. Walker has put up a fine wooden awning for Mason & Robinson.

G. M. Barber is spending a few days in the the city before going to Seattle.

Bro. Sibley, of the Fertile Journal, gave us a friendly call on Friday last.

F. T. Haseltine says business promises to be lively in his line this season.

A. M. Stewart returned on Tuesday morning from a week's visit in St. Paul.

F. J. Williams, of Gentilly, has rented the Knuppe place, 3 miles north of the city.

The best mixed paint in the market is sold by Stewart & Spottswood. It is used by all St. Paul and Minneapolis families. This we know to be a fact.

The daily rounds of the ice wagon proclaims the near approach of summer.

Miss Cassie Mix returned last week from her winter's sojourn in Washington.

Wheat is quoted at 71 cents for No. 1 Hard and 70 cents for No. 1 Northern in this market.

Cashier Ellington, of the Scandia-American bank, took a run out to Fosston Tuesday.

The assessors held their annual reunion at the office of the county auditor on Saturday last.

Smoked halibut, smoked bloaters ancholvis and Norway herring at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

Somebody gets a fine gold watch at Saake's for two dollars next Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock.

And now the street sprinkler makes its daily rounds laying the dust, which else would much abound.

Bert Duntly is fixing up the Davis house, on the corner of Fifth and Main Sts., and will reside therein.

I have received a large amount of money to loan on City property in amounts to suit the borrower. Call on,

ALEX MCKINNON.

Everybody seems busy cleaning up the premises in accordance with an order from the board of health.

Pat and his force are doing good work on the crosswalks. They will be wider than the old with far better drainage.

Harris and Glenn are lowering Dan McKinnon's restaurant building to a level with the sidewalk or thereabout.

Corn 15 to 20 cents in Kansas; cornmeal in Crookston 4 cents per pound—and yet you wonder why farmers kick!

Full stock of house, carriage, barn, and furniture paint in any size can; also brushes, &c.

[1-2] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD'S.

E. D. Childs received a quantity of German millet seed last week and can supply a limited quantity to those in need of it.

Max Ericsson says West Superior is a booming town, but he don't see inducements sufficient to entice him to leave Crookston.

Most of the wheat was in the ground Saturday night. It was never put in better than this year and the result should be a bountiful yield.

Fred Anderson sent a carload of lemons out to Johnny Hart, at Great Falls last week. He expects another in this week, also a carload of oranges.

Money to loan on improved farms at the lowest rate of interest. Give me a call, room 10, McKinnon Block Crookston Minn. ALEX MCKINNON.

Simon Kjelhaug was down from Fosston last week to attend the assessors' meeting. He reports Rosebud alliance as numbering 114 and still growing.

The Canada House is receiving a new coat of paint. A. A. Olds is the artist whose brush is rejuvenating the place. He is making it shine inside and out.

Evaporated peaches, apricots, raspberries, blackberries, silver prunes, California prunes, prunes and fine raisins in large variety, just received at A. Holmboe's, Robert Street. [42-2]

John Grythin was in from McIntosh last Thursday enroute for a visit to friends in the south part of the state. He expects to be gone until about July 1st.

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston nurseries, will sell trees, seeds and small fruits at lowest market prices. Send for catalogue or call at nursery. [2-tf]

I. U. Jennings says those Tacoma shingles that he is laying on his roof cannot be beaten. Wonder what's the matter with a big rainstorm beating them?

Lars E. Nelson was in from the town of Knute to attend the assessors' meeting on Saturday. He says Scandia alliance now numbers 52 members and the interest is unabated.

I. U. Jennings has houses, rooms and furnished rooms to rent [2-8]

The men on the drive all quit when the logs were about two miles from this city enroute for Grand Forks.

The Bulletin says that Hugh Thompson has changed his mind about going to Hot Springs and will go to a medical institution at Ann Arbor, Mich., instead. His many friends here wish him a speedy recovery.

Capt. W. H. Donaldson brought up from Mr. Hill's farm a carload of fine thoroughbred stock for the farm in Kittson county, one day last week. The Capt. is bound to have as fine stock on his place as the country affords.

New stock of target rifles and revolvers just arrived. Prices very low. Call and be convinced.

[1-2] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

The Register and Receiver of the land office went out to the Valear tree-claim on Saturday last to see what condition it is in. Toby Valear, who entered the claim, is serving a term in State's prison and his claim is being contested.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

S. L. Dobson informs THE JOURNAL that he will be prepared to pay $5 per ton for flax straw next fall. This will render flax raising a profitable business if flax seed sells at the usual price. Farmers interested should see him.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Wilson start next Tuesday for a visit to his father at Madison, Wis. This will be Mr. Wilson's first visit to his old home in 18 years. His father may conclude to return and make his future home in Crookston.

Alex McKinnon has bought the Misgen property adjoining McKinnon Block. We are told that he has also bought the property next adjoining on the east and if he can buy the next lot he will put up a three story brick this summer.

Secretary Hixson would like the names of the officers of each sub-alliance, also the names of the delegates to the county alliance. Those secretaries who have not already reported will advance the interests of the cause by doing so at once.

H. A. McClatchie, who came down from Red Lake Falls to attend the Odd Fellows celebration had a severe attack of inflamatory rheumatism on Sunday. Under the excellent care of Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Schmidt he was enabled to return to his home on Tuesday.

Call and see our spring carpets and shades. We dont have to have special sale days because our patterns and Qualities are selected with the utmost care and will sell at sight.

CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

O. H. Dale was down from Erskine and made THE JOURNAL man happy by renewal. While we do not expect every one to do this at this time of the year, these little helps come mighty handy and are very highly appreciated. Mr. D. reports farmers busy seeding in his vicinity—nearly through, though.

Some brilliant genius set a prairie fire in Fairfax this week and it ran into and destroyed about 15 or 20 tons of hay for Peter Cornelius, on 17. Pete says he is onto the perpetrator and if he will come around like a man and talk the matter over it will probably go easier with him than if he attempts to nig.

W. A. Burnett returned this week from the coast and his family will follow soon. Mr. B. says that many more of our old citizens would return could they get the means. He says very many are out of work and this is liable to be the case for some time to come. He prefers Polk County to anything he has seen.

See the new ad of the Alliance Hail and Cyclone Insurance Company elsewhere in this issue. This company is prepared to give better rates than any of the old line companies. It is a company of the farmers, by the farmers and for the farmers. Agents for Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties wanted. Address H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Minn.

The attendance at the alliance meeting last Saturday was small, owing no doubt to the fact that farmers were too busy seeding to spare time to attend to anything else. Nothing was done in the matter of the starch factory, but we learn that two or three farmers intend to take up the matter and push it to a successful issue. We believe this is the best way to do it.

Last week as Morton Date and May Zeigler were fishing along the banks of Maple Lake they found the body of Eddie Zeigler who was lost in the lake last winter. The body had come ashore near Smith's landing across the lake from where he must have gone in while skating from Minor Rood's place on his way home. Mr. Zeigler and Mr. Wyatt went out to bury the body as soon as word could be got to Mr. Z.

J. S. Nichols and wife, of Fertile came up on Saturday. J. S. has his wheat all in in excellent shape, with a press drill. He says if he don't get a big crop this year it will not be for lack of thorough cultivation. He says there are lots of wild oats in the seed oats brought into the country this year and cautions farmers to be careful not to sow any of that kind as once they get a foothold they are worse than mustard. He had procured a nice lot for seed and got them home before he discovered the presence of wild oats among them. Liberty alliance is steadily increasing in numbers and interest.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890. [illegible]

71st Anniversary of the

I. O. O. F.

GRAND CELEBRATION.

A Gala Day.

Crookston lodge, No. 79, did itself proud in its celebration of the 71st anniversary of the order. Visiting brethren from Fergus Falls, Barnsville, Red Lake Falls, and other places were present to join in the festivities of the occasion, many accompanied by their wives. A special from Grand Forks brought a large delegation from that city, accompanied by their band. The parade formed at four o'clock in front of the hall, in the following order:

Platoon of Police.
Grand Forks Cornet Band.
Grand Forks Lodge I. O. O F.
Carriage, containing His Honor, Mayor McKinnon, the speaker of the day, Dr. D. C. Estes, and Hon. H. Steenerson.
Crookston Cornet Band.
Crookston Lodge No. 79, I. O. O. F.
Citizens in carriages.

The line of march was up Main to Fourth, along Fourth to Broadway, along Broadway to Houston avenue, along Houston to Fletcher, up Fletcher to Broadway, along Broadway to Robert, and along Robert to place of beginning.

At seven o'clock in the evening the Opera House began to fill and at 7:30 "standing room only" could have been announced. The exercises were opened by prayer by Rev. O. H. Elmer, followed by music by the Crookston orchestra. When Mayor McKinnon arose to make the address of welcome the kids in the gallery took occasion to greet him by various shrill whistles, cat-calls, &c., all the same as though it was a minstrel show, whereupon chief of police Gonyea immediately hustled the youngsters down and out, an act that was highly appreciated by all in the audience who wished to have the privilege of hearing themselves think. The Mayor made a neat little speech of welcome and then Dr. D. C. Estes made the address of the evening, in which he briefly outlined the object of Odd Fellowship and what had been accomplished by them. At nine o'clock the meeting at the hall broke up and all who had the little ticket to the banquet adjourned to McKinnon Hall, where over 300 people sat down to as fine a banquet as was ever spread in this city. After ample justice had been done, Mr. E. W. Wile as toastmaster, gave out "Our Guests," and called upon Hon. Halvor Steenerson to respond, who did so in his usual graceful style. Dr. Estes responded to the toast "Fraternity," and had a great deal to say about the sisters. "The Three Links" brought out a fine speech from Bro. Bierly, of the Grand Forks News, who paid Mr. D. Jacobus a justly deserved compliment for the artistic manner in which he had decorated the emblem with his electric lights. The "Rebekah Degree" was responded to by Bro. Purcell, of Grand Forks, in a neat little speech. Ed. Tulene responded to "The Signs" in a manner that left the impression that the poor fellow was deaf and dumb entirely—but he isn't. Judge Montague, "To the Ladies," did not know why he should be called upon to respond to that toast unless the committee had charitably considered him the best looking gallant in the crowd. He proved very complimentary in his remarks, however. Prof. Moore responded to the toast on "Education" in a forcible speech which showed that gentleman well acquainted with his topic. "Spiritual Odd Fellowship" brought out Rev. O. H. Elmer in a grand speech, in which he said that after what he had seen and heard today of the order, it was far more easy to talk upon this topic than he had imagined it would be. "Law and the lawyers," brought out a humorous speech from P. C. Schmidt who thought he knew more about the lawyers than the law. They were an innocent lot who took more abuse uncomplainingly than any other profession in existence. The closing ode was well rendered by the brethren and the audience was dismissed with a prayer by Rev. Mr. Sharp. The ladies of the M. E. church provided the feast of good things and attended to the distribution thereof in a highly commendable manner. The hall was beautifully decorated and the tables garnished with beautiful flowers. As a whole the Odd Fellows celebration may be written down as a grand success in every particular.

A Disgraceful Affair.

One day last week as two ladies, the wife and niece of a farmer living near the city were driving home from the city in a buggy, they were overtaken by two men in a lumber wagon drawn by a span of mules. Upon seeing the ladies the driver whipped his mules into a run, but made no effort to turn out to pass the buggy. The ladies turned out into the ditch to avoid collision, when the semblance of a man turned his team toward them with the evident intention of tipping their buggy over, when one of the men in the wagon caught hold of the lines and turned the team in time to prevent a collision, but so close did they come that one of the mules' heads struck one of the ladies. Seeing that he had failed to collide with the buggy, the drunken brute, as he passed, raised his whip and struck the horse the ladies were driving, but fortunately did not succeed in his nefarious attempt to wreck the buggy. He then drove on ahead very slowly not allowing the ladies to pass until, upon reaching the house of a neighboring farmer, the ladies stopped for protection, and the brave man (?) drove on. What a grand and manly act was that for a great stout man to thus terrorize two defenceless women!! The great cowardly brute who could so far forget what is due to manhood as to descend to do such an action deserves a term in State's prison until he can learn how to act in a civilized community. That he was drunk is no excuse, for a brave man, though drunk, would never think of making war on defenceless women.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance.

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER	Lac qui Parle,	Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE	Crookston,	"
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD	Dexter,	"
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)	Underwood,	"

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER	Lac qui Parle,	Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE	Crookston,	"
ROBERT ECKFORD	Dexter,	"
H. P. BJORGE	Underwood,	"
HAMLIN V. POORE	Bird Island,	"
A. L. STROMBERG	Forest Lake,	"
IGNATIUS DONNELLY	Hastings,	"
JOHN LATHROP	Dawson,	"
HENRY PLOWMAN	Luce,	"
SETH BOTTOMLEY	Nashville Center,	"
HANS B. IMSDAHL	Big Woods,	"

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, President DAVID P. LISTER, Secretary.

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

—AT—

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers.

25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c.
Next week's price

6c.

Henriettas.

20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 85c.
Next week's price

25c.

Sicelletta.

In all the new shades, 42 inches wide. would be cheap at $1. Next week's price

72 1-2c.

A good Carpet for	50c
A good apron	25c
Blouse waists	50c
Blouse waist Ties	10c
Fast black Hose	10c
Jersey ribbed vests	10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove	$1.00

Ginghams.

25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c.
Next week's price

7c.

Striped Serges.

10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price

48c.

Sateens.

Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price

25c.

A good carpet	25c
" ingrain carpet	40c
" lace Curtain	$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

A Cheap Gold Watch.

F. X. Collins held the lucky number for the first drawing at Saake's on Saturday night and gets a fine gold watch for $1.

Bill Nye.

This great genius, at whom more than half of the world has laughed, was advertised to be at the opera house on Thursday evening of last week and, of course the seats sold off like hot cakes. Well, the evening arrived all right, as advertised but for some reason or other the redoubtable Bill failed to materialize. He was at Grafton on Wednesday evening and upon arrival at Grand Forks and learning that he could not come by train, instead of driving over, he telegraphed to have the date cancelled. We can see no really good excuse for a break of this kind and don't feel reconciled to let it pass as one of Nye's jokes. It is true that Bill was Nye but not quite nigh enough to suit.

Senator Keller, of Sauk Centre, while in the city last week said that his new twine machine would revolutionize the business just as soon as they could get a whack at the manufacture of them. He says he could put in the necessary machinery at St. Cloud or Stillwater at a very slight cost to the state, and if this is so, we imagine that it would be far better than the hemp mills. Everything considered, it looks as though the day of high priced binding twine has nearly passed away.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeray, Scott, Pope, Charlotte, Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. These books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth, and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Norwegian Reading Room.

The ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church society will give a supper this evening at their chapel, opposite St. Louis Hotel, to which all are invited.

Fence Wire.

Baker wire is the lightest and best. We also have the Lyman which is the next best wire and much cheaper per pound. Call and see it.

[1-2] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

To Whom it May Concern.

MENTOR, Polk Co. Minn., April 16, 1890.—Please take notice that without just cause or provocation Sarah R. Swift has left my bed and board, therefore I forbid any and all persons from harboring or sheltering or feeding or trusting the said Sarah R. Swift upon my account in any way whatever, as I shall not pay any debts she may contract from this date, April 16, 1890.

GEORGE M. SWIFT.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

BIDS FOR CITY PRINTING.

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK,
Crookston, April 12, 1890.

Sealed bids will be received by the City Council of the city of Crookston until May 6th, 1890, for the purpose of doing all the city printing and furnishing stationery for the ensuing year. The Council reserves the right re reject any or all bids.

By order of the City Council,
JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.60
North Star	2 35
Fife	2 05
Skip Jack	1 45

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, ying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay, 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Call and Settle!

As I intend to leave for Seattle on or about April 15th, I desire to have all my accounts settled before that date, either by cash or note. All who know themselves indebted to me will please call at my office (in rear of drug store of M. Van Dyke & Co.) and settle up. I do not wish to be obliged to leave unsettled accounts in the hands of a lawyer or any other man.

M. VAN DYKE, M. D.

Paint! Paint!

Use Northwestern mixed paints, largest and best stock in the city. Come in while you have a good stock to select from.

[1-2] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

Bids for Building Sidewalk.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,
Crookston, April 21st, 1890.

Sealed bids will be received until May 13th, 1890, for building a sidewalk, to be laid on the east side of that part of Robert street extending from a point where Bridge street intersects Robert street, to a point where Robert street intersects Washington avenue, according to the specifications on file in the office of the City Engineer. The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of City Council.
JOHN PATERSON,
[1-2] City Clerk.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

A Home Cheap.

We have put in a full line of the celebrated new Home sewing machines and the low price, warranted, and above all, the many late improvements in it, would surprise you.

CROOKSTON FURNITURE CO.

FOR SALE

OR TO BE

GIVEN AWAY!

- 1 two or three horse Drag.
- 1 Broadcast Seeder.
- 1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
- 1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
- 2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
- 2 pair Buggy Shafts.
- 2 Gang Plows.
- 1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
- 3 Mowers.
- 2 Hay Rakes.
- 2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
- 1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
- 1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
- 1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
- 1 Tank Pump.
- 1,500 good Oak Posts.
- 1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,
[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

LIST OF LETTERS.

List of advertised letters in the P. O. Crookston for the week ending April 26th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Bill, Charles
Gilbert, Gustav
Surat, W. B.

WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	9:35 p. m.	5:40 a. m.
Freight,	7:30 a. m.	7:30 p. m.

North Line.

6:30 a. m.	8.50 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	5:50 a. m.	9:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:50 p. m.	7:00 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, MINN

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

C. O. D. COLUMN.

OUR

MAMMOTH STOCK

—OF—

Men's, Boys'

—AND—

Children's

CLOTHING

Must be Sold Within

75

DAYS!

Prices no Object.

You can purchase anything in our line at prices in costs to produce the article.
If you would study your interests when you

PURCHASE YOUR
WINTER OUTFITS

Bear this in mind. Our Stock valued at

$60,000

Embraces all the lines from Reputable and Reliable manufacturers.

EVERYTHING MUST GO.

FUR GOODS.
BOOTS & SHOES
At Special Prices.

FOLLOW THE RUSH TO THE

C. O. D.

Clothing House.

FOR SALE. CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

The Great West accepts the $20,000 challenge of Messrs. Pillsbury, Sawyer et al. Now gentlemen put up or shut up.

The Duluth Tribune of April 26th says: "Alvah Dewey, at one time in the newspaper business here, died recently at Graceville, of dyspepsia." Mr. Dewey was well known in Polk and Marshal Counties. He was the founder of the Warren Sheaf and the Fisher Bulletin going from Fisher to Graceville from thence to Brainerd where he established the Daily News, from there he went to Duluth where he published a democratic paper. Mr. Dewey was ever a bitter foe to monopoly and did good work for the farmers while engaged in business here. Since his failure in Duluth we believe he has not been engaged in the newspaper business. His death will be mourned by many friends in Polk County and wherever he was known.

Last year the State Board of Equalization raised the assessment on cows one-third—from $10 to $15, and succeeded in fixing a price double what the animals would bring in the fall, thus throwing an extra heavy burden of taxation upon the farmers. Will they be as quick to rectify that error this year as they were to make it? They gave the banking institutions a proportionate reduction. Will they equalize that? On reviewing the complexion of that Board we notice that the farmers are very conspicuous—by their absence. It strikes us that here is a fine subject for discussion in our alliance, ample food for thought for farmers. An effort should be made to fix a rate of assessment on cattle that will balance the double assessment of last year. Will it be done?

That Twine Factory.

It will be remembered that, at the last session of the Legislature, the subject of the manufacture of twine at the State's prison was brought up and discussed, resulting in the sending of a committee east to investigate and report. That committee reported that owing to the vast amount it would cost to put in an establishment that it would be wholly impracticable to manufacture twine in the prison, so the matter was given up, but the farmers were not all satisfied, and President Hall, of the State Alliance, corresponded with some manufacturers of machinery in New Jersey, who gave such facts and figures as lead to the conclusion that our committee had allowed themselves to be beautifully taken in by twine manufacturers, whose interests did not lie in the direction of a Minnesota twine factory. Upon presenting his testimony to the Governor a new committee, consisting of President Hall and Secretary Lathrop, of the Farmers' Alliance, and Messrs. Norrish and Temple of the Prison Board, were appointed a committee to go east and thoroughly investigate the matter, and they have gone upon their mission. A twine factory at St. Cloud or Stillwater may result.

A $35,000,000 Robbery.

Mr. Chas. A. Pillsbury has been filling many columns of the Great West lately in the endeavor to convince the farmers that the elevator companies and the millers are not and have not been making anything handling wheat. After fully answering Mr. Pillsbury's sophistries clause by clause, Dr. Fish sums up the whole matter thus:

"Now Mr. Pillsbury, we will give the facts in this business. When assaulted on our propositions, we only had the quotations from the papers. The authority was insecure. Now we are ready for any examination, and we will put our statements and authorities against yours.

We said wheat (January we believe) was worth 60c. per bushel at Crookston. You disputed it, saying you had bought no wheat there for less than 62c. When the books were to be shown us in your office when we went there for that purpose you failed to show them for Crookston—stating that to your surprise you found you had not bought any there! And yet now we find you did buy nearly 19,000 bushels.

We now have in this office a gentleman who is ready to make oath that he sold wheat to you for 60c. last winter when graded as No. 1 hard. That is point No. 1.

Now let us run through all your category of changes without modification, as you give them.

Of course we assert that you have the charges too high, but in no case do we modify them, except to put the price at 60c. at Crookston:

Price at Crookston	.60
Freight to Duluth	.10½
Duluth-Elevator Charges	.01¼
Lake Insurance	.00¼
Duluth Commissions	.00¼
Lake Freights	.03½
Buffalo Elevator and Insurance	.01
Canal	.04
N. Y. Charges	.01¼
N. Y. Commissions (this is no charge, for you are shipping to Liverpool and have already over-charged for N. Y. transfer by one-half cent—but we will "stick it in")	.00½
Ocean freight	.06
Ocean primage	.00¾
Ocean Insurance	.00¾
Liverpool Commission and Insurance—an unjust item, as you are not selling this wheat on commission—2c. is enough—but let it go as you put it	.04
No interest can be allowed while in transit—because you are not "advancing money" on it—and if you were, it is the interest, or profit we are now getting at. Total	.94
Price of No. 1 hard wheat at Liverpool ("ex-ship" and "ex-warehouse") by Mark Lane Express—immediately before the late rise—say March 31st—40s. per qr., 5s. per bushel. Allowing that exchange is $4.80—and it is $4.88—that is, counting a shilling as only 24c.—we have, per bushel,	$1.20

This Mr. Pillsbury, is an unaccounted difference of 26c. per bushel. In our former attacks upon the wheat trade we

PUT THE TOTAL CHARGE AND DIFFERENCE

(above freight) at only 28c. Now we put the amount totally unaccounted for—on your own figures—at 20c. Certainly our assertion that there was a 20c. robbery is not an exaggeration. We are willing to go before the country—before a committee—or before the courts—on our original statement of a 28c. difference between wheat and freight and the Liverpool price—yes, and now we will make it more stupendous—that there is a 28c. robbery over and above all

THE WHEAT, THE FREIGHT, AND THE CHARGES!

The effort to show us in error has not been successful. We are well aware that slight mistakes may be made—but not errors to cover over seven cents more—and then this wheat crop, as a total is robbed of twenty million dollars, without even referring to frauds in grades, in dockage, in unrighteous rod. her freights. We go still further in belief—we believe that on the grain crop Minnesota and the Dakotas are robbed of—35 million dollars a year.

The May Wide Awake opens with a frontispiece that all American young people will hail with pleasure, for it is a portrait of the author of The Heir of Redclyffe and the Daisy Chain, Miss Charlotte M. Yunge; farther on, Mr. Oscar Fay Adams, describes his visits with her at Otterbourne. Following comes a humorous story by Louise Stockton, the sister of Mr. Frank Stockton, entitled "The Baby's Masquerade." "Apple Blossoms" is a unique little story by Mrs. Bernard Whitman. "A Long Horror" is a powerful true story of a young French count and his wife, people living still, in Mrs. Fremont's "Will and the Way" series. "The Monitor of Grammar School II," by Annie Bronson King, and the "Cow-Bells of Grand Pre," by Grace Dean McLeod, are both dramatic tales. "Bonny and Ban," Mrs. Catherwood's serial, ends satisfactorily, as does Mr. Stoddard's "Gid Granger." The illustrated papers are very interesting; "The Aprons of Paris," by Josephine Jenkins, is illustrated by Henry Bacon, and "The Upper Ten," by Eleanor Lewis, has a dozen "taking" pictures from prints and photographs. "Japanese Kites," by Ensign Bernadon, has some very quaint pictures. Mrs. White's paper on "Stenographers and Type-Writers" will interest many young women, as will Mrs. Claflin's "Margeret-Party Letter," also. A paper on "Spelling," by one of the Masters of the Boston Public Schools; Granville B. Putnam, gives matter for serious consideration. "Men and Things" is delightfully readable. The poems of the number are choice: "Victor Hugo and the Mouse," by Theron Brown; "What Baby Knows," by Esther B. Tiffany; "The Unbidden Guest," by Celia Thaxter, and "The Fairy Prince," by Marian Douglas.

Wide Awake is $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston.

A Pleasant Presentation.

G. F. Copeland and Wife Treated To a Surprise.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

Mr. G. F. Copeland, the popular general superintendent of the St. Paul & Duluth road, was very much surprised last evening when he was taken up to parlor "K" at the Spalding and presented with a magnificent gold watch and chain for himself and a beautiful gold breastpin and diamond earrings for his wife. The presentation speech in behalf of the conductors and officials of the St. Paul and Duluth road, the donors of these exquisite emblems, was made by General Roadmaster Fred Mc Naughton. His words were few, simple, yet eloquent. Mr. Copeland responded feelingly. The watch has a Swiss movement, is very plain, yet solid and beautiful. The chain consists of a series of large gold links, which give it a massive appearance. Mrs. Copeland's presents are also very tasty. The pin is of gold made up of a number of braided strands. The eardrops were also of braided gold and in the center of each was a diamond. Mr. C. M. Vance who selected the presents, showed admirable taste. They were indeed rich but not gaudy. The following gentlemen were present: C. M. Vance, general agent at Duluth; C. N. Norton, general agent at West Superior; M. Beaston, civil engineer at St. Paul; Fred McNaughton, of Duluth, general roadmaster; O. H. Oliver, Fred Hoery, John Stapleton and Ed. Digle, passenger conductors; Dr. McGee the comany's physician, of St Paul; Geo. W. De Corsey, general detective of the road; D. H. Williams, general yardmaster at Duluth, and Mr. John B. Sutphin, of Duluth.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 1st, 1890.]

WHEREAS CHARLES H. BROSSARD AND Sarah J. Brossard, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of September 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, (27) Township one hundred and fifty-two, (152) Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 18th day of September, A. D. 1885, at 12 o'clock m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page one; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-eight 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-8] Crookston, Minn.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENUCHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

First National Bank OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, [illegible] Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, E. R. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

W. A. ROBERTSON,

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE CROOKSTON LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaes.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

All work in my line skillfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 1, 1890.

(Continued from First Page.)

The average amount of grain held in store during the months of November, December and January was less than 100,000,000 bushels, the cash value of which did not exceed $43,000,000. Applying the same rule to the cotton and tobacco product would give about 75,000,000 additional, or a total of $118,000,000. Suppose this amount is multiplied by three, which would be far in excess of any probable demand, and it amounts to only $354,000,000, or less than $6 per capita. There can be no great danger in this, and if there is, it simply threatens the present condition, which give to money its "power to oppress."

THE NEW PRINCIPLE.

The National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, when it announced to the world its sub-treasury plan, took one of the most important steps in the development of modern economic knowledge. Political economy has made very little progress since the days of Adam Smith; the same principles then enunciated are still taught with much the same manner of application. During the whole time it has been taught and universally admitted, and always will be taught and admitted, that fluctuation in price is the only thing necessary to enable the exploiting class to appropriate all the results of productive industry except a bare subsistence to the laborer. This must not be lost sight of; it is the key to a proper conception of the causes of the depressed condition of agriculture in America to-day. Fluctuation in price makes everything that the producer buys for consumption comparatively high and everything he has to sell comparatively low. Fluctuation in price acts upon the producer like the double-action force-pump upon the cistern; it rapidly depletes both on the up stroke and the down stroke. As a proof of the deleterious effects of fluctuation in prices one has only to reflect what the effect of stability in price would be. All kinds of future gambling and all forms of speculation would instantly cease, and the middle-man, having been forced to give up speculation, would have no use for a secret cost mark; he would do business upon known and legitimate margins based on the service performed. Another principle of political economy fully as well established is that general prices rise or fall in exact accord with an increase or diminution of the volume of the circulating medium of the country, hence the unavoidable conclusion always has been, and always will be, that general prices always fall when the volume of money in the country is diminished, and vice versa. The volume of the circulating medium may be modified in four different ways; that is, there are two ways to diminish the volume and two ways to increase it. One way to diminish it is by actually reducing its amount by extracting from it; this may be done by destroying, hoarding, exporting, or in any other way that takes it from circulation. The other way of reducing the volume is effected by not interfering with the actual amount of the circulating medium, but increasing the demand for it and its uses; this is easily and effectually done by additions to the exchangeable wealth of the country, especially additions of such products as must be speedily exchanged and consumed. Thus an increased demand for its use would act as a reduction of volume. An illustration of this form is every year shown in the sale of the agricultural crop. The volume of money supplies a stable demand for its use by manufacturers, traders, tradesmen, artisans, merchants, middlemen, and all others whose demand for exchangeable value is about the same during each of the different months of the year, but agriculture during the months of September, October and November dumps practically all her year's products, amounting to about seven billions of dollars, on the market. This is an actual, tangible addition to the wealth of the nation, and is of a character that its demands upon the circulating medium are imperative in spite of the fact that the circulating medium is in the same demand by other classes that it has been throughout the year. The value of this agricultural product is equal to many times the gross volume of the circulating medium, and therefore this great increase in wealth and consequent demand for the use of the circulating medium acts as a practical reduction in volume. As is well known, this always depresses prices.

The two modifications of the volume of the circulating medium by increasing it, are the opposites of the two ways just described for decreasing the volume. The great but unavoidable fluctuation in the demand for circulating medium produced by the yearly sale of the products of agriculture affect a fixed volume of such medium by making it small during the fall season, and large during the spring when such products have been largely consumed, thereby producing low prices when the farmer sells his products, and prices gradually ranging higher throughout the year, during which he is a purchaser of commodities for consumption. The gist of the new feature proposed by the measure is that it provides for a flexible volume of money in addition to the usual and necessary stable volume, and that such flexible volume shall correspond exactly to the necessity for fluctuation caused by the dumping of the agricultural product in the lap of the nation during the fall, and as such product is consumed such volume contracts to correspond. This is the new principle in political economy that all modern economists must sooner or later admit to be correct, and leads to the following maxims:

A stable volume with a variable demand will cause instability of price.

A flexible volume to correspond with the variability of demand throughout the year will produce stability of price.

The recognition and application of this principle is of vital importance to the productive industries of the country, because a simple increase in the volume to any extent will not prove an adequate remedy. The volume may be increased to fifty, or a hundred, or five hundred dollars per capita; it must stop somewhere or excessive inflation would soon destroy all values, and when it does stop, if the volume be inflexible it would only be a question of time when the present depressed condition would be greatly intensified on account of the greater disparity between the fortunes of the rich and the misfortunes of the poor. If the volume were five hundred dollars per capita, and general prices were raised in proportion, as they certainly would be, the gross product of agriculture would bear the same ratio to the gross products of the country, and therefore stand in the same ratio to the volume of money, and produce as great a comparative scarcity in the fall and as great a comparative superabundance in the spring, and consequently produce low prices when the product of agriculture was offered for sale in the fall, and high prices when the agriculturists purchase commodities with which to make their crops in the spring. There is no way to avoid the conclusion that inflexibility in volume would enable the middle-man to appropriate all the surplus products of the producer just as rapidly with a large volume as with a small one.

The conditions which make the application of this principle necessary have been developed by material progress, and modern methods for the transportation of commodities and the transmission of intelligence. Until recent times it took the agriculturist almost the entire year to prepare his crop for market and market it, and consequently its sale was distributed more evenly throughout the year. Farmers before the war often held seed cotton in houses for the greater part of the year before they could get it ginned; now they pick it into a wagon from which it is unloaded into the feeder of a gin and is often ginned and sold on the day it is picked. Formerly it took weeks and sometimes months to market the crop; now the most remote points can sell in New York every day in the year. These facts have developed the necessity for the application of this principle. It did not exist in Adam Smith's time, but it does exist in an eminent degree now. The honorable gentlemen of the Congress of the United States should lay aside preconceived ideas, prejudice and the "tendencies of early educational training" and step out squarely upon at high and progressive plane of advanced modern thought, and remember that the agriculturists of America ask no favors, but demand justice; and unless those who represent them in Congress intelligently comprehend the situation and keep up with the march of modern evolution of demonstrable truths, their constituency will surpass them and leave them alone to mourn their lack of application.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN McLEAN.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Isaac M. Underhill, deceased.

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Isaac M. Underhill, late of Huron County, Ohio, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Probate Court of said Huron County, Ohio, have been delivered to this court.

And whereas, Cora B. Underhill has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things that said Isaac M. Underhill lately died at Asheville, North Carolina, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of Polk, and that said petitioner is the surviving wife and sole devisee of said deceased, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to her issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in said county, on the 10th day June, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for, or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 1st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased having been granted unto Millie Doaye, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county, on Tuesday, the 2d day of September, A. D. 1890, at two o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 1st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court, C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[11-3] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 1st, 1890, viz: HALVOR B. TVEDTEN, Hd. No. 10,293, for the sw¼ Sec. 4, Township 150, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz: T. O. Bergland, N. F. Woodstrom, A. Daniels, C. Haagenson, of Crookston, Minn.

[1-6] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk,
City of Crookston, } ss.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the Council of said city of Crookston, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on May 7th, 1890, and terminating on May 7th, 1891, by the following persons and at the following place stated in said application, to-wit: John O. Sundit and Tom O. Sundit, in the three story frame building situated on the corner of Broadway and Fletcher street in said city.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, on the sixth day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 9th day of April, A. D. 1890.

(SEAL.) JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

M. M. VAN DYKE

Physician and Surgeon,

Office corner of Main and Second Streets,

CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

Sale of State Lands,

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Land Office,
St. Paul, April 9th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at public sale, at the County Auditor's office, in Crookston, on Friday, June 6th, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by reason of failure to pay interest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale.

W. W. BRADEN,
[52-5] Commissioner of the State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-three and 60-100 dollars, ($83.60), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John C. Johnson, a single man, to Albert W. Mott, bearing date the 2d day of August, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 497, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve, (12), of block numbered five, (5) in the Townsite of Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the certified plat of said townsite, on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.

ALBERT W. MOTT, Mortgagee.

PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication April 3d, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable the 5th day of March, 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Charles Netzer an unmarried man, Rosalia J. Netzer and Joseph Netzer, her husband, and Johanna Netzer, a widow, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of March, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of March, 1887, at 3:55 o'clock p. m., in book "20" of mortgages, at pages 233 to 236.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon said premises covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises, the sum of three hundred and twenty and 83-100 ($320.83) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seventeen hundred thirty-one and 95-100 ($1731.95) dollars, and no action or proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: Lot one (1) of block three (3) in the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota; lot fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), and seventeen, (17), of block two (2) in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, and the north part of lot fifteen (15), block five (5) in L. Fletcher's Addition to Crookston, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, being twenty-five (25) feet in width fronting on Oak street, (now called Broadway) and twenty (20) feet in width on the rear end of said lot, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and seventy-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, county of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLANDS AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

F. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Ole J. Wigen, plaintiff, vs. Peter Waldo, Carl O. Olson, as administrator of Robert M. Helsem, deceased, Carl O. Olson, Else Martha Serkvesdatter Helsem, also known as Else Martha Serkvesdatter Ous, Anna Regine Olson, Olava Larson, Julia Jones, Helen Anderson, Anne Marie Helsem, Alma O. M. Helsem, John Gund Brewing Company, John O. Oswald and Theophile Basting, partners as J. O. Oswald & Co., defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Minneapolis, County of Hennepin and State of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated March 14th, 1890.

URLAND, SHORES & HOLT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[49-7] Minneapolis, Minn.

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of that certain Mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d. day of August, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 23rd day of August, 1888, at eleven (11) o'clock A. M., in Book 22 of Mortgages on page 317; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes, to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2500 00) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee, at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee, on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of two thousand six hundred fifty-three and 89-100 ($2653.89) dollars; and there is claimed to be due and there is due, at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured, the sum of twenty-six hundred sixty-four and 31-100 ($2664.31) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of the said sum, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and recorded therewith, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed, situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), and three, (3), in block numbered fifty nine (59) in Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls, according to the plat of said Addition on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota. Also all of those lands described in that certain mortgage, made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; said lands being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, six(6), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12) and thirteen, [13], in block one, [1]; Block numbered two, [2], except lot sixteen, [16] of said block; Block numbered three [3], Lots numbered three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], seven, [7], and eight, [8] in block numbered four, [4]; lots numbered two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6], seven, [7], nine, [9], and ten, [10], in block numbered five, [5]; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], and fourteen, [14], in block numbered six, [6]; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], ten, [10], twelve, [12], thirteen, [13], fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], eighteen, [18], and nineteen [19], in block numbered seven [7]; Block numbered eight, [8], except lots numbered one, [1], and ten, [10] in said block; Block numbered nine, [9]; Lots numbered two, [2] three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6] and seven [7], in block numbered ten, [10]; Block numbered eleven [11], except lots three, [3], and five, [5], in said block; Block numbered twelve, [12], except lot one, [1] released from this mortgage; Lots numbered one, [1], two, [2], three, [3], four, [4], five, [5], six, [6], fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], eighteen, [18] nineteen, [19] and twenty, [20], in block numbered thirteen, [13]; Blocks numbered fourteen, [14], fifteen, [15], sixteen, [16], seventeen, [17], and nineteen, [19], and block numbered eighteen, [18], except lots three, [3], four, [4] and eight, [8] in said block; All of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven o'clock a. m. to pay and satisfy the amount that will then be due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.

B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of that certain mortgage made by James B Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 265; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date, and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of three thousand one hundred and eighty-four and 67-100 ($3184.67) dollars. And there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured the sum of Three Thousand One Hundred Ninety Seven and 17-100 ($3,197.17) Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of said sum or any part thereof:

NOW THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), ten, (10), (eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen, (13), in block one (1); Block numered two, (2), except lot sixteen (16) in said block; Block numbered three, (3); Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven (7) and eight (8), in block numbered four (4); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four (4), and fourteen, (14) in block numbered six (6); Lots numbered one (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen (17), eighteen, (18) and nineteen, (19), in block numbered seven (7); block numbered eight (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots two (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), and seven, (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven, (11), except lots numbered three, (3), and five (5), in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), (except lot numbered one (1) in said block which has been released from this mortgage); Lots numbered one, (1) two, (2), three (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16) seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8), in said block; all of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon, to pay and satisfy the amount that will be then due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage, and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee as stipulated in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursement of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE,
Mortgagee.

B. W. SMITH, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court. Special term, April 1st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Gjermund T Eiken, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being granted unto Andrew Eiken and Ole O. Christianson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on Tuesday, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court, C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[52-3] Judge of Probate.

Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-three and 21-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter A. Thompson and Mathia Thompson, his wife, as mortgagors, to the New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book "S" of mortgages on pages 5, 6 and 7, and no action having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section eleven, (11), and the west half of the southwest quarter of Section one, (1), all in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-nine (49) west, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State on the 19th day of May, A. D 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 27th, 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication March 20th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of six hundred twenty-one and 06-100 dollars, ($621 06-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Jeremiah P. Easton and Anna M. Easton, his wife, to James Stowart, bearing date the 12th day of November, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 3, and

Whereas, the said mortgage was, for value received, duly assigned by an instrument thereof, duly executed and delivered by the said James Stewart to Randolph State Bank, a corporation, and dated March 8th, 1890, and recorded in said office of the Register of Deeds the 17th day of March, 1890, in book 43 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast one quarter of Section twenty-eight Township one hundred and fifty-four north, of Range forty-seven west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and state on the second day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1890.

RANDOLPH STATE BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. GRINDELAND,
Attorney, Warren, Minn. [48-2]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixty-five and 80-100 dollars, ($65 80-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ole Vraa and Karine Vraa, his wife, to A. W. Mott, bearing date the 15th day of November, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 8:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35) in block five (5) according to recorded plat of Opheim and Mott's addition to Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, with the buildings thereon, consisting of hotel, barn and granary, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1890.

A. W. MOTT, Mortgagee.

PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable the 22d day of May, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Henry Cook and Annie Cook, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagees, bearing date the 20th day of May, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "24" of mortgages, at pages 510 to 513.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said premises, covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay, and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of eighteen and 91-100 ($18.91) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred eighteen and 61-100 ($318.61) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty, (20), Township one hundred and fifty-four, (154), Range forty-three, (43), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, in the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said county of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLANDS AMERICAN LAND COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

W. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum.

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MAY 8, 1890. NO. 3

Polk County Journal.

PULISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,300 miles of steel track, it runs through 63 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

GRAND FORKS AND THE WEST,
And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

It gives choice of two routes to the Pacific Coast with tickets $5.00 and $10.00 cheaper than by any other line.

I has the new and short route to Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas and the Southwest, via the Sioux City and Northern.

For rates, tickets, maps and guides, apply to
C. H. MIX,
Local Ticket Agent,
or write to F. I. WHITNEY, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points troughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
8:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:23 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

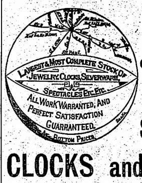
☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul, Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!



And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

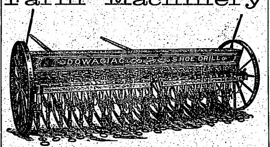
I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

McKINNON BRO'S,
Farm Machinery



DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock OF HACK & GALLASCH And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE in connection which I will attend to in person.

Fifth District Alliance.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Fifth Congressional District Farmer's Alliance will be held at Fergus Falls, on Thursday, the 12th day of June, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. Each subordinate and County Farmer's Alliance in good standing will be entitled to one delegate and one alternate. The alternate to have the right to the floor at such meeting and to vote in the absence of the regular delegate.

It is expected that the hotels of Fergus Falls will give reduced rates for board to Alliance members, and it is believed that the railroads will give reduced passenger fare to those attending the meeting. Should they do so, notice will be given through the newspapers.

Wm. W. Erwin, of St. Paul, has promised to address the meeting. S. M. Owen, of the Farm, Stock and Home, will also speak. His subject will be "National Monopolies, and How to Control Them." Other speakers are expected. Appearances indicate that this will be the largest meeting of Farmers ever held in the Fifth district.

Farmers of the Northwest, do not fail to attend this meeting!

Come whether you are a delegate or not!

All farmers are cordially invited.

Officers and members of the Alliance: Call a meeting of your Alliance and elect your delegates!

Never before in the history of the Nation has there been a greater need of a closer union among the farmers than at present. Every intelligent farmer sees the necessity of a powerful organization composed of the tillers of the soil, well knowing that the unorganized masses will be the helpless prey of the organized combinations of wealth.

There must be something radically wrong in the conditions of trade and commerce, when but little or no profit is realized by the farmers who raised the 40,000,000 bushels of wheat in Minnesota the last year, while all along the line from Minnesota to Liverpool, countless of men and corporations have been made rich (some of them millionaires) by handling and manipulating this same product.

There must be something radically wrong in the conditions of our popular Government, when its Supreme Court virtually reverses its own decisions of twenty years standing (as in the Minnesota railroad cases), a decision upon which the whole fabric of State and Interstate Commerce has been built and operated. While the farmers have remained passive, in the fond hope that the laws would be enforced and that the Courts would remain a bulwark of defense for the weak against the strong and for the right against the strong, the great monied interests of the country have been organizing and combining their forces for the purpose of not only controling every route of transportation, and every avenue of trade in the interests of the rich and powerful, but for the purpose of controling and manipulating the Legislative, Executive and Judical bodies in the State and National Governments, in the interest of combine capital.

How long will the great mass of farmers remain passive spectators and see the beautiful farms of this country taxed out of their hands by a system of taxation, which, unorganized, they are helpless to combat? How long shall we remain passive and see the products of our farm so manipulated that the profits are absorbed by combinations, trusts and monopolies? "In union there is strength," and our only safety lies in a thorough organization of the farmers We ask only for our rights. Let us demand them with such numbers and determination that they will be heeded.

R. J. HALL, President.
E. H. ATWOOD, Secretary,
Fifth Congressional District Alliance.
ST. CLOUD, Minn., April 28, 1890.

Government Falsehood.

The Great West.

Some wonderful things emanate from this republic of ours—from the government. That it is run, or managed, by less than one thousand men, through a banking association and its committee, is as sure as that the Bankers' Association exists.

The New York Tribune stated clearly, but a few days ago, that

"The time is near at hand when they (the banks) will feel called upon to 'act strongly.' Meanwhile a very good thing has been done. The machinery is furnished by which in an emergency the financial corporations of the east can act together at a single day's notice with such power that no act of congress can overcome or resist their decision.'

But this little trifling item is nothing. The whole history of the creation of the great millionaires has been a record of the robbery of labor.

The government is used by the plutocrats—not in the abstract, or vapory sense—but in a concrete, actual, practical manner. For instance, the wheat ring want to down the price of wheat until they get it into their hands—the government statistician publishes abroad a wheat report millions in excess of the actual crop. Then wheat tumbles. January options are closed, May deliveries are coming—the wheat is "in store," the estimates are knocked under—and up goes the price.

But some journal like the Great West,

THROWS A BOMB

under the transportation business—showing up a fraud in wheat alone, for the northwestern states, of

TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS!

So the plutocrats want some government reports on freightage—and the great Dodge brings out a Grain and Cattle Report.

In that report the cost of shipping grain from New York to Liverpool is shown up as 10 to 12c. a bushel, by four great lines—for February and March.

What are the facts—there has not been a wheat charter made from January 1st to date for as much as 10c. All during March the rate was six cents.

Again, we find the government quoting flour freights by ocean, New York to Liverpool, at 72c. per barrel.

And yet it costs only 82c. a barrel to ship flour from Minneapolis, 12 to 1500 miles by rail, and ocean too, over to Liverpool. So it costs only 10c. a barrel to ship flour from Minneapolis to New York! Is that so? Well, scarcely.

If the United States government is going to be entered in the race for liars, hadn't the ordinary politicians better take a back seat?

We have looked through Dodge's Reports for January and February, and for March, and they are a compilation of falsehoods.

It gives the freight rates by the Chi. & Northw., Omaha to Chicago, as follows:

Flour (class freight) per 100 lbs.	.25
Wheat (bulk)	.25

That is to say, a producer loads a car himself, and pays for the unloading, in bulk, and is taxed the same as a manufacturer for a class freight!

The Illinois Central freight is given the same.

The Wabash road actually charges more for wheat than flour!

There are various other points in these remarkable reports which demand attention. It is a heavily weighted protection document, and preaches its fallacies unblushingly.

They preach the decayed and illegitimate doctrine of overproduction—a doctrine as false as it is pernicious. Every political economist in the world knows that there

IS NO OVERPRODUCTION.

We have a population of 65 million of people. Sixty of them should consume flour. The total wheat crop of the United States only yielded 230 pounds of flour for each of this population for an entire year. As a matter of fact we have a flour eating population of 60 millions. That allows but

230 POUNDS OF FLOUR (TOTAL CROP)

for each person for an entire year!—less than ten ounces per head per day, after taking out non-bread eating infants, not allowing for seed wheat, etc.—much less than the ration allowed a soldier. And yet we know that there is wheat too poor to manufacture into flour. It is perfectly reasonable to estimate the flour consuming of the people of this country at not over

EIGHT OUNCES PER DAY

for those old enough to eat bread.

If, now, you give the millions who never enjoy the luxury of white bread, and those who eat too little—the vast basement population—only two ounces per day more of flour it would require 7,500,000 pounds per day more flour, or about

SIXTY MILLION BUSHELS OF WHEAT.

There is not wheat enough raised in this country to feed its population when its three million tramps and ten million poor people have enough to eat.

The same relation exists as to beef—only that it is immensely more startling.

We will further state that statistics show that the people of the United States consumed 8 ounces of flour per capita in 1880-3, and in 1889 only 6¼ ounces! [These figures were ascertained after the above was in type.]

The doctrine of over production is a myth.

The Sub-treasury Bill.

The Great West.

Friends of the Sub-treasury plan have been met with the assertion that its practical application would produce the widest inflation of currency at certain dates each season, and a corresponding contraction at others, which materially injure business. One of the prime objects of this plan is to increase the volume of currency among the people, and not in the vaults of the banks. That it will do so, there is no doubt, but as to the extent of this increase only an approximate calculation can be made. To assume that all the grain, cotton and tobacco would be warehoused at one time each year is an absurdity. The forced consumption continually taking place would to a large extent prevent such a condition. The average amount of grain held in store during the months of November, December and January was less than 100,000,000 bushels, the cash value of which was not to exceed $43,000,000. Applying the same rule to the cotton and tobacco product would give about $75,000,000 additional, or a total of $118,000,000. Suppose this amount is multiplied by three, which would be far in excess of any probably demand, and it amounts to only $354,000,000, or less than $6 per capita. There can be no great danger in this, and if there is, it simply threatens the present conditions, which give to money its "power to oppress."—Economist.

An Example of What an Alliance can Do.

The Great West.

At Grand Meadow, Mower Co., is an alliance which has been in existence for several years. It is composed of thoughtful farmers who look at the robberies perpetrated against the producer in a practical manner. It was the Grand Meadow Alliance which interviewed the Alliances throughout the state to the formation of the Farm and Labor party, which nominated Ignatius Donnelly for Governor, in 1888.

This alliance had passed through all the tribulations in regard to shipping grain that other farmers experienced, and it finally resolved to move forward in the line of independence.

They raised a stock company, and contributed only $35—$5 shares. They rented a grainhouse 60x30 feet, put in a hand mill, and secured Mr. Paddock to "operate." They then fixed the following schedule of charges:

Wheat, 1c.
Timothy and clover, 1½c.
Barley, 1c.
Oats, ½c.
Flax, 1½c.

Their charge included use of warehouse, scales tools, salary of Mr. Paddock, etc., etc. The warehouse man cared for the property, loaded, and acted as agent, transacting the business and making returns.

The cleanings or screenings were taken by the farmers, and often ground up for feed and taken home. The screenings usually paid for cleaning—generally more than paid for it.

The result was very satisfactory. On one car load of seeds they cleared $127 above the highest offers at the elevators, and we saw four or five there, three of them in full blast. Mower County is not a wheat county now, but these farmers shipped from 40,000 to 50,000 bushels of grain and seeds last season.

How did they come out? Mr. Pillsbury should read this, because it

HITS HIS FIVE CENTS VERY HARD.

They only had $35 invested, but they paid all expenses including rent, carried $2,000 insurance, paid back all the stockholders their investment, and declared a

FIFTY PER CENT DIVIDEND!

They have now enlarged their company and bought a warehouse.

This is but one instance. We know of a wheat house in Dakota, which cost $2,700—which cleared a net of $1,000 in one year, on 1c. a bushel for wheat—The fact is these plutes want the whole earth, and if they can't have that they will take all they can get!

DULUTH Minn., April 29, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:

After passing the winter amongst my friends in the old country, I returned to Duluth on Friday last. I found my English buyers eminently satisfied with the quality of the wheat I shipped last fall from Duluth. They all fully realize the importance of direct relations for purchasing the fine wheat of the Red River Valley, which they readily acknowledge to be the finest in the world. All express their desire for a continued supply of pure straight shipped wheat. I return to Duluth fully realizing the great mutual value of direct relations between your growers and English millers, and feel animated with the certainty of being able to secure the result so long desired, especially after the liberal support I received last season. I have been fortunate in securing the cooperation of Mr. Herbert R. Walker, a son of the late Alderman John Walker of the city of London, who was the chief pioneer in the introduction of American grain to the United Kingdom. This gentlemen has had a lengthened experience and has acquired valuable connections in this branch of the business.

I inclose official circular on this subject and remain,

Yours faithfully,
GAUTIER DE STE. CROIX.

DULUTH, Minn., May 1st, 1890.

Dear Sir:

I beg to inform you I have this day admitted into partnership Mr. Herbert R. Walker, who has for a number of years been actively associated in England with the London Grain Trade. The style of the firm will henceforth be

GAUTIER DE STE. CROIX, WALKER & Co.

I remain yours Faithfully,
GAUTIER DE STE. CROIX

P. S.—We shall continue to give our special attention to the direct shipment of wheat to our English friends. Our connections with the leading buyers in the old country place us in the best possible position to handle farmers' consignment to the best advantage, to which we shall, as in the past, devote our careful supervision.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
CROOKSTON, Minn., May 1st 1890.

Notice is hereby given that following Township plats:

Tp. 162, R. 39, Tp. 163, R. 39, Tp. 161, R. 40, Tp. 162, R. 40, Tp. 163, R. 40, Tp. 161, R. 41, Tp. 162, R. 41, Tp. 163, R. 41, will be filed in this office on June 16th 1890, and that entries and filings for lands in the same will be received on and after said date.

H. H. DICKMANN.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered to the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more full shown by the following statement: A aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance........$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.................... 80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years..........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest...........................$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years.................................. 1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest..................................$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00
Total.......................................$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Crookston, Minn.
Nov, 12, 1889.
[30-43]

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department, and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 8, 1890.

'Round Home.

District court convenes June 2d.

Dollar wheat next fall—or higher.

Fresh strawberries at Mason & Robinson's.

The County Board meets on the 21st of this month.

Henry Peterson was down from Fosston on Saturday.

P. O. Schmidt went down to Ada to attend court this week.

Comrade H. W. Cleveland was down from Mentor on Tuesday.

Louis Bergquist is the happy father of a bouncing boy, April 28th.

S. Cruikshank has received the appointment of postmaster at Buffington.

I. U. Jennings has houses, rooms and furnished rooms to rent [2 3]

The C., D. & N. R. R. depot goes east 500 feet from where it was located last fall.

E. D. Childs has gone to Duluth to attend a meeting of the D. & W. directors.

Wm. Box Jr. left for Tacoma this week where he expects to remain four months.

Fred Anderson has purchased the J. M. Palmer place, on Broadway, and moved in.

John McLean went down to Ada this week as a witness in a case before the district court.

Genial Will Carlton was down on Tuesday. Says Angus alliance is flourishing like a green bay hoss.

Pile-driving has commenced in earnest on the C., D. & N. R. R. and will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

Mason & Robinson set up their soda fountain this week. Bound to be ready for business when summer comes.

Simon Kjolhaug writes for a sample of twine. His communication has been referred to the State purchasing agent.

Bert Bivins has gone out of the N. P. Express office and is engaged on the work of piling for the C., D. & N. R. R.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Wilson left for a visit to his parent at Madison Wis., via the old pioneer line on Tuesday evening.

The Fisher Bulletin says that Hugh Thompson arrived safely at the sanitarum at Battle Creek and is doing nicely.

H. Steenerson has purchased two lots on Houston avenue, opposite John Cromb's place, and will build a new residence.

Money to loan on improved farms at the lowest rate of interest. Give me a call, room 10, McKinnon Block Crookston Minn. ALEX MCKINNON.

C. C. Elfelt, secretary of the Northwestern Wind Mill Co., was in the city last week talking wind mills to Tom Bjoin.

Wm. Matin, Jr., goes to Fosston to teach the young ideas how to shoot. W. M. Sr. still pursues the old idea at home.

Assessor Wight is again abroad on his annual tour of inspection. Wight is a jolly good follow but his business is a kind of a nuisance.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

Prof. Harper sends us a sample of wild oats. All who do not know the wild oat when they see it should call and get acquainted.

Mason & Robinson's new wooden awning is a thing of beauty, whether it will be a joy forever depends in a measure upon the elements.

Jake Ide was in town last week and said to THE JOURNAL man: "I want you to say that it is a boy and a husky little chap. Have a cigar!"

John McLean goes this week to Lincoln, Nebraska, with his niece. From thence he will take a trip to the coast, returning in six or eight weeks.

May wheat went to $1.00 in Chicago. In Crookston it went to 73 cents—but then Crookston hasn't got a world's fair to provide for and don't need so much.

Charlie Johnson writes THE JOURNAL that "it is a boy, born April 22d, regulation weight and a thorough alliance anti-monopolist." Here's Ho, Charlie.

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston nurseries, will sell trees, seeds and small fruits at lowest market prices. Send for catalogue or call at nursery. [2-tf]

The residence of A. Danielson in the town of Lowell was burned on Tuesday morning with all its contents. Fire broke out about 6 o'clock and the family barely escaped with their lives.

D. D. Williams has indulged in a new book-case which he keeps in the way of all intruders when he is busy. Such an array of Blackstone is enough to appal anybody but a newspaper reporter.

We think we can announce that Dr. E. W. Fish will visit Polk County some day this month. He is to be at Ada and an effort is being made to secure him for one speech in Polk County, at least.

No. 1 Hard wheat was quoted at 76 in this market yesterday. No. 1 Northern 75.

While rain would undoubtedly do much good to grass, we are of the opinion that wheat has not yet suffered the lack of it. If we get it within two or three weeks the wheat crop will be all right.

Prof. D. N. Harper, the chemist at the State Agricultural Experiment Station was in the city last week. The Prof. is an enthusiast on the subject of good seed and has given all his attention to the subject for the last two years.

"A Bunch of Keys" was put on at the Opera House on Saturday evening. It was fairly well rendered to a small audience who laughed at the droll situations some. After the Bill Nye fiasco our people are prepared to laugh at anything.

D. D. Williams has purchased a farm and wishes us to remark that he is elligible to admittance to the ranks of ye horny handed granger. We shall take that latter statement with a grain of salt until we see him riding a broncho or a bicycle.

Larson Bros open out this week at the old stand of Holmboe & Larson. They are good honest boys and deserve bushels of success. Try the boys when you need groceries or crockery. For cash they can surprise you. We wish them the success they deserve.

On Wednesday, April 30th, Dan O'Connor, Jr., led to the altar Miss Carrie Twombley, a former resident of this city. The marriage ceremony was performed at the Sacred Heart church in Duluth. It is said that the happy couple will make this city their future home.

T. M. Nelson was up from Fertile last Thursday, chatting with old friends. T. M. is a thorough alliance man, ready to do anything and everything necessary to obtain a free and open wheat market. He reports the good doctrine rapidly spreading and many being added to the fold at every meeting.

D. Jacobus, Dave Robinson, Doc Dunlop, Will and Henry Peterson, left for a trip to Red Lake on Tuesday. At Fosston they were to be joined by W. J Hilligess and two others whom they take along for ballast—to preserve the equilibrium as it were and anticipate worlds of fun with the funny tribe and other wild game.

Geo. W. Tice, one of the early settlers at Maple Lake died on Sunday morning. He had been ailing for sometime with cancer in the stomach it is thought but was not supposed to be in immediate danger. He is said to have been about 56 years old and a native of Canada. He leaves a wife but no children to mourn his loss.

Sheriff Paulsrud went down to Duluth on Thursday last to arrest one Agnes Gaboriau, charged by her husband with eloping with Frank Perrie and taking in her flight various and sundry household goods. The Sheriff was successful and returned on Saturday morning with his prisoners. After an interview with his wife Mr. G. settled the costs and the case was dismissed.

Geo. Holt was the lucky man at Saake's weekly gold watch drawing on Saturday night. We are more than pleased at this as Geo. is one of the old veterans and gets a splendid gold watch for only two dollars. These old vets deserve the best the shop affords and nothing it too rich for their blood. George now walks as high as a Shanghai rooster on hot corn. Good boy.

On Wednesday evening, April 30th, Mr. W. E. Walker was united for life to Miss Carrie T. Mix, youngest daughter of Major C. H. Mix, of this city. Mr. Walker is one of Crookston's rising young business men and his charming bride has grown from a child in our midst. THE JOURNAL acknowledges a generous supply of wedding cake and wishes the happy couple a long and prosperous life.

At last the line of the C., D. & N. R. R. has been deffinitely located through the city and active work has been commenced upon the construction. The following persons have sold their residences and other property: John McLean, Frank Pelletier, John Paterson, K. D. Chase, S. L. Dobson, Rudy Burkhardt, R. J. Montague, J. G. McGrew, O. H. Lucken, Johnson, H. Steenerson, E. P. Pierce, one of the D. H. Beecher houses, C. H. Mix and L. D. Marshall. The road will go through the old McDonald brickyard property and Clements' addition.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Alexander departed on Tuesday night via the old pioneer line to Glyndon where they take the Northern Pacific for their new home at Tacoma. They were accompanied to the depot by hosts of friends who went down to say farewell and wish them bon voyge. Mr. A. is one of the oldest conductors on the old pioneer line, coming to Crookston when this city was a hamlet of a few souls and he has regarded this city as his home ever since. Here he met his fate, at that time a reigning society belle and here since their marriage they have lived and made hosts of friends who while they sorely regret to see them go have nothing but the sincerest wishes for their further prosperity. Conductor Alexander is one of the genial, large hearted men who always make friends wherever they go. Almost the last words he said were: "When I make my fortune I am coming back to Polk County to spend it for in all my travels I never saw a better climate than Minnesota has nor do I ever expect to find a better."

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

At a special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held May 1st, 1890, for the purpose of receiving the report of the committee on sewers, and also to consider and take action in relation to the crossing of Bridge and Robert street, in Jerome's addition to the city of Crookston, and certain other streets crossed by the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad Company, and also to consider the application of Mr. Frear for a liquor license.

Meeting called to order at 2:30 o'clock by Wm. Watts, President of the Council. Aldermen present, Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, McLaren, Schmidt, Jerome and Jennings.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that M. E. Kirsch be appointed as city clerk pro tem, during the absence of John Paterson, city clerk. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the application of James Frear for liquor license be allowed, and that the necessary legal notice be published. Carried.

The committee on sewers reported as follows: We have corresponded with Mr. Starkey, a practical civil engineer of St. Paul, and that he was present and had looked over the location of the city and prepared a report, which your committee herewith offer. On motion of Alderman Steenerson the report was referred back to the committee.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Bjoin, that the resolution passed April 8th, 1890, by which a committee of three was appointed to prepare plans for a system of sewerage for the city be so amended that $600 be placed at the disposal of said committee, instead of $500, and that the committee then be instructed to complete their labors. The amendment was put to a vote with the following result:

Yeas—Aldermen Childs, Morrisey, Bjoin, Schmidt, Jerome and Watts.

Nays—Alderman Jennings.

Not voting—Steenerson, Buhn and McLaren.

The amendment was declared carried.

On motion of Alderman Steenerson, Mr. Starkey, civil engineer, of St. Paul, and Mr. O. L. Hamery, city engineer, were invited to give their opinions and views on the proposed system of sewers. Both of these gentlemen responded by giving their views and ideas in brief.

On motion of Alderman Steenerson, Mr. Long, of the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad was invited to explain and answer such questions as the members of the City Council might wish to ask him in reference to the erection and building of the railroad bridge and to construct trestles across Robert and Bridge streets in Jerome's addition to the city of Crookston.

R. J. Montague, vice-president of said Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad Company, then submitted plans and specifications of said Robert and Bridge streets, in Jerome's addition to the city of Crookston.

A motion to take a recess of twenty minutes was carried, to give members of the council time to view the proposed location of said railroad bridge and trestle work crossing Robert and Bridge streets.

Time of recess having passed, council re-assembled, President Watts in the chair.

Aldermen present—Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, McLaren, Schmidt, Jerome and Jennings.

Aldermen absent—Lally and Buhn.

Alderman Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Morrisey: It is hereby

Resolved by the City Council of the city of Crookston, That the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad Company shall have, and the right is hereby granted to said company to construct and maintain its railroad tracks and run its trains thereon over and across Bridge street and Robert street, in Jerome's addition to the city of Crookston, at the place and in the manner designated on the annexed drawings as amended and modified, which drawings are hereby made a part hereof. That all pilings used shall be of good oak timber of sufficient size and strength to be secure; that the right herein granted shall be to said company and its assigns; that said company and to its asigns shall at their own expense perpetually maintain said crossing in a good, safe and convenient manner; that the Mayor and City Clery of the city of Crookston are hereby directed and authorized to make and execute, and cause to be made, a contract with said company in accordance with this resolution; that said company shall have all sidewalks on said streets in good condition and while driving their piling thereon and constructing such railroad crossing; shall use all possible care not to obstruct or hinder public travel thereon.

The resolution was put a vote.

Yeas—Childs, Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, McLaren, Schmidt, Jerome, Jennings and Watts.

Nays—None.

The resolution was declared carried.

A statement in the shape of a resolution was read by R. J. Montague asking for the right of crossing all streets by the D., C. & N. R. R. Co. north of the Red Lake River, which was referred to the Aldermen of the 3d ward with instructions to report on same at the next meeting of the City Council.

On motion council adjourned.

M. E. KIRSCH,
City Clerk pro tem.

To Rent.

For store or saloon purposes, my building on Main street, known as Lefebvre's place. For particulars address Joe Veronneau.

[3-4] M. LEFEBVRE.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance.

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER	Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE	Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD	Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)	Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER	Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE	Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD	Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE	Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE	Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG	Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY	Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP	Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN	Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY	Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL	Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, President DAVID P. LISTER, Secretary.

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

—AT—

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers. 25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price **6c.**

Ginghams. 25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price **7c.**

Henriettas. 20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price **25c.**

Striped Serges. 10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price **48c.**

Sicelletta. In all the new shades, 42 inches wide. would be cheap at $1. Next week's price **72 1-2c.**

Sateens. Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price **25c.**

A good Carpet for	50c
A good apron	25c
Blouse waists	50c
Blouse waist Ties	10c
Fast black Hose	10c
Jersey ribbed vests	10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove	$1.00

A good carpet	25c
" ingrain carpet	40c
" lace Curtain	$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

What's In a Name?

Last week we saw in a New York dispatch to the daily papers that "P. J. McGuire" was to address a big meeting of red handed anarchists—while everybody here knows that the gentle gazelle-eyed Mac is not that kind of a fighter. Again, it was commonly reported that "John Copeland" was running for alderman in St. Paul, while everybody who knows John knows he is devoted heart and soul to the interests of the Great Northern Railway—and theology. Furthermore we saw in the list of arrivals at the Ryan Hotel "John McLean and wife!" This is the unkindest cut of all, for it is proverbial hereabouts that Mac with his innate modesty never registers in that reckless manner, but the climax is reached in the statement that "J. M. Palmer was hung in New York last week." Ain't it singular how such reports will get in circulation?

Pay That Debt.

An exchange has the following good advice: Pay that debt! It is a small one, to be sure, and apparently not worth a single thought. Then why not pay it? Why suffer the mortification of a dun? Why not take that little thorn out of your finger at once? It will fester if allowed to remain, and will cause ten times the trouble. Why not relieve your conscience of that little load? You will feel the better for it by so doing. You contracted the debt knowingly and willingly. Did you not mean to pay it? Certainly you did. Then why not pay it at once. Every day's delay increases morally the amount of the obligation. Remember, too, that your little debt and another man's little debt, and a thousand of other men's little debts make a little fortune for your creditor, for they enable him to pay his larger debts, feed his workmen or his clerks, and keep his business moving right along in times like these. Don't you see how it is? Well, then balance the account at once; and to-night the ghost of that debt will not trouble your dreams.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Call and Settle!

As I intend to leave for Seattle on or about April 15th, I desire to have all my accounts settled before that date, either by cash or note. All who know themselves indebted to me will please call at my office (in rear of drug store of M. Van Dyke & Co.,) and settle up. I do not wish to be obliged to leave unsettled accounts in the hands of a lawyer or any other man.

M. VAN DYKE, M. D.

To Whom it May Concern.

MENTOR, Polk Co. Minn., April 16, 1890.—Please take notice that without just cause or provocation Sarah R. Swift has left my bed and board, therefore I forbid any and all persons from harboring or sheltering or feeding or trusting the said Sarah R. Swift upon my account in any way whatever, as I shall not pay any debts she may contract from this date, April 16, 1890.

GEORGE M. SWIFT.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

An interesting letter from a Liberty alliance man arrived too late for attention this week.

The Farmer and the Railroads.

The Great West.

The popular uprising of the agricultural class now going on all over the Southern and Western States, is phenomenal. Nothing like it has been witnessed before in the history of our country. The excitement which accompanied the formation of the Grange, or Patrons of Husbandry, was mild in comparison with this. It lacked the intensity of the present movement; it was better natured, men were not so much in earnest then as now. They ran more to picnics and pass-words and sashes and "sich." It was play; this is over. Farming was more prosperous then and the farmer did not take such a grim view of things as is now forced upon him. In other words, the pressure has increased. Money has been rising in value and all other forms of property have been sinking. The "defensive movement of the farmers," as one of our magazines call it, is part of a general movement going on all over the world. We read that the young Emperor of Germany is trying to perpetuate his Empire by placing it en rapport with the cause of German labor. The Czar is half crazy with fear of the Nihilists; John Burns disturbs the sleep of the British capitalists, and Irish peasants are striving to obtain the ownership of the fields they till. What does it all mean? Wealth is squeezing poverty and intelligence is trying to devise means whereby those who produce shall keep the fruit of their own toil. It is against all our ideas of justice that one man should work while three men steal what he creates. We cannot altogether stop the stealing, but we can so change the conditions that the thieves will not take everything.

The farmer says to the capitalist: "I have got to have my crops hauled to market or they are of no value to me, and this steam traction, or iron rails, is the very thing I want. Now if you will build me a railroad I will agree that you shall charge me a good rate of interest on the actual cost of the road, and all expenses and I will foot the bill cheerfully." "Agreed," says the capitalist. But there is a third party to the transaction; a sharp knave with no money, but lots of gall and cheek. He says to the farmer: "Here I will look after the details of the work, you can't possibly attend to them yourself." And to the capitalist he says: "You don't want all the bother of buying up the right of way, ties, iron, etc. I will attend to that and give you bonds on the road for what you advance." "Allright," says the capitalist, "go ahead and pay yourself a reasonable compensation for your trouble." "Agreed," says the farmer.

Now the cunning go-between builds the road for about $10,000 or $12,000 per mile, and then issues bonds and stock upon it for $30,000 to 50,000 per mile. He gives enough of the bonds to cover the advance of the capitalist, and salts down the rest in his breeches pocket. What next? If the road had been bonded and stocked for what it really cost, the rates of transportation would have to be large enough to pay the interest on the sum and expenses. But as it is they are mortgaged for two or three or four times as much as they should be. That is to say, the farmer on everything he buys and everything he sells, is compelled to pay three or four times as much freight as he should. If he sells wheat, barley, corn, oats or meat the price he gets is the price in the nearest largest market by the transportation thither. If he buys groceries, dry-goods, hardware, machinery, etc., the price he pays is the price in the nearest large market plus the transportation thence. Every dollar therefore, taken out of his pocket to pay interest on watered stock by increased cost of transportion, leaves him that much poorer. And as he buys or sells something nearly every day, the leak is a perpetual one. The candle burns at both ends and the eventual result is poverty. Now, as there are about five billion of watered stock on the railroads of the United States, bearing, we will say, six per cent on the average, the producers of the country pay $3000,000,000 annually for which they receive no equivalent whatever. It is three hundred millions thrown into the sea. Nay it is worse than that, for it is put into pockets of men who lend it out again to the farmers who mortgage their farms, and thus draw interest upon the stolen interest. And when the farming class are all improverished, as they will be if these conditions continue, we will find that we have created a vast aristocracy, that holds republican institutions in contempt, that hankers after nobility and royalty; and that are ready to turn back the wheel of time and destroy the public.

And yet the correction of all these evils is in the hands of the people, and our forefathers furnished us all the machinery; in court, legislature and ballot boxes; to stop the robbery and undo these wrongs. If we don't use that machinery it is our own fault. It is because we have not brain-power enough to defend ourselves. It is because we are not fitted for self-government. It is because we have the heads and hearts of serfs. IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

W. A. ROBERTSON,

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

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N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

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Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

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FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

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H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

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Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

First National Bank

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PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
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Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

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FOR SALE
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FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Constable Holt sold a horse under chattel mortgage on Monday for the magnificent sum of $15. Some poor granger paid a tax on an assessment of $100 on that animal a few days since—and yet with all of these evidences of prosperity about them some of our farmers are not happy! C. L. Smith should come up here and preach a sermon on how to farm properly!

It has been said that our grain inspection system was established for the benefit of the farming community. If this be true it could be demonstrated in no way better than by sending an inspector into the Red River Valley to inspect the oats that have been sent in here for seed—many of them, it is said, being thoroughly seasoned with wild oats. Many of our farmers never having had any use for "wild oats" do not know them when they seed them and thus become innocent victims. Had an inspector been sent out earlier in the season and been kept in the field during the season much good would have been accomplished.

Mr. Pillsbury says the condition of our market is the result of bucket shop gambling in wheat, that the price of our wheat is governed by wheat gambling. So? Well, if this is so why did not our markets respond when "Old Hutch" was selling wheat in Chicago at $2 per bushel? Why is it now that with May wheat selling at $1 the price here does not advance proportionately? It is a very peculiar fact that however high wheat goes in the speculative markets, the producer never seems to get the benefit. Wheat in the speculative markets has gone up 35 or 40 cents; in this market not over 10 cents AND NO WHEAT TO SELL. If we had any wheat to sell they would not be so reckless.

Oh, Don't Call It "A Steal!"

The present system of State Inspection is but a thin disguise to protect the buyer. The grades are not intended to determine the milling qualities of wheat but are simply a basis to establish a price. The "double dockage system" is a sleek little way to entice the festive money out of the farmers pocket-book into that of the wheat buyers. "Double dockage?" How do you make that out? Well what else can you call it? They dock your wheat from 2 to as many pounds per bushel as you will stand "FOR DIRT" they tell you. Well that SHOULD make clean wheat should it not and you SHOULD get a clean wheat price for the residue should you not? Do you? Oh, no! They tell you "your wheat is dirty" therefore down goes "McGinty to the bottom of the say" on GRADE. If that is not DOUBLE DOCKAGE what is it!

Why Farmers Kick.

Mr. A. N. Hixson informs THE JOURNAL that the best price he was offered in our market last fall for his wheat was forty cents per bushel. The wheat here was graded rejected. He shipped it himself and it netted him

SIXTY-TWO CENTS PER BUSHEL.

The State Inspectors graded it rejected just the same as the buyers here had done, but the returns that Mr. Hixson got showed a dockage of two or three pounds per bushel. This in face of the fact that the rules do not permit dockage of rejected wheat. Peter Cornelius was offered for his wheat 50 cents per bushel as rejected in this market. Peter promptly "rejected" the magnificent "offer," and shipped his wheat to a commission firm in Minneapolis. It netted him 60 cents per bushel, and this price he "accepted." Now, in those two cases of rejected wheat the parties received more for their wheat than any man in this market did for the best grade this market would give, and yet some "WONDER" why the farmers are such inveterate "KICKERS!" In the light of these facts what earthly good does the system of State Inspection that costs the farmer so much, do him? Is it not about time for farmers to pay a little attention to their own business and find out why these things are thusly?

"What shall we do to maintain interest in the alliance work?" writes an earnest alliance man to THE JOURNAL this week. If the fact that every man who raises wheat is cheated out of from 25 to 60 cents per bushel is not enough to keep the interest up to fever heat, then we have not a true apprehension of the existing state of affairs. The alliance aims to change the deal and enable the producer to get that 25 to 60 cents that he has earned, and it is now the work of the alliance to devise a way to do it. If there is a farmer in Polk County who does not know to what extent he is annually robbed, he should at once subscribe for the Great West and, if he don't find out enough of the injustices of the system under which farmers are trying to do business exposed in every issue, then (if he is an intelligent man) he may have our head for a foot-ball. For years our farmers have been trying to solve the oleagineous sophistries of Mr. C. A. Pillsbury, but in vain, for what Mr. Pillsbury don't know about the present system of wheat buyers us little fellows need not try to find out. He will so completely mix the ordinary mortal that when he says, "behold the moon is made of green cheese, and here are the BOOKS and the FIGURES to prove it," lo the o. m. straightway swallows the statement, hook, bob and sinker. The Great West had the audacity to question that statement, so Mr. P. says: "Hello, what manner of Fish is this who dares to investigate this matter and to question what I say? Verily I will bait my hook for this minnow and add him to my string of suckers!" So he got him into his gilded carriage and rode over to the office of the Great West and invited the editor to ride to Minneapolis and he opened up the great books in child like glee, showed all the wonderful simplicity of "the system," showed the wealth of the city made by honest (?) toil, saying: "Lo, all of these things will I share with thee if thou wilt accept the "green cheese" racket and publish the same in thy paper." But the fish would not, for he was a whale and not the kind that is commonly taken with a silver hook, and he lashed the water so furiously that friend Pillsbury was fain to try some other racket. And he took to writing long letters full of tender sympathy for the "poor farmer" and the more he wrote into deeper water did the whale take him until he had not a peg left whereon to hang the remnant of the green cheese racket. And lo, these things are a matter of record in the Great West that every farmer may read if he will send for copies thereof. Every issue of the Great West since its first issue is well worth the price for one year, and if any of our friends find themselves getting lonesome in this great warfare, we would advise them to subscribe for that paper. We cannot expect to get interested in a subject we know nothing about, and the constant changes of the situation needs the services of just such a faithful mentor as is the Great West. Every farmer should have it in his house, but the next best thing is for some member of the alliance to read from it at each meeting. If this course does not keep up the interest of farmers, why they have all died pretty dead, that's all we can say.

The Pioneer Press gives a list of those who made fortunes in the late bulge in wheat. Mr. P-P. your patrons in the Northwest were robbed of that money—or the most of it. That money by rights belongs to the farmers of the Northwest. Isnt that consoling to you?

That Wheat Question.

Mr. Pillsbury in the issue of the Great West for April 25th, says:

"One would infer from your remarks that I said it cost 5 cts. per bushel simply to purchase wheat in Crookston. What I did say was that the cost of buying, handling, cleaning and shipping wheat at Crookston, including taxes and insurance, had been 5 cts. per bushel during the last three years. As a matter of fact it was considerably more than this figure, and I am prepared to substantiate the fact to any one. This expense was so large on account of the small amount of wheat that we handled at that station, but unfortunately our company has forty or fifty elevators where the amount handled is no larger than at Crookston. You say that your correspondent informs you that our elevator at the point in question handled over forty or fifty thousand bushels on the last crop. Now I will give you the exact figures as to the amount handled there on the last three crops, and you will see it makes quite a difference in the expense per bushel:

Crop ending Aug. 1888, 18,874 bushels.
" " " 1889, 19,515 "
On present crop to Apr. 1, 19,889 "

But what Mr. Pillsbury DID NOT say seems to us fully as significant as what he did say, and should be taken into the account. What he NEGLECTS to say is that the elevator at Crookston is used as a STORAGE ELEVATOR, and we are told that during the winter of '88-'89 it was full to its utmost capacity, which they claim is 50,000 bushels, a small item of $1,500 or such a matter that Mr. Pillsbury is strangely silent about. If the "fifty stations" Mr. Pillsbury alludes to as being similar, that makes a small item of $75,000 unaccounted for, "small leaks" that sink the farmer's ship in the sea of speculation. We have not been to the "books" to find it out, but we have it on good authority that the Crookston elevator "has held its end up and made as much money for its owners as any one in the system." And that remark was made by one who has the means of knowing the facts. These little discrepancies in the system in connection with those unearthed by the Great West show where the shoe pinches the farmer and why it is imperative that there should be a change in the deal. They show that while the man who does the labor necessary to produce the wheat is raising wheat at an absolute loss, the man who simply handles it is guaranteed a certain per cent. of profit. In a free and open market he would be obliged to take his chances with the farmer, and this is all we ask and it is no more than just and right. Mr. Pillsbury's theory that the millers at Minneapolis for the next four years will grind more dollar wheat than any other, cuts no figure, for that same unjust per cent. of profit would still go to the man who manipulates the wheat—money that the farmers toil hard to earn and which belongs to them. No, we will not be satisfied with your sophistries, Mr. Pillsbury; give us a free and open market and equal chance with elevator men and then you will have no occasion to mourn because the farmers cannot see that your interests are mutual. A free and open market we must and will have.

The Future of Wheat.

The Minneapolis Journal.

In an interview in the Minneapolis Evening Journal Chas. A. Pillsbury says:

"A great deal has been said about the enormous increase of the world's wheat acreage. But in this country the maximum development was reached during the five years ending in 1880, and the increase was about 44 per cent. During the next four years the increase was less than four per cent, and in 1889 there was a decrease of the acreage of 8.4 per cent. There is a steady decrease of wheat acreage in the Eastern and Middle states; the shrinkage is heavy in the Missouri valley, south of the Dakotas, and there has been only a slight increase in the Southern states. In the Pacific States, the increase, since 1884, has been less than 1 per cent, and there has been a decrease in the acreage of the Dakotas, while the wheat lands of the North Pacific States, largely in forest, present a future possibility when they are needed. In the rapid settlement of Minnesota and the Dakotas wheat has been the only crop grown on land broken up from the prairie, and this accounts for the boom wheat years between 1875 and 1880. Between 1870 and 1880 the population of this country increased from 38,553,371 to 50,155,783. During the five years ending in 1884, the average annual consumption of wheat was about 324,000,000 bushels, and the average export 140,000,000 bushels. As the production has declined, and if it does not increase much during the next five years, there will not be over 45,000,000 to 50,000,000 bushels for export in 1895. This fact, with the absence of any decided increase in the world's acreage, except in Russia, during the last five or six years, makes it certain that the increased demand of the world for wheat will send prices up to a remunerative standard."

Mr. Pillsbury referred again to day to the fact that the world's demand for wheat flour is increasing pari passu with the betterment of the social conditions of the people. "The advance in civilization," he said, "creates a greater demand for better food. Black bread gives away to wheat bread. This is the case the world over. In European countries the process is going on. Thus the demand for wheat will continually increase. The world has been eating its surplus wheat for some years, and it has now approached close to the exhaustion of the great surplus. In this country our consumption is increasing about 8,000,000 to 10,000,000 bushels annually, and the demand is obviously against a diminishing supply. That supply is what is called the visible supply, of the market reports; the invisible supply—an unknown quantity in farmers' hands, and what may be called a visible-invisible supply—that known approximately to flour men, but not appearing in the reports. These supplies foot up considerable in the aggregate, but they are drawn upon increasingly by domestic and shipping requirements." As to India, Mr. Pillsbury does not regard that country as a menacing competitor of this country. India, owing to climate conditions and frequent famines, is a very uncertain source of supply. India sent 1,400,000 quarters to England in 1877 and two years after the shipments fell to 240,000 quarters. Since 1880 the shipment averaged 1,600,000 quarters until the [illegible] fallen off and the wheat acreage has decreased to less than 27,000,000 acres. The low exchange value of the silver rupee only has enabled exporters to offer enough for wheat to pay cultivators' expenses.

As to Russia, Mr. Pillsbury admitted that she has the advantage in freights and cost of labor over us and with her large area of black soil and the adoption of modern agricultural machinery and American elevators she may be considered our most formidable competitor. Russia is the only great wheat exporting country of Europe, Austria-Hungary presenting no material competition. In Australasia, including Australia, the maximum wheat acreage was reached in 1884, since which there has been a decrease in every colony. As for Chili and the Argentine Republic, where the bulk of South American wheat is raised, the largest quantities of wheat received in England from the latter country was 77,000 quarters in 1885, and that is not a days consumption in Great Britain. Chili has shown little development in the last 10 years in wheat culture and Brazil does not export wheat. The wheat crop of the Argentine Republic last year was less than 25,000,000 bushels, against the 490,560,000 bushels harvested in the United States in 1889. Under these circumstances Mr. Pillsbury thinks, that the world, having about disposed of the harvests resulting from the enormous increase of the wheat acreage during the 10 or 12 years preceding 1884, will hereafter require more wheat with a corresponding betterment of prices, chiefly because the consumption of wheat flour is demonstrably increasing.

Mr. Pillsbury said he did not consider that the limit of wheat lands had been absolutely reached in this country, of course, for Minnesota and the Dakotas could produce in their areas double the amount of wheat they have heretofore produced. The conversion of arid areas into crop lands by artesian well irrigation in the Dakotas was an experiment which might result favorably; but absolute dependence could not be placed upon it. There was no doubt, he thought that wheat had reached the bottom figures the last year. The increase of population here and throughout the world, with the increased demand for wheat flour and the exhaustion of the surplus or former years made firmer prices possible. He believed that, in the next five years, the mills in Minneapolis would grind more flour from wheat at $1 a bushel than under that figure.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeray, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [51-tf]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m. of the Monday preceding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 9 1889. [51-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

FOR SALE
OR TO BE
GIVEN AWAY!

- 1 two or three horse Drag.
- 1 Broadcast Seeder.
- 1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
- 1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
- 2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
- 2 pair Buggy Shafts.
- 2 Gang Plows.
- 1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
- 3 Mowers.
- 2 Hay Rakes.
- 2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
- 1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
- 1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
- 1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
- 1 Tank Pump.
- 1,500 good Oak Posts.
- 1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,
[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

$100,000 to loan.
JOHN MCLEAN.

I have received a large amount of money to loan on City property in amounts to suit the borrower. Call on,
ALEX MCKINNON.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated November 17th, A. D. 1888, made by Clara M. Howes and Joseph W. Howes, her husband, to Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, a domestic corporation, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1888, in book 41 of mortgages, pages 63 and 68, conveying and mortgaging the following described premises situated in said county of Polk, to-wit: Lots seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9), block fifty-nine (59), in original townsite of Thief River Falls, Polk County, Minnesota, as it appears upon the recorded plat thereof in the office of said Register of Deeds, on which there is claimed to be due and unpaid and is due and unpaid at the date hereof $[illegible], for interest and principal secured by said mortgage and for attorney's and solicitor's fees as therein conditioned. And default having been made in the payment of the principal sum at maturity, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum; and said mortgage containing a power, therewith recorded, authorizing a foreclosure of said mortgage in case of said default, and no proceedings at law or equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and foreclosure now having become operative, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises at public auction at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in said county, on Friday the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day to satisfy the sum herein claimed due, together with all the costs and charges of foreclosure.

Crookston, Minn., May 8th, 1890.
WILLFORD AND NORTHWAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, BY J. L. WILLFORD, President, Mortgagee.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Mortgagee,
13-91 312 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.
☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S AT LAW.
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 8, 1890.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
South Line.		
Passenger,	9:33 p. m.	5:40 a. m.
Freight,	7:30 a. m.	7:30 p. m.
North Line.		
	6:30 a. m.	8.50 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	5:50 a. m.	9:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:30 p. m.	7:00 a. m.
Fosston Line. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.		
	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.		
	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

Cultivating Wheat.

Grand Forks Daily Plaindealer.

Hon. Walter Muir, of Hunter, state lecturer of the Farmers' alliance, is a progressive farmer as well as a G. A. R. veteran and lecturer. To a Plaindealer representative yesterday he partially unfolded his plan of cultivating wheat. Said Mr. Muir:

"A man should practice what he preaches, and I've been telling the farmers for two or three years that we ought to cultivate wheat instead of raising it as we do now, and this season I am going to try my cultivation theory on a quarter section of land."

"How do you propose to proceed, Mr. Muir? Will you use special machinery for seeding?"

"No, I propose to take an ordinary four horse drill and remove some of the teeth closing up the apertures. I shall sow about one-half bushel to the acre. When the wheat is up I intend to thoroughly cultivate it just as you would corn, and I expect to get double the yield we do now.

I have seen cultivated oats which yielded 100 bushels. If we can make a go of this cultivated wheat—and I know of no reason in the world why we should not—we shall double the value of our farms by raising just as much wheat on half the ground, and can sell off the other half.

It is my belief that this will solve the irrigation problem to a large extent. How? Why, by cutting the wheat at some distance from the ground, the stubble will hold the snow which falls during the winter. You know that our fields which are plowed in the fall do not hold the snow, but allow it to drift so that it does but little good. The plowing could all be done in the spring, and with better results I am sure. There is another thing. Wheat, grass and other similarly grown crops, like corn for instance, flourish wonderfully well. Burleigh county raised 360,000 bushels of corn last year. But its wheat didn't amount to anything. The frequent stirring of the soil by cultivation takes the place of rainfall to a large extent.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m.; of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W Wile, Comptroller.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., April 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 1st, 1890, viz: HALVOR B. TVEDTEN, Hd. No. 10,293, for the sw¼ Sec. 4, Township 150, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz: T. O. Bergland, N. F. Woodstrom, A. Daniels, C. Haagenson, of Crookston, Minn.

[1-6] H. H. Dickmann, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 1st, 1890.]

WHEREAS CHARLES H. BROSSARD AND Sarah J. Brossard, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1883, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of September 14th, A. D. 1883, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, (27) Township one hundred and fifty-two, (152) Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 18th day of September, A. D. 1883, at 12 o'clock m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page one; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-eight 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 22d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of April 7th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

Caroline B. Wheeler, Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor. of Broadway and Third Sts.

CROOKSTON, MINN

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, special term, April 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Edwin Benjamin, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ruth Ann Benjamin, administratrix of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into her hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to her granted to sell the southeast quarter Sec. 13, Tp. 149, R. 43, at private sale. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administratrix to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on Monday, the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administratrix to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this Order shall be published once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Polk County Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. Christianson,
[3-5] Judge of Probate.

Sale of State Lands.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Land Office,
St. Paul, April 9th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at public sale, at the County auditor's office, in Crookston, on Friday, June 6th, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by reason of failure to pay interest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale.

W. W. BRADEN,
[52-6] Commissioner of the State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-three and 60-100 dollars, ($83.60), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John C. Johnson, a single man, to Albert W. Mott, bearing date the 23d day of August, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 497, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve, (12), of block numbered five, (5), in the Townsite of Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the certified plat of said townsite, on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.

ALBERT W. MOTT, Mortgagee.

Phelps & Calkins, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication April 3d, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable the 5th day of March, 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Charles Netzer an unmarried man, Rosalia J. Netzer and Joseph Netzer, her husband, and Johanna Netzer, a widow, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of March, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of March, 1887, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in book "20" of mortgages, at pages 233 to 236.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon said premises covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises, the sum of three hundred and twenty and 83-100 ($320.83) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seventeen hundred thirty-one and 95-100 ($1731.95) dollars, and no action or proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: Lot one (1) of block three (3) in the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota; lot fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), and seventeen, (17), of block two (2) in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, and the north part of lot fifteen (15), block five (5) in L. Fletcher's Addition to Crookston, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, being twenty-five (25) feet in width fronting on Oak street, (now called Broadway) and twenty (20) feet in width on the rear end of said lot, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and seventy-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, county of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLAND AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, Mortgagee.

F. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Ole J. Wigen, plaintiff, vs. Peter Waldo, Carl O. Olson, as administrator of Robert M. Helsem, deceased, Carl O. Olson, Else Martha Serkvesdatter Helsem, also known as Else Martha Serkvesdatter Ous, Anna Regine Olson, Olava Larson, Julia Jones, Helen Anderson, Anne Marie Helsem, Alma O. M. Helsem, John Gund Brewing Company, John O. Oswald and Theophile Basting, partners as J. O. Oswald, & Co., defendants.

Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the Clerk of said Court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the city of Minneapolis, County of Hennepin and State of Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated March 14th, 1890.

Ueland, Shores & Holt,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[49-3] Minneapolis, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of that certain Mortgage made by James B. Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of August, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1888, at eleven (11) o'clock A. M., in Book 23 of Mortgages on page 317; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes, to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of twenty-five hundred ($2500 00) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum; and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of August, 1888; and was payable ninety days after date; and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee, at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee, on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of two thousand six hundred fifty-three and 39-100 ($2653.39) dollars; and there is claimed to be due and there is due, at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured, the sum of twenty-six hundred sixty-four and 31-100 ($2664.31) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of the said sum, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and recorded therewith, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed, situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), and three, (3), in block numbered fifty nine (59) in Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls, according to the plat of said Addition on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota. Also all of those lands described in that certain mortgage, made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of May, 1888, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, in book 23 of mortgages, on page 265; said lands being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, six(6), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), and thirteen, (13), in block one, (1); Block numbered two, (2), except lot sixteen, (16) of said block; Block numbered three (3), Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven, (7), and eight, (8), in block numbered four, (4); lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten, (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), and fourteen, (14), in block numbered six, (6); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), and nineteen (19), in block numbered seven (7); Block numbered eight, (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6) and seven (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven (11), except lots three, (3), and five, (5) in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), except lot one, (1) released from this mortgage; Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18) nineteen, (19) and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen; (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8) in said block; All of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven o'clock a. m., to pay and satisfy the amount that will then be due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE, Mortgagee.

B. W. Smith, Attorney for Mortgagee,
49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of that certain mortgage made by James B Holmes and Caroline F. Holmes, his wife, as mortgagors, to James M. Paine, as mortgagee, which said mortgage bears date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1888, at one o'clock p. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on page 265; and whereas said mortgage was executed and given to secure said mortgagee for the endorsement by him of a certain promissory note made by said mortgagor, James B. Holmes to one F. A. Chamberlain, Cashier, for the sum of three thousand ($3,000) dollars, with interest thereon at ten (10) per cent. per annum, and all renewals of said note, which said note bore date the 22d day of May, 1888, and was payable ninety days after date; and was endorsed by said mortgagee for the accommodation of said mortgagor, James B. Holmes; and whereas said James B. Holmes failed to pay a renewal of said note endorsed by said mortgagee at the maturity thereof, and said mortgagee on the 3d day of March, 1890, was compelled to pay and did pay the same and all unpaid interest thereon, amounting to the full sum of three thousand one hundred and eighty-four and 67-100 ($3184.67) dollars. And there is claimed to be due and there is due at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the liability and indebtedness thereby secured the sum of Three Thousand One Hundred Ninety Seven and 17-100 [$3,197.17] Dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted or had for the recovery of said sum or any part thereof:

Now THEREFORE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the lands and premises therein described and thereby conveyed situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), ten, (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) and thirteen, (13), in block one (1); Block numered two, (2), except lot sixteen (16) in said block; Block numbered three, (3); Lots numbered three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), seven (7) and eight (8), in block numbered four (4); Lots numbered two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), nine, (9), and ten (10), in block numbered five, (5); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four (4), and fourteen, (14) in block numbered six (6); Lots numbered one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), ten, (10), twelve, (12), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen (17), eighteen, (18) and nineteen, (19), in block numbered seven (7); block numbered eight (8), except lots numbered one, (1), and ten, (10) in said block; Block numbered nine, (9); Lots two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), and seven, (7), in block numbered ten, (10); Block numbered eleven, (11), except lots numbered three, (3), and five (5), in said block; Block numbered twelve, (12), (except lot numbered one (1) in said block which has been released from this mortgage); Lots numbered one, (1) two, (2), three (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), and twenty, (20), in block numbered thirteen, (13); Blocks numbered fourteen, (14), fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16) seventeen, (17), and nineteen, (19), and block numbered eighteen, (18), except lots three, (3), four, (4), and eight, (8), in said block; all of said lots and blocks being in the Village of Fertile, according to the plat of said village on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota; which said sale will be made at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, by the Sheriff of said Polk County, Minnesota, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, on Saturday, the 10th day of May, 1890, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon, to pay and satisfy the amount that will be then due and unpaid on the debt and liability secured by said mortgage, and the sum of seventy-five ($75) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursement of this foreclosure.

Dated March 18th, 1890.

JAMES M. PAINE, Mortgagee.

B. W. Smith, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[49-2] Minneapolis, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court. Special term, April 1st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Gjermund T. Elken, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being granted unto Andrew Elken and Ole O. Christianson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on Tuesday, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Polk County Journal, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 1st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-three and 21-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter A. Thompson and Mathia Thompson, his wife, as mortgagors, to the New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book "S" of mortgages on pages 5, 6 and 7, and no action having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section eleven, (11), and the west half of the southwest quarter of Section one, (1), all in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-nine (49) west, containing two hundred, and forty (240) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 19th day of May, A. D 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 27th, 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

Wilkinson & O'Brien,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 21st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Isaac M. Underhill, deceased.

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Isaac M. Underhill, late of Huron County, Ohio, deceased, and the probate thereof in the Probate Court of said Huron County, Ohio, have been delivered to this court.

And whereas, Cora B. Underhill has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things that said Isaac M. Underhill lately died at Asheville, North Carolina, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of Polk, and that said petitioner is the surviving wife and sole devisee of said deceased, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to her issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in said county, on the 10th day June, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for, or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Polk County Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the 21st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. Christianson,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 1st, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased having been granted unto Millie Doaye, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county, on Tuesday, the 2d day of September, A. D. 1890, at two o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Polk County Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 1st day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. Christianson,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixty-five and 80-100 dollars, ($65 80-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ole Vraa and Karine Vraa, his wife, to A. W. Mott, bearing date the 15th day of November, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of [illegible]

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1890.

[illegible]

Phelps & Calkins, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable [illegible] by Henry Cook and [illegible] Polk County [illegible] Netherland American Land Company, of Amsterdam [illegible]

[illegible]

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March [illegible], 1890.

THE NETHERLAND AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, Mortgagee.

F. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
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DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson. Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

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AND THE CELEBRATED

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LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MAY 15, 1890. NO. 4.

Polk County Journal.

PJ LISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Feb. 1, 1890. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway and Branches became the

Great Northern Railway LINE.

With its 3,800 miles of steel track, it runs through 62 counties in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana, reaching all principal points from St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior and Duluth.

It furnishes through close connections, the best and cheapest route to all points in Idaho, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, Alaska, the Canadian Northwest and Manitoba.

It is the only American line west of Chicago having a track laid with 75 pound steel rail and owning its entire magnificent equipment of elegant Dining and Sleeping Cars, Handsome Day Coaches and Free Colonist Sleepers.

It is the only line running through the great Milk River Reservation, with solid trains without change to Chinook, Benton, Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

It reaches more points in Minnesota and North Dakota than any other line.

It runs three lines through the Red River Valley.

IT IS THE DIRECT LINE FROM CROOKSTON TO

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And to ST. PAUL AND THE EAST.

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The Great Transcontinental Line.

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TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
2:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:35 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	8:23 "
1:33 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

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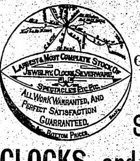
P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!


LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF
JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE,
SPECTACLES ETC. ETC.
ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARRANTEED.
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And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

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I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

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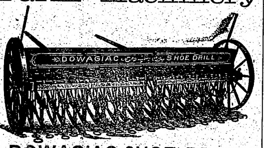
Farm Machinery



DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL!

This machine made a fine record in this Valley last year, and it is what every farmer wants and none can well do without. Call and see us at the old stand.

McKINNON BROS. Main St., Crookston.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock —OF— HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. STURE

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

RELIGIOUS LIBERTY.

THE CIVIL SABBATH DISCUSSED BY A. F. BALLENGER.

The advocates of Sunday legislation are making vigorous efforts to convince the country that they are working only for a civil rest day in the interest of the laboring man, and are disavowing all attempts at religious legislation. Without questioning their sincerity in making the denial, we will endeavor to show that it is religious legislation and as dangerous to religious liberty as though it was asked for in the name of religion.

First, the Sabbath is the Lord's day, and God has commanded man to keep it holy. The duty to keep a Sabbath is therefore a duty we owe to God. Said Christ, "Render therefore unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's; and unto God the things that are God's." For the government to demand that we render to it the duty which God demands of us, is to require us to render to Caesar that which belongs to God. It is argued that the Sabbath is two-fold, having a religious and a civil side, the latter being within the jurisdiction of civil government.

Without stopping to discuss this position, we will apply it to the first and second precepts of the decalogue. It will be admitted at once that the worship of idols is degrading, and has a tendency to degrade men physically; but who will say that the Government should pass laws defining who the true God is, and demanding his worship on physical or sanitary grounds? Should we admit that there is a sanitary as well as a religious phase to the Sabbath, that does not make it a proper subject for legislation. Man needs sleep, but the Government does not retire its subjects at 9:30 p. m., and awaken them at five in the morning.

It is necessary for man's physical well-being that he has food, but the Government does not say how much or when he shall take it. At this point in the discussion it is stated that man has a right to rest during one-seventh part of time, and that one man's right to rest demands a law compelling all to rest. According to this reasoning one man's right to marry demands a law compelling all to marry. The position, to say the least, is absurd.

Let us next notice whether the demands for Sunday legislation are in harmony with the statement that only a civil Sabbath for the benefit of the working man is contemplated. Why, if this be true, do they purpose to close the libraries on Sunday? Why close the theatres and other places of amusement? Why stop the running of excursions so much patronized by the working man? These measures are manifestly in the interests of the religious idea of the day. The Fourth of July is a civil rest day in the true sense of the term. All can rest if they choose, but such a rest as this is the farthest from their idea of a civil Sabbath, and betray the motive which actuates these so-called reformers. In one breath they declare for a civil Sabbath, and in the next deplore the sin of Sabbath-breaking and the tendency toward secularizing the day. Who are behind this movement is a fair question to ask to determine its character. Not the working man, for there is not an organization in the country that is active in support of the measure. The fact that there are organizations among them to remove almost every grievance, both real and imaginary, except the rest day, is indirect proof, at least, that it is not considered by them as a grievance of importance. Some are opposed to it, fearing the religious aspect which we have mentioned. This is shown from the appearance of Millard F. Hobbs, Master-workman of the Knights of Labor, of the District of Columbia, before the committee having in charge the Breckenridge Sunday bill, and his speech against it. The fact that this civil-Sabbath legislation is being urged by the American Sabbath Union and other religious bodies, gives us reason to doubt its civil nature. "Do men gather grapes from thistles?" Nor can we expect to reap a civil Sabbath from the agitation of the American Sabbath Union based on the following conditions:

Art. 2 Basis.—The basis of this American Sabbath Union is the DIVINE RIGHT and perpetual OBLIGATION of the Sabbath," etc.

Granting, for the sake of argument, that it is a civil Sabbath that is desired, the difference is realized with them by a simple change in the name of the measure. The changes which transformed the Blair Sunday bill from a religious measure as introduced in the Fiftieth Congress, to the one now before that body which they insist on calling a civil measure, were changes made in the title and terms used in designating the day, the prohibitions and the penalties remaining the same. It would not greatly console a man who was behind the bars for doing honest labor in violation of such a law, to tell him he was not suffering from religious legislation, as the title of the bill had been changed.

Such a law would work hardship in the case of one who observed another day, although it were a civil enactment. To compel a man to rest on another day besides the one he believes God requires him to observe, is to rob him of one-sixth of his God-given time,—time which he needs to employ in providing for himself and his family. To say that the law in most cases exempts such persons, does not remove the objection, as the exemption generally admits of such private work only as will not disturb others, and must to a certain extent operate against the individual.

There is, however, in these exemptions one of the strongest proofs that the measure is religious in character. If laboring on Sunday is made a crime, how can the crime be changed into a virtue, as in the case of an exemption, simply on the ground of religious convictions? Other laws are not placed on this basis. Laws against polygamy do not exempt because of religious convictions. On no other than a religious basis can it be argued that what is considered a crime in one individual is lawful in another.

In one particular there is a striking parallel between this movement and the one which crucified our Savior. The charges made against him before the Sandhedrim were all of a religious nature; blasphemy, claiming himself to be the Son of God, and speaking against the temple; but when his accusers appeared before Pilate, knowing that he would not listen to these charges, they placed their accusations on a civil basis, declaring him to be an enemy of Caesar in stirring up the people and refusing to pay tribute. These advocates of Sabbath legislation hate the civil Sabbath, that is, a Sabbath devoted to reading the Sunday newspapers and pleasure-seeking, as badly as the Jews hated Caesar; but knowing the opposition of the people of the United States to religious legislation, they come to Congress, asking civil support for a day which in their constitution they declare based wholly on "Divine authority."

We would not be understood to be opposed to the Sabbath or to Sabbath reform; on the contrary we are in favor of both. But we believe the reform must come by agitation based on moral swasion, instead of an appeal to civil law which is dangerous to both civil and religious liberty.

Are Farmers Prosperous?

The Editor of a Minnesota exchange sends to Farm, Stock and Home a couple of clippings from his paper, and writes a note, marked "private," which says:

"Why don't you publish a few articles like the enclosed. Why present the dark side of the picture all the time? You are sowing the seeds of discontent which is driving our settlers to other countries and off their farms. Our farmers are not slaves and paupers by any means; they are prospering fully as well as towns people. I will admit that everything is not going just right—that the tariff is too high, the trusts iniquitous, and the railway corporations grasping—but there is a proper way to work out the reforms without hoisting the red flag or indulging in talk that tends to discourage and stir up an unpatriotic feeling against the government and country."

One of the clippings referred to gives a list of prices of farm products. "One hundred and thirty-six miles from Chicago in 1860 and 1861." Wheat was said to be 45 cents, oats 10 to 12 cents, corn the same, dressed hogs 2½ cents a pound, butter 8 to 10 cents, eggs 5 to 6 cents, etc., etc. The other describes a farmer who came to town riding in a good buggy, drawn by a nice pair of horses, of his own raising, and having by his side a well dressed, happy, contented looking wife; and surrounding the whole outfit was a pleasing air of thrift and prosperity. The object of the articles was to show that farmers had seen lower prices for farm products than now prevail, and that farming is a profitable avocation in spite of croakings and fault-finding.

It is strange that to find a time when prices of farm products were possibly lower than now there had to be selected a period in our history when an on-coming cloud of war had paralyzed every industry in the land; when trade was rotting in its marts, and a dead calm pervaded our commercial world. It is strange, too, that one well dressed well equipped farmer coming into town should be a novelty worthy of lengthy newspaper mention. If the prosperity of farmers is general such spectacles should be too common to excite notice or comment.

But neither of these incidents prove anything pertinent to the situation. A report of the national department of agriculture, of December last—which surely could not have been made for political effect—said that the average prices of farm products of the United States were the lowest ever known in that month.

The United States census is our authority for saying that farm, farm implements and live stock values increased from 1850 to 1860 101 per cent; from 1860 to '70, 29 per cent., and from 1870 to '80, 9 per cent. In the mean time the general wealth of the country is said to have increased almost fabulously.

Isolated cases of prosperous farmers, that is, prosperous as farmers—for be it remembered that the annual net income of the most prosperous farmer in the land would not pay 4 per cent. interest on the ordinary family expenses of any one of myriads of our wealthy men—prove nothing. Some banks, factories and merchants survive and even make money during financial panics that ruin thousands of their fellows; such survival no more proves that there was no panic than an occasional successful farmer proves that there is now no depression in agriculture.

Farmers of the United States are equipped for money making as are no other farmers in this world. Skill, industry, energy, machinery, virgin soil, wondrous fertility, generally favoring climatic conditions, marvelous facilities for moving their crops and getting supplies are among the American husbandmen's hand-maidens; then why do they complain? And they do complain most bitterly; complain in the East and West, the North and South; complain where the best known methods of agriculture are practiced, and where "diversification," "rotation" and all the panaceas for agricultural distress are intelligently administered. Then why do they complain? Is it not because farmers are not getting what is justly due them? Are not getting their share of fun out of the golden carnival of prosperity which it is said this country is now enjoying? Some men will succeed on the farm in spite of adverse conditions—it is believed that in the "wreck of empire and crash of worlds" a few will come out on top—but in an almost universal sense the farmer succumbs to those artificial conditions which have been built up around him by the unholiest greed the world ever saw.

Our farmers are not slaves (unless to partizianship,) nor paupers, but that is because they are fortified to resist tyranny, and are enabled by natural conditions to obtain an existence in spite of it.

Our journalistic friend sees and admits some of the causes; but he, unlike Farm, Stock and Home, would say nothing about them; or would rather treat them differently than we do, though he unkindly fails to suggest his better method. Our counsel is calculated to discourage, distract, and "drive out of the country." But where will they go? They are not leaving the United States, and in them where will they go to do better than in the great Northwest, where they have got the most of that which they must most rely upon: the natural heritage of the best possible soil, and of as good climate as is vouchsafed to man? It is silly to tell the farmer everything is all right, he knows better. We had all better turn in and help him secure the fruits of his toil, and see that he gets a fair share of his natural inheritance, which lies concealed in the soil he tills. Reference to the red flag we can afford to pardon. Readers of this journal know it to be law-abiding at all times. It never counseled rebellion against anything but machine politics and partisan prejudice. But such counsel may be deemed treason by some.

The Bright Side.

The Western Rural.

It is never advisable to lose sight of any of the dangers that beset us. To shut our eyes to dangers and fancy that there is peace when there is no peace; to attempt to persuade ourselves that matters will somehow come out all right though all indications point in the opposite direction, is foolish in the extreme. Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty, and we should not only watch for dangers and evils, but should attack them boldly and persistently until they are conquered. The Western Rural has never hesitated to point out existing dangers that threaten the welfare of its constituency. It fully recognizes the fact that agriculture is in very bad shape, and that there must be a turn in the affairs of the farmer or utter ruin will be the final result. It is aware that the farmer knows this very well, and while it is his duty to know it, naturally the knowledge plunges him into considerable despair. But it is also our duty to draw our eyes away from the shadows of any dark picture occasionally and fix them upon its lights, if it has any. It is a comfort to know that a picture is seldom so dark but that it has some bright spots in it.

There is in the dark piture of agricultural adversity a finger of light pointing to better times and the enthronement of justice. We have never lost sight of that finger pointing into a future that will be brilliant. At no moment of these long years of cruel injustice that the farmer has suffered have we ever had the slightest doubt that the time would come when the producer would have his rights. The character of our institutions encourages us to cherish this firm belief. An intelligent free people cannot be enslaved; they cannot be forever wronged. The rapid gathering of farmers in association clearly points to the coming peaceful revolution in this country which will break the grip of greed upon our farms, and make all men what the Declaration of Independence declares them to be—"equal" before the law. It is a mistake not to see this beautiful, brilliant indication upon the generally dark picture that has hung before us so long.

It is a comforting thought, too, to know that we are still free, and that we can lose our freedom only by our consent. While it is true that false conditions have been permitted to develop in our civilization, and made us temporarily less free than we might be, it is still a fact that it is within our power to assert the soverignty of a free American citizen, and record our protest against the wrongs we suffer, at the great bulwark of freedom, the ballot box. As we organize, and stand together for the protection of our rights, this fact becomes more and more real and inspires us with a brilliant hope for the future. So while the picture is a pretty dark one just now it has some very beautiful and inspiring features which not to see is enmity to ourselves.

Coming.--Important to Farmers.

"How I tie up wool and get two cents a pound more for it," illustrated, by W. M. Corbitt, Mower Co., Minn. "How I made a four horse evener," illustrated, by F. G. Smith, Stevens Co., Minn. "How I fed two common cows and got 828 pounds of butter in ten months," by J. S. Harris, Houston Co., Minn. "How I built a cheap silo and grew the crop to fill it," illustrated, by John Gould, Ohio. "How I built a cheap portable fence," illustrated, by Theo. Lewis, Wis.; and much other information of value to farmers will soon appear in Farm, Stock & Home of Minneapolis, a first-class farm paper at only 50 cents a year, or we will furnish it in connection with the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL one year for $1.50.

Pillsbury And His Wheat.

Duluth Evening Herald.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 7.—The Pillsbury company has made a big stake on wheat at present prices, but the profit depends on the price when the wheat gets into flour. There is a difference of opinion among the millers as to the amount of wheat in Pillsbury's hands. Some put it as high as 5,000,000 bushels, while others are more conservative and say 4,000,000 is the top notch, but for a definite statement it may be stated that last week Mr. Pillsbury received and paid for 2,000,000 bushels of wheat. One check in payment was for $400,000, and the balance went out in another check for over 1,000,000 bushels. Some of the millers say that Mr. Pillsbury can fix the price of wheat in this market so long as the supply does not fall under the demand for home consumption, and outside wheat does not come in to compete with him. Several years ago wheat was imported to this country, but it is not anticipated that it will happen again. For that reason there are a number of millers willing to concede that if Mr. Pillsbury wants $1 wheat next fall there is nothing that can prevent that being the ruling price, and in any case there is a unanimous opinion that the Northwestern farmer will fare better next fall than last fall, whether the crop is large or small. Wheat is going up is now the cry.

St. Paul Dispatch.

Among the guests at the Merchants to-day was Hon. Halvor Steenerson, of Crookston, one of the most brilliant and leading Norwegians of this state. Upon being questioned to-day by a Dispatch reporter as to whether there was any stir in politics in his district, he replied: "Yes, there is something new. The Norwegians of this state have a candidate for state treasurer next fall, and his name is O. H. Lucken, of Crookston. The Swedes are well represented in the state house, but the Norwegians have not a man. We are going to demand that we be recognized, and we have a candidate in Mr. Lucken for the position mentioned. He is a popular man and would carry the entire Northern district. In reference to Mr. Lucken I will say that he is an old soldier, having served with the Fifteenth Wisconsin. His record is a splendid one. His experience of ten years as treasurer of Polk county well prepares him for the position. I do not think that there will be any opposition to Gov. Merriam worth mentioning. He will surely be nominated by the republicans and re-elected. The chances for Gov. Rice are very slim."

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 15, 1890.

Round Home.

Wheat 1 Hard 76, 1 Northern 75.

Rev. O. H. Elmer has gone east on a visit.

Will Aftix was down from Mentor last week.

Senator Burkhardt is in the city for a visit of a few days.

H. F. Brown took a trip to Minneapolis and St. Paul last week.

A little rain last week caused some excitement in the wheat market.

T. K. Torgerson was in the city last week on his usual round. T. K. is a rustler.

The engagement of Mr. Jack T. Hammond to Miss Fannie Miller, of St. Paul, is announced.

E. M. Walsh has returned from his visit abroad. We haven't had a chance to interview him yet.

Olaf Paulsrud arrived on Monday morning to attend the funeral of his father. Sheriff Paulsrud.

Mrs. M. Mullan, of Cresco, Iowa, is visiting her daughters, Mrs. J. F. Creamer and Miss Nellie Mullan.

Nup Christianson was down from McIntosh last week to see the boys and his many friends in the city.

Wolfred Page was the lucky man at Saako's regular Saturday evening watch drawing. A gold watch at $3 is cheap.

We are a firm believer in the idea that this country will get good crops and obtain good prices therefor next fall.

Hon. H. Steenerson went to St. Paul last week to see about getting Barney Wahl out of limbo on a writ of habeas corpus.

John E. Tice writes us from Mentor on May 13th: "It counts one for the alliance as it is a boy this time and come to stay." Here's Ho, John.

Charlie Lowe has now more horses than dogs. Fifteen head of good work mares and horses at your own price. Cheap on time, cheaper for cash.

Jos. Laframboise started for Missoula, Montana, on Saturday with a carload of good blooded horses and cattle for sale. He expects to be gone some weeks.

V. D. Carruth returned to civilization on Sunday morning. He has been weighing mail west of Minot. Says he stopped off to visit that new grandson—Lynn's boy.

On Saturday last N. H. Fulton was summoned home by telegraph on account of the illness of Mrs. F., arriving Sunday morning. He returned to his field of labor on Monday evening.

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

A fine body of snow greeted the early riser on Wednesday morning, and the elements seemed disposed to make up for the contrariness of the past few weeks Everybody was tickled to death to witness the congealed moisture.

J. G. McGrew talks of going west soon. His wife will go to Vermont to visit relatives. Miss Edith goes to Benson and the house is to be moved to make way for the new railroad. Whether Mr. McGrew returns to Crookston to live or not depends on how he finds business in the west.

Levi Myers was up from the west end last week. Levi is very much interested in the cause of the farmers and does not neglect an opportunity to speak a good word for the alliance. He says he has any quantity of lumber that he can sell at way down figures to farmers. His post office address is Meos, Polk County.

Sundet Bros. have their new hotel, the Canada House, re-painted inside and out, and refurnished throughout, as far as the second story and will soon have the third completed. They have put in electric lights and take water from the mains and are now ready to entertain the weary traveller to the best the land affords at very reasonable figures—from $1.00 to $1.50. Mr. A. A. Olds did the painting and a neat job it is, too. The boys can take care of 100 guests nicely. Good stabling for 40 horses. Call at the new Canada House.

A call at the packing house last week revealed to our reporter a tempting array of nicely cured hams and bacon which would tempt the appetite of an epicure. The rich mahogany color of the meats made us long to sample the lot right there and then. One gets something of an idea of the business done at this establishment when he sees the long rows of large barrels or vats in which the meat is curing for the smoke house. Mr. Stanton informs us that he is prepared to cure meats in any style desired and that he can furnish a market for hogs for those desiring to sell nice fat hogs. He has cured lots of pork for Dakota parties as well as attending to the home trade. Any farmer who desires to have his pork attended to nicely can be accommodated at the packing house cheaper than he can do it himself.

Sudden Death.

On Thursday morning of last week Sheriff Paulsrud returned from a trip to the Thirteen Towns and at once went to bed—a very sick man. Dr. Bahnsen was summoned who did all that he could for him and on Saturday a physician was summoned from Grand Forks but to no avail. Mr. Paulsrud continued to grow steadily worse and passed away about 1 o'clock on Sunday. His disease was inflammation of the bowels complicated by heart failure. He was conscious up to within two hours of death and talked calmly and naturally with his friends. On Monday a large concourse of his friends and neighbors gathered at the Norwegian Lutheran Conference Church, on Ash Street to pay the last sad tribute of respect to Sheriff Paulsrud. The services were conducted by the Rev. C. Saugstad, assisted by Rev. C. F. Sharpe. Before he died Mr. Paulsrud requested his friends to bury him on the old farm in the town of Hubbard and in accordance with that wish the body was taken to his old home on Tuesday morning.

Nels O. Paulsrud was born in Norway, July 22d, 1847, where he received a good education and in 1868 was married to Miss Betsy Amundson one year before emigrating to America. He was for three years a resident of Zumbrota then removed to Wilkin County, and in the spring of '72 he came to Polk County settling in the town of Hubbard where he resided until his election to the office of sheriff of Polk County in 1886, when he came to this city where he has since resided. Mr. Paulsrud was a very prominent man very popular with his people a very large hearted man generous to a fault. He leaves a wife and eight children, four boys and four girls to mourn the loss of a kind father, an affectionate husband. He was a strong, rugged man, apparently the picture of health and yet suddenly and almost without warning he was cut down in the prime of life illustrating how true it is that in life we are in death, how thin the veil that separates time from eternity.

Together with Monsieur E. Lanctot the writer had the pleasure of a trip to Terrebonne last week to attend a grand alliance rally. Enroute may be seen hundreds of acres of wheat and the farmers were busy seeding oats or preparing the ground for barley. The further east one goes the more apparent becomes the need of rain. We arrived at the residence of Joseph Terrien, Esq. about 5 o'clock. Here we found a nice roomy farm house and a fine farm of 480 acres in excellent condition. Mr. Terrien was a former resident of Crookston. He built the Canada House here and for several years successfully operated it, until he sold it to Mr. Beaupre and went out to Terrebonne, where he settled upon his present fine farm, then a wilderness of brush. He has now a comfortable house, a good barn and granary, a machine shed, substantial hog house and hen house, and everything about the place indicates thrift. Hardly a straw can be seen about the house and grounds, and the same air of neatness prevailing outside is noticeable within, as Madame Terrien, though having no hired girl, manages in some way to do all her work and keep her home as neat as wax. That she does not neglect the culinary department in the cause of neatness, we are prepared to vouch from actual experience. Mr. Terrien has about 200 acres sowed to wheat and it was put in in a manner to confuse those who claim that the "farmer does not half cultivate his land." The same rules governing this farm seems to apply everywhere in Terrebonne; in fact there seems to be a genuine rivalry among the farmers here, everybody striving to do his work a little better than his neighbor, and the premises around every farm house is as neat as wax. This community gives the lie direct to those who say that the reason farmers do not prosper is that they are a shiftless, careless lot, for here the very best methods of farming are studied and carefully practiced, and men are very careful not to run in debt extravagantly. If the theory that the farmer by his careless methods is to blame because he makes nothing, is true, then this community ought to be as rich and independent as kings, for they have good soil, they work hard and raise good crops; but the fact that the man who speculates in grain reaps all the profit, leaves these hard-working farmers the bare cost of raising wheat, if that. Mr. Pillsbury says if it was not for bucket shop gambling these farmers would have got one dollar per bushel for their wheat in their home market last fall, while the fact is that their wheat did not average over 45 cents per bushel—a loss to the farmer and to this county of 55 cents per bushel, is it not? Under such circumstances it is not a matter of wonder that the alliance mass meeting was attended by hundreds of earnest farmers who are determined if such a thing be possible to establish a market wherein they may obtain their due portion of this grain business. They realize the fact that their only chance to obtain justice in this market is to elect a farmer legislature and enact such laws as are necessary to prevent the wholesale robbery now going on. They know that the only way to accomplish this is by uniting in the alliance and acting as a unit upon that question. They will demand the legislative offices and will be satisfied with that. This reasonable demand we think all, or nearly all are prepared to concede the farmers. We found the crops in this town very much in need of rain but on Sunday refreshing showers fell which did an immense amount of good. With a favorable season Terrebonne will raise a grand crop and if they can get a good price they will be all right.

School Report.

Report of school in Dist. No. 55, Polk County, Minn., for month ending May 9th, 1890:

Number of pupils enrolled 19; average daily attendance, 15.

Names of pupils not absent during the month: Mary Cornelius, Willie O'Neill, Edna Roberts, Mary Roberts.

Names of pupils not tardy during the month: Edna Roberts, George Rood, Otto Oaas, Odin Cornelius, Paul Cornelius, Harry Roberts, Annetta Tommerdahl, John Sacksgaard, Annie Cornelius, Malton Cornelius, Mary Cornelius, Mena Rood.

Names of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the month: Harry Roberts, Edna Roberts, Mary Cornelius.

AMANDA ELLIOT, Teacher.

A New Post Office.

Hon. S. G. Comstock writes THE JOURNAL that a new post office has been established at Bullan Station, with Jesse P. Bullan as postmaster.

Hurlburt's Horses.

Van Wert News: Prof. Hurlburt has been delighting our people with his wonderful horses and dogs the past two days. At the matinee yesterday afternoon the Pavilion was crowded by old and young, and a more delighted audience never assembled in our town. The horses and dogs are well up to their tricks, and created much merriment. It has been many days since an attraction equal to the one presented by Prof. Hurlburt was seen here; in fact it has no superior and few equals. We hope he may find it convenient to give Van Wert another date soon. Opera House Wednesday and Thursday, May 14th and 15th. Matinee Thursday 4 p. m. Night prices 35 and 50 cts.

American Fancie

At the Opera House, Saturday evening, May 17, 1890. Tickets 35 and 50 cents, for sale at Anderson's drug store. all are invited.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

Up to the hour of going to press the County Board had made no appointment of sheriff.

John McKinnon returned on Wednesday from his trip to the coast. He thinks that everything is largely overdone and that things will take a tumble before long.

The Red Lake party, consisting of D. Jacobus, Dr. Dunlop, Dave Robinson and Will Peterson, returned on Tuesday and report having had a splendid time. The party offered to match Dave Robinson against the fleetest Indian on the Reservation which offer was promptly accepted and the race came off. Lo bet all he was worth and lost, and now the boys are boasting that they own the Reservation.

Money to loan on improved farms at the lowest rate of interest. Give me a call, room 10, McKinnon Block Crookston Minn. ALEX MCKINNON.

Richard Hussey departed for Seattle on Saturday morning of last week, "Dick" is one of the oldest of the old-timers, coming here in the way, way back, and has laid up much shekels—principally in lands. "Dick" says he proposes to make enough out there to run his farms here properly and then return to catch onto the boom and grow up with the country. We trust his most sanguine hopes may be realized.

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston nurseries, will sell trees, seeds and small fruits at lowest market prices. Send for catalogue or call at nursery. [2-tf]

Dr. M. Van Dyke left on Saturday morning for his new home in Seattle. Dr. Van Dyke came to Crookston in 1878 and had built up a large practice but through an unfortunate visit to the coast last winter he contracted the western fever—got it bad and it has carried him off—to the coast. He leaves here many friends who would fain see him remain but who will unite with us in the most genuine wishes for his future success. No one doubts his ability to achieve this as he is one of the best physicians and surgeons in the Northwest and if there is any business in his line to be done out there he is fully competent to do it. If the report that that country is so healthy that they had to kill a man to start a graveyard, is true, we fear that the doctor business will not be lively.

Half freight rates on seed oats via the Northern Pacific, March 20th to May 31st, 1890. [47-4]

On Friday night about 11 o'clock, Mr. C. Snyder was awakened by the shrieks of somebody outside. Upon going to the door he saw a chap who wanted to know if Snyder had "seen anything of Warren round this neighborhood lately." Mr. S. informed him no and tried to instruct him as to the best method to find Warren, but the chap didn't tumble worth a cent, so Snyder went with him out to the road which leads there, but the fellow was so mixed up that he declared that he did not know the points of the compass and asked Snyder if he could keep him over night. Mr. S. told him he was welcome to sleep in the barn, to which the chap gladly consented. The trouble was that the chap had tarried too long at the wine, and was decidedly mixed and hunting for a road in the dark proved too much for him. In the morning he told Mr. S. that he had been to Crookston after a doctor to see his sick wife.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance.

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER	Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE	Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD	Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)	Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER	Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE	Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD	Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE	Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE	Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG	Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY	Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP	Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN	Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY	Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL	Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, President DAVID P. LISTER, Secretary.

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

AT

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers. 25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price **6c.**	**Ginghams.** 25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price **7c.**
Henriettas. 20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price **25c.**	**Striped Serges.** 10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price **48c.**
Sicelletta. In all the new shades, 42 inches wide. would be cheap at $1. Next week's price **72 1-2c.**	**Sateens.** Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price **25c.**

A good Carpet for	50c
A good apron	25c
Blouse waists	50c
Blouse waist Ties	10c
Fast black Hose	10c
Jersey ribbed vests	10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove	$1.00

A good carpet	25c
" ingrain carpet	40c
" lace Curtain	$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

GOSSEN, Minn., May 11, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—At a meeting of the Scandia Farmers' Alliance, No. 643, on the 10th day of May, 1890, the following resolution was adopted and ordered published in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL:

Whereas, This Senatorial or Legislative District will have three representatives and one senator to elect this fall, be it therefore

Resolved, That we are in favor of Norman County electing two representatives and the County of Polk electing one representative and one senator for the next legislature.

Resolved, That this alliance are in favor of holding a Farmers' Alliance Convention for nominating the candidates for representative and senator, and also, if possible, nominating officers for our county at the same convention, said convention to be held as late in the fall as possible in order to avoid any possible scheme that might be worked up to do harm to our nominees between the time of convention and election, and that every sub-alliance in this county, and also Norman County, will please report to this effect.

KNUTE H. ROLLAG, Sec.

District Alliance.

Last week we published the call for the Fifth District Farmers' Alliance to be held at Fergus Falls on June 12th. This meeting will be one of great importance and each sub-alliance will be entitled to one delegate and one alternate. Every alliance in Polk County should be represented and should at its next meeting proceed to elect its delegate and alternate. Select your best men.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

E. D. Childs returned from the directors' meeting at Duluth last week. Says that work on the Duluth & Winnipeg will be rushed as fast as possible. They have several corps of surveyors in the field and expect to complete the main line by fall. Crookston should wake up and endeavor to secure the building of the line to this point. It is expected that Supt. Fisher will be in the city next week.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotible paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf.]

To Rent.

For store or saloon purposes, my building on Main street, known as Lefebvre's place. For particulars address Joe Veronneau.

[3-tf] M. LEFEBVRE.

FOR SALE.

At a bargain. The finest 160 Acre farm in the Red River Valley, located near Euclid. Address L. W. Arnold, Assignee estate of F. M. Finch, 155 East Third Street, St. Paul.

[4-5]

HORSES.

If you need a good mare or horse come and see me. I have 15 head which must be sold at once for what they will bring. CHAS. M. LOWE,

[4-tf] The Loan Agent.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN MCLEAN.

I have received a large amount of money to loan on City property in amounts to suit the borrower. Call on,

ALEX MCKINNON.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Pursuant to a call from the Mayor, a special meeting of the City Council was held May 6th, 1890, for the purpose of considering the application of John O. Sundit & Bro. for a liquor license, and also to consider the matter of streets crossed by the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad, north of the Red Lake River, in the city.

President Watts in the chair.

Members Present—Aldermen: Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Schmidt.

Alderman Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Morrisey:

Resolved by the City Council of the City of Crookston, That the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad Company, and its assigns, are hereby authorized and empowered to build, construct, maintain and operate their railroad over and across the streets and alleys hereafter mentioned, and indicated upon the annexed plat; it being understood that the line indicated upon the annexed plat is the centre line of the track of said railroad as projected, and that the same may be subject to a change of not exceeding two hundred (200) feet, providing that all the crossings of streets shall be at grade, or as near to grade as practicable and as indicated upon said plat, and that whenever any street is crossed above or below grade, that said company shall grade or fill such street, so as to make a convenient and suitable crossing in such a manner as may be prescribed by the Mayor and City Engineer of said city; and that while said line is being so constructed across said street, the same shall be obstructed as little as practicable and shall not unnecessarily impede public travel on said streets; and be it further

Resolved, That the Mayor and City Clerk are hereby authorized and directed to enter into and execute proper contracts with said Railroad Company for the perpetual maintenance and repairing of such crossings; and, provided further, that this grant is made upon the condition that said company will within a reasonable time after being requested so to do by the Mayor and City Clerk, execute suitable and proper contracts, undertaking to so maintain and keep in repair such crossings and to properly grade the streets affected by the construction of said line of railroad across the same. The following are the streets across which the right of way of said line of railroad is hereby granted upon the above condition, to-wit: Fifth street, in Ross' Addition, Fourth and Maple streets, original townsite, Manitoba street, McDonald avenue, in McDonald's Addition, Albert street, Central avenue, Ross street, William street, James street, Jemima street and Fourth street in Clement's addition; and be it further

Resolved, That in case it may be deemed consistent with the public utility, and welfare to vacate any of the following named streets or any part thereof, then in that event the Mayor and City Clerk are hereby authorized to negotiate with said company for a substitute and new line of outlet for the property holders abutting upon such streets, so vacated, and upon the reporting of such negotiations and the same being approved by the Council, such streets may be vacated or altered as the case may require, upon the application of said company.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Morrisey, Steenerson, Bjoin, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Watts.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 6th day of May, 1890.

WM. WATTS,
President of Council.

Approved May 8th, 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

The liquor license bond of John O. Sundit and T. O. Sundit, Felix Fournet and Elias Steenerson as sureties, was presented.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that the bond be approved and accepted and that the liquor license be granted. Carried unanimously.

On motion Council adjourned.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

Grand Opera-House.

La Fayette, Ind.: Prof. Hurlburt's horse and dog show, or "Hypocynogan," as he calls it, at the Grand last night, had a large audience. Those who were present were delighted, and are not backward in expressing their appreciation. The show is entirely different from what is usually seen upon the boards, or under canvass and much superior to any that has ever appeared here. Those who witnessed it last night will go again and urge their friends to do likewise. At the Opera House Wednesday and Thursday, May 14th and 15th. Matinee Thursday 4 p. m. Night prices 35 and 50cts.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Married.

RALSTON—BAILEY.—On Sunday, May 11th, 1890, by the Rev. F. C. Whitney, Charles C. Ralston and Miss Hattie Bailey, both of this city.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining unclaimed at the Crookston Post Office for the week ending May 10th, 1890. Persons calling for them please say advertised.

Cole, Elise Ryalen, Christine Miss
Smith, Mr. John

WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

W. A. ROBERTSON,

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL,	$100,000
SURPLUS,	$11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

The late municipal election in St. Paul develops the fact that Roche and Reis still fashionable in that city.

The Dakota Ruralist, which is now a regular and welcome visitor to our table, is a grand alliance paper and is doing a noble work in the cause of justice to the farmer.

The Duluth Tribune comes out in a long editorial intended to prove why a convention in June would bring peace and prosperity to the suffering farmers of the Northwest. "Get on to the collar!"

Of all the ridiculous blunders we have heard of lately is the effort to forestall public opinion by calling a State convention at this early date. That is altogether too previous for any use. Don't get rattled, boys; the old boat is all right.

The Republican State Central Committee has been summoned to meet at St. Paul on Wednesday, for the purpose, it is said, of considering the propriety of calling a State Convention at an early date either in June or early in July. The campaign is generally long enough in all conscience' name and we believe the Republican party will make a serious blunder if it inflicts a four or five months campaign on the people. We sincerely trust that the schemes of a few wily politicians to call an early convention will be frustrated. An early convention is surely against the best interests of the people of the State and if the object is to bolster up the political fortunes of one man it would result in his defeat—either in convention or at the polls as it would richly deserve to. The first of September is plenty early enough for that convention.

The discussion that has been going on through the columns of the Great West has clearly proven that a great wrong exists in our market system, showing clearly that those who handle our wheat receive an undue share of the profits, and shows us clearly that the system should be changed in order to insure prosperity. It is a difficult matter to estimate the exact number of bushels of wheat that was raised in Polk County last year, because nearly all the wheat raised along the entire west side finds a market in Dakota, and that along the north end in Marshall County. Grand Forks County claims a yield of 4,000,000 bushels, and Polk County certainly produced one-half of that amount, which would be 2,000,000. This we do not think is far out of the way. Taking this amount as a basis, it is easy to calculate what the loss of a grade means, what the loss by undue dockage. Only one cent per bushel less than our grain is actually worth means a loss to the farmers and business men of our county of $20,000! Is there a man among us who will pretend to say that the loss has not been at least ten times that amount, or $200,000? If Mr. Pillsbury's statement is correct, $2,000,00 is not one-half the amount that the system exacted! And yet there are men who seem to be filled with astonishment that the farmers complain of injustice, and that they desire to see a market wherein they may have a chance to get what the markets of the world will warrant them. Think of this: Wheat in Liverpool was worth $1.20 per bushel when in Polk County they would pay but 60 cents per bushel for No. 1 Hard (and no No. 1 Hard allowed!) Mr. Pillsbury claims that it costs 24 cents per bushel to get the wheat to Liverpool, including all costs for freight, insurance, profits and everything else. Well, allowing that, (which is at least 4 cents too much) you have a balance of 96 cents that the producer should have received, but did he? Oh, no! The average price paid for all the wheat in Polk County during the last season would not exceed 45 cents! Where has that 51 cents per bushel gone to? It belonged to the farmers who did the work necessary to raise the wheat, it belonged to the business of the county; it means only $1,020,000 less in the county than we were entitled to. This estimate supposes every bushel to have been No. 1 Hard, but shows no greater difference between what we got and what we should have got than has been made in the grades they have allowed us. The amount per bushel that we lose is practically the same on every grade, so that while lower grades made showed a less sum total, our losses

REMAIN THE SAME,

and here is where the shoe pinches. The farmer has to take his chances on the kind of a crop he will get. He has no system that will insure him a positive per cent. of gain, and here is all of the difference between him and the buyer. Under the system, if there is any wheat at all the buyer is absolutely certain of a large per cent. of gain. We object to that. We say that it is wrong and that it is ruining this country, and it must be changed. We demand a market wherein independent buyers may freely exercise their judgment as to the quality of our wheat, and if then we see no change in the condition of the farmers, we will frankly admit that we were wholly mistaken in our views. Under such a system at least the farmer will have no good reason to complain if he does not get justice. Mr. Pillsbury's estimate of 24 cents includes all of the exborbitant freight charges occasioned by watered stock and this must be squeezed out. Give us a free and open market, with reasonable transportation charges, Mr. Pillsbury, and we will see that you are not worried any more by the "senseless grumblings" of the farmers. Give us a free and open market!

Cheap Binding Twine.

No Question About Being Able to Get It Hereafter.

The Minneapolis Journal.

Farm, Stock and Home, agricultural paper of this city, is in receipt of an unofficial report from one of the committee recently sent East to reinvestigate the subject of manufacturing binding twine at the state prison. It will be remembered that R. J. Hall, president of the state Farmers' Alliance, recently asserted that a plant capable of making 2,500 pounds of twine daily could be placed in the prison for less than $20,000, that there was plenty of room and power there for the accommodation and operation, and an abundance of labor sufficiently intelligent and skilfull to perform the necessary manual labor. This claim differed so radically from the report of the commissioners appointed by the Governor last summer, which was that it would require from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000 to erect the plant, and it would then be a question whether the state could furnish the twine at a lower price than private manufacturers were doing it. The new committee has now been East some two weeks, and the following letter from one of its members is the first news received from it.

PATERSON, N. J., May 9, 1890.—Editor of the Farm, Stock and Home—We have caught our rabbit, and will proceed to cook it when we get back home. We find that Mr. Todd has got just the machinery we have been looking for, and we have seen it in operation. Yesterday we visited his works at Paterson, N. J., and saw him take the common Canada tow and make it into binding twine. I have a ball of the twine in my possession which I watched from the first process to the finished article. I send you by express another ball which I saw made, so that you can show it to all who are interested in the matter. The "trust" is now in session in this city, and I think are trying to "catch on" to our racket, but we have got too much light to be hoodwinked at this stage of the game.

The tow of which this twine is made cost, at Paterson, 4 cents, and it can be manufactured into twine for 1½ cents, so it might be furnished at Stillwater at a cost not to exceed 6 cents a pound. Freight to any part of Minnesota or Dakota of 1 cent makes it not more than 7 cents. The sample sent runs about 500 feet to the pound, but is considerably heavier than is necessary.

Peterson for June is unusually rich with excellent illustrations. "Her Seventh Birthday," "A June Twilight" and "His Mother's Message," are all charming and totally unlike in subject and treatment. The opening story "Frank Raymond's Faith," is capitally illustrated. The mammoth fashion-plate, with other illustrations of Summer dresses, and the needlework designs cannot fail to interest the ladies. Miss Ella Higginson's novelet "A Love and a Passion," is full of interest and power, and Miss Alice Bowman's "Story of Dagma," is ahead of any of her previous serials. "When Did Uncle Philbroke Die," is an original as it is interesting. "Some Hardy Plants," by Joyce Ray will be welcome and useful to every possessor of a garden, and Miss Scovil's paper on "Asphyxia" is exceedingly useful. The July number begins a new volume, and the list of contents gives promise of great brilliancy. Terms, two dollars a year. One dollar for six months. Sample copy, five cents. Address, Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia.

Different Plans.

The Western Rural.

The general unrest of the people is giving the professional writers a fine opportunity to leap into fame and fortune. The time is unquestionably here when any lively written book that will point out any sort of a plan, that has the slightest earmarks of possible practicability for the improvement of the condition of the masses, will find a ready sale. Bellamy's Nationalism has gone like hot cakes. Cæsar's Column—a new book which pictures ultimate anarchy as the result of present social conditions—is creating something of an excitement, a fact which shows that people are willing to read anything that pictures any sort of an end to present conditions. These books and the interest they awaken may result in good as a means of agitating, for any book that attempts to define any sort of an ultimate outcome, must necessarily describe present conditions and that is useful. But in reading a book like Bellamy's, we are impressed with the fact that the people are looking too far ahead, even if they think that anything like his plan is feasible. It requires a long time to radically change a civilization. It requires a very long time to establish popular government on this continent. It was in the process of birth from the time that the Pilgrims landed on Plymouth Rock. Finally the beginning of the end came, and it took some years to reach the end from that time. The Rural is quite willing and even anxious to welcome any agitation or suggestion that may possibly prove of ultimate good to the human race. It certainly cannot be charged with opposing plans that have even looked foolish. But while it is desirable to labor and look for more permanent relief than could possibly come to us at once, it is equally desirable to get some measure of relief at once.

We cannot go on as we have been going. We cannot produce farm crops at a loss for another two or three years. We cannot stand with our arms folded while farmers are being turned into the roads, for no fault of theirs, but simply as a result of unnatural conditions that have been favored by law, government and custom. We must turn short about with regard to some things. Rings and monopolies and trusts must be legislated out of existence; government must stop legislating and generally favoring the rich and throwing its influence against the masses. We can put the railroads under strict government control; we can legislate the watered stock out of existence; we can stop the organization of trusts; we can put a muzzle on the money loaning Shylock and government can come to the direct relief of the farmer, as it has fecquently come to the direct relief of the manufacturer, the merchant and even of Wall street. The farmer has been a hundred years without any legislation in his interest or government patronage, except that the Department of Agriculture has sent him an occasional package of seed that was good for nothing. He has been utterly neglected while every other class has been favored. Give us a change. Neglect the other classes awhile and give some attention to the farmer, and let us all try to center upon one plan, even if it is not the most perfect.

Carlton College is situated at Northfield, Minn., a pleasant and healthful location, with good railroad facilities, and well adapted to the purpose of an educational institution. It is Christian, but not sectarian, and is open to both ladies and gentlemen. Its Collegiate Department offers three courses, adapted to the various needs and tastes of its students. It has also a Preparatory Department, to fit students for College; an English Academy Department for those who wish a shorter course; a Musical Department, with regular courses of study in vocal and instrumental music, and provision for competent instruction in drawing, painting, stenography, type-writing, and military drill. Its total enrollment for the year is about 300. The increased attendance in the Collegiate Department is especially gratifying. Among the current signs of progress may be noted considerable additions to the library, the increase in the number of elective studies, arrangements for additional teaching, and the completion of the equipment of the observatory, including the purchase of a fine fifteen-thousand-dollar telescope. The President, Rev. James W. Strong, D. D., has been relieved of his class-room duties, that he may devote himself exclusively to the general interests of the College.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m. of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[21tf] E. W. Will, Comptroller.

Steenerson's Position.

The Fifth District Politician Makes a Few Corrections.

To the Editor of the Globe.

Your article in yesterday's edition entitled "Halvor's bad break," based, I presume, upon an alleged interview published in Thursday's Dispatch, does me great injustice. In the first place, said interview was not correct, for I only stated as a matter of news to the Dispatch reporter that O. M. Lucken, of Crookston, was a candidate for state treasurer. When asked about him, I further stated that he had served a long time as county treasurer of Polk county, was an old soldier and popular in the district, and that, as it was generally conceded that the Norwegians were entitled to a representative on the state ticket, in the event of the retirement of Gov. Rice, no better man than Mr. L. could be found. This is all I said, and that I will stand by, but the rest of the interview is invention. I never mentioned any other nationality, and I will say that your statement that I have set out to do up the Swedish as well as the German Republicans is false. I have not set out to do up any nationality or individual, politically or otherwise. I will say, further, that Collector Marcus Johnson, Col. Hans Mattson and Col. Bobleter are all my personal friends, and I never thought of them at all when I mentioned Mr. Lucken's name for treaurer. I do not know now that the two last-named gentlemen, who so creditably have filled their respective offices for two terms, are candidates for a third. In fact, I supposed they were not. By publishing this you will much oblige "The Great Defeated."

H. STEENERSON.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

M. M. VAN DYKE,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office corner of Main and Second Streets
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

FOR SALE
OR TO BE
GIVEN AWAY!

1 two or three horse Drag.
1 Broadcast Seeder.
1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
2 pair Buggy Shafts.
2 Gang Plows.
1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
3 Mowers.
2 Hay Rakes.
2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
1 Tank Pump.
1,500 good Oak Posts.
1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,
[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance........$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest........80 00
Total yearly payments...$168 44
Total for ten years........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest........$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of........500 00
When the loan is due he pays..1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years........1500 00

As much within $184 40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest........$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years.....1000 00
Total........$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1880. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand; from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes, to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 15, 1890.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
South Line.		
Passenger,	9:25 p. m.	5:40 a. m.
Freight,	7:30 a. m.	7:30 p. m.
North Line.		
	6:30 a. m.	8,50 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	5:50 a. m.	9:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:50 p. m.	7:00 a. m.
Fosston Line. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.		
	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.		
	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

FERTILE, May 5th, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—It was a large assemblage of intelligent farmers which gathered at the alliance meeting in the town of Liberty, and there exchanged thoughts and discussed ways and means. If no other good results from our meeting than what we derived from our sociability, we are well paid for our time. We are wide awake for business. The name of every farmer residing in our town, and some in adjoining towns, who was not already a member of the alliance, was presented for membership. After transacting our regular business, members who were appointed at our former meeting for the good of the order, were called on. Mr. Nels Muss delivered a speech which for thought and delivery deserves mention. He showed our farmers the benefits to be derived by our sub-treasury, how it would not only benefit the farmer but also the merchant. He cautioned the farmer to go slow and not expect to revolutionize the whole country at once; and also, in reference to our trade, he is not in favor of trying to run stores, but says when we get our sub-treasury law, then we will have cash, and that cash will regulate prices. The merchant is far better satisfied to do business with a profit of 5 to 20 per cent. where he receives his cash than to have 75 per cent. on time. With cash he can do business with less capital, handle the money several times where he handles it once on the time system. Altogether our meeting was a success, and we advise our neighboring alliances to appoint at least three members at each meeting for speeches, essays or reading for the good of the order. Mr. A. Boddy, Mr. S. Refsdall and Nels Muss were appointed delegates to the County Alliance. Yours, J. S. N.

Died,

Fertile Journal.

On Tuesday, May 6, 1890, Mrs. T. H. Nesseth, aged 22 years and 4 months.

Again the Journal is called upon to chronicle the sad news of the death of an estimate lady, the wife of our respected friend, T. H. Nesseth. Although quite sick her dangerous condition was not realized until shortly before death occurred. The exact nature of the complaint from which she suffered the attending physicians were hardly able to determine, although it closely resembled typhoid fever.

The funeral services will take place to-morrow, (Friday) Rev. A. Ofstedal officiating. The remains will be interred at the Little Norway cemetery.

The Journal, in common with the many friends of the afflicted husband, desires to express its heartfelt sympathy.

"Where Lies the Fault."

The Dakota Ruralist.

Brother Cook asks some very pertinent questions in last week's Ruralist under the above coption. He says the question is often asked of me "What benefit do I or will I derive from connection with the alliance," and wishes our views. In answer will say that depends; if you stand back and wait for somebody else to think and act for you; if you refuse to do anything yourself and grumble when somebody else tries; if you object to putting a dollar a year into the treasury of the Alliance to pay for lectures to keep you waked up; if you decline to pay one dollar for your Alliance newspaper that is battling discouraging odds for you, while you support half a dozen other papers that are owned and controlled by your oppressors; if you meet in your local, county and state Alliances and pass earnest resolutions denouncing the extortions of trusts, monopolies, usurers, railroads, etc., and when election time comes step briskly to the polls and to the music of the party lash, or the gileful politicians voice, vote for the man selected by those very interests, and you know and admit it. If you ignore your own purchasing agents who are honestly and earnestly striving to secure lower prices for you, and could if you generally patronized them, and buy of the same old dealers that have charged exorbitant rates all these years and have combined to keep up prices instead of endeavoring to reduce them, if you ship your grain to Van Dusen & Co., or Pillsbury & Co., instead of to your own Alliance Elevator Co., that gives you better treatment and could help you tenfold more if properly patronized, who is to blame?

But if you will each and every one of you stiffen your spinal column and pledge yourselves anew to stand by each other and what your common sense tells you is right, if you will stand by your own institutions, whether the almighty dollar is in sight at all times or not, we necessarily make many mistakes and failures—who doesn't?

If you will insure in the Alliance Hail Association, that you all concede is by far the cheapest and safest company in the state, instead of patronizing half a dozen other companies for no other reason (unless it is a total deprivity) than because the agents of the other companies whom you pay 3 or 4 cents an acre more for taking your application than in your own company urges you to; if you would insure in the Alliance Fire and Life companies, and pay what it necessarily costs to keep your money at home, instead of sending it to New York to be returned at high rates of interest as loans on our farms.

If you would club together and dig artesian wells and farm irrigation companies of your own, utilize the power to run your own mills and have your state agents arrange to ship the Alliance brand of flour to our K. of L. and union allies in the east, if you would build co-operative cheese and butter factories and slaughter houses and dispose of the products in a similar manner, if you would start Alliance stores or concentrate your orders upon one or two stores in each village and if you will turn out and listen to and heed what the Alliance lecturers teach, you would not have to ask, "Where lies the fault?" or "What benefit will I derive?" Finally, vote never again for any man who does not represent you in fact as well as in theory, not lawyers, bankers, loan agents or unknown agents of monopoly, enough of those classes will get there without the assistance of the Alliance. If you would have your measures and demands crystalized into laws for your benefit you must send Alliance men to do it. We have tried the other for lo! these many years and they have shamefully betrayed us.

Clark County Democrat.

The ring organs are trying their best to make a break in the Farmers Alliance by a vigorous cracking of the party whip. They sing the same old song and haven't even changed the tune. We believe the farmers are too thoroughly arroused to their needs and too much in earnest in the movement to even for a moment seriously consider such trash. They realize the fact that for the past twenty-five years they have stuck to "party" through thick and thin and their condition has become more deplorable every year. Now they are going to let "our party" look out for itself for awhile and turn their attention to their own interests. The bankers' papers will have to make a different tack and start out on a new line if they expect to accomplish their purpose. Everybody knows that you would "gladly lend a helping hand to any movement that will tend to place the farmers of South Dakota on a better financial footing" but as "any movement" that will benefit the farmers would be in opposition to the interests of the men who own you, you are compelled to follow in the path marked out for you and leave the farmers' movement to take care of itself.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated November 17th, A. D. 1888, made by Clara M. Howes and Joseph W. Howes, her husband, to Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, a domestic corporation, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1888, in book 41 of mortgages, pages 65 and 68, conveying and mortgaging the following described premises situated in said county of Polk, to-wit: Lots seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9), block fifty-nine (59), in original townsite of Thief River Falls, Polk County, Minnesota, as it appears upon the recorded plat thereof in the office of said Register of Deeds, on which there is claimed to be due and unpaid and is due and unpaid at the date hereof $2,105, for interest and principal secured by said mortgage and for attorney's and solicitor's fees as therein conditioned. And default having been made in the payment of the principal sum at maturity, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum; and said mortgage containing a power, therewith recorded, authorising a foreclosure of, said mortgage in case of said default, and no proceedings at law or equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and foreclosure now having become operative, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in Crookston in said county, on Friday, the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day to satisfy the sum herein claimed due, together with all the costs and charges of foreclosure.

Crookston, Minn., May 8th, 1890.

WILLFORD AND NORTHWAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, BY J. L. WILLFORD, President, Mortgagee.

E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-9] 313 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of April 7th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee, Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 1st, 1890.]

WHEREAS CHARLES H. BROSSARD AND Sarah J. Brossard, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of September 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, (27) Township one hundred and fifty-two, (152) Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 18th day of September, A. D. 1885, at 12 o'clock m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page one; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-eight 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[1-8] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite
Wm. Anglim's residence.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-three and 60-100 dollars, ($83.60), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John C. Johnson, a single man, to Albert W. Mott, bearing date the 23d day of August, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 497, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve, (12), of block numbered five, (5), in the Townsite of Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the certified plat of said townsite, on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 28th, A. D. 1890.

ALBERT W. MOTT, Mortgagee.

PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication April 3d, 1890.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable the 5th day of March, 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Charles Netzer an unmarried man, Rosalia J. Netzer and Joseph Netzer, her husband, and Johanna Netzer, a widow, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of March, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 8th day of March, 1887, at 2:55 o'clock p. m., in book "29" of mortgages, at pages 232 to 236.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon said premises covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises, the sum of three hundred and twenty and 83-100 ($320.83) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seventeen hundred thirty-one and 95-100 ($1731.95) dollars, and no action or proceedings at law or otherwise have been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: Lot one (1) of block three (3) in the original townsite of Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota; lot fifteen, (15), sixteen, (16), and seventeen, (17), of block two (2) in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the recorded plat in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, and the north part of lot fifteen (15), block five (5) in L. Fletcher's Addition to Crookston, as recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, being twenty-five (25) feet in width fronting on Oak street, (now called Broadway) and twenty (20) feet in width on the rear end of said lot, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and seventy-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, county of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLAND AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, Mortgagee.

F. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-9] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 1st, 1890, viz: HALVOR B. TYEDTEN, Hd. No. 10,293, for the sw¼ Sec. 4, Township 150, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz: T. O. Bergland, N. F. Woodstrom, A. Daniels, C. Haagenson, of Crookston, Minn.

[1-6] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor. of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 27th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred and seventy-three and 21-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter A. Thompson and Mathia Thompson, his wife, as mortgagors, to the New England Mortgage Security Company, as mortgagee, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of March, A. D. 1884, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book "S" of mortgages on pages 5, 6 and 7, and no action having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, THEREFORE, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.

The north half of the southwest quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of Section eleven, (11), and the west half of the southwest quarter of Section one, (1), all in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-nine (49) west, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 19th day of May, A D 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, as provided by law and stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale.

Dated March 27th, 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
[30-4] Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, special term, April 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Edwin Benjamin, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ruth Ann Benjamin, administratrix of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into her hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to her granted to sell the southeast quarter Sec. 13, Tp. 149, R. 43, at private sale. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administratrix to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on Monday, the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administratrix to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this Order shall be published once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[3-5]

Sale of State Lands.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Land Office,
St. Paul, April 9th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at public sale, at the County Auditor's office, in Crookston, on Friday, June 6th, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by reason of failure to pay interest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale.

W. W. BRADEN,
[52-6] Commissioner of the State Land Office.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixty-five and 80-100 dollars, ($65 80-100) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ole Vraa and Karine Vraa, his wife, to A. W. Mott, bearing date the 15th day of November, A. D. 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 8:10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on page 372, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35) in block five (5) according to recorded plat of Opheim and Mott's addition to Fertile, Polk County, Minnesota, with the buildings thereon, consisting of hotel, barn and granary, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1890.

A. W. MOTT, Mortgagee.

PHELPS & CALKINS, Attys for Mortgagee,
[50-4] Ada, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 3d, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five dollars, installment of interest, which became due and payable the 22d day of May, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by Henry Cook and Annie Cook, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagees, bearing date the 20th day of May, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book "24" of mortgages, at pages 510 to 513.

And, whereas, a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said premises, covered by said mortgage, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay, and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of eighteen and 91-100 ($18.91) dollars; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable, and there is due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of three hundred eighteen and 61-100 ($318.61) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty, (20), Township one hundred and fifty-four, (154), Range forty-three, (43), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House, in Crookston, in the county of Polk, State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said county of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1890, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minn., March 24th, 1890.

THE NETHERLANDS AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, Mortgagee.

W. B. DOUGLAS AND BALL & SMITH,
[50-4] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	11 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

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THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

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TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:38 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
6:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

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Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

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IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property, and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

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AN ALLIANCE VICTORY.

The Supreme Court of Nebraska Decides the Elmwood Elevator Case.

THE RIGHT OF WAY CAN BE USED.

The Power of the State Board of Transportation in Cases of the Kind Is Affirmed.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 14.—The supreme court has decided the celebrated Elmwood elevator case. Something like a year ago the Farmers' Alliance at Elmwood appealed to the Missouri Pacific for the right to erect an elevator on the right of way at that place, and was refused. It then carried the case to the state board of transportation and secured an order on the company to comply with the request. The company refused to obey and Atty.-Gen. Luse, on behalf of the board and the alliance, applied to the supreme court for a writ of mandamus to compel the railroad company to respect the orders of the board. The court granted the writ, thus sustaining the action of the board. This decision is regarded as an important one, as it settles the question of the power and jurisdiction of the board of transportation over this class of cases. It also settles the right of the people to erect elevators at the company's stations and be accorded equal shipping facilities with all others. This was a test case on which the fate of fully a dozen other cases in various parts of the state depended.

FARMERS ASK JUSTICE.

They Want Subtreasuries All Over the Country.

The St. Paul Daily Globe.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—A delegation representing the Farmers' alliance appeared before the ways and means committee this morning to advocate the passage of the Pickler bill to create subtreasuries in different parts of the country for the reception of staple crops produced by farmers. The spokesman was C. W. Macune, chairman of the legislative committee of the alliance and editor of the National Economist. He said they did not ask the enactment of any unconstitutional measure, but as a grand debtor class, as the men who had gone out into the West after the war and laid the soil under contribution with borrowed money, they protested against the contraction of the currency at a time when their debts became due, and asked that the conditions be restored to what they were when the money was borrowed. They asked justice, pure and simple. Mr. Macune will continue his argument to-morrow.

Kansas City's Lack

Badly Behind in Parks—Minneapolis Far Ahead of Her.

Dr. C. E. Dampier, a well known physician of northern Minnesota, accompanied by ex-Mayor E. M. Walsh, of Crookston, in that state, is visiting friends in this city, after an extended trip throughout the entire West.

"This is my first visit to Kansas City" said Dr. Dampier, this morning, to a reporter for the Star, "and having been here but a few days, perhaps it is hardly fair for me to express an opinion, but I am surprised to find the city so far behind all the other cities we have visited in the matter of drives and parks. Minneapolis is laying out a beautiful and comprehensive park system and has employed the best landscape artist in the United States to plan and arrange it. Chicago has a splendid boulevard system and the park commissioners there would make a boulevard of every available street if they acceded to the requests of the property owners. And the property owners pay the entire cost of the construction, too, as they do in all cities we visited that have boulevards. When the boulevards are turned over to the park commissioners the commissioners maintain them perpetually without cost to the abutting property. Take outlying property there worth $30 to $40 a foot. The day the boulevard is constructed it is worth $175 to $200. At least they tell me that has always been the result. Even if it didn't advance in value a cent, that being perpetually freed from all charges for the care and maintenance of the street converted into a boulevard is regarded as being alone well worth the cost.

"San Francisco has a magnificent park and splendid boulevards, and nearly all the more enterprising and larger cities of the West either have parks already or are working to secure them."

Leaders Wanted.

The masses are greatly in need of bold leaders, men of good judgment, sound convictions and with the courage of their convictions. All great reforms have been inaugurated and carried to a successful ending by just such men. But the man who becomes a leader in the work of reform must be a man of peculiar construction. He must be endowed first of all with an almost incredible degree of patience, for without that virtue he will never be able to bear the stupidity with which he will come in contact, the misconstruction of his notions, and the warfare which those whose interests are being affected by his advocacy of reform will wage upon him. He must be influenced by higher motives than the hope of pecuniary gain. True reforms do not make much money, for capital is never on the side of reform. It is too conservative and selfish; too prone to create evils which must be battled against, and too self-satisfied to make much effort even if it may sometimes see the necessity of reform in certain directions. Reforms never originate among what we call the higher or the lower classes. It is among the middling classes that reforms are born and it is from those classes that reforms secure their support.

But there are leaders in all reforms, some one may say. That is hardly true. Some reforms have no one who can by the greatest stretch of imagination be called a leader. It is true some men may be conspicuous in them, but utterly lack the qualifications which men must possess to qualify them for leadership. Other reforms have leaders but they are not supported as they should be. No general can fight the battles of a war. He must have a harmonious corps of officers who will act with him, and when he has these he can properly marshal his army and it will do the fighting. A great hindrance to the advancement of those reforms in which we as farmers are interested is the fact that those who have led have not been properly supported by others who should have come out as leaders. Affairs are left to drift as they will; and yet there is not a farming school district in the entire West or indeed in the entire country in which there is not some one who could step to the front and become a leader of influence. It is not a difficult work to do either, not nearly as difficult as farmers sometimes think. Over the entire country there is practically a unanimous sentiment among farmers that something ought to be done and that something must be done. These people are just waiting for some man to take the lead; some one to lead in the organization of an Alliance; some one to lead in revolt against partisan ring methods; some one simply to say: Come on boys, we will go together and stand together for our rights. Who will do this in your community, reader? Who will take the first step toward inviting farmers to meet at the school house or elsewhere to form an Alliance or some other farmers' organization? Who will lift his voice for right and justice to the farmer?

Want It Amended.

Minnesota Congressman Are Not Pleased With the Tariff Bill in Its Present Shape.

Congressman Comstock Wants Free Twine and No Increase on Woolen Goods.

Farmers' Alliance Representatives Speak in Favor of Pickler's Sub-Treasury Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The congressman from Minnesota have decided that they will try to secure amendment to the tariff bill. Congressman Comstock said that when the schedules affecting the Western states were reached, the Minnesota delegation would have some amendments to offer, provided that other members did not come to the front with the same class of amendments. Mr. Comstock says Minnesota wants free binding twine and no increase of duty on woolen goods. He also wants the duty on metals reduced from the schedule fixed in the bill. Mr. Snider will support the free binding twine amendment and will ask to have the duty on steel rails, fixed at $13 by the committee, reduced to $10. He will also offer an amendment to have the iron ore schedule reduced from 75 cents to 50 cents per ton, and will also present an amendment reducing the duty on certain brands of tobacco. Mr. Dunnell also wants certain changes in the schedules.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2.50
Fife	2.25
Skip Jack	1.60

CITY TREASURER'S STATEMENT.

APRIL 1, 1890.

SINKING FUND.

Date	Item	Amount	Total
1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$6663 23	
	County bonds,	2000 00	
	Premium on Co bonds,	180 00	
	School bonds,	2000 00	
	Cash from County Treasurer, June settlement,	57 0[illegible]	
	Cash for accrued interest on loan to gen'l fund,	26 45	
	Total amount at credit of sinking fund at the time of delivery to sinking fund commissioners,		$11[illegible]87 82
1890. April 1	Amount handed over to sinking fund commissioners	$7[illegible]40 71	
	Due by the gen'l fund,	3[illegible]87 61	$11027 82

SEWER FUND.

Date	Item	Amount	Total
1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$2980 [illegible]	
	Cash from Co Treasurer, June settlement,	5[illegible]	$ [illegible]511 86
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,		2511 86

FIREMENS' RELIEF FUND.

Date	Item	Amount	Total
1889. April 1	Cash on hand	$101 94	
July 1	Cash from State apportionment	151 85	$253 79
	Paid receipt for fire dept. order 1180,	$100 [illegible]	
	Paid receipt for fire dept. order 1445,	50 00	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	103 79	$253 79

INTEREST FUND.

Date	Item	Amount	Total
1889. April 1	Cash on hand	$1952 45	
	Transferred from the specific fund,	207 52	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	2542 48	
	Interest on daily balance in March 1889,	17 50	$4719 89
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1182,	$1120 [illegible]	
	Paid exchange,	1 [illegible]	
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1226,	2212 00	
	Pa'd interest on city bonds, per order 1227,	2100 00	
	Paid exchange,	2 00	
	Paid commission to Hanover Bank, per order 1233,	8 05	
	Pa'd commission to the National Park Bank, per order, 1229,	23 90	
	Paid exchange,	[illegible]	
	Paid interest on 7th st. bridge bond, per order 1444,	100 25	$5[illegible]72 70
1890. April 1	Am't overdrawn,		952 81

SINKING FUND COMMISSIONERS.

Item	Amount	Total
County bond and premium,	$[illegible]180 00	
School bond,	2000 00	
Cash,	2[illegible]69 71	$79[illegible]9 71

IMPROVEMENT FUND.

Date	Item	Amount	Total
1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$1982 91	
	Transferred from the following accounts:		
	Oak street,	350 84	
	Ash street, from 2d to Houston,	418 40	
	Ash street, block 215, Fletcher's addition,	93 50	
	Ash street, south of Houston,	8 25	
	Ash street, from 4th to 5th street,	189 84	
	Front street	37 50	
	Pine "	42 15	
	Sheridan "	70 83	
	Sixth "	159 06	
	Fifth "	72 00	
	Fourth "	181 90	
	Third "	53 43	
	Second "	169 94	
	Fletcher "	143 4[illegible]	
	Main "	218 43	
	Hunter "	[illegible]79 83	
	Robert "	292 77	
	Elm "	238 90	
	Seventh "	[illegible]4 83	
	Cowing "	261 53	
	Houston avenue,	550 73	
	Bridge fund,	6 00	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settl't,	522 84	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer for acct of the following streets:		
	Seventh street	24 00	
	Third "	31 00	
	Second "	1 59	
	Oak "	23 93	
	Ash "	142 61	
	Sheridan, " B to G	18 00	
	Cowing "	22 50	
	Houston "	17 76	
	Pine "	75	
	Robert "	40 00	
	Amounts included in sundry orders agst improvemen and chargeable to the following:		
	First ward,	115 15	
	Second "	115 15	
	Third "	8 10	
	Fourth "	141 50	
	Fifth "	11 62	
	General fund,	53 12	$7228 97
	Dr.		
	Paid Jos. Netzer for repairs to city hall, per order 1172	[illegible]	
	Paid Red River Lumber Co., for lumber orders 1177, 1276, 1324, 1375, 1402, 1441, 1481.	790 07	
	Paid Red River Lumber Co. for fence posts, per order 1217	2 40	
	Paid Alderman & Sylvester hardware per order 1215,	6 50	
	Paid for labor, Hans Morberg, per order 1286,	27 50	
	Paid J. Evanson for labor, per order 1[illegible]83,	55 50	
	Paid C. P. Cahoon, grading Robert st. order 1300,	600 00	
	order 1349,	183 95	
	Paid Stewart & Spottiswood, hardware, order 1323,	7 55	
	Paid J. E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1327,	4 82	
	Paid J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1401,	6 90	
	Paid E. W. Wile for a Baker's contract order 1411,	145 71	
	Paid labor for O. L Hamery, order 1409	4 50	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, order 1465	2 25	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, repairing sidewalks, order 1435,	5 75	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, repairing sidewalks, order 1332,	43 58	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, constructing sidewalks, order 1381,	8 25	
	Paid A A Olds, painting city hall, order 1577,	25 00	
	Due by gen'l fund,	5000 00	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand	271 23	$7228 97

POOR FUND.

Date	Item	Amount	Total
		Cr.	
1889. May 29	Cash from gen'l fund,	$100 00	
July	" " " "	50 00	
	Cash from fines in justice court,	36 01	
	Cash from County Treasurer, June settlement,	1[illegible]3 [illegible]3	$314 87
		Dr.	
	Paid L. I. Benoit, mdse to poor, per order 1272,	3 53	
	Paid E Asselin, mdse to poor, order 1273,	4 05	
	Paid E Asselin, mdse to poor, order 1274,	5 00	
	1316,	4 50	
	1353,	8 [illegible]	
	1398,	8 00	
	1473,	8 00	
	1439,	8 00	
	1463,	8 [illegible]	
	1549,	8 00	
	1550,	8 00	
	Paid A Rauch, mdse to poor, order 1266,	9 00	
	Paid J H & A Locken, merchandise to poor, order 1270,	14 00	
	1271,	5 00	
	1323,	10 00	
	1399,	5 00	
	1400,	10 00	
	M B Hayes, mdse to poor, order 1318,	21 28	
	1362,	18 00	
	1397,	8 [illegible]	
	1517,	10 15	
	1503,	41 68	
	1558,	6 00	
	Paid Hack & Gallasch, merchandise to poor, order 1317,	2 50	
	1374,	6 88	
	Paid F L Durand, mdse to poor, order 1359,	8 10	
	Paid G W Lewis, merchandis to poor, order 1333,	4 15	
	1512,	1 60	
	Paid Dr. J H Farley, med. attendance, order 1351,	9 50	
	Paid Dr. C E Dampier, med. attendance, order 1393,	18 00	
	Paid Dr. Dunlop, med. attendance, order 1422,	8 00	
	Paid Dr Van Dyke, med. attendance, order 1295,	23 00	
	Paid Holmboe & Larson, merchandise to poor, order 1456,	5 00	
	1515,	5 24	
	1305,	10 61	
	Paid E Allard board G Bennett, order 1159,	23 00	
	Paid Rosenthan & Wile mdse, order 1460,	3 50	
	Paid Rosenthal & Wile, mdse to Halberg, order 1547,	4 50	
	Paid E D Childs & Co., merchandise, order 1497,	1 00	
	1483,	60	
	Paid G Boshan, brd'g Surprenaut, order 1518,	8 50	
	Paid Iver A Krohn, boarding P Halberg, order 1515,	17 50	
	1556,	28 90	
	Paid Young Bros. for wood, order 1478,	1 75	
	Paid And. Carlson for boarding H Spitz, order 1533,	10 00	
	Paid And. Carlson, boarding H Spitz, order 1555,	10 00	
	Paid J H & A Locken mdse, order 1477,	9 00	
	Paid J W Lilly, copy of poor law, order 1170,	1 50	
	Paid Oakdale Cemetery Association order 1234,	8 50	$450 03
1890. April 1	Overdrawn,		135 64
			$314 87

FIFTH WARD.

Item	Dr.	Cr.
Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,		$93 18
Paid labor, O L Hamery, order 1321,	$37 75	
Paid labor, O L Hamery, order 1410.	[illegible]1 75	
Paid labor, F L Hamery, order 1379.	14 25	
Paid labor, C E Sargent, order 1554,	8 50	
Paid per orders on improvement fund,	11 62	
Overdrawn,		45 69
	$138 87	$138 87

WARD FUND.

Date	Item	Amount	Total
			Cr.
	Cash on hand,	$770 87	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	615 75	$1386 62
	First Ward.	Dr.	
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	24 08	
	1230,	18 50	
	1376,	36 75	
	1404,	8 75	
	1432,	18 11	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	115 25	
	Second Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	17 49	
	1231,	31 00	
	1328,	75	
	1377,	18 75	
	1405,	10 00	
	1433,	65 63	
	1462,	20 87	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	115 15	
	Third Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1201,	7 02	
	1232,	23 15	
	1330,	31 00	
	1406,	1 50	
	1439,	2 50	
	1463,	7 83	
	Paid by order on improvement fund	8 10	
	Fourth Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	7 00	
	1233,	42 00	
	1331,	42 00	
	1407,	12 75	
	1434,	1 50	
	1464,	7 87	
	1378,	55 12	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	141 50	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	571 14	$1386 62

GENERAL FUND.

Date	Item	Amount
		Cr.
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	$11 00
	Borrowed form sinking fund,	6437 61
	Fines from Justice Spendley,	73 00
	Fines from Justice Lewis,	109 00
	Cash for dray licenses:	
	I N Simmons,	10 00
	Lancaster & Brown,	10 00
	J H Creighton,	10 00
	O E Sargent,	20 00
	Young Bros.	10 00
	W Creighton,	10 00
	A E Flanders,	10 00

(Continued on second page.)

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 22, 1890.

Dr. Fish

Editor of The Great West will address the Farmers of Norman County on

THURSDAY MAY 29th

at Ada.

And the farmers of Polk County on Friday, May 30th, at Fertile, and

SATURDAY MAY 31st

AT CROOKSTON.

Every farmer in Polk County should turn out and listen to this able advocate of the principles of the Farmers Alliance.

Round Home.

Wheat was quoted at 77cents on Monday.

The weather this week has been very favorable for crops.

Dr. C. E. Dampier arrived home on Wednesday morning.

Don't forget that Dr. Fish speaks in Crookston on Saturday, May 31st.

I. I. Hillestad came down on the train from Fosston on Tuesday evening.

Dr. M. Watts has taken possession of Dr. M. Van Dyke's old office on Second St.

Upon the whole the day was well enjoyed by the participants in the proceedings.

Tell your neighbors that Dr. Fish will speak at Crookston on Saturday, May 31st.

A. Paradis came in from Poplar River this week to see how things are running in the big city.

K. O. Gigstad and Erick Hoff came down from St. Hilaire on Monday to enjoy metropolitan life for a few days.

Senator H. Burkhardt has disposed of his interests in the brewery to his former partner Mr. August Walters.

I. K. Messe't came in from Winger on Tuesday's train. It is said that I. K. is a candidate for Clerk of the Court.

Not to be behindhand, Mason & Robinson have started up their soda fountain business. It is nice, these hot days.

Jorgenson's building grows skyward apace. The first floor is on and the work of bricklaying goes briskly forward.

Charlie Rapp was in from St. Hilaire over Sunday. Came down on Friday with the good-looking editor of the Spectator.

The county board met on Wednesday morning and in a few minutes appointed John Paterson sheriff vice N. O. Paulsrud deceased.

Work on the new railroad is being pushed as rapidly as circumstances will permit. At this rate it will be ready for operation in six weeks.

Lew Freeman was over from the Forks on Tuesday. He was exhibiting a handsome English shire colt upon our streets from his Fisher farm.

The past week has been a good one for grain so far as moisture is concerned but the weather has been extremely cold—some think too cold.

The willow-wielders of McIntosh tried conclusions with the Crookston club on Friday last being left by a large majority. Our club is getting ready to tackle St. Paul or some other poor club in the league.

Photographer Francis has sold his gallery and leaves this week to see about getting his car ready to take the road. Mr. F. is one of the best photographers Crookston ever had—and she has had some pretty good ones.

Mrs. I. U. Jenning's has just received a large and new stock of children's hats ranging in prices from 15 cts. to three dollars, also a large assortment of summer flowers. [5-6]

Our genial city treasurer, Capt. Couverette was the lucky man at Saake's drawing on Saturday evening last and now wears a $50 gold watch at a cost of only $4. With all this sudden wealth thrust upon him by the hand of fate, as it were, the Capt. is not too proud to associate with us common fellows.

Anhaug Gestenson, a single woman aged about 50 years was found dead in the brush near Erskine on Friday morning. The coroner was notified but owing to his duties in the sheriff's office could not go so he empowered A. Gilmour, of McIntosh to hold an inquest. The jury decided that the woman came to her death from the effects of alcohol.

Mine host, J. E. Mitton, of the Wahpeton house was in the city on Monday shaking hands with his many old-time friends here. It will be remembered that a few years since J. E. kept hotel in this city going from here to Park River, where his hotel was destroyed by fire just as he had got it paid for. He says he is doing a fine business at Wahpeton where he has a full house all of the time.

Prof. Hurlburt's "Hippocynagon" is a wonderful institution, name and all. That [illegible] horses could never be so highly trained as his are seems incredible, [illegible] beyond belief, yet it is so as all who saw the performances can testify. They seem to understand thoroughly [illegible] to them and [illegible] to obey. The dogs were [illegible] intelligent. The [illegible] by their droll actions [illegible] compliments [illegible]

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

J. G. McGrew departed for Nashville, Tenn., last week for the purpose of looking for a place in which to locate. If he is not suited there he will take a trip throughout the south land and may return to Crookston to abide. His friends all hope this may be the result.

Charlie Lowe has now more horses than dogs. Fifteen head of good work mares and horses at your own price. Cheap on time, cheaper for cash.

Our genial fellow-townsman, J. B. Ford has struck it rich at last. He has taken an agency for a patent electric business needed in every hotel and has supplied several hotels in Grand Forks. We sincerely hope he has the bonanza as he thinks it as he deserves good luck.

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

Last week as Mrs. Ed. Barrette, formerly of this city, was coming from her home in Terrebonne her horse took fright and ran away, throwing the lady and her children from the buggy. One of the children, an infant, was killed and Mrs. B. injured somewhat though not so much as to prevent her walking to Gentilly and carrying the body of the infant.

Don't forget that Dr. Fish will speak in this city on Saturday, May 31st. The doctor is the man that runs that stalwart paper, the Great West that has done so much to put life into the Alliance work since it started last October. The doctor will tell us who has made the money in wheat during the last five years in this county—we already know who has not.

$100,000 to loan.

JOHN MCLEAN.

Nels Muus, secretary of Liberty Alliance No. 818, was in the city on Thursday last. Mr. M. is an earnest worker and is doing much good in the cause. Elsewhere he announces that he will be a candidate for county treasurer. Mr. Muus is an energetic young man, a man of good education and should he be the choice of the people would discharge the duties of the office acceptably.

Owing to the rain on the 17th the parade had to be omitted and the speeches were made in the opera house. H. Messor delivered an address in Norwegian and Col. W. C. Plummer in English. In the evening the play "American Fancies" was presented by home talent to a large and appreciative audience. A ball was also given in the old Grand Army Hall which was largely attended and pronounced a fine affair.

Crookston theatre goers are promised a rare treat for the 29th, 30th and 31st. The McLean & Prescott Company will appear on those dates in Shakspearean plays such as "Othello," "The Winters Tale," "As You Like It," &c. This company is highly spoken of by the press and will no doubt furnish our people a high class of entertainments. They have just finished a three weeks engagement at Winnipeg, where they are highly spoken of.

Cunningham Bros. lost a valuable mare on Friday the 16th. The animal was at the trough drinking when she suddenly commenced backing, turned her head to the left side and fell, expiring immediately. The animal was insured in the Fergus Falls Company but as they lost one last summer that was so insured and as yet have received no money, it seems to be somewhat of a question whether they get pay for this animal. What is the matter with that company anyhow? Is it insolvent?

THE JOURNAL is informed that the N. P. intends to build a line of road from Moorhead north, paralelling the Moorhead Northern to Fisher, thence to Keystone and thence to Argyle crossing at that point they will parallel the Great Northern to St. Vincent. The change in the line through Crookston would seem to give color to this statement, also their actions at and around Fisher recently. The Stephen Leader confidently asserts that the N. P. will be in there this summer and the Hallock Enterprise is just as confident that it will be at Hallock also.

The county board, having failed to agree when a candidate for sheriff agreed to choose a committee of five, the democratic members to choose two, the republican members two and the four thus selected to choose the fifth. Wm. Anglim, T. A. Dunlava, John Cromb and A. D. Stephens were chosen but after wrestling with the problem awhile they failed to agree and gave it up in disgust. It seems to us that the interests of the county would be better subserved by an appointment even though it should be a democrat, and on the other hand it would appear to be for the best interests of the county that one of the deputies should be appointed as they have the run of the business and could better administer the affairs of the office than some inexperienced man. We are told that there are many tax warrants yet to serve and as this must be done before June 1st the Board should come to some agreement at its session which began yesterday or should be held responsible for their neglect by the people. Politics should not be allowed to rule this matter to the detriment of the public good. Come to some understanding, gentlemen, and let us have a sheriff appointed.

THE GREAT WEST MAN,

Dr. E. W. Fish,

Will address the farmers of Polk County on Friday, May 30th,

AT FERTILE,

And on Saturday, May 31st, at

CROOKSTON!

—o—

Everybody has heard of Dr. Fish! We now have an opportunity to meet him and hear him speak.

Turn Out, Everybody!

By Order of Polk County Alliance.

G. M. SWIFT, President.

A. N. HIXSON, Sec.

Money to loan on improved farms at the lowest rate of interest. Give me a call, room 10, McKinnon Block Crookston Minn. ALEX MCKINNON.

The Republican County Central committee is hereby requested to meet at the Commercial hotel in this city on Tuesday June 3, at 2 p. m. for the purpose of calling a republican convention and to transact such other business as shall properly come before it. The members are as follows:

H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Chairman.
A. R. Holston, Red Lake Falls, Sec.
I. I. Hillestad, Fosston.
C. J. Rapp, St. Hilaire.
Hugh Thompson, Fisher.
Robt. Coller, Mallory.
Dr. A. Nelson, Fertile.

When The Cat's Away The Mice Will Play.

G. Thompson has improved the opportunity offered by Wilson's absence to put on a handsome suit of paper. He selected and Schmidt put it on.

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston nurseries, will sell trees, seeds and small fruits at lowest market prices. Send for catalogue or call at nursery. [9-tf]

MENTOR, May 20, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: Mentor Alliance, No. 594, of Polk County, met at the school house in Dist. No. 81, Grove Park. The meeting was called to order by president E. E. Abbott, who made some well chosen remarks; also remarks by G. M. Swift, president of county alliance. A general discussion was then indulged in for some time among members of the alliance in regard to the purchasing of our binding twine. W. W. Attix was elected delegate to the convention to be held at Fergus Falls June 13th, 1890, with G. M. Swift, alternate. The alliance voted in favor of holding a convention at an early date to nominate candidates for legislative and county officers. Adjourned to meet in two weeks at the school house in Dist. No. 60. G. H. TRIPP, Sec.

I have received a large amount of money to loan on City property in amounts to suit the borrower. Call on,

ALEX MCKINNON.

TERREBONNE, May 10, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: The charter for "Terrebonne Alliance, No. 822," has come at last, and we called a meeting for last Saturday, the 11th inst., and elected the following permanent officers: President, John Desforges, P. O., Red Lake Falls; vice-president, Giles Lizee, P. O. Terrebonne; secretary, J. L. Cossette, P. O., Terrebonne; treasurer, Louis Perreault, P. O., Terrebonne; delegates to county alliance, Thos. Grompe, Jr., John Clement and Cyrille Beaudin, all of Terrebonne; delegate to the fifth Congressional District Alliance, John Desforges, P. O., Red Lake Falls. We had a little speech from Mr. Demers and then adjourned till the 31st inst., at 2 p. m. J. L. COSSETTE, Sec.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NELS MUUS, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818.

[5-tf]

To Whom It May Concern.

MENTOR, Polk Co. Minn., Apr. 16th, 1890. Please take notice that without just cause or provocation, Sarah K. Swift has left my bed and board, therefore I forbid any and all persons from harboring or sheltering or feeding or trusting the said Sarah K. Swift upon my account in any way whatever, as I shall not pay any debts she may contract from this date, April 16th, 1890.

[5-7] GEORGE W. SWIFT.

$5 REWARD.

To any person who can give me any information leading to the capture of a sorrel mare pony marked with an inverted 2 on left shoulder and shod on the hind feet, was last seen going west from Crookston.

Address all communications to Martin Williams, St. Hilaire, Polk Co., Minn. [5-6]

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

HORSES.

If you need a good mare or horse come and see me. I have 15 head which must be sold at once for what they will bring. CHAS. M. LOWE, [4-tf] The Loan Agent.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance.

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER..........Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE..........Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD..........Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)..........Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER..........Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE..........Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD..........Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE..........Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE..........Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG..........Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY..........Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP..........Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN..........Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY..........Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL..........Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, President DAVID P. LISTER, Secretary.

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

AT

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers.

25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price

6c.

Ginghams.

25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price

7c.

Henriettas.

20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price

25c.

Striped Serges.

10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price

48c.

Sicelletta.

In all the new shades, 42 inches wide. would be cheap at $1. Next week's price

72 1-2c.

Sateens.

Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price

25c.

A good Carpet for..........50c
A good apron..........25c
Blouse waists..........50c
Blouse waist Ties..........10c
Fast black Hose..........10c
Jersey ribbed vests..........10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove..........$1.00

A good carpet..........25c
" ingrain carpet..........40c
" lace Curtain..........$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

FOR SALE

OR TO BE

GIVEN AWAY!

- 1 two or three horse Drag.
- 1 Broadcast Seeder.
- 1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
- 1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
- 2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
- 2 pair Buggy Shafts.
- 3 Gang Plows.
- 1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
- 3 Mowers.
- 2 Hay Rakes.
- 2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
- 1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
- 1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
- 1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
- 1 Tank Pump.
- 1,500 good Oak Posts.
- 1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,

[52-tf.] THE LOAN AGENT.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

To Rent.

For store or saloon purposes, my building on Main street, known as Lefebyre's place. For particulars address Joe Veronneau.

[8-tf.] M. LEFEBVRE.

FOR SALE.

At a bargain. The finest 160 Acre farm in the Red River Valley, located near Euclid. Address L. W. Arnold, Assignee estate of F. M. Finch, 155 East Third Street, St. Paul.

[4-5]

(Continued from 1st page.)

Sheasegren & Co		5 00
Cash for circus license		50 00
Cash for saloon licenses,		$8510 00
O Marell,	$500	
W Heldrich,	500	
E Ralsch,	500	
Wilson & Thompson,	500	
A H Austin & Co	510	
J A Hemis,	500	
C C Hock,	500	
Nyquist & Berquist,	500	
N Rapin,	500	
Ferran & Dantly,	500	
J W O'Brien,	500	
A Yvernault,	500	
O C Ericson,	500	
M Ericsson,	500	
R C Burkhardt,	500	
J S Hanson,	500	
S L Bentson,	500	
Borrowed from improvement fund,		5000 00
From Co. Treasurer, June settlement,		1450 70
Interest on daily balances,		830 93
Dog licenses,		39 00
Auctioneer's license,		50 00
		$22110 36

Dr.

Paid for account of 1889, as follows:

J Anderson, laborer, order 150,	$ 9 75
P Connors, salary for February, 1889, order 1140,	20 00
P Connors salary for March, 1889, order 1151,	20 00
John Paterson, salary for March, 1889, order 1150,	45 83
L Gagner, salary for February, 1889, order 1135,	60 00
L Gagner, salary for March, 1889, order 1146,	60 00
M B Hayes, salary for February, 1889, order 1133,	75 00
M B Hayes, salary for March 1889, order 1143,	75 00
John Cromb, salary for December, 1889, order 1079,	25 00
J Cromb, salary for January 1889, order 1116,	25 00
J Cromb, salary for February, 1889, order 1138,	25 00
J Cromb, salary for March, 1889, order 1149,	25 00
R B Misten, labor, order 178,	7 00
Huggard, Larsen & Co. order 172,	57 00
O W Anderson, labor, order 159,	1 50
J England, labor, order 160,	1 50
J H Locken, salary for Mch, 1889, order 1148,	25 00
E D Childs & Co., council fees, order 1102,	8 00
H E Cooke, printing, order 1155,	20 63
P Johnson, labor, order 158,	3 37
T Cartright, do do 169,	2 25
F Fournet, council do 1191,	4 00
D B Hallestad, salary for March, 1889, order 1147,	25 00
J G Brenner, labor order 174	3 50
M Van Dyke, medical attendance, order 1157,	48 00
O Vian, chemical engine, order 1153,	80 00
G H Pollard, labor, order 167,	4 50
R H Nolan, council, order 1188,	6 00
R G Marlette, council, order 1186,	16 00
Isaac Lauend, laborer, order 164,	2 26
M Watts, judgments against city, order 1205,	20 60
Jos Glotier, laborer, order 171,	3 37
D McDonald, salary, order 1145,	60 00
D McDonald, Salary, order 1184,	60 00
D McDonald, salary, order 1203,	24 00
Paid for election purposes:	
F Jerome, judge of election, order 1173,	9 00
A Munn, judge of election, order 1162,	6 00
S L Collins, clerk of election order 1167,	2 00
F Regimbal, clerk of election, order 1174,	2 00
H Funck, clerk of election, order 1166,	6 00
Aug Walters, judge of election, order 1168,	9 00
C Vanarsdale, clerk of election, order 1156,	6 00
R G Marlette, judge of election, order 1164,	9 00
W S Booth, poll lists, order 1169,	2 30
M Lally, judge of election, order 1178,	6 00
L G Scott, clerk of election, order 1162,	4 00
H P Nolan, judge of election order 1179,	6 00
L G Scott, poll lists, order 1223,	7 50
Jas Leo, clerk of election, order 1219,	2 00
H Steenerson, judge of election, order 1209	9 00
Steenerson & McManus, office rent, order 1213,	5 00
J Paterson, poll lists per Booth, order 1221,	4 00
I Portier, office rent, order 1207,	5 00
W Watts, office rent, order, 1212,	5 00
E D Childs, judge of election, order 1211,	9 00
T C Stewart, office rent, order 1203,	5 00
I U Jennings, judge of election, order 1175,	6 00
G O Buhn, judge of election, order 1210,	9 00
V D Caeruth, clerk of election, order 1250,	2 00
J Paterson, poll lists, order 1279,	7 50
F E Lepage, office and clerk of election, order 1260,	5 00
T C Stewart, office and clerk of election, order 1204,	7 00
R Stanton, judge of election order 1267,	3 00
F Jerome, judge of election, order 1246,	9 00
A munn, clerk, order 1257,	6 00
C Vanarsdale, clerk, order 1259,	4 00
R G Marlette, judge, order 1262,	9 00
D McKinnon, clerk, order 1278,	4 00
A Walters, judge, order 1265,	9 00
A Funck, clerk, order 1266,	4 00
F Regimbal, clerk, order 1300,	2 90
R Smith, clerk, order 1251,	3 00
G W Banks, judge, order 1314,	3 00
J E Morrisey, judge, order 1302	19 50
W Watts, rent and judge, order 1315,	8 00
Jos Laurence, judge, order 1249	6 00
O L Hanson, clerk, do 1247,	2 00
H P Peterson, do do 1235,	3 00
I U Jennings, do do 1252,	9 00
G O Buhn, do do 1253,	9 00
A A Glenn, do do 1232,	2 00
S L Collins, do do 1248,	2 00
Paid for City Council:	
F. Jerome, order 1181,	16 00
M Lally, do 1183,	14 00
H Steenerson, do 1185,	12 00
J E Morrisey, do 1192,	10 00
T H Bjoin, do 1193,	10 00
A Walters, do 1184,	12 00
W Watts, do 1190,	16 00
E D Childs, do 1182,	14 00
G O Buhn, do 1187,	16 00
M Lally, do 1203,	12 00
F Jerome, do 1370,	12 00
R G Marlette, do 1372,	8 00
H Steenerson, do 1373,	6 00
T H Bjoin, do 1368,	10 00
G O Buhn, do 1360,	12 00
R G Marlette, do 1371,	12 00
W Watts, do 1364,	12 00
E D Childs, do 1355,	10 00
A Walters, do 1367,	8 00
F Jerome, do 1492,	8 00
E D Childs, do 1487,	8 00
M Lally, do 1488,	8 00
I U Jennings, do 1491,	12 00
T H Bjoin, do 1490,	8 00
J E Morrisey, do 1489,	6 00
W Watts, do 1486,	12 00
G O Buhn, do 1491,	12 00
H Steenerson, do 1495,	12 00
R G Marlette, do 1493,	12 00
do do 1186,	
I U Jennings, do 1189,	16 00
Paid salaries as follows:	
City Engineer. O L Hamery,	
For April, order 1199,	50 00
do May, do 1243,	50 00
do June, do 1294,	50 00
do July, do 1346,	50 00
do August, do 1387,	50 00
do Sept do 1418,	50 00
do October do 1448,	50 00
do November, do 1470,	50 00
do December, do 1501,	50 00
do January, do 1531,	50 00
City Attorney, D E Hallestad.	
For April, do 1200,	25 00
do May, do 1241,	25 00
do June, do 1297,	25 00
do July, do 1343,	25 00
do August, do 1390,	25 00
do September, do 1417,	25 00
do October, do 1450,	25 00
do November, do 1471,	25 00
do December, do 1502,	25 00
do January, do 1533,	25 00
do February, do 1542,	25 00
City Treasurer, L C Couvrette,	
For April, do 1197,	25 00
do May, do 1242,	25 00
do June, do 1296,	25 00
do July, do 1345,	25 00
do August, do 1389,	25 00
do September, do 1416,	25 00
do October, do 1452,	25 00
do November, do 1472,	25 00
do December, do 1503,	25 00
do January, do 1532,	25 00
do February, do	25 00
Police, L Gonyea,	
For April, do 1196,	50 00
do May, do 1238,	50 00
do June, do 1293,	60 00
do July, do 1342,	60 00
do July, do 1342,	00 00
do August, do 1386,	60 00
do September, do 1412,	60 00
do October, do 1447,	60 00
do November, do 1469,	60 00
do December, do 1500,	60 00
do January, do 1530,	60 00
do February, do 1540,	60 00
Chief of Police, M B Hayes.	
For April, order 1195,	60 00
" May, " 1238,	65 00
" June, " 1291,	70 00
" July, " 1341,	70 00
" August, " 1385,	70 00
" September, " 1412,	70 00
" October, " 1446,	70 00
" November, " 1468,	70 00
" December, " 1499,	70 00
" January " 1529,	70 00
" February, " 1539,	70 00
City Clerk, John Paterson.	
For April, " 1194,	33 33
" May, " 1244,	33 33
" June, " 1298,	33 33
" July, " 1347,	33 33
" August, " 1391,	33 33
" September, " 1418,	33 33
" October, " 1451,	33 33
" November, " 1474,	33 33
" December, " 1505,	33 33
" January, " 1535,	33 33
" February, " 1545,	33 33
Taking care fire apparatus, Pat Connors	
For April, order 1201,	20 00
" May, " 1245,	20 00
" June, " 1299,	20 00
" July, " 1348,	20 00
" August, " 1392,	20 00
" September, " 1419,	20 00
" October, " 1453,	20 00
" November, " 1473,	20 00
" December, " 1506,	20 00
" January, " 1536,	20 00
" February, " 1546,	20 00
Comptroller, E W Wile.	
For April, " 1198,	25 00
" May, " 1240,	25 00
" June, " 1295,	25 00
" July, " 1344,	25 00
" August, " 1388,	25 00
" September, " 1415,	25 00
" October, " 1449,	25 00
" November, " 1463,	25 00
" December, " 1504,	25 00
" January, " 1534,	25 00
" February, " 1544,	25 00
Attending chemical engine, O Vian.	
For April, May and June, 1307,	25 00
" Aug., Sept and Oct. 1457,	20 00
Paid for mdse as follows:	
J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1227,	9 15
J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1318,	2 00
J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1422,	73 97
J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1401,	1 65
J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1482,	12 80
J. H. & A. Locken, sundries, order 1229,	80
F E Hertz & Co., sundries, order 1222,	5 65
W S Mott & Co., sundries for fire dept., order 1258,	30 50
W S Mott & Co., hose for fire dept., order 1303,	482 00
E W Wile, mdse for fire dept, order 1226,	5 00
E W Wile, mdse for fire dept, order 1164,	8 26
L Waldeland, mdse, order 1277,	11 15
M Rauenbuehler, " " 1328,	1 25
" " " 1482,	2 25
" " " 1514,	18 00
Fontaine & Anglim, mdse., order 1313,	15 45
Louis Fontaine, stationery, order 1425,	3 30
Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1261,	84 18
Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1485,	8 50
A J & A McKinnon, mdse, order 1479,	10 75
W E Walker, mdse, order 1521	5 85
Paid R G Woodham, " 1517	18 00
Paid printing and stationery:	
H E Cooke, print'g, order 1235,	60 70
" " " " 1354,	10 15
" " " " 1330,	67 65
" " justice docket, order 1403,	15 90
H E Cooke, print'g, order 1402,	6 00
" " " " 1454,	86 20
W E McKenzie, stationery, order 1325,	26 30
W E McKenzie, justice docket order 1320,	16 00
J A Wallace, stationery, order 1311,	4 30
Hydrants and electric light:	
Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1291,	407 80
Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1498,	2976 69
Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co, order 1290,	2403 14
Fire department:	
Attending fires, order 1158,	198 00
" " " 1224,	129 00
" " " 1156,	36 00
O C Bergland, team at fire, order 1232,	5 00
Attending fire, order 1263,	67 00
" " " 1461,	42 00
Rosenthal & Wile, mdse, order 1548,	30 00
Attending 3 fires, order 1553,	131 00
Health Officer.	
Paid M Van Dyke, order 1209,	63 00
" " " 1334,	44 00
" " " 1470,	25 00
" " " 1524,	25 00
" " " 1525,	30 00
Labor:	
O L Hamery, order 1204,	14 62
" " " 1264,	27 87
" " " 1223,	63 00
" " " 1359,	11 62
" " " 1409,	3 00
" " " 1406,	6 00
" " " 1436,	95 50
" " " 1466,	50 72
" " " 1509,	12 75
P Connors, " 1268,	6 00
J H & A Locken, " 1366,	10 00
Munn Bros., " 1523,	5 50
Justice fees:	
C S Spendley, " 1301,	10 75
" " 1301,	3 80
" " 1426,	5 70
" " 1430,	7 67
" " 1431,	3 83
" " 2497,	3 70
" " 1511	3 83
G W Lewis, " 1353,	1 90
" " 1427,	7 00
" " 1438,	2 15
" " 1513,	15 20
Board of Review:	
M Lally, " 1336,	12 00
E D Childs, " 1337,	12 00
Justice fees:	
C S Spendley, " 1165,	7 95
" " 1171,	5 70
Sundries:	
A P & P Sohnson, burying animals, order 1231,	2 00
John Benear, repairs to bridge, order 1233,	10 00
M B Hayes, mdse and boarding prisoners, order 1225,	18 29
C E Dampier, professional services, order 1220,	5 00
Harris & Glenn, repairs to buildings, order 1216,	2 00
Harry Dodge, witness fees, order 1206,	1 12
G O Buhn, B Smith's bill, order 1214,	3 50
H Shepard, witness fees, order 1275,	1 12
A J & A McKinnon, blacksmith bill, order 1237,	20 23
A Rauch, witness fees, order 1230,	1 12
A E Flanders, drayage, order 1161,	1 25
B Hatheberg, special police, order 1391,	2 00
M B Hayes, washing jail blankets, order 1310,	1 10
Henry Wight, services as assessor, order 1321,	300 00
O L Hamery, bridge repairs, order 1384,	12 00
O L Hamery, for an assistant order 1333,	13 50
Refunded the sinking fund, order 1335,	2500 00
Interest on $2500 sinking fund order 1338,	36 45
Young Bros., hauling snow and manure, order 1302,	3 50
W Welsh, special police, order 1329,	2 00
L C Couvrette, auditing books, order 1312,	25 00
W M Ross, gravel for stock yard, order 1340,	100 00
J H Creighton, drayage, order 1330,	2 00
M B Hayes, special police, order 1361,	17 50
O L Hamery, an assistant, order 1382,	23 50
J Paterson, blank file book, order 1357,	13 80
C Vanarsdale, copy fire ordinance, order 1350,	3 00
G H Holt, special police, order 1355	8 00
G H Holt, special police, order 1490,	16 00
G H Holt, constable fees, order 1429,	2 00
H N Tweeten, boarding prisoners, order 1449,	1 75
J Creighton, drayage, order 1440,	2 75
M B Hayes, boarding prisoners, order 1455,	18 26
Christianson Bros., insurance city hall, order 1424,	15 00
O H Bjoin, Livery bill, order 1441,	4 00
D F McDonald, witness fees, order 1384,	1 12
Young Bros., wood, order 1467,	3 50
G H Buhn, blacksmith bill, order 1480,	1 25
Young Bros., wood, order 1522,	1 00
S L Collins, team hire, order 1527,	2 00
J H Berg, boarding prisoners order 1526,	5 20
Lancaster & Brown, team hire, order 1528,	7 50
Senholt, witness fees, order 1170,	1 12
S O Mathews, express and telegram order 1396,	2 65
P Connors, janitor and labor, order 1552,	21 50
C E Sargent, drayage, order 1537,	2 25
G W Lewis, mdse, order 1393,	4 45
L G Scott, copy of ordinance order 1154,	1 50
G H Holt, constable fees, order 1160,	1 45
J Wyatt, office rent, election, order 869,	5 00
O H Bjoin, team hire, order 1484,	4 00
Paid per orders on impr't fund,	15 12
Geo D Barnard & Co., printing R R bonds, order 1443,	105 90
Poor fund, Comptroller's order,	150 00
Paid R R Bond Commissioners:	
Wm Anglim, order 1550,	25 00
Lewis Ellington, " 1560,	25 00
C O Christianson, " 1561,	25 00
Pd overdrawn prior to April 1, 1889,	2967 61

1890. April 1 Cash on hand,	1472 96	
		$22110 36
1890. April 1 Cash on hand.		
To sewer fund,	$6311 38	
To firemens' relief fund,	183 79	
To improvement fund,	271 23	
To ward fund,	531 14	
To general fund,	1472 96	
		$8810 43
Less:		
Interest account overdrawn,	$952 31	
Poor fund, "	185 60	
Fifth ward, "	54 00	
		$1184 16
Balance on hand,		$4676 28

Respectfly submitted to the Comptroller and City Council.

L. H. COUVRETTE, City Treasurer.

Approved April 7th, 1890. E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Farmers, the Great West has proved that you sustain a loss of 20 cents per bushel on No. 1 Hard wheat and you know that your greatest losses occurred on lesser grades last fall. Is not this matter worth looking into and correcting if possible? If you do not who is going to take any interest in this matter and try to correct it? While it is true that all business men are vitally interested yet it is also true that your only salvation depends upon correcting this evil and thus you are most vitally interested. You can by uniting control the situation. Is it not worth an effort? Will you fold your arms and calmly see your homes broken up and your families reduced to pauperism, or will you arise in your might and demand your rights like free men? Unite, combine with your brethren who are now already in the field and then, should you fail you will have the proud consciousness of having done your best. But you would not fail for you are powerful enough to control just as soon as you unite in the effort.

If the developments in the wheat buying system brought to light by the Great West recently mean anything they furnish a reason why the alliance should become more firmly united than ever in the effort to obtain a free and open wheat market. Dr. Fish asks Mr. Pillsbury what becomes of that margin of 20 cents per bushel that he has shown to exist between our market in Crookston and the Liverpool market and in reply Mr. P. withdraws this offer of $20,000 to the man who would prove that statement. More than significant is it not? Now all of this controversy has been upon a basis of No. 1 Hard wheat and does not figure in the thousands of bushels of wheat that has been taken out of this county at less grades than it actually was worth. It does not figure in the losses by excessive dockage, or by the difference of from 14 to 19 cents per bushel made between rejected and No. 3 in this market while the same grades sold on sample in the Minneapolis market even up all through the season. On a basis of 2,000,000 bushel, Dr. Fish shows a loss to Polk County of $400,000 while the facts if they could all be gathered would very nearly raise that figure to over

HALF A MILLION

good round dollars! Does that figure mean anything to the business interests of Polk County? If so does it not furnish a sufficient inducement for farmers to unite in the effort to prevent the perpetuation of a system that exacts it every year? Are your homes and the welfare of your families worth an effort to save? Is there any question of more vital importance now before farmers of Polk County? Do not these developments, suspected before but never before proved so clearly, emphasize the vital importance of your making your whole fight for the control of the coming legislature, leaving all lesser questions to the future to settle? We think so and we submit this question to every sub-alliance for discussion. If you take hold of this matter in earnest you can secure the legislature and that is the only remedy we HAVE at present.

Fisher Bulletin: Information received in Fisher on Wednesday, reports Mr. Hugh Thompson, as having slightly improvd. His ailment has finally developed into an Abcess of the Kidneys. This portends that his full recovery to health will be slow. Lulu, his daughter has been quite sick for several days but is now better.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held May 13th, 1890.

President Watts in the chair.

Meeting called to order.

Members present—Aldermen Childs, Morrisey, Bjoin, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings, McLaren.

Absent—Alderman Steenerson and Schmidt.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey that the report of the finance committee with reference to transferring funds be ordered filed. Carried.

The communication from C. Jenney with reference to building a grist mill, was referred to the ways and means committee.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the matter of purchasing a dumping ground for the city be referred to the ways and means committee. Carried.

A petition was presented signed by Mossefin & Lindell and others, asking permission to build a sidewalk crossing Robert street, between Main street and Broadway.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the petition be granted, and that the work be constructed under the supervision of the street commissioner. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Jerome, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the bid of T. Rejombal for constructing sidewalk in Jerome's Addition be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the street commissioner be instructed to build sidewalks where the assessment has been made. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jennings, that the president and vice-president of the council be requested to confer with the city attorney with reference to the legality of the sewer assessment.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Bjoin, that the clerk be instructed to publish the treasurer's report. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the report on the city funds be referred to the comptroller and financial committee to report at next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Alderman McLaren, seconded by Alderman Childs, that there be appropriated out of the general fund the sum of $150, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the purpose of placing a water tank at the public well in the 5th ward for the purpose of a supply of water in case of fire.

Ayes—Aldermen Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Jerome.

Nays—Jennings and Watts.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the purchasing agent be instructed to purchase a hose cart for the fire department. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the comptroller and clerk be authorized to purchase suitable desks for their offices at a sum not to exceed $75 for both. Carried.

The committee on poor fund recommended that the chief of police act as superintendent of poor and that all orders for money or aid fund shall be signed by the chairman and at least one member of the committee, and request the Council to authorize them to pay cash instead of orders where the committee considers best. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the purchasing agent be instructed to purchase 500 feet of hose for the Crookston fire department. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jennings, that the Aldermen of the Second ward be requested to correspond with the Great Northern Railroad Company, with reference to widening Sixth street in said ward. Carried.

The bids for the city printing were laid over until next adjourned meeting.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of May, 1890, Alderman Morrisey offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Jennings:

Resolved, That the City Engineer perform the same duties as he performed last year and at the same salary, to-wit: the sum of six hundred dollars per annum.

Upon call of Ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings.

Aldermen voting in the negative—McLaren.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 13th day of May, 1890.

WM. WATTS,
President of the Council.

Approved this 16th day of May, 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON,
Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON,
Clerk.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of May, 1890, Alderman Morrisey offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Jennings:

Resolved, That as that part of the Great Northern round house which projects upon Robert street in this city, is a very serious inconvenience to the traveling public and naturally interferes with the fire protection of that part of the city or its vicinity, we would request said Railway Company to remove the same from said Robert street as soon as they can do so, and we ask the Mayor to have the same done as soon as possible.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and McLaren.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 13th day of May, 1890.

WM. WATTS,
President of Council.

Approved this 16th day of May 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of May, 1890, Alderman Jerome offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Morrisey.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this council that the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railroad Company should not be permitted to raise the railroad grade where it crosses Washington avenue in Jerome's Addition to Crookston, until they have acquired the legal right to do so, and the Mayor is hereby requested to enforce the ordinance of the city with regard to keeping any additional obstruction from said avenue.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative. Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, Jerome, Buhn Jennings and McLaren.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

WM. WATTS,
President of the Council.

Approved this 16th day of May, 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON,
Mayor.

Attest: JOHN PATERSON,
Clerk.

The finance committee presented their report, and on motion it was accepted and adopted and the following bills ordered paid:

Harris & Glenn, repair'g bridge,	$ 6 42
W. Watts, clerk of election and rent of office	14 00
A. M. Childs, clerk of election	2 00
A. Munn, judge of election	3 00
E. D. Childs, judge of election and rent of office	14 00
John Munroe, supplies to fire department	8 25
S. L. Collins, judge of election,	6 00
Hans Halberg, clerk of "	6 00
Aldermen's salaries,	64 00
J. E. Morrisey, judge of elect'n,	9 00
E. D. Childs, paid for labor	5 40
Ira Brahm, board'g P. Halberg,	28 00
Lover & Lyons, police supplies,	21 70
H. E. Cooke, city printing,	75 62
" "	28 75
A. Carlson, boarding H. Spitz	10 00
E. D. Childs & Co., mdse	3 00
Red River Lumber Co., lumber,	113 97
B. Labelle, building sidewalks	24 62
John Evenson, burying dead animals	12 00
Chas. Wood, burying dead animals	5 00
W. E. McKenzie, stationery	26 25
Nels Swenson, repairs to well, 5th ward	18 50
Fairbanks, Morse & Co., wind mill	47 68
Fire dep't, attending fire	59 00
F. L. Durand, medicine to poor	17 80
" stationery	4 80

The bills for labor charged to the ward fund were referred to the aldermen of each ward.

On motion Council adjourned until May 27th, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
City Clerk.

Minneapolis Journal: Through the tariff debate has been devoid of excitement, Congressman Comstock, of Minnesota, has listened to its from the beginning up to the present time. In this respect Mr. Comsock has distinguished himself. No other member of the house has such a record. Mr. Comstock is always in his seat at 11 o'clock and remains until the close of the day's proceedings. I asked Mr. Comstock the other day why he was so attentive upon the tariff discussion.

"It is great question," he replied. "I am a new member and don't claim to be thoroughly posted. I am here to learn. It is, in some respects a dry topic, but my constituents have sent me here to look out for their interests. I can serve them by listening to the consideration of this bill. This is the only reason why I stick to my seat so closely."

It can be stated to the credit of Mr. Comstock that he has not been absent from the house a single day since the opening of the session. In this respect he leads all his colleagues. No other man in congress, perhaps, can point to such a record. Certainly no Northwestern member can. Mr. Comstock says he does not propose to take any vacation until adjournment comes.

Cigars and Dimonds,

A Fargo Man Buys Them and Is Adjudged Insane.

Minneapolis Journal

Fargo, May 20.—Saturday Capt F. S. Demers, receiver of the Fargo United States land office, bought $250 worth of diamonds, besides large bills of dry goods, pictures, frames and boxes of expensive cigars. The latter he distributed freely, but only a few were aware that he was mildly insane at the time. That evening Keene gave a perfromance at the opera house. Demers was present and went about showing his diamonds to the people in the audince and to actors behind the scenes. His friends persuaded him to go home. Late yesterday afternoon he was adjudged insane by the board of insanity commissioners. He claims to be fabulously wealthy and to have organized a timber culture trust with Grover Cleveland persident and himself vice president. The trust company is backed by millions of dollars. He has invented a process to make trees grow, he says. He desired to attend the reception given Bishop Shanley last night, as he declared he was to make a speech, and when his friends objected he became violently insane. Finally he was told a man wanted to buy some land, and was taken to the county jail where Deputy Sheriff Barnes and Jailor McQuestian were locked in with him. He became very violent at times, but finally subsided when Dr. Darrow came up to the window of the jail and told him the reception had been postponed on his account. He was taken to the Jamestown asylum this morning. his condition was telegraphed to Washington last night and the office will probable be closed till his successor is appointed. It is feared that he is hopelessly insane.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG.

Contracts Let Yesterday for the Construction of the Remainder of the Road.

Track-Laying to be Finished by December and Trains Running by June, 1891.

ST. PAUL, May 13.—It is announced to-day that the contracts for the construction of the remainder of the Duluth & Winnipeg road have been let to Grant & Ross, and Foley Bros. & Guthrie. The laying of the track is to be completed by December 15, 1890. Determination is expressed to build a road which shall be first class in every respect. As an illustration of the work done, it is stated that 3,000 ties per mile are being laid, while ordinarily the number used on other roads is 2,640. Also sixty-two pounds of steel to the yard, as against fifty-six pounds generally placed. The minimum grade is to be fifteen feet in a mile. When the track is completely ballasted passenger trains will run from Winnipeg to Duluth in ten hours. The officers and directors of the road are now in Winnipeg to make arrangements by which the company will be enabled to commence work at once at Winnipeg and under its Manitoba charter. It is hoped that the entire line will be constructed and that trains will be running by the first of June, 1891. The company look for encouragement from the City of Winnipeg, which, they think, should provide them with terminal property as their efforts and expenditure will be directed to the building up of that city. They also expect subsidy from the government.

Terre Haute Gazette: Marie Prescott has no superior on the stage. In feature and figure, in voice, expression, intonation, action, she is all that could be desired. No wonder Orlando was in love with the fair Rosalind and placarded the forest of Arden with poetic expressions of his burning passion. It was no merit in him. Anybody would have done the same. The only wonder is that the cynical Jacques didn't forget his cynicism. This is commendation in the superlative degree, but it is deserved. Marie Prescott essayed to play the part of a lovely and lovable woman and she did it to the King's taste. We are the King.

There is no better company any where. There is only one Marie Prescott. At Crookston opera house May 29th, 30th and 31st.

[First publication May 23d, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, May 16th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of George W. Tice, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of George W. Tice, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court.

And whereas, Ann M. Tice has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things that said George W. Tice died in said county, on the 4th day of May, 1890, testate, and that said petitioner is one of the executors named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to the executors named in said last will and testament.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in said county, on the 25th day June, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when all persons interested may appear for, or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

[5-7]

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Goods.
Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer
to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENUCHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, MINN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.
Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 22, 1890.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	9:35 p. m.	5:40 a. m.
Freight,	7:30 a. m.	7:30 p. m.

North Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
	6:30 a. m.	8,50 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:50 a. m.	9:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:50 p. m.	7:00 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

	Leave.	Arrive.
	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

	Leave.	Arrive.
	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

FREE HOMES

In the Great West--A Remarkable Offer---Read It.

Akron, Colorado, has probably within the past three years experienced the most rapid as well as the most healthy growth of any city in the west. It is surrounded by a country unsurpassed by any on earth for the richness and fertility of its soil and the beauties of its climate. Any, and everything that can be raised in Iowa, Illinois, Indiana or Ohio can here be grown in the greatest profusion. Wheat grown in the near vicinity of Akron, took a diploma for being the best grain of the kind exhibited at the Nebraska State fair, held at Lincoln, in September, 1889. And all crops grown in this latitude can be raised here as successfully as anywhere on earth.

GOVERNMENT LAND.

There are yet thousands of acres of government land vacant, which can be taken under the homestead, pre-emption and timber culture acts, which a person can have for the taking. A bountiful government will make you independent in a few years if you will but act now. The surface of the country is nearly a perfect level, but still sloping enough to afford good drainage. No breaks or draws such as ruin or deface so many western farms. No protracted struggle with rocks. Your first glance at the country would remind you of one vast meadow, only waiting the plow of the husbandman to transform it into an Eden of beauty and productiveness.

The citizens' advertising committee of Akron have placed in the hands of the West Side Improvement Company, one thousand city lots that are to be given away for advertising purposes, and any person who will aid them in advertising their advantages can have one of these lots FREE OF CHARGE by directing a communication to J. Faehndrich, Sec'y at Akron, Colorado, or sending him the names of ten people who are interested in the west, and liable to be looking for a western location and sending four cents in stamps for return of deed. These lots are now worth from $50 to $125, and will, in the course of a year, if the predictions of knowing ones prove true, be worth four times what is now asked for them. It is an opportunity never before offered to secure an ABSOLUTE TITLE to a piece of property in an enterprising and growing western city.

The lots referred to are each 25x135 feet in size and all the streets upon which they abut are 60 and 80 feet wide. They are in what is known as "Glenwood," an Akron, Colorado, suburb, and the citizens' committee through Mr. Faehndrich, its Sec'y, guarantees them to be smooth, level and upon a sightly elevation, overlooking the town of Akron. The title is also guaranteed to be ABSOLUTELY PERFECT.

Akron contains a set of business men who are alive to her advantages as well as her interests, and this year $30,000 is being expended by them to induse people looking for a western location to settle amongst them. They want and are determined to have 50,000 people in this city by 1895.

They want laborers in their coal mines, they want capitalists to develope their silver and gold mines.

Akron is to-day the largest and most prosperous city in the state east of Denver. It is a division station of the B. & M. R'y and is the southern terminus of the Akron & Holyoke R'y, which will, in all probability, be built to Colorado Springs in the near future. Akron is in the line of the Northwestern R. R. building into Denver, and it is sure to catch it, and the Beaver Valley branch of the B. & M. will also be built to Akron. The B. & M. shops are there and material is now on the ground to greatly enlarge them. The railroad employ 250 men at that point now. The city is and will be the railroad centre of that portion of the state. The population is now nearly two thousand and by January first next, they believe it will be 5,000. A United States land office was recently located at that point which means much to that city. It will bring every settler upon the public domain in that section to that city. It will be, and is, head-quarters for land seekers for that entire portion of the state.

COLORADO EXCURSIONS.

On May 20th, and in June excursions will be run from all points of the east and south to Akron. The rate will be one fare for the round trip, over the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific from Chicago and intermediate points, and over the Missouri Pacific from St. Louis and the South, to Omaha, Nebraska. From Omaha take the B. & M. R. R. to Akron.

The above offer of a free lot applies only to those who will, prior to June 20 aid them in a reasonable way, in making these excursions a success.

[5-6]

The Leviathan of The Age,

Gigantic Combine of Agriculturists,

The Farmers Organize with a Capital of $50,000,000 to Regulate the Price of Grain and put an End to Speculation.

Utica, Saturday Globe.

Chicago, May 1.—The most unique and original, as well as the most gigantic scheme of the age has been launched in Chicago, and incorporation papers have been taken out at the State capital. This scheme is the organization of what is to be known as "The Farmers' Coöperative Brotherhood of the United States, "with an authorized capital of $50,000,000, divided into one million shares of $50 each. These shares are to be sold to the farmers, no man to hold more then one, and the farmers are to control the vast sum named in order that they may dictate the prices of grain. It is not proposed to speculate with the money; the farmers will not run "corners" or bulge prices, but will see to it that the farmer gets a reasonable figure for the products of his land—enough to pay him good interest on his investment and afford him a comfortable living.

THE FRAMER OF THIS MIGHTY PROJECT is George A. Williams, a lawyer, who was born and reared on a farm. He is sanguine that the mighty project will e successful, and that when the organization becomes a cohesive power things will be changed for the better. Of course the scheme must work slowly at first, for every large body is slow in its initial movement, but when once started it is confidently predicted that it will protect farmers against the encroachment of monopolies or other combinations. In speaking of this scheme Mr. Williams says:

"We can control the corn market without difficulty. There are but five States which grow corn to any extent—Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska. With the great amount of money at our command it will not be a hard task to dictate the price of corn, and this price is to be a figure that will guarantee the farmer a fair return on his investment. I expect our stock will all be taken in the five States named and then we will be ready for other States to conquer. The base of operations will be Chicago, this being the great grain center of the United States, and we will begin work as soon as possible. Of course it will take some time to arrange all the preliminaries."

MAKE-UP OF THE ORGANIZATION.

"Any one who is a farmer or renter or personally engaged in farming may become a member of the organization by paying $1, and will be entitled to a share in the profits, for we intend to have profits. As to the officers, there will be a president, three vice presidents, two secretaries, general-in-chief, attorney, treasurer and Board of Directors. In order to systematize the business there will be different bureaus or divisions for each kind of grain, wheat oats and corn, with a loan department, a storage department and a purchasing department, each one presided over by a chief, and all under the control of the general in chief. The Board of Derectors will have general charge of the affairs of the Brotherhood and elect all the officers. In each county of every State in which the Brotherhood has a membership there is to be a head man, who shall report every month the condition of the crops and the grain in the hands of the Brotherhood. The general in chief, as his name implies, has superintendence of all the departments. Delegates from each county elect the Board of Directors."

THE PRICES WILL BE FIXED.

"We don't propose to hold any more grain than we can help, though we'll have to hold some, and for that purpose will establish Brotherhood elevators in the principal cities. We buy a farmer's grain only in case he is obliged to sell and does not wish to borrow money of the Brotherhood to hold grain, and only in such a case, in fact, when the market is below the price fixed by the Brotherhood. The Board of Directors will fix the price farmers should get for their products. Every member of the Brotherhood has a right to sell his grain to whom he sees fit, so long as the price is fair and satisfactory to the Brotherhood and not lower than the minimum fixed. Should the price be lower than that fixed by the Brotherhood then each member is pledged to give the Brotherhood the preference and the disposal of the grain at the price offered by others, or to borrow the money and hold the grain. If a member sells his grain to someone else than the Brotherhood at a less price than that given in the table of prises furnished by the presiding township member without first giving the Brotherhood notice, he will be fined $5 for the first offense; $25 for the second and forfeit half the value of the grain sold for the third, besides losing his membership in the Brotherhood and his right to all profits that might be coming to him at the time. A man will not be liable to a fine, however, if he has previously notified the Brotherhood and it is not in a position to accept the grain."

FARMERS WILL LIKE THE SCHEME.

There is hardly a doubt that the farmers will take kindly to the scheme. Hitherto they have been despondent but this organization will give them new courage and render them independent of grain gamblers and scalpers. Already many of the leading farmers of the State of Illinois have expressed themselves as favorable to the project and within a short time the organization will be popularized from Maine to California.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, ying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent, interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance $88 44

Each year on his loan for interest.. 80 00

Total yearly payments...$ 168 44

Total for ten years..........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest.......................................$ 100 00

At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500 00

When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00

Principal and interest paid in 5 years................................. 1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest.....................................$1000 00

Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00

Total...$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.

[30-43]

Sale of State Lands.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Land Office,
St. Paul, April 9th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at public sale, at the County Auditor's office, in Crookston, on Friday, June 6th, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by reason of failure to pay interest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen a the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale.

W. W. BRADEN,

[32-6] Commissioner of the State Land Office.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of April 7th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time, within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 1st, 1890.]

WHEREAS CHARLES H. BROSSARD AND Sarah J. Brossard, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of September 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, (27) Township one hundred and fifty-two, (152) Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 16th day of September, A. D. 1885, at 12 o'clock m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page one; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-eight 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pusuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY
COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite

Wm. Anglim's residence.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss
In Probate Court, special term, April 30th 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Edwin Benjamin, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ruth Ann Benjamin, administratrix of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into her hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to her granted to sell the southeast quarter Sec. 13, Tp. 149, R. 43, at private sale. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administratrix to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on Monday, the 23th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administratrix to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this Order shall be published once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[3-5] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46, west, containing 168 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., April 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 1st, 1890, viz: HALVOR B. TVEDTEN, Hd. No. 10,293, for the sw¼ Sec. 4, Township 150, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz: T. O. Berglund, N. F. Woodstrom, A. Daniels, C. Haagenson, of Crookston, Minn.

[1-6] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated November 17th, A. D. 1888, made by Clara M. Howes and Joseph W. Howes, her husband, to Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, a domestic corporation, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1888, in book 41 of mortgages, pages 66 and 68, conveying and mortgaging the following described premises situated in said county of Polk, to-wit: Lots seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9), block fifty-nine (59), in original townsite of Thief River Falls, Polk County, Minnesota, as it appears upon the recorded plat thereof in the office of said Register of Deeds, on which there is claimed to be due and unpaid and is due and unpaid at the date hereof $2,165, for interest and principal secured by said mortgage and for attorney's and solicitor's fees as therein conditioned. And default having been made in the payment of the principal sum at maturity, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum; and said mortgage containing a power, therewith recorded, authorizing a foreclosure of said mortgage in case of said default, and no proceedings at law or equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and foreclosure now having become operative, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in said county, on Friday the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day to satisfy the sum herein claimed due, together with all the costs and charges of foreclosure.

Crookston, Minn., May 8th, 1890.

WILLFORD AND NORTHWAY MANUFACTURING
COMPANY, BY J. L. WILLFORD, President,
Mortgagee.

E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[3-9] 313 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

HERE WE ARE!

Ready for Business!

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA. MAY 29, 1890. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum NO. 6

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

FOR THE FARMERS.

Mr. Livingstons, the Alliance Lecturer, Continues to Argue Before the Commitee.

He Quotes Garfield. Jefferson And Calhoun As in Favor of the Sub-Treasury Plan.

The Speaker Claims That the Passage of the Bill Would Squelch Bucket-Shops.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

Washington, May 15.—The hearing of the farmers' Alliance representatives was continued before the ways and means commitee this morning. Mr. Livingston, the national lecturer of the organization, taking up the argument. He quoted President Lincoln's prophecy that corporations would be enthroned; that the property of the country would be concentrated, and that the requblic itself would be overthrown. Thank God, the last prediction has not been fulfilled; but the others had been. One-twentieth of the people of this country owned

THREE-FIFTHS OF THE PROPERTY.

He also quoted Garfield, Jefferson and Calhoun and said that what they had recommended was just what the alliance asked. If congress refused to approve the sub-treasury plan, then let it remove the restrictions hedging in the national banking system. The farmers would care nothing about trust and combinations and concentration of money if they could hold their crops in sub-treasuries, and were not compelled, as at present, to sell them at a stated time in October. It would be a Godsend to this country to pass the sub-treasury bill for the reason, if for no other, that there would

NOT BE A BUCKET SHOP LEFT

in the United States. The day of speculation in crops would be done away with, and the producer and consumer would be brought together. It had been charged that the farmers were to form a trust, but this was against the farmers' nature. Sixteen millions would build all the warehouses the alliance wanted. What good were river and harbor improvements to the debt ridden, oppressed farmer? Never more than a third of the cotton crop would be warehoused. When certificates issued on that crop came in they would meet the needs of the wheat crop and then the tobacco crop, and so on. There would not be excessive changes in the volume of currency. In conclusion he said that if the committee thought the landed basis was the best; if they could not accept the crop basis, let them put it in the bill. Do something to relieve the farmers. Report the bill to the house in some shape, so that it could be acted upon. Don't make it a question of tariff or of politics, but let the bill stand on it merits.

The Great West:—Nothing exhibits the subserviency of a large portion of the country press, to "party" and to plutocracy, than their absolute silence over the crushing defeat of Mr. Pillsbury in the wheat discussion. Over half the papers in the state published that rash $20,000 challenge. But only ten have published the crawfishing when we proposed to take it up. And yet, if Mr. Pillsbury had known that wheat was going to go up when navigation opened as he claimed, he could have continued the challenge much more safely—for within a few hours wheat went up ten cents here and down five there—by the daily cable quotations. Mr. Pillsbury knows that the cable quotations are frauds. If he don't it is time that he looked into his business.

If the country press won't stand by the farmers what use have the farmers for the country press.

CITY TREASURER'S STATEMENT

APRIL 1, 1890.

SINKING FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$6663 23	
	County bonds,	3000 00	
	Premium on Co bonds,	180 00	
	School bonds,	2000 00	
	Cash from County Treasurer, June settlement,	57 94	
	Cash for accrued interest on loan to gen'l fund,	36 46	
	Total amount at credit of sinking fund at the time of delivery to sinking fund commissioners,		$11937 83
1890. April 1	Amount handed over to sinking fund commissioners	$7949 71	
	Due by the gen'l fund,	2337 61	
			$11193 32

SEWER FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$2930 46	
	Cash from Co Treasurer, June settlement,	580 90	
			$ 3511 36
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,		3511 36

FIREMENS' RELIEF FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand	$199 94	
July 1	Cash from State apportionment	163 85	
			$363 79
	Paid receipt for fire dept. order 1120,	$100 00	
	Paid receipt for fire dept. order 1445,	50 00	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	183 79	
			$333 79

INTEREST FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand	$1953 46	
	Transferred from the specific fund,	207 52	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	2542 42	
	Interest on daily balance in March 1889,	17 50	
			$4719 89
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1152,	$1120 00	
	Paid exchange,	1 00	
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1236,	2319 29	
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1237,	2100 00	
	Paid exchange,	2 00	
	Paid commission to Hanover Bank, per order 1238,	8 05	
	Paid commission to the National Park Bank, per order, 1239,	23 90	
	Paid exchange,	20	
	Paid interest on 7th st. bridge bond, per order 1444,	100 25	
			$5672 79
1890. April 1	Am't overdrawn,		952 81

SINKING FUND COMMISSIONERS.

	County bond and premium,	$3180 00	
	School bond,	2000 00	
	Cash,	2769 71	
			$7949 71

IMPROVEMENT FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$1983 91	
	Transferred from the following accounts:		
	Oak street,	350 64	
	Ash street, from 2d to Houston,	418 40	
	Ash street, block 215, Fletcher's addition,	29 50	
	Ash street, south of Houston,	8 25	
	Ash street, from 4th to 8th street,	189 84	
	Front street	37 50	
	Pine "	42 15	
	Sheridan "	79 83	
	Sixth "	169 06	
	Fifth "	73 00	
	Fourth "	131 90	
	Third "	53 48	
	Second "	169 94	
	Fletcher "	148 44	
	Main "	218 09	
	Hunter "	339 85	
	Robert "	292 77	
	Elm "	225 90	
	Seventh "	234 83	
	Cowing "	261 23	
	Houston avenue,	320 78	
	Bridge fund,	6 00	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settl't,	629 84	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer for acct of the following streets:		
	Seventh street	24 00	
	Third "	31 90	
	Second "	1 59	
	Oak "	38 93	
	Ash "	148 60	
	Sheridan, " B to G	18 00	
	Cowins "	23 50	
	Houston "	17 76	
	Pine "	78	
	Robert "	46 80	
	Amounts included in sundry orders agst improvemen and chargeable to the following:		
	First ward,	115 85	
	Second "	115 15	
	Third "	8 10	
	Fourth "	141 50	
	Fifth "	11 62	
	General fund,	53 12	
			$7283 97
	Dr.		
	Paid Jos. Netzer for repairs to city hall, per order 1172	$30 20	
	Paid Red River Lumber Co., for lumber orders 1177, 1276, 1324, 1373, 1492, 1421, 1481,	790 07	
	Paid Red River Lumber Co. for fence posts, per order 1217	2 40	
	Paid Alderman & Sylvester hardware per order 1215,	6 50	
	Paid for labor, Hans Morberg, per order 1265,	27 50	
	Paid J. Evanson for labor, per order 1265,	55 50	
	Paid C. P. Cahoon, grading Robert st. order 1200,	600 00	
	order 1249,	183 96	
	Paid Stewart & Spottswood, hardware, order 1322,	7 55	
	Paid J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1327,	4 82	
	Paid J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1401,	6 90	
	Paid E W Wile for a Baker's contract order 1411,	145 71	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, order 1409	4 50	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, order 1465	2 25	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, repairing sidewalks, order 1435,	5 75	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, repairing sidewalks, order 1333,	43 68	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, constructing sidewalks, order 1381,	8 25	
	Paid A A Olds, painting city hall, order 1507,	25 00	
	Due by gen'l fund,	5000 00	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand	271 28	
			$7283 97

POOR FUND.

		Cr.	
1890. May 29	Cash from gen'l fund.	$100 00	
July	" " "	50 00	
	Cash from fines in justice court,	26 01	
	Cash from County Treasurer, June settlement,	138 26	
			$314 27
		Dr.	
	Paid L. I. Benoit, mdse to poor, per order 1272,	3 53	
	Paid E Asselin, mdse to poor, order 1273,	4 05	
	Paid E Asselin, mdse to poor, order 1274,	5 00	
	1316,	4 59	
	1338,	6 00	
	1398,	8 00	
	1458,	8 00	
	1459,	8 00	
	1496,	8 00	
	1549,	8 00	
	1550,	8 00	
	Paid A Rauch, mdse to poor, order 1263,	9 00	
	Paid J H & A Locken, merchandise to poor, order 1270,	14 00	
	1271,	5 00	
	1298,	10 00	
	1399,	5 00	
	1400,	10 00	
	M B Hayes, mdse to poor, order 1318,	21 26	
	1362,	13 00	
	1297,	23 00	
	1517,	8 51	
	1539,	10 15	
	1538,	44 68	
	1558,	6 00	
	Paid Hack & Gallasch, merchandise to poor, order 1317,	2 50	
	1374,	6 88	
	Paid F L Durand, mdse to poor, order 1359,	8 10	
	Paid G W Lewis, merchandis to poor, order 1383,	4 15	
	1619,	1 60	
	Paid Dr. J H Farley, med. attendance, order 1351,	9 50	
	Paid Dr. C E Dampier, med. attendance, order 1393,	18 00	
	Paid Dr. Dunlop, med. attendance, order 1422,	8 00	
	Paid Dr Van Dyke, med. attendance, order 1295,	23 00	
	Paid Holmboe & Larson, merchandise to poor, order 1456,	5 00	
	1516,	5 34	
	1365,	10 61	
	Paid E Allard boarding G Bennett, order 1150,	28 00	
	Paid Rosenthan & Wile mdse, order 1460,	3 50	
	Paid Rosenthal & Wile, mdse to Halberg order 1547,	4 50	
	Paid E D Childs & Co., merchandise, order 1497,	1 00	
	1438,	60	
	Paid G Boshan, brd'g Surprenaut, order 1518,	3 50	
	Paid Iver A Krohn, boarding P Halberg, order 1515,	17 50	
	1556,	28 00	
	Paid Young Bros. for wood, order 1478,	1 75	
	Paid And. Carlson for boarding H Spitz, order 1533,	10 00	
	Paid And. Carlson, boarding H Spitz, order 1555,	10 00	
	Paid J H & A Locken mdse, order 1477,	9 00	
	Paid J W Lilly, copy of poor low, order 1176,	1 50	
	Paid Oakdale Cemetery Association order 1234,	3 50	
			$450 03
1890. April 1	Overdrawn,		185 66
			$314 27

FIFTH WARD.

			Cr.
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,		$88 18
		Dr.	
	Paid labor, O L Hamery, order 1322,	$37 75	
	Paid labor, O L Hamery, order 1410,	51 75	
	Paid labor, F L Hamery, order 1279,	14 25	
	Paid labor, C E Sargent, order 1354,	2 50	
	Paid per orders on improvement fund,	11 62	
	Overdrawn,		$54 69
		$133 87	$133 87

WARD FUND.

			Cr.
	Cash on hand,	$770 87	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	615 75	
			$1386 62
	First Ward.	Dr.	
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	24 38	
	1280,	13 50	
	1376,	35 75	
	1404,	8 75	
	1432,	16 18	
	Paid by orders on Improvement fund	115 85	
	Second Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	17 49	
	1281,	21 00	
	1328,	75	
	1377,	18 75	
	1405,	19 00	
	1433,	63 62	
	1469,	20 87	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	115 15	
	Third Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	7 02	
	1282,	23 15	
	1330,	31 00	
	1406,	1 50	
	1439,	2 50	
	1463,	7 83	
	Paid by order on improvement fund	8 10	
	Fourth Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	7 00	
	1283,	42 00	
	1331,	42 00	
	1407,	12 75	
	1434,	1 50	
	1464,	7 87	
	1379,	55 12	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	141 50	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	521 14	
			$1386 62

GENERAL FUND.

		Cr.	
1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$11 00	
	Borrowed form sinking fund,	6487 61	
	Fines from Justice Spendley,	78	
	Fines from Justice Lewis,	109 00	
	Cash for dray licenses:		
	I N Simmons,	10 00	
	Lancaster & Brown,	10 00	
	J H Creighton,	10 00	
	C E Sargent,	20 00	
	Young Bros.,	10 00	
	W Creighton,	10 00	
	A E Flanders,	10 00	

(Continued on second page.)

	Sheasegren & Co,	5 00	
	Cash for circus license	50 00	
	Cash for saloon licenses,	8310 00	
	O Marcil.	$500	
	W Heldrich,	500	
	E Ralsch,	500	
	Wilson & Thompson,	500	
	A K Austin & Co	510	
	J A Bemis,	500	
	C C Hock,	500	
	Nyquist & Berquist,	500	
	N Rapin,	500	
	Ferran & Duntly,	500	
	J W O'Brien,	500	
	A Yrernault,	500	
	O C Ericson,	500	
	M Ericsson,	500	
	R C Burkhardt,	500	
	J S Hanson,	500	
	S L Bentson,	500	
	Borrowed from improvement fund,	5000 00	
	From Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	1450 79	
	Interest on daily balances,	239 96	
	Dog licenses,	39 00	
	Auctioneer's license,	50 00	
			$22110 36
		Dr.	
	Paid for account of 1888, as follows:		
	J Anderson, laborer, order 170,	$ 9 75	
	P Connors, salary for February, 1889, order 1140,	20 00	
	P Connors salary for March, 1889, order 1151,	20 00	
	John Paterson, salary for March, 1889, order 1150,	45 83	
	L Gagner, salary for February, 1889, order 1135,	60 00	
	L Gagner, salary for March, 1889, order 1145,	60 00	
	M B Hayes, salary for February, 1889, order 1133,	75 00	
	M B Hayes, salary for March 1889, order 1143,	75 00	
	John Cromb, salary for December, 1889, order 1079,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for January 1889, order 1116,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for February, 1889, order 1133,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for March, 1889, order 1149,	25 00	
	P E Misten, labor, order 173,	7 00	
	Haggard, Larsen & Co. order 172,	57 00	
	O W Anderson, labor, order 159,	1 50	
	J England, labor, order 160,	1 50	
	J H Locken, salary for Mch, 1889, order 1148,	25 00	
	E D Childs & Co., council fees, order 1192,	8 00	
	H E Cooke, printing, order 1155,	20 65	
	P Johnson, labor, order 158,	3 87	
	T Cartright, do do 169,	2 25	
	F Fournet, council do 1191,	4 00	
	D E Hatlestad, salary for March, 1889, order 1147,	25 00	
	J G Breuner, labor order, 174	3 50	
	M Van Dyke, medical attendance, order 1157,	48 00	
	O Vian, chemical engine, order 1153,	30 00	
	G H Pollard, labor, order 157,	4 50	
	R H Nolan, council, order 1188,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, council, order 1183,	16 00	
	Isaac Lauend, laborer, order 161,	2 25	
	M Watts, judgments against city, order 1205,	20 60	
	Jus Glotler, laborer, order 171,	3 37	
	D McDonald, salay, order 1145,	60 00	
	D McDonald, Salary, orde, 1134,	60 00	
	D McDonald, salary, order 1203,	24 00	
	Paid for election purposes:		
	F Jerome, judge of election, order 1173,	9 00	
	A Munn, judge of election, order 1163,	6 00	
	S L Collins, clerk of election order 1167,	2 00	
	F Regimbal, clerk of election, order 1174,	2 00	
	H Funck, clerk of election, order 1160,	6 00	
	Aug Walters, judge of election, order 1168,	9 00	
	C Vanarsdale, clerk of election, orner 1156,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, judge of election, order 1164,	9 00	
	W S Booth, poll lists, order 1169,	2 30	
	M Lally, judge of election, order 1178,	6 00	
	L G Scott, clerk of election, order 1162,	4 00	
	H P Nolan, judge of election order 1179,	6 00	
	L G Scott, poll lists, order 1223,	7 50	
	Jas Leo, clerk of election, order 1219,	2 00	
	H Steenerson, judge of election, order 1209	9 00	
	Steenerson & McManus, office rent, order 1213,	5 00	
	J Paterson, poll lists per Booth, order 1221,	4 00	
	I Fortjer, office rent, order 1207,	5 00	
	W Watts, office rent, order, 1212,	5 00	
	E D Childs, judge of election, order 1211,	9 00	
	T C Stewrrt, office rent, order 1203,	5 00	
	I U Jennings, judge of election, order 1175,	6 00	
	G O Buhn, judge of election, order 1210,	9 00	
	V D Caeruth, clerk of election, order 1250,	2 00	
	J Paterson, poll lists, order 1279,	7 50	
	F E Lepage, office and clerk of election, order 1260,	5 00	
	T C Stewart, office and clerk of election, order 1204,	7 00	
	R Stanton, judge of election order 1267,	8 00	
	F Jerome, judge of election, order 1246,	9 00	
	A munn, clerk, order 1247,	6 00	
	C Vanarsdale, clerk, order 1239,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, judge, order 1262,	9 00	
	D McKinnon, clerk, order 1278,	4 00	
	A Walters, judge, order 1265,	9 00	
	A Funck, clerk, order 1256,	4 00	
	F Regimbal, clerk, order 1306,	2 90	
	R Smith, clerk, order 1251,	2 00	
	G W Banks, judge, order 1314,	8 00	
	J E Morrisey, judge, order 1302	19 50	
	W Watts, rent and judge, order 1315,	8 00	
	Jos Laurence, judge, order 1249	6 00	
	O L Hanson, clerk, do 1347,	2 00	
	H P Peterson, do do 1255,	8 00	
	I U Jennings, do do 1252,	9 00	
	G O Buhn, do do 1253,	9 00	
	A A Glenn, do do 1259,	2 00	
	S L Collins, do do 1248,	2 00	
	Paid for City Council:		
	F Jerome, order 1181,	16 00	
	M Lally, do 1183,	14 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1185,	12 00	
	J E Morrisey, do 1192,	10 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1193,	10 00	
	A Walters, do 1184,	12 00	
	W Watts, do 1190,	16 00	
	E D Childs, do 1182,	14 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1187,	16 00	
	M Lally, do 1363,	12 00	
	F Jerome, do 1370,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1372,	8 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1378,	6 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1368,	10 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1360,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1371,	12 00	
	W Watts, do 1364,	12 00	
	E D Childs, do 1355,	10 00	
	A Walters, do 1367,	8 00	
	F Jerome, do 1402,	8 00	
	E D Childs, do 1497,	8 00	
	M Lally, do 1488,	8 00	
	I U Jennings, do 1494,	12 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1490,	6 00	
	J E Morrisey, do 1489,	6 00	
	W Watts, do 1486,	12 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1491,	12 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1495,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1493,	12 00	
	do do 1186,		
	I U Jennings, do 1189,	16 00	
	Paid salaries as follows:		
	City Engineer, O L Hamery,		
	For April, order 1199,	50 00	
	do May, do 1243,	50 00	
	do June, do 1294,	50 00	
	do July, do 1346,	50 00	
	do August, do 1387,	50 00	
	do Sept do 1418,	50 00	
	do October do 1448,	50 00	
	do November, do 1470,	50 00	
	do December, do 1501,	50 00	
	do Janary, do 1531,	50 00	
	City Attorney, D E Hatlestad.		
	For April, do 1200,	25 00	
	do May, do 1241,	25 00	
	do June, do 1297,	25 00	
	do July, do 1343,	25 00	
	do August, do 1390,	25 00	
	do September, do 1417,	25 00	
	do October, do 1450,	25 00	
	do November, do 1471,	25 00	
	do Decembe, do 1502,	25 00	
	do January, do 1533,	25 00	
	do February, do 1542,	25 00	
	City Treasurer, L C Couvrette.		
	For April, do 1197,	25 00	
	do May, do 1242,	25 00	
	do June, do 1296,	25 00	
	do July, do 1345,	25 00	
	do August, do 1389,	25 00	
	do September, do 1416,	25 00	
	do October, do 1452,	25 00	
	do November, do 1472,	25 00	
	do December, do 1503,	25 00	
	do January, do 1532,	25 00	
	do February, do	25 00	
	Police, L Gonyea.		
	For April, do 1196,	50 00	
	do May, do 1238,	50 00	
	do June, do 1293,	60 00	
	do July, do 1342,	60 00	
	do July, do 1342,	60 00	
	do August, do 1386,	60 00	
	do September, do 1413,	60 00	
	do October, do 1447,	60 00	
	do November, do 1469,	60 00	
	do December, do 1500,	60 00	
	do January, do 1530,	60 00	
	do February, do 1540,	60 00	
	Chief of Police, M B Hayes.		
	For April, order 1195,	60 00	
	" May, " 1239,	65 00	
	" June, " 1291,	70 00	
	" July, " 1341,	70 00	
	" August, " 1385,	70 00	
	" September, " 1412,	70 00	
	" October, " 1446,	70 00	
	" November, " 1468,	70 00	
	" December, " 1499,	70 00	
	" January " 1529,	70 00	
	" February, " 1539,	70 00	
	City Clerk, John Paterson.		
	For April, " 1194,	33 33	
	" May, " 1244,	33 33	
	" June, " 1298,	33 33	
	" July, " 1347,	33 33	
	" August, " 1391,	33 33	
	" September, " 1418,	33 33	
	" October, " 1451,	33 33	
	" November, " 1474,	33 33	
	" December, " 1505,	33 33	
	" January, " 1535,	33 33	
	" February, " 1545,	33 33	
	Taking care fire apparatus. Pat Connors.		
	For April, order 1201,	20 00	
	" May, " 1245,	20 00	
	" June, " 1299,	20 00	
	" July, " 1343,	20 00	
	" August, " 1392,	20 00	
	" September, " 1419,	20 00	
	" October, " 1452,	20 00	
	" November, " 1475,	20 00	
	" December, " 1506,	20 00	
	" January, " 1536,	20 00	
	February, " 1546,	20 00	
	Comtroller, E W Wile.		
	For April, " 1198,	25 00	
	" May, " 1240,	25 00	
	" June, " 1295,	25 00	
	" July, " 1344,	25 00	
	" August, " 1388,	25 00	
	" September, " 1415,	25 00	
	" October, " 1449,	25 00	
	" November, " 1463,	25 00	
	" December, " 1504,	25 00	
	" January, " 1534,	25 00	
	" February, " 1544,	25 00	
	Attending chemical engine, O Vian.		
	For April. May and June, 1307,	25 00	
	" Aug., Sept and Oct. 1457,	50 00	
	Paid for mdse as follows:		
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1227,	9 15	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, ord.r 1318,	2 00	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1423,	73 97	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1401,	1 65	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1482,	12 80	
	J H & A Locken, sundries, order 1229,	50	
	F E Hertz & Co., sundries, order 1222,	5 65	
	W S Mott & Co., sundries for fire dept, order 1258,	80 50	
	W S Mott & Co., hose for fire dept. order 1308,	402 00	
	E W Wile. mdse for fire dept, order 1226,	5 00	
	E W Wile. mdse for fire dept, order 1264,	6 25	
	L Waldeland, mdse, order 1277,	11 15	
	M Rauenbuehler, " " 1328,	1 25	
	" " " 1483,	2 25	
	" " " 1514,	13 00	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1313,	15 45	
	Louis Fontaine, stationery, order 1425,	2 80	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1261,	84 18	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1485,	8 50	
	A J & A McKinnon, mdse, order 1479,	10 75	
	W E Walker, mdse, order 1521	5 85	
	Paid R G Woodham, " 1537	18 00	
	Paid printing and stationery:		
	H E Cooke, print'g, order 1233,	50 70	
	" " " 1354,	10 15	
	" " " 1356,	87 65	
	" " justice docket, order 1403,	15 90	
	H E Cooke, print'g, order 1406,	6 00	
	" " " 1451,	66 20	
	W E McKenzie, stationery, order 1325,	26 50	
	W E McKenzie, justice docket order 1326,	15 00	
	J A Wallace, stationery, order 1311,	4 80	
	Hydrants and electric light:		
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1291,	497 86	
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1408,	2976 80	
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1290,	2458 14	
	Fire department:		
	Attending fires, order 1159,	198 00	
	" " " 1224,	129 00	
	" " " 1156,	56 00	
	O C Bergland, team at fire, order 1232,	5 00	
	Attending fire, order 1263,	67 00	
	" " " 1461,	62 00	
	Rosenthal & Wile, mdse, order 1548,	30 00	
	Attending 3 fires, order 1553,	131 00	
	Health Officer.		
	Paid M Van Dyke, order 1269,	63 00	
	" " " 1394,	44 00	
	" " " 1476,	25 00	
	" " " 1524,	25 00	
	" " " 1525,	30 00	
	Labor:		
	O L Hamery, order 1204,	14 68	
	" " 1284,	27 37	
	" " 1322,	62 00	
	" " 1380,	11 61	
	" " 1409,	8 00	
	" " 1408,	6 00	
	" " 1436,	25 50	
	" " 1466,	53 75	
	" " 1509,	12 75	
	P Connors, " 1268,	6 00	
	J H & A Locken, " 1366,	10 00	
	Munn Bros., " 1523,	5 50	
	Justice fees:		
	C S Spendley, " 1303,	10 75	
	" " 1304,	3 50	
	" " 1426,	5 70	
	" " 1430,	7 60	
	" " 1431,	8 80	
	" " 1437,	5 70	
	" " 1511,	8 80	
	G W Lewis, " 1359,	1 90	
	" " 1427,	7 60	
	" " 1428,	2 15	
	" " 1513,	15 20	
	Board of Review:		
	M Lally, " 1336,	12 00	
	E D Childs, " 1337,	12 00	
	Justice fees:		
	C S Spendley, " 1165,	7 95	
	" " 1171,	5 70	
	Sundries:		
	A P & P Sohnson, burying animals, order 1231,	8 00	
	John Benear, repairs to bridge, order 1232,	10 00	
	M B Hayes, mdse and boarding prisoners, order 1225,	16 20	
	C E Dampier, professional services, order 1220,	5 00	
	Harris & Glenn, repairs to buildings, order 1216,	8 00	
	Harry Dodge, witness fees, order 1206,	1 12	
	G O Buhn, B Smith's bill, order 1214,	8 50	
	H Shepard, witness fees, order 1275,	1 12	
	A J & A McKinnon, blacksmith bill, order 1267,	22 25	
	A Hanch, witness fees, order 1230,	1 12	
	A E Flanders, drayage, order 1161,	1 25	
	P Hathoberg, special police, order 1391,	2 00	
	M B Hayes, washing jail blankets, order 1319,	1 10	
	Henry Wight, services as assessor, order 1321,	300 00	
	O L Hamery, bridge repairs, order 1334,	12 00	
	O L Hamery, for an assistant order 1325,	13 50	
	Refunded the sinking fund, order 1335,	2500 00	
	Interest on $2500 sinking fund order 1233,	86 45	
	Young Bros., hauling snow and manure, order 1309,	3 50	
	W Welsh, special police, order 1321,	2 00	
	L C Couvrette, auditing books, order 1312,	25 00	
	W M Ross, gravel for stock yard, order 1340,	100 00	
	J H Creighton, drayage, order 1360,	2 25	
	M B Hayes, special dolice, order 1361,	17 50	
	O L Hamery, an assistant, order 1382,	23 50	
	J Paterson, blank file book, order 1357,	13 50	
	C Vanarsdale, copy fire ordinance, order 1350,	8 00	
	G H Holt, special police, order 1355	8 10	
	G H Holt, special police, order 1420,	16 00	
	G H Holt, constable fees, order 1429,	2 90	
	H N Tweeten, boarding prisoners, order 1442,	1 75	
	J Creighton, drayage, order 1440,	2 75	
	M B Hayes, boarding prisoners, order 1455,	13 25	
	Christianson Bros., insurance city hall, order 1424,	15 00	
	O H Bjoin, Livery bill, order 1441,	4 00	
	D F McDonald, witness fees, order 1394,	1 12	
	Young Bros., wood, order 1467,	3 50	
	G H Buhn, blacksmith bill, order 1475,	1 25	
	Young Bros., wood, order 1522,	1 00	
	S L Collins, team hire, order 1527,	3 00	
	J H Berg, boarding prisoners order 1529,	4 25	
	Lancaster & Brown, team hire, order 1528,	7 50	
	Senholt, witness fees, order 1170,	1 12	
	S O Mathews, express and telegram, order 1390,	9 85	
	P Connors, janitor and labor, order 1552,	31 50	
	C E Sargent, drayage, order 1557,	2 25	
	G W Lewis, mdse, order 1393,	4 45	
	L G Scott, copy of ordinance order 1154,	1 50	
	G H Holt, constable fees, order 1160,	1 45	
	J Wyatt, office rent, election, order 669,	5 00	
	O H Bjoin, team hire, order 1484,	4 00	
	Paid per orders on impr't fund,	15 12	
	Geo D Barnard & Co., printing R R bonds, order 1443,	105 90	
	Poor fund, Comptroller's order,	150 00	
	Paid R R Bond Commissioners:		
	Wm Anglim, order 1559,	25 00	
	Lewis Ellington, " 1550,	25 00	
	C O Christianton, " 1561,	25 00	
	Pd overdrawn prior to April 1, 1889,	2987 61	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	1472 96	
			$22110 36
1890. April 1	Cash on hand.		
	To sewer fund,	$3511 36	
	To firemens' relief fund,	183 79	
	To improvement fund,	271.28	
	To ward fund,	521 14	
	To general fund,	1472 96	
			$5910 48
	Less:		
	Interest account overdrawn,	$952 81	
	Poor fund, "	185 66	
	Fifth ward, "	54 69	
			$1134 16
	Balance on hand,		$4776 82

Respectly submitted to the Comptroller and City Council.

L. H. COUVRETTE,
City Treasurer.

Approved April 7th, 1890.
E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Northfield News: The Tracy Republican said last week: We are pleased to see the farmers of this part of the state "getting a move on themselves" in the way of organization. All other classes of men organize for mutual benefit and protection, and why not the farmer? Instead of listening to quack nostrums of inflationists free-traders and political incendiaries, the farmers might "go it alone" and make themselves felt throughout the whole nation, and to some extent at least receive a partial recognition of their worth. Farmers' Alliance are springing up all around us, and it is the duty of every intellegent farmer to use his influence in the direction of self-protection. Everyone knows that the wealth-producers of this agricultural country are the farmers, and were they united, they could have things more to their liking, than that which they now are permitted to have.

About Grain Inspection

Farm, Stock and Home.

Since the enactment of the present grain and warehouse laws, known as the "terminal inspection laws," which provide for the supervision of the public warehouses and the inspection of grain at St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, there has been a tendency at times to criticise the utility of the law, on the ground that its operation were confined to the terminal points, and it was therefore inadequate to protect the rank and file of the army of producers in this state who were obliged to market their grain at the interior or local markets. It is argued that the prime object for which this legislation was sought has been lost sight of, and that the producer is as badly as ever in the toils of the country buyer, and is still a prey to his alleged greed and extortionate practices. It is claimed that the grain growers of this state are suffering as badly as ever for want of an honest and intelligent inspection of their grain at the home market. A number of plans and remedies have been suggested, differing in detail, but all tending to the same theory, that the state should assume control by appointing inspectors at several hundred interior markets. No system of this kind would ever prove practicable. It would involve the employment of a vast body of officials at great expense, and owing to the difference in judgment that would naturally exist among so many, the vital feature of all inspection, uniformity, could never be attained. It would be no improvement whatever over the system now in vogue at country points. This is by no means intended as an argument that the present system is correct—far from it. It is not only radically wrong, but an unauthorized assumption of authority on the part of the country buyer, and if Section 30 of the present law has any meaning or significance whatever then every person who is to day assuming to act as an inspector of grain without having first been duly appointed and sworn as such is an imposter and subject to such penalties as are prescribed. The grain laws of this state were copied largely from those of Illinois, and the framers of that law contemplated nothing further then inspection at its terminal point, Chicago. There is no authorized inspector of grain in this state outside of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, nor should there be. To handle and dispose of the immense volume of grain at terminal points necessitates some system of inspection and classification.

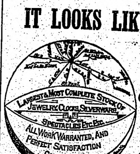
In view of the impositions that were alleged as being practiced by the Board of Trade in this work, the act of March 1, 1888, was created, placing the work under state control. The intention of the law was to create an absolutely free and open market in the country, where grain would be bought not by grade but upon its merits, the only system by which the producer can secure proper justice. In no other grain-growing state is such an incubus as our country grading system fastened upon the people, and there never can be any peace or satisfaction until we return to the simpler, time-honored methods, when the interior markets of the state were open to all who desired to buy our products. What is wanted to relieve and protect those who cannot avail themselves of direct shipment is an open market, unfettered by any grading system which robs good wheat of its proper premium, and where all buyers will be placed upon a fair and equal footing, thus creating that healthful competition that will insure the producer a just return for his labors. If a remedy for existing evils is wanted, it can be found in the direction and in no other.

"NEW PROCESS."

Fergus Falls, Minn.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the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GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

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Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MAY 29, 1890. NO. 6

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

FOR THE FARMERS.

Mr. Livingstons, the Alliance Lecturer, Continues to Argue Before the Commitee.

He Quotes Garfield Jefferson And Calhoun As in Favor of the Sub-Tresury Plan.

The Speaker Claims That the Passage of the Bill Would Squelch Bucket-Shops.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

Washington, May 15.—The hearing of the farmers' Alliance representatives was continued before the ways and means commitee this morning. Mr. Livingston, the national lecturer of the organization, taking up the argument. He quoted President Lincoln's prophecy that corporations would be enthroned; that the property of the country would be concentrated, and that the requblic itself would be overthrown. Thank God, the last prediction has not been fulfilled; but the others had been. One-twentieth of the people of this country owned

THREE-FIFTHS OF THE PROPERTY.

He also quoted Garfield, Jefferson and Calhoun' and said that what they had recommended was just what the alliance asked. If congress refused to approve the sub-treasury plan, then let it remove the restrictions hedging in the national banking system. The farmers would care nothing about trust and combinations and concentration of money if they could hold their crops in sub-treasuries, and were not compelled, as at present, to sell them at a stated time in October. It would be a Godsend to this country to pass the sub-treasury bill for the reason, if for no other, that there would

NOT BE A BUCKET SHOP LEFT

in the United States. The day of speculation in crops would be done away with, and the producer and consumer would be brought together. It had been charged that the farmers were to form a trust, but this was against the farmers' nature. Sixteen millions would build all the warehouses the alliance wanted. What good were river and harbor improvements to the debt ridden, oppressed farmer? Never more than a third of the cotton crop would be warehoused. When certificates issued on that crop came in they would meet the needs of the wheat crop and then the tobacco crop, and so on. There would not be excessive changes in the volume of currency. In conclusion he said that if the committee thought the landed basis was the best; if they could not accept the crop basis, let them put it in the bill. Do something to relieve the farmers. Report the bill to the house in some shape, so that it could be acted upon. Don't make it a question of tariff or of politics, but let the bill stand on it merits.

The Great West:—Nothing exhibits the subserviency of a large portion of the country press, to "party" and to plutocracy, than their absolute silence over the crushing defeat of Mr. Pillsbury in the wheat discussion. Over half the papers in the state published that rash $20,000 challenge. But only ten have published the crawfishing when we proposed to take it up. And yet, if Mr. Pillsbury had known that wheat was going to go up when navigation opened as he claimed, he could have continued the challenge much more safely—for within a few hours wheat went up ten cents here and down five there—by the daily cable quotations. Mr. Pillsbury knows that the cable quotations are frauds. If he don't it is time that he looked into his business.

If the country press won't stand by the farmers what use have the farmers for the country press.

CITY TREASURER'S STATEMENT

APRIL 1, 1890.

SINKING FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$6663 23	
	County bonds,	3000 00	
	Premium on Co bonds,	180 00	
	School bonds,	2000 00	
	Cash from County Treasurer, June settlement,	57 64	
	Cash for accrued interest on loan to gen'l fund,	36 46	
	Total amount at credit of sinking fund at the time of delivery to sinking fund commissioners,		$11937 83
1890. April 1	Amount handed over to sinking fund commissioners	$7949 71	
	Due by the gen'l fund,	3987 61	$11193 33

SEWER FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$2930 46	
	Cash from Co Treasurer, June settlement,	580 90	$3511 86
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,		3511 86

FIREMENS' RELIEF FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand	$109 94	
July 1	Cash from State apportionment	153 85	$263 79
	Paid receipt for fire dept. order 1120,	$100 00	
	Paid receipt for fire dept. order 1445,	30 00	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	133 79	$263 79

INTEREST FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand	$1952 48	
	Transferred from the specific fund,	207 52	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	2542 42	
	Interest on daily balance in March 1890,	17 50	$4719 80
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1152,	$1120 00	
	Paid exchange,	1 00	
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1236,	2312 30	
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1237,	2100 00	
	Paid exchange,	3 00	
	Paid commission to Hanover Bank, per order 1238,	8 05	
	Paid commission to the National Park Bank, per order, 1239,	23 90	
	Paid exchange,	20	
	Paid interest on 7th st. bridge bond, per order 1444,	100 25	$5672 70
1890. April 1	Am't overdrawn,		952 81

SINKING FUND COMMISSIONERS.

	County bond and premium,	$3180 00	
	School bond,	2000 00	
	Cash,	2769 71	$7949 71

IMPROVEMENT FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$1062 91	
	Transferred from the following accounts:		
	Oak street,	350 64	
	Ash street, from 2d to Houston,	418 40	
	Ash street, block 215, Fletcher's addition,	23 50	
	Ash street, south of Houston,	8 25	
	Ash street, from 4th to 5th street,	189 84	
	Front street	37 50	
	Pine "	42 15	
	Sheridan "	79 83	
	Sixth "	189 06	
	Fifth "	72 00	
	Fourth "	181 90	
	Third "	63 48	
	Second "	169 94	
	Fletcher "	148 44	
	Main "	218 63	
	Hunter "	339 83	
	Robert "	292 77	
	Elm "	223 90	
	Seventh "	324 83	
	Cowing "	261 23	
	Houston avenue,	330 78	
	Bridge fund,	6 60	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settl't,	529 84	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer for acct of the following streets:		
	Seventh street	24 00	
	Third "	91 90	
	Second "	1 59	
	Oak "	28 93	
	Ash "	148 60	
	Sheridan, " B to G	18 00	
	Cowing "	22 50	
	Houston "	17 76	
	Pine "	75	
	Robert "	46 80	
	Amounts included in sundry orders agst improvement and chargeable to the following:		
	First ward,	115 85	
	Second "	115 15	
	Third "	8 10	
	Fourth "	141 50	
	Fifth "	11 69	
	General fund,	53 13	$7293 97
	Dr.		
	Paid Jos. Netzer for repairs to city hall, per order 1172	$30 20	
	Paid Red River Lumber Co., for lumber orders 1177, 1276, 1324, 1375, 1422, 1421, 1461,	790 07	
	Paid Red River Lumber Co. for fence posts, per order 1217	2 40	
	Paid Alderman & Sylvester hardware per order 1215,	6 50	
	Paid for labor, Hans Morberg, per order 1286,	27 50	
	Paid J. Evanson for labor, per order 1285,	55 50	
	Paid C. P. Cahoon, grading Robert st. order 1300,	600 00	
	order 1349,	183 98	
	Paid Stewart & Spottswood, hardware, order 1322,	7 55	
	Paid J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1327,	4 89	
	Paid J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1401,	6 90	
	Paid E. W Wile for a Baker's contract order 1411,	146 71	
	Paid labor for O. L Hamery, order 1409	4 50	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, order 1465	3 26	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, repairing sidewalks, order 1435,	8 75	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, repairing sidewalks, order 1333,	43 58	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, constructing sidewalks, order 1381,	8 26	
	Paid A A Olds, painting city hall, order 1507,	25 00	
	Due by gen'l fund,	5000 00	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand	271 26	$7296 97

POOR FUND.

		Cr.	
1890. May 29	Cash from gen'l fund.	$100 00	
July	" " "	50 00	
	Cash from fines in justice court,	36 01	
	Cash from County Treasurer, June settlement,	128 36	$314 27
		Dr.	
	Paid L. I. Benoit, mdse to poor, per order 1272,	3 53	
	Paid E Asselin, mdse to poor, order 1273,	4 06	
	Paid E Asselin, mdse. to poor, order 1274,	5 09	
	1316,	4 58	
	1358,	8 06	
	1398,	8 00	
	1458,	8 00	
	1459,	8 00	
	1496,	8 00	
	1519,	8 00	
	1550,	8 00	
	Paid A Rauch, mdse to poor, order 1266,	9 00	
	Paid J H & A Locken, merchandise to poor, order 1270,	14 00	
	1271,	5 00	
	1328,	10 00	
	1399,	5 00	
	1460,	10 00	
	M B Hayes, mdse to poor, order 1318,	21 26	
	1352,	18 00	
	1397,	8 53	
	1517,	10 15	
	1528,	44 68	
	1558,	6 00	
	Paid Hack & Gallasch, merchandise to poor, order 1317,	2 50	
	1374,	6 83	
	Paid F L Durand, mdse to poor, order 1359,	8 10	
	Paid G W Lewis, merchandis to poor, order 1383,	4 15	
	1612,	1 60	
	Paid Dr. J H Farley, med. attendance, order 1351,	9 50	
	Paid Dr. C E Dampier, med. attendance, order 1391,	13 00	
	Paid Dr. Dunlop, med. attendance, order 1422,	8 00	
	Paid Dr Van Dyke, med. attendance, order 1295,	23 00	
	Paid Holmboe & Larson, merchandise to poor, order 1456,	5 00	
	1516,	5 34	
	1505,	10 61	
	Paid E Allard boarding G Bennett, order 1150,	23 00	
	Paid Rosenthan & Wile mdse, order 1460,	3 50	
	Paid Rosenthal & Wile, mdse to Halberg order 1547,	4 50	
	Paid E D Childs & Co., merchandise, order 1497,	1 00	
	1439,	60	
	Paid G Boshan, brd'g Surprenaut, order 1518,	3 50	
	Paid Iver A Krohn, boarding P. Halberg, order 1515,	17 50	
	1556,	28 60	
	Paid Young Bros. for wood, order 1478,	1 75	
	Paid And. Carlson for boarding H Spitz, order 1533,	10 00	
	Paid And. Carlson, boarding H Spitz, order 1555,	10 00	
	Paid J H & A Locken mdse. order 1477,	9 00	
	Paid J W Lilly, copy of poor low, order 1170,	1 50	
	Paid Oakdale Cemetery Association order 1234,	2 50	$450 03
1890. April 1	Overdrawn,		185 66
			$314 27

FIFTH WARD.

			Cr.
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,		$87 18
		Dr.	
	Paid labor, O L Hamery, order 1322,	$57 75	
	Paid labor, O L Hamery, order 1410,	51 75	
	Paid labor, F L Hamery, order 1279,	14 25	
	Paid labor, C E Sargent, order 1554,	3 50	
	Paid per orders on improvement fund	11 69	
	Overdrawn,		51 69
		$138 87	$138 87

WARD FUND.

			Cr.
	Cash on hand,	$770 87	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	615 75	$1386 62
	First Ward.	Dr.	
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	24 38	
	1280,	13 50	
	1376,	35 75	
	1404,	8 75	
	1433,	16 18	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	115 85	
	Second Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	17 49	
	1281,	21 00	
	1323,	75	
	1377,	18 75	
	1405,	19 00	
	1433,	33 62	
	1463,	20 87	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	115 15	
	Third Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1201,	7 02	
	1282,	23 15	
	1330,	91 00	
	1406,	1 50	
	1439,	2 50	
	1463,	7 88	
	Paid by order on improvement fund	8 10	
	Fourth Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	7 00	
	1283,	42 00	
	1331,	42 00	
	1407,	12 75	
	1434,	1 50	
	1464,	7 87	
	1378,	33 12	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	141 50	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	521 14	$1386 62

GENERAL FUND.

			Cr.
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	$11 00	
	Borrowed form sinking fund,	6437 61	
	Fines from Justice Spendley,	78	
	Fines from Justice Lewis,	109 00	
	Cash for dray licenses:		
	I N Simmons,	10 00	
	Lancaster & Brown,	10 00	
	J H Creighton,	10 00	
	C E Sargent,	20 00	
	Young Bros.	10 00	
	W Creighton,	10 00	
	A E Flanders,	10 00	

(Continued on second page.)

	Sheasegren & Co,	5 00	
	Cash for circus license	50 00	
	Cash for saloon licenses,	8510 00	
	O Marcil. $500		
	W Heldrich, 500		
	E Halseh, 500		
	Wilson & Thompson, 500		
	A K Austin & Co 510		
	J A Bemis, 500		
	C C Hock, 500		
	Nyquist & Borquist, 500		
	N Rapin, 500		
	Ferran & Dantly, 500		
	J W O'Brien, 500		
	A Yvernault, 500		
	O C Ericson, 500		
	M Ericsson, 500		
	R C Burkhardt, 500		
	J S Hanson, 500		
	S L Bentson, 500		
	Borrowed from improvement fund,	5000 00	
	From Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	1450 79	
	Interest on daily balances,	239 96	
	Dog licenses,	29 00	
	Auctioneer's license,	50 00	$22110 86
		Dr.	
	Paid for account of 1888, as follows:		
	J Anderson, laborer, order 170,	$ 9 75	
	P Connors, salary for February, 1889, order 1149,	20 00	
	P Connors salary for March, 1889, order 1151,	20 00	
	John Paterson, salary for March, 1889, order 1150,	45 83	
	L Gagner, salary for February, 1889, order 1135,	60 00	
	L Gagner, salary for March, 1889, order 1145,	60 00	
	M B Hayes, salary for February, 1889, order 1133,	75 00	
	M B Hayes, salary for March 1889, order 1148,	75 00	
	John Cromb, salary for December, 1889, order 1079,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for January 1889, order 1116,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for February, 1889, order 1133,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for March, 1889, order 1149,	25 00	
	P E Misten, labor, order 173,	7 00	
	Haggard, Larsen & Co. order 172,	57 00	
	O W Anderson, labor, order 159,	1 50	
	J England, labor, order 160,	1 50	
	J H Locken, salary for Mch, 1889, order 1148,	25 00	
	E D Childs & Co., council fees, order 1192,	8 00	
	H E Cooke, printing, order 1155,	20 65	
	P Johnson, labor, order 158,	3 37	
	T Cartright, do do 169,	2 25	
	F Fournet, council do 1191,	4 00	
	D E Hatlestad, salary for March, 1889, order 1147,	25 00	
	J G Brenner, labor order, 174	3 50	
	M Van Dyke, medical attendance, order 1157,	43 00	
	O Vian, chemical engine, order 1153,	30 00	
	G H Pollard, labor, order 157,	4 50	
	R H Nolan, council, order 1183,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, council, order 1186,	16 00	
	Isaac Lauend, laborer, order 161,	2 25	
	M Watts, judgments against city, order 1206,	20 60	
	Jos Glotier, laborer, order 171,	3 37	
	D McDonald, salay, order 1145,	60 00	
	D McDonald, Salary, orde, 1134,	60 00	
	D McDonald, salary, order 1203,	24 00	
	Paid for election purposes:		
	F Jerome, judge of election, order 1173,	9 00	
	A Munn, judge of election, order 1163,	6 00	
	S L Collins, clerk of election order 1167,	2 00	
	F Regimbal, clerk of election, order 1174,	2 00	
	H Funck, clerk of election, order1166,	6 00	
	Aug Walters, judge of election, order 1168,	9 00	
	C Vanarsdale, clerk of election, orner 1156,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, judge of election, order 1164,	9 00	
	W S Booth, poll lists, order 1169,	2 30	
	M Lally, judge of election, order 1178,	6 00	
	L G Scott, clerk of election, order 1162,	4 00	
	H P Nolan, judge of election order 1179,	6 00	
	L G Scott, poll lists, order 1223,	7 50	
	Jas Leo, clerk of election, order 1219,	2 00	
	H Steenerson, judge of election, order 1209	9 00	
	Steenerson & McManus, office rent, order 1218,	5 00	
	J Paterson, poll lists per Booth, order 1221,	4 00	
	I Fortier, office rent, order 1207,	5 00	
	W Watts, office rent, order, 1212,	5 00	
	E D Childs, judge of election, order 1211,	9 00	
	T C Stewrrt, office rent, order 1208,	5 00	
	I U Jennings, judge of election, order 1175,	6 00	
	G O Buhn, judge of election, order 1210,	9 00	
	V D Caeruth, clerk of election, order 1250,	2 00	
	J Paterson, poll lists, order 1279,	7 50	
	F E Lepage, office and clerk of election, order 1260,	5 00	
	T C Stewart, office and clerk of election, order 1204,	7 00	
	R Stanton, judge of election order 1267,	3 00	
	F Jerome, judge of election, order 1246,	9 00	
	A munn, clerk, order 1247,	6 00	
	C Vanarsdale, clerk, order 1239,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, judge, order 1262,	9 00	
	D McKinnon, clerk, order 1278,	4 00	
	A Walters, judge, order 1265,	9 00	
	A Funck, clerk, order 1266,	4 00	
	F Regimbal, clerk, order 1300,	2 90	
	R Smith, clerk, order 1251,	2 00	
	G W Banks, judge, order 1314,	8 00	
	J E Morrisey, judge, order 1302	19 50	
	W Watts, rent and judge, order 1315,	8 00	
	Jos Laurence, judge, order 1249	6 00	
	O L Hanson, clerk, do 1247,	2 00	
	H P Peterson, do do 1255,	3 00	
	I U Jennings, do do 1252,	9 00	
	G O Buhn, do do 1253,	9 00	
	A A Glenn, do do 1252,	2 00	
	S L Collins, do do 1248,	2 00	
	Paid for City Council:		
	F Jerome, order 1181,	16 00	
	M Lally, do 1183,	14 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1185,	12 00	
	J E Morrisey, do 1192,	10 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1193,	10 00	
	A Walters, do 1184,	12 00	
	W Watts, do 1190,	16 00	
	E D Childs, do 1182,	14 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1187,	16 00	
	M Lally, do 1363,	12 00	
	F Jerome, do 1370,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1372,	8 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1378,	6 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1369,	10 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1360,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1371,	12 00	
	W Watts, do 1364,	12 00	
	E D Childs, do 1355,	10 00	
	A Walters, do 1367,	8 00	
	F Jerome, do 1492,	8 00	
	E D Childs, do 1497,	8 00	
	M Lally, do 1488,	8 00	
	I U Jennings, do 1494,	12 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1490,	8 00	
	J E Morrisey, do 1489,	6 00	
	W Watts, do 1486,	12 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1491,	12 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1495,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1493,	12 00	
	do do 1186,		
	I U Jennings, do 1180,	16 00	
	Paid salaries as follows:		
	City Engineer, O L Hamery,		
	For April, order 1199,	50 00	
	do May, do 1243,	50 00	
	do June, do 1294,	50 00	
	do July, do 1346,	50 00	
	do August, do 1387,	50 00	
	do Sept do 1413,	50 00	
	do October do 1448,	50 00	
	do November, do 1470,	50 00	
	do December, do 1501,	50 00	
	do Janary, do 1531,	50 00	
	City Attorney, D E Hatlestad.		
	For April, do 1200,	25 00	
	do May, do 1241,	25 00	
	do June, do 1297,	25 00	
	do July, do 1343,	25 00	
	do August, do 1390,	25 00	
	do September, do 1417,	25 00	
	do October, do 1450,	25 00	
	do November, do 1471,	25 00	
	do Decembe, do 1502,	25 00	
	do January, do 1533,	25 00	
	do February, do 1542,	25 00	
	City Treasurer, L C Couvrette.		
	For April, do 1197,	25 00	
	do May, do 1242,	25 00	
	do June, do 1296,	25 00	
	do July, do 1345,	25 00	
	do August, do 1389,	25 00	
	do September, do 1416,	25 00	
	do October, do 1452,	25 00	
	do November, do 1472,	25 00	
	do December, do 1503,	25 00	
	do January, do 1532,	25 00	
	do February, do	25 00	
	Police, L Gonyea.		
	For April, do 1196,	50 00	
	do May, do 1238,	60 00	
	do June, do 1293,	60 00	
	do July, do 1342,	60 00	
	do July, do 1342,	60 00	
	do August, do 1386,	60 00	
	do September, do 1413,	60 00	
	do October, do 1447,	60 00	
	do November, do 1469,	60 00	
	do December, do 1500,	60 00	
	do January, do 1530,	60 00	
	do February, do 1540,	60 00	
	Chief of Police, M B Hayes.		
	For April, order 1195,	60 00	
	" May, " 1238,	65 00	
	" June, " 1291,	70 00	
	" July, " 1341,	70 00	
	" August, " 1385,	70 00	
	" September, " 1412,	70 00	
	" October, " 1446,	70 00	
	" November, " 1468,	70 00	
	" December, " 1499,	70 00	
	" January, " 1529,	70 00	
	" February, " 1539,	70 00	
	City Clerk, John Paterson.		
	For April, " 1194,	33 33	
	" May, " 1244,	33 33	
	" June, " 1298,	33 33	
	" July, " 1347,	33 33	
	" August, " 1391,	33 33	
	" September, " 1418,	33 33	
	" October, " 1451,	33 33	
	" November, " 1474,	33 33	
	" December, " 1505,	33 33	
	" January, " 1525,	33 33	
	" February, " 1515,	33 33	
	Taking care fire apparatus, Pat Connors.		
	For April, order 1201,	20 00	
	" May, " 1245,	20 00	
	" June, " 1299,	20 00	
	" July, " 1343,	20 00	
	" August, " 1392,	20 00	
	" September, " 1419,	20 00	
	" October, " 1452,	20 00	
	" November, " 1475,	20 00	
	" December, " 1506,	20 00	
	" January, " 1536,	20 00	
	February, " 1546,	20 00	
	Comptroller, E W Wile.		
	For April, " 1198,	25 00	
	" May, " 1210,	25 00	
	" June, " 1295,	25 00	
	" July, " 1344,	25 00	
	" August, " 1388,	25 00	
	" September, " 1415,	25 00	
	" October, " 1449,	25 00	
	" November, " 1463,	25 00	
	" December, " 1504,	25 00	
	" January, " 1534,	25 00	
	" February, " 1544,	25 00	
	Attending chemical engine, O Vian,		
	For April, May and June, 1337,	25 00	
	" Aug., Sept and Oct. 1457,	25 00	
	Paid for mdse as follows:		
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1227,	9 15	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, ord.r 1218,	2 00	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1423,	73 97	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1401,	1 65	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1482,	12 80	
	J H & A Locken, sundries, order 1229,	50	
	F E Hertz & Co., sundries, order 1222,	5 65	
	W S Mott & Co., sundries for fire dept. order 1258,	80 50	
	W S Mott & Co., hose for fire dept. order 1308,	402 00	
	E W Wile. mdse for fire dept, order 1226,	5 00	
	E W Wile. mdse for fire dept, order 1264,	8 25	
	L Waldeland, mdse, order 1277,	11 15	
	M Rauenbuehler, " " 1323,	1 25	
	" " " 1483,	2 25	
	" " " 1514,	13 00	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1313,	15 45	
	Louis Fontaine, stationery, order 1425,	2 30	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1261,	34 18	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1485,	8 50	
	A J & A McKinnon, mdse, order 1479,	10 75	
	W E Walker, mdse, order 1391	5 85	
	Paid R G Woodham, " 1537	18 00	
	Paid printing and stationery:		
	H E Cooke, print'g, order 1235,	60 70	
	" " " " 1354,	10 15	
	" " " " 1350,	87 65	
	" " " justice docket, order 1403,	15 90	
	H E Cooke, print'g, order 1408,	6 00	
	" " " " 1451,	66 20	
	W E McKenzie, stationery, order 1325,	26 80	
	W E McKenzie, justice docket order 1326,	16 00	
	J A Wallace, stationery, order 1311,	4 80	
	Hydrants and electric light:		
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1291,	497 86	
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1498,	2976 99	
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., ordeir 1290,	2459 14	
	Fire department:		
	Attending fires, order 1158,	198 00	
	" " " 1224,	129 00	
	" " " 1156,	56 00	
	O C Bergland, team at fire, order 1232,	5 00	
	Attending fire, order 1263,	67 00	
	" " " 1461,	62 00	
	Rosenthal & Wile, mdse, order 1548,	80 00	
	Attending 3 fires, order 1558,	131 00	
	Health Officer.		
	Paid M Van Dyke, order 1269,	63 00	
	" " " 1394,	44 00	
	" " " 1476,	25 00	
	" " " 1524,	25 00	
	" " " 1525,	80 00	
	Labor:		
	O L Hamery, order 1204,	14 62	
	" " " 1284,	27 37	
	" " " 1322,	62 00	
	" " " 1380,	11 61	
	" " " 1409,	8 00	
	" " " 1408,	6 00	
	" " " 1436,	23 50	
	" " " 1466,	50 75	
	" " " 1509,	12 75	
	P Connors, " 1268,	6 00	
	J H & A Locken, " 1366,	10 00	
	Munn Bros., " 1523,	5 50	
	Justice fees:		
	C S Spendley, " 1303,	10 75	
	" " 1304,	3 80	
	" " 1436,	5 70	
	" " 1490,	7 60	
	" " 1431,	8 80	
	" " 2487,	5 70	
	" " 1511	3 80	
	G W Lewis, " 1333,	1 90	
	" " 1427,	7 60	
	" " 1428,	9 15	
	" " 1513,	15 20	
	Board of Review:		
	M Lally, " 1336,	12 00	
	E D Childs, " 1337,	12 00	
	Justice fees:		
	C S Spendley, " 1165,	7 95	
	" 1171,	5 70	
	Sundries:		
	A P & P Sohnson, burying animals, order 1231,	8 00	
	John Benear, repairs to bridge, order 1232,	10 00	
	M B Hayes, mdse and boarding prisoners, order 1225,	18 20	
	C E Dampier, professional services, order 1220,	5 00	
	Harris & Glenn, repairs to buildings, order 1216,	8 00	
	Harry Dodge, witness fees, order 1206,	1 12	
	G O Buhn, B Smith's bill, order 1214,	3 50	
	H Shepard, witness fees, order 1275,	1 12	
	A J & A McKinnon, blacksmith bill, order 1287,	22 25	
	A Rauch, witness fees, order 1230,	1 12	
	A E Flanders, drayage, order 1161,	1 25	
	P Hatheberg, special police, order 1301,	2 00	
	M B Hayes, washing jail blonkets, order 1319,	1 10	
	Henry Wight, services as assessor, order 1321,	300 00	
	O L Hamery, bridge repairs, order 1334,	12 00	
	O L Hamery, for an assistant order 1335,	13 50	
	Refunded the sinking fund, order 1335,	2500 00	
	Interest on $2500 sinking fund order 1238,	36 45	
	Young Bros., hauling snow and manure, order 1309,	3 50	
	W Welsh, special police, order 1339,	2 00	
	L C Couvrette, auditing books, order 1312,	25 00	
	W M Ross, gravel for stock yard, order 1340,	100 00	
	J H Creighton, drayage, order 1350,	2 25	
	M B Hayes, special dolice, order 1361,	17 50	
	O L Hamery, an assistant, order 1382,	23 50	
	J Paterson, blank file book, order 1357,	13 50	
	C Vanarsdale, copy fire ordinance, order 1353,	3 00	
	G H Holt, special police, order 1355	[illegible]	
	G H Holt, special police, order 1420,	16 00	
	G H Holt, constable fees, order 1429,	2 00	
	H N Tweeten, boarding prisoners, order 1442,	1 75	
	J Creighton, drayage, order 1440,	2 75	
	M B Hayes, boarding prisoners, order 1455,	13 25	
	Christianson Bros., insurance city hall, order 1424,	15 00	
	O H Bjoin, Livery bill, order 1441,	4 00	
	D F McDonald, witness fees, order 1384,	1 12	
	Young Bros., wood, order 1467,	3 50	
	G H Buhn, blacksmith bill, order 1457,	1 25	
	Young Bros., wood, order 1522,	1 00	
	S L Collins, team hire, order 1527,	3 00	
	J H Berg, boarding prisoners order 1525,	5 25	
	Lancaster & Brown, team hire, order 1529,	7 50	
	Senholt, witness fees, order 1170,	1 12	
	S O Mathews, express and telegram, order 1390,	3 85	
	P Connors, janitor and labor, order 1552,	81 50	
	C E Sargent, drayage, order 1557,	2 25	
	G W Lewis, mdse, order 1393,	4 45	
	L G Scott, copy of ordinance order 1154,	1 50	
	G H Holt, constable fees, order 1160,	1 45	
	J Wyatt, office rent, election, order 869,	5 00	
	O H Bjoin, team hire, order 1484,	4 00	
	Paid per orders on impr't fund,	15 12	
	Geo D Barnard & Co., printing R R bonds, order 1443,	103 90	
	Poor fund, Comptroller's order,	150 00	
	Paid R R Bond Commissioners:		
	Wm Anglim, order 1559,	25 00	
	Lewis Ellington, " 1560,	25 00	
	C O Christianton, " 1561,	25 00	
	Pd overdrawn prior to April 1, 1889,	3987 61	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	1472 96	$22110 86
1890. April 1	Cash on hand.		
	To sewer fund,	$3511 86	
	To firemens' relief fund,	133 79	
	To improvement fund,	271 23	
	To ward fund,	521 14	
	To general fund,	1472 96	$5910 48
	Less:		
	Interest account overdrawn,	$952 81	
	Poor fund, "	185 66	
	Fifth ward, "	51 69	$1134 16
	Balance on hand,		$4776 83

Respectly submitted to the Comptroller and City Council.

L. H. COUVRETTE,
City Treasurer.

Approved April 7th, 1890.
E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Northfield News: The Tracy Republican said last week: We are pleased to see the farmers of this part of the state "getting a move on themselves" in the way of organization. All other classes of men organize for mutual benefit and protection, and why not the farmer? Instead of listening to quack nostrums of inflationists free-traders and political incendiaries, the farmers might "go it alone" and make themselves felt throughout the whole nation, and to some extent at least receive a partial recognition of their worth. Farmers' Alliance are springing up all around us, and it is the duty of every intellegent farmer to use his influence in the direction of self-protection. Everyone knows that the wealth-producers of this agricultural country are the farmers, and were they united, they could have things more to their liking, than that which they now are permitted to have.

About Grain Inspection

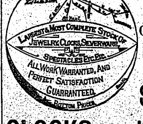
Farm, Stock and Home.

Since the enactment of the present grain and warehouse laws, known as the "terminal inspection laws," which provide for the supervision of the public warehouses and the inspection of grain at St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, there has been a tendency at times to criticise the utility of the law, on the ground that its operation were confined to the terminal points, and it was therefore inadequate to protect the rank and file of the army of producers in this state who were obliged to market their grain at the interior or local markets. It is argued that the prime object for which this legislation was sought has been lost sight of, and that the producer is as badly as ever in the toils of the country buyer, and is still a prey to his alleged greed and extortionate practices. It is claimed that the grain growers of this state are suffering as badly as ever for want of an honest and intelligent inspection of their grain at the home market. A number of plans and remedies have been suggested, differing in detail, but all tending to the same theory, that the state should assume control by appointing inspectors at several hundred interior markets. No system of this kind would ever prove practicable. It would involve the employment of a vast body of officials at great expense, and owing to the difference in judgment that would naturally exist among so many, the vital feature of all inspection, uniformity, could never be attained. It would be no improvement what ever over the system now in vogue at country points. This is by no means intended as an argument that the present system is correct—far from it. It is not only radically wrong, but an unauthorized assumption of authority on the part of the country buyer, and if Section 30 of the present law has any meaning or significance whatever then every person who is to day assuming to act as an inspector of grain without having first been duly appointed and sworn as such is an imposter and subject to such penalties as are prescribed. The grain laws of this state were copied largely from those of Illinois, and the framers of that law contemplated nothing further then inspection at its terminal point, Chicago. There is no authorized inspector of grain in this state outside of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, nor should there be. To handle and dispose of the immense volume of grain at terminal points necessitates some system of inspection and classification.

In view of the impositions that were alleged as being practiced by the Board of Trade in this work, the act of March 1, 1888, was created, placing the work under state control. The intention of the law was to create an absolutely free and open market in the country, where grain would be bought not by grade but upon its merits, the only system by which the producer can secure proper justice. In no other grain-growing state is such an incubus as our country grading system fastened upon the people, and there never can be any peace or satisfaction until we return to the simpler, time-honored methods, when the interior markets of the state were open to all who desired to buy our products. What is wanted to relieve and protect those who cannot avail themselves of direct shipment is an open market, unfettered by any grading system which robs good wheat of its proper premium, and where all buyers will be placed upon a fair and equal footing, thus creating that healthful competition that will insure the producer a just return for his labors. If a remedy for existing evils is wanted, it can be found in the direction and in no other. "NEW PROCESS."

Fergus Falls, Minn.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!



And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 29, 1890.

'Round Home.

District court meets June 2d.

The post office is being nicely papered.

Frank Hamilton was up from Fisher on Monday.

Eli Steenerson has bought out Sands Bros. meat market.

Somewhat coldish these days but very good for wheat they say.

The post office now established at Holmes station is called Melvin.

Henry Shepard goes to Winona this week to attend the U. S. Circuit court.

Wheat No. 1 Hard 76 cts, No. 2.75, a decline of a few cents during the week.

Shakespearean plays Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.

Thompson is having his place nicely painted. A. A. Old is the master workman.

Attorneys Wilkinson, Schmidt and Steenerson went to Warren to court last week.

Side walks are being replaced along Broadway from the opera house to Medical hall.

Secure seats early for McLean & Prescott, Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings.

Dr. Fish will make his headquarters at the Commercial Hotel during his stay in the city.

Mrs. Casper Sands and her mother went down to Minneapolis last week on a visit to friends.

Don't fail to hear the McLean & Prescott Company, Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights.

Rudy Burkhardt goes this week to Wabasha where he will work for his father this summer.

Dr. Dampier was very favorably impressed with Tacoma and may decide to go there to locate.

Remember that ten per cent penalty accrues to every dollar of real estate taxes not paid by June 1st.

Every sub-alliance should elect one delegate and one alternate to the District alliance at Fergus Falls.

U. S. Commissioner Ed. George has been notified to appear at the U. S. Circuit Court at Winona next week.

Our boy Jimmie says he will "watch" the game at Saake's until victory perches herself upon his banner to roost.

Ed. George took a run down to Duluth last week. Says Duluth is a right lively place—a credit to Minnesota.

Farmers, call at the city hall on Saturday at ten o'clock and meet the farmers great champion, Dr. E. W. Fish.

Attorney Averill, of Fosston, was in visiting friends last week. He was telling us all about the trip to Red Lake.

Everybody in the treasurer's office is busy collecting taxes these days. The ten per cent penalty attaches on June 1st.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

We cannot understand how it is that A. N. Hixson can be such a thoroughly level-headed man and ride in that jumper so much!

Thos. Olafson is up from Duluth visiting his many friends in the city. Looks like he was doing a big business down there.

Advices from the State of Washington state that Ed. Munson lost his wife recently and is about to return to Polk County to live.

Charlie Lowe has now more horses than dogs. Fifteen head of good work mares and horses at your own price. Cheap on time, cheaper for cash.

A. G. Gallasch came up from St. Paul on Sunday via the Northern Pacific and D. C. & N. Says Crookston is the fairest city in the State.

Farmers don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [6-tf]

Chas. A. Johnson says if every farmer in the State would read the Great West there would be no trouble to get united action. Charlie is about right, as usual.

H. C. Scribner reports the arrival of two little girls at his house last Wednesday. One of them since died but the other is doing nicely. Mrs. S. is also doing nicely.

Mrs. I. U. Jenning's has just received a large and new stock of children's hats ranging in prices from 15 cts. to three dollars, also a large assortment of summer flowers. [5-6]

M. G. Peterson was up from Garden on Tuesday, chatting with friends. M. G. is a true blue alliance man and says that we must have the legislature at any hazard.

J. W. Lilly, ex-mayor of Crookston has opened a real estate office in Winchester, Kentucky. J. W. is one of those hustlers who is bound to make money anyhow.

The great and only Dr. E. W. Fish (the whale of the Great West) will meet the farmers of Polk County at the opera house on Saturday next at 2 o'clock p. m. Don't forget to get there.

Crookston alliance No. 648 will keep "open house" on Saturday next to entertain Dr. Fish. Every alliance man cordially invited to be at the hall at 10 a. m. and also every who is not but should be an alliance man.

Don't fail to hear Dr. Fish next Saturday afternoon. It will be well worth the trip by the farmer who lives in the remotest section of the county. Everybody turn out.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. E. Sawyer left last week for a visit with his friends and relatives in Wisconsin. They will also visit Chicago ere their return. Intend to be away about three weeks.

The new road will be completed as fast as men and teams can do it. The ties and rails will soon commence to go down on the north end and the road will probably crowd the bridge work.

Attorney Steenerson drove down from Warren on Saturday evening with A. Grindeland, and went over to Dakota to try a case on Monday morning. Mr. S. is winning almost every case he tackles of late.

The plays that the McLean, Prescott Company will present will be: To-night, Ingomar, Friday evening, Spartacus, and Saturday evening, As You Like It. Reserved seats now on sale at Tom Morris'.

Don't forget the McLean & Prescott Co., Shakspearean plays, at the opera house on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of this week. McLean is said to be better than Keene and fully as good as McCullough.

Peter Sture was the lucky man at Saake's drawing on Saturday evening. A fine gold watch for five dollars is cheap enough. Our Jimmy says: "Gosh, two watches in one store is too much while us fellers are all out in the cold!"

Attorney General Moses E. Clapp came down from Warren on Saturday's train and went down to his home in Fergus Falls by the 9:30 train. He was up to attend a murder trial and they put him on an entirely different case the first clatter.

K. Rollag, secretary of the Scandia Alliance, writes us that at the meeting on May 23d, Martin Benson was elected delegate to Dist. Alliance meeting at Fergus Falls, with K. Rollag, alternate. Four new members were added, making 64 in all. A good record.

The Rev. T. M. V. Appleby will hold service at Christ church on Trinity Sunday, June 1st. Morning service and communion at 11 o'clock; evening at 8 o'clock. The choir will render some fine music which they are now practising. Musical program will appear later.

THE JOURNAL family is enjoying a bit of nice fresh butter sent us from the Hawley creamery with the compliments of our old friend N. H. Fulton. N. H. has not forgotten how to make good butter and the Hawley folks are to be congratulated on securing his services in their creamery.

The Barnesville club came up on Friday and tackled the Crookston boys and got razzle dazzled. About two to one is good enough for a starter and yet Crookston don't feel satisfied until our boys meet St. Paul on the be-diamoned turf. We can do 'em up. Eh, Russel, what does that V of yours say?

Mr. Edward Lanctot, of Gentilly said to THE JOURNAL man: "I sat up nearly all night reading that copy of the Great West that you sent me, and did not lay it down until I had finished every article in it. I think it is a truly wonderful paper and I do not propose to do without it so long as it stands by the cause of the farmer as it now does. Every farmer in the State should have it."

Every farmer in Polk County should see and hear Dr. Fish, and a great many of them will avail themselves of the opportunity to do so presented by his appearance at Fertile on Friday and at Crookston on Saturday. The Doctor is one of the best posted men on the evils that now afflict our producers and all should come out and hear him.

Our packing factory is an institution that farmers might make of great value to them if they would. Every year thousands of pounds of pork is brought into the country that might better be raised and cured here. All who do not care to undertake the curing of their pork might get it done at the factory at prices that would afford them a better margin for their pork than they get by selling it in the fall.

Some still have an idea that the new depot will yet be located at the head of Second street, and we confess that we can see nothing so very improbable in the idea. Certainly that location is the best one that could be had, and we can see no good reason for the road crooking about as it does unless this is really the object of the company. There is nothing in the location inconsistent with putting the depot right where the Episcopal church building is and this should be done.

Winnipeg Daily Tribune:—The play of "Ingomar," as presented by Mr. McLean and Miss Prescott, is practically a new one. They eliminate all lines that tend to make the situations tardy, and cut the unnecessary and unattractive lines of Plydor and other characters that dull the beautiful dialogue. In this play these two great stars have equal opportunity to shine, and on this account the play is, as a joint appearance, the most successful in extended repertorie. Their manager, Mr. John Whiteley, claims for them the undisputed reputation of being the unrivalled exponents of their respective parts—Ingomar and Parthenia, and they are spoken of by each and all of the best critics in the United States as the "ideals" in this idyllic love story. No doubt the beautiful flower scene and love song will charm us here as their record proves they have everywhere else. Ingomar will be presented on Thursday night.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

Program for Decoration Day.

The procession will be formed at 1 o'clock p. m. by Marshal, Louis Fontaine, with I. U. Jennings, assistant.

Col. Cobham Post, G. A. R., will form on Second street, as will also the Crookston Fire Department.

St. John's Society will be formed from McKinnon Hall, the right resting on Robert street.

The United Workmen will be formed on Main street, their right resting on Robert street.

The line of march will be in the following order:

Platoon of city police.
Mayor, Orator of the Day, Clergy and City Council in carriages.
City Cadet Band.
Crookston Fire Department.
United Workmen.
St. John's Society.
Sons of Veterans.
Col. George Post G. A. R., of Fertile.
Col. Cobham Post, G. A. R.

The column will move up Robert street to Broadway, up Broadway to Fourth, on Fourth to Main, down Main to Loring, down Loring to Broadway, down Broadway to Avenue, down Avenue to Ash, up Ash to Robert, up Robert to Broadway, down Broadway to Opera House where memorial exercises will be held.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

Selection by the Band.
Reading of Orders.
Salute the Dead.
Address of welcome.
Music.
Prayer, by Rev. C. F. Sharpe.
Music.
Reading of scriptures by Rev. F. C. Whitney.
Music.
Address by Judge R. J. Montague.
Music by the Band.
Address by Rev. C. F. Sharpe.
Music.
Strewing flowers.
America.
Benediction.

The citizens generally are requested to donate any flowers which they may be able to spare, and if possible send to G. A. R. hall, McKinnon's block on the morning of the 30th before 10 o'clock. If any of our citizens are mourning the loss of soldier friends whom they wish to remember with us, if they will send or bring their wreaths or bouquets to the hall, accompanied with a card giving the name, number of regiment and state they will be properly placed, and those who have friends buried in the cemetery are requested to mark those graves with small flags that the committee may be able to decorate them suitably on Memorial Day.

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

Together with the secretary of Polk County Alliance, A. N. Hixson, ye scribe went down to Fisher last Saturday to assist in the organization of the farmer's alliance. Seventeen farmers signed the application for charter and elected J. B. Merrill president, Thos. Erwin vice president, C. U. Webster Secretary and Alvin Brainard, treasurer. They start in under favorable auspices and promise to double their number at every meeting. On the way we noticed that the grain had been put in in fine shape and was looking nicely. After the meeting we took a stroll about the village and was pleased to see the air of neatness prevailing. Almost every dwelling has been repainted this spring. We saw many very neat and tasty residences conspicuous among which are those of Dr. Lankester and Chris. Widenhoefer. Evidently the average Fisherite believes in living comfortably and nicely.

A case of great importance is to be tried at the coming term of court—of importance at least to one man—Mr. E. Lanctot. It is the case wherein the county is trying to force a road diagonally through his farm—thus practically ruining a fine farm simply to gain a few rods on the road to Gentilly from Crookston. It does seem a little singular, in a country like this, where there is so much land to the square acre, that a fine farm like this must be sacrificed to a whim—for it is only a whim that demands it, and not the public good, and we believe that this case should prove an exception to a general rule. It is a fact that private interests must give way to the public welfare, but such cases are, or should be, where the public interests are the greatest. This is not one of those cases. This farm lies in such a position that a road running through it as proposed by the county, would cut off the most of it from access to water. Mr. L. has so planned his fences that the stock in every lot would have equal access to the river lot, the only source of watering them, and while the forcing of that road through his farm would utterly ruin his farm, the lack of the road would not inconvenience the traveling public—in fact the proposed road would not be as good as the old one. If the county is bound to force the road through, anyhow, the Board should buy the farm outright as it is no good after the butchering. The public interests do not demand that Mr. Lanctot should sacrifice his farm and we trust that he will not be compelled to do it.

A Ringing Resolution.

At its meeting of May 10th, Scandia Alliance No. 643 passed the following resolution:

RESOLVED.—That we earnestly urge all the Alliances in this State to unite in the work of electing such members for the next legislature that laws may be enacted to prohibit unreasonable freight charges on the farmers' product, and to give farmers the privilege of building warehouses on railroad right of way and to dissolve any combination or scheme between machine factories and their agents, so that farmers can buy their machinery direct from factories or shops and not be obliged to pay from $5 to $50 to agents for handling.

To Rent.

For store or saloon purposes, my building on Main street, known as Lefebvre's place. For particulars address Joe Veronneau.

[3-4] M. LEFEBVRE.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance.

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER	Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE	Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD	Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)	Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER	Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE	Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD	Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE	Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE	Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG	Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY	Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP	Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN	Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY	Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL	Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, President. DAVID P. LISTER, Secretary.

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

—AT—

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers.

25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price

6c.

Ginghams.

25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price

7c.

Henriettas.

20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price

25c.

Striped Serges.

10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price

48c.

Sicelletta.

In all the new shades, 42 inches wide, would be cheap at $1. Next week's price

72 1-2c.

Sateens.

Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price

25c.

A good Carpet for	50c
A good apron	25c
Blouse waists	50c
Blouse waist Ties	10c
Fast black Hose	10c
Jersey ribbed vests	10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove	$1.00

A good carpet	25c
" ingrain carpet	40c
" lace Curtain	$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

FOR SALE

OR TO BE

GIVEN AWAY!

1 two or three horse Drag.
1 Broadcast Seeder.
1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
2 pair Buggy Shafts.
2 Gang Plows.
1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
3 Mowers.
2 Hay Rakes.
2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
1 Tank Pump.
1,500 good Oak Posts,
1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,

[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given that bids will be received by the Committee on Roads and Bridges for building an approach to south end of Mallory bridge.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the Post Office at Mallory, Minn. Bids will be opened by the committee at the Post Office at Mallory, on the 31st day of May, 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m.

Address A. C. Rhinehart, Chairman of Committee on Roads and Bridges, at East Grand Forks, Minn.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners:

P. J. McGUIRE,
Clerk County Board.

$5 REWARD.

To any person who can give me any information leading to the capture of a sorrel mare pony marked with an inverted 2 on left shoulder and shod on the hind feet, was last seen going west from Crookston.

Address all communications to Martin Williams, St. Hilaire, Polk Co., Minn.

[5-6]

Take Notice.

The post office will be open from 8 to 9 in the morning and from 5 to 6 in the evening on decoration day—tomorrow.

To Whom It May Concern.

MENTOR, Polk Co. Minn., Apr. 16th, 1890. Please take notice that without just cause or provocation, Sarah K. Swift has left my bed and board, therefore I forbid any and all persons from harboring or sheltering or feeding or trusting the said Sarah K. Swift upon my account in any way whatever, as I shall not pay any debts she may contract from this date, April 16th, 1890.

[5-7] GEORGE M. SWIFT.

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston nurseries, will sell trees, seeds and small fruits at lowest market prices. Send for catalogue or call at nursery. [2-tf]

FOR SALE,

At a bargain. The finest 160 Acre farm in the Red River Valley, located near Euclid. Address L. W. Arnold, Assignee estate of F. M. Finch, 155 East Third Street, St. Paul.

[4-5]

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NEIS MUUS, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818.

[5-tf]

THE GREAT WEST MAN,

Dr. E. W. Fish,

Will address the farmers of Polk County on Friday, May 30th,

AT FERTILE,

And on Saturday, May 31st, at

CROOKSTON!

—o—

Everybody has heard of Dr. Fish! We now have an opportunity to meet him and hear him speak.

Turn Out, Everybody!

By Order of Polk County Alliance.
G. M. SWIFT, President.
A. N. HIXSON, Sec.

FOSSTON, Minn., April 20, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—The Fosston farmers have at last come to the conclusion that they will no longer be bulldozed by monopolists in general and by machine monopolists in particular. Our alliance, numbering now about 140 members, (these the leading farmers in the vicinity, both intellectually and financially,) have for some time past been endeavoring to negotiate a deal in binders. I do not at present know how many we will need, but it is not over fifty. Each man that buys a binder is willing to put up security with his note, and the alliance knowing that it is the man who can and will pay, who has to reimburse McCormick and Deering their losses through the "bad pays," have concluded to back the notes, thus making them as good as cash, as far as the machine company is concerned. But what does the McCormick's and Deering's do? Coolly inform our secretary, Mr. Kjolhaug, that they not only expect us to stick millions into their pockets, but we must also support a worthless tribe of middlemen, a gang that has for years been the curse of the northwest—more destructive than frosts and chinch bugs together. We are well aware that the McCormick and Deering machines are first-class goods, and we would like to buy them at the price the agent gets them for, but we are also aware that there are other machines that do good work and can be got for less money on our own terms. Don't humiliate yourself to McCormick or any man living!

Our alliance, for one, has concluded to kneel to no one but God! They passed a resolution (and, judging from present appearances, they will abide by it,) that they will not buy Deering or McCormick machines until these companies are willing to come down from their thrones and sell on our terms. We ordered this resolution published in the Great West, and we thought it would not be out of place in THE JOURNAL. We want this published as a call to all farmers to go ahead and do as we did. Let us for once show these money kings that we can live without them. We lived and prospered through the cradle, reaper, harvester and wire binder days, and the world will probably roll gently on and the people raise wheat long after the McCormick and Deering companies are no more. Judging from all this, I am inclined to think that we, too, will live, prosper, raise wheat and cut it with a Buckeye, Plano, Easterly, Acorn or Osborne binder, until Wm. Deering & Co., and men of the same calibre are as anxious to sell to us as we are to buy from them.

The festive agent will soon be out with his logic and his sympathetic advise, his small talk on crops and his big talk on the machine business—especially on the folly of buying directly from the manufacturer. Of course the arch-traitor who is willing to sell to the alliance, will soon fail, or at least fail to send out the extras that are sure to be breaking in our binders just when the grain is ripe.

But with us Fosston men logic (machine agent logic) has lost all its force. We will, in spite of all reasoning, yea, even when the agent has convinced us that we are going to wreck and ruin, will we patronize only such dealers as will deal on our terms.

The companies we do deal with will, provided the rest of the alliance think as we do, soon be fixed so that they can say with Wm. Deering and the poet: "If we fail, we fail with glory!" Thus we will have the satisfaction of knowing that though we have worked, suffered, starved, and sworn when our binder broke and our hardware men were too poor to keep on hand the necessary articles of repairs for a hundred thousand Minnesota binders, we have for once done ourselves an act of justice. Hurrah for the alliance!

A. GRUNDYSON.

HORSES.

If you need a good mare or horse come and see me. I have 15 head which must be sold at once for what they will bring. CHAS. M. LOWE,

[4-tf] The Loan Agent.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana. **FREE LANDS**

NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. **LOW RATES**

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. **Horses, Cattle.**

Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. **Sheep, Hogs.**

Gold and Coal. The regions tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

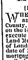
Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now. **MILK RIVER.**

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stockraisers. Now is the time.

Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance. **YOUNG MAN.**

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequalled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. **G. N. R. L.**



DETROIT SURE GRIP Steel Tackle Block

HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Contractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvements EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

Fulton Iron and Engine Works,
Estab. 1852. 10 Brush St., Detroit, Mich.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS MARCHILDON and Amand Marchildon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 37, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 96-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 23d, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

The Great Transcontinental Line,

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:03 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
3:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
2:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:23 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

For a long time we were a believer in the idea that the cause of the trouble was "over production." We have got over that humbug. We don't believe it so long as there is a hungry mortal on the globe and so long as gamblers make great fortunes in wheat. We are convinced that wheat speculation is wholly responsible for the trouble with farmers and that they are to blame only when they do not unite against it.

Farmers, business men and fellow citizens of Polk County one and all; do you realize the condition of your markets? Do you realize that a difference of only one cent per bushel on our wheat makes a difference of $20,000 to the trade of this county? Do you realize that Dr. Fish has proven on Mr. Pillsbury's own figures that we get at least 20 cents less per bushel for our No. 1 Hard wheat than we are entitled to by the English market? Do you realize that this means $400,000 of your money wrongfully withdrawn from the channels of trade of our county? Do you realize that if we could have our rights in a free and open markets that this country would be the only portion of the United States where farmers are prosperous and that this fact would call in enough farmers to settle upon every quarter section and thus create a good demand for our idle lands at good prices? Come out next Saturday and hear what Dr. Fish has to say about this wheat robbery business.

Strange as it may appear it is yet a fact that many farmers in Polk County have not a realizing sense of what the Alliance means to them. Some seem to have the idea that the sole end and aim of it is to overturn established business interests by which, in someway they expect to save a few dollars—entirely overlooking the fact that if we can obtain a free and open market every wheat raiser will gain a hundred or a thousand dollars every year according to the amount of wheat he raises. Some will not join because they are not promised a saving of a few dollars on the purchase of goods—while by remaining out they annually lose from 20 to 50 cents per bushel on their wheat. Some do not understand any thing at all about the objects of the alliance, and they as well as every alliance farmer should attend the meetings to be held in the county this week by that great champion of the farmers' cause, Dr. E. Fish and hear what he has to say about the alliance and what it will do for the country. Do not shut yourself up in your shell like a clam and refuse to hear something which may be of vital interest to you—in fact that is of the greatest possible interest. If we expect to be prosperous in this day and age of the world we must keep posted.

The Fisher Bulletin goes for Commissioner Johnson rough shod because Johnson voted for Paterson as sheriff to succeed N. O. Paulsrud deceased. What the Bulletin says as to the position belonging to the republican party is all right enough. The republicans not only elected Mr. Paulsrud but it was also these votes that elected the two democrats on the board and if the democratic members did not do right by insisting on the chance to get a democratic sheriff the people themselves are to blame. If there are not republicans enough in this republican county to fill all of the offices why, then, fill up with democrats and take the consequences. The Bulletin errs when it says that "the coroner could have served those warrants," as Mr. Shepard, the coroner is also dept. U. S. Marshall and has as much business in those two offices than he can well attend to in his present condition of wealth and had said positively that he could not attend to the sheriff's office properly. Mr. Johnson acted fully in accord with republican principles. When he saw that the democrats were bound to sacrifice the best interests of the county to the opportunity to get a democratic sheriff he rightly judged that the republican party could not afford to become a party to the injustice and by his action he has placed the tax-payers under lasting obligation to the republican party, and but the democrats members of the board have made a very unenviable record to go before the people with. Their attitude says plainly: "The people be hanged. We have got a chance to get a democrat in office once in our lives and we will take it even though the people suffer the loss of all these uncollected taxes by it!" The republican party, by its action has shown that the rights of the tax-payers are of more importance than a mere party triumph and that is the true principle. Mr. Johnson did perfectly right in this matter and his action, so far as we have learned is endorsed by the people.

If we can secure a free and open wheat market we feel that any effort that we can make will not be too arduous. That is what THE JOURNAL wishes to see and will not rest satisfied short of.

Red Lake Falls News:—We made a call on Geo. Brunnelle at the livery stable yesterday afternoon and found almost a menagerie to look over. There was the wonderful calf that weighed 115 pounds at birth. The "little" fellow shows his Holstein blood and is the finest calf we ever saw. The mother gives thirty quarts at each milking. Three oxen George has been fattening were punched so as to bring them to their feet. They are so fat that rising is a very dfficult task indeed. Two of them especially are monsters and so fat you would feel sure they didn't have any bones if you didn't know they had. Then we looked at the stud, Block and were struck with admiration. His black, shiny coat covering a body of glorious dimensions, would make him conspicuous among a thousand horses. Other horses look like kittens aside of him. Besides the above mentioned stock George has a large number of other horses and cattle that are not as noteworthy. A jack rabbit completes the list.

Granite Falls: Every school boy for several decades has been taught that the price of wheat in Liverpool controlled the price all over the world. But Dr. Fish was the one to take exceptions to such a state of things and by starting a bushel of wheat from Crookston and landing it in Liverpool he found that there was 20 cents difference in the price after all transportation and elevator-storage and other expenses had been paid. Now the question arises where does this paltry 20 cents go, or who gets it? It would take no novice to conclude some boodler is getting rich.

Windom Citizen:—Dr. Fish, of the Great West, and C. A. Pillsbury, the King miller of Minneaplis are still in contest over the big margin on wheat prices between Minnesota and Liverpool Pillsbury made a challenge, sometime since, of $20,000 that no great margin could be shown, but the Dr. proves pretty conclusively that there is a steal of over 20c. a bushel between Crookston, Minn., and Liverpool, and backed up with figures that cannot be dodged. It's a matter of great interest to wheat growers of Minnesota.

A Groan for Mr. Pillsbury.

Some History Worth Reading to the Alliance!

DAWSON. May 13th, 1890.

ED. GREAT WEST:

The 2d of this month I organized an alliance in the town of Omro, Yellow Medicine County, right in the midst of a German settlement. This class of our fellow citizens may work slow, but when they do move they mean business.

When Mr. Pillsbury thinks he has got enough of the Great West on the wheat quistion, the farmers of this section would like to have him explain the $1.50 wheat letters of the fall of 1888, and turn a little light on the meeting of millers at Milwaukee the same fall, when the President of that association told the members very plainly, that they knew what they came there for. It was to take some action that would "keep up the price of flour and put down the price of wheat." Then followed Mr. Pilsbury's letter, and in a very short time wheat dropped with a crash. On the strength of that letter a large number of farmers stored wheat that they could have sold for 1,10, and did sell as low as 75c. The Minneapolis Tribune, in a supposed interview, quoted Mr. Pilsbury as saying that "he believed wheat would touch $2,00 before the harvest of 1889." Mr. Pilsbury is in rather bad odor in the western part of the state, and he has made no friends in his controversy with the Great West.

Fraternally yours, W. S. GNOW.

Hubbard Bulletin: The National Farmers Alliance of America now has a membership of 2,000,000. The prime object of the association is to better the condition of the farmers of America, mentally, morally and financially; to suppress personal, sectional and national prejudices, all unhealthful rivalry and selfish ambition: to return to the principles on which this government was founded by adhering to the doctrine of equal rights and equal chances to all, and special privileges to none.

They demand: 1. The issue of all money by the government of the United States and the withdrawal of favors, too, even at the expense of the abolition of the national banking system.

2. A tariff for revenue sufficient only to meet the necessities of the government economically administed.

3. The establishment by the government of a warehousing system in the large cities of the United States, where in the farmer may store his grain products and have issued upon such storage government certificates, a legal tender, the same as now applied to silver. This is known as the Sud-Treasury plan of the Farmers, Alliance, and is the more especial measure of interest advocated.

4. The absolute denial of aliens of ownership in lands with the United States.

5. Government control of the railroads and telegraphic systems of the United States.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2.50
Fife	2.25
Skip Jack	1.60

The Home Magazine, conducted by Mrs. John A. Logan has:—in the May number a beautiful illustrated poem, by Clinton Scollard, entitled; "A Rose for Remembrance." Portraits of Bismarck, Caprivi, Gen. Crook. An illustrated article on Rome, by Mrs. Logan. A Trip to Hebron, by Mrs. Lane. A Chapter of Chronicles, by Amber. "Janet; a story," by Mrs. Oliphant. Finely illustrated description of the interior of the Blaine Home. A Sketch of Amelia B. Edwards, with portrait. Bright Bits from Bright Books, with extracts from "A New England Girlhood." Washington Society Notes. Lincoln at Home. Memorial day. Illustrated articles on Home Dress-making. Illustrated articles on Fancy Work. The Trilliums, a lovely spring poem, by Arlo Bates. The Necklace, a short story by Guy de Maupassant. The Dining Room with Spring Soups, and Recipes. Mothers' Page, and Children's Page full of bright stories and pictures, and many other good things too numerous to mention. All for six cents a number. The Home Magazine sent for three months' trial subscription for ten cents silver or Stamps. Try it. Address:—The Brodix Publishing Co., Washington, D. C.

W A. ROBERTSON.
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N, B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE. IN McKINNON BLOCK.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss In Probate Court, special term, April 30th 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Edwin Benjamin, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ruth Ann Benjamin, administratrix of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into her hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to her granted to sell the southeast quarter Sec. 18. Tp. 149. R. 43. at private sale. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administratrix to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this Court on Wednesday, the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administratrix to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this Order shall be published once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 30th day of April, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.
[8-6]

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON. MINN

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. MINN.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I
have Bought Out the Stock
OF
HACK & GALLASCH
And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a
FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS
Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,
A STURE
S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - - $11,000
Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President,
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President,
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. R. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.
NOW READY
WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Goods.
Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.
A Fashionable Trimmer
to attend to this department.
DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House, and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.
MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.
Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON. MINN.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, MAY 29, 1890.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
South Line.		
Passenger,	9:35 p. m.	5:40 a. m.
Freight,	7:30 a. m.	7:20 p. m.
North Line.		
	6:30 a. m.	8,50 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	5:50 a. m.	9:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:50 p. m.	7:00 a. m.
Fosston Line.		
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line.		
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

FREE HOMES

In the Great West—A Remarkable Offer—Read It.

Akron, Colorado, has probably within the past three years experienced the most rapid as well as the most healthy growth of any city in the west. It is surrounded by a country unsurpassed by any on earth for the richness and fertility of its soil and the beauties of its climate. Any, and everything that can be raised in Iowa, Illinois, Indiana or Ohio can here be grown in the greatest profusion. Wheat grown in the near vicinity of Akron, took a diploma for being the best grain of the kind exhibited at the Nebraska State fair, held at Lincoln, in September, 1889. And all crops grown in this latitude can be raised here as successfully as anywhere on earth.

GOVERNMENT LAND.

There are yet thousands of acres of government land vacant, which can be taken under the homestead, pre-emption and timber culture acts, which a person can have for the taking. A bountiful government will make you independent in a few years if you will but act now. The surface of the country is nearly a perfect level, but still sloping enough to afford good drainage. No breaks or draws such as ruin or deface so many western farms. No protracted struggle with rocks. Your first glance at the country would remind you of one vast meadow, only waiting the plow of the husbandman to transform it into an Eden of beauty and productiveness.

The citizens' advertising committee of Akron have placed in the hands of the West Side Improvement Company, one thousand city lots that are to be given away for advertising purposes, and any person who will aid them in advertising their advantages can have one of these lots FREE OF CHARGE by directing a communication to J. Faehndrich, Sec'y at Akron, Colorado, or sending him the names of ten people who are interested in the west, and liable to be looking for a western location and sending four cents in stamps for return of deed. These lots are now worth from $50 to $125, and will, in the course of a year, if the predictions of knowing ones prove true, be worth four times what is now asked for them. It is an opportunity never before offered to secure an ABSOLUTE TITLE to a piece of property in an enterprising and growing western city.

The lots referred to are each 25x135 feet in size and all the streets upon which they abut are 60 and 80 feet wide. They are in what is known as "Glenwood," an Akron, Colorado, suburb, and the citizens' committee through Mr. Faehndrich, its Sec'y, guarantees them to be smooth, level and upon a sightly elevation, overlooking the town of Akron. The title is also guaranteed to be ABSOLUTELY PERFECT.

Akron contains a set of business men who are alive to her advantages as well as her interests, and this year $30,000 is being expended by them to induse people looking for a western location to settle amongst them. They want and are determined to have 50,000 people in this city by 1895.

They want laborers in their coal mines, they want capitalists to develope their silver and gold mines.

Akron is to-day the largest and most prosperous city in the state east of Denver. It is a division station of the B. & M. R'y and is the southern terminus of the Akron & Holyoke R'y, which will, in all probability, be built to Colorado Springs in the near future. Akron is in the line of the Northwestern R. R. building into Denver, and it is sure to catch it, and the Beaver Valley branch of the B. & M. will also be built to Akron. The B. & M. shops are there and material is now on the ground to greatly enlarge them. The railroad employ 250 men at that point now. The city is and will be the railroad centre of that portion of the state. The population is now nearly two thousand and by January first next, they believe it will be 5,000. A United States land office was recently located at that point which means much to that city. It will bring every settler upon the public domain in that section to that city. It will be, and is, head-quarters for land seekers for that entire portion of the state.

COLORADO EXCURSIONS.

On May 20th, and in June excursions will be run from all points of the east and south to Akron. The rate will be one fare for the round trip, over the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific from Chicago and intermediate points, and over the Missouri Pacific from St. Louis and the South, to Omaha, Nebraska. From Omaha take the B. & M. R. R. to Akron.

The above offer of a free lot applies only to those who will, prior to June 20 aid them in a reasonable way, in making these excursions a success.

[5-6]

Who Gets the 24 Cents?

Granite Falls Tribune:—If the discussion of C. A. Pillsbury and Dr. Fish solves the wheat problem the producer will be grateful. The difference of opinions between the great miller and the great editor is, what becomes of the difference between Crookston and Liverpool prices on wheat? Some African is undoubtedly peeking over the fence, and the sooner the farmer goes gunning for the pocketer of their surplus the sooner will they prosper.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres,ying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance........$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.......................... 80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years.........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest..............................$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years..............................1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest...................................$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00
Total.................... ....$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

Sale of State Lands.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Land Office,
St. Paul, April 9th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at public sale, at the County Auditor's office, in Crookston, on Friday, June 6th, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by reason of failure to pay interest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen a the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale

W. W. BRADEN,
[52.6] Commissioner of the State Land Office.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, MICHAEL STENGL AND Polly Stengl, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter and lots three (3), and four (4), Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 169 48-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1886, at 11:25 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 123; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy-six dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and,

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of ten hundred sixty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMIRI PAGE AND EMERonde Page, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of December 21st, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 300; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred six and 92-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, Limited, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-12] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, OLIVIER DEMERS AND Adelle Demers, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage, bearing date of November 28th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1885, at 7:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 63; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 23-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of April 7th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 1st, 1890.]

WHEREAS CHARLES H. BROSSARD AND Sarah J. Brossard, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of September 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, (27) Township one hundred and fifty-two, (152) Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 18th day of September, A. D. 1885, at 12 o'clock m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page one; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-eight 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

[First publication May 22d, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, May 16th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of George W. Tice, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of George W. Tice, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court.

And whereas, Ann M. Tice has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things that said George W. Tice died in said county, on the 4th day of May, 1890, testate, and that said petitioner is one of the executors named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to the executors named in said last will and testament.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in said county, on the 25th day June, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when all persons interested may appear for, or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[5-7] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 45 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., April 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on July 1st, 1890, viz: HALVOR B. TVEDTEN, Hd. No. 10,293, for the sw¼ Sec. 4, Township 150, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land viz: T. O. Bergland, N. F. Woodstrom, A. Daniels, C. Haugenson, of Crookston, Minn.

[1-6] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated November 17th, A. D. 1883, made by Clara M. Howes and Joseph W. Howes, her husband, to Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, a domestic corporation, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1883, in book 41 of mortgages, pages 66 and 68, conveying and mortgaging the following described premises situated in said county of Polk, to-wit: Lots seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9), block fifty-nine (59), in original townsite of Thief River Falls, Polk County, Minnesota, as it appears upon the recorded plat thereof in the office of said Register of Deeds, on which there is claimed to be due and unpaid and is due and unpaid at the date hereof $2,105, for interest and principal secured by said mortgage and for attorney's and solicitor's fees as therein conditioned. And default having been made in the payment of the principal sum at maturity, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum; and said mortgage containing a power, therewith recorded, authorizing a foreclosure of said mortgage in case of said default; and no proceedings at law or equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and foreclosure now having become operative, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in said county, on Friday the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day to satisfy the sum herein claimed due, together with all the costs and charges of foreclosure.

Crookston, Minn., May 8th, 1890.

WILLFORD AND NORTHWAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, BY J. L. WILLFORD, President, Mortgagee.

E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[3-9] 313 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson. Max Ericson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

HERE—WE—ARE!

Ready for Business !

IF YOU WANT

BARGAINS

DON'T FAIL TO CALL at Markham's Old Stand, corner of Broadway and Second Street, and examine our stock of

Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes,

Choice Fresh Family Groceries.

ATTIX & CO.

Crookston, Minn.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. | DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. | TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Veterans of The Civil War.

As a part of the census of the people to be taken during the month of June special provision has been made by Congress for ascertaining the names of surviving soldiers, sailors, and marines who were mustered into the service of the United States during the war of the rebellion, and of the widows of soldiers, sailors, and marines who have died. In connection with this special census of veterans the organization or vessel in which they served, the term of service in each case, and present residence will be taken by the census enumerators. In the case of widows, information regarding the service of their deceased husbands is also required.

The importance of accurate statements concerning the military record of each participant in the late war should not be underestimated. It should be the duty, moreover, of every veteran soldier or sailor to see that the enumerator is placed in possession of the necessary information concerning his own service. If he can not be at home when the enumerator calls he should leave a proper memorandum in the hands of his wife or other member of his household, so that the work of the census may not be delayed, and also that there may be no doubt as to the accuracy of the statements concerning his service which may be given to the sensus enumerator. That there may be no question as to the points to be covered by this memorandum, it may be well to state that the special inquiries to be made concerning veterans of the civil war include the name, the company, and the regiment or vessel in which they served, their late rank, the dates of enlistment and discharge, the length of service in years, months, and days, and their present post-office address. Where a soldier or sailor re-enlisted or served in more than one organization or vessel, he should be careful to give the term of service, in each instance, and to cover each enlistment. In giving the organization care should be taken to distinguish the arm of the service, as infantry' cavalry, artillery, etc., and if a person served under an assumed name, his statement should be made to cover both the name under which he served and the true name by which he is now known.

Veterans of the war generally will recognize and appreciate the value of this special census to them, and they should aid the census enumerators in getting true statements in every way possible. Without their co-operation correct results can not be reached. This personal appeal is made to them, therefore, in the hope that their attention may be specially directed to the importance of this work and the necessary information may be promptly supplied to the census enumerator when he calls some teme during the month of June.

When It Began.

In a letter to the California Nationalist J. S. Barbee says: "The Farmers' Alliance originated in the county of Lampasas, Texas, in 1874. It was got up by five hard working farmers as a home protection against the large cattle syndicates of west Texas, who made their grand round up every spring, and it was not regarded then as stealing to brand all the unbranded calves that unfortunately fell into the round up, no matter whose cow or calf claimed as its mother.

"The man who had the best cowboys and worked the earliest, hardest and latest generally got the most calves branded. These five men called themselves 'The Farmers' Alliance.' Their first step was to organize, and then to co-operate, and this first attempt at co-operation was in the form of a compact which provided that first one and then the other of the five members should be in his saddle day and night as long as the round up lasted, and see to it that their calves escaped or received their own brands."

CITY TREASURER'S STATEMENT

APRIL 1, 1890.

SINKING FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$6663 23	
	County bonds,	3000 00	
	Premium on Co bonds,	190 00	
	School bonds,	2000 00	
	Cash from County Treasurer, June settlement,	57 64	
	Cash for accrued interest on loan to gen'l fund,	58 45	
	Total amount at credit of sinking fund at the time of delivery to sinking fund commissioners,		$11937 23
1890. April 1	Amount handed over to sinking fund commissioners	$7949 71	
	Due by the gen'l fund,	$237 61	
			$1193 33

SEWER FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$2930 36	
	Cash from Co Treasurer, June settlement,	580 90	
			$3511 26
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,		$3511 26

FIREMENS' RELIEF FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand	$199 94	
July 1	Cash from State apportionment	153 85	
			$353 79
	Paid receipt for fire dept. order 1190,	$100 00	
	Paid receipt for fire dept. order 1445,	50 00	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	183 79	
			$353 79

INTEREST FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand	$1952 45	
	Transferred from the specific fund,	207 52	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	2542 42	
	Interest on daily balance in March 1889,	17 50	
			$4719 89
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1152,	$1120 00	
	Paid exchange,	1 00	
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1235,	2313 33	
	Paid interest on city bonds, per order 1237,	2100 00	
	Paid exchange,	2 00	
	Paid commission to Hanover Bank, per order 1238,	8 05	
	Paid commission to the National Park Bank, per order, 1237,	23 90	
	Paid exchange,	20	
	Paid interest on 7th st. bridge bond, per order 1444,	100 25	
			$5672 79
1890. April 1	Am't overdrawn,		952 81

SINKING FUND COMMISSIONERS.

County bond and premium,	$3180 00	
School bond,	2000 00	
Cash,	2769 71	
		$7949 71

IMPROVEMENT FUND.

1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$1832 91	
	Transferred from the following accounts:		
	Oak street,	550 64	
	Ash street, from 2d to Houston,	419 40	
	Ash street, block 215, Fletcher's addition,	23 50	
	Ash street, south of Houston,	8 25	
	Ash street, from 4th to 8th street,	189 84	
	Front street	37 50	
	Pine "	42 15	
	Sheridan "	79 83	
	Sixth "	189 06	
	Fifth "	73 00	
	Fourth "	131 90	
	Third "	53 43	
	Second "	169 94	
	Fletcher "	143 44	
	Main "	218 08	
	Hunter "	239 33	
	Robert "	292 77	
	Elm "	229 93	
	Seventh "	224 83	
	Cowing "	281 23	
	Houston avenue,	330 73	
	Bridge fund,	6 00	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settl't,	522 86	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer for acct of the following streets:		
	Seventh street	34 10	
	Third "	34 00	
	Second "	1 59	
	Oak "	38 98	
	Ash "	149 00	
	Sheridan, " B to G	18 00	
	Cowing "	23 50	
	Houston "	17 76	
	Pine "	78	
	Robert "	46 80	
	Amounts included in sundry orders agst improvement and chargeable to the following:		
	First ward,	113 95	
	Second "	113 15	
	Third "	8 10	
	Fourth "	141 50	
	Fifth "	11 63	
	General fund,	53 12	
			$7223 97
	Dr.		
	Paid Jos. Netzer for repairs to city hall, per order 1172	$30 20	
	Paid Red River Lumber Co., for lumber orders 1177, 1276, 1334, 1375, 1402, 1421, 1481,	700 07	
	Paid Red River Lumber Co. for fence posts, per order 1317	2 40	
	Paid Alderman & Sylvester hardware per order 1215,	6 50	
	Paid for labor, Hans Morberg, per order 1235,	27 50	
	Paid J. Evanson for labor, per order 1285,	13 50	
	Paid C. P. Cahoon, grading Robert st. order 1300,	600 00	
	order 1349,	183 95	
	Paid Stewart & Spottswood, hardware, order 1322,	7 55	
	Paid J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1327,	4 83	
	Paid J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1401,	6 90	
	Paid E. W Wile for a Baker's contract order 1411,	143 71	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, order 1409,	4 50	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, order 1465,	9 95	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, repairing sidewalks, order 1413,	5 75	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, repairing sidewalks, order 1383,	43 68	
	Paid labor for O. L. Hamery, constructing sidewalks, order 1331,	8 25	
	Paid A A Olds, painting city hall, order 1507,	25 00	
	Due by gen'l fund,	5000 00	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand	271 23	
			$7223 97

POOR FUND.

		Cr.	
1890. May 28	Cash from gen'l fund,	$100 00	
July	" " " "	50 00	
	Cash from fines in justice court,	26 01	
	Cash from County Treasurer, June settlement,	128 36	
			$314 37
		Dr.	
	Paid L. L. Benoit, mdse to poor, per order 1272,	3 53	
	Paid E Asselin, mdse to poor, order 1273,	4 05	
	Paid E Asselin, mdse to poor, order 1274,	5 00	
	1316,	4 50	
	1358,	8 00	
	1398,	8 00	
	1458,	8 00	
	1459,	8 00	
	1496,	8 00	
	1519,	8 00	
	1550,	8 00	
	Paid A Rauch, mdse to poor, order 1266,	9 00	
	Paid J H & A Locken, merchandise to poor, order 1270,	14 00	
	1271,	5 00	
	1328,	10 00	
	1329,	5 00	
	1400,	10 00	
	M B Hayes, mdse to poor, order 1318,	21 28	
	1352,	18 00	
	1397,	8 58	
	1517,	10 15	
	1528,	44 68	
	1531,	6 00	
	Paid Hauk & Gallasch, merchandise to poor, order 1317,	2 50	
	1374,	6 68	
	Paid F L Durand, mdse to poor, order 1259,	10	
	Paid G W Lewis, merchandise to poor, order 1383,	4 15	
	1612,	1 60	
	Paid Dr. J H Farley, med. attendance, order 1351,	9 50	
	Paid Dr. C B Dampier, med. attendance, order 1393,	13 00	
	Paid Dr. Dunlop, med. attendance, order 1482,	8 00	
	Paid Dr Van Dyke, med. attendance, order 1395,	23 00	
	Paid Holmboe & Larson, merchandise to poor, order 1458,	5 00	
	1516,	5 24	
	1305,	10 01	
	Paid B Allard boarding G Bennett, order 1159,	28 00	
	Paid Rosenthal & Wile, mdse, order 1460,	3 50	
	Paid Rosenthal & Wile, mdse to Halberg order 1547,	4 50	
	Paid E D Childs & Co., merchandise, order 1497,	1 00	
	1438,	60	
	Paid G Boshan, brd'g Surprenaut, order 1518,	3 50	
	Paid Iver A Krohn, boarding P Halberg, order 1515,	17 50	
	1556,	28 90	
	Paid Young Bros. for wood, order 1478,	1 75	
	Paid And. Carlson for boarding H Spitz, order 1528,	10 00	
	Paid And. Carlson, boarding H Spitz, order 1553,	10 00	
	Paid J H & A Locken mdse, order 1477,	9 00	
	Paid J W Lilly, copy of poor low, order 1176,	1 50	
	Paid Oakdale Cemetery Association order 1224,	3 40	
			$440 02
1890. April 1	Overdrawn,		185 60

FIFTH WARD.

			Cr.
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,		[illegible]
		Dr.	
	Paid labor, O L Hamery, order 1222,	$37 75	
	Paid labor, O L Hamery, order 1410,	51 75	
	Paid labor, F L Hamery, order 1379,	14 25	
	Paid labor, C R Sargent, order 1554,	3 50	
	Paid per orders on improvement fund,	11 63	
	Overdrawn,		51 60
		$128 87	$128 87

WARD FUND.

			Cr.
	Cash on hand,	$270 97	
	Cash from Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	615 75	
			$886 72
	First Ward.	Dr.	
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	21 88	
	1230,	13 50	
	1370,	30 75	
	1404,	8 75	
	1433,	16 13	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	115 85	
	Second Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	17 49	
	1231,	21 00	
	1328,	75	
	1377,	18 75	
	1405,	10 00	
	1432,	63 62	
	1469,	20 87	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	115 15	
	Third Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1204,	7 02	
	1232,	23 15	
	1320,	31 00	
	1430,	1 50	
	1420,	2 50	
	1463,	7 88	
	Paid by order on improvement fund	8 10	
	Fourth Ward.		
	Paid O L Hamery for labor, order 1201,	7 00	
	1233,	42 00	
	1331,	42 00	
	1407,	12 75	
	1434,	1 50	
	1464,	7 87	
	1378,	53 12	
	Paid by orders on improvement fund	141 50	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	831 14	
			$1890 62

GENERAL FUND.

			Cr.
1889. April 1	Cash on hand,	$11 00	
	Borrowed form sinking fund,	6437 61	
	Fines from Justice Spendley,	78	
	Fines from Justice Lewis,	109 00	
	Cash for dray licenses:		
	I N Simmons,	10 00	
	Lancaster & Brown,	10 00	
	J H Creighton,	10 00	
	C R Sargent,	20 00	
	Young Bros.,	10 00	
	W Creighton,	10 00	
	A E Flanders,	10 00	
	Sheasegren & Co,	5 00	
	Cash for circus license	50 00	
	Cash for saloon licenses,	8510 00	
	O Marell, $500		
	W Heldrich, 500		
	E Halsch, 500		
	Wilson & Thompson, 500		
	A K Austin & Co 510		
	J A Bemis, 500		
	O C Hock, 500		
	Nyquist & Berquist, 500		
	N Rapin, 500		
	Ferron & Dantly, 500		
	J W O'Brien, 500		
	A Yvernault, 500		
	O C Ericson, 500		
	M Ericsson, 500		
	R C Burkhardt, 500		
	J S Hanson, 500		
	S L Bentson, 500		
	Borrowed from improvement fund,	5000 00	
	From Co. Treasurer, June settlement,	1450 79	
	Interest on daily balances,	269 96	
	Dog licenses,	89 00	
	Auctioneer's license,	50 00	
			$22410 30
		Dr.	
	Paid for account of 1888, as follows:		
	J Anderson, laborer, order 170,	$ 9 75	
	P Connors, salary for February, 1889, order 1140,	20 00	
	P Connors salary for March, 1889, order 1151,	20 00	
	John Paterson, salary for March, 1889, order 1150,	43 88	
	L Gagner, salary for February, 1889, order 1135,	60 00	
	L Gagner, salary for March, 1889, order 1146,	60 00	
	M B Hayes, salary for February, 1889, order 1133,	75 00	
	M B Hayes, salary for March 1889, order 1143,	75 00	
	John Cromb, salary for December, 1889, order 1079,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for January 1889, order 1116,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for February, 1889, order 1133,	25 00	
	J Cromb, salary for March, 1889, order 1149,	25 00	
	P E Misten, labor, order 173,	7 00	
	Huggard, Larsen & Co. order 172,	57 00	
	O W Anderson, labor, order 159,	1 50	
	J England, labor, order 163,	1 50	
	J H Locken, salary for Mch, 1889, order 1148,	25 00	
	E D Childs & Co., council fees, order 1102,	8 00	
	H E Cooke, printing, order 1155,	20 05	
	P Johnson, labor, order 158,	3 37	
	T Cartright, do do 169,	2 23	
	F Fournet, council do 1101,	4 00	
	D E Hatlestad, salary for March, 1889, order 1147,	25 00	
	J G Brenner, labor order, 174	8 50	
	M Van Dyke, medical attendance, order 1157,	48 00	
	O Vian, chemical engine, order 1153,	80 00	
	G H Pollard, labor, order 157,	4 50	
	R H Nolan, council, order 1163,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, council, order 1166,	18 00	
	Isaac Laucud, laborer, order 161,	2 25	
	M Watts, judgments against city, order 1205,	29 60	
	Jos Glotier, laborer, order 171,	3 37	
	D McDonald, salay, order 1118,	60 00	
	D McDonald, Salary, orde, 1124,	60 00	
	D McDonald, salary, order 1203,	24 00	
	Paid for election purposes:		
	F Jerome, judge of election, order 1173,	9 00	
	A Munn, judge of election, order 1163,	6 00	
	S L Collins, clerk of election order 1157,	2 00	
	F Regimbal, clerk of election, order 1174,	2 00	
	H Funck, clerk of election, order 1166,	6 00	
	Aug Walters, judge of election, order 1168,	9 00	
	C Vanarsdale, clerk of election, orner 1156,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, judge of election, order 1164,	9 00	
	W S Booth, poll lists, order 1169,	2 30	
	M Lally, judge of election, order 1178,	8 00	
	L G Scott, clerk of election, order 1162,	4 00	
	H P Nolan, judge of election order 1179,	6 00	
	L G Scott, poll lists, order 1223,	7 50	
	Jas Leo, clerk of election, order 1219,	2 00	
	H Steenerson, judge of election, order 1209	9 00	
	Steenerson & McManus, office rent, order 1213,	5 05	
	J Paterson, poll lists per Booth, order 1221,	4 00	
	I Portier, office rent, order 1207,	5 00	
	W Watts, office rent, order, 1212,	5 00	
	E D Childs, judge of election, order 1211,	9 00	
	T C Stewrrt, office rent, order 1208,	5 00	
	I U Jennings, judge of election, order 1175,	6 00	
	G O Buhn, judge of election, order 1210,	9 00	
	V D Carruth, clerk of election, order 1250,	2 00	
	J Paterson, poll lists, order 1279,	7 50	
	F E Lepage, office and clerk of election, order 1260,	5 00	
	T C Stewart, office and clerk of election, order 1204,	7 00	
	B Stanton, judge of election order 1267,	3 00	
	F Jerome, judge of election, order 1248,	9 00	
	A Munn, clerk, order 1257,	6 00	
	C Vanarsdale, clerk, order 1272,	6 00	
	R G Marlette, judge, order 1262,	9 00	
	D McKinnon, clerk, order 1278,	4 00	
	A Walters, judge, order 1265,	9 00	
	A Funck, clerk, order 1266,	4 00	
	F Regimbal, clerk, order 1306,	2 00	
	R Smith, clerk, order 1251,	2 00	
	G W Banks, judge, order 1314,	8 00	
	J E Morrisey, judge, order 1302	19 50	
	W Watts, rent and judge, order 1315,	8 00	
	Jos Laurence, judge, order 1249	6 00	
	O L Hanson, clerk, do 1247,	2 00	
	H P Peterson, do do 1255,	3 00	
	I U Jennings, do do 1252,	9 00	
	G O Buhn, do do 1253,	9 00	
	A A Glenn, do do 1252,	2 00	
	S L Collins, do do 1248,	2 00	
	Paid for City Council:		
	F Jerome, order 1181,	16 00	
	M Lally, do 1183,	14 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1185,	12 00	
	J E Morrisey, do 1192,	10 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1188,	10 00	
	A Walters, do 1184,	12 00	
	W Watts, do 1190,	16 00	
	E D Childs, do 1182,	14 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1187,	16 00	
	M Lally, do 1363,	12 00	
	F Jerome, do 1370,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1372,	8 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1373,	6 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1373,	10 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1367,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1371,	12 00	
	W Watts, do 1364,	12 00	
	E D Childs, do 1365,	10 00	
	A Walters, do 1367,	8 00	
	F Jerome, do 1492,	8 00	
	E D Childs, do 1497,	8 00	
	M Lally, do 1488,	8 00	
	I U Jennings, do 1494,	12 00	
	T H Bjoin, do 1490,	8 00	
	J E Morrisey, do 1489,	6 00	
	W Watts, do 1486,	12 00	
	G O Buhn, do 1491,	12 00	
	H Steenerson, do 1495,	12 00	
	R G Marlette, do 1493,	12 00	
	do do 1186,	12 00	
	I U Jennings, do 1189,	16 00	
	Paid salaries as follows:		
	City Engineer. O L Hamery.		
	For April, order 1199,	50 00	
	do May, do 1243,	50 00	
	do June, do 1294,	50 00	
	do July, do 1346,	50 00	
	do August, do 1387,	50 00	
	do Sept do 1413,	50 00	
	do October, do 1448,	50 00	
	do November, do 1470,	50 00	
	do December, do 1501,	50 00	
	do January, do 1531,	50 00	
	City Attorney, D E Hatlestad.		
	For April, do 1200,	25 00	
	do May, do 1241,	25 00	
	do June, do 1297,	25 00	
	do July, do 1343,	25 00	
	do August, do 1390,	25 00	
	do September, do 1417,	25 00	
	do October, do 1450,	25 00	
	do November, do 1471,	25 00	
	do Decembe, do 1502,	25 00	
	do January, do 1533,	25 00	
	do February, do 1548,	25 00	
	City Treasurer, L C Couvrette.		
	For April, do 1197,	25 00	
	do May, do 1242,	25 00	
	do June, do 1296,	25 00	
	do July, do 1343,	25 00	
	do August, do 1389,	25 00	
	do September, do 1418,	25 00	
	do October, do 1453,	25 00	
	do November, do 1472,	25 00	
	do December, do 1503,	25 00	
	do January, do 1532,	25 00	
	do February,	25 00	
	Police, L Gonyea.		
	For April, do 1196,	50 00	
	do May, do 1238,	50 00	
	do June, do 1293,	60 00	
	do July, do 1342,	60 00	
	do July, do 1342,	60 00	
	do August, do 1386,	60 00	
	do September, do 1418,	60 00	
	do October, do 1447,	60 00	
	do November, do 1469,	60 00	
	do December, do 1500,	60 00	
	do January, do 1530,	60 00	
	do February, do 1540,	60 00	
	Chief of Police, M B Hayes.		
	For April, order 1193,	60 00	
	" May, " 1239,	70 00	
	" June, " 1291,	70 00	
	" July, " 1341,	70 00	
	" August, " 1385,	70 00	
	" September, " 1412,	70 00	
	" October, " 1445,	70 00	
	" November, " 1468,	70 00	
	" December, " 1499,	70 00	
	" January " 1529,	70 00	
	" February, " 1539,	70 00	
	City Clerk, John Paterson.		
	For April, " 1194,	33 33	
	" May, " 1244,	33 33	
	" June, " 1298,	33 33	
	" July, " 1347,	33 33	
	" August, " 1391,	33 33	
	" September, " 1416,	33 33	
	" October, " 1451,	33 33	
	" November, " 1474,	33 33	
	" December, " 1504,	33 33	
	" January, " 1535,	33 33	
	" February, " 1545,	33 33	
	Taking care fire apparatus, Pat Connors.		
	For April, " 1201,	20 00	
	" May, " 1245,	20 00	
	" June, " 1299,	20 00	
	" July, " 1345,	20 00	
	" August, " 1392,	20 00	
	" September, " 1419,	20 00	
	" October, " 1452,	20 00	
	" November, " 1476,	20 00	
	" December, " 1506,	20 00	
	" January, " 1536,	20 00	
	" February, " 1546,	20 00	
	Controller, E W Wile.		
	For April, " 1198,	25 00	
	" May, " 1240,	25 00	
	" June, " 1295,	25 00	
	" July, " 1344,	25 00	
	" August, " 1388,	25 00	
	" September, " 1415,	25 00	
	" October, " 1449,	25 00	
	" November, " 1473,	25 00	
	" December, " 1504,	25 00	
	" January, " 1531,	25 00	
	" February, " 1544,	25 00	
	Attending chemical engine, O Vian,		
	For April, May and June, 1337,	25 00	
	" Aug., Sept and Oct. 1447,	25 00	
	Paid for mdse as follows:		
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1227,	2 15	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1318,	2 00	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1423,	73 97	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1401,	1 65	
	J E O'Brien & Co., hardware, order 1452,	12 80	
	J H & A Locken, sundries, order 1220,	50	
	F E Hertz & Co., sundries, order 1222,	5 65	
	W S Mott & Co., sundries for fire dept. order 1258,	30 60	
	W S Mott & Co., hose for fire dept. order 1303,	400 00	
	E W Wile, mdse for fire dept, order 1236,	1 00	
	E W Wile, mdse for fire dept, order 1284,	8 85	
	L Waldeland, mdse, order 1377,	11 75	
	M Rauenbuehler, " 1323,	1 25	
	" " 1458,	2 25	
	" " 1514,	13 00	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1312,	13 45	
	Louis Fontaine, stationery, order 1425,	29 40	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1261,	34 15	
	Fontaine & Anglim, mdse, order 1483,	8 80	
	A J & A McKinnon, mdse, order 1470,	10 75	
	W E Walker, mdse, order 1531	6 85	
	Paid R G Woodham, " 1537	18 00	
	Paid printing and stationery:		
	H E Cooke, print'g, order 1238,	60 70	
	" " 1354,	10 15	
	" " justice docket, 1326,	67 65	
	" " order 1403,	15 90	
	H E Cooke, print'g, order 1409,	6 00	
	" " 1451,	86 20	
	W E McKenzie, stationery, order 1325,	20 80	
	W E McKenzie, justice docket order 1326,	[illegible]	
	J A Wallace, stationery, order 1311,	4 60	
	Hydrants and electric light:		
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1291,	497 86	
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1495,	2976 80	
	Paid Crookston Water Works P & L Co., order 1290,	9458 14	
	Fire department:		
	Attending fires, order 1158,	193 00	
	" " 1224,	129 00	
	" " 1156,	56 00	
	O C Bergland, team at fire, order 1232,	5 00	
	Attending fire, order 1263,	67 00	
	" " 1461,	62 00	
	Rosenthal & Wile, mdse, order 1518,	33 00	
	Attending 3 fires, order 1558,	181 00	
	Health Officer.		
	Paid M Van Dyke, order 1269,	63 00	
	" " 1394,	44 00	
	" " 1470,	25 00	
	" " 1534,	85 00	
	" " 1523,	30 00	
	Labor:		
	O L Hamery, order 1204,	14 62	
	" 1284,	27 87	
	" 1332,	62 00	
	" 1383,	11 80	
	" 1409,	8 00	
	" 1408,	6 00	
	" 1436,	[illegible]	
	" 1466,	25 75	
	" 1509,	13 75	
	P Connors, 1358,	6 00	
	J H & A Locken, 1369,	10 00	
	Munn Bros., 1365,	5 50	
	Justice fees:		
	C S Spendley, 1301,	10 75	
	" 1303,	3 80	
	" 1426,	5 70	
	" 1430,	7 00	
	" 1431,	3 20	
	" 2437,	5 70	
	" 1417,	8 60	
	G W Lewis, 1352,	1 50	
	" 1358,	3 80	
	" 1427,	7 45	
	" 1402,	2 15	
	" 1544,	2 20	
	Board of Review:		
	M Lally, 1356,	12 00	
	E D Childs, 1357,	12 00	
	Justice fees:		
	G S Spendley, 1165,	7 05	
	" 1171,	5 20	
	Sundries:		
	A P & P Johnson, burying animals, order 1231,	6 00	
	John Benaar, repairs to bridge, order 1232,	10 00	
	M B Hayes, mdse and boarding prisoners, order 1222,	18 20	
	C E Bampler, professional services, order 1250,	5 00	
	Harris & Glenn, repairs to buildings, order 1316,	6 00	
	Harry Dodge, witness fees, order 1306,	1 12	
	G O Buhn, B Smith's bill, order 1275,	1 50	
	H Shepard, witness fees, order 1346,	1 12	
	A J & A McKinnon, blacksmith bill, order 1387,	23 35	
	A Rauch, witness fees, order 1230,	1 12	
	A E Flanders, drayage, order 1161,	1 25	
	P Hatheberg, special police, order 1301,	2 00	
	M B Hayes, washing jail blankets, order 1319,	1 10	
	Henry Wight, services as assessor, order 1321,	300 00	
	O L Hamery, bridge repairs, order 1334,	12 00	
	O L Hamery, for an assistant order 1334,	13 50	
	Refunded the sinking fund, order 1335,	2500 00	
	Interest on $2500 sinking fund order 1333,	86 45	
	Young Bros., hauling snow and manure, order 1402,	3 50	
	W Welsh, special police, order 1320,	2 00	
	L C Couvrette, auditing books, order 1312,	25 00	
	W M Ross, gravel for stock yard, order 1340,	100 00	
	J H Creighton, drayage, order 1303,	2 25	
	M B Hayes, special police, order 1381,	17 50	
	O L Hamery, an assistant, order 1382,	23 50	
	J Paterson, blank file book, order 1357,	13 50	
	C Vanarsdale, copy fire ordinance, order 1350,	3 00	
	G H Holt, special police, order 1355	8 00	
	G H Holt, special police, order 1480,	16 00	
	G H Holt, constable fees, order 1429,	3 90	
	H N Tweeten, boarding prisoners, order 1442,	1 75	
	J Creighton, drayage, order 1440,	2 75	
	M B Hayes, boarding prisoners, order 1455,	13 25	
	Christianson Bros., insurance city hall, order 1424,	15 00	
	O H Bjoin, Livery bill, order 1441,	4 00	
	D F McDonald, witness fees, order 1331,	1 12	
	Young Bros., wood, order 1407,	3 50	
	G H Buhn, blacksmith bill, order 1439,	1 25	
	Young Bros, wood, order 1522,	1 00	
	S L Collins, team hire, order 1527,	3 00	
	J H Berg, boarding prisoners order 1531,	6 25	
	Lancaster & Brown, team hire, order 1523,	7 50	
	Senholt, witness fees, order 1170,	1 12	
	S O Mathews, express and telegram, order 1300,	3 65	
	P Connors, janitor and labor, order 1552,	81 50	
	C E Sargent, drayage, order 1557,	2 25	
	G W Lewis, mdse, order 1333,	4 45	
	L G Scott, copy of ordinance order 1154,	1 50	
	G H Holt, constable fees, order 1160,	1 45	
	J Wyatt, office rent, election, order 869,	5 00	
	O H Bjoin, team hire, order 1481,	4 00	
	Paid per orders on impr't fund,	53 12	
	Geo D Barnard & Co., printing R R bonds, order 1443,	103 20	
	Poor fund, Comptroller's order,	159 00	
	Paid R R Bond Commissioners:		
	Wm Anglim, order 1359,	25 00	
	Lewis Ellington, " 1360,	25 00	
	C O Christianton, " 1361,	25 00	
	Pd overdrawn prior to April 1, 1889,	8987 61	
1890. April 1	Cash on hand,	1472 96	
			$22410 30
1890. April 1	Cash on hand.		
	To sewer fund,	$3511 26	
	To firemens' relief fund,	183 79	
	To improvement fund,	271 23	
	To ward fund,	831 14	
	To general fund,	1472 96	
			$5010 48
	Less:		
	Interest account overdrawn,	$952 81	
	Poor fund, "	185 60	
	Fifth ward, "	51 60	
			$1134 16
	Balance on hand,		$4776 32

Respectly submitted to the Comptroller and City Council.

L. H. COUVRETTE,
City Treasurer.

Approved April 7th, 1890.
E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Farmington Tribune.

At the time of the meeting of the state alliance the editor of the Great West asserted that there was a difference of twenty cents a bushel in the price of wheat between Liverpool and Crookston, Minn., besides the necessary cost of getting the wheat to Liverpool. This was denounced as horrible, and Charles A. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis, was induced to make a bluff of offering $20,000 to any one who would prove the assertion by actual trial. But when asked by the Great West to put his proposition into writing in such a way as to make it legal, he backed square down and practially admitted the truth of the original assertion. Mr. Pillsbury's bluff was published all over the state, and a majority of the papers claimed that the original statement was made by Donnelly. Now how many of them will publish the fact that Pillsbury has backed out and practically acknowledged the corn?

Counting the People,

Some of the Inquiries to be made by the Census Enumerators in June.

The Eleventh Census of the United States will be taken during the month of June. The census enumerators will begin their work on Monday, June 2, and will visit every house and ask questions concerning every person and every family in the United States. The questions that will be asked call for the name of every person residing in the United States on the first day June, whith their sex and age, and whether white, black, mulatto, quadroon, octoroon, or Chinese, Japanese or Indian. Inquiry will be made also of every person as to whether they are single, married, widowed, or divorced, and, if married, whether married during the census year. The place of birth of the father and mother of each person, will also be called for, as well as a statement as to the profession, trade, or occupation followed and the number of months unemployed during the census year. For all persons ten years of age or over a return must be made by the enumerator as to the number able to read and write, and also number who can speak English. For those who can not speak English the particular language or dialect spoken by them will be ascertained. For children of school age, also, the number of months they attended school will be recorded by the census enumerators. In the case of mothers an inquiry will be made as to the number of children they have had, and the number of these children living at the present time. This inquiry is to be made to all women who are or have been married, including all who are widows or have been divorced. Foreign-born males of adult age, that is, 21 years of age or over, will be asked as to the number of years they have been in the United State, and whether they are naturalized or have taken out naturalization papers. Of the head of each family visited the question will be asked as to the number of persons in the family, and whether his home is owned or hired; also, if owned, whether the home is free from mortgagr incumbeance. If the head of the family is a farmer, similar inquiries will be made concerning the ownership of the farm. In addition to these inquiries, all of which are made on the population schedule, the law under which the census is taken makes provision for special inquiries concerning such of the population as may be mentally or physically defective in any respect, that is, insane, feeble-minded, deaf, blind, or crippled, or who may be temporarily disabled by sickness, disease, or accident at the time of the enumerator's visit. Certain special inquiries will also be made concerning inmates of prisons and reformatories and of charitable and benevolent institutions. Besides this, a statement will be called for concerning all persons who have died during the census year' giving their name, age, sex, occupation, and cause of death.

This official count of the people comes but once in ten years, and every family and every person should consider it to be their duty to answer the question of the census enumerators willingly and promptly, so that definite and accurate information may be gained concerning the 65,000,000 people living within the bounds of this great country.

Progressive Age:—The Great West has the sympathy of the Progressive Age in its effort to expose the frauds practiced on the farmers of the Northwest. If Dr. Fish, the editor, is correct, and we believe him to be, a systematic robbery has been practiced upon the most law abiding citizens of our country. Go ahead Doctor. The more kicks you get the higher you will rise.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!

Largest & Most Complete Stock of
Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware,
Spectacles Etc. Etc.
All Work Warranted, And
Perfect Satisfaction
Guaranteed.
At Bottom Prices
St. Paul

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware,

CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JUNE 5, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat was way off last week, reaching 74.

Dr. Fish was very favorably impressed with what he saw of Polk County.

Maj. Stanbury has been on the dry docks with rheumatism for a time.

W. G. Lytle and L. B. Davis went out to the Maple Lake country, fishing, last week.

John Hart and wife returned from Great Falls, Montana, on Thursday evening.

Will Carlton came down on Saturday to enjoy the alliance doings at the Opera House.

Gordon McGrew left on Monday evening by the way of the N. P. for Audubon, Minn.

Mrs. Falk returned on Saturday last from a visit with relatives and friends in Indiana.

Chas. A. Johnson was down from St. Hilaire on Saturday to attend the alliance doings.

Andrew Steenerson came up from the west side to hear the alliance speech on Saturday.

Miss Launian, of the second ward school, left on Monday for St. Peter to spend her vacation.

Edith and Willie McGrew took the morning train on Monday for a visit with relatives at Benson, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Palmer and the children came down from Angus on Saturday to listen to the eloquent Dr. Fish.

It has been suggested that the Secretary of the County Alliance give notice through THE JOURNAL on what day in July the county alliance will meet.

Joseph Netzer Jr. was taken to the insane asylum on Thursday of last week. It is possible that he may recover in which hope his friends all unite.

Fred Hall returned from Obron, N. D. where he has been in attendance at the bedside of his father who has been dangerously ill but is now slowly recovering.

Mentor alliance resolved to "see" the Fosston brothers and go them one better on their resolution in regard to the McCormick and Deering companies. Pass it along.

Mrs. J. G. McGrew left on Monday evening for a visit with her mother and other friends at her old home in Vermont. She expects to remain there during the summer.

Farmers don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [6-tf]

Mrs. A. Braley left on Monday evening for Vermont for a visit with relatives and friends, and to be present at the golden wedding of her parents, which event occurs on July 2d.

W. C. Tatro informs THE JOURNAL that everything is nearly in readiness for the entertainment of pleasure parties on the new boat on Maple Lake. They were to make their trial trip last week.

The base ball team of Crookston met that of Warren on the diamond in this city on Friday and beat the visiting club 16 to 6. The game was a very interesting one and was witnessed by many lovers of the sport.

Rudy Burkhardt and family left on Sunday evening for their old home in Wabasha County. For several years Mr. B. has made his home here and he leaves many friends. He thinks it not improbable that he may return some day.

Ed. Love, the Kittson County Enterprise rustler, was summoned as witness in a case before the U. S. Circuit court, at Winona. He did not want to go, but as he had to obey such a summons, he took revenge by buying two thoroughbred horses in St. Paul.

Guess everybody was in attendance at the alliance meeting on Saturday though the sad circumstances by which we were surrounded prevented our attendance. The Opera House was filled to overflowing and everybody enjoyed the able speech of the doctor.

We ask the kind forbearance of our friends this week should they notice any shortcomings in this issue of THE JOURNAL. We know that the news must be published though hearts are crushed and bleeding in anguish; and we have done our best to supply it.

Mrs. R. Houston left for her home in Puget City on Monday evening. She was accompanied by her father Jas. Greenhalgh, Sr. Mr. Greenhalgh was one of the earliest settlers in this country, coming before the first railroad. He may decide to stay out there though that is by no means certain.

George H. Pollard, well known in this city, was fatally hurt at Grand Forks last Friday. He was braking on a freight and in some way fell beneath the wheels having his left arm and shoulder crushed. Dr. Wheeler amputated the arm but the shock was too great and Pollard died on Sunday.

It has been suggested to us that it would be a good plan for each sub-alliance to decide what they are going to do in the matter of twine. There are at Fargo five carloads of standard twine that can be had at 12 cents per pound cash, or 12¼ cents on time. On time four or five may combine and give notes due November 1st, 1890, without interest. If any action is to be taken it should be done soon—the earlier the better.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

The McLean Prescott Company appeared on the boards in this city on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of last week in Shakspeare's plays to full houses. On Thursday evening they presented "Ingomar," on Friday evening "Spartacus," and on Saturday evening "Virginius." Mr. McLean was highly spoken of as an orator of great merit. It is seldom that a troupe draws three such houses three nights in succession. This troupe will receive a royal welcome should they ever favor Crookston again.

Geo. M. Swift, president of Polk County alliance, was in from Mentor to listen to Dr. Fish on Saturday.

John T. Beaudry, the postmaster farmer of the Beaudry office, was in to attend the grand alliance rally on Saturday.

Cyprien DeMers, dept. county lecturer, came down to meet Dr. Fish and hear him speak, on Saturday. Mr. DeMers is one of those wide-awake, stirring alliance men whose influence is bound to be felt in this warfare. He has enlisted for life "or during the war" in the effort to obtain a free and open market.

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

Dr. E. W. Fish gave an eloquent alliance address at Fertile on Friday to a large and appreciative audience. After picturing the evils that surround the agricultural interests, he showed how, by joining the alliance, the farmer could apply the remedy. He said he was not upon the rostrum to attack the merchants, though there were probably isolated cases where they deserved it richly enough, but he was aware that between the manufacturer and consumer there was altogether too great a margin. He showed how this was and wherein our merchants do not make the lion's share of the profits. He cited the organization of every other interest as a stronger reason why the farmers should unite for self protection. At present, in their unorganized condition, they were entirely at the mercy of every organization, and would be until they were prepared to act as a unit. The Fertile people treated the speakers very handsomely; they had their band out and Nels Muus took the speakers to the grounds in a carriage behind a spanking pair of noble iron greys who entered into the martial spirit of the occasion with so much life that the doctor was on the point of jumping out once or twice but was calmly told by his companion not to fret—good farmers always train their horses that way, but they are perfectly safe and gentle. The doctor's speech was attentively listened to by a large audience.

DIED.

COOKE—At the family residence in Fairfax, on Friday, May 30th, 1890, Mrs. Harriet Clarke Cooke, aged 75 years, 6 months and one day.

Harriet Clarke Cooke was born in Geneva, New York, on Nov. 29th, 1814. She was the oldest of a family of eleven children, two sisters only surviving her. She was united in marriage to Aaron Cooke, of Northampton, Mass., on Oct. 23th, 1840, at which place they resided for several years when they removed to York State, where they lived until the winter of '80, coming to Crookston in February. One daughter, the oldest, Mrs. Esther D. Arnold, died in 1881. Our mother leaves to mourn her loss an aged consort, two sons, Harvey E. and William G. Cooke, one daughter, Isabella G. Bartlett, and a grand daughter, Miss Lizzie Arnold. She was a member of the Congregational church in this city and for many years lived a true and consistent christian. She had been in the enjoyment of excellent health up until last winter when she had a siege of the prevailing trouble, la grippe, and while she had apparently recovered from it she was never really well any more, and for some weeks had been gradually growing weaker, until finally, calmly and peacefully, without apparent pain, she fell asleep in the arms of Him who had been her life-long stay and comfort in the hour of trouble. While we know that in the natural order of things she must soon leave us, none but those who have tasted the cup can realize the bitter anguish of the final parting with a MOTHER. God, in His bountiful love, gives as His choicest gift but one MOTHER, but while we sincerely mourn her irreparable loss, it is not without hope, and it is our sincere prayer that when it is ours to leave the scenes of earth we may be as well prepared to go as we feel sure she was. In her example we are admonished that it is not ALL of life to live, nor all of death to die.

A CARD OF THANKS.

In behalf of the bereaved ones we desire to take this method of returning their sincere thanks to the friends who so kindly manifested their sympathy by their deeds. May the choicest blessing of Him, Who hath said: "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, My brethren, ye have done it unto me," be and abide with them forever.

Memorial Day Exercises.

The day was all that could be desired and the hearts of the comrades were cheered by the large numbers from home and abroad. The program was given last week and the order of march was as there given. The following exercises took place at the Opera House.

1. Selection by the Band.
2. Reading of Orders.
3. Salute to the Dead.
4. Address of Welcome.
5. Music.
6. Prayer by Rev. C. F. Sharpe.
7. Music.
8. Scriptural reading by Rev. C. F. Sharpe.
9. Music.
10. Address by Judge R. J. Montague.
11. Selections by the Band.
12. Address by Rev. C. F. Sharpe.
13. Music.
14. Strewing flowers on Soldiers Graves.
15. Vocal music—"America."
16. Benediction.

A detail from Col. Cobham Post visited the cemetery to decorate the graves of comrades there.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

WYLIA, June 1, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—The Black River farmers have come to the conclusion that it is of the utmost necessity to take a step in the direction which the Scandia and Fosston alliances have already taken, and in regard to that, our alliance, No. 689, at its meeting held May 31st, 1890, passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That the resolution adopted by the Scandia alliance, No. 648, is to be accepted by our alliance, and we will take steps and do our very best to stand against our foes.

We wish to call the attention of all alliances or delegates, and alternates to be present at our county alliance meeting. We hope that steps will be taken in regard to buying our binding twine through the alliance purchasing agent, and thereby getting it cheaper.

Our alliance now numbers 28 members. We go slow but sure.

A. M. HANSON, Sec.

PROCEEDINGS

OF BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

CROOKSTON, May 14, 1890.

The members of the Board of County Commissioners (except Com. Thompson who was sick and unable to attend) assembled in the County Auditor's office, pursuant to notice issued by clerk of said board, for the purpose of appointing a suitable person as sheriff to fill the vacancy caused by the death of N. O. Paulsrud, sheriff. The board remained in session during the 14th, 15th and 16th days of May and being unable to agree on any person or candidate to fill said vacancy on motion adjourned sine die.

P. J. McGUIRE,
Clerk County Board.

CROOKSTON, May 21, 1890.

The Board of County Commissioners assembled at the County Auditor's office. Members present, Com's Rhinehart, Kirsch and Johnson.

The quarterly report of probate judge was read and placed on file.

The school petition of Ira J. Finseth was presented and a hearing given; on motion his farm, to-wit: nw¼ Sec. 28, Tp. 154, Range 50, was detached from school district No. 25 and attached to school district No 50.

School petition of Daniel Johnson and others granted. Sections 31, 32 and 33, Tp. 154, R. 49, and Sec's 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 16 and 17, Tp. 153, R. 49, organized into a new school district.

The board proceeded to ballot for the appointment of sheriff, as follows:

FIRST BALLOT.

Com. Kirsch—John Paterson.
Com. Rinehart—John Paterson.
Com. Johnson—C. G. Rapp.
} No choice.

SECOND BALLOT.

Com. Johnson—Frank Gravel.
Com. Kirsch—Odette Berthiaume.
Com Rinehart—D. Bain.
} No choice.

THIRD BALLOT.

Com. Johnson—Thos. Laurence.
Com. Kirsch—John Paterson.
Com. Rinehart—Geo. M. Swift.
} No choice.

FOURTH BALLOT.

Com. Rinehart—John Paterson.
Com. Kirsch—John Paterson.
Com. Johnson—John Paterson.

On motion John Paterson was declared duly and regularly appointed sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, until the next general election and until his successor is elected and qualified.

The official bond of the sheriff was placed at $5,000.

On motion board adjourned until 2 p. m. Board met pursuant to adjournment. Members present, Com's Johnson, Rinehart and Kirsch.

The official bond of John Paterson was presented and duly approved with the following sureties: John R. McKinnon, Frank Jerome, N. S. Gervais, H. R. Nolan and E. W. Wile.

The tax application H. B. Laughlin, of Fisher, Jas. B. White, Geo. O. Reilly, Wm. Marin and Chas. Krueger were granted.

The tax application of Knute Qualle was rejected.

On motion the action taken at a former session relative to the loss by fire of Text Books in the hands of Grefthen & Estensen was reconsidered and it was decided that said agents should be relieved from all liability in the premises, agreeable to the opinion of the Attorney General.

The Auditor was directed to advertise for bids for building approach to south end of Mallory bridge and the committee on roads and bridges were appointed a committee to receive bids and let contract for same at the post office at Mallory on May 31st, 1890, at 2 p. m.

The road and bridge petitions from Huntsville and Grand Forks Tps. were referred to committee on roads and bridges with power to act.

The bridge petition of Knute Steenerson and others was presented and referred to Com. Johnson, who was requested to report thereon at next session of the board.

The petition from Thief River Falls and also from Sanders Tp. were referred to the committee on roads and bridges with power to act.

On petition of Thomas Laurence and others residents of Knute Tp. the sum of $75 was appropriated to be expended under the direction of Com. Johnson.

The official bond of A. Gilmour as deputy coroner was duly approved.

The road petition from tax payers in the northern part of the county for improvements on the county road from Euclid to Crookston was presented and, on motion, the sum of $300 was appropriated to be expended under direction of the proper committee, and also the sum of $75 on range line.

The sum of $100 was appropriated to Winger Tp. for bridge purposes to be expended under the direction of Com'r Johnson.

On motion the board adjourned until May 22d, 1890, at 8 a. m.

May 22.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Members present, Com's Hunt, Kirsch and Rinehart.

The school petitions affecting school district No. 142 were presented and a hearing set at next regular session.

The school petition from Otto Amundson was rejected.

Assessment on building owned by Mrs. McAvoy on lot 22, block 13, original townsite of Crookston was reduced in the sum of $250 for the years 1888 and 1889.

Board adjourned until 2 p. m.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

The claims of Josephine and Fannie Senoko and of Frank Fillipi were returned for further information.

The chairman was authorized to obtain the necessary hose for use at Court House, also to get fence around court house grounds painted.

The board consented to the appointment of a suitable person by County Superintendent of Schools to assist said officer for 40 days.

The following claims were allowed:

Thos. Young, draying	$4 00
David Paull, constable fees	6 30
" "	2 65
Wilfrid Lemieux, witness fees	1 12
Dr. I. Lemieux, " "	1 12
Ruberd Deselge, " "	3 40
Michael Shampagne, " "	3 40
Ferdinand Gathier, " "	3 16
Sephold Shampagne, " "	3 40
Boyle & Meehan, printing	33 01
O. L. Larson, witness fees	6 61
J. P. Johnson, Com. fees and mileage	21 00
Frank Navotney, constable fees	5 28
" "	12 20
A. Gilmour, deputy coroners fees	18 35
Dr. A. McEachran, medical attendance at postmortem examination	25 00
Chas. A. Brink, constable fees	17 20
Justus L. Johnson, witness "	1 12
J. M. Hanson, justice "	2 65
"	2 60
P. Sanderson, witness "	2 24
Chas. A. Brink, constable "	1 50
Martin Williams, "	2 50
J. M. Hansen, justice	4 00
C. W. Webster, "	5 00
"	2 30
John S. King, constable	5 45
Aslak Thomason, witness	1 72
John S. King, constable	8 55
A. Kaiser, pub. notice teachers examina'n,	3 00
Louis Sodeberg, constoble fees	18 18
Sam'l Johnson, jurors fees, justice court	50
F. K. Bondby, witness fees	1 12
Charles Meyer, juror	50
Chris Porter, "	50
George Riddell, "	50
C. A. Robbecke, "	50
Chas. Evenson, "	50
K. Loyd, "	50
Frank Tilton, "	50
John Olson, "	50
J. H. Sanders, justice	7 30
G. K. Haave, "	10 70
K. K. Fass, witness	1 12
Chris. N. Sather, 10 cords of wood	40 00
Fred R. Whitman, constable fees	11 07
W. F. Van Demark, carpenter work	6 01
Pioneer Press Co., books and stationery	51 45
Joseph Varlicky, witness fees	1 31
Joseph Zah, "	1 48
Mary Slaska, "	1 12
Johan Jansen, labor at court house	12 00
Anton Erickson, witness fees	1 24
S. A. Wallace, stationery	10 50
L. O. Brandt, justice fees	3 10
Louis Sodelberg, constable fees	6 60
H. N. Twedten, boarding prisoners	35 45
D. E. Geddes, witness fees	2 20
Red River Dalen, printing	8 45

Board adjourned sine die.

P. J. McGUIRE, Clerk.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer, subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NELS. MUUS, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818.

[5-tf]

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance.

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER.......Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE.......Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD.......Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance).......Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER.......Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE.......Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD.......Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE.......Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE.......Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG.......Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY.......Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP.......Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN.......Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY.......Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL.......Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

—AT—

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers. 25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price **6c.**

Ginghams. 25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price **7c.**

Henriettas. 20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price **25c.**

Striped Serges. 10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price **48c.**

Sicelletta. In all the new shades, 42 inches wide. would be cheap at $1. Next week's price **72 1-2c.**

Sateens. Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price **25c.**

A good Carpet for	50c
A good apron	25c
Blouse waists	50c
Blouse waist Ties	10c
Fast black Hose	10c
Jersey ribbed vests	10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove	$1.00

A good carpet	25c
" ingrain carpet	40c
" lace Curtain	$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

To Whom It May Concern.

MENTOR, Polk Co. Minn., Apr. 16th, 1890. Please take notice that without just cause or provocation, Sarah K. Swift has left my bed and board, therefore I forbid any and all persons from harboring or sheltering or feeding or trusting the said Sarah K. Swift upon my account in any way whatever, as I shall not pay any debts she may contract from this date, April 16th, 1890.

[5-8] GEORGE M. SWIFT.

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston nurseries, will sell trees, seeds and small fruits at lowest market prices. Send for catalogue or call at nursery. [2-tf]

HORSES.

If you need a good mare or horse come and see me. I have 15 head which must be sold at once for what they will bring. CHAS. M. LOWE, [4-tf] The Loan Agent.

TAKEN UP!

Came to my premises on or about May 29th, 1890, one dark bay mare, with one white hind foot, weight about 1,800 lbs. The owner is requested to call, pay charges and take her away.

L. H. WALKER,
On Porger farm, about 1½ miles east of Crookston. [7-9]

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

FOR SALE

OR TO BE

GIVEN AWAY!

1 two or three horse Drag.
1 Broadcast Seeder.
1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
2 pair Buggy Shafts.
2 Gang Plows.
1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
3 Mowers.
2 Hay Rakes.
2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
1 Tank Pump.
1,500 good Oak Posts.
1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,
[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

To Rent.

For store or saloon purposes, my building on Main street, known as Lefebvre's place. For particulars address Joe Veronneau.

[3-tf] M. LEFEBVRE.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeray, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. These books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

[First publication June 5th 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court. General term, June 2d, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Tollef Thoresen, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Andrew Thompson, administrator with will annexed of the estate of Tollef Thoresen, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court on Tuesday, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 2d day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

[7-9]

MORTGAG SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, HENRY DAVEY AND NETTIE Davey, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of December 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter, the east half of southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter Section seven (7) Township one hundred and forty-seven (147) Range forty-four (44) west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said parties to said mortgage, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 201; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eleven hundred eighty-two and 01-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 31st, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[7-13] Crookston, Minn.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated November 16th, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, November 17th, 1888, in book 40 of mortgages, page 510, whereby William L. Davies and Sarah C. Davies, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153), of range forty-seven (47), in Polk county, Minnesota, by which default the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date hereof, $851.88.

Now, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said power, said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on July 19th, 1890, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house, in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated May 31st, 1890.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, (SEAL)
By Rob't N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Lee J. Lockwood & Co.,
Attorneys.

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana. **FREE LANDS**

NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. **LOW RATES**

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. **Horses, Cattle.**

Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. **Sheep, Hogs.**

Gold and Coal. The regions tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

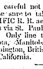
Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now. **MILK RIVER.**

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance. **YOUNG MAN.**

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

The valleys of Red, Mouse Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. **G. N. R. L.**



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HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Contractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvements EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

Fulton Iron and Engine Works,
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The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,—BEST,—QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:03 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:35 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:19 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:50 "	Staples	1:50 "
3:20 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	2:55 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:49 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:55 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:30 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:20 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 2:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 3:50 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

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FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

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FARMS IN MINNESOTA
AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

CROOKSTON, May 21, 1890.

Pursuant with a call made by the Mayor the following Alderman responded to roll call—Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Schmidt, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings, Lally.

Upon motion Ald. Childs was elected President pro tem, as was E. W. Wile Clerk pro tem.

The object of this special meeting was made manifest by Alderman Childs reading the call of the Mayor. Petition of M. Cornelius and others asking City Council to amend its action of a former meeting was read. Ald. Jerome asked that the City Attorney give his opinion upon said action referred to in petition, which said Attorney did to the effect that the City had no right to vacate any of its streets except by ordinance and that the contract was not correct in making the "plat" a part of same without submitting to Council. President Childs suggested that any official of the D. C. & N. Ry. Co. be invited to state their position in regard to Bridge on Robert St.

Mr. Tilden of that Co. briefly stated that the work was being done pursuant with his understanding of the contract as per agreements made with City Council.

The petitioners were also asked to give their views concerning same. Mr. M. R. Brown and M. G. LeGuee did so insisting that the pilings interferred much with travel and safety and suggested its alteration etc.

It was then moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Morrisey that the Council rise in a Committee of the whole take a recess of 30 minutes and visit scene of operations—Carried.

Council meets after recess with following Aldermen present—Childs, Lally, Bjoin, Morrisey, Schmidt, Jennings, McLaren, Buhn, Jerome.

Alderman Jennings seconded by Alderman Morrisey moves following: that the legality of the action of the City Council in regard to the Railroad crossing on Robert St. in Jerome's Addition be referred to a Committee consisting of Aldermen Watts and Steenerson to confer with the City Attorney and report at the next regular meeting of the City Council—Carried.

Moved by Alderman Jennings duly seconded that the Aldermen of the 4th Ward confer with residents of that portion of Jerome's Addition affected by the R. R. crossing also the Ry. Co. and report at next Council meeting. Carried.

Resignation of John Paterson as City Clerk read and upon motion duly seconded same was accepted to take effect upon his successor's qualification. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey seconded by Alderman Jennings that Council proceed to ballot for Clerk. Carried.

Nominations for Clerk—E. M. Kirsh, E. C. Carruth and A. B. Gorgas.

Moved and seconded that first ballot be informal—Carried.

Chair appointed.

Aldermen Schmidt and Bjoin—Tellers.

Informal ballot.

Kirsh 4—Carruth 5.

1st formal ballot.

Carruth 5—Kirsh 4.

Moved by Alderman duly seconded that Carruths Election be made unanimous—Carried.

Motion to adjourn—Carried.

E. W. WILE,
Clerk—pro tem.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Minutes of an adjourned meeting of the City Council, held May 27, 1890.

President Watts in the chair.

Members present—Aldermen Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, Schmidt, Buhn, Jennings, Watts, Jerome.

Members absent—Aldermen McLaren, Lally, Steenerson.

Upon motion E. C. Carruth was elected Clerk pro tem.

Committee on bids for city printing report as follows: We, your committee on bids for city printing, found the bid of W. L. and H. S. Palmer the lowest of the three bids, but if their paper is not legally qualified, we advise calling for new bids, as the other two bids which are in, are alike as to prices.

JAS. E. MORRISEY,
FRANK JEROME,
I. U. JENNINGS.

The committee on an appropriation to erect a water tank in the fifth ward for fire protection reported favorably.

I. U. JENNINGS,
A. C. SCHMIDT.

Alderman Childs offered the following resolution seconded by Alderman Bjoin.

Resolved that $150, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be appropriated out of the general fund for the purpose of establishing a tank, with all necessary connections with the public well in the 5th ward, said tank to be used for the purpose of fire protection to property in said ward, and the expenditure of said sum to be placed in the hands of the alderman of said ward.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative, Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, Schmidt, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Watts. In the negative none.

The president declared the resolution carried.

Approved this 29th day of May, 1890.

ALEX MCKINNON.

The chairman of the committee on the legality of the action of the council in regard to the railroad crossing on Robert Street in Jerome's Addition being absent, Alderman Watts, one of the committee, made the following verbal report:

In my opinion the council had the authority to pass the resolution mentioned, and if the said railroad company have complied with the requirements of the resolution, we cannot oblige them to change their work, if not, we can compel them to comply with it unless they take proceeding to condemn the street.

The committee appointed to examine the bill of R. R. Verland for board and attendance upon Ole Verland, reported as follows: We the committee have settled with said Verland in full to May 17, 1890, for the sum of $6 and taken the receipt therefor.

JAS. E. MORRISEY.

Motion made by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the bids for city printing be laid over until the next regular meeting of the council. Carried.

On motion the following bids were allowed:

Bill of 1st ward for labor of O. L. Hamery	$55 50
Bill of 2nd ward for labor of O. L. Hamery	80 75
Bill of 3d ward for labor of O. L. Hamery	28 13
Bill of 4th ward for labor of O. L. Hamery	35 62
General Fund for labor of O. L. Hamery	15 00

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Schmidt that the old well on 7th Street sidewalk, west of high bridge be filled, and the expense of same to be charged to the adjoining property. Carried.

On motion of Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Jerome, the City Attorney was requested to draw an ordinance to establish a pound on the north east quarter of section one, in the 5th ward and to present the same at the next regular meeting of the council. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Bjoin that A. McLeary be appointed pound master for the above mentioned pound. Carried.

The president thereupon appointed A. McLeary pound master.

The application of James C. Simpson for pound master of the city, was read, and upon motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Schmidt, same was referred to Aldermen of the 2nd and 3rd wards and to report at next regular meeting. Carried

Mr. Tilden of the D. C. & N. Ry. being present, was requested by the president to give his opinion concerning the crossing in Jerome's Addition. He briefly stated that th make the mentianed 40 feet opening in the middle of the street would be almost impossible, owing to the piling all having been put in, and to remove the same would be a heavy expense to the Company, and again cause delay in the building of the road.

President Watts requested R. J. Montague to state his opinion. Mr. Montague appeared before the council and read a part of the contract, and at the same time explaining same on a diagram, covering said crossing.

The chair requested any citizens present that were interested in said crossing to give their opinions.

M. R. Brown arose and addressing the council stated that if the opening in the piling is left as it is at present, it would be an irreparable damage to property in Jerome's Addition.

M. Cornelius then arose and made the same objection as the gentleman that preceded him.

Alderman Jennings made the following motion duly seconded. That the council request the D. C. & N. Ry. to amend the contract, so as to make an opening of 40 feet in the Robert Street Bridge to be paralled with said street, and that the centre of said opening be located in the centre of said street. Carried.

Hon. L. C. Aaker, with the permission of the president addressed the council regarding the establishment of a Lutheran College. Propositions had been received from several neighboring cities, and he urged the council to take some action toward procuring the institution for Crookston. He explained that owing to the season being so far advanced, nothing would be done toward erecting buildings this season, but the association would rent buildings until the new ones could be built. The annual meeting takes place June 5th when the propositions will be considered, and he suggested that the council appoint a committee to consider the advisability of submitting a proposition to the association.

Alderman Childs then made the following motion, seconded by Alderman Morrisey. That the president appoint a committee to consider the advisability of submitting a proposition to the Lutheran College Association, and report at the next meeting of the council. Carried.

President Watts, appointed on the committee Alderman Bjoin, Childs and Steenerson.

A committee from the Mayor was read, relating to the railroad crossing on Central Avenue in the 3rd Ward, and on motion of Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Morrisey the same was submitted to the Aldermen of the 3rd Ward, in connection with the Mayor and city Engineer. Carried.

A communication of the City Attorney was read, relating to Sewers.

The city attorney tendered his resignation claiming that the city council refused to follow his advice, and insisted on carrying out their own wishes in matters, contrary to law.

Alderman Morrisey moved, Alderman Schmidt seconded that the resignation be accepted. Alderman Childs amended it, requesting the city attorney to file a bill of particulars, showing wherein the council were disposed to act contrary to law.

The city attorney being present, stated that the council could not compel him to file the bill, thereupon Alderman Childs withdrew his amendment, with the consent of the second. The original motion was also withdrawn. On motion of Alderman Childs seconded by Alderman Morrisey all of the communication was stricken out except the words, "I respectfully tender my resignationed."

On motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Bjoin the invitation of the G. A. R. to participate in the exercises to be held on Friday, May 30, was accepted.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Childs. That the bond of E. C. Carruth as city clerk be accepted. Carried.

On motion Council adjourn.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council, held on Monday, June 2, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by Vice-President Steenerson.

Members present—Aldermen Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, Schmidt, Buhn, Jennings, Steenerson and Jerome.

Absent—Aldermen Watts, McLaren and Lally.

The call of the mayor was then read, which was as follows: A special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston will be held at the city hall, on Monday, June 2, at 7:30 p. m. for the purpose of confirming or rejecting the Mayor's appointment to the office of city attorney, made vacant by the resignation of Mr. O'Brien. Also to any resignation that may be tendered at that time, and fill such vacancies as may exist in any of the city offices.

The resignation of William Watts as Alderman of the 3rd ward was read, and upon the motion of Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Buhn, same was accepted.

A communication from the Mayor appointing William Watts city attorney, vice M. O'Brien resigned, was read.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jennings that the council proceed to ballot on the appointment.

Amended by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Schmidt, that the Clerk be instructed to cast the ballot. Carried.

The Clerk cast the ballot in favor of the appointment.

On motion of Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Bjoin, Alderman Steenerson was appointed a committee of one to nominate an alderman for 3 d ward, vice Wm. Watts resigned, and report at next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jennings, that Alderman Steenerson be appointed President of the council for the unexpired term of Wm. Watts, made vacant by his resignation. Carried.

Alderman Schmidt moved, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that Alderman Jennings be appointed Vice-president, which office was made vacant by the appointment of vice-president Steenerson as president.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that the clerk cast the ballot as the unanimous choice of the council. Carried.

Clerk cast ballot which confirmed the appointment.

The committee which was appointed to confer with the College Association in reference to their establishing a college here, made a report as follows:

Your committee have conferred with Mr. Aaker of the Red River Valley College Association in regard to the inducements necessary to offer to said association to have it locate its school here, and understand that $10,000 would be the minimum sum which the association would accept to locate their college in this city. We recomend that this council use its best efforts to secure legislation the coming winter which will permit the expenditure of the above mentioned sum for this purpose, conditioned in the carrying out of their program as published in the Crookston Times, a copy of which is hereto annexed, and the said school be maintained, at least, ten consecutive years from its opening.

H. STEENERSON
E. D. CHILDS
T. H. BJOIN.

Mr. Aaker arose and, addressing the council, stated that it would be impossible to erect buildings this season, but the intention of the association is to erect buildings when the schools are first opened.

On motion of Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Schmidt, the report was accepted and adopted. The following aldermen voting the affirmation. Aldermen Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, Schmidt, Jerome and Buhn. Alderman Jennings asked to be excused from voting. Nays, none.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock

OF

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A STURE

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

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Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

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THE OLD RELIABLE

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LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

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MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

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COUNTY ATTORNEY.
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

First National Bank

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PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
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E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JUNE 5, 1890.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

Leave.		Arrive.
Passenger,	9:25 p. m.	5:40 a. m.
Freight,	7:30 a. m.	7:30 p. m.

North Line.

	6:00 a. m.	8,50 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	5:50 a. m.	9:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:50 p. m.	7:00 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

Is The Sub-Treasury Plan Constitutional?

BY J. M. WHITEHEAD.

No patriotic citizen would intentionally favor legislation that would be in violation of the United States Constitution, at least he ought not. The sub-treasury plan has been proposed, and is being discussed, and first among those who oppose it, Stands Colonel Oates, Congressman from Alabama, to deny the constitutionality of such a measure. I am willing to give Colonel Oates credit for honesty, and for possessing the "courage of his convictions"—a trait too rare in these latter days among public men. I have had personal acquaintance with him for thirty years, in peace and in war, and have always found him ready to encounter danger in the defense of the principles he believed to be right. Hence I shall not impugn his motive nor cast discredit on the degree of moral courage requisite in a member of Congress representing an agricultural people to antagonize legislation that, in my judgment, would redound greatly to their happiness and prosperity. Being myself a lawyer of over thirty years' standing, I desire to consider, in a calm and lawyer-like manner, the constitutional question sprung by my esteemed friend, Colonel Oates. As lawyers, he and I are about the same in length of experience, both having been admitted to the bar at the same term of the court in Alabama, by the same judge, in 1858; however I feel at liberty to take greater privileges with him than I otherwise would, since he has attained to no small distinction in public life, while I am yet an humble disciple of Blackston, Kent, and Story.

The reason urged for the unconstitutionality of the sub-treasury plan is that there is "no authority in the Constitution for the Government to loan money." Grant for the sake of the argument that the sub-treasury plan is a plan by which the Government is to lend money to farmers on their deposits of produce. I do not admit this in fact, for I think the editor of The Economist meets this phase of the question most successfully. But grant that it is—is there any power in the Constitution for the Government to give money? Such legislation is very common. On occasion of great disaster by flood, or drouth, or storm in some particular locality, Congress rarely even fails to come to the front with an appropriation for the sufferers. Congress made large appropriations for the world's fair held at New Orleans in 1884-5, and in Philadelphia in 1876. By what authority was this done? These were gifts; but is there a provision in the Constitution authorizing a gift that will not at the same time, and for the same purpose, authorize a loan?

Section 8 of the Constitution declares "that Congress shall have power: 1. To lay and collect taxes, duties, imports and excises; to pay the debts and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States." It is under the "general welfare" clause of this section that authority is claimed for all of those acts. Is it for the general welfare, is the paramount question in considering the constitutionality of an act of Congress making appropriations for any of these things. Of this Congress is the sole judge. I agree that some of its appropriations are difficult to reconcile with the general welfare. Pensions or bounties would be hard to discern as contributing to the welfare of all the people, or of the people of all the States. But Congress in the nature of things is the judge in the legislative conscience. There are no tests of the "general welfare" by which this judgment of Congress could be reversed on an appeal to the courts. It is a matter of judgment not susceptible of proof by the legal rules of evidence.

Let us run the analogy between the United States national banking system and the proposed sub-treasury plan suggested by the Farmers' Alliance. We will start with the deposit of bonds in the United States Treasury. In what does this differ from the deposit by the farmer of his cotton or wheat or tobacco in the United States warehouses? Does the fact that one is a paper-interest-bearing bond make it more acceptable under the Constitution than substancial things of intrinsic value, like the articles named above, and if so, why? In the one case the Government does lend its money to the broker to the amount 90 per cent on the face value of the bond at 1 per cent interest, and pays interest in gold on the deposit. In the other the Government gives its receipt for 80 per cent of the value of the article deposited, which receipt is to circulate as a representative of value, and in the hands of the last holder may be surrendered and the deposited article withdrawn from the warehouse and sold to the consumer or the manufacturer on the payment of 1 per cent, not as interest, but to defray the expense incident to the deposit.

Now which looks most like a loan by the Government, the United States national banking system or the Alliance sub-treasury plan? Col. Oates voted for the act extending the charter of the national banks. By what sort of logic or reason he can defend the one as constitutional and assert the other as unconstitutional, I am unable to comprehend. I deny that the national banking system was or is calculated to promote the "general welfare," but of this Congress was the judge, and it decided otherwise. I hold that the Government is able to manage our financial affairs better for the people than any set of men bent on amassing fortunes for themselves. The Government can and ought to issue and regulate the amount of gold and silver and paper money in circulation, and not leave it in the power of a few by contracting the circulation to double the value of what they have.

The Alliance and Knights in New Jersey.

The Farmers' Alliance and Knights of Labor are pulling together in New Jersey, their main object just now being to further ballot reform. They have what they call "the industrial senate, representing 40,000 wage workers of the state of New Jersey," and are trying to make it very unpleasant for politicians who do not help them in that matter.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres,lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow; balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent, interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.......	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest..................................	80 00
Total yearly payments...	$168 44
Total for ten years..........	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows;

$1,000 for five years, annual interest..................................	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of..........	500 00
When the loan is due he pays..	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years..................................	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest..................................	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years.....	1000 00
Total..................................	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HALLESTAD,
Crookston, Minn.

Nov. 12, 1889.

[30-43]

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, MICHAEL STENGL AND Polly Stengl, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter and lots three (3), and four (4), Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 48-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1886, at 11:25 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 123; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy-six dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of ten hundred sixty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMIRI PAGE AND EMERende Page, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of December 21st, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 20, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 309; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred six and 91-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, Limited,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-12] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, OLIVIER DEMERS AND Adelle Demers, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage, bearing date of November 28th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1885, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 63; and,

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 33-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of April 7th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 133; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 83-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 1st, 1890.]

WHEREAS CHARLES H. BROSSARD AND Sarah J. Brossard, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of September 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, (27) Township one hundred and fifty-two, (152) Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 18th day of September, A. D. 1885, at 12 o'clock m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page one; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-eight 33-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pusuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

[First publication May 22d, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, May 16th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of George W. Tice, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of George W. Tice, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court.

And whereas, Ann M. Tice has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things that said George W. Tice died in said county, on the 4th day of May, 1890, testate, and that said petitioner is one of the executors named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to the executors named in said last will and testament.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in said county, on the 25th day June, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when all persons interested may appear for, or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 16th day of May, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[5-7] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated November 17th, A. D. 1888, made by Clara M. Howes and Joseph W. Howes, her husband, to Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, a domestic corporation, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1888, in book 41 of mortgages, pages 62 and 63, conveying and mortgaging the following described premises situated in said county of Polk, to-wit: Lots seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9), block fifty-nine (59), in original townsite of Thief River Falls, Polk County, Minnesota, as it appears upon the recorded plat thereof in the office of said Register of Deeds, on which there is claimed to be due and unpaid and is due and unpaid at the date hereof $2,165, for interest and principal secured by said mortgage and for attorney's and solicitor's fees as therein conditioned. And default having been made in the payment of the principal sum at maturity, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum; and said mortgage containing a power, therewith recorded, authorizing a foreclosure of said mortgage in case of said default, and no proceedings at law or equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and foreclosure now having become operative, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in said county, on Friday the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day to satisfy the sum herein claimed due, together with all the costs and charges of foreclosure.

Crookston, Minn., May 8th, 1890.

WILLFORD AND NORTHWAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, BY J. L. WILLFORD, President,
Mortgagee.

E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[3-9] 313 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS MARCHILDON and Amand Marchildon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 37, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 26-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 23d, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

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Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JUNE 12 1890. NO. 8.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch.....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1.75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5.00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6.00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

What Cheap Fares Will Do.

Iowa Tribune:—The railroad war which has resulted in very low rates for passenger tickets throughout the Northwest, has brought in such an increase of travel on some lines that the companies can not furnish cars to carry the people.

Duluth Daily Tribune:—Congressman Comstock has a faculty of "getting there" that is in keeping with the spirit which pervades the leading city in his district. Mr. Comstock doesn't say much, but it's a cold day when he gets left.

The Great West:—Did you know that the Supreme Court of Minnesota has declared that if "commission" makes interest amount to more than legal rate—it is a case of usury? Make a note of this on the next court docket!

Mankato Register,—The Great West is sitting down hard on C. L. Smith, the gentleman who has been "farming" at the expense of the state treasury, and who very naturally thinks that there are no grievances concerning which the farmer needs to complain. We enjoy seeing just such as he annihilated, the harder the better.

The agricultural Editor of The Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, who has been making personal observations for fifty years, prints a glowing eulogy of the railroads and an anathema of demagogues and unthinking clamorers, who, by long time indiscriminating raillery, have created an unhappy state of hostility between the railroads of the country and the farmer.

The delegates who met at Norristown, Pa., to form a farmers' league, passed this among other resolutions: Resolved. That this union will demand equalization of taxation of the next state legislature; that we should not be compelled to pay tax on such portions of our property already covered by mortgage, and that we should not pay county, school and road taxes levied against our farms, whilst corporations, stock and moneys at interest pay only a state tax.

Dispatch Farmer, Ga: The poor farmer cannot diversify his crops while his creditors are demanding money, and cotton alone will bring it. With more money in circulation these debts could be discharged in a shorter time, for the productions of the farm would bring a better price and the demand would be far greater. The manifold blessings that would attend the adoption of our sub-treasury plan cannot be estimated.

The Fisher Bulletin:—We received a letter from Battle Creek, Mich., on Thursday stating that Mr. Hugh Thompson had an operation performed. The letter goes on to say that he stood the operation better than had been expected, taking into consideration the fact that he was so weak. The operation was performed for an abcess of the Kidney, and was successful. The doctor says he thinks he will be all right now but it will be some time before he is able to return home.

The Grand Forks Herald:—Crookston means to get the Lutheran college. At a special meeting of the city council last evening it was unanimously agreed to employ united effort to secure from the next legislature a special act empowering the city to vote bonds in the amount of $10,000 to go toward the erection of the Norwegian college which will be voted almost unanimously. A subscription has been started among their business men for the purpose of raising money for the erection of the college.

The Great West:—Our friend Pillsbury stuck to it that Exchange was worth but $4.80 to the pound sterling. He has never acknowledged his error, when we quoted it at $4.88 for the past several months. Our attention is called to it by a friend who found exchange quoted at $4.90 both by the Express Companies and the United States government, at the Post Office.

Investigator, Boston:—Nationalism preaches the gospel, not of charity, not of mercy, but of justice. It says, and says truly: Labor is being wronged; give labor its rights. It recognizes that the evils of society are due to the present unequal, unjust social condition, and it says: Change the conditions. Capital has controlled legislation for its advantage, and Nationalism says: Make laws that allow advantage, to no one. It appeals to no class, no race, no religion. It appeals to men and women. It is not a perfected scheme for the reformation scheme for the reformation of society. It is the voice, not of one, but of a good many, crying in the streets, in the homes, in public and private. Prepare better conditions for man, make his paths straight. Nationalism up to date has set thousands of hearts beating for something better.

Lawrence Journal:—Not since the interesting days of the temperance crusade in Kansas has there been, until now, a time when one subject was the sole theme of conversation among public men, of speeches by the orators and of newspaper talk by the editors, as is this Farmer's Alliance movement. Politicians are the fellows principally worried, in fact their antics are down-right comical as they endeavor to anticipate the steady going farmers and try their own hands at alliancing. These are the chaps the farmers must keep clear from, but it is doubtful if they can do it. The politician is a shrewd bird, and his chameleonic accomplishment, of turning color makes him difficult of detection. The men who are trying to ride the Alliance wave are to be watched. The leaders must be selected from the tried and true, and even then a constant spying on them is necessary, for many a man, honest in the lack of opportunity is presented.

Ada Herald:—The Great West has completely routed C. A. Pillsbury on the profits to be made by shipping wheat to Liverpool. By taking Mr. Pillsbury's own figures for freight, commissions, insurance, storage, etc., a clear profit of over twenty cents per bushel is established. Mr. Pillsbury tries to hedge in another letter by stating that the price of wheat in Crookston at the time his estimate was made was ten cents higher than figured (72 cts. instead of 62) and that the Liverpool price was ten cents lower. The Great West again completely knocks him out by taking the prices paid on date mentioned, from Mr. Pillsbury's books and quotes the Liverpool prices from three leading papers. A most gigantic robbery is and has been committed against the farmers and people of the Northwest. The actual difference between the price of wheat at Ada, plus the actual charges for freight, commission, insurance, and storage, and the Liverpool price is shown to be nearly 80 cts. Enough to make the difference between poverty and prosperity.

Dodge Co. Record:—The Nation calls the alliance a bedlamite organization and proceeds to lie both about its proceeds and work in a fashion that is particularly an insult to the intelligence of its leaders. What these eastern monopolists and coupon clippers would like to see is a state of things in which the farmer figures only as a juicy plum to be plucked at seasonable times, a subservient toiler, contented to feed the country for his board and clothes. That is why they oppose the alliance and Grange and other attempts to organize the farmers of the country for self-protection, and the spreading of information affecting their material and social interests. They don't want the farmers to become acquainted with the profits of the middleman, whose tribe is increasing and whose demands are becomming more and more rapacious. But the producers of the country will be neither disturbed by this selfish criticism nor dissuaded from their purpose to protect themselves by organization against the combinations of capital and the greed of monopolies and their union an important element in western development.

Colman's Rural World:—This gambling in wheat, corn and pork is the bane of the day. It is like all gambling, not exactly a device of the devil but a propensity of the ingenious and wicked heart of a man who is afraid to work and ashamed to beg. A simple bet is a matter that is tolerated the world over. A game of chance between acquaintances may be a mere matter of pleasure or amusement, but the professional gambler is counted a sport the world over and as such finds no entrance to the circle of intelligent and refined society.

This dealing in wind is gambling in grain. It is more, it is worse. It is not alone betting or playing at chance, but puts in peril the great producing interest of America, the grain producing and meat producing efforts of millions of men whose families include one half the population of the country. At times it may run prices up and then again crowd them down, but whether one or the other, is fictitious, transitory and spasmodic; unbalancing in its effects, unprofitable in its results and a petty, childish business all around.

If the intelligence of this great country cannot find better scope for its employment than gambling, if congress cannot be appealed to for aid and protection by men engaged in more laudable enterprise than the destruction of the best interests of this country than the Board of Trade appeal against the Butterworth bill, the farmers had better be informed of the fact. The gamblers or the farmers will be sent to the right-about. Which shall it be? Let congressmen answer.

Farmer's Mutual Benefit Association.

The association was formed for the purpose of redressing the wrongs of farmers. Our organization is not intended to interfere with any legitimate business, nor injure in any way those connected with other industries. For the intelligence of the farmers is such as to cause them to understand to the fullest extent that all interests of the commonwealth are to some degree allied and dependent on each other. We have no grievance against the original manufacturer of such articles as we use, but we do complain against that great class who, like leeches, extort from the farmers the profits that by hard labor they have dug from the ground.

I mean the middle man. We as an organization believe that it would be better for the manufacturers and more satisfactory to our class if we could contrive some means by which we could deal directly with the producer and thereby lessen the cost that is necessarily imposed by these men, who live for no other purpose than to add to the original price of articles used by the agricultural class. This organization has for its purpose the advantages gained by exchanging ideas, experinces and sympathy and by mutual counsel, disseminating timely and important information. By thus uniting ourselves we can unify our interests and combine our strength.—C. J. Lindly, President Illinois F. M. B. A.

Silver and Wheat.

Senator W. M. Stewart in Belford's.

Why has the price of wheat, cotton and other farm products in the United States declined 35 per cent., while the burdens of mortgages and other obligations have continued to increase? The answer is plain, and easy of demonstration. Take, for example, the article of wheat. Its price has been two rupees in silver for more than twenty-five years without any material change, except slight fluctuations depending upon the crop in particular years. Silver in the silver standard countries has the same purchasing power which it possessed before it was rejected as a money metal by the western world. Before silver was demonetized a rupee of silver was equivalent to forty-eight cents in gold, and two rupees to ninty-six cents. A rupee of silver is now worth but thirty-two cents, and two rupees sixty-four cents.

In all the silver standard countries wheat is produced on a silver basis for the same quantity of silver money as formerly, while in the United States and the Australian colonies wheat is produced on a gold basis. The result is that neither the United States nor Australia can compete with the silver standard countries in the production of wheat. To supply the deficiency in her home production Europe obtains wheat from the United States, Russia, India, the Argentine Republic and the Australian colonies.

In 1880 the United States contributed 69 per cent. of the aggregate furnished by the countries named; since which time the proportion furnished by the United States has been constantly declining, until in the year 1889 the United States contributed less than 23 per cent. of the total from the countries named, while the exports from India, Russia and the Argentine Republic, the silver standard countries, were vastly increased. The export from the Australian colonies in 1880 was 18,000,000 bushels, while in 1889 it was only four and one-half million bushels. So long as the United States adheres to the gold standard, and produces wheat with dear money to sell in competition with Russia, India and Argentine Republic, which maintain the silver standard, our farmers must sell in Europe for the price of India wheat—two rupees or sixty-four cents in gold.

Convenient for Farmers.

Duluth Weekly News.

The Pioneer Press wants the Republican state convention held in the latter part of June or the first week in July because it would be the most convenient season for farmers to take an active part in the election of delegates. Every one knows that farmers will take very little active interest of their own accord in the election of delegates to a convention that will be held on such short notice. But if there is a candidate on deck who has the means to send political runners all through the various counties and country districts, he can work up some activity in his behalf in places where the election of delegates would go by default. Every township has a few "workers" who will lend their services for a few dollars to any candidate, and it will be easy enough for them to come in as delegates, or to send servile substitutes, when there is a lack of interest on the part of voters in general. This show how designing politicians can easily control an early state convention, if they are but secretly organized and prepared for their purpose. The conditions would be entirely different were the convention to be held in September. At that time deep interest would be felt, even by the farmers, in the election of county officers and congressmen, as well as state officials. At a time when every crossroad is wide awake with political interest the opportunities for packing the state convention in the interest of an ambitious individual would be comparatively small.

Some of the Evils Which Oppress the Farmer.

The Western Rural.

This is an age of centralization, of population, of wealth, of power. Modern invention does much to create these new conditions and unless the producers of the wealth of the country readjust themselves to the new order of things, what they produce will continually be swallowed up in the centralization of wealth. Transportation and passenger rates are still out of proportion to the price received for farm products—the charges being higher, based on a large volume of watered stock, than present prices of farm products will bear the profit to the producer.

Overcharge in furnishing feed and facilities by the Union Stock Yards corporation and the control of the market for live stock of the whole country, by the immense capital of a few men as packers, depreciates the prices and incurs an expense in marketing, not warranted by the forced price the farmer is compelled to take for his stock.

The agency system of selling articles which the farmer needs, through agents and middlemen prevents such articles from being handled in the ordinary channels of trade, and increases their cost beyond what the prices received by the producers for farm products warrant.

Owing to the isolated condition of the farmer, he wields but little influence in the legislation of the country, yet the tangible nature of his capital compels him to pay more than his share of the taxes and in the aggregate wealth of our nation, the part of the producer is much less than his part of the labor invested in its creation.

Unrestrained capital in corporate power is an evil. Corporate combination in the form of a trust is a conspiracy and a crime. The twine, sugar, oil, salt and other trusts are extorting from the farmers more than what they receive in price for their produce will warrant.

The press wields a mighty influence for good or for evil, and in a measure shapes the policy of governments. What papers are on the side of the farmer to promote and protect his interests, and does the farmer support the paper that advocates his cause?

Reforms in the interest of the farmers can make but little progress so long as they divide and adhere to party lines at the command of mere politicians interested only in the spoils of office.

Our American farmers have come to feel the competitive influence of foreign rivals in the markets of the world, but above all they feel the potent rivalry of greed in the great commercial centers which cheapens the pure products of honest labor with all manner of vile adulterations, as illustrated in the bogus butter, lard and sugar frauds, etc. The farmer sell his corn, a pure article of diet, for one-third of a cent a pound and buys it back for sugar in the form of glucose at nine cents a pound, full of deadly acids, it may be.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NEIS MUUS, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818. [5-tf]

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!

LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES ETC. ETC. ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARRANTEED. AT BOTTOM PRICES.

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

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E. D. CHILDS & CO.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER..........Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE..........Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD..........Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)..........Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER..........Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE..........Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD..........Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE..........Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE..........Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG..........Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY..........Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP..........Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN..........Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY..........Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL..........Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

Homeseekers' Excursions on "The Burlington," April 22, May 20, September 9 and 23, and October 14, 1890.

On the above dates, the agents of the Chicago, Burlington & Northern Railroad, at all stations, will sell "Homeseekers'" Excursion tickets to all principal land points in Southern Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Arkansas, Indian Territory, Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming, Dakota, Northwestern Iowa, Minnesota, Tennessee, Louisiana, Alabama and Mississippi, at a very low rate for the round trip, good for return within 30 days from date of sale. For further information apply to any ticket agent of "The Burlington," or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C., B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Some of the Remedies.

The Western Rural.

In union there is strength. Divided we fall, is an old adage, but as our enemies multiply, its meaning comes with a new force. Organization should be the watchword. The 1,500,000 members of farmers' organizations is a good beginning. Let the work go on.

The farmer must assert his independence by living within his own resources as far as possible. Economize in the use of the high-priced articles and enter into the production of available substitutes, such as hemp for twine, sorghum and beets for sugar, etc. They should bring their purchases as near to a cash basis as possible. Cash discounts credit and avoids exorbitant rates of interest which bankrupt the debtor.

State and National laws should be enacted imposing heavy penalties upon conspiracies organized in the name of commerce against the rights of the people, but above all, the laws should be enforced.

All voters should attend the caucuses, that candidates may be selected whose sympathies are with the farmer, that all political parties may be compelled to recognize the rights of the producers, in the legislation of the country.

There is a "Beef Combine."

Farm, Stock and Home.

The Senate special committee to investigate the alleged "Beef Combine" has reported, and the report confirms the worst that has ever been said about that infamous conspiracy. The power of the "Combine" is so great that it was difficult to get evidence against it, for those who knew best how completely it had the beef interest of the country in its power were reluctant to testify, for fear of prejudicing future transacions with it. But it was determined beyond question that the control of the live and dressed beef markets was absolutely in the grasp of this combination.

The principal inquiry which the committee was directed to make was concerning the existence of a combination "by reason of which the prices of beef and beef cattle have been so controlled and affected as to diminish the prices paid the producer without lessening the cost of meat to the consumers." The facts developed prove over-whelmingly a combination such as is described in the above quoted clause.

The commitee find no fact to warrant the claim that low prices for beef cattle were caused by "over-production," and without any hesitation emphatically declares that such prices were caused by a combination at Chicago which controls the markets and fixes the price of beef cattle in its own interest. To show that railroads are a party to the conspiracy, the committee found the railroad trunk lines control the entire meat transportation of the country in the interest of railroad companies Comparing the railroad charges on a car of wheat and car of dressed beef, a discrimination is shown in favor of dressed beef of about 60 per cent.

The facts having been ascertained, remedies will be suggested in a bill to be reported to the Senate.

In conclusion the committee says:

"The worst feature of the cattle trade is the fact that so many cows and calves are being thrown upon the market, the indication being that producers are panic stricken and anxious to realize now without regard to the future. There were marketed at Chicago during the past year 3,023,281 cattle, of which from 25 to 30 per cent were cows, and 4 per cent were calves. If farmers will accept a suggestion from those whose duty it has been for months to examine the cattle question in all its aspect, they will cease marketing their breeding and immature stock and diligently prepare for a larger supply and a brighter future. It is only a question of time, and very brief time, when the problem will be that of supplying our own people with beef without regard to foreign markets."

"An improvement in prices of cattle is undoubtedly at hand, but this makes no less imperative the duty and necessity of annihilation the Combine. The advantages of advancing prices, all of them, must be realized by the growers of cattle, and not three-fourths of them by the Combine."

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JUNE 12, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat No. 1 Hard 74 cents.

The new sheriff takes hold of the work with vigor.

Hon. Marcus Johnson was in the city this week.

W. F. Arnold is enjoying a visit from his mother.

John Flesch was in attendance at court last week.

Mrs. Fred Date and family leave for Seattle this week.

Lovely weather. Gives promise of lots of hay this year.

See the notice for bids for road work elsewhere in this issue.

Ed. Munson returned from Washington last Thursday to remain.

Nup. Christianson was down from McIntosh doing jury duty this term.

Al. Jones went to Inkster, N. D., on Tuesday to work at the carpenter trade.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

A. M. Stewart went over to Dakota this week to see how things are looking over there.

Andrew Hanson is moving his house to a lot near the Carman bridge on Broadway.

Prof. and Mrs. Chamberlain left last week for Oberlin, Ohio, to remain during their vacation.

See the new ad of Stewart & Spottswood and drop in when you need anything in their line.

State Auditor, W. W. Braden sold over 4,000 acres of state land at the court house last Friday.

Mrs. Hall and Miss Evelyn went to Obron, N. D. this week for a visit during Miss Hall's vacation.

The Republican central committee met on the 10th inst. to promulgate a call for a county convention.

Wm. Campian, of Angus, dropped in on Tuesday to set that subscription ahead another year. Thanks.

Tom Young is moving the house he purchased of the railroad company. It was one of the Beecher houses.

Mrs. Newland of Maple Bay arrived in the city last Saturday for a week's visit with her daughter Jennie.

Farmers don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [6-tf]

The familiar sound of the big mill whistle on Tuesday morning announced that work was resumed at the Walker saw mill.

The Assessor informs us that he will be at his office every evening after 7 o'clock to attend to assessment of property.

Judge Spendly, the census enumerator for the First and Second Wards has nearly finished his work and breathes a sigh of relief.

A big calendar occupies the attention of the court this term. Court will adjourn on Saturday night until some time in July.

O. H. Lucken has purchased the Markham residence, corner of Broadway and Loring Avenue, and took possession last week.

McKinnon Bros. contemplate a large addition to the new brick on Robert Street. That kind of enterprise is what builds up a city.

Alvah Newland and sister, Miss Jennie, have moved into the Markham building, on the corner of Broadway and Second streets.

Slocum, the handsome grocery man, left for St. Charles, Iowa, on Tuesday evening. They do say that he is to be married ere his return.

The fellow who said Tom Bjoin tore down that stable in order to clear it out is left. He tore it down in order to build a fine brick on the site.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Sawyer returned on Friday from a pleasant visit of a fortnights' duration. They visited in Racine and Waukesha, Wis., and Chicago Ill.

The temperance lecture delivered by Mrs. Baxter, of Charlotte, Mich., at the Methodist church on Wednesday evening last, was one of the best ever delivered in Crookston.

Mr. W. J. C. Kenyon, the genial passenger agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Northern R. R., has been appointed General Freight Agent in addition to his present duties.

W. H. Cowing, of Fergus Falls, died at the Hot Springs in Montana, on Saturday last. He was a brother of A. C. Cowing of this city and owned an interest in the hardware store.

O. M. Holmes, the genial editor of the Red Lake Falls Gazette and P. G. Falardeau, one of the legal light of Red Lake Falls made THE JOURNAL a pleasant call on Wednesday of last week.

A. R. Holston calls the turn on the Red Lake Falls News fellows for $1000 for libel. The News fellows can now ruminate on the difference between a harmless joke and a criminal libel.

Judge Stearns commenced operations at this term of court and ably held down the bench until the arrival of Judge Mills who now reigns. Judge S. rattled off the calendar with his oldtime vigor.

Whoever lost their silver spectacles on Broadway last Saturday can find them at THE JOURNAL office without money and without price. Come and get your eyes.

A. O. Schmidt returned on Sunday morning from a visit to Fort Wayne, Ind. Says the nights are too sultry there to suit him otherwise it would be a pretty fair place to live.

The steamboat on Maple Lake is pronounced a complete success and will now be ready for the use of pleasure parties at any time. They talk of a great celebration up there on July 4th.

Editor McKenzie left on Thursday evening to join the editorial excursion to Washington, D. C. His wife accompanied him as far as Minneapolis where she will visit with friends during his absence.

Dr. A. Nelson, member of Polk County Central Committee was in the city to attend the meeting on Tuesday. The doctor reports his business good and prospects for crops excellent in his bailiwick.

Mrs. Bergland, mother-in-law of Andrew Eiken, was the victim of quite an accident on Thursday last from falling down stairs at the Eiken residence. She was severely bruised and her left wrist was broken.

W. L. Sargeant, an old-time veterinarian of Polk County returned last Wednesday from California where he has resided for the past year or so. He is here looking after property interests and may decide to remain.

John Tilberg was brought before Judge Christianson last Friday night from the town of Queen and adjudged insane. Anton Erickson went down to St. Peter with him that same evening returning on Monday morning.

S. L. Collins and wife returned on Sunday morning from a pleasant visit to Bellevue, Iowa, and points in southern Minnesota. S. L. says he saw no places that was in better condition than is Crookston, and many lots worse.

O. D. Rood, while at work in his laundry, two weeks since slipped and fell. At first the injury did not appear serious though causing much pain, but it does not appear to get better very rapidly and this week he is under the doctor's care.

At the alliance meeting on Saturday a resolution was passed endorsing the nomination by the alliance of a Governor—say some good farmer or Donnelly. Frank Bivins was elected delegate to Fergus Falls on June 12th with H. E. Cooke as alternate.

Mayor McKinnon took a trip to Jamestown last week. While there he saw Frank De Mers and had a talk with him. Mr. De Mers talked quite rationally for a few minutes and then was way off. The doctors consider his recovery extremely doubtful.

R. P. Herrick, seeing our question mark standing on Robert street, said: "You want an item of news? Well, you may say that the Roller Mills are running to the utmost capacity and—well, I have an important item but I guess I cannot give that away—not just at present—wait a day or so my boy, and you will will see what it is.

Last week a nymph du pave came down from Fosston and, by her actions the police thought her drunk and put her in the city lock up. They soon discovered that it was not a case of drunk and she was taken before Judge Christianson for examination, adjudged insane and sent to St. Peter. Sheriff Paterson assisted by Mrs. Godbout took her to the asylum. John says he had rather take six men than one woman to St. Peter.

The Minnesota Storm Association has insured 16,000 acres of wheat already and the agents report business brisk all along the line. This company is composed wholly of alliance men and will make its annual report to the regular meeting of the State alliance in January. The cost of insuring to its members will be far less than in any company doing business. Every alliance member should insure in this company.

If every farmer in the United States belonged to the alliance an independent movement might be in order but as it is—with not over one-half of them in line—with only sufficient strength to hold the balance of power we certainly cannot see how they could hope to win the fight this fall—and that is just what we have got to do up here, or starve. Properly used their strength would control the situation and give us a free and open wheat market.

A new candidate for glory or the grave appears on our table this week—The Fosston News. It looks near enough like the McIntosh Tribune to be its twin brother with a big head on. It is put in to supply "a long felt want" in Fosston for that bright young city of two or three hundred enterprising souls has been obliged to grub along thus far with a sheet that would be creditable to a place of only 2,000 or more—doing about fifty times as much for the place as it has realized from it. Fisher, St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls are way behind the age with only one paper—those "long felt wants" should be supplied and probably will be the first damphool that comes along.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

Joseph Netzer returned on Sunday morning from his sad journey to St. Peter with his son. It is thought that the young man will recover his mind in time.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.

MOE & BUHN.

H. C. Tatro was down from Maple Bay on Monday. Says the new boat is a daisy. Can make her ten miles per hour with 150 people on board just as easy as not. Says that steps are being taken to get up a grand celebration at the Lake on July 4th. Mr. Donnelly and other speakers of national reputation have been invited and are expected to be present on the occasion. The Fertile band will be on deck chuck full of music. Everybody invited.

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

Bro. Nelson of the Hallock News, paid THE JOURNAL office a pleasant visit during our absence last week—sorry we could not have been here to have met him. In reply to his query we would say that the Minnesota Storm Association is the Alliance Company, composed wholly of farmers who are Alliance men. Among its managers six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers Alliance; the President of the Association is vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance. The company thus has the endorsement of the State Alliance so far as that can be accomplished. It has already insured over 16,000 acres of grain and its agents are hustling in the applications at a rate that keeps the secretary on the jump constantly to keep up with the business. If you want a live, safe, sure company the Minnesota Storm Association is your company.

School Report.

Report of school in Dist. No. 55, Polk County, Minn., for month ending June 6th, 1890:

Number of pupils enrolled, 20.

Average daily attendance, 14.

Names of pupils not absent during the month: Nellie O'Neill, Edna Roberts, Harry Roberts, John Sakrgaard.

Names of pupils not tardy during the month: Annie Cornelius, Mena Rood, Annetta Tommerdahl, May Houston, Paul Cornelius, Malton Cornelius, Odin Cornelius, Edna Roberts, Harry Roberts and Henry O'Neill.

Names of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the month: Edna Roberts, Mary Roberts.

AMANDA ELLIOTT, Teacher.

ED. JOURNAL:—At a meeting of the Scandia Farmers' Alliance, No. 643, held on the 5th day of June, 1890, the following resolution was passed and ordered published in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL:

Resolved, That we heartily approve of the resolution passed by the Norman County Executive Committee May 17th, 1890, and further, that we suggest to our county executive committee to take some action on the same; and we furthermore humbly ask that the committee on constitution and by-laws acquaint us with the constitution and by-laws to be adopted at the next annual meeting of the county alliance.

KNUTE H. ROLLAG, Sec.

The above is accompanied with a request that we publish the resolution referred to, which we are unable to do, not having it at hand. We believe it was a resolution censuring the old party for their neglect of the interests of the farmers and recommending that the alliance act with the Prohibition party on legislative questions.

ROOME, June 10, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—At the last meeting of the town of Roome Farmers' Alliance, No. 676, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we are in favor of holding a farmers' alliance legislative and county convention, and that the president of our county alliance issue a call for such convention, to be held before any of the regular party conventions meet.

P. B. ANDERSON, Sec.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 10, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—I see Ste Croix has been blustering up in your section lately. The "challenge" did not reach us until our forms were made up, so it will be two weeks before your people could hear from The Great West. Please state in THE JOURNAL that we will investigate this new Ajax with a proposition to furnish your people with some of his vast information. My work on the Pillsbury racket cost money, and then the $20,000 didn't turn up. Either this man ought to be brought to time with his facts or blacksnaked out of the country. You will notice that wheat is now worth 15 cents a bushel more in your market—so as to give this man a "chance." Yours truly,

EVERETT W. FISH.

Assistant deputy county lecturer, Chas. A. Johnson writes the editor of THE JOURNAL a kind letter of sympathy, for which we return our heartfelt thanks and gives us the following report of his work:

"I was up in the town of Excel, Marshall Co., on the 4th inst. and started another sub-alliance, with Chas. Unbright, Pres., and P. B. Malberg, Sec. I go into Norden on the 7th on hail insurance business."

FARMERS! CASH FOLKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

WILL SELL YOU

Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.	Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 "	Scythe and Snath 1.25
Milk Cans at 50 cents.	Screen Doors at 1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.	Large stock of Mixed Paints.

Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

AT

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers. 25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price **6c.**

Ginghams. 25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price **7c.**

Henriettas. 20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price **25c.**

Striped Serges. 10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price **48c.**

Sicelletta. In all the new shades, 42 inches wide, would be cheap at $1. Next week's price **72 1-2c.**

Sateens. Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price **25c.**

A good Carpet for	50c
A good apron	25c
Blouse waists	50c
Blouse waist Ties	10c
Fast black Hose	10c
Jersey ribbed vests	10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove	$1.00

A good carpet	25c
" ingrain carpet	40c
" lace Curtain	$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

MCINTOSH, Minn., June 5, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—As you have always been a friend to the farmer and have expressed a desire to hear from all the alliances in the county, I wish to inform you that King alliance is in a flourishing condition, with 59 members who have come to stay by the alliance, notwithstanding the agents of the wheat ring and others are crying "political schemers!" We have grown tired of selling wheat for less than the cost of production and mortgaging our farms to buy machinery of McCormick or Deering at their agents prices. Who are these pets of the McCormick and Deering companies that they cannot get along without them? A gang that start out like the June bug, full of gas and buzz; a large portion of them without any capital when they start in the machine business, but the second spring they come out in a plug hat, and in addition to their load of gas, they are by this time loaded with whisky. They walk up and down the street, saying "if the farmers cannot pay me I shall publish them as dead beats!" And still the McCormick and Deering companies say they cannot get along without the middlemen. Let them take them home under their wings and protect them from the farmers' alliance shower of hail. We can get our grain cut without McCormick or Deering better than they can sell their machines without us. I hope to see every alliance in the state adopt a resolution not to buy a McCormick or Deering machine until we can buy direct from the factory. W. G. H.

The Republican County Central Committee met on Tuesday evening to issue a call for a county committee to elect delegates to the State Convention at St. Paul on July 24th, and delegates to the Congressional Convention to be called later. P. J. McGuire presented a proxy from Hugh Thompson. C. G. Rapp and Robert Colter were absent. Motion was made that delegates to the county Convention must be residents of the town or precinct they represent. The following resolution was unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS—We regret to learn of the continued ill health of our honored colleague, Mr. Hugh Thompson, and

WHEREAS—This Committee recognizes in him a tried and faithful upholder of Republican principles, now therefore be it

RESOLVED—That our sympathy is hereby extended to our co-laborer in his distress and our earnest prayer is that he will be soon restored to health and happiness.

After apportioning the representation of towns and precincts and naming Friday, July 18th, at one o'clock p. m. as the day and hour for the convention, the committee adjourned without date.

Notice to Contractors.

CROOKSTON, Minn., June 9th 1890.

Bids will be received until June 19th Inst. for grading 2 miles of the Euclid and Fanny county road.

For particulars apply to County Commissioner Kirsch.

P. J. MCGUIRE,
County Auditor.

Firemen's Excursion to Fargo.

The Northern Pacific will sell on June 16th, 17th and 18th, excursion tickets to Fargo and return at the rate of $2.25 for the round trip; the tickets will be good returning up to and including June 21st. This will be a good opportunity for persons wishing to visit intermediate points, such as Winnipeg Junction, Hawley, Muskoda, Glyndon and Moorhead.

Court Cases.

The court is grinding out the cases as rapidly as possible.

The case of Sarah K. Swift vs John F. Smith was settled.

Louis Guilmette vs the N. P. R. R. Co. was continued.

The State of Minnesota ex. rel. James M. Paine et. als. vs the town of Garfield. Tried and submitted.

The Board of County Commissioners vs W. E. McKenzie, F. J. Duffy and A. Kaiser. Referred to F. Montague to take and report testimony.

Chas. E. Sawyer as Receiver of the property of Frederick Buse insolvent, vs Maria L. Buse. Tried June 3d. Verdict for defendant.

A. C. Rinehart vs Martin Finseth. Dismissed without cost except clerks fees.

A. McKinnon and J. R. McKinnon, copartners as McKinnon Bros. vs Michael Schultz. Tried June 4th. Verdict for defendant.

Emmerson, Talcot & Co., vs R. G. Marlette and Wm. A. Hymes copartners as Marlette & Hymes. Answer withdrawn and judgment ordered for plaintiff for the amount claimed.

The Merchants' Nat'l Bank of Crookston, vs. Chas. L. Brainard. Answer withdrawn and judgment ordered for plaintiff for amount claimed.

Fred Tiedt Jr. vs. Chas. E. Harrington. Same as above.

A. R. Holston vs. Boyle & Meehan; action for libel. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $1,000. A stay of 60 days granted.

Aultman & Taylor vs. D. T. Herriott et al. Verdict for plaintiff under instructions of the court.

Joseph Juneau vs. Nils O. Paulsrud. Continued.

John Misisin vs. S. H. Barteau. Settled.

G. N. Lyman vs. Nils O. Paulsrud. Continued.

Lillian G. Smith vs. the same. Continued.

Geo. C. Winchester vs. Lewis Freeman and C. E. Dow. Settled.

Frederick K. McKeen vs. James B. Holmes et al. Venue changed to Hennepin County.

Jas. B. Holmes vs. Edward Clement. Action dismissed by plaintiff.

Noe Cuilerier vs. Geo. Brunelle et al. Defendant's demurrer overruled and 20 days given to file answer.

Edward George vs. Edna P. Webb and Isaac W. Webb. Answer withdrawn and judgment ordered for plaintiff for amount claimed. A stay of proceedings of 60 days granted.

Levi S. Myers vs. the town of Vineland. Appeal from Justices' court. Judgment of court below reversed.

Edward George vs. Isaac W. Webb. Judgment of court below affirmed and proceedings stayed 90 days.

A. D. Kelley vs. J. E. Van Tuyl. Cause placed on calendar by respondent and judgment of court below affirmed.

L. Lamberson vs. W. L. Davies and D. H. Miller. Placed on calendar by respondent and judgment of the lower court affirmed.

H. S. Attix vs. Isaac W. Webb. Placed on calendar by respondent and judgment of lower court affirmed.

The county vs. E. Lancot is now on trial.

FOR SALE

OR TO BE

GIVEN AWAY!

1 two or three horse Drag.
1 Broadcast Seeder.
1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
2 pair Buggy Shafts.
2 Gang Plows.
1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
3 Mowers.
2 Hay Rakes.
2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
1 Tank Pump.
1,500 good Oak Posts.
1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,
[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

To Rent.

For store or saloon purposes, my building on Main street, known as Lefebvre's place. For particulars address Joe Veronneau.

[3-tf] M. LEFEBVRE.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dice during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

TAKEN UP!

Came to my premises on or about May 29th, 1890, one dark bay mare, with one white hind foot, weight about 1,300 lbs. The owner is requested to call, pay charges and take her away.

L. H. WALKER,
On Porger farm, about 1½ miles east of Crookston. [7-9]

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston nurseries, will sell trees, seeds and small fruits at lowest market prices. Send for catalogue or call at nursery. [2-tf]

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CHARLES DERUSHIA AND Mary D. Derushia, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of first day of April, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 280; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions, or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand two hundred ten and [illegible] dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES NILSON AND Charlotta Nilson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 25th day of July, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of 17th day of July, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southeast quarter of Section 24, Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range 45; also lot 4, in Section 19, and lots 1 and 2 in Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing one hundred and sixty-three and 99-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1885, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 213; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred twenty-six and 45-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANK KLUZAK AND MARY Kluzak, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of fourth day of June, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 419; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six and 80-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand fourteen and 39-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

FOR SALE. CHEAP.

CULTIVATED

FOR SALE CHEAP.

FARMS IN MINNESOTA AND DAKOTA.

EXTRA INDUCEMENTS FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Call on or address

A. D. STEPHENS, Crookston, Minn.

Some of our brethren of the press have suggested the propriety of making Joel P. Heatwole Lieut. Governor. If Joel could overcome his innate modesty long enough to consent he would be available timber, as he is every way capable and worthy, and is a man who has the interests of the farmer thoroughly at heart. The Fisher Bulletin nominates him for Governor and we heartily second that motion.

What is it that the farmers of Polk County need? Is it the honor of creating—a few years hence, a political party? How are you going to live until the dawn of that millenium? Is not the great need of the hour simply a free and open wheat market? Can that not be accomplished by securing a majority of the Legislature to pass proper laws to that end? Working with that end solely in view we can correct the evils that exist and create a free and open market. More than that is not needed at present.

The Executive committee of the State Alliance met in St. Paul last week to consider twine and other matters. The report of the committee recently sent to New Jersey, by the Governor, to ascertain the feasibility of putting a twine factory into the States Prison, was laid before the committee. This report pronounces the plan feasible and recommends that the Governor proceed to establish a factory at once. The committee approves of the report and the recommendation. The plan to commit the Alliance to independant action did not materialize.

The effort to commit the alliance to an independent State, Congressional, Legislative and county ticket throughout did not prove such a brilliant success as its promoters hoped for at the meeting of the Executive committee last week, and we trust that it may not in the future. We should be utterly false to our trusts if we failed to raise our voice in warning against this movement as it is one calculated to defeat the very object of the Alliance in the Northwest—a free and open wheat market. The only way we can get a free and open wheat market is through the Legislature, and that body we can secure if we do not attempt to do too much before we have strength enough. We are in this fight to win a free and open market for the people and we know enough about the politics and the politicians of Minnesota to know just what old mossbacks are behind this seductive movement and what these objects are. We know that those objects are far from being the welfare of the farmers and we earnestly hope the alliance will not be led astray thereby.

Harrison Tumbles.

Immediately after the election of Harrison, the press of Minnesota began to urge the appointment of Maj. T. M. Newson to a foreign consulate. For some reason his royal nibs did not twig and the Major languished unplucked thro' all the appointments. At the editorial meeting last winter the boys agreed to go down to Washington, en masse, in June, but his serene highness still pursued the even tenor of his way. The boys gathered at the river, in St. Paul, last Friday, preparatory to the "on to Washington" movement when, lo! the wires straightway announced the appointment of the Major to a consulship to Malaga, and all those ringing resolutions the boys had written will now find oblivion in the waste basket, and their tale of woe be turned into poeans of victory. Here's Ho, Major! Wish we were with you on your triumphal march to Washington.

PECULIAR TACTICS.

The management of the Fifth District Farmers' Alliance seems extremely peculiar, to say the least about. First and foremost on the bill of fare they have the noted criminal lawyer, Bill Erwin, as head speaker, to tell the farmers what he knows about criminal farming. This is to be the leading feature of the show and then, to sort 'o give it an agricultural flavor they invited S. M. Owens, of Farm, Stock and Home, to say a few words. After awhile, probably because he saw the drift of public sentiment, Mr. Hall extended an invitation to the State Lecturer, Mr. Donnelly, to be present. Mr. Donnelly accepted and made preparations to be present, but last week he received a letter from Mr. Hall to the effect that it was thought best to rescind the invitation. We would like to know by what authority this deliberate insult was offered to Mr. Donnelly? Will the Alliance of the Fifth District quietly submit to be thus snubbed through its best friend? If you do thus submit to the behests of politicians you deserve defeat. What would the alliance in this Fifth District be to-day if Mr. Donnelly had not entered the field last fall and by pen and voice encouraged the farmers to renewed efforts? Let the thirty-two alliances now existing in Polk County, (where last fall there was not one live one,) answer. The revival of the alliance work in the state is due wholly to Mr. Donnelly, and his twenty-five years of work against monopoly shows him to be a true friend of the farmer. With his brilliant mind, in all those years had he been the tool of the oppressor he would to-day be worth his millions, while he is comparatively a poor man, hated by the very men who make their wealth out of the toil of the farmer, and feared and reviled by politicians and demagogues whose schemes he unmercifully reveals. Farmers, will you join hands in this attempt of your natural enemies to slay your life long friend? Railroad men, elevator men, wheat gamblers and pothouse politicians would tell you that Mr. Donnelly is a "demagogue;" that he "wants to be Governor," and so forth to the end of the chapter, and if they can get you to

BELIEVE ALL THIS STUFF

they continue to get in their work on you as of old. Well, suppose you should assert your independence once and make your true friend, Mr. Donnelly, your Governor? Would not that be better than to take some cold stick whose only interest in you is manifested just before election? If he was governor you know you have a friend at court whose ear is ever open to the cry of the helpless, whose voice is never silent in their behalf. "Demagogue!" You had better have every office in the state filled with such "demagogues" than with men who never give your interests one thought more than they can help. We wish that Congress was composed entirely of such "demagogues!" Don't you know that if Mr. Donnelly could have his way you would have a free and open market for your wheat to-day? Don't you know that if Mr. Donnelly had his way the railroads would all do you evenhanded justice? Yes, you do know that and you know that Mr. Donnelly knows more about how to bring these things about than any other man in the state. Then why do you not stand by your true friend as faithfully as he has by you? Why are you so easily led about by your oppressors? Note your action in that state convention when your enemies raised the hue and cry against Mr. Donnelly and you joined in the cry. [illegible] Are you men and suffer such things? Men, and dare not stand by a strong and true, a noble friend? Can you not discern the gold from the dross? Can you not see in these desperate efforts to down Donnelly" the fine Italian hand of the wiry politician whose schemes Mr. Donnelly is always thwarting? Can you not see the hand of the elevator man, the railroad man, the wheat gambler, the hand of every man whose interests lie in keeping you in the thralldron of slavery, raised against this strong bulwark of the alliance in a desperate attempt to destroy the alliance? It is there as plainly as the sun at noonday, and the object is just as plain. It is the duty of the alliance to stand by its friends through thick and thin, and we must realize the fact that the better and stronger the man the more bitter will be the efforts to kill him off. In the past we have allowed these senseless attacks upon our friends to have too much weight with us; will we still continue to do so? In this crisis the alliance owes it to a faithful worker to pass resolutions endorsing Mr. Donnelly's course and deciding to stand by him.

A LAND LOAN BUREAU.

Senator Stanford Introduces a Bill Establishing Such a Branch of the Treasury.

Under It Owners of Agricultural Lands May Secure Loans at 2 Per Cent. Interest.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Senator Stanford to-day introduced a bill for loans on hand, and said he would hereafter address the senate on the subject. It provides for the establishment of a land loan bureau in the treasury department. The chief and deputy chief shall be appointed by the president, with salaries of $6,000 and $5,000 respectively. The secretary of the treasury is authorized to prepare, ready for issue, United States circulating notes of the denomination of $5, $10, $20, $50, $100, $500 and $1,000 in amounts as they may be necessary, to be placed to the credit of the land loan bureau. These notes shall be a full legal tender for public and private debts, except for interest on the public debt, or for redemption of the national currency. Any citizens of the United States, or any person who has declared his intention to become such, who owns unincumbered agricultural land, may apply to the land bureau for a loan, to be secured by a lien on such land, the loan not to exceed half the assessed value of the land. No loan shall be made upon land of less than $500 in value nor in sums less than $250, nor for a longer time than twenty years. The loans shall be at interest at the rate of 2 per cent per annum, payable annually, and may be paid at any time in sums of not less than 25 per cent of the whole amount. The secretary of the treasury shall cancel and retire circulating notes equal to the payments made on the loans, and the same payment is made in any other currency of the United States, an equal amount of the notes issued under this act. In case of default of payment of the interest or principal of a loan, the chief of the bureau may order a foreclosure of the lien in the United States circuit court. Counsel fees in any case shall be added to the judgment, but shall not exceed $500. The bill provides for "that rule of common law that the statutes in derogation thereof are to be strictly construed, shall have no application to this act." This act establishes the law respecting the subject to which it relates and its provisions and all proceedings under it are to be liberally construed with a view to effect its object.

Good Work.

The Minnesota Storm Association has insured 16,000 acres against hail already and the season has scarcely opened as yet. A few more agents for Polk County yet wanted. Address H. E. Cooke, JOURNAL office for particulars.

HORSES.

If you need a good mare or horse come and see me. I have 15 head which must be sold at once for what they will bring. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[4-tf] The Loan Agent.

To Whom It May Concern.

MENTOR, Polk Co. Minn., Apr. 16th, 1890. Please take notice that without just cause or provocation, Sarah K. Swift has left my bed and board, therefore I forbid any and all persons from harboring or sheltering or feeding or trusting the said Sarah K. Swift upon my account in any way whatever, as I shall not pay any debts she may contract from this date, April 16th, 1890.
[5-8] GEORGE M. SWIFT.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.
May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Stock Farm for Sale.

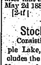
Consisting of 600 acres, ying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE Board of Review of the City of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, will meet at the City Hall, in said city, on Monday, the twenty-third day of June, 1890, (being the fourth Monday in June,) for the purpose of receiving and correcting the assessment of said city for the year 1890. All persons considering themselves aggrieved by said assessment, or who wish to complain that the property of another is assessed too low, are hereby notified to appear at said meeting, and show cause for having such assessment corrected.

No complaint that another person is assessed too low will be acted upon until the person so assessed, or his agent, shall have been notified of such complaint, if a resident of the county.
June 6th, 1890.
HENRY WIGHT,
[8-9] Assessor of the City of Crookston.



DETROIT SURE GRIP Steel Tackle Block
HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Contractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvement EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.
Fulton Iron and Engine Works,
Estab. 1852. 10 Brush St., Detroit, Mich.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining unclaimed at the Crookston Post Office for the week ending May 19th, 1890. Persons calling for them please say advertised.
Cole, Eliza [illegible] Bryden, Christine Mrs. Smith, Mr. John
WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I have Bought Out the Stock
—OF—
HACK & GALLASCH
And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a
FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS
Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,
A STURE

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, - - Crookston, Minn.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.
MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.
Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000
Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, [illegible] Chase, [illegible] Geo. Q. Erskine, [illegible] Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JUNE 12, 1890.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	9:35 p. m.	5:40 a. m.
Freight,	7:30 a. m.	7:30 p. m.
North Line.		
	6:30 a. m.	8.50 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	5:50 a. m.	9:35 p. m.
Freight.	7:50 p. m.	7:00 a. m.
Fosston Line. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.		
	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.		
	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

NEBY, Minn., June 2, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—Benjamin Franklin, the grandfather of our country, once said: "We must hang together or we will hang separately!" The farmers and temperance people of to-day must hang together; if not, the old political war horses will lead them, one by one, by the nose until they are, politically, dead. The farmers of our country to-day are strong; they are an organized body. The temperance people are also organized and are ready for action. Many of the farmers' alliance men also belong to the temperance alliance, and I think it is a general feeling among the Scandinavian element of our county who are members of either of the two alliances, that they ought to unite hands and stand together like a stone wall, and by combined strength elect their legislative ticket, viz:—one senator and three representatives. If the strong prohibition and farmer elements of Norman County would unite with the farmer and temperance elements of Polk County, then the temperance and farmers' alliance people of our district would be sure to elect their candidates. The coming campaign will not be a fight between the old parties, but will be a hand-to-hand fight between the different candidates. Let our platform be good men and good principles; our party, the people, and our next senator and representatives from this district be the choice of the people. If the old battle cry of the different parties—"Stand by the nominee though it be the devil himself!"—has not yet been buried, let us bury it in the coming campaign. Remember that our government is a government of the people, for the people and by the people; not of, for or by any certain demagogue or party politician. Farmers and temperance people unite and be true to your principles; let neither money bribe you or the mortgage that the capitalist holds against your farms frighten you from doing justice to your home and your country.

"On to Richmond!" was the cry during the years of our civil war, and our fathers and brothers captured Richmond at the point of the bayonet. Down with corrupt politicians, whisky rings and selfish monopolists, who have, so to speak, pressed the life blood out of the veins of the laboring class of people of this country, and for years set the people turning grind stones for the purpose of grinding their (I mean the boobies) own political axes. Down with them! turn the rascals out! This is the present cry of the farmers, temperance people and the laboring class in general. Have they a right to complain? Have they a right to use the mighty pen and their tongues in their own defense? I think they have; if not, then will our legislature be a jungle of tigers. The farmers, laboring and temperance men must unite; their interests are common and they have a common enemy. If they unite their strength they will win a victory, not at the point of the bayonet but by their precious votes.

Unite or die!

EVEN J. GREFTHEN.

Decline to Answer.

Minneapolis Pioneer Press.

The census bureau has apparently weakened under the storm of indignant criticism called out by the questions which it has added to the old list propounded by the enumerator. An order has been given out directing the enumerator to enter simply the remark, "refused to answer" oposite the names of those who do not choose to submit to this inquisition, without any attempt at compulsion. The legal remedy for such contumacy will, it is said, be applied from Washington. There need be no fear that the penalties prescribed by the law will ever be called into requisition. The census bureau has enough to do in tabulating returns and compiling great volumes for the next few years, without instituting legal proceedings against the few million people who will refuse to tell a local enumerator their physical defects, and relate to him the diseases with which they have been and are afflicted. If declining to answer were to be punished, the whole nation would be summoned into court, and the fines collected would pay all the cost of taking the census and leave a handsome surplus. But there will be no resort to law, and no attempt to compel the public to respond to these impertinent inquiries. The objectionable questions are practically eliminated from the list.

It is proper to say, now that this has been done, that it is the duty of every [illegible] to answer all other questions [illegible] with absolute accuracy. The [illegible] returns from the basis of some of our most important conclusions on social and economic questions, and by them legislation is very largely determined. Wherever statistical information affects our opinions or our acts, the United States census reports are taken conclusive evidence. It is all important that they be reliable; and one of the gravest objections to the new questions on the list was that it would vitiate the whole work. For where a man was irritated by private inquiries which no government has any right to institute, and found his only safety in concealing the truth, it was not likely that he would be especially careful to state the exact truth and the whole in answer to other inquiries that were perfectly proper. But now the course for our people to pursue is plain. Give the facts exactly, with as much accuracy as if under oath, in reply to the list of census questions down to the point where the enumerator is directed to inquire into the bodily imperfections and private ailments of the individual. Stop there. Whether sound or invalid, decline to answer the questions improperly put on the list. This is the way to make the census a success.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST.——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
2:20 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:40 "	Grafton	3:23 "
1:38 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.	FREE LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Hunting, Fishing.	Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Gold and Coal.	The regions tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.
Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now.	MILK RIVER.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stockraisers. Now is the time.
Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance.	YOUNG MAN.
GREAT FALLS.	Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	G. N. R. L.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, MICHAEL STENGL AND Polly Stengl, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter and lots three (3), and four (4), Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 48-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1886, at 11:25 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 123; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy-six dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of ten hundred sixty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMIRI PAGE AND EMERende Page, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of December 21st, A. D. 1886, whereby they Mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 20, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 309; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred six and 92-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, Limited,
Mortgagee,
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-12] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, OLIVIER DEMERS AND Adelle Demers, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage, bearing date of November 28th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee, the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1885, at 7:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 63; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 88-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of April 7th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 6th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 1st, 1890.]

WHEREAS CHARLES H. BROSSARD AND Sarah J. Brossard, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the fifteenth day of September, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, as mortgagee, their mortgage, bearing date of September 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, (27) Township one hundred and fifty-two, (152) Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 18th day of September, A. D. 1885, at 12 o'clock m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page one; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-eight 95-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

[First publication June 5th 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court. General term, June 2d, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Tollef Thorensen, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Andrew Thompson, administrator with will annexed of the estate of Tollef Thoresen, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court on Tuesday, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 2d day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[7-9] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly, execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 160 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated November 17th, A. D. 1888, made by Clara M. Howes and Joseph W. Howes, her husband, to Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, a domestic corporation, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1888, in book 41 of mortgages, pages 66 and 68, conveying and mortgaging the following described premises situated in said county of Polk, to-wit: Lots seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9), block fifty-nine (59), in original townsite of Thief River Falls, Polk County, Minnesota, as it appears upon the recorded plat thereof in the office of said Register of Deeds, on which there is claimed to be due and unpaid and is due and unpaid at the date hereof $2,105, for interest and principal secured by said mortgage and for attorney's and solicitor's fees as therein conditioned. And default having been made in the payment of the principal sum at maturity, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum; and said mortgage containing a power, therewith recorded, authorizing a foreclosure of said mortgage in case of said default, and no proceedings at law or equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and foreclosure now having become operative, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in said county, on Friday the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day to satisfy the sum herein claimed due, together with all the costs and charges of foreclosure.

Crookston, Minn., May 8th, 1890.

WILLFORD AND NORTHWAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, BY J. L. WILLFORD, President,
Mortgagee.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] 313 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS MARCHILDON and Amand Marchildon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 37, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 96-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 23d, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. Ma x Ericsson. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line:

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, - - - MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, HENRY DAVEY AND NETTIE Davey, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of December 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter, the east half of southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter Section seven (7) Township one hundred and forty-seven, (147) Range forty-four (44) west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 301; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eleven hundred eighty-two and 01-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 31st, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[7-13] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated November 10th, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, November 17th, 1888, in book 40 of mortgages, page 510, whereby William L. Davies and Sarah C. Davies, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153), of range forty-seven (47), in Polk county, Minnesota; by which default the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date hereof, $851.88.

Now, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said power, said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on July 19th, 1890, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house, in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated May 31st, 1890.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, (SEAL)
By Rob't N. Jackson, President.
Lee J. Lockwood & Co., Mortgagee Attorneys.
[7-13]

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, MINN

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JUNE 19, 1890. NO. 9.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6.00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn

FREE LANDS Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana

NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

LOW RATES Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Horses, Cattle. Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.

Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sheep, Hogs. Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.

Gold and Coal. The regions tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

MILK RIVER. Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now.

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock-raisers. Now is the time.

YOUNG MAN. Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance.

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

G. N. R. L. The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

Who Is To Blame?

The Prairie Farmer.

Emerson says, "In the great household of nature, the farmer stands at the door of the bread-room, and weighs to each his loaf." That being so, it seems to me that the farmer ought to be able to command a reasonable return for this bread, which is a necessity to all mankind. But as far as I have observed, the farmer has, in comparison to the rest of mankind, a very small share in the comforts and amenities of life.

And why? I suppose because he is too poor to pay for such. But why is he too poor? That question is agitated here quite freely among the farmers, and the other day I noticed in a paper among other reasons adduced as causes of the farmers' poverty the following: "Too much fashion, too much tobacco and whiskey, and not enough enterprise." This may apply in isolated cases, among farmers, as among other classes, but I am quite sure it does not apply to farmers in general.

Out in this western country the farmers live economically, even to the verge of meanness. I should like to put some of the wiseacres, who know so well what the farmers ought to be, to do and to suffer, on a diet of corn-meal and a drink of water in all its variations, for two-thirds of a year—and then let him report progress materially and mentally. But if fashion and tobacco and whiskey are causes of the farmer's failure, why do so many of the great ones of the earth thrive?

Take up almost any Eastern paper, and you will be dazzled with detailed accounts of the magnificent extravagance in dress practiced by the wives and daughters of the successful manufacturers of America, and it is well known that a goodly majority of the husbands and sons consume cigars and cognac without stint.

I suppose the same thing which makes the farmer fail makes another fellow succeed. Then about want of enterprise, here is a picture drawn from life: An energetic farmer brings his family to the West and takes up land, determined to make a home in a new country and wrest a living from its soil. He works late and early, and so does his wife. In June everything is lovely. His corn is growing higher day by day—and so are his hopes. But too often something happens—it may be a couple of days hot wind, and it may be just an army of chinch-bugs. In a new country there are so many contingencies. His crop is a failure—he has often nothing else to fall back on—and what comes next? Winter comes, for one thing. His team and a little live stock have to be fed, and he and his family must eat. If he leaves his farm he will lose it, and will do anything rather than that. He borrows some money to tide him over, and gives a mortgage on his belongings for security. When our farmer has reached this stage, you should see then what enterprise he shows. It makes him hustle to meet the 36 per cent interest as it comes due.

How many farmers have been swamped by this terrible 3 per cent per month, there is no one can tell; but even when crops do not fail the farmer makes little more than a living—and he and his wife pay dearly for that. Hard work from morn till eve is their lot. Is this how it goes with other businesses? I think not.

The farmer occupies a false position in this way. If he has anything to sell he has to take whatever price his customers choose to give; and if he wants to buy anything, he pays the price demanded of him. He sells cheap and buys dear, and as things are he can't help himself.

But we are beginning to find out that it may be possible to change the condition of things and make it possible for the farmer to have something to say about prices. The farmers in this district are combining for the purpose of helping themselves. Every day adds members to the Farmers' Alliance, who are thoroughly in earnest, and are sure to do good work. And for the sake of America, as well as myself, I sincerely wish them success in their undertakings.

ISABEL STEVENSON.

New Jersey Farmers.

Points Culled from Their Recent Protest in the Shape of a Memorial.

The cry of distress is so great in New Jersey that Governor Abbott suggested last January a joint committee of the legislature and some well informed agriculturists. The state board of agriculture selected a committee, and the legislature appointed another. These had several meetings with the governor. Questions were sent out and many answers returned. The committee sent a memorial to congress. They said:

Among the causes leading to the depression of farming are:

Demonetization of silver—not enough money for the business needs of the country in circulation among the people.

Greater favors given for booming business than are extended to the producing classes.

Subsidizing the great railroad corporations with grants of public lands, which lands are offered in foreign countries at low prices, and the unwarranted inducements thrown out to foreign immigrants to occupy and homestead said lands, causing an overproduction of agricultural crops. This, with the low freight rates to the seaboard granted by the trunk line roads, has reduced our eastern farming to a well nigh profitless condition, although we have the markets at our door.

No American vessels to transport our products to other countries.

Immense shipments of western beef to our market by western beef and cattle kings. The failure of the interstate commerce law to afford relief to our farmers. The complaint is nearly unanimous that the railroads charge on the produce of this state altogether out of proportion to charges on the same articles from hundreds, and even a thousand miles, distant to the same markets. This of course puts all articles thus discriminated against in this state nearly, if not quite beyond profitable production.

Gambling in the necessaries of life, trusts and bank monopoly, receive their reprobation. They do not wish government money spent to irrigate desert lands when there is so much good land unused in the east, and such a tendency exists to give away the public domain to corporations and foreign syndicates. This has gone so far that "the children and grandchildren of the men and women who gave their lives and property during the war to save the country are, or soon will be, deprived of any share in that domain at government prices. We ask that congress turn their attention for a while to the east and aid in developing and filling up this secton of our common country, and when this will hold no more, our children—the overflow from America instead of from Europe—will have some virgin land left to homestead and settle upon."

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance........$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest........80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest........$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of........ 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years........ 1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest........$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00
Total........$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Crookston, Minn.

Nov. 12, 1889.

[30-48]

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!

LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF
JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE,
SPECTACLES ETC. ETC.
ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND
PERFECT SATISFACTION
GUARANTEED.
ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER........Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE........Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD........Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)........Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER........Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE........Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD........Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE........Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE........Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG........Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY........Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP........Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN........Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY........Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL........Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the city council held on June 10, 1890. Meeting called to order by President Steenerson.

Roll call, Aldermen present—Lally, Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Steenerson.

Absent—Alderman Schmidt.

Minutes of previous meetings were read, corrected and appoved.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Morrisey that the regular order of business be suspended and the committee appointed to nominate an alderman for the third ward be permitted to make his report also that the sewer committee be requested to report. Carried.

President Steenerson who was the committee appointed to nominate an alderman, proposed the name of L. D. Marshall.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Ald. McLaren that the election of L. D. Marshall be taken by ballot; Amended by Aldermann Childs, duly seconded that the clerk be instructed to cast the ballot and confirm the appointment. Carried.

The clerk cast the ballot in the affirmation and L. D. Marshall was declared unanimously elected.

L. D. Marshall then qualified by taking the oath of office.

The Sewerage committee submitted a partial report on the sewerage system and presented specifications which were read by Mr. Starkey, who was present.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jennings that the president appoint a special meeting for Monday evening, June 16, at 7:30 o'clock for the purpose of looking over the specifications.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Lally that the motion be laid on the table.

On a call to raise hands there were four ayes and two nays. Motion declared carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Lally that the City Clerk be instructed to advertise for sealed proposals to construct the sewer on Third street from Main street to connect with the easterly end of the present old sewer.

Main street from Third street to Second street, Second street from Main street to Broadway, Broadway street from Second to Fletcher street according to the plans and specifications prepared by A. R. Starkey and now on file in the office of the city engineer, said advertisement to receive two insertions in each of two weekly papers published in Crookston, The Western Freeman's Journal of Public Works, The Fire and Water and two daily insertions in one St. Paul and one Minneapolis paper, said advertisement to state when and where said bids are to be opened, and reserving to the city the right to reject any or all bids.

Bids to be opened July 1st, 1890.

Amended by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jennings that the sum of $500 be retained from contractor instead of $100 named in specifications. This amendment was ruled out of order.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows: Ayes, Lally, Childs, Bjoin, McLaren, Marshall, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Steenerson. Nays, Alderman Morrisey. Motion was declared carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Bjoin, that the regular order of business be continued. Carried.

The balance of the minutes were read and approved.

The committee appointed to look into the matter of grading on Spendley street report as follows:

We your committee to which the petition of Fecto and others for grading certain portions of Spendley street between Cowing and Hunter streets, recomend that said petition be granted and the work be ordered at once.

FRANK JEROME
MARTIN LALLY.

On motion of Alderman Morrisey and second of Alderman Jerome report was accepted and adopted. Further action on the same being suspended until the petition was laid before the council.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills.

Creighton & Welch	$ 2 00
Henry Bradshaw	6 00
John Wyatt	12 00
P. H. Halberg	20 60
Russell Boynton & Co	400 00
E. W. Wilc	47 25
L. C. Couvrette	127 00
do	10 00
G. W. Banks	25 00
F. Rejambal	101 96
A. A. Just	8 00
C. H. Deniston	5 00
N. H. Dunlop	80 00
R. R. Lumber Co	17 13
do	291 64
do	148 82
G. H. Holt	26 00
A. O. Rolstad	1 45
G. H. Holt	1 45
J. E. O'Brien & Co	28 50
W. E. Walker	30 00
O. L. Hamery Street Com'r	43 12
do	12 60
do	2 25
do	17 00
do	21 00
do	13 20
do	13 25

Moved by Alderman Marshall seconded by Alderman Jerome that the report be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Bjoin that the bill of H. Bradshaw be allowed and the amount charged to the abutting property. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Buhn that the bill numbered 379 be referred back to the purchasing agent. Carried

The city attorney presented an ordinance relating to pounds and upon motion of Alderman Childs and seconded by Alderman Lally the rules were suspended and the ordinance adopted.

Ayes, Aldermen Lally, Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Steenerson.

Nays, none.

The ordinance was then declared adopted.

The application of William Cunningham for appointment as keeper of the north side pound was read.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome that Mr. Cunningham be appointed keeper, and to take charge of the same as soon as the ordinance went into effect. Carried.

A petition from the police requesting the city to purchase each a coat and helmet was read.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman McLaren that the purchasing agent be instructed to purchase the same at an expenditure not to exceed $90.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative, Lally, Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Steenerson.

Nays, none.

The motion was declared carried.

On motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome the Crookston Fire Department was allowed the sum of $150 out of the firemen's relief fund for payment of rent for the year 1890.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative, Lally, Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Steenerson.

Nays, none.

A communication from the Fire Department recommending the appointment of John Kyle as Janitor of the engine house was read.

Moved by Alderman McLaren, seconded by Alderman Morrisey that the appointed be confirmed. Carried.

The request of Jas. A. Bemis to construct a wooden awning in front of the Commercial Hotel was referred to Alderman Marshall who immediately reported favorably upon it, and upon motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome the report was accepted and the request was granted.

A Communication from the Mayor and City engineer relating to the R. R. Crossing on Central avenue in the third ward was read.

President Steenerson appointed Alderman Marshall as one of the committee on the above R. R. Crossing to take the place of William Watts resigned, and also requested further time in which to report, which was granted.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Buhn that the drainage of Ash street be referred to the sewer committee and to be submitted with their final report. Carried.

Applications to sell intoxicating liquors were received from the following parties and the city clerk was authorized to advertise the same.

Fagg & Benoit, Louis B. Feran, Wm. Heidrick, Fred G. Rauch, Jas. A. Bemis, Wilson & Thompson, Oliver Morcil, O. C. Erickson, John Hanson, C. C. Hoch, N. Rapan, Louis M. Berquist, John W. O'Brien, Ernest Ralsh, Austin Brown, August Wentzel and Max Ericsson.

The committee on bids for City printing requested the city attorney to give his opinion of the legality of the Weekly Chronicle, which he did to the effect that it was not a legal publication.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Childs that the city clerk be instructed to readvertise for bids for the city printing. Carried.

The Clerk was so instructed.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Morrisey that the purchasing agent be instructed to purchase a flag for the City at a cost not to exceed $20.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative, Lally, Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings and Steenerson.

Nays, none.

On motion Council adjourn.

E. C. [illegible], City Clerk.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JUNE 19, 1890.

'Round Home.

No. I Hard wheat 69 cents.

District Court meets again in extra session on Tuesday, July 15th.

Splendid rains this week. Getting plenty of moisture these days.

C. Anderson is putting down an artesian well for P. J. LeChapelle.

Miss Clara Asker has gone to the old home at Alexandria on a visit.

A. C. Cowing returned from Fergus Falls last week after attending the funeral of his brother, W. H.

Mrs. A. D. Stevens and Mrs. Fred Mix will entertain their lady friends at a five o'clock tea on Friday of this week.

Mrs. Iver A. Kohn, who has been very low with typhoid fever is reported very much better with prospects good for recovery.

Tracklaying on the D., C. & N. R. R. has commenced on the north and it is said will be completed by the time the bridge is ready.

A. D. Stephens took a trip to Fosston on Tuesday to see how the young metropolis bears the added honors of another newspaper.

D. D. Williams and wife, accompanied by Miss Maggie and Miss Nettie Brown, intend starting on a trip to the far west next week.

McKinnon Bros. talk of putting up an addition to their block on the two lots adjoining it on the east, which property they have purchased.

Tom Bjoin has purchased the Shapleigh lot, adjoining his Main street property, and intends to put up a three story business block on the four lots.

Wm. N. Godfrey was in from Maple Bay on Tuesday. Says he fears interest in the alliance work in Godfrey alliance is waning as but few attend the meetings.

The Northern Pacific will put on a fast train as soon as the cut-off is completed, about August 1st. It is expected to make the run to St. Paul in ten hours.

The quill-drivers return from Washington this week. "We opine" they had a good time—lots of receptions and refreshments about town and ice at the White House.

News from Tacoma announces the death of Mr. E. E. Perry, a former citizen of Crookston, and the marriage of Miss Nellie to a worthy real estate dealer of that city.

Mrs. John Hack has been seriously ill since the birth of her baby boy on Friday last but the physicians have strong hopes of her ultimate recovery. The babe did not live

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't be beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

Rev. Frederick B. Noyes, of Acton, Mass., has accepted the pastorate of the First Congregational church, and will preach his first sermon on Sunday morning next, June 22.

Rev. J. A. Fletcher, of Bothwell, Scotland, is on a vacation visit to America. He spent two days in the city last week as the guest of his old fellow-townsman, Hugh Robertson. He says Crookston is one of the finest places he has visited on his trip.

As an evidence that some business is done in our city we notice that the drays are all busy every day at something or other. Although we have a goodly number you never see one idle. This is more than can be said of many a city that makes more pretentions than ours.

W. O. Wilson and wife returned on Sunday morning from a long visit to the old home in Wisconsin. Mr. W. looks very much improved in health by the visit and says that he is glad to get back to old Polk County again. He is looking as robust as a granger and no wonder as he did a good bit of work in that line by way of recreation.

Hon. Knute Nelson was in Washington last week keeping very quiet however. He said that he is "out of politics." If he would consent to be nominated for governor he would be elected by an overwhelming majority. If the farmers are in earnest in this independant move here is a pointer. Knute Nelson could carry the State by a sure majority.

In the case of the county vs. John Langhon, indicted for stopping at a claim shanty, during the temporary absence of the owner and helping himself to the "grub stake," simply because he was hungry, the jury decided that John had been sufficiently punished and the Judge gave him a lecture upon the difference between meum and tuum and discharged him.

The ladies of the Episcopal society are preparing for a grand carnival, to be held at the Opera House, June 24th and 25th. Among the attractions will be booths representing the six working days of the week, and presided over by ladies who will offer for sale articles both useful and ornamental. There will also be a Japanese booth, in which ladies dressed in full Japanese costume will sell you anything in Japanese novelties. Ice cream and strawberries will be served during the evening. Remember the date and the place.

The Republican District Convention is called to meet at Little Falls on Thursday, Sept. 4th. Polk County is entitled to 8 delegates.

Andy Locken steps high—new policeman on the force, sort of a night watchman. Andy says the lad is a chip of the old block. All doing nicely.

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association wants to secure an agent in Vineland, Hubbard and towns along the west side. Address this office for particulars.

Mr. Donnelly, having accepted an invitation to go to Montana for July 4th, cannot be at the celebration at Maple Bay, but Dr. Fish has been written to and is expected.

The enumerators failed to finish the work of counting noses last week, and are at it red hot this week. The result will show a population not exceeding 4,000 "we opine."

Notice the call for the meeting of the Polk County Alliance on July 2d. As some of the alliances have failed to report to the Secretary he has been unable to notify such by letter.

THE JOURNAL is in receipt of the annual catalogue of the Moorhead Normal school, which shows a very properous condition of affairs. The catalogue was printed at the News office, and is a creditable job.

The jury in the case of Lanctot vs. the county, awarded Mr. L. $600 damages and then gave it as their opinion that that sum was more than the improvements would be worth, so the road will not be built through on that line. That's a sensible jury.

In the list of patents granted Northwestern inventors we see one for a car-coupler to A. N. Hopkins, our old time fellow citizen, who is now a temporary resident of Duluth. From what we have learned we judge that A. N. has a big bonanza if it is properly managed. His old friends here would rejoice to see him realize bushels of shekels.

Lumber $7.00 to $11.00. Good for roofing, sheathing, under floors, &c.

Dimension, $13.00.
Flooring at $10 and upwards.
Shiplaps at $12 and upwards.
Shingles from $1.25 to $2.75.

RED RIVER LUMBER CO.,
[9-tf] Crookston, Minn.

Knute Steenerson returned to Crookston last week after an absence of four years. He has been at Rugby Junction, N. D., at which place he now has a hardward store. He has purchased the old Stdenerson homestead in Vineland and intends to live at home in the future. Says after all old Polk County is good enough for him—is the best place he has seen in all his travels.

Red Lake Falls Gazette: Cyprien De Mers, assistant County Lecturer, was in on Wednesday enroute for Fergus Falls as deligate to the District convention. He organized an alliance at Red Lake Falls on Monday of 26 charter members. Thomas Belair was elected president and Michael Jeffers, Secretary, and John Boudron, treasurer. Red Lake Falls alliance starts in under favorable auspices.

The St. Hilaire Horse Co. met with a great misfortune on Saturday when the $2,000 Clyde they had just purchased of Brainerd Bros., of Redwood Falls, died of colic. The horse was apparently subject to attacks of colic and hence defective and no doubt the firm of whom he was purchased will replace him. Chas. A. Johnson, P. O. Hegglund, and Peter Swanson came down on Monday evening to see representative of the firm about it.

Wednesday forenoon Eddie Farley, aged about 14 years, and a little son of Mr. Lusian, aged 10 or 11 went down to the river opposite the island between Ald. Jerome's residence and the Walker mill. Eddie went into the water and attempted to swim across, but failed and sank. The other boy who had not gone in was nearly frightened out of his wits and ran to summon help. The river was thoroughly dragged and about 2:30 the body was recovered.

Farmers don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [6-tf]

The citizens of Fertile and other villages are intending to celebrate at Maple Lake. A number of our citizens were intending to join in, but upon application for an excursion train, the reply came that the Great Northern would have no cars to spare on that day, so all who go from here will have to drive. No finer place for a picnic could be had than Maple Lake affords, and all who go will doubtless have a fine time. The new steamer will prove a very attractive feature.

The Steenerson family re-union at the old homestead last Sunday was a happy event for the participants. There were gathered together under the homestead roof, Knute and family, Levi, Christopher, Halvor and family, Andrew and family, Elias and family, John, Ellen, (Mrs. Torkelson) and Annie. A photographer was taken along to take a picture of the family as they appeared in the old homestead. That the event was a happy one—long to be remembered, goes without saying.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

Not a Candidate.

In last issue of the Times, P. J. McGuire says:

"Your St. Paul correspodent is "way off" in his statement that I am a candidate for State Auditor. My friend, Mr. Lucken is a candidate for a place on the State ticket, and it will be a great pleasure to me to contribute in any way toward his success. As to myself, I may add that I am not seeking any office at the present time." Meeting Mr. McGuire on Tuesday evening we referred to his communication and said: "How are we to understand that sentence, Mac., that you are out of the field entirely? That while you are not seeking an office "just now" you may be a candidate for re-election later?" "No sir," said Mac, I meant to say that I am entirely out of the field, am not now nor will I be later a candidate for any office within the gift of the people. For some time I have been contemplating a business opening here in the city and I have positively decided to change while I fully appreciate the compliment of ten years in the office with which I have been complimented I desire to go into some permanent business and have done with the cares and worry of public life and my decision is irrevocable."

Mr. McGuire soon completes his tenth year in the office of county auditor to which he was appointed on the death of John Christianson. He found the office in a somewhat confused state but soon brought order out of chaos and for these years has made as one of the best auditors the State can boast of and now voluntarily relinquishes the office he has seen grow from a comparatively small affair to one of a magnitude second to none in the State. Always capable, courteous and gentlemanly, he has made as many friends as any man in Polk County enjoys, in fact his name in a household word in the county and very many will regret that he has decided to step down and out. This decision leaves three places to be filled by new men, Auditor, Tresurer and Sheriff. How this will effect the balance time alone will tell.

Where Is the Poundmaster?

Complaint reaches this office of stock being allowed to roam at will about the streets, and also of damage done by cows going to and coming from the herd, and we are requested to call the attention of the new poundmaster to the matter.

Juvenile Workers Organized.

A Crookston company of the "Loyal Temperance Legion" of Minnesota, was organized Saturday afternoon, June 14th, at the reading room, under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. About 40 juveniles joined this society and will meet at the reading room for instruction and military drill every Saturday at 3 p. m. All loyal boys and girls under 16, are invited to enlist in this company.

Polk County Farmers' Alliance.

CROOKSTON, June 18th, 1890.

A call is hereby made for a meeting of the Polk County Alliance, in Crookston, on Wednesday, July 2d, at 10 o'clock a. m., to adopt a constitution, consider the propriety of independent political action and other important matters. By order of

A. N. HIXSON, Secretary. G. M. SWIFT, President.

ROCKSTAD, June 10, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—At our meeting on the 9th Inst. the following resolutions were passed:

Whereas, Neither of the old parties will represent us therefore be it

Resolved, That we believe independent political action ought to be taken at once: also that candidates be pledged to our cause.

Resolved, That business meetings be held with closed doors.

Whereas, It is becoming more, and more apparent that our congress will pay no heed to demands of the farmers for aid in the form of a loan that they may save their homes from going into the hands of the usurer: therefore be it

Resolved, That we endorse the Bugle Blast of Kansas, and urge that all alliances and other farmer organizations throughout the whole country do the same.

On the same day we organized the St. Hilaire Clydesdale Horse Co., with 20 stockholders, and purchased from Brainerd and Co., of Redwood Falls, Minn., an imported thoroughbred Clydesdale stallion for $2,000. The officers of this Co. are: Peter Swenson, Pres., C. A. Johnson, Sec'y, Andrew Swanson, Treas., Geo. Turnell, manager. Board of directors; August Yonke, P. O. Hegglund and August Hoppe.

Yours Truly,
C. A. JOHNSON.

And Don't You Forget It.

Where you can secure a yield of from $6 to $8 per acre at an expense of less than ten cents per acre it is folly to neglect to do so. If the agents of the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association fail to see you don't fail to hunt one up and insure your crops. It is for your benefit.

To Whom It May Concern.

MENTOR, Polk Co. Minn., Apr. 16th, 1890. Please take notice, that without just cause or provocation, Sarah K. Swift has left my bed and board, therefore I forbid any and all persons from harboring or sheltering or feeding or trusting the said Sarah K. Swift upon my account in any way whatever, as I shall not pay any debts she may contract from this date, April 16th, 1890.

[5-8] GEORGE M. SWIFT.

(Communicated.)

LOWELL, June 14, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—Since the question of independent political action of the Farmers' Alliance is up, and will not down, permit me to say that we, at present, have quite parties enough to perform all the necessary functions of organization and preserve justice and equality before the law. Nothing is to be gained by further division, but there is much to lose. The way to enforce and make felt our just demands for representation in the legislative bodies of our country is to come up solidly and insist that all parties now in the field shall nominate men for these offices who are intelligent, straightforward, honest men who have the agricultural interests really at heart, and who realize that in building up the farming interests in any agricultural country, all business interests are benefitted. This proposition is so plain that I believe it is generally admitted. Let us then first make this demand and name the men. I firmly believe that the fair minded men who form the bulk of all parties will recognize our rights and accede to the expressed wishes of the alliance in this matter. It certainly is uncalled for and premature to take independent action until the parties now is existence refuse or ignore our wishes. We need all our strength and perseverence to carry on and succeed in this contest against monopoly, watered stock, contracted currency and kindred abuses, without wasting any in the effort to form independent organizations, unless really necessary. Let us demand our rights frankly and fearlessly, and stand by them unflinchingly; use the means at hand until found wanting, when it will be good time to find others. Perhaps this plan may not suit the scheming politician, but I do believe it will commend itself to the sound business judgment of every man seeking actual, immediate and tangible results. Yours for a free and open market anywhere and everywhere in the wide world for our products, and that immediately.

A FARMER.

Over Forty Thousand Acres.

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association has insured over 40,000 acres already, which places this company at the front in the insurance business and secures to farmers in absolutely sure guarantee against loss. Why take your own risks against the destroyer, hail, when you can at small expense guaranty yourself a crop? Be sure that you insure in the Alliance Storm Association, the strongest, the best, the cheapest in the field. See list of agents elsewhere.

HORSES.

If you need a good mare or horse come and see me. I have 15 head which must be sold at once for what they will bring. CHAS. M. LOWE,
[4-tf] The Loan Agent.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NELS MUUS,
Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818.
[5-tf]

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the dog tax must be paid by June 20th or the dogs will be disposed of in accordance with the ordinance in such case made and provided. LOUIS GONYEA.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILK, Comptroller.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, ying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.

MOE & BUHN.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2.50
Fife	2.25
Skip Jack	1.60

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN. - - - MINN

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 "
Milk Cans at 50 cents.
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.
Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Scythe and Snath 1.25
Screen Doors at 1.00
Large stock of Mixed Paints.
Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

—AT—

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers.

25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price

6c.

Ginghams.

25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price

7c.

Henriettas.

20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price

25c.

Striped Serges.

10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price

48c.

Sicelletta.

In all the new shades, 42 inches wide. would be cheap at $1. Next week's price

72 1-2c.

Sateens.

Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price

25c.

A good Carpet for	50c
A good apron	25c
Blouse waists	50c
Blouse waist Ties	10c
Fast black Hose	10c
Jersey ribbed vests	10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Glove	$1.00

A good carpet	25c
" ingrain carpet	40c
" lace Curtain	$1.50 per pair

A full line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE Board of Review of the City of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, will meet at the City Hall, in said city, on Monday, the twenty-third day of June, 1890, (being the fourth Monday in June,) for the purpose of receiving and correcting the assessment of said city for the year 1890. All persons considering themselves aggrieved by said assessment, or who wish to complain that the property of another is assessed too low, are hereby notified to appear at said meeting, and show cause for having such assessment corrected.

No complaint that another person is assessed too low will be acted upon until the person so assessed, or his agent, shall have been notified of such complaint, if a resident of the county.

June 6th, 1890.

HENRY WIGHT,
[8-9] Assessor of the City of Crookston.

W. A. ROBERTSON,

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN APITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashie

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. D. Northrop. A. A. Miller
E. N. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota.

The undersigned, B. J. Duntley, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building on lots 22, 23 and 24, block 16, in original townsite of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 18th, 1890.

B. J. DUNTLEY.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

DETROIT SURE GRIP Steel Tackle Block

HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Contractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvements EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

Fulton Iron and Engine Works,
Estab. 1852. 10 Brush St., Detroit, Mich

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

HAIL INSURANCE !

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND ACRES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "
A. Boddy	Edna "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "
C. L. Lanmon	McIntosh "
Simon Kjelhaug,	Fosston P. O.
W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
Otto F. Buse	St. Hilaire "
K. Rollag,	Gossen "
W. G. Hunt,	King P. O.

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

An early State convention is a grand thing—maybe.

Such men as Hodgson, Canning, Atwood, and that crowd—disappointed politicians, are not safe leaders in so important a movement as the Farmers' Alliance, and they should be relegated to the rear. We cannot afford to jeopordize our important interests to gratify their desire for revenge.

The Great West:—The Minn. Alliance Storm Association, the Hail and Cyclone Insurance Company of the Minnesota Alliance, is doing a very large business.

One agent sent in 2,000 acres in one day. There are 150 agents in the field. So far they have covered over 40,000 acres—and the prospect is good for 150,000. Robert Eckford, the Secretary, has his office at 758 Wabasha St., in the publishing house of the Great West. Every incorporator and every member of the board of this company is an alliance man, and a majority of the board are on the executive committee of the state alliance.

INDEPENDENCE.

The present attitude of the farmers shows an awakening to the importance of the duties of self-government which has never before been manifested by them in this State. By the very nature of their calling, demanding the most of their time in the field, they have been handicapped and this fact has given schemers a golden opportunity that they have not been slow to take advantage of. Had farmers always been so fully alive to their interests they would have paid more attention to the important work of the primaries, sending only their tried and true members into the conventions to elect their officers, and the occupation of the professional schemer in politics would not have been so well worked as it has been. This awakening to their sacred interests is one of the best evidences of progress that has been seen for a long time and if properly conducted, will result in great good to agricultural interests, but if their action is allowed to be controlled by either one of the dominant political parties the result will be disastrous, and here is the danger, for both parties are anxious to control the farmer vote, or at least to turn it to its own advantage. At present this sentiment is divided as to how this independence is to be managed so as to result in the accomplishment of the object sought. While all are united on the essential idea of independence in action, some think it can only be accomplished by cutting loose entirely from the old parties while, on the other hand, others affirm with equal force that this new born independence should be used to dictate to and control the actions of the old established parties. Whatever is the outcome, THE JOURNAL sincerely hopes that the farmers will make no mistakes, for the time is at hand when they must have a change in the market system, and any move that failed to secure the control of the next Legislature, means to many the loss of all the property they have. We are positive that they can absolutely control the situation if they will, just as firmly as we believe that they can give the advantage they possess to one of the old parties. The question is one of so vital moment that all should deeply consider every step so that no ruinous measures may be adopted.

The Fifth District Alliance.

The Fifth District Farmers' Alliance convened at Fergus Falls on Thursday, June 12th, with president R. J. Hall, of Stevens County in the chair. The morning session was taken up by committee work and addresses by Eric Olson, F. C. Hodgson. Nine alliances from Polk County were represented. After the report of the committee on credentials which was made immediately after dinner, the great criminal lawyer, W. W. Erwin, made an eloquent speech urging the formation of an independent party. He said that from the very nature of the case Gov. Merriam is not in true sympathy with farmers as he was educated a banker and that farmers should nominate and elect a farmer as Governor. He was followed by S. M. Owens, editor of Farm, Stock & Home, who in an eloquent address urged the necessity for government control of railroads. In the evening officers were elected and the subject of placing in nomination a congressman was discussed. After tendering the nomination to R. J. Hall, Chas. Canning, W. F. Kelso, Gen'l Barret and others, Kittel Halverson, of Stevens County, was nominated by a large majority. Mr. H. emphatically declined the honor, but the nomination was allowed to stand. Mr. Hall's friends urged the re-election of that gentleman at president "as an endorsement" of that gentleman's distinguished services, but the friends of Mr. Donnelly could not overlook Hall's treatment of the State Lecturer, and emphatically declined to endorse such actions. Henry Plowman, of Otter Tail Co., was elected President, and G. M. Swift, of Polk, R. M. Probstfield, of Clay, and F. D. Smith, of Stevens, vice-presidents; Louis Hanson, of Clay, secretary; A. D. Gaines, of Douglas, treasurer, and Milo Camp, of Stevens, lecturer. The following is a synopsis of the resolutions adopted:

The attention of the American people is called to the fact that the government is not what our fathers founded, but the supreme court, nominated at the behests of railroads and corporations. That we emphatically denounce the action of our representative in congress, that while knowing that the so-called McKinley bill is unjust and injurious to the constituency he represents, he still supported and voted for it, putting party and caucus dictation above the interest of the people, and has thereby demonstrated that he is an unfit representative of this great congressional district. One of our senators is reported by the public press as favoring the bill for the relief of the Union and Central Pacific railroads. The senator was chosen by the people of Minnesota to defend their rights against corporate aggression. We recommend that he carefully read his speech on modern feudalism. We also request a change of the present system of electing the most important officers of the country, and especially of the United States senators, and ask our representatives in congress and legislatures to change the law, that the president and all other important officers be elected by a direct vote of the people. All forms of discriminations, including passes, transit rates and discrimination in terminal charges must cease. The humblest citizen must have the use of the tracks on the same terms as the most powerful. These rights are essential to the liberties of the people. We regard the elevator system as one of the chief obstructions to a free and open market of our grain, as well as a direct means by which the gambling in grain is made possible. We urgently recommend to the farmers of this state that they will use every practical means possible to ship their own grain to the markets of the world, either loading on track, or wherever possible and practicable operate and maintain co-operative private warehouses with our own men to take care of grain at terminal points. We denounce the proposition recommended by the attorney general and the railway commissioners providing for condemnatory proceedings before building grain houses at the local stations, as an attempt virtually to license country grain houses. We favor the present law, which requires all railway companies to make connections with all grain houses regardless of size or number at all regular stations and demands its faithful enforcement. We maintain that the free shipment of grain from side tracks and the right to construct warehouses without regard to capacity contiguous to the railway tracks at all local stations, must not be abridged. This is essential to an open market, and any attempt to limit their number or control them by either state or railway regulation limits the number of dealers, and therefore destroys a free market. The demand that the next legislature shall make a mileage schedule of grain rates based upon the rates now existing on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad between Graceville and Chicago. That option gambling on boards of trade should be abolished, and we ask the state legislature and congress to pass such laws as shall make all such transactions a criminal offense.

Resolved, That all districts call their legislative nominating conventions at once.

Resolved, That the Australian system be adopted throughout the state.

Resolved that prohibition be submitted to a vote of the people.

Resolved, That the past has revealed the fact that it will injure our prospects of redress by supporting either of the old parties, but that on the contrary we feel it a matter of compulsion to nominate a candidate to represent this district in congress, but that we must nominate a man from our own ranks whose interests are identical with ours.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, July 18th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the city of St. Paul on the 24th day of July, 1890, and also for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention, to be held at Little Falls, September 4th, 1890, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to cooperate in the election of delegates.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Brislet	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	2
Columbia	2	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	3	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	2	Polk Center	3
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	1	Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
Town of Crookston	2	" " "—town	1
Eden	1	Rice	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	3
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	St. Hilaire	2
Grand Forks	2	Sanders	2
Garden	4	Sandsville	3
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sletten	3
Gervais	1	Sullivan	3
Gentilly	2	Tabor	1
Godfrey	3	Terrebonne	2
Grove Park	2	Tilden	2
Hammond	1	Tynsid	2
Higdem	2	Vineland	2
Hill River	3	Winger	3
Hubbard	3	Woodside	3
Huntsville	2	Wyandotte	2
Keystone	2	Total	157
Kertsonville	1		
King	3		
Knute	3		

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resoved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

Resolved, That at the several caucuses at which the above delegates are elected, the voters present are hereby urgently requested to elect a local committee of three members for the ensuing two years, and report the names and post office address of such committeemen, to the Secretary of the County Committee, by mail or on the day of holding the convention.

The foregoing call was agreed upon by the Republican County Committee at a meeting held in the City of Crookston, June 10th, 1890.

A. R. HOLSTON, Secretary.
H. E. COOKE, Chairman.

The Republican State Convention, to nominate Merriam for Governor, will be held in St. Paul on July 24th, 1890. Polk County is entitled to 8 Merriam supporters and a hired man is abroad in the county making them.

The Executive Committee of the Farmers' Alliance met in St. Paul on Monday and issued a call for a meeting of the State Alliance, to be held in St. Paul on Wednesday, July 16th, to decide upon independent action and to nominate a ticket if it is so determined.

Dakota Ruralist:—As Ignatius Donnelly happily remarked in his Decoration day address at Duluth: "We need soldiers to-day who will face, not only bullets, but purchased ballots, obloquy, denunciation, personal and political ostracism, in defense of liberty and justice. All good men should unite to serve the essentials of the nation—those innermost spirits which make this republic indeed the greatest gift of God to mankind." We need them on the picket line where they can best guard the approach of the enemy which seeks to corrupt the very fountain head—the primary meetings. There is no favor they will not promise if you will let them name the delegates elected at the primary meetings. They ask for no other favor. Trust them not. Trust only honest men with the interest of the people. Those who will sacrifice principle for success are not worthy representatives.

Good Work.

The Minnesota Storm Association has insured 10,000 acres against hail already and the season has scarcely opened as yet. A few more agents for Polk County yet wanted. Address H. E. Cooke, JOURNAL office for particulars.

The coming meeting of the Polk County Alliance on July 2d bids fair to be one of the most important in its history. THE JOURNAL has no axe to grind and is therefore in a position to take an independent stand, an impartial view of existing facts. Our sole object, our only ambition, our sincere wish in this agitation is that out of it will come a free and independent market for our wheat, and we firmly believe that the farmers are masters of the situation and can control—as they certainly should. This question is one that demands the sober earnest thought of men, for upon its solution may depend and we believe does depend the very object of the formation of the alliance in Polk County. Whatever object others may have what we stand in perishing need of is a free and open wheat market—the control of the Legislature will give us that as soon as that body convenes and if we are great enough to grasp the only SURE way of getting that we shall not have labored in vain. Just as soon as we adopt a course that will jeopardize our chances then we occupy dangerous ground. Before we decide to adopt a plan we should be absolutely sure that it will bring the needed relief, for what good will it do those who will be ruined for a lack of an open wheat market if the Alliance decides to take a step that will defeat the object, in order that in the sweet bye and bye they may be independent? Soberly and sincerely ask yourselves how you and your families are to live several years more under the present monopoly that rules our wheat market? BE INDEPENDENT but only in such a way as to make you masters of the field not followers of some sorehead, who having, like Canning and Atwood and Hodgson et. al., been defeated for some office or other now seeks revenge and are bound to have if they have to defeat a free and open wheat market to get it. Let your better judgement rule in the matter, as you are confronted by a crisis such as you have never before met, and an ill-advised movement, a hasty action, if it should prevent a free and open wheat market means absolute ruin for hundreds. That question to-day is the living issue—far more important to the people of this county than any other that confronts us and we believe that on the manner in which Polk County Alliance answers that question on July 2d hangs trembling the future welfare of Polk County farmers for years. THE JOURNAL has always advocated an open wheat market and is with the farmers now and ever more on that question. That victory lies within our grasp we are positive if we are satisfied with that and do not try to grasp at shadows. Knowing as we have the means to know the position of affairs we should be wholly false to the trust imposed in us if we did not caution our farmer friends to be careful—to be true to their most vital interests and to let moderation prevail in all their deliberations.

"Peterson" for July begins a new volume, and is an unusually good number. The steel engraving "Celebrating the Day" is exquisite, and the story, "Hilda's Fourth of July," which it illustrates, is worthy of the picture. The many fashion illustrations and needlework designs give the newest things in customs and patterns. An illustrated article on "Turkish Women of To-day," is full of interest and useful information, as is a capitally written paper, "Imprisoned Rainbows," the first of a series of articles on precious stones. "The Phaeton of Lampasas" by Howard Seely, is one of the very best of this popular writer's tales of Texan life, and there are various other stories and sketches by favorite authors. "Baby's First Outfit" will interest every mother. Long acquaintance with this favorite magazine enables us to cordially recommend it to our lady readers. Try it for the balance of the year. Terms, one dollar for six months. A sample copy will be sent for 5 cents. Address, Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia.

INTRODUCTION !

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock

—OF—

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL & COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A STURE

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

O. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
Max Ericsson. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington J. H. Locken, O. Hendrickson.
A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - - MINN.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIG OF THE BIG IJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store.!

H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee.

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CARL E. STEEL, AN UNMARried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, his mortgage bearing date of June 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 8, Township 154, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 167; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 08-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty and 08-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred seven and 08-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 2d day of August A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 14th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.
[9-15]

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JUNE 19, 1890.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

Leave.		Arrive.
Passenger,	9:25 p. m.	5:40 a. m.
Freight,	7:30 a. m.	7:30 p. m.

North Line.

6:30 a. m.	8,50 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	5:50 a. m.	9:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:50 p. m.	7:00 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

Notice to Sewer Contractors.

CITY OF CROOKSTON,
County of Polk, State of Minnesota.

Specifications and Contracts for the construction of a sewer on Third street from Main Street to connect with the easterly end of the present old sewer and Main street from Third to Second street and Second street from Main street to Broadway and Broadway street from Second street to Fletcher street. Have been examined by the City Council and the City Clerk directed to advertise for bids June 10, 1890.

SEALED BIDS

for doing the above work endorsed with the name of the person or persons making the same, will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 o'clock m. on July 1st, 1890, on which day said bids will be opened by City Council, they reserving the right to reject any all bids.

Dated June 11, 1890.

E. C. CARRUTH

[9-10] City Clerk.

Bids for City Printing.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,
Crookston, June 12th, 1890.

Sealed bids will be received by the City Council of the City of Crookston until July 8th, 1890, for the purpose of doing all the city printing and furnishing stationery for the ensuing year. The council reserves the right to reject any or all Bids. By order of the City Council.

E. C. CARRUTH,

[9 11] City Clerk.

Ordinance.

The City Council of the City of Crookston do ordain as follows:

That section one chapter five of the ordinances of the city of Crokston be amended so that it reads as follows:

Section 1. There shall be two public pounds in the city of Crookston to be located by the city council, one on the north side and the other on the south side of the Red Lake River and the pound keepers thereof shall hold office for one year. [9-10]

FOR SALE

OR TO BE

GIVEN AWAY!

- 1 two or three horse Drag.
- 1 Broadcast Seeder.
- 1 twelve shoe Seeder. (Cheap.)
- 1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
- 2 No. 11 Seeder Sickles.
- 2 pair Buggy Shafts.
- 2 Gang Plows.
- 1 twelve inch Riding Gang.
- 8 Mowers.
- 2 Hay Rakes.
- 2 fourteen inch Walking Plows.
- 1 Osborne steel frame Binder.
- 1 Minneapolis steel frame Binder.
- 1 twelve horse Giant Engine.
- 1 Tank Pump.
- 1,500 good Oak Posts.
- 1 Buggy.

☞ Will trade any kind of machinery for horses.

CHAS. M. LOW,

[52-tf] THE LOAN AGENT.

To Rent.

For store or saloon purposes, my building on Main street, known as Lefebvre's place. For particulars address Joe Veronneau.

[3-tf] M. LEFEBVRE.

Standard Works.

Wm. Clements has novels from such standard authors as Dickens, Thackeroy, Scott, Pope, Charlotte Bronte, Cooper etc., etc. Those books are solidly and neatly bound in cloth and are sold at prices that are the lowest ever offered in this city. What an elegant Christmas present you can get for a very small cost. Don't fail to see these books and get prices. [31-tf]

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

TAKEN UP!

Came to my premises on or about May 29th, 1890, one dark bay mare, with one white hind foot, weight about 1,800 lbs. The owner is requested to call, pay charges and take her away.

L. H. WALKER,

On Parger farm, about 1½ miles east of Crookston. [7-9]

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston nurseries, will sell trees, seeds and small fruits at lowest market prices. Send for catalogue or call at nursery. [2-tf]

Applications for Liquor License.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, John L. Hanson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the 1st day of July, 1890, to June 30th, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building on lot 2, block 5, Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 11th, 1890.

JOHN L. HANSON,
By Ernest J. Hanson.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, O. C. Erickson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows. In the one story frame building situated on Main street, on lot 9, block 3, Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston., Minn., June 10th, 1890.

O. C. ERICKSON.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, August Wentzel, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two and one-half story frame building on lot 12, block 15, townsite of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

AUGUST WENTZEL.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Page and Benoit, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to them to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On lot 12, block 5, in Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

PAGE & BENOIT.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Oliver Mercil, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On lots 17 and 18, block 6, in Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston, county of Polk, State of Minnesota. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

OLIVER MERCIL.

TO THE CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Max Eriesson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: Lot 2, block 4, Main street. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said City of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

MAX ERIESSON.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Austin Bros., hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the 1st day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the frame building on lot 2, block 6, in Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston, Main street. Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

AUSTIN BROS.

TO THE CITY COUNCIL, of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Wilson & Thompson, hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: McKinnon Block, Main street. Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinance of said City of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

WILSON & THOMPSON.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND COMMON Council of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Ernest Rolsch, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the building situated on the west 25 feet of lots 21, 22, 23 and 24, block 16, Original Townsite of the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

ERNEST ROLSCH.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND COMMON Council of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Jas. A. Bemis, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the building known as the Commercial Hotel, situated on the corner of Broadway and Second street. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

JAMES A. BEMIS.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, John W. O'Brien, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: The two story frame building situated on lot 6, block 5, Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city Crookston, on Robert street, in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

JOHN W. O'BRIEN.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Fred G. Rauch, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building on lot 3, block 4, Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

FRED G. RAUCH.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Louis M. Bergquist, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: The one and one-half story frame building situated on lot 9, block 3, in Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the townsite of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

LOUIS M. BERGQUIST.

TO THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, William Heidrick, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the one story frame building on lot 7, block 2, original townsite of the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

WM. HEIDRICK.

TO THE CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, N. Rapin, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building on lot 5, block 1, Main street, original townsite. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

N. RAPIN.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, C. C. Hoch, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: The two story frame building situated on lot 3, block 4, original townsite of Crookston, on Main street, in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minn. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

C. C. HOCH.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Lewis B. Feran, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building situated on lots 22, 23 and 24, block 16, original townsite of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston, and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

LEWIS B. FERAN.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANK KLUZAK AND MARY Kluzak, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of fourth day of June, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 419; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six and 80-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from and thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand fourteen and 89-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

—o—

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, MICHAEL STENGL AND Polly Stengl, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter and lots three (3), and four (4), Section 31, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 169 48-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of March, A. D. 1886, at 11:25 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 123; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy-six dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of ten hundred sixty-nine and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890]

WHEREAS, EMIRI PAGE AND EMERende Page, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of December 21st, A. D. 1886, whereby they Mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 20, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 309; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred six and 91-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, Limited,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, OLIVIER DEMERS AND Adelle Demers, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage, bearing date of November 28th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1885, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 63; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 38-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee,

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York; their mortgage bearing date of April 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 155; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 15th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB; Attorney for Mortgagee.
[3-9] Crookston Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CHARLES DERUSHIA AND Mary D. Derushia, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of first day of April, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 389; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand two hundred ten and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite

Wm. Anglim's residence.

[First publication June 5th 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court. General term, June 2d, 1890. In the matter of the estate of Tollef Thorensen, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Andrew Thompson, administrator with will annexed of the estate of Tollef Thorsen, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court on Tuesday, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 2d day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,

[7-9] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 22d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 165 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY.
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 8th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, dated November 17th, A. D. 1888, made by Clara M. Howes and Joseph W. Howes, her husband, to Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, a domestic corporation, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1888, in book 41 of mortgages, pages 67 and 68, conveying and mortgaging the following described premises situated in said county of Polk, to-wit: Lots seven (7), eight (8), and nine (9), block fifty-nine (59), in original townsite of Thief River Falls, Polk County, Minnesota, as it appears upon the recorded plat thereof in the office of said Register of Deeds, on which there is claimed to be due and unpaid and is due and unpaid at the date hereof $2,105, for interest and principal secured by said mortgage and for attorney's and solicitor's fees as therein conditioned. And default having been made in the payment of the principal sum at maturity, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum; and said mortgage containing a power, therewith recorded, authorizing a foreclosure of said mortgage in case of said default, and no proceedings at law or equity having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and foreclosure now having become operative, and pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises at public auction, at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in said county, on Friday the 27th day of June, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day to satisfy the sum herein claimed due, together with all the costs and charges of foreclosure.

Crookston, Minn., May 8th, 1890.

WILLFORD AND NORTHWAY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, BY J. L. WILLFORD, President,
Mortgagee.

E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-9] 313 Nicollet Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS MARCHILDON and Amand Marchildon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 2:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 57, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 96-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 23d, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES NILSON AND Charlotta Nilson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of 17th day of July, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southeast quarter of Section 24, Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range 45; also lot 4, in Section 19, and lots 1 and 2 in Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing one hundred and sixty-three and 90-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 213; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred twenty-six and 45-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated November 16th, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, November 17th, 1888, in book 40 of mortgages, page 510, whereby William L. Davies and Sarah C. Davies, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153), of range forty-seven (47), in Polk county, Minnesota, by which default the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date hereof, $551.88.

Now, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said power, said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on July 19th, 1890, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house, in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated May 31st, 1890.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, (SEAL)
By Rob't N. Jackson, President.

Lee J. Lockwood & Co., Mortgagee.
Attorneys.

[7-13]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, HENRY DAVEY AND NETTIE Davey, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of December 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter, the east half of southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter Section seven (7) Township one hundred and forty-seven, (147) Range forty-four (44) west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 301; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eleven hundred eighty-two and 01-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 31st, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY.
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[7-13] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, June 11th, 1890 In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Bent Erickson, of said county, representing, among other things that Peder Benson, late of Polk County, on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1881, at Fairfax, in said county, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the father of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to O. C. Bergland granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court on Monday, the 14th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:— C. O. CHRISTIANSON,

[9-12] Judge of Probate.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JUNE 26, 1890. NO. 10.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

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—THE—

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TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

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CHAS. S. FEE, Genl. Pass. Agent St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

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GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. G. N. R. L.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT, ATTY'S-AT-LAW, McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention for the State of Minnesota will be held on Thursday, July 24th, 1890, in Market Hall, in the city of St. Paul, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions:

Governor,
Lieutenant Governor,
Secretary of State,
Auditor of State,
State Treasurer,
Attorney General,
Clerk of the Supreme Court.

And for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago, in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to co-operate in the election of delegates.

Polk County is entitled to eight delegates.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That each county polling 500 or more votes for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, shall be entitled to two delegates at large; those polling less than 500 votes, one delegate at large; within each county one additional delegate for every 500 votes cast for President in 1888 and one delegate for fraction over one hundred.

The foregoing call agreed upon by the Republican State Central Committee at a meeting held in St. Paul, Wednesday, May 14th, 1890.

STANFORD NEWEL, Chairman.
JOEL P. HEATWOLE, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, July 18th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the city of St. Paul on the 24th day of July, 1890, and also for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention, to be held at Little Falls, September 4th, 1890, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to co-operate in the election of delegates.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Brislet	1	North	2
Bygland	3	Northland	2
Columbia	1	Norden	1
City E. Grand Forks	2	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	1
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	3	Polk Center	2
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	3	Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
Town of Crookston	2	" —town	1
Eden	1	Rice	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	St. Hilaire	2
Grand Forks	2	Sanders	2
Garden	1	Sandsville	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sletten	3
Gervais	1	Sullivan	2
Gentilly	2	Tabor	1
Godfrey	3	Terrebonne	2
Grove Park	2	Tilden	2
Hammond	1	Tynsid	2
Higdem	2	Vineland	2
Hill River	3	Winger	3
Hubbard	3	Woodside	3
Huntsville	2	Wyandotte	2
Keystone	2		
Kelsonville	1	Total	157
King	3		
Knute	3		

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

Resolved, That at the several caucuses at which the above delegates are elected, the voters present are hereby urgently requested to elect a local committee of three members for the ensuing two years, and report the names and post office address of such committeemen, to the Secretary of the County Committee, by mail or on the day of holding the convention.

The foregoing call was agreed upon by the Republican County Committee at a meeting held in the City of Crookston, June 10th, 1890.

A. R. HOLSTON, Secretary.
H. E. COOKE, Chairman.

THE CALL.

For a Meeting of the State Farmers' Alliance.

To Be Held in St. Paul on Wednesday, July 16th.

The following call is issued by the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance:

ST. PAUL, June 18, 1890.

To the Subordinate Alliances of the State of Minnesota: In compliance with your instructions, the executive committee of the State Farmers' Alliance have called a delegate meeting of the state alliance, to meet at the capitol in St. Paul, on July 16th, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the consideration of the grave questions that confront, not only you, but the people of the United States. For many years great aggregations of capital have combined and conspired to absorb to themselves the wealth of the nation. Railroad companies have issued millions of dollars of watered stock, on which you have been taxed directly to pay interest in the way of enhanced passenger and freight rates. Recently a committee appointed by the United States Senate to investigate the Union and Central Pacific railroads reported favorably a proposition to refund their bonds at a nominal rate of interest and allow them more than a century in which to pay them. These roads were absolutely built with the people's land and money and presented to their present owners. No such gigantic scheme to rob the people was ever before seriously contemplated by any civilized nation. Yet on that committee sat a man whom you elected to the United States senate as the champion of the people's rights, and who first won popular support by a lecture upon "Modern Feudalism," now by him wholly repudiated. Very recently a United States judge invaded a sovereign state, accompanied by an assassin, who murdered a citizen of that state. The supreme court stepped in and rescued the assassin, declaring in such cases the law of the state against murder was of no avail. The state of New-York condemned a murderer to death according to a law enacted by its legislature. A judge of the supreme court of the United States reached out his hand and took that criminal, that murderer, under his protection, declaring that a state could not punish its own murderers, except by permission and in the manner prescribed by a federal court.

The state of Minnesota created a railroad commission to stand between the people and the roads to prevent the latter from exacting extortionate rates. These roads are the creation of the State and hold their charters from the state. Yet this same supreme court has decided that these creations are greater than their creator; that a part is greater than the whole; that the state who made the roads has no power to regulate and govern them until they get permission from the autocratic tribunal of the American republic.

In the case of the law prohibiting the sale of the dressed beef, which your legislature passed to protect the public health, this same court has enacted the role of the schoolmaster and descended to administer a lecture to your legislature, charging them with insincerity and lying in that they justified the law on the ground of protecting the public health, when, in reality, the object of the law was something else. The Dred Scott decision rendered the name of Taney infamous for the reason that it made slavery national and compelled freemen to become slave-catchers. These judges aspire to even a greater sublimity of infamy, because their decisions contemplate the enslavement of the whole American people. A long series of other indictments, as illustrated in the present unequal and unjust system of taxation, in the growth of trusts and combines, in the varied injustices of railroad corporation, in the corrupting power of money in politics, in the wicked demonetization of silver and the shrinkage of the currency, in the monstrous growth of protection and class legislation in the McKinley bill, where protection has gone mad in the advance to prohibitive duties. No party has had the courage to undertake to free us from these and kindred evils, but are rather responsible for these impositions; therefore we organize to resist and free ourselves.

Farmers of Minnesota, if you are free men and can appreciate the liberty sought to be established in this republic of our fathers, and propose in your hearts to resist these, and like aggressions upon liberty and property, then let each subordinate and county alliance send one delegate to the convention called at the capitol in St. Paul, July 16, and place in nomination candidates of such high character and free from the demoralizing influences of "boodle" as will command the support of the intelligent and patriotic voters of this state.

Signed:
President—R. J. HALL, Morris.
Vice Presidents—
1st Dist.—HON. J. J. FURLONG.
2d Dist.—D. P. LISTER.
3d Dist.—H. V. POORE.
4th Dist.—A. L. STROMBERG.
5th Dist.—HON. J. B. HOMPE.
Secretary—HON. JOHN LATHROP.
Treasurer—HON. H. P. BJORGE.
State Lecturer—HON. I. DONNELLY.
Executive Committee.

Mr. Loucks on the Sub-Treasury Bill.

Farmer and Breeder.

In your issue of April 5th, I note an article opposing our sub-treasury bill. Knowing full well your earnest desire to assist our farmers, I can only attribute your opposition to your not having given sufficient thought to the subject. The principle of the bill is not a new one. It has been successfully tried in France, and has been in operation in our own country for many years. The national banker can take government bonds, deposit them, and receive 90 per cent. of their par value in national bank bills. The silver miner can deposit his bullion with the United States Treasurer, and receive silver certificates for its full value. Even the whiskey distiller can deposit his whiskey in government storehouses and receive a certificate that is readily negotiable. In none of these cases do the parties pay any interest or expenses for storage, etc. As you will see by our bill we propose paying all expenses in connection with the business, as well as sufficient interest to pay for expense of issuing and redeeming the certificates. We do not ask to burden any other class to sustain our industry. It is because of this modesty of the farmers in making demands that we have received so little attention in the past and ridicule at present, when we ask to be treated almost but not quite as well as the more favored classes. I know of no state in the Union that would be helped as much by such a measure as North Dakota. Its benefits will be three-fold. First, it will necessitate a system of grading uniform throughout the nation and not subject to change in the different States through which it passes to market. 2nd. Farmers can secure the 80 per cent. advance at a reasonable rate of interest, and not be forced to rush their wheat to market in sixty days, glutting the market and depressing prices. It will also enable the railroads to handle the crop better, by giving them a longer season in which to haul it. 3d. and most important, it will increase the volume of currency and enhance the price of all farm products and labor. The details of the bill may be in a crude shape, and will undoubtedly be changed as discussion brings forth the weak points, and kindly criticism is invited on the part of our friends. We wish, though, that they would carefully read the bill first, so that they would make no mistakes. Now, as to some of your objections. It is not contemplated in the bill to establish warehouses in every county, but only in counties where they have grown grain or cotton to the value of $500,000. (I am in favor of a more liberal extension.) I cannot see where you see the extra handling, as the proposed warehouse would take the place of the present elevator. There can be no more difficulty in adjusting the accounts for the 20 per cent. than there is under the present system. We (The Alliance Elevator Co.,) have this season advanced 80 per cent. on a large quantity of wheat stored with us, and have found no difficulty in adjusting the balance, whether the market went up or down. This is a matter of detail that can be satisfactorily arranged. The owner of the certificate can send his certificate for sale to any agent he chooses. I am not an authority on handling grain, but have some knowledge of it, and cannot imagine where the increased cost of 3 to 5 per cent. can possibly come in, and would like to see the figures for it. Certainly one elevator at a station could handle the crop cheaper than half a dozen as at present. The pooling and closing up of elevators at stations where there is a short crop is an example of economy taken by our elevator men. Under the present system the business is done for the profit to be made out of it. Under the proposed system there would be no profit to make, and charges will only be sufficient to cover actual expense of labor. I would be willing to wager that the expert who furnished you the data on which the article is founded does not employ "superintendents, cashiers, book-keepers, clerks, weighers, porters, watchmen, etc." to the number of twenty-five in conducting his elevator, and why should we, the government. Don't you think this a slight exaggeration? a straining of a point on the other side? It is so different from your treatment of subjects pertaining to farming interests that I am satisfied you did not write it, and am constrained to believe that it slipped in during your absence. I enclose you copy of the sub-treasury bill, hoping that when you have carefully studied it you will be with us in its advocacy.

Yours fraternally,
H. L. LOUCKS.

Condition of Wheat.

Western Rural.

Winter wheat reports from all portions of the West fail to show material improvement since May 1, says a report. Reports from Tennessee show that the crop is running down every day, that it will be very short in straw, small heads, and generally uneven, ragged and sickly in appearance. Fifty per cent. of a crop is the present indication. In some sections of Texas the wheat crop is almost an entire failure, and the ground is now being planted to cotton and corn. In Southwestern Kentucky, early wheat is just beginning to head; some is in bloom, but a large proportion of the late sown wheat shows the effect of the fly and chinch bug, with a prospect for not over half a crop. In Northern Kentucky the appearance of wheat indicates some improvement, as it has taken on a greener and more healthy appearance. There has been a great deal of rain this spring, more than usual, and the ground is still wet and heavy, and not in good condition to make large crops of any kind of grain. Northern Missouri reports that wheat is not anywhere near headed as yet. The weather so far this month has been very cold and dry and the crop has not held its own. In the central portion of the State the lack of moisture is cutting the prospects down. Southern Missouri reports, on the whole, are better, rains have fallen and wheat is heading. Central and Southern Kansas report wheat more or less spotted. Kansas needs at present warm weather and good soaking rains to insure a crop of Winter wheat. Only local rains have fallen during the month.

In Southern Michigan the weather has been cold and wet with one or two frosts which, however, did no particular damage. Wheat is now from six to twelve inches high. Growing wheat in this important locality of the State, as a whole, looks well. A few fields are poor, but the general average is good. In Southern Ohio wheat is barely holding its own. Frequent rains there should have had some improvement. Northern Indiana reports little improvement in growing wheat for the last thirty days; twenty per cent of the wheat has been plowed up. All things considered, prospects are forty per cent below a year ago at this time. The Central Indiana situation is about the same as in the Northern portion of the State. At many interior points small mills are out of wheat and paying the farmers $1 a bushel for it.

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!

LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES ETC. ETC. ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARRANTEED. AT BOTTOM PRICES. SAAKE

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER……Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE……Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD……Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)……Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER……Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE……Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD……Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE……Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE……Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG……Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY……Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP……Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN……Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY……Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL……Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties. Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

Minnesota Alliance Storm Association.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
758 Wabasha Street,
St. Paul, Minn., June 20, 1890.

To the Agents of the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association: Our rapidly increasing business shows that our efforts to give the farmers cheap and reliable hail and cyclone insurance has been appreciated. Our business is growing rapidly in strength and favor, not only because the officers and directors are composed entirely of alliance men and known to be honest and reliable, and striving to keep down the expenses of the company so as to reduce the cost of insurance, but to the energy and ability of our agents, who are mostly the alliance lecturers, working to build up the alliance, unite the farmers, and give them cheap and reliable insurance at actual cost. The business of the company at its home office (Great West office) in St. Paul is conducted in the most economical manner and expenses are kept down to the lowest possible limit. Now is the time for agents to rustle. Crops are looking fine and give promise of a large yield, and no farmer can possibly afford to run the risk of losing his entire crop by hail when the cost of insurance is so cheap. See every man in your vicinity and show him plainly that we are officially recognized and endorsed by the executive committee of the State alliance. The following letter from John Lathrop, Secretary of the State Alliance, will explain itself:

"I beg to add that the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association is also an Alliance Company duly authorized and endorsed by a majority of the Executive Committee. I myself am a director in the company, and am personally acquainted with the balance of the Board and Officers, and have full faith in their reliability and honesty.

JOHN LATHROP,
State Secretary.

Remember, we take any one, whether members of the alliance or not—if they comply with the requirements of the by-laws.

R. ECKFORD, Sec.

Carleton College Commencement.

The usual anniversaries connected with the closing of the college year in this institution, occurred June 7th to 12th. On the first date came the exhibition of the Musical Department, whose various lines of instruction—pipe-organ, piano, voice, etc.—were well presented by the pupils and graduates. On Sunday morning President Strong preached the baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class. It was a discourse able, eloquent and practical, upon the eighth verse of the second chapter of Colossians. In the evening of the same day the annual missionary address was given by Rev. Dr. S. H. Howe, of Norwich, Conn. On Monday evening the prize contests of the Preparatory Department were held, Miss C. A. Garlichs, of St. Joseph, Mo., winning the declamation prize, and Miss F. E. Snell, of Inkster, N. D., the essay prize. On Tuesday evening came the prize debates of the Junior and Freshman classes. In the Junior debate on the postal telegraph scheme of Mr. Wannamaker, H. E. Carleton, of Hartford, Conn., was the winner. In the Freshman debate on the eight-hour movement, the prize was devided between Miss F. L. Fitch, of Hastings, and Miss B. E. Brewer, of St. Charles. Wednesday morning brought athletic contests; Wednesday afternoon, the class-day exercise, and Wednesday evening, the Alumni banquet, each in its own way, highly entertained and enjoyable. Thursday was Commencement Day proper. The graduating class numbered eleven, all of whom acquitted themselves with credit, and some with distinguished success. The year has been one of the best in the history of the college, and the year to come promises to be better still. A beginning is to be made in providing gymnastic facilities; important additions are to be made to the teaching force; the new telescope and spectroscope will complete the equipment of the observatory, and there will be enlarged courses and increased facilities in various departments of instruction.

At a meeting of the Farmers' Alliance of Woodside, held June 7th, 1890, a resolution was adopted that we adopt the resolution made by the Fosston alliance, to not deal with any machine company that will not deal directly with the farmers, or any man that will not deal fairly with us, and that the secretary forward a copy of the same to THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL for publication.

H. C. TATRO, Sec.

And Don't You Forget It.

Where you can secure a yield of from $6 to $8 per acre at an expense of less than ten cents per acre it is folly to neglect to do so. If the agents of the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association fail to see you don't fail to hunt one up and insure your crops. It is for your benefit.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JUNE 26, 1890.

'Round Home.

Polk County Farmers' Alliance meets July 2d.

Water melons have appeared in the market.

Ed McManus came up from Duluth last week.

Hon. H. Steenerson went to St Paul last week.

The gravel train is busy on the D., C. & N. R. R.

Hotels all seem to be doing a good business.

Oranges have riz ten cents per dozen in the market.

Go out to the lake on July 4th and try the new boat.

Everybody seems to agree upon one point—hot weather.

Mayor McKinnon took a flying trip to St. Paul last week.

County Commissioner A. C. Rhinehart was in on Tuesday.

Lee & Herrick are selling feed on time. Call and see them for terms.

Sheriff Paterson is as busy as a nailer these days. Lots of mortgage cases.

Wheat went up one cent this week, reaching 70 cents, but dropped off again to 69.

Maude Granger to-night. Secure your tickets at Tom Morris' jewelery store.

A Braley went last week to join his wife in Vermont. Mrs. Braley's father is very sick.

And now the fear is expressed that the grain is growing too rapidly and will lodge, preventing filling.

Be sure that you are insured in the Minnesota Farmers' Storm Association, the solid company of Minnesota.

The turnout at the Episcopal Ladies entertainment on Tuesday evening, was fair and proved an enjoyable event.

Hon. H. Steenerson expects to finish his business in Seattle and be back in time to attend to his cases in court.

Prices lower than the lowest. Goods can't beat. Call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery parlors on Second street.

Will Peterson went up to Fosston last Saturday. Said he was going to bring back that team and the young Bashaw trotter.

Hon. H. Steenerson leaves for Seattle this week where he has an inportant case to settle involving many thousands of dollars.

Brown, the cigar man, is rushed with work to keep up with the great demand for his goods. He deserves the success he is getting.

Rev. John Allison is publishing a paper in Minneapolis called the Eighth Ward Siftings. He gets out a spicy sheet. Here's our X.

Louis Hebel is fixing up the old Kretzschmar building for Mrs. Rose who will move her restaurant business therein as soon as completed.

Rev. F. B. Noyes, of Acton, Mass., occupied the pulpit in the Congregational church on Sunday last, day and evening. He will remain awhile.

D. D. Williams and party leave for the coast this week. D. D. expects to be back in time for his cases in court which are set to commence July 21st.

Go and see D. N. Taylor about that contract system of his. It seems to us to be the most complete system yet devised for shipping wheat at small cost.

Mrs. Iver Krohn, whose illness was noticed in these columns last week, suffered a relapse but is now thought to be improving. She has been a very sick woman.

M. R. Brown is collecting a large herd of cattle on his stock ranch north of the city. Evidently he thinks the time to go into stock is when everybody is going out of it.

Miss Minnie Bailey spent Sunday visiting at the Lockhart farm. She expects to start this week for a vacation visit to friends in Menominee and other points in Wisconsin.

Mrs. Wm. Kistenmacher is having a very severe time with her eyes, the result of a cold. Dr. Bahnsen, who has the case in charge, performed an operation and has strong hopes of saving her sight.

We fail to see why the St. Hilaire train could not be used as an excursion train on July 4th. The excuse of no cars looks thin. What's the matter with rigging out flats or box cars a la State fair time.

Dennis Kelley has sold one of his farms, rented the other and moved his family to the city. He will take a trip to Duluth and the Superior country. Dennis is confident that this country is bound to have a boom.

Bro. Sibley, of the Fertile Journal, was in the City on Monday. Says there is to be the biggest kind of a jollification on July 4th at Maple Bay. The Fertile band will be there to furnish good music. Everybody invited.

Prof. Casey, during the time he has been in the office of County Superintendent of schools has discharged its duties promptly and efficiently and deserves re-election should he desire it. By his efforts a number of thousand dollars that had been forfeited was obtained for the schools.

Lee & Herrick are selling feed on time. Call and see them for terms.

Services at the Congregational church Sunday, June 29th, morning and evening: Morning topic—"The Unknown Quantity in Life."—1 John, II:17. Evening topic—"Am I my Brother's keeper."—Gen. IV:9. REV. F. B. NOYES, Pastor.

Farmers don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [6-tf]

Grain and grass have been growing splendidly during June. Enough rain has fallen and not too much. Now is the time to insure with the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Association against loss by hail. A yield of $8 an acre is better than nothing, very much.

A private letter from Hugh Thompson to the editor of THE JOURNAL says that he is improving rapidly and hopes soon to be able to return to his home at Fisher. His recovery seems almost miraculous, as he was in a very precarious condition when he went to the sanitarium at Battle Creek.

The genial Register of Deeds, Andrew Eiken, was made the recipient of an easy chair, the gift of the Nor. Luth. choir, of which body he has for some time been the efficient leader. A large number of his friends dropped in upon Andrew on Friday evening of last week bringing along that evidence of their regard for him.

Lumber $7.00 to $11.00. Good for roofing, sheathing, under floors, &c.

Dimension, $13.00.
Flooring at $10 and upwards.
Shiplaps at $12 and upwards.
Shingles from $1.25 to $2.75.

RED RIVER LUMBER CO.,
[9-tf] Crookston, Minn.

There will be a big jollification on July 4th at Sundet's grove, two miles from Neillsville, to which everybody is invited. All kinds of popular games will be indulged in during the day, and the festivities will wind up with a grand ball in the evening in a pavillion erected for the occasion. Refreshments served on the grounds.

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association agents are doing a good business already. Some report a good start made last week and one reports 500 acres written. Let the good work go on. Nearly or quite 5,000 acres already insured and the prospects good for three times the amount before the season closes. This shows that the farmers will stick to the alliance company.

Chas. A. Johnson writes THE JOURNAL from Rockstad that he expects to take the insurance field in earnest this week. In addition to the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Company he will represent the National Alliance Fire Insurance Company. He says the St. Hilaire horse company expected a visit from the agent who sold them the Clyde with a view to a settlement for the loss of the horse.

Some excitement was caused by the exhuming the body of a child in the cellar of Chas. Jefferson's house on Main street. Later information developed the fact that it was the body of James Butler's child that was buried several years ago in the rear of Butler's lot. Later Mr. Jefferson bought the house and moved it out facing Main street, the cellar being dug near the grave. The caving in of the cellar exposing a portion of the coffin.

Complaint reaches us of acts of vandalism that seem almost incredible, if the source of information was not wholly reliable. Parties who have set out plants upon the graves of loved ones inform us that the plants have been STOLEN. If it were possible to imagine that dogs or wild animals had done this dastardly deed we should be glad to place this construction upon it, but this is impossible and can only be the work of some miserable accident created in the form of a human being.

I. J. Lake was down from the farm at Angus this week. He is making active preparations to re-build the barn destroyed by fire on May 29th. The barn was insured in the Continental and the adjuster was up to make settlement recently and nothing remains for him to do now save to forward his check. The loss included some hay and grain. The animals and machinery were rescued. The fire caught, it is supposed by the explosion of a lantern.

To-night the peerless actress, Maude Granger, will be seen for the first time in Crookston. Manager Rapin is entitled to the thanks of our theatre going public for having favored us with such an excellent attraction. Her performance will be like the transplanting of a production from one of the leading New York theatres to our own stage. An opportunity to witness so distinguished a star as Miss Granger, is seldom offered in cities of this size, and the engagement is only made now while she is enroute to Winnipeg and San Francisco. It will undoubtedly prove the strongest performance yet presented on the stage of the Crookston Opera House.

Has Your Dog Got The Coller--ah?

Then look out for ye festive dog-catcher who is abroad in the land. If your dog fails to show up at supper time you may know where to look for him.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

A GRAND CELEBRATION

—AT—

MAPLE LAKE,

July 4th, 1890

EVERYBODY INVITED

To come and take part in the exercises. Racing, Ball Playing Dancing, Boat Riding, Etc. The

MAPLE LAKE BELLE

IS THE NEW STEAMBOAT

Just built and will carry 150 passengers safely. Runs about 10 miles an hour. Everyone come and ride!

PLENTY OF ROW BOATS

And Fishing Tackle, and Good Fishing. All kinds of Refreshments.

MUSIC BY THE

Fertile Silver Cornet Band.

Music for the Dance by Carlson's Band, of Mentor.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

Maple Bay at the west end of Maple Lake.

COME ONE, COME ALL!

President of the day—H. E. Cooke, of Crookston.
VicePresident—Dr. Knickerbocker, of Fertile.
Marshals—H. C. Burdick and C. R. Snyder, of Fertile.
Chaplain—Rev. A. G. Washington.
Committee on Program—W. W. Attix, of Mentor, J. S. LaDue and N. C. Hendricks, of Fertile.

Grand 4th of July Celebration at Maple Lake on the old Date Place. Exercises consisting of Foot Races and Boat Races in the forenoon, and Bowery Dance, afternoon and evening. Fire works at 10 o'clock in the evening. The old Sail Boat on deck for a good ride. BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

J. V. E Wyatt, the Broadway undertaker, has been taking steps looking toward the enlargement of his business by adding a carriage making and repair shop. He has associated with him Mr. John Zeigler, who has been with McKinnon Bros. for eight or nine years, hired the room adjoining the one now occupied by his business, and connected the two by an archway. They will have the largest varnishing rooms north of the twin cities. They expect soon to add carriage ironing, and for this purpose have secured the building recently occupied by Lowe & Huggard, corner of Broadway and Robert street. They will commence business on July 1st.

D. N. Taylor has been for some time figuring upon the condition of the wheat market and has at last developed a plan which, it seems to us, is calculated to be of great benefit to our farming community. His plan is to put up twenty grain bins holding 5,000 bushels each, which he will rent to parties desiring to ship their own wheat, and will attend to the shipping for them when parties so desire. Mr. Taylor will also contract to keep a list of any property one may have for sale, charging a small commission on sales when made. For a small sum per annum any one can have the advantage of this system, and it looks as though the difference in his wheat crop would make an immense saving over the old elevator system. Go and see Mr. Taylor who will explain his plan fully.

H. B. Hogenson, secretary of the Garden alliance, writes about twine as follows: "Do you know of any factory or wholesale firm dealing directly with the farmers?" We do not. The recent investigation of the twine subject by a committee sent from Minnesota to New Jersey factories will, however, doubtless result in establishing one or more factories in Minnesota that will deal directly with the farmers, but of course this cannot help us out this summer. "Do you know if there is any binding twine to be got at Fargo, and at what figure?" THE JOURNAL has several times stated the fact that there are five cars of standard binding twine at Fargo that our alliances could secure if they want it. The price is 12 cents cash at Fargo, or 12½ on Nov. 1st, 1890, without interest. The notes must be negotiable paper. For full particulars address Joseph Keenan, Austin, Minn. This information will answer for something like a dozen letters received this week on the twine question.

Rev. Sharpe will probably speak at Maple Lake on July 4th. He is an excellent speaker.

Fisher will celebrate, Grand Forks will celebrate and Crookston will—not. She will content herself by dividing up around or go to Maple Lake.

The G. A. R. boys are having their pictures taken to hang up in their hall. Mat Dauser is the artist who is doing the work and charging the boys nothing for it.

Judge Christianson and J. H. Locken went to the twin cities last week and got interviewed by the various papers. They agreed that Polk County will ask for a place on the State ticket for O. H. Lucken.

O. H. Lucken is fixing up the old Markham residence in fine shape. When completed he will have a very pretty place to leave his family when he goes to attend to his duties at the State house.

Paradis and Marchaud, the Poplar River cheese men were in the city this week. They have everything ready to go to work manufacturing cheese and expect soon to be turning out A 1 cheeses enough to supply the county. They expect to have patronage enough to keep the factory up to its fullest capacity. The people of that vicinity are fortunate in having that institution in their midst and if they are wise will keep the boys busy.

The funeral of Eddie Farley, son of Dr. F. X. Farley, occurred at 9 o'clock on Friday attended by a large concourse of the friends of the family. Eddie was 17 years old and had lived in this city just eight years to a day when the fatal event occurred. This sad event reminds us of the extreme danger of bathing in Red Lake River many having lost their lives in the same way. Too much care can not be exercised, and the best plan is to keep out entirely.

Lovely Weather.

Insure that fine crop in the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Association.

CROOKSTON, June 24th, 1890.

A call is hereby issued for a District Legislative Convention composed of two delegates from each Farmers' Alliance in Polk, Norman and Beltrami Counties, to convene at Crookston, on Friday, July 11th, at ten o'clock a. m. to nominate Candidates for Senator, and three Representatives to the Legislature.

By order of the executive Committee.

A. N. HIXSON,
Sec. Polk County Alliance.

Married.

EINERSON—FLATLAND.—In this city, on Monday, June 23d, 1890, by G. W. Lewis, Esq., Mr. Erick Einerson to Miss Karl Flatland, both of Fertile, Minn.

National.—Last night was an opening night. The play was "Inherited," a collaboration by Mr. Richard Davey and Miss Lucy Hooper, and the player was Maude Granger. "Inherited" is an emotion in four weeks—a four-act emotional drama, in other words—in which Helen Carruthers (Maude Granger), with an inherited trait of insanity, marries Julian Raymond (Harry Mainhall), and in time goes mad, leaving a year-old child and Alice Pelham to her husband. After five years her husband, having had the mariage annulled, marries Alice, and on this day the wife's reason is restored and she escapes from the asylum and comes home. She comes, however, too late to do much else except to take poison, and this she does and dies. Barring an excess of tears, the play is strong in the strength of stirring emotions, and Miss Granger handles the character with power and a repressive force that greatly intensifies her work. Her mad scenes were particularly good and true to nature in the interpretation, and her dying very agreeably lacked the harrowing element.

Polk County Farmers' Alliance.

CROOKSTON, June 13th, 1890.

A call is hereby made for a meeting of the Polk County Alliance, in Crookston, on Wednesday, July 2d, at 10 o'clock a. m., to adopt a constitution, consider the propriety of independent political action and other important matters. By order of

A. N. HIXSON, Secretary. G. M. SWIFT, President.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NELS MUUS, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818.
[5-tf]

Bids for City Printing.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,
Crookston, June 12th, 1890.

Sealed bids will be received by the City Council of the City of Crookston until July 8th, 1890, for the purpose of doing all the city printing and furnishing stationery for the ensuing year. The council reserves the right to reject any or all Bids. By order of the City Council.

E. C. CARRUTH,
[9-11] City Clerk.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.
May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.
[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.

MOE & BUHN.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 23d, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Johannes J. Bjornstad, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 23d day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. C. CHRISTIANSON,
[10-12] Judge of Probate.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceries and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS
ALSO
FARM MACHINERY
AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.
D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, - - - MINN

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!
Stewart & Spottswood,
—WILL SELL YOU—
Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 "
Milk Cans at 50 cents,
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.
Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Scythe and Snath 1.25
Screen Doors at 1.00
Large stock of Mixed Paints.
Cook Stoves and General Hardware.
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 13th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrator, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B.—Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Did you ever stop to think which side of the controversy the plutocratic press espouses? Not one in the crowd stands by Donnelly! Every last one of 'em is howling for the Atwood, Canning, Hodgson clique! Is that not significant?

R. C. Dunn, of the Princeton Union, in in a letter to his paper from Washington among other good things says: "Hon. S. G. Comstock, our congressman, is making a splendid record for himself. He has the reputation of being the hardest worker in Congress."

The Otter Tail Farmers' Alliance put a complete county ticket in the field on the 11th inst. Since that time about one-half of the candidates have withdrawn. Otter Tail County is the strongest alliance county in the State but this action does not show unlimited confidence in the independent move.

THE JOURNAL man is not after an office nor will he consent to be tied to the tail of the kite of any defeated sorehead of any of the old parties, who are in this fight for office or for revenge for fancied slights, like Atwood, Hodgson, Canning, et al. We want to see a free and open market obtained, and we want to see farmers independent of rings, cliques and factions enough to get it. They can secure control of all that is necessary to do this, if they will. Will they do it?

Plutocrats and their tools will tell you that "Donnelly is a Merriam man!" Well, they will tell you ANYTHING to throw you off the track, will they not? Mr. Donnelly is not doing MUCH to help them, is he? They desire to kill him off or to destroy his influence, don't they? And they will not hesitate at any lie to gain their ends, will they? If you did what you ought to do you would take Mr. Donnelly and make him your Governor right now! Yes, you would.

The arrest of seven enumerators in Minneapolis seems to have waked up a large sized bumble bees nest judging by the buzzing indulged in by Minneapolis. If there was a fraud committed the good, law-abiding people of Minneapolis should feel as anxious to have the perpetrators punished as any other good citizens. If there was not, what are they worrying about? As the present census is to be made the basis for future representation in Congress and the Legislature, it strikes us that it is a matter of importance to every voter in Minnesota to have cities and villages properly enumerated. It matters not whether a citizen of St. Paul or any other city made the arrest if there was a fraud committed it should be exposed and the guilty parties severely punished. That Minneapolis is the second city in the State and that St. Paul is a rival city cuts no figure in the case. The question is, was there fraud committed?

Heretofore the plan has been to hold a convention, elect delegates to the State Convention and then kick like blazes because our delegates were found—when too late—to be in somebody's vest pocket. There is now ample opportunity to remedy this error and that is by taking good care that the caucusses are not captured in the interest of any man or clique. See that straight forward alliance men are sent into the conventions, men who will see that an indepentent delegation is sent to St. Paul to make the best deal for the interests of our county that can be done. It is high time that this machine system was broken up if we ever expect to obtain a free and open wheat market and now that the farmers are awake to the importance of this matter is the very time to accomplish this greatly to be desired end, and smash the machine. Let us be independent and send only such as are well known to be the farmers' friends to the State Convention. The farmers have important interests at stake and they should take hold of this matter for themselves and not allow the political ambitions of any man to dictate our course. Be independent and assert that independence and you will surely win.

It is said that Gen. J. H. Baker "the farmers' friend," would not object to the nomination for Governor. Well who said he would? Who ever knew him to "object" to even a soft appointment by any Governor? By the way has not the principal part of his experience as a "farmer" come from holding down some lucrative government position? And has not his distinguished services consisted in fighting every good thing the farmers have asked for? His attitude on the sub-treasury bill illustrates his deep and abiding "interest" in the success of agriculture. That bill would do more to insure prosperity to the farmers in the State than any other measure ever devised, but general James H. Baker says "No, you must not endorse such a big scheme because"—what, it is no good? Oh, no, because—"I never heard of it before!" His attitude upon this important question shows that he is not a safe man to tie to, and as his advice on the sub-treasury plan is not safe how do we know that his idea of independance is the right one for us to follow? We can well afford to go slow upon the advice of such men as Baker, Atwood, Hodgson, Canning & Co., disappointed aspirants for office every one.

The spirit of revenge and malignity evinced by Atwood, Canning, Hodgson et als, against as faithful a worker in the cause as Ignatius Donnelly should be enough to condemn them in the eyes of honest alliance men and they should not be allowed to dictate the actions of the alliance not one little bit. Mr. Donnelly was arrayed against the hosts of monopoly making a manly fight in behalf of the people long before these creatures were hatched, and he had incurred the hatred of the plutocrats long before these men got their first office. As long as they were in office they were quiet and lamblike but as soon as ever they "got left" how sour and morose they became, and because Mr. Donnelly, seeing their schemes dared lift his voice against them they swear that Mr. Donnelly must go. If the farmers desert their true friend, Mr. Donnelly, in this fight they deserve to dwell a few more years under the thumbscrew of monopoly. There is not an honest man among them who does not know and feel that Mr. Donnelly has ever been the true friend of the farmer and yet how many of them dare to come out and defend him against the bitter attacks of the plutocrats? What kind of a farmers' friend was Hodgson while he was on the State grain force? Did he not come up into Kittson County and say to poor suffering, wronged and robbed farmers that "Heaven itself could not devise a better plan than the present system of handling our grain?" Better for whom? Our farmers are losing big money under it but Hodgson had a fat job through the system! And now these men howl for "INDEPENDENCE!" They ask farmers to be "independent" enough to slaughter their life long friend, Donnelly, to gratify their revenge because Mr. Donnelly don't want to see the farmer everlastingly bam-boozled and fooled..

INDEPENDENT!

yes, we want to see the farmers independent enough to stand by their true friend, Donnelly and relegate these barnacles to the shade. We want to see them exercise their independence by setting down on every effort made by the plutocrats and their willing tools to crush out that noble man and render his life-work of no avail. Remember, farmers that not only Atwood, Canning & Co. asks you to crush Donnelly but the very men you have organized to oppose ask of you the very same thing. Will you do it? Will you deliberately become the tools of the Plutocrats to slaughter your best friend and cut your own throats at the same time? We very much mistake the temper of this alliance movement if you will consent to be led in this way.

"Be Independent."

That's just what we mean, but not in the Atwood, Canning et al sense. They heartily endorse the insult offered by Hall to your lecturer and true friend, Donnelly, and they go farther and ask you to do as the plutocrats want you to do—down Donnelly. We ask you to show your independence by standing by your true friends and upholding their hands while doing your work. You know that Mr. Donnelly is your true friend. You know it is your battles he is valiantly fighting. Be independent then by standing by your best friend. By so doing you will deserve to win and you will win.

Talk about election frauds in the outh and men being disfranchised! What do you think of a northern city that will pad 100,000 or so, thus defrauding all other places where an honest count is had. We pretend to do things differently up north and boast of our equal rights. If what is alleged of the count in Minneapolis is true, she is not in line with that sentiment, at any rate.

The July Wide Awake gives the young people the fun and the sentiment of the month; base-ball and Indepndence celebrations and patriotic reminscences abound from beginning to end. The frontispiece illustrates "The Little Fifer," a true story by Helen M. Winslow of a little lad of '76, who was missing from his home in Shirley, Mass., and turned up in Washington's camp, where his father found him at last. Mrs. Clara Doty Bates has a true story, too, a capital one, of "Grandfather's Musket," relating the escapades of two enterprising boys who built an Independence Day cannon out of a precious Revolutionary relic of Valley Forge and Lundy's Lane. "What's in a Name?" Chronicles the trials of a little school girl whose name was "Independence Day." "The Freedman's Fourth at the Capitol," by M. S., describes the first Fourth at Washington after the Emancipation. "An Old Flag" is the famous "starry flag" of Paul Jones and his warship, the Bon Homme Richard, now owned in the family of one of Jone's lieutenants, at Cottage City Mass. "Indians Base Ball Players" is by one of the Indians graduating from Hampton, Mr. Thomas L. Sloan of Omaha Reservation. It gives an account of several Indian ball-clubs, with photographs of the "Hampton Indian Nine," and "Ten Little Indians" of Hampton; the article is worth reading for the yonng author's progressive ideas in regard to his race. "Craps" is a spirited New Orleans story by James B. Cable, the brother of the novelist, George W. Cable. "Two Wills," by Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont, will command attention. 'How Rebecca Harding Went to School," by Grace W. Oliver, shows that all "schooling" is not got in the school-room. The extravaganza of "The Quest of the Whipping-boy," by Georgiana Washingtom, continues to be amusing; the Acadian Folk-Lore series by Miss McLeod is kept up with spirit. Mrs. White's article in her series, "Business Opening for Young Women," relates to a comparatively new "opening," that of "guides," an excellent and entirely practicable occupation. But perhaps nothing in the number will be read with more interest than the July section of Mr. Ward's serial, "The New Senior at Andover"; it concerns the practice of "hazing," and is strongly written.

Wide Awake is $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston, Mass.

HAIL INSURANCE!

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND ACRES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.	Simon Kjelhaug,	Fosston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "	W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. Boddy	Edna "	A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "	Otto F. Buse	St. Hilaire "
C. L. Lannon	McIntosh "	K. Rollag,	Gossen "
W. G. Hunt,	King P. O.		

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication June 26th, 1890.)

WHEREAS, EDMOND LORANGER AND Rose A. Loranger, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 16th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 32, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1886, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 265, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party: and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, England, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred fifteen and 11-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 26, 1890.]

WHEREAS, BOYD P. VAN GORDON AND Olive Van Gordon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 20th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 15, Township 149, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 277; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred eighty-five and 44-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 19, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-48]

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

have Bought Out the Stock

—OF—

HACK & GALLASCH

And shall continue the business at the old stand, and will carry a

FULL and COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A STURE

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken.
Max Ericsson. C. Hendrickson.
A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon,

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIG OF THE BIG IJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, . . MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN APITAL,	$100,000
SURPLUS,	$11,000

[illegible]ay to loan on long or short time
Mon[illegible]ed security
on approv[illegible] time deposits. Faithful
Interest on [illegible]ections and prompt re-
attention to Co[illegible]
mittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim,	K. D. Chase,	R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine,	B. B. Northrop.	A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh.	John Moore.	W. H. Crosby
	Chas. E. Sawyer.	

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that, if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS.

FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JUNE 26, 1890.

The Issue.

National Economist.

The issue is clearly defined between those who favor and those who oppose the sub-treasury law. No quibbling over detail will serve now as a blind to cover up or direct attention from the principles involved. The advocates of the measure have offered to yield any of the detail, and they thereby force the issue upon the principles involved. This is bound to divide the disputants upon a clear and well defined line of friendship to farming and producing interests, those feeling such friendship being advocates of the measure, and those who do not, opposing it. For this reason, agriculture is to-day the least prosperous branch of industry, because it is discriminated against. The proof that it is discriminated against is that under the present system of maintaining an even volume of money throughout the year, regardless of the demand, there is a great relative scarcity or fluctuation in volume at the season in which agriculture must exchange the products of its labor for money. This relative fluctuation works against the farmer, because it depresses prices when he is compelled to sell and augments prices when he is compelled to buy; and on the other hand it discriminates in favor of the exploiting class, because it depresses prices when they buy, and augments them when they are ready to sell. This discrimination against productive pursuits must be stopped, or it must not! That is the issue. The affirmative will be those who are engaged in productive pursuits, and a few unselfish and patriotic statesmen. The negative will be everything else. Arguments will be made by men who claim to be friendly to the true interests of the country as to detail of practicability, legality, and other detail which if they are truly in earnest about being friendly, they had better offer to improve on, by showing some better way of securing the principle, than to make any technical detail an excuse for an active opposition to the bill. Such tactics will not longer do. The people are too intelligent and will certainly understand the animus of those who fight this measure, in spite of their sophistry. The National Economist, as the official organ of the National Farmers's Alliance and Industrial Union, will continue to defend the measure for two reasons: First, because it is right; and, second, because it was adopted by the supreme council of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, and therefore made a plank in the platform of the order. It is not the production of the wisdom of any one man or set of men. It is the evolution of modern progress, and the supreme council at St. Louis simply met the indications of necessity when it interpreted the wants of the farmers by indorsing this measure. It is not the province of The Economist to attack those who produce long and ingeniously devised arguments against the bill, especially when such arguments bear the ear-marks of the demagogue, and are composed of misstatements of the issue and sophistry. Such articles will be judged by the people, and judged rightly. It is simply the duty of the economist to advocate this measure in as straightforward and clear a manner as possible, and if any gentleman desires to fight the order by opposing, the responsibility is certainly on his own head, and it is not the duty of The Economist to add to his unpopularity with the people by exposing his fallacy and weakness. It is fair to let his arguments stand or fall on their merits, and the people may surely be trusted as competent to judge.

Ordinance.

The City Council of the City of Crookston do ordain as follows:

That section one chapter five of the ordinances of the city of Crokston be amended so that it reads as follows:

Section 1. There shall be two public pounds in the city of Crookston to be located by the city council, one on the north side and the other on the south side of the Red Lake River and the pound keepers thereof shall hold office for one year.

Passed this 10th day of June, 1890.

H. STEENERSON,
President of the City Council.

Approved this 19th day of June, 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. O. CARRUTH,
[10-11] City Clerk.

Notice to Sewer Contractors.

CITY OF CROOKSTON,
County of Polk, State of Minnesota.

Specifications and Contracts for the construction of a sewer on Third street from Main Street to connect with the easterly end of the present old sewer and Main street from Third to Second street and Second street from Main street to Broadway and Broadway street from Second street to Fletcher street. Have been examined by the City Council and the City Clerk directed to advertise for bids June 10, 1890.

SEALED BIDS

for doing the above work ordered with the name of the person or persons making the same, will be received at the office of the City Clerk until 12 o'clock July 1st, 1890, on which day said bids will be opened by City Council, they reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated June 11, 1890.

E. O. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Applications for Liquor License.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, John L. Hanson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the 1st day of July, 1890, to June 30th, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building on lot 2, block 5, Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 11th, 1890.

JOHN L. HANSON.
By Ernest J. Hanson.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, O. C. Erickson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the one story frame building situated on Main street, on lot 9, block 3, Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston., Minn., June 10th, 1890.

O. C. ERICKSON.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, August Wentzel, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two and one-half story frame building on lot 12, block 15, townsite of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

AUGUST WENTZEL.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Page and Benoit, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to them to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On lot 12, block 5, in Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

PAGE & BENOIT.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Oliver Mercil, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: On lots 17 and 18, block 6, in Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston, County of Polk, State of Minnesota. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

OLIVER MERCIL.

TO THE CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Max Eriesson, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: Lot 2, block 4, Main street. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said City of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

MAX ERIESSON.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Austin Bros., hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the 1st day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the frame building on lot 2, block 6, in Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston, Main street. Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

AUSTIN BROS.

TO THE CITY COUNCIL, of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Wilson & Thompson, hereby make application for a license to be granted to them to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: McKinnon Block, Main street. Said applicants pray that such license be granted to them pursuant to the ordinance of said City of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

WILSON & THOMPSON.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND COMMON Council of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Ernest Holsch, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the building situated on the west 25 feet of lots 21, 22, 23 and 24, block 16, Original Townsite of the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

ERNEST HOLSCH.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND COMMON Council of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Jas. A. Bemis, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the building known as the Commercial Hotel, situated on the corner of Broadway and Second street. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

JAMES A. BEMIS.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, John W. O'Brien, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is [illegible] carried on is designated as follows: The [illegible] story frame building situated on lot 5, block 5, Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city Crookston, on Robert street, in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

JOHN W. O'BRIEN.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Fred G. Rauch, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building on lot 3, block 4, Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

FRED G. RAUCH.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Louis M. Bergquist, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the one and one-half story frame building situated on lot [illegible], block [illegible], Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

LOUIS M. BERGQUIST.

TO THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, William Heidrick, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the one story frame building on lot 7, block 2, original townsite of the city of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

WM. HEIDRICK.

TO THE CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, N. Rapin, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building on lot 5, block 1, Main street, original townsite. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 9th, 1890.

N. RAPIN.

TO THE COMMON COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, C. C. Hoch, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: The two story frame building situated on lot 3, block 4, original townsite of Crookston, on Main street, in the city of Crookston, Polk County, Minn. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

C. C. HOCH.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota:

The undersigned, Lewis B. Feran, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building situated on lots 22, 23 and 24, block 16, original townsite of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston, and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., June 10th, 1890.

LEWIS B. FERAN.

TO THE HON. MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL of the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota.

The undersigned, B. J. Duntley, hereby makes application for a license to be granted to him to sell Intoxicating Liquors for a period of one year from the first day of July, 1890, to the 30th day of June, 1891. The place where the said business is to be carried on is designated as follows: In the two story frame building on lots 22, 23 and 24, block 16, in original townsite of Crookston. Said applicant prays that such license be granted to him pursuant to the ordinance of said city of Crookston and the statutes of said State of Minnesota, in such case made and provided.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 18th, 1890.

B. J. DUNTLEY.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CARL E. STEEL, AN UNMARried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, his mortgage bearing date of June 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to wit: The southeast quarter of Section 8, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages on page 167; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 08-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty and 08-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred seven and 08-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 2d day of August A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 14th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, OLIVIER DEMERS AND Adelia Demers, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage, bearing date of November 28th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage; and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1885, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 63; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 38-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 29th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, MICHAEL STENGL AMD Polly Stengl, his wife, of Polk County, State Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 1st A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter and lots three (3) and four (4) Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 43-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 9th day of Marc A. D. 1886, at 11:25 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 123; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of ten hundred sixty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 29th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMIRI PAGE AND EMERonde Page, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of December 21st, A. D. 1886, whereby they Mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 20, Township 150, Range 41 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 309; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred six and 92-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 29th, A. D. 1890.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, Limited, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-12] Crookston Minn.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANK KLUZAK AND MARY Kluzak, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of fourth day of June, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 419; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six and 80-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand fourteen and 39-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,) Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[8-14] Crookston, Minn

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

The most clubs are found under the tree bearing the best apples.

The most trade is secured by the firm offering the best bargains.

THIS WILL BE A REGULAR

Bargain Week

—AT—

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Seersuckers.
25 pieces of Seersuckers worth 10c. Next week's price
6c.

Ginghams.
25 pieces of Ginghams, worth 10c. Next week's price
7c.

Henriettas.
20 pieces 36 inch Henrietta, worth 35c. Next week's price
25c.

Striped Serges.
10 pieces striped serges, all wool, 36 in. wide, worth 65c. Next week's price
48c.

Sicelletta.
In all the new shades, 42 inches wide. would be cheap at $1. Next week's price
72 1-2c.

Sateens.
Fine imported French Sateens, in new colors, worth 35c. Next week's price
25c.

A good Carpet for......50c
A good apron......5c
Blouse waists......25c
House waist Ties......10c
Fast black Hose......10c
Jersey ribbed vests......10c
Etelka 5 hook Kid Gloves......$1.00

A good carpet......25c
[illegible] ingrain carpet......40c
[illegible] lace Curtain......$1.50 per pair
Fine line of high art novelties in Tapestry, Body Brussel Carpets, Rugs, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Linoleums, Etc.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES NILSON AND Charlotta Nilson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of 17th day of July, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southeast quarter of Section 24, Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range 45; also lot 4, in Section 19, and lots 1 and 2 in Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing one hundred and sixty-three and 99-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 213; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred twenty-six and 45-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated November 16th, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, November 17th, 1888, in book 40 of mortgages, page 510, whereby William L. Davies and Sarah C. Davies, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153), of range forty-seven (47), in Polk county, Minnesota, by which default the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date hereof, $851.88.

Now, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said power, said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on July 19th, 1890, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house, in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated May 31st, 1890.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, (SEAL)
By Rob't N. Jackson, President.
Mortgagee.

Lee J. Lockwood & Co.,
Attorneys.

[7-13]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, HENRY DAVEY AND NETTIE Davey, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of December 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter, the east half of southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter Section seven (7) Township one hundred and forty-seven, (147) Range forty-four (44) west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 301; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eleven hundred eighty-two and 01-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 31st, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[7-13] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 11th, 1890. In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Bent Erickson, of said county, representing, among other things that Peder Benson, late of Polk County, on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1881, at Fairfax, in said county, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the father of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to O. C. Bergland granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court, on Monday, the 14th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: O. C. CHRISTIANSON,
[9-12] Judge of Probate.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS MARCHILDON and Amand Marchildon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 37, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 96-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 23d, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CHARLES DERUSHIA AND Mary D. Derushia, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of first day of April, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 389; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand two hundred ten and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JULY 3, 1890. NO. 11.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5.50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
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—THE—

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Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

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On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:30 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:49 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

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NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

LOW RATES. Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.

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Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sheep, Hogs. Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.

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MILK RIVER. Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now.

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

YOUNG MAN. Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance.

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

G. N. R. L. The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT, ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block. Crookston, Minn

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention for the State of Minnesota will be held on Thursday, July 24th, 1890, in Market Hall, in the city of St. Paul, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions:

Governor,
Lieutenant Governor,
Secretary of State,
Auditor of State,
State Treasurer,
Attorney General,
Clerk of the Supreme Court,

And for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago, in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to co-operate in the election of delegates.

Polk County is entitled to eight delegates.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That each county polling 500 or more votes for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, shall be entitled to two delegates at large; those polling less than 500 votes, one delegate at large; within each county one additional delegate for every 500 votes cast for President in 1888 and one delegate for fraction over one hundred.

The foregoing call agreed upon by the Republican State Central Committee at a meeting held in St. Paul, Wednesday, May 14th, 1890.

STANFORD NEWEL, Chairman.

JOEL P. HEATWOLE, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, July 18th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the city of St. Paul on the 24th day of July, 1890, and also for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention, to be held at Little Falls, September 4th, 1890, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to cooperate in the election of delegates.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes; or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2
Angus	1
Black River	2
Brandsvold	3
Badger	2
Bray	2
Belgium	1
Brislet	1
Bygland	2
Columbia	2
City E. Grand Forks	2
City of Crookston—	
1st ward	4
2d "	3
3d "	2
4th "	5
5th "	1
Town of Crookston	2
Eden	1
Emardville	1
Euclid	2
Fairfax	2
Farley	1
Fanny	1
Vil. & town of Fisher	4
Grand Forks	2
Garden	1
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4
Gervais	1
Gentilly	2
Godfrey	3
Grove Park	2
Hammond	1
Higdem	2
Hill River	3
Hubbard	3
Huntsville	2
Keystone	2
Kertsonville	1
King	3
Knute	3
Lambert	1
Lake Pleasant	1
Lessor	3
Louisville	1
Liberty	2
Lowell	2
Nesbit	2
North	2
Northland	2
Norden	2
Numedal	1
Onstad	2
Parnell	1
Poplar River	1
Polk Center	2
Queen	2
Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
" " —town	1
Rico	2
River Falls	1
Roome	2
Roxbury	2
Russia	1
Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
St. Hilaire	2
Sanders	2
Sandsville	2
Sletten	3
Sullivan	2
Tabor	1
Terrebonne	2
Tilden	2
Tynsid	2
Vineland	2
Winger	3
Woodside	3
Wyandotte	2
Total	157

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

Resolved, That at the several caucuses at which the above delegates are elected, the voters present are hereby urgently requested to elect a local committee of three members for the ensuing two years, and report the names and post office address of such committeemen, to the Secretary of the County Committee, by mail or on the day of holding the convention.

The foregoing call was agreed upon by the Republican County Committee at a meeting held in the City of Crookston, June 10th, 1890.

A. R. HOLSTON, Secretary.

H. E. COOKE, Chairman.

Southern Mercury: An agricultural paper is all right with the organ of monopolies as long as it confines its advice to the farmers to such subjects as curing the botts, or the destruction of Johnson grass, but when it suggests a method of setting down on convention manipulators and the good box whittlers about town, a howl goes up that can be heard half across creation about farmers "going into politics."

Gettysburg Herald: We serve notice thus early in the campaign that the word "Republican" does not mean so much to us that we are obliged to swallow all the dirt that is thrown and white wash the manner of conducting conventions simply because we are running a Republican paper. Nor will we be fooled by the formation of a ring to cry "down the ring" or a combination to beat the combine.

Princeton Union.

Ignatius Donnelly is now and always has been the true friend of the laboring and producing classes, but there is a class of time-serving politicians and hungry office-seekers who never miss an opportunity to snub and belittle Mr. Donnelly. President Hall, of the Farmers' Alliance, requested Mr. Donnelly to be present and address the Fifth district alliance meeting at Fergus Falls last week, and then, at the instigation of scheming demagogues, withdrew the invitation. In response to Mr. Hall's letter notifying Mr. Donnelly of the withdrawal of the invitation, the latter gentleman acknowledged the receipt of the same in a characteristic letter, of which we reproduce the concluding paragraph.

"As for myself I have worked for eight years for the alliance without a cent of reward. I was a man of eminence and influence before the alliance was born, and I will be when it is dead. I ask nothing of it but the opportunity to serve it. I have fought lions in my day and I am not ready now to go on the warpath against jackalls or jackasses, either."

IGNATIUS DONNELLY.

Brookings Sentinel: The Alliance and the republican party in the state are in accord on the questions of prohibition, equal suffrage, the subtreasury bill and nearly every other issue of importance. The efforts to estrange the people from their staunchest friend will be watched with growing interest.

Alliance Sentinal: The Alliance is only a few weeks old in Michigan, but already ten counties are on the march. There is something magical about the touch of the Alliance. When you get into this army, now three million strong, you feel that you are shoulder to shoulder with the "patriotic liberty loving people" of this country. A people who live above partisanship and love their country better than any political party, and who would not haggle about the methods or names so long as the people are freed from the grasp of monopoly.

The Alliance and the Next Governor.

The Minneapolis Times.

A typographical error made The Times place the membership of the Farmer's alliance in this state at 15,000 instead of 35,000 as it should have said. confident expectation is that this number will be increased to 50,000 before the state election in November. The large majority of the alliance membership is undoubtedly republican, and that that majority is earnestly opposed to the renomination of Merrim for governor admits of no question. That any considerable proportion of these could be bought to support him should the machine be able to foist him on the party as the "regular nominee," is extremely doubtful. "Regularity" of renomination will not go this year. It is not the "regular" republican candidate who will be successful, but the candidate who is known to the whole state to be honest, inflexible, intelligent, and not a mere party trader.

The Times has already indicated the man whose nomination would restore the republican party to popular confidence and favor. There can be no question that Knute Nelson should be nominated. Neither can there be any question of Mr. Nelson's duty in this regard. A state administration under Nelson following that of Merriam would furnish as striking and agreeable a contrast in its way, as that of Lincoln after Buchanan. No man in this state is better known or more trusted. He would be supported enthusiastically because of that knowledge and trust and not merely because of the nomination. He is not a violent partisan who would be suspected of sacrificing his own convictions or the public interest to any supposed party necessity much less to any demand of corporations or capital. He is, indeed, the best known, most thoroughly equipped and most popular man in the state, and it is as certain as anything can be that he is the spontaneous choice of the best element, not only in the republican party, but in the state.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 25th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of George W. Tice, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Ann M. Tice and John E. Tice, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 2d day of December, 1890, at two o.clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time, all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 25th day of June A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.

[11-13]

Judge C. E. Chapman, of Fergus Falls, replying to the letter of Sec. Boen, announcing the nomination of Chapman for Judge of Probate on the Alliance ticket, says:

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., June 23, 1890.

H. E. Boen, Secretary:

Dear Sir—Your letter of June 19 notifying me of my nomination by the Otter Tail County Farmers' alliance for the office of judge of probate of Otter Tail county, was received Saturday night, June 21, on my return home from Becker county after an absence of several days, which must be my excuse for the delay in answering. I have given the matter of this nomination and the action to be taken on it careful consideration, but have thus far indicated to no one what that action would be. Before doing so now, I desire to call attention to certain facts and conditions which have influenced my decision. The Farmers' alliance of this county and of the state has, by its action in cutting loose from the old political parties and inaugurating an independent political movement, placed its members and the members of the old parties in a position of antagonism, the inevitable result of which will be a fierce struggle for existence and supremacy, not only in this county but throughout the state. While the alliance of this county placed upon its ticket the names of several gentlemen outside of its ranks, and exacted no pledges from its nominees, and while similar action may be taken by the convention called for the nomination of state officers, yet the inhabitants of the cities and villages, the merchants, manufacturers, lawyers, doctors, ministers of the gospel, members of the editorial profession, artisans and laboring men (except such as belong to the Knights of Labor), and members of all other classes, will really be without representation on the alliance ticket, because they will have had no voice in the selection and nomination of the candidates, and no hand or part in the formation and adoption of the platforms on which those candidates will be forced to stand. This is also true of that large body of farmers who do not belong to the farmers' alliance. And not only is this true at the present time, but it is also true that none of these people except farmers and laborers can ever become members of the new party which has been formed or which it is proposed to form, and hence if the movement is successful, the government will have passed out of the hands of the people and into the hands of a class. I doubt if a majority of either the farmers or laboring men will ever be found to favor a movement of this kind. While I am not a partisan in the sense that I can see no good outside of my own party, I believe that more good can be accomplished within that party, or within either of the parties for that matter, than within any new party organized on so narrow a basis. While, therefore, I appreciate the opinion of the members of the farmers' alliance, and would be glad to serve them under other circumstances, I must decline the nomination.

Very respectfully yours,

C. E. CHAPMAN.

St. Lawrence State Journal: There is a dearth of poetry but a congestion of truth in those words. The grand old party is and has been for more than a quarter of a century the one potential factor guaranteeing American freedom. It has itself been a Sampson among parties because it sprang from the people, was and had its being of the people. Under its aggressive policy of progress, the Nation has thriven and prospered wondrously but the Republic per se has during those years become a veritable Cyclops among the families of earth with its one eye single to the worship of the "Mammon of the Few," There has been builded during that twenty-five years—an Augean stable within our political fabric, more foul by far than that related in mythology, and, ere many years it must be cleansed and the grave question before us is: "whence is to come the Hercules?"

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McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

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Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50
Milk Cans at 50 cents.
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.
Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
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Large stock of Mixed Paints,
Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

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All Work Warranted, And Perfect Satisfaction Guarranteed.
At Bottom Prices.
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IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware,

CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

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In the Fifth Ward.

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—AND SEE—

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER..........Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE..........Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD..........Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)..........Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER..........Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE..........Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD..........Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE..........Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE..........Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG..........Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY..........Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP..........Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN..........Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY..........Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL..........Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

What About Organization?

The Western Rural.

If the advice of The Western Rural had been acted upon years ago and the farmers all over the country had come into compact organization, think you that agriculture would be where it is to-day? No, you cannot think so, for the present condition of things is the direct result of union on the part of all other classes through which they have been able to protect their own interests at the expense of our disorganized farmers. Not only have the different industries combined to raise the price of products that the farmer must buy and to reduce the price of products that he sells, but worse than all they have all combined to crowd the halls of legislation with people who were their pliant tools and who have always been ready to enact such laws as would favor their class and discriminate against the farmer. Taking human nature as it is, it is not to be wondered at that the farmer has been unmercifully swindled. He has laid down on his back, folded his arms, and invited everybody to go through his pockets. Human nature is too weak to resist such a temptation. All other classes have said with reference to farmer; He seems to enjoy being plundered; he makes no remonstrance; he makes no effort either in a business or political direction to protect himself. And so the entire crowd has pitched on to him. The railroads, the banks, the money loaning Shylocks, the store keepers, the millers, the elevator men, all hands have been plucking him for years. If the law stood in the way of executing their plans, all they had to do was to get such legislation as they wanted. Thus for years a minority has lorded it over the majority and carried things with a high hand.

And what is the condition and prospect of the farmer at present? Better than it has been, because farmers have been organizing. But there are thousands of farmers who are yet in no organization, and those who are, are split up into various organization with more or less jealousy between them. The Rural tells you, friends, that the existing gaps must be closed up that all of you must go into organization and that the different organizations must come together in close federation. Every day that the farmer who belongs to no farmers' organization neglects to join one and every day that no movement is made toward an immediate union between all the organization, is force wasted and the day of the final triumph of reform postponed. It is not possible that any one can be so blind as not to see this. No one need be told that if all the farmers were banded together, their power for self protection would be irresistible. There would not be a legislative hall in the country that would not be filled with their friends. There would not be a Governor in the country who would not be favorably disposed toward agriculture. Friends and readers, your destiny is in your own hands. It is possible for you not only to command your entire strength for the protection of your interests, but you will find thousands of men outside of your calling, men who believe in justice and in right, who will come under your banner and march with you to victory, if you will only do justice to yourselves. Push organization among the farmers; push it hard; push it steadily. Dismiss the thought that you will ever get what you want and what you ought to have unless you work for it and perhaps work hard for it.

George William Curtis,

In "Harper's Weekly," May 3, 1890.

To be universally known as constantly doing good, as a rich man who holds his riches in trust for the benefit of others, as the effective friend of every humane enterprise, as the proprietor of one of the great and most prosperous newspapers in the country, conducted strictly upon the principles of courtesy and good sense which regulate the intercourse of gentlemen, and as the friend of the most distinguished person of his time, is the happy fortune of Mr. George W. Childs, of Philadelphia.

The recollection of such a life are necessarily full of interest. They are especially pleasant, because they do not associate narrowness and hardness and meanness and selfish intrigue with success, but, on the contrary, the open hand and open heart.

Mr. Childs, despite his friendly relations with royalty and the nobility, is too good an American republican to care to quarter his family arms upon any shield. But he could not choose a better motto than such a heart and such a hand. His little volume of Recollections, just published by the Lippincott Company, is rich with reminiscences of famous persons and accounts of exceedingly interesting possession, and of public gifts and delightful occasions, all pervaded with the spirit of the generous giver who is sure to double his generosity by giving quickly. Artists always paint themselves in their pictures, and Mr. Childs has unconsciously given us himself in his book.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 3, 1890.

'Round Home.

Lots of hay on the market.

Wheat took a jump to 72 on Wednesday.

O. H. Lucken went below on Monday evening.

Wheat back to 70 the early part of the week.

Sunday's rain made plenty of mud for Monday.

The weather so far this week has been deliciously cool.

The Main St. artesian well is about to receive a new pump.

Go and see Prof. Hurlburt's Hypknock-wagon on July 4th.

Caspar Sands is putting a brick foundation under his residence.

I. U. Jennings will be president of the council while Steenerson is away.

Lee & Herrick are selling feed on time. Call and see them for termf.

The round trip fare to Mentor will be 75 cents, to Dugdale 60, on July 4th.

Tom Bjoin is rushing the excavation for the cellar to the new brick block.

Miss Ermine Fontaine came home from school at St. Joseph's academy St. Paul, on Monday.

Wild straw-berries seem to be unusually plentiful this year. The prairies abound with this delicious fruit.

D. D. Williams and wife accompanied by Miss Maggie Brown and Miss Nettie Brown left for the coast on Friday.

The boys have an idea that they can beat the Grand Forks base ball club. We should not be surprised if they could.

Will Peterson brought his matched team of trotters from Fosston last week. He had a little Star Bashaw with one of them.

Bro. Murphy, formerly of Grand Forks Plaindealer was in the city last week with a view to purchasing the water works.

No. 95 was the lucky ticket at Mrs. E. E. Bang's watch drawing on July 1st. Who owns ticket No. 95 is now the question.

Herb says he made big money on the ball grounds on Monday. He sold one package of peanuts and smoked one cigar himself.

A. C. Wilkinson and family returned on Sunday morning from a fortnight's visit to the old home in Wisconsin. Upon his return to his office on Tuesday, A. C. found several invitations to orate on the ever glorious but as it was then too late to respond he was obliged to forbear to soar the eagle thro' the blue empyrean "on this o'casion."

See the new ad of Wyatt & Ziegler and give the boys a call when in need of anything in their line. They propose to have a full stock of everything and to sell at bedrock figures. They will be prepared to do all kinds of preparing on wagons and carriages in the most satisfactory manner and invite the patronage of JOURNAL readers. Give the new firm a call.

Dept. Lecturer, A. N. Hixson went up to Keystone last Friday and organized a sub-alliance of eleven charter members. Somewhere on the road he lost his coat and on his return in the evening took a heavy cold. The coat was a dark-colored frock nearly new. If the finder will leave it at this office or return it to Mr. Hixson he will be suitably rewarded.

Prof. Hurlburt's Hippocynagon is advertised to appear in Crookston on July 4th, day and evening. The Prof. has consolidated his show with another one and now exhibits under a tent. All who saw the wonderful exhibition when here a few weeks since will be anxious to see it again and all who did not will miss a rare treat if they do not avail themselves of the opportunity. We never saw horses and dogs that appeared so intelligent as these belonging to the Professor.

Andrew Ellingbo, proprietor of the Norman house met with a painful accident on Saturday of last week which might have resulted far more seriously. A man had been stopping at the house a day or so and on Saturday morning Mr. E. was told that the man intended to skip out without paying his board bill and would go to Carman and take the south bound freight. So Mr. E. boarded the freight as it pulled out. After crossing the bridge the conductor informed him that the train would not stop at Carman. Mr. E. says he then told the conductor that he must get off at Carman as there was no one to run the house and he was obliged to be there. He says he asked the conductor to slow up but he was flatly refused. He says he told the conductor that he must go back if he had to jump and when near the Carman depot he stepped out onto the platform and jumped. The conductor had hold of his left sleeve when he jumped. As soon as he jumped the train was stopped and he was picked up insensible and brought back to the city on the train, and taken home where he lay insensible for a time. His face was badly cut, and his right arm and hand bruised. On Tuesday, when just able to get out his wrist was swollen fearfully and his face was a sight to see. Dr. Dunlop attended him and thinks he will get along all right.

Lee & Herrick are selling feed on time. Call and see them for terms.

Frank Bivins insured 400 acres in the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Association on Saturday last.

Did you go up to the grounds on Monday afternoon to see the matched game of ball, bechune our boys and the Grand Forks club?

The enumerators have completed their work and forwarded their papers to headquarters. Nobody accuses Crookston of padding.

Iver M. Johnson was up from the west-side on Friday last with his returns as assessor. Mr. Johnson thinks prospects are fair for good crops.

Tom Bjoin removed the last vestige of the old livery barn on Saturday and commenced the work of excavation for the cellar for the new brick block.

Geo. Benoy insured 135 acres in the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Association last Saturday. He does not propose to take all the chances alone.

Walter Latta insured 125 acres in the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Association last Saturday. This company is doing a big business in Polk County.

Louis Fontaine has put a handsome fence about his residence lot. If there is a handsomer fence or a slicker front yard in the city we have failed to observe it.

Mr. E. Slocum, of the firm of Barnes & Slocum, returned with his bride on Friday of last week. THE JOURNAL extend a hearty welcome to the fair young bride to our city.

H. C. Tatro and Gus. Felsing were in the city on Monday arranging for the big event at the Lake on Friday. Everybody who wants to enjoy a good time should arrange to be at Maple Lake on July 4th.

THE JOURNAL is informed that the long talked of hotel on the corner of Main and Second streets is to be built this summer. This decision was influenced by the city's action on the sewer question.

Peter Cornelius has been doing a big business at breaking this summer He now has a contract on the county road north of the city. Pete is bound to put in all the time there is in order to keep the wolf from the door.

John D. Knudson was down from McIntosh with his returns as assessor on Friday. He is much pleased with the workings of the Farmer's Alliance as it has already brought several machine companies to terms.

M. E. Bartlett, after finishing his work as assessor for the town of Fairfax opened a hail insurance office in this city on Saturday last and wrote insurance on 883 acres of wheat, oats and barley. He is now prepared to take applications. Call at JOURNAL office.

The more acres a mutual company insures the less each member has to pay. The Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Association has already insured over 100,000 acres and expects to do over twice that amount this summer. They ought to have 100,000 in Polk County.

The Fosston News claims to have discovered whom we will support for Governor. We are not so sure that Mr. Donnelly will be nominated. But while you are talking about Governors if you will show us a man who would make a better one we will show you lots who would not hold a candle to him.

The train for Grand Forks on Monday was not over loaded. Very many seem to have the idea that the Grand Forks club should come over here before we enthuse very much on excursions to Grand Forks for base ball. Our boys have been over there several times but the G. F. club has not showed up here yet.

Farmers don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [6-tf]

From the experience of the Fosston Alliance, farmers can begin to see what good the alliance can do for them. That alliance has saved over ten times the amount the work has cost them on binders alone and still the good work goes on. Every farmer in Polk County should be a member of some alliance. If you have not got an alliance in your town see that one is formed at once.

The President has signed the new pension bill. Under this bill any soldier, who is unable to earn his support by manual labor is entitled to a pension not to exceed $12 per month. All that he has to prove is that the disability was not the result of intemperate habits. Under this bill many a deserving veteran will receive needed aid from Uncle Sam. Now the soldiers should unite in the effort to do away with the limitation act.

The alliance agents for the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Association report good work in hail insurance. Over 10,000 acres insured in Polk County last week. Now is the time to insure before the hail storms come. If you have not already insured your crops do not delay seeing our agents at once. Remember it costs no more to be in time than it would to be too late. Now is the time to insure. Catch on before you are too late.

Millinery.

Ladies, you will consult your best interest by calling at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' and examining her stock of spring and summer millinery in the latest styles of the art. Remember, a purchase to the amount of $3.50 entitles you to a ticket for a gold watch and chain which somebody will get July 1st, 1890.

Great Remnant Sale!

REMNANTS
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Beginning on Monday,

July 7th, 1890.

Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS

Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY

At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,

Carriage Builders,

East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,

Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.

CALL AND SEE US.

A GRAND CELEBRATION

—AT—

MAPLE LAKE,

July 4th, 1890

EVERYBODY INVITED

To come and take part in the exercises. Racing, Ball Playing Dancing, Boat Riding, Etc. The

MAPLE LAKE BELLE

IS THE NEW STEAMBOAT

Just built and will carry 150 passengers safely. Runs about 10 miles an hour. Everyone come and ride!

PLENTY OF ROW BOATS

And Fishing Tackle, and Good Fishing. All kinds of Refreshments.

MUSIC BY THE

Fertile Silver Cornet Band.

Music for the Dance by Carlson's Band, of Mentor.

REMEMBER THE PLACE,

Maple Bay at the west end of Maple Lake.

COME ONE, COME ALL!

President of the day—H. E. Cooke, of Crookston.
VicePresident—Dr. Knickerbocker, of Fertile.
Marshals—H. C. Burdick and C. R. Snyder, of Fertile.
Chaplain—Rev. A. G. Washington.
Speaker—Rev. C. F. Sharpe.
Committee on Program—W. W. Attix, of Mentor, J. S. LaDue and N. C. Hendricks, of Fertile.

A SPECIAL TRAIN

Will run to Fosston. Passengers to Maple Bay leave cars at Dugdale where teams will be in readiness to convey them to the Lake.

MELVIN, June 28, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—I am fond of telling good news; so here! 724 acres insured. I will start Monday morning to make a thorough canvass of my territory. In addition to the Alliance Storm Association I will represent the National Fire and Life Insurance Company.

WM. MARIN.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.

MOE & BUHN.

Landlord Krohn's wife has been very low for the past week. Her life has been despared of several times.

Polk County Alliance met at 10 a. m. on Wednesday. A goodly number were present and peace and harmony prevailed up to the noon hour at which time our report for this issue closed.

Services at Congregational Church Sunday, July 6th, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m: Morning topic—"Immortality."—Rev. II:17. Evening topic—"Regeneration."—John, III:7.

F. B. NOYES, Pastor.

Sunday School immediately after morning service. O. S. BARNES, Supt.

Moe & Buhn write us that the celebration at Date's old place on Maple Lake is to be a grand affair and no pains nor expense has been spared to provide for the comfort and pleasure of all who attend. A goodly number of Crookstonites talk seriously of going out. Had an excursion train been furnished, there would have been several carloads. Our people feel that this could have been done just as well as not had the road wished to oblige us. Since the above was in type the excursion train has been granted.

The extra for Grand Forks left the depot at 1:30 with two coaches, reasonably well fitted. At Mallory a rainstorm was encountered and upon arrival was still hard at work, to such an extent at least that it was thought impossible to play. After consultation with the Grand Forks boys it was decided to return to Crookston and play the game on our grounds, and a dispatch was sent here announcing the change in the program, meanwhile, Old Sol, seeing how the hopes of G. F. would be thus blasted rallied his beams, charged upon the clouds and scattered them, whereupon the G. F. club braced up and swore to fight it out on that line or nowhere. The game was called at the end of the 8th innings and declared a draw. What the feelings of the people, who paid their money to go up to the grounds to see the game here, were we must leave to the fertile mind of the reader—language fails to describe the scene.

All Aboard For The Lake.

An extra train will run on the Fosston Branch on July 4th leaving Crookston at 6:30 sharp. Conveyances will be at Dugdale and at Mentor to take people to the lake. Parties going to Maple Bay leave cars at Dugdale. Those going to Date's place leave cars at Mentor. Everybody go. A good time is assured.

The Scandia Farmers' Alliance at a meeting held on the 28th day of June, passed the following resolution:

Whereas, We understand some of our County papers work hard to have the idea prevail that it is hurtful to place a full ticket in the field this fall,

Be it Resolved, That we favor a full independent ticket, for State, Legislature, Congress, as well as County, and hereby pledge ourselves to support it throughout. Whereas, We think it is best to earnestly but peacefully to work for reform, but if the object can not be obtained in any other way,

Be it Resolved, That we endorse the Bugle Blast of causas, as the Agawam alliance has done before us.

Lars E. Nelson, President of Scandia Farmers' Alliance in Knute.

Notice to Contractors.

BY CITY COUNCIL.

Sealed bids will be received up to July 8th A. D. 1890, for grubbing and grading Spendley Street in the City of Crookston from where Cowing street intersects said Spendley street east to Hunter street, according to plans and specifications in the office of the City Engineer. The City Council reserving the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated June 27th, 1890.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Cheap Rate to Milwaukee.

The Northern Pacific will sell tickets from Crookston to Milwaukee and return at $18.47 for the round trip. Tickets on sale July 3d to 7th, good returning until July 20th, 1890.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

Attention, Farmers!

I AM NOW PREPARED TO WRITE

Hail Insurance

—IN THE—

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE

STORM ASSOCIATION.

The cheapest and best Insurance Company doing business in the State. Its officers and agents are all Alliance men and its object is to furnish safe and sure insurance. During the season I have secured desk room in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL office, where I should be pleased to meet all who wish to insure. Call and see me.

M. E. BARTLETT,

[10tf] JOURNAL Office, Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN. - - - MINN

Polk County Farmers' Alliance.

CROOKSTON, June 13th, 1890.

A call is hereby made for a meeting of the Polk County Alliance, in Crookston, on Wednesday, July 2d, at 10 o'clock a. m., to adopt a constitution, consider the propriety of independent political action and other important matters. By order of

A. N. HIXSON, Secretary.
G. M. SWIFT, President.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NELS MOUS, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818.

[5-tf]

Bids for City Printing.

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK,
Crookston, June 12th, 1890.

Sealed bids will be received by the City Council of the City of Crookston until July 8th, 1890, for the purpose of doing all the city printing and furnishing stationery for the ensuing year. The council reserves the right to reject any or all Bids. By order of the City Council.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

[9-11]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

Ho For The Lake.

An excursion train will run to Maple Lake on July 4th. Leave Crookston at 6:30 a. m. Get on board, chillen, dar's room for all to go.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

Ordinance.

The City Council of the City of Crookston do ordain as follows:

That section one chapter five of the ordinances of the city of Crokston be amended so that it reads as follows:

Section 1. There shall be two public pounds in the city of Crookston to be located by the city council, one on the north side and the other on the south side of the Red Lake River and the pound keepers thereof shall hold office for one year.

Passed this 10th day of June, 1890.

H. STEENERSON,
President of the City Council.

Approved this 19th day of June, 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
[10-11] City Clerk.

Excursions.

The Great Northern Railway Line will sell excursion tickets as follows:

FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSIONS.

Tickets to points within a distance of 300 miles, in any direction, will be sold for one fare for the round trip, on July 3d and 4th, good to return until July 7th.

Reduced rates to Milwaukee, Wis., accont of Knights of Pythias Encampment. For the above occasion tickets will be sold to Milwaukee and return for one fare for the round trip, on July 3d to 7th, inclusive, good to return until July 20th.

For the National Educational meeting to be held in St. Paul this coming month. Tickets will be sold for one fare for the round trip, with $2 added, (which $2 additional is for membership fee,) on July 6th and 7th, good to return until July 15th. An extention of the time beyond the above limit, up to Sept. 25th, with final limit Sept. 30th, can be obtained through the joint agency at St. Paul, but such extension will only enable passengers to complete return on continuous trip, leaving St. Paul not later than Sept. 25th.

C. H. MIX,
Agent, Crookston.

Excursion Rates.

The Northern Pacific R. R. will sell July 3d and 4th, good until July 7th, round trip tickets to all points within a radius of three hundred miles from Crookston at one fare for the round trip.

CROOKSTON, June 24th, 1890.

A call is hereby issued for a District Legislative Convention composed of two delegates from each Farmers' Alliance in Polk, Norman and Beltrami Counties, to convene at Crookston, on Friday, July 11th, at ten o'clock a. m. to nominate Candidates for Senator, and three Representatives to the Legislature.

By order of the executive Committee.

A. N. HIXSON,
Sec. Polk County Alliance.

Lumber $7.00 to $11.00. Good for roofing, sheathing, under floors, &c.
Dimension, $13.00.
Flooring at $10 and upwards.
Shiplaps at $12 and upwards.
Shingles from $1.25 to $2.75.

RED RIVER LUMBER CO.,
[9-tf] Crookston, Minn.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

East Grand Forks News: "THE JOURNAL is red-hot for Donnelly. Bah! That is only a side-play for Merriam." Wrong again, Mr. News man. That's where you are way—off—your—base.

If the Republican State central committee had not called the State Convention at an unusually early date the farmers' alliance would not have thought of taking the field as a political party this year. It is the machine politics they object to.

The all-observing topic now is:—"Will Knute Nelson be a candidate for Governor?" There are those who honestly believe that Knute Nelson at the head of the Republican ticket is the only man who can save that ticket from defeat. If this is the correct diagnosis of the case then the duty of the Republican party is perfectly clear. All who feel that way should labor to bring about the nomination of Hon. Knute Nelson. The Republican party, as the party of the people is in duty bound to take up the question of a free and open wheat market and to secure the same for the country.

Well, Why Not?

The East Grand Forks News sneers at the idea of Donnelly for Governor. Is it because Mr. Donnelly is a man of the people—a poor man? Why not elect a poor man once—a true representative of the masses just to see how it would seem. How do the farmers like to be told that they CAN'T HAVE that kind of a man? Who is going to prevent them if they will?

Detroit Record:—It is not necessary for a man of Knute Nelson's reputation and acknowledged ability to go outside of his own party in order that he may be recognized. He can secure the Republican nomination for Governor of this state at any time he may want the office, and what is more he can be elected over any man who may be pitted against him. It is not necessary for him to run after any mongrel party.

In the above article the Detroit Record takes a very round-about course to offer a gratuitous insult to the Farmers' Alliance; at the same time belittles Mr. Nelson by the assumption that he belongs to the common herd of petty office-seekers. Mr. Nelson does not desire an office but we believe him to be public-spirited enough to yield if it shall be shown that the agricultural interests of the State requires his services. He is running after no "mongrel party" as the Record facetiously calls the Alliance, but the "mongrel party" feels that he is a man who thoroughly understands the agricultural needs of the country, and he has proved by former actions that he has the courage of his convictions. If the Republican party is true to its old-time record—is still the party of the people it is high time for it to expouse the cause for which the Alliance is fighting and make that cause victorious. The Alliance believes that Knute Nelson, better than any other man can champion their cause and lead the Republican party to victory (and they are not at all lonesome in that idea) and the Republican party had better take a large-sized tumble to the situation if it expects to hold its prestige. It will not answer to go to calling farmers "mongrels" even if you would like to think so. Their cause is right and just and must prevail. Ridicule and abuse will not answer the demands of the occasion.

The Fiery Red Cover.

Of The 4th of July Double Number of The Youth's Companion, just received, is so realistic that one can almost hear the boom of the cannon cracker and the clang of the great Independence Bell. Some of the literary features are, "On His Own Merits," in which a spoiled son wins the battle of life through his own exertion; "Hitty," a boarding school story by Kate W. Hamilton; "Under False Colors," an amusing story of life in a Western lumbering town; „A Little Hero of Lundy's Lane;" "A Fourth of July Cow," by Helen M. North; "He Kept His Flag Up," by C. A. Stephens. "Fourth of July under Difficulties," by James Parton. Besides these are the usual editorial on current events and a jolly page of 4th of July fun for the younger children.

Great West: Will G. de Ste Croix stick to his $5,000 any better then Pillsbury and Sawyer did to the $20,000? It cost us about $175 to get the gristle out of Bro. P's backbone, and we want to see some certainty about this thing.

Now, we say this to Saint Croix—and we hope some friend of his will show him what we say: We demand of you that you tell us what you pay for your wheat—what you pay for freight on every part of the route—and what you get—1st, for "Duluth" grade, and 2d, for No. 1 hard (Canadian.) If you don't furnish this itemized account to us (if you ever authorized the above) you are a fraud and a bluffer. We will wait two weeks to hear from you and if we do not, shall advise the farmers to horsewhip you and then duck you in the goose-pond.

Twenty Cents a Bushel.

Great West: If the American farmer wants to know how the tariff on wheat protects him, read this—from a small town in Manitoba, near the border:

Gretna Man., June 7.—Farmers from North Dakota are hauling their grain to this point over the boundary. After paying a duty of 15 cents per bushel on wheat they realize 6 to 7 cents more per bushel than they can in North Dakota.

According to this the "protection" ought to be 100 per cent—and then our farmers would haul wheat from Fillmore County to Winnipeg by team to get a better price.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held on Thursday evening, June 26th, 1890:

Meeting called to order by President Steenerson.

The following Aldermen were present? Lally, Morrisey, Jennings, Marshall, Buhn, Smith, Jerome and Bjoin.

Aldermen absent, Childs and McLaren.

The call of the Mayor was read by the President, which was as follows;

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
City of Crookston, } ss.

A special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston will be held at the City Hall in said city on Thursday evening, June 26th, A. D. 1890, at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of granting liquor licenses and accepting or rejecting bonds offered for the same. Also to advertise for bids to open Spendley street, in the city of Crookston, as per petition of Chester Fecto and others.

Dated at my office this 25th day of June, A. D. 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

The following liquor license bonds presented and accepted, subject to the City Attorney's approval as to the form of the bonds:

Bond of N. Rapin, with Louis Fontaine and F. Jerome as sureties, was presented. Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the bond and sureties be accepted. Carried.

The bond of Jas. A. Bemis, with A. D. Stephens and John Cromb as sureties, was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Marshall and second of Alderman Jennings, same was accepted.

The bond of John W. O'Brien, with Henry Wight and J. H. Thomas as sureties, was presented, and upon motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Lally, same was accepted.

The bond of Louis B. Ferran, with George J. McManus and H. Steenerson as sureties, was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Marshall and second of Alderman Buhn, was accepted.

The bond of Wilson & Thompson, with John R. McKinnon and S. R. Sylvester as sureties, was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Buhn, was accepted.

The bond of Fred G. Rauch, with Peter Becker and Adolfh F. Rauch as sureties, was presented. Moved by Alderman Lally, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that same be accepted. Carried.

The bond of Louis M. Bergquist, with C. M. Lindell and John H. Locken as sureties was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Buhn, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, duly accepted.

The bond of B. J. Duntley, with A. C. Schmidt and Chas. Jefferson as sureties, was presented, and upon motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome, duly accepted.

The bond of John L. Hanson, with L. O. Tommerdahl and John Alderman as sureties, was read, and, upon motion, was accepted.

The bond of Wm. Heidrick, with M. R. Brown and E. O. Flanders as sureties, was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Buhn, same was accepted.

The bond of Austin Bros. with Martin Sands and A. K. Austin as sureties, was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Buhn and second of Alderman Marshall, accepted.

The bond of Max Ericsson, with Wm. Anglim and A. M. Stewart as sureties, was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Morrisey and second of Alderman Marshall, duly accepted.

The bond of O. C. Erickson, with Wm. Kistenmacher and Geo. O. Buhn as sureties, was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Marshall, same was accepted.

The bond of C. C. Hoch, with Wm. Himmelsbach and M. E. Kirsch as sureties, was presented, and, upon motion of Alderman Marshall and second of Alderman Jennings, duly accepted.

The bond of Ernest Ralsch, with Ernest Mueller and Carl Riedesel as sureties, was read. Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that it be accepted. Carried.

The bond of Oliver Mercil, with Israel Desmarais and A. Chabot as sureties, was presented. Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the same be accepted. Carried.

The bond of Page and Benoit, with A. Farley and L. I. Benoit as sureties, was read. Upon motion of Alderman Schmidt and second of Alderman Jennings, same was accepted.

The bond of August Wentzel, with E. P. Pierce and E. W. Wile as sureties was presented. Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that same be accepted. Carried.

The petition of Fecto and others, which had been accepted at a former meeting, was presented, and Alderman Jerome offered the following resolution:

At a special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 26th day of June, 1890, Alderman Frank Jerome offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Martin Lally:

Resolved, That the City Clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for grading and grubbing Spendley street from that point where Cowing street intersects said street, thence running east to Hunter street, as prayed for in a petition heretofore granted.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Lally, Bjoin, Morrisey, Jennings, Marshall, Jerome, Schmidt, Buhn and Steenerson.

Aldermen voting in the negative—None.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried and adopted by the President of the Council.

Passed this 26th day of June, 1890.

H. STEENERSON,
President of the Council.

Approved this 27th day of June, 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest; E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Upon motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

The Deal Closed.

Forty Deering Binders to be Furnished The Fosston Alliance—Solid for an Independent Ticket.

The Thirteen Towns.

The meeting of the Farmers' Alliance held at Opera Hall on last Saterday afternoon, was a large and enthusiastic one, for the reason that it had become generally known that propositions would be made by both the McCormick and Deering Machine Companies for furnishing the machinery for the alliance this year. Representatives of both companies had been active among the farmers and alliance men the preceeding few days and both were confident of victory. The question of having a secret or open meeting caused a long discussion but never came to a vote, and several other motions met with a like fate. It was finally agreed that the representives be given a hearing. Mr. Hobert, of the McCormick Company, was the first to submit a proposition which was in substance as follows: The McCormick Company would lay down binders in Fosston for $110 and freight from Chicago, which would be about $10,00. They would warrant all binders for one year and three years time would be given for payment. Considerable time was taken up in discussing prices of twine with the McCormick man, who finally offered to furnish twine as cheap as any other company, no matter what the price was. He then brought up the subject of mowers, and offered to lay them down in Fosston for $45,00 and $50,00 respectively, according to the size of the machine, and freight from Chicago. Mr. Scotland, the Deering representative, was then called upon. He proposed to duplicate the offer made by the McCormick people, and furnish instead of wood cutting bar and wood bed, a steel machine all the way through, and twine at greatly reduced rates. The alliance then spent considerable time in discussing the propositions that had just been heard, and it was finally decided to accept the offer of the Deering Company, as presented through Mr. Scotland. There can be no question that the agitation on the part of the farmers, through the alliance, will save the farmers on an average of at least $40,00 on all machines bought this year. While undoubtedly all the members of the alliance will purchase the Deering machine, still those farmers who are not members of the alliance will be benefited, as all companies will be obliged to come down to the figures of the Deering Company, in order to compete with them. The matter of independent political action was then taken up and discussed at length. It was unanimously decided in favor of independent action in state, congressional and county politics. J. W. Galloway was elected to represent the Fosston Alliance at the County Alliance Convention, to be held at Crookston next Wednesday.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Crookston, Minn.

HAIL INSURANCE!

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND ACRES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.	Simon Kjelhaug,	Fosston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "	W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. Boddy	Edna "	A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "	Otto F. Buse	St. Hilaire "
C. L. Lanmon	McIntosh "	K. Rollag,	Gossen "
Owen Nelson,	McIntosh "	W. G. Hunt,	King "
P. W. Johnson	Valley "	Walter Latta,	Buffington "

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[80-48]

INTRODUCTION!

I wish to announce to the pubic in general that I

HAVE BOUGHT OUT THE STOCK OF HACK & GALLASCH,

And shall continue the business at the old stard, and will carry a

FULL and COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS

Generally kept in a first class store, and hope to see my friends call in. Yours, truly,

A. Sture.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA,
Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
G. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Locken. A. D. Stephe
Max Ericsson. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - MINN

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIG OF THE BIG IJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and ounselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to col lection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Goods.
Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer
to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN APITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
R. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaes.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when You Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - MINNESOTA

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 1, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 3, 1890.

Frauds.

The Western Rural.

There is never any lessening of the active army of swindlers whose sole business is to rob the farmer. It is utterly impossible for any newspaper to keep up with them all, and hence many of them are never exposed. Since this journal fourteen years ago announced its intention of exposing all swindlers that came within its knowledge, and made it a practice to denounce any newspaper that accepted snide advertising, the swindlers of farmers have been driven largely to the necessity of advertising through circulars; and The Rural is not likely to know anything of these efforts to swindle the public unless the circulars are sent to us. But in nearly every line of business, which our farmers patronize, there can be found some gang of advertisers who study how successfully to impose on the rural districts. The first fraud of this character that deserves special notice is the bogus agricultural newspaper. The so-called agricultural journal that takes the farmer's money and yet consorts with those who through trusts and other combines, seek to rob him, is bad enough in all conscience. But when we speak of bogus agricultural papers we refer to such as Gardner once published and for denouncing which the fellow brought a libel suit against The Western Rural a few years ago, but knew too much to bring it to trial. Then come such papers as the Farm Herald which we recently noticed, and which as published by the liquor interests. Added to them are the papers which are published by people who desire to advertise their goods, thus compelling the farmer to pay for the fun which these people have in publishing a paper and putting their wares before the public. There are thousands of farmers thus paying the advertising bills of manufacturers and store keepers. It is a mean sort of business, and the only safety which the farmer has from the imposition is to refuse to pay money for a farm journal except those that have an established reputation as legitimate agricultural journals.

The crooked tree agent and the lightning rod pedler need scarcely be noticed, and yet they both thrive. The Rural takes considerable satisfaction in the thought that since it sailed into the nurserymen a few years ago, and threatened to denounce any of them who refused to back up any representation made by their agents, whether authorized or not, there has been some improvement among these gentry. But it is impossible to squelch all the dishonest tree peddlers. Some of them have a finely developed talent for falsehood and they have exercised the talent so long that it would seem they cannot tell the truth. Any man is very foolish for buying trees of anybody who he does not know represents an honorable, honest, responsible nursery; and so far as lightning rod peddlers are concerned, turn them away and save your money. Have no rods put on your buildings. Even when put up according to the best rules they are not an absolute protection, if indeed they protect at all. A home in the suburbs of Chicago, elegantly rodded, and said by the lightning-rod company to be properly rodded, was struck twice by lightning last Summer, the second time burning to the ground.

Next comes the general merchandise fellow who prowls around the country pretending to represent some city house, selling everything from silks and groceries to tin cups. It may be safe to buy the tin cups, for they are generally carried along and delivered at once. But it is not wisdom to give these traveling agents orders for goods to be delivered. We have numerous complaints against this class of venders. It is said the goods sent do not correspond with the character of the goods ordered. Very often these fellows represent no house at all. They simply take orders and fill them from stocks picked up here and there as they may chance to find cheap, inferior goods. But some of the houses that have agents in the field soliciting business are not reliable. It is a dangerous business to buy goods of agents and houses that are not known to you.

Perhaps the very meanest fraud that is ever practiced upon the rural districts is the imposition upon the sick by traveling and advertising quacks. It may be set down as an irrefutable fact that if any of these traveling and advertising doctors had one-half the skill that they claim, they could make more money in any city in a day than they can make travelling over the country in a month. We have physicians in this city who make hundreds of dollars a day and could make more if they could attend to the business, and yet not one of these men will make the claims to skill that are made by any quack who travels from place to place. Our advice is to have nothing to do with these fellows. Health is too precious to risk it in the hands of an ignorant quack.

The cheap watch merchant ranks very high as an unsatisfactory element in commerce. It is fair to say that he is not always intentionally a fraud. There always have been cheap watches and always will be; and if any of them are satisfactory we do not know it. We refer now to the very cheap watch. Fairly good watches can be had at very reasonable prices. But the houses advertising an exceedingly cheap grade of goods, do not, so far as our experience goes, give satisfaction. They represent their watches, as a rule, to be what they are not, and so far as we have been acquainted with their way of doing business, they are not apt to fulfill their guaranty. A cheap watch is poor property. If we were going to buy a watch to-day we should not go to the place that advertises the cheapest watches, but to an establishment of established reputation, would say how much money we wished to expend and leave the selection of the watch to the house.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDERS ERICKSON, AN UNmarried man, as mortgagor, did on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan & Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as mortgagee, his mortgage bearing date the 27th day of July A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of the South-west Quarter, and Lots Five (5) and Six (6) and Seven (7) of section Six (6) in Township One hundred and fifty-two (152) North, of Range Forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and forty-one and seventy-three one hundredths (141 73-100) acres, to secure the payment of Sixty-three (63) Dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, payable in ten (10) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1888, at eleven o'clock A. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "35" of mortgages, on pages 423 to 424 inclusive.

And whereas The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 11th day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage, and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners, as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota; which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County, in Book "53" of mortgages, on page 402.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Six and seventy-five one hundredths (6.75) Dollars, due as the fourth installment of said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still due and unpaid;

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party.

And Whereas, Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable;

And whereas there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Forty-nine and fifty-three one hundredths (49.53) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the court-house, in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the higest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five (25) Dollars attorney fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS,
partners as Steenerson & McManus,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [11-17]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDREW J. BOHLEEN, AND Eva Bohleen, his wife, as Mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as Mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said Mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of Section One (1), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range 44 West, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres, to secure the payment of Seventy-four and Seventy-five One-hundredths Dollars ($74.75) according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in nine (9) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said Mortgagors to said Mortgagee or order; which said mortgage was, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, at five o'clock and ten minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "41" of mortgages, on pages 495 to 496 inclusive.

And whereas, The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston' Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "53" of Mortgages, on pages 366 and 367.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Seven and Fifty One-hundredths ($7.50) Dollars, due as the second installment on said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still unpaid and due,

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said Mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said Mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said Mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of Sixty-three and seventy-nine One-hundredths (63.79) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars ($25) attorneys' fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS,
partners as Steenerson & McManus,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [11-17]

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 23d, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Johannes J. Bjornstad, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 23d day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[10-12] Judge of Probate.

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B.—Nitrous Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN MCKINNON BLOCK.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication June 26th, 1890.)

WHEREAS, EDMOND LORANGER AND Rose A. Loranger, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 16th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 32, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon; according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1886, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 255; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, England, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred fifteen and 11-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE
COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CARL E. STEEL, AN UNMARried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, his mortgage bearing date of June 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 8, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 167; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 08-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty and 08-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred seven and 08-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 2d day of August A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 14th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, OLIVIER DEMERS AND Adelle Demers, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage, bearing date of November 28th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1885, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 63; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 33-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, MICHAEL STENGL AND Polly Stengl, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 1st A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter and lots three (3) and four (4) Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160.48-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 9th day of March A. D. 1886, at 11:25 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 123; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of ten hundred sixty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY
COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890]

WHEREAS, EMIRI PAGE AND EMERende Page, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of December 21st, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 309; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred six and 92-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1890.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND
AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, Limited,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-12] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE, AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrator, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANK KLUZAK AND MARY Kluzak, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of fourth day of June, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 419; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six and 80-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty four dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand fourteen and 39-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 26, 1890.]

WHEREAS, BOYD D. VAN GORDON AND Olive Van Gordon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 20th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 15, Township 149, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 277; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred eighty-five and 44-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE
COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES NILSON AND Charlotta Nilson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of 17th day of July, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southeast quarter of Section 24, Township one hundred and forty-eight. (148) Range 45; also lot 4, in Section 19, and lots 1 and 2 in Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing one hundred and sixty-three and 99-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 213; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred twenty-six and 45-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY.
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated November 16th, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, November 17th, 1888, in book 40 of mortgages, page 510, whereby William L. Davies and Sarah C. Davies, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153), of range forty-seven (47), in Polk county, Minnesota, by which default the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date hereof, $851.88.

Now, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said power, said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on July 19th, 1890, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house, in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated May 31st, 1890.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, (SEAL)
By Rob't N. Jackson, President.

Lee J. Lockwood & Co., Mortgagee
Attorneys.

[7-13]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, HENRY DAVEY AND NETTIE Davey, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of December 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter, the east half of southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter Section seven (7) Township one hundred and forty-seven. (147) Range forty-four (44) west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 301; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed, to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eleven hundred eighty-two and 01-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 31st, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[7-13] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 11th, 1890. In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Bent Erickson, of said county, representing, among other things that Peder Benson, late of Polk County, on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1881, at Fairfax, in said county, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the father of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to O. C. Bergland granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court on Monday, the 14th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[9-12] Judge of Probate.

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 48 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS MARCHILDON and Amand Marchildon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 37, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 96-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 23d, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CHARLES DERUSHIA AND Mary D. Derushia, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of first day of April, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 153, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 389; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand two hundred ten and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE
COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	14 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention for the State of Minnesota will be held on Thursday, July 24th, 1890, in Market Hall, in the city of St. Paul, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions:

Governor,
Lieutenant Governor,
Secretary of State,
Auditor of State,
State Treasurer,
Attorney General,
Clerk of the Supreme Court,

And for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago, in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to co-operate in the election of delegates.

Polk Pounty is entitled to eight delegates.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That each county polling 500 or more votes for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, shall be entitled to two delegates at large; those polling less than 500 votes, one delegate at large; within each county one additional delegate for every 500 votes cast for President in 1888 and one delegate for fraction over one hundred.

The foregoing call agreed upon by the Republican State Central Committee at a meeting held in St. Paul, Wednesday, May 14th, 1890.

STANFORD NEWEL, Chairman.
JOEL P. HEATWOLE, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, July 18th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the city of St. Paul on the 24th day of July, 1890, and also for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention, to be held at Little Falls, September 4th, 1890, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to cooperate in the election of delegates.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Brislet	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	2
Columbia	2	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	2	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	2	Polk Center	2
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	1	Red Lake Falls—vil	3
Town of Crookston	2	" " "—town	1
Eden	1	Rice	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4		
Grand Forks	2	St. Hilaire	2
Garden	4	Sanders	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sandsville	2
Gervais	1	Sletten	3
Gentilly	2	Sullivan	2
Godfrey	3	Tabor	1
Grove Park	2	Terrebonne	2
Hammond	1	Tilden	2
Higdem	2	Tynsid	2
Hill River	3	Vineland	2
Hubbard	3	Winger	3
Huntsville	2	Woodside	3
Keystone	2	Wyandotte	2
Kertsonville	1		
King	3	Total	157
Knute	3		

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resoved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

Resolved, That at the several caucuses at which the above delegates are elected, the voters present are hereby urgently requested to elect a local committee of three members for the ensuing two years, and report the names and post office address of such committeemen, to the Secretary of the County Committee, by mail or on the day of holding the convention.

The foregoing call was agreed upon by the Republican County Committee at a meeting held in the City of Crookston, June 10th, 1890.

A. R. HOLSTON, Secretary.
H. E. COOKE, Chairman.

Great West: There is a feeling abroad that the Great West pitches into almost everybody. If it don't pitch into any man or agency that even silently stands in and defends the commercial robbers of the age, send in the names. There was no sense, justice, truth or reason in St. Croix's striking at us in our fraud revelation. Every figure we gave was from the wheat dealers themselves, we have them "in black and white," and most of them twice and thrice over—quotations of shipments and for shipments. If St. Croix denies them he calls the Pillsbury's liars and not us. The very fact of his seeking a quarrel with us is evidence of his dabbling in transportation frauds. It is our duty to remove the respectability from thievery.

POLK COUNTY ALLIANCE.

Pursuant to call Polk County Alliance met at the Court House on July 2d, President Swift in the chair.

On motion, the chair appointed as committee on credentials: John Peterson, Elias Steenerson and J. B. Hebert.

The committee on credentials and committee on constitution retired, meantime the alliance listened to an address by President Swift, after which the alliance adjourned until one o'clock. Upon reassembling in the afternoon the committee on credentials reported the following delegates entitled to seats:

Lowell, No. ——.—E. Lomen, O. Christianson, Hans C. Johnson.

Vineland, No. 935.—E. O. Estenson, Ole H. Martenson.

Kertsonville, No. 868.—Christopher Barnaas, Moses Peltier.

Lessor, No. ——.—O. A. Wilson.

Terrebonne, No. 822.—John Deforge, John Clement, Louis Perreault.

Woodside, No. 742.—John Tagley.

Old Settlers of Fisher, No. ——.—Andrew Malmberg, X. V. Christianson, C. U. Webster.

Mentor, No. ——.—John Quesnell, C. M. Benson, G. M. Swift.

Agawam, No. ——.—C. A. Johnson.

Sand Hill, No. ——.—A. Steenerson, Levi S. Myers, C. Steenerson.

Crookston, No. 648.—E. D. Childs, H. E. Cooke, E. Steenerson.

Black River, No. 689.—Svan Anderson, A. M. Hanson.

Gentilly, No. ——.—Louis Berthiaume, Remi Fortier, Noe Bronsic.

Louisville, No. 843.—Joseph Derocher, Eustache Payment, A. D. Berry.

Red Lake Falls, No. 979.—Twefley Grandbois.

Bygland, No. 819.—Paul Sorenson, Thom Benson, Jacob P. Jorgenson.

Godfrey, No. 651.—D. T. Mitchell, Theodore Wilson, P. S. Mitchell.

Garden, No. 660.—J. J. Johnson, P. G. Petterson, O. P. Renne.

Russia, No. 677.—Hans Hoff, W. A. Marin, John Mathews.

Scandia, of Knute, No. 643.—Lars E. Nelson.

Poplar River, No. 789.—Cyprian Demers, Thomas Allard, John B. Hebert.

Roome, No. 676.—J. J. Ide, John Gilbert, Martin Finseth.

Union, No. 617.—W. G. Lytle, G. M. Fisk, G. W. Eastman.

Lake Pleasant, No. 835.—J. F. Beaudry, Moses Ducharme, Joseph Perrault.

Keystone, No. ——.—Thos. Chalmers, John Love, Henry Horn.

Tabor, No. 657.—J. W. Bren, F. J. Cernousek.

Fosston, No. 666.—John Galloway, Martin Randklev, Nils J. Lofthus.

Liberty, No. ——.—A. Boddy, S. Refsdal, Nils Muus.

Garfield, No. 650.—Ole L. Opheim, Enor Nilson, Knute Opheim.

Hill River, No. 735.—Ole J. Matson, John Peterson.

Winger, No. ——.—Ole K. Lakness, I. K. Messelt, Martin Lanison.

The committee on constitution reported the following constitution and by-laws, which were adopted, ziz:

CONSTITUTION.

The object of this Alliance is to promote the interests of Agriculture and the prosperity of those interested in Agricultural pursuits in Polk County, and especially such as become members of this organization, and join their efforts with ours to secure this end.

In this Alliance the largest liberty shall be allowed for the discussion of all questions, political, financial or economic, which can interest the real farmers, and due respect shall be paid to the opinions and wishes of each of its members.

ARTICLE 1.

SECTION 1. This Alliance shall be known as the Farmers' Alliance of Polk County, and shall be composed of its officers, the County Lecturer and deputy County Lecturers and three delegates from each sub-alliance in the County. Twenty members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

SEC. 2. It shall have power to make its own constitutions (subject to the requirements of the State Constitution) or to change the same at any semi-annual meeting, when deemed necessary, by a two-thirds vote of the members present.

ARTICLE 2.

SEC. 1. Its officers shall consist of a President, one Vice-President from each Commissioner's District, a Secretary, a County Lecturer and a Treasurer.

SEC. 2. These officers shall be elected at the annual meeting, to serve for the term of one year, or until their successors are elected and have accepted.

SEC. 3. Should any of the officers elected or appointed fail to signify their acceptance, within thirty days after their election or appointment, such office or offices shall be declared vacant, and the Executive Committee shall proceed to elect some suitable person or persons to fill such vacancies.

DUTIES OF PRESIDENT.

SEC. 4. The President shall preside at all meetings of the County Alliance and of the Executive Committee, preserve order, and perform such duties as pertain to his office.

It shall be his duty, when instructed by the Executive Committee, to call special meetings of the County Alliance. He shall have general supervision of the interests of the Alliance.

SEC. 5. He shall make a full report of his official acts during recess, at each meeting of the Alliance.

DUTIES OF VICE PRESIDENT.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the several Vice Presidents in the absence of the President to preside in his place it their regular order.

SEC. 7. In case of the death, resignation or permanent absence of the President from the County, the senior Vice President shall act as President until the next annual meeting.

DUTIES OF SECRETARY.

SEC. 8. The Secretary shall keep a correct record of the proceedings of the County Alliance, and of the official action of the Executive Committee. He shall receive all moneys coming to the Alliance from any source.

SEC. 9. At the end of each and every month he shall pay over to the Treasurer all moneys which he has received belonging to the County Alliance, and take his receipt therefor.

He shall at each meeting of the Executive Committee make an itemized statement of the dates and amounts of all receipts and disbursements. He shall report annually to the County Alliance the number of sub-alliances organized during the year, and as nearly as possible the whole number of members in the County, together with all other matters proper to be laid before the County Alliance, and perform such other duties as may be directed be the Executive Committee.

SEC. 10. Before entering upon his official duties he shall give a good and sufficient bond for the faithful discharge of his duties, to the Executive Committee, in such sums as the Committee may determine, which bond shall be approved by the finance committee.

SEC. 11. He shall make a full and accurate report of all receipts and disbursements by him to the Finance Committee, at least two days before each meeting of the County Alliance.

And upon the expiration of his term of office or other determination thereof, he shall deliver to the proper officer, when called upon to do so, all moneys, papers, and all other property of whatever kind, in his hands belonging to the County Alliance. He shall receive for his services such compensation as the Executive Committee may determine form time to time.

DUTIES OF TREASURER.

SEC. 12. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to receive from the Secretary any moneys belonging to the Alliance and give his receipt therefor, and to pay out the same only upon the order of the President, countersigned by the Secretary.

He shall keep a correct account of all receipts and disbursements. He shall make an itemized statement of the condition of the treasury at each session of the Executive Committee, and shall make a full and accurate report of all receipts and disbursements to the Finance Committee at least two days before each annual meeting of the County Alliance.

SEC. 13. Before entering upon his official duties he shall execute a good and lawful bond, for the faithful discharge of his official duties, to the Executive Committee, in such sum as the committee may determine; which bond shall be approved by the Finance Committee. And upon the expiration of his term of office or other determination thereof, he shall deliver to the County Alliance, or the proper officers when called upon so to do, all moneys, papers and other property in his hands belonging to the County Alliance. He shall receive for his services such compensation as the Executive Committee may determine.

SEC. 14. No person shall be eligible to any office in the County Alliance unless he is a member, in good standing, in some subordinate alliance in the state.

SEC. 15. When any person is acting as an officer of the County Alliance, at any annual meeting of the same, and he is not re-elected to his said office, or is not elected to any other office, he shall have the right to remain in such meeting and participate in debate, and vote, until the close of the same.

ARTICLE 3. MEETINGS OF THE COUNTY ALLIANCE.

SEC. 1. The annual meeting shall be held at such a place as is fixed upon by vote at the preceeding annual meeting.

The date of holding it shall be determined by the Executive Committee. If the annual meeting fails to fix upon the place or date of the next meeting the same may be designated by the Executive Committee.

SEC. 2. The Executive Committee shall make all necessary preparations for the annual meeting of the alliance, and shall also prepare an order of business, and rules and regulations for the government of the same; subject to the alliance when it meets.

SEC. 3. The sessions of the alliance for business purposes shall be public unless otherwise ordered by a two thirds vote of the alliance.

ARTICLE 4. PER CAPITA TAX.

SEC. 1. Each member of any Subordinate Alliance shall pay a yearly per capita tax of twenty cents payable semi-annually, which shall be paid in by the delegation or before the first day of June, and the first day of December, each year.

ARTICLE 5. THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

SEC. 1. The officers of the County Alliance shall constitute the Executive Committee. They shall have full power to represent the County Alliance in all matters requiring attention. They may accept the resignation of any officer, fill any vacancy in the Executive Committee or remove any officers for sufficient cause; all their actions to be subject to the approval of the County Alliance.

SEC. 2. The Executive Committe shall meet directly after each annual meeting, and thereafter at such times as they may appoint, or upon the call of the President and Secretary.

ARTICLE 6. THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

SEC. 1. There shall be a Finance Committee composed of three members of the Alliance elected by the County Alliance at its annual meeting each year, whose duty it shall be to audit and approve all bills before any orders can be drawn on the Treasurer to pay general expenses. They shall approve the bonds of the Secretary and Treasurer.

SEC. 2. They shall meet one day previous to the annual meeting of the County Alliance, at its place of meeting, to receive and audit the books, vouchers and reports of the Secretary and Treasurer. They shall have a general supervision of the finances of the County Alliance, and the books of the Secretary and Treasurer shall always be open for inspection.

ARTICLE 7.

SEC. 1. The County Alliance shall hold a meeting the last Friday in June in the year in which members of the Legislature are to be chosen; and it shall be their duty to issue a call for an alliance county or Legislative district convention, at such time and place as may be most convenient for the farming population, for the purpose of considering whether the interests of the producers require the nomination of a farmers' legislative ticket, or any part of the same; to be submitted to the political parties of the county, or district, for their approval. If they so find by a two-thirds vote of those present, they shall proceed to place such a ticket in nomination, by a majority vote; and if the same is not accepted by any of the political parties, they shall determine, at such nominating convention, whether or not they will support such ticket at the polls.

No person shall be nominated by such convention for the Legislature except Alliance members; unless the convention by a two thirds vote determine otherwise. It shall also hold a meeting on the last Friday of December of each year.

ARTICLE 8. DUTIES OF SUB-ALLIANCES.

SEC. 1 It shall be the duty of each subordinate alliance to report to the Secretary of the County Alliance through its Secretary immediately after the Semi Annual meetings giving the name, number, officers, delegates and number of members of their respective Alliances.

BY-LAWS.

1. The Alliance is not a secret society, and its meetings should be public. But secret sessions may be held if necessary.

2. No person shall be admitted a member of the County Alliance until he has shown to the satisfaction of the Alliance that he is a member of the Alliance in good and regular standing, and has been duly elected as such delegate by his subordinate alliance. No proxies will be admitted.

3. When the County Alliance holds its annual meeting the order of business, unless otherwise ordered, shall be:

First, the appointment of a committee on credentials.

Second, report of committee on credentials, and action on the same.

Third, report of president, secretary and treasurer, and action on the same,

Fourth, reports of committees.

Fifth, unfinished business.

Sixth, new business.

Seventh, good of the order.

4. No person shall speak more than twice upon any branch of a subject without the consent of the alliance.

5. All votes shall be viva voce except upon the election of officers, which shall be by ballot.

6. All resolutions offered in the meeting previous to the report of the committee on resolutions shall be referred to the committee on resolutions without debate. But any two members of the committee on resolutions shall have the right to demand a separate vote by the alliance on any resolution rejected by the committee.

H. E. COOKE,
I. K. MESSELT,
CHRIS STEENERSON,
} Members of Com.

Motion prevailed to listen to the report of the committee on resolutions. After a somewhat lengthy discussion the motion to lay the resolutions on the table prevailed.

Motion to proceed to the election of officers prevailed,

On motion, the Secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for George M. Swift for President. The ballot for Secretary resulted as follows; Nels Muus, 38, C. U. Webster, 28, Mr. Muus was declared the unanimous choice. The Secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for Jos. Laframboise for Treasurer. C. A. Johnson was elected County Lecturer. Vice Presidents elected were:

1st Dist.—Ole P. Renne.
2d " —P. B. Anderson.
3d " —L. H. Judson.
4th " —Remi Fortier.
5th " —Frank J. Cernousek.

On motion the chair appointed the following committee on finance: Andrew Steenerson, W. G. Lytle, C. M. Benson.

Moved that the alliance take immediate steps to put an independent county and legislative ticket in the field. Carried.

It was decided that a county convention shall be held immediately after the legislative convention on July 11th.

On motion, G. M. Swift was elected delegate to the State Alliance meeting to be held on July 16th, with Nels Muus alternate.

On motion, Andrew Steenerson and Martin Randklev were elected delegates to the legislative convention to be held on July 11th.

On motion the alliance adjourned.

Fargo Weekly Aurgus.

Among the many evidences of the fitness of Hon. S. G. Comstock to represent the people of the Fifth District of Minnesota in the national house of representatives, may be cited his speech in that body the fore part of this month on the famous contested election case of McDuffie and Turpin, from the Fourth District of Alabama. The speech was a masterful one, embracing passages of wit and wisdom that would do credit to Webster, Clay or Patrick Henry. This speech indicated Mr. Comstock had made himself quite familiar with the grave and intricate features of the great southern problem, now of even more than national concern. Mr. Comstock has made a record in congress that very few members achieve during their first term' and his services have been of a character influential and beneficial both locally and nation ally. Such a representative at the seat of government is an invaluable consideration to a young and growing constituency like that comprising the Fifth congressionl district of Minnesota, and it seems as if it would be the part of wisdom for that district to provide beyond the possibility of failure for the return of Mr. Comstock to the next congress. Everything, however, points in that direction now, and the probabilities are that nothing short of a miracle can turn the tide in an adverse direction, and it is safe to predict that the present popular representative from that district will succeed him self.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss
In Probate Court, Special Term, June 25th, 1890,

In the matter of the estate of George W. Tice, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Ann M. Tice and John E. Tice, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 2d day of December, 1890, at two o.clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 25th day of June A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.
[11-13]

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 "
Milk Cans at 50 cents.
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.
Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Scythe and Snath 1.25
Screen Doors at 1.00
Large stock of Mixed Paints.
Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

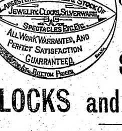
IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware,

CLOCKS and JEWELRY.



I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER........Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE........Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD........Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)........Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER........Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE........Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD........Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE........Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE........Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG........Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY........Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP........Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN........Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY........Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL........Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President.

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. ooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 10, 1890.

'Round Home.

F. O. Sustad has moved to Warren for the summer.

The boys have their new ball grounds in complete shape for business.

Lee & Herrick are selling feed on time. Call and see them for terms.

E. D. Childs went down to attend a directors meeting on Tuesday night.

The alliance will meet on Friday to nominate a county and a legislative ticket.

The firm of Mason & Robinson was dissolved this week and Herb once more goes it alone.

Plenty of hay on the market, mostly new crop. The hay crop pronounces to be a big one.

Misses Edith and Eunice Copeland go to Devil's Lake on Saturday to visit friends there.

A. Lariviere has closed up his business at Thief River Falls and goes to West Superior to live.

Mine host Bemis looks as happy as a big sunflower underneath that awning at the Commercial Hotel.

The Republican city caucuses have been called for Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the usual place in each ward.

The saw mill shut down on Tuesday evening to await the arrival of more logs which will be early in August it is thought.

Mrs. Coykendal, sister of Mr. I. U. Jennings arrived from Racine, Wis., last week on a visit to her relatives in this city.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings is making preparations to move her millinery store back to her residence on Main street. Expects to move next Monday.

E. S. Chapin was over from Church's Ferry, N. D., this week, renewing old acquaintances. He thinks Crookston is about to experience a boom.

The sad news reaches the city of the death of Mrs. W. H. Medlar at Wabasha this week. THE JOURNAL has been unable to learn further particulars.

J. A. Wallace, a former Crookstonite, who has been living in Duluth recently came back last week. Says there's no place like Crookston for a home for him.

Prof. Hulburts' Hypocynagun, combined with a regular circus exhibited in Crookston on July 4th. It is said that the circus part does not add to the attractions.

Active preparations for the addition to the McKinnon block are being made, and the work of excavation will be commenced as soon as the buildings can be removed.

Neighbor Anderson has put up a high board fence along the side and rear of his lots and will put up a neat front fence. This is the property formerly owned by J. M. Palmer.

Charlie Rauch came up from Fergus on Monday's delayed train. He has been away from Crookston two years or so but thinks he should recognize the old city all right enough.

On dit that the new proprietors of the water works have made D. Jacobus an offer for the corner of Broadway and Robert, intending to put up a large brick block for their business.

The Presbyterian Sunday school will picnic in the grove, on the old Honeywell place, near the Robert's residence, on Friday next. The school will assemble at the church at 9 o'clock a. m.

The dump carts and track have been taken over the river to Jerome's addition to make the fill necessary to complete the approach to the bridge. The track from the cut to the bridge will have to be raised several feet.

The Republican caucus have been called for the county on Wednesday evening and it has been suggested that the city hold its caucuses on the same evening at 8 o'clock. Elsewhere will be found a list of the various Republican ward committees.

Farmers don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [6-tf]

Rev. Currie brought THE JOURNAL a generous sample of the full cream Jersey cheese that he is making at the farm, and if you never saw anything except the skim milk affairs that generally find a market here, you should try a bit of full cream Jersey cheese. Talk about "melting in your mouth!" Yum, yum. Mr. Currie will be prepared to fill all orders that may come with such cheese as seldom finds a market here.

Crookston Alliance No. 648, met on Saturday last and elected officers for the ensuing term, viz: President, J. O. Sargeant; Vice President, Jas. Greenhalgh; Secretary, A. N. Hixson; Treasurer, T. O. Bergland. Delegates to Polk County Alliance, A. N. Hixson, F. Bivins and J. O. Sargeant; delegates to the convention on the 11th inst, A. N. Hixson, C. Hanson; delegate to State meeting, H. E. Cooke, alternate O. Houston. Motion that the St. Paul delegates go uninstructed prevailed. After a discussion on twine matters, Jas. Greenhalgh, Chris. Houston and H. E. Cooke were appointed a committee to look up the matter and report at next meeting. Adjourned until Saturday, July 19th.

Lee & Herrick are selling feed on time. Call and see them for termf.

Mrs. George Bucknam and children arrived last week from an extended visit in Chicago.

Pat Russel says "next toime I have a bit av ice cream in a basket I'm not going to allow the b'yes to blarney me until it all rins away, bedad!"

Revs. Nestegaard and Netland, missionaries to China will hold services at the Norwegian Conference church on Sunday next at 2 p. m. All cordially invited.

Notwithstanding Crookston did not advertise to do anything in the line of celebration on July 4th a large crowd was on deck ready for anything that might transpire. It is a pity that the occasion was neglected and we trust that it will not be so again.

An attack of our old army trouble prevented our attendance at the celebration at Maple Bay on July 4th but we are informed that there was big doings out there. A goodly number went from here but not as many as would have gone had the train been arranged for earlier.

Superintendent Casey was upon the streets right early on Thursday morning clothed in a bright smile and a handsome necktie, all because the little visitor at his house, a few hours old was a boy. He has worn that suit every day since because all concerned are doing nicely.

The alliance made a good selection when they chose Charlie Johnson as county lecturer as Charlie is a good all-'round farmer and a man of liberal education. The way to succeed is to put the best men to the front and then uphold them in their work. Charlie is a man who can do good work if supported by the alliance, without that he can do nothing.

Fargo was struck by a cyclonic wave early on Monday morning. Many roofs were torn off, several buildings wrecked and a few lives lost. Moorhead suffered the loss of some roofs and the big chimney on the Grand Pacific took a tumble to itself again as it did once before several years since. Along the line telegraph poles were blown down which delayed trains somewhat.

Charlie Kops was over from Grand Forks last Wednesday to chat with his friends and sell pianos and organs. The Kops boys are doing an immense business in that line; they have arrangments with the manufacturing companies that allows them to handle goods just as they choose and they choose to to handle them to suit the requirements of their customers. They can sell you an instrument in any way you want it at all reasonable. If you want a piano or organ it will pay you to see the Kops Bros. before you buy.

Tatro & Felsing, proprietors of the new Maple Lake Steamer were in the city on Tuesday. They report a successful day on July 4th and say that the Great Northern road will soon commence to run Sunday excursion trains between Grand Forks and Dugdale. What that road should do is to lay the iron on the road already graded to Maple Bay then these excursions would pay. At present the N. P. runs excursion trains to Detroit and takes the cream of the business. If the Great Northern ran to Maple Bay that road would get the business almost wholly.

The St. Paul papers of the 7th contain the sad news of the death of Judge Walter T. Burr, which occurred on Sunday morning. Judge Burr was well known by many of our citizens. He was one of the leading citizens of St. Paul, an old soldier and a man highly respected by all who knew him. At the age of 17 he enlisted as a cavalry soldier and served with honor to the end of the war. He leaves a wife and five children to mourn his early death. The eldest son, Stiles W., was a resident of Crookston for a number of years and is well and favorably known here. The Judge will be greatly missed in the social and business circles of St. Paul where his friends are legion.

Mrs. Iver Krohn, wife of the landlord of the Scandinavian hotel died on Sunday afternoon, of typhoid fever after an illness of several weeks duration. The funeral was largely attended on Tuesday.

Ingeborg O. Messelt was born in Osterdalen, Norway, May 15th. 1868. In 1888 she came to this country to join her brothers, Berger and Ed, who reside in the town of Winger, Polk County. On September 28th, 1889, she was married to Iver A. Krohn, proprietor of the Scandinavian hotel of this city. In May last a little girl was born to them soon after which Mrs. K. had an attack of typhoid fever from which she never recovered. Dr. Dunlop took charge of the case on June 8th and did all that man could for her but all in vain as it was then too late. She leaves a mother, two brothers and two sisters in the old country and two brothers and a husband and little one in this county to mourn her early death.

A Card of Thanks.

I desire to return my sincere thanks to the many kind friends who have been so kind to me in my bereavement and my especial thanks to Dr. A. H. Dunlop who did all that mortal man could do to save the life of my beloved wife.

IVER A. KROHN.

Republican Ward Committees.

1st Ward—	I. U. Jennings, Ch'n. C. O. Christianson. H. E. Cooke.
2d Ward—	B. F. Zarracher, Ch'n. T. G. Thompson. John Monroe.
3d Ward—	G. H. Palmer, Ch'n. Andrew Eiken. Dr. L. B. Tooly.
4th Ward—	Frank Ives, Ch'n. Hugh Robertson. Henry Wight.
5th Ward—	[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Childs.

Great Remnant Sale!

REMNANTS.
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Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS

Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY

At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.

CALL AND SEE US.

KEEPING STILL
—AND—
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE,

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn.

Attention.

All who like amusement and instruction combined, will not fail to attend the entertainment to be given by the Fisher Loyal Temperance Legion and Band of Hope, at the Opera House Friday, July 11th, performance commencing at eight o'clock. Tickets twenty-five cents, children under twelve fifteen cents.

WOODSIDE, Minn., July 1st, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—The Woodside Farmers' Alliance No. 742, held its annual meeting July 1st, officers were elected as follows:

H. G. Mitchell President, O. J. Tagby Secretary, E. Johnson Treasurer. The following resolutions were adopted.

Resolved, That we are in favor of a full independent Farmers' Alliance State ticket. We also pledge ourselves not to support any newspaper that is working against the movements of the farmers' alliance believing that to support such newspapers are but furnishing our enemies the means to defeat us.

The Secretary was instructed to have these resolutions published in the Great West and THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, hoping that every alliance in the state would adopt the above resolutions.

O. J. TAGLY, Sec.

School Report.

Report of school in Dist. No. 55, Polk County, Minn., for term ending July 4th, 1890.

Number of pupils enrolled, 20.

Average daily attendance 13.6.

Total attendance in days by all pupils, 781.

Pupils not absent during last month: Edna Roberts, Harry Roberts, and John Saksgaard.

Pupils not absent during term: Edna Roberts, Harry Roberts.

Number of visits from patrons of school, 8.

AMANDA ELLIOTT, Teacher.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

Read.

The temperance Drama at the Opera House Friday eve of this week will consist of marching and drill, recitations and songs. The Prohibition Shoe, and "The Mistletoe Bough," on Pantomime. All who have have seen this play, pronounce it the finest performance by children ever given in the Northwest.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-4] [illegible] Wahpeton, N. D.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held on Tuesday evening, July 1st, 1890.

Meeting called to order by vice president Jennings.

At the roll call the following members were found to be present: Aldermen Lally, Childs' Bjoin, Morrisey, Marshall, McLaren, Schmidt, Jerome and Buhn.

Aldermen absent, Steenerson.

The call of the Mayor was read, which was as follows:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
City of Crookston. }

A special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston will be held at the City Hall in said city, on Tuesday, July 1st, A. D. 1890, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of opening and considering bids for sewers. To make provision for the payment of the amount due the Water Works, Power and Light Company; also to grant building permits, and grant the right to use portions of the streets opposite new buildings; also to grant the right to move buildings on the streets inside the fire limits.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

The sealed bids for sewers were then opened and read. Bids were received from the following parties: Wm. J. Preston, of St. Paul, P. McDonnell, of Grand Forks, John Gleason & Sons, of Minneapolis, and Carroll, Chamberlain & Co., of Grand Forks.

CROOKSTON, July 1st, 1890.

To the Honorable Mayor and members of the City Council: We, the undersigned, have the honor to sumit the following bid to construct a sewer on Third street, on Main street, on Ash street and Broadway:

Three feet brick sewer on 3d street.
Eighteen inch pipe " on Main "
Fifteen " " " " Broadway to Robert street.
Fifteen inch pipe sewer on Second st.
Twelve inch pipe sewer on Broadway, from Robert to Fletcher street.
Build 12 catch basins.
Build 5 manholes.

Do all work according to plans and specifications on file in the City Engineer's office for the sum of $6,470.80.

CARROLL, CHAMBERLIN & CO.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

CROOKSTON, Minn., July 1, 1890.

To the City Council:

I propose to construct the sewer on Third street, Main street, Second street and Broadway, with the necessary manholes and catch basins, and in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Engineer for the sum of $5,891.

And I agree to deduct from the above amount $45 for each catch basin that you may allow cast iron covers instead of granite. I also agree to deduct from the above gross amount $11 for each catch basin, less cover, that the Council or Engineer may exclude from the number specified.

I also agree to do any and all work under the supervision of the Engineer in charge, according to plans and specifications and prices therein stated.

Yours, truly,
P. MCDONNELL,
Grand Forks, N. D.

CROOKSTON, Minn., July 1, 1890.

To the City Council:

We propose to construct the sewer on the different streets named in the plans and specifications, with the necessary manholes and catch basins, and in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Clerk of the city of Crookston for six thousand three hundred and thirty dollars, ($6,330,) and we agree to do any and all work that may be specially ordered by the City Council, which is not included within the terms of this contract, for the following prices:

For each excavation, inclusive of refilling and removing surplus, open cut sewer, per cubic yard,	$ 25
For concrete, in open cut or tunnel, per cubic yard	5 00
For brick masonry, laid in cement, either in open cut or tunnel, per 1,000 brick	20 00
(All estimates of brick work will be made at 15 brick per square foot of 8 inch wall.)	
For timber work forming part of permanent work only, including all nails and framing, either in open cut or tunnel, per 1000 feet B. M.	20 00
For cast iron work, in place (inclusive of cast of patterns,) per pound	05
For wrought iron, in place, per pound	10
For piles driven and cut off, for part left in ground only, per lin. feet	30
For piling ordered and delivered less the amount paid for piles driven, per lin. foot	15

All work paid for by the cubic yard shall be measured at its actual cubical contents, no customary measurements being allowed in any case.

JOHN GLEASON & SON.,
No. 2442 13th Av. S.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

CROOKSTON, Minn., July 1, 1890.

To the City Council:

I propose to construct the sewer on Third street, from Main street to connect with the eastern end of the present old sewer, and Main street from Third street to Second street, and Second st. from Main street to Broadway, and Broadway from Second street to Fletcher street, with the necessary manholes and catch basins, and in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Clerk of the city of Crookston, for five thousand six hundred and ninety-eight dollars, and I agree to do any and all work that may be specially ordered by the City Council which is not included within the terms of the contract for the following prices:

For earth excavation, (inclusive of refilling and removing surplus), open cut sewer, per cubic yard	$ 25
For concrete, in open cut or tunnel, per cubic yard	5 00
For brick masonry laid in cement, either in open cut or tunnel, per 1,000 brick	20 00
(All estimates for brick work will be at 15 brick square foot of 8 inch wall.)	
For timber work forming part of permanent work only, including all nails and framing, either in open cut or tunnel, per 1,000 feet B. M.	20 00
For cast iron work, in place, (inclusive of cost of patterns) per pound	05
For wrought iron, in place, per pound	10
For pipe sewer laid, the list price only	
For piles driven and cut off, for part left in ground only, per lin. foot	30
For piling ordered and delivered less amount paid for piles, per lin. foot	15

All work paid for by the cubic yard shall be measured at its actual cubical contents only, no customary measurements being allowed in any case.

WM. J. PRESTON,
St. Paul, Minn.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Bjoin, that when the contract for sewers be let it be let for cast iron catch basin covers instead of granite or stone, as specified in the plans and specifications. Motion was withdrawn temporarily.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Lally, that the sewer contract be awarded to Wm. J. Preston, of St. Paul.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Schmidt, that the motion just made be amended so it be as follows: That the bid of P. McDonnell, of Grand Forks, for the construction of sewers be accepted, and the contract awarded to him for the sum of $5,351.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Ayes—Aldermen Lally, Bjoin, Morrisey, Schmidt, Jerome, Buhn, Jennings.

Nays—Aldermen Childs and Marshall.

Excused—Alderman McLaren.

President declared the amendment carried.

The vote being then taken on the original motion as amended, upon call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Lally, Bjoin, Morrisey, Marshall, Jerome, Schmidt, Buhn, Jennings.

Alderman voting in the negative—Childs.

Excused—Alderman McLaren.

President declared the motion as amended carried.

A communication was recvied from Alex. McKinnon requesting a building permit, the building to be located on the south side of Robert street, and situated on lots No. 12 and 13, block 6, Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston, and to be finished according to plans and specifications.

Moved by Alderman Lally, seconded by Alderman Childs, that the petition be granted. Carried.

A petition from Almira Clements in regard to raising and putting an addition on a frame building in the fire limits was presented and read.

Alex. McKinnon made a verbal request to the Council asking permission to move two frame buildings which are at present in the fire limits to another location in said limits.

The bill of the Crookston Water Works, Power and Light Company was presented, amounting to $2,961.20.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the bill be allowed and an order drawn on the treasurer for the amount.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Lally, Childs, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Schmidt, Jerome, Buhn and Jennings.

Motion declared carried and clerk instructed accordingly.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the amount of the contractor's bond be placed at $3,000. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the motion awarding the contract for sewers to P. McDonnell be reconsidered.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Childs, Bjoin, McLaren, Marshall, Buhn and Jennings.

Aldermen voting in the negativ—Lally, Morrisey, Schmidt and Jerome.

President declared the motion carried.

Alderman Morrisey offered the following resolution which was duly seconded by Alderman Schmidt: I move that the bid of Mr. McDonnell be accepted and the cast iron covers and drain pans, as per plan referred to by Mr. Starkey, be used, and the amount of $540 be deducted from the bid therein stated; also that the sum of $5,000 be inserted in the bond instead of $3,000.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Lally, Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Schmidt, Jerome, Buhn.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Childs.

Chairman Jennings excused.

By this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 1st day of July, 1890.

I. U. JENNINGS,
Vice President of Council.

Approved this 5th day of July, 1890.

ALEX. MCKINNON,
Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Marshall, that the following statement be put on record:

That the plans and specifications referred to in Alderman Morrisey's resolution have never been formulated, are not now and never have been before the City Council, and that they have no knowledge as to the manner or kind of catch basin for which they are awardind the contract Carried.

Upon motion the Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:31 "
11:55 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:20 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:33 "	Ashland	6:10 p. m.
3:30 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:50 p. m.
6:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:10 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:40 "	Grafton	3:32 "
1:25 p. m	Pembina	1:25 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:00 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

FREE LANDS. Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.

NEW TOWNS. For more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

LOW RATES. Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Horses, Cattle. Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.

Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sheep, Hogs. Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.

Gold and Coal. The regions tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

MILK RIVER. Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now.

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stockraisers. Now is the time.

YOUNG MAN. Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance.

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

G. N. R. L. The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions, Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.

The mission of the East Grand Forks News is to make the Farmers' Alliance rake the Democratic chestnuts out of the fire. If the farmers are true to their own interests the mission will fail

Gen. J. H. Baker is said to be an active candidate for governor on the alliance ticket. The trouble with the general is that he never seems to advocate any measure of real benefit to the farmers and as long as he could get an office in it the Republican party was good enough for him. His opposition to the sub-treasury bill ought to defeat his aspirations for the gubernational position.

The Journal has it on excellent authority that the Hon. Knute Nelson will accept the Republican nomination for Governor if tendered him. While he is not by any means an office seeker and in order to accept it would have to make a personal sacrifice yet he is patriotic enough to accept the position if the public needs require it. We believe that the people of the State of Minnesota desire to see Knute Nelson our next governor and the wishes of the people should be heeded. He is the only man in the State to-day who is able to bring order out of chaos and that his nomination would be perfectly acceptable goes without saying.

Our attention has been called to the fact that the rumor has been industriously circulated that the editor of this paper is an avowed candidate for the Senate and is bending every effort to the accomplishment of that purpose. We have time and again said in The Journal and on the rostrum that we are not a candidate for any office within the gift of the people and it is no friend of ours who is enacting this false report. We took hold of the alliance work for the sole and simple object of helping to obtain a free and open wheat market, believing that by combination the farmers could accomplish this object, by sending the best men they have to represent them in the legislature. There are some who for personal ends are offered to that idea and we believe that they are the ones who are attributing selfish motives to us, hoping thus to weaken our efforts while they are industriously seeking to advance their own interests. We wish to report once for all that we are not a candidate for any office within the gift of the people. This is a business the farmers should do themselves and there are a plenty of them fully competent to attend to it.

Minneapolis Times:—Mr. Graves is very strong throughout the whole state and especially in his own district. He could probably secure the entire 127 votes from the Fifth district and could be nominated in a canter with the additional support which Clough and Rice would give.

How long since the head of the elevator system at Duluth became so very strong among the farmers of the State? It may be possible that he could secure a party nomination "in a canter" but just so sure it is that the ticket would be defeated at the polls in a gallop! We are surprised that the Times, that generally takes so clear a view of the situation should be betrayed into such a "grave" error, (as it were,) as Chas. H. does not represent the interests of the farmers by any means. You should head such a ticket with the name of Chas. A. Pillsbury, for governor so the Minneapolis elevator interests should have an equal show with the Duluth elevator interests. But how would the people like such a ticket? And you might just as well put up Chas. A. Pillsbury as Chas. H. Graves for this is a case in which one Charles is just as good as another.

Minneapolis Times:—The farmers are making a crusade against corrupt politics, and will be joined in this movement by many republicans; the democrats are opposed to republicanism on distinct party lines, and the prohibitionists have introduced a new issue in politics which they seek to indicate at the polls. The success of either one of these parties is a partial victory for all. The interests of all are hostile to the republican party, and each is equally concerned in the defeat of that party. It is for this reason that many republicans are urging a change in the original state to renominate Merriam and the nomination of some strong man to head the ticket, who can concentrate the party forces and will be satisfactory to all parties. There are plenty of such men in the state and among them may be mentioned Hon. Knute Nelson, Judge Collins, Hon. C. A. Gilman, Hon. Chas. H. Graves, Hon. W. W. Braden, Judge J. P. Rea, Hon. Albert Scheffer and Hon. A. E. Rice. Any one of these gentlemen would be able to poll a full republican vote and to re-unite the different elements of a disintegrated party. They are all acceptable to the farmers of the state and are men of clean records, who could command the support of that element which is already revolving against boodle politics. "We must do something to strengthen our ticket or we are lost," was the ominous prediction of one of the leading republicans of the state and a warm friend of Merriam. He further expressed the opinion that Merriam could not be elected if nominated, and urged the importance of selecting some other man.

We believe the Times strikes the key-note to the situation but we as firmly believe that it is in error as to the availability of the gentlemen named except the Hon. Knute Nelson. Mr. Nelson is the only man in Minnesota to-day who can absolutely insure victory for the republican party as he alone has the absolute confidence of the farmers. The Times can see this in the fact that he alone is mentioned as the man they desire to head their ticket. He is a man of the people and understands the needs of the farmers thoroughly and he is in hearty sympathy with their needs and requirements. The fact that Knute Nelson, at the head of any ticket would win, should be a significant pointer.

Mr. Editor:—If I stay in the field I'll be accused very soon of killing my grandmother. A few days since a country newspaper said that some one was stoned at Terrebonne. It was shown to the originators of that story that when a man lives in a whiskey bottle he don't want to throw any stones, less he becomes disappointed in the encounter. Now, a democratic paragrapher calls me a "Montague republican," whatever that means. Allow me to say what kind of a republican I am: In 1884 I supported Mr. Montague for Judge of Probate on the democratic ticket. For some reason known to him Mr. Montague voted for Blaine. I was the scape goat of the firm—was loaded with a white hat and sent to the wilderness to vote for Cleveland. The day after Cleveland's election I resigned as goat, declared my intention to join the republican party, and have ever since acted with them. In 1886 I voted for and supported McGill and the republican ticket, while Mr. Montague ran on the democratic ticket and was going around the country in a box car with Mr. Ames. In the summer of 1888, A. D. Stephens presented Mr. Montague to the republican club, and since then Mr. Montague has been a good republican. So you see, I was a republican over three years before Mr. Montague, besides having been a republican all the time prior to 1882. Now, both Mr. Montague and myself are republicans, like all the other republicans. Mr. Montague is ahead of me only on one thing—he held an office. He was appointed a member of the board of tax demoralization of 1889. After the board got through the poor cow, loaded with flies and chattel mortgages, might think she was worth nearly as much as a share of bank stock, which had forgotten its surplus and its deposits and its undivided savings. But Mr. Montague was not to blame in the matter; neither he or I appointed the other members of that board. Of course, I do not want to be understood as disparaging Mr. Montague nor his services to the party. If Mr. Montague was nominated, and many offices he could fill with credit, he could not find a warmer supporter than me.

The same paragrapher repeats a joke said under the impression that "verba volant" and not for publication to a promiscuous public. It is singular that some people want you to furnish the joke and the brains to understand it. The gentleman referred to as "incumbrance," is so only as being in the way of all of us pretenders—otherwise he is a good officer, a good republican and will certainly get my support if renominated. Yours, Henry Wight.

Lindsay, Minn., July 26, 1890.

At a meeting of the Hill River Alliance No. 735, the following resolutions was adopted:

Resolved, That we desire the election of a fearless, intelligent, and incorruptible, legislature, in which the farmers of the state shall be properly represented, and which shall enact laws to prevent the watering of stocks, to prevent unjust freight charges and discriminations, and to secure to the farmers and all other people of the state, the just and equal taxation of property, and every possible facility for free and open commerce, unhindered by unjust and improper combinations, trusts, or monopolies of any kind whatever.

Examination for a Cadetship in the U. S. Military Academy

A competitive examination of applicants for nomination by S. G. Comstock, M. C., as Cadet to the United States Military Academy from the Fifth Congressional District of Minnesota, will be held at the High School building, Fergus Falls, Otter Tail Co., August 5th, 1890, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M. Examining Board, Hon. E. E. Corliss, Dr. T. N. McLean, and Prof. Weld. The age for the admission of Cadets to the Academy is between seventeen and twenty-two years. Candidates must be unmarried, at least five feet in height, free from any infectious or immoral disorder, and, generally, from any deformity, disease, or infirmity which may render them unfit for military service. They must be well versed in reading, in writing, including orthography, in arithmetic, and have a knowledge of the elements of English grammer, of descriptive geography (particularly of our own country,) and of the history of the United States; they must also be of good moral character. It is almost essential to ultimate success that the candidate posses larger requirements than those absolutely necessary for entering the Academy, particularly in arithmetic, algebra, and geometry, as most of the failures at the Academy are due to a deficiency in mathematics.

He is All Right.

Minneapolis Times.

There is nothing the matter with the republicanism of Knute Nelson. Ever since he attained his majority his vote has invariably been cast for republican candidate and principles. He has been urged to accept the nomination of the farmers' Alliance, which would have carried with it the endorsement of one or both of the two great parties, but he has peremptorily refused to allow the use of his name, because he would not place himself in position of direct or indirect antagonism to the republican party. His tariff views are in perfect harmony with the republican sentiment of the northwest. The essential feature of the tariff measure he presented in congress was a demand for free sugar and free manilla hemp and sisal grass, and in this he has been fully vindicated by the policy pursued by the republican party in the present congress. He opposed the Mills bill on the floor of the house, but in common with a few other republican voted for the measure upon its final passage, not because he approved it as passed by the house, but because he was anxious to have the question of tariff reform brought before the senate in such a form that the upper branch of congress would be compelled to take it up for consideration without shamming or delay. There can be no doubt that if the Mills bill had not passed the house the senate would not have framed the substitute which furnished the republicans with a positive issue in the campaign of 1888. Knute Nelson is all right, and his republicanism is all right. He enjoys the confidence of the body of the people in a fuller measure than any other republican leader. His nomination would rejuvenate and strengthen the party in this state and insure its supremacy for years to come.

HAIL INSURANCE!

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND ACRES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.	Simon Kjelhaug,	Fosston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "	W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. Boddy	Edna "	A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "	Otto F, Buse	St. Hilaire "
C. L. Lanmon	McIntosh "	K. Rollag,	Gossen "
Owen Nelson,	McIntosh "	W. G. Hunt,	King "
P. W. Johnson	Valley "	Walter Latta,	Buffington "

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

Valley Roller Mills,

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. Nels Muus, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818.
[5-tf]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.
May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W Wilk, Comptroller.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. Buhn, manager.
Moe & Buhn.

Crookston, June 24th, 1890.

A call is hereby issued for a District Legislative Convention composed of two delegates from each Farmers' Alliance in Polk, Norman and Beltrami Counties, to convene at Crookston, on Friday, July 11th, at ten o'clock a. m. to nominate Candidates for Senator, and three Representatives to the Legislature.

By order of the executive Committee,
A. N. Hixson,
Sec. Polk County Alliance.

Lumber $7.00 to $11.00. Good for roofing, sheathing, under floors, &c.
Dimension, $13.00.
Flooring at $10 and upwards.
Shiplaps at $12 and upwards.
Shingles from $1.25 to $2.75.
Red River Lumber Co.,
[9-tf] Crookston, Minn.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

Attention, Farmers!

I AM NOW PREPARED TO WRITE

Hail Insurance

IN THE

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE

STORM ASSOCIATION.

The cheapest and best Insurance Company doing business in the State. Its officers and agents are all Alliance men and its object is to furnish safe and sure insurance. During the season I have secured desk room in the Polk County Journal office, where I should be pleased to meet all who wish to insure. Call and see me.
M. E. BARTLETT,
[10tf] Journal Office, Crookston.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON. - - MINN

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
Ives & Hatlestad,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[80-43]

D. H. BATES,
DEALER IN
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.
D. H. BATES,
CARMAN. - - - MINN

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.
OFFICERS.
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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
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Drop In and See the New Store!
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Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

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New Millinery Store
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NOW READY
WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Goods.
Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.
A Fashionable Trimmer
to attend to this department.
DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN APITAL, - $100,000
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Money to loan on long or short time on approved security
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
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MONEY
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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.
Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
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CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET, —
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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 10, 1890.

The People's Candidate.

Governor Merriam is reported to have said that "if Knute Nelson wanted to run for governor of Minnesota this year he could probably get the republican nomination with very little work." This he at once followed with the positive statement that "Hon. Knute would accept no nomination." The Times does not believe that Governor Merriam has any authority for the announcement that Knute Nelson "would accept no nomination." On the contrary there is every reason to believe that if the republican convention should decide that a name so justly popular as his, would insure harmony and success, Mr. Nelson, without asserting the slightest claim, and in grateful sense of duty to his party and to his state, would not refuse to yield his preference to the popular demand. The Times makes no pretense of authoritative information as to Mr. Nelson's plans or purposes. What it says here is solely from its knowledge of him as a man of disinterestedness and sagacity, to whom office is a commanding station, presenting only a wider and juster view of public duties and a deeper sense of responsibility. In congress his record was that of a clear-headed, well-balanced, right-principled man, conservative yet progressive, with ideas of his own, the courage to utter them and the ability to make his utterance heard.

Such a man at such a time as this, when the best elements, not in his own party alone, but in the state at large, are in revolt against the existing order of things, and are demanding the wisest council and most courageous leadership, is not likely to skulk out of the line of march or shirk any duty the people may require of him. It would be a pusillanimity and disloyalty totally at variance with his past record, and the popular estimate of him. Mr. Nelson may be averse, as he undoubtedly is, to entering the contest for governor at this time, but he is too patriotic and conscientious not to recognize and yield the first duty of American citizenship—obedience to the call of the people and to his own sense of duty.

Knute Nelson is a man not only of recognized ability, but also of what may be called singular good fortune; he has enjoyed high public honor without a touch of reproach or suspicion. He is emphatically a man of the people who has never forfeited their confidence and regard, and he is not likely to do it at this late day by any failure to meet their expectation, or respond to their appeals. When in congress his course commanded universal approval and his unusual ability and personal force give him distinction from the outset. To such a man no honor or place is so high-placed that he may not hope to grasp it, so long as he remains true to the people. In the estimation of the people of Minnesota no distinction or honor is beyond Knute Nelson's reach. So long as he is loyal to them, they may be relied upon to stand by him.

The Times believes that it may be truthfully said of Knute Nelson, that no man has a more grateful sense of the popular kindness with which he has always been regarded. Always a devoted republican, with most advanced republican ideas, and representing the purposes, principles and methods of the party in its best estate, he has the tact which disarms hostility and the good common sense which is invaluable in the conduct of affairs. He is, in fact, the most trusted man in the state today, and especially in the Republican party. He owes too much to that party, and to the people of Minnesota to deny any honorable claim which they may make upon him. Even his preference for private life will, we are sure, yield to a conviction that his return to public life is desired by the party for its own harmony, and the promotion of its principles as the party of the people.

The Tirteen Towns: We understand that Arny Gunderson of the town of Sletten, has his eye on the office of sheriff this fall, and will probably seek the nomination on the Farmers' Alliance ticket, and probably would't refuse an endorsement by the Republican County Convention. Arny is undoubtedly familiar with the duties of the office, having served a long term as deputy under the late shariff Paulsrud and would make a competent officer. The East end is certainly entitled to one of the important offices which should be conceded her, but as we have candidates for all the important officeist, it may be within the range of possibility that we will capture everything in sight.

Kittson County Enterprise: Fourteen of the worst broke up men often seen were brought into Hallock on Sunday from the east. They had been out for sixty days on the Duluth & Winnipeg survey, and, owing to the high water had been obliged to travel waste deep in mud and water for days, until their feet and limbs had become so swollen and inflamed that they could not walk or wear a boot. A team was secured and the boys were brought to Hallock, where they remained until Tuesday. They report the route surveyed for the new road as impracticable, there being at one place over fourteen miles of piling to be done.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDERS ERICKSON, AN UNmarried man, as mortgagor, did on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan & Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as mortgagee, his mortgage bearing date the 27th day of July A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of the South-west Quarter, and Lots Five (5) and Six (6) and Seven (7) of section Six (6) in Township One hundred and fifty-two (152) North, of Range Forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and forty-one and seventy-three one hundredths (141 73-100) acres, to secure the payment of Sixty-three (63) Dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, payable in ten (10) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1888, at eleven o'clock A. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "36" of mortgages, on pages 422 to 424 inclusive.

And whereas The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 11th day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage, and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners, as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota; which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County, in Book "53" of mortgages, on page 402.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Six and seventy-five one hundredths (6.75) Dollars, due as the fourth installment of said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still due and unpaid;

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party.

And Whereas, Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable;

And whereas there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Forty-nine and fifty-three one hundredths (49.53) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the court-house, in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the higest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five (25) Dollars attorney fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS,
partners as Steenerson & McManus,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [11-17]

MORTGAGE SALE,

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDREW J. BOHLEEN, AND Eva Bohleen, his wife, as Mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as Mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said Mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of Section One (1), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range 44 West, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres, to secure the payment of Seventy-four and Seventy-five One-hundredths Dollars ($74.75) according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in nine (9) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said Mortgagors to said Mortgagee or order; which said mortgage was, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, at five o'clock and ten minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "41" of mortgages, on pages 495 to 498 inclusive.

And whereas, The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston' Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "53" of Mortgages, on pages 366 and 367;

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Seven and Fifty One-hundredths ($7.50) Dollars, due as the second installment on said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still unpaid and due,

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said Mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable witeout notice to said Mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said Mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said Mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of Sixty-three and seventy-nine One-hundredths (63.79) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars ($25) attorneys' fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS,
partners as Steenerson & McManus,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [11-17]

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 23d, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Johannes J. Bjornstad, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 23d day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[10-12]

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B.—Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDMOND LORANGER AND Rose A. Loranger, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 16th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 32, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1886, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 265, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, England, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred fifteen and 11-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CARL E. STEEL, AN UNMARried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, his mortgage bearing date of June 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 8, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 167; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 08-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty and 08-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred seven and 08-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 2d day of August A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 14th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, OLIVIER DEMERS AND Adelie Demers, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 9th day of December, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage, bearing date of November 28th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1885, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 68; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 33-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 29th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, MICHAEL STENGL AND Polly Stengl, his wife, of Polk County, State Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March A. D 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 1st A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the southwest quarter and lots three (3) and four (4) Section 30, Township 150, Range 48 west, containing 160 43-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 9th day of Marc A. D. 1886, at 11:25 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 123; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of ten hundred sixty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 29th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EMIRI PAGE AND EMERende Page, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of December 21st, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 29, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 309; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The Land Mortgage Investment and Agency Company of America, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred six and 92-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 29th, A. D. 1890.

THE LAND MORTGAGE INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY OF AMERICA, Limited,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-12] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrator, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANK KLUZAK AND MARY Kluzak, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of fourth day of June, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 419; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six and 80-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty four dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand fourteen and 39-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 26, 1890.]

WHEREAS, BOYD P. VAN GORDON AND Olive Van Gordon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 20th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 15, Township 149, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 277; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred eighty-five and 44-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES NILSON AND Charlotta Nilson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of 17th day of July, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southeast quarter of Section 24, Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range 45; also lot 4, in Section 19, and lots 1 and 2 in Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing one hundred and sixty-three and 99-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 213; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred twenty-six and 45-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated November 16th, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, November 17th, 1888, in book 40 of mortgages, page 510, whereby William L. Davies and Sarah C. Davies, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153), of range forty-seven (47), in Polk county, Minnesota, by which default the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or, any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date hereof, $851.88.

Now, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said power, said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on July 19th, 1890, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house, in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated May 31st, 1890.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, (SEAL)
By Rob't N. Jackson, President.
Lee J. Lockwood & Co., Mortgagee
Attorneys.
[7-13]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, HENRY DAVEY AND NETTIE Davey, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of December 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter, the east half of southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter Section seven (7), Township one hundred and forty-seven, (147) Range forty-four (44) west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 301; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eleven hundred eighty-two and 01-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 31st, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[7-13] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 11th, 1890. In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Bent Erickson, of said county, representing, among other things that Peder Benson, late of Polk County, on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1881, at Fairfax, in said county, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the father of said deceased and praying that administration of said [illegible] be to O. C. Bergland granted,

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court on Monday, the 14th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[10-12]

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 161 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 29th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANCOIS MARCHILDON and Amand Marchildon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 41 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 37, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, Limited, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-one and 96-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county and state, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 23d, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CHARLES DERUSHIA AND Mary D. Derushia, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of first day of April, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 389; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand two hundred ten and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office on Broadway, east side, opposit
Wm. Anglim's residence.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JULY 17, 1890. NO. 13.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention for the State of Minnesota will be held on Thursday, July 24th, 1890, in Market Hall, in the city of St. Paul, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions:

Governor,
Lieutenant Governor,
Secretary of State,
Auditor of State,
State Treasurer,
Attorney General,
Clerk of the Supreme Court,

And for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago, in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to co-operate in the election of delegates.

Polk Pounty is entitled to eight delegates.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That each county polling 500 or more votes for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, shall be entitled to two delegates at large; those polling less than 500 votes, one delegate at large; within each county one additional delegate for every 500 votes cast for President in 1888 and one delegate for fraction over one hundred.

The foregoing call agreed upon by the Republican State Central Committee at a meeting held in St. Paul, Wednesday, May 14th, 1890.

STANFORD NEWEL, Chairman.
JOEL P. HEATWOLE, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Polk will be held on Friday, July 18th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the city of St. Paul on the 24th day of July, 1890, and also for the purpose of electing eight delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention, to be held at Little Falls, September 4th, 1890, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention. All citizens who believe in the principles of the Republican party; who desire its success; who supported the candidates nominated by the National Republican Convention held in Chicago in June, 1888, and who want to act with the Republicans in the future, are invited to cooperate in the election of delegates.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	1	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	1
Brislet	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	2
Columbia	2	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	3	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	3	Polk Center	1
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	2	Red Lake Falls—vil	3
Town of Crookston	2	" " "—town	1
Eden	1	Rice	1
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	2
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	St. Hilaire	2
Grand Forks	2	Sanders	2
Garden	2	Sandsville	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sletten	3
Gervais	1	Sullivan	3
Gentilly	2	Tabor	1
Godfrey	3	Terrebonne	1
Grove Park	1	Tilden	2
Hammond	1	Tynsid	2
Higdem	2	Vineland	2
Hill River	3	Winger	3
Hubbard	3	Woodside	3
Huntsville	2	Wyandotte	2
Keystone	1		
Kertsonville	1		
King	3	Total	157
Knute	3		

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

Resolved, That at the several caucuses at which the above delegates are elected, the voters present are hereby urgently requested to elect a local committee of three members for the ensuing two years, and report the names and post office address of such committeemen, to the Secretary of the County Committee, by mail or on the day of holding the convention.

The foregoing call was agreed upon by the Republican County Committee at a meeting held in the City of Crookston, June 10th, 1890.

A. R. HOLSTON, Secretary.
H. E. COOKE, Chairman.

Minneapolis Journal: Now comes the news that a binding twine trust has been organized in Canada. The soulless monopoly that is robbing the consumers of binding twine in the United States is also interested in the Canadian trust, and the two will combine for an all-around job of extortion in America. The steps that are being taken for the manufacture of binding twine on state account in the penitentiary at Stillwater are timely. This latest combination of the binding twine monopolists emphasizes the necessity for action of this character.

The Great West has it from the best authority in the British grain trade that the grain buyers in the United States are corrupting the Canadian market, and the Manitobans are beginning to "mix" their No. 1 hard down to the "Duluth" grade! "Woe is me," will be soon the sad refrain of the grain raiser.

Plenty of Money.

The Western Rural.

The Rural is charitable enough to believe that some of the editors of the daily press who are thundering against the free coinage of silver and who occasionally tell us that the volume of our circulating medium is just right as it is, do not know what they are talking about. The great dailies are closely connected with the money power. If they are wealthy it is not an uncommon thing for their publishers and editors to own stock in national banks, or are otherwise connected with enterprises that are benefited by a limited circulation; and if they are poor they are marked all over with the brand: Thirty, sixty or ninety days after date we promise to pay to the order of this or that national bank. They either belong to the class of monetary tyrants or to the class monetary slaves; and in either case their financial vision is not very wide or very penetrating. A few days ago we saw the statement made with all seriousness or with a remarkable degree of duplicity—we know not which—that the present volume of our currency was equal to about fifty dollars per capita. The impudence or the ignorance of a financial writer which could lead to such a statement as that and the stupidity of a managing editor that would permit it to appear in his journal, are almost incredible. The circulation was not above that even when our circulation was "inflated" as the old advocates of little money call the currency of the country when the war closed. This writer, however, admits that one-third of our money is locked up in the Treasury vaults. But even with that deducted there would be a balance that would be more than double the present per capita circulation. But in the face of that fact and in view of the fact that our industries are held down because we have a less amount of money per capita in circulation than any other nation, a Chicago paper recently said that our circulation was just right and that Congress should leave it alone.

This conspiracy on the part of the creditor class, backed by stupid or corrupt editors, is one of the most wicked conspiracies against the masses that the world has ever seen. Has it ever occurred to the reader that there are many mortgages on our farms that were given to guarantee the payment of money borrowed at a discount? That is a fact. The money was loaned when a dollar was not worth a hundred cents on a dollar; and for a quarter of a century the money power has been striving to make money dearer and make it more difficult for the debtor to pay his debts; and the vast majority of our debtors, farmers, even though they did not give mortgages for the payment of depreciated money, have contracted debts one day only to find the next that the financial screw has been turned a little tighter—that the financial conspiracy has become a little bolder, and that his position as a debtor is less favorable, while the creditor has a firmer grip upon him. The destruction of a portion of the greenbacks, the steady, vigorous war against silver and the reduction of the national bank circulation all point to grinding the debtor down and wearing him out in search of dollars that do not exist. Yet the moment that an attempt is made to enlarge our volume of money, by giving us more silver, the money sharks let loose all their servile newspapers to ridicule and denounce the effort.

It is charged by one of our newspapers that all the free coinage of silver means is to enable the debtor to pay his debts more easly. As we have already stated that would be an outcome that would reflect a great deal of justice as to many of our debtor farmers. Of course such journals proceed to paint a horrible condition of things as the result of the "inflation" of the currency, and among these is the probability that future borrowers would have a hard time of it and could get money only under severe conditions. Sufficient to the day is the evil thereof, friends. But there will be no such results from free silver coinge. The debtor will find it easier to get money to pay his debts, but the silver dollar will be just as good as it is now and the creditor will get a dollar that will buy a hundred cents' worth every time.

Princton Union: Hon. Ignatius Donnelly has more brains than any or all of the self-appointed Farmers' Alliance leaders in the State. Mr. Donnelly is now and ever has been the true friend of the laboring and producing classes. Donnelly was right when he styled the little small-caliber political hyenas who are barking at his heels jackals.

Great West: What a disgrace it is that not a bushel of No. 1 hard is ever shipped to England except the Canadian product—to think that no American farmer can get his wheat out of the state without its being shamefully reduced in mixing—and the American people know it—and do not take one single step to remedy it.

Southern Farmer.

I find in a copy of the Ohio Farmer printed a few weeks after these notes were made an estimate for running a one hundred acre farm which I have clipped and insert here for the benefit of your readers.

1. "What is the cash value of land in your neighborhood?" $35 to $50 per acre.

2. "What was the cash value in 1890 in 1870, 1865, in 1860?" In 1880, it was $50 to $89, in 1870 to 1875 the same, in 1860 $25 to $59.

3. "To what extent are farmers in debt?" Very heavily. Farms are mortgaged in many cases for all they will sell for. Debts are incurred by purchase of land, by losses on farming, by ditching and improvements, by hired labor, machinery, the improvement of roads and taxes.

4. "What rates of interest are paid on farm motrgages?" From 6 to 8 per cent.

5. The income of farmers are about one-third what they were in 1870 and 1880.

6. Taxes are about the same as in 1870 and 1880. Taxes are $1,50 and $2,50 on $100. Land is valued at $35 to $45 for purposes of taxation.

7. Give an estimate of expenses for running a 100-acre farm per year:

Cost of farm	$1,000	Interest on capital	$ 410
" four horses	400	Hired hand	350
" 100 sheep	400	Man and son	770
" fifty hogs	250	Woman and girl	690
" machinery and wagon	200	Taxes	100
" four cows	150	Wear and repairs	100
" seeds, wheat grass	100	Total cost	$2,320
	$5,500		

Total capital, $5,500; total cost of running a 100-acre farm one year, $2,320. The farm receipts are $1,300, making a loss of $1,020 in a year.

The farmer and his family, by working hard dressing poorly, and eating what they cannot sell, may save much of this loss. My estimate pays the same wages that are paid in factory and shop, by railway and telegraph companies.

8. Farmers' supplies cost more than in 1870 and 1880. Some cost less and some more than 1860. Taxes are three times more than in 1860. The farmer, under a hostile tax and fiscal policy, is drifting into the same condition as the peasant class of Europe the pools, trusts and monopolies are rapidly absorbing the wealth of the country as well as the earnings of the farmer. If the farmers do not awake to the true state of the country and their own interests, the wealth will pass from them to other classes. We would study the finance, taxation and government more, and how to raise pumpkins, potatoes and beans less.

If the reader will study what is contained in this artical, he will get a better idea of how it goes with the farmer of the North-west than from any words of ours. The answers are made by a gentleman recognized as good authority all over the state of Ohio.

After it has been studied awhile you can very well see how it is that the farmer comes out in debt, and why it is that the farms of Ohio are shingled all over with mortgages.

Handling Loose Grain.

M. B. Stambaugh, in Western Rural.

Any man having a harvester can have an attachment for heading grain put on for from $15 to $20. Then with four horses, a man and a boy, he is ready to harvest 100 acres of grain. I harvested 250 acres of grain in this way. I had one man and one boy besides myself, and six horses, two on the harvester and two on each of the wagons. By running two wagons the harvester did not stop except to oil. Thus with a seven-foot harvester I could head 20 acres a day. The binder is taken off and the header attachment is put on in about five minutes, and making a much lighter machine. To harvest 100 acres, bind, shock and stack would cost from $65 to $75. Twine, $30; one man to shock $14; one man to stack, ten days, $25; making a total of $69. With a harvester rigged for heading the same amount: One boy five days, $3,75; the cost of rigging header boxes, $6; one man to drive header box, $7,50; total, $17,25. Thus by using no twine the amount of $51,75 is saved. I have not counted anything for my own time in either case. You speak of grain spoiling. There is no risk if stacked properly. When you first start in heading you should build your stacks narrow, and as high as you can; slope them gradually from the ground up and you have them all safe. If uneasy about it spoiling you can run a ventilator through the bottom of stack or about one-third from the ground, thus making a safe stack. In threshing you will save the help of four men when the grain is headed, but cannot thresh quite as much in a day, but by figuring you will find the expense about the same. From what experience I have had with shocked grain I would say there is great chance for it to spoil in a wet harvest.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF
Spring and Summer Goods.
Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.
A Fashionable Trimmer
to attend to this department.
DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailev.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIG OF THE BIG IJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH-WEST.
Drop In and See the New Store!
H. F. BROWN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.
Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

The Farmer's Friends.

The Western Rural.

There is a very great discrepancy between the possession of friendship for the farmer on the part of the politicians and the results that would naturally be expected to flow from such an aggregate of kindness. Pretty nearly anybody in official position in these days proclaims himself as a friend of agriculture. Once in awhile a United States senator or representative has the boldness to say that the farmers do not amount to anything politically. But as a rule the whole herd pretend to be friendly to the men who till the soil; and unfortunately this professed friendship has done us, as farmers, a vast deal of harm. We have been foolish enough to believe that these fellows meant what they said. We have permitted ourselves to be flattered by them. If they had all stood boldly out as our enemies, and said in chorus, we do not care anything about the agricultural interests of the country, it is quite likely that we would all have got together long before this and dealt these recreants a blow that would have sent them into oblivion.

But this is just the thing that The Rural desires to impress upon its readers: So far as results are concerned they are just as bad whether forced by our outspoken enemies or permitted by our professed friends. There is little difference in the degree of the crime of which the parties are guilty, if one man kills you and another, who could prevent the deed, stands by and sees it done. It is always worse to be abused by one's friends. When we have an enemy we know just what to expect from him, and we are constantly on our guard. But a trusted friend, who is mean enough to betray us, can ruin us before we suspect his perfidy. Whoever is not with us, openly with us emphatically with us, and definitely with us, is against us. That is a safe rule to apply to men, and if we apply it, there are many men who have been receiving the votes of farmers, for many years, who will never receive such votes again. We ought to remember that farmers are in a condition in which they need immediate relief and that we must have such reform as will give the needed relief adopted. We cannot permit candidates for office to keep on putting us off. The time will come when relief will be impossible, if matters go along as they have been going and as they have been permitted to go by the very men who profess the very highest degree of friendship forthe producer

Great West: At the meeting of the Executive Committee at which the Secetary salary was increased to $40 a month and the President given a salary (for the first time in the history of the Alliance) a salary was offered to the State Lecturer, who do an extraordinary amount of work—but Mr. Donnelly declined, with thanks.

For Sale Cheap.
One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,
J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceries and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!
Stewart & Spottswood,
—WILL SELL YOU—
Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt. Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 " Scythe and Snath 1.25
Milk ans at 50 cents. Screen Doors at 1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts. Large stock of Mixed Paints.
Cook Stoves and General Hardware,
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD, CROOKSTON, MINN,

IT LOOKS LIKE BUSINESS!
And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the
GRAND AND ELEGANT
DISPLAY OF
Silverware,
CLOCKS and JEWELRY.
LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES ETC. ETC. ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARRANTEED. AT BOTTOM PRICES.
I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the
GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.
Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.
C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED
BACK
TO THE OLD STAND
In the Fifth Ward.
CALL
AND SEE
WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU
E. D. CHILDS & CO.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance
THE MINNESOTA
Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER .... Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE .... Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD .... Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance) .... Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER .... Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE .... Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD .... Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE .... Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE .... Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG .... Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY .... Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP .... Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN .... Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY .... Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL .... Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President.

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.
Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 17, 1890.

'Round Home.

Have you insured that fine crop?

District court convened on Tuesday.

A. R. Wilkinson was in the city this week.

Wheat took a jump this week reaching 76 cents.

Geo. J. McManus arrived from Duluth on Tuesday morning.

Frank Montague returned from a visit below on Tuesday morning.

The Bjoin block will be one of the finest business blocks in the city.

Ed. Schrae der had the misfortune to break his leg on Monday evening.

Knute Nelson was up to the alliance meeting last Friday from Garfield.

Lots of business in the city this summer. Everybody busy and happy.

Work was commenced on the sewers last week. A greatly needed improvement.

If you haven't insured your grain now is your time before the hail storm occurs.

The county board met on Monday for transaction of business at the regular session.

G. M. Swift went to St. Paul to represent Polk County Alliance in the State Meeting.

Prof. Casey has been an excellent School Superintendent and should be returned.

Harris & Glenn moved Bjoin's warehouse on Tuesday to make room for the new brick.

J. G. McGrew returned last week. Says he is undecided whether he will remain or not.

Casper Sands is building an addition to his residence 16x16. He is clapboarding the main part.

Gautier de Ste. Croix arrived last week to arrange for building an elevator on the N. P. line, on Jerome's Addition.

John Watts returned last week from the west. He does not speak very highly of that country and thinks the boom has commenced to ebb.

The work of excavating for the new Bjoin block will soon be completed and then for bricklaying. The building will be 100x100, three stories high.

The grading is all done on the cut-off and the iron will be laid this week as far as possible to be done before the bridge is completed. Work on that structure is progressing encouragingly.

Will Peterson says his little Star Bashaw beats 'em all for style and beauty, and that he will be a record breaker one of these days. The colt certainly is a fine one, but then that is a peculiarity of the Star Bashaws.

The Grand Forks base ball club tackled our boys on the diamond last Friday, and beat them by a score of 9 to 6. Jack McGlogan met with an accident before the arrival of the G. F. club which laid him up for the day.

The old land office building, standing on the lot just north of Austin Bros., was taken down on Tuesday to make way for the cellar to the new Bjoin Block. John Chinaman moved the laundry into the Steenerson building opposite.

The fire department was called out Thursday morning about daylight on account of a bit of a conflagration in an out house in rear of Fournet's wholesale liquor store. A little later, fire was discovered in Fontaine & Anglim's feed mill and the alarm again sounded. The fires are supposed to be incendiary.

Iver A. Krohn, landlord of the Scandinavian House, tells us that a sneak thief went through his house on Saturday night of last week and relieved himself and some of his boarders of a little money. It is reported that Mrs. Lannahan's boarding house was entered the same night and a small sum of money taken.

Little Clipper Bucknam met with an accident last week that might have proved a serious affair but for little Johnnie Cromb. Several children were playing on the logs in the river when she fell in and Johnnie Cromb caught hold of her and towed her to shore. The little girl was so grateful that she ran home and asked her mother to give Johnnie ten cents for saving her life.

W. G. Lytle, G. W. Eastman and N. B. Soper, large farmers of the town of Andover, came in last Saturday to insure their crops with M. E. Bartlett, the agent for the Minnesota Storm Association, and many more are talking very seriously about it. When insurance can be had so cheaply as this company offers, it is the part of wisdom to catch on. Call at THE JOURNAL office and see what Mr. Bartlett can do for you.

Secretary Eckford, of the Minnesota Alliance Storm association, reports 145,000 acres insured up to Saturday night, July 12th, and applications coming in at the rate of 5,000 acres per day. This large acreage already insures a very small assessment and the prospects are that this company will have insured over 200,000 acres before the close of the season. Now is the time to insure. Don't wait till you are struck and then howl because you did not come in out of the hail.

Mrs. Rose has taken possession of her new quarters on Second Street. Has everything fixed up in nice style.

Farmers all busy in the hay field and don't have much time to linger about town to note the many improvements going on.

On Tuesday evening, July 15th, Justice Spendley united for life Mr. John Sagnes to Miss Carrie Bostad, both of Polk County.

H. G. Mitchel departed on Tuesday evening via the old Pioneer Line to represent Woodside alliance in the State Alliance convention.

Hon. H. Steenerson arrived from the far west Tuesday evening in time for his cases in court. He had a fine opportunity to see much of that conntry.

W. G. Hunt, representing King alliance, was in the city on Tuesday enroute to the convention at St. Paul. He reports that King now numbers over 100 members.

It will only take you a few minutes to call in and see M. E. Bartlett and get that crop insured. Then you can sleep better nights with the assurance of something, hail or no hail.

Andrew Eiken welcomed a new daughter on Tuesday morning. By the way Andrew will be a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds and as he has been an efficient officer, he will have many friends to lend a helping hand at the proper time.

J. W. Galloway represents Rosebud alliance in the State convention. Rosebud has 211 members and has the honor of having wrought a great change in the price of binders this year. This alliance has been demonstrating the true inwardness of alliance work. They have done a good work and are proud of it.

Mrs. Medlar's Death.

Wabasha Herald.

The sad intelligence which was circulated about the city early Sunday morning that Mrs. W. H. Medlar was at death's door and at the longest could survive but a few hours was a shock to everyone.

On Saturday morning she gave birth to a son and to all appearances was comfortable and getting along nicely until about three o'clock Sunday morning when she was taken with convulsions, after which time she never again regained consciousness and death relieved her at 10 o'clock Sunday evening. Her disease was puerperal eclampsia, and from the first those who knew best realized that she was beyond all human help. Everything that medical skill could do, kind hearts suggest or willing hands administer was done but all without avail

Rev. Mr. Medlar came to this city from Crookston a little over a year ago and took charge of the Congregational Church, and he and his wife have endeared themselves to everyone with whom they came in contact.

Mrs. Medlar was a quiet unpretentions lady who attended strictly to her own affairs; always pleasant, courteous and with a kind word for everyone; she will be greatly missed, not only by her husband and two infant children but by the entire circle of friends in which she moved.

The funeral services were held at the parsonage Monday afternoon, Rev. H. Morley of Minneapolis conducting the services. Mr. Medlar departed the same evening, accompanied by his oldest child, on his sad errand to Reading, Pa., his old home, where the interment will take place. He is expected to return in about three weeks.

Found Dead.

On Monday morning the dead body of Iver Johnson was found in the hay mow in John Scheffer's barn. The body lay as though the man was taking a quiet rest, one hand underneath the head, face upward. Coroner Shepard was notified and at once summoned as jury Maj. H. E. Stansbery, C. B. Waring, Frank Zarracher, John Monroe, Henry Nolan and J. B. Ford. After listening to what evidence could be had, the proceedings were postponed until Tuesday, at 9 o'clock, to await the arrival of a son of Mr. Johnson, who had been telegraphed for at Grafton. The verdict was death from some cause unknown to the jury. Mr. Johnson was at one time a wealthy man, the owner of a good livery business in Wabasha. He came to this city some time last winter and found work in one of the livery stables. The body was buried on Tuesday afternoon. He had a paid up policy for $2,000.

ROCKSTAD, July 6, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—At the semi-annual meeting of Agawam Alliance, the following officers were elected: President, J. O. Dypvic; secretary, C. A. Johnson; treasurer, Iver Peterson; delegates to county meeting, Geo. Turville, M. Bekken, C. A. Johnson; delegates to the county convention, C. A. Johnson, Geo. Turville; delegates to state convention; Geo. Turville, C. A. Johnson. The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we believe that wheat gambling and our national bank system are the chief causes of the present hard times; also that the government ownership of railroads would save $20,000,000 annually to the people of Minnesota, lessen strikes and save thousands of lives.

Resolved, That we believe, that as yet, at least, the Farmers' Alliance of Minnesota has not so far, criminated itself as to make it necessary to call on Bill Erwin to defend it. C. A. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

Minnesota State Fair.

Agriculturists, mechanics and everybody should make arrangements to attend the Minnesota State Fair, to be held Sept. 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 18th, 1890. Twelve thousand dollars in premiums for live stock and agricultural exhibits. The exhibit of horses will be the finest ever made in the state. The cattle will surpass any previous fair. Ten young herds grown in Minnesota, already entered for competition in that class. The exhibit of sheep alone will repay you for going to the fair. You can see the finest breed of hogs in the world. The poultry department will include specimens of all the noted strains. The agricultural and horticultural exhibits will be larger than ever before; several counties have declared their intention to compete for the $200 prize. The dairy department will be complete with the largest collection of dairy pro- in the United States. The display of honey and bees and apiarian supplies will attract unusual interest. The machinery division, both agricultural and mechanical, will be unexcelled. A popular feature of the fair will be a farmers' institute, held each morning during the fair, under the charge of Prof. O. C. Gregg. Every person interested in agriculture should be present and take part.

The program of amusements will include all the latest attractions as pertaining to a first-class fair. The best, most useful and beautiful productions of industry and skill. Exciting races, trotting, running and pacing each day of the fair. Liberal purses will be offered in each class.

Visitors will find instruction, recreation and enjoyment. Ample arrangements for meals and refreshments on the grounds. No entry fee in any department and competition open to the world. This will be the grandest of them all. Send for premium list and entry blanks. One fare for round trip on all railroads.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres,ying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

For Sale Cheap.

1 No. 8 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Osborne Binder Sickles.
3 14-inch Walking Plows.
1 Tank Pump.
1 No. 11 Osborne Steel Binder.
1 steel frame Minneapolis Binder.
2 Buggies.
1 12-horse Giant Engine.
1 18-horse Russell Engine. (New.)
2 good Work Horses, weight 1,300.
2 good Work Mares, weight 1,800.
1 Fine Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

I want one good driving horse, weight not less than 1,100 lbs.

Want a good tenant for a fine farm now in crop. CHAS. M. LOWE,
The Loan Agent.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats; 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.
MOE & BUHN.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.
May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W. WILL, Comptroller.

Great Remnant Sale!

REMNANTS
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REMNANTS.

Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NELS MUUS, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818.
[5-tf]

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf.]

Lumber $7.00 to $11.00. Good for roofing, sheathing, under floors, &c.
Dimension, $13.00.
Flooring at $10 and upwards.
Shiplaps at $12 and upwards.
Shingles from $1.25 to $2.75.
RED RIVER LUMBER CO.,
[9-tf] Crookston, Minn.

MINNESOTA
State Normal Schools
—AT—
WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.

(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.

(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.

(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA.
OPEN TO BOTH SEXES.

The following Courses of Study are offered: Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Architecture, Mining Engineering and Metallurgy, Shop Work, (including Wood, Iron, and Metal Working), Industrial, Freehand and Mechanical Drawing, Wood Carving and Designing, Military Science and Tactics, Agriculture (including the "School of Agriculture"), Veterinary Science, Law, Medicine (Regular, Homeopathic), Dentistry.

TUITION IS FREE,

Except in the Departments of Law and Medicine.

Next year opens Sept. 2d, 1890.

Catalogues containing full information will be sent free to all persons who apply for it. Address CYRUS NORTHROP, L. L. D.,
President, Minneapolis, Minn.

CARLETON COLLEGE,
NORTHFIELD, MINN.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 10, 1890.

THE COURSES ARE

Classical, Literary, Scientific, English Academy and Musical,

Besides Preparatory and Post-Graduate studies. Instruction given in Drawing and Painting. Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy.

Extensive Chemical and Biological Laboratories.

Open to students of either sex.

Expenses very low.

For catalogues and circulars address,
[13-16] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.
CALL AND SEE US.

KEEPING STILL
—AND—
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE,
Hack & Gallasch Old Stand. Crookston, Minn.

Alliance-Prohib Legislative Convention.

The Alliance Legislative Convention met at the Court House on Friday of last week. The morning session was spent in preliminary work. In the afternoon a conference committee was appointed to meet the Prohibs. The committee reported favorably on a union ticket, recommending that Norman County have two representatives and that Polk County have one and the senator; also recommended E. E. Lommen, Andrew Thompson and N. E. Nelson for the candidates to the lower house. The convention adopted the report and then proceeded to ballot for senator, which resulted in making E. E. Lommen the choice. Tom. Erwin, Andrew Thompson and W. M. Chesley were nominated as candidates for the lower house. In the evening the convention to nominate county officers met and put the following ticket in the field:

For Auditor—C. U. Webster.
For Treasurer—John T. Beaudry.
For Clerk of the Court—Nels Muus.
For Register of Deeds—J. H. Locken.
For County Attorney—A. R. Holston.
For Judge of Probate--Nels M. Benson.
For Sheriff—Arny Grundesen.
For Supt. of Schools—E. J. Grefthen.
For Surveyor—O. H. Ralph.
For Court Com'r—Wm. Watts.
For Coroner—Dr. McEachran.

The legislative conference made the following report:

For the purpose of uniting the prohibition Party and the Alliance upon a legislative ticket, we agree to the following declaration of principles:

1. For the prohibition of the liquor traffic, both State and National.
2. For government ownership of railroads and telegraph lines.
3. For the abolition of trusts and monopolies.
4. For the abolition of gambling in options.
5. For a tariff for revenue only.
6. For a free and open market.
7. That no man be placed in nomination who will not emphatically declare himself to be in harmony with the aforesaid declaration of principles, especially those relating to the liquor traffic, or who is directly or indirectly seeking the nomination from either the republican or democratic parties.

The county convention adopted the following resolutions:

Whereas, It has come to our knowledge that there are present here many delegates from the temperance section of our county seeking to unite their forces with the Farmers' Alliance, we, your committee, recommend that this convention extend the hand of fellowship and co-operation to them in nominating candidates for county officers.

Resolved, That we, the delegates to this convention, obligate ourselves to stand by and support the nominations of this convention in whatever office they may be nominated.

Resolved, That we, the candidates for office before this convention obligate ourselves, whether chosen by this convention or not, to stand by all the nominees and give them our hearty support in the campaign and at the polls.

We demand that the tariff shall be radically revised and that our member in congress shall labor for tariff reform on the basis of a material reduction of tariff taxation and in a way that shall open to us the markets of the world.

We ask our next legislature to establish the Australian system of voting for the whole state.

We hold that the United States Senators and the State Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners should be elected by the popular vote.

We demand that the legislature, at its next session, shall submit to a vote of the people an amendment of the constitution of the state forever prohibiting the liquor traffic.

We urgently ask of congress the immediate passage of Senator Davis' bill for the enlargement of the Sault Ste. Marie canal.

We recognize that in the multiplying of railroad bonds and in the watering of their stock, lies one of the most subtle powers for evil which can exist under the constitution, and we demand such legislation as shall make the further continuance of this practice a criminal offence against law, and compel every corporation which has so increased its bonds or watered its stock to immediately recall and cancel all such fictitious securities.

We demand that our wheat and other small grains shall be received by railway companies and transported under the same rules and regulations as any other class of freights, denying either the legal or moral right of companies to build up, as they have done under their system of favored elevators; a class of middlemen whose profits for the last few years have been vastly greater than those of the farmer and his family who have raised the grain.

We hold that mortgage indebtedness should be deducted from the tax on real estate, whether such mortgage is held at home or abroad; and we ask such laws as shall make the hidden property pay equal taxes with the visible property.

We favor a material reduction of interest on money, and demand that severe penalties be attached to the practice of usury.

We demand a more equitable and uniform system of state grading, and a reduction of the inspector and elevator fees at principal points.

We demand that option gambling on the boards of trade shall be abolished, and we ask the state and congress to pass such laws as shall make all such transactions a criminal offense.

Railway property should be taxed, and we demand that it pay its proportion of all state, county and local taxes.

That we favor the increase of the volume of currency, equal to the requirements of an ever increasing trade and business.

That we demand the establishment of a binding twine plant and the manufacture of binding twine at the State prison.

After a session of nearly all night the convention adjourned.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnernership heretofore existing under the firm name of Sohler & Co. is on this 9th day of July dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding accounts must be settled by cash or note before August 10th, 1890, or suit will follow.

Dated at Fertile, July 9th, 1890.
X. SOHLER.
[13-15] OTTO KANKEL.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

Attention, Farmers!

I AM NOW PREPARED TO WRITE

Hail Insurance
—IN THE—
MINNESOTA ALLIANCE
STORM ASSOCIATION.

The cheapest and best Insurance Company doing business in the State. Its officers and agents are all Alliance men and its object is to furnish safe and sure insurance. During the season I have secured desk room in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL office, where I should be pleased to meet all who wish to insure. Call and see me.

M. E. BARTLETT,
[10tf] JOURNAL Office, Crookston.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN

The Great Transcontinental Line.
—THE—
NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD.
SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.
This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
6:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:31 "
11:05 "	East St. Cloud	4:07 "
12:10 a. m.	Little Falls	2:58 "
1:30 "	Staples	1:50 "
8:20 "	Ashland	6:40 p. m.
3:20 p. m.	Duluth	7:55 a. m.
5:15 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:50 p. m.
7:17 "	Fertile	7:51 "
8:40 "	CROOKSTON	6:30 "
8:15 "	Red Lake Falls	6:51 "
10:10 "	Grand Forks	5:20 "
11:19 "	Grafton	3:22 "
1:35 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:20 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston daily at 10 a. m., arriving at Fertile at 11:30 a. m. Returning, leaves Fertile at 3:30 p. m., arriving at Crookston at 5:30 p. m.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates, time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, E. L. HARRISON,
Gen. Pass. Agent. Agent
St. Paul, Minn. Crookston, Minn

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana **FREE LANDS**

NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. **LOW RATES**

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. **Horses, Cattle.**

Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise. **Sheep, Hogs.**

Gold and Coal. The regious tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now. **MILK RIVER.**

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stockraisers. Now is the time.

Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance. **YOUNG MAN.**

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions: Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. **G. N. R. L.**

The Long Prairie Leader that first brought out the name of J. D. Jones for Clerk of the Supreme Court of this State now goes back on Jones, claiming that he proved disloyal to his friends. Now let somebody "sound Jones."

Some of the residents of the Fifth District seem to forget that Knute Nelson is a Fifth District man and are still stubborningly advocating the nomination of a St. Paul man for Governor. For once the Fifth District has an opportunity to corral the leading place on the ticket and no loyal Fifth District man should oppose it. Knute Nelson would win without a shadow of a doubt, as he is a man acceptable to the farmers.

Duluth weekly News: President Hall, of the Farmer' Alliance, says that arrangements have been made with the railway companies whereby the delegates to the state alliance convention will receive a one and a third-rate for the round trip from any point in the state. This is somthing more than the railroads ever did for other political conventions, except when Jim Hill packed Democratic conventions with delegates that came in on free passes which he furnished them, an act for which he was roundly denounced by the present state lecturer of the Alliance. It does seem ludicrous to see the railroads issue special rates to men who are coming together to making a vigorous onslaght against railroad extortion.

"What Guaranty Have I?"

We have often heard farmers ask: "What guaranty have I that I will receive anything if I do insure my crops in the Minnesota Storm Association and the crop is destroyed by hail?" Well, in the first place the company is a mutual concern, composed of men who belong to the Alliance. If you insure you are a member yourself. The company already has in bank good secured notes to the amount of $10,000, which money is at any time available to meet any losses liable to occur. The expenses of the company are merely nominal, as but one officer in it is under constant pay and he only while on duty. This company will show to the next annual meeting of the State Alliance the cleanest balance sheet of any company that ever did business in Minnesota. All who are insured in the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance Storm Association have as absolutely perfect protection as can be furnished.

Braden and Nelson.

The Minneapolis Times.

The honest republicans are no longer handicapped by a dearth of suitable candidates for the gubernatorial nomination. The honor will not go to Mr. Merriam by default. Before he can wrap the mantle around his shoulders he will have to defeat two of the strongest republicans in the state. At the meeting of the Hennepin county delegation last night it was announced by the chairman of the executive committee that Mr. Braden and Mr. Nelson would each accept the nomination and would appreciate the active support of his friends in his behalf. It is understood that Mr. Braden's friends have been nursing a quiet boom for their favorite for several months, while Mr. Nelson has not yet come forth from his rural retreat at Alexandria. But he has hosts of admirers throughout the state who will rally around his standard now that it is authoritatively known that he would accept the nomination.

The fact that Braden and Nelson are both candidates will arouse the republicans from their ominous lethargy. Either of them can command the entire strength of his party, and Mr. Nelson a great deal more.

Either would give the state an able, clean and honest administration. If Mr. Braden is not Mr. Merriam's candidate The Times can conscientiously support him, but it does not hesitate to say that its first choice is Knute Nelson, because he is pre-eminently and emphatically the choice of the people.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: The Democrats have at last shown their hands in alliance matters. A representative of the Democratic state committee has visited R. J. Hall and announced to him that the Democastic party of the state stood ready to uphold the alliance, and if Tom Wilson or Daniel Buck was nominated for governor the Democrats would endorse the alliance nomination. The offer was flatly and promptly refused by Mr. Hall, on behalf of the alliance. Nay, Mr. Hall even went further and insinuated that the alliance would not only refuse to nominate a Democrat, but would nominate a strong Republican, One of the leading young Democrats in the state said yesterday to a friend:

Well, they refuse to nominate a Democrat, but we have got the next best thing. They are going to nominate a strong Republican, and he will catch anti-Merriam votes enough to make an inroad into the ranks of their party, and we can take advantage of it. There is no question but what we have every advantage of them on organization too. Why, our men are in such perfect hands that no matter who we nominate, they will go up to the polls and vote for our man. Some of'em will be a little the worst for wear, perhaps, as they go to the ballot box, but they'll all get around before the polls close, or I miss my calculation.

Nelson Would Take It.

Minneaplos Journal: Will Knute Nelson be a candidate for Governor? Well, of course, nobody expects him to go into the market as some people do and attempt to buy the governorship. This is not the kind of a man he is. If he were of that stamp the people would not care to have him for Governor. They are still of the opinion that the office should do some of the seeking.

But Charley, Gilman tells The Journal correspondent at St. Cloud that Mr. Nelson will take the nomination if it is offord him, and Gilman is in Nelson's confidence. He is Nelson's friend and would not say this if it were not authorized.

His consent to accept the nomination is all that ought to be necessary. He is the strongest man, beyond all question, the party can nominate, and if he will take it, the party cannot afford to nomineat anybody else.

Buying and Selling Wheat.

Why are Farmers Compelled to Build Elevators?

Farm Stock and Home.

During the past few weeks Farm, Stock, and Home has received several letters from correspondents in Minnesota and the Dakotas asking about the cost and other details concerning the building of farmer's or independent elevators. By correspondents we give the information asked for so far as possible; but every inquiry we get suggests this thought: Why must the farmers of this region be compelled to incur the expense of erecting and operating such building? Northwestern farmers have obstacles enough to contend with, without being subjected to this unnecessary and wholly unjustifiable one. It is understood, of course, why farmers do this; it is to secure simple justice and ordinary honsesty in disposing of their wheat and other grains. But that such a condition exists is a disgrace to our civilization and to the business methods and practices of the combined wheat buyers and railroads of the states named.

In no other state of the Union are farmers subjected to such a tax as a means to secure to themselves honest treatment in selling grain, and in no other state are they less able to stand such a tax. In Ohio, Michigan, Indiana and other large wheat growing states railroads build elevators to accommodate the grain trade of each station, as they build stock shutes, freight houses and passenger depot to accommodate other kind of business. When a farmer there takes a load of whea to market he is met by more or less buyers who look at his wheat, bid for it,—always in competition with each other—and he sells it to the highest bidder, sells it on its merits, the words grada or dockage are never used during the negotiation. After selling, the farmer goes to the elevator, his wheat is weighed by a railroad employee, who is a purely disinterested party; in fact, he may not know who is the buyer of the wheat; a ticket is given for the number of bushels, and on that the money is paid by the purchaser. The latter party experience no uneasiness regarding the amount of wheat he has paid for; he knows that the railroad company will deliver to him or his order the quantity of wheat the ticket calls for, just as it would deliver a given quantity of any other freight that it had receipted for.

The system of wheat handling by railroads and elevator combines in this region is a monstrous crime against its agricultural interests, and a radical change in it is imperatively demanded by the necessities of the times. Our farmers are wonderfully hampered and oppressed by financial and commercial systems, they are making a manful struggle to exist and prosper in spite of them, and it is indescribable unjust to increase their burdens by compelling them to own elevators before they can be dedicated to the spirit of honesty between buyer and seller.

Railroads in this region are largely the creatures of public bounty. Land grants cotributiens, etc., build them; they were fostered, encouraged and contributed to that they might be the willing, impertial and honest servants of the public, but in one department of service, grain handling, they delivered the farmer over, bound and gaged to the tender mercies of as skillful a set of rogues as ever engaged in peaceful free-booting. It is time the railroads were made to take their proper place as common carriers of the people's commodities, whether grain or what not, and if they will not do it voluntarilly they must be made to do it. Farmers, "think on these things,"—talk them up in your Alliances; pledge your legislative candidates to a reformotion; stop mere scolding, and from this time on act, act with directness, with a purpose, and you will accomplish something of substantial benefit to yourselves.

Grain Trade Losses.

Farmers Swindled by Shortage and the Mixing of Grains.

Minneapolis Journal.

Chicago, July 11.—"Millions of dollars are lost annually to the grain trade by this elevator shortage," said Edward S. Richards, in speaking of the controversy going on between the board of trade and the elevator men concerning elevator charges. "The elevator system," he continued, "as it is now conducted, is not only defective, but, in my opinion, is to a large degree criminal in character. It is used in many cases as a means of speculation and fraud. Grain of a high grade that is shipped from an initial point to a consuming market is so adulterated and changed while in transit, by reason of the present storage system, as to destroy all confidence in the type samples of property upon which sales are predicted. In addition to this, the average shartage in grain shipments may be safely placed at 3½ bushels per car load.

"During a sertain period of two years that I was actively engaged in shipping grain I handled nearly 80,000 car loads, and on shipments to certain elevators I found the shortage range from 5 to 50 bushels per car load." What is the expense of handling grain by the present elevator system?"

"That depends largely upon the elements that are considered, The managers of the elevators find the mixing of grades one of the most profitable features of their business. For example, let an elevator take two car loads of No. 2 wheat or 1,200 bushils, at 90 cents, and three car lords of No. 3 wheat, or 1,800 bushels, at 75 cents, which together would cost $2,430. By mixing these he gets five car loads of No. 2 wheat, or 3,000 bushels at 90 cents, worth $2,700, giving them a net gain of $270. But to eliminate this element, which is more of a lost advantage to the owner of the property than an expense, there enters the transportation the other expenses, which, with stortage, make a total of over $11 per car on oats and of over $9 on wheat. All of the grain arriving in Chicago is subject to this charge, except what is sold by sample; at present the greatest part goes to the elevator. In selling by sample the protection to the producer is much more ample and the expenses less.

Prices to "Home" Farmers.

Howard Lake Herald.

The advertisements of American manufacturers in foreign papers have opened up a field of interesting, if not sensational, developments. The claim is made, that a plough which retails to the American farmer at $18, is put into the hands of the Spanish at $8. The American Machinist states editorially, that American manufacturers sell machinery and other goods in Europe at from 10 to 80 per cent cheaper than in the United States. The New York World has photographed advertisements of American manufacturers in South American papers. The retail prices of the Ann Arbor Agricultural Implement Company for the two countries are given in one of these advertisements as follows:—

	Spanish price	American price.
Advance plough	$9.00	$18.00
Advance plough	4.00	8.00
Hay tedder	30.00	45.00
Mower	40.00	65.00
Horse rake	17.00	25.00
Cumming feed cutter No. 3	60.00	90.00
Ann Arbor cutter No. 2	28.00	40.00
Ann Arbor cutter No. 1	16.00	28.00
Clipper cutter	9.50	18.00
Lever cutter	4.25	8.00
Cultivator	22.00	30.00
Sweep	60.00	90.00

The following telegram from the American "Ax trust" gives a list of quotation discounts, giving the Spanish choppers an advantage of 30 per cent or more over the farmers and lumbermen of the United States:—

THE AMERICAN AXE AND TOOL CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF HARDWARE,
TROY, N. Y., May 30,

Dear Sir: We now beg leave to submit the following quotations of goods of our manufactur—for export only—which please regard as confidential. Terms, thirty days. Freight prepaid to New York, Boston, Baltimore or Philadelphia.

HURD'S CAST-STEEL "RAZOR-BLADES" TOOLS.

See catalogue. Pages 15 to 26.

Broad axes and Adzes......Discount Bench axes......Discount Hatchets......Disconnt Boy,s half and quarter axes......Discount	50, 10 and 5 per cent
Mattocks, long and short cutter......Discount	60 and 5 per cent.
Bush hooks, axe-pattern eye, handled......per dozen..	$7.25 net.

BLAIR'S CAST STEEL "VICTOR" TOOLS.

Broad axes and adzes, discount 60 and 10 per cent.

Bench axes, discount 60 and 10 per cent.

Hatchets, boy's half and quarter axes, discount 60 and 5 per cent.

THE AMERICAN AXE & TOOL CO.

The advertising columns of the "export" or foreign edition of the Engineering and Mining Journal contain a list of quoted prices of the "Planet Jr." implements at from 30 to 60 per cent discount on the prices to American dealers, with freight charges paid to the seaboard. The World makes the following statements regarding various articles of tools and machinery:—

In table cutlery the seven large manufacturers are in a combination to control prices and output. To-day they are paying $12,000 a year to a factory at Beaver Falls, Pa., to stay idle and not to produce cutlery in competition with the Trust, and the the agents of this combination, Tommins & Adams, 122 Chambers street, declare that they are selling their table cutlery at from 15 to 25 per cent. less to the export than to the home trade. The Ann Arbor Agricultural Company advertises that it will put one of its standard mowers on board ship in New York harbor "for export only" at $40. The lowest price at which that mower can be bought in Ann Arbor by a dealer there is $45, and the lowest price at which the American farmer can buy it is $60, while the Spanish farmer gets it for $40.

The Farm Implement News also gives the lowest price of the sulky rake in this country at $18. That rake costs only $14.25 free on board New York "for export only."

The nine-hoe grain drill quoted by the Unos at $60 here and $140 in France can be bought for export for $51 on board ship at New York—$9 cheaper than the American can purchase it.

It is beyond the range of possible doubt, that industries which sell their products to foreign nations at from 10 to 60 per cent. below the prices charged home consumers, are able to earn their own living without government tariff support. A factory whose idea of the "home market" is to charge the American farmer $18 for the same plow for which it charges the Spanish farmer $9, is in a fit condition to earn its own living. The tariff does not exist for such purposes. Protection is for industry, not for such high-handed dealing. In the ends of justice a thorough investigation should be set on foot by Congress to locate and place on the free list all industries engaged in the business of exporting to foreign countries and making home consumers stand double prices. There seems to be some two or three score of industries in that business. These, with the one hundred trusts now known to be organized, would be a fine installment of candidates for the free list, and when so located would gladden the heart of the American home consumer.

Peterson for August is a very attractive number. For beauty of illustrations, excellence and variety of reading matter, reliability and effectiveness of fashions etc., this standerd periodical has no peer. The opening story "Ned" is one of the breeziest summer sketches. "Imprisoned Rainbows" is the second of a series of paper on precious stones, and is full of useful information. Alice Maud Ewell begins "Jackey and the Princess" a charming novelet of Verginia life, and "In the Earl's Keeping" by Georgia Grant, promises to be an equally interesting story with English scenery and characters. Among the other stories are "Under an Unlucky Star" by H. A. Holden, "Between the Two" by Frank Lee Benedict and "Story of an Old Letter" by Olivia Lovell Wilson, all of them thoroughly bright and entertaining. The Superintendent of the Newport hospital gives a paper on "Cholera" a capitally written and timely contribution. Terms Two dollars a year; One dollar for six months. Address, Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia, Pa.

HAIL INSURANCE!

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND A RES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.	Simon Kjelhaug,	Fosston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "	W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. Boddy	Edna "	A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "	Otto F. Buse	St. Hilaire "
C. L. Lanmon	McIntosh "	K. Rollag,	Gossen "
Owen Nelson,	McIntcsh "	W. G. Hunt,	King "
P. W. Johnson	Valley "	Walter Latta,	Buffington "

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
(FORMERLY THE DENNETT,)
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN. - - - MINN

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA,
Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. B. Johnson, St. Paul.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. MINN.

Money to Loan
On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.......$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.......80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years.......1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows: $1,000 for five years, annual interest.......$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years.......1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:
Interest.......$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years.......1000 00
Total.......$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at a low rate of interest. We give special attention to our collection and all other business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street. Crookston.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN APITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
COUNTY ATTORNEY.
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON. MINN

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 17, 1890.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
South Line.		
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.
North Line.		
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.
Fosston Line.		
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line.		
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council held on Tuesday evening, July 8, A. D., 1890.

Meeting called to order by Vice President Jennings.

Roll Call.

Following Aldermen present: Bjoin, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Schmidt, Jerome, Buhn and Jennings.

Aldermen absent, Childs, Lally and Steenerson.

Part of the minutes of previous meetings read and approved the balance omitted.

Communication from City Clerk appointing W. E. McKenzie as deputy city clerk read.

Alderman Morrisey moved, Alderman Bjoin seconded that the appointment be confirmed. Carried.

Two members of the finance Committee being absent the President appointed Alderman Jerome and Schmidt to act pro tem.

The report of Justice of the Peace C. S. Spendley was read.

Moved by Alderman Marshall seconded by Alderman McLaren that the report be accepted. Carried.

Report of G. W. Lewis as Justice of the Peace read.

Moved by Alderman Buhn, seconded by Alderman Morrisey that the report be accepted. Carried.

The quarterly report of the Comptroller was read and on motion of Alderman Morrisey and second of Alderman Buhn the report was referred to the finance committee.

The report of the committee upon the bridge crossing Central avenue was then given, Alderman Marshall submitting plans of bridge and making a verbal report concerning other crossings in the third ward.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Jerome that the Aldermen of the Third ward be instructed to meet the Duluth, Crookston & Northern Ry. officials and arrange for satisfactory crossing over the different streets in said ward and report at the next regular meeting. Carried.

Aldermen were so instructed.

The Finance committee after consultation reported favorably upon the following bills.

Jas. E. O'Brien & Co., Hardware	$28 50
O. L. Hamery, Street Labor	8 00
" 1st Ward " "	16 50
" 2d " " "	4 25
" 3d " " "	25 05
" 4th " " "	30 65
Rosenthal & Wile clothing	78 00
C. S. Spendley Justice Peace	3 80
G. W. Lewis " "	19 25
Fontaine & Anglim Mdse	6 45
" " "	8 00
E. C. Carruth Advertising bids	6 00
C. E. Sargeant moving safe	6 00
E. D. Childs Extras and Repairs	11 34
B. LaBelle Grubbing	3 50

Upon motion of Alderman Morrisey and second of Alderman McLaren same was accepted.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey seconded by Alderman Marshall that the remainder of the bills be retained and that the finance committee report upon them at the next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Marshall seconded by Alderman McLaren that the plan of the bridge across Central avenue be accepted as submitted by the Duluth Crookston & Northern Ry. with these exceptions: That is, that the driveway be twenty-four (24) feet wide and the Sidewalks be 6 feet wide, also that piling be used for foundations. Carried.

Bids for grading Spendley street were then opened and read.

Bids were received from the following parties: Chester Facto, McDonald & Welsh, P. J. Lachapelle, and Fabier Rejimbal.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman McLaren that the bids for grading Spendley street be submitted to the Alderman of the fourth ward and to report as soon as possible. Carried.

The bids for City printing were then opened and read.

Bids were received from the following persons: Palmer & Palmer, H. E. Cooke and W. E. McKenzie.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Schmidt that when the Council adjourns it be until Tuesday evening, July 15th, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Alderman Marshall moved to amend seconded by Alderman McLaren that the bids for City printing be laid over until the next regular meeting. Amendment lost.

The original motion was then voted on and declared carried.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Buhn that the President appoint a committee of three to examine these bids and to report on Tuesday evening next. Carried.

President Jennings thereupon appointed Aldermen Morrisey, Marshall and Bjoin.

SIDEWALKS.

The following resolution was offered by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Bjoin.

Resolved, By the City Council of the City of Crookston,

That a sidewalk six feet in width, made of white pine plank two (2) inches thick, surfaced on one side, each plank to be not more than six (6) inches wide and well nailed with twenty (20) penny spikes upon three stringers of three (3) by six (6) inch dimension timber, is hereby directed to be constructed upon and along the North side of Woodland avenue from Hubbard street to Minnesota street (in Sampson's Woodland addition) in the City of Crookston. All lumber to be used in constructing said sidewalk is to be of at least as good quality as First Common white pine lumber, and such sidewalk is directed to be laid upon the lines and grade to be established by the City Engineer.

Alderman voting in the affirmative—Alderman Bjoin, Schmidt, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Jerome, Buhn and Jennings.

Nays, none.

Resolution was declared carried.

Passed July 8, 1890.

I. U. JENNINGS,
President of the Council.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Approved July 9th, 1890.

ALEX MCKINNON,
Mayor.

SIDEWALKS.

The following resolution was offered by Alderman Morrisey and seconded by Alderman Schmidt.

Resolved, By the City Council of the City of Crookston,

That a sidewalk six feet in width, made of white pine plank two (2) inches thick, surfaced on one side, each plank to be not more than six (6) inches wide and well nailed with twenty (20) penny spikes upon three stringers of three (3) by six (6) inches dimension timber, is hereby ordered to be constructed upon and along the West side of St. Paul street from North end of Bridge to Woodland avenue (Sampson's Woodland addition) in the City of Crookston. All lumber to be used in constructing said sidewalk is to be of at least as good quality as First Common white pine timber, and such sidewalk is directed to be laid upon the lines and grades to be established by the City Engineer.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Aldermen Bjoin, Schmidt, Morrisey, McLaren, Marshall, Jerome, Jennings and Buhn.

Nays, none.

Resolution was declared Carried.

Passed July 8th, 1890.

I. U. JENNINGS.
President of the Council.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Approved July 9th, 1890.

ALEX M. MCKINNON,
Mayor.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held the eighth day of July, 1890: Alderman Buhn offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Morrisey.

Resolved, That the application for filling and grading Robert street in the First Ward be granted and that the City Engineer have said Robert street filled and graded between the East side of Lot ten in Block one of Chase's Addition to Crookston and the west side of Fletcher street where the same intersects with said Robert street at a cost not to exceed the sum of one hundred dollars and that the cost of same be charged to the abutting property and so assessed.

Upon the call of ays and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Alderman voting in the affirmative; Bjoin, Schmidt, Morrisey, Buhn, and Jennings.

Alderman voting in the negative: None:

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 8th day of July, 1890.

I. U. JENNINGS,
President of the Council.

Approved this 9th day of July, 1890.

ALEX MCKINNON,
Mayor.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held the 8th day of July, 1890, Alderman Marshall offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Morrisey.

Resolved, That the City Council adopt the following ordinance.

The City Council of the City of Crookston do ordain as follows:

That Section six (6) of chapter five (5) of the ordinance of the City of Crookston be amended so it read as follows:

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of of any poundkeeper upon notification that any animal is running at large contrary to the provisions of this chapter in that part of the city situated on the side of Red Lake River in which his pound is located, to proceed immediately to such place and take up and impound such animal.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Alderman voting in the affirmative—Bjoin, Schmidt, Jerome, McLaren, Marshall, Buhn and Jennings.

Nays, none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried and the ordinance adopted by the President of the Council.

Passed this 8th day of July, 1890.

I. U. JENNINGS,
President of the Council.

Approved this 9th day of July, 1890.

ALEX MCKINNON,
Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

The bond of P. McDonnell, the sewer contractor of Grand Forks was read.

Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Jerome that the bond be accepted.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Bjoin to amend to the effect that the bond be laid over until the adjourned meeting on Tuesday evening next after some discussion the amendment was withdrawn.

Original motion carried.

A communication was received from City Engineer, Hamery, regarding repairs on wagon bridge and also on gutters in the different wards.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman McLaren that the Aldermen of each ward be instructed to look into the matter and to report at the next meeting. Carried.

A request of Alex McKinnon to move two buildings to lots outside of fire limits was read.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Jerome that the request be granted. Carried.

A request from T. H. Bjoin was read asking the privilege of moving a building which is now in the fire limits to a lot outside of said limits.

Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Buhn that the request be granted. Carried.

The committee to whom was referred the bids for grading Spendley street respectfully report as follows:

We find that the cost of the work according to bid of Chester Facto would amount to $76.00, of McDonald & Welsh, $77.50, of P. J. Lachapelle, 85.00, of T. Rejembal, $70.00.

O. L. HAMERY,
FRANK JEROME, } Com.

Moved by Alderman Bjoin, seconded by Alderman Jerome the bid be let to the lowest bidder.

Alderman voting in the affirmative—Aldermen Bjoin, Schmidt, Jerome, McLaren, Marshall, Buhn and Jennings.

Nays, none. Carried.

Moved to adjourn. Carried.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDREW J. BOHLEEN, AND Eva Bohleen, his wife, as Mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as Mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said Mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of Section One (1), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range 44 West, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres, to secure the payment of Seventy-four and Seventy-five One-hundredths Dollars ($74.75) according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in nine (9) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said Mortgagors to said Mortgagee or order; which said mortgage was, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, at five o'clock and ten minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "41" of mortgages, on pages 495 to 498 inclusive.

And whereas, The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "53" of Mortgages, on pages 366 and 367.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Seven and Fifty One-hundredths ($7.50) Dollars, due as the second installment on said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still unpaid and due,

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said Mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said Mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said Mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of Sixty-three and seventy-nine One-hundredths (63.79) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars ($25) attorneys' fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS,
partners as Steenerson & McManus,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [41-17]

W. A. ROBERTSON.
D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN MCKINNON BLOCK.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDMOND LORANGER AND Rose A. Loranger, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 16th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 32, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1886, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 255, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, England, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred fifteen and 11-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CARL E. STEEL, AN UNMARried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, his mortgage bearing date of June 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 8, Township 151, Range 40 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 167; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 08-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty and 08-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred seven and 08-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 2d day of August A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 14th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CHARLES DERUSHIA AND Mary D. Derushia, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of first day of April, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage; and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 389; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand two hundred ten and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Offices over Merchants' Bank. Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrator, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANK KLUZAK AND MARY Kluzak, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of fourth day of June, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 419; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six and 80-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty four dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand fourteen and 39-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 26, 1890.]

WHEREAS, BOYD P. VAN GORDON AND Olive Van Gordon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 20th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 15, Township 149, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 277; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred eighty-five and 44-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES NILSON AND Charlotta Nilson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of 17th day of July, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southeast quarter of Section 24, Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range 45; also lot 4, in Section 19, and lots 1 and 2 in Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing one hundred and sixty-three and 99-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 213; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred twenty-six and 45-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated November 16th, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, November 17th, 1888, in book 40 of mortgages, page 510, whereby William L. Davies and Sarah C. Davies, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north-east quarter of section thirty-two (32), in township one hundred and fifty-three (153), of range forty-seven (47), in Polk county, Minnesota, by which default the power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage, at the date hereof, $851.88.

Now, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of said power, said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county, or his deputy, on July 19th, 1890, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court-house, in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated May 31st, 1890.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, (SEAL)
By Rob't N. Jackson, President,
Lee J. Lockwood & Co., Mortgagee
Attorneys.

[7-13]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 5th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, HENRY DAVEY AND NETTIE Davey, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of December 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter, the east half of southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of southeast quarter Section seven (7) Township one hundred and forty-seven, (147) Range forty-four (44) west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 301; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventy dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of seventy dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eleven hundred eighty-two and 01-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 31st, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[7-13] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 25th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of George W. Tice, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Ann M. Tice and John E. Tice, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 2d day of December, 1890, at two o'clock p. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented, to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 25th day of June A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[11-13] Judge of Probate.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDERS ERICKSON, AN UNmarried man, as mortgagor, did on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan & Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as mortgagee, his mortgage bearing date the 27th day of July A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of the South-west Quarter, and Lots Five (5) and Six (6) and Seven (7) of section Six (6) in Township One hundred and fifty-two (152) North, of Range Forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and forty-one and seventy-three one hundredths (141 73-100) acres, to secure the payment of Sixty-three (63) Dollars, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, payable in ten (10) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1888, at eleven o'clock A. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "26" of mortgages, on pages 422 to 424 inclusive.

And whereas The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 11th day of April A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage, and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners, as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston, Minnesota; which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County, in Book "53" of mortgages, on page 402.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Six and seventy-five one hundredths (6.75) Dollars, due as the fourth installment of said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still due and unpaid;

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party.

And Whereas, Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable;

And whereas there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of Forty-nine and fifty-three one hundredths (49.53) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the court-house, in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the higest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five (25) Dollars attorney fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS,
partners as Steenerson & McManus,
Assignees of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [11-17]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JULY 24, 1890. NO. 14.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Fergus Falls Journal:—The Red river valley counties have always given Otter Tail county political assistance when it has asked it, and this year there is a splendid opportunity to return it. The northwest portion of the state asks for a place on the state ticket, and will present P. J. McGuire's name for state auditor. Mr. McGuire has been auditor of Polk county for many years and is an efficient man. He is very strong in his own section. Otter Tail should stand by the northern part of the state if it expects favors in the future or is willing to return favors rendered in the past. Give Mr. McGuire the vote of our delegation for auditor.

The Alliance Convention.

The Minneapolis Times.

It is quite the fashion for the newspaper to bestow advice upon the Farmers' Alliance. It is a fashion which The Times has not followed. There are as wise, and experienced and capable political leaders among the Alliance membership as among its numerous outside counsellors, as we have not the slightest doubt they will demonstrate in their convention today. They are in politics this year for a specific purpose and in the accomplishment of that purpose they will take the shortest cut.

The organization grew out of the indifference of the machine politicians toward the interests of the great agricultural class of the country. National and state governments are run in the interests of capital and corporations and ambitious politicians. The highest and most honorable public positions have ceased to be regarded as the fitting rewards of distinguished ability and public service, and have became the spoils of adroit and unprincipled spoilshunters, and men who rely upon their wealth for honors their brain and characters would never win for them.

The Alliance simply represents a spirit of discontent and unrest that pervades all industrial classes in this country. Thoughtful observers of this sentiment and tendency of the times see that this is no superficial or spasmodic movement. It is concerned with questions that go down to the roots of our national life, and the evils it is contending with, and which it proposes to remedy, are those which threaten the very existence of free government. The Times looks confidently for wise, practical action on the part of today's convention. It is composed of earnest and intelligent men who fully compehend the importance of the work in hand, and who are not likely to be diverted from the plain and straight path of duty either by the efforts of demagogues, or by internal dissensions provoked by those who would gladly see its influence destroyed in the interest of one or the other of the old party machines.

The Alliance is practically the dominant political power in the State today It carries the key to the situation. It can dictate the nominations. It holds the balance of power between the old parties. If it shall work harmoniously and use its influenue with discretion and wisdom it may accomplish great and beneficent results for the whole State. A most important and sacred patriotism and honor, every consideration of political morality and material welfare appeal to it for united and wise action. The main object should be kept steadily in vew.

What that object is The Times has steadily understood during the past three months. It is the withdrawal of political power from the control of the corporations and their tools, and its restoration to the people and their representatives. The corrupt use of money in conventions and at elections has of late been open, flagrant, high handed. It has come to pass that no man who has not a "barrel of money" is considered eligible to nomination for high and honorable office. When men do not hesitate to expend $100,000 to secure election to an office the salary of which is less than $3,000, it is safe to conclude that there are other motives than those of patriotism and zeal for the public good at the bottom of their ambition.

This is the one danger against which The Times has ventured to warn the Alliance. It has once or twice trusted men who have sold it out for a price to the political machine and the corporation it represents. It should not repeat this mistake. It should keep the main object steadily in view and subordinate all its energies upon its accomplishment.

The Alliance Platform.

The Report of the Committee On Resolutions Declaring Alliance Principles.

The Farmer's alliance and industrial unions of the state of Minnesota, in convention assembled, hereby ordain and establish the following declaration of principles:

First—We demand that the "war traffic," which has too long survived the object of its creation, shall be radically revised; giving very material reduction on the necessaries of life, and placing raw material upon the free list to the end that we may compete with the world for a market; and that such luxuries as whiskey and tobacco shall in no manner be relieved from internal taxation till the high protective tariff has been wholly divested of its extortions; and we especially denounce the McKinley bill as the crowning infamy of protection.

Second—We demand governmental control of railways, both by the state and nation, to the end that all discrimination shall cease; that reasonable rates shall be established; that watered stock shall not receive the rewards of honest capital, and the pooling of rates is such an element of monopoly as should be absolutely prohibited. We anticipate the ultimate ownership of railroads as the solution of the question.

Third—As producers, we demand free and open markets for our grain, and that the railway shall receive and ship grain, as they receive and ship other commodities, for the owner of its destination, That the grading of wheat at country stations be abolished; that the right to establish side tracks, to connect grain warehouses, and the equal use of cars shall in no manner be abridged.

Fourth—That in the adjustment of a schedule of rates for this state we believe the railroad commission should be guided mainly by the schedule of rates now in force in Iowa. But if the interstate railways leading to Chicago shall make a less rate than the Iowa rates, we demand that the rates to Duluth shall be no greater per ton per mile than the rate per ton per mile to Chicago; reasonable terminal and transfer charges being added to the mileage charges as provided for by the freedom of traffic law now in our statutes.

Fifth—That we demand the maintenance of the present freedom of traffic law, the present grain laws and the law for the distribution of cars, and the erection by the state of public warehouses, where the producer shall store his grain unmixed in a special car at actual cost at Duluth and agricultural fair grounds.

Sixth—That we hold that mortgage indebtedness should be deducted from the tax upon realty, whether mortgage is held at home or abroad; and we ask such laws as will make the hidden property pay equal taxes with the visible property.

Seventh—That we favor a material reduction of interest on money, and demand that severe penalties be attached to the practice of usury.

Eighth—That we favor an increase in the volume of money equal to the requirements of an ever increasing trade and business, without the interventation of banks, which shall be made full legal tender, and we demand the free coinage of silver.

Ninth—That our public lands, the sacred heritage of the people, shall be reserved in small quantities, without cost to actual settlers only, and we favor laws for the protection of our forests.

Tenth—We are opposed to the giving away of valuable franchises by the state and municipalities.

Eleventh—That we are in favor of the improvement of our great waterways, so that our produce may go in unbroken bulk to the markets of the world.

Twelfth—That we ask the next legislature to establish the Australian system of voting for the whole state.

Thirteenth—That all public offices which directly effect the interests of the people should be made elective, and for this reason we hold that United State senators and railroad commisioners should be made elective by popular vote

Fourteenth—We demand the prohibition of the employment of children, under 15 years of age, in the mills, factories and workshops of the country; and we also favor the adoption of a factory and mine inspection law, and an employers' liability act; and we favor the publishing of free text-books.

Fifteenth—We favor the settlement of all strifes by arbitration, and for equal pay for equal work, irrespective of sex; also for shorter hours of labor in factories, stores and on public works, and we also favor a lien law that will give labor a first lien on its products.

Sixteenth—The assumption of the power by the supreme court of the United States in recent decisions denying accepted constitutional rights of the several states is a direct menace to the privileges and liberties of the people, and is fraught with danger to our institutions and form of government.

Seventeenth—When so demanded, the right of the people to vote upon constitutional amendments should not be denied, as it involves the right of petition.

Eighteenth—Labor everywhere has a common bond of sympathy and a common cause. We cordially welcome every association having for its purpose the amelioration of the condition of all who toil "in the sweat of their face." In such a union, now imperatively demanded, there will come that strength which will yet bring justice with victory. And for the support of these principles we invite the co-operation of all good citizens in the state of Minnesota without regard to previous party affiliation.

To the above the following were subsequently added:

Resolved, That we renew to the soldiers whose valor saved the nation the expression of our profoundest gratitude, and we declare that it is the sense of the American people that no man who fought for the flag shall be permitted to descend to pauperism, and that the same liberal spirit should be extended to the widows and orphans of the heroes of the war.

That we demand that the convict labor of the state shall be utilized to furnish the farmers of the state binding twine at cost.

An attempt was made to add a temperance plank, but it proved a great failure. One was presented by G. W. Olney, of Rice county, but it was given little, if any, support. Pat Rahilly said that he, like many others, raised thousands of bushels of barley, and they wished to sell it to the breweries of this state. He did not propose to support any prohibition plank.

The New Pension Law.

Text of the New Pension Law Passed by Congress.

The following is the text of the New Pension law just passed by congress:

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That in considering the pension claims of dependent parents, the fact of the soldier's death by reason of any wound, injury, casualty, or disease which, under the conditions and limitations of existing laws, would have entitled him to an invalid pension, and the fact that the soldier left no widow or minor children having been shown as required by law, it shall be necessary only to show by competent and sufficient evidence that such parent or parents are without other present means of support than their own manual labor or the contributions of others not legally bound for their support: Provided, that all pensions allowed to dependent parents under this act shall commence from the date of filing of the application hereunder and shall continue no longer than the existence of the dependence.

Sec. 2. That all persons who served ninty days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late war of the rebellion, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, and who are now or who may hereafter be suffering from a mental or physical disability of a permanent character, not the result of their own vicious habits, which incapacitates them from the performance of manual labor in such a degree as to render them unable to earn support, shall, upon making due proof of the fact according to such rules and regulations, as the secretary of the interior may provide, be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners of the United States, and be entitled to recive a pension not exceeding twelve dollars per month and not less than six dollars per month, proportioned to the degree of inability to earn support; and such pension shall commence from the date of the filing of the application in the pension office, after the passage of this act upon proof that the disability then existed, and shall continue during the existence of the same: Provided, That persons who are now receiving pension under existing laws, or whose claims are pending in the pension office, may, by application to the commissioner of pensions, in such form as he may prescribe, showing themselves entitled thereto, receive the benefits of this act; and nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to prevent any pensioner thereunder from prosecuting his claim and receiving his pension under any other general or special act: Provided, however, That no person shall receive more than one pension for the same period: And provided further. That rank in the service shall not be considered in applications filed under this act.

Sec. 3. That if any officer or enlisted man who served ninty days or more in the army or navy of the United States during the late war of the rebellion, and who was honorable discharged has died, or shall hereafter die, leaving a widow without other means of support than her daily labor, or minor children under the age of sixteen years, such widow shall, upon due proof of her husband's death, without proving his death to be the result of his army service, be placed on the pension-roll from the date of application therefore under this act, at the rate of eight dollars per month during her widowhood, and shall also be paid two dollars per month for each child of officer or enlisted man under the age of sixteen years, and in case of death or remarriage of the widow, leaving a child or children of such officer or enlisted man under the age of sixteen years, such pension shall be paid such child or children until the age of sixteen: Provided, That in case a minor child is insane, idiotic or otherwise permanently helpless, the pension shall continue during the life of said child, or during the period of such disability, and this proviso shall apply to all pensions heretofore granted or hereafter to be granted under this or any former statute, and such pensions shall commence from the date of application therefor after the passage of this act: And provided further, That said widow shall have married said soldier prior to the passage of this act.

Sec 4. That no agent, attorney, or other person engaged in preparing, presenting, or prosecuting any claim under the provisions of this act shall, directly or indirectly, contract for, demand, receive, or retain for such services in preparing, presenting, or prosecuting such claim a sum greater than ten dollars, which shall be payable only upon order of the commissioner of pensions by the pension agent making payment of pension allowed, and any person who violate any of the provisions of this section, or who shall wrongfully withhold from the pensioner or claimant the whole or any part of a pension or claim allowed or due such pensioner or claimant under this act shall be deemed guility of misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall, for each and every offence, be fined not exceeding five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned at hard labor not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Jim Hill's Railroad.

The Western Rural.

The Great Northern Railroad, at the head of which is Mr. James Hill,—and which the papers refer to as Jim Hill's Railroad, is spreading consternation among the railway managers. Hill is as sharp as a brier. No one who knows anything about him will question that statement. He has always had great faith in the railroad system of which he is the head, and ever since he secured the control of it has been pushing out to the right and to the left and steadily forward. He intends to push his lines to the Pacific this Summer; and while he has been arranging to do that, he has been working for an Eastern connection which he at last secured, making a through railroad, water route from St. Paul to New York and Boston. And now comes the fun—fun to him, but a disgusting complicaton to the other railroad fellows. He has cut the rates from New York and Boston to St. Paul to a figure that is lower than the other roads charge from New York and Boston to Chicago. The public is mainly interested in the fight because of its showing that the state of affairs hitherto has been precisely what The Rural has been describing them to be for many years; viz: that the rates between Chicago and the East are outrageously high. Mr. Hill does not do business for the fun of doing it. He is not that sort of a man. He does business for money, and big money at that; and when he cuts rates he does it with full knowledge that he is still maintaining rates that will pay him a good profit.

How long the cut will last, of course no one can tell. It is probably that a peace will be patched up, sooner or later, and rates will again go up. But the facts that the cut establishes and to which we have referred, will remain, and should prompt our legislators to bestir themselves to legally cut down rates for good. These fights always teach something that ought not to be forgotten.

The Liquor Traffic.

The Western Rural.

One of our esteemed correspondents from Iowa writes that farmers generally do not agree with us in our position upon the question of prohibition. The Rural has never taken a position for party prohibition, as it would take no party stand of any kind. It has not been very outspoken in fact for prohibition. It has said that the question ought to be submitted to the people and so it ought. But it cannot believe that the majority of the farmers are in favor of the rumshop. Why should they be? The rumshop is maintained in towns that receive all the license money while the traffic makes thieves to prey upon the community, including the farmers, and paupers for the farmers to support. In Chicago we have more than three thousand rumshops that are taking from hundreds and thousands of people the money that should go to buy flour and potatoes and butter and clothing which the farmer produces. There are a million of people in this country to-day who would consume five million dollars' worth more of farm products than they now consume if it were not for the infernal rum traffic; and while we live and have our senses, and our conscience is in as good working order as it is just now, we shall never advocate a traffic that does such a gross wrong to tax payers and endangers every boy and girl that is born into the world. If there are farmers who are so blind to their own interests as to advocate the rumshop, we shall be doing nothing more in the matter than we are doing for many farmers in other directions, if we fight for their interests, while they with malice aforethought and, with dogged tenacity, join their enemies and deliberately seek to down themselves. We advocate no political party of any name or nature, but we nail to the masthead on general principles, and invoke the judgment of mankind as to the correctness of the sentiment. Rum is a curse and the traffic is a unmitigated nuisance and danger to every interest to society.

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THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—David P. Lister........Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—Harvey E. Cooke........Crookston, "
Secretary—Robert Eckford........Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. Bjorge, (Treas. of the State Alliance)........Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

David P. Lister........Lac qui Parle, Minn.
Harvey E. Cooke........Crookston, "
Robert Eckford........Dexter, "
H. P. Bjorge........Underwood, "
Hamlin V. Poore........Bird Island, "
A. L. Stromberg........Forest Lake, "
Ignatius Donnelly........Hastings, "
John Lathrop........Dawson, "
Henry Plowman........Luce, "
Seth Bottomley........Nashville Center, "
Hans B. Imsdahl........Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties. Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

Taxation.

The Western Rural.

The taxation muddle, which is occasionally by courtesy called our tax system, seems to bid fair to remain an inextricable tangle forever. One trouble with assessment is that the assessor, especially in the cities, is either lacking in brains or is a demagogue. The assessment which is now in progress in Chicago suggests something that is of general importance. We observe that one assessor is raising the assessment in a part of his district in which the homes are pleasant ones, and kept in good shape, while he is lowering it in another section where the rabble lives. But mind you, it does not follow that a home in the former section is worth any more than is a home of less pretensions in the other section. As a matter of fact, the homes in the latter sections are closer to the business center. And as a rule, the land is worth more than it is in the other locality. When the homes are well kept, the majority of the people are poor, and are paying for their homes by monthly payments, but have sufficient regard for their own health and comfort and for the health and comfort of the community in general to keep things up in a cleanly condition and in general good shape. For doing this, this bullet-headed assessor proposes to make them pay an extra tax. He simply proposes to tax respectability and cleanliness and to offer a premium upon dirt and shiftlessness.

And did you ever think that this loose principle is a common one in our system of taxation. A man buys a vacant lot in the city or town or gets possession of an undeveloped quarter section. He builds on the lot, plants shade trees in front; makes flower beds in the yard and creates a place of beauty, or by hard work and sacrifice, he makes a beautiful farm of the quarter section. Now the assessor comes along and practically says: I will make you pay handsomely for your enterprise: this place is worth a good deal more than it was, and you must be blistered with a high assessment. But here is a man who owns a vacant lot right along side of the improved one, and its value is increased by the enterprise of the owner of the improved lot; or here is a quarter section along side of the improved farm, which the owner is holding for speculative purposes, as the owner of the unimproved lot is doing, and such lots and such quarter sections pay scarcely any tax. It is all wrong. It is stupid, too, as well as wrong.

Northfield News: Just at this time the farmers of Minnesota are receiving a great deal of gratuitous advice in regard to what course they should pursue in politics. Just because the Farmers' Alliance of this State has decided to hold a convention on the 16th of July, a number of politicians who have heretofore had plain sailing so far as numerous schemes are concerned, are very much exercised. It has been a matter of surprise for some tims to The News that the farmers did not organize for mutual protection and force the passage of such laws as would gives them the relief they need. For years past in this State they have been wheedled and cajoled, and in the end beaten out of the rewards which were promised them. While we do not believe in the idea of a new party, we do think the farmers should show their strength in such a manner as to compel the older parties to give them the relief they desire. While The News is a purely independent Republican paper, it believes most emphatically in that party advancing the interests of the agriculturalist.

Membership.

Great West.

A member of the Fifth District Alliance of Minnesota asks us what method should be taken to remove members of the Alliance who are not constitutionally eligible to membership?

This is a question answered very easily. It has been asked this office fully twenty times. You cannot remove a man who is not eligible—because that individual is not a member. The very moment a man ceases to be eligible that moment his membership ceases.

If a man does not live on a farm, and does not get the bulk of his living thereby, he is not a member of the Farmers' Alliance—that is all there is to it—no matter if he is President of Biler Avenue and Prince of Hayseeds. There is but one exception, and that is where the inividual is making his living under Alliance employment which prevents him from living on his farm. This includes "distinctively" alliance editors.

Any man who is a banker, real estate man, miller, money loaner or any occupation other than farming, from which he gets his living, is not a member of any alliance and cannot be. This especially applies to a money loaner, the occupation referred to in this letter.

The person referred to is as far outside the Alliance as Jay Gould. He is a money loner, owns no farm, lives in a large city, and has not the slightest claim to membership. Nor can a money-loner belong to ther labor organizations.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 24, 1890.

'Round Home.

Everybody busy haying.

Business waking up in every quarter.

M. G. Peterson was up from Garden on Friday.

Lots of new hay seeking a market nowadays.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

Everybody seems to have all the work he can do these days.

Sunday was rather too rainy for the excursion to Maple Lake.

Lack of brick delayed the work on the sewers somewhat last week.

Mr. Barnes, of Barnes & Slocum, spent the Sabbath at Detroit Lake.

The county board has been in session this week as a board of equalization.

District court is grinding away. The Judge hopes to get through this week.

It is expected that the new road will be ready for operation by August first.

The Kittson and Marshall County delegates went south on Tuesday evening.

Monday was an extremely hot day. Bids fair to be hotter in St. Paul today.

The main school building has a new tin bonnet. J. E. O'Brien is the milliner.

Dennis Ryan, owner of the Ryan farm in Kittson County, was in the city this week.

Work on the railroad bridge is progressing right lively. It will soon be completed.

Quite a wind storm on Tuesday about six p. m. Made things quite lively for a few minutes.

Jim Bain was up from Fisher last Friday to see how a republican convention is run.

H. E. Ives left for St. Paul on Sunday evening so as to be in time for the convention on Thursday.

Most of the delegates left for St. Paul on Tuesday evening to be at the log-lolling on Wednesday.

John Peterson was in the city from Hill River last week. Reports crops looking well in that town.

Mrs. C. E. Page arrived in the city on Wednesday last on a visit to her daughter Mrs. W. D. Scott.

Wm. Wylia was down from Wylia Station on Monday observing the many improvements going on in the city.

I. I. Hillestad was down from Fosston on Friday. Says he has done a big business in machinery this year.

Harris & Glenn commenced the work of moving Reed's restaurant to make way for the new McKinnon building.

The iron on the new road was laid as far as possible to do it until the trestle work is completed, on Tuesday night.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's. New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

It is feared that we are getting too much rain. Reports of grain rusting are altogether too frequent to be pleasant.

The binders will start here on Monday next. Work will be plenty and men scarce.

The delegation chosen on Friday contained three Nelson men and five Merriam men. Instructed to follow the unit rule.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

Ira D. Blanchard writes THE JOURNAL that he is meeting with great success in his work in Douglas County. He is canvassing for books.

Tom Stahl offers his house and lot for sale cheap. Only a few lots south of THE JOURNAL office. See Tom if you want a bargain.

Rev. S. Currie was down from Euclid on Wednesday with some of that famous cheese. He finds no trouble in disposing of all he can make.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

Geo. Tunell is up from Minneapolis visiting friends and taking an inventory of crops hereabouts. Says he finds crops looking fairly well.

It is said that John McLean is making so much money out west that he had not time to come home to attend to a very important suit in court.

Martin Benson came down from Erskine on Tuesday and reported a big storm there about noon. Big wind and rain which knocked down much wheat.

Harry Dawley, youngest son of postmaster Dawley had the misfortune to break his arm on Sunday. The little fellow is doing as well as could be expected.

Crookston Alliance, No. 648, met on Saturday to hear the report of the committee on twine, and adjourned to the next regular meeting, first Saturday in August.

A. R. Holston, in the Prohib-Alliance convention, is said to have remarked: "I am a prohibitionist in my heart." A granger remarked: "In your mind, you mean."

Gus Scheffer came down from Stephen to sell his lot in Clement's second addition to Crookston to the railroad company. We are told the consideration was $185 cash.

Mr. Jorgenson took possession of his new store last week and Fred Durand will soon be in where he was. Tom Morris will have a portion of the front for his jewelry store.

Rev. Noyes delivered an excellent sermon on Congregationalism on Sunday evening. Mr. Noyes, though a young man, is a powerful preacher, and is deserving of hearty support.

D. D. Williams returned from his western trip last Friday morning very much refreshed by his outing. He is convinced that Polk County is not the worst place in the world after all.

If you did not insure last week, now is your time before that hail storm comes. The Minnesota Storm Association is a solid company able to pay any and all losses. Be sure to catch on.

J. G. McGrew has bought the M. B. Hayes house and concluded to make his home in Crookston. After searching all over the world he concludes Crookston is a good place to tie to after all.

On Saturday morning last the news reached this city from England that Mr. Rickett would build the new four story hotel on the corner of Main and Second Streets, the work to commence as soon as possible.

Will Wilkins, a Becker County old-timer, was in the city over Sunday. He is now a resident of the new state of North Dakota, living about 25 miles from Fargo. He was interested in a case in court.

Prof. Casey has been busy on school matters outside of the city this week. By the way, the Professor always is busy on such matters. He has been a good and faithful servant and deserves a second term.

M. W. Jenson was down from McIntosh last Friday to attend the convention. Says the new grist mill there is doing royal work. With good wheat to handle, that mill will make a record that can't be beat.

Cashier Ellington tells THE JOURNAL that deposits in the Scandia American Bank are as heavy now as they were in January, which is always supposed to be the best month in the year. This speaks well for our city.

Isaac P. Lovetien was brought down from the town of Queen on Thursday of last week for examination before Judge Christianson and being adjudged insane was sent to St. Peter. Constable Holt went down with him.

Charlie Westler, an old time resident of the city, was looking us over the latter part of last and first of this week. Charlie says he now has unbounded faith in Crookston since he has seen what is going on this summer.

Everybody goes to St. Paul this week to take a hand in the making of a republican State ticket. Appearances indicate the nomination of the present incumbent, W. R. Merriam, still you can't most always sometimes tell. It is the unexpected that frequently happens, and Nelson is in the field.

W. J. Nickle was up to attend the convention on Friday last. W. J. seems to be on the high road to fame and fortune—he was last Saturday night elected school director and he has recently received a job at $3 per diem and found.

Uncle Daniel Cameron returned from Louisiana on Tuesday morning and intends to remain until October. He says: "If a man is well fixed in this country I would not advise him to go south. That country has its drawbacks as great, if not greater, than this."

Somebody has sent us a copy of the Enterprise, published at South Bend, Washington, by our oldtime friend W. F. Wallace, formerly of the Kittson County Enterprise of Hallock. In it we see that a railroad is projected to Chehalis, the place where Wm. Box has his saw mill, and another road from South Bend somewhere. The Enterprise gives evidence of a liberal patronage and W. F. speaks of putting in a new steam plant as though it was an everyday occurrence. Well, W. F. is a good boy and THE JOURNAL heartily wishes him unbounded success.

On Monday some of Mr. E. E. Lommen's hired men observed a man in the road acting rather queerly and he did not seem inclined to move so they went over where he was and found that he was nude, except a shirt. Upon their approach the man addressed them in Norwegian and asked them if they loved the Lord, saying that he would fix them if they did not. Thinking him crazy, they secured him, clothed him and brought him to the city for proper care. Here he was recognized as Chris. Hovey, and taken before Judge Christianson, who held him until Tuesday to give time to have his brother summoned from Fertile. The man appeared to be as crazy as they make 'em and required a strong arm and constant watching. He was sent to St. Peter on Tuesday evening.

Fisher Bulletin: "The Prohibition Shoe netted the people of Crookston $42. Not bad."

Not bad if true, but the facts are that the expenses came out of that, which left the net sum very diminutive. Taking everything into consideration, the ladies are nothing ahead, financially, but everybody is well pleased with the entertainment, voting it a perfect success.

Wanted At Once.

A good man for farm work. Call at this office.

An Old Settler.

In digging the cellar for the new Bjoin block a large stone, weighing several tons was exhumed about five or six feet below the surface. How it came there or how long it has been there who can tell?

Beltrami Pointers.

O. P. Glover and Mr. Foster of Union County, Penn., are visiting the Hayes Bros.

Large stacks of hay are seen in every direction, and we rejoice to know that all kinds of stock will have nice sweet hay the coming winter.

The annual school meeting of district 53 was called to order by the clerk, and D. C. Hallock was elected moderator. W. J. Nickle was elected director by an unanimous vote. D. C. Hallock and D. McMillan were candidates for clerk and Hallock got the majority of votes. D. T. Herriott, the treasurer, resigned and his place was filled by the election of E. W. Johnson, our present efficient town treasurer. F. B. Dykeman was elected librarian for one year. It was voted to raise $460 for the expenses of the ensuing year, $10 of it being for an addition to our library.

Sheriff Paterson was here Thussday attending to his official duties. John has many friends in this community, and they are not all democrats, either.

EDNA.

The city Republican caucusses were held at the usual places on Wednesday evening of last week. In the first ward Geo. O. Buhn, John Alderman, Fred Anderson and H. E. Cooke were elected delegates to the convention on Friday. In the second ward E. C. Davis, S. L. Collins and Wm. Marin were elected delegates. In the third ward R. J. Montague, L. D. Marshall. In the fourth ward John Cromb Felix Fournet, A. D. Stephens, Hans Larson and P. J. McGuire, and in the fifth ward E. D. Childs.

In the first ward the following gentlemen were elected ward committee viz:

I. U. Jennings, chairman,
D. E. Hatlestad,
Geo. Buhn.

D. E. Hatlestad was elected a member of the city Republican Committee.

In the fourth ward the ward Committee elected was:

P. J. McGuire, chairman,
Will Arnold,
J. W. Wheeler.

Other wards have not reported.

A Question Of Religious Liberty Going Through The Courts.

Tennessee puts Itself on Record.

About one year ago a farmer by the name of King, living in Obion County, Tenn., was complained of for working on his farm on Sunday, brought before a justice, tried, convicted and fined three dollars and costs, amounting in all to about thirteen dollars. Mr. King being a member of a church which observes the seventh day of the week (Saturday) as the Sabbath, thought he had a right to labor at least upon his own premises, on the other six days of the week in accordance with the command, "Six days shalt thou labor." The result of the trial before the justice, however, did not appear to change his mind, as he continued to cultivate his farm on Sunday betimes, as occasion and necessity seemed to require. It was not long before he was complained of again, this time before the grand jury at Troy. A true bill was found against him, the indictment alleging plowing on Sunday to be a nuisance. His trial came off in the Circuit Court, last March, at which time he was fined seventy-five dollars and costs. The case was appealed to the Supreme Court of the State, which has just rendered its decision, sustaining the action of the lower Court. It is now proposed to take the case to the Supreme Court of the United States and test the rights of American citizenship. The case is in the hands of the National Religious Liberty Association, an organization of comparatively recent origin, and is attracting considerable attention because of the question of religious liberty it involves. It would seem that a man has the right, and should have the privilege of using his time upon his own premises as he sees proper, and not be compelled to conform to the religious ideas and customs of those around him. "Essential freedom," says Ridpath, "is the right to differ." Second only to its political freedom, the United States is famed for its liberty in religious matters. The King case, it seems, will test whether such liberty can be secured at the court of last appeals under the federal government.

W. A. COLCORD.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl, Crookston, Minn. [14-tf]

Great Remnant Sale!

REMNANTS
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Beginning on Monday,

July 7th, 1890,

Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS

Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY

At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

FOR SALE.

A complete photographers outfit in the village of Argyle, Minn., for $60—cash. Address,

J. W. NOVOTNY,
[14-16] Angus Minn.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnernership heretofore existing under the firm name of Sohler & Co. is on this 9th day of July dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding accounts must be settled by cash or note before August 10th, 1890, or suit will follow.

Dated at Fertile, July 9th, 1890.

X. SOHLER.
[18-15] OTTO KANKEL.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the position of county treasurer subject to the approval of the republican county convention. NELS MUUS, Sec. Liberty Alliance No. 818. [5-tf]

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

For Sale Cheap.

1 No. 8 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Osborne Binder Sickles.
8 14-inch Walking Plows.
1 Tank Pump.
1 No. 11 Osborne Steel Binder.
1 steel frame Minneapolis Binder.
2 Buggies.
1 12-horse Giant Engine.
1 13-horse Russell Engine. (New.)
2 good Work Horses, weight 1,300.
2 good Work Mares, weight 1,300.
I Fine Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

I want one good driving horse, weight not less than 1,100 lbs.

Want a good tenant for a fine farm now in crop.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
The Loan Agent.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.

MOE & BUHN.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.75
North Star	2 50
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 60

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.

(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.

(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.

(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead.

CARLETON COLLEGE,

NORTHFIELD, MINN.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 10, 1890.

THE COURSES ARE

Classical, Literary, Scientific, English Academy and Musical,

Besides Preparatory and Post-Graduate studies.
Instruction given in Drawing and Painting.
Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy.
Extensive Chemical and Biological Laboratories.
Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
For catalogues and circulars address,
[13-16] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA.

OPEN TO BOTH SEXES.

The following Courses of Study are offered: Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Architecture, Mining Engineering and Metallurgy, Shop Work, (including Wood, Iron, and Metal Working), Industrial, Freehand and Mechanical Drawing, Wood Carving and Designing, Military Science and Tactics, Agriculture (including the "School of Agriculture"), Veterinary Science, Law, Medicine (Regular, Homeopathic), Dentistry.

TUITION IS FREE,

Except in the Departments of Law and Medicine.

Next year opens Sept. 2d, 1890.

Catalogues containing full information will be sent free to all persons who apply for it. Address

CYRUS NORTHROP, L. L. D.,
President, Minneapolis, Minn.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE.

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,

Carriage Builders,

East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,

Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.

CALL AND SEE US.

REPORT

Of the condition of the Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minnesota, at the close of business on the 12th day of July, 1890.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	$118,559 49
Due from other banks	40,586 94
Furniture and fixtures	1,591 21
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,996 75
Cash and cash items	10,402 79
Total	$174,137 18
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock	$50,000 00
Undivided profits	12,420 95
Individual deposits subject to check	71,758 51
Demand certificates of deposit	39,957 72
Total	$174,137 18

I, Lewis Ellington, Cashier of the Scandia-American Bank, of Crookston, Minnesota, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

LEWIS ELLINGTON, Cashier.

Correct Attest:
O. H. LUCKEN, } Directors.
E. P. PIERCE, }

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk. }

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 21st day of July, 1890. ANDREW P. HANSON,

NOTARY SEAL. Notary Public, Minnesota.

[First publication July 24th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 18th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto O. C. Bergland, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 18th day of July, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[14-16] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE. Crookston, Minn., July 17th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, on Oct. 2d, 1890, viz: THOR HALDORSON, Hd. 11,281, for the nw¼ se¼ e½ nw¼ and lot 2, Sec. 33, Tp. 149, R 43. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harald Johnson, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn., Gulbrand Pederson, of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn., William Manton, Otto Camp, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, oppose Wm. Anglim's residence.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Attention, Farmers!

I AM NOW PREPARED TO WRITE

Hail Insurance

—IN THE—

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE

STORM ASSOCIATION.

The cheapest and best Insurance Company doing business in the State. Its officers and agents are all Alliance men and its object is to furnish safe and sure insurance. During the season I have secured desk room in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL office, where I should be pleased to meet all who wish to insure. Call and see me.

M. E. BARTLETT,
[10tf] JOURNAL Office, Crookston.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor. of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

The Board of County Commissioners assembled in the County Auditor's office.

Members present: Commissioners Hunt, Kirsch, Rinehart & Johnson.

The minutes of last session were read and on motion. Approved.

The following claims were audited and allowed to wit:

Olaf Gunderson disbursements for deceased pauper	$ 4 27
S. Kjolhaug, serving school notices	3 00
B. L. Johnson, constable fees	6 00
H. N. Twedten, boarding prisoners	21 71
H. N. Twedten, boarding prisoners	2 85
H. N. Twedten, boarding prisoners	14 85
Lars G. Netteland, assessing fract. Township, 2½ days	5 00
Sylvin Bergvin, assessing Tp. 151 R. 40 and Tp. 150 R. 40, 10 days	20 00
Ed Fisk, assessing, 15 days	30 00
A. C. Schmidt, to painting Court House fence	42 25
W. F. Hitchcock, visiting school and expenses	131 50
C. E. Sargent, draying load of plank	50
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., blanks for clerk of court	1 55
Pioneer Press Co., 3 Books	2 25
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., blanks	9 00
Andrew Orlen, assessing, 9 days	18 00
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., blanks	3 05
Pioneer Press Co. 3 slips pocket day books	4 50
Carl T. Schmidt, digging grave	2 00
Stewart & Spottswood, 50 feet hose, 1 nozzle	5 50
Dr. Dampier, visit to J. McManus (Co. jail)	1 00
W. J. Bahnsen, nine trips of 10 m. each and livery hire	36 00
A. Holmboe, 1 pair shoes, 1 set underwear for prisoners	2 50
A. R. Erickson, boarding prisoners	17 75
A. Holmboe, mdse for prisoners	9 30
Josephine Sensky, witness fees and milage	1 40
John A. Carlson, grading roads	100 00
Fanny Sensky, witness fees and milage	1 40
Jas. J. Holmes, Justice fees etc.	5 10
Gunder Bjorgo, hauling planks and nails	6 50
Henry Shepard, coroner fees	8 00
Irvan and Hunter, double livery twice	8 00
Frank Filipi, witness fees	1 00
Henry Shepard, invest. death of Ed. Corriere	8 10
G. W. Lewis, justice fees	2 30
P. McDonnell, building bridge	100 00
I. N. Sorensen, 1 galv. iron boiler for jail	5 00
McIntosh Tribune, printing notices etc	73 74
A. C. Rinehart, milage, and work	99 20
John Paterson, sheriff fees and milage	253 75
John Paterson, sheriff fees and milage	118 10
John Paterson, sheriff fees and milage	3 50
John Paterson, summoning witnesses	52 10
John Paterson, fees and milage	15 70
John Paterson, attending court	30 00
J. P. Johnson, work and milage	31 60
M. E. Kirsch, Att. Co. Bd. meeting and milage	10 20
P. J. McGuire, dist. for postage, express and Teleg	20 45
Mossefin & Lindell, mdse for prisoners and insane	7 25
P. McDonnell, building approach on Mallory bridge	437 50
J. Jones, 3 days work with 3 teams and 1 man	27 00
A. M. Shaw, 3 days work with 5 teams, 3 men and wag. gr.	45 75

Other matters presented were laid over until the end of the session of the Board of Equalization.

Fisher Bulletin:—We received a call last Saturday from Gautier de St. Croix of the firm of St. Croix, Walker & Co., grain commission men of Duluth. The firm are about to erect a farmers' warehouse at Freeman's siding on the N. P. Railroad, two miles north of Fisher. The bins in the warehouse are leased to the farmers, and each farmer holds the key to his bin which is under his sole and exclusive control during the time he rents it. The lessee has free and complete access to the use of his bin for the purpose of unloading grain and shipping the same at all times between sunrise and sunset, but not before 6 o'clock a. m. nor after 6 o'clock p.m. during the entire term of this lease; provided that if other bins in said warehouse are in use in unloading or shipping grain, such right of use and access for such purposes, always given the order of application therefor, all lessees of bins to be served in rotation, in the manner customary with elevators and warehouses.

Next State Fair.

The Outlook Encouraging—Some of the Features.

Col. Leggett, Secretary of the State Agricultural State Society, reports the outlook for the forthcoming Fair as most encouraging.

Already exhibitors of the finest blooded stock in the land have applied for all the stalls on the ground, and other accommodations will have to be supplied. The list of attractions have not yet been fully made up, but among them will be the chariot racing combination of A. McDonald & Co., of Chicago.

There will be two races daily by this aggregation, one of four horses and the other of eight, a lady driving the latter. A ten mile race by lady riders is also on the programme, and every day there will be some special attraction that in itself will be a good show.

We don't believe that Dr. Fish is sulking in his tent. He is not built that way.

Norman County elected five Nelson delegates to the State convention at St. Paul.

A nomination this year is not equivalent to an election. If victory is any object to the Republican party great care must be observed in the selection of its ticket.

It seems thas the Prohibitionists are not entirely satisfied with the fusion ticket, and talk of putting up a simon pure prohibition ticket. So says one of their number.

It is sometimes as well to pay attention to what the people want when you are making a gubernatorial nomination. A nomination this year does not carry the election.

The State daily papers are saying that Mr. Donnelly will sulk in his tent, and do nothing to aid the alliance ticket. We do not believe that of Mr. Donnelly. He was opposed to the independent action but after it was so unanimously voted by the alliance he accepted the situation and will no doubt do all he can to aid the cause. He will if he is the man we take him to be.

The convention that meets in St. Paul to-day has need of all of the wisdom contained in the Republican party if the party would save defeat at the polls next November. The people of the State demand the selection of the Hon. Knute Nelson and, whatever the cause of this may be it will be the part of wisdom on the part of the leaders to recognize it and act accordingly. Will they do it?

Was it the part of design or an oversight that the convention on Friday failed to appoint a committee on resolutions? We had a resolution prepared endorsing the actions of Congressman Comstock but were afforded no chance to use it. The friends of Governor Merriam were, no doubt, bitterly disappointed in not having an opportunity to resolute on his business administration and distinguished services. And then too, the Republicans in the county who were not there will look to the account of that committee to see what kind of a platform the party will present to the people and they will be disappointed by its absence.

The Times very kindly volunteers a great deal of gratuitous advice to THE JOURNAL, fearing that the farmers' cause will result "disasterously" (whatever that may mean). We wish to return our thanks to our little neighbor for as much as his distorted views are worth, and to assure him that the farmers are all right and that the object they seek will not result disastrously, by any means, though they may not accomplish their object as soon by independent action as they could have done had they been content to remain in and control the actions of the old parties, and hundreds of farmers endorse these views. THE JOURNAL has consistently advocated this policy and is willing to abide the test of time as to its soundness. On the 16th day of July the Farmers' Alliance decided to enter the field as a new political party and they put in nomination for Governor the strongest man in the state, next to Hon. Knute Nelson. This action renders it necessary for the Republicans to nominate the strongest men in their party if they would prevent a Democratic victory. The Democrats are fully aware of this fact, and hence their extreme anxiety to see the Republican party make as miserable a mistake as possible, as this would furnish the only chance the Democrats ever did, or ever will have of success. They are starving for the offices and hence their eagerness to see the alliance enter the field and then have that followed by wretched blunders on the part of the Republicans.

Some political shysters are doing their best to try to make out that the demand for a free and open wheat market that THE JOURNAL makes is incompatible with the principles of the republican party. We do not understand this to be the attitude of the republican party, the party which has ever championed the cause of the lowly and the downtrodden, and we know that all who do not believe this to be true are not in sympathy with the great underlying principles of their party. We challenge any of these loud-mouthed howlers to prove the contrary. The best interests of this country demands what THE JOURNAL has ever been fighting for—a free and open wheat market, and the great mass of people who compose the republican party to-day are fully in accord with that sentiment. THE JOURNAL has consistently urged the farmers' alliance to work in harmony with that dea in the only practicable way in which, in our judgment, this can best be obtained, and our only object has been the best interests of the people of the country. We consider this object of more importance than the success of aspiring politicians, or of parties, even. Farmers could manage to live if every aspiring politician in the State was defeated, but they cannot live without a free and open wheat market. Had we been an aspirant for some fat office, or seeking to get a $2,500 insurance job like Hodgson and others who have taken such a deep (?) interest in the cause of the down-trodden farmers, our motives might be impugned, but we have not, and we challenge any one to show wherein we have been untrue to the interests of the party or the people. We do not expect demagogues, office-seekers and men actuated by selfish motives to endorse our idea, and they do not, we are glad to notice. And we are proud to observe that all who have any corrupt, underhanded jobs to carry out do not seek the aid of THE JOURNAL to accomplish it. That the alliance has made serious errors, we believe, and while we deeply regret this fact we are confident that time will justify our position. With the deep interest we have in the attempt to secure a free and open market we cannot see how we could have done less in the effort to secure it, and in reviewing our work we cannot see how we could have done more. It will not do for some to sneer at the efforts of farmers to secure relief, as they are now openly doing. That will never win the game, and time will prove that true, also. For the present we can only say that we are confident the republican party will have common sense enough to take proper action on this subject, and we confidently believe that they will make suitable nominations in the State convention to-day.

The Polk County delegates to the State convention will present the name of P. J. McGuire for State Auditor, and they will be supported by Kittson, Marshall, Norman and Otter Tail Counties, and probably Clay and Becker. Mr. McGuire has been auditor of Polk County for ten years and doubtless could retain the office for years yet if he was so disposed, but several weeks ago he decided not to be a candidate for re-election. He has for several years been calculating, at the proper time, to be a candidate for State Auditor. With the announcement of Capt. Braden that he would not be a candidate for re-election McGuire's opportunity came and he is now in the field. The most pronounced opponent he has is Hon. J. C. Flynn, of Little Falls, who is backed by Senator Buckman and a few leading politicians. Mr. Flynn has the call on the senatorship in his district and does not seem to be so anxious to enter the swim as his friends seem to be for him to do so. At present writing it looks as though McGuire could call the turn, and should he be nominated and elected the county would have no occasion to be ashamed of its representative, as Mr. McGuire is every way well qualified for the position. He would draw a large vote in Polk County from every party, as his friends are legion. We have heard prominent democrats declare that if McGuire is nominated they will vote for him and also pull off their coats and work for him.

The Farmers' Alliance met at St. Paul in extra session on Wednesday, July 16th, and decided by a large majority to put an independent State ticket in the field. The following is the ticket: For Governor, S. M. Owen, of Hennepin Co., for Lieut. Gov., J. O. Barrett, of Traverse Co., for Sec. of State, M. Weisenberg, of St. Louis Co., for Auditor, P. H. Rahilly, of Wabasha Co., for Treasurer, Eric Mattson, of Lac qui Parle Co., for Att'y General, M. Burlingame, of Steele Co., for Clerk of Supreme Court, Frank W. Kohn, of Le-Sueur Co. The nomination, so far as the head is concerned is a very strong one and if the republican party does not wish to suffer defeat this fall great care will have to be exercised in the selection of a candidate for Governor. It will not do to nominate a weak man and depend upon the prestige of the party for success as the alliance is composed of men who will vote for those whom they consider the best men. S. M. Owen is a life long republican, a man who believes as the farmers do in the tariff and other questions that affect their interests and these interests he as ably advocated through his paper, Farm Stock and Home, ever since it was established. He is an able man, in every way qualified for the position of Governor and he is a man who would no more be led about in the interest of corporations than is the farmer Governor of Wisconsin, W. D. Hoard. Had the alliance exercised the same good judgment in the selection of the balance of the ticket it would have been an exceptionally strong one.

For several years Wide Awake has from time to time given some beautiful stories of a highly fanciful nature from the pen of Miss Mary E. Wilkins; one of the best appears in the August number, entitled "The Princess Rosetta and the Pop-Corn Man," with seven illustrations by Garrett. Another charmingly fanciful story in the same number is by Susan Coolidge and is called "Three Little Candles." As a contrast come "The Hat of the Postmaster," another Nassau story by Mrs. Fremont, "Cy Hops's Victory," the story of a Canadian Indian boy at school, by H. C. Chipman, and Miss McLeod's Acadian tale, "The story of Bloody Creek." Perhaps one of the best things in the number is a short paper by Louise Stockton, "A Game of the Senses," in which she suggests the development possible to the senses through the using of them. The "helpful article" is by Mrs. Sallie Joy White, on "The Visiting Mender," though the small girl of the household may prefer "Home-made Furniture for Doll Houses" by Mrs. Shaleigh. There is a fascinating group of Lily articles: "The American Water Lily" by Grant Allen, "The Queen Lily" by Amanda B. Harris, and a poem, "Water Lilies," by Frances L. Mace. "The Last of the Wampanoags" by Pamela McArthur Cole, gives an account of a family directly descended from Massasoit, that lives in Lakeville, Mass., with the portrait of the Princess Teweelema." "The Confessions of an Amateur Photographer," by Alexander Black, relates to "Dark Deeds;" the photograph, "A Lake Party," by Prof. Newton, is very beautiful. A delightful illustrated literary paper is contributed by Mrs Frances A. Humphrey, entitled "Early Days of Lady Anne Lindsay," the author of "Auld Robin Gray." Mr. Ward's Serial, "The New Senior at Andover," which is attracting so much attention, is worthy the interest it excites; while the extravaganza. "The Quest of the Whipping-boy," is good "light reading." "Men and Things" as usual gives good original anecdotes and talks, and the "Margaret-Patty Letter" is worth the while of young people who are careless of grammer and spelling in conversation and letter writing. The Prize Anagram. "The Perplexities of a Crymangle," is translated in this number.

Wide Awake is $2,40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston, Mass.

Norman County Index: J. P. McGuire, Polk County's auditor, is mentioned for State auditor. He would be an exceedingly popular candidate in this vicinity.

The Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention, called to meet at the Court House on July 18th, convened at McKinnon Hall at 1 p. m. John Cromb was elected temporary chairman and H. E. Cooke, secretary. On motion, chair appointed as committee on credentials: Lewis Lohn, K. O. Gigstad, A. D. Stephens, Tim Sullivan and John Ellington.

On permanent organization, S. Dainerd, Frank Hunt and P. J. McGuire.

The committee on credentials found the following named gentlemen entitled to seats in the convention, viz:

Andover—E. P. Jorgenson, L. Davis.

Angus—W. L. Davies.

Black River—Carl H. Olson, O. L. Johnson.

Bransvold—Frank Vetleson, Knute Steenerson, Halvor Vetleson. (Frank Vetleson proxy to H. Vetleson.

Bray—Albert Wikstrom, Charles P. Swanstrom.

Bygland—Ole Isaacson, Ole Aslakson.

Columbia—Isaac Vestrem.

East Grand Forks City—C. A. Brown, T. J. McAdam.

Crookston—

1st Ward—H. E. Cooke, Fred Anderson, John Alderman, I. U. Jennings, (proxy for Geo. O. Buhn.)

2d Ward—E. C. Davis, S. L. Collins, William Marin.

3d Ward—L. D. Marshall, R. J. Montague.

4th Ward—P. J. McGuire, A. D. Stevens, Felix Fournet, Hans Larson, John Cromb.

5th Ward—E. D. Childs.

Crookston Tp.—J. E. Greenhalgh, Harry A. Wyand.

Euclid—H. C. Misner, J. S. Chapin.

Fairfax—M. E. Bartlett, John Sylvester.

Fanny—Wm. J. McWaters.

Fisher, village and town—Gunder Krostue, C. C. Knappen, James Bain, H. Lancaster, (proxy to G. Krostue.)

Garden—A. M. Oswald, Peter K. Ostgarden, H. B. Hogenson.

Garfield and Fertile village—Iver J. Ingebretson, Dr. H. Nelson, Andrew Opheim.

Gentilly—L. Berthiaume, N. Bruce.

Godfrey—T. G. Lee, T. A. Baken, H. Torgerson.

Hammond—W. S. Rathway.

Hubbard—John J. Ellington, (power to cast full vote.)

Huntsville—O. Osmundson, Tom Nesbit.

Hill River—John Petersen, P. Berg, H. O. Halvorson.

Keystone—David E. Geddis, David D. Geddis.

Kertsonville—C. T. Baarnas.

King—M. W. Jenson, Truman West, Ole Narveson.

Lambert—Lewis Buisvert.

Lake Pleasant—Adolph Riechel.

Nesbit—Jas. Gillmore, J. A. Bryson.

Numedahl—Peter J. Bugge.

Onstad—C. H. Holmes, Halvor Oarhuse.

Parnell—E. Philips.

Polk Centre—N. J. Highberg, (power to cast full vote.)

Red Lake Falls, village—Frank E. Hunt, John A. Thompson, W. A. Ralph, (proxy for John A. Duffy.)

Reis—W. J. Nickle, C. M. Ohl.

River Falls—K. O. Gigstad.

Roome—John Gilbert, J. J. Ide.

Rocksbury—Chris Larson, (with power to cast four votes.)

Rosebud and village of Fosston—Lewis Lohn, A. J. Anderson, A. Kaiser.

St Hilaire—H. E. Ives, S. M. Dainard.

Sletten—L. R. Fishback, (power to cast full vote.)

Sullivan—T. A. Sullivan, Michael Maguire.

Tynsid—Ole Larson, (power to cast full vote.

Tilden—T. J. Farden, (with proxy for A. A. Bakken.)

Vineland—Hans H. Berg, Chris. Steenerson.

Wyandott—Ole J. Johnson, S. Torgerson.

Queen—B. Chapman, Ira Jacobson.

Report of committee adopted and committee discharged. On motion A. N. Hixson was invited to represent the town of Lowell.

The committee on permanent organization recommended that the temporary organization be made permanent. Adopted.

A. D. Stephens moved that the convention proceed to elect eight delegates to the State convention at St. Paul, and proposed the names of P. J. McGuire, K. S. Aker, H. E. Ives, Henry Wight, Lewis Lohn, John Cromb, Dr. A. Nelson and Gunder Krostue. After a little skirmishing the motion to elect by acclamation prevailed. The following gentlemen were then elected delegates to the congressional convention at Little Falls Sept. 8th, viz: Frank Hunt, Felix Fournet, C. C. Knappen, A. D. Stephens, John Ellington, A. Kaiser, A. Gilmour and R. J. Montague.

Moved that the chair appoint a county central committee of seven. Carried.

On motion adjourned.

Political.

Glyndon News: S. M. Owens, edtor of Farm, Stck and Home, the semi-monthly farm Journal at Minneapolis, was yesterday nominated by the Alliance convention at St. Paul, for the governorship of Minnesota. This result is a compromise between the Donnelly faction and ther opponents in the Alliance; these opponents at times voted for Knute Nelson, President Hall of the tate alliance, on scattering. The choice of Owen is a discreet, non-sensational act, a happy soltion of a very perplexing problem which has confronted the alliance since the hour it set out upon the course of independent political action. The labor element in the convention may be credited largely with Owen's successful candidacy. The result bodes danger to the Republicans if they renominate Merriam; is of substantial encouragement to the Democrats, and will be recognized as almost the finger of Destiny to our party bidding it choose between Knute Nelson and the loss of the head of the ticket! With Merriam against Judge Wilson, for instance, and Owen in the fiele, The News prophesies a Democratic governor. Mr. Owens' name and record are an excellent basis for a campaign; it can be said with truth that he is a better and abler leader than Gov. Merriam. But it's a farewell to the reform legislature scheme.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

HAIL INSURANCE!

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND A RES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.	Simon Kjelhaug,	Fosston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "	W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. Boddy	Edna "	A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "	Otto F. Buse	St. Hilaire "
C. L. Lanmon	McIntosh "	K. Rollag,	Gossen "
Owen Nelson,	McIntosh "	W. G. Hunt,	King "
P. W. Johnson	Valley "	Walter Latta,	Buffington "

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

D. H. BATES,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

DOORS, WINDOWS, AND MOULDINGS

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

(FORMERLY THE DENNETT.)

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when need of anything in my line.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN. - - - MINN

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

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MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations. ☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIG OF THE BIG IJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

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THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee.

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On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and ounselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN APITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

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Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 24, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
6:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:20 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
10:55 "	Grand Forks	4:48 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
2:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m.	6:35 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

Silver Coinage.

The Western Rural.

Congress has been agitating itself over the question of free coinage of silver and the old army of silver opponents are making as big fools of themselves as they ever did. We recently noticed that a Chicago paper said that if silver was ever coined free it would soon take a handful of it to buy anything. Same old story; same old stupidity; same old lie. According to these financial mossbacks the present silver dollar was to cause irreparable disaster before this, but it has done nothing of the kind. Our silver money has shown a remarkable "vigor of constitution." It has been opposed by all the banks and Shylocks of the country and by the government itself. But it is still in the ring and acquitting itself with dignity. The opposition to the free coinage of silver is a part of the conspiracy against the masses that seeks to put into the hands of the few the circulating medium of the nation. Money is the means of exchange; it is meant for circulation and nothing else. But the banks and money-loaners and money grabbers generally insist upon making it solely an article of commerce and by reducing the supply enhance its value.

Gold and silver stand upon an equality in our circulation. One is just as good as the other for practical purposes. Then why should one be coined free and the other not? The only reason that can possibly be given is that gold is so scarce that even with free coinage it amounts to little in the way of enlarging our circulation. But that reason is not acceptable to the people who are suffering partly because there is little money in circulation. In fact it is no reason at all why silver should not be admitted to free coinage, but is a good reason why it should be. Senator Jones, of Nevada, closed a very powerful speech in favor of free coinage by properly predicting that the restoration of silver to its birthright will mark an epoch in the history of this Republic. It will place in circulation an amount of money commensurate with our increasing population. It will give assurance to our languishing industries that the volume of our circulating medium is not to continue shrinking, and that the tendency of prices shall no longer be downward. It will increase the wages of labor and the prices of the products of labor; it will reduce the price of bonds and other forms of money; it will lighten, but not inequitably, the burden of the mortgagors; it will increase largely, though not unjustly, the debtpaying and taxpaying power of the people. It will loosen the grip of the creditor from the neck of the debtor.

By the remonetization of silver, money will cease to be the object of commerce, and will again become its beneficent instrument. Activity will replace stagnation; movement will supplant inertia; courage will banish fear; confidence will dispel doubt; hope will supersede despair. The lifting up of silver to its rightful plane by the side of gold will set in motion all the latent energies of the people. It will banish involuntary idleness by putting every willing man to work. It will revive business and reanimate the heart and hope of the masses. Capital no longer fearing a fall in prices will turn into productive avenues. The hoards of money lying idle in the bank vaults will come out to bless and enrich alike their owners and the community at large; while the millions of dollars now invested at low interest in gilt-edged securities will seek more profitable investment in the busy field of industry where they will be utilized in the payment of wages and the consequent dissemination of comfort and happiness among the people. And this it will accomplish not for the United States alone, but for civilization.

Duluth and the Governor.

Duluth Daily Times.

The Republican state convintion will be held at St. Paul on the 24th inst. The choice of candidate for governor is one of the leading questions to be determined by that convention, and in this matter Duluth is vitally interested. The Times to-day presents a series of interviews on the gubernatorial question. They are the expressions of opinion of men of all shades of political faith, but they are singularly unanimous for a change. The feeling in Duluth that Gov. Merriam has not done as he should in relation to this city is a deep one. While many Duluth republicans, who feel bound to support the regular nominee of their party, would doubtless fall into line should Mr. Merriam be renominated, a large number of them feel no such allegiance, and what has always been the banner Republican county of the state is likely to change its vote this fall.

The Republican party of the state is confronted with a serious problem. The governor has secured a large following among the delegates, but his candidacy inspires no enthusiasm even among his friends. He is met at the outset with a determined opposition from two of the largest cities of the state; with the party disrupted by differences on national questions; with the strongest element of the party about to form a political party of its own, and put in nomination a complete state ticket.

Can the party afford to renominate Mr. Merriam? If it does, it hazards its chances for success and opens wide the door of opportunity to those who are opposed to its reign.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered In the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowntent plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — FREE LANDS

NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Forthern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. — LOW RATES

Hunting, Fishing. — Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. — Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. — In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raiser's paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.

Gold and Coal. — The regions tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now. — MILK RIVER.

Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance. — YOUNG MAN.

GREAT FALLS. — Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. — G. N. R. L.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block. Crookston, Minn

The Great Transcontinental Line.

THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST,——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points turoughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tour'sts.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent. St. Paul. Minn.
R. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston. Minn

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

D. D. WILLIAMS.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES NILSON AND Charlotta Nilson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of 17th day of July, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of southeast quarter of Section 24, Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) Range 45; also lot 4, in Section 19, and lots 1 and 2 in Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing one hundred and sixty-three and 99-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July, A D. 1886, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 213; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred twenty-six and 45-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston Minn.

W A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N, B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE,

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.	Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 "	Scythe and Snath 1.25
Milk ans at 50 cents.	Screen Doors at 1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.	Large stock of Mixed Paints.

Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication June 26th, 1890.)

WHEREAS, EDMOND LORANGER AND Rose A. Loranger, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 16th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 32, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1886, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 235; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, England, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred fifteen and 11-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CARL E. STEEL, AN UNMARRIED man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, his mortgage bearing date of June 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 8, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 167; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 08-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty and 08-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred seven and 08-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 2d day of August A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 14th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CHARLES DERUSHIA AND Mary D. Derushia, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of first day of April, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 389; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of eighty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of eighty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand two hundred ten and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to se-to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrator, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage o be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pusnant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[10-16] Crookston Minn..

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 12th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, FRANK KLUZAK AND MARY Kluzak, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of fourth day of June, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 419; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-six and 80-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand fourteen and 39-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 10th, A. D 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 26, 1890.]

WHEREAS, BOYD P. VAN GORDON AND Olive Van Gordon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 20th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 15, Township 149, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 277; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred eighty-five and 44-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
10-16] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDREW J. BOHLEEN, AND Eva Bohleen, his wife, as Mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as Mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said Mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of Section One (1), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range 44 West, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres, to secure the payment of Seventy-four and Seventy-five One-hundredths Dollars ($74.75) according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in nine (9) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said Mortgagors to said Mortgagee or order; which said mortgage was, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, at five o'clock and ten minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "41" of mortgages, on pages 495 to 498 inclusive.

And whereas, The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston' Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "53" of Mortgages, on pages 366 and 367.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Seven and Fifty One-hundredths ($7.50) Dollars, due as the second installment on said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still unpaid and due,

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said Mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable witeout notice to said Mortgagors or any other party

And whereas Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said Mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable.

And whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said Mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of Sixty-three and seventy-nine One-hundredths (63.79) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars ($25) attorneys' fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year, from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS,
partners as Steenerson & McManus,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [41-17]

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JULY 31, 1890. NO. 15.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	$4 50	$6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20.00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Duluth and Lake Superior of Europe.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

The farmers having returned to their respective homes confident that all has been done that can be accomplished by way of mending matters in state politics, had better get a little rest by observing what fate is doing for their amelioration abroad.

The extraordinarily mild winter of the arctic has sent afloat veritable detached ranges of ice glaciers, so massive and numerous, as to be able to resist the gulf currents far beyond the period when they usually melted. This has not only constituted a very dangerous feature of ocean navigation during the whole of the past season, but it has lowered the North Atlantic temperature to such an extent that the month of June in the British isles has proved as unpropitious for the crops as if it has been March.

So serious has the crop outlook become in the agricultural regions of England, that the highest church dignitaries have ordered a regular season of petition on the part of the church for the restoration of crops by divine interposition. It is to be hoped that the prayer for sunshine on the part of bishop and priest may be answered. Nevertheless, indication, point strongly to the contingency that the farmers of the sunlit vales and plains of Minnesota will be the gainers by the dense fogs and incessant rain storms that have prevailed in England all the spring and summer.

Another and more distant factor, but more potent in influence on the world's grain market, is the situation in the "Balkans" of Southeastern Europe. The enormous war indemnity due from Turkey to Russia, the legacy from the last Russian-Turkish war and guaranteed to her under the treaty of Berlin, in 1878, is due. The czar demands the "pound of flesh," which in this case means the money, or the surrender of Constantinople. Between Russia and Turkey on her southeastern border lies the Balkan peninsula. Under direction of Russia its prime minister demands a formal recognition from Turkey of Bulgaria's independence, which she can grant only at the certain risk of having the province of Macedonia do the same, and immediately see that province become part of Greece.

In the meanwhile the czar is having his navy of the Black Sea put in first class fighting trim, and well he may, for on Lake Superior of Eastern Europe will be fought some of the most savage battles of the war that is all but inevitable. And right here is where our interests come in.

The first result of the coming war will be the blockading of Odessa, the Duluth of Russian grain fields. The consequences on the European markets are instant and far reaching. From the present outlook across the Atlantic there is every reason for believing that the slowly melting icebergs of the Arctic and the probable explosion of European tinderbox in the Balkans will do vastly more for the "Farmers' alliance" than good farmer Owen at much less expense and worry to the farming community.

We take the following article from The Northwestern Farmer and Breeder: "The farmers went to the front in 1860 to put down the rebels; 72 per cent. of the rank and file of the army were farmers. When they were away putting down the Southern Confederacy, there was a confederacy of manufacturers and bankers forming in the north, that has ever since been trying to down those very farmers. Already two thirds of all they possessed has been taken from them, and the McKinley bill shows very plainly that the object is to relieve the granger of the remaining third."

Economy.

The Western Rural.

The charges of extravagance on the part of the farmer which are so frequently given, as the cause or his misfortunes, are no doubt well founded in many instances. In a letter from an esteemed friend of The Rural, the writer cites a case of reckless farm management upon the part of a young man, and of extravagance in the purchase of carriages, bonnets, etc., which is by no means an isolated case. The Rural desires it to be distinctly understood that it never for a moment thought that all the misfortune of the masses was attributed to a cause outside of themselves. The great question of the rights of labor involves a vast deal more than is usually touched upon in the discussion of the question. It is a generally admitted fact that outside conditions are not just to the producing classes, and there is so much to say upon that branch of the subject that perhaps other features do not receive the attention that should be given them. In the several industrial department of this journal, however, we have always earnestly endeavored to secure the adoption of intelligent and scientific methods that the cost of production might be cheapened. This is an important part of the question of how to restore prosperity to agriculture. But we have not to be told that there is much wast in our methods of farming, and that thousands are more extravagant than they should be. The abuse of animals, the purchase of machinery which they could get along without and not suffer much in consequence; the exposure of farm implements and machinery to the weather and consequently to destruction; loose methods generally, and the "keeping of too many hens which lay no eggs"—an expression which covers a multitude of errors in management—are the reverse of economy. It is a fact that many of our rich men are what the world calls mean and stingy. Did you ever stop to inquire why this is so? The reason is that in order to become rich they compelled themselves to suffer privation until it has become second nature with them. They saved while others spent; they walked while others rode; they lived on the plainest of food while others lived on the best.

Men accumulate fortunes because the masses are extravagant. There would not be a rich brewer in Chicago to-day, if men did not stand at the bar, and spend their money freely. It is the man who fills himself full to overflowing with beer who makes the brewers rich. He builds palaces for them while perhaps he lives in a hut; he furnishes them with elegant equipages, while he trudges along on foot; he clothes them with the finest fabrics while he wears the cheapest of material and perhaps wears rags. The man who spends twenty-five cents a day for drink wastes enough in a year to buy as fine a suit of clothes as any man in America wears. It amounts to pretty nearly a hundred dollars per anum, and it is the twenty-five cent pieces going over the bar that make millionaire brewers. We frequently say that prosperous farmers make a prosperous nation, and we say it because prosperity enables the farmer to buy all he wants and much more than he needs. It is our duty to be economical and close in the management of our business, and there are few of us who cannot find by investigation of our methods places where we could save many dollars.

But having admitted all this, and urged economy upon the part of the people, the fact nevertheless remains that the farmer is the under dog in the present fierce conflict between classes and classes and interest and interest. As we have repeatedly said the farmer cannot grow oats for fifteen cents a bushel or corn at ten, twelve and fourteen cents a bushel; he cannot produce beef at the prices which have been prevailing for a few years. It matters not what the cause of low prices is, he simply cannot produce these things at such prices. It is certainly not his fault that prices are low, unless we allow the claim that there is great overproduction, and that is not the kind of fault that is attributed to him when he is charged with fault. There is no sort of economy that meets a condition of things which causes the farmer to lose upon nearly all he produces. He cannot possibly lower the cost of production that will enable him to produce profitably while the general market is as it has been. Now are there any outside conditions that might be changed, without injustice to others, in the interest of the farmer? How about the railroad? There is not a railroad of prominence in the West that is not making money? There is not a single line that has not been making big money for the last decade and longer. Even the roads that have been driven into bankruptcy—without a single exception—have made fortunes for somebody, and they are thrown into the hands of a receiver simply because indirectly that course would be the most profitable to those who had control of their management. To use an old idea that we have frequently advanced, is there the slightest reason why a railroad should be permitted to earn ten per cent dividends upon its stock when the larger part of the money comes from farmers who are not making a red cent upon the most that they produce? Now there is a clear cut sense of justice among the American people and to such a people we appeal for an answer to the question: What is the sacredness about railroad capital that should entitle it to the right to assess our present comparatively unprofitable farm capital in order to earn splendid dividends to itself.

Then comes the old matter of watered stock for consideration. All these roads are loaded down with watered stock. They have found that their earnings were sufficient to pay such dividends upon their stock that it would never answer to let the people know that they were earning so much and hence have issued watered stock to absorb these dividends, or perhaps they have been forced to do so because the law—is with the case of the New York Central—does not allow them to pay but so much for maxmum dividends. The money for this stock has gone into the pockets of a few, and the farmer must pay dividends upon the stock. Appealing again to the American sense of fairness, is there anything fair about this? What can the farmer do in the way of economy to meet such an injustice anyhow? And what have his habits of management to do with an outside injustice anyhow? It makes no difference what a man does, it gives another no right to rob him. He may do an injustice to himself or even to society, but society has no right to encourage an injustice upon him.

Affects the Farmer.

The Tariff Bill as It Appears to the Chicago Tribune.

It is not likely that England will change the policy of many years standing and re-enact the corn laws, but it is in the power of the government to hamper greatly by unfriendly legislation the importation of Amerian meat products. The continental states are all wedded to the protective policy, and it will involve no change of front on their part if they shut down utterly on the products of this country. It is true that there has been for some years next to no market for American meats on the continent. A regard for the farmers of the West would dictate that a policy be pursued which would open the market, not close it beyond hope. But with breadstuffs it is different. In 1887 the farmers shipped abroad $90,000,000 worth of wheat. Of this $33,000,000 worth went to England and $84,000,000 worth to the continent—to Belgium, France, Germany, Spain, Italy and the Netherlands. Will the McKinley bill be much of a boom for the Western farmer, if at one blow it deprives him of a market for $30,000,000 worth of surplus wheat? What good will cheap sugar be to him if he have no money to buy it with?

The total value of American exports in 1888 was $683,000,000. Of this $221,000,000 consisted of cotton. That left $462,000,000, of which $257,000,000, or more than half, was made up of the four items of breadstuffs, animals, meat products, with butter and cheese and tobacco. Therefore, if a commercial war comes it will be the farmers chiefly of the West who will have to stand the brunt of it. Judging from the tenor of the speeches at their meetings they are not prepared for it and in no mood for it. They are complaining of their poverty. They will hardly relish a scheme to make them poorer. They say they have not markets enough. They will not fancy being deprived of some of those still left them.

Whether the McKinley bill was or was not meant by its authors for the good of the farmer, Mr. Blaine, who is now in a position where he hears quicker than any one else the sentiment of the political and commercial world beyond the seas, perceives that if the bill were to pass it would not benefit the Western farmer, but the ryot of India, the peasant of Russia and Hungary, and the cattle growers of the broad plains of the Argentine Republic. Having strong American feelings, he prefers that what is done be done for the good of his fellow citizens, and not for their injury and the profit of foreigners.

The building up of two Chinese walls is a game that two can play at. No matter how high Maj. McKinley may rear his, the powers of Europe can build still higher. This wall building may amuse the architects, but where does it leave the American farmer? If he knows his interests he will side with Mr. Blaine.

Chronic Violation of Law.

The Western Rural.

The railroad monopoly is a great corporate, unconverted, criminal and practical anarchist. It lives in almost constant defiance of law, and violates law as deliberately as a thirsty man takes a drink of water. There is enough crime against the laws committed by the railroad management of the country, which if reasonably distributed would fill all the penitentiaries in the world chuck full, if it were punished as it deserves. The study of railroad management is how to get round the law and rob the people. The gentlemen who are paid ten thousand, fifteen thousand and twenty-five thousand dollars a year to be presidents, are paid to do this kind of work. Recently all these gentlemen met in Chicago, and for what? To adopt some plan by which the law could be violated with impunity. That is the explanation in a nutshell. About the first thing these corporate anarchists say about a law is that it is utterly impractical to obey it. Judge Cooley, the chairman of the Inter-State Railroad Commission, batted some of these gentlemen soundly over the head recently upon this feature of railroad anarchy. He said to them in effect, that the law was made for their guidance and they must obey it.

There is a whole volume of truth in those few lines and the castigation that is given is decidedly refreshing. It is a very bad, unruly, headstrong and wayward boy you have hold of, Mr. Cooley. Spank him again, and keep on doing it until the idea begins to creep through his brain that a rascal as a manager of a railroad is just as much a rascal as the man who gets a smaller salary. The railroad must be taught that it is just as answerable to law and justice as the private individual is and if there is no other way to teach it, wring its neck until it cracks.

State Fair Notes.

September 8th to 13th Inclusive.

There is a general waking up all over Minnesota this year regarding her state fair. Farmers are taking an interest in it because the management is taking an interest in them and their interests. It is to be an agricultural fair, and, of course, agriculturists will not be so conspicuous for their absence as they were for the last two years.

The cattle barns will be full; all breeds will be well represented, and for the first time in the history of the fair a fine herd of Duch Belt cattle will be exhibited, a rare curiosity to many.

The horse exhibits will be of unusual size and attractiveness.

There will be the grandest display of sheep ever seen in Minnesota.

The hog delegation will be without a parallel for size and variety.

Expert judges are secured for all kinds of stock, and awards will be promply made, and with the minimum of trouble and annoyance to exhibitors.

"Dock," the celebrated trotting dog, will be a great attraction. He trots against horses, bicycle riders, etc., and makes lots of fun.

One of the most thrilling scenes ever witnessed on a fair ground is the chariot races of Mr. and Mrs. McDonaly, each driving four magnificent horses. These races will be a daily feature.

L. H. Wilcox, aided by able assistants, is working hard to make the bee and honey exhibits a great feature of the fair. Honey making and bee handling in plain sight!

In its new and larger quarters the dairy exhibit will be something to remember for a life time, and will furnish many instructive lessons in butter and cheese making.

W. A. Gates, manager of the poultry department is delighted with the better quarters assigned to his pet birds, and proposes to make the poultry exhibit surpass all former ones.

The high-class farmer's institutes under the management of Supt. Gregg, to be held in the fine and comfortably seated Art Hall will be interesting, instructive and restful adjuncts to the fair.

The state press is doing patriotic and effective work for the great fair.

Theo. Louis, editor of F. S. & H.'s swine department, and agreebly known to thousands of Minnesotians, will judge the hog, and will be glad to "talk hog" with multitudes of his friends.

Railroad fares will be half price.

Cost of entertainment of man and beast will be made low as possible.

The horticultural department proposes to out-do itself this year, which assures a magnificent exhibit.

It is believed that an opportunity will be offered at this fair to see the largest crowds of people ever assembled in the state.

Space forbids our saying more in this issue but "the half has not been told." Other announcements will be made hereafter.

It Looks Like Business.

St. Paul
Largest & Most Complete Stock of
Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware,
Spectacles Etc. Etc.
All Work Warranted, and
Perfect Satisfaction
Guarranteed.
At Bottom Prices.

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER......Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE......Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD......Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance)......Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER......Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE......Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD......Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE......Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE......Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG......Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY......Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP......Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN......Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY......Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL......Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

Free Rides.

The Western Rural.

An officer in one of our Chicago courts a few days ago was endeavoring to find free transportation to an Eastern point. He said that he did not know how to obtain it. If some railroad had a case before the court in which he was an officer, he said there would not be the slightest trouble in getting transportation. "They are always very mellow," he said, "when they have a case in court." This is precisely what The Rural has always declared was the character of this free pass business. The roads never act from charitable motives. If they give anything they get something in return or expect to, if conditions should require it. Yet legislators and other officials whose pockets are bulging with free transportation have the hardihood to declare that the giving or acceptance of a free pass means nothing. It means that the railroad believes that for this insignificant favor it will stand a pretty good chance of securing the influence of the official, if it should ever stand in need of such influence. The roads believe that at least in the majority of cases the official can be bribed and bribed mighty cheaply. We do not pretend to say that every official who accepts a pass is bribed or can be bribed. But that is the intention in this free transportation business and every public officer ought to be free from the slightest taint of suspicion.

Killing the Goose.

The Western Rural.

The Western Rural for years has warned this magnificent nation against doing or permitting any injustice to agriculture—the goose that lays the nation's golden egg. Every wrong that is inflicted upon this foundation industry points not to prosperity but to ultimate national adversity and indeed to national ruin. The Free Methodist sends an excellent article upon the subject. Among other things it contains are some valuable statistics. It says that according to the last census of the United States, the number of persons engaged in farming was 7,670,493. This cannot include the wives and children of farmers, though they do a good share of the farm work, for the whole number of farms in the United States was 4,008,907. So that less than two persons for a farm was returned as the number of persons engaged in agriculture. The value of the farms was $10,197,096,776. The value of farming implements and machinery was $406,520,055. The value of the live stock on the farms was $1,500,464,609. The cost of fertilizers purchased for one year was $28,586,397. This makes the total of capital invested in farming in the year 1879, $12,132,667,837. The estimated gross value of all farm productions for that year was $2,213,402,564. This includes all that was sold, all that was consumed on the farm and all that was on hand.

The gross product for the labor of each person engaged in farming was $288.56 for the year—two hundred eighty-eight dollars, fifty-six cents! This does not, as we understand it, include their board, nor the cost of seeds sown and planted, nor the interest on the capital. But the interest alone on the capital invested in farming, amounts at six per cent to $94.90 for each person. Deduct this and we have $193.66 as the gross product of the labor of each person engaged in farming! This amounts to not quite sixty-two cents a day! Out of this is to come the board and clothing! Is it any wonder that farming does not pay?

The number of persons engaged in manufactures in the United States for the same year was, males above sixteen years, 2,019,035. Females above fifteen years, 531,639; children and youth 181,921. This makes a total of 2,732,595. The capital invested was $2,790,272,606. The gross product of the manufactories was $5,369,579,191. From this deduct the value of the matirial used, $3,396,823,549. This gives a net product of the manufactories, of $1,972,755,642 for one year. This is, for each man, woman and child engaged in manufacturing, the sum of $721.93 as the product of his or her labor. Deduct the interest on the capital invested, which amounts for each person to $61.26, and we have as the net product of the labor of each person engaged in manufactures, for the year, $660.67. This amounts to $2.11 a day.

These statistics we presume are correct, and if the condition of affairs which they represent does not awaken farmers to the necessity of coming boldly to the front and standing together for their own rights, we do not know what will do it. Among the remedies which our contemporary suggests is to enact such stringent laws against trusts as will make their formation impossible. That is good and just what The Rural advocates, and what we shall yet do. We are getting there.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 31, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat, No. 1 Hard, 81 cents.

Max Ericsson has two elegant suites of rooms to rent.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Walsh went to St. Paul last week.

Wheat will bring a good price this fall if we get any.

Reports of some damage to wheat came in on Tuesday.

Henry Peterson came down from Fosston on Tuesday's train.

Mrs. P. J. McGuire returned from a visit below on Sunday morning.

The boys report a grand time on the excursion to Grand Forks Monday.

Mrs. A. D. Stephens went to join her husband in St. Paul for the week, last wednesday.

D. F. Jennings of Omaha, arrived on Tuesday evening on a visit to his cousin, I. U. Jennings.

P. C. Schmidt went down to St. Paul last week to take a hand in the conventional proceedings.

Some of the sewer pipe has arrived and the work of excavation on Main St. is progressing rapidly.

Tom Morris commenced to move into the new store on Tuesday. He will have the boss location.

W.H. Averill, of Fosston was in the city this week. He took in the base ball game on Monday.

Miss Eunie Copeland returns this week from a visit to St. Paul. Miss Edith will go this week or next.

Lightning played hob with the incandescent system. Many of the burners failed to work Monday night.

E. E. Lommen returned on Tuesday morning from Decorah, Iowa, where he went to attend the funeral of his mother.

The game between the Phats and Leans to-day on the ball grounds will be an exciting event. Be there at 2 p. m.

August Wentzel informs THE JOURNAL that his business is excellent this summer. His hotel is full to overflowing all the time.

Mrs. F. L. Durand entertained a number of her lady friends very pleasantly at a six o'clock tea on Tuesday afternoon.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

M. C. Malone was on the streets Tuesday morning offering 85 cents for No. 1 Hard wheat. Says he will pay 95 for September wheat.

Call in and see how slick Fred Durand looks in his new drug store. Fred says the leans can wallop the phats all over the diamond field.

Crookston may not be having a regular boom, but it is certain that the character of the buildings now being erected are of a more permanent nature than ever before.

Tom Morris is a good catcher. If his hands prove too small he gets there just the same even though it be all in his eye. Monday night. Ball ground. Hot fly. Eye. Fresh beef. Curtain.

City clerk Carruth and wife, and W. C. Kelso and sister returned on Saturday from a trip to the Red Lake Country. W. C. informs our reporter that the trip, though rough, was very enjoyable.

Tim Donovan goes east for goods for Fontaine & Anglim. He will go, or return, via the great lakes so as to mix a little pleasure with the business. They will lay in an immense stock for the fall trade.

The Bulletin says that Hugh Thompson will go on a trip to the great lakes about Aug. 5th, and will return home about the 25th. His many friends will rejoice at this and trust that his recovery is permanent.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

There seems to have been an unusual number of hail storms in Minnesota this year. Many who were not insured are now regretting that they neglected this important duty. There is yet time to cover much wheat.

Sunday was a scorcher. Many farmers were apprehensive that very much of such weather would settle the wheat question in the wrong way. This is the critical period for wheat and the next ten days decides whether we get any wheat or not.

On Sunday evening about 9 o'clock the fire bell rang out its wild alarm, startling our citizens from their peaceful abodes or the sanctuary as the case might be. The alarm was caused by the knocking down of three lamps at the M. E. church. A children's concert was in progress and a young Miss, carrying a banner, knocked a lamp to the floor. Frightened at the catastrophe she fled along the aisle to the door, and while passing under the chandelier the flag staff knocked out two lamps which greatly added to the panic. A few level-headed persons went to work to extinguish the blazes and succeeded in doing so before any material damage was done. When the department reached the edifice the fun was all over and the excitement dying out. Several of our good citizens indulged in a large-sized untamed fright however.

Robert Street begins to hum right lively. See our new ads in this issue.

Oh, no, that aint Sullivan. It is only Tom Morris on deck for business at the new stand.

Mrs. Barber and daughter who have been visiting with Mrs. F. L. Durand, return to their home in Wisconsin, next week.

Geo. E. Squires and son, St. Paul, and Mrs. K. Knudson and daughter of Fargo are visiting with the family of E. D. Childs in the fifth ward.

A carload of unglazed hemp twine now ready for delivery at Carman. Fully guaranteed.

E. D. CHILDS & Co.

On Monday our base ball club, accompanied by a goodly crowd, went over to Grand Forks via the N. P. R. R. to cross bats with the G. F. club. They crossed, and the home team lost the game by a score of 6 to 18.

E. D. Childs?—You need not be scared about wheat. The damage is small as yet, while we may have some shrunken kernels and not as many kernels on the head as usual, yet wheat is all right. I have examined many fields.

Lawrence, Mass., has had a regular cyclone which destroyed much property and killed eight people. Heretofore our good Massachusetts brethren have been advising their people not to come to Minnesota on account of cyclones and sich. What will they say now?

During the storm on Monday lightning struck the chimney on J. B. Roome's residence, in the town of Roome. Nobody hurt, but Mr. Roome, who was getting ready to come to town, was somewhat shook up and complained that his head felt "kind o' queer all the afternoon."

Fred Durand:—"You may say that we are here by a large majority—on deck with both feet, though the lightning flashed and the thunder rolled, we were not phazed a hair's breadth. You may tell everybody to call and see us at the new stand—one door west of Uncle Sam's P. O. D."

Mayor McKinnon and wife went to St. Paul last week. The mayor was down to see about building material for the new block and incidentally dropped into the convention to see what the prospects were for building material for the hopes of the democratic party. Judging from the size of the smile that spread over his benign (7 be 9) countenance after the nomination of Merriam, we judge that he found lots of material.

What did you say? "Andy Stephens can't speak in meetin'?" Well, you just ought to have seen him mount his sorrel-headed Pegasus and charge the cohorts in that convention last week. Everybody just craned his neck to see him and hundreds asked "who's that? Didn't know they had so much bottled eloquence in that neck of the woods!" Andy was presenting the name of McGuire for auditor, and he did it splendidly.

Mr. Frank Bivins built a bridge last week and then fell off of it. Whether he did this as a test or only for fun he does not say, but from his present appearance we should say there was no fun in it. He took a drop of 17 feet which was just one drop too much and came near wrecking his anatomy. Though not a third party prohibitionist he is a strictly temperance man and says that henceforth he will never take another drop—not if he can help it.

County Central Committee.

Pursuant to the Republican County Convention held at Crookston on July 18th, 1890, I hereby appoint the following as the county central committee:

A. D. Stephens, chairman, Crookston.
E. M. Hoff, St. Hilaire.
A. Kaiser, Fosston.
Dr. A. Nelson, Fertile.
Hugh Thompson, Fisher.
Robert Coulter, Mallory.
A. A. Miller, Crookston.

JOHN CROMB,
Chairman Republican Convention.

Beltrami Pointers.

A. R. Holston in the Prohib-Alliance Convention is said to have remarked "I am prohibitionist in my heart".—Journal, July 24th.

From what we can learn of the man we should advise him to inform his stomach of the fact.

D. E. Fulton has accepted a position with Ford & Payne of Minneapolis and will have charge of their store in Westport, Minn. We join his many friends here in wishing him success in his new undertaking.

O. E. Forde Jr. started this evening for Minneappolis on a visit to his parents and before his return will buy a new stock of goods.

The latest conundrum here is "Why is the sorrel pony named Jane like La Fave."

If you wish to see some fine bronchos call on K. O. Flakne.

It seems sad to think that you will find the densest ignorance in a community among a board of school officers.

We are all pleased with the nomination of P. J. McGuire for state auditor if he gets as many votes in every township in the state as he will in Reis he will be elected by an overwhelming majority.

Hip, hip, hurrah for McGuire!

EDNA.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

LETTER FROM THE BLACK HILLS.

HOT SPRINGS, June 15, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—As I promised to give you a pen picture of my trip, I will now endeavor to do so to the best of my ability. We started from Pierre on the 9th day of June, 1890. Our company was a jolly one, composed of mixed nationalities, mostly Norwegians, and from all parts of the country. There were nine of us in two conveyances. We traveled through some very fine country and some that was not so fine, but I must say that I found it much better than I expected. The reservation is much like the rest of Dakota, mostly open prairie, but more broken with ravines or small creeks, many of which have springs of water in them, and along the creeks more or less timber is found. In some places there would be from six to ten acres of timber on a quarter section, enough to furnish building material and fire wood for a lifetime. The timber is mostly cottonwood, elm, ash and cedar, cottonwood and cedar predominating.

This country furnishes an abundance of proof of Noah's flood, or of another one just as great. I went out on an exploring expedition from Cheyenne City and on the top of some of the highest hills, many of them 800 feet above the valley below, I found pieces of petrified fish and sea shells. I think this part of the world must have had a thorough shaking up at some period in its history, as the hills are all standing up edgeways. After looking over the country in the neighborhood of Cheyene, and the boys deciding not to locate there, we returned to Pierre by another route. On arriving there we replenished our "grub stake" and started for the Black Hills. On this trip we saw much fine farming and grazing land. About the head of Bad River and some of its branches the country is very fine, the soil rich and an abundance of good water. We struck no settlement until we crossed the Cheyene River, on the old Pierre and Deadwood road, except a few ranches, owned by Frenchmen. After crossing the above named river, we come into a settlement that has been developing for the past eight years and reaching a distance of 65 or 70 miles. The farming in this settlement is mixed, the farms are nearly all fenced and the stock runs at large. The farmers show some indications of hard times and some of the farms are abandoned, but most of them are occupied by thrifty farmers, who seem to be getting along very nicely, and there is no reason why they should not. There is a good market here for all kinds of farm products at good prices. Butter is worth from 15 to 25 cents, eggs are worth 15 cents. This is by far the best farming country in Dakota. There are flour mills in every town in the Hills, and some of them have two, all run by water power. Rapid City is the largest city in the Hills, or at least it appears so to me. There are a number of other small towns. Fort Mead is a charming little place, beautifully located, and as it is a government post it is nicely laid out and has every convenience for the comfort of the soldiers. Deadwood is not by any means a pretty place, but it is the brains and energy of the Hills country; every railroad is heading for that dirty town. We did not visit the Homstake mines as our time was limited.

We returned to Rapid City, and after resting a few days, started out again, following the Fremont, Elkhorn & M. V. R. R. south of Buffalo Gap. We were not so favorably impressed with this country, and from Buffalo Gap we proceeded westward ten miles where we are now located, and will be for some time to come. We are in camp on the Fall River, about four miles from the hot springs. It is a beautiful place and the scenery is grand, surpassing anything I have ever before seen. The river is not large but it has some very nice falls over rocks and bottoms, and the cliffs are almost perpendicular, and crowned with pine and cedar. Some fine specimens of petrified moss are to be found hereabouts. I suppose I am more struck with the beauty of this place than people would be who have been used to such scenery, but it has been so long since I have seen anything like it, I can appreciate it.

Buffalo Gap, on the Fremont, Elkhorn & Missouri Valley R. R. is located in the Beaver Creek Valley, two and one-half miles southwest of the Gap, the natural gateway to the Hills country. The town is bounded on the northeast, south and southwest by as good an agricultural country as can be found anywhere, which fact is substantiated by the abundant crops that reward the efforts of the farmers in this favored section of country. Lying contiguous to the mountain range, which is covered by dense forests of pine timber, the acknowledged regulator of the rainfall, the soil never lacks for the necessary moisture that insures good crops, while the numerous springs of crystal water emanating from the Hills, furnish nature's beverage in inexhaustible quantities. The country is being rapidly settled and the time is not far distant when every foot of the farm land in this vicinity will have been subdued by the energetic farmer. There are many choice tracts yet to be had under the homestead, pre-emption and timber culture acts, but delays are dangerous. The rapid rate at which settlers are coming in demonstrates that the home-seeker who procrastinates must ere long go farther west. The immense stone quarries that have gained for Buffalo Gap the appellation of the Stone City, must be seen to be appreciated. The works of the Dakota Quarry and Mining Company are situated two miles from the depot. Their quarry consists of the finest brown building stone in quantity inexhaustible, and of a formation that will furnish single blocks that will constitute a carload. The Elm Creek variegated quarry is a few miles farther south, and consists, as its name implies, of a quality of building stone in which all the resplendent hues of the rainbow are reproduced and is unexcelled for artistic building. The product of the Odell quarries is a clear white, and a grey stone, capable of fine polish, and is also a magnificent building material. In addition to the rock interests, traces of gold, silver and tin have been found near here and will undoubtedly be developed in paying quantities. Immense ledges of fine marble are to be found within a few miles from here. The Hot Springs branch of the F., E. & M. V. R. R., now being built, and which will be in operation by the first of September, will tap these quarries and furnish an outlet for that industry.

In point of healthfulness this section is unsurpassed, the altitude being 3,200 feet above sea level, which insures immunity from malarial diseases; it is, in fact, a paradise of health. The winters are mild; stock of all kinds feed all winter on the naturally cured grasses and are in good condition in the spring. All branches of the trades and professions are represented and all the business men in the mercantile line are prospering. We have, at present, one bank, one flouring mill of twenty-five barrels capacity, two general stores, two grocery and provision stores, two drug stores, two hardware and implement stores, two first-class hotels, two restaurants, two blacksmith shops, one shoe store, one lumber yard, one clothing store, one barber shop, two temperance halls, four land and loan offices, two physicians, three attorneys, one newspaper, three churches, Congregational, Methodist and Episcopal, with resident pastors, and good schools nine months in the year.

A. SIMPSON.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's. New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Of the Merchants' National Bank at Crookston, in the State of Minnesota, at the close of business, July 18th, 1890.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$109,698. 60
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	306.59
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	19,000. 00
Stocks, securities judgments claims etc.	6,822. 91
Due from approved reserve agents	8,712. 84
Due from State banks and bankers	771. 49
Banking house furniture and fixtures	20,000 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned	24,808 79
Current expenses and taxes paid	3,802 87
Premiums on U. S. bonds	3,100 00
Checks and other cash items	24 12
Bills of other banks	159 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	45 18
Specie	4,080 60
Legal-tender notes	1,200 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	1,495 00
Total	$203,585 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 75,000 00
Surplus fund	2,500 00
Undivided profits	5,374 12
National bank notes outstanding	17,100 00
Individual deposits subject to check	55,387 85
Demand certificates of deposit	43,224 22
Bills payable	5,000 00
Total	$203,585 69

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk,

I, W. C. Kelso, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. C. KELSO, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of July, 1890.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
Notary Public, Polk County, Minn.

Correct—Attest:
(SEAL.) JOHN CROMB, A. E. FLANDERS, JOSEPH KELSO, } Directors.

Northwestern Miller: I. E. Baker, head miller of the La Grange mill at Red Wing, came up here Saturday and spent the day. His mill is running full time and has all the orders for flour that it can fill. Mr. Baker has been advised that his family is in a fair way of soon coming into possession of a large fortune reverting from his paternal grandfather. The latter's name was Seigler, and his estate is said by the New York World to amount to $3,000,000. This is in the shape of bank stock and real estate in the heart of Philadelphia. It seems that until recently the record of the line of family descent was incomplete, from the lack of a bible of Mrs. Elizabeth Baker, the deceased grandmother of Mr. Baker, but this has now been found, and no further trouble is anticipated in establishing the right of the Baker family to the estate. There were three children in the family of Elizabeth Baker, one of whom was the father of Head Miller Baker, now dead. This would bring one-third of the estate to Mr. Baker and his brothers and sisters, of whom there are ten. J. K. Baker, a millowner of Bath, N. Y., is one of the number, and it is through his efforts that the case has been worked up. The numerous friends of "Ike" Baker will be much pleased to hear of his fine prospects.

Great Remnant Sale!

REMNANTS. REMNANTS.

Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

For Sale Cheap.

1 No. 8 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Osborne Binder Sickles.
8 14-inch Walking Plows.
1 Tank Pump.
1 No. 11 Osborne Steel Binder.
1 steel frame Minneapolis Binder.
2 Buggies.
1 12-horse Giant Engine.
1 13-horse Russell Engine. (New.)
2 good Work Horses, weight 1,300.
2 good Work Mares, weight 1,300.
1 Fine Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

I want one good driving horse, weight not less than 1,100 lbs.

Want a good tenant for a fine farm now in crop.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
The Loan Agent.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.90
North Star	2 65
Fife	2 40
Skip Jack	1 75

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Sohler & Co. is on this 9th day of July dissolved by mutual consent. All outstanding accounts must be settled by cash or note before August 10th, 1890, or suit will follow.

Dated at Fertile, July 9th, 1890.

X. SOHLER.
[13-15] OTTO KANKEL.

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl, Crookston, Minn. [14-tf]

ON DECK!

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.

CALL AND SEE US.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Hogs handled and meats cured and smoked all through the summer months at reasonable rates. Also parties having hogs to sell can find a purchaser by applying at the packing house until August 1st.

[4-15] ROBERT STANTON.

Wanted At Once.

A good man for farm work. Call at this office.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and ounselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal,
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIG OF THE BIG IJUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

CARLETON COLLEGE,
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SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

The Republican Ticket.

For Governor,
W. R. Merriam, of Ramsey County.
For Lieut. Governor,
Gideon S. Ives, of Nicollet County.
For Secretary of State,
Fred P. Brown, of Faribault Co.
For Auditor,
Peter J. McGuire, of Polk County.
For Treasurer,
Joseph Bobleter, of Brown County.
For Attorney General,
Moses E. Clapp, of Otter Tail County.
For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
Chas. P. Holcombe, of Washington Co.

The above ticket is the result of the Republican State Convention held in St. Paul on Thursday, July 24th. It contains four new names; G. S. Ives, F. P. Brown, P. J. McGuire and C. P. Holcombe. Mr. Ives is one of the most prominent Republican politicians in the State and if elected to preside over the body he has so long been an efficient member of will be a credit to the position and to the State. F. P. Brown is an entirely new man, little known outside of his bailiwick but is said to be a good man, well qualified for the position for which he has been selected by his party. P. J. McGuire is one of the foremost of Polk County's prominent young men. He has been for ten years auditor of this county and W. W. Braden, the State Auditor, says Mac is the best county auditor in the State. He will go out of Polk County with a bigger vote than any other man on the ticket and THE JOURNAL would like to see him elected. The candidate for Clerk of the Supreme Court we do not know, but he is said to be in every way fitted for the position. Some seemed to think the present incumbent J. P. Jones should have been elected on the grounds that he has had but one term but as the length of the term for Clerk of Court is double that of any other office we can't see the validity of that argument providing the other man is as well qualified. The Attorney General, Moses E. Clapp is one of nature's noble men—a man of the people, and if he could have the right kind of backing he could and would bring the railroads to terms right lively. Mr. Clapp did all in his power to lead the party into the right course for the campaign, urging the necessity for the selection of strong, popular men as leaders and should it be defeated he will have the consciousness of having done what he could to prevent it.

Hon. S. G. Comstock has introduced a bill to authorize the secretary of agriculture to establish a uniform grade for all kinds of grain bought, handled, transferred or shipped from one state or territory to another, or to foreign countries.

The Great West gives the Farmers' convention a scathing write up in its issue of July 25th. This state of things only confirms the position of THE JOURNAL that the time for independent action is not ripe. Mr. Donnelly, the father of the alliance in Minnesota, the strongest, the truest friend it has, was sacrificed to blind prejudice and partizan hate, which could never have happened in a body of men so fully and thoroughly drilled as to be able to be and act in perfect harmony on the main question. THE JOURNAL has held the position that the importance of the movement and the raw condition of the troops offered a golden opportunity for the fine Italian hand of the demagogue to get in its work, and this has proven true almost to the tearing asunder of the alliance as a party. Old party office-seekers, who failed to capture the plums they sought, rushed in; demagogues, who saw the opportunity of a lifetime, caught on; all these recognizing that their schemes would be fruitless under the eagle eye of the great head of the alliance, at once and with one accord began the attempt to "down Donnelly." And that became the watchword and the main idea. Corporate power that for the last 25 years has been engaged in the same laudable effort, saw its opportunity and contributed money and brains. That the effort attained as much of success as it did, is due wholly to the new recruits who were novices in this fight, who had not drilled with the Old Guards long enough to be thoroughly posted. All such were naturally meat for the ravenous wolves, sheep for the vultures to pluck. One great trouble was lack of confidence in Donnelly, which trouble would not have existed had the troops been ready for the fray. Mr. Donnelly, whose long experience in the work gave him a far better opportunity for knowing all about it than the raw recruits could have, saw the dangers of the situation and urged moderation on the independent idea, urged the alliance to pursue a course that would insure success. This did not suit the schemers, so fearing lest Mr. Donnelly should win, they called in the labor element to aid in downing Donnelly, thus dividing the alliance against itself. Had the alliance followed the course originally mapped out, success could have easily been secured, and so far as legislation could have cured the evils the farmers have to endure, they could have accomplished it. By taking independent political action before they were fully organized they took the only method by which defeat might be accomplished.

Battle Lake Review:—Rev. I. Tharaldson and family, of Chippewa Falls Wis., were in our village and called upon their friends here the first of the week. They are visiting Mrs. Tharaldson's parents, in Fergus Falls.

HAIL INSURANCE!

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND ACRES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.	Simon Kjelhaug,	Fosston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "	W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. Boddy	Edna "	A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "	Otto F. Buse	St. Hilaire "
C. L. Lanmon	McIntosh "	K. Rollag,	Gossen "
Owen Nelson,	McIntosh "	W. G. Hunt,	King "
P. W. Johnson	Valley "	Walter Latta,	Buffington "

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

This is not the year to depend on party prestige—men and principles are wanted, and the men who will do what the farmers need, and the principles they represent, will be the men the average farmer will vote for. It is true that the alliance party made some bad mistakes, mistakes that have rendered the accomplishment of their object doubtful for the present campaign as they tend to alienate many farmer votes from the alliance ticket, but these same votes are by no means sure for one party or another—they are liabble to go for the best men regardless of party lines. This campaign calls for an entirely new method, and the party which first recognizes and adopts this method will be the winner. The votes are with the farmers to use for the advancement of the best interests of the country, and those men only who represent those interests are entitled to them, and those alone will get them.

Was It a Put Up Job?

In its last issue the Great West says: "It will be remembered that Dr. Fish emphatically declared that the convention could not proceed to nominate candidates for office to be voted for in cities of over 10,000 inhabitants until the officers and tellers had been sworn. He insisted upon this, but was overborne by the officials. * * * * Now, gentlemen, what shall we do? Will you leave out your ballots in all the cities—or hold another convention? Perhaps some day the Hall crowd will grow wiser and take a hint or two. It will be utterly impossible to get the present ticket into the large cities of Minnesota."

If the position of the Great West is correct, there can be no doubt that the schemers purposely put up a job to defraud the alliance ticket of the labor vote, for it is not possible for them to plead ignorance in face of that warning. Then, too, they must have known the law, otherwise they were unfit for leaders. THE JOURNAL has insisted all the while that they were unfit,

TOTALLY UNFIT

to be leaders in so important a matter, and this is one of the many reasons why we feared the independent movement. With such rank demagogues as T. C. Hodgson, et al at the head of the concern, we wonder that any honest farmer could hope to see his cause prosper. Such leaders as that don't want it to be successful, for if it was, it would let them out of a job. The fat job is what they are after without regard to anything else. The loss of the labor vote in the large cities is a loss that means easy defeat to the ticket, and these demagogues knew it, and events seem to indicate that they deliberately planned it. It is a crying shame that the advice of the conservative leaders did not prevail—with that, success would have been sure, and a free and open wheat market would haye as surely followed, but the idea that the alliance is obliged to conquer the whole world, "East Grand Forks and Mike Jeffers," in order to succeed, is all bosh.

Princeton Union:—S. M. Owen, the Farmers' Alliance nominee for governor is a well-informed, honorable and conscientious gentleman. He is the editor and part owner of Farm, Stock & Home, one of the ablest and best-conducted agricultural journals in the country. It is hardly probable that Mr. Owen will be elected, but he may develop a strength at the polls that will surprise some of the old politicians. However, a great deal depends upon the action of the Republican and Democratic State conventions. Mr. Owen's colleagues on the ticket are unknown nonentities.

THE NEW PARTY.

An Authoritative Announcement of "The Alliance."

What Is Proposed to Be Accomplished and Who Are Included.

Farm, Stock and Home.

The new independent political party in Minnesota has been christened "The Alliance." The name, Farmers' Alliance, will continue to designate the farmer organization, but the new party is not composed of farmers alone, so the word farmer is not incorporated in the party name. The name adopted signifies an alliance of all citizens who are opposed to making the possession of wealth the measure of fitness for puplic offices; who object to the political spoils system; who regard the intervention of the caucus in legislation as destructive of true representative government; who favor lower and more equitably distributed taxation; who are in favor of reduced tariff schedules; who desire honestly and economically administered government—National, State and municipal; who would banish from our economic system the over-capitalization of corporate monopolies, who would destroy capitalistic conspiracies formed to control in their own interests the prices of necessaries of life; who believe in fiscal legislation in the interest of the masses instead of the classes; who believe that the rights of man are paramount to the rights of party, and who believe that law makers owe their first and highest duty to their constituents and not to King Caucus, or to their party bosses. The Alliance platform is broad enough to hold all, and just enough to tempt all to mount it. Under various names farmers in nearly every State in the Union are mounting such a platform and the signs now are that by 1892 all of them will be crystalized under one name and on one platform into a party that will sweep the country like a cyclone. A new party, to be dominated by industrial and ligitimate business interests, is an imperative need of the times.

WHO ARE IN IT.

There seems to be a misunderstanding on the part of the city press regarding the complexion of the late independent political convention. The press persists in calling it the Farmers' Alliance Convention, and says that the movement it presented was purely a farmers' movement. But this is not true. The convention was inspired and called by the Farmers' Alliance; its members decided by an almost unanimous vote upon independent political action, and invited all industrial classes—whether in shop or store—to join them. In response to the invitation the labor element of the cities came into the convention with duly accredited delegates and acted with it throughout. The ticket selected will be as loyally supported, probably more so, by the laborers—and even many small tradesmen of cities and towns—as by farmers. The determination to act with political independence is rapidly asserting itself in the industrial classes of nearly every State in the Union; not among farmers alone, nor among the poor or ignorant farmers, either, as is asserted, but among the very best farmers, and the workers in other industries. The present movement is a ground swell of the masses for purer administration, for more wholesome laws, for the substitution of patriotism for partisanship in legislation, for relief from vicious economic and financial systems and practices, for the elimination of the power of mere wealth from our political system, and for the ultimate destruction of laws and customs which have proven to be machines for the centralization of the wealth of the nation in the hands of a favored few of our citizens. This is not a narrow, nor a class movement, but is broad, popular, and with a foundation of equal and exact justice to all men!

Wheat Inspection.

Farm Stock and Home.

As we have a state wheat inspection law, and it seems to be considered the one law enacted especially for the farmer's benefit which has not been declared unconstitutional by the highest tribunal in the land, I was a little curious to learn in what way we farmers are benefited by it.

In selling wheat to local buyers I could not see that the inspection law made any difference, for local buyers seemed under instructions from headquarters not to grade above a certain standard, and to dock to a certain extent because the state inspection docked so heavily on every car shipped. So it seems that local buyers use the state inspection law as a shield and an excuse to bleed the farmers.

While in Minnapolis recently I visited the yards and witnessed the inspection of 45 cars of wheat, and can truthfully say that the dockage I saw did not justify the claim of local buyers that state inspection makes heavy dockage by them necessary. The car inspected would average in dirt and foul seeds with most of the wheat sold here; yet the heaviest docking done that morning was two pounds to the bushel. I recognize in our present mode of buying and grading wheat, so far as we farmers are concerned, no encouragement to raise good wheat, or to clean wheat for sale. The man raising the poorest quality of wheat and offering it for sale in the worst possible condition receives nearer its true value than the man who raises the best quality and offers it for sale in the best possible form.

I decided a few years ago that the farmer who raised the best wheat and offered it for sale in the best possible condition would have least cause for complaint. Acting upon that decision I purchased of Mr. Wellman, at the state fair, four bushel of his prize wheat, thinking I was getting the best wheat offered for sale in the state, and have been raising that variety ever since. Last fall I cleaned up a load and took it to the elevator; it was graded No. 1 Northern, with two pounds off for dirt, as was said, but on geitting the weight I found I was one bushel short.

If our laws in regard to wheat inspection, etc., do not encourage the raising of better wheat and putting it upon the market in the best possible shape, then in the name of common sense what are they for? Have heard a great deal from wheat buyers in regard to hard varieties of wheat containing more gluten than soft varieties; the soft varieties containing principally starch, etc. Now, I get no more flour or bran at the mill than the neighbor having the soft varieties of wheat. Some of my neighbors say I am foolish to raise hard wheat, when the soft will yield more and bring just as much on the market. I raise the hard wheat on principle, and am ever striving to produce the best, and any law or system which does not encourage that should be done away with I for one would not mourn if the whole inspection system was abolished, as it seems that the miller and commission men at present virtually dictate what the grade of wheat shall be. If there is any kicking on the part of buyers as to grade established by state inspection, there is a re-inspection ordered, with a view, I suppose, of thoroughly satisfying the buyer; but if a farmer ship a car of wheat and is dissatisfied with the grading, is there any re-grading done for him?

What difference can it make to the swindled farmer whether it is done openly or he is led to believe he is fairly treated under a state law but finds he is swindled all the same, only it is under the cloak of law, to administer which he is heavily taxed!

HAMLIN V. POORE.

Farm Stock and Home: "Farmers, economize." Certainly, why not? Farmers are compelled to take an unpleaseat amount of economy in theirs now; and that is largely the reason why about 1,000,000 laborers in skilled industries in this country are now idle. Let us all pray for a speedy coming of the time when farmers can be more extravagant in matters of necessaries and of some of the milder luxuries.

CROOKSTON

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I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

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Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

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Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

The Alliance North and South.

Duluth Weekly News.

While the farmers are stirring up political affairs in Minnesota, their brethren in South Carolina are creating still greater consternation among the politicians of their state. The trouble in both states seems to be the same—dissatisfaction with state legislation and administration. When it comes to specifications the complaints are not definite but refer in a general way to high taxes and general corruption. The South Carolinian's have a Donnelly among them—a man of the name of Tillman who is the choice of the Alliance for governor. The regular Democratic organization stands in about the same attitude as the Republican machine in Minnesota, its principal object at present being to attack Tillman personally and to encourage the belief that the Alliance movement will not amount to anything. But so far from succeeding in the latter attempt, they have only made the campaign more violent and bitter, especially in the rural districts where the farmers are becoming more and more hostile to the plans of the politicians in the city.

It will not be surprising if Minnesota and South Carolina should both make this a noted year in their political history. There is but little of the old-time enthusiasm for party existing, and it is going to be harder work than usual to keep up the regular organization of the majority. The effects of those in power in both states are chiefly directed to the selfish purpose of perpetuating themselves in power, while the interests of the public in general are ignored in the greedy race of individuals for office.

FOR SALE.

A complete photographers outfit in the village of Argyle, Minn., for $60—cash. Address,

J. W. NOVOTNY,
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[14-16]

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.
(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.
(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.
(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

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Except in the Departments of Law and Medicine.

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Few Facts and Figures.

Northwestern Farmer and Breeder.

One constantly hears the remark made that this tariff business is a very complicated question, that not one man in a thousand understands it. Now, can any one tell why our government should have a financial policy that an ordinary man cannot understand? If the government is for the people, by the people, etc., we should have a system of taxation that these same people can comprehend. It is estimated that a tax of $5.00 a piece would provide all the money needed to run the national government. It would be better to levy a direct tax of $5.00 a head, so we would know exactly what we are paying. Then, if it appeared that the millionaire manufacturers in Pittsburg and other eastern towns needed assistance, levy another direct tax and pay them cash. We would at least be able to understand the working of such a scheme, and all which would be necessary then, would be to show the justice of taxing one class for the benefit of another, to make everything serene. But here we have a complicated system of tariff taxation, requiring a huge army of high salaried officials to conduct—that takes two hundred and fifty millions of dollars in cash through the custom houses; that costs the people one thousand millions a year by increasing the costs of the necessaries of life; that enables trusts to bleed the farmers; that puts a duty of 10 per cent. on diamonds and other things that are only indulged in by the rich, and 80 per cent. on a wool shirt that a poor man must have; that fully one half of the people in the country believe is down right robbery, and a majority of the other half admit few can understand; and all we have in return is a doubtful theory that somehow or other this wholesale robbery is good for us! In 1860 the farmers owned one half the wealth. Now, after 30 years of "protection" the farmers own just one-sixth of the wealth. There is one cold fact that goes a long way toward knocking out the finest protectionist theory.

Low Priced Harness.

Farm Stock and Home: A recent serious runaway, in which a woman and child were badly injured, was occasioned by the breaking of a new harness that the husband and father had just before made a "great bargain" in buying. Good substantial harness is cheap these days, quality considered, but there are grades of harness sold at phenomenally low price which are likely to prove the most extravagant purchases imaginable; they may cost large doctor's bills, great suffering and possibly human life. Economy, getting the most for the money, is commendable, but it is not safe to look for it in the direction of a shoddy harness that will prove treacherous at the instant of all others when reliability is most essential.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

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We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

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W. A. ROBERTSON.

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

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N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

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SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA, JULY 31, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
10:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
2:35 "	Winnipeg	10:30 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
South Line.		
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.
North Line.		
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight,	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.
Fosston Line. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.		
	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.		
	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

Good Times.

The Western Rural.

An article in a contemporary, by Mr. S. M. Knox, which is sent to us marked, endeavors to tell the farmer what to do to be happy and prosperous. He gives the following remedy for hard times: "First, industry, Second, frugality. You can find everywhere some people who have been industrious all their lives, and in their habits of living have been frugal. On the farms of these people you find no mortgages. On their goods and chattels are no chattel mortgages. They have made it a rule of their lives to live within their income; they never contract a debt unless they know just how they can meet it at maturity; they never buy anything unless they absolutely need it; they draw a line between real and imaginary wants; they attend strictly to business; they are diligent. Diligence is the master of good luck, and God gives all things to industry."

It is every man's duty to be industrious and frugal. But the average farmer is industrious enough is he not? He works fourteen hours a day part of the season. That ought to be enough to satisfy the demand for industry. And the average farmer is frugal. Farmers as a class are not extravagant and never have been. But suppose he works twenty hours a day and lives on bread and water and wears clothes that he begs, how are these things to make him prosperous when outside conditions have crowded down the price of his products, until he cannot get for them what it costs to produce them? That is what we cannot understand. The farmer may have no mortgage on his farm and may be out of debt, but how can he keep out of debt if he runs behind every year? That is what we would like to have answered.

Mr. Knox said: "It seems to me that too many people in the United States, and particularly among the native born, have abandoned all, or many of the old land marks, and the safe rules that governed our forefathers, and hence launched out in the sea of speculation and extravagance; they want to become suddenly rich. The old fashioned industry and frugality has gone out of style, with too many of them. After the breaking out of the rebellion, and the issuing of greenbacks in 1860 and making of them a legal tender, etc., price of everything produced from the field and factory advanced in price. Everyone that had anything to sell, got fabulous prices for it; many that were in debt soon found themselves out of debt and on the high road to wealth. It is not necessary for me to go into a minute detail of the history of the country for the last twenty-five years, to follow prices from gold at par to 250 and 285, but suffice it to say that as the country went back gradually from these great heights to a specie basis; back to the point left in 1862, when green-backs were made a legal tender, prices have been tending downward and it is said, and that is my observation, that real estate is the last to rise and the last to decline. When personal property commences to advance, you may look for a rise in real estate, and same when personal property commences to decline, real estate is sure to follow down. During this period of great inflation, when prices of everything were going up with gold, and all were apparently getting rich, plenty of money everywhere, people became speculators and began to form habits of extravagance. They indulged in luxuries, and these luxuries soon became necessaries; they ran many times heavily into debt, expecting prices to advance and hoping to realize handsome profits; but, alas, it is as all ought to know and should have known from the history of all countries and all times, that such times are very dangerous times. They ought to know, that it would be only a question of time when the country will, and must return to the specie basis, and when the return is made and the solid basis reached, alas for the ones that are in debt at such times and under such circumstances. Then the 'hard times' is a reality. People who supposed they were rich are poor in fact, all faded away, vanished hopes blasted. But in all this we find no intimation of how a man can keep on growing fifteen cent oats and twelve cent corn and make a living. It does not account for railroads making more this year than they did last, while the farmer is getting poorer. It is a mistake to say that farmers as a class are speculators. They are not, never were and never will be.

Sizing Them Up.

Northfield News: A group of Republican politicians were setting in a lobby of one of the St. Paul hotels the other evening and were discussing the relative efficiency and ability of our five Congressmen. A gentleman who has been at Washington during the present session of Congress and has watched legislation, stated: "I rate our Congressmen in the following order: Comstock, Hall, Lind, Snyder and Dunnell." On commenting on this statement the Minneapolis Tribune prints the following:

"This remark caused some surprise among those present. The gentleman went on to explain that Dunnell was placed at the bottom of the list because while he was formerly a strong man in Congress he now poses too much on the same previous record, in fact he is what may be called a 'back number.' Comstock and Hall were declared to be quiet men who do little talking, but secure the passage of measures they advocate. On sizing up the situation the company agreed that Dunnell is the only one of the quintette who will have to make a hard fight for re-nomination and re-election.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.

[30-43]

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana **FREE LANDS**

NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. **LOW RATES**

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. **Horses, Cattle.**

Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. **Sheep, Hogs.**

Gold and Coal. The regious tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now. **MILK RIVER.**

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is the time. **YOUNG MAN.**

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, is it Montana's industrial centre.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern. Half rate excursions, Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. **O. N. R. L.**

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Windows and Mouldings.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, oppose Wm. Anglim's residence.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE,

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at	$3.75 cwt.	Galvanized Wire	$4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones	1.50 "	Scythe and Snath	1.25
Milk Cans at 50 cents.		Screen Doors at	1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.		Large stock of Mixed Paints.	

Cook Stoves and General Hardware,

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDMOND LORANGER AND Rose A. Loranger, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 16th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 32, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1886, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 265, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, England, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred fifteen and 11-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited)

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 19th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, CARL E. STEEL, AN UNMARried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the county of Windham, State of Connecticut, his mortgage bearing date of June 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 8, Township 154, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 167; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 08-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty and 08-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred seven and 08-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 2d day of August A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 14th, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee

[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrator, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated, to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

10-16] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDREW J. BOHLEEN, AND Eva Bohleen, his wife, as Mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as Mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said Mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of Section One (1), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range 44 West, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres, to secure the payment of Seventy-four and Seventy-five One-hundredths Dollars ($74.75) according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in nine (9) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said Mortgagors to said Mortgagee or order; which said mortgage was, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, at five o'clock and ten minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "41" of mortgages, on pages 495 to 498 inclusive.

And whereas, The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "53" of Mortgages, on pages 366 and 367.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Seven and Fifty One-hundredths ($7.50) Dollars, due as the second installment on said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still unpaid and due,

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said Mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagors or any other party:

And whereas Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said Mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable.

And whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said Mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of Sixty-three and seventy-nine One-hundredths (63.79) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars ($25) attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON and GEO. J. McMANUS, partners as Steenerson & McManus, Assignees of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [11-17]

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 26, 1890.]

WHEREAS, BOYD P. VAN GORDON AND Olive Van Gordon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 20th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 15, Township 149, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 277; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred eighty-five and 44-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited).

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[10-16] Crookston Minn.

[First publication July 24th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 18th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto O. C. Bergland, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 18th day of July, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,

[14-16] Judge of Probate.

U. S. L ND OFFICE.

Crookston, Minn., July 17th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, on Oct. 2d, 1890, viz: THOR HALDORSON, Hd. 11,281, for the nw¼ se¼ e½ nw¼ and lot 2, Sec. 33, Tp. 149, R 43. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harald Johnson, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn., Gulbrand Pederson, of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn., William Manton, Otto Camp, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

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RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST,——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

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CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent. St. Paul. Minn.

E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston. Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

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SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON MINNESOTA.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 7, 1890. NO. 16.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	2 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Plain Talk is a republican paper, published at Vermillion, South Dakota, from which the following leader, under the caption, "The Farmers' Movement," is extracted:

Attention has been more or less directed of late to the farmers' movement in the Southern States and to its probable disastrous effect on the fortunes of the democratic party in the South. The tribulations of the late confederates would be sufficient cause for republican rejoicing were it not true that the same agencies which are chafing the democrats down South are menacing the peace and ease of the republicans up North. The Farmers' Alliance is preaching precisely the same political gospel North and South, East and West, in no less than twenty-nine states of the Union. Right here in South Dakota they are teaching the same principles among republicans that they are promulgating among the democrats of South Carolina. Their work in Nebraska is along exactly the same lines as in Alabama and Arkansas. If the democratic party in the South is in peril at their hands, how is it with the republican party in the North? Here in South Dakota these people have gone farther and more fully disclosed their purposes than in any other state. The independent party was organized and named at Huron on the 6th inst. Their convention was very large and very enthusiastic. This new party means to harm the republican party of South Dakota. Its speakers and leaders declare that this is only the beginning, and that the new party under this name will be organized rapidly in many other states, North and South. They profess to believe that the time is ripe, the conditions auspicious, and that their principles are commendable to a large majority of the people in all the agricultural regions. They even flatter themselves and threaten all others that the independent party will hold the balance of power in the next Congress and carry the presidential election of 1892. All this may be taken with many grains of allowance; nevertheless the movement is a fact which can neither be ignored nor bluffed out. On the 9th of June, only three days later than the Huron convention, the new party held a ratification meeting at Mitchell, which is said to have been the largest political gathering ever held there, if not the largest ever held in the state. Whether this be true or not, it is certain that in numbers and enthusiasm they created a profound sensation. The central doctrines of the new party are:

1. Full legal tender money, to increase in volume with the increase of business, and to be issued to productive industries by the General Government without the intervention of banks of issue.

2. Government ownership of railroads, telegraph and telephones, and service at actual cost.

3. Free and unlimited coinage of silver.

4. An absolutely secret system of voting.

These propositions are of such a character that, just at this time, they are attractive to a great many people. Unless squarely met and fairly answered no man can safely undertake to say how many recruits the independents will call to them and enlist under their banner. The problem of meeting these people and these propositions is first presented to the republican leaders of South Dakota. Right here is the initiative. The responsibility is grave and weighty. We have a peculiar people. A large majority have heretofore been radically republican, but a large majority of the Huron convention have been republicans heretofore. And it has become a saying that, here in South Dakota, "it is not safe to bet against anything that gets loose." Prohibition "went," and there are plenty who believe that equal suffrage will "go" at the next election. What may not "go?" The new party is not made up of farmers alone. The Knights of Labor are hand in glove with them in this state, and the relation between the farmers and the labor organizations in all parts of the country is close and intimate. How will the republican party in South Dakota meet the issue? How can the party safely meet it? Last year the State convention was largely influenced by popular sentiment. It adopted a platform and made certain nominations which the leaders would not have had so but for the pressure of public opinion. Representing popular sentiment the party went to a grand success at the polls. If it pursues a sufficiently liberal course this year, it may repeat the history of last year. Popular feeling will not justify the party this year in any back up or side tracking. The principles of the new party are generally popular with the masses. The republican party must be the exponent and champion of popular ideas or it must be the wise teacher to satisfy the people that public sentiment is at fault and wrong. The republicans of South Dakota should adopt such a liberal platform as will satisfy the people that it is a better, wiser, safer reform party than any other party, new or old. And more, it must nominate candidates who are able to go upon the stump and everywhere demonstrate this fact. The new party is already thoroughly organized in a large majority of the precincts of the state. It has been four years organizing. Its members are full of active energy. For the next four months they will lose no time to proselyte. They carry on their work in the homes of the farmers and laborers. They have prepared for a thorough canvass of the state by able speakers. Their converts will need no "drumming" to get them to the polls. They are already making formidable headway. No such spirit of activity and devotion prevails in the republican ranks. As to platform and candidates the republican party must place itself on a level with the spirit of the times. Given—a broad, progressive, liberal platform, and candidates who have thought all along the line of the new departure and are able to go before the people and discuss the new issues with the independents and prove that there is no good reason for republicans in this "off year" to wander away in pursuit of experiments—a republican victory sure and complete may be achieved next fall. But if, instead, there be "monkeying with the machine," the republicans of South Dakota are liable to get sand in their eyes before the end of the season.

Is it Vanity or Ignorance?

By J. H. Hand. In National Economist.

It is a matter of suprise as well as mortification that a very considerable part of the press, all of which claims to be devoted to the advancement of the interests of humanity, should make indecent haste to assail the first proposition originating among the people, asking to be placed by the Government on equal terms with other classes of citizens. Knowing that we bear more than our just proportion of the burdens of the Government, we had reason to expect that the press would be our ally and advocate; but instead, we find them arrayed against us. The bill now before Congress, H. R. 7162, in the Senate 2806, to establish a system of sub-treasuries and for other purposes, is a measure "of the people, by the people, and for the people," not solely in the interest of a class, but in the interest of all classes except the bankers. It is a reasonable presumption that the laboring classes have a better opportunity of knowing their situation and needs than other people can possibly have. Dire necessity has driven them to seek the causes that have conspired to reduce them from affluence to extreme poverty. Having ascertained the causes, they are as capable of suggesting appropriate and efficient means of relief as any one else. The bill to establish a system of sub-treasuries is the first and most important measure. It has been thoroughly considered in all of its details and practical operation. It does positive injury to no one; that it will restrain the usurer and the monopolist, and limit the operations of the speculator in money and the necessities of life, is not denied. While the press is largely dependent on its subscription list among the working classes for a living, it is a matter of surprise and regret to us, and may be to the editors before this matter ends. Have they investigated the principles of the bill, or have they tried to comprehend the practical operation of the measure from which we expect relief from our present financial distress? The first effect would be a difference in the price of money of about 14 per cent per annum. That portion of the currency issued through the national banks, comes to us heavily laden with taxation for the support of three or four non-productive classes, hence we have to part with one dollar and fifteen cents worth of produce for one dollar. The banks are charged 1 per cent per annum; the bankers supply agents at from 4 to 5; the agent speculates with it, and makes from 8 to 15; or it is loaned to manufacturers at 6 to 8 per cent; commission houses borrow paying a good per cent, and then loan to retail dealers at 6 to 10 per cent. The whole amount of taxation levied by the various operators through whose hands it has passed ranges from 15 to 30 per cent before our products are purchased. By this process our produce is reduced in values to the amount of 15 to 20 per cent. Under the sub-treasury system the money used to purchase our products would come directly from the sub-treasury department free from the tariff levied by the intervening non-productive classes. Let us see how this would work out when applied to the purchase of the cotton crop. Place the cotton crop at 6,500,000 bales weighing each four hundred and fifty pounds, would be 2,925,000,000 pounds. We sell this cotton at an average price of nine cents per pound, for money that has been taxed fifteen per cent, furnished by the banks, aggregate value of the cotton crop in the bank currency is $263,250,000. Fifteen per cent on this sum is $37,487,500, a loss to cotton growers, due to the national banking system, or the loss would aggregate that sum, if the bankers had succeeded in withdrawing all the greenbacks and controlling all the national currency. Now if this should represent the loss of the cotton planters alone, what would the sum amount to when estimated upon all the products of the great industries of the country? It would not fall below $200,000,000 annually. This sum does not go to the government, but falls into the coffers of the non-producing speculating classes. If the system of sub-treasuries is adopted, it will furnish money free from burdensome taxation, not to the agriculturists alone, but to all classes of industrial pursuits. The banker and usurer would lose the "power of money to oppress." The financial legislation of the government has aided in making millionaires by the thousand and paupers by tens of thousands. Seeing these facts in the light of common sense we have been urged to ask. is it venality or ignorance on the part of a portion of the press of of the country that has led them to the ridiculous and shameless assaults, both as to the measure and the persons who favor it? The most charitable construction that is admssible in their case is that it is attributable to their ignorance. But the attempt on the part of some of the members of the press, to ridicule both the measure and its movers into disfavor, by resorting to low burlesque and billingsgate, suggest venality rather than ignorance as the moving cause. It is a deep mortification to the intelligent yeomanry of the country to see levity manifested on the part of their senators and representatives, toward the measures of relief offered at the solicitation of men laboring under "burdens grievous to be borne." If they permit mercenary motives to control their actions they are not capable of making desirable representatives of our interests. They should not make sport of our misfortunes when their acts brought them upon us. "By their fruits ye shall know them." It is not surprising that bankers and their henchmen, whether they be in Congress or among the members of the press, should throw every obstacle that ingenuity can devise in the way of this measure of relief. But it is mortifying to know that the statesman and leaders of neither of the political parties of the country have the independence and manliness to champion the cause of the productive class who carry the burdens of government on their shoulders.

Forty Millions.

The Western Rural.

The Union Stock Yards Company is in some sort of a state of organization. It has been claimed that an English syndicate is purchasing the stock, as such syndicates have purchased other profitable industries in this country. However that may be, those who are interested in the new deal have issued a circular in which they state that the plant is worth forty millions, and that the business is exceedingly profitable, a fact that every reader of this journal has the misfortune to know without being told. The value of these yards as claimed in this circular is not an over-estimate. They are worth every cent of forty millions; and nearly all that value has been contributed by the farmers and stock raisers of the West. A few men here erected a gate between our farms and the market for the live stock of the farm. Our sheep and cattle and swine must go through this gate, and upon every animal an enormous extortionate tax is laid. During the years that these yards have been in existence, the company owning them have been waxing richer and richer, until its possessions are valued at forty millions; and this does not include, the reader will remember, the large private fortunes that have been made from the business.

But what of the men who have grown and fed the animals that have gone through these yards and that have been the means of building up such a valuable plant and of making fortunes for the managers and some of the stock holders? Well, they have made no millions. Thousands of them are hopelessly in debt to-day. None of them are making any great profit, though the stock yards are doing a splendid business. Corn and hay at a hundred per cent more than it is worth makes good profits to the Stock Yards Company, but they are luxuries that the stock raiser can ill afford to let his stock enjoy. And yet it has never been possible to get an Illinois Legislature to see the injustice of this thing. The legislative committees have never been able to see more, when visiting these stock yards, than the rare wines and fragrant cigars that were set before them by somebody. A legislature can not be elected too soon that will be true enough to the farming interests of Illinois and of the West and sufficiently friendly to square, honest business methods, to bring this soulless conspiracy against the agricultural interests of the country to a sense of decency and honor.

The Natural.

The Western Rural.

"It is natural for every man to look out for his own interests." We hear this expression until we grow weary of the constant reiteration of human selfishness. The general trend of man's conception of man would seem to be that he is a savage unfeeling brute, that for momentary satisfaction would trample upon and devour his kind; and it is too true that the history of the world goes to prove that tendency. But is it a fact that mankind, as a rule, is heartless and brutally selfish. We do not believe it. The human heart is tender and considerate. There are men and women by the thousands who have sympathy with misfortune and are ready to stretch forth the hand of love to a fallen or discouraged brother. There are lips by the millions that are laden with kind words, and souls by the million that are filled and sparkling with the spirit of sacrifice for the good of mankind. But such people do not make the most noise in the world and their work is not so rasping as to call unusual attention to it. The selfish are pushing, energetic and emphatic. They attract so much attention that the world thinks that they are representative of the human race. One grasping, dishonest, brutal millionaire, who would as soon rob a widow as anybody, receives more attention than a thousand gentle men whose lives are to the world like the sweet sunshine upon the earth, and who would not for all the wealth the earth has to bestow do a fellow creature a wrong or cause a tear to scorch the cheek.

Sometimes men are selfish through sheer thoughtlessness. A farmer once wrote The Rural that if the liquor traffic was prohibited, many farmers, would go to the poorhouse, for there were millions of bushels of grain annually converted into intoxicating liquor. We presume that some would say that this was a natural feeling. We do not believe it. It was a thoughtless expession that did that farmer a greater injustice than any one else would ever have thought of doing him. It is not true that the liquor business keeps farmers out of the poor house, but if it did, a thoughtless man would never advocate the traffic. The saloon fills our alms-house and our prisons. Its destroying power does not stop with the unfortunate victim of appetite, but it winds its chains about perfectly innocent and utterly helpless women and children, and crushes their hearts and their lives as the hungry brute of the forest crushes the bones of its defenseless victim. The tear stained, tear worn cheeks and aching hearts of the great army of drunkards' wives and the pinched faces of the hungry, ragged children of the victims of the dram shop, cry out in pitiful, eloquent, pathetic appeals to heaven and noble manhood for sympathy and protection. Can there be a right-thinking human man in all the world, who would ask to be kept out of the almshouse by such ruin as this? Would he not rather live and die in the poorhouse than that innocent people should be cast into a living, horrible death that he might prosper?

We believe in humanity. We believe that after all these centuries of humane training, the vast proportion of the human race believes that the race is a brotherhood and that a Christian civilization is not polished savagery. We do not believe that the average man, in this age and country, is a theoretical cannibal, eager to devour children and women. The helpless always successfully appeals to full developed manhood for protection and assistance. Men stop upon the streets to inquire the cause of the tear that glistens on the cheek of the child. It would be brutal if strength did not bend to shield weakness and if experience did not throw its protecting power about inexperience. And yet men will do themslves the injustice to say that they are willing to step on the babe in the cradle and to crush a woman's heart in order to keep themselves out of the almshouse. We do not believe that such a man knows what the import of his words is, and we know it is not natural.

National Economist: Reports from many sections are coming in that the census, so far as the mortgage indebtedness is concerned, will be perfectly unreliable. This is in strict accord with a fixed purpose among money owners. The true situation of the borrower must not be known, for in that case the occupation of the lender would be destroyed. It is safe to assume that all attempts to ascertain who is responsible for this treachery to the people will be a failure. No matter how strong the law may be made, if the construction of it is left in the hands of the unscrupulous politician or timeserver, it can be manipulated to serve their purpose. The executive committee have called the farmers attention to this matter.

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GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

Largest & Most Complete Stock of Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles Etc. Etc. All Work Warranted, And Perfect Satisfaction Guarranteed. Bottom Prices.

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GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

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Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—David P. Lister....Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—Harvey E. Cooke....Crookston, "
Secretary—Robert Eckford....Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. Bjorge, (Treas. of the State Alliance)....Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

David P. Lister....Lac qui Parle, Minn.
Harvey E. Cooke....Crookston, "
Robert Eckford....Dexter, "
H. P. Bjorge....Underwood, "
Hamlin V. Poore....Bird Island, "
A. L. Stromberg....Forest Lake, "
Ignatius Donnelly....Hastings, "
John Lathrop....Dawson, "
Henry Plowman....Luce, "
Seth Bottomley....Nashville Center, "
Hans B. Imsdahl....Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties.

Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

Getting Together.

The Western Rural.

No one who is a careful observer of the trend of political affairs in this country can fail to see that steadily, though perhaps a little slowly, the people, the common people, the men whose hands are rough from toil and whose clothing is not of the finest texture or of the latest fashion, are coming together for mutual protection and for the preservation of the best interests of the country. It has taken long years to awaken the public to a sense of their danger. The greed and conscienceless methods which the few have shown and adopted have been like the spider's web woven slowly but tightly about the fly. Years ago this entire American people were unconscious of responsibility. Nothing seemed to disturb or burden them. The government sat so lightly upon them, that they scarcely realized that a government existed. Commerce appeared to be governed, and indeed was governed to a remarkable degee by the laws of equity. But our civil war burst upon us, and with its splendid results there were mingled results that were averse to the general welfare of the people, and these results are still manifesting themselves.

War is always demoralizing. As a people we have great reason for gratitude that our war was no more demoralizing than it was. But it was sufficiently so, to cause every true lover of his country and of humanity, greatly to regret that the good results of that conflict have been marred by the inevitable shadows that stream across the most brilliant victory that armies ever won. During the four years of the continuance of that war, a vast deal of rascality was developed, and the greed of the human heart was greatly stimulated. Men became rich easily; they became rich dishonestly; and when the war closed and the army was mustered out of service, there was plenty of money in the country, and as grand a spectacle as the early return of our soldiers to the various industries, was, there was a time when great masses of men were indisposed to do much, but to spend money, speculate, and lead a useless life. In a word the character of our people seemed to have experienced a thorough change, though the change was not as real as it seemed to be. But among the classes of restless, persistent men, who by their excessive activity, appear to represent the character of the entire people, there was a wonderful change. The age of greed—about which The Rural has said so much—fairly dawned when the war closed. The wild rush for wealth commenced and the love of money has been growing stronger and more oppressive ever since. To look back upon the history of the accumulation of great fortunes in the United States, and the gradual enslavement to the people in consequence, the whole thing appears like a dream. We can hardly realize that during the short period of a quarter of a century, millionaires have multiplied so rapidly, and that in consequence of their methods of accumulation of wealth the farmers of the country—the men who are at the head of our greatest, grandest, most important industry, are practically ruined. It staggers belief that so great a change in the condition of a people should be wrought in so short a time.

Yet no intelligent man believes for one moment that present conditions are at all necessary. No one would dare assert that if certain classes had not been given certain privileges, to which they had no right, that agriculture would be where it is to-day and that there should be in the country practically a favored class which is really as distinctive in its character as the aristocracy of Europe. The European aristocracy is created and sustained by unjust laws. It has nothing else to stand upon. The American aristocracy of capital rests upon precisely the same basis—class legislation and the favoritism of government. It is true that it may properly be said that back of the class legislation that sustains the aristocracy of Europe is the stupidity, sheer stupidity of the people; and the same thing may be said with reference to our own aristocracy. Congress and our legislators create our favored classes and hedge them about with protection; the administrators of law are lenient with them, and of a truth the whole country appears to run for the sole benefit of a lot of well-clothed, smothed talking, influential, rich rascals who are popularly styled our leading business men. But the people elect men to office who thus run the country.

At last, however, the people are awakening. They are getting together and are asserting their right, and they will yet assert their power to elect men to official positions who will faithfully represent their interests. The old political leaders will naturally cry treason and wield the party lash with stinging effect. But if disaster comes now or at any future time to present political organizations it will be the result of only one thing, the treachery of partisan leaders to the interests of the people and their subserviency to the will of men whose regular business is robbery.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., AUGUST 7, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat, 1 Hard, 82 cents.

This is excellent weather for wheat.

A. Noble was up from Beltrami on Tuesday.

Don't make any reckless bets on the election this fall.

C. T. Lanman was down from McIntosh on Tuesday.

Halvor Steenerson took a run down north on Tuesday.

The offices will not go begging this year for lack of applicants.

Ed. Schreader is able to be about on crutches, and is doing nicely.

Plenty of hay on the market now a days. More hay than price for it.

Gautier de Ste Croix has been up several days looking after his grain houses.

That Warren base ball club is a dandy. Our boys only beat them by one last week.

Conductor Fred Flint and wife were rusticating in Grand Forks early this week.

The handsome phiz of Col. W. H. Topping was seen on our streets on Tuesday.

M. E. Bartlett wants a few good harvest hands. Call at residence on Sec. 9, Fairfax.

Miss Conley, of Menominee, Wis., is visiting her friend, Miss Jennie Miller, in this city.

The sewer work progresses rapidly. Barring accidents, the work will be completed on time.

Chris Steenerson was up from the west side on Tuesday. Reports crops looking nicely.

On dit that Pat will Russel for the nomination for auditor. We are not betting on that.

Barley harvesting is well along. Wheat harvest will commence in earnest next week.

W. C. Andrew, representing Wright, Barrett & Stilwell, passed through, bound south, on Tuesday.

S. L. Collins says wheat is undoubtedly injured somewhat, but he thinks not so badly as last year.

Mrs. Streeter, Miss Miller and Miss Conly and Rev. Mr. Noyes went down to Fosston last Saturday.

On Monday morning Bjorn & Austin began to tumble brick into the new cellar, preparatory to building.

Robert Pierce, Pillsbury's buyer, goes away Thursday and a new man will take his place before the season opens.

Will Carlton thinks that the farmers up his way are not entirely suited with the Prohib-Alliance county ticket.

Judge Mills completed the court cases last week winding up one of the largest calendars ever tried in the county.

Millions of blueberries from Fosston and St. Hilaire find a ready market in this city and points west in Dakota.

Oats cut on the Corser farm this week were found to be somewhat affected by rust. They were better than last year, however.

Louis Fontaine and Tim Donovan left for New York on Tuesday evening to purchase the fall stock for Fontaine & Anglim.

The work on the sewer is progressing rapidly along Second street. The pipe is laid along Main to the intersection with Second.

Prospects are bright for a good price for wheat this fall. The weather, so far this week, has been excellent for maturing the wheat.

E. J. Grefthen, the Prohib-Alliance candidate for school superintendent, was in the city last week looking after his political fences.

Harvesting well commenced this week. A few pieces of barley were cut last week. Oats bid fair for a good yield so far as heard from.

Andrew Eiken is on the turf for Register of Deeds. Andrew has been a good official, proving his efficiency by his deeds—as it were.

Bricklaying on the new McKinnon block commenced on Tuesday morning. The building will be ready for occupancy before snow flies.

Reports indicate that the alliance vote will be a large one in Polk County this year. The "frost" will not kill it nor the blight affect the grade.

Rev. Mr. Noyes went out to Buffington to preach last Sabbath. This, with his regular church services here, made it a pretty busy day for him.

Rev. S. H. Barteau reports wheat looking splendidly between here and Red Lake Falls, which city he visited last week. He saw no signs of blight.

If legislation can effect the price of wheat then it is clear that the most important thing for the farmers to do is to secure the right kind of a legislature.

The game between the Phats and Leans last week was hotly contested—won by the Phats by 38 to 31. The Leans pinned their faith to hot weather, and got left.

Collins & Creamer report good sales of the Minneapolis binder this season, and are now busy supplying extras. They have sold two threshing rigs already and are right on deck to supply everybody in this line.

T. G. Thompson is the happy father of a bran new boy. Friday morning—12 pounds. T. G. was busy Saturday passing out the cigars.

The probability is that very much No. 1 Hard will be on our market this year. With a good price assured, farmers have every reason to be very hopeful.

Great attractions on the ball grounds for next week. Fargo, Grand Forks, St. Cloud, and a team from St. Paul, it is expected, will try conclusions with our boys on the diamond.

Barley harvest was pretty generally commenced last week and this week will witness commencement on the wheat. We shall very soon know now "what will the harvest be?"

"Oh, how nice!" That is what everybody says when they see Mrs. Rose' new dining hall on Second street. And everybody, for once, is right. There are no flies on that dining hall—nor in it.

S. L. Collins predicts a boom in farm lands. Says he knows of nine men who are looking for suitable farm property. Send 'em around to us, S. L., we know of several choice farms that can be had at a low figure.

Hugh Thompson returned from his sojourn at Battle Creek on Saturday morning, looking very much better than when he went away. He has had a very severe siege, but with care will undoubtedly pull through all right.

Miss Edith McGrew and Willie returned from their visit to Benson on Wednesday last. Mr. McGrew has taken possession of his new residence property. Mrs. McGrew is expected home the latter part of this month.

Among the heavy contributors to the hotel subscription were: Fontaine & Anglim, $500; Geo. Q. Erskine, $500; T. B. Walker, $500; Hack & Gallasch, $250; Rosenthal & Wile, $250; N. Rapin, $200, and Geo. W. Peake $200.

The hay crop this year is not extra heavy. We have reports of cases where the mower runs all day to secure a cut of two or three tons. Low lands, of course, have a heavier swath, but the average yield does not promise to glut the market.

H. C. Tatro was in from Maple Lake on Saturday. He informed THE JOURNAL of the death of his sister, Mrs. Gus Felsing, which sad event occurred on Friday from child-birth. Mrs. F. was a young woman, highly respected by all who knew her.

Will Carlton was down from Angus on Tuesday. Drove a fine span of two year old colts that are large enough to be horses. He reports that wheat appears to be somewhat injured, to what extent cannot be ascertained until the grain is threshed.

The premium list of the State Fair shows that a great deal of attention has been paid to the encouragement of agriculture. All who can possibly do so should arrange to go down and attend what promises to be the best State Fair ever held in Minnesota.

Ole Hanson has received his appointment as deputy revenue collector, in place of T. K. Torgerson, and enters upon his new duties this week. T. K. was a good and faithful servant, his only mistake being of a political nature. Ole will wear his new honors right royally.

Mr. D. T. Herriott was up from Beltrami on Saturday looking at the damaged twine from the warehouse fire in Minneapolis. Mr. Herriott says that some wheat is undoubtedly injured by blight, but to what extent is problematical. The threshing machine alone will reveal the full extent.

A special meeting of the council was held on Saturday for the purpose of considering a proposition to continue the sewer from Second to Fletcher street, and from Main to Broadway along Robert. The council was favorable to the proposition and the work will be done, providing the money is to be had.

Crookston Alliance, No. 648, held an interesting meeting on Saturday last. Four new members were received. Twine and kindred matters were fully discussed. Vice President, Jas. E. Greenhalgh, presided with grace and dignity. The meeting adjourned until the next regular day, the first Saturday in September.

The subscription committee reports only $100 short in the $5,000 required to build the new hotel and the hotel may be considered positively secured. The plans show a magnificent four story structure. In securing this hotel our citizens have shown commendable public spirit and have builded wiser than they knew. The work of clearing the site will soon begin.

Theodore Greenhalgh received a letter from his father who is now on the Pacific coast, in which Mr. Greenhalgh speaks of the boom as a thing of the past and advises Theo. and all others who are doing reasonably well to let well enough alone and stay where they are. It would seem that Greenhalgh Sr. is not entirely captivated with the new State of Washington.

The State Fair, which will be from Sept. 8th to 13th inclusive, bids fair to be the best one ever held in Minnesota. No pains nor expense have been spared to make it profitable to the farmer patrons, and the list of attractions is a large and attractive one. Every farmer should make calculations to go this year. The railroads will give reduced rates, about one fare for the round trip, and at this rate no one can afford to miss it. Send to Sec. Liggett, at Hamline, for catalogues.

Good Demand for City Property.

Two weeks ago Tom Stahl advertised in these columns a house and lot for sale on Main street. We have had no less than two dozen inquiries about that property, which shows that people are on the lookout for bargains in city realty.

Pass It Around.

We have been very patient so far, in the hopes that our city fathers would, some time in the present or the next decade, move that unmitigated nuisance, called the city market, to some other quarter. If that is among the impossibilities, we should be very much obliged if the city authorities would clean up the debris at least once a month. To say nothing of the danger from fires, the hay and stuff allowed to accumulate is an unmitigated nuisance. Let some other locality enjoy it awhile.

Good Enough.

John E. Tice writes THE JOURNAL from Mentor, under date of August 2d: "I have to-day finished cutting a piece of wheat that I sowed on millet stubble, unplowed. It was as fine a piece of wheat as could be wished." Good enough. THE JOURNAL hopes that all of John's wheat will pan out No. 1 Hard and $1 per bushel, and also that of every other hard working farmer in Polk County. They amply deserve better luck than they have been getting.

Progress on the new sewer is rapid.

The Main Street well boasts of a new pump.

Watermelons by the carload daily arriving.

M. P. Losey was in from Euclid on Monday.

Saturday's train on the old Pioneer line was two hours late.

The new elevator in Jerome's addition is nearly completed.

Bro. Sibley, of the Fertile Journal, was in the city on Sunday.

D. LeDuc is fixing up the old Markham building for a meat market.

Sunday night was a pretty cold one. Not cold enough for a frost, however.

The grade on Jerome's addition is completed ready for the ties and rails.

Who says Crookston is dull? Everybody busy and work enough for many more.

Heaps of twine gone out into the field this week. Almost every farmers wagon contained from two to twenty bales.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe'. New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

E. E. Lommen has gone to the farm for a few days preparatory to taking the field as candidate for State Senator. Lommen will make a good square fight and poll a large vote.

Once more we have escaped the clutches of the twine octopos. By the burning of the large warehouse in Minneapolis a large quantity of twine has been thrown upon this market and those lucky enough to catch on, get a bonanza. Next year Minnesota will make her own twine and then we can snap our fingers at the twine trust. There will be big money in wheat in the near future, and we have the land that can grow the wheat.

Wilfred Farley, son of Dr. F. X. Farley, left on Tuesday evening for Detroit, Mich., where he goes to accept a position in a merchant tailoring establishment. Mr. Farley has grown to manhood in our city where he has been employed as clerk in various establishments, and leaves a host of friends and well wishers. He is a sober and industrious young man and will no doubt do well in his new vocation. THE JOURNAL wishes him abundant success.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

The subscriptions to the $5,000 fund for the new hotel grow encouragingly, and there is no doubt the amount will be raised. This is a subject of interest to every patriotic citizen of Crookston, as it will do much toward rendering permanent every other enterprise. Upon this hotel project depends other buildings, so that an investment there undoubtedly helps the city at large more than one would think at first glance. Let the good work go on. THE JOURNAL will do all in its power to aid it.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

There seems to have been some foundation for the rumors of some damage to wheat that were going last week, though how serious it will be cannot be estimated before the wheat is fully matured. Some samples exhibited showed about one quarter of an inch on the top entirely dead, with no berries, while the balance of the head might be all right, and might not, though by appearance it would shrink before ripened. Some stalks seemed to be dying from the bottom while others were apparently all right. No signs of rust were visible except on the leaves, but that something ailed the wheat, was unmistakable. The samples shown were the product of seed that was not perfect and may have been from that cause. We are inclined to the belief that a thorough change of seed is necessary in the Valley. That there will be much good wheat we have no doubt, but that there is some damaged wheat seems just as true.

Great Remnant Sale !

REMNANTS
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REMNANTS.

Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.
MOE & BUHN.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

FOR SALE.

A complete photographers outfit in the village of Argyle, Minn., for $60—cash. Address,
J. W. NOVOTNY,
[14 16] Angus Minn.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,
J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

Prof. Moore returned from his summer vacation this week.

Mrs. Bucknam entertained a large party of friends at cinch on Tuesday evening.

That manilla twine went off like hot cakes. Double the amount could have been sold.

W. J. Nickle was up from Beltrami this week renewing old acquaintances. Nick is a brick.

Farmers are saying nothing but the amount of wood they are sawing beats any summer's record yet.

Tom Morris is putting up some nice shelves for clocks and sich like. Tom is bound to be in style, anyhow.

A. D. Stephens went to St. Paul on Tuesday evening to attend the meeting of the Republican State Central Committee.

Reports from the wheat fields this week are very encouraging. Good grades and good prices would make things hum.

Schmidt, the painter, comes out with a stylish rig. The buggy, evidently built for business, is a handsome affair, however.

Judge C. O. Christianson went down to his farm on Saturday last. Says the farmers for miles around were in Fertile after twine.

Ed Walsh must be going into politics again. He begins to look young and handsome. That genial smile always means business.

It is said that Reed, the restaurant man, will go to Grand Forks to open a restaurant. Failure to find a building is the alleged cause.

John Paterson is sawing lots of wood in those days. John is grooming for democratic candidate for sheriff and John has lots of friends.

We read of big hail storms over in Dakota during the past two weeks. This side of the Red River seems to have been extremely fortunate this year.

Sam Wilkinson says: "I tell you what, the alliance party is bound to win this fall." Well, it depends somewhat on who a man is working for what is meant by that assertion.

John Looken says he weighs ten pounds more than before the convention. You will have to look out, Andy, if he keeps on like that he will be a heavy weight by November 4th.

A carload of unglazed hemp twine now ready for delivery at Carman. Fully guaranteed.
E. D. CHILDS & Co.

Arne Grundyson, alliance candidate for sheriff was in the city for a few days feeling of the public pulse. Arne is confident that the alliance ticket will make a great impression this fall.

Prof. T. Casey will be a candidate for re-election to the office of county superintendent of schools. The Professor has been a faithful official and deserves to be elected. That he will be continued in office is quite probable.

Perhaps not much of a boom, but everybody busy and business excellent is Crookston's record this summer. Not much building, but all solid, substantial brick. Every day sees farmers on the street after help in the hay fields and for harvest hands.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

For Sale Cheap.

1 No. 8 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Osborne Binder Sickles.
3 14-inch Walking Plows.
1 Tank Pump.
1 No. 11 Osborne Steel Binder.
1 steel frame Minneapolis Binder.
2 Buggies.
1 12-horse Giant Engine.
1 13-horse Russell Engine. (New.)
2 good Work Horses, weight 1,300.
2 good Work Mares, weight 1,300.
1 Fine Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

I want one good driving horse, weight not less than 1,100 lbs.

Want a good tenant for a fine farm now in crop. CHAS. M. LOWE,
The Loan Agent.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best....................$2.90
North Star.............. 2 65
Fife.................... 2 40
Skip Jack............... 1 75

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

East Grand Forks Courier:—Tuesday last a couple of men from Northwood, N. D., dropped into the sample room of the Hotel Dacotah and called for a drink each of Simon pure whiskey. They got it, and then swore out a warrant charging the bartender with unlawfully selling whiskey. Deputy Sheriff Mike O'Connor arrested the bartender, who was brought before Justice DeVoy, and held in the sum of $300 to the district court. This is the first violation of the prohibition law in Grand Forks which has received official notice.

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.
CALL AND SEE US.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Rev. Mr. Davis was down from Fosston visiting with Rev. F. B. Noyes this week.

Mrs. Barber and daughter departed for their home in Wisconsin on Tuesday evening.

Services at the Congregational church on Sunday next at the usual hours. Topic for the morning: "The story of my faith." In the evening, "Every life a Sermon."

It is said that kissing goes by favor—so does office. Hib. Palmer did big work during the last campaign and would not object to a nomination for clerk of court. Hib. is not rich in this world's goods but has every other qualification. Will he capture the bakery?

For several years St. Paul and Minneapolis have thought very favorably of being united and they have been diligently seeking a name by which to call itself when the happy deed shall have been accomplished. In view of the recent census what's the matter with Padopolis?

W. N. Godfrey was in this week buying twine for his alliance. He reports a hail storm that damaged some crops slightly. Says the crops look splendidly and promise well. No cases of blight that he has heard of. Thinks if prices are good farmers will be able to pay out pretty generally, which prospect encourages them wonderfully.

Rev. Mr. Noyes has taken hold of the church work with a vim, and if aided by all who are or should be interested he will build up the Congregational church, which, since it has had no regular pastor has suffered a sort of a decline. He seems to be the right man for the place and should receive the hearty support of all concerned. The services are fairly well attended but several more could find seats.

LINDSAY, Aug. 5, 1890.

At a meeting of the Hill River Farmers' Alliance, No. 735, held August 2d, 1890, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, A certain member of this alliance has proved himself false to the principles of this alliance, be it therefore

Resolved, That we deplore the action of him (John Petterson) as our delegate, who represented us at the Alliance County convention, in going as a delegate to the Republican County convention, and that we call the attention of the republican party to the fact that his credentials as a republican delegate were not regular and in due form (and were also contested at the convention), but were, at the instance of three men, two of whom were members of the alliance, who called a private caucus after the regular caucus had adjourned without electing any delegates; and further

Resolved, That these facts be spread on the records of this alliance, and also to have them published in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and Red River Dalen.

O. J. MATSON, Sec.

Red Lake Falls News: It is reported that the steamer Monitor, of Thief River Falls, which was plying on Red Lake, went down in a gale last week. The boat was being used for towing logs for P. & J. Meehan across the Lake to Red Lake River. A storm come up which was more than the steamer could stand and it went down a LaMcGinty, together with its whole crew. Fortunately there was only four feet of water in the place and the crew was saved.

Warren Sheaf: Thomas Cleary, a former well-known resident of the town of Angus, died at Spokane Falls, Wash., July 14th, and was buried with Masonic rites on the 16th. His death was caused by tumor of the face, a disease which more than a year ago deprived him of the strength to labor. Last November he went to Minneapolis for special treatment and for several months anxious friends were hopeful that at least the progress of the disease might be arrested and that his line of life would not so soon run out. He returned in April but it soon became evident that vitality could not long withstand the drain upon it. He gradually grew weaker until the disease wore him out. He leaves a widow and eight children to mourn the loss of a kind, faithful and loving husband and father.

Warren Sheaf: The Warren boys lost the game of base ball Wednesday through their inability to get enough scores to win. It was a very pretty exhibition from start to finish. The principal feature of the game was the phenomenal work of Walker in the box, striking out eighteen of the Crookston sluggers. Score 6 to 5 in favor of the visitors.

Wanted At Once.

A good man for farm work. Call at this office.

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl, Crookston, Minn. [14-tf]

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

Some old roosters are trying to look wise while they say: "I don't believe it will be much of a shower after all!" They better take their rubber coat along all the same.

If the democrats put up Judge Lochren for Governor and Bierman for auditor there will be fun and lots of it. But they will not do it. The masses never have the say so.

If everybody imagines that any one of the political parties has a walk away he does not read the signs of the times aright. The only one sure thing about it is that but one party can succeed.

The State Central committee was called to meet at St. Paul on Wednesday of this week to organize and map out a plan of campaign. Joel Heatwole will be chairman and Tanis Bixby, secretary.

It is said that Baxter will be the democratic nominee for Congress in the 5th District. Better so than an endorsement of Halvorson though Baxter is no doubt the strongest man they could put up.

Princeton Union:—Will Merriam be elected? Yes, we think he will be elected, but by a small majority. For there is no use of attempting to disguise the fact that this is going to be a rocky year, politically, in Minnesota.

It is said that Tim Byrnes has got back from Washington, complacently looked over the field (in Minneapolis) and now promises an old time majority for the ticket. Tim should extend his investigations a few miles into the State before he sums up the case.

The demand of the farmers is simply for a free and open wheat market. The party that will guarantee him that would secure his vote. Like everybody else, he has a personal object in this matter and he has made up his mind to vote it out on this line whatever befalls.

Mat. Cornelius is mentioned for county auditor to succeed P. J. McGuire. Mat. has had sufficient experience in that office to be a good, efficient auditor should the mantle descend on his shoulders. Mat. is not pushing his canvass to the extent of making a scramble for the office.

It is an old saying among farmers "jokes are free in harvest and threshing time." It is now harvest time, so the following little joke the farmers have on Governor Merriam is appropos The farmers say that the Governor is paying cash now but after election the Governor will be Owen.

It is said the "kids" are kicking vigorously at lack of representation in the State Central Committee. It was thought that Sam Nichols would have a place on that committee and had there been any virtue in solid substantial work he doubtless would have had. He was one of the hardest workers in the last campaign and always has a way of getting what he goes after.

A few weeks since we noticed in a Brainerd paper an account of an organization among railroad employes of an association for purposes of a political nature. It was said that the attitude of the Farmers' Alliance, demanding government control of railroads, was the occasion and that the object of the Association is to vote only for such men as are opposed to the alliance idea. THE JOURNAL is informed that a similar association has been formed in Crookston.

The Great West says that Mr. Donnelly is doing no sulking in his tent, but that his coat will come off and he will do good work for the farmers cause in the coming campaign. All who know Mr. Donnelly will be prepared to vouch for the truth of this. That Mr. Donnelly was disappointed was only natural but that he can go back in his life work is wholly unnatural and he will not do it. If the Alliance had more such friends they would be better off.

Judge Montague's distinguished services in the late republican convention, his valiant fight to have none but the Old Guards on deck, was deserving of recognition by an appointment on one committee, at least—in fact as mover of the resolution to have the chair appoint a county central committee, he was entitled to the chairmanship of that committee. But, alas, poor Yorick! He must learn to labor and to wait.

The Globe announces that Daniel Buck will not be a candidate for Governor on the democratic ticket. The democrats have the chance of a lifetime to elect a live Governor, but with their usual facility for blundering, they will miss it. The masses would like to endorse Owen, and if that should be done he would be elected, but Jim Hill and the leading democrats don't want any Owen in theirs and so, of course, he cannot be endorsed.

"To be or not to be," a candidate for clerk of court is the question that is puzzling the genial Henry Wight these days. Whether twere better to suffer the evils that do exist in an unofficial condition or by one fell swoop to end them—in the soup. Ah there's the rub. If but the nomination were equivalent to an election as in the good old days of yore, twere a simple matter but the reliance to be placed in the alliance if it should pan out a mes-alliance? Oh the pity of it? To run into the soup may be, a ridiculous Muss at least.

When a voter just naturally gets up on his ear and declares by yimminy he won't vote thus and so you might just as well accept that and begin to figure what you are going to do about it. It is always the part of wisdom to look cold facts in the face and prepare for it even though unpalatable they may be. There will be a heap of stubborn facts in the field this fall.

FIXING MATTERS UP.

Hope That the Duluth and Winnipeg Will Start Work Quickly.

Duluth Herald, July 31st.

Vice-President W. H. Fisher, of the Duluth & Winnipeg, is in the city to-day. He is still suffering from the injury to his knee received on July 4th, and is obliged to use crutches, but is again able to be about and attend to his business. In speaking of the recent trouble and the cessation of work, Mr. Fisher said that he expected to have matters arranged with satisfaction to all within the next two weeks, but meanwhile 2,000 laborers are thrown out of employment.

The track has been completed to the line of the Winnibigoshish reservation, thirteen miles west of Grand Rapids, and there they were obliged to stop on account of orders from the government. Mr. Fisher said he did not expect any trouble, and with the idea that permission had been granted to cross the reservation, had filed maps of the proposed route together with the location of stations, as required by the government.

There is no opposition on the part of the Indians themselves; on the contrary they seem anxious to have the road built and have expressed a willingness to sign a petition to that effect.

This delay will prevent the completion of the road this year as had been originally intended, but as soon as matters are arranged, the work will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

Northfield News: The farmers should not be in a hurry to part with their wheat to speculators this year. The advices are that there is a short crop in Europe and that the scarcity extends to India. The price has already advanced in Liverpool to a point higher than has been reached since 1884. From France comes the announcement that the money which was to have been used for the celebration of the fall of the Bastile, a day as important there as the Fourth of July is here, was given to farmers who lost their harvest by the excessive rainfalls. Unless all advices are at fault the American farmer will have a good wheat market.

No Virtue in False Estimates of Opposing Forces.

The Minneapolis Journal.

The Pioneer Press and other Republican organs are busy pooh-poohing the Farmers' Alliance movement in Minnesota. It is admitted that that movement is assuming alarming proportions in many other sections. In Tennessee, Texas, Arkansas, Missouri, the Carolinas, Kansas, Michigan and other states the farmers have already won victories and bid fair to upheave things generally next fall. The danger of all this is pointed out to lie in the visionary and impracticable aims of the organization, like the sub-treasury scheme. This fantastic notion that the United States shall set up receiving warehouses for all farm products, giving negotiable certificates for the same at market rates, certainly has the Alliance endorsement in a number of states. And it is, of course, an absurdity on its face.

But it happens that the Alliance platform in Minnesota deals very little with these vagaries.

That document is on the whole quite conservative. The impelling motive of the movement here lies in other causes—in matters largely local.

Further, the number of farmers who are concerned in Minnesota is considerably greater than Republican organs will admit. The nomination of Mr. Owen was a level-headed piece of business.

The alliance cut loose by that act from the Cheap John politicians, who were trying to use them for selfish purposes. The loss that may be sustained from that source will be more than offset by gains from others.

The Alliance ticket is a good one. The platform is more moderate than in many other states. And Republicans might as well face the fact that the alliance will cast a large vote next fall in Minnesota. They might as well face the further fact that if the Democrats were capable of so good politics as the indorsement of Owen's nomination their chances for success would be such as to justify most serious concern on the part of the Republicans.

There is nothing to be gained in any controversy by underestimating the strength of one's opponents.

Essential to Success.

Professor McLouth:—No trade or business can thrive which does not furnish employment more than one-quarter of the working year. The shoemaker of Lynn or the weaver of Manchester who is reduced to "half time" is in a precarious condition; what, then, could we expect of a Dakota wheat farmer who, with his teams and his tools and his lands, is reduced to less than "half time"? There is a law here as inflexible as that of gravitation. There may be rare exceptions, but they are accidental and temporary, and only go to prove the rule. Your farming must be such that when you cannot plow, or sow, or cultivate, or harvest, you can be employed with your stock; when your grain, or your roots, or your hay, or your fruit cannot grow, your cows, your sheep, and your swine shall still grow and yield their increase. This is the philosophy of thrift, and this is safe and profitable farming.

HAIL INSURANCE!

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND ACRES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.	Simon Kjelhaug,	Fosston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "	W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. Boddy	Edna "	A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "	Otto F. Buse	St. Hilaire "
C. L. Lanmon	McIntosh "	K. Rollag,	Gossen "
Owen Nelson,	McIntcsh "	W. G. Hunt,	King "
P. W. Johnson	Valley "	Walter Latta,	Buffington "

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

Farm Papers and Politics.

Farm, Stock and Home.

A few years ago rarely an agricultural paper could be found that paid any attention or devoted any space to the discussion of questions not directly pertaining to agricultural matter and methods. The accepted mission of such journals seemed to be to tell the farmers how to plow and sow, to reap and mow, and—economize; and that they could by any possibility owe a higher or broader duty to their readers probably never occurred to them. All questions that by any possibility could be made to assume a political complexion were shunned and feared as the devil is said to shun and fear holy water. The agricultural journals were all "independent in politics," but with them "independence" was synonymous with silence, and so they never raised a warning signal, nor gave a cry of admonition or caution to their readers, no matter what was being done by legislation or custom to injure the great interest they stood the theoretical champions of.

It is a pleasure to note, however, that a change is now heard in the tone of hosts of good agricultural papers; better now than ever, because they recognize that their constituents are by far the most important part of our citizens, and that none are more vitally interested in matters of public policy and governmental administration. Some of the papers yet handle very gingerly those questions which have become partisan issues, as the tariff; but such subjects as ever increasing an unequally distributed taxation, money in politics, monopolistic abuses and extortions, over-capitalization of corporations, currency coinage, grain gambling, and other correlative wrongs and abuses are handled ably, fearlessly and effectively. The agricultural press now has a splendid opportunity to mould public opinion and to influence legislation in connection with its present splendid work along the lines of practical agricultural education; and the opportunity is being embraced by very many of the oldest, most conservative and wisest representatives of the guild. There is in the changed and changing tone of such papers much to encourage farmers in their present crisis.

"Cinnamon Beans."

Farm, Stock and Home.—We understand the "cinnamon bean" fiend is abroad in the land. He has got some ordinary colored beans on which a cinnamon oil has been sprinkled. The beans "grow beautifully, yield profusely, and produce the cinnamon oil of commerce." This is the story; the price is from $20 to $40 a bushel, according to the quality bought and the gullibility of the buyer. A note can be given if desired, "payable out of the first crop of oil," but that part of the contract cuts no figure with the "innocent purchaser" of the note, who will have it in his posession a day or two after it is given. The scheme is a very gauzy one; still, with a slick talker behind it not a few victims are found. A good dog, a shot gun loaded with bird shot, or a pair of stoga boots vigorously applied are good remedies for the cinnamon bean fraud.

True Economy.

Farm, Stock and Home:—Economy does not mean to pinch and be stingy in order to grow rich in worldly possessions. It does not demand a denial of moderate luxuries and the pleasures of a comfortable existence, so that dollar upon dollar can be laid aside. That would be parsimony. One may practice strictest economy and yet have plenty and be liberal. Prudence and a judicious management of capital at hand, never making an expenditure recklessly, without reduction—this is what constitutes true economy. It is not so much the amount paid out, as for what purpose that sum, however small, has been spent. The great secret of success in practical economy lies in a careful consideration of petty expenses, and a rational distinction between what is essential and what is superfluous.

Bounty on Wheat.

Farm, Stock and Home.

An esteemed correspondent from Bay City, Mich., sends us a letter of some length in which he advocates the paying of a bounty on all exported wheat. This, he claims is the only kind of a tariff on wheat that will benefit the farmer, which is correct; and therefore he advocates it as an advantage to the farmer commensurate with the advantage to the manufacturer from the tariff on such articles as we import. In other words, if the farmer is to be benefited by a protective tariff on the stuff he raises for export it must come in the way of bounties, and in this he is unquestionably right. This correspondent, unintentionally—for he is evidently friendly to protection—admits the absurdity of the claim that our present system is of any advantage to the farmer as a seller; he also furnishes another evidence that the "times are out of joint" and that he is one of those who expect to cure the body politic by applying counter-irritants, anæsthetics or soothing lotions.

It is urged that if bounty paying to ships and sugar is right, so it is to wheat; yes, and it might be added, to beef, butter, cotton, corn, and every other agricultural product we export. But the fault in this logic lies in the fact that it is not right to pay bounties to ships and sugar. Bounty paying is a delusion at best. The money that pays them must come from productive industry, and if such industry gets it back again it is an even thing; if it does not it gets left.

There are great forces at work robbing productive industry of a large share of the fruits of the toil; those forces must be destroyed and then no thought will be given of bounty paying to agriculture. Nothing will so degrade a nation as to make a beggar of its agriculture. Let us lift from it the loads that weigh it down and it will be too proud to ask alms of anybody.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON.

[First publication Aug. 7th. 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, General Term, Aug. 4th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of T. D. Osd, administrator of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of said real estate at private sale. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Tuesday, the 23d day of September, A. D. 1890, at two o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: O. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[15-18]

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

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EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

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Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., AUGUST 7, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
8:25 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
10:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
2:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:30 a. m.	6:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave.	Arrive.
10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

The Silver Question Means The Money Question.

Northwestern Farmer and Breeder.

What is money?

It is a creature of law; its use is to facilitate the exchange of wealth; to make easy the settlement of balances in trade.

What is "barter?" It is the direct exchange of one product of labor for another product; as the giving of wheat for oats; or pounds of butter for pounds of sugar, etc., etc.

All "trade" or exchange, with the use of money, if carried out to its last explanation is nothing more or less than "barter."

Money, then is a measure of value. One dollar of "United States" money is supposed to represent the value of one day of common labor.

There can be, really, no standard of inflexible value.

Even an ounce of silver does not always represent the same value. It will at different times buy more or less of gold, wheat, coal, etc., etc.; for the value of all things vary with plenty and scarcity.

The farmer very well knows that all things which he buys or sells, have fluctuating values.

The only thing that causes a piece of silver to become "money," is the stamp of the Government.

And its value as money is because of the Government stamp, and not because of its commercial value.

For when 72 cents worth of silver is stamped "one dollar" by the United States Government, its purchasing power, and its debt paying power is 100 cents, and not 72 cents.

So when a bit of paper, worth commercially one tenth of a cent, is stamped by Government "one dollar," its purchasing power is that of 100 cents.

When money is plenty then all products are higher in price. When money is scarce, merchandise is relatively lower.

The purchasing power of wheat and other farm products is regulated in the same way, by the natural laws of supply and demand.

Money is a result of civilization. Savages and primitive people exchange their labor products directly.

Fifty years ago I lived on the "frontier." To exchange the produce of my labor for a labor product of civilization was often difficult.

If there had been plenty of silver "money," in small pieces, it would have been easy.

Silver stamped by Government is more desirable than unstamped pieces; the latter is only wealth; the former is money and wealth.

But coined or stamped silver is no better for the purpose of "money" than stamped paper, or "dollar bills."

Persons wishing to purchase silver, or gold, or wheat, or any other product of labor can always do so with United States paper money.

For several years, during and after "the war" of "61," stamped paper was the only money in circulation.

During this time a "money panic" took place in England, and so the English bankers sent over here and purchased with our greenbacks and bonds many millions of our gold coin. As the coin formed no part of our "circulation" at that time, not even a "flurry" in financial circles took place, for it did not reduce the volume of our circulating medium."

Gold or silver are never sent out of this country as "money," but only as so much merchandise, "bullion." And this bullion is always sold by weight, and not by count.

The silver producers, or silver mine owners wish the Government to purchase all the silver they may choose to offer, and have the Government issue paper certificates for it; otherwise paper dollars; or coin the silver for them, and thereby make their silver a legal tender.

The silver mine owner wishes to have a ready market for his product.

The farmer would like to have a ready market for his wheat, and has just as good a right, and just as good reasons for demanding of Government the purchase of his wheat at a dollar per bushel, as the silver miner has to demand for the Government the purchase of his silver at one dollar per ounce.

But the Government won't do that for the farmer because he is poor; but will, very likely, do it for the silver man because he is rich, and influential.

Free and unlimited coinage, without the issue of certificates is a practical purchase of the silver, for it then becomes the "money" of the people; the Government.

However there are sufficient reasons for farmers, (under the present social conditions) to oppose "the silver bill."

The effect of "free coinage" will be to increase the volume of money in the country.

The volume of money now in circulation is about 22½ dollars per individual.

To keep it at this standard, requires an increase of about 25 millions per year at present.

If this volume should be increased to 50 millions or more per annum, then merchandise, of all kinds, will advance in price; farm products, and mill products.

It will not benefit the farmer who is out of debt. It will very much benefit the farmer who is in debt, for he can pay his debts with cheaper money, or with a less number of bushels of grain.

The rich men of the East, who have loaned their money in the West, will use all their influences in Congress to defeat the increase of the currency; for they desire the interest and principal of their loans to be paid in scarce and dear money. But it should be "their turn" now to suffer, for they played the same trick on the farmer about 1876 by making the money of the country scarce and dear, by reducing the currency volume about 70 millions of dollars in one year, thus compelling farmers who had borrowed cheap money in "greenback times" to pay the debt in money having double the purchasing power. Otherwise in being compelled to give two bushels of wheat where they had agreed to give one bushel.

About 1864 money was very cheap.

A bushel of wheat in Iowa would buy 275 cents worth of "greenbacks."

The most of Iowa farms were heavily mortgaged.

The farmers easily paid off their debts with this cheap money. It ought never to have been made dearer, by law.

It is better for exchange of products, "trade," to have plenty of money in circulation. Now if the farmers wish to increase the "money" to 50 dollars per capita, instead of keeping it at 22½, let them say so, in emphatic words or deeds. But when the increase is once made it must never go backwards.

It is a cruel, unjust and wicked thing for Government to legislate for a particular "class."

HENRY S. CHASE.

St. Louis, Mo., June 13, 1890.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.......$88 44

Each year on his loan for interest....................80 00

Total yearly payments...$ 168 44

Total for ten years.........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest....................$ 100 00

At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500 00

When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00

Principal and interest paid in 5 years....................1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest....................$1000 00

Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00

Total....................$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.

[30-43]

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana. **FARM LANDS**

NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. **LOW RATES**

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. **Horses, Cattle.**

Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. **Sheep, Hogs.**

Gold and Coal. The regions tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now. **MILK RIVER.**

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance. **YOUNG MAN.**

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. **G. N. R. L.**

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Windows and Mouldings.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, oppose Wm. Anglim's residence.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE,

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.

Grind Stones 1.50 "

Milk Cans at 50 cents.

Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.

Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.

Scythe and Snath 1.25

Screen Doors at 1.00

Large stock of Mixed Paints.

Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD, CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDMOND LORANGER AND Rose A. Loranger, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 16th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 32, Township 150, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1886, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 265, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty-four dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, England, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred fifteen and 11-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited)

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 26, 1890.]

WHEREAS, BOYD P. VAN GORDON AND Olive Van Gordon, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of November 20th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northwest quarter of Section 15, Township 149, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 277; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred eighty-five and 44-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 21st, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,

Mortgagee,

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[10-16] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS TORGER OLSON AND AASINE Olson, his wife, of Polk County, Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Caroline B. Wheeler, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 7th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 152, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 135; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and the further sum of twenty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated and agreed by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrator, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum thereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the mortgagee Caroline B. Wheeler, has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred sixty-eight and 77-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pusuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

CAROLINE B. WHEELER,

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[10-16] Crookston Minn.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank.

Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1890.]

WHEREAS, LOUIS HINCE AND ANNA Hince, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of March 23d, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The fractional northeast quarter of Section 2, Township 151, Range 46 west, containing 166 and 25-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 137; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England mortgage Security Company, has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred nineteen and 18-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[10-16] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 26th, 1889.]

WHEREAS, DILEMA FRENETTE AND George Frenette, her husband, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of October 14th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1885, at 4:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book 27 of mortgages, on page 17; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty-four dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 86-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said county and State on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 2d, A. D. 1890.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,

Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

10-16] Crookston Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDREW J. BOHLEEN, AND Eva Bohleen, his wife, as Mortgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as Mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said Mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of Section One (1), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range 44 West, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres, to secure the payment of Seventy-four and Seventy-five One-hundredths Dollars ($74.75) according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in nine (9) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said Mortgagors to said Mortgagee or order; which said mortgage was, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, at five o'clock and ten minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "41" of mortgages, on pages 495 to 498 inclusive.

And whereas, The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "53" of Mortgages, on pages 366 and 367.

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Seven and Fifty One-hundredths ($7.50) Dollars, due as the second installment on said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still unpaid and due,

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said Mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said Mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable.

And whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said Mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of Sixty-three and seventy-nine One-hundredths ($63.79) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars ($25) attorneys' fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 26th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS, partners as Steenerson & McManus,

Assignees of Mortgage.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgage, Crookston, Minn. [41-17]

The National Economist.

If Mr. Windom's estimate of the amount of money in circulation be as correct as he claims it to be, it is still subject to a very material reduction on account of what has been lost, worn out, exported for recoinage, and coin converted to other uses, because he takes the gross amount coined or issued and subtracts what is in the treasury, and calls the balance in circulation. It is plain that these amounts should be subtracted in order to get the actual amount in circulation. Money melted into some other form or lost, destroyed or worn out, is not in circulation. If only an average of four million dollars per year has been withdrawn from circulation for all these purposes for the last hundred years, the gross amount now in circulation and hoarded by banks and by individuals, according to Mr. Windom's own figures, is about one billion dollars. The interest at six per cent on alien investments in the United States is now admitted by the most conservative to be not less than $250,000,000 per annum. If this be true, it will be just four years until the foreign invasion now going on in this country shall amount to a practical and complete conquest, because it will absorb every dollar of the money of this nation, and thereby control all the property, and by that means enslave the people. In the American vernacular, this contracted volume is a "soft thing" for the alien investor who contemplates conquest; and little as the common people think about it, the American plutocrat would rather see alien conquest with the establishment of an aristocracy or empire of plutocracy, than to longer strive to maintain the unjust supremacy of wealth by the expensive corruption-fund methods now forced upon him by the discontent of the "inconvenient multitude." The intelligence of the people is now the only hope.

[First publication July 24th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 18th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto O. C. Bergland, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in Crookston, in said County, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 18th day of July, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,

Judge of Probate.

114-161

U. S. L ND OFFICE.

Crookston, Minn., July 17th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, on Oct. 2d, 1890, viz: THOR HALDORSON, Hd. 11,281, for the nw¼ se¼ e½ nw¼ and lot 2, Sec. 33, Tp. 149, R 43. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harald Johnson, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn., Gulbrand Pederson, of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn., William Manton, Otto Camp, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and South-east.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON MINNESOTA

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$. 00	$1 25	$. 50	$3 00	4 50	$6 00
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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Silver Bill.

National Economist.

The Baltimore Sun, of July 14, says of the compromise silver bill, as it passed both branches of Congress, that "it is a saner measure than might have been expected of this Congress. It is foolish and unjust in that it causes the Goverment an unprofitable investment in the product of one class of mines. The Government might buy coffee or wheat or iron with as much propriety as silver." Why, then, don't the Sun say the bill is unconstitutional? It quotes with approval the speeches of men it styles statesmen, who says the Alliance sub-treasury bill is unconstitutional. But, says the Sun, the bill staves off the great folly of free silver and a depreciated currency, and for this the counrty may be thankful. Alliance men will stick a pin here. The Sun says the Government may with equal propriety buy wheat as silver, and if wheat. also the other staples named in the sub-treasury bill. If, then, the sub-treasuay bill is unconstitutional, so is the silver bill, as The Economist has always maintained. Colonel Jones, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Alabama, in what the Sun styles a manly answer to Alliance inquiries, opposes the sub-treasury bill. Yes, he does it like a man, as inexpedient, in his opinion; he does not stultify himself by saying it is unconstitutional. There are objections, and great objections, to the silver bill, and the greatest of them probably is that it "staves off" the undoing of that most villainous of financial crimes, the demonetization of money of the Constitution, as a part of a scheme of which this silver bill is also part and parcel, to wit, to make the war debt, contracted on the basis of depreciated greenbacks, payable in appreciated gold. "Staves off" is the right phrase. When the people are heard from again on the question it will be found that there is something else behind this silver movement than a silver bullion syndicate. It is, it will be found, a movement of the people, to right a mighty wrong, Senator Sherman to the contrary notwithstanding, surreptitiously put upon them. Sane or insane, this is a movement of the people, and when a matter comes before the American people they know right from wrong. Neither "force bills" nor party whips nor thongs can drive the Alliance movement from its purposes; nor can its attention be drawn away from vital questions by shouting for all sorts of so-called reforms.

Northwestern Farmer and Breeder: As an instance showing the success of creameries in the northern region the editor of the Moorhead News says of a recent visit to one at Hawley, Minn. This creamery is turning out now one thousand pounds per day and shipping the bulk of the product direct to New York city. The quantity of cream which is gathered by the drivers of the Hawley creamery was a surprise to us. They cover a wide territory and it is a section of small farmers thickly inhabited and all have cows. The enterprise promises great success and there can be no doubt whatever that it will prove advantageous to both farmers and owners as well also as to the merchants of Hawley.

Devils Lake News: Miss Edith Copeland, of Crookston, and Miss Agnes Kops, of Grand Forks, who for the past two weeks have been the guests of Miss Minnie Benham, of this city, returned to their homes last Sunday. These charming young ladies added much to the social enjoyment of the young people while here, and their departure was much regretted. They were very much pleased with the entertainment they received and promised to come again.

Farmers' Alliance.

What the Press of the Country Thinks of the New Party.

The Philadelphia Times has caught on very neatly to the drift of political affairs in this section. It says:

The ticket of the Farmers' Alliance in Minnesota promises to be a very disturbing factor in the politics of that state. The Alliance ticket is headed by S. M. Owen, Republican, for governor, and three other Republicans are on the ticket with two Democrats. Owen is editor of the Farm, Stock and Home, and Wesenburg, another Republican on the ticket, is a Swede and editor of the Duluth Scandinav, the organ of the large Swede population in the state, all of which is Republican.

The Alliance movement in Minnesota, with an organized vote of nearly 40,000, and many other thousands sympathizing with it, is certain to hold the balance of bower between the old parties, and a general uptumbling of politics in that state may be expected, not only in state officers but in congressman and the legislature. It looks as if there would not be any supporters of the McKinley bill returned to congress in Minnesota.

The New York Times is responsible for the following: "It is charged against the Farmers' Alliance of Alabama that it has been the cause of the 'decline and fall off' of the Hardshell Baptist church in Alabama. This church opposed the Alliance and fought it tooth and nail, acting in accordance with its general doctrine that secret societies are the invention of the devil. The farmers were given their choice between Alliance and excommunication on the one hand, and no Alliance and communion with the saints on the other hand. Being of the earth, earthy, they generally cleaved to the Alliance."

The Oshkosh Times says: "The Minnesota farmers have decided that it does not pay them to put mortgages on their farms to enable them to pay high protective duties on the clothes they wear and the utensils they use. In pursuance of this idea they propose electing state officers to look out for their own interests and not to be driven by a tariff scare to look out for the interests of a few protected monopolies and a few selfish politicians at the expense of the farmers."

The Detroit Free Press looks at it in this light:

The denunciation of the McKinley bill by the Minnesota farmers is a vigorous piece of work; and coming as it does from a state where the Republican majority is due to the agricultural vote, it ought to have some effect in checking the demand that the bill in question be passed as a party measure. The Pioneer Press, of St. Paul, has been telling the party leaders as plainly as it could without putting the statement into words, that the passage of the bill would imperil the party's hold on Minnesota, but the leaders have sneered at the suggestion as unworthy of attention. Perhaps they may pay more heed to it now that it has been voiced by the most numerous and important part of their constituency in the state.

The complaint of the farmers that the war tariff discriminates against them is a general one, but it might easily have been given with a bill of particulars. The Massachusetts labor bureau, in its latest issue, has furnished such a bill, which the Minnesota farmers and all others interested would do well to read. The volume, like all those issued by the Massachusetts bureau, has been carefully prepared and is unquestionably trustworthy. Although compiled under the direction of Republican officials, it is apparently free from partisan bias. It certainly furnishes a mass of facts which make very strongly against the protection policy of the Republican party.

Ottawa Journal:—The farmer does not want the earth, but he does want a living show upon it. In order to have it, the board of trade must go down, railroad monopolists be taught that there are other people in this country as powerful as they, the government so adjust the tariff that all are equally protected and also pass the loan bill. With such help as this the farmer would get on his feet once more and hard times be a thing of the past.

A great many of the farmers about here have been "settling up" with the holders of their mortgages. They deed their property for the face of their debt, and receive a contract from the mortgage holder to redeed to them within a given time on payment of the original debt, with cost and interest added—provided the property has not been sold before the expiration of the time named in the contract. We know of eleven farmers in one township which have been deeded in this way.

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CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
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On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

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RAILROAD.

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Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and South-east.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

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FARM LANDS. Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.

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LO RATES. Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Horses, Cattle. Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.

Health, Wealth. In Montana. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sheep, Hogs. Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.

Gold and Coal. The regions tributary to the Great Northern Ry. line in Montana produce all the precious and baser metals. New towns and railways are being built.

MILK RIVER. Go to the Great Reservation of Montana and get a good free homestead. Low rates and Free Sleepers on Great Northern R'y Line. Go now.

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stockraisers. Now is the time.

YOUNG MAN. Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance.

GREAT FALLS. Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.

G. N. R. L. The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.

{First publication Aug. 7th. 1890.}

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, General Term, Aug. 4th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of T. D. Ose, administrator of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of said real estate at private sale. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration; and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Tuesday, the 23d day of September, A. D. 1890, at two o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.
[16-18]

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Why not Living and Steady Prices?

The Prairie Farmer.

There is just now great depression in business, compared to what it should be, and it seems to the writer all on account of the low prices given to farmers for their productions. We believe that no man can say truthfully that such is not the fact.

What is to be done to rectify this state of things? First of all, compensatory prices for farm products. Add to nearly all of them 50 per cent. Some may be a little lower, but the most of them should be a greater per cent. Wheat and its flour should be based on 2 cents a pound, or $1,20 a bushel. Corn should bring, at St Louis, and all Mississippi ports, one cent a pound or 56 cents a bushel. Oats 1 3-8, or 40 cents a bushel. At Chicago wheat as above; corn 60 cents: Oats 45; other grains in proportion. Cattle on foot, 4 cents the lowest and 7 cents the very best. Hogs on foot, 5½ cents the lowest and 6½ cents the very best. Hay $10 and $12 per ton.

These prices should be from year's end, to year's end, and should provide for all other things; one steady fixed price for everything, to farmers. the transporter's profits to middle-men and others, can be approximately established by first of all finding what is just, and then strictly live up to it.

Let the above prices be given for the products named, with other things in proportion to them, and there will be prosperity—such as has not been of late; and asking of reductions by railways for cartage will not be heard.

The crop prospects of 1890, from reports of all papers coming to hand, are not of the most flattering kind. Therefore it behooves the farmer to be wise and not sell or offer for sale anything for some time. Keep your products for a while, till wanted at prices approximating those above named. Let that now gone forward be used up before selling. Don't be in any hurry about threshing, but if you are, store your grain at home, or in your nearest elevator. Better stack your grain, and be in no hurry.

The enhancement of farm products to prices named will not greatly raise the price to consumers, and will give middle-men a reasonable reward for time and use of capital in their business, if the advice were taken out of them.

Monopolies, big syndicates and big factories should be controlled; and a greater number of smaller cities and manufacturing establishment established nearer to the farmer would be found more profitable to every one. Transportation charges are low enough, but the price of that to be carred, is what is wanted.

The Prairie Farmer certainly can be profited by the advocacy of this sort of thing for the farmers and others; so can all other agricultural journals, the great metropolitan daily papers and especially the country weeklies.

Try this plan, gentlemen, for a while, and see if an old farmer's predictions do not come true.

J. M. GALE.

COMMUNICATED.

I have had an occasion to look over the minutes in full of our County Board of Equalization a part of which is published in this issue and from its columns of figures and body of writing I should judge that the Board has been very painstaking in adjusting the valuation of the property on a basis that will cause all concerned to share in an even measure the burden of taxation.

It matters very little to a community whether the valuation of their property is placed high or low, when such corporate communities under our present state of government are obliged to raise money for public good by taking their property—that it depends in the equality of taxation to bring about an even and just taxation. A placing of a high value of our property necessarily lowers the rate of taxation or vice versa a low valuation creates a high rate of levy, but the result is nevertheless the same. For such reason I pay no more taxes on the value at $10.00 per acre than I do at $1.00 per acre—not a bit more. So when we complain of high taxes we should not necessarily blame the Assessor the town or County Board, but rather ourselves because we are the ones that has pluged our towns and School Districts into such a heavy debt—a fact which we never trouble ourselves to think of when we are called to pay tribute to our public institutions.

Look for instance at the expenditures that most of our loans have made. Every town managed to acquire possession of a grader regardless of its utility, and the consequence was a $1000 Bond. As the towns most generally never possessed the sufficient number of horses to run a grader, the next step was to give another mortgage on the town, for the purpose of making some impossible ridges—known as highways—creating a nuisance and an obstruction to the natural flowage of the water etc.

I know of towns which are bonded for from 5 to 8000 dollars bearing 10 per cent for 20 years causing a yearly interest of 5 to 800 dollars for the town to pay.

Again, as we go along we are steadily increasing in numbers as the late census will prove to you, and although the absence of a crop was redeemed by a corresponding increase in our families and school houses and school madams—even in the most sparsely settled localities, was a necessity to bring about the education of our rising generation; it is but natural that the taxes—particularly in the new organized localities have been on the rise and unavoidable be so if we think we can afford to make use of the best commodities and obtain the best of results.

A FARMER.

It Looks Like Business

LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES ETC. ETC. ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARRANTEED. AT BOTTOM PRICES.

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware,

CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

Hail, Tornado and Cyclone Insurance

THE MINNESOTA

Alliance Storm Association

The Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, organized April 21st, 1890, is now in the field ready to insure crops against loss or damage from Hail, and detached farm buildings against loss or damage from Cyclones. This Company is made up exclusively of members of the Alliance and practical farmers. Its officers are as follows:

President—DAVID P. LISTER, Lac qui Parle, Minn
Vice President—HARVEY E. COOKE, Crookston, "
Secretary—ROBERT ECKFORD, Dexter, "
Treasurer—H. P. BJORGE, (Treas. of the State Alliance), Underwood, "

Its Board of Managers is as follows:

DAVID P. LISTER, Lac qui Parle, Minn.
HARVEY E. COOKE, Crookston, "
ROBERT ECKFORD, Dexter, "
H. P. BJORGE, Underwood, "
HAMLIN V. POORE, Bird Island, "
A. L. STROMBERG, Forest Lake, "
IGNATIUS DONNELLY, Hastings, "
JOHN LATHROP, Dawson, "
HENRY PLOWMAN, Luce, "
SETH BOTTOMLEY, Nashville Center, "
HANS B. IMSDAHL, Big Woods, "

Among these gentlemen, out of eleven managers, six are members of the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance; the President of the Association is Vice President of the State Farmers' Alliance, and the Secretary was the former Superintendent of Insurance of the State Alliance.

We promise the farmers honest treatment, an economical administration and prompt settlement of all losses. A full report of this Association will be made to the State Alliance at each annual meeting.

ROBERT ECKFORD, Secretary. DAVID P. LISTER, President.

Agents Wanted in Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties. Apply to H. E. Cooke, Crookston, Polk Co., Minn.

Those Farm Mortgages.

The Western Rural.

The farm mortgage question bobs up in one shape or another nearly all the time. At one time an editor with a great head on his shoulders solemnly states his belief that these mortgages principally represent purchase money, and that therefore—inferentially—they are not worth considering. Unfortunately a farm mortgage is a mortgage whether it represents purchase money, a new team or a rum bill. There may be room to find fault with the cause of a mortgage, but so far as the mortgage itself is concerned, there it is, firm as a rock, exacting as a Shylock and sleepless as the sun. If it represents a rum bill, the chances are that it never will be paid, under the most favorable conditions, unless the owner of the farm ceased his friendship for the bar room. But if it represents anything else, purchase money, teams, machinery or clothing, it ought to be paid. That is the mortgagor ought to be able to pay it sometime, if he is a reasonably judicious manager. But what we complain of is the condition that utterly prevents the vast majority of mortgagors from lifting the mortgages on their farm. Nobody can relieve his farm of a mortgage indebtedness if he has no bank account, and is scarcely making enough from his business to support his family. He certainly cannot do it if he is actually running behind every year.

Then will come another editor who will declare that the aggregate of farm mortgage indebtedness is small as compared to the value of farms in a given State. That is poor comfort to the man whose farm is mortgaged and who cannot get money enough to pay it. There may be twenty farms in a section of country that are worth in the aggregate say $100,000. Ten of them, worth $50,000, may be unencumbered. Five, worth $25,000, may each be mortgaged for $1,000. Five others, worth $25,000, may each be mortgaged for $4,000. Here is a mortgage indebtedness of only $25,000 among a lot of farms that are worth $100,000. But what signifies that to the men whose farms are mortgaged for nearly all they are worth. They have expended upon these farms one, two, or five years work, perhaps and if they have been judicious they ought to have an opportunity to clear their farms of the burden. Have they that opportunity? No, and never will have while railroads and monopolis and combines are permitted to rob the farmer right and left. If he does not grow a crop, of course he has nothing to sell. If he does grow a crop, he cannot get anything for it. In a visit to Michigan, the other day, a gentleman said to us that he could go into the country and buy hay for anything he had a mind to pay. There is plenty of hay and no market. the wheat crop will be excellent, and now we may look for low prices. If all this were legitimate we would make no complaint. If there is any good substantial reason why a farmer should be in his present unprosperous condition, we will recognize the fact. But we know and every intelligent man knows, that the lack of agricultural prosperity is largely traceable to conditions outside of himself and outside of legitimate causes. Nobody is finding fault with the fact that there are farm mortgages. But every thinking man is finding fault with the unjust condition of affairs that makes it impossible to pay these mortgages.

Just now an Eastern paper is rejoicing over the alleged fact that the enumerators of the census in Maine have found that there is no such number of farm mortgages as has been alleged. We should not suppose that Maine farms would be plastered with mortgages to any great thickness, for the money loaning Shylocks of the East can get a good deal better interest on Western farm mortgages, and they send their cash out here for investment. Whatever the mortgage indebtedness of Maine farms may be, we have plenty of it out here, and it is crushing the life out of some of the best men in the world.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security.

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
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Geo. Q. Erskine, R. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller,
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby,
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., AUGUST 14, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 88.
1 Northern 85.
2 Northern 80.
3 Northern 78.

Walter Lee Sundayed at the lake.

Hon. H. Steenerson went to St. Paul last week.

No injury from frost as yet, because why, no frost.

Al. Kaiser spent a few days in the city last week.

Frank Hertz, of Tacoma was in the city on Tuesday.

Sam. Rosenthal sent his family out to the lake on Tuesday.

Last week men were in great demand for the harvest field.

Alderman and Mrs. I. U. Jennings rode up to Euclid on Monday.

If you are looking for work come to Crookston. Lots of men wanted.

A lot of new threshing machines arrived this week for McKinnon Bros.

Mrs. John Hart, who has been very sick for a week or so, is convalescent.

Heavy rains on Monday night. Just what potatoes need to help them out.

Wheat took an upward whirl of four cents on Tuesday reaching 88 cents for 1 Hard.

The sewer is completed to Broadway and hurrying along on the home stretch.

On Monday Bjoin & Austin took up their sidewalk preparatory to putting up the new brick block.

Every sample of wheat we have seen this fall shows No. 1 Hard. The yield will not be large, however.

Work on the new N. P. depot is being pushed right lively. Henry Nolan is at the helm, which means business.

Ed. Walsh moved his house on Fletcher down to Ash street. It is the house that Geo. McDonald used to live in.

Comrades Fontaine and Larock will be the only representatives from Col. Cobham Post at the Boston re-union.

With good weather hundreds of acres of wheat will go into shock this week. Appearances indicate a good opening price.

Bert and Mrs. Bivins and Miss Cora went out to the lake last Saturday. Bert returned on Monday leaving the ladies for a few days enjoyment.

The game between Grand Forks and Crookston advertised for Wednesday failed to materialize owing to the fact that G. F. failed to show up.

Rev. Gerberding, of Fargo, will conduct services at the Scandinavian Lutheral church on Sabbath next at the usual hours, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Ed. Walsh says the report of his new brick block is the largest kind of a fake. He has no intention of building this summer, what he may do next is a question.

The Misses Celia and Anna Cromb accompanied the Misses Hartshorn on their return to their home in Minneapolis from a pleasant visit with old friends in this city.

Moe & Buhn have the new steamer at Date's Landing for the use of pleasure parties. M. & B. are sparing no pains or expense to render their guests comfortable and happy.

Lots of hay on the market these days. Sells for about what you can get with no regular established price. Appearances indicate that hay will bring a good price before another season.

H. W. Bowman and wife, of Berlin, Ont., arrived on Saturday last on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. John Ziegler. They are out to Maple Lake this week. Upon their return Mr. and Mrs. Bownan will go to Rochester to visit friends there.

Grand Forks has always rather prided herself upon her high-toned entertainments. Last Saturday night her citizens paid 50 cents apiece to see a fight to a finish between a bull dog and a wild cat. After a ferocious combat the cat yielded the point and its life.

Reports of great damage to wheat by frost come from Manitoba. The crops there were not as far advanced as ours. It is said that a severe frost singed crops in the vicinity of the Turtle Mountains, N. D. A few more days will place our wheat beyond the danger of frosts.

Since his arrival from Battle Creek Hugh Thompson does not get away from Fisher, preferring to remain quietly at home until his health is fully established. This is wise, for, although he is doing nicely, he is obliged to exercise much care least a relapse should set in. A. D. Stephens and other Crookston friends go down frequently to see and cheer him up.

Last week, being hurried with his haying, Peter Cornelius consented to allow his little daughter to try her hand at raking hay. A steady team was given her and she got along nicely until one of the horses took fright at something and started to run. The girl was thrown off in front of the rake and rolled about promiscuously for a few minutes, but but fortunately received no serious injury beyond a large sized scare. The pole of the rake was broken and one of the horses got a bad cut in the foot from a rake tooth, which will lay it off for awhile.

The Herald says that C. DeBruyn Kops, who has been quite ill, is convalescent.

Miss Edith Copeland has gone to St. Paul to visit friends and relatives in the saintly city.

The Democratic committee met on Tuesday evening and issued a call for their convention on Sept. 3d.

The work of laying rails on the new road was nearly completed on Tuesday only a rod or two remaining.

From all accounts the potato crop will be a light one. The farmer who has a large crop to sell has a bonanza.

The Episcopal Sunday School picniced at the bridge six miles east of the city on Friday. A grand good time is reported.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings has rented a portion of Mr. Jorgenson's store on Robert Street and moved her millinery establishment therein.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

R. A. Wilkinson was up from St. Paul on Tuesday. Speaking of politics Wilk says he don't care a continental darn which way the toad jumps.

Hon. H. Steenerson spent the day, Monday, at Detroit and Oak Lake, in Becker County, on his way home from St. Paul, arriving on Tuesday morning.

The second carload of that damaged twine from the burned warehouse in Minneapolis did not go off so rapidly as the first but it got there just the same.

C. Snyder reports 53 acres of wheat in shock on Saturday last. Says he has the boss crop this year. All the wheat in that neighborhood is reported to be extra.

The powers that be acted upon our suggestion last week in so far as cleaning up the hay market is concerned. Now, if they would order its removal they would do a better thing.

Tom Adams talks of going west soon with a view to locating. Tom is one of the best engineers on the old pioneer line and the boys would all hate to see him go.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe'. New goods arriving every week. [14-27s

Owing to ill health, I. E. Baker has resigned his position as head miller of the La Grange mills, Red Wing, and will go on the road as agent for mill machinery. He expects to visit Crookston this fall.

Rev. F. B. Noyes, went to Iowa last week to visit a former parish and Rev. S. H. Barteau supplied the pulpit at the Congregational church on Sabbath day. He is expected back by the coming sabbath.

Directly the festive wheat buyer will be on the market trying to make you think that No. 1 Hard wheat of yours is only No. 3 Northern. The best way will be to ship it yourself. Then, at least, you will get all "the system" will allow you.

The scarcity of corn will have a tendency to boom the price of wheat. Moreover it will help the cattle market of the future as the lack of corn is sending thousands of cattle to the block. It looks like the dawn of a prosperous era for farmers was at hand.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

Pete Bouchemin was down from Argyle last week visiting friends and relatives. Pete is making preparations to go to South Bend, Washington, where he has secured a situation in a real estate office at a good salary. Pete will leave hosts of friends in the "Ould Dart" who will all the time do be wishin him lots of luck.

Red Lake Falls News:—J. W. Howes denies in the Crookston Times that his steamer Monitor went down in Red Lake as we stated in a previous issue. No one would make the correction more cheerfully than the News and we are glad to know the rumor we heard was not authentic. We gave the details as they came to us.

C. J. Kops was over from Grand Forks last week rustling in the interest of Kops Bros. This firm sells more musical instruments in the Northwest than any other concern, because why they are a jolly lot and moreover they make it an object for all who want goods in their line to deal with them. Write them for particulars, at Grand Forks, N. D.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

Prof. Casey was notified on Monday to be on the look out for a 15 year old son of W. C. Nash of East Grand Forks. The lad had signed the declaration of independence and gone forth into the cold cold world in quest of fortune and of fame; so, of course W. C. inferred the boy had gone to Crookston. He was right about that and his letter to the Prof. resulted in the capture of the boy, who had began to weary with fortuneseeking. When the evening freight for the west arrived on Monday the boy mounted a box car and started for home astride a brake wheel. He had been figuring upon a trip to Montana but wisely deferred it until some more convenient season.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

Tom Erwin declines to run upon the Prohib-Alliance ticket in a letter to the Fisher Bulletin in which he says:

FISHER, Aug. 5, 1890.

To the Editor:—I have been apprised of the action taken by the Prohibition-Alliance convention in naming me as a candidate for the legislature from this district, and have had the matter under consideration for some time. It seems that our Farmers' Alliance in this county has allowed itself to be controlled by the prohibition party and that element appears to have dictated the policy of the Alliance. Why or how the Farmers Alliance in this county has allowed a mere handful of prohibitionists to obtain control of their organization, I am at a loss to know. It would seem to me, that there are several questions of greater moment to us farmers, than the prohibition question, and which the farmers desire settled as speedily as possible, without intervening this prohibition question. If the prohibitory legislation contemplated is introduced in the next legislature, it will undoubtedly precipitate a very bitter fight, which will retard the progress of the more urgent legislation demanded by the farmers of this section of the state.

Being a farmer myself, I am of course deeply interested in every measure tending to better the agricultural interests of our county, and while I am ever ready to further such interests to the best of my ability, and am deeply sensible of the compliment implied by tendering me the nomination to that high office, yet, I am convinced that the action taken by the Alliance, will not tend to promote the aim desired by its membership generally, and am therefore compelled to decline the nomination to said office.

THOMAS ERWIN.

Kittson County Enterprise: Mr. Wm. Keiver has this week purchased of Ed. H. Love a full blood Holstein-Freisian heifer calf, which is as handsome a speciman of that breed as is often found. The mother is of the Aggie family and is one of the greatest two year old milkers we have seen: The sire Mooie 2nd is of a great milking family which makes a strong combine for both milk and butter. Mr. Keiver is to be congratulated on his purchase.

Heron Lake News:—In placing Hon. P. J. McGuire, of Crookston, on the state ticket the Republicans of Minnesota made no mistake. He is one of the brightest young men in the state, and his popularity will add strength to the ticket. The News is pleased to see the section and the nationality he represents recognized by the Republicans.

St. Paul Globe: Hon. Halvor Steenerson, of Crookston, is registered at the Merchants'. His large law business is occupying so much of his time at present that Mr. Steenerson declares that he has no time to think of, much less talk, politics. Owing to the fact that Mr. Steenerson's acquaintance and practice is confined principally to Northern Minnesota and North Dakota, few people in this section of the state know much about his education and ability. Last evening one of the best lawyers in St. Paul pointed down the lobby of the Merchants' to Mr. Steenerson and said: "There sits one of the ablest lawyers in this state. Few people down here are aware of his ability as a lawyer and know of him only as a politician. He is one of the hardest working men in the profession in the state, and is rapidly making both a name and a fortune."

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.

MOE & BUHN.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

For Sale Cheap.

1 No. 8 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.
2 No. 11 Osborne Binder Sickles.
8 14-inch Walking Plows.
1 Tank Pump.
1 No. 11 Osborne Steel Binder.
1 steel frame Minneapolis Binder.
2 Buggies.
1 12-horse Giant Engine.
1 18-horse Russell Engine. (New.)
2 good Work Horses, weight 1,800.
2 good Work Mares, weight 1,800.
1 Fine Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

I want one good driving horse, weight not less than 1,100 lbs.

Want a good tenant for a fine farm now in crop.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
The Loan Agent.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl, Crookston, Minn. [14-tf]

Great Remnant Sale !

REMNANTS.
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Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of
BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

A carload of unglazed hemp twine now ready for delivery at Carman. Fully guaranteed.

E. D. CHILDS & Co.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

Wanted At Once.

A good man for farm work. Call at this office.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best	$2.90
North Star	2 65
Fife	2 40
Skip Jack	1 75

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston Post Office for the week ending August 9th, 1890. Persons calling for any of these letters will please say "advertised."

Beaudin, John	Johnson, Miss Eva
Cooper, Miss Minnie	Malone, Michael—2
Hauenstein, Miss Nellie	McLerry, Dave

WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Aug. 9, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on Sept. 30th, 1890, viz: FRANCOIS PAGE, D. S. 10,689, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Benoit, Fortuna Benoit, Pierre Dulude and Leon Charron, all of Gentilly, Polk County, Minn.

[17-22] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn

CARLETON COLLEGE,
NORTHFIELD, MINN.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 10, 1890.
THE COURSES ARE
Classical, Literary, Scientific, English Academy and Musical,

Besides Preparatory and Post-Graduate studies Instruction given in Drawing and Painting.
Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy.
Extensive Chemical and Biological Laboratories.
Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
For catalogues and circulars address,
[13-16] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist

Slight Ructon in the Fifth District.

Moorhead News.

So far as Clay county and Moorhead are directly concerned the fact that Congressman Comstock's residence is therein has been a positive disadvantage to them. Every other locality at once howls if Moorhead requests for a political favor, that it has the congressman, and our mouths are at once stopped and our demands withdrawn. The News does not say this in a spirit of complaining, but for the purpose of contrasting the disloyalty of St. Louis county's delegates whose locality has been so much benefitted by Mr. Comstock's services, to the loyality of Clay's delegates whose locality has received nothing at his hand so far as the News has been able to discern.

Well, it will be a consolation to see how lonesome the St. Louis delegates will be in the Little Falls convention, when they flock all by themselves and the delegates of all the other twenty-seven counties will be set over against them on the other side of the hall—every one a Comstock man..

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞ Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - Minn.
Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.
CALL AND SEE US.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

State Auditor Braden.

His Tenure of Office at the Capitol Depends Upon the Time he may be wanted by the Great Northern.

St. Paul Dispatch.

State Auditor Braden has returned from making a short visit in Fillmore county. He had his usual cordial greeting this morning for the reporters, and, in answer to an inquiry of the Dispatch representative in reference to his tendering his resignation at an early date, he replied: "At present I am not able to tell what I will do. I may serve out my term or I may hold my office only until my successor is selected. I should not think of resigning before that time. My successor could then be appointed and take office at once."

The auditor's resigning depends upon how soon his relationship with the Great Northern road will demand it. He said he was going with this road, but he was not prepared to state what position he would take.

CHICAGO, special to Minneapolis Journal, Aug. 11:—Melville E. Stone's return from Europe has given rise to an interesting bit of gossip. It is rumored in certain quarters that Mr. Stone is at the head of a syndicate which has in view the publication of penny morning newspapers in seven of the largest cities of the United States. Mr. Stone is an ardent admirer of Grover Cleveland. The story is that he and other gentlemen have agreed to subscribe $2,000,000 toward making the enterprise a success. Mr. Stone's head quarters, it is said, will be in New York, and he will have associates in each of the cities where the Cleveland penny papers are to be published. It is proposed to publish these papers in New York, Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia, Washington, St. Louis and Cincinnati. It is intended that each one of these cities shall have a morning publication that will be devoted entirely to advancing the political aims of Grover Cleveland.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIG OF THE BIG 1JUN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN

A Grand Old Man.

Despite the slights and slurs and insults put upon him by those who should be his warmest friends, Ignatius Donnelly declares his intention to take the field in behalf of the Alliance ticket. Verily, his patience is sublime.

The Farmers' Friend.

The Pioneer Press just now is crying down the grade of wheat, trying to make out that there will be no No. 1 Hard wheat to speak of in the Red River Valley. The only effect this can have will be to depress the price of wheat. The facts are that while the yield will not be large, the grade will be of the very best, as a rule. We have examined hundreds of samples and have yet to see the first sample of off grade wheat that the Pioneer Press tells about.

Consistency.

Jim Baker, who was raised upon the milk of the government cow, is the Alliance candidate for Congress in the Second district. At the March meeting of the State Alliance it will be remembered that Jim climbed to the top of his eloquent voice in opposition to the sub-treasury bill, a plan that would do more good for the agricultural interests than any other yet suggested, and now the farmers in the Second district say that they want him to go to Washington where he can do more to kill the measure than he ever could at home. Jim is one of those kind of farmers (?) who are terribly afraid of doing something "impractical" in their efforts to secure relief—something so very "impractical" that railroad and elevator men cannot endorse. He seems to think that farmers must devise measures that will protect, not only their own interests, but also those of the rest of mankind. Now, he would be a daisy to go to Congress and rare and rage around like a bull in a China shop against the sub-treasury-bill, wouldn't he?

A Tribute From Abroad.

The Press, of Pueblo, Colorado, says:

Mr. Ignatius Donnelly played a magnanimous as well as an important part in the convention of the Farmer's Alliance in Minnesota a few days ago. On the first ballots he led as a candidate for the nomination for governor, and withdrew his name on the ground that some of the leading members of the organization were hostile to him, and he did not think if nominated he could poll as large a vote as some other candidate could. His ground was so well taken that his leading opponent felt constrained to also withdraw from the contest, with the result of giving the nomination to a new man and one whom is supposed has no personal enemies. Mr. Donnelly is a brilliant man and as scholarly as he is brilliant. He rises immensely above the ordinary mob of place seeking politicians, and acting on the impulses of their small natures the mob have combined to ridicule, defame and destroy him. They are unable to appreciate his scholarship his oratory and his genius, but feel he is different from them, and that his wide sweep of thought and splendid powers of rhetoric are a reflection upon them. His strength is his weakness in a political sense, and his eminence above his fellows the cause of his ill-success.

The Kittson County Enterprise speaks about the failure of the alliance in that county to get twine as an evidence that the alliance movement is a failure. One swallow does not make a spring, neighbor, and one failure does not prove that the alliance as a business movement is a failure. This is the first instance of the kind we have heard of and from what the Enterprise says we should judge that the agents were more to be blamed than any one else. We know that the alliance has been the means of cheapening twine in this county as well as to get the price of binders down $45 or $50 each, to say nothing of other machinery and other things. That they have made mistakes is only natural and we believe that those very mistakes will have a tendency rather to draw them closer together than otherwise. As to the experiment of forming an independent party the coming campaign will no doubt show the fallacy of that method and demonstrate the proper course to be pursued hereafter; but that the alliance will be wrecked we do not believe any more than we believe other business organizations will be wrecked. Why should it? Are not the same vital interests at stake as though no errors had been committed? Is it not the fact that mankind has generally had to learn by experience more than in any other way? The Enterprise states a very strong reason why the Farmers' Alliance should grow stronger instead of weaker, in an item in which it says: "On Monday a carload of machinery was received by Westerson & Johnson from Chicago. The freight from Chicago to Minnesota transfer was $39.87, and from there to Hallock it was $98.49." Watered stock is all that ails that freight bill and that is one of the things against which the farmer is kicking. At present it does not look as though that question would be settled and until it is the Farmers' Alliance will have a mission to fulfill. Never before have the farmers been so fully alive to their interests and they must not be discouraged if they do happen to make a few mistakes. It would be singular if they did not but in the end what they seek—a free and open market—will be accomplished and by themselves. There is no one else so vitally interested and they must do the work themselves and they will do it never fear.

John Boyle O'Reilly, the famous Irish poet and patriot, died suddenly at Nantasket, Mass., on Sunday morning. He was subject to insomnia and it is said that his death was due to an over-dose of chloral.

John Boyle O'Reilly was born at Castle Dowth, County Heath, Ireland, June 28, 1844. His father, William O'Reilly, was a distinguished mathematician and scholar. John received his education from his father. In 1863 he was a compositor on an English journal, but gave up his position to return to Ireland, where he enlisted in the Tenth Hussars, his intention being to spread republican principles among the men. The government discovered the insurrectionary movement on June 27, 1866. He was convicted on a charge of high treason and transported to West Australia to serve a term of twenty years. February 28, 1869, he escaped on a New Bedford whaler and was taken to Philadelphia. In 1870 he came to Boston, where he has been working on the Pilot ever since.

WHAT THE BOYS SAY.

CLASS LEGISLATION.

Alexandria Post: The Farmers' Alliance has been called, perhaps rightly, a class party. The Post takes a position different from other papers on this subject when it says that all parties are class parties after a time, if not from the beginning. What is a party that favors the tariff except a class party, the manufacturing class? What was a party that favored extension of the territory of slavery except a class party? Why should it be considered a sneer to say class party when the term is applied to the majority of the people asking for relief from a few who have legislative power and use it for class legislation?

NOT TRYING TO SAVE THE PARTY.

Montevideo Leader: There was a large degree of harmony observable in the Republican State Convention, and the ticket nominated is declared to be a strong one. However, it is evident that there will be a good deal of independent thinking and possibly a considerable amount of independent voting this year. The issues are not fully made up, as yet, and the voters are too busy just now "saving the crop" to devote a large amount of attention to saving the party.

BOODLEISM DOOMED.

Spring Valley Vidette: Quayism in Pennsylvania and boodleism in Minnesota appear to be doomed. Sidney M. Owen, the Alliance candidate for Governor of Minnesota, fought for the flag in the Union army, and the 25,000 G. A. R. boys in the state can elect Comrade Owen Governor if they will pull together. The time has arrived in our state history when manhood must assert its sway, or be lost, and lost forever.

A VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN.

Little Falls Herald: Although the Merriam organs all over the state say that the Farmers' Alliance will not cut any figure whatever in Minnesota politics this year, and that the party is about to break up, the Alliance Central Committee met in St. Paul this week and made extensive preparations for waging a vigorous campaign against the man who was "born in a bank."

FRIENDLY TO JOEL.

Midway News: The suggestion of Mr. Heatwole's name in connection with the United States Senatorship has brought out much comment from the state press, most of which is of an exceedingly friendly nature, but some who are opposed to Mr. Merriam in state politics strive to work that gentleman injury by seeking to array the friends of Mr. Davis against him.

MUD SLINGING WILL NOT WIN.

Pipestone Star: A campaign of abuse and mud slinging will not win this year. The people are now studying their own interests instead of the interests of one office-seeker over another. There may be some who will not awaken to a realization of this fact until it is too late.

A NEW NATIONAL PARTY.

Windom Citizen: That the Alliance may be the initial movement in the formation of a new national party, which may materially change the aspect of the old parties, as did the old anti-slavery movement, in the formation of the Republican party—is among the possibilities.

DEMAGOGUES TO THE REAR.

Verndale Journal: Any attempt at political dictation this year should be heartily discouraged by every citizen. The voters will do their own thinking, and political demagogues may take a back seat.

ENTHUSIASM LACKING.

Anoka Herald: The state ticket seems to be well received by the newspaper fraternity. The element of enthusiasm is lacking, however. It may develope before election.

The Condition of Crops.

The Average of the Cereals as Reported by the Agricultural Department.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—There was a reduction of the condition of all cereals as reported by the statistician of the department of agriculture. The decline from the first of July to the first of August is from 93.1 to 73.3 in corn; from 94.4 to 83.2 in spring wheat; from 81.6 to 70.1 in oats; from 88.8 to 82.8 in barley. The condition of potatoes is reduced from 91.7 to 77.4. A fall of twenty points indicates the disaster which has befallen the corn crop within thirty days. The cause is the abnormally high temperature of central maize districts, with an insufficiency of rain fall. Returns of drouth which cover a broad area, and severity of effects produced, are more general and depressing than the signal service record of temperature appears to indicate. One factor in the blighting of vegetation is evidently the hot winds that have scorched the lower basin of the Missouri valley and Ohio valley. The change from drought to daily saturation by repeated and heavy showers has been too sudden and extreme in those regions where the drought has been relieved by seasons of moisture.

Iowa and Nebraska are nearly in the status of the Ohio valley, while Minnesota makes the highest average of all the states. Wisconsin suffers slightly and Michigan still more from drought. There has been considerable reduction in the condition of spring wheat, amounting to fully eleven points. It is less in the Dakotas than in other spring wheat districts. The average of the condition is 80 in Wisconsin, 80 in Minnesota, 87 in Iowa, 71 in Nebraska, and 88 in the Dakotas. The latter is a decline of seven points, owing to hot southern winds, which affected late sown more than early. The oat crop is certain to be one of a very low yield, and probably poor quality. Another crop of great importance, potatoes, has also been much damaged by drought. A low rate of yield is certain.

The editor of the Waseca Radical, being accused of "flopping into the Farmers' Alliance" replies as follows:

As for "flopping," that depends upon what you understand by the word. If you mean saying and doing just what you think to be honest and right, then we have for some years "flopped," but if you mean supporting the Democratic party, or the Alliance party, blindly and eternally, right or wrong, as you and many editors do the Republican party, then there is no "flopping," and no preparing to flop. See! We propose to say in our paper just what we deem right and fair, even if it doesn't tally exactly with the latest Republican or any man's doctrine. On the great principles upon which the Republican party was founded, we think we are just as sound as we ever were, and we never expect to "flop" from them; but when it comes to prostituting that great party and principles to a slimy, low-down scramble for office, as is done in this state and this county, we hope to be allowed the liberty to "slosh around" like others of the boys, some of whom, so-called leaders in this county, have been known heretofore to support even Democratic candidates for governor, and oftentimes Democratic candidates for county office. See, John?"

Pioneer Press: The Farmers' Alliance people have started in with the preliminary work of organizing in Minneapolis. A few evenings since Mr. Owen, the gubernatorial candidate, met a number of gentlemen who are interested in the alliance cause. It is proposed to have a general committee of fifty to represent each ward in the city. A committee of five, consisting of J. B. Dukes, J. H. Paul, A. H. Nelson, Thos. Lucas and Dr. A. E. Clark was named. This committee will select the other forty-five members. The representatives on the committee from each ward will see that a club is organized in their bailiwick. M. Dukes said last evening: "We expect a good vote in Minneapolis. There will be a good many working people to vote the alliance ticket, but it is from business men that we expect our greatest vote in Minneapolis. These business men recognize that there is something radically wrong in the way things are run."

Farmers' Elevators.

Fargo Argus.

The Argus is not disposed to take advantage of the present opportunity to taunt the farmers of North Dakota with disregarding or failing to appreciate the admonition it has so often indulged in with regard to the building of elevators of their own, but had they followed The Argus' suggestion the present hardship would not now be staring them in the face.

It is important that the farmers should have a convenient and safe place in which to store their grain, both for protection and that they may obtain advances upon it when money with them is scarce and prices are low. If they have not these facilities they are losers and sufferers, not only for the time being, but it may be for many seasons to come, as it is not an easy matter to recover from financial distress in a single season. The farmer, along with the balance of mankind, has learned long ago that experience is a dear though most effective teacher, and their experience in years gone by, together with that of the present, which promises to be such that they could not forget it if they would, may arouse them to the importance of heeding and adopting a plan for their protection and well-being in the future. This remedy seems still to lie in the direction so often pointed out by The Argus, which is that the farmers of North Dakota should take the matter into their own hands and build elevators, and thus be free from the domineering, autocratic and arbitrary institutions which are claimed to now largely control their destinies by controlling the movement and prices of what they produce.

It seems to The Argus that this may be done by farmers owning and controlling their own elevators, and it would appear as if the attitude of the elevator companies at this critical juncture would go far toward arousing the farmers of the state to a sense of their need and inspire them to immediate action, and by another season be independent of any and all agencies which now are disposed to profit by the helpless dependence of those who are at their mercy. Farmers may erect their own elevators, and in them store their produce, get advances on the same and leave it in store until such time as they see fit to dispose of it, and not be forced to sell when the market is demoralized and prices are ruinously low, as frequently happens now.

Many wide-awake and progressive farmers have come to realize the advantage and importance of negotiating for the disposal of their own product, and the results have proven very encouraging. Instead of paying local elevator agents a premium for placing their grain on the market, they have turned that premium into their own pockets by a little energy and careful observation.

With the private elevator system, such operations might be carried on quite extensively, and thus the profit of tilling the soil would not all go into the hands of middle men, as is often the case under the corporation elevator system. If there is one thing that The Argus desires more than another, it is to see the farmers of this state prosperous and happy, and now, as in the past, believes it sees at least one avenue leading to this important consideration, namely, the elevator system that enables the farmer to own his own storehouse independent of railroads, middle men and "bashaw bazouks."

Is The Sub-treasury Bill Desirable.

The National Economist.

Having attempted to show in my former article the constitutionality of the proposed sub-treasury bill, I will in this give some reasons why I think such legislation is, at this time, desirable. The legal-tender quality of the national treasury notes was adopted as a war measure, and the necessity of the occasion seems to have great weight with the Supreme Court in upholding the legislation. To me the present depressed condition of the agricultural classes of the whole country is a danger no less alarming than war. The sub-treasury plan, I at first thought too cumbersome; but upon mature reflection, I am of the opinion that it is a scheme well adapted to the conditions of our country. No one supposes for an instant that the whole crop of the country would in any contingency be placed in warehouses. No; only that portion of it that was intended for market, and at no time would all of the crop intended for market be so placed. All the crops that are intended for sale have to be carried to market any way; and these warehouses would naturally be located in the market towns, or if not, a market would be created by the location, and this of itself (the accumulation of large quantities of produce in one place), would enhance the prices by drawing purchasers, and increasing competition between buyers. The deposit at agricultural products in warehouses, and the issue of certificates of deposit thereon, which would have the character of money, would give us an elastic currency such as no other suggested system would. Say, that in any given community, $1,000,000 worth of produce was deposited, there would be issued and thus put in circulation $800,000 worth of certificates of deposit or money in that community; then, if when the be $400,000 of this currency, or some other kind of currency returned to the Treasury of the United States, and the price was favorable, say $500,000 worth of this produce was sold, there would urrency of that community would be contracted just that much. Thus we see that by this system we would have an elastic currency capable of contracting or expanding to suit the actual exigencies of trade, and we would not be liable to those artificial contractions or expansions caused by the scheming of speculators, nor the unnatural surplus in time of business stagnation, and stringency in times of active business movements, such as the moving of the crops and such like occasions that we now have. If $1,000,000 worth of silver is sold to the Government, and $1,000,000 of money paid therefor, these $1,000,000 of money are in circulation for all time, and it follows that if it is not too much for the dull season it is not enough for the active season. Hence, these unnatural but necessary fluctuations in prices of produce; hence, the necessity it may be of the Secretary of the Treasury having to come to the relief of the dealers so often.

I am free to confess that under the provisions of the sub-treasury plan I do not see how there could be a sufficiency of currency in any given community in a year of bad crops. There would, it seems to me, have to be some additional legislation, by which to provide for short crops, such as the deposit of other personal property or real estate securities. The fact is, as money is only a representative of value, I see no real reason why every dollar of value should not have it representative. As it is the duty of the General Government to furnish a currency to the country, and as the present currency is based upon the debt of the Government, and as the debt is being rapidly extinguished, it follows that some other basis must be found upon which to rest the currency. I know that we instinctively turn to gold and silver as a basis for currency, or currency itself; but the business of the world and its population are rapidly increasing, while the supply of silver and gold is rather diminishing in its annual supply. It seems to me, therefore, that we will in a short while have to look elsewhere for our basis of currency. The farmers in council suggest the sub-treasury plan. Who will suggest a better? Gold nor silver neither have any intrinsic value, such as corn or cotton. You can not eat either, and neither will warm you. It is their use as representatives of value that makes them so useful. In the American Cyclopedia there is a very interesting article on money, from which we make the following extract:

Further, on the testimony of Thomas Baring, we are assured that it was found impossible during the crisis of 1847 in London to rais any money whatever on a sum of $60,000 of silver. During a similar crisis in Calcutta in 1864 it was equally impossible to raise even a single rupee on $20,000 of gold. The former was not a legal tender above forty shillings, while the latter was not for any sum whatever.

For fear of growing too long, and not being read, and, therefore, not passing current, I will close with the intention of returning again to the discussion of this subject if the occasion permits.

HAIL INSURANCE!

NOW IS THE TIME to insure your crops against loss by hail, in the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association. Members sustaining loss to their growing crops by hail shall be entitled to compensation as follows, which shall be net: When the loss is entire the price per acre shall in no case exceed the following established prices, the amount to be determined according to stand:

Wheat	$8.00	Rye	$6.56
Oats	6.50	Barley	6.00
Corn	7.00	Flax	7.00

In cases of partial loss the following prices per bushed will be used in adjusting; providing, however, the price shall in no case exceed the above established limit per acre:

Wheat	50 cents	Corn	23 cents
Oats	20 "	Flax	75 "
Barley	25 "	Rye	33 "

Losses shall be due and payable within sixty days after adjustment, but in case of excessive losses the Directors shall have discretionary power to defer a portion of the payment until November 15th. Insure with the

MINNESOTA ALLIANCE STORM ASSOCIATION.

This Company has already insured FORTY THOUSAND ACRES in Southern Minnesota, which already insures a large business. The following is a list of agents in Polk County:

M. E. Bartlett,	Crookston P. O.	Simon Kjellhaug,	Fosston P. O.
C. A. Johnson,	Rockstad "	W. A. Marin	Melvin "
A. Boddy	Edna "	A. P. Toupin	Brooks "
J. O. Stortroen,	Neby "	Otto F. Buse	St. Hilaire "
C. L. Lanmon	McIntosh "	K. Rollag,	Gossen "
Owen Nelson,	McIntosh "	W. G. Hunt,	King "
P. W. Johnson	Valley "	Walter Latta,	Buffington "

With the present prospect this company will be enabled to insure for you at at an expense very much inside of ten cents per acre.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
Max Erickson. H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, oppose Wm. Anglim's residence.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.

(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.

(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.

(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - - MINN.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

THE UNIVERSITY

OF MINNESOTA.

OPEN TO BOTH SEXES.

The following Courses of Study are offered: Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Architecture, Mining Engineering and Metallurgy, Shop Work, (including Wood, Iron, and Metal Working), Industrial, Freehand and Mechanical Drawing, Wood Carving and Designing, Military Science and Tactics, Agriculture (including the "School of Agriculture"), Veterinary Science, Law, Medicine (Regular, Homeopathic), Dentistry.

TUITION IS FREE,

Except in the Departments of Law and Medicine.

Next year opens Sept. 2d, 1890.

Catalogues containing full information will be sent to all persons who apply for it. Address:

CYRUS NORTHROP, LL. D.,
President, Minneapolis, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., AUGUST 14, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. — 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. — 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. — 4:00 p. m.

PROCEEDINGS

Of the Board of County Commissioners.

Regular Session, held July 14th, 1890.

The Board of County Commissioners of Polk County met in regular session on the 14th day of July, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Members present, Kirsch, Johnson and Rinehart.

The minutes of last session were read and approved.

The County Treasurer was requested to accept the personal tax of Thomas Ulven, King Tp., without penalty and cost.

The report of the committee on roads on the Crookston and Lowell range line, was accepted, and the bills thereto attached audited, as given pelow.

The committee appointed on the building of approaches to the Mallory bridge, reported, and the same was duly accepted, and the amount of $437.50 ordered paid P. McDonald for the work performed.

Board adjourned until July 16th, at 10 a. m.

The application of Andrew Sture for abatement of taxes, was rejected.

The application of W. Godfrey for abatement of penalty and interest on his lot in Maple Bay townsite, was granted, provided taxes were paid within 60 days from date hereof.

P. E. Peralt was ordered refunded $3.80 on taxes paid on lot 7, block 53, Kretzschmar's addition.

The Chairman was authorized to procure mill wood for the county jail and court house.

Board adjourned to July 21st.

Board met pursuant to adjournment. Members present, Kirsch and Johnson. No quorum being present an adjournment was taken to 2 o'clock p. m.

Afternoon session—present, Johnson, Kirsch and Rinehart.

The petition of citizens of McIntosh and vicinity for incorporation as a village, was presented, and, on motion, an election was ordered held at Solberg's Hall, McIntosh, on the 30th day of August, 1890. For judges of election the Board appointed O. E. Stourn, Charles T. Lanman and K. O. Norsving, of McIntosh.

Board adjourned till Tuesday, July 29th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Board met pursuant to adjournment.

The west half of Sec. 4, and all of Secs. 5, 6, 7, 8, 16, 17 and 18, Tp. 157, R. 40, were detached from school district No. 142, and organized into a new district to be know as district No. 197.

The e½ and nw¼ of Sec. 10, and all of Secs. 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, Tp. 157, R. 40, were detached from district No. 142, and organized into a new school district, to be known as district No. 198.

Hearing having been set at this meeting on the petition of Joseph Laframboise and others in the matter of detaching certain tracts from district No. 45 to district No. 191, and no one appearing against the prayers of said petitioners, it was ordered that Sec. 25, and the s½ of Sec. 24, and se¼ Sec. 23, Tp. 150, R. 45, be detached from district No. 45, and the same attached to district No. 191.

The s½ of se¼ and se¼ of sw¼, and the nw¼ of Sec. 2, Tp. 152, R. 44, were detached from district No. 102 and attached to district No. 24.

Sections 16, 17, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33, Tp. 153, R. 49, were organized into a new school district, to be known as district No. 199.

Hearing was set for the next session of the Board in the matter of the following petitions:

From Otto Amundson, asking to be detached from district No. 102 and attached to district No. 24.

From resident freeholders in school district No. 181 asking to be detached from the east half of said district for the purpose of organizing a new school district.

From K. K. Knutson asking to detach his farm in Sec. 4, Tp. 150, R. 49, from district No. 4 to district No. 93.

All of Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 29 and 30, in Tp. 153, R. 45, were attached to district 180 for taxable purposes.

The application of Peder Olson and Mrs. Olene Olson Hoff, of Grand Forks Tp., for abatement of taxes, were rejected.

The following resolution was offered and passed:

Resolved, That the sum of $300 be appropriated out of the road and bridge fund to assist the village of Thief River Falls and the town of North in building a bridge on the Kretzschmar mill dam in said village, said sum to be paid on the completion of the bridge, and the execution by Anna Kretzschmar and Carl Kretzschmar of a contract between them and said village and town, to allow the use of said bridge and approaches thereto to be used as a public highway forever from date of said contract.

The fractional township 150, R. 40, was organized under the name of Chester. The election of officers to be held on the 16th day of August, at the residence of James Phalen. Judges, Anton Olberg, O. J. Watson, James Phalen and H. C. Berg. John Hynes was selected for clerk of said election.

The application of Hack & Gallasch for a refunding of penalty paid on taxes was rejected.

The Board granted the application of Severt E. Jordal to refund him $3.90, the amount paid in duplicate on ne¼ of ne¼ Sec. 25, Tp. 149, R. 49, for the year 1888.

Application of J. Lederer for abatement of taxes on lots 1, 2, and 3, block 5, Hurlbut's Addition, was granted.

The petition of Nere A. Skeieon behalf of Mrs. C. Wecklund, of Edna Tp., was rejected for the reason that the Board has no authority to make the expenditure.

The tax application of E. M. Walsh was granted, as decreed by the court.

All road and bridge petitions presented before the Board, were laid over.

The following report from the auditing Board was accepted and placed on file:

The undersigned, the Board of Auditors of Polk County, have accepted the enclosed bonds presented by the county depositories of said county, and recommend their approval by your Hon. Board. Respectfully,

M. E. KIRSCH.
Ch'n of Board of Co. Commissioners.
P. J. MCGUIRE,
County Auditor,
E. M. WALSH,
Clerk of District Court,
Board of Auditors of Polk County.

The following bills were allowed:

S. Sjolhaug, posting school notices	$ 3 00
Olaf Gunderson, services etc. in case of A. Gustenson	4 27
B. C. Johnson, constable fees	6 00
H. N. Tweten, board'g prisoners	21 71
" "	2 85
" "	14 85
L. E. Natteland, assessing	5 00
S. Bergevin, "	20 00
E. A. Fisk, "	80 00
A. C. Schmidt, painting court house fence	42 25
W. F. Hitchcock, services assistant school supt	131 50
C. E. Sargent, draying	40
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., mdse	1 55
Pioneer Press Co., mdse	2 20
Geo. Barnard & Co., mdse	9 00
Andrew Ohrlen, assessing	18 00
G. D. Barnard & Co. statonery	8 05
Pioneer Press Co., mdse	4 50
C. T. Schmidt, digging grave	2 00
Stewart & Spottswood, mdse	5 50
Dr. C. E. Dampier, visiting prisoners	1 00
W. J. Bahnsen, M. D., medical services	36 00
A. Holmboe, mdse	2 50
A. P. Erickson, brd'g prisoners	17 75
A. Holmboe, clothing for prisoners	9 80
Josephene Senskey, witn ss fees in justice court	1 48
John A. Carlson, road work, Sletten township	100 00
Fanny Senskp, witness fees, justice court	1 48
J. F. Holmes, justice fees	5 10
Gunder Bjorge, work on bridges, jud. road	6 50
Henry Shepard, coroner	8 00
Swan & Hunter, livery	8 00
F. Filipi, witness fees	1 00
Henry Shepard, coroner	8 10
G. W. Lewis, justice fees	2 80
P. McDonnell, bridge building in Huntsville	100 00
I. N. Sorenson, mdse for jail	5 00
McIntosh Tribune, stationery and printing	73 74
A. C. Rinehart, com. fees and mileage	99 20
J Paterson, sheriff fees & mileage	118 10
" " " "	8 50
" " " "	52 10
" " " "	15 70
" " " "	80 00
P. J. McGuire, disbursements for postage, express and telegraph	20 45
M. E. Kirsch, com'r fees and mileage	10 20
J. P. Johnson, com'r fees and mileage	81 60
Mossefin & Lindell, mdse for prisoners and insane of town Columbia	7 25
J. Jones, road work in Crookston and Lowell Tps	27 00
A. M. Shaw, road work, Crookston and Lowell Tps	45 75
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., mdse	11 40
" "	28 25
A. O. Twedten, assessing	14 00
W. E. McKenzie, stationery and printing	22 63
W. E. McKenzie, merchadise for court house	25 85
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., mdse	63 20
Wm. McIntosh, building bridge in town of Gervais	344 00
M. E. Kirsch, com'r fees and mileage	67 00
Frank E. Hunt, com'r fees and mileage	11 80
C. C. Knappen, stationery and printing	85 55
C. C. Knappen, stationery and printing	49 13
J. E. O'Brien & Co., mdse	12 25
Commercial hotel, meals for jury and officers	7 00
Dr. M. Watts, med. examination, coroner's inquest	5 00
Town of Lambert, suppressing diphtheria	84 25
Boyle & Mehan, stationery and printing	92 88
P. & J. Meehan, blanks for Polk Center and Louisville	20 58
M. E. Kirsch, com'r fees and mileage	62 40
A. C. Rinehart, com'r fees and mileage	35 40
Frank E. Hunt, com'r fees and mileage	10 40
M. Cornelius, attendance on equalization board	21 00
John Paterson, sheriff's fees and mileage	258 75
Frank E. Hunt, 2 days on board of equalization and mileage	10 40
Chambers Bros., hardware	21 05
N. O. Trulson, for building bridge in Badger Tp., jud. road	72 00
J. P. Johnson, five days on Co. board of equalization and mileage	80 00
S. J. Karstad, constable fees and disbursements	20 15
O. H. Bjoin, team hire	6 00
H. F. Goudrean, serving school notices	2 80
S. J. Howe & Co., lumb	126 72
O. H. Lucken, freight, exchange and postage	25 50
G. H. Barlow, constable fees	12 10
John Evanson, labor on jail	4 00
O. E. Southmayd, justice fe s	8 75
Thos. Murray, one day on jury, justice court	50
Iver H. Mjorem, constable fees and mileage	4 25
P. J. Sat[illegible], justice f[illegible]	1 85
A. O. Roberg, constable fees	2 55
A. O. Stortroen, justice fees	2 55
Gunder S. Berkland, witness fees and mileage	1 18
J. S. Stadswold, constable fees and mileage	3 25
E. D. Schraeder, [illegible] for carrying unknown child to cemetery	4 50
John Paterson, attending court 10 days	30 00
H. Shepard, coroner fees	3 25
J. M. Hanson, justice sees	4 15
G. H. Holt, constable fees at coroner's inquest	5 65
A. R. Erickson, boarding prisoners	21 75
Halvor Branna, road work in town of Knute	75 00
Martin Iverson, road work in town of King	100 00
Lars M. Anderson, road work in town of Knute	8 00
G. W. Lewis, justice fees	3 00
H. Shepard, coroner's fe	16 65
Lambert Tp., reimbursement to board of health	10 75
Halvor Ouff, work on judicial road in Brandsvold Tp	100 00
W. J. Nickle, witness in justice court and mileage	3 10
John Paterson, sheriff's fees	7 30
G. M. Lewis, justice fees	3 45
Gus Linder, witness fees in justice court and mileage	3 10
C. S. Lasher, justice fees	6 95
John O. Tender, witness fees in justice court and mileage	3 10
O. H. Berghahl, work on judicial road	15 50
Chronicle, printing	9 15
Crookston Water Works, water rates for court house and jail	50 00
G. H. Barlow, constable fees	9 36
C. A. Brown, justice fees	6 65
G. H. Barlow, constable fees	11 60
Frank Filton, witness fees in justice court	1 12
M. Watts, examination of prisondrs	2 00
Thos. Murry, work on bridge in Grand Forks Tp	10 00
Thos. Londen, work on bridge in Grand Forks Tp	10 00
A. M. Shaw, graking on Crookston and Euclid Co. road	212 25
E. D. Schraeder, livery hire	6 00
L. Gonyea, serving warrant, etc	1 80

The list of uncollected personal taxes for 1889 was examined and the following names was ordered stricken from the tax book of said year as follows:

J. A. Cochrane,	of Crookston
A. Timeleg,	"
A. R. Martin,	"
L. B. Tooley,	"
James Sullivan,	"
John Kernan,	"
Louis Touchette,	"
Swan Hovick,	"
C. S. Flan,	"
C. S. Dyer,	"
Mrs. A. A. Griffith,	"
M. E. Beaupre,	"
Peter Gothea,	"
Mrs. Addie Godfrey,	"
Anderson Nelson,	"
C. H. Hanson,	"
J. F. Ohmer,	"
Mary Franklin,	Eas. Grand Forks
T. B. Giesert,	" " "
Theo. Hamlin,	Euclid
Martin Nelson,	Fanny
John Aas,	Fairfax
C. T. Asmer,	"
Fingar Larson,	"
Lars L. Orke,	Garden
John Van Tuyl,	Grove Park
A. L. Ammerson,	Garfield
W. C. Dillon,	"
C. N. Sanford,	"
J. W. Dillon,	"
Octave Odette,	Gentilly
Albert Beaudette,	"
Xavier Caillier,	"
J. P. Martell,	"
Jas. Mathieu,	"
James Kelly,	"
Samuel Nickal.	"
A. McMillan,	Godfrey
James Gilles,	"
Olans Johnson,	Hubbard
Napoleon Belanger Jr.	Kertsonville
Napoleon Belanger Sr.	"
Louis Blanchard,	"
Torkil P. Hoiland,	King
Jonas Johnson,	"
Iver M. Iverson,	"
Joseph Jones,	"
H. Brulett,	Somsville
Neteen Roberge,	"
Charles Dickensob,	Lowell
Eugene Winslow Jr.,	Liberty
Kettel K. Twetten,	Lessor
Udetta Bush,	Lambert
Jas. Burke,	Lambert
L. H. Generout,	Lake Pleasant
Mederie Desauteele,	Lake Pleasant
Michael Stengel,	Northwood
Halvor Talloden,	Nesbit
Edward Faford,	Poplar River
Joseph Jague,	" "
Louis Marcier,	" "
Pet Faford,	" "
Michael Lance,	Polk Centre
J. B. Martin,	Red Lake Falls Village
Lennell & Langeoin	" " " "
J. B. Beandro,	" " " "
Xavier Ducharme,	" " " "
Charles Schmidt,	" " " "
Joseph Bellair,	" " " "
Fred Rosenthal,	" " " "
Telesphor St. John,	Red Lake Falls
Mrs. Eva Works,	Reis
Chas. Thorne,	"
Mrs. Gertrude Hagenson,	Rocksbury
W. B. Kertson,	Terrebonne
N. B. Kellogg,	Tilden
George Goodrich,	Woodside
M. O. Perrin,	Andover
H. J. Palmer,	Angus
Hans Simionson,	Brislet
C. C. Chamberlain,	"
A. E. Dickenson,	"
H. E. Clark,	"
D. Smith,	Black River
Gorgen O. Taloy,	Bygland
H. H. Gareson,	Brandsvold
H. W. Dodge,	Crookston City
G. G. Burhett,	" "
J. F. Fisk,	" "
N. C. Nelson,	" "
Robert R. Nerland,	" "
John Vick,	Brandsvold
Albert H. Cleven,	E. Grand Forks
Philip Casedy,	" " "
George Kirk,	" " "
Harmedas Rendeau,	Emardville
M. W. Wolf,	"
Luther Barbeau,	"
Sarah E. Pitts,	Fairfax
D. E. Lambert,	Farley
D. M. Nevens,	Fanny
W. L. Nelson,	"
John Hanson,	Fisher Village
C. L. Andrews,	Garfield
J. J. Klinkinberg,	"
Ernest Adams,	Godfrey
R. W. Brown,	Grove Park
Paul miller,	" "
Dumas Akin,	" "
Moses Fay,	Hill River
F. O. Petterson,	Higdem
Thomas A. Sander,	"
John Pellica,	Huntsville
Alex Alexon,	Kertsonville
Tom Knutson,	"
North Dakota Ele. Co.,	Keystone
Farmers Union Ele. Co.,	"
Xavier Lefebore,	Lake Pleasant
M. Taillie,	" "
M. Connery,	Liberty
Knud I. Hogan,	"
C. H. Connery,	"
J. A. Mead,	Numedal
C. N. Sanford,	Onstad
Gatt Schmidt,	Red Lake Falls
N. S. Browning,	Tilden
Matheas C. Minege,	"
Julius Grasskreuty,	"
Katharine Grasskreuty,	"
Florin Negg,	Terrebonne
Earl Foster,	Woodside
H. N. Foro,	Godfrey

The following amounts were voted to be levied against the real and personal property of the County for the year 1890 to wit.

For interest on Bonds	$ 7500
For road and bridges	2500
For general purposes	30,000

Board adjourned sine die.

M. E. KIRSCH,
Chairman.

M. CORNELIUS,
Clerk of the Board.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

The board of County Commissioners of Polk County together with the Deputy County Auditor assembled in the Auditor's office on the 21st day of July, 1890, and having first subscribed to the oath as required by the law, proceeded to perform their duties as a Board of Equalization.

All members present except Commissioner Hugh Thompson. On motion Commissioner M. E. Kiasch was elected chairman and M. Cornelius Secretary.

Goods and Merchandise in Angus Tp. was raised 30 per cent.

Goods and Merchandise in Huntsville Tp. was raised 50 per cent.

The assessment of a warehouse and Depot buildings, belonging to Northern Pacific R. R. Co. at the village of Red Lake Falls was stricken from the assessment book.

Item 17 (Material Manufactured Articles) and item 18 (Manufacturers Tools and Implements) were each raised 10 per cent.

Grain Elevators and Warehouses were Equalized as follows:

Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator at Angus was raised	$200
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator at Euclid was raised	200
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator in Fairfax Tp. was raised	200
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator in Fisher Village was raised	500
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator on Lots in Block A Grand Forks East was raised	300
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator at East Grand Forks was raised	150
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator in Knute Tp. was raised	175
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator in Rosebud Tp. was raised	200
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator in Tilden Tp. was raised	200
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator in Grove Park Tp. reduced	200
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator at E. Grand Forks was raised	1200
Red River Valley's Elevator at Euclid was raised	200
Red River Valley's Elevator in Fairfax Tp. was raised	400
Red River Valley's Elevator in Fanny Tp. was reduced	100
Red River Valley's Elevator in Huntsville Tp. was raised	300
Red River Valley's Elevator in King Tp. was raised	500
Red River Valley's Elevator in Reis Tp. was raised	500
Red River Valley's Elevator at St. Hilaire was raised	100
Minnesota & Dakota Elevator Co's Elevator at Angus was raised	300
Northern Dakota Elevator Co's Elevator in Fairfax (Main St.) was raised	300
Northern Dakota Elevator Co's Elevator in Garfied (Fertile) was raised	100
Northwestern Elevator Co's Elevator at Fisher Village was raised	600
Farmer's Mutual Elevator Co's Elevator at Red Lake Falls Village was raised	850
Hoskin's Elevator Co's Elevator at Red Lake Falls Village was raised	1000
Thorpe Bros. Elevator in Reis Tp. was raised	100
Minneapolis & Northern's Elevator in Higdem Tp. was raised	300
Northern Dakota Elevator Co's Elevator in East Grand Forks was listed at	2000
Farmers' Union Elevator Co's Elevator in Carman (Lowell) was listed at	800
Wm. Wilson's Elevator in Louisville Tp. was raised	350
Johnson & Tompson's Elevator at Fisher was raised	300
Farmers' Union Elevator at Fisher was raised	400
The S E ¼ Sec. 6, Tp. 152, R. 46, was reduced	100
The S E ¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 152 R. 46, was reduced	64
The S W ¼ Sec. 28, Tp. 153, R. 46, was reduced	165
The N W ¼ Sec. 10, Tp. 147, R. 48, was reduced	80
The household furniturl assessed to O. Narveson in Knute Tp. was reduced	15 00

The N ½ Sec. 8, and S E ¼ Sec. 5, Tp. 149, R 46 was equalized to correspond with the assessment of S ½ Sec. 8, and the S W ¼ Sec. 5 respectively.

Board adjourned till Tuesday, July 29th.

Board met again July 29th at 10 a. m., present—Kirsch, Rhinehart, Johnson and Hunt.

The farming lands were divided into four classes, the first class lands to average $3.80 per acre, the second class lands to average $3.15 per acre, the third class lands to average $2.40 per acre, and the fourth class lands to average $1.75 per acre, and the auditor was directed to average the towns according to the schedule as adopted by this board and on file in the auditor's office.

The assessment of The First National Bank of Crookston was raised to $49,725 as the amount returned by the assessor was incorrect.

The following items were Equalized as follows:

1 year old horses were to average $15.00 per head.

2 year old horses were to average $25.00 per head.

3 year old horses and over were to average $50.00 per head.

1 year old cattle were to average $3.00 per head.

2 year old cattle were to average $5.00 per head.

Cows were to average $8.00 per head.

Working oxen were to average $18.00 per head.

Sheep were to average $1.00 per head.

Hogs were to average $1.00 per head.

Wagons and Carriages were to average $10.00.

Sewing machines were to average $5.00.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication August 14, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDWIN P. CAPEN AND MATtie C. Capen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England; their mortgage bearing date of June 20th. A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: All of fractional Section 3, Township 148, Range 47 west, containing 632 96-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 26 of mortgages, on pages 480 to 483 inclusive; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of ninety-four and 40-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-eight hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded; and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited.)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[17-23] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., July 17th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, on Oct. 2d, 1890, viz: THOR HALDORSON, Hd. 11,231, for the nw¼ ne¼ e½ nw¼ and lot 2, Sec. 33, Tp. 149, R. 43. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harald Johnson, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn., Gulbrand Pederson, of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn., William Marston, Otto Camp, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 3d, 1890.]

WHEREAS ANDREW J. BOHLEEN, AND Eva Bohleen, his wife, as Morgagors, did on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to the Minnesota Loan and Trust Company of Minneapolis, Minnesota, a corporation as Mortgagee, their mortgage bearing date the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said Mortgagee the following described land situated in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, to-wit:

The South-east Quarter of Section One (1), in Township One Hundred and Fifty-three (153) North, of Range 44 West, containing One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres, to secure the payment of Seventy-four and Seventy-five One-hundredths Dollars ($74.75) according to the conditions of one certain promissory note payable in nine (9) semi-annual installments, said note bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said Mortgagors to said Mortgagee or order; which said mortgage was, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, at five o'clock and ten minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "41" of mortgages, on pages 495 to 498 inclusive.

And whereas, The Minnesota Loan and Trust Company did for value received, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1889, duly assign the aforesaid note and mortgage and the debt secured thereby, to Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, partners as Steenerson & McManus, of Crookston Minnesota, which said assignment was in writing under seal and duly acknowledged, and was thereafter on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1890, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said Polk County, in Book "53" of Mortgages, on pages 366 and 367,

And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of Seven and Fifty One-hundredths ($7.50) Dollars, due as the second installment on said note on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1890, and said sum is still unpaid and due,

And whereas it was stipulated and agreed by between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagors to be kept and performed, then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said Mortgagee and its assigns to consider the whole sum thereby secured to be immediately due and payable witcout notice to said Mortgagors or any other party.

And whereas Halvor Steenerson and Geo. J. McManus, assignees of said Mortgagee, have exercised their option to consider and declare, and do hereby declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage and still unpaid, to be due and payable,

And whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said Mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of Sixty-three and seventy-nine One-hundredths ($63.79) Dollars, and no proceedings having been instituted by law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County, on the 16th day of August, A. D. 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-five Dollars ($25) attorneys' fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 28th, A. D. 1890.

HALVOR STEENERSON AND GEO. J. MCMANUS,
partners as Steenerson & McManus,
Assignees of Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Assignees of Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn. [11-17]

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Windows and Mouldings.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE.

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE,

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at	$3.75 cwt.	Galvanized Wire	$4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones	1.50 "	Scythe and Snath	1.25
Milk Cans at 50 cents.		Screen Doors at	1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.		Large stock of Mixed Paints.	

Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 21, 1890. NO. 18.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	50 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Silver Bill.

National Economist.

The Baltimore Sun, of July 14th, says of the compromise silver bill, as it passed both branches of Congress, that "it is a saner measure than might have been expected of this Congress. It is foolish and unjust in that it causes the Government to make an unprofitable investment in the product of one class of mines. The Government might buy coffee or wheat or iron with as much propriety as silver." Why, then, don't the Sun say the bill is unconstitutional? It quotes with approval the speeches of men it styles statesmen, who say the Alliance sub-treasury bill is unconstitutional. But, says the Sun, the bill staves off the greater folly of free silver and a depreciated currency, and for this the country may be thankful. Alliance men will stick a pin here. The Sun says the Government may with equal propriety buy wheat as silver, and if wheat, also the other staples named in the sub-treasury bill. If, then, the sub-treasury bill is unconstitutional, so is the silver bill, as The Economist has always maintained. Colonel Jones, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Alabama, in what the Sun styles a manly answer to Alliance inquiries, opposes the sub-treasury bill. Yes, he does it like a man, as inexpedient, in his opinion; he does not stultify himself by saying it is unconstitutional. There are objections, and great objections, to the silver bill, and the greatest of them probably is that it "staves off" the undoing of that most villainous of financial crimes, the demontization of the money of the Constitution, as a part of a scheme of which this silver bill is also part and parcel, to-wit, to make the war debt, contracted on the basis of depreciated greenbacks, payable in appreciated gold. "Staves off" is the right phrase. When the people are heard from again on the question it will be found that there is something else behind this silver movement, than a silver bullion syndicate. It is, it will be found, a movement of the people to right a mighty wrong, Senator Sherman to the contrary notwithstanding, surreptitiously put upon them. Sane or insane, this is a movement of the people, and when a matter comes before the American people they know right from wrong. Neither "force bills" nor party whips nor thongs can drive the Alliance movement from its purpose; nor can its attention be drawn away from vital questions by shouting for all sorts of so called reforms.

American Farmers.

Prof. Walker says: "Vigorous in body, strong in character, striking in individuality, lovers of home, massive in common sense, fertile in resources, devout believers in Providence, the farmers of America will never allow themselves to be overwhelmed by the fate that sunk the tillers of the soil in India, in Egypt, in Europe. From all parts of this land farmers are coming together. Organization and co-operation are the wonderful ideas that have awakened them as never before. They are grasping hands with a grip that means something, comparing ways and means, uniting upon ends to be gained. They insist upon a fair share of the profits of American industry, claiming that no state can long exist in which the tillers of the soil bear most of the burdens and share little of the blessings of advancing civilization."

Grand Forks Herald: There was disquietude in the McLaughlin family last evening. Little Michael, seven years of age, had wandered away from home nor was any traces of him had until early this morning. His father, Phil, after a fruitless night's search, found the little fellow asleep on the steps of the Odd Fellow building.

New York Tribune: It is proposed to empower the President to impose again the revenue duties on sugar, coffee, rubber and hides imported from countries which do not within a limited time admit agricultural and manufactured products from this country on favorable terms, or which persist in export duties on articles admitted free by the United States. There is also a suggestion that importations of products from countries which arbitrarily discriminate against or exclude American products may by presidential action be suspended. It is easy to see that these propositions are not antagonistic to the protective policy, but would in fact broaden and strengthen it, and render it more effective. The revenue duties which are not needed for protection of any home industry can be taken off or put on according to the advantage which may be obtained for American industries and consumers in negotiations with foreign powers. As to such duties, large discretionary power, within limits defined by Congress, can safely be intrusted to the executive. It does not yet appear how far these suggestions have enlisted support of republican senators and representatives, who will have to consider their practicability and their adaptation to the state of public opinion. But an important step forward is taken when it is made clear that the duties which are or may be imposed for revenue only, and not for the protection of home industries, can be employed with great effect to secure advantages for American agriculture and manufactures in negotiation with foreign powers.

Winter Wheat Short.

The Farmers' Review Says It Is Below the Average in Six Important States.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 22.—The Farmers' Review this week will say: "Our prophecies of a shortage in the winter wheat crop are confirmed by the late reports of our correspondents relative to yield and condition of the grain. The reasons are not far to seek. Winter killing and the ravages of insects reduced the crops in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Missouri and Michigan. In Kansas drouth prevented the perfect development of the berry, while the wheat fields of the Pacific coast, as also those of the southern and eastern states, were drowned out by the excessive rainfall experienced during the early spring months. The condition of the crop at the date of harvesting in the six states covered by our report has been thus summarized: Illinois, 70 per cent; Missouri, 75; Kansas, 83; Michigan, 88. According to the latest report by the statistician of the department of agriculture the average condition in the nineteen other states wherein winter wheat is growing is 82 per cent. It may safely be estimated that the average condition of the entire crop when harvesting commences was 20 per cent below the average. According to all reports by the department and others, the area seeded to winter wheat in the fall of 1886 was larger than that of the year previous, but the damage to the crop this spring was so severe in many localities that hundreds of acres were plowed under in Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, Kansas, California, Alabama and Texas, reducing the total acres (according to the department's figures), to 91.2 per cent of the acreage harvested in 1889. Allowing for this reduction in acreage, we make the following estimate of the winter wheat crop in the six states covered by our report, based on a summary of the averages of yield reported by our correspondent:

	Acreage.	Crop.
Illinois	1,805,655	20,756,032
Indiana	2,493,604	26,182,942
Ohio	2,898,750	35,851,250
Missouri	1,524,079	19,818,027
Kansas	1,831,200	27,468,000
Michigan	1,451,153	21,773,445
Total		151,983,569

Assuming that the crops in the nineteen other states in which winter wheat is grown will be equal to that in 1889, allowing for the decrease in acreage the amount would be 120,460,840 bushels. This, added to our estimate of the crop in the six states named, would make a grand total of 278,344,436 bushels as the entire winter wheat crop of the United States. Considering the low condition of wheat at harvesting time the merchantable product will be considerably less than the above figures.

Northwestern Agriculturist: Farmers are still buying anything that looks like a sheep, and those who have to sell are making money. It is not, however, a good time to change from other stock to sheep, as other stock rules low and sheep are high. It is never wise to rush out of any business because it does not pay. At such a time, others are rushing out and prices are down. All branches of business have ups and downs, and when in the downs, it is always best to wait for the up which is sure to come.

Republican Apathy.

Minneapolis Journal.

The activity of the Democrats throughout the state in perfecting their organization for the campaign is extraordinary. They have never before in the history of the state shown such tact, determination and confidence. They are taking advantage of the break in the solidarity of the Republican party, which, whether it will handicap the latter at the polls or not, is a fact, today.

In the meantime the Republicans have been doing little else since the convention except to laud the excellence of their ticket and boast that it will "sweep the state." They seem to be so enamored of the mere ticket that they can't attend to the essential business of organizing and aggressively campaigning through the state. This over confidence in a ticket, which is palpably defective, will result badly for the party which has controlled the destinies of this great state for a generation past so well and faithfully. The leaders have chilled the enthusiasm of the Scandinavian element by neglecting to place satisfactory representative of that element on the ticket. And the manner of fixing the convention date excited the hostile criticism of many influential members of the party.

These things, however, as obstacles, could be overcome if the managers would show a strong inclination to roll up their sleeves and do some earnest work. This campaign is not going to be a pretty bannered dress parade. The Republicans can win only by the hardest fighting from one end of the state to the other. The Alliance isn't a mere bogey. It is a reality of flesh and blood and votes. The Republicans cannot afford to delude themselves with the notion that when the polls are open the Republican members of the Alliance will flock back to the party fold. These men are not going to be won back except by earnest effort.

What is the Republican party doing in the way of this missionary work? What are the pronounced party organs doing to promote the success of the Republican ticket?

Literally nothing.

Then there is the Scandinavian drift to prohibition. this movement is taking on a strength which cannot be despised or ignored. There are Scandinavian societies favoring prohibition organized in many counties of the state. Many of their members are Republicans. What is the Republican management doing to keep these people from aligning themselves with the Pinkhamites?

Nothing.

If the Republicans want to win and maintain their control of the state, which has grown to such superb proportions in every sense under their influence, they must get up and do some very lively hustling, and do it quick.

"Peterson" for September opens with a beautiful engraving "A Letter from Home," and the full page wood illustration "In the Sunset," is a poem as well as a picture. The illustrated paper "A Giant Grass and Its Uses" is very amusing, and gives much useful information in regard to bamboo, also various designs of the pretty and artistic furniture made from it. "Ransom's Aimless Journey" by James K. Reeve, is a wonderfully realistic episode and Alice Maud Ewell follows it with the first instalment of "Jackey and the Princess" which promises to be a capital novelet.

"Autumn Leaves" is a seasonable paper, giving clear directions for preserving their brightness unimpaired. "Their Mutual Mistakes," by Frank Lee Benedict, will afford all the more pleasure because of the happy ending. The other stories are full of interest. "Things Worth Knowing" contains an excellent article on "Choosing Meats." The household department is overflowing with good recipes and suggestions, and the fashion and needlework designs will delight the ladies. Terms, Two dollars a year. Address, Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia.

Profits of Sheep.

Alert, Jamestown, N. D.

In December, 1887, B. J. Holcomb, of Foster County, N. T., bought in Wisconsin 250 sheep, which cost him, with freight, $625. From this flock he sheared in 1888, 1,700 pounds of wool; in 1889, 2,500 pounds; and in 1890 over 2,500 pounds. The wool clip for 1888 and 1889 brought him $700; that of this year is estimated to be worth $450; making a total of $1,150 realized from the wool clip. In addition he has sold 105 head and slaughtered for his own use 25 head. He has sold wool and sheep from the original flock, and increase, amounting to nearly $2,000 in less than three years. His original flock of 250 has now increased to 314 sheep and 110 lambs.

The Demand for Reform.

The National Economist.

The difficulties which surround the proposed tariff legislaton appear to be on the increase. Secretary Blaine has written a second letter on the subject of reciprocity, which has spread consternation in the camp of the ultra protectionists, and is being made the excuse for an attempt to read him out of the party. Without presenting a single argument against the correctness of his propositions, the foolish have begun preparations for his political demise. It seems almost impossible to convince the average politician that this is an era of progress; that politics is simply public policy, which must conform to the ever changing conditions of an advancing civilization. Mr. Blaine has taken one step in advance of the party, and as a result must stand the reproach, vituperation and insult of those less informed and more thoroughly imbued with narrow partisan ideas.

Mr. Blaine is aware of the hollow-heartedness of the demand for tariff reform as evidenced by the socalled Mills bill, and also mindful of the wickedness and absurdity of the McKinley tariff measure. Realizing this, he is making an effort to save for the American farmer a market for a portion of his products. Such action is deemed rank heresy and inimical to party success. Nearly every measure looking toward the relief of agriculture is considered by the present leaders of both old parties as unnecessary and bothersome. This doctrine of protection to home industry has been extended far beyond the limits laid down by Alexander Hamilton, and outside the objects for which he considered it adapted. To such an extent has this proven true, that at the present time it is one of the strong weapons of monopoly, an engine of oppression instead of a measure for relief. Because of this Senator Plumb considered it his duty to offer the following amendment to the bill.

If, upon the proceeding hereinafter provided for, it shall appear to the satisfaction of any circuit or district court of the United States that the manufacture, production or distribution of similar articles of domestic production or of the articles of domestic manufacture and production with which an imported article comes into competition is controlled by a single corporation, firm, or individual, or by any combination or agreement between corporations, firms, or individuals engaged in the manufacture, production, sale, or distribution of such domestic article, so as to produce either of the following results, namely: The establishment of arbitrary and prescribed prices for such articles of domestic manufacture or production, or the arbitrary and artificial restriction and limitation of the production or sale of such articles, or the suspension of competition in the sale, distribution, manufacture, or production of such domestic articles—then the importer of such competing articles shall be entitled to receive his goods at a rate of duty one-half that imposed by law.

Of course this amendment may be defeated, and Mr. Blaine driven from his party, but in either or both cases the people will have the benefit of whatever discussion may arise. One of the most certain events of the future is a radical change in the commercial and financial methods of this country, and those politicians who fail to recognize this fact will, no doubt, be relegated to obscurity. The people are no longer content with promises of returning prosperity though either high or low tariffs alone; they are rapidly coming to belive that other factors equally potential enter into the economic weal or woe of the nation.

National Economist:—The people of Charlestown, Mo., sadly need a Government warehouse, as attested by Dr. J. M. Rowe in a newspaper interview:

It is this: That the farmers of this county build warehouses for the storage of the wheat grown here for disposal to the local mill. The mill has a wareroom of 25,000 bushels capacity, and it will use up six times that amount of wheat during the year. Now it is full of home-grown wheat, probably, and the proprietors will buy no more until it is empty two months hence. In the meantime, most of the wheat will have been shipped out, and the mill will be forced to go elsewhere for its supply. By means of local warehouses half the crop grown at home—usually it will average about 300,000 bushels per year—could be kept at home and freight now paid two ways would be saved, a large portion of it at least in the pocket of the grower. This saving in freight alone would in one year amount to enough to build the necessary warehouses. I believe if the farmers understood the matter thoroughly and how economical the move must prove to be, besides furnishing them a sure market for their grain without the endless trouble and expense involved in exporting it, they would take hold of it and put it through. Give them a chance to investigate anyway.

It Looks Like Business

Largest & Most Complete Stock of Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles Etc. Etc. All Work Warranted, and Perfect Satisfaction Guarranteed. At Bottom Prices.

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

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TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

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AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

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Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.

(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.

(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.

(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead.

The Duty of the Educated Farmer

BY PROF. C. S. WALKER.

Heretofore in all parts of the world the farmer has been no match for his adversary. He has never held his own against the soldier or the priest, against the politician or the statesman. In ancient times he was the slave; in the middle ages the serf. In the nineteenth century he is the slave, the serf, the peasant, or the proprietor, according to location. American farmers are face to face with a crisis. They have subdued a continent and furnished the raw material for our factories, bread for operatives and manhood for our civilization. From all parts of this land farmers are coming together. Organization and co-operation are the wonderful ideas that have awakened them as never before. They demand for themselves and their children an education equal to the best. They insist on a fair share of the profits of American industry. But they are in danger of making mistakes in the struggle that shall turn back the progress of the movement. They demand leaders. To supply this demand is the imperative duty of the educated farmer.

Northwestern Agriculturist: Very few farmers succeed well with barley in the Northwest, and this season's crop is no exception to the rule. It was thin on the ground and not even a fair crop. This failure is due partly to a want of knowledge of the requirements of the crop, and partly to the fact that our harvests are generally too showery to permit of the curing of the grain in shock without staining. Barley needs a strong, rich loam, but it does not do well on soil to which barn-yard manure has just been applied. After a crop of corn which was well manured, it does well, if the seed bed is well worked and the manure is well rotted. If the ground is rich in spots, the grain will grow uneven and the rankest will ripen latest and the grain will be uneven. It is important to sow it as early as possible, as it yields and ripens better, and is out of the way before the wheat and oats come on and demand attention, and the best seed is none too good. The Manshury succeeds best in the Northwest, and pure seed can now be had at moderate prices. Two bushels is the standard quantity of seed per acre. If cut too early the grain is "steeled" and the price is dropped. The time to cut is when most of the heads have turned down, and the sooner it can be cured and stacked or housed the better, if it is to be sold for malting purposes. If to be used as feed, staining does not impair its real value, though bright grain always brings a better market price. In this climate is is difficult to save barley free from stain without capping the shocks. In threshing the cylinder should be run at low speed as, if the straw is in condition, barley shells easily and too high a speed breaks the kernels and bruises the germ. It should not be threshed until, like wheat, it has gone through the sweating process. As it is important to have as great variety of crops as possible, barley ought to be the subject of patient experiment, until the secret of success is mastered, and another profitable cash crop added to the list.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INJUN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the North west.

Drop In and See the New Store!

H. F. BROWN.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., AUGUST 21, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 94.
1 Northern 89.
2 Northern 84.
3 Northern 81.
4 Northern 78.
Rejected 73.

Lovely weather for harvesting.

Wheat still has an upward tendency.

A. Chabot is quite sick with typhoid fever.

S. W. Vance has returned from his trip below.

Dr. A. Nelson was up from Fertile on Tuesday.

Nearly all of the wheat will be in shock this week.

Mrs. Fred Durand returned from the lake on Tuesday.

O. J. Barnes is enjoying a visit from his father for a few days.

C. C. Hoch, who has had a severe siege of fever, is reported better.

Geo. O. Reilly, of Fisher, was up enjoying city life with friends last week.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

A hail storm on Friday last did some damage to standing grain in this vicinity.

That bear skin in the window at the Boston attracts much attention. It is a beauty.

Joe. Veronneau has accepted a clerkship in Gervais' store. Joe will make a popular clerk.

Everybody goes to Maple Lake these days. This famous resort grows more popular each year.

"Git on board, chillen," for the great State Fair. The biggest ever attempted in Minnesota.

Hon. H. Steenerson spent a few days at Long Lake, Becker County. Says he had a grand good time.

Hon. H. Steenerson went to Detroit for an outing last week. His family spent the week at the lake.

O. L. Larson dropped down from Fosston on Tuesday, just to get a sample of simon pure democracy.

Miss Mary E. Van Meter, of Hudson, Wis., is visiting with her niece, Mrs. Harry Wyand for a week or so.

And now the thresher will tell what is the average yield of the Valley. So far as we can learn the grade will be all right.

Bert Bivins came down from Argyle on Sunday after his family. They will make their home at Argyle in the future.

Wilson says that case of brandy just received is the finest stuff ever imported. Call at Wilson & Thompson's and sample it.

Pat Russel greets you with a smile that is child like and bland, these days. His better-half has gone for a visit with her folks.

Chickens are ripe. That is why every dog and gun in the city is busy to-day. We are anxiously awaiting news from the front.

The Minneapolis Exposition will open August 27th and continue until Oct. 4th. Great attractions have been prepared.

A number of the men went back into the sewer on Tuesday morning. The contractor says he can get all the help he wants.

E. J. Grefthen, alliance candidate for superintendent of schools, was in the city this week rustling to secure his crop—votes.

Prof. D. N. Harper spent the Sabbath in the city. He says the wheat in Marshall and Kittson Counties is of extra quality this year.

Dr. Denniston was made the happy father of two fine young misses on Friday last. All concerned doing nicely at last accounts.

O. Snyder finishes cutting this week. He has put into shock over 800 acres of grain with three men and two machines. Snyder is a hustler.

Work on the sewer is progressing as rapidly as the force employed can do it. The demand for harvest hands has interfered somewhat.

Boss Morris has eight men slinging brick on the new Bjoin block this week. Says he will have the last brick in the walls by October 1st.

Our better half desires to return sincere thanks to Mrs. I. Simmons and Mrs. C. P. Hathaway for elegant bouquets received this week.

It is expected that the Grand Forks club will come over to-day to try conclusions with our boys, that is, if they can wake up sand enough.

The water carrier at the new McKinnon block took a tumble into the cellar, Tuesday morning. Fortunately no bones were broken and the bruises were slight.

Wheat will be almost all in shock this week and stacking and threshing commenced. With a good price assured Polk County grangers should be happy.

The Ste. Croix Walker Co. has built a new elevator on the new line two miles north of Fisher which will be conducted upon the same plan as the one here.

That St. Cloud crowd seem to be pretty thin skinned. After taking the best players of the Fargo and Grand Forks clubs, they kick like steers because they were fairly beaten by the Crookston club.

The cool weather on Saturday made everybody nervous. The wind, succeeded by clouds, prevented the threatened calamity—frost, and everything is now serene.

The first engine crossed the bridge about 11 o'clock on Wednesday. The bridge is one of the best Howe truss, capable of sustaining all that will be required of it.

Now that the new hotel is assured, other buildings will follow, and the probability is that next year Crookston will see more buildings erected than ever before. Let 'er boom.

A number of owners of Star Bashaw colts have engaged a driver from Manitoba to train their trotters down to 2.20 (if possible.) Some of the youngsters show great speed already.

Iver Krohn's little girl baby was taken sick on Saturday and died Sunday evening. It will be remembered that its mother died a few weeks since, shortly after the birth of the little one.

Mr. Charles Kling arrived last week from Augusta, Maine., to see about settling his father's estate. From him we learn that Mr. K. died last winter, never having recovered his mind.

Jimmy Fulton left on Sunday evening for Hawley, where he goes to accept a situation in the creamery conducted by his father. THE JOURNAL wishes Jimmy abundant success in his new avocation.

To build the new Bjoin block will require 800,000 brick. All these, with those used in the McKinnon block, Jorgenson's new store and the sewers are the production of a Crookston institution.

The new Bjoin block will contain an Opera House capable of containing 1,200 people. The stage will be 25x55. This will be the finest Opera House in the state, outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Mike Leguee had a slight misunderstanding with a colt that he was breaking, last Friday, and the colt took the shafts entirely out of Mike's go-cart. No other damage done except to Mike's temper.

The brick haulers deliver about 20,000 brick a day and had a good start, but the bricklayers will keep them hustling to keep enough on hand. The way the boys do pile up the brick is a caution.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 93 for 1 Hard and 88 for 1 Northern, with a decidedly upward tendency. We confidently expect to see the $ mark prevail in this market before much wheat is ready to ship.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

John Hack has gone into the commission business in West Superior and writes THE JOURNAL that business is extremely lively in that burg. Elsewhere in this issue he advertises his house and lot in this city for sale or to rent.

THE JOURNAL is informed that Mr. and Mrs. Clark Van Housen, of Elgin, Ill., welcomed the advent of a little baby girl on August 5th. Clark's many friends in this neck of the woods unite with THE JOURNAL in best wishes.

Uncle Daniel Cameron came down from Erskine. Said he had been up to visit Eber awhile. He expects to start back for Louisiania about Oct. 1st. Uncle Daniel rejoices with us at the prospects for good crops and good prices.

Sidney Barteau arrived on Sunday morning on a week's visit to his parents in this city. Sidney has a responsible position on the St. Paul Daily News which he is filling with credit to himself and satisfaction to his employers.

O. S. Johnson came up from his home in Ossian, Iowa, this week. Says he has not had excellent health while there, but feels like a new man just as soon as he gets back here. He expects to make arrangements soon to return to Polk County to live.

The men employed on the sewers struck on Monday morning. We learn that the reason given was that they wanted their pay last Saturday evening. It has been the custom to pay every two weeks and the next pay day would be next Saturday.

Tom Adams started for the coast last week with a Great Northern engine. If he is suited with the country he will remain. Tom is one of the kind the boys always miss when they leave us, and his many friends here wish him unlimited success.

Rev. F. B. Noyes took a drive in the country as far as the residence of S. M. McKee, on Saturday last. He is very enthusiastic over this country with its "magnificent distances" of golden wheat now yielding gracefully to the keen sickle of the jolly reaper.

The St. Cloud club tackled our boys on the diamond on Monday and were beaten by a score of 7 to 4. During the last innings the St. Cloud club got mad and jumped the job. They were to have played another game on Tuesday, but skipped after the Monday game.

Tom Morris, (the contractor) commenced to throw brick into the foundation of the Bjoin block last Thursday morning. The foundation courses are five feet in width supporting a twenty inch wall. Mr. Morris is a hustler and he has a crew of workers.

AT LAST.

IT IS A BIRD.

Work Upon the New Hotel to Commence at Once.

MAKING THE PLANS.

THE JOURNAL is pleased to be able to announce on the authority of Mr. A. A. Miller that at last the new hotel project is fully assured and work upon the plans commenced. Mr. Glasgow and Mr. Miller went over to Grand Forks on Monday and looked the hotel Dakota all over for pointers. Mr. Miller informs us that the work of clearing the site will be commenced at once, and it is hoped that everything will be ready for the bricklayers inside of thirty days. Whether it will extend over the C. O. D. store depends upon how solid the walls of that store are. They will be examined by an expert to decide. The structure will be four stories high, with basement, containing all of the modern improvements, and will cost not less than $75,000.

Halvor Steenerson: "I notice just now the papers are busy hunting up a name for the proposed new city composed just now of St. Paul and Minneapolis and "Twincite," "St. Pad," "Padapolis," &c. &c., are suggested. Well, if they will allow a lawyer to shy his castor into the ring I would suggest "Paddington" as very appropriate under the circumstances."

That's good, Halvor, but why not cater to the universal practice of conciliating the Norwegian vote, and call it Paddingson? St. Paul and Minneapolis would rather be dead than out of the fashion.

Miner Rood was down from Maple Lake on Monday with some sweet corn for the Crookston market. Miner has a plan for establishing a first-class summer resort at the lake which cannot fail, just as soon as he can get it to work. He originated it himself, therefore it is entirely original. He first applied to A. D. Stephens for a loan of $5,000 with which to build a hotel, purchase the steamer "Saucy Kate," or somebody, but Andy, while perfectly willing to advance the cash, showed Miner how impracticable it would be, because loan companies are obliged to charge so much interest that the hotel man would not be able to save up much from one year's end to the other—advised him not to have much to do with such grinding monopolies, thus proving his title to the sobriquet, "The Farmers Friend," but to apply to the government for a subsidy for the steamship line. Mr. Rood decided to do so, and, in order to protect the government will have the money deposited in bank, not to be used all in a chunk, but gradually along as necessity dictates. Having unlimited confidence in cashier Sawyer he has decided to transact the business through the 1st National bank. The necessity for some kind of a watering place has long been painfully apparent at the lake, a long felt want that even Date's far famed catamaran failed to supply, upon occasion, and this new scheme will be hailed with delight, as it is perfectly feasible, all that is necessary is to show to Uncle Sam the necessity for the improvement of waterways and obtain an appropriation under the rivers and harbors bill. Thus reasons Miner, and we are told that he has secured the services of Henry Wight as solicitor, who, with a prominent attorney of Grand Forks, will at once commence to develop the scheme. Mr. Rood has certainly the grounds and the water for a first-class business, and when Uncle Sam furnishes the sand—(or the rocks, as you might say,) the combination will be complete for a truly romantic resort, not the least of which features is the method of starting it. How cheap Fred Date will feel when he realises how easily the thing is did, and Doc will be chagrined that he did not wait awhile before going way off to Seattle to make a living.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

Henry Steege was up from Duluth last week. He has sold his business in Duluth and is on his way west to interview Butte, Helena, Missoula and other points. Has not decided whether to locate out there or to come back here. Thinks it likely that he may return to Crookston to live.

E. D. Childs tells THE JOURNAL man that he expects to finish cutting his grain to-day and will start the thresher as soon as Monday next. He thinks his wheat will pan out far better than last year and the grade will be all No. 1 Hard. He thinks that grade will be universal throughout Polk County this year.

Hugh Thompson spent Friday in the city greeting his many friends who are rejoiced to see him looking so well. It is very interesting to hear him relate his experience in the sanitarium—some of the cures effected there seem wonderful. Mr. T., though very much improved is obliged to exercise great care and will have to do so for some time.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's New goods arriving every week [14-27]

How the Deacon Got Sold.

The story goes that on Friday night as one of the good deacons of the Congregational church lay quietly dreaming away the early hours of night the wild alarum of the fire bell brought him up standing in the middle of his bedroom. In a trice he had his harness on and with a wild, ear-piercing whoop was off to the engine house. Upon arrival he found no stir, no excitement and everything hermetically sealed, so he waited patiently about for a half hour or so, then wended his way slowly back a very puzzled deacon, trying to figure out whether it was a car-bell or a dream. Deacon Arnold could tell you more about this affair, but he appears strangely reticent on the subject.

D. D. Williams will not be a factor in the coming election as he intends to go west and try to grow up with the country. Mr. W. has made a very efficient county attorney and could no doubt be re-elected should he desire it. The question now is who will inherit Williams' old shoes? Our friend Holston, of Red Lake Falls is the first applicant, he having sowed his crop of votes during the summer. If the frost—

Albert Helmeck had a severe experience in the hail storm last Friday. He was cutting grain, with five horses on the machine. When the storm came on he got down to unhitch, and while engaged in unhitching, a few hail stones caused the horses to plunge about rendering his position in front of the machine dangerous. In attempting to get out of the tangle he was hit by the reel, knocked down and struck in the right thigh by one of the guards, making a bad flesh wound. Dr. Bahnsen was called, who dressed the wound and Albert is now able to be about once more, though he is hardly as lively as a cricket. Everything considered, it was a wonderful escape and he feels thankful to get off so easy.

Geo. M. Swift drove in from Mentor on Sunday and got right back again as soon as possible on Monday. He has nearly completed cutting a splendid lot of grain. He is red-headed about those scribes who mis-represented his speech before the convention in St. Paul last June, and says that as soon as his affairs on the farm are in shape to leave he will take the field in behalf of the alliance ticket and proceed to make it rocky for schemers. Says this habit that trundle-bed trash has of making fun of old soldiers is becoming altogether too chestnutty to be entirely agreeable. He thinks that his services in the army fully entitle him to the right of free speech, and whenever or wherever he sees any attempt to belittle old soldiers, he proposes to sit down upon it, and sit down hard. From all we can learn from those who were present, we believe that the papers bore down on him harder than the facts warranted.

The new Ste. Croix & Walker Co. elevator on Jerome's addition is completed all ready to handle wheat. It is 26x40, 70 feet high, containing 29 bins capable of holding 28,000 bushels of wheat, and 30,000 can be put in if necessary. It is complete in every essential particular, and the plan upon which it will be operated seems to us to be a good one. The company do not intend to buy any wheat outright, but will rent bins to farmers who wish to ship their own wheat, or to track-buyers. The company will sell for any who desire them to do so, and the cost, including sale, will be two cents per bushel. This entitles the party to use of bin four days. If the shipper desires to ship to any other party the cost is 1½ cents per bushel for use of bin. Each bin is under lock and key and in the sole control of the party renting it, who takes care of the key while his wheat is in the bin. From what we have seen of this plan it strikes us favorably, as it seems to allow the farmer to place his wheat directly upon the market, either in Duluth or Minneapolis as he prefers. Any person using a bin can obtain money upon his wheat when stored. Mr. Ste. Croix informs us that his company will wire Duluth prices four times each day, which prices will be bulletined, thus enabling the farmer at any time to see just what his wheat is worth in Duluth. Many farmers have decided to try this elevator.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place.
[18-tf] J. W. HACK.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

Beltrami Pointers.

The fall term in our village school began to-day. W. J. Nickle is the teacher.

At the last meeting of the board of supervisors of the town of Reis, D. C. Hallock was appointed justice of the peace, and R. L. Elder road overseer, to fill vacancies.

Harry Thomas, foreman on the Herriot farm, fell from a binder, and either badly sprained or broke some of the bones in the ankle. Dr. Stuart, of Ada, was sent for.

H. B. Budd, who has been visiting his mother at Hays City, Kansas, the past two weeks reached home yesterday morning. Henry has a warm spot in the hearts of all our citizens and every one was pleased to see him again.

Many binders have been sold in this vicinity this season, most of them Osborne.

Ford & Payne will have this fall the biggest stock of clothing that ever came to Beltrami.

The traveling public will be pleased to learn that the Atlantic Hotel is in the hands of Jacob Regedal, an efficient landlord.

A. M. Hayes, of Pennsylvania, an uncle of the Hayes Bros., of the town of Hubbard, is here on a visit.

"The democracy of Polk County evidently mean business this year. They are not waiting for the republicans to open the fight, but propose to take the lead themselves and expect to maintain it to the end. Watch our smoke this year, boys."—Times, Aug. 16.

That's what we propose to do, Mr. Times, for smoke is all that will be left of your party after election. EDNA.

Alliance County Central Committee.

1st District—T. H. Nesseth, Fertile; Martin Randklev, Fosston.
2d District—Anton Lindon, J. B. Merrill, Fisher.
3d District—Chris. Hanson, Chris. Houstan, Crookston.
4th District—Swan Anderson, Wylie; A. P. Toupin, Brooks.
5th District—Not appointed.
E. E. LOMMEN, Chairman, Com.
Crookston.

AT LAST.

The Way is Clear for the Opening of The Reservation.

The following special telegram to THE JOURNAL contains news of vast importance to the dwellers of this new Northwest. It is probable that the order for survey will not long be delayed:

WASHINGTON D. C., Aug. 15.—We have passed bill through both houses giving two hundred thousand dollars for survey and apprisels of Chippewa Reservation; also one hundred and fifty thousand dollars for damages.
S. G. COMSTOCK.

H. H. Phelps was up from Ada on Tuesday to attend the Legislative convention.

Robert Colter was up from Mallory to attend the committee meeting on Tuesday evening.

Valley Roller Mills.

Retail Prices.

Best.................................. ——
North Star.......................... ——
Fife................................... ——
Skip Jack............................ ——

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.
MOE & BUHN.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.
May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

Farm Fun.

Western Hotel.

Wonders will never cease. There comes to our table a paper with the title of the heading of this article and it claims to be the "Farmers Funny Paper." We have not time to read it. Fun is a good thing. It is the best sort of tonic and is a general medicine which will not kill if it does not cure, and that is more than can be said of most medicines. But we have so much to do in the endeavor to keep the few from indulging in their peculiar fun of devouring the many that we have not time to read eight pages of alleged fun. we should doubt the success of a farmer's funny paper, for the farmer is having all the fun he can enjoy now. He has been robbed in so many ways and with such ingenuity that the schemes which have been organized to plunder him, fairly make him "laugh through his tears." The political demagogue comes around once in two years at most, and kisses his babies and compliments his wife and praises his stock and his dog, until the farmer breaks his suspenders in laughter. That same demagogue after getting elected to office squirms around under his pledges and violates all the promises he made, until the farmer shakes his sides with merriment to see a man with a face before and a face on the back of his head. The railroad corporation comes along and induces him to subscribe for stock to build a road through his section, then rob him of his stock and does it in such a cute way that it is rollicking fun. He grows crops to make railroads rich in carrying them to market, and while he is shinning about to get money to pay his mortgage and his taxes and to clothe his wife and children, complaining in the meantime just a little about railroad extortion, he forgets his troubles and begins to smile at the utterly absurd position that the railroad takes when it attempts to show him that but for the railroad his farm would not be worth nearly as much as it is, and that railroads have been an unspeakable blessing to him. He brings his stock to the Union Stock Yards and become hilarious when the company actually informs him that corn—which he sells at home for twelve or fifteen cents a bushel—is worth one dollar. A broad smile covers his face when the money-lender—with his pockets full of Eastern capital—tells him that he ought to have some money and that he will be glad to let him have it at the low rate of ten per cent per month.

Fun! Why the farmer lives amidst oceans of it. He is plundered and insulted until it becomes the joy of his life. He finds that even the undertakers are combine against him and if he is unfortunate enough to be compelled to patronize one, the fellow's long face and open pocket-book make a combination that is actually funny. Seriously, a farmer's funny paper strikes us as exceedingly ludicrous just at this time, when it is a question of actual life or death with the farmer. It is a good deal like wasting paper and ink. The press can find all that it can do, if it will faithfully denounce existing evils and call for justice for the farmer.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

CARLETON COLLEGE,
NORTHFIELD, MINN.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 10, 1890.
THE COURSES ARE

Classical, Literary, Scientific, English Academy and Musical,

Besides Preparatory and Post-Graduate studies
Instruction given in Drawing and Painting.
Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy.
Extensive Chemical and Biological Laboratories.
Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
For catalogues and circulars address,
[13-161] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

Great West: The Great West is placed in a very trying position. If it does not stand in with the miserable carrion who are trying to land the alliance on its back, the liars who are skirmishing against us say. "It's a Merriam organ!" And to support the ticket and strike the gang who are running it into the ground, is to aid the ticket but little if any.

But, gentlemen, would it make no difference if your attitude struck the alliance party out of existence? No party can enter into being with our aid by practicing the deepest and dirttest frauds under the guidance of your enemies.

We feel that our proofs are positive that the alliance party is designedly being led to destruction. The chief end was accomplished in striking down the radical element at the convention. The rest of the work is to keep up the traitor element so that there is no resurrection at the coming election. It may be very, very hard to believe, but are we not actually in the hands of our enemies—to guide us on to victory!!

Progressive Age, Minneapolis: The Pioneer Press has forfeited all claim for respect from every farmer in the West. The contemptuous way it treats the Farmer's Alliance and labor people, the sneers which it affects whenever it mention a farmer, are enough to drive away the honest sons of toil from it forever. It has come to pass in Minnesota that to wear the horny hand of toil is to court insult at the hands of one of the oldest newspapers in the state. This paper, the mouthpiece of monopoly and the betrayer of the people, has chosen to blatantly boast of the superiority of the machine over the managers of the new forces now organizing, and grossly heaps misconstruction upon all they do. It shows itself a boodler's puppet, and should be treated as such.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

(First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Anna A. Beck, plaintiff, against Paul Bataglia, Elizabeth Bagtalia, and the Luger Furniture Company, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fifth day of August, A. D., 1890 a certified transcript of which has been duly delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Polk County aforesaid, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Monday, the thirteenth day of October, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, lying and being situated in the county of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eighteen, (18,) in block number sixteen, (16,) of the townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
SPRY & HARVEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[18-24] Minneapolis, Minn.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

W A. ROBERTSON.
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS.
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, September 12th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

Auditor,
Treasurer,
Sheriff,
Clerk of the Court,
Register of Deeds,
Superintendent of Schools,
Coroner,
Court Commissioner,

Also nine (9) delegates to the Legislative Convention to be held in Crookston on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 p. m.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Bristol	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	2
Columbia	3	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	4	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	2	Polk Center	2
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	1	Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
Town of Crookston	3	" " "—town	1
Eden	1	Rice	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	1
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	St. Hilaire	2
Grand Forks	2	Sanders	2
Garden	4	Sandsville	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sletten	3
Gervais	1	Sullivan	2
Gentilly	2	Tabor	1
Godfrey	3	Terrebonne	2
Grove Park	2	Tilden	2
Hammond	1	Tynsid	2
Higdem	2	Vineland	2
Hill River	3	Winger	3
Hubbard	3	Woodside	3
Hunteville	2	Wyandotte	2
Keystone	2		
Kertsonville	1		
King	3	Total	159
Knute	3		

A. D. STEPHENS, Chairman.
A. A. MILLER, Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION.

A Legislative Convention for the district composed of Polk, Norman and Beltrami Counties, will be held at the Court House, in the city of Crookston, on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

1 Senator,
3 Representatives.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates as follows: Polk 9, Norman 5, Beltrami 1.

H. E. COOKE, Chairman.
H. H. PHELPS, Secretary.

The Prison Mirror entered upon its fourth year last Thursday. It is a nicely printed and very readable sheet.

Maj. T. M. Newson started for the scene of his new labors as Consul at Malaga, on Saturday evening last, accompanied by the best wishes of every newspaper in the state. The wish of THE JOURNAL is "may he live long and brosper."

The object of political parties should be to conduct the affairs of government in the interest of the people. Just as long as that principle is observed the party that observes it will be entitled, and will receive, the confidence of the people, but when schemers are allowed to run a party in their own selfish interests that party deserves to be beaten at the polls.

Not long since the Grand Forks Plaindealer management arranged to have the Plaindealer sent over on the freight and delivered in this city by carrier. For a few days we received our copy all right on the day of publication and then came a skip or two, and now we don't get it at all. Better try Uncle Sam's mail again, Mr. P. D., as that is better than not at all.

The passage of the appropriation bill for which Mr. Comstock has worked so long and so faithfully, insures the early opening to settlement of the Red Lake Indian Reservation. Surveyors will be put to work at once and very soon the desired event will be a reality. Mr. Comstock is entitled to the hearty approval of every dweller in this upper country, and no doubt they will express their approval at the polls.

The Alliance Movement.

New York Nation: The farmers' alliance, north and south, seems likely to have considerable influence in the autumn elections. Nobody can now predict how much mischief it may do to the great political parties, or how this mischief will be distributed between them. That the alliance can have any permanent existence, or can ever accomplish what it aims at, is simply impossible.

Which shows just how little some great papers understand the alliance or its objects. As to its effects upon the great parties we are not among those who believe that it will carry death and desolation in its wake, but we would like to know what is to prevent its "permanent existence," or why it is "simply impossible to accomplish its aims." Its aims are for the common benefit of mankind, by placing agriculture on an equal footing with other callings. Much of this can be done by existing political parties, and the probability is that the present attitude of the alliance will have a tendency to call attention to the needs of agriculture in so emphatic a manner that the great parties will be brought to a realizing sense that there is an industry in this country called agriculture, and a race of human beings called farmers, and in this way, if in no other, will the alliance compel recognition. We do not expect the alliance will ever be a political party, but it will accomplish its object just the same, and it will continue to exist as a business organization just as long as the necessity for organization remains. What is there so very peculiar in an organization of farmers that it is impossible for the alliance to exist? We do not hear objections made to the organization of other interests, but when it comes to the farmers you see every monopolistic sheet in the country join in the cry of "impracticability," etc. The alliance seeks to so regulate the business of agriculture that farmers can make an independent living in their business. This object is right and just, and it will be accomplished in spite of the opposition that may be raised by those who are now fattening upon the toil of the farmer. That the alliance made some mistakes is but natural and not fatal. The experience gained in this campaign will be valuable to the alliance, and it will be enabled to profit by its mistakes. We think that one lesson that the great parties will learn will be that agriculture is in a depressed condition, and that its interests must be fostered if the vote of the farmers is desired. No patriotic party politician objects to the objects of the alliance, but party schemers and bosses do, and they will be the only ones who will suffer through the organization. The farmers are no fools, and they are beginning to estimate these schemers at their true value and to treat them accordingly. The Nation goes on with a lot of "objects of the alliance, which are so totally false and silly as to need no mention here. The Nation will find out in time that the alliance has come to stay as a business organization.

The Red Lake Reservation.

Elsewhere in this issue appears a brief telegram from Hon. S. G. Comstock announcing the passage of the appropriation bill for the survey of the Reservation. Though brief, that telegram is of vast significance to this country, as it means the early opening of that vast tract of valuable land, and an immense amount of business for this country. Mr. Comstock has been indefatigable in his efforts to open that reservation, and those efforts should be, as they doubtless will be, appreciated by our people. There is not a man in this country who will not be benefitted, directly or indirectly, by this transaction, and THE JOURNAL is in a position to know that its early settlement is wholly due to Mr. Comstock's unceasing efforts in our behalf. Mr. C. has already earned the proud distinction of being the hardest worker in Congress. It will be remembered that Knute Nelson had the same reputation, so that Mr. Comstock is truly a worthy successor. It is very seldom that a new member acquires the great influence that Mr. Comstock has gained in his first, or even his second term, and some never would gain it. Mr. C. is a worthy representative and should be kept right there as long as he will consent to stay, and after that he should be sent to the Senate.

Is the Sub-Treasury Bill Desirable?

Having attempted to show in my former article the constitutionality of the sub-treasury bill, I will in this give some reasons why I think such legislation is, at this time, desirable. The legal tender quality of the national treasury notes was adopted as a war measure, and the necessity of the occasion seems to have had great weight with the Supreme Court in upholding the legislation. To me the present depressed condition of the agricultural classes of the whole country is a danger no less alarming than war. The sub-treasury plan, I at first thought too cumbersome; but upon mature reflection, I am of the opinion that it is a scheme well adapted to the conditions of our country. No one supposes for an instant that the whole crop of the country would in any contingency be placed in warehouses. No; only that portion of it that was intended for market, and at no time would all of the crop intended for market be so placed. All the crops that are intended for sale have to be carried to market any way; and these warehouses would naturally be located in the country towns, or if not, a market would be created by the location, and this of itself (the accumulation of large quantities of produce in one place), would enhance the prices by drawing purchasers and increasing competition between buyers. The deposit of agricultural products in warehouses, and the issue of certificates of deposit thereon, which would have the character of money, would give us an elastic currency such as no other suggested system would. Say, that in any given community, $1,000,000 worth of produce was deposited, there would be issued and thus put in circulation $800,000 worth of certificates of deposit or money in that community; then, if when the price was favorable, say $500,000 worth of this produce was sold, there would be $400,000 of this currency, or some other kind of currency returned to the treasury of the United States, and the currency of that community would be contracted just that much. Thus we see that by this system we would have an elastic currency capable of contracting, or expanding to suit the actual exigencies of trade, and we would not be liable to those artificial contractions or expansions caused by the schemings of speculators, nor the unnatural surplus in times of business stagnation, and stringency in times of active business movements, such as the moving of the crops and such like occasions as we now have. If $1,000,000 worth of silver is sold to the Government, and $1,000,000 of money paid therefor, these $1,000,000 of money are in circulation for all time, and it follows that if it is not too much for the dull season it is not enough for the active season. Hence, these unnatural but necessary fluctuations in prices of produce; hence, the necessity it may be of the Secretary of the Treasury having to come to the relief of the dealers so often.

I am free to confess that under the provisions of the sub-treasury plan I do not see how there could be a sufficiency of currency in any given community in a year of bad crops. There would, it seems to me, have to be some additional legislation, by which to provide for short crops, such as the deposit of other personal property or real estate securities. The fact is, as money is only the representative of value, I see no reason why every dollar of value should not have its representative. As it is the duty of the General Government to furnish a currency to the country, and as the present currency is based upon the debt of the Government, and as the debt is being rapidly extinguished, it follows that some other basis must be found upon which to rest the currency. I know that we instinctively turn to gold and silver as a basis for currency, or for currency itself; but the business of the world and its population are rapidly increasing, while the supply of silver and gold is rather diminishing in its annual supply. It seems to me, therefore, that we will in a short while have to look elsewhere for our basis of currency. The farmers in council suggest the sub-treasury plan. Who will suggest a better? Gold nor silver neither have any intrinsic value, such as corn or cotton. You cannot eat either, and neither will warm you. It is their use as representatives of value that makes them so useful. In the American Cyclopedia there is a very interesting article on money, from which we make the following extract:

> Further, on the testimony of Thomas Baring, we are assured that it was found impossible during the crisis of 1847 in London to raise any money whatever on a sum of $60,000 of silver. During a similar crisis in Calcutta in 1864 it was equally impossible to raise even a single rupee on $20,000 of gold. The former was not a legal tender above forty shillings, while the latter was not for any sum whatever.

Comstock on Original Packages.

Sauk Sentre Herald: While the Herald does not think there is anything surer in political prospects than the re-nomination and re-election of Hon. S. G. Comstock, yet it may not be amiss to emphasize the fact that he is an active and an aggressive worker in behalf of his constituents. In discussing the "original package" bill in the house he said:

> I do not wish, Mr. Speaker, to trespass upon the patience of the house, and shall do so but briefly. I only wish to state that I heartily favor the passage of this senate bill as amended by the house, and for the reasons that have been advanced by my friends from Wisconsin, Mr. Thomas and Mr. LaFollette, among others.
>
> We up in Minnesota, the state I have the honor in part to represent on this floor, would control the traffic in oleomargarine, butterine compound, lard and oils. We have enacted laws for that purpose. They have been in successful operation for some time. They are threatened by this decision of the supreme court. We believe that it is essential to the dairy interests of Minnesota that such laws as we have enacted should remain in full force and effect in that state.
>
> But we are controlled by a gigantic concern in Chicago engaged in the manufacture of various compounds which are sold to the people as genuine butter. It is not only wrong in itself, but it is a great injustice to our agricultural interests, especially the dairy interests of the state. The product which is offered, while it may be wholesome, and cleanly, and proper, and even healthful as an article of food—and may not; it is still sold under a paying rate for genuine butter; so that the manufacturer of the genuine article of butter is driven from the market, and great loss is entailed on a class of people in the state who can ill afford to bear it.
>
> Now, it seems to me that while congress is engaged in the matter of legislation on this question it may just as well cover the entire field as to confine itself to the traffic of alcoholic liquors. It certainly is to the advantage of the people. It is right that the people should know that the article of food they purchase is not adulterated, and this adulteration of food product has gone to a point beyond the conception of most people. Therefore, I favor this senate bill as amended, in the interest of the people of my state, and especially in the agricultural portion."

The People are Aroused.

Western Rural.

The people are aroused at last. Never in our history has there been such a union of action among farmers as now. They are gathering together in their different societies and are proceeding together toward what they believe to be relief from present unprosperous condition. In some of the States, worn out with waiting for relief at the hands of the old political parties they have organized new ones, nominated tickets and are now at work in the attempt to elect them. How these new political combinations will result no one can tell. They will at least disorganize old political methods and perhaps change the political complexion of some of the States. They may not result in the election of the tickets nominated. It may be ultimately shown that there was a wiser course than the formation of new parties. But the people are determined to have relief; and The Rural honestly believes that the only way by which the old political parties can save themselves for any great length of time, is by giving the farmer what he demands and what he ought to have.

The Rural has known all the time that the farmer would secure protection for himself, even if he was compelled ultimately to smash every political party in existence; and he will. The politician who does not hear the rumbling of the coming storm will have nothing but his own stupidity to censure when the storm breaks. Agriculture will not remain under the deep, dark cloud that has been covering it for a few years; the farmer does not propose to be trampled on by corporations and trusts and Shylocks forever. The people will not submit to being throttled eternally. They are now getting out from under the iron heel of despotic greed and political corruption; they are standing up like full-grown men and independent citizens of a free Republic; and while they still have a love for the old political party and would be willing to remain with it if it would do justice by them, they are rapidly coming to the conclusion to make the welfare of their pocket-books the chief plank in their political platform; and they are right.

In taking up the September Wide Awake, both the juveniles and the elders will turn at once to Mr. Ward's Andover serial; the chapters in this issue ought to be read in every college in the land. "Doc.'s" death-bed is a fearsome warning to those students who think "hazing" a manly kind of "lark;" the dog "Calvin's" doings give the necessary sunny relief, in these chapters. C. E. Garland has a capital story in this number, "The Last Baseball of the Season." Preston Lee Otis gives a strong story, too, of Southern life, entitled "Rijane." "My Friend, Ah Sing," a San Francisco story by G. Adams, will interest the boys, and reads like a true tale. "The Quest of the Whipping-Boy" ends in this number. "Four Fire-Buckets," by Mary Bolles Branch, is a good lesson for officious little girls. An amusing "Tragedy in Three Scenes," entitled "She did not go to Cooking-School," by Miss Pollok, the teacher of the cooking classes in Washington, will be sure to be in demand for entertainments. There are several unusually fine illustrated papers in the number: "Helen's Tower," describing Lord Dufferid's beautiful devotion to his mother; "Capturing a Sea-Cow," by Dr. Hard; and "An Obscure Hero," by Edith M. Degen, giving an account of Mr. Hadly's work for the Indians. Mrs. White's "Business" paper for young women, Mrs. Claflin's "Margaret-Patty Letter" on street-car behavior, Mrs. Humphrey's charming article about "The English Cowslip," Mrs. Leonowen's anecdote paper about "The Little Hohenzollerns," with its beautiful picture, Helen North,s unique directions for "Summer Evening Diversions"—the "Cobweb Party" will be popular—Miss McLeod's dramatic Acadien tale, and the original anecdotes and short talks in "Men and Things" complete the prose miscellany. The poems are by Mrs. Thomas Sargent Perry, Mrs. Clara Doty Bates and Ellen V. Talbot; the number includes also a beautiful "Motion Song," words and music both by Mrs. Ormiston Chant, and an amusing Puk-Wudjie chapter, "The Cone Dance,"

Wide Awake is $2,40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston, Mass.

Exposition and State Fair Exorsions.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will sell Aug. 27th and 28th, Sept. 2d, 4th, 8th, 9th, 10th' 11th, 12th, 13th, 16th, 18th, 23rd, 25th, and 30th and Oct. 2d, round trip tickets Crookston to Minneapolis and return, including admission ticket to the exposition, at the rate of $9.02. Tickets good until midnight of first Monday following date of sale. Excursion tickets to the Minnesota State Fair will be on sale Sept. 8th to 15th Inclusive, good returning until Sept. 15th at rate of $9,27 for the round trip, including admission ticket to the fair grounds.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

Alliance State Central Committee.

The state central committee as finally completed is as follows: Sixteenth district, Carrington Phelps, chairman; First district, Carl J. Judson; Second district, T. C. Hodgson; Third district, J. L. Wright; Fourth district, J. B. Dukes; Fifth district, C. H. Roberts; Sixth district, Eric Olson; Seventh district, C, W. Brandborg; Eighth district, D. Jenkins; Ninth district' Albert Warren; Tenth district, G. W. Sprague; Eleventh district, E. S. Erickson Twelfth district, John Hohl; Thirteenth district, J. Le Due; Fourteenth district, Charles Canning; Fifteenth district, Joseph Askew. At large. T. B. Lucas, J. C. Myers, A. O. Grigsby and A. L. Gardner. Albert Warren is secretary, with headquarters at the Merchants Hotel, St. Paul. Matter pertaining to campaign work should be addressed to him.

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl, Crookston, Minn. [14-tf]

Good Crops--Good Prices--Good Time.

Moorhead News.

The News feels the utmost confidence that the present fall will be the best one for business and general prosperity in the history of this section of country. This feeling is based on our excellent crops and the higher prices which they will sell for. As the News has before remarked a good yield of all our main crops is very much better than a good yield of one crop and the other poor. Add to our abundance the advanced price for wheat, oats, barley and potatoes and as a natural sequence beef and pork also, and it can readily be seen that the amount of money that will be realized for them and go into circulation will be much larger than usual. In 1886 the wheat crop here was very large and other crops were good, but the price of wheat was not above 60 cents and the price of other products in the same proportion. Even then the times were good. With wheat at 90 cents or $1.00 per bushel and a higher price than usual for all other products this fall the times are going to be booming.

Great Remnant Sale!

REMNANTS
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Beginning on Modnay,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of
BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything
in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - - Minn.
Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.
CALL AND SEE US.

Passenger Rates One Cent a Mile.

The National Tribune.

The movement for an immediate and radical reduction in passenger rates all over the country should begin at once, and everywhere. Nor should there be an abatement of the agitation so long as any railroad presumes to charge more than one cent a mile for carrying a passenger any distance. Anything beyond that is extortion—is robbery of the community.

In European countries, no more densely populated than our States east of the Missouri, the railroads have found it very profitable to carry passengers at much less than one cent a mile, and it will be the same in this country. Railroads are built much more cheaply here than there. Two great elements of construction-cost—right of way, and ties—are much cheaper here than in Europe. Excavations, rails, rolling-stock, and equipment are not much higher, while fuel is much cheaper here than in any place in Europe outside of England.

But were every item in the cost of building and running railroads higher than abroad it still would not alter the general fact that our roads can afford to transport passengers fully as cheaply as those of Europe. The profits of business always depend upon the amount that can be done with the same amount of plant. The railway plant required to carry 100 passengers a day is exactly the same as for 1,000 passengers. The same expensive roadway must be constructed and maintained, the same stations must be provided, the same engines, and nearly the same cars; the same staff of engineers, conductors, station agents, telegraphers, superintendents, etc., must be employed and paid the same salaries.

We are much greater travelers than the Europeans, the same number of people in a community furnishing from two to five times as many passengers per annum as the average across the Atlantic. Our railroads carry over 500,000,000 passengers a year, making an average of between eight and nine trips per year for every man, woman and child in the country. The average in Hungary is but one trip per year per head of population; but two in Australia, and but five in Germany.

If the maximum fare in this country were but one cent a mile for short distances with a proper reduction for long trips, the number of passengers carried would be quadrupled at least, the railroads would make a great deal more money, and the pleasure, enterprise, and progress of the people would be immensely promoted.

We urge that the people take hold of this matter at once, and discuss it with earnestness. Let them plant themselves on this simple, easily-comprehended platform:

1. National regulation of fares on all railroads in the country, without regard to State lines or charters, the conditions of which are repugnant to public policy.
2. A uniform passenger rate, not exceeding one cent a mile for short distances, with reductions in proportion to the length of trip.
3. Tickets good on any railroads, for the number of miles specified on their face, and good until used, to be on sale at places convenient to the public.

This is thoroughly practical reform, and we invite discussion of it. We are aware of the Constitutional and other objections that will be urged, but they are fallacious, and we shall be glad to demonstrate this if those who hold them will present them to us.

If the people will take up this matter now and unite upon it, Congress can be brought to the passage of a law embodying the reform within two years from date.

Let the agitation be begun by the formation of One-cent-a-mile-fare Association for pushing the reform.

The Horny Handed.

New London Times: Mr. Owen is not a political schemer nor trickster, and did not seek the distinction conferred upon him. He is a man, we believe, of an honest purpose and conscientious scruples, and is well known in connection with a farm journal, and will poll the largest vote ever counted in this state for any farmer's party.

Long Prairie Leader: Their nominees are good ones and if their candidate for governor, S. M. Owen, should be elected the affairs of the state will be in the hands of a true friend to the farmers and laboring classes for the next two years at least.

Renville Star: They say the Farmer's Alliance will cut no figure in this campaign. Maybe not. But unless the republicans put up a man who is in favor of the farmers "existing" you will find out that they will cut more of a "figure" than is anticipated.

Appleton Press: The man selected for governor is not a politician, nor has he been prominent among the leaders of the alliance. He is a good man, however, and though he will not be elected, will command the respect of even his opponents.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
Wahpeton, N. D.
[12-tf]

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., AUGUST 21, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
3:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
11:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger, 7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight, 10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m.	6:35 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger, 6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight, 7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:20 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

National Economist:—The United States Treasury this week came to the aid of the loan market with the $50,000,000 bank note redemption fund liberated by the silver bill. Secretary Windom's announcement of a change of policy regarding bond purchases were interpreted as meaning that this additional resource would be employed to ease the market as much as possible before and during the crop movement. This had a quieting effect even before the acceptance on Thursday of tenders for $5,838,900 bonds.

The above is taken from Bradstreet's issue of July 26, and contains a frank admission of the necessity and benefits of a flexible volume of currency. The "ease of the money market" was assured by a practical application of a flexible volume of currency by the very method proposed in the sub-treasury plan; $50,000,000 was added to the general stock of currency at a time when an increase in the volume of business was absolutely certain. If $50,000,000 will produce such beneficial results as this statement discloses, what salutary effect might not be looked for by an addition of ten times this amount. Here is found the leading financial paper in this country, a recognized authority upon all questions touching monetary affairs, unconsciously giving its consent to the prime underlying principle of the sub-treasury bill. It is a pleasing illustration of an honest endorsement giving to the sub-treasury plan while discussing a different proposition. It is an error, however, to consider this $50,000,000 covered into the Treasury as in circulation. In order to place this sum among the people a tortuous and expensive route must be taken. It will be necessary to first exchange this amount for bonds, which at the present premium will cost about $11,500,000. This transaction has only changed it from the vaults of the Government to vaults of the banks. In order to obtain its services for one year, the people must pay a rent of at least 10 per cent more, or $5,000,000. The premium paid on the bonds and the interest paid on the banks aggregate an expense of $16,500,000, in placing $50,000,000 among people. This is too much tribute for the use of a medium of exchange, and will, if continued, destroy the prosperity of any country. By use of the sub-treasury plan, this whole amount could be put out when most needed at a total expense of about $500,000, or a saving to labor in production of nearly $16,000,000. Which is the cheapest or best?

Agitate the Service Pension Bill.

The National Tribune.

The shriek set up by the soldier-haters upon the passage of the Disability Pension Bill has begun to subside. Only the more bitter and irreconcilable of the malignants keep up the clamor. Those who hate Union soldiers because they served the Union, and the subsidized agents of British free trade, still harp away about "bounty-jumpers," "skulkers," "eleventh-hour big bounty men," "ravenous pension sharks," and the other epithets in their vocabulary of billingsgate. But the good sense and love of justice of the country commend the measure, and as its provisions come to be better understood, it rapidly gains in favor.

Everybody but these blatant irreconcilables now freely admits:

1. That the widow of a man who gave his life to the preservation of the country should be pensioned, and also his minor children.

2. That if he left no widow, his dependent mother or father should be pensioned, because his death deprived them of his support.

3. That the broken-down veterans of that terrible war, all of whom have passed the meridian of life, should be cared for in their old age and weakness by the great and rich country they saved at such cost to themselves.

4. That the amount required to do this does not enter into the question. If it is right it should be done, no matter how much it costs, and certainly a wealthy, prosperous Nation of 60,000,000 people can better afford to pay $150,000,000 a year for this worthy purpose than the war-burdened 25,000,000 in the North could afford to pay, as they did, almost double that amount per annum to the money-lenders, for years after the war.

This being the case, the time is ripe now for the agitation of the completion of the work of justice by the passage of The National Tribune Service Pension Bill, the repeal of the Arrears Limitation, the equalization of Bounties and other measures of rightful treatment of the men who gave the Nation everything. When all these are made into laws, and all the money required by them is disbursed to the Nation's creditors, the total expenditures will be far from equaling the sum paid the money-lenders. And it must be constantly kept before the public that the men who fought the Nation's battles actually gave it in freely-sacrificed wages much more than the money-lenders lent it, and that while the latter have received out of the National Treasury over five billion dollars, the maimed and slain soldiers, their widows and orphans, have received but one-fifth that amount. It will be a better time to "call a halt," as the New York Tribune does, but the soldiers are treated with something like the liberality displayed to the bondholders.

The Duluth & Winnipeg.

Hope That the Trouble on the Winnibigoshish Will Soon be Quelled.

M. H. Foley, the Duluth and Winnipeg contractor, is in the city to-day. In speaking of the recent trouble at the Winnibigoshish reservation, he said that nothing was being done, but he as well as Mr. Fisher were in hopes that the matter would be amicably settled in a short time so that work can be resumed. The delay will cause a considerable loss of money, as they have been ordered to remove their outfit from the reservation.

They had 2000 men at work on the reservation when the order to stop grading was issued. The reservation is only about seventy-six miles wide and the line would have been graded nearly across by this time if the work had not been stopped.

McIntosh Times:—The board of directors of The Thirteen Towns Elevator Company met at the Times office Saturday. The board adopted a plan for a ten thousand bushel elevator with nineteen different bins, ten of which can be un-loaded into the car without re-elevating. The plans were referred back to the committee on plans with full power to complete arrangement for the building of the house at a cost not to exceed $1,500. Several amendments to the articles of incorporation were made and adopted which will necessitate the re-signing of the articles. The meeting adjourned to Saturday August 23rd.

McIntosh Times:—While in Crookston last week the editor had the pleasure of meeting Gautier de Ste. Croix, of the grain commission firm of Gautier de Ste. Croix, Walker & Co. of Duluth. This firm is building a farmers elevator on the Northern Pacific at Crookston, and Mr. Ste Croix kindly showed us over their house which is now nearly completed and gave us much valuable information about the building and operation of farmers' elevators. Their house at Crookston has a capacity of thirty thousand bushels and is divided into twenty-five bins. This style of elevator practically supplies the demand for a free and open wheat market which has become general in every farming community of the Northwest; it not only avoids the evils of the present system, of grading by country buyers, by furnishing a convenient and inexpensive system whereby every farmer can sell his wheat at a terminal market and receive the benefits of the state weights and grades, but it also provides convenient facilities for the shipping of wheat by independent local buyers of small means and brings them into active competition with the elevator monopolies. We predict that a large number of these elevators will be built throughout the Northwest during the next few years and that they will prove a great blessing to the farmers as well as a paying investment for the owners. At a meeting of the board of directors of The Thirteen Towns Elevator Co., of McIntosh, held Saturday, it was practically decided to adopt this style house on a smaller scale and provide some means for handling small lots of wheat. This system avoids the danger and dificulties which would necessarily arise if the Co. should attempt to grade and buy wheat and at the same time gives the farmer the advantage of the highest market price.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl, Crookston, Minn. [14-tf]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Aug. 9, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on Sept. 30th, 1890, viz: FRANCOIS PAGE, D. S. 10,689, for the se¼ Sec. 32, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Benoit, Fortuna Benoit, Pierre Dulude and Leon Charron, all of Gentilly, Polk County, Minn.

[17-22] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

[First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 14th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of John Cromb, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Arthur Yvernault, late of this county, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1890, at Crookston aforesaid, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said John Cromb granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Tuesday, the 16th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 14th day of August, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[18-20] Judge of Probate.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the 'Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-48]

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication August 14, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDWIN P. CAPEN AND MATTIE C. Capen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of June 20th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit; All of fractional Section 8, Township 148, Range 47 west, containing 632 96-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 26 of mortgages, on pages 480 to 483 inclusive; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of ninety-four and 40-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-eight hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[17-23] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., July 17th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, on Oct. 2d, 1890, viz: THOR HALDORSON, Hd. 11,281, for the nw¼ ne¼ e½ nw¼ and lot 2, Sec. 33, Tp. 149, R. 48. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harald Johnson, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn., Gulbrand Pederson, of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn., William Marston, Otto Camp, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

[First publication Aug. 7th. 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, General Term, Aug. 4th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Aslak Bjornson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of T. D. Ose, administrator of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of said real estate at private sale. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Tuesday, the 23d day of September, A. D. 1890, at two o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[16-18] Judge of Probate.

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—AND—

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Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.		Large stock of Mixed Paints.	

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Along the Great Northern Railway Line in Montana are free ranches and pasturage, mines of precious metals, iron and coal, and new cities and towns. Now is your chance.	YOUNG MAN.
GREAT FALLS.	Surrounded by a fine agricultural and grazing country, close to mines of precious metals, iron and coal, possessing a water power unequaled in America, it is Montana's industrial centre.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions. Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	G. N. R. L.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA. AUGUST 28, 1890. NO. 19.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
6 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Carlisle and the Farmers.

A. Barnwell, in National Economist.

The day for hero worship is passed. Men now require good reasons for opinions whether they emanate from prominent men or otherwise. The great name of Mr. Carlisle can not, therefore, prevent the farmers from investigating his strictures upon the sub-treasury bill.

Let it be understood that this bill has been deliberately put forward by the Alliance of farmers and laborers as the most available measure of relief which they could devise in this their great extremity. That they have made a most strenuous appeal to their friends in Congress to either advocate this bill or give them some substitute which will be as effectual, or even more so, if possible. With this clearly understood, compare the answer of Mr. Carlisle to his constituents with his avowed knowledge of the urgency of the case, and the disgust on the part of his farmer constituents at its inadequacy is at once accounted for and justified. Says Mr. Carlisle in the Forum of last January:

> The American farmer is constantly engaged in a hard struggle to secure a comfortable support for his family and a moderate education for his children, and to pay taxes and keep out of debt. This is all he can reasonably hope to accomplish; in a large majority of cases he fails even to do this, and sooner or later is compelled to sell or mortgage his land and reduce his expenditures to the lowest figure. He has a paternal government which has determined that certain classes of industry ought to be maintained at the public expense, and for thirty years he has been taxed for their support; and now, after these favored industries have become rich and powerful, they conspire and confederate under the names of trusts, syndicates and pools, and dictate the terms upon which the people may procure the necessaries of life and carry on their business. Under our system of taxation the farmer is almost without the semblance of power to protect his own interests. He cannot control the prices of the products he sells in the markets of his own country, because the demand is not equal to the supply, and he must take what he can get. The farmer's crop depends almost entirely upon the character of the season he may have, and he cannot decide in advance how he must plant in order to furnish a supply that will not be in excess of the demand. He must sow and reap all he can every year, and take the risk of reducing the price of his own products by overstocking the markets. When the seed is sown it must remain until the crop is gathered, and consequently the farmer's investment yields but one return each year. * * * These and many other disadvantages under which the farmer labors, and which no act of Congress can remove, etc.

The above is a clear statement of facts, not complete, because it fails to assign the most potent cause of the farmer's trouble—manipulation of the currency by the money kings. But what little use has Mr. Carlisle made of his accurate knowledge of the position of the farmer? Even if his plans for tariff reform were successful, which they are not, he could not expect them to be adequate to the needs of the farmer. If his other measures could also be added as successes—that is, free coinage of silver and the repeal of national bank charters—still the disadvantages of the farmer would not be fully removed. Should not Mr. Carlisle then, have come to the front with some measure more definite, more certain, and offering more prompt relief?

But in place of this he distinctly denounces in toto the very first plan which is advanced in this direction. Let us state the case. Says Mr. Carlisle, "the farmers have a paternal government."

The present systems have been impoverishing him for thirty years. His case is desperate and rapidly growing worse. Part of this lies in the nature of the case; that is to say, in the fact that his entire income is controlled by the prices at harvest time. The other part lies in the ability of trusts, syndicates and pools, etc., to manipulate the harvest prices as well as the cost of his goods. Now just add to the above expositions of Mr. Carlisle the fact, that the expansion and contraction of the currency, without any other cause whatever, can, and does increase the cost of his goods, and also can, and does reduce the harvest price of his produce. When you now recognize that this contraction of the currency can be, and is used for this very purpose by the speculators et al, you have the case before you. Said a prominent Southern politician, the sub-treasury plan was conceived in deception and born of subterfuge, and this is about the spirit in which it has been met and considered. Let us see, upon calm investigation if this very bill was not on the contrary the spontaneous outcome of the situation—a genuine undefiled child of nature springing into existence, formed and shaped by unavoidable circumstances, and potent from its very adaptability to the requirements of the situation. Let us now state the case as presented to us by Mr. Carlisle. The farmer faces ruin. "He has a paternal government." This government has determined that certain classes of industry ought to be maintained at the public expense. For thirty years he has been the victim of this settled policy of his government. The entire financial system opposes his interests. His yearly profit is reduced by the force of a contracted currency manipulated for that purpose by those interested. He is almost without "the semblance of power to protect his interests."

Now, if this be the farmer's case what would be his most natural course. He has a paternal government, then surely he must expect paternal action. It is the settled policy of that government to extend aid to the weak and needy pursuits of its citizens; then surely his is in the condition to apply for aid. He is ruined by a currency independent of him, and contracted by the purchaser of his goods. Well, ask for a different currency. Is there any deceit in this, any subterfuge? Is there any subterfuge in his pointing out that he needed a currency absolutely dependent for its expansion or contraction upon the products of his labor, and so out of control of the tyranic money kings? Was not his next suggestion that the government receive his produce in warehouses, as silver and whisky are received, as a safe collateral, a perfectly honest one? Does it not grow out of the case? What could be simpler or more direct or more practical?

But it has been attacked by the very man who has brought forward the statements which is the basis of its cause, and

"It is paternalism," and yet he says this is a paternal government.

"It is class legislation," and still he says that the settled policy of the government is one of class legislation.

"It is unconstitutional," and again he admits it is in line with the legislation of at least thirty years.

"It is undemocratic." Ah! here is the rut; but it is presented by Democrats, sustained by Democrats, and is for the benefit of Democrats, and equally so regarding Republicans. It is not, in fact, in any sense a party measure. Its tendency would be to break party lines; it was not intended as a party measure in any sense. It is a mere matter of justice, of justice to a well nigh ruined class. A class most important to the entire country, and clearly entitled to justice; and yet it has been spurned by the law-makers. Spurned, but not defeated. Rejected by the builders, it has become a corner stone; and something more tangible than the blank catridges from even such staunch old veterans as Mr. Carlisle must be projected to prevent its being firmly set in the foundation of our Republic with its inscription, "Justice first, sentiment afterward."

The farmer, says Mr. Carlisle, is almost without the semblance of power to protect their own interests. This seems to be true at present, but surely he must, in order to maintain himself make a desperate struggle to obtain that power, and although the measure of relief did not essentially require farmers as a class to take part in elections, by the treatment of this bill they are forced to do so, or see themselves and all that is sacred to their interests ruined. They are not responsible for this, the responsibility lies upon the present incumbent. There is, however, little prospect of it making a new party. On the other hand, it is about to improve both of the old parties.

Duluth Tribune: Geo. J. McManus, formerly of Crookston, but now of Duluth, and brother of A. E. McManus, of the West End, purchased 383 lots in West Duluth yesterday, near the new steel works.

Tabor township, this season leads with the best average crop in Polk county.

VILLA WILL RIDE.

The Dakota Damsel Accepts the Kentucky Girl's Challenge.

Minneapolis Times.

The receipt of Villa Poole's acceptance of the challenge sent by Jennie K. Rush for a ten-mile riding race on thoroughbred horses, assures this novel exhibition for the coming state fair. As was announced last Sunday only Miss Poole's formal declaration was needed. It was furnished in the following form:

Miss Jennie K. Rush, Minneapolis, Minn.: I am quite willing to ride a ten-mile race as suggested in your challenge of July 25th, on condition that the stakes shall not be less than $1,000, and that satisfactory arrangements can be made with the Minnesota fair officials to ride upon their track during the coming fair. I think we can leave the general details of the race to the officers of the state fair.

Please let me know as soon as a date is fixed. VILLA POOLE.

The Blue Grass Equestrienne having now arrived in Minneapolis, it will be an easy matter to perfect the arrangements for the race. A conference with the state fair officers will make possible the official announcement of the details in a few days.

Need the Warehousemen be Federal Officials.

W. C. Munroe, of Goldsboro, gives a third article in the Raleigh State Chronicle:

Every one seems to be agreed that the condition of the farmers of the country is alarming. The agricultural classes of the country seem to feel most keenly the depressed condition of the country. The more they work the less they realize. Their indebtedness is alarmingly on the increase, and their assets rapidly diminishing. The farmers believe that a law embodying the main features of the sub-treasury bill will afford to them the most needed relief. I have attempted in two articles heretofore published in this paper to show that the bill, or rather the idea contained in the bill, is constitutional and desirable. It would be a great pity for this idea to be killed, untried, by the great zeal of its friends, or the opposition of its enemies. I see an article in the News and Observer in which it is stated that the National Economist charges Senator Vance with bad faith in changing the provision of the bill which provides for the election of the warehousemen as provided for in the original bill, and substituting therefor a provision that the warehousemen should be appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, so as to conform to the requirements of the constitution of the United States; which provides that all United States officers whose election is not therein provided for, shall be appointed by the President, heads of departments, or courts. I have not the bill before me, and cannot say whether the warehousemen therein provided for would be officers or not. I assume they would, though, as the learned and accurate editor of the News and Observer assumes that they would, and says that Senator Vance thought so, too. The question that naturally arises is, shall this bill, intended for the relief of farmers, and thought by wise men to be adequate to the requirements, be killed on account of the lack of constitutional knowledge on the part of the originators of the bill or the prejudices of the people against the appointees of the President? I might preface what I am about to say with the remark that I have no sympathy with the attack made directly or by innuendo on Senator Vance. He, I believe, did what he thought to be his duty, and there can be no doubt that no officer whose election is not provided for in the constitution can be elected, I think, however, that there is no necessity for the warehousemen, or other people engaged in carrying out the provisions of the bill, to be United States officers.

The Constitution of the United States prohibits the States from "emitting bills of credit." In 1820, or prior thereto, money being scarce, the State of Kentucky to "relieve the distress of the community," as the act declares, incorporated a bank of which the State furnished all the capital and received the dividends. The president and directors were elected by the legislature, and the president was required to make report to each session of the legislature. Notwithstanding that the president and directors were elected by the legislature; that the president had to make a report to the legislature; that the state furnished all the capital, owned all the stock, and received all the dividends, the Supreme Court of the United States held, in Briscoe vs The Bank, 11 Peters, that the officers of this bank were not even the agents of the State of Kentucky, much less its officers, and that consequently the bills issued by the bank and received in payment of public dues, were not bills of credit as they were not issued by the State. Under the present banking law of the United States the bills issued are secured by the promise of the United States, yet no one can presume that the officers of a national bank who issued these bills was an officer of the United States. Can not the ingenuity of man devise a plan by which the appointment of warehousemen may not be necessary? The people were in distress; the legislature of Kentucky wished to relieve them by furnishing them with a paper currency; the Constitution of the United States forbade the state from issuing paper currency; the legislature of Kentucky devised a means of supplying the currency and of evading the inhibition at the same time. Are not men as ingenius as they were then?

I submit, with some diffidence, that if the United States Congress would enact that whenever the people of a county would signify a desire to have a warehouse and elect one or two men to keep it, and have the keeper to execute a proper bond for faithful performance of his duties, that the Treasurer of the United States shall cause the warehouse to be built, and furnish the said keeper with certificates to be furnished to persons who would deposit produce in accordance with the plan of the bill; and make the issuing of these certificates otherwise than in the law provided a crime punishable as counterfeiting; that the keeper of a warehouse would no be an officer of the United States; the objects of the bill would be subserved, and the interests of the public protected. I believe, too, that the Supreme Court of the United States would hold the law to be constitutional. The salary of the keeper might be provided for by a state law, or the county might pay him, or the depositors might allow him a percentage on the products stored. The people of the world have for centuries felt that they were being enslaved by the money power and the power of kings. The remedies they have instinctively sought to relieve them from these oppressions have been paper money and written constitutions. It was reserved for the American people to find safety in a written constitution, and I believe that they, too, have about found the true solution to the paper money difficulty by issuing paper certificates on actual value deposited. There is a much closer alliance between the tyranny of gold and the tyranny of kings than a casual observer would be apt to think.

St. Vincent New Era: The Alliance movement is daily growing in strength and importance, and at present there is every indication that the alliance forces will capture both the state legislature and elect their governor.

We have it on undoubted autority that speakers and money will be supplied from the big cities to assist the alliance, the help coming from unexpected quarters.

Governor Merriam we believe, with Gen. Barrett, to be as good and independent a governor as the republicans of this state ever elected, but it appears he is to be knifed at any cost, and for reasons outside of his merits, and the people who are going to do it have no love for democracy, therefore this neutral alliance candidate is a God send to them.

Governor Owen will get covert help from some of the shrewdest, most unscrupulous and wealthiest wire pullers in the republican party; the rank and file of democracy lean towards the party that has adopted their catechism, and at the proper time amid a thousand signal fires blazing from a thousand sub-alliances, with the atmosphere surcharged with enthusiasm, with the whole people of a state for a jury, Minnesota's great Advocate will demand a verdict under more favorable conditions than he ever plead before.

There is no getting around the fact, Governor Owen's star is steadily climing to the political zenith.

HOME SEEKERS EXCURSIONS.

The attention of our readers is called to the low round trip excursions on the Great Northern Railway, Sept. 9th, Sept. 23d and Oct. 14th. Persons who have friends in the East who have written about coming or ever expressed a desire to visit this country, should be informed of this chance. Tickets can be had at all principal offices of eastern, central and southern lines, connecting with the Great Northern at St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior or Duluth. Ask your eastern friends to call and see their nearest ticket agent, or write to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul. Let us all unite in an effort for new growth and development.

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Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

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LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF JEWELRY, CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES ETC. ETC. ALL WORK WARRANTED, AND PERFECT SATISFACTION GUARRANTEED. AT BOTTOM PRICES.

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

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C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

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MONEY

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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.

(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.

(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.

(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead.

The Farmer's Alliance.

The National Tribune.

One of the political phenomena of the day is the Farmer's Alliance. What its precise mission is to be, is not yet apparent. Unlike its predecessor, the Grange, its chief development has so far been in the South, although it has shown itself in some of the Northwestern and Middle States. In the Southwest there is a kindred organization, called the Wheel, indigenous to Arkansas.

In Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina, the organization has sprung into power with a degree of suddenness that has sent a cold chill down the moss-grown backs of the politicians who have parceled out the offices among themselves ever since the war. There has not been such a political shaking up in "Dixie" for years. A long list of the veterans who have been in Congress sence "befo' de wah," except for the four years they served in the rebel army, will be missing after March 4, 1891.

It is believed by many that the movement in the South is merely a cover under which the "outs" can shake off the oligarchy that has been "in" long enough in their opinion. So intolerant is political prejudice in that section, that it would not be safe to undertake such a revolution under a partisan banner.

Certainly it is not distress among the farmers of the South that is the cause of dissatisfaction, for the crops of these States have been good for several years past. In the North and West, however, a different condition of things prevails. Here low prices, high freight yield of staple cereals has culminated in distress and dissatisfaction which is looking for a remedy. This may account for the existence of the Alliance there.

Again, the farmers may simply have become infected with the prevailing idea that the proper elixir for all social ills is organization, and they want to try it. They see all other classes organized. Artisans are banded together to resist the encroachment of capital, and capital is likewise organized to prevent dictation on the part of its employes. Thus we have trades unions on the one side, and trusts and pools and syndicates on the other.

The outcome of the movement will be watched with interest, whatever it may be.

Exposition and State Fair Exorsions.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will sell Aug. 27th and 28th, Sept. 2d, 4th, 8th, 9th, 10th' 11th, 12th, 13th, 16th, 18th, 23rd, 25th, and 30th and Oct. 2d, round trip tickets Crookston to Minnepolis and return, including admission ticket to the exposition, at the rate of $9.02. Tickets good until midnight of first Monday following date of sale. Excursion tickets to the Minnesota State Fair will be on sale Sept. 8th to 15th Inclusive, good returning until Sept. 15th at rate of $9,27 for the round trip, including admission ticket to the fair grounds.

Warren Items.

Warren Sheaf.

Judge J. P. Nelson arrived from California on Tuesday.

Attorney A. C. Wilkinson of Crookston spent Friday last in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Childs of Crookston came up this morning to visit relatives and friends.

C. E. Misner went to Crookston yesterday to see the ball game that comes off to-day between the Crookston and Grand Forks teams. Mrs. Misner and the children went to visit at Euclid.

The sad inteligence reached the editor of this paper last Friday morning announcing the death of his father at his home in Watertown, Minn. Wishing to be present at the last sad rites to show our respects to him who gave us being and whom we held so dear, the paper has been neglected this week, and for all shortcoming we ask the kind indulgence of our readers.

East Grand Forks Items.

East Grand Forks Courier.

At least half a million bushels of wheat will be marketed at this point this fall.

Yesterday C. L. Coming received the first load of new wheat, from Frank Wavara, of Tabor township. It graded No. 1 Northern and sold for 89c per bushel.

The crop outlook in Grand Forks, Higdem, Northland, Tabor, Keystone, Sullivan, Huntsville and Bygland townships is unusualy good this season. The average will be at least 18 bushels per acre, and with present prices farmers will soon enjoy untold prosperity.

Most of the grain in this part of Polk county, has been cut. Many farmers are now stacking, while not a few will thresh from the shock. The yield will realize the more conservative estimates.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., AUGUST 28, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 96.
1 Northern 91.
2 Northern 86.
3 Northern 83.
4 Northern 80.
Rejected 75.

School "takes up" next Monday.

Wheat crawled up to 96 on Monday.

Mrs. T. G. Thompson is improving slowly.

Juvenile concert in the Baptist church to-night.

U. S. Marshal Brackett was in the city on Tuesday.

This week has been discouraging weather for farmers.

The Acorn cigar still leads 'em all. At Wilson & Thompson's.

Mayor McKinnon took a flying trip to St. Paul on business last week.

F. T. Haseltine reports the biggest season's work ever done in his line.

Mr. Stensland, of Madison, Wis., was visiting friends in this city last week.

Wheat stacking and threshing was delayed a trifle by the rains this week.

The Bjoin block progresses rapidly. As a hustler, Tom Morris is a success.

P. J. McGuire left on Monday evening for a trip to the first district for a day or two.

Mrs. G. O. Dahl, of Fergus Falls, is visiting her brother, T. G. Thompson, of this city.

Henry Rhinehart went up to St. Hilaire last week to look after affairs on his farm.

Ephraim King and son came down from McIntosh on Thursday last, returning on Saturday.

Who will be nominated for county attorney to succeed Williams? That is the query nowadays.

Attorney De Forest Bucklin welcomed a young attorney on Sunday. All concerned doing well.

Secure your tickets for the Cleveland minstrel show, at the Opera House, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 2d.

The Great Northern train was delayed five hours on Saturday last, reaching this city shortly after noon.

Tickets for the Cleveland minstrels now on sale at Tom Morris' new jewelry store, in the McKinnon block.

The floor joists are being put into the Bjoin block. W. E. Walker has the contract for the carpenter work.

If it is possible for him to get away, Hon. S. G. Comstock will be at the convention at Little Falls next week.

A number of our citizens went down to Fisher on Tuesday on receipt of news of the killing of Dr. Bahnsen.

The democrats will get together next week and shy their castor into the ring. We wait with bated breath the outcome.

The Minneapolis Exposition opened yesterday. It is said to be the grandest affair of the kind that has ever occurred.

The Republican state central committee open headquarters in St. Paul this week, and business will hum from this on.

O. C. Knappen has sold his interest in the Thief River Falls Press and will confine his attention solely to the Fisher Bulletin.

J. C. Hueler was down from Red Lake Falls last week. Says he thinks farmers will average $1 per bushel for their wheat this fall.

Well, yes, it did look somewhat blue Monday and Tuesday. One good feature about it was the fact that it was not a very warm rain.

The iron posts and girders for the new McKinnon block have arrived and will soon be part and parcel of the magnificent structure.

The Wabasha Herald says that Rev. W. H. Medlar has returned from his mournful trip east and resumed his labors in the pulpit.

The Anhueser-Busch Brewing Co., reports 626,692 barrels of beer as the output last year. This beats East Grand Forks a few gallons.

M. E. Bartlett has purchased of S. M. McKee a fine thoroughbred Jersey bull calf, one year old. Bartlett has some extra fine Jerseys on his farm.

John Kops was over from Grand Forks on Tuesday, pushing trade for Kops Bros. musical instrument house. Says their business is excellent this fall.

Hon. H. Steenerson has purchased his residence of the railroad company and will move it to his lot on Houston avenue. Harris & Glenn have the contract.

Harris & Glenn are moving the W. R. Dunn cottage to a site on Broadway, between the Erskine house and the house formerly occupied by A. N. Hopkins.

T. G. Thompson's infant son, aged three weeks, passed away on Saturday last at 5 a. m. Mrs. Thompson, who has been very sick, is reported very much better.

C. W. Palmer arrived from Troy, N. Y., on Tuesday morning to look after his interests here. He is pleased to note the many substantial improvements going on in our midst.

The rain on Saturday drove the bricklayers off the new buildings, suspending business in that line for the day. It was also a bad thing in the harvest field. Most of the wheat was in shock, however.

The addition of Russell to the county jail, fills the quota at that institution. Jailer Erickson says he is bound to keep up the reputation of that hotel if he has to deplete East Grand Forks to do it.

R. A. Wilkinson was up on Monday. Replying to a query by our special reporter, R. A. said that he was entirely "out of politics." R. A. looks a great deal handsomer since that event took place.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

Dunc Morris and wife, of Devil's Lake, are in the city on a visit with Tom. Dunc says he has seen more rain during his few days visit in Polk County than in all his experience in Dakota.

"The best minstrel show that travels" is what they call Cleveland's. It strikes us that we heard something of "Cleveland's" great show about two years ago. We somehow had the impression that the combination got busted.

O. E. Olson was up from Norman County last week to interview the examing board in relation to a pension. O. E. is one of Norman County's leading farmers, has a large farm and a fine herd of 50 or 60 Holsteins.

On dit that Mike Kirsch will resign as county commissioner simply to accept the democratic nomination as clerk of the court. It is supposed that his duties as such candidate will keep him busy until Nov. 4th, after which he will have nothing particular to do in that line.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

Russell, the man who shot Dr. Bahnsen, manifested the utmost coolness when he gave himself up and preserves the same demeanor. He did not deny the act, but said that he understood that the county gives a bounty for shooting wolves, and that he should get one. Doubtless he will.

Joseph Laframboise purchased a full blood Jersey bull of M. E. Bartlett last week, paying the hard cash therefor. Mr. Laframboise is one of those enterprising farmers who believe in having nothing but the best of stock, even though it does cost a trifle more. Such farmers succeed where others fail.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

The marriage of the popular young engineer, Fred Chapin, to Miss Edith M. Hunt, took place last evening in the presence of a host of friends of the happy couple. They leave this morning for a wedding trip to Winnipeg to be gone a week or so. The Journal wishes the happy couple a long and happy life.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

Tim Donovan returned last week from his trip to New York for goods. Reports having had an immense time, visiting Central Park and other noted places in New York. He also visited Brooklyn, Jersey City, Niagara Falls, Detroit and Chicago. He returns to his duties behind the counter much refreshed by his outing.

Simeon Lanctot and wife, of Quebec, Canada, are visiting Mr. E. Lanctot and family. Mr. Lanctot informs The Journal that this is the first time he has seen his brother in 17 years. Mr. L. is a well-to-do farmer of Canada, and will try a winter in the Red River Valley. If he continues to like it he may conclude to locate here.

Phil. Porger and wife arrived from White Earth, N. D., on Sunday evening. Phil says that crops are much finer here than where he is, owing to the severe drouth prevailing there, and the other fact that this country is best for crops, anyhow. Phil intends to return next year and resume farming at the old stand. They remain about ten days.

The Todd County Agricultural Society will hold its 8th annual fair at Long Prairie, on Sept. 23d, 24th and 25th, 1890. The management have spared no pains to make this the best fair ever held in Todd County, and that county is noted for its good fairs. The Journal editor has received a complimentary which we should very much like to use did circumstances permit.

In conversation with August Tuneberg, foreman for Peter Cornelius, that gentleman informs us that he should finish cutting 800 acres for Peter this week. He thinks that barley and oats will be a good yield, but the wheat yield will not be large. The quality, however, he thinks will be excellent, probably No. 1 Hard. Mr. T. does not set much store on bragging, but he is chuck full o' days work.

N. H. Fulton, manager of the Hawley creamery, came up on Sunday after his family, returning with them on Tuesday. Mr. F. says the creamery has done a big business this summer and will run all winter except during the month of December. Some of the farmer patrons receive as high as $45 or $50 per month and are making money. The produce is sent all over the United States—east and west, north and south. Our Jimmy is putting in 17 hours a day helping his father in the creamery, and is getting fat on it.

SHOT DOWN

In His Prime.

DR. W. J. BAHNSEN,

OF CROOKSTON,

Shot in Cold Blood

AT FISHER,

BY H. G. RUSSELL,

On Tuesday Morning.

The Victim Dies in a Few Minutes.

Shortly before nine o'clock on Tuesday morning our citizens were electrified by receipt of a telegram from Fisher briefly announcing that Dr. W. J. Bahnsen, of this city, had just been shot dead by Horace G. Russell, of Fisher, and requesting that the Sheriff and his posse be sent down immediately. At once Sheriff Paterson made arrangements to go, taking along Chief of Police, Louis Gonyea, and Deputy Sheriffs Berthiaume and Kelley. Coroner Shephard, who had been also summoned, went down with County Attorney, D. D. Williams. A number of the doctor's friends also went down. Arriving at Fisher the Sheriff learned that the doctor had been shot immediately upon the arrival of the train, just as he stepped from the coach to the depot platform, by H. G. Russell, who had been awaiting his arrival. As he stepped off the coach, Russell, who was but a few feet in his rear, standing close up to the coach, stepped quickly forward, and before any one was aware of his purpose, raised his revolver and fired, the ball striking the doctor in the back of the neck. The doctor partly turned, exclaiming "Oh, my God," when the assassin again fired, this time into the base of the brain. The doctor fell to the platform insensible, and Russell started to run towards the rear of the train. As he passed the rear of the train to the sidewalk one of the passengers in the rear sleeper came out on the platform and fired two shots at him, neither taking effect. Russell thought it was the doctor shooting at him but did not stop to inquire, having urgent business in the woods just then. Everybody was so paralyzed that he gained the cover of the woods along the river before pursuit was thought of, and was lost to sight. About noon he came out of his hiding place and gave himself up to the Sheriff and his posse, surrendering his revolver with the remark that he had no further use for the shooting iron. He was at once placed under arrest and brought to Crookston and lodged in the county jail, where our reporter found him between three and four o'clock. He positively refused to talk, beyond saying that the act was justifiable. Attorney Steenerson called at the jail and had a consultation with Russell, who gave him some letters from Mrs. Russell, who is now at Lisbon, Dakota, the contents of which letters we are not at liberty to divulge at this time. Bad blood has existed between the doctor and Russell for some months, Russell accusing the doctor of breaking up his family and many have feared that unpleasant results would follow. The trial of Russell will bring out the true inwardness of the case and we believe that it is not the province of a newspaper to try such cases in advance, more damage than good always resulting therefrom. Horace G. Russell is the son of Capt. Russell, one of the early settlers of Fishers Landing, and for a long time a prominent steamboat man on the river. He was, a few years since sent by the government on an expedition up the Nile, and since his return has lived in California. Maurice Russell, who, some years ago was editor of the Lake City Leader, and who later was connected with Brainerd and Duluth papers, and who, not long since attempted suicide in a fit of insanity was uncle to H. G. Russell. It is said that for sometime past the young man has shown signs of mental aberration, and since his wife left last winter he has been drinking deeply. Up to that time he had borne an excellent reputation. After the inquest the body of the doctor was placed in a casket and sent to Rock Island, Ills., where his brothers live. Sentiment is about equal in this case, but the trial will bring out much that now looks mysterious, and will no doubt develope the true inwardness of the affair. The prisoner was brought before Esquire Lewis at 5 o'clock and waived examination.

M. Lefebvere returned last Wednesday from his trip to Tacoma, where he has been for several months engaged in the boot and shoe business. He sold out his business there to advantage and talks of opening a like establishment here. Says the old Crookston boys out there are doing nicely, and coining much shekels. When he last saw our old friend, Wm. Box, that gentleman was talking of taking a trip to Polk County this fall. So mote it be.

Mr. N. Rapin returned on Tuesday morning from a short visit to his old home at Beauharnais, Canada, where he was called by the severe illness of his father. He left his father alive, but not expected to live more than a month or so. He says crops in Canada were very poor this year and many are contemplating coming to Polk County to try our fertile soil, than which no better exists on this earth.

At the Congregational church meeting on Monday evening, a call to Rev. F. B. Noyes was unanimously voted. and it is hoped by the many friends he has made here, that he will accept. Mr. Noyes is a young man of great promise, an earnest worker in the vineyard, and the need of that church to-day is for just such a man. The church is poor in numbers and purse, but we believe each member feels ready and willing to do to the utmost to sustain the work. We think Mr. Noyes is peculiarly fitted for this field and that he can do much good should he decide to stay.

Andrew Steenerson rode in from the farm on the west side, on Tuesday. Says crops are going to pan out a very much lighter yield than ever, but the grade will be nearly all No. 1 Hard. Levi Myers has threshed out 1,200 bushels of his heaviest wheat. This wheat the boys fully expected to yield 25 bushels per acre, or more, as it stood thick on the ground, grew rank and thrifty, with long heads, but the threshing machine pounds out 12 bushels per acre, all, however, No. 1 Hard and as fine wheat as ever grew in the Valley. Andrew says this will be true of all the wheat.

Jack Frost.

The Journal man has read of "frosts that killed corn and vegetables" in other counties, but according to our thermometer, Polk County has had no such visitations as yet. Our thermometer was made by planting an ear of corn late in July, and to-day, Aug. 26th, that corn stands up as rank and green as the finest midsummer corn you ever saw. Some of our obliging neighbors, who think they know all about farming, have kindly advised us to "call in our corns for the winter," or to "blanket 'em," so that next year we might enjoyear or so, little realizing that the interests of science are far superior to a good feed or two. Our little thermometer seems to excite a vast deal of interest in the mind of passers by, who gaze upon it with looks of awe, wonder and amazement, but one lady capped the climax one day by deliberately counting the whole shooting match, standing in the middle of the sidewalk the while, entirely oblivious of the smiles of the passing thousands. She reminded us of the pastor, who feeling the presence of too much absence in the pews, took a melancholly pleasure in counting the flock, one by one, trying to imagine the sum total multiplied by 10—wondering how many more it would take to make a full house. Meanwhile the corns grow on apace and say to us every morning: "No frost yet!"

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or Journal office, Crookston. [7-tf]

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on Frank Bivins, Crookston. [50-tf]

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom. Stahl, Crookston, Minn. [14-tf]

CHILDREN'S CONCERT!

A Juvenile Temperance Cantata,

ENTITLED

THE HARVEST QUEEN

Will be rendered by the members of the

Loyal Temperance Legion,

To-Night,

Thursday Evening, Aug. 28,

AT THE

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Doors Open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 8.

Tickets at the door.

Adults 25 cents. Children under 13, 15 cents.

Beltrami Pointers.

Mabel, the bright little daughter of I. W. and Edna P. Webb, died on Friday last of bronchial catarrh, and was buried on Sunday. The services were conducted by Rev. O. H. Elmer, of Crookston. Much sympathy is expressed for the family in their sad bereavement.

S. Hayes is over from Hubbard with his six new binders cutting the grain on his one-half section east of town.

John C. Wells, of Fond du Lac, is here looking over his extensive farm. He thinks our grain will yield more to the acre than it will in many places south of here.

The traveling public will be glad to learn that they can get as good accommodations at the Atlantic Hotel as they can at any small town in the country.

The boys on the big farms around here will learn something to their advantage by calling on C. E. Ford.

Who is the present superintendent of the Beltrami Sunday school?

Geo. H. Holt, of Crookston, was here on business on Tuesday last.

Reis township has more hay than any town in the county and large quantities of it is for sale at a reasonable price.

Edna.

Duluth Daily Tribune: A. E. McManus, who has had a law office at the West End for sometime, has entered into partnership with his brother, Geo. J. McManus, formerly of Crookston, and moved his office to the Palladio building, Duluth.

Barn Burned.

Wabasha Herald: Jos. Hoch, of Greenfield, met with a serious loss early Wednesday morning. Fire originated in his large barn and consumed it entirely. Much difficulty was experienced in saving the horses that were stabled in the barn, but fortunately all were removed before the building fell. The other contents, consisting of farm machinery and a large quantity of hay and grain, were distroyed. The building is covered by insurance. It is supposed that tramps sleeping in the barn tarted the blaze.

Past judgment must be set aside. The King of Minstrel Managers—W. S. Cleveland—has this season organized four large and fine Minstrel Companies, containing all the reputable talent, both foreign and native, that is worth seeing or hearing. These organizations are, without the "shadow of doubt" the foremost thorough, high-finished, and expensive that have ever been presented the people of this or any other country. Thousand of dollars, or, what would be considered a fortune in the ordinary walks of life, have been expended in costume and stage properties, the magnificence of which cannot be satisfactorly described, but must be seen befor their royal elegance can be realized. There are in all upwards of two hundred and eighty people employed in the different organizations.

Mr. Cleveland promises to surpass all former efforts in this line of winsome amusement.

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. Buhn, manager.

Moe & Buhn.

A gentleman, well informed in theatrical affairs remaked to the writer: "As a manager, W. S. Cleveland ranks with the best. He possesses every great qualification necessary to the position. In resoluteness, ardor of spirit, and indomitable energy he has few, if any superiors. I have observed his advancement for a number of years, and one splendid managerial achievement has followed the other, until the whole series savor of romance. Starting without money, he stands to-day in the commanding position of the sole owner and manager of four great Minstrel Companies aggregating two hundred and eighty people, representing an investment of $150,000. One of these superb organization, 'Cleveland's Colossal Colored Carnival Minstrels,' will appear here Tuesday evening Sept. 2d, at the Opera House. Having recently witnessed an exhibition by this Company. I will say to you that it is 'away up.' Those who really love a good entertainment will find this Company one that will fill every requirement. I can recommend it as being decidedly the best that I have ever seen.

The above opinion carries additional weight from the fact that the speaker was a gentleman of a wide range of experience and observation, which renders him beyond question a competent critic.

We also know that manager Cleveland has always, without any deviation, given the public nothing but elegant and first-class Minstrel performance. This season he pulls ahead, and makes a marked improvement on anything he has ever produced heretofore.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W Wile, Comptroller.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at Journal office.

For Sale Cheap,

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel, For further particulars address,

J. E. Mitton,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

The Minneapolis Industrial exposition which opens August 27 and closes October 4, will surpass anything of the kind ever seen in America.

Look at this Grand Galaxy of Attractions: Edison's Electrical Exhibit, as made at the Paris Exposition in 1889. The most glorious exhibition of electric lighting ever witnessed, being produced by over ten thousand incandescent lamps.

The Thompson Electrical Welding Apparatus, by which metals heretofore thought incapable of welding are joined together; 5 of these wonderful machines will be in actual operation in the Exposition.

Strauss' Vienna Orchestra, Fifty great Artists from the Imperial Court of Austria.

Reeves Celebrated American band, of Providence, R. I.

The Magnificent Pyrotechical Spectacle, "The Last Day of Pompeii." Two thousand dollars worth of fireworks each evening.

The finest collection of Works of Art ever brought to this country.

Yank Hoe and Omene, the Japanese Jugglers and Magicians, who have mystified two continents.

J. Murray Hoag and his Shetland Ponies from Maquokata, Iowa.

Willie Ketchum and his trotting dog "Doc." The delight of children and adults alike.

A complete creamery plant in operation, and hundreds of other attractions.

Excursion rates of one fare for the round trip made by all railroads on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week and every day during fair week.

Admission to the Exposition only 25c.

Wm. M. Regan,
Gen'l Manager Minneapolis Exposition,
Minneapolis, Minn.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, September 12th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

Auditor,
Treasurer,
Sheriff,
Clerk of the Court,
Judge of Probate.
Register of Deeds,
County Attorney.
Superintendent of Schools,
Coroner,
Court Commissioner,
County Commissioned for 2d District.
County Commissioner for 4th District.

Also nine (9) delegates to the Legislative Convention to be held in Crookston on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 p. m.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the county convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2
Angus	1
Black River	2
Brandsvold	3
Badger	2
Bray	2
Belgium	1
Brislet	1
Bygland	2
Columbia	2
City E. Grand Forks	4
City of Crookston—	
1st ward	4
2d "	3
3d "	2
4th "	5
5th "	1
Town of Crookston	2
Eden	1
Emardville	1
Euclid	2
Fairfax	2
Farley	1
Fanny	1
Vil. & town of Fisher	4
Grand Forks	2
Garden	1
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4
Gervais	1
Gentilly	2
Godfrey	3
Grove Park	2
Hammond	1
Higdem	2
Hill River	3
Hubbard	3
Huntsville	2
Keystone	2
Kertsonville	1
King	3
Knute	3
Lambert	1
Lake Pleasant	1
Lessor	3
Louisville	1
Liberty	2
Lowell	2
Nesbit	2
North	2
Northland	2
Norden	2
Numedal	1
Onstad	2
Parnell	1
Poplar River	1
Polk Center	2
Queen	2
Red Lake Falls—vil	3
" " "—town	1
Rice	2
River Falls	1
Roome	2
Roxbury	2
Russia	1
Rosebud, including village of Poston	3
St. Hilaire	2
Sanders	2
Sandsville	2
Sletten	3
Sullivan	2
Tabor	1
Terrebonne	2
Tilden	2
Tynsid	2
Vineland	2
Winger	3
Woodside	3
Wyandotte	2
Total	159

A. D. STEPHENS, Chairman.
A. A. MILLER, Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION.

A Legislative Convention for the district composed of Polk, Norman and Beltrami Counties, will be held at the Court House, in the city of Crookston, on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

1 Senator,
3 Representatives.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates as follows: Polk 9, Norman 5, Beltrami 1.

H. E. COOKE, Chairman.
H. H. PHELPS, Secretary.

It is said of Attorney Holston that during the alliance convention he was much troubled with a Boyle on his aspirations. If all reports are true he has not got rid of it yet, as Boyle is said to be the probable nominee on the democratic ticket. It might trouble him if located on a vital point, but a Boyle on the democratic ticket this year is not dangerous.

The National Economist, in speaking of the alliance as a political party, says: "One thing is certain, the alliance will never go into any kind of a partisan move, but the members of that order may very easily be crowded into united action by being denied the right of a majority to rule in their own party, and when that is done the inevitable result will be for the ringsters of both parties to unite against this common foe to their evil designs. A new party, born in that way, will receive the support of the producers."

The object of the formation of the alliance in this part of the state—a free and open wheat market, was all right. That object could best be attained by the election of a farmer legislature, or at least a body of men in sympathy with that object, and, possibly, the Governor. Early in the movement, THE JOURNAL foresaw the dangers that might arise from demagogues and office-seekers, who would naturally seek the opportunity presented to forward their own selfish interests, and earnestly urged against independent political action, as this way is the only way by which the farmers could possibly be thwarted in their object. The history of that convention in St. Paul, the sad wrangle to-day existing in the alliance itself, but confirms our opinion and justifies our fears. The alliance was captured by a few selfish demagogues, who have depleted its treasury, misapplied its funds and so far as can be seen have run it in the interests of political schemers, who do not care a cent for the interests of the farmer if their own cause be subserved. And the pity of it is greater in view of the fact that the victory was practically won before a blow was struck, as both of the great parties had already conceded the point. In their efforts to obtain a free and open market the farmers had the sympathy of hundreds outside of the ranks of agriculture, and had the alliance confined its efforts to securing such offices as would benefit the cause, all these votes would have been with the farmer, but when the alliance demands every office, from the highest to the lowest, the impression obtains that it is only the offices that are sought, and this has a tendency to alienate this independent vote. Again, the course taken was the only one by which the alliance could be divided against itself, as the present condition of affairs witnesseth. All could have united upon the effort to elect such officers as were needed to accomplish the end sought, but division and dissension is caused by the present attitude.

Congressional Convention.

On Thursday, September 4th, the Republican Congressional Convention will be held at Little Falls for the purpose of putting in nomination a candidate for Congress. Kittson, Marshall, Polk, Norman, Clay and Becker Counties, his home counties, will be solid for the renomination of

HON. SOLOMON G. COMSTOCK,

and this will be true of every other county in the district except, perhaps, St. Louis, where a few of the delegates nominated, are, we are told, opposed to Mr. Comstock. This seems strange, for while Mr. C. has labored faithfully for all of his constituents, Duluth has enjoyed some of the richest plums and should be solid in his support. Mr. Comstock is a plain, unassuming man, as full of work as an egg is said to be of meat, and he has made a name in Congress second to none in that body. Mr. Nelson is said to have been indifatigable in his labors for the common weal of the great Fifth District, and Mr. Comstock has been no less so. He has carried on the good work begun by Mr. Nelson to success, and to-day his labors stand crowned by the opening to settlement of the great Red Lake Indian Reservation. His sympathies are ever with the common people, whose interests he is ever on the alert to subserve, and while he makes no parade of these facts, they exist just the same. In a quiet way he has taken hold of the claims of old soldiers and pushed them to a successful termination—charging nothing for all the work he does in this line and making no great parade about it, as many would do. He does it as a matter of course because it is right, and while this fact does not oblige him to act as attorney in these cases, yet he has always done so. Mr. Comstock will be nominated and no doubt reelected, as he well deserves to be. Democrats will tell you that he has "made mistakes." Well, suppose for the sake of argument that he may have made one or two, what human being is there on earth who is not liable to do the same thing? And who among you could go there and build up the proud reputation that Mr. Comstock has, and make fewer? If this district consults its own interests, it will elect Mr. Comstock his own successor by a larger majority than before, because he has been a true and faithful servant and will be in far better shape to serve the people than ever before. During this long session of Congress he has never left his post of duty even once, while others have frequently been absent upon one excuse or another. The District needs his faithful services and his defeat would be disastrous to our best interests.

She was an old colored lady, and she paid her admittance to the gallery to see the Cleveland Colossal Colored Minstrels, and occupied a front seat at an early hour. When she saw the first part she expressed herself loudly and freely: "Blinds my eyes! beautiful! beautiful!" and was particularly taken with the grand march of the "Roman Gladiators." When she beheld that wonderful evolution, she forgot herself entirely, and jumping to her feet cried out. "Lookee heah, you niggers, take off them duds, they's too rich for yoo blood!

The Cosmopolitan.

The modern magazine may be taken as embodying the best literature of the world, as the magazine editor pays the highest prices to novelists, scientists statemen, soldiers, and even kings and princes, for the best they can furnish in the literary line. The well-edited magazine becomes an educating influence in the family circle, whose importance cannot be over-estimated. The children, as they grow up, are attracted by its illustrations, and so come in time to have a taste for reading. There is always something that is new, something that is strange, something that is interesting; and we consider that we are doing our readers a positive benefit if we are instrumental in placing such a publication within their reach. The special arrangement which we have made with the Cosmopolitan presents very unusual inducements. That magazine, although only in the tenth month under its new management, is already recognized as one of the most interesting publications of the day. It is seeking subscribers everywhere and obtaining them. The proprietors believe that the Cosmopolitan has only to be examined to secure a permanent subscriber. That is why we are enabled to make, if the offer is accepted before January next, such a very low rate, by which our readers can obtain the Cosmopolitan for little more than the cost of this journal alone. Just think of what the combination means! You obtain your own home journal at about the regular price, and have thrown in a magazine which gives you, in a year, 1536 pages of reading matter by the ablest writers of the world, including over 1300 pages of illustrations that are unsurpassed in point of interest and execution. Will it not pay you to send a subscription to this office for the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, and Cosmpolitan immediately? Remember, only $3—for the two.

New York Mail and express: The Cleveland Colossal Colored Minstrels drew a large audience last evening, and gave a performance of remarkable excellence. From start to finish the programme is brisk and sparkling, and continuous applause testified hearty appreciatons. The performance is quite different from the usual minstrel entertainment, novelty predominating. The company is strong in evey respect, and every preformance will add new admirers.

Charged with Extensive Swindling.

Postoffice Inspecters Caused the Arrest Of two Alleged Publishers.

Captain Fleming, of the postoffice inspector's office, caused the arrest yesterday of Frank L. Monroe and Monroe A. Swift, respectively the president and secretary of the "Inter-state Publishing House." From information Captain Fleming has collected he believes these men and their partners in business have long been conducting a gigantic swindle. They named their swindle in close imitation of a legitimate and respectable company in this city, and then started business. The company has elegantly furnished offices at 236 LaSalle street, and claimed to have a storage warehouse at 71 Third avenue, but the warehouse exists only in their imagination. They advertise to do a large business in publishing school and collage text books, subscription books and other things of the kind. Through an attractive advertising circular they secure many agents.

They demanded from each agent a bond of $500, or, what was more preferable, a cash deposit of $50 before allowing him to do any business. After getting their agents into a contract they issued a circular letter of instruction by which it was impossible for them to comply with the terms of their contract. Upon the failure of the agents to comply with impossible conditions the company would keep the deposit. Monroe, who was once a county superintendent of schools, was born in the swamps of Indiana. He once published a book called "The Practical Home Farmer," by subscription, to which farmers were promised the privilege of buying other and valuable books at a larger discount. this scheme was prononucad by the authorities to be a swindle. Monroe and swift each gave bonds yesterday before Judge Hoyne for appearance on Aug. 22.

Cleveland's Colossal Colored Carnival Minstrels are headed this way, and will pay our city a visit. This mammoth organization, which contains all the colored notables, is positive the "Biggest Blackest Boomest Boom" ever placed on the road, composed, as it is, entirely of the pick of genuine colored artists of this and foreign countrivs, prominent among whom are Tom McIntosh, James Bland, Billy Farrell, Circero Reed and Son, Geo. Titchner, Smart and Taylor, Grant and Williams, Mons. LeVard, The Great Jalvan, Prof. Williams, Alf. White, Eaton & Williams, Henderson, Smith, Will Eldredge, Palmer and McClain, Tom Jones, Frank Warner, Doc. Sayles, The Twilight Quartette, The Sans-Souci Quartette, and half a hundred others, all well known colored performers. Several unique novelties will be introduced: The Illuminated First Part. The Battalion Drill, The Royal Guards, The Pickaninnie's Frolics, Sixteen Bizarre Dancers, and a world of wonders. The magnificent street parade with the big Millitary Band will also be a feature; taking it all in all, this will be the largest and best Minstrel Company that has visited this city.

The Farmer's Remedy.

Northfield News.

No great political organization was ever founded upon one idea. Modern society is so complex in its organization that the party which faithfully represents the whole people must bring into its ranks men of every calling, and strive honestly and sincerely to do justice to all. In Minnesota the chief interest for the well-being of the commonwealth centers in agricultural industries; but this does not comprise, by any means, the entire interest of this great and progressive State. The Farmer's Alliance when first organized promised to do a most beneficent work for the industry it repesents and seeks to consolidate; and with judicious management, it may still be made to subserve the honest purposes of the agricultural element. Numbering, as the farmers do, a large percentage of all the legal voters, they are in a position to demand of any political party the enactment of laws which will give their guild its full influence. In the past twenty years the farming influence through the Republican party has very largely guided and directed the practical legislation of the State of Minnesota. By going to that party it brought about the enactment of laws regulating rates of transportation on railroads, and pressed suits through all the State and national courts until the final decision was made by the highest judicial tribunal in the land that the people have the constitutional right to make such laws. The republicans called into existence the railroad and warehouse commission which has been prolific of so much good. They caused the creation of the dairy commission and were the real instruments in the reduction of the legal rate of interest. Not only has the farmer's influence through the republicans been felt in these enactments, but in a thousand less pronounced incidents have they been made to know their true friends in the direction of abstract justice toward their calling. If the Farmer's Alliance will gather its membership from all political parties, and work faithfully within the ranks of those parties for legislation favorable to the agricultural interest, they w antagonize no other great interest and will secure the hearty co-operation of every other organized calling. If the farmers have not made their wants known or else have asked for something that was radically and palpably unfair. If the American principle of protection has been embodied in laws which have appeared to coddle the manufacturing industries of New England and the East and neglected the farmers of the West, it is only because the farmers have neglected to place the facts clearly and explicitly before Congress. If the circulation of money per capita in the nation has been too small to properly transact the business of the country, a clear and emphatic protest from the farmers addressed to Congress would have found instant response in the passage of laws of relief. Let us suppose for a moment that the Farmer's Alliance should be temporarily successful in some States as a separate political organization. Members of Congress chosen by the farmers would find themselves in a decided minority when they had arrived in Washington, and would thus be compelled to ally themselves with either Democrats or Republicans for between these two parties alone are the lines of national policy clearly drawn. On the question of the tariff, or of the currency wherein would the agricultural interest be stronger than it is to-day? The farmer will find his only remedy for such evils as to-day assail his great industry in non-partisan pressure brought to bear upon the two national parties, one or the other of which always has and always will fix the destinies of the republic. class legislation is as repugnant to common sense as it is to common honesty; and its charater is not changed because the class which seeks such enactment happens to be the agricultural class, instead of the railroad class, the mercantile class or the banking class. If the farmers ask only what is fair and right they will find their petition granted cheerfully by the republican party; if they demand what is wrong they cann ot permanently secure it by separate political action.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80.00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[80-48]

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

CARLETON COLLEGE,

NORTHFIELD, MINN.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 10, 1890.
THE COURSES ARE

Classical, Literary, Scientific, English Academy and Musical,

Besides Preparatory and Post-Graduate studies Instruction given in Drawing and Painting. Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy.
Extensive Chemical and Biological Laboratories.
Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
For catalogues and circulars address,
[13-16] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

THE
NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST,——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and South-east.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

Great Remnant Sale!

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Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

THE UNIVERSITY
OF MINNESOTA.
OPEN TO BOTH SEXES.

The following Courses of Study are offered: Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Architecture, Mining Engineering and Metallurgy, Shop Work, (including Wood, Iron, and Metal Working), Industrial, Freehand and Mechanical Drawing, Wood Carving and Designing, Military Science and Tactics, Agriculture (including the "School of Agriculture"), Veterinary Science, Law, Medicine (Regular, Homeopathic), Dentistry.

TUITION IS FREE,

Except in the Departments of Law and Medicine.

Next year opens Sept. 2d, 1890.

Catalogues containing full information will be sent free to all persons who apply for it. Address CYRUS NORTHROP, L. L. D., President, Minneapolis, Minn.

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

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Wm. Anglim, Geo. Q. Erskine, E. M. Walsh, K. D. Chase, D. R. Northrop, John Moore, Chas. E. Sawyer, R. D. Childs, A. A. Miller, W. H. Crosby

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.

CALL AND SEE US.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., AUGUST 28, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:10 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:15 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m

Teachers' Institute.

The fall examination of teachers will be held as follows:

East Grand Forks, at the school house, Sept. 2d and 3d.

Crookston, at the court house, Sept. 4th and 5th.

St. Hilaire, at the school house, Sept. 15th and 16th.

Fosston, at the school house, Sept. 18th and 19th.

Exercises to commence at 9 o'clock each day.

All teachers holding limited second and third grades, must present themselves for re-examination at one of the above named places; also teachers who were not present at the spring examinations, must qualify themselves as other teachers have done.

THOMAS CASEY,
County Supt. of Schools,
Polk County, Minn.

Money a Legal Fiction.

BY JAMES H. ROBINSON.

National Economist.

Money is purely a legal fiction, like a corporation. It was intended to facilitate commerce by enabling a man at one and the same time to obtain credit and extinguish the obligation arising from it, or, in other words, to balance accounts. The currency, consisting of coins, bills of credit, or other authorized contrivances issued to perform the functions of this legal fiction, may be called money in the sense in which the images used by idolators are called gods; but the spirit of money, its function, its power to build up or pull down, consists entirely in its fictitious character. It may be likened to the electric current, the instumentalities for the use of which we can perceive, though we cannot see the subtle power itself, except in its effects. It is the product of human intercourse, or social friction, and is the greatest force ever developed on earth, yet, perhaps, the least understood. In my opinion, the best system for applying this fiction to economic purposes ever devised in the world was that which prevailed in the colony of Pennsylvania between 1723 and 1773, a system which was thus described by the historian David Hume:

In our colony of Pennsylvania the land itself, which is the chief commodity, is coined and passes into circulation. A planter immediately on purchasing [illegible] can go into a public office and receive notes to the amount of half the value of his land, which he employs in all payments, and they circulate through the colony by convention. To prevent the public being overwhelmed by this representative money there are two means employed: The notes issued to any one planter must not exceed a certain amount, whatever may be the value of the land; secondly, every planter is obliged to pay back into the public office every year one-tenth of his notes. The whole is, of course, annihilated in ten years, after which it is again allowed him to take out new notes to half the value of his land. This was the monetary system under which the American colonists prospered to such an extent that Edmund Burke said of them: "Nothing in the history of the world is like their progress." It was a wise and beneficent system, and its effects were most conductive to the happiness of the people.

A cursory examination of the subtreasury project leads me to the belief that it is predicated on similar principles; and while nothing is at the same time new and perfect, I am satisfied that it is both practicable and constitutional, and that with such modifications and improvements as a fair discussion might suggest, it ought to become a law of the land. I think it would abolish usury and afford to every man the opportunity to employ his skill in some productive enterprise. I think that the staple products of labor form as good a basis for bills of credit as land itself.

St. Vincent New Era: Congressman Comstock, like Congressman Hansborough, are new members of Congress, and both are everlasting workers for their constituents. The work they get through is simply immense, and the treatment that Mr. Hansborough received from the republicans of Dakota was abominable. There is no danger that the republicans of Minnesota will commit a similar blunder in respect to Mr. Comstock. This week he did all that was possible for him to do, in respect to harvest help for this District, leaving it under a fresh obligation to him.

Minnesota State Fair.

Sept. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13.

Preparations for the coming State Fair are being made with the utmost vigor and enthusiasm by the officials in charge. Everything points to the most attractive and successful Fair in years and enough applications have already been received to insure for the Fair of 1890 tremendous exhibits of horses and cattle.

The Fair is officered this year as follows; President, F. C. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis; first vice-president, D. H. Moon, of St. Paul; second vice-president, S. M. Emery, of Lake City; Secretary, Wm. M. Liggett, of Hamline; treasurer, Frank J. Wilcox, of Northfield. The board of managers consists of Messrs, C. N. Cosgrove of LeSueur, Clark Chambers of Owatonna, John F. Norrish of Hastings, Wm. M. Liggitt of Benson, John Cooper of St. Cloud, and J. J. Alexander of Northfield. Wm. F. Cross, of Hamline, is superintendent of grounds; Mr. Cooper, of gates: Lorenzo Hoyt, of Hamline, of forage, and Rev. Dr. Wayland Hoyt, of Minneapolis, is chaplain. Among the divisions of the display, Col. Clark, Chambers is superintendent of horses; C. N. Cosgrove, of cattle; J. J. Alexander, of sheep, swine and poultry; S. M. Emery, assisted by E. F. Batten, of dairy products; D. H. Moon, of the Main Building; Wyman Elliot, of horticulture; W. H. Hayes, of grain and farm produce: C. N. Cosgrove, of machinery; and W. J. Dean, manager of machinery division. John F. Norrish is in charge of the privileges and Prof. O. C. Gregg has the direction of the farmer's institute which will be held each morning during the fair.

The Fair opens on Monday, Sept. 8th, and continues through the week. On each day there will be afternoon trotting races and during the week Roman chariot races, and half-mile trotting races by the famous trotting dog "Doc," will be special attractions. The large building known as Machinery Hall has been refitted and set apart for a grand dairy exhibit. In the same building the honey makers, an industry hitherto not properly appreciated, or recognized, will have a novel exhibition in an apiary annex.

Prof. Gregg, president of the state farmer's institute, will hold a daily institute upon the ground. A novel feature of the institute will be the practical object lessons. For instance, if any particular breed of cattle, sheep, or swine, is being considered, the animal under discussion will be brought in and exhibited on the platform where its merits can be pointed out.

These are only a few of the varied attractions of the fair. To catalogue them all would require a volume. In order to appreciate them one must be at the fair. There will be half-fare rates on all roads centering in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Farmer's Prosperity.

Farm Stock and Home: There are politicians and writers who seem to honestly believe that if it can be shown that a considerable number of farmers are slowly getting ahead, no matter how slowly nor at what cost of deprivation of ordinary comforts of life, a great point has been made, and the claim that there is anything wrong with our political and economic systems is thereby disproven. It would be strange, indeed, if in a country so richly endowed with soil and climate as this a farmer who is willing to work very hard, and practice a parsimony in living that a Digger Indian would consider stingy, could not slowly get ahead; and he who does so surely has no occasion to be thankful for laws, systems, or practices that vouchsafe him only so much. Politicians need to understand this; if the farmers in the land were making a fortune each year, that would not justify a tariff, unequal taxation, over-capitalization, or capitalistic conspiracies in unjustly taking from him one dollar of his profits. That the farmer may exist, may even get ahead more or less rapidly, does not atone for the robberies he is the victim of. The thief need not steal all a man has to insure his incarceration in prison; nor should capitalistic conspiracies be compelled to steal all of a farmer's substance before the people are justified in driving them from the face of the earth!

"Economy and Industry."

Seth Bottomley, in Farm Stock and Home.

The old adage, "A cobbler should stick to his last," would apply as well to other professions, especially to those agricultural writers who are excellent, entertaining and instructive when confined to purely agricultural matters, but when they essay political economy, and begin to lecture farmers on their want of economy and industry, they show plainly that they should stick to their last.

What a roaring farce this talk of farmer's economy and industry becomes to one who knows the average farmer's mode of life! What bitter irony it is to charge him with extravagance, and to preach economy to him! It makes my blood boil to think of it. I hope the recording angel only puts down the words we utter, for it makes me want to swear awfully when I read such stuff. I am always tempted by it to change the words, "Liberty, what crimes are committed in thy name," to "economy and industry, what rot has been written in your name." Only think of it! preaching economy to a class of men who when they kill a hog sell the hams and shoulders and eat the sides and head; and whose homes as a rule are almost as destitute of furniture and about as comfortless as a railroad waiting room. An old-fashioned eight-day clock, which the old New England farmer used to have in his kitchen, was worth as much as all the furniture that most western farmers possess outside the cooking stove. Your Mr. Gabrilson would let the farmer go into debt to build a barn; of course a barn is one of the farmer's tools, a means to help him earn more, and consequently would make him better picking for the monopolist; he would shear more. The model farmer of to-day is the good natured blockhead who earns great deal, lives the poorest, pays what he is asked for everything he buys takes his county paper, and votes as he is told. I was going to say that if he would dress in a blanket like an Indian his guardians would like him better, but come to think of it, a good blanket would cost more than his present dress of brown denim and hickory shirt. Don't write any more about economy—don't you know that is what's the matter! It is the enforced economy of the farmer, on account of being spoiled and impoverished by the leeches which are sapping his life's blood, that is driving this country to the devil headlong. Only just think of it, what an era of prosperity we should enjoy if our eight million farmers were all living and dressing as they should, and would if it were not for vicious laws which instead of protecting hold them while they are being robbed! Let us imagine the boom there would be in the watch trade if every farmer carried a watch; in the furniture trade, if their homes were properly furnished; in the cotton and woolen manufacturing business, if they were properly clothed; in the lumber business if their barns and houses were as large and as good as they should be, and were before they allowed the thimble-riggers to take charge of their political affairs and tax them into poverty. In short, this is the key to the whole situation; the ability to earn, spend and enjoy. The Almighty inspired George Stevenson to invent the locomotive, Fulton, the steamboat, and thousands of other inventors the thousands of labor saving devices, in order that every honest and industrious man, woman and child could earn a big, fat, generous living. The greatest criminals to-day are the scoundrels who block up the avenues of trade to prevent people and the nations from having free intercourse with one another, and the next greatest are the scrimping, pinching, miserly farmer, who by depriving themselves and families of all the comforts of life succeed in accumulating a little property. Such men are destitute of every generous principle, and never have a thought out-side their own mean, narrow, selfish lives; and are ever ready to trip up and take advantage of their more generous and free hearted neighbors. And such, as a general thing, are the so-called "successful farmers" we hear so much about. He is by no means "altogther lovely. Of course, there are a great many honorable exceptions, but this cap will not fit them, so they will not put it on. The proper way is to demand our rights, so that there will be no necessity for an industrious man to practice economy; then economy instead of being called a virtue would become a crime.

And now a few words about the twin of economy, industry. I have been travelling quite a little this summer among the farmers, and I have often had supper with the family after nine o'clock at night! What a life to lead in this day and age of the world! Still hammering at it, harder and longer than ever notwithstanding all the labor-saving machinery, and when every trade and profession is demanding shorter hours of labor! What state can the minds of such farmers be in for reading or study after such a day's work! No wonder they are the prey of every unscrupulous sharper that comes along, and the prey of the jackals of the modern commercial world.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place.

[18-tf] J. W. HACK.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication August 14, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDWIN P. CAPEN AND MATTIE C. Capen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of June 20th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit; All of fractional Section 3, Township 148, Range 47 west, containing 632 96-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 26 of mortgages, on pages 480 to 483 inclusive; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of ninety-four and 40-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-eight hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[17-23] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., July 17th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, on Oct. 2d, 1890, viz: THOR HALDORSON, Hd. 11,281, for the nw¼ ne¼ e½ n[illegible] and lot 2, Sec. 33, Tp. 149, R. [illegible] He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harald Johnson, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn., Gulbrand Pederson, of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn., William Marston, Otto C[illegible], of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

[First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 14th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of John Cromb, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Arthur Yvernault, late of this county, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1890, at Crookston aforesaid, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said John Cromb granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Tuesday, the 16th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 14th day of August A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[18-20] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Aug. 9, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on Sept. 30th, 1890, viz: FRANCOIS PAGE, D. S. 10630, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Benoit, Fortuna Beneit, Pierre Dulude and Leon Charron, all of Gentilly, Polk County, Minn.

[17-22] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

(First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Anna A. Beck, plaintiff, against Paul Bataglia, Elizabeth Bagtaglia, and the Luger Furniture Company, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fifth day of August, A. D., 1890, a certified transcript of which has been duly delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Polk County aforesaid, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Monday, the thirteenth day of October, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, lying and being situated in the county of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eighteen, (18,) in block number sixteen, (16,) of the townsite of Crookston; according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
SPRY & HARVEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[18-24] Minneapolis, Minn.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Windows and Mouldings.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt. Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 " Scythe and Snath 1.25
Milk Cans at 50 cents. Screen Doors at 1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts. Large stock of Mixed Paints.
Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

Wheat Shortage.

Farm Stock and Home: In explanation of the shrinkage in wheat between primary and terminal points in the Northwest, a Minneapolis grain buyer assures F. S. & H. that it is occasioned by stealing from the cars after their arrival at destination; he says that arrests of the thieves have been common, but convictions rare, the latter on account of the law's technicalities, etc. If this is a true statement of the case a remedy can surely be found. Make railroads responsible for whatever shortage may occur before the wheat has been duly delivered by them to consignee, and make the consignee responsible thereafter. At all events, it is simply infamous to make the farmer who raises, on an average, 10 to 12 bushels of wheat to the acre, and sells it for 60 to 70 cents a bushel, stand a loss of from 5 to 15 per cent of his crop through the pilfering of city thieves. The enormous shrinkage of wheat in transit must be stopped, even if railroad yards have to be surrounded by cordons of police. The farmer has quite enough to contend with; has robberies perpetrated upon him under forms of law and by the sanction of custom of sufficient magnitude to entitle him to exemption from the raids of common thieves

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LO RATES
Hunting, Fishing.	Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock-raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions, Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	G. N. R. L

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, SEPTEMBER 4, 1890. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum. NO. 20.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, September 12th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

Auditor,
Treasurer,
Sheriff,
Clerk of the Court,
Judge of Probate,
Register of Deeds,
County Attorney.
Superintendent of Schools,
Coroner,
Court Commissioner,
County Commissioned for 2d District.
County Commissioner for 4th District.

Also nine (9) delegates to the Legislative Convention to be held in Crookston on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 p. m.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the county convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Bristlet	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	2
Columbia	2	Norden	3
City E. Grand Forks	4	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	2	Polk Center	2
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	1	Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
Town of Crookston	2	" " "—town	1
Eden	1	Rice	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	St. Hilaire	2
Grand Forks	2	Sanders	2
Garden	4	Sandsville	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sletten	3
Gervais	1	Sullivan	2
Gentilly	2	Tabor	1
Godfrey	3	Terrebonne	2
Grove Park	2	Tilden	2
Hammond	1	Tynsid	2
Higdem	2	Vineland	2
Hill River	3	Winger	3
Hubbard	3	Woodside	3
Hunteville	2	Wyandotte	2
Keystone	2		
Kertsonville	1		
King	3	Total	159
Knute	3		

A. D. STEPHENS, Chairman.
A. A. MILLER, Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION.

A Legislative Convention for the district composed of Polk, Norman and Beltrami Counties, will be held at the Court House, in the city of Crookston, on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

1 Senator,
2 Representatives.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates as follows: Polk 9, Norman 5, Beltrami 1.

H. E. COOKE, Chairman.
H. H. PHELPS, Secretary.

Moorhead News: Hon. Charles Canning was in the city to-day. He goes to Duluth to-night, where he has opened an office and will conduct a grain commission business. Mr. Canning looks well. He has 1,600 acres of wheat this year and it will all be cut by to-morrow. He put in 1,000 acres for Dr. Cazenove. Mr. Canning says the crop is only fair; that the growth of straw is the heaviest he has ever seen but the filling is not as good. He would not give a positive opinion as to yield in advance of threshing but thinks the average will be in the neighborhood of 15 bushels. He thinks times will improve greatly in this valley owing to the fact that while its wheat crop is not big it is the best in the country, and the high price for that and other products will make the farmers prosperous, and the rest of the people will share the prosperity with them. Mr. Canning is not like many defeated candidates for office, "out of politics," but says he is right into them, and will be after "we fellows" from now until election. He says if he had run for congress this year he would be elected and has confidence that Halverson will be elected if the democrats endorse him, which he is in favor of. Mr. Canning is a democrat because that party advocates a low tariff, he says. He was formerly a republican but was read out of the party and has been fighting it ever since.

Wedding Bells.

The marriage of Engineer Frederick A. Chapin, to Miss Edith M., only daughter of Engineer and Mrs. Thomas Hunt, which took place at the residence of the bride's parents, in this city, was one of the most important events of the season in Crookston social circles. At 8 o'clock, precisely, the bridal party was ushered into the parlor to the merry strains of the wedding march, played by Miss Kate Marin, where the Rev. J. J. Edwards, of Moorhead, soon transformed the principals to Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Chapin. Geo. McLean officiated as best man, and Miss Ella Seiberts as bridesmaid. The bride was elegantly attired suitably to the occasion, while the groom looked his best as with his lovely wife he greeted his many friends as they crowded around, offering congratulations. We suppose our lady readers will be curious for a description of the bridal dress, but we do not feel sufficiently well versed in such matters to attempt to gratify that natural wish. After all had had an opportunity to offer congratulations and examine the many presents, the bride and groom led the way to the supper table, which was spread in a pavillion in the yard, fairly groaning with the good things of this earth and profusely decorated with beautiful flowers, and while the Crookston Cornet band discoursed its choicest selections, the guests discussed the substantials of the table, meats and breads and cake and biscuits of all kinds, every country and every clime having been made to contribute to the success of that feast. The yard was a bower of beauty, surrounded by young trees ten to twelve feet high, standing closely together along the fence, the whole well-lighted by Chinese lanterns, torches and a headlight, while beautiful flowers in endless profusion were everywhere present. The only thing to mar the perfect success of the entertainment was a bit of a shower that prevailed about one hour immediately following the ceremony. However, it was a good natured crowd, one prepared to enjoy the event, which they did to the fullest extent, the cornet band contributing in no slight degree to make it a perfect success. The festivities closed with a regular Fourth of July pyrotechnical display.

The following is a list of the gifts our reporter noted: From the groom to the bride, an elegant gold watch and chain and diamond earrings; from the groom's brother, S. E. Chapin, of Church's Ferry, N. D., a handsome marble clock and a rope stand, which latter unique gift Mr. Chapin made himself. Mr. and Mrs. W. Hurst, of Devil's Lake, a silver castor; Mrs. S. C. Doane, Chicago, a silver syrup cup; Dr. A. Horsman, of Devil's Lake, a china tea sett; Miss Rachel Clizbe, of Woodbine, Iowa, a silver tooth pick holder; Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Caernes, of Devil's Lake, 1 doz. linen dinner napkins; H. Haight, Barnesville, one-half doz. nut picks and cracker, with case; Mr. and Mrs. Van Housen, Elgin, Ill., one-half doz. fruit knives; Ed. and Nellie Chapin, Prattsburgh, N. Y., sett silver knives and forks; Mrs. E. A. Hubbard, Prattsburgh, N. Y., 1 doz. table napkins; Mrs. A. Chapin, (mother of groom) 1 linen table cloth; Miss Anna Walker, Clarksburg, Ont., a plush photo bag.

The following is a list of presents made by citizens of Crookston: Conductor and Mrs. Norie, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Marin, Miss Katie Marin Mr. and Mrs. Reed, and Mr. and Mrs. Sieberts, a handsome sideboard; Fred and Minnie Walker, a silver castor; Miss Jennie Lanterman, a silver cake basket; E. D. Nicholson, a silver butter dish; Charles Hurst, a silver tea sett; Frank Hunt, a silver fruit dish; Charlie Hunt, a gold pen; Mrs. H. Martin, one-half dozen silver tea spoons; Miss Maggie Crawford, a china fruit dish; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wheeler, a china cracker dish; John Kyle, a silver pickle castor; Mrs. Casper Sands, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cooke, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Bartlett and Miss Lizzie Arnold, one-half dozen silver spoons, with plush case; Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Wile, one-half doz. silver spoons; Miss Anna Thune, a silver fruit spoon; Mr. and Mrs. S. Rosenthal, one-half doz. fruit knives, with plush case; Miss Lelia B. Clements, a silver card receiver; Miss Maggie Monroe, a Japanese card case; Miss Rachel Nicholson, one doz. table napkins; Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Skinner, a bed spread; Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Young, a bronze vase; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bivins, E. M. Bivins, Walter Bivins, Miss Hattie Bivins and Miss Cora Bivins, one linen table cloth and one dozen napkins; W. F. Bugg, one book, Moore's Poems; E. C. Carruth and wife, 1 sett silver fruit knives; Mr. and Mrs. Dillabaugh, 1 cane rocking chair; Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Adams, oil painting, with frame; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland, oxidized carving sett; W. T. Nicholson, 1 sett nut picks and cracker; O. J. Barnes and W. E. Slocum, one-half doz. china fruit plates; Geo. McLean, a silver castor; Ed. Cleary, a water sett with tray; Ella Seiberts, toilet sett; Monroe Seiberts, oil painting; Mrs. John Monroe and Mrs. Thos. Young, easel; Mrs. Ward, one sett nut picks and cracker; Miss Tilla Maultred, a glass fruit dish; H. A. Mason, a basket of fruit, Miss Maggie Brown, a bouquet of flowers; Miss Annie Walker, a bouquet of flowers; Miss A. Thune, a bouquet of flowers; Mrs. Fred Hall a bouquet of flowers.

Our reporter attempted to take a list of the guests in attendance, but is haunted with the thought that he did not get them all, however here is the list he did get:

Rev. J. J. Edwards, Moorhead; S. E. Chapin, Church's Ferry, N. D.; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hurst, and Mrs. Kearns, Devil's Lake. From Crookston, Conductor and Mrs. J. B. Copeland, Conductor and Mrs. Casper Sands, Conductor and Mrs. W. H. Norie, Conductor and Mrs. Reed, Engineer Seiberts and family. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bivens, E. M. Bivins, Walter Bivens, Miss Hattie Bivens, Miss Cora Bivens, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Wile, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Bartlett and Miss Lizzie Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cooke, Wm. Marin and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Monroe, Mr. and Mrs. Dillabough, Engineer Nicholson, Miss Rachel Nicholson, W. T. Nicholson, John Crawford, Miss Maggie Crawford, W. J. Bugg, Geo. McLean, Andy Locken, Miss Lelia Clements, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Skinner, Mrs. Thomas Adams, John Kyle, Miss Belle Kyle, Fred Walker, Miss Minnie Walker, Mr. and Mrs. H. Martin, Miss Jennie Lauterman, Chas. Hurst, Rev. F. Durant, Louis Columbus, Miss Florence Columbus, Miss Anna Thune.

National Economist:

Dispatches from Wall street show that money is very tight, loaning on call from 4 to 18 per cent:

The time for the enforcement of the new silver law is now at hand, and relief for the money market is therefore near, while strong hopes are entertained that the Secretary of the Treasury will find some means of nullifying the heavy Treasury abortions. One of the most important factors in the strength displayed to-day was the buoyancy of the London market, where the late stringency in money has been relieved, and a more hopeful feeling exists than in New York. The easing up of the money market there with the high rates here have caused a weakening in sterling exchange rates, and for the time being gold shipments are out of the question, which also encouraged purchase of good stocks to-day. The news of the day was in a large degree favorable, and the proposition that the Secretary of the Treasury should purchase the 4½s at par and interest to maturity met with much favor, and aided to keep the upward movement. The most important factor to that end, however, was the lending of large sums by one prominent bank, which gradually lowered the rates of money and instituted positive ease in place of the tightness prevailing in the forenoon. The upward movement continued, therefore, without interruption until the close, and the advances were large and uniform, the entire list sharing in it without distinction. The close was quiet but strong at the best figures of the day.

If the above is not a strong plea for more money and a complete acknowledgement of the fallacy of present financial methods, it will be difficult to find one. Does not the assertion that a loan of the face value and interest on the 4½ per cent bonds till maturity, without interest, meets with much favor, show that there is a leaven of human nature in Wall street? That is just the proposition.

Big Scheme.

Western Rural.

The new Union Stock Yards concern, in its attempts to sell its stock, sometimes reminds us of a circus advertising itself, and sometimes of a lottery publishing the fact, or an alleged fact, that somebody has drawn a prize. In the first place it is running in the daily papers an advertisement in which it pictures its prospects in such glowing colors that the author of the proclamation would be of priceless value to Barnum's advertiseing department. It is true that when the concern announces that the Union Stock Yards have been a mine of profit in the past, it tells the truth. The plain, unvarnished state of facts enables any one to write enchantingly upon the subject of Union Stock Yards profits. The corporation has plucked the poor farmer and stock raiser until matters have come to that that the farmer and stock raiser are now engaged in simply producing stock at a loss to be fed and handled at the Union Stock Yards at an immense profit. If the English gentlemen who have purchased the yards, or at least are part owners of them, had gone out upon our farms and listened to the story of the farmer, they would never have wanted an interest in these yards, provided of course they had no other means of learning what a magnificently organized and chartered robbery the yards represented. The story that would have been told them on our farms would have been that they had been losing money on cattle for years, and upon common principles of reasoning it would have been concluded that if that was the case, it was likely that the company that was handling the stock was making nothing.

But the farmers' story was not wanted. The fact that the Stock Yards company was coining money was world wide in circulation, and these capitalists who wished to get control of the yards simply wanted to get into position to share in the fruits of the robbery that has so long been permitted by the great State of Illinois. The scheme is about the same as that which is adopted to float a railroad. A new company is formed. It proceeds at once to sell enough stock to buy the plant, thus adding largely to the capital stock that our farmers and stock raisers are to be compelled to support, and the managers are to pocket a good round sum for the sale of stock at the same time. Perhaps the public may not care anything more about this new feature of the Stock Yards than it has cared about the matter as it formerly stood. It is true that charges to the farmer and stockman cannot be larger than they have been, for even the greed which has been so conspicuous in the management of these yards, would not have the impudence to increase the already extortionate charges. But the present scheme makes it only the more difficult to get the charges lowered.

As the Rural has already stated it does not doubt that the advertisement of this new concern tells the truth when it states what the profits have been, and yet one of the old stockholders asks a very knotty question upon this point. He says in a daily paper: "While I am not one of those popularly denominated kickers, still I cannot resist the temptation to suggest a query. The official declaration is that the combined net profits of the concern for the year ending June 30th, 1890, were $1,774,167. Now, as one of the recepients of those earnings, I was only paid at the rate of six per cent. on a capitalization of $13,000,000, which is $780,000. Which is correct, the official statement or the official payment? If the former, what became of the nearly $1,000,000 represented by the difference? Interesting, isn't it! It is one of the puzzles of this stupendous concern and it is one of the things that has confirmed me in my determination not to buy any more stock. While we are putting queries here is another. These gentlemen propose paying par for the old stock and fifty per cent. in bonds on a capitalization of $13,000,000, which means, in other words, $19,500,000. They propose capitalizing the new concern at $23,000,000, or $3,500,000 in excess of the old capitalization, which is a pretty neat little sum for the promoters to realize if their scheme succeeds. Another point: They must secure ninety per cent. of the stock upon which they base their profit sharing. What of the other ten per cent? Suppose they are unable to buy it in? This ten per cent. is entitled to dividends, the payment of which will lessen the profits of the syndicate just that much, will it not?"

Our Neighbor.

Western Rural.

The selfishness of men prevents them from exercising a neighborly feeling. The world's spirit is a good deal like the man who prayed for a blessing upon "me and my wife, my son John and his wife, us four and no more." We look out for ourselves and think little of how other people are getting along. But the whole world is intimately connected. Our interests, our real interests, the world over, are pretty near identical. We cannot afford to be selfish. A gentleman said to us the other day that the "Grip" showed us how the human family is so massed under similar conditions that none of us can draw ourselves within ourselves and shut ourselves up there. It was announced last season that away off in Russia some peasants were suffering from the grip. What was that to us! Why should we be concerned about the sufferings of a poor class of people thousands of miles away. Yet there was scarcely a family in America that was not ultimately afflicted with this disease.

The world cannot learn too soon that it must bear the burdens of the world. When the rich man by his methods makes others poor, and perhaps drives others to crime, he places a burden upon himself. Every criminal that society makes endangers its peace and endangers every life in it. The world would be happier, and would be much safer if every individual in it were prosperous, intelligent and moral. We often think when we witness the avarice that would enrich the individual and impoverish and enslave everybody else, that such individual cannot escape the burden and misfortune which he is entailing upon others. They are his neighbors, and if he makes them paupers he must reside among paupers; if he makes them vicous he must live among vice, and amidst such surroundings, it would matter little how elegant his home might be, there would be a cloud over it.

It Looks Like Business

Largest & Most Complete Stock of
Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware,
Spectacles Etc. Etc.
All Work Warranted, And
Perfect Satisfaction
Guarranteed.
At Bottom Prices.

And you will thin so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

—AND SEE—

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Interest on time deposits. Special attention to collections.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estate.

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a). An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.
(b). An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.
(c). A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.
(d). A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead.

Good Listeners.

Western Rural.

People are generally good listeners, and to be a good listener is not only polite, but it is the way to acquire knowledge. The editor who is alive to the evils that threaten the people's prosperity, describes them and denounces, them, and the reader says: "That is all true." The orator pictures injustices and the probable unfortunate outcome of a failure to institute reform and likely the enthusiastic audience will unite in declaring: "If we had enough such men as the speaker there would be no injustices inflicted and no fear of danger." But the trouble is that these good listeners by the thousands fail to act upon the knowledge that they acquire by listening. Knowledge is power only when it is put to use. The fool will get along just as well as the wise man, if the wise man acts like a fool. The most cultured intellect that ever glowed in the world is as powerless as the mind of a savage, if it simply stores up its power and never uses it. It is not what we know but how we use our knowledge that tells for good or evil results.

The people of this country certainly should know by this time what evils have developed in their social and political system. They do know it. When a tree falls on a man he knows what has fallen on him, if he still lives and has his senses. The people knew they are robbed and by whom they are robbed. They know who has stepped on them. But they do not act upon their knowledge. If any thinking man was asked how to remedy the things that need remedying, he would answer that the way was for the people to rise up and do something, and not sit listening to a recital of wrongs year after year. That is what the Western Rural has been trying to get the people to do these many years. The wrongs we suffer need no further description; the power that the people possess, if they chose to use it, need not be told another time. The whole situation is as plain as day. We must up and at 'em, and that means that we shall all rise at one time and move forward together.

Cheap Money for Farmers."

Farm Stock and Home.

F. S. & H. would be glad to see farmers getting money to use at a very low rate, or at no rate, of interest: but it dislikes to see them so intent in pursuit of that object that they forget the existence of things that are largely instrumental in making them borrowers, and that forever bar them from becoming loaners. It is not many years since farmers were much less antagonistic to high rates of interest than now, for many of them were, and all hoped to be, loaners of money themselves. It should not be forgotten that the almost universal borrowing of money by farmers is cotemporaneous with over-capitalization, enormous exemptions of property from taxation, a high protective tariff, capitalistic domination in political affairs, and the invention of trusts and other monopolistic devices. This is a very significant fact and should inspire doubts as to the propriety of borrowing money at all as a means of resisting the encroachments of the powers alluded to. To provide for immediate necessities cheap money is not only desirable but is well nigh imperative: but the only specific cure is the destruction of those systems and practices that have made the clamor for cheap money so loud and determined. But that specific will never be administered while the abuses we complain of dominate and control our politics and legislation. The sooner this last fact is recognized the better.

SWIM, BUT DON'T GO NEAR THE WATER.

There are some writers who urge farmers and wage-workers to stand up for their rights, but at the same time caution them to beware of politics, protesting that they "would not do anything to antagonize or break up existing political parties." The holy-reverence these milk and water "farmer's friends" have for parties makes their arguments so contradictory, and their suggestions so inconsistent that they are really obstacles to practices and efficient reform. They may clamor for "justice" until hoarse; they may rail at monopoly until they have exhausted every term of denunciation, but if all practical effort must stop short of any interference with "existing parties" they might better have protested less. Next to the use of money in politics the thing that stands between productive industry and its salvation is the prejudice that holds men subservient to their party, even after they realize that its policy and practices antagonize their best interests. A writer who would dilate upon the importance of frequent bathing, the value of cleanliness, the invigorating effect of plunge in the surf, and then urge his reader to not go near the water, would be quite as consistent as he who advocates reform that must not interfere with "existing political parties." Better take grandfather's advice and hew to the line, no matter where the chips fly.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, SEPTEMBER 4, 1890. NO. 20.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second-Class matter.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, September 12th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

Auditor,
Treasurer,
Sheriff,
Clerk of the Court,
Judge of Probate,
Register of Deeds,
County Attorney,
Superintendent of Schools,
Coroner,
Court Commissioner,
County Commissioned for 2d District.
County Commissioner for 4th District.

Also nine (9) delegates to the Legislative Convention to be held in Crookston on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 p. m.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the county convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Brislet	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	2
Columbia	2	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	4	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	2	Polk Center	2
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	1	Red Lake Falls—vil	3
Town of Crookston	2	" " —town	1
Eden	1	Rice	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	St. Hilaire	2
Grand Forks	2	Sanders	2
Garden	4	Sandsville	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sletten	3
Gervais	1	Sullivan	2
Gentilly	2	Tabor	1
Godfrey	3	Terrebonne	2
Grove Park	2	Tilden	2
Hammond	1	Tynsid	3
Higdem	2	Vineland	2
Hill River	3	Winger	3
Hubbard	3	Woodside	3
Huntsville	3	Wyandotte	2
Keystone	2		
Kertsonville	1	Total	159
King	3		
Knute	3		

A. D. STEPHENS, Chairman.
A. A. MILLER, Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION.

A Legislative Convention for the district composed of Polk, Norman and Beltrami Counties, will be held at the Court House, in the city of Crookston, on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

1 Senator,
3 Representatives.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates as follows: Polk 9, Norman 5, Beltrami 1.

H. E. COOKE, Chairman.
H. H. PHELPS, Secretary.

Moorhead News: Hon. Charles Canning was in the city to-day. He goes to Duluth to-night, where he has opened an office and will conduct a grain commission business. Mr. Canning looks well. He has 1,600 acres of wheat this year and it will all be cut by to-morrow. He put in 1,000 acres for Dr. Cazenove. Mr. Canning says the crop is only fair; that the growth of straw is the heaviest he has ever seen but the filling is not as good. He would not give a positive opinion as to yield in advance of threshing but thinks the average will be in the neighborhood of 15 bushels. He thinks times will improve greatly in this valley owing to the fact that while its wheat crop is not big it is the best in the country, and the high price for that and other products will make the farmers prosperous, and the rest of the people will share the prosperity with them. Mr. Canning is not like many defeated candidates for office, "out of politics," but says he is right into them, and will be after "we fellows" from now until election. He says if he had run for congress this year he would be elected and has confidence that Halverson will be elected if the democrats endorse him, which he is in favor of. Mr. Canning is a democrat because that party advocates a low tariff, he says. He was formerly a republican but was read out of the party and has been fighting it ever since.

Wedding Bells.

The marriage of Engineer Frederick A. Chapin, to Miss Edith M., only daughter of Engineer and Mrs. Thomas Hunt, which took place at the residence of the bride's parents, in this city, was one of the most important events of the season in Crookston social circles. At 8 o'clock, precisely, the bridal party was ushered into the parlor to the merry strains of the wedding march, played by Miss Kate Marin, where the Rev. J. J. Edwards, of Moorhead, soon transformed the principals to Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Chapin. Geo. McLean officiated as best man, and Miss Ella Seiberts as bridesmaid. The bride was elegantly attired suitably to the occasion, while the groom looked his best as with his lovely wife he greeted his many friends as they crowded around, offering congratulations. We suppose our lady readers will be curious for a description of the bridal dress, but we do not feel sufficiently well versed in such matters to attempt to gratify that natural wish. After all had had an opportunity to offer congratulations and examine the many presents, the bride and groom led the way to the supper table, which was spread in a pavilion in the yard, fairly groaning with the good things of this earth and profusely decorated with beautiful flowers, and while the Crookston Cornet band discoursed its choicest selections, the guests discussed the substantials of the table, meats and breads and cake and biscuits of all kinds, every country and every clime having been made to contribute to the success of that feast. The yard was a bower of beauty, surrounded by young trees ten to twelve feet high, standing closely together along the fence, the whole well-lighted by Chinese lanterns, torches and a headlight, while beautiful flowers in endless profusion were everywhere present. The only thing to mar the perfect success of the entertainment was a bit of a shower that prevailed about one hour immediately following the ceremony. However, it was a good natured crowd, one prepared to enjoy the event, which they did to the fullest extent, the cornet band contributing in no slight degree to make it a perfect success. The festivities closed with a regular Fourth of July pyrotechnical display.

The following is a list of the gifts our reporter noted: From the groom to the bride, an elegant gold watch and chain and diamond earrings; from the groom's brother, S. E. Chapin, of Church's Ferry, N. D., a handsome marble clock and a rope stand, which latter unique gift Mr. Chapin made himself. Mr. and Mrs. W. Hurst, of Devil's Lake, a silver castor; Mrs. S. C. Doane, Chicago, a silver syrup cup; Dr. A. Horsman, of Devil's Lake, a china tea sett; Miss Rachel Clizbe, of Woodbine, Iowa, a silver tooth pick holder; Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Caernes, of Devil's Lake, 1 doz. linen dinner napkins; H. Haight, Barnesville, one-half doz. nut picks and cracker, with case; Mr. and Mrs. Van Housen, Elgin, Ill., one-half doz. fruit knives; Ed. and Nellie Chapin, Prattsburgh, N. Y., sett silver knives and forks; Mrs. E. A. Hubbard, Prattsburgh, N. Y., 1 doz. table napkins; Mrs. A. Chapin, (mother of groom) 1 linen table cloth. Miss Anna Walker, Clarksburg, Ont., a plush photo bag.

The following is a list of presents made by citizens of Crookston: Conductor and Mrs. Norie, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Marin, Miss Katie Marin, Mr. and Mrs. Reed, and Mr. and Mrs. Sieberts, a handsome sideboard; Fred and Minnie Walker, a silver castor; Miss Jennie Lanterman, a silver cake basket; E. D. Nicholson, a silver butter dish; Charles Hurst, a silver tea sett; Frank Hunt, a silver fruit dish; Charlie Hunt, a gold pen; Mrs. H. Martin, one-half dozen silver tea spoons; Miss Maggie Crawford, a china fruit dish; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wheeler, a china cracker dish; John Kyle, a silver pickle castor; Mrs. Casper Sands, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cooke, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Bartlett and Miss Lizzie Arnold, one-half dozen silver spoons, with plush case; Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Wile, one-half doz. silver spoons; Miss Anna Thune, a silver fruit spoon; Mr. and Mrs. S. Rosenthal, one-half doz. fruit knives, with plush case; Miss Lelia B. Clements, a silver card receiver; Miss Maggie Monroe, a Japanese card case; Miss Rachel Nicholson, one doz. table napkins; Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Skinner, a bed spread; Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Young, a bronze vase; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bivins, E. M. Bivins, Walter Bivins, Miss Hattie Bivins and Miss Cora Bivins, one linen table cloth and one dozen napkins; W. F. Bugg, one book, Moore's Poems; E. C. Carruth and wife, 1 sett silver fruit knives; Mr. and Mrs. Dillabaugh, 1 cane rocking chair; Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Adams, oil painting, with frame; Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Copeland, oxidized carving sett; W. T. Nicholson, 1 sett nut picks and cracker; O. J. Barnes and W. E. Slocum, one-half doz. china fruit plates; Geo. McLean, a silver castor; Ed. Cleary, a water sett with tray; Ella Seiberts, toilet sett; Monroe Seiberts, oil painting; Mrs. John Monroe and Mrs. Thos. Young, easel; Mrs. Ward, one sett nut picks and cracker; Miss Tilla Maultred, a glass fruit dish; H. A. Mason, a basket of fruit, Miss Maggie Brown, a bouquet of flowers; Miss Annie Walker, a bouquet of flowers; Miss A. Thune, a bouquet of flowers; Mrs. Fred Hall a bouquet of flowers.

Our reporter attempted to take a list of the guests in attendance, but is haunted with the thought that he did not get them all, however here is the list he did get:

Rev. J. J. Edwards, Moorhead; S. E. Chapin, Church's Ferry, N. D.; Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Hurst, and Mrs. Kearns, Devil's Lake. From Crookston, Conductor and Mrs. J. B. Copeland, Conductor and Mrs. Casper Sands, Conductor and Mrs. W. H. Norie, Conductor and Mrs. Reed, Engineer Seiberts and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bivens, E. M. Bivins, Walter Bivens, Miss Hattie Bivens, Miss Cora Bivens, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Wile, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Bartlett and Miss Lizzie Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cooke, Wm. Marin and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Monroe, Mr. and Mrs. Dillabough, Engineer Nicholson, Miss Rachel Nicholson, W. T. Nicholson, John Crawford, Miss Maggie Crawford, W. J. Bugg, Geo. McLean, Andy Locken, Miss Lelia Clements, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Skinner, Mrs. Thomas Adams, John Kyle, Miss Belle Kyle, Fred Walker, Miss Minnie Walker, Mr. and Mrs. H. Martin, Miss Jennie Lauterman, Chas. Hurst, Rev. F. Durant, Louis Columbus, Miss Florence Columbus, Miss Anna Thune.

National Economist:

Dispatches from Wall street show that money is very tight, loaning on call from 4 to 18 per cent:

The time for the enforcement of the new silver law is now at hand, and relief for the money market is therefore near, while strong hopes are entertained that the Secretary of the Treasury will find some means of nullifying the heavy Treasury abortions. One of the most important factors in the strenth displayed to-day was the buoyancy of the London market, where the late stringency in money has been relieved, and a more hopeful feeling exists than in New York. The easing up of the money market there with the high rates here have caused a weakening in sterling exchange rates, and for the time being gold shipments are out of the question, which also encouraged purchase of good stocks to-day. The news of the day was in a large degree favorable, and the proposition that the Secretary of the Treasury should purchase the 4½s at par and interest to maturity met with much favor, and aided to keep the upward movement. The most important factor to that end, however, was the lending of large sums by one prominent bank, which gradually lowered the rates of money and instituted positive ease in place of the tightness prevailing in the forenoon. The upward movement continued, therefore, without interruption until the close, and the advances were large and uniform, the entire list sharing in it without distinction. The close was quiet but strong at the best figures of the day.

If the above is not a strong plea for more money and a complete acknowledgement of the fallacy of present financial methods, it will be difficult to find one. Does not the assertion that a loan of the face value and interest on the 4½ per cent bonds till maturity, without interest, meets with much favor, show that there is a leaven of human nature in Wall street? That is just the proposition.

Big Scheme.

Western Rural.

The new Union Stock Yards concern, in its attempts to sell its stock, sometimes reminds us of a circus advertising itself, and sometimes of a lottery publishing the fact, or an alleged fact, that somebody has drawn a prize. In the first place it is running in the daily papers an advertisement in which it pictures its prospects in such glowing colors that the auther of the proclamation would be of priceless value to Barnum's advertiseing department. It is true that when the concern announces that the Union Stock Yards have been a mine of profit in the past, it tell's the truth. The plain, unvarnished state of facts enables any one to write enchantingly upon the subject of Union Stock Yards profits. The corporation has plucked the poor farmer and stock raiser until matters have come to that that the farmer and stock raiser are now engaged in simply producing stock at a loss to be fed and handled at the Union Stock Yards at an immense profit. If the English gentlemen who have purchased the yards, or at least are part owners of them, had gone out upon our farms and listened to the story of the farmer, they would never have wanted an interest in these yards, provided, of course they had no other means of learning what a magnificently organized and chartered robbery the yards represented. The story that would have been told them on our farms would have been that they had been losing money on cattle for years, and upon common principles of reasoning it would have been concluded that if that was the case, it was likely that the company that was handling the stock was making nothing.

But the farmers' story was not wanted. The fact that the Stock Yards company was coining money was world wide in circulation, and these capitalists who wished to get control of the yards simply wanted to get into position to share in the fruits of the robbery that has so long been permitted by the great State of Illinois. The scheme is about the same as that which is adopted to float a railroad. A new company is formed. It proceeds at once to sell enough stock to buy the plant, thus adding largely to the capital stock that our farmers and stock raisers are to be compelled to support, and the managers are to pocket a good round sum for the sale of stock at the same time. Perhaps the public may not care anything more about this new feature of the Stock Yards than it has cared about the matter as it formerly stood. It is true that charges to the farmer and stockman cannot be larger than they have been, for even the greed which has been so conspicuous in the management of these yards, would not have the impudence to increase the already extortionate charges. But the present scheme makes it only the more difficult to get the charges lowered.

As the Rural has already stated it does not doubt that the advertisement of this new concern tells the truth when it states what the profits have been, and yet one of the old stockholders asks a very knotty question upon this point. He says in a daily paper: "While I am not one of those popularly denominated kickers, still I cannot resist the temptation to suggest a query. The official declaration is that the combined net profits of the concern for the year ending June 30th, 1890, were $1,774,167. Now, as one of the recepients of those earnings, I was only paid at the rate of six per cent. on a capitalization of $18,000,000. which is $780,000. Which is correct, the official statement or the official payment? If the former, what became of the nearly $1,000,000 represented by the difference? Interesting, isn't it! It is one of the puzzles of this stupendous concern and it is one of the things that has confirmed me in my determination not to buy any more stock. While we are putting queries here is another. These gentlemen propose paying par for the old stock and fifty per cent. in bonds on a capitalization of $13,000,000, which means, in other words, $19,500,000. They propose capitalizing the new concern at $23,000,000, or $3,500,000 in excess of the old capitalization, which is a pretty neat little sum for the promoters to realize if their scheme succeeds. Another point: They must secure ninety per cent. of the stock upon which they base their profit sharing. What of the other ten per cent? Suppose they are unable to buy it in? This ten per cent. is entitled to dividends, the payment of which will lessen the profits of the syndicate just that much, will it not?"

Our Neighbor.

Western Rural.

The selfishness of men prevents them from exercising a neighborly feeling. The world's spirit is a good deal like the man who prayed for a blessing upon "me and my wife, my son John and his wife, us four and no more." We look out for ourselves and think little of how other people are getting along. But the whole world is intimately connected. Our interests, our real interests, the world over, are pretty near identical. We cannot afford to be selfish. A gentleman said to us the other day that the "Grip" showed us how the human family is so massed under similar conditions that none of us can draw ourselves within ourselves and shut ourselves up there. It was announced last season that away off in Russia some peasants were suffering from the grip. What was that to us! Why should we be concerned about the sufferings of a poor class of people thousands of miles away. Yet there was scarcely a family in America that was not ultimately afflicted with this disease.

The world cannot learn too soon that it must bear the burdens of the world. When the rich man by his methods makes others poor, and perhaps drives others to crime, he places a burden upon himself. Every criminal that society makes endangers its peace and endangers every life in it. The world would be happier, and would be much safer if every individual in it were prosperous, intelligent and moral. We often think when we witness the avarice that would enrich the individual and impoverish and enslave everybody else, that such individual cannot escape the burden and misfortune which he is entailing upon others. They are his neighbors, and if he makes them paupers he must reside among paupers; if he makes them vicious he must live among vice, and amidst such surroundings, it would matter little how elegant his home might be, there would be a cloud over it.

It Looks Like Business

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware,

CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

Largest & Most Complete Stock of Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles Etc. Etc. All Work Warranted, and Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed. Bottom Prices.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
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LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estate.

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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.
(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.
(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.
(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.)

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead.

Good Listeners.

Western Rural.

People are generally good listeners, and to be a good listener is not only polite, but it is the way to acquire knowledge. The editor who is alive to the evils that threaten the people's prosperity, describes them and denounces them, and the reader says: "That is all true." The orator pictures injustices and the probable unfortunate outcome of a failue to institute reform and likely the enthusiastic audience will unite in declaring: "If we had enough such men as the speaker there would be no injustices inflicted and no fear of danger." But the trouble is that these good listeners by the thousands fail to act upon the knowledge that they acquire by listening. Knowledge is power only when it is put to use. The fool will get along just as well as the wise man, if the wise man acts like a fool. The most cultured intellect that ever glowed in the world is as powerless as the mind of a savage, if it simply stores up its power and never uses it. It is not what we know but how we use our knowledge that tells for good or evil results.

The people of this country certainly should know by this time what evils have developed in their social and political system. They do know it. When a tree falls on a man he knows what has fallen on him, if he still lives and has his senses. The people knew they are robbed and by whom they are robbed. They know who has stepped on them. But they do not act upon their knowledge. If any thinking man was asked how to remedy the things that need remedying, he would answer that the way was for the people to rise up and do something, and not sit listening to a recital of wrongs year after year. That is what the Western Rural has been trying to get the people to do these many years. The wrongs we suffer need no further description: the power that the people possess, if they chose to use it, need not be told another time. The whole situation is as plain as day. We must up and at 'em, and that means that we shall all rise at one time and move forward together.

Cheap Money for Farmers."

Farm Stock and Home.

F. S. & H. would be glad to see farmers getting money to use at a very low rate, or at no rate, of interest: but it dislikes to see them so intent in pursuit of that object that they forget the existence of things that are largely instrumental in making them borrowers, and that forever bar them from becoming loaners. It is not many years since farmers were much less antagonistic to high rates of interest than now, for many of them were, and all hoped to be, loaners of money themselves. It should not be forgotten that the almost universal borrowing of money by farmers is cotemporaneous with over-capitalization, enormous exemptions of property from taxation, a high protective tariff, capitalistic domination in political affairs, and the invention of trusts and other monopolistic devices. This is a very significant fact and should inspire doubts as to the propriety of borrowing money at all as a means of resisting the encroachments of the powers alluded to. To provide for immediate necessities cheap money is not only desirable but is well nigh imperative: but the only specific cure is the destruction of those systems and practices that have made the clamor for cheap money so loud and determined. But that specific will never be administered while the abuses we complain of dominate and control our politics and legislation. The sooner this last fact is recognized the better.

SWIM, BUT DON'T GO NEAR THE WATER.

There are some writers who urge farmers and wage-workers to stand up for their rights, but at the same time caution them to beware of politics, protesting that they "would not do anything to antagonize or break up existing political parties." The holy reverence these milk and water "farmer's friends" have for parties makes their arguments so contradictory, and their suggestions so inconsistent that they are really obstacles to practices and efficient reform. They may clamor for "justice" until hoarse; they may rail at monopoly until they have exhausted every term of denunciation, but if all practical effort must stop short of any interference with "existing parties" they might better have protested less. Next to the use of money in politics the thing that stands between productive industry and its salvation is the prejudice that holds men subservient to their party, even after they realize that its policy and practices antagonize their best interests. A writer who would dilate upon the importance of frequent bathing, the value of cleanliness, the invigorating effect of plunge in the surf, and then urge his reader to not go near the water, would be quite as consistent as he who advocates reform that must not interfere with "existing political parties." Better take grandfather's advice and hew to the line, no matter where the chips fly.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., SEPT. 4, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 87.
1 Northern 82.
2 Northern 77.
3 Northern 74.

Try Herb for a fiddle.

See Sture's overcoats.

Help for threshing is in good demand.

Mike Leguee intends to thresh next week.

Dress flannels at Sture's from 40 cents to $1.25.

P. C. Schmidt goes to Duluth on law business.

The busy hum of the thresher is heard in the land.

See Herb's new stock of musical goods.

The second story of the Bjoin block is rising rapidly.

For anything you need in musical goods call on Herb.

Mrs. A. Braley returned last week from her visit to Vermont.

O. L. Larson, of Fosston, came down to attend the Cleveland show.

Geo. J. McManus came up from Duluth last week for a few days visit.

Banjos and strings, guitars and strings, violins and strings, at Herb's.

Contractor McDonald has lots of trouble getting men to work on the sewers.

Come in and see what nice blankets you can get from $1 to $7, at
A. Sture's.

New wheat begins to come in slowly. The October market bids fair to be the best.

Mike Kirsch, sold his house and lot on Sampson's Woodland Addition last week.

Al. Kaiser, the 13 townsman, came in to attend the democratic circus on Wednesday.

Why don't you save money by going to A. Sture's for your boots, shoes and gloves?

Wheat took another tumble on Tuesday morning, reaching 87 cents for No. 1 Hard.

The Cleveland minstrel parade on Tuesday was a dandy. They have an excellent band.

Jos. Smith and wife, Red Lake Falls, attended the Cleveland reception on Tuesday evening.

At Sture's you will find a large assortment of excellent woolen blankets at prices hard to beat.

Mr. Anglim accompanied his daughter, Lottie, to St. Paul last week, where she will attend school.

The St. Louis red pressed brick for the McKinnon block has arrived and is being laid in the front.

Hugh Thompson came up from Fisher on Wednesday to take lessons in politics from the unterrified.

Cedar shingles do not warp, check, or rot at the nail holes. They will last many times as long as pine. For sale by I. U. Jennings. [20-21]

The democratic convention yesterday was a very quiet affair. The democrats don't seem to be in it this fall.

Wheat on the Corser place is turning out very much lighter than was expected. All No. 1 Hard, though.

Contrary to general opinion there are a few democrats left in Polk County yet, but they look blue and lonesome.

Pete Misgen arrived from Superior on Sunday for a few days. Pete notes many improvements in our city since he left.

A. D. Stephens left for St. Paul on Tuesday evening. He will be at Little Falls to-day in time for the convention.

Brother farmer, when you come to Crookston go to Hack & Gallasch' old stand and see what the old farmer can do for you.

Herb has a fine assortment of accordeons and musical goods just arrived.

The Fisher Bulletin says that Sampson assures that sheet that he is not in the field this fall as candidate for the senate.

Mr. P. Lusian and wife started for Iowa on Monday evening, summoned by news of the death of Mrs. Lusian's mother.

John Florin, W. E. Walker's foreman, welcomed his family from Chicago on Sunday. John will go to housekeeping in the city.

Andy Aiken was down to Fred Durand's on Monday morning, fixing up a slate. He SAID his boy wanted to start for school. (?)

Call at Herb's and look over the new stock of musical goods. Largest in the city.

The contractor on the McKinnon block has a handy hoisting rig for elevating barrows of brick and mortar. beats the hod all hollow.

A party of hunters from Crookston were out on Joe Beaudett's place last week. They left more chickens dead on the field than they brought away.

Andy Locken, Thompson and Erickson went out after the festive chicken on Monday. The dogs seemed to get more of the shot than the chickens did.

M. B. McClellan, representing the J. H. Bishop paper house, Minneapolis was in the city on Tuesday.

Wheat slumped [illegible] since last [illegible] reaching 89 for No. 1 Hard on Monday morning. There is some coming in, now.

E. S. Corser is up from Minneapolis looking after his farming operations. He has some splendid wheat, but it will not be a big yield.

O. H. Holmes and Frank Myers were in from Red Lake Falls to take in the great hoodoo business at the Court House, Wednesday.

S. E. Chapin was over from Church's Ferry last week to see Fred married and enjoy a visit with old friends, returning on Saturday.

The council met on Tuesday evening and ordered the clerk to advertise for bids for sewer along Main to Robert, and thence to Broadway.

Thos. Einund, an old time Crookston carpenter, was over from Grand Forks last week. Says our building boom reminds him of old times.

The Drayton Echo says Mrs. W. H. Gardner arrived home yesterday from her Crookston visit and Drayton's tonsorial artist is happy again.

Joseph Laframboise intends to start on or about Oct. 1st with a carload of stock for Montana. He is picking up choice animals for the purpose.

E. D. Childs says that wheat is not yielding as many bushels per acre as he has expected by at least one-third. It is of the very best quality, however.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

Mrs. I. U. Jennings started east on Tuesday for her fall stock of millinery goods. On her return she will have something to say of interest to the ladies.

J. E. Mitton, of Wahpeton, was in the city yesterday. Says he will sell that farm for $8 per acre, one-half time balance five years at 8 per cent. This is a snap.

The Cleveland minstrels were not up to our expectations. They have good music and some good singers, but we expected a better show than the reality justified.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

Louis Fontaine returned last week from his visit to the encampment in Boston. Says it was a big event. He laid in a big stock of goods for F. & A. while away.

There was a circus in town last Friday. The street parade was enough to give the snap away, but for all that it is said the tent was full day and evening. How the "dear people" do like to be humbugged.

John Mikulecky was down from Tabor to attend the democratic convention on Wednesday. John has just got up from a severe illness, the result of the grip last winter. For some time his life was despaired of, but he is now getting along all right.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

John Bahnsen, the youngest brother of Dr. W. J. Bahnsen, who was shot at Fisher, arrived on Monday morning to look after the doctor's affairs here. Mrs. Bahnsen will stay with friends at Rock Island for awhile.

Frank Jerome took possession of the St. Louis Hotel on Monday morning. A. C. Schmidt is repapering and repainting the hotel from cellar to garret. Frank says he is going to keep a nice hotel if he don't lay up a cent.

Vine & Tebesar having bought out the meat market on Broadway so long and successfully conducted by Mr. LeBlanc, are now running a fine market. They hope to fully sustain the reputation of this market, and start ahead all right.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

M. C. Malone has purchased the scales that have, for so long been on Main street, in front of Herb's place, and taken them to the N. P. depot to be used in his wheat business. Herb sold them to get them out of the weigh.

James Cassady, father of Mrs. Horace G. Russel, was in the city last week in consultation with H. Steenerson in the Russel case. Mr. Cassady refused to say much in regard to the case, but said that he has no doubt that Horace Russel is insane.

On Saturday noon Harris & Glenn pitched into the old Misgen building that for a few weeks has been standing on the corner of Broadway and Fletcher and started for Chase's addition with it. It will find a resting place near the Valley Roller Mills.

D. Jacobus shies his castor into the ring for sheriff. Jake is one of the oldest inhabitants of Polk County, coming with the first railroad, and has been foremost in almost every enterprise calculated to build up the city and county. Jake would make a good sheriff.

P. J. LaChapelle went out into the towns east of Crookston last week with a Mr. McKenzie, an Iowa man who is looking up cheap farming lands for an investment, and brought in from the town of Bray as fine samples of corn as could be found in any country. It shows the possibilities of the country as a corn producer, as it was one of the very latest varieties and nearly ripe, requiring only a few more days to fully mature.

Profit in Sheep.

S. M. McKee informs THE JOURNAL that he finds sheep the most profitable branch of industry on his farm. He bought a flock in 1880, we believe, and he now has 203 that have cost him nothing, what he has realized from the sale of wool and mutton having paid the first cost and the expenses of keeping. He will continue in the business.

Register Dickmann, of the U. S. Land Office, returned from a visit to his farm in Wabasha County. Says our crops here are better than those he saw on his trip. His tennants have raised a large lot of excellent corn this year and only 20 acres of wheat—nice wheat, though.

Chester Blanchard came over from Buxton, N. D., last week, where he has just struck a 150 barrel well, the fifth or sixth one he has obtained this summer. He went to Minneapolis on Monday to do the great Exposition, thence he goes to Wisconsin for a visit to the old home. He drove a horse and buggy as far as Alexandria on the way.

Engineer F. A. Chapin and wife left on Thursday morning of last week for Brandon, Manitoba, to visit an aunt of the bride at that place. They stopped for a day or two in Winnipeg to look over that venerable city. Expect to be at home in Crookston after September 12th. Fred's hosts of friends unite with THE JOURNAL in casting the old slipper and the wish for a pleasant wedding tour for them.

Sandin & Onstad, who recently opened out on Robert street, report business lively. They are energetic young men and deserve success. Mr. Sandin has been a clerk in our city for a long time, was recently with the New York store. Mr. Onstad was recently a dweller in the Thirteen Towns, but has got over it and bids fair to pull through.

The democratic caucuses were very quiet affairs, from ten to twenty earnest citizens met in each ward to select delegates to the county convention on the third. In the 1st ward John McKinnon was chosen chairman, and A. Asseline, secretary. John O. Sundet, F. O. Sustad and L. L. Benoit delegates to the convention. The chair was instructed to appoint a democratic ward committee.

Hugh Carrier came in on the Fosston train on Tuesday evening. He has recently been at Bagley's place, up near the reservation, and says they just finished cutting three-quarters of a section of fine grain. The wheat is of excellent quality and promises a big yield. He says he never saw such vegetables as are raised on that farm. The country is pleasantly diversified by groves of fine timber and open prairie.

On Saturday night of last week David Vannett, section foreman on the Great Northern, was presented with a handsome gold watch from the Great Northern employes. The present was a perfect surprise to Dave, who had no idea that changing him from one road to another would have such an effect. He was formerly an employe on the N. P., coming to this road in '78 or '79. This handsome testimonial shows in what esteem he is held by his associates on the Great Northern.

Frank B. Netzer, son of Joseph Netzer, of this city, was killed on Friday last in Chicago. Together with his wife he was on board a cable car when the train collided with a runaway car in a tunnel. Mr. Netzer was thrown upon the track and run over. His wife escaped without serious injury. The remains were sent to Wabasha, his old home, for interment. Mr. Netzer was an employe of the American Express Co. Some years since he was suspected of crooked work; was arrested, tried and acquitted and taken back into the employ of the company, and was in their employ when the sad accident occurred.

The Cantata "The Harvest Queen," rendered at the Baptist church on Thursday evening of last week was excellently well rendered by the little folks company the Loyal Temberance Legion, and much credit is due Mrs. S. H. Barteau for the excellent drill she has given them. The performance was well rendered throughout, but the speech of Sam. Wilkinson's little three-year-old son, Hugh, is deserving of especial mention and brought the house down. He was encored to the turn and repeated his little speech in a louder tone, under the impression that he had not spoken loud enough the first time. The receipts were over $40 and everybody was well pleased with the entertainment.

The Horton case, in St. Paul, assumes a new interest to our citizens from the connection therewith of a former resident of Crookston. It will be remembered that at the time of Horton's arrest it was intimated that there was a lady in the case—a lady to whom, it was said, Horton was engaged to be married. It now transpires that the lady was Miss Mary E. Van Wie, who was for some time associated with Mrs. Munson in the dressmaking business, and later a teacher in our public school. No one here will believe for a moment that she is criminally connected with the case, as she is well known to be a lady of spotless character. She was not aware that Horton was a married man. She however keenly feels the position in which she is placed in this affair and is deserving of the sympathy of her friends.

Beltrami Pointers.

BELTRAMI, Sept. 1, 1890.

Most of the farmers are through cutting and threshing has begun.

The first wheat of the season was hauled to market Saturday from the Wells farm. The grade was No. 1 Northern.

Game must be plentiful in this vicinity or sportsmen from St. Louis, Minneapolis and other places would not come here every season. We shall always be glad to welcome such men as J. P. Ellis and son, E. Smith and J. G. Parrish, M. D., of St. Louis.

J. Jenson, wheat buyer for the Red River Valley Elevator Co. at St. Vincent, was down on Friday looking after his "chittens."

To the members of the Republican Legislative Convention, to be held at Crookston, Sept. 15th, 1890: Gentlemen:—in order for our party to win in the coming campaign we must nominate men who have an unblemished character and undoubted ability, and in whom the farmers have perfect confidence, and it is a great pleasure to me to know such an one, and I present his name, that of James C. Hayes, of the town of Hubbard. To those who know him, and they are legion, he needs no encomium, but to those who have not had that privilege I will say a few words. During his residence in this county for the past twelve years he has shown himself to be a practical, educated farmer and a gentleman of the highest character and strictest integrity, and one whom any community ought to be proud to have represent them in the legislature. If he should receive the nomination he would not only get the votes of our own party but those of the best men of all parties. He is not seeking the nomination and will not know that his name is mentioned until he reads this article.

EDNA.

For Sheriff.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Polk County, subject to the voters of this county.

D. JACOBUS.

Daily Pioneer Press: Halver Steenerson of Crookston, Minn., looks very much like Representative Haugen, of the Eight Wisconsin district. Steenerson is often taken for Haugen when met by Wisconsin people in St. Paul and Haugen when in St. Paul is quite frequently taken for the tall Scandinavian of the Red River Valley. Last winter when Steenerson was in Washington he was standing in the corridor talking with Representative Comstock. Haugen came out and after talking a few moments said: "Comstock, you and Steenerson go in this door. The doorkeeper will take him for me, and I will go in another way. What is the use having a constituent who looks like a member of congress if he can't have the privilege of the floor?" The scheme worked and Steenerson remained on the floor as long as he desired. He was called "Haugen" a number of times by members who did not know that the Wisconsin man had a double.

Sort 'o Haugin his way, as it were.

Daily Plaindealer: W. J. Murphy.—Yes Crookston is pulling itself together in good form. I find there quite a number of broad-gauged progressive business men and of late they all seem to have conceived the necessity of pulling together in behalf of the developement of the city. Mayor McKinnon's new three story business block has risen to the second story while Alderman's Bjoin's new block is above the basement walls. The new hotel is a go sure. It will be a magnificent structure Several new blocks are already projected for next year, notably one by Wm. Anglim. I look to see Crookston double its population and business in the next three years. All the improvements which we will put in will be on the assumption that the city will be ten or fifteen thousand population during the present decade.

Warren Sheaf: Wm. N. Box returned from the Pacific coast last Sunday. He reports a great deal of stir and business activity on the coast—a good place for making money, and an equally good place for losing it. Mr. Box thinks the Red River Vallay good enough.

Anent the Horton Case.

Pioneer Press: Mary Van Wie did not make her appearance yesterday in any of her accustomed places. It is understood that members of her family are anxious that she should make a frank statement of her acquaintance with Horton, and it is likely that in deference to their wishes she will do so, Her statement will undoubtedly do much to clear the mystery in the case, be the revelation creditable or not to the man who now rests under a cloud.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.

MOE & BUHN.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place.

[18-tf] J. W. HACK.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. MINN.

CARLETON COLLEGE,

NORTHFIELD, MINN.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 10, 1890.

THE COURSES ARE

Classical, Literary, Scientific, English Academy and Musical,

Besides Preparatory and Post-Graduate studies
Instruction given in Drawing and Painting.
Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy.
Extensive Chemical and Biological Laboratories.
Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
For catalogues and circulars address,
[13-16] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

W A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY,

NOW READY

WITH AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods.

Everything in our line at prices to suit the times.

A Fashionable Trimmer

to attend to this department.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN.

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

Elmer E. Adams, editor of the Fergus Falls Journal, was married on August 28th, to Miss Jennie Cowles, a young lady teacher of Fergus Falls. THE JOURNAL extends congratulations.

The Chronicle shows commendable enterprise by taking the associated press dispatches. The experiment necessitates added expenses that will require a far greater patronage than before to sustain, but the Palmers seem to have lots of sand and THE JOURNAL wishes its neighbor all the success it deserves.

"Down Wint McGinty."

In the Times forecast of probable candidates on the democratic ticket, only six of the nine offices are to be filled by citizens of Irish descent, but not a word said about Gilhooley or McGinty. Why this omission?

Mr. Comstock's friends will be disappointed to learn that he will not be at Little Falls to-day. He will stay in Washington to watch our interests in the river and harbor bill that is liable to pass at any time. Congressman Snider who has just arrived from Washington gives the opinion that Congress will not adjourn until Oct. 10th. Mr. Comstock will be right on deck, faithfully guarding our interests. That is the kind of a Congressman to have.

Gives the Snap Away.

The Times, in its last issue, says:

"The Farmers' Alliance has a strong ticket in the field, which by dividing the vote, will tend to increase the chances for Democratic success."

So this is the true inwardness of the great interest the democratic party of Polk County has manifested in the alliance—a means to install democrats into office! That's just what THE JOURNAL has said, time and again, but that party has constantly denied the charge. If the democrats were sincere in their professions of interest in the welfare of the alliance, they would prove it by endorsing Owen for Governor—but they will not. Railroad authorities have ordered the nomination of railroad attorney Wilson, and Wilson will be nominated. The Times gives the snap away in this county by the statement that the big alliance vote in this county will enable the hungry dems to rake in the fat chestnuts, and urges the "trooly loil" to take heart, brace up and proceed to rake. The Times labors under the pleasing delusion that democratic farmers' alliance men are all fools, who will vote the democratic ticket at the crack of the party lash, while all the republican farmers will stick to the alliance party, thus the dems will win another "glor'us vict'ry!" Great head, but doomed to a bitter disappointment, we opine. According to the Times idea the only good thing to be accomplished is "the offices!" Thus it diagnoses the great object of the Farmers' Alliance—a struggle for office. For this the Times has urged the alliance to stick to their text, because this would enable the democrats, for once in their lives, to gobble up the offices! A consummation greatly to be desired, according to the Times' idea.

Railroad Methods.

Farm, Stock and Home.

Poor's Manual of the railroads of the United States for 1889, recently issued, places their capitalization at $9,680,952,249, or almost $60,000 a mile. The average interest paid on this enormous sum was a fraction over 6 per cent, and the average net earnings reported were 3.3 per cent, or a total income of about 10 per cent. This does not look large on its face, but when taken in connection with the fact that apparent incomes are purposely reduced by enormous salaries paid to heavy stockholders who are by courtesy called officers, but have no duties to perform except drawing their salaries, the returns surely seem ample, even if the capitalization that draws the income is real or honest. But the capitalization is not real, is not honest. Even Mr. Poor, a very conservative authority, admits that at least half the capital is fictitious. Ten per cent on this mythical value amounts to the snug little sum of $480,000,000, a fine tribute, indeed, for our productive industries to annually pay to a lot of cunning rogues, for it requires no talent but the cunning of common rascals to create fraudulent values, and no machinery but monopoly's unholy ways to make such values tribute-drawers from productive industry.

If the amount of money paid to fictitious railroad values alone could be devoted to the buying of articles of necessity and comfort in the homes of our wealthy producers how quickly would the good angel of prosperity smile upon and hover over this country! Many of our farmers honestly believe that if the government would loan them money—$1,000,000,000 at the most—at a low rate of interest, all of labor's woes would disappear at once; if that is true, how much more beneficial would be exemption from paying nearly that sum every two years to a small handful of plutocrats! Thirty years ago the cry of honest, earnest, christian men was: "Human slavery is wrong, and, by the Eternal, it has got to go!" Now, myriads of the same kind of men are crying out, over-capitalization of corporate monopolies is wrong, and, by the Eternal, it has got to go! To this work, patriotism, justice, real republicanism, love of country, home and family must devote themselves. In silently enduring the slavery of over-capitalization the American people confess that they are not capable of self government.

Enterprise vs. Robbery.

Farm Stock and Home.

As the seasons come and go it becomes more and more apparent that the pressure to which the farmers of the United States have been and are subjected is resulting in conditions that merit most serious consideration. Farms have been run much after the manner of a one hundred horse power engine forced to develop a power of 150 horses. Hosts of farmers have been so pushed and crowded that they found it utterly impossible to fertilize, rotate, or give that rest to the land that is so essential to its continued or increasing fertility. Average yields are growing smaller, not in single years, but measured by decades, evidencing decreasing fertility as the rule of the age. It is useless to attribute this to the ignorance, stupidity or stubbornness of farmers; myriads of them would do differently, but they cannot. The struggle to support the family and pay the mortgage is, in millions of cases, so intense and uncompromising that providence must be and is often solely relied upon to furnish crops when the judgment of the farmer tells him that methods which he believes in but cannot employ should supplement providence. The greed of the age, and the power to gratify it, have not only forced a robbery of that fertility of soil which the ages had stored up for us and our posterity, but it has devastated our forests until climatic conditions are so changed that even the depopulation of now populous areas of great extent is within the realm of the possible if not the probable. The destruction of forests, by the way, which we proudly call "enterprise," without the expenditure of one cent towards their restoration for the benefit of posterity, is a national scandal that should make every American citizen blush with shame.

It is surely time to begin to consider whither we are drifting. It is all well enough to boast of the wealth the nation has accumulated, but if that accumulation represents only the robbery of posterity of its share of fertility, timber and other natural resources and the coining it into dollars for plutocrats' strong boxes, then we had better haul down our "enterprise" flag and raise in its stead the piratical skull and cross bones. It is time to stop bragging and get down to business. We must learn that merely transmuting wealth from one form to another is not producing wealth. If against that rapidly augmenting national wealth we so like to boast of there should be charged the deficit in natural resources, the soil's fertility, the timber supply, exhausted mines, etc., it would at least modify our glorification. The pressure of the times is too great. Cost of production, cost of living, doing, and having our being—a cost that is ultimately paid for by productive industry—must be reduced. In that direction lies relief, and in that direction only.

False Reports.

The Duluth & Winnipeg Denies Stories of a Later and More Serious Conflict of Authority.

Duluth Evening Herald.

Telegrams innumerable have been sent out from Washington (St. Paul) spreading broadcast the report that the Duluth & Wininpeg was being constructed through the Winnebigosish reservation, contrary to orders from Secretary Noble. These telegrams further state that troops have been ordered from Fort Snelling to the scene of operations to stop all work.

There is not the slightest foundation in fact to this story. These telegrams were sent out by parties whose interests are adverse to those of the Duluth & Winnipeg company, and who benefit by any temporary delay in the construction of the line.

"There is no truth whatever in these reports," said a Duluth & Winnipeg official whose attention was called to one of these telegrams. When Secretary Noble ordered us to stop work we did so, and we have not laid any track through the reservation since. We have filed maps and have complied with all other legal requirements, and we expect soon to receive word from the interior department to go ahead with construction."

Price of Wheat.

Editor Western Rural.

Two years ago next September when Hutchinson cornered the wheat market in Chicago, and put the price of wheat up to two dollars per bushel, and many farmers were enabled to actually sell their crops at $1,00 and $1,20 in the local markets, had the farmers been thoroughly organized they could have acted in concert and easily kept the price of wheat at $1,00 and upwards in the local market from that day to this. The millers paid the enhanced price and raised the price of flour accordingly, and no consumer seriously objected to pay the enhanced price of flour. In fact, no consumer of flour ought to object to have the price increased until it becomes a fair equivalent to the products of labor in other lines of industry. Now wheat cannot be raised, one year with another, and sold by the farmers in their local markets for less than one dollar per bushel, except at a loss. Even at that price there is not near that margin of profit that there is in milling manufacturing or the carrying industries. Wheat at the low price of the last seven years has done much to depress farm values, keep farmers in debt and discourage the agricultural outlook. Wheat at $1,00 per bushel in farmer's hands would brighten up and encourage every one of them, and eventually help many out of debt and improve trade in all the rural districts.

Now on account of injury to the growing crop and for various other reassons, speculation is busy enhancing the price of wheat. As members of the various farmer's organization let us all help along the good work, and help to enhance the price by holding back our wheat in our own grainaries until it is there worth one dollar per bushel, and then firmly resolve in our various assemblies to keep the price at one dollar per bushel forever after. When this plan is laid before the farmers I think enough of them can see the point, and will readily co-operate to make it a success. Farmers are not yet all organized, but there is an organization of Patrons of Industry, Alliance, Wheel, Farmer's Mutual Benefit Association, Grange, etc., in almost every community, and a little missionary work in their localities would induce good farmers outside the organization to join in this plan. Let this plan be laid before the various assemblies by the national and State secretaries by means of circulars. etc, and let us see, as farmers of America if we cannot do something for ourselves. But someone will say, how about the surpluss to go to Europe? If the price of wheat in our home markets is one dollar per bushel and upwards, the tendency will be to raise the price in Liverpool and London until they will take our surplus at the same rate.

Years ago wheat went abroad freely when it was worth from one to two dollars a bushel. Should it not do so again, we as farmers can imitate the policy of our manufacturers who make the home markets pay them prices for goods that afford a good margin of profit, and then work their surplus off on foreign markets at whatever price they will bring. Should the home market get too high, the import tax of twenty cents will exclude foreign wheat from our seaboard. It is the only circumstance under which the protection theory will ever benefit the farmer.

SUBSCRIBER.

Northfield News: S. G. Comstock, of Moorhead, has proved himself the right man for the great interests of the Fifth district—the largest in territory in the State. The northern portion of Minnesota, which constitutes the Fifth district, is developing more rapidly, probably, than any other locality of the great northwest. It is largely composed of unsettled and unimproved lands, and its growth within the next few years will be phenomenal. Mr. Comstock has demonstrated his capacity to care for its wide and varied interests, and he, too will be renominated without opposition. This, then will likely comprise the Congressonal ticket for 1890. Whom the Democrats will nominate to contest with this gentleman for the honor of representing Minnesota at Washington yet lies hidden in the future.

Wilson and Democracy.

Mankato Daily Free Press.

The statement made last week by the Mankato Review that Judge Wilson was defeated for congress by Mr. Dunnell in 1888 by the lavish use of money (the exact amount is placed at $28,000) furnished by eastern manufacturers, was only published to endorse Wilson's cowardly back-down after he had given a positive pledge to make the fight against Dunnell this fall, and to pave the way for his candidacy for the gubernatorial nomination. The Winona Republican, published at Wilson's home city, characterizes the Review screed as the "baldest fiction of the age." The Republican then goes on to say:

"Judge Wilson's defeat was not accomplished by the free use of money furnished by Eastern manufacturers, but by the voluntary action of the Republican voters of the First district, who needed no incentive thereto other than their intelligent devotion to the principles of the party of their chois. So fully does the Republicans believe this that it challenges proof of the assertion that $28,000, or $10,000, or even half of the latter sum, was furnished by the manufacturers of the East and paid out in this district to bring about Judge Wilson's defeat. The First district gave 4,500 majority for Harrison, a pronounced protectonist. It gave Merriam, who was running for governor on a protection platform, a majority of about 4,000. Judge Wilson, for reasons not necessary to explain, but it may be said reasons unconnected with the question of the tariff, came within 1,800 votes of defeating Mr. Dunnell, his competitor. Thus it will be seen that, if $28,000 was paid out to buy votes, it could not have been the Republicans who expended the money. There was no necessity for it. They were absolutely in the majority. All the known facts connected with the contest suggest that if votes were purchased, they were so purchased in the interest of the Democratic Congressional nominee and not the Republican."

The Review having made the charge, with apparent assurance of its correctness, that $28,000 was corruptly used to influence voters against Wilson, has but one honorable course left open, and that is to produce the proof. If it cannot do this the editor will stand selfconvicted of falsifying. In the first place Wilson is not the angelic creature the Review and some other Democratic organs would have the public believe. He is not of the people, and his tastes, habits and social relations through life have not been such as to seriously impress the so called "common herd" with the idea that he has anything in common with them. While he has an oily tongue, suave manners and polished oratory, his business and political career has been identified with railroad corporations and monopolistic enterprises. He draws a princely sum annually, and has for several years, as the paid attorney of the C. & N. W. R. R. company, and the "manly" manner in which he has fought against the recovery to the state of the unearned railroad lands lying along the Winona & St. Peter railroad is sufficint evidence, if such were wanting, to show how much feeling Wilson has in the people when his corporation interests are endangered.

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What does this mean, pray if not that Mr. Buck sounds a warning to the members of his party that the nomination of Judge Wilson will be in direct hostility to the "great agricultural and industrial interests of the country," and that his selection means an inglorious defeat? The fact is well established that Mr. Buck has been forced off of the ticket though the machination of bossim and railroad influences. It is no secret to such as these that he could not be manipulated. He has too much regard for his good name and is too deeply allied with the interests of the masses to be made the suppliant tool of corporations and scheming politicians. In a word, he is too much of what one would term "one of the people" to be of use in the governor's chair to those who turn the machine crank and do the "funny work" for the party.

Wilson is a man patterned after the original Democratic design. He is one of the leaders of the ring. He is a man who knows no honesty in politics. He is a prominent autocrat and aristocrat. He is the paid attorney of a great railroad corporation and as such, if made governor of Minnesota, would be as clay in the hands of the potter to do the bidding of railroad magnates. He is one of those select individuals who rides in the private car of the Superintendent and concocts schemes to gull shippers and all connected with them. This is the kind of a candidate that the Democrats are going to foist upon the people of this state. There is no doubt about it, and the faithful might as well prepare themselves for the inevitable. How do the farmers and laboring men like the deal? It is nothing short of a direct defiance of the wishes of the rank and file of the Minnesota Democracy, and unless we mistake the composition of the rural members of the party they will set their seal of condemnation upon such bossism when the time comes.

The Democratic organs had best desist from crying "banker candidate," "boodle methods," etc., when they have on their hands a railroad attorney for Governor who has nothing in common with the mass of the people. Glass houses won't stand much stoning.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

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All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

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Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

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between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

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—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN

Elmer E. Adams, editor of the Fergus Falls Journal, was married on August 28th, to Miss Jennie Cowles, a young lady teacher of Fergus Falls. THE JOURNAL extends congratulations.

The Chronicle shows commendable enterprise by taking the associated press dispatches. The experiment necessitates added expenses that will require a far greater patronage than before to sustain, but the Palmers seem to have lots of sand and THE JOURNAL wishes its neighbor all the success it deserves.

"Down Wint McGinty."

In the Times forecast of probable candidates on the democratic ticket, only six of the nine offices are to be filled by citizens of Irish descent, but not a word said about Gilhooley or McGinty. Why this omission?

Mr. Comstock's friends will be disappointed to learn that he will not be at Little Falls to-day. He will stay in Washington to watch our interests in the river and harbor bill that is liable to pass at any time. Congressman Snider who has just arrived from Washington gives the opinion that Congress will not adjourn until Oct. 10th. Mr. Comstock will be right on deck, faithfully guarding our interests. That is the kind of a Congressman to have.

Gives the Snap Away.

The Times, in its last issue, says:

"The Farmers' Alliance has a strong ticket in the field, which by dividing the vote, will tend to increase the chances for Democratic success."

So this is the true inwardness of the great interest the democratic party of Polk County has manifested in the alliance—a means to install democrats into office! That's just what THE JOURNAL has said, time and again, but that party has constantly denied the charge. If the democrats were sincere in their professions of interest in the welfare of the alliance, they would prove it by endorsing Owen for Governor—but they will not. Railroad authorities have ordered the nomination of railroad attorney Wilson, and Wilson will be nominated. The Times gives the snap away in this county by the statement that the big alliance vote in this county will enable the hungry dems to rake in the fat chestnuts, and urges the "trooly loil" to take heart, brace up and proceed to rake. The Times labors under the pleasing delusion that democratic farmers' alliance men are all fools, who will vote the democratic ticket at the crack of the party lash, while all the republican farmers will stick to the alliance party, thus the dems will win another "glor'us vict'ry!" Great head, but doomed to a bitter disappointment, we opine. According to the Times idea the only good thing to be accomplished is "the offices!" Thus it diagnoses the great object of the Farmers' Alliance—a struggle for office. For this the Times has urged the alliance to stick to their text, because this would enable the democrats, for once in their lives, to gobble up the offices! A consummation greatly to be desired, according to the Times' idea.

Railroad Methods.

Farm, Stock and Home.

Poor's Manual of the railroads of the United States for 1889, recently issued, places their capitalization at $9,680,952,249, or almost $60,000 a mile. The average interest paid on this enormous sum was a fraction over 6 per cent, and the average net earnings reported were 3.3 per cent, or a total income of about 10 per cent. This does not look large on its face, but when taken in connection with the fact that apparent incomes are purposely reduced by enormous salaries paid to heavy stockholders who are by courtesy called officers, but have no duties to perform except drawing their salaries, the returns surely seem ample, even if the capitalization that draws the income is real or honest. But the capitalization is not real, is not honest. Even Mr. Poor, a very conservative authority, admits that at least half the capital is fictitious. Ten per cent on this mythical value amounts to the snug little sum of $480,000,000, a fine tribute, indeed, for our productive industries to annually pay to a lot of cunning rogues, for it requires no talent but the cunning of common rascals to create fraudulent values, and no machinery but monopoly's unholy ways to make such values tribute-drawers from productive industry.

If the amount of money paid to fictitious railroad values alone could be devoted to the buying of articles of necessity and comfort in the homes of our wealthy producers now quickly would the good angel of prosperity smile upon and hover over this country! Many of our farmers honestly believe that if the government would loan them money—$1,000,000,000 at the most—at a low rate of interest, all of labor's woes would disappear at once; if that is true, how much more beneficial would be exemption from paying nearly that sum every two years to a small handful of plutocrats! Thirty years ago the cry of honest, earnest, christian men was: "Human slavery is wrong, and, by the Eternal, it has got to go!" Now, myriads of the same kind of men are crying out, over-capitalization of corporate monopolies is wrong, and, by the Eternal, it has got to go! To this work, patriotism, justice, real republicanism, love of country, home and family must devote themselves. In silently enduring the slavery of over-capitalization the American people confess that they are not capable of self government.

Enterprise vs. Robbery.

Farm Stock and Home.

As the seasons come and go it becomes more and more apparent that the pressure to which the farmers of the United States have been and are subjected is resulting in conditions that merit most serious consideration. Farms have been run much after the manner of a one hundred horse power engine forced to develop a power of 150 horses. Hosts of farmers have been so pushed and crowded that they found it utterly impossible to fertilize, rotate, or give that rest to the land that is so essential to its continued or increasing fertility. Average yields are growing smaller, not in single years, but measured by decades, evidencing decreasing fertility as the rule of the age. It is useless to attribute this to the ignorance, stupidity or stubborness of farmers; myriads of them would do differently, but they cannot. The struggle to support the family and pay the mortgage is, in millions of cases, so intense and uncompromising that providence must be and is often solely relied upon to furnish crops when the judgment of the farmer tells him that methods which he believes in but cannot employ should supplement providence. The greed of the age, and the power to gratify it, have not only forced a robbery of that fertility of soil which the ages had stored up for us and our posterity, but it has devastated our forests until climatic conditions are so changed that even the depopulation of now populous areas of great extent is within the realm of the possible if not the probable. The destruction of forests, by the way, which we proudly call "enterprise," without the expenditure of one cent towards their restoration for the benefit of posterity, is a national scandal that should make every American citizen blush with shame.

It is surely time to begin to consider whither we are drifting. It is all well enough to boast of the wealth the nation has accumulated, but if that accumulation represents only the robbery of posterity of its share of fertility, timber and other natural resources and the coining it into dollars for plutocrats' strong boxes, then we had better haul down our "enterprise" flag and raise in its stead the piratical skull and cross bones. It is time to stop bragging and get down to business. We must learn that merely transmuting wealth from one form to another is not producing wealth. If against that rapidly augmenting national wealth we so like to boast of there should be charged the deficit in natural resources, the soil's fertility, the timber supply, exhausted mines, etc., it would at least modify our glorification. The pressure of the times is too great. Cost of production, cost of living, doing, and having our being—a cost that is ultimately paid for by productive industry—must be reduced. In that direction lies relief, and in that direction only.

False Reports.

The Duluth & Winnipeg Denies Stories of a Later and More Serious Conflict of Authority.

Duluth Evening Herald.

Telegrams innumerable have been sent out from Washington (St. Paul) spreading broadcast the report that the Duluth & Wininpeg was being constructed through the Winnebigosish reservation, contrary to orders from Secretary Noble. These telegrams further state that troops have been ordered from Fort Snelling to the scene of operations to stop all work.

There is not the slightest foundation in fact to this story. These telegrams were sent out by parties whose interests are adverse to those of the Duluth & Winnipeg company, and who benefit by any temporary delay in the construction of the line.

"There is no truth whatever in these reports," said a Duluth & Winnipeg official whose attention was called to one of these telegrams. "When Secretary Noble ordered us to stop work we did so, and we have not laid any track through the reservation since. We have filed maps and have complied with all other legal requirements, and we expect soon to receive word from the interior department to go ahead with construction.

Price of Wheat.

Editor Western Rural:

Two years ago next September when Hutchinson cornered the wheat market in Chicago, and put the price of wheat up to two dollars per bushel, and many farmers were enabled to actually sell their crops at $1,00 and $1,20 in the local markets, had the farmers been thoroughly organized they could have acted in concert and easily kept the price of wheat at $1,00 and upwards in the local market from that day to this. The millers paid the enhanced price and raised the price of flour accordingly, and no consumer seriously objected to pay the enhanced price of flour. In fact, no consumer of flour ought to object to have the price increased until it becomes a fair equivalent to the products of labor in other lines of industry. Now wheat cannot be raised, one year with another, and sold by the farmers in their local markets for less than one dollar per bushel, except at a loss. Even at that price, there is not near that margin of profit that there is in milling manufacturing or the carrying industries. Wheat at the low price of the last seven years has done much to depress farm values, keep farmers in debt and discourage the agricultural outlook. Wheat at $1,00 per bushel in farmer's hands would brighten up and encourage every one of them; and eventually help many out of debt and improve trade in all the rural districts.

Now on account of injury to the growing crop and for various other reassons, speculation is busy enhancing the price of wheat. As members of the various farmer's organization let us all help along the good work, and help to enhance the price by holding back our wheat in our own grainaries until it is there worth one dollar per bushel, and then firmly resolve in our various assemblies to keep the price at one dollar per bushel forever after. When this plan is laid before the farmers I think enough of them can see the point, and will readily co-operate to make it a success. Farmers are not yet all organized, but there is an organization of Patrons of Industry, Alliance, Wheel, Farmer's Mutual Benefit Association, Grange, etc., in almost every community, and a little missionary work in their localities would induce good farmers outside the organization to join in this plan. Let this plan be laid before the various assemblies by the national and State secretaries by means of circulars, etc., and let us see, as farmers of America if we cannot do something for ourselves. But someone will say, how about the surpluss to go to Europe? If the price of wheat in our home markets is one dollar per bushel and upwards, the tendency will be to raise the price in Liverpool and London until they will take our surplus at the same rate.

Years ago wheat went abroad freely when it was worth from one to two dollars a bushel. Should it not do so again, we as farmers can imitate the policy of our manufacturers who make the home markets pay them prices for goods that afford a good margin of profit, and then work their surplus off on foreign markets at whatever price they will bring. Should the home market get too high, the import tax of twenty cents will exclude foreign wheat from our seaboard. It is the only circumstance under which the protection theory will ever benefit the farmer.

SUBSCRIBER.

Northfield News: S. G. Comstock, of Moorhead, has proved himself the right man for the great interests of the Fifth district—the largest in territory in the State. The northern portion of Minnesota, which constitutes the Fifth district, is developing more rapidly, probably, than any other locality of the great northwest. It is largely composed of unsettled and unimproved lands, and its growth within the next few years will be phenomenal. Mr. Comstock has demonstrated his capacity to care for its wide and varied interests, and he, too will be renominated without opposition. This, then will likely comprise the Congressional ticket for 1890. Whom the Democrats will nominate to contest with this gentleman for the honor of representing Minnesota at Washington yet lies hidden in the future.

Wilson and Democracy.

Mankato Daily Free Press.

The statement made last week by the Mankato Review that Judge Wilson was defeated for congress by Mr. Dunnell in 1888 by the lavish use of money (the exact amount is placed at $28,000) furnished by eastern manufacturers, was only published to endorse Wilson's cowardly back-down after he had given a positive pledge to make the fight against Dunnell this fall, and to pave the way for his candidacy for the gubernatorial nomination. The Winona Republican, published at Wilson's home city, characterizes the Review screed as the "baldest fiction of the age." The Republican then goes on to say:

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The letter of Mr. Buck, made public through the Press yesterday, was manly, considerate and temperate, yet pointed and unmistakable as to its meaning. The withdawal of his name as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor, is significant. It is full of serious meaning to the party of which he is so honorable and honored a member. "I stood by the party," says Mr. Buck, "in its darkest hours of adversity, and shall rejoice when success shall crown our efforts. I do hope, however, that the candidate nominated will be one whose acts and impulses have been and will continue to be in full sympathy with the great agricultural and industrial interests of the country."

What does this mean, pray if not that Mr. Buck sounds a warning to the members of his party that the nomination of Judge Wilson will be in direct hostility to the "great agricultural and industrial interests of the country," and that his selection means an inglorious defeat? The fact is well established that Mr. Buck has been forced off of the ticket though the machination of bossim and railroad influences. It is no secret to such as these that he could not be manipulated. He has too much regard for his good name and is too deeply allied with the interests of the masses to be made the suppliant tool of corporations and scheming politicians. In a word, he is too much of what one would term "one of the people" to be of use in the governor's chair to those who turn the machine crank and do the "funny work" for the party.

Wilson is a man patterned after the original Democratic design. He is one of the leaders of the ring. He is a man who knows no honesty in politics. He is a prominent autocrat and aristocrat. He is the paid attorney of a great railroad corporation and as such, if made governor of Minnesota, would be as clay in the hands of the potter to do the bidding of railroad magnates. He is one of those select individuals who rides in the private car of the Superintendent and concocts schemes to gull shippers and all connected with them. This is the kind of a candidate that the Democrats are going to foist upon the people of this state. There is no doubt about it, and the faithful might as well prepare themselves for the inevitable. How do the farmers and laboring men like the deal? It is nothing short of a direct defiance of the wishes of the rank and file of the Minnesota Democracy, and unless we mistake the composition of the rural members of the party they will set their seal of condemnation upon such bossism when the time comes.

The Democratic organs had best desist from crying "banker candidate," "boodle methods," etc., when they have on their hands a railroad attorney for Governor who has nothing in common with the mass of the people. Glass houses won't stand much stoning.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

Great Remnant Sale!

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Beginning on Monday, July 7th, 1890,

Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

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Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY

At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

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CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

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Carriage Builders,

East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,

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Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.

CALL AND SEE US.

IT PAYS

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CASH DEALERS IN

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Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

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☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

THE OLD RELIABLE

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LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r.

D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent St. Paul.

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.,

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THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC

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SHORTEST, BEST, QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,

The Loan Agent.

THE UNIVERSITY

OF MINNESOTA.

OPEN TO BOTH SEXES.

The following Courses of Study are offered: Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Architecture, Mining Engineering and Metallurgy, Shop Work, (including Wood, Iron, and Metal Working), Industrial, Freehand and Mechanical Drawing, Wood Carving and Designing, Military Science and Tactics, Agriculture (including the "School of Agriculture"), Veterinary Science, Law, Medicine (Regular, Homeopathic), Dentistry.

TUITION IS FREE,

Except in the Departments of Law and Medicine.

Next year opens Sept. 2d, 1890.

Catalogues containing full information will be sent free to all persons who apply for it. Address CYRUS NORTHROP, L. L. D., President, Minneapolis, Minn.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS. - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President; WM. ANGLIM, Vice President. CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

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(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., SEPT. 4, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m

Teachers' Institute.

The fall examination of teachers will be held as follows:

East Grand Forks, at the school house, Sept. 2d and 3d.

Crookston, at the court house, Sept. 4th and 5th.

St. Hilaire, at the school house, Sept. 15th and 16th.

Fosston, at the school house, Sept. 18th and 19th.

Exercises to commence at 9 o'clock each day.

All teachers holding limited second and third grades, must present themselves for re-examination at one of the above named places; also teachers who were not present at the spring examinations, must qualify themselves as other teachers have done.

THOMAS CASEY,
County Supt. of Schools,
Polk County, Minn.

The Cosmopolitan.

The modern magazine may be taken as embodying the best literature of the world, as the magazine editor pays the highest prices to novelists, scientists statemen, soldiers, and even kings and princes, for the best they can furnish in the literary line. The well-edited magazine becomes an educating influence in the family circle, whose importance cannot be over-estimated. The children, as they grow up, are attracted by its illustrations, and so come in time to have a taste for reading. There is always something that is new, something that is strange, something that is interesting; and we consider that we are doing our readers a positive benefit if we are instrumental in placing such a publication within their reach. The special arrangement which we have made with the Cosmopolitan presents very unusual inducements. That magazine, although only in the tenth month under its new management, is already recognized as one of the most interesting publications of the day. It is seeking subscribers everywhere and obtaining them. The proprietors believe that the Cosmopolitan has only to be examined to secure a permanent subscriber. That is why we are enabled to make, if the offer is accepted before January next, such a very low rate, by which our readers can obtain the Cosmopolitan for little more than the cost of this journal alone. Just think of what the combination means! You obtain your own home journal at about the regular price, and have thrown in a magazine which gives you, in a year 1536 pages of reading matter by the ablest writers of the world, including over 1300 pages of illustrations that are unsurpassed in point of interest and execution. Will it not pay you to send a subscription to this office for the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, and Cosmopolitan immediately? Remember, only $3—for the two.

HOME SEEKERS EXCURSIONS.

The attention of our readers is called to the low round trip excursions on the Great Northern Railway, Sept. 9th Sept. 23d and Oct. 14th. Persons who have friends in the East who have written about coming or ever expressed a desire to visit this country, should be informed of this chance. Tickets can be had at all principal offices of eastern, central and southern lines, connecting with the Great Northern at St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior or Duluth. Ask your eastern friends to call and see their nearest ticket agent, or write to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul. Let us all unite in an effort for new growth and development.

Exposition and State Fair Excursions.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will sell Aug. 27th and 28th, Sept. 2d, 4th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 16th, 18th, 23rd, 25th, and 30th and Oct. 2d, round trip tickets Crookston to Minneapolis and return, including admission ticket to the exposition, at the rate of $9.02. Tickets good until midnight of first Monday following date of sale. Excursion tickets to the Minnesota State Fair will be on sale Sept. 8th to 15th inclusive, good returning until Sept. 15th at rate of $9.27 for the round trip, including admission ticket to the fair grounds.

Short Crop.

Prairie Farmer: There is no doubt but the cereal grains generally will be short this year. In bushels the indications now are that wheat will not turn out much over 400,000,000 bushels; corn is estimated now at 1,600,000,000 bushels and oats 570,000,000 bushels. For the last two years the averages have been 450,000,000 bushels of wheat, 1,700,000,000 of corn, and 584,000,000 bushels of oats. The increase of population from 1880 to 1890, has been about 33 per cent., or one-third. This would give an average of one-sixth more months to feed than in 1880.

On this basis we have a per capita, this year, of 16 per cent, less of oats, and near 20 per cent, less of both wheat and corn, than ought to meet our requirements for food and export. The reserves of wheat and flour in warehouses were stated to be scarcely larger than 50,000,000 bushels at the close of June. Hence this country can spare for export during the current crop year only about half as much as in the twelve months ending six weeks ago, and can only do so by dint of clearing the bins and granaries bare, wich is not likely to be done except under famine conditions; and fully a fourth part of that supposedly possible surplus has already gone out from us or been used at home.

Therefore the present year is a good time to hold wheat. Our market reports from week to week show this. We quote wheat this week, No 2 winter at 99c, and No. 2, spring 98½c, per bushel. Last year it was respectively 76¼ and 76¾. If the reports for the next two weeks show the same falling off; for instance, if frosts should seriously reduce the spring wheat outcome in the Northwest, we may have nothing for export. With this we leave our intelligent readers to figure for themselves until we get further reliable advices as to the present crops.

Moorhead News: A gentleman now stopping at Detroit, Minn., who has been advertising in the newspapers of this vicinity to buy sheep, writes the News as follows: "There are no sheep for sale within a radius of 100 miles of Detroit. There are a number of flocks, but the farmers all realize that the keeping of sheep is profitable and do not want to sell, a very wise move or conclusion on their part as this section of the country is destined to become the stock raising section."

TNE STATE FAIR.

Program of the Coming Festive Week at The Hamline Fair Grounds.

Sept. 8th to 13th, the Dates.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ENTERTAINMENT OF VISITORS.—GREAT RIDING RACE BY LADIES.—A TREMENDOUS CATTLE SHOW.—THE DAIRY EXHIBIT.—SOMETHING FOR EVERYONE.

He must indeed be hard to please who leaves the coming state fair without a feeling of satisfaction. For monnths the managers have been laboring to secure a large variety of attractions and at the same time make full display in every thing which goes to make up a fair proper. Success has crowned their efforts. Visitors to the fair (which it must be remembered opens on MONDAY Sept. 8, and continues six days, closing on the evening of Saturday, Sept. 13.) will see the finest display of horses, cattle and sheep ever made in Minnesota. Thoroughbred and blooded animals have been entered by hundreds, and new buildings are being erected to acommodate them. The large interest is caused not only by the general interest in the fair and the liberal premiums offerd, but by the rapidly increasing attention to stock-raising throughout the northwest. Minnesota is making a reputation as a stock and dairy state—a fact which is recognized in the coming fair.

The exhibit of dairy products and machinery will be in a large building set apart for the purpose. A refrigerator 40 feet long and 16 feet wide has been built for butter and cheese, and the various displays of machinery will be in operation. Among the interesting displays will be that of the U. S. Butter Extractor, which was on the ground last year making butter from new milk. Farm machinery will fill every foot of space in the building allotted to it. There will be an enormous variety of carriages and wagons, and many new agricultural implements.

Mr. Wyman Elliott, the pioneer horticulturist of Minneapolis, has charge of the fruit and has arranged for an exhibit which will eclipse last year's. The main building is being filled with exhibits by merchants of St. Paul and Minneapolis under the direction of Mr. D. H. Moon. Here, also will be the ladies' department with a rare collection of needle and fancy work. The fair association is giving very liberal premiums in every department this year—some $15,000 in all—and is engaging expert judges who will award prizes on merit only. On the grounds there is every convenience for the accommodation of visitors. Dining and lunch rooms will be maintained with reasonable prices charged. Ladies will find toilet and dressing rooms for their especial use.

The following is an outline of the program of the fair week:

MONDAY, Sept. 8.

All animals must be in their proper places by 10 A. M., and all exhibits must then be in order. The Farmer's Institute will open at 9 A. M. and be in session until 12 o'clock. It will be in charge of Prof. O. C. Gregg, superintendent of the State Farmer's Institute, who will be assisted by an able corps of institute workers. A building is set apart for the institute. In the afternoon three races, viz: Minnesota Breeder's Stake, yearlings foals of 1889; Minnesota Breeder's Stake, two-year-olds; Pacing Breeder's Stake, three-year-olds

TUESDAY, Sept. 9.

CHILDREN'S DAY. All children under 12 years of age will be admitted to the grounds free. The Board of Directors request that children be allowed to take advantage of this opportunity for seeing the fair. The educational value of the sights to be seen will be worth weeks of schooling. There will be special attractions of all kinds for the children. Exhibitors will have souvenirs for them, and everybody will try to make them have a good time. In the afternoon there will be grand chariot races by Prof. and Madam McDonald. These are exact imitations of the famous Roman chariot races, and the contestants appear in Roman costume. Madam McDonald will drive eight high mettled horses attached to one chariot at the highest speed. Next comes "Doc," famous Irish setter dog, who trots in a sulky and is driven by Willie Ketcham, eight years of age. Boy and sulky weight 81 pounds and "Doc" makes his half mile in 1:52. He will trot against four or more ponies. These races will especially interest the children. The regular race program for the afternoon includes Minnesota Breeder's Stakes of three-year-olds, and the three minute and 2:35 class trotting races. Farmer's Institute from 9 to 12 A. M. Judges will examine exhibits.

WEDNESDAY Sept. 10.

MINNEAPOLIS DAY. Morning awarding of premiums and farmer's institute from 9 to 12. Afternoon, the great long distance riding race on thoroughbred horses, by Jennie K. Rush, of Kentucky, and Villa Poole, of North Dakota. The ladies will ride 10 miles, changing horses every mile before the grand stand. This will be the most exciting race ever seen in the northwest. Both ladies are attractive and they are exceedingly skillful horsewomen. It is probable that the wanner will be challenged for a five mile race. There will be two chariot races in the afternoon by Prof. and Mrs. McDonald. The regular races are Minnesota Breeder's Stakes, for stallions and the 2:30 pacing and 2:30 class trotting events.

THURSDAY, Sept. 11th.

MINNESOTA DAY. Morning awarding of premiums and farmer's institute, from 9 to 11 A. M. At 1 P. M. there will be a grand procession befor the grand stand and around the race track of all horses entered for exhibition. This will be in charge of Col. Clarke Chambers, superintendent of the department. Every breed of horses will be represented by the best specimens. It will be a most attractive display. There will also be three races, the Minnesota Breeder's Stakes for four-year-olds, and 2:25 class Minnesota horses, and the 2:20 class trotting races. Special and chariot races have been arranged, and the Irish Setter dog "Doc" will again trot against ponies.

FRIDAY, Sept. 12th.

ST. PAUL DAY. Morning, farmer's institute from 9 to 12. At noon there will be a grand parade before the grand stand of all cattle entered for exhibition. It will be a very interesting sight and will be conducted by C. N. Cosgrove, superintendent of the department. There will be chariot and special races in the afternoon and the 2:37, and 2:27 class trotting and 2:20 pacing of the regular program.

SATURDAY, Sept. 13th

CLOSING DAY. Morning, farmer's institute from 9 to 12. In the afternoon there will be special races and other attractions which will be announced later.

It will be seen from the above program that the time of visitors at the fair will not hang heavy on their hands. For the advantage of all concerned half-fare rates have been made on all railroads.

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl, Crookston, Minn. [14-tf]

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication August 14, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDWIN P. CAPEN AND MATTIE C. Capen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of June 20th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: All of fractional Section 3, Township 148, Range 47 west, containing 652 96-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 26 of mortgages, on pages 480 to 483 inclusive; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of ninety-four and 40-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-eight hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[17-23] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., July 17th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, on Oct. 2d, 1890, viz: THOR HALDORSON, Hd. 11,281, for the nw¼ ne¼ e½ nw¼ and lot 2, Sec. 33, Tp. 149, R 43. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Harald Johnson, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn., Gulbrand Pederson, of Dugdale, Polk Co., Minn., William Marston, Otto Camp, of Mentor, Polk Co., Minn. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

[First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 14th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of John Cromb, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Arthur Yvernault, late of this county, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1890, at Crookston aforesaid, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a creditor of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said John Cromb granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Tuesday, the 16th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 14th day of August, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[18-20] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Aug. 9, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on Sept. 30th, 1890, viz: FRANCOIS PAGE, D. S. 10,689, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Benoit, Fortuna Benoit, Pierre Dulude and Leon Charron, all of Gentilly, Polk County, Minn.

[17-22] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

(First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Anna A. Beck, plaintiff, against Paul Bafaglia, Elizabeth Bagtalia, and the Luger Furniture Company, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fifth day of August, A. D., 1890, a certified transcript of which has been duly delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Polk County aforesaid, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Monday, the thirteenth day of October, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, lying and being situated in the county of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eighteen, (18,) in block number sixteen, (16,) of the townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.

SPRY & HARVEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[18-24] Minneapolis, Minn.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.
ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

KEEPING STILL
—AND—
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly
Selling Lots of Goods!
AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.
Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at
STURE'S STORE
Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!
Stewart & Spottswood,
—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at	$3.75 cwt.	Galvanized Wire	$4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones	1.50 "	Scythe and Snath	1.25
Milk Cans at 50 cents.		Screen Doors at	1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.		Large stock of Mixed Paints.	

Cook Stoves and General Hardware.
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceies and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - MINN.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent St. Paul.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Hunting, Fishing.	Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock-raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	G. N. R. L.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, SEPTEMBER 11, 1890. NO. 21

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County convention for the County of Polk, will be held on Friday, September 12th, 1890, in the Court House, in the City of Crookston, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

Auditor,
Treasurer,
Sheriff,
Clerk of the Court,
Judge of Probate.
Register of Deeds,
County Attorney.
Superintendent of Schools,
Coroner,
Court Commissioner,
County Commissioned for 2d District.
County Commissioner for 4th District.

Also nine (9) delegates to the Legislative Convention to be held in Crookston on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 p. m.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the county convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for every forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	3	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Brislet	1	North	2
Bygland	3	Northland	2
Columbia	2	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	4	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	2	Polk Center	2
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	1	Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
Town of Crookston	2	" " "—town	1
Eden	1	Rice	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	St. Hilaire	2
Grand Forks	2	Sanders	2
Garden	4	Sandsville	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sletten	3
Gervais	1	Sullivan	2
Gentilly	2	Tabor	1
Godfrey	3	Terrebonne	2
Grove Park	2	Tilden	2
Hammond	1	Tynsid	2
Higdem	2	Vineland	2
Hill River	3	Winger	3
Hubbard	3	Woodside	2
Huntsville	2	Wyandotte	2
Keystone	2		
Kertsonville	1	Total	159
King	3		
Knute	3		

A. D. STEPHENS, Chairman.
A. A. MILLER, Secretary.

LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION.

A Legislative Convention for the district composed of Polk, Norman and Beltrami Counties, will be held at the Court House, in the city of Crookston, on Monday, September 15th, 1890, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following positions, viz:

1 Senator,
3 Representatives.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates as follows: Polk 9, Norman 5, Beltrami 1.

H. E. COOKE, Chairman.
H. H. PHELPS, Secretary.

Booming Crop Reports.

Northwestern Farmer.

Col. Rodgers, of the "Market Record," in Minneapolis, has been quoted freely by certain journals as eminent authority on crop statistics, and the unknowing or unthinking are giving these reports great publicity. Farmer and Breeder denies that the Col. has access to information not perfectly free to every one; or that he can be authority on the wheat crop of the Northwest in the shock, much less before it is cut. These crop statistic makers are now splitting hairs as to whether the crop of Minnesota and the Dakotas shall be ninety or one hundred million bushels. Wheat is worth $1 per bushel in the Dakotas and would probably bring it, were it not for these wholly unreliable crop estimates of Rodgers, who is simply the tool of the wheat buyers; his "Market Record" now reports the flax crop of the country as double that of former years. The flax crop is, as every one knows, a very uncertain quantity, but it is soon to be marketed, see?"

Cannot Make Any Money.

The Western Rural.

When the railroad monopoly, or any part of it wants to show how it is oppressed, it bunches all the railroads of the country together, and shows or tries to show that the capital invested in railroading, that is taking the entire railroading as a whole does not pay. Up to the present time it has not been able to show that the earning of all the roads have not paid a very good per cent profit upon the entire cost of construction and equipment. It may be, however, that it will be able to show it in time. If the boom on railroad construction continues, we may have more roads than the earning will pay a profit upon, but that argues nothing. If people should build railroads when they are not needed, that is their business, and that is what is being done to a considerable extent.

The Railway Age makes the surprising showing that, during the first quarter of the current year, 666 new lines, with an aggregate contemplated mileage of 53,436 miles, have been projected since Jan. 1, and that of these lines, 14.818 miles are under construction or contract, 9,617 are surveyed. The Age remarks: "The mileage proposed in these three months is equivalent to almost one-third of the entire railway mileage of the country now in operation, and yet the projection and inauguration of other lines are still going on at an equally rapid rate, and the prospect is that the roads projected and in various stages of development during 1890 will exceed in aggregate mileage our system." These computations, coming from any other source, would have been pronounced incredible; but from the authority that gives them they must be accepted as approximately accurate.

The length of line proposed to be constructed during the first quarter in the several sections is stated by the Age is to be as follows.

	Miles.
Twelve New England and Eastern Stats	5,094
Five Central Northren States	5,238
Seven Northwestren States	12,092
Five Southwestern States	11,503
Ten Southern States	12,883
Seven Pacific States	5,842

Nearly 13'000 miles to be started on the impulse of the Southern "boom" is a fact too suggestive to be overlooked.

A New York paper says that the inevitable conclusion from these facts is that we are in the midst of a railroad inflation far surpassing, not in numerical measurement but also relative magnitude, anything experienced in the worse excesses of the checkered history of railroad construcion. Adding to the 53,400 miles projected since Jan. 1, the mileage brought over from 1889 as then under construction, it is perhaps a moderate estimate to suppose that there are now 65,000 miles of single track the construction of which is either now in progress or immediately contemplated. Taking the combined capital stock and bonded debt of the road introduced this year as averaging $30,000 per mile, this would represent a new capitalization of $1,950,000,000, And supposing the actual cost to be represented by onehalf that sum, or by the bonds to be issued for construction and equipment (the stock being as usual issued without consideration), it follows that the public will be asked to subscribe close upon $1,000,000,000 of money for these enterprises. This, be it remembered, is principally speculative construction, the building of feeders by old and powerful companies on strictly conservative and economical methods having been in a large measure prudently suspended. This fact greatly aggravates the seriousness of this vast mass of problematical undestakings. Even though the enterprises were in response to a legitimate want and were conducted on a strictly sound financial basis, yet, coming on the heels of three successive years of unprecedented subscription to railroad loans who would for a moment dream that the market could forthwith absorb in addition a sum nearly equal to thrice the amount of the last three years, issue? But apart from this impossibility, when it is considered that these pending demands are to supply ventures which for the most part are devoid of sound financial basis and may be expected to go through the purgation of bankruptcy and "scaling" within a few years, what shall be thought of the dangers of this current phase of speculation.

There has seemed to be reason for hoping that our methods of railroad building had so far improved during last years as to make repetition of the huge swindles of past speculations of this kind impossible; but these current facts too plainly demonstrate that the penchant for rotten financiering had grown with our growth. These manias of railroad speculation are beyond a'l comparison the most serious of all evils that afflict our business or threaten our social structure. They not only inflate trade and cause mischievous diversions of capital from healthy employment and then culminate in destructive panics, but they act as a means of wholesale plunder upon investors and elevate to financial ascendency a class who are neither a benefit nor a credit to any community, but who, nevertheless, succeed in cheating their way into the ranks of a sordid money aristocracy.

Periods like this always prove to be the culmination periods of antecedent terms of prosperity and end in explosion and panic; and these railroad fiansco are the sure precursors of coming trouble. We have not had a serious railroad crisis since 1873; and with such an inflation as is now in progress and with twenty-five millions more population now then we had than and a corresponding expansion of trade. With what sort of commotion might we expect the ninth decade of the century to be consummated? The current symptoms are unmistakable and mean ultimate mischief of no trifling dimensions. It is not to be expected that those who hold the dynamite will care for anything beyond getting themselves out of reach of the explosion; but the contemplated victims stand exposed to unsuspected danger and need to be warned. The extent to which the impending danger may run must depend largely upon the costodians of credit. In all probability the commitments to these new schems have not yet gone so far but that the peril may be arrested if banks and bankers and honorable negotiators will do their part towards dsscouraging all railroad loans and encouraging a strictly conservative and cautious feeling towards, new investments generally. In plainer words, the railroad speculators should be given to understand that there is no monay for them; and those who have got into the meshes of their net should get out as soon as they can. Beyond this and wholesome warnings from the press, we know of no means of averting a steady drifting toward the most serious financial derangement and collapse.

A Forecast of the Future.

Duluth Herald.

Oliver Dalrymple says that the United States have only 40,000,000 bushels of wheat to export this year, as against an average of 133,000,000 bushels per annum for the past ten years, and if the population of this country increases at the present ratio during the next decade the United States will be importing wheat, instead of exporting it.

He bases his opinion on official information disclosing that the world's wheat acreage is not materially increasing, while population is growing in a ratio over production. During the last decade Eastern Europe, including the great exporting countries of Russia, Roumania and Hungary, but has slightly increased its acreage, while Western Europe, embracing the importing countries, has stood still, or declined. Ten years ago the wheat acreage of the United States was about 38,000,000 acres and the year 1890 finds it the same. Says Mr. Dalrymple: "The United States has reached the western limit for profitable wheat production. If the present ratio of increase of population over production continues for ten years, the United States will be changed from a wheat exporting to a wheat importing country. For the last ten years the average wheat crop of this country and the world has approximated twelve bushels per acre. This year Eastern Europe claims only an average wheat crop and admits a serious deficiency in rye, which is her great bread commodity; while Western Europe has a short wheat crop. Reliable statisticans estimate that the crops and reserves of Europe have so much declined that she will require 160,000,000 bushels of wheat from outside exporting countries from the reserves of 1890. As nearly as can be estimated the wheat crop of the the United States for 1890 is about 400,000,000 bushels, from which must come home consumption of 360,000,000 bushels. India and Australia have short crops and the small exporting states of South America are yet to be heard from."

Moorehead News: Hon. Halvor Steenerson, of Crookston, was in the city today. He came up to argue a motion before Judge McConnell, of Fargo, for a new trial in a Traill county seduction case. Mr. Steenerson being interviewed by the editor of News with reference to a statement published last week in the Crookston Times which asserted that a movement had been for some time going forward on the quiet to defeat Mr. Comstock's nomination for congress in the interest of Mr. Steenerson, he says it is all a hoax, that it was concocted in the brain of Editor McKenzie and is all in the imagination. Mr. Steenerson states that the Polk county delegation to Little Falls consisting of eight members were elected some time ago and that they are all a unit for Mr. Comstock.

Educate in the Alliance.

National Economist.

In a republic whatever aids in debauching public sentiment, whether by false report or by recreancy to a trust imposed, may be the means of more injury than the most persistent public enemy. It is an intelligent public sentiment which has in this country supplanted the idea of a monarch; and so long as this public sentiment is really healthy there can be no permanent lapse from true representative government. The only treason which can possibly succeed is that act which so deceives or perverts public opinion as to render the untrammeled exercise of its legitimate power impossible, or which threatens the existence of that power.

The character of the public acts is a gauge marking with tolerable accuracy the condition of sentiment among the people. The representatives who make the laws and the officials charged with their execution, in a people's government, follow the lead of public sentiment in moral advances, because the masses are less under considerations of policy and freer to form and change preconceived opinions than are the officials, and therefore more ready to adopt the truth as it appeals to reason. In the advance only, however, can those who are the elected executives of the people's will be said to be laggards. In all retrograde movements of public morals the representatives of the people are leaders, for the reason that by their very positions they are subject to temptations and considerations of the character that usually produce corrupt administrations and pollute public sentiment. Those elected to representative positions, while owing their exaltation to their standing as exponents of the people's views, and therefore indicating public sentiment, may as a rule be considered as cowards in the march of progress, following in the advance and leading in the retreat.

Such reflections as this naturally occur when great public questions are under discussion, as is the case in this country to-day. It is not intended to convey the idea that all representatives are unreliable, or that the present is an unusual time in its representatives. What has been said is but a natural deduction from the facts of history, and if the result of the influence of ever so few men in position to direct the course of legislation, it is still evidently true. and, as true, greatly to be deplored. Men who declare purity in politics an irridescent dream, and that the decalogue and the golden rule have no recognition in party conduct, are foremost in the retrograde movement, in abject desertion of the standard of the moral forces, driven to the conclusion formed by the leaders of the horde of cowards in flight from the battlefield, that "all is lost." There is behind them a corps of perhaps disordered but brave men who may, for all these fugitives know, be now in process of reformation, and even advancing to a renewed trial of strength, which will be crowned with victory.

To the disciplined soldier the demand of duty is imperative; the position of the battle standard, and not the disorderly cry of the routed cowards, will indicate where that calls. The great battle now imminent is between a just public sentiment, the rightful ruler of a republic, and the debasing power of vast money combinations, and at the front is the awakened intelligence of the people. The genius which must finally decide the issues in favor of the right is the strength derived from education, aided and guided by justice and morality. Till there be wider education it is impossible to foretell whether a wise direction will avail. It has become more evident that greater familiarity with the underlying principles of the Alliance is necessary. Therein lies the hope of the Order, and the pepetuity of its patriotic principles. That the people are in advance of the representatives chosen to make and execute laws is due in great part to the farmers' movement, and on that movement may be laid its responsibility for preserving the alignment of the forces of public sentiment. Education is discipline in the tactics of reform. The entering word to every council of reformers should be, Educate.

Western Rural: Emerson wrote: "The farmer's dollar is heavy. It is no waif to him. He knows how many strokes of his labor it represents. His bones ache with the day's work that earned it. He knows how much land it represents—how much rain, frost and sunshine. He knows that in the dollar he gives you is so much discretion and patience, so much hoeing and threshing. Try to lift his dollar, you must lift all that weight." Right you are; but trusts could lift it easily, even if it weighed a ton.

At Sture's you will find a large assortment of excellent woolen blankets at prices hard to beat.

It Looks Like Business

And you will thin so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

Largest & Most Complete Stock of Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles Etc. Etc. All Work Warranted, And Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed. At Bottom Prices.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED
BACK
TO THE OLD STAND
In the Fifth Ward.
CALL
AND SEE
WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU
E. D. CHILDS & CO.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson. Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.

Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

MINNESOTA
State Normal Schools
—AT—
WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.
(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.
(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.
(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead.

Alliance Stores.

The Western Rural,

"One of our daily papers says that the efforts of the farmers through their Alliances to obtain supplies at first hands, and thus secure for themselves the profits of middlemen, are characterized by the Grocer's Criterion as a "co-operative craze." The charactization, says this journal, may or may not be just. The presumption is certainly in favor of a business system which has grown up under free conditions and is the outcome of the unrestrained operation of the natural law, which applies in economics as well as elsewhere, of movement along the lines of least resistance. It is a reasonable presumption that we have middlemen, because the interchange of products among producers is effected more economically through their agency than it otherwise could be; that through free competition among the intermediary agents known as middlemen we secure the services of those best fitted to do the business with advantage to all concerned, which is a course of reasoning with which The Rural would take issue.

A presumption, however, is not conclusive, the paper remarks. Vast improvements have been made within a half-century in the agencies and methods of production and transportation, and we are assuredly not warrrnted in asserting dogmatically that no corresponding changes for the better can be made in the methods of exchange. While we accept the presumption in favor of existing methods we may regard with toleration and interest, if not with much hope, the efforts to seek out lines of less resistance in the matter of exchaneg. And we can hardly look with unqualified approval upon determined and systematic opposition to such efforts.

Perhaps such opposition to the Alliance movement is not made. But the representatives of wholesale houses interviewed by the Criterion evidently regard it with no very friendly eye. Not only do they express the opinion that the plan of the Alliance stores selling noods at a pofit of exactly ten per cent, neither more nor less, will fail, but they generally seem disposed to promote their failure. Of course they may properly express their opinion, and it is natural that they should be disposed to favor old customers rather than Alliance stores which they believe will not coutinue to be customers very long. But other things being equal they should treat the Alliance agents with strict impartiality. If the Alliance plan is really an improvement upon the existing business methods it is sure to prevail in spite of the opposition of wholesalers, and the latter will themselves be the sufferers from their opposition.

Advertising the State Fair.

Moorhead News.

Minnesota newspapers are discussing the question whether they should advertise the state fair free of charge. Some take the view that the fair is of public interest and benefit and therefore the newspapers should promote its success by advertising its attractions without charge. Others assume that while it is undoubtedly of public interest and benefit, though operating unequally upon different sections of the state, it is owned, managed and controlled by an association of individuals who run it for their own benefit or for the benefit of the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis and their multiplied interests and of the railroad companies centering therein. Therefore they argue its legitimate expenses ought to be paid for out of its revenues and if advertising is one of the legitimate items of expense it should be paid for with the rest.

It seems to the News that whatever claims the state agricultural society may have upon the public have been met liberally by the appropriations that have been made out of the state treasury. Newspapers are just as much a public necessity as fairs; they use their power and influence freely to promote objects of public importance, but they do not ask for appropriations from the public funds or for charity. They are run as business enterprises and they are compelled to sell their productions in order to secure revenue to meet expenses and pay a profit on the money invested in their establishment.

The newspapers are under no obligations whatever to advertise the state fair free of charge and if they do so it is because of their generosity and good nature or in exchange for favors received, which of course must be of more value than a ticket of admission. The News inquires whether the fair management pays for its poster printing? If so, is it because they consider it of more value than newspaper advertising or for the reason that the proprietors of the establishments which do the work cannot be influenced by such arguments as are brought to bear upon publishers of country newspapers?

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., SEPT. 11, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—	1 Hard	84.
	1 Northern	79.
	2 Northern	74.
	3 Northern	71.

Convention to-morrow.

Farmers, try A. Sture for bargains.

R. J. Montague was in St. Paul last week.

Sam Furan was down from Dugdale last Sunday.

Dr. Just moves into the McKinnon block this week.

The front to the addition to McKinnon block will be a daisy.

Wheat took an upward turn of two cents on Monday morning.

John and Henry Berthiaume are up from Superior visiting friends.

The doctors report less typhoid fever cases than ever before in the city.

The republican county convention will be held on Friday of this week.

Tuesday was the kind of a day farmers like and they improved it to the utmost.

Henry Peterson left for St. Paul on Monday evening to pick his teeth in front of the Reeong Hotel.

It is said that county surveyor Geo. A. Ralph, has two townships in the Red Lake Reservation to survey.

Less people seem to be attending the State fair than ever before. Cause, too busy threshing and stacking.

Better times ahead for the farmers of Polk County. From this on they will make some money farming.

We are pleased to see that A. Chabot, who has had a severe siege of typhoid fever, is able to be about again.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

Attorney Holston was in the city last week after help in his harvest field. Everybody was busy in his own field.

J. P. Marcum is hauling in his wheat to the Valley Mills. It is said that he is getting 16 bushels No. 1 Northern per acre.

Mrs. Geo. O. Buhn, wife of Alderman Buhn, of the first ward, who has been very sick for a fortnight, is recovering slowly.

The democratic convention of last week was decidedly thin in numbers. The farmers don't seem to be "in it" this year.

Brother farmer, when you come to Crookston go to Hack & Gallasch' old stand and see what the old farmer can do for you.

Rather catchy weather for threshing out of the shock. It looks as though stacking this year is the best way to handle wheat.

And now comes the tug of war. Next week will complete the tickets in the field, and then the campaign will be well inaugurated.

The Crookston Water Power and Light Company is putting up new and larger wires to accommodate their increasing business.

Harris & Glenn tackled Hon. H. Steenerson's residence on Tuesday morning, and will move it to Mr. Steenerson's lot on Broadway.

Owing to scarcity of help, many farmers who intended to thresh from the shock are stacking. The sweat in the stack is best for the wheat.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings has returned from her trip to the markets of the world for her fall stock of millinery goods. Look out for her announcement later.

Bjoin block is nearly completed up to the second floor. When completed it will be among the handsomest and most substantial blocks of the city.

Mrs. P. C. Schmidt and Miss Marion left for St. Paul and Minneapolis via the Great Northern road on Tuesday evening. They will be away a week or so.

E. Roberts: I just sold eleven bushels of potatoes for 85 cents per bushel, spot cash. And yet some people persist that "there is no money in farming."

Politicians on our streets this week were noticeable more for their absence than anything else. Out in the fields gathering in the sheaves for next Friday.

Henry Peterson, the handsome and elegant Beau Brummel of Fosston high life, was picking his teeth in front of Crookston's new hotel (that is to be) on Monday.

P. C. Schmidt and H. Steenerson left for Moorhead on Tuesday evening to argue before Judge Mills in the Stone injunction case against the Northern Pacific railroad.

It is funny how many of our politicians are out in the country "looking for a job," from the busy husbandman. The only help farmers are requiring is in the harvest field.

W. R. Earl, representing the Masons' Fraternal Accident Association, was in the city on Tuesday in the interest of that institution. He took several applications for membership.

The N. P. engine ran down to the Ste. Croix elevator, near Fisher, on Tuesday for a carload of wheat. It is whispered that on or about Sept. 25th through trains will run on the cut-off.

A large audience listened to Rev Noyes' sermon on music last Sunday evening. It was a very eloquent discourse and heartily enjoyed.

John C. Welles was up from Edna last week and made THE JOURNAL office a call during our absence. He expressed satisfaction with his crops this year, which is of a very high grade.

Mrs. J. G. McGrew returned last week from a very pleasant visit east and now Bro. McGrew can find a minute or two to notice a fellow on the street. He seems to live in this country once more.

There is a project on foot in Ontario to organize a colony for settlement in Polk County. It is meeting with great success and will result in large accessions to the ranks of Polk County grangers.

Polk County will have about the average yield of potatoes this fall. Good care should be exercised in the care of the surplus that none be frozen during the winter. The potato crop is a gold mine this year.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

If you have a surplus of potatoes this year you have a gold mine to the extent of that surplus. Don't be afraid to keep them awhile. The Valley has its usual good crop of tubers, but there are none to speak of elsewhere.

Never since the boom time in the seventies has land been so cheap in the Valley as it can be had to-day, and probably never again will it be. Now is the time to invest. Every man who catches on now has a bonanza.

E. S. Corser returned to his home in Minneapolis last week, after looking after his interests here. He is of the opinion that the reports of a big wheat yield are erroneous—the yield will not be large but the quality extra.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

Will Cleary, who was agent for the M. & N. elevator at Erskine last year, has been promoted. He will take charge of the M. & N. elevator in this city. Will is a good, genial-hearted young fellow and chuck full of business.

A lively runaway on Main street caused a ripple of excitement on Friday of last week. Nobody hurt, but a new stove in the wagon got considerably shaken up. It was completely "stove up," and yet not damaged a particle.

The council, on Tuesday evening, passed a resolution instructing the city attorney to take steps restraining the N. P. from crossing Central avenue until the bridge shall have been built over it according to its agreements with the city.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

E. D. Childs made a flying trip to St. Paul last week. He spent a few hours on Thursday on the board in Minneapolis watching the bears pound wheat down. Mr. C. says that wheat will not average more than ten bushels per acre in the Valley.

See new ad. of Prof. J. B. Lanigan in this issue. The Prof. has taught a very successful course in Grand Forks and comes very highly recommended. No need to go to St. Paul for a course as we now have a good commercial college right in our midst.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

The union temperance service will be held next Sunday evening, Sept. 14th, in the Congregational church, all the English speaking protestant churches uniting. The sermon will be preached by the talented Rev. F. B. Noyes. Be sure to come and hear it.

Cedar shingles do not warp, check or rot at the nail holes. They will las many times as long as pine. For sale by I. U. Jennings. [20-21]

E. C. Davis returned from St. Paul on Saturday morning. While there he took a contract from the Great Northern R. R. for grading and bridge work from Grafton to Cavilier, N. D. Mr. Davis is a hustler from way back and will make the dirt fly when he gets at it.

Rev. W. Barham, a Free Methodist minister, from Wadena County, Minn., will preach on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock in the Norwegian Methodist church on Ash street; also on Saturday and Sunday at hours to be announced later. Services conducted in the English language.

Ladies, your attention is called to the change in the ad. of Mrs. and Miss Bailey. These ladies are just receiving their new fall styles in millinery and invite your attention thereto. They have engaged the services of a fashionable dressmaker from abroad and are better prepared than ever to attend to all work in their line.

R. P. Herrick, of Lee & Herrick, says: You may tell your farmer readers that the Valley Roller Mills will take all the good wheat they can supply us at the top of the market, and we want it right away just as soon as they please. We would like a chance at it anyhow before they sell. Roll it in and get your spot cash on the nail.

"I am going out electioneering with Pat Russel," sang out D. D. Williams to our reporter on Tuesday morning, as with the most pointed horse you ever saw, he drove along Robert street with the smiling Pat in tow. If the farmers, when they see that hoss, don't all surrender at once and promise their support, from sympathy, they are a hard-hearted lot.

D. Robertson, of Argyle, and J. P. Lundin, and Geo. R. Roberts, of Stephen, passed through the city on Wednesday evening of last week en route for Little Falls as delegates to the congressional convention. Mr. Robertson was also going to St. Paul to interview the railroad commissioners in relation to the refusal of the company to furnish cars to shippers.

A delivery team started out bright and early on Tuesday morning, running up Main street to the river, and turning, returned to Herb's corner where it stopped as naturally as though after a load of Herb's new brand of cigars, where you get a prize if you guess the number of people who will visit the World's Expo on the biggest day. For particulars inquire of Herb.

Mine host Mitton, of the Wahpeton Hotel, combined pleasure with business while in the city last week. He organized a hunt for the festive prairie chicken and raked in 50 or 60 or such a matter in a few hours time. Mr. M. is now running the only hotel in Wahpeton and doing a lucrative business. Previous to going there he met with severe losses by fire at Park River, N. D.

P. C. Schmidt went from Moorhead to Duluth on Wednesday evening to assist the firm of White & Reynolds in some important cases before the court in St. Louis County. Mr. White is having serious difficulty with his eyes and Mr. S. will attend to his cases in court for him. We hope that Mr. Schmidt's experience down there will not be the means of his removal from our midst.

Eli Steenerson has just finished his threshing. Had 2,700 bushels of No. 1 Hard wheat on 160 acres, and a fine lot of excellent oats and barley. Levi Myers has over 3,000 bushels of No. 1 Hard wheat. The boys very naturally feel jubilant over their good crops. Eli has built some straw sheds for cattle and will buy up a lot to fatten. Says he must have something to do unless to make farming profitable.

T. M. Nelson was up from Garfield on Monday. He says crops down there are of excellent quality and farmers begin to feel encouraged somewhat. In the political field he says that the farmers vote will be solid for Owen for Governor. Mr. Nelson's father has just been notified of a dower right in the old country which will bring him a big sum of money, and goes below this week to secure evidence that he is the identical man he always was.

Les. McDonald gives glowing accounts of the new world in which he has lived for nearly two years—two years next November. Says the climate is excellent and everybody complains of having good health. As to business, he thinks there is no other place like Tacoma within the range of his knowledge. Says he notes with pleasure many improvements in our city since he left us and he encourages us with the prediction that Crookston is bound to get to the front in a very short time.

"W. L. McDonald, Tacoma, Wash.," is how it reads in the Commercial house register. Now, this all looks innocent enough, and the average newcomer to our city would not know that it means "Les." McDonald, a Crookston old-timer, who has come way back here with the deliberate intention of carrying back to that far off clime one of Crookston's handsome and talented young ladies to "mix" with Tacoma society as Mrs. W. L. McDonald, however. But such is the fact, and protests are vain and use-Les. Nothing remains but to submit to the inevitable and wish the happy couple a long and prosperous life, which THE JOURNAL most heartily does.

The Times does Rev. F. B. Noyes an injustice by saying that he declined the call from the Congregational church in this city "having previously accepted a call from a church in Iowa." Mr. N. was here on trial for three months and could not honorably accept a call elsewhere before this church had acted in the matter. It is true he has a call from an Iowa church and will undoubtedly accept it, but he had not accepted when this church extended him a call. Mr. Noyes is a very talented young man and our people very much regret that he could not see the way clear to accept the call and remain with us. He will bear the best wishes of all who met him here wherever in God's providence he may be called to labor.

Mr. E. Roberts has bought the old Honeywell place, three miles up the river, paying a long figure for these times, but the place is well worth it. This is the place old man Beaupre bought some time ago, afterwards selling to a man in Carman, who borrowed money thereon and died, the place going to the mortgagor. The time of redemption expires this fall and as it probably will not be redeemed, Roberts takes it at the sum for which it was bid in at the sale. He has a good place, with plenty of wood, water convenient, and the best land for crops in the Valley. Previous to his occupancy the place had run down considerably, but as he is a thorough farmer he will soon put in ship shape. Mr. R. is a New-Yorker, who since coming to this county has been renting land, on the look out for a good farm, and now he has secured one of the best in the Valley. He says he has made some money right along every year despite unfavorable circumstances and says he can do far better now that he has a farm of his own, where all the work he puts upon it will count for himself.

Wood and Hay Market Removed.

On Tuesday evening the council ordered the wood and hay market removed from Fletcher to Third and Fourth streets, between Broadway and Main.

Beltrami Pointers.

BELTRAMI, Sept. 8, 1890.

This year the farmers will have no occasion to complain of the treatment they will receive from our wheat buyers. Mr. Beatty, buyer for Thorpe, Stowell & Co., comes here with good recommendations. and from what we know of human nature, should take him to be an honest gentleman. Mr. Budd, buyer for the R. R. Valley Co., is well known and needs no commendation from us. His record is A No. 1.

Byron Herriot, of Pennsylvania, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Banker Mathews, of Ada, spent a few hours in town on Saturday, while on his way from Fertile to Ada.

Gus Linder, who is running the Dykeman farm, was offered $1,000 for what wheat he had on 90 acres. There is money in raising wheat at that price.

All of the farmers are busy, men are scarce and wages high.

Geo. H. Holt, of Crookston, was in town this week.

C. E. Ford, a big real estate dealer of Minneapolis, is here looking after his business at this point.

As Joe. took the train to-night he said "By cripes, I go to Belgium!" Well here's "skoal," Joe. EDNA.

For Sheriff.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Polk County, subject to the voters of this county. D. JACOBUS.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager. MOE & BUHN.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place.

[18-tf] J. W. HACK.

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl Crookston, Minn. [14-tf

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

CROOKSTON SHORT HAND SCHOOL,

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

If you cannot attend our school, take a course of lessons in Short Hand by mail. We give a full course in Short Hand by mail for $12.00.

POSITIONS FURNISHED OUR GRADUATES.

J. B. LANIGAN, Proprietor.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

CARLETON COLLEGE,

NORTHFIELD, MINN.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 10, 1890.

THE COURSES ARE

Classical, Literary, Scientific, English Academy and Musical,

Besides Preparatory and Post-Graduate studies Instruction given in Drawing and Painting.
Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy.
Extensive Chemical and Biological Laboratories.
Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
For catalogues and circulars address,
113-161 JAS. W. STRONG, President.

W A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N, B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $11,000

Money to loan on long or short time on approved security

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Red Lake Falls Items

From the News.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Davis and son drove to Crookston yesterday.

The bad weather prevented three delegates from this city attending the county convention at Crookston yesterday. It's a nuisance, anyway, not to have rail connection with Caookston.

Frank E. Hunt is steadily improving and will soon have regained his usual good health. Mr. Hunt's illness was of a very seirous nature for a time and if he had not had such early medical attendance might have resulted fatally. His many friends are glad to welcome him back to the ranks of the well.

J. C. Heuler spent most of last week in the southern part of the state and on his return Monday he informed us that he had purchased a flour mill at Red Wing and in the course of a few day's he with his family would make that place their future home. We regret to lose Mr. Heuler as he was an energetic man and exceptionally good citizen. A growing young town needs just such men to help build it up.

Comstock Nominated

Little Falls Transcript.

The unanimous renomination yesterday tendered Congressman Comstock was deserved by the gentleman who has ably and honestly served the interests of the people of the Northern Minnesota in the present congress. He is one of the hardest workers in the house, and his duties are performed consientiously and faithfully. He is in sympathy with the needs of all industries in his district, and recognizes that the farming industries need as careful attention and protection as do the lumbering, iron, manufacturing and transportation interests. The labors of a representative from this district cover an immense scope, and all the varied enterprises here have received careful consideration by Mr. Comstock. He has followed the policy expected of him by the people who nominated and elected him, and the unanimous endorsement in the convention will be followed by an election with an increased majority. Demagogues can make little impression against a man with such a record as Hon, S. G. Comstock has made, and the voters of his district are too intelligent to be deceived into dispensing with the services of such a valuable public servant as our presect congressman.

Duluth Evening Herald: That our congressional district convention at Little Falls today will renominate Mr. Comstock by acclamation is a foregone conclusion, and it is a high and deserved compliment to Mr. Comstock that it should be so. He has made no parade of himself on the floor, but what he has said has been always to the point. He has been content to have the solid merits of his service speak for him without catchpenny devices of horn-blowing. In recommendations for appointments or other details, he may have made mistakes of judgment, but there is no apparent ground for question that he has sought to act with fairness to all concerned and with the proper regard to the interests of the district at large. In pursuing the Sault appropriation and in the other public concerns of interest to the Northwest and this district in particular he has been zealous and efficient, and in matter of special appropriations and district improvements he has left nothing undone which he could be fairly expected to do. In fact, as a first term member, he has made uncommon headway in presenting and carrying throug the requirements of his district, and Duluth should cordially recognize that her local interests have been cared for with a devotion and success which deserve the most hearty acknowledgment. There is every reason for the district to say, well done, good and faithful servant, enter into the trial and reward of a second term.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

KOPS BROS., GRAND FORKS

Give the lowest prices and the easiest terms of payment on Pianos and Organs of any house in the Northwest. We buy for spot cash, in large quantities direct from factories and will save you all profits of jobbers and agents who sell on commission.

We carry a complete line, including all grades, styles and prices and guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. If you want to save money call on or write to us for catalogues and full information.

KOPS BROS.,
Grand Forks, N. D.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY,

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal,

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

"Keep off my pet corn," as the average democrat says to the tariff plank in the Little Falls republican platform.

As we predicted, railroad attorney Wilson was nominated for governor by the democrats. Kelly and Doran still run the machine.

W. E. McKenzie went into the democratic State convention as a proxy—another Wilson vote, no doubt. It is thus he construes "the interests of the people" he talks so much about—elect a railroad attorney for governor.

The farmers say they have been owin' for everything under the sun they have had in this country and they don't see why they should not be Owen for Governor.

Prof. Thos. Casey has been a faithful and efficient public servant since his appointment, and deserves well of the people. He is honest, efficient, sober and industrious, and should he be nominated and elected he will do credit to the office.

Sugar and twine will be placed on the free list by the tariff bill now before Congress. Our representatives in Congress are not forgetting their constituents. Senator C. K. Davis made a valiant fight for free twine ably seconded by Senator W. D. Washburn.

Last year the wheat grades were altogether too stiff in the beginning, easing off before the close, so that the wheat at first graded anything below 1 Hard was taken readily at 1 Hard. The Board has decided to establish the inflexible rules of last year and pretty soon we may expect to see the edict go forth again, "Give no No. 1 Hard grade in the Valley." And some would like to know "what ails the farmers?"

The Unterrified Ticket.

A small squad of the "trooly loil" (as Nasby used to call the democrats) met in Crookston and nominated the following county ticket:

Sheriff—John Paterson.
Register—M. E. Kirsch.
Treasurer—J. D. Beaudry.
Auditor—Peter Gilley.
Clerk of Court—O. Narveson.
Probate Judge—P. J. Russell.
County Attorney—Ed. George.
Supt. of Schools—T. Shelley.
Surveyor—O. L. Hamery.
Coroner—McEachern.
Court Com'r—W. H. Averill.
County Com'r, 4th Dist.—Chas. Langevin.

"What Do the Farmers Want?" was asked of THE JOURNAL man the other day by a prominent politician. Well, so far as we can make it they want equal rights in the market with other business men. They want as good opportunities to sell their wheat in their home market as the markets of the world affords. They want what their wheat is actually worth, less reasonable carrying and handling charges. They want as much protection for agriculture as other business interests receive. They want a competitive wheat market to sell their wheat in. They want the control of the wheat market taken out of the hands of the few who are now making undue profits, and so regulated as to give the humblest farmer in the land as good a footing as the greatest wheat gambler. In short, they want justice in the markets, that's all, and it is right that they should have it.

About as good an immigration document as can be had is a statement of the yield per acre and the cost of production of wheat. Elsewhere in this issue we reproduce a statement of Mr. Dwight, who owns a big farm in the Red River Valley, near Fargo. Our portion of the Valley is fully as productive if not, in some cases, more so, and all that Mr. Dwight says of the productiveness of Dakota soil will apply to ours. We have not as many large farms in Minnesota as there are in Dakota, and consider ourselves better off from that fact. Our land, with proper cultivation, will readily produce from 20 to 30 bushels of extra No. 1 Hard wheat in ordinary seasons, and, according to Mr. Dwight's statement, there is more money in wheat raising here than in central New York. We have moreover a country as well adapted to stock-raising as any country under the sun, and now is the time for investment, as property is now lower than it ever will be again. From present appearances next spring will see a larger immigration to this country than before in many years.

Kick?

Well, we should remark! In the storm of indignation aroused by the excessive freights caused by watered stock, people have almost lost entire sight of impositions they suffer through the unjust charges of the express companies. This week THE JOURNAL received a little 2x6 package from St. Paul via American Express Co., the charges on which were

ONLY NINETY CENTS,

the goods having cost originally $1.15. The only consolation we received from our gentle protest was the statement that the other express companies would have charged just as much. Now, that is extremely consoling, when a fellow has to pay four prices for such service, to be told that the other fellow is just as grasping. We think this express business a fertile field for investigation.

HOW THEY DO IT.

How St. Paul Papers Help the Farmers.

In its issue of Thursday morning, September 4th, the Pioneer Press congratulated the dwellers of the Red River Valley on a yield of about 25 bushels per acre, giving that figure as the average yield. On those figures the bears on the board of trade had everything their own way, and prices looked sick. Mr. E. D. Childs was sitting in the lobby of the Merchants Hotel, about 11 o'clock on that day, with a friend, talking about the injustice to farmers of such false statements, when a Dispatch reporter happened to hear a few of his remarks and requested him to give his views on the situation for the benefit of Dispatch readers. Mr. Childs replied that he would be glad to do so if the Dispatch would print it as he said it, but they will not do it, you know. The reporter assured him that he would write it up just as Mr. C. dictated and turn it in, and with this assurance Mr. Childs consented to be interviewed. The following is the interview as it appeared in the Dispatch of Thursday afternoon:

It is a great mistake to state that there are good crops in the Northwest. Throughout the Red River Valley on the Minnesota side the crop will not average more than ten bushels per acre. I was at the board of trade this morning and I found there was a determined effort to bear the prices. Here is the basis of all this agitation that leads to the alliance movement. The farmers want to receive fair prices for their products, and give them that—they want no more. A week ago December wheat was selling at $1.07 and to-day it was run down to 98¾ cents. I read in a morning paper to-day that crops were exceedingly heavy in the Northwest. Wheat was turning out twenty-five bushels to the acre. That is not so. There is not one field of any great extent that will yield that amount.

In the Duluth Evening Herald of the 5th, appears the following:

A member of the large wheat firm of E. D. Childs & Co., Mr. Childs being a member of the Duluth & Winnipeg directory, who is in the city to-day, states that the result of the recent crop in Polk County is very discouraging. Polk is the great wheat county of northern Minnesota and has more than once marketed 4,000,000 bushels on a crop. "On one piece of land, a section," said this gentleman, "we expected to get 20 bushels, nobody estimated less, but the threshers gave us a return of only 14. On another piece where we looked for 20 again, it turned out nine. This result is general in Polk County lands south of Red Lake River; north of that stream the soil is of a character which will stand drouth better, so the crop will be somewhat larger."

"It is a mistake to state," continued that gentleman, "that there are good crops in the Northwest. Throughout the Red River Valley on the Minnesota side the crop will not average more than ten bushels per acre. I was at the Minneapolis board of trade yesterday and I found there was a determined effort to bear prices. Here is the basis of all this agitation that leads to the alliance movement. The farmers want to receive fair prices for their products, and give them that, they want no more. A week ago December wheat was selling at $1.07, and it is now down to 98¾ cents. I read in the papers that crops are exceedingly heavy in the Northwest, that wheat is turning out twenty-five bushels to the acre. That is not so. There is not one field of any great extent that will yield that amount."

As Mr. Childs was not in Duluth on the above date, and as the Dispatch reporter was the only one who interviewed him, it seems that the Dispatch reporter must have sent his report to the Herald also, as it is nearest to what Mr. C. did say. The Dispatch so garbles it as to destroy its force, and even the Herald did not make it as strong as told by Mr. Childs to the reporter, which shows clearly which side of the fence the great dailies are on. That Pioneer Press estimate will be used as the basis for wheat prices until the fact that the Valley has only ten bushels per acre becomes too apparent to be successfully denied, by which time many a poor farmer will have been robbed of his hard earnings for the season.

Booming.

THE JOURNAL predicts that the time for which the Polk County farmer has toiled and waited for so long is at hand, and very soon he will see his farm command in the market what it is really worth. A farm that will produce from 25 to 30 bushels of wheat to the acre, as our land will with proper cultivation, is worth at least $25 per acre to farm, and could our farmers have secured a competitive wheat market, our lands would have been selling at such figures, instead of from $5 to $10. Elevator stock is gilt-edged and the elevators only handle the wheat. Mill property is gilt-edged and the mills only grind the wheat, but the farm that produces the wheat has had no value in the market, because of the grip speculators have had on the market, which keeps out competition. But we find this year that there is a strong feeling in favor of establishing a competitive market, and also that the Valley has the best crop of any wheat producing country, all of which will tend to benefit the agricultural interests of the country largely. Again, THE JOURNAL is receiving calls for extra copies every week, more than for several years before, showing that outsiders are becoming interested in this country and beginning to look into its possibilities, and we know of one colony of eastern farmers, consisting of a dozen or more families, who are making arrangements to come here in time to make a crop next season. Everything considered, our farmers have every reason to rejoice and be hopeful over the good prospects of the good time coming.

Congressional Convention.

The Republican Congressional convention for the Fifth District, met at Little Falls on Thursday and re-nominated Hon. S. G. Comstock by acclamation. The following resolutions were adopted, viz:

The Republicans of the 5th Congressional District of Minnesota in delegate convention assembled do hereby affirm their faith in and allegiance to the Republican party and its principles, and we believe through it the great economic questions of the day can best be solved.

We commend the wise and prudent administration of President Harrison, and note with pride the conspicuous and able part therein of Minnesota's distinguished son, Hon. Wm. Windom, Secretary of the Treasury.

We heartily endorse the conservative and able administration of Gov. Merriam and pledge our support to the Republican state ticket.

We approve the action of our present congress in the passage of the silver bill whereby nearly $5,000,000 monthly are added to the currency of the country, and we believe its beneficial effects are apparent in the signs of more prosperous times.

We endorse the efforts made at tariff revision and ask that they be continued, on the lines of a reduction of the revenues to the point that only sufficient shall be raised to meet the necessities of the government economically administered, and that duties shall be so adjusted as to bear fairly and equitably on all sections and interests of the country.

We are unqualifiedly in favor of the idea of reciprocity of trade as advocated by the Hon. James G. Blaine. We believe that through it the tariff may most profitably be adjusted, and at the same time furnish a larger market for the products of our farms and factories.

We favor liberal appropriations by Congress for the improvement of the waterways of the Northwest, thereby cheapening transportation and increasing the value of our products.

We warmly endorse and applaud the efforts of our senior senator, Hon. C. K. Davis, in behalf of the Northwestern Waterways, the disability pension bill through which our party has redeemed its pledges to the brave defenders of the nation and for his advanced and courageous utterances on the tariff in his late address in the U. S. Senate.

We acknowledge the distinguished services and heartily approve the course of our member of Congress, the Hon. S. G. Comstock, in his untiring industry and zeal in behalf of the people and the many important interests of this district and state, notably for his persistent and successful efforts in securing the opening for settlement of the Indian Reservations of this state, giving to the people large and fertile tracts of land and large supplies of cheap lumber; for his labors in behalf of silver legislation and his successful efforts, in common with other members of the Northwest, in securing the entire removal of the tariff on sugar and the materials for binding twine, and the reduction of the duty on binding twine from 3½ to 1¼ cents per pound, and in behalf of the great agricultural interests of the Northwest we demand that this product shall be put upon the free list. We affirm our faith in Mr. Comstock's views and sympathies upon the great questions in which we are interested and pledge him the hearty support of this convention and of the loyal Republicans of this district.

Burlingame Declines.

James M. Burlingame, nominee for Attorney General on the alliance and labor ticket, publishes the following letter declining the nomination:

To the State Central Committee of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union of the State of Minnesota:

Gentleman: First of all, let me thank you for the high honor which you have confered upon me in selecting me, upon a review of my past political opinions and actions, to a place upon your State ticket. It is no mean distinction to be thus honored by the great agricultural and other industrial organanization of the State of Minnesota.

After further consideration, I feel that I must still say, as I said at the meeting of your central committee on the 7th of August, that I cannot accept your nomination for the office of attorney General of the State. As I stated to the committee, I have always been in sympathy and acted in harmony with that element of the Republican party represented by its industrial classes. The demands of these classes, whenever and wherever I have been in a conditon to aid them have received my unqualified support.

The demand now made by the industrial party that the tariff, wherever it existed on the necessaries of life should be reduced or even abolished; that discrimination by transportation companies shall cease, and that reasonable rates shall be established that watered stock shall not receive the rewards of honest toil, and that the pooling of rates shall absolutely be prohibited; that mortgage indebtedness shall be deducted from the tax on realty; that the interest upon money shall be reduced, with many other of the demands in your platform, are such as I shall in any party to which I may belong give most cordial support, and if it should become necessary in order that the friends of those principles might hopefully work for their success, that the Republican party should become disrupted and its several elements gather in support of distinctive principles, I should not for a moment hesitate to ally my hopes and my labors with those who should struggle for the supremacy of the principles above named.

Most of the members of your new organization have, but lately, been either Republicans or Democrats, and as such until recently you have hopefully sought for the establishment of the above principles in your respective parties.

The Alliance and the Labor party and its friends will not, then, I am sure, misjudge me and the thosands of others who, wedded to the above principles, still believes, as the Alliance until now believed, that the reforms that they and we seek will come quicker by adherence to the Republican and Democratic parties which we now help to control and direct, than by a separation from them for the purpose of building a new party to carry out these principles.

With the Republican and Democratic parties existing as they have existed during the twenty-four years that I have been a resident of this State, the time has never been when any measure in the interest of the farming and laboring classes could have been defeated by any legislature which has assembled in the State within that period, if those classes could be convinced of the merits of the measure. Party lines have never been drawn, during that period, to oppose any such measure, and the farming and other industrial classes have had the power in every legislature during that period to enact any such measure if they chose.

If any such measure has failed during that period it has been because the farmers and others naturally allied with them have been opposed to it or divided as to its utility or necessity.

As evidences of this let us recall some of the reforms that have been inaugurated by the legislatures of the State under the control of parties as they have heretofore existed.

Money twenty-four years ago was loaning at 2 per cent. a month or 24 per cent, per annum; now the highest rate of interest allowed by law is reduced to 10 per cent., and contracts for more than that rate are void.

By the legislature of 1885 free and open markets, the freedom of traffic law, the grain law, the law for the distribution of cars and the right to equal and reasonable transportation were secured in such an approved form that the maintenance of these laws is demanded in the present platform of Alliance and Labor party. As to the reform demanded in the Alliance platform one or both of the great existing parties is pledged to the following namely: To secure the reduction of the tariff; to preserve our remaining lands to actual settlers in small quantities; to the improvements of our waterways; to the adoption of an improved system of voting; to the Prohibition of the employment of children under 14 years of age in our mills and factories; to the settlement of strifes by arbitration; and to equal pay for equal work irrespective of sex, while the right of the people to vote on a constitutional amendment has never, to my knowledge, been questioned by any party.

I am unable to discern a demand for a reform in the generally very excellent platform of the new party that has been submitted to the Republican party and its adoption refused.

The reduction of that tariff below what is needed to produce a sufficient revenue for the necessary expenditures of the government is not, and will not be, demanded by any party, nor will any party dare to declare as a part of its political creed the imposition of duties upon importation that will produce more than that amount

The control of the railroads by the government has never been asked by the Republican party, yet it is well known that many eminent Republicans are in favor of such control, and it is not fair to presume that the party will refuse its support to such a demand until it has been tried.

But of all the reforms demanded in the platform of the new party none is more vital to the safety and security of the Republic than that which asks for an improvement in the conduct of our elections. A reform is demanded whereby a hundred voting citizens in one part of the country shall have exactly the same representation in the lower house of Congress that they do in any other portions of the country. Nothing will so quickly burn out the life of Republican institution and leave the system but an empty shell as the honest conviction of any considerable number of our people that they are not equally represented and fairly treated in the law making branch of our government. Upon this point we as a people are peculiarly sensitive. Upon this important question which is now becoming a living, vital issue before the people of the country the Republican party is all right and its opponents all wrong.

Why then should the Republican party be disrupted and the country hurled into the maelstrom of uncertainty, if not of disaster?

In view of past favorable legislation in this State upon all industrial and economic questions, and of the faithful enforcement of this legislation by the present Republican administration of this State, I inquired of my farmer friends and ask them to seriously inquire of themselves, what gain can be hoped for in defeating the republican party this fall and installing in it place another party?

I am a republican, and must remain such as long as I believe that party is the best instrumentality through which to secure the just demands and protect the interests of the farmers and other industrial classes. When the republican party, in my judgment, ceases to be that party, I shall seek a home in another political organization. But it does not seem to me that that time has come.

Gentlemen, you may be right and I wrong, but if I am wrong I am honestly wrong in the belief that the only result of separate political action on the part of the Alliance and the Industrial Union this fall, if any result follows, will be the defeat of the republican party and the success of the democratic party. What will that mean? Aside from the uncertainty involved in the insinuation of a democratic administration in this state it will mean the defeat of some of our representatives in Congress and the possible or probable return of a democratic house of representatives to the next Congress. This will mean the long delay, if not final defeat, of much national legislation of great importance, the prompt enactment of which is now earnestly demanded by a majority of the people. For this, among other reasons, I feel constrained to decline the honor so generously tendered me by your convention.

Very respectfully.
JAMES M. BURLINGAME.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist
ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

TWO SECTIONS COMPARED.

A Bonanza Farmer Compares the East and Dakota

To The Advantage of the Latter.

Has Tried Central New York and North Dakota and Cheap Lands Make The Difference.

Duluth Evening Herald.

John W. Dwight, who was for several years closely identified with republican politics in New York state, was in Duluth this week, and he gave a good deal of interesting information as to Dakota politics. Mr. Dwight is devoting his entire attention at this time to the development of farming interests in the Northwest. He is at the head of the great Dwight farm in the Red River Valley of North Dakota, a tract of 60,000 acres, one of the largest farms in that state. John Miller, the first governor of North Dakota, is superintendent of this great farm. Mr. Dwight has been operating in Dakota for about ten years and told me that farming in the Northwest is not only profitable, but farmers are at the head of public affairs and shape all legislation. His old experience in politics has enabled him to take practical part in the promotion of such legislation.

Knowing that Mr. Dwight has farms in the East, I asked him how the cost of farming in the two sections compared, when he said: "It is wholly to the advantage of Dakota, if the measure is made the cost of laying down wheat in New York city. If this cost is figured so as to charge 10 per cent on the valuation of Dakota land and only 5 per cent on the valuation of central New York land, there is still an enormous difference in favor of Dakota. Let me give you some approximate figures: Central New York land is worth on an average $80 an acre, 5 per cent on which is $4. It raises an average of sixteen bushels per acre, the cost of getting which to New York city is about eight cents per bushel, or $1,28 per acre, making the total cost per acre of putting the wheat product in New York $5,28. One-half on the Northern Pacific land was homesteaded. The balance was probably sold at $1,25 to $2.50 per acre, but allowing it at $5 per acre is an outside figure. Ten per cent on this is fifty cents an acre. Allowing only sixteen bushels to the acre, whereas they get more, it costs twenty cents per bushel to get the product to New York city through the Erie canal, or $3,20. Thus the total cost per acre on this liberal comparison is $3,70, or a difference in favor of Dakota wheat in New York is $1,58. The actual figures would show from $2 to $3 or even $4 difference, because some of the great farms of this section were bought at thirty to fifty cents per acre, when the railroad was embarrassed and let its land go to pay off bonds

"The disadvantage of the Eastern farmer," continued Mr. Dwight, "comes from paying an enormous tax to support the Erie canal, which should be supported by the general government, if it is to be used for putting the wheat product of the Northwest in New York city at a low rate. I do not expect it is possible for the New York or New England farmer ever to compete with the homesteader of the Northwest, who does all his own work, on cheaper land and deeper soil, because I believe the Northwestern farmer will eventually be the wheat raiser of the world."

Speaking of the fertility of the soil in the Northwest, Mr. Dwight said: "I have seen land which has produced twenty crops still bearing the enormous yield per acre that characterize the Red River Valley, without any apparent signs of let up, and I realize that it is possible for Northwest farms to pay their 20 to 50 per cent profit for a century to come easier than central New York farms now pay barley 2 per cent, with no prospect of an increase in the future. This is my judgment of the situation as regards wheat growing in New York and Dakota, founded on experience at both ends of the line." Mr. Dwight had many years of practical experience in farming in New York before he entered the farming fields of Dakota, and although now known as largely and closely interested with the farmers of the Northwest, his expression or judgment, as I have written above, was given from his daily experience as one identified with the farming interests of the entire country, and in that respect may be considered as highly important.

The Dwight farm was established by Mr. Dwight's father, the late ex-Congressman Dwight, of Dryden, N. Y. He was elected to congress in 1876, having, at 55 retired from a long and prosperous mercantile career. He succeeded Thos. C. Platt in the congressional district in which they lived. Congress was called in special session that year, and at its close Mr. Dwight found himself for the first time in his life with idle moments on his hands. He has been made a member of the public lands committee, and some problems os legislation in that direction having come up in committee he determined to make a western trip to secure accurate personal information. At that time the section of North Dakota where the Dwight farm is located, had no railroad through it. The town of Wahpeton, the seat of Richland county, wherein the farm lies, was barely founded. It had been the scene of an Indian massacre. Buffalo roamed over the prairies. A few homesteaders had occupied the streams known as the Antelope and Wild Rice river. The Wahpeton and Sisseton and Sioux Indians made life a burden.

Weekly Argus: H. G. Palmer: We got in fifty twin cheese today weighing 3000 pounds. They are for shipment to our Tacoma house, and are from McCollum & Suffel, Hallock, Minn., sixty miles north of Crookston. We handled all makes in Tacoma last winter. Eastern Iowa, Wisconsn and California cheese and these Red River Valley goods excelled all, even the finest California. Some day people will find out what kind of farming the Red River Valley was intended fore.

MINNESOTA
State Normal Schools
—AT—
WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD, AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:
(a) An Elementary Course. for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.
(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.
(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.
(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:
IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.
H. F. BROWN

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Crookston, Minn.

FOR SALE CHEAP.
1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)
1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.
1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.
Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., SEPT. 11, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45	Staples	12:40
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
10:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m

Teachers' Institute.

The fall examination of teachers will be held as follows:

East Grand Forks, at the school house, Sept. 2d and 3d.

Crookston, at the court house, Sept. 4th and 5th.

St. Hilaire, at the school house, Sept. 15th and 16th.

Fosston, at the school house, Sept. 18th and 19th.

Exercises to commence at 9 o'clock each day.

All teachers holding limited second and third grades, must present themselves for re-examination at one of the above named places; also teachers who were not present at the spring examinations, must qualify themselves as other teachers have done.

THOMAS CASEY,
County Supt. of Schools,
Polk County, Minn.

The Cosmopolitan.

The modern magazine may be taken as embodying the best literature of the world, as the magazine editor pays the highest prices to novelists, scientists statemen, soldiers, and even kings and princes, for the best they can furnish in the literary line. The well-edited magazine becomes an educating influence in the family circle, whose importance cannot be over-estimated. The children, as they grow up, are attracted by its illustrations, and so come in time to have a taste for reading. There is always something that is new, something that is strange, something that is interesting; and we consider that we are doing our readers a positive benefit if we are instrumental in placing such a publication within their reach. The special arrangement which we have made with the Cosmopolitan presents very unusual inducements. That magazine, although only in the tenth month under its new management, is already recognized as one of the most interesting publications of the day. It is seeking subscribers everywhere and obtaining them. The proprietors believe that the Cosmopolitan has only to be examined to secure a permanent subscriber. That is why we are enabled to make, if the offer is accepted before January next, such a very low rate, by which our readers can obtain the Cosmopolitan for little more than the cost of this journal alone. Just think of what the combination means! You obtain your own home journal at about the regular price, and have thrown in a magazine which gives you, in a year 1536 pages of reading matter by the ablest writers of the world, including over 1800 pages of illustrations that are unsurpassed in point of interest and execution. Will it not pay you to send a subscription to this office for the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, and Cosmopolitan immediately? Remember, only $3—for the two.

HOME SEEKERS EXCURSIONS.

The attention of our readers is called to the low round trip excursions on the Great Northern Railway, Sept. 9th Sept. 23d and Oct. 14th. Persons who have friends in the East who have written about coming or ever expressed a desire to visit this country, should be informed of this chance. Tickets can be had at all principal offices of eastern, central and southern lines, connecting with the Great Northern, at St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior or Duluth. Ask your eastern friends to call and see their nearest ticket agent, or write to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul. Let us all unite in an effort for new growth and development.

Exposition and State Fair Exorsions.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will sell Aug. 27th and 28th, Sept. 2d, 4th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 16th, 18th, 23rd, 25th, and 30th and Oct. 2d, round trip tickets Crookston to Minneapolis and return, including admission ticket to the exposition, at the rate of $9.02. Tickets good until midnight of first Monday following date of sale. Excursion tickets to the Minnesota State Fair will be on sale Sept. 8th to 15th inclusive, good returning until Sept. 15th at rate of $9.27 for the round trip, including admission ticket to the fair grounds.

What Shall We Do With the Straw?

W. P. Brown, in Farmers' Review.

The threshing season is here again, and early and late the whistle of the steamer is heard. An important question for the farmer is that which heads this article, for I believe that one of the greatest wastes of the farm is to be found in the way a large percentage of the farmers manage their straw. In a wide breadth of country the straw this season is unusually good, for it is free from rust, and has been secured with little rain. Such straw is valuable for feed, and practical experience on the farm and chemical analysis agree that good bright wheat straw is worth four-fifths as much as average hay, and that the only thing necessary to keep horses or cattle in excellent condition with no other rough feed than straw is to give a little larger grain ration and one a little varied. Give a horse a small ration of bran and oil meal in addition to his corn or oats and the animal will winter just as well on good bright straw as on timothy hay. Many of the best farmers of my acquaintance, and men who keep excellent teams, always in good condition, never feed hay except during about two months in the spring when plowing, and one af the most successful farmers of my acquaintance, who keeps a herd of 30 or 40 short-horns, eight or ten brood mares and 40 or 50 sheep, feeds no hay, and publicly stated that no farmer can afford to feed hay when it will bring $8 per ton and upwards in the market. On this farm all straw and corn fodder is chaffed and fed as chop, and the grain is ground and mixed with it. There are many farmers of my acquaintance who allow their straw to go to waste, and feed a hundred or more dollars worth of hay each year which might as well be sold. The trouble with straw for feed is not so much that it is deficient in food values as that it is not well balanced, and unpalatable. Both these defects are easily remedied by feeding as chop and giving a suitable grain ration. Even when fed long, in mangers or from the stack, stock will do well on straw if the grain ration is plentiful and varied somewhat, and warm shelter is provided. Since baling machines have become so common there is a demand for straw and a market for it. While it is better to sell it at the price offered, which is usually less than $1 per ton, than to leave it in the field or wood lot, to go to waste, as is the practice on many farms, I do not think any farmer can afford to sell straw at one or even two dollars per ton. It is worth more than this to make the stock comfortable and to save the liquid manure. During the winter every animal on my farm has a good warm bed of straw each night and my barn-yard is so thoroughly covered that no animal ever sets foot in the mud. Thus all the liquid manure is saved. Every pleasant day all winter our cattle are turned into the barn-yard to the straw stack, and no matter how well they are fed with grain and hay, they always eat straw from the stack, and as they pull down enough to make it dry under foot, the cattle are often more comfortable at the stack than in the stable. When we need straw in the barn we cut down and draw in a section of the stack, and with this we bed our horses and hogs. I never leave a stack to stand over summer, but by the middle of March I tear down the last of it, and either house it or spread it in the barn-yard. There is still another use to which straw can be put on the farm that I believe will make it net more than $2 a ton value, and that is as a mulch. Often the yield of wheat can be increased several bushels to the acre by doing this, as it not only furnishes winter protection, but appears also to fertilize the crop. The best time to apply this mulch is during the first freezing weather of autumn or early winter. The straw should be spread evenly, not thrown down in bunches. It not only protects from wind, but also prevents the frequent alternations of freezing and thawing which so reduce the vitality of the plant and often kill it. The effect of a mulch of straw on pastures is to bring the grass forward much earlier in the spring, to thicken up the sward and greatly improve it. If one has a permanent pasture in which there are poor spots, covering them with a mulch of straw will bring them up to the average. Each year that I try it I become more of a believer in the efficacy of covering or shading land in order to set chemical forces at work to enrich it. I no longer leave a heavy stubble standing on a field through the autumn, or a growth of clover or weeds, but I pass over the field once or twice, if necessary, with a mowing machine and cut down stubble, clover or weeds, so they will lie flat and cover the land. Every farmer must determine for himself what is the best use to make of the straw, but no farmer can afford to make no use of it.

A Good Time.

N. J. S. in Prairie Farmer.

The partial failure of the crops in many localities has so lessened the supply of feed, that many who own stock are anxious to sell, because the forage supply is not sufficient to winter them, and rather than purchase feed under present conditions, they prefer to sell the stock. And this is not only the case with the common farmer, who is raising scrubs or grades, but also with the breeder who is raising stock to sell to others for breeding purposes. It is generally considered that the breeder can afford to purchase feed for his stock even when the farmer cannot, but it is only in exceptional cases that the farmer can make it profitable to buy grain. When it is evident at this time that the supply there is not sufficient to fatten what stock is to be wintered, as well as to winter the growing and breeding stock in a good condition, it will be found the best plan to sell off a portion of the animals during the latter part of the summer or early fall, rather than to attempt to purchase food and winter over. And it is often better to sell at a less price than to winter over with a short crop of corn. And this is often true of breeding stock as well as the common animals raised for market. Breeders will often sell stock in the fall at a much less price than they will ask in the spring, and the farmer who needs breeding animals and is so situated as to be able to take advantage of the lower prices, will find it profitable to do so. But the farmer who wants to improve his stock by using good blooded males, will find this a good time to buy. The difference in the cost will in many cases pay well for wintering, with the advantage of having more time to get accustomed to your manner of feeding and treatment, and of having ready for use whenever is needed. Thus it will pay in many cases to sell more of the common animals and secure a start of a good breed now, than to wait for better crops and better prices.

Country Gentleman: High-priced labor, increasing taxation, more stylish living in his own family and in those of his employes, prevail, and when the farmer tries to meet such demands he has an almost constantly decreasing price for his crops. More than half the farms are mortgaged. Where will all this end? A few young, healthy farmers will come out on top, while many will die struggling against the tide, and a large percentage will hopelessly sink.

THE NEW

NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana. FARM LANDS

NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Forthern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands alond the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. LOW RATES

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. Sheep, Hogs.

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stockraisers. Now is the time.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. G. N. R. L.

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger AgentSt. Paul.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN.

Great Remnant Sale!

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Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Aug. 9, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on Sept. 30th, 1890, viz: FRANCOIS PAGE, D. S. 10,689, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Benoit, Fortuna Benoit, Pierre Dulude and Leon Charron, all of Gentilly, Polk County, Minn.

[17-22] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent. St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee.

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.

Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication August 14, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDWIN P. CAPEN AND MATTIE C. Capen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of June 20th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit; All of fractional Section 3, Township 148, Range 47 west, containing 652 96-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 26 of mortgages, on pages 480 to 483 inclusive; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of ninety-four and 40-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-eight hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[17-23] Crookston, Minn.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

(First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Anna A. Beck, plaintiff, against Paul Bataglia, Elizabeth Bagtalia, and the Luger Furniture Company, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fifth day of August, A. D., 1890, a certified transcript of which has been duly delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Polk County aforesaid, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Monday, the thirteenth day of October, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, lying and being situated in the county of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eighteen, (18,) in block number sixteen, (16,) of the townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.

SPRY & HARVEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[18-24] Minneapolis, Minn.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

L iver, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!

Stewart & Spottswood,

—WILL SELL YOU—

Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt. Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 " Scythe and Snath 1.25
Milk Cans at 50 cents. Screen Doors at 1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts. Large stock of Mixed Paints.
Cook Stoves and General Hardware.

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN

WYATT & ZIEGLER,

Carriage Builders,

East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block.

Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.

CALL AND SEE US.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, SEPTEMBER 18, 1890. NO. 22

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch......	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Republican County Convention.

The Republican County Convention met pursuant to call. Prof. J. J. Anderson, of East Grand Forks, was made chairman, and M. J. Anderson, secretary.

The chair appointed as committee on credentials, W. J. Nickle, K. O. Gigstad, J. P. Johnson, J. Sullivan and Ole Hanson.

Committee on resolutions, Dr. A. Nelson, J. W. Wheeler, M. W. Jensen, Frank Vetleson and Hugh Thompson.

The convention then took a recess until 2 p. m. Upon reassembling the committee on credentials made its report. Several towns unrepresented were allowed to be represented by citizens present. The committee on organization recommended that the temporary organization be made permanent. The committee on resolutions reported the following resolutions, viz:

The republican party of Polk county affirms its faith in and adherence to the time-honored principles of that party, as enunciated in its national and state platform, and affirms that the interests of all classes can best be promoted by a loyal adherance to its principles.

We commend the wise and prudent administration of President Harrison, and heartily endorse the conservative and able administration of Governor Merriam.

We especially commend the wisdom of the state republican convention in nominating for the office of state auditor our efficient county auditor, P. J. McGuire, and pledge our hearty support to the state ticket.

We favor tariff revision and heartily endorse the action of our members of congress from the state of Minnesota, and especially C. K. Davis, in their success in having removed the duties upon the material from which binding twine is manufactured, and also in the senate amendment removing all duties from binding twine; in removing the duties from sugar and placing the same on the free list, and especially favor the senate amendment favoring reciprocity of trade in accordance with the ideas of James J. Blaine, thus encouraging trade and commerce between the nations of North and South America, believing that this, together with the results of the late Pan-American congress, will most speedily draw into closer and more cordial relations the different nations and peoples of North and South America, resulting immensely in our material welfare, and in placing the United States in that position which she should occupy, as a protector of self-government and defender of liberty on the American continent.

We approve the action of congress in the passage of the silver bill, thereby adding nearly five million dollars monthly to the volume of our currency.

We believe that great evils have resulted and great loss entailed upon our farmers by the present system of elevator companies in buying and grading wheat, and demand that such needed legislation be had as will compel railroad companies to furnish promptly cars for the shipment of wheat by farmers; that the state system of weighing and grading wheat at St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth be perfected and, as far as possible, that every safeguard be thrown around it to insure exact justice to shippers, and that the fees for weighing and grading be reduced to the actual cost of efficient service; that all standards of grades or of grading wheat except at the terminal points be abolished and prohibited; that it be bought in open market upon inspection.

We favor the present system of high license and believe that the same, with proper enforcement of the law to be the best system for the regulation of the liquor triffic.

We favor such an extension of our public school system as will give to every needy child school books free of charge.

We request that our members of the State Legislature cause such a law to be passed as will authorize the county commissioners to cut down the fees of the register of deeds of this county to that point where he shall receive only a fair compensation for the duties he performs or that all the fees received in that office shall be turned into the county treasury and a reasonable salary be allowed the register for his services, in lieu of the present system of fees.

We recognize the vast interests of farming in our county and also the interests of the laborer, the mechanic, and the business man and affirm that the republican party of the nation and of this county represents no particular class of individuals, and no individual interests; that it stands for all legitimate interests; that it stands for the people; that the people as a whole and each interest must stand or fall together.

We confidently appeal to the past history of the republican party in proof of the assertion that the interests of the people can be best promoted by that party, and that all needed reforms can be best carried out by and through it the following resolution was offered by E. D. Childs.

Resolved, That this convention demands the speedy passage by congress of Senator Davis' bill for a liberal appropriation for the completion of the improvements of the Soo canal and the Hay Lake channel.

Dated at Crookston this 12th day of September, 1890.

Dr. A. Nelson,
Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions.
M. W. Jensen, Secretary.

NOMINATIONS.

The time for nominations being now at hand the name of Mathew Cornelius, for auditor, was presented by Tollef Farden, of Tilden. Dr. A. Nelson, of Fertile, made a neat little speech in seconding this nomination and moved to suspend the rules and make the nomination by acclamation. Carried, and Mr. Cornelius was so nominated. Mr. Cornelius responded to a call for a speech in his usual modest way, disclaiming any ability as an orator, but promising, if elected, to attend to the duties of the office to the best of his ability. As his ability in that line has been tested and found adequate, this should be an ample guarantee of a faithful discharge of his duties.

Ovid Moreau, of Terrebonne, was nominated as treasurer by acclamation, and being called upon for a speech, promised allegiance to the ticket and to the party. Mr. Moreau is a young business man of Terrebonne and is well spoken of by those who know him.

For sheriff the name of Delos Jacobus was ably presented by the talented young orator, W. J. Nickle, of Reis, who alluded to the services of Jacobus during the war, as well as his active efforts in behalf of every enterprise for the good of the city and county since he came here with the earliest settlers in '72. The name of James O. Hovland, of Winger, was also presented and and an informal ballot taken, as follows: Hovland 88, Jacobus 8. On motion the nomination of Hovland was made unanimous.

For clerk of court the name of E. M. Walsh was eloquently presented by Bennett, of Fosston, and G. H. Palmer, by Levi Myers. The informal ballot stood Walsh 58, Palmer 36. On motion the nomination of Mr. Walsh was made unanimous. Mr. Walsh is an old settler and has ever been thoroughly identified with the interests of our city, has made an excellent clerk, but he was too modest to respond to a pressing invitation for a speech. Ed. always works harder than he talks.

For judge of probate the present incumbent was renominated by acclamation. The judge has made an excellent official and in his speech of acceptance promised, if elected, to do so more.

For register of deeds, James Rosenau, of Fisher, was nominated by acclamation.

For county attorney, R. J. Montague was nominated by acclamation. He made an elegant speech of acceptance, pledging his best efforts to the ticket.

For Superintendent of Schools, Prof. T. Casey was nominated by acclamation. Mr. Casey made a neat little speech of acceptance. The Professor has been an efficient official since his appointment, proving his fitness for the office by his deeds.

Geo. Ralph was nominated for surveyor and Henry Shepard for Coroner, by acclamation. For County Commissioner in the Second District, Levi S. Myers was nominated and K. O. Gigstad in the Fourth. The following delegates were declared elected, viz:

Wm. Marin, J. J. Armstrong, J. W. Wheeler, O. Berthiaume, J. M. Bain, K. O. Gigstad, C. M. Lindell and H. A. McClatchie.

Moved that the chair appoint a county central committee of nine.

Adjourned.

The Tariff Bill.

The tariff bill passed the senate last night by a strict party vote. As it came from the house it was a measure that raised the barrier of protection almost to the prohibitive point. It leaves the senate materially amended in many particulars. With one important exception the changes which the upper house has made in the bill are due to the irresistible pressure of public opinion. To this pressure may be attributed the general lowering of the scale of duties by the senate; but the one redeeming feature of the whole measure in its present form, the reciprocity amendment, is the fruit of Blaine's broad gauged and foresighted statesmanship. The public mind is ripe for reciprocity and the country needs it. Blaine saw his opportunity and also the imperative necessity of rescuing his party from certain defeat, and with one stroke of his lucid pen he brought the country around to his view and started a popular move that buried the whole McKinley crowd in its broad sweep.

The house will probably proceed to a consideration of the amended bill without delay; but will it recede from its original position and yield to the senate? It is safe to say the reciprocity feature will be allowed to remain; but beyond this the members do not know themselves what they are going to do. Reed and McKinley, the foremost champions of the bill as passed by the house, have received the emphatic endorsement of their constituents. The republican congressmen from Minnesota and other states in the West and Northwest have been told by their constituents in equally plain language that the McKinley bill is a death blow to that kind of a tariff reform they were elected and expected to secure. Can Reed and McKinley yield without compromising both themselves and their constituents? Or can the Minnesota delegation in the house insist upon the original House bill without smashing the platforms upon which they are to make their respective campaigns? To harmonize a conflict of interests that just now has been so signally emphasized will be no easy task. With some of the congressmen from Minnesota it is simply a question of life or death. If they can keep binding twine on the free list, where it has been put by the senate, and prevent the McKinleyites from wiping out other material concessions to the wishes and demands of western republicans, our congressmen can enter upon the campaign with a chance of re-election. Otherwise some of them may just as well save the expense and trouble of a campaign this year.

The Democratic Nominee.

Minneapolis Journal.

The Democrats profess a great deal of satisfaction with the result of yesterday's convention.

But they cannot be any better pleased with the nomination for governor than Chairman Joel Heatwole and other republicans responsible for the management of the republican campaign were last evening. For whether these republican leaders are right or not they do not regard Mr. Wilson as a hard man to beat.

And they probably are right. The most dangerous man from the republican standpoint mentioned in yesterday's convention was S. M. Owen. When his endorsement was made a political impossibility by his letter the next most dangerous man was Daniel Buck. And after Buck the best vote-getter in spite of his utter unfitness for the office and unworthiness of the nomination, was Dr. Ames.

The probabilites are that the result of the election will show Judge Wilson to have been overrated as a candidate, especially as a leader against Gov. Merriam. It can not be said that Judge Wilson is not an able man, or that he would not make a good governor. His nomination from the standpoint of the charactr of the man and his capability is a credit to his party. But his availability as a candidate rests largely upon his performance in the politics of the First district. He defeated John A. Lovely four years ago. Lovely was unpopular and his party was torn all to pieces at the time by internal dissensions. It was no particular credit to Wilson that he won. Two years ago he was renominated, but was defeated by M. H. Dunnell, who cannot be said to be a popular man. There is nothing in his recent record to justify the expectation of any phenomenal performance on the part of Judge Wilson in the way of vote getting.

Added to that is the fact that he was the cadidate of two of the most arrogant and domineering political bosses that ever sat astride the neck of any political party; and that there was a general though scarcely audible murmur of protest and resistance prevalent in the convention against the dictation of the bosses and the nomination of their candidate which failed to make itself more decidedly felt only for lack of organization and the want of a leader. If Dr. Ames had been large enough man he might have been able at the proper time yesterday to have led a movement for such a man as Daniel Buck that would have carred the day.

The Tariff Bill's Career.

Minneapolis Journal.

The new tariff bill, which will doubtless become a law this week, was reported to the house on April 6 and was passed on May 21 by a vote of 164 to 145. The discussion of this important measure only lasted two weeks. It was whipped through by Speaker Reed and Congressman McKinley, no opportunity for any serious discussion being given and most of the amendments being entirely rejected. Scores of men were compelled to vote for the bill who had no sympathy with its rigorous provision.

In the senate the bill was reported by the finance committee June 18 and was taken up July 21. The discussion has been very full and exhaustive and the results of the reciprocity and some other amendments are somewhat compensatory for the prohibitory nature of the original house bill.

The bill, if enacted, will remain in force no longer than did the tariff measure of 1883. It does not meet the nation's demands and it cannot last. The nation is doing a good deal of thinking for itself on the subject of the tariff, and that thinking is all in the direction of practical tariff reform, in the interest of the nation and in the direction of a reduction and not an increase of the imposts.

Mr. Owen's Position.

Minneapolis Journal.

S. M. Owen's letter to H. B. Wells is impregnated with that rare spirite of honor and fealty to principle, born of deep conviction, which is always gratifying in this period, when men are so prone to barter principle for political advantage and effect political unions for party aggrandizement.

Mr. Owen would keep himself and the Alliance from this political prostitution. He wants the Alliance to stand before the public for what it claims to be, a genuine reform movement, stimulated from within by true convictions and that it should be preserved in its integrity and be kept from all incongruous combinations. Mr. Owen's views will increase the respect of the general public for himself, and to his own party, his position ought to be for them a substantial satisfaction and cause of rejoicing and congratulation. Mr. Owen has taken the highest ground of political morality, and, while he and his party must have the satisfaction of knowing that, following the course he has marked out, they have made a fight for principle, pure and simple.

The Cosmopolitan.

The modern magazine may be taken as embodying the best literature of the world, as the magazine editor pays the highest prices to novelists, scientists statemen, soldiers, and even kings and princes, for the best they can furnish in the literary line. The well-edited magazine becomes an educating influence in the family circle, whose importance cannot be over-estimated. The children, as they grow up, are attracted by its illustrations, and so come in time to have a taste for reading. There is always something that is new, something that is strange, something that is interesting; and we consider that we are doing our readers a positive benefit if we are instrumental in placing such a publication within their reach. The special arrangement which we have made with the Cosmopolitan presents very unusual inducements. That magazine, although only in the tenth month under its new management, is already recognized as one of the most interesting publications of the day. It is seeking subscribers everywhere and obtaining them. The proprietors believe that the Cosmopolitan has only to be examined to secure a permanent subscriber. That is why we are enabled to make, if the offer is accepted before January next, such a very low rate, by which our readers can obtain the Cosmopolitan for little more than the cost of this journal alone. Just think of what the combination means! You obtain your own home journal at about the regular price, and have thrown in a magazine which gives you, in a year, 1536 pages of reading matter by the ablest writers of the world, including over 1800 pages of illustrations that are unsurpassed in point of interest and execution. Will it not pay you to send a subscription to this office for the Polk County Journal and Cosmopolitan immediately? Remember, only $3—for the two.

It Looks Like Business

And you will think so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF

Silverware,

CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY.

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

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TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.......$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.......... 80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years..........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest...........$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500.00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000.00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years.......... 1500.00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest..........$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years..... 1000 00
Total..........$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

Ives & Hatlestad,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

One-half Block from Depot.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., SEPT. 18, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 86.
1 Northern 80.
2 Northern 75.
3 Northern 72.

Work on the sewers resumed this week.

J. J. Creamer was doing the twin cities this week.

Fred Durand returned to civilization this week.

T. H. Nesseth was in on Tuesday, consulting with alliance men.

Wheat dropped off two cents on Monday morning, reaching 88 cents.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

Tom Bjoin went down to take in the great doings at the State fair last week.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

Mrs. A. A. Miller is enjoying a visit from her mother, Mrs. Page, of Wisconsin.

Frank Bivens and E. M. went down to the State fair on Thursday evening of last week.

Five deaf and dumb children were sent from this station last week to the school at Faribault.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

Talk about your lovely weather! Whereabouts on the footstool can you beat that of Wednesday?

Rev. and Mrs. S. H. Barteau talk of going south to spend the winter with their daughter, Mrs. Rose Dunlap.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

The Bjoin block is up to the first story and the floor joists all on. The derrick is up and the work progressing favorably.

Mrs. S. H. Barteau left for Minneapolis on Tuesday night to attend the W. C. T. U. convention. She expects to be gone a week.

Nils Muus was up from Fertile on Tuesday. Nils does not talk much with his mouth, but he is a mighty good worker all the same.

"I am going to trade it for a sled," said alderman I. U. Jennings, as he trundled his Paddy's buggy along Broadway in the snow storm on Friday.

Fred Rauch received a valuable present from Dr. Warninger, of Aberdeen, one day last week in the form of an excellent bird dog, which he prizes very highly.

The Congregational social at the residence of A. A. Miller on Monday evening was largely attended and a very enjoyable affair. It was made a sort of farewell reception to the pastor, Rev. F. B. Noyes.

Farmers, don't sell your hogs to shippers when you can get double of the price by having them cured at the packing house. [f-tf]

Friday of last week was a day long to be remembered, as the first snow-fall of the season occurred on that day. Not much of a snow, yet enough to say it snowed. The weather since then has been warm.

Mr. Wm. Johnson, of Brandon, Manitoba, came up from Minneapolis and St. Paul to join his wife in a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Hunt and Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Chapin, with whom she came from Brandon last week. Mr. Johnson thinks Crookston a right smart little city.

Brother farmer, when you come to Crookston go to Hack & Gallasch' old stand and see what the old farmer can do for you.

THE JOURNAL is in receipt of a handsome catalogue gotten up by the Glyndon News man, relating all about the big Clay County fair that is to be held at Glyndon on Oct. 1, 2 and 3. If the fair is as slick as the fair catalogue it will be a dandy.

Our thermometer is broken. So far this season our little corn patch has stood the racket bravely, but Friday night proved too much of a good thing, and on Saturday those corns withered and drooped. This we may consider the first frost of the season.

The fire bell summoned the department at 10 a. m. on Wednesday to attend to a fire at the stock yards. About one section, including a shed and a stack of hay was destroyed. The boys got the chemical engine from the Fifth ward and settled the business in short order as soon as they got there.

Carl Kretzschmar was down from Thief River Falls last week to attend the republican county convention and to visit old friends. Carl is as full of enthusiasm as ever and says: "Vait till de reservation opens den ve get a bum." If everybody had had Carl's faith (and works) in the early day, this city would have been way ahead of where it is now.

On Monday evening Mr. W. O. Wilson received word that his little daughter, who was visiting in the family of Mr. Tveiten, out in the country, was severely sick. With Dr. Dunlop, he drove out there at once, and when they left for home he had the pleasure of seeing the little one very much better and on the high road to recovery.

Gorton's minstrels on Oct. 13.

Ed. Wile returned from the lake on Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Z. Lusian lost their little baby girl on Tuesday night.

The Mendelsohn Quintette club will appear in this city on Oct. 6th.

Martin Johnson, an employe on the new Bjoin block, got his left hand caught in the elevator cutting it severely, Wednesday afternoon.

J. H. Pratt, a brakesman on No. 19, caught his right hand between a high and a low draw-bar, while making a coupling in the yard about 8:30 Tuesday evening. Dr. Dampier removed the two middle fingers and part of another, and Pratt was around again on Wednesday.

H. H. Phelps, O. H. Myran, and Dav Lightbourn came up to see that Doc. Koyle should vote right in the Legislative convention on Monday. They nailed their colors to the mast-head and sailed right in determined to secure two places on the ticket for Norman Co. They got there with both feet and went home happy.

Mrs. J. W. Wheeler's father, Mr. Hil is visiting his daughter in the city.

H. G. Mitchel, of Woodside, walked into our den on Friday with a huge snow ball in his hand, remarking: "The first of the season; thought I would bring it along for the novelty of the thing." Mitchel says farmers are saying but little, but will cast their votes for S. M. Owen next November. As to the remainder of the ticket he thinks it will be considerably mixed. The grain is nearly all secured in good shape and farmers are hoping for good prices.

Rev. F. B. Noyes departed on Tuesday's train via the Great Northern for Rock Rapids, from whence he has received a call. Mr. Noyes, though he has been in our city but three months, leaves many warm friends who regret to see him go, and who unite with THE JOURNAL in best wishes for his future welfare. Mr. Noyes is a young man of great promise and we can congratulate the church at Rock Rapids should he conclude to accept their call. We regret that circumstances are such that he could not see his way clear to accept the call here, but think his decision a wise one.

The week has been full of discouragements to farmers, especially to those who are attempting to thresh out of the shock—too much rain they all say, and even the good housewife has her share of the trouble. THE JOURNAL man overheard one relating to another her troubles saying: "Why, just think of it. I have cooked over 600 lbs. of beef for our threshers already, to say nothing of pork and vegetables, and the discouraging part of it is we do not get along very fast; we have been over three weeks now and don't seem to be near done yet." And so it goes all round. Those who stacked are feeling more complacent.

The latest joke we have heard yet is on the clergy. It is related that one evening recently as one of our city divines was walking abstractedly along Houston avenue, communing with his thoughts, he was awakened by the "swish, swish" of a silk dress close at hand, as a dark object appeared so close as to endanger a collision. Quickly raising his hat and donning his most effective bow, he was about to add a mild and gentle "beg pardon, madam," when the old cow, startled by the Noyes she saw coming, hurriedly departed for the middle of the street, and the pastor continued his walk meditating whether he had better give it away or not. But he "didn't have to," a little bird gave it to our reporter.

Last Sunday we received a bit of a pamphlet from New York City that set our old heart bounding like unto a fine young maiden of 60 or 70 with her first beau. It was the Fifth and Sixth Annual Proceedings of the Survivors Association of the old 27th and 33 N. Y. Vol. Infantry and the 1st N. Y. Vol. Cav., with the roster of the survivors. In it we found a letter from our old commander, Col. R. F. Taylor, (who was later promoted to Brig. Gen.) and one from comrade W. B. Stedman, of old Co. F. Again, we saw the name of John E. Ronk, our old 2d Lieut., than whom a handsomer man never bestrode a cavalry horse nor a braver, and here we found the names of Sergeants Bacon, Harmon and Orderly, S. Girard Case, (later promoted to 2d Lieut.) of comrades Marsh, of Freeman, of Farmer, of Nick Baker, of Charles Heldt, of Lovejoy, of Moses Lapointe, of Maxon, of Paddleford, of Seth Wells, but missing others we did not find. Where are the Bradburys, the Whittleseys, the Nashs, the McFarlands, the McCunes, the Southworths, the Moores, Jake Lester, Bob Way, Paine, Len Corby and the hosts who come trooping into mind as we gaze upon this the reminder of the times that tried men's souls? The old boys are going to re-une in Binghampton on the 24th and 25th of this month, and sa-a-a-y—wouldn't we like to buckle on the old saber and fetch a rail to that camp fire? Well, ask anybody who was in the swim and see what he says! Now that we have caught on we propose to keep posted and—

"When we get back to old New York,
Foot balls, foot balls,
When we get back to old New York,
Foot balls, says I,
When we get back to old New York
We'll bid farewell to beans and pork,
And we'll all re-une
When Johnny comes marching home."

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Anton Mickelson Instantly Killed by Train No. 3.

On Saturday Morning

The Inquest.

The passenger train from the south on Saturday morning was 50 minutes late, and, at the Robert street crossing, collided with a horse and buggy, making a complete wreck of the buggy, killing one man instantly and bruising another. Anton and Andrew Mickelson were coming from Sampson's Addition in a one horse rig and when they had arrived at a point opposite the round house their horse became excited by an engine standing on the track just north of the crossing, blowing off steam. A dining car, standing on the first sidetrack south of the crossing and an engine on track No. 2, so obstructed the view that the approaching passenger train was not observed by the occupants of the buggy whose attention was confined to the engine north of the crossing that was blowing off steam, and just as their buggy reached the crossing it was struck by the engine. Anton was pitched into the air, alighting on the engine, and Andrew was thrown backward and clear of the train. Several parties had shouted to the occupants in the buggy to warn them, but it seems they were unheard. The body of Anton was taken from the pilot and an examination showed the right temple crushed and the neck broken. Andrew, as soon as he struck, was not too severely injured to jump up and run. The dead body was taken to the undertaking rooms of Wyatt & Ziegler for the inquest and coroner Shepard summoned the following named gentlemen to serve as a jury:

W. J. Nickle, John Bowman, G. P. Houg, Maj. H. E. Stansbery, Adolph Bruner, W. J. Nelson. The jury met at 10 o'clock and the first witness sworn was engineer Pat Clary, who testified substantially as follows:

Am an engineer on the Great Northern Railroad. Have seen deceased. Saw the accident. Walked from the round house to the crossing just as the passenger train was coming in. Saw a horse and buggy approaching. Was standing close to crossing; put up my hand and said "whoa;" The engine was coming along; the bell was ringing; I tried to seize the lines but did not succeed, and thought they were going to make the crossing all right; it was a single rig with two men in it; the pilot hit one of them. Question: Was there a flagman stationed there? Answer: No. Question: Had there ought to be? Answer: That is out of my line of business. The rig was coming from the west; the train was coming from the south; it was late; it was train No. 3, engineer George Conklin; Engine No. 106; not positive as to fireman's name; tried to stop the horse and the driver seemed to be trying to check him; I don't think he hollered; he was close onto me; did not see him killed; his brother was thrown on the side where I was; the buggy was thrown right in front of us; the crossing was clear and the track was clear; just happened to meet at the same time.

(At this point Attorney Steenerson appeared for a brother of deceased.)

Was standing between the rails of track No. 2; my duty was to take engines in and out of round house; no other duties except to see the work done at the round house; I started to take engine No. 106 to take it into the round house; there was another engine somewhere, I don't know how close, I did not pay any attention; there were no cars standing on the crossing; the dining car was 25 or 30 feet from the crossing; not within the limits of Robert street; about 25 or 30 feet south of the planks of the crossing; think the dining car was about from 60 to 75 feet from depot platform on the track next west of the main track, what we call No. 1 track: deceased was about 25 to 30 feet to my left when I first heard the racket; by the racket I mean the horse and buggy; could not say positively where the engine struck the buggy, think it was about the front wheels, as the buggy was thrown back.

At this point the inquest was adjourned until 2 p. m. Upon assembling at 2 o'clock motion was made to adjourn to City Hall, which was done.

GEORGE CONKLIN SWORN.

I live at Barnesville; saw the accident; the first I saw was the horse running around the pilot with the thills fast to him; I then saw the buggy dragging along the opposite side of the engine attached to the steam chest; I saw one man get up out of the road and walk off; I did not see the man on the pilot who was killed; that is all I saw about the case until Mr. Morrisey and the hotel porter told me there was one of them on the front of the engine; the porter of the hotel, I do not know his name, jumped up on the pilot; my fireman rings the bell; his name is A. J. Adams; The orders from the company are to ring the bell at all city crossings and to blow the whistle at farmers' crossings; whistled for the station but did not for that crossing; was 60 or 70 feet south of the crossing when I first applied brake after crossing bridge; moved about two coach lengths, I should think, after I struck him; ran 70 or 80 feet to the front of freight depot; could have stopped sooner had I known a man had been struck; I saw the horse come round the dining car; I thought I could get in ahead; got in at 7:50; about 40 minutes late. Question: How long does it take to stop the train? That depends on how fast we are running, I could stop inside of 30 feet when running from four to six miles per hour; I put the brake on at the bridge, and slowed to six miles, and again when I saw a man throw up his hands to stop the team; released brakes again, thinking crossing was all clear; struck the buggy about 8 or 10 feet south of the depot platform, horse ran between the engine and the platform; put the brakes on again after I struck him: the dining car was on track No. 1, about 45 or 50 feet south of the depot platform, about 4 to 8 feet from the crossing plank; there was a stock train on track No. 3—west of track No. 2, the engine facing the crossing, about a car length from it, north of the crossing; the Fosston engine, No. 22, was standing beside the dining car, south of the crossing. Question: At what rate of speed was you running? I could not say exactly; I think from four to six miles; my attention was first attracted by the apparent excitement in the crowd at the depot.

FRANK CERNOUSEK SWORN

I live in the Town of Tabor. I was standing on the south end of the depot platform close to track: the engine on side-track was blowing off steam; saw a buggy coming from the west; somebody behind me hollered and motioned to stop. I think the driver could not hear the man holler owing to the noise of the engine blowing off steam; the horse appeared to be unmanagable through fear of the same engine; at the same time I saw the passenger train coming from the south; saw the engine strike buggy releasing the horse; should think the train was then running ten miles an hour.

I. U. JENNINGS SWORN.

Live in Crookston; am alderman in the first ward; am familiar with place where the accident happened; was not present at the time; there is an obstruction caused by the round-house projecting into the street, between 10 and 30 feet. I was a member of a committee appointed to confer with the railroad company in regard to the Robert street and Loring street crossings; there was a motion made by a member of the council that the railroad company be requested to place a safety gate on each side of the crossing on Robert street. The committee made a report recommending that gates be placed there; the committee received a letter from the company saying that they would protect the crossing by placing a flag-man there. I think that was in Nov. 1888. There never were any gates placed there. I do not know whether there was ever a flagman placed there or not. The council had knowledge of the obstruction in the street, do not know by whose permission the building was put in the street.

IRA JACOBS SWORN.

I live in the town of Queen; am a farmer; was present when Anton Michelson was killed; stood on the platform about 6 feet south of the depot door; first saw the passenger train at the bridge; saw a team in the bend down by the roundhouse; one man near me beckoned and hollered; the horse did not stop and just as he crossed the main track, the cow-catcher struck the buggy, threw it on one side and one man jumped out of the buggy backward and the other flew up out of the buggy and came down on his head on the cow-catcher. At that time the train was a little past me or nearly so; I believe the train was running about 10 miles an hour; I saw no safety gates nor flag-man at the crossing the train ran up to near the water tank before it stopped.

ANDREW MICHELSON SWORN.

I am a brother of deceased; live on Sampson's Addition; was coming up Robert street; my brother was driving; going east: when we came to the track there was an engine standing there and the pony got scared so that we could not hold him; the next I knew we were caught by the train; I was thrown out backward; did not see what happened to my brother; did not see the engine before it struck the buggy; it was hid by the dining car from our view; was driving on a slow trot when we passed the round house; the horse was scared by the engine blowing off steam; we passed the ice-wagon down by the big house below the roundhouse; did not see the freight engine until near the track when the horse got scared; I did not see any person beckon to us; did not hear any one holler.

At this point inquest was adourned until Tuesday morning.

Upon re-assembling on Tuesday morning City Clerk, E. O. Carruth, August Skalman and Conductor Harry Norie testified and the case went to the jury who rendered the following

VERDICT.

We, the jury convened to investigate the cause of the death of Anton Michelson, on the morning of the 13th instant, between the hours of 7:30 and 9 a. m. in the city of Crookston, on the track of the Great Northern Railway, do say that the deceased came to his death by being thrown from his buggy and falling upon the front of engine No. 106, Geo. Conklin, engineer, crushing his skull and causing instant death. We do say that the gross carelessness of the Railway Company in maintaining a portion of its roundhouse in the street, and in keeping a dining car standing in such position as to prevent seeing the approach of a train, and also in failing to maintain safety gates, or a flag-man at the crossing of a main street in the heart of the city is due the death of the said Micholson. We also say that the common council should have taken such action as would have removed such obstructions on a common thoroughfare, and we attach no blame to engineer George Conklin.

CROOKSTON SHORT HAND SCHOOL,

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

If you cannot attend our school, take a course of lessons in Short Hand by mail. We give a full course in Short Hand by mail for $12.00.

POSITIONS FURNISHED OUR GRADUATES.

J. B. LANIGAN, Proprietor.

E. J. Grefthen returned from a visit to Northwood, Iowa, on Tuesday, refreshed for the fray.

Miss. Hattie Bivens has been kept indoors for some days trying to break up a threatened fever. At last accounts the efforts promise to be successful.

Frank E. Hunt was down from Red Lake Falls this week looking pretty pecked, all owing to recent illness. He is getting along nicely, however.

Conductor W. H. Norrie received a dispatch from Toronto, Canada, on Tuesday, announcing the illness of his father and left for that city that evening

Rev. F. B. Noyes delivered a powerful sermon on temperance at the Congregational church on Sunday evening. The edifice was filled to overflowing.

Rev. S. Currie was down from Euclid on Monday. Says a great deal of grain is yet in shock up that way.

Mr. E. Lanctot was in on Tuesday preparing to thresh. Says wheat is not damaged a particle where thoroughly capped.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Davidson, and Miss Minnie Pirnie accompanied conductor Copeland on his run to Minot on Monday. They were highly elated with the scenery and much interested in Dakota-land, her inhabitants, original and aboriginal. They inspected the mining interests and will be fully prepared to descant upon the great possibilities of the New Northwest when they return to their homes in the effete east.

Sheriff Paterson went down to Alexandria on Sunday evening, with a warrant for the arrest of an individual who was wanted at Fosston. He returned on Tuesday morning with his man, took the train for Fosston, met the plaintiff who returned with them to this city where Judge Lewis quickly settled the case by performing a marriage ceremony. John is a rustler when he gets started.

Cope is in clover. House full of company. Mrs. Copeland's father, Mr. J. Pirney, of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Davidson, (her sister) and two children, of Cleveland, Miss. Minnie Pirney, of Canton, Ills., Mr. Copeland's uncle, Mr. Daniel Budd, from Kansas, (only he left for home Tuesday night,) and Mr. Sprague and daughter, of Springfield, Mass. If John enjoys any one thing more than another it is to have the folks come to see him. "Jerusha put the kettle on, &c."

The funeral services of Anton Michelson, whose sudden death is chronicled elsewhere in this issue, occurred at ten o'clock yesterday, having been delayed to await the arrival of a sister from Michigan. Anton Micholson was about 26 years old, unmarried; he leaves an aged father and mother, four brothers and two sisters to mourn his loss. How forcibly are we reminded, in his sudden taking off that verily in the midst of life we are in death.

Democratic Legislative Convention.

This intelligent body of our fellow citizens met in solemn conclave on Tuesday and proceeded to put in nomination a legislative ticket "alle samie Melican man." Here she goes as far as she goes at date of present writing:

For Senator, Hon. Alex. McKinnon.

For 1st Representative, S. B. Cragin, of Norman County.

For 2d Rep., Geo. Johnson, of Norman County.

For 3d Rep., ——— of Polk County, or ——— of Polk County. Don't know yet; wait till we see what the Repubs and the Alli-Pro-obituary parties will do.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl Crookston, Minn. [14-tf

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager.

MOE & BUHN.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.

[2-tf] E. W WILE, Comptroller.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place.

[18-tf] J. W. HACK.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS,

ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.

Grand Forks, N. D.

[First publication Sept. 18th. 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 4th 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Anton Mickelson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Sam Mickelson, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Anton Mickelson, late of this county, on the 13th day of September, A. D. 1890, at Crookston aforesaid, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said Sam Mickelson granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Tuesday, the 14th day day of October, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 15th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[12-24] Judge of Probate.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new, 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,

The Loan Agent.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrup, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm-Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

D. D. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

W A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.,

P. C. SCHMIDT,

Attorney-at-Law,

Room No. 2, Fournet Block,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Comsr. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

H. H. Sibley, of the Fertile Journal, was up on Tuesday. Mr. Sibley has been made the victim of one or two slanderous, disgraceful attacks since he saw fit to espouse the alliance cause, and for that sole reason. We care not by whom such vile attacks are made, they are outrageous and a disgrace to any party who tolerates them. If any cause has to be bolstered up by such means, it is utterly unworthy the support of honest men, and no honorable man will consent to engage in such warfare. The object that the farmers seek—a free and open wheat market, is one that is to the interest of every business man in the country to see attained—men only differ as to the best way of attaining that object. The Labor-Alliance thinks that can best be accomplished by placing in the field an entire independent ticket, from poundmaster to president, and while The Journal does not agree with them on that point, we don't believe in opening up mud batteries and deluging every newspaper man with filth who comes out in support of their ticket, and

NO TRUE MAN

will do it. It is a disgrace to mankind that these same things, created in the semblance of man will rack the hidden recesses of their vile imaginations to traduce those who have the independence to urge a free and independent market on the line they think the most available to accomplish that desired end. These very men who are indulging in these dirty methods are far inferior to those whom they seek with develish malice to injure, in that they have no mind of their own, but are the subservient flunkeys of designing men—their masters. The men they revile are honorably seeking a remedy for the evils existing, while they are not caring a snap what becomes of the country—their only interest being to yelp and bark when the master cracks the whip. But this state of things will not answer—the people are aroused and determined on the accomplishment of their laudable object, and we confidently believe that it will be accomplished. It is right that it should, and we have the promise that the right shall prevail, though all the powers of darkness combine with their mud throwing representatives on earth to defeat it. A sovereign people cannot long be enslaved even in chains as strong as the golden chains of the monopolistic capitalist.

Fifty-First District Republican Convention.

The convention was called to order at 3 o'clock. On motion H. H. Phelps was nominated temporary chairman, and Hugh Robertson, secretary.

The chair appointed O. H. Myran, Tim Sullivan and C. H. Lindell as committee on credentials, and Ole Woller, A. D. Stephens and O. Berthiaume as committee on permanent organization, and Hugh Thompson, Dr. F. T. Koyle and Dr. C. E. Dampier as committee on resolutions. On motion convention took a recess of thirty minutes pending reports of committees.

Upon re-assembling the committee on credentials reported the following members entitled to seats, viz: Hugh Thompson, Hugh Robertson, Dr. C. E. Dampier, Frank E. Hunt, A. D. Stephens and Tim Sullivan, proxies for Wm. Marin, J. J. Armstrong, J. W. Wheeler, K. O. Gigstad, J. M. Bain and H. A. McClatchie, and Jas. Gilmour, O. Berthiaume and C. H. Lindell, of Polk County, and H. H. Phelps, O. H. Myran, Ole Woller, W. E. Casselman and F. T. Koyle, proxy for A. Stromstead, of Norman County.

The committee on permanent organization recommended that the temporary organization be made permanent. Carried.

The committee on resolutions reported the following

RESOLUTIONS.

The Republicans of the Fifty-First District of the State of Minnesota, in convention assembled, declare their loyalty to the time-honored principles of the republican party and accept as their platform the following resolutions:

Resolved, That while we favor the principle of protection, we believe in such an adjustment and reduction of tariff schedules as will remove the duties upon binding twine and from the materials from which the same is manufactured, and also upon sugar and such articles, necessaries of life, as can be placed upon the free list without seriously interfering with the upbuilding and maintenance of American manufactures; and we heartily commend the action of Senator C. K. Davis in his efforts to accomplish this result.

We furthermore believe in and endorse the principle of reciprocity recommended by the Hon. James G. Blaine. We favor the present system of high license and believe that the same with proper enforcement of the law, to be the best system for regulating the liquor traffic.

We favor such an extension of our public school system as will give to every child school books free of charge.

We recognize the vast interests of farming in our state and also the interests of the laborer, the mechanic, the and the business man, and affirm that the republican party of the nation and of this county represents no particular class of individuals, and no individual interests; that it stands for all legitimate interests; that it stands for the people; that the people as a whole and each interest must stand or fall together.

We confidently appeal to the past history of the republican party in proof of the assertion that the interests of the people can be best promoted by that party, and that all needed reforms can be best carried out by and through it.

That this convention demands the speedy passage by congress of Senator Davis' bill for a liberal appropriation for the completion of the improvements of the Soo canal and the Hay Lake channel.

The Supreme Court of the United States having declared the present railroad law of the State of Minnesota in certain respects unconstitutional, thereby practically abolishing the powers of our railroad commission, we demand that the present law be so amended as to restore the powers intended to be conferred by the original act creating the commission, and that hereafter the railroad and warehouse commissioners of the state be elected by the vote of the people.

Moved by H. Thompson that the convention proceed to nominate a candidate for senator and three candidates for representatives. Carried.

Jas. Gilmour presented the name of John Cromb as candidate for senator. No other name being presented, Hugh Thompson moved that the nomination by made by acclamation. Carried.

Mr. Cromb made a brief speech thanking the convention for this unanimous expression of confidence, and promising, if elected, to do his best to secure such laws as would satisfy all parties, the farmer, the laborer and the millionaire alike.

Moved by O. H. Myran that B. M. Chesley, of Norman County, be one of the representatives. Hugh Thompson seconded the motion and moved to make it by acclamation, which was done, and O. A. Myran moved that Ole L. Rindal, of Rindal, Norman County, be made the second representative by acclamation. Carried.

Moved by A. D. Stephens that the chair appoint a legislative committee of seven members, said committee to select the remaining candidate for representative and place him on the ticket.

Hugh Thompson moved to instruct said committee to select such candidate from Polk County and to make such selection in ten day. Carried.

The chair annouced as such committee, Felix Fournet, John Alderman, Hugh Thompson and Frank E. Hunt, of Polk County, F. Krebs, of Beltrami County, and D. C. Lightbourn and O. H. Myran, of Norman County.

When it comes to the point that one man dictates the politics of the county the rest of the people might as well give him their proxy and move out. It seems easy enough for one man to control a convention but the ballots belong to the people.

Fergus Falls Weekly Journal: The Little Falls convention in re-nominating Congressman Comstock by acclamation did only what it was expected to do, and what Mr. Comstock's due after his faithful services in behalf of his constituents, but its action must have been something of a surprise to those who have been announcing disaffection and dissatisfaction in the republican ranks, It is a good time to speak of Mr. Comstock's conscientious and satisfactory work in congress. During his short term of two years he has established a reputation for himself in the national councils that far overtops that of any of his follow-members who enterd congress at the time he did. He is recognized as one of the hardest working, most thoughtful and intelligent men in the chamber among the recently-elected members. His work for his constituents has been persistent and successful. He is now in a position to do better work than he has ever done before because the first two years of a congressman's service are in great measure years of probation and scrutiny. He has passed that period and will hereafter become one of the recognized leaders from the nothwest. His action on all questions has been charaterized by conservatism and good judgment. His position on the tariff question is the position that would be taken by any intelligent man in his situation. He counted the cost carefully, and did what seemed the wisest thing for the benefit of his constituents, As one of the republican adherents he could obtain many advantages for the First district which otherwise could not have been secured, His vote and successful work for a lower tariff on binding twine materials and free sugar shows that his first thought was for the benefit of his district. To have done more would have been to butt his head against a stone wall and sacrifice many other advantages equally as important to northwestern farmers as a lower tariff. There is no part of the district in which his intelligence and clear-headed regard for our interests is not conceded. His second term will be prolific of even better things for his constituents than the first. It is correct to speak of his second term as a settled fact, because it is such. It it as certain as any future event can be. There are too many thoughtful, independent voters in the Fifth district for his defeat to be a possibility. It will be to the advantage of Otter Tail county particularly to see that his vote is increased not diminished, for he has in all ways shown himself our friend, and will continue to do so if he is permitted by our conduct toward him.

"Always in Front"

Both in point of time and merit, can be said for "Peterson." The October number is splendid. One of the engravings gives the portrait of a popular poetess, and illustrations are numerous and good in quality. There is a complete novelet by M. G. McClelland called "The Watch of the Big Heart Lode" which is the most dramatic and interesting of her stories that we have ever seen. "An Unforseen Crisis" by Frank Lee Benedict opens in a spirited fashion. There is a capital sketch by Lucy H. Hooper. The shorter stories are all good, and so is the poetry, among which is a little gem from Minna Irving. "Successful Moving" is an article to interest every housekeeper, and the paper on "Ferns" will be welcome to all who indulge in window winter gardening. The fashion department is rich in fine plates showing novel costumes for fall wear. Fresh improvements are contemplated for the coming year, which will make "Peterson" more attractive than ever. Terms Two dollars a year. Address Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Fergus Falls Weekly Journal: Congressman Comstock did not attend the convention which nominated him. Work at Washington prevented him. His regard for duty is in sharp contrast to those members of the house who have been absent half the session setting up the pins for their own selfish advantage. The district will remember it.

Wabasha Herald: The coroner's jury which acted in the case of Frank Netzer, who was killed in a cable car accident in Chicago, returned a verdict censuring the car company, and placed the blame on the employes of the company. Mrs. Netzer will commence an action for damages unless the matter can be satisfactorily settled between the company and her. She expects to be able to collect large damages.

Fisher Bulletin: Mr. W. M. Skinner, who has been trying for the past two years to find the will left by his father, who died in England several years ago, was rewarded for his search by receiving from the probate Judge of the court of Exeter, England, a copy of the will, last Friday, which makes him heir to £1200. Mr. Skinner contemplates a trip to the old country this fall to claim his heritage. We are very glad that Mr. Skinner has been so fortunate in this matter. He has two brothers and two sisters who will receive like amounts.

Princeton Union: And Sol. Comstock was renominated, of course. Everybody knew he would be and it was right, Seldom has a district had a more faithful representative than the great Fifth of Minnesota. And he has been extremely fortunate too in matters of legislation. It is said that the bills he has got through will result in distributing about $800,000 of government money in that district. Well, that is a help, A great deal of it will stay there and neary every man will be benefited by it. Oh, yes, the Fifth will do well to return Comstock and Republicans seem to be well aware of it.

The Alliance's Mission.

Minneapolis Jurnal.

This is said to be an "off year" in politics; but it is not much of an "off year" as that term is usually understood; for it is the first year in which the Farmer's Alliance has so solidly massed its forces against the old parties, those forces having now swollen to nearly 4,000,000 members. It is a far more formidable movement throughout the country than was the Prohibition new departure, for it draws votes from old parties, is more aggressive, and does not interfere with personal habits or inclinations. The Farmer's Alliance is a new element in politics which, with several impracticable features, yet means legitimate business sufficiently to make congressmen and senators revise their opinions and hustle around vigorously to get in touch with the Alliance men.

This vast organization, if maintained a year or two, will inject a decided element of uncertainty into the calculations of the old parties. The Alliance will never be a dominant political party, because it is made up of a class and proposes class legislation; but its work will be to lift politics out of the old ruts and make new issues for the older parties to array themselves upon. It promises to be the solvent of the Solid South problem, and do more than all the reconstruction acts and force bills assumed to do, in bringing about the desired accord between the sections.

There can be no "off year" in politics with the Alliance in motion. Its strongest feature is the unmistakable demand for tariff reform. Not all the sophistry of the advocates of the McKinly bill, protesting that the new tariff is "the farmer's tariff," has deceived the alliance. In platform after platform, the demand is reiterated for tariff revision in the interest of the nation. The influence of the alliance in this direction is very great. It will inevitably work a healthful change in the tariff system, removing the extreme, selfish, one sided, unpopular features and giving us a tariff devised on the true American system which is protection to native industry and labor without elevating the manufacturers into a selfish guild of monopolists.

Grand Forks Daily Herald: Joe Roberton, a farmer residing near Mallory had a singular misfortune yesterday. Mr. Roberton was drawing water from a well and accidentally toppled over, falling a distance of forty feet. There were five feet of water in the well at the time. No one was present when Mr. Roberton fell and it was fully half an hour afterwards before his predicament was discovered. Mr. Roberton's injuries were comparatively slight—a broken leg—condering the distance he fell.

Value of Independence.

West Duluth Sun: That it would be better for the state and better for the nation were there independence enough to make either party fear the results of wrong doing, is not to be questioned. Both of the great parties have too many members whose allegiance to the party is blind to the people's interests, and who will, to use a common expression, vote for the party if the devil were in the lead; for it is such allegiance that permits, nay encourages the political crimes too often committed by the mrjority party. If the balance of power could be placed in the hands of citizens who would be guided in all matters political by their devotion to country, and not to party, it would be a blessing indeed.

A Relentless Foe.

Selected: "It may seem strange, but is nevertheless true, that alcohol regularly applied to the thrifty farmer's stomach will remove the boards from the fences, let the cattle into his crops, kill his fruit trees, mortgage his farm, and sow his fields with wild oats and thistles. It will take the paint off his building, break the glass out of the windows and fill them with rags. It will take the gloss from his manners' subdue his reason, arouse his passions bring sorrow and disgrace upon his family, and topple him into a drunkard's grave. It will do this to the artisan and capitalist, the matron and maiden, as well as to the farmer, for in its deadly enmity to the human race alcohola is no respecter of persons."

An Iniquitous Mortgage.

Kan. Farmer: A land mortgage as framed and operated in some of the western states must have had for its author no less a personage than the devil, and must have been sent forth by him among men to blight, rob and distroy, driving families from once happy homes, hopeless and penniless, and pursuing them relentlessly for years after, ever ready to grab what they may acquire. A love for equity and justice had no place in the mind that formulated the loan-company land mortgage, with its coupon interest notes and its "cut-throat" clauses. The laws which have legalized it, and which provide for its collection and foreclosure, are a disgrace to a civilized people.

Emancipate Industry.

Lyman Abbot: "So long as there are women in cities who buy their food only by selling their womanhood, so long as there are men in the rich coal fields of Illinois that must stand without, shivering at the door with pick in hand and muscle ready for work, while wealth locks the coal field up against them and against a shivering population; so long as in the iron fields of Pensylvania men are working twelve hours a day, with no time even to court their wives or kiss their children, so long my hand and my heart are enlisted in any and evey movement that gives fair promise for the emancipation of man by the emancipation of industry."

MINNESOTA

State Normal Schools

—AT—

WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.

(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.

(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.

(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

Irwin Shepard, Winona.
Edward Searing, Mankato.
W. B. Mitchell, Director, St. Cloud.
Livingstone C. Lord, Moorhead.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods, None Finer in the Northwest.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN.

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

6

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

Ives & Hatlestad,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-43]

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern, and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. Teasdale,
Gen'l Passenger Agent St. Paul.

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., SEPT. 18, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m

The Reason Why.

By J. A. Tetts, in National Economist.

Every body knows that of all classes of men the producer pays a higher price for the pleasures and comforts of life than any other. When I say producer I mean the man who by muscular power drags forth from nature's storehouse the elements that go to make a distinction between the comforts of civilization and the meagre necessities of barbarism. The man who guides the plow through seed time and gathers through the harvest; who digs from the bowels of the earth the iron ore, the coal, or anything else that adds to comfort for humanity, is a producer. The mechanic, the lumberman, the weaver, the seamstress, the dairyman, the stock raiser, are all producers. Again I say that of all classes of men the comforts and luxuries of life cost most to the producer. Why? Let us investigate a little. In primitive America every farm and village contained all the elements that went to make up the comforts and most of the luxuries of the inhabitants. As time went on men began to see that specialism was more sensible than universalism. So far as production went Thomas Jones was better as a wheelright than as a farmer, so Thomas went to making wagons and depended for his farm products on his neighbors, who were better farmers that he. Jack Brown made such a poor job at blacksmithing that he concluded that he had better hire Bill Smith to make his plows and pay him for them in corn and potatoes. So the division of labor brought better results, but with it was developed a class who were destined to be a great trouble to all concerned. This was the distributing class. Thomas Jones and Bill Smith were capable of making more plows and wagons than were needed by their neighbors, so they had to find a market for their products. This set on foot the class who distribute or find a market for the surplus produced. So long as Tom Jones and Bill Smith and Jack Brown could make and do their own trading all went well, because if Bill Smith charged high for blacksmithing Jack Brown could charge more for his corn and potatoes and keep even with him; but when it came to disposing of the surplus there arose a difficulty, Tom Jones had to take for his wagons whatever Peter Thompson, the speculator, chose to give him. Peter Thompson was a sharp trader and at first brought to Tom Jones and Bill Smith good returns for their labor, and they prospered and were well pleased. Jack Brown also employed him to dispose of his surplus corn and potatoes. As time went on each narrowed the field of his labors, until the lrrger part of his product became a surplus to the neighborhood, and Peter Thompson came more and more into demand, and by his shrewdness he made for himself a good living by the exchange and sale of the products of his neighbors, until he came to be looked upon as the most important man in the community. If any one of the people wanted anything not made or raised in the neighborhood Peter Thompson would always supply it from somewhere else.

As the country developed the idea of specialism developed with it, and one point devoted its almost entire attention to manufacturing; another to grain growing, another to cotton planting, and so on. This more widely separated the different classes of actual producers, and called into use more extensively the class represented by our friend Peter Thompson. As continued progress was made toward developing the agricultural, mining and manufacturing interests of our country the Peter Thompson system was too simple to suit the tastes and ambitions of the class he had represented with so much honor to himself, and use to his friends. This class began to reason that they were the more intelligent, and were in a position to make themselves more useful to themselves. They soon inaugurated numerous systems that required much money, and they saw the opportunity to do more for themselves than they had been doing, and what they consider a fair week's pay for their wonderful services a poor farmer or mechanic whose produce they handle would be glad to get for a half year's hard labor. While this class do not mine the gold or precious stones, they handle them from the first, and all that is of value is appropriated thet they dare to appropriate. While the working men could meet on equal terms and exchange product for product, they could keep the wealth they produced between them in their own hands, but now since this cumbrous system of exchange and distribution has taken full possession of the channels of trade the simple producer is lost sight of in the scramble for possession of his wealth. Poor Thomas Jones now no longer makes wagons and trades for corn, pork and potatoes with farmer Jack Brown. Bill Smith still makes plows, and Jack Brown still buys them, but they have moved so far apart that the plow that he used to get two bushels of corn for now only brings him a peck—it takes so much labor for young Mr. Pierre Thomasson to bring the corn to him that he must have the other seven pecks to remunerate him for his services—that is, remunerate him and his co-laborers. Jack Brown gets the plow but he now has to pay three bushels of corn for it, so that Thompson & Co. must have the two extra bushels to remunerate them for having it carried through the progressive civilization system of mercantile distribution, While Jones and Brown are daily growing poorer, the managers and employees of the distributive system are daily growing richer. The produce of Brown that used to make comfort his and Jone's families is now divided, and the lion's share goes to the distributor. The luxuries that the working man produces are taken from the class in the process of distribution. A very good illustration of the system is this: A is the owner of a cow, M is the owner of a churn; A must have butter; he hands B the pail of milk after milking and tells him to pass it on to M to have it churned as he wants butter, and B passed it to C after taking a cupful, C passes it to D after taking a cupful, and so on though E. F. G. H. I. J K. and L. M churns the remainder, takes his remuneration and starts the remainder back through the hands of L. K. J, I. H. G. F. E. D. C. B. and finally A gets probably the empty vessel. This is about the system we, the working men, have allowed thrust upon us through the class we call the distributor. Until we get nearer together, and shorten the distance between the producer and the consumer, we need not hope for permanent relief. All the money in the world divided among the working poor of our country would not keep them from being poor twenty years hence if the same system of distribution remain in vogue. A large number of men and a large amount of money are necessary to handle the produce of American labor, but as the matter now stands the surplus left from a special producer will not market itself and purchase his necessities, in which he comes up with a deficiency.

A produces 1,000 bushels of corn. He needs 800 for his own use; 700 bushels are a surplus. He needs sugar, molasses, clothing, and other thing. This 700 bushels will not appear in the market in which he has to purchase these things at half its value, because it will take over half its value to pay cost of delivery in a market where there is a deficiency. In the market where rice, sugar and molasses are a surplus corn is in demand, but it takes a great deal of the surplus to buy a little of the deficiency. In the exchange of these two surpluses and the supplying these two deficiencies is where there the distributing class, who should be a blessing, become a curse. They toll both ways. They toll the milk as it is going to the churn and they toll the butter and buttermilk on its return. They fatten while A and M grow lean. A represents the agriculturalist, M the mechanic; B. C. D. E. etc., represent the tollgates that stand between them and rob both of all the wealth they produce. Let us take a little spell at figuring. Since the war there has been produced in the South one hundred and sixty-two million and a half bales of cotton at $50 per bale, which is too low an estimate. This would amount to seven billion dollars. How much of this seven billion remains on the farms that produce it? But very little of it. On over half of the farms of the South diversfied farming is practiced to some extent, which shows that this almost incalculable wealth was not consumed by those who created it. Some parts of the South are wealthier then previous to the war, if the press tells the truth, but this is owing more to imported capital than created wealth remaining. Go to the cities and you see where it has partly lodged in course of transit. Go to the manufacturing cities and the speculative centers of the North and East and you will see where much more of it exists. It passes out of the hands of the cotton planter, and in many cases he yet owes for part of the necessities he consumed while creating it. It is not only so of the South and her cotton fields; it is so of the West and her grain fields. Her stock farms are equally as bleak a picture. Where wealth and comfort are produced the producers have only poverty and are bankrupt. Why? Because the producer are too far apart; the lines of distribution are too long; the opportunities for fraud and robbery are too great. The great army of middle men look upon the producer as only their legitimate prey. They are the eagle who sits upon the tree top watches the fishhawk. The producer is the fishhawk. When he catches a fish the eagle swoops down on him and takes the fish. Peter Thompson was a friend and useful neighbor to Tom Jones, Bill Smith, and Jack Brown, but from him sprung a race who are like the Bedouins of the desert, who rob the honest caravan. Some narrow minded, short sighted people advise the farmer to live at home. These would have the farmer's wife spin and weave the family clothing; have the Southern farmer trying to grow three dollars worth of wheat where ten dollars worth of cotton would surely grow; trying to raise sugar and rice where it is almost too cold for cotton, and where it would not be certain to mature seed. I am well satisfied with the distribution of agriculture. The North and West each grow wheat and raise pork cheaper than we can and we can raise cotton, sugar and rice cheaper than they can; and the men who make cloth, shoes, plows and wagons can make them cheap enough. The trouble lies in the robbery between producer and consumer. Let us all work to bring the different classes of producers closer together and try to keep the wealth we create more in our own hands. The labor in the field ought to be a friend to the labor in the factory and the mine, The labor in the cotton field ought to be a friend to the labor in the grainfield. The sugar raiser should be a friend to all, for all consume his product and he consumes a part of each of theirs. They ought to unite to crush off the leeches that are sucking the life blood of all, and then we could see where more of the wealth we produce remains with us.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Forthern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands alond the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Hunting, Fishing.	Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stockraisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	G. N R. L

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

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All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesotais, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent St. Paul.

HOME SEEKERS EXCURSIONS.

The attention of our readers is called to the low round trip excursions on the Great Northern Railway, Sept. 9th Sept. 23d and Oct. 14th. Persons who have friends in the East who have written about coming or ever expressed a desire to visit this country, should be informed of this chance. Tickets can be had at all principal offices of eastern, central and southern lines, connecting with the Great Northern at St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior or Duluth. Ask your eastern friends to call and see their nearest ticket agent, or write to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul. Let us all unite in an effort for new growth and development.

Great Remnant Sale!

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Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of

BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be uplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Aug. 9, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on Sept. 30th, 1890, viz: FRANCOIS PAGE, D. S. 10,689, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Fred Benoit, Fortuna Benoit, Pierre Dulude and Leon Charron, all of Gentilly, Polk County, Minn.

[17-22] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—
NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,—BEST,—QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points turoughont the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent St. Paul. Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication August 14, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDWIN P. CAPEN AND MATTIE C. Capen, his wife, of Polk County. State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited), of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of June 20th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: All of fractional Section 3, Township 149, Range 47 west, containing 652 96-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 26 of mortgages, on pages 480 to 483 inclusive; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of ninety-four and 40-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-eight hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[17-23] Crookston, Minn.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

(First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Anna A. Beck, plaintiff, against Paul Bataglia, Elizabeth Bagtalia, and the Luger Furniture Company, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fifth day of August, A. D., 1890, a certified transcript of which has been duly delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Polk County aforesaid, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Monday, the thirteenth day of October, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, lying and being situated in the county of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eighteen, (18,) in block number sixteen, (16,) of the townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
SPRY & HARVEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[18-24] Minneapolis, Minn.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Liver, Feed and Sale Stables,
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceries and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.

ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

KEEPING STILL
—AND—
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!
AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.
Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at
STURE'S STORE
Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!
Stewart & Spottswood,
—WILL SELL YOU—
Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 "
Milk Cans at 50 cents.
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.
Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Scythe and Snath 1.25
Screen Doors at 1.00
Large stock of Mixed Paints.
Cook Stoves and General Hardware.
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD, CROOKSTON, MINN

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - - Minn.
Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.
CALL AND SEE US.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch......	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches....	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches....	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches....	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches....	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
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Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The National Farmers Congress.

The National Economist.

The tenth annual meeting of this body at Council Bluffs, Iowa, was largely attended. A number of interesting papers were read, one on the political obligations of farmers, by Alonzo Wardall, of Huron, S. D., showing something of the animating feeling in the farmer's movement in the great Northwest:

We have gathered from the four quarters of the country to counsel together as to the best methods of conducting our business, and to learn by each other's experience that we may profit by our successes, and guard against a repetition of our failures. And it is well that we should thus meet. Each year adds to our store of knowledge, and should render us more useful and helpful to each othor.

I have been asked to present a few thoughts upon the political obligations of the farmer, which I shall do from a purely non-partisan standpoint, and although written especially for the farmer, they are applicable to every man who follows an industrial occupation. Two-fifths of the voters in the United States are directly engaged in agriculture (and the other three-fifths are as directly interested in the welfare of the agriculturist). Four-fifths of the taxes of the nation are paid by the farmer and our interests extend to every county and township. Our products enter into nearly all the commercial transactions, furnishing 80 per cent of our vast export trade, and the raw material for many of the manufacturers that contribute to the prosperity of the people are furnished by us. The immense carrying trade of our railroads, aggregating in freights and fares for the year 1889, nearly a billion of dollars, is mainly dependent upon agriculture. In the role of commerce, a generous portion of our imports must also be credited to the farmer. In a political way he easily holds the balance of power in the nation, while in many of the States he has an actual working majority. He is intelligent, patriotic, conservative, frugal, temperate, law abiding, home making and home loving. The primary prosperity of the country rests upon his success. Crime, vagrancy, pauperism, idleness, vice, are at a minimum with him. The country undoubtedly owes a great debt of gratitude to its rural population; but here comes the question. Who constitute the country? Are not the farmers, themselves, component parts of the that same country, and does not the possession of numbers, power, wealth, and other deep and important interests with it a corresponding responsibility? Are we not citizens? And does not that entail upon us certain duties that we have no right to neglect? Possessing as we do such vast interests that must be controlled under our form of government by political action, are we fulfilling our duty, if through indifference we fail to study and practice political as well as scientific agriculture? There exists, and no well informed man will question it, however he may differ from my conclusions as to the remedy, a grievous and disastrous agricultural depression in nearly every portion of the union; farming has ceased to reward the husbandman as it was wont; his debts increase, and his debt paying ability steadily decreases. Dissatisfaction and unrest pervade the land.

For generations prior to tne war, the American farmer was the peer, socially, politically and financially of any class in the land. Slowly but surely he grew with the country; as the national domain broadened by opening up new States, so his acres increased. His children grew to manhood and womanhood, and settled contentedly upon new farms, and added their share toward the general progress of the country. Socially either at home or abroad, he was respected and self-respecting. Politically, he filled creditably the position of President, Senator, Congressman Judge, Governor, Cabinet and Foreign Minister, State and county office to the full extent his numbers and interest entitled him. The country prospered; strikes were rare; tramps unknown, and the Breærian-armed mortgage flourished not. Then came the war and a new order of things. While the patricoti farmer boys were at the front, shoulder to shoulder, with their town and city brothers fighting for the land they loved, because it was their very own, a set of politicians managed to secure the reins of Government, and by bold chicano and secura intrigue, by golden arguments and treacherous falsehoods, have held it for five and twenty years, and to-day mark the change. Have we a farmer President? No. Have we farmer Senators? Two out of eighty-four. Have we farmer Representatives? Fifteen out of three hundrad and thirty. Judges? Unheard of. Governors? Rarely. Control of State legislatures? Very seldom. Has the country grown? Very rapidly; population doubled; wealth wonderfully increased. How is it with the farmer, has his numbers increased with the increase of population? Yes. Have his acres increased in proportion? No. Has his wealth increased in just proportion? No; far from it. In 1850, he owned 70 per cent of the property of the United States; in 1880, 33 per cent: and it is almost certain that the census of 1890 will reduce that to 15 or 20 per cent? Has he been relieved of a proportionate share of taxes? Ah, no. In 1860, he paid 80 per cent; and in 1885, 80 per cent; that is one blessing he still enjoys unmolested. Are his sons taking warning by their fathers mistakes, and seeking to better their conditian? Yes; by leaving the farm and flocking to the already overcrowded cities. The only crop that seems to flourish and succed on every kind of soil, always commanding a high price, without danger of overproduction, so far as the market is concerned, seems to be the imported, high bred, real estate mortgage at 7 per cent interest and 3 per cent bonus, and the mongrel domestic, half savage, cross grained chattel mortgage at 10 per cent interest and 10 per cent bonus renewable every 60 days or until death. Like the Russian thistle and the English sparrow, the crop of mortgages have wonderfully increased the past few years, until it has become a question of their overthrow, or the delivery of the land into their possession. The increase of mortgage indebtedness is particularly alarming; more than doubling in the State of Illinois and Indiana since 1880; Illinois increasing from 204,000,000 in 1880 to 416,000,000 in 1887; 103 per cent in seven years, and nearly every Western and Southern State is in a similarly unfortunate condition. Farm property has been steadily decreasing in value for the yast fifteen years. The remarkable spectacle is presented of a country growing rich with great rapidity, while the mass of the people who produce all the wealth are steadily growing poorer. A prominent economic writer states that in 1889, 5,200,000 men and women in these United States worked for an average of less than $200 each for the entire year, and I assert without fear of successful contradiction that the average farmer does not receive $300 per year net for the labor of himself and family. When he contrasts this meagre income, out of which he must feed, clothe and educate his family, pay his taxes, interest on his mortgage, (no hope of meeting the principal,) with the millions harvested by single individuals or corporations annually, and from the very products he helps raise, small wonder that he complains, and less wonder that he begins to look about him for the cause of all this, and a remedy therefor. The result has been inquiry, agitation, education on economic lines, organization for self help and co-operative assistance, and after long consultation, thoughtful men have become satisfied that the only hope for the farmer is to demand a radical change in the system of vicious class legislation that has grown and flourished in the past quarter of a century.

They believe that our legislation is controlled in the interests of Wall street and the national banks; that our curency has been contracted until it is insufficient for the successful and profitable of our commerce; that our railroads and our telegraphs, being public necessities, should be run by the government in the interest of the people; that our rates of interest are unnecessarily high; that corporations and combines for the manifest purpose of enhancing unduly the costs of the necessities of life are against public policy and should be prohibited; that taxation is unequal, the greater the wealth, as a rule, the less proportionate tax paid. (In 1850 the total estimated valuation of all property in the United States was $7,135,000,000, which was assessed for taxation at $6,024,000,000, while in 1880 it was valued at $43,642,000,000 and taxed at $16,902,0000,000, of which in both instances land paid full 80 per cent, leaving the necessary inferece that banking, railroad and corporate wealth generally must have evaded taxation). That our farms and the public domain are rapidly and surely being absorbed by corporations and alien landholders, thus threatening the stronghold of American liberty, the free, independent farmer and home owner; that our votes are being debauched in the interests of monopoly by intimidation or bribery; that the American saloon, that foul octopus whose hydro head, upreared in every hamlet, brings sorrow, discord and destruction, and whose slimy arms would drag down every virtue and strangle every industry, has become a dangerous factor in politics as well as morals; that one-half of our citizens, and they the best, purest, and most law abiding, our own true wives and mothers, are deprived of the rights guaranteed them by our great charter that says "All just governments derive their powers from the consent of the governed."

In view of all these things, and many more that might be enumerated, that can only be remedied by state and national legislation, it becomes evident that the farmer must wake from this Rip Van Winkle sleep of the last twenty-five years, during which time he has been voted by his party bosses like so many automations, and if perchance he flared feebly up and threatened to assert himself the bloody shirt was flapped in his face, the straw man yelped, tariff was pounded more vigorously than ever and the party lash, wielded by skillful and unsrupulous hands, kept the party line intact and the boodlers and vultures son hung to their prey.

But at last, thank God, the morn is breaking; like a great tidal wave the Farmers' Alliance has been growing, that cradle of patriotism and intelligence swells high above partisan protest and hatred one united demand for

1. More money; issued direct to the people by the government, at a low rate of interest, without the intervention of national banks.

2. Government ownership of railroads and telegraphs; and that they be run in the interest of the people and at actual cost.

3. The restoration of all unearned land grants to the public domain and provisions made to prevent the securing or holding of large tracts of land by aliens or corporations.

The uniform decision is that we must send representative men to the legislature to give us these reforms. We believe that a legislature composed of one or two classes can not, will not and should not be expected to understand and provide equally for all other interests. (Our legislatures, as a rule, are composed of a strong majority of lawyers and bankers, thus giving to those two classes, the smallest numerically, the absolute veto power of all legislation.) We must exercise good common sense on this as well as other subjects, and if we want work done do it ourself and not send a substitute who neither understands nor cares for the situation.

There are two ways of acomplishing this object first by organizing an Independent Reform Party, with specific objects in view, plainly set forth in the platform, and with representative farmers and laborers nominated to carry them out. This a large number of the States are doing with a strength and enthusiasm that is causing the old parties no little uneasiness and bids fair to replace many a corporation attorney or national banker in Congress with a representative of the people. Second, by asserting our strength and possessing ourselves of the old party machinery and putting true men to the fore on a platform recognized our demands and condemning the failures of the past, and particularly pledging them to ignore party caucus (that grave of good intentions) whenever the people's interest and our specific demands are at stake, otherwise we shall gain nothing, as a partisan, be he ever so true and honest is but a tool of the designing managers of his party, who are pledged body and soul to our enemies, the monopolists. Where neither Independent party nor pledged candidates are in the field, we urge every farmer and laborer to see to it that a series of questions, including the demands of the Alliance as outlined here, be publicly propounded to the candidates of both parties and a full and positive answer demanded, and where a refusal is made, defeat them if you can. Every farmer should register a solemn vow that with him principle shall be stronger than party, and men be better than platforms. Organize yourselves for protection and education; respect yourselves and honor your calling. Leave the lawyers and bankers at home for a time, and strive to secure legislation for the masses and not the classes.

Blaine's Lead.

Toledo Blade.

In 1888, James G. Blaine, in a letter from Europe, gave the keynote of success in the presidential and congressional elections of that year. In his plan of reciprocity, he has done the same thing for 1892. There is, doubtless, in the minds of some other prominent republicans, an envious sting, that they did not have that marvelous prescience, that comprehensive grasp of the whole situation, to evolve the plan instead of Blaine; but the tremendous favor with which it is received all over the country has shown them, if they ever doubted it, that Blaine has again asserted his sagacious statesmanship by indicating the only true and safe line of national policy.

Hence they are coming into line in support of the idea. Senator Sherman followed the lead by his resolutions for reciprocity with Canada. His proposition is, when Canada will admit free coal from this country, that we shall admit Canada coal free; and that the president shall have power to appoint a commission to formulate a plan for the extension of our reciprocal relations whenever Canada shall signify her willingness to appoint a similar one; and that the result of their joint labors shall be reported to the president and be by him communicated to congress for its action.

Mr. Sherman's method of beginning is a safe one. Canada does not mine as much coal as she consumes. Her principal mines are in Nova Scotia, and are nearer to a great part of New England than the Pennsylvania coal fields are. That part of the Dominion along the great lakes is much nearer our Pennsylvania and Ohio coal fields than to the Nova Scotia mines. Hence, reciprocity in the matter of coal will harm neither country's coal mining industry. It will give New England people a closer source of supply, and hence at lower freight rates; it will do the same for the Canadians along the lakes, and westward to Vancouver. And we shall sell more coal to Canada than she will sell to us.

Nor can Mr. Sherman be accused of copying from Ben Butterworth and Erastus Wiman, who have been talking of reciprocity with Canada for several years. These gentlemen advanced an abstract proposition; they wanted reciprocity, but had formulated no plan for obtaining it. Mr. Sherman comes to the front with a business proposition, whose merits or demerits can be at once ascertained and discussed. The tariff issue is certain of settlement in the minds of the practical masses, now that it has been put on a business basis and the free trade doctrinaires of the Mills and Hurd School will find their occupation gone.

National Economist: U. B. Guinn, of Nance, N. C., sends a telegram clipped from a daily paper, telling that the banks of Kansas City and a few other Missouri points are overwhelmed with silver coin, which they are shipping to the sub-treasury at St. Louis to exchange for silver notes, paying an express charge of $1 for each $1,000 so shipped. He concludes: "This statement rather staggers a financial dunderhead. If silver coin is such a drug as therein stated, it's hard to understand how the free coinage of silvea is going to help matters in the way of making money more plentiful by its circulation or distribution, for according to this statement, the greater the quantity of silver coined the more it will be disgorged from the banks back into the Treasury to be exchanged for silver notes. If the banks become so overwhelmed with silver coin that they have to return it to the Treasury, I don't see how a flexibility of the currency is to be effected by unlimited silver coinage, nor by what process it can get into circulation. If such is to be the fate of unlimited coinage why not issue Treasury notes and be done with it." One of the gold-bug arguments in the late silver discussion was that the fashionable shoppers in Macy's New York store refused cart-wheel dollars in change, evidencing the unpopularity of siver. Paper is certainly preferable to any kind of metal as a currency. The great significant fact, however, stares the people in the face, that the bonded debt is payable in coin, and in failing to provide coin preparations are being laid for a "corner" which will compel an issue of bonds to extend the public debt when it becomes due. Why not cease silver coinage? Because, by virtue of manipulation of public debt, neither Treasury notes nor silver certificates are full legal tender. Perhaps the banks, the holders of bonds, help create this impression of the unpopularity of the "dollar of our daddies."

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street, for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl Crookston, Minn. 14-tf

It Looks Like Business.

And you will thin so, too, if you visit my Store and Examine the

GRAND AND ELEGANT DISPLAY OF Silverware, CLOCKS and JEWELRY.

I also carry a complete line of Albums, Work Boxes, Music Boxes, Stationery, Etc., Etc., and guarantee to give the

GREATEST BARGAINS IN THIS CITY

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Re-polished at reasonable prices. All work warranted.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star,
Fife,
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance.........$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest.......... 80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years.........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest..........$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of.......... 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years.......... 1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest..........$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years.... 1000 00
Total..........$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HAYLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
180-481

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., SEPT. 25, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard. 85.
1 Northern 80.
2 Northern 75.
3 Northern 72.

Gorton's minstrels on Oct. 13.

Several threshing machines were running last Sunday.

All sizes of the Radiant Home base burner, at STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD'S.

James O. Hovland, republican candidate for sheriff, was in the city on Tuesday.

Charlie Rauch came down from Fosston on Thursday of last week returning on Tuesday.

Lovely weather for threshing this week. Farmers have been taking advantage of it.

Conductor Copeland took his friends out to Maple Lake last Saturday for a few days outing.

Ladies, call at the millinery shop of Mrs. and Miss. Minnie Bailey and look over the fine new stock.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

O. H. Lucken and T. G. Thompson went to the Pembina mountains last week on a bit of a hunting trip.

The farmers have no money to import big speakers, or to pay brass bands but they have justice on their side.

Dr. and Mrs. Denniston were called upon to part with one of the twin babes. It died the latter part of last week.

We have about 100 second hand stoves of most every description for sale very low. We are anxious to close them out. STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

The Crookston Fire Department are trying to get the Italian band from Winnipeg to play at their annual ball in October.

Mrs. Coykendall, Mr. I. U. Jennings' sister, who has been visiting with him some weeks, expects to leave for Tacoma on Friday.

The addition to the McKinnon block begins to show what it will look like when finished. It will be an ornament to Robert street.

Mrs. John Wentworth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ira D. Blanchard, died last week of typhoid fever. She leaves a babe about one year old.

A Mr. Basset arrived from Canada last week with a fine sorrel trotting stallion. The animal looks like an English Coach, and is a good stepper.

Call and see the new goods we have on our 5, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cent counters. Some great bargains to be had. STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

A big Alliance rally was held at Fertile last Saturday night. Among the many eloquent speakers present was J. G. McGrew who comes out strong for the Alliance cause.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

Mr. Johnson, who was visiting Mr. Thos. Hunt last week, says wheat in the vicinity of Brandon is a magnificent crop this year, and was not injured by frost as reported not long since.

M. W. Peterson was up from Garden on Tuesday chatting with friends. He says that Garden is solid for Owen for governor. Garden is not the only town in Polk County that feels that way.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

Dr. A. A. Just has got located in his new quarters in the McKinnon block, where he is as snug as a bug in a rug, ready to greet all his friends with that placid smile. Call and see him at the new office.

Pete Cornelius informs THE JOUANAL that he has threshed out 10,000 bushels of oats and barley and will commence to pound out wheat to-day. We hope his wheat pile will equal the oats and barley yield.

Mrs. S. H. Barteau returned on Monday morning from the W. C. T. U. convention at Minneapolis. The papers speak of the convention as the "finest body of earnest women ever gathered together in the state."

Fred Chapin went to Devil's Lake on Friday to take his engine, after a month's vacation, during which time he has become a full-fledged benedict. Mrs. Chapin will remain in the city awhile, probably during the winter.

The Alliance has placed the name of Adolph Biermann, democratic nominee for State Auditor, upon its ticket, in place of Pat Rahilly, resigned. This nomination will hustle our Mac more than any other combination, but then Mac is a hustler anyhow.

An emissary came up from St. Paul on Saturday for to pour some 'ile' onto the troubled waters, but found the boys using electric lights—at least they're pretty well charged with electricity and don't use 'ile' in their business. Oh, [illegible] fiddle, de banjo am unstrung; no more will you hear de ol' slave singin', when de master cracks de whip an' blows de horn.

A. R. Holston was in from the Falls on Tuesday to attend the committee meeting. Referring to THE JOURNAL'S remark last week about his harvesting, he says his harvesting is all done and he has now started up his threshing machine.

The Alliance has put a strong legislative ticket in the field and now if they stand by their guns they will elect it. With Governor Owen to back it up it will be surprising if a way cannot be found to establish a free and open wheat market.

A. R. Holston's brother-in-law, John Swanson, of Cokato, Minn., has been nominated for the legislature by the republicans of Wright County. A. R. says that he is sorry Mr. Swanson don't know any better than to run on the republican ticket this year.

Jake Francis says the cow-yard under the Seventh street bridge is an unmitigated nuisance and should be abated at once if the people in that neighborhood wish to preserve their health. Says he has complained several times but it does not seem to do any good.

Governor Owen spoke at the St. Cloud fair last week to a large audience. Mr. Owen is not one of your ranting political speakers who pose for effect, but an earnest, upright man engaged in a good cause, and he makes friends wherever he goes. He will continue on the stump during the campaign.

Fred M. Brown, republican nominee for Secretary of State, was in the city on Tuesday, looking the field over. Mr. Brown is a quiet farmer-like man and makes a good impression wherever he goes. We believe he is the best man for the position now in the field, and THE JOURNAL advocates the election of the best men. In this way only can the best interests of the State be subserved.

We sit in our den at midnight when the clock is ticking away, and we think of the cash subscriber, who has wandered in to-day. We con over all the good things that dollar 'n a half will buy, and the joy which the thought brings o'er us gushes forth from our mild blue eye. How often, oh how often, in the days that are to come, do we wish for the subscribers to hustle themselves and come. How often, oh, how often, as the days go moseying past, we would long if that could help it, that this cash down business would last; but, alas! our heart is weary, likewise our pale blue eyes, for few and far between meals comes to us such glad surprise. Yet we sit in our den at midnight, and scratch with stubby pen, and long for the cash subscriber to wander in again, and we think mayhap some delinquent, may want to see our smile, and happen in to-morrow and swell our little pile.—[Ex.

Millinery Opening.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs invites the attention of the Ladies of Crookston and vicinity to the

FALL OPENING, 1890,

on Saturday, October 4th. Having received a large and complete stock of millinery, she is now prepared to meet the wants of the ladies in this line. Call and examine those elegant Pattern Bonnets, Pattern Hats, Fancy Feathers and Millinery Novelties. Remember the place, Second street, two doors east of Sture's store.

The alliance central committee met in Crookston on Tuesday and placed in nomination Will Carlton, of Angus, as candidate for the legislature, in the place of Thos. Erwin. They also endorsed O. L. Hamery as county surveyor. The selection of Will Carlton was a wise one. Mr. C. is an American farmer, a man of liberal education and an old soldier, a member of Col. Cobham Post, of this city. Should he be elected he will fill the bill to the ample satisfaction of all. THE JOURNAL hopes and expects to see him elected.

We are doing a great business in stoves if we do say it ourselves. But how can we help it when we sell such fine stoves at such low prices. The following is what we are selling:

The Radiant Home base burner.
" Kenelworth surface.
" Popular Jewett surface burner.
" Jewett Cook Stoves.
" Original Peninsular cook stove, with drop over door.
" Gold Coin wood heaters.
" Monitor Oak stove—the queen of Oak stoves.
" Radiant Home Range.

Call in and see them.
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

Seven Up.

Red Lake Falls News: An Emardville farmer reports pretty tough luck. Says in the last two years he lost seven horses, and during the past few weeks seven sheep died on his farm besides three families of young pigs, 7 cattle and a calf seven months old, seven chickens and seven pigeons also died, all of the same disease, which is not known to him by name, the animals taking sick and dying suddenly by strangulation. He fears that some supernatural vengeance is visiting him and is strengthened in this conviction by the fact that number "seven" has run through the whole list. If the man is telling straight goods he has our sympathy, but we doubt him.

Beltrami Pointers.

BELTRAMI, Sept. 21, 1890.

On Wednesday next Chas. M. Ohl and his amiable wife will leave for Sharon, Pennsylvania, to take up their permanent residence. He is going into the hardware business. Our town loses one of its best citizens and the republican party one of its staunchest supporters. We join the whole community in wishing him substantial success and happiness in his future home.

Hans Orvilla and wife, of Iowa, are visiting their daughters, Mrs. K. O. Flakne and Mrs. John Thompson.

Dr. Dunlop, D. Jacobus and Sam. Wilkinson were out in the swamp west of here Thursday "fishing" for ducks and geese.

Martin Johnson was thrown from his broncho yesterday and dislocated his shoulder blade. He went to Ada for medical treatment.

If you want to "beat" a farmer these days, all you have to do is to tell him you are an alliance man or believe in their politics.

K. O. Flakne has purchased the Ohl store building on Atlantic avenue.

Farmers who have been carried over by their home merchants for two years and still owe him many dollars, who will pay cash for merchandise to strangers, show at least a very ungrateful spirit. EDNA.

The Ogden Critic, says: Lew Johnson's minstrel troupe appeared last night at the Union Opera House and was receved by a large audience, the house being filled to overflowing. The evening was heartly enjoyed by all. The troupe has been in Ogden every year for four years in succession, and always was a favorite here. It was the judgement of all that this was the best troupe ever brought here. Many of the jokes were quite new and the hits really up to the standard. At the Opera House, Sept. 30th.

Republican County Central Committee.

A. D. Stephens, Crookston, chairman.
A. A. Miller, Crookston.
J. P. Johnson, McIntosh.
Lewis Lohn, Fosston.
Robt. Colter, Mallory.
A. Nelson, Fertile.
K. O. Kigstad, St. Hilaire.
John Watson, Red Lake Falls.
Gunder Krostue, Fisher.

The Farmers' Alliance, Laborers' and Independent Political Club, of Polk County, Minnesota.

Is the name of a new club formed in this city this week and sub-clubs are now being formed in every village in the county. The club held its first meeting on Tuesday evening, nearly 50 signing the constitution. The first regular meeting will be held on Monday evening of next week.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

NOTICE.

On and after this date all bills against the city must be in the comptroller's hands not later than 4 p. m., of the Monday preceeding the stated council meetings. No bills will be audited after that time.

May 2d 1889.
[2-tf] E. W. WILE, Comptroller.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

We have purchased and refitted the Date Place on Maple Lake including all boats, 2 sail boats and 5 row boats, and are now ready to receive customers and respectfully invite a share of the Crookston patronage. Only 2 miles from Mentor station. J. O. BUHN, manager. MOE & BUHN.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place. [18-tf] J. W. HACK.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN'S
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG.
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 60,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

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Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

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Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
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Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

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E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

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105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.
PIANOS, ORGANS
WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $50 to $240 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write for catalogue and prices.
KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

CROOKSTON SHORT HAND SCHOOL,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

If you cannot attend our school, take a course of lessons in Short Hand by mail. We give a full course in Short Hand by mail for $12.00.

POSITIONS FURNISHED OUR GRADUATES.
J. B. LANIGAN, Proprietor.

The Farmer's Movemnt.

Minneapolis Times.

The withdrawal of P. H. Rahilly from the farmer's alliance ticket does not signify that the movement is falling to pieces. It means that Mr. Rahilly would rather take his chances of being elected to the legislature as a farmer than to being defeated for auditor as a farmer. Every politician will understand Mr. Rahilly's position. He wants to succeed immediately. Mr. Owen's aim is a higher and broader one. He wants to bring the farmers of the north and west into line with the farmers of the south in a new party that will be in the control and in sympathy with the agricultural interests of the country. Such a movement is doomed to one or two defeats nodoubt. But one or two defeats did not kill the anti-slavery party, and one or two defeats will not squelch the anti-monopoly movement. Mr. Owen's position as outlined in his letter to the democratic convention is as logical as logic. It asks no man to follow him under a false pretense as that spoils are at hand and the fat of the earth will roll in the path of every voter who supports him. The entire movement, however, does promise an upward and onward trend in politics. The November election may bring decisive results, the battle may be drawn but it will be fought over again. The farmers are in politics this year with malice toward none but with a firm determination to clear the atmosphere of false and flippant issues and bring the old parties sharply face to face with the question. "What do you propose to do for the fundamental industry of this country?"

Owen's Chances.

Minneapolis Times.

The Evening Tribun denies the rumo that Hon. S. M. Owen contemplated withdrawing from the contest for governor on the Alliance ticket. As the rumor originated with the Tribune the denial was quite superfluous. So far from withdrawing Mr. Owen is the most conspicuous figure and the most popular candidate in this campaign. And his strength with the people is growing every day. He improves upon acquaintance. The more the people see of him the better they like him, and the more disposed they are to trust him. He has the faculity of winning friends wherever he goes, not by the ordinary trick of the stump, nor by demogogical appeals to the ignorance and prejudices of the people, but by clear, cogent and instructive discussions of questions that directly interest them, and concern the national welfare of the state. He is a manly man—an educated thoughtful, self-respecting gentleman—who holds his personal honor and his obligations as a citizen above any selfish ambition for office.

The alliance did not nominate Owen in the hope of electing him. In his speech of acceptance he stated that he did not expect to pull through, and he has never claimed that he will be elected. But the political situation is favorable to his candidacy and the cause of which he is so worthy a representative, and is within the range of possibilities that he may divide the vote of the state pretty evenly with the republican and democratic opponents. If W. W. Erwin's figures tally with the facts, Owen has the best of the triangular fight. The astute lawyer's estimate may be a trifle sanguine; but it is plausible and certainly interesting.

Chairman Boyd Appoints the Republican Fifth District Committee

The following are appointed as a Republican district committee for the Fifth congressional district of Minnesota.

C. A. Benson (chairman). St. Cloud; Geo. Spencer, Duluth, A. C. Nelson, Two Harbers; J. J. Howe Brainerd; W. M. Fuller, Little Falls C. J. Gunderson, Alexanderia? B. N. Johnson, Fergus Falls; A. S. Grossfield, Brown's Valley; C. A. Nye, Moorhead; Felix Fournet, Polk county; H. W. Donaldson, Kittson county; G. A. Whitney, Wadena; J. H. Locke, Todd county. R. C. Stevens, Morris; M. S. Converse Becker county.

West Duluth, Sept. 19, 1890.
J. D. BOYD.
Chairman Fifth Congressional convention.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Minneapolis Times: In speaking of the alliance campaign yesterday, a gentleman prominently identified with that movement, said that the greatest source of weakness was its poverty. The other political organization were counting on the lack of means of the alliance to prevent it from thoroughly organizing and conducting a vigorous campaign and the thing most to be feared by the alliance in the event of its developing unexpected strength is the money that will be poured into the other campaigns. The great corporations are watching with unusual interest the growth of the new industrial party and they have already decreed that it must be defeated. The corporations principally interested are the railroads and elevator system. A rigid enforcement of the laws, that are already on the statute books of the state, would curtail their opportunites for making exorbitant profits and the election of the alliance ticket would place in power a railway and warehouse commission which would not stultify itself by winking at the violation of the law and entering into a compact with the railways and elevators to let them alone. For these and other reasons which the gentleman assigned, these corporations stood ready at any moment to contribute almost any sum to the campaign fund of the republican party should the strength of the alliance develop so rapidly as to require any unusual precautionary steps. This is what the alliance leaders fear most, that the monied influence of the state may find it necessary to literally buy Merriam's election at the polls in order to defeat the new party.

Marshall County Leader; Our Republican State Central Committee does not appear to have got on to the band wagon of real modern republicanism. In its recent address to the people it inclines to the waning idea of high protection. This would suit any of the parties in the east that are carried in the breeches pocket of the millionaire manufacturors, but it surely is not in line with the sentiment of the rank and file of any party in the west. The tariff plank enunciated in the platform of the Little Falls Republican convention and upon which our candidate for congress Mr. Comstock must stand without wavering, unless he is a self-confessed political pirate, is good enough for the republicans of the Fifth district, and it certainly does not stand as a shining mark of a strong high-protective feeling here. The Little Falls platform is not an uncertain jingle of words made, to satisfy the demands of all classes of political opinion but is square toed in its demand for a reduction of tariffs to the point necessary for government expense revenues. That is the way the republicans feel up in this part of the country, regardless of what a few professional politicians may profess.

The Alliance Tide Rising.

St. Paul Daily News.

The marked contrast between the reception accorded Mr. Owen, the Alliance candidate for governor, and governor Merriam, the Merriam candidate for re-election, at St. Cloud shows the popular sentiment which is running through the State.

It is in keeping with accounts which reach us from all parts of the State, and though the Daily News has not been one of those sanguine enough to believe that the new movement could win in its first round, it begins to look as though that judgment would have to be revised, and that the election of Mr. Owen is really quite a probability.

The contest as it stands to-day is between Owen and Wilson.

Merriam is out of the race.

Whether the lavish expenditure of money can recuperate his shattered fortunes only time can determine. But it seems very doubtful whether this will be possible.

This is a year when the Meraiam Republicans cannot safely count upon the strength of the regular Republican party being cast for their candidates.

There are two branches to the Republican party in Minnesta, and the Republican party proper is not supporting but is on the other hand rebuking, Gov. Merriam this year.

Merriam Republicans will find themselves in a hopeless minority when the votes are counted in November, and the anti-Merriam Republicans will become the party and take charge of the workings and machinery for the future.

FOR SALE.

My house and lot on Main street for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for farm property. Address Tom Stahl Crookston, Minn. [14-tf

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY.
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON MINNESOTA

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

MINNESOTA
State Normal Schools
—AT—
WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

These schools are organized for the training of teachers for the common schools of the State.

ORGANIZATION.—Each school comprises two departments—the Normal Department and the Training department or Model School. The Normal Department embraces:

(a) An Elementary Course for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.

(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.

(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.

(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

For particulars concerning the several schools send for catalogues to the Presidents as follows:

IRWIN SHEPARD, Winona.
EDWARD SEARING, Mankato.
W. B. MITCHELL, Director, St. Cloud.
LIVINGSTONE C. LORD, Moorhead

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)
1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.
1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.
H. F. BROWN.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and all [illegible] carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

INDEPENDENT
Republican Ticket.

For Governor,
S. M. Owen,
Of Hennepin County.
For Lieut. Governor,
J. O. Barrett,
Of Traverse County.
For Secretary of State,
Fred P. Brown,
Of Faribault County.
For Auditor of State,
Peter J. McGuire,
Of Polk County.
For State Treasurer,
Joseph Bobletter,
Of Brown County.
For Attorney General,
Moses E. Clapp,
Of Ottertail County.
For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
Charles P. Holcomb,
Of Washington County.

CONGRESSIONAL.
For Member of Congress,
Solomon G. Comstock,
Of Clay County.

LEGISLATIVE.
For Senator,
E. E. Lommen, of Polk County.
For Representatives,
B. W. Chesley, of Norman County.
Andrew Thompson, of Norman County.
Wm. Carlton, of Polk County.

COUNTY TICKET.
For County Auditor,
Mathias Cornelius.
For County Treasurer,
Ovid Moreau.
For Sheriff,
James O. Hovland.
For Clerk of the District Court,
Edwin M. Walsh.
For Judge of Probate,
C. O. Christianson.
For Register of Deeds,
James Rosaan.
For County Attorney,
Robert J. Montague.
For County Supt. of Schools,
Thomas Casey.
For County Surveyor,
Geo. Ralph.
For County Coroner,
Henry Shepard.
County Com.—2d District,
Levi S. Myers.
County Com.—4th District,
K. O. Gigstad.

The Times intimates that Henry talks of starting a Wight man's party.

Laboring men, if you would subserve your own interests see that you cast your ballot for S. M. Owen.

Hon. S. G. Comstock voted for the Senate amendment to the tariff bill in the House. Mr. Comstock is an able man, a man of the people as everybody who knows him well knows. He is just the man to represent this District next term.

All of the great corporations, the elevator companies, the milling interests and the railroads oppose S. M. Owen's candidacy for governor. Such a man is a pretty good man for the ordinary mortal to tie to.

Abraham Lincoln was a man whose great heart beat in sympathy with the common people and his best efforts were always made in their behalf. S. M. Owen is just that kind of a man and that kind of republicanism is good enough for us.

Farmers, if you are faithful to your own interests S. M. Owen will be your next governor. You have a leader in whom you may well be proud and if you do your duty by him he will succeed. Remember Wisconsin and let us have a farmer Governor for Minnesota.

Farmers, it lies with you to say whether the evils that exist in the market system shall be corrected or not. The only chance you have lies in the election of S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature. Others are too busy with their own personal schemes to give a thought to the needs of agriculture.

The Litchfield Saturday Review contains an excellent portrait of P. J. McGuire, the future state auditor, and with other good things, says of him; "Mr. McGuire is very popular in his own county and when elected state auditor will no doubt be fully as popular all over the state." Right you are, Mr. Review.

Red Lake Falls News:—"Wouldn't it be a great joke if Owen should be elected?"

Thief River Falls Press:—"It would be a still greater surprise."

And it would be the very best thing that could happen to the State of Minnesota. S. M. Owen is pre-eminently a man of the people and his election will be a victory for the rank and file—the common, every-ay people.

The Republican legislative convention took one step in the right direction by endorsing B. M. Chesley, the Alliance candidate for the House. A most excellent example to follow. The Journal "sees" their "ante" and "raises" it to a 'full band."

And now every scalawag newspaper in this county and legislative district will turn its mud batteries loose upon The Journal, hoping to kick up enough of a dust to blind the eyes of doubtful voters. But it will not avail. Farmers have been fooled too often to be mis-led into voting against their own interests again. They have got their eyes wide open this trip, are doing some good hard thinking in their own behalf, and a mud slinging campaign wont wash. They know that S. M. Owen is not only their true friend but that he is pledged to their interests and they will not be humbugged into voting for any other candidate. Open out your mud-factories.

The Journal has strongly urged the farmers to elect a governor who is in full sympathy with them, one who fully understands their needs, and also a legislature to back him. The schemers in the republican party did not see it to their personal advantage to concede the reasonable demand of the farmers, while the rank and file of the party was in full accord with it. The Journal believes that the welfare of Polk County depends upon the regulation of the wheat market, believes that S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature is the best calculated to obtain this result, and therefore will support the farmers in their efforts to obtain these greatly to be desired results.

In 1885, the farmers of Minnesota, driven to desperation by the exactions of the wheat ring, brought their influence to bear upon the republican party and elected a farmer legislature. By this legislature, a law was passed intended to protect the farmer against the unjust methods of handling his wheat, but the law was not perfect and last fall the farmer found himself laboring under a system that gave him barely the cost of production for his wheat, and so, in looking the field over, he saw that other business interests were subserved and built up by organization; so the Alliance was formed, and as it grew in numbers the farmer saw in countless ways where it was a great advantage to him. He saw that one great defect in the grain law, that had been created for him and for which he pays good hard dollars was, in the method of making the appointments on the Board and under it, whereby the wheat ring secured full control of the making of the grades and operating the law in exchange for political influence to build up some aspiring politician. He then demanded control of the legislature and the election of a governor who would operate the law in the interest of the producing classes as far as it could be done, and not as a stepping stone to further his own political ambition. Upon the issue of the call for the republican State convention, interpreting that call to mean the furthering of the political ambitions of one man regardless of the interests of farmers and producers, the alliance issued a call to its members to meet to consider the question of independent action. The Journal, believing that the farmer could best secure his rights through the old parties by acting in and controlling them, opposed independent action to the best of its ability, foreseeing how easily the end sought could be thwarted by this means, and well-knowing that the rank and file of the republican party were in full and hearty sympathy with the farmer in his efforts to secure equal rights with the shipper in a free and open market. Believing that we were right (and we believe it yet,) we tried to secure the end sought through the republican party. The wish of a majority of the people of Polk County was for the nomination of the Hon. Knute Nelson, but the convention said to the farmers, "no, we will not give you Nelson, whom you consider the best man for the emergency, but we will give you a man whom WE consider just as good." Again, the farmers, considering that those who had been pinched by the system, who knew by experience what it is to raise wheat at an actual loss, were best calculated to represent their interests in the legislature, desired that only farmers should be sent to the legislature, and here again they were met by refusal of their reasonable request. The Journal has not changed its opinion in the least; we said in the start that farmers should send men of their own calling to attend to this important work, and we still insist that this is the proper thing to do. The schemers in the old parties have absolutely refused to recognize the most important issue that is before the people of this state to-day, and the only thing left for every patriotic citizen to do is to vote for the farmers' candidate for governor and the farmers' candidates for the legislature. The farmers have placed in nomination for governor, an able man who is in hearty sympathy with the needs of the hour, a man of broad and liberal views, one who, when the life of the government was threatened, gallantly shouldered his musket and fought in the front ranks of that noble army of freemen, and a man who ever since has fought the monopolist, which is now the greatest foe to American liberty. If every man who feels that the cause of the farmer is a just cause will vote for S. M. Owen he will be the next governor of Minnesota.

Et Tu Brute?

HARRY DISGRUNTLED!

He Climbs Up On that Hat and Reads the

Riot Act.

To the Late Lamented R. C. C.

The Spectator On Deck; Harry at The Bat!

St. Hilaire Spectator.

As an illustrious example of ring rule politics, the Republican County Convention at Crookston last Friday was decidedly successful. The call gave the various precincts in the county 156 delegates, but only 94 votes were cast by about 60 men, many having a number of proxies. Of this number nearly one-half were from the cities and villages, leaving the farmers of the county very poorly represented, considering the great interest heretofore taken by them in former Republican Conventions. The Polk County Political Organization, better known as the Crookston Ring or Banker's Alliance is now in a very prosperous condition, and carried things with a high hand, no one being allowed to be a candidate unless properly countersigned by them. Mr. A. D. Stephens is now Captain General of the organization with Hugh Thompson and John Cromb as active Lieutenents, and P. J. McGuire and Marcus Johnson as silent but effective partners. The Convention last Friday, the majority of which was their personal property, was duly organized by J. J. Armstrong being elected chairman, and we can here state that he served his masters well and is deserving of praise. Great harmony prevailed, and the ring candidates were nominated with but little opposition. Of the candidates nominated the following are residents of Crookston; Auditor M. Cornelius, Clerk of the Court E. M. Walsh, Judge of Probate C. O. Christianson, County Attorney R. J. Montague, Supt. of Schools Thomas Casey, Coroner Henry Shepard, State Senator John Cromb. Ovid Moreau was discovered at Terrebonne and nominated for Treasurer, and James O. Hovland, of the Thirteen Towns, was nominated for Sheriff, James Rosean of Fisher, for Register of Deeds, and Geo. Ralph, of Red Lake Fall, for County Surveyor. Considering the fact that it is reported at Crookston that it will be almost impossible to overcome the opposition and elect the Republican nominees for Sheriff, Treasurer and Register of Deeds, the magnanimity of the ring in having men outside of Crookston nominated for these offices will be readily seen. And it is also rumored that they will be willing election day to trade votes on those offices so that no member of the ring will be defeated. The editor of this paper always has and will support the Republican party, but we do not consider that the late Republican County Convention expressed the true sentiment of the honest Republicans of this county. That there exists a ring in this county which is controlling Republican conventions none can deny. It is also plain to be seen that they are using the party for their own private ends greatly to its damage. In conclusion, we will say to every honest Republican who desires the future success of his party—work for the Rupublican State ticket and Congressman Comstock, and leave the balance of the ticket to be cared for by the ring which has assumed to dictate who shall be the nominees of the Republican party in Polk County.

Rich men all tell you that S. M. Owen cannot be elected. In this case clearly the wish is father to the thought. The Hon. Knute Nelson was once sent to Congress from the Fifth District in spite of Kindred's barrel.

Will Owen Withdraw?

Minneapolis Times.

The Evening Tribune has discovered that S. M. Owen is likely to pull out of the race for governor, and curiously enough it bases its rumor on the fact that the Great West is not friendly to Mr. Owen. If Mr. Owen wished to withdraw from the field he could hardly pull out honorably in the face of such opposition. No man can afford to have it said of him that he ran before a flock of magpies. It would hurt him worse than if he had never started in the race. Mr. Owen is not going to withdraw. He is addressing some of the largest meetings ever held in the state and his appearance is everywhere greeted with enthusiasm from the farmer audiences that he addresses. Does this look like withdrawing? Does the fact that Gov. Merriam has followed the alliance candidate and spoken at every fair Mr. Owen has addressed look as though he believes Mr. Owen was going to withdraw? Mr. Owen is not half as near withdrawing as Gov. Merriam was the day after the Hennepin county delegates to the state convention were elected.

Absolutely Independent.

St. Paul News.

As soon as the Alliance movement was inaugurated the Merriam-Republican papers started the hue and cry that it was a Democratic movement.

We style a portion of the press of the State Merriam-Republican, in contradistinction from Republican papers, which have the independence to act for the best interest of the party regardless of party conventions. Many Republican papers welcomed the alliance movement, but the ones in the class we have named took the ground stated.

Republicans were strenuously urged not to allow themselves to be led into the movement lest they should find themselves in the midst of the Democratic lines.

There was never a more disappointed lot of politicians than were developed when Mr. Owen's letter was read in the Democratic convention declining the use of his name and asking that the independent movement stand by itself, with no entangling alliances. All the stock in trade of the Merriam organs was suddenly snuffed out.

The Alliance movement stands squarely before the people, as one of principle and not as merely thrown into the field for political effect. It is a contest, too, not for a single day, but for the organization of a new and permanent party, representing the industrial interests of the country.

So long as the old parties chose to cling to the monopolists there will be room for an organization such as the Alliance presents. It is true the tendencies of the Democratic party are anti-monopolistic, but there are multitudes of Republicans who cannot be induced to formally join that organization, and the consequence is that it is essential that there should be a new party which can invite and welcome people of all classes and political preferences who believe in protecting the people instead of protecting the monopolies, to act in harmony for their own interests.

That is what the Alliance offers, and the declination of Mr. Owen to allow the movement of the Minnesota party in any sense to merge into the Democratic party, defines the issue squarely and sharply, much to the discomfiture of those who had hoped that the new party would vanish into thin air.

The Heatwole Homiletic.

Minneapolis Times.

The Chairman of the Republican State Committee has issued a manifesto to the voters of the state of Minnesota. It is an interminable document made up of wearisome and uninteresting details, and special partizan pleading. There is nothing in it to be controverted. As a review of the history and legislation of the republican barty it is accurate enough but thoroughly commonplace. It goes back to the organization of the party and attempts to revive the waning enthusiasm of the voters with the stale platitudes of bygone campaigns. It threshes over a great amount of old straw, and as a specimen of perfunctory, made-to-order, machine eloquence it is more orthodox than unique. The republican party is all right. The trouble with the situation this year is that the party is in bad hands. It has fallen under the control of a self-seeking and corrupt faction of which the chairman of the State Committee is merely the mouthpiece. The question is not whether republican shall win in this contest but whether this unscrupulus and vicious gang shall continue to control the republican party, and through it the politics and administration of the State. The defeat of Merriam—the repudiation of the methods and the mercenaries he represents will be the worthiest and highest triumph the republicans can hope to achieve this year. At present republicanism is misrepresented in Minnesota. It has principles, but they are neither proclaimed in its platform nor represented by its leadership. The Chairman of the State Committee has undertaken in two columns and a half of solid type to inform the people what the platform means. His discourse is a tiresome one, and from firstly to thirteenthly it has no more relevancy to the text than the Ptolemaic theory of astronomy has to the planetary system. It is merely Mr. Heatwole's declamatory statement of what the platform might have said, and what he would be glad to make the voters believe it does say. But no intelligent man can compare the original platform with Heatwole's verbose commentary upon it without a sense of amusement. The chairman is conscientiously trying to earn his $5,000 salary. He evidently believes that he must furnish a certain amount of copy for the money and is simply writing against space.

Thanks Due Davis.

Chicago Tribune: Senator Davis of Minnesota earned the thanks of the farmers of this state and the nation when he induced the senate to take off the duty on binding twine. The following Western senators had the interests of the farmers sufficiently at heart to vote with him: Messers Allison, Cullom, Davis, McMillan, Mitchell, Moody, Paddock, Pierce, Plumb, Squire, Washburn, and Wilson of Iowa. The Western house members must see to it not that this amendment is put through. If they fail let them beware of their constituents. The importance of freelisting this article will be apparent when it is known that the whea crop of the United States last year wast 490,500,000 bushels. The cost of binding twine for the entire crop was $9,800,000, or two cents for every bushel of wheat. The State of Minnesota alone paid $909,000 for binding twine.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist
ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

KEEPING STILL
—AND—
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly
Selling Lots of Goods!
AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.
Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at
STURE'S STORE
Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.

ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

Always on Time.
There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.
THE
All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.
NORTHWESTERN
Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best
LINE
between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to
T. W. Teasdale,
Gen'l Passenger AgentSt. Paul.

The Great Transcontinental Line.
—THE—
NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD.
SHORTEST.—BEST.—QUICKEST.
This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"
Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughont the East and South-east.
Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.
TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.
Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.
PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS.
On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.
☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.
For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or
Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul. Minn.
E. L. Harrison, Agent, Crookston, Minn

THE NEW
NORTHWEST
Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana. FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Forthern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. LOW RATES
Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth. In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise. Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stockraisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn. G. N. R. L.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP.
M. Rauenbuehler, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
One-half Block from Depot,
Wm. Heidrich, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher,

CROOKSTON, MINN., SEPT. 25, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
6:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
[illegible] "	Minneapolis	6:20 "
[illegible] "	Duluth	7:00 "
[illegible] a. m.	Brainerd	[illegible] "
[illegible] "	Staples	12:40 "
[illegible] "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
[illegible] "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
[illegible] "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:49 "	CROOKSTON	[illegible] "
[illegible] "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
[illegible] p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
[illegible] "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at [illegible] p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:35 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	8:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave.	Arrive.
10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m

Rum in Ohio.

Toledo Blade.

The report of the auditor of the state of Ohio for the fiscal year just closed, shows that there are at present in the state 10,754 places where rum in some form is sold. They all pay special tax under the Dow law; and as that law is well executed, there are probably no other places in the state where it is sold at retail. It is to be remembered that drug stores have to pay the Dow tax as well, if they sell liquors, except on prescriptions, and many drug stores in the state do this. The Dow tax is paid half-yearly. The state auditor's figures for the past six months, are given below. The money received from this tax is divided—a part going to the state and the remainder being divided up among the three city and county funds mentioned:

State	$ 253,301
Municipal police fund	423,726
Municipal general revenue fund	301,798
County poor fund	297,693
Total for last six months	$1,266,849
Total collected first six months	1,191,568
Grand total for the year	$2,458,417

When we consider that Ohio has a population approximating four millions, it will be seen that 10,754 places where rum is sold at retail—including all saloons and some drug stores—is not as large a number as one would suppose who is familiar with the larger cities of the state. The saloon is, in Ohio, almost entirely found in the cities. This results from the fact that the foreign element drifts into the cities and avoids the country. The country districts are very largely Prohibition in sentiment. The cities would give a majority for rum, at any time.

The history of the fight against the saloon in Ohio is an interesting one. The present constitution was framed in 1851, and the convention, recognizing the evil of the saloon, embodied in the constitution a provision that the sale of intoxicating liquors shall never be licensed in Ohio. The convention appeared to hold to the mistaken idea that this provision would prevent utterly the sale of rum in the state. It never prevented the sale of one gill of the poison. On the contrary, under it the saloon flourished like a green bay tree. From the time of the adoption of the constitution, up to the legislature of 1882-3, not a rum-hole paid a dollar of revenue, nor were there any steps taken to control or regulate the traffic.

That body passed the Pond law, which taxed the saloons. This measure excited tremendous opposition from the rum power of the state. Thirty years of absolute immunity from interference had created the impression that the traffic was a sacred thing, not to be meddled with by anybody. The Democratic Supreme court decided the law unconstitutional, and the "Scott law" was passed, similar in tenor, but avoiding the point on [illegible] Dow law was wrecked. Then [illegible] power appeared in politics, and the republicans were defeated by a coalition between the democratic party and the saloon. At the same election two constitutional amendments were submitted to a popular vote—the first providing simply for the repeal of the anti-license clause in the state constitution, thus leaving the entire control of the traffic in the hands of the legislature; the second providing for prohibition. The first was defeated by a big majority; the second had a majority over the "no" votes, but not a majority over all the votes cast at that election, as the constitution provides, and hence failed of adoption. A great many voters did not vote on the amendment at all.

The Scott law was pronounced unconstitutional on a technical point, and the saloon [illegible] again without restriction or [illegible] the people of the state [illegible] their senses on the question. They saw that there was simple justice in the proposition that the saloons should be made to pay at least a part of the cost it makes to the state, and that the low dives and drinking hells should be crushed out of existence. [illegible] course of the democratic state government, elected by a coalition of that party and the rum power, disgusted every decent democrat. So in 1885 the republican party was again put in power. The present Dow law was enacted, taxing every saloon $250 per year, or a proportional part for the portion of the year it is in existence.

The Dow law has worked well. An amendment has been added to it, allowing municipalities and townships, under which a number of townships and villages have banished the saloon entirely. The uneducated foreign drinking element in our cities is the stumbling block in the way of prohibitory legislation. It will combine against any party that attempts prohibition, and surely defeat it. The country is prohibition, the cities rum, and there is but one way to obtain prohibition in Ohio—educate the ignorant classes up to a realization of its need.

This matter is not one of politics. It needs no party; in fact, a party is a hindrance to it. It is a moral, not a political work that is to be accomplished. The churches must be aroused to do their whole duty; it must be the prime educator in this work. Unfortunately, there are sects which do not and will not declare for prohibition, and which do not even make non-drinking a requisite for membership. They must all be roused to their duty, till every pulpit shall throw its influence for prohibition.

Then the various temperance organizations must go into the work of education; and that, too, on strictly nonpartisan lines. People must be led to see the reckless, extravagant waste that rum drinking entails; the frightful expense to the state and the taxpayers; the evil to the physical system of the drinker; the injustice of allowing a man to drag his wife and children down to the lowest depths of poverty; and the other terrible evils of the habit. they must be educated to the point of not only becoming non-drinkers themselves, but of being willing to aid in the effort to keep the ignorant and weak-willed classes from falling into the pit of the drunkard; then they will be ready to work for and vote for prohibition.

The one great drawback to the growth of prohibition sentiment in Ohio has been the desperate effort to drag it into politics. We doubt if the vote of the entire state, if polled to-day, would show as large a vote for prohibition as was cast for the prohibitory amendment in 1883. The attempt to build up a party on the issue has very greatly injured the orders of Good Templars, Sons of Temperance, and other temperance organizations in the state: for the political prejudice of the masses is easily roused, and the prohibition movement was construed into an aid for the third party, which it was not and is not. The cause will not prosper in Ohio until the political prohibitionists stop their useless effort to build up a distinct party, and all moral forces, including both church and school, join in earnest, persistent work to educate the people up to the point where they will join the effort to pulverize the rum power.

Politician and Statesman.

Minneapolis Times.

No word in the language has been so thoroughly debauched as the word "politics." Webster's definition makes politics a "part of ethics," but the modern usage has perverted the term from this original high significance to mean simply the art of securing votes. Instead of standing for the science of human government—for whatever concerns the well-being of the state—it is now used to distinguish the manœuvres of parties in their contests for the control of the government, and the campaign intrigues and fine work of politicians to secure the public offices. We make a very wide distinction between a "politician" and a "statesman." It is common to say of a man that he is a statesman but not a politician, meaning that he is profoundly versed in the science of government and competent to wisely apply its principles to great public questions and the affairs of the state, but lacking in a certain practical shrewdness, the finesse, and the cunning devices by which partisan success is won.

This illustrates the character and tendency of our present political methods. When men speak of a candidate as a "statesman" they do it in a tone of sincere respect. When they say of a man that he is a "politician" they do it with a shrug of the shoulders or a thrusting of the tongue into cheek, which signifies the reverse of respect. To talk of political morality and the elevation of the public tone in connection with a "politician" is recognized as absurd. Instead of parties dividing on great questions of public policy, instead of candidates arraying themselves on one side or the other of moral questions; and elections being contested with supreme regard to the common welfare, we have merely a wild scramble between parties and candidates for the offices and spoils. A man's moral character, the viciousness of his political practices, the debasing effect of his influence is not permitted to be urged as a disqualification for public place. It is only a few years ago that clergymen insisted that the personal character of a candidate for the highest and most honorable office in the land could not properly be reviewed or considered. It was openly argued, from both press and pulpit, that the fact that a candidate was a notorious debaucher was no reasonable obstacle to his political advancement. In the present campaign in this state the objection raised to a candidate, that his past political success had been notoriously won by the corrupt use of money is treated as too hackneyed and trifling for serious consideration.

How shall politics be elevated to mean something better than a corrupt and selfish strife for place and power? First the people must learn to discriminate between politics and partizanship. No man is a politician in the true sense who trades upon the greed of office seekers, the conscienceless avarice of corporations, the sectarian ambition of churches of whatever name or creed or the corrupt use of money in caucuses and at the polls. Such a man is simply a demagogue, and fidelity to truth requires that he should always be so characterized. The true politician is a man trained in broad and liberal policies of goverment, and skilled to carry them into execution, not by appealing to sectionalism, or race antipathies, or class prejudice; not by shrewd deals and skillful playing off ward against county, or county against state, or candidate against candidate, but by planting himself upon eternal principles of right and appealing to the patriotism, and if need be the self-denial and conscience of his fellow citizens. The science of polities may be practiced on the highest plane of morality. But partisanship and demagogism are incapable of such treatment; to succeed in these the appeal must be made to the meanest prejudices and the darkest passions of the human heart. "Politician" and "Statesman," "politics" and "statemanship" ought to be synonymous terms.

Who Does the Nominating?

Sauk Rapids Sentinel.

In every voting precinct in the State the question of the obligation of Republicans to support their party nominations will be discussd and arguments with which most people are familiar will be used. In a former issue we have asserted that only from one-fifth to one-tenth of the members of our party participate in caucusses on an average. That fact may be considered in discussing the question at issue, and it is also fair to consider the character of the managers of the caucuses and conventions whose work we are asked to ratify at the polls, the object they had in view and the methods used to attain those objects. Let the Republican voters of each voting precinct of Minnesota consider these points after obtaining the fullest information relative there to, and then act intelligently.

But, the machine politician will say, you and your kind of people neglected to control the caucuses and conventions and must not complain if your interests have been trespassed upou" To this you might reply that you had also neglected to lock up your horses and your farming implements at night, but would not suppose their theft to be a justifiable consequence.

Now it may be that in precincts beyond the scope of your knoweledge a majority of the reliable and substantial Republicans who are without personal interest in the result attend caucuses and see that they are conducted wiih the interest of the party and of the public safety in view. We would say that Republicans who have that experience ought to have a high regard for the ticket, if it be a good one. But when details are all the reverse of those outlined above; when intrigue, deception and self-interest are dominant, or attendances at the caucuses insignificantly small, it is a very soft-pated Republican who will humiliate himself by being whipped or wheeled into supporting a ticket of which his judgment does not approve.

The Cosmopolitan.

The modern magazine may be taken as embodying the best literature of the world, as the magazine editor pays the highest prices to novelists, scientists statemen, soldiers, and even kings and princes, for the best they can furnish in the literary line. The well-edited magazine becomes an educating influence in the family circle, whose importance cannot be over-estimated. The children, as they grow up, are attracted by its illustrations, and so come in time to have a taste for reading. There is always something that is new, something that is strange, something that is interesting; and we consider that we are doing our readers a positive benefit if we are instrumental in placing such a publication within their reach. The special arrangement which we have made with the Cosmopolitan presents pery unusual inducements. That magazine, although only in the tenth month under its new management, is already recognized as one of the most interesting publications of the day. It is seeking subscribers everywhere and obtaining them. The proprietors believe that the Cosmopolitan has only to be examined to secure a permanent subscriber. That is why we are enabled to make, if the offer is accepted before January next, such a very low rate, by which our readers can obtain the Cosmopolitan for little more than the cost of this journal alone. Just think of what the combination means! You obtain your own home journal at about the regular price, and have thrown in a magazine which gives you, in a year 1536 pages of reading matter by the ablest writers of the world, including over 1300 pages of illustrations that are unsurpassed in point of interest and execution. Will it not pay you to send a subscription to this office for the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, and Cosmopolitan immediately? Remember, only $3—for the two.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

Great Remnant Sale!

REMNANTS
REMNANTS.
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REMNANTS.

Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of
BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

HOME-SEEKERS EXCURSIONS.

The attention of our readers is called to the low round trip excursions on th Great Northern Railway, Sept. 9th Sept. 23d and Oct. 14th. Persons who have friends in the East who have written about coming or ever expressed a desire to visit this country, should be informed of this chance. Tickets can be had at all principal offices of eastern, central and southern lines, connecting with the Great Northern at St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior or Duluth. Ask your eastern friends to call and see their nearest ticket agent, or write to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul. Let us all unite in an effort for new growth and development.

[First publication Sept. 24th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 17th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

Letters of administration of the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto John Cromb, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in the city of Crookston, in said County, on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 17th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
(Seal Probate Court.) C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[23-25]

[First publication Sept. 18th. 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 4th 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Anton Mickelson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Sam Mickelson, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Anton Mickelson, late of this county, on the 18th day of September, A. D. 1890, at Crookston aforesaid, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said Sam Mickelson granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Tuesday, the 14th day day of October, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 15th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[22-24]

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication August 14, 1890.]

WHEREAS, EDWIN P. CAPEN AND MATTIE C. Capen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited) of London, England, their mortgage bearing date of June 20th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: All of fractional Section 3, Township 148, Range 47 west, containing 652 96-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of August, A. D. 1885, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 25 of mortgages, on pages 480 to 483 inclusive; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of ninety-four and 40-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London (Limited) has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-eight hundred thirty-two and 52-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 5th, A. D. 1890.

THE AMERICAN FREEHOLD LAND MORTGAGE COMPANY OF LONDON, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[17-23] Crookston, Minn.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

(First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Anna A. Beck, plaintiff, against Paul Bataglia, Elizabeth Bagtalia, and the Luger Furniture Company, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fifth day of August, A. D., 1890, a certified transcript of which has been duly delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Polk County aforesaid, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Monday, the thirteenth day of October, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, lying and being situated in the county of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eighteen, (18,) in block number sixteen, (16,) of the townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
SPEY & HARVEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[18-24] Minneapolis, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceries and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

KEEPING STILL
AND
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE
Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
DEALER IN
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.

ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

FARMERS! CASH TALKS!
Stewart & Spottswood,
WILL SELL YOU

Painted Wire, at $3.75 cwt.	Galvanized Wire $4.50 cwt.
Grind Stones 1.50 "	Scythe and Snath 1.25
Milk Cans at 50 cents.	Screen Doors at 1.00
Hay Forks 25 and 35 cts.	Large stock of Mixed Paints,

Cook Stoves and General Hardware.
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD. CROOKSTON, MINN.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block
Crookston, - - - - - - Minn.
Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done.
CALL AND SEE US.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. | DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. | TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. | CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 2, 1890. | NO. 24

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. 1 outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	10 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

INDEPENDENT
Republican Ticket.

For Governor,
S. M. OWEN,
Of Hennepin County.
For Lieut. Governor,
J. O. BARRET,
Of Traverse County.
For Secretary of State,
FRED P. BROWN,
Of Faribault County.
For Auditor of State,
PETER J. MCGUIRE,
Of Polk County.
For State Treasurer,
JOSEPH BOBLETTER,
Of Brown County.
For Attorney General,
MOSES E. CLAPP,
Of Ottertail County.
For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
CHARLES P. HOLCOMB,
Of Washington County.

CONGRESSIONAL.
For Member of Congress,
SOLOMON G. COMSTOCK,
Of Clay County.

LEGISLATIVE.
For Senator,
E. E. LOMMEN, of Polk County.
For Representatives,
B. W. CHESLEY, of Norman County.
ANDREW THOMPSON, of Norman County.
WM. CARLTON, of Polk County.

COUNTY TICKET.
For County Auditor,
MATHIAS CORNELIUS.
For County Treasurer,
OVID MOREAU.
For Sheriff,
JAMES O. HOVLAND.
For Clerk of the District Court,
EDWIN M. WALSH.
For Judge of Probate,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON.
For Register of Deeds,
JAMES ROSAAN.
For County Attorney,
ROBERT J. MONTAGUE.
For County Supt. of Schools,
THOMAS CASEY.
For County Surveyor,
GEO. RALPH.
For County Coroner,
HENRY SHEPARD.
County Com.—2d District,
LEVI S. MYERS.
County Com.—4th District,
K. O. GIGSTAD.

Mr. Owen at Sauk Centre.

To the Editor of the Daily News:

SAUK CENTRE, Sept. 24. Mr. S. M. Owen addressed a large and enthusiastic Alliance meeting here to-night. The speech was a fine effort, and for an hour and a half held the vast audience in close and interested attention. The Alliance party is strong here, and growing stronger every day. The meeting to-night will greatly accelerate the movement. Mr. Owen goes next to Fergus Falls, where he addresses a mass meeting.

J. LYMAN.

Hill's Position Toward Merriam.

Duluth Herald: Perennial Candidate Gilman is now out and chirping, we notice, about "the Jim Hill ring which is supporting Merriam for Governor." How Chirper Gilman has clımed over the ropes of a ring into which he has slung his white hat so often, we can't imagine, but the effort must have turned his head or he wouldn't be babbling about "Jim Hill" backing Merriam. Every child in politics knows the relation in which Mr. Hill stands toward the Democratic nominee, Judge Wilson, and that the biggest knife which Gov. Merriam has to fear in this campaign is that which Hill holds.

That looks likely when Hill's employes are racing around this county, fixing up the Merriam fences. Did not the Merriam delegates to St. Paul get free passes on the Great Northern road? At this distance it looks as though Owen is the only candidate objectionable to railroads. How many passes did his delegates get over any road to go and nominate him?

Mr. Owen's Speech at Rochester.

Hon. Sidney Owen, Alliance candidate for Governor, delivered an eloquent address at Rochester the closing day of the Southern Minnesota Fair.

In the evening a mass meeting was held on the public square. Geo. Muller, of New York, made the opening address, and arraigned both of the old parties for their disregard of industrial interests.

When Mr. Owen appeared he was greeted with enthusiasm. He said, among other things:

From 1850 to 1860 the increase in farm values was 101 per cent, live stock values 95 per cent; from 1860 to 1870 farm values 40 per cent; live stock 30 per cent; from 1870 to 1880, farm values 9 per cent increase, on live stock values, a decrease of $25,000,000. In 1860 the agricultural wealth was one-half the entire national wealth; In 1870 it was one-third; in 1880 it was one-fourth, and in 1890 it is about one-fifth. Thus in 1860 the agriculturists owned one-half the national wealth, but in 1890 the agriculturists own only one-fifth of the total wealth. Showing that relatively the farmers' condition is growing worse.

On taxation he said that every year the percentage of property exempt from taxation increased. From 1820 to 1860 the amount exempt was about 20 per cent; in 1870 the amount exempt was 50 per cent; In 1880, 60 per cent—that is, 40 per cent of the property paid all of the taxes. The portion exempted consistg largely of stocks, bonds, jewelry, &c., the property of the rich, while the home of the poor mechanic and the farm bear their full burden of taxation. In a powerful arraignment he presented the facts of overcapitalization, and the burden thus placed upon the productive interests of the country.

Mr. Owen is logical, convincing and eloquent, yet careful and conservative in his statements. His personality will be a winning factor in the contest this fall.

Gov. Merriam Masquerading.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel.

We would by no means be a party to such raids as are continuously being made to incite the farmers and others against the railroad companies unreasonably, as we believe there is a better way in which to reach a fair solution of the question of transportation upon an equitable basis. But we would call attention to the fact that Gov. Merriam is masquerading between the farmers and the railroad companies. His addresses to the farmers have been designed to convince them how greatly he sympathized with them in their controversies and contest with the railroad companies, being no doubt more emphatic and pronounced because of the well known fact that he was raised in a railroad circle and that class of men. No fact is now better known among those who are posted than that Mr. Merriam's relations are of the most intimate and confidential character with the railroad companies, especially the Nothern Pacific, and that with the possible exception of the Duluth & Winnepeg, all the companies have been very solicitous for his renomination and are now preparing to exert themselves for his election by all the means at their cammand. This is known to the writer hereof personally. We also know that the railroad commission appointed by the Governor is satisfactory to the said companies. Undersand, we are not by this, objecting to the action of the companies, but are calling attention to the fact that the Governor of this State is deliberately practicing a deceit upon the people—is masquerading upon the great questions pending between the people and the railroad companies. That is all.

After the spirited ballad of "Piping Jean," by Caroline D. Swan, which opens the October Wide Awake, the reader comes upon a good foot-ball story, a story of Phillips-Exeter Academy, written by Mrs. Adeline A. Knight, and entitled "John MacGreggor's Lesson;" curiously enough, while this story describes a foot-ball game between this school and Phillips Academy at Andover the chapters of Mr. Ward's serial, "The New Senior at Andover," chronicle a base-ball contest between the same two schools; the first story is illustrated from life photographs of a typical team of each school.

Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford is at her splendid best in the war-story "One Good Turn." "An Adirondack Camp," by Margaret Sidney, is a breezy chronicle of a particularly jolly time had by some particularly jolly young people. "Jack and Æsop's Jackdaw," by Amos R. Wells, is one of the brightest of the School and Playground series of stories, while "The Scarlet Specter of Sandy Ridge" is perhaps the strongest yet of Miss McLeod's Acadian Old-Folk Lore tales. "Brer Lizard's Coats," by Martha Young, is a quaint bit of story such as Southern negroes like to tell. Alexander Black's "Camera Club" has seven fine photographs by amateurs. "A Quilt Expedition," by Henry Cleveland Wood, brings back to notice an old-time species of sewing-work, and gives twenty-four popular counterpane designs. "A Story of 1812, Part 1," by Olive Sisley Seward, is a true story of Commodore Perry and an ancestor of the author. Mrs. Claflin's "Margaret Patty Letters," Mr. Bridgman'r Puk-Wudjie tale of "Father Maple's War-Paint," Miss Steinhauer's sketch of "Jack Weatherwax, Hero," Mrs. Rayne's "Pets of the Treasury," Helen North's "Letter-Writing for Young Folks," and Mrs. Sallie Joy White's article upon "Insurance and Advertising" agencies as business openings for women, together with the "Men and Things" department, complete the prose of the number. The poems are by Graham R. Tomson, Mrs. Whiton-Stone, Kate Putnam Osgood, and Mary E. Wilkins.

Wide Awake is $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston.

The Alliance Campaign.

Minneapolis Times.

The Farmers' Alliance campaign formally opened last night in a meeting at Harmonia hall addressed by Mr. Owen and W. W. Erwin. The meeting was intended to be an open air one, but the weather compelled adjournment to a hall, hence the attendance was not commensurate with the dignity of the occasion. The meeting was really an interesting one. The speeches were able, and the temper of the audience that of men willing to be convinced by reason. Mr. Erwin devoted his attention to a destructive argument against protection, which must stand on its merits as an economic argument. It was plausible and skillfully constructed. Mr. Owen confined himself to an attempt to justify independent political action, and he made a strong case. Starting with the proposition that agriculture is the fundamental industry he showed, how under the administration of both the old parties farm values have been steadily losing ground. The increase in the decade from 1870 to 1880 was only 9 per cent, and Mr. Owen ventured the prediction that the census of 1890 would show an actual decrease in farm values. This has all taken place under regimes that have claimed to have done all for the country and maintained a condition of unprecedented prosperity. These facts are alarming enough and bring the farmer face to face with the question, "What am I going to do about it?" Mr. Owen says organize a new party which shall not be dominated by the capitalist and the manufacturer. Certainly if the farmers have a grievance, their right to organize against the aggressor is morally unassailable. The Farmers' alliance movement does not expect to elect many men to fat offices this year. It is unselfish, and if a majority of its leaders are as virtuous and able as its candidate for governor of Minnesota the campaign can but have a salutary effect on the old parties which have accomodatingly divided the world into an outside and inside, and are fighting periodic battles to determine which shall nestle in the downy bed of ease and which shall go forth to weep and wail until it come again.

In The Swim.

Duluth Short Line.

Senator Davis and his friends "need not lay the flattering unction to their souls," that the banker Governor is out of the swim. If re-elected he will succeed Cush Davis without a struggle. If defeated it will only require a little more boodle to bring the hayseeds who will constitute a majority in the next Legislature into line.

The Industrial Party.

Minneapolis Times.

The encouraging characteristic of the political situation is the growing independence of the people. Narrow-minded partisans may cling to old parties with a tenacity born of bigotry, but the intelligent non-partisan voters are constantly increasing in numbers, and the political party that would win their support must make its appeal to their judgment, and show itself in sympathy with the new ideas and issues and the progressive spirit of the times. The history of this country shows that parties with any vitality are of slow growth. Ideal elements and forces are vastly more important and potential than we are apt to suppose. Force is back of form. The soul rules the body.

The idea is the vitality of the institution. Ideas create political parties. No political party can exist upon its past achievements. Its theories and measures and movement must be based upon vital principles. It must lift the public mind above the dead level of mere partisan monotony and put itself in the line of progress toward a benign future. It cannot stand still in this day of great ideas.

It is objected to the Farmer's Alliance that it is a movement to create a new political party. It is urged by the old party leaders that the farmers can accomplish the results they seek through the instrumentality of the old political organizations. That their movement is a march toward nowhere and must end in confusion, and to the injury of the very interests it would serve. But the events of the last year demonstrate that the farmers of America have learned the secret of political power, and how to wield that power successfully for the accomplishment of legitimate political ends. This is a pre-eminently agricultural country, and it is impossible to over-estimate the importance of the farmer's movement, or its possible influence upon national and state politics. The shrewdest politicians recognize that the balance of power in the national congress is within easy reach of the united agriculturists. To what extent this political power shall yet be developed only the future can be determined. But it is by no means impossible that from the present auspicious beginning the farmers may lay the foundation of a political party that will draw to itself the best elements of both the old parties, and enter upon a course of prestige and power that will only end with the complete fulfillment of its mission.

The Alliance organization has the advantage of either of the old parties in being in absolute touch with the industrial and laboring interests of the country.

No class of our citizens are better fitted to pass judgment upon the great issues of the day than the toilers whose taxes are wrung from the sweat of their brows. Their great need is union and compact intelligently-directed organization. And today we have the varied labor organizations working in harmony with the farmers to control legislation in the interest of agriculture and labor. Some crudeness of expression of vigorous ideas, and some impracticableness in the demands for legislation may be expected. But it is also true that all great political parties have been created by just such issues as are now being forced upon the consideration of the people by the farmer's movement. It has ideas. It is moved and inspired by a moral purpose, and justifies its claims to support upon solid industrial and political grounds.

Duluth Tribune: Aside, however, from these questions, the salient point of the canvass, which stands out in bold relief, is the personal merit of Mr. Comstock. Our representative has done his duty to the district and to all parts of it. For a new member his success in securing justice for his constituents has been extrordinary if not phenominal. That he can do better in a second term is a reasonable conclusion from the conceded fact that acquaintance with legislators and with legislative methods doubles the influence of a member of congress. And, right here, let it be noticed that Congressman Comstock has been at his post in Washington day after day and has trusted his personal political interests to his friends at home. For this among other merits he will be affectionately remembered by his constituents in November.

Duluth Times: Many people insist upon calling the Alliance movement the "Farmers' Alliance" movement. This is a mistake. The word alliance means an association of laboring men, farmers and all who believe in reforming present political methods. The Farmers' Alliance, as such, is not permited to engage in politics; neither are the labor organizations; but the members of all have the right to do so, and they have banded together under the name of the Alliance.

Great Remnant Sale!

REMNANTS.
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REMNANTS.

Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of
BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.

REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.

REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.

REMNANTS.

CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.
FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

REMOVED
BACK
TO THE OLD STAND
In the Fifth Ward.
CALL
—AND SEE—
WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU
E. D. CHILDS & CO.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

Valley Roller Mills.
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herric's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
LEE & HERRICK.

South Bend (Wash.) News: Mr. Peter Beauchemin, of Argyle, Minn., brother of Mrs. George U. Holcomb, arrived on election day. Mr. Beauchemin is so well pleased with South Bend that he proposes to remain and engage in the general merchandise business which he thoroughly understands.

Davis Friends Should Vote Against Merriam.

St. Peter Herald.

There seems to be a general feeling predominating that a vote for W. R. Merriam means that it is cast against C. K. Davis. That if Merriam is elected, it means the defeat of Davis. If this is so, every friend of C. K. Davis should vote against W. R. Merriam.

Globe: T. F. Knappen, who has just returned from a professional trip to Freeborn County, states that the Alliance movement is formidable in that quarter. Judging from careful observation, he would not be surprised if S. M. Owen received more votes for governor that either his Republican or Democratic competitors.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm; at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance........$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest........ 80 00
Total yearly payments...$ 168 44
Total for ten years........1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest........$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of........ 500 00
When the loan is due he pays.. 1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years........ 1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:
Interest........$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years........ 1000 00
Total........$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov. 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[80-49.]

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 2, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—	
1 Hard	82.
1 Northern	77.
2 Northern	72.
3 Northern	67.
Rejected,	57.

Prof. Lanigan has partitioned his room and added a commercial course.

All sizes of the Radiant Home base burner, at STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD'S.

Herman Wold was in from Winger to see Lew Johnson's minstrels on Tuesday night.

John Hack arrived from Superior on Wednesday to look after his business interests here.

Mrs. J. W. Wheeler accompanied her father on his return to his home at Jacksonville, Ill., last week.

A. L. Lindsley, of Tacoma, Wash., took tea with alderman I. U. Jennings and family on Wednesday.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

C. L. Hanson was up from Garden last Friday. Says Owen will take all the votes in that town. So they all say.

E. J. Regan has returned from Grafton, N. D., having accepted a situation in the Great Northern yard at this place.

We have about 100 second hand stoves of most every description for sale very low. We are anxious to close them out. STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

One of J. L. Bailey's horses fell into the sewer ditch on Saturday about six o'clock. The animal was rescued all right.

C. T. Lanman is down from McIntosh looking up alliance news this week. Says the cause is prosperous in his bailiwick.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

Postmaster Dawley smiles serenely through the general delivery pigeon hole—a little girl—Saturday—all doing nicely.

Mrs. Coykendall departed for Tacoma, Wash., to spend the winter with her brother, W. H., after a visit with alderman I. U. Jennings and family.

Call and see the new goods we have on our 5, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cent counters. Some great bargains to be had.
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

Ben. Roy, from Rice River, White Earth Reservation, was brought before Judge Ives on Wednesday, charged with selling whisky to Indians. Held to bail.

There it goes again. Even the government seems to be down on the poor farmer. Our latest dispatches state that Postmaster Wheat, of the House, Washington, D. C., is graded "rejected."

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's. New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

Arne Foss, a Norwegian about 34 years old died at the Norman House on Sunday, between 2 and 3 o'clock p. m. of quick consumption. He leaves a divorced wife and two children. The funeral occurred on Monday afternoon.

On Thursday last Miss Cassie Mix was united for life to W. L. McDonald, of Tacoma, Wash. The happy couple left for St. Paul in the evening for a short visit to the bride's relatives before going to their new home on the coast. Their many friends here wish them joy and prosperity without stint.

Hans Samuelson, of Beltrami County, was united for life to Miss Annie Steenerson, at the residence of the bride's brother, Elias Steenerson, Esq., on Saturday evening last, the Rev. Mr. Westphal officiating. The happy couple will visit Polk County friends about a month before going to their home in Beltrami County.

A. E. Ball, of Rockford, Filmore Co., gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call last week, enroute for the Red Lake Reservation on business connected with the census department. A. E. says that Filmore County will give a majority for S. M. Owen, and he says that Mr. Owen will run like a race horse in the south part of the state. He thinks if the north part does as well, Mr. Owen will be elected by a good majority.

Mrs. D. A. Robinson, who has been attending the Kellogg Dressmaking school in Minneapolis the past month, will return to Crookston this week prepared to do fine dressmaking after the famous Kellogg French Tailor system, including the seamless waist, the Worth dart, dartless basque, French bias basque, and all the latest and most fashionable styles of dressmaking. She will also take orders for Accordian skirts at greatly reduced rates.

The wedding of Mr. E. J. Loken and Miss Carrie Halvorson, which took place at the Sherman House parlors on Saturday evening, was a grand affair. The Rev. George Rygh performed the interesting ceremony that united for life two happy hearts, and the popularity of the high contracting parties was amply testified in the large list of presents they received. Over one hundred guests were in attendance. THE JOURNAL adds its blessing to the congratulation of hosts of friends.

Wisconsin is immensely pleased with her farmer Governor. Let Minnesota follow suit by electing S. M. Owen.

Wheat dropped down to 81 this week, and yet politicians wonder why the farmers are not all happy as clams.

Owen should come up and make a speech in Polk County. Get a move on you, fellows, and see that this is done.

If the people cannot get justice in conventions, thank goodness, they can at the polls, and they propose to try that plan this year.

Jens Walbeck was up from Fisher on Saturday. Says the large majority down there will vote the Owen ticket notwithstanding the desperate efforts of the bosses.

The regular meeting of Crookston alliance occurs on Saturday next. As this is the last regular meeting but one before election there should be a good attendance.

Millinery opening at Mrs. I. U. Jennings, Saturday, October 4th. Special inducements offered on that day. Jorgenson block, Robert street. All kinds of farm produce taken in exchange for millinery.

Geo. M. Swift was in from Mentor on Saturday. Says the alliance ticket will carry everything in that vicinity. The farmers propose to do a little voting on their own hook this year. Bossism is played out.

Geo. Ralph was up to Thief River Falls last week to survey a cemetery plat. He will go to the White Earth Reservation soon to work on his contract. He has a job on the Red Lake Reservation, also.

The annual junket of the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners has commenced. They will show up at Crookston on Oct. 7th, at 7 a. m., and remain all day. So the notice sent us for publication says.

They seem to be getting uneasy in St. Paul. On Monday the Merriam party was summoned to headquarters in hot haste. Evidently something must be did, but the farmers are not "in it." They will vote for their own interests this year. S. M. Owen represents the farmers' interests this trip.

Harris & Glenn met with a streak of bad luck last week. While moving H. Steenerson's house a pin came out in the capstan, letting the sweep fly round, striking the horse in the fore leg, breaking it. The animal had to be killed. Mr. Harris missed the sweep by ducking his head. The horse was a valuable animal.

Will Carlton, our next member of the legislature, drove down from Angus on Thursday, accompanied by his wife. Elsewhere will be found his letter of acceptance, which should be read by every voter. It has the true manly ring about it that gives assurance that Mr. Carlton fully appreciates the situation and will do his best to correct it.

THE JOURNAL is in receipt of a request from Wm. Olson, of St. Hilaire, to insert two articles in its columns. As the articles in question do not accompany the request, of course we cannot comply with the request. Send 'em along, William, and we will do the best we can for you. THE JOURNAL always likes to oblige its patrons to the extent of its ability.

James Novotny was down from Tabor on Tuesday. He was surprised and pleased to find so much alliance sentiment as he found in Crookston, and he says this fact will encourage farmers greatly in their efforts to secure an open market. He is of the opinion that all of his countrymen will stand solid for the alliance cause and cast a good solid vote for Owen and the legislative ticket.

A. R. Holston, the alliance candidate for county attorney, is a hustler from way back—just the kind of a man the county needs to attend to the duties of that important office. He is the son of a veteran and lost a brother in the service, and he would have been in it himself had he been old enough. The legal affairs of the county will be safe in his hands. Vote for Holston for county attorney.

John C. Welles came up from the farm on Monday, en route for his home in Fon du Lac. Has his threshing all done and has a splendid crop. Says his experience this year convinces him that stacking is the best thing to do, and he will try it next year. Mr. W. is a strong Owen man and says he hopes Minnesota will follow Wisconsin's example by electing a friend of the farmer this year. He says Wisconsin will elect her farmer governor this year by a much larger majority than before. They know a good governor when they see him, and Minnesota has a chance to get as good a one by electing S. M. Owen. If the farmers and laborers and all who want to see an open wheat market are true to their interests, they will elect Mr. Owen sure.

Millinery Opening.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs invites the attention of the Ladies of Crookston and vicinity to the

FALL OPENING, 1890,

on Saturday, October 4th, Monday, October 6th, Tuesday, October 7th, and Wednesday, October 8th. Having received a large and complete stock of millinery, she is now prepared to meet the wants of the ladies in this line. Call and examine those elegant Pattern Bonnets, Pattern Hats, Fancy Feathers and Millinery Novelties. Remember the place, Second street, two doors east of Slure's store.

Same Old Game.

One of Mr. Wavra's boys, living in the town of Tabor, took two loads of wheat to market and the buyer would only give him No. 2 Northern for his wheat. On his way home he called at his father's house and told him what he got. "Why," said the old man, "that is not right, they give me No. 1 Hard for mine, no better wheat than yours." It was then arranged that the old man should take the rest to market for the young man, which he did, and got No. 1 Hard for the same wheat the same buyer only gave No. 2 Northern for! When will this steal stop? When you farmers go to work and elect Owen and a farmer legislature to back him. Then you will stop it, and not till then.

Organize Alliance Clubs.

Organize an alliance club in every village in the county, and in every township except those where every man, or almost every man, belongs to the farmers' alliance, as you will get men in who would not otherwise be with you. For a constitution for an alliance club, and how to organize, address D. E. Hatlestad, Atty. at Law, Crookston, Minn. Clubs of this kind have already been organized in Crookston and Red Lake Falls. Organize well; get every man in the town to join you. We want to see an alliance club in every town in the county before October 10th. Don't wait for some one else to take hold of this matter, but do it yourselves. Go at it now, every man who wants Owen elected.

Attention, Alliance Officers.

Some of the secretaries fail to do their duty by neglecting to report the names of members, the number, etc., to the County Secretary, Nels Muus, of Fertile, Minn. Those who have not done so, do so at once. Don't delay this matter any longer; the officers should do their duty and do it at once. Let every alliance hold weekly meetings from now until the election, and let every voter attend these meetings, as the time is short before election. Hold your meetings often from now on. It would be best where there are many farmers or workingmen in a town who are not members of the alliance to organize an alliance club, as many will join an alliance club who would not, or who cannot join the farmers' alliance.

NELS MUUS.
Sec. County Alliance.

ANGUS, Sept. 25, 1890.

E. E. Lomen, Crookston, Minn.:

DEAR SIR:—Yours of the 23d received Saturday, notifying me that I had been placed on the Farmers' Alliance ticket as the Representative for Polk County.

Thanks to the Alliance County Central Committee for the honor thus shown me. On my part this honor came unsought, unasked, as you know, and with pleasure I so accept the nomination, and should I prove to be elected it shall be my simple prayer to so act that the committee and county may hereafter say and feel that your choice was a fair one. Yes, I feel the sting of oppression as most of our farmers do, and it shall be my great aim to relieve myself and Bro. farmers from the yoke of monopolists and corrupt politicians, and the step has been taken and another step we hope to take at the next election, and place men at the head of government affairs. I may not be with you but my vote will. I believe that defeat means more taxation, more and higher freights, more and higher elevator charges, higher rates of interest and more of everything but money and comfort to the farmer and laboring people. Then with victory written on our banner, may we not with one bold, honest front face the ballot box and vote for liberty. My duties on my farm will not admit of my going out electioneering, yet I shall be with you at some of the public meetings.

Again thanking you,
I am, respectfully,
WM. CARLETON.

The following gentlemen comprise the Republican County Central Committee:

A. D. Stephens, Crookston, chairman.
A. A. Miller, Crookston.
J. P. Johnson, McIntosh.
Lewis Lohn, Fosston.
Robt. Colter, Mallory.
A. Nelson, Fertile.
K. O. Gigstad, St. Hilaire.
John Watson, Red Lake Falls.
Gunder Krostue, Fisher.

Veterinary Surgeons.

Drs. Arneson & Elstad, veterinary surgeons from Grand Forks, N. D., will be at Fertile, Minn., on the 10th and 11th days of October. [24-35]

We are doing a great business in stoves if we do say it ourselves. But how can we help it when we sell such fine stoves at such low prices. The following is what we are selling:

The Radiant Home base burner.
" Kenelworth surface.
" Popular Jewett surface burner.
" Jewett Cook Stoves.
" Original Peninsular cook stove, with drop over door.
" Gold Coin wood heaters.
" Monitor Oak stove—the queen of Oak stoves.
" Radiant Home Range.
Call in and see them.
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

For Sale.

Three good working mules; a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BIVINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

[12-tf] J. E. MITTON,
Wahpeton, N. D.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FOR A LIMITED TIME

I WILL SELL AT THE

Astonishing Low Price,

BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.

Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.

Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.

Silve Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50

Silver Pickle castor only, - - - $1.15

Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - - $3.80 per dozen.

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, JEWELER.

CROOKSTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
And Institute of Short Hand,
Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

The Jackson Repuilic, for many years one of the leadig Repulican papers in Southwestern Minnesota has hoisted the Alliance state ticket, and in its last issue says:

If the same feeling exists all over the state that does in Jackson county S. M. Owen will be elected by 20,000 majority. It is almost impossible to find men in any township in this county who will suport Merriam, while they are all enthusiastic for S. M. Owen. And still you see such papers as the Pioneer Press full of such statements as "Merriam steadily gaining," "farmers abreast for Merriam." If the Pianeer Press would interview a few people from the rural district other than political strikers, they might get a few facts that is, if they are after facts.

Just recieved at Minnie & Mrs J. L. Bailey's a fine line of Ladies' and children's Hats. Opening 15th to 18th. Please call and see goods. Prices to suit the times.

"Straws show which way the wind blows." A vote for Governor was taken on a train coming from Waseca to St. Paul, resulting as follows:

Owen	54
Wilson	31
Merriam	11
Total	96

A Minnesota merchant put up the names of the three candidates on a card in his store a few days ago, inviting the farmers who called to cast their votes by marking their choice opposite each name. At night the record stood Owen 20, Wilson 2, Merrim 1. The merchant, being a Republican took down his card at the end of the first day.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place.

[18-tf] J. W. HACK.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON. MINN.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, K. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. H. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

AUDITOR OFFICE POLK COUNTY.

The board of county commissioners of Polk County assembled in the auditors office pursuant to a call on the 16th. day of september 1890 at 10 o'clock a m.

Members present, Thompson, Kirsch, Rhinehart and Hunt. Absent J. P. Johnson. The minutes of last session were read and on motion approved.

Edward Lanctot was allowed $69,51 as stipulated by the district court for cost and disbursements in the Crookston, Gentilly road case as appellant.

Application of Miller Dupe as to cancellation of taxes on ne¼ se¼ sec. 10 Tp. 150 R. 42 was rejected.

The clerk of the district court was instructed to procure a set of Shepards amendments to the Minnesota statutes at the expense of the county.

The chair appointed M. E. Kirsch, D. D. Williams and Cornelius a committee to investigate the condition and title of certain lands which have been sold for taxes and now by tax purchaser asked to be refunded.

M. E. Kirsch was appointed a committee of one to attend to the building of a woodshed on the court house ground and to the re-arrangement of certain county offices.

The sum of thirty dollars was approprited out of the county road and bridge fund to the town of Huntsville to complete a bridge across Marais at Ferguson's—provided said township pay to P. J. McDonald the sum of $150 dollars the amount due him from said township for building said bridge.

The following amounts were voted to be expended for roads and bridges in the towns hereinafter named as prayed for in the several petitions to-wit:

In Poplar River Tp. $150 (on the north town line.)

In Lambert Tp, $150

" North, Sanders and Bray Tp. $100.

" Eden Tp. $100.

" Kertsonville Tp. $100.

" King and Braudsvold Tps. $50 far a bridge across Poplar River on the range line between said towns.

In Andover, Fairfax and Hammond $150 as follows: $100 to be expended between sec. 36 in Andover and sec. 31 in Fairfax and one half mile of road between sec. 13 in Andover and sec, 18 in Fairfax and fifty dollars for one half mile of road between sec 31 in Fairfax and sec. 2 in Hammond Tp.

In Bygland Tp. $150 for a bridge across a cooly.

In Fisher Tp. $250 for the county road extending toward Sandhill River.

In Roome Tp. $250 for the county road and the amount so appropriated for the purposes as above indicated are to be expended under the supervision of the commissioner within their respective districts.

Sections 1. 2. 3. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14 and 15, in Tp. 129. R. 40 was detached from district No. 131 and organized into a new school district to be known as No. 200.

Hearing was set at the next meeting of the board in the matter of the following individual school petition:

From Julius Boucher asking to detach his farm nw¼ sec. 31 Tp. 150 R. 47 from district No. 28 and attached to district No. 119.

From Joseph Caillier asking to detach the ne¼ sec. 24 Tp. 150 R. 45 from district No. 45 to district No. 191.

From Samson Hilde asking to detach the e½ of sec. 12 Tp. 146 R. 48 from district No. 18 and attached to distric No. 110.

The followins grand and petit jurors were selected as supplemental to the jury list for the current year:

FOR GRAND JURORS.

Andrew Ramberg	of Woopside Twp
Ole Narveson	" Knute "
O. P. Renne	" Garden "
Knud Opheim	" Garfield "
John Gleason	" Fisher "
H. B. Haney	" " "
Hans H. Bangen	" Vineland "
James E. O'Brien	city of Crookson.
James F. Morrissey	" " "
Felix Fournet	" " "
Michael Beaver	of Belgium Twp.
Ed. Wile	city of Crookston.
Peter Mercier	of Terrebone Twp.
Frank Obin	" Poplar River "
John Herbert	" " "
Jas, Helm	" " "
Jno Lowe	" " "
John Hutchinson	of East Grand Forks.
Adam Brown	" " "

FOR PETIT JUROR

Christffer Johnson of Godfrey Twp.

Hans Gullikson	" Garfield "
S. A. Willson	" Lessor "
John Hannah	" Nesbit "
Chas. Lofson	" Fisher "
Ole Larson	" Tyksid "
G. S. Spokelie	" Hubbard "
Frank Hanson	" " "
Halvor Gunderson	of Bygland "
A. C. Asseltine	" " "
Wm. Erdmann	City of Crookston.
Onezine Ducharme	city of Crookston.
Peter Becker	" "
Robert Casmey	" Euclid
Nech Engel	" Belgium
Peter Cornelius	city of Crookston.
E. H. Draper	" " Red Lake Falls.
Chas. Brossard	" " "
Andrew Swanson	Black River
Adolph Patenaude	Gervais
W. Davidson	Keystone
Thomas Routleg	Higdem
Bruce Devening	"
Ole Hendrickson	Northland
Daniel Johnson	"
R. Hutchins	Grand Forks

Superintendent Thos. Casey was allowed an assistant for a peried of 40 days, the allowance to extend until January. 1891.

The following communication was read and on motion accepted.

To the Hon. Board of County Commissioners-

GENTLEMEN: Having decided to remove from the state about November 1st. I hereby tender my resignation of the office of county attorney of said county to take effect on the first day of November, 1890. Yous Respectfully,
D. D. WILLIAMS

It was voted and seconded that a vote of thanks be tendered the retiring county attorney. D. D. Williams for his efficient and faithful service during his term of office and the clerk was directed to spread this vote of thanks upon the records of the county board.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street. Crookston.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

To Purchased Conventions.

NO MAN IS GOOD ENOUGH TO GOVERN ANOTHER WITHOUT HIS CONSENT.—ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The Thief River Falls Press misquotes THE JOURNAL ticket.

At last the farmers have what they have ardently desired—a chance to show their independence. They have a candidate of their own—S. M. Owen.

If the Merriam party don't quit fooling, they will elect a democratic governor. A vote for Merriam is a half vote for Wilson. Better give a square vote for Owen and make a sure thing of it.

If the present sentiment holds, Owen will carry Polk County by a big majority next month. Wilson and Merriam don't seem to be "in it" very extensively. The common people are awake at last. Let the good work go on.

Do not be fooled. A vote for the Merriam party is a half-vote for railroad attorney Wilson. If you believe in a free government "of the people, by the people and for the people," be sure to vote for a man who is in sympathy with the people—S. M. Owen.

What earthly good has Merriam's government done the farmers? Our wheat market placed in absolute control of the elevator system and taxes on the old cow for double her value in the market. That's a healthy "farmers' friend," aint it. But then you ought to elect Merriam because if you don't he can't knock out Cush Davis for the Senate, don-cher-know.

Gov. Merriam, in his speech accepting the nomination, said that the republican party

HAS ALREADY DONE

all that the farmers ask. Well, if the present condition of our wheat market is the best the republican party can do for our farmers, they will have to look elsewhere for a remedy or perish. If the presebt system of equalization is the best the shop affords the farmers had better come to the front and run the business for themselves awhile.

A free and open wheat market—the object for which the farmers are waging this campaign, is for the interest of every laborer or business man in this county—except the elevator system. With the farmers prosperous, business flourishes and every laborer has plenty of work to do and good wages. Why can you not for once vote for yourself by casting a vote for S. M. Owen, who will be elected on this issue? No other candidate is pledged to this purpose nor cares to see it accomplished. With S. M. Owen as governor we shall have justice in our wheat markets if it can be had.

If Polk County raises 2,000,000 bushels of wheat this year, one cent per bushel means $20,000 in or out of Polk County. Last year the loss to the farmer was from 10 to 20 cents per bushel under the system of marketing wheat, and Mr. Merriam assures the farmers that the Republican party has already done all they have asked of it—i. e. has established a free and open market for our wheat. If it costs each farmer from 10 to 20 cents per bushel, besides his taxes, to support the system to keep this robber system in vogue, what's the use of keeping it? Mr. Owen is anxious to see this deal changed and give the farmer a chance for once, and it is clearly for the interest of this country to give him a chance to see what he can do. Vote for your own interests by voting for S. M. Owen.

The efforts of the Merriam party to disintegrate the alliance ticket are worthy of the severest condemnation and defeat of all who have used these underhanded schemes. We are glad to note that one man on the alliance ticket, John H. Locken, has had manliness enough to resist all of the specious blandishments of the adversary of the farmers cause, and to stand firm at his post. For days he was followed with all kinds of temptations, but in vain. He stood for the right and now he should be rewarded by a triumphant election to the office for which he is a candidate, register of deeds. That he is well qualified no one who knows him for a moment doubts, and that the Merriam party considers him one of the strongest supporters of the farmers' cause is shown in their frantic efforts to proselyte him. He should be elected, and THE JOURNAL hopes to see him and will do all it can to that end.

Wonderfully Precocious.

The claim was made in the late republican convention that J. J. Armstrong was selected because, being a new man, he is connected with no ring or clique, but the knowledge that this five months old citizen of Polk has acquired seems wonderful when we consider the make up of the committee he (is supposed to have) appointed. An old stager, of the Merriam party, could not have struck the combination closer. It suggests the idea that the fine Italian hand of the would be boss of Polk County was in the deal. The Fertile Journal suggests that the Merriam infant was considered in a precarious condition, needing a consultation of physicians, as Dr. Watson was called in to advise with Dr. Nelson. It was very evidently doctored, but what good it will do the patient is problematical.

Midway News: "A few years ago the farmers kicked on the grounds that the railroads and warehouse men controlled the state. Now, Gov. Merriam has incurred the illwill of these people by striving to serve the farmers and the farmers are now conniving with the democrats for his defeat. What is the matter with the farmers anyway?"

It is one thing to make an assertion and quite another to sustain it. The farmers cannot see wherein the Governor has put himself out in the least to serve their interests; on the contrary, quite the reverse, and there is where their kick comes in. A few years ago the railroad and elevator men controlled the situation absolutely, and the farmers fail to see wherein this control has been lessened. The farmers imagine that control of the Board and employes under it is equivalent to a control of the situation, and they wonder wherein the railroads and elevator men fail in this. Was not the wishes of the railroads in the appointment of the Board obeyed to the letter? Did not Chas. A. Pillsbury dictate the appointment of the employes under the Board in Minneapolis, and Chas. H. Graves do the same in Duluth? If the elevator men and the railroads have their own men appointed on and under the Board, how much do they lack of as full control as they could wish? It is a fact that the elevator men absolutely control the making of the grades, and that they absolutely control the markets, and the farmers have to pay for the operation of this system. That's why they kick. Governor Merriam has never done one thing to remedy this evil. The only thing that he has done has been to go to railroad companies when complaints have reached him that said roads failed to furnish cars, but that's no more than his simple duty as Governor. The law obliges the companies to furnish cars, and the farmers' legislature made that law. Under the law it is the Governor's duty to appoint the Board, and the duty of the Board so created to appoint the employes under it. But was that done? Did not Governor Merriam, after creating the Board, dictate every appointment under it; and that, too, for political purposes of his own? That's what the farmers kick, Bro. Paradis, and you cannot blame them if you are honest. The farmers have every reason to feel that if the present governor is re-elected the same state of things will continue. Last year, up in this county, farmers raised wheat at an actual loss; the system did not give them the actual cost of production, and they are fully determined to have a change of some kind. Again they kick when the Board of Equalization, apppointed by Gov. Merriam, raises the valuation on cows from $10 to $15 per head and lowers bank stock in proportion. Last year the very best cows in Polk County would not bring more than one-half their assessed value, yet the same old tune is played this year. Put yourself in their place, Mr. News, and see if you wouldn't kick and kick with both hind feet vigorously. Confront a man with ruin, as the situation does, and you will find that he will do lots of things that you are led to wonder at.

"What Ails the Farmers?"

Well, they are a good deal like the fellow who went into the hotel dining room and was brought a cup of luke warm drink—they want a change. The fellow took a sip, then turning to the waiter, said: "See here, waiter, if this is tea, bring me coffee, if it is coffee, bring me tea. I want a change." The farmers want a change in the present market system, and they are bound to have it!

That's What's the Matter With the Farmers.

Marshall Messenger.

Wheat 85c., a good crop. The farmers are happy, and with good crops and big prices, they have little or no time to engage in politics "to better their condition," save those who would better it by getting into office. The average farmer is satisfied with the present political status, and he will not vote to put the democrats in charge, over the shoulders of the alliance.

Well, that looks lovely, but the facts don't justify the roseate view. When No. 1 Hard wheat brings 85 cents in the local markets, it should bring the farmer one dollar if he had his rights. But the system is so thoroughly under the control of the buyer that he can lay down the rule: "Give no No. 1 Hard grades," and no No. 1 Hard is given, and the farmer has to sell his No. 1 Hard wheat for No. 2 Northern, or even rejected in some cases. The average farmer is not satisfied with a "political status" that tolerates such robberies as have been committed under the present system, and they are bound to have a change in the deal. It was the duty of the republican party to correct this evil, but the managers were making too much money out of elevator and railroad stock, and they thought the farmers were all a set of fools who would keep right on voting under the party lash to perpetuate the system. But the farmers demand a change in the system and are going to vote for it, and "that's what's the matter with the farmers."

Every alliance man should be a committee of one from now until the polls close on Nov. 4th. See that every man is out at the polls, and see that no frauds are committed, such as stealing alliance tickets, bulldozing, and the like. Remember the opposition to the farmers' cause is desperate and will hesitate at no frauds to defeat the will of the people.

The only way to make republican principles win is to vote for S. M. Owen.

Cant Stand The Racket.

Hon Frank Ives Brother of the Merriam Candidate for Lieut Gov. Repudiates Bossism.

Crookston, Minn., Sept. 20, 1890.
Editor Red River Dalen:

In your issue of the 10th inst you say of me, that I am no longer a Republican. In this you are not wholly correct. It is true that I have been a Republican for thirty-six years and have always worked for the interest of my party. I was a Republican, when to be known as such carried with the name the hated and opprobrious name "abolitionist" and the contempt of nine-tenths of the voters of the whole country. But times changed and so did men's minds, and in 1860 that band of patriots, which had been kicked and cuffed about for years by both Democrats and Whigs, came to the front, and the great slave oligarchy, which had ruled and almost ruined the country, was forced to retire, and the people again ruled.

The principles of the platform upon which Mr. Lincoln stood, and was elected, were the grandest and most worthy ever enunciated by a political party. I loved those principles and had the profoundest respect for the untiring and unselfish patriots who spent the best years of their lives in advocating them. Then men were elected to office because they were capable, honest and devoted to these grand principles, which inspired the breast of every lover of freedom and right in the broad domain of the nation. To these principles I still adhere, and the party and the leaders of those times I still love. I feel safe in asserting that if the Republican party had been true to itself, true to its followers, and had maintained, even the bulwork of liberty from that time to this, not one of the great throng of devoted men who cast his ballot for freedom would now object to the domination of the party for all time to come. But times as well as the minds of men have changed, and gold and pelf, not principles, have became the gods of the party. The trouble is not that honest men have abondoned the principles of Republicanism, but that the party has left its moorings, and is drifting toward the roks of destruction, with none to guide it but a crew of selfish unprincipled men whose only watch-word is "money" and power. I was prepared to hear that the self-styled leaders of the once great party would resort to almost any ordinary measures to accomplish their ends and perpetuate their power, but I was astounded and humiliated when I learned that these men, false to every principle of honor and justice had subverted the rights of the people and had actually purchased their victory:

A party is in a sad predicament when to perpetuate its power it becomes necessary to send its strikers into the rural districts and hire and purchase delegates to represent it in its primaries, a sad condition, when all the old utility-men of the country are foremost in directing its course, and to place men in power whose only fitness is availability and a pocket full of money.

For these and other reasons I cannot support the nominees of the so-called Republican party this year. One of the most vital objections is, that the nominees of the party are not placed in the field by the people representing and belonging to the party; but was forced upon the party by a few selfish arrogant demogogues, with a horde of hirelings who had no interest in the party greater than the money paid them for their services at the dictation of the bosses. It is a humiliation commentary on a great party when its supporters in the primaries must be bought or hired and paid for as a farmer pays for a flock of sheep; and it would be a stain upon the good name of an honest Republican or any honest, freedom loving member of any other party, to submit to such outrageous fraudulent practices. An honest expression of the people cannot be had by any such course and they mistake their man if they think to bind us by any such dishonest action.

The bosses have manipulated the nominations, and is now the people's turn, and if the signs of the times are any indication of the results to be expected, the verdict of the people in November will be a lesson which these self-styled bosses will long remember. I reiterate, that I am still a Republican, but not of the sort I have just described; and I think it just the time when such Republicans should show themselves and make a strong effectual effort to stamp out and eradicate such men as now dominate the party. These men have the control of our organization and hence we cannot fight them within the party lines, and I am not afraid to tell to all the world that I cannot and will not support the rump of any party. So for the present Mr. Editor, you will find me on the side of the long-suffering, much abused farmer, and whenever and wherever my services can be of any use for their benefit they can command me.

Very tauly yours
FRANK IVES.

Todd Co. Argus: It is a good time to speak of Mr. Comstock's concientious and satisfactory work in congress. During his short term of two years he has established a reputation for himself in the national councils that far overtops that of any of his fellow-members who entered congress at the time he did. He is recognized as one of the hardest working, most thoughtful and intelligent man in the chamber among the recently elected members. His work for his constituents has been persistent and successful. He is now in a position to do better work than he has ever done before because the first two years of a congressman's service are in great measure years of probation and scrutiny. He has passed that period and will hereafter become one of the recognized leaders from the Northwest.

Another Letter.

Great West.

The following letter tells what a terrific compaign Mr. Donnelly is carrying through for W. R. Merrium! It is in response to a letter on the subject:

HASTINGS, Minn. Sept. 1, 1890
B. McGovern Esq., St. Vincent Minn.
DEAR SIR:—

If any man says I am not supporting the Alliance ticket be kind enough to knock him down, and charge the cost to me. I was not a candidate for Governor; the vote given me was purely spontaneous; I would not take the nomination to-day with $5,000 to back it. I insisted that Secretary Lathrop should obey the constitution and pay over the Alliance money to the Alliance treasurer. If this was treason I am ready to get out of the Association; for I would not remain in a body where it is the proper thing for the Secretary NOT to obey the cotstitution and to pocket the funds. All the fight made on me in the Alliance and outside of it, comes from the hired tools of the railroad corporations, who seek in this way to break up the Allience. Keep up the good fight, and get out every vote you can for the Alliance ticket, state and local. I will be found doing yeoman's service when the proper time comes. Sincerely your friend.

IGNATIOUS DONNELLY.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH-WEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,

The Loan Agent.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

The Cosmopolitan.

The modern magazine may be taken as embodying the best literature of the world, as the magazine editor pays the highest prices to novelists, scientists statemen, soldiers, and even kings and princes, for the best they can furnish in the literary line. The well-edited magazine becomes an educating influence in the family circle, whose importance cannot be over-estimated. The children, as they grow up, are attracted by its illustrations, and so come in time to have a taste for reading. There is always something that is new, something that is strange, something that is interesting; and we consider that we are doing our readers a positive benefit if we are instrumental in placing such a publication within their reach. The special arrangement which we have made with the Cosmopolitan presents pery unusual inducements. That magazine, although only in the tenth month under its new management, is already recognized as one of the most interesting publications of the day. It is seeking subscribers everywhere and obtaining them. The proprietors believe that the Cosmopolitan has only to be examined to secure a permanent subscriber. That is why we are enabled to make, if the offer is accepted before January next, such a very low rate, by which our readers can obtain the Cosmopolitan for little more than the cost of this journal alone. Just think of what the combination means! You obtain your own home journal at about the regular price, and have thrown in a magazine which gives you, in a year 1536 pages of reading matter by the ablest writers of the world, including over 1300 pages of illustrations that are unsurpassed in point of interest and execution. Will it not pay you to send a subscription to this office for the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, and Cosmpolitan immediately? Remember, only $3—for the two.

Big weights and small prices—that's Holmboe's motto. [14-27]

HOME SEEKERS EXCURSIONS.

The attention of our readers is called to the low round trip excursions on th Great Northern Railway, Sept. 9th Sept. 23d and Oct. 14th. Persons who have friends in the East who have written about coming or ever expressed a desire to visit this country, should be informed of this chance. Tickets can be had at all principal offices of eastern, central and southern lines, connecting with the Great Northern at St. Paul, Minneapolis, West Superior or Duluth. Ask your eastern friends to call and see their nearest ticket agent, or write to F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul. Let us all unite in an effort for new growth and development.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Always on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern, and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent St. Paul.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 2, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave.	Arrive.
10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m

STATE TEACHERS INSTITUTE.

An Institute for the County of Polk, will be he held at the Court House, in the city of Crookston, during the week commencing Monday, October 6th, 1890. The State will provide efficient instructors, who will be furnished with such professional books, apparatus and material as have been thoroughly tested and found to be of special service to teachers. Great pains will be taken to make the instruction pointed and in the highest degree practical, in matters pertaining to the management and grading of schools and the teaching of common school branches.

One evening will be devoted to a lecture by some good speaker; another to literary exercises under the care of the conductor. The literary study this year will be Longfellow's Evangeline. An edition of Evangeline to be used in the Minnesota Institutes will be issued by Messrs. Houghton, Mifflin & Co., of Boston. Teachers may procure copies of them by mail, or from the conductors at the institute. It would be well to read it once before coming to the institute.

Teachers are requested to note that, after this fall, examination questions in "Theory and Practice" sent out by this Department will be based on Page's Theory and Practice; and the instructors will make free use of the same work. Every teacher should procure a copy for use in the institute and for subsequent study.

Teachers who take a proper interest in their calling, and who desire by self-improvement to advance to higher positions, will be present at the opening Monday afternoon and remain till Friday evening. At the close of the week, a certificate, signed by the State Superintendent, county superintendent and the conductor, will be issued to all who have been neither tardy nor absent at any session, and who have been diligent and shown progress in the work of the institute.

All schools can be legally closed during institute week at the request of the teachers or the county superintendent.

The institute will be in charge of the superintendent, who will make all required arrangements for its success, as well as for the accommodation of teachers, who are requested to give him early notice of their intention to be present, that he may provide board for all at the lowest rates.

T. CASEY, County Supt. D. L. KIEHLE, Supt. Pub. Inst'n.

Our Old Friend of Thirty Years.

Midway News.

For one to either cunningly or brazenly seek to subvert the general good to his own selfish agrandisement or elevation has been depreciated by the good and wise of all ages. The sublimest human conception of the Divinity is that God took upon Himself the form of man and suffered torture and death to save the people. The grandest yet most awful conception of the diabolical is that satan eternally plunged his followers into irretrievable perdition in the vain hope of himself equaling the Most High. Here is a principle more enduring than all party platforms. The true American is not he who is drawn from one side to the other, like a follower of Robispierre, by the promise of patronage or position, but he who is bound to truth by some deep, firm, enduring principle. There are no doubt among the readers of the Midway News, especially among those not acquainted with the editor and his former publication, the Plainview News, who fancy that many of the personal thrusts we have made at the very nice, very smooth, very polite, very smart, very bold, but, alas! also, very vain and very selfish old gentleman upon whom the Democratic nomination for governor has just been conferred, that in these attacks we but fell into the common error of modern journalistic beligerence. It is not so. We are free to say that as a man we entertain the kindest of feelings toward the genteel affable judge, Thomas Wilson, and as a journalist our expressions, even though they may have seemed unkind at times, were dictated by the sincere sense of duty. Whatever bitterness we may have manifested was but the resentment, natural in all human beings, of one whom it was sought to entrap by a mixture of affable kindness, compounded with a certain amount of judicial dignity, much serpentine subtility, a nerve of cast-caststeel effrontery, and falsehood diabolical. Naturally enough, too, we may feel a litle vain over our easy escape from the wiles and snares laid for us, by, reputedly, "the smartest railroad lawyer in the West." For the benefit of such as may regard the so-called "roasts" we have heretofore given judge Wilson as the stabs of a malicious tongue, we wish to explain that Thomas Wilson has not always been a great railroad lawyer. Thirty years ago he was a young country lawyer. Smart as a steel trap, soft as a glove, and audacious as hell, he found no difficulty in climbing the ladder of legal technicalities. Politically he was a Republican then, but, as now, the party, with him, was a means, not an end. As the Republican party of Minnesota was then overwhelmingly in the majority, young Wilson found it very convenient to use it as a ladder to reach the county attorneyship of Winona County, which then included what is now Wabasha County, where for ten years we ran the Plainview News and got acquainted with him. From county attorney he climbed the same ladder to the judgship of the district; from that to the supreme court; from the supreme court he grasped for the United States Senatorship' but, unfortunately, somewhat after the manner of the late Mr. McGinty, and his first predecessor in vain ambition, the early Mr. Satan, he fell to the bottom of the hole, since which time he has been a democrat, or, more properly speaking, a "jiboose," that is, as he explains it, "he is a Democrat who is almost as good as a Republican." It was about this time that "King Corporation" formally made his royal entrance in this country, and to convince the king of his valor young Tom Wilson attacked him, figuratively speaking, "on the bridge at midnight," that is, the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company undertook to compel the people of Winona to pay for their bridge over the Mississippi, and young Wilson, then defeated and hard-up, took the case of the people and routed the railroad company. It is no little achievement now, it was a greater one then, to down a great railroad company. The successful termination of this case, which was fought for several years, together with his many estimable personal qualities, made Mr. Wilson the idol of many of his Winona and Wabasha County neighbors, whom of late years he always designates as "his old friends of thirty years." The towns of Plainview and Elgin having later been caught into a $100,000 railroad bond deal for the benefit of the Chicago & Northwestern railway, his "old friends of thirty years," knowing of his former success against this company, at once sought his services, but after consultation, were informed by him that they had no case. They sought other counsel, namely, Robert Taylor, of Kasson, and C. M. Start, of Rochester, and finally went to court. The first unmistakable evidence we had of the judge's duplicity was when he appeared in the same case as counsel for the railroad company; the second was when, after having the case decided against him in the supreme court, he had himself elected to the state legislature by the solid vote of Chicago & Northwestern car shop employes in Winona, and then sought, by special legislation, to achieve what he had failed to do in the courts, beat his "old friends of thirty years" out of $100,000. The fact that these, his "old friends of thirty years," whom he thus sought to defraud, happened to be precisely those whom our then publication, the Plainview News, was pledged to defend, is how we happened, for now nearly fifteen years, to make a special study of the railroad lawyer and politician, Thomas Wilson. But it was not until his disbursing agent in his first congressional campaign, Lyman M. Gregg, failed to tempt us with monied considerations, and, after the Hon. Thomas himself had exhausted his fund of affability, geniality, dignity, honor, friendship, cunning, subtility, audacity and rank falsehood to secure our political support in that campaign, in which he also dismally failed, that we have learned to look upon a gentleman whom so many good people regard with respect, with such utter contempt. We could never forgive ourself did we permit him to be elected governor of this great state, under his past and present unholy alliances, without venting our conscience of what we know of the man to the utmost extent of our humble powers.

The Cause at Benson.

BENSON, Minn., Sept. 24.—[Special Correspondence to Daily News.]—The Alliance campaign opened here last night with an address from A. S. Edwards, a representative of the Knights of Labor, who handled the industrial problem with earnestness and force that left an impression upon his audience that will bear fruit worthy of the cause. His appeal to the vigorous, thinking men of the present to deal with living issues that confront the industrial masses of the day, was well received by the people, who are in sympathy with the cause of the toilers of the country. The people of this county are fully awake to the Alliance cause, and not only the farmers, but the laboring and business men are taking an active interest in the cause of the mass against the class.

FARMER.

Worried About Party Welfare.

St. Paul Daily News.

A well posted man who has just been through Otter Tail county on business—not on politics—says that Mr. Owen will get no democratic votes in this county from democratic Alliance men. Mr. Wilson will get the full democratic vote when the time comes. The democrts will keep up the Owen racket until election day, then quietly vote solid for Wilson. Republicans who are in the Alliance should not be caught in a trap like this.—Fergus Falls Journal.

The above is a sample of almost the entire stock in trade of the argument put forth by the Merriam papers against the Alliance movement.

They cannot truthfully and do not attempt to allege anything personally against Mr. Owen.

Neither can they truthfully find any serious fault with the platform of the Alliance, though a few make feeble efforts in that direction.

The consequence is that they fall back upon the democratic bugaboo. They appeal to republicans to stand by their party, even though it robs them, rather than run the risk of siding another party, which by reducing taxation would put money in their pockets.

There are a very large number of democrats who will vote for Mr. Owen, but it is true there is less reason for their doing so than for the republicans, because the democratic party is practically upon the same tariff platform as the Alliance.

The tariff is the vital business question and the one which touches the pockets of the people.

At the same time the Alliance represents other popular interests, such as opposition to grasping, corporate monopolist, upon which the democratic party is not so radical.

There is consequently room for the new organization and an opportunity for it to become a National movement. It is naturally to be expected that the new party will draw votes from the old party which is least in accord with its principles. Being a new party, it must draw its entire strength from the old organizations, and it would not be common sense to assume it will not make its strongest pull upon the party whose principles are diametrically in opposition.

When the anti-slavery party, from which the republican party sprung was formed, it drew from both organizations, and for a time almost equally. In 1848 it drew even more from the democrats than from the Whigs, but that was owing rather to internal dissensions in the democratic party than a question of principle.

The sequel of it every one knows. Finding a larger anti-slavery element in the Whig than the democratic party, the Whig party was disintegrated and the new Republican party formed.

History is now repeating itself. The republican party is liable to disintegrate, but it can still remain the dominant party by coming over and joining the Alliance movement.

This result can only be secured by sound defeat, and those who have heretofore acted with the republican party are really acting in a manner to maintain and ultimately strengthen it, by voting against it the present fall, as the only method of correcting the abuses which have crept into the organization.

The true friends of the republican party are not the ones who are so solicitous for drawing party lines, but those who have independence and sagacity enough to stand by their own interests, regardless of party names.

Minnesota's Dairy Interests

Minneapolis Journal.

One of the most impressive exhibits at the recent state fair was that devoted to dairy products. It embodied the strongest possible evidence of Minnesota's superiority and development as a dairy state; the adaptation of the climate, grasses and water to the industry, intelligence and prevision of the people. Such an exhibit, at the World's Fair in Chicago, would cover the North Star state with glory. It would be the means of adding thousands of intelligent and industrious people to our population.

Such an exhibit potently suggests the change which has come over the farming community of this state during the last decade. The growing of cereals, especially through the southern counties, is giving way to the stock and dairy industries. The latter has been found to be a most profitable branch of farming. No soil is exhausted for the product. An essential food is produced and the market for dairy product is generally good, at home and abroad. And now when the machinery for speedy butter making has reached a marvelous degree of completeness and economy, the tendency in this state of pure water and rich grasses to plant less grain and own the best milch cows and dairy machinery is strengthening.

This dairy industry of Minnesota represents value in cows, calves, and butter, cheese and milk product of about $50,000,000 and the increase is raped. There is no state in the union so free from disease of any kind as this, and the climate is admirably adapted to the breeding of the best cows. It was appropriate to give the industry such special prominence in all its phases at the state fair. It was the largest and finest dairy exhibit ever made in this state and probably in the West. The importance of the subject was recognized by the management of the exposition and dairying is the only farm industry given a place among the exhibits. It is gratifying, too, to see that the state fair management offered liberal and numerous premiums to butter makers. Too much cannot be done to strengthen this great industry and to bring expert butter and cheese makers to establish themselves in the state. What has been acomplished during the last 20 years, is evidence enough of the fact that Minnesota is a natural home for the dairying industry.

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[First publication Sept. 24th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 17th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

Letters of administration of the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto John Cromb, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in the city of Crookston, in said County, on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 17th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
(Seal Probate Court.) C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.
[23-25]

[First publication Sept. 18th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 4th 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Anton Mickelson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Sam Mickelson, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Anton Mickelson, late of this county, on the 18th day of September, A. D. 1890, at Crookston aforesaid, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said Sam Mickelson granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Tuesday, the 14th day day of October, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 15th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.
[22-24]

Sheriff's Sale of Real state Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

(First publication Aug. 21st, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Anna A. Beck, plaintiff, against Paul Bataglia, Elizabeth Bagtalia, and the Luger Furniture Company, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fifth day of August, A. D., 1890. a certified transcript of which has been duly delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Polk County aforesaid, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash on Monday, the thirteenth day of October, 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, lying and being situated in the county of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot number eighteen, (18,) in block number sixteen, (16,) of the townsite of Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1890.

JOHN PATERSON,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
SPRY & HARVEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
[18-24] Minneapolis, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

MINNESOTA
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—AT—
WINONA, MANKATO, ST. CLOUD AND MOORHEAD.

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(a). An Elementary Course, for teachers of rural schools and elementary grades.

(b) An advanced course, for teachers of advanced grades.

(c) A Professional Course, for teachers who have completed the required academic work elsewhere.

(d) A Kindergarten Training Course, (at Winona.

ADMISSION.—Graduates of high schools and colleges, and teachers holding County Superintendents' first and second grade certificates are admitted without examination. All others are required to pass an entrance examination.

EXPENSES.—Tuition is free to all who pledge themselves to teach in Minnesota. Text books are furnished at a rental of three dollars a year. Provisions are made in each school for economical living. The average cost of furnished room with board is about $3.00 per week.

The next school year opens Sept. 1st, 1890.

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—AND—
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The Polk County Journal.

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VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 9, 1890. NO. 25

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Why not try it once! Elect a governor whom the people have selected, S. M. Owen?

Never mind what politicians and stump speakers may say, you have a sacred duty you owe yourselves and your families, and that is to elect your own governor and legislature.

Don't think more of party than anything else, said Wilson the other evening. All right, Thomas, we won't. We will go right ahead and elect Owen, the independent candidate for Governor.

The fact that the farmers must do it if anything ever is done for them, ought by this time to be emphatically impressed upon the minds of all. And there is no time like the present to do it.

When other business interests are suffering for lack of legislation they do not send a farmer to correct the evil. Why should not the farmers adopt the same system and send only farmers to attend to their business for them? They should, and we believe that they will.

The politicians are scared to death for fear the people will elect Owen, all the while they appear to be serene, and they say: "Of course, the farmers could elect their candidate if they will stick together, but then, of course, they will not do that, don-cher-know. But wont they? We believe they will.

Oh, yes, you had better vote to perpetuate the enormous tax on the old cow! Why had you better do so? Oh, because some politician may ask you to do so, and not because it will be of any benefit to you. That's good logic, ain't it? Well, it is the only reason under the canopy why you should not elect Owen.

Under the present market system the farmer is bound to lose every time. The quickest and surest way to effect a cure is to elect S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature to back him. If every farmer will now take hold in earnest, this can be done. And they are doing it. Remember last fall and vote as you have talked. Send your own men to correct the pernicious system.

Elevator stock is gilt-edged and elevators that only handle the wheat are worth their weight in gold, while the farms that RAISE the wheat are a drug upon the market. This is wholly wrong, should be changed and will be changed with a farmer governor and a farmer legislature to back him. It is to the interest of this country to change the deal. To do it vote for Owen and a farmer legislature.

They say "the farmers can't stick together!" Who says it?" Why, those who do not want to have them do so. Well, this fall will tell the story and prove whether it is so or not. The farmers have nominated a grand good man for governor, and if they stick together they will elect him as sure as fate. If they don't they will help to elect somebody who will do nothing to help them. What will they do? They will elect Owen, we think.

Look out for all kinds of roorbacks and campaign lies. Stand firm for your cause and you will win. Remember that your cause is just, that in S. M. Owen you have the best candidate in the field, and then unitedly vote for him and your legislative ticket, and no power on earth can defeat you. Those who oppose you are active and vigilant and well supplied with the sinews of war and will hesitate at nothing to carry their point. Never mind that. Be true to your cause and you will deserve to win and you will win.

How do you expect that a governor who makes his money out of railroad and elevator stocks will bother himself to squeeze the watered stock out of railroads and elevators? S. M. Owen is a poor man—like the average farmer of to-day, and has no railroad or elevator stock, and if elected will not scruple to squeeze to the best of his ability. Try him once.

It is true that the farmers lack for money to pay for big speeches and to get up a big hurrah, but they always will be too poor for these things and everything else until they learn to do as other business men do—attend to their own business. It is your business to elect your governor and your own legislature now that you have nominated them. Will you be united on this question? We believe you will.

We have heard that Gov. Merriam has been accused of being the farmers' friend, because a binding twine factory is to be established at Stillwater. But how is that, anyhow? Did not the committee appointed by Merriam two years ago come back and report that it would cost a million or so, and was therefore impracticable? Did not the alliance revive the scheme last spring, and was it not on their demand that another committee investigated and reported that the cost would be merely nominal, and was not that the reason that Minnesota will have a twine factory? Give the Devil his due and don't accuse our good "business Governor" of something that he is entirely innocent of.

The managers of the Merriam campaign seem to be wholly in the dark as to what the real strength of the Alliance will be. It is an unknown quantity that bothers them more than the candidacy of railroad attorney Wilson. They have confidently expected that the farmers would all rally around the Merriam standard by this time, and the fact that the farmers do not rally to an alarming extent, bothers them. Although they have sought diligently they have utterly failed to find anything against Owen, who is daily making hosts of friends in the state. Owen is the only candidate who is trying to accomplish those things that the farmers need, and hence its strength.

The two great parties are now mendicants before the people for votes. With hat in hand they are in the field begging the suffrage of the dear people. And this is the people's opportunity—the time to correct the evils that do exist in our markets. This is a very important matter to farmers who are in great need of legislation to help them in their business. The warehouse bill will fully correct existing evils. Are these mendicants for votes willing to pledge us this? Are they willing to pledge us money loaned direct to the people, instead of through the round-about methods now in vogue? Will they pledge us government control of railroads? Will they pledge us equality in taxation? Certainly they should be willing to

DO SOMETHING

for us in return for our votes. What will they do?

THE JOURNAL urges the voters to select only such men for county offices as are competent, honest and trustworthy, regardless of the party that represented them. Not one of them has the power to affect the price of wheat a cent's worth, but when you come to the gubernatorial and legislative ticket, that's different. Elect S. M. Owen with a solid farmer legislature to back him, and that's different. Then you will accomplish something that will affect the price of your wheat if it can be done by legislation—

AND IT CAN BE.

Remember that Owen and a farmer legislature will be elected

ON THAT ISSUE,

pledged to enact laws in behalf of the farmers and the laboring classes, and and no other candidates before the people stand upon this platform. Farmers, be TRUE to your own interests by casting one ballot for yourselves.

Why the Farmers Kick.

Last Wednesday, Oct. 1st, wheat in this city was 82 for No. 1 Hard; in Duluth it was $1.01. Only nineteen cents difference, and yet political schemers cry out in surprise, "what ails the farmers?" Oh, yes, what ails them? A clear steal of five cents a bushel is not much for each individual farmer, but it means over $150,000 withdrawn from the channels of trade in Polk County. Not only the farmers, but the business men of the county also should kick vigorously. Do you suppose this condition of things would exist if we had government warehouses? Not much, and every buyer well knows it. "Kick?" Well, if there is a spark of the old feeling of 1776 left in the people they will kick and kick hard until the deal is changed.

What's the matter with Owen? Why nothing, only the farmers nominated him, and according to the average politician the farmers don't know enough to nominate anybody. All they know or ought to know is enough to vote for candidates nominated by ring politicians. As long as they do this unquestioningly they are "bully boys." Vote for S. M. Owen.

Judge Christianson has performed the duties of the important office of Probate Judge in a perfectly satisfactory manner and, in our judgment, is the best man for the place now before the people for their approval. If honesty and efficiency in office are any object, vote for C. O Christianson for Probate Judge. THE JOURNAL has no doubt of his election, for the people want efficient officers.

The republican state central committee pretend to be serene, confident that the republican ticket will win. Why should it? Some of its nominees were thrust upon the ticket contrary to the will of the people and their only object is to win. Should they win the farmers may go to grass and whistle for their free and open market, for all they care. This is also true of the democratic ticket. The farmers should and will stand by Owen.

Why should you vote for Wilson or Merriam when you have in S. M. Owen a far more able, a far better man, a true and steadfast friend to the laboring men and the farmers. A few politicians, the elevators and railroads are interested in the election of Wilson or of Merriam, but neither one of them, if elected, will care a straw whether the evils in the market system are cured or not. Vote for Owen.

Money is a powerful agent in the hands of unscrupulous men, but it is powerless if the people are sufficiently alive to their true interests. The colonists when they declared war against England, were a poor people, yet they won the fight after a long and bitter struggle. To-day the farmer is fighting for his rights in the market and he will win if he is true to his cause.

"America is a wealthy nation," says railroad attorney Wilson; yes, and when there are as many millionaire farmers as other business men, then will the tillers of the soil cease to kick.

Those who are opposed to the farmers' acting for themselves are flattering themselves that the alliance party will be defeated, because, they argue, the farmers haven't got sufficient funds to run a campaign. They think that money is the only thing that is needed. Every farmer should be a missionary in the good cause until after election.

Thor Haldorson, a prominent farmer of Mentor, was in the city last week to prove up on his claim. Mr. H. takes a very sensible view of the situation and thinks that the farmer can easily control it if he will assert his rights. He thinks it is by a combination of interests and plans that this can be accomplished, and thinks if the alliance had been formed long ago agricultural interests would have been far better subserved with half the trouble so far experienced. He thinks farmers should stick to Owen and the legislative ticket, and after having elected them, should keep the altar fires on the alliance burning brightly, so as to be better prepared to cope against those who fatten off the proceeds of the farmers' toil. Mr. H. says he shall vote for Owen and the legislative ticket, and for county officers the best men on any ticket. So say we all of us.

Doc. Nelson came up to take in the democrat rally last week. The doctor considers such things like the measles, mumps, and so on, necessary evils, but not dangerous when you have a good doctor handy. The boys didn't catch any of it this trip.

Dot leetle Fertile band is a dandy—a Jim Dandy. The way they made the welkin ring with their music on Wednesday night of last week was a caution to the old settlers. They would be a credit to a much larger place than Fertile, and are deserving of a liberal patronage. Their music thawed the democratic iceberg for once in his life.

J. S. Nichols, of Liberty, was up to hear what railroad atty. Wilson had to say last week. He says that Liberty will go solid for the alliance ticket. Says he knows of only nine democrats in the town and they are all solid for the alliance. And so the good work goes on. The farmers are in the saddle this year and propose to vote for themselves once.

The Merriam strikers have forced objectionable candidates upon their ticket and now let them elect them. The people are not in it.

Judge C. O. Christianson has been a faithful official and is just the man for the place. Remember the Judge when you cast your ballot.

Farmers, when you cast your ballots next month, remember last fall and cast your ballot for a free and open wheat market. Your candidates for the legislature and S. M. Owen are pledged to aid you in the good work—others are not. Be independent and vote for yourselves once in your life and see how it would seem. If you elect your own men you will accomplish your purpose, if you do not you will not. That's the difference.

The Mankato Daily Free Press goes into heroics because at an alliance meeting held at Pipestone the other day the farmers contributed one hundred dollars toward the campaign expenses for the alliance ticket, and says: "Every man who contributed one dollar paid more than the tariff on twine would amount to in three years?"

So? Well, that is truly wonderful, is it not? Under the present system of marketing wheat every farmer who raises one hundred bushels of wheat pays

TEN DOLLARS

at least to support the system that is robbing him. If he raises one thousand bushels he pays

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

to support the robber system. And this is a forced contribution for which he does not even get the credit of being a liberal contributor to the campaign expenses. If Owen is elected, and a farmer legislature to back him, this system will be changed and the farmer will get his rights in the market. The elevator companies and the railroad companies are large contributors to the campaign fund to elect Wilson or Merriam and they make it up out of the farmer! Farmers, which had you rather do? Contribute a dollar or two now and then to fight the robber corporations, or be assessed by them ten dollars or more on every hundred bushels of wheat you raise, to perpetuate the system that is despoiling you? Now is the time for you to decide that question as you cast your ballot on Nov. 4th. A vote for Owen and a farmer legislature is a vote for an open wheat market.

In his letter to the St. Paul News, Mr. Ives says:

"If it can be shown that Mr. Merriam, as the executive, has not obeyed the laws, has not enforced them, or has enforced them partially, to the disadvantage of the farmer or the laborer, then he should not have the support of any one, and in such case, the proof being decisive, no one in the broad domain would labor harder or longer to defeat him than I would."

Does not the law make it the duty of the Governor to appoint the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and the duty of that commission so appointed, to appoint the employes under it? Did not Governor Merriam, after he had appointed the Board, dictate the appointment of all of the employes under the Board? Did not Chas. A. Pillsbury control these appointments in Minneapolis and Chas. H. Graves those in Duluth? Are they not the head of the elevator system? And do you call this "to the advantage of the farmer?" Again, do you call the appointments on the Board of Equalization "to the advantage of the farmer?"

Tom Wilson, in his speech the other night, said that America was a very rich and prosperous country. Only a few years since, he said, John Jacob Astor was about the only millionaire in the country, and now the woods are full of 'em, or words to that effect. He failed however to tell us how many

MILLIONAIRE FARMERS

he finds to the square acre in America! He failed to tell us that these millionaires are made rich by taking undue advantage of the farmers and grinding them down into the dust. He failed to tell us that these same millionaires do not pay their due proportion of taxes in this same wealthy America, and he omitted lots of interesting things in connection therewith that he might have said, for well enough he knows all about it.

The democratic candidate for Governor, Thomas Wilson, spoke in the Opera House to a good crowd on Wednesday evening, Oct. 1st. E. W. Wile introduced the speaker, saying that it did him lots of good to introduce "the next Governor, &c." We reckon that Wile he meant well enough, Ed. was a little too previous in that remark. The Fertile band came up with the excursion and discoursed excellent music, which saved the audience from freezing to death in the shadow of the icicle. After the effort at the Opera House the band serenaded our city for a time and departed for home with the excursion about midnight. And the farmers and laboring men will go right along and elect S. M. Owen for Governor, just the same.

OVER THREE MILLIONS.

Last winter, with the best information to be had, THE JOURNAL estimated the amount of wheat raised in Polk County, at 2,000,000 bushels. This week deputy auditor Cornelius informs us that by statistics now in his possession it is shown that the county produced over 3,000,000 bushels. On a basis of 2,000,000 bushels one cent per bushel means a loss or gain of $20,000 to Polk County, and on 3,000,000, $30,000. Now we are confident that the farmers, through watered stock, freight rates and frauds in the wheat market were defrauded out of at least 10 cents per bushel, which on 3,000,000 bushels means

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND

dollars withdrawn from the legitimate channels of trade in the county. Is not this a matter in which the business man of Polk County is mutually interested with the farmer? Is it not high time that steps were taken to prevent this immense drain upon our resources, or shall we continue to sleep upon this volcano until it swamps the whole fabric of our prosperity? Now, if some well-informed person will tell us what steps our "business" Governor and our "business" Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners ever has or ever would take (were they continued in power) to stop this leak, we should be happy to hear from him. Don't be backward, but just speak right out in meeting and let us know about it. The only way we can see is by electing Owen for governor and a farmer legislature to back him, and then we believe it can be done. One thing is very certain, S. M. Owen would never make those appointments to further his own political ambitions.

A. R. Holston is just the man for county attorney. He is a bright young man and will do credit to the office. See that the name of A. R. Holston is on your ballot.

To The Farmer's Alliance of of Polk Co. Minn.

GENTLEMEN:—The farmers and workingmen of Minnesota in general and of Polk County in particular have arisen in their might to shake off the burdens that monopolists, usurers and corrupt machine politicians have placed upon them. As a first step to that end, the farmers and laborers have declared their independence of the democratic and republican parties both of which have deserted the principles of their founders and are now ruled, controlled and run by the monopolists and for the monopolists, while the interests, the wants and the needs of the people are neglected. A full Farmers Alliance State, Congressional, Legislative and County ticket has been placed in the field and a victory for the Alliance means the control of the State and county affairs by the people. Besides and furthermore this movement is but the advance guard of a great reform party which, in 1892 will sweep the nation from Maine to California, and place in the Presidential chair a man of the people. Monopoly will be dethroned and the reign of the plutocrats will end, and again we will have restored to the masses a government of the people, by the people and for the people.

Your candidates are mostly poor men like yourselves; your leaders are without money or means and are now pitted againts the hirelings of monopoly, and are fighting for your interests the most desperate political battle ever waged upon the soil of Minnesota. Defeat means ruin to your leaders, increased taxes to you and the filling of your offices with the tools of your oppressors. It means that interest, taxes, freight rates and tariff will be high and that your wheat will still pay tribute to the elevator pirates; success means the abolition of these iniquitous robberies now being so successfully practiced upon the farmers and in fact upon all the poor or middle-classes of whatsoever profession, calling or trade, for nearly all the poor people in the city who feel the sting of poverty and wear the yoke of monopoly more galling than the one which our lawmakers and office-holders have placed around the necks of the farmers. Your County Committee are willing to work, but to send our speakers and campaign literature requires money. "We must educate or must perish."

Many towns and villages are without alliance organizations; these can and must be organized before the election if we would win. To organize means expense. Will the farmers furnish the money to fight their own battle? We do not want a corruption fund but we do want money for the purpose of paying the necessary expenses for organization, speaking and campaign documents. We have no candidate with a barrel; we cannot call upon the rich for contributions—their money is being spent by the enemy to defeat us and elect the hirelings of plutocracy. You farmers, you individually, are the men to pay these campaign expenses. We want every farmer in Polk county to give somthing—be it little or much. If you cannot contribute much give all you can. Let those better fixed give their dollars and the poorer their quarters. Remember every cent given will come back a hundred fold. Call an alliance meeting at once for the purpose. Give all that you can, personally or from the alliance funds, and have your secretary forward the amount to E. E. Lommen, the chairman of the County Central Committee, Crookston, Minn. You will get a receipt for your money sent and the committee will account to your alliance for the manner in which every cent so contributed is spent. Do not delay but send in at once.

E. E. LOMMEN, T. H. NESSETH,
MARTIN RANDKLEV, ANTON LINDON,
J. B. MERRILL CHRIS HANSON,
CHRIS HOUSTON, SWAN ANDERSON,
A. P. TOUPIN, J. A. BRYSON
JOSEPH ROBERTON.
Alliance Co. Central Com.
Crookston, Minn., Sept. 16th, 1890.

John Hack, Sr., came up on Thursday last for a few days sojourn in the city.

Hon. B. Sampson went to St. Paul last week to consult a physician. He has been threatened with severe illness but the physician thinks he can cure him all right.

John Locken reports the work progressing favorably throughout this county. John will be our next register, no doubt.

The business men's alliance club continues to increase in numbers, and interest. Meetings every Tuesday evening. Everybody who desires to see a government of the people, for the people by the people, should join.

Dr. Cable was up from Villard, Pope County, on Friday of last week. He is now a regularly ordained Congregational clergyman.

Taken Up.

Six Pigs. Owner can have them by calling on Chas. P. Bailey, 5th ward, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON

BUSINESS COLLEGE

And Institute of Short Hand,

Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 9, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—		
	1 Hard	86.
	1 Northern	81.
	2 Northern	76.
	3 Northern	71.
	Rejected,	61.

Wheat is coming up a little.

Ben Clements was up from Little Falls this week.

See Mrs. Bangs' styles and get prices before you purchase your millinery.

The Polk County teachers are holding an institute in this city. A large number are in attendance.

Carpenters are at work taking out the back stairs at the court house. We don't call that an improvement.

This is a cold fall for the ordinary campaign methods. The farmers don't propose to be fooled all of the time.

Miss Lizzie Zarracher came up from her school in Fisher to attend the institute now in session at the court house.

Will Heidrich goes this week to take a run between Duluth and Staples. Will is coming to the front in good shape.

A. R. Holston is doing more to build up the alliance cause than for his own election. The people will take care of that part.

Work on the new sewers on Main street commenced early on Monday morning. Work day and night until completed.

Engineer Jack Bunnell has rented the Dr. Barnes house and will bring his family to Crookston to live. Welcome home again, Jack.

Gorton's famous minstrels at the Opera House on Monday evening next. Popular prices. Tickets on sale at Tom Morris' jewelry store.

Mayor McKinnon has purchased a lot back of the round house and is moving the house recently occupied by Mrs. I. U. Jennings thereon.

Wright, Barrett & Stilwell's handsome traveling man, Andrew, was in on Wednesday raking in the orders among the newspaper boys. Andrew is a bird.

The Globe man mixed those children up in good shape. He undoubtedly interviewed everybody in the city and charged st all up to THE JOURNAL man.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

Gorton's unrivalled minstrel troupe will be in Crookston on Monday evening, Oct. 13th. Don't fail to hear them. Tickets for sale at Tom Morris' jewely store.

Dr. Dunlop is seriously sick with typhoid fever. Took a 20 mile drive in the country on Saturday and took to his bed upon his return, has not been out since.

Did you see that elegant display in Fontaine & Anglim's window? We opine that Tim. Donovan had a hand in that. It is a dandy, anyhow, and a decided credit to the artist who did it.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

A large and enthuastic alliance rally was held at Fisher on Saturday last. Several speakers were in attendance and the watch fires were kept burning ill eventide. Let the good work go on.

The city has been billed for Gorton's minstrel troupe, which will appear in this city on Monday evening, Oct, 13th. This is a company of white men and is said to be one of the best on the road.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's. New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

And now they say that A. R. Holston is a demagogue because he is trying to help the farmers get a free and open wheat market. Better be a "demagogue" (if that is a demagogue) in a good cause than an oily, sleek saint trying to defeat an upright cause.

Crookston alliance met on Saturday last, held a very interesting session and adjourned till next Saturday, Oct. 11th, at 2 p. m. Let everybody come who can and let us keep the watch fires burning. Every alliance man should be right on deck from now until the polls close on November 4th.

William Henry Eustis spoke to a small audience on Tuesday evening. He threshed over a lot of old straw on the tariff question and requested all present to stand by the party of great ideas, but said not a word about standing by Merriam, which shows that William Henery is all right in the main. He was followed by John L. Gibbs, who, shifting the collar a little to one side so he could breathe easier, said: "I do hope you will vote for Merriam," which was a natural enough wish where a $3,000 a year job is concerned. He failed to say what good thing Merriam had ever done to this people to entitle him to this honor, which left the impression that the fat take for farmer John L. was the father to the wish. After a few more remarks in which he did not tell the people what he has ever done for them to earn their money, he subsided and the show broke up. Such meetings as that would soon bring every voter in Polk County into the alliance work.

S. M. Owen in Crookston.

At the time of going to press we are notified that Owen will arrive in Crookston at 7 a. m., on Monday, Oct. 27th, and leave on the evening train. The time of his speech will be arranged later and announced. Everybody come and see our next Governor and hear him speak.

We Need Money.

Realizing the position that our farmers have been in for several years we have sent out but few bills to this class of our patrons. The result is that many of them are on our books for two or three years and we are very much in need of all that is due us. This fall, as crops are excellent and prices somewhat better than for several years, we trust that all who are in arrears on subscription will make an extra effort to come and see us. Remember that it costs money to print a paper and that all of our bills must be paid promptly, or within 60 days. All who duly appreciate the efforts THE JOURNAL is making in behalf of an open market, will, we feel assured, not hesitate to do all they can to sustain us in the work. In order to succeed we should have the name of every farmer in the county on our list, as we need your support and influence just as much as you do ours. If our friends will stand by us and themselves the cause is sure to win. We are willing to work and do all that we can in this glorious cause. Will you help us?

A singular accident happened to Mr. Munch's grey mare one day last week. The animal was turned out to exercise herself a few minutes and while playing with her colt, ran into a wood pile and broke her neck.

Crookston alliance, No. 648, met on Saturday at the usual hour, and after discussing the situation, more particularly in relation to the alliance ticket, adjourned until next Saturday, at 2 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Mr. Taylor, city editor of the Little Falls Transcript, was in the city on Monday. Said he heard more alliance business here than he ever dreamed of before. He thinks it is in the atmosphere and left as quick as he could lest it should be contagious. From all he could learn, Polk County will give a tremendous Owen vote.

Saturday's Globe gives the editor of this paper a breeze as is a breeze. We should be more pleased with that sheet if it would come within gun-shot of what we really said. Next thing we know the Globe will make us say that "W. R. Merriam shot his grandmother." We fail to see what good there is accomplished by such gross mis-interpretations.

Just recieved at Minnie & Mrs J. L. Bailey's a fine line of Ladies' and children's Hats. Opening 15th to 18th. Please call and see goods. Prices to suit the times.

Mr. Albert Simpson returned last week from a trip west. In next issue he will give JOURNAL readers his impressions of the western country. He says as an agricultural country he does not consider it a glowing success—too dry. Potatoes were no crop at all and corn less, a little wheat but nothing to be compared with our No. 1 Hard. He returns perfectly satisfied that Polk County as an all 'round country is all right.

A. R. Holston, alliance candidate for county attorney, was in the city on Monday. He says the cause is progressing very encouragingly. The democratic alliance man is not going to crawfish worth a cent, but will cast his vote for Owen all the same like any good alliance man. The democrats, however, still flatter themselves that the alliance men will flock like sheep to railroad attorney Wilson. But they will not.

A. J. & A. McKinnon have purchased M. R. Brown's large brick barn and are making it over into a fine carriage shop. By the way did it ever strike you that the McKinnon boys have put everything they ever earned in Crookston into taxable property? They are among our heaviest tax-payers and as public spirited boys, are hard to beat. It is such men as these that are creditable to a city and who make good citizens.

Ladies, did you call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' millinery emporium this week? We guess you did, for there were a thousand or so who did, and such a display! Well, now, if you think we can write that display up you are quite mistaken. It must be seen to be fully appreciated. And the prices—the wonder is how those superb goods can be sold so cheaply. Mrs. B. has an artistic trimmer as all who have seen Miss Veroneau's work can testify.

As the statement is going the rounds that Mr. E. J. Grefthen has nothing but a second grade certificate, that gentleman desires to be set right before our readers, and elsewhere we publish a copy of a first-grade certificate which he carries. Mr. G. was educated at the institute at Decorah, Iowa, spent two years at a Normal school, has taught 14 terms and has very high recommendations from several noted educators in the land, one of which we reproduce elsewhere.

Veterinary Surgeons.

Drs. Arneson & Elstad, veterinary surgeons from Grand Forks, N. D., will be at Fertile, Minn., on the 10th and 11th days of October. [24-35]

Farmers' Alliance Rallies.

On Thursday, Oct. 9th, at Mentor.
On Friday, Oct. 10th, at Garden.
On Monday, Oct. 13th, at Thief River Falls.
On Tuesday, Oct. 14th, at St. Hilaire.
On Wednesday, Oct. 15th, at Wylie.
On Thursday, Oct. 16th, at Euclid.
On Friday, Oct. 17th, at Angus.
On Saturday, Oct. 18th, at Buffington.

Good speakers will be on hand, also candidates on the legislative and county tickets. Everybody turn out.

RED LAKE FALLS, Oct. 2, 1890.

ED. POLK COUNTY JOURNAL:—Please allow me space to say a few words in your paper for my young friend, A. R. Holston, the farmers' alliance candidate for county attorney. Mr. Holston is one of those young men who paid for his own education by working on the farm by the month, his father, an old soldier of the 7th Ill. Vol. Inf., having died in the war when A. R. was five years old. His mother being poor, he went to live among strangers and made his own way in the world. He had two older brothers in the war one of whom died at Little Rock, Arkansas, and the other one is a cripple for life, having been wounded twice at the battle of Stone River, and from what I know of A. R. he would have been there if he had been old enough. Mr. Holston is always ready to help us old soldiers when he can, and during the past three years he has made out many affidavits for me to sign to assist old soldiers in getting their pensions, and has never charged me a cent for it. Now that Mr. Holston, who was himself brought up on the farm, has come out and is working for our cause and working for the election of that old soldier, S. M. Owen, I feel that all of us old soldiers and farmers should stand by and elect him to the office of county attorney. I know Mr. Holston, as does every one at Red Lake Falls, to be an honest man and a good lawyer.

M. JEFFERS,
Sec. Alliance No. 974.

HILLSBORO, N. D., July 30, 1890.

ED. RED RIVER DALEN:—We notice with great pleasure the nomination of Mr. E. J. Grefthen for the Superintendency of Polk County. We congratulate Mr. Grefthen, and still more the people of Polk County, if he is elected, as no doubt he will be. Mr. Grefthen taught several terms in your sister state of North Dakota, in Trail County. He is a man of most excellent habits, active, able, energetic, and hence it is that we are pleased to note his nomination, while we regret to lose him from our own ranks. Our loss will be your gain. He is always a firm and genial friend, a wide awake, successful teacher and a thorough man. He should have no opposition. Yours sincerely,

JOSEPH KENNEDY,
Supt. of Schools, Traill Co., N. D.

Teacher's First Class Certificate.

OFFICE OF CO. SUPT. OF SCHOOLS,
Northwood, Iowa, Sept. 11, 1890.

This Certifies, That Mr. Even J. Grefthen has passed an examination in all the branches required by law; that so far as known by me, the holder hereof possesses a good moral character, aptness to teach and ability to govern; and is hereby authorized to teach in the Public Schools of Worth County until Sept. 11th, 1891.

A. O. BAKKEN,
County Superintendent.

For Sale.

Three good working mules, a number of good milch cows and several yearling heifers, mostly grade Holsteins, for sale cheap for cash or good negotiable paper. For further information call on FRANK BYINS, Crookston. [50-tf]

Gorton's Minstrels.

Gorton's famous New Orleans Minstrels, one of the best burnt cork organizations in existence, will appear at the Crookston Opera House on Monday evening, Oct. 13th. Of this performance the Newark, Ohio, Daily Advocate says: "The high expectations entertained by the large and critical audience were more than realized. There was everything in the performance to commend and nothing to criticize. Did our space permit we would like to give a special mention of each performer—for each was worthy of it. Suffice it to say that the Gold Band gave some of the finest band music we have ever heard. The singing and the dancing were superb and the musical features unsurpassed."

East Grand Forks News: R. S. Knudson who was with the Commercial college at Grand Forks is now with the Commercial college at Crookston—which will register 100 students. Prof. Lanigan did good work at Grand Forks and he is to be commended for his enterprise. Polk county should be proud of his school.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. B. LANIGAN, Principal.
R. S. Knudson, Sec.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place. [18-tf] J. W. HACK.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
Wahpeton, N. D.
[12-tf]

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars, apply to O. Snyder, Sec. S. Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

REMOVED
BACK
TO THE OLD STAND
In the Fifth Ward.
CALL
AND SEE
WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU
E. D. CHILDS & CO.

FOR A LIMITED TIME
I WILL SELL AT THE
Astonishing Low Price,
BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.
Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.
Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.
Silve Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50
Silver Pickle castor only, - - - $1:15
Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3.80 per dozen
I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.
C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

Great Remnant Sale!
Beginning on Monday,
July 7th, 1890,
Continuing until sold, we will offer unheard of
BARGAINS IN REMNANTS.
REMNANTS
Large enough to make Misses' Dresses.
REMNANTS for EVERYBODY
At prices which cannot be duplicated in this city.
REMNANTS. REMNANTS.
REMNANTS.
CALL EARLY FOR CHOICE.
FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

IT PAYS
TO TRADE WITH
BARNES & SLOCUM,
CASH DEALERS IN
Groceries and Crockery.
Get their prices and you will say so.
McKinnon Block, Robert t., Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.
OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
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WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - Minn.
Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done
CALL AND SEE US.

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Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

D. D. WILLIAMS.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN.
LAWYERS.
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.
MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
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WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier
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E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
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Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

INDEPENDENT Republican Ticket.

For Governor,
S. M. Owen,
Of Hennepin County.
For Lieut. Governor,
J. O. Barret,
Of Traverse County.
For Secretary of State,
Fred P. Brown,
Of Faribault County.
For Auditor of State,
Peter J. McGuire,
Of Polk County.
For State Treasurer,
Joseph Bobletter,
Of Brown County.
For Attorney General,
Moses E. Clapp,
Of Ottertail County.
For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
Charles P. Holcomb,
Of Washington County.

CONGRESSIONAL.
For Member of Congress,
Solomon G. Comstock,
Of Clay County.

LEGISLATIVE.
For Senator,
E. E. Lommen, of Polk County.
For Representatives,
B. M. Chesley, of Norman County.
Andrew Thompson, of Norman County.
Wm. Carlton, of Polk County.

COUNTY TICKET.
For County Auditor,
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For Sheriff,
Arne Grundyson.
For Clerk of the District Court,
Neis Muus.
For Judge of Probate,
C. O. Christianson.
For Register of Deeds,
John H. Locken.
For County Attorney,
A. R. Holston.
For County Supt. of Schools,
E. J. Greffhen.
For County Surveyor,
O. L. Hamery.
For County Coroner,
Dr. McEachran
County Com.—2d District,
A. O. Storthorn.
County Com.—4th District,
Cyprien DeMers.

Ignatius Donnelly will take the stump for the alliance ticket. We told you he would. Now let monopoly howl.

The election of Owen means an attempt to correct the evils that exist in our market. The election of Merriam means that the market system is all right as it exists.

You have been talking all summer about voting the independent ticket, and now what are you going to do? Are you going to vote for Owen and your legislative ticket or are you going to snuggle up to your old party ticket like a sick kitten to a hot brick? Politicians all say that you are going to snuggle up! We guess not. You have too much independence.

Reports from all over the county show that the alliance ticket will get an immense vote. Every farmer is interested in a free and open wheat market, and this fall, by voting for S. M. Owen and the farmer legislature, he will be enabled to vote for it. Every farmer in Polk County should vote for his own interests once, and his interests clearly lie in the election of S. M. Owen.

Merriam party leaders are flattering themselves that the voters will rally round the old machine like sheep on election day. There is no reason why they should do so and there is every reason why they should not. "You can fool all of the people part of the time and part of the people all of the time, but you can't fool all of the people all of the time," said Gen. Clapp when Merriam was nominated.

Just now the Merriam crowd is trying to create the impression that the alliance has sold out to the democrats," and they are making the air blue with their howls. There is no truth in the statement and it is only made in hopes to scare somebody into voting for Merriam. Neither Merriam nor Wilson will do anything for farmers if elected, and the farmers well know this fact. They will vote for a man who will help them—S. M. Owen.

Farmers, you have got a good legislative ticket, every man on it a good, honest, practical business farmer, and now it is your duty to elect it. The only thing the opposition has to say against them is that they have no money to run a campaign. Oh, no! they have been trying to raise wheat for rich men to gobble all the profits on too long, but they are a level headed lot just the same.

Farmers should give as much time as possible to the alliance work up to and on election day. You now have a chance to make your power felt as never before and you will miss it if you neglect this golden opportunity. Assert your rights and then you will get them.

Hasn't a democratic alliance man as much interest in a free and open wheat market as any other man? And how will they get that if railroad attorney Wilson is elected?

And now the Merriam crowd are turning their mud batteries upon John Locken. Failing to buy, bulldoze or flatter him into accepting an office under the Merriam flag, they have now suddenly found out how "wicked and dishonest" he is, and are trying to prejudice farmers against him. Well, he is doing good work in the alliance cause, and that is what makes him so wicked. Farmers, stand by your own workers and your own cause regardless of what your enemies say.

Those Minneapolis wheat gamblers are getting terribly uneasy for fear the farmers will take the bits in their teeth for once and run away and smash their beautiful wheat system. So they are sending out their oily speakers to urge people to vote for Merriam. And why do they incur all this expense? Because the present system of handling wheat is a gold mine to them and, very naturally, they do not want to give it up. They know that if Merriam is elected the system will still continue, so it is worth while to put money into his election.

And now they say that S. M. Owen is no good for Governor, "because he is a poor man!" Not rich enough to furnish the money necessary to run the campaign. But they know that if he is elected governor he will endeavor to save to the farmer that stealage now going on in the wheat markets, and that is enough to enable the farmers to run their own campaigns. It would be a grand good thing for Minnesota to elect a poor man once, a man in sympathy with poor people. That man is S. M. Owen and he will be the next Governor of Minnesota.

The Moorhead News, while admitting the outrageous steals in the market system under the Merriam government, still has the sublime cheek to ask the suffering farmers to vote to perpetuate the steals. The farmers once stood by Mr. Merriam nobly and elected him against all the influence of the big cities to the contrary, and how did Mr. Merriam reward the farmers? Did he not, as soon as he came into power make the important appointments on and under the Board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, solely with a view to build himself up politically and with no reference to the benefit of the farmers whatever? Was not this important service placed in the hands of the railway magnates and the elevator sharks? How could any sensible man expect relief from such methods? The farmers have tried Bill Merriam in the balance and found him wanting, and now they are determined to try somebody else. They hope and trust it will be Governor Owen, and we believe it will. But it will be a change and don't you forget it.

Col. Plummer, the silver tongued orator of Dakota, was down at Mankato on Thursday evening, Oct. 2d, to speak for the Merriam party. The Col. roundly abused the alliance workers—called them a pack of demagogues and said that farmers ought to vote for Bill Merriam for that reason, but he did not say what good that would do farmers. He failed to show what Merriam has done to correct the evils that exist in the wheat market for the very good reason that he could not. He failed to show wherein Merriam represents true republican principles even, but the sum and substance of it all was that republicans should vote for Merriam because he has been sharp enough to capture the nomination. He did not say who paid for the free fares for the delegates to the Merriam convention nor who footed the hotel bills and incidentals, nor who paid for the liquor that ran like water on the evening of the nomination at the Merchant's hotel, all of which the people have a right to know about, and would no doubt have proved interesting information. The people know that if Owen is elected there will be an effort made to correct the evils of our market and this is what they are after regardless of the political ambition of any man or any set of men.

Figure It Yourselves.

Last year Polk County raised over 3,000,000 bushels of wheat. The farmers were swindled out of from 5 to 20 cents per bushel, which means an aggregate loss of an immense sum to the county. On all wheat bought as rejected that graded No. 3 in Duluth or Minneapolis, there was a clean steal of 19 cents over all expenses, as that was the difference between No. 3 and rejected in this market. Figure up all that wheat taken from you at two or three grades less than it was worth and then you will begin to have some idea of the extent of the swindle. Do you want that state of things to continue? Well, you have got a repetition of the same deal in the markets to-day, and you will continue to have until you elect your own governor and legislature. Farmers, on November 4th next is your opportunity. Remember your wrongs and vote for Owen and your own legislative ticket.

A Cold Blooded Steal!

The Moorhead News, a paper that advocates the election of W. R. Merriam and the perpetuation of the same steal that it complains of, says:

"There is no doubt, as it is admitted on all hands, that the elevators are determined to buy as much wheat as possible at grades at least one point below its actual worth. The elevator agents undoubtedly have strict orders to give no higher grades than No. 2 Northern for any wheat that is offered, if by any means it can be had at that grade. The result is that the great bulk of wheat now going into the elevators is bought for No. 2 Northern, while it is actually good enough to grade No. 1 Northern, and much of it would grade No. 1 Hard if cleaned, or upon a liberal dockage allowance. This is a loss of 5 cents per bushel to the farmer, or $5 in every 100 bushels, and $50 in every 1,000. It is not the fault of the local buyers in the elevators, but of the owners in Minneapolis or wherever their headquarters may be. There appears to be no help for it, and the grower is again at the mercy of the capitalist. Shipment to Duluth or Minneapolis does no good, as the state inspectors appear to be under the influence and control of the same power. It is a deliberate and cold-blooded steal."

The Hawley correspondent of the News adds the following:

"Never in the history of the wheat market in this part of the country has there been such injustice in the grading of wheat. Wheat, which in other seasons would grade No. 1 Hard, is now rated at No. 2 and 3 Northern and the company is now continually harping at our agents for giving too high grades. The fault seems to be in the inspection at Duluth and Minneapolis, although it may be a trumped up case with the big Eastern wheat moguls which own and operate our elevators. Our agents, Mr. Glasgow and Bennett have been doing the best that they can, but the company is now complaining that they are giving too high a grade. I think the fault comes from our state inspectors of wheat, who are in with these wheat sharks, no doubt. Tell Gov. Merriam to fire the gang."

Yes, "tell Merriam to fire the gang" indeed. Did not the farmers in the start beg and entreat of Governor Merriam to appoint a Board in their interests? And did he not appoint a Board in the interest of railroads and elevators? A Board that did not have sand enough to insist on its rights to appoint the employes under it in the interest of the people? A good deal of good it will do to "tell Merriam" something that he knows better than the farmers. He would be liable to "fire" all that political strength, wouldn't he now?

Of Course Not.

Of course this hiring of delegates to attend the county conventions, paying them day wages, board and traveling expenses, don't mean anything! Of course sending delegates to the State conventions on free railroad passes, boarding them at high-priced hotels and paying their little incidental expenses don't mean anything! Of course such things are all done in the interest of a good government for the people, aren't they? Of course those who pay all these expenses are afraid to trust such matters as nominating candidates in the hands of common, ordinary farmers, for fear that they might not nominate those who would try to obtain a free and open wheat market, aren't they? Or is it all done to carry out some selfish schemes that are against the interests of the people as a whole? Well it is a fact that Owen delegates got none of these soft snaps but paid their own expenses like men.

The Merriam State Central Committee has received another scare and issued another address to the people, begging them to stand by candidate Merriam, but they fail to show how he will stand by the farmers. The people have once asked of Merriam a free and open wheat market and did not get it, and now with sublime cheek his backers beg them to stand by Merriam. Go to, rave and howl, but the people are in dead earnest in their efforts to obtain a competitive market, and they know that the Merriam government will not give them this. They know that the only chance they have to get it is through the election of Owen, and they are bound to try that method.

Those party fiends are sneering at the farmer who contributes his little dollar toward the campaign of freedom from monopolies and tell him that "his tariff on tin won't amount to as much in three years!" Yes, but if he don't change the present deal at once the TAX upon his poor old cow will put him in a position in which he will NEED no tin in less than three years.

The Mankato Free Press, a red hot Merriam organ, speaks of "A PERFECT LANDSLIDE in favor of Owen, the alliance candidate for Governor," in the Second District. That's the way it looks up here, and if the situation is anything near like that elsewhere what is to hinder Owen's election? The people are tired of promises unfulfilled and want a change. They want Owen for governor and he will be elected.

The Journal believes in being consistent, and urges the farmers to vote only for the best men—men who will do your business correctly. It is not necessary to bite off your own nose to spite your face, by electing men to office who are utterly incompetent to attend to the business of the office to which they aspire. In county matters you should bear this in mind and elect only such men as are able to do your business right. In this way only you accomplish the full relief you seek.

The Mankato Free Press belittles the cause of the farmers because Bill Erwin says a good word for it. And that seems to be the way they are doing in other quarters. They single out Bill Erwin, Gen. Baker or Donnelly, call them rogues or rascals or demagogues, and then they argue because such men are trying to help the farmers obtain their rights in the markets that the farmers should not vote for a free and open wheat market. It makes no difference to the farmers what kind of people support their cause, what they are after is justice in the markets and they will not be misled by abuse of those who are trying to help them get it, whether he be black or white, rogues or honest men. Now the Free Press and such papers don't care a continental whether Bill Erwin is a rogue or an honest man. All it wants is to try and defeat the farmers cause by throwing mud upon its supporters. Look out for these things, farmers, and vote for your own benefit once in your lives.

The Beauties of the System.

In conversation with a Crookston business man one evening this week, he said: "I know the system of marketing wheat is an outrage on a free people, but I am not quite clear as to the best way to manage it. One day last fall I happened, on one of my business trips, to call on a personal friend of mine who was an elevator man, and shortly a poor Norwegian man drove up with a load of wheat. My friend examined the wheat and offered No. 3 Northern, three pounds off for dirt. The man said 'I will go to the other house and if I cannot do better I will let you have it.' I followed the man to the other elevator where he was offered No. 3 Northern, four pounds off. The man took his wheat back to the first elevator and sold it. After it had been dumped in the hopper, settled for and the man had gone, I said to my friend: 'How much did you make on that load?' 'What do you mean?' said he. 'I mean what I said, what did you make on that load more than a legitimate profit?' 'Oh, indeed,' said he, 'I didn't make anything on that wheat.' 'I'll bet you a four dollar hat,' said I, 'that you made over six dollars; that wheat will test 1 Hard all right enough!' 'I'll take you,' said he, so we took a half bushel, cleaned it perfectly and took out one-half pound of dirt, then upon weighing it it weighed 59½ pounds to the bushel. 'Gosh,' said the elevator man, 'the hat is yours, I am over $8 ahead of the farmer on that deal!' [Only a LITTLE discrepancy, but that much bread stolen out of the mouths of the poor farmer and his family.—Ed.] Again, I know of one man who last fall stored his wheat in a certain elevator, receiving No. 3 tickets therefor. This spring he demanded his wheat, but this elevator man was quite fresh, and said: 'Indeed, I cannot let you have it, as I shipped it out last fall,

I PUT IT IN A NO. 1 NORTHERN BIN

and shipped it out last fall, so of course I can't get it for you.' It is needless to say that that wheat was settled for on a basis of No. 1 Northern and no questions asked." And all this and hundreds of other cases occur under Merriam's inspectors, yet the elevator men have the check to ask these poor, wronged, deluded farmers to vote for Merriam. To vote to continue this same system! And they ask you to vote for Wilson who will do nothing to change the deal! The farmers ARE NOT all fools and THEY KNOW that with Owen for Governor this magnificent system will be changed, or at least a mighty effort will be made. Farmers, when you vote

REMEMBER LAST FALL,

and cast your vote in your own interest once. Vote for S. M. Owen and the farmers legislature.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star,
Fife,
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

KEEPING STILL

AND

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn

The Value of Experience.

Duluth Tribune.

The proper policy for the Fifth Minnesota congressional district is to re-elect Mr. Comstock. He has done splendid service to the district for a new man and could do much more in another term. Generally speaking, it takes a congressman one term to learn the rudiments of his business. It is a mere apprenticeship. The man who can accomplish anything during his first term is entitled to credit for his energy and ability. It takes a man two years to get acquainted in Washington, and even that time is not sufficient unless the member is an active and insinuating fellow. Old Mr. Plodder, who has been in congress ten years, can accomplish more than Daniel Webster in his first term. If constituencies would be less fickle and keep the same man as their representative for consecutive terms, the public service would fare better.

This line of argument is clear and unanswerable and the people of the Fifth district can make an application of it to their own case. Send Mr. Comstock back to congress, and, with his experience added to his other qualities, he will make an invaluable public servant.

Let us suppose, for the sake of argument, that Mr. Whiteman is elected this fall. Conceding that he is a bright energetic young man, what could he, in his first term, an enemy of the national administration and a member, in all probability of the minority of the house, accomplish for the district in general and Duluth in particular? And, supposing that Mr. Whiteman should be elected this fall, is it not clear to any well-informed man that such election would be a mere accident? It should be remembered that this is a republican district. No matter how the state may be redistricted under the new apportionment Duluth will be the head of a district which is republican. This region is republican and radically republican. It might be said to be republican by climate, for democracy can not thrive in the pure, bracing air of Lake Superior. It flourishes in the miasmatic air of the South. Mr. Whiteman, then, could not hope for a second term even if he should get a first one. The lightning does not strike twice in the same place, and it will be many a year before any Duluth democrat will succeed himself in congress. Let us, then, keep Comstock, and not throw away the years of experience which he has gained and, when the state is redistricted, let us send a good Duluth republican to congress.

Owen Will be Elected.

Jackson Republic: If the same feeling exists all over the state that does in Jackson county S. M. Owen will be elected by 20,000 majority. It is almost impossible to find men in any township in this county who will support Merriam, while they are all enthusiastic for S. M. Owen.

Attorney W. W. Erwin returned from his stumping tour in the southwestern portion of the state yesterday, and lost no time in demonstrating to all listeners that the Alliance ticket is a sure winner at the polls in November. His enthusiasm was unbounded and his zeal apparently quite as limitless. On being asked to state the reasons for the hopeful view which he took of the situation, he said:

"The fires are burning brightly in the Southwest. The most intense enthusiasm prevails, and party lines are completely obliterated. To be more specific, I will take up a few of the counties I have been through and give you our estimate of them. Lincoln county two years ago gave Merriam a plurality of 161 over E. M. Wilson. This year it is estimated that that county will give Owen 700 plurality. Lyons county give the present governor 613 more votes than it gave Wilson, and it is now estimated that this county will give Mr. Owen 1,000 plurality. There are six townships in the county where there is not a single party man left. Merriam beat Wilson 326 votes in Pipestone county. This fall Owen will have 600 majority in that county over all opponents. In Nobles Wilson was 149 votes behind Merrian. This year Owen will undoubtedly have a majority over all other candidates. The vote of Martin county in 1888 was 1,812, and Merriam's plurality over Wilson was 517. With the exception of a few heelers around Fairmount, the county is in revolt and it is expected to wipe out the repuclican majority and give a plurality for Owen. In Faribault county Merriam had a plurality of 1,042. This year the entire sounty, with the exception of a few men in Winnebago City and a choice clique at Blue Earth City, is in revolt and Owen will lead the polls. Watonwan, which gave Merriam 577 plurality two years ago, will go for Owen. In Brown county Wilson had 362 plurality two years ago. This year Owen will carry it. To sum up, these counties will wipe out a republican majority of 3,250, a democratic majority of 326, and advance Owen to a plurality of about 3.000. Judging from the tone of the feeling in Soutwestern Minnesota I put Owen's plurality about 30,000 in the state,"

The Blundering Organs.

Minneapolis Times.

The purblind partisan republican organs are committing the blunder of attempting to belittle and ridicule the Alliance movement and the Alliance candidates. Their shafts of sarcasm are particularly aimed at Mr. Owen the Alliance candidate for governor. Mr. Merriam may well pray to be saved from his fool friends. No greater mistake could be made by his organs at this time and in the present condition of the public mind. Mr. Owen is mainly the representative of a discontented republican element, a great body of voters who have deserted the republican ranks for what they believe to be good and sufficient cause. Extravagant eulogies of the republican candidate and his administration are worse than idle. It is the total disbelief in the integrity of that administration, and a firm conviction of the absolute hopelessness of any relief from existing evils through the republican organization as at present controlled, that have furnished the provocation and the justification for the independent farmer's movement. The spirit and purpose of that movement are too genuine and profound and resolute to be disturbed by sneers and gibes and abuse. It is working toward definite ends through the only methods and instrumentalities by which those ends are to be attained.

The industrial classes have long entrusted their interests to the keeping of the old parties. It is useless for the organs to insist that the republican party has been faithful to the trust, and that the present administration has been favorable to the agricultural and labor interest. If the farmers and workingmen did not thoroughly discredit those pretensions there would be no Alliance party today. To attempt to persuade those men that they have no cause for complaints—and still less for revolt; and to ridicule their methods and purposes as impracticable and visionary or idiotic and absurd is to insult their intelligence, and intensify their hostility to the old party. There is good reason to believe that Gov. Merriam has the sagacity to recognize the blunder of his superviceable organs in their contemptuous and insulting attacks upon the Alliance and it candidates.

A Close Race

Minneapolis Herald: The gubernatorial race will be a close one. Mr. Owen is developing unexpected strength among independent voters. To what extent the defection of these voters from the two old parties will affect either, is problematical, but the indications are that Mr. Merrim will be the loser.

Grand Forks Herald: The newspaper that does its duty in protecting public interest, says the Oregon Scout, is sure to make enemies. But what of that? Enemies rather help a newspaper than otherwise, especially when their hostility is generally known to arise from an independent and public spirited course on the part of the journal that incurs their displeasure. The paper that stands by the public is on solid ground, and the people will heartily support it in the advocacy of their rights. In every small town or city there are people who think themselves entitled to control everything, and that opposition to any of their proceedings is an offense equal to personal grievance or affront. They want to boss the community, newspapers included. They lack apprehension or understanding of the true function of a newspaper in relation to public interest, and if they could have their way the local press would be simply the organ of their own private interests and aims.

Very Funny.

Fairmont News: Is it funny though? Only a short time ago the Merriam ring organs were howling themselves hoarse that the Alliance and Labor party had no strength and now they are shouting themselves black in the face that W. W. Erwin is after C. K. Davis' seat in the United States Senate, and warning voters not to believe him on that account. Just how anybody can be in danger if the movement has no strength passes our comprehension, and for Merriam to use Davis' name to conjure with is little short of the ridiculous, especially as everybody knows Merriam is after that seat, but all good government demands that C. K. Davis succeed himself for lo! these many years.

KOPS BRO'S.

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

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CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

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Farmers should give as much time as possible to the alliance work up to and on election day. You now have a chance to make your power felt as never before and you will miss it if you neglect this golden opportunity. Assert your rights and then you will get them.

Hasn't a democratic alliance man as much interest in a free and open wheat market as any other man? And how will they get that if railroad attorney Wilson is elected?

And now the Merriam crowd are turning their mud batteries upon John Locken. Failing to buy, bulldoze or flatter him into accepting an office under the Merriam flag, they have now suddenly found out how "wicked and dishonest" he is, and are trying to prejudice farmers against him. Well, he is doing good work in the alliance cause, and that is what makes him so wicked. Farmers, stand by your own workers and your own cause regardless of what your enemies say.

Those Minneapolis wheat gamblers are getting terribly uneasy for fear the farmers will take the bits in their teeth for once and run away and smash their beautiful wheat system. So they are sending out their oily speakers to urge people to vote for Merriam. And why do they incur all this expense? Because the present system of handling wheat is a gold mine to them and, very naturally, they do not want to give it up. They know that if Merriam is elected the system will still continue, so it is worth while to put money into his election.

And now they say that S. M. Owen is no good for Governor, "because he is a poor man!" Not rich enough to furnish the money necessary to run the campaign. But they know that if he is elected governor he will endeavor to save to the farmer that stealage now going on in the wheat markets, and that is enough to enable the farmers to run their own campaigns. It would be a grand good thing for Minnesota to elect a poor man once, a man in sympathy with poor people. That man is S. M. Owen and he will be the next Governor of Minnesota.

The Moorhead News, while admitting the outrageous steals in the market system under the Merriam government, still has the sublime check to ask the suffering farmers to vote to perpetuate the steals. The farmers once stood by Mr. Merriam nobly and elected him against all the influence of the big cities to the contrary, and how did Mr. Merriam reward the farmers? Did he not, as soon as he came into power make the important appointments on and under the Board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, solely with a view to build himself up politically, and with no reference to the benefit of the farmers whatever? Was not this important service placed in the hands of the railway magnates and the elevator sharks? How could any sensible man expect relief from such methods? The farmers have tried Bill Merriam in the balance and found him wanting, and now they are determined to try somebody else. They hope and trust it will be Governor Owen, and we believe it will. But it will be a change and don't you forget it.

Col. Plummer, the silver tongued orator of Dakota, was down at Mankato on Thursday evening, Oct. 2d, to speak for the Merriam party. The Col. roundly abused the alliance workers—called them a pack of demagogues and said that farmers ought to vote for Bill Merriam for that reason, but he did not say what GOOD that would do farmers. He failed to show what Merriam has done to correct the evils that exist in the wheat market for the very good reason that he could not. He failed to show wherein Merriam represents true republican principles even, but the sum and substance of it all was that republicans should vote for Merriam because he has been sharp enough to capture the nomination. He did not say who paid for the free fares for the delegates to the Merriam convention nor who footed the hotel bills and incidentals, nor who paid for the liquor that ran like water on the evening of the nomination at the Merchant's hotel, all of which the people have a right to know about, and would no doubt have proved interesting information. The people know that if Owen is elected there will be an effort made to correct the evils of our market and this is what they are after, regardless of the political ambition of any man or any set of men.

Figure It Yourselves.

Last year Polk County raised over 8,000,000 bushels of wheat. The farmers were swindled out of from 5 to 20 cents per bushel, which means an aggregate loss of an immense sum to the county. On all wheat bought as rejected, that graded No. 3 in Duluth or Minneapolis, there was a clean steal of 19 cents over all expence, as that was the difference between No. 3 and rejected in this market. Figure up all that wheat taken from you at two or three grades less than it was worth and then you will begin to have some idea of the extent of the swindle. Do you want that state of things to continue? Well, you have got a repetition of the same deal in the markets to-day, and you will continue to have until you elect your own governor and legislature. Farmers, on November 4th next is your opportunity. Remember your wrongs and vote for Owen and your own legislative ticket.

A Cold Blooded Steal !

The Moorhead News, a paper that advocates the election of W. R. Merriam and the perpetuation of the same steal that it complains of, says:

"There is no doubt, as it is admitted on all hands, that the elevators are determined to buy as much wheat as possible at grades at least one point below its actual worth. The elevator agents undoubtedly have strict orders to give no higher grades than No. 2 Northern for any wheat that is offered, if by any means it can be had at that grade. The result is that the great bulk of wheat now going into the elevators is bought for No. 2 Northern, while it is actually good enough to grade No. 1 Northern, and much of it would grade No. 1 Hard if cleaned, or upon a liberal dockage allowance. This is a loss of 5 cents per bushel to the farmer, or $5 in every 100 bushels, and $50 in every 1,000. It is not the fault of the local buyers in the elevators, but of the owners in Minneapolis or wherever their headquarters may be. There appears to be no help for it, and the grower is again at the mercy of the capitalist. Shipment to Duluth or Minneapolis does no good, as the state inspectors appear to be under the influence and control of the same power. It is a deliberate and cold-blooded steal."

The Hawley correspondent of the News adds the following:

"Never in the history of the wheat market in this part of the country has there been such injustice in the grading of wheat. Wheat, which in other seasons would grade No. 1 Hard, is now rated at No. 2 and 3 Northern and the company is now continually harping at our agents for giving too high grades. The fault seems to be in the inspection at Duluth and Minneapolis, although it may be a trumped up case with the big Eastern wheat moguls which own and operate our elevators. Our agents, Mr. Glasgow and Bennett have been doing the best that they can, but the company is now complaining that they are giving too high a grade. I think the fault comes from our state inspectors of wheat, who are in with these wheat sharks, no doubt. Tell Gov. Merriam to fire the gang."

Yes, "tell Merriam to fire the gang" indeed. Did not the farmers in the start beg and entreat of Governor Merriam to appoint a Board in their interests? And did he not appoint a Board in the interest of railroads and elevators? A Board that did not have sand enough to insist on its rights to appoint the employes under it in the interest of the people? A good deal of good it will do to "tell Merriam" something that he knows better than the farmers. He would be liable to "fire" all that political strength, wouldn't he now?

Of Course Not.

Of course this hiring of delegates to attend the county conventions, paying them day wages, board and traveling expenses, don't mean anything! Of course sending delegates to the State conventions on free railroad passes, boarding them at high-priced hotels, and paying their little incidental expenses don't mean anything! Of course such things are all done in the interest of a good government for the people, aren't they? Of course those who pay all these expenses are afraid to trust such matters as nominating candidates in the hands of common, ordinary farmers, for fear, that they might not nominate those who would try to obtain a free and open wheat market, aren't they? Or is it all done to carry out some selfish schemes that are against the interests of the people as a whole? Well it is a fact that Owen delegates got none of these soft snaps but paid their own expenses like men.

The Merriam State Central Committee has received another scare and issued another address to the people, begging them to stand by candidate Merriam, but they fail to show how he will stand by the farmers. The people have once asked of Merriam a free and open wheat market and did not get it, and now, with sublime cheek his backers beg them to stand by Merriam. Go to, rave and howl, but the people are in dead earnest in their efforts to obtain a competitive market, and they know that the Merriam government will not give them this. They know that the only chance they have to get it is through the election of Owen, and they are bound to try that method.

Those party fiends are sneering at the farmer who contributes his little dollar toward the campaign of freedom from monopolies and tell him that "his tariff on tin won't amount to as much in three years!" Yes, but if he don't change the present deal at once the TAX upon his poor old cow will put him in a position in which he will NEED no tin in less than three years.

The Mankato Free Press, a red hot Merriam organ, speaks of

A PERFECT LANDSLIDE

in favor of Owen, the alliance candidate for Governor, in the Second District. That's the way it looks up here and, if the situation is anything near like that elsewhere, what is to hinder Owen's election? The people are tired of promises unfulfilled and want a change. They want Owen for governor and he will be elected.

THE JOURNAL believes in being consistent, and urges the farmers to vote only for the best men—men who will do your business correctly. It is not necessary to bite off your own nose to spite your face, by electing men to office who are utterly incompetent to attend to the business of the office to which they aspire. In county matters you should bear this in mind and elect only such men as are able to do your business right. In this way only you accomplish the full relief you seek.

The Mankato Free Press belittles the cause of the farmers because Bill Erwin says a good word for it. And that seems to be the way they are doing in other quarters. They single out Bill Erwin, Gen. Baker or Donnelly, call them rogues or rascals or demagogues, and then they argue because such men are trying to help the farmers obtain their rights in the markets that the farmers should not vote for a free and open wheat market. It makes no difference to the farmers what kind of people support their cause, what they are after is justice in the markets and they will not be misled by abuse of those who are trying to help them get it, whether he be black or white, rogues or honest men. Now the Free Press and such papers don't care a continental whether Bill Erwin is a rogue or an honest man. All it wants is to try and defeat the farmers cause by throwing mud upon its supporters. Look out for these things, farmers, and vote for your own benefit once in your lives.

The Beauties of the System.

In conversation with a Crookston business man one evening this week, he said: "I know the system of marketing wheat is an outrage on a free people, but I am not quite clear as to the best way to manage it. One day last fall I happened, on one of my business trips, to call on a personal friend of mine who was an elevator man, and shortly a poor Norwegian man drove up with a load of wheat. My friend examined the wheat and offered No. 3 Northern, three pounds off for dirt. The man said 'I will go to the other house and if I cannot do better I will let you have it.' I followed the man to the other elevator where he was offered No. 3 Northern, four pounds off. The man took his wheat back to the first elevator and sold it. After it had been dumped in the hopper, settled for and the man had gone, I said to my friend: 'How much did you make on that load?' 'What do you mean?' said he. 'I mean what I said, what did you make on that load more than a legitimate profit?' 'Oh, indeed,' said he, 'I didn't make anything on that wheat.' 'I'll bet you a four dollar hat,' said I, 'that you made over six dollars; that wheat will test 1 Hard all right enough!' 'I'll take you,' said he, so we took a half bushel, cleaned it perfectly and took out one-half pound of dirt, then upon weighing it it weighed 59½ pounds to the bushel. 'Gosh,' said the elevator man, 'the hat is yours, I am over $8 ahead of the farmer on that deal!' [Only a LITTLE discrepancy, but that much bread stolen out of the mouths of the poor farmer and his family.—Ed.] Again, I know of one man who last fall stored his wheat in a certain elevator, receiving No. 3 tickets therefor. This spring he demanded his wheat, but this elevator man was quite fresh, and said: 'Indeed, I cannot let you have it, as I shipped it out last fall,

I PUT IT IN A NO. 1 NORTHERN BIN

and shipped it out last fall, so of course I can't get it for you.' It is needless to say that that wheat was settled for on a basis of No. 1 Northern and no questions asked." And all this and hundreds of other cases occur under Merriam's inspectors, yet the elevator men have the check to ask these poor, wronged, deluded farmers to vote for Merriam. To vote to continue this same system! And they ask you to vote for Wilson who will do nothing to change the deal! The farmers ARE NOT all fools and THEY KNOW that with Owen for Governor this magnificent system will be changed, or at least a mighty effort will be made. Farmers, when you vote

REMEMBER LAST FALL,

and cast your vote in your own interest once. Vote for S. M. Owen and the farmers legislature.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
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Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
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FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

KEEPING STILL
AND
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

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The Value of Experience.

Duluth Tribune.

The proper policy for the Fifth Minnesota congressional district is to re-elect Mr. Comstock. He has done splended service to the district for a new man and could do much more in another term. Generally speaking, it takes a congressman one term to learn the rudiments of his business. It's a mere apprenticeship. The man who can accomplish anything during his first term is entitled to credit for his energy and ability. It takes a man two years to get acquainted in Washington, and even that time is not sufficient unless the member is an active and insinuating fellow. Old Mr. Plodder, who has been in congress ten years, can accomplish more than Daniel Webster in his first term. If constituencies would be less fickle and keep the same man as their representative for consecutive terms, the public service would faire better.

This line of argument is clear and unanswerable and the people of the Fifth district can make an application of it to their own case. Send Mr. Comstock back to congress, and, with his experience added to his other qualities, he will make an invaluable public servant.

Let us suppose, for the sake of argument, that Mr. Whiteman is elected this fall. Conceding that he is a bright energetic young man, what could he, in his first term, an enemy of the national administration and a member, in all probability of the minority of the house, accomplish for the district in general and Duluth in particular? And, supposing that Mr. Whiteman should be elected this fall, is it not clear to any well-informed man that such election would be a mere accident? It should be remembered that this is a republican district. No matter how the state may be redistricted under the new apportionment Duluth will be the head of a district which is republican. This region is republican and radically republican. It might be said to be republican by climate, for democracy can not thrive in the pure, bracing air of Lake Superior. It flourishes in the miasmatic air of the South. Mr. Whiteman, then, could not hope for a second term even if he should get a first one. The lightning does not strike twice in the same place, and it will be many a year before any Duluth democrat will succeed himself in congress. Let us, then, keep Comstock, and not throw away the years of experience which he has gained, and, when the state is redistricted let us send a good Duluth republican to congress.

Owen Will be Elected.

Jackson Republic: If the same feeling exists all over the state that does in Jackson county, S. M. Owen will be elected by 20,000 majority. It is almost impossible to find a man in any township in this county who will support Merriam, while they are all enthusiastic for S. M. Owen.

Attorney W. W. Erwin returned from his stumping tour in the southwestern portion of the state yesterday, and lost no time in demonstrating to all listeners that the Alliance ticket is a sure winner at the polls in November. His enthusiasm was unbounded and his zeal apparently, quite as limitless. On being asked to state the reasons for the hopeful view which he took of the situation, he said:

"The fires are burning brightly in the Southwest. The most intense enthusiasm prevails and party lines are completely obliterated. To be more specific, I will take up a few of the counties I have been through and give you our estimate of them. Lincoln county two years ago gave Merriam a plurality of 161 over E. M. Wilson. This year it is estimated that that county will give Owen 700 plurality. Lyons county give the present governor 618 more votes than it gave Wilson, and it is now estimated that this county will give Mr. Owen 1,000 plurality. There are six townships in the county where there is not a single party man left. Merriam beat Wilson 826 votes in Pipestone county. This fall Owen will have 600 majority in that county over all opponents. In Nobles Wilson was 149 votes behind Merrian. This year Owen will undoubtedly have a majority over all other candidates. The vote of Martin county in 1888 was 1,812, and Merriam's plurality over Wilson was 517. With the exception of a few heelers around Fairmount, the county is in revolt and it is expected to wipe out the repuclican majority and give a plurality for Owen. In Faribault county Merriam had a plurality of 1,042. This year the entire sounty, with the exception of a few men in Winnebago City and a choice clique at Blue Earth City, is in revolt and Owen will lead the polls. Watonwan, which gave Merriam 577 plurality two years ago, will go for Owen. In Brown county Wilson had 362 plurality two years ago. This year Owen will carry it. To sum up, these counties will wipe out a republican majority of 8,250, a democratic majority of 826, and advance Owen to a plurality of about 3,000. Judging from the tone of the feeling in Soutwestern Minnesota I put Owen's plurality about 30,000 in the state."

The Blundering Organs.

Minneapolis Times.

The purblind partisan republican organs are committing the blunder of attempting to belittle and ridicule the Alliance movement and the Alliance candidates. Their shafts of sarcasm are particularly aimed at Mr. Owen the Alliance candidate for governor. Mr. Merriam may well pray to be saved from his fool friends. No greater mistake could be made by his organs at this time and in the present condition of the public mind. Mr. Owen is mainly the representative of a discontented republican element, a great body of voters who have deserted the republican ranks for what they believe to be good and sufficient cause. Extravagant eulogies of the republican candidate and his administration are worse than idle. It is the total disbelief in the integrity of that administration, and a firm conviction of the absolute hopelessness of any relief from existing evils through the republican organization as at present controlled, that have furnished the provocation and the justification for the independent farmer's movement. The spirit and purpose of that movement are too genuine and profound and resolute to be disturbed by sneers and gibes and abuse. It is working toward definite ends through the only methods and instrumentalities by which those ends are to be attained.

The industrial classes have long entrusted their interests to the keeping of the old parties. It is useless for the organs to insist that the republican party has been faithful to the trust, and that the present administration has been favorable to the agricultural and labor interest. If the farmers and workingmen did not thoroughly discredit those pretensions there would be no Alliance party today. To attempt to persuade those men that they have no cause for complaints—and still less for revolt; and to ridicule their methods and purposes as impracticable and visionary or idiotic and absurd is to insult their intelligence, and intensify their hostility to the old party. There is good reason to believe that Gov. Merriam has the sagacity to recognize the blunder of his superviceable organs in their contemptuous and insulting attacks upon the Alliance and it candidates.

A Close Race.

Minneapolis Herald: The gubernatorial race will be a close one. Mr. Owen is developing unexpected strength among independent voters. To what extent the defection of these voters from the two old parties will affect either, is problematical, but the indications are that Mr. Merrim will be the loser.

Grand Forks Herald: The newspaper that does its duty in protecting public interest, says the Oregon Scout, is sure to make enemies. But what of that? Enemies rather help a newspaper than otherwise, especially when their hostility is generally known to arise from an independent and public spirited course on the part of the journal that incurs their displeasure. The paper that stands by the public is on solid ground, and the people will heartily support it in the advocacy of their rights. In every small town or city there are people who think themselves entitled to control everything, and that opposition to any of their proceedings is an offense equal to personal grievance or affront. They want to boss the community, newspapers included. They lack apprehension or understanding of the true function of a newspaper in relation to public interest, and if they could have their way the local press would be simply the organ of their own private interests and aims.

Very Funny.

Fairmont News: Is it funny though? Only a short time ago the Merriam ring organs were howling themselves hoarse that the Alliance and Labor party had no strength and now they are shouting themselves black in the face that W. W. Erwin is after C. K. Davis' seat in the United States Senate, and warning voters not to believe him on that account. Just how anybody can be in danger if the movement has no strength passes our comprehension, and for Merriam to use Davis' name to conjure with is little short of the ridiculous, especially as everybody knows Merriam is after that seat, but all good government demands that C. K. Davis succeed himself for lo! these many years.

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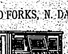
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WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.
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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 9, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:20 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:23 p. m.	6:35 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight,	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave.	Arrive.
10:15 a. m.	4:00 p. m

A Delusion and a Snare.

St. Paul Daily News.

As soon as Congress adjourns Senator Davis will make several speeches in this State in suport of the State ticket. This should dispel the idea that a vote for Merriam means the defeat of Senator Davis for re-election.—Slayton Gazette.

The above editorial item, clipped from the paper to which it is credited, is going the rounds of the Merriam papers of the State almost verbatim. Being inserted simultaneously in various papers as an editoral paragraph, it shows that it emanates Mr. Lowenstein's bureau, which is in charge of Joel, Tams & Co.

As a matter of course, Senator Davis will take the stump this fall. He could not do otherwise and maintain his party standing. However unpalatable it may be to him to see Governor Merriam re-elected, he must, as politics go, swallow the dose and pretend that he desires to see such a result.

Knowing this fact, the Merriam organs seize upon it to make it appear that there is no antagonism between the Governor and Senator.

There is no one so dull, if he stops to think a moment, will not understand that Senator Davis has no alternative but the one suggested in this paragraph.

The News, not being an organ, does not profess to be a champion of or take special interest in Senator Davis' case. It recognizes the fact, however, that a good many people in Minnesota feel especially friendly to the Senator, and it records the current political situation for their benefit.

One thing is very certain.

If Governor Merriam is defeated this fall, he will not be in Senator Davis way in 1892.

If he is elected this fall he may be in his way.

We put the proposition in this mild form to meet the arguments of the Merriam men, who wish to make it appear that his re-election does not endanger Senator Davis' political future.

From our own standpoint we regard him sure to be in Davis' road if reelected this fall, but taking the mild form of the proposition, every friend of Senator Davis can see that it is the part of safety and political wisdom to make a sure thing while they have the opportunity, and put the man out of the race who will be Senator Davis' most formidable competitor if successful this fall.

He will be such competitor not because he has the ability or that he ought to be Senator, but because he has the money to enter the Senatorial auction room and buy the place.

While Senator Davis, owing to force of circumstances, must take the stump for Merriam, his friends can knife the Governor at the polls.

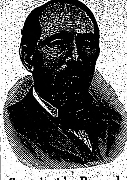
If they are smart they will do so.

Never lose a point in a political game when it can be avoided.

This is a political game.

An exchange says that any measure calculated to benefit any one class is class legislation, and that as the subtreasury plan is to designed to help the farmers, therefore it is class legislation. Nothing could more completely misrepresent the purposes of the sub-treasury plan. It is not designed to help the farmer by giving him any class privilege, but to help him by stopping a class discrimination against him. There is now a discrimination against him by low prices in the fall when he is a seller, and high prices in the spring when he is a buyer in making his investment in crop. This results from the present fluctuation in the volume of money as compared to the demand in different seasons. Warehousing is not essential to the sub-treasury plan; it is only one method.

The current price of wheat and cotton are at all times based upon the price of products in Liverpool and London. All modern economists agree that the amount exported regulates the price of the whole product. They tersely put it that what runs over the bucket regulates the price of all that is within it.



Comstock's Record.

Though in His First Term, Our Congressman Has Done a Veteran's Work.

The List of Bills He Has Put Through the Congressional Machine.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 30.—[Pioneer Press Washington Special.]—Representative Comstock has had a very successful session for a new member of congress. The following are the bills he passed during the session: Bill increasing the cost of the Duluth public building; granting right of way to Little Falls, Mille Lacs and Lake Superior railroad; granting to Crookston, Fort Stevenson and Manitoba railroad right to bridge Red River; bill for survey of Red River, Red Lake River and Big Stone Lake with the view of improving navigation; bill granting right of way to Red Lake and Western railway; bill granting right of way to Duluth & Winnipeg railway; bill for survey of Chippewa reservation, Red Lake, White Earth, etc.; bill for relief of Chippewa Indians; four private pension bills passed; four private relief bills recommended and now on the calandar for passage; bill to provide for uniform grain grades, substituting one recommended by committee; bill granting right of way to Red Lake and Western Railway and Navigation Company across Red Lake reservation; in above bills and river and harbor bills carrying the following appropriations for Fifth district: Duluth post office and custom house, $120,000; Duluth harbor, $100,000; Two Harbors, $30,000; Marine harbor, $25,000; reservoir system of the upper Mississippi, $80,000; Red River of the North, $25,000; survey of Indian reservation and for allotments to Indians, etc., $200,000; settlement of Chippewa indian claims for damages agreed on, $150,000. Total, $730,000.

A Bad Give Away.

A Startling Declaration.—A prominent Republican politician of Minneapolis recently made the following declaration to an Alliance man: "You are now going into the country with your arguments; you are going to appeal to the REASONS of the people. About ten days before alection we will go into the country in force and appeal to the PREJUDICE of the people, and, by—, we will beat you!" This expresses the precise estimation the average voter is held in by the average machine politician. Arguments he cares nothing for; reason he despises; partisan prejudice is firmly implanted in the average voter's breast, and upon that is placed all dependence for future party supremacy. Is the foregoing declaration an insult to the intelligence of the American voter, or is it justifiable by the facts? There is now an excellent opportunity for the voter to give his answer to that question. Notice is fairly given of the means to be employed to keep the voters of at least one of the old parties loyal to the party creed; how will the voters respond when the pressure comes? Upon the answer to this question depends the integrity and perpetuity of true republicanism in this country. When the citizens of a republic are swayed more by party prejudice then by reason, then they are no longer citizens of a republic.

Who will dare deny that the financial system of this government is faulty, when the crop cannot be moved without a panic, unless the National Treasurer lends sixty millions to New York banks.

The Alliance Party.

Many look upon this party as a class party. It is often associated with the Farmer's Alliance, whose membership is made up exclusively of farmers. This is a mistake. The word Alliance as the name of the new political party is without qualification. It characterises the party as the alliance of all the good and reform elements of society. Hence no one need feel out of place in this party bacause he does not happen to be a farmer. The principles of the party, stand above the occupation of its members. Hence all men who love justice and hate iniquity, in high places as well as in low, properly belong to this party.

To the Independents of Minnesota.

We have already entered upon another political campaign. Of late years the contest has been between parties with corporate interests about equally divided between the two. The masses have been made to believe that their welfare and the salvation of the country depended upon the supremacy of one party or the other. Practically it has made little or no difference to the people. Corporate interests have been supreme in either case. It has been a case of "heads I win; tails you lose." Now the situation is changed. We find the masses arrayed against their political tyrants. It is a movement which has sprung from the people. It is the uprising of a long suffering people. It is the action of the people, for the people and must be by the people. They must press on to victory or continue to be the tools, and eventually the slaves, of plutocratic tyranny. "Choose ye this day" not "whom ye will serve," but whether you will be bound or free.

It is a sad commentary on the future of agriculture, that an advance in the price of farm products is given by many of the eastern journals as the cause of the present financial crisis. If this be true, the logical conclusion would follow that hard times in the country made better times in Wall street; that, in order to prevent future panics the farmer must continue to sell his products at a loss. Unless all signs fail the farmers of this country are going to change these conditions and hereafter stand square upon the demand of "equal rights to all; and special privileges to none.

Three thousand million dollars have been forced from labor to pay interest upon the public debt since 1861. This sum has been taken by law from the wealth producers to fatten and support and make influential to the drones of society. To get this enormous sum of money from the wealth producers they have but to control first one and then the other of the two old parties. The trick has worked admirably, and the leaderships of those same old parties are to-day making a joint effort to continue the robbery by dividing the people upon false and sectional issues, notably the tariff. Will the people again be deceived? To-day these political schemers are professing great sympathy and interest in labor organizations; writing platforms very nearly like labor demands, but are careful to offer the same old political office seekers for legislative offices. Be not deceived, independents, but stand by your demands and select men to carry forward your work whose interest and principles are with the wealth producers. "Suffer not yourselves to be betrayed with a kiss."

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Organize Alliance Clubs.

Organize an alliance club in every village in the county, and in every township except those where every man, or almost every man, belongs to the farmers' alliance, as you will get men in who would not otherwise be with you. For a constitution for an alliance club, and how to organize, address D. E. Hatlestad, Atty. at Law, Crookston, Minn. Clubs of this kind have already been organized in Crookston and Red Lake Falls. Organize well; get every man in the town to join you. We want to see an alliance club in every town in the county before October 10th. Don't wait for some one else to take hold of this matter, but do it yourselves. Go at it now, every man who wants Owen elected.

Same Old Game.

One of Mr. Wavra's boys, living in the town of Tabor, took two loads of wheat to market and the buyer would only give him No. 2 Northern for his wheat. On his way home he called at his father's house and told him what he got. "Why," said the old man, "that is not right, they give me No. 1 Hard for mine, no better wheat than yours." It was then arranged that the old man should take the rest to market for the young man, which he did, and got No. 1 Hard for the same wheat the same buyer only give No. 2 Northern for! When will this steal stop? When you farmers go to work and elect Owen and a farmer legislature to back him. Then you will stop it, and not till then.

Attention, Alliance Officers.

Some of the secretaries fail to do their duty by neglecting to report the names of members, the number, etc., to the County Secretary, Nels Muus, of Fertile, Minn. Those who have not done so, do so at once. Don't delay this matter any longer; the officers should do their duty and do it at once. Let every alliance hold weekly meetings from now until the election, and let every voter attend these meetings, as the time is short before election. Hold your meetings often from now on. It would be best where there are many farmers or workingmen in a town who are not members of the alliance to organize an alliance club, as many will join an alliance club who would not, or who cannot join the farmers' alliance.

NELS MUUS.
Sec. County Alliance.

Every alliance man should be a committee of one from now until the polls close on Nov. 4th. See that every man is out at the polls, and see that no frauds are committed, such as stealing alliance tickets, bulldozing, and the like. Remember the opposition to the farmers' cause is desperate and will hesitate at no frauds to defeat the will of the people.

The only way to make republican principles win is to vote for S. M. Owen.

"Straws show which way the wind blows." A vote for Governor was taken on a train coming from Waseca to St. Paul, resulting as follows:

Owen	54
Wilson	31
Merriam	11
Total	96

A Minnesota merchant put up the names of the three candidates on a card in his store a few days ago, inviting the farmers who called to cast their votes by marking their choice opposite each name. At night the record stood Owen 20, Wilson 2, Merrim 1. The merchant, being a Republican took down his card at the end of the first day.

ANGUS, Sept. 25, 1890.

E. E. Lomen, Crookston, Minn.:

DEAR SIR:—Yours of the 23d received Saturday, notifying me that I had been placed on the Farmers' Alliance ticket as the Representative for Polk County.

Thanks to the Alliance County Central Committee for the honor thus shown me. On my part this honor came unsought, unasked, as you know, and with pleasure I, so accept the nomination, and should I prove to be elected it shall be my simple prayer to so act that the committee and county may hereafter say and feel that your choice was a fair one. Yes, I feel the sting of oppression as most of our farmers do, and it shall be my great aim to relieve myself and Bro. farmers from the yoke of monopolists and corrupt politicians, and the step has been taken and another step we hope to take at the next election, and place men at the head of government affairs. I may not be with you but my vote will. I believe that defeat means more taxation, more and higher freights, more and higher elevator charges, higher rates of interest and more of everything but money and comfort to the farmer and laboring people. Then with victory written on our banner, may we not with one bold, honest front face the ballot box and vote for liberty. My duties on my farm will not admit of my going out electioneering, yet I shall be with you at some of the public meetings.

Again thanking you,
I am, respectfully,
WM. CARLETON.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

If Polk County raises 2,000,000 bushels of wheat this year, one cent per bushel means $20,000 in or out of Polk County. Last year the loss to the farmer was from 10 to 20 cents per bushel under the system of marketing wheat, and Mr. Merriam assures the farmers that the Republican party has already done all they have asked of it—i. e. has established a free and open market for our wheat. If it costs each farmer from 10 to 20 cents per bushel, besides his taxes, to support the system to keep this robber system in vogue, what's the use of keeping it? Mr. Owen is anxious to see this deal changed and give the farmer a chance for once, and it is clearly for the interest of this country to give him a chance to see what he can do. Vote for your own interests by voting for S. M. Owen.

DRS STARKEY & PALEN'S
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nitrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 40 000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

[First publication Sept. 24th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 17th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

Letters of administration of the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto John Cromb, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office, in the city of Crookston, in said County, on the first Monday in March, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week; for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 17th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
(Seal Probate Court.) C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
124-25

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—
NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,—BEST.—QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or,

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

FARM LANDS: Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana

NEW TOWNS: 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

LOW RATES: Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.

Hunting, Fishing: Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Horses, Cattle: Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.

Health, Wealth: In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sheep, Hogs: Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.

Herds, Mines: These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more, miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

G. N. R. L.: The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn.

Hill's Position Toward Merriam.

Duluth Herald: Perennial Candidate Gilman is now out and chirping, we notice, about "the Jim Hill ring which is supporting Merriam for Governor." How Chirper Gilman has climed over the ropes of a ring into which he has slung his white hat so often, we can't imagine, but the effort must have turned his head or he wouldn't be babbling about "Jim Hill" backing Merriam. Every child in politics knows the relation in which Mr. Hill stands toward the Democratic nominee, Judge Wilson, and that the biggest knife which Gov. Merriam has to fear in this campaign is that which Hill holds.

That looks likely when Hill's employes are racing around this county, fixing up the Merriam fences. Did not the Merriam delegates to St. Paul get free passes on the Great Northern road? At this distance it looks as though Owen is the only candidate objectionable to railroads. How many passes did his delegates get over any road to go and nominate him?

Mr. Owen's Speech at Rochester.

Hon. Sidney Owen, Alliance candidate for Governor, delivered an eloquent address at Rochester the closing day of the Southern Minnesota Fair.

In the evening a mass meeting was held on the public square. Geo. Muller, of New York, made the opening address, and arraigned both of the old parties for their disregard of industrial interests.

When Mr. Owen appeared he was greeted with enthusiasm. He said, among other things:

From 1850 to 1860 the increase in farm values was 101 per cent, live stock values 95 per cent; from 1860 to 1870 farm values 40 per cent; live stock 30 per cent; from 1870 to 1880, farm values 9 per cent increase, on live stock values, a decrease of $25,000,000. In 1860 the agricultural wealth was one-half the entire national wealth; In 1870 it was one-third; in 1880 it was one-fourth, and in 1890 it is about one-fifth. Thus in 1860 the agriculturists owned one-half the national wealth, but in 1890 the agriculturists own only one-fifth of the total wealth. Showing that relatively the farmers' condition is growing worse.

On taxation he said that every year the percentage of property exempt from taxation increased. From 1820 to 1860 the amount exempt was about 20 per cent; in 1870 the amount exempt was 50 per cent; In 1880, 60 per cent—that is, 40 per cent of the property paid all of the taxes. The portion exempted consists largely of stocks, bonds, jewelry, &c., the property of the rich, while the home of the poor mechanic and the farm bear their full burden of taxation. In a powerful arraignment he presented the facts of overcapitalization, and the burden thus placed upon the productive interests of the country.

Mr. Owen is logical, convincing and eloquent, yet careful and conservative in his statements. His personality will be a winning factor in the contest this fall.

The Cause at Benson.

BENSON, Minn., Sept. 24.—[Special Correspondence to Daily News.]—The Alliance campaign opened here last night with an address from A. S. Edwards, a representative of the Knights of Labor, who handled the industrial problem with earnestness and force that left an impression upon his audience that will bear fruit worthy of the cause. His appeal to the vigorous, thinking men of the present to deal with living issues that confront the industrial masses of the day was well received by the people, who are in sympathy with the cause of the toilers of the country. The people of this county are fully awake to the Alliance cause, and not only the farmers, but the laboring and business men are taking an active interest in the cause of the mass against the class.

FARMER.

That's What's the Matter With the Farmers.

Marshall Messenger.

Wheat 85c., a good crop. The farmers are happy, and with good crops and big prices, they have little or no time to engage in politics "to better their condition," save those who would better it by getting into office. The average farmer is satisfied with the present political status, and he will not vote to put the democrats in charge, over the shoulders of the alliance.

Well, that looks lovely, but the facts don't justify the roseate view. When No. 1 Hard wheat brings 85 cents in the local markets, it should bring the farmer one dollar if he had his rights. But the system is so thoroughly under the control of the buyer that he can lay down the rule: "Give no No. 1 Hard grades," and no No. 1 Hard is given; and the farmer has to sell his No. 1 Hard wheat for No. 2 Northern, or even rejected in some cases. The average farmer is not satisfied with a "political status" that tolerates such robberies as have been committed under the present system, and they are bound to have a change in the deal. It was the duty of the republican party to correct this evil, but the managers were making too much money out of elevator and railroad stock, and they thought the farmers were all a set of fools who would keep right on voting under the party lash to perpetuate the system. But the farmers demand a change in the system and are going to vote for it, and "that's what's the matter with the farmers."

Do not be fooled. A vote for the Merriam party is a half-vote for railroad attorney Wilson. If you believe in a free government "of the people, by the people and for the people," be sure to vote for a man who is in sympathy with the people—S. M. Owen.

Mr. Owen at Sauk Centre.

To the Editor of the Daily News:

SAUK CENTRE, Sept. 24. Mr. S. M. Owen addressed a large and enthusiastic Alliance meeting here to-night. The speech was a fine effort, and for an hour and a half held the vast audience in close and interested attention. The Alliance party is strong here, and growing stronger every day. The meeting to-night will greatly accelerate the movement. Mr. Owen goes next to Fergus Falls, where he addresses a mass meeting.

J. LYMAN.

The Jackson Republic, many for years one of the leadig Repulican papers in Southwestern Minnesota has hoisted the Alliance state ticket, and in its last issue says:

If the same feeling exists all over the state that does in Jackson county S. M. Owen will be elected by 20,000 majority. It is almost impossible to find men in any township in this county who will suport Merriam, while they are all enthusiastic for S. M. Owen. And still you see such papers as the Pioneer Press full of such statements as "Merriam steadily gaining," "farmers abreast for Merriam." If the Pianeer Press would interview a few people from the rural district other than political strikers, they might get a few facts that is, if they are after facts.

What earthly good has Merriam's government done the farmers? Our wheat market placed in absolute control of the elevator system and taxes on the old cow for double her value in the market. That's a healthy "farmers' friend," aint it. But then you ought to elect Merriam because if you don't he can't knock out Cush Davis for the Senate, don-cher-know.

A. R. Holston, the alliance candidate for county attorney, is a hustler from way back—just the kind of a man the county needs to attend to the duties of that important office. He is the son of a veteran and lost a brother in the service, and he would have been in it himself had he been old enough. The legal affairs of the county will be safe in his hands. Vote for Holston for county attorney.

Wisconsin is immensely pleased with her farmer Governor. Let Minnesota follow suit by electing S. M. Owen.

At last the farmers have what they have ardently desired—a chance to show their independence. They have a candidate of their own—S. M. Owen.

There it goes again. Even the government seems to be down on the poor farmer. Our latest dispatches state that Postmaster Wheat, of the House, Washington, D. C., is graded "rejected."

If the Merriam party don't quit fooling, they will elect a democratic governor. A vote for Merriam is a half vote for Wilson. Better give a square vote for Owen and make a sure thing of it.

If the present sentiment holds, Owen will carry Polk County by a big majority next month. Wilson and Merriam don't seem to be "in it" very extensively. The common people are awake at last. Let the good work go on.

Gov. Merriam, in his speech accepting the nomination, said that the republican party

HAS ALREADY DONE

all that the farmers ask. Well, if the present condition of our wheat market is the best the republican party can do for our farmers, they will have to look elsewhere for a remedy or perish. If the presebt system of equalization is the best the shop affords the farmers had better come to the front and run the business for themselves awhile.

A free and open wheat market—the object for which the farmers are waging this campaign, is for the interest of every laborer or business man in this county—except the elevator system. With the farmers prosperous, business flourishes and every laborer has plenty of work to do and good wages. Why can you not for once vote for yourself by casting a vote for S. M. Owen, who will be elected on this issue? No other candidate is pledged to this purpose nor cares to see it accomplished. With S. M. Owen as governor we shall have justice in our wheat markets if it can be had.

The efforts of the Merriam party to disintegrate the alliance ticket are worthy of the severest condemnation and defeat of all who have used these underhanded schemes. We are glad to note that one man on the alliance ticket, John H. Locken, has had manliness enough to resist all of the specious blandishments of the adversary of the farmers cause, and to stand firm at his post. For days he was followed with all kinds of temptations, but in vain. He stood for the right and now he should be rewarded by a triumphant election to the office for which he is a candidate, register of deeds. That he is well qualified no one who knows him for a moment doubts, and that the Merriam party considers him one of the strongest supporters of the farmers' cause is shown in their frantic efforts to proselyte him. He should be elected, and THE JOURNAL hopes to see him and will do all it can to that end.

To Purchased Conventions.

NO MAN IS GOOD ENOUGH TO GOVERN ANOTHER WITHOUT HIS CONSENT.—ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 16, 1890. NO. 26

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

INDEPENDENT Republican Ticket.

For Governor,
S. M. Owen,
Of Hennepin County.
For Lieut. Governor,
J. O. Barret,
Of Traverse County.
For Secretary of State,
Fred P. Brown,
Of Faribault County.
For Auditor of State,
Peter J. McGuire,
Of Polk County.
For State Treasurer,
Joseph Bobletter,
Of Brown County.
For Attorney General,
Moses E. Clapp,
Of Ottertail County.
For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
Charles P. Holcomb,
Of Washington County.

CONGRESSIONAL.
For Member of Congress,
Solomon G. Comstock,
Of Clay County.

LEGISLATIVE.
For Senator,
E. E. Lommen, of Polk County.
For Representatives,
B. M. Chesley, of Norman County.
Andrew Thompson, of Norman County.
Wm. Carlton, of Polk County.

COUNTY TICKET.
For County Auditor,
C. U. Webster.
For County Treasurer,
John T. Beaudry.
For Sheriff,
Arne Grundyson.
For Clerk of the District Court,
Nels Muus.
For Judge of Probate,
C. O. Christianson.
For Register of Deeds,
John H. Locken.
For County Attorney,
A. R. Holston.
For County Supt. of Schools,
E. J. Grefthen.
For County Surveyor,
O. L. Hamery.
For County Coroner,
Dr. McEachran
County Com.—2d District,
A. O. Stortroen.
County Com.—4th District,
Cyprien DeMers.

He Has No Walk-Away.

White Bear Lake Breeze.

Judging from reports from the country districts Gov. Merriam is to have no walk-away over Owen and Wilson. Many even confidently predict Merriam's defeat, but when the votes are counted it will be plain to be seen that the barrel was not tapped in vain.

Disaffection Everywhere.

Duluth Times.

The disaffection of Republicans toward Merriam is more general than has heretofore been supposed. It is found in Duluth, in Minneapolis, in the southern part of the State, in the Red River Valley, everywhere in fact.

Why Republicans Kick.

MACHINE METHODS.

The following affidavit of reputable citizens of Red Lake Falls showing how the gag law was applied and republicans deprived of their franchise, shows one reason why honest republicans are not supporting the machine ticket this year:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } SS.

The undersigned, Republican voters, personally appeared before the undersigned, a notary public in and for said county and state, and they each being duly sworn deposes and says for himself, that he is a Republican and has heretofore supported the Republican ticket and advocated the principles of the republican party; that he is a legal voter of the village of Red Lake Falls; that on the 10th day of September, 1890, at 8 o'clock p. m., at the building now known and used as the council room, a public building in the village of Red Lake Falls, said county, a republican caucus was held for the purpose of electing three delegates to the republican county convention, to be held in Crookston, on Friday, September the 12th, 1890. That said caucus was duly called by the republican village committee, viz: J. J. Redmond, J. A. Duffy and J. A. Thompson, pursuant to a notice of one week, given by said committee by posting notices in three of the most public places in said village; that this said caucus was the only caucus had and held in said village for said purpose; that there was present at said caucus the following republican voters of said village, they being the only persons who participated or took part or voted in said caucus, viz:

J. J. Redmond, John A. Duffy, H. B. Davis, Wm. Findleson, P. B. Couture, Dr. I. Turcot, W. A. Reichel, Moses Verboncuer, E. Semper, B. Sivigney, F. Cote, Sr., B. Fisher, E. Steinhart, J. Laurence, Dr. John Watson, J. W. Lowe, H. A. McClatchie, A. D. Wishard, John A. Thompson, W. J. Flock, Chas. Bourden, Erick Kling, Theodore Garceau, Nathan Frankle, Jacob Palies, in all twenty-five republican voters.

The following proceedings were had at said caucus, viz: Dr. J. Watson and H. B. Davis were nominated for chairman of said caucus; Dr. J. Watson withdrew in favor of H. B. Davis, and H. B. Davis was elected chairman by acclamation. J. A. Duffy was elected secretary by acclamation. It was moved and seconded and carried to poll the vote, and no one to vote except republicans. Dr. J. Watson moved that H. A. McClatchie and J. J. Redmond be two of the delegates to said convention. Lost. Dr. I. Turcot moved that we proceed to vote by ballot for three delegates; seconded by Wm. Findleson; motion carried. Dr. J. Watson placed in nomination H. A. McClatchie, J. J. Redmond and P. D. Couture, and Dr. I. Turcot placed in nomination J. J. Redmond, W. Findleson and P. D. Couture. The chairman appointed Dr. J. Watson and Wm. Findleson as tellers, to receive and count the vote; the secretary took the names of those voting, being same as above stated, and the vote being closed the tellers announced the result of the ballot, which was as follows: Total number of votes cast was 25. P. D. Couture 25 votes; J. J. Redmond 25 votes; Wm. Findleson 15 votes; H. A. McClatchie 10 votes. Therefore the chairman declared that P. D. Couture, J. J. Redmond and Wm. Findleson were the duly elected delegates to said convention; and thereafter the said chairman and secretary made out in due form the credentials of said delegates and delivered the same to said J. J. Redmond, Wm. Findleson and P. D. Couture; moved and carried that the caucus adjourn. That the legality nor regularity of said caucus and the proceedings had were not questioned by any one present, or by any other person; that thereafter said delegates presented their said credentials to the committee on credentials of the Republican convention at Crookston, September the 12th, 1890, and the said committee with a full knowledge of all the facts in the matter, rejected said legally elected delegates and reported in their stead the names of A. D. Wishard, John A. Thompson and H. A. McClatchie, three men who were not elected by any caucus of the republican voters of said village; that if they were appointed by any one it was by a secret conference of themselves and a few of those who participated in the above caucus, and were dissatisfied because they were too small a minority of the republican voters of said village to elect such delegates as were satisfactory to themselves and the republican bosses and ringsters of Polk County. Their said secret conference being held without any notice whatever to the large majority of the republican voters of said village; but, upon the contrary, was called without authority and kept a profound secret from a majority of the republicans of said village, until they (said Wishard, McClatchie and Thompson) presented their fraudulent recommendation to said committee on credentials; that the said duly elected delegates, Redmond, Findleson and Couture appealed from the fraudulent action of the said committee on credentials to the convention; that the said republican convention with a full knowledge of all the facts in the premises, corruptly voted to confirm the fraudulent report of said committee on credentials and fraudulently and corruptly decided to admit said fraudulently appointed delegates, Wishard, McClatchie and Thompson, and refuse a seat in the convention to the said Redmond, Findleson and Couture, the duly elected delegates to said convention from the said village of Red Lake Falls; that affiants make this affidavit for the purpose of letting the republican voters of Polk County know of the corrupt action taken by the late republican convention for the purpose of disfranchising the majority of the legal republican voters of the village of Red Lake Falls, because the delegates elected by said majority were not in sympathy with the rotten ring of corrupt politicians who run the said republican convention, and for the purpose of protesting as republicans against said corrupt action of said convention, and further affiants saith not.

Jas. J. Redmond.
P. D. Couture.
Wm. Findleson.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of September, A. D. 1890.

{ NOTARY } P. G. Falardeau,
{ SEAL. } Notary Public.

We, the undersigned, republican voters of the village of Red Lake Falls, Minn., do hereby certify that on or about the 3d day of September, 1890, notices for a caucus of the republican voters of said village were posted in several conspicuous places in said village; said caucus was held pursuant to said notices on the 10th day of September, 1890, at the common council room in said village, and that we attended said caucus. We further certify that we know the contents of the above affidavit that the statements therein made as to proceedings had at said caucus are true and correct in every respect.

E. Semper, B. Sivigny,
N. Frankel, J. Palies,
Francois Cote, M. Verboncuer,
Berg Fisher, E. Stinehower,
Joseph Laurent, Dr. I. Turcot.
W. B. Davis,
Chairman of said Caucus.
John A. Duffy,
Sec. of said Caucus.

The report as compiled by the County Auditor from the Assessors returns of the agricultural statistics of our county for the year 1889, shows the following number of acres of land cultivated and the number of bushels of grain raised thereon:

	Acres.	Bush.
Wheat	194,080	3,010,581
Oats	37,077	650,282
Corn	436	8,995
Barley	25,582	169,842
Rye	172	1,736
Buckwheat	8	60
Potatoes	1,020	200,857
Beans	21	241
Flax seed	200	948
Other products	227	
Cultivated hay	2,912	3,009 tons.

Number of apple trees growing, 416; No. of apple trees bearing fruit, 148; bushels of apples raised, 6; pounds of tobacco raised, 206; No. of sheep sheared in fall, 3,403; pounds of wool sheared, 15,023; pounds of butter produced, 670,231; pounds of cheese produced 3,639.

The acreage under cultivation during the present season (1890) is composed of the following items: Acres of wheat 218,901; acres of oats 39,200; acres of corn 408; acres of barley 15,677; acres of rye 212; acres of buckwheat 42; acres of potatoes 2,148; acres of beans 12; acres of sugar cane 9; acres of cultivated hay 5,900; acres of flax seed 56; acres of other products 740. Being a total of 283,816 acres under cultivation, an increase of 21,186 acres over that of the year 1889. The number of sheep sheared in the spring (1890) was 5,869, and they produced 24,807 pounds of wool.

Giving Owen a Lift.

Fergus Falls Journal.

The Owen men are not a little delighted to know that Rev. Kristoffer Janson, the well known Unitarian minister, will not only support the new party, but will take the stump for it here in this county. Rev. Janson will speak at the Court House in this city Oct. 30, in the afternoon in English and in the evening in Norwegian. M. Janson and his followers will give the new party quite a lift, as he is acknowledged a very able man.

A Device of the Enemy.

St. Paul Daily News.

Mr. Merriam's morning newspaper in St. Paul has developed its tactics.

A few days ago it published a letter from Fergus Falls setting forth the wonderful strength the Alliance was developing in that section.

This was a truthful statement, and because it was truthful it created some surprise that it should have appeared in such a paper.

The reason is now explained. In yesterday's issue a letter from Albert Lea appears giving a very gloomy picture of the Alliance situation. The correspondent states that there has been a good deal of Alliance sentiment in that locality, but the voters have now decided to return to their first love and vote the Republican ticket.

The trick which the two letters displays is a cunning but old one.

Otter Tail county is known throughout the State as one of the leading strongholds of the Alliance. The consequence is it would be useless to publish a letter from Fergus Falls claiming anything else. Telling the truth was more advisable than telling a lie, because no one would believe the lie.

Besides, it had the air of judicial fairness to sum up the situation against the candidate who is in full control of that paper.

The next step is to visit other sections of the State, where the sentiment is not as well known, and depict the failure of the Alliance movement. It looks as though this was really an attempt to be fair, whereas it is only a device to give weight to falsehood by first telling the truth and relying on the reputation thus obtained for doing some wholesale lying.

Reports which reach us, not only from Freeborn, but from counties all through the southern part of the State, are exactly the reverse of the statements in the Pioneer Press. Instead of going backward in that locality the Alliance is going forward even more than in the northern counties.

In the northern part of the State the movement has been more active and aggressive than in the southern part, and hence, as the southern counties are becoming aroused, there, there is more room for increased activity than in the north.

The revolt is in progress throughout the State, and the trick of the enemy to report one locality as going backward, in order to discourage the work in another section, will not win, because it will deceive very few, if any.

If the residents of any locality find the Alliance sentiment in their own region waning, they may then place some reliance in similar report from other sections.

Until they find this true of their local surroundings they are certainly safe in giving no credence to such statements as these from Freeborn county.

It is entirely safe to apply this test, as no locality in the State can be found where there has ever been an Alliance movement, without finding it on the increase at the present time.

The Boodle Plot.

St. Paul Daily News.

The most startling development of the campaign was the exposure in last evening's Daily News of the scheme devised by the Merriamites to demoralize the Alliance by the use of "boodle."

Gov. Merriam deliberately entered the political field on the theory that every man has his price, and it must be conceded that his experience has developed a good deal of ground for him to claim that he was about correct.

There come times, however, when money will not bridge over the chasm, and one of those periods we believe to be the Minnesota campaign, of 1890. The device was cunning, and we are creditably informed that men are already out in the State laying the ground work for its execution.

The plan, as explained yesterday, was to secure a local Alliance leader in numerous section of the State who would repudiate the Alliance ticket at the eleventh hour.

The Merriamites would be supplied with his repudiation in advance, just as the treacherous Burlingame, the Alliance candidate for Attorney General, furnished them with a copy of his letter of declination prior to sending it to the Alliance committee. In fact Burlingame consorted with the Alliance movement for a couple of months with a view of gaining such information as might be placed in his way, and turning it over to the Merriam crowd.

They knew of his coming declination long before the Alliance committee. Whether he was paid cash for his dirty work we do not know, but that he was paid either in cash or promise of political promotion, or both, seems altogether probable.

He had assured the Alliance of his utmost cordiality, and sympathy with their movement. He had given personal reasons as the only ones which would prevent his accepting, the chief one of which was, that he could not afford the expense of a campaign. The Alliance committee waived any claim on him for an assessment or any demands upon his time, except such as might be entirely agreeable to him. And still, after coquetting with the committee for weeks he suddenly flashes out with a political document, repudiating the Alliance, which the Merriamites have spread far and wide throughout the State.

We note this somewhat in detail, because it is entirely in keeping with the plan exposed yesterday. The success of the game played with Mr. Burlingame undoubtedly lead to the conception of a more extended plot. The "boodle" dispensers would of course, report their purchases and the Merriamites would be informed just when the local leader in each locality was to make repudiation public, and they would thus be ready to circulate the news like a flash through the State, making the last ten days appear like a general breakup of the Alliance.

While it is an insult to devise such a plot it would be surprising if in any political association there were not purchasable men.

We apprehend they would have found it difficult, even without this exposure, in securing their traitors.

But with this exposure the plan is balked.

No Alliance man can now afford to change front under any circumstances. He must stick to his colors if he would escape the taint of political corruption.

If he entered the cause from principle the same principle still holds good to retain him in the ranks.

Consequently, even if he might be tempted, he would realize that he cannot now afford to entertain for a moment any proposition to betray his cause.

The Burlingame experience and stigma which he has placed upon his hitherto good name, have furnished both an example and a warning.

To The Farmer's Alliance of of Polk Co. Minn.

Gentlemen:—The farmers and workingmen of Minnesota in general and of Polk County in particular have arisen in their might to shake off the burdens that monopolists, usurers and corrupt machine politicians have placed upon them. As a first step to that end, the farmers and laborers have declared their independence of the democratic and republican parties both of which have deserted the principles of their founders and are now ruled, controlled and run by the monopolists and for the monopolists, while the interests, the wants and the needs of the people are neglected. A full Farmers Alliance State, Congressional, Legislative and County ticket has been placed in the field and a victory for the Alliance means the control of the State and county affairs by the people. Besides and furthermore this movement is but the advance guard of a great reform party which, in 1892 will sweep the nation from Maine to California, and place in the Presidential chair a man of the people. Monopoly will be dethroned and the reign of the plutocrats will end, and again we will have restored to the masses a government of the people, by the people and for the people.

Your candidates are mostly poor men like yourselves; your leaders are without money or means and are now pitted againts the hirelings of monopoly, and are fighting for your interests the most desperate political battle ever waged upon the soil of Minnesota. Defeat means ruin to your leaders; increased taxes to you and the filling of your offices with the tools of your oppressors. It means that interest, taxes, freight rates and tariff will be high and that your wheat will still pay tribute to the elevator pirates; success means the abolition of these iniquitous robberies now being so successfully practiced upon the farmers and in fact upon all the poor or middle-classes of whatsoever profession, calling or trade, for nearly all the poor people in the city who feel the sting of poverty and wear the yoke of monopoly more galling than the one which our lawmakers and office-holders have placed around the necks of the farmers. Your County Committee are willing to work, but to send our speakers and campaign literature requires money. "We must educate or must perish."

Many towns and villages are without alliance organizations; these can and must be organized before the election if we would win. To organize means expense. Will the farmers furnish the money to fight their own battle? We do not want a corruption fund but we do want money for the purpose of paying the necessary expenses for organization, speaking and campaign documents. We have no candidate with a barrel; we cannot call upon the rich for contributions—their money is being spent by the enemy to defeat us and elect the hirelings of plutocracy. You farmers, you individually, are the men to pay these campaign expenses. We want every farmer in Polk county to give somthing—be it little or much. If you cannot contribute much give all you can. Let those better fixed give their dollars and the poorer their quarters. Remember every cent given will come back a hundred fold. Call an alliance meeting at once for the purpose. Give all that you can, personally or from the alliance funds, and have your secretary forward the amount to E. E. Lommen, the chairman of the County Central Committee, Crookston, Minn. You will get a receipt for your money sent and the committee will account to your alliance for the manner in which every cent so contributed is spent. Do not delay but send in at once.

E. E. Lommen, T. H. Nesseth,
Martin Randklev, Anton Lindon,
J. B. Merrill Chris Hanson,
Chris Houston, Swan Anderson,
A. P. Toupin, J. A. Bryson
Joseph Roberton.
Alliance Co. Central Com.
Crookston, Minn., Sept. 16th, 1890.

And now they say that A. R. Holston is a demagogue because he is trying to help the farmers get a free and open wheat market. Better be a "demagogue" (if that is a demagogue) in a good cause than an oily, sleek saint trying to defeat an upright cause.

Taen Up.

Six Pigs. Owner can have them by calling on Chas. P. Bailey, 5th ward, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at Journal office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at Journal office.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or Journal office, Crookston. [7-tf]

And now the Merriam crowd are turning their mud batteries upon John Locken. Failing to buy, bulldoze or flatter him into accepting an office under the Merriam flag, they have now suddenly found out how "wicked and dishonest" he is, and are trying to prejudice farmers against him. Well, he is doing good work in the alliance cause, and that is what makes him so wicked. Farmers, stand by your own workers and your own cause regardless of what your enemies say.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast; is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist,

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
And Institute of Short Hand,
Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 16, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard		84.
	1 Northern	79.
	2 Northern	74.
	3 Northern	69.
	Rejected,	60.

Monday was a snowy day.

Bill Erwin Friday evening at the Opera House.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs invites the ladies to call and examine her goods and get prices.

It is said that A. D. Stephens is the happy father of a brand new boy. Here's ho, A. D.

The tariff does not affect prices at Fontaine & Anglim's store. Now is the time to buy.

Mr. and Mrs. Sawyer, mother and father of cashier C. E. Sawyer, of the First National Bank, left for their home last week.

Peter Hougan, a leading farmer of Decorah, Iowa, and Andrew Nelson, of Grand Forks, was out to visit Peter Cornelius one day last week.

Mr. John Jensen and Miss Anna Christina Miller, of the town of Sanders, were married by Justice Spendley on Wednesday morning, Oct. 15th.

The Governor and Senator C. K. Davis had a rather chilly reception on Monday. November 4th will be a mighty cold day for his excellency.

If it is bargains you want, call and see what Fontaine & Anglim can do for you. Bought before the new tariff law and will give customers the benefit.

D. Jacobus, Max Ericsson and A. C. Schmidt returned from the wilds of Dakota on Saturday evening with 40 or 50 geese as the result of a big hunt of a day or so.

Everything in the line of millinery can be found at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable emporium on Second street. The ladies are cordially invited to call.

Crookston Alliance met on Saturday and raised $15.50 to help defray the expenses of the coming rally on Friday night and that on Monday, Oct. 17th.

THE JOURNAL is informed that Chris. Steenerson lost his house by fire last Thursday night. As Chris. is a practical business farmer the house was fully insured.

Ladies, call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' millinery store on Second street, and see that elegant new fall stock.

Gov. Merriam in his speech on Monday evening assured the farmers that "everything they have asked for has been done for them." Elsewhere in this issue appears a letter from C. T. Lanman, of McIntosh to the St. Paul Daily News, showing HOW the requests of farmers have been granted.

Just recieved at Minnie & Mrs J. L. Bailey's a fine line of Ladies' and children's Hats. Opening 15th to 18th. Please call and see goods. Prices to suit the times.

P. C. Schmidt returned from Duluth last week. He has formed a copartnership with Reynold's & White and will go to Duluth to live in about two weeks. He says that Comstock will get a big democratic vote in Duluth and that Owen will get a big vote there. He does not think that Merriam is as popular there as the newspapers would have it appear.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's. New goods arriving every week. |14-27|

One night last week Maj. C. E. Stansberry heard a man down by McKinnon Bros. coal sheds making a fearful racket, and arising from his peaceful bed began active preparations to go forth to the rescue. Ere he reached the spot, however, the police had arrived and conveyed the man to a hotel. He had fallen from the shed to the ground jarring himself up considerably.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. |21-tf|

If that much talked of starch factory had been pushed to a successful issue last winter, see what a big thing it would have been for Polk County. Although no starch would have been made this fall it would have stimulated the raising of an immense crop of potatoes that would have been worth thousands of dollars to the farmers and business men of the county. That would have been an investment that would have returned a thousand fold profit to investors.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. |14-27|

Peter Cornelius is hostile, and we don't blame him. While he was threshing on a section of land remote from his residence no one was left at home but the small children, and one night, as they were out in the field after the cows they found a sheep lying upon the ground with its legs tied. The poor animal was nearly dead when found. When Peter came home and learned this he counted his flock and found that some 18 or 20 sheep were missing. Appearances indicated that some sheep thief had taken them in the night and either dropped one from his wagon or overlooked it in the dark. Pete says he would give the value of the sheep just for one square look in the eye of the sneaking thief that would steal a sheep in this country. He thinks he would mark him so that others would know him on sight.

The Lake View hotel has been rented to a man from Ada who has taken possession.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kistenmacher returned on Tuesday morning from a very pleasant visit to the old home friends in Clay County.

THE JOURNAL is requested to announce a meeting of the Polk County Farmers' Protective Association on Nov. 6th, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the city hall.

By running a free train from Fosston and one from Fertile, quite a crowd was scared up to meet Gov. Merriam on Monday night. Oh, no, railroads are not interested in electing Merriam!

No free trains will be run to bring farmers to meet the next Governor, S. M. Owen, when he comes to Crookston on the 27th of October, but every farmer should turn out to greet him all the same.

Turn out next Friday evening and hear what W. W. Erwin has to say on the living issue of the day, at the Opera House in this city. On Saturday at 2 o'clock he will speak in East Grand Forks and in the evening at Red Lake Falls. Everybody should hear this eloquent orator.

Nels Muus, alliance candidate for clerk of the court, was in the city on Monday. Mr. Muus is one of those quiet men who do not tell more than they know, but who, nevertheless, are all right when you dig them out. Mr. Muus has a college education and should he be elected will attend to the duties of the office in good shape. He says there are three republicans in the village of Fertile, but he is not sure that all will vote the straight republican ticket.

On Friday evening, at 8:30 o'clock, John Walseth died suddenly at the Sherman House of appoplexy. He had been boarding there for some two weeks, but becoming obnoxious by reason of strong drink, Mr. Halverson told him on Thursday he would have to get another boarding place. That night he came to the clerk and begged a place to sleep, and the clerk not liking to turn him out into the street at that late hour, found him a place to sleep. Just before supper time on Friday evening he came in and told Mr. Halverson he had no money but would like some supper. Mr. Halverson told him "all right, you can have some supper when it is ready." Walseth went in and sat down at the table and Mr. H. told one of the waiter girls to get the old man something to eat. The next he saw of him, a few moments later, two men were carrying him out of the dining room apparently in a fit. He was placed upon a cot in a room adjoining the office and a doctor hastily summoned, but to no purpose, as the man lived but about two hours. The coroner impanelled a jury on Saturday and held an inquest, the jury deciding that the man came to his death by an appoplectic stroke. Old settlers will be reminded of a similar case that happened in '79, when Bob Houston kept the Sherman House; that of an old tinner who had been on a protracted spree and who also fell backwards from the table in a fit, was carried out and died a few minutes later. He had built a little shop on the site now occupied by Anderson & Co's store, in the McKinnon block, to which he was carried, expiring in a short time.

State Teachers' Institute.

The State teachers' institute for the county of Polk, was held at the Court House, Oct. 6th to 10th, inclusive. The institute was in charge of Supt. Casey, who was assisted by Prof. Rocheleau, of Moorhead, and Prof. W. W. Pendegrast, of the agricultural department of our State University. All of the best teachers of the county were present and diligently performed all duties assigned to them. Prof. Rocheleau endeavored to impress on the minds of the teachers the importance of training their pupils to right habits of actions. Prof. Pendegrast believes that we should cram less and have the pupils reason more—that is, a few important facts well taught, and the reasons deduced from them, was of far more importance than a knowledge of thousands of facts without reasons. Supt. Casey, who is one of the best teachers of penmanship in the state, presented his method of teaching it. Miss Wilson, teacher of music in the Crookston schools, gave daily lessons in vocal music, and, by the way, does not that subject need more attention by the teachers of Polk County? The lecture by Dr. L. B. Sperry, of Northfield, on "Brain and Nerve," was very interesting and instructive. The Longfellow entertainment on Thursday evening consisted in a short biography of the author and the reading and singing of selections from his works. All who took part in the exercises received many a word of praise from those who were present. Our State Superintendent, Kiehle, was present on Wednesday and talked to us. Among other things he said that the most important part of the teachers work was the building of character, for character was the only distinction in a republic. Another part of the teacher's work was to assimilate all of the different races and classes, so that they will love our flag and our country better than all others. Pupils should be trained to observe moral distinctions and to illustrate such teaching he told the story of Nathan and David. He said that opposition to the English language is opposition to our government, therefore if you wish to be loyal to our country you must have a knowledge of and be loyal to her language. It was a high compliment to Supt. Casey when he told the teachers that the schools under his administration had improved and if we wished to advance the cause of education in this county we should stand by him.

W. J. NICKLE.

A Pen Picture of the Western Country.

Albert Simpson Gives The Journal Readers His Views Thereon.

Deadwood, the judicial seat of Lawrence County, and the metropolis of the Black Hills country, is located in the canyon of Whitewood Creek, and is almost entirely shut in by the hills of Wyoming Territory, 90 miles from the line, 50 miles north of Custer City, 225 miles southwest of Bismarck, and 175 miles from Chardon, Neb. The F. E. & M. V. R. R. is already completed to within eight miles of Deadwood. The Deadwood Central railroad has recently been built to Lead City, and makes 11 trips daily. The city is lighted by gas and electricity; has telephone connection with every town in the Hills and the mining camps in Lawrence County. Has a splendid system of water works a well equipped and efficient fire department, a high and ward schools; also a Catholic school in charge of the sisters of the Holy Cross; has Methodist, Episcopal, Congregational and Catholic churches; has a city hall and an opera house, a flouring mill with a daily capacity of 200 barrels, two planing mills, quartz mills, two machine shops, one boiler works, three national banks with aggregate deposits of $800,000, and capital and surplus of $453,444.69, and two daily and two weekly newspapers—the Black Hills Pioneer and the Black Hills Times being issued daily and weekly. The hotel accommodations are exceptionally good. The Keystone and the Wentworth offering all the elegance and comfort of eastern houses. Since its first settlement in 1876, Deadwood has maintained its position as the business, distributing and financial center of that marvelously rich mining district. The products of the surrounding mines since their discovery 12 years ago, aggregate over $300,000,000, and this vast sum has been transmitted to the east through the banks and the express companies in Deadwood. Fifteen hack and stage lines conveying passengers and express have their main office in the city, and it is the headquarters of all the transportation companies. Although the mines in this district have been worked to a profit in the past, the development of the silver mines in this vicinity has hardly begun, and the possibilities of the future in their development is great.

Rapid City, the judicial seat of Pennington County, Black Hills, on the F. E. and M. V. R. R., is beautifully located on Rapid Creek, the largest stream in the Black Hills, which furnishes excellent water power. It is called the "Gate City of the Hills," being located on the main entrance to the Hills and the mining districts, and is surrounded by a fine farming and grazing country. The city is thriving and the people are industrious and enterprising. The Dakota School of Mines and Metalurgical College is located here. It is a mining town and has the usual volume of business in the various branches. It has 8 general and special stores, 2 flouring mills, a planing mill, 2 National banks, the Black Hills and First National, 4 good hotels, of which the Harney and International are first-class, 3 weekly and 2 daily newspapers, the Black Hills Journal and Black Hills Republican being issued both daily and weekly, and the Black Hills Miner, weekly; it also has good schools and churches. The exports consist of live stock, mica, tin and gold. The city is lighted by electricity and has telephone connection with all parts of the Black Hills. The city has a population of about 3,500.

A. SIMPSON.

Farmers' Alliance Rallies.

On Thursday, Oct. 9th, at Mentor.

On Friday, Oct. 10th, at Garden.

On Monday, Oct. 13th, at Thief River Falls.

On Tuesday, Oct. 14th, at St. Hilaire.

On Wednesday, Oct. 15th, at Wylie.

On Thursday, Oct. 16th, at Euclid.

On Friday, Oct. 17th, at Angus.

On Saturday, Oct. 18th, at Buffington.

Good speakers will be on hand, also candidates on the legislative and county tickets. Everybody turn out.

Learning from the Hon. Thos. Wilson and other democratic missionaries that the immediate effect of the "McKinley Tariff Bill" will be to largely increase the cost of tin pans, milk pails, shoes, hosiery, and other items entering into the necessities of the dairyman's life, we have decided to advance the price of milk one cent per quart, and on and after the 20th of October we will sell milk in quantities of one quart and upwards for 5 cents per quart, and one pint or under at 3 cents per pint.

E. D. CHILDS & Co.
C. BAILEY.
C. T. BROWN.

BARLEY.

One of the most successful farmers of this state, after many years observation and experience, has discovered that most of the damage to barley from being colored, is caused by binding while damp from dew or rain. Cutting when perfectly dry has been of great benefit to him. I am prepared to buy or ship in car lots from any station, advancing cash liberally on shipments and furnish sacks free to handle the grain. Bring in your samples.

W. W. Erwin

WILL SPEAK

—AT THE—

Opera House

In Crookston,

—ON—

Friday Evening,

October 17th,

At 8 o'clock.

At East Grand Forks on Saturday, October 18th, at 2 o'clock p. m., and at Red Lake Falls, Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock.

OUR NEXT GOVERNOR,

S. M. OWEN

Will arrive in Crookston, on Monday morning, Oct. 27th, at 7 o'clock, and speak in the Opera House at 2 o'clock. Let everybody turn out.

EDNA Minn. Oct. 13, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—I was sorry to see in your last issue, statements that would mis-lead people regarding the qualification of E. J. Grefthen for Supt. of Schools. If you, or any other party who was seeking the truth, wished to learn the grade of certificate, held by him in this state, all you would have to do is to consult the records in the Supt, of Schools office. I reiterate he holds only a second grade certificate, in this state, and does any sane person believe that, were he a gentleman of broad culture and great learning that he would have remained, in country districts for fourteen terms, at a small salary while during that time, Crookston, Fisher, Red Lake Falls, East Grand Forks, and Fosston have been begging for able teachers, and offering big salaries? Able lawyers, physicians, preachers and teachers, are always seeking higher positions. Ambition and ability always go hand in hand.

The people of this county, are not obliged to go outside of it to find one qualified for the position of Supt. of Schools and even if they were they know enough of the history of education not to look for eminent education, in such small villages as Hillsboro, Dakota or Northwood, Iowa.

Now if our people wish to place the department of education in the hands of the ablest man they should learn the history, of the third candidate in the field and vote for the one best qualified for it. This man is Thos Casey, the present incumbent.

BELTRAMI.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. B. LANIGAN, Principal.
R. S. Knudson, Sec.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1 00
Faille Francaise for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1 00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20	cents.
54 inch Tricot	35	"
54 inch Flannel	45	"
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75	"
36 inch Henriettas	25	"

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen business in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30 cents.	A good 5 lb. 10-4 Blanket	$1.50
" " "	35 "	" 6 lb. 11-4 pink Blanket	2.00
" " medicated, for	40 "	" 4½ lb. 10-4 white "	4.50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

FOR A LIMITED TIME

I WILL SELL AT THE

Astonishing Low Price,

BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.

Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.

Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.

Silve Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE,	only -	$3.50
Silver Pickle castor only,	- -	$1:15
Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks,	-	$3.80 per doze n

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

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BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

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—AND SEE—

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

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SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

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COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
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DR. M. WATTS,
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Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

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Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office on Second Street, Crookston.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

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CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estate

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates: Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

"The enemy," according to the Pioneer Press, has its high-heeled stoga boots on this fall.

And now every little off shoot of monopoly, every "Slocum" of the country press" will howl about the State being "in the hands of THE ENEMY," the farmers. What a terrible state of things that will be when the farmer shall have so reconstructed the markets as to allow him his just rights therein!

According to the calculations of the astute Pioneer Press, "the enemy" (the farmers,) will carry the southern half of the state, and "the enemy" has the north half nearly solid, and yet it says "Merriam will carry the state by 15,000 at least." How it can reconcile "the enemy" sufficiently to accomplish the latter we fail to see clearly.

The love of party is great in man, but parties are formed for the benefit of mankind, and when parties fail to accomplish that for which they are formed then will every true patriot arise and vote for his own interest. The old parties have utterly failed to correct the evils under which agriculture labors, so the people have arisen in their might, put a ticket in the field, and they are determined to elect it.

The Pioneer Press says "it looks very black in several counties in southeast Minnesota." By this statement it means that the people are determined to vote for themselves once in their lives, at which the monopolistic Pioneer Press frets and fumes like an old hag. But its howls are significant of the coming storm in which the voice of the people will be heard in unmistakable tones demanding justice.

Hon. S. G. Comstock was in the city on Monday and we had the pleasure of shaking the hand of an honest Congressman and a noble man. Mr. Comstock's labors in the behalf of his constituents has been unremitting and he lost 20 pounds in weight during the long seige. He is the only first term Congressman who has accomplished so much for his constituents, and when he returns he will be able to do much more.

Mathias Cornelius, the present deputy auditor, was born in Norway. Was educated in a German college, was clerk in a mercantile establishment four years. Upon his arrival in this country his first job was in Minneapolis where he was called as an expert bookkeeper in a very intricate case. After a successful termination of his labors in that case he went into the German American bank of St. Paul, which place he resigned to accept an offer from John Christianson, who was talking of going over to the old country and wanted to employ a good man in the auditor's office while away. Before he started for Crookston, he saw in a newspaper the account of Christianson's sudden death; however, as he had arranged to come, he came, and soon after found employment as clerk for Fontaine & Anglim, with whom he remained two years. He has had about 9 years experience in the auditor's office and is perfectly familiar with the business. Mat does not "chin" much but he is a safe man to tie to in business matters.

Some newspaper men are so hot for boodle themselves that they can explain the actions of others only upon the boodle theory, and so it is that the Red Lake Falls News accuses THE JOURNAL of espousing the cause of the farmers

FOR BOODLE!.

What a picnic we must be having, for it is a well known fact that the wheat rings have left the farmers with unlimited wealth at their command to buy newspapers with. The News seems envious because the farmers saw fit to "buy up" THE JOURNAL instead of the News. Well, we can't help it. We always did give the farmers credit for eminent good sense, anyhow. The News is raking Holston over the coals, hoping thus to defeat him, but then that is to be expected, for Holston recently obtained a $1,000 judgment against the News and moreover the News seems lately to have taken the contract to defeat the farmers in their efforts to obtain an open wheat market. Joinnd the Pioneer Press gang who calls the farmers "the enemy!" THE JOURNAL does not believe that is the way to build up this country. When the farmers are prosperous every business interest thrives, and their rights in the market is the real, living issue in this campaign.

Replying to several letters we have received this week we would say that THE JOURNAL seeks the best interests of Polk County in this campaign, and when we are asked to support any man whom we know to be notoriously incompetent we cannot do it, for it is not to the interest of Polk County to elect such men, either in county, state or congressional offices. THE JOURNAL urges its readers to be independent, but not bigoted in this matter. To vote for a man you know cannot do your business satisfactorily, simply because he happens to be on your ticket is not independence, but bigotry. It is this that has caused so much harm in the past and will ever continue to do so. Vote for your own interests and for the men who can best subserve them. If you were going to hire a man to run your farm or conduct a store for you, you would not for a moment think of hiring an incompetent man who knew nothing of the business in hand. Apply the same rule to hiring your public servants for public matters are fully as important as private.

Glyndon News: THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL is a pretty stiff republican paper, but has felt constrained to support the Alliance nominee for governor and lieutenant governor. In announcing this change, THE JOURNAL observed that it expected the party mud batteries to be opened upon it. The News, as a republican journal, is not in the least provoked to make good such a prophecy. On the contrary, we respect any change based upon conviction, such as THE JOURNAL's must be. The enlightment we should like to receive in the premises is upon this point: 1. Has Bro. Cooke found that Gov. Merriam is worse than he was two years ago, when he had THE JOURNAL's support? 2. Does THE JOURNAL hold that the alliance political departure (which it deprecated and opposed) is sufficiently formidable to offer a hope of electing its state nominees? 3. Or would THE JOURNAL prefer Wilson's election even to Merriam's, as a possible result of Owen's candidacy? We know many good men and some good newspapers that answer yes to these inquiries, or most of them—but when we get hold of so good a witness as Bro. Cooke we like to catechise him. The News is known as not bursting with admiration for Gov. Merriam's character and style as a politician, but conceding that he is one of the ablest among his own friends, and has been a sagacious, worldly-wise man of affairs while at the head of the state. We think he is in a degree the embodiment of much that is of evil and aristocratic tendency in our government, and that his opponent, Owen, sincerely represents the contrary principle; but we do believe in sincerity that the alliance party methods of curing these evils will prove abortive in so far as the Minnesota state plan goes.

Bro. Osborne will please observe that THE JOURNAL did not include the News in the category when it said "and now every SCALAWAG newspaper will open its mud batteries, &c." Bro. Osborne was a brave soldier and uses only the solid shot of truth—never mud. As to question 1. Gov. Merriam was elected by the farmer support and owed them a debt of gratitude which he has not discharged. They were pleased by his attitude when in the legislature and they were assured that if he was elected their rights in the grain market would be sacredly guarded as far as the Governor could do it, and he by proper appointments on the Board could do a great deal in that line, but how did Gov. Merriam justify their expectations? Did he not make every appointment on the Board with a view solely to his own political advantage, without regard to its effect upon the farmers' interests? Did he not utterly disregard the law by dictating every appointment under the Board? Did he not appoint C. A. Pillsbury's right hand man, Clauson, as chief inspector, and allow the elevator system in Minneapolis to dictate every other appointment? Charles H. Graves, the head of the elevator system in Duluth, said that as "that business had to be done in Duluth he should insist that Duluth control the appointments!" And did not Graves control these appointments? Do you not know that old soldiers who were farmers were ruthlessly slaughtered to make room for political ward heelers and strikers? Was all this done with a view to help farmers? No sir, and the farmers all know it and are disappointed with Gov. Merriam, who had given them assurances that their interests should be sacredly guarded. As to No. 2, yes sir, that is just what we expect from the present outlook. The farmers have been shamefully neglected. They know that S. M. Owen represents the Washington and Lincoln idea of a government of the people, BY the people and FOR the people, and they know that he fought their battles along with Bro. Osborne and other true men at the time when men took their lives in their hands to contend for principles. No. 3. No, we do not prefer to see Wilson elected and there is no danger of that, as Merriam will lead Wilson by a good many votes. The candidates today stand thus: Owen, Merriam, Wilson. If anything occurs to change this order before Nov. 4th, it will elect Merriam. THE JOURNAL's objection to Merriam is that he allowed his political ambition to swamp every other consideration, and in so doing he "went back on" farmers and old soldiers and everybody else who did not seem able to contribute to his political ambition. Had he stood by the farmers by appointing their friends on the Board, had he stood by the old soldiers as he might have done; there would not have been in Minnesota to-day a greater man than Wm. R. Merriam, but, you see, had he done all this the railroad and elevator influence would have been against him and he was more afraid of that than he was of the poor farmers. These have money, the farmers have none. Again, the sentiment of Polk County was in favor of Knute Nelson for Governor, but by machine methods the will of the people was thwarted and the delegation misrepresented the people's known wishes by voting for Merriam. We are surprised that Bro. Osborne, knowing these facts as well as he does, can support Merriam.

Merriam's organ, the Pioneer Press, calls farmers "the enemy," while Merriam came up to Polk County and sends out free trains to bring in "the enemy" to listen at his speeches.

Gov. Merriam and Senator C. K. Davis spoke to a good audience at the Opera House on Monday evening. Hon. S. G. Comstock, who unexpectedly arrived on a freight, made a few remarks at the close. Gov. Merriam in his remarks said everything the farmers had asked had been done for them. The farmers have repeatedly asked for their rights in the wheat market but they don't seem to have succeeded. They now demand a change in the government and they will no doubt get that.

"Held By The Enemy!"

That is the way the Pioneer Press describes the situation in Yellow Medicine County, where it says the ALLIANCE is in the majority! And it has come to pass that the farmer, who is simply striving to obtain his just rights in the market, is called

"THE ENEMY"

by the leading Merriam organ of the State! Having been robbed of his just share of the profits for these years that the elevator system is in vogue, now, when he has arisen in his might to demand his rights, he is called "The Enemy!" by a paper that has been built up by the agricultural interests of the State. The object of the farmer is to place agriculture upon an even footing with other business interests, so that the farmer can retain his just share of the products of his toil, thus enabling him to pay his debts like other business men and enjoy with his family some of the comforts of life, but when he attempts this the great Pioneer Press arrays itself against him and calls him "THE ENEMY." The farmer is the enemy only to trusts, to monopolies, to oppression in every form, and the Press hastens to ally itself with all these by calling the farmer "THE ENEMY!" And it tries to leave the impression on the minds of its readers that it is the mouthpiece of the great republican party. The farmers are in the fight for a principle—one that will benefit all of the people of the State and the Pioneer Press' seems to be in it merely to win a party triumph—something that benefits only a few.

This is the year of independence. "The enemy," the farmers, are up in arms and bound to vote for their own interests for once in their lives, if they never did before. Let monopolists and their defenders beware of "the enemy!"

Ex Governor A. R. McGill spoke at the agricultural fair in Murray County, not long ago and among other things said:

"In Minnesota the power of the farmer predominates. His influence for good or bad will mark the state for a thousand years. That it will be exercised for the best, I cannot doubt. Our farmers exceed 100,000 in numbers—more than one-third of the voting population of the state. By co-operative action your power is almost complete. You can control and regulate public affairs as you will. I believe you desire honesty in public station and economy in the administration of the burdens of taxation and that the poor man be at all times accorded the same opportunities to fill positions of trust and responsibility as the rich. In this all good citizens everywhere will agree with you. There should be no aristocracy in public office, and certainly no discrimination against the poor man. Merit alone must be the test of fitness if we would build up a stong government for a strong and self-reliant people. Any other proposition is degrading and demoralizing. A republican form of government is better than all others when pure and upright; but when thoroughly corrupt it becomes the worst. God grant that here in the North Star state we may never have reason to regret the liberties handed down to us through brave and heroic sacrifices of the fathers of the republic. It is the duty of every voter to take an interest and a hand in public matters. This duty is imposed by our form of government. You are the rulers. Those who fill the offices are but your servants. Put none but true men on duty—honest fearless, upright men whom you can trust. If you neglect to exercise your duty in the nomination and election of public officers, you have no right to complain if things go wrong. I, for one, do not feel frightened when I see farmers taking a hand in public affairs—it is an omen for good. When they stay at home and sulk, and refuse to perform their duties as electors, then there is cause of apprehension. You are masters of the situation. Combined and working in harmony you can control the destinies of the state. Let this great power be used in the name of justice and wisdom. "Oh, it is excellent to have a giant's strength, but tyrannous to use it like a giant."

Shipping Facilities Refused Farmers.

Editor of the Daily News.

McIntosh, Minn., Oct. 11.—The Pioneer Press of Sept. 30 published a Duluth special, headed: "Cars Not Refused." The article is very misleading, and that part of it referring to the refusal to furnish cars at McIntosh is an infernal lie. The agent at McIntosh positively refused to furnish cars for wheat to be consigned to Duluth up to Sept. 30, and he also refused to accept wheat consigned to Minneapolis commission firms. Kicking at this end was useless. The agent knew it all, and swore by all that was good that he was simply following his instructions, and until the matter was brought to the attention of the commission men it was impossible to get satisfaction.

It is impossible for many of the farmers tributary to this station to comply with the twenty-four-hour rule, or even to load a car between trains, which run only three times a week on this line, so they organized a stock company with a capital stock of 10,000 for the purpose of building a farmers' elevator. An application for a site was made to the Great Northern, and a very favorable reply was received, but the further action was postponed and delayed until it was thought that the matter would be quietly dropped on account of the lateness of the season, when, upon being pressed for an answer, one way or the other, they positively refused to grant us a site upon their right of way. The farmers are thoroughly organized here and they understand full well why the Merriam delegates to the Republican State Convention received free passes "and expenses" and a liberal supply of spending money. Nor will they be fooled by the oily promises of the stock agents of the railroad company, who are scouring this section of the country. They know what they want and they will have it, or they will boycott the railroad in every possible manner.

Yours for the right.

C. T. LANMAN.

GENTLMENLY CRITICS.

"A Demogogical Croaker."

Farm Stock and home.

Does farming pay? Yes everybody but the farmer.

Martin County (Minn.)Sent'nel.

The above from the pen of Mr. Owen the Alliance candidate for governor, is a slander upon our state and a libel upon our farmers.

Lanesboro (Minn.) Journal.

Tauer words were never spoken than the above from the Sentinel, and it is to the shame of S. M. Owen that he ever uttered such slandrous and demogogical words as are quoted from his paper, Farm Stock and Home.

If the above gentlemanly commentators will turn to pages 658 to 674 of Part First of the Compendium of the United States Census for 1880, they will find the figures given herewith:

In 1850 the value of farms was	$3,273,575,426
Of implements and machinery	$151,587,638
Of live stock	$544,180,516
In 1860 farm values were	$6,645,045,007
Increase 101 per cent	
Implements values	$246,118,148
Increase 61 per cent	
Live stock values	$1,089,329,915
Increase 95 per cent	
In 1870 farm value were	$9,262,803,861
Increase 49 per dent	
Implements values	$336,878,429
Increase 27 per cent	
Live stock values	$1,525,275,457
Increase 30 per cent	
In 1880 farm values were	$10,197,096,776
Increase 9 per cent	
Implement values	$406,520,055
Increase 15 per cent	
Live stock	$1,500,464,609

a decrease of nearly $25,000,000 though the population grew in that decade 27 per cent.

It is believed that the census of 1890 will show a decline in farm value of from 10 to 15 per cent; from data already received it is safe to assume that the decrease will be even grater than those estimates.

While farm values have been so slowly growing, wealth in all other departments of business has increased with almost fabulous rapidity. In 1860 our national wealth was estimated $16,000,000,000; in 1890 at $65,000,000,000. In 1860 the agricultural wealth of the country was $8,080,593,063, or half of the entire wealth of the nation. In 1890 agricultural wealth is surely not over $13,000,000,000,—probably less than in 1880,—or one fifth of the entire wealth of the nation!

In the meantime the ratio of agricultural population to the whole is substantially unchanged. There are relatively as many farms and farmers as ever, but their share of national wealth has shrunk from five-tenths to two-tenths of the whole. It is undeniable that our vast national wealth—that proportion of it which is real—was largely created by farmers; some of it, of course comes from mines, but mines would be but sparingly worked were it not for farmers. Does it not appear that Farm Stock and Home was justified for that two-line item which is so viciously criticised? This journal rarely makes a statement, no matter how brief, that is not justified by the facts, and the one quoted at the head of this article is no exception to the rule.

The "libel" and the "slanderous" matter in the quotation exists only in the feeble brain and narrow minds of its critics. They can scarcely comprehend anything beyond their own counties, and to think there is any world outside of Minnesota would make them dizzy. Farm, Stock and Home, on the other hand, writes for and of the entire Union; when it speaks of conditions it has the whole country in mind, and in estimating effects it considers long periods of time, not single seasons. If our critics are fair they will look up the figures herewith cited and give them to their readers, as a matter of news if for no other reason.

A Railroad Governor.

St. Paul News.

The Merriam organs are wonderfully exercised over Judge Wilson having been employed as attorney for railroads.

What do they think about being employed "as Governor" for railroads?

That is exactly what Gov. Merriam is.

The railroads have used him thus far to carry out their wishes, and the little show he has made in behalf of the people has been merely to throw dust in their eyes, but has accomplished nothing.

This is proven by the fact that Gov. Merriam is the railroad candidate to-day.

When the President of the Northern Pacific visits St. Paul he is the guest of the Governor at his residence, and last spring Mr. Merriam accompanied the President of the road in his private car to the Pacific coast, making investments which rely upon the railroad for their profit.

A professional attorney can be employed by a railroad company entirely legitimately.

It is business to accept cases for and against individuals or corporations, but a public officer acting in the interest and practically as the attorney of a railroad corporation is another matter. The people, however, can avoid taking either horn of the dilemma by voting for Owen.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale Cheap.

My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place.

[18-tf] J. W. HACKER

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,

[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.

Everything neat and nobby.

Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

KEEPING STILL

AND

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert t., Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

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C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

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WYATT & ZIEGLER,

Carriage Builders,

East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,

Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done

CALL AND SEE US.

A Thanksgiving Feast is offered in Peterson for November. It is especially rich in illustrations, beginning with two beautiful pictures, "A Reverie" and "Thanksgiving Moning." The opening article, A Medieval City," is as interesting as a romance, and capitally illustrated. Mrs. Rebecca Harding Davis contributes one of her best stories, Minnie Irving a charming poem accompanied by a pretty landscape. "House-Plants" will be welcome to all flower-cultivators. "His Thanksgiving." by Robert B. Graham, is worthy of its effective illustration. Knick knacks and Necessaries" tells what a woman's ingenuity devised, and appropriate designs show the success of her efforts. We cannot particularize further, though every tile, sketch and poem deserves mention. The Fashion and Household departments teem with novelties and information. Next year, Peterson, will reach its fiftieth anniversary of successful publication. It has stood at the head of ladies' periodicals during all those years, and for the coming year the publishers announce a large increase of pages, more abundant illustrations finer paper, and other improvements that will add greatly to its attractiveness and strengthen its claim as a model magazine for the familyl.

Now is a good time to get up a club for 1891. Terms: Two Dollars a year. Club rates: Two copies for $3,50; three copies for $4.50, with a handsome premium to the getter-up of the cloub; four copies, $4,40: six copies, $9.00, with an extra copy of the magazine for one year to the getter up of the club. For larger clubs, still greater inducements are offered, Address Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia Pa. A sample-copy will be sent for five cents.

Report of the Condition

OF

The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, in the State of Minnesota, at the close of business, Oct. 2d, 1890.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$111,778 03
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,191 12
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	19,000 00
Claims etc., and judgments	5,019 43
Due from approved reserve agents	13,172 63
Due from state banks and bankers	1,166 08
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	20,000 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned	21,281 69
Current expenses and taxes paid	4,607 79
Premiums on U. S. bonds	2,840 00
Bills of other banks	375 00
Nickles and cents	42 39
Specie	6,180 50
Legal tender notes	811 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent. of circulation)	855 00
Total	$211,077 14

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$75,000 00
Surplus fund	2,500 00
Undivided profits	7,671 21
National Bank notes outstanding	17,100 00
Individual deposits subject to check	56,308 87
Demand certificates of deposit	42,692 16
Cashier's checks outstanding	5 30
Notes and bills re-discounted	11,000 00
Total	$211,077 14

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
County of Polk, }

I, W. W. Kelso, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. C. KELSO, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of October, 1890.

{ Notary Seal. }

P. J. RUSSELL, Notary Public, Polk County, Minn.

Correct—Attest:

JOHN MOORE,
JOHN CROMB, } Directors.
A. E. FLANDERS,

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

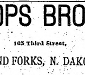
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS, ORGANS



WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.

Grand Forks, N. D.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 16, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:35 a. m
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave.	Arrive.
10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m

Campaign Thoughts.

Jackson Republic

Gov. Merriam's likeness is appearing in about all the papers that are supporting him. Wonder if they think his manly beauty is the best thing to catch votes.

"The Alliance game is up." Is a flowing headline in the Pioneer Press. The Pioneer Press will discover that it is the gamest game that it ever bucked, before Nov. 4.

It is reported that several conferences have taken place, with a view to withdraw Merriam and indorse Owen, to save the State from going Democratic. It is not necessary, gents; the State will elect Owen by a good-sized majority.

Faribault paper say that Merriam will not get votes enough in the country to even allow him a place in the scattering columns.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.

Two Young Toughs Enter Nelson & Opheim's Drug Store Bent on Burglary and Andrew Opheim had a Close Shave.

Fertile Journal.

Last night just after 10 o'clock two young fellows entered Nelson & Opheim's drug store, one of them pulling a formidable looking revolver with the command to Mr. Opheim to "Throw up your hands." Instead of obeying Mr. Opheim backed towards an adjoining room. Just as he had got through the door and seized a glass vial to defend himself the young despera'o fired, the bullet barely missing Mr. Opheim. Before he could fire again Mr. Opheim smashed a bottle in his face and then got out of the back door double quick and called for help. Before any one arrived at the store the two toughs had gone. They were seen running across the railroad track towards the Thorpe elevator, after which they were lost to view. A search was made but they were not discovered. This morning the towns north and south were wired, but as yet without result. The boys were seemingly about 16 and 18 years old rspectively, and had been hanging around town in company with two others since Monday afternoon. Nothing was taken from the store and Mr. Opheim fortunately escaped without injury, though it was a narrow escape.

Why not try it once! Elect a governor whom the people have selected, S. M. Owen?

Ignatius Donnelly will take the stump for the alliance ticket. We told you he would. Now let monopoly howl.

Hasn't a democratic alliance man as much interest in a free and open wheat market as any other man? And how will they get that if railroad attorney Wilson is elected?

Never mind what politicians and stump speakers may say, you have a sacred duty you owe yourselves and your families, and that is to elect your own governor and legislature.

The election of Owen means an attempt to correct the evils that exist in our market. The election of Merriam means that the market system is all right as it exists.

Don't think more of party than anything else, said Wilson the other evening. All right, Thomas, we won't. We will go right ahead and elect Owen, the independent candidate for Governor.

The fact that the farmers must do it if anything ever is done for them, ought by this time to be emphatically impressed upon the minds of all. And there is no time like the present to do it.

When other business interests are suffering for lack of legislation they do not send a farmer to correct the evil. Why should not the farmers adopt the same system and send only farmers to attend to their business for them? They should, and we believe that they will.

Farmers should give as much time as possible to the alliance work up to and on election day. You now have a chance to make your power felt as never before and you will miss it if you neglect this golden opportunity. Assert your rights and then you will get them.

A. R. Holston is just the man for county attorney. He is a bright young man and will do credit to the office. See that the name of A. R. Holston is on your ballot.

The politicians are scared to death for fear the people will elect Owen, all the while they appear to be serene, and they say: "Of course, the farmers could elect their candidate if they will stick together, but then, of course, they will not do that, don-cher-know. But wont they? We believe they will.

Oh, yes, you had better vote to perpetuate the enormous tax on the old cow! Why had you better do so? Oh, because some politician may ask you to do so, and not because it will be of any benefit to you. That's good logic, ain't it? Well, it is the only reason under the canopy why you should not elect Owen.

You have been talking all summer about voting the independent ticket, and now what are you going to do? Are you going to vote for Owen and your legislative ticket or are you going to snuggle up to your old party ticket like a sick kitten to a hot brick? Politicians all say that you are going to snuggle up! We guess not. You have too much independence.

Under the present market system the farmer is bound to lose every time. The quickest and surest way to effect a cure is to elect S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature to back him. If every farmer will now take hold in earnest, this can be done. And they are doing it. Remember last fall and vote as you have talked. Send your own men to correct the pernicious system.

How do you expect that a governor who makes his money out of railroads and elevator stocks will bother himsel to squeeze the watered stock out of railroads and elevators? S. M. Owen is a poor man—like the average farmer of to-day, and has no railroad or elevator stock, and if elected will not scruple to squeeze to the best of his ability. Try him once.

Farmers, when you cast your ballots next month, remember last fall and cast your ballot for a free and open wheat market. Your candidates for the legislature and S. M. Owen are pledged to aid you in the good work—others are not. Be independent and vote for yourselves once in your life and see how it would seem. If you elect your own men you will accomplish your purpose, if you do not you will not. That's the difference.

Reports from all over the county show that the alliance ticket will get an immense vote. Every farmer is interested in a free and open wheat market, and this fall, by voting for S. M. Owen and the farmer legislature, he will be enabled to vote for it. Every farmer in Polk County should vote for his own interests once, and his interests clearly lie in the election of S. M. Owen.

Merriam party leaders are flattering themselves that the voters will rally round the old machine like sheep on election day. There is no reason why they should do so and there is every reason why they should not. "You can fool all of the people part of the time and part of the people all of the time, but you can't fool all of the people all of the time," said Gen. Clapp when Merriam was nominated.

Just now the Merriam crowd is trying to create the impression that the alliance has sold out to the democrats," and they are making the air blue with their howls. There is no truth in the statement and it is only made in hopes to scare somebody into voting for Merriam. Neither Merriam nor Wilson will do anything for farmers if elected, and the farmers well know this fact. They will vote for a man who will help them—S. M. Owen.

Farmers, you have got a good legislative ticket, every man on it a good, honest, practical business farmer, and now it is your duty to elect it. The only thing the opposition has to say against them is that they have no money to run a campaign. Oh, no! they have been trying to raise wheat for rich men to gobble all the profits on too long, but they are a level headed lot just the same.

It is true that the farmers lack for money to pay for big speeches and to get up a big hurrah, but they always will be too poor for these things and everything else until they learn to do as other business men do—attend to their own business. It is your business to elect your governor and your own legislature now that you have nominated them. Will you be united on this question? We believe you will.

We have heard that Gov. Merriam has been accused of being the farmers' friend, because a binding twine factory is to be established at Stillwater. But how is that, anyhow? Did not the committee appointed by Merriam two years ago come back and report that it would cost a million or so, and was therefore impracticable? Did not the alliance revive the scheme last spring, and was it not on their demand that another committee investigated and reported that the cost would be merely nominal, and was not that the reason that Minnesota will have a twine factory? Give the Devil his due and don't accuse our good "business Governor" of something that he is entirely innocent of.

The Journal urges the voters to select only such men for county offices as are competent, honest and trustworthy, regardless of the party that represented them. Not one of them has the power to affect the price of wheat a cent's worth, but when you come to the gubernatorial and legislative ticket, that's different. Elect S. M. Owen with a solid farmer legislature to back him, and that's different. Then you will accomplish something that will affect the price of your wheat if it can be done by legislation—

AND IT CAN BE.

Remember that Owen and a farmer legislature will be elected

ON THAT ISSUE,

pledged to enact laws in behalf of the farmers and the laboring classes, and and no other candidates before the people stand upon this platform. Farmers be TRUE to your own interests by casting one ballot for yourselves.

The two great parties are now mendicants before the people for votes. With hat in hand they are in the field begging the suffrage of the dear people. And this is the people's opportunity—the time to correct the evils that do exist in our markets. This is a very important matter to farmers who are in great need of legislation to help them in their business. The warehouse bill will fully correct existing evils. Are these mendicants for votes willing to pledge us this? Are they willing to pledge us money loaned direct to the people, instead of through the round-about methods now in vogue? Will they pledge us government control of railroads? Will they pledge us equality in taxation? Certainly they should be willing to

DO SOMETHING

for us in return for our votes. What will they do?

Those Minneapolis wheat gamblers are getting terribly uneasy for fear the farmers will take the bits in their teeth for once and run away and smash their beautiful wheat system. So they are sending out their oily speakers to urge people to vote for Merriam. And why do they incur all this expense? Because the present system of handling wheat is a gold mine to them and, very naturally, they do not want to give it up. They know that if Merriam is elected the system will still continue, so it is worth while to put money into his election.

And now they say that S. M. Owen is no good for Governor, "because he is a poor man!" Not rich enough to furnish the money necessary to run the campaign. But they know that if he is elected governor he will endeavor to save to the farmer that stealage now going on in the wheat markets, and that is enough to enable the farmers to run their own campaigns. It would be a grand good thing for Minnesota to elect a poor man once, a man in sympathy with poor people. That man is S. M. Owen and he will be the next Governor of Minnesota.

The Merriam State Central Committee has received another scare and issued another address to the people, begging them to stand by candidate Merriam, but they fail to show how he will stand by the farmers. The people have once asked of Merriam a free and open wheat market and did not get it, and now with sublime cheek his backers beg them to stand by Merriam. Go to, rave and howl, but the people are in dead earnest in their efforts to obtain a competitive market, and they know that the Merriam government will not give them this. They know that the only chance they have to get it is through the election of Owen, and they are bound to try that method,

UNPRECEDENTED RECORD.

THE MINNEAPOLIS TIMES has attained the largest measure of success in the short time it has been before the people of any paper in the Northwest.

Why? ? ? ? ? ?

Because it is Bright, Newsy, Ably Edited, Fair to all Parties and Gets the News.

Since the first guns of the preliminary campaign in July THE TIMES'

POLITICAL NEWS

has set the pace for its contemporaries. It has gone to the front on its Local News, Market Reports, Telegraphic Specials, Regular Press (Press News) report.

THE TIMES

Is independent politically and prints all the news about politics and candidates, but does not deal in abuse of any man who has the misfortune to run for an office.

A Campaign Offer--The Times 4 Months, $1.00.

THE TIMES will be sent by mail 4 months from October 1st for the sum of $1. Send in your subscriptions now in order to get the benefit of all the news of the present campaign.

THE TIMES,
49 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

[First publication Oct. 16th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Millie Doaye, executrix of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 11th day of November, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

[26-28]

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, K. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. R. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Organize Alliance Clubs.

Organize an alliance club in every village in the county, and in every township except those where every man, or almost every man, belongs to the farmers' alliance, as you will get men in who would not otherwise be with you. For a constitution for an alliance club, and how to organize, address D. E. Hatlestad, Atty. at Law, Crookston, Minn. Clubs of this kind have already been organized in Crookston and Red Lake Falls. Organize well; get every man in the town to join you. We want to see an alliance club in every town in the county before October 10th. Don't wait for some one else to take hold of this matter, but do it yourselves. Go at it now, every man who wants Owen elected.

Attention, Alliance Officers.

Some of the secretaries fail to do their duty by neglecting to report the names of members, the number, etc., to the County Secretary, Nels Muus, of Fertile, Minn. Those who have not done so, do so at once. Don't delay this matter any longer; the officers should do their duty and do it at once. Let every alliance hold weekly meetings from now until the election, and let every voter attend these meetings, as the time is short before election. Hold your meetings often from now on. It would be best where there are many farmers or workingmen in a town who are not members of the alliance to organize an alliance club, as many will join an alliance club who would not, or who cannot join the farmers' alliance.

NELS MUUS.
Sec. County Alliance.

The Alliance Party.

Many look upon this party as a class party. It is often associated with the Farmer's Alliance, whose membership is made up exclusively of farmers. This is a mistake. The word Alliance as the name of the new political party is without qualification. It characterises the party as the alliance of all the good and reform elements of society. Hence no one need feel out of place in this party because he does not happen to be a farmer. The principles of the party, stand above the occupation of its members, Hence all men who love justice and hate iniquity, in high places as well as in low, properly belong to this party.

OVER THREE MILLIONS.

Last winter, with the best information to be had, THE JOURNAL estimated the amount of wheat raised in Polk County, at 2,000,000 bushels. This week deputy auditor Cornelius informs us that by statistics now in his possession it is shown that the county produced over 3,000,000 bushels. On a basis of 2,000,000 bushels one cent per bushel means a loss or gain of $20,000 to Polk County, and on 3,000,000, $30,000. Now we are confident that the farmers, through watered stock, freight rates and frauds in the wheat market were defrauded out of at least 10 cents per bushel, which on 3,000,000 bushels means

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND

dollars withdrawn from the legitimate channels of trade in the county. Is not his a matter in which the business man of Polk County is mutually interested with the farmer? Is it not high time that steps were taken to prevent this immense drain upon our resources, or shall we continue to sleep upon this volcano until it swamps the whole fabric of our prosperity? Now, if some well-informed person will tell us what steps our "business" Governor and our "business" Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners ever has or ever would take (were they continued in power) to stop this leak, we should be happy to hear from him. Don't be backward, but just speak right out in meeting and let us know about it. The only way we can see is by electing Owen for governor and a farmer legislature to back him, and then we believe it can be done. One thing is very certain, S. M. Owen would never make those appointments to further his own political ambitions.

Those party fiends are sneering at the farmer who contributes his little dollar toward the campaign of freedom from monopolies and tell him that "his tariff on tin won't amount to as much in three years!" Yes, but if he don't change the present deal at once the TAX upon his poor old cow will put him in a position in which he will NEED no tin in less than three years.

The Mankato Free Press, a red hot Merriam organ, speaks of

"A PERFECT LANDSLIDE

in favor of Owen, the alliance candidate for Governor," in the Second District. That's the way it looks up here, and if the situation is anything near like that elsewhere what is to hinder Owen's election? The people are tired of promises unfulfilled and want a change. They want Owen for governor and he will be elected.

THE JOURNAL believes in being consistent, and urges the farmers to vote only for the best men—men who will do your business correctly. It is not necessary to bite off your own nose to spite your face, by electing men to office who are utterly incompetent to attend to the business of the office to which they aspire. In county matters you should bear this in mind and elect only such men as are able to do your business right. In this way only you accomplish the full relief you seek.

DRS STARKEY & PALEN'S
TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nitrogen magnetized and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

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The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions. Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn. G. N. R. L.

A Cold Blooded Steal!

The Moorhead News, a paper that advocates the election of W. R. Merriam and the perpetuation of the same steal that it complains of, says:

"There is no doubt, as it is admitted on all hands, that the elevators are determined to buy as much wheat as possible at grades at least one point below its actual worth. The elevator agents undoubtedly have strict orders to give no higher grades than No. 2 Northern for any wheat that is offered, if by any means it can be had at that grade. The result is that the great bulk of wheat now going into the elevators is bought for No. 2 Northern, while it is actually good enough to grade No. 1 Northern, and much of it would grade No. 1 Hard if cleaned, or upon a liberal dockage allowance. This is a loss of 5 cents per bushel to the farmer, or $5 in every 100 bushels, and $50 in every 1,000. It is not the fault of the local buyers in the elevators, but of the owners in Minneapolis or wherever their headquarters may be. There appears to be no help for it, and the grower is again at the mercy of the capitalist. Shipment to Duluth or Minneapolis does no good, as the state inspectors appear to be under the influence and control of the same power. It is a deliberate and cold-blooded steal."

The Hawley correspondent of the News adds the following:

"Never in the history of the wheat market in this part of the country has there been such injustice in the grading of wheat. Wheat, which in other seasons would grade No. 1 Hard, is now rated at No. 2 and 3 Northern and the company is now continually harping at our agents for giving too high grades. The fault seems to be in the inspection at Duluth and Minneapolis, although it may be a trumped up case with the big Eastern wheat moguls which own and operate our elevators. Our agents, Mr. Glasgow and Bennett have been doing the best that they can, but the company is now complaining that they are giving too high a grade. I think the fault comes from our state inspectors of wheat, who are in with these wheat sharks, no doubt. Tell Gov. Merriam to fire the gang."

Yes, "tell Merriam to fire the gang" indeed. Did not the farmers in the start beg and entreat of Governor Merriam to appoint a Board in their interests? And did he not appoint a Board in the interest of railroads and elevators? A Board that did not have sand enough to insist on its rights to appoint the employes under it in the interest of the people? A good deal of good it will do to "tell Merriam" something that he knows better than the farmers. He would be liable to "fire" all that political strength, wouldn't he now?

The Beauties of the System.

In conversation with a Crookston business man one evening this week, he said: "I know the system of marketing wheat is an outrage on a free people, but I am not quite clear as to the best way to manage it. One day last fall I happened, on one of my business trips, to call on a personal friend of mine who was an elevator man, and shortly a poor Norwegian man drove up with a load of wheat. My friend examined the wheat and offered No. 3 Northern, three pounds off for dirt. The man said 'I will go to the other house and if I cannot do better I will let you have it.' I followed the man to the other elevator where he was offered No. 3 Northern, four pounds off. The man took his wheat back to the first elevator and sold it. After it had been dumped in the hopper, settled for and the man had gone, I said to my friend: 'How much did you make on that load?' 'What do you mean?' said he. 'I mean what I said, what did you make on that load more than a legitimate profit?' 'Oh, indeed,' said he, 'I didn't make anything on that wheat.' 'I'll bet you a four dollar hat,' said I, 'that you made over six dollars; that wheat will test 1 Hard all right enough!' 'Ill take you,' said he, so we took a half bushel, cleaned it perfectly and took out one-half pound of dirt, then upon weighing it it weighed 59½ pounds to the bushel. 'Gosh,' said the elevator man, 'the hat is yours, I am over $8 ahead of the farmer on that deal!' [Only a LITTLE discrepancy, but that much bread stolen out of the mouths of the poor farmer and his family.—Ed.] Again, I know of one man who last fall stored his wheat in a certain elevator, receiving No. 8 tickets therefor, This spring he demanded his wheat, but this elevator man was quite fresh, and said: 'Indeed, I cannot let you have it, as I shipped it out last fall,

I PUT IT IN A NO. 1 NORTHERN BIN

and shipped it out last fall, so of course I can't get it for you.' It is needless to say that that wheat was settled for on a basis of No. 1 Northern and no questions asked." And all this and hundreds of other cases occur under Merriam's inspectors, yet the elevator men have the cheek to ask these poor, wronged, deluded farmers to vote for Merriam. To vote to continue this same system! And they ask you to vote for Wilson who will do nothing to change the deal! The farmers ARE NOT all fools and THEY KNOW that with Owen for Governor this magnificent system will be changed, or at least a mighty effort will be made. Farmers, when you vote

REMEMBER LAST FALL,

and cast your vote in your own interest once. Vote for S. M. Owen and the farmers legislature.

Of Course Not.

Of course this hiring of delegates to attend the county conventions, paying them day wages, board and traveling expenses, don't mean anything! Of course sending delegates to the State conventions on free railroad passes, boarding them at high-priced hotels and paying their little incidental expenses don't mean anything! Of course such things are all done in the interest of a good government for the people, aren't they? Of course those who pay all these expenses are afraid to trust such matters as nominating candidates in the hands of common, ordinary farmers, for fear that they might not nominate those who would try to obtain a free and open wheat market, aren't they? Or is it all done to carry out some selfish schemes that are against the interests of the people as a whole? Well it is a fact that Owen delegates got none of these soft snaps but paid their own expenses like men.

The Moorhead News, while admitting the outrageous steals in the market system under the Merriam government, still has the sublime cheek to ask the suffering farmers to vote to perpetuate the steals. The farmers once stood by Mr. Merriam nobly and elected him against all the influence of the big cities to the contrary, and how did Mr. Merriam reward the farmers? Did he not, as soon as he came into power make the important appointments on and under the Board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, solely with a view to build himself up politically and with no reference to the benefit of the farmers whatever? Was not this important service placed in the hands of the railway magnates and the elevator sharks? How could any sensible man expect relief from such methods? The farmers have tried Bill Merriam in the balance and found him wanting, and now they are determined to try somebody else. They hope and trust it will be Governor Owen, and we believe it will. But it will be a change and don't you forget it.

The Mankato Free Press belittles the cause of the farmers because Bill Erwin says a good word for it. And that seems to be the way they are doing in other quarters. They single out Bill Erwin, Gen. Baker or Donnelly, call them rogues or rascals or demagogues, and then they argue because such men are trying to help the farmers obtain their rights in the markets that the farmers should not vote for a free and open wheat market. It makes no difference to the farmers what kind of people support their cause, what they are after is justice in the markets and they will not be misled by abuse of those who are trying to help them get it, whether he be black or white, rogues or honest men. Now the Free Press and such papers don't care a continental whether Bill Erwin is a rogue or an honest man. All it wants is to try and defeat the farmers cause by throwing mud upon its supporters. Look out for these things, farmers, and vote for your own benefit once in your lives.

Col. Plummer, the silver tongued orator of Dakota, was down at Mankato on Thursday evening, Oct. 2d, to speak for the Merriam party. The Col. roundly abused the alliance workers—called them a pack of demagogues and said that farmers ought to vote for Bill Merriam for that reason, but he did not say what GOOD that would do farmers. He failed to show what Merriam has done to correct the evils that exist in the wheat market for the very good reason that he could not. He failed to show wherein Merriam represents true republican principles even, but the sum and substance of it all was that republicans should vote for Merriam because he has been sharp enough to capture the nomination. He did not say who paid for the free fares for the delegates to the Merriam convention nor who footed the hotel bills and incidentals, nor who paid for the liquor that ran like water on the evening of the nomination at the Merchant's hotel, all of which the people have a right to know about, and would no doubt have proved interesting information. The people know that if Owen is elected there will be an effort made to correct the evils of our market and this is what they are after regardless of the political ambition of any man or any set of men.

Figure It Yourselves.

Last year Polk County raised over 3,000,000 bushels of wheat. The farmers were swindled out of from 5 to 20 cents per bushel, which means an aggregate loss of an immense sum to the county. On all wheat bought as rejected that graded No. 3 in Duluth or Minneapolis, there was a clean steal of 19 cents over all expenses, as that was the difference between No. 3 and rejected in this market. Figure up all that whe t taken from you at two or three grades less than it was worth and then you will begin to have some idea of the extent of the swindle. Do you want that state of things to continue? Well, you have got a repetition of the same deal in the markets to-day, and you will continue to have until you elect your own governor and legislature. Farmers, on November 4th next is your opportunity. Remember your wrongs and vote for Owen and your own legislative ticket.

Fairmont News; Is it funny though? Only a short time ago the Merriam ring organs were howling themselves hoarse that the Alliance and Labor party had no strength and now they are shouting themselves black in the face that W. W. Erwin is after C. K. Davis' seat in the United States Senate, and warning voters not to believe him on that account. Just how anybody can be in danger if the movement has no strength passes our comprehension, and for Merriam to use Davis' name to conjure with is little short of the ridiculous, especially as every body knows Merriam is after that seat, but all good government demands that C. K. Davis succeed himself for lo! these many years.

Grand Forks Herald: The newspaper that does its duty in protecting public interest, says the Oregon Scout, is sure to make enemies. But what of that? Enemies rather help a newspaper than otherwise, especially when their hostility is generally known to arise from an independent and public spirited course on the part of the journal that incurs their displeasure. The paper that stands by the public is on solid ground, and the people will heartily support it in the advocacy of their rights. In every small town or city there are people who think themselves entitled to control everything, and that opposition to any of their proceedings is an offense equal to personal grievance or affront. They want to boss the community, newspapers included. They lack apprehension or understanding of the true function of a newspaper in relation to public interest, and if they could have their way the local press would be simply the organ of their own private interests and aims.

A Close Race

Minneapolis Herald: The gubernatorial race will be a close one. Mr. Owen is developing unexpected strength among independent voters. To what extent the defection of these voters from the two old parties will affect either, is problematical, but the indications are that Mr. Merrim will be the loser.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEATT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block. Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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½ inch.....	50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches....	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches....	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	11 50	20 00
4 inches....	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches....	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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INDEPENDENT Republican Ticket.

For Governor,
S. M. Owen,
Of Hennepin County.
For Lieut. Governor,
J. O. Barret,
Of Traverse County.
For Secretary of State,
Fred P. Brown,
Of Faribault County.
For Auditor of State,
Peter J. McGuire,
Of Polk County.
For State Treasurer,
Joseph Bobletter,
Of Brown County.
For Attorney General,
Moses E. Clapp,
Of Ottertail County.
For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
Charles P. Holcomb,
Of Washington County.

CONGRESSIONAL.
For Member of Congress,
Solomon G. Comstock,
Of Clay County.

LEGISLATIVE.
For Senator,
E. E. Lommen, of Polk County.
For Representatives,
B. M. Chesley, of Norman County.
Andrew Thompson, of Norman County.
Wm. Carlton, of Polk County.

COUNTY TICKET.
For County Auditor,
C. U. Webster.
For County Treasurer,
John T. Beaudry.
For Sheriff,
Arne Grundyson.
For Clerk of the District Court,
Nels Muus.
For Judge of Probate,
C. O. Christianson.
For Register of Deeds,
John H. Locken.
For County Attorney,
A. B. Holston.
For County Supt. of Schools,
E. J. Grefthen.
For County Surveyor,
O. L. Hamery.
For County Coroner,
Dr. McEachran
County Com.—2d District,
A. O. Stortroen.
County Com.—4th District,
Cyprien DeMers.

Sauk Rapid Sentinel: Last winter as the Farmers' Alliance and labor unions began to show increased vigor, Gov. Merriam knocked over his tariff platform of the previous year, and constructed a new one designed to be so near "free trade" as to suit the demands of the alliance before whom he changed his colors. The republican congressional conventions held this year have to a greater or less extent indorsed the high tariff McKinley bill. Who will state whether we have any party policy on the tariff question, and if so, what it is? And if we have no fixed tariff policy, will some one who is authority please to state what party issues there are to contend about except the postoffices, land offices, etc.?

Winona Herald: The Merriam managers are now comprehensive of the blunder they made in taking Rabilly off the alliance ticket. They have made numerous other blunders for which they are to atone. Joel said that this was not to be a "boodle" campaign. It is doubtful if Joel or any of his constituents could really tell what kind of a campaign it is.

Albert Lea Standard: There are four state tickets: Republican, Democratic, Prohibition and Farmers' Alliance, headed by W. R. Merriam, the banker, Thos. Wilson, the lawyer, Jas. A. Pinkham, the preacher, and S. M. Owen, the editor. The latter is the only old soldier of the four, and he is said to be the most modest. That he is making a contest solely for principle, is generally and very justly admitted.

LeSueur Sentinel: W. W. Erwin, of St. Paul, who has become famous as an alliance speaker as well as a criminal lawyer, has made a calculation on the political outlook, in which he brings S. M. Owen, the alliance candidate for governor, out ahead. He shows that the vote of the counties in which there are cities of 5,000 or over in 1888 gave Merriam but about 80 majority, and he figures that Owen, in addition to the labor vote of those counties, will receive a majority of the votes in the other strictly agricultural counties. Politics are greatly mixed this year, and it may be that Erwin is not far wrong.

Verndale Journal: There is one characteristic of Gov. Merriam's which is not very consoling to the friends who have been true to him in all times and who have aided him in his political aspirations; he seems to be more thoughtful of placating his enemies than of serving those who are friendly to him. And if his majority is cut down in November it will be largely due to this fact. Nothing benefits a man more in the long run than loyality to his friends, and this is eminently true in politics. And he who most valiantly fights his enemies is certain of victory and the respect of all.

Duluth Times: The re-election of Gov. Merriam will hurt the republican party far worse than a straight defeat for it this fall. Merriamism is a menance to the republican party. It means the concentration of party machinery and party power in a few men at St. Paul—men who will run it for a personal advantage, men who will establish machinism in Minnesota politics and ultimately bring destruction upon the party. What Matt Quayism is to Pennsylvania, Merriamism will be, when developed to its full, to Minnesota.

Glencoe Register: We had thought all along that Merriam had a fighting chance, that in all likelihood he would be our next Governor, and here comes "Bill" Erwin and says it cannot be Owen to his little figures. Well, they say that figures won't lie, and W. R. must give up his ambition of being the next governor of Minnesota with as much fortitude as he can command, and he must charge it up to "Bill" Erwin and his little figures.

Fergus Falls Journal: Mr. Owen does not seem to have a very good impression of Judge Wilson as the farmer's friend, for in his speech he said: "Judge Wilson, the democratic candicate, says it is useless and pure demagoguery to rail at the railroad. Now I have a high respect for Judge Wilson and his personality; and he is all right in saying this; it is simply the opinion of a paid attorney for the corporation who employs him. He would be foolish not to say it."

A correspondent of the St Paul daily News, writing from Herman, says: "A large and enthusiastic audience greeted S. M. Owen, alliance candidate for governor. Farmers were present from Stevens and Traverse counties, while the various towns adjoining Herman turned out almost enmasse. Mr. Owen's speech was a triumph in every respect. For argument, satire, true wit and general information it was universally admitted to be the best political speech ever delivered in Herman. Our people here are practically solid for Owen. The hat was passed around and $25 collected for the campaign fund."

This is the year of independence. "The enemy," the farmers, are up in arms and bound to vote for their own interests for once in their lives, if they never did before. Let monopolists and their defenders beware of "the enemy."

Duluth Times.

The Alliance campaign is a hot one, and all over the State meetings are being held, and enthusiastic ones, too. It is no breach of confidence to say that William Merriam is to-day trembling in his boots. The Alliance vote in this State will surprise the nation.

Press News.

The Farmers' candidate for Governor, S. M. Owen, is gaining ground. All indications point to a tidal wave in his favor.

Montevideo Commercial.

Owen will crowd his opponents close onto the pole in the Gubernatorial race. His chances are good for passing under the wire first and holding down the coveted seat in the Capitol for two years. We believe S. M. Owen is the peer of any man in the race.

St. Cloud Times.

The fact is that Gov. Merriam's election is desired by every railroad operating in Minnesota! This is well known to all who are familiar with the inside facts of the campaign. They are for Merriam because he comes of a "railroad family," was born and bred with railroad instincts, and also because, as Governor, he has been satisfactory to them.

Alexandria Post.

There is hope of his election if the Alliance stick as the organization should, as he will get many votes from the villages and the solid labor vote which is largely Democratic. If he is elected the State will have for the first time in years a man in the Governor's chair who combines a knowledge of politics, integrity, ability to address an audience in an effective way and more, yes more than average mental ability. There is no reason why any man cannot vote for S. M. Owen.

Duluth Times.

The Twin City Merriam papers, or some of them, have discovered the existence of the Railway Employes' Club as a political faction, a discovery made by the Times two months ago. The Pioneer Press gravely announces that the club will decide later which Gubernatorial candidate it will support—that it will be Merriam or Wilson, as Owen, on account of the professed hostility of the Alliance party to railroads, is out of the question. There is no question as to which of the two candidates the club will support. Indeed, the decision was made long ago. The members of the club, and especially the officers, have for two months been out working for Merriam. It is his club, This club came into existence two years ago, during the last gubernatorial campaign, and the same men who are now working through it for Merriam did the same thing then. The club has no existence outside of Minnesota. It is prima facia a Minnesota political club.

The News Reporter Three Rivers Mich.

Farmers and other working men who are not slaves to any political party, will do well to give attention to and study Senator Stanford's bill, which provides for loans at one-half cash value on real estate bearing; 2 per cent, interest. Such a loan will establish low rates of interest, make a revenue to the government of $840,000,000 annually, a sum greater than is now raised by the tariff and the internal revenue put together. Hence, there will be no taxation necessary in any form to support the federal government. There will be no longer a necessity or even an excuse for indirect taxation in the form of a tariff of any kind. Such loans by the government will make reciprocal free trade with all the nations possible and in every way desirable. It will be God's blessing, provided through human agency for those who are struggling under mortgage indebtedness in various forms amounting to many billion of dollars.

Kansas Commoner.

Farmers! workingmens! citizens! generally! If you will vote the People's ticket entire, overwhelmingly in Kansas this year you will establish a principle that is meant to place you on an equal footing with all other interests of the people of our common country. You will more conspicuously exert your manhood in your own interests than you have ever had a chance to do before. If you do so you will drive Wall street and the Pennsylvania boodlers out of politics and consequently they will not put up the money for a corruption fun when they see the futility of it. Upon the action of the people this fall depends the beginning of grand reform. Let us apply the same to Minnesota.

And now every little off shoot of monopoly, every "Slocum" of the country press" will howl about the State being "in the hands of THE ENEMY," the farmers. What a terrible state of things that will be when the farmer shall have so reconstructed the markets as to allow him his just rights therein!

Merriam's organ, the Pioneer Press, calls farmers "the enemy," while Merriam came up to Polk County and sends out free trains to bring in "the enemy" to listen at his speeches.

The Alliance Not a Myth.

Minneapolis Times.

Judging from the savage attacks on the alliance by the organs and by Col. Joel P. Heatwole, it cannot be such an insignificant movement as it is reported to be. The organs never waste their space on contemptible opposition. If the antagonist does not rise to the dignity of a positive force they are accustomed to sneer at him, it he seems strong enough to draw any considerable body of voters away from the old parties they immediately begin to abuse him like a pickpocket; if he threatens to sweep the machine out of power the organs hasten to get down on their knees and crawl for his favor. In the second predicament the organs find themselves toward S. M. Owen. The Pioneer Press has begun to attack him violently through its news columns, and the evening Tribune has started on its usual career of prairie dog yelping which in the Evening Tribune is generally a sign of exquisite pain. The Times has thought it too early to put men in the field to learn the strength of the industrial movement in the agricultural portions of the state, and does not know yet, of its own observation, what it is, but judging from the hysterical state of the organs it must be considerable. Such disinterested and able sheets as the Fergus Falls Journal are being relied upon to produce evidence that the farmers are all going back to old affiliations on the day before election. The importance of this statement does not lie in the novelty of its conclusion, but in the admission that the farmers at present are not in line with either of the old parties. This is just what the alliance has claimed. Joel Heatwole has run back and forth in a state of patriotic perspiration to make the most, in the organs, of the fact that the alliance has indorsed Bierman, the democratic candidate for auditor.

The bowels of the state committee holds this as proof that the alliance has sold out to the democracy. Wonderful demonstration! The alliance had a chance to swallow the democracy, but Mr. Owen, mindful of his health, refused the dose. But now when one democrat succeeds another on the tail end of the alliance ticket, this wonderful abdominal logician figures out a complete surrender. Heatwole was probably the first man to discover this; being chairman, and the wisest meal sack in Minnesota, he naturally would be, but he is not going to keep it to himself. He is going to issue a confidential circular to farmers, warning them against the dreadful plot. It is all very funny, and the funniest part of it is the horrible scare Mr. Owen, single handed, without a bar'l or a 250 pound chairman, has given the machine.

Empty Appeal.

Minneapolis Times.

The Merriam organs don't like the alliance party. The more they ponder upon the origin and purpose and methods of the farmers' movement the more they are impressed with its strength and importance. They see that it is growing steadily among the class of voters who are not in leading strings to the machine, or have no "axes to grind," and it makes them wild-eyed and dizzy. The following from the Fergus Falls Journal is a fair sample of the sort of argument and appeal they make to the republican voters:

> A well posted man who has just been through Otter Tail County on business—not on politics—says that Mr. Owen will get no democratic votes in this county from democratic alliance men. Mr. Wilson will get the full democratic vote when the time comes. The democrats will keep up the Owen racket until election day, then quietly vote solid for Wilson. Republicans who are in the alliance should not be caught in a trap like this.

It is no doubt true that more republicans will vote the alliance ticket than democrats, and with better reason. The democratic platform represents that party's principles, such as they are. The republican platform was a mere "verbal juggle,"—a paltry trifling with great issues and vital principles. The people asked for bread and the machine gave them a stone. Morover, the democratic platform is more closely in sympathy with that of the alliance on the tariff and other important questions, which the republican convention dodged entirely. As to the candidates, the democratic convention nominated for governor a man stronger with his party and more honestly representative of its principles and spirit than the republican candidate is of his party. For these and other reasons the alliance will draw its chief strength from the republican party. The sterotyped machine appeal to party fealty, has lost its force. Independent republicans face the possibility that their defection from the old party may elect a democratic governor, with complacency. Even that, they insist, is better than the perpetuation of the present corrupt and cold-blooded party despotism. The party will not be severely injured; but, on the contrary, it will be strengthened and bettered by the wholesome discipline of defeat.

This Is Alliance Year.

Minneapol's Times.

There is no doubt of it. The evidences, not of the growing power of the farmers, but of their growing consciousness of power, multiply on every hand. Encouraged by the steps taken by the farmers of Minnesota to vindicate their independence by making independent nominations for state officers, and protesting against the supremacy of corporations and their corrupt tools in the politics of the state, the farmers of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois are beginning to bestir themselves; and threaten unless the right sort of men are put forward for congress to help the farmer by tariff reform, and greater economy in the public expenditures, they will nominate their own candidates and elect them. This threat has greatly rattled the politicians and bosses in those states, to state it mildly. They twist and writhe under it, and there are fewer jocose allusions to "hayseeders." They have conceived a sudden respect for the farmer, and contemptuous remarks about "grangers in politics," are by no means so common as they once were. The change is due to the increased intelligence of the farmer upon question affecting the interests of his class, and his unmistakable determination to insist upon their respectful recognition. The "granger" has been carrying the load a long time. He has been the patient hewer of wood and drawer of water too long. This bound Sampson is now awaking to a sense of his strength. The Times recognizes the signs of a growing consciousness of power among all industrial classes in this country, and rejoices in it. If the farmers and the toiling classes will but use their power wisely they may do much to restore this government to its early simplicity and honesty, and set it in the line of progress toward a noble and benign future. The men who earn their bread in the sweat of their faces are the real sovereigns. It is their own fault if they suffer wrong or oppression. The power is in their own hands. The peaceful but resistless agencies and methods of redress are provided by the constitution.

Norman County Herald: The report circulated in some of the republican newspapers that S. M. Owen intends to withdraw is utterly unfounded. Mr. Owen is a true alliance man, and will stand by his party even at the risk of being defeated at the election. His prospects are as bright now as they ever were, and it would not be miraculous if among all the aspirants he would be the lucky one.

"Rushing into Politics"

Farm, Stock and Home.

Many people, and with the best of intentions, too, are incessantly censuring farmers because they are "rushing into politics," and also censuring agricultural papers that discuss economic and political reforms. Those people do not realize how much the farmer has and does suffer because he did not intelligently "rush into politics" years ago. His political duties began and ended with voting his party ticket, leaving all the rest to be looked after and manipulated by the party mechanics. By this indifference he has allowed to grow up around him abuses of a character so oppressive and tyrannical that had they been sprung upon him at once he would have resisted them to the death if it had been necessary. The farmer is now rapidly becoming familiar with the true situation, hence his "rushing into politics." Instead of censuring the armer, all good citizens should applaud him, for no better evidence could possibly be given of his capability for self government, and in that evidence lies the brightest prospect for the perpetuity of true republicanism, of a truly representative government in this land. If farmers are showing that they are capable of self-government, that they can be more the citizen and less the partisan, that means the ultimate salvation and emancipation of our agricultural interests, with consequent increased prosperity to them, and hence increased prosperity to every other intrest. Not blame but the highest praise should be given to the American farmer for "rushing into politics."

The love of party is great in man, but parties are formed for the benefit of mankind, and when parties fail to accomplish that for which they are formed then will every true patriot arise and vote for his own interest. The old parties have utterly failed to correct the evils under which agriculture labors, so the people have arisen in their might, put a ticket in the field, and they are determined to elect it.

Attention, Alliance Officers.

Some of the secretaries fail to do their duty by neglecting to report the names of members, the number, etc., to the County Secretary, Nels Muus, of Fertile, Minn. Those who have not done so, do so at once. Don't delay this matter any longer; the officers should do their duty and do it at once. Let every alliance hold weekly meetings from now until the election, and let every voter attend these meetings, as the time is short before election. Hold your meetings often from now on. It would be best where there are many farmers or workingmen in a town who are not members of the alliance to organize an alliance club, as many will join an alliance club who would not, or who cannot join the farmers' alliance.

Nels Muus.
Sec. County Alliance.

Organize Alliance Clubs.

Organize an alliance club in every village in the county, and in every town ship except those where every man, or almost every man, belongs to the farmers' alliance, as you will get men in who would not otherwise be with you. For a constitution for an alliance club, and how to organize, address D. E. Hatlestad, Atty. at Law, Crookston, Minn. Clubs of this kind have already been organized in Crookston and Red Lake Falls. Organize well; get every man in the town to join you. We want to see an alliance club in every town in the county before October 10th. Don't wait for some one else to take hold of this matter, but do it yourselves. Go at it now, every man who wants Owen elected.

Taen Up.

Six Pigs. Owner can have them by calling on Chas. P. Bailey, 5th ward, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at Journal office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on O. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at Journal office.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or Journal office, Crookston. [7-tf]

The Pioneer Press says "it looks very black in several counties in southeast Minnesota." By this statement it means that the people are determined to vote for themselves once in their lives, at which the monopolistic Pioneer Press frets and fumes like an old hag. But its howls are significant of the coming storm in which the voice of the people will be heard in unmistakable tones demanding justice.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist
ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
And Institute of Short Hand,
Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 23, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 88.
1 Northern 83.
2 Northern 78.
3 Northern 72.

Lovely weather this week.

Dr. Dunlop is so much improved as to be able to ride out.

Go and see Mrs. Abbott at the opera house on Monday evening next.

O. D. Rood, proprietor of the city laundry is very sick with typhoid fever.

Work on the sewer along Main street, from Robert to Fletcher commenced on Monday.

I. U. Jennings went to Thief River Falls, to speak in the alliance couse on Monday.

John Paterson says no candidate is "in it" unles he is branded "Alliance" in big wood type.

Hon. S. M. Owen will address the citizen of Ada and vicinity on Monday evening of next week.

The county board last week appointed R. J. Montague to serve out the term of D. D. Williams, resigned.

The brick work is completed to the new opera block and the carpenters are busy putting on the finishing touches.

Don't forget that S. M. Owen will speak at the Opera House on Monday next at 2 p. m. Everybody should hear him.

Farmers, whatever else you do, don't fail to come out and see and hear your candidate for governor, S. M. Owen, on Monday next.

John Locken, the farmers candidate for Register of Deeds, is fast making friends wherever he goes. He will roll up a big majority vote.

"1890 Opera Block, Bjoin & Austin" is the inscription, on the new three-story, Main Street block. The block will soon be ready for occupancy.

W. E. McKenzie, the Times man, went to St. Paul on Sunday evening. Maybe the Republican Central Committee wanted to know about that $1,000 offer.

If you want value for your money in the boot and shoe line call at Holmboe's. New goods arriving every week. [14-27]

A. R. Holston, alliance candidate for county attorney, was in the city on Monday, leaving for the north part of the county on Tuesday. He is doing good work.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf [

While other candidates have been busy in the field, Mat. Cornelius has been in the office of County Auditor attending to the public business. The people will take care of him at the polls.

This is the time of year when people begin to think about storm doors and windows and their winter supply of fuel; and most people do a heavier banking business about this time. If they don't they miss it.

The Alliance has engaged the G. A. R. hall in McKinnon block for Monday next for a reception for our next governor, S. M. Owen. The hall will be open from 9 a. m. till 1 p. m. Everybody call and meet Mr. Owen.

Best water white kerosene only 15 cents per gallon at A. Holmboe's, Robert street. [14-27]

T. G. Thompson, J. E. Morissey and Theodore Greenhalgh started for Dakota on Saturday after geesse and you should have seen the flocks that flew over Crookston on Sunday. Guess the boys drove every last goose out of Dakota.

Judge Mills, arrived on Monday, to to try the bond case. The case was postponed untel Wednesday. This case involves the legality of the bonds isued by the city of Crookston, in favor of the Crookston & Northen Railroad Company.

Ladies, you will miss it if you purchase your fall millinery before you call and see Mrs. E. E. Bangs' elegant stock and get prices. She can surprise you in both. You are cordially invited to call at her shop on Second Street and inspect her goods.

Ira DeCamp, well-known to Crookston old timers was in the city last week shaking hands with his many friends here. Ira is running the new Columbia hotel at Fargo, and it is needless to add, that the Columbia is the most popular hotel in Fargo.

W. W. Erwin delivered an eloquent address in the Opera House on Friday evening of last week. The house was filled to overflowing by an enthusiastic audience who cheered the speaker to the echo whenever a good point was made, and many were made. It was quite easy to see that a large majority of the audience was fully in sympathy with the speaker, and the good effects of the speech will be seen on election day.

Our thanks are due to those of our friends who have remembered THE JOURNAL by calling with, or sending in their little subscription. Such little remembrances are very acceptable in these days and are duly appreciated. We trust that all who wish to see a free and open wheat market established will help THE JOURNAL in its efforts to obtain that result. It means at least ten cents per bushel more for wheat to every man who raises wheat.

Alliance Men, Attention !

CROOKSTON, Oct. 17, 1890.

GENTLEMEN:—In the coming election, to by held Tuesday, Nov. 4th, 1890, the committee desire that each Alliance man in his respective town will please see that the following matter shall be attended to and that all other details pertaining to the election shall receive prompt thorough and effective work and attention. First—See that your elections are regular as required by law. Second.—See that every alliance man is registered and casts his ballot on election day. Third.— See that no illegal or fraudulent votes are cast. Fourth.—Appoint your committees and be at each polling place in each town at work for the straight alliance ticket. Fifth.—Be sure and vote yourself. Sixth.—Take your team if you can and get out the full alliance vote. Seventh.—Watch out for split and bogus tickets containing the alliance heading but bearing the names of some of the democrat and republican candidates for state, legislative or county offices. Eighth.—See that the votes are correctly counted and returned. Ninth.—Report the result to E. E. Lommen Chairman Co. Com. Crookston. Report as soon as votes are counted. Tenth.—Hold meetings of your alliance at least twice before the election. By hard work the alliance will score a complete victory over both the old party rings. This fight is the fight of the farmer; now let every alliance man who reads this constitute himself a committee of one to see that his town gives a solid alliance vote. Your county committee leaves this with you and expects that you will use all honorable means to carry your town solid for every man on the alliance ticket from governor to coroner.

Yours Respectfully,
ALLIANCE CO. CENT. COM.

BARLEY.

One of the most successful farmers of this state, after many years observation and experience, has discovered that most of the damage to barley from being colored, is caused by binding while damp from dew or rain. Cutting when perfectly dry has been of great benefit to him. I am prepared to buy or ship in car lots, from any station, advancing cash liberally on shipments and furnish sacks free to handle the grain. Bring in your samples.

D. N. TAYLOR,
Crookston.

Proposals for Bids.

Bids will be received by the Recorder of the village of Red Lake Falls, Minn., until Nov. 3d, 1890, at 12 o'clock m., for drilling a flowing well at the southwest corner of Second street and Champagne avenue in said village. The village to furnish tubing. The same to be paid for in village orders on the general fund. The right is hereby reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated Red Lake Falls, Minn., Oct. 21st, 1890.

[27-28] H. B. DAVIS, Recorder.

Turn out and hear our next governor, S. M. Owen, at the Opera House on Monday next at 2 p. m.

C. A. Severance was up from St. Paul this week. He did not find much consolation from a Merriam stand-point in Polk County.

The opposition is making the biggest fight on those who are doing the best work for the farmers' cause. Stand by your friends and work for them.

K. O. Gigstad was down from St. Hilaire this week. He is of the opinion that the farmers will all vote for their governor, S. M. Owen, and a farmers' legislature.

Iver Krohn intends to visit the old country this coming winter. He will start about the middle of November and may remain away one year. He will take a prominent hand in the election of Owen and a farmers legislature before he goes.

Mat Cornelius, besides being a thorougly educated man is also a farmer and a good one, too. He works his quarter section near the city, and, even under existing circumstances makes it pay. Here is a thoroughbred farmer for you and an A. 1 business man, one, who if elected will be able to do the business properly. He is not and never has been identified with any ring or clique that may have existed nor could he be.

Last week the republicans of McIntosh wanted to get up a big rally, so they advertised that "J. M. Burlingame, alliance candidate for Attorney Gen'l," would speak. This not only shows up some of the despicable means to which politicians resort to carry a point, of which the people of this county complain, but it is an insult to the average intelligence of the farmers. Just as though every farmer in Polk County didn't know who Burlingame is !

John W. Hack Sr. left on Sunday after a pleasant visit of two weeks in our city. He called upon THE JOURNAL one day last week and in conversation about the many improvements going in this summer reminded us of the times in 1878 when he together with Joseph Netzer and John McLean accompanied the writer on his rounds after statistical information as to the improvements for the year. The total footing as published in our issue of June 11th, 1878 numbers $34,000 not one half the money that has been spent in the city in improvements this summer. The addition to the McKinnon block alone will reach more than our total for '78. Mr. Hack is immensely pleased with the start Crookston has taken this summer and predicts that she will become the leading city of Northwestern Minnesota and that too at no very distant day.

A Woman of Mystery.

Mrs. Abbott, the Little Georgia Magnetic Marvel, will appear at the Opera House on Monday evening, Oct. 27th, in modern miracles and new, wonderful and startling tests of her inexplicable phenomenal and mighty force or power. Scientists are baffled and the public astounded. Nothing like it ever seen before, and all alike exclaim: "This is truly something new under the sun." Don't fail to attend and see this, the world's greatest mystery. Prices 35 and 50 cents. Seats can be secured at Tom Morri's jewelry store without extra charge.

The Washington Post of July 25th, 1890, says: "Mrs. Abbott did all that was claimed for her. We can't define her power. Truly it is phenomenal, as there is possitively no sort of physical or muscular force used by her. She is a great wonder.

I. I. Hillestad was down from Fosston on Wednesday looking the situation over.

Mike Leguee is driven with business in the veterinary line now-a-days. Mike cannot be easy while a sick horse remains in the county.

Watch your election precincts. Every kind of dodge known to tricky politicians will probably be tried, but in vain if you are alert to your own interests. Remember, "Eternal vigilance in the prise of liberty," and your liberty in a free and open wheat market depends on the election of S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature. See that no one tampers with your ballots and be sure that all of your friends are at the polls and vote. Look to your own interests.

Farmers, remember that your interests are at stake in this campaign. The ticket that represents your interests you have paid your good hard earned money to place in the field, and if you now neglect to elect your governor and your legislature you lose all you have invested. Not only so, but you still contribute from five to ten cents per bushel to the old system. Five or ten dollars per hundred on your wheat is worth saving. Vote for it on Nov. 4th next.

National Alliance: Mr. Hayseed may be a little thick headed, but after patiently thinking it over, he can't quite see the justice of legislation which permits the government to lend money to the national bank almost free of interest, and in addition to this permits these same banks along with its manufacturers and other capitalists, to fleece him out of the fruits of his toil, and then to add insult to his injury, he is admonished to be more economical if he would prosper.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

FOR ALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

Learning from the Hon. Thos. Wilson and other democratic missionaries that the immediate effect of the "McKinley Tariff Bill" will be to largely increase the cost of tin pans, milk pails, shoes, hosiery, and other items entering into the necessities of the dairyman's life, we have decided to advance the price of milk one cent per quart, and on and after the 20th of October we will sell milk in quantities of one quart and upwards for 5 cents per quart, and one pint or under at 3 cents per pint.

E. D. CHILDS & Co.
C. BAILEY.
C. T. BROWN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET —
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Alwas on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minnesota is, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valles R'ys—(all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station, or write direct to

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent St. Paul.

UNPRECEDENTED RECORD.

THE MINNEAPOLIS TIMES has attained the largest measure of success in the short time it has been before the people of any paper in the Northwest.

Why ? ? ? ? ? ?

Because it is Bright, Newsy, Ably Edited, Fair to all Parties and Gets the News.

Since the first guns of the preliminary campaign in July THE TIMES'

POLITICAL NEWS

has set the pace for its contemporaries. It has gone to the front on its Local News, Market Reports, Telegraphic Specials, Regular Press (Press News) report.

THE TIMES

Is independent politically and prints all the news about politics and candidates, but does not deal in abuse of any man who has the misfortune to run for an office.

A Campaign Offer--The Times 4 Months, $1.00.

THE TIMES will be sent by mail 4 months from October 1st for the sum of $1. Send in your subscriptions now in order to get the benefit of all the news of the present campaign.

THE TIMES,
49 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
—DEALERS IN—
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,
SHELF —AND— HEAVY HARDWARE,
F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS. Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., Crookston.

PETERSON'S 1891
1891 MAGAZINE

50TH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

THE QUEEN OF THE LADIES' MONTHLIES ENLARGED AND GREATLY IMPROVED, MAKING IT MORE DESIRABLE THAN EVER, AND KEEPING IT IN THE LEAD OF THE LADIES' MAGAZINES.

Its fiction is strong and clean. Some of the best-known American writers contribute to its pages, among them Edgar Fawcett, Frank Lee Benedict, Howard Seeley, Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper, Rebecca Harding Davis, Miss M. G. McClelland, Alice Bowman, and Minna Irving.

Historical and Biographical Sketches, with numerous and appropriate illustrations, printed on fine paper, will be given monthly.

In the Fashion department, we aim to combine beauty and utility. The newest and prettiest styles of costume are given with full descriptions, also a monthly dress-pattern sheet. As a fashion magazine, "PETERSON" is universally pronounced as far in the lead of all others.

Numerous designs for needle-work, embroidery, knitting, painting, &c., with designs printed in colors. Articles on the management of the sick, by a trained nurse, household and garden hints, recipes for cooking, and interesting articles on various topics, are given monthly.

The aim of the publishers is to give such variety of contents as will both interest and instruct its readers, and make it a helpful companion to every woman.

TERMS: $2.00 PER YEAR

with large reductions to clubs, and handsome premiums for getting them up.
A sample copy, with full particulars, will be sent for 5 cents.

Address, PETERSON'S MAGAZINE,
306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,
CROOKSTON, MINN.,
Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy
DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,
BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1 00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
54 inch Tricot	35 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30 cents.
" " "	35 "
" " medicated, for 40	"

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket	2 00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

FOR A LIMITED TIME
I WILL SELL AT THE
Astonishing Low Price,
BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.

Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.

Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.

Silve Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50

Silver Pickle castor only, - - - $1:15

Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3.80 per dozen

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

Report of the Condition

—OF—

The Scandia-American Bank of Crookston,

In the State of Minnesota, at the Close of business on the 13th day of October, 1890.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$124,975 00
Due from other banks	26,178 73
Furniture and fixtures	1,501 21
Current expenses and taxes paid	3,856 35
Checks and cash items	596 44
Cash on hand	11,521 52
Total	$168,629 84

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$50,000 00
Undivided profits	14,496 44
Individual deposits subject to check	54,677 81
Demand certificates of deposit	44,056 09
Bills payable	5,500 00
Total	$168,629 84

I, Lewis Ellington, Cashier of the Scandia-American Bank, of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

LEWIS ELLINGTON, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
E. P. PIERCE, } Directors.
O. H. LUCKEN, }

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk, }

Sworn and subscribed to before me this twenty-first day of October, 1890.

{ Notary } ANDREW P. HANSON,
{ Seal. } Notary Public, Polk County, Minn.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

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Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
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Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
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Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
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P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Wherever S. M. Owen goes he makes friends. This is perfectly natural for he is pre-eminently a man of the people.

While S. M. Owen was honorably fighting for his country on southern battle-fields, where was banker Merriam and railroad attorney Wilson? Not on the battle-field by a long chalk.

Arnold R. Holston, alliance candidate for county attorney, was in the city this week on business connected with the alliance work. He is a hustler and if elected the county will be sure of one good worker.

Because W. W. Erwin is telling some solid truths in behalf of the alliance, the cross-roads politician is just now trying to prejudice the farmers against Erwin, hoping thus to make them forget their own wrongs in the market and vote for those who will not try to correct the evils.

Oh yes! Watch my smoke; I am going to give the farmers cheap binding twine, says Billy. So Billy's committee, ignoring American manufacturers of serviceable machines goes to Europe and purchases a machine that the Deerings have tried and found impracticable. He is a healthy old "farmers friend" aint he? That's a "business governor,, for you with a vengance. But the farmers have determined to try Owen and no amount of sophistry will turn them from their purpose.

If Merriam had ever intended that the farmers of Minnesota should ever have cheap binding twine, how is it that his committee has selected a twine machine that has once been proved unfit for working American fibre? Mr. Todd offered to put in an American machine that can work American fibre at about $6,000 less than the European machine costs, and if on trial it was proved incapable of doing the business it should not cost the state a dollar. Does this look like an honest effort to obtain cheap binding twine?

And now the State Chemist condemns our wheat because there are "green kernels in it!" Wonder if he don't know that what few there are will come out of the bin all right in the spring? Anything to down the poor farmers seems to be the popular idea no matter how flimsy. There may be a few green kernels in the wheat, but there are not half so many GREEN VOTERS among the farmers as there once was and the schemers will find that out on Nov. 4th, 1890.

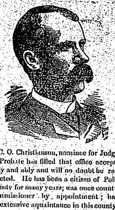
Arny Grundyson, the alliance candidate for sheriff, was in the city this week looking after his fences. Mr. Grundyson is a native of Norway, coming to this country with his parents when a trifle over a year old. He received a lib.ral education and has taught a number of terms of schools, and was for a year deputy sheriff of Polk county. He owns and operates a farm in the town of Sletten. If elected he will be fully capable of attending to the duties of his office.

Do you believe you have been wronged in the wheat market? Then vote for S. M. Owen who will be elected on that issue. Have you not given Wm. R. Merriam a fair trial and has he not proved a failure to remedy existing evils? How can he remedy the evils when he fattens upon them, for it is currently reported that he owns thousands of railroad stocks. It is a patent fact that he is perfectly acceptable to railroads and the elevator system. Vote for your own friend, S. M. Owen.

There is a little campaign sheet at Ada called The Times, which makes the statement that E. E. Lommen is called "the dude candidate, up in Polk County." Now that's too funny for anything, for those who know Mr. Lommen and who know that he is as thorough going a man as Polk county can boast of, but then if they didn't call Lommen a dude, they know that they would have absolutely nothing to bring against him for his character is absolutely irreproachable. Mr. Lommen is no more of a dude than his honorable opponents and the writer of that article must have racked the place where his brains ought to be terribly to find some false charges to bring. Mr. Lommen is the peer of any candidate in the field and he has hosts of friends in many callings whose votes on Nov. 4th will tell what is their opinion of him. That he will be elected then seems to be but little doubt.

Not long ago Mr. Edward Lanctot, one of the prominent French farmers living near Gentilly addressed a meeting of farmers on the subject uppermost in their minds at present—a free and open wheat market. The next issue of the East Grand Forks News contained what it called a synopsis of the speech which was a very silly attempt to belittle the speech by ridicule. Mr. L. says he may be too ignorant to give as finished a speech as the dude writers of the attack upon him probably can decorate but he is not too ignorant to perceive the enormous steals to which he and his brother farmers are subject under the present market system and he is not afraid to stand up and urge his friends to vote for deliverance, the only hope of which is in the alliance cause. It is by such little tricks that the opposition hope to induce farmers to vote against their own interests, but we very much mistake the temper of the farmers if the tricks succeed. The only chance for relief they have is in the election of S. M. Owen for governor.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON.



C. O. Christianson, nominee for Judge of Probate has filled that office acceptably and ably and will no doubt be re-elected. He has been a citizen of Polk county for many years; was once county commissioner by appointment; has an extensive aquaintance in this county, and so well and favorably known that his election is conceded by all. Vote for C. O. Christianson.

"No man can serve two masters." If it is true that Merriam is the friend and ally of monopolists he cannot be such to the poor farmer and laboring man on whose vitals monopoly fattens. S. M. Owen is pre-eminently the poor man's friend, a man who has proved his friendship long before he was a candidate for your suffrage. Vote for S. M. Owen.

Did you notice what a dust the stump speakers are kicking up on the tariff question? And did you ever stop to think that you have a system in your midst that costs you from three to ten cents per bushel at least to maintain? And did you even stop to think what an enormous drain the watered stock system of railroads is upon the resources of the country? Is not the living issue found in these evils? What then is the reason for kicking up such a dust over the tariff if not to try to hide the greater evils that afflict agriculture? That is just what it is for and no other reason. If the railroads and elevator systems can make you think that it is only the tariff that is taking the life out of you then they can keep right on with their nefarious traffic for they dont care a snap which party wins on the tariff issue they are safe in any event. With the alliance party it is different. That party is bound to down every evil that afflicts agriculture and if placed in power will squeeze the railroad watered stock; will regulate the market and pay enough attention to the tariff question. The alliance party is the only one that will pay any attention to watered stock and elevator exactions, therefore it is the plain duty of every man who believes in the upbuilding of the country to vote for S. M. Owen and the leigslative ticket.

Democrats are loudly calling upon farmers who were democrats to vote the straight democratic ticket. But they fail to make it plain how that will help farmers get their rights in the market. Democratic and every other kind of farmer should vote for Owen and the alliance legislative ticket as this is the only party that makes any pretense of securing to the country a free and open market. Farmers vote for your OWN INTERESTS for once in your lives and see how that would seem.

Congressman S. G. Comstock in his first term, has won the reputation of being one of the hardest working members in that body, ever faithful to the interests of his constituents, and his ability to do good work for them is shown in the appropriations, amounting to $730,000, which he got for his district. The only objection that has been made to him is his vote on the McKinley bill, but every candid, reasonable man will at once perceive that in order to obtain anything for his constituents he was obliged to vote with his party. The Hon. Knute Nelson, who made such a record in Congress by voting with the democrats on the Mills bill, made his record for independance, and yet the Mills bill did not entirely suit Mr. Nelson. By voting with the democrats for the bill he was enabled through their strength to put through all of his local bills. We personally know that Mr. Comstock does not agree with every feature of the McKinley bill, but it is a painful fact that one man alone does not control that body, and if Mr. C. had voted against the bill he would have accomplished nothing for his district, yet the bill would have carried just the same. That he is in full accord with Knute Nelson on the tariff question is shown in the fact that Mr. Nelson heartily endorses Mr. Comstock's course in Congress, and urges his friends to support Mr. Comstock for the second term. If Mr. Kittleson should be elected the district would, practically, be without a representative, as he would be practically alone, and even if he was as able a man as Mr. Comstock would from this fact if for no other be unable to pass any measures. Important measures will come up and Mr. Comstock could pass them for us, the other man could not, and the most important question before the voters today is, "Can we afford to be practically without representation for two years?" When we consider the needs of this new district we unhesitatingly say no, we must have a man who can do our business. We think every man who has the best interests of this new country at stake will take the same view, especially as Mr. Comstock is just as much in sympathy with the farmers as any man can be. Let good common horse sense rule in this matter.

And now the Merriam managers are saying to the farmers: "Lo, this great man and that great man advises you to vote for Governor Merriam!" Go to! Are the farmers "voting cattle" that they have to be instructed how to vote? Do they not know that the present "business administration" costs them $5 to $10 per hundred on their wheat to sustain it? Let the great men keep right on advising the farmers, THEY DON'T HAVE TO FOOT THE BILL, but the farmer does, and he proposes to cast his ballot for himself this fall. He intends to vote in his own interests for once in his life, and not "as some big man tells him to!" That is the kind of independent voter the farmer is and the insinuation of the Merriam bosses that the farmer will vote as some big man tells him to is an insult to the average intelligence of the farmer.

From every county in the state comes the cheering intelligence that the farmers are getting in line for Owen, their candidate for Governor, and more than that, from the cities and villages the report comes that Owen will have lots of votes, and it is certain that if the farmers only stand true to their cause their candidate, S. M. Owen, will be the next Governor of Minnesota, but the Merriam party say that the farmers will not be true, that at the last moment they will cowardly surrender their cause and vote to defeat their own interests, but we do not think they will. It is just as true to-day as it was last winter that the farmer cannot get justice in the wheat market under the Merriam inspectors, and he will not be able to if Merriam is re-elected. We can see no reason why the farmers should desert their own leader, S. M. Owen, for a man who cannot or will not at least afford them any relief. Everywhere the people protest against the Merriam regime and the only way to end the farce is to elect S. M. Owen. We are confident if the farmers are true to their own interests this will be done.

Gov. Merriam plumed himself on what he had done to get free twine in Minnesota when he spoke in this city. It now transpires that his committee has bought a foreign machine at a greater cost than an American machine would cost and a machine that the Deerings could not use on American flax. Was this done to defeat cheap twine? It certainly looks that way.

Nelson For Comstock.

Hon. S. G. Comstock spoke at Glenwood, Pope County, on Thursday evening, Oct. 16th. Hon. Knute Nelson was present and also addressed the meeting. Speaking of Mr. Comstock, Mr. Nelson said:

"And now I wish to say a word in behalf of my old friend, Mr. Comstock. Upon retiring from congress, the highest pleasure I ever experienced in my life was that afforded me in introducing there to my associates my friend and successor, Hon. S. G. Comstock. He has ever been a friend to me. We were pioneers together, he coming with a shovel on his shoulder to Moorhead, and I locating in a claim shanty at Alexandria the same year. During the famous Nelson-Kindred campaign he was loyal and true to me, and at that memorable Detroit convention he withstood slungshot, billies and revolvers in defense of the "Little Norwegian." He has served you faithfully and well. He is a man, to use a Southern phrase, who always "totes fair," and my friends in Pope County cannot pay me a higher compliment than by giving him their hearty support."

Mankato Free Press: "For several years the American hog has been boycotted in France and Germany—that is, on the erroneous plea that our pork was deceased, those countries have prohibited its importation.

Some folks are too all-fired particular for any use, it would seem, but this is the first instance we ever heard of where people prefer to eat live pork.

Gov. Merriam and C. K. Davis go about the country on special trains, sometimes carrying a brass band, and yet despite all that parade the Merriam managers are beginning to tumble to the fact that their cause is in extreme danger. They begin to realize that the people are doing a wonderful amount of earnest thinking this year, the result of which will be disastrous to Merriamism.

Bro. Deacon, of the St. Vincent New Era, says: "Polk County will go two to one in favor of Owen." The only fault we find with that statement is its modesty. It should be three to one, at least—but then we ought to be satisfied with the world without demanding a wire fence around it.

Princeton Union: Solomon G. Comstock has developed into an able legislator during the nine months of congress. Well, the entire delegation in Congress has developed and done good work, but the Fifth district congressman is entitled to especial praise for what he has done for his district. Not a single interest to be reached by congressional legislation has been left undone by him, and the benefits of his work will be more apparent as they are felt and become operative.

Comstock up and Doing.

Freeman Enterprise.

Representative Comstock is making a vigorous canvass in the short time which he has had since congress adjourned, and the result is already apparent. Very flattering reports come in from all over the district. St. Louis county, which includes Duluth, and which Whiteman has been claiming to carry in his breeches pocket, is rallying around Comstock and will give him an old-time rousing majority.

When the old-time politician approaches you with the request to vote his ticket, just flash upon him the following:

Farmers' Alliance Platform.

First—We demand the free coinage of gold and silver, and that the silver dollar or silver certificate issued by the government upon the silver bullion shall be legal tender for the payment of all debts, both public and private, thereby restoring silver to it's time honored place in our monetary system under the constitution.

Second—We demand that the government loan money direct to the people upon demand at a low rate of interest and take as security thereof real estate; said amount loaned not to exceed one half of the assessed valuation of said real estate, when free from all incumbrance. We believe American lands are the best security for American money.

Third—We demand that the government establish sub-treasuries for the use of the agricultural districts for the storing of grain, cotton or tobacco, and loan the owners thereof 80 per cent. of the value of all produce that they have in store at 2 per cent. per annum under rules and regulations established by the U. S. government.

Fourth—We demand the repeal of the war-tariff tax, which long has been and is a greivious burden upon the producers of the wealth of the nation and that we favor a tariff upon all articles of luxury only to be imposed to pay the current expenses of the government honestly administered, and that a graduated tax be levied upon all incomes in excess of $2,000 per annum.

Fifth—We demand the continuance of prohibition in the state and favor the national abolition of the liquor traffic.

Sixth—We demand government ownership of all railroads, telegraph lines and coal mines, in the interests of the people.

Seventh—We demand equal suffrage.

Eighth—We demand that our state adopt the Australian system of conducting elections.

Ninth—We demand that the constitution of the United States be so amended that United States Senators, President and Vice-President be elected by the direct vote of the people of each state.

Tell him that no party in existance, except the Alliance party, demands these and all of these things, and it is high time that farmers began to legislate for their own interests. Do not be fooled by specious arguments into voting against your own interests.

The Minneapolis Tribune claims to have discovered that Thos. Wilson intends to resign in favor of S. M. Owen. This is not in accord with rumors that were floating about the streets in St Paul last week which were to the effect that Kelly & Doran had dropped Wilson and that they were doing all they could to elect Merriam. It was also intimated that the old parties have a perfect understanding and if Wilson withdraws it will be in the interest of Merriam. The Tribune claims the deal is with a view to defeat Cush Davis in '92, and then frantically asks the farmers if they will stand that racket? Probably the farmers are not caring very much for the severe attack of nightmare which the Tribune has experienced and they will still insist that S. M. Owen is the only man who cares a tinker's frisket whether they get an open market or not. Bill Merriam certainly does not and a Merriam victory would not be a victory for the farmers.

The Pioneer Press and other papers with monopolistic tendencies are just now trying very hard to convince voters that all the alliance rally is is a trap set by the wily democrats to catch unwary voters. But the Pioneer Press never raised wheat at less than cost and tried to support a family that way; never paid exhorbitant freight rates on account of watered stock and raised wheat at a loss to do it; never raised stock at a loss to support the beef trust; never endured the trials under which the farmers sweat and groan in a vain endeavor to pay that soul killing mortgage and therefore the Pioneer Press knows nothing about the situation or nothing about the object of the alliance. Of what avail to the farmer is party triumph when it brings him no relief? The alliance seeks means to remedy the evils under which agriculture is suffering and will not be influenced by such bugbears as such monopolistic sheets may hatch up. The farmers are not after democratic success, republican success or any other success save only agricultural success. S. M. Owen is the only candidate pledged to this end.

Governor Merriam says that the things that the farmer asks for has already been done by the republican party. The farmer has asked for an equal share in the wheat market. That has not been given. He has asked to be relieved from the pernicious elevator system that has robbed him. That has not been given him and elevator stock is yet gilt edged. He has asked relief from watered stock of railroads; that has not been given him and when you pin the governor right down to facts the only thing he can say that the republican party (that is governor Merriam) has given the farmer when he asked for it was a car or two now and then and that the law gives him; a law passed by a farmers legislature. But just about this time of year politicians and office seekers are very solicitous about the wellfare of the farmer—but it dont last very long after election. Oh yes, the republican party has done everything that the farmer has asked and yet he don't have his rights in the market, so it is about time to try S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature and we will do it.

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McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn.

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In the Fifth Ward.

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AND SEE
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Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

KEEPING STILL
AND
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

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OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
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CALL AND SEE US.

NOW ORGANIZE.

For Work at the Polls. Get Alliance Ballots into the Hands of the People

County and Town Committies see to it that there is no Failure on November 4th

If the Citizens are Supplied with Our Tickets a Majority Will Vote them. God Speed the Holy Cause of Reform.

The Indutrial Age.

We most earnestly call the attention of friends of "The Alliance" to the imperative necessity for thorough work now.

We have no well disiplined party organization to attend to the distribution of ballots.

We have no barrel to furnish funds to pay agents to visit the different voting precints and attend to the work of ballot distribution.

The friends of our great cause must do the work, and begin now.

Many are in sympathy with us who will not declare themselves openly; see that all doubtful voters are cared for.

Select the best men for workers. Don't select men who say "they'll try." Select men who say that they WILL.

Arouse to victorious action! This is no time for slumber. The day of decision draws on apace; let it find us ready for the contest.

Don't trade; traffic in principle is devil's work. Stand by the state ticket. All the powers of plutocracy are combining to compass the defeat of Owen.

An Alliance governor in the State house will cause such a scattering of thieves as has not been witnessed since Christ drove the money changers from the temple.

The capitol at St. Paul is "the temple of a commonwealth's liberty," but it has been invaded by the representatives of a new feudalism. Let us cleanse it from their deflements and establish there the shrine of economic freedom, make it the ark of a just political covenant, whereby God shall be justified to his children, and we learn to know Him as our Father, and ourselves as members of one universal family.

Our fight is for human rights and for justice in law. We have had Cains to slay us, and we may have a Judas to betray us; but we have also brothers to redeem us, and "the day of the Lord draweth nigh."

Act as men inspired and forgetful of self, "seek all the common good."

The thrones of iniquity are already trembling and refuge is sought behind the old barricades of falsehood, but "Their lies shall become rent cobwebs in the torturing glare of Truth.

True to our God, to our convictions of right, and to each other. Now, altogether far the last supreme struggle, for behold, the land is already gray with the morning light of a better day.

WHO IS OWEN.

The Record of the Alliance Candidate for Governor of Minnesota.

To the Editor of Minneapolis Journal.

The above question is frequently asked and here is the answer. S. M. Owen was born in 1836 in a little log house among the timber of Huron County, Ohio. He was a plucky, hard working lad, helping his father level the trees and convert them into ashes and potash for sale. His father had a little country store. The son became its manager, securing a half interest and moving it 10 miles to a railroad station. In 1866 Mr. Owen moved to Toledo and engaged in the wholesale notion and fancy dry good business; in 1873 took a position in charge of the white good department of O. R. Keith & Co., Chicago, at $3,500 a year, during which time his brother started the Farm, Stock & Home in Minneapolis, which has become the leading agricultural paper west of Chicago. M. Owen had always been a great student of political economy and kindred questions. As a magazine writer on such topics he had won high reputation. The Chicago Tribune and like journals had repeatedly interviewed him on the business situation and other topics, adopting his clear views, oral and written, and publishing them editorially. His first contribution to Farm, Stock & Home, sent here from Chicago, was an article in favor of a readjustment and reduction of the tariff.

Mr. Owen has been an uncompromising antagonist of the evils of stock watering by railroad companies which have sought to earn dividends on fictitious valuations, and is one of the staunchest friends in the state of the farmers' institute and of such methods in agricultural education in connection with the agricultural department of the university as shall produce practical results and tend to educate for the farm instead of away from it. He is an able and conscientious man dignified and courteous in his bearing, a forcible witer and a vigorous and independent thinker, with views upon public questions that command a respectful hearing.

R. S. T.

For Sale Cheap.
My house and lot on the corner of Houston and Hurlbut streets on easy terms, or, will rent to family who will take good care of and keep up the place.
[18-tf] J. W. HACK.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 23, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:20 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:35 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:20 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight,	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave.	Arrive.
10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m

Farmers Prosperity.

Farm, Stock and Home.

That man should not be proud of his abiliy to comprehend the magnitude o the problem of to day who judges of existing conditions by those things that come under his personal observation in his own immediate neighborhood. For instance, some writers see farmers of their acquaintance making money, with more or less rapidity, and at once jump at the inference that all farmers are not only making money, but are making it in very liberal quantities, and so reach the conclusion that our systems and conditions are all right. It is only the most superficial thinker who so reasons. General results must be considered if the real effect of universal conditions is to be ascertained; and all oppressive forces must be considered if we are to determine whether the farmer is enjoying that degree of prosperity which his natural environments entitle him to. That very many of our farmers are slowly getting ahead is undeniable; but that they are getting ahead as rapidly as they should is disproven by the existence of systems and forces that are unjustly taking from them a large share of the fruits of their toil. That the farmer is not yet a pauper is true, but that he is being rapidly pauperized who can doubt after studying the figures given elsewhere in this issue? It is unwise to ignore the significance of those figures; while to do so in the interest of a political party is both unpatriotic and unsafe.

Government Railroad.

Farm, Stock and Home.

It is astonishing how rapidly the belief is growing than the only solution to the railroad problems of the day is government ownership and control of the roads. Public speakers notice this and freely comment upon it. Whenever that sentiment is uttered hearty and prolonged applause follows, no matter whether the audiences are composed of business men, farmers, mechanics or railroad employes. This is as it should be, for no more important or serious problem was ever presented to an intelligent people than this same railroad problem. When the scores of fortunes, ranging from one to one hundred millions each, which have been made from railroads during the past quarter of a century, are considered, the terrible drains they have been, and still are, on the productive industries of the land, appears in all its horrible reality. That the drain must be stopped is self-evidont, and the only way to do it is througe ultimate government ownership now appears undeniable. If the country could be relieved from the wealth-centralizeing influences of present railroad management it would bound into sudden and properly diversified prosperity; a belief in the truth of this proposition is filling the minds of men, and with that belief comes a longing for release from the hampering tethers that now forbid the bound; hence the growth of the government railroad sentiment. The next great forward step this nation will take is along the road herewith suggested, and it will be a step in the interest of all the people.

According to the calculations of the astute Pioneer Press, "the enemy" (the farmers,) will carry the southern half of the state, and "the enemy" has the north half nearly solid, and yet it says "Merriam will carry the state by 15,000 at least." How it can reconcile "the enemy" sufficiently to accomplish the latter we fail to see clearly.

Mathias Cornelius, the present deputy auditor, was born in Norway. Was educated in a German college, was clerk in a mercantile establishment four years. Upon his arrival in this country his first job was in Minneapolis where he was called as an expert bookkeeper in a very intricate case. After a successful termination of his labors in that case he went into the German American bank of St. Paul, which place he resigned to accept an offer from John Christianson, who was talking of going over to the old country and wanted to employ a good man in the auditor's office while away. Before he started for Crookston, he saw in a newspaper the account of Christianson's sudden death; however, as he had arranged to come, he came, and soon after found employment as clerk for Fontaine & Anglim, with whom he remained two years. He has had about 9 years experience in the auditor's office and is perfectly familiar with the business. Mat does not "chin" much but he is a safe man to tie to in business matters.

Some newspaper men are so hot for boodle themselves that they can explain the actions of others only upon the boodle theory, and so it is that the Red Lake Falls News accuses THE JOURNAL of espousing the cause of the farmers

FOR BOODLE!

What a picnic we must be having, for it is a well known fact that the wheat rings have left the farmers with unlimited wealth at their command to buy newspapers with. The News seems envious because the farmers saw fit to "buy up" THE JOURNAL instead of the News. Well, we can't help it. We always did give the farmers credit for eminent good sense, anyhow. The News is raking Holston over the coals, hoping thus to defeat him, but then that is to be expected, for Holston recently obtained a $1,000 judgment against the News and moreover the News seems lately to have taken the contract to defeat the farmers in their efforts to obtain an open wheat market. Joinnd the Pioneer Press gang who calls the farmers "the enemy!" THE JOURNAL does not believe that is the way to build up this country. When the farmers are prosperous every business interest thrives, and their rights in the market is the real, living issue in this campaign.

Replying to several letters we have received this week we would say that THE JOURNAL seeks the best interests of Polk County in this campaign, and when we are asked to support any man whom we know to be notoriously incompetent we cannot do it, for it is not to the interest of Polk County to elect such men, either in county, state or congressional offices. THE JOURNAL urges its readers to be independent, but not bigoted in this matter. To vote for a man you know cannot do your business satisfactorily, simply because he happens to be on your ticket is not independence, but bigotry. It is this that has caused so much harm in the past and will ever continue to do so. Vote for your own interests and for the men who can best subserve them. If you were going to hire a man to run your farm or conduct a store for you, you would not for a moment think of hiring an incompetent man who knew nothing of the business in hand. Apply the same rule to hiring your public servants for public matters are fully as important as private.

"Held By The Enemy!"

That is the way the Pioneer Press describes the situation in Yellow Medicine County, where it says the ALLIANCE is in the majority! And it has come to pass that the farmer, who is simply striving to obtain his just rights in the market, is called

"THE ENEMY"

by the leading Merriam organ of the State! Having been robbed of his just share of the profits for these years that the elevator system is in vogue, now, when he has arisen in his might to demand his rights, he is called "The Enemy!" by a paper that has been built up by the agricultural interests of the State. The object of the farmer is to place agriculture upon an even footing with other business interests, so that the farmer can retain his just share of the products of his toil, thus enabling him to pay his debts like other business men and enjoy with his family some of the comforts of life, but when he attempts this the great Pioneer Press arrays itself against him and calls him "THE ENEMY." The farmer is the enemy only to trusts, to monopolies, to oppression in every form, and the Press hastens to ally itself with all these by calling the farmer "THE ENEMY!" And it tries to leave the impression on the minds of its readers that it is the mouthpiece of the great republican party. The farmers are in the fight for a principle—one that will benefit all of the people of the State and the Pioneer Press seems to be in it merely to win a party triumph—something that benefits only a few.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Money to Loan

On More Reasonable and Better Terms than Ever Before Offered in the Northwest.

We are now prepared to loan money in any amount from $250 up to $10,000 on well improved farms where title has been perfected, and U. S. patent is on record or has been issued.

Our terms are 8 per cent. interest, with a small commission to cover expenses and cost of making the loan.

Where the security is satisfactory we can make loans for five or any greater number of years, interest payable annually on the first day of January, and will allow the borrower, after two years, to pay any part of the principal, in sums of $100 or upwards on any interest day named in his notes. So much for straight loans.

We are the agents for the Union Central Life Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a company of great strength, and a public record for probity and fair dealing unsurpassed; and can write life insurance in connection with loans with great profit and advantage to the borrower, which, taken in connection with the loan for ten years, pays the loan by yearly payments, which is more fully shown by the following statement: A, aged 25 years, of sound health, applies for a loan of $1,000 on his farm, at the same time he applies for $1,000 insurance on the 10 years annual payment stock-endowment plan. He pays as follows:

Each year on his insurance	$88 44
Each year on his loan for interest	80 00
Total yearly payments	$ 168 44
Total for ten years	1684 40

which pays up for the insurance, and the insurance pays the loan in full.

If the borrower dies during the ten years his insurance becomes payable and due at once and pays his loan in full, leaving his farm clear and free of all encumbrances, for his family.

NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

If the borrower effects a loan of $1,000 on the plan usually followed, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per cent. and may be stated as follows:

$1,000 for five years, annual interest	$ 100 00
At the end of the loan he pays interest in the sum of	500 00
When the loan is due he pays	1000 00
Principal and interest paid in 5 years	1500 00

As much within $184.40 as he pays in ten years with insurance with us.

If he makes such a loan for ten years he pays:

Interest	$1000 00
Principal at end of 10 years	1000 00
Total	$2000 00

or $315.60 more than he would pay with us; besides on the 10 per cent. plan he is not insured against death, and if he dies during the life of the loan the "Old Detestable Mortgage" still hangs over the heads of his defenceless wife and children.

Call on or address,

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Nov, 12, 1889. Crookston, Minn.
[30-48]

UNPRECEDENTED RECORD.

THE MINNEAPOLIS TIMES has attained the largest measure of success in the short time it has been before the people of any paper in the Northwest.

Why? ? ? ? ? ?

Because it is Bright, Newsy, Ably Edited, Fair to all Parties and Gets the News.

Since the first guns of the preliminary campaign in July THE TIMES'

POLITICAL NEWS

has set the pace for its contemporaries. It has gone to the front on its Local News, Market Reports, Telegraphic Specials, Regular Press (Press News) report.

THE TIMES

Is independent politically and prints all the news about politics and candidates, but does not deal in abuse of any man who has the misfortune to run for an office.

A Campaign Offer--The Times 4 Months, $1.00.

THE TIMES will be sent by mail 4 months from October 1st for the sum of $1. Send in your subscriptions now in order to get the benefit of all the news of the present campaign.

THE TIMES,
49 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

[First publication Oct. 16th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Millie Doaye, executrix of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law:

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 11th day of November, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[26-28]

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim,	K. D. Chase,	R. D. Childs
Geo. O. Erskine,	B. B. Northrop,	A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh,	John Moore,	W. H. Crosby
	Chas. E. Sawyer.	

Ex Governor A. R. McGill spoke at the agricultural fair in Murray County, not long ago and among other things said:

"In Minnesota the power of the farmer predominates. His influence for good or bad will mark the state for a thousand years. That it will be exercised for the best, I cannot doubt. Our farmers exceed 100,000 in numbers—more than one-third of the voting population of the state. By co-operative action your power is almost complete. You can control and regulate public affairs as you will. I believe you desire honesty in public station and economy in the administration of the burdens of taxation and that the poor man be at all times accorded the same opportunites to fill positions of trust and responsibility as the rich. In this all good citizens everywhere will agree with you. There should be no aristocracy in public office, and certainly no discrimination against the poor man. Merit alone must be the test of fitness if we would build up a stong government for a strong and self-reliant people. Any other proposition is degrading and demoralizing. A republican form of government is better than all others when pure and upright; but when thoroughly corrupt it becomes the worst. God grant that here in the North Star-state we may never have reason to regret the liberties handed down to us through brave and heroic sacrifices of the fathers of the republic. It is the duty of every voter to take an interest and a hand in public matters. This duty is imposed by our form of government. You are the rulers. Those who fill the offices are but your servants. Put none but true men on duty—honest fearless, upright men whom you can trust. If you neglect to exercise your duty in the nomination and election of public officers, you have no right to complain if things go wrong. I, for one, do not feel frightened when I see farmers taking a hand in public affairs—it is an omen for good. When they stay at home and sulk, and refuse to perform their duties as electors, then there is cause of apprehension. You are masters of the situation. Combined and working in harmony you can control the destinies of the state. Let this great power be used in the name of justice and wisdom. "Oh, it is excellent to have a giant's strength, but tyrannous to use it like a giant."

Shipping Facilities Refused Farmers.

Editor of the Daily News.

McIntosh, Minn., Oct. 11.—The Pioneer Press of Sept. 30 published a Duluth special, headed: "Cars Not Refused." The article is very misleading, and that part of it referring to the refusal to furnish cars at McIntosh is an infernal lie. The agent at McIntosh positively refused to furnish cars for wheat to be consigned to Duluth up to Sept. 30, and he also refused to accept wheat consigned to Minneapolis commission firms. Kicking at this end was useless. The agent knew it all, and swore by all that was good that he was simply following his instructions, and until the matter was brought to the attention of the commission men it was impossible to get satisfaction.

It is impossible for many of the farmers tributary to this station to comply with the twenty-four-hour rule, or even to load a car between trains, which run only three times a week on this line, so they organized a stock company with a capital stock of 10,000 for the purpose of building a farmers' elevator. An application for a site was made to the Great Northern, and a very favorable reply was received, but the further action was postponed and delayed until it was thought that the matter would be quietly dropped on account of the lateness of the season, when, upon being pressed for an answer one way or the other, they positively refused to grant us a site upon their right of way. The farmers are thoroughly organized here and they understand full well why the Merriam delegates to the Republican State Convention received free passes "and expenses" and a liberal supply of spending money. Nor will they be fooled by the oily promises of the sleek agents of the railroad company, who are scouring this section of the country. They know what they want and they will have it, or they will boycott the railroad in every possible manner.

Yours for the right.

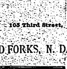
C. T. LANMAN.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS, ORGANS



WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

DRS STARKEY & PALEN'S

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently, over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—
NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST-BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent. St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Minn

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Hunting, Fishing.	Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	G. N. R. L.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper;

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert t., Crookston.

To The Farmer's Alliance of of Polk Co. Minn.

GENTLEMEN:—The farmers and workingmen of Minnesota in general and of Polk County in particular have arisen in their might to shake off the burdens that monopolists, usurers and corrupt machine politicians have placed upon them. As a first step to that end, the farmers and laborers have declared their independence of the democratic and republican parties both of which have deserted the principles of their founders and are now ruled, controlled and run by the monopolists and for the monopolists, while the interests, the wants and the needs of the people are neglected. A full Farmers Alliance State, Congressional, Legislative and County ticket has been placed in the field and a victory for the Alliance means the control of the State and county affairs by the people. Besides and furthermore this movement is but the advance guard of a great reform party which, in 1892 will sweep the nation from Maine to California, and place in the Presidential chair a man of the people. Monopoly will be dethroned and the reign of the plutocrats will end, and again we will have restored to the masses a government of the people, by the people and for the people.

Your candidates are mostly poor men like yourselves; your leaders are without money or means and are now pitted againts the birelings of monopoly, and are fighting for your interests the most desperate political battle ever waged upon the soil of Minnesota. Defeat means ruin to your leaders, increased taxes to you and the filling of your offices with the tools of your oppressors. It means that interest, taxes, freight rates and tariff will be high and that your wheat will still pay tribute to the elevator pirates; success means the abolition of these iniquitous robberies now being so successfully practiced upon the farmers and in fact upon all the poor or middle-classes of whatsoever profession, calling or trade, for nearly all the poor people in the city who feel the sting of poverty and wear the yoke of monopoly more galling than the one which our lawmakers and office-holders have placed around the necks of the farmers. Your County Committees are willing to work, but to send our speakers and campaign literature requires money. "We must educate or must perish."

Many towns and villages are without alliance organizations; these can and must be organized before the election if we would win. To organize means expense. Will the farmers furnish the money to fight their own battle? We do not want a corruption fund but we do want money for the purpose of paying the necessary expenses for organization, speaking and campaign documents. We have no candidate with a barrel; we cannot call upon the rich for contributions—their money is being spent by the enemy to defeat us and elect the hirelings of plutocracy. You farmers, you individually, are the men to pay these campaign expenses. We want every farmer in Polk county to give somthing—be it little or much. If you cannot contribute much give all you can. Let those better fixed give their dollars and the poorer their quarters. Remember every cent given will come back a hundred fold. Call an alliance meeting at once for the purpose. Give all that you can, personally or from the alliance funds, and have your secretary forward the amount to E. E. Lommen, the chairman of the County Central Committee, Crookston, Minn. You will get a receipt for your money sent and the committee will account to your alliance for the manner in which every cent so contributed is spent. Do not delay but send in at once.

E. E. LOMMEN, T. H. NESSETH,
MARTIN RANDKLEV, ANTON LINDON,
J. B. MERRILL, CHRIS HANSON,
CHRIS HOUSTON, SWAN ANDERSON,
A. P. TOUPIN, J. A. BRYSON
JOSEPH ROBERTON.

Alliance Co. Central Com.
Crookston, Minn., Sept. 16th, 1890.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

Second Street,

CROOK STON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor. of Broadway and Third Sts.,

CROOKSTON, MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 30, 1890. NO. 28

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 [illegible]	[illegible] 50	20 [illegible]
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	15 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	[illegible]	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscription, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

INDEPENDENT
Republican Ticket.

For Governor,
S. M. OWEN,
Of Hennepin County.

For Lieut. Governor,
J. O. BARRET,
Of Traverse County.

For Secretary of State,
FRED P. BROWN,
Of Faribault County.

For Auditor of State,
PETER J. MCGUIRE,
Of Polk County.

For State Treasurer,
JOSEPH COBLETTER,
Of Brown County.

For Attorney General,
MOSES E. CLAPP,
Of Ottertail County.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
CHARLES P. HOLCOMB,
Of Washington County.

CONGRESSIONAL.
For Member of Congress,
SOLOMON G. COMSTOCK,
Of Clay County.

LEGISLATIVE.
For Senator,
E. E. LOMMEN, of Polk County.
For Representatives,
B. M. CHESLEY, of Norman County.
ANDREW THOMSON, of Norman County.
WM. CARLTON, of Polk County.

COUNTY TICKET.
For County Auditor,
C. U. WEBSTER.
For County Treasurer,
JOHN T. BEAUDRY.
For Sheriff,
ARNE GRUNDYSON.
For Clerk of the District Court,
NELS MUUS.
For Judge of Probate,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON.
For Register of Deeds,
JOHN H. LOCKEN.
For County Attorney,
A. B. HOLSTON.
For County Supt. of Schools,
E. J. GREFTHEN.
For County Surveyor,
C. L. HAWERY.
For County Coroner,
DR. MCEACHRAN
County Com.—2d District,
A. O. STORTROEN.
County Com.—4th District,
CYPRIEN DEMERS.

Polk County will cast a tremendous vote for Owen. Mark the prediction.

Owen will have a large vote in the big cities. If the country does its duty he will be elected. A triumph for the common public.

Owen has no money to buy the venal press or voters but the people are behind him and he will be elected.

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Solid Against Merriam.

Duluth Times.

Some of the good friends, Republican friends, of the Times who oppose William R. Merriam for Governor of Minnesota, and who have noted with a great deal of interest the fight of The Times against his re-election, have asked in the past day or two if the attitude of this paper had changed towards the man who now occupies the gubernatorial chair. To these friends The Times can only say that it has not. It has opposed Gov. Merriam from the beginning of the campaign and will until the end, and it advises all the Republicans of Duluth who are indignant that such a candidate should be the leader of their party, to keep up their opposition to him until the polls close, whatever be the result. He is no no man to be Governor of Minnesota, he is no man to be the leader of the Republican party, and the sooner such as he are consigned to political death the better for Minnesota and for the party.

Gov. Merriam plumed himself on what he had done to get free twine in Minnesota when he spoke in this city. It now transpires that his committee has bought a foreign machine at a greater cost than an American machine would cost and a machine that the Deering could not use on American flax. Was this done to defeat cheap twine? It certainly looks that way.

Simon Pure Republican.

Minneapolis Times.

The Litchfield Independent is what its name implies, a thoroughly independent Republican paper. It has convictions and the courage. Replying to a carping contemporary, it says:

The Ledger objects to our designating the St. Paul News and the Minneapolis Times as Republican journals. Will the Ledger be kind enough to give us a list of the simon pure Republican papers of Minnesota? If all are excluded that denounce the boodle methods of the Republican clique that now controls the party in this state, the list will not be large, and will be made up largely of men with Merriam or Harrison collars around their necks.

The merely partisan sheet that regards allegiance to the machine and servile obedience to the party managers as its highest duty, ordinarily has no more conception of political morality or principle than a deaf man has of music. Their idea of what constitutes Republicanism is essentially narrow and immoral. It is that no paper can be Republican, or is entitled to the Republican name, that refuses to support a corrupt, incompetent and otherwise unfit Republican nominee, or endorse venal and dishonest combination, and methods. Of course it is absolutely useless to expect such a paper to recognize until it is too late—that the best chance—if not the sole chance—of continued Republican control, is to make Republicanism identical with the most earnest convictions and the more courage of good citizens. The Republican party in Minnesota has enjoyed a long lease of power, it has had a splendid record and has brought forward great and good men; but W. R. Merriam is not one of them. Its decline and overthrow are sure unless it becomes by a happy fortune once more the fearless representative of living principles and a definite policy. This it can never become under the leadership of men of the Merriam type. Indeed, the nomination of such a man is the most conclusive proof that the party has fallen away from its former high estate, and that its self constituted leaders have turned their backs upon its high ideals.

It will be urged that at its worst the Republican party, is better than the Democratic party, with its hideous record. But, clearly, it is not enough to maintain the party supremacy that it is no worse than others and that others are no better than itself. That is no reason for supporting a party. Politics is something more than a choice between a rascal and a knave. We are confronted at this moment in this state with questions of the utmost significance to society, to labor, to our agricultural and industrial interests, to the prosperity and good name of the state. They cannot be dealt with by charlatans and boodlers and cowards. They are not to be evaded by the stale tricks of false alarms, by the shouting of party shibboleths, or obsolete appeal to party loyalty. When a disgraceful nomination is thrust upon the party, when Republican are threatened with party ostracization if they refuse to support a notorious corruptionist for the highest state office, it is worst possible treachery to the Republican party and Republican principles to tamely accept the situation and support the tainted ticket. It is this servility to party leaders, this slavish obedience to the machine that breeds political corruption, and poisons the foundations of government. The truest loyalty to the Republican party lies in most outspoken and earnest opposition to the machine-despotism which has the effrontery to foist its own venal and corrupt instrument upon the party, and demand that they be supported because they were "regularly nominated." That is sim mpure Republicanism.

Owen Can Be Elected.

St. Paul News.

Owen can be elected.

Reports from all over the State show that instead of a backward there is a forward movement in behalf of the Alliance.

The efforts of the old parties and particularly the Merriamites to wheedle Alliance men into the support of the old party tickets, is proving a lamentable failure.

The Alliance has victory in its grasp. If it fails it will be its own fault.

When the movement was inaugurated we do not suppose any one anticipated it had prospect of success other than by indirection,—that is by polling a sufficient vote to command respect from the old parties, and bring one or the other to their platform as a matter of self-defense, but circumstances have now changed, and especially during the past month, until it can be candidly and confidently stated, that Mr. Owen's chance to-day is, to put it exceedingly moderate and modest, equal to that of either Merriam or Wilson.

The most tremendous efforts by party pleas and the use of money will be made to whip the members of the Alliance into the support of Merriam.

We confess to have had some doubts as to whether such efforts might not be successful, but reports we now receive indicate that they cannot be.

And why should they be successful?

Why should an earnest, sincere member of the Alliance party betray it because he formerly belonged to an organization by another name?

What does party name signify in comparison with the doctrines of a party which will rob the producing and industrial classes?

That is the issue, and while we do not say as a positive prediction that Mr. Owen will be the next Governor of Minnesota, we do say in all candor and sincerity, that if the Alliance organization and its supporters both in and out of the organization, stand by their guns, his success is sure.

The responsibility for failure, if it comes, will rest upon the Alliance and its friends themselves.

They have only to stand firm and their initial success in Minnesota will prove the greatest political triumph this country has ever seen.

When the old-time politician approaches you with the request to vote his ticket, just flash upon him the following:

Farmers' Alliance Platform.

First—We demand the free coinage of gold and silver, and that the silver dollar or silver certificate issued by the government upon the silver bullion shall be legal tender for the payment of all debts, both public and private, thereby restoring silver to it's time honored place in our monetary system under the constitution.

Second—We demand that the government loan money direct to the people upon demand at a low rate of interest and take as security thereof real estate; said amount loaned not to exceed one half of the assessed valuation of said real estate, when free from all incumbrance. We believe American lands are the best security for American money.

Third—We demand that the government establish sub-treasuries for the use of the agricultural districts for the storing of grain, cotton or tobacco, and loan the owners thereof 80 per cent. of the value of all produce that they have in store at 2 per cent. per annum under rules and regulations established by the U. S. government.

Fourth—We demand the repeal of the war-tariff tax, which long has been and is a greivious burden upon the producers of the wealth of the nation and that we favor a tariff upon all articles of luxury only to be imposed to pay the current expenses of the government honestly administered, and that a graduated tax be levied upon all incomes in excess of $2,000 per annum.

Fifth—We demand the continuance of prohibition in the state and favor the national abolition of the liquor traffic.

Sixth—We demand government ownership of all railroads, telegraph lines and coal mines, in the interests of the people.

Seventh—We demand equal suffrage.

Eighth—We demand that our state adopt the Australian system of conducting elections.

Ninth—We demand that the constitution of the United States be so amended that United States Senators, President and Vice-President be elected by the direct vote of the people of each state.

Tell him that no party in existance, except the Alliance party, demands these and all of these things, and it is high time that farmers began to legislate for their own interests. Do not be fooled by specious arguments into voting against your own interests.

The Pioneer Press and other papers with monopolistic tendencies are just now trying very hard to convince voters that all the alliance rally is is a trap set by the wily democrats to catch unwary voters. But the Pioneer Press never raised wheat at less than cost and tried to support a family that way; never paid exhorbitant freight rates on account of watered stock and raised wheat at a loss to do it; never raised stock at a loss to support the beef trust; never endured the trials under which the farmers sweat and groan in a vain endeavor to pay that soul killing mortgage and therefore the Pioneer Press knows nothing about the situation or nothing about the object of the alliance. Of what avail to the farmer is party triumph when it brings him no relief? The alliance seeks means to remedy the evils under which agriculture is suffering and will not be influenced by such bugbears as such monopolistic sheets may hatch up. The farmers are not after democratic success, republican success or any other success save only agricultural success. S. M. Owen is the only candidate pledged to this end.

C. O. Christianson, nominee for Judge of Probate has filled that office acceptably and ably and will no doubt be reelected. He has been a citizen of Polk county for many years; was once county commissioner by appointment; has an extensive aquaintance in this county, and so well and favorably known that his election is conceded by all. Vote for C. O. Christianson.

Attention, Alliance Officers.

Some of the secretaries fail to do their duty by neglecting to report the names of members, the number, etc., to the County Secretary, Nels Muus, of Fertile, Minn. Those who have not done so, do so at once. Don't delay this matter any longer; the officers should do their duty and do it at once. Let every alliance hold weekly meetings from now until the election, and let every voter attend these meetings, as the time is short before election. Hold your meetings often from now on. It would be best where there are many farmers or workingmen in a town who are not members of the alliance to organize an alliance club, as many will join an alliance club who would not, or who cannot join the farmers' alliance.

NELS MUUS.
Sec. County Alliance.

Organize Alliance Clubs.

Organize an alliance club in every village in the county, and in every township except those where every man, or almost every man, belongs to the farmers' alliance, as you will get men in who would not otherwise be with you. For a constitution for an alliance club, and how to organize, address D. E. Hatlestad, Atty. at Law, Crookston, Minn. Clubs of this kind have already been organized in Crookston and Red Lake Falls. Organize well; get every man in the town to join you. We want to see an alliance club in every town in the county before October 10th. Don't wait for some one else to take hold of this matter, but do it yourselves. Go at it now, every man who wants Owen elected.

Taen Up.

Six Pigs. Owner can have them by calling on Chas. P. Bailey, 5th ward, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

The Pioneer Press says "it looks very black in several counties in southeast Minnesota." By this statement it means that the people are determined to vote for themselves once in their lives, at which the monopolistic Pioneer Press frets and fumes like an old hag. But its howls are significant of the coming storm in which the voice of the people will be heard in unmistakable tones demanding justice.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.
Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
And Institute of Short Hand,
Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 30, 1890. NO. 28

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch.....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch.....	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	12 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	40 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	50 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

INDEPENDENT Republican Ticket.

For Governor,
S. M. OWEN,
Of Hennepin County.
For Lieut. Governor,
J. O. BARRET,
Of Traverse County.
For Secretary of State,
FRED P. BROWN,
Of Faribault County.
For Auditor of State,
PETER J. MCGUIRE,
Of Polk County.
For State Treasurer,
JOSEPH BOBLETTER,
Of Brown County.
For Attorney General,
MOSES E. CLAPP,
Of Ottertail County.
For Clerk of the Supreme Court,
CHARLES P. HOLCOMB,
Of Washington County.

CONGRESSIONAL.
For Member of Congress,
SOLOMON G. COMSTOCK,
Of Clay County.

LEGISLATIVE.
For Senator,
E. E. LOMMEN, of Polk County.
For Representatives,
B. M. CHESLEY, of Norman County.
ANDREW THOMPSON, of Norman County.
WM. CARLTON, of Polk County.

COUNTY TICKET.
For County Auditor,
C. U. WEBSTER.
For County Treasurer,
JOHN T. BEAUDRY.
For Sheriff,
ARNE GRUNDYSON.
For Clerk of the District Court,
NELS MUUS.
For Judge of Probate,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON.
For Register of Deeds,
JOHN H. LOCKEN.
For County Attorney,
A. R. HOLSTON.
For County Supt. of Schools,
E. J. GREFTHEN.
For County Surveyor,
C. L. HAMERY.
For County Coroner,
DR. MCEACHRAN.
County Com.—2d District,
A. O. STORTROEN.
County Com.—4th District,
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Solid Against Merriam.

Duluth Times.

Some of the good friends, Republican friends, of the Times who oppose William R. Merriam for Governor of Minnesota, and who have noted with a great deal of interest the fight of The Times against his re-election, have asked in the past day or two if the attitude of this paper had changed towards the man who now occupies the gubernatorial chair. To these friends The Times can only say that it has not. It has opposed Gov. Merriam from the beginning of the campaign and will until the end, and it advises all the Republicans of Duluth who are indignant that such a candidate should be the leader of their party to keep up their opposition to him until the polls close, whatever be the result. He is no man to be the Governor of Minnesota, he is no man to be the leader of the Republican party, and the sooner such as he are consigned to political death the better for Minnesota and for the party.

Gov. Merriam plumed himself on what he had done to get free twine in Minnesota when he spoke in this city. It now transpires that his committee [illegible] an American machine would [illegible] a machine that the Deering [illegible] American flax. Was this done to defeat cheap twine? It certainly looks that way.

Simon Pure Republican.

Minneapolis Times.

The Litchfield Independent is what its name implies, a thoroughly independent Republican paper. It has convictions and the courage. Replying to a carping contemporary, it says:

The Ledger objects to our designating the St. Paul News and the Minneapolis Times as Republican journals. Will the Ledger be kind enough to give us a list of the simon pure Republican papers of Minnesota? If all are excluded that denounce the boodle methods of the Republican clique that now controls the party in this state, the list will not be large, and will be made up largely of men with Merriam or Harrison collars around their necks.

The merely partisan sheet that regards allegiance to the machine and servile obedience to the party managers as its highest duty, ordinarily has no more conception of political morality or principle than a deaf man has of music. Their idea of what constitutes Republicanism is essentially narrow and immoral. It is that no paper can be Republican, or is entitled to the Republican name, that refuses to support a corrupt, incompetent and otherwise unfit Republican nominee, or endorse venal and dishonest combination, and methods. Of course it is absolutely useless to expect such a paper to recognize until it is too late—that the best chance—if not the sole chance—of continued Republican control, is to make Republicanism identical with the most earnest convictions and the more courage of good citizens. The Republican party in Minnesota has enjoyed a long lease of power, it has had a splendid record and has brought forward great and good men; but W. R. Merriam is not one of them. Its decline and overthrow are sure unless it becomes by a happy fortune once more the fearless representative of living principles and a definite policy. This it can never become under the leadership of men of the Merriam type. Indeed, the nomination of such a man is the most conclusive proof that the party has fallen away from its former high estate, and that its self constituted leaders have turned their backs upon its high ideals.

It will be urged that at its worst the Republican party, is better than the Democratic party, with its hideous record. But, clearly, it is not enough to maintain the party supremacy that it is no worse than others and that others are no better than itself. That is no reason for supporting a party. Politics is something more than a choice between a rascal and a knave. We are confronted at this moment in this state with questions of the utmost significance to society, to labor, to our agricultural and industrial interests, to the prosperity and good name of the state. They cannot be dealt with by charlatans and boodlers and cowards. They are not to be evaded by the stale tricks of false alarms, by the shouting of party shibboleths, or obsolete appeal to party loyalty. When a disgraceful nomination is thrust upon the party, when Republican are threatened with party ostracization if they refuse to support a notorious corruptionist for the highest state office, it is worst possible treachery to the Republican party and Republican principles to tamely accept the situation and support the tainted ticket. It is this servility to party leaders, this slavish obedience to the machine that breeds political corruption, and poisons the foundations of government. The truest loyalty to the Republican party lies in most outspoken and earnest opposition to the machine-despotism which has the effrontery to foist its own venal and corrupt instrument upon the party, and demand that they be supported because they were "regularly nominated." That is sun pure Republicanism.

Owen Can Be Elected.

St. Paul News.

Owen can be elected.

Reports from all over the State show that instead of a backward there is a forward movement in behalf of the Alliance.

The efforts of the old parties and particularly the Merriamites, to wheedle Alliance men into the support of the old party tickets is proving a lamentable failure.

The Alliance has victory in its grasp. If it fails it will be its own fault.

When the movement was inaugurated we do not suppose any one anticipated it had prospect of success other than by indirection—that is, by polling a sufficient vote to command respect from the old parties and bring one or the other to their platform as a matter of self defense. But circumstances have now changed, and especially during the past month [illegible] candid and [illegible] that Mr. Owen's chance [illegible] exceedingly [illegible] equal to that of either Merriam or Wilson.

The most tremendous efforts by party pleas and the use of money will be made to whip the members of the Alliance into the support of Merriam.

We confess to have had some doubts as to whether such efforts might not be successful, but reports we now receive indicate that they cannot be.

And why should they be successful?

Why should an earnest, sincere member of the Alliance party betray it because he formerly belonged to an organization by another name?

What does party name signify in comparison with the doctrines of a party which will rob the producing and industrial classes?

That is the issue, and while we do not say as a positive prediction that Mr. Owen will be the next Governor of Minnesota, we do say in all candor and sincerity, that if the Alliance organization and its supporters both in and out of the organization, stand by their guns, his success is sure.

The responsibility for failure, if it comes, will rest upon the Alliance and its friends themselves.

They have only to stand firm and their initial success in Minnesota will prove the greatest political triumph this country has ever seen.

When the old-time politician approaches you with the request to vote his ticket, just flash upon him the following:

Farmers' Alliance Platform.

First—We demand the free coinage of gold and silver, and that the silver dollar or silver certificate issued by the government upon the silver bullion shall be legal tender for the payment of all debts, both public and private, thereby restoring silver to it's time honored place in our momentary system under the constitution.

Second—We demand that the government loan money direct to the people upon demand at a low rate of interest and take as security thereof real estate; said amount loaned not to exceed one half of the assessed valuation of said real estate, when free from all incumbrance. We believe American lands are the best security for American money.

Third—We demand that the government establish sub-treasuries for the use of the agricultural districts for the storing of grain, cotton or tobacco, and loan the owners thereof 80 per cent. of the value of all produce that they have in store at 2 per cent. per annum under rules and regulations established by the U. S. government.

Fourth—We demand the repeal of the war-tariff tax, which long has been and is a greivious burden upon the producers of the wealth of the nation and that we favor a tariff upon all articles of luxury only to be imposed to pay the current expenses of the government honestly administered, and that a graduated tax be levied upon all incomes in excess of $2,000 per annum.

Fifth—We demand the continuance of prohibition in the state and favor the national abolition of the liquor traffic.

Sixth—We demand government ownership of all railroads, telegraph lines and coal mines, in the interests of the people.

Seventh—We demand equal suffrage.

Eighth—We demand that our state adopt the Australian system of conducting elections.

Ninth—We demand that the constitution of the United States be so amended that United States Senators, President and Vice-President be elected by the direct vote of the people of each state.

Tell him that no party in existance, except the Alliance party, demands these and all of these things, and it is high time that farmers began to legislate for their own interests. Do not be fooled by specious arguments into voting against your own interests.

The Pioneer Press and other papers with monopolistic tendencies are just now trying very hard to convince voters that all the alliance rally is is a trap set by the wily democrats to catch unwary voters. But the Pioneer Press never raised wheat at less than cost and tried to support a family that way; never paid exhorbitant freight rates on account of watered stock and raised wheat at a loss to do it; never raised stock at a loss to support the beef trust; never endured the trials under which the farmers sweat and groan in a vain endeavor to pay that soul killing mortgage and therefore the Pioneer Press knows nothing about the situation or nothing about the object of the alliance. Of what avail to the farmer is party triumph when it brings him no relief? The alliance seeks means to remedy the evils under which agriculture is suffering and will not be influenced by such bugbears as such monopolistic sheets may hatch up. The farmers are not after democratic success, republican success or any other success save only agricultural success. S. M. Owen is the only candidate pledged to this end.

C. O. Christianson, nominee for Judge of Probate has filled that office acceptably and ably and will no doubt be re-elected. He has been a citizen of Polk county for many years; was once county commissioner by appointment; has an extensive acquaintance in this county and so well and favorably known that his election is conceded by all. Vote for O. O. Christianson.

Attention, Alliance Officers.

Some of the secretaries fail to do their duty by neglecting to report the names of members, the number, etc., to the County Secretary, Nels Muus, of Fertile, Minn. Those who have not done so, do so at once. Don't delay this matter any longer; the officers should do their duty and do it at once. Let every alliance hold weekly meetings from now until the election, and let every voter attend these meetings, as the time is short before election. Hold your meetings often from now on. It would be best where there are many farmers or workingmen in a town who are not members of the alliance to organize an alliance club, as many will join an alliance club who would not, or who cannot join the farmers' alliance.

NELS MUUS,
Sec. County Alliance.

Organize Alliance Clubs.

Organize an alliance club in every village in the county, and in every township except those where every man, or almost every man, belongs to the farmers' alliance, as you will get men in who would not otherwise be with you. For a constitution for an alliance club, and how to organize, address D. E. Hallestad, Atty. at Law, Crookston, Minn. Clubs of this kind have already been organized in Crookston and Red Lake Falls. Organize well; get every man in the town to join you. We want to see an alliance club in every town in the county before October 10th. Don't wait for some one else to take hold of this matter, but do it yourselves. Go at it now, every man who wants Owen elected.

Taen Up.

Six Pigs. Owner can have them by calling on Chas. P. Bailey, 5th ward, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Stock Farm for Sale.

Consisting of 600 acres, lying on Maple Lake, in the town of Godfrey, includes the old townsite of Maple Bay 80 acres fenced for pasture; 160 acres under the plow, balance hay land and timber; house, barn, granary and good well; one of the best located farms for stock in the famous Maple Lake region. Also 50 acres heavily wooded timber land within 4 miles. Will sell with all my stock and farm machinery if so desired. For full particulars call on W. N. Godfrey, Maple Bay, or JOURNAL office, Crookston. [7-tf]

The Pioneer Press says "it looks very black in several counties in southeast Minnesota." By this statement it means that the people are determined to vote for themselves once in their lives, at which the monopolistic Pioneer Press frets and fumes like an old hag. But its howls are significant of the coming storm in which the voice of the people will be heard in unmistakable tones demanding justice.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON

BUSINESS COLLEGE

And Institute of Short Hand,

Crookston, Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 30, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 86.
1 Northern 81.
2 Northern 76.
3 Northern 70.

Lost, a small flat key. Leave at JOURNAL office.

Hay seems to be in good demand at good prices.

Ladies call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' millinery store and examine that elegant stock of millinery. Prices reasonable.

P. L. Ramstad was up from Norman County this week, looking over the political field. He sees heaps of alliance business in Polk County.

The farmers want simple justice in the wheat market and know that their only chance to obtain it is by voting for Owen and a farmer legislature.

THE JOURNAL is requested to announce a meeting of the Farmers' Protective Association on Nov. 6th, at 2 p. m., in the City Hall, Crookston.

The opera house was well filled on Monday with farmers—nearly all voters and a more earnest, determined lot, you never saw. They are all Owen men.

Ole Omlie was over from Grafton last week and took a trip up to Kittson and Marshall Counties. He says it is all Owen up there, as strong as Polk County, at least.

I. U. Jennings and D. E. Hatlestad went up to Tabor on Friday of last week and held an alliance meeting. They report the dwellers in Tabor all alive in the good work.

Reports from all over the state continue encouraging and if everybody who would like to see Owen our governor will vote for him he surely will be elected. He is ahead in the race so far.

Ladies, don't fail to call at the millinery parlors of Mrs. I. U. Jennings, on Robert street, and examine her new stock of elegant fall millinery. Others may imitate, but none can beat her in style and prices.

Aleck McDonald returned from the White Earth survey last week, having had the misfortune to cut his foot badly He says the boys are wading in water ankle deep and having an uncomfortable time generally.

Bro. Bierly, of the Grand Forks News, went up to Red Lake Falls last week to teach Polk County farmers how to vote. He whacked away at Comstock for awhile, but gave that up as a bad job as his audience was not in sympathy with him.

We hope in the next issue to be able to announce that Owen is elected. We believe we shall if the farmers are true to themselves. Owen and a farmers legislature would soon dispel the clouds that now surround our market system, and give us a better price for wheat.

Deacon Bain was up from Fisher on Monday to hear Owen speak and dropped in to renew allegiance to THE JOURNAL. Says he can't get along without THE JOURNAL as long as the fight for a free and open wheat market is on. He will vote for Owen and hopes to see every farmer in the county do the same.

The Merriam crowd is scared out of its wits at the inroads that Owen is making and they are trying all manner of dodges to check him. Never mind, stand true to your interests and Owen will be elected all the same. He will make the best governor Minnesota ever had, zealously guarding the interests of all.

On Friday last A. J. Arnold, an employe in THE JOURNAL office, got his right hand severely pinched in the job press. He is now O. K. again and will be able to vote for Owen with his right hand, whereas he was afraid he would have to cast a left-handed vote. It was a close call, and he is lucky to have escaped so easily.

The results of this campaign cannot help being beneficial to the agricultural interests, even if it does no more than to convince the old parties that there is something wrong which needs attention. It will also convince them that the farmers are, at least, awake to their own necessities and that they are bound to obtain their rights. We hope and expect that it will also elect Owen as our governor.

Although it was a pleasant day, and many farmers have not completed their threshing, the Opera House was packed full to listen to the speech of our next governor, S. M. Owen. Mr. Owen briefly outlined the condition of agriculture to-day, showing that while in 1860 the farmers owned three-fifths of the wealth of the country, to-day they only own two-fifths, and unless they combine in their own interests this state of things will continue at the expense of the farmer. He said that the thinking masses of the United States are beginning to realize this fact more than ever before, and the result will be emancipation for the farmer. Mr. Owen spoke earnestly for over two hours and was listened to with earnest attention to the close. At the close, Hon. H. Steenerson followed in an eloquent speech, urging his hearers to work and vote for S. M. Owen and the alliance cause. His speech was cheered to the echo.

A Sad Accident.

On Friday last, Einer G. Rude, son of Ole E. Rude, who lives on section 10, in Fairfax, went out to feed the hogs at about 2 p. m. He was in the habit of getting into the pen to keep the large ones away from the trough while the smaller hogs ate awhile, using a small whip for the purpose. In the lot was a two-year-old boar, and as he climbed into the pen that time the animal attacked him. His cries brought his uncle to the rescue, who was sacking wheat in the granary near by, who succeeded in getting the boy out of the way of the now infuriated brutes, but not until a main artery had been severed. The boy was carried to the house and a neighbor dispatched to the city for a physiciean, but too late, as the injured boy died in about twenty minutes after being taken from the pen. The father was sent for but arrived too late to see his boy alive. He at once killed the ferocious brute that had robbed him of a son. The boy was about twelve years old and was becoming a great help to his father and mother. The funeral services are to be observed on Friday, the 31st inst.

"It was grand," was the universal verdict upon Owen's speech.

Frank Cernousek came down from Tabor on Monday to hear Mr. Owen speak. Says Tabor is almost solid for Owen and the legislative ticket.

P. C. Schmidt intended to have moved to Duluth this week but owing to the illness of Mrs. S. was unable to do so. His many friends here will regret to see him leave us.

The boys who came in from Fosston to hear Mr. Owen speak, had to pay their own fare. Those who came to hear Merriam, did not pay a cent fare, but Owen will get the votes.

If we attempted to mention every man who came down on the Fertile train it would require several columns of space. There were a host and every one a straight alliance man.

THE JOURNAL is informed that thousands of tickets have been printed with Alliance Ticket at the head but the rest is filled up with the candidates of other parties. Look out for these frauds.

Geo. Tripp was in from Mentor on Monday and gladdened the heart of the printer with a little wherewithal on subscription. He also listened with pleasure to the speech of S. M. Owen.

Business men, the things that the farmers seek to accomplish by legislation are just as much for your interests as for that of the farmers themselves. Why can you not help them by your votes?

Mayor McKinnon has taken possession of his new office (we mean the one in the new block, not the senatorial—that is in doubt as yet) and he looks as snug as a bug in a rug. The building will be a great credit to the city.

Four colts, from 1 to 3 years old, mares with foal and other work horses. fine stallion, span ponies, buggy and double harness at $125, several Berkshire and Poland China hogs, or fresh milch cows, at $15 to $25, call on

D. N. TAYLOR.

The best way to build up our country is to save as much of the wheat money at home as possible. Farmers expect to do this by proper legislation and business men should stand by them in their laudable attempt. Vote for Owen and the farmers legislature.

E. E. Abbott came down from Mentor on Monday to ask us "what's hay seed worth?" The same question a flunkey cab-driver in St. Paul asked us one evening last fall and which we never could just answer until now, and now we have decided that it is way above par.

The Chronicle published a review of Owen's speech in which it attempted to belittle the alliance candidate, he was only the farmers' candidate, &c. Well, it seems strange to us that any one living in this country and knowing the condition of the wheat market can venture to oppose the farmers in their efforts to obtain a free and open wheat market.

S. M. Owen, by his calm, impassioned manner won hosts of friends in Polk County. His countenance bears the impress of honesty and uprightness, and no one in that vast audience but felt if Owen was elected governor we would have an honest, upright and capable man at the helm. The only pledge he has given as yet is that if elected he will discharge his duties to the best of his ability.

And right here we wish to thank those of our friends who on Monday dropped in to give us a cheering word of encouragment and to set that subscription ahead a peg. We hope when they get to publishing a paper their patrons will all do likewise. And we wish to remember the new friends who came in to order THE JOURNAL sent to their address. It shall be our endeavor to merit their good opinion ever.

Miss Sophia Aaker, daughter of L. K. Aaker, register of the U. S. Land office was united for life to E. B. Steensland, of Madison Wis., on Wednesday evening of last week. The ceremony was performed at the Norwegian Lutheran church by the pastor Rev. Roalqvam, in presence of hundreds of the brides friends. A reception was given at McKinnon hall immediately thereafter when a bounteous wedding feast was spread. The happy couple left last week for their new home followed by the best wishes of hosts of friends.

Another Pioneer Gone.

On Friday last, Oct. 24th, Mr. Joseph Barrett, one of the pioneer settlers entered into rest at his residence in this city aged 66 years. Mr. Barrett was born in St. Cuthbert Canada and came to the United States in 1842. He was married in 1845 to a Miss Rondeau who preceded him to the better world but a few months. Mr. B. came to Crookston in 1871, being one of the first to settle at this point and has lived here ever since. By his quiet undemonstrative manner he had made many friends who mingle their sympathy with the grief of mourning relatives. The funeral services were attended on Monday by a large concourse of friends.

A Card Of Condolence.

The members of the Association St. Jean Baptiste, of Crookston, learn with profound regret of the death of their esteemed member, Mr. Joseph Barett. At a special meeting presided over by Mr. Elie Asselin, motion was made by Mr. Louis Fontaine, seconded by Mr. Auguste Munn, that we offer our sincere sympathies to the bereaved family. Moved by Mr. Abraham Munn, seconded by Zepherin Geroux that a copy of these resolutions be furnished to the Crookston, newspapers, and to the Le Canadien, of St. Paul, with a request to publish.

ABRAHAM MUNN.
Cor. Sec.

Notice.

All persons interested in the D. N. Taylor Elevator scheme are requested to meet at City Hall, Crookston, for self protection on Saturday, November 8th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

O. C. BERGLAND, Treas,
CHRIS. HOUSTON, Ch'n.
A. DANIELSON, Sec.

The sewer work is nearly completed and Crookston now has a fine sewer system.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

The ladies will do well to call at Mrs E. E. Bangs' millinery store for the latest fall styles.

Elsewhere we present the views of State Auditor Braden on the Railroad amendment. Vote No on that amendment.

The candidate who depends for his election upon tearing down the character of his opponent richly deserves to be thoroughly beaten at the polls.

Chas. Robbeck was down from Thief River Falls this week. Charlie is a Crookston old-timer and is coming wealth in a hotel up there. Says the alliance strength is wonderful in that neighborhood.

The Fosston extra train came in on Monday loaded down with enthusiastic Alliance men. They all declare that there are nothing but Alliance votes on that line.

C. E. Cragin was up from Ada this week, feeling the political pulse from a democratic stand-point. He did not find many of that creed yet alive in old Polk County.

The figures given by the experts as to the cost of construction of the Crookston & Northern furnish interesting data to those who wonder why farmers kick against railroads.

Mr. E. Roberts pounded out about 16 bushels per acre of No 1 Hard and is getting 89 cents per bushel. He is satisfied that good farming pays better than poor in this country.

Alderman & Sylvester have the contract for putting the tin on the roof of the new opera house block. This firm has been doing a rushing business this summer.

If Crookston is obliged to give the $50,000 bonds does Merriam get $10,000 of it? Those who are so dead struck on Merriam might possibly learn something about his "business" methods by looking this matter up.

THE JOURNAL force has been rushed with work this week and it has been impossible to get all the help we needed. We would like to hire a good active boy for the winter one having had some experience at type setting preferred.

John Locken is a very popular man in Polk County. He has amply proved his capacity for business since he lived in Polk County and now he will be called to a further test in the office of Register of Deeds for the coming term. Vote for Locken.

The latest reports obtainable show a very flattering prospect of the election of S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature. In the southern part of the state, the farmers are all enthusiastic and they will have a big city vote also. We fully believe that if the farmers are true to their own interests, they will win by a good majority. Then we may hope to see some attention paid to our market system.

Proposals for Bids.

Bids will be received by the Recorder of the village of Red Lake Falls, Minn., until Nov. 3d, 1890, at 12 o'clock m., for drilling a flowing well at the southwest corner of Second street and Champagne avenue in said village. The village to furnish tubing. The same to be paid for in village orders on the general fund. The right is hereby reserved to reject any or all bids.

Dated Red Lake Falls, Minn., Oct. 21st, 1890.
[27-28] H. B. DAVIS, Recorder.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on O. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Elsewhere, in our advertising columns, appears a communication signed by Ole Hagen and others which we consider an uncalled for and wholly gratuitous attack upon a worthy and well-qualified official, Prof. Thomas Casey. Prof. Casey has been a faithful and efficient official since he took charge of our schools discharging his duties in a creditable manner and meriting the commendation of all. Thus far this campaign has been conducted almost without any mud throwing by the candidates and this uncalled for attack made simply and solely to aid the candidacy of Even J. Grefthen should, and will doubtless fail of its intended purpose. It is a mighty weak stick whose reputation has to be built up at the expense of the reputation of another man and even if the charge was true it does not make Even J. Grefthen a better man nor one bit better qualified for the position. That he has not placed himself in a position before the people of the county to prove to their satisfaction his capacity for the office no one but himself is to blame for, because he has had ample opportunities in the past and has not availed himself of them. The people have a right to know whether a candidate is qualified for the position he seeks and it is his business to give them satisfactory evidence if he expects their votes. Mr. Grefthen should have presented himself at the late Polk County Teachers Institute if he is capable of filling the important office of School Superintendent but his excuse for not doing so was that he "had to go home and mark up a stock of goods!" As to Mr. Casey the records show him to be fully capable and efficient, he having taught many of the most important schools in the county, at big salaries and at one time he saved to the county schools over $1,500 that had been lost to them through carelessness and inattention. Mr. C. insisted on re-opening the matter and after much labor succeeded and procured the money. THE JOURNAL deprecates such attacks and while its advertising columns are for the benefit of those who choose to use them, editorially we do not endorse such underhanded attacks as the one referred to.

LET IT STAND.

Vote Against the Proposed Railroad Tax Repeal.

State Auditor Braden Explains the Operations of the Law.

State Auditor Braden addresses the following letter to the St. Paul News in regard to the repeal of the law taxing the gross earnings of railroads:

To the Editor of the Daily News:

So many inquiries have been addressed to this office regarding the repeal of Chapter 2, General Laws of 1887 relating to taxation of railroad companies, which repeal is soon to be voted for or against, that it may not be inappropriate to answer these questions through the columns of the public press. Chapter 3, Special Laws of 1883, provides: "That in consideration of a payment of its gross earnings by the St. Paul, Stillwater & Taylor's Falls Railroad Company it should be exempt from all other forms of assessment and taxation." This payment was to be 1 per cent on its gross earnings for the first three years, 2 per cent for the next seven years, and 3 per cent thereafter.

Section 2 of this act provided that any company owning or operating, or which may hereafter own or operate lines of railroad in this state, might file its acceptance of this provision of this law and thus become subject to it. It will be observed that it was optional with the railroad companies to accept or reject the obligations of this act. Chapter 2, General Laws of 1887, provides that any company owning or operating, or which might hereafter operate lines of railroad within this state, which had not accepted of the law of 1883, should become liable to pay on its gross earnings, as provided by said law, thus placing all the roads on a uniform basis.

Chapter 191 of the General Laws of 1889, provides for the repeal of the law of 1887, which repeal is required by section 32, article 4 of the Constitution, to be submitted to a vote of the people before it can become operative. If the vote be yes, the law of 1887 will be repealed, and the gross earnings of taxation will not apply to the following roads, which have not formally filed an acceptance of the law of 1873 until they do file such acceptance, viz: The Winona & Southwestern: Duluth, Red Wing & Southern, and the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad companies, all new lines and in process of construction at the present time.

The contention of some people is that gross earnings under the inter-state commerce law cannot be collected on passenger or freight traffic passing through the state; that taxes can only be collected on such earnings under the present laws, within the state. There seems to be ground for argument on both sides of this question. The present answer is, however, that the companies do pay on gross earnings within the state and also on traffic passing through the state. In this connection it might be interesting to give the amount paid in by the companies, and also the increase in payment since 1880.

Amount paid in 1880 ....$284,480 94
Amount paid in 1885 ....673,302 69
Amount paid in 1890 ....702,803 54

The receipts from state taxes for the year 1889 on a basis of 1.7 mills for state revenue was $791,653.

W. W. BRADEN.

FOR SALE.

A first-class farm of 160 acres, situated six miles northeast of Crookston, described as follows: The s ½ of Sec. 33, Township 151, Range 46: of which 120 acres are broken and seeded down to timothy and clover. It is first-class farming land, and must be sold immediately at any price suitable to the purchaser. Terms—One third down, the balance in one and two years, with interest at 8 per cent. This is a bargain for one who wishes a good farm cheap. Apply to

L. E. GOSSMAN,
[28-30] Attorney-at-Law,
Room 2, Fournet Block, Crookston.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
54 inch Tricot	35 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen business in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30 cents.
" " "	35 "
" " medicated, for	40 "

A good 5 lb. 10} Blanket	$1.50
" 6 lb. 11} pink Blanket	2 00
" 4½ lb. 10} white "	4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

FOR A LIMITED TIME

I WILL SELL AT THE

Astonishing Low Price,

BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.

Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.

Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.

Silver Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50

Silver Pickle castor only, - - $1:15

Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3.80 per dozen

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I hall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,

SHELF —AND— HEAVY HARDWARE,

F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS. Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,

Carriage Builders,

East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,

Crookston, - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done

CALL AND SEE US.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

BARLEY.

One of the most successful farmers of this state, after many years observation and experience, has discovered that MOST of the damage to Barley from being colored, is caused by binding while damp from dew or rain. Cutting when perfectly dry has been of great benefit to him. I am prepared to buy or ship in car lots, from any station, advancing cash liberally on shipments and furnish sacks free to handle the grain. Bring in your samples.

D. N. TAYLOR,
Crookston.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn.

First National Bank

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PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700

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WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

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Wm. Anglim. R. D. Chase. F. D. Childs
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E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

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N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

H. STEENERSON

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Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

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1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

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THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estate

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 30, 1890.

Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 86

1 Northern 81.

2 Northern 76.

3 Northern 70.

Lost, a small flat key. Leave at JOURNAL office.

Hay seems to be in good demand at good prices.

Ladies call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' millinery store and examine that elegant stock of millinery. Prices reasonable.

P. L. Ramstad was up from Norman County this week, looking over the political field. He sees heaps of alliance business in Polk County.

The farmers want simple justice in the wheat market and know that their only chance to obtain it is by voting for Owen and a farmer legislature.

THE JOURNAL is requested to announce a meeting of the Farmers' Protective Association on Nov. 6th, at 2 p. m., in the City Hall, Crookston.

The opera house was well filled on Monday with farmers—nearly all voters and a more earnest, determined lot, you never saw. They are all Owen men.

Ole Omlie was over from Grafton last week and took a trip up to Kittson and Marshall Counties. He says it is all Owen up there, as strong as Polk County, at least.

I. U. Jennings and D. E. Hatlestad went up to Tabor on Friday of last week and held an alliance meeting. They report the dwellers in Tabor all alive in the good work.

Reports from all over the state continue encouraging and if everybody who would like to see Owen our governor will vote for him he surely will be elected. He is ahead in the race so far.

Ladies, don't fail to call at the millinery parlors of Mrs. I. U. Jennings, on Robert street, and examine her new stock of elegant fall millinery. Others may imitate, but none can beat her in style and prices.

Aleck McDonald returned from the White Earth survey last week, having had the misfortune to cut his foot badly. He says the boys are wading in water ankle deep and having an uncomfortable time generally.

Bro. Bierly, of the Grand Forks News, went up to Red Lake Falls last week to teach Polk County farmers how to vote. He whacked away at Comstock for awhile, but gave that up as a bad job as his audience was not in sympathy with him.

We hope in the next issue to be able to announce that Owen is elected. We believe we shall if the farmers are true to themselves. Owen and a farmers legislature would soon dispel the clouds that now surround our market system, and give us a better price for wheat.

Deacon Bain was up from Fisher on Monday to hear Owen speak and dropped in to renew allegiance to THE JOURNAL. Says he can't get along without THE JOURNAL as long as the fight for a free and open wheat market is on. He will vote for Owen and hopes to see every farmer in the county do the same.

The Merriam crowd is scared out of its wits at the inroads that Owen is making and they are trying all manner of dodges to check him. Never mind, stand true to your interests and Owen will be elected all the same. He will make the best governor Minnesota ever had, zealously guarding the interests of all.

On Friday last A. J. Arnold, an employe in THE JOURNAL office, got his right hand severely pinched in the job press. He is now O. K. again and will be able to vote for Owen with his right hand, whereas he was afraid he would have to cast a left-handed vote. It was a close call, and he is lucky to have escaped so easily.

The results of this campaign cannot help being beneficial to the agricultural interests, even if it does no more than to convince the old parties that there is [illegible]

A Sad Accident.

On Friday last, Einer G. Rude, son of Ole E. Rude, who lives on section 10 in Fairfax, went out to feed the hogs at about 2 p. m. He was in the habit of getting into the pen to keep the large ones away from the trough while the smaller hogs ate awhile, using a small whip for the purpose. In the lot was a two-year-old boar, and as he climbed into the pen that time the animal attacked him. His cries brought his uncle to the rescue, who was sacking wheat in the granary near by, who succeeded in getting the boy out of the way of the now infuriated brutes, but not until a main artery had been severed. The boy was carried to the house and a neighbor dispatched to the city for a physiccian, but too late, as the injured boy died in about twenty minutes after being taken from the pen. The father was sent for but arrived too late to se his boy alive. He at once killed the ferocious brute that had robbed him of a son. The boy was about twelve years old and was becoming a great help to his father and mother. The funeral services are to be observed on Friday, the 31st inst.

"It was grand," was the universal verdict upon Owen's speech.

Frank Cernousek came down from Tabor on Monday to hear Mr. Owen speak. Says Tabor is almost solid for Owen and the legislative ticket.

P. C. Schmidt intended to have moved to Duluth this week but owing to the illness of Mrs. S. was unable to do so. His many friends here will regret to see him leave us.

The boys who came in from Fosston to hear Mr. Owen speak, had to pay their own fare. Those who came to hear Merriam, did not pay a cent fare, but Owen will get the votes.

If we attempted to mention every man who came down on the Fertile train it would require several columns of space. There were a host and every one a straight alliance man.

THE JOURNAL is informed that thousands of tickets have been printed with Alliance Ticket at the head but the rest is filled up with the candidates of other parties. Look out for these frauds.

Geo. Tripp was in from Mentor on Monday and gladdened the heart of the printer with a little wherewithal on subscription. He also listened with pleasure to the speech of S. M. Owen.

Business men, the things that the farmers seek to accomplish by legislation are just as much for your interests as for that of the farmers themselves. Why can you not help them by your votes?

Mayor McKinnon has taken possession of his new office (we mean the one in the new block, not the senatorial—that is in doubt as yet) and he looks as snug as a bug in a rug. The building will be a great credit to the city.

Four colts, from 1 to 3 years old, mares with foal and other work horses, fine stallion, span ponies, buggy and double harness at $125, several Berkshire and Poland China hogs, or fresh milch cows, at $15 to $25, call on

D. N. TAYLOR.

The best way to build up our country is to save as much of the wheat money at home as possible. Farmers expect to do this by proper legislation and business men should stand by them in their laudable attempt. Vote for Owen and the farmers legislature.

E. E. Abbott came down from Mentor on Monday to ask us "what's hay seed worth?" The same question a flunkey cab-driver in St. Paul asked us one evening last fall and which we never could just answer until now, and now we have decided that it is way above par.

The Chronicle published a review of Owen's speech in which it attempted to belittle the alliance candidate, he was only the farmers' candidate, &c. Well, it seems strange to us that any one living in this country and knowing the condition of the wheat market can venture to oppose the farmers in their efforts to obtain a free and open wheat market.

S. M. Owen, by his calm, impassioned manner won hosts of friends in Polk County. His countenance bears the impress of honesty and uprightness. [illegible]

Another Pioneer Gone.

On Friday last, Oct. 24th, Mr. Joseph Barrett, one of the pioneer settlers, entered into rest at his residence in this city, aged 66 years. Mr. Barrett was born in St. Cuthbert, Canada, and came to the United States in 1842. He was married in 1845 to a Miss Rondeau who preceded him to the better world but a few months. Mr. B came to Crookston in 1871, being one of the first to settle at this point and has lived here ever since. By his quiet, undemonstrative manner he had made many friends who mingle their sympathy with the grief of mourning relatives. The funeral services were attended on Monday by a large concourse of friends.

A Card Of Condolence.

The members of the Association St. Jean Baptiste, of Crookston, learn with profound regret of the death of their esteemed member, Mr. Joseph Barett. At a special meeting presided over by Mr. Elie Asselin, motion was made by Mr. Louis Fontaine, seconded by Mr. Auguste Munn, that we offer our sincere sympathies to the bereaved family. Moved by Mr. Abraham Munn, seconded by Zepherin Gerohx that a copy of these resolutions be furnished to the Crookston newspapers, and to the Le Canadien, of St. Paul, with a request to publish.

ABRAHAM MUNN,
Cor. Sec.

Notice.

All persons interested in the D. N. Taylor Elevator scheme are requested to meet at City Hall, Crookston, for self protection on Saturday, November 8th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

O. O. BERGLAND, Treas.
CHRIS. HOUSTON, Ch'n.
A. DANIELSON, Sec.

The sewer work is nearly completed and Crookston now has a fine sewer system.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

The ladies will do well to call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' millinery store for the latest fall styles.

Elsewhere we present the views of State Auditor Braden on the Railroad amendment. Vote No on that amendment.

The candidate who depends for his election upon tearing down the character of his opponent richly deserves to be thoroughly beaten at the polls.

Chas. Robbeck was down from Thief River Falls this week. Charlie is a Crookston old-timer and is coming wealth in a hotel up there. Says the alliance strength is wonderful in that neighborhood.

The Fosston extra train came in on Monday loaded down with enthusiastic Alliance men. They all declare that there are nothing but Alliance votes on that line.

O. E. Oragin was up from Ada this week, feeling the political pulse from a democratic stand-point. He did not find many of that creed yet alive in old Polk County.

The figures given by the experts as to the cost of construction of the Crookston & Northern furnish interesting data to those who wonder why farmers kick against railroads.

Mr. E. Roberts pounded out about 16 bushels per acre of No. 1 Hard and is getting 89 cents per bushel. He is satisfied that good farming pays better than poor in this country.

Alderman & Sylvester have the contract for putting the tin on the roof of the new opera house block. This firm has been doing a rushing business this summer.

If Crookston is obliged to give the $50,000 bonds does Merriam get $10,000 of it? Those who are so dead struck on Merriam might possibly learn something about his "business" methods by looking this matter up.

THE JOURNAL force has been rushed with work this week and it has been impossible to get all the help we needed. We would like to hire a good active boy for the winter one having had some experience at type setting preferred.

John Locken is a very popular man in Polk County. He has amply proved his capacity for business since he lived [illegible]

Proposals for Bids.

[illegible]

For Sale.

[illegible]

Elsewhere, in our advertising columns, appears a communication signed by Ole Hagen and others which we consider an uncalled for and wholly gratuitous attack upon a worthy and well-qualified official, Prof. Thomas Casey. Prof. Casey has been a faithful and efficient official since he took charge of our schools, discharging his duties in a creditable manner and meriting the commendation of all. Thus far this campaign has been conducted almost without any mud throwing by the candidates and this uncalled for attack made simply and solely to aid the candidacy of Even J. Grefthen should, and will doubtless fail of its intended purpose. It is a mighty weak stick whose reputation has to be built up at the expense of the reputation of another man and even if the charge was true it does not make Even J. Grefthen a better man nor one bit better qualified for the position. That he has not placed himself in a position before the people of the county to prove to their satisfaction his capacity for the office no one but himself is to blame for, because he has had ample opportunities in the past and has not availed himself of them. The people have a right to know whether a candidate is qualified for the position he seeks and it is his business to give them satisfactory evidence if he expects their votes. Mr. Grefthen should have presented himself at the late Polk County Teachers Institute if he is capable of filling the important office of School Superintendent but his excuse for not doing so was that he "had to go home and mark up a stock of goods!" As to Mr. Casey the records show him to be fully capable and efficient, he having taught many of the most important schools in the county, at big salaries and at one time he saved to the county schools over $1,500 that had been lost to them through carelessness and inattention. Mr. C. insisted on re-opening the matter and after much labor succeeded and procured the money. THE JOURNAL deprecates such attacks and while its advertising columns are for the benefit of those who choose to use them, editorially we do not endorse such underhanded attacks as the one referred to.

LET IT STAND.

Vote Against the Proposed Railroad Tax Repeal.

State Auditor Braden Explains the Operations of the Law.

State Auditor Braden addresses the following letter to the St. Paul News in regard to the repeal of the law taxing the gross earnings of railroads:

To the Editor of the Daily News:

So many inquiries have been addressed to this office regarding the repeal of Chapter 2, General Laws of 1887 relating to taxation of railroad companies, which repeal is soon to be voted for or against, that it may not be inappropriate to answer these questions through the columns of the public press. Chapter 3, Special Laws of 1883, provides: "That in consideration of a payment of its gross earnings by the St. Paul, Stillwater & Taylor's Falls Railroad Company it should be exempt from all other forms of assessment and taxation." This payment was to be 1 per cent on its gross earnings for the first three years, 2 per cent for the next seven years, and 3 per cent thereafter.

Section 2 of this act provided that any company owning or operating, or which may hereafter own or operate lines of railroad in this state, might file its acceptance of this provision of this law and thus become subject to it. It will be observed that it was optional with the railroad companies to accept or reject the obligations of this act. Chapter 2, General Laws of 1887, provides that any company owning or operating, or which might hereafter operate lines of railroad within this state, which had not accepted of the law of 1883, should become liable to pay on its gross earnings, as provided by said law, thus placing all the roads on a uniform basis.

Chapter 191 of the General Laws of 1889, provides for the repeal of the law of 1887, which repeal is required by section 32, article 4 of the Constitution, to be submitted to a vote of the people before it can become operative. If the vote be yes, the law of 1887 will be repealed, and the gross earnings of taxation will not apply to the following roads, which have not formally filed an acceptance of the law of 1873 until they do file such acceptance, viz: The Winona & Southwestern, Duluth, Red Wing & Southern, and the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad companies, all new lines and in process of construction at the present time.

The contention of some people is that gross earnings under the inter-state commerce law cannot be collected on passenger or freight traffic passing [illegible]

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STILL ON DE[illegible]

MONEY

On Real Estate.

MONEY

On Approved Chattels

[illegible]

Vote for honest John Locken for register of deeds.

Vote for C. O. Christianson for judge of probate.

Be sure you vote for S. M. Owen and the farmers legislature.

The farmers will evidently stick together this year.

The Merriam bosses are beginning to see that farmers are not all fools.

How about Merriam's foreign twine plant? Another "business administration," ain't it.

THE JOURNAL wishes to see the best interests of the people subserved in this election. Therefore it urges the election of only those best qualified.

What did the Great West say about Merriam's twine plant? Or about his watered stock in the C. D. & N. R'y? Somehow we don't quite remember.

Look out for campaign lies of all kinds—published when too late to be refuted. You have a grand man for Governor and you will elect him if true to your best interests. Vote for Owen and the farmer legislature.

If Owen and a farmers legislature is elected the question as to what can be accomplished will be fully tested. Farmers will at least know that they have their frends at court.

If Owen is elected the old soldiers will have a true friend at court. Old soldiers will not be kicked out to make way for some green boy as under the autocrat Merriam.

Oh, yes! Merriam is a friend of the farmer. (?) The farmers shoula at once most earnestly pray (and vote) to be delivered from all such friends.

While other candidates have been raving about the country for votes, Mat Cornelius has been busy at work in the office of auditor, carefully guarding the people's interests. The people will see that Mat loses nothing by it.

It is against the law to water railroad stock, yet it is said that the stock of the C. D. & N. road was watered $9,000 per mile or so, and that this is the governor's road! "Business administration," did you say? Looks like it, don't it?

As every business man and every laborer in the country depends on the farmer for business, he should cast his vote to aid the farmer in his efforts to secure justice in the markets. If what the system unjustly takes from the farmer, was left at home, business of all kinds would soon feel the effects of it, to the benefit of all. Vote for Owen and a farmer legislature.

The farmers well know that, to obtain their rights, they must either make the alliance cause successful or go to war. They hope to settle the matter at the polls to avoid rebellion, therefore they will vote to elect their men. The farmers know no party in this fight, except the alliance, and the old time hackneyed arguments are not influencing them this fall. The only way for them to obtain their rights is through the alliance.

The Times speaks of Congressman Comstock as having robbed the people of Polk County via the McKinley bill. This gives Mr. Comstock more credit for popularity than even he is entitled to, for it implies that he passed the bill. In matters political the Times is not disposed to give an opponent credit for the good he has done, as the Times man well knows that Mr. Comstock's vote did not pass the bill; that Mr. Comstock labored hard to get free twine and free sugar, and did succeed in getting the tariff on these articles very much modified. Suppose that Mr. C. had voted against the bill, what then? Why, his district would not have had a cent where it did get over $700,000. If Mr. Comstock had been a demagogue he would have voted against the bill, and by that act been the most popular man in Minnesota, but the interests of his constituents would have been neglected by that act, and he well knew it. His action in this very particular shows his manhood, for it required a brave man to take the stand that he did in behalf of the best interests of his constituents. The object of democracy is plainly seen in this fight. By raising a great dust on the tariff question they hope to draw the attention of the voters from the main issue which is the railway and elevator robberies. The alliance seeks to correct these evils while the democratic party and the Merriam party are making no efforts in this direction. To them everything is lovely, and it makes no difference if the farmer does have to keep on raising wheat at a loss. The tariff cuts no earthly figure in this matter, for this reason: that it affects only those who buy the goods upon which it is imposed, and the excessive freight rates of watered stock, and the robberies of the elevator companies leaves the farmer in this country nothing to buy with, so how can the tariff rob him? It is all moonshine and only mentioned by demagogues for political effect! Mr. Comstock has proved a very valuable man for this country and deserves the hearty support of every man in it. His experience will render him more valuable to us in the next congress than in the past, and when the tariff question comes up again he will be found still fighting in the interests of the people. The Times is a democratic sheet, supports Whiteman, but it should be honest and manly about it.

S. M. Owen, the old soldier is a man of the people. That he will make a grand good Governor no one will doubt. Vote for Owen.

The opposition sheets, having diligently hunted all through the campaign to find something against candidate Owen, may, at the last moment, when too late to refute, spring some campaign lie. This should fool nobody into voting against the best interests of the people.

The Pioneer Press is filled with reports of trades and sales between alliance leaders and democrats, but then the Pioneer Press is doing all in its power to defeat the efforts of the farmers to secure a free and open wheat market and able-bodied lies seem to answer its purpose better than otherwise. Do not be fooled by such claptrap. Vote for Owen.

Of course the farmers might all vote for Merriam and elect him—but "would it be wise?" He has done absolutely nothing toward securing competition in the market for them, nothing toward squeezing the water out of railroad stock and nothing but to order cars for them now and then, and even that is his simple duty under the law! How about his watering the stock of his own road, the C. D. & N. $9,000 per mile or thereabouts?

The bosses are frantically beseeching the farmer to stand by what they call the republican party while they ENDORSE A DEMOCRAT for the legislature. Seems that they prefer a business man though a democrat, to an honest man if a farmer! And what has the poor farmer done? Why, simply asked for a fair show in the market, equal rights with other men. And for this the bosses malign and decry him.

It is a pitiable sight to see the depths of humility into which the Merriam managers, who call themselves the republican party in this district, ENDORSE A DEMOCRAT for the legislature. No plainer evidence could be given of their mortal fear of the honest farmer vote than this and they can but too plainly see the hand writing on the wall, when they have to depend on a democrat to rake their chestnuts out of the fire! Alas, poor Yorrick!

"Vote the straight ticket" has been the party war-cry for time immemorial but now the old parties are scared to death lest the honest granger will take them literally at their word. That's just what they don't want them to do at this time as it is liable to bust all of their fine-spun schemes. The farmers have learned their lesson so well that now the bosses are mortally afraid that they will vote the alliance ticket straight.

"Rally round the little schoolhouse" is the war-cry in Wisconsin, and "rally round the granary" should be that of Minnesota. For Wisconsin the little schoolhouse is in danger and in Minnesota the granary is in the grip of the elevator and railroad combine. "Rally round the little granary," farmers, vote to protect your own interests for once in your lives. Your candidate for Governor is a true man and if you are true you will elect him.

The Merriam crowd have laid great stress upon the principles of the republican party, (just as if they knew or cared anything about principle,) and have cried out in holy horror when any independent paper has advocated the election of a former democrat for poundmaster or some unimportant office like that, but now we find them in this district endorsing and supporting S. B. Cragin, the democratic nominee for the legislature. This action, taken simply to secure party success, shows plainly that they have no principles in the matter and that they are wholly unworthy to be trusted. They have pretended that it was "the principles of the republican party" for which they have been contending, and their action in this matter gives the lie direct to their claims. It is their own selfish plans they are after and no other purpose, and they are willing to support a democrat or any other man who will be their tool, to carry out their schemes. It is the action of these schemers that has driven every honest republican into rebellion and forced him to appeal to the ballot. Republican principles are all right, but the cabal now in power does not represent these principles and the people are beginning to find this out.

Of all the silly lies that are told in this campaign, is the one that S. M. Owen receives $50 for every speech he makes. It is an insult, not only to Mr. Owen himself, but to the farmers themselves. It implies that they should be dependent upon kid glove orators who come around with brass bands and free railroad trains. Oh, no, this kind do not demand $100 or $50 of the farmers at their meetings, but they and their backers steal more out of the granary to pay for their expensive blowouts than ten times $50. The lie about Mr. Owen is told under the impression that it injures him and the farmers' cause, but the farmers are not such a set of precious fools as the writers thereof think. Farmers would be totally devoid of sense to take any stock in such silly twaddle, and the only attention they pay to it is to laugh at the brainless fools who indulge in such lies. The farmers are paying only the expenses of their campaign, and it makes them [illegible] dependence to all them.

John Locken, alliance candidate for register of deeds, is an honest farmer living near this city. He has had a sufficient experience in business to qualify him for the position to which he aspires, having been for some time engaged in mercantile pursuits, and for two terms city treasurer of Crookston. The Merriam crowd made strenuous efforts to proselyte him to their own use, but he remained firm to the trust reposed in him by the farmers and refused to betray their cause. Vote for honest John Locken.

The farmers have an idea that if they can elect their governor and legislature they can correct the evils that exist in the markets and thus have more money to buy the necessaries and comforts of home. They have nominated a superior man for governor to any other candidate in the field, and many business men will vote for Owen, knowing that if the farmers succeed it will be to the interest of business men, and if the farmers, after electing their men, do not succeed, they will then be satisfied that the evils that afflict them cannot be cured by legislation, and Owen is a safe man to tie to. Thus reason many business men in our city, and they are right. Owen will have thousands of votes outside of farmers themselves.

Before another issue of THIS JOURNAL the important question: "who will be our Governor?" will have been answered at the polls, and upon the answer, depends, in a large degree, the welfare of the farmers of Minnesota. The Alliance has nominated a man of broad experience, one who understands the inequalities of the present system and who, if elected, will do all in his power to correct the evils of which they justly complain. We believe that, if the farmers are only true to their own interests, Mr. Owen will be elected by a grand majority for there are hundreds in our cities and villages, who are in full sympathy with the farmer in his effort to secure justice in the market and they will vote with him. The condition of the market last fall, and also to-day shows conclusively that no relief is to be expected from the present powers that be, and the only thing to do is to change the deal by electing a farmer Governor.

Governor Merriam is said to be a "business Governor," that is a governor in the interests of business men. Well, we have not heard that railroad men, elevator men, bankers and other business men were kicking—and they have no reason to. Agriculture, however, is suffering for attention which it does not get, and it is not so much a matter of wonder when we consider how little Governor Merriam knows about agriculture and its needs.

For once, if never before, the farmers are in earnest and will try the effect of united action on the situation. They will elect their own governor and legislature to make their laws and execute them. In Mr. Owen they have selected the best man for the business they could have found. And hundreds of business men will vote to help them in their honest endeavor to secure a free and open wheat market.

The Merriam crowd cannot find words in the English language venomous enough to express their opinions of papers that are trying to help the farmers to get a free and untrammeled wheat market, intimating that all the farmers are after is to elect some democrat to office, but here in this district we find these simon pure howlers endorsing a democrat for one of the most important offices in the gift of the people. "Oh, consistency thou art a jewel!"

Two important amendments to the constitution are to be voted upon next Tuesday. The one relating to trials by jury provides that in civil cases five-sixths of the jury is sufficient to render a verdict. We can see no good reason why this amendment should carry. Vote no upon it by marking out the "Yes." The other amendment relates to the taxation of railroads. Under this proposed amendment the roads would have the privilege of choosing the method of taxation, and it strikes us that this would be of no benefit to the people. This amendment, in our judgment should be voted down.

That's pretty good for "the farmers' friend," the business governor! Build a road for $7,000 per mile, bond it for $16,000 per mile and then ask the city of Crookston to put up $50,000 bonus! Let's see, the candidate for county attorney was in the deal, too, wasn't he? Now he asks you to vote for him and Merriam! Well, you might do so, but would it be wise!!

Another Campaign Lie.

THE JOURNAL is informed that a story is in circulation affecting the honesty of E. M. Walsh and M. E. Kirsch, charging them with stealing county funds. The story, we are glad to say, does not originate with the candidates themselves but seems to be the product of the fertile imagination of an old superannuated [illegible], who having a little smattering of education seems to think he knows it all, but it is told in the hope of benefiting certain candidates. Wherever Walsh and Kirsch are known this silly attack needs no refutation as they are known to be honest and upright men, but Mr. Walsh does not intend to allow such stories affecting his honesty to go abroad among strangers uncontradicted and proposes to make it exceeding [illegible] for the originator of the [illegible] slander. Such stories always [illegible] the cause they are told to advance.

County Superintendent of Schools.

FISHER, Oct. 27, 1890.

ED. POLK COUNTY JOURNAL.—At this critical period allow us, Sir, if you please, a little of your space to bring under the notice of your numerous readers a few facts pertaining to the office of County Superintendent of Schools as well as to the capabilities of its present incumbent. This office, as I presume all will allow, should be held by a man who is capable of instructing both teachers and scholars, as well as one who has proved by his examinations and his work, his claim to his statements. In a large county, like Polk County, the largest organized school district in our state, it behooves our voters to enquire carefully into the capabilities of the applicant for their votes, and not to accept the claptrap of political aspirants as the sum total of their abilities. In such an important office as the one I am writing about, the voter should carefully weigh in the balances the essentials of the office and then equally carefully calculate which of the candidates most fully conforms to the ideal standard. Doubtless any man would fail in reaching the highest mark on every point, but that should not deter us from giving the best man our vote. In order then that our voters may vote intelligently on this important office, allow me to put forward a few important points which I hope will lead them to continue their confidence in our present occupant.

First, then, as to the ability of Mr. Casey. This gentleman is an educated man—that no one will deny, for he has the papers to show it. He is an experienced man, and that I will show. Seven years ago Mr. Casey had charge of the Carman school, then he was employed as principal of the Fisher school which position he held for two years, then he took charge of the grammar department of the city school of Crookston, thence he proceeded to Grand Forks and took charge of the graded schools of that city. The Fisher folks, after trying a variety of teachers, found that they could not get such an one as Mr. Casey and so offered him $100 a month if he would come back, and when I say Fisher people I do not mean the trustees of the school, but I mean the people petitioned the trustees to get him back at almost any price. Here he stayed till called to the present high position he holds. That the people amongst whom he lived for so long should revere and like him is a pretty good testimony as to his ability and character. I know no better one.

Now, as to the way he has filled his office since he has been superintendent. The county commissioners, who should be judge, say the office has never been so well filled before. Dilligent and cautious, the schools have been well supplied with good teachers, and what is more, he has not been afraid to refuse to grant certificates where they had not been earned. When Mr. Casey came into office a year ago, everything was in a state of chaos, and through his representations to the proper authorities, the school districts of the county have recovered $1,543.76 which was lost to it through the negligence or oversight of his predecessor. The vouchers for this can be seen at the office. Again the holder of a graded certificate is no longer a laughing stock to his or her incompetency, as one who holds such has now to earn it. Moreover, Mr. D. L. Kiehle, the State Superintendent, stated publicly that he saw a marked improvement on the thoroughness of the teachers, and asked the people to stand by the one who had brought about such salutary change. Now, the people of Polk County are asked to oust this tried and found capable servant out of office and put in—who? A person by the name of Grefthen—and why? Well, God only knows, for nobody else seems to. However, let us look at his qualifications and give the devil his due. Mr. Grefthen claims he is well qualified to fill this office. Let us see. If so, why did he not come out last spring to the examinations when every teacher in the county was called out? It does look very much like his owning up his incompetence. Again, Mr. Grefthen has the unspeakable credit of holding a second grade certificate, and that is the only certificate he ever held until the 11th day of last month when he journeyed all the way to Iowa to get what he calls a "first grade" certificate. This he DID NOT obtain in spite of his assertions. He did get what is called in Iowa a "first-class" certificate, but not a "first grade," and there is as much difference in the two, as there is in the "first reader" and the "first book of Euclid." The only thing alike being the "first." In fact, it is not quite equal to the Polk County third grade! I will prove what I say. He was not examined in any one of the higher branches, not even in algebra, geometry, philosophy, physical geography nor any science. Yet he has a "first class" certificate! Why did Mr. Grefthen have to go to Iowa to pass his examinations? The people here have an idea that a first grade certificate from Polk County is nearly good enough for them. It seems to me like buying a broncho when we can get a good American horse cheaper. Mr. Grefthen also holds a kind of credential, (?) a recommend which he obtained from a superintendent in Dakota. This person's name is Kennedy, and he was barely elected to office himself. Moreover, Mr. Grefthen informed a friend of the writer that it was through his influence (?) that the said Kennedy got there at all. Hence the recommend.

How is it that this shining light has been wasting its fragrance on the desert air all these years, instead of teaching the young ideas "how to shoot?" How is it that all at once he blossoms out as a "first class" teacher with a second grade certificate? Of course it could not be for the purpose of self aggrandisement. Sir, when you get right down to it and view the matter in all its lights, it is an insult to the intelligence of Polk County voters to think that they will support such a man for such an office.

Please excuse the length of this letter. The importance of the case must plead for me. I care for no office in comparison with this. This should be free above politics, and only tried men should be put in, men capable and educated and not those who have to go to another state to obtain a third grade certificate. Respectfully,

[illegible]

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

KEEPING STILL

AND

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn

Inventions of the Enemy.

St. Paul Daily News.

Almost the only rallying cry of the Merriam organs left is that the Alliance is going to pieces.

The days are too short and they are obliged to sit up during the nights to invent stories relative to the break in the Alliance ranks here, and the break in the Alliance ranks there; the consolidation of the Alliance and Democrats on this candidate and on that candidate, etc.

If they had not been absolutely stampeded by political fright, the Merriam gang would see that the iteration and reiteration of these falsehoods proves a complete give away.

The fact that they have withdrawn this man and that man from the Alliance ticket in favor of the Democrats, while atually there has been no such withdrawal, and the Alliance has pursued its aggressive course, as usual, shows the foolish falsity of the stories set afloat.

While it was, perhaps, hardly worthy of dignifying with a notice, nevertheless the official announcement of Secretary Warren of the Alliance State Committee, elsewhere published, should set at rest all those assertions.

The cause is gaining every day.

There is no such thing as looking backward.

A first campaign of a new movement never before had such favorable prospects as the present Alliance campaign.

It is only necessary for the Alliance and its sympathizers to stand unitedly to make the victory in November so complete that its echoes will reverberate from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

But whatever the result, the old parties need not lay the flattering unction to their souls that this is a campaign of [illegible].

The people are enlisted to right their wrongs.

They propose to resort to the peaceful means of the ballot box to remedy the existing evil, and they will not cease their efforts until right and justice has prevailed.

FOR SALE.

[illegible] full blood Holstein Friesian bull about eight months old. For particulars apply to O. Snyder, Sec. 8, [illegible] or call at JOURNAL office.

Alliance Prospects.

Minneapolis Times.

The election of S. M. Owens for Governor will not surprise some of the shrewdest politicians and the most astute observers of the trend of things in this campaign. The Alliance platform is the best embodiment of principles and doctrines that appeal to the practical intererests and the moral sense of the intelligent and patriotic citizens. Its candidate for Governor is a man fitted to stand upon such a platform—thoughtful, broad-minded, sincere. His election would give this state an Executive of whom all classes of the people would have reason to feel proud, and through whose administration our great industrial interests would receive just recognition and be lifted to their proper place in the economy of the State.

The Alliance today includes in its membership the best conscience and brains of both the old parties. It stands for the enfranchisement of labor, the elevation of the workingman, the recognition of his rights to an equitable share in the profits of his toil; it unites under its banners the toilers of all classes, and it moves steadily forward to the accomplishment of purposes that put it in the line of human progress toward great and beneficent ends. Nothing could more advantage the State of Minnesota than the success of the Alliance movement this year. It would be the breaking up of machine domination and the death-blow to party despotism. It would put heart and courage into the farmer, and the workingmen of every class. It would be an earthquake shock to the proud corporations and insolent monopolies which now purchase legislators like sheep in the shambles, dictate the policy of the state administration, defy the law and ride roughshod over the people. The election of S. M. Owen would mean a decided change of programme. It would mean rebuke, and repulse, and repudiation by the people of the rings and combinations and bosses. It would mean a new deal—a "full hand" for the workingman—the march of the people to the front, and the relegation of the corporations and Plutocrats to their proper places as the servants of the state, not its masters. The electors of Minnesota have an opportunity this year—the farmers and working classes especially—to prove the stuff they are made of and to demonstrate the sincerity of their professions of administrative reform. From present indications, and from authentic reports from all over the State, The Times is encouraged to hope for the triumph of the Alliance movement in the election of Mr. Owen for Governor. But whether Mr. Owen shall be elected or not a full showing of the real Alliance strength at the polls will have a most salutary effect upon the next Legislature, upon the State administration, and upon public sentiment.

(Communicated.)

Vote for Grefthen.

The temperance alliance of Polk County, Good Templar and Labor Organizations of this city, held a mass meeting at Montgomery Hall, Crookston, Minn. The object of this meeting was to consult with each other as to the position to be taken at the coming election relating to the election of Superintendent of Schools. They came to the following conclusion, after having mutually pronounced themselves concerning the qualifications and moral character, both in public and private life of the three candidates:—Be it therefore

Resolved, As the incumbent of said office is connected with the education of our youth, we consider it to be against good morals, unchristian and unjust to give our vote to any candidate for said office that we know is a friend of the saloon and does himself use intoxicating liquor as a beverage.

After having carefully examined the moral character of Mr. Thos. Casey, the republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, it was satisfactorily proved that he is a steady patron at the saloons, consequently he will receive his main support from the saloon element. Therefore we cannot by any means sacrifice our vote for him.

Strong evidence was given which proved that the democratic candidate for said office also is in the habit of using intoxicating liquor, and is a frequent patron at the saloons. Therefore we cannot support him.

As to the alliance candidate for Supt. of Schools, Mr. E. J. Grefthen, is a staunch temperance man, one who has from his infancy been of temperance habits and of unquestionable good moral character. We consider it to be our duty to give him our support and use all honorable means to have him elected.

Moreover, reports are circulating as to Mr. Grefthen's qualifications for said office, and particularly has been circulated by his republican opponent, Mr. Casey, that Mr. Grefthen does not possess ample education to enable him to perform the duties of this important office in a satisfactory manner. Be it therefore

Resolved, That in consideration of certificate, recommendations and endorsements forwarded us from Prof. Breckenridge, Decorah, Iowa, Supt. Kennedy, Traill Co., N. D. and other noted educators, we are fully convinced that Mr. Grefthen is well qualified for the office of Supt. of Schools.

As said office, more than any other in the county, is by far the most important for the numerous growing youth, and as said office more than any other requires a man with good moral character, and as to the three candidates above mentioned the saloon is represented on one side (by the two) and temperance and good moral character on the side (by the one.) Be it therefore

Resolved, That we regard it as the duty of every moral citizen, at the coming election, to vote for E. J. Grefthen for Supt. of Schools of Polk County, Minn.

We earnestly appeal to every qualified voter, both men and women, without regard to party complexion to vote for E. J. Grefthen.

E. J. LOCKEN, REV. C. SAUGSTAD,
JOHN ESTBY, A. P. HANSON,
OLE E. HAGEN, G. F. LUNDGREN,
A. HALVORSON, P. H. HALBERG,
REV. H. ROALKVAM, ADOLF BYDAL,
Committee.

E. J. Grefthen is an intelligent and manly young Worth Countyite and a pioneer temperance worker and has done much good for education and morality and temperance. We wish Worth County had five thousand such young men and could keep them all at home.—Worth County Index, Northwood, Iowa.

Prof. J. Breckenridge writes to the Red River Dalen, the following:

I am informed that E. J. Grefthen, one of my former students, has received the nomination for superintendent of schools of Polk County, I am sure that the schools of Polk County will not suffer if he is elected superintendent of schools, because he is an active and vigorous worker. Decorah Institute has been attended by many hundred youth, but never by a more upright, manly young man than E. J. Grefthen.

J. BRECKENRIDGE,
Principal Decorah Institute.

FOSSTON, Oct. 24, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—In reply to an article in a recent issue of the Thirteen Towns, I will say: I went out to Martin Jensen, explained my business to him and Mrs. Jensen, served the papers, and levied upon the team at Jensen's farm, and not at Crookston, as stated in the Thirteen Towns.

That Mr. and Mrs. Jensen informed me that they had negotiated a loan with A. D. Stephens, and that Mrs. Jensen decided to come to town, get the money from Stephens, pay the execution and take the team home.

That Stephens, under some pretext unknown to me, refused to advance the money.

That Mrs. Jensen then requested me to get a team and take her home.

That I offered to take her home with the team I had levied upon, and that she objected to my driving the team out to the farm and back again, because the roads were bad.

That I refused to hire a team to take Mrs. Jenson home.

That the above statements are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

[illegible] ARNY GR[illegible]

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of October, 1890.

[illegible] BRANDT,
Justice of the Peace.

Vote for honest John Locken for register of deeds.

Vote for C. O. Christianson for judge of probate.

Be sure you vote for S. M. Owen and the farmers legislature.

The farmers will evidently stick together this year.

The Merriam bosses are beginning to see that farmers are not all fools.

How about Merriam's foreign twine plant? Another "business administration," ain't it.

THE JOURNAL wishes to see the best interests of the people subserved in this election. Therefore it urges the election of only those best qualified.

What did the Great West say about Merriam's twine plant? Or about his watered stock in the C. D. & N. R'y? Somehow we don't quite remember.

Look out for campaign lies of all kinds—published when too late to be refuted. You have a grand man for Governor and you will elect him if true to your best interests. Vote for Owen and the farmer legislature.

If Owen and a farmers legislature is elected the question as to what can be accomplished will be fully tested. Farmers will at least know that they have their frends at court.

If Owen is elected the old soldiers will have a true friend at court. Old soldiers will not be kicked out to make way for some green boy as under the autocrat Merriam.

Oh, yes! Merriam is a friend of the farmer. (?) The farmers should at once most earnestly pray (and vote) to be delivered from all such friends.

While other candidates have been raving about the country for votes, Mat Cornelius has been busy at work in the office of auditor, carefully guarding the people's interests. The people will see that Mat loses nothing by it.

It is against the law to water railroad stock, yet it is said that the stock of the C. D. & N. road was watered $9,000 per mile or so, and that this is the governor's road! "Business administration," did you say? Looks like it, don't it?

As every business man and every laborer in the country depends on the farmer for business, he should cast his vote to aid the farmer in his efforts to secure justice in the markets. If what the system unjustly takes from the farmer, was left at home, business of all kinds would soon feel the effects of it, to the benefit of all. Vote for Owen and a farmer legislature.

The farmers well know that, to obtain their rights, they must either make the alliance cause successful or go to war. They hope to settle the matter at the polls to avoid rebellion, therefore they will vote to elect their men. The farmers know no party in this fight except the alliance, and the old time hackneyed arguments are not influencing them this fall. The only way for them to obtain their rights is through the alliance.

The Times speaks of Congressman Comstock as having robbed the people of Polk County via the McKinley bill. This gives Mr. Comstock more credit for popularity than even he is entitled to, for it implies that he passed the bill. In matters political the Times is not disposed to give an opponent credit for the good he has done, as the Times man well knows that Mr. Comstock's vote did not pass the bill; that Mr. Comstock labored hard to get free twine and free sugar, and did succeed in getting the tariff on these articles very much modified. Suppose that Mr. C. had voted against the bill, what then? Why, his district would not have had a cent where it did get over $700,000. If Mr. Comstock had been a demagogue he would have voted against the bill, and by that act been the most popular man in Minnesota, but the interests of his constituents would have been neglected by that act, and he well knew it. His action in this very particular shows his manhood, for it required a brave man to take the stand that he did in behalf of the best interests of his constituents. The object of democracy is plainly seen in this fight. By raising a great dust on the tariff question they hope to draw the attention of the voters from the main issue which is the railway and elevator robberies. The alliance seeks to correct these evils while the democratic party and the Merriam party are making no efforts in this direction. To them everything is lovely, and it makes no difference if the farmer does have to keep on raising wheat at a loss. The tariff cuts no earthly figure in this matter, for this reason: that it affects only those who buy the goods upon which it is imposed, and the excessive freight rates of watered stock, and the robberies of the elevator companies leaves the farmer in this country nothing to buy with, so how can the tariff "rob" him? It is all moonshine and only mentioned by demagogues for political effect! Mr. Comstock has proved a very valuable man for this country and deserves the hearty support of every man in it. His experience will render him more valuable to us in the next congress than in the past, and when the tariff question comes up again he will be found still fighting in the interests of the people. The Times, as a democratic sheet, supports Whiteman, but it should be honest and manly about it.

S. M. Owen, the old soldier is a man of the people. That he will make a grand good Governor no one will doubt. Vote for Owen.

The opposition sheets, having diligently hunted all through the campaign to find something against candidate Owen, may, at the last moment, when too late to refute, spring some campaign lie. This should fool nobody into voting against the best interests of the people.

The Pioneer Press is filled with reports of trades and sales between alliance leaders and democrats, but then the Pioneer Press is doing all in its power to defeat the efforts of the farmers to secure a free and open wheat market and able-bodied lies seem to answer its purpose better than otherwise. Do not be fooled by such claptrap. Vote for Owen.

Of course the farmers might all vote for Merriam and elect him—but "would it be wise?" He has done absolutely nothing toward securing competition in the market for them, nothing toward squeezing the water out of railroad stock and nothing but to order cars for them now and then, and even that is his simple duty under the law! How about his watering the stock of his own road, the C. D. & N. $9,000 per mile or thereabouts?

The bosses are frantically beseeching the farmer to stand by what they call the republican party while they ENDORSE A DEMOCRAT for the legislature. Seems that they prefer a business man though a democrat, to an honest man if a farmer! And what has the poor farmer done? Why, simply asked for a fair show in the market, equal rights with other men. And for this the bosses malign and decry him.

It is a pitiable sight to see the depths of humility into which the Merriam managers, who call themselves the republican party in this district, ENDORSE A DEMOCRAT for the legislature. No plainer evidence could be given of their mortal fear of the honest farmer vote than this and they can but too plainly see the hand writing on the wall, when they have to depend on a democrat to rake their chestnuts out of the fire! Alas, poor Yorrick!

"Vote the straight ticket" has been the party war-cry for time immemorial but now the old parties are scared to death lest the honest granger will take them literally at their word. That's just what they don't want them to do at this time as it is liable to bust all of their fine-spun schemes. The farmers have learned their lesson so well that now the bosses are mortally afraid that they will vote the alliance ticket straight.

"Rally round the little schoolhouse" is the war-cry in Wisconsin, and "rally round the granary" should be that of Minnesota. For Wisconsin the little schoolhouse is in danger and in Minnesota the granary is in the grip of the elevator and railroad combine. "Rally round the little granary," farmers, vote to protect your own interests for once in your lives. Your candidate for Governor is a true man and if you are true you will elect him.

The Merriam crowd have laid great stress upon the principles of the republican party, (just as if they knew or cared anything about principle,) and have cried out in holy horror when any independent paper has advocated the election of a former democrat for poundmaster or some unimportant office like that, but now we find them in this district endorsing and supporting S. B. Cragin, the democratic nominee for the legislature. This action, taken simply to secure party success, shows plainly that they have no principles in the matter and that they are wholly unworthy to be trusted. They have pretended that it was "the principles of the republican party" for which they have been contending, and their action in this matter gives the lie direct to their claims. It is their own selfish plans they are after and no other purpose, and they are willing to support a democrat or any other man who will be their tool, to carry out their schemes. It is the action of these schemers that has driven every honest republican into rebellion and forced him to appeal to the ballot. Republican principles are all right, but the cabal now in power does not represent these principles and the people are beginning to find this out.

Of all the silly lies that are told in this campaign is the one that S. M. Owen receives $50 for every speech he makes. It is an insult, not only to Mr. Owen himself, but to the farmers themselves. It implies that they should be dependent upon kid glove orators who come around with brass bands and free railroad trains. Oh no, this kind do not demand $100 or $50 of the farmers at their meetings, but they and their backers steal more out of his granary to pay for their expensive blowouts than ten times $50. The lie about Mr. Owen is told under the impression that it injures him and the farmers' cause, but the farmers are not such a set of precious fools as the writers thereof think. Farmers would be totally devoid of sense to take any stock in such silly twaddle and the only attention they pay to it, is to laugh at the brainless fools who indulge in such lies. The farmers are paying only the expenses of their campaign, and that makes the boodlers tired as it shows too much independence to suit them.

John Locken, alliance candidate for register of deeds, is an honest farmer living near this city. He has had a sufficient experience in business to qualify him for the position to which he aspires, having been for some time engaged in mercantile pursuits, and for two terms city treasurer of Crookston. The Merriam crowd made strenuous efforts to proselyte him to their own use, but he remained firm to the trust reposed in him by the farmers and refused to betray their cause. Vote for honest John Locken.

The farmers have an idea that if they can elect their governor and legislature they can correct the evils that exist in the markets and thus have more money to buy the necessaries and comforts of home. They have nominated a superior man for governor to any other candidate in the field, and many business men will vote for Owen, knowing that if the farmers succeed it will be to the interest of business men, and if the farmers, after electing their men, do not succeed, they will then be satisfied that the evils that afflict them cannot be cured by legislation, and Owen is a safe man to tie to. Thus reason many business men in our city, and they are right. Owen will have thousands of votes outside of farmers themselves.

Before another issue of THE JOURNAL the important question: "who will be our Governor?" will have been answered at the polls, and upon the answer, depends, in a large degree, the welfare of the farmers of Minnesota. The Alliance has nominated a man of broad experience, one who understands the inequalities of the present system and who, if elected, will do all in his power to correct the evils of which they justly complain. We believe that, if the farmers are only true to their own interests, Mr. Owen will be elected by a grand majority for there are hundreds in our cities and villages, who are in full sympathy with the farmer in his effort to secure justice in the market and they will vote with him. The condition of the market last fall, and also to-day shows conclusively that no relief is to be expected from the present powers that be, and the only thing to do is to change the deal by electing a farmer Governor.

Governor Merriam is said to be a "business Governor," that is a governor in the interests of business men. Well, we have not heard that railroad men, elevator men, bankers and other business men were kicking—and they have no reason to. Agriculture, however, is suffering for attention which it does not get, and it is not so much a matter of wonder when we consider how little Governor Merriam knows about agriculture and its needs.

For once, if never before, the farmers are in earnest and will try the effect of united action on the situation. They will elect their own governor and legislature to make their laws and execute them. In Mr. Owen they have selected the best man for the business they could have found. And hundreds of business men will vote to help them in their honest endeavor to secure a free and open wheat market.

The Merriam crowd cannot find words in the English language venomous enough to express their opinions of papers that are trying to help the farmers to get a free and untrammeled wheat market, intimating that all the farmers are after is to elect some democrat to office, but here in this district we find these simon pure howlers endorsing a democrat for one of the most important offices in the gift of the people. "Oh, consistency thou art a jewel!"

Two important amendments to the constitution are to be voted upon next Tuesday. The one relating to trials by jury provides that in civil cases five-sixths of the jury is sufficient to render a verdict. We can see no good reason why this amendment should carry. Vote no upon it by marking out the "Yes." The other amendment relates to the taxation of railroads. Under this proposed amendment the roads would have the privilege of choosing the method of taxation, and it strikes us that this would be of no benefit to the people. This amendment, in our judgment, should be voted down.

That's pretty good for "the farmers friend," the business governor! Build a road for $7,000 per mile, bond it for $16,000 per mile and then ask the city of Crookston to put up $50,000 bonus! Let's see, the candidate for county attorney was in the deal, too, wasn't he? Now he asks you to vote for him and Merriam!! Well, you might do so, but "would it be wise!!"

Another Campaign Lie.

THE JOURNAL is informed that a story is in circulation affecting the honesty of E. M. Walsh and M. E. Kirsch, charging them with stealing county funds. The story, we are glad to say does not originate with the candidates themselves but seems to be the product of the fertile imagination of an old superannuated henhuzzy, who having a little smattering of education, seems to think he knows it all, but it is told in the hope of benefitting certain candidates. Wherever Walsh and Kirsch are known this silly attack needs no refutation as they are known to be honest and upright men, but Mr. Walsh does not intend to allow such stories affecting his honesty, to go abroad among strangers uncontradicted and proposes to make it exceedingly warm for the originator of the baseless slander. Such stories always injure the cause they are calculated to advance.

County Superintendent of Schools.

FISHER, Oct. 27, 1890.

ED. POLK COUNTY JOURNAL:—At this critical period allow us, Sir, if you please, a little of your space to bring under the notice of your numerous readers a few facts pertaining to the office of County Superintendent of Schools, as well as to the capabilities of its present incumbent. This office, as I presume all will allow, should be held by a man who is capable of instructing both teachers and scholars, as well as one who has proved by his examinations and his work, his claim to his statements. In a large county, like Polk County, the largest organized school district in our state, it behooves our voters to enquire carefully into the capabilities of the applicant for their votes, and not to accept the claptrap of political aspirants as the sum total of their abilities. In such an important office as the one I am writing about, the voter should carefully weigh in the balances the essentials of the office and then equally carefully calculate which of the candidates most fully conforms to the ideal standard. Doubtless any man would fail in reaching the highest mark on every point, but that should not deter us from giving the best man our vote. In order then that our voters may vote intelligently on this important office, allow me to put forward a few important points which I hope will lead them to continue their confidence in our present occupant.

First, then, as to the ability of Mr. Casey. This gentleman is an educated man—that no one will deny, for he has the papers to show it. He is an experienced man, and that I will show. Seven years ago Mr. Casey had charge of the Carman school, then he was employed as principal of the Fisher school which position he held for two years, then he took charge of the grammar department of the city school of Crookston, thence he proceeded to Grand Forks and took charge of the graded schools of that city. The Fisher folks, after trying a variety of teachers, found that they could not get such an one as Mr. Casey and so offered him $100 a month if he would come back, and when I say Fisher people I do not mean the trustees of the school, but I mean the people petitioned the trustees to get him back at almost any price. Here he stayed till called to the present high position he holds. That the people amongst whom he lived for so long should revere and like him is a pretty good testimony as to his ability and character. I know no better one.

Now, as to the way he has filled his office since he has been superintendent. The county commissioners, who should be judge, say the office has never been so well filled before. Dilligent and cautious, the schools have been well supplied with good teachers, and what is more, he has not been afraid to refuse to grant certificates where they had not been earned. When Mr. Casey came into office a year ago, everything was in a state of chaos, and through his representations to the proper authorities the school districts of the county have recovered $1,513.76 which was lost to it through the negligence or oversight of his predecessor. The vouchers for this can be seen at the office. Again the holder of a graded certificate is no longer a laughing stock to his or her incompetency, as one who holds such has now to earn it. Moreover, Mr. D. L. Kiehle, the State Superintendent, stated publicly that he saw a marked improvement on the thoroughness of the teachers, and asked the people to stand by the one who had brought about such salutary change. Now, the people of Polk County are asked to oust this tried and found capable servant out of office and put in—who? A person by the name of Grefthen—and why? Well, God only knows, for nobody else seems to. However, let us look at his qualifications and give the devil his due. Mr. Grefthen claims he is well qualified to fill this office. Let us see. If so, why did he not come out last spring to the examinations when every teacher in the county was called out? It does look very much like his owning up his incompetence. Again, Mr. Grefthen has the unspeakable credit of holding a second grade certificate, and that is the only certificate he ever held until the 11th day of last month when he journeyed all the way to Iowa to get what he calls a "first grade" certificate. This he DID NOT obtain in spite of his assertions. He did get what is called in Iowa a "first-class" certificate, but not a "first grade," and there is as much difference in the two, as there is in the "first reader" and the "first book of Euclid." The only thing alike being the "first." In fact, it is not quite equal to the Polk County third grade! I will prove what I say. He was not examined in any one of the higher branches, not even in algebra, geometry, philosophy, physical geography, nor any science. Yet he has a "first-class" certificate! Why did Mr. Grefthen have to go to Iowa to pass his examinations? The people here have an idea that a first grade certificate from Polk County is nearly good enough for them. It seems to me like buying a broncho when we can get a good American horse cheaper. Mr. Grefthen also holds a kind of credential, (?) a recommend which he obtained from a superintendent in Dakota. This person's name is Kennedy, and he was barely elected to office himself. Moreover, Mr. Grefthen informed a friend of the writer that it was through his influence (?) that the said Kennedy got there at all. Hence the recommend.

How is it that this shining light has been "wasting its fragrance on the desert air," all these years, instead of teaching the young ideas "how to shoot?" How is it that all at once he blossoms out as a "first-class" teacher with a second grade certificate? Of course it could not be for the purpose self aggrandisement. Sir, when you get right down to it and view the matter in all its lights, it is an insult to the intelligence of Polk County voters to think that they will support such a man for such an office.

Please excuse the length of this letter. The importance of the cause must plead for me. I care for no office in comparison with this. This should be free, above politics. In it only tried men should be put; men capable and educated, and not those who have to go to another state to obtain a third grade certificate. Respectfully,

FISHERITE.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

KEEPING STILL

—AND—

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - - Crookston, Minn

Inventions of the Enemy.

St. Paul Daily News.

Almost the only rallying cry of the Merriam organs left is that the Alliance is going to pieces.

The days are too short and they are obliged to sit up during the nights to invent stories relative to the break in the Alliance ranks here, and the break in the Alliance ranks there; the consolidation of the Alliance and Democrats on this candidate and on that candidate, etc.

If they had not been absolutely stampeded by political fright, the Merriam gang would see that the iteration and reiteration of these falsehoods proves a complete give away.

The fact that they have withdrawn this man and that man from the Alliance ticket in favor of the Democrats, while atually there has been no such withdrawal, and the Alliance has pursued its aggressive course, as usual, shows the foolish falsity of the stories set afloat.

While it was, perhaps, hardly worthy of dignifying with a notice, nevertheless the official announcement of Secretary Warren of the Alliance State Committee, elsewhere published, should set at rest all those assertions.

The cause is gaining every day.

There is no such thing as looking backward.

A first campaign of a new movement never before had such favorable prospects as the present Alliance campaign.

It is only necessary for the Alliance and its sympathizers to stand unitedly to make the victory in November so complete that its echoes will reverberate from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

But whatever the result, the old parties need not lay the flattering unction to their souls that this is a campaign of a day.

The people are enlisted to right their wrongs.

They propose to resort to the peaceful means of the ballot box to remedy the existing evil, and they will not cease their efforts until right and justice has prevailed.

FOR ALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

Alliance Prospects.

Minneapolis Times.

The election of S. M. Owens for Governor will not surprise some of the shrewdest politicians and the most astute observers of the trend of things in this campaign. The Alliance platform is the best embodiment of principles and doctrines that appeal to the practical intererests and the moral sense of the intelligent and patriotic citizens. Its candidate for Governor is a man fitted to stand upon such a platform—thoughtful, broad-minded, sincere. His election would give this state an Executive of whom all classes of the people would have reason to feel proud, and through whose administration our great industrial interests would receive just recognition and be lifted to their proper place in the economy of the State.

The Alliance today includes in its membership the best conscience and brains of both the old parties. It stands for the enfranchisement of labor, the elevation of the workingman, the recognition of his rights to an equitable share in the profits of his toil; it unites under its banners the toilers of all classes, and it moves steadily forward to the accomplishment of purposes that put it in the line of human progress toward great and beneficent ends. Nothing could more advantage the State of Minnesota than the success of the Alliance movement this year. It would be the breaking up of machine domination and the death-blow to party despotism. It would put heart and courage into the farmer, and the workingmen of every class. It would be an earthquake shock to the proud corporations and insolent monopolies which now purchase legislators like sheep in the shambles, dictate the policy of the state administration, defy the law and ride roughshod over the people. The election of S. M. Owen would mean a decided change of programme. It would mean rebuke, and repulse, and repudiation by the people of the rings and combinations and bosses. It would mean a new deal—a "full hand" for the workingman—the march of the people to the front, and the relegation of the corporations and Plutocrats to their proper places as the servants of the state, not its masters. The electors of Minnesota have an opportunity this year—the farmers and working classes especially—to prove the stuff they are made of and to demonstrate the sincerity of their professions of administrative reform. From present indications, and from authentic reports from all over the State, The Times is encouraged to hope for the triumph of the Alliance movement in the election of Mr. Owen for Governor. But whether Mr. Owen shall be elected or not a full showing of the real Alliance strength at the polls will have a most salutary effect upon the next Legislature, upon the State administration, and upon public sentiment.

(Communicated.)

Vote for Grefthen.

The temperance alliance of Polk County, Good Templar and Labor Organizations of this city, held a mass meeting at Montgomery Hall, Crookston, Minn. The object of this meeting was to consult with each other as to the position to be taken at the coming election relating to the election of Superintendent of Schools. They came to the following conclusion, after having mutually pronounced themselves concerning the qualifications and moral character, both in public and private life of the three candidates: Be it therefore

Resolved, As the incumbent of said office is connected with the education of our youth, we consider it to be against good morals, unchristian and unjust to give our vote to any candidate for said office that we know is a friend of the saloon and does himself use intoxicating liquor as a beverage.

After having carefully examined the moral character of Mr. Thos. Casey, the republican candidate for Superintendent of Schools, it was satisfactorily proved that he is a steady patron at the saloons, consequently he will receive his main support from the saloon element. Therefore we cannot by any means sacrifice our vote for him.

Strong evidence was given which proved that the democratic candidate for said office also is in the habit of using intoxicating liquor, and is a frequent patron at the saloons. Therefore we cannot support him.

As to the alliance candidate for Supt. of Schools, Mr. E. J. Grefthen, is a staunch temperance man, one who has from his infancy been of temperance habits and of unquestionable good moral character. We consider it to be our duty to give him our support and use all honorable means to have him elected.

Moreover, reports are circulating as to Mr. Grefthen's qualifications for said office, and particularly has been circulated by his republican opponent, Mr. Casey, that Mr. Grefthen does not possess ample education to enable him to perform the duties of this important office in a satisfactory manner. Be it therefore

Resolved, That in consideration of certificate, recommendations and endorsements forwarded us from Prof. Breckenridge, Decorah, Iowa, Supt. Kennedy, Traill Co., N. D. and other noted educators, we are fully convinced that Mr. Grefthen is well qualified for the office of Supt. of Schools.

As said office, more than any other in the county, is by far the most important for the numerous growing youth, and as said office more than any other requires a man with good moral character, and as to the three candidates above mentioned the saloon is represented on one side (by the two) and temperance and good moral character on the side (by the one.) Be it therefore

Resolved, That we regard it as the duty of every moral citizen, at the coming election, to vote for E. J. Grefthen for Supt. of Schools of Polk County, Minn.

We earnestly appeal to every qualified voter, both men and women, without regard to party complexion to vote for E. J. Grefthen.

E. J. LOCKEN,	REV. C. SAUGSTAD,
JOHN ESTBY,	A. P. HANSON,
OLE E. HAGEN,	G. F. LUNDGREN,
A. HALVORSON,	P. H. HALBEEG,
REV. H. ROALKVAM,	ADOLF BYDAL,

Committee.

E. J. Grefthen is an intelligent and manly young Worth Countyite and a pioneer temperance worker and has done much good for education and morality and temperance. We wish Worth County had five thousand such young men and could keep them all at home.—Worth County Index, Northwood, Iowa.

Prof. J. Breckenridge writes to the Red River Dalen, the following:

I am informed that E. J. Grefthen, one of my former students, has received the nomination for superintendent of schools of Polk County. I am sure that the schools of Polk County will not suffer if he is elected superintendent of schools, because he is an active and vigorous worker. Decorah Institute has been attended by many hundred youth, but never by a more upright, manly young man than E. J. Grefthen.

J. BRECKENRIDGE,
Principal Decorah Institute.

FOSSTON, Oct. 24, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL:—In reply to an article in a recent issue of the Thirteen Towns, I will say: I went out to Martin Jensen, explained my business to him and Mrs. Jensen, served the papers, and levied upon the team at Jensen's farm, and not at Crookston, as stated in the Thirteen Towns.

That Mr. and Mrs. Jensen informed me that they had negotiated a loan with A. D. Stephens, and that Mrs. Jensen decided to come to town, get the money from Stephens, pay the execution and take the team home.

That Stephens, under some pretext unknown to me, refused to advance the money.

That Mrs. Jensen then requested me to get a team and take her home.

That I offered to take her home with the team I had levied upon, and that she objected to my driving the team out on the farm and back again, because the roads were bad.

That I refused to hire a team to take Mrs. Jenson home.

That the above statements are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of October, 1890.

I. O. BRANDT,
Justice of the Peace.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 30, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:15 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:30 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:20 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:55 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:30 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger.	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. 3:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:15 a. m. 4:00 p. m.

While S. M. Owen was honorably fighting for his country on southern battle-fields, where was banker Merriam and railroad attorney Wilson? Not on the battle-field by a long chalk.

Because W. W. Erwin is telling some solid truths in behalf of the alliance, the cross-roads politician is just now trying to prejudice the farmers against Erwin, hoping thus to make them forget their own wrongs in the market and vote for those who will not try to correct the evils.

Oh yes! Watch my smoke; I am going to give the farmers cheap binding twine, says Billy. So Billy's committee, ignoring American manufacturers of serviceable machines goes to Europe and purchases a machine that the Deerings have tried and found impracticable. He is a healthy old "farmers friend" aint he? That's a "business governor,, for you with a vengance. But the farmers have determined to try Owen and no amount of sophistry will turn them from their purpose.

If Merriam had ever intended that the farmers of Minnesota should ever have cheap binding twine, how is it that his committee has selected a twine machine that has once been proved unfit for working American fibre? Mr. Todd offered to put in an American machine that can work American fibre at about $5,000 less than the European machine costs, and if on trial it was proved incapable of doing the business it should not cost the state a dollar. Does this look like an honest effort to obtain cheap binding twine?

And now the State Chemist condemns our wheat because there are "green kernels in it!" Wonder if he don't know that what few there are will come out of the bin all right in the spring? Anything to down the poor farmers seems to be the popular idea no matter how flimsy. There may be a few green kernels in the wheat, but there are not half so many GREEN VOTERS among the farmers as there once was and the schemers will find that out on Nov. 4th, 1890.

Do you believe you have been wronged in the wheat market? Then vote for S. M. Owen who will be elected on that issue. Have you not given Wm. R. Merriam a fair trial and has he not proved a failure to remedy existing evils? How can he remedy the evils when he fattens upon them, for it is currently reported that he owns thousands of railroad stocks. It is a patent fact that he is perfectly acceptable to railroads and the elevator system. Vote for your own friend, S. M. Owen.

Did you notice what a dust the stump speakers are kicking up on the tariff question? And did you ever stop to think that you have a system in your midst that costs you from three to ten cents per bushel at least to maintain? And did you even stop to think what an enormous drain the watered stock system of railroads is upon the resources of the country? Is not the living issue found in these evils? What then is the reason for kicking up such a dust over the tariff if not to try to hide the greater evils that afflict agriculture? That is just what it is for and no other reason. If the railroads and elevator systems can make you think that it is only the tariff that is taking the life out of you then they can keep right on with their nefarious traffic for they dont care a snap which party wins on the tariff issue they are safe in any event. With the alliance party it is different. That party is bound to down every evil that afflicts agriculture and if placed in power will squeeze the railroad watered stock, will regulate the market and pay enough attention to the tariff question. The alliance party is the only one that will pay any attention to watered stock and elevator exactions, therefore it is the plain duty of every man who believes in the upbuilding of the country to vote for S. M. Owen and the legislative ticket.

Democrats are loudly calling upon farmers who were democrats to vote the straight democratic ticket. But they fail to make it plain how that will help farmers get their rights in the market. Democratic and every other kind of farmer should vote for Owen and the alliance legislative ticket as this is the only party that makes any pretense of securing to the country a free and open market. Farmers vote for your OWN INTERESTS for once in your lives and see how that would seem.

"No man can serve two masters." If it is true that Merriam is the friend and ally of monopolists he cannot be such to the poor farmer and laboring man on whose vitals monopoly fattens. S. M. Owen is pre-eminently the poor man's friend, a man who has proved his friendship long before he was a candidate for your suffrage. Vote for S. M. Owen.

And now the Merriam managers are saying to the farmers: "Lo, this great man and that great man advises you to vote for Governor Merriam!" Go to! Are the farmers "voting cattle" that they have to be instructed how to vote? Do they not know that the present "business administration" costs them $5 to $10 per hundred on their wheat to sustain it? Let the great men keep right on advising the farmers, THEY DON'T HAVE TO FOOT THE BILL, but the farmer does, and he proposes to cast his ballot for himself this fall. He intends to vote in his own interests for once in his life, and not "as some big man tells him to!" That is the kind of independent voter the farmer is and the insinuation of the Merriam bosses that the farmer will vote as some big man tells him to is an insult to the average intelligence of the farmer.

From every county in the state comes the cheering intelligence that the farmers are getting in line for Owen, their candidate for Governor, and more than that, from the cities and villages the report comes that Owen will have lots of votes, and it is certain that if the farmers only stand true to their cause their candidate, S. M. Owen, will be the next Governor of Minnesota, but the Merriam party say that the farmers will not be true, that at the last moment they will cowardly surrender their cause and vote to defeat their own interests, but we do not think they will. It is just as true to-day as it was last winter that the farmer cannot get justice in the wheat market under the Merriam inspectors, and he will not be able to if Merriam is re-elected. We can see no reason why the farmers should desert their own leader, S. M. Owen, for a man who cannot or will not at least afford them any relief. Everywhere the people protest against the Merriam regime and the only way to end the farce is to elect S. M. Owen. We are confident if the farmers are true to their own interests this will be done.

Nelson For Comstock.

Hon. S. G. Comstock spoke at Glenwood, Pope County, on Thursday evening, Oct. 16th. Hon. Knute Nelson was present and also addressed the meeting. Speaking of Mr. Comstock, Mr. Nelson said:

"And now I wish to say a word in behalf of my old friend, Mr. Comstock. Upon retiring from congress, the highest pleasure I ever experienced in my life was that afforded me in introducing there to my associates my friend and successor, Hon. S. G. Comstock. He has ever been a friend to me. We were pioneers together, he coming with a shovel on his shoulder to Moorhead, and I locating in a claim shanty at Alexandria the same year. During the famous Nelson-Kindred campaign he was loyal and true to me, and at that memorable Detroit convention he withstood slungshot, billies and revolvers in defense of the "Little Norwegian." He has served you faithfully and well. He is a man, to use a Southern phrase, who always "totes fair," and my friends in Pope County cannot pay me a higher compliment than by giving him their hearty support."

Gov. Merriam and C. K. Davis go about the country on special trains, sometimes carrying a brass band, and yet despite all that parade the Merriam managers are beginning to tumble to the fact that their cause is in extreme danger. They begin to realize that the people are doing a wonderful amount of earnest thinking this year, the result of which will be disastrous to Merriamism.

Governor Merriam says that the things that the farmer asks for has already been done by the republican party. The farmer has asked for an equal share in the wheat market. That has not been given. He has asked to be relieved from the pernicious elevator system that has robbed him. That has not been given him and elevator stock is yet gilt edged. He has asked relief from watered stock of railroads; that has not been given him and when you pin the governor right down to facts the only thing he can say that the republican party (that is governor Merriam), has given the farmer when he asked for it was a car or two now and then and that the law gives him; a law passed by a farmers legislature. But just about this time of year politicians and office seekers are very solicitous about the welfare of the farmer—but it dont last very long after election. Oh yes, the republican party has done everything that the farmer has asked and yet he don't have his rights in the market, so it is about time to try S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature and we will do it.

Mat Cornelius, besides being a thoroughly educated man is also a farmer and a good one, too. He works his quarter section near the city, and, even under existing circumstances makes it pay. Here is a thoroughbred farmer for you and an A 1 business man, one, who if elected will be able to do the business properly. He is not and never has been identified with any ring or clique that may have existed nor could he be.

Watch your election precincts. Every kind of dodge known to tricky politicians will probably be tried, but in vain if you are alert to your own interests. Remember, "Eternal vigilance in the prise of liberty," and your liberty in a free and open wheat market depends on the election of S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature. See that no one tampers with your ballots and be sure that all of your friends are at the polls and vote. Look to your own interests.

Farmers, remember that your interests are at stake in this campaign. The ticket that represents your interests you have paid your good hard earned money to place in the field, and if you now neglect to elect your governor and your legislature you lose all you have invested. Not only so, but you still contribute from five to ten cents per bushel to the old system. Five or ten dollars per hundred on your wheat is worth saving. Vote for it on Nov. 4th next.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. B. LANIGAN, Principal.

R. S. Knudson, Sec.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE.

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

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CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

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105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS,

ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guarnteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS. Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'sr

D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' claims and patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

PETERSON'S 1891

1891 MAGAZINE

50TH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

THE QUEEN OF THE LADIES' MONTHLIES ENLARGED AND GREATLY IMPROVED, MAKING IT MORE DESIRABLE THAN EVER, AND KEEPING IT IN THE LEAD OF THE LADIES' MAGAZINES.

Its fiction is strong and clean. Some of the best-known American writers contribute to its pages, among them Edgar Fawcett, Frank Lee Benedict, Howard Seeley, Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper, Rebecca Harding Davis, Miss M. G. McClelland, Alice Bowman, and Minna Irving.

Historical and Biographical Sketches, with numerous and appropriate illustrations, printed on fine paper, will be given monthly.

In the Fashion department, we aim to combine beauty and utility. The newest and prettiest styles of costume are given with full descriptions, also a monthly dress-pattern sheet. As a fashion magazine, "PETERSON" is universally pronounced as far in the lead of all others.

Numerous designs for needle-work, embroidery, knitting, painting, &c., with designs printed in colors. Articles on the management of the sick, by a trained nurse, household and garden hints, recipes for cooking, and interesting articles on various topics, are given monthly.

The aim of the publishers is to give such variety of contents as will both interest and instruct its readers, and make it a helpful companion to every woman.

TERMS: $2.00 PER YEAR

with large reductions to clubs, and handsome premiums for getting them up.

A sample copy, with full particulars, will be sent for 5 cents.

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306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.

Everything neat and nobby.

Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

DRS STARKEY & PALENS'

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment." Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 50,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,

No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,

North Star,

Fife,

Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

[First publication Oct. 13th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 25th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Millie Doaye, executrix of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 11th day of November, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Polk County Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 25th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

[25-27]

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST.——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Hunting, Fishing.	Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys. Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions. Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	G. N. R. L.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

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FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

CASH DEALERS IN

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block. Robert St., Crookston.

To The Farmer's Alliance of of Polk Co. Minn.

GENTLEMEN:—The farmers and workingmen of Minnesota in general and of Polk County in particular have arisen in their might to shake off the burdens that monopolists, usurers and corrupt machine politicians have placed upon them. As a first step to that end, the farmers and laborers have declared their independence of the democratic and republican parties both of which have deserted the principles of their founders and are now ruled, controlled and run by the monopolists and for the monopolists, while the interests, the wants and the needs of the people are neglected. A full Farmers Alliance State, Congressional, Legislative and County ticket, has been placed in the field and a victory for the Alliance means the control of the State and county affairs by the people. Besides and furthermore this movement is but the advance guard of a great reform party which, in 1892 will sweep the nation from Maine to California, and place in the Presidential chair a man of the people. Monopoly will be dethroned and the reign of the plutocrats will end, and again we will have restored to the masses a government of the people, by the people and for the people.

Your candidates are mostly poor men like yourselves; your leaders are without money or means and are now pitted against the hirelings of monopoly, and are fighting for your interests the most desperate political battle ever waged upon the soil of Minnesota. Defeat means ruin to your leaders, increased taxes to you and the filling of your offices with the tools of your oppressors. It means that interest, taxes, freight rates and tariff will be high and that your wheat will still pay tribute to the elevator pirates; success means the abolition of these iniquitous robberies now being so successfully practiced upon the farmers and in fact upon all the poor or middle-classes of whatsoever profession, calling or trade, for nearly all the poor people in the city who feel the sting of poverty and wear the yoke of monopoly more galling than the one which our lawmakers and office-holders have placed around the necks of the farmers. Your County Committee are willing to work, but to send our speakers and campaign literature requires money. "We must educate or must perish,"

Many towns and villages are without alliance organizations; these can and must be organized before the election if we would win. To organize means expense. Will the farmers furnish the money to fight their own battle? We do not want a corruption fund but we do want money for the purpose of paying the necessary expenses for organization, speaking and campaign documents. We have no candidate with a barrel; we cannot call upon the rich for contributions—their money is being spent by the enemy to defeat us and [illegible] the [illegible] of plutocracy. You farmers, you individually are the men to pay these campaign expenses. We want every farmer in Polk county to give something—a dollar or more. If you cannot [illegible] much give all you can. Let those better fixed give their dollars and the poorer their quarters. Remember every cent given will come back a hundred fold. Call an alliance meeting at once for the purpose. Give all that you can, personally or from the alliance funds, and have your secretary forward the amount to E. E. Lanigan, the chairman of the County Central Committee, Crookston, Minn. You will get a receipt for your money sent and the committee will account to your alliance for the manner in which every cent so contributed is spent. Do not delay but send in at once.

E. E. [illegible], T. H. NESSETH,
MARTIN [illegible], ANTON LINDON,
J. B. MERRILL, CHRIS HANSON,
CHRIS [illegible], SWAN ANDERSON,
A. P. [illegible], J. A. BRYSON
[illegible].

Alliance Co. Central Com.

Crookston, Minn., Sept. 16th, 1890.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN,

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

Second Street,

CROOKSTON MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., OCT. 30, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	3:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 3 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:35 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:25 p. m.

North Line.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:15 a. m.	6:20 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:35 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight,	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:20 a. m.	5:20 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave.	Arrive.
10:15 a. m.	4:30 p. m

While S. M. Owen was honorably fighting for his country on southern battle-fields, where was banker Merriam and railroad attorney Wilson? Not on the battle field by a long chalk.

Because W. W. Erwin is telling some solid truths in behalf of the alliance, the cross-roads politician is just now trying to prejudice the farmers against Erwin, hoping thus to make them forget their own wrongs in the market and vote for those who will not try to correct the evils.

Oh yes! Watch my smoke; I am going to give the farmers cheap binding twine, says Billy. So Billy's committee, ignoring American manufacturers of serviceable machines goes to Europe and purchases a machine that the Deerings have tried and found impracticable. He is a healthy old "farmers friend" aint he? That's a "business governor,, for you with a vengance. But the farmers have determined to try Owen and no amount of sophistry will turn them from their purpose.

If Merriam had ever intended that the farmers of Minnesota should ever have cheap binding twine, how is it that his committee has selected a twine machine that has once been proved unfit for working American fibre? Mr. Todd offered to put in an American machine that can work American fibre at about $6,000 less than the European machine costs, and if on trial it was proved incapable of doing the business it should not cost the state a dollar. Does this look like an honest effort to obtain cheap binding twine?

And now the State Chemist condemns our wheat because there are "green kernels in it!" Wonder if he don't know that what few there are will come out of the bin all right in the spring? Anything to down the poor farmers seems to be the popular idea no matter how flimsy. There may be a few green kernels in the wheat, but there are not half so many GREEN VOTERS among the farmers as there once was and the schemers will find that out on Nov. 4th, 1890.

Do you believe you have been wronged in the wheat market? Then vote for S. M. Owen who will be elected on that issue. Have you not given Wm. R. Merriam a fair trial and has he not proved a failure to remedy existing evils? How can he remedy the evils when he fattens upon them, for it is currently reported that he owns thousands of railroad stocks. It is a patent fact that he is perfectly acceptable to railroads and the elevator system. Vote for your own friend, S. M. Owen.

Did you notice what a dust the stump speakers are kicking up on the tariff question? And did you ever stop to think that you have a system in your midst that costs you from three to ten cents per bushel at least to maintain. And did you even stop to think what an enormous drain the watered stock system of railroads is upon the resources of the country? Is not the living issue found in these evils? What then is the reason for kicking up such a dust over the tariff if not to try to hide the greater evils that afflict agriculture? That is just what it is for and no other reason. If the railroads and elevator systems can make you think that it is only the tariff that is taking the life out of you, then they can keep right on with their nefarious traffic for they dont care a snap which party wins on the tariff issue they are safe in any event. With the alliance party it is different. That party is bound to down every evil that afflicts agriculture and if placed in power will squeeze the railroad watered stock, will regulate the market and pay enough attention to the tariff question. The alliance party is the only one that will pay any attention to watered stock and elevator extortion, therefore it is the plain duty of every man who believes in the upbuilding of the country to vote for S. M. Owen and the legislative ticket.

Democrats are loudly calling upon [illegible] who were democrats to vote the straight democratic ticket. But they [illegible] will

help farmers get their rights in the market. Democratic and every other kind of farmer should vote for Owen and the alliance legislative ticket, as this is the only party that makes any pretense of securing to the country a free and open market. Farmers vote for your own INTERESTS for once in your lives and see how that would seem.

"No man can serve two masters." If it is true that Merriam is the friend and ally of monopolists he cannot be such to the poor farmer and laboring man on whose vitals monopoly fattens. S. M. Owen is pre-eminently the poor man's friend, a man who has proved his friendship long before he was a candidate for your suffrage. Vote for S. M. Owen.

And now the Merriam managers are saying to the farmers: "Lo, this great man and that great man advises you to vote for Governor Merriam!" Go to! Are the farmers "voting cattle" that they have to be instructed how to vote? Do they not know that the present "business administration" costs them $5 to $10 per hundred on their wheat to sustain it? Let the great men keep right on advising the farmers, THEY DON'T HAVE TO FOOT THE BILL, but the farmer does, and he proposes to cast his ballot for himself this fall. He intends to vote in his own interests for once in his life, and not "as some big man tells him to!" That is the kind of independent voter the farmer is and the insinuation of the Merriam bosses that the farmer will vote as some big man tells him to is an insult to the average intelligence of the farmer.

From every county in the state comes the cheering intelligence that the farmers are getting in line for Owen, their candidate for Governor, and more than that, from the cities and villages the report comes that Owen will have lots of votes, and it is certain that if the farmers only stand true to their cause their candidate, S. M. Owen, will be the next Governor of Minnesota, but the Merriam party say that the farmers will not be true, that at the last moment they will cowardly surrender their cause and vote to defeat their own interests, but we do not think they will. It is just as true to-day as it was last winter that the farmer cannot get justice in the wheat market under the Merriam inspectors, and he will not be able to if Merriam is re-elected. We can see no reason why the farmers should desert their own leader, S. M. Owen, for a man who cannot or will not at least afford them any relief. Everywhere the people protest against the Merriam regime and the only way to end the farce is to elect S. M. Owen. We are confident if the farmers are true to their own interests this will be done.

Nelson For Comstock.

Hon. S. G. Comstock spoke at Glenwood, Pope County, on Thursday evening, Oct. 16th. Hon. Knute Nelson was present and also addressed the meeting. Speaking of Mr. Comstock, Mr. Nelson said:

"And now I wish to say a word in behalf of my old friend, Mr. Comstock. Upon retiring from congress, the highest pleasure I ever experienced in my life was that afforded me in introducing there to my associates my friend and successor, Hon. S. G. Comstock. He has ever been a friend to me. We were pioneers together, he coming with a shovel on his shoulder to Moorhead, and I locating in a claim shanty at Alexandria the same year. During the famous Nelson-Kindred campaign he was loyal and true to me, and at that memorable Detroit convention he withstood slungshot, billies and revolvers in defense of the "Little Norwegian." He has served you faithfully and well. He is a man, to use a Southern phrase, who always "totes fair," and my friends in Pope County cannot pay me a higher compliment than by giving him their hearty support."

Gov. Merriam and C. K. Davis go about the country on special trains, sometimes carrying a brass band, and yet despite all that parade the Merriam managers are beginning to tumble to the fact that their cause is in extreme danger. They begin to realize that the people are doing a wonderful amount of earnest thinking this year, the result of which will be disastrous to Merriamism.

Governor Merriam says that the things that the farmer asks for has already been done by the republican party. The farmer has asked for an equal share in the wheat market. That has not been given. He has asked to be relieved from the pernicious elevator system that has robbed him. That has not been given him and elevator stock is yet gilt edged. He has asked relief from watered stock of railroads that has not been given him and when you pin the governor right down to facts the only thing he can say that the republican party (that is governor Merriam) has given the farmer when he asked for it was a car or two now and then and that the law gives him, a law passed by a farmers legislature. But just about this time of year politicians and office seekers are very solicitous about the welfare of the farmer—but it dont last very long after election. Oh yes, the republican party has done everything that the farmer has asked and yet he don't have his rights in the market, so it is about time to try Sam Owen and a farmer legislature and we will do it.

Mr. Cornelius, besides being a thoroughly educated man, is also a farmer and a good one, too. He works his quarter section near the city and even under existing circumstances makes it pay. Here is a thoroughbred farmer for you and an A. 1 business man, one who if elected will be the [illegible] do the business properly. He is not and never has been identified with any ring or clique that may have existed nor could he be.

Watch your election precincts. Every kind of dodge known to tricky politicians will probably be tried, but in vain if you are alert to your own interests. Remember, "Eternal vigilance in the prise of liberty," and your liberty in a free and open wheat market depends on the election of S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature. See that no one tampers with your ballots and be sure that all of your friends are at the polls and vote. Look to your own interests.

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CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND. TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans, Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. D. LANIGAN, Principal.
R. S. Knudson, Sec.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

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[illegible] valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line [illegible] write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn. | G. N. R. L.

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[First publication Oct. 16th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 20th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Millie Doaye, executrix of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law;

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 11th day of November, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks, prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 20th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

[26-3t]

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To The Farmer's Alliance of of Polk Co. Minn.

GENTLEMEN:—The farmers and workingmen of Minnesota in general and of Polk County in particular have arisen in their might to shake off the burdens that monopolists, usurers and corrupt machine politicians have placed upon them. As a first step to that end, the farmers and laborers have declared their independence of the democratic and republican parties both of which have deserted the principles of their founders and are now ruled, controlled and run by the monopolists and for the monopolists, while the interests, the wants and the needs of the people are neglected. A full Farmers Alliance State, Congressional, Legislative and County ticket has been placed in the field and a victory for the Alliance means the control of the State and county affairs by the people. Besides and furthermore this movement is but the advance guard of a great reform party which, in 1892 will sweep the nation from Maine to California, and place in the Presidential chair a man of the people. Monopoly will be dethroned and the reign of the plutocrats will end, and again we will have restored to the masses a government of the people, by the people and for the people.

Your candidates are mostly poor men like yourselves; your leaders are without money or means and are now pitted against the hirelings of monopoly, and are fighting for your interests the most desperate political battle ever waged upon the soil of Minnesota. Defeat means ruin to your leaders, increased taxes to you and the filling of your offices with the tools of your oppressors. It means that interest, taxes, freight rates and tariff will be high and that your wheat will still pay tribute to the elevator pirates; success means the abolition of these iniquitous robberies now being so successfully practiced upon the farmers and in fact upon all the poor or middle classes of whatsoever profession, calling or trade, for nearly all the poor people in the city who feel the sting of poverty, and wear the yoke of monopoly more galling than the one which our lawmakers and office holders have placed around the necks of the farmers. Your County Committee are willing to work, but to send our speakers and campaign literature requires money. We must educate or must perish.

Many towns and villages are without alliance organizations; these can and must be organized before the election if we would win. To organize means expense. Will the farmers furnish the money to fight their own battle? We do not want a corruption fund but we do want money for the purpose of paying the necessary expenses for organization, speaking and campaign documents. We have no candidate with a barrel; we cannot call upon the rich for contributions—their money is being spent by the enemy to defeat us and elect the hirelings of plutocracy. You farmers, you individually, are the men to pay these campaign expenses. We want every farmer in Polk county to give something—be it little or much. If you cannot contribute much give all you can. Let those better fixed give their dollars and the poorer their quarters. Remember every cent given will come back a hundred fold. Call an alliance meeting at once for the purpose. Give all that you can, personally or from the alliance funds, and have your secretary forward the amount to E. E. Lommen, the chairman of the County Central Committee, Crookston, Minn. You will get a receipt for your money sent and the committee will account to your alliance for the manner in which every cent so contributed is spent. Do not delay but send in at once.

E. E. LOMMEN, T. H. NESBITH,
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Crookston, Minn., Sept. 16th, 1890.

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CROOKSTON MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, NOVEMBER 6, 1890. NO. 29

Polk County Journal.

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1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	13 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

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Metropolitan Theatre.

Extraordinary Demand for Seats for the Abbott Opening.

The demand for seats for the opening night of the Metropolitan Theatre in Grand Forks has been simply unprecedented. Residents of that thriving city have been striving to see who should be most liberal in their recognition of the enterprise which places such a magnificent temple of amusement at their disposal. So far not a seat has been sold for less than twenty-five dollars and some have sold as high as three hundred dollars for two. In addition to this the demand for seats from neighboring towns has been very pressing, and wishing to give their out-of-town patrons just as good an opportunity of obtaining the best seats as is enjoyed by residents of Grand Forks, a night has been reserved for them, for which not a single ticket will be sold in Grand Forks until the demand from neighboring towns has been supplied. Tuesday, November 11th, has been selected and will be called "Visitors' Night."

On Visitors' Night the opera presented will be Balfe's "Rose of Castile" in which Miss Abbott and the full strength of the company will be in the cast. This opera was selected for various reasons, the principal ones being that it is entirely new, and that Miss Abbott has a role which gives ample scope for the display of her brilliant powers, both as a singer and as an actress, and which enables her as the Queen of Castile to display some of the most magnificent costumes ever seen on the stage. And it here may be mentioned that the costumes of the Abbott Co. are exciting the greatest admiration wherever the company appears. The critics of New York, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis pronounce them the most elaborate ever seen on the stage and speak of the costumes worn by Miss Abbott and the entire company in their production of "Rose of Castile" as a revelation of the costumers art. It is safe to say that such an opera, presented by a company as complete in every respect as the Abbott company, in a theatre as beautiful and perfect as the Metropolitan, will not be seen in North Dakota in a quarter of a century.

The schedule of prices for Visitors' Night is extremely moderate considering the magnitude of the enterprise and is as follows:

Parquette and first two rows of parquette circle	$5.00
Balance of parquette circle	4.00
First row of balcony	4.00
Second row of balcony	3.00
Third and Fourth rows of balcony	2.00
Fifth and Sixth rows of balcony	1.50
Remaining five rows of balcony	1.00

Every seat in the house is reserved and aplications by mail to the Grand Forks Opera Company will receive prompt attention. To secure good seats, however, an early application will be necessary as orders are coming in very rapidly.

Body Snatched.

Grand Forks Herald:—During the afternoon of yesterday Coroner Shephard, of Crookston who arrived in East Grand Forks to hold an inquest on the remains of the child said to have been killed by its father Pullet Bushee, busied himself taking the testimony of neighbors of the prisoner. The coroner satisfied himself from evidence that the prisoner was culpable at any rate and preparations were made this forenoon to unearth the remains of the child and subject them to a medical examination to determine, if possible, the cause of death. The services of Undertaker M. T. Caswell who had interred the little one, were enlisted and Dr. Logan was in readiness to make the examination. The undertaker with the proper assistance repaired to the grave for the purpose of exhuming the body, but after a minute inspection, discovered that the remains were gone. Some one had already anticipated the results and had disinterred the little body. To say the surprise and indignation followed this discovery is but a mild way of expressing it. The news of this discovery spread with lightning rapidity throughout the city and conjectures by the score as to the perpetrator and his designs therefore were indulged in. A Herald scribe called on Undertaker Caswell, but the latter absolutely refused to say anything farther than that there were agencies at work which might be expected to unravel the mystery before long. The prisoner is still confined in the city lock-up at East Grand Forks and preserves the same stolid demeanor that has marked him since his incarceration a few days ago. It is asserted by those in a position to know that there will be a revelation in this case before long.

Unexecuted Laws.

Farm, Stock and Home.

There is one feature of existing conditions that is not given proper consideration by writers who discuss them, and that is the failure to execute laws after they have been enacted, even if they have been so constructed as to retain validity after having been subjected to the alchemy of the courts. There seems to be a growing disposition not to interfere with the enactment of laws that have for their purpose the regulation of monopolistic interests, or that are intended to directly benefit our industrial interests; and the reason for this seems to be the confidence that monopolists have in the lax, unfaithful execution of the laws. Enacting certain kinds of laws will appease the people, so it is believed, will also redound to the glory of the political party responsible for them; but if they are aimed to correct capitalistic abuses or wrongs the beneficiaries of those wrongs are not disturbed, for in nearly every case those charged with the execution of the laws are the creatures or tools of the beneficiaries themselves, and so no harm will come from their enactment, while as palliatives to the people they are great successes.

Laws are enacted against over-capitalizing corporate monopolies, but overcapitalization grows the faster the more it is legislated against. Laws to regulate rail rates are in a large majority of cases neutralized through unfaithful execution. A law was enacted by the last Congress to prohibit trusts and combines, but such institutions continue to multiply and flourish as if nothing had happened. Laws to prevent the exemption from taxation of the property of the rich are numerous, but every year such exemptions enormously increase. The list of unexecuted laws might be largely extended, but enough has been mentioned to clearly indicate the necessity of securing faithful executors of laws as well as faithful makers of laws.

If the mass of people are to be benefitted by laws, then the mass must see to it that they secure executive officers or commissions who will execute the laws in the interest of the mass. The mass is the boss if it so wills; and if unfaithful officers continue to be the rule, then the mass has only itself to blame.

The Life-Saving Task.

Northwestern Agriculturalist.

Few people realize how much their happiness is dependent upon their work—upon the fact that they are kept busy and not left to feed on themselves. Happiness comes most to people who seek her least and think least about her. How important to health is happiness, yet the best promoter of health is something to do. Blessed the man who has congenial work; occupation in which he can put his heart, and which affords an outlet to all the forces that are in him. A friend writes how well and happy he has been during the season—enjoyed existence. Then he told me, not by way of explanation, but as a matter of news, that his head man had been disabled two months before and the care of the farm devolved upon himself; more, that he was renovating a place that he had recently bought, remodeling the house, shaping the grounds etc. Then I knew why he had been so unusually well and happy. He had had something to do into which he could throw himself. A letter from another farmer friend told how busy he was; so many things pressing that there was need of his going two or more directions at once, not to get rich, but to make both ends meet. And yet he was so very happy! (Therefore he was so happy, say I.) Troubles and trials, he says, are few and are soon over with, while the pleasures are past all enumeration. "There is so much to be enjoyed that one never gets to the end of it."

The fruit of the tree of life of which we must eat very sparingly is leasure. Too much of it, and it will turn to gall on the tongue. A little to much of those things which we think will make us happy, and we are cloyed and miserable, indeed. Because money is good, do not, therefore, think riches an unmixed blessing; because leasure is sweet to you, do not, therefore, imagine you would be happy with nothing to do. I overheard an old man and a young man talking at the station. The young man was telling of an old uncle who sold his farm and and retired to the village, and now he thought he would take his fill of it. But it soon cloyed on him. He had nothing to do. Every night he would say with a sigh of relief, "Well another day is through," and each morning wonder how he could endure the day. In every village all up and down the older parts of the country are several such men; every day is a burden to them because they have nothing to do. When they were driven and oppressed with work they had thought, "What pleasure to be free from all this, to be at liberty to go and come as one liked, with no cows to milk or chores to do!" Now probably they have not a hen or a dog to comfort them. These men do not live out more than half their latter days. Nature has no use for them and they soon drop away; whereas their neighbors who stick to the farm and keep the current going reach a much more advanced period of life.

Farm, Stock and Home: Indications clearly point to the fact that capital is now engaged in the work of arbitrarily depressing the price of wheat for the special benefit of capital, and the chances strongly favor the success of the work. A few years ago no man or men would have dreamed of trying to corner or control the entire wheat crop of the United States: the mere thought of such an attempt would have been regarded as an evedence of insanity. But now conditions are different. The wealth of the nation has been so centralized in a few hands that it is not difficult for a few to control sufficient money to successfully manipulate the prices of the staple product of this great nation. The fact of the centralization of wealth makes it the more easy to manipulate the crop, for the crop raisers are weak and unable to resist the corner because of the centralization. If the law of supply and demand could be operative, and competition prevail in the buying of wheat, it is almost if not quite certain that its prices would be considerably higher than at present. This is an unpleasant fact to contemplate, but since we have allowed capital 'to so get start of this majestic country, as to bear the palm alone," we will have to suffer the consequences.

Farm, Srock and Home: Careful inquiry in nearly all sections of the state of Minnesota, particularly the older settled portions, reveal the fact that farm lands could not now be sold for more than from 70 to 90 per cent of the prices easily obtained ten years ago. A statement of this kind is called disloyalty to the state; but the truth is not disloyalty, and if the statement is not true this journal is not responsible for it; it cannot see, however, what object the farmers inquired of could have in making such a statement if it is false. The occasion for this shrinkage in farm values is unquestionably the unprofitableness of farming in the aggregate, and that unprofitableness is the result of vicious systems and artificial forces that are unjustly depriving farmers of a fair share of their toil. This condition is not confined to Minnesota, but is universal; still, some people can wonder what farmers have to complain of!

The Sugar Tariff.

Farm, Stock and Home.

It is claimed that putting sugar on the free list will reduce the national revenues $40,000,000 annually. This may be true, but it is more than likely that at least half of that decrease will inure to the benefit of the sugar trust and not to the people. Raw sugars are put on the free list, but a duty is imposed on refined sugars—on the kind of sugars the people use. In no other country is sugar refined more extensively or cheaply than in this one; and now that refiners are given raw material duty free they should be granted no further protection than that afforded by the transportation and other expenses incident to importing from foreign countries.

There is a nominal duty half a cent a pound on refined sugar, except that imported from countries that have a bounty on sugar making, when the tariff is nine-tenths of a cent. But it so happens that all countries that export refined pay bounties on sugar-making, so that the protection to our sugar refiners is the latter sum, and that is increased by imposing duties on the weight of packages, making the total duty about one cent a pound, which is positively prohibitory, and is absolutely unnecessary and unjustified, except as a means of enriching the sugar trust at the expense of the people.

The sugar trust is composed of plants that represented an investment of $17,000,000. The Trust was capitalized at $50,000,000, and on that sum made 23 per cent last year. It is believed that its profits will be increased $20,000,000 a year by reason of the new sugar tariff. At all events, its stocks have rapidly and substantially advanced since it became certain that the tariff proposed by the McKinley bill would become operative.

The darkest iniquity of this scheme is its concoction in the sacred name of devotion to labor. Labor will get no benefit, except the glorious privilege of paying the trust's price for sugar; this we know from past experience; and that experience teaches us that the farmer's benefit will be the counterpart of that of the laborer. This is a part of that patentable device for reducing the revenues by increasing the people's burdens. Sugar may be a little cheaper, just to appease the people; but that it will be higher than it should be will be eloquently told by the increasing profits of the sugar trust.

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NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞ Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON

BUSINESS COLLEGE

And Institute of Short Hand,

Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when comp

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
54 inch Tricot	35 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30 cents.
" " "	35 "
" " medicated, for	40 "

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket	2.00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,

The Loan Agent

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.

H. F. BROWN

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailev.

[First publication Oct. 16th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Millie Doaye, executrix of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 11th day of November, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.

[26-28]

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., NOV. 6, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 86.
1 Northern 81.
2 Northern 76.
3 Northern 70.

Mr. O. D. Rood is convalescing.

Lots of wheat rolling in these days.

Wheat has an upward tendency.

Now is the time to pay those election bets.

Miss Hattie Bivens is slowly recovering health.

Gervais, the hustler, will have the dandy store.

W. G. Cooke rode over from the farm on Saturday last. He is gaining very encouragingly.

I. U. Jennings went down to Onstad last Saturday evening to speak at a big alliance rally in that town.

Apples are going to be high and scarce in the market. They are now quite reasonable $4.50 per barrel.

Adolph Biermann was in the city last week looking after his fences. He seemed pretty confident of election.

O. Snyder is hauling in his crop of No. 1 Hard wheat to the Valley Roller mills. Snyder has a good crop this year.

John Wyatt informs THE JOURNAL that he is alone in business again. Mr. Zeigler has gone to Grand Forks to work at his trade.

We would like a few bushels of potatoes and a few cords of wood on subscription and would like it right now while we need it most.

The funeral of Ole E. Rude's little boy took place on Friday last. It was largely attended by the neighbors and friends of the family.

Quite a goodly number of ladies exercised their right to vote for Supt. of schools on Tuesday. Supt. Casey seemed to be the favorite.

Lovely weather still continues. There is time, however, for old winter to get in his work yet. The Indians and other ancient landmarks predict a severe winter.

Frank Haseltine reports a good season's work and good collections this fall. Frank is a hustler from way back and amply deserves the success he has attained.

The Times man seems to have made a pretty good thing advocating the cause of railroad attorney Wilson, as they say he has bought the Stuart house on the hill.

J. R. Clements intends to add to the Commercial house a large four story addition next spring and will raise the main part one story. This will greatly improve that famous hostelry.

If you have not the ready money but have wood or potatoes, come and see us. We can use a limited amount of each in our business, and will pay the market price for what we require.

H. F. Brown has moved his cigar store into the store recently occupied by Fred Durand and is getting fixed in nice shape. He proposes to have the neatest store in that line in the city.

Very evidently the farmers of Minnesota were not satisfied with the way things have been run of late. They prefer hereafter to take a lively hand in matters that affect their own interests.

The liberal advertiser is a liberal man to deal with. Go and see Gervais, the Hustler, when you are in need of dry goods. See his invitation elsewhere. The biggest store and the biggest ad in the city.

Judge C. O. Christianson and Mat Cornelius took a trip through the towns along the east side last week, returning last Saturday night. They report they found the alliance strength almost solid in most towns.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs informs our reporter that her business has been very good this fall. This is as it should be, as she has the latest styles and her prices are extremely moderate, all of which the ladies appreciate highly.

The firm of Barnes & Slocum has been dissolved and O. J. Barnes will hereafter go it alone on the cash principle. We have not learned what line Mr. Slocum will engage in but are told that he will remain in Crookston.

It looks as though the N. P. would not put on that day train you have heard so much about. It dont materialize as yet anyhow and business is generally lighter in the winter than in the summer with not so much call for it.

More wheat was brought into market on Monday last than any day so far this fall. The teams came in squads of from six to a dozen all day long. Most of the wheat is of excellent quality—good enough to garde 1 Hard whether it does or not.

The firemen's ball last week was well attended and a success in every particular. One unique feature was the drill of the young fire company—youths from 5 to 12 years old, conducted by Jack McLaren. Everybody said they made a fine display.

Andrew Skog leaves for Tacoma this week on a prospecting tour. He may conclude to locate there should he be suited. He remarked to us last week that he could not think of leaving until he had cast a solid vote for S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature.

Up to the time of going to press the election returns are very slow in coming in. We have secured the following estimate in the city:

	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th
Merriam	26	36	17	82	1
Wilson	35	73	81	91	12
Owen	82	57	24	92	27
Comstock	33	39	21	87	5
Whiteman	89	79	33	92	16
Halvorson	68	49	20	80	17
Biermann	97	85	32	152	23
McGuire	45	81	42	122	12
Cornelius	67	88	38	188	9
Gilley	28	87	17	56	10
Webster	47	42	18	67	17
Locken	95	61	28	100	16

The following towns report as follows:

Lowell, 75 votes cast. Owen 78.

Liberty, 60 vote cast. Owen 60.

Garfield, Owen 135, Merriam 26, Wilson 19.

Godfrey, Owen 62, Merriam 17.

Garden, 140 votes cast. Owen 140.

Red Lake Falls, total vote 57. Owen 54.

Bygland, Owen 70, Merriam 8.

Angus, Owen 23, Merriam 5. Wilson 13.

Fairfax, Owen 45, Merriam 2, Wilson 3, Chesley 45, Thompson 42, Carlton 43, Lonimen 26, Cromb 7, McKinnon 17, Webster 20, Cornelius 8, Gilley 4, Biermann 43, McGuire 7.

Gentilly, Owen 80, Merriam 2, Wilson 4, McKinnon 67, Cromb 17.

Kertsonville solid for Owen, 44 votes.

Roome, Owen 31, Merriam 1, Pinkham 2, Lommen 91, Locken 88, Mius 91, Grundyson 82, Grefthen 100, Casey 15.

Russia, Owen 21, Wilson 8.

Crookston, Owen 37, Merriam 6, Wilson 8.

Euclid, Owen 34, Merriam 7, Wilson 7.

Reis, Owen 23, Merriam 19.

Hubbard, Owen 78, Merriam 1, Wilson 1.

No reliable estimate can, at this writing, be given, but enough is known to show that Owen's vote has been largely underestimated so far and he has carried Polk County by the largest vote ever given a candidate. This shows conclusively that we were right when we said that Polk County was not in favor of Merriam for re-election. It is probable that the entire alliance ticket is elected, with possibly one or two exceptions. Sometimes it is well enough to heed public sentiment when it is as plainly expressed as was the antipathy to Merriam in Polk County.

Lee & Herrick are selling flour down to hard pan, see them befor laying in your supply they will save you money, quality guaranteed first class.

LEE & HERRICK.

Have you paid your bets?

Lovely Indian summer days.

Bert Duntley connects with the sewer.

Gautier de St. Croix was in the city on Tuesday.

The Commercial hotel is being connected with the sewer.

How did you vote? If you voted for an open wheat market you need not be ashamed of it.

Mayor McKinnon's vote for senator proved a surprise party to some who did not know his hustling capacity.

Wait for Gervais grand opening. Gervais the Hustler.

Wheat has an upward tendency this week. It should reach the dollar mark soon.

The carpenter work on the new Opera block is being pushed these bright days. The block will soon be ready for business.

Henry Steege has decided to go into business in Crookston again and will open a meat-market in the room now occupied by Gervais, the Hustler, just as soon as it is vacated. Henry finds that, after all, there is no better place for business than Crookston.

All Hallowe'en seems to have been duly observed by the ubiquitous small boy this year. Their attacks seem to have been confined to a certain line of goods which seem to indicate depraved tastes rather than otherwise. No serious damage was done, however.

Farmers who have wood and hay to sell will do wellto improve the pressent good market. Hay finds a ready market at from $8 to $10 per ton and but very little wood is being brought in by farmers. A car load now and then finds its way in from the Maple Lake country.

Ole Bang was up from the west side last week, looking fat, healthy and hearty. Ole has developed into a boss granger, raising 20 bushels per acre of No. 1 Hard wheat. He is able to hold it until he can get a big price for it. Ole said his town is solid for Owen and a farmer legislature and the returns back his judgment.

A runaway on Saturday morning caused a ripple of excitement on the usual calm surface. A farmer's team, consisting of four horses attached to a lumber wagon, got frightened at the depot and took a whirl up Robert to Main and down Main, colliding with several vehicles. The driver and team escaped uninjured.

Just gaze upon the new announcement of Gervais, the hustler, on the outside page of this issue, and when you need anything in that line go and see what he can do for you. The man who is not afraid of a little expense in letting the people know what he has for sale is liberal enough to give good bargains every time. Go and see Gervais, the Hustler, when he gets into his new quarters in the McKinnon block.

A Woman Farmer.

P. W. Johnson, who was up from Garden last week informs us that Mrs. Henry Witty raised 20 bushels of wheat per acre this year, wheat, that if she can get justice in the market is No 1 hard. Mrs. Witty has managed her farm alone ever since the death of her husband several years since, and has always raised a good crop.

Attention Comrades.

The Senior Vice Commander will be at G. A. R. Hall on Friday evening. Turn out for inspection.

Bad For Merriam

A dispatch to the Grand Forks Plaindealer says: St. Paul, Nov. 4.—The vote of Minneapolis seems likely to settle the election, that city having already given a sufficient vote against Merriam to nearly defeat him. Two years ago he left Hennepin county with a plurality of nearly four thousand, but if the figures thus far reported are continued he will leave that county this year with nearly that much against him. This fact, together with the great losses elsewhere, indicate at least a very much reduced plurality. Nothing yet on congressessional.

Strangers And Citizens Alike.

In the city next Sunday are cordially invited to hear Rev. R. H. Battey at the Congregational Church. Subjects. 11 a. m. "Bitter Waters Healed." 7:30 p. m. "A Young Man Elected" Seats free. Sunday School at noon. Young People's meeting 6:45 p. m. 30 new hymn books, presented to the congregation by the Ladies Society next Sunday. 30 new lesson leaves for the S. S. Everybody invited.

Lee & Herrick are selling flour down to hard pan, see them before laying in your supply they will save you money, quality guaranteed first class.

LEE & HERRICK.

Election day was very quiet but a great deal of solid work was done nevertheless, the results of which will appear later.

P. W. Johnson was up from Garden last Friday and dropped in to chat with THE JOURNAL man. He raised 21 bushels of wheat per acre—wheat good enough for 1 Hard but he was only allowed 1 Northern for a portion of it and 2 Northern for the balance. P. W. has rented his farm for a term of years and opened a restaurant in Fertile. If he makes as great a success in this line as he did at farming he will do exceedingly well.

The experience of the two years past demonstrates the capacity of the Red River Valley for wheat, if it never was before. Notwithstanding unfavorable weather at the critical period and excessive drouths, our wheat has been of a uniformly good quality and yielded well. With a fair show in the markets our farmers would have been making big money and this fact would have brought in hundreds of farmers anxious to buy lands. The country is all right enough, anyhow.

Some good friend at Edna wrote THE JOURNAL a letter upon political topics this week but fails to date or sign the communication so we do not know to whom we are indebted. We would like to know for the letter is well written, showing that the writer is a thinking man and would like to have the pleasure of an hour's talk with him feeling assured that we could give him some valuable pointers that he seems to have overlooked entirely.

Subscriptions begin to come in encouragingly. Every day for the past week, except Sunday, from six to a dozen have dropped in to square up, and many names have been added to our list. Such substantial encouragment is what puts life in a paper and encourages the publisher to greater activity. In this year of good crops and good prices there should be no excuse for anybody allowing his subscription to run over, and we hope no one will do so.

The long illness of THE JOURNAL publisher, Mr. W. G. Cooke, has been a very expensive one, and while he is gaining encouragingly, the expenses must continue until his complete recovery. We trust that all of our friends will make a greater effort than ever to help us this fall while we are in such need of their aid by renewing their subscriptions and suggesting to their neighbors that now would be a good time for them to subscribe. Remember, that THE JOURNAL is with the farmers until a free and open wheat market is obtained, and will sustain you as long as do you it. We have so far this fall been too busy to make out and send subscription accounts, but most of our friends have business in town often and could drop in and see us.

Nels Highberg was down from Black River last week and reports a sad accident that befell Oscar Peterson, a fifteen year old boy, on Wednesday, Oct. 29th. Mr. Highberg was moving his traction engine from one job of threshing to another and young Peterson climbed upon the engine while in motion, and his coat got entangled in the cogs drawing him in and injuring his shoulder and back so severely that his life was despaired of. A doctor was summoned from Red Lake Falls at once to attend to the injured boy. The engine was damaged to such an extent that Mr. H. had to come to Crookston for repairs for it. The boy was alive when Mr. H. left on Thursday morning, but the doctor gave small hopes for his recovery.

The object the farmers sought was simply the benefit of the country and yet machine politicians would like to crucify the farmers and every man who sought to aid them. In the next campaign both of the old parties will pay more attention to the demands of the farmers who have proved that they are more than simply voting cattle. If you want farmers' votes hereafter you must pay some attention to the requirements of agriculture.

Two Merriam votes lost. D. Jacobus and Herb Mason went to St. Paul this week and did not return it time to vote for Merriam.

John McKinnon's boy, Archie was hurt last week by a pebble from a sling shot and for a time it was feared that he would loose the sight of one eye. He is doing nicely now, however.

Election day was mild and pleasant which means a big vote for the farmers' cause in the county and state. It it should result in the election of S. M. Owen for governor it would be a day well spent.

One of Shaegreen's horses was taken very sick on election day and the foreman came over in great haste after Mike LeGues who soon remedied the difficulty and sent a well horse back to the stable.

I. E. Glidden, the big Kittson county farmer, came down on Monday night. Said Owen would have a big vote in Kittson county. Mr. G. is looking for some man who has a number of good sheep for sale.

The opposition to the farmers' cause were driven into the last ditch when the only thing they could bring against E. E. Lommen was to call him a "dude." But the farmers did not scare worth a cent at that kind of a dude. They all do-ed their duty by voting for him.

M. E. Bartlett met with a severe injury a few days since which laid him up a while. He was doctoring a sick horse and in attmepting to lead him out of the stable the animal crowded him against a post injuring him severely internally. He is able to be around a little.

Estray.

Came upon my premises, nine head of cattle, four red cows, one black cow with white belly, three roan cows and one red and white calf. Owner can recover the same by proving property and paying charges. [26-31]

H. C. SCRIBNER.

FOR SALE.

A first-class farm of 160 acres, situated six miles northeast of Crookston, described as follows: The se¼ of Sec. 33, Township 151, Range 46: of which 120 acres are broken and seeded down to timothy and clover. It is first-class farming land, and must be sold immediately at any price suitable to the purchaser. Terms—One third down, the balance in one and two years, with interest at 8 per cent. This is a bargain for one who wishes a good farm cheap. Apply to L. E. GOSSMAN, [28-30] Attorney-at-Law, Room 2, Fournet Block, Crookston.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

FOR ALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old, Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

A three months scholarship in Prof J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Married.

HOGLAND—BELSEN—At the residence of L. S. Stowe, in the town of Onstead on Oct. 9th. 1890. Mr. P. H. Hogland to Miss Madella Belsen.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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FOR A LIMITED TIME
I WILL SELL AT THE
Astonishing Low Price,
BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.

Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.

Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.

Silver Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50
Silver Pickle castor only, - - $1.15
Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3 80 per dozen

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
DEALERS IN
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,
SHELF —AND— HEAVY HARDWARE,
F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS. Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts, - - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

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WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
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Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done
CALL AND SEE US.

PETERSON'S 1891
1891 MAGAZINE
50TH YEAR OF PUBLICATION
THE QUEEN OF THE LADIES' MONTHLIES ENLARGED AND GREATLY IMPROVED, MAKING IT MORE DESIRABLE THAN EVER, AND KEEPING IT IN THE LEAD OF THE LADIES' MAGAZINES.

Its fiction is strong and clean. Some of the best-known American writers contribute to its pages, among them Edgar Fawcett, Frank Lee Benedict, Howard Seeley, Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper, Rebecca Harding Davis, Miss M. G. McClelland, Alice Bowman, and Minna Irving.

Historical and Biographical Sketches, with numerous and appropriate illustrations, printed on fine paper, will be given monthly.

In the Fashion department, we aim to combine beauty and utility. The newest and prettiest styles of costume are given with full descriptions, also a monthly dress pattern sheet. As a fashion magazine, "PETERSON" is universally pronounced as far in the lead of all others.

Numerous designs for needle-work, embroidery, knitting, painting, &c., with designs printed in colors. Articles on the management of the sick, by a trained nurse, household and garden hints, recipes for cooking, and interesting articles on various topics, are given monthly.

The aim of the publishers is to give such variety of contents as will both interest and instruct its readers, and make it a helpful companion to every woman.

TERMS: $2.00 PER YEAR
with large reductions to clubs, and handsome premiums for getting them up.
A sample copy, with full particulars, will be sent for 5 cents.
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CROOKSTON, MINN.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY,
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

East Grand Forks Court r.

During the teachers' institute at Crookston, some few days since, Prof. Rocheleau, of the normal school at Moorhead, assisted Prof. Casey, and in many ways helped to make light the hearts of the school marms in attendace. One afternoon during the institue Prof. Rocheleau requested all the teachers present to stand up who could tell him the name of the present secretary of state in Harrison's cabinet. Quite a few stood up. Other questions of a like nature were asked, and answered in the same way. The professor wasn't satisfied. He wished to see all the teachers present stand up, so he ventured an easy one by asking how many teachers present could name the judges of the supreme court. Ten stood up. The professor rubbed his brow thoughtfully for a moment, when suddenly looking up he asked: "How many here have heard of John L. Sullivan?" Instantly everybody stood up, and the professor seemed pleased. The day following, just previous to commencing the exercises for the day, he wanted to know what man in public life was best known to the teachers. The answer went up from all parts of the hall—"Superintendent Casey." Professor Rocheleau differed, however, with the teachers, claiming that the honor belonged to John L. Sullivan—exit Supt. Casey.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. B. LANIGAN, Principal.
R. S. Knudson, Sec.

The Habit of Industry.

Western Rural:—Don't think the boys too young. As soon as they can understand and perform some slight task insist upon their doing them. Have some daily task suitable to the age of the child, and see that they are performed. It sometimes becomes monotonous and requires time and patience, but it begets habits of industry and self-reliance. I once heard a Christian minister state that he owed his success in life to his mother, who taught him when a child habits of industry. Among other things he was required every night to pickup a basket of chips. His mother reminded him of it for several nights, when she left it for him to recollect himself, which he did for some time. But one night getting very much interested in play, he forgot it until after dark. Beginning to prepare for bed his mother remarked: "Willie, you will have to pick up your chips." "But it's dark, mother," he replied. "You must pick up your chips' my son'„ was the rejoinder in such a tone that he knew resistance to be useless. He went out and picked the chips and "never after that," said he, "did Willie forget his chips. To carry out the rules as this mother did made a self-reliant, industrious man. Many of us are too indulgent and our children suffer thereby. I have in mind a mother, who thought her boy too young to work until almost in his teens, when she found, to her astonishment, that it was impossible to set him at any thing and keep him at it. He hadn't the habit of working and hasn't to this day acquired it, though he has arrived at manhood. An idle boy will make a shiftless man.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.
All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., NOV. 6, 1890.

Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 86.
1 Northern 81.
2 Northern 76.
3 Northern 70.

Mr. O. D. Rood is convalescing.

Lots of wheat rolling in these days.

Wheat has an upward tendency.

Now is the time to pay those election bets.

Miss Hattie Bivens is slowly recovering health.

Gervais, the hustler, will have the dandy store.

W. G. Cooke rode over from the farm on Saturday last. He is gaining very encouragingly.

J. U. Jennings went down to Onstad last Saturday evening to speak at a big alliance rally in that town.

Apples are going to be high and scarce in the market. They are now quite reasonable $4.50 per barrel.

Adolph Biermann was in the city last week looking after his fences. He seemed pretty confident of election.

C. Snyder is hauling in his crop of No. 1 Hard wheat to the Valley Roller mills. Snyder has a good crop this year.

John Wyatt informs THE JOURNAL that he is alone in business again. Mr. Zeigler has gone to Grand Forks to work at his trade.

We would like a few bushels of potatoes and a few cords of wood on subscription and would like it right now while we need it most.

The funeral of Ole E. Rude's little boy took place on Friday last. It was largely attended by the neighbors and friends of the family.

Quite a goodly number of ladies exercised their right to vote for Supt. of schools on Tuesday. Supt. Casey seemed to be the favorite.

Lovely weather still continues. There is time, however, for old winter to get in his work yet. The Indians and other ancient landmarks predict a severe winter.

Frank Haseltine reports a good season's work and good collections this fall. Frank is a hustler from way back and amply deserves the success he has attained.

The Times man seems to have made a pretty good thing advocating the cause of railroad attorney Wilson, as they say he has bought the Stuart house on the hill.

J. R. Clements intends to add to the Commercial house a large four story addition next spring and will raise the main part one story. This will greatly improve that famous hostelry.

If you have not the ready money but have wood or potatoes, come and see us. We can use a limited amount of each in our business, and will pay the market price for what we require.

H. F. Brown has moved his cigar store into the store recently occupied by Fred Durand and is getting fixed in nice shape. He proposes to have the neatest store in that line in the city.

Very evidently the farmers of Minnesota were not satisfied with the way things have been run of late. They prefer hereafter to take a lively hand in matters that affect their own interests.

The liberal advertiser is a liberal man to deal with. Go and see Gervais, the Hustler, when you are in need of dry goods. See his invitation elsewhere. The biggest store and the biggest ad in the city.

Judge C. O. Christianson and Mat Cornelius took a trip through the towns along the east side last week, returning last Saturday night. They report they found the alliance strength almost solid in most towns.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs informs our reporter that her business has been very good this fall. This is as it should be, as she has the latest styles and her prices are extremely moderate, all of which the ladies appreciate highly.

The firm of Barnes & Slocum has been dissolved, and O. J. Barnes will hereafter go it alone on the cash principle. We have not learned what line Mr. Slocum will engage in but are told that he will remain in Crookston.

It looks as though the N. P. would not put on that day train you have heard so much about. It dont materialize as yet anyhow, and business is generally lighter in the winter than in the summer with not so much call for it.

More wheat was brought into market on Monday last than any day so far this fall. The teams came in squads of from six to a dozen all day long. Most of the wheat is of excellent quality—good enough to grade 1 Hard whether it does or not.

The firemen's ball last week was well attended and a success in every particular. One unique feature was the drill of the young fire company—youths from 6 to 12 years old—conducted by Jack McLaren. Everybody said they made a fine display.

Andrew Skog leaves for Tacoma this week on a prospecting tour. He may conclude to locate there should he be suited. He remarked to us last week that he could not think of leaving until he had cast a solid vote for S. M. Owen and a farmer legislature.

Up to the time of going to press the election returns are very slow in coming in. We have secured the following estimate in the city:

	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th
Merriam	26	86	17	82	21
Wilson	85	78	81	91	12
Owen	82	57	24	92	27
Comstock	88	89	21	87	6
Whiteman	89	79	88	92	16
Halvorson	68	49	20	80	17
Biermann	97	85	82	152	23
McGuire	45	81	42	122	12
Cornelius	07	88	88	188	0
Gilley	28	87	17	56	10
Webster	47	42	18	67	17
Locken	95	61	28	100	16

The following towns report as follows:

Lowell, 78 votes cast. Owen 78.

Liberty, 60 vote cast. Owen 60.

Garfield, Owen 135, Merriam 26, Wilson 10.

Godfrey, Owen 62, Merriam 17.

Garden, 140 votes cast. Owen 140.

Red Lake Falls, total vote 57. Owen 54.

Bygland, Owen 70, Merriam 8.

Angus, Owen 28, Merriam 5, Wilson 13.

Fairfax, Owen 45, Merriam 2, Wilson 3, Chesley 45, Thompson 42, Carlton 48, Lommen 26, Cromb 7, McKinnon 17, Webster 20, Cornelius 8, Gilley 4, Biermann 48, McGuire 7.

Gentilly, Owen 80, Merriam 2, Wilson 4, McKinnon 67, Cromb 17.

Kertsonville solid for Owen, 44 votes.

Roome, Owen 81, Merriam 1, Pinkham 2, Lommen 91, Locken 88, Muus 91, Grundyson 82, Grefthen 100, Casey 15.

Russia, Owen 21, Wilson 8.

Crookston, Owen 37, Merriam 6, Wilson 8.

Euclid, Owen 34, Merriam 7, Wilson 7.

Reis, Owen 23, Merriam 19.

Hubbard, Owen 78, Merriam 1, Wilson 1.

No reliable estimate can, at this writing, be given, but enough is known to show that Owen's vote has been largely underestimated so far and he has carried Polk County by the largest vote ever given a candidate. This shows conclusively that we were right when we said that Polk County was not in favor of Merriam for re-election. It is probable that the entire alliance ticket is elected, with possibly one or two exceptions. Sometimes it is well enough to heed public sentiment when it is as plainly expressed as was the antipathy to Merriam in Polk County.

Lee & Herrick are selling flour down to hard pan, see them befor laying in your supply they will save you money, quality guaranteed first class.

LEE & HERRICK.

Have you paid your bets?

Lovely Indian summer days.

Bert Duntley connects with the sewer.

Gautier de St. Croix was in the city on Tuesday.

The Commercial hotel is being connected with the sewer.

How did you vote? If you voted for an open wheat market you need not be ashamed of it.

Mayor McKinnon's vote for senator proved a surprise party to some who did not know his hustling capacity.

Wait for Gervais grand opening. Gervais the Hustler.

Wheat has an upward tendency this week. It should reach the dollar mark soon.

The carpenter work on the new Opera block is being pushed these bright days. The block will soon be ready for business.

Henry Steege has decided to go into business in Crookston again and will open a meat-market in the room now occupied by Gervais, the Hustler, just as soon as it is vacated. Henry finds that, after all, there is no better place for business than Crookston.

All Hallowe'en seems to have been duly observed by the ubiquitous small boy this year. Their attacks seem to have been confined to a certain line of goods which seem to indicate depraved tastes rather than otherwise. No serious damage was done, however.

Farmers who have wood and hay to sell will do well to improve the present good market. Hay finds a ready market at from $8 to $10 per ton and but very little wood is being brought in by farmers. A car load now and then finds its way in from the Maple Lake country.

Ole Bang was up from the west side last week, looking fat, healthy and hearty. Ole has developed into a boss granger, raising 20 bushels per acre of No. 1 Hard wheat. He is able to hold it until he can get a big price for it. Ole said his town is solid for Owen and a farmer legislature and the returns back his judgment.

A runaway on Saturday morning caused a ripple of excitement on the usual calm surface. A farmer's team consisting of four horses attached to a lumber wagon got frightened at the depot and took a whirl up Robert to Main and down Main colliding with several vehicles. The driver and team escaped uninjured.

Just gaze upon the new announcement of Gervais the hustler on the outside page of this issue, and when you need anything in that line go and see what he can do for you. This man who is not afraid of a little expense in letting the people know what he has for sale is liberal enough to give good bargains every time. Go and see Gervais, the Hustler, when he gets into his new quarters in [illegible].

A Woman Farmer.

P. W. Johnson, who was up from Garden last week, informs us that Mrs. Henry Willy raised 20 bushels of wheat per acre this year, wheat that if she can get justice in the market is No. 1 hard. Mrs. Willy has managed her farm alone ever since the death of her husband several years since, and has always raised a good crop.

Attention Comrades.

The Senior Vice Commander will be at G. A. R. Hall on Friday evening. Turn out for inspection.

Bad For Merriam.

A dispatch to the Grand Forks Plaindealer says: St. Paul, Nov. 4.—The vote of Minneapolis seems likely to settle the election, that city having already given a sufficient vote against Merriam to nearly defeat him. Two years ago he left Hennepin county with a plurality of nearly four thousand but if the figures thus far reported are continued he will leave that county this year with nearly that much against him. This fact, together with the great losses elsewhere, indicate at least a very much reduced plurality. Nothing yet on congressional.

Strangers And Citizens Alike.

In the city next Sunday are cordially invited to hear Rev. R. H. Battey at the Congregational Church. Subjects, 11 a. m. "Bitter Waters Healed." 7:30 p. m. "A Young Man Elected." Seats free. Sunday School at noon. Young People's meeting 6:45 p. m. 80 new hymn books, presented to the congregation by the Ladies Society next Sunday. 30 new lesson leaves for the S. S. Everybody invited.

Lee & Herrick are selling flour down to hard pan, see them before laying in your supply they will save you money, quality guaranteed first class.

LEE & HERRICK.

Election day was very quiet, but a great deal of solid work was done nevertheless, the results of which will appear later.

P. W. Johnson was up from Garden last Friday and dropped in to chat with THE JOURNAL man. He raised 21 bushels of wheat per acre—wheat good enough for 1 Hard, but he was only allowed 1 Northern for a portion of it and 2 Northern for the balance. P. W. has rented his farm for a term of years and opened a restaurant in Fertile. If he makes as great a success in this line as he did at farming he will do exceedingly well.

The experience of the two years past demonstrates the capacity of the Red River Valley for wheat, if it never was before. Notwithstanding unfavorable weather at the critical period and excessive drouths, our wheat has been of a uniformly good quality and yielded well. With a fair show in the markets our farmers would have been making big money and this fact would have brought in hundreds of farmers anxious to buy lands. The country is all right enough, anyhow.

Some good friend at Edna wrote THE JOURNAL a letter upon political topics this week but fails to date or sign the communication so we do not know to whom we are indebted. We would like to know for the letter is well written, showing that the writer is a thinking man and would like to have the pleasure of an hour's talk with him feeling assured that we could give him some valuable pointers that he seems to have overlooked entirely.

Subscriptions begin to come in encouragingly. Every day for the past week, except Sunday, from six to a dozen have dropped in to square up, and many names have been added to our list. Such substantial encouragement is what puts life in a paper and encourages the publisher to greater activity. In this year of good crops and good prices there should be no excuse for anybody allowing his subscription to run over, and we hope no one will do so.

The long illness of THE JOURNAL publisher, Mr. W. G. Cooke, has been a very expensive one, and while he is gaining encouragingly, the expenses must continue until his complete recovery. We trust that all of our friends will make a greater effort than ever to help us this fall while we are in such need of their aid by renewing their subscriptions and suggesting to their neighbors that now would be a good time for them to subscribe. Remember, that THE JOURNAL is with the farmers until a free and open wheat market is obtained, and will sustain you as long as you do so. We have so far this fall been too busy to make out and send subscription accounts, but most of our friends have business in town often and could drop in and see us.

Nels Highberg was down from Black River last week and reports a sad accident that befell Oscar Peterson, a fifteen year old boy, on Wednesday, Oct. 29th. Mr. Highberg was moving his traction engine from one job of threshing to another and young Peterson climbed upon the engine while in motion and his coat got entangled in the cogs drawing him in and injuring his shoulder and back so severely that his life was despaired of. A doctor was summoned from Red Lake Falls at once to attend to the injured boy. The engine was damaged to such an extent that Mr. H. had to come to Crookston for repairs for it. The boy was alive when Mr. H. left on Thursday morning, but the doctor gave small hopes for his recovery.

The object the farmers sought was simply the benefit of the country and yet machine politicians would like to crucify the farmers and every man who sought to aid them. In the next campaign both of the old parties will pay more attention to the demands of the farmers who have proved that they are more than simply voting cattle. If you want farmers votes hereafter you must pay some attention to the requirements of agriculture.

Two Merriam votes lost. D. Jacobus and Herb Mason went to St. Paul this week and did not return it time to vote for Merriam.

John McKinnon's boy, Archie was hurt last week by a pebble from a sling shot and for a time it was feared that he would loose the sight of one eye. He is doing nicely now, however.

Election day was mild and pleasant which means a big vote for the farmers' cause in the county and state. If it should result in the election of S. M. Owen for governor it would be a day well spent.

One of Shaesgreen's horses was taken very sick on election day and the foreman came over in great haste after Mike LeGuee who soon remedied the difficulty and sent a well horse back to the stable.

I. E. Glidden, the big Kittson county farmer, came down on Monday night. Said Owen would have a big vote in Kittson county. Mr. G. is looking for some man who has a number of good sheep for sale.

The opposition to the farmers' cause were driven into the last ditch when the only thing they could bring against E. E. Lommen was to call him a "dude." But the farmers did not scare worth a cent at that kind of a dude. They all do-ed their duty by voting for him.

M. E. Bartlett met with a severe injury a few days since which laid him up a while. He was doctoring a sick horse and in attempting to lead him out of the stable the animal crowded him against a post injuring him severely internally. He is able to be around a little.

Estray.

Came upon my premises, nine head of cattle, four red cows, one black cow with white belly, three roan cows and one red and white calf. Owner can recover the same by proving property and paying charges. [26-31]

H. C. SCRIBNER.

FOR SALE.

A first-class farm of 160 acres, situated six miles northeast of Crookston, described as follows: The se¼ of Sec. 33, Township 151, Range 46, of which 120 acres are broken and seeded down to timothy and clover. It is first-class farming land, and must be sold immediately at any price suitable to the purchaser. Terms—One third down, the balance in one and two years, with interest at 8 per cent. This is a bargain for one who wishes a good farm cheap.

Apply to L. E. GOSSMAN,
[28-30] Attorney-at-Law,
Room 2, Fournet Block, Crookston.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

FOR ALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

A three months scholarship in Prof. J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Married.

HOGLAND—BELSEN—At the residence of L. S. Stowe in the town of Onstead on Oct. 9th 1890 Mr. P. H. Hogland to Miss Madella Belsen.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON.
PAID IN CAPITAL - $100,000
SURPLUS - $12,700
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
[illegible]
DIRECTORS.
Wm Anglim, [illegible], R. D. Child, Geo. O[illegible], D. H. Northrup, A. A. Miller, [illegible], John Moore, W. H. Crosby, Chas. R. Sawyer.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] Crookston.

FOR A LIMITED TIME
I WILL SELL AT THE
Astonishing Low Price,
BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.
Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.
Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.
Silver Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50
Silver Pickle castor only, - - - $1.15
Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3.80 per dozen

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
DEALERS IN
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,
SHELF —AND— HEAVY HARDWARE,
F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS. Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts, - - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.
OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch
H. Steenerson. L. Ellington. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson.
Max Eriesson. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul.

WYATT & ZIEGLER,
Carriage Builders,
East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,
Crookston, - - - - - - Minn.
Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done
CALL AND SEE US.

PETERSON'S 1891
1891 MAGAZINE
50TH YEAR OF PUBLICATION
THE QUEEN OF THE LADIES' MONTHLIES ENLARGED AND GREATLY IMPROVED, MAKING IT MORE DESIRABLE THAN EVER, AND KEEPING IT IN THE LEAD OF THE LADIES' MAGAZINES.

Its fiction is strong and clean. Some of the best-known American writers contribute to its pages, among them Edgar Fawcett, Frank Lee Benedict, Howard Seeley, Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper, Rebecca Harding Davis, Miss M. G. McClelland, Alice Bowman, and Minna Irving.

Historical and Biographical Sketches, with numerous and appropriate illustrations, printed on fine paper, will be given monthly.

In the Fashion department, we aim to combine beauty and utility. The newest and prettiest styles of costume are given with full descriptions, also a monthly dress pattern sheet. As a fashion magazine, "PETERSON" is universally pronounced as far in the lead of all others.

Numerous designs for needle-work, embroidery, knitting, painting, &c., with designs printed in colors. Articles on the management of the sick, by a trained nurse, household and garden hints, recipes for cooking, and interesting articles on various topics, are given monthly.

The aim of the publishers is to give such variety of contents as will both interest and instruct its readers, and make it a helpful companion to every woman.

TERMS: $2.00 PER YEAR
with large reductions to clubs, and handsome premiums for getting them up.
A sample copy, with full particulars, will be sent for 5 cents.
Address, PETERSON'S MAGAZINE,
306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

P. C. SCHMIDT,
Attorney-at-Law,
Room No. 2, Fournet Block,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

D. D. WILLIAMS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COUNTY ATTORNEY.
OFFICE ON SECOND STREET.
CROOKSTON - - MINNESOTA

East Grand Forks Court [illegible].

During the teachers' institute at Crookston, some few days since, Prof. Rocheleau, of the normal school at Moorhead, assisted Prof. Casey, and in many ways helped to make light the hearts of the school marms in attendance. One afternoon during the institue Prof. Rocheleau requested all the teachers present to stand up who could tell him the name of the present secretary of state in Harrison's cabinet. Quite a few stood up. Other questions of a like nature were asked, and answered in the same way. The professor wasn't satisfied. He wished to see all the teachers present stand up, so he ventured an easy one by asking how many teachers present could name the judges of the supreme court. Ten stood up. The professor rubbed his brow thoughtfully for a moment, when suddenly looking up he asked: "How many here have heard of John L. Sullivan?" Instantly everybody stood up, and the professor seemed pleased. The day following, just previous to commencing the exercises for the day, he wanted to know what man in public life was best known to the teachers. The answer went up from all parts of the hall—"Superintendent Casey." Professor Rocheleau differed, however, with the teachers, claiming that the honor belonged to John L. Sullivan—exit Supt. Casey.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. B. LANIGAN, Principal.
R. S. Knudson, Sec.

The Habit of Industry.

Western Rural:—Don't think the boys too young. As soon as they can understand and perform some slight task insist upon their doing them. Have some daily task suitable to the age of the child, and see that they are performed. It sometimes becomes monotonous and requires time and patience, but it begets habits of industry and self-reliance. I once heard a Christian minister state that he owed his success in life to his mother, who taught him when a child habits of industry. Among other things he was required every night to pick up a basket of chips. His mother reminded him of it for several nights, when she left it for him to recollect himself, which he did for some time. But one night getting very much interested in play, he forgot it until after dark. Beginning to prepare for bed his mother remarked: "Willie, you will have to pick up your chips." "But it's dark, mother," he replied. "You must pick up your chips' my son'," was the rejoinder in such a tone that he knew resistance to be useless. He went out and picked the chips and "never after that," said he, "did Willie forget his chips. To carry out the rules as this mother did made a self-reliant, industrious man. Many of us are too indulgent and our children suffer thereby. I have in mind a mother, who thought her boy too young to work until almost in his teens, when she found, to her astonishment, that it was impossible to set him at any thing and keep him at it. He hadn't the habit of working and hasn't to this day acquired it, though he has arrived at manhood. An idle boy will make a shiftless man.

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STEAM LAUNDRY.
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.
All Those Wanting
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Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.
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Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved, low prices and easy terms.
OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.
CROOKSTON, MINN.

The three State central committees on Monday figured out a majority for their candidates for governor. They all conceded that it would be a close thing. Owen seemed to be in the lead.

On Tuesday every man was a sovereign—a king, and right royally did the farmers of Polk County manifest their sovereignty. They had a principle in this fight and right royally did they stand by it. They deserve to win an open and unrestricted wheat market and they will win it.

Oh, no! The farmers of Polk County didn't mean anything when they said they wanted a free and open wheat market. Well, go to work and count their votes and see whether they did or not.

The Chronicle has been whacking away at us because it assumed that we were supporting a democrat for "poundmaster," or some such unimportant office, but not a word has it had to say about the spectacle of the Merriam party in this district endorsing a democrat for the important office of legislator. In our case the candidate referred to is an alliance man, but the candidate that the Merriam party endorsed was a simon pure democrat, dyed in the wool. "Oh, consistency, thou art a jewel!"

If you voted to keep an undue proportion of our wheat from falling into the maw of the voracious wheat gambler, you have the consciousness of a duty well performed. There are some who were honestly deceived—and others who know better, but still voted against the best interests of the country.

Brainerd Dispatch:—Hon. Knute Nelson is making some fine speeches for the republican cause in Minnesota. Among other things he said in a speech in his own district the other day was: "I have still faith in the democratic party, and believe that any wrongs will come nearer being righted within the ranks, than in any other party." The history of the republican party is a history of patriotism and progressive ideas. She has been tried and found to be abreast of the times, therefore can be trusted.

Didn't you get that speech a little mixed, Bro. Ingersoll? Or is Nelson himself a little bit mixed as to parties? How is that anyhow?

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Northwestern Agriculturist.—No one who has traveled much in Minnesota will question the statement that farmers in the southern and central portions of the State are making every rapid progress towards independence. They have seen hard times and know what it is to face misfortune and disaster. They know how hard it has been to carry the burden of debt, and what a long line of hard day's works it has taken and, in some cases will yet take to pay them, but they see the beginning of the end. This is evident in better homes, better barns, better stock, more conveniences and comforts, and better kept farms and fields. The farmers of the State are fortunate, as compared with those of any other portion of the country. Their lands are now advancing in value. The fever to go to the Pacific coast has cooled and people who are now here, and thousands who have gone further from market, are ready to say Minnesota is good enough for them and their children. It looks very much as if a better era was beginning, in which farmers generally, and especially those of the Northwest, would thrive and prosper. If farmers anywhere can live and thrive those of the Northwest will surely not have any reason to complain.

Notice.

All persons interested in the D. N. Taylor Elevator scheme are requested to meet at City Hall, Crookston, for self protection on Saturday, November 8th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

O. C. BERGLAND, Treas,
CHRIS. HOUSTON, Ch'n.
A. DANIELSON, Sec.

Ladies, don't fail to call at the millinery parlors of Mrs. I. U. Jennings, on Robert street, and examine her new stock of elegant fall millinery. Others may imitate, but none can beat her in style and prices.

UNPRECEDENTED RECORD.

THE MINNEAPOLIS TIMES has attained the largest measure of success in the short time it has been before the people, of any paper in the Northwest.

Why? ? ? ? ? ?

Because It Is Bright, Newsy, Ably Edited, Fair to all Parties and Gets the News.

Since the first guns of the preliminary campaign in July THE TIMES'

POLITICAL NEWS

has set the pace for its contemporaries. It has gone to the front on its Local News Market Reports, Telegraphic Specials, Regular Press (Press News) report.

THE TIMES

Is independent politically and prints all the news about politics and candidates, but does not deal in abuse of any man who has the misfortune to run for an office.

A Campaign Offer—The Times 4 Months, $1.00.

THE TIMES will be sent by mail 4 months from October 1st for the sum of $1. Send in your subscriptions now in order to get the benefit of all the news of the present campaign.

THE TIMES,
49 Fourth St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - - MINN.

IT PAYS

TO TRADE WITH

BARNES & SLOCUM,

Cash Dealers in

Groceries and Crockery.

Get their prices and you will say so.

McKinnon Block, Robert St., Crookston.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE.

Crookston, Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

KEEPING STILL

AND

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. Crookston, Minn

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

DEALER IN

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Wnidows and Mouldiugs.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER,

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property, and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block, CROOKSTON, MINN.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,

ATT'YS-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:35 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:32 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m. returning, arrives at Crookston at 3 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

Leave.		Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Leave.		Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST, — BEST. — QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Minn

THE NEW

NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — FARM LANDS

NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. — LOW RATES

Hunting, Fishing. — Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. — Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. — In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.

Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. — G. N. R. L.

Alwas on Time.

There is no line so handsomely equipped for Through Passenger Service as "The Northwestern Line"—C. St. P., M. & O. R'y—and the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago trains over this line have a better record for reaching either end of their run "on time" than those of any other line in the country.

THE

All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

Pullman sleepers are also run through between Duluth, Superior and Chicago. Fast through trains are also run between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Kansas City via Sioux City, with through Pullman sleepers St. Paul to Omaha and Kansas City. Dining cars are run on all through trains over this line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and between St. Paul and Kansas City. Besides being the best

LINE

between these principal cities, The Chicago & Northwestern system of lines composed of the Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha, Chicago & Northwestern and Fremont, Elkhorn & Mo. Valley R'ys (all advertised as "The Northwestern Line,") traverses a rich and populous country, and offers the quickest means of reaching all the large towns and villages in the territory intersected by it. Before selecting a route, travelers should get a folder, with a map of this line, and they will quickly see the advantages offered. All particulars, with maps and time tables, may be obtained at any station or write direct to [illegible]

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul

The three State central committees on Monday figured out a majority for their candidates for governor. They all conceded that it would be a close thing. Owen seemed to be in the lead.

On Tuesday every man was a sovereign—a king, and right royally did the farmers of Polk County manifest their sovereignty. They had a principle in this fight and right royally did they stand by it. They deserve to win an open and unrestricted wheat market and they will win it.

Oh, no! The farmers of Polk County didn't mean anything when they said they wanted a free and open wheat market. Well, go to work and count their votes and see whether they did or not.

The Chronicle has been whacking away at us because it assumed that we were supporting a democrat for "poundmaster," or some such unimportant office, but not a word has it had to say about the spectacle of the Merriam party in this district endorsing a democrat for the important office of legislator. In our case the candidate referred to is an alliance man, but the candidate that the Merriam party endorsed was a simon pure democrat, dyed in the wool. "Oh, consistency, thou art a jewel!"

If you voted to keep an undue proportion of our wheat from falling into the maw of the voracious wheat gambler you have the consciousness of a duty well performed. There are some who were honestly deceived—and others who knew better, but still voted against the best interests of the country.

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A French paper says: Some thirty years ago the French considered a wheat crop quite good when it yielded 22 bushels to the acre, but with the same soil the present requirement is at least 33 bushels, while in the best soils the crop is good only when it yields from 43 to 48 bushels, and occasionally the product is 55½ bushels to the acre. There are whole countries—Hess for example which are satisfied only when the average crop attains 37 bushels, while the experimental farms of central France, produce from year to year, over large areas, 41 bushels to the acre, and a number of farms in northern France regularly yield, year after year, from 55 to 68 bushels to the acre. Occasionally even as much as 80 bushels have been obtained upon limited areas under special care. In fact it is now proved that by combining a series of such simple operations as the selection of seeds, sowing in rows and proper manuring, the crop can be increased by at least 75 per cent over the best present average, while the cost of production can be reduced by 50 per cent by the use of some inexpensive machines like steam digger or the pulverizers which make the soil required for each special culture. They are now occasionally resorted to here and there, but they will come into general use as soon as humanity feels the need of increasing the agricultural product tenfold.

The Better Days.

Northwestern Agriculturist:—No one who has traveled much in Minnesota will question the statement that farmers in the southern and central portions of the State are making very rapid progress towards independence. They have seen hard times and know what it is to face misfortune and disaster. They know how hard it has been to carry the burden of debt, and what a long line of hard day's works it has taken and, in some cases, will yet take to pay them, but they see the beginning of the end. This is evident in better homes, better barns, better stock, more conveniences and comforts, and better kept farms and fields. The farmers of the State are fortunate, as compared with those of any other portion of the country. Their lands are now advancing in value. The fever to go to the Pacific coast has cooled and people who are now here, and thousands who have gone further from market, are ready to say Minnesota is good enough for them and their children. It looks very much as if a better era was beginning, in which farmers generally, and especially those of the Northwest would thrive and prosper. If farmers anywhere can live and thrive those of the Northwest will surely not have any reason to complain.

Notice.

All persons interested in the D. N. Taylor Elevator scheme are requested to meet at City Hall, Crookston, for self protection on Saturday, November 8th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

O. C. BERGLAND, Treas,
CHRIS. HOUSTON, Ch'n.
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THE TIMES

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CALL
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AND
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While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

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AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

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AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
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Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:0 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:35 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:25 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
South Line.		
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.
North Line.		
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.
Fosston Line. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.		
	7:30 a. m.	5:30 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.		
	10:15 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

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NORTHERN PACIFIC
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On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

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NORTHWEST

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Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest state per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock-raisers. Now is the time.

G. N. R. L. The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.

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All well posted travelers between the Twin Cities and Chicago take this line—particularly favoring the "Vestibule Limited," which carries the finest sleeping cars and coaches ever built, and also all classes of passengers, without extra fares. On the Lake Superior portion of the line, between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth, and St. Paul and Ashland, Pullman sleepers are run on night trains, and parlor cars on day trains.

NORTHWESTERN

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Mammoth DRY GOODS House

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THE

HUSTLER

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DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, JACKETS AND CLOAKS,
CARPETS, FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

A very large consignment of Linen Goods bought before the passage of the McKinley bill will be offered at very low prices during this Great Opening Week. A Special Benefit will be given to his customers

☞ FOR ONE WEEK ☜

Unheard of bargains will be offered. Call in and get some of the plums.

I. O. O. F. Block,
Robert Street, Crookston.

GERVAIS, The Hustler.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, NOVEMBER 13, 1890. NO. 30

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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WHAT IT MEANS.

Pioneer Press.

The central fact of the election returns is the loss of congress by the republican party. It has gone out of power in the lower house by a majority which it will not be possible to estimate closely for some days or weeks, but which is probably about 125 votes. It is a result which calls for explanation. It was not wholly unexpected; and, if its proportions were smaller, it would be easily accounted for. The democrats were expected to gain about fifteen seats in the gerrymandered states and in the South; had they gained no more, it would have indicated a defeat produced solely by the exercise of unfair means. But they have gained more. They have made inroads on the republican strength in sure as well as in doubtful states. They have secured seats in New England, in the Middle states and in the West, which they could win only by a change in public opinion. The party would be more than foolish if it were to shut its eyes to the fact. Why should it have been possible, in face of the miserable record of obstruction which is all the democratic party had to offer, to accomplish a revolution like this? The change is too swift, too startling, too abrupt, not to have a definite cause.

It is fortunate for the cause of political education that we are not left in doubt. We do not have to go hunting among conflicting theories for an explanation of the republican defeat. For that defeat is no more pronounced than is the issue upon which it was accomplished. The republicans who assumed leadership in congress assumed leadership also on the field. They made up the issue, and they refused to so much as consider any other. The campaign which ended last Tuesday was fought, as far as the leaders could compel it, upon the sole issue of the McKinley bill. Many things were done at the last session of congress besides passing the McKinley bill. The majority has a long list of measures to its credit, upon which it might have made an appeal to the voter. And the wiser heads of the party were in favor of giving them at least their due prominence. But McKinleyism seemed to have bewitched everybody who came within its influence. Mr. Reed and Mr. McKinley declared that this must be an "aggressive" campaign; and that its aggressiveness must consist in challenging the opinion of the country on this one particular measure of raising duties which the people wanted reduced. They carried their fanatical devotion to the prohibitory tariff idea from congress to the stump. They dragooned the party in the field to support them, just as they had dragooned the party in congress in voting for their bill. They made the McKinley bill the heart and soul of the campaign. And if we could collect in a volume all the speeches made by them in the last four weeks, we should find ten times as much space devoted to eulogy of the McKinley bill as to all other questions combined. They were determined that the nation should vote on this issue of theirs, and they have had their will. We trust that they are satisfied with themselves and with the destruction which they have wrought.

At any rate, there is this much satisfaction to be had out of it: We know just what the country thinks of the McKinley programme. This defeat is not the result of apathy. It was not caused by the stay-at-home vote. It is a deliberate rebuke from the people, who believe in protection, but not in protection run mad. The republicans won on a protective platform in 1888. But there was not a word or a sylable in that platform which breathed a hint of higher duties. Such a thing the country never dreamed of until the bill now a law was proposed for passage. And the country repudiates it root and branch. This is a chastisement by republicans hands. It is a flagellation by men whose belief in the protective system is as strong as it ever was. But they will not permit unrebuked a wanton increase of taxes and of prices, not for protection, but for the purpose of destroying foreign trade. Doubtfully, reluctantly, almost despairingly, they have chosen rather to send a majority of democrats to Washington than to ratify the suicidal work which Reed and McKinley accomplished. Will the party heed the lesson?

This election decides nothing for 1892. The republican party has it in its power to win back all and more than it has lost. The nation believes in protection, and it will support a reasonable protective policy against Democratic free trade. But we must have an end of the present leadership. The party must prepare to fullfill its long-standing promise, to revise and reduce the tariff in the interest of reform. It must put aside the odious thing known as McKinleyism; which was never a truly Republican policy, and which is hostile to the traditions of the party and to the utterances of its most distinguished men. It must get rid of the Quays who have cast it into bad odor. It need sacrifice nothing of boldness in gaining discretion. The McKinley bill has cost us a majority in congress. The Lodge elections bill, if its passage is insisted upon, is more than likely to cost us the presidency. There is plenty of time to repair what damage has been done. But the party need to take heed to its bearings, and to refuse to follow two or three ambitious and reckless men into new and unpalatable policies. The Republican protest against the McKinley bill before its passage was loud and earnest. If that protest had been heeded, we should not have the great reverse of Tuesday. The question now is, will the party leaders take to heart this painful and costly lesson, and bring the party policy into harmony with its past, before a worse thing comes upon them and upon the mighty organization whose fortunes they have so wofully mismanaged?

Holding on to Wheat.

Country Gentleman.

Why are millers so anxious to fill their elevators to the utmost during the threshing season if wheat undergoes the enormous shrinkage that many agricultural editors would have us believe? I have often marketed wheat just before the new crop was harvested and it tested practically the same number of pounds per bushel as it did when threshed and the whole number of bushels had not fallen below machine measure. Holding the crop of 1889 till May, 1890, made an increase of 20 cents per bushel in price. This was better than it was two years previous, but even in the worst years we were repaid for holding, for this reason: There is a strong local demand for wheat here by millers during the months preceding the arrival of the new crop. The mills are empty at this time and frequently it is difficult to secure sufficient wheat to meet the demand. Also, most millers find it advantageous to mix some old wheat with the first batch of the new. Consequently they offer more than the market price at the time. This has been my usual time for marketing for more than ten years. This is undoubtedly a good time to sell, as I have noticed that they received without complaint quite inferior wheat, such as they would scarcely handle at other times. Nevertheless, I have found that really good wheat will scarcely demand a better price than at this time, and it certainly pays to build up a reputation for raising good clean wheat, and this alone will be worth five cents per bushel additional.

Wheat cannot be properly kept without a dry and vermin-proof granary, and the average farmer needs such an apartment for various purposes. During the winter we find it convenient to pass the entire crop through the fanning mill (which we now run with horse power, and it does the work better and more expeditiously than when turned by hand). It is then stored in the granary, from whence it is drawn out below when marketed. The wheat in this granary is kept as dry as in an elevator, and its good condition when sold and freedom from impurities are doubtless the reasons why we made it pay to keep the wheat even during those years when the prices ruled so low. Farmers would be less at the mercy of buyers if they had facilities for keeping wheat till they were warranted in disposing of it. There is an advance of fifteen cents per bushel in the price since threshing began last July. We shall not dispose of our present crop until the market begins to weaken, as we believe the advantage from storage is as patent to us as to the millers. If one has facilities for storage, he can haul grain to market during a season of leisure—an important matter when the market is distant.

Marketing Turkeys.

Farm, Stock and Home.

At this season the question that agitates the minds of many breeders is how to get as many pounds as possible onto the frame of all his marketable turkeys. The writer has always practiced the following plan (being born and raised upon a farm), and has always found it to be successful:

Where you desire to sell turkeys by the pound, dressed, confine them—about three weeks before market time—in a rather small, low coop with a dry floor. Feed them in the morning a soft hot mash of corn meal, or middlings and cracked corn, or some similar easily digested food. At noon feed them beef scraps if handy; if not, feed wheat, oats or screenings. In the evening give them a solid hearty meal of corn. At any meal give them all they will eat. If they show a preference for corn give it to them in quantities, that they will eat up clean. Two or two and one-half weeks of this kind of feeding will put all the fat onto a turkey that will be paltable at the table. Potato parings or small potatoes, or turnips, boiled, make an excellent morning mash.

It is best to allow your market turkeys all the range possible up to fattening time. The flesh will then have attained a nice degree of firmness which the fat induced by confinement will only improve, while the exercise thus obtained will nearly always produce a large frame, upon which no inconsiderable amount of meat may be placed by judicious feeding.

A little green food, such as chopped turnips or cabbage, will be appreciated by the confined birds, but do not feed onions—especially during the last week previous to killing. Although the birds will devour onions with avidity, this vegetable will give the flesh a faint, though distinguishable rank odor.

If your fowls are of a late hatch the fattening process should commence a couple of weeks earlier than otherwise, in order that the heat germinated by the fat from feeding may hasten the growth of new feathers. A comparatively young bird is always "full of pin feathers," and when a good start is had these troublesome adjuncts to the business may be gotten rid of.

The Aftermath.

Minneapolis Journal.

The Republican party has been badly wounded. Not wounded unto death, for its vitality is rooted in eternal principles of right. But Tuesday's sun went down on many stranded hopes and proud assumptions. There has been downright disaster along the whole line. The states, counted without a question within the Republican lines, have either been captured by the power of the independent movement or through its disintergrating force, or have been half wrested from the Republican grasp and made doubtful. The national house is aparently lost to the Republican party and, in our own state, all confident estimates and calculations have been shattered.

What is the cause of this? What is the matter?

There is one dominant reason. That is, the Republican party permitted the two men, Reed and McKinley, to originate shape and direct its policies. And the new policies were forced upon the party in the face of the palpable aversion of the country to these effectuations. The tariff policy, associated with the names of these two men, was a leading procuring cause of the current reverse. It was lashed through the house, against the conviction of scores of Republican members, that the party went into power in 1888 on the pledge of an entirely different traffic policy. It has made the campaign, on the part of the Republicans, one of apology and evasion. It has handicapped every Republican orator.

It was a mistake.

The federal election act was another measure which wrought adversely to the party. Had the senate passed it, the party would have suffered more than it has. The country wants neither the McKinley tariff policy nor the election bill.

Let the Republican party take warning. Let it set itself aright before the country and it will yet rule the country.

Railroad Rumors.

Grain Men Say The Eastern is Up to Its Old Tricks. Other News.

Duluth Evening Herald.

Grain men are still kicking over the way the Great northern handles Duluth grain. The Imperial mill men are the most agrieved parties at present. The Eastern Minnesota road, it is said, was asked to deliver some grain to the Imperial mill, wheat that had been inspected at West Superior. The company refused to deliver the wheat unless a shipping bill was made out similar to the bills used in moving grain from original points. Grain men also claim that the road changes its methods of dealing with Duluth shipments so often that local men can not depend upon any one plan as the only one in use.

"The Fon du Lac-South Superior branch of the St. Louis & Superior Terminal Railway company's tracks," said a well known railroad man this morning, "is to be built in the interest of the Duluth South Shore & Atlantic road. The road now has a terminal track near Superior, where the St. Louis company's track will join it. The South Shore road needs, therefore, to build only a comparatively short distance in order to reach South Superior. And in getting into Duluth the distance via St. Louis and New Duluth is but little greater than the mileage from South Superior to Duluth via West Superior and the Northern Pacific bridge to Rices Point."

Cheap Money.

The National Economist.

During the entire recent discussion of the tariff in congress one very essential point was entirely omitted—the effect of cheap money on productive industry. Neither of the parties deemed it safe to bring it up for discussion. In this they acted wisely, as the mere mention would have opened a train of ideas for consideration that would have been alike unpleasant and, perhaps, unfortunate to both. It would have shown the hollow mockery of the McKinley bill so far as the farmer is concerned, the utter inadequacy of many of its provisions, and demonstrated much too plainly for partisan purposes the extent to which the Republican party is dominated by New England. It would also have laid bare the fallacy of free imports without cheaper money, and have disclosed the fact that Democracy is ever slow to run counter to the interests of Wall street. The factories of New England and the money owners of New York were contending for the same principle, but for different objects. New England labored to keep out cheaper foreign products, and Wall street assisted to preclude cheaper money—not foreign money, but lower rates of interest on domestic capital. This of course would be very unsatisfactory to that class whose income depended upon the high rate of interest. With money at 2 per cent, American industry could defy the world; but with money loaning at 7 per cent, productive labor, unprotected, would be wiped out in many instances. It is but fair to assume, then, that the McKinley bill, to a considerble extent, does not protect the manufacturer, but the usurer; that it does not bring better wages to the laborer, but does bring higher interest to the money lender. When examined in that light it is not difficult to perceive how New England and Wall street are a unit in an effort to continue indirect taxation. In the United States it is quite safe to presume that $6,000,000,000 is required in the manufacturing industries. At an average of 7 per cent the interest upon this amount becomes a tax of $420,000,000 on those industries. In England the rate of interest would not exceed 3 per cent, or $180,000,000, making a difference of $240,000,000 in favor of England on the interest tax alone. If the American and English manufacturers were competing on similar lines of production, other things being equal, the English manufacturer would have $240,000,000 the advantage in the one item of interest charges. When it is understood that the entire revenue from customs amounts to less than $224,000,000, this advantage can be approximated. In view of this, would it not be well for the friends of tariff reform to begin at the next session of Congress with a bill to reform the currency and give the people cheaper money? With this reform first, tariff reform would follow as surely as night follows day. Without it a change in this direction will be almost impossible.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by August Kilmann against Amasa Stewart Thompson, for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 2,764, dated Sept. 26th, 1882, upon the e½ sw¼ and lots 6 and 7, Section 6, Township 147, Range 46, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Amasa Stewart Thompson and his heirs have wholly failed to break, cultivate or plant to trees, tree seeds or cuttings any of said land since date of entry, and that there are now no trees, tree seeds or cuttings standing or growing thereon except about 40 acres of natural growth of small poplar and willows, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 20th day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[30-35] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Louis P. Bremmes against Peter G. Allison, deceased, or his heirs, for abandoning homestead entry No. 11,178, dated May, 28th, 1885, upon the nw¼ (Sec. 20) Section 20, Township 152, Range 42, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[30-35] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞ Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
And Institute of Short Hand,
Crookston, Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned,
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,
CROOKSTON, MINN.,
Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy
DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, INENS, FLANNELS,
BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
54 inch Tricot	85 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for 30 cents.	A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket $1.50
" " " 35 "	" " 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket 2.00
" " medicated, for 40 "	" " 4½ lb. 10¼ white " 4.50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.
H. F. BROWN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.
DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

[First publication Oct. 16th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Millie Doaye, executrix of the estate of Napoleon Doaye, deceased, representing, among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 11th day of November, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 30th day of September, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
O. O. [illegible],
[26-28] Judge of Probate.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., NOV. 6, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 79.
1 Northern 74.
2 Northern 69.
3 Northern 63.

The first snow of the season on Saturday evening.

It seems as though Merriam was reelected by a scratch.

Fred Rauch has put in a new ice chest and slicked up a little.

If you have wood or potatoes to swap for subscription call and see us.

W. E. Slocum is helping Gervais, the hustler, in the new store awhile.

Farmers, if you want bargains, call and see Sture before you purchase.

See Mrs. E. E. Bangs' elegant fall and winter millinery. Prices to suit all.

The bit of snow makes pretty slippery going. Fine thing for blacksmiths.

Miss Jennie Newland is visiting Mrs. Frankie Dickenson this week at Stephen.

The president has appointed Thursday, November 27th, as Thanksgiving Day.

Fontaine & Anglim invite a call from all who are looking for bargains in groceries.

Have you seen Gervais' show windows? They are worth a long journey to see.

Farmers and everybody cordially invited to call at Sture's store for supplies of all kinds.

Fontaine & Anglim are selling groceries cheaper than the cheapest. Give them a call.

Lee & Herrick are now selling their best patent flour for $2.25. Catch on while yet you may.

L. K. Aker was up from the west side on Monday to learn the result of the official count.

Sture has a choice lot of fine winter apples for sale cheap. Call before they are all gobbled up.

Miss Susie A. Schouwieler, of Wabasha, will shortly arrive for a visit with her sister during the winter.

Our former fellow-townsman, John N. Ives, was elected attorney general of Kansas, at the last election.

A great many good men went down on November 4th, owing to a misapprehension of the wishes of the people.

Bargain week at Fontaine & Anglim's. Before you purchase groceries call and see what they can do for you.

Rev. Battey has accepted the call to the Congregational church in this city. Communion service next Sabbath morning.

C. T. Lanman was down from McIntosh on Thursday to help rejoice in the great alliance victory which he helped to win.

A. Sture will pay the highest price for eggs, oats and potatoes. Call and see him if you have a surplus of these articles.

A. Grindeland was down from Warren this week greeting old friends and explaining the cause of the great avalanche.

Wheat went crazy right after election—it seemed to share the general depression at Owen's defeat and slumped off to 79 cents.

Duluth Tribune: Mr. and Mrs. Fred Reynolds are enjoying a visit from Mr. Reynold's mother, who arrived Tuesday from California.

John Lathrop has brought action against The Great West for criminal libel. If ever brought to trial this case will develope some things.

Go and secure your winter flour while Lee & Herrick are selling their best patent for $2.25. Probably it will not remain at that figure long.

We want a few loads of wood and a few bushels of potatoes on subscription. We will pay the highest market price therefor. Call and see us.

If the farmers in the south part of the state had done their duty, Owen would have been triumphantly elected; but they failed at the critical moment.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs will not be undersold in millinery goods. Remember that and call at her store on Second street, when you want a bargain in that line.

The canvassing board, consisting of Auditor, P. J. McGuire, Hugh Thompson and Judge Spendley, met in the Court House on Monday to canvass the votes.

Henry Steege is fixing up the store recently vacated by Gervais, the hustler, and will soon open out a fine meat market. Henry knows how to keep a meat shop.

Every man on the alliance county ticket was elected and now the other fellows are trying to figure out how it was done. Simple enough. They got all the votes.

Mike Leguee is kept busy attending to the ailments of the equine family, all the same he keeps his weather eye on the election returns to see who is elected governor.

Landlord Sundit seems to be doing a big hotel business these days. Scores of farmers daily put up there, showing that the average farmer knows a good hotel when he sees it.

Iver Krohn starts this week for a visit to Norway. Expects to be gone until spring.

Special bargains for the next 30 days at Sture's. Call in and see what he can do for you.

Hans Sampson came down from the Thirteen last week to tell us how the boys stood by their guns in that country. "The Old Guards" furnish the only other instance of the kind on record.

A. Sture says he wants to shake hands with every one of the Owen voters in Polk County, and if they will call at his store he will give each one a good bargain in groceries and general merchandise.

Gervais, the Hustler, will offer special sales in hosiery and underwear. A good all wool ladies' hose for 20 cents.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs desires her lady friends to know that she is better than ever prepared to attend to their wants in millinery and invites their attention to her fine stock. Call at her store on Second street.

Hon. Wm. Carlton and wife came down from Angus last week and remained a day or so. We will bet Will carries a lame arm from the shakes with his many friends here. He bears his honors becomingly.

A. R. Jones and family leave for St. Paul on Friday evening next. A. R. has been offered a situation as conductor on the motor line which he will accept, providing he finds everything satisfactory upon his arrival.

Special drives next week in all departments. Come in and get bargains at the big dry goods store.

GERVAIS, THE HUSTLER.

Cyprien Demers says: "That slick Merriam emissary, who thought to buy our 91 votes for $1.50 worth of poor whiskey got most beautifully left, as our vote clearly shows. Poplar River vote can't be bought for whiskey."

The evening papers for Monday state that Fish & Frain, of the Great West, were arraigned before the court in Washington County, for criminal libel on charges preferred by John Lathrop, plead guilty and were fined $50 each.

Sen. Vice Commander Parker came up last Friday evening and gave the boys of Col. Cobham Post a good talk. He came in place of Commander Compton, who had the misfortune to have his hand shot off early in September.

D. Jacobus returned this week from a visit below. He says "sometimes it is better that a man can't have his own way. Suppose I had been nominated for sheriff on the republican ticket. I would have been out two or three hundred dollars and in—the soup!"

Great attractions next week at the mammoth dry goods store.

GERVAIS, THE HUSTLER.

Col. Cobham Post has cause to feel honored in the election of one of our members to the legislature. Will Carlton is a man of whom the boys may well feel proud and his election is an honor the old soldiers will duly appreciate. 'Rah for Carlton.

Elmer Blanchard has returned to the city from his school near Euclid where he has taught for five successive terms, and will make his headquarters in the city for the winter. He has made arrangements to move to Kansas and expects to send his family there this fall.

A three months scholarship in Prof J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

D. D. Williams started for Oregon last Thursday where he will reside in the future. Mr. Williams has been an efficient county attorney during the time he has served Polk County in that capacity, and his many friends unite with THE JOURNAL in best wishes for his future prosperity.

H. F. Brown has repapered and repainted his new place on Second street, fixed everything up in apple pie order and is now ready to receive his friends to whom he extends a hearty invitation to drop in and look him over. The same old prices rule on cigars in spite of the tariff. If you enjoy an elegant smoke in an elegant store, call on H. F.

Charley Johnson came down from Rockstad last week to report a glorious alliance victory in his town. Charley is one of the veterans in the cause, having taken hold early last winter and worked faithfully and hard in the cause ever since. He is more than pleased at the way in which the farmers stood by their guns in the face of the enemy and says truly that it augurs well for the future.

C. P. Demers was down from Poplar River last week bringing an almost solid vote for Owen with him. He says he is glad to see by their vote that Crookston business men stand by the farmers. He thinks the farmers should reciprocate by standing by the city of Crookston which has so clearly proved its friendship, and he thinks that they will. He is proud of the vote his town gave the alliance ticket and says they will do it every time.

W. N. Godfrey came down from Maple Bay last week to bring a good report from the town of Godfrey and ascertain how the battle went. He was enthusiastic over the result and says he reckons the next time the people so emphatically say that they do not want a certain man for governor the politicians will pay attention to what the people do want. W. N. says if the farmers do not obtain their rights now, the next time it will be hotter. The powers that be must give heed to the wishes of the people.

The Official Count.

The official count of votes was made at the Court House on Monday. The following is the result so far as we have been able to obtain it up to the hour of going to press:

FOR GOVERNOR.	
Owen	4,284
Wilson	854
Merriam	655
Pinkham	38
LIEUT. GOVERNOR.	
Ives	792
Pahl	793
Barrett	4,228
SECRETARY OF STATE.	
Brown	814
Lindholm	871
Wesenberg	4,238
STATE AUDITOR.	
McGuire	1,274
Biermann	4,436
Kron	48
STATE TREASURER.	
Bobleter	774
Foote	868
Mathison	4,177
Frost	40
ATTORNEY GENERAL.	
Clapp	845
Cahoun	842
Taylor	4,171
CLERK DISTRICT COURT.	
Holcomb	769
O'Hair	856
Kolars	4,192
Dean	38
FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS.	
Comstock	795
Whiteman	945
Halvorson	4,102
FOR SENATOR.	
Lommen	3,774
Cromb	953
McKinnon	1,136
REPRESENTATIVES.	
Chesley	4,688
Thompson	4,182
Carlton	4,176
Cragin	1,548
Krostue	1,022
Chambers	886
Johnson	815
Rindal	49
COUNTY AUDITOR.	
Cornelius	1,386
Gilley	769
Webster	3,705
COUNTY TREASURER.	
Moreau	845
Beaudry	4,959
REGISTER OF DEEDS.	
Rosaaen	763
Kirsch	015
Locken	4,169
FOR SHERIFF.	
John Paterson	1,803
John Hovland	675
Arny Grundyson	3,340
CLERK OF COURT.	
Walsh	1,449
Narveson	437
Muus	3,944
JUDGE OF PROBATE.	
Christianson	1,808
Russel	1,157
Benson	3,346
COUNTY ATTORNEY.	
Montague	897
George	950
Holston	3,687
FOR SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.	
E. J. Grefthen	4,028
Thos. Casey	2,246
Terry Sheley	255
SURVEYOR.	
Ralph	1,057
Hamery	2,516
COMMISSIONER—2D DIST.	
Myers	229
Stortroen	454
COMMISSIONER—4TH DIST.	
Gigstad	425
DeMers	527
Langliven	333

Amendment relating to railroads—Yes, 966. No, 2745.

Amendment relating to trial by jury—Yes, 2,618. No, 1,043.

Gervais, the hustler, opened out in his new store on Monday morning and all day long a delighted multitude thronged his mammoth store, keeping the army of clerks busy as bees until late in the evening. Such a display of dry goods would be a credit to many a St. Paul house, and if there is anything he has not got we do not know what it is. In the rear of the mammoth establishment is the cloak and carpet department, where you can find anything in that line you could wish. The patent cash system carries your money from the smiling salesman up to the obliging cashier and returns the right change in short order, and it is worth a small sum just to see the machine work. It may be that Gervais may not know how to keep a hotel, but he does know how to run a metropolitan store all the same. The establishment is not only a credit to him, but to our thriving young city as well. Mr. Gervais richly deserves ample success, and we have no doubt his enterprise will prove remunerative.

Farmers have gained several good points in this fight, but they should not rest until the victory is entirely gained. They should go forward in alliance work with renewed vigor, ever on the alert and vigilant in their own interests and never get into the negligent habits to which some have been prone. They have lots of friends among business men and they should stand by all such. Crookston has shown many such and they should and will be supported.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. K. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

We have to thank those of our friends who dropped in to square up that little subscription. One dollar and fifty cents is a very small item to each individual, but the aggregate on our list is a big thing for one alone to carry. We feel assured that every man in Polk County, who cares to secure his rights in an open wheat market will add his mite to uphold our hands in the cause. We trust that every man who is from one to two years in arrears will be able to show up this fall, as it means a sufficient help to us to go a long way toward paying our indebtedness. THE JOURNAL will stand by its friends as long as they will uphold it. To go through our entire list and make up a statement in every individual case involves a vast amount of labor and some extra expense, a large share of which could be saved us if every one who could, would drop in and see us. To those who have done so we return our hearty thanks.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

TEACHING FOREIGNERS:

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. B. LANIGAN, Principal.
R. S. Knudson, Sec.

FOR SALE.

A first-class farm of 160 acres, situated six miles northeast of Crookston, described as follows: The se¼ of Sec. 33, Township 151, Range 46: of which 120 acres are broken and seeded down to timothy and clover. It is first-class farming land, and must be sold immediately at any price suitable to the purchaser. Terms—One third down, the balance in one and two years, with interest at 8 per cent. This is a bargain for one who wishes a good farm cheap. Apply to

L. E. GOSSMAN,
[28-30] Attorney-at-Law,
Room 2, Fournet Block, Crookston.

ST. PAUL GLOBE.

A Distinctively Northwestern Newspaper.

An Advocate of Northwestern Interests.

Opposed to War Taxation in Time of Peace.

Opposed to the Taxation of the Farmer and Laborer for the Benefit of Monopolies and Trusts.

ALWAYS BRIGHT, CLEAN AND RELIABLE.

The WEEKLY GLOBE is a Favorite with the Farmer and the Family. The price is $1.00 a year. Send 50 cents for a six months' trial, and get, besides all the News and Good Things, the Proceedings of the Legislature of Your State and of Congress.

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WEEKLY Eight Pages, One Year, - - $1.00
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DAILY Only, Per Month - - .70
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FORTIER BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - MINN.

First National Bank

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PAID IN CAPITAL, $100,000
SURPLUS, $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
[illegible], Cashier.

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LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, QUEBEC.

Office on Second Street, Crookston.

FOR A LIMITED TIME

I WILL SELL AT THE

Astonishing Low Prices,

BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches for 8.50. Warranted.

Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.

Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.

Silver Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50

Silver Pickle castor only, - - - $1:15

Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3.80 per dozen

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,

SHELF —AND— HEAVY HARDWARE,

F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS. Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts, - - - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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WYATT & ZIEGLER,

Carriage Builders,

East Broadway, Opposite Fournet Block,

Crookston, - - - - - - Minn.

Repairing, Painting and Trimming neatly and artistically done

CALL AND SEE US.

PETERSON'S 1891
1891 MAGAZINE

50TH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

THE QUEEN OF THE LADIES' MONTHLIES ENLARGED AND GREATLY IMPROVED, MAKING IT MORE DESIRABLE THAN EVER, AND KEEPING IT IN THE LEAD OF THE LADIES' MAGAZINES.

Its fiction is strong and clean. Some of the best-known American writers contribute to its pages, among them Edgar Fawcett, Frank Lee Benedict, Howard Seeley, Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper, Rebecca Harding Davis, Miss M. G. McClelland, Alice Bowman, and Minna Irving.

Historical and Biographical Sketches, with numerous and appropriate illustrations, printed on fine paper, will be given monthly.

In the Fashion department, we aim to combine beauty and utility. The newest and prettiest styles of costume are given with full descriptions, also a monthly dress-pattern sheet. As a fashion magazine, "PETERSON" is universally pronounced as far in the lead of all others.

Numerous designs for needle-work, embroidery, knitting, painting, &c., with designs printed in colors. Articles on the management of the sick, by a trained nurse, household and garden hints, recipes for cooking; and interesting articles on various topics, are given monthly.

The aim of the publishers is to give such variety of contents as will both interest and instruct its readers, and make it a helpful companion to every woman.

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Estray.

Came upon my premises, nine head of cattle, four red cows, one black cow with white belly, three roan cows and one red and white calf. Owner can recover the same by proving property and paying charges. [26-31]

H. C. SCRIBNER.

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When a doctor finds that his patient is either growing worse, or making no progress towards recovery, he often calls in one or two other physicians in consultation. This consultation is, in fact equivalent to a confession, either that the doctor's skill is of no avail, or that he has used the wrong remedies. If the first is the case, the physicians labor together; if the latter, the treatment is changed, sometimes to the benefit of the patient, and very often to his distruction. But in the use of the Compound Oxygen Treatment there is no fear of any injury to the patient. Being inhaled into the lungs, it is taken into the blood, which distributes it to all parts of the body. It is a combination of the elements of the air, but richer in ozone. It is as easy to take as to breathe, and imparts new strength and vigor to every organ. But read our treatise on Compound Oxygen. Read what such men as Rev. Victor L. Conrad, Edward L. Wilson, Frank Siddall, and a host of others say of it. Book of 200 pages sent free. It gives a full history of the discovery, made of action and results of Compound Oxygen, with hundreds of testimonials and records of cures in cases of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Malarial, Diseases, Nervous Prostration, and numerous other diseasee. You will also learn that over one thousand physicians are using it in their practies. Address DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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G. G. HENAULT.

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The campaign has developed some men who have shown by their actions that if they could not run the concern they would like to ruin it. Such infernal traitors richly deserve to be burned in effigy. The farmers stood in perishing need of immediate relief, but these infernal toad stools said by their actions: "If you can't let us run the concern you may perish for the want of your market. We will rule or ruin you!"

One feature of the late campaign is very gratifying to us and that is that S. M. Owen received a majority of the votes cast in Crookston. This shows plainly that the business men of Crookston are in sympathy with the farmer in his efforts to obtain a free and open wheat market, and that they are ready to aid and abet him in every possible way. This is as it should be. The interests of business men are identical with those of farmers, and we are more than pleased to see that this fact is recognized.

Early in September, while in St. Paul one day, the editor of this paper said to a Daily News reporter: "Merriam is not in it in Polk County. If the sentiment in every county is a reflex of that in Polk County, Merriam cannot possibly be elected." All the old-line machine politicians hooted at that and gave us the grand laugh, and many of the papers at once began to open out their mud batteries. Well, we let them fire away, knowing that they had to earn their money in some way, but now we wish to call their attention to the vote of Polk County and ask them how much Merriam was in it? Will they have the manliness to take back the unkind words spoken of us in the heat of battle and acknowledge their error? You may be sure that none of the boodlers will.

THE JOURNAL is forced to the conclusion that there was a Judas on board of the craft! A man occupying a very important position who, while he pretended to be a great farmers friend, was all the while doing all he could in an underhanded way to aid Merriam's cause, and we have heard many farmers in this neck of the woods express the same fear. They have spotted him and if it is proved true it were better for that man if he had never been born. It does not matter what some of the so-called alliance workers did, S. M. Owen is pure gold as every true alliance man can well see, and he should have been supported heartily. He would have been elected if some influential men had not sulked in their tents. They deserve the execration of every true alliance man.

Say, Bro. Osborne, of the Glyndon News, what do you think of the Polk County vote on Merriam?

And Donnelly goes to the senate from Dakota County. Good enough. There will be one good man on deck.

It would seem that the McKinley Bill was too heavy for Bill McKinley. The reports indicate his defeat for reelection.

Upon the face of the returns, Kittel Halvorson is undoubtedly elected by a majority of 1,500 or 1,600. We believe that the future will clearly show what the defeat of Mr. Comstock means to this district, for while we do not personally know much about Mr. Halvorson, we do know that Mr. Comstock is one of the most dilligent workers in Congress, and we feel that his absence in that body at this time will be a serious detriment to the best interests of the people. The district requires the services of just such a worker as Mr. Comstock is; and he should have been returned. We are confident if everybody knew him as well as does the writer, he would have been returned by a big majority; however, it is the will of the people and to that will we bow submissive.

The Bledge Broken

Minneapolis Journal.

On Nov. 8, 1888, The Journal commented upon the great victory of the Republican party throughout the country, which insured a Republican administration and Republican control of both houses of the national legislature. The position of the party through the campaign on the subject of the tariff was clearly shown to be emphatically that of promoting tariff reform. The platform utterance was shown to have been interpreted by the people and by the party press and campaign orators as intending tariff reform in the sense of an intelligent reduction of excessive duties, and upon this subject The Journal said:

"As the lines for the final contest on this issue were formed, they rapidly took position favorable to the Republicans. It became distinctly and unavoidably a question of protection or free trade. The Republicans have won on that issue, and they deserved it. Now, what are they going to do about it? Will they realize the fact that they could not have won if they had not persuaded the people that their's is the true party of tariff reform? And will they as soon as they have opportunity, proceeded to "adjust the inequalities of the tariff" in the interest of the people? They cannot afford to do otherwise. The protective principle has been preserved, thanks to the intelligence of the people. But it was preserved to be made highest benefit to the country. It has been preserved for a good purpose. The Republicans have an opportunity to make it serve that purpose in the highest dedgree. That is certainly a magnificent opportunity. It is unquestionably an imperative duty."

That was the position of the party when it went into full control of the government. Tariff reform was the spirit of the hour. It was inscribed upon the guidon of the party through the campaign. THE JOURNAL challenges a refutation of this fact. The party was expected to perform the recognized and avowed duty. The party expected it of the leaders in the house. What was the issue of that expectation?

The McKinley bill.

A Hint to Party Managers.

Minneapolis Journal.

The November election of 1890 must go on record as furnishing another instance of the prompt rebuke by the people of this country to part managers who, in the sublimity of their conceit, imagine that they are greater than their party and have some kind of ownership of the voters.

When the defeat of 1874 came suddenly upon the Republican party they had a majority of 106 in the house. the election of Nov. 1, 1874 gave the Democrats majority of 73 when the house was organized in December. the party leaders had become reckless and presumpuous.

The people are stronger than any intrenched boss. When they feel wronged, party ties snap asunder with a vengeance. The persistence in an extreme policy with regard to the Southern states stimulated the reaction which gave the Democrats the house of the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth congresses. Political history teaches mighty lessons. In this country the lesson to party leaders who think they can ride rough-shod over the preferences and convictions of voters is full of meaning. The party manager cannot, without encountering a boomerang crack a slave-driver's whip over the heads of unwilling voters. The late election was a thunderous retort to the presumption of the house leaders. In Pennsylvania Quay had his locks shorn and his strength devitalized, because he had grown into the conceit that he owned the Keystone state in fee simple. The party manager has no business to assume that the voters are simply a plastic mass to be easily and mechanically manipulated.

In this country the people think and act for themselves when they think the occasion requires action.

Warren Register.—Whitney and Box got in last week with their drove of cattle for shipment to some place where they can feed them corn for awhile before putting them on the Chicago market for beef.

THE REFORM PRESS.

The Discussion of Current Topics in the Organized States.

The Liberal Enterprise (Cuthbert, Ga—

Once more we call attention to the fact that no arguements are brought to bear against the sub treasury bill. Abuse of prominent Alliance men is the only stock in trade of those who oppose it. It is a very weak cause which must resort to slander and appeal to political prejudice to support it. The gutter and groundless attack upon the Alliance leaders is the strongest argument presented in favor of the sub treasury bill. It is the last resort of the man who is vanquished by argument.

The progressive Farmer (Raleigh, N. C.) says:

Now and then somebody rises up to remark that the sub-treasury bill is class legislation; that it is as bad as the tariff. It is class legislation, but there is no harm in it. If the goverment could put ten times as much money in circulation among our farmers, all other classes would reap a fair share of the prosperity. Farmers, as a rule, are not miserly. If farmers are rich, every other class will be prosperous. So it is impossible for "class" legislation in the interest of the farmers to hurt the other class. Remember that agriculture is a great sea. Every other business floats upon the water thereof like corks. If the water be troubled, your cork will go under; put if the surface be smooth and the water deep, the cork will continue to float proudly on. More class legislation is the need of the hour. Give the farmers all the class legislation they are justly entitled to and other classes will need but little legislation of any kind. If you are not a farmer, remember that you are swimming on the great, deep sea of agriculture, and whatever you do, don't agitate the waves.

The People,s Signal (Marlin, Tex—:)

Everything goes to indicate that there will be more business failures in the next four months than were ever known in the United States before in the length of time. If those who oppose the sub treasury bill can substitute a measure that will give to the agricultural districts the relief they demand more quickly and more effectually why do they not promulgate it?

The Signal forgives with a blessing:

For fourteen long years every vile and contemptible epithet that could possible be conceived of has been applied to us beacuse we opposed the infamous Hazzard circular monetary system of this country. It is a remarkble coincident, however, that Senator Coke has at last got his eyes open and indorses the identical position we took fourteen years ago. Like Paul of Tarsus the old sinner has persecuted the saints, but as the scales havend fallen from his eyes, and the messengers tell us he is praying, we, like the brethren at Damascus whom he sought to destroy, can show our faith by our good works, and say peace to thy soul, Brother Coke.

The Capital Item (Baton Rouge, La,) comes to the relief of a much troubled contemporary:

The Advocate appears to be terribly worried over the sub-treasury plan, and is very fearful it would bankrupt the country and send it to the dominion bow-wows. The Item will say to the Advocate that it need not get excited over the matter. The sub-treasury plan is in a crude shape, and will no doubt, in the cours of time be perfected so as to do away with the principal objections urged against it. In the meantime if the Advocate has any amendments or a better plan to offer, why does it content itself with merely alluding to the originators of the subtreasury idea as crack brained visionaries? Why not present its plan to break up the rings, monopolies, trusts, and future gambling and give the people a chance to compare the two and see which they like best? In this world men are judged by their works. Therefore let it not be said hereafter that the Advocate opposed the sub-treasury idea merely because it was a farmer's measure. Let it present its plan and the good offices of the Item will be extended by copying and reproducing it so the farmers of the parish may see what it looks like.

The Haven (Kan.) Independent says:

Every few weeks there is a report sent out from the State-house to the effect that the farmers of Kansas are all prosperous and getting out of debt; that the number of mortgages released are far in excess of those put on, and we don't doubt that for the sheriffs of Kansas are all kept busy nowdays canceling mortgages. Where there is one man who pays of his mortgage there are ten who can not, and the sheriff sells the propety and settles the account, consequently the records show a decrease in number of mortgages.

The Farmers and Laborers Union (Batesville, Ark.) is tinctured with political heresy:

"Keep politics out of the Alliance," cries the fogy. Why God have mercy on your poor benighted soul, politics is a grand good thing to have around. Show us a church, a school, a mercantile establishment, family without politics in it and we will show you anything void. Politics is the art and science of good government, and any well governed institution obtains its distinguishing political characteristics.

Just What the Household Wants.

It is only necessary to look at the December Peterson, to decide that it is the magazine for the family. Next year Peterson will hold its jubilee. To have been for fifty years the prime favorite in thousands of households is something to be proud of, and its popularity steadily increases. For 1891 the magazine will be enlarged, its attractions more varied, and its illustrations more abundant. This number seems about as full of handsome pictures as it can hold. Besides admirable steel and other engravings, there are various copiously illustrated articles. A capital paper, "Some Ice Carnival Sketches," gives, in addition to numerous smaller designs, two splendid full page cuts. "A Frozen Lake in Holland" and a "Snowshoe Race over Hurdles. "A Problem Never Solved" is the best short story Edgar Fawcett has ever written. The fashion department will save any woman money enough to double her dresses, enabling her to make them at home, and the decorative designs will help her to ornament her rooms at an almost nominal price. The lady who neglects to have Peterson on her list for 1891 will make a great mistake.

Now is the time to get up clubs; terms; $2,00 a year. 2 Copies $3,50; 3 copies $4,50, with a handsome premium to the getter-up of the club; 4 copies $6,40; 6 copies, $9,00, with an extra copy of the magazine for one year to the getter-up of the club. A sample copy, with full particulars, will be sent to Club raisers. Address PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, 306 Chestnut St. Philadelphia, Pa.

13 Cheap Canadian Excursions

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell Round Trip First-class tickets to Montreal and all points in Western Ontario for $40.

Tickets sold on following dates: November 18th and 26th, December 2nd and 9th, and daily December 16th to 23rd, inclusive, and December 30th, good to return within 90 days (three months) from date of sale.

Now is your opportunity to try the new Route, and visit your old home. Call upon or write the undersigned for detailed information.

C. A. SHARKEY.
Agent N. P. R. R. Co.,
Crookston Minn.

Call for Immigration Convention to meet at Stephen Marshall County Minnesota, Wednesday, November 26, at 10:30 a. m.

In view of the fact that the Red River Valley and Northern Minnesota are today among the most prosperous grain and stock raising regions of the United States, and that they are now enjoying success superior to that of any other section, and that, notwithstanding, it is generally supposed in the east that our climate is unhealthy and severe, and that our section has been subjected to a succession of crop failuaes,—the contrary being the case. And, in view of these false impressions, and of the fact that other sections, inferior in every respect in climate, resources and productions are making strenuous efforts to divert and retain eastern immigration and eastern capital to their localities, it is not only our duty but a matter of justice to ourselves that we take measures to secure our rightful share of the influx of home-seekers and capital from the east, which will not only populate our unoccupied lands but enhance the value of real estate already occupied. Everyone interested in the prosperity and advancement of our common interests are eligible to participate in the proceeding of the convention. the object of Polk, Marshall, and Kittson to carry on immigration work jointly between them. Stephen has been chosen as the best point to hold the convention, as this will enable Polk and Marshall county participants to go on the Great Northern morning train, returning to their homes on the evening of the same day, while it will be easily accessible to the participants from Kittson county by team. You are earnestly requested to attend yourself and use your best efforts to induce otheas interested in our common welfare to attend.

M. R. BROWN, Polk Co.
L. LOUGHRIDGE, Marshall Co.
H. W. DONALDSON, Kittson Co.

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D. D. S.
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DENTIST.
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Get their prices and you will say so.
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Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

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ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

National Economist: Any measure that will create an additional office is almost certain to become a law. Not long since a bill passed creating a commission to appraise merchandise in connection with the customs department. This provided a number of fat offices which have been promptly filled and will cost the people more than $100,000 annually. The tariff bill contains the usual rider which creates another commission of five members, which is given in full in another column. This commission will no doubt cost a full quarter of a million annually, as there is no limit to its power or privileges. It was created probably for the purpose of keeping alive an interest in the tariff question and to furnish material for future congressional buncombe speeches upon that rather stale subject. It will formulate new tables and, if possible, bring out some fresh arguments for and against such doctrine. It is an expensive luxury, and one that the people should at once stamp with their emphatic disapproval. Let the tax-ridden, and mortgage-burdened farmer read carefully its provisions.

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On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.
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Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. G. N. R. L.

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We can now tell that ranter in St. Paul what hay seed is worth. It is worth its weight in gold and cannot be bought for money! Wish we could say the same of the element in St. Paul that asked the question. Owen would have been elected if we could. "Hay seed" in Polk County is gilt-edged and unpurchasable, Mr. Man!

The Fisher Bulletin has just waked up to an issue of the present campaign. Says it was a "money loaner what did the bizness!" You need not go quite so far and lay it all to one man. We said some time since that people were tired of bossism, but the Bulletin man had to wait until he was knocked down and dragged out before he tumbled. We have casually remarked before that no one man was big enough to dictate to a sovereign people.

The campaign has developed some men who have shown by their actions that if they could not run the concern they would like to ruin it. Such infernal traitors richly deserve to be burned in effigy. The farmers stood in perishing need of immediate relief, but these infernal toad stools said by their actions: "If you can't let us run the concern you may perish for the want of your market. We will rule or ruin you!"

One feature of the late campaign is very gratifying to us and that is that S. M. Owen received a majority of the votes cast in Crookston. This shows plainly that the business men of Crookston are in sympathy with the farmer in his efforts to obtain a free and open wheat market, and that they are ready to aid and abet him in every possible way. This is as it should be. The interests of business men are identical with those of farmers, and we are more than pleased to see that this fact is recognized.

Early in September, while in St. Paul one day, the editor of this paper said to a Daily News reporter: "Merriam is not in it in Polk County. If the sentiment in every county is a reflex of that in Polk County, Merriam cannot possibly be elected." All the old-line machine politicians hooted at that and gave us the grand laugh, and many of the papers at once began to open out their mud batteries. Well, we let them fire away, knowing that they had to earn their money in some way, but now we wish to call their attention to the vote of Polk County, and ask them how much Merriam was in it? Will they have the manliness to take back the unkind words spoken of us in the heat of battle and acknowledge their error? You may be sure that none of the boodlers will.

THE JOURNAL is forced to the conclusion that there was a Judas on board of the craft! A man occupying a very important position who, while he pretended to be a great farmers friend, was all the while doing all he could in an underhanded way to aid Merriam's cause, and we have heard many farmers in this neck of the woods express the same fear. They have spotted him and if it is proved true it were better for that man if he had never been born. It does not matter what some of the so-called alliance workers did, S. M. Owen is pure gold as every true alliance man can well see, and he should have been supported heartily. He would have been elected if some uncongenial men had not sulked in their tents. They deserve the execration of every true alliance man.

Say, Bro. Osborne, of the Glyndon News, what do you think of the Polk County vote on Merriam?

And Donnelly goes to the senate from Dakota County. Good enough. There will be one good man on deck.

It would seem that the McKinley Bill was too heavy for Bill McKinley. The reports indicate his defeat for re-election.

Upon the face of the returns, Kittel Halvorson is undoubtedly elected by a majority of 1,500 or 1,000. We believe that the future will clearly show what the defeat of Mr. Comstock means to this district, for while we do not personally know much about Mr. Halvorson, we do know that Mr. Comstock is one of the most dilligent workers in Congress, and we feel that his absence in that body at this time will be a serious detriment to the best interests of the people. The district requires the services of just such a worker as Mr. Comstock is, and he should have been returned. We are confident if everybody knew him as well as does the writer, he would have been returned by a big majority; however, it is the will of the people and to that will we bow submissive.

The Bledge Broken

Minneapolis Journal.

On Nov. 8, 1888, The Journal commented upon the great victory of the Republican party throughout the country, which insured a Republican administration and Republican control of both houses of the national legislature. The position of the party through the campaign on the subject of the tariff was clearly shown to be emphatically that of promoting tariff reform. The platform utterance was shown to have been interpreted by the people and by the party press and campaign orators as intending tariff reform in the sense of an intelligent reduction of excessive duties, and upon this subject The Journal said:

"As the lines for the final contest on this issue were formed, they rapidly took position favorable to the Republicans. It became distinctly and unavoidably a question of protection or free trade. The Republicans have won on that issue, and they deserved it. Now, what are they going to do about it? Will they realize the fact that they could not have won if they had not persuaded the people that their's is the true party of tariff reform? And will they as soon as they have opportunity, proceeded to "adjust the inequalities of the tariff" in the interest of the people? They cannot afford to do otherwise. The protective principle has been preserved, thanks to the intelligence of the people But it was preserved to be made highest benefit to the country. It has been preserved for a good purpose. The Republicans have an opportunity to make it serve that purpose in the highest dedgree. That is certainly a magnificent opportunity. It is unquestionably an imperative duty."

That was the position of the party when it went into full control of the government. Tariff reform was the spirit of the hour. It was inscribed upon the guidon of the party through the campaign. THE JOURNAL chalenges a refutation of this fact. The party was expected to perform the recognized and avowed duty. The party expected it of the leaders in the house. What was the issue of that expectation?

The McKinley bill.

A Hint to Party Managers.

Minneapolis Journal.

The November election of 1890 must go on record as furnishing another instance of the prompt rebuke by the people of this country to part managers who, in the sublimity of their conceit, imagine that they are greater than their party and have some kind of ownership of the voters.

When the defeat of 1874 came suddenly upon the Republican party they had a majority of 106 in the house, the election of Nov. 1, 1874 gave the Democrats a majority of 73 when the house was organized in December. the party leaders had become reckless and presumpuous.

The people are stronger than any intrenched boss. When they feel wronged, party ties snap asunder with a vengeance. The persistence in an extreme policy with regard to the Southern states stimulated the reaction which gave the Democrats the house of the Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth congresses. Political history teaches mighty lessons. In this country the lesson to party leaders who think they can ride rough-shod over the preferences and convictions of voters is full of meaning. The party manage can not, without encountering a boomerang crack a slave-driver's whip over the heads of unwilling voters. The late election was a thunderous retort to the presumption of the house leaders. In Pennsylvania Quay had his locks shorn and his strength devitalized because he had grown into the conceit that he owned the Keystone state in fee simple. The party manager has no business to assume that the voters are simply a plastic mass to be easily and mechanically manipulated.

In this country the people think and act for themselves when they think the occasion requires action.

Warren Register.—Whitney and Box got in last week with their drove of cattle for shipment to some place where they can feed them corn for a while before putting them on the Chicago market for beef.

THE REFORM PRESS.

The Discussion of Current Topics in the Organized States.

The Liberal Enterprise (Cuthbert, Ga—

Once more we call attention to the fact that no arguements are brought to bear against the sub treasury bill. Abuse of prominent Alliance men is the only stock in trade of those who oppose it. It is a very weak cause, which must resort to slander and appeal to political prejudice to support it. The utter and groundless attack upon the Alliance leaders is the strongest argument presented in favor of the sub-treasury bill. It is the last resort of the man who is vanquished by argument.

The progressive Farmer (Raleigh, N. C.) says:

Now and then somebody rises up to remark that the sub-treasury bill is class legislation; that it is as bad as the tariff. It is class legislation, but there is no harm in it. If the government could put ten times as much money in circulation among our farmers, all other classes would reap a fair share of the prosperity. Farmers, as a rule, are not miserly. If farmers are rich, every other class will be prosperous. So it is impossible for "class" legislation in the interest of the farmers to hurt the other class. Remember that agriculture is a great sea. Every other business floats upon the water thereof like corks. If the water be troubled, your cork will go under; put if the surface be smooth and the water deep, the cork will continue to float proudly on. More class legislation is the need of the hour. Give the farmers all the class legislation they are justly entitled to and other classes will need but little legislation of any kind. If you are not a farmer remember that you are swimming on the great, deep sea of agriculture, and whatever you do, don't agitate the waves.

The People's Signal (Marlin, Tex—:)

Everything goes to indicate that there will be more business failures in the next four months than were ever known in the United States before in the length of time. If those who oppose the sub treasury bill can substitute a measure that will give to the agricultural districts the relief they demand more quickly and more effectually why do they not promulgate it?

The Signal forgives with a blessing: For fourteen long years every vile and contemptible epithet that could possible be conceived of has been applied to us beacuse we opposed the infamous Hazzard circular monetary system of this country. It is a remarkble coincident, however, that Senotor Coke has at last got his eyes open and indorses the identical position we took fourteen years ago. Like Paul of Tarsus the old sinner has persecuted the saints, but as the scales havend fallen from his eyes, and the messengers tell us he is praying, we, like the brethren at Damascus whom he sought to destroy, can show our faith by our good works, and say peace to thy soul, Brother Coke.

The Capital Item (Baton Rouge, La,) comes to the relief of a much troubled contemporary:

The Advocate appears to be terribly worried over the sub-treasury plan, and is very fearful it would bankrupt the country and send it to the dominion bow-wows. The Item will say to the Advocate that it need not get excited over the matter. The sub-treasury plan is in a crude shape, and will no doubt, in the cours of time be perfected so as to do away with the principal objections urged against it. In the meantime if the Advocate has any amendments or a better plan to offer, why does it content itself with merely alluding to the originators of the sub-treasury idea as crack brained visionaries? Why not present its plan to break up the rings, monopolies, trusts, and future gambling and give the people a chance to compare the two and see which they like best? In this world men are judged by their works. Therefore let it not be said hereafter that the Advocate opposed the sub-treasury idea merely because it was a farmer's measure. Let it present its plan and the good offices of the Item will be extended by copying and reproducing it so the farmers of the parish may see what it looks like.

The Haven (Kan.) Independent says: Every few weeks there is a report sent out from the State-house to the effect that the farmers of Kansas are all prosperous and getting out of debt; that the number of mortgages released are far in excess of those put on, and we don't doubt that, for the sheriffs of Kansas are all kept busy nowdays canceling mortgages. Where there is one man who pays of his mortgage there are ten who can not, and the sheriff sells the propety and settles the account, consequently the records show a decrease in number of mortgages.

The Farmers and Laborers Union (Batesville, Ark.) is troubled with politics:

"Keep politics out of the Alliance," cries the fogy. Why God have mercy on your poor benighted soul, politics is a grand good thing to have around. Show us a church, a school, a mercantile establishment, family, without politics in it and we will show you another void. Politics is the art and science of good government, and any well governed institution obtains its distinguishing political characteristics.

Just What the Household Wants.

It is only necessary to look at the December Peterson, to decide that it is the magazine for the family. Next year Peterson will hold its jubilee. To have been for fifty years the prime favorite in thousands of households is something to be proud of, and its popularity steadily increases. For 1891 the magazine will be enlarged, its attractions more varied, and its illustrations more abundant. This number seems about as full of handsome pictures as it can hold. Besides admirable steel and other engravings there are various copiously illustrated articles. A capital paper, "Some Ice Carnival Sketches," gives, in addition to numerous smaller designs, two splendid full page cuts. "A Frozen Lake in Holland" and a "Snowshoe Race over Hurdles. "A Problem Never Solved" is the best short story Edgar Fawcett has ever written. The fashion department will save any woman money enough to double her dresses, enabling her to make them at home, and the decorative designs will help her to ornament her rooms at an almost nominal price. The lady who neglects to have Peterson on her list for 1891 will make a great mistake.

Now is the time to get up clubs; terms; $2,00 a year. 2 Copies $3,50; 3 copies $4,50, with a handsome premium to the getter-up of the club; 4 copies $6,40; 6 copies, $9,00, with an extra copy of the magazine for one year to the getter-up of the club. A sample copy, with full particulars, will be sent to Club raisers. Address PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, 306 Chestnut St. Philadelphia, Pa.

13 Cheap Canadian Excursions

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell Round Trip First-class tickets to Montreal and all points in Western Ontario for $40.

Tickets sold on following dates: November 18th and 26th, December 2nd and 9th, and daily December 16th to 23rd, inclusive, and December 30th, good to return within 90 days (three months) from date of sale.

Now is your opportunity to try the new Route, and visit your old home. Call upon or write the undersigned for detailed information.

C. A. SHARKEY,
Agent N. P. R. R. Co.,
Crookston Minn.

Call for Immigration Convention to meet at Stephen, Marshall County Minnesota, Wednesday, November 26, at 10:30 a. m.

In view of the fact that the Red River Valley and Northern Minnesota are today among the most prosperous grain and stock raising regions of the United States, and that they are now enjoying success superior to that of any other section, and that, notwithstanding, it is generally supposed in the east, that our climate is unhealthy and severe, and that our section has been subjected to a succession of crop failures,—the contrary being the case. And, in view of these false impressions, and of the fact that other sections, inferior in every respect in climate, resources and productions are making strenuous efforts to divert and retain eastern immigration and eastern capital to their localities, it is not only our duty but a matter of justice to ourselves that we take measures to secure our rightful share of the influx of home-seekers and capital from the east, which will not only populate our unoccupied lands but enhance the value of real estate already occupied. Everyone interested in the prosperity and advancement of our common interests are eligible to participate in the proceeding of the convention. the object of Polk, Marshall, and Kittson to carry on immigration work jointly between them. Stephen has been chosen as the best point to hold the convention, as this will enable Polk and Marshall county participants to go on the Great Northern morning train, returning to their homes on the evening of the same day, while it will be easily accessible to the participants from Kittson county by team. You are earnestly requested to attend yourself and use your best efforts to induce others interested in our common welfare to attend.

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National Economist: Any measure that will create an additional office is almost certain to become a law. Not long since a bill passed, creating a commission to appraise merchandise in connection with the customs department. This provided a number of fat offices which have been promptly filled and will cost the people more than $100,000 annually. The tariff bill contains the usual rider which creates another commission of five members, which is given in full in another column. This commission will no doubt cost a full quarter of a million annually, as there is no limit to its power or privileges. It was created probably for the purpose of keeping alive an interest in the tariff question and to furnish material for future congressional buncombe speeches upon that rather stale subject. It will formulate new tables and, if possible, bring out some fresh arguments for and against such doctrine. It is an expensive luxury, and one that the people should at once stamp with their emphatic disapproval. Let the tax-ridden, and mortgage-burdened farmer read carefully its provisions.

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The Polk County Journal.

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
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Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

OWEN INTERVIEWED.

The Alliance Candidate Expresses His Ideas on Many Subjects.

Minneapolis Tribune.

Sidney M. Owen, the candidate of the alliance movement for governor, has returned to his desk in the office of the Farm, Stock and Home, and left the political field for the present. All that remains of the election excitement which interests him is the moral effect of the alliance campaign.

When the campaign opened Mr. Owen said in an interview in the Evening Tribune that he would not accept the certificate of election to the office of governor if it were handed to him. What he wanted was to stir the people up to independent political action. He did not expect to be elected. His position has not changed since.

"I welcomed this campaign," he said, "because of the chance it gave me, as a student of government and the problems of civilization, to test the ability of the people of this state to break away from old party alliances and vote as freemen on their judgment of what was right. I have been for years a non-partisan. I have long thought that a great many of the ills that the industrial classes suffer from are the direct cause of political partisanship. Voters—intelligent, sensible men, too—forget everything else and rally to the support of a party name. It is their religion to perpetuate party rule. And why do they do it? The masses are honest and believe in good government. They want about what is right; the sense of justice and equity of a people can be trusted. The average citizen gets no benefit from the success or defeat of any political party. That is not what he is looking for. What he wants very often is something to throw his hat up about. He wants to be able to say to his neighbor who votes the other ticket, 'We did you up this time, old fellow.' Then he is happy.'

"Do you think it is possible to do away with parties altogether?"

"No, I do not see how we can get along without parties. But I do see how we can do away with these old parties. They sprang up to represent issues that were alive and important in their day, but those issues are no longer before the people. Take the democratic party; men are dying off now who have served a lifetime in its ranks. They were born in it, grew up under its influence, have stuck to the name through wind and weather, and have raised their children to worship it as a divinity. Almost the same can be said of the republican party. The men who are ready to drop into their graves cast their first ballots with the birth of the party. They, too, worship a fetich.

"The republican party has been in control in this state since its constitution was adopted. The republicans claim a divine right to rule. During the election one of their oft-repeated pleas was: 'Don't vote for the alliance because that will elect a democrat,' just as though the democrats had no right to control the government.

"In my opinion the people can be made to be free and independent of parties. They should be made as footloose as the bee that flits from flower to flower. They think they are true to principles when they are true to a party name. They are deceived. Parties are never true to convictions. They are swayed by the desire to succeed. They are after votes. The citizen, instead of following the party, should exercise his judgment and chose the party which represents his favorite public policy.

"A big hubbub was raised on the tariff question. Men voted for or against the high tariff. Why? Because they were either republicans or democrats. The tariff is a purely business question. There is no politics in it. Men have voted for protection or free trade, so-called, who do not know the difference. They voted with their party. They were true to their party divinity.

"Yet I am very hopeful. No state in the union has been more thoroughly partisan than Minnesota. Yet in that portion of the state which was most partisan the greatest independence was manifest. The Red River Valley was regarded by the republican managers as their sacred property, hedged about by some mysterious Providence. Yet the alliance vote there was the largest. I regard the result of the campaign as one of the most cheering signs of the times. It showed at least a few things that the people are slow to learn; that is, that vast sums of money are not necessary to carry on a campaign. None of the modern political appliances were employed in the alliance canvass. The exact amount that the executive committee expended was $1,461, if I remember correctly. We had no astute policy to guide us, and the press was against us. Yet the result shows that the people were awake."

"You had some good speakers, though," was suggested. Mr. Owen is always sincere; but what he said about his colleagues on the stump seemed to to come from the bottom of his heart. Speaking of the "Tall Pine of the North," W. W. Erwin, he said: "Mr. Erwin was very much maligned during the campaign. The republicans and perhaps the democrats attributed to him some ulterior motive for his activity. Some said he was paid. But he was not. There was nobody to pay him and nothing to pay him with. It was claimed that he was after the senatorship, but I do not believe it. I could see no evidence of it, I saw not a single indication of mercenary or selfish spirit in all his conduct. One of the saddest commentaries on our times is the talk of the newspapers and politicians about hidden motives. No sooner does a man attempt to do his duty to his country and himself than some of them ask: 'What is he after?' We are driven to the conclusion that patriotism is an idle name and love of country is among the lost arts."

This seemed to be a good chance to ask a question. Mr. Owen was interrogated: "What is there in the talk of electing you to the United States Senate?"

"I'm not thinking of that," he said. "Some of my enthusiastic friends have said to me 'if you are not going to be governor we'll send you to the United State Senate,' but it is two years until a senator is chosen. There will be another election. No man can say what will take place in the meanwhile. If called at that time I will do as I did in this campaign. But I would not ask for the office of senator—nor even of president. As I never asked a man to vote for me in this campaign so I do not expect ever to solicit the vote of any man. I consider the vote given me a high compliment, but it is a higher compliment to the good judgment of the people. It shows that they are independent and capable of using their own judgment in politics. Hereafter Minnesota must be classed among the doubtful states. Whenever any state is solid for one party or another there is danger. Whenever a nomination means an election, regardless of the merits of the candidate or the principles he stands for, there corruption flourishes. When the managers of a party can coolly say; 'No matter who we nominate he is sure to be elected,' it amounts to a calamity."

National Economist.

THE campaign which is just closing has been one of explanations and promises. The idea has become general among the politicians that if this election can be tided over in any manner, or through any means, all will be well in the future, because, they argued, long before another election comes round this "inconvenient multitude" will be scattered and out of the way. This sort of reasoning has led the average politician to resort to falsehood and deception wherever a vote could be dobtained by so doing, and to make promises of every kind to every person shere asking. No doubt many Congressmen will owe their election to just such misrepresentations. Now is the time for the farmer to put away in a safe palce all these promises, explantions and protestations of honest intention here they can be brought out as witnesses during the campaign of 1892. This great Alliance movement will live and grow in numbers and in power, and when next the people and the politicans meet, these pledges unfulfilled will send number of ambitious statemen into permant retirement.

FARMER PHILANTHOPHY.

National Economist.

Some farmers are opposed to organization and have no conception of benefits to flow to them as a result of co-operation with other farmers. They rather feel a little pride or cause for self congratulation when they can show that many of their neighbors are less prosperous in the same pursuit, and would be just a little disappointed if poverty should be abolished and all their neighbors made fully as prosperous and successful as they. It is not exactly selfishness, but more like pride or ambition. Jonah felt and expressed it when God saved Ninevah. He was very angry. He was disappointed. He had prophesied the destruction of the city, and God relented and saved it. Jonah did not consider the thousands of men and women, and innocent children, and faithful horses, cattle, sheep, etc.; he was disappointed that his reputation as a prophet must suffer before men. The same spirit will make some men sadly disappointed when they get to Heaven if they find some others who differed from them on points of theology getting in all right. The same spirit in man gives rise to the "pull down" methods of achieving wealth or renown; some can only try to prosper at the expense of others. The true way, the Christian way, is to let prosperity follow merit only; to build up, not at the expense of others, but by assisting others, encouraging everybody to go to Heaven by our route, or any other, just so they go. Make agriculture prosperous by helping each other. It is impossible to skim the cream from agriculture, to select a part and secure prosperity for them, leaving the balance to suffer. The will to do must reach out and help the poorer brother. All must go together, or none can go at all. To illustrate this great fact by details met in every day experience, consider the present method of selling the crop. Prices rule the lowest immediately after harvest; the poorest farmers, that is, those most deeply in debt, are compelled to sell at once, regardless of prices; all who are able hold for prices to rally, but the produce put upon the market at the lowest price by the most needy tends to satisfy the demand, and thereby keeps prices down until those having ability to hold for a limited time are compelled also to sell at the lowest price, and their sales continue to satisfy demand and keep down prices, until practically all farmers are at last forced to accept much lower prices than they could have secured had those who were able helped the needy to hold until they could at least get cost for their produce. Business men know that if you can start the market short it is easier to keep it short throughout the season. This shows that true philanthropy, duty, and the best policy go hand in hand in this great farmers' movement. There is no aristocracy among the farmers; every one must recognise every other as his brother, North, South, East and West. From a business standpoint the colored farmer in the South must be recognized and extended the hand of co-operation, because the sacrifice of his crop at a ruinously low price injures his neighbor as much as it does him. All must pull together, or the evils which afflict agriculture cannot be corrected.

A Barren Voitory

The St. Paul Daily News.

If, as the later returns seem to indicate Gov. Merriam has been re elected, it is by so narrow a margin that it is a practical defeat instead of a victory.

Both he and his methods have been repudiated and it was only due to the division of the opposition that he secures even the empty certificate of election.

In a poll of about two hundred and forty thousand, one hundred and fifty thousand were cast against him.

It would be hard to more emphatically repudiate a public officer.

The people of Minnesota entered their most emphatic protest aginst Merriamism in our politics, their only misfortune being that the opposition divided its stength between two candidates.

This however makes the protest none the less, and a more thoroughly defeated man than W. R. Merriam never engaged in political contest.

He may for two years longer hold the gubernatorial position of the State, but he will not stand as a representative of the people.

The people have emphatically repudiated him, and his political career is as permanently ended as though he had failed to receive the certificate, which carries with it no honor but a mere empty authority to perform clerical duites for the people of Minnesota during the succeeding two years.

The vote is a protest against evil methods in political affairs, and it will be a long time before the example set by Gov. Merriam will be followed byany other aspiring politician in Minnesota.

Election Results.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel.

The election is over and it is difficult to say who is saved to fight another day. It is safe to say that the result is a good one to the Republican party—as good as a blister to a sick man. The party has been burdened beyond its strength and its powers of endurance. Bossism, sale of offices to the highest bidder, and high tariff laws have, altogether, broken the party back in Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Wisconsin and New York, and nearly, if not quite, done the same in Minnesota, where at least three, out of five Congressmen are elected by the Democrats, a Democrat is elected for Auditor, and possibly for Governor and the balance possibly saved by a trifling majority. Congressmen are gained by the Democrats in all directions so that they will have a large majority in the next house. It seems that the people are exercising the right to vote with the party whose acts are most satisfactory. Warnings and predictions of the political storm have not been wanting, but those who have given the warnings have generally been reviled by the party bosses and those voters who delight in blindly following them. But the rebuke has come, and though its results may seem severe, it may prove to be a blessing in disguise, and enable the party to rectify the evils existing so as to secure public confidence again by deserving it.

An Avalanche.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

It is not a snow storm. It is an avalanche. It now appears that the Democrats will have a majority of about 125 in the next house of representative. They have swept away in large part the Republican representation of nearly every Northwestern state, and of several Eastern and Middle states, and the whole country is strewn with the wrecks of Republican ascendancy. They have captured the state governments of Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and Wisconsin and the legislature of New York. Even the solid phalanx of Republican that has for many years defended the citadel of protection in Pennsylvania has been broken. It is a popular revolution and the sky is black with portents that it will go on till victory shall crown their triumphs with the capture of the senate and the presidency. It required no high degree of political sagacity to foresee this result. It is enough now to say that it would not have happened if the leaders of the Republican party had followed the advice or heeded the warning of the Pioneer Press and of all that large body of Republicans who have protested against the monstrous folly of the McKinley bill, and against the sinister influences which have of late been too prominent in the leadership of the Republican party.

Embodying a distinct and reckless violation of the pledge of tariff reform, that measure, forced upon the country as the ultimate of Republican policy with reference to the tariff, has been enacted to the party's undoing. Forced through under the crack of the party whip, its unpopularity was assured. In vain have the congressmen who voted for it endeavored to make the people believe it was what they wanted. In vain have the most noted speakers of the party championed the unfortunate measure. It was repudiated by the thousands at the polls. It stands a melancholy evidence of duty left undone; of opportunity, the most brilliant, for the party, neglected and ignored.

There is not a political party on earth, under any constitutional and popular government, which can, with impunity, defy the sentiments of the voters.

Thirteen Grand Winter Excursions

From Northern Minnesota and North Dakota, to Montreal and all points west in Ontario, at the low rate of $40, via Northern Pacific R. R. The dining car line between Northern Minnesota and North Dakota points, by way of St. Paul and Chicago. Dates of sale, Tuesday, Nov. 18th and 25th, and Dec. 2d and 9th; and daily Dec. 16th to 23d inclusive, and Dec. 30th, 1890. Limit of tickets ninety days, good going and returning fifteen days, with stop-over privileges, subject to local regulations of lines over which tickets read. Final limit of tickets extended fifteen day on payment of $5.00; thirty days $10.00; and sixty days $20. Pullman tourist sleeping cars from Winnipeg, Pembina, Grafton, Gilby, Grand Forks and Crookston, will be run through to Chicago without change via the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central, leaving Winnipeg on Tuesday, November 18th and 25th, and Dec. 2d, 9th, 16th, 23d and 30th. Sleeping car fare $2 for one double berth. For further information, maps, time tables and tickets via the Dining Car Line, write to or inquire of C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R., Crookston, Minn.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in Mc innon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON

BUSINESS COLLEGE

And Institute of Short-Hand,

Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plainand Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, INENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
54 inch Tricot	35 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30 cents.
" " "	35 "
" " medicated, for	40 "

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket	2.00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Minneapolis Times:—One fact stands out prominently above all others a result of the campaign of 1888, and that is the death of "Merriamism" in Minnesota for some years to come. The curtain has already rung down on Mr. Merriam's political career, and it conceals from public view many men who might some day have occupied conspicuous positions in the administration of public affairs had they not seen fit to ally themselves with the worst and most dangerous elements of the republican party. Another gratifying feature of the campaign is the fact that the section of the state which protested most loudly against Mr. Merriam's nomination have fully demonstrated the wisdom of their warning that such a step was a dangerous experiment. The delegation from Hennepin county, which so bravely protested against Merriam's nomination, has been vindicated. They have made good their assertion that Hennepin county would go democratic if Merriam headed the ticket. In this connection it is proper to say that some of the gentlemen who composed the famous Hennepin delegation would occupy a higher position in the estimation of their neighbors and townsmen had they showed a little more backbone and not deserted their cause and bowed in submission to the mandates of the party lash. The common, vulgar idea of political ethics is that, if it was wroung to support Merriam before the convention, it was wrong to support him at all; that, if he represented principles in polities which were corrupt and dishonest and tended to debauch and debase the people of the state, and which were repugnant to all good citizens, there was no excuse for supporting him at any time during the campaign. Some of these deserters may have an opportunity to test the temper of the republican voters of Hennepin on some future occasion. Hennepin county however, was not the only section of the state which kept its pledges made at the convention, as over 50,000 votes for Owen will testify. Notwithstanding this there have been many traitors, and the republican party, which has at last broken loose from the machine, will have a day of reckoning for them all.

The Journal of the Knights of Labor (Philadelphia) calls attention to a fearful drain upon the producers of this country, for which no compensation is received.

It is stated on the authority of Minister Phelps, the snob who represents American plutocracy at Berlin, that $150,000,000 is anually spent by Americans traveling abroad. This immense sum is but a small part of the whole amount that our privileged classes yearly wring from labor by means of unjust laws to squander in luxury and dissipation. Absenteeism is becoming continually more fashionable. It used to be a favorite argument in favor of large fortunes, that the money accumulated by legalized robbery was at least freely spent where it was made, and that the outlay was good for trade and gave employment to Amecican workingmen. No intelligent labor reformer was ever deceived by such specious reasoning, for it is obvious that had the money gone to its legitimate channels in the form of increased wages it would have been much more quickly put into circulation. But what does the country gain in return for the amounts spent by our plutocrats in Paris, London and Vienna? Nothing but imported fashionable diseases, European snobbery and the un-democratic craze for titles, Capitalism is essentially unpatriotic and in no respects is this show more plainly seen than in the way which our wealthy class spend in the drawingrooms brothels and gambling hells of European cities the fortunes stolen from the earnings of American workingmen.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., NOV. 28, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 72.
1 Northern 67.
2 Northern 62.
3 Northern 54

Sweet potatoes at Sture's.

Hon. H. Steenerson went north on business this week.

E. D. Childs made a busines trip to St. Paul on Monday evening.

Lovely Indian summer weather prevailed during the week.

The carpenters are putting the windows into the new opera block.

We notice more wood and hay on the market than at any time this fall.

See Mrs. E. E. Bangs' elegant fall and winter millinery. Prices to suit all.

H. H. Sibley, of the Fertile Journal, gave us a pleasant call on Saturday.

Sture has just received a lot of extra fine sweet potatoes. For sale cheap.

Halvor Tvedton succeeds Iver Krohn as landlord of the Scandinavian house.

E. J. Grefthen, the County Superintendent elect, has gone to Iowa on a visit.

Subscribe for THE JOURNAL and get all of the news. You need it and it needs your support.

J. T. Knight was down from Red Lake Falls last week. J. T is the same old boomer as of yore.

Fred Durand moved down on Houston avenue on Monday. The Fourth ward seems to catch 'em all.

Go to Sture's for choice sweet potatoes.

Melville Milne, publisher of The Message, is the happy father of a seven pound boy, born on Saturday last.

The dog show at the Opera House last week was a good one. The panorama was the finest ever exhibited in this city.

A. R. Holston, County Attorney elect, and wife came down last week to look for a house wherein to live after January 1st.

The attraction at Vine's shop last week was a large moose. Almost everybody indulged in baked moose for Sunday dinner.

R. Smith was up from West Superior this week shaking hands with old friends and noting the many improvements going on in the city.

Do you want some extra nice sweet cider for your Thanksgiving pies? Sture has just received a lot of the pure juice of the apple.

Ex-sheriff, W. F. Zwickey, formerly of this county, has been appointed chief of police of Tacoma. THE JOURNAL sends congratulations.

The new Judge of Probate, O. M. Benson, was down last week to view the landscape o'er with a view to getting used to the new honors.

Pure apple cider at Sture's.

R. E. White was up from Fisher on Monday and gave us an evidence of his good will toward THE JOURNAL by a renewal of his subscription.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs is doing a nice business this fall—selling more goods than ever before. Her goods are always all right and her prices reasonable.

This is nice weather for hauling wood. We are still in need of a few cords and would be glad to pay the highest market price therefor on subscription.

Try Sture's sweet cider.

Lots of wheat coming in these days notwithstanding the price has dropped off fearfully. The European markets are said to be way up—higher than ever before this fall.

Levi Myers was over from the west side on Monday to chat with the boys over the result of the recent election. He thinks it was a surprise party to more than one.

Farmers, if you want bargains, call and see Sture before you purchase.

Andrew Swanson was down from Wylia last week to rejoice with the boys over the recent alliance victory. He, with all others, regret that Owen was not elected, however.

Butcher Le Duc displayed a large moose in front of his market last week. We saw Ed. Walsh looking at it as though he was wondering how baked Muus would taste.

Wheat went off fearfully during the past week, reaching 73 for 1 Hard. From present indications it would look as though no better prices would prevail before the first of the year.

One man in Polk County does not desire to see the farmers prosper—and he tries to wreak his vengeance on THE JOURNAL. Never mind. The farmers are of more importance than he is.

Farmers and everybody cordially invited to call at Sture's store for supplies of all kinds.

If every subscriber to THE JOURNAL would send us only one new name that would double our list and influence. If our friends would work with us in this way very much more good could be accomplished.

D. B. McGinnis was in the city last week in the interest on the convention to be held in Stephen on the 26th inst. Everybody who feels an interest in the upbuilding of this country should attend that convention.

It really begins to look like the Polk County farmer would have some show for his crop in the future. With the best soil under the sun, capable of producing large crops, all he needs is good prices and the prospects are good for these for several years to come.

Business seems to be extremely lively these days. Every store seems to be doing well and collections are reported good. The crops were abundant, quality good and prices excellent, is the reason. Next year bids fair to be the best one yet providing the crops are all right.

A three months scholarship in Prof J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

The St. Paul Dispatch says that Iver G. Lee was elected school superintendent of Polk County at the last election. It also says that Even J. Grefthen was elected school superintendent of Pope County. It looks as though the Dispatch had mixed those children up somewhat.

Everything indicates a very prosperour year next year. Farm products of all kinds bid fair to bring good prices, and a large influx of home-seekers is anticipated which will tend to settle up the unoccupied lands of Polk County. Verily, prospects are brighter than for several years.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs desires her lady friends to know that she is better than ever prepared to attend to their wants in millinery and invites their attention to her fine stock. Call at her store on Second street.

Several new names were added to our list during the past week to take the place of the one who "resigned" because THE JOURNAL is trying to secure an open wheat market. That is right, friends, come in and subscribe and get your neighbors to do the same. We want an open wheat market and we are bound to have it.

Rev. S. H. Barteau has been busy threshing on his farm near Angus for some days—in fact he has not been seen since the big snow-storm of Nov. 4th, when the alliance blizzard snowed everything out of sight. He has only about a half crop this year—but then he did not expect any more as he rented on shares, but what he has is of excellent quality.

In a private letter to the editor of THE JOURNAL, S. M. Owen compliments the voters of Polk County very highly on their independent action on November 4th. This spirit, he says, augurs well for the success of the farmers' attempt to secure justice in our markets. The more one knows of Owen the more he is impressed with the true manliness of the man.

Sture has a choice lot of fine winter apples for sale cheap. Call before they are all gobbled up.

Col. Gorgas tells us that some one in the city is poisoning dogs and he is very anxious about Ben. Bert Duntley's fine pointer was poisened last week, and other dogs of more or less value have turned up their toes to the daises. The Col. thinks as much of Ben as many a man would of a fine horse, and Ben is a fine specimen of the canine race, and no mistake.

A. Sture will pay the highest price for eggs, oats and potatoes. Call and see him if you have a surplus of these articles.

J. L. Cossette was down from Terrebonne on Monday and dropped in to chat with THE JOURNAL man over the results of the late election and to set that subscription ahead a year. He says that very many farmers in his vicinity have sold no wheat as yet hoping for better prices. From the present outlook we should judge that wheat will not get back to the eighties before the New Year's. If the recent panic in Wall street is the cause of the depression it may, however.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs will not be undersold in millinery goods. Remember that and call at her store on Second street, when you want a bargain in that line.

Swan Anderson was down from Black River last week and dropped in to square up on subscription account. Says he: "Every voter in Polk County ought to be a subscriber to THE JOURNAL that has been doing so much to secure a free and open wheat market. Everybody up our way like THE JOURNAL." Swan reports that the boy Peterson, hurt a few weeks ago by climbing on a thresher engine, is yet alive and recovering, though he will be a cripple for life, doubtless.

Farmers, I have had experience enough in your business to know your requirements in merchandise and am prepared to meet them all in the kind, quality and price you desire. Call at Sture's store and see what I can do for you. A. STURE.

The last issue of The Great West gives an account of a serious accident to Dr. Fish. It seems that he has been obliged to use an electric battery occasionally, and on Tuesday night, Nov. 11th, while using it he fell asleep. How long he slept he cannot tell, but he was awakened by the burning sponge, hastily broke the current and had strength enough to walk into his bedroom where his wife was sitting, where he fell unconscious. His wife, with great presence of mind, restored him to consciousness, got him into bed and dispatched a messenger for Dr. Frain, who was up with Dr. Fish all night. Dr. Fish has hosts of friends in the state who will unite with THE JOURNAL in an earnest wish for his early recovery.

A Valuable Institution.

A JOURNAL reporter called at the packing house one day last week where he found Mr. Robert Stanton busily engaged handling the scores of hogs that are being daily brought to him to be transformed into bacon, pickled pork and smoked hams. He had just finished cutting up one lot of 10,000 pounds for E. S. Corser and preparing it for the vats, and while we were there a farmer brought in two fine medium-sized ones which are to be transformed into bacon and sich. One farmer up north had just brought in a dozen or so 300 pound fellows to make pickled pork and smoked ham and so on. To those who do not well understand how to cure pork, this institution furnishes a way to secure excellent pork at small cost, and even when a man does know how to cure it, we question whether Mr. Stanton cannot do it cheaper with the better facilities he possesses. For the dweller in the city this is a great institution. A man can purchase his hog, take it to Stanton, have it cured and kept there until next summer if he chooses, and then take it piece-meal as he wishes to use it, and all at a cost of only two cents a pound—a surprisingly low figure. Mr. S. could hardly afford to do it as low were it not for the fact that he is doing a large amount of business. He is curing for scores of Polk County farmers, besides very many from Dakota, and is prepared to attend to all who come. He intends to buy a limited number of hogs on his own account and supply the Crookston market for bacon, hams and shoulders next summer. He can beat any outside institution we know of and this is the universal opinion of all who have ever tested his work.

A Fatal Accident.

On Tuesday of last week occurred another of those "mysterious explosions" that you read of so frequently, resulting in killing one person and injuring another. Mr. Benjamin Geroux and his son were engaged in threshing on the farm of Mr. Drosier, near Gentilly, when, about 4 p. m., something occurred to stop the work. When the difficulty had been remedied the men, who had been standing about the engine, went to their several places, and young Geroux, the fireman, opened the fire-box door to replenish to fire, when the boiler exploded with a deafening report, blowing the fireman about 70 feet from the engine and fatally injuring him, and also severely injuring the engineer, and completely wrecking the engine and boiler. The boy was taken to his home at once and lived three hours. Boiler Inspector Tomlin, who was out on the Fosston line, came down at once and with deputy inspector, J. E. Morrisey, went out to the scene of the wreck to try and ascertain the cause. They secured what was left of the steam gauge and bringing it to the city, submitted it to hydraulic pressure, which showed that it had not been properly adjusted and would not work properly under two hundred pounds pressure. Mr. Morrisey says that he inspected the boiler this fall and gave orders not to allow over one hundred pounds of steam used. From what THE JOURNAL can learn the inspector cannot be to blame as it is evident his explicit instructions were exceeded. It is a sad affair, carrying grief into one family by the loss of a promising young son.

Died.

On Tuesday, Nov. 18th, 1890, Goldie Rean, twin daughter of H. C. and Ida May Scribner, aged four years. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of many friends in their great affliction.

All signs indicate a large immigration to the Red River Valley next spring. Our abundant crops this fall, with the prospects of good prices for next, has been heralded abroad throughout the length and breadth of the land, and many will be on deck next spring to investigate for themselves. We may not have the boom times of the early days, but without doubt many will be added to our numbers. Let them come, we have plenty of excellent land and at very reasonable figures.

As Joe McMahan was driving D. N. Taylor's rig along Robert street on Monday, somebody threw a small stick against the animal which frightened her causing her to run. The lines were hanging loosely and in gathering them up the driver pulled the left rein too much, causing the animal to turn toward the walk. As they were going round the corner at the time, the buggy tipped completely over, throwing the driver underneath the outfit. He hung to the lines and strange to say was not hurt in the least, but as soon as the buggy was lifted off him got nimbly up, climbed in and drove off as unconcerned as though nothing had happened.

Peter Larson came up from Fisher on Tuesday and did not forget to call and gladden the heart of the printer with a renewal. He says he thinks every Polk County farmer should subscribe and pay for THE JOURNAL one year in advance if for no other reason than what it is doing for an open wheat market. Mr. Larson raised just a fair crop of wheat this year and has plenty of uses for all of his money, but he said he could not think of neglecting to pay up for THE JOURNAL after what it has done and is doing for the upbuilding of the country. If every Polk County farmer felt like that we could put in a steam engine at an early day. Mr. L. is in favor of the sub-treasury plan and government control of railroads.

We had a peculiar dream the other night. We thought we were in a small room adjoining the large one in a money changers shop, and there were much sachems gathered together. And it was the evening of the 2d of November, Annie Domino, 1890; and, lo, the subject under discussion was politics and the attitude of the county toward the Merriam ticket. And behold the voice of one leader in bland accents and mild, observed: "Verily the aspect of the county to-us-ward doth please me much and I think we are even on the verge of a what do you call it in North America?" And with one voice they all responded! "A scoop!" "Yea, verily, a scoop it is," responded the dignified sachem," in every town where we have diligently worked and sowed much siller, except in the town of Garden, wherein we have not worked nor sown any siller, wherein are even an hundred and thirty and ten votes which I much fear me the enemy (the farmers) will get away with! Then up spoke a fair haired son of the Northland and observed: "Say not so, Machumazin (which being interpreted meaneth your reverence, your highness, or such a business) for verily I will dispatch my man Friday hence early by to-morrow's sun, and he shall go forth even into the land of Garden with planty pange, yea and verily he shall bear much fire-water unto our benighted brethren in that land who are hungering and thirsting for to know of the good things of this educational campaign, which I much fear me so far they have lacked for, and lo, you shall straightway see the result thereof, and verily we shall come out of the county of Polk unto the saintly city of Paul with 5,000 votes for our good Kaiser $$ William and the balance of the Merriam ticket." Whereupon there was much rejoicing and, lo, I heard a voice exclaiming like unto the voice of the Kaiser of N. Karolina unto the Kaiser of S. Karolina: "Settemupagin," and a sound like unto the breath of autumn when it soughs gently mid the pine trees, as an occasional pop announced that the cork was out. And verily, in the morning of the next day while yet the day was young, a livery team, with two good men and true, bearers of tidings of great joy unto the benighted citizens of Garden, did set forth upon their mission of love, and verily they did ride all that day until the sun was low in the heavens, yea, even throughout the livelong night and until the morning of the 4th was yet young, when they did arrive at the place of meeting wherein the sachems had again gathered to listen to the report of the special emissary, which was on this wise: "Verily have I performed the mission well, your worships, I did even ride all day and all night and I did waken from their peaceful couch from 25 to 30 of the leading influential citizens of the beautiful town of Garden, and unto them did I dispense from $15 to $30 each according as each man did make demand, and I thought the weight of his inflooence did warrant; nay, moreover, I did dispense with the firewater in original packages to that extent that even before I did realize it I had not a single drop left to cheer me on my homeward way. "Well done, good and faithful servant," said the sachems, "now let the battle proceed, and as according to the law of the realm in such case made and provided, there is now to be found open not one refectory wherein thou canst slake thy thirst, thou wilt even have to find some convenient back door or bide thee in patience until we hear from the day's doings, when verily we will settemupagin and we'll all drink stone blind, Johnny, fill up the bowl, or thereabouts. Now let the battle proceed." And methought the battle did proceed and that the hosts of Owen did meet the hosts of Merriam, and that they did smite them hip and thigh until scarcely a man remained alive to tell the story, and when the reports from the battle fields did begin to reach the castle, lo, it was Owen from every locality, from all to all but one or two, and lo, "Abou Ben Adhem's name led all the rest," that is to say when the report from this thoroughly cultivated Garden was received, it did read: "Garden cast one hundred and thirty and ten votes, of which Owen receives ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY AND TEN!" And a great surprise sat upon the countenances of the sachems, and they began diligently to inquire into the wherefore of the why, but none could answer, and a deep silence settled upon the multitude so deep that one could almost hear a gum drop, and we awoke; and, lo, it was a dream.

Interviewing alderman Bjoin last week we learned that he is making all haste to get the windows and doors into the new building as soon as possible, so that he can put the steam heating apparatus in operation and go ahead with the plastering and finishing. It will require some two months or so before the opera house can be completed ready for business. When completed it will comfortably seat 800 people outside of the boxes. In case of emergencies requiring it he can accommodate from 1,000 to 1,200 people. The curtain and scenery will be painted by Peter Clauson, of Minneapolis, who did the work at the Grand Forks opera house, and he is said to be one of the best artists in the business. When completed Crookston will have an opera house second to none in the Northwest, and we believe that our people will appreciate the fact.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartelt, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

FOR A LIMITED TIME
I WILL SELL AT THE
Astonishing Low Prices,
BELOW MENTIONED.

Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.
Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.
Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.
Silver Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50
Silver Pickle castor only, - - $1:15
Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3.80 per dozen

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

At the council meeting on Nov. 11th, N. P. Stone was appointed alderman for the Third ward, vice Hon. H. Steenerson, moved into the Fourth. The committee appointed to examine the bill of the health officer recommended that he be paid $100 for services since beginning of his term, Jan. 1st, 1890. The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That in future any person other than the regularly appointed city printer who accepts and executes any order for job work or printing except on the order of the council, shall look to the person ordering the work for their pay, but shall in no case receive pay from the city for such work.

The city clerk and the city treasurer were instructed to call upon all persons who had pledged themselves to pay their share of the sewer tax levy this fall and collect the same.

The following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That a frost proof building 12x30 feet in size, be erected over the fire tank and well in the Fifth ward, the same to be constructed under the supervision of the aldermen of that ward, at an expense not to exceed $300, out of the general fund, above the $150 already appropriated for said fund for the erection of said tank.

At an extra session of the city council, held on Monday evening, Nov. 17th, the license for auctioneers in the city was raised to $200.

Before long we shall have our subscription statements ready to send out, and we trust that every one who gets one will do his best for us. We have been very patient in the past in this matter, knowing too well the condition of the crops and the markets. This year we have a good crop and a reasonably good market, and every one should be able to settle up to date, at least, if not one year in advance. Let every one imagine himself a publisher with several thousand names on his list, some of them several years behind, and he can easily figure out what it means to us whether each subscriber pays punctually every year or not. Meanwhile, when in the city, call in and see how the matter stands betwixt thyself and THE JOURNAL. Some have done this and gone out with the proud consciousness of a duty promptly and well performed.

☞ Do not confuse THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, with any other Company of apparently similar name, but less magnitude.

Bear in mind that there is no Life Insurance company called "The New York Mutual Life" and that there is no Life Insurance Company chartered by the State of New York, authorized to use the word MUTUAL in its title except THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

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M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
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For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

FOR ALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old, Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Estray.

Came upon my premises, nine head of cattle, four red cows, one black cow with white belly, three roan cows and one red and white calf. Owner can recover the same by proving property and paying charges. [26-31]

H. C. SCRIBNER.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.
TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. B. LANIGAN, Principal.
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FOR SALE.

A first-class farm of 160 acres, situated six miles northeast of Crookston, described as follows: The se¼ of Sec. 33, Township 151, Range 46: of which 120 acres are broken and seeded down to timothy and clover. It is first-class farming land, and must be sold immediately at any price suitable to the purchaser. Terms—One third down, the balance in one and two years, with interest at 8 per cent. This is a bargain for one who wishes a good farm cheap. Apply to L. E. GOSSMAN,

[28-30] Attorney-at-Law,
Room 2, Fournet Block, Crookston.

Eli Steenerson
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THE LEADING
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COMPANIES.
FORTIER BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office on Broadway, east side, opposite Wm. Anglim's residence.

Saint Paul Pioneer Press: A. G. Gallasch, a successful merchant and vice president of the Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., has recently removed to St. Paul, and is now a member of the Powers Dry Goods company, one of the popular and prosperous wholesale houses of St. Paul.

Marshall County Leader:—In another column we publish the call for a convention at Stephen to consider ways and means of winning an immigration of settlers here next season. We would earnestly urge the people of Marshall, Kittson and Polk counties to give this matter the attention and work that its importance merits. Every man, woman and child regardless of race, color or anything else who lives in this valley and has interests here should enter into the matter. It is no scheme gotten up by any man or set of men for their own advantage, but is for the common welfare. Farmers will doubtless reap greater benefit from the advance in value of their property, which will result from an influx of settlers, than any others. The towns will share in the general development. Let every township in this county be represented at the convention by as many active, enterprising people as possible. A large number will be present from Polk and Kittson. Everybody is urged to attend and join hands in this common cause.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent
THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interest by giving me a call when you Want Money.

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Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

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TRADE MARK . REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY & PALEN COMPOUND OXYGEN NOT A DRUG
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TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

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Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.
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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
Over Mrs. Bangs' Fashionable Millinery Store.
☞ All work in my line skillfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

F. P. Brown, for secretary of state leads Merriam by a good many votes.

The governor's private secretary, R. C. Elliott, has resigned and Tams Bixby takes his place. Tams is a hummer and no mistake.

The effect of the last campaign will be felt for good in the future. Had Owen been elected it would have been more marked, however.

The Times egotistically claims that THE JOURNAL was wrong on the official count, and claims to have the only true account in the world. We are glad if our neighbor has managed to get one thing right during his experience in the journalistic field, and do not wonder that he should set up such a cackling about it. We gave the figures that were given us by Auditor McGuire and dept. auditor Cornelius, however, and we consider them fully as reliable as is the Times man.

"I did not know how my subscription account stood, or I could have sent you the money before," said one of our friends the other day while in to pay up his subscription account. For the past two or three years we have sent out no statements to farmers, well knowing the conditions of the market and trusting that all who could do so, would pay when they could. We have not been disappointed in this as we are positive that all who could do so have paid us promptly, but the result is that many do not know how the account stands. For this reason we have decided to go through our list and make up a statement of the account of every one not paid up by Dec. 15th, or as soon thereafter as we can prepare the statement and send out, so that every one may know just how the account stands. No one of our many subscribers owes us a very large amount, not so large but that in this year of good crops and good prices he ought to be able to pay it—to him the amount is trifling, but to us in the aggregate it is a very important matter, as even one dollar and a half for each man on our large list, if not paid in advance, makes a heavy load before the end of the year. THE JOURNAL has ever striven to labor faithfully in the cause of the people, and for this reason some of the would be bosses of Polk County, whose plans have been upset by THE JOURNAL, are bitter against us, but if the people will appreciate our labors and do all they can to sustain THE JOURNAL we shall be able to accomplish what we so much desire to obtain—an absolutely free and untrammelled wheat market, wherein the rights of the poorest farmer are as sacred as the rights of the most influential business man. Meanwhile let every one who can make it convenient drop in and see how his account stands. Let him do more. Let him induce his neighbor who should have the paper, to send in his dollar and a half, and thus aid us in the good cause.

One Disgruntled Man.

THE JOURNAL received the following, curt order last week: "Please stop my paper. Send bill." This was from a man who has grown wealthy out of the farmers of Polk County, and who is very ambitious to control farmer votes, and to be known as a man of great political influence in the county. Evidently the votes did not suit his royal highness and now he thinks to revenge himself upon the farmers by going back on THE JOURNAL. We are exceedingly sorry if he ever had the idea in his head that his little $2 a year subscription entitled him to our support in his schemes yet we are glad that he is now undeceived, and we wish him and all who feel as he does to understand that THE JOURNAL is with the people—it is the people's paper and not the organ of schemers, and will ever stand by the people to the extent of its ability.

Courier Journal:—The Republicanism of Reed, Lodge and McKinley is no more the Republicanism of Lincoln, Grant, Sumner and Chase, than the Federalism of 1800 was the Federalism of Washington and Hamilton.

Duluth News:—Ignatious Donnelly goes to the state senate from Dakota county and the coming session of the legislature promises to be a lively one. It is useless to speculate as to what it will do, It is certain that the Alliance-Democratic combination will have things all their own way, and with such leaders as Donnelly, one need not be surprised at anything. Extreme measures may be looked for.

S. M. Owen:—One of the saddest commentaries in our times is the talk of the newspapers and politicians about hidden motives. No sooner does a man attempt to do his duty to his country and himself than some of them ask: "What is he after?" We are driven to the conclusion that patriotism is an idle name' and love of country is among the lost arts."

Stillwater Call:—Instead of helping the Democratic ticket, as the Republican papers have claimed, it is now clearly shown that but for the Alliance vote Merriam would have been defeated by an immense majority. The Minneapolis Journal, a Merriam organ, admits that the Alliance cost Wilson the election, and says had there been only the two candidates, Wilson and Merriam, the latter would have been overwhelmingly defeated. All the drivel about Owen helping Wilson was senseless.

The Result in Minnsota.

Farm, Stock and Home.

While the result of the election in Minnesota was undoubtedly a sore disappointment to many Alliance men, yet it was quite up to the expectations of those who had the means of knowing the exact situation. In fact, the election of the Alliance ticket would, under the circumstances, have been little short of miraculous. In over twenty counties there were no Alliance organizaions, and in many other counties organizations were both few and week. But in every county well organized the vote was heavy, and in many cases a majority or a plurality was given for the Alliance ticket. Out of 63 counties reported at this writing 23 gave majorities or pluralities for the Alliance. Some of the counties gave very large majorities, notably Otter Tail, Polk, Norman, Douglas, Marshall, Lac qui Parle, Clay and others.

Out of a total vote of about 200,000, the Alliance will have in the neighborhood of 55,000, a magnificent vote, all things considered. The Alliance party had no money to pay the expense of speakers, to circulate literature in sufficient quantities to be effective, or to prosecute any considerable amount of the legitimate work of a political campaign. Less than $1,500 passed through the hands of the state central committee, and it handled a large percentage of the money used in the campaign. This sum is so small compared with that used by either of the opposing parties, that it is a surprise to the old political managers how so much was accomplished with so little to do with. Again, a great deal of friction is inevitable in a new political movement, but in this state it had more than its share of it, and was correspondingly weakened. But a very small portion of the state press was with the Alliance, and all of the astute, experienced politicians were against it; in short, the obstacles were so numerous and powerful that the size of the vote is the highest kind of a compliment to the patriotism and non partisanship of the farmers and laborers of the state.

Though the state ticket was not successful, the Alliance has many triumphs in the state to be proud of. It elected scores of excellent men to county offices, and has got clear balance of power in the legislature which, if properly used, can be made to greatly advantage the industrial interests of the state. There is, in short, nothing to discourage, but everything to encourage the Alliance party in Minnesota. Organization should be kept up and increased; the work of education should continue, and in two years more the state will surely pass into the hands of those classes that produce its wealth.

The Successes.

Western Rural.

The farmer rolled up his sleeves and went into politics. The old political leaders in a sort of dazed conditon are thinking that the farmer is no slouch in the political field after all. In Kansas he seems to have strode over the State like a political giant. Through his organizations he seems to have things pretty much all his own way. In South Dakota he was heard from in no uncertain way. In Nebraska he was an important political factor and in Minnesota and Illinois, he did not stay at home on election day. The farmer has been a long time getting to the point which he reached at the last election; but it is not the fault of the political leaders that he did not get there before. They croded him and goaded him unmercifully and now that he has started out, there is only one way for the partisans to pacify him, and get him back into the ranks of the respective parties and that is to treat him as a man and give him justice. Justice is all he asks. He does not care much who holds the offices if he is properly treated. It may always be depended upon as certain that when a free people feel that they are not being properly used they will rebel against the injustice sooner or later.

Sleepy Eye Herald:—All the oratory of the "Little Norwegian Giant," Knute Nelson, that was brought to bear upon the late campaign, did not have much effect on the "Big Fifth." The people have lost confidence in him and his influence among his countrymen is way down. His mantle has fallen to H. Steenerson, of Crookston, who will be heard from in the future. Mr. Steenerson is a man of ability, backed up by brains and energy, and his action in leaving the Republican party and joining hands with the Alliance in that portion of the state is welcomed by the Alliance. The Alliance party in that district has fully demonstrated its strength in electing a large majority of the state and county officers in the different counties. With such men as Steenerson, Halvorsen, and others in the Fifth district it is certain that the Alliance does not lack good men as leaders.

St. Paul Globe:—The Alliance cause in Minnesota owes its success almost entirely to the man whom it nominated for governor in last July. Sydney M. Owen in the course of the late campaign developed wonderfully as a leader. His honesty and sincerity won him votes wherever he went. His views on public questions were honest and intelligent and they so impressed the people.

Mr. Blaine's Story.

The McKinley Law Does not Open a Market for Another Bushel of Wheat or Another Barrel of Pork.

Washington, Nov. 17.—In conversation upon the result of the election Mr. Blaine was asked by a friend what he thought of the McKinley bill now that the election was over.

"Well," said Mr. Blaine, with a smile, "there was a trial down in Maine some years ago and an old farmer was summoned to testify regarding the character of the defendant.

"Do you know the defendent?' asked the lawyer.

"'Yes sir.'

"'What is his character?'

"'Well, sir, I have known the defendant forty years, and I have been studying him forty years, and my opinion now is the same as it was on the first day I met him.'"

The Minneapolis Times.

It is fair to suppose, if Merriam had been as strong as his political parasites claim for him, and if the McKinley bill was wholly the cause of the republican defeat in this state, that Mr. Merriam would have run considerable ahead of the candidates for congress aganinst whom the brunt of attack was made. An examination of the returns, however, show exactly the reverse to be true. The returns are sufficiently complete to be regarded as practically accurate. Merriam's total vote was 87,778, while the vote cast for five republican congressmen foot up a total of 97,638, or 10,000 votes more than the popular Mr. Merriam's received. The democrats and alliance have forced the fight all through the campaign on the issue of the McKinley bill and their principal object was to secure control of the Minnesota delegation in congress. The election of the state ticket was a minor consideration in the judgment of the leaders of the democratic party compared with this. But not withstanding the fact that the fight was concentrated against the republican congressmen, they succeded in polling 10,000 more votes then the popular Mr. Merriam. The fact is that it was not the McKinley bill but Merriamism that pulled the state ticket down almost to defeat, lost the legislature to the republicans and defeated hundreds of republican tickets all over the state.

But those are not the only figures which reflect upon the "popularity" of Mr. Merriam and either the veracity or sanity of his friends. These same friends have seen fit to draw comparisons between the present election and the election of McGill in 1886. It was foolish to raise this issue, but of course they did not see it that way until after they had made the breake. In 1886 out of a vote of 109,000 McGill had 109,-199, while in 1890 out of a vote of 230,-000 Merriam had 87,778. In other words he lacked nearly 30,000 votes of having half the totale vote cast. The comparison with Mr. McGill's vote does not show up well for Mr. Merriam, and it will be hard to convince intelligent republicans that this same popular Mr. Merriam was not the curse of their party in the campaign of 1890. Mr. Merriam's friends will do wisely in the future to discontinue the discussion of that gentleman's popularity, for it is the thing which doesn't exist. They should also remember that the head of a ticket runs from 8,000 to 8,000 votes behind the other candidates on the same ticket is not calculated to bring him before the people as a great popular leader.

National Democrat.

In anticipation of the increased cost of carpet wools under the McKinley tariff, the Philadelphia manufacturers of brussels carpets proposed that 40 per cent of the looms be stopped and 40 per cent of the weavers dismissed, so that selling prices could be proportionately increased. The New England manufacturers would not asent to this, and urged the formation of a combination, or trust, for the purpose of advancing prices. This is in process of being effected. Philadelphia Record says that five large body brussels carpet factories of Philadelphia and one big mill at Worcester, Mass., have entered into a combination or trust, and placed themselves in the hands of a firm of selling agents at New York. These agents will agree upon the grades of carpet that are to be woven by the mills interested and endeavor to purchase the necessary raw materials at a more advantageous rate to themselves. This combination will also try to crush out "wild-cat" competition of the smaller concerns. Three small factories in Philadelphia have sold out to the trust within the past ten days, and the indications are that more are to follow in the same line. There are still seven big mills outside of the trust—two in Philadelphia, one in New York, three in New England and one in Mount Holly, N. Y.

St. Paul Dispatch:—F. P. Brown, secretary of state, will have several choice official plums to bestow, and having become satisfied that he will really occupy an office in the state house after Jan. 1, it is more than whispered that Mr. Brown contemplates remembering Peter J. McGuire, the only defeated candidate on the state ticket at the late election. There is a great deal of sympathy expressed for Mr. McGuire, who is one of the most worthy deserving young men of the state, and if the appointment of assistant secretary of state is tendered him it will be but a fitting recognition of his valiant services for the republican ticket in the northern part of the state where he is very popular. It is very probable also that Herman Sockenstrom will still continue to hold a position under the new secretary. He is a valuable and efficient assistant and is very popular with the public.

Was Tried in this County.

The Brainerd Dispatch

An exchange says: The supreme court on Tuesday handed down five decisions, one of which is most important in that it determines the right of a person who has purchased a railroad ticket from a broker or scalper, to travel upon the road of the company by whom the ticket was originally issued. From the records of the case it appears that in August, 1888, the Northern Pacific road issued excursion tickets between Minneapolis and Detroit, Minn. Casper Carsten, who had purchased the return half of a ticket from a broker in Minneapolis, duly went to the depot intending to take the train to Detroit. The ticket examiner at Minneapolis punched the ticket, and Carsten boarded the train for Detroit. When the conductor came into the car to examine tickets, he refused to accept the one presented by Carsten and demanded the fare. The request was refused by Carsten, and two brakemen were about to put him off the train when a fellow passenger interferred and paid his fare to Brainerd, where Carsten left the train. He instituted an action against the railroad company in the district court for damages, but it was decided that he could not recover. The case was caried to the supreme court with the result that yesterday the lower court was reversed in its ruling.

Carlisle and the Farmers.

A. Barnwell in National Economist

The day for hero worship has passed. Men now require good reasons for opinions whether they eminate from prominent men or otherwise. The great name of Mr. Carlisle can not therefore, prevent the farmers from investigating his strictures upon the sub-treasury bill

Let it be understood that this bill has been deliberately put forward by the Alliance of Farmers and laborers as the most available measure of relief which they could devise in this their great extremity. That they have made a strenuous appeal to their friends in Congress to either advocate this bill or give them some substitute which will be as effectual, or even more so, if possible. With this clearly understood, compare the answer of Mr. Carlisle to his constituents with his avowed knowledge of the urgency of the case, and the disgust on the part of his farmer constituents at its inadequacy is at once accounted for and justified. Says Mr. Carlisle in the Forum of last January:

"The American farmer is constantly engaged in a hard struggle to secure a comfortable support for his family and a moderate education for his children, and to pay taxes and keep out of debt. This is all he can reasonably hope to accomplish; in a large majority of cases he fails even to do this, and sooner or later is compelled to sell or mortgage his land and reduce his expenditures to the lowest figure. He has a paternal government which has determined that certain classes of industry ought to be maintained at the public expense, and for thirty years he has been taxed for their support; and now, after these favored industries have become rich and powerful, they conspire and confederate under the names of trusts, syndicates, and pools and dictate the terms upon which the people may procure the necessaries of life and carry on their business. Under our system of taxation the farmer is almost without the semblance of power to protect his own interests. He cannot control the prices of the products he sells in the markets of his own country, because the demand is not equal to the supply, and he must take what he can get. The farmer's crop depends almost entirely upon the character of the season he may have, and he cannot decide in advance how he must plant in order to furnish a supply that will not be in excess of the demand. He must sow and reap all he can every year, and take the risk of reducing the price of his own products by overstocking the markets. When the seed is sown it must remain until the crop is gathered, and consequently the farmer's investment yields but one return each year. These and and many other disadvantages under which the farmer labors, and which no act of Congress can move, etc."

The above is a clear statement of facts, not complete, because it fails to assign the most potent cause of the farmer's troubles—manipulation of the currency by the money kings. But what little use has Mr. Carlisle made of his accurate knowledge of the position of the farmer? Even if his plans for tariff reform were successful, which they are not, he could not expect them to be adequate to the needs of the farmer. If his other measures could also be added as successes—that is, free coinage of silver and the repeal of national bank charters—still the disadvantages of the farmer would not be fully removed. Should not Mr. Carlisle then, have come to the front with some measure more definite, more certain, and offering more prompt relief?

But in place of this he distinctly denounces in toto the very first plan which is advanced in this direction. Let us state the case. Says Mr. Carlisle, "the farmers have a paternal government."

The present systems have been impoverishing him for thirty years. His case is desperate and rapidly growing worse. Part of this lies in the nature of the case; that is to say, in the fact that his entire income is controlled by the prices at harvest time. The other part lies in the ability of trusts, syndicates, and pools, etc., to manipulate the harvest prices as well as the cost of his goods. Now just add to the above expositions of Mr. Carlisle the fact, that the expansion and contraction of the currency, without any other cause whatever, can, and does reduce the harvest price of his produce. When you recognize that this contraction of the currency can be, and is used for this very purpose by the speculators et al, you have the case before you. Said a prominent Southern politician, the sub-treasury plan was conceived in deception and born of subterfuge, and his is about the spirit in which it has, been met and considered. Let us see, upon calm investigation, if this very bill was not on the countrary the spontaneous outcome of the situation—a genuine undefiled child of nature springing into existence, formed and shaped by unavoidable circumstances and potent from its very adaptability to the requirements of the situation. Let us now state the case as presented to us by Mr. Carlisle. The farmer faces ruin. "He has a paternal Government." This Government has determined that certain classes of industry ought to be maintained at the public expense. For thirty years he has been the victim of this settled policy of his Government. The entire financial system opposes his interests. His yearly profit is reduced by the force of a contracted currensy manipulated for that purpose by those interested. He is almost without "the semblance of power to protect his interests."

Now if this be the farmers' case what would be his most natural course. He has a paternal Government, then surely he must expect paternal action. It is the settled policy of that Government to extend aid to the weak and needy pursuits of its citizens; then surely his is in the condition to apply for aid. He is ruined by a currency independent of him, and contracted by the purchaser of his goods. Well, ask for a different currency. Is there any deceit in this, any subterfuge in his pointing out that he needed a currency absolutely dependent for its expansion or contraction upon the products of his labor, and so out of control of the tyrannic money kings? Was not his next suggestion that the Government receive his produce in warehouses, as silver and whisky are received, as a safe collateral, a perfectly honest one? Does it not grow out of the case? What could be simpler or more direct or more practical?

But it has been attacked by the very man who has brought forward the statements which is the basis of its cause, and

"It is paternalism," and yet he says that this is a paternal government.

That the settled policy of the Government is one of class legislation.

"It is unconstitutional," and again he admits it is in line with the legislation of at least thirty years.

"It is undemocratic." Ah! here is the rut; but it is presented by Democrats, sustained by Democrats, and is for the benefit of Democrats, and equally so regarding Republicans. It is not, in fact, in any sense a party measure. Its tendency would be to break party lines; it was not intended as a party measure in any sense. It is a mere matter of justice, of justice to a well nigh ruined class. A class most important to the entire country, and clearly entitled to justice; and yet it has been spurned by the lawmakers. Spurned, but not defeated. Rejected by the builders, it has become a corner stone; and something more tangible than the blank catridges from even such staunch old veterans as Mr. Carlisle must be projected to prevent its being firmly set in the foundation of our Republic with its inscription, "Justice first, sentiment afterward."

The farmers, says Mr. Carlisle, are almost without the semblance of power to protect their own interests. This seems to be true at present, but surely he must, in order to maintain himself, make a desperate struggle to obtain that power, and although the measure of relief did not essentially require farmers as a class to take part in elections, by the treatment of this bill they are forced to do so, or see themselves and all that is sacred to their interests ruined. They are not responsible for this, the responsibility rests upon the present incumbent. There is, however, little prospect of making a new party. On the other hand, it is about to improve both of the old parties'

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., NOV. 20, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:38 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
12:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

A mixed train leaves Crookston for Fertile at 10 a. m.; returning, arrives at Crookston at 2 p. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:25 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. — 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. — 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:15 a. m. — 4:00 p. m

Kittel Halvorsen.

What Ex-State Senator Milne Says of Him.

Special to The Journal.

Duluth, Nov. 12.—Ex-State Senator J. O. Milne, who was in the senate when Kittel Halvorsen, now elected representative to congress, was in the house, gives the Duluth Herald the following interesting interview on Halvorsen and his capabilities;

"I have known Hon. Kittel Halvorsen for a number of years. He is a man of medium size, dresses very plainly but neatly and is a pleasant man to meet. He is a man of strong personal convictions, with moral backbone enough to stand by them; rather retiring, but not easily confused: not a brilliant speaker, but a clear thinker and a strong hitter; a hard worker and one who makes his work count.

"He is not a politician by profession, but I believe him to be the peer of any man in the Fifth district in the study of political economy, and he will be able to judge of the bearing any question may have upon the interests of his constituents as a whole. He will make a good congressman, who will faithfully serve his constituents, whether they live in Duluth or Stearns county.

"No, I am not one of those who believe the district would be better served by either of the other candidates. Neither am I one of those who believe that the McKinley bill is altogether to blame for this election I should charge the blame more to the unwise and unpopular manner of controling politics by a few self appointed would-be leaders in every town, who have been able to control public patronage in their own interests until the people have said no further shalt thou go. This is the case in Polk county, where every member of the ring is left, from Thompson down.

"Halvorsen served in the state legislature in 1887. I was also in the senate at that time and know him well. I had occasion to look up his record pretty closely at one time there, and was surprised at it. It is good."

Work for the Alliance To Do

By T. M. Smith, Blooming Grove Texas. The National Economist.

In the early days of Farmers Alliance I became a member because I thought I saw in the declaration of purposes a line of policy which. faithfully carried out, would relieve the oppressed wealth producers of our country, and speedily obliterate the prejudices and animosities engendered by the late war. In my first effort to explain Alliance doctrine to an audience I boldly urged the study of politics by the membership. This was early in 1885. Since that time I have written and spoken much in the same line. I may say here that if the Alliance does not make it obligatory upon its membership to study politico economic questions an immediate dissolution will and should be the result. When the Alliance leaders first began this course of instruction many and loud were the wails from those patriots—demagogues—of breaking up this or that party, most of them averring their great regard for the institution, but, at the same time, persistently advising a course that they knew would kill the Order quicker than anything else, viz., avoiding politics. The greatest obstacle to day in the way of our agriculturists is a lack of proper information as to our true condition. Is it reasonable to suppose that the farmers of our nation would be divided upon vital and important questions did they but intelligently comprehend the true situation? Our farmers may meet every year and every month and pass flaming resolutions dealing in generalities, without taking decisive steps, and the government will pursue its usual course of allowing her pets to continue their exactions. It is sheer folly to talk of having an Alliance of, and for farmers and laborers without requiring the membership to study and learn politics.

No people can prosper whose government does not give them proper protection. This fact is at once apparent. Now, it can easily be shown that all the evils of which our people are complaining are the result of misgovernment. With these two propositions in mind I apprehend that any one will grant the necessity for political education.

Our leaders should be careful to urge upon the individual members to leave their partisanism just on the outside of the Alliance hall. We have a common cause and a common foe—concentrated capital whose pliant and willing tools are the professional politicians—then why should there be division among us? Texas farmers arrayed in solid phalanx against their Kansas neighbors! ! and so through the whole list. I have imagined that our masters (and they never divide when common interest is at stake) look on and smile, silently exclaiming, "What fools these mortals be." Let us all go to work in good earnest from this day and do what we can in the way of organizing, educating and drilling our membership for the great battle of 1892, and if the various labor organizations do not name the next President of the United States they ought to quit. Somebody will name him, why not the farmers? Don't be afraid. You will succeed if wisdom and determination prevail. In conclusion I will say for the benefit of those who are fearful that the Alliance will distroy one or both of the political parties of our nation, that whatever is found to be genuine will be endorsed, and all the spurious condemned. Our country's politics are certainly safe in the hands of its citizens if the country has not been transformed from a republic to an oligarchy. With an intelligent understanding of our true condition will come a consolidation of our efforts for relief, and can come in no other way. Then, let us educate.

The Work in Hand.

The Western Rural.

The Legislatures which will meet this coming Winter have important duties to perform; and it is certainly to be hoped that no one will be elected a member of any one of them who is so stupid as not to know what those duties are. We have not much patience, as the reader very well knows, with the blind devotion to party interests which distinguish the course of the great majority of our law makers. But if partisan zeal is greater in any legislator's breast than is the zeal to serve the interests of the people, we wish to say to him confidentially, that a devotion to the public interests on the part of our legislators, is the only thing that will prevent a general smash-up among present political parties. The anti-monopoly sentiment is taking strong root in this country, and, mark our words, it will result in a thoroughly organized, fully equipped and powerful political party, unless the old parties do their duties by the people. As for ourselves we are indifferent as to the means which shall be used to secure to the people their rights. We ask for the repeal of all class legislation and for a pledge that no more shall be enacted; for effective legal intervention between grasping, greedy monopolies and corporations and the people; for laws that will prevent us from being robbed by food adulterators, bogus patents or even genuine patents, and through a monstrously unequal system of taxation. This is what we want, and we have not the slightest objection to taking it from either one party or the other, form one section of the country or another, or from an entirely new political party. We have no time or disposition to engage in the nonsense of shouting "hurrah for our party," while "our" party is doing no more for us than an old gate post. If "our" party cannot keep up with the demands of the hour, we are not going to lag behind with it, but are going to leave it and keep abreast with the times; and there is a host of people in this country who will do just as we intend to do. When the farmer gets justice at the hands of the monopolies that are now crushing him; when he stands before the law as the equal of any other man and of every other man; when labor is recognized by legal enactment for what it is worth, and our farms exert greater influence than Wall street does, we have not the slightest objection to the partisan screaming the party name, and glorifying the past record of his political organization, from morning until night, and from one year's end to another. In fact we shall be delighted that he has some trifling, harmless thing to amuse himself with. Having grown too large for a child's rattle, and too boisterous for any ordinary amusement, by all means let him give vent to his childishness by shouting the name of his party, if there is nothing else to do. But while monopolies are getting richer and the people poorer, we have no time to indulge in senseless partisan clamor, and do not mean that the legislator shall indulge in it longer than we can get rid of him.

National Economist: The condition in Wall street for the past two weeks is a living and practical demonstration of the necessity for the sub-treasury plan. The only thing that saves the country from a panic when the exploiting class let out credit paper as a circulating medium to supply the deficiency of money to move the crops, and let it out much slower than needed, in order to produce a stringency that will reduce prices, the only thing that prevents a panic as a result of this pressure is money furnished New York bankers from the United States Treasury. When the debt is paid we will be compelled to have the sub-treasury plan or a panic.

"Ashamed to see a Physician."

Many years ago schoolboys were forced to translate an anecdote of a scholar and a physician. Of course it was from a "dead" language.

It was a very literal translation, and was something like this: "A physician discovered a scholar hiding behind a wall. The latter said, "I have passed a great while not being sick, and am ashamed to see a physician."

At the present time scholars, authors, professional men, and, in fact, brain-workers generally, rarely have any occasion for hiding from the physician. Nervous Prostration, the general "break down," is the penalty of excessive or long-continued mental activity. The Greek cultivate the body as well as the mind, and did not suffer so much from this class of ailments. But the evil is upon us; there seems but little hope; and all we can do is to seek a remedy. Many have found it in Compound Oxygen. But send for our treatise, giving a history of this wonderful remedial agent, with testimonials and records of cures in Nervous Prostation, Bronchitis, Consumption, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Asthma, and numerous other diseases. Books of 200 pages sent free. Address DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Minneapolis Times:—Mr. Davis' most serious mistake was made when he mixed up in the gubernatoral contest during the past campaign. He ought to have had respect enough for that very large and respectable element of the republican party which repudiated Merriamism in this state, and remained simply a spectator of the events of the campaign. Had Mr. Davis been a far sighted politician he must have discerned that the Merriam faction of the republican party was destined to go out of power with this campaign, and that the very men whom he had antagonized by supporting Merriam, would be in control of the party two years from now when he would need their support. There is a spirit abroad which is strongly in favor of wiping out of the republican party everything and everybody in any respect identified with Merriam and his campaigns. Whether or not Mr. Davis will escape being swept away with the rest is a question which cannot be answered until the opening of the next campaign.

Call for Immigration Convention to meet at Stephen Marshall County Minnesota, Wednesday, November 26, at 10:30 a. m.

In view of the fact that the Red River Valley and Northern Minnesota are today among the most prosperous grain and stock raising regions of the United States, and that they are now enjoying success superior to that of any other section, and that, notwithstanding, it is generally supposed in the east that our climate is unhealthy and severe, and that our section has been subjected to a succession of crop failures,—the contrary being the case. And, in view of these false impressions, and of the fact that other sections, inferior in every respect in climate, resources and productions are making strenuous efforts to divert and retain eastern immigration and eastern capital to their localities, it is not only our duty but a matter of justice to ourselves that we take measures to secure our rightful share of the influx of home-seekers and capital from the east, which will not only populate our unoccupied lands but enhance the value of real estate already occupied. Everyone interested in the prosperity and advancement of our common interests are eligible to participate in the proceeding of the convention. the object of Polk, Marshall, and Kittson to carry on immigration work jointly between them. Stephen has been chosen as the best point to hold the convention, as this will enable Polk and Marshall county participants to go on the Great Northern morning train, returning to their homes on the evening of the same day, while it will be easily accessible to the participants from Kittson county by team. You are earnestly requested to attend yourself and use your best efforts to induce otheas interested in our common welfare to attend.

M. R. BROWN, Polk Co.
L. LOUGHRIDGE. Marshall Co.
H. W. DONALDSON, Kittson Co.

[First publication Nov. 20th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Nov. 13th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Olaf A. Wig deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Nels K. Anderson, administrator of the estate of Olaf A. Wig, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 16th day of December, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 18th day of November, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:

C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.

[31-33]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

U. S. LAND OFFICE. Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890. Complaint having been entered at this office by August Kilmann against Amasa Stewart Thompson, for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 2,764, dated Sept. 28th, 1882, upon the e½ sw¼ and lots 6 and 7, Section 6, Township 147, Range 45, in Polk County, Minnesota; with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Amasa Stewart Thompson and his heirs have wholly failed to break, cultivate or plant to trees, tree seeds or cuttings any of said land since date of entry, and that there are now no trees, tree seeds or cuttings standing or growing thereon except about 40 acres of natural growth of small poplar and willows, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29th day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[33-35] H. H. DIECKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE. Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890. Complaint having been entered at this office by Louis P. Brunsness against Peter G. Alsson, deceased, or his heirs, for abandoning homestead entry No. 11,173, dated May 28th, 1885, upon the nw¼ (Sec. 20) Section 20, Township 152, Range 42, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[33-35] [illegible]

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'sr.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. LOW RATES

Hunting, Fishing. Finest resorts in America along Great Northern Ry. Line in Minnesota, Dakotas and Montana. Best climate for health seekers.

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. Sheep, Hogs.

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. G. N. R. L.

Jersey Vs. Holstein.

Meadowgrange, in Am. Stockkeeper.

Your correspondent of Aug. 2nd, from Edinburg, Mo., defends the Jersey cow as Queen of the churn, and he has much of truth on his side, but I cannot accept some of his claims, He says; "it takes but a little less than four gallons of milk from an ordinary cow to make a pound of butter while it takes but two gallons of good Jersey milk to accomplish the same result."

The experience of the average Massachusetts creamery is that from 11 to 12 qts. of milk will make a pound of butter, and this at 1.15 lbs. to the quart, is a good deal less than four gallons. Again, the average Jersey cow will not make a pound of butter from two gallons of milk; it is only the exceptionally good cows that will do it. If your readers will study his table of 1500 tests of Jersey cows he will find that there are 149, or less than 10 per cent. of his list, who exceed 20 lbs. a week. Only seven animals of the 1500 rise above 30 lbs. His list of yearly records is also misleading, for the 10 animals mentioned as exceeding 500 lbs. per year are probably all he could secure, not only from his 1500 but from the whole Jersey field. All these figures are delusive to the average farmer who will try in vain to equal them. They require phenomenal animals and the grestest of care, favorable conditions, and a feeding that would be unsafe in an ordinarry herd.

He is disposed to attack Holsteins as butter stock, but he had studied Holstein as carefully as he has studied Jersey records he would have been less sweeping in his assertions. I am not a Holstein breeder, and would hardly adopt them yet as a class for butter stock, but the records indicate that in the near future the title to supremacy is to be sharply contested.

Let your Missouri friend ponder over these authentic Holstein records taken at random from a very limited field:

A aggie 2nd, 26 lbs. 7 ozs. in seven days, 301.05 in 90 days.

A herd of 190 cows and heifers producing 19.56 lbs per week, the average of milk required being 19 lbs. per pound of butter, or 8.8 quarts.

Thirteen nearest female ancestors of bull Count Clothilde average 20 lbs. 6 ozs. per week, including one two and one there year old record.

A large herd averaging 20 lbs. of milk to a pound of butter in November. this is only 9.3 quarts per pound; quite a reduction from 16 quarts.

De Kol 2nd, 33 lbs. 6 ozs. in seven days as a four year old.

De Kol 2nd's Queen, 28 lbs. 7 oz. as a three-year-old.

Pauline Paul, 31 lbs. 1 oz. in seven days; 128 lbs. 13 1-2 ozs. in 30 days, and 421 lbs 14 1-2 ozs. in 100 days; 700 lbs. 13 1-2 ozs. in six months, which is claimed to surpass the record of any cow of any breed for the same period.

Five two-year-old heifers with an average record of 14 lbs. 7 ozs. in seven days.

A herd averaging 13 per cent. cream with a large flock of milk.

Seven nearest female ancestors of Sybil's Aaggie, with an average record of 22 lbs. in seven days.

Netherland Queen, 21 lbs. 3 ozs. in one week; 88 lbs. 6 ozs. in 30 days; 17 lbs. of milk, or less than 8 quarts to the pound.

Netherland Princess, 17 lbs. 4 ozs. in a week, as a four-year-old.

Netherland Consor, 20 lbs. 4 1-2 ozs. in one week.

Eight ancestors of Sir Westwood, an Ontario bull, show an average of 19 lbs. 7 2-3 ozs. in a week.

Natsey, owned by Ehrich & White, Colorado Springs, has made 34 lbs. 9 ozs. in a week, 15 7-8 lbs. of milk making a pound.

Mechthilde, of Chas. Robinson & Sons herd, Barre Plains, Mass.; has just completed a test of seven days with 39 lbs. 10 1-2 ozs. to her credit; of thirty days with 150 1-2 lbs.; and in 60 days of 292 1-3 lbs.

In the 60 day test, it required only 18 lbs of milk or 8 3 quarts to a pound of butter.

These are by no means all that might be gathered to show that the Jersey cow is not the onely desirable butter animal. and there are other features in the Holstein stock,—size, hardiness, beef quality, etc., with which the Jersey can never compete.

National Economist: The opponents of the sub-treasury bill have ignored its principles and confined themselves to ridiculing and misrepresenting its details too long. A reaction is now taking place which threatens to change the entire situation in regard to this economic question. The logic of events and the persistent, intelligent manner in which this important measure has been kept before the public since its introduction, has caused many of the best business and judicial minds in the nation to give it a careful consideration. This has resulted in neutralizing the effort to meet its demands by ridicule, and substituted a strong desire to know why its provisions are not proper and legal. Men who stand high as legal authorities are now boldly proclaiming that the principles of this bill are constitutional and would be so decided by the highest courts. The people, in the mean time, are thinking, investigating and asking questions, all of which tend toward making the life of a political demagogue anything but pleasant. It is also quite plain to the average citizen thas this opposition is inspired in Wall street. When the similarity of these attacks through the press by certain congressmen are noted, the almost identical line of objections, the unfair and pettifogging manner of dealing with its legal phases, the suspicion becomes near a certainty that this concert of action is the result of a scheme by parties who little understand the progress of the people over former years in doing their own thinking.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.
DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.
TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
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2 Inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 Inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 Inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 Inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 00	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

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Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Chances for Trade.

Stanley Says Americans Have A Promising Field in Africa.

He Tells What Commodities of Ours Would Find Ready Sale There.

Duluth Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 16.—Henry M. Stanley sat in his parlor at the Stratford this morning. He had just arisen from the breakfast table, and was feeling in a mood for a talk. He sat in an easy chair and smoked while he chatted, and just across the room his wife was entertaining some of the visitors who had already called, although the hands of the clock pointed to but 10:30.

"So you want to know what chance there is for American enterprise in Africa?" Mr. Stanley repeated, breathing forth a slender stream of smoke. "Well, at present, trade could only be carried forward on a small scale by private enterprise. Of course, the immeasurable possibilities for development in Africa needs colossal sums of money, and yet a great deal of trade may be picked up by vessels bringing to the coast cargoes of Yankee notions. Before the war Yankee skippers used to visit African shores in Yankee schooners. They could do so now better than before; but for some unaccountable reason they don't."

"There are five or six factories along the Congo river alone. Do you know what factories are there? They are market places where goods are stored and where the barter takes place. There must be immense factories in which to store the goods, for these are in bales as large as a big table. Of course the bales taken inland are much smaller. Now suppose a Yankee schooner comes over there laden with canned goods, lumber, chairs, American notions of that kind, a few hams, wheat, flour, corn meal, et cetera. Then the cargo must include all kinds of fabrics from the most precious velvet or silk to the most common cotton. Well, you get a cargo of those things to the Congo and they will sell like lightning for 100 per cent. profit. In exchange you can get either money or palm oil, and in bringing the last back to civilization you can realize an immense profit. I am convinced that fortunes can be made in this way just as before the war by American cargoes. If you think of going out with such a cargo, and don't know exactly what to include in it, just sit down and think what you yourself would like to have in such a land, far from civilization.

"Then again, all of the factories spoken of require boards, scantlings, etc. Sometimes the factories are burned down; then they find it difficult to get lumber. A ship loaded with lumber, chairs, tables, American notions of that kind, a few hams, pork, corn meal, canned fruits, and that sort of goods—a schooner loaded judiciously with those things that white men are unable to get are what they would like to have. Supposing we take the salesmen of Philadelphia and land them on the Congo; exactly what they would wish to buy is what the ship ought to contain. A barrel of flour is there considered to be a Godsend, and the sugar cured hams, a side of bacon, tobacco, etc., are valued greatly."

"The ship can go right to the river. It is not necessary for it to go inland. To Kabinda is about twenty miles from the river, then go to Gaboon, then right along to the Spanish factories, and then to Old Kalabar. When I started to my work on the Congo I should have bought shiploads of goo s if I had found the things I wanted. I wanted plank to build chairs and bedsteads; I wanted mosquito bars, gin, whisky, rum, slippers, smoking caps. They would have gone like hot cakes. One trouble is this: There has never been an American agent there who understood his business and could represent things fairly. Government agents have gone there, got the fever, became demoralized, and came back home."

Mr. Stanley spoke easily, fluently and calmly when touching upon commercial topics; but a minute after his whole appearance changed. The press man asked:

"With all your experience you do not consider that the efforts of foreign missionaries have proved a success?"

Stanley blew a huge cloud of smoke into the air, his face lighted up and his eyes flashed as he exclaimed: "Yes, sir, most emphatically. I am as certain of it as that I am sitting here talking to you. I am perfectly convinced of the fact that the work of missionaries is successful. It has not always been carried on rightfully or managed wisely; nevertheless, they can be shown to-day as something marvelous, considering the country where they have been at work and considering that the people were rum-drinking savages accustomed to robbery, fraud and murder whenever it was possible. The Protestants have the strongest hold in Africa so far, but the missionary work ought to be systematically carried on, and it is not now."

Speaking further of opportunities in Africa for private enterprise, Mr. Stanley added: "No private trade could be carried on with the interior until the railway is finished. This is now being built and will probably be completed in five years. It will reach the pool, and when it does you can go from the sea to Stanley Falls, 1,500 miles in two weeks. The Congo river is through one of the most magnificent sections of country in the world, but between Stanley's pool and the sea the country is hilly, mountainous and cut up too much by ravines to be appreciated. There is plenty of copper, iron, etc. Preparations are being carried on for civilization and for the comfort of the people, so that they have little time to prepare a government or the ways of communication. They use our American canned goods there, where there are 200 Europeans and officers, and, of course, as the railway advances there will be more and more. The railway is just begun, but they are constructing it. Just where the railway begins is the biggest work, and when they get a little headway it will go on more rapidly. They have begun at a canyon, and when they get out of it will be able to get along much faster. It is impossible to say anything at all about the future of the Congo Free State, inasmuch as the Congo Free State without a railway is not worth five cents. The Europeans expected to undergo all the perils and privations as though they were black men and to the manner born. But they have found this impossible. We have tried elephants, buffaloes, horses, mules, donkeys, dogs, white men and black men, but they have all died. The Bombay government gave us six elephants.

"Here we can order anything we like. We can live in peace with one another. But suppose we embark on board ship and go to the Congo. How long do you suppose you would be on good terms with each other, with yourselves? And the consequence is that when the fever comes you die helplessly. You blame Africa. Don't blame Africa; blame your own improvidence. When we first went there officers died because we had only £10,000 a year to pay wages and supply them with food, such as we could get in the country. They are able to live better now. When the railroad is built they will be still better off. There is no objection to the climate, and there is nothing in the country against it. It is a magnificent country. When I reached Zanzibar I weighed 135 pounds. Now I tip the scales at 180 pounds."

"What are your future plans regarding Africa, Mr. Stanley?"

"I have as yet formed no definite plan, and do not mean to do so until I am through with my present work. I believe in taking one thing at one time. I think I shall remain in this country until April, when I will take the family back to England?"

The Toledo Weekly Blade, the most popular weekly newspaper of the United States, will in a few weeks commence publication of a new serial story, now being written especially for its columns by Oliver Optic. Send postal card to Blade, Toledo, Ohio, for free specimen copy of the paper, and at the same time send names of all your friends, also.

The Sub-Treasury Plan.

When this plan was first suggested we were very favorably impressed with it on the simple ground that it would so perfectly control the output of wheat as to allow the poorest farmer in the land to sell his wheat to as good advantage as the most wealthy. The more we have studied it up since then the better we like it, and we are fully convinced that it is what we want. Senator Sandford's idea of loaning money on land is a good one for many, but unless the evils which exist in the market are corrected it would only be a question of time when the sharks would get all the poor farmer had and could borrow, in fact it would be a better thing for the sharks than the farmers, as it would furnish them more money to appropriate. What we want first of all is to stop this legalized robbery in our markets, and then the Sandford loaning plan would be all right, but if we had the sub-treasury plan in operation we would not need the loans. Every farmer in Polk County has actually earned money enough to make him independent. The wheat he has raised has helped to swell the millions of some rich capitalist, while he, if he has been able to pay his running expenses, has done exceedingly well. Under the sub-treasury plan the wheat would only be marketed as wanted for actual consumption and thus the price would be steadier. Wheat in this market to-day ought to bring one dollar a bushel, and would if the sub-treasury plan was in operation.

Partisanship.

The Western Rural.

The ways of the partisan are, as a demonstration of clear cut cheek, amazing. We have a partisan newspaper in Chicago that denounced the McKinley bill vigorously before the campaign. During the campaign it defended the new tariff law with energy and ability. Now at the close of the campaign, it is upon the law with both feet, stamping it with the spitefulness of a mad mule's kick. It is this sort of thing that disgusts people with partisan politics. It is this sort of thing that is augmenting the independent vote at every election; and the extent of independent voting at the present time is something of a wonder. Only a few years ago the ticket peddler stood at the polls, and the voters came to him to get their tickets. Now in our cities the different parties mail their tickets to all the voters, and in the intelligent districts fully ninety-nine per cent of the voters come to the polls with their tickets in their pockets, and the vocation of the ticket peddler is nearly gone; and the vast majority of those voters do not vote a straight ticket. It is only in the ignorant, disreputable, tough communities that party lines are strictly drawn. It is an encouraging feature in our politics, and it will ultimately lead to the exercise of very much more care in making the party nominations than has usually been given to that kind of work. If we could get rid of the reckless, lying, partisan newspaper, the large independent vote in the country would be pretty tosure elect the best man every time. But the best of voters are often misled by the bold, brazen falsehoods of the partisan press. In our last election there were candidates in Chicago defeated by those reckless partisan attacks upon character which was, as a matter of fact, the very best.

The Will of the People.

The Western Rural.

Abraham Lincoln used to say that you could fool some of the people all the time, that you could fool all of the people some of the time, but that you could not fool all the people all the time. This is true, too. This country is filled with people who to-day cannot sleep or eat because of the result of the late election. They are partisans; they love their party, and to defeat it is something like sacrilege. Now it verges upon folly to become excited over the result of any election, however far it may come from our ideas of what would have been best. The people's will is supreme, and it should be acquiesced in with pleasure by all good citizens. The Western Rural is willing to trust this people. The result of an election does not always signify that the people are right. The election may be the occasion on which all the people are fooled. But if they are they will right the wrong. You cannot fool them all the time. But if it should prove that any election has really gone in the interests of the people—that the people knew just what they were doing and what was best, and were not fooled, then everybody can afford to rejoice with the majority.

This country is perfectly safe. Those who are with the defeated can find comfort in that. No party or sect and no class can destroy this American Republic; and if any mistakes are made by the people they will rectify them. The election of certain men for office; and no amount of regret on the part of the defeated, can change the result. It is far better, therefore, for those who are so constituted that they think a great error has been committed, to go about their business, and wait for the actual result, and if it is not what it ought to be, it will be time enough to get excited when the chance to rectify the error shall come. And to those who have won the victory, permit us to say, that there is something for them to do besides throwing their hats in the air and shouting over the achievements. With victory comes responsibility. The large independent vote of this country shows that there are thousands who do not care which party has the offices, if government is properly administered. Future victories to the present victors depends altogether upon what they accomplish. But let the will of the people triumph without useless complainings on the part of the defeated.

Who Owns the Country.

The Western Rual.

We boast of our republic. We say it is the only country under the heavens where man can enjoy full freedom and equal rights. We say our government is of the people, by the people, and for the people. We point to Great Britain, with her great landed interests in the hands of the few, and with her titled aristocracy, and exclaim: How different from our own free, beautiful republic! Well, who owns our country? It is but little over a hundred years old. It is an infant compared with Great Britiain. Who owns it? The people, you say. Do they? Now look here. We have 200 people who are worth in the aggregate $,4000,000,000. We have 400 who are worth an aggregate of $4,000,000,000. more; we have a thousand whose aggregate wealth reaches $5,000,000,000; we have 2,500 people with a total wealth of $6,250,000,000; we have 7,000 who possess in round numbers $7,000,000,000; and there are 20,000 whose fortunes will together amount to $10,000,000,000. Here we have 31,100 people who possess $36,i250,000,00, Now the estimated wealth of the country is $60,000,000,000, and 31,100 persons own more than half of it. It is a startling array of figures. When in a nation of 60,000,000 people a handful owns more than half the wealth. which the millions have produced, it is time the people not only began to think, but that they put forth a united effort to destroy the influences which steadily tend to make the rich richer and the poor poorer.

The farmer in all justice, should be the most prosperous and best fixed man in the country. He feeds all; he clothes all; he makes the foundation of all prosperity. Yet he scarcely knows how to make both ends meet. He is not enjoying prosperity. It is the man who produces nothing who becomes rich; it is the schemer who accumulates money; it is the money lender, the railroad wrecker, the manufacturer, and the polite, polished rascals who get all the money there is afloat. And this infernal condition of affairs is the result of treachery on the part of legislators, and even of courts of justice, to the people's interests. The whole crowd needs shaking up. We need shaking up ourselves, for corporations and monopolies generally gets into office through our votes.

The Possibilities of wheat Culture.

A French paper says: Some thirty years ago the French considered a wheat crop quite good when it yielded 22 bushels to the a cre, but with the same soil the present requrment is at least 33 bushels, while in the best soils the crop is good only when it yields from 43 to 48 bushels, and occasionally the product is 55½ bushels to the acre. There are whole countries—Hess for example—which are satisfied only when the average crop attains 37 bushels while the experimental farmers' central France produce from year to year, over large areas, 41 bushels to the acre, and a number of farms in northern France regularly yield, year after year, from 55 to 68 bushels to the acre. Occasionally even as much as 80 bushels have been obtained upon limited areas under special care. In fact it is now proved that by combining a series of such simple operations as the selection of seeds, sowing in rows and proper manuring, the crop can be increased by at least 75 per cent over the best present average. While the cost of production can be reduced by 50 per cent by the use of some inexpensive machines like steam diggers or the pulverizers which make the soil required for each special culture. They are now occasionally resorted to here and there, but they will come into general use as soon as humanity feels the need of increasing the agricultural product tenfold.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is
DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE
One Door West of the Post Office, in Mcinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.
CALL AND SEE ME!
Durand, the Druggist
ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,
Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON
BUSINESS COLLEGE
And Institute of Short Hand,
Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

FONTAINE & ANG IM,
CROOKSTON, MINN.,
Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plainand Fancy
DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, INENS, FLANNELS,
BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20	cents.
54 inch Tricot	35	"
54 inch Flannel	45	"
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75	"
36 inch Henriettas	25	"

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for 30 cents.	A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket $1.50
" " " 35 "	" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket 2.00
" " medicated, for 40 "	" 4½ lb. 10¼ white " 4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

St. Paul Daily News

Instead of proving a strong candidate, as some of Gov. Merriam's sycophantic organs are claiming, he proved the weakest man who could have been named. Almost any other Republican nominee would have been elected without a question. As it is, Gov. Merriam runs behind the vote of every candidate for Congress, even though they were weighed down with the McKinley bill. He runs behind the vote of every man on the Rupublican State ticket with the exception of Secretary of State and State Auditor, whose opponents were supported by the Alliance as well. If the issue had been made between Merriam and a single candidate, he would have been beaten by 30,000 votes, a larger majority than he received two years ago. The people have overwhelmingly repudiated him, and, though he secures the position by a scratch, it is no compliment.

Thirteen Grand Winter Excursions

From Northern Minnesota and North Dakota, to Montreal and all points west n Ontario, at the low rate of $40, via Northern Pacific R. R. The dining car line between Northern Minnesota and North Dakota points, by way of St. Paul and Chicago. Dates of sale, Tuesday, Nov. 18th and 25th, and Dec. 2d and 9th; and daily Dec. 16th to 23d inclusive, and Dec. 30th, 1890. Limit of tickets ninety days, good going and returning fifteen days, with stop-over privileges, subject to local regulations of lines over which tickets read. Final limit of tickets extended fifteen day on payment of $5.00; thirty days $10 00; and sixty days $20. Pullman tourist sleeping cars from Winnipeg, Pembina Grafton, Gilby, Grand Forks and Crookston, will be run through to Chicago without change via the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central, leaving Winnipeg on Tuesday, November 18th and 25th, and Dec. 2d, 9th, 16th, 23d and 30th. Sleeping car fare $2 for one double berth. For further information, maps, time tables and tickets via the Dining Car Line, write to or inquire of C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R., Crookston, Minn.

Toledo Weekly Blade.
1891.
ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

THE most popular Weekly Newspaper in the United States, the largest circulation, and the only strictly Weekly Newspaper that ever succeeded in obtaining and holding, year after year, a circulation in every State and Territory (and nearly every county) of the United States. All the news, better departments and more first-class entertaining and instructive reading than in any other dollar paper published.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW story to commence first of the year, written especially for the Blade by Oliver Optic. "Money Maker Series." A series of special articles on "Side Issues," written for The Blade. Blade China Tea Sets and Dinner Sets given to club-raisers. Send for specimen copy of The Weekly Blade and our interesting announcements for the coming year.

SPECIMENS.

A specimen copy will give you a better idea of The Weekly Blade than any description we can give in an advertisement. We therefore invite everybody to write us for a specimen, which we will cheerfully mail you free; and at the same time please mail us a list of names of your friends and neigbors, and we will also mail them specimens.

CONFIDENTIAL TO AGENTS.

ANYBODY can earn Ten Dollars very quickly by raising clubs for The Blade. We are now paying the highest amount for clubs ever offered by any newspaper. We want agents everywhere. Write us for confidential terms to agents. Address

THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.
DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., NOV. 27, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 80.
1 Northern 75.
2 Northern 70.
3 Northern 62.

Camille to-night.

Headquarters for farmers at Sture's.

District court commences on Monday next.

A. C. Wilkinson went down to St. Paul last week.

Call at Sture's for bargains in dry goods and groceries.

Caroline Gage at the Opera House to-night in "Camille."

Wheat took an upward whirl this week, reaching 80 cents.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs will not be undersold in millinery goods. Remember that and call at her store on Second street, when you want a bargain in that line.

His Honor, Mayor McKinnon, went down to St. Paul last week.

Go to Sture's for choice sweet potatoes.

That portion of the round-house that is on Robert street is being removed.

Miss Minnie Bailey is in Minneapolis studying the latest styles in dressmaking.

W. G. Newton, of Castleton, N. D., was in the city with friends on Sunday last.

Try Sture's sweet cider.

Prepare for the big rush of next spring. Farming lands will be in great demand.

The lovely weather continues to abide with us. We would not object to have it last the year out.

Alderman J. E. Morrisey rejoices in the arrival of a bouncing boy, on Thursday of last week.

Farmers, if you want bargains, call and see Sture before you purchase.

Chief of Police, Louis Gonyea, has rented the Lake View house and will run an Alliance hotel.

A. G. Gallasch was up from St. Paul last week. He is now a member of the firm of Powers Bros., St. Paul.

Charlie Rapp, the genial St. Hilaire merchant, went to St. Paul last Thursday, returning home on Monday.

Sture has a choice lot of fine winter apples for sale cheap. Call before they are all gobbled up.

Chris Anderson has bought the John Erwin place near Fisher. He now has one of the finest farms on the river.

Judge Mills came down from Warren last Wednesday night and left for Moorhead on the delayed train same night.

Mrs. Cora Underhill and child arrived last week to spend the winter with her parents, alderman and Mrs. I. U. Jennings.

A. Sture will pay the highest price for eggs, oats and potatoes. Call and see him if you have a surplus of these articles.

Mrs. Netzer, widow of Frank Netzer, came up last week to attend the marriage of Mrs. Johanna Netzer to Mark Rauenbuehler.

Purchases to the amount of one dollar at the millinery store of Mrs. and Minnie Bailey entitles the purchaser to a fine string of beads.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs desires her lady friends to know that she is better than ever prepared to attend to their wants in millinery and invites their attention to her fine stock. Call at her store on Second street.

Ed. H. Love, the Hallock Enterprise hustler, was in the city on Tuesday. He reports that Hallock will soon have a fine large court house.

J. M. Palmer was down from Angus on Monday to trade stoves for the "keepin' room." Says he thinks Angus did nobly in the late election.

Sweet potatoes at Sture's.

John Watts wears his arm in a sling these days. The result of a fall which he got over at the Ste. Croix elevator one day last week resulting in a fractured arm.

A. Sture sent THE JOURNAL man a sample of that cider he brags about. In our judgment it can't be beat in this city. If you want the "rale ould sthuff" for a mince pie try Sture's cider.

Pure apple cider at Sture's.

Our good-looking policeman, Andy Locken, was rusticating in Minneapolis last week. Thinks that village will compare very favorably with Crookston, but too far away ever to amount to anything extra.

Al. Jones has secured a good position on the motor line in St. Paul. He has the front end of an electric—on the steam cars he would be an engineer As soon as he thoroughly learns the biz it will be a lucrative job.

The dramatic company that will appear at the Opera House this week announces that it will open with Dumas' masterpiece, "Camille," this evening. A change for each evening is announced. Don't fail to see "Camille" to-night.

Farmers, I have had experience enough in your business to know your requirements in merchandise and am prepared to meet them all in the kind, quality and price you desire. Call at Sture's store and see what I can do for you. A. STURE.

The through Montana express on Wednesday evening last was delayed by a burned bridge between Mallory and Fisher, about five hours. Fortunately the condition of the bridge was discovered in time to prevent an accident.

Mark Rauenbuehler, the Broadway harness maker, and Mrs. Johanna Netzer were united for life on Thursday of last week. Mark is one of Crookston's old-timers, the leading harness maker of the city, and THE JOURNAL casts the old slipper for luck and wishes the newly married couple a long and happy life.

A. R. Holston has become a resident of Crookston. By the way, by a typographical error THE JOURNAL cut his vote short just 300. Instead of the figure 9, as it should have been, the figure 6 appeared. It made no difference in the facts; however, he "got there" just the same.

Last week THE JOURNAL was called upon to chronicle the death of little Goldie, the four year old twin daughter of H. O. and Ida May Scribner, and this week we have to record the death of the other twin. Verily, the afflicted parents are in sore trouble and they have the sympathy of many friends as far as that may mitigate afflictions like these.

Swan Anderson brought down the business end of an Indian war-club, when he was last in from Black River. He found the stone on a farm near Wylie station and intends to keep it as a souvenir of the former owners of Red River soil. The stone weighs about six pounds and has a notch cut in it to hold the thong that formerly bound it to the club.

Rev. S. N. Griffith was over from Larimore on Tuesday. Mr. Griffith takes a deep interest in the alliance work and is in full sympathy with the idea of government control of railroads. He says the true idea is illustrated in the mail system wherein space is annihilated, and this idea must eventually obtain in relation to freights. He thinks farmers are masters of the situation if they take the proper steps.

"Geo. H. Palmer, Rose M. Dickmann, married Saturday, Nov. 22d, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., Crookston, Minnesota. At home after date," is the way the card we received on Monday reads. Geo. H., aforesaid, party of the first part, is one of the legal luminaries of our brilliant young city, and for some time it has been apparent that all he needed was a good partner to make life for him a complete success. Having found a life partner in the daughter of Register Dickmann, THE JOURNAL unites with a host of their friends in wishing the happy pair a long and useful life.

Ed. Chapin, brother of Engineer Fred and S. E., passed through the city on Friday morning bound for Devil's Lake, where Fred at present lives. He was accompanied by quite a little company of Prattsburgh folks who are on their way to the new state of Washington. The only mistake of which we complain is that they did not stop in the fertile Valley of the Red to make their future home, but then they can do that on their return, after they have seen the bubble out there, and are tired of it. Ed. intends to engage in business with his brother, S. E., at Church's Ferry, and if he is a rustler like either of his brothers, he will no doubt make a success of it. We bid him welcome to the New Northwest.

While from every portion of the country come reports of slim crops, the Red River Valley stands forth with the best crop in the country. We have a fine crop of excellent wheat, a good crop of nice potatoes—worth big money this year; a good crop of barley, that never brought a better price in this market, and a big crop of oats—which also commands a good price. All these facts are well known all over these United States and many farmers are looking with longing eyes toward the future wheat granary of the world, where our fertile farming lands may now be had at merely nominal figures, and the result will be a big immigration some day in the near future. And is probable that the coming spring time will see many flocking in to occupy the land and help to fully develope this New Northwest. Probably never again will come the time when our lands can be bought at so low a figure.

Caroline Gage, the eminent young society actress, supported by Harry F. Keene's celebrated company of players, will give a grand Thanksgiving Day's entertainment at the Opera House to-night, when they will produce Dumas' beautiful drama, "Camille," Miss Gage comes highly recommended by the press wherever she has appeared, and enjoys the enviable reputation of being the handsomest and most gifted emotional actress of her age before the public, being only 22 years of age. This will undoubtedly be "THE" event in theatrical circles this season. Manager Rapin is to be congratulated for his efforts to secure for theatre goers so excellent an attraction for the Thanksgiving Day entertainment. The stage settings of the piece are said to be magnificent and the wardrobe of the company will undoubtedly surpass anything ever seen in Crookston, the dresses worn in this piece by Miss Gage alone cost $2,000. The company will stay three nights, changing the play each evening. The price of admission is placed at 75 cents with no extra charge for reserved seats, which are on sale at Tom Morris' jewelry store. Gallery 50 cents.

John N. Bailey has gone to Duluth to visit the Milnes.

Notwithstanding the rece[illegible] New York, money for f[illegible] at panic in to be as plenty as e[illegible] rm loans seems rates than fo[illegible] er and at much less reasonable [illegible] merly. Loans at a reasonable [illegible] luation can be made at from [illegible] per cent., but the more thrifty of our farmers do not have to borrow this year.

If you get time call in and see about that little subscription. We need a good bit of money this fall and the subscriptions that are due, and past due, would go very far toward supplying it. As all our bills have to be met promptly when due and as we have been obliged to carry many from one to three years or so, it has necessitated borrowing money at 10 per cent., which money is now due and we do not wish to renew loans when the money actually due us could as well be paid as not. Many have already come to the front, and we hope that all who are behind will also call and arrange the matter. We think it beyond dispute that we have been very lenient in this matter and if our friends will only appreciate this fact and do their best for us in return, we shall not regret having had to borrow money in the past to carry our list. We only ask you to do the best you can by us and we confidently expect this.

Ran Away.

Noe Bottineau, aged 10 years, son of Pierre Bottineau, of Red Lake Falls, in company with a boy aged 11, whose parents live at Grafton, N. D., ran away from the Catholic industrial school at Clontarf, Minn., on Sunday evening, Nov. 16th, and has not been heard from since. Mr. Bottineau was not notified until Friday last and left on the evening train to search for the boy. George Bottineau came down to Crookston on Tuesday and on Wednesday morning received word that the boy had been found.

The City Market.

Since the removal of the city market to Third and Fifth streets there seems to be much confusion in the matter, many still going to the old market place and others preferring to expose their hay for sale upon any of the principal business streets that come handy. The chief of police has been indefatigable in his efforts in this matter and the street commissioner has also taken a whirl at it, but seemingly to little purpose, and it is evident that other means should be applied. A large sign, conspicuously posted upon the market streets, would be a good thing, and then the by-laws should be so amended as to make it an object for people to expose their wares for sale, and to feed their teams on the grounds prepared for them.

Minn. Alliance Storm Association.

The directors of the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association held a meeting at the office of the secretary, in St. Paul, on Thursday, Nov. 20th, at which all but one or two members were present. Upon examination of the condition of the business it was found that the company had met with severe losses by hail, as is the case with all hail companies in Minnesota and Dakota. They have done a business amounting to over $26,000, and the notes are all collected except some $4,000 or $5,000. When this is all collected the company will be able to pay 50 per cent. of its losses, which is a remarkably good showing for this year. The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Upon examination of the accounts of the Minnesota Alliance Storm Association, this day had, it appears that the entire business of the Association for the past year amounted to $26,019.45; and that this large business was conducted at an expense of less than one thousand dollars for salaries of officers, rent of office, clerk hire, and all other headquarters expenditures; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Board of Directors hereby extends to the president, secretary, and other officers of the association their thanks for the energy, industry and remarkable economy they have displayed in the conduct of the association.

1891—THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS.—1891

Furnishes all the News of the World.
Bright,
Fearless
and
Independent.

Champions the cause of the people independent of the political parties. Opposes monopolies and all public or private robbery by means of unjust tariff or other inquitous legislation, State or National.

The full reports of legislative proceedings, which the Daily News will supply during the coming session of the Legislature, will alone be worth the cost of a year's subscription.

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Six months..........$1.75
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For 75 cents additional to either a six months or a yearly subscription a complete set of the works of Charles Dickens, eleven volumes, (paper binding) will be sent postage paid.

Send for sample copies of the News. Address: The Daily News, St. Paul, Minn.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

THE TRAIN SAVED.

John Torrison Discovers a Fire on the Marais Bridge and runs a Half mile in Time to Save the Train.

Fisher Bulletin.

What might have been a terrible accident, resulting in a frightful loss of life was averted Wednesday night by the heroism of John Torrison. At about 6:30 John Torrison discovered what he supposed was a brush fire at the Marais bridge, after looking more closely he saw that the bridge itself was on fire. Just then he heard the east-bound passenger whistle at Mallory five miles away and knowing that if the train with its load of human freight was to be saved something must be done at once. Hastily getting a lantern he ran to the railroad over a half a mile distant, and got there in time to save the train. The crew and passengers turned in and put out the fire which had burned off several ties and stringers leaving the rails with no support. Conductor Sands then started to walk into town to telegraph and met the section crew just going out, as they suspected something was wrong as the train had been reported out of Mallory on time and should have been in. As it happened the bridge crew were in town putting up the new water tank and they took a special train and repaired the bridge and their train got into Fisher at eleven o'clock, four hours late. Conductor Sands went down in his pocket and gave the young man $5,00 out of his own pocket book. But what did the passengers do?

They made up a handsome purse and gave to the man who saved them from certain death is what you expect to read that they did.

They did nothing of the sort, instead of being thankful for their deliverance many of them simply stood around and cursed the railroad for not getting them to their destination.

Notice.

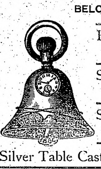
All persons interested in the D. N. Taylor elevator scheme are requested to meet at City Hall, Crookston, on Saturday, Dec. 6th, 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., to take steps for self-protection.

CHRIS. HOUSTON,
Chairman.

Remember the entertainment at the opera house to-night. Also Friday, and Saturday evenings.

Ignatius Donnelly, will be a candidate before the December meeting of the State Farmers' Alliance for President of that body. Mr. Donnelly has done good work for the farmers in times past and amply deserves consideration. We are of the opinion that Mr. Donnelly will get the majority of the votes in this county.

FOR A LIMITED TIME
I WILL SELL AT THE
Astonishing Low Prices,
BELOW MENTIONED.



Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.

Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.

Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.

Silver Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50
Silver Pickle castor only, - - $1:15
Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3.80 per dozen

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

FOR ALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Douglas County News: -Last Thursday forenoon three prisoners escaped from the Douglas county jail while Deputy Lundgren was getting in wood and had the outer door open. They watched their chance and while the deputy was at the woodpile they opened the inner door with a wooden key and slipped out. By the time he discovered their escape they had a start of from ten to fifteen minutes. They were brought here from Crookston to await trial there. A reward of $75 has been offered by Sheriff De Frate for the capture of all of them or $25 for each. There names are Wm. Mc. Donough alias John Conners, James Hickey and Thomas Kelly.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

SPRING SMILES!

Upon the Well Wintered Farm.

"How to Preserve the Season's Crop," "Butter Making in Winter," "When Shall We Sell," "How to Feed in Winter," "Keep the Animals Growing," "Sheep Farming," "Why I Raise Swine," "Does Poultry Pay," "Shall We Use Blooded Sires," "The Horse Market," "My First Experience with the Silo," "My First Fruit and Vegetable Garden," "Why I Don't Leave the Farm," "The Wasteful Wife," "Our Country Roads," "Are Bees Worth their Keep," "Minnesota an Apple State," "Notes Obtained by Fraud," "The Stranger's Promise," "Are Politicians Our Friends," "What Should the Teacher Be," "How I Preserve Meats," "When to Buy Seeds," "The Boy Mechanic," "A Quarrelsome Family," "Fighting Animals," "My Early Mistakes," "Shall We Heed the Experience of Others."

These are only a few of the subjects to be found in forthcoming numbers of

FARM, STOCK AND HOME,
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The most popular and reliable semi monthly Agricultural journal published.

Edited by S. M. OWEN, assisted by scores of practical farmers, stockmen, dairymen, poultrymen, apiarists, gardeners, fruit growers, housewives, etc., etc.

Every number contains sixteen to twenty pages of 64 to 80 columns, printed from clear, new type, on fine, white book paper.

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DON'T PASS THIS OFFER.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND.

TEACHING FOREIGNERS.

A Business College has great advantages over other schools for teaching Germans Scandinavians and other foreigners.

Of course, business is done in this country very differently from the way it is done in the old country, and a young man who has been in America only a few years cannot understand what is needed in business here, unless somebody teaches him. If he goes into a store, no one there has the time to teach him. So the best place to learn how business is done is in a college.

In our school he can learn how to read and write the English language correctly, and prepare himself to conduct his own business affairs successfully.

Our teachers will do all they can to help along those who do not know our language very well, and every student receives personal, and individual instruction.

Our foreign students generally make as good progress as our American students.

There is a great demand in business for young men who can speak the German or Scandinavian languages, so our foreign students have no trouble in getting work when they finish our course of study.

J. B. LANIGAN, Principal.
R. S. Knudson, Sec.

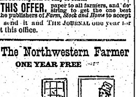
For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

A three months scholarship in Prof J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

The Northwestern Farmer
ONE YEAR FREE



MR. MCKINLEY:—"How are you to-day, Uncle Sam?"
UNCLE SAM:—"Miserable! That last dose was a leetle mite too strong for me I'm afraid."
ALLIANCE FARMER:—"Yes, and when the medicine begins to work, you will feel worse. We have decided to change doctors for you, and will then see if anything can be done to cure you."

REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul.

(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)

The publisher of the NORTHWESTERN FARMER will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul, Minn.

THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

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Bear in mind that there is no Life Insurance company called "The New York Mutual Life" and that there is no Life Insurance Company chartered by the State of New York, authorized to use the word MUTUAL in its title except THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. McCURDY,
PRESIDENT.

ROBERT A. GRANNISS,
VICE-PRESIDENT.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 20th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on Jan 6th, 1891, viz: Joseph L. Thomas, D. S. No. 11,528, for the nw¼ Sec. 15 Township 149, R. 41. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Ohles, of Tilden, Minn., Frank G. Horton, of Godfrey, Minn., Alfred Wade, of Tilden, Minn Arthur Adams, of Godfrey, Minn.

[32-37] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

I. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON;
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - - MINN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout. I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

Eli Steenerson
Represents
THE LEADING
INSURANCE
COMPANIES.
FORTIER BLOCK,
CROOKSTON. - MINN.

Baker Can't get There.

Mankato Free Press.

Our Democratic contemporaries need lose no unnecessary sleep in trying to dig out some sort of an excuse on which General Baker can contest Congressman Lind's seat. He will not be able to get there. And, besides the General would feel awfully "shaky" to go before a party whose leaders had voted him "unfit to hold office under the United States Government," after the people had passed on his case in a free election when every man had been permitted to cast his ballot according to the dictates of his own conscience and had that ballot fairly counted.

The Alliance's Function.

The Chicago News.

There is no doubt that the influence of the farmers upon future national and state legislation will be greater when the old parties have learned the lesson that the party fetich will not be blindly followed any longer. As a balance wheel, courted by both political parties, the independent voters, including the agriculturist, will accomplish more than if they created a new party of their own.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

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A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

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TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
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"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment." Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nitrogen magnetized; and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 5000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 5000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team. with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA.

A Tariff on Fish.

And you can't charge this to the McKinley Bill, but simply and solely to John Lathrop, late secretary of the State Farmers' Alliance. In the Great West, during the campaign, Dr. Fish went for John red-hot, whereupon John, after the election, hauled the doctor up before a magistrate and he was taxed $100. No McKinleyism about that.

As To Beet Sugar.

Prairie Farmer.

The Prairie Farmer has kept its readers fully informed as to the status of the manufacture of beet sugar in the United states for the last twenty five years, including the failures at Chatsworth, Ill., Fond du Lac, Wis., the attempts in New Jersey, in New England States and in California. It is not necessary here to recapitulate reasons why all these enterprises, except one in California, failed. The first and great Napolen may well be called the father of beet-sugar making. He fostered the enterprise in France. To day more than two thirds of all commercial sugar made in the world is beet sugar made in Europe. Many, perhaps all, European governments now exact a tax of five dollars per ton on the beets raised. Not over twelve tons per acre is sought to be growing, since large beets do not contain so high a per cent of sugar as beets of about three quarters of a pound each. On the basis of twelve tons of beets per acre the tax the European governments exact is about sixty dollars per acre.

Last spring a company was formed, as stated by us at the time, to build a factory at Grand Island, Nebraska. The editor of the Prairie Farmer stated after the Chatsworth failure, from his personal knowledge of soils, that the trans-Mississippi country would be the region both for sorghum and cane sugar. This statement has now been verified. The factory, as stated in these columns a month ago, was turning out pure sugar—what chemists call sucrose—in large quantities. The enthusiasm is of course great and, we believe, well founded. Already South Dakota, as well as points in Nebraska, are moving in the direction of the manufacture of beet sugar. There is one thing, however, to be remembered in this connection. It is this: Do not locate a factory where there is not a good supply of living water. It takes at least fifteen cubic feet of water per minute to supply the waste of a large factory. We have now restated some principal facts from our personal knowledge of the manufacture. In answer to a letter, we have received a communication which shows that the factory at Grand Island has a capacity of 350 tons of beet per day, which gives 275 barrels of pure, granulated, refined sugar per day. The size of the main factory is one hundred feet wide, three hundred feet long fifty-eight feet high, besides the other buildings covering several acres of ground. The steam battery has twelve fine boilers each eight feet in diameter, the engines aggregating twelve hundred-horse power. The history of the Grand Island enterprise, as given us, is as follows:

"After three years of extensive, careful and expensive experiments in growing sugar beets, under the directions of an expert German chemist who had made the subject his life study, it was demonstrated beyond a doubt that the altitude, bright, dry atmosphere and pecular soil in the immediate vicinity of Grand Island, were conditions extremely favorable to the successful cultivation of the sugar beet. Efforts made for years and continued without success, were now renewed with redoubled energy to induce capital to invest in the manufacture of beet sugar at this place. The attention of Mr. H. T. Oxnard, a sugar refiner of large experience, backed with unlimited capital, was at last attracted. Mr. Oxnard had been investigatigating the beet sugar industry for years and had alredy visited and re-visited every country on the globe where the conditions for growing sugar beet were supposed to be favorable. Negotiations with him were at once begun, looking to the erection of a factory which would be not only one of the largest but the most complete and perfect establishment in the world for making sugar from beets. Ground for the erection of this immense plant was broken in December, 1889, and the work was pushed as fast as men and money could do it—from two hundred to four hundred men having been directly employed since that time.

"The machinery (excepting only the boillers and numerous vats and tanks of steel) was purchased in France and Germany and erected under the personal supervision of a number of experts from those countries. Some idea of the magnitude of this factory can be formed when it is known that one hundred and thirty-six car loads of machinery, or three trains of forty-five loaded cars each, have been received and put in place in the main building. Employment is furnished directly and indirectly to more than one thousand persons during the campaign, and the product of three thousand acres of beets has been found inadequate to supply the demands of the factory. Six car loads of coal and limestone are consumed daily."

The sample of sugar received by us is first class in every respect except that the granulation is rather finer than usually seen. The crystal, however, can be produced large or small at the will of the operator of the vacuum pans. There seems now no doubt of the great success of this enterprise that may eventually make the West the first sugar producing country in the world. We learn that the success of the factory is so pronounced that steps have already been taken to double its capacity for next season's crop, and to insure the cultivation of at least ten thousand acres of beets in the immediate locality.

In addition to this, numerous factories will be erected at convenient distances from Grand Island, for the manufacture of raw sugar to be refined at the Grand Island refinery, or to extract the juice from the beets and ship it there in tanks for manufacture.

In conclusion we may say that the present season in Nebraska has proved to be the driest known for seventeen years, and some farmers failed to raise not only corn and small grains in paying quantities, but beets as well. Many, however, have raised crops which show a net profit of from $20 to $60 per acre. Of course the farmers in that vicinity are jubilent over the situation, and The Prairie Farmer congratulates them upon the present successful outlook.

Greater Then Their Creators.

St. Paul Dispatch.

If the report be true that the Rockefellers have secured control of the Northern Pacific railroad, and are about to engage themselves, in conjunction with Mr. Gould, in the control of railroad property throughout the country, the circumstance but affords another illustration of how the creature may be made to surpass the creator. All that the Rockefellers are, and that the Standard Oil trust is, they have been made through the agency of the railroads, which have discriminated against the people in the interest of those monopolists.

It is, perhaps, reasonable and proper to denounce the public policy which would favor the ownership of the railroads by the state. But when such circumstances as this, which show clearly how public interests have been prostituted for the enormous gain of individuals, are constantly coming to light in connection with railway administration, it can hardly be said to be surprising that so large a proportion of the American people are daily approaching the condition of mind which looks to state ownership as the only means of solving the railway problem.

The Rockefellers and the Goulds and the rest of the monopolists are loudest about these times in their denunciation of farmers' alliances and other such manifestations of socialism, yet it requires not a great deal of knowledge, nor a very extensive recollection, to be able to identify them as the chief agents in the growth of such organizations. The tendency toward concentration in industrial life is more clearly shown in recent developments in the ownership of railroad property than in any other way. But from present indications these recent developments are but a step. Whether the end of the journey will be reached when the state has owned the railroads which are now passing into the hands of a few men, it would be difficult to say; but if such be the ultimate outcome the responsibility will lie at the doors of the Goulds and the Rockefellers, and those other creations of a corrupt and dishonest use of public agencies for private emolument.

The Plaindealer—: Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, is doing considerable work in the interest of sugar beet culture in his State. He invites all interested to talk over the matter with him at the different towns he visits. We are reminded Senator Pierce might help his chances to another term by working up the sugar interest in this State. If the enterprise is practical, and it would seem it must be, the work is important enough to engage any man's attention.

Prinseton Union:—More surprising than all else was the result in the Fifth district, when Sol. Comstock was laid out by Kittel Halvorsen. Of all the members of the Minnesota delegation Comstock was the most persistent and hard working. He probably did not miss four days in attendance upon the congressional session of the house. He was always at his committee meetings, and unliring in his work. He was instrumental in securing for his district nearly $800,000 in appropriations to be expended in various portions of the northern part of Minnesota. The feature about these appropriations is that the money will be expended directly among the people, and the improvements made will be for the benefit of the people as well. It could have been nothing more or less than the fact that Comstock supported the McKinley bill.

The Plaindealer:—S. M. Owen, who got 50,000 votes for Governor of Minnesota, has some excellent ideas and his counsel will be of value to the Alliance. He thinks the legislature should act with great care, pass but few laws, reduce expenses where it can justly be done, guard against dislike of old parties to influence them to pass any retaliatory act. Mr. Owen favors changing the Alliance name to make it more comprehensive, and thinks the party will have a ticket in the field in 1892. Mr. Owen seems to be very modest in expressing his views, is not in any sense a "boss." We notice some paper has brought him out for President. The farmers might select a worse man but the chances are they will not name a better one.

For the Mill Bosses.

Chicago Tribune.

The duties on wool and woolens were advanced and for one of two reasons—to raise revenue or to promote certain American industries. Nobody claims it was for the first, for the bill was one to lessen, not to increase revenue. All its friends asserted that it was for the second. They claim to have put up the duties on wool to promote the interests of sheep growers who were being harmed they said, by Australian and Argentine competion. They said they put up the duties on manufactured woolen goods of all kinds because they had advanced those on raw wool, and also because the manufacturer was unable at the present rates to compete successfully with his European competitor. In other words, as it was going to cost the American more to manufacture goods than the European, duties must be raised so as to enable the former to sell his dearer goods. If it is not meant to advance prices, what is it for? How are the raw materials of the manufacturer to be made dearer and his selling prices to remain unaltered?

Gould's Grip.

St. Paul Daily News.

In spite of the denials to the contrary, the indications are that, through the Rockefellers, Jay Gould has secured a sufficient interest in the Northern Pacific to dictate its policy.

It does not appear that he proposes to antagonize Mr. Villard, or make radical changes, as in the case of the Union Pacific, where President Adams is to be deposed, but he proposes to control and regulate the business of all the trans-continenal lines.

In the recent great shrinkage of values in railroad stock, Mr. Gould is credited with having secured at least a sufficient interest to dictate the policy of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Northern Pacific and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.

These, with the lines already in his possession gives him the control of at least 40,000 miles of railroad property, a mileage twice as great as that of either France or Great Britain making him the greatest railroad potentate in the world.

The concentration of such vast interests in the hands of one man, and he thoroughly unscrupulous, is a menace to the interests of the people.

That he will use his power for his own interests, goes without saying, and that his interests are counter to those that are the public's is equally apparent.

Matters are approaching a gigantic trust, covering all the railroads in the country, and the concentration of all the trans-continental lines in the hands of one man is a long step in that direction.

Eli Perkins on Wheat.

Minneapolis Journal.

Eli Perkins figures that two years wheat will be worth $1 a bushel in this country. This raise in values will be accomplished by the culling off of the 60,000,000 bushels surplus wheat now raised, which is exported. The raising of beets for sugar, flax for linen and sheep, he declares, will withdraw a large acreage now devoted to wheat. Then the 20 cent penalty on Canadian wheat is bound, so he says, to remove the competition of cheap Manitoban grain. Wheat is worth $1,25 a bushel as a food product, says Eli, and ought to fetch that much money.

Among our Exchanges.

Mankato Register.

Hon. S. M. Owen, editor of Farm, Stock and Home, and late Alliance nominee for Governor, has unlimited reason to feel proud of the run he made. It was little less than miraculous when all the circumstances are estimated. Mr. Owen had none of the three great essentials to the successful conduct of a political campaign, viz: Party organization, newspaper support and money. His party organization was in a deplorable shape. Instead pulling unitedly for Mr. Owen's success, the State committee was conducting a Killkenny cat fight wherein charges of every conceivable nature were hurled back and forth between the opposing factions while Mr. Owen was conducting his canvass unaided and alone. Then, the only paper in the state which professed to be an Alliance organ, the Great West, opposed Mr. Owen by insinuation and hints at post-election attacks. On top of this, he had no means with which to pay legitimate assistance in his canvas. The Alliance party has great reason to feel proud of Mr. Owen because of his clean, dignified manhood and because of his commendable campaign methods. The Register differs with Mr. Owen, diametrically on the great campaign issue, the tariff, but regardless of this, it can see in him one of the most brilliant men in the state.

Sleepy Eye Herald:—Now that the smoke of battle has cleared away, we can impartially review the field and calmly reflect upon the results. Never in the history of the state has there been such a determined effort on the part of the people to rid themselves of party tyranny. The Alliance had no campaign fund; no boodle. If we had money we would not have used it. With few exceptions the press was against us. The politicians were not with us. As a political organization the Alliance in this state is not a year old; yet, in the next legislature, we shall hold the balance of power. Had Owen received the support from cities that he did from the rural districts, Merriam would not be our next governon.

Our munitions of war were not directed against old party organizations. We confined ourselves to the agitation of the issues which were involved in the campaign. By the agitation of these issues old parties were weakened. In every case the party which is in power suffered the worst. The success of the Alliance party is due to its ability to deal with the question which agitates the public mind.

If the past campaign has done nothing else it has taught the people their strength. It was originated, not to advance the selfish ends of a few, but was born of necessity.

As a political organization the Alliance ought to have a wide signification. It should include not only the farmer, but all whose interests are identical with his. I hope to see in '92 a national party in whose ranks there shall be producer and consumer laboring together for the triumph of the same political measures.

The Alliance was never stronger and yet we were never in more danger. There are those who would gather the seeds of discord and contention among us. Not a few who would greatly rejoice if the Farmers Alliance were dissolved into petty antagonistic factions.

The capitalists are alarmed and will make a tremendous struggle. Our present achievement will be wrested from us unless maintained by eternal vigilance.

We recognize no defeat. Already the campaign of 92 has begun. We must succeed. The Alliance must be pushed into every township of the state. Organization is the watchword. Let us not cease our labors until victory crowns our efforts.

A. D. Stewart.

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West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc.	9:00 "
6:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:53 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
2:33 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
South Line.		
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:35 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.
North Line.		
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.
Fosston Line. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.		
	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.		
	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

Justice and Union.

The Farmers' Alliance to Obtain the One By Means of the Other.

KANSES CITY, Nov. 12.-In its issue of this week the Farmers' Advocate, the official paper of the Farmers' Alliance or people's party of Kansas, has the following to say of the future of the party:

"Weshall at once commence to marshal the hosts of the people for the conflict of 1892. In this work there are many prejudices to overcome. Sectional lines must be abolished. Interests which are identical must be brought together and the combined forces of the agricultural classes must be consolidated against the forces of the corporations, monopolies, trusts, syndicates and monied aristocrats who have for years feasted upon the substance of the people. When we say these forces are to be marshaled against the oppressors of the people, we do not mean that the injustice which has characterized the corporate power of America is to be returned in kind. The people simply ask for justice-that alone, and that, by the eternal, they will have. The coming contest, therefore, will not take place between the Northern and Southern sections of our country. The interests of the people of the West and South are identical and their political forces must be consolidated against the power of corporate greed. We may as well recognize this fact now as to permit our prejudices to postpone the day of its recognition. The professional politicians of both parties, both North and South, who have devoted their lives so assiduously to the promotion of corporate interests, recognize that this union of the two sections is the great danger that threatens the power of monopoly and they therefore constantly aim to keep alive the prejudices that have estranged them only to prey upon them and to maintain their political supremacy by their alienation. It has been and is the holy mission of the Farmers' alliance to subdue this sectional prejudice. It is full time for this nation to become united. Did the hosts of the army in blue face shot and shell to maintain and perpetuate a more perfect Union or to divide the nation into contending sections? If the former, let us see to it that those who fell did not perish in vain. Let us see to it that those of their comrades who survive may live to see a country redeemed and its liberties restored. Down with all sectional lines! Away with all sectional prejudices! Let the fires of patriotism that still burn in the hearts of the people, consume the prejudices of the past. Let one flag float over us and one spirit so perfectly pervade our hearts that we shall be able and willing to stand shoulder to shoulder in the great army that must be making lasting conquest of the host of corporate greed that are fattening upon the stolen substance of the people."

Fiat Money Fiat Millionaires.

Farm, Stock and Home.

If there is any one thing that those who rule over us seems to stand it holier horror of than any other thing it is "fiat money"; money that is created by legislative fiat, like the old "greenbacks," for instance. But our rulers have no sort of horror of, but, on the contrary, apparently have the profoundest admiration for fiat millionaires and the legislative fiats that make them both possible and plenty. It is not the impending fear of fiat money but the present fear of fiat millionaires that should most concern the industrial workers of this country. The fiat millionaire produces no wealth, is in no sense a useful member of socity. He simply absorbs the earnings of productive industry, and returns to that industry no recompense whatever. When he amasses a million he must literally rob of every cent they posses over a thousand of his fellow citizens, for he has added nothing to the country's wealth, and that wealth averages less than a thousand dollers to each inhabitant. The fiat millionaire enters into combine and monopolist of all sorts, uses them as channels upon which to float fiat stocks—without any referance to the absence of security behind them—that become fiat drafts on productive industry for amounts regulated only by greed on one side and ability to pay on the other. Against the first methods and fiat results herewith alluded to no protest is ever uttered by our law givers, but the mere suggestion of fiat money throws them into a cold sweat of apprehension.

If a man could become a millionaire only through legetimate means, as a great merchant does, for instance, who does not try to eliminate competition from trade, but possesses a genius for money-making in spite of it, no fault would be found with millionaires, and no harm would come from them; for, in the first place, they would be too few in number to cut any figure in the general distribution of wealth; and, in the second place, such men give a recompense to the community for the wealth they absorb, by narrowing the margin of profit between producer and consumer, accumulating their wealth through the magnitude of a business done on a small percentage of profit. To such fortune makers there is no industrial antagonism; and strangely enough, for such fortune-makers our rulers have no sympathy. Special legislation, or the absence of legislation, is always in the interest of those who have not the genius to make money ligitimately, and so must be aided either by the co-operation or non-interference of law makers.

It is not fortune making in the abstract that wealth producers antagonize, but the illegitimate and oppressive methods employed in making the fortunes; it is not capital in the abstract, but the use of capital as a political power to multiply itself without adding to the general store of wealth that is objected to.

If there were no fiat millionaires and no fiat method of making them, there would be no popular clamor for fiat money. If every other business interest had a foundation of undoubted security, then such a foundation for our circulating medium might with propriety be insisted upon. But while billions of dollars worth of airy nothings are drawing heavy tributes from productive industry the clamor for a circularing medium with an equally visionary foundation will never cease. If fiat money is such a dreadful thing it would be wise to remove the causes that create the demand for it.

"Curiosity and Experiment."

"For it has been solemnly resolved, malpractice is a great misdemeanor and offence at common law, whether it be for curiosity and experiment, or by neglect, because it breaks the trust which the party had placed in his physician, and tends to the patient's destruction."

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The Rocky Mountain Grass Hopper

Editor Farm, Stock and Home.

Having reciveda number of letters from the Red River Valley, all describing the actions of a large swarm of locusts coming from the northwest and, passing over Crookston on the 16th of August, I deem it of great importance to obtain all the possible information from farmers who live in the invaded region and who are naturally most concerned. A number of specimens received from Crookston show that two species of locusts are concerned, viz: the Two Striped Locust and the Minor Locust, both are injurious, both are native species, which occur in large or smaller numbers every season. One specimen, however, received from Mr. McGrew, looks very much like the genuine Rocky Mountain species, but was too much mutilated to show a positive identification. As it is very important to know the real facts in the case, I ask person living in the region between Crookston and Fosston to send me specimens of the suspected insect, and any other information, such as time of appearance, direction of flight, and whether any eggs have been deposited or not. OTTO LUGGER.

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UNDER-CONSUMPTION.

The National Economist.

The writer has from time to time urged upon the readers of this paper that the argument of over-production by agriculturist was false and erroneous. It was maintained that we are not being impovershed by superbundance of life's necessities, but by the inability of the great mass of urban population to pay for a normal ration. In the November issve of The True Commonwealth Professor Ely has an article entitled "Farmers and Natural Nonopolies," showing how farmers are directly interested in the prospeity of urban communities. The professor shows that existing conditions have so impaired the purchasing power of the natural consumers of farm products that "thousands and hundreds of thousands do not consume a sufficient amount of agricultural product to satisfy their rational wants." "Widely diffused prosperity," continued the learned professor, "will increase the consumption, even of staples like wheat, corn, and potatoes, and still more of products like meat and fruits of all kinds." Our readers will not fail to recognize a full endorsement of our arguments in criticism of the political twist given to the statistics of agriculture and the McKinley bill, in these contentions of Professor Ely. Nevertheless we do not believe that Professor Ely, this writer, or anybody else even suspects the actual extent to which the people of the poorer classes in this country are underfed. Farmers themselves, forced to eat what they cannot sell, are to a great extent underfed and insufficiently clothed, being also sorely overworked. Professor Ely is beyond question a very able and a very original thinker, who has already placed the people under lasting obligations for his very honest and very potent efforts in their behalf. In calling attention to the existence of natural monopolies were they were not suspected, and pointing out so forcbly as he has done the duty of government to control and administer them on behalf of the people, he has done the people and the institutions of this country a greater service than all the politicians since George Washington. We hear said much of "the scholar in politics." The mere scholar in politic, or in anything else except scholarship, amounts to naught. It is the thinker, not the scholar; or better. the scholar who is also a thinker, who is needed.

Such a one is Professor Ely, and such another is Hon. William S. Wilson. Reverting to the question in hand we say again what we have already said repeatedly. That the surplus products of agriculture are withheld from the hungry people and accumulated by speculators, in elevators, in order to force a rise by cornering the markets for the food supplies of the people. In the accomplishment of these villiainies, these millionaires, aided and abetted by the people's government perverted from its natural uses and functions by the politicians growing richer and richar, are soon to become billionaires: while the people starve and die in the midst of plenty which they, underfed and overworked, produce in vain. We say starve and die not as a mere extravagance of speech. How much the death rate, is increased among a populace overworked and underfed, and insufficiently clothed and unfitly housed, who shall say? Oh, ye speculators in the bread of the people. Millionaires, the most of you also thieves and plunderers of the needy and helpless! Oh, ye politicians, corrupt and venal, who pervert the people's government from its natural uses and functions, ye are those murderers who kill the poor, who have no covering from the cold, and whom their government has left defenceless.

Our Currency.

The Western Rual.

There is a very deep conspiracy against the people, underlying the strange policy of the government in the matter of keeping the treasury crammed with unused money and also under every scheme that may be proposed to get rid of it, except in payment of the public debt. It ought to be known by everybody that under the present financial influences which are exerted upon the general government the public debt never be paid and cannot be paid. If the United States had to-day money enough to pay off every dollar of its indebtedness the debt would not be paid, even if every bond was due. That would mean the end of every national bank, and who supposes that will the people of this country permit a few to run things to suit themselves, that the national banks will permit themselves to be wiped out of existence. Nor can we have them wiped out of existence, with no other legislation then we have. Our circulating medium is principally the national bank currency, We now have this incubus fastened upon us, and until we have new legislation, it is the best thing we can have.

We must have a circulating medium, and until we have a Congress that can see an inch beyond its nose, and consequently see that a bank note for which the government is responsible, might just as well be issued by the government direct, as to be first issued by it to a corporation, and then by the corporation to the public, we shall have nothing else to do than to submit to the, national bank system. Consequently as long as we elect a Congress that is thus stupid, we are virtually advocates of the perpetuation of the public debt. We must have money; except as to the comparatively few greenbacks in circulation the national currency is our principal circulating medium; hence we must have national banks, and hence we must have a national debt. That is the whole case in a nut shell. Every one of us who votes for a candidate for Congress who will not work and vote to put an end to this piece of financial stupidity, votes to perpetuate the debt. Many people do not understand this. But when the people clearly realize that the national debt is the basis of the national banking system, they will see what utter folly it is to advocate the system, unless they are among those who believe a public debt to be a public blessing.

We think, too, that many people permit themselves to be blinded in this matter by their prejudice against what is popularly called Greenbackism. They say they cannot be greenbackers. No one in advocating the abolishment of the national banking system asks them to be such except so far as they are already. Every man who champions the national banks as they now are is just as much an advocate of the government issuing our circulating medium as he would be if he advocated that it be issued directly by the government. The government is at the back of the national banking system. It guarantees the redemption of every bank bill in circulation. And what does it agree to redeem them with? Greenbacks. And it agrees to redeem the Greenbacks in coin. The holder of the bank note, therefore, can get gold or silver, if he perseveres. A more bungling system could not be very well devised. Is there any reason why this circulating medium should not be wholly greenbacks, and the government directly responsible as it is now indirectly, for their redemption, and be bound to redeem its paper without the holder first exchanging a bank note for a greenback—as is now likely to be the case—and then having to present the greenback for redemption? Certainly such a currency would be as sound as a currency could be, and all the banks we should have would be banks of deposit, depending upon their own credit for business. It must be remembered that the present national banking system is no safe-guard to depositors. If the bank fail, depositors have no claim upon the government. Hence a private bank is just as safe as a national bank, and the private banks of Chicago do just as large a business as any of the national banks.

[First publication Nov. 20th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Nov. 13th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Olaf A. Wig, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Nels K. Anderson, administrator of the estate of Olaf A. Wig, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 16th day of December, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:

[31-33] C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

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U. S. LAND OFFICE. Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890. Complaint having been entered at this office by August Klimann against Amasa Stewart Thompson, for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 2,764, dated Sept. 26th, 1882, upon the e½ sw¼ and lots 6 and 7, Section 6, Township 147, Range 46, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Amasa Stewart Thompson and his heirs have wholly failed to break, cultivate or plant to trees, tree seeds or cuttings any of said land since date of entry, and that there are now no trees, tree seeds or cuttings standing or growing thereon except about 40 acres of natural growth of small poplar and willows, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 20th day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[30-35] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890. Complaint having been entered at this office by Louis P. Bramstess against Peter G. Allison, deceased, or his heirs, for abandoning homestead entry No. 11,173, dated May 25th, 1885, upon the nw¼ (Sec. 20) Section 20, Township 152, Range 42, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

30-35] [illegible] ter.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Com'r.

D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, DECEMBER 4, 1890. NO. 33.

Polk County Journal,

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
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ALMOST READY.

We have our list almost ready to begin sending out a statement of subscription account to those who are in arrears. While many of those have cheerfully responded to our request for settlement this fall, yet many have failed to do so—too many for one to carry over, and with a good crop and fairly good prices all should be able to make a settlement this fall, and we very much need the money due us. As an inducement for all in arrears to pay up now we will make this offer: To all who will pay up before January 15th, 1891, we will accept pay at the rate of $1.50—just the same as though paid in advance. That is, we will throw off fifty cents for each and every year that your subscription is in arrears. Let every one now make an effort to put his subscription ahead a year. We know you would do it if you understood thoroughly what a difference this makes to us. A list of 2,000 subscribers is not an easy matter for the average country newspaper to handle if each and every one should allow his subscripton to drag along a year or so. Many seem to appreciate this fact and have chipped in their little mite. We want to see every one do so, and this will furnish us with the wherewithal to make such a paper as we would like to. We are anxious to make several important improvements that we do not dare to go in debt for, and need not, if all would cheerfully pay up and one year in advance. Since we commenced upon our list very many have called and settled—we wish every one would, so that we should not be obliged to send out a single statement. That would be exceedingly pleasant for us. We do not like to go to that expense and trouble, but are obliged to unless the accounts are settled before.

REMEMBER YOUR FRIENDS.

That is one way for the Alliance to win recognition for the farmer. That is one of the strongest levers used by the monopolist and farmers can use it to excellent advantage. For instance, suppose they give their patronage only to such business houses as are in sympathy with and doing all they can to obtain a free and open wheat market? How long would it be before every business man would be on their side and support their cause? Crookston business men, in the last election showed that they are in sympathy with the object the alliance is striving to obtain by casting a good majority for the alliance candidate for governor. And they are showing their interest in the upbuilding of this country by selling their goods at as close figures as the same class of goods can be had anywhere. As a rule, they deserve the patronage of the people who need their help just as much as they do yours. The interests of the true business man and the farmer are wholly identical. Both are striving to make an honest profit and both are mutually interested in the upbuilding of the country. Working together they can make a grand success.

Every true friend of THE JOURNAL can help on the good cause by sending us one more subscriber. If every one should do this that would double our list and our opportunity for good. Try it, friends, and let us go into the next campaign with every man in Polk County on our list.

If any of our readers have failed to get satisfactory profits from horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, bees, fruits, grain or vegetables, they should commence at once and read every number of Farm, Stock and Home during the coming year. If ordered in connection with this paper its cost will not be felt.

A CRISIS.

Western Rural.

The election is over and the result is recorded. The people have protested against what they believed to be the injustice of the new tariff schedule and against the conditions which seemingly lead to less and less prosperity on the part of the masses. The farmer was the chief factor in the political revolution. He broke away from partizan restraint and voted, as he believed, in his own interests. As there are but two principal parties, the defeat of one is popularly regarded as the success of the other. But The Rural does not believe that such a landslide as that which occurred at the last election, means or was intended to mean the defeat or success of either of the great parties. It was simply an independent movement on the part of the people. Either party can win the approbation of the people if it will do the right thing by the people, and any political party that does not do that deserves defeat and oblivion. It is possible, too, that the people may have been misled in regard to some supposed causes of dissatisfaction. But they were not misled in regard to the general condition of affairs. They could not help knowing—for a bitter experience had taught them—that the great industry of agriculture was being ground into the dust, and it was pardonable for the farmer to strike in the hope of bettering his condition.

But the success of the farmer at the polls will have a tendency to produce a crisis in his affairs and especially his organizations—through which he was enabled to do what he did do at the election—if the men who have been elected by his vote are not exceedingly careful. The strongest chord that binds the average man is the chord of partisanship He is often a slave to party when he does not realize it. He may break away from party rule for the moment, but when the claims of party are made afterwards, he may readily go back to the ranks of the organization in which he has served so long and to him so pleasantly. Now the successful farmer candidates for our legislatures were elected partly by the votes of the farmers who belonged to the party which was opposed to that to which the candidate always belonged. These men of opposite political views were honestly independent at least in thousands of instances. They did not cherish the slightest thought that they were voting into power the party to which they had always been opposed. They voted, as they believed, for the best interests of the farming community. Already the popular claim that one party has succeeded and that the other has been defeated—made, as we have already said, because the people sort of take it for granted that the defeat of one party means the success of the other—is frightening a good many farmers who have always belonged to the defeated party and they are half regretting that they voted as they did. We are receiving many letters expressing the fear that the writers have been deceived; and if the men whom the independent farmer vote elected to office, follow the beck and call of either political party, the farmers' organization will probably be ruined and the farmers' movement put back many years. Whenever these farmer members of the Legislature have the balance of the power there will be no excuse whatever for permitting themselves to be tied to either party, like the tail to the kite. They can dictate the policy of the legislature of which they are members, and if they have the true interest of the farmer at heart they will do it.

Where United States Senators are to elected by such legislatures, these farmer members should demand the selection of their own candidate. Of course the senator will have to come from one party or the other but these independent members should insist that a man be selected who is in full sympathy with the farmer. That will give the farmers of all parties confidence in independent political movement and the farmers' organizations will grow more rapidly than they have ever grown, and instead of having a few real farmers in our legislature, with sympathy for their class, we shall in time have our legislatures largely composed of such men and our legislation will be greatly improved. A vast deal of responsibility rests upon the men who have been elected as independent candidates. It rests largely with them whether the farmers' movement shall continue to prosper or whether it shall stop just where it is.

What Kittel Halvorson Says.

In an interview with a P. P. reporter, Kittel Halvorson is made to say:

"My tendencies have always been toward the republican party, although I am not favorably inclined toward a high tariff. A time came when I deemed the question of prohibition superior to that of party politics, and I abandoned the republican party.

If I had been a member of the last congress I cannot now say whether or not I would have voted for the McKinley bill. I am not sufficiently acquainted with the McKinley bill to be able to state. I have heard a great deal about it, but I would like to study the measure more before deciding for or against it. If it increases the duties on imports I am opposed to it, and don't think I should have voted for it. The silver question I have not studied.

* * *

I am in favor of the proposition of the Federal government of loaning money to farmers at 2 per cent. interest. It would be of immense benefit to the farmers who have to pay exhorbitant rates of interest upon the money they borrow. I am also favorably inclined toward the sub-treasury scheme, which is that the Federal government establish storehouses throughout the country, where farmers can store their produce and receive in return a negotiable receipt or treasury note for the full market value of their produce. It would be a costly proceeding, however, and would require careful forethought. It is as fair a scheme as the present system of bonded warehouses for the benefit of the whisky dealers.

I also favor government control of railways, it has always been one of my favorite ideas. If we could have the civil service extended to include the railroads, it would, I think, be practicable; but it would be a great injury to the country if the government had control of the railroads and used them as a political machine, appointing the employes for political reasons. I think the civil service might very well be extended to the whole postal service.

* * *

As to the alliance party, I believe it has come to stay. I am extremely anxious to see the alliance, labor and prohibition parties all collected into one third party, having a common platform broad enough for all to stand upon. I shall do what I can to bring this about. It may prove an impossible task, but it is worth trying. I expect the matter will be brought up at the state alliance to be held in St. Paul on Dec. 3d.

I shall go down to Washington early next January and learn my way about. I need scarcely say that I go absolutely unpledged. If I cannot conscientiously enter into caucus with any party I find there, I shall remain out of any caucus. There is no reason I am aware of why I should not be able to participate in the alliance caucus, if such a thing is held. I occupy the peculiar position of being the first congressman who has been nominated by the prohibition party and been elected. The prohibitionists nominated me at their convention held after the alliance convention, not merely endorsing me, and I ran on both tickets."

No farmer in this county should fail to take his local paper and a least one agricultural journal. No matter how many papers he is now getting his list should not be considered complete if it does not contain the JOURNAL and the excellent agricultural paper, the Farm, Stock and Home, published at Minneapolis, Minn, both of which can be had one year for the small sum of $1,50.

The Alliance Programme.

Measures to Be Agitated to Relive the present Stringency.

St. Paul Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Congressman Pierce, of Tennessee, is the first of the Farmers' Alliance members to come to Washington. He says that he thinks the alliance intends to advocate measures calculated to loosen the stringency in money matters. They believe, he says, that the existing stringency should be relieved, and that congress has the power to do it. The sub-treasury, or something that will in effect accomplish the same end, will be urged, Mr. Pierce says, unless the tightness in money is relieved.

Minneapolis Times:—The politicians of the Fifth district seem to relish the result of the late election less than those in any other section of the state. The election of Kittle Halverson to congress over Hon. S. G. Comstock and Hon. A. J. Whiteman, was the last thing that the political seers of either party expected. The republicans feared that he might cut into Comstock's vote enough to elect Whiteman, and made their fight with that possibility in view, the democrats holding to the same opinion and encouraging Halverson's candidacy as much as possibility. Neither party, however, ever dreamed of the possibility of his election. It is well-known that Mr. Halverson hesitated for a long time before accepting the nomination of the alliance and a prominent Fifth district democrat is authority for the statement that he was on the point of withdrawing after Whiteman had been nominated by the democrats, and to prevent Whiteman advancing him a considerable sum of money, estimated at about $800, with which to defray the expenses of the campaign. At that time this was considered by all democrats a good investment, and one which would materially aid Whiteman in his canvass, if it kept Halvorson in the race. It was also claimed that Mr. Whiteman fully expected to be elected, and that he expended an immense amount of money in conducting his canvass, which was probably the most thorough ever made by a democrat in the Fifth district. There was one circumstance about Mr. Whiteman's campaign which was unfortunate, and that was that it was not in thorough harmony with the state campaign. The democratic state central committee never felt satisfied that Mr. Whiteman took as much interest in the success of the democratic party as he ought to have done. Some of the members went so far as to charge him with willful neglect of the interests of the state ticket and with being responsible for the defeat of Judge Wilson by sacrificing the interests of the party as a whole at the altar of his own ambition.

Large and Small Farms.

American Farmer.

The relative profit of large and small farms, says the National Stockman and Farmer, is one of the matters which bids fair to never be thoroughly settled to the satisfaction of everybody. Like the question of deep and shallow plowing, and the best time to spread manure, this is likely to continue to be "vexed." Some of our readers are now discussing it in the Stockman, and with the usual nonclusive result, except so far as defining for each more clearly than before the outcome of own experience and observation. In theory it looks as though if a small farm could be made to pay a large one, with the same outfit of tools, the same management, and the same main buildings to be kept up, would still pay better; and with many men of excellent executive ability it undoubtedly does. On the other hand the smaller farm ought to be and certainly can be better tilled, and is usually made more productive per acre, giving an increased product in proportion to the amount of capital invested, besides requiring less taxes, fencing, etc. The popular idea seems to be that "a little farm well tilled" is about the thing.

We wish every farmer in this county would become a reader of Farm, Stock and Home. Taken in connection with this paper its cost is nominal.

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A Distinctively Northwestern Newspaper.

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Opposed to War Taxation in Time of Peace.

Opposed to the Taxation of the Farmer and Laborer for the Benefit of Monopolies and Trusts.

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Address

THE GLOBE,
St. Paul, Minn.

1891—THE ST. PAUL DAILY NEWS.—1891

Furnishes all the News of the World.

Bright,
Fearless
and
Independent.

Champions the cause of the people independent of the political parties. Opposes monopolies and all public or private robbery by means of unjust tariff or other iniquitous legislation, State or National.

The full reports of legislative proceedings, which the Daily News will supply during the coming session of the Legislature, will alone be worth the cost of a year's subscription.

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One year............................3.00

For 75 cents additional to either a six months or a yearly subscription a complete set of the works of Charles Dickens, eleven volumes, (paper binding) will be sent postage paid.

Send for sample copies of the News.

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NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in Mcinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street

Slightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

☞ Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON

BUSINESS COLLEGE

And Institute of Short Hand,

Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plainand Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, INENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for........................$1.00
Rhadames for........................1.00
Faille Francais for.................1.00
Gros Grain for......................1.00
Satin Luxors for....................1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel....................20 cents.
54 inch Tricot.....................35 "
54 inch Flannel....................45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel..75 "
36 inch Henriettas.................25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for..............30 cents.
" " "..............35 "
" " medicated, for 40 "

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket...........$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket......2 00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "......4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAIN & ANGLIM.

If you are interested in increasing the profits of the farm, read our clubbing offer with Farm, Stock and Home in this issue.

☞ Do not confuse THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, with any other Company of apparently similar name, but less magnitude.

Bear in mind that there is no Life Insurance company called "The New York Mutual Life" and that there is no Life Insurance Company chartered by the State of New York, authorized to use the word MUTUAL in its title except THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. MCCURDY,
PRESIDENT.

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Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

Toledo Weekly Blade.

1891.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

THE most popular Weekly Newspaper in the United States, the largest circulation, and the only strictly Weekly Newspaper that ever succeeded in obtaining and holding, year after year, a circulation in every State and Territory (and nearly every county) of the United States. All the news, better departments and more first-class entertaining and instructive reading than in any other dollar paper published.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW story to commence first of the year, written especially for the Blade by Oliver Optic. "Money Maker Series." A series of special articles on "Side Issues," written for The Blade. Blade China Tea Sets and Dinner Sets given to club-raisers. Send for specimen copy of The Weekly Blade and our interesting announcements for the coming year.

SPECIMENS.

A specimen copy will give you a better idea of The Weekly Blade than any description we can give in an advertisement. We therefore invite everybody to write us for a specimen, which we will cheerfully mail you free; and at the same time please mail us a list of names of your friends and neigbors, and we will also mail them specimens.

CONFIDENTIAL TO AGENTS.

ANYBODY can earn Ten Dollars very quickly by raising clubs for The Blade. We are now paying the highest amount for clubs ever offered by any newspaper. We want agents everywhere. Write us for confidential terms to agents. Address

THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio.

The Northwestern Farmer

ONE YEAR FREE

MR. MCKINLEY:—"How are you to-day, Uncle Sam?"
UNCLE SAM:—"Miserable! That last dose was a leetle mite too strong for me I'm afraid."
ALLIANCE FARMER:—"Yes, and when the medicine begins to work, you will feel worse. We have decided to change doctors for you, and will then see if anything can be done to cure you."

REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul.

(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)

The publisher of the NORTHWESTERN FARMER will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul, Minn.

THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

WE OFFER IT FREE

for one year to all who will pay us one year's subscription to The Polk County Journal.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., DEC. 4, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 78.
1 Northern 74.
2 Northern 69.
3 Northern 67.

Fine weather if it is a bit cold.

Everybody busy courting this week.

Headquarters for farmers at Sture's

Ole Bang is in the city on grand jury duty.

C. C. Knappen goes to Detroit to start a paper.

Peter Lorge was up from Edna on Monday.

The Opera Block is making sewer connections.

Call and fix up that little subscription while in at court.

K. O. Gigstad is in the city from St. Hilaire this week.

The pianist with the Gage-Keene troupe is an A 1 performer.

Remember the alliance meeting next Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A bit of a snow storm on Sunday was a reminder that winter is at hand.

J. C. Mathews is down from St. Hilaire enjoying city life this week.

On dit that Dr. Denniston will go to Salt Lake City next spring, to locate.

John D. Knudson is down from McIntosh this week on Grand Jury duty.

Now is the time to subscribe for THE JOURNAL. Everybody join our family.

Monday morning was said to be the coldest of the season—10 degrees below.

A sleeping beauty at the Opera House on Friday evening caused much amusement.

Mine host Jerome, of the St. Louis, has just received a bran new back. It is a daisy.

O. A. Brown was over from the west end on Monday. Reckon it is courting he is after.

The sound of the merry sleigh bell was heard on Monday for the first time this season.

Gervais, "The Hustler," is offering big drives in fur capes, muffs and boas, to close out.

Eli Steenerson represents the leading insurance companies. See his ad. elsewhere in this issue.

Don't forget the alliance meeting on Saturday next, at 2 o'clock, if you are a member, if not, why not?

Winter cloaks and jackets at a great sacrifice at Gervais' "The Hustler." Now is the time to invest.

Everybody says that Minnesota weather beats the world. What everybody says must be true.

Henry Steege will open his new meat market some day next week. Monday, perhaps.

Try Sture's sweet cider.

Edward Ross, foreman of the Buffington farm, was married on Thanksgiving evening to Miss Etta Freeman, of this city.

The company has not only removed the round house from the street but have placed a watchman at the Robert street crossing.

Sture has a choice lot of fine winter apples for sale cheap. Call before they are all gobbled up.

The Opera Block will soon have its steam-heating apparatus ready for business when the work of finishing can proceed rapidly.

Farmers, if you want bargains, call and see Sture before you purchase.

W. A. Schrieter was down from the Falls last week and dropped in to see THE JOURNAL man to set that subscription ahead a peg.

W. J. Nickles, the rustling pedagogue from Edna, was up on Monday. He talks of renting his farm and taking a trip east for a year or so.

Henry Dickmann was up from St. Paul last week on a visit with relatives and friends. He is at present with Brown, Tracy & Co., St. Paul.

Gervais, "the hustler," has the largest line of hosiery and underwear in the Northwest and his prices the cheapest.

C. Snyder went up to his wood lot in the town of Knute this week for his winter's wood. Thinks he will improve the good weather while it lasts.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs will not be undersold in millinery goods. Remember that and call at her store on Second street, when you want a bargain in that line.

Gordon McGrew returned from the woods last week having killed a fine deer. Says he shall go back when the first snow comes and rake in more of 'em.

Call at Sture's for bargains in dry goods and groceries.

S. W. Vance has returned from his trip to Denver, Colorado. Says the masons were laying brick at a great rate when he left and very warm weather prevailed.

Flannels, Blankets and Comforters, way down to rock-bottom, at Gervais' "The Hustler."

Wm. N. Hanna and Miss Mary Milne were married on Thanksgiving Day at the residence of the bride's parents in Duluth. They were both formerly residents of this city.

A very enjoyable feast was that at the Baptist church on Thanksgiving Day. A large company partook of the many good things and all seemed to enjoy the event hugely.

W. E. Slocum returned from a sad trip to Charles City, Iowa, last week, where he had been summoned to the sick bed of his brother, who died and was buried before W. E. returned.

Among the distinguished strangers in attendance at the Pearl of Savoy, on Friday evening we noticed John Kops, of Grand Forks, A. Gilmour, of McIntosh, and Frank Gravel's jolly laugh.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs desires her lady friends to know that she is better than ever prepared to attend to their wants in millinery and invites their attention to her fine stock. Call at her store on Second street.

John E. Tice was down from Mentor on Tuesday on business connected with the estate of the late Geo. W. Tice. John says that wheat pans out well in his neighborhood and is an extra fine sample.

Sweet potatoes at Sture's.

If every one will take hold with the immigration committee and help along the good work much can be done toward bringing in good farmers to settle upon our fertile acres that are at present unused.

The Grand Jury on Tuesday brought in an indictment against Horace Russell for murder in the first degree. Russell has till Friday to plead or demur. The case may not be taken up inside of two weeks.

A traveling man says: "I have been all over the southern and western states and if I had any money to invest I would rather put it into the farming lands of the Red River Valley than any place else."

Go to Sture's for choice sweet potatoes.

Wheat took an upward tendency after Thanksgiving Day, reaching $1, but falling off one cent on Saturday. It commenced the month with a stronger tendency, but dropped three cents on Wednesday.

A. Sture will pay the highest price for eggs, oats and potatoes. Call and see him if you have a surplus of these articles.

From tillage to market Farm, Stock and Home suggests, directs, cautions and aids the farmer more than any other agricultural paper we know of. We can send it and the JOURNAL one year for only $1,50.

Joseph Murphy was up from Edna this week and dropped in to see THE JOURNAL man and set that little subscription ahead a peg. He says Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Herriott will spend the winter in the east and may remove there.

Farmers, I have had experience enough in your business to know your requirements in merchandise and am prepared to meet them all in the kind, quality and price you desire. Call at Sture's store and see what I can do for you. A. STURE.

Several of the stores in the new Opera Block have been engaged already and will be occupied as soon as completed. This block will be one of the most desirable in the city owing to the steam heating apparatus and other improvements.

Joseph Brewster, of Fisher, gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call on Tuesday. He has a lot of fine stock out at Lambert and will go out there to winter them, and says he must have THE JOURNAL with him in order to keep posted up.

Pure apple cider at Sture's.

P. J. Russel, whose card appears in this issue, is one of our rising young attorneys. Faith, he is a rustler—and that is no pun, either. If you must have anything to do with the law try P. J. a whack, and if it is collecting you are after sure he is the lad for yees.

The Breeders' Gazette, the leading stock paper in the United States, will issue a handsome Christmas number. It will be ready for distribution Dec 17th. Send 20 cents for postage and get this elegant number. Address the J. H. Sanders Publishing Co., 226 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

N. S. Gervais went down to St. Paul last week to select the carpets and furniture for the new Odd Fellow's Hall, and that it will be nobby goes without saying, with such a master hand to make the selection. As a side issue he laid in a supply for the mammoth dry goods house over which he presides.

A. Holmboe was united for life to Miss Julia Narveson, at the residence of the bride's parents, in Erskine, on Thanksgiving Day, by the Rev. C. Saugstad. Mr. H. is one of Crookston's prominent merchants and the bride is not unknown to Crookston society people. THE JOURNAL adds its blessing.

The current number of Farm, Stock and Home Minneapolis, Minn. should be read by every farmer in the State. In fact, for a farmer to miss reading any number of that excellent journal is a misfortune which he can escape almost without money and without price, by taking it in connection with the JOURNAL.

The Fisher Bulletin goes into the hands of the great newspaper absorber—Bierly, of Grand Forks, and will now be a Grand Forks newspaper. You can hardly tell tother from which between that and the G. F. News and the E. G. F. do., as like as peas in the same pod. Col. Starr will wield the editorial quill, and the Col. is an experienced hand.

By its effective efforts in behalf of the agricultural interests of the Northwest, during the past six years, Farm, Stock and Home, of Minneapolis, Minn, has gained a position and influence equalled by no other paper. We will send it and the JOURNAL. One year for $1,50. Sample copies may be seen at this office.

Judge Mills and his stenographer arrived on Monday morning ready to open court promptly at 10 o'clock. There are many cases on the calendar but few seem to be ready for trial. The criminal cases, however, will probably be on deck at this term. The most important of these is the trial of Horace Russell for the murder of Dr. Bonnsen

A three months scholarship in Prof J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

Hon. H. Steenerson took a flying trip to St. Paul last week, returning on Saturday. He has many cases in the present term of court, many of them very important ones. The railroad crossing case, wherein the relatives of Anton Mikelson sue the Great Northern for damages, is liable to go over to the extra term in January, if, indeed, it is not settled before.

The president of Crookston allince No. 648, desires THE JOURNAL to give notice of the regular meeting which occurs at the hall on Saturday next, Dec. 6th. One delegate and one alternate will be elected to attend the regular meeting at St. Paul on Dec. 30th, and other business of importance will come before the meeting. A full attendance is desired.

Miss Gage, as an emotional actress, is excellent. Thanksgiving evening quite a large audience gathered to listen to "Camille." On Friday evening "The Pearl of Savoy" was rendered and on Saturday "Mr. Barnes, of New York." Mr. Barnes, of Crookston, continues to sell groceries just as cheaply all the same. The company as a whole is a good one and we should like to see it in the new Opera House.

Those little statements will show you how your account with THE JOURNAL stands. The manner in which you meet them will show how much in earnest you are to obtain a free and open wheat market. We are sure that all who earnestly desire the prosperity of the farmers will take these statements in the spirit in which they are sent, and will do all they can for THE JOURNAL that has labored so long and faithfully for them.

Which is why Dept. Auditor Cornelius appeared on our streets early on Monday morning clad in a bright smile that defied zero weather—born, on Saturday evening, Nov. 29th, 1890, to Mr. and Mrs. Mathias Cornelius, a ten pound boy. Mat was industriously circulating the cigars among the late candidates on the republican county ticket while they sang: "Oh, we'll never mind the weather, and we'll take defeat together," &c.

Powers Bros. mammoth wholesale dry goods house in St. Paul caught fire on Thanksgiving Day, resulting in a loss estimated between $150,000 and $200,000 fully insured. A. G. Gallasch, formerly of the firm of Hack & Gallasch, had recently bought an interest in Powers Bros. establishment. Mr. G. was in this city at the time and the first he heard of the affair was through the St. Paul Daily News, which published the only account of it on the day it occurred.

One of tinner Layman's little boys did not go hunting on Thanksgiving Day—but his father did—for a doctor to patch him up. THE JOURNAL informant says several boys, among them the Layman boy, planned a heap big hunt; one of the boys had the shot in his pocket and the Layman boy had the powder in his; also some matches. The boys got to scuffling igniting one of the matches in the powder magazine and—well, the boys gave up the hunt and the Layman boy is recovering.

Coroner Shepard was summoned to East Grand Forks on Monday to hold an inquest on the body of Billy Blair, who died suddenly on Sunday morning. Mr. Shepard was told that Blair entered a saloon on Sunday morning and called for a drink. He was told that no liquor was sold at that shop on Sunday and he went into an adjoining room and sat down at a table. Directly somebody went into the room and the discovery was made that Blair was dead. The jury came to the conclusion that it was heart disease that ailed him.

We expect to have our subscription statements ready to send out by Friday or Saturday of this week. We trust that every one who gets one will do his best to send in the small amount due as promptly as possible as a little help now will be of great service to THE JOURNAL. If our friends could be in our place awhile they would be better prepared to appreciate the situation than perhaps they are. We have several hundred subscriptions in arrears two and three years—a few even longer, and the aggregate is more than we can well carry.

Polk County Alliance.

President Swift notifies us that a meeting of Polk County Alliance has been called for Friday, Dec. 26th, at the Court House in Crookston. No doubt the secretary will notify each sub-alliance, as to delegates. Among other matters a delegate and an alternate is to be elected to the annual State meeting at St. Paul on Dec. 30th.

A Sudden Death.

Alexander Finlayson went from his home in this city to his farm near Angus last Friday in apparently good health. On Saturday morning a neighbor called and seeing no one around the premises went into the house where he found Mr. F. in a stupor. A doctor was summoned but all to no purpose as he never rallied and died about 2 o'clock Sabbath morning. THE JOURNAL is informed that Mr. F. had been in poor health and was in the habit of taking laudanum, and it is thought he took an overdose by mistake. The body was brought to this city for burial on Monday. Mr. F. leaves a wife and children in very good circumstances, financially considered.

How He Fooled 'Em.

Pete Cornelius was down one day last week with a two year old colt which got 'em all. He had weighed the animal on Cowing's scales, and of course had the weight down pat. Not long after he had weighed the colt he struck a fellow who wanted to bet on her weight and put the figures at 900; another "good judge" of horses came along just then and raised it 50, and so on, until a dozen or so had guessed for cigars and so on, when they went over to Collins' scales where the colt kicked the beam at 1,250. Everybody was fooled on that colt and Pete won heap big smoke.

Wanted at Once.

A good man or boy for work upon a farm. Apply to M. E. Bartlett on Section 9, town of Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Notice.

All persons interested in the D. N. Taylor elevator scheme are requested to meet at City Hall, Crookston, on Saturday, Dec. 6th, 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., to take steps for self-protection.

CHAS. HOUSTON,
Chairman.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Farmer Geo. McManus says: "I find it pays to ship my wheat. I can beat prices given by home buyers from five to twenty cents per bushel. Next year I shall raise more barley than wheat. I shall sow 700 acres to barley."

S. M. McKee returned from Michigan on Saturday with 56 thoroughbred Shropshire sheep, among the number being one ram that took the sweepstakes prize, with the noted Shropshire rams Astral and Proud Victor competing. He is valued at $800. Forty-one of the flock Mr. McKee bought were ewes and he has sold all but 15 of them already. He has a number of choice thoroughbred rams yet for sale. He got caught in the wreck of freight trains at Ada, but fortunately the car he was in was not broken up, though it was sandwiched between two that were badly wrecked.

Remember that the well known traveler and lecturer, C. E. Bolton, will be here the 16th and 17th of this month. His lectures and stereopticon views are most highly spoken of by those who have attended his entertainments. As for instance, the Hon. W. G. Northrop, L. L. D., of Connecticut, says of him: "The lecture was given without notes, in an easy, terse and and felicitous style, and commanded the closest attention of four thousand people." Profits of lectures to go towards the support of the reading room, for which purpose funds are at present much needed.

Owing to the unpropitious condition of our markets for the past two or three years we have sent out no statements to farmers, allowing them to pay their subscriptions when they felt able. Owing to this fact, doubtless, we have many on our list who are several years in arrears, so many that it becomes a very heavy burden upon one to carry. This fall we need money to carry on our business and we are going to ask our friends for it. In a few days we shall send to each one who is in arrears a statement of his subscription account and we hope that each will appreciate our leniency in the past and do all he can for us now that we need his help. THE JOURNAL has ever labored faithfully to aid its friends, for the upbuilding of the country and for a free and open wheat market, and will continue so to do in the future. Let us have your earnest assistance, friends, in the good work.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found an article from the Hallock Enterprise giving an account of the organization of an immigration society. This organization can be the means of doing much good if it goes to work in the right way. One of the greatest needs of this country is people enough to cultivate the hundreds of fertile acres now lying idle, and there are hundreds of farmers east who need these same cheap lands. If the proper steps be taken this new society can be the means of much good, not only to this country, but to the hundreds it can bring here. The character of the men who compose the society augurs well for the success of the undertaking, as they are among our leading business men, those who are ever alive to the best interests of the country. If every citizen will take hold with the committee much good can be accomplished.

J. V. E. WYATT,

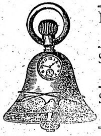
UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

FOR A LIMITED TIME
I WILL SELL AT THE
Astonishing Low Prices,
BELOW MENTIONED.



Elgin Coin Silver Watches, for 8.50. Warranted.

Solid Gold Ladies Watches for $16.50.

Solid gold filled stem wind Watches, $14.50 to $45.

Silver Table Castor, GUARANTEED PLATE, only - $3.50

Silver Pickle castor only, - - - $1:15

Rodger Bros. Table Knives and Forks, - $3 80 per dozen

I make these prices as a special inducement to secure your trade, which I shall endeavor to retain if LOW PRICES AND FAIR DEALING can do it. Come and inspect my great line of goods. No trouble to show them.

C. H. SAAKE, - JEWELER.

So far this week we have been kept pretty busy looking up subscription accounts for our friends who are in attendance at court. We like to be kept busy that way and can put up with lots of it. We expect to have our subscription accounts ready to send out by Saturday. We shall be grateful to all who will do what they can for us just now.

Recognition Council.

A council of delegates and pastors of churches will convene at the Congregational church, Crookston, next Friday, Dec. 9th, to recognize the new pastoral relation. Among the speakers of note who have promised to be present are Rev. Geo. R. Merrill, D. D., Rev. Smith Baker, D. D, and Rev. J. H. Morley, all of Minneapolis. The services will be at 10 a. m. and 2 and 7:30 p. m. Sermon at the evening service by Rev. Dr. Baker. Everybody invited.

The Queen's Latest Offer.

A Free Education or One Year's Travel in Europe.

In the Queen's "Word Contest," which the publishers of that magazine announce as the last one they will ever offer, a free education, consisting of a three years' course in any Canadian or American Seminary of College, including all expenses, tuition and board, to be paid by the publishers of The Queen, or one year abroad, consisting of one entire year's travel in Europe, all expenses to be paid, will be given to the person sending them the largest list of words made from the text which is announced in the last issue of The Queen. A special deposit of $750 has been made in The Dominion Bank of Canada, to carry out this offer. Many other useful and valuable prizes will be awarded in order of merit. The publishers of The Queen have made their popular family magazine famous throughout both Canada and the United States by the liberal prizes given in their previous competitions, and as this will positively be the last one offered, they intend to make it excel all others as regards the value of the prizes. Send six two cent U. S. stamps for copy of The Queen containing the text, complete rules and list of prizes. Address The Canadian Queen, Toronto, Canada. [33-40]

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

Duluth & Winnipeg.

A Party Leaves to Make Right-of-Way Settlements.

St. Paul Dispatch.

Brainerd, Minn., Dec. 1.—Considerable snow has fallen here during the past twenty-four hours. It has turned cold and apparently winter has set in. A party has outfitted here and started this morning to join the Duluth & Winnipeg expedition that goes into the Northern Indian reservation to complete right-of-way settlements for that line. Each reservation, including Red Lake, Leech Lake and Winnebagoshish, has to be visited, where Indians are assembling in council for that purpose. The party goes in via Detroit and White Earth.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
AND COLLECTIONS.

Special attention paid to Real Estate cases.

(First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLean, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $357.10, and from the 11th day of May, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $2,982.50, together with costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 15th, 1890.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[33-39] Crookston Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 20th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on Jan 8th, 1891, viz: Joseph L. Thomas, D. S. No. 11,276, for the nw¼ Sec 15 Township 139, R. 41. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Ohles, of Tilden, Minn., Frank G. Horton, of Godfrey, Minn., Alfred Wade, of Tilden, Minn Arthur Adams, of Godfrey, Minn

[32-37] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

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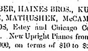

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CROOKSTON. - - MINN.

Congress assembled for the short term on Monday. The President, in his message, urges 'em to hang onto the McKinley bill like a puppy to a root. also urges the passage of the 'election bill. Guess Benny wants to get back to Indiana and let somebody else hold down the White House yob next trip. He probably will, anyhow.

For a plain, practical and instructive paper, made largely by farmers and wholly for farmers, Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis, Minn. has no equal among agricultural journals. We can furnish it in connection with the JOURNAL one year for only $1,50.

Old But Frisky.

Western Rural.

Mr. Jay Gould is aging. The richest man in America—and about the most useless one—having arrived at that age when it might be supposed that he would be quiet, he has been shaking up Wall street, committing some more robberies and making some money. Gould has been pretty quiet of late years. He thought he was about to die at one time and he was about the most scared man to be found in ten States That is not to be wondered at, if he believes in a future judgment. If Jay Gould ever expects to stand before a judgment bar, where men are judged according to the deeds done in the body, he must dread the ordeal. But he is evidently feeling better physically, and is sufficiently healthy to go into Wall street and run down the stock of the Union Pacific railroad, gobble all that was necessary to give him control of the road, and retire with the chief desire of his later life satisfied. He has long wanted to form a great railroad trust. Already having control of the Santa Fe road, he now has the Union Pacific under his thumb.

Just what he will do remains to be seen, but he will make a pile of money whatever he may do. His usual course is to bankrupt the road he secures control of and having pocketed all there is in it, let it slide into the hands of a receiver. This fleeces the stockholders. In this instance he may maintain a monopoly, and that will fleece the public. Somebody is dead sure to get robbed when Jay Gould lets himself loose. But government is at fault, clearly at fault, if it permits this financial free booter to rob the public. The law should give the government such absolute control of railroads, as that such a result would be impossible. But if we ever have such a law we must look to the great, powerful farming community to give it to us. Then onward with the work of organization among farmers, until through the farmers' vote the right shall prevail and the speculative kleptomaniacs shall be powerless for harm.

Agricultural Depression.

Prairie Farmer,

A. L. Crosby undertakes to say one of the farmer's troubles is not due to the manner of grading farm products in the wholesale markets. He talks like a stock yards man whom I know. We will admit that there is a very great difference in the quality of animals, of butter, etc, but we know that and Mr. Crosby knows there is no such difference as to justify the difference betwen $1 and $5.25 per hundred for any cattle that should go to market. If any animal is not worth more than $1 per 100 lbs at the stock yards, Chicago, what must be the price given the farmer after paying drovers and railway charges? Evidently not 50 cents on the farm. Therefore it were better that the farmers shoot and bury the stock. We ask: Why so many grades and why so great a difference in the price of $1 per 100 lbs, is all that the farmers should submit to. As for the grade of hogs mentioned on sale about Oct. 1st that brought but $4.20 as against the best grade bringing $4,95, we expect that there was no such difference, as the product would sell alike as pork in the barrel and as lard. They were good lard hogs—the weights being considerable more than 400 lbs average to the hog. We spoke of government inspectors of live stock and meats and that they should grade and the prices be fixed to grade. The difference in prices we repeat should not vary for 100 lbs.more than $1, and for the most part not one half that. A stop should be put to the grading down of the price by the backers and butchers who are now prospering beyond all reason, the laments of Armour and others to the contrary notwithstanding. When a man can begin from a very small butcher 50 or 25 years ago and now be able to slaughter 1,405,000 hogs, 650,000 cattle and 350,000 sheep per year, employing 7,000 persons, equipping 1,800 refrigerator cars, covering 50 acres of land with builbings with 140 acres of floor room, paying employes $3,500,000, with aggregate sales of 65,000,000, he must have made some money in the business. It is little wonder that those engaged in this live stock and this slaughter business are able, after having made the prices on the farmers for their cattle, hogs, sheep, such as have made the most of them now millionaires, it is no wonder, we repeat, that they want to continue the same methods and are preparing to increase, and do increase their their places of slaughter from year to year. Mr. Crosby says that the farmers must write and work harmoniously together, as do those in other interests that now have the whiphand of the farmer. This your correspondent has urged repeatedly and has asked help of the press generally, and our agricultural press particularly, to advocate some sort of an organization that will do this. Can we not and shall we not have the power of all our agricultural papers—all the press in fact—to agitate the question till it honorably settled?

Kendall Co., Ill. J. M. GALE

Low Prices

Western Rural.

The farm machinery men have now made a combination, for the purpose, it is stated, of lessening expenses, and lowering the price of farm machinery. It is the old excuse for the formation of trusts. Every time a combination of this kind is made, we are told that prices will lower; and every time prices are raised. The coal men combined "to keep prices down," but somehow prices get away from the benevolent gentlemen who express such anxiety for the poor public, and leap upward. There is one part of human nature that is conspicuous, and that is when it has power in its hands, it will exercise that power to the fullest. Establish a monopoly and it will bleed the public unmercifully. It always has done so, and until the millennium comes it always will. Competition in business is the only protection from robbery that the people have; and it was only when combinations and trusts and other forms of concentrated capital became common, that our people became the victims of a vast business conspiracy to plunder, and the prosperity of the masses began to decline.

And now comes these farm machinery men with a scheme to put an end to competition in their business and establish a gigantic monopoly. No sensible man believes for one moment that they will sell machinary for a less price. No sensible man believes for one moment that they have the slightest intention of doing it. The modus operandi of all such enterprises is to cut down expenses and raise prices. But we desire to call the attention of law officers and the public generally to the fact that any attempt to prevent competition is a violation of the common law which is as old as the law itself. It will do no harm, however, four our legislatures to supplement the common law and to make such conspiracies so plainly a penitentiary offense that it will be less popular to commit it.

ON WITH THE BOOM.

The Red River Vally of Minnesota. Booming—Railway Companies.

Join Our People and Say on With The Dance,—An Immigration Bureau Fomed at Stephen.

Kittson County Enterprise,

On Wednesday last the Red River Valley was well represented at Stephen in convention assembled for the purpose of taking steps regarding securing immigration to this vally. At 10:30 a m. the convention was called to order by M. R. Brown of Crookston, who was made chairman. H. Smith of Marshall and E. H. Love of Kittson were elected secretaries. The Great Northern was represented by M. Folson of passenger department and Mr. Jarvis the immigration agent and Newall of the frieght department. Facts were discussed, pro and con, and finally a committee of two from each of the counties of Polk, Marshall and Kittion and one at large, were chosen as follows to draft resolutions. Chair appointed the following: Polk, E. Ellington, E. D. Childs. Marshall L. Lamberson, O. L. Melgaard. Kittson, H. W. Donaldson, Ed. H. Love and M. Folson of the Great Northern. Convention then adjourned until afternoon, that the committee might report. 1,30 p. m. convention called and committee on resolution reported as follows:

Resolved, That a permanent board of Immigration should be organized by this convention to be known as the board of Immigration of the Red River Valley of Minnesota. Said board to consist of three members, to be chosen from each county, and one at large, from the Red River Valley and subdivided into committees on Ways and Means and Finance, legislation on Railways, and Railway Aid.

That said Board shall have full power to act upon the lines expressed by those who have addressed this convention. i. e., to work in concert with the Great Northern Railway Company to secure immigration to this valley.

That when this convention adjourns it shall be to a certain fixed date when they shall receive the report of the Board of immigration and take such action as they may deem wise and proper.

After report of committee the three counties represented were aske to place in nomination members for the Board of Immigration. Polk county elected E. D. Childs, E. Ellington and C. O. Christianson. Marshall county J. P. Lundin, L. Lockridge, H. L. Melgaard. Kittson county, Ed. H. Love, H. W. Donaldson, C. J. McCollom. The Board was elected to serve one year.

After considerable discussion the convention adjourned, then the Board met and elected officers as follows:

President, M. R. Brown of Polk county. Secretary, Ed. H. Love of Kittson county. Assistant secretary, C. O. Christianson of Polk. Treasurer, H. L. Melgaard of Marshall.

Committee on ways and means and finance, E. D. Childs, C. J. McCollom and L. Lockridge.

Committee on Legislation, E. Ellington, H. L. Melgaard, Ed. H. Love.

On Railways and Railway Aid, H. W. Donaldson, M. R. Brown, J. J. Lundin.

Board then adjourned. Work will commence at once, and the different committees will begin concerted action in every department and the next two years will see the grantest influx of immigration ever seen in the west. Our time to-day will not permit our giving minute details, but in the future we will take pleasure in keeping our readers posted.

The McKinley Bill's Change.

Duluth Tribune.

A great many staunch protectionists scout the idea of an immediate effort to amend the McKinley bill, and say, "give the bill a chance and see what it will accomplish." That may be a good doctrine for many features of the bill, but the people have practically declared themselves against this measure. Their declaration will have the effect of preventing the McKinley bill from doing the good it might, because capitalists are going to be very much more cautious about putting their money into enterprises which depend upon the McKinley bill to make them profitable investments, than if the Republican party had wont or had sustained merely the usual off year defeat. But a disaster which is so sweeping that it threatens the supremacy of the Republican party in the senate, which was supposed to be perfectly safe for ten years, will be interpreted by capital as something ominous to all these provisions of the McKinley bill which impose new or higher duties, if not to the principle of high protection itself. The landslide will reduce the grouth of new manufacturing enterprises in a good degree. It will be seen every where that enterprises projected before election in good faith, will be abandoned.

The Republican party cannot afford to wait to see what will be the effects of the McKinley bill. The more obnoxious provisions of it should be amended at once. Everybody knows that the burdens of the tin tariff will be felt by the people from now until 1892 and that the good it will accomplish in two years will be imperceptible. It is not probable that there will be 5,000 men engaged in mining tin ore and manufacturing tin plate in '92, and pray of what value will that "great industry" be to the millions of people who have been paying higher prices since last October? The tin tariff alone, in a close fight, is amply sufficient to defeat the party which passed it and insists that it shall stand. This clause of the McKinley bill and those which raise the price of articles of clothing and bedding should be asked to stay not upon the order of their going but to go at once. A party which has an intelligent people to deal with, after making a false movement, should take the back track at the first possible moment. What is to be gained by perseverence in error?

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Polk County Journal.

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CROOKSTON, MINN., DEC. 4, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:45 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:27 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:03 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
2:25 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Leave.	Arrive.
7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Leave.	Arrive.
10:15 a. m.	4:10 p. m

THE ISSUE.

The National Economist.

A very exciting political campaign has just closed. It is remarkable for the great prevalence of discussion upon economic questions. Being what is usually termed "an off political year," because it is not attended with a presidential election, it has differed in a marked degree from such years since the days of Calhoun, Clay and Webster. An era seems to be dawning in which great political questions shall again be brought to the front in the politics of the country, and it remains to be seen whether the times will also develop great intellectual giants to grapple with them. Beyond a doubt men will always be found who are equal to the occasion. The universal discussion of economics now so prevalent among the masses must result in the near future in the presentation to public service of a crop of statesmen in fact, who will be too devoted to great principles to be mercenary or partisan.

One of the most potent factors in developing the new conditions that have marked this campaign has been an issue, a real, live and burning issue based on principles of ultimate truth. True, the issue has not been universally joined, but it has been generally recognized. As a rule professional politicians have denied the existence of any issue except such as they claim exists between the two parties, and have sought to dodge the issue presented them by the farmers in every conceivable way. They have spared no pains in a futile effort to show that the great farmers' reform movement was a partisan political effort in disguise. They have slandered and falsified the officers of the National Farmers Alliance both personally and officially. They have misquoted misconstrued and misrepresented everything said in favor of this true and living issue presented by the farmers. Still, it has marched steadily and triumphantly on to a recognition. What folly to attempt to down a living issue by a wave of the hand. How silly to trv to kill it by ridicule, or destroy it by an effort to arouse partisan prejudice.

Now that the election is over the complete failure of all efforts to cover up or destroy the true issue will become very apparent. The partisan zeal so rife during the heat of the conflict is based on prejudice, and must cool as soon as the question is decided, but the great issue is developed to greater strength and effort as effectually by opposition and temporary defeat as by success. It is time that the politicians and the country at large became aroused and conscious of the fact that the farmers are presenting a great issue based on economic truth, and that in defense of it they are and will be utterly oblivious of men and places, position or power. If they happen to present the standard bearer in some local or State political contest who will support their issue, and are defeated, it only beats the man and has no effect on the movement or the issue, except to strengthen their devotion or determination. On the other hand, a political success will not so intoxicate them with the flush of victory, like politicians, would yield all principles in a platform and by a skillful use of words seek to make it conform to the wishes of everybody. Defeat in this election is received by the farmers with the same apparent unconcern that marks their reception of tidings of success. No demonstration. A more determined look may indicate, either that the same battle shall be whipped next time; or it may indicate, now that the battle is whipped here, it must be pushed into new fields. That is the sum total of the effect upon the farmers' movement of succees or failure in this election.

There is of course a faction that will from choice remain blind to these great facts, but the general public, including that great class of intelligent, conservative, thinking and honest people, composed largely of laboring men, professional men and those engaged in commerce, transportation and manufacture, who truly sympathise with the farmer in all laudable efforts, should early be brought to a recognition of the fact that he is battling for a great issue that will benefit them as much as him in the long run.

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R. S. Knudson, Sec.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by August Kilmann against Amasa Stewart Thompson, for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 2,764, dated Sept. 25th, 1882, upon the e½ sw¼ and lots 6 and 7, Section 6. Township 147, Range 46, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Amasa Stewart Thompson and his heirs have wholly failed to break, cultivate or plant to trees, tree seeds or cuttings any of said land since date of entry, and that there are now no trees, tree seeds or cuttings standing or growing thereon except about 40 acres of natural growth of small poplar and willows, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29th day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[30-35] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Didn't Understand it.

Saint Paul Pioneer Press.

Some of our Republican friends are trying hard to persuade themselves and others that the McKinley bill had nothing to do with the recent political revolution in this country—or, if it had, that it was only because it was misrepresented, or because the people had not yet had time to experience its benefi It was the Republican stay-at-homes who did it, according to the New York Tribune. But why did stay they at home? If they believed in the sort of protection which that measure provided, they surely had every incentive to come out of their holes and defend it against the fierce onslaughts of its enemies. It was the one vital issue of the contest. Why was it, then, that they did not raise a hand to defend it? Why was it that they took so little interest in it that they would not even take the trouble to sustain by their ballots the men that vote for it? There is but one possible answer to these questions. They did not vote to sustain the policy of their party in this regard because they did not believe it right or wise. The Republicans who abstained from voting practically voted "No" upon the McKinley bill.

Nor will the theory wash any better that the defeat of four out of five of the Republicans congressmen of Minnesota and the election of the fifth by a bare plurality was due to the fact that the people did not understand the McKinley bill. They understood, at least, this much about it. That it was not such a revision of the tariff as they had been repeatedly promised by the Republican leaders; that instead of reducing duties, except on articles like sugar, which are not produced in this country to any extent, it raised them on a great variety of articles in common consumption. They understood, too the general principle on which the bil was framed, which was to make the duties so high as to prevent any foreign competition with the American manufacturer, and to give the latter a practical monopoly of the American market. They understood that this meant that the home manufacturer could thus virtually make his prices what he pleased; and experience had proved that he was quite sure to avail himself of this embargo on foreign competiton by combining with his fellows in the same line of business to do away with all domestic competition. This much, at least, was well known by all Republican voters of ordinary intelligence; and it was not their understanding of the Republican theory of protection. They had been long educated to believe that the protection advocated by the Republican party was not intended to prohibit the competition of the foreigner, but to restrain it by a duty sufficient to equalize the cost of domestic and foreign production, and to admit it above that level as a means of keeping prices within moderate limits, and of preventing extortionate combination". This is the general understanding among the Republicans of Minnesota as to what protection means, as their state and district platforms through a long series of years make evident. We believe this to be the view of Republicans generally throughout the Northwest. So it will not do to tell us that the Republicans of the Northwest refused to sanction the McKinley bill because they did not understand it. They knew that it was not the sort of protection they had been promised and which they wanted.

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U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Louis P. Bramsness against Peter G. Allsson, deceased, or his heirs, for abandoning homestead entry No. 11,173, dated May 28th, 1885, upon the nw¼ (Sec. 20) Section 20, Township 152, Range 42, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

30-35] [illegible]ter.

[First publication Nov. 20th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, Nov. 13th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Olaf A. Wig, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Nels K. Anderson, administrator of the estate of Olaf A. Wig, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Tuesday, the 16th day of December, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
C. O. CHRISTIANSON
Judge of Probate.

[31-33]

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The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn. G. N. R. L.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, DECEMBER 11, 1890. NO. 34.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
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4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

An Opening for manufacturers.

Northwestern Lumberman.

The addition of 100,000 acres white pine lands of Minneasota is an event which will be of great interest to the lumbermen, not only of that state, but of the northwest generally. There are not many large tracts of pine remaining in government hands, and it is not any every-day affair to but them direct from Uncle Sam at a low figure. The recent act of congress in February for the opening of the Red Lake Indian reservation in Northern Minnesota will throw on the market at an early day, a rich and extended body of pine and hardwood timber, advantageously located near railroad and water facilities, easy of access, and specially desirable, because it is situated at the watermost extremity of the great white pine belt of Michigan. Wisconsin and Minnesota. The demand for it will come from the west, and demand, already large, is increasing daily, and will be sufficient to make an ample market for years to come.

The Red Lake reservation is a large tract of land in northern Minnesota, nearly a parallellogram in form, running northeast and southwest, with an extreme length of about 150 miles and a nearly constant breadth of about 80 miles. On north it is bounded by the lake of the woods and Rainy river, the dividing line between Canada and the United States. The soil and timber vary greatly in the different portions. The northern half which is low and often swampy is covered by immense tracts of white cedar of excellent quality tamarack and arbor vitae. This will soon become easily accessible by a line of railroad, which was recently projected, and is now in process of construction from Duluth to Winnipeg. This road will run between Cass and Winnebigoshish lakes through pine lands and fertile territory, and then directly northwest to Winnipeg, tuching the northeast corner of Red Lake, and the enterprising projectors propose to compleate it this fall.

The southern half of the reservation is much the more fertile, consisting of rolling land with innumerable little lakes and streams, and contains nearly all the pine timber. In its midst is Red Lake, a beautiful body of water, consisting really of two lakes united by a narrow shallow strait, altogether making a body in shape something like a gigantic dumb-bell. The greatest length of the two lakes is about 40 miles and the breadth nearly the same.

Along the southern edge the shore is a bordered with high bluffs, generally covered with hardwood timber, extending also up the eastern coast. Numerous streams cut through these highlands and empty in the lakes along the southern shore, the principal one being the Clearwater, which rices 40 or 50 miles south of the lake outside the reservation, then turns north and finally northwest, emptying into the lake west of the Indian agency. It has a considerable fall, so that it can easily be dammed to furnish additional water for running logs. The extreme southern end of the stream runs within a mile of the White Earth reservation, on which are nearly 100,000 acres of pine land, which will also come on the market at the same time with the Red Lake lands. These lands also are well situated in a compact body, but do not abut on any considerable stream, so that they will depend on future railroad facilities for development. The other streams running into Red lake are the Sandy, Little Rock, Mill creek, Red Lake River, Hay creek and Cormorant, but none of hem are of any considerable size. On the east end is a stream, which feeds a large tract at woodland which is as yet untouched

The white pine lands of the reservation are in three principal bodies, surrounded by tracts of Norway pine. The largest body extends east and west 15 or 20 mieles in a nearly continuous strip varying in width from a half mile to three, and from 20 to 30 miles south of Red Lake. The second tract is west of this and runs nearly north and south. East and southeast of the lake, scattered over a considerable extent of territory is the remaining portion of the pine lands, which runs over the southern and eastern boundaries of the reservation until it meets the lands of the Winnebegoshish, Deer creek and Cass Lake Indian reservations. Besides these large tracts there is much white pine scattered among the hardwoods, the amount of which cannot be easily estimated. Along Rainy river and the shores of lake of the woods, also, there is abundant pine, but it has been cut over in some places by timber thieves.

The numerous stories of pine steals which have been so often told, do not apply to any large extent to the Red lake lands, but to those further south and east on the Winnebegoshish, Cass and Leach lakes. All of these connect directly with the Mississippi river in its devious easterly course after its rise in Lake Itasca, and here, far away from civilization and fear of detection, and in reach of the various tribes of Chippewas who saw in this work a way of making some money easily, millions of feet of the finest pine have been cut, and rafted to St. Cloud or Minneapolis, where any danger of detection was obviated by a speedy reduction of the logs to lumber. Just how much has been stolen can never be known, for what is everyone's business is no one's, and the lumbermen were not interested in telling tales. On the Red Lake reservation, it is said, the law has been much more strictly enforced. The Indians are allowed to fell and sell the dead trees, but if they girdled some live ones up, it was very difficult to detect them, especially after the logs were in the river. On a reservation of over 7,000 squar miles, it is imposible to keep watch everywhere at all times. Still the pine forests of the reservation are practicaly untouched except where they have been run over by the fire. The reservation has, until recently, been too remote and difficult of access to make it easy for lumbermen to get logs out, even after they were cut.

The Chippewas, who are scattered on nearly a dozen reservations in northern Minnesota, are comparatively civilized, though there is still much room for improvement. They make good logers, but have a strong disposition not by any means confined to the red race, of wanting to take an indefinite vacation as soon as they have accumulated a few dollars. They will work well for a time, and are much employed by lumbermen. On the Red Lake reservation, they are chiefly gathered at the agency on the south side of the lake, though there is also a settlement on the peninsula half way up the east shore, and some scattering bands still further north.

The act of congress under which these lands are to be thrown open provides for awarding the Indians a certain amount of land in severalty, where they may choose, and of settling the rest. The undivided land is to be surveyed and divided into two classes, agriculture and pine lands, the former is to be sold like other government lands to settlers, and the rest is to be put up at auction, an upset price of $3 a thousand feet being fixed on the timber. The money derived from the sales is to be kept for 50 years, when it is to be distributed among the Indians, but in the meantime they are to have the interest on it while the government holds it in trust, and to receive advances on the principal if necessary. An appropriation is also pending of $250,000 to pay the expenses of having the lands surveyed, so that opening will not be long delayed.

The Indians have chosen a strip along the southern shore of the lake for their future homes, and not a few of them have prosperous gardens and farms. The whole southwestern part of the reservation, except where it is marshy, is well adapted to agriculture and grazing. It is low and flat, and produces a rank but rich grass. South and west of the reservation the land rises into long sandy ridges, and then declines into the rich and famous valley of the Red River of the North. Here is a rapidly growing population, which will be a large consumer of lumber.

In fact, it is more than probable that all or nearly all the lumber made in the future from the Red Lake reservation will find its market westward. Not only the Red River Valley, but the vast plains of the Dakotas and eastern Montana will be active bidders for it. More than this, the water facilities afforded for logging are in this direction. The outlet of Red lake is Red Lake river, which leaves the lake on its wetern side, meanders for 40 miles through the meadow lands of the reservation then cuts through the hills, crosses the Red River Valley with many little rapids, which will furnish excellent water power, and finally empties into the Red River of the North at Grand Forks. In the last 25 miles of its course the river is quite shallow, so that it cannot carry large logs except in the season of the spring freshets.

In its course the river flows through Crookston, the metropolis of the Red River Valley, and the fortunate town which will naturally reap the chief advantage from an opening of the reservation. The stream, which is 200 feet wide, makes a double loop here, giving a magnificent stretch of water frontage, and unlimited booming facilities, and its fall is enough to furnish a heavy water power. No doubt the founders of the place builded better than they knew when they first laid out the city here, but they will nevertheless reap the solid advantage. The banks of the river are high for the most part, so that the streets are never inundated by the spring freshets, which carry away the melted snows and are such a blessing to lumbermen in their logging operations.

Crookston, a general view of which we give, is an enterprising city of about 6,000 inhabitants, but it cannot boast of being of age yet. The first house was built about 1872, a year before the old St. Paul & Pacific road reached the place. In 1873, the road went into bankruptcy, and Crookston received a black eye. But the road was soon reorganized, and as the St. Paul Minneapolis & Manitoba pushed on with two paralled lines up the valley, Crookston began to prosper. From 1878 to 1883 it enjoyed a time of rapid development, then it took a rest until 1887, when there was another start, and the bustling little place blossomed out with brick stores, electric lights, and water works. By this time it had become quite an important railroad center. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba road, or Great Northern, as it is now called, had built a branch from Crookston to Grand Forks, now a part of the main line to Montana, also another to St. Hilaire, 20 miles northeast, called the Red River & Lake of the Woods railway, and a third east to Fosston, 45 miles. The last named will be continued southeasterly through Brainerd to Elk River on the main line. But all these lines belonged to the same system, and Crookston wanted competition. The Northern Pacific had a branch, the Duluth & Manitoba, from Winnepeg Junction on its main line straight north to Red Lake Falls, then at a right angle to Grand Forks, and north to Winnepeg. If a line were built across the right angled triangle it could be made to cut through Crookston, putting the latter in connection with the Northern Pacific system east and west, and also shortening materially the distance from Winnepeg Junction and connecting points to Grand Forks and Winnipeg. The Northern Pacific would not build such a branch, but it was willing to lease and operate one if made. This was enough for Crookstonites, and a local company was formed, called the Duluth, Crookston, & Northern, which built the road after determined opposition on the part of the Great Northern. The city had voted a subsidy of $50,000 in bonds to the new road if it was completed by a certain day, and the latter could have earned the money had it not been obliged to cross the track of the Great Northern. By main force the Great Northern prevented the completion of the crossing until the day set had gone by, so as to compel the forfeiture of the bonds. This little tempest in a teapot between the two roads created considerable excitement at the time, and thousands of people then read in the newspapers for the first time of the enterprising little city of Crookston. The legal question as to the right of the Duluth Crookston & Northern to the bonds is now in the federal courts, and will probably not be decided for several years. The branch of the Northern Pacific will come into the city on the eastern side, and a large, substantial bridge is now built across the river.

The city has several hotels, but only two of any size, the Commercial and St. Louis. The latter, a neat brick building, is situated on the river bank, near the crossing of the Northern Pacific, as if to bid for the latter's trade, while the Commercial, less pretentious, but equally good, is on the hill in the center of the town.

But besides its railroad interests Crookston has a solid standing as a financial metropolis. It is surrounded by a rich and extended agricultural country, and is the recognized mart for exchange. There are three banks, the First National with a capital of $100,000 the Merchants National, capital $75,000 and the Scandia American with a capital of $50,000, all doing remarkable well. There is a large demand for money and high rates of interest are obtained, as the country is new and prices of land are advancing. The different lines of industry are numerous but need development. There is a four story flouring mill called the Valley Roller Milsl, run by water power, with a capacity of 200 barrels a day which was started in 1883, and is one of the best mills in the state outside Minneapolis. A fine large oat mill, said to be the only one in the state, is in successful operation, and making money. A brewery with a capacity of 25,000 barrels a year, a foundry, a creamery, packing house, brick yard, and seven elevators comprise the remaining principal branches of industry. There is one saw and planing mill owned by T. B. Walker, situated across the river from the town, and doing a large business. There is room and demand for many more enterprises. There should be half a dozen flouring mills instead of one successfully established, and as many more saw mills with lath and shingle machines. A furniture factory is wanted, a barrel factory, cheese factory, wagon and plow repair shops, and other wood-working manufactures. The retail tradesmen are too narrow minded, and new merchants with capital to carry on a general merchandise business would do well. The present tradesmen are all doing well, getting wealthy in fact, simply from the city trade, but they lack the breadth necessary to cater to the farmers so that many of the latter go to other places, where more attention is paid to their wishes.

In point of nationality the Norwegians predominate in and around Crookston, with Americans second and French Canadians next. They are a thrifty, saving, enterprising people, ready to assist with money or land any new enterprise which needs it, or which promises to be of benefit to the place. There is much less of the boom element in Crookston than is usual in such new centers of trade, and this is its strength. Real estate is very reasonable, showing only the steady appreciation from year to year, which indicates a solid advance in values. The construction of the stores and public buildings of brick gives an air of substantiality to the place, and is advantagecus as lessening the danger from fire. The clay to be found in the vicinity is of a very superior quality, and and the brickyard does a prosperous business which is by no means confined to Crookston.

Another use made of the water power is to run the electric light system, and a company called the Crookston Water Power Supply & Electric Light Company is in successful operation supplying the city water and electric lighting. A complete sewerage system will be next and the municipal authorities are now considering how it can best be accomplished.

Nor does the busy little metropolis neglect its moral and educational duties. Eleven churches, two baptist two methodist two presyterian, two catholic, one congregational, one episcopal and one lutheran furnish abundant facilities for religious instruction and an excellent public school and free public library, show no less attention to educational advantage. The public library certainly shows a refinement of ambition, Perhaps the way it came to be started may explain its existence, but it will prove a good investment. It is said that a Yale college man drifted out to Minnesota and started scientific farming on a large scale. Unfortunately his combination of science and practice was not a pecuniary success, and his handsome library along with his other property fell into the sheriff's hand. Here was an opportunity to get a collection of books with a minimum of trouble, and the ambitious Crookstonites did not fail to take advantage of it. True, the Greek and Latin classics, and the ponderous Spanish tomes would have few admirers and fewer readers, but they were all included and the price was low. There are some books the sight of which would warm a connoisseur's heart, and who can tell the stimulus that some of these valuable, even if recondite, works may have on the career of some future scholar or statesman? Knowledge is power even in these money making, money loving times, and Crookston is to be congratulated on its valuable library and its pretty library building. The latest frill it wants is a daily newspaper. At present it rejoices in three weeklies, the Chronicle and THE JOURNAL, both republican, and the Times, a red-hot democratic sheet, which fill the field now, but the daily will come soon. The Great Northern road has promised to locate its car shops at Crookston, and when the opening of the reservation sets the lumbermen traling northward, to buy lands and pick out mill sites, and some of the projected improvements are made, the daily journal must follow, Crookston has a flattering future and it will not be long coming.

Being a railway center, and with its general advantages for lumber manufacture, based on the heavy supply of virgin timber back of it, with a good rafting stream to bring the logs down and its most excellent booming facilities and cheap power, it will be an attractive place for lumbermen. One warning should however, be given and that is those first on the ground will have a decided advantage in respect to desirable locations and consequent convenience and economy of manufacture, Lumbermen who are considering what their future operations may be would do well to investigate the Red Lake reservation timber and Crookston as the point of manufacture.

The people of Crookston are bestirring themselves in the direction of extending the business of the city and have an organization, of which Lewis Ellington, a banker, is secretary, for the express purpose of advancing its interests. In the competition for capital and new manufacturing enterprises Crookston does not propose to be outbid.

Winnipeg Free Press:—President Harrison may be the head of a great nation, but he is little more than a country corners' politician for all that. Much of his message to congress is devoted to a dispute with foreign news papers as to the merits of the McKinley tariff legislation. A person occupying the proud position of the President of the United States, in an official communication to the parliament of his country, should have a too proper sense of the dignity belonging to his office than to engage in a dispute of that kind.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

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1891.

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NEW story to commence first of the year, written especially for the Blade by Oliver Optic. "Money Maker Series." A series of special articles on "Side Issues," written for The Blade. Blade China Tea Sets and Dinner Sets given to club-raisers. Send for specimen copy of The Weekly Blade and our interesting announcements for the coming year.

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A specimen copy will give you a better idea of The Weekly Blade than any description we can give in an advertisement. We therefore invite everybody to write us for a specimen, which we will cheerfully mail you free; and at the same time please mail us a list of names of your friends and neigbors, and we will also mail them specimens.

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The aim of the publishers is to give such variety of contents as will both interest and instruct its readers, and make it a helpful companion to every woman.

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The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

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34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
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54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

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A good Flannel for	30 cents.
" " "	35 "
" " medicated, for	40 "

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket	2.00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Minneaoplis Times:—It is a voluminous document, but written in clear and forcible style, and contains much information of value to every citizen. It adheres closely to the policy and measures of the last session of congress, and for that reason is open to severe and just criticism, but it must be conceded that President Harrison has the gift of simplicity and vigor of statement. The features of the message are those that relate to silver coinage, the tariff bill and the Federal elections bill.

Minneapolis Tribune:—As a writer of state papers Mr. Harrison is a model. He does not make Mr. Cleveland's mistake of considering himself the government and beginning every sentence with the pronoun I, nor does he, like Mr. Arthur, trip lightly over matters demanding extended discussion. He goes carefully into detail in reviewing the operations of each department of the government, yet his message does not greatly exceed in length the average of its predecessors in recent times. It has evidently been "edited."

For a plain, practical and instructive paper, made largely by farmers and wholly for farmers, Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis, Minn. has no equal among agricultural journals. We can furnish it in connection with the JOURNAL one year for only $1.50.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 20th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on Jan 8th, 1891, viz: Joseph L. Thomas, D. S. No. 11.356, for the nw¼ Sec. 15 Township 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Ohles, of Tilden, Minn., Frank G. Horton, of Godfrey, Minn., Alfred Wade, of Tilden, Minn Arthur Adams, of Godfrey, Minn

[32-37] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Louis P. Bramness against Peter G. Allason, deceased, or his heirs, for abandoning homestead entry No. 11,173, dated May 28th, 1885, upon the nw¼ (Sec. 20) Section 20, Township 152, Range 42, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

30-35] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by August Kilmann against Amasa Stewart Thompson, for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 2.764, dated Sept. 26th, 1882, upon the e½ sw¼ and lots 6 and 7, Section 6, Township 147, Range 46, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Amasa Stewart Thompson and his heirs have wholly failed to break, cultivate or plant to trees, tree seeds or cuttings any of said land since date of entry, and that there are now no trees, tree seeds or cuttings standing or growing thereon except about 40 acres of natural growth of small poplar and willows, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 20th day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[30-35] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., DEC. 11, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 68.
1 Northern 65.
2 Northern 61.
3 Northern 54.

Try Sture's sweet cider.

Silver thimbles from 20 cents to 50 cents at C. H. SAAKE'S

A. N. Hixson has moved into the city for the winter.

Pure apple cider at Sture's.

Alderman Buhn is building an addition to his blacksmith shop.

Mrs. George Bunzy was in the city from Mentor last week visiting friends.

Sweet potatoes at Sture's.

H. C. Tatro was down from Maple Lake on Tuesday chatting with his many friends in the city.

Ex-president, Geo. W. Sprague, of the Farmers' Alliance, was in the city on Tuesday, looking over the field.

Farmers, go and see Sture when you want bargains in dry goods and groceries. He has them for all the people.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs will not be undersold in millinery goods. Remember that and call at her store on Second street, when you want a bargain in that line.

T. O. Bergland was in the city last week rejoicing in the arrival of a ten pound Alliance boy. All doing well.

Special attractions in jewelry and silverware at C. H. Saake's.

Leave your orders for all kinds o commercial or fancy printing at THE JOURNAL job rooms. Prices and work guaranteed to suit.

Go to Sture's for choice sweet potatoes.

Dr. A. Nelson was up from Fertile last week interviewing his friends in the city. The doctor reports business excellent this winter and collections good.

Farmers, if you want bargains, call and see Sture before you purchase.

H. B. Budd, the Beltrami wheat buyer, was in the city early in the week. They all do say that Budd is giving excellent satisfaction in his dealings with the farmers.

A. Sture will pay the highest price for eggs, oats and potatoes. Call and see him if you have a surplus of these articles.

M. G. Peterson was up from Garden last week. He is preparing for a three months visit below soon. Next summer he says he will build a fine farm house on his plantation.

An endless variety of novelties in jewelry and silverware, suitable for holiday presents at C. H. Saake's jewelry store.

Comrade Knute Steenerson was down from Fosston last week. For some unacountable reason this comrade does not receive the pension for which he applied several years since and to which he seems to be justly entitled. The comrade should try under the new law.

Gold and silver watches, diamond rings, opal, ruby, emerald and friendship rings at bed rock prices, at

C. H. SAAKE' Jewelry Store.

A farmer from the west side informs us that the farmers of Hubbard and Vineland are exceedingly anxious to obtain a railroad through their respective towns and that steps looking to that end will soon be taken. It strikes us that a railroad running southwest from Crookston would be a paying investment, and we confidently expect to see such a road some day in the near future.

Call at Sture's for bargains in dry goods and groceries.

Jens Walbeck was up from Fisher last week. He tells us that he shipped his wheat this fall to the Farmers' Elevator Co., and is immensely pleased with the result. In his home market he was offered No. 2 Northern with four pounds dockage for dirt. By shipping he received No. 1 Hard, with only one pound dockage. His first car netted him 92 cents in Duluth. Says he and his neighbors have shipped 12 or 15 cars this fall.

Sture has a choice lot of fine winter apples for sale cheap. Call before they are all gobbled up.

I can and will save my customers quite a nice sum in their purchase of Christmas presents, as I have bought my goods at the very lowest cash terms and have marked them at a very small margin of profit. C. H. SAAKE,
Jeweler.

Treasurer elect, John T. Beaudry, was in the city last week arranging to move down. He says some miscreant entered the house he has rented and stole the storm windows therefrom. Lucky they didn't think to steal the house. John T. will be on deck to assume his new duties on Jan. 1st, and his boys will run the farm. Speaking of farming he says that his experience with sheep is a very satisfactory one. They have proven a gold mine to him every year that he has had them, and he is so well pleased that he intends to largely increase his flock. By the way, while we think of it, it seems a little singular that there are not more sheep in the country, as it seems to be the experience of all who raise sheep that they are paying property.

A Fearful Accident.

A sad accident happened at the N. P. crossing in Jerome's Addition, about 6 o'clock on Monday night, by which Sylvester Syavesterson and S. R. McGee lost their lives. They were driving across the track in a lumber wagon drawn by a span of mules when the wagon was struck by the engine on the freight going south. The wagon was smashed to kindling wood, the men both killed, but the mules were uninjured. The bodies were taken to Wyatt's undertaking rooms and the coroner notified. On Tuesday morning the following jury was subpœnaed:

John W. Ford, James Creighton, Maj. H. E. Stanbury, A. M. Hanson, Geo. Cook and John Bowman.

The first witness summoned was Chris. Houston, who testified that as he was coming into the city he met a wagon in which were seated two men whom he recognized as the deceased, near the residence of Mike Leguee, on Jerome's Addition. They appeared to be under the influence of liquor; were hugging each other and commenced to sing soon after I passed them. When I was on the wagon bridge the train was crossing the trestle work. Did not hear the engine bell ring nor the whistle blow.

Harry Falk testified: Met a wagon drawn by a span of mules, on the bridge last night as I was coming from supper. By their actions, thought they were men under the influence of liquor.

Dr. Dampier sworn: Was called last night to examine deceased. Found McGee's neck broken and skull fractured. Sylvesterson had suffered the same injuries, besides compound fracture of left foot and leg. I recognize McGee as a man who recently appeared before the board for examination for increase of pension. He has been drawing a pension of $8 a month.

At this point the inquest was adjourned until 7 o'clock to await the engineer and fireman of the freight train, and up to the time we go to press the inquest is in session.

In the case of the State vs. Howes & Landers the jury found a verdict of not guilty.

LaChapelle & Charron have established a new wood yard and will soon be ready to supply all who want wood.

If you are interested in increasing the profits of the farm, read our clubbing offer with Farm, Stock and Home in this issue.

Andrew J. Finseth was united for life to Miss Emma P. Hurseth, on Tuesday morning, Dec. 9th, Justice Spendley officiating.

Comrade A. P. Rounsvell came over from Larimore on Tuesday evening to look after the remains of comrade S. R. McGee, who was killed in the accident on Monday evening.

Headquarters for farmers at Sture's

We are told that the Western Union telegraph office will be upstairs in the new McKinnon block. A convenience that business men will all be grateful for.

Don't neglect to see Sture if you care for bargains.

For the Winter.

F. T. Haseltine departs for Madison, Wisconsin, this week. He has been as busy as a bee for the past six weeks with his fall settlements. He says he has done a larger business this year than for the three years previous. He will return next spring ready to supply trees enough to set every acre in the Red River Valley, if needed. Frank is a rustler from way back and amply earns success.

Wedding Bells.

Mr. Wm. Himmelsbach was united for life to Miss Carrie L. Menzel, by Rev. Mr. Elmer, on Tuesday at Buffington. The reception was held at the groom's residence in Fairfax and was well attended, many from the city driving out. The presents were many and rich. The groom is one of the leading farmers of the town of Fairfax and highly respected by all who know him. THE JOURNAL extends congratulations with its best wishes.

Consigned to Earth.

The body of Sylvester Sylvesterson was taken by the relatives on Wednesday morning and conveyed to the family residence in Fairfax for burial. Mr. Wyatt had both bodies very neatly arranged, considering their condition when brought in, and both looked very naturally, save that Sylvesterson showed somewhat the crushing blow he had received in the face. Tuesday evening many friends and comrades called to take a last look at McGee, who lay wrapped in his country's flag, and he looked so natural that many remarked; "He cannot be dead!" His face had not the usual ghastly appearance, but more the appearance of a slumber from which he would soon awaken. Unusual care and pains were necessary to prepare the bodies to look so naturally.

His Honor Tied the Knot.

John T. Farden and Anna Bakke, of Tilden, were united for life by Judge Mills in the court room on Tuesday. John is the son of Tollef Farden, the Tilden politician, and, while taking out the license the thought occurred to Tollef to have the business all completed at once, so the party adjourned to the court room where the Judge soon tied the nuptial knot with dignity and grace. Tollef is nothing unless sensational.

Bring It Back!

If the person who took that overcoat from my store a short time since will return it at once, no questions will be asked, if not, I may be obliged to ask some questions in court embarrassing to the taker, as I have positive evidence in the case. I do not care to make trouble if I can avoid it. Yours for the right, A. STURE.

Will Give It Free.

P. J. Lachapelle informs THE JOURNAL that he learns that the dwellers on the street where the wood and hay market is located are kicking already and want it removed. He says that he will give the free use of a whole block for the purpose until April 15th next.

Cheap Lands.

To-day land can be had in Polk County at from $2.50 to $30.00 per acre. Land that will produce from 20 to 30 bushels of wheat per acre if properly cultivated. Such land in the east would be valued at from $75 to $150 per acre. Appearances indicate that the time is now at hand when our lands will bring two or three times as much per acre as now, which shows that now is the best time to invest in Red River Valley lands. Land at present prices is good property to keep.

Want a Railroad.

Levi Myers was up from the west side this week. Says that the farmers in his neighborhood are very anxious for a railroad in that country, and but few would hesitate to give the right of way, at least! "Why," said he, "I would give a right of way and $500 if I could not get a road otherwise. We want a road there and we must have it, and that right soon.

Orange Groves.

Dr. J. H. Thomas talks of starting for the sunny land of Florida to visit his flourishing orange groves, some day in the near future—this week, mebbe, He does not expect to be away longer than from four to six weeks.

Good Crops.

Lyman Clark was down from Rockstad one day this week. Says the crops were very fair up that way and the sample extra. He is confident that the near future has much prosperity in store for the farmers of the Red River Valley.

Crazy Again.

Wheat took another drop this week, reaching 68. We can see no sense in that kind of foolishness.

Will Try City Life.

J. B. Fee has moved in from the farm for the winter to be handy to school for the young folks.

A Mild Winter.

Monday was an exceedingly warm day for winter weather. If it keeps on like this till April 1st, 1891, we do not hesitate to prophesy a mild winter.

Will Abide in Crookston.

Knute Rollag was in the city on Monday looking for a house wherein to reside. He will hold down a chair in the Register of Deeds office for the coming term. He is in every way competent.

Turn Out!

Every alliance man should be on deck promptly at two o'clock next Saturday to take a hand in the election of a delegate and an alternate to the State meeting at St. Paul on Dec. 30th.

Crookston Alliance, No. 648, met at the City Hall on Saturday last, President Sergeant in the chair. Secretary Hixson stated that owing to removing to the city recently he had been unable to have his report for this end of term ready and asked for further time. It was then moved that when we adjourn we adjourn till Saturday, Dec. 13th. The secretary then read a communication from Ignatius Donnelly in which Mr. Donnelly presents his name as a candidate for President of the State Alliance. After the reading, so much time was occupied in discussion that it was thought best to postpone the election of a delegate and alternate to the adjourned meeting next Saturday. The majority of the members present and speaking expressed themselves not in favor of instructing the delegates. This question of the selection of a leader is one of vast importance, upon the solution of which may hang the future welfare of the alliance, and every member of Crookston Alliance should be in attendance at the meeting on Saturday. And not only so, but should be there promptly at 2 o'clock, ready to take part in the proceedings, then there will be time to do business before it is time to go home. Last Saturday the meeting did not begin much before three and in about half an hour many began to get uneasy to go, having their chores to do at home. Next Saturday the president will call the meeting to order promptly at 2 o'clock whether there is a man in the room besides himself or not. Let everybody be on hand ready to vote on the delegate question. There are also three delegates to the County Alliance to be elected.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs desires her lady friends to know that she is better than ever prepared to attend to their wants in millinery and invites their attention to her fine stock.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Santa Claus Headquarters

At C. H. Saake's

JEWELRY STORE.

Silver Tea Sets. Water Sets, Desert Sets, Cake Baskets, Berry Dishes, Rose Jars, Butter Dishes, Pickle Castors, Card Receivers, Carving Sets, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Perfume Stands, Match and Stamp Boxes, Jewelry cases, Bon-Bon Trays, crumb trays, Puff Boxes, Napkin Rings in large variety. Childs' Sets Forks and Knives, Table, Desert and Tea Spoons, Fruit Knives, Cake Knives, Berry Spoons, Sugar Spoons, Butter Knives, Etc., Etc. My stock of

Gold and Silver Watches

Is immense and comprises all the latest styles and designs, Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Diamond Rings, Ladies' Set Rings, Diamond Ear Rings, Diamond Scarf Pins, solid gold and gold front Lace Pins, Bracelets, Cuff Buttons, Neck Chains, Watch Chains and Lockets, novelties in watch charms, Gold Pens and Holders, Gold Pencils and Tooth Picks, Plain, Band and Friendship Rings, gold and silver Thimbles, marble clocks, Music Boxes and Statuary, and thousands of other handsome articles suitable for Christmas Presents.

Come and See Them!

Will Try It a Whack.

Walter Bivens enters the Crookston Commercial College this week as a freshman. Wouldn't suspect anything fresh about Walt.

In the District Court.

As was stated in these columns last week, as likely to occur, Russell's attorney on Friday demurred to the indictment. On Monday the argument was made and the case was set for trial at the special term in March.

The Best Pianos and Organs for Sale.

John Kops was over from Grand Forks looking as happy and handsome as ever. Spect there must be something in the musical business to account for this.

N. P. Change of Time.

The N. P. commenced running its through Winnipeg passenger trains over the branch from Grand Forks to Fertile on Sunday. Something like a half dozen freight trains were in the city on that line on Sunday.

Let 'Em Roll! Let 'Em Roll!

The week opened out with the receipt of two new subscriptions on the first day, with eight on Monday, and twelve on Tuesday and at this writing (Wednesday noon) it looks like all records would be broken. The generous responses we are receiving to those statements cheers us in our work and convinces us that the people are with us in our efforts to aid in obtaining a free and open wheat market. If the good work goes on at this rate we shall be in shape to put in such improvements as we have long desired and shall be the better prepared for the great work that is before us all. While we are very much gratified at the responses our friends are making, we do not wish you to be satisfied with that, nor have you, but we want every one of our friends to be a missionary in the good work by sending us a new name and a new subscription. The larger family of JOURNAL readers we get the more good we can accomplish. Let 'em roll in; let 'em roll, let em roll!

Business in Probate.

Judge Christianson was busy on Saturday and Monday with the affairs of the Isadore Fortier estate.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

A Pioneer of King Town.

John S. King came down on Saturday with a crazy man, one Ole T. Stromme, of the town of King, whom he took before Judge Christianson who committed him to await the arrival of witnesses. Mr. King is one of the leading farmers of the town bearing his name, and a pillar in the alliance cause. He dropped in to cheer us on in the work by a renewal and an urgent request for us to keep on in the good cause. John, we are right on deck for a free and open wheat market, and we shall stick right to it as long as we can have such good support—until we get it.

Thanks.

Last week we sent out a number of statements of subscription accounts, the responses to which have been in many cases prompt and exceedingly encouraging. We have neither time nor space to mention each individual name, nor is this necessary, as each individual knows who is entitled to our thanks. One agreeable feature of this case to us is the evidence of appreciation of our efforts that it shows, and we shall ever strive to merit a continuation of the same.

All's Well That Ends Well

A dray horse dropped himself in that hole in front of the opera block on Monday, and for a time business was lively in those parts. A beam was stuck out of one of the upper windows, a block and tackle hastily rigged and the horse soon released uninjured.

Polk County Alliance.

FERTILE, Minn., Dec. 4, 1891.

Polk County Farmers' Alliance will meet at the Court House, Crookston, on the 26th day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. Each sub-alliance should send three delegates.

NELS MUUS, Sec.

A three months scholarship in Prof J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

They Care For a Comrade.

The Grand Army boys, Col. Cobham Post, took charge of the body of S. R. McGee on Tuesday to fit it for its last resting place. On Wednesday afternoon the Post turned out to pay the last respects to a departed comrade and to deposit his remains in Oakdale cemetery. Comrade McGee was unmarried and, so far as we know, has no relatives. He enlisted in 1861 in Co. D, 28th Ill. Vol. Infantry; re-enlisted Jan. 1st, '64, and was finally mustered out on May 16th, 1866, at Camp Butler in Illinois. He was drawing a pension of $8 a month for a shell wound in the shoulder and had recently applied for an increase. He was a member of Appomattox Post, No. 24, Larimore, N. D.

The current number of Farm, Stock and Home Minneapolis, Minn. should be read by every farmer in the State. In fact, for a farmer to miss reading any number of that excellent journal is a misfortune which he can escape almost without money and without price, by taking it in connection with the JOURNAL.

The Queen's Latest Offer.

A Free Education or One Year's Travel in Europe.

In the Queen's "Word Contest," which the publishers of that magazine anouce as the last one they will ever offer, a free education, consisting of a three years' course in any Canadian or American Seminary of College, including all expenses, tuition and board, to be paid by the publishers of The Queen, or one year abroad, consisting of one entire year's travel in Europe, all expenses to be paid, will be given to the person sending them the largest list of words made from the text which is announced in the last issue of The Queen. A special deposit of $750 has been made in The Dominion Bank of Canada, to carry out this offer. Many other useful and valuable prizes will be awarded in order of merit. The publishers of The Queen have made their popular family magazine famous throughout both Canada and the United States by the liberal prizes given in their previous competitions, and as this will positively be the last one offered, they intend to make it excel all others as regards the value of the prizes. Send six two cent U. S. stamps for copy of The Queen containing the text, complete rules and list of prizes. Address The Canadian Queen, Toronto, Canada. [33-40]

Our combination offer with Farm, Stock and Home elsewhere in this issue should not be overlooked. A year's subscription to this grand agricultural paper means a 384 page volume size 11x15 in that to any farmer is well worth $5.00, yet we give it and this paper one year only $1.50.

Winter Excursions.

A chance to visit the old home in Canada and say a good word for the new home in the Red River Valley.

Forty dollars for round trip from Crookston, Minn., to Montreal and all points west in Ontario via the Great Northern and connecting lines. Tickets good for 90 days, 15 going and 15 returning. Time extention at small additional cost.

Tickets for sale December 9th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d and 30th.

For further information, maps and publications apply to C. H. Mix, agent Great Northern.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

Wanted at Once.

A good man or boy for work upon a farm. Apply to M. E. Bartlett on Section 9, town of Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Notice.

All persons interested in the D. N. Taylor elevator scheme are requested to meet at City Hall, Crookston, on Saturday, Dec. 6th, and 20th 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., to take steps for self-protection. CHRIS. HOUSTON, Chairman.

Farmers, I have had experience enough in your business to know your requirements in merchandise and am prepared to meet them all in the kind, quality and price you desire. Call at Sture's store and see what I can do for you. A. STURE.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

[First publication Dec. 11th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Finlayson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Agnes Finlayson, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Alexander Finlayson, late of Crookston, Minnesota, on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1890, at Angus, Minnesota, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted. It is ordered that said petition be heard before the Judge of this court, on Friday, the second day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. at his office in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 8th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[34-36]

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 3 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
AND COLLECTIONS.
Special attention paid to Real Estate cases.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.
DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.
PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.
Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A Bargain.)
1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.
1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. m. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS.
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MIN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Fertile Journal:—Mr. Vebra Godfrey and Miss Lydia Droppo, of the town of Godfrey, were united in matrimony at the residence of the bride's parents Wednesday, Nov. 26th; Rev. A. G. Washington officiating. A large circle of friends wishes them happiness and prosperity.

East Grand Forks Courier:—On Tuesday morning Dennis J. Enright and his brother James leftfor California, where the young men will embark in the fruit culture. John Enright, and older brother, preceded them some months ago. When the father and mother of the Enright boys came to Polk county, some sixteen years ago, from Canada, they brought with them $5,000. That amount represented their entire worldly possession. The young men acquire land under the homestead law, and and have since been engaged in farming. Their combined possessions today would reach up into the thousands. It is safe to say that the family represents at least $75,000, all made, with the exception of 5,000, right here in Polk county, and that too by farming. The day before Dennis left for the golden state he disposed of one farm to George Coulter for $6,500. The young men have not left here to better their condition financially, but rather to seek a milder climate, as seveal members of the family have occasional touches of rheumatism. In the departure of these young men Polk county loses some of her most stalwart sons.

Fisher Bulletin:—On Sunday morning last Mr. and Mrs. Herrick, Miss Edith, their daughter and Fred, their son, were about as near the shores of eternity as persons can go without actually passing into the unknown. Several days prior to Saturday, the presence of coal gas was destected in the house and on Saturday a complete overhauling of the stoves and pipe was had. On Saturday night the usual precaution required of a coal stove was observed and the family retired to rest as usual. About seven o'clock Sunday morning Mr. H. awoke with a peculiar sensation in his head, and a strange idea as to his habitancy of this world. He soon convinced himself however that the house was filled with gas and his first move was to open a window. This accomplished he turned his attention to Mrs. H. and was horrified to find her unsconcious. Asphyxiation was complete, and but for the prompt arrival of Dr. Leslie, Mrs. Herrick would now be numbered among the dead. Miss Edith and Fred were also in a very critical condition, but by noon well restored by the remedies of the doctor, Since Sunday, Mr. Herrick has banished the coal stove.

Immigration Movement.

What are the Prospects for an Influx of People?

East Grand Forks Courier.

Judging from the large number of letters that have been written and which were reported by Postmaster McLaurin to have been mailed on the 27th and 58th of November from the Grand Forks postoffice, we think it could not be brighter. When the human heart is moved by gratitude, as was no doubt the case in many a family in this city on Thanksgiviam day, and the harmony that filled the souls of so many because the bountiful hand of a wise providence had again rewarded the farmers and the business man in this, the land of the "Yellow Golden Grain," and when the bins of many a farmer of the Red River Valley were overflowing with the beautiful golden wheat and the cellars full of vegetables.

The fair fame and the goodly report of the Red River Valley's plenty has most assuredly gone abroad to the world and must turn the eyes of many a wandering one towards his father's house, when there is continued prosperity and a steady advancement, even under the somewhat unfavorable conditions of the past two years.

There are those who perhaps may have spent a part of their substance in the vain attempt to find and establish homes in Kansas, Nebraska, and while the whilom Oklahoma has proven a fool's paradise, and in other places where their fancy led them to believe were fairer climes, but experince has taught them valuable lessons. The breadth of the Red River Valley's prosperity has gone out far and wide beyond her own borders, and the people will be coming to be partakers of the bounties. In the Red River Valley have been established large numbers of pleasant and happy homes, and these people blessed with the richest of this world's offerings stand ready to do their part, and will give a hearty welcome to all such as may wish to come within her borders.

We need to send forth to the world solid statement of facts and not glittering generalities. The people of the Red River Valley have displayed energy and perseverence in utilizing the resources which have been given them. Now is the time to take prompt and proper action so that the surplus capital and population now gathering at the east, shall break forth in the direction of the Red River Valley. C. M. H.

Kittson County Enterprise:—Chas. Hallock arrived on Monday. He says the whole east is talking of the Red River Valley and that she is bound to boom. That's what we have always maintained.

Daily Plaindealer:—There is danger that Congressman-Elect Kittel Halvorson, of Minnesota, will be spoiled. He has already been tendered a banquet and presented with a gold watch, and Mrs. Halvorson was the recipient of a handsome present. Now it was because Mr. Halvorson did not indulge in such luxuries as gold watches that he was elected. The people of his district should have a care or they may spoil an excellent man and prevent his re-election.

Minneapolis Journal:—A very commendable movement is that of the citizens of Polk, Marshall and Kittson counties, to devise a method of promoting immigration to the Red River Valley of this state. The Journal has steadfastly advised such movements to promote immigration. Over in North Dakota an immigration movement is in progress to bring immigration to that portion of the Red River Valley. It is a magnificent farming region, untouched by drouth and comparatively free from early frosts. The people in the Minnesota counties can do nothing more effective to advance its own interests than to promote immigration to the farming lands.

FRANK DeMERS.

Reported to be in a Fair Way to Recovery.

Fargo Republican.

The numerous friends of Capt. DeMers will be gratified to learn that he is gradually recovering—having improved to such an extent that he has recently been permitted to visit friends in St. Paul. When he was taken to the asylum at Jamestown his case was pronounced incurable, and some months later he was reported to be gradually dying; but about three months ago, he conceived the idea that he would fly, and leaped out of a window for that purpose. He fell a distance of thirty feet and came near breaking his spine. From that hour, however, he has been gradually improving, both mentally and physically. He is often perfectly rational, and it is now though not improbable that he may entirely recover.

The Columbia Cycle Calendar.

By far the most valuable business calender for 1891, and entirely unique in design, is the Columbia Cycle Calendar and Stand, issued by the Pope Mfg. Co., of Boston, Mass. The Calendar is in the form of a pad containing 366 leaves, each 5¼ x 4¾ inches, each leaf containing blank for memoranda, and as the leaves are only fastened at at the upper end any leaf can be exposed, no stub being left when the leaves are torn off. The pad rests upon a stand containing pen rack and pencil holder, and made of stained wood, mounted with raised letters, in brass, thus forming an ornamental paper weight. The day of the week and the day of the year, together with the number of days to come, are given, and each slip bears a paragraph pertaining to cycling and kindred subject. These paragraphs have been carefully collated from leading publications and prominent writers, the larger number having been specially written for this purpose. Although this is the sixth issue of the Calendar, all the matter is fresh and new, comprising notable events in cycling, opinions of physician and clergymen, hints about road making, and numerous other topics.

When Stanley was a Reporter.

Special to The Minneapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—Explorer Stanley was surprised and considerably pleased to meet an old acquaintance during his call at the press gallery of the house of representatives. This acquaintance was Congressman Comstock, of Minnesota. When Stanley was a reporter at Omaha many years ago Comstock resided there and knew Stanley very well. The now famous explorer frequently called at Comstock's law office. The Minnesotan said today that Stanley was a thorough Bohemian in those days.

Sleepy Eye Herald:—One of our Republican brethren up in the northern part of the state recently said in the paper that the Republican party "got a pretty good hint in the late election." Individuals and parties are alike in some respects. There are a few cranks not more than a thousand miles from Sleepy Eye who are still mad clear down to their boots because the recent election did not go their way. They are mad because we do not advocate their peculiar idiotic whims. To show how foolish some people are, we will just cite a case. A short time ago a citizen of this county went into business here. As he was a Herald subscriber we published a complimentary notice of him and his business. This week the paper came back "refused.". Now, we don't want it understood that we care a cent for the loss of one subscriber, for we have received two in return for every one we have lost, but only mention this case to show how narrow-minded this individual is. The whole sum and substance of the matter is this. He is a bitter partisan, depends entirely on the farmers of Brown County for his support, is down on the paper for being friendly to the agriculturist. But never mind, the farmer is more important than he. He will like some others "get a pretty good hint" one of these days.

100 PAGES WIDE AWAKE. 1891

BEGINNING WITH THE HOLIDAY NUMBER

Is permanently enlarged to one hundred pages, radiant with new and larger type, a new style of page, and fresh, strong literary and pictorial attractions.

Mrs. Burton Harrison, whose story of "The Anglomaniacs" has been the sensation of the season in The Century, has written for Wide Awake a story called "Diamonds and Toads."

Hon. John D. Long (ex-Governor of Massachusetts) furnishes six articles, under the general title of "Our Government," for the enlightenment of coming citizens—the boys and girls of to-day.

Margaret Sidney's new serial, "Five Little Peppers Grown Up," will tell more about Polly and Jasper and David and Joel and Phronsie, and others, as it runs through the year. Fifty charming illustrations by Chas. Mente.

Marietta's Good Times will chronicle in her own words, from her own manuscript, the childhood adventures of Marietta Ambrosi.

Miss Matilda Archambeau Van Dorn, a little girl who had a great many ancestors, is an irresistible little folks' serial, by Elizabeth Cumings.

Unusually Interesting Articles, some elaborately pictorial: "Dining with Gladstone," by Mrs. John A. Logan; "Amy Robsart's Embroidery," by Frances A. Humphrey? "Mother Goose's Pets," by Agnes Peppiier; "Gypsies and Gypsying," by Elizabeth Robbins Pennell; "Some Horses that I have known," by Maud Howe; "Seinte Marie College of Wynchestre," by Oscar Fay Adams; "Boston's Girl Sculptor," by Mrs. Newberry; "The Sugar Crank," by Theodora R. Jenness.

Some Problems in Horology, by E. H. Hawley, of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, will interest High School students. Three sets of cash prizes.

The Best of Short Stories from thousands offered and solicited the past year—some by new authors.

Figure Drawing for Children, in twelve illustrated lessons by Caroline H. Rimmer, with four prize offers each month.

The Ever Popular Ways to do Things, the School and Playground Stories, Tangles, Post Office and Men and Things.

Wide Awake is only $2.40 a Year.

D. LOTHROP CO., Publishers, Boston.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in McInnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞ Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

And Institute of Short Hand,

Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

Fargo, Weekly Argus:—Although improved land in the Red River Valley is generally held at from $25 to $30 per acre, there are many farms in this favored belt which have returned the past year 10 per cent interest upon a valuation of $200 per acre. There are also farms which have done this for a series of years. This being the case can anyone doubt that improved farm lands in the Red River Valley must be worth at least from $60 to $100 per acre inside of three years' time? This being the case what better investment can be made than the purchase of such property in the Valley?

St. Paul News:—Senator Sawyer has come to the aid of the proposed Gould railroad combine by the introduction of a bill in the United States Senate, to annul section 5 of the Inter-State Commerce law, so as to provide that agreements for the apportionment of traffic may be entered into by common carriers. With the proposed amendment to the law, the system of pooling, the abrogation of which was one of the best features of the interstate law, would be revived, and Jay Gould and his millionatre associates in the recent stock manipulations to gain control of several Western lines, could snap their fingers at any attempted State control in the matter of rates, and the slavery of the Western producer would be complete.

St. Paul News:—The Republic members of the census committee are understood to have reached an agreement upon a re-apportionment bill. The ratio of representation is to be one member to each 173,801 of population, which will give a House of 356 members, against 362 as now. Under this representation no State loses any of it present membership, while the States of Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Georgia, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, New Jersey Oregon, Washington and Wisconsin, each gain one, Illnois, Minnesota, Pennsylvania and Texas two, and Nebraska three.

Marshall County Leader:—Whether the Alliance as a political organization is a fleeting passion or a power come to stay is a question raging in the minds of the good old style politicians. There was no uncertain sound in the voice of the farmers on November 4th, and the old party manipulators see clearly that the farmers at length realize their power and are dismayed by the first exercise of it. As a rule the men who have always done most to encourage a strong partizanship, which shall override reason and obliterate contemplation of economic questions by the individual voter, have done so "for revenue only." They did it for personal profit and advantage in the way of offices and political prestige, and it was "Vaulting ambition o'erleaping itself" which found its legitimate end in the political independence of which the late Alliance success furnishes the clearest possible proof. To stand by their old party from principle, sink with it if it sinks and swim with it if it triumphs is not the view or purpose at all of the typical professor of politics. In completing the equation of the problem the only quantity he cares to discover is the future destiny of each party, and this quantity he may assure himself can only be known henceforth by a consideration of issues and principles. The Leader has no cause to rejoice in or lament the simple fact of an Alliance victory or Republican defeat, but in the tremendous growth of an independent political spirit which is destined to handle matters of government in the future without partizan gloves we do recognize a grand victory for the cause we have ever advocated through these columns.

Moorhead News:—F. J. Burnham; Your hopeful view of the future of the Red River Valley coincides with my own. I have taken considerable pains to collect information in regard to the relative advantages of the different portions of the country to which those seeking new locations are being attracted, and am fully convinced that Minnesota, and especially the Red River Valley, offers homeseekers inducement superior to those of any other part of the United States. My correspondence and business indicate that this fact is begining to be appreciated. If this winter should turn out mild as is now probable, it will help materially. I have sold more land and at better prices the past season than in any since 1882.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

Crookston Meat Market

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From Northern Minnesota and North Dakota, to Montreal and all points west n Ontario, at the low rate of $40, via Northern Pacific R. R. The dining car line between Northern Minnesota and North Dakota points, by way of St. Paul and Chicago. Dates of sale, Tuesday, Nov. 18th and 25th, and Dec. 2d and 9th; and daily Dec. 16th to 23d inclusive, and Dec. 30th, 1890. Limit of tickets ninety days, good going and returning fifteen days, with stop-over privileges, subject to local regulations of lines over which tickets read. Final limit of tickets extended fifteen day on payment of $5.00; thirty days $10.00; and sixty days $20. Pullman tourist sleeping cars from Winnipeg, Pembina Grafton, Gilby, Grand Forks and Crookston, will be run through to Chicago without change via the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central, leaving Winnipeg on Tuesday, November 18th and 25th, and Dec. 2d, 9th, 16th, 23d and 30th. Sleeping car fare $2 for one double berth. For further information, maps, time tables and tickets via the Dining Car Line, write to or inquire of C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R., Crookston, Minn.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., DEC. 11, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
6:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:46 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:37 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:25 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:22 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:35 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
3:30 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:23 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m

A SHORT PRISON EXPERIENOE

Mr. King in Jail For Conscience Sake.

The following letter recently received by Mr. Jones, vice-president of the National Religious Liberty Association, was written by Mr. King, a man who has been having a notable court experience for worshiping on Saturday and working on Sun'ay, while lying in jail at Troy, Tennessee:

TROY, Tenn., Nov. 12, 1890.

D. T. Jones, Battle Creek, Mich:

DEAR BROTHER: I received your good letter day before yesterday, and was very glad indeed to hear from you, as it was the first letter that I have received from any of our people since I have been here in jail. You cannot imagine how glad I am to hear from any one. There are none of our people nearer than eighteen miles of me.

I have got along splendidly so far. The jailer and his wife have been as kind to me as they could be, and seem to place a great deal of confidence in me, as they let me have the keys to go in and out of jail when I please, and give me a nice room to sleep in all to myself.

I do not know how long I shall have to stay here. I am looking all the time for Col. Richardson to come after me. I guess I will get out before long. It seems strange to me that I have to lie in jail for working on Sunday, when I can look out from here on Sunday and see people at work close enough by to halloo at, and nothing said about it. Last Sunday they hauled wood here to a brick kiln, four or five men working all day. But, of course, they were not Adventists.

The editor of the "News Banner," a paper published here in Troy, has been down to see me, and I had quite a talk with him. He wanted to know if I would go home and quit working on Sunday if the judge would let me go. I told him the judge could not let me go home if he wanted to. Said he: "Would you not go home and quit working on Sunday, or leave the state, if the governor would 'pardon you?" I told him I could not say that I would quit working on Sunday, for I thought that I had a God-given right to work six days days if I chose to do so, and that I did not propose to leave the state, either.

The people are very friendly to me, and I have some good visits with them. There are nine prisoners here in all. One black man has been down sick for three months, and will soon die here in jail. They are a rough set of prisoners: are just about half fed, and have a horrible place in which to stay. We have some good talks, however, about the goodness of God, though they know but little about the enjoyment there is in the religion of Jesus Christ. Your sinbrother in faith and hope,

R. M. KING.

If any of our readers have failed to get satisfactory profits from horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, bees, fruits, grain or vegetables, they should commence at once and read every number of Farm, Stock and Home during the coming year. If ordered in connection with this paper its cost will not be felt.

An Excellent Appointment.

St. Paul Daily News: Judge Oliver has made a very wise selection in the appointment of Frank Robert as Chief Clerk in the Probate Judge's office. Mr. Robert has been occupying that position for several years, and was for many years connected with the Probate Judges office prior to that promotion. It is safe to say there is no man in the county his equal in familiarity with the probate records and business. Faithful, courteous, attentive and competent, it is always a pleasure for those having business with the Probate Court to find Mr. Robert on duty. Both Judge Oliver and the public are to be congratulated upon the selection.

Mr. Robert is a son of Frank Robert, Sr., whose fine farm lies near this city. He takes a just pride in the success of his talented son.

$850,000,000.00.

Such is the Mortgage Indebtedness in the United States.

Results of the Census Inquiry.

WASHINGTON Special to Minneapolis Journal, Dec. 4.—The inquiry of the census office into mortgage indebtedness is nearly completed. The report will be very interesting and valuable. Out of nearly 2,000 counties, only ten remain at the present time unfinished, the mortgages for 10 years having been abstracted from the records. A total of something over $850,000,000 in mortgages has been found, the largest number in the Western states. Relatively speaking, the Southern states were found to be much freer from these incumbrances than the Northern. An exception to this, however, is noted in the newly developed manufacturing districts of Alabama, Tennessee and Georgia. In districts like that of Birmingham, the mortgage indebtedness is large, but 90 per cent of it has been contracted for purchase money, plants, lands, etc. In other districts of the South, mortgages are given as security for "farm supplies." This is an unimportant object of indebtedness in the north.

QUAY'S PENSION BILL.

The Disabled to Get from $50 to $100 a Month Under It.

WASHINGTON telegram to Minneapolis Journal, Dec. 4.—Senator Quay yesterday introduced a bill granting to all persons whose names are now on the pension list, or may be hereafter placed thereon, who have lost both eyes or both feet, or who are otherwise totally disabled, a pension of $100 a month. Also to all persons who have lost an arm at the shoulder joint or a leg at the hip joint, a pension of $60 a month, and to those who have lost an arm below the elbow or a leg below the knee, $55 a month. Those who have lost a hand or foot or have been totally disabled in the same, are to be entitled to $50 a month. The bill provides further that persons who have contracted two or more disabilities shall receive a sum per month equal to the total of rates for all of the disabilities mentioned.

Scientific Miscellany.

ARTIFICAL SKULL-SHAPING.

Astonishing success has attended the efforts of Dr. Lannelongue, an eminent specialist of Paris, to give intelligence to a little idiot girl. Though four years old, the child could neither walk nor stand, and never smiled nor took notice of anything. The doctor concluded that the abnormal narrowness of the head obstructed the growth of the brain, and in May last he made an incision in the center of the skull and cut a piece of bone from the left side. The result was marvelous. Within less than a month the child could walk, and she has become quite bright, playing, smiling and taking notice of everything around her.

PAIN-JOY.

A German anatomist has called the attention of his class to certain hysterical women who are affected with a kind of "pain-joy"—not only experiencing no pain from surgical mutilation, but having a morbid desire to bear without anaesthetics, operations which should prove very painful. A young woman was introduced who had seriously injured her lower jaw during a paroxysm of hysteria, but who had insisted upon having the necessary removal of part of the jaw and ligature of two arteries performed without an anaesthetic, and subsequently declared that the operation had given her great pleasure.

THE MOON-WEATHER PROBLEM.

From tables made by the use of synoptic charts, eliminating local disturbances, Dr. G. Meyer, believes he has accomplished what other investigators have sought to do without success—shown an influence of the moon on the weather. The height of the barometer in months of September to January, is lowered at the time of full moon and raised during the first quarter. No effect can be traced for other months.

ELECTRICALLY-AIMED GUNS.

In a new invention, a small dry battery, an electro-magnet and a circuit-closer of mercury are so arranged in the stock of a gun that the weapon can be discharged only when elevated to a predetermined angle. At other positions the trigger is locked and cannot be pulled. The device is claimed to ensure precision in range and accuracy of firing at night when the range has been previously obtained.

ANOTHER SILK.

A substance having all the essential qualities of silk has been made from wild hemp by Nayemura Sakussaburo, of Hikone, Japan. The plant grows on moors and hillsides, and could be cultivated. The fibre is strong and glossy, and several silk factories are said to have found it to be in no way inferior to silk.

THE POTATO DISEASE.

In Denmark, some interesting, and perhaps very valuable researches into the potato disease have been made by Prof. J. L. Jenson. The disease is found to consist of a fungus, whose spores are carried by the wind, and which first attacks the foliage of the plants. It spreads to the tubers in about seven days by spores washed down from the stem and foliage. Considering these facts, it was thought that the tubers might be protected by moulding the soil into a broad ridge, three or four inches high and ten or twelve inches wide, after the first weeding, and a further earthing up on one side only—causing the plants to bend so that the spores would fall away from the ridges—within seven days after the appearance of the disease on the foliage. Some 150 farmers are said to have experimented in this way, with these astonishing results: Where no moulding or earthing up was done, the percentage of diseased potatoes was 34; where the moulding was imperfect, 12; and where the moulding was perfect, only 1. Infection during harvest was prevented by allowing the tubers to remain in the ground for a month after the withering of the tops.

COLD WAVES.

A cold wave is defined by Prof. T. Russell as a fall of temperature in twenty-four hours of 20 degrees over an area of 50,000 square miles, the temperature in some part of this area descending to 35 degrees. Between 1880 and 1890 no less than 691 cold waves were recorded in the United States. In the great cold wave of Jan. 17th, 1882, the fall of 20 degrees extended over an area of 1,101,000 square miles, and the fall of 10 degrees included 2,929,000 square miles. In six cold waves of the ten years the area of the fall of 20 degrees was more than a million square miles. Cold waves follow a day after an area of low pressure, or occur to the southeast of an area of high pressure, reaching their greatest extent when both conditions are present.

NESTS FOR GERMS.

The impurities that collect under finger nails have been investigated in the bacteriological laboratories of Vienna. The matter obtained in 78 examinations was placed in culture solutions, and gave 36 kinds of micrococci, 18 of bacilli, and 3 of sarcinae. Cleanliness of the nails is especially necessary for all who come near a wound, and for those who live in a neighborhood where an epidemic prevails.

A REMARKABLE PRESERVATIVE.

A Belgian chemist has found that the green tar left after extracting the oil from the white bark of the birch will effectually preserve even the most delicate textures from decay. It yields neither acid nor alkaloid, is remarkably fluid in alcoholic solution, and when once dried resists even the action of alcohol.

A NEW IDEA.

A recent contract provides for street lighting in Paris on a novel plan. Power is distributed by the compressed air system to a great number of small motors, each of which supplies electricity for a small number of lamps

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A "SOLID" man of course—one who farms with his brains as well as his hands, and who knows that to make the farm pay in these times requires good live-stock. No man who keeps good stock can afford to be without The Breeder's Gazette. It is the acknowledged head of the American live-stock press, and we should like to see it in the hands of all our intelligent stock owners. It is a large, handsomely illustrated weekly, furnished at $2 per year, or in clubs of five or more at $1.50 each. Send for a free sample copy, or enclose twenty cents postage for the magnificent Christmas Number. Address

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☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

(First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLean, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day, of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1889, on the sum of $947.10, and from the 14th day of May, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $2,392 50, together with costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 15th, 1890.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[33-39] Crookston Minn.

We wish every farmer in this county would become a reader of Farm, Stock and Home. Taken in connection with this paper its cost is nominal.

SPRING SMILES!

Upon the Well Wintered Farm.

"How to Preserve the S[illegible] Crop," "Butter Making in Winter," "When Shall We [illegible]," "How to Feed in Winter," "Keep the Animals Growing," "[illegible] Farming," "Why I Raise Swine," "Does P[illegible]," "Shall We Use Blooded Sires," "The Horse Mark[illegible]," "My First Experience with the Silo," "My First Fruit [illegible] Garden," "Why I Don't Leave the Farm," "The [illegible] Wife," "Our Country Roads," "Are Bees Worth their [illegible]," "Minnesota an Apple State," "Notes Obtained by Fraud," "The Stranger's Promise," "Are Politicians Our Friends," "What Should the Teacher Do," "How I Preserve Meats," "[illegible] to Buy Seeds," "The Boy Mechanic," "A Quarr[illegible] Family," "Fighting Animals," "My Early Mistakes," "[illegible] We Heed the Experience of Others."

These are only a few of the subjects to be found in forthcoming numbers of

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Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

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In that delightful book, "Rudder Grange," the husband of Pomona gives as his reason for not removing from a malarial neighborhood, that it don't do for a man at this time of life to go about changing his disease, and adding, that there are diseases incident to almost every locality, and he likes a disease that he is used to.

Now, in case of malarial diseases, aside from the unwillingness of patients to "change diseases," it is generally not convenient to change their residences. If this were done in every case, some of our most thriving cities would be depopulated.

So nothing is left but to fortify oneself against malarial influences, and anathemize the prevailing ignorance as to proper sanitation.

Compound Oxygen Treatment has proved very successful in malarial disorders. We have numerous testimonials from patients who have been cured of diseases of this class. These testimonials are at your disposal. You have but to write for our brochure giving a full history of Compound Oxygen, its nature, discovery and results. You will find a vast collection of letters from patients, as well as much interesting reading. Sent free. No other genuine than the Compound Oxygen manufactured by DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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PRESIDENT.

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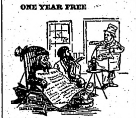
VICE-PRESIDENT.

The Northwestern Farmer
ONE YEAR FREE



MR. McKINLEY—"How are you to-day, Uncle Sam?"
UNCLE SAM—"Mmmble! That last dose was a leetle mite too strong for me I'm afraid."
ALLIANCE FARMER—"Yes, and when the medicine begins to work, you will feel worse. We have decided to change doctors for you, and will then see if anything can be done to cure you."

REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul.

(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)

The publisher of the NORTHWESTERN FARMER will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul, Minn.

THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

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TO THE OLD STAND
In the Fifth Ward.
CALL
AND SEE
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E. D. CHILDS & CO.

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AND
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

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DEALERS IN

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in connection which I will attend to in person

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT.
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ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, DECEMBER 18, 1890. NO. 35.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

A large and brilliant company were assembled at the Himmelsback brothers residence in the town of Fairfax, on the evening of Tuesday, December 9th, the occasion being the wedding reception of Mr. William Himmelsback and his bride. The tables, set in the large and spacious dining room, fairly groaned under the load of good things provided for the inner man. After partaking of the elegant repast the room was cleared and all so inclined "tripped the light, fantastic toe" to the music of the violin and piano. In the parlor, a large and elegant collection of presents was displayed, comprising both the useful and ornamental.

The following is the list of presents as taken by your reporter:

Silver cake basket—Mr. and Mrs. S L. Collins.

Set of silver knives and forks—Mr. J. F. Cramer and Nellie Muller.

Silver fruit knives—Louisa Rauenbuehler.

Silver castor—Mr. and Mrs. A. Braley.

Lamp—E. Himmelsback.

Silver cake basket—Mr. and Mrs. J. Netzer and Miss Phenie.

Cake plate—M. Palen.

Knives and forks—Mr. and Mrs. Leguee.

Nut picks—Mr. and Mrs. Sam Rosenthal.

Pickle castor—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Wile.

Pickle castor—Helmick Brothers.

Album—A. A. Olson.

Glass sauce dish—Miss Moorland.

Fancy cane rocking chair—Rose and Sophia Himmelsback.

Plush sofa—Mr. and Mrs. Noesen, Batty Bros., and Miss Batty.

Gold watch and chain—Present to the bride, from the bridegroom.

One dozen silver tea spoons—Mr. and Mrs. William Huber, Menominee, Wis.

Pie knife—Wm. Hoch and F. G. Rauch.

Fruit knives—Cora Hutchinson.

Stand—Lena Himmelsback.

Picture—Annie Soper and N. B. Soper.

Lamp—Joe McMahan.

Sofa—August Himmelsback.

Two sofa chairs—Theo. Greenhalgh, T. Wallace, Ole Anderson, J. Sylvesterson, Ole Kroken, Carl Arness, Albert Simpson, Andrew Simpson, Tom Lee, Ole Lee and Hans Clausen.

Butter knife and sugar spoon—Amelia Wenzel.

Table cloth and Napkins—Fontaine & Anglim.

Table cloth and Napkins—Mr. and Mrs. Rauenbuehler.

Two fancy towels—Maggie Heidrick.

Family record and individual butter plates—Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McMahan.

Silver butter dish and knife—Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. E. Roberts, Mr. and Mrs. C. Houston, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cooke.

Oil Painting—Carrie Himmelsback.

Five dollars cash—John Hager, Maiden Rock, Wis.

Five dollars cash—Mr. and Mrs. C. Stuhr.

Rocking chair—Mr. and Mrs. Bullan and daughters.

Silver butter dish—McKinnon Bros.

At a late hour the party broke up, all wishing the bride and groom many anniversaries of the happy day.

The current number of Farm, Stock and Home Minneapolis, Minn. should be read by every farmer in the State. In fact, for a farmer to miss reading any number of that excellent journal is a misfortune which he can escape almost without money and without price, by taking it in connection with the JOURNAL.

MENTOR, Dec. 8th, 1890.

As President of the Polk County Alliance, I earnestly request that each and every alliance throughout the county be represented by three delegates at the county meeting, to be held at the Court House, in the city of Crookston, on Friday, December 26th, 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and I desire very much that each and every alliance be represented by one delegate to the State Farmers' Alliance, to be held in St. Paul, for the purpose of electing officers of said alliance, on December 30th, 1890. It is very essential that we elect well qualified men, who are worthy and deserving of the respect of all loyal citizens, and those who will prove themselves loyal to the best interests of the welfare of all mankind, especially the producers. I feel proud of the alliance of Polk County; they did their full duty at the polls at the last election and helped to lay the corner stone for the erection of the building of a political revolution that I believe, when fully completed, will have that purifying and cleansing power in it that will wipe out all corruption and bind in fetters that cannot be broken all the powers of oppression that are brought to bear upon the producers of the wealth of the nation. Until that is done, there is but little to hope for and but little to live for, as the present state of things is sapping the very life blood from the veins of every honest toiler.

Brother farmers, remember that what we have already done will avail us nothing unless we place our urgent necessities before the legislative bodies in such a manner that they will be compelled to hear our cries for justice at their hands, and it is our duty to assist that portion of the representatives elected by the farmers, in every way possible, for they will have a hard fight to make, as all manner of evil devices will be concocted to lure them from the path of duty which they owe to themselves, to their constituents, and to their country.

The Farmers' Alliance, or independent political movement, means more, perhaps, than some of you are aware of. Carried on to full success, it means peace, prosperity and happiness to all honest and respectable citizens of America, but if we falter and pale and wind up in disgrace by reason of not doing our full duty, or not proving true and loyal to every duty entrusted to our order, then it means everlasting bondage to the money power and monopolies of all kinds, and in such case it would be better for the rising generation if a mill stone had been tied about their necks and were cast into the bottom of the sea. It seems that the defeat of our worthy candidate for governor was largely due to the lack of campaign funds to carry on the campaign, and the state central committee, it seems, in their eagerness for success, did all in their power with what means they had, and more too, for they now find themselves in debt one thousand dollars, and as Polk County farmers proved themselves loyal at the polls, I hope they will distinguish themselves by helping to make up this amount. Please take up a collection at your next meeting and send it in by your delegates to the county meeting and we will see that it is forwarded to apply upon their indebtedness.

GEO. W. SWIFT,
President Polk County Alliance.

Closing Out!

Our stock of coal and wood heaters at actual cost. Have reduced prices on skates and Winchester rifles to close them out.

[35-36] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

Warren Register: Harry L. Wood and Miss Laura Flanders were married at Crookston last Saturday evening. Harry is known to everybody in Warren, and is a son of Hon. L. G. Wood of our town, state senator elect from this district. Mrs. Wood is a sister of the genial Fred Flanders, who assists in handling the shekels at the Warren Bank. Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Wood, father and mother of the groom, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Flanders and others from Warren were present and saw the happy young couple launch forth upon the matrimonial sea. Rev. Mr. Whitney, pastor of the Baptist church at Crookstoon, tied the nuptial knot.

Southron of Sabine (Many, La):

Farmers who have lost their homes through usury and mortgage foreclosure, a result of the gold basis conspiracy, would now relish an opportunity of a seat in the Wall street stock exchange gallery to look down into the cesspool of iniquity and there behold the serpent writhe with agony of despair, because their stocks will no longer hold water, and because their prospects in the future to skin the farmers have been blighted. The Farmers Alliance should continue to organize and press this victory of currency and transportation reform to a successful conclusion.

MACUNE'S VIEWS.

One of the Farmer Leaders Talks of the Work of the Ocala Convention.

THE SUB-TREASURY PLAN.

It Will Be Adopted, He Believes, by the 52d Congress in a Modified Form.

INDEPENDENCE IN POLITICS.

It is Too Early to Talk of Conventions and Candidates for the Farmers.

LEESBURG special to the Minneapolis Times, Dec. 10.—After the excursion train left this morning a reporter had an extended conversation with Dr. Macune, who is one of the ablest and most powerful leaders of the alliance, of which the following is the substance:

"Your delegates have come together here from all parts of the Union—some of them after traveling hundreds of miles and devoting three weeks of their time. What have they accomplished? The main thing accomplished has been the demonstration that the farmers of the country are practically united in recognizing what the evils are that have been dragging them down, and on the means of relief. They have with practical unanimity endorsed the sub-treasury bill. This is more than had been expected at this convention. As to the third party question the southern people are not in favor of independent action. We shall continue to work as we have been working. I hardly think there will be a third party movement among southern alliance people. The convention called next February is premature. It will not amount to anything. A convention called for February, '92 would be able to act wisely. There is time enough between now and then for the different labor organizations to discuss the subject in all its bearings, and if at that time it should seem advisable to issue a call for a convention to name an independent ticket, the movement would have a good chance of success."

"Do you think that the sub treasury scheme will be passed?"

"Certainly it will."

"When?"

"Not by this congress. It will probably be passed by the 52d congress. By that time men of both parties will be anxious to placate the farmer, and they cannot afford to oppose it. I don't say it will pass in its present shape, only that some measure embodying the principal will go through. You see, we have our own men inside congress now, and we can put men of both parties on record as we go, and keep the constituents informed on the measures for relief of the people."

"Do you think it wise to embody so many fundamental demands in one platform?"

"No: I have always been in favor of a single demand, and progress has been in this direction. The Ocala platform is shorter then the St. Louis platform. A number of demands that might have gone into the platform were made the subject of resolutions and passed in that shape. The more we concentrate our forces the better we will succeed, but we will have to put in our platform more than ought to be there in order to harmonize conflicting views.

"Do you think it was wise to pass the resolution condemning the Lodge bill?"

"No: The resolution was offered and rushed through when many delegates were out of the hall on committee work and when most of the leaders were absent. It was a partisan action, and as such was unwise, but it would have been just as partisan on the other hand, to have rescinded the resolution. Two wrongs cannot make one right, and so it was allowed to stand. After that action of our convention I don't blame the colored convention for passing its resolution favoring the Lodge bill."

INDIAN LAND SURVEYS.

They Are Progressing Satisfactorily in Minnesota—Pensions Allowed.

WASHINGTON special to St. Paul Dispatch, Dec. 11.—Congressman Comstock has secured an allowance of pensions for John McClellan, of Duluth, and John Lowan, of Royalton.

Mr. Comstock called at the Indian office, and was informed that surveys of Indian lands in Minnesota are being continued in a satisfactory manner, and will soon be completed if good weather prevails. As soon as the work is done, the surveys of timber will be commenced.

Northwestern Farmer: The Red River Valley in Minnesota and North Dakota produced its usual good crop of wheat the past season. In fact the Red River Valley, as a whole, never has failed to reward the farmers living in this favored belt. Numbers of instances have occurred during the past year, where the crops have fully paid for the land. Low prices for farm lands all over the Northwest, has resulted in keeping the Red River Valley lands below their actual value. The recent meeting of the representatives of the various Red River Valley counties, to discuss the problem as to how to attract more attention to these fertile lands, has resulted in the forming of a committee at both Fargo and Grand Forks, in North Dakota. It is the intention to establish two Immigration Bureaus, whose business it shall be to direct more attention to the wonderful fertility of these rich bottom lands of the Red River of the North.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

Details of the Progress of the Great Convention in the South.

Stand Taken by the Party on the Financial Questions of the Day.

OCALA, Fla., Telegram to Duluth Tribune, Dec. 8.—The National Farmers' Alliance assembled again this morning at 8:30. After routine work, and a few speeches giving news paper correspondents a drubbing because they have secured information of the proceedings beyond that given out by the press committee, the financial policy of the order came up for discussion under a report of the committee on legislation. This report, as to the financial policy, contained the following amended demands:

First—We demand the abolition of national banks; we demand that the government shall establish sub-treasuries or depositaries in several states which shall loan money direct to the people at a low rate of interest, not to exceed 2 per cent per annum, on non-perishable farm products and also upon real estate, with proper limitations upon the quantity of land and amount of money. We demand that the amount of circulating medium be speedily increased to not less then $50 per capita.

Second—We demand that congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent dealing in futures on all agricultural and mechanical productions, preserving stringent system of procedure in trials such as shall secure prompt conviction of offenders and the imposition of such penalties as shall secure the most perfect compliance with the law.

Third—We demand the silver bill recently passed by congress, and demand in lieu thereof a free and unlimited coinage of silver.

Fourth—We demand the passage of laws prohibiting alien ownership of lands, and that congress take prompt action to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by aliens and foreign syndicates, and that all lands now owned by railroads and other corporations in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them be reclaimed and held for actual settlers only.

Fifth—Believing in the doctrine of equal rights to all and special to none, we demand that our national legislation shall be so framed in future as to build one industry at the expense of another. We further demand the removal of the existing heavy tariff from the necessaries of life, that the poor of our land must have. We further demand a just and equitable system of graduated tax on incomes. We believe the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people and hence we demand that all national and state revenues shall be limited to the necessary expences of the government, economically and honestly administered.

Sixth—We demand the most rigid, honest and just state and national governmental control and supervision of the means of public communication and transportation, and if this control and supervision does not remove the abuses now existing, we demand government ownership of such means of communication and transportation. A spirited debate followed the introduction of this report.

At the beginning of the debate on demands, Loucks of South Dakota was one of the first speakers at the forenoon meeting. He moved (with reference to loans of money on farm products) to strike out the word "farm," but he was interrupted by Col. Livingstone of Georgia suggesting that this change would make all product come under this demand and would be in the interest of manufacturers who have already had quite enough of class legislation. He therefore would suggest that in place of "farm" the word, "Merchantable" be substituted, wich Loucks agreed to. The amendment in this form provoked a spirited discussion. Davie of Kentucky, offered a long preamble and resolution to take the place of the first demand, and from this point on the speakers addressed themselves to both Loucks' and Davie amendment, indiscriminately. The first speaker, after the introduction of Davie's resolution was President Hall of the Missouri Alliance, who made a long speech in opposition to the sub-treasury plan.

The vote was taken on Loucks' amendment, and it was not agreed to.

Colonel Livingston, of Georgia, offered a resolution amending the first section of the demands so that the volume of currency issued shall not be less then $50 per capita of the entire population, which was agreed to.

50th year is inscribed on the dainty cover of the January Peterson. This periodical has stood the test of half a century and still ranks foremost among the magazines for ladies and the household generally. It has been enlarged, and exhibits many improvements and fresh attractions. Besides the beautiful full-page engravings, there are several illustrated articles, poems and stories. "Oddities In Foot Gear," by Harriet Latham, is exceptionally good, with numerous explanatory designs ranging from Egyptian sandals to Greenland skin shoes. Miss M. G. McClelland and Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper begin serials which promise brilliantly. Minna Irving has a fine lyric. Clarence M. Boutelle, Frank Lee Benedict and other well-known writers contribute some of the best stories to be found in the month's round of magazines. The excellence of the fashion, needle work and household departments has always made Peterson an infallible authority. It is now, in its new dress, a very handsome magazine and will more than ten times save the subscription money to every family that takes it. Price $2.00 a year, with large reductions to clubs, and handsome premiums, to those who get up clubs. Address PETERSON'S MAGAIZNE, Philadelphia.

A First-Class Farm Paper.

The Northwestern Farmer and Breeder, formerly published at Fargo, N. Dakota, but removed to St. Paul, Minn. last spring has been very much improved since its change of base, and is giving the farmers a very much better paper than when it was printed in Fargo. Its recent illustrated articles on the Jim River Artesian basin, have been excellent. It is now discussing the subject of growing sugar beets in the Northwest. Each number has departements devoted to Sheep, Cattle, The Horses, The Farm, Household, and a page devoted to the dicussion of Tariff and other Economic questions in which all farmers take a lively interest. A sample copy, with premium list will be sent to all who address: Northwestern Farmer and Breeder, 146 East 3rd St, St. Paul, Minn.

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A specimen copy will give you a better idea of The Weekly Blade than any description we can give in an advertisement. We therefore invite everybody to write us for a specimen, which we will cheerfully mail you free; and at the same time please mail us a list of names of your friends and neigbors, and we will also mail them specimens.

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ROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., DEC. 18, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 76.
1 Northern 73.
2 Northern 68.
3 Northern 62.

Dr. Dunlop returned on Sunday.

J. B. Sauve talks of going to Duluth.

Don't neglect to see Herb's holiday stock.

E. M. Hoff was down from St. Hilaire last week.

J. W. Kelley was down from Sletten on Saturday.

Headquarters for Santa Claus. At Herb's.

Henry Bender left for home on Friday evening.

Larger and more attractive than ever. Herb's Holiday stock.

December has been the lovliest month on record so far.

Have you seen those elegant diamonds at Hans Peterson's jewelry store? They are beauties.

Sheriff elect, Arny Grundyson, is now a resident of this city.

Geo. W. Swift and W. W. Attix were down from Mentor on Friday.

Ladies call and see those hats whi Mrs. Bangs is offering at cost. Everything goes at greatly reduced prices.

The Bolton entertainments in this city this week are very highly spoken of.

Holiday goods in great profusion at Hans Peterson's jewelry store. Call and examine.

Court adjourned on Friday and the Judge left for home on Saturday.

Gervais, "the hustler," has a great many novelties for Xmas presents.

T. H. Bjoin was selecting opera chairs on Monday for the new Opera House.

Gervais, "the hustler," is offering great drives in all departments till New Year's.

Preparations are being made to lay the sidewalk in front of the opera house block.

Call and see it. Herb's Holiday stock.

Fred Rauch has been fixing up his place in grand good shape, plastering inside and clapboarding outside.

The highest price will be paid for Oats, Potatoes, Butter and Eggs at Sture's.

The wheat market improves encouragingly. Two cents rise on Monday and one on Tuesday brought it up to 75.

Jewelry of all kinds; just what you want for a Christmas present, at Hans Peterson's.

A. R. Holston has rented chambers in the new McKinnon Block. He will have one of the finest law libraries in the city.

Dress flannels at cost, felt boots and shoes at the lowest figures at A. Sture's.

Chris Steeneson was up from the west side on Monday. Says the proposed road is the great topic of interest down there.

Cloaks, jackets, shoulder capes and shawls must be closed out by New Year's regardless of cost, at Gervais', "the hustler."

Henry Steege opened his new meat market in the McKinnon block on Monday. It is a daisy. Worth going a good ways to see.

Hans Peterson invites your attention to his elegant stock of jewelry for the holiday trade. Before purchasing call and size up that stock.

Every trimmed hat at actual cost at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery store. Everything at greatly reduced prices. Call early for choice.

Walter Lee returned last week from a pleasant visit with friends in Buffalo, N. Y. Walter looks hale and hearty, as though he had had a grand good time.

The place to make selections for Christmas presents is at Hans Peterson's jewelry store.

In the case of Knute Steenerson vs. Lewis Loderberg and others, on trial on Friday, the jury found for the plaintiff. Usury was alleged. The case was appealed.

Christmas cards, dolls, candies, nuts, and all kinds of Christmas toys, at Herb's in endless profusion.

Peter Cornelius was down town on Friday for the first time in several days. He has been confined to the house by sickness for a fortnight but seems to be on the mend.

We have had many generous responses to the statements sent out, but need many more to meet our obligations due Jan. 1st. We trust our friends will do their best for us.

Very close prices on everything in groceries; catsup, mustard and jelly in bulk, costs you about one-third as much as when bought in bottles at A. Sture's.

The commercial college has outgrown its present quarters and will occupy the big hall in McKinnon block after January 1st. All who intend to go should be on deck for the first.

Gervais, "the hustler," has the prettiest and handsomest line of handkerchiefs and mufflers in the city.

Silver thimbles from 20 cents to 50 cents at C. H. SAAKE'S

J. C. Congdon was up from Brainerd last Saturday to look after his Polk County property and to order THE JOURNAL sent to him at B., so that he may keep posted on the good work going on here.

Special attractions in jewelry and silverware at C. H. Saake's.

Knute S. Aker was up from the west side last week. Speaking of the proposed railroad southwest, he said that everybody was anxious for it down that way, and that the prospects for it were very encouraging.

Headquarters for Santa Claus. At Herb's.

The new Judge of Probate, Martin Benson, has moved in to the city and since his arrival a little girl has arrived to assist him in his official duties. The Judge is having honors showered upon him without stint this fall.

Hans Peterson has just received an invoice of jewelry, among which we saw a lot of the cutest little watches you ever saw. It is a new design in ladies' watches and a lovely one. Call and see them.

Nels Clementson was up from Fertile on Wednesday of last week and called in to set that subscription ahead a peg. Says he must have THE JOURNAL in his business and thinks every farmer in Polk County should have it also.

If you want to make your wife a nice Xmas present, go to Gervais', "the hustler," and get one of those fine rugs. I tell you, they are beauties.

Wheat took an upward turn last Thursday, closing the week at 72—a raise of four cents. The tendency is upward. If a free coinage bill had passed at last session the recent drop in wheat would hardly have happened.

An endless variety of novelties in jewelry and silverware, suitable for holiday presents at C. H. Saake's jewelry store.

Knute Tedmanson, while in on jury duty, did not forget to run in and see how his account with THE JOURNAL stood. He is one of the solid alliance workers in the county, one who believes the alliance can accomplish great things for farmers if they are only true to their best interests.

A three months scholarship in Prof J. B. Lanigan's business college for sale Call at THE JOURNAL office. [21-tf]

E. C. Davis finished his grading job in Dakota a few days since and returned from St. Paul last week where he had been to settle up. Talking of farming, he said if the alliance would urge the sowing of about half the usual area of wheat next year and double the amount of barley, they would do a good thing for the interests of the country, and we think he is right about that.

Leave your orders for all kinds of commercial or fancy printing at THE JOURNAL job rooms. Prices and work guaranteed to suit.

Ole Erickson was out on a hunt last week with several others and the number of jack rabits he shot was a caution. A timber wolf mistook the party for legitimate game and inaugurated a still hunt for them and early one morning Ole got sight of him, and thinking he was a jack rabbit, shot him by mistake. Ole now insists that he knew him all the while, but the boys know better.

I can and will save my customers quite a nice sum in their purchase of Christmas presents, as I have bought my goods at the very lowest cash terms and have marked them at a very small margin of profit. C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

Two of the boys, who took their best girls over to the Himmelsback reception on Tuesday evening, Dec. 9th, are keeping pretty quiet but it transpires that they got lost enroute and wanderd about on the cold, bleak prairie eleven or six hours. They by good luck however, arrived at their destination in time to come home. If you happen to ask Fred Rauch about this be sure you have an avenue of escape handy.

There will be a meeting held at the City Hall, Monday, Dec. 22d, at 7:30 p. m., to organize a Nationalist club. Object, to discuss educational, social, economic and political reforms. Every one interested in the cause is requested to attend.

P. C. Schmidt was up from Duluth last week in attendance at court. He says that his firm has a large number of big cases in the court at Duluth, not one of which involves a sum less than $1,000. Mr. Schmidt is one of the brightest lawyers that Polk County had and his loss will be felt here. He says that, in his opinion, Crookston is the coming city of the Northwest. He went up to Bathgate on Saturday on legal business.

It will pay you to look over Herb Mason's Holiday stock. Larger and more complete than ever before.

The warning notes of the fire bell brought many of our citizens from their downy couch early on Tuesday morning to witness a fire in the McKinnon Block. The department responded promptly and found the fire in the room occupied by the G. A. R. Post, and Society of St. Jean Baptiste. By excellent managemet and good work the department subdued the flames with small loss to the building, compared with what might have been. The fire department is entitled to great credit for their efficient action. The fire originated, no doubt from a cigar stub thrown in a box of sawdust.

Gold and silver watches, diamond rings, opal, ruby, emerald and friendship rings at bed rock prices, at

C. H. SAAKE' Jewelry Store.

Cards were received in this city on Monday, announcing the marriage in Tacoma, on the 9th inst., of Perry B. Lawrence to Miss A. Willora Box, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Box. "Lola" came to Crookston with her parents when yet a child and grew up to be a handsome young lady in our midst, while Mr. Lawrence was one of the steady young men of Crookston. The young couple have hosts of friends in this city who wish them oceans of joy.

Crookston Alliance, No. 648, met on Saturday pursuant to call, in the usual place, president Sergeant in the chair. Chris. Houston was elected delegate to St. Paul, with J. O. Sergeant as alternate. After the election an animated debate occurred upon the merits of the sub-treasury bill which was participated in by nearly all in the room. Eli Steenerson made a strong speech in favor of the measure, and but two were found to oppose it. It was voted to meet every fortnight during the winter.

Have you seen Herb's Holiday stock? If there is anything on earth you want in that line he has not got, he will get it or you, if you mention it.

C. O. Melsness was down from Sletten last Friday and called upon THE JOURNAL man to see about that little subscription account. He is one of the live alliance men of the county and has done good work in the cause. He says he wishes THE JOURNAL was in the hands of every farmer in Polk County, and we heartily endorse the wish. There is no good reason why it should not be. Subscribe for THE JOURNAL.

Uncle Billy Wilson, a veteran of the old Minnesota First, was over from East Grand Forks last Wednesday to be examined for pension. He called at THE JOURNAL office about 3 p. m. and gave vent to his righteous indignation because he had failed to secure examination. Said he: "Here I have been put to the expense of coming over to Crookston for examination and have got to go home without it, because there is no quorum of the board present, one of the doctors being obliged to be absent. This idea of having the board scattered all over Polk County is all Tomfoolery and should be corrected at once. The board should be composed wholly of Crookston physicians, then there would be no trouble to secure a quorum. As it is now I have to go back without examination after the trouble and expense of the trip, and my case is delayed no knowing how long. I think this matter ought to be changed and that at once." Mr. Wilson is one of the pioneers in Northern Minnesota, coming early in the seventies. He is an experienced pine cruiser, and what he don't know about the pine lands of Northern Minnesota no tenderfoot could tell him. He was a resident of Otter Tail County for years, later lived at Red Lake Falls and knows all about the pine on the Red Lake Indian Reservation. The old man did good work for Uncle Sam while in the army and now that he needs a pension Uncle Sam should be as prompt to respond as was Uncle Billy when he was young and strong.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock an Home.

Writing from Spokane Falls, Wash., to renew his subscription to THE JOURNAL, E. F. Smith says:

"We are having delightful weather; no frost in the ground as yet. Farmers are busy plowing and doing their fall work. Crops of all kinds were excellent. Wheat is only worth 42 cents (just think of that once,) per bushel, potatoes 85 cents per hundred pounds. We have had but little rain this fall; the roads are dry and dusty. The latest arrival from Crookston is Mrs. Wm. Stuart. Spokane has made rapid strides during the past year. It now has a population of 28,000."

Mr. Smith was one of the young men of Crookston in the early day, and here he laid up much shekels, laying the foundation of his present wealth. He went west after a time but showed his excellent good sense by coming back to marry one of Crookston's most popular school ma'ams, and we are told that he is coining much wealth in that far off land. Well, he deserves it.

O. D. Rood, the Crookston laundry man, is able to be about again after a severe illness.

J. W. Hammond, secretary of the Fisher alliance, was up last week and called in to subscribe for THE JOURNAL and report progress. He says the work will be taken up and vigorously prosecuted during the coming winter. We would suggest the discussion of topics of general interest to farmers, such as they are familiar with, such as the raising of crops and how best to regulate the balance of wheat to the requirements of the market. The alliance has now obtained such a foothold as to render this entirely feasible.

Mr. M. P. Losey was down from Euclid last week, chatting with old friends. He has been drawn as U. S. Grand Juror, and will go to St. Paul early in January to attend court. Mr. Losey is one of those who took an active part in Crookston's upbuilding in '78 and '79. He put up what was then one of the largest business houses on Main street, and did a large boot and shoe business for several years. He found business rather too confining and disposing of his business, went out upon his farm near Euclid and later moved into the village where he now lives comfortably. Mr. L. has taken a prominent part in the history of this county, has been assessor in his town, justice of the peace, has served as grand and petit juror frequently, and now he goes as United States grand juror to St. Paul. He is always ready to obey the call to duty wherever it leads.

Simon C. Rice was up from Rindal on Saturday and came in to renew. Said he: "I have not had extra good luck this year with my crops nor with my threshing rig, but I must have THE JOURNAL all the same and I know you need the money for it. I feel that the dollar and a half I invest in THE JOURNAL pays me more than one hundred fold every year and I always take all such investments I can get."

Closing Out!

Our stock of coal and wood heaters at actual cost. Have reduced prices on skates and Winchester rifles to close them out.

[35 36] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Santa Claus Headquarters

At C. H. Saake's

JEWELRY STORE.

Silver Tea Sets. Water Sets, Desert Sets, Cake Baskets, Berry Dishes, Rose Jars, Butter Dishes, Pickle Castors, Card Receivers, Carving Sets, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Perfume Stands, Match and Stamp Boxes, Jewelry cases, Bon-Bon Trays, crumb trays, Puff Boxes, Napkin Rings in large variety. Childs' Sets. Forks and Knives, Table, Desert and Tea Spoons, Fruit Knives, Cake Knives, Berry Spoons, Sugar Spoons, Butter Knives, Etc., Etc. My stock of

Gold and Silver Watches

Is immense and comprises all the latest styles and designs. Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Diamond Rings, Ladies' Set Rings, Diamond Ear Rings, Diamond Scarf Pins, solid gold and gold front Lace Pins, Bracelets, Cuff Buttons, Neck Chains, Watch Chains and Lockets, novelties in watch charms, Gold Pens and Holders, Gold Pencils and Tooth Picks, Plain, Band and Friendship Rings, gold and silver Thimbles, marble clocks, Music Boxes and Statuary, and thousands of other handsome articles suitable for Christmas Presents.

Come and See Them!

Notwithstanding the fact that since we sent out our first statements on Dec. 4th, the subscriptions have been coming in encouragingly, we shall be from three to four hundred dollars short of accomplishing our purpose on Jan. 1st. The object that we seek is one that will benefit our readers equally with ourself, as it will enable us to make a stronger and a bettter paper than ever, and we trust our friends will add their mite to that end. To those who have responded so promptly we return our warmest thanks. If all will simply do WHAT THEY CAN for us we shall feel perfectly satisfied.

The judge set an example that the judges of our lower courts do not approve of, when he remitted the fine (as it were) in the case that was brought before him by Tollef Farden last week. After he had tied the knot in due and ancient form, Judge Mills, instead of exercising his right to kiss the bride made her a present of the marriage fees. If he intends that as a precedent all such cases in future will be liable to come to him on appeal from the court below, and he will bankrupt every justice of the peace and minister in the county.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

Railroad Meeting.

A meeting will be held in the school house, near the residence of C. Steenerson, in Vineland, on Saturday, December 20th, to discuss and to devise ways and means for building a railroad southwest from Crookston through the towns of Andover, Roome, Vineland, near Tyncid, Hammond and Sheley to a point on Red River, opposite Goose River Valley. All persons interested should be present.

CROOKSTON, Dec. 10, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that a special session of the Board of County Commissioners will be held at the Court House, in Crookston, on the 22d day of December, at 10 a. m.

P. J. MCGUIRE,
County Auditor.

There will be a meeting of the W. C. T. U. Thursday, Dec. 18th, at 3:30 p. m., at the reading room. Members, please take notice of the time and that this is the day of our regular meeting.

MRS. A. M. STEWART,
Pres. W. C. T. U.

If any of our readers have failed to get satisfactory profits from horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, bees, fruits, grain or vegetables, they should commence at once and read every number of Farm, Stock and Home during the coming year. If ordered in connection with this paper its cost will not be felt.

Winter Excursions.

A chance to visit the old home in Canada and say a good word for the new home in the Red River Valley.

Forty dollars for round trip from Crookston, Minn., to Montreal and all points west in Ontario via the Great Northern and connecting lines. Tickets good for 90 days, 15 going and 15 returning. Time extention at small additional cost.

Tickets for sale December 9th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d and 30th.

For further information, maps and publications apply to C. H. Mix, agent Great Northern.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. H. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

Polk County Alliance.

FERTILE, Minn., Dec. 4, 1891.

Polk County Farmers' Alliance will meet at the Court House, Crookston, on the 26th day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. Each sub-alliance should send three delegates.

NELS MUGS, Sec.

The current number of Farm, Stock and Home Minneapolis, Minn. should be read by every farmer in the State In fact, for a farmer to miss reading any number of that excellent journal is a misfortune which he can escape almost without money and without price, by taking it in connection with the JOURNAL.

Wanted at Once.

A good man or boy for work upon a farm. Apply to M. E. Bartlett on Section 9, town of Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Notice.

All persons interested in the D. N. Taylor elevator scheme are requested to meet at City Hall, Crookston, on Saturday, Dec. 6th, and 20th 1890, at 2 o'clock p. m., to take steps for self-protection.

CHRIS. HOUSTON,
Chairman.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

AND COLLECTIONS.

Special attention paid to Real Estate cases.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried of Polk County, Minnesota to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 402; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890.

JAMES M. HAWLEY, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[35-41] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, December 15th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Sam Johnson, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Sam Johnson, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, James Hanson, of the city of Stillwater Washington Co. Minn., has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Sam Johnson died in said County of Polk on the 19th day of November, 1890, testate, and that said petitioner is the sole executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all concerned may appear and contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is still further ordered, that public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication of these orders once in each week for three weeks successively previous to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 15th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court. C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[35-37] Judge of Probate.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

from selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST,——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Min

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailev.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. m. Lowe,

The Loan Agent

WILKIN ON & O'BRI EN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTO N, - - MIN

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank. ☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Councils at Red Lake.

The Duluth & Winnipeg Right-of-Way Settlements.

Being Closed Satisfactorily.

Councils are Ordered Along the Line and Soon Will Take Place.

Duluth Evening Herald.

H. P. Haskell, right-of-way agent of the Duluth & Winnipeg road, returned yesterday from his trip among the Indians of the Red Lake reservation. Mr. Haskell left Detroit last week for a tour among the reservation and to attend councils which the government had ordered held in reference to granting the railway right-of-way through Indian lands. Mr. Haskell attended a council of the Red Lake Indians, and there was no disposition on their part to keep the railway out; on the contrary, all signed a right-of-way agreement.

Other councils have been ordered, and are now taking place. The Indians are all willing to concede the right to the Duluth & Winniepg company, and the matter will be amicably settled within a short time.

General Manager Fisher returned from the East this morning. He has but little to say regarding Duluth & Winnipeg matters. The affairs of the road are progressing satisfactorily, and all contemplated improvements will be carried to completion. Mr. Fisher took no stock in the reports of trouble on the Fond du Lac reserve over pine and other matters, though the disaffected reds there are stating that Duluth & Winnipeg contractors are putting in tie and cedar camps without permission.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Warden Randall All Right.

Preston Times.

Some time before the late election the St. Paul Daily News took occasion to attack the management of the State Prison at Stillwater in a vicious and, we may add, a very unjust manner. Knowing that the source of its information was a putrid one, that the stream was poisoned at the bubble by the minds of disreputable men and unprincipled office-seekers, we permitted the attack to go unchallenged, believing that time would crystalize the waters so that the seekers after truth could drink therefrom without danger. Events have turned up just as we anticipated. In a recent issue the News having learned that they have unjustly belittled the reputation of an honest and honorable servant of the state, came out in a praisworthy defense of Warden Randall and his administration, and to its lasting honor be it said it was done in a manner that reflects the highest credit on its journalistic management. The News is still more laudable when we come to consider the disgraceful attitude taken up by the morning sheet of the same city. In the name of honest journalism we thank the managers of the News for the honorable change of front they have assumed in this matter, and beg to assure that the position taken up is the correct one. The management of the Stillwater penitentiary is all right; and the order and discipline which prevail in that institution to-day will rank on an equality if not superior to any similar institution.

Confederation.

The Western Rural.

Last winter The Western Rural proposed a convention that should be composed of delegates from all the farmer's societies with a view of effectual confederation, if a more intimate union could not be secured; and our judgment this confederation cannot be to quickly consummated. It is not enough for a part of the organizations to confederate. It is not enough that the organizations should come together and agree on paper to confederate, while as a matter of fact, each one intends to go along about as it has always done, doing as it likes without much reference to the others. No confederation that is not practical amalgamation will be effective. There is no objection to the Alliance, Farmer's Mutual Benefit Association, Patrons of Husbandry and other organizations maintaining their form of government and distinct existence, but if the movement ever becomes what it is capable of becoming there must be a central, supreme body, created out of various societies which will have control and the direction of affairs. We have some-times thought that the prevalent idea of confederation is a very imperfect one. If nothing is to be done except to profess confederation, we might as well remain just as we are, for we are confederated now in a sense. That is to say, we are all aiming to accomplish one thing-the bettering of the farmer's condition and mean to travel the same road to the end. But we are not together. Part of the army is at one point, another is at another, and-yet other parts are at other points. When the enemy makes an attack, he finds but portions of our army to oppose him. The purpose real confederation would accomplish would be placing of the entire army in one line of marsh, to consolidate all our forces and to place them under one general management.

But in order to accomplish this the different bodies must give up something; they must each delegate to some other power a part of the authority that they now exercise; and if any of the organizations are unwilling to do this, an affective confederation will never be made. There should be but one ruling passion in any organization, and in the heart of every member of every organization, and that is a desire to the condition of the agricultural interests and permanently to insure to the farmer his full rights and privileges as a free citizen and as a man who is of more importance to the country than any other man in it.

Alliance Department: Glyndon News.

Dear Brother Lamphere: That is queer logic! Have you been editing a paper in the interests of the farmer for the last ten years, and do not know that we farmers—(I wish you would spell farmer with a big "F"—since the election you know) have been paying twenty per cent interest for the use of money, secured by both realty and chattels? I grant that at the present time we can secure loans on better terms, on the principle, probably, that the angler gives the fish more line when there is danger of the line breaking. Then, according to your logic, all the security in Red River Valley lands, horses, etc., is of the "saw-dust" kind, and all the farmers here are simply another set of fast fellows, like the Washington clerks, who live beyond their means. It will be news to many that agents place out money on uncertain security. It is never done, unless they are deceived—character has but little to do with it. It is their duty to examine the security offered. Of all the statements for an intelligent business man to make, this is the strangest: "Therefore the latter (the agent of the Eastern capitalist) acting under the special or general instructions of his principal, charges the full amount of legal interest allowed by law, and the highest bonus that can be obtained, which is in the nature of a compensation to the agent for his service in obtaining the consent of the owner to let the money go out on such precarious risk." Well, well! Print that sentence in big letters and send it to all the capitalists in the East. It will be a "bee in their bonnet." It will say to them: Your agents here in Red River Valley, are loaning your money on uncertain security, and are charging a large bonus by way of a compensation. Brother editor, human nature works in about the same way; it is after the compensation. Then according to your logic, the bigger the uncertainty, the bigger the compensation. A premium on rascality. Pretty hard that, too, on the agents here.

I agree with you that farmers are fools for paying twenty per cent interest for the use of money, and we have made up our minds to quit it.

Cincinnati, O, Dec. 13.—United States Treasurer Huston stopped at Cincinnati on his way to Indianapolis where his wife is ill. Suggesting a method for relieving the present financial stress, he said:

There is a scheme by which there might be about $25,000,000 of a surplus secured that would relieve the general feeling of dread uneasiness now existing, There are some five millions in standard silver dollars lying piled up, and in addition there are about twenty millions in abraded silver half dollars and in dimes. Now the government has no use for this. There is on call for half dollars in silver, and most of the fractional silver could not be cirulated anyway, because being worn. Now, here are $25,000,000. Let congress authorize the secretary to charge this to the bullion account and then issue treasury notes, and if congress would suspend the rules and do this there would be an immediate relief afforded.'

The Sub-Treasury Scheme.

A Scriptural Precedent For Its Establishment-It Saved Egypt

Industrial Age.

Now that the election is over, why not get the reins of the order on the sub-treasury bill? Union papers of other States are full of it. Brother Hall thinks it would be putting into National legislation this passage of Scripture, "Unto every one which hath shall be given, and from him that hath not even that he hath shall be taken away from him."

To me the story of Joseph much better illustrates the subject: The King in his dream saw seven good and perfect ears upon the stalk, and again seven nubbins blasted by hot and dry winds. Joseph interpreted this dream to mean full crops and failures. He recommended to the King and sub-treasury to store the surplus during the years of plenty. Did Joseph's sub-treasury scheme save Egypt and the surrounding countries? We also have years of plenty and years of failures. The sub-treasury would enable us to hold our grain until we know what the next crop would be. Often it would save us from buying back our own product at twice the price we received with railroad charges both ways. Would not this be for general welfare as much as light house on our coasts or big appropriations to world's fairs, that only the rich can hope to see. Brother Hall opposes it as he does National banks, because it is class legislation:

A Yankee sometimes answers a question by asking another, perhaps the best way to wipe out class legislation is to demand our part. If we farmers got our part in proportion to our numbers like National bankers we should have $72,000 000,000 at one per cent, instead of the paltry sum of $50,000,000. I put bankers and families at 150,000 and our number at 30,000,000. If the other industrial classes joined hands with the farmers in a demand for fair play, that is, to be treated by the General Government as it treats bankers, the combined wealth of this country and England, estimated at $150,000,000 would but little more then go round. With such partial legislation is it any wonder that so few of our boys are found in colleges? Brother Hall says it would bring financial ruin to the farmers of our entire country. If this kind of legislation injures the farmer as it has the National bankers. I for one want to be surround by such ruins (plenty of greenbacks at one per cent.) Brother Hall opposes it because it is unjust and inequitable only 21 out of 114 counties in this State getting the benefit of, the law, and those the richest. These 21 counties most likely furnish half the grain that is sent to the markets from this State. If it went into Government warehouse would it not give small counties like Webster bare instead of glutted markets to sell on. Again he says, that the paying out of so much money in those 21 counties will so increase the volume of currency that the price of every thing will be doubled. What a good time for the small counties to sell their wheat pay their debts, taxes and patch the old wagons for another year. Brother Hall says the warehouse would require 30,000 bins. All the wheat ever shipped from Webster has graded 2, 3 and 4. No number 1 ever reported and rejected, a Government warehouse would not want to touch. So his 30,000 bins are reduced to nine for wheat oats and corn. He speaks of the expenses; railroad, freight and elevator charges are reducted from the farmer when he sells his wheat. Elevator charges are made to cover interest, taxes and expenses. In a Government warehouse interest and taxes can be dropped. Importers and distillers have bonded warehouse's why not the farmer? Importers can ship goods under bond from New York to St. Louis. Why can't we ship grain from one bonded warehouse by pying freight or as a letter is sent from one office to another. This is the only bill before the country for the relief of our class. Let us have it. It would pull the fangs of the option dealers by making the price of grain nearly uniform the year round. I am for the sub-treasury plan.—Edmund Hosmer, in Journal of Agriculture.

The Chippewa Timber.

It May Be Sold Before the Survey Is Completed.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

St. Paul, Minn., 11.—[Special.]—Washington dispatch to the Pioneer Press: The officials of the interior department today informed Representative Comstock that the act under which the Chippewa Indian reservation was ceded to the United States could be so interpreted as to allow the allotment of lands to Indians and the appraisal and sale of the timber in advance of the time when the entire reservation shall have been surveyed. Mr. Comstock says, that being the case, the fact that the appropriation for surveys is about exhausted will not cause the delay as at first anticipated. As soon as the surveys authorized under the appropriation of $50,000 are approved by the secretary of the interior the timber appraisers may be sent to the reservation. Representative Comstock today secured an allowance of pension for John McClellan of Duluth and John Logan of Royalton, Minn.

Closing Out!

Our stock of coal and wood heaters at actual cost. Have reduced prices on skates and Winchester rifles to close them out.

[35 36] Stewart & Spottswood.

Until further notice, any person, contractor or not, can have bags to haul his wheat to my warehouse, have it stored and put aboard the cars all for one cent a bushel. D. N. Taylor.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in Mcinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

lightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

CROOKSTON

BUSINESS COLLEGE

And Institute of Short Hand,

Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical Instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

Usurious Interests.

From the Industrial Review.

The Arkansas supreme court has handed down an important decision. Sometime ago Hardy M. Banks, a farmer of Yell county, negotiated a loan of $1,000 from the New England mortgage and security company and the Corbin banking company. The loan was made through a broker, Ocobock, of Memphis. The sum of $200 was taken out of the principal for interests, and Banks was paid only $800. In return, the farmer executed notes and gave the security company a mortgage on his farm to secure their payment. The notes came due, but were not satisfied, and proceedings for foreclosure were commenced in the Yell county circuit court. Banks lost his case, and appealed to the supreame court. A few days ago a decision was rendered against the security company. The court held that the interest charged was usurious, which fact forfeited the principal and interest. The farmer is ahead just $800. Considerable interest is felt in the decision, as it is the first rendered since the passage of the act by the last legislature, fixing the rate of interest at not more than 10 per cent.

See D. N. Taylor's proposition to store and ship wheat elsewhere in this issue.

Politics in the Alliance.

Western Rural.

The mistake must not be made that the Alliance is a partisan machine. Individual members of the Alliance, including any of its officers, may think it wise or unwise to form an independent party, but the Alliance, as such, has nothing at all to do with that sort of movement. Its laws and customs are against partisan action, and the Alliance should not be held responsible for what its officials or individual members may say or may not say. In the Alliance men and measures may be fully discussed. There is no objection what ever to the discussion of political questions and the wisdom or unwisdom of political movements, new and old, may be fully debated. The great purpose still to accomplish is to effect union among farmers for their own protection. The union already effected does not include half the farming community. If those who are not now in ever come into the Alliance or other farmers' organization must be careful as to what position it assumes on politics. It need not be said that political partisan prejudices are very strong in the average man. To attack his political belief is like flaunting a red rag before the animal that does not like redness.

We need effective organization. We want to get into the Alliance or other farmers' organization the republican or democrat who never will come in if he supposes that the organization is to be used as a club to smash his political organization. Get the man in; get him where he can discuss the situation with his brother farmers; give him to understand that the purpose is to aid in securing farmers' rights. The active means of doing that will be revealed in due time. There are thousands of men who believe that all needed reforms can be achieved through the old political parties, and if that is true, it is all that the farmer wants. Now let such men come and show how it can be done; and let the man who believes that nothing can be accomplished except through independent political action, show why. Reasonable men will listen to reason, and all are interested in accomplishing certain purposes. The means are nothing, if they are honorable. The object is everything.

Millions of people never expected that the time would come when there would be such an immense independent vote as there is now in the country a vote that will go to any party or to any man that is cosidered reliable. The Alliance has been a great educator on this line. It has taught men that political prejudices, when they are own interests, are costly. It has taught them that what the people want in a political party is honesty and the spirit of fairness toward the majority.

We desire once more to call attention to the fact, however, that the men who have shown their influence at the polls have not been converted from a belief in the doctrines of one political party to those of the other. They have simply been independent, and will swing back to their respective parties, whenever the parties act to suit them. If we could be assured that every farmer in this country would join a farmers' organization we should not have the slightest doubt the farmer would get his rights. It is organization that we have been working for hoping for all these years. A grand work has already been done in that direction. An immense work is yet to do; and let us go on steadily and wisely to accomplish it. Do not make the mistake of supposing that because the organizations are already powerful that they are as powerful as they can be. Gather the agriculturists together, and when they understand each other, and the full extent of their needs, they will agree upon a remedy; and whatever course they may decide to persne, The Rural will gladly support.

The Plaindealer:—On the boom, says the Drayton Echo. It is perfectly right and proper to boom the Red River Valley country extensively. The richness and productive qualities of its soil is beyond comparison with any other part of this Continent, as experience has abundantly proved. There is no other part of the country where such large and valuable cereal and vegetable crops can be produced with so little labor as this same Valley. It is the land of golden grain and the vegetables grower's Eldorado. Hundreds of small fortunes have already have been made from the soil products, and there is wide opportunity for thousands more to be secured from the same source.—North Dakota is the garden spot of this continent, and the outside people ought to know and realize it.

TRY

O. J. BARNES,

THE

CITY GROCER!

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Windows and Mouldings

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections, Interest on time deposits.

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C. O. CHRISTIANSON, 2d Vice-President.
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NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the Northwest

First National Bank

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PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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Crookston Meat Market

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Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

THE NEW

NORTHWEST

FARM LANDS. Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana

NEW TOWNS. 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

LOW RATES. Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.

Horses, Cattle. Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.

Health, Wealth. In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sheep, Hogs. Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.

Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Hunting, Fishing. The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn.

E. STEENERSON,

"Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞CALL ON ELI!

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., DEC. 18, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:30 "
8:00 "	Duluth	7:00 "
1:30 a. m.	Brainerd	2:00 "
2:46 "	Staples	12:40 "
5:37 "	Detroit	10:07 p. m.
6:26 "	Winnipeg Jc	9:00 "
8:28 "	Fertile	7:14 "
9:40 "	CROOKSTON	5:50 "
0:55 "	Grand Forks	4:45 "
2:20 p. m.	Pembina	12:55 "
:35 "	Winnipeg	10:50 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:35 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. — 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fos-ton Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. — 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. — 4:00 p. m.

Alliance Legislators.

Farm Stock and Home.

The Alliance members of the Minnesota legislature have grave and weighty responsibilities resting upon them. Though in the minority they must by their acts and votes clearly show what they would do if they had the power, and that exhibition must be in the line of sound, conservative, justifiable legislation, legislation that will commend itself to the confidence and and judgment of citizens who have the best interests of our legitimate industries at heart. No scandal, no taint of corruption must be allowed to cling to the garments of a single man. The movement that elected them will be justified are condemned, by their legislative action.

They must not disappoint the thousands of earnest men who voted the Alliance ticket; they must be faithful to constituents, true to principle, and display a devotion that no power of persuasion or money can destroy. It is no easy task those men have got before them, and if they perform it well approving consciences and the plaudits of admiring countrymen will be theirs.

* * *

Legislation must be along economic lines, and it must be mindful of the rights of all men, poor as well as rich. The elements of hatred or revenge never finds place in wise or helpful legislation. The legal rights of all men must be respected. "Equal privileges to all and special privileges to none" is an excellent platform, but it must be accepted in its truest and broadest sense. When a party or a class attempts to legislate in its own special interest without regard to the rights of others the attempt will always react with fatal effect. Of all citizens farmers should be the strongest opponents of class legislation, even if ostensibly in their own interest. Farmers, being a mass, cannot receive benefits intended for a class; hence instead of encouraging class legislation in their own behalf they should discourage it every where and under all circumstances. "If such and such a scheme or system is fair for bankers, liquor men, etc, why is it not fair for farmers?" is a question often asked. The question implies the the fact that the scheme or system is unfair, in which event it should be destroyed, not extended.

* * *

Laws looking to a more equitable distribution of the burdens of taxation come clearly within the province of a "reform" legislature; but, unfortunately, in this case the best of laws are of no value unless faithfully executed. Still, reformers can give effect to their desires by advocating the enactment of laws that have for their object needed reforms in this important direction. Whatever legislation can do to lift a burden from the shoulders of industry must be done, and to that end economy in every department of the state's affairs must be insisted upon. The greatest possible freedom in selling the staple crops of our farms is of the highest importance, and so is the lowest possible coast of transporting them; and to those ends much of the time and thought of the next legislature will undoubtedly be given.

* * *

But the true reformers understand that it is not in the multiplicity of laws that relief or reform will be found. A few wise and helpful laws are all that the present exigency demands, and to their enactment due thought and labor should be given; and that, too, early in the session, leaving the unimportant, if any thing, to the hurry, confusion and neglect, of the closing days. Regarding these and many other matters the Alliance legislators will be carfully watched, and that they may be ably and wisely guided and influenced is the prayer of every good citizen of the state.

Our combination offer with Farm, Stock and Home elsewhere in this issue should not be overlooked. A year's subscription to this grand agricultural paper means a 384 page volume size 11½x15 in that to any farmer is well worth $5.00, yet we give it and this paper one year only $1.50.

The Reform Press.

The Discussion of Current Topics in the Organized States.

Northern Light Press, (Spokane Wash.) says:

The recent uprising of the Farmers. Alliance shows that the people are beginning to wake up the perils which threaten destruction to the republic. The only question is whether they will wake up soon enough, and whether they will get their eyes wide open and their senses on the alert before the crash comes. It behooves workingmen to study well the problems of the hour, and to be prepared not only to talk but to vote. If any proposition is self evident it is that the power is in the hands of the workers, let them use it and we shall see an end of the operations which, conducted by a heartless man, threaten ruin to the thousands.

The Peninsula Farmer (Federalsburg, Md.) says:

The answer of the monopoly organs to the election of Alliance Congressmen is that "this thing will all be over before'92; its only a temporary frenzy." But the Alliance has a real, not an imaginary reason for existence in the actual condition of the present laws and times, and until that reasons ceases to exist the Alliance is a necessity to the farmers and laborers of the United States. While combines and monopolies exist there needs also be an opposing force marshalled against them. This force at present is the Alliance, and the plutocracy of the country must understand that it has come to stay with them, and further, that it can not be bought, sold, or scared. We mean business, gentlemen, and this election just passed is only the few drops of promise for a coming shower that will make some of you think Noah's flood no circumstance before you get through with the coming down pour.

National Stockman and Farmer (Pittsburg, Pa.); good advice:

The farmers' institutes held in many States the comming winter will furnish a rare opportunity for discussing organization in new place and in strengthening it in places where it is already introduced. These opportunities should not be allowed to pass unimproved. Winter is of all seasons the best time for pushing work of this kind, and the coming winter should see a great deal more done than has ever been done in any single season to promote the working hand. Do not omit from the program of a single meeting coming season anything which will stir up an interest in organization.

The Industrial Phalanx (Indianapolis), a prohibition advocate, says:

Out in Kansas they have been electing farmers to judical positions. Besides judging Farmer McKay, there are three farmers elected prosecutors. The old party lawyers will endeavor to prevent their acting. But the farmers are about to have their own way in Kansas for a time. The principle involved is one that often confronts prohibitionists. The difficulty some times to secure lawyers for candidates for judical positions and that part of ticket is left blank or old party candidates indorsed, which is bad policy. The Kansas farmer has found the right solution. Laws will be better executed by an intelligent farmer than by an old party trickster Purify politics at whatever cost.

Liberty Bell Sioux City, Iowa) says:

The idea of making government loans directly to the people, instead of to the banks for speculative purposes, does not, of course, meet with very warm favor in Wall street, nor any of its outlying provinces. The enactment into law of such an idea means simply that all other lines of business shall be placed on an equality with banking, where each must stand or fall on its own merits, and where neither shall have power to destroy others at will. To the banking syndicate which has had the exclusive privilege of government loans for a period of nearly thirty years—loans which have cost them but 1 per cent per annum—such a law, no doubt, seems almost like giving up the pound of flesh. But the surrender of a privilege which has enabled them by its enormous profits to obtain title to and control of the entire money supply of the country, is little more than a quarter of a century, is not all that they forsee in the enactment of such a law. With the loss of their "dear interest" would go their power to control prices and market and exchanges, and it is from the first of these that their principal profit has been derived, large as have been their incomes from interests. Of course they do not want any more subtreasury law any more than a thief wants locks and bolts. But the honest business of the country does want such a law, and is going to make a vigorous effort to get it at once. It is greatly to the credit of the farmers that they are leading in this effort.

Pickler On Coin.

He Says the Country Must Have More Circulating Medium.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Congressman Pickler of South Dakota, is back from the meeting of the National Farmers, Alliance in Florida, and he has a good many suggestions to offer the republican party, in order that it may win back the support of the majority of vote in the farmers' party. He said today:

"The republican party should take up the money question this season. The first and only thing to do is to pass the free coinage bill. Even that will not put money enough in circulation, and some other plan for inflation should be considered. It is evident that we have got to put more money in circulation to prevent financial disturbances in the western states. While I am not wedded to the sub-treasury scheme, it is evident that this or some similar plan must be adopted. If the republicans do not pass the coinage bill this season, the democrats are sure to do it next, and; in addition, will adopt some method of getting more money afloat. It can be seen that it behooves the republican party to give these matters fair consideration. If this is not done, I do not see how the party can win in the coming campaign."

Evidence.

"Evidence," says Blackstone, "signifies that which demonstrates, make clear, or ascertains the truth." Now, we propose to furnish you evidence which fully answers this description. We shall send you a book full of testimonials. We shall not stop here however. We have permission from many of our patients to refer you to them for further information. What more can you ask?

Here are a few specimen testimonial;

Drs Starkey & Paln.—Since using your Compound Oxygen Treatment I am not troubled with headache any more." Frederick W. Sargent.

Watertown, N. Y., Oct. 21, 1888

Drs. Starkey & Palen—In 1883, my husband, who was suffering from Asthma, took a two months' treatment of your Compound Oxygen Treatment which gave him immediate relief.

Mrs. H. J. Sanderson.
Coolville, Ohio, Nov. 19, 1888.

Drs. Starkey & Palen—Your Compound Oxygen Treatment has done wonders for me.

Mrs. Henry J. Ronalds.
1518 Pacific St. Brooklyn, N. Y. Nov. 5, 1888.

But you will find hundreds of others in our treatise on Compound Oxygen, records of cures in various chronic cases, and a complete history of this remedy. Send for the book. It will be mailed free. Address DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch St. Philadelphia Pa.

We wish every farmer in this county would become a reader of Farm, Stock and Home. Taken in connection with this paper its cost is nominal.

Oakesdale(Wash.) Weekly Sun says:

Eastern elections show the National Farmers Alliance has come not merely to stay, but soon, as the ruling factor in our national government, to right the wrongs that are daily bringing the masses down to abject slavery. The Washington Farmers Alliance is here to stay, and through it must come relief to our farmers. Never before has united action on the part of the farmers shown itself to be of as much importance as at present. The same condition that gave the Kansas legislature to the Alliance is the kind of leaven that is already working in our legislative lump. There is victory ahead for the farmers, for their claims are just.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
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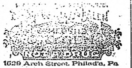

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The Polk County Journal.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 29th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on Jan 8th, 1891, viz: Joseph L. Thomas, D. S. No. 11,925, for the ... Sec. 15 Township 149, R. 41. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Ohles, of Tilden, Minn., Frank G. Horton, of Godfrey, Minn., Alfred Wade, of Tilden, Minn Arthur Adams, of Godfrey Minn

[32-37] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Louis P. Bramsness against Peter G. Alsson, deceased, or his heirs, for abandoning homestead entry No. 11,171, dated May 28th, 1885, upon the nw¼ (Sec. 20) Section 20, Township 152, Range 42, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 23d day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[30-35] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 5th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by August Kilmann against Amasa Stewart Thompson, for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 2,761, dated Sept. 25th, 1882, upon the e½ sw¼ and lots 6 and 7, Section 6, Township 147, Range 44, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Amasa Stewart Thompson and his heirs have wholly failed to break, cultivate or plant to trees, tree seeds or cuttings any of said land since date of entry, and that there are now no trees, tree seeds or cuttings standing or growing thereon except about 40 acres of natural growth of small poplar and willows, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 29th day of December, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[30-35] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

(First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLean, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $947.10, and from the 11th day of May, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $2,392 50, together with costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 15th, 1890.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[32-39] Crookston, Minn.

(First publication Dec. 11th, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss,
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Finlayson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Agnes Finlayson, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Alexander Finlayson, late of Crookston, Minnesota, on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1890, at Augus, Minnesota died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted. It is ordered that said petition be heard before the Judge of this court, on Friday, the second day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. at his office in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 8th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[34-36] Judge of Probate.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

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TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, DECEMBER 25, 1890. NO. 36.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Beltrami Telaugraphs.

When D. T. Herriott took Thursday's train for Pennsylvania, he carried with him the best wishes of all who knew him. In his departure, our town loses its best citizen. May his declining years be filled with peace and happiness.

E. W. Johnson will spend the holidays with friends in Iowa.

A. Boddy is busily engaged in the insurance and collection business.

Joe says he likes to have his drinks handed to him in a more gentle manner.

If those young folks who have made so much trouble in a quiet, peaceable family continue their deviltry they will soon learn that the majority of our people have a great love for justice.

Our merchants are selling goods for cash lower than they can be bought at in most country villages.

The farmers have in times past "kicked" because they couldn't get cars to ship their wheat. But the farmer who couldn't get cars this year can thank his guiding star, for all those who have sold to the elevators here this fall have done well, and many of them have gained at least one grade.

Hardly a day paces but some one here gets filled with the Elixer of Hell, and makes trouble for himself and family. It has been carried on to such an extent in this county that even our moderate drinkers are disgusted with the whole business and many of them hereafter will be teetotalars, if not prohibitionists. How many deaths within the past three months have been indirectly caused by it, we know not, but we do know that there has been four deaths within that time caused directly by the infernal traffic.

"Touch the goblet no more,
It will make thy heart sore
To its very core.
Its perfume is the breath of the angel of death,
And the light that within it lies
Is the flash of his evil eyes.
Beware, O beware, for sickness, sorrow and care
Are all there!"

If any of our readers have failed to get satisfactory profits from horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, bees, fruits, grain or vegetables, they should commence at once and read every number of Farm, Stock and Home during the coming year. If ordered in connection with this paper its cost will not be felt.

The Independent Bulletin (Hubbard, Minn.) says;

The wild talk that has been done by Democratic and Republicans papers during the campaign, that voters were for sale and that money always ruled and always would rule, reacted against them and awoke the people. Every intelligent man knows that if American politics ever can and does sink to the level that a majority of voters can be bought, it means a total annihilation of free institutions. Voters are often deceived by the bribe takers into voting against their interests, but it is worse than an insult to American manhood to accuse them of polluting the ballot. There are fewer Benedict Arnolds among the people than the worshipers of the golden calf expected, and the Alliance vote is a just rebuke to them.

The National Economist:—Just now the old party papers that were not prepared for the late political disaster are advising the farmers that all the ills of which they complain cannot be cured through legislation. The farmer is cautioned not to neglect his farm in any event: to attend carefully and intelligently to its needs, and, inferentially, to trust the politician for the rest. Such advice has been given before, but just at present the farmers are not inclined to take kindly to it and have determined upon a little independent action of their own.

The Express Monopoly.

Albert Lea Standard.

The transportation question has justly become one of the leading issues of the times. In involves so much that directly affects the business and prosperity of the country and especially of the farmers and other producing classes, and it has come to be in its various phases so onerous, being virtually in the control of a few insatiable monied magnates, that it is arousing the sentiment of the people to an emphatic protest and to the consideration of effective means of redress. The demand for a reform is one of the chief planks of the platform of the alliance, and to say that it is supported by the overwhelming judgment of the best business interests, is to state a well-acknowledged fact.

The rates for transporting produce and goods by railroad enter immediately into the cost, the selling and the buying price, and affect not only the profits and the rewards of toil but actually the development, stability and success of all kinds of business.

The great issue, of course, is as to the control of the railroads. That has been ineffectually attempted through the interstate commerce law and State railroad commissions, and the result is a scandalous failure. The national commission has proved powerless, the railroad officials admit that they ignore its laws and rules, and our State board of commissioners is little better than an ignoble farce. Government confiscation upon some equitable basis and ownership of the railroads is advocated, and that seems to be the only complete remedy, the only escape and relief from the gigantic mastery and oppressive burden of exaction which the railroads inflict.

Next to the railroads and closely allied to them in the business of transportation are the express companies. They have ever exercised unlimited and unbridled rule within their domains, and the latter includes every city and hamlet in the country. No legislation has been attempted by congress and in a few only of the states to curtail their greed, and they have continued to and yet practice their arts of extortion without restriction, and governed by no dictates of justice or rules of business except to relentlessly exact from their customers all they will stand it to pay without hazarding a decrease of patronage.

These facts are patent; all who deal with them know it; every business man, every citizen who patronizes them, who sends or receives goods or packages, is forced to submit to the extortions of the express companies, and is constantly forced to feel the effects of their excessive charges.

In a large measure it affects the newspapers of the state, a careful estimate showing that in this line of business alone, the total annual express charges paid by publishers amounts to over $35,000. Publishers have a right to rebel against this, and on behalf of the people who in a much greater measure are affected,, it is the duty of the papers to demand a reform and to insist that the legislature shall grasp the question and afford, through strong and effective laws, the needed relief.

At the last meeting of the state editorial association the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the question of the regulation of the tariff rates and business of the express companies in this state deserves the earnest and vigilant consideration of this association; that efficient restrictive and regulative laws should be enacted by the legislature; that the newspapers of the state are all urgently requested to fully discuss this question, to impress the importance of a reform upon the people, and to aid in all proper ways in effecting it; that particularly they present the subject to candidates for the next legislature, and that during the coming year especial effort be made by every newspaper to obtain a redress of grievances, and to secure a permanent reform of the evils of the express business monopoly.

The matter is too all-important to be ignored by the legislature, and we especially present it to the attention of the members of Freeborn County, confidently believing that it will receive their earnest, faithful and practical affirmative consideration.

Some of the papers have already discussed the question, and we suggest to all that no better service can be performed than to unite in a strong and persistent demand for summary legislative action.

The Mankato Free Press, the editor of which is L. P. Hunt, president of the editorial association, in a recent issue says: "It is clearly within the province of the state legislature to regulate express charges within the state, as it is those of freight or passenger. But for some unexplained reason express companies have escaped investigation and are allowed to charge exhorbitant rates with impunity. The amount of business required to be transacted through express transportation is simply enormous, and is constantly on the increase. The merchant, the mechanic and the farmer, even, is at their mercy, and it is high time the brakes were applied and these corporations brought under reasonable subjection. The congress of the United States should also take the matter in hand and pass an inter-state express law similar to that regulating inter-state railroad commerce. Recently rates were advanced 25 per cent. on express matter east of Chicago, to New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and one or two other leading commercial centers, when the tariff already was quite too high. As an example of the outrageous charges exacted on small packages, it is only necessary to note the fact that a nine pound parcel was received at this office last week from Cincinnati, Ohio, upon which we paid 90 cents. Such a tax as this is nothing short of robbery, and still it is practiced hundreds of times daily. The local rates on express matter are entirely out of proportion to the condition of the times, and a thorough investigation into and overhauling of the schedule within the state, is quite in order. A beginning cannot too soon be made."

Other papers have presented the matter as follows:

Lanesboro Journal: The express companies talk of reducing the wages of their employes May 1st. There is evidently no reason for such a course, other than pure cussedness, for the rates of all these companies are so extortionate and their business so vast that they can well afford to pay much higher wages than they do. An an evidence of this robbery we will cite an instance occurring here recently. A man had a small package which cost him thirty cents and he wished to send it to Minneapolis, and to do so the express company charged him sixty cents, or just twice the cost of the article. The government should transact the express business of this country just as it carries the mails, and the subject should be agitated to that end.

Owatonna Democrat: The express companies should be compelled, like all other corporations of their character, to conduct their business in the interest of the public so far as consistent, and goods should be transferred from one line to another to save time and travel just as the mails are. There never yet was a giant corporation developed by the "protective" laws of the country that did not seek to ignore the public just as soon as it got strong enough. Now is the time to teach the express corporations a good lesson.

At every session of the legislature during the past ten years, hired lobbists of the express companies have been employed to prevent the passage of laws taxing them or interfering with their charges or their manner of doing business. These agents have carried their pockets full of express franks which they judiciously distributed among members, and what other "inducements" were presented will probably never be known. They will be on hand at the coming session, and it will be safe to set it down, if a member is indifferent about "meddling with the express companies," if he fails to heed the demand which arises throughou the state, and especially if he seeks to throttle proposed legislation or oppose it, he has "made arrangements" with a lobyist; in other words he has been paid, bribed, corrupted to betray his constituents in the interests of the express monopoly.

The daily papers might render great assistance in demanding and securing an efficient law, if they were so disposed, and we shall consider it strange, at least, if they neglect to join the country papers in so just a cause. The question should be pressed without any cessation until the relief sought is obtained, and no sham measure should quiet the demand; no stupefied state railroad commission should be trusted to enforce a law, and no means should be accepted that does not go to the root of the evil.

The Natonal Economist:—One would conclude, from reading the more important daily Democratic journals, that the action of the Alliance and the results of the late election were to be construed simply and only as a vindication of President Cleveland's administration. Such an assumption is in perfect harmony with the rule of plutocracy, and discloses a desire to ignore the Alliance and its demands entirely. This may have the effect of misleading the voters in the cities, but will produce a decidely effect in the country. The fact has been demonstrated that the farmers of the country when united can overthrow any political party, and it is well for the Democratic party to hear this in mind, as the agricultural portion of the people are in no humor to be trifled with.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

To Issue Grain Certificates.

The National Economist.

The rumor that the millers of the Northwest are issuing scrip in consequence of the financial stringency may be explained by the fact that the grain men of Minneapolis have proposed a plan by which they will avoid the necessity of borrowing money at half per cent and by which the Northwest will be furnished practically with so much additional currency. Under this plan grain certificates are to be adopted by the jobbers as money for their goods. The grain man would pay the farmer for his wheat, the farmer in turn would pay the grocer and the general store, and the store men at least would pay the jobber for his goods—all with the same certificates. The certificates are to be secured by ample collateral. Anthony Kelly, who was delegated on the part of the Minneapolis jobbers to broach the matter to the St. Paul jobbers, says; "The St. Paul jobbers all think favorably of the scheme. It is not so much to help the grain men out as it is to check the decrease in the value of wheat held by farmers."

So says a recent press dispatch. The seed sown by the advocates of the sub-treasury plan is doing its perfect work, From the above it is seen that its principles are to be practically applied in the great grain centres of the nation. The main features of the plan are recognized at legitimate and the benefits accuring to the farmer conceded. It is quite significant that these men who handle grain in immense quanities fail to find anything impracticable or impossible in the details of storing, grading, etc., which have been such an insurmountable barrier to certain Congressmen who could not tell the difference between No. 1 and rejected wheat, or never examined the workings of a warehouse. There is no doubt that the Minnesota millers and grain dealers will make this plan work smoothly and result beneficially to all, unless interfered with by Congress at the instance of the banks. They will demonstrate beyond a question that the government can safely and easily do the same in accordance with the provisions of the sub-treasury bill and thereby extend this system to all the producers of cotton and grain, and through them benefit and bless the whole people. Let the friends of this measure continue to discuss it in plain, argumentative, candid manner, meeting all objections fairly and squarely upon the broad ground of justice and rights; continue in this course and the principles involved in the sub-treasury bill will, in the near future, become incorporated into the laws of the land.

Our combination offer with Farm, Stock and Home elsewhere in this issue should not be overlooked. A year's subscription to this grand agricultural paper means a 384 page volume size 11½x15 in that to any farmer is well worth $5.00, yet we give it and this paper one year only $1,50.

Western Advocate (Burr Oak Kans.) Who has a better right to unite for protection than the agricultural class? For the welfare of the whole country, what class is it more necessary should unite? They are the foundation of every industry, the corner stone of all progress. Without the products of the soil man could not exist. One of nature's beneficent gifts to man is the land, and the "horny hand of toil,' prepares the grounds and sows that with rain and shine brings forth rich harvests to supply man's needs, and rightly controlled furnish an abundance for every human being. Let agriculture, as a pursuit, die, and every industry would soon be paralyzed and national decline be swift and certain, as the downfall of great nations under such conditions has proved. The agricultural class should be thinking class, that their rights may not be overthrown. They should have the leisure to read and study, and the means to make their homes comfortable and Pleasant and give their childern the advantages of the best schools in the land. When the conditions are such that their toil brings remuneration sufficient to enable them to enjoy comforts of home and the benefits of socity, and their life is not one continual round of drudgery the boys and girls will not as soon as old enough, leave the farm for the city. They will not choose any other occupation rather than farming, when equal rights are restored to the people; nor will men who never did an honest day's work, look down upon those who are engaged in manual labor. Then farmers may even ride in buggies and occasionally have a new suit of clothes, without being twitted, by those who have plenty, of extravagance.

The current number of Farm, Stock and Home Minneapolis, Minn. should be read by every farmer in the State In fact, for a farmer to miss reading any number of that excellent journal is a misfortune which he can escape almost without money and without price, by taking it in connection with the JOURNAL.

Nationalism.

The Western Rural.

The government of the United States will yet own the telegraph lines of the country in our opinion. It is the only way out of the clutches of as bold a set of robbers as has ever done business in this country, and that is saying a good deal. It would not be practical for the government to parallel the present lines. We have had too much parlleling in the United States already. A lot of capital has been dumped into a railroad for instance, and although that road was sufficient to do all the business between the points which it connected, after a while a lot of capital would be dumped in to parallel road and the public was compelled to support both lots of capital. How? By paying much higher rates than service that was rendered was worth. This must always be expected under such circumstances. When to railroads or two telegraph lines parallel each other, the natural result is combination, and with combination comes an arbitrary fixing of exorbitant rates. It is the only way that the two lots of capital can save themselves from utter destruction. It would be the same if the government should parallel the telegraph lines of the country. If competition were kept up one line or the other would be ruined, and the public may never have thought that the government would be driven to the wall. In such a contest as that, Gould's company could make the government lose so much money that the people would not stand it.

The object to accomplish is the prevention of the investment of any more capital in telegraph companies or carrying companies than is absolutely needed to do the service. The government should purchase the telegraph lines at a fair valuation and operate them. It is said that in those European countries where the government owns the telegraph it costs but ten cents to send a message that would cost sixty cents here. That is a big profit for the people to be compelled to pay Jay Gould. The idea that the government should own the telegraph is constantly growing. But that is nationalism as far as it goes. And if the government should own the telegraph, why should it not own the railroads? And if it should operate the railroads why should it not operate the express companies? And if it is said that it should and perhaps conduct severable other kinds of business, the banking, for instance, the advocates of such innovations will find themselves pretty robust nationalists, although many of them would no doubt throw Mr. Bellamy's book one side as the veriest trash. There are many things to take into consideration when we begin to advocate even partial nationalism, but we have little doubt that the government will sometime be more largely engaged managing the industries which the people are called upon constantly to patronize than it now is. Only one thing can prevent it, and that is some other course upon the part of the government that will put a stop to the present outrageous corporate robberies. If that is not done the people will demand the ownership by the government at least of the railroads.

The Sugar Trust.

Farm' Stock and Home.

The sugar trust has at last made public a statement of its affairs since its formation, a little over two years ago. It confesses, to a clear profit of $26, 591,746 02: a very pretty sum to make out of one of the primest of life's necessities. Such enormous profits could not have been made but for the tariff on refined sugar, imposed solely to secure better wages to laborers. The latter have not yet made public the report of their net earnings, but if the proprietors, who are not supposed to be benefitted by the tariff, could make so much under its operation, what must the labors, the real beneficiaries, have made? The worlds will undoubtedly be amazed at the size of the fortunes built up by the employees of the sugar trust.

We wish every farmer in this county would become a reader of Farm, Stock and Home. Taken in connection with this paper its cost is nominal.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST.

PUBLISHED 50 YEARS CONSECUTIVELY.

RECOGNIZED as the BEST RURAL and FAMILY PERIODICAL in the WORLD, giving Invaluable Help, the Best Information, Thousands of Plans, Practical and Useful hints and Suggestions, and THOUSANDS OF ORIGINAL ENGRAVINGS ANNUALLY. Try it this year, it will Pay You well. No one can read a number without getting thoroughly Reliable and Practical Information. Profitable to Everybody. Each number contains Sketches of Labor-helping Contrivances to aid In-door and Out-door Work. Fine Engravings of Animals, Plants Flowers, Out-buildings, with many Pleasing, Instructive Pictures for Young and Old. Subscription price $1.50 a year.

We are desirous to make this the BANNER YEAR in CIRCULATION, which is now over 100,000 copies monthly.

OUR PREMIUM OFFER.

THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD CYCLOPÆDIA. Price $1.00. Bound in Cloth and Gilt. A Complete Ready Reference Library for Farmers, Gardeners, Fruit Growers, Stockmen and Housekeepers, containing a large fund of Useful Information, Facts, Hints and Suggestions, in the various Departments of Agriculture. Horticulture, Live Stock Raising, Poultry Keeping, Bee Keeping, Dairy Farming, Fertilizers, Rural Architecture, Farm Implements, Household Management, Domestic Affairs, Cookery, Ladies' Fancy Work, Floriculture, Medical Matters, Etc

Containing 644 Pages, with 249 Illustrations.

This Valuable Book furnished with the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST ONE YEAR, for $1.60, or for only 10 cents additional to the subscription price, paying postage on book.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plainand Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for.......... $1.00
Rhadames for 1.00
Faille Francais for.......... 1.00
Gros Grain for.......... 1.00
Satin Luxors for.......... 1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel.......... 20 cents.
54 inch Tricot.......... 35 "
54 inch Flannel.......... 45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel... 75 "
36 inch Henriettas.......... 25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for.......... 30 cents.
" " " .... 35 "
" " medicated, for 40 "

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket.......... $1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket...... 2.00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white " 4.50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

The Queen's Latest Offer.

A Free Education or One Year's Travel in Europe.

In the Queen's "Word Contest," which the publishers of that magazine anouce as the last one they will ever offer, a free education, consisting of a three years' course in any Canadian or American Seminary of College, including all expenses, tuition and board, to be paid by the publishers of The Queen, or one year abroad, consisting of one entire year's travel in Europe, all expenses to be paid, will be given to the person sending them the largest list of words made from the text which is announced in the last issue of The Queen. A special deposit of $750 has been made in The Dominion Bank of Canada, to carry out this offer. Many other useful and valuable prizes will be awarded in order of merit. The publishers of The Queen have made their popular family magazine famous throughout both Canada and the United States by the liberal prizes given in their previous competitions, and as this will positively be the last one offered, they intend to make it excel all others as regards the value of the prizes. Send six two cent U. S. stamps for copy of The Queen containing the text, complete rules and list of prizes. Address The Canadian Queen, Toronto, Canada. [33-40]

For a plain, practical and instructive paper, made largely by farmers and wholly for farmers, Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis, Minn. has no equal among agricultural journals. We can furnish it in connection with the JOURNAL one year for only $1,50.

Toledo Weekly Blade,

1891.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

THE most popular Weekly Newspaper in the United States, the largest circulation, and the only strictly Weekly Newspaper that ever succeeded in obtaining and holding, year after year, a circulation in every State and Territory (and nearly every county) of the United States. All the news, better departments and more first-class entertaining and instructive reading than in any other dollar paper published.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW story to commence first of the year, written especially for the Blade by Oliver Optic. "Money Maker Series." A series of special articles on "Side Issues," written for The Blade. Blade China Tea Sets and Dinner Sets given to club-raisers. Send for specimen copy of The Weekly Blade and our interesting announcements for the coming year.

SPECIMENS.

A specimen copy will give you a better idea of The Weekly Blade than any description we can give in an advertisement. We therefore invite everybody to write us for a specimen, which we will cheerfully mail you free; and at the same time please mail us a list of names of your friends and neigbors, and we will also mail them specimens.

CONFIDENTIAL TO AGENTS.

ANYBODY can earn Ten Dollars very quickly by raising clubs for The Blade. We are now paying the highest amount for clubs ever offered by any newspaper. We want agents everywhere. Write us for confidential terms to agents. Address

THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio.

Thirteen Grand Winter Excursions

From Northern Minnesota and North Dakota, to Montreal and all points west in Ontario, at the low rate of $40, via Northern Pacific R. R. The dining car line between Northern Minnesota and North Dakota points, by way of St. Paul and Chicago. Dates of sale, Tuesday, Nov. 18th and 25th, and Dec. 2d and 9th; and daily Dec. 16th to 23d inclusive, and Dec. 30th, 1890. Limit of tickets ninety days, good going and returning fifteen days, with stop-over privileges, subject to local regulations of lines over which tickets read. Final limit of tickets extended fifteen day on payment of $5.00; thirty days $10.00; and sixty days $20. Pullman tourist sleeping cars from Winnipeg, Pembina Grafton, Gilby, Grand Forks and Crookston, will be run through to Chicago without change via the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central, leaving Winnipeg on Tuesday, November 18th and 25th, and Dec. 2d, 9th, 16th, 23d and 30th. Sleeping car fare $2 for one double berth. For further information, maps, time tables and tickets via the Dining Car Line, write to or inquire of C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R., Crookston, Minn.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., DEC. 25, 1890.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 73.
1 Northern 70.
2 Northern 69.
3 Northern 57.

Ira DeCamp was up from Fargo last Saturday.

H. E. Wold was down from Winger this week.

Now is the time to subscribe for THE JOURNAL.

Special attractions in jewelry and silverware at C. H. Saake's.

Miss Lottie Anglim is at home for the holidays.

Miss Jennie Miller went to St. Paul last week on a visit.

Silver thimbles from 20 cents to 50 cents at C. H. SAAKE's

Ladies call and see those hats which Mrs. Bangs is offering at cost. Everything goes at greatly reduced prices.

Prof. Wishard was greeting his friends in the city last week.

Wheat took a two cent tumble on Monday, reaching 76 cents.

The "Owl Club" met with Mrs. Frank Gravel last Thursday evening.

The Board of County Commissioners met in special session on Monday.

Chris Steenerson represents sub-alliance No. 553 in the state convention.

Wheat took another two cent drop on Tuesday morning, reaching 74 cents.

THE JOURNAL extends the compliments of the season to its many readers.

Joseph Netzer Jr., returned from the insane asylum on Wednesday morning.

Such list being circulated, the amount of $2,000 was subscribed by those present.

Gold and silver watches, diamond rings, opal, ruby, emerald and friendship rings at bed rock prices, at C. H. SAAKE' Jewelry Store.

Mrs. Bert Bivins was down from Argyle last week visiting friends and relatives.

An endless variety of novelties in jewelry and silverware, suitable for holiday presents at C. H. Saake's jewelry store.

Ole P. Rene was up last Wednesday and attended the Bolton matinee at the Opera House.

Levi Myers went down to St. Paul on Tuesday evening to see about a big lumber deal he has in view.

G. C. Holden was down from Warren on Tuesday enroute for Montana. He may conclude to locate out there.

Lovely weather? Well, we do not know where you would go to beat it. It is the finest weather so far one could wish to see.

J. L. Bailey, who was injured last week by being run over, had a narrow escape from a serious injury, but is doing nicely now.

Otto Kankel was up from Fertile on Saturday. He told THE JOURNAL man that he expected to start for a trip to the old country soon.

C. C. Knappen, of the Fisher Bulletin, has started a new paper at Detroit, Minn., called the Free Press. He opens out with his usual vigor.

This is a good week in which to remember the printer. We are striving to add needed improvements and need your help if you are in arrears.

Dr. and Mrs. Thomas and the little shaver departed for the land of oranges on Sunday evening. They will stay in Florida some four or six weeks.

Now is the time to subscribe for THE JOURNAL. You all need it and we need your help. Don't be backward in coming forward, but everybody come.

Leave your orders for all kinds of commercial or fancy printing at THE JOURNAL job rooms. Prices and work guaranteed to suit.

In a year like this, with good crops and good prices, we ought to be able to collect at least 50 per cent. on our list. If we can do that we shall be perfectly satisfied.

Al. Roberts returned from Grand Forks last week, having finished work in the mill for the season. Al says Crookston leads 'em all if Grand Forks is a slick little city.

On Saturday morning our citizens beheld a regular summer rainbow. It was raining a little at the time. Whoever before heard of a rainbow on the 20th of December in the Red River Valley.

Rev. S. H. Barteau has accepted a call to preach at Stephen and will remove to that place as soon as arrangements can be made. We congratulate the thriving village of Stephen on their valuable accession to its social circle.

The remains of Mrs. M. Smith, of Grand Forks, were brought to the city last week for interment. At the time of her death her child, about one year old, was sick and shortly died and was buried by the side of its mother on Sunday.

Ladies, in your shopping expeditions you have not neglected to call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery emporium, have you? Of course not, for Mrs. B. has given notice that all those lovely hats must go at startlingly low figures.

F. O. Sustad reports the sale of 1,800 acres of railroad land last week, and says that the demand for farming lands never was greater. He sold one quarter—160 acres for spot cash. The majority of these sales were made to men from North Dakota.

George McManus says ten farmers are paying off their mortgages this fall to one in any fall before since he came to Polk County. Many are paying a large portion of it and renewing for the balance. George says he shall raise more barley next year than anything else.

Lambeth's celebrated choir from Glasgow, Scotland, will give a concert here at the Opera House, on Jan. 8th, 1891. The first day's sale of tickets will be reserved for those who have subscribed, and any one who desires to have their name on the list should call on Hugh Robertson.

A correspondent writes us to know if there are any fish in Red Lake. Parties who have been there say they never saw better fishing grounds, and we know that the outlet, the Red Lake River, is alive with fish of all kinds incident to the Northwest. Fish? You bet! Fish till you can't rest.

We know you would LIKE awful well to make THE JOURNAL a real nice Christmas gift or a New Year's present. Well we hung up our stocking (those statements we sent out) and there is nothing to prevent you chucking in your gift. We will call it that, anyhow, and be very much obliged.

A. J. Hamre and son came up from Fertile on Saturday to attend to business matters at the county seat and greet old friends. A. J. is one of the comrades, a former member of the old Minnesota 7th Infantry, and he is chuck full of the old reminiscences when he meets the old comrades.

A. E. Brush was in from Angus on Tuesday. Reports that the residence on the Angus stock farm took fire on Monday and was entirely consumed. Mr. D. Miller, who occupied it, saved his furniture. Mr. Campian's house took fire the same day but was saved; also the residence of L. J. Lake.

Knute Nelson was up from Garfield on Monday and did not forget to drop in and renew his subscription. He says that wheat was an excellent crop in his neighborhood this year, and hundreds of bushels are coming into Fertile daily. Says his neighbors are all getting in pretty good shape financially.

IF YOU KNOW yourself indebted to THE JOURNAL come and see us before Jan. 1st, whether you received a statement or not. WE ARE IN need of your help, be it ever so small, NOW, greater than we shall be after Jan. 1st, if we are obliged to carry our obligations over until next year. Let us hear from all who can respond.

W. O. Wilson was up to St. Hilaire and Thief River last week. Says our old friend, Charlie Kretzschmar, is doing a rushing business in his mill, and we are glad of it, for if any man on the footstool ever merited ample success that man is Carl Kretzschmar. It don't require many such enterprising men to build up a grand city. Charlie is one of the salt of the earth.

W. D. Carlton was down on Saturday last. He left for below on Monday evening intending to visit in Wisconsin a bit before the legislature convenes. W. D. will make an excellent representative, we opine. He will always be found advocating an economical and wise administration of government for the people. If we had more of that sort it would be better for the interests of the state.

W. Campbell was down from Godfrey last week and dropped in to speak words of good cheer to THE JOURNAL man and order THE JOURNAL sent to his address. That is just what we would like every farmer in Polk County to do. Then we could do a grand good work in this country, and every farmer and every business man should have THE JOURNAL in his family, for what we seek is for the common good of all. Every body come and join our ranks.

A small lad near McIntosh last week took a few bushels of wheat to town, receiving for the lot a check for $1.20. This he took and by a little funny business made it read $21.20. Receiving the money he went to a store and applied it on the family store debt and went home as big as a lord. A constable woke him start before morning and took him before a justice of the peace, but in consideration of the tender years of the lad, settlement was allowed and the boy went home sadder but much wiser financially.

Hans Hanson, register of deeds of Becker County, was up last week shaking hands with his old Becker County friends. Well do we remember, in 1877, when Hanson was first nominated for register. He was found at his threshing machine busy at work with the dust of the golden grain upon him 7 or 9 inches thick, and he accompanied the emissary who had been sent to ask his consent to present his name to the convention, right into the convention, and he was nominated without any trouble; at the following election he was elected, and moreover he has been re-elected at every election since, some 15 years now. That speaks pretty well for a man when the people will not let up on him no how. But we remember that the people of Becker are peculiar in that. When they get a good man they keep him. It was so when they had John Cromb for auditor. They kept him constantly in office until Polk County needed his services more than they did down there and then he had to resign to get away. Becker County has truly learned the secret of good, economical government.

Railroad Meeting.

Pursuant to a call previously published, a meeting was held in the school house at Climax, in the town of Vineland, to consider the prospect of securing a railroad from Crookston through the towns of Andover, Roome, Vineland, Hubbard and Shely. More than fifty enthusiastic farmers were present, all the towns, excepting Andover, being represented.

While waiting for the crowd, who were seen to approach from every direction, and previous to calling the meeting to order, the audience was entertained by Eli Steenerson, who drew a large map on the blackboard, showing the starting point and general direction of the proposed road. He called the attention of the assembly to the fact that this location had been proposed on account of the ease in grading, fertility of soil and denseness of population, it being a continuous expanse of well cultivated farms; and also to the fact that the said location would be most convenient for the adjacent country on either side, who are suffering for want of transportation facilities. His remarks were met by general approval. It being now 2 o'clock, the meeting was called to order and Knute S. Aaker was elected chairman and Chris. Steenerson secretary.

E. Steenerson read a letter, which was a response from the N. P. authorities to enquiries as to what could be expected from that road. Said letter intimated in a vague way that if the recent disturbances and stringency in the money market would abate in the near future, railroad enterprises might revive; and that if good and substantial inducements were offered the project would be submitted to the consideration of the proper authorities.

A general discussion then followed as to the best plan to pursue in order to secure the co-operation and confidence of all farmers interested, in which P. Simons, H. Simons, H. G. Dale, from Hubbard, S. Morrison, from Sheley, J. Steenerson and A. Steenerson, from Vineland and others took a lively part.

The meeting finally agreed upon the following resolution which was unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Resolved, That we, the citizens of the towns of Roome, Tynsid, Vineland, Hubbard and Sheley, believe that a railroad to be run from some point near Carman directly west to about the central part of Roome, thence southwesterly to near the northwest corner of Vineland, thence due south through the towns of Vineland, Hubbard and Sheley to some convenient point opposite the Goose River Valley in North Dakota, is greatly desired by all the farmers in said towns; and we further believe that the Northern Pacific would be the most desirable, or any company that would secure us connection with said road; and in order to attain these ends, be it further

Resolved, That we organize ourselves into a body, and that we are hereby organized into a body, to aid and encourage the construction of such a road.

A motion was then made that the chair appoint a committee of three from each town to solicit subscriptions to aid the proposed road and to secure options for right of way and to report to the chairman or secretary at the next meeting. This motion was carried and the chair appointed the following committee:

Town of Roome—Jacob Ide, John Gilbert, Martin Finseth.

Town of Tynsid—Thos. Logan, Ole Larson, A. Stortroen.

Town of Vineland—Hans H. Bangen, A. Steenerson, Erik Stortroen.

Town of Hubbard—Halvor G. Dale, Henry Simon, John J. Ellingson.

Town of Sletten—Ole A. Tronnes, Ole Hanson, A. Annesen.

The following form of subscription list was ordered sent to each member of said committee:

We, the undersigned, hereby agree to subscribe the sum set opposite our names to aid in the construction of a railroad, to run from Crookston west through the town of Andover to about the central part of Roome, thence southwest to the northwest corner of the town of Vineland, thence south through the towns of Vineland and Hubbard and into the town of Sheley, to some convenient point opposite Goose River Valley in North Dakota. And we further agree to sell the right of way at a price not to exceed fifteen dollars per acre, provided the said road will run on some line on the side of our land and not make necessary the removal of any buildings or do any other serious damage. Said road to be ready and in operation in September, 1891.

On motion the secretary was requested to ask the courtesy of the papers of the county to publish these minutes.

The meeting adjourned to the 3d Monday of January, 1891, at 1 o'clock p. m., to meet at the same place, that is, Climax school house, in Vineland. While bidding each other good evening with a hearty wish for the success of the undertaking, many a weather-beaten face was lit up with dawning hope for the day when 20 miles to market in a stormy Red River Valley winter would be a thing of the past.

KNUTE S. AKER, Chairman.
C. STEENERSON, Sec.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., will be held at its banking rooms, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

[36-38] L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

Prize Medal Contest.

The young people are now prepared to compete the second time in elocution for the silver medal. The contest will be held in the Presbyterian church on Monday evening, Dec. 29th. Everybody is invited. Admission free.

Alvin B. Carlton, son of Hon. W. D. Carlton, of Angus, was united for life to Miss Maggie Cruikshank, of Buffington, at the residence of her sister, in this city, on Saturday morning, the Rev. Mr. Sharpe performing the interesting ceremony. Miss Cruikshank is the daughter of one of Polk County's leading farmers, has been for some time a faithful teacher in our public schools and the young couple enter the new relation in life with the best wishes of hosts of friends. They will commence housekeeping at once under the paternal roof of papa Carlton and oversee the place during his absence in the legislature.

No, friends, THE JOURNAL was not placed on the FREE list by the McKinley bill. Didn't know but some had got that impression, but it is not so. The price is still $1.50 when paid in advance to any address in Polk County, $1.65 outside of Polk County if paid in advance, otherwise $2. We have offered to accept payment at the rate of $1.50 per annum if paid before Jan. 1st. Do not make any mistake in this matter and feel hard toward us, if you have to pay $2 a year and costs of collection. We have no desire to make trouble nor extra costs, and shall not unless absolutely compelled to do it. All we ask is for square, honest treatment, and we think we are fully entitled to this.

Johnny Cromb.

The Eleven-year-old Hero.

Good News Humane Society's Gold Medal is presented this week to Johnny Cromb, of Crookston, Minn., for saving the life of his little playmate. On the morning of July 10, 1890, a little girl, known by the name of Little Clipper Bucknoma, while playing on the logs near the shore of the Red Lake River, Minnesota, accidently fell in the water which was over her head in depth, and would have been drowned had not little Johnny rendered her timely assistance.

AFFIDAVIT FROM HIS FRIENDS.

Crookston, Minn., Nov. 24, 1290

Messrs Street & Smith:

Gentlemen: We the undersigned, hereby certify that the young hero. Johnny Cromb, is known to us as a boy worthy in all particulars, of receiving the Good News Humane Society's medal, which is offered to life-savers by you.

Signed. ADOLPH P. KIRSCH,
G. W. LEWIS, Justice of Peace,
GEO. J. MCMANUS, Notary Public,
M. E. KIRSCH, Notary Public,

Mr. DuCharme relates to THE JOURNAL man a singular incident that occurred on the farm of his brother Moses, at Badger Creek, in this county. Six weeks ago, just after having completed his threshing, Moses DuCharme missed a full grown sow, and after diligent search had failed to reveal her whereabouts, gave her up for lost. A day or so ago, while near one of his straw stacks, he heard a noise in the stack and upon digging into the stack found the sow still alive, but pretty weak. She had been in the stack for six weeks, but is alive yet and doing well.

FOR SALE.

One Full Blood Jersey Bull.

Twenty-five to Thirty head of Grade Jersey cows and young stock. Will sell the same cheap for cash or negotiable notes or will trade for young steers.

Will also sell 2 span of good brood mares, one fine driving team, one three year old colt, and three sucking colts.

Also all of my household furniture and farming utensils will be sold at private sale before March 15th 1891.

E. J. Haseltine.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write
W. D. PALMETIER,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, partners under the firm name of Stewart & Spottswood has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by Wm. C. Spottswood, who is authorized to collect and discharge all debts due the firm, and who assumes the payment of all debts owing by the firm.

Dated Dec. 20th, 1890

A. M. STEWART,
[36 38] W. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Closing Out.

Our stock of coal and wood heaters at actual cost. Have reduced prices on skates and Winchester rifles to close them out.

[35-36] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Wanted at Once.

A good man or boy for work upon a farm. Apply to M. E. Bartlett on Section 9, town of Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in Mcinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but
still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal,
but all O. K, for business
just the same.

☞Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

Santa Claus Headquarters

At C. H. Saake's

JEWELRY STORE.

Silver Tea Sets. Water Sets, Desert Sets, Cake Baskets, Berry Dishes, Rose Jars, Butter Dishes, Pickle Castors, Card Receivers, Carving Sets, Card Cases, Cigar Cases, Perfume Stands, Match and Stamp Boxes, Jewelry cases, Bon-Bon Trays, crumb trays, Puff Boxes, Napkin Rings in large variety. Childs' Sets Forks and Knives, Table, Desert and Tea Spoons, Fruit Knives, Cake Knives, Berry Spoons, Sugar Spoons, Butter Knives, Etc., Etc. My stock of

Gold and Silver Watches

Is immense and comprises all the latest styles and designs. Gold Watches, Silver Watches, Diamond Rings, Ladies' Set Rings, Diamond Ear Rings, Diamond Scarf Pins, solid gold and gold front Lace Pins, Bracelets, Cuff Buttons, Neck Chains, Watch Chains and Lockets, novelties in watch charms, Gold Pens and Holders, Gold Pencils and Tooth Picks, Plain, Band and Friendship Rings, gold and silver Thimbles, marble clocks, Music Boxes and Statuary, and thousands of other handsome articles suitable for Christmas Presents.

Come and See Them!

Winter Excursions.

A chance to visit the old home in Canada and say a good word for the new home in the Red River Valley.

Forty dollars for round trip from Crookston, Minn., to Montreal and all points west in Ontario via the Great Northern and connecting lines. Tickets good for 90 days, 15 going and 15 returning. Time extention at small additional cost.

Tickets for sale December 9th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d and 30th.

For further information, maps and publications apply to C. H. Mix, agent Great Northern.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,
J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Closing Out.

Our stock of coal and wood heaters a actual cost. Have reduced prices on skates and Winchester rifles to cloce them out.

[35-36] STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD.

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,——BEST.——QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Min

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E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

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CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

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On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.
DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

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105 Third Street,
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PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)
1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.
1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. m. Lowe,
The Loan Agent

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MIN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.,
CROOKSTON, MINN

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Well, there are some very peculiar men in the world. Several years ago we went to work for a prominent farmer in this country and we worked hard and faithfully for him a whole year; at the end of that time he said he was unable to pay us that year but wanted us to continue right along and work another year, when he would pay us. Well, we did it cheerfully, and at the end of the second year he made the same plea and so we worked for him still another year; put in long, faithful hours, winter and summer, sometimes working until 11 or 12 o'clock and later, and yet another year and another we worked and still he said that because certain wheat dealers were extortionate and took an undue proportion of the profits he could not pay us for all the work we had done for him. Well, we knew that was true. so, at his request, we continued to work for him although, in order to do so, we were obliged to borrow money to carry on the work and pay therefor at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum and a good snug bonus besides, sometimes, until this fall, when we had worked for him well and faithfully for ten or eleven long years, and he had harvested this fall a fine crop of No. 1 Hard wheat, receiving therefor at the rate of 80 cents per bushel, we sent to him a statement of account, telling him that for prompt payment we would accept $1 50 per annum for our work In due time his reply came, and as we took it out of the office we inwardly blessed him for his generous promptness, but when we read that letter we did not. Instead of appreciating our labor in his behalf and enclosing even a portion of our just dues he gave us a red-hot coaling over for presuming to send, what he was pleased to term a "dunnin' letter" to him. "Why," said he, "you act as if you think I am not an honest man, and if you ever do such a thing again I will QUIT PATRONIZING (?) you! I want you to distinctly understand that I AM honest and intend to pay my debts." But all this is mild compared to what he actually said and the way it was said, and some of these days we may take a notion to publish the letter with the name of the writer so that our readers may see what kind of men a kind providence sometimes permits to live upon this earth for some inscrutable purpose of His own. Our offense consisted in working hard and faithfully for this man, borrowing money to enable us so to do, and for all those years he had enjoyed the fruits of our labors, and just because we send a statement to him he raved. He did not dispute the time, nor the service, nor any of the facts, but because we asked him for a little money to strengthen our efforts in his behalf, he kicked, and kicked with both hind feet viciously. Gentle reader, if this was your case we imagine you would feel as though you had been abused—and that is just what we thought.

Our friends have responded in many cases promptly and generously, but yet we are some $400 or $500 short of accomplishing our purpose on Jan. 1st. We have more than enough due us on our list and six more days yet remain before Jan. 1st, and we should feel grateful to all who have received those statements if they would make

AN EXTRA EFFORT

to help THE JOURNAL now that it needs your help. It will pay you in that it will enable us to make a better paper, and we assure you it will be a favor that we shall highly appreciate. We have not been extortionate nor grasping in this matter but have given all a reasonable time, and we think that our friends will appreciate this fact and will now do their best for us, to show that they do appreciate it. If we can accomplish what we propose to do our patrons will not suffer by making a little extra exertion in our behalf at this time, for we propose to put every cent we receive into the paper. Very many of our friends have responded promptly and these we are not now addressing—only to thank them very heartily, and yet others have written us in the matter, showing that they are interested, and we are not talking to them, only to thank them for their kindly interest and good wishes, and some of our friends we personally know are unable to do anything this fall, but we have an idea that many are intending to fix the matter up soon and to them we would say: "GET THERE BEFORE JAN. 1ST, IF POSSIBLE," as, if we cannot accomplish what we are after by that time we cannot do it in 1891, as our obligations must be met on Jan. 1st or renewed for one year. All we ask of you is to do all that you can for us and this we consider a very reasonable request. We do not expect nor require a man to actually distress himself and family for us, but we should feel under lasting obligations to all who will at this time help us to accomplish our purpose, and we feel confident that there are enough among those to whom we sent a statement who are abundantly able to meet the small amount in full to enable us to meet our January payment. Will you do it, friends?

The Sugar Trust.

Farm. Stock and Home.

The sugar trust has at last made public a statement of its affairs since its formation, a little over two years ago. It confesses to clear profit of $26,591,646.02; a very pretty sum to make out of one of the primest of life's necessities. Such enormous profits could not have been made but for the tariff on refined sugar, imposed solely to secure better wages to laborers. The latter have not yet made public the report of their net earnings, but if the proprietors, who are not supposed to be benefited by the traiff, could make so much under its operation what must the labors, the real beneficiaries, have made? The world will undoubtedly be amezed at the size of the fortunes built up by the employers of the sugar trust.

Our combination offer with Farm, Stock and Home elsewhere in this issue should not be overlooked. A year's subscription to this grand agricultural paper means a 384 page volume size 11¼x15 in that to any farmer is well worth $5.00, yet we give it and this paper one year only $1,50.

Railroads are not Sacred.

Farm. Stock and Home.

There is one sentiment that we should expel from our minds, and that is the one that concedes the right of railroads to charge sufficient rates to enable them to "pay," under any and all circumstancess. In the building of railroads in this country there has been a recklessness unparalleled. Lines have been unnecessarily duplicated; roads have been extended into uninhabited regions; non-paying branches have been built; in fact, railroads have occupied territory, like conquering armies, so as to be in possession when railroading there became profitable, and the dear public has been and is expected to foot all the bills. Rates on main lines are made high to cover losses on branches: productive lines are made to sustain unproductive ones, and so the people are oppressed and extorted from to gratify the ambitions and fill the coffers of railroad monarchs. If a word is said or a deed done looking to lowering rates, railroad owners at once pathetically exclaim: "You don't expect us to do business at a loss, do you? You certainly will not object to our making fair earnings on capital invested?" Well, why not? If the merchant, the manufacturer, the banker of the farmer makes a bad investment or chooses an unprofitable site, he has to stand the racket; he appeals in vain to the public 'fair earnings on complain of "unfriendly legislation" when the cries are disregarded, "What divinity doth hedge" a railroad that makes it more sacred then other property? By what reasoning, or principle of justice, is the public under obligation to make good the mistakes of railroad projectors and owners? What license have the latter to be reckless, extravagant and ambitious at the public's expense? If unprofitable railroad lines are built let the builders and not the public be the losers. The public is not responsible; it should not be taxed to make the building profitable.

Railroad Depression.

Farm. Stock and Home.

In its last issue Farm, Stock and Home asserted that the recent depression in railroad stock was the result of gambling manipulation, and not of scant earnings or "unfriendly legislation." It is now generaly conceded that this journal's view was correct. Jay Gould alone is said to have rounded up $35,000,000 during the flurry, and a few other kings did nearly as well. But better still, for the kings, they secured control of sufficient lines and interests to make themselves the supreme dictators of transportation rates. The next act in the drama will be an advance of rates all along the line, increased earnings, booming stocks, liberal unloading by the kings at the advance, countless more millions concentrated in a few hands, and so the merry dance goes on! This is all very well, but how about the poor toilers who must pay the fiddler? There is one and only one extensive railroads owner that will not so manipulate railroad the government—and the sooner it assumes the ownership the better.

The Sub-Treasury Bill.

The Toller Nashville, Tenn.

The organs of monopoly are trying to scare weak kneed and shallow brained people to death over the possibility of the passage of the sub-treasury bill. The monopolists say it is unconstitutional, undemocratic and unrepublican because it provides only for the benefit of the farming class. The idea that it provides only for the farming class, arises from a superficial view of it. The aim is not more to provide for the farming class then it is to promote the welfare of all classes by making the formation of trusts, corners and combines impossible. By cornering grain, cotton, tobacco and money, the whole country except the monopolists severely injured and the imposition of paltry fines and short terms of imprisonment do not operate even in the smallest degree to prevent their formation. It is true that, in order to provide these warehouses for the storage of farm products, and money to be of advanced in part payment of their value, and thus the farmer immediately benefited, but the whole country is benefited resultantly, and quite as much, if not more, then the farmers. The federal government makes an annual appropriation of $1,250,000 for the use of the Agricultural Department of the government. Will any one contend that because the farmers receive the immediate benefit of this appropriation, that only they are benefited, and that it is of no advantage to the whole country for the farmers to thrive, and receive from the government encouragement and assistance in their business? The government appropriates anually $50,000,000 for the improvement of our rivers and harbors, the benefits arising from which are enjoyed most immediately and in greatest degree by the merchant vesselwhof are in the free and daily use of our great waterways. Will it be said, however, that this appropriation is entirely for the benefit of the navigator class, and that the people of the whole country do not participate in some degree in the advantages thus secured to the navigators? We do not propose to go into a discussion of this question, and only print the bill that those whose attention is now for the first time perhaps being directed to it by these furious attacks of the monopoly organs, may have the opportunity of reading it for themselves. and of deciding upon its merits, uninfluenced by empty denunciation. It will be noticed that it is a non-partisan measure, having strong advocates and opponents in all parties, and is not adopted as a distinct plank in any platform and is merely suggested by a large element of our American citizenship as a possible remedy for the very greatest evil which this country ever has or possibly ever will again encounter; that is, the formation of combines and corners for the purpose of depressing the price of the five great American agricultural products, wheat, corn, oats, cotton and tobacco, when the farmer is compelled to go into the markets to sell, and then when the farmer has sold out, to corner the produce and make the consumers pay all that they possibly can and still subsist, the average difference between the price paid the farmer and the price paid by the consumer, as shown by statistical tables, being 40 per cent. The burden of this huge steal is borne partly by the farmer and partly by the consumer. Of course, in aproving the Pickler bill, we only approve the principle embraced in it and got every provision. It is merely a skeleton proposition, subject to change an amendment in committee and upon the floor. and is liable to be changed every materially in form. If the government will only incorporate into law the essential features of the Pickler bill, we will be satisfied.

The Frankfort (Kan.) Sentinel says:

The efforts of the Alliance, when fully carried out, will lift this nation to a higher plane of civilization. A moneyed monarchy shall not then exist by having a system of tyranny underlying all law, and with the emblem of freedom afloat, to exact tribute as extortionate as old time tyrants would from conquered provinces. We have implicit faith in the patriotism of the people and hope to see them awaken to a full realization of present realities instead of longer fostering hatred that should not exist in the breasts of sane people. Let every reader study carefully the declaration of purposes of the Alliance and learn that while its plans and purposes can only be consummated by political action that will destroy the sacredness of party altars; yet it will be so complete when fully carried out that coming generations will bless the leaders of the movement as we now do those of our patriotic fathers. Progression signifies advance; fossilism to retrograde. In what columns are you marching to-day.

Timid Capital.

Farm, Stock and Hme'

Now comes the wail from eastern money centers: "Capitalists fear granger legislation, and will be slow to invest in states where the Alliance has a strong foothold." Now, really, it is too bad for the "granger" to so frighten the poor, innocent little capilists! Farmers should not do a thing like that; should not attempt to meddle with financial matters at all, for convulsions. But the little dears need not fear; the the great nawsty farmers shan't hurt them—any more than they deserve. Farmers are just begining to understand that they should have feared capitalistic legislation years ago, then they would not now find it necessary to suggest to capitalists any fear of farmer legislation. The Industrialists do not propose to take a real, honest dollar from any man, but they do not to propose to stop paying tribute to fictitious dollars; to do what they can stop the rapid centralization of dollars in the hands of the few, and to destroy capitalistic conspiracies which enable the conspirators to illegitimately absorb the dollars that industry legitimately slowly to toilfully earns. If this programme hurts anybody it will be the body's fault, not the hurt's.

Grand Forks Items.

From The Herald. Dec. 22.

Prof. Lanigan, of Crookson, spent Sunday here. It's approaching.

Miss Nellie O' Keefe returned this morning from a pleasant visit with judge Montague's family at Crookston.

John Brown and Miss A. Brown, of Crookston and O. H. Elmer, of Crookston and Mrs. Julia A. Elmer, of Moorhead, are guests at the Dacotah.

A few local sports went out to the fair grounds yesterday p. m., to witness a fox hunt. Accompanying them were two hounds and Mr. Fox. The latter was allowed quite a start but the hounds were too much for him and speedily caught him. The fox was released again but the hounds fearing interference didn't attempt to catch him and he steered for the open prairie and escaped.

An old Farmer's Views.

Correspondence of Alliance Farmer.
The National Economist.

The agricultural world has long since felt the want of more money and cheaper money, a flexible currency which could not be contracted or expanded at the will of a few speculators—money kings who can pool together and put the product of the farm up or down to gratify their greed or gain. Supply and demand no longer govern the market, value of the products of the farm. The money power concentrated in the hands of the few, is the main factor in the wholesale robbery. For instance, "Old Hutch," as he is familiary called, at one strok of the pen, put flour up $1,50 per barrel. A few money kings can pool together and buy the entire cotton crop, and then, like "Old Hutch," dictate terms. The farmers have discovered that there is a great wrong practiced upon them. They are organizing for the purpose of inquiring into and correcting said wrongs upon the Jefferson idea of equal rights to all. The wholesale abuse from certain quarters that the farmers are trying to build themselves up by pulling other people down, is not true to day, nor has it ever been. They have managed to live; that is, have kept from starving to death, not on account of good legislation, but in spite of bad legislation. The first organized effort of the farmers to correct some of the national evils oppressing them was made at the St. Louis convention. The demand was more money and cheaper money—a flexible currency that could not be contracted or expanded at the will of the money kings, whose consciences are seared as with a hot iron. The demand, when the oppression and the class legislation which has been going on for a quarter of a century or more is considered, was moderate. It was the outcome of an oppressed people who had assembled in convention for the purpose of making an honest effort to right, if possible, a great wrong The result was the sub-treasury bill now before Congress. The convention said if the bill was unconstitutional they did not want it. "Give us that or something better. If you don't help us, don't help the bear." A great deal of fun was made of the clause, "or something better." None so blind as those who will not see. Congress almost in a body jumped upon the bill with both feet, and the news from this august body flew with lightning speed to the remotest parts of Tom Reed's moral government. Unconstitutional! Death in the pot and blood on the bushes! In their eagerness to bury the bill too deep for possible resurrection, they forgot the something better. The sub-treasury bill may be unconstitutional, it may be class legislation, it may be impracticable, but will friend or foe say that its discesuion has done no good? This beneficial result cannot be estimated. First of all, it has kindled the flame of hope once more in the brest of those who have toiled uncomplainingly with but scanty reward; it has aroused the sensibilities and sympathies of thousands of noble hearts who were ignorant of the chicanery and falsehood that pollutes the careers of the seemingly pure and undefiled; and it every day causes men to look about them and wonder if they have not been deaf too long to the distress of the very ones who gave them prominence and life of ease. The politician who supposes that the underlying principle of the sub-treasury bill—the discontent of the farmers—the demand for equal rights to all and special privileges to none, will pass off like a morning dew, is as blind as a stump. The farmers are slow to start, but like the ox they drive, when they make up their minds and are sure they are right, they are hard to turn. Common toil, common suffering, common poverty and a common destiny will bind them together. It may be that quite a number of the true and tried, as we are told, who refuse to stand upon the battle for Alliance principle may be elected to stay at home. If so, and the farmers find out fifteen or twenty years hence that they have made a mistake; that they cannot get along without these sages, they will doubtless let them know, and may take after them sooner should they turn their attention to farming in the meantime and make a success of it.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. — LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills — Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth. — In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest state per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn — Hunting, Fishing.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From selected Red River Wheat.

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Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
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Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
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ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
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Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,
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☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
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L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
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NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor
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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.
CALL IN.

E. STEENERSON,
Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

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STEAM LAUNDRY.
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.
All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

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O. J. BARNES,
THE
CITY GROCER!

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
——DEALER IN——
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Windows and Mouldings
ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
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MILWAUKEE HARVESTER
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

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Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.
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H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., DEC. 25, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:35 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m.

Donnelly Retorts.

The Sage of Ninlnger Replies to the Hodgson "Blizzard of Abuse" and Scores His Acts.

Fergus Falls Journal.

Mr. Donnelly was shown a copy of the Minneapolis Times of the 11th, containing a savage attack upon him by Thos. C. Hodgson. He said that he desired no controversy with Hodgson—the game wasn't worth the candle. Hodgson was not an alliance man, nor a farmer. He was a citizen of St. Paul, a hireling of Albert Scheffer, secretary of Scheffer's Heckla insurance company, and a man utterly without influence in the state; but who seeks notoriety by scribbling for the newspapers, and passing as the representative of the alliance when he would not be admitted to the floor of an alliance convention. "I am not popular with the Hodgson family," said Mr. Donnelly. "I just beat one of them for state senator in my own county so badly that he hardly knew he was running, hence their tears and these lies. Hodgson's communication is a lot of slush. After making a series of charges against me, he adds: "If these things are true (and some of them are) then the men who oppose Donnelly are pattriots." etc. But if they are not true, and he admits some of them are not, they are not patriots. As to the story that I wanted Sabin to send me as minister to England it is too ridiculous for serious consideration. The only ministership I ever had offered to me was by Pat. Kelly. He said he was willing to send me to the Fiji Island, because the inhabitants were cannibals, and there was a lively probalility that they would eat me a consummation devoutly to be wished by the whole Hodgson family. And that he says I told James J. Hill that if he would get me a government office I would stand between him and the farmer. I brand Hodgson as a liar—a hired liar; and a hired liar is to the ordinary liar what the purchased assassin is to the ordinary murderer. Mr. Hill is no friend of mine, but I defy this infamous fellow to procure from Mr. Hill a statement that I ever made any such proposition to him. I don't think Mr. Hill would father such a lie even to please Hodgson and injure me.

The trouble in the farmers' alliance is due to the insatiable, and insane ambition of Albert Scheffer to be governor of this state. In 1888 he induced the executive committee to nominte him for governor on an alliance ticket, so as to affect the republican convention of that year. But Merriam was nominated. Then in 1889 he took up an old insurance company, called the Heckla, and made the then president of the alliance, Geo. W. Sprague, president, of it, with a salary of $2,000 a year; and he made this man Hodgson secretary of the company with $2,000 more; and Haigh, the then secretary of the alliance, one of the officers with $1,000 a year more, and so with several others; and as he owend these men body and breeches, for the very fat that lined their bowels was drawn from Scheffer's pocket and enjoyed at his mercy, he has used them to distract and divide the alliance. Scheffer is not an alliance man nor a farmer,—he is a banker. He has no sympathy with the farmers. He voted in the senate in 1889 against reducing the present high rate of interest in Minnesota and stopping the horrible usuries which are stealing the farmers and mechanics of our cities poor. Not satisfied with corrupting the office of the alliance by paying them salaries to become his slaves he went farther. The national alliance was anxious to establish a fire insurance company of its own, but it had not the necessary capital of $200,000, and so it combined with an insurance company already established in St. Paul, and introduced its work. So determined was Scheffer to control the alliance that he and his friends proceeded to buy up the $200,000 capital stock of that company and broke up its relations with the National Alliance Insurance company. This whole fight on me is incited by Albert Scheffer and paid for with his money, simply because I would not help to turn over the alliance to Scheffer in 1888 and help make him governor. When I was defeated in 1888 in Dakota county, both Scheffer and Hodgson worked against me in the county for the same reason. The farmers of Minnesota are getting to understand this scheme. These fellows may possibly defeat me for president of the alliance, but Albert Scheffer will never be governor of this state by the help of the farmers if he lives to be 200 years old, and buys up all the insurance companies in Minnesota.

The Alliance Convention.

Farm, Stock and Home.

If the Farmers' Alliance of Minnesota expects to reap any decided political advantage hereafter the deliberations and work of its coming state convention must be with a view to that end, and must be on a higher and broader plane than if merely social or commercial matter where the only objects. If development of social and fraternal qualities, and co-operative buying of supplies are to be the only considerations of the order, then lack of harmony in its state organization is not vitally necessary, or does it matter much whether other classes or interests are attracted to or identify themselves with it. But if political action is deemed necessary, and if political success is to be even hoped for, harmony in the state organization is of the chiefest importance, and it does matter much whether other classes or interests are attracted to or identify themselves with it.

First, the election of officers should in no sense imply any disrespect for or antagonism to Industrialists other than farmers, whose influence and votes are necessary to industrial success at the polls; and the officers should be selected with a view to internal harmony as well as external affiliations: The Alliance is compelled to acknowledge the existence of factions within itselfe—the relative strengh, or the merits or demerits of which it is not the province of outsiders to discuss—and every member who is patriotically and unselfishly, for the good of the order and the cause it stands for will consider it his sacred duty to do what he can to reconcile the factions. It would seem to be the patriotic duty of those members who have been conspicuous in late and existing quarrels to voluntarily relinquish all claims to office, and devote themselves to the election of men who are not specially antagonistic to either faction; this would be the shortest and smoothest road to that goal of harmony which surely ninety-nine onehundredths of the members desire to reach. If the conspicuous parties to the quarrels do not possess the patriotism suggested, then it will not only be the part of wisdom but the imperative duty of that convention to make them do involuntarily what their patriotism should have prompted them to do voluntarily. It needs no argument to prove that if either faction succeeds in electing its man the other will resent it, keeping alive and intensifying present animosities. Assume, for instance, that Mr. Hall or Mr. Donnelly is eminently fitted in every way for the office of president; neither can be elected without alienating the partisans of the other, resulting in a deplorable weakening of the order. This can be said, and is said, without any unfriendliness to either gentleman named. The situation, so far as they are concerned, is unfortunate, does not necessarily reflect upon their ability or integrity in any sense, but, it seems, so clearly defines the duty of the convention that it is difficult to see how it can go astray.

The necessity of mutual concessions in this matter is also plain, for if the partisans of one aspirant insist upon his candidacy it will compel the partisans of the other to likewise insist, with an effect upon the order that it is unnecessary to describe. Again in this as in all other controversies, some one must be the aggressor, and who ever he is upon him must rest the responsibility for whatever ill follows. If one man asks for an election in the way of vindication or endorsement it will compel his opponent to enter the lists in self defense, and so the old fight will be on with increased bitterness and intensity.

It may be urged that whatever compromise candidate is elected, warfare on the administration will not cease; possibly this is true, but if that event the war makers will be the sufferers, the strength and usefulness of the order will not be seriously impaired. If war is made without justification victory will not be long delayed, nor are there any doubts as to which side will win it. But let us hope that the delegates will prove to be the worshippers of no man; will be intent on doing that which will result in the greatest good to the order as a whole, and will take no note of the ambitions of individuals, then all will be well, even if there is a disposition manifested by any leader or leaders to precipitate a causeless fight.

In the declaration of principles, reasonable conservatism must also be the rule. There are plenty of demands to make that will commend themselves to and win the support of our best citizens. The platform presented by the Alliance, as well as its officers, must be calculated to win from all classes engaged in legitimate avocations. If cool heads and patriotic, earnest purposes rule the convention all will be well, and the Alliance will be so firmly anchored that no powers of greed, corruption, or ambition can prevail against it. Thousands of citizens outside of the Alliance are looking to it with great hope, we sincerely trust they will not be disappointed.

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Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 18th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $353.58, besides $14 47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00. Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale.

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. WILLIAMSON,
Attorney for assignee.

[36-42]

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, December 18th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Martin Nelson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased having been granted unto Hans Hanson, of Becker County, Minnesota.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in this County, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 18th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:

C. O. CHRISTIANSON
Judge of Probate.

[36-38]

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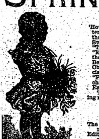

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MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried, of Polk County, Minnesota, to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 402; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south-west quarter section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890.

JAMES M. HAWLEY, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.
[35-41]

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, December 15th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Sam Johnson, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Sam Johnson, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, James Hanson, of the city of Stillwater Washington Co. Minn., has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Sam Johnson died in said County of Polk on the 19th day of November, 1890, testate, and that said petitioner is the sole executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all concerned may appear and contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is still further ordered, that public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication of these orders once in each week for three weeks successively previous to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 15th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court.
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[35-37]

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., Nov. 20th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on Jan 8th, 1891, viz: Joseph L. Thomas, D. S. No. 11,366, for the nw¼ Sec. 15 Township 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Ohles, of Tilden, Minn., Frank G. Horton, of Godfrey, Minn., Alfred Wade, of Tilden, Minn Arthur Adams, of Godfrey, Minn.

[32-37]
H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

[First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLean, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $947.10, and from the 14th day of May, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $2,392.50, together with costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 15th, 1890.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
Crookston, Minn.
[33-39]

[First publication Dec. 11th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Finlayson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Agnes Finlayson, of Crookston, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Alexander Finlayson, late of Crookston, Minnesota, on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1890, at Angus, Minnesota, died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted. It is ordered that said petition be heard before the Judge of this court, on Friday, the second day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at his office in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 8th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court:
C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[34-36]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

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THE REFORM PRESS.

The Discussion of Current Topics in the Organized States.

Alliance Economist (Locksburg, Ark.)

While we are well aware that these successes have not been gained without a struggle, and the Alliance has met the solid opposition of the would-be boss politicians, yet they are substantial victories, and show what can be done by unity of action. Opposition we expect from those who are not in sympathy with the Alliance movement. But because of this opposition is no reason the members shoulld desert their principles.

Free Speech (Hamburg, Iowa) soliloquizes:

We might learn a good lesson from the story of the leader, as we sit meditating like him on the certainty of death, if we stay in the old parties. If, like them, we should get up and start, we might gain a victory over corruption and restore hope and happiness again to our troubled land. Let us try it, for it is a miserable death that will soon overtake us if we sit still and be swept away by this wicked tide of dissipation and crime that is now rolling up against us.

The Rural Home and Sentinal (Toisnot, N. C.) says:

It the sub-treasury bill had been introduced into Congress through the influence of Wall Street bankers, congress would have taken action upon it and the Supreme Court of the United State would have passed on the constitutionality of the bill by this time, but when 4,000,000 farmers present it and ask that it be passed, Congressmen say it is unconstitutional and "lay it on the shelf," and say that they will not vote for the bill unless the Supreme Court pronounce it a constitutional measure. We would like to know if it is a custom for the Supreme Court to pass upon measures before Congress takes action; measures which have not been discussed in the halls of Congress. Every one knows it is not a custom. The sub-treasury bill is the only measure the farmer have presented for their benefit and it is shelved, and the people are told to wait until Supreme Court says its constitutional. Bah! Such talk two years ago the farmers would swallow, but that day is passed.

Selma (California) Enterprise says:

The Farmers Alliance may not get what they want this year, but they will "get there" all the same. Their presence in the country is, so far as numbers are concerned, an unknown quantity. They are not politicians, but they have a theory which must be made practical. They are taking a hand in partisan warfare only as a means to accomplish an end. They have witnessed the tendency of the government toward nationalizing its forces in the fields of industry by the tariff, which has tended more toward the manufacturers than the producers, and they have an idea that if it is constitutional to protect the manufacturer and the wage-worker, it is constitutional to aid and protect the producer as well. The farmer does not ask protection on his goods but he asks protection against those who want them. The combinations and trusts that control the markets are the enemies of the farmers and once freed from their clutches and relieved of the necessities that compel them to part with them when least needed, and before the demand calls for them, they can have a chance with others in the markets of the world, they demand a sub-treasury system which will extend to them relief from the clutches of the trusts. A system of warehousing or cheap money on safe security.

The Nonconformist, (Winfield, Kan.) crows over the result with justifiable pride:

For twenty-five years Kansas has held a peculiar and altogether conspicuous place in the politics of the United States. She has been known as a State of boundless resources; a State that could not be overburdened with bonds and mortagages—so considered by the money-lenders of the east. Whenever she has been asked to vote bonds, she has done so; whenever invited at the instance of monopoly to turn loose on the prohibition question, and thus give them another lease of life, the managers have only to pull the strings and the people have danced to their music. Whenever the great organizations of the State would set up a howl to kill off and drown out the honest pleadings of the oppressed through their representatives, the little whipper snappers all over the State have taken up and onward, roughshod, the oppressor would ride. But times have changed. The old soldiers have wearied of seeing the close political State getting all the pensions and themselves being led up to vote for pensions each year, and not receiving them. The old farmers have likewise wearied of the toil and drudgery incident to raising the monster crops that they have; and devoting their entire time and energies to keeping the wolf from the door, meeting the interest and following the advice of the "silk hat" dudes sent out from the loan offices in the cities the last week before election to instruct them how to vote. In fact what line of political cussedness can be named that this election does not rebuke; but as we stated at the outset its magnitude cannot be measured. Take a glance at the opposition that has been overthrown. The entire patronage of the United States government; not a dozan Democratic postmasters or federal officers within the boundaries of Kansas; not one federal officer that dared to be in sympathy with the people's movement. There were the skilled henchmen, who, for twenty years had been under the training of the Ingalls school of politics; there were the millions in the corruption fund in the east on which to draw; there were the railrods and the telegraph at the service of whoever should ask; every avenue of communication in the hands of the enemy. But in the face of all this, with the people's party entirely dependent upon their industrial savings for money with which to run a political campaign, no slush fund with which to buy votes, and but a limited amount to employ speakers, on general result compassing a change of 110,000 votes in two years.

The Newspaper, (California, Mo.) gives points on organization by a county lecturer:

To organize is "to form in due order," hence there must be unity of action. The very object in organizing is to have united action. There can be no success to any organization where there is no unity of action in the members or parts forming the organic body. There must be certain principle, or object stated for or upon which the organization is based. If success is attained those who join the order, or organization, must believe those "objects" to be just and obtainable, then they will become a manifestation, or expression of those objects or principles and there believing those principles is shown in their acts; they will be what their belief has caused them to become. To those who have thus become "converted" into organic material of the organization are we to look for the strength and power of the organization. The order cannot be stronger nor more powerful than the membership or the material composing it. Hence the necessity of "conversion" to the principles of the order, through and through. What we eat does us good, only as we are able to digest it, and appropriate its nutritive qualities by our power of ennervation so principles are valuable to our mental organism as we are able to recognize their truthfulness, and appropriate them so then we are only useful and valuable to any organization of reformers as we come to adopt and stand by and defend the principles of that organization. Now, the Farmers and Laborers Union has certain principles as its foundation upon which the order rests its claims. The principles are not exclusive, but are as broad as humanity, and as such the order has made them its standard of right, seeing they could not be incorporated into the laws of our country with organized effort upon the part of the people, this order has organized. Its work is to educate the people into recognition and appropriation of those fundamental principles known as? "The legislative demands of the Farmers and Laborers Union." If they are right and you believe them true and just, join in and help on the good work. If they are wrong, put an argument and refute them and disorganize the order. There is no use for an educational order, that is educating in the wrong direction; if it is going in the right direction, why not take hold and assist and get your part of the "dividend" of honor and glory?

An "Old Timer" in the Alliance Vindicator (Sulphur Springs, Tex.) has heard Congressman Culberson discuss the sub-treasury plan and gives and answers his greatest argument against it:

It was this; he said under the operations of the bill, men would deposit their cotton and draw 80 per cent, on it, they could settle their debts with the money, and of course still have 20 per cent in the cotton deposited, but being without money, they would be compelled to sell to a speculator to get anything out of it. Now the above was the substance of his greatest argument as I heard it. While I am not anything extra for intelligence, not being versed in political economy; yet I with a thousand others of the common people in Hopkins county can answer that argument with fewer words than it takes to state the proposition, and Col. Cuberson nor any of his satellites never can gainsay the answer. This is it; authorize the sub-treasurer with whom the cotton is deposited to sell it for what it would bring, deduct the 80 per cent with any other expenses due the warehouse and pay the balance of the money over to the depositor. No, the sub-treasury plan is an eternal bar to the speculator, and that is why it is so unpopular in certain quarters.

Religious Intolerence in America.

BY IRA D. BLANCHARD.

The central office of the National Religious Liberty Association, at Battle Creek, Michigan, was, some time since notified of the arrest of two of its members in Fayette, Mo., for doing their farm work on Sunday, and a competent attorney was employed to defend them. As the Sunday law of Minnesota is quite similar to that of Missouri, the following report of these cases from the Fayette, (Missouri,) Banner, of Dec. 3d, 1890, will be of interest:

William Fritz and Robert Gibb, members of the Seventh-day Adventist Church, near Armstrong, this county, were indicted at the August term, 1890, of the Howard County circuit court, for what is called, in the indictment, Sabbath-breaking. Fritz was accused of plowing in his field, and Gibb with hauling a load of hay, on Sunday. The parties were arrested on the indictment, and put under bonds to appear for trial on Dec. 2d, 1890, at our circuit court.

On the first day of December, 1890, the parties, by their attorney, made the following plea to the indictment:

"State of Missouri against William Fritz: Indictment for Sabbath-breaking. In the Court of Howard County, November term, 1890:"

"Now comes the defendant by his attorney in the above entitled cause, and moves the court to quash the indictment against him for the reasons: Said indictment does not charge any offense or crime against the defendant under the laws of the State of Missouri. Said indictment fails to allege that defendant is not a member of a religious society by whom any other that the first day of the week is observed as a Sabbath, and that defendant does not observe and keep such other day as his Sabbath.

Said indictment is based upon section 3,852, revised statutes of Missouri, 1889, which section of law is religious legislation, and is, therefore, in conflict with sections five and seven, article two, of the Constitution and Bill of Rights of the State of Missouri, and violates the rights of conscience of defendant and of the people of this state.

Said section of the statutes of the State of Missouri, and said indictment are in conflict with the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and also with section two, article four, of the Constitution of the United States, which guarantee to all persons the equal protection before the laws.

JAMES H. ROBERTSON,
Attorney for Defendant.

On Tuesday morning, Dec. 2d, when the Judge called the criminal docket, the prosecuting attorney arose and dismissed the case against Fritz and Gibb, so that they were not brought to trial.

The section of the Missouri statute upon which the indictments were based are are follows:

"Sec. 3,852. Every person who shall either labor himself or compel or permit his apprentice or servant, or any other person under his charge or control, to labor or perform any work other than the household offices of daily necessity, or other works of necessity or charity, on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined not exceeding fifty dollars."

"Sec. 3,853. The last section shall not extend to any person who is a member of a religious society by whom any other than the first day of the week is observed as a Sabbath, so that he observes such Sabbath."

Public Control of Railroads.

Farm, Stock and Home.

Several weeks since Judge G. W. Williams, Owensboro, Ky., sent to Farm, Stock and Home a lengthy and very able paper on the present system of railroad management, forcibly and truthfully picturing the abuses and dangers of existing methods, advocating government owner ship as the only practical solution of the trouble, and outlining a plan for giving effect to that scheme. The death of the Judge followed soon after the receipt of his paper, and on consultation with his son it was decided to have it published in one of the magazines, as being a more fitting arena for a paper of its importance, particularly as its length forbid its publication in one issue of F. S. & H., and to publish it in installments would have somewhat neutralized its effect. However an extract from it will be published in an early issue, while a brief outline of of the plan proposed is herewith submitted:

First—The adoption of a constitutional amendment creating a "Board of Transportation," consisting of one member from each state, to be chosen by the people, to serve for six years, be ineligible to re-election, and to draw salaries not exceeding $6,000 per annum each. The powers and limitations if the board are defined in detail, all looking to an honest and faithful administration in the interest of the people.

Second—The Board to have power to purchase, construct, equip and operate railroads and telegraphs, and be empowered to acquire private property for public use, making due compensation therefor on the basis of actual values. The members of the Board will be the railroad managers of the country, appointing all the necessary officials, etc for each line. The powers of the Board will not differ from those of existing managers, but will be exerted in behalf of the people instead of a handful of railway lords and kings.

Third—The Board to have authority to issue bonds, payable to bearer at the treasury of the United States, bearing interest not to exceed five per cent, and taxable as other property, payable at the pleasure of the secretary of the treasury after 10 years, and within 100 years from date, in such sums as may be necessary to pay or build the desired roads. Provisions restrictions looking to the honest performance of this duty are suggested. Railroad rates to be so adjusted by the Board as to pay operating expenses, interest on bonds, and provide for their payment in 50 to 100 years.

It will be seen that the proposed Board will be as nearly non-partisan as is possible to make it; the plan removes the objections of those who believe that government ownership will increase federal patronage and official corruption. Existing departments of the government will have nothing to do with railroad affairs, except the treasury, and it only in a strictly financial sense, having no patronage at its disposal. The Board will also be "of the people" and therefor may reasonably be expected to be "for the people."

The plan proposed is decentralizing, in that it vests in the people of all the states, acting through the representative from each state, the management of railroads, instead of visiting it in the hands of a few plutocrats who have no interests beyond gathering to themselves untold millions of wealth that other men produce.

The plan of the Judge has many other points of merit, which cannot be referred to at this time, and is a contribution to the literature of the question that will prove of value for the suggestions it contains, even if the plan as outlined is not adopted.

The current number of Farm, Stock and Home Minneapolis, Minn. should be read by every farmer in the State In fact, for a farmer to miss reading any number of that excellent journal is a misfortune which he can escape almost without money and without price, by taking it in connection with the JOURNAL.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

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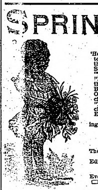

"How to Preserve the Season's Crop," "Butter Making in Winter," "When Shall We Sell," "How to Feed in Winter," "Keep the Animals Growing," "Sheep Farming," "Why I Raise Swine," "Does Poultry Pay," "Shall We Use Blooded Sires," "The Horse Market," "My First Experience with the Silo," "My First Fruit and Vegetable Garden," "Why I Don't Leave the Farm," "The Wasteful Wife," "Our Country Roads," "Are Bees Worth their Keep," "Minnesota an Apple State," "Notes Obtained by Frand," "The Stranger's Promise," "Are Politicians Our Friends," "What Should the Teacher Be," "How I Preserve Meats," "When to Buy Seeds," "The Boy Mechanic," "A Quarrelsome Family," "Fighting Animals," "My Early Mistakes," "Shall We Heed the Experience of Others." These are only a few of the subjects to be found in forthcoming numbers of

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CROOKSTON, MINN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 1, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 74.
1 Northern 71.
2 Northern 66.
3 Northern 58.

Lovely weather for the holidays.

1891. 1891. 1891. 1891. 1691.

Our city schools will open again next week.

Red River Valley weather leads the world.

Wm. Anglim is on the sick list. Bronchitis.

Knute Rollag was down on convention day.

Don't forget to write it 1891 hereafter for awhile.

Friday was a blustering day but not not so very bad.

Comrade Hamery was up from Fertile on Tuesday.

It is thought that wheat will bring a better price shortly.

Bro. Sibley, of the Fertile Journal was in the city on Friday.

Miss Lotta Anglim returns to her school on Sunday evening.

On Tuesday morning we had a regular old English fog for an hour or so.

It looks like wheat would take an upward movement after the holidays.

Wheat seems to have reached bed rock and we look for a rise ere long.

Hon. H. Steenerson left for St. Paul on Sunday evening over the N. P. line.

Mrs. A. G. Cowing has been quite ill for two weeks, but is now much better.

President Geo. M. Swift gave THE JOURNAL man a welcome call on Friday last.

The "Owl Club" meets with Mrs. Wm. Anglim on Thursday evening of this week.

Christmas was duly observed in our city. Everybody seemed merry and happy.

O. Snyder and wife contemplate a visit to the old home back east early in January.

Jens O. Rude was in from McIntosh on Tuesday attending to business and visiting friends.

Albert Roseburg left on Monday evening for Sweden, to visit with the old folks at home.

L. O. Tommerdahl is enjoying a visit from his half brother, Mr. Henning, of Otter Tail County.

Wires are being put into the new telegraphic headquarters in the new McKinnon block this week.

Geo. Vine departed on Saturday evening of last week for a visit with the old folks at home in old Canada.

Mrs. Tom Morris left on Sunday evening for Waupun, Wis., to visit with relatives and friends for a few weeks.

As Mrs. Bangs proposes to go away on Jan. 7th, now is a good time to obtain bargains in Millinery. Go and see.

John R. McKinnon had an attack of typhoid fever last Friday. He has been a very sick man but is said to be better now.

The entertainment at the Congregational church on Christmas eve was very enjoyable, especially to the children.

Many of our friends kindly remembered us last week for which they have our sincere thanks. Let the good work go on.

Miss Ermine Fontaine, who has been spending the holidays at home, returns to her school the first of next week.

Mrs. Freeborn, mother of John Freeborn, was adjudged insane and sent to the asylum at St. Peter on Monday evening.

Bert Wells, the jolly clerk of the Ingalls House, Grand Forks, was shaking hands with his many Crookston friends last week.

Don't forget the Scotch singing choir on the evening of Jan. 8th, 1891. It will be an entertainment long to be remembered.

Levi Myers returned from the twin cities on Tuesday morning, where he had been in the interest of his lumbering business.

J. F. Holmes was down from Red Lake Falls on Wednesday. He has purchased the Gazette and is making a success of it from the start.

Dr. Dunlop is kept pretty busy nowadays. Last Friday he was called to Ada on an important case and this week he seems to be busy enough.

Lambeth's Scotch Choir on the evening of January 8th. Go and hear this excellent company of singers. Too much cannot be said in their praise.

Ladies, in your shopping expeditions you have not neglected to call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery emporium, have you? Of course not, for Mrs. B. has given notice that all those lovely hats must go at startlingly low figures.

John J. Ellingson was up from Neilsville on Tuesday and made THE JOURNAL a pleasant call, leaving with us a ray of sunshine to encourage us on our way.

Hardware Stock and Fixtures for Sale.

I Have Recently Purchased the Business

OF

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD,

And now Wish to Retire from Business in Crookston.

For information regarding this stock call at the store and inquire for A. M. Stewart.

ALL accounts and notes must be SETTLED AT ONCE, and no more credit granted. Call in and see some of the Bargains offered.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Ladies call and see those hats which Mrs. Bangs is offering at cost. Everything goes at greatly reduced prices.

THE JOURNAL has received an invitation to attend a grand New Year's hop, to be given at McKinnon Hall. As we do not dance, we were obliged to decline with thanks.

Have you got that wood ready? We want some rather suddenly, either green or dry—dry preferred, however. We will take either on subscription until we have enough for the year.

The County Alliance was well attended last Friday. M. G. Peterson was elected delegate to St. Paul and instructed for Donnelly for President. A. N. Hixson goes as alternate.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs intends to start for Salt Lake City, Utah, on Jan. 7th. Miss Jennie Newland will accompany her. Her many friends will wish her a prosperous journey and a safe return.

Hon. Geo. R. Roberts was in the city on Friday last and did not neglect to make us a pleasant call. His district would have made no mistake had they sent him to the senate this winter.

E. E. Abbott and Geo. Tripp, two of Mentor's leading farmers, were in the city last week. E. E. goes as a delegate to St. Paul where he will endeavor to find out "What hay-seed is worth?"

Peter Satermo was up from the west side on Wednesday and called in to set that subscription ahead a peg. He has been a subscriber ever since THE JOURNAL was established on May 1st, 1877.

A. E. Brush contemplates a visit to California with his wife for the balance of the winter. He has been pretty steadily at work since he came to this country and amply deserves a vacation.

Mary Pierce, a domestic in Mrs. Buck's family fell dead on Thursday morning. Appoplexy is said to have been the cause of her death. The coroner deemed an investigation unnecessary.

Uncle Jeff Martin (everybody knows him) was in the city to visit his daughter, Mrs. J. McGlogan, for Christmas. The boys were in hopes to secure his services for the New Year's dance, but did not succeed.

Leave your orders for all kinds of commercial or fancy printing at THE JOURNAL job rooms. Prices and work guaranteed to suit.

John McKinnon is finishing off a room in the McKinnon Bros. big warehouse for a wholesale fruit store. Will move his office to the front part of the other apartment as soon as the storeroom is completed.

Axel Sture, the 14 year old boy of Andrew Sture, while skating on the ice on Saturday, had the misfortune to fracture his left arm very badly, by falling over a comrade. The little lad is doing nicely now, however.

The new Opera House will be as slick as a whistle when completed. The work is progressing favorably. With the steam apparatus at work the workmen can labor to better advantage. The seats alone will cost over $2,000.

Mrs. and Minnie Bailey have moved their millinery establishment into the Erskine brick block, cor. of Broadway and Fletcher street, and are now prepared to welcome their friends in royal style. Call in and see them at the new store.

The legislature will convene on Jan. 6th. We trust that the alliance will evolve measures that will correct the evils existing in our wheat market. If this is done then will the alliance prove indeed a blessing to the Northwestern farmer.

Wilfrid Dion was down from Terrebonne on Wednesday and dropped in to square up with THE JOURNAL. So far Terrebonne is the banner town on THE JOURNAL subscription list, there being only one man in the list who is behind and that one less than one year.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

Maj. Mix has resigned his position at the depot, where he has for ten or eleven years faithfully attended to the company's interests. The Major has made many warm friends during his sojourn in the city, whose best wishes will accompany him where'er his future lot in life may be cast.

Unlike most Congressman, Hon. S. G. Comstock did not leave his post of duty to come home and enjoy the Christmas holidays, but remained in Washington to be on deck as soon as the House convenes. Mr. Comstock is one among a thousand for faithful attention to his duties.

While in many of the eastern and middle states they are enjoying all the evidences of a severe winter, consisting of heavy snows, blizzards and the like, up here in the Valley we have been having regular southern winter weather. Our advice to our friends in the east is, "come in out of the storm."

Rev. Battey, of the Congregational church spent the Sabbath with his family in Minneapolis. Jas. G. McGrew, Esq., officiated in his stead on Sabbath morning, giving an interesting talk on the second coming of Christ. No services were held in the evening owing to the union temperance services at the Methodist church.

Lambeth's Scotch Opera, which is to appear in Crookston on January 8th, is a company of genuine Scotch singers, and no one who has ever been charmed by the quaint old Scotch songs and ballads, should neglect this treat. They come highly recommended by the press of this and the old country. Don't fail to hear them.

A large audience gathered at the Presbyterian church on Monday evening to witness the competition in elocution by the young people for the prize, a silver medal. It was a close contest, for all did exceedingly well and merited much praise, showing natural ability and careful training. The prize was finally awarded to Miss Ophelia Larock.

Just now, land can be had in the Red River Valley at figures less than half its real value for farming, because we have more of it than the people now here can find use for. This state of things cannot last forever, and the time is not far distant when land will bring a big price in this market. Now is the time to catch on, while it can be had at way down figures.

During the past week we have added many names to our subscription list. Some of these have come through the efforts of some of our farmer friends speaking a good word for THE JOURNAL to their neighbors. Accept our thanks, friends, and we trust that others will follow suit until every farmer in Polk County is a subscriber to THE JOURNAL. Roll in the names, roll 'em in.

On Saturday last, about dark, A. K. Austin was over to the slaughter house on Sampson's addition and saw two or three fellows hanging around. Upon asking their business one of them pulled a gun and fired several shots at A. K., none, however, taking effect. The man was taken before a justice on Monday, fined and ordered to leave town, which he did via the Northern Pacific on Monday evening.

If any of our readers have failed to get satisfactory profits from horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, bees, fruits, grain or vegetables, they should commence at once and read every number of Farm, Stock and Home during the coming year. If ordered in connection with this paper its cost will not be felt.

T. B. McManus and family departed for their old Canadian home on Saturday evening. T. B. says the family will stay for quite an extended visit, but he must hurry back in a few weeks to attend to his business which demands his time and attention almost constantly. Says he has had a better business this fall than ever before, and it always has been pretty fair. We are glad to see honest merit win as it always can in this country.

We have secured an extension of the obligations we were to meet on January 1st for a few days. This will afford all of our friends who wish to do so an opportunity to help us. Remember, we do not require an IMPOSSIBILITY of any one, but all who can help us in this matter we confidently expect will do so. We are four hundred dollars short of the amount we are obliged to raise and we are depending on our subscription list for it. We have thirty days extension given and MUST have our money at that time.

The letters which we get from our friends are cheering, showing as they do a disposition on the part of the writers to help us out in our time of need. We have appreciated the difficulties under which farmers have labored and have not troubled them with many statements of account, feeling assured that they would help us whenever able. We have asked our friends to help us on Jan. 1st this year to enable us to meet our obligations due at that time. Enough have responded to enable us to meet one-half of it, and we have now secured an extension of thirty days in which to raise the balance, and again we request all who have not done so to do what they can for us. We know that with added facilities we shall be enabled to do better service for our friends, and we are anxious to do so. If you cannot pay all that is in arrears and can pay some of it, do not hesitate to send what you can, because it is not all. We shall fully appreciate all the help our friends can give us at this time and we will make it decidedly to their interest.

The immigration committee is doing faithful work in the effort to call the attention of outsiders to the many favorable conditions that exist in the Red River Valley, and we trust that their labors will be met with abundant success. We have the soil and the climate to raise the best quality of wheat in the world, and we can find fine rich land for hundreds of honest, upright, industrious toilers. Many such are coming from less favored sections of the country and still there is room for many more. Every inhabitant of the Valley should make a personal matter of this thing; write to their friends abroad and tell them what this country can do, and in many other ways could they help the good work along. By united effort we can make the merits of this country known. THE JOURNAL is ready and willing to take a hand, as it ever has been. You might send it to your friends in the east for a year, if you like.

THE NATIONALIST CLUB.

The "Nationalist Club" will meet at the City Hall on Monday evening, January 5th, 1891, to complete the organization under the Bellamy system. All are invited to attend—ladies especially. The program will consist of an address by Rev. O. F. Whitney; "What Nationalism Is," by I. U. Jennings; readings, music, &c. Free discussion by all present. Come all.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

LINDSAY, Dec. 26, 1890.

ED. JOURNAL: At a meeting of the Hill River Farmers' Alliance, No. 735, held Dec. 20th, 1890, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we ask our senators and representatives in the legislature to obtain the passage of laws to deduct mortgage indebtedness from the assessment of property, and to secure the taxation of mortgages where the mortgaged property is held; further

Resolved, That we favor the passage of laws compelling railroad companies to furnish warehouse facilities for the shipment of grain.

On motion the secretary was instructed to transmit a copy of these resolutions to Senator E. E. Lommen and Representative Carlton, and also to THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL.

O. J. MATSON, Sec.

Christmas Presents.

THE JOURNAL was made the recipient of several Christmas gifts through the mail. One from H. F. Elfrink, of Argyle, who was once a resident of Polk County, coming here in 1879. He was a reader of THE JOURNAL in the old country and through its columns got the idea of coming to see what like it was, and he has retained his love for THE JOURNAL ever since he did come. Another acceptable Christmas gift was from comrade J. B. Carle, of Red Lake Falls. Comrade Carle knows what the boys had to endure in the times that tried men's souls, and he knows how to brighten up a comrade's pathway, so he just sent us a bit of a check to make us merry. Comrade Carle is one of the best harness makers in Polk County and makes a specialty of horse collars, making them so perfectly that a horse cannot gall its neck. And then that jolly alliance man, E. E. Abbott, dropped in with Geo. Tripp and both chucked in a bit of a Christmas gift on subscription. Some who had intended a Christmas gift for us made a bit of a miss-cue—arriving the day after, but none the less welcome. Upon the whole THE JOURNAL fared exceedingly well and wishes to return its sincere thanks to the kind friends who remembered us. May they live long and prosper is our hearty wish.

The editor of THE JOURNAL comes up smiling this week—very happy over his Christmas presents which consisted of several back subscriptions and the opening of an abcess that has been forming ing on his left side since some time in March. It was a regular old timer, had become quite a pet, for, though somewhat painful at times, we were so tender of it that we took especial pains least somebody should slap it familiarly on the head, and managed to prevent undue familiarity with it. We cannot say that we are sorry that it has subsided—"failed in business," as it were; on the other hand we feel more relieved than otherwise, and we rather hope that it will not "open up for business at the old stand" again right away. We don't know as it is the right kind of a spirit to wish such a close friend would not return, yet somehow, we kind o' feel that way in this case. We have heard before now of "Job's comforters," but if Job could find more comfort from such a source than from any other, we cannot say that we admire Job's taste. Our dealings with various men have developed some very small specimens of humanity before now, but we cannot say that we wish some of 'em could have our experience in the last six months—no, we'd rather they would repent and pay up.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to O. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on O. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Dissolution of Copartnership

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, partners under the firm name of Stewart & Spottswood has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by Wm. C. Spottswood, who is authorized to collect and discharge all debts due the firm, and who assumes the payment of all debts owing by the firm.

Dated Dec. 20th, 1890

A. M. STEWART,
[36 38] W. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

FOR SALE.

One Full Blood Jersey Bull.

Twenty-five to Thirty head of Grade Jersey cows and young stock. Will sell the same cheap for cash or negotiable notes or will trade for young steers.

Will also sell 2 span of good brood mares, one fine driving team, one three year old colt, and three sucking colts.

Also all of my household furniture and farming utensils will be sold at private sale before March 15th 1891.

E. J. Haseltine.

Winter Excursions.

A chance to visit the old home in Canada and say a good word for the new home in the Red River Valley.

Forty dollars for round trip from Crookston, Minn., to Montreal and all points west in Ontario via the Great Northern and connecting lines. Tickets good for 90 days, 15 going and 15 returning. Time extention at small additional cost.

Tickets for sale December 9th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d and 30th.

For further information, maps and publications apply to C. H. Mix, agent Great Northern.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., will be held at its banking rooms, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

[36-38] L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

Our combination offer with Farm, Stock and Home elsewhere in this issue should not be overlooked. A year's subscription to this grand agricultural paper means a 384 page volume size 11½x15 in that to any farmer is well worth $5.00, yet we give it and this paper one year only $1.50.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

[First publication Jan. 1st, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Dec. 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Johnson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mathilda Johnson, administratrix of the estate of Andrew Johnson, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining an allowing her account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to heirs.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 30th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
137-39]

The Great Transcontinental Line.

—THE—

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SHORTEST,—BEST.—QUICKEST.

This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS,

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E. L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Min

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

KOPS BRO'S.

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON. PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS. Grand Forks, N. D.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. m. Lowe,

The Loan Agent

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN.

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

AND COLLECTIONS.

Special attention paid to Real Estate cases.

The benefits arising from such an institution as the proposed Lutheran college in our midst are too obvious to need discussion; the question to discuss is "shall we pay the price necessary to obtain it?" There is hardly a business man in the city who would not be directly benefitted in his business, and the labor of building the institution and the money paid out therefor in our midst would greatly benefit the laboring man. Then, too, the real estate of our city would be benefitted sufficient to pay the cost of the building, at least. We are informed that it is within the range of possibilities to secure this college if we are willing to invest a few dollars in it, and we can see no more profitable enterprise offered us at present. It does seem to us as though our city had not ought to allow this enterprise to miss us when it can be so easily obtained, if every one will do what he can toward it. To say nothing of its advantages to the city from an educational point of view, it would pay a large percentage on the investment financially considered. Let us have the college by all means.

Thief River Falls Items.

From the Press.

The families of Carl Kreizschmar F. H. Kralka, Phillip Zeh and C. A. Robbecke each enjoyed a tree at their homes Xmas eve.

We failed to mention heretofore that Chas. Vance's family have moved into the dwelling until recently occupied by J. K. Wood.

A. C. Cowing was called from his exploring trip by a telegram from Crookston announcing the serious illness of Mrs. Cowing. He returned to Crookston Wednesday.

Grand Forks Herald:—Misses Gertrude Wright and Evelyn Hall, two Crookston belles are here to-day taking in the beauties of Grand Forks. These ladies think our city just too lovely for anything and we congratulate them upon the exquisite fineness of their taste.

Grand Forks Herald:—Charles E. VauArsdale, stenographer, who has been in the employ of Atty Corbet here for some time past, has accepted a position with a commercial agency firm in Cincinnati, Ohio, and leaves for that city tonight or tomorrow. We wish Charlie prosperity.

Warren Sheaf:—The Red River Valley College Association will hold its annual meeting in Crookston on Jan. 9th. when the location of the school will be settled. Several cities in the valley are making vigorous efforts to secure this institution of learning, notably Grand Forks, but Crookston will hardly allow her rival to capture this prize, and proposes to give a bonus of $20,000 to secure its location. Crookston ought to have it.

Windfall (Ind.) Weekly Dispatch says:

Everybody feels the need of a fractional currency for the purpose of sending small amounts by mail. A few years ago there was the twenty-six million dollars of this convenient money in circulation, but it was all retired and cremated along with the rest of the greenback currency, and every dollar of it is now represented by an interest bearing bond. Can any of our old party friends explain why this was done? If convenient, inquire of your Congressman whether he will make an effort to have the fractional currency restore d to the people?

What it Signifies.

Industrial Age (Duluth Minn.)

As a result of the recent financial flurry, it is believed by those in a position to know, that Jay Gould and his confederates will be able to control all of the trunk lines of railroad west of Chicago except the Canadian Pacific. This practically gives Mr. Gould the control of 40,000 miles of railway, more than all the railways in France and Great Britain: That he will use the advantages which this added power gives him to increase his holding there can be no doubt. These roads will no longer compete with each other, but will unite to make the roads pay remunerative dividends upon all stock—the five-sevenths water included. Of course increased dividends on railroad stock means increased cost of transportation between East and West, which will decrease the profits on agriculture and add to the cost of living of every person who uses any commodity shipped over these roads.

But the evil is not wholly unmixed with good. The lesson may be worth to the people all that it will cost. The natural tendencies of the time are toward combinations. The larger the combination the more economically can the business be conducted, And hence competition must disappear whenever combination is possible. The intention of the inter-State commerce law was to prevent pooling, but it can not prevent the ultimate ownership of all the roads of the country by one combination which practically defeats the law. Undoubtedly the popular opinion among the people was to secure free competition between the roads, and hence lower rates of service for the patrons of the roads. The effect has been to promote rather than retard the work of combination. A remedy for exhorbitant charges the people must and will have. If the inter-state commerce law will not secure this, more radical and effectual measures must be adopted. If combination is good for the roads, why not try it in the interests of the people. We are frank to admit that we believe that it would be better to have but one management for the railroad system of the United States, and that management the government. Then the roads would be run so as to pay expenses and keep the roads in the best possible condition, with a margin to build new roads as needed. Such a system as this would give to the people all the advantage that could be secured by the largest possible combination. It would reduce the cost of operating the roads to a minimum, and give to the people transportation, at actual cost. With the present tendencies toward consolidation, it seems evident that we are rapidly approaching this final and satisfactory solution of the question of transportation. But it is not railroads only which are destined to pass under government control. Everything that is monopolistic in its character will, ere long, be owned and operated by the people, for the benefit of the whole people. And this in the not distant future will be the sole source of public revenues and all other forms of taxation will be abolished, and the people, being their own employers, will produce what they can consume and consume what they produce, without paying tribute to any class of non producers for the privilege. Then will the people be free indeed. It will be objected by individualists that such a culmination would tend to lower the standard of manhood. That competition develops the individual we do not doubt, but the character of the individuality developed depends upon the nature of the competition by which it is affected. John Sullivan has developed his muscular power and is a decided success as a pugilist, but woe to the unlucky one who incurs his ill will. Jay Gould has developed his business faculties as a wrecker of railroads and has amassed millions by his superior power in this line. But how is it with his victims? What chance is left for the thousand of paupers which his strong individuality has created to develop that higher manhood and womanhood, that would really enoble and elevate the race. We see all around us the affect of business competition—a few millonaires on one side and millions of paupers on the other. Remove the business competition which produces this deplorable result, and the individual will still remain. Men will still compete, but the character of the competition will be changed and a nobler class of individuals will be developed. Business competition brings poverty and misery to millions who, under co-operation, could and would compete to develop themselves into the highest types of manhood, physically, mentally and morally. This much-to-be-desired result can not be secured as long as business competition is permitted to fill the world with heartless plutocrats and helpless paupers. Business competition has developed the material resources of the world by appealing to the selfishness and greed of a certain class of minds, and now this same element with charactristic business shrewdness, are resorting to co-operative methods to increase their gains. Hence the organizations of gigantic trusts to control every branch of production and distribution. The time has come to take another step forward and give to the masses of mankind the full benefit of all the material progress of the past and abolish poverty and its attendant consequences of ignorance, vice and crime by establishing justice. Do this and emulation will take the place of business competition, men and women will still seek to excel each other, but not in accumulating wealth which they cannot consume and in the mad race for dollars reducing others to misery. But they will strive to become more intelligent, more refined and more truly good and great. By this kind of competition a higher and more enobling individuality will be developed, and vice and crime will be plased in a course of rapid extinction. This is the grand ultimatum for which every true reformer should labor. And fortunately for the great mass of the people who are to be benefited by the change, the plutocrats are forcing the contest, and by the very means they are showing us just what we must do in order to protect ourselves from their rapacity. The lessons taught by the recent panic in Wall Street and its results are indeed most valuable, and in the present state of popular discontent we doubt not that they will be used for all they are worth. The outlook is indeed encouraging. Plutocratic excesses are the people's opportunity. Let us not weary in well doing but press on in the good work of agitation, organization and education, and all will be well.

Vague and Broad.

The Western Rural.

Mr. Depew curls up his eloquet, after-dinner lip and says that "the platform of the farmers Alliance, like all the utterance of the Farmers Alliance, is beautifully vague and delightfully vast." and yet the next movement the gentlemen has no trouble whatever in finding something very definite. He refers to the farmer's declaration that there should be no class legislation, and says that we will all agree with that—though as a matter of fact, Mr. Depew does not agree with it all—but he chuckles over what he calls the demand of the farmers for class legislation in their demands for government depositories for farm products. He does not like that. Of course he would not. But Mr. Depew seems to forget that the volume of class legislation that has been enacted for the benefit of the class to which he belongs, and for the benefit of other classes, may have driven the farmer to conclude that he can fight fire best with fire. Perhaps he sees no way to get present class legislation repealed—and he certainly never can get rid of its past effects—and he simply wishes to be put upon an equality with other classes. But supposing that this storage scheme is a wise one, it is not necessarily a class matter, for if the farmer was legitimately benefited by any measure, this entire American people would be benefited. The agricultural class is the only class of which that can be said. Make him prosperous, and everybody will be prosperous. Make the railroad prosperous, make the capitalist prosperous or make the manufacturer prosperous, and neglect the farmer, and you will not give general prosperity to the country. He thinks that Congress will soon be full of cranks and demagogues, which are the titles by which he designates the candidates that farmers elect, and if that is true, there will be a good deal of what Mr. Depew would call "cranky" legislation.

The Money Market.

The Western Rural.

The Baring Brothers entered into reckless speculative railroad building to such an extent that they swamped their own house and demoralized the money market of the world. It is usually profitable to build a railroad. It is usually profitable to build one when there is no more present need of a road than there is need of a fifth wheel to a coach. If a road should be projected through a country where nobody lived, and where nobody ever would live, it is reasonable to expect that the builders would make the enterprise profitable. they do this by the sale of bonds, constructing the road by construction companies, organized from among the managers and by other ways that are dark and tricks that are vain. Railroading is immensely profitable when only its ordinary business is taken into account. But it is in the manipulation of stocks, and in the expenses of construction, that the greatest profits are realized. Years ago Jay Cooke conceived the Northern Pacific. There was no more need of the Northern Pacific road, when its construction was commenced, than there is for a candle when the sun is shining. But there was a section of country through which no road ran; sometimes it would be needed, and Mr. Cooke argued that it had better be built and the money that comes from building railroads gathered in.

Consequently he offered the bonds for sale. He advertised in a way that would catch the small investors. Large investors do not always take kindly to building railroads through Indian reservations and uninhabitable mountains. The inexperienced, however, are attracted by splended offers, especially if they are made in the religious press—and Mr. Cooke was partial to religious papers when placing his Northern Pacific advertising—and the aggregate of their little contributions may be very large. Well the collapse of the Northern Pacific enterprise is familiar to all. Cooke went to the wall, the people who had invested in his scheme—including widows and the estates of orphans—were bankrupted, and a financial panic spread over the country that involved every interest and ruined thousands.

The Baring Brothers have been guilty of a similar folly. They have been building railroads in sections where supplies actually had to be carried on mules back for a distance of a hundred miles; and all the money they could get was dropped into this hole. As the Northern Pacific happened to be one wild railroad scheme that was born out of time, and did not pan out; so this scheme of the Baring Brothers failed to meterialize the expected profit. It does not often happen this way, sometimes it does, and when it does the whole world must suffer. The government ought to be able to prevent railroad construction when the road is not needed. That is directly in accordance with what we have advocated for years, viz. :Forbidding the construction of roads when there are already sufficient roads to the business. It is but another step for forbid the waste of the people's money in constructing roads in advance of their needs. The whole business of railroad construction and managment should be more directly under the control of government. It is clearly the province of government to prevent, if possible, the recklessness of the few from involving the millions.

The New Congress and the Farmer.

The Western Rural.

The new men who have been elected to Congress by the vote of farmers are numerous enough to make their influence decidedly felt in the matter of legislation. There is a difference of opinion among farmers themselves as to the wisdom of some of the demands which will be made upon Congress. Perhaps the subject about which there is the greatest diversity of opinion is that of the government loaning money directly to the people upon sufficient security. The matter should receiv the deliberate, intelligent attention of the independent Congressmen. There is argument both for and against it. But the oft repeated declaration that the government cannot go into the banking business should have weight whatever. Whatever may be said against it, that is no argument at all. The government is already in the banking business, and makes no profit out of it either. It backs all the national banks with its guaranty, and pays for the privilege. It loans money to rich, and for the life of us we do not understand, if it is to continue to loan to the poor, if the poor have the security to offer. We believe, however, that it would be quite as well for the government to go out of the banking and money-loaning business altogether. except it shall issue all money direct.

If congress will go to work and repeal all class legislation that has got upon the national statute books, and elect such stringent laws as will prevent corporations and trusts and the moneyed few from absorbing all the profits of agriculture, the farmer will pull through in very good shape, even in the face of the fact that he hass been unmercifully plundered for the last twenty-five years. He is demanding that the government loan him money, as it loans the rich money, because his profits are absorbed by somebody else, his mortgage—drawing a crushing rate of interest—is unpaid, and under present conditions he sees no way of pulling through. Put all classes upon the same level before the law; prevent the strong from devouring the weak—which is clearly the duty of government to do—put a stop to aristocratic communism and anarchy, and the farmer will take care of himself. It is because the government has permitted him to be plundered, and is permitting him to plundered, without showing any marked disposition to put a stop to it, that he comes to the government with unusual demands.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS

THE REEONG DRUG STORE

Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post Office, in Mcinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

ON DECK.

Tom Morris, the Jeweler,

Is now located in Durand's Drug Store, McKinnon's Block, Robert Street.

Slightly disfigured, but still in the ring.

A trifle upset by removal, but all O. K, for business just the same.

☞ Remember the place, one door west of the Post Office, in McKinnon Block.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.

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CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

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MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET —

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

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No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the Univer sity of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

TRY

O. J. BARNES,

THE

CITY GROCER!

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Windows and Mouldings

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.

Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

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CROOKSTON

BUSINESS COLLEGE

And Institute of Short Hand,

Crookston, - Minnesota.

1. This School makes a specialty of Practical instruction.
2. Pupils are under the Teacher's instruction the Entire Day.
3. Our graduates have no difficulty in procuring and filling First-class Positions.
4. Diplomas given, when earned.
5. Positions secured for students when competent.

J. V. E. WYATT,

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Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

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ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

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A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 1, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:25 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:43 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger, 7:25 p. m.	6:35 a. m.
Freight, 10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger, 6:35 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight. 7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m

The Sub-Treasury Plan not Abandoned.

By Wm. Manning, St. Francis, Ark.
The National Economist.

I notice that the capitalistic press is industriously circulating the lie that the Alliance has about abandoned the sub-treasury plan, and will be content with the free coinage of silver and the reduction of tariff. Now, with regard to the free coinage of silver: I am at a loss to know why any person, not a silver mine owner, should be content with the free coinage of silver. Why should the owner of silver bullion be endowed with the privilege of turning his product into something that is by law clothed with power not only to measure indebtedness, but to levy tribute on the community by way of interest, for the sole benefit of its owner? Is it a satisfactory answer to say that long usage has made it a custom having the force of law? What is the difference between the free coinage of silver and the national banking system? Practically nothing. The national banking laws enable a person to turn any product into bonds, upon which money is obtained, which is loaned at interest. Therefore there is practically no difference between the two. Both enable their beneficiaries to levy tribute upon the rest of the community. Will any man with sense enough to eat when be is hungry, be content with a measure what will enable his neighbor to tax him at pleasure, for this is what all schemes which endow individual with the right to issue money mean.

This correspondent does not object to the free coinage of silver, but on the contrary, favors it, as a measure that will lessen the evils of our monetary system. But he is not content that the owner of silver bullion—a product—shall be prefered to himself, who is the owner of a product which is far more valuable and necessary to society, i. e., cotton. Inasmuch as the people have abdicated the right to be the sole issuers of money, and as they are not likely to reassert and exercise that right in the immediate future, as a citizen of this country I claim for my self all of the rights (?) and privileges that are extended to other citizens. All I ask is that my products be endowed with the power that is conferred upon the product of other citizens, and upon the product of aliens as well. Is there anything wrong or revolutionary in this? If it is right to clothe one product or its representative with the power to measure and pay debts and settle balances, can it be wrong to confer the same power upon any other product, especially one of great value? No! And I will add in closing this squib: these fellows who write in the interest of the money power, know they are lying when they say that the Alliance will be content with any such special and class legislation as is proposed by the free coinage of silver.

True to First Principles.

The Baptists Refuse to Aid in a Scheme To Teach Religion by Law.

(Communicated.)

Baptists have not altogether forgotten the hardships which they in an early day endured in consequence of an established religion, or quite renounced their first principles declaring for religious freedom and total separation of Church and State. In the "Canadian Baptist" of November 18, 1890, occurs the following editoral note:

"The Presbyterian Synod for New York recently sent a deputation to the New York Baptist Pastors' Conference, which met in connection with the State Convention in Lockport, asking their aid in an effort to secure the compulsory teaching of the essential doctrines of the Christian religion and morals in the public schools. The Pastors' Conference, by a rising vote, adopted a report declining to accede to the request, and declaring that the State should have nothing to do with the teaching of religious doctrines. A Baptist Conference could have made no other reply."

If Church and State are to be kept separate in this country, religious freedom is to be enjoyed as the founders of our government intended, it should be, no other reply should be made to such requests. The Baptists are evidently on the right side of this question. It is to be wondered, however, if those who favor compulsory religious instruction in the public schools, will now class the Baptists, as they have others who oppose the theory, with infidels, foreigners, saloon-keepers, and thugs, and say they are enemies to God, the government, good religion and humanity.

Dyspepsia.

"Many circumstances must concur to render digestion easy and perfect." True, and if, for any reason, these circumstances fail to "concur" considerable time, the result is dyspepsia.

Should any dyspeptic read this, we trust he will send immediately for our treatise on compound Oxygen. He will find that many dyspeptics have been cured by its agency. Not being a drug, it does not act by creating another disease, but being inhaled into the lungs, is taken up by the blood, and distributed over the whole body, imparting new strength and vigor to every organ. Here are a few testimonials:

Drs. Starkey & Palen—For thirteen years I tried various remedies in Indigestion, but it was your Compound Oxygen Treatment that cured me.

F. A. Holladay.
Kelly, Miss., Nov. 6, 1889.

Drs. Starkey & Palen—I have used your Compound Oxygen Treatement for Dyspepsia with benefit to myself, and recommend it to others.

A. S. Evans.
Cheraw, S. C., Oct, 1, 1889

Book on compound Oxygen sent free. Hundreds of testimonials and records of cures in various chronic diseases. Any substance made elsewhere, or by any others than Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, whether called Compound Oxygen or not, is spurious.

Drs. Starky & Palen,
1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
Drs. Starkey & Palen
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

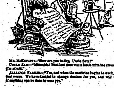
Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 12,000 invalids

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

The Northwestern Farmer
ONE YEAR FREE



Mr. McKinley:—"How are you to-day, Uncle Sam?"
Uncle Sam:—"Miserable! That last dose was a leetle mite too strong for me I'm afraid."
Alliance Farmer:—"Yes, and when the medicine begins to work, you will feel worse. We have decided to change doctors for you, and will then see if anything can be done to cure you."

Reduced Sample Illustration in the Northwestern Farmer and Breeder, St. Paul.

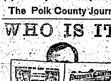
(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts Free.)

The publisher of the Northwestern Farmer will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, Farmer and Breeder, St. Paul, Minn.

The Northwestern Farmer and Breeder published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

WE OFFER IT FREE
for one year to all who will pay us one year's subscription to
The Polk County Journal.

WHO IS IT?



A "SOLID" man of course—one who farms with his brains as well as his hands, and who knows that to make the farm pay in these times requires good live-stock. No man who keeps good stock can afford to be without The Breeder's Gazette. It is the acknowledged head of the American live-stock press, and we should like to see it in the hands of all our intelligent stock owners. It is a large, handsomely illustrated weekly, furnished at $2 per year, or in clubs of five or more at $1.50 each. Send for a free sample copy, or enclose twenty cents postage for the magnificent Christmas Number. Address

J. H. SANDERS PUB. CO.,
320 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

Notices of Expiration of Time of Redemption.

No. 567.

To Paul M. Duggan: You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 9, Block 41, in Original Townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and thirty-five cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and thirty-five cents and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota

No. 569.

To Louis Berthiaume You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 4, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota

No. 570

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes, pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 5, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No 571.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 572.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 8, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 572.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes Pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 3, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 574.

To Catherine Fox: You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 5, Block 19 in Clements' 2d ad. to the townsite of Crookston was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of ninety-seven cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is ninety-seven cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from the said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 573.

To Francis Asmed: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit, Lot 13, Block 18, in Clements' 2d ad. to the townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fifteen cents; the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fifteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

100 PAGES WIDE AWAKE. 1891

BEGINNING WITH THE HOLIDAY NUMBER

Is permanently enlarged to one hundred pages, radiant with new and larger type, a new style of page, and fresh, strong literary and pictorial attractions.

Mrs. Burton Harrison, whose story of "The Anglomaniacs" has been the sensation of the season in The Century, has written for Wide Awake a story called "Diamonds and Toads."

Hon. John D. Long (ex-Governor of Massachusetts) furnishes six articles, under the general title of "Our Government," for the enlightenment of coming citizens—the boys and girls of to-day.

Margaret Sidney's new serial, "Five Little Peppers Grown Up," will tell more about Polly and Jasper and David and Joel and Phronsie, and others, as it runs through the year. Fifty charming illustrations by Chas. Mente.

Marietta's Good Times will chronicle in her own words, from her own manuscript, the childhood adventures of Marietta Ambrosi.

Miss Matilda Archambeau Van Dorn, a little girl who had a great many ancestors, is an irresistible little folks' serial, by Elizabeth Cummings.

Unusually Interesting Articles, some elaborately pictorial: "Dining with Gladstone," by Mrs. John A. Logan; "Amy Robsart's Embroidery," by Frances A. Humphrey? "Mother Goose's Pets," by Agnes Repplier; "Gypsies and Gypsying," by Elizabeth Robbins Pennell; "Some Horses that I have known," by Maud Howe; "Seinte Marie College of Wynchestre," by Oscar Fay Adams; "Boston's Girl Sculptor," by Mrs. Newberry; "The Sugar Crank," by Theodora R. Jenness.

Some Problems in Horology, by E. H. Hawley, of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, will interest High School students. Three sets of cash prizes.

The Best of Short Stories from thousands offered and solicited the past year—some by new authors.

Figure Drawing for Children, in twelve illustrated lessons by Caroline H. Rimmer, with four prize offers each month.

The Ever Popular Ways to do Things, the School and Playground Stories, Tangles, Post Office and Men and Things.

Wide Awake is only $2.40 a Year.

D. LOTHROP CO., Publishers, Boston.

No. 576.

To J. R. Holton: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886 in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 9, Block 20, in Clements' second ad. to Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of ninety-seven cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is ninety-seven cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 577.

To Ed. Dremery: You are hereby notified that on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 3, Block 83, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fifteen cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fifteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 578.

To H. B. Montgomery: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes, pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th judicial district of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 23, Bl'k 40, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fourteen cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fourteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 579.

To H. B. Montgomery: You are hereby notified the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 41, in the original town-site of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and thirty-five cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and thirty-five cents, and interest on said amount at the rate 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 16th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $143.68, besides $14.47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00 Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale.

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. Williamson,
Attorney for assignee.

[36-42]

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.

Office in McKinnon Block.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried of Polk County, Minnesota, to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book "J" of mortgages, on page 402; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south-west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota; with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890.

James M. Hawley, Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[35-41] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, December 15th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Sam Johnson, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Sam Johnson, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court:

And whereas, James Hanson, of the city of Stillwater Washington Co. Minn., has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Sam Johnson died in said County of Polk on the 19th day of November, 1890 testate, and that said petitioner is the sole executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this court at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all concerned may appear and contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is still further ordered, that public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication of these orders once in each week for three weeks successively previous to said day of hearing, in The Polk County Journal, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 15th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court. C. O. Christianson,
[35-37] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 26th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on Jan 8th, 1891, viz: Joseph L. Thomas, D. S. No. 11,256, for the nw¼ Sec. 15 Township 149, R. 41. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Obles, of Tilden, Minn., Frank G. Barton, of Godfrey, Minn., Alfred Wade, of Tilden, Minn Arthur Adams, of Godfrey, Minn

[32-37] H. H. Dickmann, Register.

(First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLeaul, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $917.10, and from the 14th day of May, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $2,322.50, together with costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 15th, 1890.

John Cromb Plaintiff's Attorney.
[33-39] Crookston Minn.

[First publication Dec. 25th. 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, December 18th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Martin Nelson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased having been granted unto Hans Hanson, of Becker County, Minnesota.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in this County, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Polk County Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 18th day of December A. D. 1890.

By the Court; C. O. Christianson
[36-38] Judge of Probate.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

REMOVED
BACK
TO THE OLD STAND
In the Fifth Ward.

CALL
AND SEE
WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU
E. D. CHILDS & CO.

KEEPING STILL
AND
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE
Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
DEALERS IN

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,

SHELF
AND
HEAVY
HARDWARE,

F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS. Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 1, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
6:10	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:25 p. m.
8:20	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:43	Grand Forks	5:50
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35
4:10	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

	Leave.	Arrive.
South Line.		
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.
North Line.		
	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.
West Line.		
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight,	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.
Fosston Line. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.	7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.
St. Hilaire Line. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.	10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

The Sub-Treasury Plan not Abandoned.

By Wm. Manning, St. Francis, Ark.
The National Economist.

I notice that the capitalistic press is industriously circulating the lie that the Alliance has about abandoned the sub-treasury plan, and will be content with the free coinage of silver and the reduction of tariff. Now, with regard to the free coinage of silver: I am at a loss to know why any person, not a silver mine owner, should be content with the free coinage of silver. Why should the owner of silver bullion be endowed with the privilege of turning his product into something that is by law clothed with power not only to measure indebtedness, but to levy tribute on the community by way of interest, for the sole benefit of its owner? Is it a satisfactory answer to say that long usage has made it a custom having the force of law? What is the difference between the free coinage of silver and the national banking system? Practically nothing. The national banking laws enable a person to turn any product into bonds, upon which money is obtained, which is loaned at interest. Therefore, there is practically no difference between the two. Both enable their beneficiaries to levy tribute upon the rest of the community. Will any man with sense enough to eat when he is hungry, be content with a measure what will enable his neighbor to tax him at pleasure, for this is what all schemes which endow individual with the right to issue money mean.

This correspondent does not object to the free coinage of silver, but on the contrary, favors it, as a measure that will lessen the evils of our monetary system. But he is not content that the owner of silver bullion—a product—shall be prefered to himself, who is the owner of a product which is far more valuable and necessary to society, i. e., cotton. Inasmuch as the people have abdicated the right to be the sole issuers of money, and as they are not likely to reassert and exercise that right in the immediate future, as a citizen of this country I claim for my self all of the rights (?) and privileges that are extended to other citizens. All I ask is that my products be endowed with the power that is conferred upon the product of other citizens, and upon the product of aliens as well. Is there anything wrong or revolutionary in this? If it is right to clothe one product or its representative with the power to measure and pay debts and settle balances, can it be wrong to confer the same power upon any other product, especially one of great value? No! And I will add in closing this squib: these fellows who write in the interest of the money power, know they are lying when they say that the Alliance will be content with any such special and class legislation as is proposed by the free coinage of silver.

True to First Principles.

The Baptists Refuse to Aid in a Scheme To Teach Religion by Law.

(Communicated.)

Baptists have not altogether forgotten the hardships which they in an early day endured in consequence of an established religion, or quite renounced their first principles, declaring for religious freedom and total separation of Church and State. In the "Canadian Baptist" of November 18, 1890, occurs the following editorial note:

"The Presbyterian Synod for New York recently sent a deputation to the New York Baptist Pastors' Conference, which met in connection with the State Convention in Lockport, asking their aid in an effort to secure the compulsory teaching of the essential doctrines of the Christian religion and morals in the public schools. The Pastors' Con- [illegible]

[illegible] dently on the right side of this question. It is to be wondered, however, if those who favor compulsory religious instruction in the public schools, will now class the Baptists, as they have others who oppose the theory, with infidels, foreigners, saloon-keepers, and thugs, and say they are enemies to God, the government, good religion and humanity.

Dyspepsia.

"Many circumstances must concur to render digestion easy and perfect." True, and if, for any reason, these circumstances fail to "concur" considerable time, the result is dyspepsia.

Should any dyspeptic read this, we trust he will send immediately for our treatise on compound Oxygen. He will find that many dyspeptics have been cured by its agency. Not being a drug, it does not act by creating another disease, but being inhaled into the lungs, is taken up by the blood, and distributed over the whole body, imparting new strength and vigor to every organ. Here are a few testimonials:

Drs. Starkey & Palen—For thirteen years I tried various remedies in Indigestion, but it was your Compound Oxygen Treatment that cured me.

F. A. Holladay,
Kelly, Miss., Nov. 6, 1889.

Drs. Starkey & Palen—I have used your Compound Oxygen Treatement for Dyspepsia with benefit to myself, and recommend it to others.

A. S. Evans.
Cheraw, S. C., Oct. 1, 1889.

Book on compound Oxygen sent free. Hundreds of testimonials and records of cures in various chronic diseases. Any substance made elsewhere or by any others than Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, whether called Compound Oxygen or not, is spurious.

Drs. Starky & Palen,
1529 Arch Pt., Philadelphia, Pa.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN

NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION,

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases, in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

The Northwestern Farmer

ONE YEAR FREE

REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul. (See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)

The publisher of the NORTHWESTERN FARMER will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul, Minn.

THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

WE OFFER IT FREE

for one year to all who will pay us one year's subscription to

The Polk County Journal.

WHO IS IT?

[illegible]

Notices of Expiration of Time of Redemption.

No. 567.

To Paul M. Duggan: You are hereby notified that on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 9, Block 41, in Original Townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and thirty-five cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and thirty-five cents and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 569.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 4, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 570

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes, pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 5, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 571.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 572.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 8, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 572.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 8, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs, for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 574.

To Catherine Fox: You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 5, Block 19, in Clements' 2d ad. to the townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of ninety-seven cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is ninety-seven cents and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from the said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 575.

To Francis Ansel: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the [illegible]

100 PAGES

WIDE AWAKE. 1891

BEGINNING WITH THE HOLIDAY NUMBER

Is permanently enlarged to one hundred pages, radiant with new and larger type, a new style of page, and fresh, strong literary and pictorial attractions.

Mrs. Burton Harrison, whose story of "The Anglomaniacs" has been the sensation of the season in The Century, has written for Wide Awake a story called "Diamonds and Toads."

Hon. John D. Long (ex-Governor of Massachusetts) furnishes six articles, under the general title of "Our Government," for the enlightenment of coming citizens—the boys and girls of to-day.

Margaret Sidney's new serial, "Five Little Peppers Grown Up," will tell more about Polly and Jasper and David and Joel and Phronsie, and others, as it runs through the year. Fifty charming illustrations by Chas. Mente.

Marietta's Good Times will chronicle in her own words, from her own manuscript, the childhood adventures of Marietta Ambrosi.

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Wide Awake is only $2.40 a Year.

D. LOTHROP CO., Publishers, Boston.

No. 576.

To J. R. Holton: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886 in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 9, Block 20, in Clements' second ad. to Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of ninety-seven cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is ninety-seven cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 577.

To Ed. Dremery: You are hereby notified that on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 3, Block 83, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fifteen cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fifteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 578.

To H. B. Montgomery: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes, pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th judicial district of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 23, Bl'k 10, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fourteen cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fourteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 579.

To H. B. Montgomery: You are hereby notified the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 41, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and thirty five cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar, and thirty-five cents, and interest on said amount at the rate 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

Default existing in a mortgage executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 16th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $[illegible], besides $14.47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00. Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m. to satisfy said debt and costs of sale.

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. Williamson,
[36-41] Attorney for assignee.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r

D. S. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

[illegible]

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried of Polk County, Minnesota, to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 402; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the south-west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890.

James M. Hawley, Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[35-41] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

State of Minnesota, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, December 15th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Sam Johnson, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Sam Johnson, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court:

And whereas, James Hanson, of the city of Stillwater Washington Co. Minn., has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Sam Johnson died in said County of Polk on the 19th day of November, 1890, testate, and that said petitioner is the sole executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all concerned may appear and contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is still further ordered, that public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication of these orders once in each week for three weeks successively previous to said day of hearing, in The Polk County Journal, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 15th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court. C. O. Christianson,
[35-37] Judge of Probate.

U. S. Land Office,
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 20th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on Jan 8th, 1891, viz: Joseph L. Thomas, D. S. No. 11,356, for the nw¼ Sec. 15 Township 149, R. 41. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Ohles, of Tilden, Minn., Frank G. Horton, of Godfrey, Minn., Alfred Wade, of Tilden, Minn., Arthur Adams, of Godfrey, Minn.

[32-37] H. H. Dickmann, Register.

(First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.)

State of Minnesota, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLeaf, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $[illegible].10, and from the 11th day of May, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $[illegible], together with costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 15th, 1890.

John Cromb, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[33-39] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

State of Minnesota, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, December 18th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Martin Nelson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased, having been granted unto Hans Hanson, of Becker County, Minnesota.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in this County, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Polk County Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 18th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court. C. O. Christianson,
[36-38] Judge of Probate.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

REMOVED

BACK

TO THE OLD STAND

In the Fifth Ward.

CALL

AND SEE

WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU

E. D. CHILDS & CO.

KEEPING STILL

AND

Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,

SHELF —AND— HEAVY HARDWARE,

F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS. Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTYS AT LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

A. A. JUST, M. D.
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

CROOKSTON, MINN., JANUARY 1, 1890.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
6:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
6:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
6:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:28 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:25 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:43 "	Grand Forks	6:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

	7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

The Sub-Treasury Plan not Abandoned.

By Wm. Manning, St. Francis, Ark.
The National Economist.

I notice that the capitalistic press is industriously circulating the lie that the Alliance has about abandoned the sub-treasury plan, and will be content with the free coinage of silver and the reduction of tariff. Now, with regard to the free coinage of silver: I am at a loss to know why any person, not a silver mine owner, should be content with the free coinage of silver. Why should the owner of silver bullion be endowed with the privilege of turning his product into something that is by law clothed with power not only to measure indebtedness, but to levy tribute on the community by way of interest, for the sole benefit of its owner? Is it a satisfactory answer to say that long usage has made it a custom having the force of law? What is the difference between the free coinage of silver and the national banking system? Practically nothing. The national banking laws enable a person to turn any product into bonds, upon which money is obtained, which is loaned at interest. Therefore there is practically no difference between the two. Both enable their beneficiaries to levy tribute upon the rest of the community. Will any man with sense enough to eat when he is hungry, be content with a measure what will enable his neighbor to tax him at pleasure, for this is what all schemes which endow individual with the right to issue money mean.

This correspondent does not object to the free coinage of silver, but on the contrary, favors it, as a measure that will lessen the evils of our monetary system. But he is not content that the owner of silver bullion—a product—shall be prefered to himself, who is the owner of a product which is far more valuable and necessary to society, i. e., cotton. Inasmuch as the people have abdicated the right to be the sole issuers of money, and as they are not likely to reassert and exercise that right in the immediate future, as a citizen of this country I claim for my self all of the rights (?) and privileges that are extended to other citizens. All I ask is that my products be endowed with the power that is conferred upon the product of other citizens, and upon the product of aliens as well. Is there anything wrong or revolutionary in this? If it is right to clothe one product or its representative with the power to measure and pay debts and settle balances, can it be wrong to confer the same power upon any other product, especially one of great value? No! And I will add in closing this squib: these fellows who write in the interest of the money power, know they are lying when they say that the Alliance will be content with any such special and class legislation as is proposed by the free coinage of silver.

True to First Principles.

The Baptists Refuse to Aid in a Scheme To Teach Religion by Law.

(Communicated.)

Baptists have not altogether forgotten the hardships which they in an early day endured in consequence of an established religion, or quite renounced their first principles declaring for religious freedom and total separation of Church and State. In the "Canadian Baptist" of November 13, 1890, occurs the following editoral note;

"The Presbyterian Synod for New York recently sent a deputation to the New York Baptist Pastors' Conference, which met in connection with the State Convention in Lockport, asking their aid in an effort to secure the compulsory teaching of the essential doctrines of the Christian religion and morals in the public schools. The Pastors' Conference, by a rising vote, adopted a report declining to accede to the request, and declaring that the State should have nothing to do with the teaching of religious doctrines. A Baptist Conference could have made no other reply."

If Church and State are to be kept separate in this country, religious freedom is to be enjoyed as the founders of our government intended, it should be no other reply should be made to such requests. The Baptists are evidently on the right side of this question. It is to be wondered, however, if those who favor compulsory religious instruction in the public schools, will now class the Baptists, as they have others who oppose the theory, with infidels, foreigners, saloon-keepers, and thugs, and say they are enemies to God, the government, good religion and humanity.

Dyspepsia.

"Many circumstances must concur to render digestion easy and perfect." True, and if, for any reason, these circumstances fail to "concur" considerable time, the result is dyspepsia.

Should any dyspeptic read this, we trust he will send immediately for our treatise on compound Oxygen. He will find that many dyspeptics have been cured by its agency. Not being a drug, it does not act by creating another disease, but being inhaled into the lungs, is taken up by the blood, and distributed over the whole body, imparting new strength and vigor to every organ. Here are a few testimonials:

Drs. Starkey & Palen—For thirteen years I tried various remedies in Indigestion, but it was your Compound Oxygen Treatment that cured me.

F. A. Holladay.
Kelly, Miss., Nov. 6, 1889.

Drs. Starkey & Palen—I have used your Compound Oxygen Treatement for Dyspepsia with benefit to myself, and recommend it to others.

A. S. Evans.
Cheraw, S. C., Oct, 1, 1889

Book on compound Oxygen sent free. Hundreds of testimonials and records of cures in various chronic diseases. Any substance made elsewhere. or by any others than Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, whether called Compound Oxygen or not, is spurious.

Drs. Starky & Palen,
1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

Drs. STARKEY AND PALEN

NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 19,000 invalids

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

The Northwestern Farmer

ONE YEAR FREE

Mr. McKinley—"How are you to-day, Uncle Sam?"
Uncle Sam—"Miserable! That last dose was a leetle mite too strong for me [illegible]"
Alliance Farmer—"Yes, and when the medicine begins to work, you will feel worse. We have decided to change doctors for you, and will then see if anything can be done to cure you."

Reduced Sample Illustration in the Northwestern Farmer and Breeder, St. Paul.

(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts Free.)

The publisher of the Northwestern Farmer will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, Farmer and Breeder, St. Paul, Minn.

The Northwestern Farmer and Breeder published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

WE OFFER IT FREE
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WHO IS IT?

BREEDER'S GAZETTE

A "SOLID" man of course—one who farms with his brains as well as his hands, and who knows that to make the farm pay in these times requires good live-stock. No man who keeps good stock can afford to be without The Breeder's Gazette. It is the acknowledged head of the American live-stock press, and we should like to see it in the hands of all our intelligent stock owners. It is a large, handsomely illustrated weekly, furnished at $2 per year, or in clubs of five or more at $1.50 each. Send for a free sample copy, or enclose twenty cents postage for the magnificent Christmas Number. Address

J. H. SANDERS PUB. CO.,
320 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

Notices of Expiration of Time of Redemption.

No. 567.

To Paul M. Duggan: You are hereby notified that on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 9, Block 41, in Original Townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and thirty-five cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and thirty-five cents and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota

No. 569.

To Louis Berthiaume You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 4, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D 1886, until such redemption is made and, that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota

No. 570

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes, pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 5, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 571.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 572.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 8, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 572.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes Pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A.D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 3, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 574.

To Catherine Fox: You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 5, Block 10 in Clements' 2d ad. to the townsite of Crookston was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of ninety-seven cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is ninety-seven cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from the said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 575.

To Francis Asmed: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the state of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit. Lot 13, Block 18, in Clements' 2d ad. to the townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fifteen cents; the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fifteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

100 PAGES

WIDE AWAKE.

1891

BEGINNING WITH THE HOLIDAY NUMBER

Is permanently enlarged to one hundred pages, radiant with new and larger type, a new style of page, and fresh, strong literary and pictorial attractions.

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The Ever Popular Ways to do Things, the School and Playground Stories, Tangles, Post Office and Men and Things.

Wide Awake is only $2.40 a Year.

D. LOTHROP CO., Publishers, Boston.

No. 576.

To J. R. Holton: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886 in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 9, Block 20, in Clements' second ad. to Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of ninety-seven cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is ninety-seven cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire.
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 577.

To Ed. Dremery: You are hereby notified that on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 3, Block 33, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fifteen cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fifteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 578.

To H. B. Montgomery: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes, pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th judicial district of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 23, Bl'k 10, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fourteen cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fourteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 579.

To H. B. Montgomery: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 41, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and thirty five cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and thirty-five cents, and interest on said amount at the rate 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGuire,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 16th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $351.03, besides $14.37 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00. Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale.

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. Williamson,
Attorney for assignee.

[36-42]

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r

D. S. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Offices at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.

Office in McKinnon Block.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried of Polk County, Minnesota, to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m, in book "[illegible]" of mortgages, on page 402; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south-west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890.

James M. Hawley, Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[35-41] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, December 15th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Sam Johnson, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Sam Johnson, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court:

And whereas, James Hanson, of the city of Stillwater Washington Co. Minn., has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Sam Johnson died in said County of Polk on the 19th day of November, 1890, testate, and that said petitioner is the sole executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him issued thereon.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all concerned may appear and contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is still further ordered, that public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication of these orders once in each week for three weeks successively previous to said day of hearing, in The Polk County Journal, a newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 15th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court. C. O. Christianson,
[35-37] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Nov. 20th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on Jan 8th, 1891 viz: Joseph L. Thomas, D. S. No. 11,356, for the nw¼ Sec. 15 Township 149. R 41. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Ohles, of Tilden, Minn., Frank G. Horton, of Godfrey, Minn., Alfred Wade, of Tilden, Minn Arthur Adams, of Godfrey, Minn

[32-37] H. B. Dickmann, Register.

(First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLean, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day, of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $917.10, and from the 14th day of May, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $2,392.50, together with costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 13th, 1890.

John Cromb Plaintiff's Attorney.
[33-39] Crookston Minn.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—SS.
In Probate Court, Special Term, December 18th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Martin Nelson, deceased,

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased having been granted unto Hans Hanson, of Becker County, Minnesota.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in this County, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Polk County Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 18th day of December A. D. 1890.

By the Court; C. O. Christianson
[36-38] Judge of Probate.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

REMOVED
BACK
TO THE OLD STAND
In the Fifth Ward.
CALL
AND SEE
WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU
E. D. CHILDS & CO.

KEEPING STILL
AND
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

SHELF
AND
HEAVY
HARDWARE,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,

F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS.

Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - - Crookston.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

in connection which I will attend to in person

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 8, 1891. NO. 38.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. I outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	60 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Alliance Vindicator (Sulphur Springs, Tex.) gives good advice:

In the midst of the excitement, the turmoil and uproar following the election, the Alliance people should keep cool and collected and not allow a word to escape their lips that would bring reproach upon the fair name of the organization. The tendency of the times at this season of the year is to disunite, disorganize and disband. Hence every member of the order who feels an abiding interest in the welfare of the Alliance, who is sincere in his devotion to patriotism, who looks forward to better times through the field glasses of hope, and who desires honestly from the depth of his heart to leave as an heritage to his children a better government then the one in which he lives, should at once take hold of the institution and work, talk about the Alliance to your neighbors, tell them of its objects and purposes, the platform of principles upon which it is founded and the methods it proposes to employ in order to carry out those principles. Attend your meetings as regularly as the time of meeting comes; get up in your Alliance and make propositions that will invoke discussion on questions that directly affect your welfare as a class. Study to improve existing methods of managing your business as a people and let the world know the result of your studies and by so doing much good will be bound to follow. Reader, take this home to yourself, it is meant for you.

The Ottawa (Kan.) Journal puts matters in this way:

Our congratulations and compliments to the people's party voters. The great query that burthened the minds of the shylooks, the corporation pimps, the mortgage wreckers, the lawyers and the old party in general, was, "would the farmers stick?" The answer that "you would," was the subject of their scoff and jest. But no smile adorns their faces to-day. Their hilarity faded out on the chill night air of November 4. You have demonstrated beyond all peradventure your willingness and abiliy "to stick;" you have demonstrated the fitness of the American citizen for self government. In many places good men began to despair. They feared that the night and tempest of party bigotry had settled down forever upon us. They recalled how the liberties of ancient Rome were snuffed out at a time when men voted and continued to vote, and Cæsar walked the streets clad in garments made by the hand of his own wife; under the thin disguise of popular government. Cæsar ruled the land. What Cæsar did in ancient Rome, associated capitalists are attempting now with us. But your late conduct at the polls gives us every encouragement to hope that you are of very different material from the infatuated people who turned a deaf ear to the warning of the immortal Cato. This government is founded upon the belief that the American citizen is sufficiently intelligent to perceive the right, and sufficiently honest to pursue it; that he will never become so absolutely the slave of any party as to adhere to it when it becomes the oppressor of the country or the subverted of its liberties.

The industrial News (Jackson, Mich.) says:

While the new mode of voting is certainly an improvement over the old system, and a voter can vote independent, it is still leaving many loop-holes open and the old ward heelers got in their work quite successfully in some of the wards. The counting of votes in the prescribed way is cumbersome and takes too long. The only system which has been tried, and which is advocated in the industrial platform, is the Australian ballot system. It is as near perfect as possible and excludes the work of heelers, bribery and intimidation successfully. Give us the Australian ballot system.

The new Era (Wahoo, Neb.) says:

Never have the common people of Nebraska had such an awakening as during the campaign just closed. It is not transient but a year's growth, and was brought about by inquiry and thought. Never has the subject of political economy received so much attention and study from the voters of this State. The voters are awake and the inquiry continue right no.

Arkansas Alliance Economist (Texarkana, Ark.) says:

Had the public servants of the people done their duty in every particular there would be no danger existing today to any party organization, but failing in this a condition has been reached in the management of the affairs of the country which has brought into action a spirit of resistance among the people' which threatens to bring about a revolution in politics.

The Farmers Free Lance. (Ashland, Ill.) says:

It is the object of the Farmers Alliance to unite the farmers of Illinois and of the United States on all matters pertaining to their interests, and to devise ways and means whereby they may more effectively promote their general welfare; to improve the modes of agriculture, horticulture and stock raising; to adopt and encourage such a rotation of crops as will improve rather than impoverish the soil; to devise and encourage such systems of concentration as may diminish the cost of the production, and to generally educate the farmer, that he may be better qualified to perform his duties in a business manner.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

Government Loans.

Missouri World:—The debtors of this nation could as easily afford to pay the government ten per cent, per annum interest for money as they could to pay individual five per cent. The government may be likened to a joint stock company and all the people stockholders. Let us take for example a joint stock banking company of one hundred shares of $100 each, with one hundred shareholders, each shareholder owning one share. Now let us suppose that fifty of the shareholders borrow from the company $200 each at ten per cent. In the year they each pay $20 interest to the company. The company receives from the borrowers $10,000 per year and declares a dividend of ten per cent or $10 per share. The borrowers each get a dividen of ten dollars, which deducted from their interest paymant, leaves ten dollars as the net cost of the use of $200 one year, or five per cent. In the case of the government, the constitutional right to issue money is the capital stock held by 63,000,000 of people. If 63,000,000 heads of families representing 31,500,000 of people) borrow from the government at ten per cent, they will receive back by way of reduction of taxation, one-half of the interest paid and would be virtually paying only five per cent interest. If they were to borrow of the government at four per cent., they would virtually be paying but two per cent. Herein, we believe, is one of the strong arguments in favor of government loans.

Mortgages.

The Western Rural.

The inquiry of the census office into mortgage indebtedness is nearly completed. The report will be very interesting and valuable. Out of nearly 2.800 counties only ten remain at the present time incompleate, the mortgages for ten years having been extracted from the records. A total of som thing over $850,000,000 in mortgages has been found, the largest number in the Western States. Relatively speaking the Southern States were found to be much freer from these incumbrances than the Northern. An exception, however, to this is noted in the newly developed manufacturing district in Alabama, Tennesse and Georgia. In districts like that of Birmingham the mortgage indebtedness is large, but ninety per cent of it has been contracted for purchase money, plants, lands, etc. In other districts of the South mortgages are given as security for "farm supplies," but this is unimportant object of indebtedness in the North.

As an illustration of the completeness of this work in what are termed inquiry counties it is necessary only to say that in Madison County, O., a total indebtedness of somethiing over $2,000,000 was found to incurred for the following purposes: Purchase money, improvements, business purposes, purchase and improvements, security, purchases of other land, business losses, family supplies, purchase money and stock, crop failure, bank failure, travel, farm supplies, improvements and beying of stock, small debts and accured interest, education, medical attendance, dissipation, borrowed money rental defalcation, accommodation, funeral expenses, alimony, family expenses and improvements interests, unknown, to pay taxes, attorney and court fees, private debts. In this case about seventy-five per cent was for purchase money and improvements, nearly ten per cent for business, purposes and the remainder for the varied puproses set forth above.

The dispatch from which we gather the above statisics says that "The result of the investigation may show a large amount of indebtedeness, but when the causes are throughly analyzed the burden will not seem such a heavy one as some imagine." Why not? Is a mortgage for a suit of clothes any lighter then a mortgage for a rum bill? A mortgage is a mortgage We may say that the man who cannot pay a mortgage for a suit of clothes may deserve pity, while the man who cannot pay one rum bill is not deserving of pity. But both mortgages, if for equal amounts, are equal burdensome. The thought which seems to possess the people who give expression to such sentiments as we have quoted is that if the man has mortgaged his farm for purchase money or farm implements or" supplies," and finds is difficult to pay the mortgage, he has nothing of which to complain. There is just one class of cases in which that may be measurably true, viz: Where speculative purposes. But the man who buys a farm and gives a mortgage for the purchase money, or a portion of it, ordinarily puts improvements upon the farm; if he mortgages the farm for implements, the implements are wearing out, and after awhile all that will be left of the transaction through which these implements were purchased, will be the morgage on the farm, that was given to secure payment for them. The mortgage will not wear out.

The question simply is: Is there any good, sufficient reason why the man should not be able to pay his mortgage? Are the conditions under which he is forced to live and cultivate his farm, equitable conditions and such conditions as the government should permit to exist? That is all the question there is. If agriculture is legitimaiely unprofitable, there is nothing more to say. But legitimately it is profitable.

Mr. Depew and Paternal Government.

The Western Rural.

Mr. Depew says he is not in favor of paternal government. Mr. Depew and the interests over which he presides and kindred interests have not seemed to be restless at all under paternalisam in times past. The government has been paternal in the extremen toward capital. The railroad has gone to government time and time again and asked for paternal favors and got them. Wall Street says to our government: "We have got ourselves into a hole and cannot get out. Please give us a lift, and the government has gone down into its pocket promptly and helped the spendthrifts. It is helping them now. Wall Street has gambled away all its own money and all of other people's money that it could get hold of, it has gambled away the confidence of the people and the prosperity of the people and our paternal government is giving out one hundred millions of dollars to help the crowd. Paternalism! The government is excessively and stupidly paternal when gamblers and Shylocks want a little or a great deal of help. And Chauncey M. Depew never has a word of objection to offer against such exhibitions of paternalism. It is when the poor man, the producer, the man who amounts to something, whose toil gives prosperity to the country, seeks the benefit of a little paternalism from the government that his money supports, that Mr. Depew begins to oject to paternalism. Well, the producer is in a temper to get himself on a level with other classes before the government. Depew and his railroad colleagues and wall Street and capitalists generally, have only to ask and the government listens. It not only listens but it acts. The farmer, however, has spoken respectfully over and over again, but no response has come from Washington; he has screamed his complaints and demands and pleadings in a mighty concert that almost shook the hills and plains, but nobody in Washington seems to have heard him. It is settled therefore, that if he gets anything he will have to go after it himself, and he is gettidg ready to go to government and with his own hands spread out the paternal wings of the concern until they stretched broad enough for him as well as the capitalist to get under them. It does make the slightest difference what Mr. Depew would like, the farmer proposes to have justice and he is going after it himself.

Sitting Bull's Death.

The Manner in Which It Was Accomplished Fully Set Forth by one who Was Present.

The Detroit Record.

Hans Hanson, a son of our ever genial Register of Deeds, is a member of Troop G, 8th Cavalry, now stationed at Ft. Yates, and the following letter to his sister will prove interesting to our readers, and we are under obligation to that young lady for the opportunity thus offered to give a correct account of that interesting event. He writes;

Ft. Yates, N. Dak.

Dear Sister Mary :— Dec. 20, 1890.

I received your letter last night and in haste I will write a few lines in regard to our experience with the Sitting Bull gang. I guess you have read about it in the papers but the papers do not tell the truth, exactly, in all respects in regard to it. About twenty-five Indian police left this post for Sitting Bull's camp on Grand river, forty miles from here, to arrest him, and the two troops, G. and F., in command of our Capt. Fechet, started for the same place that night about twelve o'clock. In the morning at seven o'clock we were within two miles of Sitting Bull's camp, when one of the Indian police brought us the news that they were having a fight. At once an advance guard, of which I was a member, was ordered out of our company to scout the country ahead of the command. When we were about a mile away we saw the police at Sitting Bull's camp, and about twenty hostiles. There were about forty hostiles in all, but they had heard that we were coming and therefore a good many of them had already made a retreat into the hills. We had two cannon along, one that shoots exploding shells and another that shoots sixty shots to the minute, and two shots from the former which were sent over their heads took all the braveness out of them and they flew. After skirmishing about for about an hour we went to Sitting Bull's camp where we found the dead bodies, among which were those of Sitting Bull and his son, also of seven other hostiles, four police and and three wounded police. We arrived just in time to save the lives of the remaining police force, about twenty men, as they only had ten rounds of ammunition left between them. After having our dinner there we made eighteen miles toward home, and camped for the night, having made over eighty miles in eighteen hours. That night at 11 o'clock, we were joined by two companies of infantry, who brought our bedding from the post, and you can just bet that we slept well that night. We reached Ft. Yates the next day at four o'clock, with the bodies of Sitting Bull and the dead scouts, and also with the wounded police, all but one of whom have since died. The Indian police are all full blooded Sioux, and the brave boy, Bull Head, was the one that killed old Bull. The four police who were killed were buried with military honors—old Bull was buried like any other bull. Bull Head was promoted from Lieut. to Captain of Police just before he left the post for the last time and he was as brave a man as there was on the reservation. We start in the morning for another ten days' trip, which will take in Christmas and probably half of the winter. But if this fine weather continues I would as soon be in the field as not. I will write soon and let you know at home what I see on this trip.

P. S.—The friendly Indians all came into the post to-day, as this is ration day. They number about two thirds of all the tribe, and they will not go on the war path. It looks now as if Gen. Miles were going to make a general round-up of the remaining hostiles, and I think that between the soldiers and the police, short work will be made of the hostiles and Messiah craze.

Our combination offer with Farm, Stock and Home elsewhere in this issue should not be overlooked. A year's subscription to this grand agricultural paper means a 384 page volume size 11¼x15 in that to any farmer is well worth $5.00, yet we give it and this paper one year only $1.50.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 8, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 77.
1 Northern 74.
2 Northern 69.
3 Northern 61.

Subscribe for THE JOURNAL for 1891.

Bring your job work to THE JOURNAL office.

Wheat went up another peg on Tuesday, reaching 77 cents.

You want THE JOURNAL and we want some wood. Let's swap.

C. M. Lowe, the real estate man, went to Duluth to spend the holidays.

The Grand Forks Plaindealer got out a handsome New Years edition.

Don't forget the Lambeth choir this evening. It is a grand entertainment.

Lots of wood coming to the city in these days. It retails from $3 to $4 per cord.

Clergymens' half fare permits on the Great Northern are extended until Dec. 31st, 1891.

Mr. Sylvester and wife have returned from a visit to friends and relatives in Pope County.

The week of prayer is generally being observed in our churches in the city this week.

A. Halvorson went down to McIntosh on Saturday last returning on Tuesday evening.

Rev. Barteau thinks of moving his family to Stephen soon. Our loss will be Stephen's gain.

While this pleasant weather lasts we should like to see our wood pile increasing somewhat faster.

C. H. Saake is still in business at the old stand ready to supply the wants of all in the jewelry line.

Rev. Whitney has an earnest manner in his speech that carries conviction with it to the hearer.

The ball at McKinnon Hall on Thursday evening was well attended and was a very enjoyable affair.

Fred Teidt was down from Euclid on Tuesday taking in the sights and scenes of the busy city.

Att'y Gen'l Holston! Yum, yum. Mebbe not exactly that but County Attorney Holston, any way.

Fontaine & Anglim's remnant sale leads 'em all. Go and see while the range of choice is so wide.

Remember to-night the Scotch singers will be at the opera house. They come highly recommended.

Attend Fontaine & Anglim's remnant sale, where you can find anything you can think of at prices way off.

Rev. Battey returned from his holiday visit on Sunday morning, occupying his place in the pulpit on Sunday.

M. E. Bartlett shot a large white owl last Saturday. The bird measured about 5 feet from tip to tip of his wings.

Judge Benson, the Probate Judge elect, takes possession of his office this week. He looks as dignified as a Judge.

Wheat opened out this week one cent higher. Everything indicates a continued rise until the last of the week, at least.

E. J. Grefthen returned from Iowa last week and came to the city ready to take possession of the office of Superintendent of Schools.

Mike Leguee was called out to Fairfax last week to attend to a sick horse belonging to M. Bang. Mike has lots of work these days.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs and Miss Jennie Newland started this morning for Salt Lake City, where they intend to pass the balance of the winter.

The remnant sale at Fontaine & Anglim's offers an opportunity of securing a bargain that is rarely presented. Go early and avoid the rush.

A heavy fog settled down on Sabbath afternoon which remained during the night and Monday. This is very unusual in this Red River Valley.

The Daily Chronicle suspended on Jan. 1st. The publishers, Palmer & Palmer, announce that the weekly was discontinued three weeks since.

Remember that we will take wood on subscription until we get our winter's supply. While this good weather lasts would be a good time to haul it in.

Rev. Battey delivered an eloquent and practical sermon to young men on Sunday evening last. Every young man in the city should have heard it.

Sheriff Grundysen. That's the way they spell it now when writing to the Sheriff of Polk County. Arny wears his new honors with becoming dignity.

Remnants, say you? Oh, yes, Fontaine & Anglim have just this week commenced to dispose of a large and handsome assortment. Call and size 'em up.

The sad news of the death of Emma Abbott reached this city on Monday evening. She died at Salt Lake City on Monday morning at 7:40, of pneumonia.

The Ladies of the Presbyterian church will give a tea at the residence of Mrs. E. F. Pierce, Thursday Jan. 15th, from 5:30 to 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

Remember the Lambeth choir to-night, at the Opera House. Everywhere they go they are greefed by full houses. Do not miss them unless you wish to miss a rare treat.

We understand that Anton Erickson will be retained as jailor. This is as it should be. Mr. Erickson has been an efficient official and Sheriff Grundyson could do no better.

E. S. Tyler, one of Fargo's oldest citizen's was in the city this week. Mr. Tyler was one of the pioneers with the Northren Parcific in the early day, building up a comfortable fortune.

Gus. Thompson was the lucky man who won the pony and road cart at the raffle last Wednesday evening. Now he would like to sell the pony as he has no good place to keep him.

No matter whether you owe us on subscription or not, if you do not have THE JOURNAL in your family, bring along a load of wood and get it. We need 15 or 20 cords just now.

Mr. George represented the Ada Herald in the city last Saturday. He is a cousin of attorney George, of this city, with whom he passed a very pleasant day while awaiting the train for Fertile.

Auditor elect Webster seizes the reins of power this week, vice P. J. McGuire, who for so long time has filled that position. He must, indeed, be a good man who can fill Mac's shoes acceptably.

Ladies call and see those hats which Mrs. Bangs is offering at cost. Everything goes at greatly reduced prices.

Clerk of the Court, Muus, we greet thee! With his usual modesty, Nels Muus steps into the office of Clerk of the Court this week. Clerk Walsh has been a faithful official and retires with honor.

D. McMillan was up from Ada on Wednesday and did not forget to call in and set that subscription ahead a year. Mac is a constant reader of THE JOURNAL; one of the kind whom it is a pleasure to have.

G. H. Palmer rounds up his census reports this week. He takes a special interest in manufacturing industries just now—or rather has been doing so for a few weeks. He completes his labors this week.

Gus Felsing was down from Woodside on Monday, shaking hands with his friends and did not neglect to give THE JOURNAL man a friendly call. Mr. Felsing has strong faith in the future of the county.

John Locken takes possession of the office of Register of Deeds this week, relieving the genial Andrew Eiken, who has filled the position so ably for the past two terms. Mr. Locken is a worthy successor of a worthy official.

While Chris Houston was away in St. Paul last week attending the State meeting of the Farmers' Alliance, one of his colts got badly cut up in a wire fence, Mike LeGuee was sent for who soon patched the colt up in good shape and left him doing nicely.

Coroner Shepard held an inquest on the body of Dr. Christianson, at Fisher, last Thursday. The doctor is supposed to have been killed by falling out of his road cart while intoxicated while enroute for his home at Belmont, N. D.

The legislature gets down to business this week. We hope to see much good accomplished at this session. If some plan will be devised by which we shall obtain a free and open wheat market, we shall be perfectly satisfied with its labors, whatever else it does or does not do.

J. M. Palmer came down from Angus on Friday evening to do some trading. As the stores were closed upon his arrival at 7 o'clock, and no train north after Saturday morning until Monday morning, he was obliged to return on Saturday morning without accomplishing his object.

The Lutheran College.

CROOKSTON CAN HAVE IT.

IF SHE WILL PUT UP.

At the meeting of the directors and members of the association on Tuesday the proposition of Crookston to give $22,500 and a building site, was accepted, and the College will be located here if the wherewithal is forthcoming. The association is to expend a sum in building equal to double the amount of bonus. The proposition is to bond for $20,000 and raise $2,500 by subscription. Now let our citizens take hold of this matter and the result will be an institution that will be worth to the county many times its cost.

J. B. Merrill was up from Fisher on Tuesday and dropped in to our den to chat awhile and renew the subscription dial one year ahead. Mr. M. is one of those who wish to see simple justice done the farmers in the matter of our markets. Says wheat in this market should be worth 90 cents instead of 77 as it is and we think he is right.

If you are interested in increasing the profits of the farm, read our clubbing offer with Farm, Stock and Home in his issue.

Just now every old political hack in the State is jumping onto the neck of Ignatius Donnelly, and it seems to be quite the popular fad in St. Paul to kick Donnelly. Keep on with your funny business. The first thing you know you will hear something drop, and you better look out what that thing will be. It went be Donnelly.

W. W. Fagan, of Larimore, takes Maj. Mix' place at the Great Northern depot. We had hoped to see the Major succeeded by his son, Fred, but it seems that the powers that be ruled otherwise. Mr. F. is said to be one of the best in the business, however, anyhow the cigar which he handed THE JOURNAL man when we first met, was.

Cyprien DeMers returned from St. Paul on Monday morning, where he had been as a delegate to the annual meeting of the Farmers' Alliance. He is immensely pleased with the result in the election of Mr. Donnelly. Mr. DeMers remained to attend the meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of which he is a member. He will be a positive force upon the Board.

Miss Eva McDonald was elected State lecturer at the late meeting of the Alliance. Miss McDonald is an eloquent young lady, thoroughly in sympathy with the labor movement and the Alliance might have gone further and fared worse. She is an enthusiast in the cause of labor and has done some good hard work in its behalf. She should receive the earnest co-operation of the alliance in her new field of labor.

Of course, all who oppose the alliance and its objects will do all in their power to be-little Mr. Donnelly and render abortive his best efforts for good; but the same has been true of every president the alliance has yet had and would be true no matter who was elected. The farmers should not expect to please old line politicians, if they do they are left as sure as fate. What the farmers need the politicians do not want at all.

Charlie Johnson was down from Rockstad on Thursday last, shaking hands with his many friends in the city. Charlie is one of the leading farmers in his section and has labored faithfully in the cause of a free and open wheat market, and is one of those who have faith to believe that the day is at hand when we shall see this desired result accomplished. Charlie will keep hammering away until the result is accomplished.

It seems that Tom Kelly who was once a member of the Crookston police force has been appointed by Chief Zwickey a member of the Tacoma force. Tom is not lacking in the essential elements that go to make up a good policeman—pluck, muscle and good nature. His many friends here are congratulating him upon his promotion and the JOURNAL adds: Ho, Tom!

J. S. LaDue was up from Fertile on Wednesday of last week. Mr. L. is one of the merchant farmers of Polk County, who takes a great interest in the material prosperity of the county. In addition to carrying on a large store business he has a fine large farm on which may be found one of the finest herds of thoroughbred Holstein cattle in the county, as well as a number of fine horses. Such men, who invest what they make in Polk County realty, are of inestimable benefit to a new country and all too few here.

D. Jacobus started for a trip to the coast on Monday morning. "Jake" is one of the oldest of old settlers in Crookston, coming when there was not much else of Crookston except E. C. Davis, Billy Stuart, and a few others. He was for many years lightning slinger and depot agent for the old pioneer line—now the Great Northern. Up to within a few weeks he was manager of the Crookston Water Power and Electric Light Co. "Jake" has many friends in this city who will wish him a pleasant trip and a safe return to our midst.

Andrew Steenerson returned from St. Paul on Saturday morning. On the train home he fell in with some Norman County delegates, and when they got off at Ada one of them by mistake took along one of Andrew's shoes, leaving one of his own in place of it. When Andrew awoke and attempted to put on his shoes he discovered the mistake, also the fact that one shoe was too small for him. He was obliged to travel about the city in overshes all day. H wishes the owner of the odd shoe would correspond with him at Climax post office.

The Nationalist club met on Monday evening at the City Hall. A goodly number assembled to listen to the exercises. Mr. I. U. Jennings delivered an interesting address on Nationalism according to the Bellamy idea, making some very good points. "One good thing that would be accomplished," said the speaker, "it would remove money, and thus eradicate many or most of existing evils." Rev. Mr. Whitney delivered an eloquent address in the same line. Mr. McGregor made a few remarks and John Watts read a paper on the same topic. These meetings may be made of great interest and should be well attended.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

The manner in which subscriptions came in during holiday week was very encouraging, to say the least, more coming in during the last week in December than for any week since we sent out the statements, but the aggregate amount does not make one-fifth that is due on our list. However, from the tenor of many letters we have received, we are encouraged to hope that the amount we need on Feb. 1st will be forthcoming, as the writers all assert that they will liquidate when they sell their wheat. In such a year as this, when the crop has been good and the prices fair, we should be able to collect at least three-fourths what is due us on subscription, and if we can do this we shall be enabled to carry out certain improvements that we have in contemplation that will be largely to the interest of all of our patrons. We do not wish our friends to distress themselves to aid us, but if all will cheerfully do all they can we shall highly appreciate it at this time, and it will be to their own benefit so to do. Some have sent us a portion of the amount due us, together with words of encouragement in our work, for both of which we feel thankful, and if all who have received our statements will put up all they can we are positive that we can accomplish our desires. Let the good work go on. With thanks to those who have so promptly responded, we shall still continue our efforts to obtain an absolutely free and open wheat market.

GARDEN, Jan. 5, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: I am requested by the Garden Farmers' Alliance to forward to you for publication the following resolution, adopted by said alliance at a regular meeting, held Jan. 3d, 1891:

Resolved, That the members of the Garden Farmers' Alliance bind themselves not to contract any secured debts due before the first day of June.

This alliance has also appointed a committee of three to represent this alliance on formation of an Insurance Association. The committee consists of O. P. Renne, of Rindal, M. G. Peterson and A. M. Oswald, of Valley P. O. These gentlemen stand ready to cooperate with committees on the same object from the adjoining townships.

H. B. HOGENSON,
Sec. of Garden Alliance, No. 660.

The Lambeth Choir.

A Successful Concert at the Grand Last Night.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

Lambeth's Scotch choir appeared at the Grand last night and gave a most pleasing entertainment, which was highly appreciated by a fair-sized audience. This is the first visit of this company to America, but it has appeared with success all over the United Kingdom and Ireland. The Scotch in the city, of which so many are employed at the barge works and the steel plant, turned out en masse to welcome the concert from the old country.

Fertile Journal:—Fletcher Sankey was removed to the Brainerd hospital Sunday night, where he can have better care and continual and necessary medical attendance, which he could not have at home. Mrs. S. accompanied him, but returned this morning. She reports that he is somewhat better, but very weak from his severe illness.

Norman County Herald:—Mr. O. L. Rindal met with a severe accident on his way home from C. F. Pettersen's place Saturday night. The buggy pole got out of place, the horses got scared and while trying to jump from the buggy he fell and fractured the shinbone. Dr. Nelson of Fertile was summoned to attend to it.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

Death of Doctor Christenson

Fisher Bulletin.

On Wednesday morning last Johnnes Goodvavger, while coming towards Fisher a distance of four miles therefrom discovered a horse and buggy standing in the road, and when aproaching the same was horrified to find the dead body of Dr. Christeason, entangled in one of the rear wheels. The body was brought to town and an inquest held by Coroner Shepard on Thursday, when the following facts were elicited: The doctor, who lived at Belmont N. D. came into Fisher on Tuesday and in a very short time was intoxicated. Early on Tuesday morning he proposed returning home, but again became intoxicated. At four o'clock that afternoon, he went to Fants livery stable, and although totally unable to manage a horse, insisted that his team be given him. Finding that persuasion was of no avail, Mr. Fant surrendered the team and Doctor drove to his death. From the appearance of the body when found the impression is general, that the Doctor became insensible from the cold and fell upon the side of the buggy, his right side and clothing presenting the appearance of having been torn by the tire of the wheel after riding in this manner for some time, he must have fallen out of the buggy and in so doing had his left leg caught between the spokes of the hind wheel, and thus dragged over the rough ground for fully half a mile. The horse finaly halted and remained in the road all night, no doubt aware that his master was in trouble. The decased was about fifty years of age, and leaves a family in sraightened circumstances. Ten years ago he was regarded as a wealthy man, but the love for drink quckly dissipated his money and wrecked his fine intellect.

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders will be received until January 31st, 1891, for the delivery of 10 cords of green wood on lots 11 and 12, block 6, original townsite of Crookston. The wood must be sawed not less than four feet long, sound and straight, and limbs trimmed close. It must be delivered by the last day of February, 1891, at which time I will pay in cash to the lowest bidder.

JOHN NICHOLSON.
Crookston P. O.

NOTICE.

I have purchased all notes and book accounts of the old firm of Stewart and Spottswood, dissolved, and request a settlement at once.

|38-41| WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

$12,000 Worth of Goods.

Until further notice I will offer for sale my entire stock of merchandise at cost. Dress flannels sold at 65 cents will be sold at 45 cents per yard; ginghams at 8, calico at 5 cents, and everything else in proportion. Vinegar 20 cents per gallon; catsup at 75 cts; coffee from 18 to 35 cts; sugar 13¼ lbs. for $1, and everything else in proportion.

A. STURE.

Dissolution of Copartnership

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, partners under the firm name of Stewart & Spottswood has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by Wm. C. Spottswood, who is authorized to collect and discharge all debts due the firm, and who assumes the payment of all debts owing by the firm.

Dated Dec. 20th, 1890

A. M. STEWART,
[36 38] W. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

FOR SALE.

One Full Blood Jersey Bull.

Twenty-five to Thirty head of Grade Jersey cows and young stock. Will sell the same cheap for cash or negotiable notes or will trade for young steers.

Will also sell 2 span of good brood mares, one fine driving team, one three year old colt, and three sucking colts.

Also all of my household furniture and farming utensils will be sold at private sale before March 15th 1891.

E. J. Haseltine.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, Minn., will be held at its banking rooms, on Tuesday, the 13th day of January, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

[36-38] L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
[36-tf) Lisbon, N. Dakota.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [87-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

Ladies, in your shopping expeditions you have not neglected to call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery emporium, have you? Of course not, for Mrs. B. has given notice that all those lovely hats must go at startlingly low figures.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

Married.

REISLING—CASE.—At Crookston, December 31st, 1890, by Rev. S. H. Barteau, Mr. W. B. Reisling, of Stephen, Minn., and Miss Dollie A. Case, of Arcadia, Wisconsin.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.

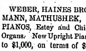
DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS, ORGANS



WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)
1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.
1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and Harness.

Chas. m. Lowe,
The Loan Agent

Hardware Stock and Fixtures for Sale.

I Have Recently Purchased the Business
—OF—
STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD,
And now Wish to Retire from Business in Crookston.

For information regarding this stock call at the store and inquire for A. M. Stewart.

ALL accounts and notes must be SETTLED AT ONCE, and no more credit granted. Call in and see some of the Bargains offered.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

The legislature convened on Tuesday but did not succeed in electing officers for both branches. Prospects for music before that event occurs are good.

Among the appointments made by Governor Merriam, are W. M. Liggett, Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner in place of John L. Gibbs; R. J. Montague on the board of equalization; John Cromb, director of State Normal Schools; Hugh Thompson, surveyor general of logs and lumber.

The object of the sub-treasury bill is to afford relief to the agricultural interests from the leeches, the blood-suckers that are sapping its life-blood. THE JOURNAL is convinced that some means must be contrived to afford this relief, or else that the business interests of the country must suffer greatly therefrom. It begins to feel the effects already, but will feel it more and more until the relief comes, hence what benefits the farmer benefits the business interests of the country. The sub-treasury bill would afford immediate relief, but if the politicians object to that plan, let them give us a better—it is THE RELIEF we want, and we do not care much how it is obtained only so that it is effectual. It does not look well to see men in this country, whose business depends on the success of the farmer, opposing any measure that promises relief from the burdens they bear, and if they do not come to realize this fact because it is right that they should, they will be made to see it sooner or later in other ways. We believe that the interests of farmers and business men in this country are mutual and we have no use for politicians, who oppose the best interests of the country. The only hope we can see of relief is through legislation, and farmers, business men and politicians of this country should take hold unitedly to accomplish the one great end. This will undoubtedly be the outcome, meanwhile we are for the interests of the people.

One subscriber writes: "I do not like your extreme views on the pernicious sub-treasury bill." Well, we don't know as we wonder much at that, when we consider the fact that the gentleman referred to makes his money by looking after the interests of a great corporation, while the sub-treasury bill is designed to protect the interests of the poor and the weak—those who are least able to protect themselves. There is one very significant fact that is becoming more and more apparent every day, and that is that speculators are getting terribly worked up over that bill. This is not to be wondered at when the fact is becoming more clearly understood that the bill is intended to protect the victims of the avaricious speculators. Farmers toil hard from early morn till close of day, and have not the facilities for planning and plotting that some others have, and as a result they are easy victims to these schemers. Once let a plan like the sub-treasury plan obtain and absolute protection is guaranteed to the farmers—the sharpers are sharp enough to look out for themselves. Give protection to farmers and they in turn will be able to patronize our business men far more than they do now, and thus will our material business interests thrive and grow to an extent as yet unprecedented. We are not ashamed to advocate a measure so fraught with blessings to the poor man as is this plan, and we know it would also subserve our best interests, and we do not expect that those who are fattening off the toil and sweat of the masses will approve of any measure that will bring relief to the poor man and give him time and means to educate himself. In advocating the sub-treasury plan we are fighting the battles of the common people. Our critic considers himself a very good sample of morality, yet it seemeth good in his sight that the liquor interests should be protected by the very same plan that the sub-treasury bill seeks to provide for the farmers. Our breadstuffs—are they not as important to the life and welfare of the nation as is whiskey? Oh no! You fellows don't kick when the interests of those who are absolutely able to care for themselves are protected, but when it comes to the protection of the busy farmer, that is "class legislation," &c., &c., that is unworthy the consideration of statesmen. (?)

STATE ALLIANCE MEETING.

The farmers of the State have shown their entire independence of the wishes of the wheat rings and railroads by electing their champion to the presidency of the Alliance. Ignatius Donnelly has for the last 25 years ably championed the cause of labor, and, of course, has awakened the bitter antagonism of those who eat their bread in the sweat of the brow of the labor—labor of other men; and it would not be strange if some honest members of the alliance itself were impregnated with a sort of a prejudice against him. We have enjoyed a personal acquaintance with Mr. Donnelly for years and believe him to be sincere in his work, and his professions, and we are confident that the result will justify our faith. Moreover, Mr. Donnelly has now the opportunity of his lifetime to make a record, and no one knows this better than himself, and it is not reasonable to suppose that he will fritter it away. No one, not even his bitterest enemies, disputes his great ability, and his best friends well know that that ability is coupled with honesty of purpose, and if he is abetted by the united support of the alliance, he will be able to accomplish much. What we need here, and need at once, is a market wherein speculation has not absolute control—a market wherein the poorest farmer can sell his wheat to as good advantage as he could in Duluth or Minneapolis; when we have that we cannot complain at the prices received for our wheat. Competition and free buying will tend to destroy the monopoly now existing, and we demand a system that will give us these. We believe that Mr. Donnelly will do all that lies in his power to give us these—and he can do much; but we must not expect one man to do it all for us with no aid from us. Let us all put our shoulders to the wheel and work for the common good.

To Have Free Delivery.

WASHINGTON Special to the Minneapolis Journal, Jan. 6.—The house committee on post offices and post roads has agreed to report favorably the senate bill, authorizing the postmaster general to establish free delivery service in all towns where the gross receipts of the postoffices exceed $5,000 per annum. If this becomes a law, the following towns of Minnesota will be supplied with carriers: Albert Lea, Austin, Brainerd, Crookston, Fergus Falls, Northfield, Owatonna. In South Dakota, Aberdeen and Deadwood will have free delivery, and in North Dakota, Bismarck, Jamestown and Minot.

The Saint Paul Globe:—Rambeth's celebrated choir from Glasgow, Scotland, now making their first American tour, will appear in concert in this city at the people's church on Tuesday evening, Jan. 13. To hear the martial and love-laden melodies of old Scotland interpreted by a coterie of singers selected from the land where these songs have swayed the hearts of generations, will be a pleasure such has never before been afforded the people of this city.

A Combination to Down Donnelly.

New Ulm Review.

We heard it from pretty good authority the other day that John Day Smith, J. M. Tawney, H. F. Stevens and C. R. Davis, all Republican members of the next State Senate, had assigned to themselves the duty of laying out Ignatius Donnelly in the coming Legislature. The four whom we have mentioned are all good men good talkers and skillful parliamentarians, and we sincerely hope that they will succeed in their proposed effort to vanquish the brainy Sage, but in undertaking such a task they must not underestimate the powers of their opponent. Donnely, alone and unaided, is a giant of intellectual strength and, should he have any kind of support, the gentelemen who are desirous of domine him will have a fight on their hands from which they are only to apt to come out smaller then they went in,

COIN OF THE REALM.

Judge Morses Scheme to Test the Question As to Silver.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Judge Morse, of Denver, came here several weeks ago with a bar of silver of standard fineness, for the purposes of presenting it to the Treasurer of the United States, and demanding its value in coin be given to exchange, without any deduction for seignorage.

It is intended by Judge Morse to test the question whether silver is or is not "coin" of the realm, and in event of the demand being refused to bring suit which he will carry into the United States Supreme Court if necessary.

The Judge has not abandoned his purposes, but has altered his plans of operations. Instead of presenting the "brick" at the treasury he will go to Philadelphia and present it at the mint and demand silver coin in exchange equal to the weight of bullion.

The Prairie Farmer.

The old reliable agricultural journal. The Prairie Farmer, of Chicago, comes out with its initial number for 1891 in a handsome new dress, and is indeed an elegant paper, filled with the soundest and most practical information for all interested in agriculture in its many departments. The present editorial organization of The Prairie Farmer is most complete and thorough, and the journal enters its 51st year better equipped than ever. Writers who are well known authorities are accompanied by illustrations and engravings, to assist the reader to the fullest understanding of the subject treatedr.

The Prairie Farmer is a model home paper, alike useful to the farmer, the villager, and the city man, furnishing delightful reading for all who love and appreciate agriculture. The ladies and children are not forgotten, for its department of Household, Garden and Lawn, Young Folks' Poetry, Puzzles and Miscellany are unsurpassed.

The publishers will send a sample copy to every applicant, and it is worth while to drop them a postal for a specimen, or send them the subscription price, One Dollar, for a year, to The Prairie Farmer, 168 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

The Farmers and the Railroads.

The Minneapolis Times.

At the recent annual celebration in New York of Forefathers' day by the descendants of the New England Puritans, Choate and Depew were speakers and the company was largely made up by railroad proprietors, bankers and brokers. These round-bellied plutocrats must have been considerably startled by the speech of Mr. A. B. Cummins, of Iowa, who undertook to explain to them the origin of the war now being waged in his state by the farmers against the railroad corporations, and gave it as his opinion that the struggle would go on until the horny handed sons of toil had gained the points of justice and right which they were fairly claiming. He said:

The people of Iowa, have contributed more than $25,000,000 in money to aid in the construction of railways within the borders of the state, This was not designed as a donation. It was the intent of the law under which those aids were authorized—I had almost said extorted—from a community illy able to make the investment, that those whose money helped to create should share in ownership, and to that extent, at least, the property should not be alien. It was intended that the people should always feel the pressure of their legislation and observed in their own persons the prosperity or adversity of the interest they helped to build up. But the beneficent plan has wofully miscarried, for under the rapid, though accurate manipulations of prompters, projectors and wreckers, and the dispiriting influence of receivers, their stocks and bonds have disappeared like a morning mist; and they hold the East accountable for the transformation. The reckoning has just begun. Under their direction congress gave to railways, of their patrimony, millions of acres of the most uproductive land that ever invited plow and seed; but that, too, has gone and left no other trace behind it then the advantages of general development, and they look in vain to see any perceptible diminution in interest bearing obligations by reason of this magnificent endowment; and they hold the East accountable for that. They saw that the prime motive of those who originated and carried forward substantailly every road built through the State was not a fair return for the carriage of freight and passengers, but their own immediate enrichment, and they do not discern the difference between present and past proprietors. Year after year they were witnesses of a system of discrimination which paralyzed their industries, and for which it was hard to find even a shadow for justification; and they hold somebody accountable for that.

This complaint is not confined to Iowa. It comes from the farmers in almost every Western and Southwestern State. If the county, State and municipal subscriptions of hard cash and the donations of land were set aside and put in comparison with the subscriptions of the promoters of railroads, the figures of the latter would appear insignificant. And if an honest judicial investigation could follow, the methods by which the promoters or wreckers absorbed the public subscriptions of money and lands, there would shortly be weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth in many palatial and turreted mansions, and propositions for the reception of distinguished convicts in many penitentiaries would be in order. Those who imagine that the present condition, which steadily grows worse, can continue indefinitely, are self-deluded. Some day there will be an investigation and a squaring of account and then "honest men will come by their own." The patient, toiling farmer will then realize where his hard earning have gone and why he is so poor, and that his labor can never be remunerative while the plutocrats and monopolists control legislation in their own interests, and that the tendency of the present system is to reduce him more and more to a state of servitude. Mr. Cummins spoke the right word in the right place when he warned the nabobs whose breade he had broken, that the farmers would continue their war on the railroads until their wrongs, growing out of the misappropriation and mismanagement of those highways, have been righted.

Jay Gould's Hand.

The Western Rural.

As soon as Jay Gould let himself loose and gobbled a railroad or two, he began to scheme to get his hand into the public pocket and his plan has been formulated. He suggested that the President of our Western roads get together in New York and agree upon a harmonious method of fleecing the people; and they have met and agreed. There is to be no more competition unless the roads became involved in a quarrel. Whether they quarrel or not, however, the intentions of Mr. Gould are plain enough and mean enough. The agreement made by these people under the direction of Jay Gould is that there shall be uniform rates maintained on our Western roads and, of course, that the rates shall be raised. Gould, in an indirect way has frequently gone into the farmer's fields and taken the grain that belonged to him and into the cattle yards and driven off the stock that the farmer owned, figuratively speaking. But he has never before perched himself so conspicuously on the fence about the farmer's dooryards and told him that he proposed to sit there until he had got all that the farmer produced. In the midst of the hard luck which the producer has so long been compelled to endure, this great financial sponge of the world incubus upon honest industry has devised a means by which he can apply the screws stil more tightly than ever upon the farmer.

Will the people permit this black haired and black hearted schemer to carry out his designs; or will they so far as they can, through the honest men whom they have elected to Congress and the Legislatures, put the the screws to the railroads that have gone into this scheme at the solicitation of Mr. Jay Gould? The men who are to represent the farming community in our halls of legislation have a clear duty to perform in the premises. It is their duty to break the power of this conspiracy and they can do it if they are true to their constituency. They thought of so doing should enter into everything they do. If a United States Senator is to be elected, and the farmer legislators have the balance of power, he should be a man whom Jay Gould and the railroad interests can neither buy nor influence otherwise. Elect men who will pay their fare: elect men who know a conspiracy against the the people when it is as big as a continent and elect men who have both the honesty and the backbone to sit down on railroad assumption.

NOT QUITE SO TONY AS
THE REEONG DRUG STORE
Of St. Paul, but as near it as any city north of St. Paul can boast, is

DURAND'S NEW DRUG STORE

One Door West of the Post-Office, in Mcinnon Block.

A Full Stock of Everything in my Line.

CALL AND SEE ME!

Durand, the Druggist

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

The Great Transcontinental Line.
—THE—
NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD.
SHORTEST,—BEST.—QUICKEST,
This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route"

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.

Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS

On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.

☞ An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.

For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E L. HARRISON, Agent, Crookston, Min

Crookston Meat Market
E STEENERSON, Proprietor.
E. ERIKSON, Manager,
Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - MINN
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.
CALL IN.

E. STEENERSON,
Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Com'sr.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, Geo. Q. Erskine, E. M. Walsh, K. D. Chase, B. B. Northrop, John Moore, Chas. E. Sawyer, R. D. Childs, A. A. Miller, W. H. Crosby

TRY
O. J. BARNES,
THE
CITY GROCER!

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Windows and Mouldings
ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Interest on time deposits. Special attention to collections.
OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President.
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J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER.
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
NEW GOODS.
A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.
Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	30 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting, Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.
All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.
☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 8, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
6:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
6:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. INE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight.	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:25 p. m

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m

Incurable Deseases.

"Chaldea's seers are good.
But here they have no skill.'

Read the following testimonials. Further comment is unnecessary:

Drs. Starkey & Palen—in the spring of 1886 I had a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism, which in a few days was complicated with dropsy and asthma. But I am grateful to be able say that after using your Compound Oxygen these troubles have left me altogether. (Ex-Senator) C. S. Powers-Preston, Fillmore Co, Minn., May 6, 1889.

Drs. Starkey & Palen—Having observed the benefit of your Compound Oxygen Treatment, in asthma, I am disposed to recommend it to my patients who suffer from that distressing complaint. E. West, M. D. 111 Washington place, New York city, N. Y.

Drs Starkey & Palen—I can recommend your Compound Oxygen Treatment from experience especially in hay fever. T. R. Jones. Dalton, Ga.

Drs Starkey & Palen—Nothing has done me so much good for my nerves as your Compound Oxygen Treatment, and at one time I seemed beyond all medical help. I have prolonged my life I know. Mrs. Julia Paige. New Castle Ind.

Drs. Starkey & Palen—your Compound Oxygen Treatment cured me of catarrh. Mrs. C. A. Phillips. 1006 South College St., Nashvile, Tenn., Dec. 6, 1888.

Drs. Starkey & Palen—your Compound Oxygen has been a Godsend to me in a case of paralysis. Mrs. E. B. Hart. Darlington, Wis., Sept. 12, 1889.

Send for our treatise on Compound Oxygen, containing a history of its discovery and mode of action, as well as a record of many remarkable cures in Consumption, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Nervous, prostration, Bronchitis, asthma, and numerous other diseases. Book of 200 pages sent free. Address DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch St. Philadelphia, Pa.

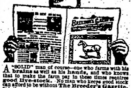
Scared to Death.

The Western Rural.

Just a few more meetings of the Alliance and other farmer's organizations will, we think, suffice to do what a portion of the people have been working to accomplish for many years; viz.: get rid of all the politicians. If the farmers keep meeting and showing their teeth—figuratively speaking—as they have been doing for the last few weeks, there is a good prospect of seeing every politician in the land scared absolutely to death. It is both amusing and inspiring to hear the comments of these fellows upon the proceedings of the farmers conventions. They say that the farmer, flushed with recent political success, is getting wild; that he will yet smash things all to pieces; that usually he is level headed, but he has gone crazy, and lot of such twaddle is constantly falling from the lips of the political ringsters, and in the meantime the farmer keeps right along strengthing his lines and marking out his future course. Again The Western Rural tells these moss-backed, treacherous political leaders that they have it wholly within their power to knock all the vigor out of the farmers' movements, if they choose to do it. Give the farmer what he wants and what he should have, and he will never lift a finger against you. But you will not do that. You are so wedded to your idols, the collar of the capitalist and the corruptionist is so firmly fastened to your necks that you cannot break away. Your whole training has been with leeches that fatten upon the industries of the country. In Congress and in the States Legislatures you have been sitting and laughing for years, while the few have absorbed all the splendid aggregate of wealth, that the farmer has produced from the fields. You have seen his prosperity declining year after year, and never lifted your hands or your voice to check the ruin, and you have been stupid enough to suppose that the producer would submit to poverty and see his children wronged without a remonstance. You thought the farmer utterly devoted of the feelings of a man and of the spirit of a free citizen, forgetting that even a worm will sometimes turn upon its persecutor. Now you have seen the farmer aroused; you have seen him throw himself into the midst of a peaceful revolution, and it would be well if you could realize that he means now to have his rights.

We wish every farmer in this county would become a reader of Farm, Stock and Home. Taken in connection with his paper its cost is nominal.

WHO IS IT?



A "SOLID" man of course—one who farms with his brains as well as his hands, and who knows that to make the farm pay in these times requires good live-stock. No man who keeps good stock can afford to be without The Breeder's Gazette. It is the acknowledged head of the American live-stock press, and we should like to see it in the hands of all our intelligent stock owners. It is a large, handsomely illustrated weekly, furnished at $2 per year, or in clubs of five or more at $1.50 each. Send for a free sample copy, or enclose twenty cents postage for the magnificent Christmas Number. Address
J. H. SANDERS PUB. CO.,
325 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

The Northwestern Farmer
ONE YEAR FREE

REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul.

(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)

The publisher of the NORTHWESTERN FARMER will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul, Minn.

THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

WE OFFER IT FREE
for one year to all who will pay us one year's subscription to
The Polk County Journal.

[First publication Jan. 1st, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Dec. 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Johnson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mathilda Johnson, administratrix of the estate of Andrew Johnson, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing her account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to heirs.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 30th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.
[37-39]

Notices of Expiration of Time of Redemption.

No. 567.

To Paul M. Duggan: You are hereby notified that on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 9, Block 41, in Original Townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and thirty-five cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and thirty-five cents and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 569.

To Louis Berthiaume You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 4, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota

No. 570

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes, pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 5, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 571.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 572.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 8, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 572.

To Louis Berthiaume: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes Pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 3, Block 9, in Bottineau's addition to Red Lake Falls, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of fifty cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale, (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is fifty cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 574.

To Catherine Fox: You are hereby notified that on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 19 in Clements' 2d ad. to the townsite of Crookston was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of ninety-seven cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is ninety-seven cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from the said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 575.

To Francis Asmed: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 13, Block 18, in Clements' 2d ad. to the townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fifteen cents; the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fifteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

100 PAGES WIDE AWAKE. 1891

BEGINNING WITH THE HOLIDAY NUMBER

Is permanently enlarged to one hundred pages, radiant with new and larger type, a new style of page, and fresh, strong literary and pictorial attractions.

Mrs. Burton Harrison, whose story of "The Anglomaniacs" has been the sensation of the season in The Century, has written for Wide Awake a story called "Diamonds and Toads."

Hon. John D. Long (ex-Governor of Massachusetts) furnishes six articles, under the general title of "Our Government," for the enlightenment of coming citizens—the boys and girls of to-day.

Margaret Sidney's new serial, "Five Little Peppers Grown Up," will tell more about Polly and Jasper and David and Joel and Phronsie, and others, as it runs through the year. Fifty charming illustrations by Chas. Mente.

Marietta's Good Times will chronicle in her own words, from her own manuscript, the childhood adventures of Marietta Ambrosi.

Miss Matilda Archambeau Van Dorn, a little girl who had a great many ancestors, is an irresistible little folks' serial, by Elizabeth Cumings.

Unusually Interesting Articles, some elaborately pictorial: "Dining with Gladstone," by Mrs. John A. Logan; "Amy Robsart's Embroidery," by Frances A. Humphrey? "Mother Goose's Pets," by Agnes Repplier; "Gypsies and Gypsying," by Elizabeth Robbins Pennell; "Some Horses that I have known," by Maud Howe; "Seinte Marie College of Wynchestre," by Oscar Fay Adams; "Boston's Girl Sculptor," by Mrs. Newberry; "The Sugar Crank," by Theodora R. Jenness.

Some Problems in Horology, by E. H. Hawley, of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, will interest High School students. Three sets of cash prizes.

The Best of Short Stories from thousands offered and solicited the past year—some by new authors.

Figure Drawing for Children, in twelve illustrated lessons by Caroline H. Rimmer, with four prize offers each month.

The Ever Popular Ways to do Things, the School and Playground Stories, Tangles, Post Office and Men and Things.

Wide Awake is only $2.40 a Year.

D. LOTHROP CO., Publishers, Boston.

No. 576.

To J. R. Holton: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886 in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 9, Block 20, in Clements' second ad. to Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of ninety-seven cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is ninety-seven cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made; and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 577.

To Ed. Dremery: You are hereby notified that on the 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 3, Block 33, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fifteen cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fifteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3d day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 578.

To H. B. Montgomery: You are hereby notified that on the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes, pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th judicial district of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 23, Bl'k 10, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and costs for the sum of one dollar and fourteen cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and fourteen cents, and interest on said amount at the rate of 18 per cent per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

No. 579.

To H. B. Montgomery: You are hereby notified the third day of May, A. D. 1886, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in District Court in and for the County of Polk, in the 14th Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1886, the following described piece and parcel of land, which is situated in Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot 6, Block 41, in the original townsite of Crookston, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, interests and and costs for the sum of one dollar and thirty five cents; that the amount required to redeem said piece and parcel of land from such sale (exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice) is one dollar and thirty-five cents, and interest on said amount at the rate 18 per cent. per annum from said 3rd day of May, A. D. 1886, until such redemption is made, and that the time for redemption of such piece and parcel of land from such sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of July, A. D. 1890.

P. J. McGUIRE,
County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 18th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $251.68, besides $14.47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00 Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale.

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. WILLIAMSON,
Attorney for assignee.
[36-42]

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried of Polk County, Minnesota, to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 402; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south-west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890.

JAMES M. HAWLEY, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[35-41] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Jan. 8th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 2d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Finlayson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Agnes Finlayson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, on Monday, the 6th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the second day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.
[38-40]

(First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLean, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $917.10, and from the 14th day of May, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $2,392.50, together with costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 15th, 1890.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney, Crookston, Minn.
[37-39]

[First publication Dec. 25th. 1890.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, December 18th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Martin Nelson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased having been granted unto Hans Hanson, of Becker County, Minnesota.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in this County, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 18th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON Judge of Probate.
[36-38]

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the Univer sity of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

REMOVED
BACK
TO THE OLD STAND
In the Fifth Ward.
CALL
AND SEE
WHAT WE CAN DO FOR YOU
E. D. CHILDS & CO.

KEEPING STILL
AND
Sawing Wood.

While some of my competitors are making a great parade about what they are doing for the people, I am not boasting, but just quietly

Selling Lots of Goods!

AT FIGURES THAT CAN'T BE BEAT.

Close buyers will do well to call and see my new stock and get prices. Everybody call at

STURE'S STORE

Hack & Gallasch' Old Stand. - - - Crookston, Minn

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
DEALERS IN

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, OLE OLSON GANG PLOWS,

SHELF —AND— HEAVY HARDWARE,

F. F. Thompson & Sons WALKING PLOWS. Sole Agents for the Domestic Sewing Machines

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts, - - - Crookston.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
in connection which I will attend to in person.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

MILER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 15, 1891. NO. 39.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Demands at Ocala.

National Economist.

On account of the continued and persistent misrepresentations by the press in regard to the action of the recent national meeting at Ocala, with reference to the sub-treasury plan, it is deemed best to give the plain facts in connection with that matter. During the evening of the sixth day the committee on demands made the following report, as shown by the official minutes:

SECTION 1. We demand the abolition of national banks, and that the government shall establish sub-treasuries, or depositories in the several states, which sub-treasuries shall loan money to the people on approved security at a low rate of interest, not to exceed two per cent per annum: Provided, That real estate, non-perishable farm products shall be considered approved security; and that the circulating medium be increased to at least $50 per capita, keeping the volume equal to the demand.

For this the following substitute was adopted, to which Wade, of Tennessee, had his name withdrawn from this portion of the report:

1a. We demand the abolition of national banks.

b. We demand that the government shall establish sub-treasuries or depositories in the several states, which shall loan money direct to the people at a low rate of interest, not to exceed two per cent per annum, on non-perishable farm products, and also upon real-estate, with proper limitations upon the quantity of land and amount of money.

c. We demand that the amount of the circulating medium be speedily increased to not less than $50 per capita.

The vote of states on the first proposition was as follows:

	Yes.	No.
Alabama	4	
Arkansas Alliance	2	
Arkansas Union	2	
Indian Territory	2	
Virginia	4	
West Virginia	2	
New York	1	
Kansas	8	
Florida	3	
North Dakota	2	
South Dakota	3	
Kentucky	4	
Pennsylvania not voting.		
Michigan	3	
Louisiana	4	
Mississippi	2	1
Indiana	2	
Illinois		2
Missouri	2	4
Georgia	7	
North Carolina	4	
South Carolina	4	
Texas	4	
Colorado, not voting.		
Tennessee	1	3
Maryland	2	
California	2	
L. L. Polk, President	1	
B. H. Clover, Vice-Pres	1	
J. H. Turner, Sec	1	
C. W. Macune, Ch. Ex	1	
Jones, Judiciary Com	Absent.	
A. Wardall	1	

Tennessee, in voting 1 aye and 3 no, explained that they would have voted 4 aye on the section as it came from the committee before it was amended.

This would have made but seven votes against that portion of the report which contained the sub-treasury clause. The balance of the demands were adopted unanimously, as follows:

2. That we demand that Congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealing in futures of all agricultural and mechanical productions; preserving a stringent system of procedure in trials as shall secure the prompt conviction, and imposing such penalties as shall secure the most perfect compliance with the law.

3. We condemn the silver bill recently passed by Congress, and demand in lieu thereof the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

4. We demand the passage of laws prohibiting alien ownership of land, and that Congress take prompt action to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by aliens and foreign syndicates; and that all lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them be reclaimed by the government, and held for actual settlers only.

5. Believing in the doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none, we demand that our national legislation shall be so framed in the future as not to build up one industry at the expense of another; and we further demand a removal of the existing heavy tariff tax from the necessities of life that the poor of our land must have; We further demand a just and equitable system of graduated tax on incomes; we believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all national and state revenues shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

6. We demand the most rigid, honest, and just state and national governmental control and supervision of the means of public communication and transportation, and if this control and supervision does not remove the abuse now existing, we demand the government ownership of such means of communication and transportation.

7. We demand that the Congress of the United States submit an amendment to the constitution providing for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people of each state.

Immediately after the adoption of the above, Mr. Davie, of Kentucky, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted by a rising vote with only four voting against it.

Whereas, There is now a bill known as the sub-treasury bill in the hands of the ways and means committee of the House of Representatives which should have been reported and acted upon at the last session, and which if enacted into law would bring the financial relief so much needed by all classes and industries: therefore be it

Resolved, That this national convention of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union do most respectfully and earnestly ask that said bill be enacted into law as soon as possible, or some other measure that will carry out these principles and meet the necessities of the toiling masses.

After a whole year of ridicule, abuse, false argument and misrepresentation, in a convention representing twenty-nine states, but seven votes could be found against it and only one state, Illinois, voting solidly in opposition. Even one-third of the delegation from Missouri, the home of the most unfair, unjust and misleading opposition, voted for the proposition It was a complete victory for the supporters of the sub-treasury plan, and demonstrated that it or something better would be demanded and insisted upon by the intelligent farmers of this country.

Our combination offer with Farm, Stock and Home elsewhere in this issue should not be overlooked. A year's subscription to this grand agricultural paper means a 384 page volume size 11½x15 in that to any farmer is well worth $5.00, yet we give it and this paper one year only $1.50.

EDNA, Minn., Jan. 5, 1891.

To the members of the Minnesota Legislature of 1891:

GENTLEMEN: The best educators of our State believe that it will be to our educational interests for the coming legislature to pass an act to provide for State teachers' certificates. A bill, similar to the one presented to the last legislature, is publised in "School Education" for December.

Another subject of great interest to our district school teachers is that of free text books. Supt. Kiehle, who is one of the best State Superintendents in the United States, in his forthcoming report, makes these statements:

"I am still of the opinion, as presented in my report of 1886, that no method so entirely meets the demands of both financial and educational interests as that of free text books. From the financial side, purchases are made direct from the publishers and at lowest rates. The experience of other states and of many cities has been that the cost per pupil is reduced to about 40 cents, so that the average cost to a district of 50 pupils would average about $20 annually. From the educational side, there appear the following advantages:

1. There is absolute uniformity for the district, which is all the uniformity that is necessary, the books being a part of the apparatus of the school.

2. The books are ready for all the pupils at the opening of the school. This is a great gain. It is no uncommon thing for days, and even weeks, of the short term of a country school to be made almost useless because children have no books.

3. By this plan children can be put into classes best suited to them.

4. The attendance is much increased. It is not uncommon for parents of large but poor families to keep their children at home because they do not feel able to equip them with the necessary books."

Now, if our Superintendent's judgment is good for anything, (and we believe it is) would it not be well to furnish our schools with free text books?

Respectfully,

W. J. NICKLE.

A Stringent Money Market.

Farm, Stock and Home.

The Secretary of the Treasury asserts that there has been an increase in the volume of currency since July of $103,000,000, yet during the past 60 days there has been a veritable epidemic of commercial failures, among old, staid, well-reputed and extensive establishments, too, and every failure is attributed to the stringency of the money market. The situation confirms the correctness of the position of F. S. and H. some months ago, that "volume of currency" had come to mean one thing and "circulating medium" another. It matters not how much the "volume" may be increased if its wings are so clipped by centralizing forces that it cannot circulate.

The increased volume was chucked into Wall street, the people paying roundly—in anticipated interest, premiums on bonds, etc.—for the favor done the street, but secured no advantage to themselves, evidenced by the enourmous number of business failures caused by a stringent money market, and all because "volume of currency" did not become "circulating medium." The reasons why it did not become that healthful medium are numerous, but the chief one is the contracted purchasing power of the fundamental wealth producers of the country. No matter how plentiful money may be in first hands, the average man cannot get a dollar that he does not in some way labor for. If the farmer has nothing to sell "volume of currency" is a "barren ideality" to him; and if what he has to sell costs to produce as much as he gets his power to purchase is so weakened that ultimately it will weaken every industry and business in the land. The fact that in the aggregate the farmers of the country are making no money; that, relatively speaking, farm values have shown an alarming decrease during the three decades last past, has infinitely more to do with present financial conditions than a "stringent money market," for the last condition is really the result of the first.

Failures almost unparalleled in number and magnitude following close upon an expansion of $103,000,000 in volume of currency should admonish our Solons that influences other than scarcity of money are at work; and if they will follow the promptings of that admonition it will lead them to see that the road to true, permanent and equitably distributed prosperity lies through the ruins of systems that are now despoiling productive industry of too large a share of the fruits of its toil. When they have seen so much they will realize the necessity of making a needed increase of currency cotemporaneous with fearless and effective legislation that will destroy those capitalistic conspiracies which are now centralizing the nation's wealth with a rapidity without parallel in history. Then "volume of currency" will become "circulating medium," and greatly improved conditions will abide with us.

Cash vs. Credit.

A. F. Taylor: Country merchants are often very friendly to the credit system, for they know that the average man will buy more goods if he has an account than if he pays cash. There is something about paying out hard earned dollars that makes one pause and consider whether the purchase is a necessary one. There is another point, too, worth considering from the buyer's standpoint—a purchaser will not scrutinize the price so closely when buying on credit as when paying cash, and so often pays much more for an article. Farmers, above all people, should avoid store accounts, as a single crop failure is liable to make such a debt become very burdensome. If ready money is not obtainable the store account can often be avoided by growing something which can be exchanged through the season for such things as must be bought. A little space and time devoted to fruit or vegetables, to chickens, bees, etc., will often prove of much more value than the mere amount of money derived from the sale of the products by enabling one to avoid a debt.

We wish every farmer in this county would become a reader of Farm, Stock and Home. Taken in connection with his paper its cost is nominal.

The Prison Mirror:—The editor of the Swift County Monitor says: "We notice by the last Issue of The Prison Mirror that the management had hoped to don a new dress by christmas time but owing to the delinquency of its subscribers the old type will have to serve a while longer. It is a pity that those taking The Mirror should let their subscriptions get behind and thus oblige the paper to forego the pleasure and convenience of coming out in new type They should send in their dollar per year more promply." Yes, it would be good for their eyes.

TO BE DIVIDED.

Polk County Very Much Too Large.

Grand Forks Herald:—Minnesota, for sometime past, have conceived the idea that Polk county is just a trifle large, though certain East Grand Forkers betimes have persuaded themselves that their latitude beyond was decidedly limited. At all events, a commitee of citizens from the burg beyond was selected and left today for Red Lake Falls, where a conference will be held with other representatives of the county, with a view of bisecting it at the earliest moment. We are at a loss to guess exactly what benefits will accrue from the division of the county—but the people's will be done.

Free Coinage in Court.

The following is taken from press dispatches:

Arrangements have been made for an agent of Senator Tabor to have ready a bar of silver, containing 1,000 ounces accompanied by a certificate of its fineness from the mint. This will be presented and a demand made that it be exchanged for coin. The demand will, of course, be refused, when a writ of mandamus will be obtained from the court and the matter will become the ground for a legal battle. The theory of this action will be that the law and its interpretation are unconstitutional and that the government has no right to refuse coin for bullion. There will be the liveliest kind of a fight, and the local men believe they will force the hand of the gold-standard adherents.

The debates upon the silver bill during the last session clearly proved that silver was demonitized by fraud. It was plainly shown that the standard silver dollar was dropped out of the list of American coins, and the unit of money changed from silver to gold, by stealth and collusion, and that silver was demonetized in the revision of the statutes without warrant of law. The above is a move in the right direction, and will no doubt bring to light much more rascality in connection with this same subject. If similar action could be taken in regard to the payment of the bonds it would seem that justice, though tardy, had at last come to the people.

Grip of Twenty Millions.

St. Paul News.

The directors of the Harvester Trust are in session in Chicago. The object of the meeting is said to be the perfecting of arrangements for absorbing the binding twine manufactories of the country, the control of which would make the Trust absolute dictators as to the terms upon which producers should harvest their crops of cereals.

In the meantime there are reports of counter combinations against the Trust among the producers. Among the first edicts of Trust was one annulling the contract provision befor in force for supplying repairs free, and requiring cash payments for such work in the future.

This, it is claimed, violates all outstanding contracts now the property of the trust, upon which large amounts are outstanding in all the large grain producing States, estimated to aggregate $3,000,000 in North Dakota alone, the collection of which will be resisted for the alleged violation of contract as stated.

Another ground upon which the trust is to be antagonized is that such combinations are in violation of the laws of the United State, and that therefore, the trust has no legal standing and cannot enforce its contracts.

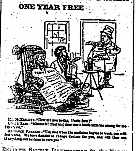
The trust, however, is backed by a capital of $20,000,000, and its affairs are directed by a small directory of shrewed and well informed business men, and it is hardly possible that it is not well assured of the strength of its position, or that it will be deterred from going forward with its plans by the disunited and widely scattered opposition of the producers. In combination there is strength, especially when backed by $20,000,000.

The Plow and Hammer (Tiffin, O.) says:

There are to-day over four hundred people in Tiffin out of employment made up of carpenters iron moulders, bricklayers stonemasons, glassworkers' agricultural implement workers, carriage wood workers and common laborers. Our merchants and farmers must feel the effects of this lack of employment. Don't hide behind the threadbare statement that is because of idleness and inefficiency. You know, if you look around you, that is not true. The cause is vicious legislation and the sooner you commence to study the cause of the present depression the better it will be for you financilly, better morally and better in every way.

The Northwestern Farmer

ONE YEAR FREE



MR. MCKINLEY:—"How are you to-day, Uncle Sam?"
UNCLE SAM:—"Miserable! That last dose was a [illegible] too strong for me I'm afraid."
ALLIANCE FARMER:—"Yes, and when the medicine begins to work, you will feel worse. We have decided to change doctors for you, and will then see if anything can be done to cure you."

REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul.

(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)

The publisher of the NORTHWESTERN FARMER will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul, Minn.

THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

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The Polk County Journal.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r.

D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

WHO IS IT?

A "SOLID" man of course—one who farms with his brains as well as his hands, and who knows that to make the farm pay in these times requires good live-stock. No man who keeps good stock can afford to be without The Breeder's Gazette. It is the acknowledged head of the American live-stock press, and we should like to see it in the hands of all our intelligent stock owners. It is a large, handsomely illustrated weekly, furnished at $2 per year, or in clubs of five or more at $1.50 each. Send for a free sample copy, or enclose twenty cents postage for the magnificent Christmas Number. Address

J. H. SANDERS PUB. CO.,
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P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

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The full reports of legislative proceedings, which the Daily News will supply during the coming session of the Legislature, will alone be worth the cost of a year's subscription.

Sent by mail, postage paid, at the following remarkably low price:

Six months	$1.75
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THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD CYCLOPÆDIA. Price $1.00. Bound in Cloth and Gilt. A Complete Ready Reference Library for Farmers, Gardeners, Fruit Growers, Stockmen and Housekeepers, containing a large fund of Useful Information, Facts, Hints and Suggestions, in the various Departments of Agriculture, Horticulture, Live Stock Raising, Poultry Keeping, Bee Keeping, Dairy Farming, Fertilizers, Rural Architecture, Farm Implements, Household Management, Domestic Affairs, Cookery, Ladies' Fancy Work, Floriculture, Medical Matters, Etc.

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DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20	cents.
54 inch Tricot	35	"
54 inch Flannel	45	"
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75	"
36 inch Henriettas	25	"

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30 cents.
" " "	35 "
" " medicated, for	40 "

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket	2.00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ while "	4.50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Farmers Will Benefit.

The Great Harvester Trust Collapses—An Attempt to Fleece the Farmers Defeated.

Special to the Dispatch.

CHICAGO, Jan. 9—The harvester trust has gone to pieces and before very long the American Harvester Company will be a thing of the past. It was only a couple of month ago since it was brought into existence with a capital of $55,000,000. Things went swimmingly for a while, and arrangements were in progress for dispensing thousands of traveling men and other employes and of centralizing the business. This week representatives of the firm in the combine came together at the Auditorum hotel, when it was developed that the majority of the directors had mapped out a line of policy by which prices to the farmers were to be materially raised, and the supply houses consolidated. There were vigorous remonstrances to this course on the part of the McCormicks, the Deerings, the Whitman-Barnes concern, and the Ohio house of Warder, Bushnell & Glessner, and after a stormy meeting of several hours duration they withdrew. This morning they served notice of their withdrawal from the company. It is given out that a war to the knife between the different concerns is now inevitable. There will be an increased production lower prices, and the farmer will get the benefit.

Waynesburgh (Pa.) Independent asks:

One of the causes assigned for the closeness in money matters throughout the United States. is, that a vast amount of money was taken from this place to England during the recent financial flurry there, when money became so stringent that the rate per cent almost doubled. Thus through the greed of the money holders to and to their wealth, they have made it possible for a panic in this country. Such a course would seem to be a legitimate transaction on the part of the money holder. But when the financial screws commence to bear down on this country, who will come to our relief and save us from a panic that is to fraught with so much disaster? One hundred millions of our circulating medium suddently withdraw from the channels of trade and taken to England is already being felt.

For a plain, practical and instructive paper, made largely by farmers and wholly for farmers, Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis, Minn. has no equal among agricultural journals. We can furnish it in connection with the JOURNAL one year for only $1.50.

Toledo Weekly Blade.

1891.

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THE most popular Weekly Newspaper in the United States, the largest circulation, and the only strictly Weekly Newspaper that ever succeeded in obtaining and holding, year after year, a circulation in every State and Territory (and nearly every county) of the United States. All the news, better departments and more first-class entertaining and instructive reading than in any other dollar paper published.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW story to commence first of the year, written especially for the Blade by Oliver Optic. "Money Maker Series." A series of special articles on "Side Issues," written for The Blade. Blade China Tea Sets and Dinner Sets given to club-raisers. Send for specimen copy of The Weekly Blade and our interesting announcements for the coming year.

SPECIMENS.

A specimen copy will give you a better idea of The Weekly Blade than any description we can give in an advertisement. We therefore invite everybody to write us for a specimen, which we will cheerfully mail you free; and at the same time please mail us a list of names of your friends and neigbors, and we will also mail them specimens.

CONFIDENTIAL TO AGENTS.

ANYBODY can earn Ten Dollars very quickly by raising clubs for The Blade. We are now paying the highest amount for clubs ever offered by any newspaper. We want agents everywhere. Write us for confidential terms to agents. Address

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A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

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CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 15, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 77.
1 Northern 74.
2 Northern 69.
3 Northern 61.

P. C. Schmidt was in the city on Friday.

Quite a little snow fell on Tuesday morning.

Childs & Co. have sold their stock to Moe & Buhn, of Mentor.

Wheat took an upward turn on Monday, reaching 77 cents.

Gervais. "the hustler," is selling hosiery at tremendous low prices.

Mayor McKinnon and city comptroller, E. W. Wile, went to St. Paul this week.

The "Owl Club" meets with Mrs. I. U. Jennings on Thursday evening of this week.

Attorney Houpt, of Fergus Falls, was in the city on Tuesday.

Hon. H. Steenerson left for St. Paul on Monday evening. He has an insurance case before the U. S. District Court.

Ole Rude rejoices in the arrival of a 12 pound boy, which event occurred on the 6th inst. All concerned doing well.

The familiar countenance of G. M. Barber was seen upon our streets this week. Marsh. is looking exceedingly well.

A. G. Gallasch was in the city this week. Says Powers Bros. business (of which firm he is a member) is good this winter.

Sheriff Grundysen has appointed M. Losey, Jr., deputy sheriff. We hear this appointment spoken of with approval.

Senator Lommen is chairman of the grain and warehouse committee and a member of two other important committees.

W. J. Nickle, the genial pedagogue of Edna, was in the city on a business trip on Tuesday.

Great clearing sale of all fall and winter goods, at Gervais', "the hustler."

J. L. Bailey has purchased the pop corn factory and will continue the business at the old stand, corner of Main and Robert Sts.

Ladies call and see those hats which Mrs. Bangs is offering at cost. Everything goes at greatly reduced prices.

Richard Olson was one of the prominest east side farmers in the city last week. Of course he did not neglect to call in and chat with THE JOURNAL man.

H. D. Pinkerton and son came over from the Dakota home last week to visit their Crookston home. We imagine that times are not extremely lively in that part of Dakota.

Ole A. Jevning was up from the west side on Tuesday, bringing words (and acts) of encouragment for THE JOURNAL man. He also brought along some pork for the Crookston market.

If you are interested in increasing the profits of the farm, read our clubbing offer with Farm, Stock and Home in his issue.

Engineer Tom Adams returned from the coast last week. He left on the same evening for Ohio where his wife is at present attending her sick father. Tom will be back on the line soon.

Ladies and children's underwear at cost, at Gervais', "the hustler.

The dancing school at McKinnon Hall is progressing finely. Fifty-four couples on Tuesday evening. The school is conducted by an old experienced worker who secured his education abroad.

A movement is on foot to obtain an assistant for Judge Mills in this judicial district. Judge Ives, Judge Montague or Hon. H. Steenerson is good material to select from. The new Judge should be a Crookston man, and can be if harmony prevails.

Pete Cornelius went up to Fosston on Saturday last. Says he was surprised to see the amount of business done up there and the evidences of prosperity on every hand. By the way, we sent some statements there in December all of which we have not heard from, but hope to soon.

Gervais, "the hustler," is selling the balance of his winter cloaks, jackets and capes at about half price,

Ole Jevning's visit to our office on Tuesday brings Neby to the front among our banner post offices. We have only three more names to hear from to make our list in that office all paid up one year in advance. We live in hopes to see this accomplished on or before February 1st.

Mr. R. Casmey has completed his labors as collector for N. P. Stone and has gone to St. Paul to discharge his duties as U. S. Petit Juror. Mr. C. is one of the progressive farmers of Polk County. He is well known in this city as the builder and former owner of the Commercial Hotel.

Rev. R. H. Battey, at the Congregational church, will speak next Sunday morning on "Man in the Bible," and in the evening on "The Young Woman's Sphere." Don't be late!—11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Everybody welcome. The young folks are cordially invited to the Sunday evening lecture course.

Odd Fellows Hall has been fixed up in elegant style and the brethren now have the proud consciousness of having the finest hall in the Northwest. "Elegant" poorly expresses it and the boys feel justly proud over their nice quarters. Their enterprise should be, and doubtless will be, amply appreciated.

Geo. Campbell was over from the White Earth Reservation with a few Chips, having business before the U. S. Commissioner. George is a Becker County old timer who, when first the writer met him, was a clerk for S. A. Halgren, of Audubon. Later he was for a time a sojourner in this city. Time has transformed him into a dignified looking man of business.

Our genial little friend of The Times gets off a very—for him—witty editorial notice of our abscess. Thanks awfully, we always try to appreciate at its true value the best efforts of people in our behalf, and in this we are quite convinced that our neighbor has done his best. The Times man reminds us of Artemus Ward's remark about the monkey: "He is a amoosin' little cuss."

Jake Sletten was up from Twin Valley last week and was shown around the new opera block by its owner, T. H. Bjoin. Jake was very much surprised to see such an elegant opera house in the Northwest and says the whole building, with its steam heating apparatus is one of the most complete he has ever seen in this upper country. John was an original Becker County boy, but now makes his home in Norman County.

If any of our readers have failed to get satisfactory profits from horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, bees, fruits, grain or vegetables, they should commence at once and read every number of Farm, Stock and Home during the coming year. If ordered in connection with this paper its cost will not be felt.

Chris Houston received a telegram from Prince Edwards Island on Monday announcing the death of his mother. She was a lady upwards of 80 years of age. Chris. had been calculating to go home to see her about Christmas time, but wheat went way off about that time which rendered it impossible for him to go at that time and his mother was apparently in good health. She was sick but a short time before her death, which came suddenly.

Farmers' have you called at Sture's this week to examine the bargains he offers. If not, why not? Do you know that $12,000 worth of goods are going to be sold at from 10 to 50 per cent discount? This means a big saving on every purchase you have to make, and is certainly worth looking up. Everybody go to Sture's and see for your own selluf what Sture is prepared to do for a little money. If you want goods here is your opportunity. Now is the time to catch on.

We have received so many letters from our patrons asking a little further time, that to answer them by letter would require more time than we can spare, so we take this method of replying to one and all. We thank you for your kind expressions and will cheerfully grant the requests, most of which are for time until Feb. 1st, or before. On that date we must have $500, and we are depending upon our list to raise it, so that all who can do so will confer a great favor upon us by seeing that their remittance reaches us on or before Feb. 1st.

The Lambeth Scotch choir company was greeted with a full house on the evening of the 8th, and the audience seemed to be highly pleased, encoring almost every number to the letter. Some of the company seemed to be suffering from colds, but they good naturediy responded to the encores in every case. After the entertainment the company repaired to the residence of Hugh Robertson who, with his estimable wife, were former fellow-townsmen in old Scotland, where they met a few of our citizens. The company was well pleased with their reception here.

The Kansas Farmers' Alliance is setting an example worthy of emulation. They are forming a joint stock company to build elevators at the most important grain markets in each county with a view to handling their corn and wheat for themselves. This will enable them to control the output themselves. They will be prepared to take in grain, advancing enough money upon it to enable the farmer to pay his help, threshing and other expenses. The benefits to this country of such a system ever since the elevator system has been in vogue, are inconceivable. Such a plan would be immensurably better than some wild-cat schemes that have been advocated and would be perfectly practical This would furnish a good subject for debates at alliance meetings.

Ole A. Moen, one of the leading farmers of Fairfax, dropped in to chat with THE JOURNAL man on Tuesday. Mr. M., while he did not raise an extraordinary yield of wheat per acre this year, did raise a fine sample of No. 1 Hard and a good fair average yield. Speaking of stock, he says he has 10 fine young horses and colts, of his own raising, some of which he intends to sell, and he says he thinks this country can supply all that will be needed this spring. Says some of his neighbors are going into sheep, which he thinks will be a profitable business. Mr. M. is one of the farmers of Polk County who always calculate to make both ends meet (as the saying is) and thus far he has always succeeded admirably. Polk County has thousands of acres of land for just such wide-awake farmers.

FARMERS,

Try the Old Farmer

For Bargains!!

$12,000 worth of Coods.

Dress Flannels sold at 65 Cents,
I will sell at ....45 cents per yard.
" " Ginghams at ....8 " " "
" " Calico at ....5 " " "
" " Vinegar at ....20 cts. per gallon.
" " Catsup at ....75 " " "
" " Coffee from ....18 to 35 " " pound,
" " ....13½ pounds Sugar for $1.00.
And everything else in proportion. I will make it to your advantage to call upon me before you purchase.

A. STURE.

That Settles It.

The Duluth Tribune has sent a real live war correspondent to the front and now the hostiles will just more than tumble over themselves to get where they can surrender.

To all who have not been able to respond to the statements sent out by THE JOURNAL during December, and who have tried to do so, we will extend the offer made in those statements until Feb. 1st, the time when we need our money. We do not like to make trouble in this matter and have done everything a reasonable man could ask of us to avoid it, but every time an obligation of ours matures we are obliged to meet it in some way, and we have an idea that we have a few on our list of delinquents who are as fully able to provide for the little amount they owe us as we are to arrange for the larger amounts we owe. As we have repeatedly said, we do not ask impossibilities of any, and when any subscriber is unable to meet his obligation in full we are more than willing to do all we can for him, and have arranged the matter to the satisfaction of all who have asked. If you cannot pay at once, is it too much to ask of you to ask you to drop us a line and tell us when you can? Then we should know just what to DEPEND upon, and that is what we would like to know. Until Feb. 1st, we will accept payment of past due subscriptions on the same terms as though paid Jan. 15th on the terms of our previous offer. After that date we may adopt a different course in some cases. Not in all, for we have no desire to trouble any man who intends to pay us.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

Mr. S. Snedecker was in from Maple Lake last week and went before the board for examination for pension. Comrade Snedecker was among the early settlers of Maple Lake. He tells us that when he arrived there with his family he had only $35 to get through the winter on. However, after he had built his house he found work enough to get along very comfortably. His first team was a yoke of steers. With these he managed to get along, but slowly, and he soon became convinced that it would be a matter of economy to get a quicker, stronger team. The more he thought of it the more it seemed necessary, and having seen in THE JOURNAL that M. R. Brown had just received a carload of good work mares, he came down to see about it. Says he: "At that time I did not know Brown from Adam's off ox, so, after I had selected a team of mares that seemed to me to be just about the thing, and which Mr. Brown had recommended right up, I told him I would take them on conditions that they proved to be all he said; that if I found anything wrong with them I should bring them back to him. Mr. Brown told me that was perfectly satisfactory, and I took the team home. I have them yet and several good horses besides, all descendants of my first purchase. I am considerably handicapped by my physical condition, the result of my army experience, but if I was in good health I am not afraid but that I could achieve wealth in this country. I consider the showing that I have been able to make, handicapped as I have been, speaks volumes for the capabilities of this country."

NOTICE.

I have purchased all notes and book accounts of the old firm of Stewart and Spottswood, dissolved, and request a settlement at once.

[38-41] WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

FOR SALE.

A fine full blood Holstein-Friesian bull, about eight months old. For particulars apply to C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or call at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Our St. Paul Letter.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 8, 1891.

ED. POLK COUNTY JOURNAL:—After three days of legislative work, which to me (an old moss back) is something about as I had pictured in my mind, yet much, very much, to learn in this new work. Arriving in St. Paul Monday, we came in contact with many members of this (high) body, and all, or nearly all, having some dear friend whom they wished to see in some office, high or low, made but little difference. It did not take many days before my pockets were filled with cards, carrying, the name of some man who wished me to support him in candidacy. Why yes, I am so thankful my friends (if I have any) did load me down with applications or to ask for something in this session. Never before in the history of the great State of Minnesota was there ever three distinct parties represented in the House and Senate, each party seeking supremacy in the election of Speaker, each party holding hard the party lines, and for three days the contestants grew more confident of success.

Committees, after long sessions, could not agree, and the deadlock threatened to be long. After conferring with the democratic committee several times with little or no prospect of success, the alliance and republicans had one meeting only—the republican terms being the Speaker or nothing, which our alliance members could not give to them, which meant nothing for the alliance party, as our alliance party is strong and has come to stay, as I hope the record of this winter will show to the people; yet the party is young, and may be led by force or necessity to do some things that our constituents may think wrong. Believing as I do that the members elect of the alliance party feel and know that the state and nation are watching their action, they will strive with might and main to do for the people all in their power.

You will know long before these lines reach you, the result of the first seven ballots of the House for Speaker, each ballot standing nearly as follows: Searles, (Rep.) 41; Stivers, (Dem.) 41; Champlin, (Alliance) 32. Total 114. By a unanimous agreement between the alliance and democratic parties this afternoon, the alliance candidate, Hon. E. T. Champlin, of Blue Earth County, was elected Speaker. After the House was called to order, Hon. Mr. Stivers, democratic candidate for Speaker, arose and in a very manly manner, withdrew, and asked his democratic friends to vote for Mr. Champlin, as by so doing the House might be organized at once and proceed with the work before it. The roll being called, the result was as follows: Searles, (Rep.) 40; Champlin, 72. Total 112. Three members were appointed to wait on Mr. Champlin and notify him of his election as Speaker of the House. His entrance to the House, led by J. J. Furlong and followed by the other members of the committee, was the signal for loud cheers and shouts from all, after which Mr. Searles, republican candidate for speaker, made a short speech and asked his friends to make it a unanimous vote, and then another outburst of "good," "bully for you" &c., came from all. The House adjourned and the Speaker was besieged by boys, black and white, who were anxious to be appointed pages; they took him by the hand and his garments and blocked his way for a time.

Following are officers of the House: Chief Clerk, Smalley; 1st Ass't Clerk, O'Brien; 2d Ass't Clerk, Moody; Enrolling Clerk, Haynes; Engrossing Clerk, Warren: Sergeant at Arms, Plowman; Ass't Sergeant at Arms, Egan; Postmaster, Normandin; Chaplain, Wilkinson,

The Governor's message will be delivered to the two houses on Wednesday next. Adjourned till Tuesday next at 12 noon. Thus ends the 1st week.

BADGER BILL.

Our Dumb Animals.

We have read this excellent sheet for some time and are prepared to recommend it highly. The Tourist and Traveller, of Chicago, says:

There are papers and papers in this great and good country of ours, but no journal on earth has a grander, nobler object than has "Our Dumb Animals," an attractive monthly periodical, published at Boston. It seeks to protect dumb animals and to carry humane education throughout the continent. What better object could or does any paper serve? "Our Dumb Animals should be a regular monthly visitor to every household in the land. None, young or old, can read it without being the better for it. Mr. Geo. T. Angell's heart and soul are in his work. His object is not money. To all who will listen, he desires merely to "speak for those who cannot speak for themselves."

* * * *

Another mighty agent for good is the wonderful story of "Black Beauty," an autobiography of a noble, patient and willing horse. These two publications should be placed in the hands of every driver of delivery wagons, cabmen, cartmen, teamsters, and all others. In fact, this beautiful story will do good to everybody. The heart that is not touched by it belongs not in the human body.

Black Beauty has been translated into many different languages It reached an issue of 216,000 copies within the first eight months of its publication. It is now being translated into Italian, French, German, Spanish, and Volapuk. Address Geo. T. Angell, No. 19 Milk St., Boston, Mass.

Departed This Life.

Miss Elizabeth F. Hager Dies in Philadelphia.

Grand Forks Herald,

The following telegram was received by the Herald late last evening, and contains the announcement of the death of a lady well known and highly esteemed in St. Thomas—Miss Elizabeth F. Hager:

ST. THOMAS. N. D. Jan. 12.—Miss Elizabeth F. Hager, sister of Grant and Jacob P. Hager, died very suddenly on Sunday last, Jen. 11th, in Philadelphia, Pa. Mr. Grant Hager was with his sister at the time of her death and was deeply affected by her departure. Miss Hager has been for years the teacher in the primary department of St. Thomas schools and was most highly regarded by all; the funeral and interment will be at Rome, N. Y.

Fisher Items.

From The Bulletin,

Mr. Robert Coulter of Mallory. who had the misfortune to break his arm a few days ago, congratulates himself that the injury is rapidly adjusting itself to a comfortable basis, but fears, that owing to the haste in which the fractured member was handled by the physician, that an undersirable crook will be noticeable in the arm when it regains its normal condition. Robert says, however, that the extra crook will not interfere with any calico environment which he may be called upon to perform.

Miss Lizzie Zarracher, the accomplished daughter of ex-Sheriff Zarracher, has been appointed teacher in the intermediate department of the Fisher public school.

Marshall County Leader:—Mr. Nelzer, the Crookston architect, was down Monday to submit to Mr. Schafer plans for his hotel. With a few changes the plans met with approval. The building as proposed will be three stories high with a frontage on Pacific avenue of sixty feet and on Fifth street of forty-seven feet. The interior is a model of convenience and comfort. It will be the finest hotel north of Crookton to say the least.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first-class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

Ladies, in your shopping expeditions you have not neglected to call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery emporium, have you? Of course not, for Mrs. B. has given notice that all those lovely hats must go at startlingly low figures.

For Sale.

A fine new milch cow, five years old. Call on C. Snyder, Sec. 8, Crookston, or at JOURNAL office.

[First publication Jan. 15th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Jan. 13th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ole C. Bergland, administrator of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining an allowing his account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to heirs.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 10th day of February, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 13th day of January, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[39-41] Judge of Probate.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

—o—

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

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105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

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NEWBY & EVANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON, PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FOR SALE
CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and harness.

Chas. M. Lowe,
The Loan Agent

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

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Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Hardware Stock and Fixtures for Sale.

I Have Recently Purchased the Business

—OF—

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD,

And now Wish to Retire from Business in Crookston.

For information regarding this stock call at the store and inquire for A. M. Stewart.

ALL accounts and notes must be SETTLED AT ONCE, and no more credit granted. Call in and see some of the Bargains offered.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Minnesota's Pension Claim Law.

Minneapolis Journal.

Congress will probably see that the fees of pension claim attorneys are cut down this session. A bill for that purpose has started on its way through the houses and it ought to have no impediment. Such action ought to have been taken long ago. It would have saved the veterans millions of money.

If every state in the Union had a law like that of Minnesota touching pension claims, the ex-soldiers would have generally fared better, and the pension attorneys would have been put on short rations. In this state the adjutant general's department prosecutes pension claims against the general government free of charge. That department has been collecting from $40,000 to $50,000 a year in such claims, saving many thousands of dollars to the ex-soldiers.

That is good service and it is appreciated. It would be well if such provision was in full force in each state and utilized by the veterans. It would lop off a most flagrant abuse of our pension system.

St. Paul Midway News:—The New York Financeer is out with a strong article exposing the means employed by railroad magnates to control roads, without any investment of their own. The article is full of astonishing facts, indicating the awful looseness with which the public relations of such corporations are conducted. It seems that many roads are kept from paying dividends on stock, while paying interests on enormous blocks, and paying the most princely salaries—for the purpose of having a vast number of stocks change hands without "registering" the change. Then the magnates buy up proxy "right" to vote shares of stock for a small sum. In this way men have controlled railways who did not own a share of stock. This is only one exposure of the looseness in regard to these matters. Stockholders live in scattered sections of the country. Hundreds of them, representing millions of stocks, do not know anything about the meetings called for election of trustees—never hear of them and never go. In this way Jay Gould obtained possession of his vast system, and Jim Fiske his former partner, became a railway prince out of nothing. It shows more clearly than ever that the government should take railroad under control.

To Swindle Farmers.

Northwestern Agriculturist.

Agents are wanted in every county and township in the United States to swindle the farmers "by which from $5 to $50 per day can be made." It is easily done, and lots of money in it. Forty per cent beside traveling expenses to sell trees, books, patent right, lightning rods, territorial rights and many other contemptible things which a glib tongue can gloss over with the roseate hues of the rainbow. The agents must have eyes like a basilisk, tongue like serpents, consciences like gutta percha, and they must be experts in all of the qualities of their profession, as the field is crowded, and competition close and active. But the field is ripe for the harvest. The farmers are hungering and thirsting for all sorts of opportunities to be fleeced and swindled. If the agents who apply for employment are too numerous for the humbug agricultural implements, and the diseases and discarded fruite trees, they can be profitably sent out temporarily to get up innocent purchaser notes of the best farmers. And the agents must be able to discriminate so as to rope in none but the farmers of credit and means to pay the note. These agents must apply to note shavers, brokers and sharpers who are always ready and innocently waiting to buy up at 60 per cent discount, any notes given for bogus fruit trees, territorial patent rights lightning rod swindlers, organs, or other contemptible devices which stand between the farmer and prosperity. No one need apply for employment in this grand army of infernal sneaks and renegades, unless they are graduates of the school of deception, deceit and misrepresentation. They must be able to dissemble at a gnat and to swallow a whale in any of their business transactions. They must be so economical as to shun all public houses, but invariably spunge their traveling expenses from the farmers. The finer the clothes and the more expensive rig the better, as such things by their glare make such deep impressions on farmers, as none but gentlemen could make such a show. Farmers always get down on their knees to fine clothes and fine horses, and beg to be swindled in the most fashionable style. There is therefore a large demand for agents, for "the field is whitening to the harvest."

C. F. CLARKSON.

Lake Breeze:—The man who is good for his debts, and knows that he is and also know that you know he is, is the worst stick imaginable. Knowing he is good for his debts he never pays, and the money he owes you would pay your bill at the grocers': the grocer would thus be enabled to pay the butcher, and the butcher the baker, and so on. This is about the true secret of hard times. If you can't get money that is owing you, you can't pay your bills, and consequently the men you owe can't pay theirs. If men who are able would only condescend to pay their bills they can readily see that it would tend to make good times instead of the present stringency.

Vineland Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company.

NEBY, Minn., Jan. 10, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: The Vineland Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company held its sixth annual meeting here on January 9th, there being a large attendance of members from throughout the townships. P. O. Satermo, presided at the meeting, and E. O. Stortroen acted as secretary. The following persons were elected directors for the ensuing year: Christopher Houston, of Andover; Chr. Urseth, of Fisher; Andrew Thompson, of Hubbard; John Knudson, of Lowell; Fred Worden, of Bygland; Ole F. Bruen, of Tynsid; P. O. Satermo, E. O. Stortroen and Ole E. Estenson, Vineland.

Besides the above mentioned townships there are five more in which the company are authorized to do business, namely: Roome, Fairfax, Nesbit, Crookston and Kertsonville. Although this company has been in existence for six years, its progress seems to be rather slow, owing, as I think, to its being so little known throughout the townships. I have therefore to-day gathered a few statements out of the Treasurer's annual report for each year, and arranged same so it can be easily understood, so that any farmer who will take the trouble to look at these figures and compare same with what they are paying for insurance elsewhere, will soon see the difference and the benefits of having his property insured in this company.

	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
No. of policies in force Dec. 31st	65	70	80	101	115	122
Am't of insurance	$73,965	$78,907	$93,060	$122,914	$143,826	$162,680
Cash on hand Dec. 31st of previous year		106.38	53.92	30.75	147.14	230.41
Rec'd from membership during the year	130.00	10.00	24.00	58.00	52.00	96.00
Rec't from assessment during the year				89.00	109.22	145.07
Rec'd from all other sources	32.50	3 50	11.00		3.10	13.28
Losses incurred during the year		20.00	14 67		16.00	152.00
Losses paid during the year		20.00	14.67		16.00	152 00
All other expenditures	56.18	45 90	43.50	30.61	65.06	60.10
Balance on hand	106.32	53.92	30.75	147.18	230.41	172.66

Immediately after the adjournment of the meeting the directors gathered and organized by electing P. O. Satermo, President, Erik O. Stortroen, Secretary, and Ole O. Eetenson, Treasurer.

P. O. ESTENSON.

The Land monopoly

The Duluth Weekly News.

John W. Bookwalter, the millionaire of Springfield, O., predicts that the next boom is the United States is going to be in farm lands, as nearly all the good lands are now taken up and in a few years consumers of farm produce will be making heavier demands upon the producers. Although it is true that nearly all the good land of the country has been gobbled up, largely by railroads and other corporations, yet there is plenty that has never been tilled, to easily support a population ten times as great as the United States now contains, however, Mr. Bookwalter's prediction will undoubtedly prove true, for as soon as all the government land is taken then the farmers will begin seeking the immense areas held by capitalists, corporate and private. Then the capitalists speculators will take advantage of the demand, prices will increase and there will be a boom in farm lands, by which the capitalists, land owners and speculators will benefit.

Every year the land of this country passes into fewer hands and if the present systems of taxation and money lending are continued it will not be so very many years until the farms of the nation will be owned by a few people and the farmers will be renters. The rapidity with which vast fortunes have been piled up within the past decade shows the tendency of the times. These fortunes were not earned—but many of them were secured by means that the law would recognize as legitimate. They are principally the accumulations resulting from real estate speculation and the levying of tribute upon labor. Capitalists, by holding unused land, force up the price of all land and consequently benefit by the increase in value—something they have never earned. As a consequence, it is but natural to expect that as soon as all the valuable farming lands are taken out of the government's hands there will be a boom in farm lands.

The Henry George single-tax theorists claim that their plan is the only safe one to prevent these unjust accumulations from land holdings; by deriving all taxes from land they would compeal a man to use his holdings or let them go to someone who would use them. The single tax plan has many supporters in the United States to-day and the number is constantly and rapidly increasing. Whether this will prove a cure for the cures of landordism remains to be seen, but it is altogether probable that the time is soon coming when it will be given a trial. When the trial is made it should be a fair one.

There is one thing certain; Somethings must be done to check the aggressions of the capital in the United States or in less than fifty years the wealth of this nation—the richest under the sun—will be in a comparatively few hands, while the masses will be in a condition of dependence and poverty. This boasted nation of liberty is not free so long as one man must pay tribute to another.

The present tariff system, the present usury system and the present landlord system make many men pay tribute to a few, and the last will prove the worst of all when the time arrives that the government has no more land to give for the asking.

Duluth weekly News:—The Minnesota Alliance platform begins with a plank that will meet the favor of eight tenths of the people of the state. It is stated in language too plain to be misunderstood that such luxuries as tobacco and wiskey shall in no manner be relieved from internal taxation until the high protective tariff has been wholly deprived of its extortions. It is the extortions and not the "protection" of the tariff that makes it a burden to the farmers and wage earners. The great trouble is the McKinly bill fails to distinguish between extortion and protection and for that reason the Alliance terms it the "crowning infamy of protection."

The January Wide Awake has a delightfully festal and holiday character; all the stories, poems and pictures are of a high order. Susan Coolidge opens the number with an old-world story, "The Wolves of St. Gervas," telling how a particularly jolly winter feast was partaken of by other than the bidden guests. Mrs. Burton Harrison, the author of "The Anglomaniacs," begins a two-part girl's story with the old fairy-tale title, "Diamonds and Toads." Elbridge S. Brooks has a long Christmas story, "Twixt Ebb and Flood." Mrs. Frances A. Humphrey tells a true tale of old fighting times, entitled "How my Little Grandpa found his Grandmamma." Mrs. Adeline A. Knight has an amusing sketch, "The Story of a Year," showing how a little sister reformed her brother. The artistic feature of the number is the article about "Boston's Girl Sculptor," Miss Theo Alice Ruggles, whose work attracted so much attention in the Paris Salon of 1889; two striking portraits are given of Miss Ruggles, also photographs of her work. Other good articles, are "The Cooks of Basle," by Amanda B. Harris, "Cocoa-nut Mail," by Ernest Ingersoll, "Australian Tree Climbing," by H. W. Henshaw of the Smithsonian Institution, "Drawing of the Child Figure," by Caroline A. Kimmer (with prizes), and "Some Problems in Horology," for the Latin and High School students (with prizes), by E. H. Hawley of the Smithsonian Institution. The serials are a feast in themselves: Five Little Peppers Grown Up," by Margaret Sidney, "Cab and Caboose" by Kirk Munroe, and "Marietta's Good Times," by M. Ambrosi. The poems are by Clara Doty Bates and Emilie Poulsson.

Wide Awake is $2,40 a year. D. Lothrop Company Boston, Mass.

A "Specimen Brick."

The above expression was common enough a few years ago, but has now been relegated to a back seat by some of the newer slang. But few people know how much of a "chestnut" the phrase really is—supposing it to have been born in the days of their fathers. Its real age is not less than three thousand years, for an old Greek writer of fables and parables uses it in a short story. A man wished to sell a brick house. The purchaser not being able to go and look at the property the owner dug a single brick out of the wall and carried it to his customer, that he might judge what sort of a house he was trading for. "Speciman bricks" from "The Burlington" are speed, safety, sure connections attention, solid comfort living up to promises,—in short all those things that make a perfect railroad. Tickets, time-tables, and any information needed can be obtained from the local agent of this or connecting lines or by addressing W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R. St. Paul, Minn.

Minneapolis Journal—The Lambeth choir from Glasgow, Scotland, entertained a large audience at the Lyceum last night with Scotch, Irish and cosmopolitan songs. The choir consists of eight voices and its part songs were for the most part delightfully rendered. The solo work fell to Miss Kate Sherry, a pure soprano of excellent style, but somewhat limited range: James Moir, a tenor of much sweetness; Miss Bowie, a contralo, whose ballads seemed to please the numerous Scotchmen present, and V. Graham, a baritone, whose style, execution and voice were the best of the choir; Mr. Patrick, the second bass, sang a humorous Irish song with an inimitable brogue and scored the hit of the evening. He should be in comic opera for he is a natural buffo. After the concert the Caledonian club tendered the choir and its venerable leader a reception at its rooms.

Marshall County Leader:—Mr. C. C. Shapleigh and bride arrived Tuesday and proceeded at once to establish themselves in their cozy little home. Supt. Jenks sent his private car with them from Crookston. Our reporter peeped in by permission after the wedding presents had been unpacked and could not begin to tell their loveliness and elegance.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

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On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
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Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

NEW CIGAR STORE,
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor
Second Street,
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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all; from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.

E. STEENERSON,
Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. CALL ON ELI!

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Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
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(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
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SHORTEST, —BEST.— —QUICKEST.
This is the "Yellowstone Park and Dining Car Route."

Lowest Rates to Chicago and All Points East. Tickets sold to all prominent points throughout the East and Southeast.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars through to St. Paul.

TO EAST BOUND PASSENGERS.
Be careful not to make a mistake, but be sure to take the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. and see that your ticket reads via St. Paul, Minneapolis or Duluth. Only line traversing Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS, DINING CARS AND COLONIST SLEEPERS
On Pacific Coast Express Trains Daily. This line offers special attractions to California tourists.
An elegant coach runs through between Crookston and St. Paul. Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars between Grand Forks and St. Paul. Dining Cars on all trains.
For full information concerning rates time, etc., call on or address your nearest ticket agent, or
CHAS. S. FEE, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.
E L. HARRISON, Agent Crookston, Min

Crookston Meat Market
E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
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Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

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Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
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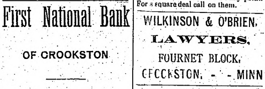
MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
Farmers custom speciallyinvited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

BEST WEEKLY AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL.
$1.00 PER YEAR. ESTABLISHED AT CHICAGO, IN 1841. $1.00 PER YEAR.



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Lumber, Building Paper,
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ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—
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You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
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Interest on time deposits.
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Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
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NORTHWEST
Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. — LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. — Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth. — In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. — Hunting Fishing.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

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I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

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Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 15, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
9:03 p. m.	St. Paul	[illegible] a. m.
[illegible]	Minneapolis	10:35
[illegible]	Duluth	7:00
[illegible]	Winnipeg Jc.	12:55 p. m.
[illegible]	CROOKSTON	7:10
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:00 p. m.	Pembina	1:25 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:25 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:35 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. 4:00 p. m.

Controlling Railrods

The Western Rural,

One of our daily papers says that the report by Attorney General Leese of Nebraska, setting forth what are apparently the two alternatives of railroad control for the future is a powerful document. It presents a strong array of facts, and if some of the statements may be objected to as trite they are none the less true. He concedes the claim that the owners of stock in railroad corporations are entitled to a fair return of the money they have invested, but insists they have no right to any more than that, He then states it as a notorious fact that in many instances the only money invested in the railroad is that deriven from the sale af bonds, the stock to an equal amount being issued gratuitously to the shareholders, who then want the people of the State to pay full dividende on it in the shape of extortionate charges for transportation. This is not only wrong as a matter of equity, but in direct violation of the law, which provides that the capital cannot exceed the actual cost of the property and that any fictitious increase of capital stock or other indebtedness of any such corporations shall be void. He says it is admitted that the railroads in Nebraska have outstanding stock to a large amount that has not been issued for money, labor, or property, and the several reports of these railroads show dividends on all such stock. Yet it is now proposed to bring those and other lines under an automatic control for the purpose of further increasing the burdens of the people, making them pay larger dividends on this fictitious capital.

Mr. Leese thinks the only remedy for all this is that the government should assume the control and ownership of all the railroads and being by taking persession of the Union Pacific by foreclosing its lien upon that property. There can be no question that the last named act would be one of strict justice. The government has a right to control the road in the interests of the people, and ought to do so, because the transportation company is ostensibly a servant of the public and has committed itself to the responsibilities of that position by receiving important aid in such capacity.

After noticing the report our contemporary comments as follows. The government has a moral as well as a legal right to see that all its citizens are dealt with on equal and just terms, but it could only obtain ownership of all the railroads by purchase or confiscation. To buy out all the lines in the country at the extravagant valuation now fixed on them by their manipulators and the further appreciation that would be insisted on if there were a prospect of such legislation being pushed through, could only be done by saddling on the people a far heavier load than the one they are now carrying. It would mean the buying out of the property at far more than its actual worth and taxing the present as well as future generation to pay the debt. It is not difficult to fancy Jay Gould laughing in his sleeve at the prospect of the nation legalizing a vast amount of problematical stuff now held by him and others, and undertaking to turn into solid substance untold millions of dirty water that has been injected into the railroad system of the country. Yet this is what would have to be done unless the buyers insisted on cutting the purchasing price in two, under protest from the unwilling seller, or paying the bill in fiat money. Either of these two couses would be an act so arbitrary and unfair as to deserve to rank only with the policies of an unenlightened age. The first would be bold robbery, and as such hooted at by the whole sivilized world; the second commercial suicide and national bankruptcy. The farmers do not want any such result as that, and therefore should not indorse the advocacy of such an unwise policy, though made by a well-meaning friend. Still it is only natural that the threat of a monopolistic combination should provoke an attitude of reprisal against the railroad magnate and even lead sensible men to propose measures that are indefensible. The Leese utterance is only one of many which may be expected to be provoked by the menace of a combine to place the farming classes at its mercy and once more institute and enforce the policy of making the traffic pay all it can bear,

The Western Rural often wonders if the [illegible] of the daily paper upon such questions as this are really honest or made simple to fill space. If this government concluded that it would buy the railroads, it would not go into the market to buy wind. It would not make an offer for Jay Gould's watered stock and there would not be the slightest necessity of its doing so. The government can wipe out of existence all this watered stock as easily as a hand can be turned over. It need only be provided that roads shall be permitted to earn only a reasonable profit on their actual value, and away goes the watered stock.

An Alliance Policy Outlined.

By Thomas Dow, National Economist.

The political disturbance that the Alliance has created in the old parties in the recent elections must have its effects on the intelligent, thinking masses of this great commonwealth. Opening their eyes to the fact that the farmers are a living, moving factor in the politics of our country; that there are grave political issues affecting interests which have driven them into combinations to protect themselyes against the combinations that are being protected and fostered by the national government at their expense. And the Alliance has been the means of bringing to light and exposing the class legislation that has been enacted and carried out by Congress in the interests of capital in combination to acquire control of the currency of this country, the effects of which is now felt by every producer from the soil and every citizen depending on their prosperity. The people now see that the various acts of Congress this last twenty years were nothing less or more than a grand tissue of legislation to control our currency and build up immense fortunes at the expense of the farmer or producers of this wonderful country. These facts, presented to the people in their true light by our capable and honest leaders, have demonstrated to the old parties and their leaders that they are losing their grip on the great mass of farmers whom they have betrayed. Justly have they turned away from their old party traitors who have brought about a condition of things most alarming, and now requring sudden reversal. in our monentary system to bring back to prosperity to the farmers, the first producers of all wealth; and that by a system of legislation at once radical and on a true national basis, money direct to the people upon soil products, with proper safeguards, and upon lands in sufficient quantities to insure safety to the government advances, and as properties and products increase in value so should our currency or medium increase in volume. Money, the medium for exchange, to be held in control by the rate of interest, and the rate of interest never to exceed the cost of manufacturing or coining said moneys issued direct to the people upon their properties, with an issue of money at cost rates to the people, would at once revolutionize and bring about an era of prosperity to the farmers, the producers of all wealth. In all reason, why should we pay more than the cost of manufacturing this necessity—a necessity of our own creation? Why should we hand it over to an incorporated body of our citizens to control and fix rates of interest for us, and thereby reap all benefits? Why, I repeat, should we give special benefits to any body of our citizen? Why give the control of the monetary or banking department of our government Post Office Department, railroad and telegraph department, or any other department that belongs to the people? Who would say incorporate a company to control the army and navy? Would not such power be dangerous to the people?

Yet the people have allowed their government to hand over to a privileged body of citizens one of the most important governmental departments, and the result, wealth accumulating in their hands by the unscrupulous use of power given them, able to dictate rates and tariffs, and enslave nation of soil producers. Many ask how did the bankers of this country get this power. The question is easy answered; by keeping the farmers blindly following party, while they get the offices and legislate millions of the people's money into their own pockets. But the Alliance has exposed chartered robbery, and by introducing the subtreasury bill has produced a political convulsion and spread consternation amongst the leaders of both parties. But the Alliance commends itself to the great mass of intelligent farmers whose eyes are now turned toward our brave patriotic and able leaders to work out to completion the great national reforms which the Alliance advocates, and in every victory gather strength at every stride. But we should advance yes advance to further successes, and to carry out the first principal in our platform. Our Alliance, thorough its leaders, should formulate a carfully prepared banking bill to present to Congress, establishing a system based on land, and abolish the presents gold basis or standard, which is fictitious uncertain and too easily manipulated by the cunning money leeches who always will be able to get legislation in their own interests so long as gold is kept as the sole or pivotal standard, by or on which all other moneys are valuable. But a banking and monetary system based on the people's land, honestly administered, would be a national blessing, a boon compared to the present monetary system. It does not need a great stretch of foresight to see that the land basis system would bring in an era of prosperity and the gradual diffusing of wealth from the few to the many, or, in other words, leaving greatest part of wealth in first hands, and farmers and miners are first,

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[First publication Jan. 1st, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Dec. 30th, 1890.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Johnson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mathilda Johnson, administratrix of the estate of Andrew Johnson, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining an allowing her account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to heirs.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 30th day of December, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.

[37-39]

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 18th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $353.68. besides $14.47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00. Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale.

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Attorney for assignee.

[36-42]

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MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried, of Polk County, Minnesota, to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 403; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south-west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890.

JAMES M. HAWLEY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.

[35-41]

[First publication Jan. 8th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 2d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Finlayson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of sa'd deceased being this day granted unto Agnes Finlayson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, on Monday, the 6th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the second day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.

[38-40]

(First publication Dec. 4th, 1890.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. John McLean, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Crookston, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of three thousand three hundred thirty-nine dollars and sixty cents, with interest at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 17th day of July, A. D. 1890, on the sum of $947.10, and from the 14th day of [illegible] together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated November 20th, 1890.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney, Crookston, Minn.

[36-40]

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But read the records of cases in our book on Compound Oxygen. You will find that burdens as heavy as yours have been removed by the Compound Oxygen Treatment. There you will find hundreds of testimonials from patients who have been cured of chronic and obstinate diseases:

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What is Money?

By Constantine Champion, Logansport, Ind.

It is evident to my mind, after reading John S. De Hart, that either he or myself is seriously lost in the mazes of finance. He says,"I define money as anything that is legal tender." He, then, would say that money is something that has dimensions; something that has body or parts; a portion of some material substance. In reply to which I would say to him, that his idea of "money" is an absolute impossibility. Money has no value, never can have. No person has ever seen money—no person ever will see money. Money has no weight, dimension, body or parts. Money is only known by some visible, tangible material substance, by or through which it is represented. Then what is money? Money is the name of that particular authority which attaches to a portion of some material substance by virtue of a certain impress put upon it and makes it a legal tender for debt. To illustrate; Any substance, let it be iron, brass, copper, nickel, silver, gold or paper—any substance for that matter, bearing the impress that represents money—authority—is a legal tender debt anywhere within the jurisdiction of our government, and we are all compelled to receive it as such. Because we are all compelled to receive it as such, it becomes current among our whole people, and therefore the currency of the nation. But Mr. De Hart, if you should take any part of our currency, and cross the boundary line of our national authority, such currency would cease at once to represent money. The money and curreuoy would separate at the line. The money—authority—being compelled to remain within the line, while the currency goes on beyond.

The currency may stay beyond the line one day or ten years, but nowhere does it represent money—not being a legal tender for debt. But, Mr. De Hart, the moment you recross the boundary line money—authority—attaches to the currency at once, by virtue of the impress it bears, and it becomes the representative of money and legal tender for debt. Such, Mr De Hart, is what money is. Neither should it be forgotton that money currency, or dollars, contain no value of any kind whatsoever, never did and never can.

Farm View (Porterville, Cal.) says:

Now, that the Farmers Alliance has gotten to be a power in the land, the old political party workers will endeavor to coax them off their trail by passing resolutions squinting in the various directions farmers think desirable, but doing nothing to relieve their necessities permanently. A little more silver will be coined, tariff reduced perhaps on some things, promises made and bills introduced to any great extent. They killed of the Greenback party in this way and then went on with their old cinch games again.

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JOHN CROMB,
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SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 22, 1891. NO. 40.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

EXTRACT

From Governor Merriam's Message.

What He Says Of Grain Inspection.

"One of the important interests intrusted to the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners is the inspection and weighing of grain. I confess to approaching this subject with diffidence, as I am not entirely positive whether our present system is all that can be desired. The grading of wheat is not an exact science, but is largely a matter of individual judgment. Grain experts will not always agree, and as a result there is frequently a divergence of opinion between inspectors in the country and at terminal points of so marked a character as to produce much confusion and often dissatisfaction. I have addressed communications to many of the leading farmers of the State as well as to some of the prominent receivers of wheat, and with practical unanimity they concur in the opinion that the law, in its present form, with possibly some slight amendments, is as effective as any enactment that can be devised for the purpose intended. Some suggest that a board of appeal be provided at each terminal point to adjust any question of grades arising in connection with inspection. This I deem to be a wise suggestion. The problem of grading at local stations is more difficult to solve. It would be impracticable to maintain State inspection at the thousand and one points throughout the State where grain is bought, and therefore it would seem as if the small shipper must avail himself of the right to ship his wheat direct to the receiving points, and demand State inspection and weights in case he is dissatisfied with the inspection of the local elevator agent. I am well aware that many hardships arise from undergrading at country stations, but I see no way by which this difficulty can be overcome save in the manner indicated."

THE JOURNAL cannot conceive how it is possible for any man knowing anything about the condition of the wheat market in this Valley, to be in doubt as to the present system being all that can be desired, when it is a fact that a poor farmer cannot sell his grain to as good advantage as a rich one can; that in order to get anything like a fair show he must ship his wheat himself. How can the small farmer, who raises from 30 to 75 acres of wheat, who lives remote from a railroad, who farms with oxen, ship his own wheat? In a market of competitive buyers, where every man has a free right to erect a small flat-house, and proper facilities furnished him so to do, this would not be necessary, as in that case the farmer could realize all his wheat is worth in his own market. It is possible that a board of appeal might be of great advantage, but we think that a board of inspectors appointed for their merits alone, consisting of men who are not in the employ of elevator companies nor in any way connected with them, would be a far better thing. How can anything like efficiency be expected from a force appointed simply for political reasons without regard to their qualifications? When the leaders of the elevator system are given the appointment of the men who are to make the grades, is it not reasonable to suppose that they will select for the purpose men who will make the grades in the interest of the elevators? Let the farmers have the appointing of these officials once and see how that would work. Make the railroad companies receive wheat just as they are obliged to other kinds of freights and see how that would work. Elect the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, also the Chief Inspectors and the Chief Weighers by a vote of the people, and see how that would work. THE JOURNAL has seen thousands of dollars annually taken out of this county wrongfully, money that our hard working farmers have honestly earned, and we protest against the system that permits it. Certain politicians, who are making big money out of this system, and who are ambitious for political preferment, take exceptions to THE JOURNAL'S stand on this question and are trying to injure us all they can, because, in supporting the cause of the people we are obliged to step on their pet ambitions. It is for the interest of these politicians to have these appointments continue to be made in the manner in which they are at present, as it is a strong lever for them to use. It is for the interest of the people to have a change in the method of constructing the Board. Which is of most importance to the welfare of this country, the success of ambitious politicians or the success of the farmer? There is no question in our mind on this point; this is, in fact, the living issue of the day to the dweller of the Red River Valley, fraught with far more importance than mere party success. All who care more for mere political success than they do for the true welfare of the country, will oppose THE JOURNAL, but every man who cares to see right prevail in our market will aid us in the work. We supported S. M. Owen for governor because we were assured that he would not allow the will of railroad and elevator companies to prevail against the best interests of the people. He has clearly defined ideas on the subject of grain inspection, and had he been elected, reform would have followed immediately, and for the sake of those who suffer under the present grain system, as administered, we are truly sorry that, after two years experience, our Governor does not know whether he can recommend the present system or not. It does not augur well for the relief that is imperatively demanded.

Duluth & Winnipeg.

A Report of the Work Submitted to the Construction Company.

DULUTH, Special Telegram to Pioneer Press, Jan. 13.—At the late meeting of the board of directors of the Duluth & Winnipeg road, known as the North Star Construction company, the report submitted for the year's work stated:

It is possible for us, by building a line six miles long to the Northern Pacific road, to make satisfactory arrangements for entry to Duluth and West Superior over that road. We have also surveyed an independent line from Cloquet to Duluth—an excellent line eight miles shorter than any present road; but for a part of the distance the work will be heavy and the grade steep.

In the year of its operation the Duluth & Winnipeg has shown gross earnings of $56,173; net $23,000. The report shows total expenditures for construction of the Duluth & Winnepeg of $1,539,000, while $11,500 and $260,950 have been respectively spent on the Duluth & Winnipeg road and the North Star Iron company.

There are now on hand at the present terminals of the road steel rails for twenty miles of track, track bolts for thirty-five miles and bolts for fifty-two miles.

The Duluth & Winnipeg will build a spur track a distance of eight miles to the scene of the recent discoveries of iron ore in section 36, township 55, range 26. About fifty tons of 62 per cent Bessemer ore lies on the dump at the mine.

FOR ALL TASTES.

The February Peterson offers this rare combination. The Magazine is one of the best among periodicals for ladies and families. It has gone on steadily improving, always gaining in popularity, and now in its fiftieth year appears as fresh and modern as if in opening season. The excellence of its illustrations and its high literary merit would of themselves, give any magazine a standard repitation, but Peterson adds fashion and house-hold department which are invaluable to every woman. There is nothing that can contribute to the comfort of home which is not brought to the notice of its readers. The car of children, the aged and sick; table recipes the management of dinners and parties, housefurnishing and decoration, and learning the best and simplest way of doing everything, are fully described and taught in this admirable publication. It has been for many years a most welcome visitor in our household and we cannot too warmly commend it to persons in search of a monthly periodical which will afford interest, amusement and information for the entire family circle. Terms two dollars a year, and reduced rates to clubs: Address PETERSON MAGAZINE COMPANY, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Mr. Andrew Kull's Ideas.

Prairie Farmer.

With your kind permission I desire to reply to several views recently set forth in The Prairie Farmer, and in particular to the article on page 703 by Prof. J. E. Elsom, which is thoughtful and should be heeded, though it heaps a bitter reflection upon injury. I do not wish to question but it emanates from the best of motives. It is only too true as regards education and general knowledge, which the writer well says lacks development among farmers, "the bone and sinew of the land." Yes, forty-six one-hundreths of the American people. Think of it! Represented in Congress the last ten years by about three of the kind. Surely farmers merit the lash. As a class they have shown very little use of their heads until quite recently. Statistics, however, show that they have been doing something for somebody if not for themselves. Still, close acquaintance with farming enables a man sometimes to see things plainer and more as they are in every day life on the farm, than can be seen from any professional observatory.

There are very grave reasons for the exact conditions so ably charged which in thirty years experience as a farmer, I have taken the time to see, and while not as proud of being called a farmer, with all the term now implies, as once, it is yet a noble employment in which the conditions are liable to be changed for the better without much ceremony, some fine morning, by the application to the government of a little horse sense. If we are not as polished educationally as we might or should be, it must also be conceded that steady continued physical effort ranging from 12 to 15 hours a day the year round, is not conducive to mind cultivation on out-of-the-way subjects, but rather repulsive. The preservation of that vitality necessary to the endurance demands rest for the time when the farmer is not at work. Go to the average farmer and ask him why he does not read more? Why he is not better informed? and the answer will be: "I have not got the time to read and post myself. When my day's work is done I am too tired!" Who knows better than he whereof he speaks? True there are exceptions, and it is more than probable that no other class receive such useful training or so good a common school education, or yield so many able men—clear headed, full of vigor and energy—to carry on the vast enterprises of our country and build up our cities, as come from the old home on the farm.

When agriculture, for whatever reason, pays a profit for such unremitting effort and toil of, say 3 per cent, while other pursuits pay 7 to 50 per cent, is it strange that as the farmer's son grows up, develops his intellect, gets an education, and learns the facts, is it strange, we ask, that he should leave the farm and farming for something else, no matter what? And like the maiden while praying in the dead of night under an apple tree for a husband, said in response to the Hoo, Hoo, of the owl, "anybody, good Lord, anybody!" it's anything in most cases of the educated farmer boy instead of the 15 hours of drudgery on a farm with so little pay. A boy must have great love for the farm who stops there with what goes for an education now-a-days, and no theorizing or philosophizing is going to hold them to the farm until farming pays better than it does now. Not that a good education would be a useless extravagance on the farm, but by what method can a person about to start out for himself in life with such an education, be induced to farm it with pork at $3 per cwt. and beef at $16 per ton? When farming pays somewhere near as much for the labor done as some other vocation, then we may look for the farmer boy with an education to stay on the farm oftener than now, and not until then.

There is no use setting forth the old argument for farm life; in comparison it is too thin, while by force of law every effort is crowned with slavery to monopolistic greed from which they seek to emancipate themselves. Whether they fathom the cause or not, they behold results and go away; older men do the same, and thus as a class we are sinking lower in the scale by always losing the best and acquiring the indifferent, scoured from the old countries by agencies whose principals seek to dispose of lands given them by an extravagant government upon one pretext or another, the result of which is now gathering to confuse and perplex able minds and more thoroughly dispel the farmers' home market vision. Questions of great interest press for admission at this point, among them transportation, railroads, alien land owners, and wealthy syndicates, home and foreign; irrigation schemes, government control, and other important matter not even to be mentioned here.

To get back to the farmer, who will say but that they have been treated like dogs? And who will dispute but that the farmer has more himself to blame for the ills that beset him than others? Now that they suffer and have come to want in the very midst of their plenty, some cry out against old parties, others are sullen, and prejudice still fetters the many. Their solicitude for party equals that of the old farmer for his unruly cow; he put a great board over her face so she could not see to jump, but by his great good will, cut holes in the board so she could see to drink. Next, political tricksters have hand-fed a few bell wethers, and taught them to throw up their tails and bleat at party's call, and thus run in those who do not take time to read or think for themselves. Again, to sever old political relations requires will power. Some headway has been made and much more must be done. What shall it be? Some say a new party.

I have given the question thought and have come to the conclusion that no new party is needed. Let farmers study the question and vote as their conscience dictates. Had they done so during the last twenty years there would be no cause for complaint now. There would not be one-tenth as many millionaires in the country and the farmer would be just so much better off as a more equal and just distribution and capability of saving his earnings for himself could make him so.

A few minutes ago I laid down my pencil to sell a lot of nice May pigs for $3 per 100 pounds, and was asked to throw in some corn to boot. It is becoming almost as fashionable for farmers to give their surplus away as it is for professional gentlemen to form trusts and take it by sleight of hand. What a giant monopoly we would make were it possible for us to combine! We would make liver as high in price as good meat now is, which is just our comparison with a shoddy suit which costs us as much as an all wool suit would cost us under fair play. And we would not need to be wondering who had filled our clothes before, and whether they were lousy, had the itch or some more loathsome disease. It would be a good thing for us to work ten hours a day instead of fifteen. If two-thirds as much were produced it would bring us much money to us in the end. We would have five hours time each day to get acquainted with our wives and family, to read, think, compare views and devise means to make professors love and respect us.

But so long as scarcity and dearness is the policy on the part of every industry except agriculture, and the same methods cannot be applied by us, we must seek some other way out from under the yoke of servitude to the beneficiaries of class legislation. What shall we do? Organize? Get together and exchange views how to raise bigger crops, more wheat and more of everything to further glut our markets, and carefully bar out every expression that might lead to political enlightment? Or expose a party quality of forging our shackles firmly about us? That is exactly what has been the rule. The agricultural society of Wisconsin listened for years to the beauties of high protection, but when men began to question that it was good for the farmer, when men rose to discuss, then it became all at once partisan politics and must be stopped, expunged from the proceedings, and suppressed by the bell wethers.

Any industry that has or forms an organization other than agriculturists, takes into consideration every question which affects directly or remotely the prosperity of their industry. Why, then, should farmers not do the same, instead of being as putty in the hands of designing men, and deserve the reflection of the Professor: "If you think you have as much mind as other people of other pursuits, see to it that you use it as well."

Thank you, Professor, I will strive to do my share, but never will I lend my mind to concoct any schemes whereby to plunder and enslave my neighbor. We farmers are humble, but we are neither thieves nor robbers, and have nearly come to the conclusion that we will submit to robbery by your nobler minds no longer than is necessary to reduce them to fair mindedness. I may perhaps provoke the expression that it is a law of nature for the fittest to survive, and when it comes to that farmers may show wonderful endurance. We will ask nothing more than is just, fair and reasonable; give us just a fair show; let the policy be "live and let live." None of us were beggars until great minds deprived us of our earnings under false pretexts. What we now demand is fair, just and equal laws for all, with special privileges to none, as near as we can have such.

Farmers are becoming alive to the wrongs they have endured. It naturally follows that upon a full understanding and realization of the enormity of the crime perpetrated upon them, there should be unseemly and selfish exhibitions on the part of some victim to get even with their tormentors, hence the legislation which some are suggesting is unwise, would be ruinous, and must not prevail. None of us should be seized with a frenzy to plunge the whole body politic into an absurd chasm of selfishness. If we love our country let us not rally round a standard upon which the insignia is inflation and add gulches to the gutters in our pathway.

In our demands let common sense and justice to all be the prevailing quantity. This will have the aid and command the respect of fair-minded people. Let us not follow the hue and cry of reason-befogged would-be leaders, lest we go farther into the cave of gloom.

As a class, we used to hold an equilibrium between extremists representing folly and extravagance. Are we ready to have it recorded that we have lost much of the good sense which characterized the farmer as a legislator? Then let us lay aside prejudice and join hands with men whose whole hearts have been in the work for years, who have without stint sacrificed their time and money and to-day are rejoicing with us that the day of deliverance is dawning. Let every voter who is in favor of honest, economic government—government that shall guard every person's rights and interests with equal care—join in one grand effort to overthrow monopoly and restore to us our liberty, and there will be no question as to the result.

While we cry out against the paternalism of government and its results, let us not seek to tear down one evil to set up another. We must stand firmly upon clean, honest ground, demanding our rights, while at the same time as sedulously respecting and guarding the rights of every other class. With these principles for our platform we stand solid and can work and win, like honest men, all we need, to make the educated boy stay on the farm.

WHY IT "BUSTED"

The Harvester Combined Split on the Rocks of Legal prohibition.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—President McCormick has the following to say about the harvester combine which went to pieces yesterday:

"This step (disbandment) has been decided only after we were assured that we could not carry out the object of the association. Able lawyers were consulted, and they were unanimously of the opinion that under the laws of the state, the company could not continue in the form which it had been started. Therefore, like sensible men, we concluded to abandon the whole affair."

The dissolution of the company will have no effect on the different companies or firms which were merged in it. No change had been made in the business arrangement of any of them, and hence the action of the new company would not affect them. President McCormick thinks there will be no effort to reorganize the defunct company. It was only after long deliberation that the gentlemen composing the harvester trust decided to abandon it. The hardest rocks against which the trust ran were decisions of the supreme courts of Illinois and New York, the former in the gas trusts and latter in the sguar trust case, that one corporation for the purpose of controlling it. The interests involved were so great that it was agreed that $50,000,000 capital would be necessary to put the combination upon its feet. Of this sum $35.000,000, representing the capital of the concern, was to be apportioned among these several constituent institutions and $15,000,000 in bonds was to be issued for working capital. When the company attempted to float these bonds the United States Trust Company, of New York; through which the negotiations were conducted, instituted a careful inquiry into the status of the American Harvester Company, and declined to make the loan upon the ground that the company had been organized in such a way as to violate the statues prohibiting trusts and similar combines of capital to limit production and to control trade. Other financial institutions were appealed to, but with the same result. Then it was proposed to raise the necessary funds within the company itself, but the various concerns in the deal, becoming frightened at the legal aspect of affairs, refused to tie up their individual establishments where they would be handicapped by the heaviest legal and financial liabilities. Practically, this has already been accomplished, but a good deal of red tape formality must be gone through in winding up the last earthly affairs of the concern. The board of directors today took the initial steps in this direction.

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

Radical and Conservative.

Western Rural.

Business men find it necessary to borrow money. Whenever a panic comes and money is difficult to obtain, down goes business house after business house, and usually a howl goes up about the banks holding money. During the last few weeks the banks have been locking up money to the great distress of commerce. It has been difficult to borrow money on what would usually be considered gilt edge collateral Business men feel the restriction severely, and have good reasons to complain. But do these people ever think that their present condition is precisely what the farmers' condition always is. The banks are practically shut against him all the time; and he needs money at times just as badly as the merchant and manufacturer need it. The average merchant and manufacturer, however hard pushed for money they may be, can pay their debts at any moment if they choose. How? Sacrifice their stock; sell it for what they can get for it. But they do not wish to do that. They do not wish to get bankrupt themselves when a little money would tide them over and enable them to sell their goods at an advantage.

The farmer however, is constantly compelled to sacrifice his crops because he cannot get money to tide him over, or if he can get it he must pay such a ruinous rate of interest that he cannot stand it. The farmer as well as the merchant has debts to pay; and under our present system of combination among middlemen, the buyers, knowing the farmers' necessities, pay him what they like for his products and store them for a future rise. When prices are highest our farm products are usually in the hands of the speculators. Now some system of finance should be devised by which the farmer could get money upon as favorable terms as the merchant and the manufacturer can get it. During all these years of national banks, they might have been authorized to loan money on mortgage, and that would have helped the farmer greatly. But the government, while always ready to help the gamblers of Wall street, has not taken the trouble to make even this easy provision for the relief of our producers. Indeed such a proposition even now will be considered radical, but why consider it radical? Real estate security is the best security in the world, is it not? A mortage on a good farm is quite as good as the promissory note of the merchant or manufacturer, is it not? We should say it was. And some of the most prominent men in the country are now advocating the establishment of some sort of a banking system which will never favor the farmers' interests. There is no doubt in our mind that the government will yet do the banking of the country, and as the Rural has said a hundred times, there is no reason why it should not. The present national banking system must necessarily give place to some other system, for as the national debt is paid, it has less foundation to stand upon. It must expire by natural limitation. It is useless longer to abuse the national banking system, for whatever has been bad in it has already been inflicted, and every day brings it nearer to its end. The thing now to do is to devise something to take its place, and the government it self should take its place. Every note issued for circulation should be issued directly by the government, and whatever plan is adopted the system should provide that the farmer can get money just as readily as any other class can get it.

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1891.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW story to commence first of the year, written especially for the Blade by Oliver Optic. "Money Maker Series." A series of special articles on "Side Issues," written for The Blade. Blade China Tea Sets and Dinner Sets given to club-raisers. Send for specimen copy of The Weekly Blade and our interesting announcements for the coming year.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 22, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 75.
1 Northern 72.
2 Northern 67.
3 Northern 59.

John Carter has returned from the far west and likes it so well that he will go there to live.

A. D. Stephens went to St. Paul last week.

P. J. McGuire made a trip to St. Paul last week.

Senator Lommen spent the Sabbath with his family.

Wheat took a tumble last week from 77 to 75 for No 1 Hard.

George Crocker was up from Minneapolis this week.

Mrs. Casper Sands visited friends at Devils Lake two days this week.

J. E. Morrisey went up to Argyle on a business trip a few days last week.

Doors and windows all open January 19th. How's that for this hyperborean region?"

Those little postal cards relating to personal property taxes are begin to show up.

Certainly, of course, four counties can be run cheaper than one. That stands to reason (?)

J. G. Dawes, traveling freight agent of the Great Northern R. R. was in the city on Monday.

Uncle John Ross still holds the fort as Janitor at the court house. This is as it should be.

F. M. Brown has opened a commission house in South St. Paul and is doing a good business.

Hon. S. G. Comstock was called home on private business last week and spent the Sabbath with his family.

M. R. Brown and Chas. H. Mix represented Crookston lodge A. F. and A. M. in the Grand Lodge meeting in St. Paul last week.

Miss Inez McGrew departed for Garrettson, S. D. on Monday evening where she has taken a school and a music class.

If the weather keeps on this way until April 1 st., we are liable to get an open winter. Every thing points that way at present writing.

R. L. Elder was up from Edna last week and ordered the JOURNAL sent to his address. That is what every man in Polk County should do.

Prof. Casey will preside over the destines of the fifth ward school this winter. The Professor is one of the best teachers in Polk County.

W. E. Walker is hustling the carpenter work on the new opera house block. Would have been through now if the masons had kept out of the way.

The Charity ball at the opera house on Monday evening of last week was a success in every particular nothing over $300 for charitable purposes.

Mrs. Hugh Robertson and Mrs. Dr. Robertson entertained their lady friends very pleasantly at five o'clock tea, at the home of the latter on Tuesday of this week,

Schemers are plotting what they can do to make a big lot of money and now they propose to divide Polk County—and the farmers are expected to pay the fiddler as usual.

Andrew Eiken will occupy his old room in the court house where he will be prepared to do an abstracting business for the winter. He will probably come down town next spring.

Yes, why not? Why not divide Polk County into four parts? It would help the ambitious town-site boomers and only rob the taxpayer. Oh, yes! lets divide the county by all means.

Sam Greenhalgh awoke one morning last week to a realizing sense that he was another father to a girl baby—or father to another bright, bouncing lass, who will call Sam papa when she gets old enough.

Charlie Rapp was down from St. Hilare to see Dr. Dunlop this week. Charlie was not feeling very well himself when he came but the doctor fixed him up in good shape and he went home feeling better.

E. D. Childs & Co. have sold their stock of merchandise to Moe & Buhn of Mentor, and the goods have been taken to the Mentor establishment. Moe & Buhn seem to be doing a rattling good business out there.

East Grand Forkers insist that Polk County is too large and should be divided. All right. Let Grand Forks go off and form a county by herself if she wants to, and let all the balance of the territory still remain—Polk County.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs and Miss Jennie Newland arrived safely at Ogden, Utah, and after a good rest continued their journey to Salt Lake City. Mrs. B. thinks the change will be beneficial to her health, in which hope her many friends here most heartily unite.

O. H. Saake, the genial Robert street jeweler, waltzed gaily into THE JOURNAL office on Wednesday morning, exclaiming: "Boy, ten and one half pounds, yesterday, all doing nicely!" The cigars he produced were of the finest quality and we proceeded to smoke to the health of the little jewel-er, in other words, the boy. Saake now remarks it is just what he wanted.

M. R. Brown received some fine Percheron stallions this week. None finer were ever brought to this city. Go down and look 'em over.

Gen. George J. McManus returned from a trip to Duluth and St. Paul looking as handsome as ever. George seems to be so full of business of importance that he don't seem to get time to stop long enough in one spot to marry.

The farmers will show those scheming politicians another trick when the proper time comes on the county division scheme. It strikes us that our farmers have quite enough to do now to pay their present taxes. But then these politicans—they toil not neither do they spin but they must live some how.

Services promptly at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. next Sabbath at the Congregational church. A cordial welcome is extended to all. Morning subject: "Man in the Bible, or Man Tested by Gold, Love and Fame." Evening subject: "The Young Man as Brother, Son and Lover." Please come early and get your seats.

In order to help (?) the poor tax-payer, who finds it hard work to support one organization, it is proposed to divide the present county into four parts—making our taxes four times as high as now. But then these scheming politicians MUST have offices and the town-site boomers must have a chance to get rich if they bankrupt the people to do it.

No wonder so many are inquiring about lands and homes in Polk County, when we raise such enormous crops as we can, and the climate is as mild as in California. Hundreds of acres have been bought since last fall and still the inquiries increase. Many more acres will be bought before seeding time next spring. By another fall the price of lands will no doubt be very much greater in Polk County.

An enthusiastic railroad meeting was held at City Hall on Saturday evening to consider the plan of building of a railroad southwest to the Red River. John H. Locken was called to preside, and C. O. Christianson elected secretary. After discussing the merits of the plan pro and con, a committee was appointed by the chair to formulate plans. The committee appointed is: Mayor A. McKinnon, Lewis Ellington, Frank Bivins, C. O. Christianson and Elias Steenerson. Three delegates were appointed to attend the railroad meeting at Halstad on Monday, viz: Eli Steenerson, Thos. Harris and H. E. Cooke. Moved by Lewis Ellington that J. H. Locken be added to the delegation. Carried. Moved that the delegates be empowered to appoint proxies. Carried. Adjourned till Thursday evening, Jan. 22d, at which time the committees are to report progress.

At a meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, held at the Reading Room last Thursday, Mrs. S. H. Barteau resigned her position as Superintendent of the Loyal Temperanc Legion, which she has held for the last seven months. Mrs. Barteau is about leaving Crookston to join her husband in his work at Stephen, as pastor of the Congregational church. By vote of the Union Mrs. D. N. Taylor was chosen Superintendent of the Legion, and Mrs. A. C. Wilkinson, leader of temperance instruction. Meetings of the Legion will be held as usual at the reading room every Saturday afternoon at two o'clock, and it is hoped that all the members will be regular in attendance, and invite all their young friends to join them in learning the beautiful songs and interesting and beautiful lessons in scientific temperance.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
Lisbon, N. Dakota.

[86-tf]

FARMERS,

Try the Old Farmer

For Bargains!!

$12,000 worth of Goods.

Dress Flannels sold at 65 Cents,
will sell at ....45 cents per yard.
" " Ginghams at....................8 " " "
" " Calico at........................5 " " "
" " Vinegar at.......................20 cts. per gallon.
" " Catsup at........................75 " " "
" " Coffee from..................18 to 35 " " pound,
" " Tomatoes at......................10 cents per can.
" " ....13 quarts Cranberries for $1.00.
" " Felt Boots and Felt Shoes Below Cost.

And everything else in proportion. I will make it to your advantage to call upon me before you purchase.

A. STURE.

Quite a change has taken place at at the court house. The auditor now occupies the room formerly occupied by the clerk of the court; the treasurer has moved into the auditor's room and the Register of Deeds takes possession of the treasurer's room. Joe Mathews will assist the treasurer. Mat. Cornelius will help the auditor to hold things level while Thos. C. Shapleigh assists the new clerk of the court.

Express agent Silver's wife arrived on Saturday morning, to join her husband who has charge of the American express office in this city. Between Ada and Crookston, their little three weeks old babe breathed its last—a sad home-coming for the bereaved husband and wife, who will have the hearty sympathy of our people, in this sad trial.

J. L. Bailey says his business at the pop corn stand is very good. He has a kind of corn which he got in Iowa that pops up tender and nice and he says he is quite confident that it would mature nicely in this country. The sacks he deals out are very much larger than ever before sold in this city for a nickel and the snowy contents look quite tempting.

Thos. Hurst, a former resident of this city died at his home in Dunseith N. D., on Wednesday, Jan. 16th of inflamation of the bowels. Mr. Hurst was about 34 years old, and leaves a wife and six children to mourn his loss. The remains were brought to this city, for interment and laid to rest in Oakdale cemetery on Friday. He was formerly an employe on the Great Northern road in this city where he had a host of friends. Recently he had taken a farm near Dunseith and had quite a lot of stock. Thus they go. One by one the boys are dropping off,

MARRIED.

PRATT—DAVIS.—At the residence of the bride's parents, on Monday, January 14th, 1891, by the Rev. Mr. Weddell, Guy H. Pratt, of McIntosh, to Miss Carrie A. Davis.

A generous supply of wedding cake was sent THE JOURNAL to dream over as we wish the happy pair a long and prosperous journey through this vale of tears.

Crookston alliance met on Saturday last and elected the following officers for the ensuing term: President, James Greenhalgh, Jr.; Vice President, Chris. Houston, Secretary, Eli Steenerson; delegates to the county convention, Chris. Hanson, Chris. Houston and John Amundson.

The following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the proposed county division into four parts is hereby condemned, and that we regard it as a scheme of town-site boomers to advance their own personal interests at the expense of the people.

Adjourned to the next regular meeting, two weeks from last Saturday.

A Reliable Sheet.

In quoting the bids for county printing last week, The Times (for some reason or other) so garbled the bid of THE JOURNAL as to make it appear simply preposterous. Our bid was: "Proceedings of the board, FREE," and the reliable Times quotes it: "Proceedings of the board delinquent tax list ten cents per description." Whatever he means, it is hard to say, but that he does mean to hide the fact that the proceedings of the board were to be free, is quite evident. Again, he makes us offer to print note heads at three hundred dollars for five hundred and five hundred dollars per thousand, and all stationery in like ratio. The tax-payers will see before the end of the year where they were swindled on the printing business. One member of the board, while the subject was under consideration, remarked that the combination bid was the cheapest, "because," said he, "their bid is for only two cents per description, while that of THE JOURNAL is for ten cents," which was a misrepresentation, as the combination bid is six cents per description, and the delinquent tax list cuts no figure with the average taxpayer, as only the delinquent himself has to pay the costs. This smart Aleck forgot to mention that THE JOURNAL offered to print the proceedings free and that our bid for financial statements, &c., was at least one-half smaller than the combination bid, but the tax-payers will find this all out before the year is out. Talk about your economy! Wait and see how it pans out.

CROOKSTON, Jan. 17, 1890.

Citizens of Polk County:

GENTLEMEN:—The undersigned, two of the members of a committee of three appointed by the president of the Polk County Farmers' Alliance to examine the work required of each county officer, and ascertain the amount of salary paid to each, and report what would be, in their judgment, a reasonable compensation for the services rendered, respectfully submit the following:

COUNTY AUDITOR.
Present salary,......$2,000 Clerk $1,500
Salary suggested... 1,500 Clerk 2,500

COUNTY TREASURER.
Present salary........$1,800 Clerk $1,000
Salary suggested.... 1,500 Clerk 1,300

REGISTER OF DEEDS.
Rec'd last year....$7,035 80
Salary suggested 1,500 Clerk $1,500

CLERK OF COURT.
Present salary........$1,800 Clerk $1,000
Salary suggested......1,300 Clerk 700

SUPT. OF SCHOOLS.
Present salary........$1,800
Salary suggested..... 14.00 Clerk $800

COUNTY ATTORNEY.
Present salary........$1,800
Salary suggested..... 1,250

JUDGE OF PROBATE.
Present salary......$1 750
Salary suggested..... 1,200

SHERIFF.
Estimate of last yr's receipts..............$7,500
Salary suggested.... 1,600

County to pay railroad fare for necessary travel in performance of duty, and also $2 per day for expenses. Deputy to receive $3 per day for actual labor. County Commissioners to receive bids for necessary team hire required by the Sheriff in performing his duties of office. All bills presented for expenses to be certified to and accompanied by vouchers.

All clerk hire of other officers to be certified to by clerks as the actual amount paid and received. We also suggest that the County Attorney examine the records and see that the Commissioners have not charged for more meetings of the board than the law allows.

W. A MARIN,
ANDREW STEENERSON, } Com.

A CARD.

Mrs. S. H. Barteau takes this opportunity to return thanks to her friends for their generous gift presented to her by the President of the Woman's Christian Union, at their meeting held last Thursday. It is VERY ACCEPTABLE, coming as it does, chiefly from the mothers of the children who belong to the Loyal Temperance Legion, with kind expressions of appreciation and good will, which she prizes more highly even than the gift of shining gold pieces. For the past seven months Mrs. Barteau has greatly enjoyed the weekly meetings with the children for instruction and drill, and the sunshine of their bright faces and the echo of their sweet voices will remain a permanent and beautiful picture in her memory. May God bless the dear children; may they grow strong in temperance principles, and when they grow up may the saloon with its evil influences be no more.

The McIntosh Times:—Another one of our rising young bachelors, Guy E. Pratt, has plucked up his courage and joined the noble army of Benedicks He was united in the holy bonds of matrimony, at Crookston, on Wednesday, Jan, 14th, to Miss. Carrie Davis. The happy couple arrived here on Thursday's train and have already commenced houskeeping. The Times takes pleasure in extending a hearty welcome to the bride.

The Grand Forks Plaindealer says: Conductor Graves, who has had charge of the Great Northern way fraight takes the place of Conductor Hawley in the passenger service of the Great Northern between Winnipeg and Breckenridge.

Hardware Stock and Fixtures for Sale.

I Have Recently Purchased the Business

—OF—

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD,

And now Wish to Retire from Business in Crookston.

For information regarding this stock call at the store and inquire for A. M. Stewart.

ALL accounts and notes must be SETTLED AT ONCE, and no more credit granted. Call in and see some of the Bargains offered.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Conductor Hawley, for some time past in charge of one of the passenger trains north of Breckenridge, has been promoted to the position of assistant superintendent of the Montana Central division of the Great Northern.

County Board Proceedings.

At the first meeting of the Board of County Commissioners, M. E. Kirsch was elected chairman. Petitions from School Dist. No. 61 to detach certain territory, was granted, and the said detached territory was authorized to form a new district under certain circumstances. John Ross was re-appointed janitor at $45 per month. The bonds of the different county officials were presented and approved. Petition relating to school dist. No. 139 was granted. Salary of county attorney fixed at $1,000; that of school superintendent at $1,200. A resolution requesting the Judge to suspend the deputy clerk of court excepting during terms of court, was passed. The legislature was memoralized to fix salaries of county officials as follows: Auditor, $1,500; clerk hire, $2,200; treasurer, $1,500; clerk, $1,200; clerk of court, $1,500; clerk $500; register of deeds, $1,500, clerk $1,500, the register and clerk to turn in the fees of said offices to the county. R. H. Nolan and Com'r Rhinehart instructed to visit the combination wood and iron bridges of the county to inspect and adjust them. The taxes of James B. White abated; also of Margaret Todd. Henry Shepard appointed deputy coroner.

Register of Deeds, Andrew Eiken, reported as follows:

Warranty deeds, quit claims, trustees and special warrantees	$1,217 50
Mortgages	1,739 25
Patents	176 75
Satisfaction of mortgages	738 50
Receiver's receipts	84 20
Certificates of sales	422 25
Assignments	150 25
Official bonds	44 25
Writ of Attachments	10 00
Letters testamentary	19 00
Tax certificates	40 00
Bonds	8 75
Plats	6 00
Notices Lis Pendens	7 25
Affidavits	9 80
Mechanics' liens	6 90
Miscellaneous	39 95
	$4,761 80

Abstracting $1,188.20, for clerk hire, stamps and stationery, $2,475.00.

REPORT OF AUDITING BOARD.

Amount in 1st Nat'l Bank, Crookston	$15,990 49
Amount in 1st Nat'l. Bank, Red Lake Falls	4,938 61
Amount in Merchants' Nat'l Bank, Crookston	15,603 82
Amount in Scandia-American Bank, Crookston	11,215 12
Amount in Bank of Fisher	5,786 86
Township orders on hand	18 00
School orders on hand	60 12
Wolf bounty warrants paid	60 00
Money orders	14 00
Currency	35 00
Gold	20 00
Silver	32 50
Nickels and pennies	439
	$58,278 89

Petition of Jas. Phalen and others for a new school district, granted.

Bills to the amount of $1,431.23 were allowed.

Committee on bridge for Sand Hill River reported favorably.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

FOR SALE.

One Full Blood Jersey Bull.

Twenty-five to Thirty head of Grade Jersey cows and young stock. Will sell the same cheap for cash or negotiable notes or will trade for young steers.

Will also sell 2 span of good brood mares, one fine driving team, one three year old colt, and three sucking colts.

Also all of my household furniture and farming utensils will be sold at private sale before March 15th 1891.

E. J. Haseltine.

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Scandia-American Bank

At Crookston, Minn. at the Close of business on the 10th day of January, 1891.

RESOURCES.

Bills receivables	$128,411 24
Due from banks	25,988 58
Furniture and fixtures	1,400 00
Current expenses	8 85
Cash on hand	7,042 68
Total	$162,851 35

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$50,000 00
Undivided profits	15,168 44
Individual deposits subject to check	52,896 89
Demand certificates of deposit	44,786 02
Total	$162,851 35

I, Lewis Ellington, Cashier of the Scandia-American Bank, of Crookston, Minnesota, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

LEWIS ELLINGTON, Cashier.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk. }

Sworn and subscribed to before me this nineteenth day of January, 1891.

{Notary Seal.} ANDREW P. HANSON, Notary Public, Polk County, Minn.

Correct—Attest:
E. P. PIERCE, }
O. H. LUCKEN, } Directors.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton, Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montan Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CAR

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston. Minn, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, . . MINN

[First publication Jan. 15th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Jan. 13th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ole C. Bergland, administrator of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining an allowing his account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to heirs.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 10th day of February, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 13th day of January, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.

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KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 new 13-horse power Russell Engine. (A bargain.)

1. 12-horse power Giant Plain Engine.

1 A 1 Driving Team, with Buggy and harness.

Chas. m. Lowe,
The Loan Agent.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

East Grand Forks Courier:—Editor Cooke, of THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, sends out a pathetic plea to his delinquent subscribers to help him raise $500 on or before Feb. 1 next, on which date he is supposed to meet obligations to that amount. We would rather try and raise the dead, and if successful, charge each one $1.50, than ask our delinquent subscribers to make up $50, much less $500. A delinquent subscriber—the average delinquent subscriber, is a tough customer, when it comes to raising money. Do not depend upon him, Bro. Cooke.

Yes, but we do, you know, and so far we have not been disappointed. According to the diagnosis of Bro. Duffy, a delinquent subscriber is no good, anyhow, but the majority of ours do not seem to be of that nature. They seem to be desirous of helping THE JOURNAL in its efforts to secure a free and open wheat market, and they are doing nobly. While it is true that a few have not responded to our statement we are pleased to be able to say that the large majority of such are not farmers. The newspapers of this country depend in a very large degree on the patronage of farmers, and the inference to be drawn from Bro. Duffy's article would seem to be that the farmer is of no earthly good, anyhow. Our experience is different, and proves to us that the more a newspaper does for a farmer the better it will be appreciated and supported, and we personally know of cases where farmers have been obliged to borrow the small amount due us—but they have done so cheerfully, and by so doing not only helped us very much, but have shown that they appreciated our work. If every man who has promised to settle comes to the front before the close of Volume 14, (May 1st, 1891) our list will be better collected up than ever before. Oh, no, Bro. Duffy, we are not losing any sleep over our delinquent list, as we have perfect confidence to believe that JOURNAL readers are all honest, and that, in time, we shall get it all. Our only anxiety is to have it in time to remove the mortgage now upon THE JOURNAL home so that we shall be able next spring to erect a good substantial brick building upon this cite and greatly enlarge our present facilities. All of which we shall be able to accomplish if our friends keep on responding in the future as they have in the past, and we have full confidence to believe that they will do it.

The Grand Forks Herald says:

Frank Gravel of Crookston was visible here yesterday. Frank would like more snow to make business go.

On dit:—That a telegram has been received here from Scott the skater announcing the race with young Eddy of this city—off.

Mr. James Sullivan, of East Grand Forks, will marry Miss Kate E. Hogan, of the same city on Wednesday next. The wedding ceremony will be consummated at St. Michael's church. Anticipated congratulations.

Ovens, the jolly Twin City traveling man, spent Sunday here and as usual had many comments to make. Among other words of wisdom that fell from his lips, was a significant remark about Kittle Halverson, the newly elected Minnesota congressman. Ovens declares Kittle to be a fine looking gentleman and not unlike our own Capt. McCormack.

On dit:—That Barney Dreelan, the jolly Great Northern engineer will eschew single blessedness shortly.

When the news spread around town last evening that Mike Reuth, the well known groceryman had made an assignment in favor of his creditors, it was scarce believed—a reporter followed up the cue and found it was really so. Mr. Rueth, when seen, said: "Yes, I've made an assignment, but I hope and believe that my creditors will all be paid a hundred cents on the dollar—all I need is a little time. The causes on my part for this action are two fold—first collections are bad—terribly bad and I could not possibly meet my payments—and secondly, that old affair of J. K. Johnson for whom I went on his attaching creditor's bond to the amount of thirty-two thousand dollars has at last been decided by the courts and a judgment is now in the hands of certain city parties—so you see the only possible thing for me to do was just as I have done. Mr. John E. Cooley here has been appointed assignee." The many friends of Mr. Rueth regret to hear of his misfortune and trust that his disabilities may only be temporary.

Warren Items.

From the Sheaf.

—Ed Slee. Albert Slee and Chas. Woolery started for the Lake of the Woods about ten days ago, and yesterday they returned with a big load of fish, 2500 lbs, which they will dispose of in Warren, Crookston and other towns along the line.

—Attorney Cooke made a business trip to Crookston the fore part of the week.

—A car load of ice was shipped to Warren from Crookston, by Manager Wees on the Tarbell farm.

—A. Grindeland went to Crookston yesterday to attend to a contest case before the U. S. Land office and to ransact other business.

Railroad Robbery.

Western Rural.

The railroad business has made a good many millionaires, and for every millionaire it has made, it has impoverished or at least retarded the prosperity of a million. It is not an entirely strange occurrence that a practical pauper, but a man rich in cheek and brilliant with audacity, worms himself, by hook or crook, into possession of a railroad, makes millions for himself in few years, and makes it difficult to determine whether or not the road he manages is a blessing or a curse. The management of railroads seems to attract the class of intellect and class conscience that distinguish in a smaller degree the men we shut up in the penitentiary because they are dangerous outside. It is always the case that when men pass a certain boundary in rascality they really attract considerable admiration and come to be regarded for what they are not. The Rural is bold to say that there has been a greater success in the education on railroad management in this country to a scientific villainy and a plausible, polished brutality than has ever attended the efforts of the bunco steerer and confidence operator in their peculiarly well managed callings. It is true there are exceptions to the rules we have laid down. It is true there are honest men and decent men in the railroad business, but there are so many of the reverse stripe that they blacken the whole crowd.

In no other line of business on the face of the earth can a man accumulate ten millions, fifteen millions or a hundred millions in a few years, whether the business is legitimate or crooked in character. But the history of railroading has been an unbroken history of plunder for the last quarter of a century and more. Men have come from the humblest walks of life, and by getting control of a railway, have become princes in wealth. And what have they returned from these fortunes to the people from whom they have filched them? Those men say in answer to such a question: "We have given the people the convenience of the railroads; we have brought them nearer to the market; we have increased the value of their farms; we have built up cities and towns." Practically the answer is false. It is false, because it does not state the whole truth. It is not true that some of those men, who have made millions of dollars in railroad management have furnished the people with the convenience of railroad. The roads, in several important instances were already built, and then came along the men who are supplied with financial absorbent powers—who are gifted as any successful crook is gifted—and gobbled the property of others. They furnished nothing. They simply converted to their own use what already existed and practiced the only practical communism that has ever been in this country. They reduced to practice the theories that finally led the anarchists to the scaffold. And what benefit is it to a farmer to bring him nearer the market if you take all his products for shipping them to market. The railroads have brought the farmer and market closer together, but after annihilating distance and encouraging him to go to the far west to develop farms, they have turned around and practically shut him out of the market by putting up rates to a robber standard; and while it is true that at one time the railroad did have the effect of raising the price of farms, to-day the value of farm lands is on the decline, and the rail road is more to blame for it than anything or all things else. It is also true that they have built up some towns that they favored and they have ruined other towns that they did not favor. Some of them have built their own towns, and contrary to law and against decency they have discriminated against all towns but their own. But what is the use of building towns, so far as the farmer is concerned, if the roads are to continue to rob him of all his profits?

The people must have relief from this soulless corporative conspiracy against their rights and their liberties. Congress must apply itself to furnishing that relief. Let the best statesmanship give the subject its profoundest attention. If it is thought best for the government to own the roads, let the government proceed to get possession. If it is believed that the Inter-State commerce law can be strengthened so as to furnish complete relief, let that be done. Do something, do anything to prevent this constant, conscienceless robbery.

Against Railroad Trusts.

National Economist

The following circular has been prepared for the purpose of exposing Jay Gould's gigantic scheme of forming a railroad trust and showing the necessity of having the government take decided steps toward the foreclosure of the Pacific railway bonds. All friendly papers are requested to copy, and all Farmers Alliances are requested to send letters to their Congressmen and petitions to Congress to the Attorney General as indicated:-

THE "RAILROAD TRUST" OF JAY GOULD CAN BE DEFEATED BY HAVING THE GOVERNMENT FORECLOSE ITS LIEN ON THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

In 1867 the government loaned the Union Pacific Railroad Company $33,-518,000 6 per cent bonds, and gave it an immense land grant, for the purpose of building up the West. The road has been run to enrich the managers, and its extortionate rates have been such as to oppress the settlers along its route. According to the report of the attorney general of Nebraska for 1888, the freight charges on subsidized railroads in Nebraska are 50 per cent higher than on Iowa railroads that have received no government aid. The road, although paying in ten years over $28,000,000 in dividends to its stockholders, has never paid the coupons on its subsidy bonds. These the government has been compelled to pay, and the principal of the subsidy, with the balances due on account of interest, and the unpaid coupons, now amount to nearly $66,000,000. The control of this road, reaching from Kansas City and Omaha to the Pacific Coast, was necessary to enable Mr. Gould to complete his scheme of a "railroad trust" organized for the purpose of extorting $22,400,000 annually out of Western producers to pay dividends to Eastern stockholders. It is fortunate for the people that he has obtained control at a time when the Union Pacific Railroad, alarmed at the approaching maturity of its subsidy, is a suppliant to the government to extend that subsidy for fifty years without adequate security. By defeating the proposed extension, and having the government foreclose its lien on the road, Farmers Alliance can defeat the railroad trusts scheme. Although the amount properly due the government by the road amounts to about $66,000,000, Senator Frye, of Maine, introduced a bill in the last session of this Congress that reduces this to $52,000,000, by deducing discount from payments made by the government for the account of the road, instead of adding interest to them; mortgage preceded by $15,000,000 bonds, when the government now has a second mortgage on the Union Pacific road, lands and assets preceded by only $33,500,000 bonds. He advised the government to accept these 3 per cent bonds at par, when better bonds of the Union Pacific road, paying 4½ and 5 per cent, are offered at 75 and 80 Such an extension will be the means of the government eventually losing the entire amount of the subsidy, and only a foreclosure of the government lien at once can save it, and, by removing the road from Mr. Gould's control, defeat his trust scheme. If the Frye bill passes, it will place many millions in the pockets of Mr. Gould and other stockholders of the Union Pacific railroad. The charter of the Union Pacific provides that its telegraph line shall be open to all telegraph companies on the same terms. This line, although built by money furnished by the government, is now monopolized by the Western Union Telegraph Company, and the control of Union Pacific is as necessary to Mr. Gould to defeat Mr. Wanamaker's plan of cheap telegraph facilities as it is to perfect his railroad trust. The Union Pacific has repeatedly violated the United States laws of 1873 and 1878, and has placed its charter in jeopardy. The attention of the United States Attorney General (whose duty to enforce these laws is made mandatory) was called to this matter last year by the attorney-general of Nebraska. The Farmers Alliance can call the attention of the country to, and can defeat, the scheme of Mr. Gould, by presenting to the United States Attorney-General some such resolution as this.

Whereas, the managers of the Union Pacific railroad have repeatedly violated the acts of 1873 and 1878, and are now conspiring with other railroads to form a railroad trust, in violation of the statute against trust, in violation of the charter of the Union Pacific railroad and to defeat the provisions of the Interstate Commerce act; therefore be it

Resolved. That the Attorney-General of the United States be requested to declare the charter of the Union Pacific void, to proceed to foreclose the lien of the United States against the road, and to enforce against its officers the prescribed penalties of the violated acts of 1873 and 1978.

If the Attorney-General does not heed your petition, have your representatives in congress press the matter. Then have your newspapers print this; let the people understand the character of the railroad scheme, in Congress and out.

Only Half Bought.

Western Rural.

It is announced that some of the representatives in some of our legislatures are kicking like "bay steers," because the railroads have issued them passes for only six months instead of for a year as has been the custom. They appear to think that this is only half buying a representative. But these railroad people are nothing if they are not sharp. They never buy a pig in a bag, and they do not often pay for a thing more than it is worth. Unquestionably they have concluded that a yearly pass is more than a legislator is worth. They are willing to pay a fair price, and occasionally perhaps rather an exorbitant price for something that they want. The railroads always want legislators. They keep them in stock. Hitherto they have been paying a yearly free pass for a legislator. That coast the railroads nothing of course. Still the roads have concluded that nothing was too high a price to pay for a law-maker, and so they cut it down fifty per cent. Hence they pay one half less than nothing now. Well that is enough. It will secure just as good service though full price had been paid.

For a plain, practical and instructive paper, made largely by farmers and wholly for farmers, Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis, Minn. has no equal among agricultural journals. We can furnish it in connection with the JOURNAL one year for only $1.50.

NOTICE.

I have purchased all notes and book accounts of the old firm of Stewart and Spottswood, dissolved, and request a settlement at once.

[38-41] WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

For Sale Cheap.

One hundred and sixty acres of first class land situated three and one-half miles north-east of Crookston. Will take wheat at one dollar per bushel. For further particulars address,

J. E. MITTON,
[12-tf] Wahpeton, N. D.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated December 29th, 1887, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, December 31st, 1887, in book 34 of mortgages, page 461, whereby Albert Drager, an unmarried man, mortgageor, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-five (45), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $370.12, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $22.20, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $392.32. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22, 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 12th, 1883, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 12th, 1883, in book K of mortgages, page 91, whereby Andrew Steenerson and Bertha Steenerson, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), in township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of range forty-eight (48), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $462.50, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $18.99, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $481.49. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated July 21st, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, July 23d, 1888, in book 36 of mortgages, page 375, whereby Geo. Galland and Keziah Galland, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $264.59. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 22nd, 1889, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 23rd, 1889, in book 42 of mortgages, page 41, whereby Albert Iten and Sophronia Iten, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), all in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $467.51. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

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O. J. BARNES,
THE
CITY GROCER!

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CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Windows and Mouldings

ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
—AGENT FOR THE CELEJRATED—
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

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Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
NEW GOODS.
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THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Forthern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands alond the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn.	Hunting, Fishing.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

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☞ Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
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CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
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REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
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Crookston Meat Market
E STEENERSON, Proprietor.
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Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
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Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

First National Bank
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PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 22, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad,

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
5:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. — 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. — 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. — 4:30 p. m

For an Enlard gelssue.

By J. H. Groff. California, Mo. National Economist.

The admitted fact by all parties of the necessity for a large circulating medium is my apology for this short letter. Though all agree that more money is essentially to the welfare of the nation, and that it is the duty of the government to supply this demand issuing legal tender notes, the omission of this money to the people is a subject on which the press is almost silent. The sub-treasury advocated by the Economist and direct loans from the government on land security are the only methods so far as we have read. The issue amounts to about ten dollars per capita, which seems to be insignificant for the business of the country. We therefore ask that the government issue legal tender notes, good for all debts, both public and private, in such quantities as will double the present per capita basis of circlation, and that said money be distributed pro rata to different States and Territories according to the population of said States, and that each State distribute to the counties and that said money be an irreducible school fund, to be kept in the county treasury and loaned to the people according to the laws and regulations of the State in which the county is situated. The interest to be used for the maintenance of the common schools. The arguments in favor of this proposition are many:

1. It will be equally distributed to all, and advantages can be almost immediately obtained.

2. It will be a perpetual school fund, and will always prevent extortionate rates of interest.

3. Trusts and syndicates cannot control it.

One can not be insensible of the great need of better facilities for educating the children of the laboring man and the farmer. One of the bright features of this proposition is that the education of the masses would be free from government dictation, a feature so disagreeable in the Blair educational bill.

He Knew the Crowd.

The Western Rural.

The presidents of the railroads running West from Chicago—with two exceptions—met last week in New York for the purpose of entering into an agreement to maintain uniform rates at competing points. At one point of the proceedings one gentlemen said: "You are all gentlemen here, in your private capacity I would trust your word and trust you with may pocket-book. But as presidents of railroads I would not believe one of you on your oath; and would not trust one of you with my pocket-book." He evidently knew the crowd that he was in, and any unprejudiced man will say that he had abundant reason to justify his opinion. He has seen these same men endeavor to act honorably among themselves before; the seen other agreements solemnly entered into and recklessly broken, and he has seen frequent instances of violation of honor, decency and contracts among these people. As this journal has repeatedly said the influence of the railroad system of this country upon the managers is of an utterly demoralizing character. The railroad has so long been used as an instrument of reckless plunder, that it has taught men to be careless of their agreements and regardless of honesty. Place men in a position in which conscience is smothered and doing wrong to the public is a steady and constant business, and very soon these men will have any moral character that they may have possessed at the beginning, undermined and utterly destroyed.

The railroad monopoly has been for many years a system of robbery. It has aided men to seize upon the property of other men and confiscate it to their own use; it has aided them to become millionaires from the sweat of other people's brows, and any business of that character will make the best man on earth contemptibly mean and flagrantly dishonest. It is a universal saying that you cannot trust the word of a railroad manager. If it is to his interest to keep his word he will keep it if it is money in his pocket to fulfill the terms of a contract he will do so; but he will do neither if it is more profitable not to do it. An honest man however, will tell the truth and keep his word if to do so even ruines him. The charge made by the railroad man in New York against railroad presidents is undeniable.

Farmer' Cheap Insurance

Iowa State Register.

The Iowa farmers it would seem have practically settled the question of cheap insurance. They have in successful operation at the present time 116 mutual ineurance companies. Each company is limited to a small district, and none but farm property is insured. The officers are not paid high salaries, and the operating expenses in every way are reduced to the minimum. In this way the farmers have been enabled to carry adequate insurance to protect themselves against losses by fire and still not be burdened with assessments. The reports made to the state auditor show that in many instances the cost of insurance has been as low as one-tenth of one per cent, while in the history of no company has it exceeded nine-tenths of one per cent. The saving in consequence has been very large. A carefully made estimate for a single county showed that fully $5,000 has been saved to farmers during one year. Many companies reported that they had operated for years without a dollar's loss.

The state convention of these farmer's mutual insurance companies has just closed in Des Moines. It was the tenth annual meeting of the kind. The convention was a large one. The reports showed that nearly all the companies were in good codition. A few it seems has sustained heavy losses during the past year and the men were accordingly discouraged. For the benefit of these companies a resolution was passed looking to the co-operation of the companies to relieve societies which have sustained losses that would requiae assessments beyond a fixed limit. This is a new feature, that if properly managed would prove of great assistance. It would equalize the burdens unduly oppressing any companils. Whatever policy may be pursued we hope that the farmers' companies may be maintained in all their integrity and continue to relieve all farmers who suffer losses.

The Farm Life.

Northwestern Agriculturist.

Brought up to agricultural pursuits a man, now a resident of Wisconsin, concluded at twenty to try "an easy life." Learned the carpenter's trade, and at forty was broken down in health. Then he returned to his always good but formerly unappreciated and rejected mother, the soil, and has lived upon the land ever since, albeit in weakness. Writing in frank confession to "The Western Farmer," in his eightieth year, he says suggestively.

"I have neighbors older than myself who can do more work in an hour than I can in a day. Young men will lightly pass this sentence, but when their health fails they will give anything to get it back. One must keep his mind constantly on his work if a carpenter, or he will make mistakes. A farmer has more time to read. Some boys call farm work monotonous I can't see that it is more so than the drudgery required for success in any vocation. I find plenty of company while wandering in the fields. The ducks and geese and pigeons are beautiful. The bobolink starting up and the quail with his shrill note of "more wet," as well as the sparrow and other birds, make music in the air."

The Queen's Latest Offer.

A Free Education or One Year's Travel in Europe.

In the Queen's "Word Contest," which the publishers of that magazine anouce as the last one they will ever offer, a free education, consisting of a three years' course in any Canadian or American Seminary of College, including all expenses, tuition and board, to be paid by the publishers of The Queen, or one year abroad, consisting of one entire year's travel in Europe, all expenses to be paid, will be given to the person sending them the largest list of words made from the text which is announced in the last issue of The Queen. A special deposit of $750 has been made in The Dominion Bank of Canada, to carry out this offer. Many other useful and valuable prizes will be awarded in order of merit. The publishers of The Queen have made their popular family magazine famous throughout both Canada and the United States by the liberal prizes given in their previous competitions, and as this will positively be the last one offered, they intend to make it excel all others as regards the value of the prizes. Send six two cent U. S. stamps for copy of The Queen containing the text, complete rules and list of prizes. Address The Canadian Queen, Toronto, Canada. [38-40]

The Rural New Yorker:

The meeting of the Farmers Alliance is disappointing to those who hoped and expected that it would commit itself to some act of folly or some demand so evidently unjust that the good sense of the people would turn against it. Not so. The leaders of Alliance seem to be wise and conservative men, who are strong enough and wise enough to fully comprehend just what the recent election really meant. So long as their minds are clear on that point they are safe. The moment they get the mistaken idea that the people gave them unlimited authority to exercise their own will and judgment they are lost. History ought to teach them that. The public man who acts as servant of the people benefits his country and helps himself. He who attempts to "boss" the people is doomed to certain failure. A good test of this conservatism will be found in the action of the Alliance concerning the formation of new political party. Many of the delegates favor such a step, but it seems evident that the majority are not yet ready for it. The leaders well known the difference in political excitement between a State and a national election. An "off" year canvas is different. Alliance hold its voters together through the fierce bitterness of a national election? It is a risk, and we do not believe the Alliance leaders will take it; we do not believe it will be wisdom. It is now absolutely certain that the party which refuses to consider the claims of the farmers and the debter classes generally will receive the worst defeat that American politics has ever known. The Alliance means union—that gives it strength the Farmers want measures, not men, the men they will send to Congress will simply carry out the measures of their constituents. Be just and conservative. Make the old parties bid for your support. In the meantime grow in thought, in unity and in true brotherhood.

For a plain, practical and instructive paper, made largely by farmers and wholly for farmers, Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis, Minn. has no equal among agricultural journals. We can furnish it in connection with the JOURNAL one year for only $1,50.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 3 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

{100 PAGES} WIDE AWAKE. {1891}

BEGINNING WITH THE HOLIDAY NUMBER

Is permanently enlarged to one hundred pages, radiant with new and larger type, a new style of page, and fresh, strong literary and pictorial attractions.

Mrs. Burton Harrison, whose story of "The Anglomaniacs" has been the sensation of the season in The Century, has written for Wide Awake a story called "Diamonds and Toads.'

Hon. John D. Long (ex-Governor of Massachusetts) furnishes six articles, under the general title of "Our Government," for the enlightenment of coming citizens—the boys and girls of to-day.

Margaret Sidney's new serial, "Five Little Peppers Grown Up," will tell more about Polly and Jasper and David and Joel and Phronsie, and others, as it runs through the year. Fifty charming illustrations by Chas. Mente.

Marietta's Good Times will chronicle in her own words, from her own manuscript, the childhood adventures of Marietta Ambrosi.

Miss Matilda Archambeau Van Dorn, a little girl who had a great many ancestors, is an irresistible little folks' serial, by Elizabeth Cumings.

Unusually Interesting Articles, some elaborately pictorial: "Dining with Gladstone," by Mrs. John A. Logan; "Amy Robsart's Embroidery," by Frances A. Humphrey? "Mother Goose's Pets," by Agnes Pepplier; "Gypsies and Gypsying," by Elizabeth Robbins Pennell; "Some Horses that I have known," by Maud Howe; "Seinte Marie College of Wynchestre," by Oscar Fay Adams; "Boston's Girl Sculptor," by Mrs. Newberry; "The Sugar Crank," by Theodora R. Jenness.

Some Problems in Horology, by E. H. Hawley, of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, will interest High School students. Three sets of cash prizes.

The Best of Short Stories from thousands offered and solicited the past year – some by new authors.

Figure Drawing for Children, in twelve illustrated lessons by Caroline H. Rimmer, with four prize offers each month.

The Ever Popular Ways to do Things, the School and Playground Stories, Tangles, Post Office and Men and Things.

Wide Awake is only $2.40 a Year.

D. LOTHROP CO., Publishers, Boston.

SPRING SMILES!

Upon the Well Wintered [illegible]

"How to Preserve the Se[illegible]" "When Shall We [illegible]," [illegible] the Animals Growing," [illegible] Swine," "Does Poultry Pay," [illegible] "The Horse Market," [illegible] "My First Fruit and Vegetable Garden," [illegible] the Farm," "The Wasteful Wife," "Our Country Roads," "Are Bees Worth their Keep," [illegible] "Notes Obtained by Fraud," "The Stranger's Promise," "Are Politicians Our Friends," "What Should the Teacher Be," "How I Preserve Meats," "When to Buy Seeds," "The Boy Mechanic," "A Quarrelsome Family," "Fighting Animals," "My Early Mistakes," "Shall We Heed the Experience of Others."

These are only a few of the subjects to be found in forthcoming numbers of

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MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 13th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried of Polk County, Minnesota to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York,, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 402; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south-west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Conrt House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 13th, A. D. 1890.

JAMES M. HAWLEY. Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee. [35-41] Crookston. Minn.

[First publication Jan. 8th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 2d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Finlayson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Agnes Finlayson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, on Monday, the 6th day of July 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said state, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the second day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. O. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.

[38-40]

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

"A Formidable Body of Men."

"If we look into the profession of physic, we shall find a formidable body of men. The sight of them is enough to make men serious."

To those who are serious by the sight of this formidable body of men, we say, try Compound Oxygen. But, before you try it, find out all about it.

In order to do so, send for our work on Compound Oxygen.

Here are a few of the testimonials, but there are hundreds of others:

Drs. Starkey & Palen—Since I used your Compound Oxygen Treatment I have had no return of asthma. I used it in 1885. Mrs C. Roby, Chelmsford, Mass., Jan. 2, 1889

I am satisfied that the Compound Oxygen is an excellent remedy. Dr. O. A. Darby, President of Columbia Female College, Columbia S. C. March 13, 1888.

Under God, I believe I owe my life to your Treatment. I pray God to bless you, and give you health and strength to spread the life-saving agent among the people. C. L. Witherspoon. Sumter, S. C. March 24, 1888.

A treatise on Compound Oxygen, cotaining a history of its discovery and mode of action as well as a record of many remarkable cures, in Consumption, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Nervous, prostration, Bronchitis, Asthma, and numerous other diseases. Book sent free. Address DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

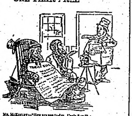
A Winter Paradise.

Our word "paradise" comes from the Greek PARADEISOS, the primary signification of which is a pleasure park, such as was attached to the residences of monarchs, in which rare animals were gathered from strange lands, and in which also beasts were preserved for the chase. In this meaning of the word, the southern portion of the United States particularly the states bordering on the Gulf of Mexico, may fairly be called a winter paradise. While the residents of the upper Mississippi Valley are in the midst of snow and ice and buffeted by winter storms, the pleasent cities and towns of Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia and Florida are embosomed in green trees and blooming flowers, while breezes from the salt sea and the pine woods alternate in giving health and enjoyment to the dweller there. The favorite line giving choice of routes via either Chicago or St. Louis, for visitors from the Northwest to Southern resorts, is "The Burlington." For particulars call on your local ticket agent or address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. agent, C. C. & N. R. R. St. Paul, Minn.

Northwestern Agriculturist:—The crowd are still sending their cattle to market, some are obliged to sell to get money, some on the account of short feed, and some because they have made up their minds to get rid of cattle as there is no money in the business. The bell-wether jumps over the fence and the biggest part of the flock follows. Reflection is not worth while, common sense, business sense, and horse sense weigh nothing, the crowd is going out of cattle, but the wise and shrewd ones are not crowding sales. It is as certain as anything in the future can be that those who have good cattle one, two and three years from now will get good prices for them.

The Northwestern Farmer

ONE YEAR FREE



MR. MCKINLEY:—"How are you to-day, Uncle Sam?"
UNCLE SAM:—"Miserable! That last dose was a leetle mite too strong for me I'm afraid."
ALLIANCE FARMER:—"Yes, and when the medicine begins to work, you will feel worse. We have decided to change doctors for you, and will then see if anything can be done to cure you."

REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul.

(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)

The publisher of the NORTHWESTERN FARMER will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul, Minn.

THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

WE OFFER IT FREE

for one year to all who will pay us one year's subscription to

The Polk County Journal.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 18th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e¼ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $353.68, besides $14 47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100 00 Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Attorney for assignee.

[36-42]

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,

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Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

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54 inch Tricot	35	"
54 inch Flannel	45	"
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75	"
36 inch Henriettas	25	"

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—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30	cents.
" " "	35	"
" " medicated, for	40	"

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket	2.00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4.50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 29, 1891. NO. 41

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES;

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

RE-ORGANIZED.

The Anti-Monopoly Association Becomes the Northwestern Farmers' Protection Association.

And Will become an Incorporated Institution--A Membership of Five Hundred Expected.

New Officers Elected.

A meeting of the Scandinavian Farmers' anti-monoply association was held last evening. Col. A. Knudson presided and Rev. F. Jorgensen officiated as Secretary. The attendance was large and enthusiastic. Messrs. E, Tharaldsen, Ole. T. Grouli and Steen A. Hofto, who were sent to Duluth to investigate into the matter of inspection and grading of grain storage, re-shibment, etc., made a report at some length of the manner in which the wheat is handled there Some interesting discoveries were noted. The committee recommended the appointment of an agent to look after the interests of an association at Duluth during the shipping season, and expressed regret that the matter has not been investigated by the farmers before. It was decided to reorganize the association and to become an incorporated institution. The new name adopted was "The Northwestern Farmers' Protective association." Officers were elected as follows:

President—E. Tharaldsen, Grand Forks.

Vice President—O. A. Sanders, Fargo.

Secretary and Manager—Thos. Ulven, McIntosh.

Treasurer—A. Knudson, Grand Forks.

The association starts out with a membership of one hundred, but it is expected that the number will be augmented to at least five hundred before this year's crop is ready for shipment. An agent will be sent to Duluth, and the project includes the erection of an elevator at Duluth as soon as practicable and the shipment of grain to the Liverpool market, without the possibility of mixing grades.

Washington Cor. PrincetonUnion.

Representative Comstock is rounding out a successful two years' term in congress by clearing up the small bills and matters of minor importance which he began. Mr. Comstock was one of those congressmen who did not introduce any bills for buncome. He did not introduce bills that did not have merit, and which he could not conscientiously use his best endeavors to secure the passage of. He went to work first on the most important measures, and with diligence and hard work he pushed them to a successful issue, and during the three months at the lot close of the session he is putting through the bills that are of less importance, and which do not cause so much trouble. Mr. Comstock has been a very successful legislator, and his successor will be very fortunate indeed if he accomplishes one-eighth of the good work which the present representative has done during the fifty first congress.

Nellie Lewis Carnation.

The latest and one of the best novelties for 1891 is an elegant Carnation, growing on long stems, a free bloomer with large flowers, of an exquisite shade of pink, something entirely different from anything in Carnations. This flower is destined to become a great favorite among the florists, as the ladies prize it very highly for corsage bouquets and decorative purposes generally. The endorsement of the old firm of James Vick, Rochester, N. Y., who introduces this plant, is enough to assure the public that it is all they claim for it. The price is only 50 cents each, three for $1.25, six for $2 25, doz. $4.00 ; but a better way would be to send 10 cents for Vick's Floral Guide and the 10 cents can be deducted from the first order forwarded for seeds.

Is Life Worth Living.

Western Rural.

This question is asked so frequently by the dyspeptic and by those who like an odd subject upon which to scribble, that it becomes monotonous; and yet, in a sense, the vast majority of people unquestionably come pretty nearly giving the negative answer. Most people do not prize life nearly as much as they think they do. The love of life is exceedingly superficial. A writer in one of the magazines for January, discusses the question as to whether we would live our lives over again if we had the chance, probably, as he suggests, that the average individual might answer the question affirmatively upon the impulse of the moment, but not upon mature reflection. Would we live over again just the same life that we have been living, say fifty or sixty years? Well we would consent to do it only if we could have the privilege of leaving out certain portions of the lives we have lived; we would if we could avoid our mistakes; if we could escape the bleak places through which we have traveled; if we could avoid the clouds that we have met on the way; and be relieved of the sorrows and tears; which is equivalent, of course, to saying, as the writer referred to suggests, that we do not wish to live our lives over again.

We might consent to do so if we could have the benefit of our experience in the life that we have already lived But careful thought upon that matter might lead us to charge our opinion Experience, we all know only too well, is not able to save us from trouble, It helps us to avoid the danger through which we have passed, but does not help us to avoid other dangers. The little child burns its fingers in the flame, and it will not put its fingers in such danger any more; but it will fall down stairs in consequence of not knowing the danger of playing at the top of them. And if by that experience it should learn to keep away from the stairs, it will play with the savage dog until it feels the animal's teeth; or eat green apples until it has the colic. So it is with life. Experience teaches us to guard against the dangers that we have already met, but we are all the time meeting new ones: and if we could begin at the cradle with all our present experience, we should find enough trouble in living another half century, to make the heart bleed and to keep alive the same old question: Is life worth living? The best thing for each of us to do is to meet the moments and the duties which they bring heroically and manfully Then life will be worth living.

Mr. Davis Land Lean Plan.

The National Economist.

Congressman-elect John Davis has for years advocated direct loans upon land to the people. As a Knight of Labor his work has long been in that line. His views are expressed fully in the following bill formulated by him for action by Congress. and which he has doutless made public for the purpose of eliciting discussion and disclosing any latent ground for objection:

That on and after the approval of this act any morgage debtor failing to meet his mortgage debt or debts according to contract shall be considered a bankrupt, and it shall not be lawful to collect such debt or debts by the usual methods of foreclosure under the laws of the several States; but the method of procedure and collection shall be as follows:

1. The creditor holding the mortgage shall proceed in person or by attorney or law representative, to the register of deeds, where the mortgage is recorded, and there procure a correct abstract of title of the estate held by his mortgage including the incumbrance created by his claim or debt. The register of deeds shall certify to the correctness of the said abstract, and attach his signature. The county clerk of said county shall also examine and certify to the correctness of the said abstract, and attach his seal and signature. Provided, after examination, the property is found to be worth the full amount of the mortgage.

2. It shall then be the duty of the creditor to proceed to the county treasurer's office, where the said abstract shall be placed permanently on file for future reference.

3. On presentation of the said certified abstract in the county treasurer's office, it shall be the duty of the said county treasurer to issue in due form, on banks prepared for the purpose, a draft for the amount of the mortgage debt, including interest and official fees to date, on the treasurer of the United States. Said draft shall be examined by the county clerk, and certified as correct by his official seal and signature. Said draft will then be due and payable by the treasurer of the Untied States on demand of any lawful holder of the same. Said draft must contain an accurate description and location of the estate mention in the abstract; and the amount of the draft shall be charged up against the said estate, creating a lawful lien on the same. The debtor shall now be allowed twenty years on the debt, by paying interests promptly on the same semi-annually, at the rate of 1 per cen- per annum; hat being the terms allowed to national bankers during the past twenty-five years. The record of the mortgage shall be marked "Settled by the United States government.

4. This procedure, herein set forth, shall be the only lawful way for collecing mortgage debts until the aggregate circulation of lawful money in the United States shall amount $50 per capita of the population, not counting the lawful reserves in banks and other fixed non-circulating deposits required by law.

5. After said aggregate of $50 per capita of population shall have been reached, the usual modes of legal procedure in the several states will again become lawful, except at such times as the increase of population shall require further floating of new money to preserve the unfluctuating aggregate of $50 per capita.

6. This said means of floating money and relieving debtors shall not prevent other legitimate means of coming and issuing money in order to facilitate or aid in reaching and maintaining the aggregate and unfluctuating circulation herein mentioned. Nor shall it be considered a bar or hindrance to private parties who desire to settle their own way by mutual consent.

7. To enable the treasury of the United States to meet the demands under this law, the treasurer shall be authorized to create and pay out on demand a sufficient amount from time to time of United States Treasury notes, receivable by the United States government for all dues. and legal tender for all debts and taxes. And, in order to show the amount of money afloat and its relation to the number of population, it shall become the duty of the United States Treasurer to embody in his monthly reports to careful calculation of the whole population at the end of each month, computed on the basis of known percentages of increase, and a statement of the money per capita afloat at the end of each month. These reports sent out monthly to the registers of deeds in the several counties in the United States shall be authority indicating the mode of procedure in the collection of mortgage debts for the ensuing month.

8. When mortgage debts become due and payable, it shall be the duty of holder of the mortgage to proceed to collection within thirty days. If procedure is not commenced within said thirty days, interest shall cease on the said mortgage on the day on which, by its terms, the debt became due and payable.

6. This law shall be applicable to real estate occupied as individual or family homes; and to lands and lots occupied for industrial and business purposes for family support. It shall not be applicable to unoccupied or unused lands.

More Money.

The Western Rural.

Everybody who knows anything about business and its requirements knows that this country needs more money. We have panics because there is a contraction of the small circulation that we have; that is to say we have what we call panics. But we never call depression a panic until everything comes to a stand still. As a matter of fact we have been in the midst of panic in this country for several years. When millions of the people—and those millions engaged in the most important industry—are struggling hard to make both ends meet, the country is in a panic. And millions have been thus struggling for years, and hence have been experiencing a panic; and why? Largely because there has been too little money in this country to do business with.

Our Common Enemies.

The Progressive Age.

It is estimated that, on an average, one and onehalf million people are out of employment in these United States. Some statisticians claim as many as two million men forced into idleness. This is a startling statement, and one which is not appreciated as should be. These men on an average represent three individvals each, or in all from four and one-half to six millions all told. These people have no purchasing power, and to just this extent the markets of our country are deprived of legitimate business. These six million people would require from seven to eight hundred million dollars to carry them through each year if they live at all comfortably. The fact that they are out of work is a demonstration of another fact, that there is over-production in the land, which, in view of the needy six millions, means that there is under-consumption. This eight hundred millions expended would give demand for labor until every idle man could obtain work. The waste of this country in tobacco almost amount to this some sum, and the wast in intoxicants exceeds this amount tremendously. If we could save the money wasted in these two worse than wastful habits the present problem of idle men and starving women and children would be solved. This fearful wast works seriously to the employers of labor as to those whom they employ. No man who has money invested in machinery, buldings, and land for the purpose of manufacture, but would be glad if he could run every working day of the year. In fact they would be pleased to have enough work to keep their machinery in motion day and night. It would pay. With the frightful waste of the drink traffic, tobacco and opium, which gives employment to a comparatively few men, the under-consumption in the comforts and necessities of life is so great, that righteous ennobling industry lags, and men and women ask for a privilege of earning their bread, and are denied it, To make war upon these wasteful habits is our patriotic duty. We must not stop there. The saloon and tobacco shop, and opium joint, while the result or the effect of an unjust social system, have become causes of intemperance, and must receive the sternest opposition from all social reformers. While we admit that the primary causes of intemperance are behind the existence of these evil institutions, we would not tarry a moment in our effort to remove them. We would not consider it wise treatment to make outward application only in the treatment of a great boil or carbuncle. We would treat the subject constitutionally, but while the larger, more radical, constitutional treatment is in process, we would allay the fever, alieviate the pain, and remove the hardening incrustations by heroic treatment. Thus would we treat these great evils that rob us of what we should have. We would and should fight front and rear. We should rake them with an enfilading fire when we can. We should, on the ground of self protection, for patriotic reasons, aid every effort that wisely looks towards the crippling and destroying of these enemies of human interest.

Insanity of Millionaires

The increased strain put on a money-making man at the present time, especially if he be engaged in speculation, is something tremendous. Time was, that the very rich people were either those who had inherited a goodly fortune, or those who had accumulated wealth by long years of steady devotion to business. Then, too, a millionaire was a wonder; now, anything short of five to twenty million puts a man out of the category of "the rich." Under the present conditions, every faculty must be constantly under whip and spur, and dangerous nervines are often resorted to. No wonder there are so many cases of death from "heart failure" among the millionaires. The way to avoid this, is to cease so much making haste to be rich; to know when one is comfortably well off, and to always select the luxurious trains of "The Burlington" when about to make a journey either for business or pleasure. Information about rates and routes to all points, can be obtained from agents of this or connecting lines, or by writing to W. J. C. Kenyon. Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul. Minn.

The Journal of the Knights of Labor (Philadelphia) discussed the financial situation:

Some of our wise men are cudgeling their brains to find the bottom cause of the recent panic. Unwise financial management in the Argentine Federation, they say, caused great losses by the Barings and other English investors, and this, creating a financial stringency in England, attracted gold from America, in turn tightening the money market here. The theory is plausible, the facts are in favor of it, and in all probability this is at least a good part of the reason. But the wise men stop here; having found or thought they had found the cause. nothing seems to them to remain to be done. Panics are like atmospheric disturbances; it is possible for man to discover their origin, or control them; and so the wise men fold their arms, and, having, as they think, located the financial storm center, consider that nothing remains to be done but to await the next commercial cyclone, and then attempt the discovery of its source. Truly all the fools are not to be found among the unlearned. One would think that it would require no great wisdom to see that if because unwise financiering in South America caused a panic in England the circulating medium of America took flight to London, it was only because that circulating medium is a commercial commodity as well as money. Gold, like all other commodities, flows with unerring certainty to the place where it is in greatest demand and commands the highest price. This much even wise men can see. Surely they ought also to be able to see the folly of having a money that is thus liable to take flight from the country. Twenty money famines in England could not take out of circulation in America one dollar of greenbacks, and with a paper money based on the credit of the people the financial blunders of five hundred Barings could not disturb industry in the United States. This is something for hardmoney men to ponder over.

DO NOT WAIT.

When slow disease, with all her host of pains,

Chills the warm tide which flow along the veins."

If the disease be slow, don't wait for it to "chill the warm tide" in the veins, but lose no time in weighing the claims of Compound Oxygen, and, if convinced, as we feel confident you will be, try it.

To aid you in arriving at a speedy conclusion, send for our treatise on compound Oxygen, its history, discovery, nature, and results. Here you will find records of numerous chronic cases hundred of testimonials, and much interesting reading.

Compound Oxygen is only made and dispensed by Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1529 Arch street, Philadelphia. Any substance made elsewhere, or by others, and called Compound Oxygen. is spurious. Address DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch street, Philadelphia Pa.

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Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, F. F. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

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There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

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CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

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THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

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For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn , or

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(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

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Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. | CROOKSTON, MINN.

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1891.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

THE most popular Weekly Newspaper in the United States, the largest circulation, and the only strictly Weekly Newspaper that ever succeeded in obtaining and holding, year after year, a circulation in every State and Territory (and nearly every county) of the United States. All the news, better departments and more first-class entertaining and instructive reading than in any other dollar paper published.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW story to commence first of the year, written especially for the Blade by Oliver Optic. "Money Maker Series." A series of special articles on "Side Issues," written for The Blade. Blade China Tea Sets and Dinner Sets given to club-raisers. Send for specimen copy of The Weekly Blade and our interesting announcements for the coming year.

SPECIMENS.

A specimen copy will give you a better idea of The Weekly Blade than any description we can give in an advertisement. We therefore invite everybody to write us for a specimen, which we will cheerfully mail you free; and at the same time please mail us a list of names of your friends and neigbors, and we will also mail them specimens.

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ANYBODY can earn Ten Dollars very quickly by raising clubs for The Blade. We are now paying the highest amount for clubs ever offered by any newspaper. We want agents everywhere. Write us for confidential terms to agents. Address

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TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids

"Compound Oxygen—its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

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CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

1891—THE ST. PAUL—DAILY NEWS.—1891

Furnishes all the News of the World.

Bright,
Fearless
and
Independent.

Champions the cause of the people independent of the political parties. Opposes monopolies and all public or private robbery by means of unjust tariff or other iniquitous legislation, State or National.

The full reports of legislative proceedings, which the Daily News will supply during the coming session of the Legislature, will alone be worth the cost of a year's subscription.

Sent by mail, postage paid, at the following remarkably low price:

Six months..........$1.75
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For 75 cents additional to either a six months or a yearly subscription a complete set of the works of Charles Dickens, eleven volumes, (paper binding) will be sent postage paid.

Send for sample copies of the News Address: The Daily News, St. Paul, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 29, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—	1 Hard	77.
	1 Northern	74.
	2 Northern	70.
	3 Northern	62.

Pete Misgen was in the city a few days last week.

Wheat went up one cent last week, reaching 76 for 1 Hard.

A little snow this week brightens things up wonderfully.

The "Owl Club" met with Mrs. Ed. Wile last Thursday evening.

Wheat is improving. Opened out on Tuesday morning at 78 for 1 Hard.

Hon. H. Steenerson was in St Paul on business before the Supreme Court.

Miss Kate Bell, of Fergus Falls, is visiting in the family of Engineer Bunnell.

Rev. R. H. Battey left on Monday evening for Minneapolis to visit with his family for a few days.

The daily papers of St. Paul don't seem to have a faculty of reporting the doings of the legislature correctly.

Miss Dolly Bunnell and her friend, Miss Kate Bell, went over to Grand Forks last Friday to visit friends for a few days.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church meets with Mrs. Frank Bivins this week, on Thursday afternoon.

H. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, passed through the city on Tuesday morning en route home from a business trip to the twin cities.

"The man with the big pinchers," is what a little four-year-old Argyle boy called the conductor on a Great Northern train last week.

Hugh Sang, a former resident of Fisher, came up on the train Saturday morning. He is father of Mrs. Frankie Dickenson, of Stephen.

Bob Dunn gets left in his contest with Price for a seat in the legislature. From what we saw of the evidence we had an idea that Bob would get there.

John Cromb has formally assumed his new duties under the appointment of the Governor. The interests of the Normal schools will be safe in such hands.

John McKinnon has moved into his new office, which is located in the front part of the south half of his former machine storage room. John is getting on deck again after his attack of fever.

Anderson & Co. have taken possession of their new store on Main street and are getting things in ship shape for business. We understand that they propose to do a wholesaling business entirely.

At a meeting of Poplar River Alliance, No. 729, held on January 13th, C. P. DeMers was elected President, P. LeMay, Secretary, and John Hubert, Treasurer. The post office address of this Alliance is Lambert.

There will be regular services, conducted by the pastor, at the Congregational church, next Sunday, to which all are cordially invited. 11:00 a. m.—"Religion and Patriotism." 7:30 p. m.—"The Young Woman as Daughter." Do not fail to hear both of these discourses. All seats are free and everybody welcome.

On the N. P. train on Tuesday morning was a family consisting of father, mother and six small children, returning to their home at Grafton, N. D. from a two months visit to friends at the old home. Every one of the children had the whooping cough, and if we should say that they came back home "just a whooping," it would be literally true. That's just what they did.

Senator Lommen is catching on to his legislative work in great shape. He is very watchful over the interests of his constituents, careful and conservative, and is fast becoming a prominent and influential member. Our Polk County representative in the lower house, Will Carleton, will also make a good clean record. He is prompt and attentive to his duites, anxious to subserve our interests well and faithfully.

Senator Lommen informs THE JOURNAL that in response to the letters he sent out to ascertain the sentiment in relation to division of the county, nine out of every ten are utterly opposed to division of any kind and only one-half of the one-tenth favor division into four parts—the balance favoring a division into two counties. He has also received several remonstrances, numerously signed, against division or any sort at this time.

THE JOURNAL this week received several communications from the east side in relation to the seed wheat business. Many of the farmers found themselves unable to comply with the law in relation to payment and are anxious to have a bill introduced into the legislature giving them the needed relief. We have interviewed our members on this question and they are willing to do all in their power to obtain the required relief. It strikes us that this would be a proper subject for action by the county board, whose province it would seem to be to inquire into the matter and draft a bill for the purpose. This matter should be brought before the board at its next meeting for their consideration.

THAT INDIAN SCARE.

Some of our exchanges have recently been wasting a great deal of sympathy upon this section of the country, and trying to make it appear that the Chippewa Indians were in open rebellion, ready at any moment to declare open war against the United States of America. The basis for these reports seems to be that in some way the Indians have recently been supplied with plenty of liquor, and, as a result, have been extra hilarious, dancing and carrying on at a great rate, and some of them have been inclined to be ugly, threatening a few settlers, who, the Indians allege, have been taking wood from the reservation. These reports coming to the Governor it was deemed wise to investigate, so Adjutant Gen. Mullen, and Col. A. E. Chautler, of the Governor's staff, and a St. Paul Dispatch reporter, left St. Paul on Friday evening of last week for the front. Arriving at Crookston on Saturday morning they engaged a team at Ole Bjoin's livery stable, and with Ole as driver, departed for the scene of the alleged disturbance. Arrived at Thief River Falls they found the citizens enjoying their usual good health and regular meals, and they at once opened up headquarters at the Oh-gi'-m-ah,(a rest,) the best hotel in that thriving young city, when mine host Robbecke proceeded to show them the best hash this side of the Reeong in St. Paul. After doing ample justice to the same, they proceeded to investigate the situation fully. In the evening they accepted an invitation to attend the Indian dance about two miles from the city and found that the chief animating source of the dances is liquor. The Indians disclaimed any hostile intentions, nevertheless the General ordered arms and ammunition to be sent to the council at Thief River Falls in case they might be needed, as well as to inspire confidence among the settlers. The General "disarmed" the Indians by taking home with him a big black dog—the most belligerant looking object in their possession. The only other "arms" they had he could not remove as they were attached to the Indians by the ties of nature, dangerous to sever. The General and staff returned to this city on Sunday and took the evening N. P. train for home.

M. P. Losey, Esq., returned from St. Paul on Saturday where he has been serving as United States Grand Juror.

Chris Hanson returned from a visit to the twin cities on Saturday morning, the first time he has been there since 1874. He was very much surprised at the changes that have taken place; although he expected great changes, he says the half had not been told him. As he gazed about and saw the magnificent buildings of Minneapolis, he began to realize the importance of our wheat industry—he could see that there is big money in our wheat crops, for the simple grinding of our wheat has built many of these palatial residences and mammoth business houses. Reasoning from cause to effect, he wondered why he is not to-day rolling in wealth, for he has raised many thousands of bushels of No. 1 Hard and the man who raises the wheat ought to make far more money out of it than the man who simply converts it into flour. He is more fully impressed than ever of the capacity of a country that can raise such magnificent wheat that the mere grinding of it makes millionaires, and he now wishes a solution that will make the raiser an equal partner in the deal, at least, even though it should not give him his just proportion of it.

NOTICE.

I have purchased all notes and book accounts of the old firm of Stewart and Spottswood, dissolved, and request a settlement at once.

[38-41] WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

FARMERS,

Try the Old Farmer For Bargains!!

$12,000 worth of Goods.

Dress Flannels sold at 65 Cents,

I will sell at ....45 cents per yard

" " Ginghams at..........8 " "

" " Calico at..........5 " "

" " Vinegar at..........20 cts. per gallon.

" " Catsup at..........75 " "

" " Coffee from..........18 to 35 " pound,

" " Tomatoes at..........10 cents per can.

" " ....13 quarts Cranberries for $1.00.

" " Felt Boots and Felt Shoes Below Cost.

And everything else in proportion. I will make it to your advantage to call upon me before you purchase.

A. STURE.

ABSCESSES AND THINGS.

An abscess is a very painful and extremely dangerous thing to have on the body politic, unless it happens to be on the body of the other fellow. We never fully appreciated how dangerous they really were until our recent experience, for while we were painfully aware of their troublesome nature we did not know that they were contagious until ours broke and McKenzie got it—internally. For nearly one year we watched the little fellow grow and wax fat and McKenzie was safe, for as he knew nothing about it he had no chance to stick his nose in, but when it broke—in charity to our little neighbor we will draw the veil here, for he has had it bad ever since, and, evidently, internally, which is said to be the worst form. Our experience with abscesses leads us to infer that they are not contagious—if you keep your nose where it belongs—as McKenzie is the only one who seems to have taken it from us, and we are glad of this assurance, for while it is said that "misery loves company," we are glad to feel that McKenzie alone, of all our many friends is suffering from a too close contact with our private trouble, and it requires but little sympathy, comparatively, to square accounts. We commenced to tell what we knew about abscesses and things and have said so much about abscesses that time and space obliges us to allow our readers to imagine the thing implied.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

THAT "GOBBLER."

Confound it, Mac, what ails you, anyhow? Are you so constituted that you CAN'T get anything right, anyhow, or are you so utterly down on us that you will not quote us correctly under any circumstances? In our issue of the 22d, we said that the Times so "garbled" our bid as to make it appear preposterous, and in his issue of the 24th McKenzie says of us: "He accuses the Times of GOBBLING the report of the commissioners," &c. We protest, Mac, that whatever we THINK about it we did not SAY that you are a gobbler—we have too much respect for that fussy, proud old Thanksgiving bird, and your efforts to make us say so but proves the correctness of our first statement that you did "GARBLE" our bid, either intentionally or through ignorance of the plain English language. The auditor informs us that you had a verbatim copy of our bid which is now on file in his office, which bid shows that your construction of it was incorrect in every essential particular; but we suppose you will charge the county just as much as though you had got it correct. If that is the kind of service the taxpayers will get all through they will find that they have paid too dear for the whistle—and they will, anyway.

FOR SALE.

One Full Blood Jersey Bull.

Twenty-five to Thirty head of Grade Jersey cows and young stock. Will sell the same cheap for cash or negotiable notes or will trade for young steers.

Will also sell 2 span of good brood mares, one fine driving team, one three year old colt, and three sucking colts.

Also all of my household furniture and farming utensils will be sold at private sale before March 15th 1891.

E. J. Haseltine.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. McCollom, of Hallock, passed through the city on Thursday evening of last week, via N. P. R. R., en route to Superior, Wis., where Mr. McCollom expects to make his future home. He has sold his drug stock and intends to close out his entire business interests at Hallock as soon as possible. The loss of Mr. McCollom will be a severe one to, not only Hallock and Kittson County, but incidentally to this upper country, a loss that will be felt more and more as time rolls on and reveals by their loss the effects of his enterprise and good works. Mr. McCollom has been a prominent merchant in Hallock for several years, but he is not built on the skin-flint pattern that is so grasping for the almighty dollar as to exact the pound of flesh to obtain it, but his plan of business has been to benefit his patrons as well as himself, and he has spent many a dollar to accomplish this purpose that many a man would have invested in bank stock or some other wealth-producing source. He established a cheese factory at Hallock for the sole purpose of encouraging the stock interests of the county and provide a good market for the products of the dairy. In order to benefit his patrons he tried to obtain permission to build a flat-house to handle grain for them, but was refused this privilege, but this did not prevent him carrying out his plans, for he at once commenced the work of putting up an elevator of regulation size and almost before the people of Kittson County realized what he was at, his elevator was ready to handle wheat. All who desired his help in making shipments, got it freely and fully, and all who wanted to ship their own wheat through his house could do so for only three-quarters of a cent per bushel elevator charges. That this enterprise of Mr. McCollom's saved the farmers of that vicinity thousands of dollars can be readily seen, as well as the fact that Mac did not realize an overgrown fortune out of it. A man like that in every village in this country could revolutionize the business of the country without much fuss and feathers, and the country can illy afford to lose even one of that sort. THE JOURNAL earnestly wishes Mr. McCullom the success in life he amply deserves.

One of our enterprising legal firms received a letter from a dweller in far off Kansas the other day and kindly permits THE JOURNAL to make extracts. By its tenor we should say that Kansas is a fine country—to leave. He says: "I received your kind letter and was glad to hear from you in relation to your country, and now I have a few more questions which I should like you to answer. 1st. Have you a good school system? The reason I want to know is that I have six children and I will not take them to a place where they cannot have the benefits of a good school, nor enjoy church privileges. 2d. What kind of wheat do they raise, fall or spring? 3d. Is it a timber or prairie country, and what is lumber worth per 1,000 feet? 4th. Is there any stones in the ground like those in Kansas or Missouri? 5th, Have they got good timber, or is it all elm, sycamore and red-bud like it is here in Kansas, that will warm a fellow three times—1st, in cutting, 2d, in hauling and having to load it about 11 or 9 times, and 3d, in getting it ready for the stove? Not to mention the comfort (?) of sitting by a sizzling elm fire and having your eyes smoked out, and see how mad the women get trying in vain to get the oven hot enough to bake a corn-dodger. 6th. What time do they have to commence to feed stock in the fall and what time do they commence work in the spring? 7th. Is there anything to do in the winter like hauling, or does a man have to sit around from September till June? 8th. About what is the average fall of snow, and how about water? Is it scarce and hard as a grindstone, and that will coat a person's true inwardness with lime like unto the inside of a tea kettle until he has to resort to senna by the pound? 9th. Are there any pure bred fowls there, or would it pay me to bring mine? I have seven different breeds, among which are some prize birds. 11th. Have you a Grand Army Post?

Answers to the above will greatly oblige, yours truly,

WAVERLY, Kansas.

Hardware Stock and Fixtures for Sale.

I Have Recently Purchased the Business

—OF—

STEWART & SPOTTSWOOD,

And now Wish to Retire from Business in Crookston.

For information regarding this stock call at the store and inquire for A. M. Stewart.

ALL accounts and notes must be SETTLED AT ONCE, and no more credit granted. Call in and see some of the Bargains offered.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

The Board of Immigration.

The Board of Immigration met at Hallock on Saturday last. Polk County was represented by M. R. Brown, Lewis Ellington and E. D. Childs. It was resolved to have one member of the Board in each county, list any and all of the farms that may be offered for sale in each county. When this is done the list so made will be printed in convenient form to send to all who write inquiring for farm lands. The list will also contain statistical and other information such as intending settlers are interested in knowing. Mr. M. R. Brown was appointed to do this work in Polk County, and if any of our readers desires to sell his farm it will be decidedly to his advantage to list his property with Mr. B. at once, as already the committee have many letters of inquiry from intending purchasers, to answer. If you wish to sell your farm go and talk with Mr. Brown who will explain more fully.

Beltrami Telaugraphs.

BELTRAMI, Jan. 16, 1891.

The republicans here are pleased to be represented on the state central committee by a man of such ability and character as E. M. Walsh.

A. Noble, who met with an accident about a week ago, is able to be out again.

C. Schweb, formerly proprietor of the Atlantic Hotel, will soon return to the town of Reis.

The case of Elder vs. Webb is on Squire Hallock's docket for next Saturday, Jan. 31st. Come to the circus, boys.

Those who are caught cutting trees on section 8 will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. The fine is $250 per tree.

Our noted trappers, Lewis Seeger and B. Murphy, have been very busy lately. They have already caught a few rats and if larger game was abundant they soon would be millionaires.

Joe Gilsoul, who has made so many trips to Belgium, is now on his way to British Columbia. "Farvel Yo."

The one-horse elevator was closed last week. The agent, W. T. Beattie, has many friends here who wish him success wherever his lot may be cast.

The young folks are having lots of fine skating on the river.

Our community was pained to learn of the death of the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Haight, and of the two youngest children of Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Thurston, all of Roslyn, Washington. We extend to them our heartfelt sympathy and may they be comforted and sustained while here, and when the journey of life is o'er may they meet the loved ones in the better land where all is love, joy and peace.

EDNA.

For a plain, practical and instructive paper, made largely by farmers and wholly for farmers, Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis, Minn. has no equal among agricultural journals. We can furnish it in connection with the JOURNAL one year for only $1,50.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 PAIR OF BROOD MARES

Six years old with foal to thoroughbred Percheron Norman horse.

2 Geldings, 4 years old.

2 Mares, 4 years old.

1 good Driving Horse, 6 years old.

1 pair 2 year old Mares, 7-8 Norman Percheron.

1 pair good Norman Fillies.

Address THEO. GREENHALGH, city post office, or call at the farm in Fairfax. [40-45]

[First publication Jan. 29th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 23d. 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Sam Johnson, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto James Hanson, of Washington County, Minn.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county of Polk, on Monday, the 3d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks, prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 23d day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. C. M. BENSON,
[41-43] Judge of Probate.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

Dr. M. Leguee is quite ill with erysipelas.

Joel P. Heatwole has returned from his wedding trip through England, France and Italy. Says America is good enough for him. One remark that he made seems quite peculiar for a young benedict when he said of his trip. "Its a pretty tough trip, my boy, no money or other consideration would tempt me to try it over again." Oh, Joel!

A CALL

To the Farmers of Polk Co. is hereby given to attend a meeting. to be held at Fertile, Friday Feb. 20th. at 10 o'clock a. m, to take steps towards the construction of a flowring mill. The attendance of Representatives from very town-ship is urgently requested, by the woodside Alliance and others. [41-tf]

Marshall County Leader:—Mrs. S. H. Barteau was the recipient of a very handsome money present from the Womens' Christian Union of Crookston recently. She is always active in good work and will be warmly receved at Stephen when she comes to make this her home.

McIntosh Times:—Alphouse Paradis, of Poplar River, was in the city Thursday. Mr. Paradis has been operating a cheese factory at Lambert the past season and has met with such good success that he will start another factory on his farm in Poplar River the coming season. He says a cheese factory is one of the best paying investmnt any farming community can make and places the average profit from the milk of one average cow at from 40 to 50 dollars per year. We understand that Mr. Paradis would be willing to build a cheese factory in this city if a sufficient inducement was offered him. The matter should be looked into.

Norman County Herald:—Senator E. E. Lommen, of this district has already become a prominent member of the Senate. His constituents will have no cause to regret their choice

McIntosh Times:—Ole Stovern and W. G. Hunt were at Crookston last Friday sizing up the elephants. They pronounce the county division elephant as harmless.

Ada Index:—Hon. B. M. Chesley was up from St. Paul last Saturday and Sunday visiting his family. Mr. Chesley is deeply engrossed in legislative matters and is taking a leading part in shaping things in the House. In the contest over legislative employes Chesley managed to secure a place for A. J. Wright as keeper of committee rooms at $3 per day.

Fargo Republican:—There is room in the Red River valley for five times its present population. Less than one-third of its area is in cultivation. In its agricultural history of twelve years it has never had a failure.

Duluth News:—If Mr. Donnelly is anxious to serve the farmers he should begin by economizing on his wind. Every minute he consumes in useless palaver with the talkative John Day Smith costs the state a good many hard, round 80-cent silver dollars.

The Perham Bulletin says: "A leading printing office in St. Paul is putting in type 173 mortgage foreclosure notices, for a single Dakota paper furnished by the Middlesex Banking company of Connecticut." Yet we are sometimes told that the American farmers are universally prosperous.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF,

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,
North Star,
Fife,
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

C. B. Buckman has returned from Washington with assurances that he will be appointed Surveyor General of Logs and Lumber. This is as it should be.

Red Lake Falls News: Senator Lommen is sending out letters to alliance officials in this section, perhaps in the interest of Crookston, asking opinions regarding a division of the county, stating, at the same time, his opposition. It would be well for the senator to remain neutral and await developments or two years hence await political death at the hands of the alliance.

It seems singular that the News can see no earthly good in the alliance nor any member of it. It seems to have the idea that the farmers of Polk County are not of sufficient importance to be worthy to take a hand in shaping events that affect their own interests—sharp politicians and town-site boomers alone are intelligent enough to do that. Senator Lommen is personally opposed to the proposed division of Polk County, but he is too broad-gauged, too liberal minded, to set up his own will in opposition to the known wishes of the people, and so he has presented a circular letter which he is sending to FARMERS—men who have the taxes to pay, to learn THEIR wishes in the matter, and this is perfectly right. Perhaps the News man was not consulted, hence his wrath, or perhaps it is fearful its little scheme should be defeated. Senator Lommen will carry out the will of a majority of the people of Polk County, so far as he can ascertain that will, regardless of consequences to himself, never fear. Senator Lommen will pay all due heed to the legitimate wants of his constituents, but jobbers and schemers need expect no sympathy from him. He aint built that way.

Walter W. Partridge died at his residence in Moorhead on Wednesday, January 21st, 1891, of typhoid pneumonia, aged 35 years. The writer became acquainted with Mr. Partridge soon after his arrival at Glyndon, from England, in 1873, and the friendship thus formed has continued without a break up to the present time, and it was but a few days ago that we had a business correspondence with Walt which might have resulted, had he lived, in his becoming a resident of Crookston. Mr. Partridge was born in England, where he received a liberal education, learned the printer's trade in Moorhead, was at one time manager of the Moorhead News Printing Co., and was at the time of his death doing a good business in job printing; he was also manager of the Moorhead Opera House. He was a prominent member of the Knights of Pythias and Ancient Order of United Workmen, in which order he carried a $2,000 life insurance policy. Mr. Partridge was one of those men whose friendship ennobles and whose influence in this world tends to make the world better for his having lived, and his memory will live long in the hearts of all whose pleasure it was to call him friend. It is indeed a hard task to write these words, and our heartfelt sympathy goes out to those mourning relatives, and yet we can but feel that it is all well with Walt; we believe that he was prepared for the change and that he is now in a happier sphere, where sorrow never enters, nor sickness distresses.

A Heavy Mercantile Business.

Superior Evening Telegram.

H. A. Johnson and O. M. Omlie, of Grafton, N. D., arrived in the city on Wednesday morning. Both are wealthy and have large interests in the Red River Valley. Mr. Johnson has been here frequently and comes this time with the full intent of going into business. He is the possessor of a scheme which will at once result in the establishment of a business that will bring heavy capital into the mercantile field here. It involves the handling at this point of a product of one of the most famous of the big flour mills of the Red River country. The mill is famed for the quality of its flour, and the greater portion of it has been exported for some years, but the eminence of this point and its shipping facilities have convinced Mr. Johnson of its pre-eminent qualities as a mart, and unless the unexpected happens, a business worth several hundred thousand dollars yearly will be located here in a few weeks. It is now a mere question of location.

Financial Legislation.

Western Rural.

It need never be hoped that there will ever be any financial legislation or proposed financial legislation, that does not recognize gold as the only proper money, that will not provoke intense opposition and the prophecy of disaster. Among the objectors to other money than gold are first the Shylock robbers who desire to practice their practical communism and despoil the people. It is the study of his class how best to pinch the debtor and how best to rob the public. The most acceptable plan is to make money scarce and dear, and all the power of the Wall streets and money loaning sharks of the country have for years been bent upon the perfection of that plan. Even silver is denounced by this class, and for years not only has the free coinage of silver been denied, but the banks, and the brokers and the Shylocks have done their utmost to degrade our silver circulation. Then the ranks of the objectors to a more liberal financial policy, are swelled by the people who prize things that are old because they are old. These are the people who have kicked at every innovation that has ever been made during their lives. It is a class that never dies and never learns anything till all the balance of the world has learned it. It is the class that ridiculed Fulton, laughed at Morse, sneered at Edison, prophesied that the reaper and mowing machine, sewing machine and every other useful invention was nonsense and worthless. They must have something that jingles or they do not consider it money, and while most of this class will consent that silver shall be used for money, they draw the line at paper.

Perhaps it would be well enough for even those who believe that legal tender paper is good enough money for practical purposes, to recognize the fact that a metal basis of currency is and will continue to be demanded by a very large proportion of our people, and to seek to make a compromise in order that our circulating medium may be increased, and our financial system bettered. Suppose we start out with the proposition that the government issue all the money, and that the notes which the government issues shall be redeemed in gold or silver, the latter, of course to enjoy free coinage. Then follow this with the proposition that the government issue say fifty per cent more notes than it has coin for redemption of, or for that matter it might make the proportion still larger and then be much better prepared to redeem the notes than the banks are, for it is a notorious fact there is not a bank in existence that could stand a run without outside help. Add to this a feature by which the farmer could borrow money with as much facility as other classes can borrow it, and why would not this plan practically embody all the principles advocated by all classes, except the gamblers of Wall street and ten-per-cent a month gang? The trouble with so many reforms is that we all have so many different ideas, and are so persistent in demanding that they shall be adopted, that nothing is accomplished. It is our duty to see if we cannot make a compromise and get something when we started out to effect a reform.

Railroad Pooling.

Western Rural.

It is announced that there is a disposition in Congress to so amend the Inter-State Commerce Law as to legalize pooling. The railroad people are such a cat and dog crowd and are so liable to inter upon a parrot and monkey enterprise, on the slightest provocation, or without provocation, that Congress appears to think that it will have to do something to save these people from destroying themselves. Every other business in the country appears to be able to get along without special attention from the government, except the rum business. But the fifty thousand dollar a year presidents cannot manage the enterprises entrusted to their care without fighting each other and destroying the value of their properties. It is a lamentable confession of overpaid stupidity when it asks Congress to let them get together, kiss each other, and all sleep in one bed, so, to speak.

Well, pooling is all right under certain limitations. If Congress will proceed to squeeze the watered stock of the railroads out of existence, and make a maximum rate of charges so that the roads cannot possibly rob the public, let them pool. All the interest that the public has in the matter is that it should not be overcharged, and when that is assured it does not care a cent whether the Podunk and Squantum railroad and the Poketown and Arizona railway keep their money in separate pouches or dump into one bag. But before pooling is legitimized the protection of the Congress will hear some thunder and see some lightning. Congress ought to be convinced that this is not a good time to hug railroads and boost monopolies. It is a pretty stupid body we are ready to admit, but a fool knows when he has been hit with a club, and knows that he may be hit again, if the club is raised over his head.

The Alliance Times (Anderson, Ind.) says:

The Alliance is a political organization and teaches politics; its principles are purely political, its intentions are political, and the man or woman who is thinking of becoming a member with any other understanding had better not send in his application for membership. While it is political it is non-partisan. Some people do not know the difference between politics and partisanship politics is the science of government; partisanship—well it is anything to beat the other party, regardless of principles or anything else.

Custer County Beacon (Broken Bow, Neb.) says;

By striking down silver and thus enhancing the value of gold, the bondholders have realized immense profit if not a dollar in interest had ever been paid them. And by this demonetizing act alone, they had been enabled to add thousands and millions of dollars to the burden of the original debt.

Labette County Statesman (Oswego, Kas.) says:

There is another trade dollar swindle in the financial incubator. It is a plan to coin a "pan-American dollar" for use in the central American nations, just as the trade dollar were made for use in Japan. It is not to be a legal tender anywhere—oh, no! that would spoil the little game—but merely a convenience of trade. They might be paid out in Central and South America for sugar, coffee, etc., but they would soon come back in the purchase of implements, flour, etc. Once in the hands of the public a discount of 25 or 50 per cent, would be established, and the "honest financier" harvest a few millions more.

Sleepy Eye Herald—: The Alliance members of the two houses of the legislature have been accused of being extremists in everything and it was predicted that they would introduce measures which would cripple railroads, monopolies, corporations, &c., but up to this writing it is the members of the other parties that they have been active as regards such legislation. Senator S. D. Peterson introduced a measure requiring the railroads and warehouse commissioners to report the actual cost of the construction per mile of each railroad with the State of Minnesota, the amount actually paid by the person or corporation constructing such railroads, for the right of way, depot, or terminal grounds, the amount of municipal or county aid, the lands granted by Congress or State, the amount realized from the sale of such lands, and the present value of the lands. The matter required by the bill shall be reported to the governor on or before the 1st of December each year. The commissioners are given the power to employ suitable engineers to obtain the information required. The bill was referred to the committee on railroads. Senator Davis, of Nicollet, introduced a bill in the Senate that reduces the legal rate of interest to six per cent. and contract rate to eighty. It provides for penalties in cases of usury. Both men are Republicans.

Among Our Exchanges.

Sleepy Eye Herald.

When a farmer happens to have a spare dollar that he has earned by hard knocks, and invests it in the Louisana Lottery the Government calls him a gambler, and if its officers see him with lottery ticket in his possession it prosecutes him as a criminal and sends him to jail. This is the law. When a Wall street gambler who has tens of thousands to speculate with in watery railroad stock, and other ficticious paper, gets caught and is likely to go to the wall, our government steps in and eases the money market, by taken the millions which it has taxed out of the farmers and pours into the "gambling" den of Wall Street, to help the fair haired gambler out. This is the difference between a poor hayseed, one-doller gambler, and a sleek, stall-fed gambler with his millions. A little judicious hanging of a few scoundrels who make our laws might put the gambling fraternity on a better equality,—Independent American.

Outside Symbathy.

Western Rural.

The deception which has been practiced upon the farmer by politicians and some other classes, is well understood and has been a distressing feature of our society. It has so far been such an uninterrupted outrage not only upon the farmer but upon common decency that it has finally resulted in a powerful combination among farmers for their own protection. It is a dull student who does not recognize in present happenings the fact that the farmers' movement has come to stay until such time at least as the producer shall be recognized as a vitally important factor in the nation's prosperity and is accorded his full rights, politically and otherwise. It was formerly thought that if farmers succeeded in getting into office they would oust themselves by radical and impractical action; and there were good grounds for that belief. For some years the farmers were not very fortunate in some of the men their votes elected to office. But farmers have made great progress in acquiring a practical knowledge of public affairs since the work of organization has been going on among them, and they are to-day as well fitted to fill the public offices as any other class. Naturally even when they act conservatively in some respects they will be charged with radicalism, for it has been so long the custom to impose upon the farming class, that large numbers of people have really come to consider it legitimate to do so and whenever farmers in office seek to put a stop to that sort of thing, they will likely be denounced as "revolutionists!" But as sure as there is a sun in the heavens these wrongs will be righted and the farmer will go straight ahead until they are righted.

The farmer, however, must be practical in politics. Usually when people talk of practical politics they mean something disreputable and mean. The Rural does not believe that practical politics is disreputable. Whenever any man or party descends to disreputable ways, they are not practical to be decent and honest. The man who commits a crime does a very impractical thing, if he is aiming at ultimate success: and so does a political party. But none of us can always have just what we would like in politics or in anything else. We must sometimes compromise, if we would be practical. The farmer will not always be able to elect to office a farmer, and the next best thing for him to do under the circumstances, is to find a man who is in sympathy with the demands and yet one who may be generally acceptable to those who can prevent the election of the farmer. There are plenty of such men. They are much more numerous than many farmers suppose. They are men who believe that the salvation of the Republic depends upon the farmers of the land, and who, recognizing that agriculture is the foundation industry of the nation and that when it is prosperious the country is prosperious, are earnest advocates of every measure that is inaugurated for the relief and encouragement of our agriculturists. There is a good deal more outside sympathy for farmers than they suspect.

Progressive Age:—The beautiful star of hope that leads us toward the realm of sobriety, love and justice, is the common school. Its ethical standard, its intellect building, and its temperance instruction, all give promise of a better day for our nation. Surely the boys and girls of the schools will prove to be less subject to the temptations of whisky and tobacco, than our generation has. It must be that they will be better equipped, morally, intellectually and physically, for life's stern, noble work, than we were. When we contemplate the schools we feel like uncovering our head in thankfulness that they are so much better than twenty years ago.

The Rice (Kan.) Eagle, says:

"Closed its doors." "Another big failure." "Another big firm goes under." Such announcements as the above fill the daily papers, and yet Congress spends its time in hatching schemes to benefit the very men who are responsible for it. The rascals should be turned out and kept out.

Living Issues (Boston, Mass.) says;

Union is coming. The Farmers' Alliance has led the way. Over the chasm of North and South, over the soldier's grave, Kansas and Florida, the farmer of Dakota and the planter of Louisiana, have shaken hands. What an achievement—forty Congressmen at its first election. The farmers taught us how. Even black and white are brothers in the Farmers Alliance. If that difference in the South can be forgotten, can reform of the East and North come together?

Mankato Free Press—: The Farmers' Alliance meeting did a commendable thing when it decided to look into the express business and see if there were not some plan which could be devised whereby a feasible and practical proposition might be submitted to the legislature to bring these corporations to a realizing sense of their duty to the public. The movement is assuming huge proportions, and unless all signs fail the express companies will be regulated. Further forbearance will not be tolerated. Our law markets will be demanded to afford relief to a long suffering public.

It Was Awful.

Anoka Union.

It is said Gov. Merriam never had so much genuine, unadulterated abuse heaped upon his head, by either newspapers, disappointed office-seekers, or victims of unfilled promises, as he did at the meeting held in St. Paul recently, where some of the leading Republicans of the State were present, by Hon. L. Fletcher, T. E. Byrnes et al. After Uncle Loren got through with the Governor he opened his vials of wrath an Fred Driscoll, Sr., and gave him an awful tongue lashing.

Douglas County News:—We congratulate Ex Gov. A. Barto upon his election to the honorable position of Grand Master of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Minnesota, a position which he is well qualified to fill.

AN INTERVIEW.

With Thos. H. Canfield, to Whom the Northwest is Largely

Indebted for the Building of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

Few of our citizens were aware of the presence in the city last Monday of the original promoter of the Northern Pacific railroad, Thos. H. Canfield, of Burlington Vermont—the man who examined the Red River Valley and the territory west to the Rocky Mountains with reference to locating the line of railroad, while it was yet Indian territory, before there was any white settlement at Grand Forks, or elsewhere on the west of the Red River.

Few men have had so extensive acquaintance with the country between the Great Lakes and the Pacific coast as Mr. Canfield, and the faith which he entertained twenty years ago and repeatedly expressed to capitalists in the eastern cities of the great future of the Red River Vally—its wonderful resources and illimitable production—and the prediction he then made with respect to its great capacity and ultimate riches, have been far more than realised already, although they may be said to be yet in their infancy.

Mr. Canfield thinks the people who now occupy the vast tract of fertile country do not realize what a valuable heritage they have. He thinks they do not value it as they ought, nor cultivate it with that intelligent consideration and industrious care which will bring out its more full development. As he says, there is not on the face of the globe such a large tract of contiguous and rich territory as the Valley of the Red River, even excelling that of the Nile, in Egypt. Endowed by the Creator with a soil unexcelling in richness and fertility, and placed before man to learn what it will produce and so develope it.

The same industry—the same judgment, in cultivation, diversity, and rotation of crops which characterize the farms of New England and New York will make it one of the richest and most desirable countries on the continent.

Lands like this, are intriniscally worth, today, he says $50 per acre, and will pay good interest on it if properly cultivated, and instead of disparaging them the owners should strive to improve them and make them produce what they are capable of, and then contribute to the comfort, wealth and happiness of the inhabitants, and at the same time to a more enlightened, educated and refined class of society.

They should value and improve the advantages which they have and by doing it themselves, induce others to appreciate them also.

A Significant Departue.

The Voice Is the Voice of Benedict, but The Hand Thought the Hand of Gilman.

Special to The Journal.

St. Cloud, Jan. 24.—The Sauk Rapids Sentinel, edited by Geo. W. Benedict, and published by Benedict & Co. furnished a complete surprise to its readers by making the following unexpected announcement at the head of its editorial column in the last issue:

The Sentinel proposes to act wholly independent of the old political parties, and to advocate the proper principles and interests of the farmers' Alliance, the Knights of Labor, and of all legitimate labor organizations and of industrial pursuits and of taxpayers generally.

In another editorial article on the sudden change, the edtor of the Sentinel assigns as reasons that "from the very inception of Republicanism, and so long as fair issues existed and decency in leadership prevailed, the Sentinel has been Republican. In Minnesota, at least, those conditions have long since ceased to exist. A moneyed aristocray and a lot of piratical adventurers have been running the party for personal profit until they have run it into the ground. These leaders can establish standards of loyalty and codes of procedure and can prescribe punishments, but they cannot count us among their loyal or servile followers." And there is more to the effect "as for me and my house, we will serve" no party any longer that does not conduct itself according to our ideas. The Sentinel seems to want it distinctly understood that it is no longer a party organ—at least not a Republican party organ.

The Sentinel has been published and was founded by its present editor, who is a brother-in-law of ex-Lieut.-Gov. Chas. A. Gilman, since 1879. During the last five years it has been the personal organ of Chas. A. Gilman, who, it is claimed, is the "Co." of Benedict & Co., as publishers.

It is further surmised here that the writer of the above articles is none other than our ex-lieutenant-governor, who thus makes a decided flop from the Republican party and will hereafter, for a time at least, class himself with the Farmers' Alliance party.

During the November elections Mr. Gilman bobbed up as a sympathizer with the new party at various occasions, and, though it was rumored at the time that he would accept a favor of some kind from that organization, his inspiration went by unrecognized. The change of sentiment of his own organ, which he edited during the last campaign, however, will no doubt soon see "Charley" at the head of the Farmer's Alliance movement in this section, and the one time Republican leader, who was considered politically dead, will again "bob up serenely."

No opportunity was ever before offered whereby a farmer can obtain the experiences of others so cheaply as by a subscription to Farm, Stock and Home.

TRY

O. J. BARNES,

THE

CITY GROCER!

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

Laundry Opposite Commercial Hotel on Second Street.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS. - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
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M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

Crookston. - - - Minn.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

One-half Block from Depot.

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

THE NEW

NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — FARM LANDS

NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. — LOW RATES

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. — Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. — In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways, New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.

Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn. — Hunting, Fishing.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the Northwest.

CALL IN.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

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CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 29, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger,	7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight,	10:15 a. m.	7:35 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m. — 6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger,	6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight.	7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m. — 5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m. — 4:00 p. m

The Sub-Treasury.

By Jim M. Kan., Otawatamie., Kan National Economist.

The sub-treasury plan of the Alliance seems to be an obstacle that many of our local Democrats papers cannot, and will not, approve of, as well as R. Q Mills, of Texas. They appear to be as ignorant as stumps of the laws now in force that are comparatively the same as is asked for by the Alliance for the farmers. At the bonded whiskey warehouse at Kansas City, Mo., the government furnishes a dray that goes to the stillhouse and carts the whisky to the bond house, i. e, the basement of the government post-office building. We have not asked for the government to take our wheat, corn, oats, and cotton from our farms. Eighteen to twenty million a year is appropriated for the improvement our rivers, so that the private citizen may build and run his steamboat with more security; yet the farmer must have no warehouse. Millions have been appropriated for the signal service ostensibly to aid the steamships. Millions of acres of land have been appropriated to aid railroads: and as land became a drug in the farmer market the "paternal" government issued bonds in aid of building them; and, worse still, has sat quietly by and watched these railroads "charged all the traffic will bear" on corn, hogs cattle, etc, and gave the farmer no protection whatever from these extortionists. Hundreds of thousands are appropriated for hog cholera, fever in cattle, sugar in Kansas, silk experiments, and special favorites to hunt for bugs, flies, and worms. And the "paternal" old government just handed the whip and reins of the whole dominion over to the national banks with an understanding that Congress and the President should "play" government, provided the people kicked; but under this arrangement and our Vice-President holding appointment as financial agent of Great Britain, and Secretary Windom emptying the vaults of the Treasury into Wall street, they seems to be in about the same fix that the farmers are—without enough money to do business. Mr. Mills, too, seems to speak with authority when he says: "The Democratic party believes that the citizen is able to take care of himself and run his own finances."

Vick's Floral Guide for 1891.

No lover of a fine plant or garden can afford to be without a copy. It is an elegant book of over 100 pages 8¼ by 10½ inches, beautiful colored illustrations of Sunrise Amaranthus, Hydrangea and Potatoes. Instructions for planting, cultivating, etc. Full list of everything that can be desired in the way of vegetable and flower seeds, plants, bulbs, etc. Also the full particulars regarding the cash prizes of $1,000 and $200. The novelties have been tested and found worthy of cultivation. We hope it will be our good luck to see the Nellie Lewis Carnation and taste the Grand Rapids Lettuce. It costs nothing because the 10 cents you send for it can be deducted from the first order forwarded. We advise our friends to secure a copy of James Vick, Seedsman, Rochester, N. Y.

The Free Lance (Ashland, Ill.) says: Mr. Gould says he will make those railways that carry your produce to market pay double to the lucky stockholders; rates are going to be put up and kept up. Verily, this is enough to give the backache to even the confiding Peruvian farmers, who proudly voted the Plutocratic Demo-Republican ticket at the last election. How those farmers must love those strong hands that are robbing their children unto nakedness

The Industrial Age (St. Paul, Minn.) says:

In the past the people have created money, gold, silver and paper, and by giving a small class the control of the distribution, they have placed themselves in the power of this class to impoverish them. In the future the people (the government) should control the distribution of money for the benefit of the whole people. All real wealth is created by labor, and is exchanged by means of money, which is created by law, and law is only the will of the people legally expressed at the ballot box.

The Alliance Leader (Bolivar, N. Y.) says:

The honest people of the country irrespective of party, are expecting to see some action taken by the House of Representatives on the resolution recently offered by Representative Dockery, and now in the hands of the committee on rules, authorizing an investigation of the charge that twenty-seven Senators and Representatives joined pools formed to speculate in silver, while the silver bill, which afterward became a law, was pending at the last session. This is too serious a charge to be pigeonholed. Let the investigation proceed. If there be guilty men in Congress, show them up, regardless of their political, social, religious or financial status.

Potato, Vick's Perfection.

This variety has been grown and thoroughly tested, and the report comes from every quarter that it is one of the finest potatoes for general purposes. Its wonderful productiveness, fine appearance and good cooking qualities have made it a great favorite where known. The tubers grow compact in the hill, and are large and uniform in size, oblong inclining to oval, but generally flattened. Color white, with tinge of pink around the eyes, similar to the Hebron. The vine is of strong, vigorous growth, yet stocky and short jointed, maturing almost the same time as White Star. The introducer of this potato, James Vick, Seedsman, Rochester, N. Y., says it will prove of great value for field culture and become very popular.

[First publication Jan. 8th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 2d. 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Finlayson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Agnes Finlayson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston Minnesota, on Monday, the 6th day of July 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the second day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Judge of Probate.

[35-40]

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105 Third Street,

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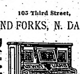

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Grand Forks, N. D.

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Hon. John D. Long (ex-Governor of Massachusetts) furnishes six articles, under the general title of "Our Government," for the enlightenment of coming citizens—the boys and girls of to-day.

Margaret Sidney's new serial, "Five Little Peppers Grown Up," will tell more about Polly and Jasper and David and Joel and Phronsie, and others, as it runs through the year. Fifty charming illustrations by Chas. Mente.

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J. H. SANDERS PUB. CO.,
220 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

[First publication Jan. 15th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Jan. 13th 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ole O. Bergland, administrator of the estate of Peder Benson. deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining an allowing his account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to heirs.

It is ordered. that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 10th day of February, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 13th day of January, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON, Judge of Probate.

[39-41]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

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REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul.

(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)

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THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.

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The Polk County Journal.

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Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated December 29th, 1887, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, December 31st, 1887, in book 84 of mortgages, page 461, whereby Albert Drager, an unmarried man, mortgageor, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-five (45), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $370.12, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $22.20, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $392.32. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.

Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22. 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 12th, 1883, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 12th, 1883, in book K of mortgages, page 91, whereby Andrew Steenerson and Bertha Steenerson, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), in township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of range forty-eight (48), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $462.50, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $18.99, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $481.49. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.

Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated July 21st, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, July 23d, 1888, in book 36 of mortgages, page 375, whereby Geo. Galland and Keziah Galland, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $264.59. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.

Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 22nd, 1889, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 23rd, 1889, in book 42 of mortgages, page 41, whereby [illegible] Iten and Sophronia Iten, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), all in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $437.51. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee

Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

[40-46]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried of Polk County, Minnesota, to James M. Hawley of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m, in book "T" of mortgages, on page 402; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south-west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890,

JAMES M. HAWLEY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.

[35-41]

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 18th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $353.08, besides $14.47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00 Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Attorney for assignee.

[36-42]

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade,

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BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1 00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

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☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20	cents.
54 inch Tricot	35	"
54 inch Flannel	45	"
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75	"
36 inch Henriettas	25	"

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30	cents.
" " "	35	"
" " medicated, for	40	"

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
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" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4.50

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Jan. 29, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
5:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
[illegible]	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
6:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:48 "	Grand Forks	5:50
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

CROOKSTON TIME CARD.

South Line.

Leave.	Arrive.
Passenger, 7:25 p. m.	6:55 a. m.
Freight, 10:15 a. m.	7:25 p. m.

North Line.

7:15 a. m.	6:25 p. m.

West Line.

Passenger, 6:55 a. m.	7:25 p. m.
Freight, 7:35 p. m.	10:15 a. m.

Fosston Line
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

7:30 a. m.	5:00 p. m.

St. Hilaire Line.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

10:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.

The Sub-Treasury.

By Jim M. Kan., Osawatamie., Kan National Economist.

The sub-treasury plan of the Alliance seems to be an obstacle that many of our local Democrats papers cannot and will not, approve of, as well as R. Q. Mills, of Texas. They appear to be as ignorant as stumps of the laws now in force that are comparatively the same as is asked for by the Alliance for the farmers. At the bonded whiskey warehouse at Kansas City, Mo., the government furnishes a dray that goes to the stillhouse and carts the whisky to the bond house, i. e., the basement of the government post-office building. We have not asked for the government to take our wheat, corn, oats, and cotton from our farms. Eighteen to twenty million a year is appropriated for the improvement our rivers, so that the private citizen may build and run his steamboat with more security; yet the farmer must have no warehouse. Millions have been appropriated for the signal service ostensibly to aid the steamships. Millions of acres of land have been appropriated to aid railroads: and as land became a drug in the farmer market the "paternal" government issued bonds in aid of building them; and, worse still, has sat quietly by and watched these railroads "charged all the traffic will bear" on corn, hogs cattle, etc., and gave the farmer no protection whatever from these extortionists. Hundreds of thousands are appropriated for hog cholera, fever in cattle, sugar in Kansas, silk experiments, and special favorites to hunt for bugs, flies, and worms. And the "paternal" old government just handed the whip and reins of the whole dominion over to the national banks with an understanding that Congress and the President should "play" government, provided the people kicked; but under this arrangement and our Vice President holding appointment as financial agent of Great Britain, and Secretary Windom emptying the vaults of the Treasury into Wall street, they seems to be in about the same fix that the farmers are—without enough money to do business. Mr. Mills, too, seems to speak with authority when he says: "The Democratic party believes that the citizen is able to take care of himself and run his own finances."

Vick's Floral Guide for 1891.

No lover of a fine plant or garden can afford to be without a copy. It is an elegant book of over 100 pages 8¼ by 10½ inches, beautiful colored illustrations of Sunrise Amaranthus, Hydrangea and Potatoes. Instructions for planting, cultivating, etc. Full list of everything that can be desired in the way of vegetable and flower seeds, plants, bulbs, etc. Also the full particulars regarding the cash prizes of $1,000 and $200. The novelties have been tested and found worthy of cultivation. We hope it will be our good luck to see the Nellie Lewis Carnation and taste the Grand Rapids Lettuce. It costs nothing because the 10 cents you send for it can be deducted from the first order forwarded. We advise our friends to secure a copy of James Vick, Seedsman, Rochester, N. Y.

The Free Lance (Ashland, Ill.) says:

Mr. Gould says he will make those railways that carry your produce to market pay double to the lucky stockholders rates are going to be put up and kept up. Verily, this is enough to give the backache to even the confiding Peruvian farmers, who proudly voted the Plutocratic Demo-Republican ticket at the last election. How those farmers must love those strong hands that are robbing their children unto nakedness

The Industrial Age (St. Paul, Minn.) says:

In the past the people have created money, gold, silver and paper, and by [illegible] the control of the [illegible] they have placed them [illegible] law, and law is only the will of the people legally expressed at the ballot box.

The Alliance Leader (Bolivar, N. Y.) says:

The honest people of the country irrespective of party, are expecting to see some action taken by the House of Representatives on the resolution recently offered by Representative Dockery, and now in the hands of the committee on rules, authorizing an investigation of the charge that twenty-seven Senators and Representatives joined pools formed to speculate in silver, while the silver bill, which afterward became a law, was pending at the last session. This is too serious a charge to be pigeon-holed. Let the investigation proceed. If there be guilty men in Congress, show them up, regardless of their political, social, religious or financial status.

Potato, Vick's Perfection.

This variety has been grown and thoroughly tested, and the report comes from every quarter that it is one of the finest potatoes for general purposes. Its wonderful productiveness, fine appearance and good cooking qualities have made it a great favorite where known. The tubers grow compact in the hill, and are large and uniform in size, oblong inclining to oval, but generally flattened. Color white, with tinge of pink around the eyes, similar to the Hebron. The vine is of strong, vigorous growth, yet stocky and short jointed, maturing almost the same time as White Star. The introducer of this potato, James Vick, Seedsman, Rochester, N. Y., says it will prove of great value for field culture and become very popular.

[First publication Jan. 8th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 2d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Finlayson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Agnes Finlayson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston Minnesota, on Monday, the 6th day of July 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the second day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Judge of Probate.
[38-40]

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[First publication Jan. 15th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Jan. 13th 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ole O. Bergland, administrator of the estate of Peder Benson, deceased, representing, among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing his account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to heirs.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 10th day of February, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 13th day of January, A. D. 1890.

By the Court, O. M. BENSON
[39-41] Judge of Probate.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal. Licensed College Physicians and Surgeons, Quebec.

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FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated December 20th, 1887, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, December 31st, 1887, in book 34 of mortgages, page 461, whereby Albert Drager, an unmarried man, mortgageor, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-five (45), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $370.12, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $22.20, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $392.32. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22, 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 12th, 1883, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 12th, 1883, in book K of mortgages, page 91, whereby Andrew Steenerson and Bertha Steenerson, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), in township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of range forty-eight (48), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $462.50, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $18.99, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $481.49. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated July 21st, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, July 23d, 1888, in book 36 of mortgages, page 375, whereby Geo. Galland and Keziah Galland, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $264.59. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 22nd, 1889, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 23rd, 1889, in book 42 of mortgages, page 41, whereby Andre Iten and Sophronia Iten, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), all in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $437.51. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.
[40-46]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Dec. 18th, 1890.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars, ($198.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene W. Danells, unmarried of Polk County, Minnesota, to James M. Hawley, of Albany, New York, bearing date the fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1887, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 403; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The west half of the south-west quarter Section eight, (8) and the north half of northwest quarter of Section seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty-three, Range forty-three, containing one hundred and sixty acres more or less, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Dec. 15th, A. D. 1890.

JAMES M. HAWLEY, Mortgagee,
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[35-41] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 18th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $853.68, besides $14.47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00. Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale.

Dated, Dec. 8th, 1890.

J. H. WILLIAMSON,
[36-42] Attorney for assignee.

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The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

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54 inch Tricot	35 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
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A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
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" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4.50

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You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

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H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 5, 1891. NO. 42

Polk County Journal.

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4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
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Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

President Swift

Addresses Polk County Alliance.

Should Send a Delegate to Cincinnati.

MENTOR, Polk Co., Minn.,
January 25, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: You will notice an article in your issue of Jan. 22d, from The Rural New Yorker, which starts out very well but winds up by setting forth the same scare-crow ideas that were used in and before the last republican campaign, and even before the conventions were called, claiming that the alliance could not carry a single point if they put a ticket in the field; that our only hope of success lay in combining with one of the old political parties, and that the republican party was willing to give us two of the legislative offices, and that if we did not combine with them we would lose all, and as a half loaf was better than nothing, a few of the alliance members were anxious to accept their offer. You recollect well that I held that our only hope of success lay in an independent ticket, and the result of the election shows that nearly the whole of the alliance members thought and felt the same as I did, and as there is now a move in the direction of forming a national independent union party, it would seem by the reading of the article I mention that the writer would have us believe that he is friendly to the alliance, while at heart he is a political schemer and addicted to bulldozing. He seems to be very much alarmed lest there should be a national union party formed, and still more alarmed lest, if such party is formed, it will be successful. We have been bulldosed and swindled out of nearly, if not quite all of the profits of our labor for some years past, and now, brother farmers, that we have taken the bull by the horns, is there any reason why, simply because the bull is getting scared, we should let go our hold, that he may turn on us and gore the very life out of us, and then laugh at us for being a lot of chicken-hearted idiots for deserting our principles instead of doing our full duty to ourselves and the rising generation? It is all very well to say that both of the old parties, who have refused to listen to our appeals for justice in the past, and who may refuse to grant our requests in the future notwithstanding the severe lesson they were taught at the polls last November, will surely receive the worst punishment ever inflicted upon a party by the hands of the people. Is it wisdom to trust either of the old parties again, as they have in the past ignored every appeal to them from the people for justice at their hands? Is it wise to be scared because they will say that the leaders of the alliance movement will not know the difference, in the political excitement, between a state and a national election? An "off" year canvas is different; can the alliance hold its voters together through the fierce bitterness of a national election? It is, they say, a risk that they do not believe the alliance leaders will take, as it would not be wise at this time. If the editor of the Rural New Yorker was himself a farmer or some downtrodden laborer who was afraid of such a risk, it would seem different. From the tenor of the article, we should judge the writer's most effective and idolized aim is how to get the largest rate of interest on his money, no matter how many honest men's children go to bed without their supper. A new national party, if it don't succeed, will lose nothing, but if successful they have everything to gain, and, by the way, I see there is a call for one delegate from each county alliance to attend a national conference, to be held at Cincinnati, Ohio, February 23d, 1891, and I have made a call for a county meeting, to be held Feb. 13th, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court House in the city of Crookston, and have spoken to the depot agent to try and get reduced rates for the delegates, and if every member pays his 10 cents dues it will be sufficient to pay the present indebtedness and to defray the expenses of said delegate. I think that Polk County is as able to send a delegate as any other county; and I also feel that most of the alliance men would feel agrieved if they did not have the opportunity of having a vote in that conference, and I hope each and every sub-alliance will be represented at the county meeting, and if I have not acted wisely in calling the meeting I hope you will pardon me. I remain very truly, your servant,

GEO. M. SWIFT,
President Polk Co. Alliance.

COMING.

May Louise Aigen, supported by an excellent company, will appear at the Opera House, on Friday and Saturday of this week in two comedy's, entitled "The Serious Family" and "Confusion." Reserved seats now on sale at Tom Morris' jewelry store. The Fargo Argus has the following to say of the above Company: "A much larger audience than that on Monday night witnessed the presentation of 'A Serious Family' last evening by the May Louise Aigen company. The play was of a very humorous nature, and kept the audience in one continual laugh. The acting was very good, especially that of Miss Aigen and Mr. Huebner." The May Louise Aigen company will give a grand matinee for ladies and children on Saturday afternoon.

EAST GRAND FORKS LOCALS.

From the Courier.

Wm. D. Kelly is in Hudson, Wisconsin, visiting the old home.

Denis and Dick Enright are investing in land in California. Both are pleased with the Pacific coast and will eventually reside there.

Richard Barrett is still at the Hot Springs, Ark., and reports that he is not getting well very rapidly.

On Monday evening P. J. Kelly and Adam Mundigel went to St. Paul to lobby measures through the legislature effecting the city and county.

John S. Dwyer has been appointed deputy sheriff at this end of Polk County. As Polk County will soon be divided, John will have to work late and early to get anything out of his office. —[If only that will knock him out, Yhon will hold his yob a long time yet.—ED. JOURNAL.]

Mr. and Mrs. James Sullivan have quietly gone to housekeeping at the Windsor house, Mr. Sullivan being one of the proprietors of this famous hostlery.

MELVIN, Jan. 26, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: Enclosed find two resolutions which please publish, and oblige, yours very truly,

H. B. HAPTORSON,
Sec. Sub-Alliance No. 677.

Resolved, That we denounce the scheme to divide this County of Polk into irregular and misshapen plats to benefit a few scheming politicians, and increase the taxes of the people.

Resolved, That we select a committee of three on insurance to confer with a similar committee selected by Garden and Liberty Farmers' Alliances, to form a fire and live stock insurance company.

Negro Melodies.

Never having anything classical about them, not suited to the fastidious ear of the professional musician, there is yet something undefinable in the so-called "plantation" melodies which charms the heart of the great mass of common humanity the world over. The immense success of the two or three troupes of genuine "Jubilee Singers" that have made triumphal progresses through this country and Europe, attest the hold their songs have on humanity. The old plantation merrymaking have passed away with slavery, but now and then one on a journey in the South will have an opportunity to hear something of the real sort. Besides, the Southern states are delightful for a winter tour. The magnificent service of "The Burlington," reaching both Chicago and St. Louis over its own tracks, without change of cars, makes it the favorite of travelers bound South. Information as to rates, routes, etc., will be cheerfully furnished by agents, or can be had by writing to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

The Farmers Soon to be the Ruling Class in the Nation.

It is surprising that while America is pre-eminently an agricultural country that husbandry has been looked upon as having little significance in its bearing upon the economic and social questions of our time. Great fortunes have been amassed during the past quarter of a century more colossal than any previously recorded in the history of the world. The new improvements in the facilities for communication, commerce and travel have opened up the gateways through which must come the necessaries of life, which the producer must receive in exchange for what he has to sell. Neither has the husbandman any voice in what he shall receive or what he shall pay for what he sells or buys. He is even at the mercy of the public carriers, the transportation companies, which exact all the traffic will bear. The farmers have patiently submitted to being heavily assessed by the army of middlemen along these avenues of trade and commerce to the extent that untold millions have gone into the hands of the few, which by right belong to the producer. He also bends his back to the burdens of direct taxation because of the tangible nature of his property which produce the revenues necessary to support the great army of office-holders, who legislate in the interest of the capitalistic classes and corporations, instead of the people who produce the wealth of the Nation. There is a great multitude of non-producers who look upon the farmers as common property to be fleeced at will and all sorts of schemes are concocted in the name of business to relieve them of their legitimate earnings.

Is it to be expected that they will continue to submit to being thus ruled and financially ruined? The notice has already gone forth that they will not, and that if they, in coming to the front on the economic, social and political questions of the day, give the "other fellows" a dose of their own kind of treatment, they cannot well be blamed for imposing measures of retaliation as the only way by which the farmers will ever be able to recover lost ground financially.

The publisher of The Western Rural founded the Farmers Alliance April 15, 1880, and the National Alliance Oct. 14 of the same year, as a non-secret and non-partisan organization, with the belief that the only way which the farmers could "hold the fort" against the encroachments of the aggressors was by standing together in an organized body. That by social contact the walls of prejudice might be broken down and the farmers lifted out of the old environment of inherited opinions and prejudices with views broadened and fraternal relations strengthened for the better performance of the duties of citizenship. The independent vote in the late election was the result of the social contact and interchange of opinions in the farmers organization and inclined to intelligent action at the polls. Free American citizens finally refused to fall into line at the dictation of the "Party Bosses."

Ours is a progressive age and the farmers movement has come to stay. No party has the right to claim the victory. The action of the farmers in the last election was conservative and in its results meant the success of neither party, and proved conclusively that a new party movement based on a conservative platform embracing the leading reform so much needed, would gain a sweeping victory in electing all officers in the State and national governments in 1892. A free people in its independent citizenship must finally rule this country instead of the money power. The Farmers Alliance, North and South, with its educational facilities, might finally solve the race problem by fitting the colored people for a self reliant citizenship. The prejudices between the two sections of our country, North and South, might be allayed and freternal relations between all classes intensified. The bitter enmities between the two parties engendered by strifes of the late civil war, would disappear, the rum Demon in the open saloon might be suppressed and finally blotted out, and the other reform work advocated by the farmers and labor elements of the nation might be promoted. All these objects are worth striving for.

One of the serious dangers which besets all reform work lies in the fact that fanaticism and demagogry carry to an extreme the demands of the reformers. These extremists want everything and usually get nothing. Conservatism should govern the action of the leaders in all reform movements in the sense that the first step must be taken before the second can be accomplished. The Farmers Alliance and other organization should be cautioned along these lines by all who have an interest in the final triumph of the many needed measures of reform now agitating the public mind. Complete organization is one of the first requisites for successfully reaching any great results for the betterment of the conditions of our people whether they be farmers or wage workers.

If the actions of the farmers are presistent and progressive as outlined above, they must soon be the ruling class in all the affairs of Government.

Northwestern Agriculturist: It is worth thinking about that breeds of live stock, in their native homes, have by generations of feeding and breeding acquired an adaptation to their surroundings and conditions. Large breeds of live stock are found in fertile districts where rich pastures and liberal feeding is the rule. The great Clydesdales are foaled and grow on rich farms, kept in a high state of cultivation for generations, while the little Shetlands climb their barren hills and feed on scanty herbage. In choosing a breed of stock for a farm the first thing is to consider to what it is best adapted. In rich pastures, for instance, the large mutton breeds in sheep are best. In hilly districts the Merino thrives and makes money for his owner. The large breeds of all live stock will thrive on our best prairie lands, but unless we mean to be liberal feeders, summer and winter, we may expect to see each generation smaller than the last, as scant food will reduce the weight of carcass each generation by several pounds. In the United States there is such a variety of soil and climate, and there has been such a mixing up of people and of the breeds of domestic animals, that it is not easy to conjecture what peculiarities breeds will take on after being reared for generations in one locality, but the fact that the native cattle which have been raised in Minnesota by the farmers who have lived here many years, and whose stock might, therefore, be expected to show more of the legitimate effects of soil, food and climate than later comers, grow to a very large size, and make oxen of great value for work in the pineries, leads to the conclusion that the large breeds of live stock will grow here and reach a perfection that they do not find elsewhere.

Warning to Plump Men.

Frank Gravel of Crookston Has A Narrow Escape.

Grand Forks Herald.

Men, whose avoirdupois exceeds the statutes of limitations; as laid down in Cook's manual of boarding house etiquette, cannot be too cautious while transferring their frames from swift moving bodies to stand terrafirma. Crookston's popular drummer, Frank Gravel, who tips the scales at somewhat less than five hundred pounds, when in trim, narrowly escaped decapitation yesterday afternoon while approaching the Great Northern yards, here. Frank was in Thompson yesterday, transacted his business there and returned to this city by freight, riding on the tender part of the train, the locomotive. As the latter was approaching the yards, the south bound passenger train pulled out. Frank saw it and wanted to go to Crookston come what might. He jumped, but his spurt was not quite enough and his body swung around dangerously close to the driving wheels of the locomotive. Finally with one effort he swung himself clear and dropped like the collapse of a Chicago wheat deal. It took him a few minutes to remember his name and abode, but he speedily came around all right. In all probability Frank will declare this story fictitious, but two eye witnesses who saw his escape can be found at any time to vouchsafe the remarkable railroad adventures of Gravel in the switch-yard.

More Money.

Secretary Windom will get himself denounced as a first class demagogue, and anything but financially orthodox, by the people who have straight-lace financial notions, if he is not careful. He advocates a larger circulating medium and an interconvertible bond scheme—two things, above all others, that have always set the bankers and money lenders to squirming. The Western Rural has advocated a larger volume of money for many years and while this country has a smaller per capita circulating medium than any other first class commercial nation on earth, it would seem as if there was nothing to be said against the country having more money. But the less the volume of money is, the better the banks and money lenders fare, the more readily products can be cornered and the few can generally oppress the masses with a greater degree of success. Hence the few have always opposed an increase of the volume of money. Conspiring Shylocks have aimed to confine our money to gold. They have fought the greenback, fought silver and opposed every move that has ever been made to give the people the financial means for doing business: and unfortunately for the people, they have succeeded in their schemes to an alarming extent.

But the millions are more powerful than the few if they will act and they are acting. Politicans begin to see that the people must be made prosperous, if the government can make them so, or an avalanche of votes will cover the politician and his party. Under a government like ours, a party or partisan that does not realize that it or he must work in the interest of the majority is as blind as a bat. Under a government in which the people have little or no voice, they may be abused and neglected with considerable impunity. But not so under a popular government, for a hungry man can vote as well as if he were well fed; and the millions get hungry or think that the prospect of becoming so is excellent, they vote against those whom they think are responsible with harmony and force. The Western Rural is not an advocate of a reckless issue of money, but it does believe that the country should have a respectable per capita circulation, that business may be carried on without unnescessary embarrassment and that the people may have the means with which to purchase the product of our farms and factories.

Hired Help.

Northwestern Agriculturist.

Overwork in rural districts sends many housewives to insane asylums or untimely graves. As one means of making easier the lives of those who are left, a "Western Farmer" correspondent suggests relief from care of the husband's helpers, by provision of neat cottages, in which married men may find comfortable homes:

"Soon an industrious foreigner will want to work for you by the year, and if you will give him $200, an acre of land, keep his cow, furnish him wood, he will board himself, do 25 per cent more work than the average single man, and, in a few years, will want to buy your farm and let you move to town to enjoy the money he has earned for you. The acre of land will raise his potatoes, and corn to fatten his pig, his wife will help milk and help in the house when needed.

"Hire in the spring, and from the time his garden is planted he has an interest in the place, and nothing short of a cyclone can get him off before fall, and then with the long, cold winter ahead what else can he do but stay. If he does leave some one will be glad to take his place. A large number of houses have been built in Southern Wisconsin for the hired men during the last few years, and I have yet to hear of one who is not pleased with the plan."

Will Advocate the Proper Principles, &c.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel.

While the Sentinel is an original Republican it has long counseled independent action and rebellion against presumptuous Republican bosses. It has sought to be instrumental in converting the labor element of the country into an organized force, no matter what name it might assume, which should eventually control the country on a more worthy basis than that of mere wealth or of party plunder. So far as the political uprising in Minnesota is concerned, the Sentinel is not a convert, "eleventh hour" or otherwise, and belongs to no new organization, and has not of late, "announced any new departure" as we expressly stated last week. The leadership of the Republican party of late in Minnesota has been infamous, and the rebellion has been directed more against its leaders than against the party, but the latter has suffered in adhering to the former, which condition may or may not continue. If the rank and file of that party will cease to tolerate the sale of the highest offices to the highest bidders and refrain from rewarding its chief bribers and corruptionists by honorable appointments, and will legislate in the interest of the great industrial masses as against centralized wealth and power, then there will be little occasion for new party organizations. Otherwise the disintegration of the Republican party will continue as it has begun and good Republicans will become good kickers. The Sentinel would be pleased if the Republican party, by considerate action, would entitle itself to the support of the labor element, but such action is not probable. Only the preliminary steps have as yet been taken toward the organization of the great industrial party of the future, a feature of whose mission will be the placing of the burdens of the country which cause taxation, both local and general, upon the excessive wealth of the country, which question we will discuss hereafter. Meantime we will continue to "advocate the proper principles and interests" of labor organizations as heretofore announced, reserving the right to judge for ourself what is proper and what is not, and continuing independent of all parties.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Feb. 5, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard	81.
1 Northern	79.
2 Northern	75.
3 Northern	67.

Maj. Mix has gone on a visit to the coast.

The county board was in session last week.

Attorney A. A. Miller was in St. Paul last week.

J. P. Lundin, of Stephen, was in the city last week.

Sheriff Grundysen went to St. Paul on Sunday evening.

Mrs. A. A. Miller has gone for a visit to friends in Wisconsin.

Mrs. J. V. E. Wyatt has gone to Canada on a visit to old-time friends.

Attorney Ed. George was registered at the Clifton, in St. Paul, this week.

M. G. Peterson, of Garden, made us a pleasant call on Friday of last week.

The "Owl Club" meets with Mrs. I. U. Jennings on Saturday evening of this week.

Still crawling upward. No. 1 Hard wheat reached 81 cents on Tuesday morning.

A. Grindeland, of Warren, was looking over the Opera House on Thursday of last week.

Wheat took a lively spurt this week reaching 80 cents for 1 hard on Monday morning.

C. T. Lanman was down from McIntosh last week to take in the county board proceedings.

Don't forget the entertainment at the Opera House, on Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.

Mr. Peterson, an applicant for the Fertile post office, was up last Saturday interviewing the boys.

The ladies of the Congregational society give a supper to-night at the residence of Hon. H. Steenerson.

Dr. Knickerbocker was up from Fertile on Friday last. He is one of the applicants for postmaster of Fertile.

The post offic closed on Monday from 11 a. m' till 2 p. m. on account of the funeral of Hon. Wm Windom.

Ex-sheriff, John Paterson, is interviewing old Crookstonites out west. John may conclude to locate out there.

Mrs. Freeborn, who was sent to the asylum awhile ago, died last week. The remains were brought to Crookston for interment.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bivins have been entertaining friends from Ohio, for the past week. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Norton, of Chillicothe.

The next meeting of the Nationalist club will be held at the reading room on Monday evening of next week. Everybody invited.

A light fall of snow on Monday morning helped the sleighing out some. About a foot of it during February, would help things out some.

Dr. A. A. Just went to St. Paul last week. He told us—on the side, that he should extend his trip to Mankato—if not to see his best girl we know not for what.

The last day of January was more like itself. Went out with below zero weather. The first day of February was a companion piece—16 below or thereabouts.

At the Congregational Church Sunday Feb. 8th, regular services, every one invited. 11. a. m. "Gods Blessing." 730 p. m. "Sister and Lover." Please be on time.

T. O. Bergland went out to Erskine on Tuesday to purchase some seed wheat for his farm. Expects to use about 200 bushels of seed next spring and thinks a change of seed desirable at this time.

The death of Secretary Windom was very sudden, sending a shock from one end of the nation to the other. But few knew he was ailing until his death was announced.

N. C. Hendricks was up from Fertile last Saturday. He has decided to sell out and go to Duluth to live, and there are less than 1,700 applicants for his old office slippers—post office.

A Holmboe says he is not selling out at cost to leave but that he is selling piles of goods at surprisingly low figures. Next week he will tell JOURNAL readers about it in the space set aside for him elsewhere in this issue.

Joe. Laurence, in a letter to Arthur Stewart, says: "Stopped writing just now to shake hands with D. Jacobus, who is around visiting his old Crookston friends. 'Jake' seems well pleased with what he has seen of this place."

Agent Fegan, of the Great Northern road, informs THE JOURNAL that refrigerator cars are now running in which can be shipped all kinds of perishable goods liable to freeze in ordinary cars. For full particulars inquire of agent Fegan, at the depot.

Crookston Alliance meet at the usual hour on Saturday last and after a profitable hour spent in discussion adjourned until Saturday next at 2 p. m. A full attendance is desired as business of importance is to be transacted. Let everybody turn out.

A few to whom statement of subscription account was sent have neglected to respond in any way. We do not require an impossibility of any man, but we are very much in need of money this winter and we desire our friends to do all they can for us as soon as possible.

On dit that Engineer and Mrs. Tom Adams are on their way back to Crookston. Mrs. Adams' father died and was buried while she was there. Tom arrived in time to attend the funeral, and they are now visiting his folks a few days before their return to their home in this city.

Judge Mills, to whom was referred the matter of the salary of the County Attorney, decides that $1,500 is not too much, but under the statute he is not able to fix it above $1,200. As to the salary of the County Superintendent, Mr. Grefthen, he will get $1,800, the same as that of his predecessors.

February starts in very friendly to the coal dealers. John McKinnon has had a smile on him a yard wide and all—coal—for a weak back. While John is a good citizen and deserving of success, we do hope this kind of weather will let up directly, if not sooner. We have become so used to nice weather we rather prefer it.

The new opera house block approaches completion. The offices up stairs are ready for occupancy and several of our leading attorneys have been looking 'em over. The block could be made a sort of a Temple Court. This block is the only one in the city that is heated by steam and every available room in it should be taken too quick and no doubt will when all is ready.

The St. Hilaire Spectator says that Annie, the wife of W. A. Sorsoliel, died at Stillwater on January 22d. The remains were taken to St. Hilaire for interment. She leaves three small children and a husband to mourn the loss of a fond mother and a loving wife. Mr. and Mrs. S. were former residents of St. Hilaire, where he has many friends who deeply sympathize with him in his bereavement.

Clerk of the Court, L. K. Hassel, Col. Knudson and P. J. Bye came over from Grand Forks last week intending to take the train for McIntosh on Saturday morning. When the boys got ready to take the train they missed the Col. and straightway sought for him dilligently. Before they ascertained that the Col. had taken the train for home the Fosston train had pulled out and they were left. So they did not go that trip.

Farmers, have you seen those fine Percheron stallions at M. R. Brown's stables? No finer horses were ever brought to Polk County, and it is worth an effort to see them. One, a fine coal black animal, four years old, will crowd 2,000 pretty close, while the other, an iron grey. three years old, will kick the beam at 1,750. They are both blocky, powerfully built animals, with good action, and are just the kind of horses for profit. Mr. B. takes a just pride in showing these fine animals.

August Himmelsback has gone out to Bagley's camp with one of John O'Brecht's teams. While in the city with the team last week somebody tackled John for a bet on the team, claiming that neither would kick the beam over 1,500. John put up the dust at once and promptly put the team upon Collins' scales, one at a time. One of them went 1,665 and the other 1,670, pretty evenly matched for weight and a good solid, chunky team. John says that is the kind he keeps and that it pays to keep no other.

It is not with pleasure that we are called upon to announce that E. W. Wile has decided to remove to LaPorte, Ind., where he will engage in the banking business. His father, who is a banker there, is in failing health, and needs some one to manage the concern, and Ed. has decided to go. Ed. is one of those public-spirited men whom Crookston can illy afford to lose. As city comptroller and chief of the fire department, Ed. has so discharged his duties as to merit the commendation of all, and in matters that tend to the upbuilding of our city he has ever been in the front ranks. His many friends will wish him abundant success in his new venture.

Chief Gonyea went down to Fargo after a young speculator who has been engaged in the mercantile business near the Broadway bridge, and who had gathered in all the shekels he could secure from the business and fled with a fair young damsel of the city. It seems that the young man was conducting the business for his maternal ancestor, and when she learned of his absence she straightway put the police onto his trail and he was overhauled at Fargo, as aforesaid, and brought back to this city. When arrested he had two tickets for Duluth in his possession, besides a little change, all of which Chief Gonyea gathered in. The couple remarked that the chief arrived just in time to prevent an interesting marriage ceremony that was to have transpired in 30 minutes. This romance will undoubtedly be ended by a Crookston magistrate.

Cheap Prices on Hardware to 1st of March.

Best mixed paints, per gal	$1.25
Common mixed paints	.75
Best tubular lanterns	.40
Hay knives	.65

Guarantee everything else in the same proportion.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

SCORES KIRSCH.

An Alliance Man Goes For the "Reform" Board.

ED. JOURNAL: Permit me space to reply to a communication published in the Crookston Times, written by Mr. Kirsch, in regard to a resolution passed by our alliance. We, as members of the alliance, do not wish to accuse any one who is innocent, but as the coat seems to fit the great economizer of Polk County so closely, we are of the opinion that he is guilty. He says he took into consideration the qualifications and ability of the present incumbent. (He, Mr. Kirsch, the great law maker of Polk County, who knows better what the people want than they do themselves,) went to Mr. Grefthen and requested him to appoint Thos. Casey as his assistant and when he gets caught at his nice little scheme he turns around and says that he had been requested by a large number of his constituents to urge the appointment of Thomas Casey as assistant superintendent. Where was this large number of constituents last November who now want Mr. Casey so bad? They should have elected him, and not been around trying to get him into the position that the people elected another man to occupy. Such nonsense is an insult to the 4,284 men who supported the alliance ticket last fall, and when we give him a just rebuke he turns around and goes to abusing the alliance. We would like to have Mr. Kirsch to understand that we do not like his kind of economy, that pays democratic and republican papers for publishing the proceedings of the board of county commissioners when an alliance paper as good (and we farmers think better than either of them) offered to do the same work free of charge. That is Mr. Kirsch' economy—the great law-maker and financier of Polk County, the man that it took six years to find out that the county Superintendent of Schools was getting too high a salary, and wanted to have two at $1,200 a year each, or, in other words, wanted to get a soft snap for one of his pets. Good day, Mr. Kirsch, the alliance will retire you from active service in 1892.

W. G. H.

Coming--Aigen.

That's what the handbills say of May Louise Aigen, who is to be here Friday and Saturday evenings of this week How can she be "coming again" when she has never been here before?

For a plain, practical and instructive paper, made largely by farmers and wholly for farmers, Farm, Stock and Home of Minneapolis, Minn. has no equal among agricultural journals. We can furnish it in connection with the JOURNAL one year for only $1,50.

THE NEW OPERA HOUSE.

A number of the citizens of Crookston met at the City Hall on Monday evening to consider the opening of the new Opera House. The meeting was opened by A. D. Stephens in a humorous speech and then the business of taking subscriptions commenced, realizing something over $1,500, which is pretty well for a beginning. Arrangements will be made to secure one of the best companies that travels to open the house, which will require $2,000 at least. Six or seven thousand dollars should be raised for the occasion and doubtless will be if our citizens continue to do as well as they did on Monday evening. The Opera House, when completed, will be second to none in the Northwest, will cost a mint of money, and Mr. Bjoin deserves the generous patronage of an appreciative public for the public spirit he has manifested in giving the city so fine an institution. No more can it be said of Crookston that she lacks a good Opera House, for no city in the Northwest will have a finer. On the opening night nothing less than $5 a chair should go; many will be sold very much higher than that.

Although we have not accomplished all we hoped to do in that time, by February 1st, we are encouraged to hope that we shall raise the required amount of money we need to carry out our plans by spring, as many to whom our statement of subscription account was sent, who could not meet it just now, have promised to remit before March 1st. Our experience in that matter convinces us that the statement that some papers have made that all delinquent subscribers are dead beats is wholly erroneous, as we have received responses from nearly all to whom our statements were sent, and satisfactory arrangements have been made. We have always acted upon the principle that men are naturally honest and will pay such little amounts as newspaper subscriptions, and so far we have never been forced to sue a single account of that nature. We do not wish to proceed to extremities in this case and shall not if men will do by us as they would wish to be done by—when they cannot pay the amount, or a portion of it, let us know it like men and arrange for payment as soon as possible. If we should be convinced that a man could pay as well as not if he chose, and he did not do it, it might make us feel ugly—and we can't say what we might do under such circumstances. While we need every cent that is due us we only ask our patrons to do all they can, without distressing themselves or family.

HARDWARE AT COST.

These are facts—no fooling the public.

No. 9 boilers, copper bottom	$1 00
Novelty wringers	2.00
No. 9 heavy tin tea kettles	.65
Best Mandole's carpenter hammers	.50
1 doz. 6 qt. pressed pans	.75
Nails, steel cut, per keg	2.50
" wire steel	3.00
Tar paper. per hundred	2.00
Tar felt, per hundred	2 50

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

CALICO BALL.

The dancing school will wind up with a grand calico ball on the evening of Tuesday, February 10th.

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Anglim's.

May Louise Aigen.

Pleased a Large Audience.

Grand Fork, Herald.

The May Louise Aigen Co. opened a four night's engagement at the Metropolitan last night, presenting "The Serious Family" to one of the largest houses of the season. This piece had been heralded as a comedy replete with funny situations and its presentation last night proved that such was the case, as it kept the audience in a continued roar of laughter from the rise to the fall of the curtain.

The company as a whole proved to be much above the average, and the star proved to be a talented young artist who was ably assisted by Mr. P. F. Huebner, her leading man. On Mr Huebner devolved the main portion of the work and he acquitted himself in a most admirable manner. The second act was particularly effective.

At the opera house in Crookston on Friday and Saturday evenings.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

FOR SALE.

One Full Blood Jersey Bull.

Twenty-five to Thirty head of Grade Jersey cows and young stock. Will sell the same cheap for cash or negotiable notes or will trade for young steers.

Will also sell 2 span of good brood mares, one fine driving team, one three year old colt, and three sucking colts. Also all of my household furniture and farming utensils will be sold at private sale before March 15th 1891.

E. J. Haseltine.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Argus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
Lisbon, N. Dakota.

[36-tf]

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

GREAT CLOSING OUT OF HARDWARE STOCK.

I positively intend pulling out by the 1st of March. I will this month cut prices way down. I will guarantee to save you from 50 to 100 per cent. This sounds large, but I can prove it. Come in and look over the stock.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

A CALL

To he Farmers of Polk Co. is hereby given to attend a meeting, to be held at Fertile, Friday Feb. 20th. at 10 o'clock a. m, to take steps towards the construction of a flowring mill. The attendance of Representatives from very town-ship is urgently requested, by the woodside Alliance and others. [41-tf]

Hardware at Cost. Stoves Below Cost.

I must close out this month and will make special prices during the balance of the month. I mean business. Call in and see. Will save you from 50 to 100 per cent.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.
Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Dec. 16th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Lars Abelson against Taylor H. Wolford for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 1,99), dated May 7th 1881, upon the southeast one-quarter Section 24 Township 124 n, Range 47, in Polk County, Minnesota; with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Taylor H. Wolford has not during the four years last past, planted trees, tree cuttings or tree seeds on said tract, and has not cultivated or in any way improved same during said period; that there is now not to exceed one acre of growing trees on said land and that the whole of said land is in a wild state, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 25th day of March, 1891, at 10 o clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[32-37] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

FARMERS,

Try the Old Farmer For Bargains!!

$12,000 worth of Goods.

Dress Flannels sold at 65 Cents,
I will sell at ....45 cents per yard.
" " Ginghams at........................8 " " "
" " Calico at........................5 " " "
" " Vinegar at........................20 cts. per gallon.
" " Catsup at........................75 " " "
" " Coffee from..............18 to 35 " " pound,
" " Tomatoes at........................10 cents per can.
" " ....13 quarts Cranberries for $1.00.
" " Felt Boots and Felt Shoes Below Cost.

And everything else in proportion. I will make it to your advantage to call upon me before you purchase.

A. STURE.

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Daily.	Sunday.	Weekly.
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An Aggressive Republican Journal of the Metropolis.

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1 PAIR OF BROOD MARES

Six years old with foal to thoroughbred Percheron Norman horse.

2 Geldings, 4 years old.

2 Mares, 4 years old.

1 good Driving Horse, 6 years old.

1 pair 2 year old Mares, 7-8 Norman Percheron.

1 pair good Norman Fillies.

Address THEO. GREENHALGH, city post office, or call at the farm in Fairfax. [40-45]

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

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BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
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AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montan Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

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TIME SCHEDULE.

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Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
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Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p' m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

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OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS. - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

[First publication Feb. 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Feb. 4th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Johannes J. Bjornstad, executor of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 3d day of March, A. D. 1891 at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 4th day of February, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[42-44] Judge of Probate.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

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Lee & Herrick's Best.
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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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W A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

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N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

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A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

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Office in McKinnon Block.

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L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Immigration Board Meeting.

Kittson County Entpreise.

On Saturday last the members of the Board of Immigration of the Red River Valley of Minnesota, met in this city, and after taking quarters at the Hotel Hallock, where the parlors were thrown open for the use of the gentlemen present, by mine host Berg, President Brown called the meeting to order and the secretary read the report of the convention at Stephen and what and who the committees were and the duties devolving upon same. The report was accepted and business commenced. The report of committees, was next in order, and by that time dinner was announced and the Board, who were the guests of the Hallock delegation, were ushered into the spacious dining room where the tables were well filled with all that a hungry traveler could ask for. Dinner over the Board returned to their work as time was precious. Mr. Folsom, representing the Great Northern Railway was present and stated what the company was willing to do toward aiding the great work now undertaken, and on motion the proposition of the Great Northern was accepted and work will commence this week on the publication of a journal to be for the exclusive benefit of the Red River Valley of Minnesota. Articles on different topics will be written by different writers and each takes up the different items of interest to the farmers seeking new homes in the great northwest. The topics assigned thus far are as follows: "Water supply of the R. R. V." "General resources of the R. R .V." "Diversified farming in the R. R. V. "Possibilities of the country from personal experience." "Soil and Climate." "Growth and prosperity of the valley." "Stock raising in the R. R. V." All of these different topics will be published in the large work that the Great Northern people are getting out for the benefit of this the famous Park Region of the far famed Red River Valley. At present time letters are being received by different members of the Board making inquiry regarding this part of the state which is known the world over as the land of number one hard wheat, its fine horses, cattle, sheep and garden produce. Verily this country is rapidly coming into prominence owing to its great crops and unsurpassed climate and we say it without fear of contradiction that there is not a more healthy climate on the face of this earth than can be found in this valley. The railway company fully realize the importance of advertising this country now, owing to the great success that the farmers of the valley have attained since locating here. The progressive, energetic farmers who came here with scarcely enough to feed the little folks are to-day independent, and they became so by farming in the Red River Valley. Hence the desire of at once placing before the world the advantages of this part of the state, and the Board that was organized last November will leave no stone unturned in the work thus commenced. Next spring the farmers of the valley will be asked as we have stated in a previous issue of the Enterprise, to make a specialty of farm products, to be furnished for the use of the exhibit can that will be sent out for the purpose of advertising the valley, and we feel confident that every farmer will take a great interest in that work knowing as he does that it is wholly for the benefit of the county he lives in.

The Legislative committee go to St. Paul the fore part of next month for the purpose of securing the passage of several bills that will be of benefit in aiding the Immigration Board prosecute their work. While there is a grea responsibility resting upon this Board yet they can be very materially aided by the farmers and citizens generally in the different towns along this line of road. Every one should put shoulder to the wheel and help the cause along in every way possible. Tell your friends and relatives in the east about this country, show them by facts and figures what you have done and show them the chances are just as good for them as they were for you.

The Board was represented here on Saturday by President M. R. Brown of Crookston and L. Ellington of same city; H. L. Melgaard of Argyle and J. P. Lundin of Stephen; H. W. Donaldson and Ed. H. Love of Hallock.

Agricultural Appropriations.

The American Farmer.

Few people interested in farming realize how small a proportion government appropriation is used for agricultural purposes, says the National Stockman and Farmer of October 30th. The appropriations for the current year for all purposes aggregate almost $463,000,000. Of this the leading item is pensions, $98,457,461. Next comes the postoffice department with about $72,250,000. Following this come the army and navy, river and harbor, each close to $25,000,000. On down the list we find agriculture, fourth from the last $1,799,100, barely more than the diplomatic and consular appropriations, and only one-half million more than is appropriated for the District of Columbia for park purposes. In fact the last appropriation mentioned together with the military academy appropriation aggregate almost the same as the sum devoted to agriculture. In view of these facts farmers can hardly be called greedy when they ask for money to be used for the promotion to their industry whenever it may be needed. There has never been a time when agricultural appropriations have shown up more largely in proportion to the total than at this time, and yet the figure which they cut is so small as to be quite insignificant. The fact of an increase of one or two millions in agricultural appropriation would have no appreciable effect on the taxation of the country. Farmers need not to hesitate to ask for the fullest equipment of the department devoted to their interests, inasmuch as any increase which may be made in such appropriations will not in the least effect the amount of taxes they have to pay.

The February Wide Awake is both timely and seasonable, in Lieut. Fremont's account of "Life at Frontier Forts," with illustrations from photographs, and in William Zachary Gladwin's opening "Valentine":

> 'Twas an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth
> In the old-time Scripture day?
> But I tell my love that a heart for a heart
> Is by far the better way!

A curious little article by William Churchill, about "A Fish Army," is a happy sort of military pendent to Lieut. Fremont's article; and besides these are short illustrated articles about "A Giant Preacher," a Jack-in-the-Pulpit four feet high, and about "Three Notable Desks," those of Gray, Bowditch, and Hawthorne at old Salem. "Sir Grimbald's Ransom" is a ballad, by Mary Bradley, of the brave Crusader ancestor of the present British Minister of Washington, Sir Julian Pauncefote, whose brave lady gave her right hand to ransom her lord from the Saracens. The unusually clever short stories of the number include the strange true account of "Aunt Dolly's Two Robbers," by Sydney Quarles, "Diamonds and Toads," by Mrs. Burton Harrison, author of "The Anglomaniacs," the serio-comic "Story of a Hungry Boy," by L. A. B. Curtis, and "The Squeaking Fern," by Katharine S. MacQuoid. "A Little Nobody Who Became a Great Sombody," is Mary Wager-Fisher's account of a poor French boy who with a busines audacity that rivaled the military audacity of Napoleon, established cotton weaving in France and thereby became the friend of Napoleon. Miss Rimmer's drawing lessons are developing most ingeniously. Dorothy Holcomb tells of "Home-Made Games." There is an "oatmeal" poem by Jane L. Patterson, and others by Arthur D. F. Randolph, Mrs. Whiton-Stone, Elizabeth W. Bellamy, Mrs. Bates and Mary E Wilkins. Kirk Munroe's railroading serial becomes exciting, Margaret Sidney's "Peppers" is full of delightful doings. and "Marietta's Good Time" is unique as the naive autobiography of a little Italian girl—nothing like it has ever appeared in young folks' literature. Men and Things sparkles with wit and anecdote. Bridgman's amusing pictorial skit, "through the Dark Continent," drops the curtain to the laughter of the audience.

Wide Awake is $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Boston.

Laura Jean Libby's Best.

A delightful love-story; full of passion and intrigue, and written in Laura Jean Libbey's best vein, entitled." Ulmont Ulvesford," begins in this week's New York Family Story Paper. It is a splended story, and will be eagerly read by the thousands of admirers of the charming and versatile young authoress of "Miss Middleton's Lover." Our readers should not fail to buy a copy of this week's Family Story Paper, so that they can read the opening chapters of "Ulmont Ulvesford," by Laura Jean Libbey.

Has the Cow Paid You?

Kittson County Enterprice.

Some farmers are never contented unless they can make a cow bring them a fortune per week on the average and as a result get left out in the cold, and tell you that the cow does not pay in this country. Well we have taken the pains to ask the firm of McCollom & Suffel how much they have paid out to the farmers in this county since they began to buy milk for their cheese factory, and the figures may cause some to stop and consider the fact that the cow has proven a pretty good helper in the past four four years in providing the needed groceries for the table, and many little necessities that would otherwise have taken a good deal of the hard cash. For instance in the year.

1887	the firm paid out the sum of	$1,991.24
1888	" " " " " " "	3.397,57
1889	" " " " " " "	3,698,95
1890	" " " " " " "	3,823.24

Atotal paid to the farmer of $12,911.00 Now has the cheese factory been any help to the farmers, and have their cows paid them? It seems as through the figures given should be evidence that the cow has been a very good paying investment in this country the past four years, according to the statistics furnished. How many of the farmers have felt the expense of keeping the cows they have, yet realized a fine income therefrom. With the advantages we have here for stock raising there is no one that can truthfully say that the keeping of cows for dairy purposes does not pay. The keeping of the calves is also of very little expense, and they are two and three year old before you realize it, and are bringing you in returns for their keeping, either as fine young beeves or as milkers, say nothing of the calf which will furnish your farm table with veal, or should you wish to keep it, providing it is of good stock, the expense of keeping would be but little before it was either fit for market or the dairy. The farmers of this county should endeavor to perpetuate the dairy interests, for there is good recompense in it, providing you keep no scrub stock around you.

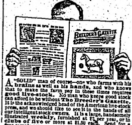
"Confiscating" Railroads.

Farm Stock and Home.

The objectors to the government ownership of railroads contend that the purchase must either be made at the values put upon them by their present owners, which every body concedes is at least twice their value, or else they must be "confiscated." In the first place it would be an outrage, so the objectors contend, to make the people pay for so fictitious value, which is true; and, in the second place, it would be an outrage to "confiscate" the railroads from their present owners; which is also true. But why does it not occur to the objectors that railroads have a real value, and that the people have a right to take private property for public use at such valuation. For years railroads have been teaching the people how to acquire property from men who did not want to sell it, can they now object to take the medicine they have been so freely and for so long administering to others? When a railroad wanted to go through a man's farm, it went, at a price about which the owner of the farm had no voice whatever. Was that "confiscation?" If so it was never called by that name, and no man or paper ever lifted up its voice against it. The owner of the farm may have deemed the land taken, and the damage to the rest of his farm, worth $2,000; but the jury in a condemnation suit said $1,000 was proper compensation, and that amount the land owner was forced to take. But to apply such a rule to railroads is "confiscation," forsoth! Well call it what you please, gentlemen objectors, the world moves, civilization advances, the man is, inherently, a mightier force than the corporation; at certain periods in the world's history the rights of man have risen supreme to every other consideration, and they will continue to do so while the world lasts. Government ownership of railroad is the next direction in which the domination of the man propose to assert itself in the United States, and all gentlemen objectors will do well to govern themselves accordingly.

Northwestern Agriculturist:—Mr. M. M. Dunham, mentions the craze for black draft Percherons, and states that inferior black stallions are being purchased, imported and sold at high prices, while far better horses of other color particularly gray, are passed by. Black is not by any means the best color for a horse, though fancied by many, and though Brilliant was a wonderful sire and a wonderful horse it does not follow that all black Percherons are Brilliants. A color craze in any breed is certain to result in overlooking other points far more important and essential. Individual merit and perfect soundness is the first requisite in a stallion, the color comparatively unimportant.

WHO IS IT?



A "SOLID" man of course—one who farms with his brains as well as his hands, and who knows that to make the farm pay in these times requires good live-stock. No man who keeps good stock can afford to be without The Breeder's Gazette. It is the acknowledged head of the American live-stock press, and we should like to see it in the hands of all our intelligent stock owners. It is a large, handsomely illustrated weekly, furnished at $2 per year, or in clubs of five or more at $1.50 each. Send for a free sample copy, or enclose twenty cents postage for the magnificent Christmas Number. Address

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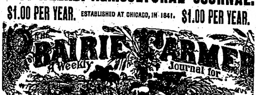

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Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Feb. 5, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
6:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

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7:40 p. m. de.......St. Paul.......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.......Helena.......de. 11:00 a. m.

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The Western Rural and American Stockman is one of the oldest and ablest farm journals published in this country, and none is more fully identified with the best interests of the agricultural classes. It deals not only with the farm but more especially with the farmer. Its columns are devoted to subjects involving literature and science and its aims are economic condition of the farmer and his family. The Rural advocates physical culture and manual training as well as intellectual endowment. It believes that the State owes to the citizen the right to such an education as shall fit him for a self-reliant citizenship and that our Public School system should be enlarged along the more practical lines. In short, The Rural is a Fireside Companion as well as a helper in the affairs of farm life. Subscription price $1,50 per year. For free sample copies Address MILTON GEORGE, 158 Clark St., Chicago.

Sneezing.

Xenophon relates that after the death of Cyrus a council of war was held by the Greeks, and that, during their deliberations, some one sneezing, it was regarded as a favorable omen; and the famous retreat of the "Ten Thousand" was decided upon and carried to a successful conclusion.

The custom of saluting after sneezing is said to have prevailed among the aborigines of America, and we still find it in many countries of Europe.

But just now, sneezing is considered far from auspicious, as it is one of first symptoms of the epidemic influenza which has just reached us from across the Atlantic. So much has already been written about the disease that it is needless to describe it.

We shall content ourselves with recommending a remedy, to be used not only during the actual illeness, but also as a preventive, and more especially, to ward off and remove the after effects. which are often very serious.

Our Office Treatement has already proved very effective in curing the disease, and we unhesitatingly recommend the Home Treatemnt in all cases.

Send for our book on Compound Oxygen, its history, nature, and results; a book of 200 pages, sent free. It contains numerous testimonials from chronic patients and those given over by physicians. You will also find it an interesting book. Any other substance made elsewhere, or by any others than Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1529 arch street, whether called Compound Oxygen or not, is spurious. Address DRS. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Northwestern Agriculturist: It is a matter of a good deal of importance whether the colts a farmer raises bring $200 or $75 at maturity; whether his cows make 300 pounds of butter a year or 100; whether his pigs weigh 250 pounds at six months or 75; whether his sheep shear ten pounds or three, and yet every man who has observed knows that there is this wide range in the product of farms in the same neighborhood, where the difference is due solely to the good management of one owner and the bad management of the other. Now, if the use of good pure-bred males, and good care and feed will bring about such remarkable changes, is it not worth while to begin on the right road to such results? So plain a proposition would seem to require no argument to sustain it, and yet men live on in the same old scrub way, when right before their eyes are results which should convince them where the wise course lies. But in no direction is progress slower, than in ridding a country of scrub stock of all kinds. Men educate slowly, and wear out their hands in work that might be avoided if they used their eyes in seeing what is going on in the world about them, and their heads in planning how to prove all things and hold fast to that which is good. There never has been a time when a farmer could begin to breed out his scrubs by the use of pure-bred sires so cheaply as now, and no one who tries the experiment will ever use scrub sires again.

A Growing Movement.

Little more then ten years ago by invitation of the editor of The Rural a few men who were interested in agricultural pursuits assembled in The Rural office and organized Cook County Farmers Alliance No. 1. That was the beginning of this great movement. It has had its ups and downs, and for a time it had more down then ups. For years this journal bore the entire expense of the National Alliance, and at one time the cause was at such a low ebb that we presented each State Alliance with twenty-five dollars, which was gladly received and put to an excellent use. But the people awakened gradually to a realization of the necessity of organization and the work has gone on until to-day there are between two millions and three millions of farmers in the Alliance.

At the inception of the movement there was no fixed determination to make it political though the purpose included everything that would serve the interests of the producer. Circumstances, however, forced the Alliance into politics at the last election. The men who were holding office—most of them by the votes of the farmers themselves—manifested an utter lack of interest in the welfare of agriculture, and as the prosperity on our farms was steadily declining, the farmer struck out for himself politically. As a result he points to-day to fully five hundred thousand farmers' votes that were cast as the producer thought would do him the most good. He secured the balance of power in the Illinois legislature; he made his influence felt in Michigan; he was an important factor in Iowa; he secured for his cause over fifty-thousand straight votes in Minnesota and elected a number of the members of the legislature and in Kansas he elected the entire congressional delegation with one exception. In Nebraska and in South Dakota his voting power was felt to the dismay of the old political leaders What the future will develop, as we have already said in these columns, depends largely upon the action of Congress and our legislatures. The farmer who voted against his old party at the last election may act with his party at the next election. It will largely depend upon the course the party pursues. The hand writing is on the wall, however, and whosever will may read. The farmers of this country will have justice.

Trusts The People.

The Plandealer.

It is just as one of our foremost citizens said yesterday; "I believe this Farmers movement is the salvation of the country." The fact that the people are set to thinking is where the good comes in. Some of the ideas advanced are unreasonable and if put into practice would work injury, but the sober judgment of the country will finally hit upon the proper course to pursue. Some bad laws will be passed but they will be repealed, and ultimately the republic will be stronger for the present agitation and uncertainty. Take the question of free coinage of silver! A majority of the people seem to be for the measure, but many wise financiers honestly think that the enactment of the senate bill would work very serious damage to the country, that gold would bring a premium and silver dollars would depreciate. There are two sides to the tariff question. Like finance, this is not a matter that can be solved by an hour's study, and then in considering it from only one point of view. It is not a question that should be settled, either, by accepting the ideas advanced by a glib-tongued orator who may never have given a serious thought to economies. The encouraging facts are: The people are thinking; if mistakes are made they can be rectified. Congress is quick to act in line with the popular with. The man who is so partisan that he fears the country is going to destruction if his party is defeated, should live in a monarchy where there is but one party—the emperor. The Republic is safe with her free schools free press and free thought.

Grain Growing and Consumption.

The Minneapolis Journal.

C. Wood Davis, a farmer, of Godard, Kan., has published a statisical table, demonstrating, to his one satisfaction, at least, that the breadstuffs productivity of the world is waning with the contracting area of grain growing land on the earth and that, consequently the farmer who sticks sedulously to his business is sure to become the most prosperous member of the community, through higher prices for his products.

He sets forth that by 1895 we shall have no exportable surplus of grain and will be importing breadstuffs to make up for a deficiency of 1,200,000 acres in the cultivable area. This conclusion is based upon the increase of population and exhaustion of the land area. He predicts a decrease in the area from 1895 on, so that 10 years from now, with an estimated population of 77,000,000, an average of 243,300,000 acres in all stables and 36,960,000 in wheat will be necessary to meet home needs and export the same proportion of cotton now sent abroad. The estimated cultivable area, however, in that year, according to Mr. Davis will only be 226,000,000 acres for all products, a deficit of 17,800,000 acres.

This is sufficient to show the basis of Mr. Davis' prediction. He assumes, however, entirely too much as to this country. Last year, for instance, the wheat acreage was a little under 37,000,000 acres, which is his estimate for the requirements of 77,000,000 people in 1900. In 1884 our wheat acreage was nearly 40,000,000 acres, about what he states will be neccessary to supply flour to an estimated population of 84,000,000 in the year 1905. It does not appear probable, therefore, that we shall have to import breadstuffs or live on black bread, as Mr. Davis predicts, in 1885. Some English writers took that view in 1887, affirming that within a decade, we could not expect a peck of surplus wheat. That depends.

Our population grouth will not be rapid hereafter. The per-centage of increase has been retarded during the past decade. In the matter of wheat alone we shall not probably be deficient. Intensive farming like that in England where the yield is 30 to 35 bushels to the acre, or nearly three times our present average, will be adopted. Besides this, we are justified in expecting something from irrigation in the semi-arid area, although the source of water supply for the ditches in some states is a problem yet unsolved. There is in this state a large body of wild land, at least 10,000,000 acres, suitable for wheat growing. Thus, as the acreage sown to wheat has not faellen below 35,000,000 except in one year during the last decade, and was last year up to the average for the period, we cannot look for any such heavy deficit in four years as predicted by Mr. Davis.

So far as the world is concerned Mr. Davis foresees a great exhaustion of its resources in the next two decades; but he overlooks Russia, with a tremendous area of black soil yet untouched, Australasia, with a yet undefined wheat land area; India and the South American wheat area, just opening. And Canada cannot be overlooked with her 850,000 square miles of Northwestern wheat land, hardly touched.

It is probable that the wheat crop in this country may, in a few years, be curtailed by the attention given to beets and flax, which will so diversify farming that the farmer will get a better price for his wheat and that without this nation becoming a rye eating people as Mr. Davis suggests. The defect of his calculations is that he assumes a shrinkage of the wheat and other grains land of the world, which does not exist,

{100 PAGES} WIDE AWAKE. {1891}

BEGINNING WITH THE HOLIDAY NUMBER

Is permanently enlarged to one hundred pages, radiant with new and larger type, a new style of page, and fresh, strong literary and pictorial attractions.

Mrs. Burton Harrison, whose story of "The Anglomaniacs" has been the sensation of the season in The Century, has written for Wide Awake a story called "Diamonds and Toads."

Hon. John D. Long (ex-Governor of Massachusetts) furnishes six articles, under the general title of "Our Government," for the enlightenment of coming citizens—the boys and girls of to-day.

Margaret Sidney's new serial, "Five Little Peppers Grown Up," will tell more about Polly and Jasper and David and Joel and Phronsie, and others, as it runs through the year. Fifty charming illustrations by Chas. Mente.

Marietta's Good Times will chronicle in her own words, from her own manuscript, the childhood adventures of Marietta Ambrosi.

Miss Matilda Archambeau Van Dorn, a little girl who had a great many ancestors, is an irresistible little folks' serial, by Elizabeth Cumings.

Unusually Interesting Articles, some elaborately pictorial: "Dining with Gladstone," by Mrs. John A. Logan; "Amy Robsart's Embroidery," by Frances A. Humphrey; "Mother Goose's Pets," by Agnes Pepplier; "Gypsies and Gypsying," by Elizabeth Robbins Pennell; "Some Horses that I have known," by Maud Howe; "Sainte Marie College of Wynchestre," by Oscar Fay Adams; "Boston's Girl Sculptor," by Mrs. Newberry; "The Sugar Crank," by Theodora R. Jenness.

Some Problems in Horology, by E. H. Hawley, of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, will interest High School students. Three sets of cash prizes.

The Best of Short Stories from thousands offered and solicited the past year—some by new authors.

Figure Drawing for Children, in twelve illustrated lessons by Caroline H. Rimmer, with four prize offers each month.

The Ever Popular Ways to do Things, the School and Playground Stories, Tangles, Post Office and Men and Things.

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"How to Preserve the Season's Crop," "[illegible] in Winter," "When Shall We [illegible]," "How to Feed in Winter," "Keep the Animals Growing," "Sheep [illegible]," "Why I Raise Swine," "Does Poultry Pay," "Shall We Use Blooded Sires," "The Horse Market," "My First Experience with the Silo," "My First Fruit and Vegetable Garden," "Why I Don't Leave the Farm," "The Wasteful Wife," "Our Country Roads," "Are Bees Worth their Keep," "Minnesota an Apple State," "Notes Obtained by Fraud," "The Stranger's Promise," "Are Politicians Our Friends," "What Should the Teacher Be," "How I Preserve Meats," "When to Buy Seeds," "The Boy Mechanic," "A Quarrelsome Family," "Fighting Animals," "My Early Mistakes," "Shall We Heed the Experience of Others."

These are only a few of the subjects to be found in forthcoming numbers of

FARM, STOCK AND HOME,
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[illegible] the value of a [illegible], practical agricultural DON'T PASS THIS OFFER. paper to all farmers, and desiring to get the one best adapted to this locality, we have arranged with the publishers of *Farm, Stock and Home* to accept subscriptions at regular rates; or we will send it and THE JOURNAL one year for only $1.50. Sample copies can be seen at the office.

Peffer And The Senate.

Minneapolis Journal.

A Simon-pure Alliance man has obtained Ingalls' seat in the senate This is the commencement of a change in the quality of that body which may be beneficial to the country.

It cannot be disguised that the senate is not as sensitive to the public interests or as sagacious in its determinations or methods of thought as it was a few years ago. There has pervaded that body the atmosphere of the aristocracy of wealth. The tendency has been to make the senate an aggregation of very wealthy men. It is, in fact, gradually becoming such a body and, as gradually removing itself from the sympathies of the people. The old Romans used to boast of their senators, that stranger entering the senate chamber mistook them for kings. They might not make such a mistake as to our senate, but they would detect a strong bouquet of money there.

Mr. Peffer of Kansas, will infuse a new atmosphere in the senate chamber. It would be impossible to imagine a wider contrast than exists between Ingalls and his successor. Ingalls was a dude in appearance—fastidious in his dress as a woman; a brilliant debater—excelling in keen satire and incisive sarcasm; a sort of privileged character who whiled away his time without doing anything for his constituents, but basking in the sunshine of their admiration for his ability and accepting their homage as something due a man cast in a finer mold than ordinary men. Peffer, on the other hand, has the appearance of a back number. He is a tall, awkward, clumsy looking specimen, and was a familar object on the streets of Topeka dressed in a long, gray alpaca ulster, slouch hat and green goggles. He his slow of speech, not keen witted nothing that his predecessor is in particular and everything that he is not. But he is after all a man of fair ability, and he is much nearer the people who elected him; he might make a good senator if it were not for some of his crank notions. He cannot well be more useless than Ingalls has been. He will undoubtedly be more diligent.

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WE OFFER IT FREE
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The Polk County Journal.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated December 29th, 1887, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, December 31st, 1887, in book 34 of mortgages, page 461, whereby Albert Drager, an unmarried man, mortgageor, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-five (45), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $370.12, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $22.20, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $392.32. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.
THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22. 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 12th, 1883, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 12th, 1883, in book K of mortgages, page 91, whereby Andrew Steenerson and Bertha Steenerson, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), in township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of range forty-eight (48), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $462.50, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $18.99, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $481.49. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.
THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated July 21st, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, July 23d, 1888, in book 36 of mortgages, page 375, whereby Geo. Galland and Keziah Galland, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $264.59. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.
THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 22nd, 1889, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 23rd, 1889, in book 42 of mortgages, page 41, whereby [illegible] Iten and Sophronia Iten, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), all in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $467.51. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.
THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.
[40-46]

[First publication Jan. 29th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 23d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Sam Johnson, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto James Hanson, of Washington County, Minn.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county of Polk, on Monday, the 3d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 23d day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[41-43] Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Dec. 25th, 1890.]

DEFAULT EXISTING IN A MORTGAGE executed by Urgel Wolfe (single) mortgagor, March 18th, 1889, to T. E. Penney, mortgagee, and filed for record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minn., March 18th, 1889, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., and recorded in book 43 of mortgages, on page 477, and by said Penney assigned to Charlotte Winslow and by her assigned to Lyman W. Winslow, on the e½ of ne¼ of Sec. 10, and w½ of nw¼ of Sec. 11, Tp. 151, Range 42, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; there being now due on said mortgage the sum of $353.68, besides $14.47 taxes paid by the assignee and an attorney fee of $100.00 Now, therefore, the Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell said premises at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county, on the 7th day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to satisfy said debt and costs of sale.

Dated, Dec. 6th, 1890.
J. H. WILLIAMSON,
[36-43] Attorney for assignee.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 12, 1891. NO. 43

Polk County Journal.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$6 00
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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Chicago Tribune

ON

THE ALLIANCE.

The Chicago Tribune of February 2d, contains a long article headed: "Cheap Money, No Tariff—Socialistic Principles of the Farmers—Working Hand in Hand with Anarchists," &c., &c., ad finitom, ad nauseam. After putting on such a magnificent scare head, the Tribune goes on to show that the sole object of the alliance is anarchy, led by Southern brigadiers. The Tribune devotes over a column of its valuable space in its efforts to prove that all farmers are cranks and anarchists, and not wholly satisfied with the success of the attempt, fills another column with quotations from other sheets that are evidently afraid that farming will be placed upon a paying basis, of which the following are a few sample bricks:

Cincinnati Commercial Gazette: The farmers, in submitting to the leadership of cranks, in endorsing the Government pawnshops and wildcat money schemes, and in lending themselves to the base uses of the democratic party, are committing a great error and doing themselves and the country a serious injury.

Milwaukee Sentinel: If the alliance people get into the saddle they will very likely undertake to accomplish all the objects they have set forth in their statement of principles, and they will fail utterly, as has always been the case with such experiments in politics. But they are not likely to get into the saddle. The greenbackers and grangers of the seventies had a much more favorable opportunity to crowd in between the old parties than exist now, and they had fewer lunatics to take care of than the alliance has now adopted.

Topeka Capital: This sickening slobber of the alliance over its love for the South makes an old soldier feel like apologizing for having been a defender of the Union. The alliance members of the House have uttered more sneers about "the old soldier racket" than we have heard from the democracy of the state in twenty-five years, and the defeat of Ingalls by the alliance will cause as many unrepentant Rebels to rejoice to-day as ever yelled over a Confederate victory, and this is reform in Kansas.

The Tribune has long held the position of a leading paper in Chicago, a position that a paper not in the interests of the masses is not entitled to hold, nor can it long retain that position after developing such monopolistic tendencies as the Tribune now expresses. We confess to a feeling of surprise that the old Tribune, which has ardently supported the principles that built up the great republican party, the party that was composed of the masses of the people, that derived its strength from its advocacy of the rights of the common people—the party that struck the fetters from the poor, down-trodden slave and bade him live a free man—we repeat that we are suprised that the Tribune should so malign the toiling farmer of America, whose only object in this alliance business is to protect himself against the wily speculator, and procure for himself equal rights in the market. The Tribune makes a grave mistake in its attitude against the toiling masses, who only seek relief from oppression as great as that which caused the revolutionary war. Instead of arraying itself against the just demands of the farmers, the Tribune should urge upon its party the necessity of providing the relief that agricultural interests demand. The farmers are right in their demand for justice, and they are beginning to take hold of the matter in a way that will be effective. Their organization is not "anarchistic" nor for the purpose of destroying free government. They form the basis of the wealth and prosperity of the country, and they are fast being made simple "hewers of wood and drawers of water" to the favored few who so manipulate matters as to absorb the profits of farming to their own use and benefit. Farmers, as a rule, are too self-respecting to long submit to such a condition of affairs, and it will require more than the cry of "demagogue," "anarchist," and the like, against them to divert them from their purpose. The Tribune ridicules the idea that farmers should expect any relief from government in the way of loans on land. Very well, Mr. Tribune, if that method is so impracticable, why don't you help the farmers out by suggesting a measure that is practicable, for you must admit that farmers are as much entitled to help from government as Wall street speculators and gamblers are, and it is the RELIEF that farmers are after, and if you have a better way for them to obtain it they will gladly listen to any suggestion you may have to make, but we wish to kindly suggest, Mr. Tribune, that your efforts to POUND the farmers into submission will utterly fail—they have had enough of that already—too much. That's what ails 'em. They have been hammered into line time and again in the hopes that in some way or other relief would come. It don't come and now they have resolved to see what they can do for themselves. They are now preparing to think and act for themselves. If they were serfs they might be pounded into submission, but they are farmers, descendants of farmers who once had to battle for their rights and they can no more be defeated in their object than could our forefathers of the revolutionary period. It is the duty of such papers as the Tribune to recognize the situation and lend a helping hand, because the course of the farmers is right.

The Alliance Non-Partisan.

C. C. L. Dill, in National Economist.

Knowing Brother Whitehead to be a true blue alliance man, I regret to be obliged to state that we, in this section, are not in accord with his views, and do not think that "the alliance is distinctly political," and most certainly not partisan. When we joined the alliance we were promised that the obligation, which we were about to take, would not interfere with our political or religious views. That promise ought to be kept in good faith. We have been taught by our organs and our lecturers that the alliance was non-partisan. Our tenth declaration says: "We labor for the educating of our class in the science of economic government in a strictly non-partisan spirit."

Now, some of our leaders propose to face about, break promises solemnly made, abrogate former rules and regulations and make an alliance party. Would it, not only as a matter of justice but as one of policy, be best to consult the sub alliances before any such radical changes are made? Should a large majority of the sub alliances ask for an alliance party, there will be one, and it will have some chances of success, but until they do this, success is impossible and we had better let things remain as they are.

We cannot get all we want at once. Rome was not built in a day. But by supporting that party that is nearest in accord with our views, and insisting that some as least of the measures we want shall be adopted by the party we support, we will come nearer getting what we want than by forming a new party and having that party defeated, as it most assuredly would be. Those who are anxious for an alliance party and are so sanguine of success should remember that, we must have the necessary experience; we are not sufficiently drilled and have neither the money nor political machinery necessary to success.

There are already three parties in the field; two of them are old, experienced and understand fully all the tricks of politics, and while the third is comparatively young, it can bring into the campaign more experience and money than we could possibly bring, and however slim the prospects of the prohibition party may be they are probably better than a fourth party would have. The prohibition party has right on its side, which is better than an army with banners.

Fertile Journal: Knute Nelson was called to St. Paul Wednesday night where he is to appear before the U. S. court. It appears that several years ago Mr. Nelson had taken a pine claim and had disposed of some of the timber on it and afterwards the claim was cancelled by the government, and now he has been sued for $2,000 by the U. S. authorities, who claim that amount of timber was taken from the land. We do not understand how the government can get a cent from Mr. Nelson as the timber was taken off before the claim was cancelled. We understand that there are quite a number of such cases in this county.

Duluth Elevators.

The Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association Investigates the Elevators.

Interesting Report of the Committee After a Trip to the Zenith City.

The Association will Have Some Agents in Duluth to Look After its Interests.

A Unique Translation of the Proceedings from the Scandinavian.

THE ANTI-MONOPOLY ASSOCIATION.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

Mr. Ole E. Hagen, of Crookston, by request of the Secretary of the anti-Monopoly Association, Thos. Ulven, of McIntosh, Minn., has translated for the Plaindealer the proceedings of the anti-Monopoly meeting recently held in this city. The meeting was presided over by Mr. A. Knudson, Rev. Jorgenson acting as secretary.

The meeting was well attended, and the association has about one hundred members, which is an encouraging sign that the cause is embraced with profound interest. The object of this movement is to open up a better wheat market for the farmers of the northwest and thereby improve their economical and financial condition, and, therefore, ought to be supported by all honest "sons of toil." There cannot be any doubt that a better treatment on the wheat market can be obtained when hard and earnest work in this direction is commenced and carried on, but before any results be reached the farmers themselves must step to the front and help the association in a financial way. When the wheat monopolists are seeking to press down the price as low as possible, nothing can be more natural than for the farmer to step in as a competitor and seller on the market of the world. During the former meeting a committee was elected to go to Duluth and make a closer investigation into conditions of that market. The committee consisted of Messrs. Ed. Tharaldson, Steen A. Hofto and Ole T. Groulie. During the meeting on Wednesday said committee submitted the following report:

We find 1st. That the manner in which the wheat grading is done is partly superficial and insufficient to find the real quality of the wheat. Over this we became entirely surprised. The wheat is graded on the looks of it; it is not weighed, so in this respect the mode of proceeding is a violation of the law. To a question, how the state inspectors could know the weight of the wheat, we were answered that if a car of wheat is graded No. 1 Northern, its weight per bushel would be put at 57 pounds on the state inspector's certificate, or at a weight under No. 1 hard, even if it weight up to 60 pounds per bushel. In short, we found the whole to be a guesswork pure and simple.

2. That the farmers can rent elevators of the elevator company, provided they guarantee that a certain number of bushels come in the year, and also bind themselves not to work in opposition to the wheat dealers.

4. A part of an elevator could also be rented, if the whole of it was not necessary, on condition that the elevator crew performed all the work, and the farmers only kept an overseer to keep track of the wheat. In this case the same obligation must be entered into, as above stated, viz., "not to work in opposition to the wheat dealers."

5. The elevator expenses would be, provided one million of bushels came in in a year, about 1¼ cent per bushel. If more wheat comes in then less. Concerning this last term there shall later on be given particulars, as no definite answer could be obtained at present.

6. A lot whereupon to build an elevator from which the wheat could be shipped, was offered us free of charge by a land firm.

7. We have reason to suppose that, provided that an elevator really be built, that we, besides a lot, also will get some help by way of money.

8. We find, that the owners of the elevators in Minnesota and Dakota are working against the interest of the farmers, in that they try to prevent wheat from being sent in carload lots and thereby diminish their income, are seeking to influence both the inspectors and buyers here on the market to hinder wheat from being shipped in this manner. This is of great disadvantage.

We can but regret that nothing has been done on the side of the farmers in this all important work before now, but better late than never."

After the report was read and approved the committee made the following motion, which was accepted:—

"We take the liberty to recommend to the Red River Valley Anti-Monopoly association as the best thing that can and ought to be done under the present circumstances in regard to the buying and selling of wheat in Duluth viz:

1. That a competent man be elected by the farmers' association and employed at Duluth.

2. That the same man join as a member either the board of trade or the chamber of commerce.

3. That he rent an office and also employs and pays necessary clerks.

4. That he is paid $120 per month, free board and traveling expenses for the four months of the year, September, October, November and December.

5. That one man be employed to look after and take care of the wheat during the grading of same out in the freight yards.

6. That the same man be paid $125 per month for the four months before mentioned, also free board and traveling expenses.

7. That one cent per bushel be taken off all the wheat that in this manner may come in to defray all of the expenses.

8. Should there of this one cent be collected more than necessary to defray the expenses, a fund should be established therefrom and made a common property of the association.

9. Same fund shall only be made use of to build elevator in Duluth Minn.

10. That all the farmers who are members of this association do bind themselves to stand by and send their wheat to their employed men in Duluth.

11. Only those who belong to the association or become members of the same, and bind themselves to the above mentioned points, can enjoy the benefit of our men in Duluth.

12. To rent elevator would, so is seems to us, under the present circumstances be all too hazardous as long as we don't know the relations necessary to be familiar with in the buying and selling of wheat on a large scale. Better to go slow but sure forward.

E. THARALDSON.
OLE T. GROULIE.
STEN A. HOFTO.

The fee for membership was determined to be as before—$3.00. The following officers were elected: President, E. Tharaldson; vice-President O. A. Sanders, Fargo; secretary and managar, Thos. Ulven; treasurer, A. Knudson. It was resolved to change the name to The Northwestern Farmers Protective Association.

Further particulars concerning the association will be given by the secretary, Thos. Ulven, whose present address is McIntosh, Minn.

Should it be desired, the secretary is willing to call meetings where farmers can discuss the questions pertaining to this cause.

A Reckless Statement.

The Minneapolis Times.

Hon. Loren Fletcher, who is sojourning at the National capital for the purpose of consulting with Senator Davis and Washburn and other Republican leaders as to the best means of averting the disaster which threatens the party in this State in 1892, when asked the other day if Minnesota favors the free coinage of silver, is reported as replying: "Not much; Minnesota believes that the passage of a free coinage bill this season would simply be disastrous. Minnesota people feel like letting the present laws stand." Mr. Fletcher is too shrewd a politician, and knows too accurately the real sentiment of the people of Minnesota, to believe what he says. He knows that there is not a State in the Union where the great body of the people are more thoroughly dissatisfied with the present financial system, or more earnest and outspoken in their demands for an increased currency, which can only be secured by the free coinage of silver. Mr. Fletcher knows that the 60,000 Alliance votes in Minnesota are practically a unit in favor of free coinage. He knows, too, that at the very least three-fourths of the Democratic votes, to say nothing of a large number of Republicans, are earnestly demanding the remonetization and free coinage of silver. In the face of these undeniable facts, showing beyond a possibility of doubt that a large majority of the voters of this state are for free coinage, Mr. Fletcher has the hardihood to declare in Washington that the people of Minnesota are satisfied with the present laws, and believe that "the passage of a free coinage bill would simply be disastrous." He knows better. He knows that the majority of the people are profoundly dissatisfied with the present laws, and that they insist upon such currency legislation as will make it impossible for a few Wall street speculators and eastern capitalists to absolutely control the money of the country, and bull or bear the money market at their own sweet wills. "Your Uncle Loren" has blundered. As a capitalist and money loaner himself, it is natural that he should be opposed to free coinage, or to any other scheme for enlarging the volume of the currency. But that he has totally misrepresented the majority sentiment of Minnesota on this question, there is not a shadow of a doubt. If the Republican party desires to tempt disaster and make defeat absolutely sure in 1892, it has only to follow the path pointed out by Mr. Fletcher.

The Appointing Power.

Farm Stock and Home.

One of the conspicuous evils of our political system is the use made of the appointing power possessed by our executive officers—national, state and municipal. Fully nine hundred and ninety-nine executives out of a thousand use patronage to further their own political ambition, or make more secure the continued supremacy of their particular political party. Commissions, bureaus and offices are created ostensibly in the interest of the people, to aid in the development of some industrial or legitimate and necessary business interest, and are paid out of the public treasury, to which people of all political faiths contribute. Through a mistaken public policy the filling of those places of trust, responsibility and possible usefulness is delegated to a partisan executive officer who straightway proceeds to appoint men because of their partisan service, paying no regard whatever to their fitness for the positions they are to fill. Thus we see in superintendents of prisons and asylums men who have neither the tact, integrity or business ability such positions demand; we see railroad commissioners made of men who never studied railroad problems or conditions; dairy commissioners who either know nothing about dairying or lack the executive ability to properly manage a state department; boiler inspectors who would not know a dangerous boiler until after it had exploded and so on to the end of the chapter. These men however, are accomplished political workers, possess large stores of "influence," make themselves necessary to the appointing power, and are therefore privileged to fatten at the public crib, regardless of their uselessness to to the general public or the common good.

In political campaigns these paid servants of the people are seen traveling up and down the state or nation, neglecting their public duties—except on pay day—and working infinitely harder to render their party good service than they ever thought of working to serve the public; and so the money of all citizens is devoted to the work of continuing in power a party that possibly more than half of them are uncompromisingly opposed to. In law, of course, this regarded as legitimate, and custom has put upon it the seal of its approval. But in ethics it is criminal in the highest degree; it is an absolute appropriation of public money to private use, a betrayal of public trusts. Like many other abuses and exerescences that have grown upon our political system, this one, which we now regard so complacently, so like a necessary evil, we would most emphatically refuse to adopt if asked to do so. As a habit or custom we tolerate it, while as an inovation we should reject it, spurn it, spit upon it with pronounced unanimity.

Would it not be better for the legislatures of states, the councils of cities, and even the national congress to elect such officers as are herewith referred to? So far as states and cities are concerned it would quite surely be fruitful of much good. To simplify the matter, let the lower house of legislatures elect the state officers. The lower house is slightly nearer the people than the upper, and the trouble of joint sessions would be avoided. It would, of course, be urged that legislatures are partisan as are excutives, and so partisans would be elected as they are now appointed. That may be true, but bargaining public offices for the support of political schemers and tricksters would be eliminated from our politics, and the devotion of public officers to the political ambition of a single individual would be known no more. Officers of ability would much more likely be selected because a legislature had the selection of them. At all events, no concievable system can be worse than the existing one; while in a change there are possibilities of a most healthful reformation.

Traveling Churches.

The millionaire magnates, the opera singers, the great showmen, all have their "private cars," and now comes the church, building chapels on wheels which run to and fro in the earth diffusing religious intelligence. Bishop Walker, of the Episcopal church of North Dakota, was the first to build a car fitted with a pulpit, organ and pews, and the Minnesota Baptists are now building one for their Sunday School missionary, "Uncle Boston" Smith. Does it seem strange that the first church cars should be built in the wild Northwest? Well, it is just a way the Northwest has of getting to the front. Just so with her railroads, always enterprising, seeking the comfort of their patrons, guaranteeing speed and safety at the same time. Among these "The Burlington" stands easily at the front in immense mileage, number of important places reached, and elegance of equipment. For tickets, time-tables, etc., call on any agent of this or connecting lines, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

The East Grand Forks Courier says: Some of the county papers are kicking because the county commissioners gave the county printing to a Dakota paper. They fail to understand that one of the county commissioners is interested in the Dakota publication, judging from its own columns, and as he is a practical business man it is only natural that he should feather his own nest while the teat is full he has a chance to suck. His tenure of office will soon expire, and his usefulness on the board will come to an end.

An alliance man writing over the initials W. G. H. in the last issue of the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, roasts county commissioner Kirsch for his alleged connection with a scheme to provide a place for one of his friends in the office of county superintendent of schools. The writer intimates that Mr. Kirsch will be retired from active services in 1892. He might have added that the usefulness of some of the other county commissioners will cease with their term of office. The people will demand a change.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Feb. 12, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 79.
1 Northern 77.
2 Northern 72.
3 Northern 67.

J. E. Mitton was up from Wahpeton is week.

E. E. Lommen was up from St. Paul on Saturday and Sunday.

Ask for the Record Breaker, and take no other. Herb keeps 'em.

K. K. Austin, who has been very sick, is reported convalescing slowly.

Wheat opened out on Saturday morning at 80 cents. A drop of one cent.

Conductor J. B. Copeland was registered at a prominent St. Paul hotel last week.

The "Owl Club" meets with Mrs. W. D. Scott on Thursday evening of this week.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 79 cents. A two cent drop since our last issue.

Everybody agrees that it is cold enough but not so awfully—from zero to 8 or 10 below.

On Monday, Feb. 2d, a little girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Hebert, and died on Friday.

Jos. Brewster was in from Lambert on Monday. Says they have not snow enough for business out there.

W. W. Attix was down from Mentor last Friday. Says a little more snow would help matters out up that way.

Charlie Kops was over from Grand Forks this week. Says Kops Bros. are selling a great many pianos this season.

Tom Morris returned on Saturday morning with his wife, who has been on a visit to her old home at Waupon, Wis.

Hon. B. Sampson has been confined to the house by sickness somewhat this winter, but thinks he is getting along all O. K.

The "Ladies' Aid Society" of the Congregational church met with Mrs. Henry Lewis on Wednesday afternoon of this week.

The Record Breaker, the best five cent cigar in the city, is to be found at Herb's. It is as good as many a ten cent cigar.

The Norwegian Lutheran Conference church has received a new bell. That was what you heard ringing on Monday afternoon.

E. O. Flanders treated THE JOURNAL man to a ride behind that Star Bashaw trotter of his on Saturday. The colt can knock it off in good shape.

Just as you prefer; 10, 20 or 30 cents takes you to the theatre this week where you can enjoy listening to a first-class troupe. Everybody says it is good.

Mart Bang, a Crookston old-timer, was up to shake hands with old friends this week. Mart is coining much shekels in his business there and well deserves the success he is having.

Herb Mason has secured the right of way for the Record Breaker, the best selling as well as the best five cent cigar on the market. When you want to enjoy a good smoke at a slight cost call on Herb.

Next Sunday, Feb. 15th, the discourses at the Congregational church will be: At 11 a. m.—"Wrecked on the Mediterranean." At 7:30 p. m.—"The Young Man as Husband." Attend both services if you can.

A new railroad company, "The Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific," was formed last week with Hon. H. Steenerson as president. This company proposes to build a road northeast and southwest through this city.

The Wilson Theatre Company will play every evening this week. On Saturday, at 2 p. m., they will give a matinee, presenting "Little Lord Fauntleroy." This play has never been presented in this city.

Mrs. Sam Rosenthal gave a very pleasant cinch party to her numerous lady friends, on Tuesday afternoon of this week, in honor of her sister, Mrs. Ed. Wile, who is soon to leave for her new home in Indiana.

E. D. Childs departed for Duluth on Monday evening to meet with the directors of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad to let the contract for building the line from Cloquet into Duluth.

The "Spider Web Social," given by the ladies' of the Episcopal church last Friday evening, at the residence of Mrs. E. M. Walsh, was largely attended and an enjoyable affair, as well as a success, financially, the ladies having netted the sum of $27.85.

P. J. McGuire departed for Superior last week to engage in business. Mr. McGuire has been a faithful and efficient auditor for Polk County term after term for many years and in that time has made hosts of friends who will unite with THE JOURNAL in wishing for him abundant success.

The Wilson Theatre Company is drawing crowded houses. It is not so much that the prices are within the reach of all, 10, 20 and 30 cents, but that the company is an excellent one—better than many of the 75 cent troupes that travel. At this rate standing room will be at a premium before the end of the week.

The Record Breaker is a daisy. Herb has it. Trm 'em.

A horse belonging to Iver Serum was taken sick in the street on Thursday, and after lying in the street for an hour or so, a stretcher was rigged up and he was taken to Alderman & Sylvester's barn where everything possible was done to alleviate its sufferings, but without avail, and the animal was finally shot. Kidney complaint was the alleged cause of its illness.

On Tuesday evening of last week, at the invitation of the Crookston Fire Department, about fifty of Crookston's leading citizens assembled at the St. Louis Hotel at a banquet given in honor of Chief E. W. Wile, who departs on Sunday evening for La Porte, Indiana. THE JOURNAL has arranged for a verbatim report of the speeches made, which will appear in our next issue.

Mine host Jerome, of the St. Louis Hotel, showed THE JOURNAL man the plans for the new hotel that he will build as soon as the weather will permit. The present building will be moved to the east 50 feet, the front extending along Ash street 100 feet; the building will be three stories high, thoroughly equipped with all the modern improvements. The plan is similar to that of the hotel Dakotah at Grand Forks, and while not quite as extensive, will be every way as good. So at last Crookston is to have as good a hotel as any town in the Northwest.

We do not like to make a mistake in an item, because everybody seems to read THE JOURNAL, and to rely implicitly upon what they see therein, and that is what broke Herb Mason up so completely last week when THE JOURNAL said the dances "would wind up with a big calico ball on the 10th." Everybody jumped onto Herb and made life a burden to him until he made each individual to understand that the dancing school would continue until the 24th. The original program was to wind up the season with a calico ball, but owing to the Lenten season it was decided to give the ball sooner, but "on with the dance" just the same until the close of the term, Feb. 24th.

Thos. H. Canfield was up from Lake Park on Friday to see Geo. J. McManus, who talks of buying a herd of Shorthorns and grades, also some Percheron horses with which to stock up his place near McIntosh. Mr. Canfield called to see THE JOURNAL man, and we were surprised to see so young looking a man—he does not seem a day older than when we knew him in '76 and '77. He has been engaged in stock-raising in Becker County for years, owns one of the best stock farms in the State, and says that Nothern Minnesota is one of the best stock countries he ever saw. He makes a specialty of Shorthorn cattle and Percheron horses, and always has a bargain ready for a customer. The opinions of such a man as Mr. C., who has raised stock here as long as he has, should be and are of great value.

The May Louise Aigen Company played two nights in this city last week. On Friday evening they presented the "Two Orphans," a piece that has been played in this city as often as Uncle Tom's Cabin, and to say that our people were disappointed would be drawing it very mild. The effect was seen on Saturday evening when the company played "Confusion" to empty seats, almost. This play was well rendered and highly enjoyed by the few who were present. Had the company selected a new play for their opening night they no doubt would have had a full house the second evening, for they are excellent in comedy. Their costumes in the "Two Orphans" are elegant, but our people had been led to expect a new play and could not get over their disappointment.

The Wilson Theatre Company is playing a week's engagement in our city. On Monday evening they played "The Tramp's Daughter," with Miss Alice Clark in the title role. This piece is strong in comic situations and is well sustained, while there is enough of sentiment and emotional parts to strengthen and relieve. Each one sustained his or her part creditably and the universal verdict on Monday night was one of satisfaction with the company and the play. The prices, 10, 20 and 30 cents, are a popular feature, rendering it possible for all to hear a really first-class company. As you enter the hall a ticket is handed you which entitles the holder to a chance on a fine bedroom set, which will be drawn on Saturday evening next. Two persons will be selected from the audience, duplicate numbers will be placed in a hat and the first number drawn, if the holder of the number is present, will receive the set. Should the holder not be present another number will be drawn, and so on, until some number is drawn held by some one in the audience. No doubt the hall will be filled every evening.

GOOD ENOUGH.

H. E. Mussey, formerly of the Warren Sheaf, has purchased the Thief River Falls Press and assumed command last week. H. E. is a good boy and we gladly extend our ☞ in welcome to the ranks of Polk County's loving band of newspaper brethren. We wish him abundant success in his new venture.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
Lisbon, N. Dakota.

[38-tf]

Crookston Alliance, No. 648, met at the usual hour on Saturday and several questions of importance came up for discussion. The communication from the executive committee in relation to the purchase of the Great West was read, and after thorough discussion it was decided to report adversely to the contemplated purchase. The proposition to petition the legisture to authorize the Board of County Commissioners to place $1,000 at the disposal of the Board of Immigration was fully discussed by all present, and the question postponed for further consideration at the next meeting, on Saturday next, to give every member an opportunity to be present and express his views. The proposition of the Board of County Commissioners to appropriate the sum of $500 to send men to St. Paul to lobby in favor of taxing railroad land was also treated in the same manner. A communication from an experienced starch manufacturer in relation to starting a factory, was laid over until next Saturday for lack of time to consider. In view of the importance of the several subjects under consideration it is hoped that a full attendance will be had next Saturday. Let everybody come prepared to express an opinion, and come early. The meeting will be called to order at 2 o'clock, sharp, and if everybody is prompt there will be sufficient time to transact all the business on hand before a late hour. Everybody turn out.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

Apples in the Red River Valley.

Jack McLaren tells our reporter of a visit that he made to Bachelor's Grove, N. D., on January 25th, to meet all of his brothers and sisters, the occasion being the 41st anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McLaren, Jack's father and mother. Jack says they had a grand, all around good time; "one thing father did," said Jack, "that very few settlers can do in this country; he gave us some apples to eat from trees of his own raising. He procured the trees of F. J. Haseltine, the Crookston nurseryman, some years ago, and last fall gathered his first crop from them—as fine apples as I ever would wish to eat. The trees were planted is a sheltered place, received no more than ordinary care necessary to raise any trees, and prove conclusively that apples can be successfully raised in the Red River Valley."

Geo. J. McManus left for Duluth on Saturday evening, intending to stop off at Lake Park and look over the stock farm of Thos. H. Canfield, where he expects to select a fine lot of Shorthorns and Norman Percherons for his farm near McIntosh. Mr. McManus says he intends to stock up his farm, and by thus selecting from the very best of improved breeds he is going at it in an intelligent manner—the only way to make it successful. For working teams he will use grade Percherons; will have also one thoroughbred horse and one thoroughbred mare from Mr. Canfield's stables if he decides, after inspection, to purchase there. He expects to purchase two carloads, at least, and have them here as soon as spring opens. It is the establishment of such institutions as this that will go farther toward bringing that true era of prosperity than hundreds of wild-cat schemes that are sprung upon our people semi-occasionally—generally during the long hours of winter.

Farmers! = Farmers!

IT WILL PAY YOU

TO READ THIS.

My Prices on Hardware to the 1st of March will be as follows:

Common mixed paints, Per gallon	75c to $ 1 00
Best " " "	1 25
Ten quart tin pail,	15
Cream cans,	50
No. 9 copper bottom boilers,	1 00
No. 9 " " tea kettles, heavy tin,	65
No. 9 " " coffee boilers,	60
Nails, cut steel, per keg,	2 50
Nails, steel wire, per keg,	3 00
Clevises, per lb.,	6½
One doz. 6 quart pressed pans,	75
A scythe and snath	1 00
New novelty wringer,	2 00
Five gallon pump cans,	1 35
Warranted axes,	65
Best steel shovels,	50c and 60
Tar paper, per hundred,	2 00
Tar felt paper, per hundred,	2 00
Shot, per sack,	1 50
Loaded shells, per hundred,	2 00
Winchester rifles, octagon band,	14 75
Stove pipe, per joint,	15
Ox bows, per pair,	50
One set Mrs. Potts' sadirons,	1 25
Grind stones, per pound,	1½
Maydole's best carpenter hammers,	50
Best tubular lanterns,	40
Qt. can carriage paint,	
8x10, 8 light windows, per pair	70
8x10, 12 light windows,	90
Glass at cost.	

Every other article in the store at proportionately the same prices. Hurry up and catch on. Positively a great snap which you cannot afford to miss. A saving of from 50 to 100 per cent.

Wm. C. Spottswood,

Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

Hardware Going at Wholesale Prices.

Read My Low Prices in Another place!

A large stock of mixed paints, white lead, Venetian red, yellow and ochre, paint brushes, &c., Builders' hardware, tinware, woodenware, guns, rifles, cutlery. (Stoves below cost.) Belting, hose, carpenter's tools, cross-cut saws, building paper, blacksmith supplies, bolts, clevises, &c., all at actual and less than cost. This is a genuine closing out sale.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

New Meat Market.

South Bend Journal.

Mr. Nels Peterson, of Fosston, Minn. arrived in South Bend a few days ago and was so well pleased with the place that he at once concluded to go into business here. He has leased the building just receiving the finishing touches on the site of the old Central house, on the corner of First St, and Pacific avenue and will soon open a meat market on the ground floor. Mr. Peterson is an experienced man in the business and there is no doubt but that he will do well here.

For Sale.

New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

FARMERS,

Try the Old Farmer

For Bargains!!

$12,000 worth of Goods.

Dress Flannels sold at 65 Cents.
I will sell at ....45 cents per yard.
" " Ginghams at........................8 " " "
" " Calico at........................5 " " "
" " Vinegar at........................20 cts. per gallon.
" " Catsup at........................75 " " "
" " Coffee from........................18 to 35 " " pound,
" " Tomatoes at........................10 cents per can.
" " ....13 quarts Cranberries for $1.00.
" " Felt Boots and Felt Shoes Below Cost.

And everything else in proportion. I will make it to your advantage to call upon me before you purchase.

A. STURE.

The Calico ball at McKinnon's hall Tuesday evening was the event of the season, and was highly enjoyed by a large number. At nine o'clock the grand march, composed of 89 couple formed, led by Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Walker, and Will Bugg and Miss Hattie Bivins. The music was furnished by home talent and is said to have been excellent and they do say that Herb Mason deserves great credit for the success of the affair.

At the matinee on Saturday some little girl will get a nice doll and some little boy a handsome pair of skates. Both presents now on exibition at Tom Morris.

MARRIED.

PALEN—HEIDRICH.—At the residence of the bride's parents, in this city, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 10th, by the Rev. O. H. Elmer, Mr. Michael Palen to Miss Maggie Heidrich.

A large number of presents attested the popularity of the young couple who will go to housekeeping in our midst. THE JOURNAL adds its blessing.

The White Slave.

Dont fail to see the White Slave to night as presented by the Wilson Theatre trope. Get your seats early as every body intends to see "The White Slave" and standing room will be at a premium.

A CALL

To the Farmers of Polk Co. is hereby given to attend a meeting, to be held at Fertile, Friday Feb. 20th, at 10 o'clock a. m, to take steps towards the construction of a flouring mill. The attendance of Representatives from very town-ship is urgently requested, by the Woodside Alliance and others. [41-tf]

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Anglim's.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 12th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty hundred seventy-six and 67-100 ($2076 67-100) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is actually due, at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James B. Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller, as mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 507; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to the Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 5 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, situate, lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten (10), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18) nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81); lots three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty two, (82); all of block ninety two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the thirty-first day of March A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 17th, A. D. 1891.

The Hauser & Sons Malting Company,
Assignee of said Mortgagee.
Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee,
[43-49] St. Paul, Minn.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers
AND GAST DINING CAR

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

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OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

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ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

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D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

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PIANOS,
ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

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LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

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On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

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CROOKSTON, - - MINN

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 PAIR OF BROOD MARES.
Six years old with foal to thoroughbred Percheron Norman horse.
2 Geldings, 4 years old.
2 Mares, 4 years old.
1 good Driving Horse, 6 years old.
1 pair 2 year old Mares, 7-8 Norman Percheron.
1 pair good Norman Fillies.

Address THEO. GREENHALGH, city post office, or call at the farm in Fairfax. [40-45]

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - MINN

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

Our amiable, enlightened and intelligent contemporary, of the Red Lake Falls News, exhausts his vocabulary in the effort to find complimentary epithets to apply to THE JOURNAL man, because we oppose his little plan to make money at the expense of taxpayers, by county division. We never had the pleasure of meeting Meehan that we know of, all we know of him is what we read in that celebrated slander case wherein the News was convicted, by a jury of 12 good men and true, to be guilty of a base slander against a good and upright citizen, but judging from the billingsgate he heaps upon us we should say that he would do credit to some uncivilized frontier town wherein the laws and morals were of that lax order as to seem to require the services of a blackguard to run the paper. If the advocates of division have no better arguments (?) to advance than he uses their cause must indeed be desperate.

Commissioner Kirsch seems very restive under the criticisms to which he has been subjected by several of the taxpayers of the county, but we can see no reason for him to go into a passion and call any taxpayer hard names, because, as a public servant, the people have a right to criticise his public actions, and if those actions have been in the interest of the people, the more they are shown up the better for Kirsch. Mr. Kirsch, if we understand him aright, claims that he acted in the interest of the people in that matter. Now, let us see whether he did or not. For publishing the proceedings of the first meeting of the county board, the Times sends in a bill of $14.90, calling it 60 squares. The McIntosh Tribune sends in a bill for $15.36, calling the same matter 64 squares. No bill from the Fisher Bulletin was found, and we can't tell which horn of the dilemma the Grand Forks man, Bierly, will catch onto, but it matters not—whichever figure he sends in the sum total will be over $45, which the taxpayers will put up for work that under our bid they would pay nothing for. Under our bid for the financial statement the cost would have been one-half less, at least. The delinquent tax list does not cost the taxpayer a cent, and our bid on that was only four cents higher than the combine. On job work our bid was a specified sum as against a proposal to charge whatever they saw fit, and on these items there would have been quite a saving on the first order given. It is a fact which cannot be gotten over that Polk County will pay nearly, if not quite, double for its printing this year than it would had our bid been accepted. The people had a right to expect that Mr. Kirsch's long experience on the board would enable him to make a better bargain for the people than was made. That experience should have taught him that the printing of the proceedings free was a big item; that the printing of the financial statement at half rates was a big item, as well as all other notices at the same rates, and that the delinquent tax list cuts no figure at all because it is not a direct tax upon the taxpayer. In view of the facts comment is unnecessary. Since the above was in type we see in Com. proceedings a bill from the Bulletin for $15.12, presumably for the same meeting, making the cost to the taxpayers $45.38.

An Interesting Case.

[Communicated.]

The case of R. M. King of Tennessee, which has attracted such wide-spread attention for the last year, has just been tried on appeal in the Federal Court at Memphis, Tenn., Judge Hammond presiding. It will be remembered that Mr. King, who is a seventh-day observer, after resting on Saturday, plowed corn in his field on Sunday, for which the court of his county fined him $75 and costs. By the advice and help of the National Religious Liberty Association, of which Mr. King is a member, he appealed his case to the Supreme Court of the State, which affirmed the decision of the lower court.

On the refusal of Mr. King to pay the fine assessed, he was placed in jail, but was released on a writ of habeas corpus, which was made returnable in the United States District Court at Memphis Tenn., the second Monday in January, 1891. In the mean time, the Religious Liberty Association secured the services of Hon. Don M. Dickinson of Detroit, Mich., to assist in the case, with the design of carrying it, if possible, to the Supreme Court of United States there to test the constitutionality of Sunday laws in the various states of the Union.

The argument of the case has just been concluded in the Federal Court, but the Judge reserved his decision, which will probably be handed down in a few days. The decision will be anxiously looked for by many, as it will be one which will materially affect the operation of Sunday law in that Judicial District, and probably in all parts of the United States.

THE JOURNAL calls attention to the advertisement of the Grand Forks Daily Herald, elsewhere published, and respectfully urges all desiring the latest and freshest news to subscribe for the Herald. It is the leading morning daily of North Dakota, and as its rates are extraordinarily low it comes within the reach of all. The Herald has recently been improved, and will be a State paper in the fullest sense of the word—containing all the news of the world, foreign and domestic. Give the Herald a trial. 50 cents per month.

Commissioners Proceedings.

January 30th, 1891.

Board of County Commissioners met at the auditors' office in the city of Crookston, on the 30th day of January, 1891 as per adjournment at last meeting

School petition of P. O. Hegland and W. Adams for formation of new school district composed of the following territory viz:

Sec. 18 19, 20 and that part of Sec. 17 on west side of Red Lake River in Tp. 153, R. 43. Granted.

Also sw ¼, Sec.31, Tp. 150, R. 47 was detached from school district No. 28 and attached to school district No. 110.

Application of A. Brainerd for correction and abatement of taxes. Granted

The individual petition of Chris Thosbornson, praying that w½ of sw¼ of Sec.8. Tp. 149, R. 47 be detached from school district No. 29 and attached to district No. 110 was granted.

Sec. 9. 10. 15 and 16, Tp. 148, R, 46 was attached to school district No. 75 for taxable purposes.

The following resolution was offered by M. E. Kirsh.

Wheras, in the County of Polk in this State, there is now on the tax list of this county 983,386 acres of land subject to taxation, and whereas, there is now with in the limits of this county more than 200,000 acres of railroad lands, belonging principally to the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba R. R. which are not taxed, and whereas, said railroad owing said lands pay only 3 per cent, on gross earnings, being the same as paid by other railroads in this State which have no land grants, so this non-taxation of these lands amounts practically to an exemption of said lands, and whereas, the same condition of affairs exist in many other counties in the northern part of this State, now therefore be it resolved, that it is the sense of this board that some relief in this state of affairs is impertively needed in this and other counties having railroad lands within its borders, and we hereby earnestly urge that our legislature now assembled exhaust all legal means to that end.

And that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to our State senator, and one to each of the representatives.

M. E. KIRSCH.
J. P. JOHNSON.
ANDREW O. STORTROEN,
CYPRIEN DEMERS,
A. C. RHINEHART,
Comissioners of Polk County.
Attest. C. U. WEBSTER,
County Auditor.

On motion of A. C. Rhinehart the county auditor was instructed to inter into contract with the Crookston Water Power & Light Co, to furnish the court house with electric light composed of 43 lamps for $250 per year.

On motion the resignation of J. M. Hanson as text book agent at St. Hilare was accepted.

On motion L. Johnson was appointed, provided he files his bond according to law.

The Commissioners then proceeded to compare the canceled orders with the stubs. They canceled the stubs and destroyed the canceled orders.

Annual statement of auditor examined approved and ordered published in the official papers of the county. Adopted unanimously.

Bond of W. R. Bierly, publisher of Fisher Bulletin for county printing. Approved.

Resolution offered by A. C. Rhinehart, whereas there was certain planks in the town of Sandsville belonging to Polk county and whereas same plank are badly needed for crossings on the railroad ditch across public highway in the town of Northland and Sandsville;

Therefore be it resolved that 20 of said plank be delivered to the town of Northland and the remainder to the town of Sandsville, provided said town of Sandsville pay Martin Sands $15 due him by the county on piles delivered to bridge on Snake river. Resolution adopted unanimously.

School petition of Harold Bogan and others praying that a new school district be formed embracing the territory herein described be and is hereby granted provided none of said territory is now included in any other school district to wit:

The s½ of Sec. 10, 11 and 12. Tp. 154, R. 47 and 15, 14, 13, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 35 and 36, Tp. 154 R. 47 Sec. 30, Tp. 151, R, 46.

School petition of E. L. Smith considered and hearing set for next meeting.

Resolution offered by commissioner A. O. Stortroen.

Be it resolved by the board of county commissioners of Polk Co., Minn. that whereas a movement is being made by the several counties of the north part of the state, to have all railroad lands in said state bear their just share of the taxation and whereas a large quantity of said land lies within said county named, about 200,000 acres, which is now free from taxation, and whereas we believe that the proper effort a law could be passed which would render said lands taxable.

Now therefore be it resolved that a committee be appointed to act with committees in other counties to wait upon the legislature of the state and secure if possible the passage of a law in that be half, that said committee to consist of the chairman of the board and one other member of the board to be appointed by the chairman and, the attorney shall be one of said committee, and be it further resolved that the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as shall be necessary be appropriated out of the general fund of the county to detray the expenses of said committee. Adopted unanimously.

Abatement of taxes of Stewert & Spotswood granted.

Petition of Raphail St. Marie referred to Com. DeMers.

Bills audited and allowed.

J. P. Johnson, building culvert...	$ 7 00
Geo, Ralph, inspecting bridges...	10 00
C. U. Webster, postage and paper,	2 70
A. Grundysen, 2 cords wood for office............	12 00
Onezime Ducharme, assisting janitor from Dec. 15 to Jan. 15	50 00
L. Davis, serving school notices...	8 70
Marcus T. Caswell, taking up coffin burying same dray bill	10 00
C. U. Websthr, express on stationery............	94
McIntosh Tribune, printing.......	15 30
A. R. Erickson, boarding prisoners	18 58
Pioneer Press Co. Rect books....	24 50
Jas. F. Kelly, 4 sets U. S. statutes over issued	50 00
Wm. Marin, labor and lumber, court house............	35 60
A. C. Schmidt' setting court house doors etc............	8 10
H. Shepard, coroners fees........	9 55
John Evenson, emptivng vault...	14 00
W. R. Bierly, printing............	15 12
Valelle Lizce, witness fees........	2 44
Pallet Pierce do	1 96
Wm. Marin, work on court house	32 50
George D. Barnard & Co. copy tax judg etc to clerk of court........	61 00
Bills of Rinney Loyd, C. S. Kreger and Charles Myers referred to County Atty. John Lucken, recording bonds, certificates etc of Co. officers......	19 75
Wm. Myln, justice peace fees...	6 50
A. W. DeFrate, clothing for prisoners at Alexandria............	41.50
A. W. DeFrate, board of prisoners	129 15
Andrew O. Stortroen Com. service	9 60
C. DeMers, do...	16 50
W. E. McKenzie, printing	27 60
Walter S. Booth, blanks..........	9 90
W. E. McKenzie, postal cards and printing............	26 50
W. E. McKenzie, stationry........	91 00
Sever Larson, witness fees........	4 80
Hans P. Johnson do........	3 90
A. C. Rhinehart, Com. service..	35 60
C. W. Mead, Com. fees........	19 40
M. E. Kirsch, do........	19 20

Bills rejected, August Boslran, O. W. Boslan, John Strumberg, P. Bodine and Dr. J. Lemieux two bills.

The additional bond of J. T. Beaudry was then accepted and approved.

On motion board adjourned sine die.

C. U., WEBSTER.
Clerk.

The Money Question.

J. M. Rickey, in National Economist.

Money is a prime factor in civilization, and yet it is a power for good or evil, dependent upon the wisdom of legislation for its creation and legitimate use. Like the elements of natural life, so is money essential to the health of the body politic and the freedom and welfare of the citizen.

The true function of money is as a measure of value fixed by law to facilitate commercial transactions on a money basis of a certain unit of value. The volume of currency circulation should be ample to conduct the ordinary business on a pay system, and that the public may enjoy the full benefit of a monetary condition, its uses should be kept free from taxation and be restricted from the perversion of its use for the purposes of usury. Interest on money resolves communities in to opposite interests, a small class who monopolize the money and its uses, and the masses who are compelled to have it to transact their commercial business, and are thus made to pay the tribute of the products of their labor to the usurers.

The loaning of money on usury, or interest, as between individuals, and the government and individuals, is the relic of a financial system which originated in the early dawn of civilization, whereby the few were enabled to subjugate the many and absorb their earnings. All the arbitrary governments of Europe are the legitimate offspring of the system. It is incompatible with the liberty and common welfare of a free people. The stability of the republic and the rights of its citizens are safer under the primitive system of barter than any system of currency under the control of the few, whereby they are enabled to exact tribute from the business and labor of the people, who are the only producers of wealth.

Money being only a representative of value, in and of itself, is inert—of no value except as a means to facilitate the exchange of valuable commodities and commercial transactions—it pays a debt but never earned a dollar legitimately—created expressly to occupy the place of credit. Therefore the loaning of money for usury is a perversion of its uses and thwarts the object of its creation. And instead of money occupying its normal function to dispense with credit, it is strange to say that it is made use of by the aid of legislation upon which to found the most pernicious and oppressive system of credit.

A usurous money system all history admonishes us is the worst evil that can befall a free government. The governments of ancient historical renown, the Grecian States with their once matchless cities of architectural beauty—their people the model oracles of the world in arts and sciences, in poetry and eloquence and the science of government, and the ancient republic of the great Roman Empire, once the proud mistress of the civilized world, all these were the victims of the rapacious usurers. Is it any wonder that the Old as well as the New Testament scriptures anathamatize usurers? Baron Rothschild, by the accumulation of usury, holds in his hand the financial destiny of the British Empire and dictates legislation to subserve his interest.

The three thousand five hundred national banks combined with the five hundred millionaires controlling more than half the wealth of this country, acquired by usury and more questionable means, is a menace to liberty and the administration of the government in the interest of the people.

The money power yields nothing and grasps for everything, as is manifested by its emissaries who are in control of the national administration. Not satisfied with bonding the government, it arrogantly assumes to dictate the volume and kind of currency to suit its purposes whereby it can hold the people in financial bondage also. The money class in this country of late years are becoming native foreigners, having no sympathies in common with the people. Fortunately our form of government affords the people with a majority of honest and intelligent yemanry a peaceable remedy for all grievances, with the use of the bal lot box instead of the cartridge box. There is no disguising the fact that we are in the midst of a financial revoulation in this country. It is numbers on one side and combined capital on the other. The stake on both sides involves questions the most momentous, affecting not only American civilization, but the nationalities of all Europe.

When King Philip of Macedon, had subdued all the Grecian republics to his standard, Athens alone, with her Demosthenes, was invincible, until he sent camel loaded with gold through her gates to corrupt her orators. The power of money has heretofore proved more than a match against military force. It remains to be seen what the Alliance of intelligent members are able to accomplish in the movement that is being organized. Having established a monetary system consistent with our advanced civilization; all other financial reforms in the interest of producers are sure to follow in the train. In the language of one of old, "To your tents, O Isral!"

We Owe Much to Blaine.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The bureau of the American republics has received a letter from a leading merchant in Brazil, who writes as follows:

"Almost every thing made in America is good for this country. Glasswere is wanted badly, particularly big tumblers; water sets and small liquor glasses, knives and forks, all kinds of tinware, hardware, and notions of every kind, cotton sheeting, prints and cheap lightweight goods. In fact, I can only say that I do not know what will not sell. We want paper and stationery of every kind, varnishes, felt shoes, wooden ware, gloves blank books. We have recently had the largest shipments of manufactures from the United States ever landed here, and although the prices were outrageous they met with wonderfully quick sales. Lamps that sold in New York at 85 cents net, were sold here at $3 net, and I disposed of 200 in a couple of days. If I were in business in New York instead of Rio Janiro I would do a big trade throughout all the provinces of Brazil. It only wants some of the New York wholesale firms to go for this market, and before long our people would regularly send all their supplies. Blaine's reciprocity idea will lead to increased business with us. It is a splendid notion, and if Blaine can carry it out both countries will have a good deal to thank him for."

Northwestern Agriculturalist:—One of the reforms that can be looked after by reformers of all parties began at home or near enough home to be in every county seat in the Northwest, Is there any good reason why county officers should receive any larger salaries than would be paid in any business for competent men? If these offices were not "soft snaps," paying in many cases several times as much as the services rendered are worth, there would not be a biennial scramble for them, The corruption fund of the politics is gathered up from the candidates for these offices, who, in some instances, spend thousands of dollars in the campaign which precedes election. Take the fat out of these offices, and let the incumbents serve for what the labor is worth, and the air of politics will be speedily purified. But reformers generally prefer to talk about reforms a good ways from home. It is a good deal easier to make war upon corruption in politics in Washington or New York, at long range than to pass resolutions against evils that exist about home. If any attempt was made to reduce the fees of county officers to a reasonable sum, there would be a bigger lobby organized in twenty-four hours, in any state in the Northwest, than was ever gathered in the interest of any measure in Washington at the national capitol.

Lake Bark Record.

Within the last week Thos. H. Canfield has shipped two bull calves 8 months old, from his herd of Shorthorns. One was purchased by Mr. H. Edlund, of Fertile, Polk County who also took a ½ grade heifer calf. The other went to Johnstown, N. Dakota. Both of these were from the celebrated Loran family, and weighed respectivey 580 and 620 Pounds.

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O. J. BARNES,
THE
CITY GROCER!

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HOLMBOE'S,
THE ROBERT ST. DEALER
—IN—
General Merchandise!

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Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER.
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
N E W G O O D S.
A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.
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O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
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DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson, E. P. Pierce, H. Steenerson, Max Ericsson, O. H. Lucken, J. H. Lookin, L. K. Anker, A. D. Stephens, A. G. Gallasch, C. Hendrickson, A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

The Northwestern Farmer
ONE YEAR FREE

Mr. McKinley:—"How are you to-day, Uncle Sam?"
Uncle Sam:—"Miserable! That last dose was a little mite too strong for me [illegible]."
Alliance Farmer:—"Yes, and when the medicine begins to work, you will feel worse. We have decided to change doctors for you, and will then see if anything can be done to cure you."

REDUCED SAMPLE ILLUSTRATION in the NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul.
(See November 15th number, how Boys and Girls can get Christmas Gifts FREE.)
The publisher of the NORTHWESTERN FARMER will send the paper free from November 15th for the balance of the year, to every one of our readers who send their address on a postal card. Address, FARMER AND BREEDER, St. Paul, Minn.
THE NORTHWESTERN FARMER AND BREEDER published in St. Paul, Minn., is a sixteen page, 64 column Illustrated Semi-Monthly Agricultural Journal (24 numbers in the year). It is a well-known, enterprising, ably edited and popular farm paper.
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The Polk County Journal.

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Attorney-at-Law,
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M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - - MINN.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Feb. 12, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:55 p. m.
8:30 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.......................Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

The Alliance and its Power For Good.

The American Farmer.

The necessity for maintaining, extending and perfecting the organization of the Farmers Alliance can not be too frequently or too persistently urged, says The Homestead. Since the days when the dying father called his sons to his bedside, and by means of the object lesson of the bundle of sticks, taught them how important it was that those having like interests should stand together, the principle that "In union there is strength" has been universally recognized, at least in theory. In practice, farmers have been among the last to accept it. The isolation of the farm, and of the farmer's daily life and employment, in a measure accounts for this, because concert of action necessarily implies and is preceded by frequent opportunities for consultation relative to wants and interests that are felt in common, and these opportunities farmers have enjoyed to a less degree than men engaged in almost any other calling. But if they are last in the field of organization and selfhelpful co-operation, a comparatively brief experience has shown that it is easily within their power to be first in effective and substantial influence, and that no just demand which they make in an organized way can long be denied, so soon as it becomes apparent that they are intelligently in earnest about it.

For they, too, have had their object lesson, inculcating in the most striking and satisfactory manner the effectiveness of united effort. In Iowa the law authorizing an elective railway commission, the abolition of the free pass, the law requiring the fixing of freight rates and establishing joint rates, the law reducing interest, some valuable though not yet perfect school book legislation, the anti-trust law, and numerous other enactments of practical benefit to our agricultural interests, are an earnest of what can be done by the farmers in the way of self-help when they organize and think and give voice to their wishes. In the nation the interstate commerce law has been passed, pooling and discriminations by railroads have been made unlawful, the importance of agriculture has been recognized by erecting a law department in the cabinet to have charge of the interest, valuable experiment stations have been established a half a million dollars has been appropriated as a starter for the Hennepin canal which, when completed, will afford Western products cheap water transportation to Chicago, as the Welland and Erie canals have done from Chicago eastward; an anti-trust law has been passed, and also the original package law, which is distinctly a deferring to the wishes of the rural population rather than to the cities which were indifferent or opposed to it; a handsome appropriation has been made in favor of the agricultural colleges in the several States the meat inspection bill has passed, coupled with authority to place an embargo upon the products of other countries which refuse admission to our meats upon the false pretense that they are unsound, and in many other ways the wishes and interests of the farming class have been promoted to an extent which was formerly unthought of.

Some of the things accomplished merely indicate a growing recognition of the dignity and importance of agriculture, and of how large a factor in the national economy the farmer is, and exhibit a disposition to advance his convenience and welfare. Others were attained in the face of the obstinate resistance by entrenched wrong which had long maintained and fattened upon the abuses that have been abolished. In either case the end thus gained is an argument in favor of still more perfect organization by the farmer and of further study on his part of his own needs.

There has also been great moral gain in the achievements that owe their existence to the farmers' organized efforts. When the proposition for many of the reforms were first propounded, they were derided as the wild speculations of an ignorant and causeless discontent, and the farmers favoring them were stigmatized as "disturbers of repose." Now every one of the propositions is admitted to be right and no one of the enactments could be repealed. A distinct advance in moral power has thereby been made, in this, that whereas formerly every presumption was taken against what the farmer asked, on the theory that it probably emanated from discontented ignorance, the presumption is now the other way, and politicians are beginning to realize that the farmer is a correct thinker to whom the very many so-called statesmen might well go for counsel; and that his comparatively isolated situation is not without the compensating advantage that it prevents him from dissipating his powers by a superficial attention to many subject, and enables him to concentrate his thought upon those topics that lie nearest him and most intimately affect his welfare.

While the good that has been accomplished by the farmer's united effort affords ample encouragement for continuance in well doing, the things yet to be accomplished call for it more loudly than before. The spirit that originated combines and monopolies is still fertile, inventive and insatiably greedy. Trusts and pools have been scotched, but their creators still have to be watched, for they have not been and will not be converted to honesty by legislative enactment. Laws are a necessary deterrent to wrong-doers, but they work no change of heart. The cotton seed oil trust will, we hope, be destroyed as a trust, by the law which declares every contract, combination or conspiracy in restraint of trade illegal and punishable, but its successor will doubtless continue to insist upon falsely branding the product of its presses, "pure refined lard," unless the farmers insist that that too shall be mode illegal by the passage of the Conger lard bill. The injury which fabricated lard does the farmer is very considerable, and it is his right and duty to see that cotton seed oil takes off the mask. Again, why one gambler should be prosecuted and punished for betting on the turn of a card, which injures nobody but himself, and another should be permitted to bet with impunity on the fluctuations of grain that never did and never will exist, to the great detriment of every producer of real grain, is one of those incongruities to which farmers should turn their attention in an organized way, and unless some better reason can be furnished for it than we have ever yet seen advanced, it should be stopped by the Butterworth Option bill or some similar measure. The Inter-State Commerce law prevents railroads from discriminating in favor of some shippers, but the "Red Lines" and "Blue Lines" not only rob stockholders, but give discrimination which render the operation of the "Big Four" easy and profitable, at the expense of the owners of live stock.

In State legislation there should be a thorough revision of the system of taxation, in order that the burdens of government may be more equitably imposed. Instead of the present law for the encouragment of raising wolves, there should be such change as would render it possible for the farmer to diversify his labors by raising a few sheep. Still other reforms are possible to the organized efforts of the farmers, who have only to make their matured wishes known in order to see them embodied in law. We shall not here attempt to specify the many just and desirable things that are possible to united, earnest, intelligent effort on the part of the farmer, but there are enough of them and still step a long distance this side of the millenial drawning.

Success in the past and desirable things yet remaining to be accomplished unite in demanding that the farmer should maintain, extend and perfect his organization.

To Perfect Organization.

The American Farmer.

This should be the aim of all who are interested in the success of the present movement toward union among farmers. It should be remembered that the former failures to crystallize a permanent organization were due in a large part to attempts to accomplish the desired ends before sufficient strength was acquired. The strength of many other organizations lies in their wealth and the abuse of money to further their ends. The farmers can hardly hope to wield capital in this manner. But they have certain lawful rights as citizens, and they may be stronger than the wealthy corporations if they make good use of their numbers. Indeed the present movement toward organization is a grave one; but if after such flattering progress it should not prove effective it will be many years before the defect can be remedied in order to restore the confidence necessary to enlist the co-operation of all, writes J. H. to the National Stockman.

If farmers are to be a unit of power they must stand squarely shoulder to shoulder, and by such proximity the entire line will be unified and become a formidable faction in influencing national affairs. Is not the balance of power within the easy reach of such an organization? And lest some in their enthusiasm already believe that such a result is well nigh achieved this is written to disabuse their minds.

If there ever was need for cool and broad-minded leadership for any movement it certainly is in demand for the present farmers' movements. These must be national in their extent, and to prevent a clashing of interests, and to suppress any jealousy that may arise so as to exert the greatest influence, will require the supervision of the able men that can be found. Therefore the leadership will be responsible for the success of these new organization, for they so far have mushroom growth, even if the underlying causes have been of long standing, and their decay can be as speedy. Yet tried leadership is rare among the farming class.

Having been accustomed so long to rely upon other classes to take the lead in political and diplomatic matters, many farmers who assume this distinction are liable to be extreme and impractical in their views. I have not a word to say against complaint of the long standing grievances which farmers have endured, but it is too common to note the unpleasant utterances made by many would-be leaders in their ignorance, and which declarations savor too strongly of anarchy to suit the popular mind. Candor and firmness should characterize all who presume to enlighten farmers upon their duty, and since there is much sympathy manifested by other classes this can be strengthened by these factors. In short we shall not be strongly opposed so long as we are reasonable.

Hence the first end, I think, is to be strongly organized, and retain the good will of certain non-farming classes. Then undertake only such measures as receive the sanction of all who are interested in the organization. It is not the time to lay stress upon disputed measures, for there is much that can be done upon the propriety of which all heartily agree, and while Tom, Dick and Harry may feel that the dawn of the millenium depends upon the realization of certain personal ideas, yet they should be sensible enough to submit to the whole for the sake of the whole. Over zealous friends may work the cause they greatly desire to further a real injury by thoughtless persistence. Beware of reaction in this movement. Be thoroughly organized, for there is abondant time to accomplish the result after this is done.

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CALL IN.

[First publication Jan. 29th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, January 23d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Sam Johnson, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto James Hanson, of Washington County, Minn.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county of Polk, on Monday, the 3d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 23d day of January, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[41-43] Judge of Probate.

[First publication Feb. 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Feb. 4th, 1891

In the matter of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Johannes J. Bjornstad, executor of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 3d day of March, A. D. 1891 at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 4th day of February, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[42-44] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Dec. 16th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Lars Abelson against Taylor H. Wolford for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 1,990, dated May 7th 1881, upon the southeast one-quarter Section 24 Township 154 n, Range 47, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Taylor H. Wolford has not during the four years last past planted trees, tree cuttings or tree seeds on said tract, and has not cultivated or in any way improved same during said period; that there is now not to exceed one acre of growing trees on said land and that the whole of said land is in a wild state, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 25th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated December 29th, 1887, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, December 31st, 1887, in book 34 of mortgages, page 461, whereby Albert Drager, an unmarried man, mortgageor, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-five (45), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $370.12, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $22.20, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $392.32. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.
THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22, 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 12th, 1883, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 12th, 1883, in book K of mortgages, page 91, whereby Andrew Steenerson and Bertha Steenerson, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), in township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of range forty-eight (48), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $462.50, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $18.99, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $481.49. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed, and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.
THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated July 21st, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, July 23d, 1888, in book 36 of mortgages, page 375, whereby Geo. Galland and Keziah Galland, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $264.59. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.
THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 22nd, 1889, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 23rd, 1889, in book 42 of mortgages, page 41 whereby Albert Iten and Sophronia Iten his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), all in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $467.51. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.
THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.
[40-46]

[First publication Feb. 12th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. In District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Frederick K. McKeen, Plaintiff, vs. James B. Holmes, The Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust Company, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, and Williford and Northway Manufacturing Company, Defendants.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale under Judgment and Decree. Foreclosure of Mechanics' Liens.

Whereas, a certain judgment was duly obtained, entered and docketed in the District court, in the County of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, in the 4th Judicial District, on the 13th day of December, 1890, and whereas a transcript and certified copy of said judgment was thereafter, to-wit: on the 4th day of February, 1891, duly filed and docketed in the Clerk's office in the District Court, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, in the 14th Judicial District, in the above entitled action, in favor of said plaintiff, Frederick K. McKeen and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of two hundred eighty-seven and 73-100ths dollars ($278.87), including interests and costs, and in favor of said defendant, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of five thousand four hundred eighty-one and ninety-one one-hundredths dollars, ($5,481.91), including interests and costs, and whereas, in said judgment it was decreed that the judgment so rendered in favor of said plaintiff to the full extent thereof, including interests and costs, and the judgment so rendered in favor of said defendants, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company to the extent of five thousand four hundred sixty-two and 6-100ths ($5,462 06) dollars, including interests and costs, to be specific liens upon the land and appurtenances in said judgment described situate in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: That tract of land known as block one hundred two (102), of Rail Road Addition to the Town of Red Lake Falls, being a portion of lot six, (6), in Section sixteen, (16), in Township one hundred fifty-one, (151), Range forty-four, (44), of which certain Flouring Mills are a part of the appurtenances, co-ordinate with other, and prior and superior to any right, title, lien or claim to or in said land or appurtenances of the said defendants, James B. Holmes, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, or the Minnesota Title Insurance Company or any of them. And whereas it was in said judgment decreed and ordered that the Sheriff of said Polk County State of Minnesota, sell said land and appurtenances at public auction as by law in such cases made and provided, to satisfy said judgment and interest thereon, together with costs of said sale, and to pay the proceeds of said sale; after deducting all lawful expenses and charges thereof to and between said Frederick K. McKeen and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, to the amount of their respective judgments and liens given.

Provided, if said net proceeds be insufficient, then to distribute the same pro rata among and between said judgment creditors; a certified copy of said judgment and decree having been duly served upon and delivered to me. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described land and appurtenances thereon, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor in accordance with and as directed in said decree on the 8th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the county Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment and claims, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 11th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
WHITE & EVANS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Defendant,
Willford and Northway Mf'g Company.
[48-49]

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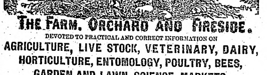

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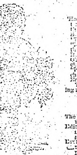

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VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 19, 1891. NO. 44

Polk County Journal.

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
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Reading for Young People.

ED. JOURNAL:—Kindly permit me a little space in your columns just to call attention to the subject of reading. How often it occurs that reading does no good is a waste of time. Some people have empty purses because they have earned no shining coin to meet the expenses of life. Some have empty heads because they do not read. Yet reading—good reading in every style suited to all tastes, and adapted to everybody's purse is to be had. Young people read more. Life is too short and opportunities are too grand for any of us to fail from want of knowledge. Some books merely excite us. Set our whole nature in a whirl of confused thought. These books harm us, other books put us to sleep. Think of a young man going to sleep eating his dinner! But that is no more ridiculous than that I should try to force my mind to read an authors' sentences which he has so written as to put me to sleep. Let us not condemn the subject because we cannot read the book with interest. Some ladies make poor bread out of the best material. If a book upon a subject in which I ought to find a thrilling interest does not arouse my attention and thought, one of three things actually is the cause. It may be my taste as a reader is wrong. Fever usually deranges the patient's taste. Or it may be my want of interest is caused by my own wrong opinion upon the subject of the book. Young people sometimes have a fever for most exciting reading and it sometimes rages until good taste is dead. Fatal fever! But such reading as leaves you possessed of good, earnest progressive ideas in all cases is good reading: We should read magazines, daily and weekly papers on varied and important subjects. Wit and fun, duty and obligation, natures own treasures of granduer and beauty, the experiences of noble lives, the touching rivalries of a thousand races for wealth, for happiness and for fame on the highways of life all about us, all are pictured to us in perodical litterture. Yes, in these papers and magazines is good reading. Disdain bad reading. Prize the good; take time for reading. Evey boy and girl should have the privilege of being a subscriber to one or more good, wideawake, clean, interesting newspapers at twelve years of age. And as years go on the numbers of periodicals addressed to each boy or girl should increase. Divide the time for reading. Give some to books and some to periodicals. Many grown up men and women fail here. For some reason, or for no reason at all, they spend all time allotted to reading either to books or to papers to the neglect of other kinds of reading. Then divide up the time given to books, to books on many subjects. Read a variety of periodical also. Thus one's appetite for reading is healthy. But read with a purpose if it be nothing more than the purpose to feed your immortal hunger for knowledge. And as time passes reading will be a source of untold good, giving pleasure of knowledge, thoughts that will comfort your memaries which are like fragrant baeezes bearing onward the odors from banks of roses and gardens far away. Resolve never to give up reading. Duties may press every waking hour. Then classify these duties and sandwich in a little reading. Sickess may suspend reading. But take up the good habit again. Live in companionship with your gratest friend good reading.

R. H. BATTEY.

THE BANQUET

Given by the Crookston Fire Department

To its Departing Chief, E. W. Wile.

At the St. Louis Hotel, on Thursday Evening, February 5th, 1891.

On Thursday evening, February 5th, about fifty invited guests assembled a the St. Louis Hotel to participate in a banquet given by the Fire Department to their retiring Chief, E. W. Wile. After a sumptuous repast, toastmaster J. H. McGlogon, called on the first toast: "To Our Departed Brethren, Henry and John Utzinger." Responded to by the Department rising in solemn silence to reverently respond.

"OUR GUEST"

Was responded to by J. E. O'Brien, who said;

As I look over this gathering and see the pleasant faces of my companions it seems hardly necessary for me to say that the members of the fire department of this City are here to-night to perform one of the most pleasant duties of its existance by displaying their appreciation of true merit.

Seven years ago we knew our guest Mr. E. W. Wile as one of our business men and in that capacity we recognized in him the many qualities that go to please a man foremost in his calling.

Later on we knew him as our comrade and when the alarm of distress was sounded he could be seen in our midst in his usual genteel appearance to go forth with his co-workers to wallow in the mud or become a walking icicle that he might alleviate the suffering of his fellow man, and follow the dictates of a heart over flowing with sympathy for his neighbor in trouble.

Years of meritorious work has reaped its reward and we then find him in command of our forces and with signal ability he has placed the Fire Department of this city on the list with a record second to no other volunteer Fire Department in this great state.

The same noble impulse that placed him in our ranks that distinguished him as our chief, brings a separation between him and his comrades. And he goes forth to comfort the declining years of an aged parent and perform the supreme duty that falls to an obedient son.

And when he has returned to the home of his boyhood he will be remembered the valuable lessons he has taught. And now on behalf of your comrades I offer you, our honored guest, this cane as a slight token of our friendship and high esteem and as a remembrance, together with the hope that you will some day reach the highest pinnacle in American citizenship.

Stepping forward, Mr. O'Brien presented Mr. Wile with a handsome gold-headed ebony cane in behalf of the department.

In reply, Ex-Chief Wile, in responding to the toast, "The Department," said:

I am again reminded of the many, many noble traits of character displayed by the members of "Our Department." You have upon three different occasions bestowed upon me great honors, the highest within the gift of our department, (and I beg to assure you they have been sensibly appreciated), and now to crown all, you have spread this sumptuous feast upon the eve of my departure from your midst. It is enough for me to note the spontaneous outburst of your noble and generous hearts, and with your hearty co-operation with me for the past seven years, it has required no demonstration on your part to convince me that you have been true and faithful firemen. You are soldiers—battling the elements; you protect life at the risk of your own; you know not of danger. Oh, what noble purposes! As our Department grows older, I trust you will ever maintain its present dignity, and above all its superlative efficiency, the maintenance of these qualifications depend largely upon your actions. Let good conduct procure you the esteem of your friends, so that by your example others will follow, and thus perpetuate this grand organization. And when at last the "still alarm" shall have been sounded for me, I shall be resigned, conscious that I have endeavored to do my duty well. Brother Firemen, I again thank you for these and other kindly manifestations of love for the retiring Chief of your Department.

The toast, "Our City," was responded to by His Honor, Mayor Alexander McKinnon, as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN:—I have done ample justice to the bountiful repast set before us, and as a consequece my capacity for storing away such substantials and dainty delicacies as are here provided has been fully taxed, and I find myself almost "too full for utterance".

However, Mr. President, it affords me great pleasure to respond to the toast "The City of Crookston"—yes the

QUEEN CITY

of the Northwest. As a citizen of Crookston, I am proud of her rapid and substantial growth. We have here everything that goes to make up a model city. Our educational advantages are superior. We have churches of nearly every denomination, so that all may worship the "Lord of Creation", who so bountifully supplies our every want. We have a system of water works and a sewer system that will compare favorably with any in the state. We have buildings that would be a credit to a city of 20,000 inhabitants. We have all these things now; what may we not expect to have within the next few years? I am not here to-night to prophesy, but when I tell you that Crookston has not yet seen her best days—(the days of her greatest prosperity are yet to come)—and that our city is destined to be one of the best cities in the Northwest, I am merely stating a fact of which you are already aware.

Our present council is doing everything possible to advance the best interests of our city. Each of our aldermen is doing his duty nobly and well.

The occasion which brings us together here this evening is to show our respect for our worthy fellow-citizen, Mr E. W. Wile, who is about to leave our city. All who know Mr. Wile—and who does not—know him to be an able business man; a man who has always had the best interests of the city at heart, and never missed an opportunty to advance its interests; a true friend and a thorough gentleman.

It was my privilege, as Mayor of your city, to appoint Mr. Wile Comptroller of our city's finance, and, that he brought to the office exceptional business ability and discharged the duites of that office to the entire satisfaction of the public is a fact well known to you all.

As Chief of our Fire Department, Mr. Wile's work speaks for itself. Our Fire Department is the pride of our citizens, and the best volunteer Fire Department in the State of Minnesota.

I regret exceedingly that Mr. Wile, has decided to leave our city, and I think I voice the sentiments of all who are present here to-night, when I say that the city, in his departure will lose one of its most progressive men; one of its most faithful and competent officers, and a genial society man. That the various organizations with which he has been so long identified will lose a splendid worker whose place will not soon be so acceptably filled. And we will all lose a kind, true, and generous friend.

We shall ever watch, with greatest interest, your progress in your new home, and trust that your success in your new field of labor may be as complete as your success here.

In closing, I wish you Godspeed on your journey. May the Goddess of Fortune shower upon you her richest blessings, and in the words of our own Irving's Rip VanWinkle, "May you live long and prosper.

Responding to the toast, "The Council and Its Relations to the Fire Department," Alderman E. D. Childs said:

Mr. Toast Master and Gentlemen of the Fire Department and City Government: Were the occasion which calls us together this evening other than to extend the parting hand to our worthy Chief, and our able Comptroller, who during the whole period of his sojourn in our midst has labored with unflagging zeal to promote every material interest of our fair city, we should be satisfied and content indeed, feasted as we have been, physically and mentally, since we gathered round your hospitable board.

But that Divine Law of "compensation," which is said to permeate and dominate in all human affairs, shadows this festive occasion, seasoning our honey with wormwood, mingling sorrow with joy, and turning our laughter into mourning, with the recollection that we are about to lose the hearty co-operation of him who so soon goes from us to his eastern home, to which he will carry our warmest gratitude and sincerest wishes for his continued prosperity and happiness.

In common with you all, I have listened with just pride as His Honor, who preceded me, has recited the advancement and advantages of our thriving city. Our growth is but of yesterday. I have but to shut my eyes, and there arises at once before my mental vision, the picture of frontier simplicity which greeted me in 1877, as our tri-weekly train consisting of one passenger coach and half a dozen freight cars drew up to the depot, and I first stepped foot on your streets. The grass-grown tracks of the railway yard, with its meager switching accommodations, the log store in which during the next succeeding year our now oldest business firm commenced their prosperous career, the solitude of the primeval forest which waived upon the present site of this delightful hostelry, which opened wide its doors to receive us, all this, and more, which I have not time to recite, are indellibly photographed upon my memory, and give assurance of a growth and advancement in future years proportionate to the growth of this great Empire of the Red River, Valley, of which we must ever continue to be the metropolis. As we walk the streets to-day, how changed the scene, how marked the contrast. Do you ask the secret of the accomplishment of this rapid transformation? Look for it in the public spirited enterprise of your citizens and their readiness to seize and avail themselves of the unlimited resources of soil, of forest, mine and river which nature has so lavishly bequeathed us. But this alone could not have accomplished this result. The capatalist looks not alone to prospectively large returns for his investments, but for security and permanancy as well. Provisions must be made that fire does not consume, as well as that the thief does not break through and steal, and so it came about that early in the history of our city a a demand for organized protection against fire sprang up, and the outgrowth of this demand is to-day your splendidly equipped and perfectly disciplined department. We have been told to-night something of its history, progress and development; the unwritten history of the protection it has afforded our property, the feeling of security it has given to capital have been vastly more potent in securing the growth of our city than aught that has been or will be said to-night. But great as the services of the past have been, the duties and responsibilities of the future are proportionately greater, as the Crookston of to-morrow is to be greater than the Crookston of to-day. Organized as it now is, an "Independent Department," and yet dependent in many ways upon the city government as it is, and must be, the mutual relations are such as to require the utmost confidence, harmony and good will shall prevail between the two, if each is to receive the full and effective co-operation of the other. With very rare exceptions, such have been their relations in the past, and such I trust and believe they will continue for the future. But while your organization has many advantages for yourselves and for the city as well, yet in this very fact lurk the elements of danger, which, to be avoided, must be recognized and fully understood. That we may the more readily understand the relations which the City Council and the Fire Department bear toward each other, let us for a moment glance at some of the official acts of the Council towards it. The first, and charter election of the City of Crookston was held April 1 1879. At a meeting of its Council held Dec. 31 of the same year, a motion was passed calling for "a meeting of the citizens and business men to convene Friday evening Jan. 9 1880 for the purpose of making arrangements for protection in case of fire". At that meeting to act in harmony with the City Council, and Mr. E. B. Ellsworth was chosen Chief. At a meeting of the Council held Jan. 13 1880, the Council was requested to, and did confirm the appointment of Chief Ellsworth, and appointed alderman Jacobus a committee of one to consult with him upon the subject of advertising for bids for the necessary fire apparatus.

Jan. 21 1880 the city purchased the chemical engine at a cost of $1063. March 26 1880, the Extinguisher having arrived it was formally accepted by the Council, and Thomas Morris appointed to take care of it. April 8 1880 a Committee was appointed by the City Council to purchase a location for an engine house. April 27 1880, the committee reported, favoring the purchase of the present site for $250, which report was adopted, also the clerk was instructed to advetise for bids for the construction of an engine house. May 4 1880, the constitution and by-laws of Crookston Fire Company number one was presented to the City Council and approved by them, and their appointment of Thomas Morris as Chief was confirmed at the same time. May 18 1880, the contract was let to S. B. Norris to build the present City Hall, and Engine House for the sum of $1255. Dec. 19 1882, the City Recorder was authorized to purchase a fire alarm bell of 1000 lbs. weight. Oct. 25 1883, Mr. M. B. Hayes, on the recommendation of the Mayor was appointed Chief of the Fire Department with a salary of $60 per month, and it was further voted at this meeting that each member of the Fire Department be allowed $2 for services actually rendered at fires. Nov. 12 1883, the present Fire Department was organized under the laws of this State by adopting a constitution and by-laws. At the next regular meeting of the Council held Nov. 10; 1883, this Constitution and By-laws was submitted for their approval and by them referred to the committee of the Fire Department.

So far as the record goes they still have them under consideration, no report ever having been made. April 3 1884, it was voted to give the first team responding to an alarm of fire, and conveying the aparatus to and from the same under direction of the Chief the sum of $5; the second one, $3. June 3 1884, upon a petition from the City Fire Department to the Council, the Department was granted the privelige of enrolling as many members as they may deem proper, the number not to exceed fifty in all. But time fails for further recital; if you have caught the facts as shown by this record you will concede that every succeeding City Administration has regarded its Fire Department which I can safely say you can search the record in vain for any unfriendly act, I am glad to be able truthfully to say; that for the protection so extended you have given full return in kind, good measure, pressed down, heaped up and running over. But while bearing this testimony, I feel that I should be unfaithful to the task which you yourselves have to-night imposed upon me, in asking me to speak upon this subject, if I did not point out to you the cloud, at present no larger than a man's hand, which has recently appeared above the horizon; but which may at any time, if no precautionary measures are taken, spread across the whole heavens and precipitate a storm which will sweep away the labors of these years. As I ead to you the succesive steps which were taken leading up to and including your prasent organization, and which I elaborated in order to bring out this fact more fully; did you notice the utter absence at every stage of the proceedings, of any definate, recorded understanding of where the rights and responsibilities of the council ended, and of the department began? Take for instance the appointment of our Chief. He has at times been appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the Council, and in other cases he has been appointed by the Department and confirmed by the Council while in some cases I can find no record that the Council had official notice of his existence. Again, you have in vain listened for the passage of any ordinanace, resolution or contract which should form a basis of agreement between the two, the only thing of any kind or nature which could be constructed as such, being the resolution of Oct. 25 1883, which fixed the salary of the Chief at $60, and gave each fireman $2 for services actually rendered at fires, not specifying what should be construed as services actually rendered at fires. And in dealing with this question the fact confronts us that the Chief has not for years received any salary, although there is no record to show when it was officially discontinued, while the members now insist they are entitled to remuneration when they respond to the fire alarm, even when no service is actually rendered, as instanced in a case recently under consideration. The charter under which the council acts provides for the organization of a paid Fire Department, but yours is an indepenedent organization. The charter says the appointing power shall be in the Council but your constitution provides that you shall choos your own Chief who shall be confirmed by the Council. These are but illustrations of the incongruities of the present system under which we are acting and are mentioned as an excuse for the suggestion which I wish to meet respectfully make at this time, that steps should be immediately to modify either the Charter or your Constitution or both, in such manner that these differances may be elminated. Thus far no serious trouble has occured. You have nobly responded to every call upon you to protect the lives and property of our citizens and the Council has made satisfactory recompense. I trust the day is far distant when aught but good fellowship shall prevail and ask, gentlemen that you allow me to add to your toast "The "Council and its relation to the Fire Department" these words: "May ever continue as plasent in the future as in the past."

Mr. Childs was followed by a song by Capt. L. C. Couvrette.

Responding to the toast "The Press," W. E. McKenzie said:

The pathway of a newspaper man is not always strewn with roses. I could almost have thought differently a couple of days ago, when I received an invitation to this banquet, given in honor of our guest. But this afternoon as I sat in my office contemplating the feast of reason and flow of soul that I was to get the benefit of, to-night, without contributing anything in return, I was rudely awakened from my dream of pleasure by a visit from one of the members of your company, who informed me that I was expected to reply to the toast of "The Press." Now, I have always had a good deal of respect for the Crookston Fire Department and its members; but when they call upon me for a speech—who never delivered a speech in my life, they show a lack of judgment that ought to call for an investigation by the Council. Yet, I could not refuse to say a word for the press. I am a firm believer in its power, and that its power is usually exerted on the right side. To it is due much of the credit for the development of our resources, and the upbuilding of our cities, our schools, our churches and our railroads. Its labors have been unceasing for the highest and most progressive interests of the people among whom it circulates. It is just to the rich and merciful to the poor. The thunderbolt of its wrath is hurled against tyranny in high places, or cruelty in a hovel. It helps to bury our dead; keeps track of the happy bridal events that take place, and of the wailing babies that are ushered into the world. It is the first to welcome the new comer and inspire him with confidence. The last to bid God speed to the departing citizen who goes to fight life's battles upon a new field. To our guest of this evening the papers of this city should feel grateful. He has encouraged and assisted them, both morally and financially. His departure from our city will be greatly regretted, but by none more than the local press. Gentlemen, I thank you.

Song, "Every Night at Half Past Ten," by Capt. L. C. Couvrette.

In response to the toast, "The March of Progress," J. R. McKinnon said:

Our Guest and Fellow Citizens:—In response to the toast assigned to me by our genial toastmaster, I cannot do it justice. But I can look back with pride to the date of our organization, Nov. 12th, 1883, when a small number of citizens banded themselves together for the purpose of protecting life and property in their own young city. We met with many difficulties—first, the want of finances to equip ourselves in a manner becoming to firemen; second, the want of apparatus to do our duties at fires, but with our unflinching efforts and with the good assistance of the City Council from time to time, we have attained a standard which I am proud of. The first thing worthy of mention outside of saving property, was when we joined the State Firemen's Association, from which we received many benefits with our company apparatus. With other firemen in the State, we helped to get the State laws passed by which our city gets annually $150 or more, for the purpose of maintaining a fire company. With this money and what we get from the city for services rendered at fires, we have equipped ourselves in a manner second to none in the state. We have rented rooms, and with the able assistance of our retiring officers in making the proper selections in furniture and fixtures, they are second to none in the state. Our next move, seeing many young men in the streets of Crookston who had no place to go for amusement, we therefore purchased an atheneum outfit and rented a large hall at considerable expense which is run now for the benefit of the public, and all is paid for. From time to time it is ready to change officers, so the best man would get in the right place. In that event I retired and J. E. O'Brien was elected Chief, and everything moved along smoothly and better. We met our best fireman under peculiar circumstances on a cold January night in 1884. I, with ten others, were pulling a hose cart through a snow drift to a fire. A well dressed gentleman came along and took hold like an old fireman. He helped to lay

(Continued on Second Page.)

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TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
Drs. Starkey and Palen
Compound Oxygen
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetised, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

1891—THE ST. PAUL—DAILY NEWS.—1891

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Fearless
and
Independent.

Champions the cause of the people independent of the political parties. Opposes monopolies and all public or private robbery by means of unjust tariff or other inquitous legislation, State or National.

The full reports of legislative proceedings, which the Daily News will supply during the coming session of the Legislature, will alone be worth the cost of a year's subscription.

Sent by mail, postage paid, at the following remarkably low price:

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Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

THE BANQUET.

(Continued from First Page.)

the hose across the ice and up the banks of the Red Lake River, up to his neck in snow. I was surprised to find a stranger in our city work so hard to save the property of his fellow citizens. I could see that the stranger was ready to sacrifice his good clothes, his night's rest, his health, yes, even risk his life to save life and property, and I said, "stranger, whoever you are, you are all right." The answer was: "The occasion requires all I can do at this time." Gentlemen, allow me right here to introduce to you the stranger of that cold January night. He is no other than our guest, our retiring Chief, E. W. Wile. The wishes of the Crookston Fire Department, like one voice from one mind, is that E. W. Wile will always be in the future, as in the past, equal and above any and all emergencies. Now let us fill our glasses with the purest wine and drink to the health of E. W. Wile.

"The Pioneer Fire Department," was responded to by Hon. H. Steenerson as follows:

FELLOW CITIZENS: I am sure you will believe me when I say that I am taken by surprise on being asked to speak on this occasion, as I have not reduced my remarks to writing as some of the other gentlemen have, and I hope they will not be printed. "The Pioneer Fire Department," is a toast I am proud to respond to. When I received an invitation to attend this banquet I was at a loss to find a reason for it, as I had forgotten all about the Pioneer Fire Department. My embarrassment increased while I was listening to the very eloquent and elaborate historical review of the present Fire Department given by Mr. Childs. It has been said by the highest literary critics that the best specimen of historical literature in the English language and exemplifying the highest and best form of the natural style of composition, is the work of Alexander William Kinglake giving an account of the Invasion of the Crimea. I was reminded of that work in listening to the very able paper concerning this Fire Department, read by my friend at my left, (Mr. Childs,) and yet it is a fact that he entirely omitted to mention the Pioneer Fire Department or my doings as a member thereof. Why, it is to that membership alone that I can ascribe the honor of being with you to-night. There never was a period in the history of the city when so little property was destroyed by fire as during the existence of the pioneer organization. In fact, there never was a single fire that dared to burn up anything. From such pioneers you might well expect that such a magnificent organization as the present one would develop. It has been well said, that "a golden treasure is a true friend," and Crookston loses a golden treasure in Mr. Wile, the retiring Chief of the Fire Department. (Applause.) For my part I am sorry to lose him in a double sense, as a citizen of Crookston and as a good paying client, and you know the latter means A GREAT DEAL TO A LAWYER. From the great success, politically, of some former residents of Crookston, notably John N. Ives, who is now Attorney General of Kansas, we should not be surprised if our honored guest should develop an ambition for political honors in the future. We hope then, if such should be the case, that after he has settled down in his new home in the State of Indiana, so justly famous for the statesmen and politicians it has produced, that we shall hear of Mr. Wile as the successor of that great Senator, D. W. Voorhees, the tall sycamore of the Wabash.

"Our Fire Limits," was responded to by Alderman I. U. Jennings as follows:

MR. TOAST MASTER: I did not expect when I came here to be called upon to speak, but I am pleased to be one of your number to add my testimonial with others of the worth of our esteemed citizen, who is about to leave us, and in whose honor this banquet is given. I have had the pleasure of being a member of a number of orders in this city in which E. W. Wile participated, and I will say that in every one he became a useful member, and each one was made better and more enjoyable by his presence. As city comptroller he has been an efficient officer, making prompt reports of the condition of the city finances and very much improving the system of transacting the business of the city. We all have our failings, but I am glad that to-night we are enabled to dwell upon that only which is good. As "chairman of the fire committee," I have known Mr. Wile as a member and as Chief of the Fire Company for a number of years, and know that he was held in high esteem by its members, but I did not know until to-nigh how near he was to the hearts of the boys, and, in fact, I did not know until to-night how much I thought of him myself. It is an old proverb among the Germans that "it is a good citizen who can return to where he has once lived." I will say that if E. W. Wile shall ever again desire to return here to make Crookston his home we will ever welcome him. "We never miss the water till the well runs dry."

[During Mr. Jennings' remarks a stray dog was being rather hastily expelled from the room, which caused him to protest in a very loud and indecorous manner. Ald. Morrisey, the wit of the evening, seized the opportunity to get [illegible] nouncing that it was the dog that was making the noise and not Ald. Jennings. This brought down the house, but as soon as quiet was restored Ald. Jennings was ready for him and retorted as follows:

The More I See, The Morrisey,
The More I See, The Charter be
The guide that governs Morrisey.

This witicism can only be appreciated by those who know Mr. Morrisey's habit of proving everything by the city charter. Those present took in the situation and the applause was deafening.]

Responding to the toast "The Ladies," Judge Montague said:

My friends, it might be pardoned on this occasion if I should state that I am too full for utterance. Your generous fire company has turned on too many streams to-night. I thought the many years experience your company has had would have taught your banquet committee to be more prudent, when operating on the inside of a building, and not have your hydrants wide open; but this is somewhat of a departure from the ordinary duties of the fire department. The company usually operates with water, while to-night it is champagne. These changes are essential to human life. The rolling waves and mighty billows of ocean keep its waters pure. The mighty winds which sweep over the surface of the earth, purifies the atmosphere. This happy concourse of people, here by their presence to do honor to our distinguished guest, E. W. Wile, is intended to be a tribute of and respect and appreciation to his worth as Chief of our Fire Department and as a distinguished citizen of our city. Wine, which gladdens the heart of man, music, which enobles and elevates, and oratory to instruct and amuse, all are brought into requisition and no man will say that our honored guest does not deserve the highest honors which we can bestow. His reward should be that conferred on the worthy, patriotic citizen who has served the public well, and faithfully performed the duties of citizenship, which require the best efforts of an intelligent, honorable man. These gatherings of our people serve a noble purpose; they serve to bring together in a spirit of the most cordial friendship persons who otherwise may seldom meet; heart speaks to heart; business cares are driven away; there is a commingling of the refined and higher attributes of man. Many friendships are pledged which will be lasting. Let us trust that the pledge of our friendship which we have so cordially given our honored guest, Mr. Wile, may last through life and though State lines may separate, and rivers roll between, memories of this meeting and of the past will keep ever green in our hearts this feeling of friendship and desire for the success of our honored guest. But the sentiment given me to respond to was: "The Ladies." Though they are not here this evening, we do not forget them. The fireman who goes through hardships and dangers to save property and life, often reckless of his own life, will not surely forget the ladies. Ever the smiles and affections of the fair have been for the most valiant. Woman honors the valiant man. We have all seen in the ball room that your chivalrous chief whom you honor to-night, never lacked for a lovely partner in the dance and was not less conspicuous for his efficiency on such occasions than when acting with the fire company in battling midst smoke and flame. In looking over this banquet hall this evening, my mind goes back to the historical account of a celebrated banquet in ancient Athens, where the noblest intellects of the ancient world were assembled, where the lovely Aspaisa presided as the guiding spirit. Gathered around that festive board were great statesmen, poets, philosophers and orators, but none there more honored or deserving more honor than Aspasia. Her beauty, accomplishments and genius had swayed the destinies of Athens; sculptors and poets received from Aspacia lessons on the sublime and beautiful; she appealed to woman to move onward and upward, and to man she showed that in humanities upward flight woman would ever lure to higher realms and point the way. While we lament the departure of our honored guest, we will not forget his lovely and accomplished wife, Mrs. Wile, who has graced many festive occasions in our city by her presence, beauty and wit.

Responding to the toast "The Future," the new Chief, A. A. McKinnon, said:

MR. TOASTMASTER AND GENTLEMEN: I am pleased to be called upon to respond to the toast of "Our Future." The question of the past has been ably handled by brilliant speakers of our city, and consequently I have but little to say, but we hope to co-operate with our city fathers and be as successful in the future as in the past, and that the beautiful city of Crookston, with all her natural advantages, may be unequalled in this northern country. Gentlemen, as Chief of this Volunteer Fire Department, allow me to voice the sentiments of the members for our distinguished guest, E. W. Wile, that he may be a shining star in his new field of labor.

To the toast "The Department Wet," Mr. Henry Murry responded as follows:

Mr. Toastmaster and Gentlemen: I am called on this evening as the "Bill Nye" of our Fire Department, but as I am no speech maker I am like the man who fell out of the balloon, "I am not in it," but as far as being in sympathy with what is being done here this evening, I am like the man in the coffin, "I am dead in it." [illegible]

a vote of thanks was tendered to Barney Olson, Barney Feran, Will Hoch, Lewis Berquist and O. Latourelle, for efficient aid in making the banquet the success it was: also to Prof. J. B. Lanigan for his excellent write up of the speeches.

The following resolution was also passed:

Whereas, We have just listened to the resignation of our Ceief, E. W. Wile, and the causes leading thereto, with deep regret; be it

Resolved, That the sincere gratitude of this Department is extended to him for the many favors received at his hands; for the admirable way in which he has commanded our forces, and for his untiring efforts to build up for our city this strong organization by making it so attractive to its members; and be it further

Resolved, That we accept with profound reluctance his resignation as Chief, and do ourselves the pleasure of placing his name on our list of Honorary members, to have it remain there as a monument to the good he has done us, and that the united wishes for his health and prosperity of this entire Department go with him to his new home.

On Thursday, February 5th, twins were born to Mr. and Mrs. John Olson, in the town of Nesbit, and three days later one of them died. The father caused an inquest to be held to ascertain whether or not the nurse or attending physician was guilty of contributory negligence. The evidence before the jury showed that the child was apparently dead when born; that the physician was obliged to devote his time to the mother for 10 or 15 minutes before he could attend to the child; that he succeeded in resuscitating the child and it lived three days. The jury brought in a verdict as follows:

STATE OF MINNESOTA } ss.
County of Polk, }

An inquest, taken at Crookston, in the County of Polk, on the 12th, 13th and 14th days of February, A. D. 1891, before deputy coroner H. Shepard, coroner of said County of Polk, upon the body of Olson, an infant child lying there dead, by the oath of the persons whose names are hereunto subscribed, who being sworn to enquire on behalf of the State of Minnesota how and by what means the said Olson (infant) came to his death, upon their oath do say: That we, the jury, upon due examination of the body of the deceased and according to the testimony of the physicians and other witnesses, that the child's death was caused by retarded circulation, respiration and condition of birth, We therefore attach no blame to the attending physician and nurse. Said child died the 8th day of February, 1891, at or near the town of Nesbit, County of Polk, State of Minnesota.

In testimony whereof the said Coroner and Jurors of the injuest have hereunto set their hands the day and year aforesaid.

J. E. Wyatt.
V. D. Carruth.
C. V. Lindell.
A. C. Schmidt.
H. E. Stansbury.
A. A. Olds.

Attest: H. SHEPARD,
Dept. Coroner, Polk Co., Minn.

The Wilson Theatre Company.

Our citizens enjoyed a rare treat last week in the visit of the Wilson Theatre Company to our city. On Monday evening they presented "The Tramp's Daughter, or The Diamond Mystery.' On Tuesday evening, "Held by the Enemy," on Wednesday evening, "The Pearl of Savoy," on Thursday evening "The White Slave," on Friday evening, "Michael Strogoff," on Saturday afternoon, matinee, "Little Lord Fauntleroy," and in the evening "Burr Oaks," all new pieces here with the exception of "The Pearl of Savoy." C. H. Truesdell, the leading man, is an excellent actor, has a fine, commanding presence which readily makes friends for him. Percy E. McKidd, the Villain, is a PERFECT villain (in his stage presence) and he is also excellent in the leading part, which he took Saturday evening in "Burr Oaks." He is a good all 'round man. Ed. O'Connor is the comedian and a rattling good one he is, while J. P. Lester, Phil Ray and W. H. Young are well up in their parts. Miss Alice Clark, the leading lady, is a strong emotional actress, excelling in tragedy, which seems to be her natural forte, yet she has a pleasant manner in lighter parts which is captivating. Mrs. C. H. Truesdell is a pleasing actress, good anywhere, while Camille Dahl, (Mrs. Wilson) takes her parts especially well with an ease and grace that naught but long and faithful practice can acquire. Little Gertie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Truesdell, sometimes appears and takes her part charmingly. Pearl Hight, the Soubrette, is a clever little actress and was a favorite. As a whole, the company is an exceptionally strong and good one, far better than the average that travel in this upper country. The orchestra belongs to the troupe and is an excellent one. They carry scenery adapted to each play and their costumes are rich and elegant. Mr. E. C. Wilson, the proprietor, has proved himself the best manager ever in this city as he brought a troupe which had never been heard of here and filled the house every night during the week as well as the Saturday matinee, and the "standing room only" sign did duty almost every evening. One thing is sure, if Mr. Wilson ever favors this city again, when we get our new Opera House, all that will be necessary to secure large audiences will be to mention the fact that Wilson is coming again and the date. He has demonstrated that Crookston is a good show town.

For Sale.

1 New milch cow. Call on M. E. Bart- [illegible]

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Feb. 19, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard	79.
1 Northern	77.
2 Northern	72.
3 Northern	67.

J. O. Buhn was down from Mentor on Wednesday.

The Record Breaker is a daisy. Herb has it. Try 'em.

O. H. Lucken has gone to attend the State Encampment at St. Paul.

J. O. Norby was in the city this week.

R. J. Montague went to St. Paul last week.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings and her daughter, Mrs. I. M. Underhill, went to Grand Forks yesterday.

The County Attorney has taken an appeal from that $500 lobby appropriation made by the economical county board.

The G. A. R. ball, that was to have been held this evening, is postponed for one week, owing to the death of Gen. Sherman.

Hon. H. Steenerson has rented rooms in the Opera Block and will take possession as soon as the block is ready for occupancy.

Owing to the inquest at the hall on Saturday, the alliance meeting was adjourned till next Saturday. A full attendance is desired.

Ole H. Bang, M. Anderson and Martin Sands were over from the west side his week, soliciting subscriptions for building a church.

J. V. E. Wyatt's wife has returned from her visit east, accompanied by Mr. W's aunt and three daughters who will make Crookston their future home.

The Record Breaker, the best five cent cigar in the city, is to be found at Herb's. It is as good as many a ten cent cigar.

Andy Locken contemplates entering the mercantile business again. With Mr. Solberg, he expects to open up a ready made clothing house in the McKinnon block early in March.

At the matinee last Saturday, little Maggie Arnold got the doll and a Young boy, the skates. In the evening Herb Newland held the lucky number, 482, that drew the bedroom sett.

Ask for the Record Breaker, and take no other. Herb keeps 'em.

A meeting to consider the question of establishing a cheese factory in the town of Crookston is announced to be held in City Hall on Saturday of next week, at two p. m. All interested are invited.

Bierly, the brilliant genius of the East Grand Forks News, says that the State was represented by lawyer "Thinglestad" in the inquest last week. Hallestad says: "This is the unkindest cut of all. After laboring hard for three days to be called Thinglestad. Next I know the boys will all call me 'thing,' for short."

Who has not heard of John Dillon? Who having once heard him does not want to hear him again? He has lots of admirers in this neck of the woods who will be pleased to learn that he will appear before a Crookston audience some day in the near future in his great play entitled "Wanted, the Earth." At the present writing we are unable to announce the date but we are told that it will probably be some evening next week. All who enjoy a good laugh should see Dillon.

Herb Mason has secured the right of way for the Record Breaker, the best selling as well as the best five cent cigar on the market. When you want to enjoy a good smoke at a slight cost call on Herb.

John Paterson returned from the far west last week. Had a good time and saw all of the Crookston old-timers. Says: "They are all doing well. Leo is making money in real estate and law; W. H. Jennings has a fine business in shingle making and is coining wealth. Zwickey makes a good chief of police, but is being severely roasted by the press because the council fired all the democrats and put republicans on the force. W. D. Bailey is doing a good business in a restaurant; all the rest are doing well. I went out on an express train and returned on a freight—from Winnipeg Junction. Glad to get back even in that way, alive. Some galoot, who wanted my overcoat worse than I did stole it from me, but I got back alive and well for which I am very grateful. I do not like the climate there and I do not consider the chances for making money there any better than here, unless you were in on the ground floor. When Leo or the rest of 'em want a bit of pocket money for a lunch or something like that they go out on change and sell a corner lot for $10,000 or so, and there you are. See? But you see, fresh fish, like Jake and me, who don't got the corner lot to sell, can't avail ourself of such means to raise the wind. By the way, I saw Dr. Van Dyke at Seattle and Doc has struck it rich. Bought into a fine business and is waxing rich. Has all he can do at big figures. Ecklund, Judge Holcomb, Pete Bauchemin and all those fellows, old Kittson County boys, are millionaires. No, I shall not go out there to locate. Old Polk County is good enough for me."

Farmers! == Farmers!

IT WILL PAY YOU

TO READ THIS

My Prices on Hardware to the 1st of March will be as follows:

Common mixed paints, Per gallon	75c to $ 1 00
Best " "	1 25
Ten quart tin pail,	15
Cream cans,	50
No. 9 copper bottom boilers,	1 00
No. 9 " " tea kettles, heavy tin,	65
No. 9 " " coffee boilers,	60
Nails, cut steel, per keg,	2 50
Nails, steel wire, per keg,	3 00
Clevises, per lb.,	6½
One doz. 6 quart pressed pans,	75
A scythe and snath	1 00
New novelty wringer,	2 00
Five gallon pump cans,	1 35
Warranted axes,	65
Best steel shovels,	50c and 60
Tar paper, per hundred,	2 00
Tar felt paper, per hundred,	2 00
Shot, per sack,	1 50
Loaded shells, per hundred,	2 00
Winchester rifles, octagon band,	14 75
Stove pipe, per joint,	15
Ox bows, per pair,	50
One set Mrs. Potts' sadirons,	1 25
Grind stones, per pound,	1½
Maydole's best carpenter hammers,	50
Best tubular lanterns,	40
Qt. can carriage paint,	
8x10, 8 light windows, per pair	70
8x10, 12 light windows,	90
Glass at cost.	

Every other article in the store at proportionately the same prices. Hurry up and catch on. Positively a great snap which you cannot afford to miss. A saving of from 50 to 100 per cent.

Wm. C. Spottswood,

Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

Owing to the number of attractions booked for next week, the usual Tuesday evening dance at McKinnon Hall will be postponed until Tuesday evening, March 31.

Daily Herald:—Col. Knudson is confident that Grand Forks will capture the Lutheran College. Subscribers may yet be called upon for the amount of their subscriptions. Let us hope so.

St. Paul Dispatch—: Articles of incorporation of the Rainy Lake Crookston & Pacific Railroad company were filed with the secretary of the state this afternoon. The intention is to build a line of road west from Crookston to the Red River. The officers are: Halvor Steenerson, president; C. E. Sawyer, first vice president; J. B. McKinnon, second vice president; O. H. Lucken, secretary; Lewis Ellington, treasurer, and Elias Steenerson, general manager.

HALL COL. COBHAM POST, No. 90, }
Dept. Minnesota, }
February 15th, 1891. }

With the deepest regret and sorrow the death of Gen. W. T. Sherman comes to Col. Cobham Post. But his years were full, his race was completed, his duty done and most nobly. With the most profound grief and mourning this Post will attend at the hall on Thursday and dress our room in the habiliments of woe and drop a parting tear to the memory of a noble life ended, an earnest and kindly career closed and a renowned soldier wrapped at last in his country's flag. Full of years and honors, a nation mourns.

LOUIS FONTAINE, Commander.
V. D. CARRUTH, Adjutant.

Hardware Going at Wholesale Prices.

Read My Low Prices in Another place!

A large stock of mixed paints, white lead, Venetian red, yellow and ochre, paint brushes, &c., Builders' hardware, tinware, woodenware, guns, rifles, cutlery. (Stoves below cost.) Belting, hose, carpenter's tools, cross-cut saws, building paper, blacksmith supplies, bolts, clevises, &c., all at actual and less than cost. This is a genuine closing out sale.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

ED. JOURNAL:—Again am I compelled to take up the pen in reply to the last leaf on the tree of the democratic party in this county. Poor misled, misguided, misinformed man who does not know what he is talking about, but tries to say something smart and gets caught every time, and has to eat his own words. For the sake of argument he makes statements that there is not a word of truth in; cries mugwump, alliance black sheep, &c. I do not know who Mr. Kirsch's informant is about Mr. Casey's refusal to grant a certificate to my unqualified relative. I have no relatives nearer than Iowa, except my own family, and if you, or your informants say that I ever asked Mr. Casey to grant a certificate on my request, I brand the one who makes the assertion as a misstater of facts.

As school clerk of District No. 139, I had some correspondence with Mr. Casey, and if you are very anxious to know what it was about, I could tell you; but as election is over and I do not like to kick a man that the alliance used pretty hard, I will simply say that it was not a request for a certificate. So much for Mr. Casey being a thorn in my eye. As for being president of King alliance, I am and have been since its organization, and it has always been a lively alliance and polled 137 votes last fall. So far as being a black sheep or mugwump, the alliance is used to being called such pet names as those; and the editors of alliance papers have got used to being accused of selling out to the alliance. Why, Mr. Kirsch, the alliance had no money to corrupt any one with. You, as the last leaf on the democratic tree, had ought to know that the alliance was a party of principles, composed of farmers, who had been so ill treated that their principles was about all they did have; and because they asserted their rights and let some of your pets out of office, you cry black sheep and mugwump. All papers that support the alliance have sold out, and alliance candidates are unqualified to hold office. And Mike Kirsch knows these things, and that had ought to be enough to satisfy any one. So far as our alliance platform is concerned, I think I ought to know how that reads as well as Mr. Kirsch, and I never saw in that platform a clause which reads: "Casey for assistant superintendent or down goes your salary," and if there is such a plank in the alliance platform it should be stricken out, as it conflicts with alliance principles. I do not believe that alliance men would support a ticket that had such a platform. If you want any more of your history I can write it up for you, as I have got my summer's wood up and have not much to do until spring work commences. But you had better take a tumble to yourself and not try to make too many three base hits on you may get caught out on the fly. W. G. H.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

A CALL

To the Farmers of Polk Co. is hereby given to attend a meeting, to be held at Fertile, Friday Feb. 20th, at 10 o'clock a. m, to take steps towards the construction of a flouring mill. The attendance of Representatives from very township is urgently requested, by the Woodside Alliance and others. [41-tf]

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Anglim's.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North-Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank,

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 PAIR OF BROOD MARES

Six years old with foal to thoroughbred Percheron Norman horse.

2 Geldings, 4 years old.

2 Mares, 4 years old.

1 good Driving Horse, 6 years old.

1 pair 2 year old Mares, 7-8 Norman Percheron.

1 pair good Norman Fillies.

Address THEO. GREENHALGH, city post office, or call at the farm in Fairfax. [40-45]

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

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NEW CIGAR STORE,

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H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

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CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum. Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH [illegible]

CALL IN.

Prof. D. N. Harper on Seed Wheat.

ED JOURNAL:—Through your columns I sent a letter last spring to many farmers in your locality on the subject of seed wheat. With your permission I should like to again avail myself of your valuable space on the same subject. In the spring I made examination of the wheat which many farmers intended to use for seed and reported my opinion as to its quality. I also told them this could be improved by cleaning. Now I wish every farmer to send me a reply to the following questions and to leave at your office a small sample of the seed as planted and a small sample of the crop, each properly labelled. In addition to the questions asked please give as full an account as possible of the condition of growth etc., so that we may know fully of the experience of every farmer. Every one must see that only in some such way as this can we arrive at reliable knowledge of the result. I trust all will appreciate the value of this information and assist us in obtaining it. While it has been impossible for me to make the same personal examination as in 1889, the reports received show clearly that good results can surely be obtained only by seeding the right kind of wheat, and while opinions may differ as to the extent to which seed may be injured and still produce a crop, the results of the first few seasons show that it is not true economy to stint on the quality of the seed.

QUESTIONS

I. What is the nature of your land, heavy loam or light and sandy? How old is it? 2. How did you prepare the seed bed? Do you summer-fallow? 3. Did you plant with a drill or broadcast? How deep did you drill it? 4. How did you clean the wheat before sacking? 5. How much did you seed to the acre? 6. How long have you used this same seed? 7. Where did you get the original seed? 8. Do you grow blue-stem or Fife separate? How do the result compare as to yield, in time of ripening etc? 9. Do you stack any wheat? 10. Have you received any of the so called Ladog wheat? Please state result and your opinion of the wheat. I am requested by many farmers to inform them of people and places where good seed can be obtained. If you have any such wheat particularly of Scotch Fife please send me a small sample, and give a history of its growth, etc. I shall be glad to make examination of any sample of wheat for seed and report on its quality. Specially label such samples

D. N. HARPER.
Experiment Station,
University of Minnesota,
St. Anthony Park- Minn.

Grand Forks Daily Plaindealer:—There is no danger that the Great Northern will take the farms in the Red River Valley, and we do not think the company intends to make the attempt. If the company is entitled to more land, it will have to be selected from public lands. Most of our farmers have patents from the United States, and there is no going back on that authority.

This Is Business.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Austin, Minn., Feb, 14.—Arrangements are being made here whereby a subtrust of the Farmers' National Trust will be organized. The farming fraternity of the whole Northwest, consisting of 60,000 men, proposed to form this trust and make their own market. Men of shrewd and broad intellect are at the head of his scheme, and before the seed ripens for 1891, the farmer will know what he is doing.

New Land District.

Minnesotians in Washington for That purpose.

WASHINGTON, dispatch to the St. Paul Daily News, Feb. 16.—Hon. H. A. Truax, and J. R. Howes, of Brainerd, Minn, are here in the interest of a new land district for Northern Minnesota, the office to be located at Grand Rapids, on the Duluth & Winnipeg railrord, By the operation of this road, it is claimed a large quantity of land has been made desirable for settlement, and that as the land offices are now located long distances have to be traveled to make filings and transact other necessary business incident to occupation. If formed a great portion of the land will be taken from the St. Cloud district, and the balance from such portions of the Crookston and Duluth districts as can be best reached by the new railroad.

Outrageous Proposition.

The St. Paul Daily News.

Among the bills pending in the Legislature there is one or more which will oppress every employer in the State and drive many manufacturing concerns out of business.

These bills, if they should become laws, would make every employer responsible for injuries resulting to one from the carelessness of another employe.

There is hazard in everything ranging from walking or riding in the street to working in about machinery. The law should not be called upon to offer a premium for carelessness which might bring disaster at any time to any one.

It is proper to compel employes to have their machinery and mechanical appliance in first-class shape, but it is absolutely ruinous to the manufacturing interests of the State to compel them to pay heavy damages to every careless employe or his family for injuries received from his own carelessness inflicted upon another employe is a similar manner.

The pending bills are made so sweeping that they include every class of employer, and the farmer who hires a threshing machine crew could be compelled to pay $5,000, or even more, if any of the number should be killed owing to the negligence of those in charge of the machine. He would absolutely have no control over the men he had engaged to thresh his grain, and at the same time if they were killed or maimed, they, or their heirs, could strip him or his family of every dollar he had on earth, in the way of damages.

There are, and should be, laws for the protection of life in the nature of requiring inspection of steam boilers, requiring machinery to be located in a certain manner, providing exits from buildings where labor is employed, etc. These are all reasonable and proper, and it is possible that still other safeguard may be thrown around the employes.

But to hold the employer responsible for acts entirely beyond his control would be so monstrous that it would not stand in court, even if it was adopted.

We do not understand that the employes are asking any such measures, but the movement appears to have originated among attorneys who are out of a job and seek to have an opportunity to begin suits on shares against those who are engaged in manufacturing enterprises.

The Legislature should have a sufficient regard for the public interests to protect the employe by refusing to drive the employer out of business.

BOULDERS WANTED!

The Crookston Water Works and Light Company

WILL PAY CASH

For 1,000 loads of Boulders to be delivered at the head of the mill race in Crookston. For further particulars enquire of

ED. PETERSON, Supt.

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I AM CLOSING OUT

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General Merchandise

AT AND BELOW COST.

IF YOU WANT

BOOTS, SHOES

OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE.

Call for a National Conference.

The Great West.

This Convention is postponed until May. Date given hereafter

Whereas, in unity there is strength therefore it is desirable that there should be a union of all the variously named organizations that stand on common ground.

To this end, and, in accordance with recent suggestions of the general assembly of the Knights of Labor, and the general wish of all progressive reformers, this call is made for a national conference to be composed of delegate from the following organizations, namely:

The Independent Party;
The Peoples Party, by its representatives;
The Union Labor Party, by its representatives;
The late Federal and Confederate soldiers, by their representatives;
The Farmers Alliance;
The Farmers Mutual Benefit Association;
The Citizens' Alliance;
The Knights of Labor;
The Colored Farmers' Alliance;

And all other organizations that support the principles of the St. Louis Agreement of December, 1889. Each state organization to send one delegate from each congressional district, and two from the state at large; and each district organization to send not less than three delegates, and each county organization not less than one delegate to be chosen according to the custom of each respective organization, during the month of January, 1891; also that the editor of each newspaper is hereby invited as a delegate, that has advocated the principles of the St. Louis agreement and supported the candidates nominated thereon in 1890.

The delegates to meet in the city of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Monday, the 23rd day of February, 1891, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of forming

A NATIONAL UNION PARTY,

based upon the fundamental ideas of finance, transportation, labor and land, and the transaction of other legitimate business in the furtherance of the work already begun by these organizations preparatory to the united struggle for country and home, in the great political conflict now pending that must decide who, in this country, is sovereign—"the citizen or the dollar."

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

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PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
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Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Of the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company.

For the purpose of organizing a corporation under Title one (1) of chapter thirty four (34) of General Statutes 1878, and Acts amendatory thereto, the undersigned hereby associate ourselves together and adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this Corporation shall be the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company, and the general nature of its business shall be the locating, surveying, constructing and operating a line of railroad from some point on Rainy Lake River or on the International boundary line on Rainy Lake between Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods, in the State of Minnesota, to the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk in said State, and from said City of Crookson in a southwesterly direction to Southwest corner of said Polk County, thence westerly to the Pacific Ocean, or to a point of connection with some railroad already constructed and operated, or in process of construction, to the Pacific Ocean or to some of the arms, sounds or inlets thereof, and also a branch line from or near the crossing of said road over the Big Fork River to Vermillion Lake, and thence to Lake Superior, and to construct side-tracks, switches, depots, bridges, telegraph line and all other things necessary or suitable for the full prosecution of the business of operating and maintaining such railroad,

ARTICLE II,

The principal place of business of said Corporation shall be in the City of Crookston, County of Polk, and State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE III.

The time of the commencement of said Corporation shall be the first day of March A. D. 1891, and the period of its duration shall be one hundred years.

ARTICLE IV

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), divided into Two thousand shares of fifty dollars ($50) each, and the same shall be paid in at such times and in such manner as shall be required by the board of directors.

ARTICLE V.

The highest amount of indebtedness of said corporation shall at no time exceed the sum of five million dollars ($5,000,000).

ARTICLE VI.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Earleson, Chas. E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, and George J. McManus of Duluth, Minn., and Andrew Elken, Thomas G. Thompson, William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe, Lars K. Asker, Fred Anderson, Chr. O. Christanson and H. H. Dickmann, all of Crookston, Minn.

ARTICLE VII

The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are as follows, to-wit: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of not less than Nine nor more than Eleven directors to be elected annually by and from the stock holders of said corporation as hereinafter provided.

The annual meeting for such election shall be held in the office of said Company in the City of Crookston on the first Tuesday in December of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified the said directors shall respectively continue to be such directors.

The directors shall, at their annual meeting to be held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders, elect a President, two Vice Presidents, Secretary, and Treasurer and may elect a General Manager, and until the next meeting as aforesaid.

Halvor Steenerson Shall be President.
Charles E. Sawyer shall be 1st vice President.
John R. McKinnon shall be 2d vice President.
Olanus H. Lucken shall be Secretary, and
Lewis Ellington shall be Treasurer, and
Elias Steenerson shall be General Manager.

In case of resignation of any of said officers or directors, or their inability to act, their place shall be filled by the remainder of the board of directors at any meeting called and held for that purpose.

If for any reason the annual meeting for the election of the officers and directors shall not be held at the time above specified, it may be held at any time that the directors may appoint for the purpose.

In Witness Whereof, the said Incorporators have hereunto set their hands and seals, this 9th day of Feb., A. D. 1891,

In presence of
Alex. McKinnon.
E. M. Walsh.

Halvor Steenerson	(Seal)
Franklin Bivins	(Seal)
Lewis Ellington	(Seal)
John H, Locken	(Seal)
Elias Steenerson	(Seal)
John R. McKinnon	(Seal)
Max Ericsson	(Seal)
Charles E. Sawyer	(Seal)
Olavus H. Lucken	(Seal)
George J, McMannus	(Seal)
Andrew Elken	(Seal)
Thomas G. Thompson	(Seal)
William Marin	(Seal)
Thomas H, Bjon	(Seal)
A. Holmboe	(Seal)
Fred Anderson	(Seal)
H. H. Dickmann	(Seal)
C. O. Christianson	(Seal)

State of Minnesota }
County of Polk } SS.

On this 9th day of February A. D. 1891 personally come before me, a notary public in and for said County: Halvor Steenerson, Franklin Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, Olavus H. Lucken, George J. McManus, Andrew Elken, Thomas G. Thompson, William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe, Lars K. Aaker, Fred Anderson, H. H. Dickmann, and C. O. Christianson, to me known as the identical persons who executed the foregoing instrument, and each of said persons acknowledged the execution thereof, as his free act and deed for the uses and purposes in said instrument expressed.

ALEXANDER MCKINNON,
Notary Public, Polk County, Minnesota.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

WM. A. ROBERTSON.

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

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CITY GROCER!

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HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

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Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

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Crookston, - - - - Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

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OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

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Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson. [illegible]

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105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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LOAN AGENCY

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MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

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Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT.

Practical Dentist

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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

THE NEW

NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands alond the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	Hunting Fishing.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

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New Millinery Store

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NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Feb. 19, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
3:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m. .... Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

The following resolutions were adopted at a meeting held by the Fosston Farmers' Alliance, Feb. 7th, 1891:

Resolved, That we, the members of the Fosston Farmers' Alliance, do hereby agree not to buy any agricultural machinery, binding twine, or any other goods that we may see to our interest to buy, to any company who is willing to sell direct to us or our appointed agent; we will not have anything to do with local agents, as we consider them a burden on the farmers, and we think we can get along without them as well. We also agree to stand by our appointed agent, provided he acts fair and honestly with us, and does not enter into any bargain or scheme with any company, at the expense of the members, for his own benefit; and be it also

Resolved, That we will not subscribe for, or uphold, any newspaper that is working against the Farmers' Alliance and their interests; neither will we deal with any business man who works against us and sympathizes with the plutocrats and monopolists. We will uphold The Great West, as we approve the stand it has taken in exposing the frauds imposed upon the farmers; also THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, McIntosh Times and Red River Dalen. We most heartily endorse these papers for their efforts in our behalf, and we feel it to be the duty of every member to uphold and circulate the above mentioned papers, and others working in the same direction.

Resolved, That we denounce the division bill now pending in the legislature, providing for the division of Polk County into four parts; but we approve of and favor a bill providing for dividing the county into two parts, believing it to be to the best interest of all the taxpayers located in this part of the county, and would not, in our judgment, injure the citizens of the west side by so doing.

Resolved, That the secretary write to the secretaries of other alliances in this vicinity and urge them to appoint a committee to meet at McIntosh, Feb. 28th, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., to see what can be done about machinery and binding twine for next season, and to make any additions they may see fit; all the above resolutions to be published in the papers named above.

ESLEN LEET,
Sec. Fosston Alliance.

Taxation Of Railroad Lands

Report Of the Convention Held at Brainerd.

Norman County Herald.

Pursuant to the call of the board of county commissioners of Aitkin county, there assembled in the city of Brainard on Wednesday, January 28th, about thirty delegates, representing a large number of counties in the northern portion of the state, the object being to discuss the advisability of taxing railroad lands.

The meeting was called to order by W. H. Mayer, of Carleton County was chosen chairmen, and Wm. Spencer was elected secretary.

A general discussion then ensued, the delegates each and all expressing themselves enthusiasticaly in favor of drafting a bill providing for the taxation of these lands.

On motion of W. B. Marr of Aitken, a committee was appointed to take further steps in this matter, said committee consisting of two members from each of to counties named here: Aitken, Itaska, Carleton, St. Louis, Lake, Cook, Pine, Kandiyohi, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Fodd Benton, Polk, Becker, Wadena, Cass Hubbard, Wilkins, Otter Tail, Kanabec, Crow Wing.

The following committeemen were elected at large: H. B. Allen, of Cloquet; J. E. Reynelds, of Wadena; Geo. T. Williams, of Aitkin. The Auditor and county attorney were appointed to represent Norman County.

The committee was instructed to meet at Wadena on Feb, 10th, to take final action.

A committee was also appointed to employ the necessary legal assistance to draft any bill or bills bearing on this matter, such bills to be their meeting in Wadena for approval.

A committee on resolutions reported the following which were adopted amid great enthusiasm:

Whereas, There is in the northern portion of this state, along the lines of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and St. Paul & Duluth railroads, amounting in the aggregate to millions of acres of lands untaxed, and

Whereas, As the railroad companies holding said lands, hold them for sale at a price beyond their actual value for farming purposes so that they are practically withdrawn from the market, and are not sold or improved, and

Whereas, Said lands being exempt and not taxed, they do not bear their just proportions of maintaining county and municipal government, the expense of constructing and maintaining roads and bridges and

Whereas, By reason of the afore said facts, the other lands adjacent thereto, and in many cases being a small amount compared with the amount of railway lands is compelled to bear more than their just proportions of expenses and thereby greatly hindering and retarding the development of the northern portion of this state, and

Whereas, Said railroad companies owning land grants pay 3 per cent, of their gross earnings into the state treasury in lieu of all taxes and assessments, being the same paid by other railroad companies having no land grant, and none of the proceeds from the sale of said lands, or any of the product therefor, go to make up any portion of the said gross earnings, so so that said mode of taxation amounts to exemption from all taxes, which we regard as a gross injustice to all taxpayers in this state, wrong in principal and should be abolished, now therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the representatives of taxpayers, of the counties above named, in convention assembled at the city of Brainerd, on this 28th day of January, 1891, do hereby earnestly urge in behalf of the people of said counties, that our legislature exhaust all legal means to correct this inequality of taxation and we do hereby earnestly request that all tax-payers of this state do join with us in our efforts to correct this inequality to the end that this property shall bear its just proportion of the expense of maintaining the government of this state.

On a whole the convention was a great success, and evidences the fact that the parties interested will leave no stone unturned to bring about the desired result.

The Historic Hatchet.

We take the hatchet for our text, because to-morrow is the anniversary of the birth of George Washington, and the legend of the little hatchet is inseparably connected with the memory of the great man. And yet the matter-of-fact people, who go patiently mousing around among old documents and records, say the pretty story is not true and so another cherished belief is shattered. Still the hatchet remains an emblem for a truthful man, (when it does not suggest the bad Indian with his tomahawk) though a good many of our fellow citizens have evidently "buried the hatchet," as it does not appear as a sign over their doors. Railroad men are supposed to have no use for the hatchet as a trad-mark—except the agents of "The Burlington," who have no need for anything but the truth in detailing the advantages and attractions of the 7,000 miles of track of the system, the superb equipment, the fast time, the courteous treatment, the sure connection. Call on any railroad coupon ticket agent in the Northwest for confirmation, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

PETERSON stands in the front rank of periodcals for ladies and families. It is not possible to speak too highly in its favor. There is nothing that can contribute to the comfort and pleasure of home which is not to be found it its pages. Its literary matter is always of a high order of merit, and is furnished by writers of superior talent and established reputation. The March number is an admirable illustration of the excellence and variety of its contents. There are two capital illustrated articles, one on "House-keeping in India," and another on "The Little Queen of Holland," besides illustrated stories and poems, novelet and miscellaneous papers. There is a profusion of fine full page engravings and an entirely new departure in the double fashion plate which cannot fail to be excedingly popular. Peterson in its fiftieth year is fresh, brighter, and handsomer than ever. We cannot too warmly recommend it as a periodical which will meet the tastes of the entire household. Terms Two Dollars a year. Address PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Fictitious Dividends.

The American Farmer.

Were the law in rance in Frelation to the payment of fictitious dividends in force in this country, the Railway Review thinks, the social status of our States prisons would be considerably elevated by the influx of a large number of now reputed respectable citizens. It was only recently that the head of a large company in France, together with his other directors, were sentenced to a severe fine and term of imprisonment for the offense of declaring a fictitious dividend. France is evidently behind the times, or else we are. The practice of declaring and paying dividends with borrowed money has become so common in this country as to attract no more than passing notice, and it is to be feared that were the French law in force, very many stocks which are now sustained by a process of that kind, in order that present holders may unload on favorable terms, would soon seek their natural level, although their promoters might at the same time be forced to take up a temporaray residence at some public institution at the expense of the State.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

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HARDWARE,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, F. F. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

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MILWAUKEE HARVESTER

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WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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Prosperity of Railroads.

The American Farmer.

"Poor's Manual" for this year, which has just been issued, puts the gross earnings of railroad of the Unite States for 1889 at $1,003,736,596, a sum more than double the revenue of the Federal Government, and almost equal to the amount of the National debt. Yet it is said that this enormous sum is short of the total, since owing to a change in the time of the expiration of the fiscal year with the railroads some companies ailed to report. It is estimated that the gross earnings must amount to $6,700 per mile for the 160,000 miles now in operation, or a total of $1,362,000,000. The gross earnings amounts to over 10 per cent, and the net earnings, $322,284,986, are equal to nearly 4 per cent on a valuation which includes an enormous amount of watered stocks and bonds and takes in all the bankrupt roads and the lines built to "float bonds, not for traffic." It is plain that the railroads are making more money than any other great interest in the country and the reward of the carrier is greater than that of either the agricultural or manufacturing producers taken as a whole.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank.

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MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 12th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty hundred seventy-six and 67-100 ($20.76 67-100) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is actually due, at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James B. Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller, as mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 507; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to the Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, situate, lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten (10), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), eighteen, (18) nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81) lots three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty two, (82); all of block ninety-two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the thirty-first day of March A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 17th, A. D. 1891.

The Hauser & Sons Malting Company,
Assignee of said Mortgagee.
Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee.
[42-49] St. Paul, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated December 29th, 1887, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, December 31st, 1887, in book 34 of mortgages, page 461, whereby Albert Drager, an unmarried man, mortgageor, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-five (45), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $370.12, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $22.20, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $392.32. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22. 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 12th, 1883, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 12th, 1883, in book K of mortgages, page 91, whereby Andrew Steenerson and Bertha Steenerson, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), in township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of range forty-eight (43), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $462.50, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $18.99, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $481.49. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated July 21st, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, July 23d, 1888, in book 36 of mortgages, page 375, whereby Geo. Galland and Keziah Galland, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $264.59. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 22nd, 1889, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 23rd, 1889, in book 42 of mortgages, page 41, whereby Albert Iten and Sophronia Iten, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), all in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $467.51. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.
[40-46]

[First publication Feb. 12th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK, In District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Frederick K. McKeen, Plaintiff, vs. James B. Holmes, The Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust Company, Charles P. Haseltine, Nell Farnham, and Williford and Northway Manufacturing Company, Defendants.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale under Judgment and Decree. Foreclosure of Mechanics' Liens.

Whereas, a certain judgment was duly obtained, entered and docketed in the District court, in the County of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, in the 4th Judicial District, on the 13th day of December, 1890, and whereas a transcript and certified copy of said judgment was thereafter, to-wit: on the 4th day of February, 1891, duly filed and docketed in the Clerk's office in the District Court, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, in the 14th Judicial District, in the above entitled action, in favor of said plaintiff, Frederick K. McKeen and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of two hundred eighty-seven and 78-100ths dollars, ($278.87), including interests and costs, and in favor of said defendant, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of five thousand four hundred eighty-one and ninety-one one-hundredths dollars, ($5,481.91), including interests and costs; and whereas, in said judgment it was decreed that the judgment so rendered in favor of said plaintiff to the full extent thereof, including interests and costs, and the judgment so rendered in favor of said defendants, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company to the extent of five thousand four hundred sixty-two and 6-100ths ($5,462.06) dollars, including interests and costs, to be specific liens upon the land and appurtenances in said judgment described, situate in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: That tract of land known as block one hundred two (102), of Rail Road Addition to the Town of Red Lake Falls, being a portion of lot six, (6), in Section sixteen, (16), in Township one hundred fifty-one, (151), Range forty-four, (44), of which certain Flouring Mills are a part of the appurtenances, co-ordinate with other, and prior and superior to any right, title, lien or claim to or in said land or appurtenances of the said defendants, James B. Holmes, Charles P. Haseltine, Nell Farnham, or the Minnesota Title Insurance Company or any of them. And whereas it was in said judgment decreed and ordered that the Sheriff of said Polk County State of Minnesota, sell said land and appurtenances at public auction as by law in such cases made and provided, to satisfy said judgment and interest thereon, together with costs of said sale, and to pay the proceeds of said sale, after deducting all lawful expenses and charges thereof to and between said Frederick K. McKeen and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, to the amount of their respective judgments and liens given.

Provided, if said net proceeds be insufficient, then to distribute the same pro rata among and between said judgment creditors; a certified copy of said judgment and decree having been duly served upon and delivered to me. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described land and appurtenances thereon, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor in accordance with and as directed in said decree on the 24th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the county Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment and claims, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 11th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
WHITE & EVANS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Defendant,
Willford and Northway Mf'g Company.
[42-49]

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy

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Armures, for	$1.00
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[First publication Feb. 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 4th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Johannes J. Bjornstad, executor of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 3d day of March, A. D. 1891 at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 4th day of February, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
[42-44]

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Dec. 16th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Lars Abelson against Taylor H. Wolford for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 1,990, dated May 7th 1881, upon the southeast one-quarter Section 21 Township 154 n, Range 47, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Taylor H. Wolford has not during the four years last past, planted trees, tree cuttings or tree seeds on said tract, and has not cultivated or in any way improved same during said period; that there is now not to exceed one acre of growing trees on said land and that the whole of said land is in a wild state, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 25th day of March, 1891, at 10 o.clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

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LAWYERS,
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OF CROOKSTON

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 26, 1891. NO. 45

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
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3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Work Together.

The proposition which is before the people of Polk County to give $1,000 toward advertising the merits of this country abroad throughout the world is one that should not be rejected without careful consideration. It is a fact that is fully appreciated that one of the needs of the country is more settlers to occupy and cultivate the hundreds of acres that are now lying idle, and the only thing needed to bring in plenty of men to take up every quarter section is to show them that farming in the Red River Valley is a money making business. The Great Northern will put thousands of dollars into the expense necessary to advertise the country, and Mr. Hill offers to contribute $15,000 to a fund to be used to send 100 farmers out as missionaries, thus showing that the road feels a deep interest in the matter and is anxious to co-operate with the people, and we think the people should be willing, at least, to co-operate. The road might go one step farther with excellent effect, by placing its lands upon the market at figures as near the maximum government price as the circumstances would permit. Such a policy would have a tendency to bring every available acre under cultivation within a very short period of time, and the company would gain in freights far more than the difference in price. Again, every facility should be given for marketing the wheat, and such arrangements made as to permit any who wish to do so to build flat houses in which to handle their wheat. This would have a tendency to give the farmer every cent the market would warrant for his wheat, which would in itself be one of the biggest advertisements this country ever had. The country is all right; will raise the very choicest wheat and in abundance, and this fact, with a free and open wheat market, should cause every idle acre to be occupied in a very short time. We are glad to see that the company is interested in this matter and we expect that much good will come of it.

Fertile Fancies.

From the Journal, Feb. 19.

A meeting of the Farmers' Alliance of the town of Godfrey will be held at the residence of W. N. Godfrey Feb. 28th at 10 a. m. All farmers interested in the establishment of a cheese factory are earnestly requested to be present.

P. S. Midchell, of the town of Godfrey, has just completed a 63 foot well. It is said to be one of the best in the town.

Albert Hanson is prouder than ever now. It's a girl and it arrived last Thursday morning. Mother and baby are doing well.

R. P. Christanson went out to his farm in Sundal the first of the week to bring in a load of wheat when behold, upon entering the granary the wheat was gone and he hasn't found it since. Mr. O. thinks he has a clew to the parties who help themselves to his wheat and will no doubt make it warm for somebody.

Knute O. Overli, of the town of Garden, met with an accident last Wednesday afternoon that caused his death. He was engaged in hauling wood with a spirited span of horses and when nearly home they ran away, throwing him under the sleigh and dragging him along over several stumps, crushing his breast and hurting him internally. He lived until Friday. The deceased was about thirty years old, of good habits, industrious and well-to-do, and was beloved by all who knew him. His wife died about three months ago.

Brown Knutson was in Crookston Tuesday, where he disposed of a couple span of his horses, which he brought up from the southern part of the state a week or so ago.

The Lutheran College!

A PUBLIC MEETING

To be Held at McKinnon Hall, on Friday Evening, February 27th, 1891,

TO CONSIDER WAYS AND MEANS TO BUILD.

The city, through it council, having decided not to give a bonus to aid in establishing the Norwegian Lutheran Collage, it now behooves every public spirited citizen to rally to its support. The advantages of such institutions to our city are too obvious to need mention here, as it is well known that there is not a resident of this city who would not be benefitted, directly or indirectly, by the institution, and that the city could well afford to build and equip the concern, for the benefits it would derive are too well known to need discussion. If every citizen will take hold of the matter, contributing $5, $10, $25, $50 or $100, as he is able, there would be no doubt of our ability to secure this institution. Whereas the city could well afford to build the institution for the benefits it would confer, we are not required to contribute over one-fourth of the amount that will be needed to complete the work. The question now before the house is: "Shall we rouse ourselves, make an effort to and really secure this noble institution?" The majority of the trustees are residents of Crookston and naturally anxious to have Crookston get the college, but Grand Forks and Fargo stand ready to put up for it heavy, and it must go where the best offer is made. The Grand Forks papers have for some time past been filled with slurs against Crookston, saying that she has not enterprise enough to secure such an institution and that in the end "the enterprising citizens of Grand Forks will be called upon to put up what they have subscribed." A great many of Polk County's citizens will contribute to the enterprise and must this money be sent over to help build up Grand Forks? Let us rally around this cause and keep this institution where it belongs—in Crookston. Remember this meeting at McKinnon's Hall on Friday evening, Feb. 27th, at 8 o'clock, and come prepared to say what you will do for yourselves and your city. If we have entertained any narrow prejudices, let us sink them in our efforts to make Crookston the leading city of the Northwest. Everybody come!

LIST OF PRESENTS AT THE Palen-Heidrich Wedding.

China castor and syrup pitcher—Mr. and Mrs. Rauch.

Two silver napkin rings—Mr. and Mrs. Schuler and Geo. Schuler.

Fancy photo holder—Susie Schouiler.

Fancy towel—Amelia Biver.

Water set—Geo. Logenfield.

Sofa—J. Hill and G. Palen.

One-half dozen plates, pie plates and sauce dishes—Carl Heidrich and G. Parks.

Fancy rug—Tim Donovan.

Silver sugar shell—Mrs. L. G. Theurer.

Set silver tea spoons—W. S. Palmer.

Two flower vases—Mrs. McKinney.

One-half dozen fruit knives—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Himmelsback.

Bed spread—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Martin.

Silver castor—Aug. Walter.

Set cups and saucers—M. P. Utsinger.

Set fruit dishes—Ed. Cleary.

Easy chair—H. T. Murray, E. Welsh, T. Rauch, W. Hoch and W. W. Dunbar.

Butter knife and sugar shell—J. B. Retzner.

Dozen napkins—Miss Bertha Bruner.

Silver cake basket—Mr. and Mrs. Conley.

One-half dozen fruit plates—Louisa Rauenbuebler.

Silver butter dish—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Vine.

Silver card stand—Mr. and Mrs. P. Baker.

Set silver fruit knives—Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hoch.

Silver and gold sugar shell—Miss Milly Popp, New Ulm, Minn.

Antique oak bedroom set—John Helstab. Fred Kern, J. V. E. Wyatt, R. S. Owens, T. Laugheed, Wm. Klinger, Harry Lund, J. Ketten, J. Goldschmidt, Fred Heidrich, N. Ersbfeld.

Parlor lamp—Mr. and Mrs. Schleevoight.

Pickle castor—Miss Annie Klinger.

Table cloth and dozen napkins—N. S. Gervais.

Parlor lamp—Mr. and Mrs. Synder, Fertile.

Dozen fancy napkins and towels—Mr. and Mrs. Cooke, Fertile.

Silver butter knife—Mrs. H. O. Davis, Grand Forks.

Table cloth—Louise Brohman, Menominee, Mich.

One-half dozen fancy towels—Mrs. M. J. Falk.

Table cloth and dozen napkins—Mr. and Mrs. Wile.

Plush sofa pillow—Miss Julia Biever.

Silver butter knife—Teddie Heidrich.

Clock and pair silver napkin rings—Will Heidrich.

China chamber set—Fontaine & Anglim.

Dozen silver knives and forks—Mr. and Mrs. Heidrich.

Bed spread—Mr. and Mrs. F. Remshardt.

Pickle castor—Miss Libbie and Nellie Brislan.

Steel engraving and smoking stand—Mr. and Mrs. Wyatt.

Steel engraving and easel—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Walker.

Table clock—G. Neeson.

Table scarf—Mrs. J. Gauche and Miss Bezanon.

Two pair slippers—C. Riedesel.

Bible stand—Mr. and Mrs. John Florin.

Chenile table spread—Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Theurer, F. R. Hammel, M. E. Kirsch.

A Satisfied Man.

Did you ever see him? It seems as if the search for him would be more hopeless than Diogones' quest. One man is saving money to build a house; another is trying to sell his for less than it cost. This young man is spending all the money he can earn in theatre tickets, bouquets, and livery hire, to persuade a girl to marry him; that middle-aged man is paying lawyers big money to get a divorce. The Eastern man wants to go West; the hungry and cropless Western farmer wishes he could go back to the old home in the East. Farmers wish they had a soft snap keeping store; the merchant with notes coming due in the bank wishes he could have as easy a time as "that old Granger." The children are in a hurry to be "grown up folks." The old people would like to be young again. However, the above does not show that all are dissatisfied. The man who buys his railroad tickets over "The Burlington," secures a berth in their luxurious sleeper, and awakes to breakfast in their peerless dining cars—in him you have "A Satisfied Man." For tickets over this popular line or any information, apply to the nearest ticket agent of "The Burlington" or connecting lines, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. agent, C. B. & N. R. R. St. Paul Minn.

Muscle from Milk.

N. Y. Witness.

My father lived on bread and milk all his life. He was a strong, healthy man, and in his prime could do more work than any man in his locality. When other men in the harvest field would stop in the middle of the forenoon or afternoon to eat or drink, he never cared for anything between meals but a drink of cold water, and would laugh at the meaters because their strength gave out so much sooner than his did. He never employed a physician for himself, and very seldom for any of his family—not more than a dozen times in fifty years. He never had rheumatism, dyspepsia or any other disease, and died of old age in his eightieth year. Also, my own family always use milk very freely, either eating or drinking it at least once every day, and we are a remarkably healthy family, never taking medicine and never employing a physician.

POLK COUNTY ALLIANCE.

The Alliance met at the Court House, on Friday, Feb. 13th, 1891, at 10 a. m.

M. G. Peterson, W. A. Marin and A. Steenerson were apppointed a committee on credentials.

Report of previous meeting read and adopted.

Report of committee on reduction of salaries of county officials read by W. A. Marin. [This report appeared in these columns several weeks since.]

Motion to amend to make the salary of Register of Deeds $2,000 instead of $1,500 lost, and the report of the committee was adopted as read.

Moved that the secretary forward a copy of the report to Senator E. E. Lommen and urge him to use his best efforts to adopt the recommendations by law.

Andrew Steenerson was elected a delegate to the meeting at Cincinnati, with Geo. M. Swift as alternate.

Motion to reimburse Peter Cornelius for expenses at a State meeting, prevailed.

A motion that we denounce the action of the legislature in appropriating $1,000 to advertise land in Polk County. Carried.

Moved that we denounce the action of the Board of County Commissioners in appropriating $500 of the county funds to go down to St. Paul and lobby in the legislature. Carried.

The following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, We believe that when the Declaration of Independance states that all men are created with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and pursuit of happiness. We believe it to be violated until the same chance of life is given to the child of the pauper as well as to the child of the millionaire; therefore be it

Resolved, That the National conference shall create a new party that shall not have completed its work until this meaning of the Declaration of Independence is fulfilled.

The following communication was received from Superintendent of Schools, E. J. Grefthen:

To the Honorable Members of the Polk County Alliance, State of Minnesota:—The election last fall convinced, without doubt, nearly every citizen that it is the laboring classes and the farmers that are the back-bone of this nation today, and in the near future they will govern this country. As the farmers are taxpayers, loyal and industrious citizens, I consider it just and proper to amend the school laws, so as to divide the apportionment more equally among the city and country schools. At the present time the city schools have the advantage. It is an easy matter for the people living in our cities to send their children to school 40 days and draw apportionment money, while the children in the country schools labor under disadvantages. It is often too far for the small children in the country to walk to school, and the older boys and girls have to labor for their living and cannot attend the required number of days, consequently the country districts are losing their apportionment money. Therefore I will advise the Alliance in Polk County to pass a resolution recommending a change of Sec. ——, Chapter ——, of the school laws, and to send such resolution to our legislature.

Change Sec. ——, Chapter ——, to read as follows, to-wit:

"The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall make an apportionment of the available current school funds in the State treasury among the several counties of the State, on the first Monday of March and the first Monday of October of each year, in proportion to the number of scholars between the ages of eight (8) and sixteen (16) years who have been enrolled and have been in attendance thirty (30) days in the public schools, that have had at least five (5) months term within the year by a qualified teacher."

It will be in its place to pass another resolution recommending free text books for our public schools.

E. J. GREFTHEN,
County Suderintendent.

On motion adjourned.

Senate File No 132.

Minneapolis Times.

This is a bill to make employers liable for damages to employes for injuries sustained through the carelessness of co-employes. The proposed measure is open to criticism. It is so sweeping as to work serious injustice to employers and corporations. No amount of care and precaution on the part of the employer to prevent injury to any employe would weigh in his favor, even to the mitigation of damages. Though the employe should sustain injury through his own negligence, some shyster lawyer would always be found to prosecute his case for a percentage of the prospective verdict. And, although the employer might win the suit, he would be subject to all the cost and annoyance of litigation. Such a law was enacted in Iowa several years ago, and was found to be so detrimental to the manufacturing industries of the state and so generally impracticable that it has become almost a dead letter.

The natural effect of such a law would be to deter manufacturers from coming to Minnesota and to drive away some that are already here, or it would compel every employer to insure his workmen against injury in some large insurance company, the cost of which would certainly be paid in one way or another by the employe. This could of course be done only by individuals or corporations employing a considerable number of men. The citizen who should employ one or two men to aid him in building a house must take his chances, and the breaking of an arm or leg by one of his men would cost him enough to wipe out his entire interest in his home. A farmer could be held for damages for injuries sustained by one of his men while running a reaper or mower or working about a threshing machine, and payment for a broken limb or the accidental death of an employe would seriously reduce the profits of his farm for that season.

If employers are compelled to take out accident policies for their employes the expense of carrying those policies will come out of the employe. The chances for employment would certainly be lessened by the reluctance of new enterprises to come into the state. The tendency to lower wages would be a logical result, the relations between employers and employes would be more and more strained, and no one would be benefited but the lawyers, who already make profit enough out of damage suits under our present law.

Plainly the proposed bill is against the public interest and should not be allowed to become law. The present law furnishes very reasonable protection to employes. If one is injured through the neglect of his employer to provide proper safeguards and precautions against accidents, he can prosecute for damages with almost absolute certainty of securing a verdict. Hence there is no good reason for such legislation as this bill provides for, and only evil could come of it. To the laborer it would be burdensome, to the employer vexatious.

The Rights of Concience.

Plain Talk by a Chicago Divine.

[Communicated]

In a recent sermon on the subject of religious liberty, published in the "Inter Ocean" of February 9. Rev. Geo. W. Ballenger, pastor of the first Evangelical Church of South Chicago, among other things said;

"You can fetter the limbs, lacerate the flesh, and torture the body, but the conscience cries, I will be free. The people of God love this freedom of conscience so dearly that in the history of the past they have chosen to suffer every imaginable kind of persecution that blind zeal and satanic hatred could inflict, millions choosing death in the most horrible manner, rather than recant and surrender their right to worship God according to the dictates of conscience. And firmly believing that there are many at the present time who guard the wealth of conscience with as much sacredness, and would suffer equally as much now as did our ancestors in the Dark Ages rather than hush the voice of conscience or surrender their God-given rights, I am in favor of religious liberty alike for all. I am decidedly opposed to the present attempt on the part of many—and some of them high-church men—to secure legislation upon purely religious matters, which cannot but result in religious persecution. These so-called reforms demand the careful study of the American people at the present time. Especially does it become the pressing duty of the clergy to acquaint themselves with the signs of the times, I am compelled to believe there is a necessity for rallying in defence of that grandest of all human production,—the Constitution of the United States of America,—which guarantees to every man the right to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience.

"The venomous head of the persecuting monster can be seen to-day in the King case now pending in the District Court of the United States. The treatment which this Christian man and many more of the members of his denomination in Tennesee, Gorgia, and Arkansas have received, is enough to mantle the cheek of every true American with shame, and fire the nation with just indignation. The evidence in the case proves him a Christian; the law, which is unconstitutional, treats him like a felon; and while the secular press, North and South, and many statesmen, East and West, have in positive terms expressed their indignation at this outrageous persecution, I take shame to myself as a Christian minister that my brethren of the ministry and members of the Christian churches have not protested in behalf of these our brethren. Have denominational lines so divided us and priestly creeds so separated us that the common brotherhood of Christ is lost sight of? And is the church of America so great a backslider in heart that it must resort to the civil law in order to protect its doctrines? Beware of that man or body of men, no matter how exalted their position or highsounding their title, who move in legislative halls, seeking thereby to secure the strong arm of the law to enforce their creed upon a free people!"

Free Silver not Partisan.

The Farm Stock and Home.

Free coinage is no proper sense a partisan measure. The closest microscopic scrutiny of the silver dollar can discern no mark of partisan politics on the coin, nor can the most careful assay find any trace of Democracy or Republicanism or mugwumpism in the metal of which the dollar is composed. The dollar will buy just exactly as much for a person of one party as for one of another. Senator Blackburn put the matter in the right light the other day when he said that in the state of Kentucky there was not a silver mine, yet the people of the great commonwealth were as clamorous for the free coinage of silver as the people of Colorado or any silver-producing state. That is the view which should be impressed on the House. The people want free coinage, not as a local or partisan measure, but as a thing essential to the prosperity of the country, and they should be allowed to have it. A great many people oppose free coinage because they say they object to experiments in finance. They forget that from the establishment of the Republic up to the year 1873 the United States never dreamed of anything but free coinage. It is strange that the experience of the intervening period, harmful to the interests of the country as it has been, should have produced such an impression as to cause the attempt to restore silver to its original rightful rank to be denominated an experiment. It is certainly to be hoped that the free-coinage bill will pass and become a law. Wall street will not like it, for its interests are those of the creditor class; but there has been financial legislation enough for those who do not need it, and the people should have a chance to have at least one law passed for their benefit.

Are Being Disturbed.

Farm Stock and Home.

Henry Clewes & Co., very prominent Wall Street bankers, in the last number of their Weekly Review, pay their respect to the farmers' Alliance in this wise:

"The sudden uprising of the farmers' party also has a disturbing tendency. It throws practical politics into confusion and defies all possibility of forecasting the settlement of national questions upon which vast interests are dependent. The serious feature of this movement is that whilst its broad platform includes barely a single sensible or wholesome issue, and is little else than an expression of the lowest form of popular ignorance, yet it is backed by a mass of voters possibly large enough to constitute it a determining power in the next federal elections."

There is nothing in the world that the capitalistic classes so fear as "disturbing tendencies" throwing "practical politics into confusion," etc., especially when backed by a mass of voters possibly large enough to carry the next national election. The capitalist cannot be blamed for fearing the threatend "disturbance." Conspirators, burglars, villians of all types ask nothing but to be let alone, they will take care of all else. Capitalists, while not necessarily conspirators or burglars, strongly resemble them in this respect. While they have been let alone about 25,000 of them have obtained possession of one quarter of the nation's wealth, and the industrial classes have been correspondingly impoverished, and now that these classes propose to make a disturbance the capitalists quite naturally protest.

Again, the fact that "a mass of voters possibly large enough to constitute a determining power in the next federal elections" are backing a platform that is "an expression of the lowest form of popular ignorance," is a most alarming one. Surely the republic is in danger if our people have grown so ignorant. Possibly if our friends, the bankers, will take the "free silver" dollars out of their spectacles and put crystal lenses in their places things will not look quite so dark to them.

Free Press (Winfield, Kan.) says:

The government is simply a body of men organized to make and compile laws to protect the government, which is the people. Not a corporate body as it were, to create class laws for the few.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

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1891.

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ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NEW story to commence first of the year, written especially for the Blade by Oliver Optic. "Money Maker Series." A series of special articles on "Side Issues," written for The Blade. Blade China Tea Sets and Dinner Sets given to club-raisers. Send for specimen copy of The Weekly Blade and our interesting announcements for the coming year.

SPECIMENS.

A specimen copy will give you a better idea of The Weekly Blade than any description we can give in an advertisement. We therefore invite everybody to write us for a specimen, which we will cheerfully mail you free; and at the same time please mail us a list of names of your friends and neigbors, and we will also mail them specimens.

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"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

1891—THE ST. PAUL—DAILY NEWS.—1891

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Fearless
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Champions the cause of the people independent of the political parties. Opposes monopolies and all public or private robbery by means of unjust tariff or other iniquitous legislation, State or National.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Feb. 26, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard	80.
1 Northern	78.
2 Northern	74.
3 Northern	66.

Remember the G. A. R. dance this evening.

Charlie Thomas went to Warren on Thursday morning.

See those baby carriages at Herb's if you want a good one.

News was received on Thuesday that Eddie Roberts the young son of Al Roberts is very sick at Grand Forks.

Rev R H. Battey is spending the week with his family in Minneapolis. Expects to return on Saturday or Sunday morning.

The last dance of a very pleasant series of which H. A. Mason has appeared as instructor occurs at McKinnon's hall on Tuesday evening of next week.

The McIntosh Times quotes wheat one cent higher all around than it is quoted in this market. How's that? Can outside buyers pay more than Crookston buyers?

Unheard-of bargains in jewelry at Tom. Morris' until March 10th. Come early and come a running.

If your baby is restless, uneasy and cross, continually crying, go to Herbs and get one of those faribault Rattan carriages; that's what they cry for. Sure cure or no pay for the advice.

February seems bound to supply the deficiency as fair as snow is concerned. For about a week we have had snow every day until we now seem to have enough of that useful commodity.

Eben Lancaster has gone to the twin-cities and they do say that he fully intends to bring back a bran new hack when he returns. He has seemed somewhat uneasy for some time past just as though he had a new hack or something on his mind and now he has gone for it, they say.

S. A. Sylvester and E. I. Benoit have formed a co-partnership under the firm name of Sylvester & Benoit, and will about March 1st open a full and complete line of hardware in the building occupied by A. Asseline on Broadway. The boys are both rustlers and will no doubt do well. We wish them success.

Mrs. H. Thibarge died at her residence in this city last week after a short illness. It will be remembered that a short time since THE JOURNAL contained an account of an elopement of a young couple. Mrs. T. was the mother of the groom, and upon their arrival from their runaway trip she withdrew her opposition and the young couple were united in marriage.

Levi Myers came down from the lumber camp on Friday. He has cut 712,000 feet of pine this winter and has it ready to saw into lumber. He has hauled 630,000 ft, of dry pine lumber to Fosston where it is now ready to be sent all over the Northwest in car loads lots whenever wanted. His lumber camp is about 12 miles east of Fosston.

Mr. M. Douser and Miss Hattie Thomas were united in marriage on Saturday afternoon by Rev. F. C. Whitney, leaving on the evening train for a short visit at Barnesville. Miss Hattie has grown from a little girl into a handsome and accomplished young lady in our city and Mr. Dauser is one of our leading photographers. The JOURNAL adds its blessing.

Tom Morris has decided to go to Superior to locate. Tom is one of the oldest of Crookston jewelers, coming when but few were here and locating in a little shop on Main Street, and growing up with the city. We hope he will "make no common error" ("excuse our lateen") in this move for Tom a good jeweler and we do not like to see such leave. However we suppose we shall have to wish him good luck and take our chances in that.

"I AM going away and I am NOT going to take my large and select stock of jewelry along, and somebody is going to get big drives out of it." That's what Tom Morris says.

The conundrum which has agitated the public mind for the past weeks "Will Herb Mason have a full and complete line of baby carrages this spring" is now solved and happily so by the arrival of a whole carload—more or less of those celebrated Faribault Rattan works baby carriages, samples of which will be on exhibition at Herb's place. They are said to be the slickest, the neatest and the best carriages made. Wait for the wagon—the little baby wagon at Herb's.

The babies all say Herb's carriages are the best.

Anent the proposed college, a good German friend of ours sends in a communication, signed "taxpayer," urging the people of our city to wake up and secure the institution before Grand Forks gets away with us and the college. So far as we can see, it seems to be the general wish of the taxpayers of Crookston to aid this college, and we are very confident that should a proposition to vote aid come before our people it would carry by a good majority. Come out to the meeting to-morrow evening and talk it up.

MARRIED.

CHRISTIANSON—EIKEN.—In this city, on Thursday evening, February 19th, 1891, at the residence of the bride, by the Rev. G. O. Rygh, Judge C. O. Christianson, to Mrs. Helma Eiken.

The many friends of our ex-Judge of Probate in Polk County will unite with THE JOURNAL in extending hearty congratulations to the newly wedded pair. They were quietly married in the presence of a few of their nearest relatives, and have commenced housekeeping in the Judge's cosy residence on the corner of Hurlbut and Cowing streets, where they are at home to their many friends. THE JOURNAL was handsomely remembered on Washington's Birth Day by a box of Brown's best cigars, a present from the groom, and as the smoke therefrom arises and mixes with the glorious atmosphere of the Red River Valley, we will silently add our blessing, while we earnestly wish for them a long and prosperous journey on the voyage of life.

Tom Morris wishes us to say that his entire stock of jewelry must be closed out before March 10th, regardless of cost, and if you desire a bargain in that line call at once. All persons who are indebted to him are requested to call at once and settle.

Sherman memorial services were held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday, the Rev. O. A. Elmer preaching an eloquent discourse. Col. Cobham Post turned out en masse.

John Dillon.

John Dillon will appear at the Opera House, Crookston Saturday eve Feb, 28th. What more need be said? The theatre-going public of the country know John Dillon better then they know Edwin Booth, and Barnum has a standing offer for the man, women or child who has seen him and not laughed at least one solid hour at each and every performance. Mr. Dillon has lost none of his old-time favoriteism in this city, and prospects bid fair for the same standard business that has heretofore graced his presence. Surely there if no flies on John.

Quite breezy on Tuesday.

Call and see those baby carriages at Herbs.

E. P. Perce is rusticating in St. Paul this week.

Dr. M. Leguee is said to be improveing slowly.

Wheat took an upward turn on Tuesday reaching 80 cets.

Call and see what Tom Morris can do for you in the line of jewelry.

W. N. Godfrey was in from Maple Bay last week chatting with his many friends.

Herman Rasmussen will start a new hardware store in this city about April 1st.

Call and see that new Jewett cook stove and get price thereon if you want a bargain.

Mrs. Chas. Misner left for the coast last Thursday evening to join her husband at Tacoma.

Ole Bang, while in the city last week, purchased a valuable brood mare of Peter Cornelius.

A Sture calls attention to the change in his ad. Look it over and go to Sture's for bargains.

Cashier Ellington, of the Scandia American bank, is in St. Paul this week visiting with our law makers.

If you need any article of household furniture call on Tom Morris, and if he has it you can get it at a price that will make you tired.

Ole Hoyen sold 26 hogs to Erickson & Steenerson, the butchers, this week. Ole says it is no trick to make money at farming if you only know how.

Lots of rock being delivered for the improvements at the dam. Many of our farmers are making a good thing hauling rocks at $1.50 per tun.

Herman Boerth, the contractor who has charge of the decorations for the new opera house informs THE JOURNAL that, that much will be completed in about three weeks.

C. G. Rapp was down from St. Hilaire this week looking very much better than he did the last time he was down. Says they have very much more snow up there than we have.

That autocratic old rooster, Thinglestad Brierly, seems to be very much exercised over that county printing deal. The taxpayers will be as soon as they begin to sense the significance of it.

There will be a special meeting of the W. C. T. U. held at the Reading Room, Friday, Feb. 27th, at 3 o'clock p. m. Business of special importance to come before us.

Sam Parker was over from Park Rapids on land office business last week. Says their new road to Wadena will soon be completed. Sam is an old soldier and met several old comrades while here.

A railroad meeting was held in the town of Vineland on Monday at which it was decided to bond for the new road. A vote of thanks was tendered the city council of the city of Crookston for its friendly attitude toward the new road.

Early on Friday morning last the elevator at Fisher, owned by Hugh Thompson and Marcus Johnson was discovered to be on fire and it was soon entirely destroyed. It is said to have contained 15,000 bushels of wheat and 2,500 barrels of flour. The estimated loss is $27,000; insured for $20,000.

Some good friend of THE JOURNAL sent us a load of dry wood from Maple Lake last week and now we would like a few cords of green wood to mix with it. Will take 8 or 10 cords at market price on subscription.

T. B. McManus returned last week from a visit to the old home in Canada. Just now they are having pretty warm times down there on account of the approaching election in which reciprocity cuts a prominent figure.

Strangers and citizens all cordailly welcomed at the Congregational church next Sunday morning and Evening. 11. a. m. "Ten Phases of Religion." 7:30 p. m. "The young Mother." Communion service and admission of members after morning sermon.

Do not forget the meeting at McKinnons Hall to-morrow evening. It is called for the purpose of ascertaining whether the city of Crookston will allow the proposed Red River Valley college to be built elsewhere. Everybody cordially invited.

Chris Houston will try Blue Stem this year and has secured 75 bushels for seed. He went down to Maple Bay after some extra fine Scotch Fyfe wheat and secured 125 bushel of that. He is undecided yet whether to use the old broadcast seeder or get a drill.

Mrs. M. Bailey desires to inform the ladies of Crookston and vicinity that she has secured the services of a thoroughly competent French dress-maker and is now prepared to attend to all orders in the latest style of the art. Call at her new store in the Malett block, corner of Broadway and Fletcher streets.

We have an entirely new No. 9 Jewett cook stove which we will offer for sale at a bargan it taken soon. This stove has never been used, we got it in trade and will dispose of it for cash or negotiable paper at a figure that cant be duplicated in this city. If you need a good stove call at THE JOURNAL office and see this one.

Last week Elias Steenerson General Manager of the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Go-Down-Southwest Railroad Company received a letter from Ole Oleson, of Warren asking for a position on the new line, conductor walking-boss section foreman or any position that might be lying around loose. Eli replied that every place was filled except that of private secretary to the general manager, which position he would gladly assign to Ole provided that he, the said Ole would accept it at the same salary paid the general manager.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
Lisbon, N. Dakota.

[36-tf]

[Communicated.]

Why cannot Crookston people work for the college as well as other places. She can have it if she only will put up necessary money to secure it, and if she don't other places will. Why lie here idle? Surely it wont be here if we do nothing to secure it, and it will be a credit to Crookston and Polk County to have it.

Gentlemen this may be our last chance to secure this college and if we do not come up to the scratch it will be something like this: We want the College, Grand Fork's people say, Crookston cannot have it unless she more does pay. Crookston you must not sleep; if you do Grand Forks the college will get, and the College she will keep.

A TAY PAYER.

NOTICE! NOTICE!

I will furnish painted barb wire at $3.60 per hundred.

I will furnish galvanized barb wire at $4.20 per hundred.

I will continue clearing out my stock of hardware until March 25th only.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

John Dillon.

Duluth Evening Herald.

The usual house greeted John Dillon at Temple Opera last evening. The farcical comedy, "Wanted the Earth," furnishes a good field for the actor's well known ability, and he was cordially received. It is impossible to hear Dillon without spending an evening of fun and enjoyment. Dillon is very well sustained by the company he has about him and the play, though rather disjointed in plot was very smooth both in acting and stage management.

Sealed Bids.

Notice is hereby given that up to and including Thursday, March 12th 1891, sealed bids, for building a school house in school district No 4, will be receved by me at my office in fisher. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids for plans and specifications call on or address, THOMAS BENSON, clerk of school district No. 4, Fisher, Minn.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

Farmers! == Farmers!

IT WILL PAY YOU

TO READ THIS.

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Closing Out! Closing Out! Read! Read!

My Prices on Hardware are as follows:

Common mixed paints, Per gallon	85c to $ 1 00
Best " "	1 25
Ten quart strainer pails,	35
Twelve quart strainer pails,	40
No. 9 copper tea kettles,	1 75
Clevises, per lb.,	6½
One doz. 6 quart pressed pans,	85
Steel nails, per keg rate,	2 65
Wire nails, per keg rate,	3 15
Wringers,	2 00
Five gallon pump cans,	1 35
Tar felt paper, per hundred,	2 50
Winchester rifles, octagon band,	14 75
Stove pipe, per joint,	15
Ox bows, per pair,	50
One set Mrs. Potts' sadirons, nickle plate,	1 25
Grind stones, per pound,	1½
Patent wire lift tubular lanterns,	50
8x10, 8 light windows, per pair	70
8x10, 12 light windows, "	90
Scythe snaths,	40
Lock top cream cans, with glass,	70
Ox cards, per pair,	15
Painted barb wire, per hundred,	3 60
Galvanized barb wire, per hundred,	4 20
Lanterns,	40 and 50
Well buckets,	35

Numerous other articles and proportionately the same prices. Call early as possible. Will continue Closing Out until the 25th of March.

Wm. C. Spottswood,

Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

BOULDERS WANTED!

The Crookston Water Works and Light Company

WILL PAY CASH

For 1,000 loads of Boulders to be delivered at the head of the mill race in Crookston. For further particulars enquire of

ED. PETERSON, Supt.

Closing Out at Cost!

I AM CLOSING OUT

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

General Merchandise

AT AND BELOW COST.

IF YOU WANT

BOOTS, SHOES

OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars interest due January 1, 1890, thirty five dollars, interest due July 1, 1890, and thirty-five dollars, interest due on the first day of January, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Mederic Desautells and Clanive his wife mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1887, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 55.

And, whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, with interest [illegible] thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 23d day of February, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the south half (s½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twelve (12), Town one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-four (44) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
[45-51] Attorney for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H Perkins and Mattie L. Perkins, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages on pages 51-54.

And, whereas, such default consists in the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1889 $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety-four and 47-100 ($594.47) dollars

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and north half of southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) of Range forty-one (41), containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 20th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
H. D. DICKINSON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 31] [45-51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest, which became due and payable on the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by John E. Ostgord and Betsy Ostgord his wife, of Polk County and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of June, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in volume "32" of mortgages, on pages 190 and 191.

And whereas a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon, said premises covered by said mortgage prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of nineteen and six hundreths dollars ($19.06), and on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1890, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of twenty-two and three hundreths dollars ($22.03); and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred twenty-three and eighty hundreths dollars ($523.80) and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The east half (e½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and east half (e½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of Section three (3) in Township one hundred forty-seven (147) Range forty-five (45), containing one hundred and fifty nine and 50-100 (159.50) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold a public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes, and twenty five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated Moorhead, Minnesota, Feb. 21st, 1890.

The Netherlands American Land Company,
Mortgagee.
W. B. Douglassand Ball & Smith,
[45-51] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale,

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 ($559.05) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Henry Johnston and Ella L. Johnston, his wife, mortgagors, to George McLean guardian, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of February, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, 1888, at 8 o'clock a. m, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 540 to 549; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of Section twenty-eight (28) in Township one hundred and forty-seven (147), in Range forty (40), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

GEORGE MCLEAN, Guardian.
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 PAIR OF BROOD MARES

Six years old with foal to thoroughbred Percheron Norman horse.

2 Geldings, 4 years old.

2 Mares, 4 years old.

1 good Driving Horse, 6 years old.

1 pair 2 year old Mares, 7-8 Norman Percheron.

1 pair good Norman Fillies.

Address THEO. GREENHALGH, city post office, or call at the farm in Fairfax. [40-45]

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches;
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of saide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

That wonderful genius, Thinglestad Bierly, who presides over the destinies of the Grand Forks News, East Grand Forks News and Grand Forks Bulletin, has discovered that it was all right for the county board to award the printing to the combine at double the amount of THE JOURNAL's bid, because, he says, THE JOURNAL man raises Holstein cattle! Because THE JOURNAL man invested big money in a fine breed of cattle which greatly benefits the farming interests of the county, and has paid thereon larger taxes than other business interests, proportionately, therefor, the tax payers of the county should pay for their printing twice what THE JOURNAL offered to do it for, one-third of which goes out of the county to help build up a Grand Forks institution that has never paid a cent of taxes into our treasury. That seems to us to be the thinnest excuse ever offered for robbing the taxpayer, but then we don't claim to be such a wonderfully brilliant genius as Thinglestad Bierly does; we don't claim to know more than the whole Northwest combined, so we may be mistaken, but we do not clearly see how his abuse of THE JOURNAL is going to relieve him of the odium of being a co-conspirator in the job by which the county is made to pay two prices for its work. Perhaps his brilliant genius will compensate the taxpayers, or perhaps the reflection that one-third of their money paid out for that purpose helps to build up Grand Forks. He does not pretend to say that the combine's bid benefits the taxpayers in the least, but only intimates that the bid of THE JOURNAL was purposely rejected because THE JOURNAL man is taxed to support the stock interests of the county. Thinglestad Bierly is very much like many other noble patriots in this country, wonderfully alive to the interests of the poor taxpayer when he can do their work at two prices, but that is about as far as his interest seems to go. He seems to think because he runs two or three little papers of Polk County, printing them in Grand Forks and sending them to their respective towns for distribution, that he is the biggest man in Polk County, and he looks down with scorn upon all the home papers of the county who pay their taxes here to support the county, especially when they have the temerity to cross his purposes. The people of this county have had too many such brilliant geniuses to support for their own good, but it does seem that P. T. Barnum's theory that the people like to be humbugged still holds true.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 19, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: One of the great pleasures of Capitol life was granted to the old and honored veterans, now lawmakers for this State, of which there are twenty-two. After the House had fairly opened, a kind and cordial invitation was extended to old soldier legislators to meet with the State Encampment then in session, at 11 o'clock. Soon before 11 a resolution was sent to the Speaker requesting that the invitation be accepted, which was adopted, and then from all parts of the House could be seen the old grey headed veterans leaving their seats with that joy and pleasure on their faces that none know save him who expects to meet and see his comrades near and dear to him as, almost, a brother, yet meet, perhaps, for the first time. No tongue can tell, no pen describe the feelings of a true soldier; of the ties that bind them as one man, yet many. After entering New-Market Hall, and after many hand shakes with friends and strangers, the legislative soldiers were asked to take seats on the stage and listen to the reports from the Soldier's Home, which, to me, were listened to with pleasure and yet with sadness. To think and know that so many of our brave and noble heroes, worthy of more than the name of soldier, who at this time cannot receive the comforts of home, and who cannot receive the comforts due him on account of room at the Soldier's Home. Sad, yet too true. Some, and I fear many, are languishing in a common poor house. Why? Hark, the echo answers why? Again, why? No room in the Minnesota Soldiers' Home. I sat high on the stage, where, looking down I could see many a wrinkled brow, and so many bald headed sons of Uncle Sam's, the thought came to me how many of these men, 29 years ago, at the beginning of the war, were then 30 years old. It is shown that a majority of our army were between the ages of 19 and 21, young, strong, healthy, with fiery blood of patriotism for liberty and the old flag. (Long may she wave.) Nearly thirty long years have passed since the first gun was fired; since our mothers (God bless them,) gave their sons for the freedom we all enjoy to-day, and I saw many who are just tottering on the brink of the grave, but a few more revielies and the taps, and the light will be out, as to-day two of our country's noble generals lie in state, and one, Gen. Sibley, in this city. A few more encampments, a few more friendly gatherings of the "Old Boys in Blue," and history will hand down to our children all that is left, and when that time comes may it be that our names are on the muster roll, where it shall be said "thou hast fought a good fight, enter ye in and enjoy that feast prepared for you!" In the evening, had the pleasure of my first camp fire with our country's braves, their wives and daughters, never to be forgotten by me so long as I have my mind. The songs were sung with feeling, and before the quartette was an empty chair. As they sang that good old song, "The Vacant Chair," many tears rolled down the cheeks of mothers then. To our comrades of Crookston, let me say your Post was represented by your delegates, and when I say I met Comrades Lucken and Geo. Truax, I surely felt proud of them. Quarter Master send me the amount of my dues and I will remit, and oblige. WM. CARLETON.

Persons familiar with the subject believe and assert that the flax grown in Minnesota and the Dakotas will turn out as good fibre as any in the world. This belief has assumed practical form in Minnesota. Linen mills are being built at Minneapolis and hundreds of tons of fibre will be needed. Will farmers help sustain the faith and work of the manufacturers? Hand broken and scutched fibre or tow is worth more than machine scutched, and any farmer with a few dollars' worth of tools can prepare from two to three hundred dollars worth of fibre during the winter and in the evenings and odds and ends of time of other seasons when not otherwise profitably employed. By right treatment both seed and fibre can be saved. We hope our farmers will give the matter careful thought this spring and put in a few acress with a view to making fibre and perhaps twine, for a machine of Minnesota invention will make it, it is claimed, at a cost of two cents a pound. A circular of information concerning the cultivation of flax for fibre and the manufacture o cheap breaking and scutching tools furnished free by W. W. Fegan local agent of the Great Northern Ry., or F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A. St. Paul, Minn.

Communicated.

Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Holmes entertained a company of friends at their residence, at Melvin, on Feb. 23d, the occasion being the tenth anniversary of their wedding. The jolly postmaster of Melvin and his charming wife proved themselves the most agreeable of entertainers, as all who were present and partook of the feast will testify, while the array of tinware on the side table gave evidence of the extreme usefulness of a tin wedding, and all join in wishing a fair and prosperous voyage adown the stream of life to the Melvin merchant and his family. E.

Won by Americans.

The Leading Prizes Come to the United States.

In The Queen's last word contest, Dr. Edmund T. Stevens, of Buffalo, N. Y., won the first prize of a trip to Europe and $200 in cash, and Annie B Turner, of Deposit, N. Y., secured the special prize of a handsome, Shetland pony.

The publishers of this well-known Magazine have decided to offer one more competition, and to the persons sending them the largest list of English words (of not less than four letters) constructed from letters contained in the three words, "Dominion of Canada" they offer many useful prizes, including $750 in cash, Shetland ponies, China Dinner Sets, Gold Watches, French Music Boxes, Portiere Curtains, Silk Dresses, Mantle Clocks, etc., all to be awarded strictly in order of merit. An elegant Silver Tea Service (valued $30) will be given each day to the persons from whom the largest list is received that day from the State in which they reside. The object of special Daily Prize for each States is to increase the interest in the The Queen's Competitions in every locality in the United States. Those desiring to contest for one of these valuable prizes may start on their list at once, but send six U. S. 2c stamps, and receive last number of The Queen with full particulars before forwarding your list. Address THE CANADIAN QUEEN.

Toronto, Canada.

A recent number of the Century Magazine contained a graphic account of the perils attending the trip of the first wagon train across the plains to California. It took over six months, every day of which was one of danger of hunger. Now the journey can be made in four and half a days via the Montana route of the Great Northern Railway, from St Paul or Minneapolis, in perfect safety and comfort, and three good meals a day.

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Anglim's.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb 26th, 1891]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($337.50) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christine Estby and John Estby, her husband, mortgagors, to Charles H. Jefferson, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of November, 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on pages 49 50 and 51, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number three (3), in South Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota; in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

CHARLES H. JEFFERSON, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred and eighty ($2,280) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is actually due, at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James B. Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller, as mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 507; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to The Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, situate lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten (10), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81) lots three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty-two, (82); all of block ninety-two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the ninth (9th) day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 26th, A. D. 1891.

The Hauser & Sons Malting Company,
Assignee of said Mortgagee.
By Paul Hauser, Sr.
President.

Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee.

[43-51] St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred thirty-five and 32 100 dollars, ($535.32) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James E Mitton and Mary M. Mitton, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert J. Adams, mortgagee, bearing date the 3d day of November, 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1884, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in book "S" of mortgages, on pages 520 to 533, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section Ten (10), Township one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-six, (46), west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred thirty-five and 32-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

ROBERT J. ADAMS, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALBERT GILMOUR AND Jane Gilmour, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Josiah Upton, of the County of Ontario, State of New York their mortgage bearing date of June 25th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The se¼ se¼ Section 6, ne¼ ne¼ Section 7, and n½ nw¼ Section 8, Township 147, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of July, A D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 35-36; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Josiah Upton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred twenty-five and 23-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 21st, A. D. 1891.

JOSIAH UPTON, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE-PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Of the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company.

For the purpose of organizing a corporation under Title one (1) of chapter thirty-four (34) of General Statutes 1878, and Acts amendatory thereto, the undersigned hereby associate ourselves together and adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this Corporation shall be the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company, and the general nature of its business shall be the locating, surveying, constructing and operating a line of railroad from some point on Rainy Lake River or on the International boundary line on Rainy Lake between Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods, in the State of Minnesota, to the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk in said State, and from said City of Crookston in a southwesterly direction to Southwest corner of said Polk County, thence westerly to the Pacific Ocean, or to a point of connection with some railroad already constructed and operated, or in process of construction, to the Pacific Ocean or to some of the arms, sounds or inlets thereof, and also a branch line from or near the crossing of said road over the Big Fork River to Vermillion Lake, and thence to Lake Superior, and to construct side-tracks, switches, depots, bridges, telegraph line and all other things necessary or suitable for the full prosecution of the business of operating and maintaining such railroad.

ARTICLE II.

The principal place of business of said Corporation shall be in the City of Crookston, County of Polk, and State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE III.

The time of the commencement of said Corporation shall be the first day of March A. D. 1891, and the period of its duration shall be one hundred years.

ARTICLE IV

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), divided into Two thousand shares of fifty dollars ($50) each, and the same shall be paid in at such times and in such manner as shall be required by the board of directors.

ARTICLE V.

The highest amount of indebtedness of said corporation shall at no time exceed the sum of five million dollars ($5,000,000).

ARTICLE VI

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Chas. E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, and George J. McManus of Duluth, Minn., and Andrew Elken, Thomas G. Thompson, William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe, Lars K. Asker, Fred Anderson, Chr. O. Christanson and H. H. Dickmann, all of Crookston, Minn.

ARTICLE VII

The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are as follows, to-wit: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of not less than Nine nor more than Eleven directors to be elected annually by and from the stock holders of said corporation as hereinafter provided.

The annual meeting for such election shall be held in the office of said Company in the City of Crookston on the first Tuesday in December of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified the said directors shall respectively continue to be such directors.

The directors shall, at their annual meeting to be held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders, elect a President, two Vice Presidents, Secretary, and Treasurer and may elect a General Manager, and until the next meeting as aforesaid.

Halvor Steenerson Shall be President
Charles E. Sawyer shall be 1st vice President.
John R. McKinnon shall be 2d vice President.

Olanus H. Lucken shall be Secretary, and
Lewis Ellington shall be Treasurer, and
Elias Steenerson shall be General Manager.

In case of resignation of any of said officers or directors, or their inability to act, their place shall be filled by the remainder of the board of directors at any meeting called and held for that purpose.

If for any reason the annual meeting for the election of the officers and directors shall not be held at the time above specified, it may be held at any time that the directors may appoint for the purpose, and at such place as they may previously direct.

In Witness Whereof, the said Incorporators have hereunto set their hands and seals, this 9th day of Feb., A. D. 1891.

In presence of
Alex. McKinnon,
E. M. Walsh.

Halvor Steenerson (Seal)
Franklin Bivins (Seal)
Lewis Ellington (Seal)
John H, Locken (Seal)
Elias Steenerson (Seal)
John R. McKinnon (Seal)
Max Ericsson (Seal)
Charles E. Sawyer (Seal)
Olavus H. Lucken (Seal)
George J. McMannus (Seal)
Andrew Elken (Seal)
Thomas G. Thompson (Seal)
William Marin (Seal)
Thomas H, Bjon (Seal)
A. Holmboe (Seal)
Lars K. Aaker (Seal)
Fred Anderson (Seal)
H. H. Dickmann (Seal)
C. O. Christianson (Seal)

State of Minnesota }
County of Polk } SS.

On this 9th day of February A. D. 1891 personally came before me, a notary public in and for said County: Halvor Steenerson, Franklin Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, Olavus H. Lucken, George J. McManus, Andrew Elken, Thomas G. Thompson William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe, Lars K. Aaker, Fred Anderson, H H. Dickmann and C. O. Christianson, to me known as the identical persons who executed the foregoing instrument, and each of said persons acknowledged the execution thereof, as his free act and deed for the uses and purposes in said instrument expressed.

ALEXANDER MCKINNON,
Notary Public, Polk County, Minnesota.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

TRY

O. J. BARNES,

THE

CITY GROCER!

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

IN

General Merchandise!

S. L. COLLINS

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $5,700

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

WM A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaes
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana | FARM LANDS
NeW TOWNS | 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. | LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. | Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth. | In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. | Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines. | These have made Montana the richest state per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. | Hunting, Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, Feb. 26, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:43 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.......................Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON-BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m......................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.....................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northwestern Agriculturist—: Some farmers, and especially farmers' boys, get an idea that sharp practice which may give a temporary advantage will not work to their permanent injury. But there is no business in which it pays to be dishonest and untruthful, and this is true of the farmer's business as in any other. If there is misrepresentation and attempted cheating by a farmer who brings his products to market he is thence forward a marked man, and must always sell what he has to offer under suspicion. The farmer who builds up a reputation for honesty and fairidealing, can sell in the poorest market and can get favors which men of doubtful repute are refused. It pays boys, especially, to be always truthful, honest and straightforward. Every man who knows him is ready to help such a boy, and he never will want for friends and good wishes. A good name is better than great riches.

Farm Accounts Must be Kept.

S. H. Cutting, in Farm and Home.

The main, and perhaps the sole reason, why farming dosen't pay is because of the guess work which is largely practiced by farmers. Ask a man how much he made on his sheep or potatoes and he will say good, fair or bad, as the case may be. This is not because he dosen't want to say, but because he is utterly unable to give a decided reply. The excuse for not keeping a strict account is, that they can't do it or such things don't come handy to them. This is usually an exaggeration, but if you cannot, or are not disposed to, just put that girl at it who lately graduated from the high school at your expense, or that bright boy, who, you feared, won't take to farming.

Even that school teacher you married some 20 years ago because she was the tidiest girl about would be glad to do it if she thought you would be good natured about it. But few farmers do more business than can be carried in the head until evening, when it can be written up at leisure. In case of too much for the memory a note book carred in the pocket will be the thing. It is no use to say that a strict account cannot be kept as to the cost of crops, for the changes bearing them are no more sudden or fluctuating than those of the merchant's markets, which depend largely on the production of the soil. When you know exactly where your profits come from and your losses originate you can drop those branches which do not increase your income and turn the time and attention given to them to increasing the production of the paying crops.

The Courage of Innocence.

National Economist.

The New York Times, with its usual simplicity, is constrained to remark:

"The declarations of the Farmers Alliance of Minnisota indicate very plainly the political tendency of the organization in the Northwest, and show that there is no likelihood that it will develop into a "third party." It is much more likely to serve the purpose of a bridge whereby a large proportion of the agricultural voters of that section will pass over from the party ground which they have occupied in the past to the Democratic fields, provided always that the Democratic party does nothing to repel accessions to its ranks by a reactionary course. The most important features of the Minnesota platform are simply emphatic declarations of Democratic doctrine on the subject of tariff reform and sectionalism. The convention refused to accept the platform of the National Alliance at Ocala, and ignored the wild sub-treasury scheme which threatened to isolate the organization from all sympathy with the political parties of the country"

Just as though the Minnesota State Alliance belonged to the National Farmers Alliance and Industrial Union. The Times would like it to go out to the world that the State Alliance of Minnesota had rebelled. But the wish was father to the thought, and the plain fact that this Minnesota State meeting was held under authority of the Northwestern Alliance destroys the effect of this bit of fiction. This bridge which is to lead the Alliance, etc., is a beautiful figure of speech that is also demolished. This sort of speculative dreaming does not stop with the above. It further says:

Upon financial questions the Farmers Alliance is essentially weak, because those who formulate its doctrines have no clear conception of financial principles and the practical effect of legislation affecting the currency. They have general notion that the "volume of money" is inadequate to the "requirements of trade and business,' and are in favor of increasing it.

How patronizing and kind. One would conclude, that the writer had failed to learn of the late political disaster, or to read even carelessly the certain signs of coming events.

When another national canvas comes on to arouse the people on the issues of the day, minor and doubtful questions will be lost sight of and attention will be concentrated upon one or two vital matters. The leading issues of 1895 are almost certain to be reform of the tariff and burial of sectionalism.

Here is a case of boiled-down innocence. The tariff reform and burial of sectionalism, indeed. What a combination; something on the order of fire and water. The one prominent measure that has kept alive the feeling, of sectional hate is the tariff. Whenever the people of the North and South have begun to exhibit an increase of fraternal fellowship, the old ghost of tariff reform has been brought out on one side or the other, and upon that issue the sections have been arrayed against each other. This question has been the bane of better fraternal conditions, and always will be while in the hands of scheming politicians. The questions of tariff will not be the issue in 1892, and the two old parties might as well consent to it now as later.

The Baltimore American gives the following: A most remarkable spectacle was witnessed in Paris the other day when the new loan was issued. The people began to collect about the place of issue for at least twenty hours before the time specified for receiving subscriptions, Many of them camped all night in the vicinity in order to retain their places in line. The wealthy people vied with the poorer classes, their carriages standing in the streets to wait until the doors were thrown open; but there was no favoritism on account of ranks or riches. All had to take their places as they arrived. "First come, first served," was the rule, and the loan of 860,000,000 of francs was subscribed for over and over again in a few hours. It was in the fullest sense of the word a popular loan, and most clearly attested the patriotism of the people, and their absolute confidence in the Government and the future of France. But the feature most interesting to Americans was the striking contrast between the manner of issuing this French loan and that which prevails in the United States. In France the bonds were made to represent small amounts, fifty francs or about $10, and were issued directly to subscribers those subscribing for single bonds being given the preference. In this way the humblest citizen with $10 in his pocket can buy a bond drawing 3 per cent interest. The government thus becomes a savings bank for the masses of the people, and the latters' interest in the maintenance of the government, and of peace also, is increased tenfold. In the United States loans are farmed out to bankers, who are paid a commission, and who also make a heavy per cent in issuing them. The object heretofore has been not to secure popular subscriptions, the bidders for the heaviest blocks of stock have always been referred.

The Investigator (Atlantic, Iowa) says: No man can have a better reason for agitating reform movements than the fact that he is suffering under old unimproved conditions. The man who is poor and in debt and held back by strong men who have all sorts of advantages of him, is the first man who should agitate a reformation in our finance system; the well-fixed man does not care to have a change. Not infrequently do we hear some rich man or his hireling criticizing and kicking a poor devil, who has lost his money through the strength and cunning of others which the law sanctions, for preaching and agitating equality before the law. It has always been the poor and down-trodden and despised who have brought about conditions of improvement in government and society. There is no act more noble, no sight more inspiring, than that of a fallen man or woman trying to rise up out of the miserable condition into which greedy and selfish inhumanity has shoved him. Such men and women need help, encouragement, at least a fair consideration of their efforts, from the strong; but they hardly ever receive anything but insults and kicks. The majority of Republican editors are meaner, cheekier, more contemptible than the man who would refuse to pull a sick man out of a mud hole in a road on a rainy day. The English language has no invective poison enough to apply to some of their cases, no paraphrastic prod prickly enough to puncture into their feeling.

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Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
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THE HERALD, Grand Forks, N. D.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated December 29th, 1887, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, December 31st, 1837, in book 34 of mortgages, page 461, whereby Albert Drager, an unmarried man, mortgageor, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-five (45), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof $370.12, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $22.20, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $392.32. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22, 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 12th, 1883, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 12th, 1883, in book K of mortgages, page 91, whereby Andrew Steenerson and Bertha Steenerson, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), in township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of range forty-eight (48), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $462.50, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $18.99, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $481.49. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated July 21st, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, July 23d, 1888, in book 36 of mortgages, page 375, whereby Geo. Galland and Keziah Galland, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $204.50. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 22nd, 1889, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 23rd, 1889, in book 42 of mortgages, page 41, whereby Albert Iten and Sophronia Iten, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), all in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $467.51. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.
Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.
[40-46]

[First publication Feb. 12th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK, In District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Frederick K. McKeen, Plaintiff, vs. James B. Holmes, The Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust Company, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, Defendants.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale under Judgment and Decree. Foreclosure of Mechanics' Liens.

Whereas, a certain judgment was duly obtained, entered and docketed in the District court, in the County of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, in the 4th Judicial District, on the 13th day of December, 1890, and whereas a transcript and certified copy of said judgment was thereafter, to-wit: on the 4th day of February, 1891, duly filed and docketed in the Clerk's office in the District Court, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, in the 14th Judicial District, in the above entitled action, in favor of said plaintiff, Frederick K. McKeen and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of two hundred eighty-seven and 73-100ths dollars, ($278.87), including interests and costs, and in favor of said defendant, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of five thousand four hundred eighty-one and ninety-one one-hundredths dollars, ($5,481.01), including interests and costs, and whereas, in said judgment it was decreed that the judgment so rendered in favor of said plaintiff to the full extent thereof, including interests and costs, and the judgment so rendered in favor of said defendants, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company to the extent of five thousand four hundred sixty-two and 6-100ths ($5,462.06) dollars, including interests and costs, to be specific liens upon the land and appurtenances in said judgment described, situate in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: That tract of land known as block one hundred two (102), of Rail Road Addition to the Town of Red Lake Falls, being a portion of lot six, (6), in Section sixteen, (16), in Township one hundred fifty-one, (151), Range forty-four, (44), of which certain Flouring Mills are a part of the appurtenances, co-ordinate with other, and prior and superior to any right, title, lien or claim to or in said land or appurtenances of the said defendants, James B. Holmes, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, or the Minnesota Title Insurance Company or any of them. And whereas it was in said judgment decreed and ordered that the Sheriff of said Polk County State of Minnesota, sell said land and appurtenances at public auction as by law in such cases made and provided, to satisfy said judgment and interest thereon, together with costs of said sale, and to pay the proceeds of said sale, after deducting all lawful expenses and charges thereof to and between said Frederick K. McKeen and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, to the amount of their respective judgments and liens given.

Provided, if said net proceeds be insufficient, then to distribute the same pro rata among and between said judgment creditors; a certified copy of said judgment and decree having been duly served upon and delivered to me. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described land and appurtenances thereon, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor in accordance with and as directed in said decree on the 30th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the county Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment and claims, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 11th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
WHITE & EVANS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Defendant,
Willford and Northway Mf'g Company.
[42-48]

Industrial World (Spokane Falls Wash) says:

There has never been a dissenting State Alliance on the sub-treasury bill, and out of a total vote of thirty six States at the national meeting only four votes were cast against it. We think that the sub treasury will not only smash the Democratic party but the Republican also. These old parties are backed by the money rings of Wall street, and they will use this party machinery to ignore and kill this bill. The party politicians flocked to the Ocala meeting to defeat this bill, but failed. These same men have flocked to the different State Alliances for the purpose, but have everywhere failed. The fight is on. All of the subsidized daily papers are, without exception, united in discouraging the discussion and consideration of this bill. The politicians are everywhere fighting it, as there is a deadly fear in their minds that it will force itself to the front and smash them and their parties. Alliance men and mechanics also, should force this bill to the front, and never to lose an opportunity to put in a good word for it and the land loan bill. It will be to the people like a man who is pulled out of a mudpond and dressed in a new suit of clothes. They are the beginning of a series of much needed reforms

Scarcity on fat cattle in Montana.

Rocky Mountain Husbandman.

The indications are now that there will be a scarcity of fat cattle for the home market in Montana. So scant was the feed supply and so anxious were our people in regard to the safe wintering of their stock that few of them detemined to feed their steers for the spring market, rather preferring to make the common herd safe than in danger it in the least by keeping their best steers in prime condition. However, there is yet time for the feeding of a few steers. The present outlook of the winter would seem to indicate that there would be hay left, and some who have a good supply on hand may yet conclude to feed their best steers. These have not as yet fallen off a great deal and if put on big feed would come out quite nicely in the spring. Fat four-year-old steers will bring a good price in the spring; but we would not advice the feeding project if it would in any manner endanger the remainder of the herd. Much of Montana's early beef supply in the spring, comes from Chicago, and unless prices improve there will be no big money in feeding. However, for points away from the railroad the feeder can count on good round figures for fat stock after March 1st and from that time until the middle of June—the time for the coming in of grass-fed beef again.

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THE PRESS,
Potter Building, 38 Park Row,
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U. S. LAND OFFICE. Crookston, Minn., Dec. 16th, 1890. Complaint having been entered at this office by Lars Abelson against Taylor H. Wolford for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 1,990, dated May 7th 1881, upon the southeast one-quarter Section 24 Township 154 N, Range 47, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Taylor H. Wolford has not during the four years last past, planted trees, tree cuttings or tree seeds on said tract, and has not cultivated or in any way improved same during said period; that there is now not to exceed one acre of growing trees on said land and that the whole of said land is in a wild state; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 25th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[43-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Of the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company.

For the purpose of organizing a corporation under Title one (1) of chapter thirty four (34) of General Statutes 1878, and Acts amendatory thereto, the undersigned hereby associate ourselves together and adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this Corporation shall be the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company, and the general nature of its business shall be the locating, surveying, constructing and operating a line of railroad from some point on Rainy Lake River or on the International boundary line on Rainy Lake between Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods, in the State of Minnesota, to the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk in said State, and from said City of Crookson in a southwesterly direction to Southwest corner of said Polk County, thence westerly to the Pacific Ocean, or to a point of connection with some railroad already constructed and operated, or in process of construction, to the Pacific Ocean or to some of the arms, sounds or inlets thereof, and also a branch line from or near the crossing of said road over the Big Fork River to Vermillion Lake, and thence to Lake Superior, and to construct side-tracks, switches, depots, bridges, telegraph line and all other things necessary or suitable for the full prosecution of the business of operating and maintaining such railroad.

ARTICLE II.

The principal place of business of said Corporation shall be in the City of Crookston, County of Polk, and State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE III.

The time of the commencement of said Corporation shall be the first day of March A. D. 1891, and the period of its duration shall be one hundred years.

ARTICLE IV

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), divided into Two thousand shares of fifty dollars ($50) each, and the same shall be paid in at such times and in such manner as shall be required by the board of directors.

ARTICLE V.

The highest amount of indebtedness of said corporation shall at no time exceed the sum of five million dollars ($5,000,000).

ARTICLE VI

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Earleson, Chas. E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, and George J. McManus of Duluth, Minn., and Andrew Eiken, Thomas G. Thompson, William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe, Lars K. Aaker, Fred Anderson, Chr. O. Christianson and H. H. Dickmann, all of Crookston, Minn.

ARTICLE VII

The names of the first board of directors o said corporation are as follows, to-wit: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of not less than Nine nor more than Eleven directors to be elected annually by and from the stock holders of said corporation as hereinafter provided.

The annual meeting for such election shall be held in the office of said Company in the City of Crookston on the first Tuesday in December of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified the said directors shall respectively continue to be such directors.

The directors shall, at their annual meeting to be held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders, elect a President, two Vice Presidents, Secretary, and Treasurer and may elect a General Manager, and until the next meeting as aforesaid.

Halvor Steenerson Shall be President.
Charles E. Sawyer shall be 1st vice President.
John R. McKinnon shall be 2st vice President.
Olanus H. Lucken shall be Secretary, and
Lewis Ellington shall be Treasurer, and
Elias Steenerson shall be General Manager.

In case of resignation of any of said officers or directors, or their inability to act, their place shall be filled by the remainder of the board of directors at any meeting called and held for that purpose.

If for any reason the annual meeting for the election of the officers and directors shall not be held at the time above specified, it may be held at any time that the directors may appoint for the purpose.

In Witness Whereof, the said Incorporators have hereunto set their hands and seals, this 9th day of Feb., A. D. 1891,

In presence of
Alex. McKinnon,
E. M. Walsh.

Halvor Steenerson (Seal)
Franklin Bivins (Seal)
Lewis Ellington (Seal)
John H. Locken (Seal)
Elias Steenerson (Seal)
John R. McKinnon (Seal)
Max Ericsson (Seal)
Charles E. Sawyer (Seal)
Olavus H. Lucken (Seal)
George J. McMaunus (Seal)
Andrew Eiken (Seal)
Thomas G. Thompson (Seal)
William Marin (Seal)
Thomas H. Bjon (Seal)
A. Holmboe (Seal)
Lars K. Aaker (Seal)
Fred Anderson (Seal)
H. H. Dickmann (Seal)
C. O. Christianson (Seal)

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Polk }

On this 9th day of February A. D. 1891 personally come before me, a notary public in and for said County: Halvor Steenerson, Franklin Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, Olavus H. Lucken, George J. McManus, Andrew Eiken, Thomas G. Thompson, William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe, Lars K. Aaker, Fred Anderson, H. H. Dickmann, and C. O. Christianson, to me known as the identical persons who executed the foregoing instrument, and each of said persons acknowledged the execution thereof, as his free act and deed for the uses and purposes in said instrument expressed.

ALEXANDER McKINNON,
Notary Public, Polk County, Minnesota.

[First publication Feb. 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Feb. 4th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Johannes J. Bjornstad, executor of the estate of Nils O. Paulsrud, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard, by the Judge of this Court on Tuesday, the 3d day of March, A. D. 1891 at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, this 4th day of February, A. D. 1890.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[43-44] Judge of Probate.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum.

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 5, 1891. NO. 46

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

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LUCKY WASHBURN.

He Can Get Help From Democrats When He Wants It.

St. Paul, Special to Duluth Tribune, Feb. 22.—A Washington dispatch says: It is a peculiar fact that Senator Washburn was the only man who secured an advance in the salaries of consular offices, getting a raise for W. R. Coates of $1,000, although a dozen old and new senators proposed amendments to the bill increasing the salaries of officers whose appointments they had secured. It was also observed that Senator Washburn secured the support of the democrats, with few exceptions. That recalls the fact that when Washburn broke away from the hide bound men of his party and voted to lay aside the force bill, the democratic senators asserted that whenever Washburn wanted anything he could depend upon democratic support. It was generally stated among those senators who failed to get the desired increase, that the democrats remembered the men who voted with them although no one inferred that there had been any trade or understanding between the democrats and Washburn.

Why They Want to Wind it Up.

Fergus Falls Telegram to Evening Journal, Feb. 25.—The Minnesota Farmers' Mutual Live Stock Association, for which an application to wind it up has been made, is an assessment live stock insurance company, which has been doing business here for the past four years. Everything went well until the losses were so great that assessments became high. Then a big kick arose all over the state, but under the contract each member bound himself to stay in the association for three years. In order to enforce the collections hundreds of suits have been brought. The association has won its suits in every instance, so a move has been made to have the attorney general wind the company up on the ground that such insurance is not authorized under the laws of the state.

Good Advice.

Industrial Union, Columbus, Ohio.

The importance of electing three well-qualified officers for each sub-alliance cannot be over-estimated. The following especially:

1. Good man for president, especially interested in the cause, enthusiastic, and who will make a good presiding officer.

2. Man for secretary whose education qualifies him to keep correct minutes of the meetings.

3. Lecturer, who should be well versed in the questions of the day and study the principles and objects of the order. He should at each meeting be ready to suggest, or speak, or read something to the alliance, and thus excite discussion in the body.

Remember these hints.

National Economist: The alliance has now reached the danger line of its existence. It is too strong to be injured and its principles are too just to be fairly and openly contested. Trickery and special pleadings on the part of its enemies are the only effective weapons that can now be used. The order should now be prepared for this, and remember that unity of action and faith in each other is the only defense against such attacks. Let the membership stand together as one man, and make the fight for home and family.

The Ottumwa (Iowa) World says: The idea of electing United States senators by direct vote of the people is growing more popular all the time. The Indiana legislature has adopted a resolution endorsing the change, and it's only a question of time when the pressure in favor of it will compel Congress to adopt a constitutional amendment providing therefor.

The Alliant, (Concordia, Kan.,) says: The hard lesson of the present now being learned in interest-paying has been studied during every age of the world's history. The little, common, everyday, legal interest has absorbed homes, lands, crowns, kingdoms. To-day capital is grasping and absorbing the homes and lands of free America. To see the fruits of its work you have only to look at the result in your township and county, then bear in mind that the same thing is transpiring in a greater part of the United States. Many more homes and farms will go into the same voxtex by virtue of the indebtedness now hanging over them. Local causes have, in a great measure, caused much of the failure of the borrowers to pay their indebtedness, but a general contraction of the circulating money, the debt-paying power, has been the prime cause of so many failures to pay, and consequent foreclosures. The people can arrest the tide and leave to the coming generation a better system of finance.

AID TO SETTLERS.

Action in the Senate to Reimburse Them for Lands.

OWNED BY THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Senator Pierce Asks for an Investigation of the Case.

Special to the Minneapolis Journal.

Washington, Feb. 23.—A joint resolution was introduced in the senate and house to-day that is of great importance to settlers in the eastern portion of North Dakota. This resolution was presented by Senator Pierce in the senate and Representative Hansbrough in the house. It provides that the secretary of the interior be directed to negotiate with the Great Northern Railway Company, subject to the approval of congress, with a view to securing its consent to make selections of other public lands not universal in character, in lieu of such lands to which it is entitled by reason of the decision of the supreme court Dec. 22, 1890, in the case of the Manitoba Railroad Company against Ransom Phelps, and to inquire what legislation is necessary to protect the settlers on the lands of the company or to remunerate them for the loss of their homes.

The secretary of the interior is also directed to report to congress progress or the result of such negotiations at a date not later than Dec. 15. 1891. The residents on sections of North Dakota, interested in this matter, are fully cognizant of its importance. By the results of this decision the Great Northern railroad is entitled to thousands of acres in improved and valuable lands now occupied by settlers in that state. Some property thus affected is located in Richland county and in the city of Wahpeton. Under the supreme court decision it further appears that the Great Northern road is entitled to a large amount of land along the line of definite location of the St. Vincent branch of this road for a distance of about 160 miles, from Fargo to Pembina. A great deal of this land has been purchased from the Northern Pacific road under its primary indemnity land grants. It is said that 5,000 acres of Dwights farm is in controversy and a large tract of the Grandin farm. Senator Casey has been working to bring about a settlement of the difficulty ever since the decision was rendered. He has been assisted by J. N. Pinney, of Fargo, as the representative of the settlers.

The joint resolution will pass before this session closes, and it is understood in North Dakota that the Great Northern officials will agree to the proposed transference of their rights by selecting other lands in lieu of the lands involved in the decision.

The conference report on the bill providing for the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians was presented and agreed to.

Ada, Minn, Special to the St. Paul Globe. Feb. 30.—The Minnesota Mutual Live Stock Insurance company of Fergus Falls, sued about a hundred farmers in this county for assessments due, which the farmers refused to pay. The suit came off to-day, and the farmers were out en masse to fight their cases. Mr. Erickson, of Fergus Falls, secretary of the insurance company, and his lawyers were also here. Mr. Errickson was the man who worked up the insurance in this county and when the farmers found that he was there to fight them they were infuriated and decided to scare him into a relinquishment of his claims against them. They got their men together, and after procuring a rope, went in search of Mr. Erickson, whom they found in his room at the Ada house. Their spokesman told him what they came for, and, after some parleying and flourishing a noosed end of a piece of hemp, Mr. Erickson gave up his suit and gave the farmers a release of the company's claims against them, he having learned previous to the time of the farmers' visit that the farmers' attorney, H. H. Phelps, of this city, had got a ruling from attorney General Clapp that the suit could be quashed on account of the insurance company not having been legally incorporated.

The Trying Season on Farm Stock.

Prairie Farmer.

It is not sufficiently considered by farmers that during the winter there is a constant warfare going on between the animal heat of the body and the chemically low temperature always present during the winter months. The bodily temperature, in health about 98 degrees, has no contest with the weather outside during the summer while the thermometer registers 75 degrees to 90 Fahr. At any rate, so far as is known, the difference of a few degrees between the bodily heat and temperature of the atmosphere is not damaging to the farm beast in the direction of causing the taking up of adipose matter previously accumulated, or of preventing the deposit of fat, all other conditions being favorable to this.

Pursuing this line of thought there is a constant effort going on between all bodies in contact, to effect an "evening up of temperature." If the body of an animal be placed in contact with a body of ice there will be a constant interchange of temperature between the two—the heat from the animal's body being expended in melting that portion of the ice in contact with it, the temperature of the animal's body being lowered while the contact continues. Now, this illustrates what is going on in the case of animals exposed to a low temperature, and where the exposure is in a current of cold air, moving rapidly, then the tax on the beast—the abstraction of animal heat—will be severe in proportion to the rapidity of the current and the severity of the cold. Hence we see animals making the endeavor to screen themselves from cold by placing a fence, a building, a hay stack, or a hill slope between themselves and a cold current.

In a stable having two rows of stalls, one facing the west and the other the east if a cold current prevails against the west side of the enclosure, the animal occupying that side will not only be affected by the cold current—pretty much regardless of the sort of building they are in—but the animal heat from the bodies of the animals on the cold side of the building will pass in a steady current to the bodies of those occupying the opposite side, simply because the current tends that way. It may be said to be drawing it very fine when we say that the beasts occupying the side of the stable where the wind strikes will require more food during the continuance of such a condition than will be needed by those on the opposite side, depending upon the charater of he wall between the animals and the outer air.

Under the advanced position of the present day (referring to turning of long yearlings for beef) an immense gain is offered the farmer, in that he can market his steers before entering upon their second winter. It requires an extraordinary summer gain—more than is usually made—to compensate for the loss through winter; food is expending while not only is no gain in weight being made, but on the contrary, as a rule, loss in weight occurs. The sophism that "farm animals well summered are half wintered," is an error fatal to profitable feeding. In cold climate it requires better provisions and vastly more care than are usually given farm animals to enable the feeder to hold to the growth and gain secured during the season of grass.

The demands within the body of the beasts are as imperious as are the demands of the moving locomotive with a heavy train attached, and no ingenious sophistry can take the place of shelter and proper feed in the one case, nor of plenty of fuel in the fire box in the other. G. S.

Prairie Farmer:—Our Mr. Shepherd says in relation to a fair understanding of the age of sheep, that at one year there are two large teeth in the center of the jaw, and two are added each year up to five years, when the sheep is said to have a "full mouth." After this the age cannot, with accuracy, be told by the teeth, and unless the animal is vigorous has nearly outlived its usefulness, and should be prepared for the butcher. And now the question comes up how many boys under fifteen can tell how many front teeth a sheep has in the under jaw?

The Free Coinage Bill.

National Economist.

The full text of the free coinage bill introduced by Mr. Vest and adopted by the Senate is as follows:

> A bill to provide for a unit of value and for the coinage of gold and silver and for other purposes.

That from and after the date of the passage of this act the unite of value in the United States shall be the dollar, and the same may be coined of 412½ grains of standard silver, or twenty-five and eight-tenths grains of standerd gold, and the said coin shall be legal tender for all debts, public and private. That hereafter any owner of silver or gold bullion may deposit the same at any mint of the United States to be formed into standard dollars or bars for his benefit and without charge; but it shall be lawful to refuse any deposit of less than $100, or any bullion so base as to be unsuitable for the operations of the mint.

Section 2. That the provisions of section 3 of "an act to authorize the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to restore its legal tender character," which became a law February 28, 1879, is hereby made applicable to the coinage in this act provided for.

Section 3 That the certificates provided for in the second section of this act shall be of denominations of not less than $1 nor more than $100, and such certificates shall be redeemed in coinage of standard value. A sufficient sum to carry out the provisions of this act is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. So much of the act of July 14, 1890, entitled an act directing the purchase of silver bullion, and the issue of treasury notes thereon and for other purposes as requires the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion per month, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 4. That the certificates provided for in this act, and all silver and gold certificates already issued, shall be received for all taxes and dues to the United States of every discription, and shall be a legal tender for the payment of all debts, public and private.

Section 5. The owners of bullion deposited for coinage shall have the option to receive coin or its equivalent in the certificates provided for in this act, and such bullion shall be subsequently coined.

This bill not only gives the people free coinage of silver, but again places the unit of money where Hamilton placed it, with the silver dollar. The coinage act of 1873 changed this unit from silver to gold for the purpose of making the burden of debt more oppressive. By this act the wrong is righted and greed of the despoiler checked.

A Hundred-Year Loan.

National Economist

There has been a great deal said and written about the authority of the government to lend money. A certain class of politicians have held up their hands in holy horror at the idea of infringing upon the constitution by allowing the government to lend money. These same politicians favored the loan of funds by the national government to the New Orleans exposition and to the centennial exposition, and many of them favored the indorsement by the United States government of the Union Pacific railroad funds. United States treasury notes are obligations of the United States government to pay, and lending them to individuals must be on a par with lending of United States credit in any other shape to individuals and corporations; hence the indorsement of the Pacific railroad funds by the United States government was equivalent to lending that amount of money or treasury notes. The bonds could not have been floated at near so much without the government indorsement, which made them valuable at once. The farmers of this country advance the proposition that the government shall issue Treasury notes against the most potential form of all value, that which is demanded by the people of this government to be consumed every year, as the safest plan on which to base a currency that shall relieve the regular annual stringency that must accompany the augmented demand for money during the crop season—a stringency that deranges all branches of business, and threatens the country with a crisis and crash every year. These same politicians, ostensibly indifferent through their great veneration for the Constitution, but really indifferent through their love for the exploiting element that controls Wall street" hold up their hands in holy horror at this plan indorse the one given below. They have but one object, and and that is to perpetuate and increase the debt of the United States so as to keep the people paying interest which shall be a tribute to a fund that shall be used to perpetuate favoritism. The time is past, gentlemen, when such diabolical schemes as this can be perpetrated at the expense of the honest producers in this country. They will rise up in righteous indignation at such an effort to rob them as is demonstrated in the following article. The cry is: No more debts; no more bonds; pay cash as you go; increase the volume of money so as to make it adequate to perform the business of the country, to the end that every man may pay cash and this noxious credit system be abolished.

Mr. Sherman, from the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a bill to amend the act of February, 1889, incorporating the Nicaragua Canal Company and authorizing the issue of bonds guaranteed by the United States. The report recites the importance of the canal project, treats in detail of the history of past negotiations on the subject and maintains that the proceeding of Great Britain at Belize, on the Mosquito coast, discharged the United States from its engagement with Great Britain in 1850 to refrain from exercising control of any part of Central America. The report says that the work of the private corporation on the canal has advanced with great rapidity; that the total cost of the project will be but one-third more than the Welland canal, and that it will be completed within six years. The full cost of the work is set down at $100,000,000. The committee feels that to secure this amount of money the company will be obliged to sell bonds at a large discount. Consequently it will be necessary to impose heavy tolls on shipping, and as the canal would really constitute a part of the coast line of the United States, the burden would be largely borne by the American people. Therefore the committee beleves that it would be the part of economy, aside from the considerations of national policy, for the United States to guarantee the bonds of the company to the amount of $100,000,000, so that they may be sold at par, with the result of reducing first, the actual expenditures of the company and second the tolls, which would otherwise amount $12,500,000 annually. In its present form the bill meets the objections raised by President Cleveland to the treaty negotiated in 1884, as it does not commit the United States to the defense of the territorial integrity of the Centrial American States. The capital stock of the company is to be limited to $100,000,000. The existing stock and contracts of the company are to be made to comform to the requirements of the bill. To secure the means to contract and complete the canal the company is authorized to issue bonds in denominations of not less than $100, nor more than $1,000 to an amount not exceeding $100,000,000, to be dated January 1, 1891, and to be payable January 1, 1991, with interest at the rate of 3 per cent, payable quarterly. The bonds are to be secured by a first mortgage on the property and rights of property of the canal company, including all concessions and freanchises, and the mortgage is to be so framed as to be a first lien under the laws of Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The bonds are to be printed and deposited in the United States Treasury, and are to be issued by the Secretary of the Treasury to the company only as the work on the canal progresses. The bonds are to bear the guarantee of the United States for principal and interest as it accrues, and the company is to issue no other bonds. The Secretary is authorized to pay the interest on the bonds as it becomes due if not paid by the company and an indefinite appropriation for the purpose is embodied in the bill. If the company fails to pay the interest as it falls due, and upon the payment thereof by the United States, the company is required to pay to the United States the amounts paid by the United States on the guarantee, with interest annually at 4 per cent until paid. For sums paid by the United States under the guarantee the United States is to be subrogated to the rights under the mortgage which the bondholders would have had if the same had remained unpaid by the company and had not been paid by the United States.

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ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Of the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company.

For the purpose of organizing a corporation under Title one (1) of chapter thirty four (34) of General Statutes 1878, and Acts amendatory thereto, the undersigned hereby associate ourselves together and adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this Corporation shall be the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company, and the general nature of its business shall be the locating, surveying, constructing and operating a line of railroad from some point on Rainy Lake River or on the International boundary line on Rainy Lake between Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods, in the State of Minnesota, to the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk in said State, and from said City of Crookson in a southwesterly direction to Southwest corner of said Polk County, thence westerly to the Pacific Ocean, or to a point of connection with some railroad already constructed and operated, or in process of construction, to the Pacific Ocean or to some of the arms, sounds or inlets thereof, and also a branch line from or near the crossing of said road over the Big Fork River to Vermillion Lake, and thence to Lake Superior, and to construct side-tracks, switches, depots, bridges, telegraph line and all other things necessary or suitable for the full prosecution of the business of operating and maintaining such railroad.

ARTICLE II.

The principal place of business of said Corporation shall be in the City of Crookston, County of Polk, and State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE III.

The time of the commencement of said Corporation shall be the first day of March A. D. 1891, and the period of its duration shall be one hundred years.

ARTICLE IV

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), divided into Two thousand shares of fifty dollars ($50) each, and the same shall be paid in at such times and in such manner as shall be required by the board of directors.

ARTICLE V.

The highest amount of indebtedness of said corporation shall at no time exceed the sum of five million dollars ($5,000,000).

ARTICLE VI

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington. John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Earieson, Chas. E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken all of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, and George J. McManus of Duluth, Minn., and Andrew Eiken, Thomas G. Thompson, William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe, Lars K. Asker, Fred Anderson, Chr. O. Christanson and H. H. Dickmann, all of Crookston, Minn.

ARTICLE VII

The names of the first board of directors o said corporation are as follows, to-wit: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington. John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of not less than Nine nor more than Eleven directors to be elected annually by and from the stock holders of said corporation as hereinafter provided.

The annual meeting for such election shall be held in the office of said Company in the City of Crookston on the first Tuesday in December of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified the said directors shall respectively continue to be such directors.

The directors shall, at their annual meeting to be held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders, elect a President, two Vice Presidents, Secretary, and Treasurer and may elect a General Manager, and until the next meeting as aforesaid.

Halvor Steenerson Shall be President.
Charles E. Sawyer shall be 1st vice President.
John R. McKinnon shall be 2st vice President.
Olanus H. Lucken shall be Secretary, and
Lewis Ellington shall be Treasurer, and
Elias Steenerson shall be General Manager.

In case of resignation of any of said officers or directors, or their inability to act, their place shall be filled by the remainder of the board of directors at any meeting called and held for that purpose.

If for any reason the annual meeting for the election of the officers and directors shall not be held at the time above specified, it may be held at any time that the directors may appoint for the purpose, and at such place as they may previously direct.

In Witness Whereof, the said Incorporators have hereunto set their hands and seals, this 9th day of Feb., A. D. 1891,

In presence of
Alex. McKinnon,
E. M. Walsh.

Halvor Steenerson	(Seal)
Franklin Bivins	(Seal)
Lewis Ellington	(Seal)
John H. Locken	(Seal)
Elias Steenerson	(Seal)
John R. McKinnon	(Seal)
Max Ericsson	(Seal)
Charles E. Sawyer	(Seal)
Olavus H. Lucken	(Seal)
George J. McMannus	(Seal)
Andrew Eiken	(Seal)
Thomas G. Thompson	(Seal)
William Marin	(Seal)
Thomas H. Bjon	(Seal)
A. Holmboe	(Seal)
Lars K. Asker	(Seal)
Fred Anderson	(Seal)
H. H. Dickmann	(Seal)
C. O. Christianson	(Seal)

State of Minnesota }
County of Polk } ss.

On this 9th day of February A. D. 1891 personally come before me, a notary public in and for said County, Halvor Steenerson, Franklin Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, Olavus H. Lucken, George J. McManus, Andrew Eiken, Thomas G. Thompson, William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe, Lars K. Asker, Fred Anderson, H. H. Dickmann, and C. O. Christianson, to me known as the identical persons who executed the foregoing instrument, and each of said persons acknowledged the execution thereof, as his free act and deed for the uses and purposes in said instrument expressed.

ALEXANDER MCKINNON,
Notary Public, Polk County, Minnesota.

A. A. JUST, M. D.
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

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1891.

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D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.

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Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, March 5, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 81.
1 Northern 79.
2 Northern 76.
3 Northern 67.

Monday was what you might call an owly sort of a day.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs is expected home in two or three weeks.

E. D. Childs went down to St. Paul on Tuesday evening.

A. C. Wilkinson will open a law office in the new opera block.

Louis Ellington returned from St. Paul on Friday morning.

Hank Murray has fixed up elegant quarters in the new opera block.

The Great Northern train was nearly three hours late on Wednesday morning.

M. R. Brown has gone to St. Paul to attend the meeting of the drainage committee.

Call and see that new Jewett cook stove and get price thereon if you want a bargain.

Mrs. A. A. Miller returned on Wednesday last from a visit to friends in Wisconsin.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings has moved her shop across the street, into the store next door west of the Fournet block.

If there is any virtue in deep snows, Polk County ought to have from 30 to 40 bushels of wheat per acre this year.

Wm. Watts will move his law office into the new opera block. This block is bound to be the temple court of the city.

If you don't wish to incur a costly election on the division question, now is the time to come to the front with a remonstrance.

Conductor Tom Stahl has sold his residence on Main street to Mr. Alderman. Consideration about $1,000, worth double the amount.

At the Demorest prize contest which was held at the Baptist church last Saturday evening, Miss Isabella Reed was awarded the medal.

Rev. R. H. Battey has gone to Ada to assist the pastor at that place, who is holding a series of revival meetings. Will be home for Sabbath services.

John McKinnon left for St. Paul on Monday evening. Intends to extend his trip to Duluth and Superior ere his return which will be the last of the week.

John Dillon once more appeared before a Crookston audience on Saturday evening, in "Wanted, the Earth." John appears to hold his own remarkably well.

Hon. H. Steenerson has taken possession of his new quarters in the new Opera House block. He will soon have as handsome quarters as the city can boast of.

The G. A. R. ball on Thursday evening of last week was a great success and highly enjoyed by all who attended. The boys have not forgotten how to entertain.

On dit in railroad circles that the Great Northern road will be extended from Fosston to Duluth in the near future. We shall believe it when we see it accomplished.

S. L. Dobson returned on Sunday morning from a trip below. He has decided to take the road again for his old tea firm until the oat crop is ready for grinding next fall.

Tom Adams showed up in the city last week looking hale and hearty and just as young and handsome as ever. Tom says he don't know yet whether he shall return to the coast or not.

Rev. R. H. Battey returned from Minneapolis on Sunday morning in time for services. While in St. Paul on Friday he purchased 50 books to add to the Congregational S. S. library.

Wait a minute. Till you see what Benoit & Sylvester can do for you in the way of hardware. They will be all ready for business in a few days and invite JOURNAL readers to call and size 'em up.

Brown Knudson was up from Fertile on Monday with six good work horses for this market. They can be seen at Alderman & Sylvester's stables and can be had cheap for cash or good paper. Call early for choice.

Dr. A. Nelson was up from Fertile on Monday chatting with his many friends here. The doctor says that business is good this winter and payments excellent. Says they have more snow around Fertile than we have.

President H. Steenerson, of the Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific R. R. went down to Duluth last week to see about making arrangements to extend his line from Crookston to Duluth. The general manager is confident that this plan is entirely feasible.

Elsewhere will be seen an ad for the Minneapolis Tribune. The Tribune is a square-toed republican newspaper, one that strikes from the shoulder, and is one of the best in the State. We have known it for years and always found it a sound, reliable newspaper.

We have an entirely new No. 9 Jewet cook stove which we will offer for sale at a bargain if taken soon. This stove has never been used, we got it in trade and will dispose of it for cash or negotiable paper at a figure that can't be duplicated in this city. If you need a [illegible] stove call at THE JOURNAL office.

Benoit & Sylvester are daily receiving their hardware stock and expect to be ready for business early next week. They will make a specialty of their stove business, to which they invite attention. When they get their stock all in they will tell JOURNAL readers all about it, which will be in a very short time.

Services and Sunday school as usual at the Congregational church next Sunday morning. Fifty new volumes were added to the S. S. library this week and the library will be re-opened and books drawn next Sabbath. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. No evening services. Union meeting at the Presbyterian church.

Everything indicates good prices for wheat next fall, and if we have our usual good crops we may reasonably expect a very prosperous year. The prices for oats, barley and potatoes also will undoubtedly be good, so that we think it reasonably safe to prophesy an unusually prosperous year for farmers this year.

On Saturday evening a little house near the brewery, occupied by James Grant, a colored employe on the Great Northern road, took fire and was consumed, together with its entire contents. Mr. Grant lost everything except the clothing on his back. He has moved his family into rooms over Clary & Buckingham's store.

Upon hearing what was being done to aid in the building of the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific R. R., John Sheley, deputy wheat inspector at Minneapolis, writes that he will contribute $100 in cash, right of way through his land and 40 acres for depot grounds, &c. That is the kind of a citizen to have in a community.

Delegations from Fosston, Red Lake Falls and East Grand Forks have gone down to St. Paul this week to work for division of the county into four parts. They have petitions containing some 600 names asking for division. Those who are opposed should now come to the front with a remonstrance which could easily secure three times 600 names.

Wheat held steady at 81 during the week, during all of the wild excitement which sent it skyward elsewhere. It never does seem to get very much excited and go skyward in a hurry in this market for some reason or other. We sometimes wish it had that inclination more. Perhaps it would leave a few more dollars in the pockets of our farmers.

C. J. McCollom writes THE JOURNAL that their cheese factory is for sale cheap, and parties who are interested can get figures by addressing him at Hallock. The Kittson County farmers will miss it largely if they allow the institution to be moved from the county, but if it has to go, we would like to see Polk County get the benefit of it. It has been worth thousands to Kittson County farmers and should stay there by rights.

President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern road, returned from a trip to England last week on the ocean steamer Spree. It is said that the effect of Mr. Hill's being on this "spree" is that he secured the wherewithal to continue building his road to the coast, and from Fosston to Duluth and wherever he likes. We know of some who are everlastingly preaching against men going on sprees, but what's the matter with this one?

See notice of auction sale elsewhere by M. R. Brown. Mr. Brown has decided to hold an auction sale, commencing on Friday, March 27th, to accommodate any who have horses or mules to sell who wish to avail themselves of the opportunity but have not stock enough to pay them for the expense of making a sale. All who are interested should see Mr. Brown at once.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of our citizens was held in McKinnon's Hall on Friday evening, and after thoroughly discussing the proposition to give $10,000 to the Red River College, it was resolved to request our representatives in the legislature to pass a bill allowing our citizens to vote on the proposition at the coming spring election. We can see no harm in allowing the question to come before the people, the more especially as they seem to desire it.

The dedication and opening exercises of Crookston Lodge, No. 79, I. O. O. F. will take place on Thursday evening, March 31st, under the direction of the Grand Lodge of Minnesota. Lieut-Gen. G. S. Ives will conduct the ceremony of dedication in the new hall, commencing at 8 o'clock. At 10 o'clock the banquet will be spread in the banquet room, after which a grand social hop will be enjoyed in McKinnon Hall. The boys will spare no pains nor expense to make the affair a grand success.

The drainage committee met in St. Paul on Wednesday to consult on ways and means for carrying out the work of drainage in the Red River Valley. They will ask the legislature for an appropriation for the purpose. So far, this upper country has had very little money appropriated to its uses and as this is a very essential matter for the Red River Valley, it would seem no more than just to grant the request. Our members should do their utmost to secure the needed appropriation and we believe they will. If the work could be accomplished it would be worth millions to the country.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [illegible]

E. J. Haseltine was down from Euclid this week and dropped in to see THE JOURNAL man. Speaking of farming in the Valley, Mr. H. says that when he went upon his farm a few years ago he had not a dollar in the world, and had to go in debt for machinery, teams, &c.; that he has never cleared less than $1,000 a year at farming and is now entirely out of debt with money in the bank. He thinks that could he have had a competing market in which to have sold his wheat every fall, he would now be independently well off, and he hopes the day is close at hand when the elevators will receive no more protection than other interests. He has concluded not to remove to Wisconsin this spring and may continue to farm at Euclid as heretofore.

Every One Using Machine Oils.

Best black oil, per gallon,	15c
" Eldorado engine oil, per gal.,	25c

Bring in your cans and jugs and save 100 per cent on machine oil.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

The dancing school wound up with a social dance on Tuesday evening, which event was highly enjoyed by all who were present. This school has been very successful under the able management of its modest conductor, H. A. Mason, who has won laurels by his methods of teaching, and at the last dance of the season he was urged to announce just one more. A vote was taken and was unanimously in favor of another on the evening of St. Patrick's Day, March 17th, and Herb, with his usual good nature, consented.

For Sale Cheap.

Four good brood mares and two good work horses cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlaug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stables.

Closing Out Notice.

Read the great bargains in another column, which I shall continue until March 25th. Positively no longer. Everything must go at most any price.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD,
Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

Farmers' Grist Mill.

On Saturday, March 28th, the Farmers' Alliance Milling Association will meet at the residence of W. N. Godfrey, in the town of Godfrey, to elect directors and officers. It is desired that every town interested send as many representatives as possible so that the officers may be equitably distributed. All who are interested should now come to the front with subscriptions to stock. Let there be a rousing meeting. [46-47]

GODFREY, Feb. 24, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL:—To-day I am seated on a chair by the window looking out upon the beautiful flakes of snow which have completely covered the ground, and will, in my opinion, be dancing a quadrille before night.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of farmers living adjacent to Fertile, was held in Fertile, for the purpose of discussing the propriety of building a mill. One man thought we had no right to jump upon Mr. Kankel and suggested that a committee be appointed to compromise with that gentleman, but he gave no definite reason why we should do so. Justice Mitchell, of the town of Woodside, gave an elaborate description of the cost of running a steam mill and of the cost of running a water power mill, including all expenses from first to last. Mr. Mitchell is a well-informed and meritorious gentleman and his statements can be depended upon. Mr. Mitchell is also in favor of building a mill at Maple Bay, which is, in my mind, the proper place, as it is centrally located and would do a large part of the milling that must be done in this vicinity, and could be run cheaper at that point than in Fertile.

Farmers are now laying out their plans for the spring work.

Justice Mitchell will hold court next week.

P. S. Mitchell struck water at 68 feet. He is much pleased.

John Nelson will be courting in the land office at Crookston this week.

The town of Godfrey is now free from diphtheria.

A mass meeting of all the farmers in the adjoining towns will be held at the residence of W. N. Godfrey, on the 28th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. We must have a mill at Maple Bay.

SUBSCRIBER.

Take Notice.

All parties owing accounts and notes that are due are requested to call and settle before March 15th, or they will be left with an attorney for collection. I must have the money. I will continue selling out at and below cost until March 25th.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Sealed Bids.

Notice is hereby given that up to and including Thursday, March 12th 1891, sealed bids, for building a school house in school district No 4, will be received by me at my office in fisher. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids for plans and specifications call on or address, THOMAS BENSON, clerk of school district No. 4 Fisher, Minn.

Farmers! == Farmers!

IT WILL PAY YOU

TO READ THIS.

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Closing Out! Closing Out! Read! Read!

My Prices on Hardware are as follows:

Common mixed paints, Per gallon	85c to $ 1 00
Best " "	1 25
Ten quart strainer pails,	35
Twelve quart strainer pails,	40
No. 9 copper tea kettles,	1 75
Clevises, per lb.,	6½
One doz. 6 quart pressed pans,	75
Steel nails, per keg rate,	2 65
Wire nails, per keg rate,	3 15
Wringers,	2 00
Five gallon pump cans,	1 35
Tar felt paper, per hundred,	2 50
Winchester rifles, octagon band,	14 75
Stove pipe, per joint,	15
Ox bows, per pair,	50
One set Mrs. Potts' sadirons, nickle plate,	1 25
Grind stones, per pound,	1½
Patent wire lift tubular lanterns,	50
8x10, 8 light windows, per pair	70
8x10, 12 light windows, "	90
Scythe snaths,	40
Lock top cream cans, with glass,	70
Ox cards, per pair,	15
Painted barb wire, per hundred,	3 50
Galvanized barb wire, per hundred,	4 10
Lanterns,	40 and 50
Well buckets,	35
Best black machine oil, per gallon,	15
Best Eldorado " "	25
10 quart tin pails,	15
No. 0 barrel churn,	3 00
No. 1 barrel churn,	3 25

Numerous other articles and proportionately the same prices. Call early as possible. Will continue Closing Out until the 25th of March.

Wm. C. Spottswood,
Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

BOULDERS WANTED!

The Crookston Water Works and Light Company

WILL PAY CASH

For 1,000 loads of Boulders to be delivered at the head of the mill race in Crookston. For further particulars enquire of

ED. PETERSON, Supt.

Closing Out at Cost!

I AM CLOSING OUT

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

General Merchandise

AT AND BELOW COST.

IF YOU WANT

BOOTS, SHOES OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Don't pay any bet you have made on which is the best five cent cigar in the Crookston market until you have sampled The Black Rose. Found only at Wilson & Thompson's.

Paint! Paint! Paint!

Now is the time to buy paint and use it a little later on. The old reliable brand, "The Northwestern," we are closing out at $1.25 per gallon. Strictly pure. Other goods cheaper.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Anglim's.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
(36-tf) Lisbon, N. Dakota.

A GREAT PRIZE.

Any one, not now a subscriber, sending the Tribune Co. ONE DOLLAR can get the famous picture, the

The Russian Wedding Feast,

FREE BY MAIL WITH

The Daily and Sunday Tribune..........6 weeks
or the Daily (without Sun.) Tribune..........8 weeks
or the Evening Tribune..........12 weeks
or the Sunday Tribune..........26 weeks
or the Farmers Weekly Tribune..........52 weeks

This offer is good until June 1st, 1891.

The picture is a beautiful work of art. Reproduced in all the beautiful colors of the original painting, 24 inches by 17 inches.

Send at once and secure a handsome prize.

Postage stamps to the amount of $1.00 will be accepted. Address,

THE TRIBUNE CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Regular Subscription Rates by Mail.

	1 Year.	3 Mo.	1 Mo.
Daily and Sunday	$8 50	$2 25	85c
Daily, 6 days	7 00	1 75	70c
Sundays only	2 00	50	20c
Evening Tribune	4 00	1 00	40c
Farmers' Weekly	1 00	25	

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, Feb. 28th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ole Isakson Austad, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Osmund Osmundson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, on Monday, the 7th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks, prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 28th day of February, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON, Judge of Probate.
[46-48]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars interest due January 1, 1890, thirty five dollars, interest due July 1, 1890, and thirty-five dollars, interest due on the first day of January, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Mederic Desantels and Celanive, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1887, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of mortgages, on page 56.

And, whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, with interest on $1105 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 23d day of February, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the south half (s½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twelve (12), Town one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-four (44) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
[46-52] Attorney for Mortgagee.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, $100,000

SURPLUS, $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 PAIR OF BROOD MARES
Six years old with foal to thoroughbred Percheron Norman horse.
2 Geldings, 4 years old.
2 Mares, 4 years old.
1 good Driving Horse, 6 years old.
1 pair 2 year old Mares, 7-8 Norman Percheron.
1 pair good Norman Fillies.

Address THEO. GREENHALGH, city post office, or call at the farm in Fairfax. [40-45]

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS.

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

NEW CIGAR STORE,

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and Free Colonist Sleepers
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of outside Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

We may not be so awfully brilliant as Thinglestad Bierley, but we do not go sneaking around his establishment like a cur trying to hire his men away from him. If that is an evidence of brilliant journalism we have to admit that you have the advantage of us. We say that no one but a dishonorable, cowardly cur will do such things, but a thing who will is capable of robbing taxpayers.

Thinglestad Bierley, the aristocratic snob who runs the Grand Forks East Grand Forks Bulletin News, has conceived the idea that he knows everything and that because he does, no other newspaper man in this upper country amounts to much. Now, if this brilliant genius could only manage to buy himself up at his actual worth and sell himself at what he values himself at, he would make millions, and would not be obliged to put up jobs on our susceptible county board by which he gets two prices for his work. That is the flea that is biting Bierly, and he hopes by attempting to belittle THE JOURNAL to hide from the taxpayers the ugly facts in that printing deal. If you are such an almighty brilliant newspaper man and honest, Thinglestad, why don't you show the taxpayers of Polk County wherein they are benefitted by paying you two prices for work that they could get done for half?

Thinglestad Bierley says that THE JOURNAL man don't know enough to make the taxpayers pay two prices for their work, therefore we do not understand our business. Well, now that does make us feel bad, to be sure! And coming from such a source, too! According to his theory no one who does not know how to put up and carry through such jobs is fitted for the newspaper business. We are satisfied with reasonable, living profits, and admit that we do not know how to put up jobs to make the taxpayers of the county pay two prices for their work. However, we will try and worry along without adopting the Bierley tactics, even if his serene highness is not suited. Such newspaper talent as he manifests may be a grand thing for this new land, but it seems to come extremely high! And especially as the only merits his sheets can boast of are found in the extreme personal beauty of the aristocratic being who runs them in Grand Forks, paying what little revenue can be extracted from him to build up Dakota and her interests. He is a jim dandy!

The main point at issue—the condition of our wheat markets—seems to be having very little attention in the legislature. We need a law compelling the roads to accept our wheat for shipment just the same as other commodities are handled, and this would compel the roads to allow anybody who desired to handle wheat to build a flat-house or a warehouse to handle it in. This law should embody responsibility for weights also. If this point was fully covered it would remedy most, if not all, of the evils of which we now complain. Had our farmers always received what their wheat should have netted them, but very few would now be needing to borrow money—on the other hand the most of them would now have money to loan to their less thrifty neighbors and to all new-comers who need it.

The Extra Session Avoided.

WASHINGTON, Telegraph to Minneapolis Times Feb. 28.—The general feeling among those familiar with the situation is that the appropriation bill has so far advanced that unless some unforseen developments arise the house and senate will be able to complete all the appropriation bills before the hour of adjournment on the 4th of March.

Fisher Bulletin:—Every person who is acquainted with J. B. Merrill is satisfied that he his is a Prince of good fellows, but it remained for thirty and more of his friends on last Thursday night to discover that he was a Royal Flush of a good fellow, and entitled to the highest of praise as an entertainer. It must be understood however, that these excellent qualifications attributed to friend Jerry, are in a measure due to the superior judgment and perception of his estimable lady. On last Thursday night the lower portion of Mr. Merrill's residence was taken possession of by thirty-two ladies and gentlemen, who indulged in conversation, music and progressive euchre until nearly midnight, when a capital lunch put the finishing touches to the enjoyment of the evening. Mrs. R. T. Webster and Mr. James Rosaaen were awarded the leading prizes for their knowledge in progressive euchre.

Sherman's Estate.

The Deceased General Left No Will—His Property Small.

NEW YORK, Telegraph to Minneapolis Times Feb. 28.—Application was made today in the surrogate's court through counsel, for the appointment of Rev. Father Sherman and Phillip T. Sherman, as administrators in the estate of the late William T. Sherman, who left no will. The administrators will take charge of the personal property of the deceased, and an inquiry will be made as to the value of the real estate, which consists principally of the four-story brown stone dwelling in this city, worth probably $50,000, and some real estate in St. Louis, the value of which is not known. Rev. Father Sherman said this evening that he estimated as the most valuable part of the estate of his father, the Sherman memoirs, covering the life of Sherman and his military campaign. Secretary Blaine, has written the concluding chapter as an appendix to the book. A cheap edition of the memories with Mr. Blaine's addition is now in press in this city, and will be sold for $2. It will contain 400 pages and will be illustrated with steel plates of portraits and war maps. This special adition is designated popularize the work among Grand Army men throughout the country. The proceeds of the work will be for the benefit of those whom Gen. Sherman's death leaves dependent upon the estate for support.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES and MULES.

For the purpose of accommodating the many who may want to dispose of their surplus Horses and mules this spring, I will hold an Auction Sale at my Yards and Stables in the city of Crookston, commencing

Friday, March 27th, 1891,

At 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing the same until all is sold.

All persons desiring to enter their stock for this sale, must do so on or before the 20th of March giving description of stock and the terms on which he wants it sold. The terms or cost for advertising and selling will be 5 per cent of the sale. No stock will be allowed to be taken away until settled for. The terms on which each horse or mule will be sold will be made public at the sale.

M. R. Brown.

Won by Americans.

The Leading Prizes Come to the United States.

In The Queen's last word contest, Mr. Edmund T. Stevens, of Buffalo, N. Y., won the first prize of a free trip to Europe and $200 in cash, and Annie B Turner, of Deposit, N. Y., secured the special prize of a handsome, Shetland pony.

The publishers of the well-known Magazine have decided to offer one more Competition, and to the persons sending them the largest lists of English words (of not less than four letters) constructed from letters contained in the three words, "Dominion of Canada" they offer many useful prizes, including $750 in cash, Shetland ponies, China Dinner sets, Gold Watches, and French Music Boxes, Portiere Curtains, Silk Dresses, Mantle Clocks, etc., all to be awarded strictly in order of merit. An elegant Silver Tea Service (valued $30) will be given each day to the persons from whom the largest list is received that day from the State in which they reside. The object Daily Prizes for each State is to increase the interest in The Queen's Competitions in every locality in the United States. Those desiring to contest for one of these valuable prizes may start on their list at once, but send six U. S. 2c. stamps and receive last number of The Queen with full particulars before forwarding your list. Address THE CANADIAN QUEEN, Toronta Canada.

Fund for Mrs. Windom.

New York Bankers will Raise Fully $50,000 For Her.

NEW YORK. Feb. 28—An informal meeting of several bankers was held on Feb. 21. in this city, to devise means for raising a testimonial fund for the widow of Secretary Windom. Information was received through Senator Washburn and Stephen Elkins that the estate of the late secretary of the treasury could afford an annual revenue of only $3,500. One-third of this sum, according to the will, was to go to Mrs. Windom, the rest to be divided among the children—three. It was determined to raise a testimonial fund of $50,000, and last Monday at the Union League clubs subscription lists were prepared and $14,500 was subscribed. A member of the commitee said to a reporter to-day.

"We are very sorry that this matter has got out. We have done our best to keep it quiet, because it is of a delicate nature, and Mrs. Windom is a lady of the most refined sensibilites. It would be a poor compliment to the people of this country, however, if they especially those of the financial circles, were to allow the widow of one who has done so much for our finances to be in the circumstances described. If this affair must be made public, you might as well give your readers the facts as they are. We already have $30,000 subscribed, and we want to round it out into an even $50,000 or more if the people feel so disposed.

St. Vincent New Era.

Before the next issue of the Era Congress will have adjourned and one of the most obliging, faithful and hard working congressmen, Hon. S. G. Comstock, will have returned to Moorhead his home, and to private life.

Although belonging to the opposite political party to us, we could not but admire the man who devoted his time and intellect so unreservedly to his constituents and to his country, as Mr. Comstock did, and although working out great schemes, kindly and patiently attended to the enquiries of his humblest constituent, and on so many occasions worked for St Vincent.

We thank him and respect him just the same as if he was President, and sincerely hope his retirement may be as pleasant as was Emperor Diocletian's, who ruled and afterwards raised cabbages, and after trying both thought planting cabbages the pleasanter of the two.

AGAINST PASSES.

The Annual Report of the Railway Commission.

The Minneapolis Times.

The advance sheets of the annual report of the railroad and warehouse commissioners issued yesterday. The report shows that 25 railroad companies have furnished information to the commission, 154 miles of new road were built during the past year, while 48 miles were discontinued from service. The total mileage in the state for the year ending June 30. 1890, was 5,409 miles, an increase over the previous year of 106 miles. The capital stock of the reporting companies was $414,124,210, the total funded debt $580,689,994, and total of current liabilities $10,350,518.

The gross earnings of the roads for the year was $27,193,168, an increase over the previous year of $1,967,490, of which sum $19,719,719, was received for freight, and $5,617,095 from passenger earnings. The freight earnings increased $2,845,886 over the previous year, while passenger earnings decreased $369,211.

The operating expenses of the roads were $16,311,062, leaving $10,882,106 as net earnings to be divided among the stockholders. This sum was an increase of $642,500 over 1889.

The state received in taxes on the gross earnings the sum of $698,229,26, of $7,813 over 1889.

The accrued interest on funded debt of all roads in the state was $26,262,948, Twelve companies report a surplus of $20,167,980, while seven report a deficit of $2,670,979.

The total number of tons of the freight carried during the year was 13,537,010, an increase of 3,315,852. The total number of passengers carried was 8,648,581, a decrease of 797,725,

The number of men employed by the roads in Minnesota was 19,179, who received in wages $12,197,616. By accidents 90 persons lost their lives and 543 were injured.

The commissioners heard and passed upon 81 complaints during the year, embracing various subjects, and as a result of their delibrations recommend the passage of laws which will give the people of this state equal transportation of passengers and property without discrimination as to persons or places, safe transportation of the same, the best service the system is capable of, and the cheapest transportation that is compatible with the foregoing and is just to the companies.

On the subject of free passes the report deals at some length, and says:

"If it shall be deemed expedient to put our state law into harmony with the interstate commerce law, the provisions of section 1, chapter 10 of the general laws of 1887, which allows railroad companies to issue passes for the free transportation of passengers, must be repealed.

"It is the conviction of this commission the issuing of free passes, as now practiced in this state, is an unjust discrimination as against every passenger who pays, and thus opposed to the spirit of the act passed for the regulation of common carriers; that it is a fruitful source of corruption; that it is injurious alike to public and private interests, and to the interest of the companies themselves, and that it is one of the chief obstacles in the way of proper and necessary reform in the railway management and the control thereof under the authority of the state.

"In again calling attention to the subject the commission expresses its conviction that if the transportation of passengers and persons in this state is prohibited by law, material reductions can be made in passenger rates without loss of revenue to common carriers, and a practice which is itself nothing but an unjust discrimination and a continual source of irritation and annoyance to the general public, can be eliminated from the evils which affect the system."

Life of General Sherman.

No literary announcement of the year is of greater interest to the general public than that of a comprehensive Life of General Sherman, which is about to be published and sold through agents by the noted house of Hubbard Brothers, of Philadelphia. Admirable biographies of Grant and Sheridan, complete to the time of their death, are already familiar to the public, but a life of the third great commander, to finish the series, has been lacking. The various biographies of Sherman hitherto published have necessarily been incomplete; and even his own memoirs, written in 1875, said almost nothing of his intensely interesting early life, and not a word, of course, of the more than twenty years of social activity and fraternity with old comrades since the war.

The work which is now to be issued will splendidy supply the widely felt demand for a history of the great strategic commander. It is being written by General O. O. Howard, a man of fine literary attainments, who knew Sherman better than any other of his comrades now living, and ranked next but one to him in the army, and by Willis Fletcher Johnson whose ability as a historian is familiar to the reading public of America through his former unusually popular works, which have had millions of readers, and the sales of their vast editions enriched an army of book agents. That this history of Sherman, the last of the great Generals, will surpass all others in popularity is not to be doubted.

The story of this great General's career is of a marvellous march from the mountains of time to the sea of eternity. Of the three great war heroes, Sherman was by far the most interesting personality. He was the best known to the public and the best loved for his genial disposition and warm sympathy with the popular heart. He has joined his illustrious compeers in the eternal bivouac of the dead. His is a life to study—to emulate—and is a profound inspiration. The forthcoming volume will tell the whole story of his marvellous career, and from the authorship engaged upon it, we are assured it will be told in a way that will enthral the attention and interest of every reader from first to last. It is a book every American will want and one every American youth should read. It will doubtless be the best life of the great chieftain published, and we predict for it wonderful popularity.

The Winter Month.

February Makes a Record—Last Month Very Cold.

St. Paul Globe.

Minnesota winters are surely undergoing a change. A study of the meteorological record shows that there is a decided tendency in late years to concentrate the winters in the month of February. The old-fashioned winters, which began in October and lasted until March, have disappeared, and in their stead we have no decided winter until after the new year. The February just completed was much colder than the average—in fact, it was the coldest February, with three exceptions, in the past twenty-one years. The mean temperature was 11 deg, as against a mean in that time of 19 deg. In those twenty-one years, the coldest February -7 deg—was in 1875, and the warmest—32 deg—in 1878. Last month there were eleven days of below-zero wether. The coldest day was the 4th, when 25 deg was reached, and the warmest the 14th, when the mercury soared to 44 deg. The greatest daily range of temperature was 38 deg on the 4th, and the last was 6 deg on the 9th. The precipitation last month was 1.18 inches, the greatest in the past eight years for a February. There were 9 cloudless days, 11 partly cloudy and 8 cloudy.

Weekly Arbor State (Beatrice, Neb. says:

There is a growing spirit of independence abroad in the land which is bound to make itself felt in the future politics of the country. It is a spirit that cannot be led by the allurements of place or spoils, nor driven by the lash of partisan machinery or organized bossism. It regards governments as a necessary good or evil, rather than a sinecure for dead-heads or a pension department for the benefit of social drones and political tramps. It believes in the supremacy and sovereignty of the people and the subordination of their official servants. It holds to the doctrine that the powers of governments are a scard trust from the people, to be used and exercised for the people's good, and that to use them for the promotion of corporate individual ends, regardless of the general welfare, is treason, and such a betrayal of trust as to disqualify such traitors for future service. This element already commands the respect of even those who have not themselves [illegible]

TRY

O. J. BARNES,

THE

CITY GROCER!

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

S. L. COLLINS

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

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N. B.—Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

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MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

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105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $35 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

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CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaes

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW

NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block. Crookston, Minn

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinar Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - MINN.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.

Office in McKinnon Block.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, March 5, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:48 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
3:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de........St. Paul........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de........CROOKSTON........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de........Grand Forks........de. 6:20 p. m.
9:20 p. m. ar........Helena........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.................Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Farm and Fireside, of Philadelphia, Pa., entirely misconceives the purposes and scope of the sub-treasury plan, and in its issue of January 1 says:

The true inwardness of the sub-treasury scheme is to force up prices on farm products by getting up a gigantic corner on them. Producers that will store up their products in these government warehouses, and receive on them treasury notes that shall circulate as lawful money, being relieved of any immediate necessity for selling them, can hold their products until the price is high enough to suit them, or by combining they can at any time produce a scarcity in the market by witholding them from sale, and thus force up prices just as high as consumers will stand.

No corner has ever been successful in this country that depended on holding farm products, and none ever will be while present conditions prevail; that is to say, while the price of the American products is fixed by the price of the amount exported. Combinations only force prices up or down in this country by means of manipulations of the market, selling short and gambling in futures. The regular prices of the products apart from such influences depend on foreign quotations, which are regulated by the price of that part of the crop that is exported. That being the case, farmers would not put grain or cotton in warehouses on a a quotation price based on the export market when the home market was forced up above that, because it would pay them better to sell. Consequently prices never could be raised even a fraction on the consumer, but the middle man would be everlastingly squeezed out and the farmer get near to the benefit of the consumer's prices. In fact he would get the consumer's prices less the actual necessary expenses of handling, storing, keeping, insuring, and so on, and there would be none left for the gambler. This is what the Alliance contends for, and what no doubt Farm and Fireside would heartily indorse if convinced of the fact.

Several Sevens.

In ancient times, the number seven was looked on as having something of a sacred and mysterious character, evidences of which crop out all through history. There were Seven Wise Men of Greece, the Seven Wonders of the World, Seven Cities claiming to be the birth-place of Homer. The Hebrew temple contained a seven-branched golden candlestick; the Jews marched seven times around the walls of Jericho to compass its fall. The seventh son of a seventh son was supposed to be gifted with miraculous powers of healing. The seventh day of the week was set apart as a holy day. Shakspere speaks of the "seven ages of man." "The Burlington" system of railroads with its seven thousand miles of track, links together seven cities of the Central West—Chicago, St. Lous, St Paul Minneapolis, Kansas City, Omaha and Denver. There is nothing mysterious about its popularity with the traveling public; that has been achieved by the facilities and accommodations it offers. For tickets, time tables, rates of fare, etc., apply to any ticket agent of "The Burlington" or connecting lines, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon Gen. Pass. Agent. C. B. & N. R. R. St. Paul, Minn.

There is no doubt but sugar beets can be produced with profit in Minnesota and Dakotas for the manufacture of sugar in factories on a large scale, and making syrup at home on a small scale, as well as for stock-feeding purposes. Those who contemplate experiments in 1891 should arrange for good seed at once and begin to study up methods of cultivation so as to get the best results. Factories will certainly be built in Minnesota, and the sooner our farmers take hold of beet culture, the sooner the manufacture of sugar can be inaugurated. A leaflet containing much information about this interest is given away by W. W. Fegan, local agent of the Great Northern Railway, or by F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A. St. Paul, Minn.

Every farmer should have his plans for spring work pretty well matured or else he ought to be seriously considering now what crops he expects to plant. Field and garden seed should be in hand examined or tested. Extra attention this year to the small things of the farm will add thousands of dollars to the value of our products. Let us have more poultry, eggs, vegetables, root crops, fruits, etc., than ever before, for sale and home use.

American Farm News (Akron, Ohio) says: If any doubt has heretofore existed in the minds of the people as to the propriety and absolute necessity of electing United States Senators by a direct vote of the people, the doubt will be readily dispelled by a resume of the actions and doings of the United States Senate, so far, the present session. Elected, as many of them are, by the most reprehensible methods known to politics, and believing that what has been done can be done again, they grow bold in audacity and manifest cussedness, bordering on imbecility. They have abused party organizations, dubbed the farmer a "rainbow chaser," potato bank theorist, and are at the same time engaged in the introduction of bills for political effect and buncombe only. They realize that they are not within easy reach of the people, and a Democratic Senator from Tennessee and a Republican Senator from Vermont deplore in speeches in the United States Senate the probable defeat of a brother senator from Kansas, all prominent railroad attorneys with no interest in anything or anybody but their own selfish purposes and the immense interests they collectively represent. We hope the farmers of the United States will see to it that the present system of electing senators is abolished, whereby a senator can buy his way by buying cheap legislators at so much a head. When democratic senator Harris, in a belabored speech in the senate, calls for the return of republican senator Ingalls from Kansas, it is about time for the farmers to "holler" fire.

Alliance Eagle (Ellisville, Miss.) says: The alliance, as an organization, is neither for nor against the democratic or republican party, but are fighting for personal rights, and a government of and by the people. If any person or party wants to "fall by the wayside," let him step in the way of the alliance. They have started out to right some of the wrongs that have existed to long already.

Labor's Tribune (Carthage, Mo.) says: What is there in the average newspaper to impress people favorably toward sobriety, morality or Christianity? One would conclude from the tone of the great dailies as well as from newspapers in general, that nothing existed beyond the present sense of sorrow, suffering, money-making and worldly amusement. Every editor should wisely consider that he is aiding one way or another to shape the present and future destiny of those who read his paper. The character of the people as a rule is very similar to that of the editors and writers whose articles go to make up the belief of the people. Hence an editor, whose paper is full of nothing but society gossip, theatrical plays and games, is aiding to drive his readers away from the higher and more noble concerns of the life that now is, besides poisoning the minds of his readers against the truth that treats of the life to come. It has been stated by a cool-headed writer, that if Christ was to come to earth as he did 1891 years ago, he would be compelled to become an editor in order to reach the people. This may, or may not be true, but one thing is certain, the newspapers of today are the educators of the people beyond all other agencies.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Perkins and Mattie L. Perkins, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages on pages 51-54.

And, whereas, such default consists in the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety-four and 47-100 ($594.47) dollars.

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and north half of southeast quarter (n½ se¼) Section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) of Range forty-one (41) containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 20th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

H. D. DICKINSON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 31] [45-51]

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, F. F. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Havanna Press Drills

FOR POLK COUNTY.

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - - Crookston.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Windows and Mouldings.

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY.

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER.

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for........$1.00
Rhadames for........1.00
Faille Francais for........1.00
Gros Grain for........1.00
Satin Luxors for........1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel........20 cents.
54 inch Tricot........85 "
54 inch Flannel........45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel...75 "
36 inch Henriettas........25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for........30 cents.
" " ....35 "
" " medicated, for 40 "

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket........$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket........2.00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "........4.50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dr Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

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The Leading Morning Paper of North Dakota.

Weekly $1.00; Daily $6.00 per Year in Advance.

Daily contains the News of the World, the Latest Telegraphic News, Full Associated Press Dispatches. Address

THE HERALD, Grand Forks, N. D.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated December 29th, 1887, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, December 31st, 1887, in book 34 of mortgages, page 461, whereby Albert Drager, an unmarried man, mortgageor, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the southeast quarter of section eleven (11), in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-five (45), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $379.12, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $22.20, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $392.32. Now, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.

Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22, 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 12th, 1883, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 12th, 1883, in book K of mortgages, page 91, whereby Andrew Steenerson and Bertha Steenerson, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the south half of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty (30), in township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of range forty-eight (48), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $462.50, to which amount should be added the taxes on said property paid by said mortgagee, amounting, with interest as provided in said mortgage, to $18.99, making the total amount claimed to be due at the date hereof on said mortgage $481.49. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at ten o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.

Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated July 21st, 1888, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, July 23d, 1888, in book 36 of mortgages, page 375, whereby Geo. Galland and Keziah Galland, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-three (33), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $264.59. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee.

Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.

First Publication Jan. 22 1891.

DEFAULT has been made in the conditions of a mortgage containing power of sale dated January 22nd, 1889, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Polk county, Minnesota, January 23rd, 1889, in book 42 of mortgages, page 41, whereby Albert Iten and Sophronia Iten, his wife, mortgageors, mortgaged to The Middlesex Banking Company, mortgagee, the north half of the southwest quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four (24), and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-three (23), all in township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of range forty-four (44), in said Polk county, by which default the power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the debt remaining secured thereby, or any part thereof, and there is claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date hereof, $467.51. Now notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power said mortgage will be foreclosed and said premises sold at public auction, by the sheriff of said county or his deputy, on March 7th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the front door of the court house in Crookston, in said county, to pay said debt, interest, attorney's fees and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated January 10th, 1891.

THE MIDDLESEX BANKING COMPANY, [Seal.]
By Robt. N. Jackson, President,
Mortgagee

Henry C. Gilbert & Co., Attorneys.
[40-46]

[First publication Feb. 12th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. In District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Frederick K. McKeen, Plaintiff, vs. James B. Holmes, The Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust Company, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, Defendants.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale under Judgment and Decree. Foreclosure of Mechanics' Liens.

Whereas, a certain judgment was duly obtained, entered and docketed in the District court, in the County of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, in the 4th Judicial District, on the 13th day of December, 1890, and whereas a transcript and certified copy of said judgment was thereafter, to-wit: on the 4th day of February, 1891, duly filed and docketed in the Clerk's office in the District Court of Polk County, State of Minnesota, in the 14th Judicial District, in the above entitled action, in favor of said plaintiff, Frederick K. McKeen and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of two hundred eighty-seven and 78-100ths dollars, ($278.87), including interests and costs, and in favor of said defendant, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of five thousand four hundred eighty-one and ninety-one one-hundredths dollars, ($5,481.91), including interests and costs, and whereas, in said judgment it was decreed that the judgment so rendered in favor of said plaintiff to the full extent thereof, including interests and costs, and the judgment so rendered in favor of said defendants, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company to the extent of five thousand four hundred sixty-two and 6-100ths ($5,462.06) dollars, including interests and costs, to be specific liens upon the land and appurtenances in said judgment described, situate in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: That tract of land known as block one hundred two (102), of Rail Road Addition to the Town of Red Lake Falls, being a portion of lot six, (6), in Section sixteen, (16), in Township one hundred fifty-one, (151), Range forty-four, (44), of which certain Flouring Mills are a part of the appurtenances, co-ordinate with other, and prior and superior to any right, title, lien or claim to or in said land or appurtenances of the said defendants, James B. Holmes, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, or the Minnesota Title Insurance Company or any of them. And whereas it was in said judgment decreed and ordered that the Sheriff of said Polk County State of Minnesota, sell said land and appurtenances at public auction as by law in such cases made and provided, to satisfy said judgment and interest thereon, together with costs of said sale, and to pay the proceeds of said sale, after deducting all lawful expenses and charges thereof to and between said Frederick K. McKeen and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, to the amount of their respective judgments and liens given.

Provided, if said net proceeds be insufficient, then to distribute the same pro rata among and between said judgment creditors; a certified copy of said judgment and decree having been duly served upon and delivered to me. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described land and appurtenances thereon, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor in accordance with and as directed in said decree on the 30th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the county Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment and claims, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 11th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.

WHITE & EVANS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Defendant,
Willford and Northway M'f'g Company.
[43-49]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred and eighty ($2,280) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is actually due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James B. Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller, as mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 507; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to The Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, situate, lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten (10), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), eighteen, (18) nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81) lots three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty-two, (82); all of block ninety-two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12) in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, ; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the ninth (9th) day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 26th, A. D. 1891.

The Hauser & Sons Malting Company,
Assignee of said Mortgagee.
By Paul Hauser, Sr.
President.

Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee.
[43-51] St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred thirty-five and 22-100 dollars, ($535.22) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James E. Mitton and Mary M. Mitton, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert J. Adams, mortgagee, bearing date the 3d day of November, 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1884, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in book "S" of mortgages, on pages 529 to 533, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The northwest quarter of Section Ten (10), Township one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-six, (46), west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred thirty-five and 22-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

ROBERT J. ADAMS, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALBERT GILMOUR AND Jane Gilmour, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Josiah Upton, of the County of Ontario, State of New York their mortgage bearing date of June 25th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The se¼ se¼ Section 6, ne¼ ne¼ Section 7, and n½ nw¼ Section 8, Township 147, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 33-36; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Josiah Upton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred twenty-five and 23-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 21st, A. D. 1891.

JOSIAH UPTON, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($337.50) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christine Estby and John Estby, her husband, mortgagors, to Charles H. Jefferson, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of November, 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on pages 49, 50 and 51, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number three (3), in South Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota. In Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

CHARLES H. JEFFERSON, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest, which became due and payable on the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by John K. Ostgord and Betsy Ostgord his wife, of Polk County and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of June, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., in volume "32" of mortgages, on pages 190 and 191.

And whereas a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon, said premises covered by said mortgage prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of nineteen and six hundreths dollars ($19.06), and on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1890, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of twenty-two and three hundreths dollars ($22.03); and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred twenty-three and eighty hundreths dollars ($523.80), and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The east half (e½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and east half (e½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of Section three (3) in Township one hundred forty-seven (147) Range forty-five (45), containing one hundred and fifty-nine and 50-100 (159.50) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold a public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated Moorhead, Minnesota, Feb. 21st, 1890.

The Netherlands American Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglass and Ball & Smith,
[45-51] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale,

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 ($559.05) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Henry Johnston and Ella L. Johnston, his wife, mortgagors, to George McLean, guardian, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of February, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, 1888, at 8 o'clock a. m, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 546 to 549; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of Section twenty-eight (28) in Township one hundred and forty-seven (147), in Range forty (40), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

GEORGE McLEAN, Guardian,
Mortgagee,

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Dec. 16th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Lars Abelson against Taylor H. Wolford for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 1,990, dated May 7th 1881, upon the southeast one-quarter Section 24 Township 154 n, Range 47, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Taylor H. Wolford has not during the four years last past, planted trees, tree cuttings or tree seeds on said tract, and has not cultivated or in any way improved same during said period; that there is now not to exceed one acre of growing trees on said land and that the whole of said land is in a wild state, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 25th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN - Register.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - MINN.

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 12, 1891. NO. 47.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Agawam Alliance, of Rocksbury, met on the 28th ult, and elected A. W. Lind, President, C. A. Johnson, Secretary, and Knud Quande, Treasurer. A few new members were admitted and the following declaration and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, We cannot get justice at the St. Hilaire elevator, but lose on an average, about 10 cents per bushel on our wheat, therefore be it

Resolved, That we build an elevator at St. Hilaire the coming season. We have placed the stock shares at ten dollars each and urgently call upon each sub-alliance in this vicinity to call a meeting at once and act upon this question and such other of the questions as we have touched upon, as they may see fit, and report to our secretary.

We do not approve of the purchase of The Great West by the state alliance, as we think it is doing vastly morte good under its present management than would be possible if controlled by a milk-and-water executive committee of the state alliance.

We do not think it business-like to take stock shares in The Red River Dalen without knowing something about its financial situation, circulation, &c. Yet we are cognizant of the fact that the farmers of Polk County could ill afford to do without it, even though the subscription price should have to be raised to five dollars a year.

We appreciate the attitude of THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL toward the reform movement and commend it to our brother farmers.

We look upon the five hundred dollar steal of our county commissioners for lobbying purposes, as a disgrace to that body.

We think our legislature is doing very little good work, and "to a man up a tree," it looks very much as though some monster devil-fish had wound its tantacles around it; we are, however, pleased to note the firm, decided stand of President Donnelly in favor of the producing class. We would like very much to have our present legislature inquire into the combination, or agreement, between the railroads and elevator companies, with a view to abrogate said agreement. We think the funding bill on interest should be changed to 5 and 7 per cent.

We hope that all sub-alliances will join hands in the endeavor to shake off that parasitacal nuisance, the machine agent, by dealing only with such factories as will sell to us direct. And be it further

Resolved, That as it is demonstrated that the merchants of the Northwest are on the very brink of bankruptcy on account of coming into possession of too much of the real and personal property of farmers, and the farmers, on account of losing their said property, become paupers and hence a public nuisance. Therefore, in order to save the merchants from bankruptcy, and the farmers from becoming a public nuisance, farmers ought, through co-operation, to become their own merchants.

One word more to our legislature. As we believe it to be the inherent right of a free people to have the opportunity to vote upon any question they may ask, we regard our legislature in duty bound to give us the privilege of voting upon the question of prohibition at the next general election.

We look upon the modern loan agent not only as a very costly, unnecessary appendage, but as an irresponsible, heartless, conscienceless cuss, a curse to the community, and must be dispensed with as soon as possible.

Judging from their own record, the joint conspirators against the peace of this country, Wall street and Congress, are evidently of the same opinion as a noted Frenchman of historic fame, namely, that the "poor can eat grass." We sincerely hope they may profit by the Frenchman's experience. We have made our pre-emptory demands, namely, free coinage, sub-treasury and government warehouses, and we are going to have them, though Wall street was as far away and as hard to scale as Mount Everet. Arsenals and forts are no intimidation to starving millions.

As we have reason to believe that a large per cent. of the pedigrees of stallions sold in this country are spurious, and hence these stallions sold to unsuspecting farmers for more than double their real value, we would like to know if our county attorney can't suggest a way to ferret out this swindle and have the culprits punished.

We favor the national party movement.

The infant, county division, is dead Rest in peace, abortive child.

C. A. JOHNSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS IN POLITICS

What a Governor Should Be and Do, According to S. M. Owen.

Why He Believes Changes Should Be Made in Appointive Power.

Offices Should be Filled Just as Merchants Fill Clerkships.

The Alliance Leader, Talks Interestingly on Current Politics.

St. Paul Globe.

While the Alliance members in the legislature are distinguishing themselves in the state law factory, S. M. Owen, their conspicuous chief in the last campaign, is quietly sawing wood and writing farm editorials. But he is keeping a keen eye on the legislature, and, it is safe to say nothing escapes him. A Globe reporter dropped in on him yesterday and interrupted a flow of editorial thought with the question:

"Mr. Owen, I should like to get your opinion of the legislature—its statues, if you please."

"Status–Manliness you mean? When men ask what effect will this bill have upon our party?' there is a censurable dodging of responsibility. Conglomerate bodies are apt at this, but the general trend of our legislature is safe, I think, for the people behind it are pressing it forward. The alliance has hopefully colored most of the party lines, both democratic and republican. But I want to see the alliance members to a man care less for party ends, and strike heroically for retrenchment by introducing just and practical bills, simple and unambiguous, what the people need and do call for. Don't stop to ask if Mr. So-and-So will vote for them. Stand right up. Let the alliance with its agricultural support vote square and demonstrate to the people that he are true to their pledges, even if their bills are voted down by party servers, and the people the next time will see that just such men are returned, and enough of them to enact the laws they demand."

"It is reported, Mr. Owen, that you want to lessen the appointing power of the governor."

"Why not? The people are the masters or ought to be. The appointing business has become a political vice. When the offices are filled and round salaries guaranteed, who looks after the performance of the assigned duties? There are the tax laws, for instance. Who sees that they are righteously enforced? In rural districts they are obeyed, but in cities property hiding is all the rage, and just taxation is a nullity; and the burdens fall upon the labor classes. And there's the school law. It is good enough so far as it goes; covers the age eight to sixteen; but it's a body without a soul. No provision is made to enforce it; hence, inoperative. All the legislature needs to do is to make this provision, and carry it out. What is the dairy commission? If it is to continue its present methods, 'Let her go.' I say, that there may be room to have something hereafter that is efficient."

"Why not improve it; regulate it; save it? Is it a good thing?"

"Absolutely good as designed, but absolutely unwieldly and impracticable as now administered. Its intended mission was not to consume money, but to use it in educating the farmers and dealers in relation to the best cows, the best adaptable food for butter and cheese, how to make these articles in best qualities for best profits, and to protect those interests against fraud and spurious goods."

"Do you mean to imply that what the appointees care for is the salary only, and that they generally do not discharge their duties?"

"Look at the results; are they equal to the requirement and expenditure? I am willing the governor should appoint, but when he appoints I want him to see that the work is done, and faithflly, too. I don't believe in multiplying offices with salaries for the sake of keeping the party on its legs."

"But if the governor, as no doubt you concede, selects men who are qualified, would you hold him responsible for their neglect?"

"Yes, just that responsible. Neglect of public duty, or incompetency to perform that duty, should mean 'Off goes your head!' Let me illustrate. Here's a business corporation—say a railroad. Its safety and success depend on qualification and duty discharged. The officials at headquarters understand this and are pre-eminently executive. Life and property, venture and profit are involved here. Justice to the people demands there shall not be a moment's parley when an employe fails to do the work assigned him."

"You compare a corporation to the state; is not the state really different?"

"Substantialy no; the state is a great industrial institution set up by the people. The officers are the people's servants, and as such must obay the people. The governor is head chief—the business manager, if you please. Suppose a candidate calls with his credentials of qualification. Are these enough to warrant an appointment? I tell you every fellow needs to be looked all over and through and through, and sounded like the hammer hitting the car wheel to learn if it is safe. 'You think you can do this work?' asks the governor—a genuine business governor. The man answers, 'Yes, of course.' The salary is ample, he continues; can you equal its value in service? The man says yes again. 'And you need an assistant with another special salary?' Why yes, he replied; 'an assistant will be of great convenience.' 'That settle it,' the governor adds, 'I can find plenty of men who will gladly do all the work,' turning to his writing: 'I don't want you.' Now that is business—business principles."

Here Mr Owen indicated, with a tipping down of his chair to his table and seizing his pen, that the time was up' and the reporter bowed himself out with a "thank you."

Alliance Wide Awake.

Drastic Resolution Passed by a Minnesota Convention.

Special to the Globe]

ALBERT LEA, Minn., Feb. 28.—Forty delegates attended the county Alliance convention to-day, and the meeting was decidedly interesting. Preliminary arrangements were made to buy binding twine for the members, and also machinery direct of the manufacturers. Hon. C. G. Johnsrud was elected purchasing agent. The resolutions reported by the committee each elicited spicy discussion. The gist of them is as follows:

Requesting members of the legislature of this county to introduce a bill reducing county commissioners' per diem to $2 a day and to five cents for mileage; requesting them to support House File No 156. which would reduce the salaries of treasurer, sheriff, register and clerk each to $1,000; favoring McMillan's, or a like bill, to prevent improper uses of money and to prevent corrupt practices at elections: instructing said members to support a bill making it a criminal offence for any railroad company to give, and for any member of the legislature or state officer to receive, free passes or mileage and pledging the influence and votes of the Alliance against any member, for any future office, who votes for or received free passes; demanding that liquor license-money be turned into the county treasury instead of into the treasuries of cities and villages, and demanding the passage of a law excluding citizens of Albert Lea from voting for county superintendent, and exempting said city from taxation to support said officer, and finally condemning members of the house who voted for appropriating $10 for postage and 21 cents per day for newspapers for themselves.

The Farmers Alliance.

It Is preparing for a Vigorous Campaign in 1892

Minneapolis Times.

The Farmers' Alliance of Hennepin county is composed of men who believe in taking time by the chin whiskers, and now while the smoke of the last battle still clings to the bill tops they are marshalling their forces, laying their plans and bringing up their ammunition wagons for the struggle of 1892. With these ends in view a meeting was called in the Labor Temple at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. It was not largely attended, but those present were leading spirits and the enthusiasm displayed would have kept three times as many people in a cheerful mood.

After electing J. B. Dukes president and Thomas A. Clark secretary the morning session adjourned, and the meeting reconvened at 1 o'clock.

On motion the delegates proceeded to discuss the advisability of a fusion of the alliance with the various labor organizations of this city. This question was warmly argued, a large number of delegates taking part. Among the speakers were Messrs. Clark, Lucas Graves, Haimngton, Schofield, Nelson and House. No decision was reached in this matter, but a resolution was adopted favoring the coalition of the county and city committees. This joint committee was instructed to prepare a plan for the thorough organization of alliance adherents throughout the county and to lay a plan of a campaign, to be vigorously pushed from this time on. It is quite probable that the committee will also further consider the proposition to join forces with the labor organizations.

Hon. S. M. Owen entered the hall during the discussion, and was greeted with cheers, which told that he still has the confidence of his adherents of this city.

Facts About Mortgages.

Interesting Statistics Gathered by Supt. Porter's Agents.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—One of the most interesting branches of the inquiry of the census office is the special one relating to mortgages. Under this inquiry an examination has been made for the purpose of ascertaining what people own their own homes, those who live in rented houses, and those who have their homes partly paid for. One hundred inquiry counties were selected in various parts of the country. These counties were taken with a view of representing all classes. For these the fullest inquiry is made. The first work, however' is done through the registers' offices. Some 1,500 enumerators have been employed for this work.

The number of mortgages in this country is 9,000,000. It is believed the average value of each will be between $500 and $600, although in some of the Eastern states the average will run over $2000. One of the most interesting things is connected with the whole inquiry is the disclosure of the prevailing motive for incurring such indebtedness. In nearly every case it is for improvement. Fully 90 per cent of the mortgages are what are called live debts, incurred by men who are pushing their fortunes and taking their chances on investments in developing the business of their community.

The largest number of mortgages held in any one city is in Chicago, and this is rather an evidence of the extreme energy and business activity of the town.

Another interesting fact is the tremendous rate of interest charged in some parts of the country. In some parts of the West upwards of 60 per cent has been charged for the use of money. In no place is an excessive rate of interest so well concealed as in the South.

Life of General Sherman.

No literary announcement of the year is of greater interest to the general public than that of a comprehensive Life of General Sherman, which is about to be published and sold through agents by the noted house of Hubbard Brothers, of Philadelphia. Admirable biographies of Grant and Sheridan, complete to the time of their death, are already familiar to the public, but a life of the third great commander, to finish the series, has been lacking. The various biographies of Sherman hitherto published have necessarily been incomplete; and even his own memoirs, written in 1875, said almost nothing of his intensely interesting early life, and not a word, of course, of the more than twenty years of social activity and fraternity with old comrades since the war.

The work which is now to be issued will splendidy supply the widely felt demand for a history of the great strategic commander. It is being written by General O. O. Howard, a man of fine literary attainments, who knew Sherman better than any other of his comrades now living, and ranked next but one to him in the army, and by Willis Fletcher Johnson whose ability as a historian is familiar to the reading public of America through his former unusually popular works, which have had millions of readers, and the sales of their vast editions enriched an army of book agents. That this history of Sherman, the last of the great Generals, will surpass all others in popularity is not to be doubted.

The story of this great General's career is of a marvellous march from the mountains of time to the sea of eternity. Of the three great war heroes, Sherman was by far the most interesting personality. He was the best known to the public and the best loved for his genial disposition and warm sympathy with the popular heart. He has joined his illustrious compeers in the eternal biovuac of the dead. His is a life to study—to emulate—and is a profound inspiration. The forthcoming volume will tell the whole story of his marvellous career, and from the authorship engaged upon it, we are assured it will be told in a way that will enthral the attention and interest of every reader from first to last. It is a book every American will want and one every American youth should read. It will doubtless be the best life of the great chieftain published, and we predict for its wonderful popularity.

The question of proper cultivation of the soil is one of importance to every farmer. Methods employed in clayey, heavy, wet and other soils of the East and South will not exactly suit the lighter and dryer soils of the Northwest. A leading and successful farmer of Minnesota has been experimenting gives his opinion in a little circular furnished free by W. W. Fegan, local agent of the Great Northern Railway, or F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A. St. Paul, Minn. It is a publication calculated to interest all thoughtful and practical farmers.

"Scarcely Able to Walk."

How often have we heard that from people just getting about after a severe illness; how often is it on the lips of the weary house-mother at the close of the day, when it seems as if every burden of the whole family had been laid on her shoulders. How welcome to all such is the invitation of some friend to "take a ride," how they spin through the fresh air brings color to the pale cheek, lights up the dull eye, and renews the strength. If your friends are in this tired condition, give them a ride, and one that has a constant-change of pleasant scenes will be the best. The most charming scenery in the West is that along the Mississippi River, from Rock Island to St. Paul, and "The Burlington" is the line by which to see it, gliding over a smooth track in palaces on wheels. Buy a ticket over this line for your friend who is "scarcely able to walk," and get your money back in noting the improvement sure to follow the journey. Any ticket agent of "The Burlington" or connecting lines, can attend to this kind of a call, or if you wish to know more about the line write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. agent C. B. & N. R. R. St. Paul, Minn.

The Custer County Record (Broken Bow, Neb.) says;

The question is frequently asked, how would the government get money into circulation in case it should decide to issue a volume of legal tender paper coin? This many seem a very idle and foolish question to those who have made the subject of finance a special study. It is by no means such to those who ask it. We believe it to be an important question, and furthermore believe those who ask are honest in making the inquiry. Away back in the early days of the greenback party, we well remember that this was the one point of ridicule. Those who opposed the greenback doctrine pictured Uncle Sam turning a machine grinding out paper money, and the spout of the machine emptying i's contents in the coat tail pocket of the granger. Many a poor, ignorant fellow clapped his hands and stamped his feet in political delight, who since that day has a mortgage clapped on his home and himself stamped into the earth as a penalty for his foolishness over that bit of ridicule. There are many ways by which the government can put money into circulation when it pleases the people to order it done. Inasmuch, however, as the Alliance has made a demand as to how it shall be done, it is unnecessary for us to go out of the way to discuss other methods at this time. The plan proposed by the Alliance in that the government shall create a sufficient volume of legal tender paper coin to meet the requirements of commerce, and that it shall be loaned direct to the people on good and sufficient security at a low rate of interest. This would most certainly bring the money direct to the people, for they hold the security; that is to say, they hold the land, which is the source of all wealth, and hence the final security of all debt. Nor is there anything very radical in this measure, for on anything like a close examination of the present financial system, it will be found to largely partake of our plan. Briefly stated, the Alliance simply asks that the government shall continue to create money, as it is now doing, and shall continue to loan the money so created, which it is now doing at a low rate of interest, but that it shall be loaned to the people who can furnish the security—land—instead of to a special few, who in turn loan it to the people. The only important change demanded is that the loan shall be made to the people direct at a rate fixed by themselves, instead of through the national banks at a rate fixed by the bankers. But is claimed that inasmuch as the holder of land is mortgaged, the money, loaned to him, must go to lift the mortgage, and would land in the pockets of the capitalist at the first jump. Yes, this is true, and brings us at once to the vital point in the financial question. Having passed the money from the government to the mortgaged farmer, and from him to the capitalist, we have the farmer in possession of his home, and the capitalist of his money. Now what are the conditions of the parties after this transaction? The farmer goes on his daily rounds producing wealth, relieved of four-fifths of his interest burden, the capitalist finds himself in possession of his money, which is not endowed with the power of creating wealth, it bears no interest on its face, he cannot lock it up and live off its earnings, and is face to face with the fact that he must go to work for a living which he will never do, or he must put his money to work for him at the rate of interest fixed by the government. For three thousand years the world has been trying to prevent excess of usury by laws making it an offense, and have made a dismal failure of it. The plan presented by the Alliance would solve the problem at once, by fixing an absolute rate of 2 per cent, through government loans, and present to all those who live off labor through interests, the alternative, as a means of obtaining livelihood a pair of plow handles or 2 per cent on their money. Brother, which of the two do you think he would take? Do you now see how the money would flow back to the people at the rate fixed by the government?

The weekly Examiner (Hartford, Conn.) says: A few weeks ago the money manipulators of Boston met and passed resolutions against the passage of the silver bill now pending in Congress. Their brethern of Hartford followed suit this week, and sent instructing to our Senators and Representatives in Washington to act accordingly. A long series of lugubrious resolutions were adopted, among them the declaration of the measure being detrimental to the interest of the workers. Of course these resolutions were skillfully written, and without the least doubt have exerted an influence on the minds of those who read them, who knew nothing of the merits of the question from previous knowledge or examination. We could never conceive of the possibility of arranging an argument to prove that more money injected into the channels of trade under conditions were people were complaining of a scarcity of the precious stuff, would surely result to their detriment and demoralization before seeing how well it was done under the auspices of the Hartford Board of trade. Of course the "other side" of the question was not mentioned. But any poor workingman is able understand the statement and appreciate its most pregnant truth, that when he is obliged to accept a dollar "worth only 80 cents" for a dollar's worth of labor, he is robbed of 20 cents in the transaction.

He can see this plainly, if he can only once forget of having to take a big dollar of 420 grains of silver for about 75 cents, where a smaller one of 412½ grains equaled to him the full 100 cents, and where the fractional part of a cent's worth of paper equalled the same amount. But it was superfluous act to send these instructions to Connecticut's representatives in the national body, unless there be a hidden purpose in doing it. These men knew what was expected of them before, and had already shown their faithfulness. Realizing that they owe their seats, their emoluments and distinguished honors (?) to the class of men who met in Hartford, they were sure to obey their behests without any positive instructions. True, this class does not do all the voting, but that is of little consequence where they have the steering of those who do. They control the "machine," and the machine controls the "cattle." Aye, they control both machines in this State, for were not the two leading organs of the city in hearty accord with the work of the remonstrants, although on the place-hunters' squabble they have been pulling each other's hair ever since the contest commenced. And did not Democrats and Republicans stand up together in the protest against "debasing" the poor man's dollar, who day after day, while passing into their salons of wealth and grandeur, can see hundreds of these same poor men on the street corners without the opportunit of securing a dollar of any kind—depreciated or otherwise; and should any one dare to suggest a means whereby they might secure that opportunity would have howled back at him the taunt of "socialism," "paternalism" and other epithets that to the minds of the fools imply crime, viciousness or absurdity. What purpose, then, it may be asked, do these men subserve in their protest against the free coinage of silver? This; the more money that is placed in circulation over which they have no control, the less becomes their power of exacting usury from those obliged to use that money, the less control have they over the property and resources of others, and the more is their peculiar institution threatend which enables them to earn their bread so easily by the sweat of other brows.

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OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

Polk County Journal.
W. G. COOKE, Publisher.
Crookston, March 12, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 84.
1 Northern 82.
2 Northern 79.
3 Northern 70.

The Commercial is overflowing with guests.

J. C. McKnight was up at court on Monday.

Frank Hunt was down from Red Lake Falls on Monday.

Jim Kelley was down on the special venire on Monday.

Everybody seems to be in at court and the hotels are all full.

District Attorney, Eugene Hay, was in the city on Monday on business.

Barber Ralston has lost a young son, who died at Grand Forks last week.

Another batch of patents were received at the Land Office this week.

Arthur Steuart has gone to Superior to attend to matters at the new store.

W. C. Spottswood came up on Wednesday evening to look after affairs in the city.

Dr. C. K. Bartlett, of St. Peter, is in the city, called as expert testimony in the Russell case.

Send in your reports of town elections. THE JOURNAL would like a report from every town.

Tacoma experienced an earthquake shock on the 7th inst. It is said to have been more severe at Seattle.

Judging by the way the goods are arriving, our merchants must be anticipating a big trade this spring.

Wheat seems to be on the rise a trifle. Opened out one cent higher Monday morning, reaching 82.

The large plate glass in the Gervais store window broke on Sunday, caused, it is said, by the settling of the building.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church meets with Mrs. Finlayson on Thursday afternoon of this week.

Al. Roberts was over from Grand Forks on Monday. Says Eddie is doing nicely at the hospital, where he has the very best of care.

Minor Rood drove down from Mentor last week looking for a purchaser for his Maple Lake farm. He has a fine place on the lake which he offers cheap.

Dan McDonald is figuring on a contract on the new Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific railroad. Dan is an experienced builder and an all-round good man.

Ira DeCamp is in the city for a few days. He has resigned his position as manager of the Columbia, at Fargo, and may conclude to remain here. It looks very natural to see him around again.

The republican club met on Saturday night and elected as delegates to the convention in Minneapolis on March 12th, E. C. Davis, E. M. Walsh, Lewis Ellington, T. G. Thompson and C. M. Lowe.

W. R. Bierly, of the Grand Forks News had the misfortune to lose his establishment by fire on Friday of last week. Lost everything but the books. Partially insured. The Journal extends its sympathy.

Jack McLaren met our reporter one day last week and invited him to help celebrate the advent of a bright young lady, whose arrival, he said, THE JOURNAL had neglected to note. We proceeded to discuss an acorn with Jack at once.

Agent Fegan informs THE JOURNAL that a flagman is to be stationed at the Robert street crossing of the Great Northern road, day and night. This is as it should be and will prevent the recurrence of such sad affairs as that of last summer.

The president and general manager of the rainy Lake Crookston & Pacific R. R. went down to the town of Sheley, Norman Co. on Tuesday to attend a railroad meeting at that place. The sentiment of the meeting was unanimously in favor of bonding for the road.

Mine host Bemis makes it a point to care for every guest who comes, and he now has every unoccupied sleeping room in the city engaged and filled. He is sleeping the jury in the Malette block, where he has a few hundred guests stored o' nights. He takes an option on every room in the city whenever possible.

Judge C. L. Brown is a brother of attorney Brown, of Argyle, well known in our city. At one time Judge Brown was known as the youngest Judge on the bench in the state, and his father as the oldest. The Judge was appointed for his first term and has been re-elected two or three times. He seems to understand his business pretty thoroughly.

Mrs. John C. Welles, of Fon du Lac, Wis., died suddenly at the farm residence at Edna last week of pneumonia. Mrs. Welles came up with her husband a few weeks since to remain with him during his presence at the farm when she was taken with her last illness. Dr. Dampier was summoned but before he could start the sad news of her death reached him. The remains were taken to her home at Fon du Lac.

THE TRIAL

OF

HORACE RUSSELL

FOR THE

Murder of Dr. Bahnsen.

On the opening of the court on Monday morning, commenced the beginning of the end of this celebrated case which has been so prominent in the public mind ever since the morning when that fatal pistol shot rang out upon the morning air, stretching one man cold in death and placing another on trial for his life. Horace Russell, the prisoner, walked into the court room with a firm tread and rather a nonchalant air, and took his seat in a chair a little in the rear of the chairs occupied by his counsel. His countenance is somewhat bleached from long confinement, otherwise he shows no ill effects from his imprisonment. Judge C. L. Brown, of Morris, Stevens County, is presiding, while Attorney Gen. M. E. Clapp and R. J. Montague, ex-county attorney, is assisting County Attorney, A. R Holston, and Arthur C. Noyes is associate counsel with Halvor Steenerson for the accused. After some sparring for position between the learned counsel, John Cromb, P. A. Russell and Wm. Watts were appointed triers and the tedious work of impanelling the jury began. At 6 p. m. the special venire of 50 had been exhausted and only ten good men and true sworn to impartially try the case in accordance with the evidence that shall be given, and the Judge ordered the Sheriff to summons 25 more men from which to select the other two jurors. Those sworn on Monday were James Sullivan, Thomas Wallace, Ole P. Onstad. K. Tedmanson, Edward Lanctot, August Munn, O. Edvold, Jr., W. N. Campbell, Jas. Novetny, R. H. Aimer and Thomas Plante. James Sullivan was taken very ill during the day and had to be excused, leaving only ten ready for business. The Judge instructed the Sheriff to take charge of the jurors for the night and dismissed the proceedings until Tuesday morning.

Tuesday morning was consumed in procuring one juror—H. C. Burdick, of Fertile, and the Judge ordered the Sheriff to summon a special venire of 20 to report at 2:30. At 3:50 the 12th man was found in the person of Geo. H. Ralph and the court took a recess of 25 minutes. It took 85 men in all to secure the twelve good men and true to try this case. At 4:15 the county attorney arose to present the case for the state, making a powerful speech, which was listened to with marked attention not only by the jury but also by a large audience. He spoke 27 minutes, after which the first witness, Mrs. Annie Bahnsen, was called, who testified as follows:

"My name is Annie Bahnsen; lived in Crookston on August 26th; lived in Fisher before that." (At this point the attorney for the defense interposed an objection, which was overruled, and the testimony continued.) "Am the widow of the late W. J. Bahnsen; the last time I saw my husband alive was about 10 minutes of 7 o'clock on the morning of August 26th at our door, when he kissed me good bye as usual. He was starting for Fisher; next saw him at the residence of Mr. Hamilton, at Fisher, about 4 p. m. the same day; he was dead.

Levi Brainerd sworn: "Live near Fisher; was at Fisher on the morning of August 26th, at the depot a little before train time and upon its arrival; was waiting for Dr. Bahnsen to take him to see my wife who was sick; saw defendant, Russell, standing near the corner of the depot apparently doing nothing in particular; upon arrival of train met Dr. Bahnsen as he got off the platform and shook hands with him; he said: "hello, is that you," and we turned toward the rear of the train; as we stood facing the train waiting for it to pull out so we could cross the track to our path, I heard the report of a pistol so near my left ear that it deafened me; Dr. Bahnsen said, "Oh, my," and instantly I heard another report and he fell to the platform near me; I said "look-out," and turning to my right saw Russell about 20 or 30 steps distant going toward rear of train; going off of the platform; he went two or three rods; I said "ain't somebody going to stop that man;" Dr. Bahnsen lived 20 minutes, I think; know Horace Russell by sight; this defendant is the man." Cross examined. "The train was going northwest, I think; the depot does not stand with the points of the compass; first saw Russell about 12 feet away; he was standing facing the train; I don't know whether he fired the shot at all or not; I did not see him fire it; did not see Bahnsen have anything in his hand; don't know whether he had or not; he said to me "Oh, you are here, are you?" a minute after I heard the shot, or it may have been three minutes; the pistol must have been within a foot and a half of my ear; there was a ringing in my left ear a long time after; in fact all night; we were facing the train waiting for it to pass; think it was standing still, though it may have been pulling out slowly; heard but two shots; saw Russell run; did not see any one start after him." After a few questions on re-direct, court was adjourned until 9 a. m. Wednesday morning.

Upon the assembly of the court on Wednesday morning the prisoner's wife and little daughters, one 4 and the other 6, came in and were given seats near the prisoner, who greeted the little ones with a fond kiss and then bowed his head in his hands and sat for some time wrapt in deep meditation, while the innocent little toddlers gazed about, upon the crowd, upon the attorneys huddled about their tables, and upon the jury sitting cold and silent in the jury box, as if in infantile wonder what it all meant.

The first witness called was H. B. Herrick, of Fisher, who testified substantially as follows: "Was at the depot in Fisher on the morning of August 26th; saw Dr. Bahnsen get off of the train; saw him meet Levi Brainerd; saw Russell, he was about three feet from Dr. Bahnsen; had a revolver in his hand; saw him shoot twice; think the first shot hit the doctor in the neck and the next in the back of head; the doctor swung half round and fell on his face on the platform; lived, I should think, 10 or 15 minutes; Russell ran to the end of the platform swinging his revolver in the air, and jumped off, exclaiming: "I have got him!" and ran south toward the river." Overcoat exhibited. "I think that is the coat worn by Dr. Bahnsen at that time." Cross examination. "I was talking with Russell as the train was approaching; it was on general subjects, not about Bahnsen; he did not appear to be expecting anybody in particular; he shot the doctor about one-half minute after he alighted from the train; some one on the train, a passenger it was said, fired at Russell as he was running.

I. W. Webb sworn. Live at Edna; was on train that morning going to Grand Forks; saw Dr. Bahnsen on the train; saw Russell shoot him; the second shot he had to reach his hand round somebody who was apparently between him and the doctor; I was about 100 feet away, a car length; I think he had two revolvers; I did not hear him say "I have got him!" I think I could have heard it if he said it; I helped to carry the body in the depot.

Dr. C. A. Leslie sworn. I live at Fisher; know Dr. Bahnsen; saw him first that morning lying in depot; examined the wounds as much as I could without endangering his life; saw brain matter on the probe; at that time I did not know but he was where he had been shot; when I learned different, examined the place on platform where he fell; there was brain matter there; saw the body later on coroner's examination and probed the wounds more fully; did not find the bullets; At this point Atty-Gen'l Clapp said: "The State will rest," and attorney Noyes arose to present the case for the defense. He spoke slowly and deliberately for half an hour and was listened to with marked attention to the close. He said that together with the prosecution, the defense only wanted simple justice at the hands of the law. We shall show, said he, that the grandfather of the defendant was insane at an early age, that his mother was daft, or crazy, that his sister was sent to the insane asylum from this county. We shall show that the provocation under which this man labored was sufficient to wreck a much stronger intellect—the ruin of a once happy home, and the debauching of a once loved wife by his trusted family physician. We shall show that he sought justice in a legal channel and that it was refused him. Upon the conclusion of Mr. Noyes' address court took the noon recess.

Peter Cornelius had quite an experience on Friday night of last week, When crossing the railroad track coming from Sampson,s Addition the colts he was driving became frightened at an engine and dashed up Robert Street at a fearful gait. Peter had hold of the leathers however and he succeeded in checking their speed sufficiently to pass the dangerous N. P. bridge in Jerome's Addition when he reached it and then he let them out and gave them all the exercise they wanted.

Crookston Alliance No. 648 met on Saturday at 2 p. m. The motion to commit the Alliance to the endorsement of the bill for bonding in the sum of $1,000 for immigration purposes was laid upon the table. Chris Houston, O. C. Bergland and Eli Steenerson was appointed committee on ways and means. The duties, of the committee as defined by Sec. 10 of the by-laws are to assist the members in making purchases for their individual needs as they may request, as well as such other duties as the alliance may require of them. This committee wishes THE JOURNAL to state that they are now prepared to assist all who desire to purchase seeders, drills or agricultural implements. A resolution against county division was unanimously passed and the secretaay was ordered to send a copy of the number to each member of the legislature. Adjourned till Saturday March 21st 1891.

The General Manager of the Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific R. R. Co. says THE JOURNAL was in error as to the cause of the embarkation of J. J. Hill to America in such great haste. He says that as soon as Mr. Hill heard of the steps being taken to build the R. L. C. & P. R. R. he at once got on a spree which lasted till he arrived in New York. We accept the amendment.

A. Gilmour is down from McIntosh this week.

J. D. Knudson is in from McIntosh for jury duty this week.

D. Jacobus returned from his western trip on Monday night in time to be excused from the Russell jury.

Andy Locken has opened his new clothing store on Robert street and is now ready to see his many friends.

Horace C. Brown a prominent attorney of Argyle, is in the city this week on business before the U. S. Land Office and visiting his brother, the Judge.

P. H. Konzen was one of Kittson County's leading citizens in the city this week. He says that the removal of C. J. McCollom from their midst is a calamity they do not view with fortitude. Such men are so rare that their absence makes it seem like half the population had gone. He says that Ed. Love has been adding some fine thoroughbred horses to his stables, the best bred animals ever taken into Kittson County. His recent purchases are Norman Percheron.

Lost.

On Friday evening while walking on Main, Robert, Second, Broadway, or Ash Streets $25 in money wrapped in a bit of paper. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to this office.

[47-48]

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on Thursday, April 9th, 1891, at his residence on Section 5, in Fairfax, (known as the Sterge place) the following property, to-wit:

Three good work horses.
One stallion.
Three cows.
One heifer.
Two lumber wagons.
One sulky, one buggy, 2 plows, one sleigh also all of my household furniture and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS:—All sums of $10 and under, cash. All sums over $10 time will be given until October 15th, 1891 on good approved notes at 10 per cent. per annum,

[47-49] M. O. MELAND.

Closing Out Notice.

Read the great bargains in another column, which I shall continue until March 25th. Positively no longer. Everything must go at most any price.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD,
Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

Closing Out at Cost!

I AM CLOSING OUT

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

General Merchandise

AT AND BELOW COST

IF YOU WANT

BOOTS, SHOES

OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

Every One Using Machine Oils.

Best black oil, per gallon, - - 15c
" Eldorado engine oil, per gal., - 25c
Bring in your cans and jugs and save 100 per cent on machine oil.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Anglim's.

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction at the hotel at Gentilly, on Monday, March 23d, 1891, the following described property, to-wit:

Two good working mares.
One good working gelding.
Two setts work harness.
One milch cow.
Three yearling heifers.
One spring calf,
Together with all of my household furniture and other things too numerous to mention.

Terms—All sums of $10 and under cash. All sums over $10 time will be given until November 1st, 1891, at 10 per cent interest on good approved notes.

JOSEPH BERNIER.
LOUIS BERTHIAUME, Auctioneer.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 12, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pasca Labeile and Adele Labelle, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 46 of mortgages on pages 117-9.

And, whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: [illegible] that became due November 1st, 1889; [illegible] that became due May 1st, 1890, and [illegible] that became due November 1st, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and twenty-four and [illegible] dollars ([illegible]), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼, sw¼) of Section twenty [illegible], in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north of Range forty-five (45) west, containing forty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891 at [illegible] o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
H. D. Dickinson, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[47-1] (N. O. 37)

Farmers! == Farmers!

IT WILL PAY YOU

TO READ THIS.

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Closing Out! Closing Out! Read! Read!

My Prices on Hardware are as follows:

Common mixed paints, Per gallon	85c to $ 1 00
Best " " "	1 25
Ten quart strainer pails,	35
Twelve quart strainer pails,	40
No. 9 copper tea kettles,	1 75
Clevises, per lb.,	6½
One doz. 6 quart pressed pans,	75
Steel nails, per keg rate,	2 65
Wire nails, per keg rate,	3 15
Wringers,	2 00
Five gallon pump cans,	1 35
Tar felt paper, per hundred,	2 50
Winchester rifles, octagon band,	14 75
Stove pipe, per joint,	15
Ox bows, per pair,	50
One set Mrs. Potts' sadirons, nickle plate,	1 25
Grind stones, per pound,	1½
Patent wire lift tubular lanterns,	50
8x10, 8 light windows, per pair	70
8x10, 12 light windows, "	90
Scythe snaths,	40
Lock top cream cans, with glass,	70
Ox cards, per pair,	15
Painted barb wire, per hundred,	3 50
Galvanized barb wire, per hundred,	4 10
Lanterns,	40 and 50
Well buckets,	35
Best black machine oil, per gallon,	15
Best Eldorado " " "	25
10 quart tin pails,	15
No. 0 barrel churn,	3 00
No. 1 barrel churn,	3 25

Numerous other articles and proportionately the same prices. Call early as possible. Will continue Closing Out until the 25th of March.

Wm. C. Spottswood,
Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Beltrami Telaugraphs.

The annual town meeting for the town of Reis was called to order by the town clerk and W. J. Nickle was appointed moderator. $545 was appropriated for the expenses of the ensuing year and the following officers elected; John S. Johnson chairman. Supervisors John Thompson and William Street. Town Clerk D. C. Hallock, Treasurer E. W. Johnson. Assessor E. W. Johnson. Justices of the Peace, D. C. Hallock and W. J. Nickle. Constables R. L. Elder and William Price. Pound Masters, K. O. Flakne and O. N. Olslund. Overseer of Road Dist. No. 1, O. N. Olslund. Overseer of Road Dist. No. 2, R. L. Elder.

H. B. Budd has rented the Herriott farm and engaged James Carey as manager.

What are you going to raise this year to exhibit next Fall at the Polk County Fair.

Ole Tollef and seven others from the town of Hubbard passed through here yesterday on their way to the Red Lake reservation where they will civilize the Indians and fight the musquitoes next summer and improve the land for same R. R. Co.

Hon John Davis member of the N. D. Legislature is visiting the Hayes Bro's.

John Calvin Charles of McIntosh was shaking hands with his friends here this week.

I. W. Webb was been called as a witness on the Russell murder trial.

H. B. Budd will serve on the U. S. Grand Jury at Fergus Falls on the 24th, of this month unless Uncle Sam excuses him.

EDNA.

We have an entirely new No. 9 Jewet cook stove which we will offer for sale at a bargain if taken soon. This stove has never been used; we got it in trade and will dispose of it for cash or negotiable paper at a figure that cant be duplicated in this city. If you need a good stove call at THE JOURNAL office.

Paint! Paint! Paint!

Now is the time to buy paint and use it a little later on. The old reliable brand, "The Northwestern," we are closing out at $1.25 per gallon. Strictly pure. Other goods cheaper.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife,
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 PAIR OF BROOD MARES
Six years old with foal to thoroughbred Percheron Norman horse.
2 Geldings, 4 years old.
2 Mares, 4 years old.
1 good Driving Horse, 6 years old.
1 pair 2 year old Mares, 7-8 Norman Percheron.
1 pair good Norman Fillies.

Address THEO. GREENHALGH, city post office, or call at the farm in Fairfax. [40-45]

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of such Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, March 12, 1891.

Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 84.
1 Northern 82.
2 Northern 79.
3 Northern 70.

The Commercial is overflowing with guests.

J. C. McKnight was up at court on Monday.

Frank Hunt was down from Red Lake Falls on Monday.

Jim Kelley was down on the special venire on Monday.

Everybody seems to be in at court and the hotels are all full.

District Attorney, Eugene Hay, was in the city on Monday on business.

Barber Ralston has lost a young son, who died at Grand Forks last week.

Another batch of patents were received at the Land Office this week.

Arthur Steuart has gone to Superior to attend to matters at the new store.

W. C. Spottswood came up on Wednesday evening to look after affairs in the city.

Dr. C. K. Bartlett, of St. Peter, is in the city, called as expert testimony in the Russell case.

Send in your reports of town elections. THE JOURNAL would like a report from every town.

Tacoma experienced an earthquake shock on the 7th inst. It is said to have been more severe at Seattle.

Judging by the way the goods are arriving, our merchants must be anticipating a big trade this spring.

Wheat seems to be on the rise a trifle. Opened out one cent higher Monday morning, reaching 82.

The large plate glass in the Gervais store window broke on Sunday, caused, it is said, by the settling of the building.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church meets with Mrs. Finlayson on Thursday afternoon of this week.

Al. Roberts was over from Grand Forks on Monday. Says Eddie is doing nicely at the hospital, where he has the very best of care.

Minor Rood drove down from Mentor last week looking for a purchaser for his Maple Lake farm. He has a fine place on the lake which he offers cheap.

Dan McDonald is figuring on a contract on the new Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific railroad. Dan is an experienced builder and an all round good man.

Ira DeCamp is in the city for a few days. He has resigned his position as manager of the Columbia at Fargo, and may conclude to remain here. It looks very natural to see him around again.

The republican club met on Saturday night and elected as delegates to the convention in Minneapolis on March 12th, E. C. Davis, E. M. Walsh, Lewis Ellington, T. G. Thompson and O. M. Lowe.

W. R. Bierly, of the Grand Forks News had the misforune to lose his establishment by fire on Friday of last week. Lost everything but the books. Partially insured. The Journal extends its sympathy.

Jack McLaren met our reporter one day last week and invited him to help celebrate the advent of a bright young lady, whose arrival, he said, THE JOURNAL had neglected to note. We proceeded to discuss an acorn with Jack at once.

Agent Fegan informs THE JOURNAL that a flagman is to be stationed at the Robert street crossing of the Great Northern road, day and night. This is as it should be and will prevent the recurrence of such sad affairs as that of last summer.

The president and general manager of the Rainy Lake Crookston & Pacific R. R. went down to the town of Shelly, Norman Co. on Tuesday to attend a railroad meeting at that place. The sentiment of the meeting was unanimously in favor of bonding for the road.

Mine host Bemis makes it a point to care for every guest who comes, and he now has every unoccupied sleeping room in the city engaged and filled. He is sleeping the jury in the Malette block, where he has a few hundred guests stored o' nights. He takes an option on every room in the city whenever possible.

Judge C. L. Brown is a brother of attorney Brown, of Argyle, well known in our city. At one time Judge Brown was known as the youngest Judge on the bench in the state, and his father as the oldest. The Judge was appointed for his first term and has been re-elected two or three times. He seems to understand his business pretty thoroughly.

Mrs. John O. Welles, of Fon du Lac, [illegible] died suddenly at the farm residence [illegible]

THE TRIAL

OF

HORACE RUSSELL

FOR THE

Murder of Dr. Bahnsen.

On the opening of the court on Monday morning, commenced the beginning of the end of this celebrated case which has been so prominent in the public mind ever since the morning when that fatal pistol shot rang out upon the morning air, stretching one man cold in death and placing another on trial for his life. Horace Russell, the prisoner, walked into the court room with a firm tread and rather a nonchalant air, and took his seat in a chair a little in the rear of the chairs occupied by his counsel. His countenance is somewhat bleached from long confinement, otherwise he shows no ill effects from his imprisonment. Judge C. L. Brown, of Morris, Stevens County, is presiding, while Attorney Gen. M. E. Clapp and R. J. Montague, ex-county attorney, is assisting County Attorney, A. R. Holston, and Arthur C. Noyes is associate counsel with Halvor Steenerson for the accused. After some sparring for position between the learned counsel, John Cromb, P. A. Russell and Wm. Watts were appointed triers and the tedious work of impannelling the jury began. At 6 p. m. the special venire of 50 had been exhausted and only ten good men and true sworn to impartially try the case in accordance with the evidence that shall be given, and the Judge ordered the Sheriff to summons 25 more men from which to select the other two jurors. Those sworn on Monday were James Sullivan, Thomas Wallace, Ole P. Onstad, K. Tedmanson, Edward Lanctot, August Munn, O. Edvold, Jr., W. N. Campbell, Jas. Novetny, R. H. Aimer and Thomas Plante. James Sullivan was taken very ill during the day and had to be excused, leaving only ten ready for business. The Judge instructed the Sheriff to take charge of the jurors for the night and dismissed the proceedings until Tuesday morning.

Tuesday morning was consumed in procuring one juror—H. C. Burdick, of Fertile, and the Judge ordered the Sheriff to summon a special venire of 20 to report at 2:30. At 3:50 the 12th man was found in the person of Geo. H. Ralph and the court took a recess of 25 minutes. It took 85 men in all to secure the twelve good men and true to try this case. At 4:15 the county attorney arose to present the case for the state, making a powerful speech, which was listened to with marked attention not only by the jury but also by a large audience. He spoke 27 minutes, after which the first witness, Mrs. Annie Bahnsen, was called, who testified as follows:

"My name is Annie Bahnsen; lived in Crookston on August 26th; lived in Fisher before that." (At this point the attorney for the defense interposed an objection, which was overruled, and the testimony continued.) "Am the widow of the late W. J. Bahnsen; the last time I saw my husband alive was about 10 minutes of 7 o'clock on the morning of August 26th at our door, when he kissed me good bye as usual. He was starting for Fisher; next saw him at the residence of Mr. Hamilton, at Fisher, about 4 p. m. the same day; he was dead."

Levi Brainerd sworn: "Live near Fisher; was at Fisher on the morning of August 26th, at the depot a little before train time and upon its arrival; was waiting for Dr. Bahnsen to take him to see my wife who was sick; saw defendant, Russell, standing near the corner of the depot apparently doing nothing in particular; upon arrival of train met Dr. Bahnsen as he got off the platform and shook hands with him; he said: "hello, is that you," and we turned toward the rear of the train, as we stood facing the train waiting for it to pull out so we could cross the track to our path, I heard the report of a pistol so near my left ear that it deafened me; Dr. Bahnsen said, "Oh, my," and instantly I heard another report and he fell to the platform near me; I said "look out," and turning to my right saw Russell about 20 or 30 steps distant going toward rear of train, going off of the platform; he went two or three rods; I said, "ain't somebody going to stop that man." Dr. Bahnsen lived 20 minutes, I think; know Horace Russell by sight; this defendant is the man." Cross examined: "The train was going northwest, I think; the depot does not stand with the points of the compass; first saw Russell about 12 feet away; he was standing facing the train; I don't know whether he fired the shot at all or not; I did not see him fire it; did not see Bahnsen have anything in his hand; don't know whether he had or not; he said to me: [illegible]

sell run; did not see any one start after him." After a few questions on redirect, court was adjourned until 9 a. m. Wednesday morning.

Upon the assembly of the court on Wednesday morning the prisoner's wife and little daughters, one 4 and the other 6, came in and were given seats near the prisoner, who greeted the little ones with a fond kiss and then bowed his head in his hands and sat for some time wrapt in deep meditation, while the innocent little toddlers gazed about, upon the crowd, upon the attorneys huddled about their tables, and upon the jury sitting cold and silent in the jury box, as if in infantile wonder what it all meant.

The first witness called was H. B. Herrick, of Fisher, who testified substantially as follows: "Was at the depot in Fisher on the morning of August 26th; saw Dr. Bahnsen get off of the train; saw him meet Levi Brainerd; saw Russell, he was about three feet from Dr. Bahnsen; had a revolver in his hand; saw him shoot twice; think the first shot hit the doctor in the neck and the next in the back of head; the doctor swung half round and fell on his face on the platform; lived, I should think, 10 or 15 minutes; Russell ran to the end of the platform swinging his revolver in the air, and jumped off, exclaiming: "I have got him!" and ran south toward the river." Overcoat exhibited. "I think that is the coat worn by Dr. Bahnsen at that time." Cross examination. "I was talking with Russell as the train was approaching; it was on general subjects, not about Bahnsen; he did not appear to be expecting anybody in particular; he shot the doctor about one-half minute after he alighted from the train; some one on the train, a passenger it was said, fired at Russell as he was running.

I. W. Webb sworn. Live at Edna; was on train that morning going to Grand Forks; saw Dr. Bahnsen on the train; saw Russell shoot him; the second shot he had to reach his hand round somebody who was apparently between him and the doctor; I was about 100 feet away, a car length; I think he had two revolvers; I did not hear him say "I have got him!" I think I could have heard it if he said it; I helped to carry the body in the depot.

Dr. O. A. Leslie sworn. I live at Fisher; knew Dr. Bahnsen; saw him first that morning lying in depot; examined the wounds as much as I could without endangering his life; saw brain matter on the probe; at that time I did not know but he was where he had been shot; when I learned different, examined the place on platform where he fell; there was brain matter there; saw the body later on coroner's examination and probed the wounds more fully; did not find the bullets; At this point Atty-Gen'l Clapp said: "The State will rest," and attorney Noyes arose to present the case for the defense. He spoke slowly and deliberately for half an hour and was listened to with marked attention to the close. He said that together with the prosecution, the defense only wanted simple justice at the hands of the law. We shall show, said he, that the grandfather of the defendant was insane at an early age, that his mother was daft, or crazy, that his sister was sent to the insane asylum from this county. We shall show that the provocation under which this man labored was sufficient to wreck a much stronger intellect—the ruin of a once happy home, and the debauching of a once loved wife by his trusted family physician. We shall show that he sought justice in a legal channel and that it was refused him. Upon the conclusion of Mr. Noyes' address court took the noon recess.

Peter Cornelius had quite an experience on Friday night of last week. When crossing the railroad track coming from Sampson's Addition the colts he was driving became frightened at an engine and dashed up Robert Street at a fearful gait. Peter had hold of the leathers, however and he succeeded in checking their speed sufficiently to pass the dangerous N. P. bridge in Jerome's Addition when he reached it and then he let them out and gave them all the exercise they wanted.

Crookston Alliance No. 648 met on Saturday at 2 p. m. The motion to commit the Alliance to the endorsement of the bill for bonding in the sum of $1,000 for immigration purposes was laid upon the table. Chris Houston, O. C. Bergland and Eli Steenerson was appointed committee on ways and means. The duties of the committee as defined by Sec. 10 of the by-laws are to assist the members in making purchases for their individual needs as they may request, as well as such other duties as the alliance may require of them. This committee wishes THE JOURNAL to state that they are now prepared to assist all who desire to purchase seeders, drills or agricultural implements. A resolution against county division was unanimously passed, and the secretary was ordered to send a copy of the number to each member of the legislature. Adjourned till Saturday, March 21st 1891.

The General Manager of the Rainy Lake Crookston & Pacific R. R. Co. [illegible] THE JOURNAL [illegible]

A. Gilmour is down from McIntosh this week.

J. D. Knudson is in from McIntosh for jury duty this week.

D. Jacobus returned from his western trip on Monday night in time to be excused from the Russell jury.

Andy Looken has opened his new clothing store on Robert street and is now ready to see his many friends.

Horace C. Brown a prominent attorney of Argyle, is in the city this week on business before the U. S. Land Office and visiting his brother, the Judge.

P. H. Konzen was one of Kittson County's leading citizens in the city this week. He says that the removal of O. J. McCollom from their midst is a calamity they do not view with fortitude. Such men are so rare that their absence makes it seem like half the population had gone. He says that Ed. Love has been adding some fine thoroughbred horses to his stables, the best bred animals ever taken into Kittson County. His recent purchases are Norman Percheron.

Lost.

On Friday evening while walking on Main, Robert, Second, Broadway, or Ash Streets $25 in money wrapped in a bit of paper. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to this office.

[47-48]

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on Thursday, April 9th, 1891, at his residence on Section 5, in Fairfax, (known as the Steege place) the following property, to-wit:

Three good work horses.
One stallion.
Three cows.
One heifer.
Two lumber wagons.

One sulky, one buggy, 2 plows, one sleigh also all of my household furniture and other aricles too numerous to mention.

TERMS:—All sums of $10 and under, cash. All sums over $10 time will be given until October 15th, 1891 on good approved notes at 10 per cent. per annum.

[47-49] M. O. MELAND.

Closing Out Notice.

Read the great bargains in another column, which I shall continue until March 25th. Positively no longer. Everything must go at most any price.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD,
Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

Closing Out at Cost!

I AM CLOSING OUT

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

General Merchandise

AT AND BELOW COST

IF YOU WANT

BOOTS, SHOES OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

Every One Using Machine Oils.

Best black oil, per gallon, - - 15c
" Eldorado engine oil, per gal., - 25c

Bring in your cans and jugs and save 100 per cent on machine oil.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Anglim's.

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction at the hotel at Gentilly, on Monday, March 23d, 1891, the following described property, to-wit:

Two good working mares.
One good working gelding.
Two setts work harness.
One milch cow.
Three yearling heifers.
One spring calf,

Together with all of my household furniture and other things too numerous to mention.

Terms—All sums of $10 and under cash. All sums over $10 time will be given until November 1st, 1891, at 10 per cent interest on good approved notes. JOSEPH BERNIER.

LOUIS BERTHIAUME, Auctioneer.

Farmers! — Farmers!

IT WILL PAY YOU

TO READ THIS.

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Closing Out! Closing Out! Read! Read!

My Prices on Hardware are as follows:

Common mixed paints, Per gallon	85c to $ 1 00
Best " "	1 25
Ten quart strainer pails,	35
Twelve quart strainer pails,	40
No. 9 copper tea kettles,	1 75
Clevises, per lb.,	6½
One doz. 6 quart pressed pans,	75
Steel nails, per keg rate,	2 65
Wire nails, per keg rate,	3 15
Wringers,	2 00
Five gallon pump cans,	1 35
Tar felt paper, per hundred,	2 50
Winchester rifles, octagon band,	14 75
Stove pipe, per joint,	15
Ox bows, per pair,	50
One set Mrs. Potts' sadirons, nickle plate,	1 25
Grind stones, per pound,	1½
Patent wire lift tubular lanterns,	50
8x10, 8 light windows, per pair	70
8x10, 12 light windows, "	90
Scythe snaths,	40
Lock top cream cans, with glass,	70
Ox cards, per pair,	15
Painted barb wire, per hundred,	3 50
Galvanized barb wire, per hundred,	4 10
Lanterns,	40 and 50
Well buckets,	35
Best black machine oil, per gallon,	15
Best Eldorado " "	25
10 quart tin pails,	15
No. 0 barrel churn,	3 00
No. 1 barrel churn,	3 25

Numerous other articles and proportionately the same prices. Call early as possible. Will continue Closing Out until the 25th of March.

Wm. C. Spottswood,

Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 12, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pasca Labelle and Adele Labelle, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages on pages 147-9.

And, whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $6.75 that became due November 1st, 1889; $6.60 that became due May 1st, 1890, and $6.00 that became due November 1st, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to wit: Two hundred and twenty-four and 52-100 dollars ($224.52); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ sw¼) of Section twenty (20), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing forty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

H. D. Dickinson, Attorney for Mortgagee.

[47-1] (N. G. 37)

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON. MINN

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL. - $100,000

SURPLUS. $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, R. D. [illegible]
Geo. O. Erskine, D. H. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Beltrami Telaugraphs.

The annual town meeting for the town of Reis was called to order by the town clerk and W. J. Nickle was appointed moderator. $545 was appropriated for the expenses of the ensuing year and the following officers elected; John S. Johnson chairman; Supervisors John Thompson and William Street. Town Clerk D. C. Hallock, Treasurer E. W. Johnson. Assessor E. W. Johnson. Justices of the Peace, D. C. Hallock and W. J. Nickle. Constables R. L. Elder and William Price. Pound Masters, K. O. Flakne and O. N. Olslund. Overseer of Road Dist. No. 1, O. N. Olslund. Overseer of Road Dist. No. 2, R. L. Elder.

H. B. Budd has rented the Herriott farm and engaged James Carey as manager.

What are you going to raise this year to exhibit next Fall at the Polk County Fair.

Ole Tollef and seven others from the town of Hubbard passed through here yesterday on their way to the Red Lake reservation where they will civilize the Indians and fight the mosquitoes next summer and improve the land for some R. R. Co.

Hon John Davis member of the N. D. Legislature is visiting the Hayes Bro's.

John Calvin Charles of McIntosh was shaking hands with his friends here this week.

I. W. Webb was been called as a witness on the Russell murder trial.

H. B. Budd will serve on the U. S. Grand Jury at Fergus Falls on the 24th, of this month unless Uncle Sam excuses him. EDNA.

We have an entirely new No. 9 Jewet cook stove which we will offer for sale at a bargan if taken soon. This stove has never been used, we got it in trade and will dispose of it for cash or negotiable paper at a figure that cant be duplicated in this city. If you need a good stove call at THE JOURNAL office.

Paint! Paint! Paint!

Now is the time to buy paint and use it a little later on. The old reliable brand, "The Northwestern," we are closing out at $1.25 per gallon. Strictly pure. Other goods cheaper.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

1 PAIR OF BROOD MARES

Six years old with foal to thoroughbred Percheron Norman horse.

2 Geldings, 4 years old.

2 Mares, 4 years old.

1 good Driving Horse, 6 years old.

1 pair 2 year old Mares, 7-8 Norman Percheron.

1 pair good Norman Fillies.

Address THEO. GREENHALGH, city post office, or call at the farm in Fairfax. [40-45]

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET—

CROOKSTON, MINN

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournot Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company of N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Mr. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of outside Co's. [illegible] CALL ON [illegible]

THE JOURNAL has taken pains to interview many of our leading farmers and business men and we have yet to find the first man who expresses himself in favor of the repeal of the laws relating to the forfeiture of principal and interest. The majority favor the reduction of interest to 6 and 8 per cent, and we have not talked with one who did not substantially agree with Mr. Donnelly's position on the question.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend the Congregational Church next Sunday. Rev. J. H. Morley of Minneapolis, Supt. of home Missions for Minnesota will be present, and our people will have the pleasure of hearing him either morning or evening. The superintendent does not come to spend the Sabbath with us to take a collection for Missions. No such collection will be taken. His presence with us is with the aim to encorage and strengthen the work of the Crookston Church and every member and all who can should enjoy his labors with us next Sabbath. See notice in Post Office on Saterday.

Atty-Gen'l Clapp is without doubt the most popular man in Minnesota to day, and one of the secrets of it is his genial every-day good nature. Time was when he was simply "Mose Clapp" to everybody who knew him in old Wisconsin, but in the fulness of time he was honored by the people of Minnesota with one of the most important offices within the gift of the people, but he is the same old "Mose" to the old-time friends. On Monday evening he was sitting in the Commercial Hotel lobby chatting with Judge Brown and a few other notables, when a granger who had just entered sung out: "Why, hello, Mose, ol' feller, is that you?" "Why, Jim, old boy, how are you," said the general, and rising and extending his hand he shook his old friend's hand as heartily as though he was the President of the United States, saying, "come up Jim and have a chair," and seeing that there was none he went into the dining room and brought one out and soon had his granger friend introduced all round and chatting as familiarly as the rest. The secret of this is that it is all genuine, comes from the heart and everybody knows it. While some make a parade of that sort of thing at certain seasons, it is perfectly natural with General Clapp—the same thing every day in the year and everywhere. Hence his great popularity with the masses.

The Times man, in his last issue, attempts to justify the double price received by the combine, by saying: "THE JOURNAL man still rants and raves and tears his hair because he was not given the county printing." That is in harmony with the line of action pursued by all who attempt to justify the Board for paying the combine double the price THE JOURNAL offered to do the work for, and this is the way the Times attempts to explain the matter: "THE JOURNAL bid for printing was eight cents per description more than that asked by either of the other papers. There are this year 6,235 descriptions; at his bid he would have received $623.50 for publishing the list. The amount the Times does the work for is $124.70, a difference of $498.80." That statement seems all innocent and right on the face of it, and we suppose it is,

AS FAR AS IT GOES,

which is just one-third exactly. The Times would have its readers understand that the $124.70 is all the cost of printing the tax list, while the FACT is that EACH PAPER gets $124.70, or $374.10 which, instead of making a difference of $498.80, as the Times says, makes a difference of $249.40. It is by such misrepresentations as this that the combine hopes to blind the eyes of the taxpayers to the real facts in this case. They well know that the bid of THE JOURNAL was less than half what they get but somehow they don't like to have the taxpayers understand that fact. So they are satisfied to take the one item—the tax list, which is not a direct tax upon the taxpayers, give a garbled presentation of that and try to imagine that people are so dull that they cannot understand the merits of the case. They fail to state that THE JOURNAL bid was very much less on job work, was less than one-half on financial statement, notices and all such work, and the only mention the Times makes of our bid on proceedings of the board free, is to slur it over and claim that it didn't amount to much, anyhow. It amounted to over $45 to the county at the very first meeting of the board. The ugly fact remains that the people have to pay the combine double price for their invaluable services, and if that condition was not the result of political scheming or jobbery, will some one inform us what it was?

Norman County Herald:—We believe there is enough fact and force in the matter now so prominent in the Great West in regard to the value of wheat, that we are ready to advocate the practical demonstration of the charges made. We will be one of twenty to raise 1000 bushels of 1 hard wheat to be shipped as a cargo direct to the English markets, to be placed in the hands of some responsible party under the direction of Dr. Fish of the Great West. We believe a practical demonstration of this kind is worth any amount of theory. His proposition is, if twenty men will ship 1000 bushels of 1 hard wheat each in one cargo a profit of at least 20 cents per bushel can be made above prices paid by the elevator companies. A practical demonstration of this proposition would mean millions of dollars to the farmers of this country. Who will make up the other twenty?

REPEALED.

Timber Culture and Pre-emption Laws.

The Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land office on Wednesday March 6th, received the following important dispatch from Washington:—

WASHINGTON, March 4, 1891.—Timber culture and pre-emption laws this day repealed. Allow no further entries thereunder of claims hereafter instituted. LEWIS A. GROFF, Commissioner.

The following is a [illegible] synopsis of the laws referred to:

Section 1 repeals the timber culture act, but saves the rights of all existing entries, and gives a right of commutation to those who have for four years tried in good faith to comply, at $1.25 per acre.

Section 2 provides modification of the desert land act, providing fully for actual reclamation of the land entered, and preventing speculative accumulation of the land, with a saving of all rights under existing entries.

Section 3 enlarges section 2288, Revised Statutes, by [illegible] reservoirs, or ditches for irrigating purposes.

Section 4 repeals the pre-emption laws, with a modification of the homestead law, and with provisions more strict as to proofs [illegible] and all final proofs, extending the commutation from six to fourteen months.

Sections 7 and 8 provide details as to final action in the Interior Department on final proofs, and provide limitations as to [illegible] suits to cancel patents, [illegible] to five years as to patents [illegible] and six as to future ones, and provisions as to the timber trespass [illegible].

Section 9 [illegible] public lands at public [illegible] public sale hereafter, thus providing private or cash entries.

Sections 10 to 17 relate to lands in Alaska, for their acquisition for manufacturing and commercial purposes and townsites.

Section 17 allows [illegible] entries, in addition to the maximum allowance of 320 acres [illegible].

Sections 18, 19, 20 and 21 relate to ditches and reservoirs, and providing for their construction [illegible].

Section 23 cures defects in the titles of settlers on certain former Indian lands caused by [illegible] of the Department of the Interior.

Section 24 authorizes the President to set apart [illegible] to preserve timber, [illegible] advisable.

Sections 2289 and 2290 show who may enter land under the homestead law and how it shall be done, as follows:

"SEC. 2289. Every person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the age of twenty-one years, and is a citizen of the United States, or who has filed his declaration of intention to become such, as required by the naturalization laws, shall be entitled to enter one quarter-section, or a less quantity of unappropriated public lands, to be located in a body in conformity to the legal sub-divisions of the public lands; but no person who is the proprietor of more than 160 acres of land in any State or Territory shall acquire any right under the homestead law. And every person owning and residing on land may, under the provisions of this section, enter other land lying contiguous to his land, which shall not, with the land so already owned and occupied, exceed in the aggregate 160 acres.

"SEC. 2290. That any person applying to enter land under the preceding section shall first make and subscribe before the proper officer and file in the proper land office an affidavit that he or she is the head of a family, or is over twenty-one years of age, and that such application is honestly and in good faith made for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation, and not for the benefit of any other person, persons, or corporation, and that he or she will honestly and faithfully endeavor to comply with all the requirements of law as to settlement, residence and cultivation necessary to acquire title to the land applied for; that he or she is not acting as agent for any person, corporation or syndicate in making such entry, nor in collusion with any person, corporation, or syndicate to give them the benefit of the land entered, or any part thereof, or the timber thereon; that he or she does not apply to enter the same for the purpose of speculation, but in good faith to obtain a home for himself or herself, and he or she has not directly or indirectly made, and will not make, any agreement or contract in any way or manner, with any person, or persons, corporation, or syndicate whatsoever, by which the title which he or she might acquire from the government should inure in whole or in part to the benefit of any person except himself or herself, and upon filing said affidavit with the register or receiver on payment of $5 when the entry is of not more than 80 acres, and on payment of $10 when the entry is for more than 80 acres, he or she shall thereupon be permitted to enter the amount of land specified."

[illegible]

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES and MULES.

For the purpose of accommodating the many who may want to dispose of their surplus Horses and mules this spring, I will hold an Auction Sale at my Yards and Stables in the city of Crookston, commencing

Friday, March 27th, 1891,

At 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing the same until all is sold.

All persons desiring to enter their stock for this sale, must do so on or before the 20th of March giving description of stock and the terms on which he wants it sold. The terms or cost for advertising and selling will be 5 per cent of the sale. No stock will be allowed to be taken away until settled for. The terms on which each horse or mule will be sold will be made public at the sale.

M. R. Brown.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

Farmers' Grist Mill.

On Saturday, March 28th, the Farmers' Alliance Milling Association will meet at the residence of W. N. Godfrey, in the town of Godfrey, to elect directors and officers. It is desired that every town interested send as many representatives as possible so that the officers may be equitably distributed. All who are interested should now come to the front with subscriptions to stock. Let there be a rousing meeting. [46-47]

For Sale Cheap.

Four good brood mares and two good work horses cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlsug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stables.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

First and Second Class Coaches,

Pullman Tourist and

Free Colonist Sleeper

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables, or special information apply to C. A. Shirley, Agent Northern Pacific R. R., Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,

Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,

St. Paul, Minn.

Statue to Sherman.

NEW YORK, March 2.—At a meeting of business men held today to take steps looking to the erection of an equestrian statue of the late Gen. Wm. T. Sherman, it was thought that about $55,000 would be required for the work. It was suggested that an effort be made to have the statue erected and the dedication take place on the anniversary of the death of Gen. Sherman.

First March Purchase.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The treasury department today made the first purchase of silver for the current month. The amount offered was 748,000 ounces and the amount purchased 105,000 ounces at 98½ cents.

THE D. R. L. F. & N.

Surveys Now Nearly Completed—Work of Building to Begin.

Duluth Tribune.

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O. J. BARNES,

THE

CITY GROCER!

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

S. L. COLLINS

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - - Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.

Everything neat and nobby.

Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

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Organized Under the State Laws.

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O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.

A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President

L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. [illegible] H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson. Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

[illegible]

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B.—Nitrous Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN [illegible] BLOCK.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

KOPS BROS

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.

PIANOS,
ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.

Grand Forks, N. D.

THE OLD RELIABLE

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LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee.

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On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW

NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
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New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

A GREAT PRIZE.

Any one, not now a subscriber, sending the Tribune ONE DOLLAR can get the picture,

The Russian Wedding Feast,

FREE BY MAIL WITH [illegible]

The Daily and Sunday Tribune [illegible] or the Daily [illegible] or the Evening Tribune [illegible] or the Sunday Tribune [illegible] or the Farmers' Weekly Tribune [illegible] This offer is good until [illegible] The picture is a beautiful [illegible] duced [illegible] painting [illegible]

THE JOURNAL has taken pains to interview many of our leading farmers and business men and we have yet to find the first man who expresses himself in favor of the repeal of the laws relating to the forfeiture of principal and interest. The majority favor the reduction of interest to 6 and 8 per cent, and we have not talked with one who did not substantially agree with Mr. Donnelly's position on the question.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend the Congregational Church next Sunday. Rev. J. H. Morley of Minneapolis, Supt. of home Mission for Minnesota will be present, and our people will have the pleasure of hearing him either morning or evening. The superintendent does not come to spend the Sabbath with us to take a collection for Missions. No such collection will be taken. His presence with us is with the aim to encorage and strengthen the work of the Crookston Church and every member and all who can should enjoy his labors with us neut Sabbath. See notice in Post Office on Saterday.

Atty-Gen'l Clapp is without doubt the most popular man in Minnesota to day and one of the secrets of it is his genial every-day good nature. Time was when he was simply "Mose Clapp" to everybody who knew him in old Wisconsin, but in the fulness of time he was honored by the people of Minnesota with one of the most important offices within the gift of the people, but he is the same old "Mose" to the old-time friends. On Monday evening he was sitting in the Commercial Hotel lobby chatting with Judge Brown and a few other notables, when a granger who had just entered sung out: "Why, hello, Mose, ol' feller is that you?" "Why, Jim, old boy, how are you," said the general, and rising and extending his hand he shook his old friend's hand as heartily as though he was the President of the United States, saying, "come up Jim and have a chair," and seeing that there was none he went into the dining room and brought one out and soon had his granger friend introduced all round and chatting as familiarly as the rest. The secret of this is that it is all genuine, comes from the heart and everybody knows it. While some make a parade of that sort of thing at certain seasons, it is perfectly natural with General Clapp—the same thing every day in the year and everywhere. Hence his great popularity with the masses.

The Times man, in his last issue, attempts to justify the double price received by the combine, by saying: "THE JOURNAL man still rants and raves and tears his hair because he was not given the county printing." That is in harmony with the line of action pursued by all who attempt to justify the Board for paying the combine double the price THE JOURNAL offered to do the work for, and this is the way the Times attempts to explain the matter: "THE JOURNAL bid for printing was eight cents per description more than that asked by either of the other papers. There are this year 6,235 descriptions; at his bid he would have received $623.50 for publishing the list. The amount the Times does the work for is $124.70, a difference of $498.80." That statement seems all innocent and right on the face of it, and we suppose it is,

AS FAR AS IT GOES,

which is just one-third exactly. The Times would have its readers understand that the $124.70 is all the cost of printing the tax list, while the FACT is that EACH PAPER gets $124.70, or $374.10 which, instead of making a difference of $498.80, as the Times says, makes a difference of $249.40. It is by such misrepresentations as this that the combine hopes to blind the eyes of the taxpayers to the real facts in this case. They well know that the bid of THE JOURNAL was less than half what they get but somehow they don't like to have the taxpayers understand that fact. So they are satisfied to take the one item—the tax list, which is not a direct tax upon the taxpayers, give a garbled presentation of that and try to imagine that people are so dull that they cannot understand the merits of the case. They fail to state that THE JOURNAL bid was very much less on job work, was less than one-half on financial statement, notices and all such work, and the only mention the Times makes of our bid on proceedings of the board free, is to slur it over and claim that it didn't amount to much, anyhow. It amounted to over $45 to the county at the very first meeting of the board. The ugly fact remains that the people have to pay the combine double price for their invaluable services, and if that condition was not the result of political scheming or jobbery, will some one inform us what it was?

Norman County Herald:—We believe there is enough fact and force in the matter now so prominent in the Great West in regard to the value of wheat, that we are ready to advocate the practical demonstration of the charges made. We will be one of twenty to raise 1000 bushels of 1 hard wheat, to be shipped as a cargo direct to the English markets, to be placed in the hands of some responsible party under the direction of Dr. Fish, of the Great West. We believe a practical demonstration of this kind is worth any amount of theory. His proposition is, if twenty men will ship 1000 bushels of 1 hard wheat each in one cargo a profit of at least 20 cents per bushel can be made above prices paid by the elevator companies. A practical demonstration of this proposition would mean millions of dollars to the farmers of this country. Who will make up the other twenty?

REPEALED.

Timber Culture and Pre-emption Laws.

The Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land office on Wednesday March 6th, received the following important dispatch from Washington:

WASHINGTON, March 4, 1891. Timber culture and pre-emption laws this day repealed. All [illegible] entries thereunder of [illegible] hereafter instituted. LEWIS A. [illegible], Commissioner.

The following [illegible] synopsis of the laws referred [illegible]

Section 1 repeals [illegible] timber culture act, but saves [illegible] existing entries, and gives [illegible] commutation to those who [illegible] four years tried in good [illegible], at $1.25 per acre.

Section 2 provides [illegible] of the desert land act, [illegible] for actual reclamation of [illegible], and preventing speculation [illegible] of the land, with [illegible] all rights under existing entries [illegible]

Section 3 [illegible] 2283, Revised Statutes, [illegible] reservoirs, or ditches [illegible]

Section 4 [illegible] pre-emption laws, with [illegible] the homestead law, [illegible] more strict as to [illegible] all final proofs, extending [illegible] from six to fourteen [illegible]

Sections 7 [illegible] tails as to final action [illegible] Department [illegible] provide limitations [illegible] suits to cancel patents, [illegible] at five years as [illegible] and six as to future [illegible] as to the timber [illegible]

Section 9 [illegible] public lands at public [illegible] sale hereafter, thus [illegible] private or cash entries.

Sections 10 to 17 [illegible] lands in Alaska, for [illegible] for manufacturing and [illegible] purposes and townsites.

Section 17 allows [illegible] entries, in addition to [illegible] allowance of 320 acres [illegible]

Sections 18, 19, [illegible] relate to ditches and [illegible] providing for their construction.

Section 23 [illegible] the titles of settlers on [illegible] Indian lands [illegible] of the Department of [illegible]

Section 24 [illegible] to set apart [illegible] to preserve timber, [illegible] advisable.

Section [illegible] who may enter [illegible] homestead law and [illegible] follows:

"Sec. 2289. [illegible] who is the head of a family [illegible] arrived at the age of [illegible], and is a citizen of the United [illegible] who has filed his declaration [illegible] to become such, as required [illegible] naturalization law, [illegible] to enter one quarter-section [illegible] quantity of unappropriated [illegible] lands, to be located in a body [illegible] to the legal subdivisions [illegible] lands; but no person who [illegible] proprietor of more than 160 acres [illegible] in any State or Territory [illegible] acquire any right under [illegible]. And every person [illegible] land may, under [illegible] of this section, enter [illegible] contiguous to his land, [illegible], with the land so already [illegible] occupied, exceed in [illegible] 160 acres.

"Sec. 2290. That [illegible] applying to enter [illegible] preceding section shall [illegible] before the [illegible] in the proper land office [illegible] that he or she is the head [illegible], or is over twenty-one [illegible] and that such application [illegible] and in good faith made [illegible] purpose of actual settlement and cultivation, and not for the benefit of any other person, persons, or corporation, [illegible] that he or she will honestly [illegible] endeavor to comply with all the requirements of law as to settlement, [illegible] cultivation necessary to [illegible] title to the land applied for; [illegible] she is not acting as agent for any [illegible] corporation or syndicate in [illegible] such entry, nor in collusion with any person, corporation, or syndicate to [illegible] the benefit of the land [illegible], or any part thereof, or the timber thereon; that he or she does not apply [illegible] the same for the purpose of speculation, but in good faith to obtain a home for himself or herself, and he or she has not directly or indirectly made, and will not make, any agreement or contract in any way or manner, with any person, or persons, corporation, or syndicate whatsoever, by which the title which he or she might acquire from the government of the United States should inure, in whole or in part, to the benefit of any person except himself or herself; and upon filing said affidavit with the register or receiver, on payment of $5 when the entry is not more than 80 acres, and on payment of $10 when the entry is for more than 80 acres, he or she shall thereupon be permitted to enter the amount of land specified."

Take Notice.

All parties owing accounts and notes that are due are requested to call and settle before March 1st, or they will be left with an attorney for collection. I must have the money. I will continue selling out at and below cost until March 25th.

W. M. C[illegible]SWOOD.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES and MULES.

For the purpose of accommodating the many who may want to dispose of their surplus Horses and mules this spring, I will hold an Auction Sale at my Yards and Stables in the city of Crookston, commencing

Friday, March 27th, 1891,

At 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing the same until all is sold.

All persons desiring to enter their stock for this sale, must do so on or before the 20th of March giving description of stock and the terms on which he wants it sold. The terms or cost for advertising and selling will be 5 per cent of the sale. No stock will be allowed to be taken away until settled for. The terms on which each horse or mule will be sold will be made public at the sale.

M. R. Brown.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

Farmers' Grist Mill.

On Saturday, March 28th, the Farmers' Alliance Milling Association will meet at the residence of W. N. Godfrey, in the town of Godfrey, to elect directors and officers. It is desired that every town interested send as many representatives as possible so that the offices may be equitably distributed. All who are interested should now come to the front with subscriptions to stock. Let there be a rousing meeting. [46-47]

For Sale Cheap.

Four good brood mares and two good work horses cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlsug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stables.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum

Particular attention is invited to our line of cerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH.

CALL IN.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Statue to Sherman.

NEW YORK, March 2.—At a meeting of business men held today to take steps looking to the erection of an equestrian statue of the late Gen. Wm. T. Sherman, it was thought that about $55,000 would be required for the work. It was suggested that an effort be made to have the statue erected and the dedication take place on the anniversary of the death of Gen. Sherman.

First March Purchase.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The treasury department today made the first purchase of silver for the current month. The amount offered was 748,000 ounces and the amount purchased 105,000 ounces at 98½ cents.

THE D. R. L. F. & N.

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Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited,

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A GREAT PRIZE.

Any one, not now a subscriber, sending the Tribune Co. ONE DOLLAR can get the famous picture, the

The Russian Wedding Feast,

FREE BY MAIL WITH

The Daily and Sunday Tribune..........6 weeks
or the Daily (without Sun.) Tribune......6 weeks
or the Evening Tribune..........12 weeks
or the Sunday Tribune..........26 weeks
or the Farmers Weekly Tribune..........52 weeks

This offer is good until June 1st, 1891.

The picture is a beautiful work of art. Reproduced in all the beautiful colors of the original painting, 24 incher by 17 inches.

Send at once and secure a handsome prize.

Postage stamps to the amount of $1.00 will be accepted. Address,

THE TRIBUNE CO.,
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Regular Subscription Rates by Mail.

	1 Year.	3 Mo.	1 Mo.
Daily and Sunday	$7 50	$2 25	85c
Daily, 6 days	7 00	1 75	70c
Sundays only	2 00	50	20c
Evening Tribune	4 00	1 00	40c
Farmers' Weekly	1 00	35	

THE JOURNAL has taken pains to interview many of our leading farmers and business men and we have yet to find the first man who expresses himself in favor of the repeal of the law relating to the forfeiture of principal and interest. The majority favor the reduction of interest to 6 and 8 per cent, and we have not talked with one who did not substantially agree with Mr. Donnelly's position on the question.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend the Congregational Church next Sunday. Rev. J. H. Morley of Minneapolis, Supt. of home Missions for Minnesota will be present, and our people will have the pleasure of hearing him either morning or evening. The superintendent does not come to spend the Sabbath with us to take a collection for Missions. No such collection will be taken. His presence with us is with the aim to encorage and strengthen the work of the Crookston Church and every member and all who can should enjoy his labors with us neut Sabbath. See notice in Post Office on Saterday.

Atty-Gen'l Clapp is without doubt the most popular man in Minnesota to day and one of the secrets of it is his genial every-day good nature. Time was when he was simply "Mose Clapp" to everybody who knew him in old Wisconsin, but in the fulness of time he was honored by the people of Minnesota with one of the most important offices within the gift of the people, but he is the same old "Mose" to the old-time friends. On Monday evening he was sitting in the Commercial Hotel lobby chatting with Judge Brown and a few other notables, when a granger who had just entered sung out: "Why, hello, Mose, ol' feller is that you?" "Why, Jim, old boy, how are you," said the general, and rising and extending his hand he shook his old friend's hand as heartily as though he was the President of the United States, saying, "come up Jim and have a chair," and seeing that there was none he went into the dining room and brought one out and soon had his granger friend introduced all round and chatting as familiarly as the rest. The secret of this is that it is all genuine, comes from the heart and everybody knows it. While some make a parade of that sort of thing at certain seasons, it is perfectly natural with General Clapp—the same thing every day in the year and everywhere. Hence his great popularity with the masses.

The Times man, in his last issue, attempts to justify the double price received by the combine, by saying: "THE JOURNAL man still rants and raves and tears his hair because he was not given the county printing." That is in harmony with the line of action pursued by all who attempt to justify the Board for paying the combine double the price THE JOURNAL offered to do the work for, and this is the way the Times attempts to explain the matter: "THE JOURNAL bid for printing was eight cents per description more than that asked by either of the other papers. There are this year 6,235 descriptions; at his bid he would have received $623.50 for publishing the list. The amount the Times does the work for is $124.70, a difference of $498.80." That statement seems all innocent and right on the face of it, and we suppose it is,

AS FAR AS IT GOES,

which is just one-third exactly. The Times would have its readers understand that the $124.70 is all the cost of printing the tax list, while the FACT is that EACH PAPER gets $124.70, or $374.10 which, instead of making a difference of $498.80, as the Times says, makes a difference of $249.40. It is by such misrepresentations as this that the combine hopes to blind the eyes of the taxpayers to the real facts in this case. They well know that the bid of THE JOURNAL was less than half what they get but somehow they don't like to have the taxpayers understand that fact. So they are satisfied to take the one item—the tax list, which is not a direct tax upon the taxpayers, give a garbled presentation of that and try to imagine that people are so dull that they cannot understand the merits of the case. They fail to state that THE JOURNAL bid was very much less on job work, was less than one-half on financial statement, notices and all such work, and the only mention the Times makes of our bid on proceedings of the board free, is to slur it over and claim that it didn't amount to much, anyhow. It amounted to over $45 to the county at the very first meeting of the board. The ugly fact remains that the people have to pay the combine double price for their invaluable services, and if that condition was not the result of political scheming or jobbery, will some one inform us what it was?

Norman County Herald:—We believe there is enough fact and force in the matter now so prominent in the Great West in regard to the value of wheat, that we are ready to advocate the practical demonstration of the charges made. We will be one of twenty to raise 1000 bushels of 1 hard wheat, to be shipped as a cargo direct to the English markets, to be placed in the hands of some responsible party under the direction of Dr. Fish, of the Great West. We believe a practical demonstration of this kind is worth any amount of theory. His proposition is, if twenty men will ship 1000 bushels of 1 hard wheat each in one cargo a profit of at least 20 cents per bushel can be made above prices paid by the elevator companies. A practical demonstration of this proposition would mean millions of dollars to the farmers of this country. Who will make up the other twenty?

REPEALED.

Timber Culture and Pre-emption Laws.

The Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land office on Wednesday March 6th, received the following important dispatch from Washington:

WASHINGTON, March [illegible], 1891.—Timber culture and pre-emption laws this day repealed. Allow no further entries thereunder, of [illegible] institute[illegible]. LEWIS A. [illegible], Commissioner.

The following [illegible] synopsis of the laws referred [illegible]

Section 1 repeals the timber culture act, but saves [illegible] existing entries, and gives [illegible] commutation to those who [illegible] four years tried in good [illegible], at $1.25 per acre.

Section 2 provides [illegible] of the desert land act, [illegible] for actual reclamation of [illegible], and preventing speculation [illegible] of the land, with [illegible] all rights under existing [illegible]

Section 3 [illegible] 2283, Revised Statutes, [illegible] reservoirs, or ditches for [illegible]

Section 4 [illegible] pre-emption laws, with [illegible] homestead laws, [illegible] more strict as to [illegible] all final proofs, [illegible] from six to fourteen [illegible]

Sections 7 [illegible] as to final action [illegible] Department [illegible] provide limitation [illegible] suits to cancel patents, [illegible] at five years as to [illegible] and six as to future [illegible] as to the timber [illegible]

Section 9 [illegible] public lands at [illegible] sale hereafter, [illegible] private or cash entries.

Sections 10 to [illegible] lands in Alaska, for [illegible] manufacturing and [illegible] purposes and townsites.

Section 17 [illegible] in addition to [illegible] of 320 acres [illegible]

Section 18, 19, [illegible] ditches and reservoirs [illegible] providing for their construction.

Section 23 [illegible] the titles of settlers on [illegible] Indian lands [illegible] of the Department [illegible]

Section 24 [illegible] to set apart [illegible] to preserve timber, [illegible] advisable.

Sections 2289 [illegible] who may enter [illegible] homestead law and how [illegible] follows:

"SEC. 2289. [illegible] who is the head of a family [illegible] arrived at the age of [illegible] and is a citizen of the United States [illegible] who has filed his declaration [illegible] to become such, as required [illegible] naturalization laws, [illegible] to enter one quarter-section [illegible] quantity of unappropriated [illegible], to be located in a body [illegible] to the legal subdivisions [illegible] lands; but no person [illegible] of more than 160 acres [illegible] in any State or Territory [illegible] any right under [illegible]. And every person [illegible] on land may, under [illegible] of this section, enter [illegible] contiguous to his land, [illegible], with the land so already [illegible] occupied, exceed in the [illegible] 160 acres.

"SEC. 2290. [illegible] applying to enter [illegible] preceding section shall first [illegible] before the [illegible] in the proper land office [illegible] that he or she is the head [illegible], or is over twenty-one [illegible] and that such application [illegible] and in good faith [illegible] purpose of actual settlement [illegible], and not for the benefit [illegible] person, persons, or corporation, [illegible] that he or she will honestly [illegible] endeavor to comply with all the requirements of law as to settlement, [illegible] cultivation necessary [illegible] title to the land applied for; [illegible] she is not acting as agent for [illegible] corporation or syndicate in [illegible] entry, nor in collusion [illegible] person, corporation, or syndicate [illegible] the benefit of the land [illegible] any part thereof, or the [illegible]; that he or she does not apply [illegible] the same for the purpose of speculation, but in good faith to obtain a [illegible] for himself or herself, and he or she has not directly or indirectly made, and will not make, any agreement or contract in any way or manner, with any person, or persons, corporation, or syndicate whatsoever, by which [illegible] which he or she might acquire from the government from the United States should inure, in whole or in part, to the benefit of any person, except himself or herself; and upon filing such affidavit with the register or receiver [illegible] payment of $5 when the entry [illegible] than 80 acres, and on payment [illegible] when the entry is for more than 80 acres, he or shall thereupon be permitted to enter the amount of land specified.

Take Notice.

All parties owing [illegible] and notes that are due are requested to call and settle before March [illegible], or they will be left with an attorney for collection. I must have the money. I will continue selling out at and below cost until March 25th.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES and MULES.

For the purpose of accommodating the many who may want to dispose of their surplus Horses and mules this spring, I will hold an Auction Sale at my Yards and Stables in the city of Crookston, commencing

Friday, March 27th, 1891,

At 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing the same until all is sold.

All persons desiring to enter their stock for this sale, must do so on or before the 20th of March giving description of stock and the terms on which he wants it sold. The terms or cost for advertising and selling will be 5 per cent of the sale. No stock will be allowed to be taken away until settled for. The terms on which each horse or mule will be sold will be made public at the sale.

M. R. Brown.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

MRS. E. D. SCHRAEDER.

We know of a choice farm of 320 acres within three miles of the court house, every foot of it under cultivation, which can be had at a very reasonable figure with interest at only 6 per cent. If you are looking for a chance, here is a bargain. Call at THE JOURNAL office. [37-tf]

Farmers' Grist Mill.

On Saturday, March 28th, the Farmers' Alliance Milling Association will meet at the residence of W. N. Godfrey, in the town of Godfrey, to elect directors and officers. It is desired that every town interested send as many representatives as possible so that the officers may be equitably distributed. All who are interested should now come to the front with subscriptions to stock. Let there be a rousing meeting. [46-47]

For Sale Cheap.

Four good brood mares and two good work horses, cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlsug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stables.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a nice chaum

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South, and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Statue to Sherman.

NEW YORK, March 2.—At a meeting of business men held today to take steps looking to the erection of an equestrian statue of the late Gen. Wm. T. Sherman, it was thought that about $55,000 would be required for the work It was suggested that an effort be made to have the statue erected and the dedication take place on the anniversary of the death of Gen. Sherman.

First March Purchase.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The treasury department today made the first purchase of silver for the current month. The amount offered was 748,000 ounces and the amount purchased 105,000 ounces at 98½ cents.

THE D. R. L. F. & N.

Surveys Now Nearly Completed-Work of Building to Begin.

Duluth Tribune.

J. B. Holmes, the projector and general manager of the Duluth, Red Lake Falls & Northern railway was seen at his hotel last evening by a Tribune reporter. In an interview he said: "The Red Lake road is a Duluth road out and our surveyors have been out for over five months and there are only thirty miles of survey yet to be completed, which will take another month, when 350 miles reaching into North Dakota will have been surveyed. The line runs to town 57, range 18, west along the Mesaba, forty miles, crosses the Mississippi River through the southern part of the Red Lake reservation crossing Red Lake river at Red Lake Falls, passes through the North Red River Valley, the present terminus of the surveys ending near Drayton, Minnesota. The road is certain to be a paying one. There is freight waiting for the road all through Northern Minnesota. Besides the county through which the line passes is rich wheat land, a fine timber belt of white oak and pine, and on this end rich mineral lands. We expect to begin the work of grading early next season, and the laying of the iron will follow as soon after as practical.

"We have no connection with any other road. We do not propose to utilize the Duluth & Winnepeg road from Grand Rapids, but will come into the city on a line of our own, although the terminals in the city have not yet been decided upon. The Manitoba road has no need of the road: they have their own line. Our road will be free and independent of all other lines."

Big Tinplate Plant.

Joliet Closes a Contract for a $500,000 Concern.

JOLIET, Ills., March 2.—A contract has just been executed between Joliet property owners and Lewis Bros., of Pittsburg, Pa., and Wales, by which South Joliet has secured a $500,000 tinplate plant to occupy twenty acres and furnish floor space of over 200,000 square feet. Lewis Bros' are members of a family who have been manufacturing tinplate for many generation in England.

Sustains the N. P.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The supreme court of the United States today affirmed the decision of the United States circuit court for Minnesota in the case of the St. Paul & Pacific railroad against the Northern Pacific road. The case involved the ownership of many thousand acres of land along the line of Northern Pacific in Minnesota and which under the decision today remains with the Northern Pacific.

Knute Nelson in Wisconsin.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 2.—A dispatch from Madison, Wis., says Knute Nelson of Minnesota is in the city in the interest of the Minnesota experimental station. He has offered the directorship of the station to Prof. M. A. Henry of the Wisconsin station. Prof. Henry could not be made to say whether he would accept or not, but he intimated that the offer was too large to be refused.

TRY

O. J. BARNES,

THE

CITY GROCER!

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

S. L. COLLINS

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

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O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

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H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

W. A. ROBERTSON

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Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

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N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

A GREAT PRIZE.

Any one not now a subscriber, sending the Tribune Co. ONE DOLLAR can get the famous picture, the

The Russian Wedding Feast,

FREE BY MAIL WITH

The Daily and Sunday Tribune	6 weeks
or the Daily (without Sun.) Tribune	8 weeks
or the Evening Tribune	12 weeks
or the Sunday Tribune	26 weeks
or the Farmers Weekly Tribune	52 weeks

This offer is good until June 1st, 1891.

The picture is a beautiful work of art. Reproduced in all the beautiful colors of the original painting, 24 inches by 17 inches.

Send at once and secure a handsome prize.

Postage stamps to the amount of $1.00 will be accepted. Address,

THE TRIBUNE CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Regular Subscription Rates by Mail.

	1 Year.	3 Mo.	1 Mo.
Daily and Sunday	$8 50	$2 25	850
Daily (6 days)	7 00	1 75	700
Sundays only	2 00	50	2 0
Evening Tribune	4 00	1 00	400
Farmers' Weekly	1 00	35	

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, March 12, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m. ... Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m. ... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m. ... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Bevier (Mo.) Appeal says: When the sub-treasury plan was first presented to the people the politicians were contented with simply ridiculing it. As it grew in popularity, they, aided by the monopoly press, began to misrepresent it and abuse its originators and used all the false arguments at their command to make it appear impractical and visionary. But in spite of the bitterness of the opposition the measure is more popular and has more supporters than ever before. If the opponents of the plan had ever entertained any hopes of being able to make the farerms look upon it with disfavor, they must have been rudely shattered when the result of the vote upon it at Ocala convention was made known. It may be the means also of awakening the old fossils and the subsidized press to the fact that their influence on the people is growing beautifully less, and that they have come to the conclusion to do their own thinking in the future.

The Superior (Neb.) Times says:

And they tell us that the Western farmer is lazy and extravagant, and that the disasters, failures, and hard times which have overtaken him, have their causes in his careless way of doing business, his ignorance and shiftlessness. The Western farmer is poor and many instances he may be careless in his business dealinges and be imposed upon by unscrupulous men, but his proverty is not caused by an unwillingness to work. One glance at the weather-beaten face of the average farmer will unfold to the close observer, the student of human nature, a story of long days of labor, of unremitting toil to build a home in the wilderness and to keep the gaunt wolf of want from the humble doors. The storms of life have left deep traces on that face; the marks of a long struggle for the necessities of life are there, but there are no signs of dissipation, no lines of depravity. He may be unfitted to cope with the sharks who infest the country and live upon the fruits of his labor, but he is not lazy, for a lazy man would starve; he is not extravagant, for almost his sole possessions are willing hands and a stout heart; he is not dissipated, for there is little time or opportuntiy for dissipation for the man who lives by the sweat of his brow on the prairies of Nebraska and Kansas; he is not depraved, for the history of his country shows that his hand has raised the first school house, and his course has ever been to bring up his sons and daughters to be honest, law-abiding, God-fearing men and women. There are thousands of poor people in the cities and towns who delight to ridicule the "hayseed," but these same people are half the time upon the charity of the town and never make an effort to better their condition. The greater part of their earnings go into the saloons, and yet so prevalent is this spirit in the cities that even these miserable improvident, property, stricken wretches scoff at men who do more honest labor in a month than they do in a year, who exercise the most pinching economy to secure homes and be independent, and who waste so little in dissipation that if the saloon had to depend on them for its support, the liquor question would speedily settle itself. And yet the people of the cities, the capitalist, call meetings to raise money for charity and at the same time pass resolutions condemning and denouncing the man who is willing to work for what he receives, and only asks that the laws of his country shall be impartial and give a poor man the same rights which the capitalist enjoys.

Won by Americans.

The Leading Prizes Come to the United States.

In The Queen's last word contest, Mr. Edmund T. Stevens, of Buffalo N. Y., won the first prize of a free trip to Europe and $200 in cash, and Annie B Turner, of Deposit, N. Y., secured the special prize of a handsome, Shetland pony.

The publishers of the well-known Magazine have decided to offer one more Competition, and to the persons ending them the largest lists of English words (of not less than four letters) constructed from letters contained in the three words, "Dominion of Canada" they offer many useful prizes, including $750 in cash, Shetland ponies, China Dinner sets, Gold Watches, and French Music Boxes, Portiere Curtains, Silk Dresses, Mantle Clocks, etc., all to be awarded strictly in order of merit. An elegant Silver Tea Service (valued $30) will be given each day to the persons from whom the largest list is received that day from the State in which they reside. The object Daily Prizes for each State is to increase the interest in The Queen's Competitions in every locality in the United States. Those desiring to contest for one of these valuable prizes may start on their list at once, but send six U. S. 2c. stamps and receive last number of The Queen with full particulars before forwarding your list. Address THE CANADIAN QUEEN, Toronta Canada.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars interest due January 1, 1890, thirty-five dollars, interest due July 1, 1890, and thirty-five dollars, interest due on the first day of January, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Mederic Desantells and Celanive, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1887, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of mortgages, on page 56.

And, whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, with interest on $1105 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 23d day of February, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the south half (s½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twelve (12), Town one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-four (44) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys.
[46-52] Attorney for Mortgagee.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss In Probate Court. Special Term, Feb. 28th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ole Isakson Austad, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Osmund Osmundson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, on Monday, the 7th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 28th day of February, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. C. M. BENSON,
[46-48] Judge of Probate.

[First publication Feb. 12th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK, In District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Frederick K. McKeen, Plaintiff, vs. James B. Holmes, The Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust Company, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, Defendants.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale under Judgment and Decree. Foreclosure of Mechanics' Liens.

Whereas, a certain judgment was duly obtained, entered and docketed in the District court, in the County of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, in the 4th Judicial District, on the 18th day of December, 1890, and whereas a transcript and certified copy of said judgment was thereafter, to-wit: on the 4th day of February, 1891, duly filed and docketed in the Clerk's office in the District Court, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, in the 14th Judicial District, in the above entitled action, in favor of said plaintiff, Frederick K. McKeen and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of two hundred eighty-seven and 78-100ths dollars, ($278.87), including interests and costs, and in favor of said defendant, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of five thousand four hundred eighty-one and ninety-one one-hundredths dollars, ($5,481.91), including interests and costs, and whereas, in said judgment it was decreed that the judgment so rendered in favor of said plaintiff to the full extent thereof, including interests and costs, and the judgment so rendered in favor of said defendants, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company to the extent of five thousand four hundred sixty-two and 6-100ths ($5,462.06) dollars, including interests and costs, to be specific liens upon the land and appurtenances in said judgment described, situate in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: That tract of land known as block one hundred two (102), of Rail Road Addition to the Town of Red Lake Falls, being a portion of lot six, (6), in Section sixteen, (16), in Township one hundred fifty-one, (151). Range forty-four, (44), of which certain Flouring Mills are a part of the appurtenances, co-ordinate with other, and prior and superior to any right, title, lien or claim to or in said land or appurtenances of the said defendants, James B. Holmes, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, or the Minnesota Title Insurance Company or any of them. And whereas it was in said judgment decreed and ordered that the Sheriff of said Polk County State of Minnesota, sell said land and appurtenances at public auction as by law in such cases made and provided, to satisfy said judgment and interest thereon, together with costs of said sale, and to pay the proceeds of said sale, after deducting all lawful expences and charges thereof to and between said Frederick K. McKeen and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, to the amount of their respective judgments and liens given.

Provided, if said net proceeds be insufficient, then to distribute the same pro rata among and between said judgment creditors; a certified copy of said judgment and decree having been duly served upon and delivered to me. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described land and appurtenances thereon, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor in accordance with and as directed in said decree on the 30th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the county Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment and claims, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 11th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.

WHITE & EVANS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Defendant,
Willford and Northway Mf'g Company.
[43-49]

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
—DEALERS IN—
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, F. F. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Havanna Press Drills
FOR POLK COUNTY.
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts, - - - Crookston.

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Windows and Mouldings.
ALSO
FARM MACHINERY.
—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,
CROOKSTON, MINN.,
Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy
DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,
BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Français for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1 00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
54 inch Tricot	35 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30 cents.
" " "	35 "
" " medicated, for	40 "

A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket	2 00
" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dr Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

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Weekly $1.00; Daily $6.00 per Year in Advance.
Daily contains the News of the World, the Latest Telegraphic News, Full Associated Press Dispatches. Address
THE HERALD, Grand Forks, N. D.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Of the Rainy Lake Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company.

For the purpose of organizing a corporation under Title one (1) of chapter thirty four (34) of General Statutes 1878, and Acts amendatory thereto, the undersigned hereby associate ourselves together and adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this Corporation shall be the Rainy Lake, Crookston and Pacific Railroad Company, and the general nature of its business shall be the locating, surveying, constructing and operating a line of railroad from some point on Rainy Lake River or on the International boundary line on Rainy Lake between Rainy Lake and Lake of the Woods, in the State of Minnesota, to the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk in said State, and from said City of Crookston in a southwesterly direction to Southwest corner of said Polk County, thence westerly to the Pacific Ocean, or to a point of connection with some railroad already constructed and operated or in process of construction, to the Pacific Ocean or to some of the arms, sounds or inlets thereof, and also a branch line from or near the crossing of said road over the Big Fork River to Vermillion Lake, and thence to Lake Superior, and to construct side-tracks, switches depots, bridges, telegraph line and all other things necessary or suitable for the full prosecution of the business of operating and maintaining such railroad.

ARTICLE II.

The principal place of business of said Corporation shall be in the City of Crookston, County of Polk, and State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE III.

The time of the commencement of said Corporation shall be the first day of March A. D. 1891, and the period of its duration shall be one hundred years.

ARTICLE IV

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), divided into Two thousand shares of fifty dollars ($50) each, and the same shall be paid in at such times and in such manner as shall be required by the board of directors.

ARTICLE V.

The highest amount of indebtedness of said corporation shall at no time exceed the sum of five million dollars ($5,000,000).

ARTICLE VI

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Erickson, Chas. E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken all of Crookston, Polk County Minnesota, and George J. McManus of Duluth, Minn., and Andrew Eiken, Thomas G. Thompson, William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe; Lars K. Asker, Fred Anderson, Chr O Christianson and H. H. Dickmann, all of Crookston, Minn.

ARTICLE VII

The names of the first board of directors said corporation are as follows, to-wit: Halvor Steenerson, Frank Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken, Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, and O. H. Lucken.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of not less than Nine nor more than Eleven directors to be elected annually by and from the stock holders of said corporation as hereinafter provided.

The annual meeting for such election shall be held in the office of said Company in the City of Crookston on the first Tuesday in December of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified the said directors shall respectively continue to be such directors

The directors shall, at their annual meeting to be held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders, elect a President, two Vice Presidents, Secretary, and Treasurer and may elect a General Manager, and until the next meeting as aforesaid.

Halvor Steenerson shall be President
Charles E. Sawyer shall be 1st vice President.
John R. McKinnon shall be 2d vice President.
Olanus H. Lucken shall be Secretary, and
Lewis Ellington shall be Treasurer, and
Elias Steenerson shall be General Manager.

In case of resignation of any of said officers or directors, or their inability to act, their place shall be filled by the remainder of the board of directors at any meeting called and held for that purpose.

If for any reason the annual meeting for the election of the officers and directors shall not be held at the time above specified, it may be held at any time that the directors may appoint for the purpose and at such place as they may previously direct.

In Witness whereof, the said Incorporators have hereunto set their hands and seals, this 9th day of Feb. A. D. 1891.

In presence of
Alex McKinnon,
E. M. Walsh.

Halvor Steenerson (Seal)
Franklin Bivins (Seal)
Lewis Ellington (Seal)
John H. Locken (Seal)
Elias Steenerson (Seal)
John R. McKinnon (Seal)
Max Ericsson (Seal)
Charles E. Sawyer (Seal)
Olavus H. Lucken (Seal)
George J. McMannus (Seal)
Andrew Eiken (Seal)
Thomas G. Thompson (Seal)
William Marin (Seal)
Thomas H. Bjou (Seal)
A. Holmboe (Seal)
Lars K. Aaker (Seal)
Fred Anderson (Seal)
H. H. Dickmann (Seal)
C. O. Christianson (Seal)

State of Minnesota } ss.
County of Polk }

On this 9th day of February A. D. 1891 personally come before me, a notary public in and for said County: Halvor Steenerson, Franklin Bivins, Lewis Ellington, John H. Locken Elias Steenerson, John R. McKinnon, Max Ericsson, Charles E. Sawyer, Olavus H. Lucken, George J McManus, Andrew Eiken, Thomas G. Thompson William Marin, Thomas H. Bjoin, A. Holmboe; Lars K. Aaker, Fred Anderson, H. H. Dickmann, and C. O. Christianson to me known as the identical persons who executed the foregoing instrument, and each of said persons acknowledged the execution thereof, as his free act and deed for the uses and purposes in said instrument expressed.

ALEXANDER MCKINNON,
Notary Public, Polk County, Minnesota.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H Perkins and Mattie L. Perkins, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages on pages 51-54.

And, whereas, such default consists in the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety-four and 47-100 ($594.47) dollars

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of northeast quater (w½ ne¼) and north half of southeast quarter (n½ se¼) Section thirty-four (34). Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) of Range forty-one (41) containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 20th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY.
Mortgagee.

H. D. DICKINSON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 31] [45-51]

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty two hundred and [illegible] dollars which is claimed to be due and is actually due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by [illegible] Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller as mortgagee bearing date the 25th day of May, A. D. 1889 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 507; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to The Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage situate, lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten (10), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), eighteen, (18) nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81) lots three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty two, (82); all of block ninety-two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12) in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the ninth (9th) day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 20th, A. D. 1891.

The Hauser & Sons Malting Company,
Assignee of said Mortgagee.
By Paul Hauser, Sr.
President.

Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee.
[43-51] St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred thirty-five and 82-100 dollars, ($535.82) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James E. Mitton and Mary M. Mitton, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert J. Adams, mortgagee, bearing date the 3d day of November, 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1884, at 2:35 o'clock p m, in book "S" of mortgages, on pages 529 to 533, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The northwest quarter of Section Ten (10), Township one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-six, (46), west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred thirty five and 82-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb 23d, A. D. 1891.

ROBERT J. ADAMS, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALBERT GILMOUR AND Jane Gilmour, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Josiah Upton, of the County of Ontario, State of New York their mortgage bearing date of June 25th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The se¼ se¼ Section 6, ne¼ ne¼ Section 7, and n½ nw¼ Section 8, Township 147, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 33-36; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice, to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Josiah Upton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred twenty five and 23-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof:

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 21st, A. D. 1891.

JOSIAH UPTON, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

[First publication Feb 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christine [illegible] and [illegible] Kirby, her husband, mortgagors, to Charles H. Jefferson, mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of November, 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on pages 49, 50 and 51, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number three (3), in South Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

CHARLES H. JEFFERSON, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest, which became due and payable on the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by John K. Ostgord and Betsy Ostgord his wife, of Polk County and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of June, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., in volume "32" of mortgages, on pages 190 and 191.

And whereas a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon, said premises covered by said mortgage prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of nineteen and six hundreths dollars ($19.06), and on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1890, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of twenty-two and three hundreths dollars ($22.03); and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred twenty-three and eighty hundreths dollars ($523.80), and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The east half (e½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and east half (e½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of Section three (3) in Township one hundred forty-seven (147) Range forty-five (45), containing one hundred and fifty nine and 50-100 (159.50) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold a public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated Moorhead, Minnesota, Feb. 21st, 1890.

The Netherlands American Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglassand Ball & Smith,
[45-51] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 ($559.05) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Henry Johnston and Ella L. Johnston, his wife, mortgagors, to George McLean, guardian, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of February, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, 1888, at 8 o'clock a. m, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 546 to 549; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of Section twenty-eight (28) in Township one hundred and forty-seven (147), in Range forty (40), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

GEORGE MCLEAN, Guardian.
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Dec. 16th, 1890.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Lars Abelson against Taylor H. Wolford for failure to comply with law as to timber-culture entry No. 1,990, dated May 7th 1881, upon the southeast one-quarter Section 24 Township 154 n, Range 47, in Polk County, Minnesota, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that the said Taylor H. Wolford has not during the four years last past, planted trees, tree cuttings or tree seeds on said tract, and has not cultivated or in any way improved same during said period; that there is now not to exceed one acre of growing trees on said land and that the whole of said land is in a wild state, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 25th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

[42-47] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

The Polk County Journal.

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 19, 1891. NO. 48

PROSPEROUS FARMERS.

MINNESOTA CAN AND SHOULD BE THE SOIL-TILLER'S PARADISE.

To Be Successful, Depend Upon Your Own Efforts, Lose Little Time in Considering Visionary Schemes, and Apply Industry and Common Sense in Equal Parts.

The article which follows was prepared by Mr. F. I. Whitney, General Passenger Agent of the Great Northern Railway, and read to the Minnesota Editors' and Publishers' Association, in St. Paul, Feb. 12. It is well worth careful reading and study by every one, and is of especial importance and value to the farmers of Minnesota:

One of the subjects to be discussed by your association is encouragement of immigration by the state. We are in favor of encouraging immigration to Minnesota because it has splendid resources, a glorious and healthful climate, a surface diversified with forests, prairies, lakes and streams—not matched for excellence in any other equal area in America—a charming landscape, rich mineral deposits, water power, quarries of every kind, an abundance of building material and fuel, two water ways to the sea—one of the six states thus favored—railways, a sturdy and enlightened people, a superior educational system and the largest school fund in the Union, thriving cities and towns, a live and energetic press, and broad and well laid foundations of statehood.

We believe in encouraging immigration to such a state by legislative, individual or community aid, but what is quite as important is encouragement to those already here. We have achieved much, but there is unrest. The state can help restrain and quiet this restlessness through institute work and associated efforts, by showing the importance of diversification and rotation, the utilization of materials and forces now wasted, by the dissemination through the press of new ideas combined with old and economical methods.

It is freely asserted that the general condition of agriculture is not good—indeed it is claimed that affairs in the country are going from bad to worse, while extremists and alarmists make it about as bad as it can be. All sorts of reasons for this condition are alleged. Some have laid it at the door of the tariff, others to the banking system, and so on through a long list of ills, but the main charge is that it is due to legislative favoritism to corporate interests, combined with the extortionate and reprehensible conduct of corporations in general, but of railways in particular. The fact is either forgotten or ignored that the railways depend more upon the prosperity and success of farming communities for support than upon any other source. The best paying roads and those upon which rates are the least, are those which traverse the thriftiest agricultural regions, and vice versa.

LAWS WON'T CURE ALL ILLS.

Railroads, for apparent reasons, desire the building up, not the breaking down, of any interest—the farming interest in particular. The politicians' plan of salvation for the farmers who have failed (and unfortunately they have succeeded in causing a large number of respected and worthy citizens to accept their theories) is legislation. No railway corporation can well object, and the least possible number will object, to a fair system of legislative regulation and restriction; but they may well complain of measures whose authors are really ignorant of the subject they profess to know so much about; whose provisions are unwise, unjust, and positively dangerous, and which, if carried into effect, would prove destructive. A war upon any one of the institutions of the country is harmful to every other.

Many people like to believe that they can secure prosperity without earning it. Once in a thousand times it is done, perhaps, but every one knows that the rule is that "There is no excellence without great labor," a maxim as true as it is old. The successful men of the country are those who have depended in the main upon their own efforts; who have lost but little time in the consideration of visionary schemes or in running after rainbows or politicians, who know and care next to nothing of the theories and opinions of modern social reformers, labor agitators and breeders of discontent, and who at all times and under all circumstances have made the most of situations and conditions.

FARMERS NEED NOT LIVE IN POVERTY.

Farmers are not and cannot be made exceptions to the general law. There are all over the country farmers who are prosperous; they are to be found by hundreds in Minnesota and the Dakotas; men who are well qualified for their calling, are confident of the future, who are today ahead, have something in the old stocking leg, and who are not complaining nor grumbling. They don't wait for chances, they make them, and obey the injunction: "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might." They live in the same community where other farmers are in debt, in distress and discontented. They pay the same tariffs as their neighbors; are subject to the same "tyrannical" restrictions; till the same kind of soil; buy and sell in the same markets, and receive only the same favors and enjoy only the same natural privileges. Why are they prosperous and their neighbors unthrifty? If farming is not profitable in Minnesota and the Northwest is it not because of the mistakes of the farmers? The country is adapted very peculiarly to this pursuit. In the main it is rich and productive; it may be if it were less so it would be better, but its citizens must not depend too much on the country, per se, to make them prosperous. The country says, to paraphrase an old couplet:

I give you shelter in my breast;
Your own stout hands must win the rest.

And stout hands, willing hearts and clear heads WILL win the rest, and prove that farming in the West can be made more profitable than anywhere else.

A Combination That Always Wins.

Industry and common sense in equal parts applied together will accomplish the result desired. It is not the man who works the hardest but who works the best that accomplishes the most in the end. It is not always the best educated who are the best farmers. Many a collegian and many a graduate from the agricultural college has failed as a farmer, while in the same pursuit many another man who has been entirely successful could scarcely write his own name. The methods of the one were largely theoretic; those of the other practical and based on common sense.

This is an age of progress. There have been many improvements in farming methods, but at the same time there are certain old methods and practices which have been discontinued merely because they were old, not because they were supplanted by better—indeed nothing as good has been substituted in their stead. There was a time when farming paid and that was when those old methods were in use. A good idea founded on sound principles is everlasting, and a blending of some of the old practices with new ones of value will work a great change for good among many western farmers.

The improvements in agricultural machinery have, as every one knows, wrought great and radical changes in farming methods. So much can be done by machinery that many farmers are loth to do anything that cannot be accomplished by horse power or steam engines. There should be a return to some of the old practices; but it will not be necessary to discard the reaper or thresher for the sickle or flail. All modern machinery ought to be employed, but it ought not to be wholly depended upon. There are other features in agriculture of much consequence. Most we want of the old time, however, is its industry and economy.

Diversity of Crops Means Prosperity.

The farmers of the olden time depended very largely upon themselves for almost everything; hence they were forced, by reason of circumstances, to diversify their industries and employments, and therefore they planted whatever their lands would produce, and they made use of whatever they gathered. If some crops were scant or failures, others were not. If one dependence was lacking when the time came to utilize it a substitute was at hand. At all times they lived within their incomes and bought less than they sold. If the fathers succeeded, why should not the sons prosper? They can or else they have sadly degenerated, and that they will not admit for an instant. We have not too many men farming, but there is too much tendency in producing most that which costs the least labor. The world has not too much to eat nor too many wholesome kinds of food.

How do Eastern farmers on poorer soil, with higher land values and dearer products, compete with Western farmers with better and cheaper soil, and cheaper grass and grains? They do it by utilizing everything. Those who will not so economize fail and come West and fail again. The farmers of Minnesota and the Dakotas depend upon the grain crop. One reason for this is probably because that crop can be planted, harvested and prepared for market by machinery. The result is that if the grain crop fails the farmer fails. He has but one resource. The moral is plain.

The want of system and the general waste which characterize the work of many farmers would bankrupt any railroad, factory or business house as quickly and as readily as it does the farmer. The great packing houses, which come in for a share of public condemnation, survive because they utilize everything; nothing is lost except the squeal of the pig. Down in Maine where I was raised, and where a whole township will hardly produce as much as a section of land here, without fertilization, vegetables are canned and line the shelves of the Western grocers, and, I doubt not, help feed Western farmers.

FARM HOMES CAN BE MADE BEST HOMES.

What a field of study and information opens before the intelligent farmer; he is hand to hand with nature. Sir John Lubbock spent years in watching and studying the habits of ants and wrote an interesting and instructive book about them. The great Darwin gave a year to the study of the common angle or fishworm, and he says in his book on the subject that these little moving things that boys think are only good for fish bait are the most potent factor in making the soil of England suitable for agriculture. Our own Downing spent many a useful year among fruits and berries, as Audubon did among the birds. A mere list of those who have found profit and pleasure in fields and woods and proved themselves public benefactors can be extended beyond the limits of an ordinary paper. There is many a way to make country home life so attractive that the boys and girls will prefer remaining on the farm to be drudges in city stores and shops. No city table can be furnished with the sweet fresh butter, cream and milk, good meats and vegetables that the farm gives at first hands. Very few farmers give their farms credit for furnishing home rent free and a hundred other necessaries and often luxuries which would have to be paid for in cash in the city.

REQUIRE THE BOYS AND GIRLS TO HELP.

The children of the farm should be allowed and taught to help and have an interest in affairs. They should be assigned little parcels of ground for garden patches and to be cultivated for their own benefit. They should be given a share and concern in the live stock and poultry; the feeling of ownership stimulates attention and ambition. I recall an instance where a country girl in an Eastern state sold over $1,000 worth of chickens hatched in an incubator and artificially brooded. There are plenty of girls in Minnesota able and willing to do something of this kind. Incubators [illegible] from 100 to 1,000 eggs. They are heated by a lamp, which beats the hen, for it never leaves the nest, never tramples over the eggs and breaks them, and keeps a uniform temperature. There is an incubator factory here in St. Paul. There should be 10,000 of these hatching machines among the farmer boys and girls of Minnesota. They could be made to pay the interest on many a mortgage and reduce the principal too. Have flower gardens and trees near the house; adorn the home with pictures, if nothing more than lithographs of harvesters and plows. Supply the family with literature; home papers first, farm journals next, and then magazines and books. The bulletins and publications of the state experiment station and of the national department of agriculture are sent free to all, and every farmer should have them.

The methods of the old time farmer in diversifying the crop industries ought to be taken up. Every farmer ought to be familiar with the character of every acre he owns.

Full attention ought to be given to small farming. Every farmer knows the dependence that is placed for household supplies upon the garden and "truck patch." Commonly from an acre of ground enough vegetables can be raised to supply a whole family and at a total cost practically insignificant. To many farmers the idea of raising vegetables for the market seems never to have occurred, and yet the subject is one of importance. On nearly every small farm the grain crop only pays the expense of running the farm; the small crops and incidentals can be depended upon for profit. On every small farm there should be planted at least an acre of potatoes for market. With proper cultivation, involving but little time and labor, the yield will average 100 bushels, worth 25 to 50 cents per bushel. Last fall the price in St. Paul ranged from 65 to 80 cents a bushel and they have been selling at retail all winter for about $1 a bushel.

Navy beans can be very profitably raised. They will grow on almost any kind of soil and produce well with but little attention. Soil that "will not raise beans" is proverbially worthless. They are always worth from $1.50 to $3 a bushel. The present price in St. Paul is from $3 to $3.25. Northern grown seeds are considered the best, and several of the largest seed growers in the country have farms in Minnesota and produce beans, peas, etc., by the carload.

Onions will yield large profit for the time and labor expended in their cultivation. They are singularly exempt from the ravages of insects or diseases, do not require much attention and always command good prices. They will sell at present in St. Paul and Minneapolis for $1.25 per bushel.

As good celery as any in the world comes from Minnesota, and yet we send thousands of dollars every year to Michigan for a product no better than will grow here.

A small popcorn patch would pay, for its product is always worth from $1 to $1.50 a bushel. Present price for a good article, $2.

In our neighboring state of Wisconsin tobacco is a product of such importance that a newspaper is printed in its interest. As long as men will use it, tobacco will be grown. Why not raise some in Minnesota?

Good profits may be obtained on materials that are ordinarily thrown away. Clean baled straw, particularly oat straw, is always in demand by horsemen in cities and towns for bedding and other purposes, and brings from $8 to $10 a ton.

Grow Flax and Grow Rich.

Flax fiber is very valuable or can readily be made so. The tow which comes from a threshing machine, if in a good condition and fairly free from shives, can be sold to the tow mills and factories for the use of manufacturers of mattresses, upholsterers, ship chandlers and others at good prices.

Flax growers will do well to return to old methods if they desire the best returns from this product. As an experiment, the flax from a small portion of the field should be pulled or cut, bound into sheaves and shocked and then, when thoroughly dry, the seed threshed out and then spread upon the ground until the rains and dews have rotted the fiber so that it will part easily from the stalks, then gathered and broken upon the old flax break, then scutched and hatcheled and the long silky fiber twisted into hanks and sold to the linen makers, who will be glad to buy it at 10 cents per pound or more. The tow resulting from the hatchelling can be spun upon an old-fashioned spinning wheel into binding twine at odd times at an expense of but a few cents per pound, and the noted binding twine problem thus be solved by each farmer for himself.

GOOD MARKET FOR FLAX FIBRE.

It is not improbable that the ordinary tow from the threshing can, with a little preparation, be spun into twine. It is, however, quite certain that the preparation of flax fibre for the linen mills will yield bountiful results. It always finds a ready market. We are told by those who are putting up linen mills in Minneapolis that they will take all the fibre that the farmers of Minnesota and the Dakotas can produce. The hand-scutched flax is much better then that prepared by machine. We have it from Eugene B[illegible]e, of St. Paul Park, that he realized $480 from six acres of flax in a single season, without interference with other farm work. The gentleman had promised to attend this meeting, and with a flax break and scutching knife explain what may seem to be a difficult feature in the preparation of the fibre. These instruments were made by the Great Northern railway and the company is desirous that the farmers of Minnesota should try this industry in their spare time. The tools are of wood of simple construction, and a description will be cheerfully furnished so that the rudest mechanic can make them.

And in this connection it will at [illegible] hemp which grows wild [illegible] in abundance throughout Minnesota. The vacant and uncared for lots in the city of St. Paul grow up with it every season. One man has realized as high as $30 a ton for prepared hemp and a ton and a quarter can be grown on an acre. A mill at Champaing, Illinois, last year contracted for 3,000 acres of hemp from Illinois farmers.

Men often idle away time in one way or another that could be most advantageously employed in the potato field, the onion patch, and other work commonly called "tinkering," and generally thought too undignified for men and too insignificant for any one. Things can be engaged in which are not very laborious in their nature and that will amount only to pastime, and when market day comes, $35 from onions, $50 from navy beans, $50 to $100 from potatoes, $50 from other root crops, $100 or more from flax fiber, together with respectable amounts from other sources, will make up quite a snug sum, goodly to see and handy to have.

Always Keep Live Stock in Variety.

Every small farmer can have various kinds of stock. Horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, should all be kept. Good milk cows are indispensable, and the annual difference between a scrub cow and a good one is 100 or more pounds of butter. If the milk cannot be sold to a creamery, butter may be made by the housewife.

Our state is well adapted to the raising of sheep. We can make mutton cheaper and better than they can anywhere else in the civilized world, and when we supply home demand there is plenty of demand abroad, as no European can make first-class mutton as easily and cheaply as we can, and mutton is a favorite meat abroad.

The stock should be cared for and so should the implements. Rust and rot do more for the implement maker in the winter than wear and tear do in the summer, and rain and sun do more in summer than wear and tear. Shelter for animals as well as implements can be cheaply and easily made in Minnesota—if nothing more, poles and straw can be used.

More attention should be paid to poultry. Chickens and turkeys can be profitably raised and are always salable, and, with the abundance of water in the lakes and rivers of Minnesota, ducks and geese can be made a source of income, and something too can be made from fish. Eggs can be preserved against the day of good prices by methods simple and easily practiced. The best grades of poultry should be selected and the fowls given comfortable quarters and other needful attention. The average price received from two eggs will keep a chicken a week and in good condition. We bought last year $3,300,000 worth of eggs from Canada, and in all agricultural products to the value of $18,600,000, or enough to divide $300 each among 62,000 American farmers.

In this land of flowers every farmer can keep bees cheaply and profitably. With proper care and attention a single strong healthy hive of bees will produce every season at least 100 pounds of good honey, worth from 15 to 20 cents a pound. A farmer at Alexandria, Minn., 100 miles north of us, gathered 6,000 pounds, or three tons, of honey from a small apiary.

LOOK AFTER THE MULTITUDE OF DETAILS.

By attention to these little things a man of reasonable industry and intelligence can make farming the occupation that it should be. The merchant makes his best profits from his notions. Every other business man looks closely after the little things. The small farmer especially ought not to reject the staple crop, but he ought not to depend upon that more for real profit than upon his flax field, vegetable garden, berry patches, poultry yard and many other ways and means that can be so easily adopted and utilized.

Let the editors of Minnesota and the Northwest give more attention to the discussion and development of small industries in their towns and specialty and variety on their farms, than creating small politicians and there will be more in it for the country.

Without assuming to tell the editors what they ought to do, I ask if the papers of the farming districts should not give the interest upon which the prosperity of their community depends a large share of space. How few papers solicit contributions from their successful farmers, telling why and how one succeeded with his crops, while his neighbor failed. If the farmer feels unable to do it, let the editor write it up. A hint or suggestion whereby a subscriber is enabled to make an improvement, and in anywise increase his income or better his condition is worth more than the knowledge of the existence of the greatest pugilist that ever lived.

DISCARD THE IDEAL, RETAIN THE PRACTICAL.

It was the expressed ambition of the good king Henry III, of France, that his subjects would become so prosperous that every one of them might have a fowl in his pot whenever he wanted it. Every one desirous of his country's good, will heartily wish, not only that every farmer can have a fowl in his pot for his dinner, but that he may have a happy family in a snug home, a well-filled barn, horses in his stables, cattle in his pasture, sheep in the fold, pigs in the sty, poultry in his yards, vegetables in his garden, money in the bank and peace in his heart. If new fangled modes and methods have failed to bring about this condition for him, let him try some of the old fogy practices which his grand-father found worked so well.

Between hoeing beets and onions, or scutching flax and giving audience of a half day to some small office seeker, stay at home and turn an honest penny. There is more profit in a patch of onions than in a hundred political meetings, be they ever so enthusiastic.

If there is ever supernatural interposition in favor of any one, it is extended in behalf of him who employs all of his time usefully. He uses for his advantage all the means and opportunities, however humble, that God and nature have placed in his hands. There is no royal road to success open to the farmer or anybody else. Every one must hew out his own destiny, and [illegible]

Reply to the Above by a Practical Farmer, the President of Euclid Alliance.

The golden age of farming is about to dawn. In reality the gods, in the likeness of men, have come down to instruct the editors and publishers in the mysteries of that sublime art that is to cause the wilderness and the solitary place to rejoice and blossom as the rose. Minnesota is beautiful for situation, the joy of the whole earth; and the inducements it holds out to those who are willing to give up driving the pen to drive the mule and hold the plow; have been pictured in such real, living and beautiful colors, to the press fraternity of our great metropolis, that there may be reason to fear lest the native born farmers may soon be supplanted, and their happy homes and their peaceful occupations transfered to their envious neighbors of the city.

And is it any wonder that men of intelligence, who have tried to make themselves homes among ungainly piles of brick and stone on Summit Avenue or Dayton's Bluff, should tire of tedious climbing, or shrink from dangerous rides on cable cars, and sicken from breathing the smoky air rising from filthy work shops beneath, and come to the sensible conclusion that there's no place like—a farm? No doubt scores of these unhappy families would be glad to exchange their miserable quarters for a few acres each of land, on the sweet scented prairie, if they could there have a few cows, a "scutching machine" and an "incubator!"

No doubt the happy days are about to dawn. I can well believe that the sober donkey will lift his great ears and laugh for joy when he sees a dignified official of the Great Northern or an erudite editor of the Press riding a harvester and binding the golden grain with twine spun by the fair fingers of their wives. Surely when those 10,000 editorial lads and lasses shall have gotten their 10,000 "incubators" in full working order, every family in Minnesota can have a "fowl in his pot."

Now, brother farmers, this immigration business is assuming serious proportions. We have been discussing the proposition of devoting $1,000 towards aiding the Great Northern in bringing in settlers, but if they propose to fill our lovely Valley with editors and their families, whose industry will deprive the poor convicts at Stillwater of needed exercise, and our worn out hens of needed rest, then we may well think twice before we act. But why should we allow those city editors to appropriate all of this new enlightenment upon farming to themselves? Since some recreant editor has published all of its secrets, let us profit by our opportunity and appropriate to ourselves some of the Promethean fire.

"LAWS CAN'T CURE ALL ILLS."

How strange that we have not known that before. Our wise fathers made a law that no one should use tobacco within ten miles of a house, but, sad to say, in defiance of both law and decency, it has found its way to the parlor. We have usury laws, but still we pay 50 per cent. We have temperance laws, but men will drink. We have moral laws, but still men will injure their neighbors. But notwithstanding all these facts, we farmers have been working and worrying about more law-making. Let us leave this useless and bothersome business to the editors and railroad officials. Politics is too filthy for farmers' hands, any way. Besides, any ordinary farmer will have enough to do to keep his "incubator" in good working order. It is true that we are supposed to govern ourselves, but the slave holders used to vote for their slaves and govern them. Why not let the editors and railroad officials do the same for us?

"FARMERS NEED NOT LIVE IN POVERTY."

If this is true of farmers in general, how doubly true of farmers in Minnesota. Our forests are abundant. Our prairies are broad and fertile. Our hills are full of ore. Our thousand lakes swarm with fish. There comes to us the "grouse," the "mushkodasa" and "the white goose, the waw-be-wa-wa." Our skies are bright with countless stars. Our nights are beautified by the Aurora Borealis. Our atmosphere is so dry that we only "smile" when the mercury crawls into its bulb. We have the black ox and the Jersey cow. Our wives are patient and our children are willing; all we lack is the "scutching machine," the "spinning wheel" and the "incubator." Setting hens are troublesome, wasteful and dangerous things, any way, and the wonder is that we have put up with them so long, when a harmless "incubator" will do better work, and always stay where you put it.

But who will presume to intimate that the farmers of Minnesota are poor? They have thousands of fertile acres under the plow; they send golden butter from the Atlantic to the Pacific; they have built and filled granaries that are the envy of Europe; they have provided for a system of flour mills unsurpassed in the world; they have equipped railroads of which no one is ashamed; they have built up "Twin Cities" that astonish their eastern friends. Minnesota farmers dote on twins. Who can say that we are not rich? Most of the farmers are, it is true, a little short of cash, but that is because they have loaned themselves short to the railroads, elevators and mills, and can't collect their interest. Still they are living in hopes that a few prosperous years will rectify these slight embarrassments, and all will be happy.

"Stout hands, willing hearts and clear heads will win the rest."

Yes, we are beginning to brush the cobwebs from our brains. The fogs are lifting from our mental horizon. Our hearts are willing, our hands are growing strong, and we live in the confident hope that manhood, rooted in so rich a soil, breathing so pure an atmosphere, under skies so clear, will ere long rise up, and with serene dignity, occupy that position of honor and influence that is now held by a gilded puppet.

Let us ever be mindful of "The combination that wins,"—manhood, faith and perseverance.

"FARM HOMES CAN BE MADE BEST HOMES."

There is no limit to the attractions of farm life to the "intelligent farmer." Go to the ant, thou Lubbeck, and enjoy thyself. If such a great intellect as Darwins could find enough in the study of the common earth worm to enthuse his great genius for a whole year, surely any ordinary FARMER could find ample enjoyment for a SCORE of years in studying the habits of a bed bug. Don't say you havn't time for these innocent recreations. Take time. Let the old cow go without being milked—her butter won't pay its own transportation to St. Paul, any way. Study bugs and thereby associate yourselves with the great men of the earth, and be prosperous. It belittles a man to be always thinking of sections of wheat, or how to get 20 pounds of wool from the back of one sheep, or how to put 2,000 pounds of meat around the bones of a black ox; but just get right down to the conscientious study of any common bug and from that day you begin to be a man and a farmer. And then, learn to be unselfish in your enjoyments. As we drink the rich milk, and taste the sweet butter fresh from the dairy, let us think feelingly of the poor editors and railroad officials of St. Paul who have to spread their bread with ancient grease.

"REQUIRE THE BOYS AND GIRLS TO HELP."

Yes, here is the secret of success. Follow the example of your city instructors, and get up and call the children early to help you hunt bugs. It's always the early bird that catches the worm. You have had the children riding the plow early and late, but that is too newfangled. Get them back to the old-time occupation of hunting bugs; they are spry and their eyes are better than yours.

Under any conditions don't neglect the "incubator" there is money in it.

A friend of mine, a physician, started in the "incubator" business eight years ago. That "incubator" was a blessing to the farmers for miles round. It made a wonderful market for eggs, and did not interfere with the chicken trade one bit. And the physician actually made enough in one year, with that "incubator" so that he was able to give up doctoring and go to preaching. I am not sure that every "incubator" will batch out a preacher, but even if it doesn't, "incubators" as a class, are not to be despised. Another man of my acquaintance bought an "incubator." It was cheap, it only cost $100. This man was a collection agent and went into the "incubator" buiness in style, and with enthusiasm. I believe it is uncertain whether he puts eggs or collections into his "incubator," and I do not know that he ever told any one how much he made out of his chickens, but instead of the "incubator" lifting his mortgages, the mortgages lifted him.

"Let the children work the garden." If it takes too much time to show them how to do it, or you are afraid they will let it grow up to weeds, hire an expert gardener to teach them, they need the instruction, and ought to have it.

"Furnish your house with plenty of books and pictures." If you cannot buy books and pay your taxes too, let the taxes go. If you pay your taxes the money is liable to be wasted or stolen by corrupt officials. If put into books and papers, these will give a literary air to the farm house, even if you cannot take time to read them, and the editors and publishers will be supported. But in reality it is not necessary for farmers to spend money in this extravagant way. Almanacs can be had free, and they are always brim full of wit and information. Besides these standard household treasures, reports of experiment stations are sent out free to farmers—that is, you can consider them free after your taxes are paid.

I know that some of you farmers are educated men. I know that many of your wives are graduates of eastern seminaries and colleges, and have a taste for the best literature; but, where will they find it if not in the almanac and the state bulletin? If they need any thing further to read get some cheap paper that treats of "worms" and "incubators." This new fangled idea that women need love stories and illustrated magazines, ought not to be encouraged among farmers' wives. And as for pictures with which to adorn your best room, the harvester men, the thresher men and the "incubator" manufacturers, send out elegant cromos. What could be more tasteful for a farmhouse wall than a beautifully colored picture where a thousand downy chickens are just jumping out fresh from a hot "incubator?"

"KEEP LIVE STOCK IN VARIETY."

Well yes, this is good counsel as we know from experience. We have kept live stock in variety. Have tried almost everything from a Maltese cat to a draft horse, and the only trouble we find in KEEPING it, is to get enough for all to eat and drink. But how long are we expected to "keep" this ever increasing lot of live stock? If any one would tell us how to sell, "live stock in variety," we would be most happy; or if some R. R. official would tell us how to water our stock so as to double its value, we would still be grateful.

"GROW FLAX AND GROW RICH."

Now farmers, we have all grown more or less flax, and we have all grown more or less rich. At all events we each have our deposit in the bank, and these deposits increase to our heart's content. The only trouble is, they have to be renewed so often, and the interest drawn from the wrong side. Very likely when we get a "scutching machine" that will take the usury out of this banking business, we may grow rich by growing flax.

"LOOK AFTER THE MULTITUDE OF DETAILS."

It would be hard to condense a greater amount of wisdom and good counsel, in fewer words, than is contained in this injunction. Our worthy instructor of editors, has told them how the great packing business is managed so economically that nothing is lost but the squeal of the pig. Now this great farming business must be managed with still greater economy. We must see to it, that not even the SQUEAL of the farmer shall be lost. In this farming business there is no end of details, to be looked after, especially in marketing the produce. There are the elevator details, the millers details and the transportation details. In fact, there are so many details that often is nothing left the farmer but a "tale of woe."

I never knew but one farmer that I thought paid sufficient attention to details. I was calling on a farmer last summer. He had been docking his lambs, and he had all of the amputated tails carefully pinched between two heavy posts, and I said to myself, this man looks after details.

"DISCARD THE IDEAL, RETAIN THE PRACTICAL."

This sentiment touches a tender spot, no doubt, in us all. We have all had our ideals, and oh how hard it was to part with them. We have had our ideals of life, our ideals of character, our ideals of manhood, our ideals of friendship, and our ideals of home; but, alas! how many of these have we had to give up in exchange for the common practical things as they really exist.

When we boarded the Great Northern at St. Paul upwards of ten years ago, ticketed for the "land of golden promise," we were full of ideals. An ideal country with ideal weather, ideal farms, with ideal machinery and ideal stock, ideal houses and ideal comforts and ideal lives. Yes, but we have reluctantly given up one after another of our ideals, and have settled down to the practical: the unfinished house and barn, the mortgaged farm, the back taxes, the unpaid interest, the weary wife, the uneducated children and the uncertain future. And now must we discard another ideal picture of "prosperous farmers," as presented by our lerned and sympathetic writer of the Great Northern? Such idealistic hash may be, and no doubt is, adapted to the farming needs of the Press Fraternity of St. Paul, but is, we fear, too stale for the practical demands of the Minnesota farmer. It savors too much of the doctrine of Pharaoh of ancient Egypt. No doubt the company of an onion patch is to be preferred to the company of such politicians as have been in office in Minnesota for the past twenty years, but the farmers have been starting "incubators" all over the country, and when the broods are well hatched, there will be a fowl for the pot of the R. R. official and editor, as well as the farmer. No doubt it is true that, "there is more profit in a patch of onions, than in a hundred political meetings," but the farmers are not so wedded to the almighty dollar, as to be willing to see their country go to the dogs and the devil, for the sake of an "onion patch."

"Every one must hew out his own destiny, and heaven helps those who help themselves." This is the conclusion of the whole matter. The farmers are just beginning to hew out their own destiny, and no doubt, they will hew to the line, and surely Heaven will help them for their cause is just.

And now, with one question, which we would like to have explained, we leave this subject. The farmers, the R. R. owners and the millers of Minnesota, are in partnership, in helping to feed the world. It is acknowledged that they have one common business interest. They are largely of one race. They are all children of a common Father. Then why should one partner in this business pile his million on million, while the other is putting mortgage on mortgage? Why should the wife and daughters of one partner live in superb luxury, with nothing to do but to attend the demands of elegant society, while the wife and daughters of other, have their station assigned in the "onion patch" and at the chicken coop? It cost our fair land the sacrifice of almost a million of her choicest men, to equalize the rights of whites and blacks. God grant that it may not require a like sacrifice to equalize her rights and the privileges of white citizens.

PRESIDENT FARMERS ALLIANCE,
Euclid, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, March 19, 1891.

Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 83.
1 Northern 81.
2 Northern 78.
3 Northern 69.

Wheat fell off one cent this week.

Rev C. E. Page was in the city this week.

The weather on Tuesday indicated that spring is at hand.

Charles Ingeborg will clerk for Alderman & Sylvester after April 1st.

John W. Hack is up from Superior buying potatoes by the carload.

Attorney Martin O'Brien has rented an office in the new Opera block.

Horace Russell left for Lisbon N. D. with his family on Sunday evening.

Tom Adams has moved into the house recently occupied by Tom Morris.

Dr. C. E. Dampier is registered at one of the leading St. Paul hotels this week.

E. D. Childs went to St. Paul on Tuesday evening to see about the drainage bill.

The genial Geo. P. Whitcomb was in on Wednesday. "Where's Tom Sprague?"

Judge Brown expressed perfect satisfaction with the verdict of the jury in the Russell case.

Dunc Morris goes in where Tom was and it looks like old times to see him again at the case.

A. N. Hixson sold a farm last week. He has not sold himself short nor does he intend to do so.

March seems to be making up for the balance of the winter for snow. Get some nearly every day.

The ball at McKinnon Hall on Tuesday evening was well attended and heartily enjoyed by all.

Deacon Bain was up from Fisher last week at the trial; so, in fact was nearly every body else in Fisher.

M. R. Brown went down to St. Paul on Monday evening to attend a meeting of the drainage committee.

If you lost an earring last Friday evening go to Wm. C. Spottswood's store and see if Arthur Stewart has it.

Locken & Solberg have a full and complete assortment of boots and shoes for all. Call and examine goods and prices.

Comrade A. H. Cleveland was down from Mentor on Wednes day, and gave THE JOURNAL a call of both pleasure and profit—to us at least.

Mrs. Arthur Stewart lost a valuable gold watch on Friday of last week and Miss Hattie Bivins found it. The only fault we have to find is that the watch was recovered before the notice appeared in print.

E. L. Smith, whose notice of sale appears elsewhere in this issue, has some extra fine thoroughbred Shropshire sheep for sale. He has taken extra pains with this flock and no better sheep can be found in Polk County. If you are looking for good sheep here is your chance.

Frances St. Germain, one of the Crookston old timers, died in this city last Wednesday. At one time, some years ago he is said to have been rich but had met with severe reverses which stripped him of his fortune and he was compartively a poor man when he died.

Locken & Solberg are now ready with a new and superb line of Gents' Furnishing Goods, to which they are continually adding. Don't forget to call a their new stand (Anderson's old place on Robert Street,) and look them over.

Grand Forks Herald—The acquittal of Russell for the killing of Dr. Bahnsen, of Crookston, occasions no surprise and emphasizes anew the conviction of practical justice that the villain who violates the sanctity of the family of another does so at the peril of his life and forfeits the protection of the courts.

Landlord Ellingbo, of the Norman House who went west several weeks since returned last Wednesday satisfied that Polk County is not the worst place in the world to live in. He says it is there very much like it is here—some are making money and others are not; taking everything into consideration he thinks the chances are better here.

Tom Morris departed for his new home at West Superior, Wis, on Monday evening. Tom has been for many years a resident of Crookston and his departure will be regretted by hosts of friends who will unite with THE JOURNAL in the hope that fortune may smile upon him in his new home. "May he live long und brosper."

J. B. Chapin, county Superintendent of Becker Co., gave THE JOURNAL man a pleasant call on Monday while enroute to Beltrami County to visit schools. Mr. Chapin is one of the Becker County old timers, and was, at one time considered one of the shrewdest politicians in the county. We should judge, from appearances that he has not yet lost his grip. He is one of the best superintendents in the state.

For Sale.

Good farm mare, one carriage and one [illegible]. Address E. G. [illegible] Oxman[illegible]

THE TRIAL

OF

HORACE RUSSELL

FOR THE

Murder of Dr. Bahnsen.

Acquitted!

Our account of the Russell trial last week closed with the Wednesday morning session. At the afternoon session Hugh Thompson was the first witness called. Mr. Thompson testified that he had known defendant and his family. Defendant had always borne an excellent reputation.

B. F. Zarracher sworn: "Live in Crookston; keep a restaurant; lived in Polk County since 1878; was sheriff 4 years; knew the defendant and his family; lived half a block from them in Fisher; I moved to Crookston in '79 or '80; defendant's character was good, very good; have seen him very seldom in the past four years."

Geo. O. Reilly sworn: "Live at Fisher; have known defendant about 10 years; part of the time lived in the same house with him; never heard anything against his character; he was always industrious and kind to his family." Cross examined. "He has been farming most of the time; at times he ran a spindle wheel, they call it; it is a gambling wheel, I believe; he used to run it two or three weeks at fairs in the fall; never heard of his having any trouble prior to this Bahnsen affair; yes, I heard that he was arrested in Crookston in the winter of '90 in a house of ill repute; that was after defendant's wife had gone to Lisbon."

A. D. Stephens sworn: "Live in Crookston; real estate and loans; moved from Fisher in '88; knew the defendant for 10 or 11 years; his character was good; was sober, industrious and upright." Cross-examined: "I remember hearing that he had been arrested; can't say where; don't know anything about his drinking prior to August 26th, 1890; I never knew him to drink."

J. E. O'Brien sworn: "Live at Crookston; hardware; have known defendant six years; saw him in my store last summer; he came in and bought a revolver and some shells; he said he wanted to protect himself against dogs; after he got it he remarked that he did not know whether he had the courage to use it on himself or not, but that he did not care to live any longer; he appeared very much excited; his actions frightened me and when he went out I went and told the police about it and requested that they get the revolver from him; after awhile he came back and told me he guessed he did not want to use it after all and asked me how much I would ask to take it back; told him I would take it back and refund his money, as we were old friends. I thought him laboring under strong mental excitement; could hardly say I thought him insane as he gave me pretty good reasons for his actions."

Cross-examined: "Your opinion is based solely upon his actions as related by you?" "Yes sir."

H. A. Mason sworn: "Live in Crookston; fruits and confectionery; know defendant slightly; saw him in spring or summer of '90 in my place of business and in front thereof; one afternoon he came in, nodded and walked the entire length of store; I had some canes displayed in a rack and he walked up to the rack, saying: 'Are you going to give me a nice cane to-day?' I replied: 'Well, I am not using canes for chromos this summer!' He walked excitedly about the store several times and asked who owned it and if I wanted to sell it; took out a little money and said that a man with all that capital had better buy a square meal than a whole store outfit and went out on the sidewalk where he rapidly paced up and down for some time; I noticed a glassy stare about his eyes, he acted different from a man who was all right; I should call him slightly demented; spoke to policeman Andy Locken about him." Cross-examined: "I did not observe any trace of his drinking that day."

O. Kirkhus sworn: "Live at Fisher; kept butcher shop in '90; remember the shooting of Dr. Bahnsen; know defendant; he came into my shop a day or so previous and without a word seized an axe I had in my hand and attempted to take it from me; he did not succeed; I was frightened, his actions were so wild; soon he let go the axe handle and started for the door, where he called me to come to him and said: 'I am going to Crookston to see somebody, but don't you tell!' He looked like he was crazy; his eyes were glassy and rolling continually round like a wild cat; this was three or four days before the shooting."

A. C. Kennedy sworn: "Live at Duluth; am contractor and builder; was at Fisher last summer to build the Ste. Croix elevator; about two weeks before the shooting I saw defendant frequently; three of us went into a saloon one evening where he was and [illegible] asked him to play; he tried to play three or four games but seemed excited and restless and could not remember trumps, and would bid too high, seemed pre-occupied, and finally threw up his hand and said 'leave it there, partner, I will do something desperate before long, if I live;' this was a short time before the shooting; saw him several times thereafter and thought him insane."

Geo. Mears, a carpenter from Duluth, was with the party above mentioned, and corroborated above testimony, as also did D. Berthiaume, of Crookston, who said that he expressed his belief that Russell was insane at the time this occurred.

M. Campbell testified to being in Fisher last summer and observing the queer actions of Russell from which he concluded he was considerably off.

John Paterson testified as to the defendant's inquiring of him for the county attorney one day last summer and also concerning the arrest; how he was notified on the morning of the 26th of August and went down to Fisher on this side of the river and sent two men down the other side, notifying the inhabitants as they went. He found Russell at the town hall in Fisher about 4:30 and brought him up to Crookston. Told how Russell observed on the way that he supposed that he was entitled to a bounty, as there was a bounty for killing wolves, and he had shot one; that he had had a happy home and Bahnsen had broken it up and then charged him $65 for it.

O. Berthiaume corroborated the above testimony and related the conduct of the prisoner while coming from Fisher, he was wild and flighty, laughing and crying alternately all the time.

Albert White, a prisoner in the county jail, testified as to Russell's conduct since his confinement in the county jail showing insanity.

——— Martin, another prisoner, told how Russell would wash his head frequently during the day; was nervous, forgetful and preoccupied, often very irritable, and very restless and sleepless at night, often springing up in fright and crying out; how he complained of his head being hot; his eyes glassy and his general appearance that of an insane person.

Anton Erickson, dept. sheriff and jailor, corroborated above as to its essential points, showing the flighty actions of prisoner.

Dr. C. K. Bartlett, superintendent of asylum at St. Peter, testesfied as to the condition of defendant's sister, Mrs. Simon's, when she was in the hospital. Said that children of insane persons were considered more liable to insanity than others.

Horace B. Haney sworn: "Live at Fisher; am a farmer; knew defendant 12 years; knew his father and mother and two sisters; knew Mrs N. Simons, defendant's sister; lived about 40 rods from her house; I took care of her two or three weeks about 7 or 8 years ago; she was kept at the house of her father; she was sent to St. Peter; don't know how long she stayed; after her return was when I took care of her; she was very violent at times; we had to build a yard for her and keep her tied up to prevent her doing injury to any one or jumping into the river; three years since she lived in Fisher; she is supposed to be insane all the time; knew defendant's mother, she was a nervous sort of a woman; got mad easily and was very violent when she did get mad."

THULSDAY MORNING.

Thomas Erwin sworn: Lived at Fisher since '78, know defendant; heard of the shooting; defendant was flighty during 1890; wanted to talk of his trouble I did not want to talk with him on that topic; I dont think he was drunk; think he was crazy; he was honest industrious and temperate before this trouble occured."

Henry Tanner sworn: "Live at Fisher; knew the defendant and his family for 12 years; knew his sister; when she was crazy lived within 80 rods of her home."

A deposition from A. R. Russell was here introduced: "Live at Los Angeles Cal.; am 61; am a farmer; have 6 brothers and 8 sisters; lived in Fisher 14 years; Horace G. Russell, the defendent is my son; have two daughters; my father was imbecile in mind at times very much so; his mind would at times entirely leave him; his mother was at times apparently insane; no domestic trouble caused this; his sister Mrs. Retta Simons was in the insane asylum at St Peter in 1878 or '79; she was insane at home before and after that and once she nearly killed her mother; I think it was Horace who saved his mother's life at that time; my occupation in Minnesota was that of a steamboat captain. I went to Egypt from there."

Deposition of Mrs. Angelina Robinson, sister of A. R. Russell, showing insanity in the family, was read, also one from Jonas Russell a cousin of A. R. Russell on the same topic.

J. B. Merrill testified that defendant came to his house one night in January 1890 and waked them up and told them that he was pursued by two men and was apparently much alarmed; after a while he calmed down, and Mr. Merrill took him up stairs to bed; defendant insisted on crawling up on his hands and knees so as not to make any noise. Defendant got out early next morning and went out so quietly that no one knew of his departure. From his actions and appearance that winter and summer should think he was very much off—in fact insane; saw no signs of his having been drinking that night.

Wm. Henry, re-called: saw the defendant a short time before the shooting; his appearance indicated insanity.

H. B. Herrick, re-called: Helped to carry the body into the depot, did not see a revolver upon it.

Levi Brainerd, re-called. Don't know whether Dr. Bahnsen had a revolver or not.

Dr. H. Lankester testified as to the examination of the body of deceased.

Duncan Hamilton testified as to selling defendant a revolver and his shooting one ball into the showcase which defendant paid for. There were but five balls left in the revolver and defendant bought no shells. Some time previous to this he came in and bought a revolver and in a short time returned it.

T. A. Dunlava sworn: "Live at Fisher; saw Dr. Bahnsen a few moments after he was shot; helped to carry him into the depot; saw no one remove a revolver; I heard Mr. White say that he took one from the body; he gave me the revolver afterward; it was loaded; I turned it over to the relatives of Dr. B. later.

Mrs. Winnie Russell, wife of defendant, here took the witness stand, and in a low, evenly modulated tone and with flaming countenance told the story of their wrongs. She told how she had been suffering from a painful female trouble in Lisbon, had been treated for it by a physician there, and, when she came to Fisher the trouble still continuing, Dr. Bahnsen was called. His treatment helped her and after he had made several visits to her house he told her he thought she was now able to visit his office for such further treatment as she would need, and appointed a day for her to visit his office. She went at the time appointed. The doctor's office was adjoining his living rooms over Toftes drug store. After talking outside the doctor asked her to take a drink of beer which she declined, but he thought she had better take it to strengthen her and went into the next room, returning shortly with two glasses of beer, giving her one, which she drank, and at once began to feel very queerly. She told the doctor and he said she had better go into the next room and lie down on the sofa and she would soon feel better. The doctor assisted her to rise, helped her into the next room, placed her on the sofa, sat down by her side and commenced kissing and coaxing her. She resisted his freedom but was powerless to successfully resist his attempts, and he accomplished his purpose. She said that the doctor gave her a glass of water thereafter, examined her and let her go; that she went to his office twice a week for two or three months when she found that she was in an interesting condition. The doctor advised abortion and gave her medicine to accomplish it. The medicine did not have the desired effect and he said an operation would be necessary and told he she must tell her husband. She did so, and her husband refused to have it done and told her he was sure he was not responsible for her condition. She managed to allay his suspicions for the time being and insisted on having the operation performed. He did not consent, but she went to the doctor's office where the operation was performed and she went home and to bed, and was very sick for two or three weeks, the husband meanwhile taking excellent care of her. When she recovered she decided that she would have to leave Fisher as the only way to break up the doctor's influence over her, and urged her husband to sell out and go to Dakota, back to her old home. He told her that all he had in the world was here at Fisher and that he could never do as well in Dakota as here. She insisted on her point and they had some words about it and it was finally decided that she should go for awhile, ostensibly on a visit; started on the 5th day of January, 1890; saw Mr. Russell again in April, he came to Lisbon; he said he had found out everything; after he had told me about the rumors he had heard I told him everything just as I have now told the jury. He asked me to write down answers to questions he would write, and I consented. (Papers exhibited). Yes, these are the questions he wrote and these are my answers. Witness then detailed defendant's actions, which showed a mind ill at ease or unbalanced; said that all the while he was in Lisbon, six weeks, she was positive he did not drink any liquor; she had bought a house there, intending to live there and eventually to succeed in getting him there; he was very nervous and excitable at times, constantly brooding over his troubles, talking about it or writing upon scraps of paper. He would start up out of bed nights and sometimes would dress and rush out doors. I could generally succeed in quieting him, but not always. The letters that he wrote her during the summer of '90 were read in court, which were generally an incoherent, unintelligible jumble, but showing great love for her throughout. In June he wrote me that he was going to prosecute Dr. Bahnsen; I came to Crookston to see my husband. Met Dr. Bahnsen; he asked me what I was here for and I told him; he asked me to go up into his office and deny it all and he would have a bidden witness to what I said; I finally consented, went up into his office and denied that he had had improper relations with me. The doctor asked me if I was going on to Fisher to see my husband. I told him I had to as I had no money with which to return; he said he would lend me $5 and I could repay him when I could; I returned that afternoon; telegraphed my husband from Glyndon not to go to Crookston. About the 19th or 20th of August my husband sent me a check for $200 and a postal order for $5; nothing else in the letter; The next I heard from him he had shot Dr. Bahnsen; my mother told me about it.

James Cassidy sworn: "Live at Lisbon, North Dakota; am father of Mrs. Russell; know defendant; one night, while he was living in Lisbon, in the summer of '90, I was awakened by a great racket at the door, some one knocking furiously and calling me; I opened the door and defendant rushed in apparently very much frightened, exclaiming 'keep still;' I caught hold of him and called to my wife to light a lamp; Mr. Russell objected to that and blew out the match which my wife lighted. Mrs. Winnie Russell soon came and she seemed to quiet him down and he was willing to be led by her; he worked for my brother-in-law six weeks; was discharged on account of his erratic actions which unfitted him for business.

Horace G. Russell, the defendant, here took the witness stand and told the sad story of his wrongs, seemingly omitting nothing. His actions were at times excitable, at times he seemed to forget easily and once, when called to give an account of a vision which he claims to have had, he grew very much excited and throwing his arms around wildly, said: "the air! can you see it? Well, then, neither can I explain this to you!" He remembered his trip to Duluth, his being at Crookston at different times, his purchase of the revolver at O'Brien's hardware store, of shooting it off in the room in St. Louis hotel, of returning it to O'Brien; of the affair at the Bon Ton restaurant; of his visit to his wife at Fisher and her confession; of his first visit to the doctor's office when he showed the doctor his wife's confession and the doctor said "this is a serious matter and I want time to consider it; call this evening." Called in the evening and the doctor told him to sit down in a chair at the opposite end of a table at which the doctor was sitting, who said he had considered this matter of blackmail, then jumped up and drew a revolver and said, "what if I did have criminal intimacy with your wife, what are you going to do about it? Get right out of this office;" remembered trying to get a warrant for the arrest of doctor Bahnsen which was refused him; remembered getting the telegram from his wife not to go to Crookston "but I went, all the same," said he. Remembered getting up early on the morning of the shooting and meeting a Mr. Johnson who was starting for the west that morning and taking a drink with him. He said of the affair at the depot: "I met Johnson as I came out of my room in the morning; he told me he was on his way to take the train for the west; I said I wished I was going along with him; he asked me to have something with him and we went into the Northern Tier together; I accompanied him to the depot and went into the ticket office, I think; as the train came in I shook hands with Johnson and bade him good bye, and as I turned to go saw doctor Bahnsen getting off the train; at that instant he saw me and changed his grip from right to left hand reaching for his pocket with his right hand. I jorked out my gun, started to run and fired, I think; I don't know; everything was wild; he fired at me; I ran into the woods; I don't remember what I wrote, could tell if I saw it, if I did write anything; I don't know how long I was in the woods; I came out after awhile and went to the post office after my letters; they told me I had better go and give myself up; I went up to the town hall where I saw a lot of men; I gave myself up; do not know to whom; I don't know what happened thereafter; I don't remember coming to Crookston." Here the prisoner seemed to grow nervous, tired and very erratic, and after a few more questions court adjourned until Friday morning at 9 o'clock.

On Friday morning Dr. C. K. Bartlett was recalled, who produced the hospital record of defendant's sister, Mrs. Simons.

Dr. Bower sworn: "Am a physician; have made insanity a specialty for 21 years; heredity is a pre-disposing cause of insanity; parents may have one form of insanity and their offspring another; the proportion in Minnesota is about 1 to 660, taking the patients in our insane asylums as the basis; the fact of the prisoner's giving himself up is a symptom of insanity; an insane person is led by his emotions and imagination; prisoner's actions at night indicate strong signs of insanity if a hallucination; a nervous temperament is more liable, more susceptible of insanity; I call defendant of a nervous temperament; under the circumstances as set forth I should not consider defendant capable of determining between right and wrong.

Robert Bain sworn: Live at Fisher; saw Dr. B fall; saw him get off the cars; could not say that I saw Russell shoot, I think Dr. B was between me and Russell; spoke to Russell; said good morning; he seemed calm and collected apparently; he was talking with several persons and he seemed rational; I could see nothing peculiar about him; have known Russell for 6 or 7 years; saw him frequently several times previous to the shooting; thought he was indrunk. Cross-examned:—Am a carpenter and builder; did not see defendant every day; was never with him drinking; could not positively say that he was drinking; was at the station probably 10 minutes before the shooting; saw defendant talk with Hamilton and various parties; could not say what is it was about; think it was about crops; heard him talk with Johnson and bid him good bye; don't know who all he talked to; think he shot the doctor about half a minute after the train arrived; think the doctor stood between defendant and myself; sure he did.

Richard E. White sworn: I live about six miles from Fisher: saw defendant the Sunday before the shooting at Reilly's saloon in Fisher; Brownlee said to him "you were on a big drunk yesterday" prisoner said "yes;" did not hear him say anything to Reilly.

H. B. Herrick re-called—I saw defendant drunk many times before the shooting; on that morning defendant acted about the same as he always did when sober; did not see Bahnsen make a move to draw a revolver; saw him step off the train; defendant started instantly upon seeing Dr. Bahnsen.

Casper Sands sworn.—Am a conductor; remember the shooting; I had charge of the train; heard the shot fired; I was in the third passenger coach; made a jump for the door when I saw something lying on the platform and saw defendant running away toward the rear of train; a passenger on the train jumped off and fired at Russell who ran on toward the village; going south I call it; Russell did not stop.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

Alvin Brainerd sworn. Live at Fisher; know defendant; had business transactions with him; tried to sell me his farm; he seemed rational enough when I talked with him.

O. Hanson sworn:—Live at Nesbit 5 miles northwest of Fisher; knew defendant since 1888; saw him on a spree a few times; saw him drunk in April in Fisher; before that a few times a few years back; cross-examined: don't remember how many times; don't remember the occasions; once a year ago in the fall; did not see him drink; only knew he was drunk by his talk.

E. Olson sworn: Live at Fisher; I knew defendant about 12 years; don't know anything about his drinking habits; saw him frequently up to last fall; don't know that I ever saw him under the influence of liquor.

Ole Nelson sworn: Live at Fisher: know defendant: worked for him two years; he acted all right when I worked for him; worked for him a year ago last summer.

O. Berthiaume re-called: I took the revolver from the defendant; yes, every chamber was loaded; I don't know who re-loaded it after the fatal shot was fired he said he had re-loaded it while in the timber.

Mr. Haines sworn: Live at Fisher; saw defendant day before the shooting; in afternoon and evening; he was very drunk when I first saw him, and sober the next; I keep a saloon there.

J. E. O'Brien re-called and testified as before.

Martin Saunaker sworn: Am cashier of the bank of Fisher; know defendant; about the middle of April he withdrew money from the bank; I issued a draft for him on the 16th day of April; he acted perfectly natural at that time.

Mr. Wood testified that he had known defendant several years and had seen him once when he was pretty full.

Mr. Erickson testified that he had known defendant 6 or 7 years; saw him in O'Reilley's saloon; treated him with others; had seen him drink whiskey but never saw him stagger about: saw him once, one year ago in April I think when he was pretty drunk; he said he had some trouble.

Mr. Bowman had known defendant 8 years; was in our store about ten minutes the Saturday before the shooting, pretty drunk, did not see him drink.

Mr. Kingsland, corroborated the above and should consider his capacity for business good.

Mr. Swan sworn: Was in Mr. Thompson's barn that morning; saw Russell coming down the walk; he threw up his revolver, not at me exactly, and said: 'Dont' open your mouth!" He appeared very much excited.

Dr. Bartlett re-called.—The condition of the grandfather would have slight effect upon the grandson; the insanity, of the sister might have an indirect bearing; I think that defendant had sufficient soundness of mind to distinguish right from wrong at the time of the shooting.

Dr. Jones was called as an expert and after being thoroughly quizzed expressed it as his opinion that defendant was fully capable of distinguishing right from wrong at the time of the shooting.

Dr. Heog did not pretend to be a specialist in insanity, had studied such cases somewhat. Thought that defendant was able to distinguish right from wrong at the time of the shooting. After this testimony the court took a recess and it was here that a very highly dramatic scene was enacted.

Wm. Wiedenhoeffer was seized with an epileptic fit which caused great excitement among the bystanders. This so excited the prisoner that with a wild unearthly yell he made a break for a window and would no doubt have jumped out had not two or three of the jurymen caught hold of him and hung on until the sheriff and a deputy could take hold of him. As it was it required four or five men to hold him down until his wife came to him and spoke to him gently when he became calm, exclaiming: "What is all this fuss about anyhow?" As it was then after 5 o'clock the court ordered a recess until nine o'clock Saturday morning.

On Saturday morning Gen. Clapp summed up the case for the prosecution but seemed to lack his usual fire, evidently aware that the case was not one requiring the extreme penalty. He spoke about one hour and was listened to with close attention.

Hon. H. Steenerson then took the floor and held the great audience spell bound for nearly two hours and a half, making one of the best speeches of his life. He carried his audience with him as he followed the accused from a happy boy up to the hour of the shooting depicting the happy home ruined which shattered the reason of his client and wrought all this woe and misery. He quoted copiously from Scripture, showing a greater familiarity with this subject than his most intimate friends had ever credited him with, and when he took his seat Judge Brown briefly charged the jury and at 1 o'clock the jury retired in charge of the deputy and the court took a reces until 3 o'clock.

It was 11 p. m. when the jury slowly filed into the court room and took their seats in the jury box to render their verdict which was "not guilty,"

When the solemn words were spoken that made Horace Russell a free man he did not move a muscle sitting there as quiet and composed as though waiting to see what they would do next, and it was not until Hugh Thomson gripped him by the hand saying: "Get up and thank the jury, Horace," that he seemed to realize that the great trial was really over and he could walk abroad a free man, even then he arose and shook hands with the jury in a perfunctory manner as one walking in a dream.

The verdict seems to meet with almost universal satisfaction although of course there are some who think he should have had a term behind the bars, but to THE JOURNAL it seems as though a term at St. Peter would be more fitting.

MARRIED.

BUGG-BIVINS.—At the residence of Mr Frank Bivins, in Crookston, on Tuesday evening, March 17th, 1891, by Rev. R. H. Batley, Mr. F. W. Bugg to Miss Hattie L. Bivins.

The happy couple settle quietly down to housekeeping in our midst with the best wishes of hosts of friends. Mrs. Bugg has grown up from girlhood in our midst, while Mr. Bugg has been for years employed in the Valley Roller Mills and the friends of both are legion. THE JOURNAL adds its blessing.

Paint! Paint! Paint!

Now is the time to buy paint and use it a little later on. The old reliable brand, "The Northwestern," we are closing out at $1.25 per gallon. Strictly pure. Other goods cheaper.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

TEACHER WANTED.

To commence term on April 6th, in School Dist. No. 55. Apply to the clerk of said district, Jas. Greenhalgh, Jr., Crookston, Minn. [48-50]

Reception Social.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Congregational church will hold a social at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Miller Thursday evening March 19th. Everybody very cordiall invited.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Frist publication March 19th, 1891.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter Nord and Kristine Nord his wife to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 7th day of December A. D. 1888 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of December A. D. 1888, at 5:30 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of Mortgages, on pages 398-401 and whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1889, $17.50 that became due December 7th 1889, $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due December 7th, 1890 and the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and eighty six and 60-100 Dollars ($586.60) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south east quarter (S E ¼) of Section ten (10) in Township one hundred and fifty three (153) of Range forty four (44) containing 160 acres of land according to United States government survey thereof Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty Five Dollars attorneys fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 19th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

[43-2] [N. G. 43.] H. D. DICKINSON Attorney.

[First publication March 19, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 17th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased.

Whereas an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Ella Teal, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court.

And whereas, Jackson S. Chapin has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Ella Teal died in said county, on the 27th day of February, 1891, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to said Jackson S. Chapin.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston in said county, on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear and contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 17th day of March, A. D. 1891.

By the Court,

C. M. [illegible], Judge of Probate.

[43-45]

J. P. Marcum and family returned on Wednesday morning from a visit to friends and relatives in Iwoa.

M. Davis was in from Euclid on Wednesday. Will drill in some 200 acres of wheat this spring. Prefers the press drill.

rticle on our first page, following F. I. Whitney's paper was written by one of the practical farmers of the Red River Valley, who for years has been putting into practice many of the valuable suggestions made by Mr. Whitney and it will be read with interest by all. It is an an article plum full of meat and will amply repay a careful study.

Farmers who will give systematic attention to the cultivation of sugar beets, and co-operate with the Aricultural Experiment Station, are requested to leave their names with Agent Fegan of the Great Northern Railway at Crookston, and seed and instructions as to proper culture will be sent free—analysis of beets will also be made without cost to the producer. [48-tf]

Rev. R. H. Battey will speak morning and evening at the Congregational church next Sunday, 11 a. m. "Reciprocity and Religion." 7:30 p. m. "The Young Woman Who Works." Cordial welcome to everybody. Be on time. These services will open at the hour and close in one hour. Let the "hired girl" have a vacation and come to church next Sunday night. But Mrs. Housewife will want to hear the discourse too.

Ed. Journal:—At the annual Town meeting held in Grove Park, March 10th the following officers were elected.

Supervisors,—W. W. Attix, chairman, E. F. Steelman, John Quesnell.

Town Clerk,—E E. Abbott.

Treasurer,—John E. Tice.

Assessor,—Tollef Farden.

Justices of the Peace,—George M. Swift, Thor Halderson.

Constable, George A. Bunzey.

Pound Master,—Samuel B. Cochrane.

Money voted for Town purposes $100 money voted for Road purposes $50.00.

E. E. Abbott.

The young people of the Congregational Church give a social at Mrs. A. A. Miller's on Thursday evening of this week. Everybody cordially invited.

Mrs N. P. Stone entertained her lady friends very pleasantly at afternoon tea on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week.

Mrs. Sam Rosenthal who has been quite ill with erysipelas has now almost entirely recovered.

Report of Town meeting town of Sanders.

Supervisors,—C. H. Petterson chairman, S. Engebritson, Lars Larson.

Town Clerk,—Nels K. Anderson.

Town Treasurer,— A. W. Lind.

Assessor,— O. T. Tandberg.

Justices,—O. T. Tandberg, August Hap.

Constable,—Hans Fein.

Overseer of Poor,—Lars Anderson.

For Sale.

On Sec. 29, Euclid, Minn. The subscriber will offer for sale for the next 10 days the following property to-wit:

Eight fine young mares, 5 of them with foal. One five year old gelding, one 4-year old, 4 3 year old, 7 2 years old, 5 yearlings. One registered Polled Angus Bull, 2 years old, 20 well bred fresh Cows and springers, 8 yearlings, 15 Calves, 15 Sheep, 2 Poland China Sows, 2 Shoats, Bronzed Turkeys, Full English Mastiff Pups and Shepard Dogs. One Butterworth 3-horse Tread Mill Thresher and Separator, 2 nearly new McCormick Harvesters, 1 new Mower, 1 old Mower, 1 Wheel Rake, 1 Gang Plows, 2 Sulky Plows, 2 Walking Plows, 1 Broadcast Seeder, 1 Fanning Mill, 1 Cockle Mill, 1 Diamond Feed Mill, 3 Farm Wagons, 1 Sled, Harnesses, Saddles, Dairy Utensils, Stoves, &c.,

Prices low. Terms to suit customers.

E. L. Smith.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. Palmetier,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

Peterson for April opens with two large fashion sheets, giving all the most novel and graceful designs for spring costumes. "The Tree of the Desert" is a beautifully illustrated article on palm-trees and gives much interesting and out-of-the-way information in regard to the numerous varieties. 'Hannah—A Friend," by Robert C. V. Meyers is a charmingstory written with an exquisite delicacy of touch. "Twixt His Coming and Going" by Anna M. Dwight is illustrated by some lovely photogravures and is a story of unusual merit. "In A Glass Manufactory" is another illustrated article which gives a capital account of the different stages of glassmaking. "Some Curious Easter Customs" by Martha Craig will be found full of interest. Miss Alice Bowman's serial, "Dulce Domum," grows more interesting with each instalment, and the first chapters of "At The Star," by Agnes James, makes one eager for the continuation. The fashion and house-hold departments are as always—simply invaluable. Terms, two dollars a year. Send 5 cents for a sample copy. Address, Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia, Pa.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES and MULES.

For the purpose of accommodating the many who may want to dispose of their surplus Horses and mules this spring, I will hold an Auction Sale at my Yards and Stables in the city of Crookston, commencing

Friday, March 27th, 1891,

At 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing the same until all is sold.

All persons desiring to enter their stock for this sale, must do so on or before the 20th of March giving description of stock and the terms on which he wants it sold. The terms or cost for advertising and selling will be 5 per cent of the sale. No stock will be allowed to be taken away until settled for. The terms on which each horse or mule will be sold will be made public at the sale.

M. R. Brown.

Closing Out at Cost!

I AM CLOSING OUT

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

General Merchandise

AT AND BELOW COST

IF YOU WANT

BOOTS, SHOES

OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE

LAST CALL.

HARDWARE

FOR THE NEXT

10 DAYS.

From 10 to 20 per Cent

BELOW COST.

Beginning on March 19th,

AND CLOSING

Saturday Eve., March 28,

As I give possession of the store April 1st. I still have a large stock of Mixed Paints and Painters Material, Blacksmiths' Supplies, Cutlery, Rifles and Ammunition, Fence Nails, Glass, Grindstones, Shovels and Spades, Belting and Rubber Hose, Shelf Hardware, &c.

For 10 Days Only!

Wm. C. Spottswood.

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on Thursday, April 9th, 1891, at his residence on Section 5, in Fairfax, (known as the Sterge place) the following property, to-wit:

Three good work horses.

One stallion.

Three cows.

One heifer.

Two lumber wagons.

One sulky, one buggy, 2 plows, one sleigh also all of my household furniture and other aricles too numerous to mention.

Terms:—All sums of $10 and under, cash. All sums over $10 time will be given until October 15th, 1891 on good approved notes at 10 per cent. per annum.

[47-49] M. O. Meland.

Every One Using Machine Oils.

Best black oil, per gallon, - - 15c

" Eldorado engine oil, per gal., - 25c

Bring in your cans and jugs and save 100 per cent on machine oil.

Wm. C. Spottswood.

Take Notice.

All parties owing accounts and notes that are due are requested to call and settle before March 15th, or they will be left with an attorney for collection. I must have the money. I will continue selling out at and below cost until March 25th.

Wm. C. Spottswood.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

Minor Rood, Mentor, Minn.

AUCTION SALE.

About the middle of March, definite date to be fixed and announced later, I will sell at Public Auction at the Red barn, Schraeder's Livery and Sale Stables, the entire outfit, consisting of horses, buggies, carriages, harnesses, whips, robes, cutters, sleighs, and a thousand and one articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale announced later.

Mrs. E. D. Schraeder.

Trade at HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

S. L. COLLINS

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.

Everything neat and nobby.

Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE.

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

Crookston, - - - Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET CROOKSTON.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Austin's.

Benoit & Sylvesterson,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Carry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estate

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

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OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
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NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

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CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the North west.

CALL IN.

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M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

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E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of such Co's. ☞ CALL ON HIM!

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103 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

from selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.

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Fife.

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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

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For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

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"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

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For Sale Cheap.

Four good brood mares and two good work horses cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlaug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stables.

Closing Out Notice.

Read the great bargains in another column, which I shall continue until March 25th. Positively no longer. Everything must go at most any price.

Wm. C. Spottswood,
Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, March 19, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
6:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:23 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:15 a. m. .... Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

OVERLAPPING GRANT.

Effect of The Recent Supreme Court Northern Pacific Decision.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Interior Department officials assert that the decision of the Supreme Court in favor of the Northern Pacific and against the Great Northern in the overlapping limits case will affect the lands claimed in the Red River Valley in North Dakota to the extent of forty miles either side of Fargo.

This will save the occupants of lands in Fargo and also preserve the settlers who have purchased lands of the Northern Pacific within the forty-mile limits their rights as against the Great Northern claim. This takes in most of the Grandin form, and there is some doubt on a point which may take in all of this farm.

No legal opinion can be obtained as to whether or not the fifty-mile limit is also preserved in the law. If that is the case the right of settlers for fifty miles north of Fargo will be preserved. The court holds that the Northern Pacific is entitled to lands fifty miles on each side of its road as definitely located; that, although the Great Northern and its predecessors were granted lands in 1857, that by releasing these grants for other grants and by changing its first projected line to other pionts it lost the benefit of the grant of 1857. When the line to St. Vincent was again revived by the act of 1865 the priority of the title, the court holds, became vested in the Northern Pacific.

More About Taxing Railroad Lands.

The Todd County Argus.

The bill lately introduced in the legislature providing for the taxation of railroad lands as other lands are taxed, which was published in last week's ARGUS, brings up a subject which is of especial interest to the people of Todd county. It is of interest because this county has had some experience in trying to collect taxes on railroad lands, and the people are not only alive to the injustice of the present system of taxation but know from experience something of the difficulties that are in the way of securing a remedy. The constitution, Sec. one of article nine, provides that "all taxes to be rased in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be, and all property on which taxes are to be levied shall have a cash valuation and be equalized and uniform throughout the state." That the present system of taxing railroads and their earnings does not come within this provision of the constitution is very easily shown. The railroad commissioners' report for the year ending November 30th, 1889, page 77 gives the total cost of the railroads of Minnesota at $211,825,850 (this valuation does not include any lands owned by the companies outside of their right-of-way, depot grounds and such property as is used in the operation of their roads) and at page 82 the same report tells us that the total taxes paid by all the railroad companies for the year ending December 31st, 1888, was $690,416,26. Presuming the valuation of the roads to be too high, that the stock has been watered and the cost of construction has been more than it should have been and assuming that other property in the state is not assessed at its full value, let us for the purpose of comparison cut down the value the railroad companies place on their own property to $500,000,000 and then compare the amount of taxes they pay with the taxes paid on the same amount invested in any other business. The average rate of taxation in Todd county is not far from 2½ per cent. and I think a low estimate would place the average rate in the whole state at over 2 per cent. Assuming the average rate to be 2 per cent., then $150,000,000 invested in manufacturing, farming, banking or any other industry than railroading, would be burdened with a tax of $3,000,000 while the same amount invested in railroads gets off with a tax of $960,416.26, or in other words, $1,000 invested in railroads pays a tax of $4.65 while $1,000 invested in anything else in the state is taxed $20 or more. Add to this the fact that the "land grant" roads avoid taxation on the large body of lands they are holding at a valuation of from $5 to $10 per acre and pile upon this the proposition of the Great Northern railway company "that any amount of property it may acquire by purchase or otherwise, is and forever shall be exempt from taxation", and I ask what becomes of your constitutional provision "That taxes shall be equalized and uniform throughout the state?" That something should be done to make the railroad property of this state bear its just share of the burden of taxation all fair minded readers I think will agree, but as to just what can be done or how best to proceed there may be no doubt is a great difference of opinion. If the bill referred to above should become a law and secure the taxation of these lands it would still fall far short of an equitable adjustment of the full question as contemplated by the constitution above quoted and while I think the bill should pass if it is the best thing obtainable at this time, I am strongly of the opinion that the whole system of railroad taxation should be overhauled, and made to conform to the constitutional provision of equal taxation. If it be found that taxing railroads on their gross earnings is the best method, then let the rate be fixed so high that all property will bear its just burden.

The railroad companies stand entrenched behind a wall of legislative enactments, largely of their own building, and will fight to the last any provision looking to a change or an invasion of their "vested rights." Those companies receiving their land grants direct from the general government claim their lands exempt from taxation under the provisions of such grants, but since the general government has no power to tax lands it is safe to presume it cannot exempt lands from the taxing power of the state in which they lie after the title has passed into other hands. That the general government could dispose of its land and have the exemption from taxation run with the fee as long as its grantee cared to hold it I think few people will believe.

Some roads, notably the Great Northern, received their land grant through the state and with them a provision that they should be exempt from taxation as long as owned by the railroad companies. There are many difficulties in the way of reaching these companies. The Great Northern claims to be the lineal descendent of the "Minnesota & Pacific railway company" which was created by an act of the legislative assembly of the territory, approved May 22d. 1857, in which it is provided that said company shall pay into the state treasury three per centum of its gross earnings in lieu of all other taxes and provides "in consideration of such annual payments the said company shall be forever exempt from all assessments and taxes whatever by the territory, or state which shall succeed the territory, or by any county, city, town, village or other municipal authority in the territory or state, upon all stock in said company, whether belonging to said company or to individuals, and upon all its franchises or estate, real, personal or mixed, held by said company; and said land granted by said act of congress hereby authorized to be conveyed to said Minnesota & Pacific railroad comany shall be exempt from all taxation till sold and conveyed by said company." This language would seem broad and definite enough to exempt everything the company possesses or could ever acquire, but there are those who consider the purpose of such statutes is not to exempt property from taxation, but to provide a substituted method of securing to the state its proper revenue from the taxable property of these corporation, and our supreme court held in the case of Todd county vs. The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba railroad company that property owned by said company (apart from the land grant) not necessarily used in the operating of the road did not come under the exemption. Perhaps if the question should be adjudicated it would be found that a very small part of the Great Northern system would come under the provisions of this old charter to the Minnesota & Pacific railway company and that the charter itself when construed by the courts may not have the broad binding import the railroad attorneys attribute to it.

Whatever may be the force or fate of the bill now before the legislature, I feel that the interest taken in this question of equal taxation will not abate until the railroad property is obliged to pay the same rate of taxes that other property must bear, and by way of suggesting to the members of the present legislature who are wasting their time trying to find a way to tax propperty owned by non-residents over which this state has no control, let me say you can be more useful to your constituents if you devise a way to secure such results.

JANUS.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, F. F. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Havanna Press Drills

FOR POLK COUNTY.

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - - Crookston.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, FLANNELS,

BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
54 inch Tricot	35 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for......30 cents.	A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket......$1.50
" " " ......35 "	" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket...... 2 00
" " medicated, for 40 "	" 4½ lb. 10¼ white " 4 50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dry Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 12, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pasca Labelle and Adele Labelle, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on pages 147-9.

And, whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $6.73 that became due November 1st, 1889; $6.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, and $6.00 that became due November 1st, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and twenty-four and 52-100 dollars ($224.52). and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ sw¼) of Section twenty (20), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing forty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

H. D. Dickinson, Attorney for Mortgagee.

[47-1] (N. G. 87)

W. A. ROBERTSON,

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars interest due January 1, 1890, thirty five dollars interest due July 1, 1890 and thirty-five dollars interest due on the first day of January, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Mederic Desantells and Celanire, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1887, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of mortgages, on page 56.

And, whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, with interest on $1125 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 2d day of February, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the south half (s½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twelve (12) Town one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-four (44) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars and interest and the taxes if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys.
[46-52] Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H Perkins and Mattie L. Perkins, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages on pages 51-54.

And, whereas, such default consists in the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due september 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due september 4th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety four and 47-100 ($594.47) dollars

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and north half of southeast quarter (n½ se¼) Section thirty-four (34) Town-ship one hundred and fifty-one (151) of Range forty-one (41) containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 24th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

H. D. DICKINSON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 81] [45-51]

[First publication Feb. 12th 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. In District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Frederick K. McKeen, Plaintiff, vs. James B. Holmes, The Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust Company, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, Defendants.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale under Judgment and Decree. Foreclosure of Mechanics' Liens.

Whereas, a certain judgment was duly obtained, entered and docketed in the District court, in the County of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, in the 4th Judicial District, on the 13th day of December, 1890, and whereas a transcript and certified copy of said judgment was thereafter, to-wit: on the 4th day of February, 1891, duly filed and docketed in the Clerk's office in the District Court, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, in the 14th Judicial District, in the above entitled action, in favor of said plaintiff, Frederick K. McKeen and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of two hundred eighty-seven and 78-100ths dollars ($278.87), including interests and costs, and in favor of said defendant, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of five thousand four hundred eighty-one and ninety-one one-hundredths dollars, ($5 481.91), including interests and costs, and whereas, in said judgment it was decreed that the judgment so rendered in favor of said plaintiff to the full extent thereof, including interests and costs and the judgment so rendered in favor of said defendants, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company to the extent of five thousand four hundred sixty-two and 6-100ths ($5,462.06) dollars, including interests and costs to be specific liens upon the land and appurtenances in said judgment described situate in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: That tract of land known as block one hundred two (102), of Rail Road Addition to the Town of Red Lake Falls, being a portion of lot six, (6), in Section sixteen, (16), in Township one hundred fifty-one, (151), Range forty-four, (44), of which certain Flouring Mills are a part of the appurtenances, co-ordinate with other and prior and superior to any right, title, lien or claim to or in said land or appurtenances of the said defendants, James B. Holmes, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, or the Minnesota Title Insurance Company or any of them And whereas it was in said judgment decreed and ordered that the Sheriff of said Polk County State of Minnesota, sell said land and appurtenances at public auction as by law in such cases made and provided, to satisfy said judgment and interest thereon, together with costs of said sale, and to pay the proceeds of said sale, after deducting all lawful expenses and charges thereof to and between said Frederick K. McKeen and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, to the amount of their respective judgments and liens given.

Provided, if said net proceeds be insufficient, then to distribute the same pro rata among and between said judgment creditors; a certified copy of said judgment and decree having been duly served upon and delivered to me. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described land and appurtenances thereon, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor in accordance with and as directed in said decree on the 3th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the county Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, to satisfy said judgment and claims, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 11th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota,

WHITE & EVANS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Defendant,
Willford and Northway Mf'g Company.
[43-49]

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred and eighty ($2280) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is actually due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James B Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller, as mortgagee bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1889 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 567; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to The Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage situate lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9) ten (10) thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18) nineteen, (19), twenty (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22) twenty-three, (23), and twenty four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3) four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11) eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81); lots three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7) eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty two, (82); all of block ninety two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8) nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12) in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, ; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the ninth (9th) day of April A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 26th, A. D. 1891.

The Hauser & Sons Malting Company,
Assignee of said Mortgagee,
By Paul Hauser, Sr.
President.

Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee.
[45-51] St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred thirty-five and 32-100 dollars, ($535.32) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James E. Mitton and Mary M. Mitton, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert J. Adams, mortgagee, bearing date the 3d day of November, 1884 and, with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 25th day of November, 1884, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in book "S" of mortgages, on pages 509 to 513, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The northwest quarter of Section Ten (10), Township one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-six, (46), west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred thirty five and 32-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb 23d, A. D. 1891.

ROBERT J. ADAMS, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALBERT GILMOUR AND Jane Gilmour, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Josiah Upton, of the County of Onario, State of New York in Ir mortgage bearing date of June 25th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The se¼ se¼ Section 6, ne¼ ne¼ Section 7, and n½ nw¼ Section 8, Township 147, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 33-36; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Josiah Upton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred twenty five and 23-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 21st, A. D. 1891.

JOSIAH UPTON, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

[First publication Feb 26th, 1891]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($337.50) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christine Estby and John Estby, her husband, mortgagors, to Charles H. Jefferson, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of November, 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of November 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on pages 49, 50 and 51, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number three (3), in South Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

CHARLES H. JEFFERSON, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty five dollars ($35 00) installment of interest, which became due and payable on the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35 00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by John K. Ostgord and Betsy Ostgord his wife, of Polk County and State of Minnesota, mortgagors to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., in volume "32" of mortgages, on pages 190 and 191.

And whereas a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon, said premises covered by said mortgage prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of nineteen and six hundreths dollars ($19.06), and on the 31st day of March, A. D 1890, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of twenty-two and three hundreths dollars ($22.03); and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred twenty-three and eighty hundreths dollars ($523.80), and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided., said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The east half (e½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and east half (e½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of section three (3) in Township one hundred forty-seven (147) Range forty-five (45), containing one hundred and fifty nine and 58-100 (159.58) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes, and twenty five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated Moorhead, Minnesota, Feb. 21st, 1890.

The Netherlands American Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglassand Ball & Smith,
[45-51] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale,

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 ($559.05) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Henr. Johnston and Ella L. Johnston, his wife, mortgagors, to George McLean, guardian, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of February, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, 1888, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on pages 546 to 549; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of Section twenty-eight (28) in Township one hundred and forty-seven (147), in Range forty (40), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D 1891.

GEORGE MCLEAN, Guardian,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss In Probate Court. Special Term, Feb. 28th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ole Isakson Austad, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Osmund Osmundson, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in Crookston, on Monday, the 7th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 28th day of February, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[46-48] Judge of Probate.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT,

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 26, 1891. NO. 49

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. I outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	16 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	60 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Ed. Journal: Below you will find a short history of the several town officers of the town of Black River, and how they made their mark:

Jake Powers, chairman supervisors, is a native of Canada; emigrated to the United States in 1877, and settled down at Austin, Minn.; lived there till 1879, when he came to Polk County, taking up 160 acres of land under the homestead law in the town of Black River, being one of the first settlers in that town; he has, at intervals, held many important town offices and discharged the duties of every one of them in an efficient manner. As justice of the peace, an office which he has held very regularly, he bases his opinion on the facts, and not on figures. His smiling way has enticed many a young couple to him to be married, and he could in a month's time marry couples enough to settle up all the unoccupied land in Polk County, if our young people had sense and pluck enough to give him a chance.

Erik Adalfrau, supervisor, was an old Michigan miner, emigrating to Polk County in 1882, taking up 160 acres of land [illegible] town of Black River, and is now a well-to-do farmer. He was elected chairman of supervisors in 1888, supervisor in 1889, 1890 and 1891, giving universal satisfaction. He is school clerk of District No. 94. He is a good musician and furnishes the music at the Swedish Lutheran church at Black River every Sunday at a good salary.

Peter Killburg, supervisor, came over from Germany when quite young, making his home near Lake Pepin for a number of years; in 1880 moved to Crookston and shortly after took up 160 acres of land in the town of Black River; was one of the first officers of the town; was elected school treasurer in '85, and in '90 was elected school director for Dist. No. 43. He is a very pleasing school as well as town officer.

Swan Anderson, town clerk, came from Sweden to America in 1875; kept on moving westward until 1879, when he found himself in Crookston; took up 320 acres of land in Black River same year; in 1885 went back to Sweden after the girl he left behind him and shortly after settled down on his homestead. He is a good farmer, and has a large herd of thoroughbred stock of different kinds; was the organizer of the farmers' alliance club of Black River, being the 4th club in the county; was elected town clerk in '88 and has held that office ever since; has held several other town offices and discharged his duties in a satisfactory manner.

Andrew Swanson, treasurer, was born in Sweden and came to America in 1875; lived in New York and Michigan several years, coming to Polk County in '79 and took up 320 acres of land in the town of Black River and has, to-day, one of the best improved farms in this section. He was elected treasurer when the town was in its infancy and has held that position ever since; he is also school treasurer of Dist. No. 43, treasurer of the St. Hilaire Horse Co, and treasurer of the farmers' alliance club here in Black River. He has handled in his official capacity probably over $100,000, and has not, as yet, attempted to skip to Canada. He is a very obliging official.

John McKearny, constable, is a native of Ireland, naturalized in this country and has been a citizen of the United States for several years. He inherits some of his ancestors' qualities and makes a good officer. He is a close watcher of the times, and believes more in principle than party; he voted the democratic ticket (for trusts and combines) for several years, until he saw the wrong, and in 1890 voted and worked with the farmers for the rights that belong to them and for a free wheat market.

A. M. Hanson, justice of the peace, is a young man, sober and industrious, living with his aged parents on the farm; was assessor in 1890 the duties of which position he discharged in a worthy manner. He will make a good justice. He is secretary of farmers' alliance No. 689 and a firm friend of the farmer.

P. A. Ekstrom, the assessor, is one of the old settlers of the town; was assessor in '88 and '89, was overlooked in '90 but was elected this year by a big majority. Being an old farmer and knowing the value of everything about a farm, together with a good judgment, he is the best qualified man for that position in the town. He is a hard worker for a free and open wheat market and is a true alliance man; has been justice of the peace for the past two years, showing no partiality but serving all alike.

A Reader.

Henry Clews Show How The Reserve Stocks of Wheat Have Decreased.

New York. March 7.—Henry Clews report on the grain market says: The statistical situation of wheat commands general attention, not only at home but abroad, and although it is looked upon as being a strong one, a careful examination of present conditions and supplies a comparison of the latest figures received with those of previous years, shows it to be in reality even stronger than is thought by the ordinary observer. For a period of about nine years the wheat market of the commercial world have been abundantly supplied at prices considerable lower than had ever been known to prevail for so long a period. The deficiency caused by partial crop failure in important wheat-producing countries as in the United States in the years 1885 and 1888—were so promptly supplied from the reserve stocks of other countries that many of the experienced traders were wholly unable to account for or understand the situation; but investigation reveals the following causes for the. With the present facilites for communication and transportation, any calculation as to the probable world's supply, which does not include all the commercial wheat producing countries is necessarily defective and misleading. During the first seven months of the year of 1882 the price of wheat at New York was about $1,50 per bushel, with an active demand, while the world's crop for that year were the largest ever grown, and exceeded the requirements by 200,000,000 bushels. But the reserve stocks at that time had been nearly exhausted. The normal consumption of wheat increases in like proportion to the increase in population, but very high prices have the effect of diminishing consumption. In recent years the fluctuations in price were practically unimportant, and consumption therefore continued normal. The increase in population in the United States is at about the rate of 2½ per cent per annum, but throughout the commercial world it is at the rate of about 1 per cent. On this basis it will be found by the following table that the world's crops have not been growing larger since 1882, the consumption has continued to increaes, and for this reason the present reserve stocks of the world cannot but be very small:

YEAR.	Estimated production (bu)	Estimated Consumption (bu)	Increase in Reserve Stocks (bu)	Decrease in Reserve Stocks (bu)
1882	2,187,000,000	1,985,000,000	202,000,000	
1883	1,968,000,000	2,015,000,000		42,000,000
1884	2,144,000,000	2,025,000,000	150,000,000	
1885	1,999,000,000	2,015,000,000		46,000,000
1886	2,086,000,000	2,005,000,000	33,000,000	
1887	2,127,000,000	2,045,000,000	43,000,000	
1888	2,041,000,000	2,105,000,000		61,000,000
1889	1,880,000,000	2,185,000,000		175,000,000
1890	2,040,000,000	2,145,000,000		105,000,000
			428,000,000	429,000,000
Total decrease for the nine years				1,000,000

It appears from the foregoing table that during the nine years the reserve stocks have decreased 1,000,000 bushel. In the period these reserve reached their highest point in 1887, when 840,000,000 bushels had been added to them. During the years 1888-89-90 they were reduced by 841,000,000 bushels, and by June 30 1891, therefore they will be as low, if not lower, than they were June 30, 1882 at which time, as we have before stated, they were almost exhausted. For the year 1891 a crop of 2,165,000,000 bushels is required for the world, and even if made would leave nothing to be carried over to the next year with which to re-establish reserves. If the crop of 1891 should be as small as that of 1889, the situation would be somewhat similar to that of 1867, when wheat was selling at about $3,50 per bushel, though of course at that time gold commanded a heavy premium.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim,	K. D. Chase,	R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine.	B. B. Northrop.	A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh.	John Moore.	W. H. Crosby
	Chas. E. Sawyer.	

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN
Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block. } CROOKSTON, MINN.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the North.

CALL IN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
One-half Block from Depot.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House, and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Why Free Passes Should be Abolished.

Minneapolis Times.

The Legislature is so painfully shy of the pass question that it is now almost certain that there will be no legislation this winter, such as the selfrespect of the members and the interest of pure legislation demand. The State allows members mileage to and from the legislature. The system of railroad passes gives the members the right to ride over the railroad that issue these passes every day in the year, including nine months that the legislature is not in session, as well as the three months in which it is in session. More than this, the members receive passes for their families and friends over most of the railroads in the state.

It is plain, that this custom of constant free rides for a legislator, besides being a dangerous abuse a form of corruption, has also other public disadvantages. It tempts members to leave the state's work for their own business or convenience who would not do this if they had to pay their railroad fares.

If this country shuld ever reach that era of reform which all patriotic citizens hope for, it will be told, to the amazement of those who listen, that there was a time in her history, and that the present time, when the railroads of the county were continually asking favors at the hands of state legislatures, and that at this time the men composing those legislatures regularly and constantly solicited and received favors from those railroads which were of a distinct value to them in a money sense. This is a plain, clear, unexaggerated and unembellished statement of the situation of affairs, which this legislature should bring to an end so far as Minnesota is concerned. All that is asked is a law prohibiting legislators, state officers, judges and other public servants from receiving valuable favors from the railroads, so that the railroads shall not be able to establish any hold on them for reciprocal favors in consequence.

The Massachusetts legislature recently considered a proposition to have the state buy their tickets over the railroads and pay for them; then transfer them to the members whose perquisites they should be. The members would thus owe their free transportation to the state, and be relieved from all obligation to the railroads for it. If any evidence were needed that the railroads issue free passes to members with a distinct idea that they are paying for legislative favors, it would be found in the determined opposition of the Massachusetts railroads to this measure. Notwithstanding it comprehended the purchase by the state of tickets which they now deliver free, and thus meant as much cash paid directly into their treasuries, they opposed the change. One of the agents of the railroads frankly declared: "We prefer to give the passes direct ourselves, as we feel that the members will then be inclined to act favorably to our wishes in matters where our interests are concerned." There is a volume in this testmony. It furnishes in itself ample ground for the abolition of the pass system. The present legislature should act in this matter this winter, not only in the interests of pure legislation and for the good name of the state, but from a sense of self-respect and public obligation.

ELECTRICITY AND HEALTH

A favorite illustration to make vivid the comparison between our grandfathers' days and our own, used to be the wonderful development caused by the use of steam power. But that has been cast in the shade by the applications of electricity during only the past ten years. The uses to which it has been put remind us more forcibly that truth is stranger than fiction. Still, though the electric spark has been caught and harnessed for the world's daily work, what it really is remains as much a mystery as ever. Some declare it to be the all-pervading principle in nature, without which any life or motion is impossible, the only tangible and visible ultimate cause and moving force of the whole universe. If this be true (and none can say it is not) then the theory is probable that the position of the body during sleep, if due north and south, is favorable to the great electrical currents of the earth exerting an immense beneficial effect on the health. The business man of to-day generally takes the night for a journey, and such will find that the great north and south line "The Burlington," will afford, in its elegant and luxurious sleepers, a most refreshing night's rest, in harmony with the mysterious electrical forces. For tickets by this line, and any information, apply to agents of this or connecting railroads, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Closing Out at Cost!

I AM CLOSING OUT
MY ENTIRE STOCK OF
General Merchandise
AT AND BELOW COST

IF YOU WANT
BOOTS, SHOES
OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE

J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

D. H. BATES,
CARMAN, MINNESOTA,
—DEALER IN—
Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Windows and Mouldings

ALSO
FARM MACHINERY
—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

S. L. COLLINS
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS
TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nitrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

KOPS BRO'S
103 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA
PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.
NOW READY
OUR NEW
Fall Styles
LADIES,
Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

A GREAT PRIZE.

Any one, not now a subscriber, sending the Tribune Co. ONE DOLLAR can get the famous picture, the

The Russian Wedding Feast,
FREE BY MAIL WITH

The Daily and Sunday Tribune.......6 weeks
or the Daily (without Sun.) Tribune......8 weeks
or the Evening Tribune.......12 weeks
or the Sunday Tribune.......26 weeks
or the Farmers Weekly Tribune.......52 weeks

This offer is good until June 1st, 1891.

The picture is a beautiful work of art. Reproduced in all the beautiful colors of the original painting, 24 inches by 17 inches.

Send at once and secure a handsome prize.

Postage stamps to the amount of $1.00 will be accepted. Address,

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Minneapolis, Minn.

Regular Subscription Rates by Mail.

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Daily and Sunday	$10 00	$2 25	
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Evening Tribune	1 00	1 00	40c
Farmers' Weekly	00	35	

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property, and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to [illegible] and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, March 26, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—	1 Hard	86.
	1 Northern	84.
	2 Northern	81.
	3 Northern	76.

A. K. Austin is able to be out again.

Mrs. Tom Thorson, of Tacoma, is in the city visiting friends.

Wheat braced up a bit this week reaching 84 for 1 Hard.

J. G. McGrew is away on a trip to the twin cities this week.

Geo. Tripp and E. E. Abbott were in from Mentor on Wednesday.

Michel Brouillet, has moved out onto his farm near Gentilly for the summer.

J. F. Holmes was in from Red Lake Falls last week attending to business before the U. S Land Office.

V. D. Carruth last week received the sad news of the death of his only grandchild, the son of his son Lynn.

Wheat took a two cent jump on Tuesday morning—a kind of a jumping toothache that farmers like to see wheat take, the oftener the better.

Mrs. Frank Gravel gave a very pleasant tea party to a number of her lady friends in honor of Mrs. Thorson, on Wednesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs, DeForest Bucklin were called upon to mourn the loss of their little babe, last week. The funeral took place on Sunday at 5 o'clock.

Rev. R. H. Battey has rented the McGuire residence on Ash street, is fitting it up and next week will go to Minneapolis after his family.

If all those who have promised to help us out on subscription and otherwise will do so at this time it will be a favor that THE JOURNAL editor will always gratefully remember.

Call on Mrs. I. U. Jennings for Easter millinery goods, for she has just received a large assortment of trimmed hats, flowers, ribbons, laces, notions, &c., all of the latest styles and at prices lower than ever before. [49-50]

O. S. Johnson writes THE JOURNAL that he will be up from Iowa in a few days with a carload of heavy draught Norman and Clyde mares which he will sell to farmers at the going prices. If you want a good team be sure to see this lot.

Chas. W. Sibley, former editor and publisher of the Fertile Journal, gave us a pleasant call on Tuesday. Mr. S is enjoying a rest from newspaper work for awhile, but will no doubt drop into the harness again as they all do. At present he is seeking wealth via an ink eraser line.

Ray Palmer is out from Tacoma visiting with old friends in the city. Ray looks as though life in the far west did not agree with him as he is extremely thin and does not look to be in the best of health, though he says his health is excellent as a general thing.

George Peake's harness shop took fire on Tuesday evening while he was at supper and before the flames could be subdued the entire stock was completely ruined. The stock was valued at $2,500, insured in the Home for $500. No one seems able to tell the origin of the fire. The building was almost entirely ruined. No insurance on it.

Mrs. Reuben Reynolds came down from Stephen on Wednesday evening where she had been enjoying a visit with her grand-daughter, Mrs. Frankie Dickinson. She remained in the city until Thursday evening the guest of Alderman and Mrs I. U. Jennings and then went on to Duluth. Mrs. Reynolds is not in the best of health.

John Goodnow, the newly elected president of the republican league club of Minnesota, was in the city on Saturday with a view to the organization of clubs in Polk County. In conversation with THE JOURNAL man Mr. Goodnow said that it would be his earnest endeavor to bring the party back to the republicanism of Abraham Lincoln—back to the interests of the people. He claims that the party has been allowed to be run in the selfish interests of a few, who aspire to be leaders, and who in the accomplishment of their own personal interests have forgotten the sacred interests of the people and to this fact in a large degree is attributable to the landslide of last fall. There are those in this county who have cursed THE JOURNAL bitterly, and have done all in their power to injure us in our business and every other way, because THE JOURNAL insists on seeing the sacred rights of the people regarded in preference to the ambitions of selfish politicians and to-day they are full of bitterness against us wishing us all of the ills and evils in the calendar. We believe that this government was formed in the interests of the people and that in the future of the country the party that comes the nearest to protecting the rights of all will be the successful party, for the common people—the masses are beginning to think and to study up the science of government and hereafter there will be less of blind party subserviency for the sake of party, and we believe that this state of things is for the best interest of the country. Mr. Goodnow says that the clubs will be run on the old-time republican principle or will not have his aid. Those who have the management of its affairs are to be selected by the people, and not by the politicians.

City Central Committee.

1st Ward—A. Holmboe, chairman.
2d Ward—J. E. Morrisey.
3d Ward—H. Steenerson.
4th Ward—E. W. Wile.
5th Ward—E. D. Childs.

WARD COMMITTEES.

First Ward—John McKinnon, chairman; A. Holmboe, Louis Fontaine.

Second Ward—John Munroe, chairman; Wm. Munch, John McGlogan.

Third Ward—M. E. Kirsch, chairman; Wm. Watts, R. J. Montague.

Fourth Ward—Henry Wight, chairman; Hugh Robertson, F. L. Durand.

Fifth Ward—E. D. Childs, chairman; R. Smith, E. Emond.

ENTERED INTO REST.

In Fairfax, on Wednesday, March 18th, 1891, at 12:30 p. m., W. G. Cooke, publisher of THE JOURNAL at the age of 36 years and 11 months.

WILLIAM GRANT COOKE, was born in Wheeler, Steuben County, New York, on April 18th, 1854. He was the youngest child of Aaron and Harriet Cooke, two only, Harvey E. and Isabella G. Bartlett, surviving him. The oldest sister, Mrs. Esther D. Arnold, died on May 22d, 1881, in this city. His boyhood was spent in Steuben County, where he received his education at Franklin Academy, in Prattsburgh. On April 1st, 1874, he left Prattsburgh for Glyndon, Minn., at and near which village he stayed until the fall of 1876, when he went to Audubon, in Becker County, to assist his brother, then publisher of the Audubon Journal. On May 1st, 1877, we commenced the publication of THE JOURNAL, printing it at Audubon, and May 1st, 1878, we put in a plant in this city for the publication of THE JOURNAL, the first paper ever printed and published in this city. In 1887 he became the publisher and remained so up to the time when, on March 5th, 1890, he was obliged to give up work and go over to his farm in the town of Fairfax, in the hope that absolute rest and quiet would restore his shattered health, which had begun to fail with a severe attack of La Grippe during the previous winter. But the hopes were vain. The insidious disorder left him with a lung trouble from which he never recovered, but he was able to be about up to within a very few days of his death. During the time he was at Glyndon he united with the Union church at that place and upon the formation of a like church in Crookston, joined it by letter. The best years of his life were given to THE JOURNAL, and it was his earnest endeavor to place it in the front ranks of country journalism, and hard and faithfully did he work to that end. His life was the exemplification of practical christianity, and while he was very anxious to get well so as to resume his post of duty, he patiently endured his great sufferings submissive to the divine will, with the calm and perfect assurance that He in whom he trusted works not as man works, and that He doeth all things well, and he fell asleep as does the little child, in perfect trust and assurance of the life beyond this. During the last few hours he imagined that he was on a journey, the latter part of which would be by water, and his last words were: "Now I am IN the deep water but I am not wet!" And lying over upon his side he quietly and peacefully passed into eternal rest.

The funeral services were conducted at the Congregational church on Sunday by the pastor, Rev. R. H. Battey, who preached an excellent sermon from the words found in the second chapter of Revelations, 10th verse "Be thou faithful unto death."

Although the weather was extremely unpleasant the attendance was good. Some kind friends had procured an anchor made from natural flowers which rested upon the casket during the services and at the close many kind friends went with us to Oakdale cemetery where we deposited all that was mortal of our dear departed brother to await the resurrection morn.

CARD OF THANKS.

In behalf of the family of our departed brother we desire to take this opportunity of returning our heartfelt thanks to the many friends who so kindly expressed their sympathy in our great trial by words and deeds, and especially would we thank the choir for coming out during such unpleasant weather, and those whose love for our dear one prompted the offering of the floral anchor. Our wish for them is that they may long be spared such bitter partings and may Heaven's choicest gifts be theirs.

Call on Mrs. I. U. Jennings for Easter millinery goods, for she has just received a large assortment of trimmed hats, flowers, ribbons, laces, notions, &c., all of the latest styles and at prices lower than ever before. [49 5]

Man Wanted at Once.

For farm work for the season. Apply to M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at THE JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

A good high grade Holstein cow, two weeks in milk. Gives from 8 to 10 quarts at a milking, without bran. Enquire of M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

Rev. R. H. Battey will speak at the Congregational church next Sunday. 11 a. m. "A Religion for Every One." 7.30 p. m. "The Young Man as a Father." The services will open at the hour. All cordially invited. If you are happy, come. If you are sad, come. If you are poor, come. If you are a stranger, come. Don't miss either service.

H. D. Pinkerton, was shaking hands with old friends in the city this week.

Fred Anderson is on the sick list this week. A severe attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. Thomas Bjoin is reported very ill. Her friends entertain strong hopes of her recovery.

Mrs E. Lancaster has been quite ill for the past week. Her condition at present writing is favorable.

John Grithin was down from McIntosh on Tuesday enroute to his old home in Chippewa Co., to spend the summer.

Jacob Rosenthal was sent to the insane asylum last week. It is a mild case and his friends have strong hopes of his ultimate recovery.

At the alliance meeting on Saturday last a motion to instruct our members in the house to support the Davis interest bill was voted down.

Geo. O'Brien was arrested at Fisher and brought to the county jail this week. He is charged with having set fire to the Thompson & Johnson elevator and we are told, has confessed that he did it.

Strong efforts are being made to secure the Red River College by subscription and the prospects are extremely favorable. T. B. Walker contributes $1,000 and among the heavy subscribers in this city is Fred Walker who gives $250.

Andrew Thompson was up from Hubbard on Tuesday and gave THE JOURNAL man a call of business and pleasure. He says the citizens are anxious to know what Crookston will do toward aiding them in getting communications established. We think we can assure them that the bonds will be voted all right because we are confident that the large majority of our citizens are anxious to have the road built and are willing to grant the small amount asked of us.

The council met on Saturday evening to consider the proposition of authorizing a vote on the issue of $8,300 in bonds to aid the Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific R. R., on Tuesday the 7th day of April. After a discussion of the subject a committee, consisting of E. D. Childs, J. E. Morrisey and A. O. Schmidt was appointed with instructions to report to the council at 3 o'clock on Monday, at which time the committee submitted a majority and a minority report. The majority report favored the proposition. Mr. E. D. Childs brought in a minority report for the following reasons:

1st, Because the proposition does not commit the said proposed Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific R. R. Co., to give adequate or indeed any consideration of value in return for said bonds.

2nd, Because by so doing we establish the precedent of bonding the city for the purpose of encouraging enterprises which lie otuside the city limits; a precedent which in our judgment is hazardous in the extreme.

3rd, Because we believe such action to be contrary to public policy and the best interests of the city.

Mr. Childs brought arguments in support of the first and second propositions, prefacing his remarks with the hope that all who did not fully agree with him would give him the credit of having the welfare of the city at heart as he did them. In support of the last proposition the strongest point he made was that this line might have a tendency to keep out other railroads of far more benefit to the city and he was desirous that the election be postponed until a committee could wait upon the Great Northern officials and ascertain whether or not they could be induced to extend the Moorhead Northern into the city. He claims that that line with, the shops that must be built if it comes, with all the Winnipeg traffic coming through Crookston would be of far greater benefit than would this proposed line and he brought many arguments to bear in support of his claims. Upon a vote being taken an election was ordered with only two votes against.

Now we fail to see why the calling of this election need interfere with a committee of conference. Surely the object of every loyal citizen is for the greatest good for Crookston, and, while we believe that this road will be a good thing to have we do not feel warranted in advising the refusal of a better thing providing it should be offered us, and we can see no valid reason why a committee should not be appointed to see if perchance there be a better thing in sight. There is no one probably, who does not think that railroad shops would be a good thing for the city and yet probably no one would care to forfeit a sure thing for a "may-be-so."

For Sale Cheap.

Four good brood mares and two good work horses cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlaug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stables.

Closing Out Notice.

Read the great bargains in another column, which I shall continue until March 25th. Positively no longer. Everything must go at most any price.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD,
Successor to Stewart & Spottswood.

TEACHER WANTED.

To commence term on April 6th, in School Dist. No. 55. Apply to the clerk of said district, Jas. Greenhalgh, Jr., Crookston, Minn. [48-50]

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

WALL PAPER.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

LAST CALL.

HARDWARE

FOR THE NEXT

10 DAYS.

From 10 to 20 per Cent

BELOW COST.

Beginning on March 19th,

AND CLOSING

Saturday Eve., March 28,

As I give possession of the store April 1st. I still have a large stock of Mixed Paints and Painters Material, Blacksmiths' Supplies, Cutlery, Rifles and Ammunition, Fence Nails, Glass, Grindstones, Shovels and Spades, Belting and Rubber Hose, Shelf Hardware, &c.

For 10 Days Only!

Wm. C. Spottswood.

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Carry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale.

On Sec. 29, Euclid, Minn. The subscriber will offer for sale for the next 10 days the following property to-wit:

Eight fine young mares, 5 of them with foal. One five year old gelding, one 4-year old, 4 3 year old, 7 2 years old, 5 yearlings. One registered Polled Angus Bull, 2 years old, 20 well bred fresh Cows and springers, 8 yearlings, 15 Calves, 15 Sheep, 2 Poland China Sows, 2 Shoats, Bronzed Turkeys, Full English Mastiff Pups and Shepard Dogs. One Butterworth 3-horse Tread Mill Thresher and Separator, 2 nearly new McCormick Harvesters, 1 new Mower, 1 old Mower, 1 Wheel Rake, 1 Gang Plows, 2 Sulky Plows, 2 Walking Plows, 1 Broadcast Seeder, 1 Fanning Mill, 1 Cockle Mill, 1 Diamond Feed Mill, 3 Farm Wagons, 1 Sled, Harnesses, Saddles, Dairy Utensils, Stoves, &c.,

Prices low. Terms to suit customers.

E. L. SMITH.

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMETIER,
Lisbon, N. Dakota.

[36-tf.]

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address,

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

It is but fourteen months since W. T. Stead, the brilliant English journalist, established in London his Review of Reviews. Already it has attained a circulation of over 150,000 copies. It is said by those who know that the American edition of the Review of Reviews, the first number of which appears in a few days, promises to surpass in popular attractiveness the present publication, and its many excellencies, together with its low subscription price, assures it in advance a universal popularity and a large constituency.

Every One Using Machine Oils.

Best black oil, per gallon, - - 15c
" Eldorado engine oil, per gal., - 25c

Bring in your cans and jugs and save 100 per cent on machine oil.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

WANTED.

A few large young fresh cows. Enquire at Fontaine & Anglim's.

Paint! Paint! Paint!

Now is the time to buy paint and use it a little later on. The old reliable brand, "The Northwestern," we are closing out at $1.25 per gallon. Strictly pure. Other goods cheaper.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $19.75, due February 1st, 1890, $23.00 due August 1st, 1890, and $23.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Moore and Martha Moore, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23d day of September, 1889, at 10.30 o.clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 115.

And whereas, the said, The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, with interest on $875.75 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891 and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), Town one hundred and forty nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $18 20, due February 1st, 1889, $23.00, due August 1st, 1889, $23.00, due February 1st, 1890, $23.00 due August 1st, 1890, $23.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James Kelly and Anna Kelly, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock and ten minutes a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 481.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars, with interest on $930.20 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty (20), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars ($950.59) and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $22.86, due September 1st, 1889, $23.00 due March 1st, 1890, $25.00 due September 1st, 1890, and $23.00 due March 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josiah A. Mead and Sadie Mead, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of March, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of April, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 139.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, with interest on $9.6 86 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter [sw¼] of Section twenty-two [22], Town one hundred and fifty-four [154] of Range forty-five [45], in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty [50] dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

First publication March 26, 1891.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb as administrator of the estate of Arthur Yuernault deceased Plaintiff, vs. A. Bray and Dumas Bray Defendants.

Notice of Sale Under Decree. Foreclosure by Action.

In pursuance of a judgment and decree of the Court in this action, dated March 17th 1891, I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in the county of Polk Minnesota, on the 9th day of May 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. the following described real property situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit: The Northwest quarter of section six [6] Township one hundred an fifty [150] Range forty four [44] or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and costs, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston Minn., March 20, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.

[49-3] JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Plaintiff.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

Take Notice.

All parties owing accounts and notes that are due are requested to call and settle before March 15th, or they will be left with an attorney for collection. I must have the money. I will continue selling out at and below cost until March 25th.

WM. C. SPOTTSWOOD.

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on Thursday, April 9th, 1891, at his residence on Section 5, in Fairfax, (known as the Steege place) the following property, to-wit:

Three good work horses.
One stallion.
Three cows.
One heifer.
Two lumber wagons.
One sulky, one buggy, 2 plows, one sleigh also all of my household furniture and other aricles too numerous to mention.

TERMS:—All sums of $10 and under, cash. All sums over $10 time will be given until October 15th, 1891 on good approved notes at 10 per cent. per annum.

[47-49] M. O. MELAND.

For Sale.

Good farm mare, one carriage and one cutter. Address R. G. MARLETTE, Carman.

[48-51]

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $22.02 due November 1, 1889, $26 25 due May 1, 1890, $26.25 due Nov. 1, 1890 which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Knud K. Volden and Mary his wife Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee, bearing date the first day of May 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages on page 276.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and forty eight and 93-100 dollars with interest on $821.52 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part therof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section eleven (11) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court house, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty eight and 93-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Loan Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee

[49-3] A HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $20.55 due November 1, 1889, $21-50 due May 1, 1890, $21 50 due November 1, 1890, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Morterge, duly executed and delivered by Martin G. Olson and Mary Olson his wife, Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of May 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages, on page 279.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars with interest on $769.55 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section Four (4) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of seven hundred and and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any within one year from the day of sale as provided by law

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee.

[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 ($559.05) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Henry Johnston and Ella L. Johnston, his wife, mortgagors, to George McLean, guardian, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of February, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of February, 1888, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 546 to 549; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of Section twenty-eight (28) in Township one hundred and forty-seven (147), in Range forty (40), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

GEORGE MCLEAN, Guardian,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51]

Slavery has been destroyed forever. All glory to the party that did it; but the slavery issue is not one for the politics of to-day. It is the mission of the Republican party to take up the issues with which the people are now concerned in their daily life and thought, and to stand by the right as firmly on those questions as it did in the days of slavery. It is part of the work of the Republican party to reduce the burdens of taxation. It is the acknowledged exponent of the principles of protection. That principle is irrevocably imbedded in our whole system, and people will not permit it to be overthrown; but it is in harmony with that principle to cut down excessive duties, to destroy the protection received by monopolies, and to lessen to the people the cost of all the necessaries of life, without impairing the protection now accorded to American labor. It is possible and it is right to make great reductions in our tariff duties. This we believe the people demand, and this the Republican party has promised repeatedly to give them. The policy of reciprocity is a part of this great general plan. Nothing was more significant in the proceedings of this convention than the tremendous applause with which every mention of that policy was welcomed. This is an issue on which Republicans can be sure that the people are with them. The question of honest money is second to none of political issues of to-day. On that the Democratic party is wholly and hopelessly wrong. The political conflicts of the next few years will be fought out we believe largely on that ground. In the development of our material industries and our absorption in care for those interests, we have neglected the greater subject of finance. It has been left in the disturbed condition into which it was thrown by the necessities of the war period, and the people have either learned falsehood or failed to learn truth from the unsettled and unsatisfactory condition of the currency. It is high time for a great nation like this, standing foremost among the commercial peoples of the world, to set on high principles of sound and honest money, and to protest the country against the unexampled disasters that wait upon financial mistakes. The common sense of the United States will not permit experience of the Argentine Confederation to be repeated here.

It is the duty of the Republican leaders at this juncture to set such principles as these high and clear above the wordy turmoil of lesser issues. It is our part, and we would not assume it, to declare all that the Republican party must do, or to fix the details of its policy; but there are certain things properly demanded of it, and it must answer that demand, or the wavering and uncertainty of the people shown at the last election threaten its future prospects. It needs to revive both the high personal enthusiasm and personal devotion that characterized the time of its growth and its national ascendency, to secure its continued success. Enthusiasm and a good platform must go hand in hand. There will be no trouble about the former, if the latter is secured. The warning to be given at the present time, a warning which recent political events have made stern and emphatic, is that the latter should not suffer neglect. If the Republican party shall substitute for the platform forced upon it by a few leaders, whose course was so sternly rebuked at the polls, the platform on which it stood in earlier days, and which was formed by the great leaders whom it reverences, enthusiasm will not be wanting.

For Republican Success.

Saint Paul Pioneer Press.

The meeting of the league of Republican clubs of Minnesota at Minneapolis on Thursday shows that the party in this state is full of enthusiasm and confidence. An immense number of delegates was present, all of them animated by the spirit of straightforward Republicanism, and all of them ready and eager for the next contest, which is, as they believe and hope, to restore their party to the place of supremacy it occupied without a break for so many years. We have no doubt that this confidence is well warranted, and every Republican must thrill with pride and satisfaction to see the party standing unitedly against the common foe. Too much weight can hardly be given earnestness and enthusiasm in political action. It is the ardent spirit of success, the determination to conquer, the belief that you are on the right side and the winning side which counts for so much in all political contests. Without enthusiasm, even right principles do not succeed. This has been shown over and over again in the local municipal contests of nearly all of our great cities, where right and reform were on one side, and the active, energetic, enthusiastic men were on the other. Even the best cause has a hard time of it when it is committed to the hands of luke-warm advocates. The man who disparages the power of sentiment and feeling in politics is a man who knows little of political history, and of the forces that shape its past and future. For these reasons, the gathering of state Republican clubs is an augury of triumphant success.

But the man who thinks that to be on the side of right principles without enthusiasm is enough to touch the popular heart and rouse the great mass of the people to action, is guilty of no greater mistake than the man who thinks that eloquent periods will cover a multitude of sins; and that elections can be carred for any cause, good or bad, by the simple force of brilliant rhetoric, and bursts of applause from the galleries. The Republican party, to assure its future success, needs the efforts of just such active ardent young men as represented it in the Minneapolis convention the other day; and it needs also that those men should be enlisted in a cause that will engage them heart and soul, and inspire the people who listen to them with a breath of their own earnestness. It needs right principles as well as strong men. It is time for the party to move forward on an aggressive policy, in conformity with the expressed wishes of the great body of voters of this country. Many of the old issues are dead. He would be a traitor, and unworthy of the name of Republican, who should forget, or allow others to forget the glorious work for which that party was created, and which it so successfully accomplished. That record is part of its immortal heritage; but it cannot win future victories on that record alone. It must not be content with erecting monuments to the past. It must show the people that it proposes to work as zealously for the secure building of their future.

A Sample of Railroad Greed.

Moorhead Weekly News.

Railroad officials complain of the severe legislation against them that is proposed in the state legislature. But it is not at all strange that it is so. The railroads bring it upon themselves by their greedy and extortionate methods. We mention a case in point. There has been brisk demand in Montana and eastern Washington for hay and we understand that good prairie hay sells for $17 per ton at points in those states, which would afford a renumerative profit to Minnesota men engaged in baling and shipping it. As soon as the price reached the high figure mentioned the railroad companies spoil the game by advancing the rate for the transportation of hay from 40 cents per hundred to 50 cents per hundred or from $80 per car load to $100 per car load. It is apparent that just as soon as the railroad officials become aware that there is a handsome profit in the shipment of produce from points east to points west or vice versa, and that the scarcity of a given article exists by which its transportation is an absolute necessity, they advance their rates so as to grab the lion's share of the profits. A gentleman in this city a short time since intending to ship 20 carloads of baled hay to western points looked up the rates and he found it was $80 per car load. Yesterday he found that it had been advanced to $100. This advance represents a difference of $469 on 20 carloads, a sum which added to the small profit on the sales would compensate for the trouble of shipping. But the advanced rate leaves no inducement to make the shipments. In this case the railroad officials seem to have overreached themselves and killed the goose that laid the golden egg. A brisk trade has grown up in shipping hay from the Red River valley to points in Montana and Washington, which has probably been almost entirely discouraged by the advance in the rate for its transportation.

Midway News:— One peculiarity of the Republican clubs just organized throughout the state is that the Republicans don't have anything to do with them. They are not exactly self-constituted guardians of the party but they are appointed; how, and whom? There is plenty of time to puncture that bubble.

County Commissioners Proceedings.

The board of County Commissioners met on Wednesday, March 11th for the transaction of business, every member present. Report of delinquent taxes subbmitted, showing that the taxes of Margaret Dufour, reported delinquent, had been paid and receipts therefor issued . Mr. Emard Demars paid since report and receipts issued. Dwyer Bros., no property to be found and warrant returned unsatisfied.

School petition of E. L. Smith and others rejected.

Petition for the formation of a new district composed of Sections 21 to 28 inclusive and 33 to 36 inclusive in Tp. 147 R. 47 was granted.

Petition to form a school district composed of all of Tp. 151 R. 41 was granted.

Petition of A. P. Moen and others presented and set for hearing at next meeting.

O. A. Stortroen offered the following resolution:

Whereas, at the last meeting of the county board a resolution was passed appropriating $500 or so much thereof as may be necessary out of the general revenue fund for the purpose of defraying the expenses of a committee to join other counties in an effort to secure if possible, the passage of a law taxing railroad lands the same as other lands are taxed. And.

Whereas, a request signed by taxpayers, including several railroad magnates of Polk county, has been served upon the county attorney asking him to appeal from the action of the board and from said resolution. Now, therefore,

Be it Resolved, that said resolution granting said appropriation, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

M. E. KIRSCH.

A. C. RHINEHART.

C. P. DEMERS.

O. A. STORTROEN.

Co. Commissioners.

Resolution offered by A. C. Rhinehart:

Be it resolved, that whereas the City of Crookston abated their proportion of taxes on lot 5 of block 2 in Clement's addition to the city of Crookston, it is hereby ordered and the auditor is hereby authorized to cancel all delinquent county tax on said lot.

On motion of A. C. Rhinehart the petition of Adeland Patnaude for abatement of taxes on the nw¼ of section 35 twp. 151 range 43 for the year 1890, on his real estate only be, and is hereby granted, and the auditor instructed to cancel said taxes.

Bond of East Grand Forks Bank for deposit of county funds at 4 per cent. accepted and approved.

On motion of A. O. Stortroen seconded by A. C. Rhinehart, the petition of S. S. Stadsvold for abatement of taxes on southeast ¼ sec. twp. 148 range 39, for years 1888 and 1889 was granted.

Petition of John Star for abatment of taxes, on his real estate only, on northeast ¼ sec. 10 twp. 148 range 39, for the year 1889 granted.

School petition of Hugh Quigley and others praying for formation of new school district composed of the following territory, viz; West ½ sec. 30 and southwest ¼ sec. 19 and all of sec. 31 twp. of Huntsville, also sec. 6 twp. 150 range 49 and sec. 23, 24 and 25 in Grand Forks twp., the same affecting school districts Nos. 34 and 42. Hearing set for next meeting.

The petition of Cesairl Gervais praying that southeast ¼ of sec. 13 twp. 150 range 45 be detached from school district No. 45 and attached to school district No. 191 was rejected.

The individual school petition of Gilbert Abrahamson praying for the detaching of south ½ of northeast ¼ and northeast ¼ northeast ¼ of sec. 33 twp. 148 range 42 in district No 171 and attached to district No. 169. Hearing set for next meeting.

Moved by A. C. Rhinehart and seconded by C. P. Demers that the county pay Geo. A. Ralph $150 on the receipt of six sectional maps, as per proposition of Geo. A. Ralph on file in this office.

BILLS ALLOWED.

Pioneer Press Co. Blanks &c.	$ 18.45
Jos. Mercier, witness J. P. court	2.25
M. P. Dargan, juror " "	1.30
Emil Kindler, " " "	1.10
Oscar Massault, " " "	.70
Gottlieb Garlach, " " "	.90
Henry Smith, " " "	1.10
C. Peterson, inturpreter " "	1.12
John McKenney, juror " "	.70
Swan Johnson, " " "	.90
Philip Brown, " " "	.70
[illegible] E. Smilesang, " " "	.70
[illegible] " " "	1.30
[illegible] " " "	1.30
[illegible] " " "	.90
[illegible] Lewis, justice fees,	13 20
[illegible] Young, hauling wood	5.00
D. Craven, cleaning sidewalk	1.75
McIntosh Tribune, printing	291.80
Crookston Times, "	705.72
Fisher Bulletin, "	292.36
J. T. Beaudry, postage &c.	45.42
Geo. Ralph, services &c.	10.00
A. Sture, 5 gallons oil.	.75
J. E. O'Brien, repairs and wood	45.01
C. M. Benson, wood &c.	22 55
W. S. Booth, Blanks,	3.10
Montague & Bucklen, services	25 00
A. R. Erickson, board prisoners	68.61
John Locken, recording bonds	2 00
John Everson, cleaning vault	7.00
Hans Johnson, wood	70.00
Swan & Hunter, team hire	4.00
O. Ducharme, jailer	100.00
J. P. Johnson, wood	25 00
C. U. Webster, express and postage	8.85
A. R. Erickson, Janitor	.70
F. Walker, repairs on court house	6.15
M. E. Kirsch, freight on wood	9.00
Arny Grundysen sheriffs fees	120.93
Jas. E. Morrisy, repairing safe	10.00
Fontaine & Anglim, mdse.	25.97
C. O. Christianson, insurance	2.00
M. J. Enright, constables fees	14 20
H. Shepard, coroners fees	21.00
A. C. Rhinehart, trip to St. Paul	92 00
" " "commiss'ners fees	21.00
A. O. Stortroen, com's fees, March,	12 00
C. P. MeMers, " "	22 60
M. E. Kirsch, " "	19 00
" com. work, Wadena,	37 00

Bill of Jas. F. Holmes, justice of the peace fees, rejected.

On motion, resolution of M. E. Kirsck for organization of new town of Chester, adopted viz:

Whereas, the citizens of twp. 150 range 40 having failed to hold a meeting for the election of officers within 20 days after a petition of organization having been granted by the board of commissioners of this county at a meeting held by said board on the 14th day of July, 1890.

Whereas, citizen of said township having again applied to this board to organize said town, be it.

Therefore resolved, that the prayers of the petitioners be granted, and that the fractional twp. 150-40 be, and is hereby organized under the name of "Chester," that an election be held on the 30th day of March, 1891, at the house of C. Madson, and that John P. Lyrens, Hans C. Berg and John Agnes act as judges and O. Mattson and Syvert Tugen act as clerks of said election. Adopted.

Application of Clinton Morton prisoner, for clothing, referred to purchasing committee.

Report of clerk of court for year 1890 accepted and ordered published, viz:

Fees rec for year 1890.

Marriage licenses issued		$ 444 000
First citizen's papers		372 50
Second " "		286 50
Abstracts certified		296 50
Notary commissions recorded		20 00
Rec'd civil actions		419 85
Judgments entered		463 25
Miscellenous receipts		204 75
Total receipts		$2,467 35
Add unearned fees deducted from last report		241 90
		$2,709 25
Cr.		
By salary for 1890	$1,800 00	
Fees returned in civil Cases	88 48	$1,888 48
Balance due county		$ 820 77

Respectfully submitted this 9th day of January 1891.

E. M. WALSH

On motion of A. C. Rhinehart, seconded by A. O. Stortroen, the chairman of the board was authorized to employ A. A. Miller an attorney in the appeal case of E. J. Greften, county school superintendent vs the county commissioners of Polk county.

On motion the auditor was instructed to cancel the personal property tax of Mary Putten for the year 1890.

Moved and carried that all bills audited be allowed

School petition of E. L. Smith and others rejected. Also individual school petition of Cesaire Gervais rejected.

On motion board adjourned sine die.

C. U. WEBSTER,
Cerk of Board.

Farmers who will give systematic attention to the cultivation of sugar beets, and co-operate with the Aricultural Experiment Station, are requested to leave their names with Agent Fegan of the Great Northern Railway at Crookston, and seed and instructions as to proper culture will be sent free—analysis of beets will also be made without cost to the producer. [48-tf]

A question of Veracity.

St Paul Dispatch.

It is not ordinarily the part of wisdom or propriety for persons of a given political faith to intervene on the internal dissensions of the opposition. There is at present a very grave diffculty existing in the ranks of the democratic party which unfortunately involves not any question of political principal, but one of public and individual morals. It is a question which involved the personal veracity of three of the most distinguished public men of the country, Messrs. Grover Cleveland, David B. Hill and Henry Watterson, and it should be settled in a manner satisfactory to every patriotic and responsible citizen of the country. The circumstances which called into existence this question of veracity merit review. Mr. Watterson wrote a letter, addressed to Gov. Hill, urging that gentleman to withdraw his candidacy for the presidency in favor of Mr. Cleveland. The writing of that letter appears to be unquestioned. The mailing of the letter, however, is in dispute, as is also its receipt by Gov. Hill. Mr. Watterson says that he sent, as well as wrote, the letter in question. Gov. Hill denies the receipt of the letter, and certain of his friends go so far as to deny that the letter was either written or mailed. They say the entire affair is a sort of roorback, originating in the desire of Mr. Cleveland and his friends to force Gov. Hill off the presidential track. Just at this point comes something of a dissension. The democratic organ, the New York World, declares itself to be possessed of information that the letter in question was not sent to Gov. Hill; but was sent to Mr. Cleveland, with a request by its author that he pass upon the advisability of sending it to Gov. Hill; that it was returned by Mr. Cleveland with the expression of his belief that it was not expedient to send it to its intended destination and was thereupon deposited in the waste basket by Mr. Cleveland. The Kentucky editor refuses either to affirm or deny the correctness of this last representation, so that the only undisputed question now is the writing of the letter. If Mr. Watterson will not speak, certainly Mr. Cleveland should. If he possesses any sense of magnanimity or even of fairness toward an opponent within his own party he will confirm this statement so far as it relates to him, if it is true. If it is not true, he certainly can materially advance his own interests by denying that any such letter was submitted to him. In any event he should speak. The conviction is quite general throughout the country that Gov. Hill received such a letter. If Mr. Cleveland will say that the letter was submitted to him and failed to receive his approval that will be equivalent to an admission that it was never sent to Gov. Hill and that Mr. Watterson's statement to the contrary was the result of a mere lapse of memory. The subject is now one of altogether too much political importance to be ignored. It is one of prime, almost vital, concern to the democratic party. The people want to know, and they must inevitably find out, what the truth of affairs is. Mr. Cleveland and his friends cannot afford to leave the matter in its present form for certainly up to the latest development the indications are that Gov. Hill was sought to be made the victim of a very low order of political trick.

TRY

O. J. BARNES,

THE

CITY GROCER!

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

IN

General Merchandise!

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES and MULES.

For the purpose of accommodating the many who may want to dispose of their surplus Horses and mules this spring, I will hold an Auction Sale at my Yards and Stables in the city of Crookston, commencing

Friday, March 27th, 1891,

At 10 o'clock a. m., and continuing the same until all is sold.

All persons desiring to enter their stock for this sale, must do so on or before the 20th of March giving description of stock and the terms on which he wants it sold. The terms or cost for advertising and selling will be 5 per cent of the sale. No stock will be allowed to be taken away until settled for. The terms on which each horse or mule will be sold will be made public at the sale.

M. R. Brown.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.

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We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Party Organizaton.

Northfield News.

This paper is always in favor of any move that will bring conventions nearer the people. The News is the fearless champion and honest Tribune of the people under all circumstances. A convention should clearly voice the sentiments of the majority of the rank and file of the party calling the convention. The delegates, if honest, in every instance will carry out the wishes of the people who selected them. In order to bring conventions nearer the people in Minnesota a change in organization is necessary, or rather a departure from the usual manner by which an organization was formerly effected. The writer believes that the party is strongest which refuses to submit to onemanism and confidently places its destinies in the hands of the people. At the risk of being called forward and officious, The News desires to give what it believes to be a fair plan for the organization of a party convention. We will suppose for instance that the Republicans call a State convention for the nomination of candidates for state offices. The chairman should be selected by the delegates composing the convention without any interference by the candidates or unjustly accused party bosses. He should be chosen on account of his executive ability, his knowledge of parliamentary law and his absolute fairness. The personal interest of this or that candidate should in no way enter into the contest, for the success of the party is more to be desired than the promotion of a few men. After he has been selected, his duties should be to preside over the deliberations of that body and make his decision with entire honesty and unyielding firmness. The selection of general committees should be given to the delegates. Where a general committee is desired, it should be composed of one member from each judicial district, excepting special occasion where a smaller committee may be desired—such to be appointed by the chair. The delegates of each judicial district should select one vice-president and one assistant secretary, one member of the committee on resolutions, one member of the committee on credentials, one member of the committee on permanent organization, and one member of the state central committee. All these should be agreed upon before the convention is called to order. The state central committee selected should be composed of only sixteen members. The state central committee could meet after the convention had adjourned and select a chairman and secretary from its own members. It will at once be seen that this plan of organization would bring the convention nearer the people, and give each judicial district of the state a fair representation in the organization and on the state central committee. It would do away with the bad feeling which might arise on account of all being placed in the hands of one man, and in a great measure disarm critics who might want to feel a little sore over results. It is fair to suppose that the delegates of a judicial district are better able to judge who shall represent them upon the different committees than the man who presides over the convention or the candidates who are chosen by such convention. Then again, it is absolutely fair for the people to say who shall be their representatives and voice their sentiments. There can be no exceptions taken to it for the simple reason that the chosen representatives of the people can select their leaders without any personal interference,—men who will correctly represent the people in their respective districts. A man who is a republican simply for the sake of republicanism, can in no way object to this plan. If a candidate is nominated by a republican convention, his faith should be so great in the party which gave him honor as to give him absolute confidence in the ability of the delegates to choose representatives for the party on the different committees. In a republican convention the representative should be a consistent, hard working and true republican who desires the ascendency of the principles of his party, and not one who simply works for the personal success of a few of its candidates. The writer believes that in all cases the people should rule, and that all bodies should be composed of men elected by the people without reference whatever to the ambition of men. There can be no charges of unfairness or bossism in case a plan of this kind is adopted. All would stand equal, and every republican voter of the state would be sure to have representation. Each district could choose its best and ablest man for the different places. The true republican will not object to any plan that will give the people a distinct voice in the shaping of a policy, or in the nomination of candidates. Is it not true that much of the discontent and unrest which now pervades the state may be averted if some plan of this sort is adopted? There is another point in the matter of conventions. The state convention should be composed of two or three times as many delegates as have been elected in the past. Our safety depends upon the people. The News is well aware that this plan will not prove to be a popular one among politicians but it has great faith in the people, and believes in them. Let the people know that you believe in them, and they will not abuse your confidence.

Polk County Journal.

W. G. COOKE, Publisher.

Crookston, March 26, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:15 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m. .... Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

A Finance Primer.

Toledo Blade.

THE BLAND LAW OF 1878.

The silver discussion in Congress was started by the introduction of a bill by Mr. Bland in the House, in July, 1876. Nothing was done with it, and in December, 1876, at the next session, Mr. Bland reported his bill back from the committe on Mines and Mining. It provided for "coin notes" of $50 and upward, which were to be paid out at the mines and assay offices for gold or silver bullion, of which at least 75 per cent, in the form of coin or fine bullion, was to be kept on hand to redeem the notes. These notes were made full legal tender, except where gold was specified in the contract; and the gold "coin notes" were redeemable in gold coin or bullion, the silver ones in silver coin or bullion.

Mr. Bland at the same time reported an alternative bill, originating with Mr. Kelley, which provided for the coinage of silver dollars of 412½ grains, which were to be a full legal tender, except where payment in gold is required by law. It provides for free coinage. On the next day this bill was adopted as a substitute for Mr. Bland's original bill, and passed, but the senate did not reach it, and it died by the expiration of that Congress. This bill, slightly altered in verbiage, was again introduced, in the House by Mr. Bland, and passed on November 5, 1877.

In the Senate it was amended by striking out the free coinage clause, and substituting a provision authorizing the secretary of the Treasury, at his discretion, to buy not less than $2,000,000 worth of silver bullion, per annum, nor more than $4,000,000 worth to be coined into standard dollars. Afterward the amendment providing for silver certificates, whereby any holder of silver dollars may deposit them in the Treasury and receive these certificates therefor, was added. The bill, thus amended passed the Senate February 15, 1878, and the House concurred in the Senate amendment. President Hayes vetoed the bill on February 28, 1878. The same day both Houses of Congress passed the bill over his veto, and it became a law.

Under this bill the purchase of silver at the rate of two million dollars' worth of silver per month, and, its coinage into standard dollars, continued up to the passage of the law of July 14, 1890. which repealed this clause of the Bland law, leaving the others still in force.

THE SILVER LAW OF 1890.

The last measure of legislation affecting silver enacted by Congress is the silver law which was approved on July 14, 1890. It provides, first, that the secretary of the Treasury is to purchase monthly not to exceed $4,500,000 of silver bullion, or as much thereof as shall be offered, at a rate which shall not exceed $1 for 371¼ grains of pure silver. The reason for this limitation is, that there are 371¼ grains of pure silver in a dollar.

Second that this bullion is to be paid for in treasury notes. These notes are redeemable on demand in silver coin, and may be reissued; but no more nor no less shall be outstanding at any time than represents the silver bullion purchased; and the silver dollars coined from it. The notes are a legal tender for all public or private debts, except where otherwise stipulated in the contract. They may be held by national banks as part of their legal tender reserve. They are redeemable in gold or silver, whichever the secretary of the Treasury may wish.

Third, that 2,000,000 ounces of the silver so purchased shall be coined every month into standard silver dollars until July 1, 1891. After that date, only so much shall be coined as may be necessary to provide for the redemption of the notes issued under this law. The clause of the Bland law regarding the purchase of and coinage of from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000 worth of bullion monthly is repealed.

The reason the limit of 4,500,000 ounces of bullion was set for the monthly purchases was, that this is the average monthly product of the mines of the United States, after the amount used in the arts, etc., is deducted. Hence the law uses practically all the silver we produce, the bullion is stored in the Treasury, and notes representing its value are issued, which at once go into circulation as part of the currency. That is, notes representing the value of 84 million ounces of silver are added to one circulating medium every year.

OUR DIFFERENT KINDS OF COIN.

It may be well to present in synoptic form the facts as to our metallic currency:

The unit of our coinage is the gold dollar, for the act of 1878 declares; "which, at the standard weight 25.8 grains, shall be the unit of value."

The coins authorized by existing laws are:

Gold —$1, $2½, $3, $5, $10, $20 coins, which are legal tender in any amount.

Silver—The standard dollar of 412½ grains, containing 371¼ grains of pure silver, which is a legal tender in any amount; and the following subsidary coins: half dollar, quarter dollar and dime. These subeidary coins are not full proportional weight, and hence are legal tender only for sums not exceeding $5.

Minor coins—5 cent and 3-cent pieces, nickel and copper; cent, of bronze. These are legal tender up to 25 cents in one payment.

Besides these, we have three distinct kinds of paper money, based on coin or bullion:

First, gold, certificates, representing gold coins deposited in the Treasury;

Second, silver certificates, representing standard dollars deposited in the Treasury;

Third, Treasury notes issued under the law of 1890, representing silver bullion, redeemable in either gold or silver coin, at the discretion of the secretary of the Treasury.

'Looking Up.'

The following story is told of old 'Father Taylor' and it is true of more places than the one mentioned:

Father Taylor once went from a certain town noted for its apathy in religious matters, to a conference meeting, where his brethren in the ministry were comparing notes as to the condition of church work in each other's locality. Presently some one asked Father Taylor how the religious interest was in A——

'Oh' replied that gentleman, 'religion is looking up in A——.'

This occasioned much surprise, as such a declaration seemed directly contrary to general reports.

'How is that?' was asked. 'Is there any general awakening of the churches?'

'No.'

'Any special interest on the part of those outside the churches?'

'No.'

"Well, then, how do yon explain your remark that religion is "looking up" in A——?'

'Why,' said Father Taylor dryly, 'religion is flat on its back in A——, and has to look up, if it looks anywhere.'

FISHER, Minn., March 16, 1889.

ED. JOURNAL: The following officers for the town of Bygland were elected at the recent town election:

Supervisors—Anthon Lindem, chairman; Sven Svenungson, Olaus Martinson.

Town Clerk—Halvor Grundesen.

Treasurer—Jacob O. Jorgenson.

Assessor—August Worden.

Justices—A. C. Asselsline, Thom Benson.

Constables—Edward Monson, Fred Worden.

The alliance ticket was elected from top to bottom, although there was one man who tried to split it as he did at the fall election. He is a member of Bygland alliance, but he got left on both elections, and I am glad of it.

HALVOR GRUNDESEN,
Town Clerk Bygland.

Battle Lake Review.

Just as we had gone to press last week the news of the murder and suicide at Pelican Rapids on election day reached Battle Lake. It seems that Hanson had been drinking, and when he went home to dinner told his wife that if those who favored license carried the election he would open a saloon in the village. His wife told him that he would do nothing of the kind, and added "If you go out this afternoon and work for license I will kill myself and child." He paid no attention to what she said and went down town, and his wife proceeded to carry out the threat she had made. She tied one end of a rope around the neck of her two years old child and hung it on a nail on the door, after which she hung herself. They were both dead when found. Friends this was all caused by whiskey.

☞ Please point out to your neighbors and friends that the ☞ Great Northern ☜ is the desirable route to and from St. Paul and Minneapolis to leading points in Minnesota, the Dakotas, Montana and the Pacific Cost. ☞ Round trip tickets and lowest rates to Washington, Oregon and California. ☜

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

A. A. JUST, M. D.
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
DEALERS IN
Shelf and Heavy
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Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, . . Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
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Importers, Wholesalers and Retailers of Plain and ancy
DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, UPHOLSTREY, LINENS, LANNELS,
BLANKETS, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, LACES, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS.

—SILKS.—

☞ Our stock of Silks and Velvets for the next season is the most complete and satisfactory that we have ever offered.

Armures, for	$1.00
Rhadames for	1.00
Faille Francais for	1.00
Gros Grain for	1.00
Satin Luxors for	1.00

The above silks are warranted not to cut or crack.

—DRESS GOODS.—

☞ Woolen materials for Fall and Winter wear show no falling off in variety of design.

34 inch Flannel	20 cents.
54 inch Tricot	35 "
54 inch Flannel	45 "
54 inch best all wool Flannel	75 "
36 inch Henriettas	25 "

—LINEN HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.—

We are doing the best Linen busines in this section of country. Such a business as ours does not come without reason. Our Table Linens are the best that ready money and careful buying can furnish, and they represent every kind, from the plainest cloth the the finest double Damask. Housekeepers, Restaurants and Public Institutions will find it to their advantage to buy from us.

—FLANNELS, BLANKETS, UNDERWEER, &c.—

A good Flannel for	30 cents.	A good 5 lb. 10¼ Blanket	$1.50
" " "	35 "	" 6 lb. 11¼ pink Blanket	2.00
" " medicated, for	40 "	" 4½ lb. 10¼ white "	4.50

☞ Jersey Ribbed Underwear from 30 cents to $1.50 each. ☜

You can buy from us a 40 inch Plush Cloak, Satin Lined, for $12.50.

You can save money on anything you buy from us. The Largest stock of Dr Goods in the Red River Valley.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

We imported last year over $2,000,000 worth of eggs from Canada, and have been doing so at this rate for years. The total value of all farm products brought over the line last year was over $18,000,000, every dollar of which could have been produced in Minnesota and given $300 each to 62,000 farmers. Eggs and poultry have always been in demand in the markets of our rapidly growing Western towns and cities, and no farmer need look for a more profitable investment or a more worthy occupation than that of supplying this demand. A leaflet full of hints about the raising of chickens, turkeys, geese and ducks furnished free by W. W. Fegan, agent of the Great Northern Railway, or F. I. Whitny, G. P. & T. A, St. Pall, Minn.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

E. STEENERSON,
Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of outside Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 12, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pasca Labelle and Adele Labelle, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on pages 147-9.

And, whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $6.78 that became due November 1st, 1889; $6.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, and $6.00 that became due November 1st, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and twenty-four and 52-100 dollars ($224.52), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ sw¼) of Section twenty (20), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing forty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

H. D. Dickinson, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[47-1] (N. G. 37)

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, interest due January 1, 1890, thirty-five dollars, interest due July 1, 1890, and thirty-five dollars, interest due on the first day of January, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Mederic Desantels and Celanire, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1887, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of mortgages, on page 56.

And, whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, with interest on $1105 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 23d day of February, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the south half (s½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twelve (12), Town one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-four (44) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
[46-52] Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H Perkins and Mattie L. Perkins, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages on pages 51-54.

And, whereas, such default consists in the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1889. $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1889. $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety-four and 47-100 ($594.47) dollars.

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of northeast quater (w½ ne¼) and north half of southeast quarter (n½ se¼) Section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) of Range forty-one (41) containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 24th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

H. D. DICKINSON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 31] [45-51]

[First publication Feb. 12th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. In District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Frederick K. McKeen, Plaintiff, vs. James B. Holmes, The Minnesota Title Insurance and Trust Company, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, Defendants.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale under Judgment and Decree. Foreclosure of Mechanics' Liens.

Whereas, a certain judgment was duly obtained, entered and docketed in the District court, in the County of Hennepin, State of Minnesota, in the 4th Judicial District, on the 13th day of December, 1890, and whereas a transcript and certified copy of said judgment was thereafter, to-wit: on the 4th day of February, 1891, duly filed and docketed in the Clerk's office in the District Court, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, in the 14th Judicial District, in the above entitled action, in favor of said plaintiff, Frederick K. McKeen and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of two hundred eighty-seven and 78-100ths dollars ($278.87), including interests and costs, and in favor of said defendant, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, and against said defendant, James B. Holmes, in the sum of five thousand four hundred eighty-one and ninety-one one-hundredths dollars, ($5,481.91), including interests and costs, and whereas, in said judgment it was decreed that the judgment so rendered in favor of said plaintiff to the full extent thereof, including interests and costs, and the judgment so rendered in favor of said defendants, Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company to the extent of five thousand four hundred sixty-two and 6-100ths ($5,462.06) dollars, including interests and costs, to be specific liens upon the land and appurtenances in said judgment described, situate in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: That tract of land known as block one hundred two (102), of Rail Road Addition to the Town of Red Lake Falls, being a portion of lot six, (6), in Section sixteen, (16), in Township one hundred fifty-one, (151), Range forty-four, (44), of which certain Flouring Mills are a part of the appurtenances, co-ordinate with other, and prior and superior to any right, title, lien or claim to or in said land or appurtenances of the said defendants, James B. Holmes, Charles P. Haseltine, Neil Farnham, or the Minnesota Title Insurance Company or any of them. And whereas it was in said judgment decreed and ordered that the Sheriff of said Polk County State of Minnesota, sell said land and appurtenances at public auction as by law in such cases made and provided, to satisfy said judgment and interest thereon, together with costs of said sale, and to pay the proceeds of said sale, after deducting all lawful expenses and charges thereof to and between said Frederick K. McKeen and Willford and Northway Manufacturing Company, to the amount of their respective judgments and liens given.

Provided, if said net proceeds be insufficient, then to distribute the same pro rata among and between said judgment creditors; a certified copy of said judgment and decree having been duly served upon and delivered to me. Now, therefore,

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described land and appurtenances thereon, at public auction to the highest bidder therefor in accordance with and as directed in said decree on the 30th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the county Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota., to satisfy said judgment and claims, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 11th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.

WHITE & EVANS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
E. D. JACKSON, Attorney for Defendant,
Willford and Northway Mf'g Company.
[43-49]

Crookston Meat Market
E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager.
Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred and eighty ($2,280) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is actually due, at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James B. Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller, as mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 597; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to The Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, situate, lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten (10), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81); lots three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty two, (82); all of block ninety two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the ninth (9th) day of April A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 26th, A. D. 1891.

The Hauser & Sons Malting Company,
Assignee of said Mortgagee.
By Paul Hauser, Sr.
President.

Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee.
[43-51] St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred thirty-five and 32-100 dollars, ($535.32) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James E. Mitton and Mary M. Mitton, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert J. Adams, mortgagee, bearing date the 3d day of November 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November 1884, at 2:25 o'clock p. m., in book "S" of mortgages, on pages 529 to 533, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The northwest quarter of Section Ten (10), Township one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-six, (46), west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred thirty-five and 32-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises; and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

ROBERT J. ADAMS, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALBERT GILMOUR AND Jane Gilmour, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Josiah Upton, of the County of Ontario, State of New York their mortgage bearing date of June 25th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The se¼ sw¼ Section 6, ne¼ ne¼ Section 7, and n½ nw¼ Section 8, Township 147, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 33-36; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Josiah Upton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred twenty five and 23-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 21st, A. D. 1891.

JOSIAH UPTON, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($337.50) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christine Esby and John Esby, her husband, mortgagors, to Charles H. Jefferson, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of November, 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on pages 49, 50 and 51, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number three (3), in South Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

CHARLES H. JEFFERSON, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest, which became due and payable on the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by John K. Ostgord and Betsy Ostgord his wife, of Polk County and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of June, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., in volume "32" of mortgages, on pages 190 and 191.

And whereas a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon, said premises covered by said mortgage prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of nineteen and six hundreths dollars ($19.05), and on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1890, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of twenty-two and three hundreths dollars ($22.03); and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred twenty-three and eighty hundreths dollars ($523.80), and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The east half (e½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and east half (e½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of Section three (3) in Township one hundred forty-seven (147) Range forty-five (45), containing one hundred and fifty-nine and 50-100 (159.50) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold a public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes, and twenty five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated Moorhead, Minnesota, Feb. 21st, 1890.

The Netherlands American Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglassand Ball & Smith,
[45-51] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Frist publication March 19th, 1891.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter Nord and Kristine Nord his wife to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 7th day of December A. D. 1888 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of December A. D. 1888, at 5:50 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of Mortgages, on pages 398-401 and whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1889, $17.50 that became due December 7th 1889, $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due December 7th, 1890 and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and eighty six and 60-100 Dollars ($586.60 and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said Mortgage, viz: The south east quarter (S E ¼) of Section ten (10) in Township one hundred and fifty three (153) of Range forty four (44) containing 160 acres more or less according to United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty Five Dollars attorneys fee, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

[42-2] [N. G. 40.] H. D. DICKINSON Attorney.

[First publication March 19, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 17th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased.

Whereas an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Ella Teal, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to tais court.

And whereas, Jackson S. Chapin has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Ella Teal died in said county, on the 27th day of February, 1891, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to said Jackson S. Chapin.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston in said county, on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 17th day of March, A. D. 1891.

By the Court:
[48-50] C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 2, 1891. NO. 50

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Time Extended.

A BILL for an Act providing for the Extension of the Time for Making Payments for Seed Grain Purchased under the Provisions of Chapter four (4) of the General Laws of 1889, in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That any person having purchased seed grain under the provisions of chapter four of the General Laws of 1889, entitled "An act to furnish seed grain for distribution in certain counties afflicted by frost or blight or hail during the season of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight (1888), to provide for the repayment thereof, and to authorize the boards of county commissioners of such counties to issue bonds for the payment thereof," and who may from any cause have suffered from destruction or a failure of crops during the seasons of 1889 and 1890, may have the time for the payments of said seed grain extended for a term of two years from the time such payments should have been made.

SEC. 2. The county commissioners of county named in said act, shall be empowered to grant such relief upon satisfactory evidence, shown by affidavits of two or more persons, that the person applying for such relief has suffered a failure of crops during the seasons of 1889 and 1890.

SEC. 3. When such relief is granted by the county commissioners of any of said counties, they shall notify the county auditor of their county of the fact, whereupon he shall extend the time of payment of said seed grain for two (2) years from the time such payment should have been made; provided, however, that whenever any person shall acquire relief under the provisions of this act, the state of Minnesota shall have and acquire by virtue thereof a just and valid lien upon the crops of grain of such person raised by him during the years for which the time of payment is extended to the full amount of the indebtedness of said person on account of aid furnished under the provisions of said chapter four.

SEC. 4. Said act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

CROOKSTON BEAUTY HERE.

The Fair Sex of Crookston Here Enmasse Today.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

Never before within the memory of the oldest inhabitant has such a multitude of Crookston's youth and beauty been visible here at one time unescorted. And by that we mean, that these ladies have taken a day off among themselves and come over here minus the paraphernalia of any male ecorts. A kind of Adamless Eden so to speak. Some of them are here for the purpose of witnessing the daughters of Rebekkah installion tonight, others came over to have correct profiles of their handsome countenances taken by the sun. The following ladies have been noted by The Plaindealer: Mesdames J. V. E. Wyatt, Jas. Lusian, M. Palen, Jas. Slater, Dr. Dampier, Fontaine, Sawyer, Underhill, Marin and Pingree, and Mesdemoiselles Mabel Holt, Drysdale, Childs, M Ayers, Cecillia Cromb, Anna Cromb M. Dravantz, Rich, M. Brown, M. Crookshank, Towey, Nettie Brown, Hall, G. Wright, L. KcCaffray, J. Fairbanks, Cameron, Hancock and Lanman. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. J. Chamberlain, Messrs A. C. Schmidt, Wm. Heidrich and John Moore are along with the party—merely as Dragomans, in case their services might be needed in interpreting Grand Forks dry goods prices the ladies—come again.

Beltrami Telaugraphs

BELTRAMI, March 23, 1891.

A. Noble has resigned his position as manager of the Wells farm and is now located in St. Paul, and is succeeded by Mr. Croft, of Traverse County.

D. E. Fulton and wife, of Ada, were visiting friends here the past week.

Uncle Sam has excused H. B. Budd from jury duty this term of court and Henry is happy again.

Our school district is very fortunate in securing the services of Miss Howind, of Crookston, for the spring term which begins April 6th.

Lewis Gilsoul will run the Ford farm this year. Lewis is a rustler from way back.

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First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
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AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

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THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

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H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT,

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

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Carry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

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MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

General Merchandise

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BOOTS, SHOES

OR CROCKERY,

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ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

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Crookston, - - - - Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Chances.

Of all men on earth, the American is the most hopeful, energetic, and self-reliant. As he would phrase it, he is a "hustler," and all he wants is a chance. Horace Greely's famous advice "Go West, young man," has not lost its value, for the chances are good in the West. But the United States is now, more than ever, a country of good chances and great opportunities, not alone in the west, but south and southwest. The Mississippi Valley, the Rocky Mountain Regions, the golden Pacific Coast and the sunny plains of the South are full of chances for ambitious young men, who are not afraid to work hard. To visit any of these sections of our country, "The Burlington has long been the favorite route, reaching as it does, the most important points in nine of the best states and territories in the center of the continent, and by connecting lines being the short and direct route to all points, from Puget Sound to the Gulf of Mexico. Wherever you think of going apply first for tickets to some agent of "The Burlington." or write for information to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

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A Farmes's Philosophy.

Prairie Farmer.

I am very much pleased with The Prairie Farmer. When I am reading the articles discussing the questions that are of so much interest to the farming class. I know they are not from professional men—men who are experts at saying, but poor hands at doing. Of course they do not all agree; all the better. Variety is natural. We do not look at the same thing from the same standpoint. Circumstances alter cases. The man who had good crops and got good prices complains little; the unfortunate ones make complaint, and we know the country is full of the latter class. To my mind it is the fact that the farmer is imposed upon by the business class, as they call themselves. It seemes astonishing the number of persons it takes to do the business of the country. What is the cause of all this trouble? The reasons as given are too numerous to recapitulate. I think it is an old disease, and very much complicated, and cannot be cured in a day. But the right treatment is being applied in the form of the F. M. B. A., the Grange and the Alliance. Keep on, brother farmers. The good time has been a long time coming, and of necessity must be a long time departing. If our hopes are not realized in few years, it will be an inheritance left to our children. It is a common opinion that a man who is not fit for anything else can be a farmer; but I say it takes more physical and mental courage to-day to be a farmer (I mean a successful) than a lawyer, a doctor or a business man. Now, as we are sure we are right, let us go ahead; and mark this period as the beginning of the revolution that will restore the farmer to his high and honorable calling. Our calloused hands and bronzed faces are beginning to be seen in legislative halls, and soon our voices, made eloquent by common sense, will begin to attract the attention of the curious and command the respect of the fair-minded. And I hope with farm depression that intemperance, that dark cloud that overshadows our fair land, will be driven to the uttermost parts of nowhere.

Clinton Co., Mo. H. H, CEVELAND.

Fertile Journal:—N. C. Hendricks and family left Wednesday night for Westh Duluth, where Mr. Hendricks will embark in the merchantile business. In Mr. Hendricks removal Fertile has lost one of its best business men and foremost citizens. They were accompanied to the depot by a large concourse of friends who all joined in wishing them prosperity and happiness in their new home.

Call on Mrs. I. U. Jennings for Easter millinery goods, for she has just received a large assortment of trimmed hats, flowers, ribbons, laces, notions, &c., all of the latest styles and at prices lower than ever before. [49-50]

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DRS. STARKEY & PALEN

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For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

A GREAT PRIZE.

Any one not now a subscriber, sending the Tribune Co. ONE DOLLAR can get the famous picture, the

The Russian Wedding Feast,

FREE BY MAIL WITH

The Daily and Sunday Tribune..........6 weeks
or the Daily (without Sun.) Tribune......8 weeks
or the Evening Tribune..........12 weeks
or the Sunday Tribune..........26 weeks
or the Farmers Weekly Tribune..........52 weeks

This offer is good until June 1st, 1891.

The picture is a beautiful work of art. Reproduced in all the beautiful colors of the original painting, 24 incher by 17 inches.

Send at once and secure a handsome prize.

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Evening Tribune	1 00		40c
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D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum.

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 2, 1891. NO. [illegible]

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3.75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Time Extended.

A BILL for an Act providing for the Extension of the Time for Making Payments for Seed Grain Purchased under the Provisions of Chapter four (4) of the General Laws of 1889, in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That any person having purchased seed grain under the provisions of chapter four of the General Laws of 1889, entitled "An act to furnish seed grain for distribution in certain counties afflicted by frost or blight or hail during the season of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight (1888), to provide for the repayment thereof, and to authorize the boards of county commissioners of such counties to issue bonds for the payment thereof," and who may from any cause have suffered from destruction or a failure of crops during the seasons of 1889 and 1890, may have the time for the payments of said seed grain extended for a term of two years from the time such payments should have been made.

SEC. 2. The county commissioners of county named in said act shall be empowered to grant such relief upon satisfactory evidence, shown by affidavits of two or more persons, that the person applying for such relief has suffered a failure of crops during the seasons of 1889 and 1890.

SEC. 3. When such relief is granted by the county commissioners of any of said counties, they shall notify the county auditor of their county of the fact, whereupon he shall extend the time of payment of said seed grain for two (2) years from the time such payment should have been made; provided, however, that whenever any person shall acquire relief under the provisions of this act, the state of Minnesota shall have and acquire by virtue thereof a just and valid lien upon the crops of grain of such person raised by him during the years for which the time of payment is extended to the full amount of the indebtedness of said person on account of aid furnished under the provisions of said chapter four.

SEC. 4. Said act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

CROOKSTON BEAUTY HERE.

The Fair Sex of Crookston Here Enmasse Today.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

Never before within the memory of the oldest inhabitant has such a multitude of Crookston's youth and beauty been visible here at one time unescorted. And by that we mean that these ladies have taken a day off among themselves and come over here, minus the paraphernalia of any male escort. A kind of Adamless Eden so to speak. Some of them are here for the purpose of witnessing the daughters of Rebekkah installation tonight, others came over to have correct profiles of their handsome countenances taken by the sun. The following ladies have been noted by The Plaindealer: Mesdames J. [illegible] Wyatt, [illegible] Dr. Dampier, Fontaine, Sawyer, Underhill, Marin and Pingree, and Mesdemoiselles Mabel [illegible] Drysdale, [illegible] [illegible]

Beltrami Telaugraphs.

BELTRAMI, March 23, 1891.

A. Noble has resigned his position as manager of the Wolfs farm and is now located in St. Paul, and is succeeded by Mr. Croft, of Traverse County.

D. E. Fulton and wife, of Ada, were visiting friends here the past week.

Uncle Sam has excused H. B. Budd from jury duty this term of court and Henry is happy again.

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A Farmes's Philosophy.

Prairie Farmer.

I am very much pleased with The Prairie Farmer. When I am reading the articles discussing the questions that are of so much interest to the farming class. I know they are not from professional men—men who are experts at saying, but poor hands at doing. Of course they do not all agree; all the better. Variety is natural. We do not look at the same thing from the same standpoint. Circumstances alter cases. The man who had good crops and got good prices complains little; the unfortunate ones make complaint, and we know the country is full of the latter class. To my mind it is the fact that the farmer is imposed upon by the business class, as they call themselves. It seemes astonishing the number of persons it takes to do the business of the country. What is the cause of all this trouble? The reasons as given are too numerous to recapitulate. I think it is an old disease, and very much complicated, and cannot be cured in a day. But the right treatment is being applied in the form of the F. M. B. A., the Grange and the Alliance. Keep on, brother farmers. The good time has been a long time coming, and of necessity must be a long time departing. If our hopes are not realized in few years, it will be an inheritance left to our children. It is a common opinion that a man who is not fit for anything else can be a farmer; but I say it takes more physical and mental courage to-day to be a farmer (I mean a successful) than a lawyer, a doctor or a business man. Now, as we are sure we are right, let us go ahead, and mark this period as the beginning of the revolution that will restore the farmer to his high and honorable calling. Our calloused hands and bronzed faces are beginning to be seen in legislative halls, and soon our voices, made eloquent by common sense, will begin to attract the attention of the curious and command the respect of the fair minded. And I hope with farm depression that intemperance, that dark cloud that overshadows our fair land, will be driven to the uttermost parts of nowhere.

Clinton Co., Mo. H. H. CLEVELAND.

Fertile Journal:—N. J. Hendricks and family left Wednesday night for West Duluth, where Mr. Hendricks will embark in the merchantile business. In Mr. Hendricks' removal Fertile has lost one of its best business men and foremost citizens. They were accompanied to the depot by a large concourse of friends, who all join in wishing them prosperity and happiness in their [illegible]

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN'S

TRADE MARK.

NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic and Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nitrogen magnetized; and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

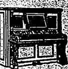
Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS



WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW

Fall Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

A GREAT PRIZE.

Any one not now a subscriber, sending the Tribune Co. ONE DOLLAR can get the famous picture, the

The Russian Wedding Feast

FREE BY MAIL WITH [illegible]

The Daily and Sunday Tribune [illegible]
or the Daily (without Sun.) Tribune [illegible]
or the Evening Tribune [illegible]
or the Sunday Tribune [illegible]
or the Farmers Weekly Tribune [illegible]

This offer is good until June 1st, 1891.

The picture is a beautiful work of art, [illegible] duced in all the beautiful colors of the original painting, [illegible] inches by 17 inches.

Send at once and secure a handsome prize. Postage stamps to the amount of $1 [illegible] accepted. Address,

THE TRIBUNE CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Regular Subscription Rates by Mail.

[illegible]

FRANK IVES. D. E. HATLESTAD.

IVES & HATLESTAD

[illegible]

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 2, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 86.
1 Northern 84.
2 Northern 81.
3 Northern 76.

There is a big demand for barley for seed.

Seed wheat is in demand at from 90 cents to $1.

Knut Opheim was up from Fertile last Saturday.

Wheat went off one cent on Saturday but recoverd on Monday.

Mrs. G. P. Houg is very ill with inflammation of the bowels.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Bivins, of Argyle, were in the city over Sunday.

Hans Sampson was in from Fosston this week greeting old friends.

For a few days the roads leading to our city will be in poor condition.

Almost seeding time. If all signs don't fail this will be a prosperous year.

Atty A. C. Wilkinson went north to Warren and Hallock on Tuesday morning.

The good looking merchant of St. Hilaire, C. G. Rapp, came down on Monday.

Geo. J. McManus came up from Duluth last Saturday and went out to the farm.

Save up your spare dimes for the opening of the new opera house which occurs on the 13th.

Mr. and Mrs. Keye, of Argyle were down to attend the Odd Fellows entertainment on Tuesday.

A. W. Dawley left for Seattle last week to spend thesummer and perhaps to locate permanently.

The Great Northern is putting in a new platform at the depot. A much needed improvement.

The effect of our sewer system may plainly be seen in the condition of our streets this spring. Mud has no chance.

Monday was one of those blue days what you read about—cold, wet, snowy, rainy, muddy, and everything of that sort.

Peder Engh was down from St. Hilaire last week en route for Angus where he has taken a farm to work on shares this summer.

Call and look over those drills at Benoit & Sylvester's and let the boys give you the good points about them while they quote prices.

Herb Mason is a bachelor for awhile. Mrs. Mason having gone to Chicago for a six weeks visit with friends and relatives at the old home.

Comrade A. J. Hamery was up from Fertile on Wednesday. Says farmers are rejoiced to see so much moisture which insures big crops.

And now the merry aspirant for city office humpeth himself around in quest of the genial voter and verily the remark is "settemupagin!"

Rev. S. H. Barteau was down from Stephen last week. Reports business in that lively little burg good and everybody hopeful for the future.

The Journal learns that P. J. Russel is a "kandidat" for Justice of the Peace. Well, we can't help but believe that P. J. is worthy and well qualified.

Mrs. August George and the Misses Bulock, of Ada, were in the city on Tuesday. Mrs. George is making preparations for a trip to Germany.

Elsewhere in this issue will be seen the law in relation to the extension of time for the payment for seed wheat. All interested will do well to look it up.

W. E. Walker is mentioned as a candidate for alderman in the third word. W. E. is very good kind of material of which to make an alderman.

Everybody who has the best interests of our city at heart will attend the opera at least once during the opening season. There is hardly any one who cannot afford that much.

We hear no opposition to the idea of Mayor McKinnon succeeding himself. He certainly has been an excellent official and we see no reason why he should not be retained.

Judge Spendley, who has been quite out of health for a few weeks is very much improved, we are glad to say and trust that his restoration to health may be speedy and permanent.

Mayor McKinnon has replaced the large plate glass in I. O. O. F. block, which was broken a few weeks since. The breakage was caused by the heaving of the cellar walls by frost.

Have you seen that McSherry drill at Benoit & Sylvester's. Benoit says it is the best drill in the market and if it don't suit you you can take the Champion drill. They are both leading drills.

Fred Anderson is about again looking altogether too slim to run for assessor though he says he will be "in it." There was a kind of an expression about his eyes like he did not exactly mean it, however.

The chattel mortgage sale on Tuesday did [illegible] pan out exceedingly well though one Minneapolis self binder brought [illegible] and one cow $27 which [illegible] good figures, everything considered.

The Journal is informed that the band is about to be reorganized on a more solid foundation than ever. The services of Prof. Casad have been secured which is an ample guaranty of efficiency.

Conductor Flint has brought his fine thoroughbred trotter to the city for the use of good stock fanciers. The animal is in a good family of trotters and will prove a grand acquistion to Polk County flyers.

Tom Dougherty has bought a quarter section of land of Pete Sture at Black River and is moving thereon this week. He will work the farm of A. Sture also, which will make him an abundance of nice rich soil.

C. K. Ingeberg the genial clerk of Stewart & Spottswood, commenced work for Alderman & Sylvester on Monday morning. He is one of the best in the business, and thoroughly understands his trade.

See notice of auction sale of E. L. Smith elsewhere in this issue. The stock he advertises is of the best, as Mr. Smith is one of those men who believe in thorough farming and practices what he preaches.

Rev. R. H. Battey goes to Minneapolis this week after his family and expects to be domiciled in his new home by next Sabbath. The Journal extends a cordial welcome to Mrs. B. and family to Crookston society.

Wm. Wylia was down from Black River on Monday. Says if the weather continues farmers can soon go to seeding as the snow is nerly all gone up there. He says they will sow a large aereage to wheat this season also barley and oats.

Attorney A. C. Wilkinson, who has been on the sick list for some time is improving, we are glad to say, for when Wilk is not feeling well he is too cross for any use—and besides, we don't like to see our best lawyers laid off, even temporarily.

D. Jacobus is a candidate for assessor and The Journal hopes to see him win. He is one of the oldest of Crookston's old inhabitants, coming here way back in the seventies with the first of 'em; is an all round good fellow and would make a capital assessor.

See new ad of McKinnon Bros., the old reliable dealers in agricultural implements. This firm has been in business in this line for years in this city and that they are fully trustworthy is well known to the hundreds in the country with whom they have dealt.

Andrew Steenerson was up from Climax on Monday. To The Journal scribe he said: "I want to say that the article appearing in your issue of March 19th, signed 'President of Euclid Alliance,' was the slickest thing I ever read. I cut it out and pasted it in my scrap book for future reference."

We were told that J. E. Morrisey was a candidate for Justice of the Peace, so we popped the question to him fair and square. "No sir, I am not an aspirant for that nor any other office, unless our folks in the second ward desire to return me to the council, in which case I should not refuse," said he, and we proceeded to smoke.

An extra session of the county board will be held on Friday(to-morrow) to act upon applications for extension of time on seed wheat payments. All who are interested should take notice and present their case before the board. The bill which we print elsewhere in this issue will show who are entitled to extension of time.

Kittson County Enterprise:—John Paulson brought a 19 months old Holstein bull into town Tuesday that weighed 1,055 pounds, a gain of 2 pounds a day from the day he was born. This is as good an animal as we have ever seen. If a few more of our farmers would go into blooded stock it would be better for our country.

You are kindly invited to attend the Congregational church next Sunday. Rev. R. H. Battey will speak, 11:00 a. m.—"The Prosperous Life." 7:30 p. m.—"The Young Woman as a Christian." Strangers come, men of business come, children come, day laborers come, troubled ones come. The service opens at the hour with a cordial welcome for all.

O. H. Truesdell, who was here with the Wilson Comedy Co., was in the city on Tuesday arranging with T. H. Bjoin for the opening of the Opera house. Mr. T. was one of the best of the Wilson company and few better actors ever find their way up here. He informs The Journal that he will be here some time in October next with an entirely new company.

The sale at M. R. Brown's barn on Friday last was well attended, everything going at satisfactory prices. It was made up of small lots of stock by many different owners, not one having enough to pay him to make up a sale, but in this way a large sale was made, proving satisfactory to all concerned. It would be a good idea to make such sales a permanent feature.

While the manly, noble-hearted ones among the printing fraternity last week were giving us nice little notices of condolence and sympathy in the recent loss of our publisher, the Crookston Times gave us a venomous broadside from its mud battery, which we must confess surprised us—under the circumstances. In reply, we wish to say to him that when the editor of this paper so far forgets his manhood as to strike such a dastardly blow at a brother in distress we hope the brethren will all join in and read him out of the [illegible]

Sheriff Hill of Clay Co., was up on Monday looking the city over for the first time in his life. Was well pleased with what he saw and says he thinks we have a fine city here. He says he has it on good authority that the Moorhead Northern will be pushed to this point early this spring which will improve the facilities for reaching Moorhead very much. We hope he is correct in his prophesy as to the coming of thatr road.

Postmaster Dawley informs The Journal that our post office has reached the limit entitling it to be made a second-class office on July 1st. This should be done and a greater allowance made for clerk hire as there is a vast amount of work done here—the distributing point for 36 post-offices. If this matter should be properly presented no doubt our office will be made second-class on July 1st.

The Republican League club organized last Friday evening by electing Hugh Robertson, president, B. F. Zarracher and Thomas Harris, vice-presidents, G. H. Palmer, secretary, and Lewis Ellington, treasurer. R. J. Montague was appointed a member of the county executive committee. E. M. Walsh, C. O. Christianson and B. F. Zarracher were appointed a committee to solicit membership. A convention to elect a member of the State executive committee will be called.

In speaking of the subscriptions to the Red River College last week our type made us say that "Fred Walker subscribed $250," when we meant Will Walker. Mr. Aaker says the work is going forward very encouragingly and he has strong hopes that the college will be secured—but it will require some more generous subscriptions to accomplish it. It would indeed be a pity if Crookston should miss this institution now that it is so nearly won.

E. C. Davis: "Would I support D. Jacobus for assessor? Well now young man you just betcherlife I would! If there is any man more than any other whom I think worthy of it, that man is Jake. As you know he not only came here in the early day but he has put in a good many good big round dollars to help build up this city and if Jake wants that office or any other I am for Jake and dont let that fact escape your memory for one little moment!" Saying which, Mr. Davis put in his genial—old-settler smile and began to talk about the interest bill.

To Our Brethren of the Press.

Our brethren of the press—those who have spoken kindly words of sympathy for us in our sore trial, will please accept our heartfelt thanks for their kindness. Words are poor things to convey feelings in such a case, but the words that have been spoken of him who has gone from us are such as renew our faith in the brotherhood, and they do comfort us. God bless you, brethren. and long spare you like bitter trials, Although in the close competition of business interests strifes are liable to be engendered, in such a trial as this the true printer—the true nobleman—will at once forget the petty business differences and come to the front with words of generous sympathy which shows the true nobility of manhood which exists in the fraternity. God knows why these bitter trials are allowed to be, but that they develope true manhood in the hearts and lives of the brethren in this probationery state, we believe is true, and again, brethren, I wish to try to express my thanks.

H. E. Cooke, Ed. Journal.

Mart Bang was up from Ada at the I. O. O. F. dedication services.

M. O. Roholt was up from the west side on Wednesday interviewing the R. L. C. & P. R. R. magnates.

H. Bennewitz was down from Argyle on Monday evening looking over the new opera house.

Dont forget the opening of the new opera house on the 13th. Local pride in the progress of our city should lead everyone to go at least once.

H. Kroegh has rented the room just south of the stairway in the opera block and will open a first-class restaurant just as soon as the room can be made ready.

Dropping in to see L. I. Benoit one day this week we found his store filled with customers and the whole force on the jump waiting on them. As soon as we could get the ear of the busy proprietor we said: "This looks like business, Benoit. If this keeps on you will need to double the size of your store." "That's just what I propose to do," said he. "My trade is increasing so much that I shall be obliged to build an addition or rent a large store very soon."

Grand Opening

BJOIN'S

Grand Opera House,

Crookston, Minn.,

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

April 13th, 14th and 15th,

AND WEDNESDAY MATINEE.

The new Queen of the Northwest will be opened with the

BOSTON COMIC OPERA COMPANY

OF 25 PEOPLE.

This Company comes with unstinted praise from the western press, and all can rely on a first-class company and first-class operas.

Opening bill .... "La, Mascot."
Tuesday night .... "Erminie."
Wednesday night .... "Oltvette."
Wednesday Matinee .... "Mikado."

East Grand Forks News:—The News expresses profound sympathy for the relations of Bro. W. G. Cooke publisher of the Polk County Journal. Mr. Cooke was a promising young man—only 37 years old and the profession as well as The Journal will sadly miss him.

Chris. Houston tells The Journal of a very narrow escape from death that one of the Knudsons had a short time since. Chris. was going home in quite a severe snow storm and had reached the point on the Red Lake Falls road where that road crosses the N. P. (about a half mile from where the accident occurred by which Sylvester and Magee lost their lives) when he saw the body of a man lying on the railroad track and a train in sight. He ran to the prostrate form and dragged it clear of the rails when the train dashed by, then his strength failed him, and, as he said, he "couldn't have lifted a pound." It was a close call and should be a warning against taking in too much bug juice.

Chicago Tribune: Aiden Benedict's "Fabio Romani," which is being played at the academy, is a dramatization of Marie Corelli's novel "The Vendetta." The play retains all the gloomy sensationalism of the story. Mr. Walter Lawrence was a very good Fabio. Miss Frances Field enacts the heroine with commendable earnestness. Miss Addie Farwell and Mr. C. H. Farwell should be credited with two strong bits of characterization. The scenery and mechanical effects are new and interesting. At the opera house to-night, April 2d.

Grand Forks Plaindealer;—Judge Woodruff eagerly scrutinized the Crookston crowd here yesterday, for Attorney Steenerson, but he wasn't there Steen owes the judge a hat, on a bet, and of course Woodruff is somewhat interested in the Crookston attorney's welfare.

No you dont! The Judge has got the wrong end of himself this time. That bet was for a pair of shoes, doncherknow. Steernerson owns the "corn" and has been looking for a shoemaker who has lasts big enough to make a pair of gun-boats that will fit—hasn't found him yet; if you have a shoemaker in your burg who can fill the bill trot him out and the Judge shall have "them shoes!"

Wilson says: "You may tell the boys that Wilson & Thompson have the finest line of foreign and domestic cigars in the city and that when they have "Ben Hur" for their "Acorn" regularly a short time they will smoke no other goods unless perhaps it be a "Black Rose" which is made up of clippings of imported goods with native wrappers."

For Sale Cheap.

Four good brood mares and two good work horses cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlaug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stable.

AT LAST.

IT STANDS COMPLETE.

The New Opera Block.

The grand opera block, which for the past nine months has been in the hands of the architect, the mason, the carpenter, the plumber, the painter and decorator and the scene painter, stands complete—a realized fact and a thing of beauty. To the enterprise and public spirit of Thomas H. Bjoin and Knute K. Austin, Crookston owes this handsome block and the possession of one of the finest Opera Houses outside of the twin cities. The architect is J. W. Ross, of Grand Forks, who made the plans for the hotel Dakotah and many other notable buildings of Grand Forks and Crookston. The building stands 100x100 feet, three stories high and basement. The mason work was done by T. R. Morris, of Fargo, and was well done, requiring 1,050,000 brick, manufactured at the Crookston brick yard. Ground for the building was broken July 1st, 1890. Four large store rooms, with a spacious hallway in the center of the building, face Main street. On the second floor are four suits of rooms suitable for lawyers or doctors, and the grand opera apartments. On the third floor are six suites of rooms, some of which are now occupied by young men as sleeping apartments. W. E. Walker had the contract for the carpenter work and right well has this portion been done. The lumber used was furnished by the Red River Valley Lumber Co. The door posts, girders and all iron work in the building was made by Ald. J. E. Morrisey, proprietor of the Crookston Foundry, and is as good as could be procured from any manufactory in the State. The building is heated by steam, the apparatus for which was furnished by S. C. Wentworth, and the plumbing by B. O. Paulsness. A. C. Schmidt, the genial Queen City painter, did the painting outside of the opera apartment, and it is done with his usual good taste and skill. The electric light wires were put in by the Electric Light Co., of St. Paul. The Acme cement plastering was used, and outside of the opera apartment, was put on by Louis Rivard, of our city. The painting and decorating in the opera apartment was well done by Boerth & Co., of Grand Forks, and the plastering by Budge and Kennedy. The Portage red stone for front is from N. H. Uhlmer, of St. Paul, and the skylight from Rush Bros., Fargo. The stage scenery was painted by Prof. E. Clausen, and is all done in the very latest style of the art from the most approved models, and there is no stage in any city in America better prepared for business in this respect. The house is seated with the latest improved opera chairs, and the carpeting was furnished by Fontaine & Anglim and put in by Tim Donovan. The opera house will be opened by the Boston Opera Company on the evening of Monday, April 13th, continuing three nights. The total cost of the building will exceed $50,000, the opera house portion alone costing over $10,000. That our citizens will appreciate such enterprise and give the proprietors a rousing benefit on opening week we have no doubt. Certainly such enterprise deserves ample reward.

What They Say About the Boston Comic Opera Company.

Portland Oregonian: The Park in its palmiest days never held a more delighted audience or one more generous of applause than that which greeted the Boston Comic Opera Company last night. In point of numbers it far exceeded all expectations, taking into consideration the strong counter attraction of the Emma Juch Opera Company, the 700 chairs on the lower floor were all taken. The opera was a new version of Andran's charming comic opera "La Mascot," of which it is to be said it possesses the beauty of the chief features of the original, while also possessing great scope for those whimsicalities of broad and grotesque humor so much in vogue on the stage to-day. In Miss Pauline Harvey is found a singer of great sweetness and an actress of charming face and perfect figure. The gobble duett and Peppo earned an enthusiastic encore. Wm. H. Newborough, as Lorenzo, and Geo. H. Whitman as Rocco, showed a highly entertaining vein of original comedy, Whitman's grotesque work being received with uproarous applause. Herman Waldo, the tenor, as Prince Frederick, was a distinct musical triumph, his fine stage presence and clear tenor voice earning him unstinted applause and two encores. The company is one of the best ever seen in Portland.

This company will open the Grand Opera House in Crookston on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, April 18th, 14th and 15th.

Vancouver, B. C., News: A great success was scored last night at the Imperial by the Boston Comic Opera Co., who presented the Mascot. The two principal characters, Bettina, the Mascot, and Fiametta, the Prince's daughter, were taken by Miss Pauline Harvey and Miss Bessie German. Both acted with great taste and ability and it is difficult to say to which is due the chief honors. Mr. Newborough made a capital Lorenzo, while Mr. Whitman's Rocco fairly brought down the house. The company is a good one.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes The Journal readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

SPRING SALE

—OF—

SPRING CLOAKS

—AND—

JACKETS,

At Fontaine & Anglim's

NEXT WEEK.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

Our genial county superintendent of schools was busy last week with examinations. The following aspirants for certificates appeared:

Mamie A. Bullan,	Crookston.
Clara E. Bullan,	"
F. J. Tousley,	"
Alara Magean,	"
Annie Branett,	"
A. P. Johnson,	"
M. H. Grefthen,	"
Julia Anderson,	"
John N. Kirsch,	"
Miraim Dobson,	"
Mamie E. Sargeant,	"
Maud Sargeant,	"
Julia Brunner,	"
Edith Lusian,	"
Stella McIntyre,	"
Wm. T. Nicholson,	"
Rachael Nicholson,	"
Emma Flemming,	"
Mattie E. Brown,	"
Maggie Ford,	"
Lorena Johnson,	"
Julia Carlson,	"
Maud Leguee,	"
Josephene Kirsch,	"
Agnes Godbout,	"
Jas. Cruikshanks,	Buffington.
Lizzie Cruikshanks,	"
A. N. Horton,	Maple Bay.
Lottie N. Horton,	"
Ethel Deneston,	"
Henry T. McNulty,	"
Carrie Hunter,	"
Carrie I. Moen,	"
E. M. Snedeker,	Mentor.
Minnie N. Smith,	"
Sigrid Grundyson,	Fisher.
Emma T. Grundyson,	"
L. O. Amundson,	"
Abbie Brewster,	"
Sophia J. Sletto,	Valley.
Annie M. Peterson,	"
Hans M. Dahl,	Rindal.
Lizzie A. Copp,	Excel.
Delia Hancock,	Euclid.
Amelia C. Hanson,	Fertile.
Lillian Lawrence,	Erskine.
Nellie Cronquist,	"
Peter S. Finseth,	Roome.
Hattie A. Smith,	Edna.
Mrs. E. Little,	Gentilly.
Bessie Toulouse,	Lambert.
Katie Toulouse,	"

Pluck and Energy Wins.

On Tuesday evening of last week Geo. W. Peake, the Main street harness-maker, was at supper fire broke out in his display room and destroyed a $2,500 stock. The next day, almost before the smoking ruins had cooled, Mr. Peake put his men at work on several orders for harness in the room up stairs and they have been busy at work ever since. Meanwhile Mr. P. has opened out in the shop one door south of the old stand and will use that as a salesroom until he can repair the other building, which will be done as soon as he can get to it. He says The Journal had the correct estimate of the loss.

For Sale.

Good farm mare, one carriage and one cutter. Address R. G. Marlette,
[48-51] Carman.

The I. O. O. F. Dedication

Held at their new hall on Tuesday evening was a grand success, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather. A large number of guests from neighboring villages were present and all seemed to enjoy the exercises hugely. W. G. Nye, Grand Master, John H. Grasse, Dept. Grand Master, and R. T. Greene, Grand Conductor, were present to conduct the exercises. After the banquet, those so inclined, repaired to McKinnon's Hall where they tripped the light fantastic toe to their heart's content. All who were present unite in saying that they had a grand good time.

Those Bonds.

Our citizens will have an opportunity to say whether or not we shall give bonds in the sum of $8,300, in aid of the Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific R. R. We are assured that if the bonds are voted the road will be built and we are positive that the road will be worth all and more than all it costs us in the increase of trade it will bring to our city,—trade which is now cut off by a big swamp in the summer and a long, cold ride in the winter. From all that we can learn of the sentiment of our citizens we are led to the predection that the bonds will carry by a large majority. The tax payers seem to be largely in favor of it and all others have no reason to object. Let us have the road by all means.

Messrs. Fontaine and Anglim have the contract for carpeting and draperies for the new Opera House, and the genial Tim Donovan will be the artist to attend to it. The carpeting will be the newest and latest style called Agra. The boxes will be draped with Old Rose Velours and fringes in the very latest styles; the inside drapings will be Golden Blue Turcomans; the doors leading thereto and the windows will be draped in Old Rose and Biscuit Brown Turcomans; the two large arches and two openings from the foyer will be draped in Golden Blue Turcomans bound and trimmed, with fringes made of same. The ladies' toilet rooms will also be nicely draped to match. It is not every institution in the country that can do this kind of work and they will do themselves proud, regardless of expense.

New Spring Millinery.

LOOK OUT FOR ANNOUNCEMENT

—OF—

GRAND OPENING.

Miss Helen Halvorson is receiving her stock of spring millinery in all of the latest styles of the art, and is prepared to receive orders. The ladies are invited to call before making their purchases.

Another Man Speaks.

Prairie Farmer.

In your issue of Febuary 21, I find an article from the pen of Mr. W. H. Yater, of Marion county, Missouri, which I think something extraordinary. He starts out very nicely and lays down as a premise some unquestioned facts, such as: "We are well aware that the laboring element of this land, farmers, mechanics, shops keepers, etc., are becoming aroused to a realization of their condition as an unenviable one," and he here admits the tyrannical and oppressive power of money. But he says: "In our opinion the hard times and oppression of the masses are brought about by extravangance and profligacy and a lack of personal effort.. Is this the truth? or is it a gross libel on the great conservative, wealth-producing masses of this nation? From whence came the "brain and brawn" that has sustained the country in every emergency; and from whence has come the billions of money that has been necessary to defray expenses and uphold the nation's credit? To ask these questions is to suggest at once the answer:—The wealth producer. Turn to the home life of these wealth producers, and so far from profligacy, idleness and extravagance, they are the most perfect exemplars of the virtues of soberness, industry and economy that this country can produce. They undoubtedly have assisted in bringing on themselves their present unenviable condition; yet not by the methods which Mr. Yater points out, but by giving a too willing ear to political demagogue and yielding a too hearty obedience to the party bosses, who were deceiving them with false issues and lying promises, while these same poor boys who have grown so immensely wealth were frugally and industriously conferring on themselves through the nation's law the power to garner to themselves the harvest of wealth produced by these unsuspecting toilers.

It is the same old story that has made us tired so long, of laziness in the spring and overproduction in the fall. These wealth producers are not asking for other people's property, but are demanding justice—sturdy, old-fashioned American justice—and that it shall be embodied in the laws of the country, and if I am not mistaken in the temper of these people they will get what they ask.

Effingham Co., Ill. VOLNEY WILLETT

Political Treason.

Northfield News.

Last week The News printed an editorial extract from the Minneapolis Evening Journal which took the ground that jealousy among Republican leaders did as much as anything else to bring about the disastrous result in Minnesota in the November campaign. The Journal observes that it can name a dozen men who claimed leadership in the Republican party in Minnesota, everyone of whom wants something for himself, and is determined that others against whom he cherishes a bitter resentment, shall not have any political preference if he can help it, and would rather have the party defeated than have these men get any favors. We don't know where the Journal gathered this particular information, but we do know that it printed the truth as nearly as it could be given. It is an unvarnished fact that the envy, jealousy and selfish ambition of man has done more than anything else to bring the Republican party into its present condition. It has been a sort of rule or ruin policy with some men, and these men seemed to care more for themselves and their political future than they did for the party whose principles they pretended to espouse. Instances have been known where a prominent Republican has drawn his political knife on men in his own party, for no other reason than because he feared that the man might prevent dishonest intrigue in the future. The tendency in off years in Minnesota has been more toward the promotion of party principles. Knives have been religiously held on the grind-stone until such a time as the owners could use them to destroy a member of their own party who at some time may have had the courage to voice his honest convictions and voted for the men in conventions who seemed to him to be best fitted for the positions. Even with the writer's limited experience in politics, he has noticed more of this political blood-letting in Minnesota than would kill half a dozen pary organizations in States less strong than ours. Men in some instance have utterly disregarded the welfare of the party in order to promote then own success at the polls. Candidates for the petty office of coroner have been known to trade the head of the ticket in order to get votes for themselves. Other candidates have been known to make similar sacrifices of their colleagues on the ticket. But then this is not all. A few men who have been prominent in the councils of the party have taken the off year as a time for seeking personal revenge. The results might indicate to chronic growlers that there was some mismanagement, while at the same time the members of the committees in charge of the campaign throughout the State did all in their power to further the cause of the party and its candidates. But it is hard for any committee to secure the full measure of votes for its candidates when a few prominent Republicans are secretly doing all in their power to defeat one or more nominees. We sincerely believe that a political party should give the widest latitude of opinion possible to its members; and no man should be insulted or ostracised because he differs from some of the party leaders in matters of secondary importance. But no man can be a loyal party man who does not give his support to the chosen candidates of the party with which he affiliates. A man goes into a party organization with a full knowledge of its principles, but he cannot become a member in good standing unless he faithfully supports the nominees presented to him by the honest vote of the majority of the representatives of such party in convention assembled. In other words, his initiation is only complete when he supports the candidates on election day. It is this pretending to be a Republican, and the secretly conniving at the defeat of the candidates of the Republican party, that has done so much to bring about the disastrous results keenly felt last November. A political party is like an army, save that the leaders of the former are chosen by the popular suffrage of their fellow citizens; but these leaders once chosen, should receive the honest and combined support of every man professing the pary tenets, no matter what his personal or private grievances may be. No party is organized for the purpose of assisting in personal revenge or for the airing of the personal grievances of its members. By what right then can men who have helped to defeat Republican candidates come before that party and ask for its confidence? There is no doubt but what during the campaign of 1890, men who now pretend to be faithful Republicans, ignored the honestly nominated candidates of the party, and trained their heaviest guns upon some of their party associates. Some of them, it is rumored, expended money and made treasonable moves because they had a personal grudge against a candidate who was victorious in convention in a square and fair contest. It will not be long before some of these men will bob up serenely and try to secure some of the highest honors within the power of the Republican party of Minnesota to bestow. If we can judge from the past history of politics in this State, such men will be most likely to be honored. The bolter in Minnesota in the Republican party seems to have had smooth sailing in the past. There are instances where men openly opposed a ticket during one campaign, and in the next campaign secured prominent positions either by nomination or by appointment in the council of the party. No man who has not faithfully supported the nominees of an honest majority has any rights in the Republican party that the rank and file are bound to respect. Such men have placed themselves outside of the lines of the party. The only way for the Republican party in Minnesota to present a solid front is for the sinners to confess their errors and ask forgiveness for past political treason, and be taken back on probation a while before they are recognized as members of good standing in the party. The writer has no ambition in the direction of political favors, but believes that unless this tendency to knife every one who has the manliness and courage to speak his convictions, is checked, it will result in the ultimate and everlasting defeat of the party at the polls. The Minneapolis Evening Journal deserves much credit for calling attention to such infamous methods at this early date. It is to be hoped that the traitorous members of the party will profit by the advice, for if they do it will be possible to rule again by the accustomed majority. If the members of the Republican party will put aside their grievances, and get together on a common and honest ground, the party will gain the ascendency by an old-fashioned Republican majority in 1892. And six if not seven Republican congressmen will have seats in the lower house of the national legislature.

LINEN MILL DATA.

Spindlers to Be Whirring in Thirty Days Now—A Valuable Report

Minneapolis Journal.

The Minneapolis linen mills received last week two more carlonds of spinning machinery from Scotland. Manager Bayless hopes, with no further delay, to have the spindles whirring within 30 days. The company is receiving many samples of flax and tow grown in this state and much interest is being manifested in the new industry. It is not, however, expected to get a regular supply for the mill from Minnesota until after the next harvest, but the mill will be supplied largely during the interim with fibre from Canada.

The special committee of the legislature on flax and hemp fibres, of which Hon. Chas. M. Bell, of St. Paul, is chairman, has just submitted a very valuable report to the legislature, giving the result of their investigations. The report is thorough and exhaustive and contains letters from some of the best known flax grower and manufacturers of the state. The committee is desirous that the legislature give it a large circulation among Minnesota farmers, holding that the legislature could not expend a few thousands at this time more judiciously than in printing and circulating an edition of at least 100,000 copies of this report. Altogether, the outlook for the new industry is most flattering.

Pensions Helped Avert the Panic.

National Tribune.

The danger of a panic, which seemed so alarmingly imminent at the beginning of last winter, is now definitely past, and the country, recovering from the temporary scare, has started on a new career of prosperity, which we are sanguine will be long-enduring. There is no doubt in the mind of any man at all familiar with the facts that nothing did more to avert the panic than the large pension disbursements. So long as the Pension Bureau was diffusing among the common people about $33,000,000 every three months, there could not be a severely stringent lack of ready money in the country. This $33,000,000 did the work that 10 times that amount would not have done in the hands of bankers and money lords, for it did not lie idle a day. It was turned over and over constantly from the very moment it was received from the Pension Agents' hands. Everybody got some of it, everybody's business was helped by it, and every wheel of industry and trade was lubricated by it.

More money was paid the bondholders than the veterans, but that paid the bondholders was nothing like the help to the country that the pension payments were. It went into the vaults of New York capitalists and bankers, to be used in stock speculations and other operations of no especial benefit to the people. One hundred dollars of pension money probably paid inside of three months, many thousand dollars of debts to butchers, bakers, workingmen, dry-goods merchants, grocers, etc., where $1,000 paid the bondholder lay idle in the bank, or was put up as margins on a stock speculation. Had there been a panic it would have cost the country many times as much money as has been paid out for pensions since the system began. The aid given, therefore, in averting a panic by paying out some $134,000,000 for pensions was an excellent investment for the country, from a purely financial point of view.

Strange Revolution in Women's Dress—Will American Ladies Dare Adopt It?

Some predict that the great change in the fashioning of the clothes which are to be worn by women this coming season is the most wonderful victory of the nineteenth century—if fashion leaders can be induced to adopt it, and appear just once in public so arrayed.

Men will hold their breath in wonder at the marvelous change it makes in lovely woman. "Few of the fair sex can help being beautiful in these glove-fitting costumes," says a writer in a recent number of The New York and Paris Young Ladis' Fashion Bazar. "The magazine is the only one in Europe or America which makes a specialty of giving those inclined to stoutness an unrivaled appearance of sculptured slimness," said Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales. Madame Patti has ordered from the Paris house four magnificent costumes, the designs of which appear in the April number of this Fashion Bazar—and in this magazine only.

Mrs. Harrison is greatly fascinated with the exquisite gem, costume No. 4, in the April number. It is expected she will give an order for an exact counterpart of it, the whole front of which will be incrusted with pin-head diamonds. This gown alone will be worth a king's ransom.

Open The Crookston House.

Pauline Harvey and Troupe Open the Crookston House.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

Mr. C. H. Truesdell, formerly with the Wilson Theatre company is in the city today. After the disbandment of the Wilson Company at St. Peter, Mr. Truesdell assumed the management of the Boston Comic Opera Company, Miss Pauline Harvey, prima Donna, and is destined to Crookston to make arrangements for the opening of the new opera house there by that company on April 13th, 14th and 15th. The company will play three nights in Grand Forks, April 16th, 17th and 18. In all likehood a number of our citizens will patronize the opening of the new Crookston opera house There's some talk already of a special train being chartered for the occasion.

Marshall County Leader:—The St. Hilaire Spectator last week contained foreclosure publications for twenty-eight farm mortgage sales. The Crookston papers are not far in the rear and there are more than a dozen other papers in Polk county engaged in the same work. The great bulk of this foreclosure business may be set down as a direct result of the nefarious interest legislation going on at St. Paul. It will be a great snap for the newspaper men in this part of the state if the interest bill becomes a law however. The notices referred to above if paid for at legal rates will alone keep the wolf from Bro. Ives' door for many moons.

Prof. O. C. Morton, the geologist and mining expert, has completed a list of 133 metals, minerals, ores and rocks found in the territory tributary to Great Falls, Montana. The Belt Mountain region southeast of Great Falls into which the Great Northern is extending two branch lines, has the greatest variety of minerals in Montana, rightly termed the "Treasure State." The new silver and copper smelter being built at Great Falls will be the largest in the United States.

Leaflets giving desirable information about "Soil Cultivation." "Sugar Beets," "Flax Fibre," and "Poultry Raising," sent free by F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. or furnished by Agent Fegan, of this place.

Navy or common white beans can be profitably raised in Minnesota and the Dakotas. As a large quantity of beans is now imported from foreign lands, there is no present danger of overdoing the industry.

Celery is something every farmer should have in his garden. And there should be a good many substantial products in the farm and town gardens. We should produce more of the things we eat than we do. Let us begin the diversity this year; it is coming to that and the sooner we get at it the better. The man who is tied up to one crop is going to lose in the end.

The chicken business is a matter of wonderful importance to the table comfort and the financial outlook of the American farmer. Government statistics show that the annual expenditures in this line is over $500,000,000; and, despite the immense production of eggs, several million dollars worth are annually imported to meet the deficiency of the home supply.

It has been asserted that a given amount of food and attention will produce as many pounds of chicken flesh as it will of hog flesh. If so, why cannot farmers make poultry raising profitable and eat nutritious chicken meat instead of so much bacon? A pound of bird meat will produce more good brain, physical strength and muscular power than a pound of fat bacon.

Few will question the claim that the more a man knows about his business the more profitable he can make it. Competition is so close now in everything that the best posted man is usually the successful one. Farming is a science, and every farmer should not only have the best books relating to his business, but he should take agricultural journals as well as his home papers,

The Agricultural Experiment Station at St Anthony Park, Minn., will supply seed free to Minnesota farmers who are willing to experiment with sugar beets. Practical co-operation is desired. Address Prof. W. M. Hays, at St. Anthony Park. The farmers of North Dakota can get a supply from H. F. Helgesen, Commissioner of Agriculture and labor, Grand Forks, N. D. It can also be had from the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Rufus Hatch, the banker and rail road king, made his start in raising vegetables. All cannot make millions of dollars, but all farmers should raise millions of vegetables.

Havermeyer, the great sugar refiner of New York, has a poultry farm, with from 1,200 to 1,500 chickens. He supplies his own table and makes $1,000 or more a year, besides.

The timber culture and pre-emtion laws have been repealed. Public lands can now be taken only under the homestead act. The best free lands yet remaining are found in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

Stockmen should send to the Department of Agriculture, Washington D. C., for the work on "Diseases of Horses." It is illustrated with handsomely colored plates, and is sent free to applicants as long as the edition holds out.

The "Agricultural Grasses and Forage Plants" of the United States, published by the Agricultural Department at Washington, D. C., is a valuable work to any farmer who knows the worth of grass on a farm. Can be had by writing to your Congressman, or to the Department direct.

A good many people think a chicken unworthy of attention, but it is really a great industry. There is a duck farm in New England that netted the owner last year $4,000. Samuel J. Tilden was a great chicken fancier, and all the world knows that ex-President Hayes has a chicken farm,

Eugene Bosse of St. Paul Park, Minn., who has had long and successful experience in raising flax and making fibre, is willing to visit any locality and render what service he can in connection with the erection of small mills, to enable a neighborhood of farmers to have flax straw turned into fibre. For particulars, address him at St. Paul Park, Minn.

AUCTION!

Having disposed of my farm, I will sell at auction on the premises, Section 29, town of Euclid, on Friday, April 3d, 1891, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property, viz: 5 good mares, with foal; 1 four year old mare; 2 three year old mares; one five year old gelding; 1 four year old gelding; 3 three year old geldings; 3 two year old geldings; 3 yearlings; 1 registered Polled Angus bull, 2 years old; 15 well bred fresh cows and springers; 15 sheep; 2 farm wagons; 1 mowing machine; 1 wheel rake; 2 gang plows; 2 sulky plows; 2 walking plows; 3 drags; 2 old harvesters; 1 sled; 1 Diamond feed mill; 1 sett platform scales; 1 sett double harness; 2 saddles; 1 stove; dairy utensils, &c.

Terms of Sale:—All sums under $10 cash. On all sums over $10, 5 per cent discount for cash, or time until Nov. 1st, 1891, on good approved notes bearing interest at 8 per cent per annum.

E. L. SMITH, Prop.

J. B. [illegible], Auctioneer.

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Windows and Mouldings

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

Trade at HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockin, C. Hendrickson. Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT

ATTYS-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block. Crookston, Minn

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.,

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Morfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20½, single; to pole 2:17. Fashion, record 2:23½; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:30; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

FLINT BROS., Prop's.

G. P. PASEMAN, Manager.

Farmers' Bulletin, No. 3, just issued by the National Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., is devoted to sugar beets. Sent free to all applicants.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

Call on Mrs. I. U. Jennings for Easter millinery goods, for she has just received a large assortment of trimmed hats, flowers, ribbons, laces, notions, &c., all of the latest styles and at prices lower than ever before. [49-50]

For Sale.

A good high grade Holstein cow, two weeks in milk. Gives from 8 to 10 quarts at a milking, without bran. Enquire of M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax or at JOURNAL office.

TEACHER WANTED.

To commence term on April 6th, in School Dist. No. 55. Apply to the clerk of said district, Jas. Greenhalgh, Jr. Crookston, Minn. [48-50]

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. PALMSTIER,

[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

The New York Times recently printed a series of entertaining letters, descriptive of a trip by Charles Hallock over the Great Northern Railway through Minnesota and North Dakota to Montana. He is enthusiastic over the future of the treasure state, as he is with the entire region traversed by the Great Northern.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants Bank

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants Bank. ☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

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But it is hard for any committee to secure the full measure of votes for its candidates when a few prominent Republicans [illegible]cretly doing all in their power to defeat one or more nominees. We sincerely believe that a political party should give the widest latitude of opinion possible to its members, and no man should be insulted or ostracised because he differs from some of the party leaders in matters of secondary importance. But no man can be a loyal party man who does not give his support to the chosen candidates of the party with which he affiliates. A man goes into a party organization with a full knowledge of its principles, but he cannot become a member in good standing unless he faithfully supports the nominees presented to him by the honest vote of the majority of the representatives of such party in convention assembled. In other words, his initiation is only complete when he supports the candidates on election day. It is this pretending to be a Republican, and the secretly conniving at the defeat of the candidates of the Republican party, that has done so much to bring about the disastrous results keenly felt last November. A political party is like an army, save that the leaders of the former are chosen by the popular suffrage of their fellow citizens; but these leaders once chosen, should receive the honest and combined support of every man professing the pary tenets, no matter what his personal or private grievances may be. No party is organized for the purpose of assisting in personal revenge or for the airing of the personal grievances of its members. By what right then can men, who have helped to defeat Republican candidates come before that party and ask for its confidence? There is no doubt but what during the campaign of 1890, men who now pretend to be faithful Republicans, ignored the honestly nominated candidates of the party, and trained their heaviest guns upon some of their party associates. Some of them, it is rumored, expended money and made treasonable moves because they had a personal grudge against a candidate who was victorious in convention in a square and fair contest. It will not be long before some of these men will bob up serenely and try to secure some of the highest honors within the power of the Republican party of Minnesota to bestow. If we can judge from the past history of politics in this State, such men will be most likely to be honored. The bolter in Minnesota in the Republican party seems to have had smooth sailing in the past. There are instances where men openly opposed a ticket during one campaign, and in the next campaign secured prominent positions either by nomination or by appointment in the councils of the party. No man who has not faithfully supported the nominees of an honest majority has any rights in the Republican party that the rank and file are bound to respect. Such men have placed themselves outside of the lines of the party. The only way for the Republican party in Minnesota to present a solid front is for the sinners to confess their errors and ask forgiveness for past political treason, and be taken back on probation a while before they are recognized as members of good standing in the party. The writer has no ambition in the direction of political favors, but believes that unless this tendency to knife every one who has the manliness and courage to speak his convictions, is checked, it will result in the ultimate and everlasting defeat of the party at the polls. The Minneapolis Evening Journal deserves much credit for calling attention to such infamous methods at this early date. It is to be hoped that the traitorous members of the party will profit by the advice, for if they do it will be possible to rule again by the accustomed majority. If the members of the Republican party will put aside their grievances, and get together on a common and honest ground, the party will gain the ascendency by an old fashioned Republican majority in 1892. And six if not seven Republican congressmen will have seats in the lower house of the national legislature.

LINEN MILL DATA.

Spindlers to Be Whirring in Thirty Days Now—A Valuable Report

Minneapolis Journal.

The Minneapolis linen mills received last week two more carloads of spinning machinery from Scotland. Manager Bayless hopes, with no further delay, to have the spindles whirring within 30 days. The company is receiving many samples of flax and tow grown in his state, and much interest is being manifested in the new industry. It is not, however, expected to get a regular supply for the mill from Minnesota until after the next harvest, but the mill will be supplied largely during the interim with fibre from Canada.

The special committee of the legislature on flax and hemp fibres, of which Hon. Chas. M. Bell of St. Paul as chairman, has just submitted a very valuable report to the legislature giving the result of their investigations. The report is thorough and exhaustive and contains letters from some of the best known flax growers and manufacturers of the state. The committee is desirous that the legislature give it a large circulation among Minnesota farmers, holding that the legislature could not expend a few thousands at this time more judiciously than in printing and circulating an edition of at least 100,000 copies of this report. [illegible]

Pensions Helped Avert the Panic.

National Tribune.

The danger of a panic, which seemed so alarmingly imminent at the beginning of last winter, is now definitely past, and the country, recovering from the temporary scare, has started on a new career of prosperity, which we are sanguine will be long-enduring. There is no doubt in the mind of any man, at all familiar with the facts that nothing did more to avert the panic than the large pension disbursements. So long as the Pension Bureau was diffusing among the common people about $33,000,000 every three months, there could not be a severely stringent lack of ready money in the country. This $33,000,000 did the work that 10 times that amount would not have done in the hands of bankers and money lords, for it did not lie idle a day. It was turned over and over constantly from the very moment it was received from the Pension Agents' hands. Everybody got some of it, everybody's business was helped by it, and every wheel of industry and trade was lubricated by it.

More money was paid the bondholders than the veterans, but that paid the bondholders was nothing like the help to the country that the pension payments were. It went into the vaults of New York capitalists and bankers, to be used in stock speculations and other operations of no especial benefit to the people. One hundred dollars of pension money probably paid inside of three months, many thousand dollars of debts to butchers, bakers, workingmen, dry-goods merchants, grocers, etc., where $1,000 paid the bondholder lay idle in the bank, or was put up as margins on a stock speculation. Had there been a panic it would have cost the country many times as much money as has been paid out for pensions since the system began. The aid given, therefore, in averting a panic by paying out some $184,000,000 for pensions was an excellent investment for the country, from a purely financial point of view.

Strange Revolution in Women's Dress—Will American Ladies Dare Adopt It?

Some predict that the great change in the fashioning of the clothes which are to be worn by women this coming season is the most wonderful victory of the nineteenth century—if fashion leaders can be induced to adopt it, and appear just once in public so arrayed.

Men will hold their breath in wonder at the marvelous change it makes in lovely woman. "Few of the fair sex can help being beautiful in these glove-fitting costumes," says a writer in a recent number of The New York and Paris Young Ladis' Fashion Bazar. "The magazine is the only one in Europe or America which makes a specialty of giving those inclined to stoutness an unrivaled appearance of sculptured slimness," said Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales. Madame Patti has ordered from the Paris house four magnificent costumes, the designs of which appear in the April number of this Fashion Bazar—and in this magazine only.

Mrs. Harrison is greatly fascinated with the exquisite gem, costume No. 4, in the April number. It is expected she will give an order for an exact counterpart of it, the whole front of which will be incrusted with pin-head diamonds. This gown alone will be worth a king's ransom.

Open The Crookston House.

Pauline Harvey and Troupe Open the Crookston House.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

Mr. O. H. Truesdell, formerly with the Wilson Theatre company is in the city today. After the disbandment of the Wilson Company at St. Peter, Mr. Truesdell assumed the management of the Boston Comic Opera Company, Miss Pauline Harvey, prima Donna, and is destined to Crookston to make arrangements for the opening of the new opera house there by that company on April 13th, 14th and 15th. The company will play three nights in Grand Forks, April 16th, 17th and 18. In all likehood a number of our citizens will patronize the opening of the new Crookston opera house. There's some talk already of a special train being chartered for the occasion.

Marshall County Leader:—The St. Hilaire Spectator last week contained foreclosure publications for twenty-eight farm mortgage sales. The Crookston papers are not far in the rear and there are more than a dozen other papers in Polk county engaged in the same work. The great bulk of this foreclosure business may be set down as a direct result of the nefarious interest legislation going on at St. Paul. It will be a great snap for the newspaper men in this part of the state if the interest bill becomes a law, however. The notices referred to above if paid for at legal rates will alone keep the wolf from Bro. Ives' door for many moons.

Prof. O. O. Morton, the geologist and mining expert, has completed a list of 183 metals, minerals, ores and rocks found in the territory tributary to Great Falls, Montana. The Belt Mountain region southeast of Great Falls, into which the Great Northern is extending [illegible] branch lines, has the greatest variety of minerals in Montana, [illegible] the treasure state. [illegible]

Leaflets giving desirable information about "Soil Cultivation," "Sugar Beets," "Flax Fibre," and "Poultry Raising," sent free by F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn. or furnished by Agent Fegan, of this place.

Navy or common white beans can be profitably raised in Minnesota and the Dakotas. As a large quantity of beans is now imported from foreign lands, there is no present danger of overdoing the industry.

Celery is something every farmer should have in his garden. And there should be a good many substantial products in the farm and town gardens. We should produce more of the things we eat than we do. Let us begin the diversity this year; it is coming to that and the sooner we get at it the better. The man who is tied up to one crop is going to lose in the end.

The chicken business is a matter of wonderful importance to the table comfort and the financial outlook of the American farmer. Government statistics show that the annual expenditures in this line is over $500,000,000; and, despite the immense production of eggs, several million dollars worth are annually imported to meet the deficiency of the home supply.

It has been asserted that a given amount of food and attention will produce as many pounds of chicken flesh as it will of hog flesh. If so, why cannot farmers make poultry raising profitable and eat nutritious chicken meat instead of so much bacon? A pound of bird meat will produce more good brain, physical strength and muscular power than a pound of fat bacon.

Few will question the claim that the more a man knows about his business the more profitable he can make it. Competition is so close now in everything that the best posted man is usually the successful one. Farming is a science, and every farmer should not only have the best books relating to his business, but he should take agricultural journals as well as his home papers,

The Agricultural Experiment Station at St Anthony Park, Minn., will supply seed free to Minnesota farmers who are willing to experiment with sugar beets. Practical co-operation is desired. Address Prof. W. M. Hays, at St. Anthony Park. The farmers of North Dakota can get a supply from H. F. Helgesen, Commissioner of Agriculture and labor, Grand Forks, N. D. It can also be had from the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Rufus Hatch, the banker and rail road king, made his start in raising vegetables. All cannot make millions of dollars, but all farmers should raise millions of vegetables.

Havermeyer, the great sugar refiner of New York, has a poultry farm, with from 1,200 to 1,500 chickens. He supplies his own table and makes $1,000 or more a year, besides.

The timber culture and pre-emtion laws have been repealed. Public lands can now be taken only under the homestead act. The best free lands yet remaining are found in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

Stockmen should send to the Department of Agriculture, Washington D. C., for the work on "Diseases of Horses." It is illustrated with handsomely colored plates, and is sent free to applicants as long as the edition holds out.

The "Agricultural Grasses and Forage Plants" of the United States, published by the Agricultural Department at Washington, D. C., is a valuable work to any farmer who knows the worth of grass on a farm. Can be had by writing to your Congressman, or to the Department direct.

A good many people think a chicken unworthy of attention, but it is really a great industry. There is a duck farm in New England that netted the owner last year $4,000. Samuel J. Tilden was a great chicken fancier, and all the world knows that ex-President Hayes has a chicken farm,

Eugene Bosse of St. Paul Park, Minn., who has had long and successful experience in raising flax and making fibre, is willing to visit any locality, and render what service he can in connection with the erection of small mills, to enable a neighborhood of farmers to have flax straw turned into fibre. For particulars, address him at St. Paul Park, Minn.

AUCTION!

Having disposed of my farm, I will sell at auction on the premises, Section 29, town of Euclid, on Friday, April 3d, 1891, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property, viz: 5 good mares, with foal; 1 four year old mare; 2 three year old mares; one five year old gelding; 1 four year old gelding; 8 three year old geldings; 8 two year old geldings; 8 yearlings; 1 registered Polled Angus bull, 2 years old; 15 well bred fresh cows and springers; 15 sheep; 2 farm wagons; 1 mowing machine; 1 wheel rake; 2 gang plows; 2 sulky plows; 2 walking plows; 8 drags; 2 old harvesters; 1 sled; 1 Diamond feed mill; 1 sett platform scales; 1 sett double harness; 2 saddles; 1 stove; [illegible] Terms of sale—All sums under $10 [illegible]

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

—DEALER IN—

Lumber, Building Paper,

PAINTS, OILS,

Doors, Windows and Mouldings

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

—AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED—

MILWAUKEE HARVESTER

AND THE CELEBRATED

WINONA PLOWS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders.
Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

O. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. U. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson.
E. P. Pierce.
H. Steenerson.
Max. Ericsson.
O. H. Lucken.
J. H. Lockan.
L. K. Aaker.
A. D. Stephens.
A. G. Gallasch.
O. Hendrickson.
A. E. Johnsen, St. Paul

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET

CROOKSTON, MINN

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

[illegible] FOOTE & SWEAT

[illegible]

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star
Fife.
Skip Jack

[illegible]

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Monfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20½, single; to pole 2:17; Fashion, record 2:23½; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:30; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

Flint Bros., Prop's.
G. P. Paseman, Manager.

Farmers' Bulletin, No. 8, just issued by the National Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., is devoted to sugar beets. Sent free to all applicants.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

Minor Rood, Mentor, Minn.

Call on Mrs. I. U. Jennings for Easter millinery goods, for she has just received a large assortment of trimmed hats, flowers, ribbons, laces, notions, &c., all of the latest styles and at prices lower than ever before. [49-50]

For Sale.

A good high grade Holstein cow, two weeks in milk. Gives from 8 to to 10 quarts at a milking, without bran. Enquire of M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax or at Journal office.

TEACHER WANTED.

To commence term on April 6th, in School Dist. No. 55. Apply to the clerk of said district, Jas. Greenhalgh, Jr. Crookston, Minn. [48-50]

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of or write

W. D. Palmerton,
[36-tf] Lisbon, N. Dakota.

The New York Times recently printed a series of entertaining letters, descriptive of a trip by Charles Hallock over the Great Northern Railway through Minnesota and North Dakota to Montana. He is enthusiastic over the future of the treasure state, as he is with the entire region traversed by the Great Northern.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.

Office in McKinnon Block.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELL!

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

[illegible]

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 2, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
9:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:25 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:43 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de......St. Paul......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar......Helena......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:15 a. m.......Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Depart 7:30 a. m.......Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m.......Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

A Tragic Affair.

St. Paul News.

The death of ex-Warden Randall, coming upon the day when the legislative committee made its report, together with all the circumstances connected therewith, renders it a political tragedy in real life.

Mr. Randall's death can be directly and entirely charged up to the scheme for his removal, and while his full and complete exoneration by an official legislative report, made the very day of his death, neither restores him to life nor assuages the grief of his family, it relieves his memory of any stain, and ought to touch even the callous hearts of the Executive and his newspaper tool, who pursued the man to his grave.

That his death was due to this affair is apparent on the statement of the facts. Summoned to California by the serious illness of his daughter, who was spending the winter there for her health under the care of her mother, he made the journey, leaving the very day when he turned over the keys to the prison to his successor. His stay was brief, and at the peril of his life he returned to appear before the legislative investigation committee. He arrived too unwell to give his testimony, and the return journey in his condition proved fatal. If he could have remained in California a few weeks his life need not have been sacrificed.

That, without his evidence being presented and without knowledge that his illness was to have a fatal termination, the committee should exonerate his management of the prison, shows the flimsy ground upon which the Governor removed him.

While this is the legacy Mr. Randall leaves for his family, it is difficult to characterize his assailants in a fitting manner. The committee report shows that the Governor used his evening newspaper organ as the tool, and that willing sheet delegated a reporter to work up the case, not for publication, but to submit to the Executive. This was faithfully done, and the reporter who was made the unwitting instrument for this persecution went before the committee and explained the matter in a manly way.

If such a thing is possible as the pricking of conscience in the case of the responsible parties in this matter, there ought to be some pangs of regret, as they see the coffin of Mr. Randall carried to the grave.

The Report shows that Warden Randall was humane in his treatment of prisoners, and that was his chief offending.

Two North Dakota Men.

How W. J. Murphy and Gilbert Pierce Succeeded.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

Bud Reeve in Minneapolis Times: "North Dakota is not only a producer and exporter of wheat, but of editors, great men and capital. A few years ago one W. J. Murphy took Horace Greely's advice to young men to "go west." He left a Minnesota farm and located in Grand Forks. In a few short years he made an enormous fortune in Grand Forks, and a few days ago went to Minneapolis and paid $500,000 spot cash for the Daily and evening Tribune. That is the way North Dakota develops young men. Mr. Murphy's partner, Gilbert A. Pierce, is another example. He was sent to Dakota from Chicago to act as governor for the territory. He had never had any experience in the governor business when he came here, but he took right hold and soon picked it up, and when that job was ended the boys said, "Well done thou good and faithful servant," and gave him another job by sending him to the United States senate. He finished that job up in good shape in a brief year that most senators take six for, and now where is he? He threw up the Chinese mission at $12,000 for the golden opportunity to go in with Mr. Murphy.

North Dakota is sorry to loose two such men as Messrs. Murphy and Pierce. Only for her inexhaustible resources she could not stand it. The state, however thinks it is worth something for an advertisement. [illegible] that they are [illegible] that they did so well while [illegible]

Is It "Over Production"?

Farm Stock and Home.

Cotton is very low in price, so low that southern farming is more than ever "depressed," and the usual cry of "over production," and the usual appeal of farmer advisers to "curtail production," are heard on every side. The southern farmer is urged to grow less cotton and more grain and meat; while the northern farmer is now growing the latter at so small a margin of profit that he cannot afford to buy more of his southern brother's cotton, and so absorb the latter's "over production." It is safe to say that the so called over production of cotton in the south would have no existence if all families in the north were in condition to buy the cotton fabrics their necessities demand or tastes desire. With such a market for cotton in the north the southern farmer would not think of growing grain and meat, but would gladly exchange for them his more congenial product; this, in turn, would furish a larger market for the products of the north, instead of curtailing it, as now seems probable.

There are many wives and mothers who in their struggles to get sufficient cotton goods to comfortably supply home wants will regard the cry of over productions of cotton as a most cruel sarcasm. Strange, indeed, it is that in a country so richly endowed as this in all things that conduce to agricultural prosperity, and possessing such marvelous transportation facilities, the agriculturists in one section should be suffering for those things which another section has a damaging surfeit of. It is not strange, either, except that in a republic the people should be content to endure such unnatural and unnecessary conditions.

This is another evidence of the serious disturbances our industrial affairs, consequent upon the abnormal centralization of the nation's wealth and the resultant diminished purchasing power of our wealth producers. Give the industrialists of the country the opportunity of devoting to the purchase of necessaries, comforts and luxuries of life the money they are now forced to contribute to fictitious values, to capitalistic combines protection classes, etc., and there would be over production of cotton, wheat, meat, or any other essentials to comfortable living and doing.

"Over Production" of Wheat

Farm Stock and Home.

In 1882 the world produced 2,187,000,000 bushels of wheat; in 1884 only 3,000,000 bushels; in 1889, 1,950,000,000 bushels; less, in 1890, 2,040,000,000 bushels. These figures represent fairly the yields of the intervening years. In the meantime the world's population grows about 2 per cent pannum; if its consumption grew in the same proportion—and it would if every body were getting his oldtime allowance—the yield of 1883 should have grown to 2,526,920,000 bushels, instead of nearly 500,000,000 bushels less than that. Such an increase would have simply kept up the equilibrium between wheat and population, and should have kept prices up to the 1882 point; undoubtedly would have done so if natural trade laws had been operative, if supply and demand had been allowed to regulate prices. But we are told that "over production" of wheat was the cause of its abnormally low prices for a few years past. The "over production" does not seem to be of wheat, but by natural inference, of hunger. The people now living on the earth have over 16 per cent less wheat to eat than they had in 1882, yet there is an "over production" of wheat! Funny, isn't it?

A New Town.

Katispell, on the Great Northern Extension.

Grand Forks Herald.

Senator Comstock, of Minnesota, and his partner, A. A. White, of Moorhead, were in the city yesterday enroute home from a trip along the extension of the Great Northern toward the coast. It is their purpose to develop a number of townsites along the extension. They have just completed the purchase of one thousand acres of land in the center of the justly celebrated Flathead Valley, for the division headquarters of the Great Northern railway. The city will be called Katispell (Indian for Flathead.) The site is one of the most beautiful on the continent. Surrounded by towering mountains, near the head of a charming lake of the same name, the center of a rich mineral district, with unlimited deposits of coal and iron, great forests of excellent pine timber, the best agricultural land in Montana, an abundance of pure running water, good hunting and fishing and a very healthy climate, are said to comprise some of the resources which are expected to make Katispell one of the largest cities between St. Paul and the coast.

Farmers who will give systematic attention to the cultivation of sugar beets, and co-operate with the Agricultural Experiment Station, are requested to leave their names with Agent Fegan of the Great Northern Railway at Crookston, and seed and instructions as to proper culture will be sent free—analysis of beets will also be made without cost to the producer. [48-tf]

FARM FOR SALE.

The northwest quarter of Section 20, Township 153, Range 47, two miles west of Angus. Inquire of [illegible]

[illegible]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $22.03 due November 1, 1889, $26.25 due May 1, 1890, $26.25 due Nov. 1, 1890 which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Knud K. Volden and Mary his wife Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee, bearing date the first day of May 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages on page 276.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and forty eight and 93-100 dollars with interest on $824.52 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section eleven (11) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court house, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty eight and 93-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Loan Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

[49-3] A. Humphreys Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $20.55 due November 1, 1889, $24.50 due May 1, 1890, $24.50 due November 1, 1890, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin G. Olson and Mary Olson his wife, Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of May 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages, on page 279.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars with interest on $769.55 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w ¼) of section Four (4) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of seven hundred and and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee.

[49-3] A. Humphreys Attorney for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale,

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 ($559.05) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Henry Johnston and Ella L. Johnston, his wife, mortgagors, to George McLean, guardian, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of February, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 15th day of February, 1888, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 548 to 549; and no action of proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of Section twenty-eight (28) in Township one hundred and forty-seven (147), in Range forty (40), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

GEORGE MCLEAN, Guardian.
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn. for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.	NEW TOWNS
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.	Health, Wealth.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.	Herds, Mines.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by the Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	Hunting, Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney at Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $22.86, due September 1st, 1889, $28.00 due March 1st, 1890, $28.00 due September 1st, 1890, and $28.00 due March 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josiah A. Mead and Sadie Mead, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of March, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of April, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 130.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, with interest on $906 86 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter [sw¼] of Section twenty-two [22], Town one hundred and fifty-four [154] of Range forty-five [45], in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty [50] dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $18.20, due February 1st, 1888, $28.00, due August 1st, 1889, $28.00, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James Kelly and Anna Kelly, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock and ten minutes a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 481.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars, with interest on $930.20 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty (20), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars ($950.59), and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $19.75, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, and $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Moore and Martha Moore, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23d day of September, 1889, at 10.30 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 115.

And whereas, the said, The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, with interest on $875.75 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), Town one hundred and forty nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor. of Broadway and Third Sts.,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars interest due January 1, 1890, thirty-five dollars, interest due July 1, 1890, and thirty-five dollars, interest due on the first day of January, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Mederic Desautells and Celanire, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1887, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of mortgages, on page 56.

And, whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, with interest on $1105 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 23d day of February, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the south half (s½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twelve (12), Town one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-four (44) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
[46-52] Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Perkins and Mattie L. Perkins, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages on pages 51-54.

And, whereas, such default consists in the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety four and 47-100 ($594.47) dollars

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and north half of southeast quarter (n½ se¼) Section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) of Range forty-one (41) containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 26th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

H. D. DICKINSON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 31] [45-51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 12, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pasca Labelle and Adele Labelle, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on pages 147-9.

And, whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $6.73 that became due November 1st, 1889; $6.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, and $6.00 that became due November 1st, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and twenty-four and 52-100 dollars ($224.52). and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ sw¼) of Section twenty (20), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing forty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

H. D. Dickinson, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[47-1] [N. G. 37]

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.
All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred and eighty ($2,280) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is actually due, at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James B. Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller, as mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 507; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to The Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, situate, lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten (10), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81), lots three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty-two, (82); all of block ninety two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12) in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the ninth (9th) day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 20th, A. D. 1891.

The Hauser & Sons Malting Company,
Assignee of said Mortgagee.
By Paul Hauser, Sr.
President.

Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee.
[43-51] St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred thirty-five and 32-100 dollars, ($535.32) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James E. Milton and Mary M. Milton, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert J. Adams, mortgagee, bearing date the 3d day of November, 1881, and, with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1881, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in book "8" of mortgages, on pages 529 to 533, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The northwest quarter of Section Ten (10), Township one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-six, (46), west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred thirty five and 32-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

ROBERT J. ADAMS, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALBERT GILMOUR AND Jane Gilmour, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Josiah Upton, of the County of Ontario, State of New York their mortgage bearing date of June 25th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The se¼ se¼ Section 6, ne¼ ne¼ Section 7, and n½ nw¼ Section 8, Township 117, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 83-36; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Josiah Upton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred twenty five and 23-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 21st, A. D. 1891.

JOSIAH UPTON, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

First publication March 26, 1891.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb as administrator of the estate of Arthur Yvernault deceased Plaintiff, vs. Addule Bray and Damase Bray Defendants.

Notice of Sale Under Decree—Foreclosure by Action.

In pursuance of a judgment and decree of the Court in this action, dated March 17th, 1891, I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in the county of Polk Minnesota, on the 9th day of May, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. the following described real property situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit: The Northwest quarter of section six [6] Township one hundred and fifty [150] Range forty four [44] or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and costs, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crokston Minn, March 20, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.

[49-3] JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Mortagge Foreclosure Sale

[First publication Feb 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($337.50) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christine Estby and John Estby, her husband, mortgagors, to Charles H. Jefferson, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of November, 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on pages 49, 50 and 51, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number three (3), in South Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.

CHARLES H. JEFFERSON, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest, which became due and payable on the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by John K. Ostgord and Betsy Ostgord his wife, of Polk County and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of June, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., in volume "32" of mortgages, on pages 190 and 191.

And whereas a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon, said premises covered by said mortgage prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of nineteen and six hundredths dollars ($19.06), and on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1890, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of twenty-two and three hundredths dollars ($22.03); and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred twenty-three and eighty hundredths dollars ($523.80), and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The east half (e½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and east half (e½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of Section three (3) in Township one hundred forty-seven (147) Range forty-five (45), containing one hundred and fifty-nine and 50-100 (159.50) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes, and twenty-five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated Moorhead, Minnesota, Feb. 21st, 1890.

The Netherlands American Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglassand Ball & Smith;
[45-51] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Frist publication March 19th, 1891.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter Nord and Kristine Nord his wife to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 7th day of December A. D. 1888 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of December A. D. 1888, at 5:50 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of Mortgages, on pages 398-401 and whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1889, $17.50 that became due December 7th 1889, $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due December 7th, 1890 and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and eighty six and 60-100 Dollars ($586.60) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said Mortgage, viz: The south east quarter (S. E ¼) of Section ten (10) in Township one hundred and fifty three (153) of Range forty four (44) containing 160 acres more or less according to United States government survey threof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty Five Dollars attorneys fee, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

[48-2] [N. G. 40.] H. D. DICKINSON Attorney.

[First publication March 19, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 17th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased.

Whereas an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Ella Teal, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court:

And whereas, Jackson S. Chapin has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Ella Teal died in said county, on the 27th day of February, 1891, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to said Jackson S. Chapin.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston in said county, on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for, or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of said hearing, be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 17th day of March, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. C. M. [illegible]
[48-30] Judge of Probate.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum.

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 9, 1891. NO. 51.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The prospects for good crops in the Red River Valley were never better. There seems to be plenty of moisture for all practical purposes.

Mr. A. Anderson was in the city last week. He has been selling horses at Devil's Lake a few seasons, has sold about $75,000 worth, and the present outlook indicates considerable losses. He says that before he went to Devil's Lake he had been selling horses in Polk County, sold over $100,000 worth, and the only loss sustained on the deal was about $300. He sold $1,300 worth of horses here last week. Tom Bjoin has been agent for him here and his deals have always been very satisfactory to Mr. Anderson.

L. C. Couvrette, one of the old-timers of Polk County, and a level-headed business man, says; "If I had from $10,000 to $15,000 to invest I would put it into Polk County farms right now. I tell you that any investment made in lands this spring will pay from 25 to 50 per cent on the money within two years! How do I know? Look at the number of inquiries we have for Polk County lands, the number of sales made and the number of people coming in to occupy the land, and you can easily see the reason for the faith that is within me. If I had 10,000 acres of Polk County dirt I would not sell a foot of it at present prices, for I know that present prices are at least one-half less than real actual worth. All we need is one more crop and good prices to boom us beyond any previous experience, and I believe we are going to get both this fall. Look out for better times in the future."

Comrade V. D. Carruth hands us a letter from a comrade in Kansas who is anxious to know about the prospects in the Red River Valley. We consider them better than for many years, as the prospects are excellent for the biggest crops we have ever had and the best prices therefor. We do not believe a farmer can sow or plant any crop that will be unprofitable in this market next fall, and as for the prospects for obtaining land, the opening of the Red Lake Indian Reservation, just as soon as arrangements can be completed, will afford excellent opportunities for obtaining government land Farming lands can also be bought near this city at figures that are extremely low for the real value, and these lands will prove in the end the cheapest, as they are nearer good markets. Breaking and backsetting costs from $4 to $4.50 per acre, but the best way is for a man to buy two good smart teams of oxen and do it himself. The best season for breaking is immediately after seeding, continuing as long as the grass is full of sap. Wood is mostly used for fuel on the prairie farms and can be had at from $2 to $4 per cord. Some use coal, which costs $9 per ton. Fall plowing is considered the best, especially for wheat, and most of it is done at that season. We have a herd law, so we do not have to fence unless we wish to. If you desire to rent a place for this season you should have been here before, however, there are yet chances. Good land can be bought at from $8 to $25 per acre, and a man can generally have as long time for payment as he desires. Good stock is plenty and cheap; good water in abundance and the very best climate on the footstool. We do not know of any country where the prospects are so good for prosperity in agriculture as right here in the Red River Valley country and especially in Polk County, the banner county.

CROOKSTON

Gets the Red River Valley College.

At the meeting of the directors of the Red River Valley College on Wednesday last, Crookston, having offered a cash bonus of $15,000 and a tract of land suitable for a site, was awarded the college. The Fargo delegation was very much disappointed as they came prepared to offer $15,000 and 17 acres of land, and they had no idea that the city of Crookston could come anywhere within gunshot of her offer—but that is where their April fool came in—Crookston got there just the same. To the indomitable energy and public spirit of L K. Aaker, Rev. Saugstad, Lewis Ellington, C. O. Christianson, and others, is due this grand achievement, for they have worked early and late to accomplish it, and at one time, when it seemed impossible to accomplish, they alone never gave up all hope, but they put their shoulders to the wheel and lifted all the harder. In time, when this new institution shall have got to work and people can see all that it means to our city, will the earnest labors of these gentlemen be appreciated at its true worth, and then we can begin to see what they have been trying to do for the best interests of our city, and this institution will be a fitting monument to them.

Indications point to a large immigration this spring, and with the crop prospects which we have we may expect a very prosperous year. Quite a number of land sales have been made during the past winter and spring and these farms each represent a new settler for Polk County. The prospects are that very much more building will be done this year than ever before and the buildings will all be of a permanent nature. A few of the largest will be the Red River College, Jerome's hotel, the large building on the corner of Main and Second streets, Fontaine & Anglim's new block, the addition to the new Odd Fellows block and several others that at present we are not at liberty to mention All this work, with the building of the new railroad and the Red River Valley saw mills running full time will make a demand for men and teams greater than ever before, and this, we believe, is but the dawn of an era of prosperity greater than ever before experienced in this county—a prosperity that will be substantial and lasting.

To Republicans of Polk County.

Notice is hereby given to all persons who believe in the principles of the Republican party that a Republican meeting will be held at the City Hall, in the city of Crookston, on Wednesday, April 15th, 1891, at 7:30 p. m., for the purpose of considering the best means of organizing the party, and for the purpose of selecting a suitable person to represent such organization in the State Republican League. All Republicans of Polk County are invited to attend.

Crookston Republican Club,
Geo. H. Palmer, Secretary.
Hugh R. Robertson, President.

What They Say About the Boston Comic Opera Company.

Portland Oregonian: The Park in its palmiest days never held a more delighted audience or one more generous of applause than that which greeted the Boston Comic Opera Company last night. In point of numbers it far exceeded all expectations, taking into consideration the strong counter attraction of the Emma Juch Opera Company, the 700 chairs on the lower floor were all taken. The opera was a new version of Andrau's charming comic opera "La Mascot," of which it is to be said it possesses the beauty of the chief features of the original, while also possessing great scope for those whimsicalities of broad and grotesque humor so much in vogue on the stage to-day. In Miss Pauline Harvey is found a singer of great sweetness and an actress of charming face and perfect figure. The gobble duett and Peppo earned an enthusiastic encore. Wm. H. Newborough, as Lorenzo, and Geo. H. Whitman as Rocco, showed a highly entertaining vein of original comedy, Whitman's grotesque work being received with uproarous applause. Herman Waldo, the tenor, as Prince Frederick, was a distinct musical triumph, his fine stage presence and clear tenor voice earning him unstinted applause and two encores. The company is one of the best ever seen in Portland.

Vancouver, B. C., News: A great success was scored last night at the Imperial by the Boston Comic Opera Co., who presented the Mascot. The two principal characters, Bettina, the Mascot, and Fiametta, the Prince's daughter, were taken by Miss Pauline Harvey and Miss Bessie German. Both acted with great taste and ability and it is difficult to say to which is due the chief honors. Mr. Newborough made a capital Lorenzo, while Mr. Whitman's Rocco fairly brought down the house. The company is a good one.

This company will open the Grand Opera House in Crookston on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 13th, 14th and 15th.

Changes Hands.

Col. Ingalls and H. E. Wells Become the Proprietors of the Dacotah.

Grand Forks Herald.

Considerable suprise was manifested yesterday morning when it leaked out that Col. Ingalls and H. E. Wells had purchased a third interest in the Hotel Dacotah and would assume the management. Such proves to be the fact. The change, however, does not take place before May 1st, Major Coleman retiring from the management at that date. It is to be regreted that he should leave, having given the public excellent satisfaction and been a very popular landlord. Taking charge of the house after it has been doing business at a loss for some time for want of management, he has place it in one year on a paying basis and made it the most popular hostelry in the northwest without exception. Of Messrs. Ingalls and Wells, the new proprietors, but little need be said. They are will and favorably known to every traveling man in the northwest. While in charge of the Ingalls they have built up a large and paying business notwithstanding many obstacles. The Ingalls house will probably be closed when they go to the Dacotah. Both Col. Ingalls and his lieutenanll Mr. Wells, have had a long experince in the hotel, business and can scarcely fail.

National Economist:—It is a sad commentary on the future of agriculture, that an advance in the price of farm products is given by many of the eastern journals as the cause of the present financial crisis. If this be true, the logical conclusion would fallow that hard times in the country made better times in Wall street; that, in order to prevent future panics the farmer must continue to sell his products at a loss. Unless all signs fail the farmers of this country are going to change these conditions and hereafter stand square upon the demand of "equal rights to all, and special privileges to none."

Will Come Down.

Western Rural.

The partisan press which is so fiercely attacking every demand made by the farmers will come down off its high perch in 1892 and before. When men are angry they do and say things which they are unwilling to repeat in their sober moments. At the last election there was such a political revolution that one of the most natural results is anger upon the part of those whose political plans were interfered with. It is not an uncommon occurrence to pick up journals that were formrely at least half way in favor of the farmer, but which are now rampant objectors to every demand he makes, They are angry. But they will pass that stage in time. Happily few men remain mad forever. These editors will see sooner or later that they must meet the farmer at least half way. They will learn that it is the people who give power to political parties after all. When 1892 comes every political organization in the country, both new and old, will be found in close rapport with the producers of the country. The farmer is just at the breaking of the day. A better time for him is dawning, and we were never more mistaken in our lives than we shall be, if all political parties do not do their level best to serve him. But the partisan newspapers that are now attacking every principle that the farmer advocates, are preparing a large amount of crow to eat in the future.

National Economist:—Who will dare deny that the financial system of this government is faulty, when the crop cannot be moved without a panic, unless the National Treasury lends sixty millions to New York banks.

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BOOTS, SHOES

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Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE

Here We Are Again.

Western Rural.

The discussion of the money question is getting monotonous to use and we think probably it is to our readers. But the newspapers that think that our money is just right, as it now is, keep up a steady flow of misrepresentation, and we know of no other way than to keep answering the sophistries and false statements that are made. The statement was made last week in one of our papers that the country had money enough now. An editor who makes such a statement is either an imbecile, an igoramus or a knave. The evidences that we have not a sufficiently large circulation are abundant and as plain as the sun in the heavens. If a borrower should go to a bank in Chicago for money to conduct a business outside of Chicago, he would be told that the demand here was enough to absorb all the money we have; and he would be told that in all the great money centers. It will not be disputed, we believe, by any sound minded man that twenty-five dollars per capita would be a small circulation; and yet we have not half of that circulation.

The paper in question, too denies that a circulation can be based on real estate, and cites the continental currency as evidence of the fact. A more utterly unfair reference could not be made. The continental money was founded on nothing for there was nothing in the country that had any absolutely known value. The government itself was an experiment. If the continental money had been fathered by a government as strong as the government of the United States is to-day, sustained by a country of known wondrous wealth, it would have been "as good as gold;" and if every dollar of paper money that is now in circulation is not resting for its value upon our land, we should like to see the operations of an imagination that would picture some other basis. Is it gold and silver that our paper currency is really resting upon? If so, about how much would it be worth if our farms were to be abandoned? This country is what it is and its money is what it is, simply because we are a great agricultural country; and it is marvellous stupidity that thinks we can impoverish our farmers and still maintain our prosperity or even maintain the value of our money. A thousand dollars issued upon a good mortgage upon real estate has the best basis of any money that every circulated in America.

Then this writer refers, as is customary for such writers to do, to the worthlessness of the confederate money "because the currency was inflated." We admit that the currency was inflated, but what has that to do with the present demand for more money or for a different kind of money? Nobody, as we have repeatedly said, wants one dollar more currency than is actually needed, and if we get more than is needed through any measure that has been proposed for increasing the circulating medium, we will put a stop to further issue. But we once more call attention to the fact that it was not alone the super. Abundancy of confederate currency that made it worthless. It was quite as much the fact that the government that issued it was not permanent and its permanency was questioned from the very beginning. Will the friends of Wall street please make a serious effort to be half fair in this discussion?

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

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We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway,

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Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. CROOKSTON, MINN.

Advantages of Minnesota.

Northwestern Farmer and Breeder.

In all of the large cities of the East there are numbers of persons who live from "hand to mouth," never save enough to supply their wants a day in advance, and still they seem to be contented to live on in this way, vainly hoping that something may turn up by which their condition will be improved. It is strange enough that among these people marriages are quite common, and in this way, the number of paupers is constantly on the increase I do not know what the condition is to-day of that portion of the city of New York once known as the "Five Points," but many years ago, the squalid poverty of the dwellers therein was simply appalling.

I have stood near the Treasury Building in Washington, about the hour of closing for the day, and have seen the thousands rush out from its many portals and hurry off to their humble homes in all parts of the city and its suburbs. Not one of these felt sure of his place on the morrow. A change of administration, or the head of a department, might cause them to lose their positions. With such unstable tenure of office it would seem to me that their rest at night would be disturbed by dreams of what might be in store for them on the following day. Now, when we remember what inducements the West offers to all who will cast their lot with its people, is it not strange that the unemployed in the cities and the half paid clerks in Washington consent to remain and eke out a miserable existence, when they can get a home in this or other western States where, by the exercise of industry and economy, they can become their own masters?

Let me mention some of the advantages offered by the State of Minnesota to those who are willing to make their homes with us and engage in manufacturing enterprises. These may be summed up as follows:

1. A great variety of raw materials, so distributed that they can be obtained at a moderate cost at any points.

2. Numerous water powers in almost every part of the State; cheap wood from the ever-growing forests, or cheap coal from the coal fields of Iowa or Illinois.

3. A climate unsurpassed for health, and in every way favorable for industrial pursuits at all seasons of the year.

4. Convenience to markets, East, West, North or South by rail and by river.

5. A good supply of labor, which can be had for fair and moderate wages.

6. A large surplus of the very best of food for man and beast.

7. Homes, the fee simple of which can be bought by the savings of ordinary industry.

8. A desire on the part of the people of the State to have all kinds of manufacturing, for which facilities are here found, introduced and encouraged.

These are the essentials for securing the location of work-shops for the development of the immense resources of the State.

That Minnesota possesses these advantages as much as almost any known country is generally conceded, and the result, from the few large manufacturing enterprises that have been carried on here, demonstrated that these facilities have not been over-estimated.

St. Paul and Minneapolis, to all intents and purposes constituting one city, presents itself as the centre of this great manufacturing system. Look at the territory which would of necessity draw its supplies from this dual city. When the broad prairies west of us are brought under cultivation, and when the population shall be counted by the millions, what an immense market will be afforded for all we can manufacture.

Our railroad system, now in its infancy, is destined to be completed; railroads radiating in all directions will reach out their iron fingers to grasp and bring to our market the surplus of the vast empire west of us in exchange for the products of our factories. These who turn their attention to manufactures, will be, in due season, abundantly rewarded.

The immense army of people could not all engage in manufacturing, but many of them could find homes on unimproved lands and become producers instead of remaining consumers, assured of steady employment and a ready sale for all the surplus they can produce. Stock raising has always been profitable, and will continue to be until the West becomes so densely settled that stock cannot roam at large.

The Northern Pacific Railroad advertises for sale in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana and Washington thirty-seven millions of acres at prices ranging from $1.25 to $6.00 per acre, on easy terms. The road owns only alternate sections; most of the others belonging to the Government, and can be secured in parcels of 160 acres without the payment of a dollar, by those who are willing to locate thereon and cultivate the same. These suggestions are purely in the interest of those who have no homes and no regular or permanent employment, and those who accept and act upon them will never cease to be grateful.

The above was written by Gen. R. W. Johnson of St. Paul, for N. Y. Christian Weekly. We republish it by request, and commend it to all our eastern friends. Opportunities are waiting for willing hands and heads not only in Minnesota, but everywhere throughout the Northwest. Come and see.

A BISHOP'S HORSE.

Our Dumb Animals.

In the Shattuck Cadet the story of a bishop's horse is told by Bishop Whipple to the boys of Shattuck Hall, Faribault, as follows:—

When I was elected bishop [of Minnesota] the State was still staggering under the panic of 1857. There was not a mile of railway. Our shipments of wheat, then very small, were by steamers on the Mississippi. We had a daily mail from Hastings, and twice each week one from St. Paul and Owatonna. I have been a week travelling from La Crosse to Faribault, and two days to St. Paul. A kind friend gave me a noble horse named "Bashaw," own cousin to the famous "Patchen." He was a kingly fellow, and had every sign of noble birth: a slim, delicate head, prominent eyes, small, active ears, large nostrils, full chest, thin gambrels, heavy cords, neat fetlocks, and black as coal. He was my friend and companion in nearly forty thousand miles travel, always full of spirit and yet gentle as a girl. I never struck him but once, and that was to save his life and mine on the brink of a precipice; and when saved the tears filled my eyes. He knew how I loved him, and he loved me as well as horse ever loved his master. He never forgot any place where he had ever been, and many a time he has saved our lives when lost on the prairie.

In summer heat and winter storm he kept every appointment, and it was done by heroic effort. It was no easy task to travel in winter over prairies without a house for twenty miles. I recall time after time when we were lost. I left New Ulm for the Lower Sioux Agency when the thermometer was 36 below zero at noon; there was an ugly, freckled sky and long rifts of clouds. I remembered the adage, "Mackerel backs and colts' tails, lofty ships take in sails." For seven miles there were houses in the distance, and then it was twenty miles across the prairie without a house.

We were in for it; our motto, "No step backward!" In about an hour we came to a place where the snow had been blown away; it was stubble, no sign of a road. I was lost. I turned the horses back to follow my sleigh track: the wind had obliterated it. I knew points of compass almost as well as an Indian. We started in the direction of the agency. The country was full of little coolies, and soon I had both horses down in snow-drifts. After great efforts we got back on the prairie.

Night had came on, not a star, the wind howling like wolves. I knelt down and said my prayers, wrapped myself in buffalo robes, threw the reins on the dashboard, and prepared to let the horses walk where they would until daylight. About midnight old Bashaw stopped so suddenly it threw me onto the dashboard. I jumped from the sleigh, and found an Indian trail which looked like a snake under the snow. I knew one end of it was at the agency, but which, I knew not. We followed the trail until we saw a light. Never did a horse neigh more joyously as he sprang toward it; we were saved. Dear old fellow! as I put him in his stall he nipped me with his lip, with a marvellous look out of those grand eyes, as much as to say, "Master, all's well."

The stage drivers of Burbank & Co.'s coaches knew, admired, and loved him. The honest, kindly fellows were my best friends, and I believe, thought me a better preacher for Bashaw's sake.

You will not blame me for my tribute of love to this dumb servant of God. I am half tempted to tell you of some speculations which have come to the wisest and best of men as to the immortality of these sentient beasts. John Wesley, Bishop Butler, and a host of others believed it. One of the most charming lectures I ever read was written by Judge Wilder to prove it. Revelation was given for men who have sinned, to bring them back to God their Father, not to tell us of the future of the brute creation. Memory is the faculty which blends our lives into a harmonious whole and carries with it the proof of a future life. A horse has it for all purposes, and can use it as much as we. The fact that there are wrongs which are never righted here, is a strong presumptive proof of another world where they are redressed. The brute shares in the evils which come from man's wandering from God. Just as man falls into the power of the devil and mars God's image, the poor brute suffers; and just as that image is restored, love, goodness, and mercy overflow on the brute creation.

Pardon my telling you so much of my dear old friend, who was, for more than twenty years, my missionary companion, and without whom I could not have done my Master's work.

H. B. Whipple.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 9, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 88.
1 Northern 86.
2 Northern 83.
3 Northern 78.

See Fontane & Anglim's carpets.

School "took up" again on Monday morning.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 88 cents.

If you want bargains in hardware, go to Benoit & Sylvester.

Carpets for every one at Fontaine & Anglim's. Call and examine.

Election day was very quiet though a good deal of effective work was done.

Eunice and Mabel Copeland went to St. Paul last week for a few days visit

Millinery opening Friday and Saturday of this week at Mrs. I. U. Jennings'.

Herman Rasmussen has moved into the old Montgomery building on west Main street.

See those drills that Benoit & Sylvester offer before you purchase. Now is the time to select.

A. Grindeland was down from Warren last week to attend the meeting of the college association.

See Fontaine & Anglim's superb line of carpets. The best and the cheapest.

George Vine has bought out the Steege meat market and taken possession, moving his goods therein.

Don't forget to drop in and see the new opera house next week, Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday evening.

Call at Fontaine & Anglim's and let them quote you prices on carpets.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church meets with Mrs. Fuller on Thursday afternoon of this week.

Ladies, have you called in to see Mrs. E. E. Bangs' grand millinery opening? Nice place to select a hat for the opera next week.

Wheat opened out on Thursday morning at 88 cents and on Friday morning at 89 cents. It seems bound to get to the $ mark.

Millinery opening Friday and Saturday of this week at Mrs. I. U. Jennings'.

The entertainment at the opera house last Thursday evening was not very well attended but was said to have been a good one.

Fontaine & Anglim display a complete line of carpetings, in great variety. Call and get prices.

The Boston Opera Company is the best comic opera company now on the boards. Don't fail to hear them next week at the new opera house.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs has all of the latest styles in millinery and the prices are very, very low. Call and see what a nice hat you can get for the opera for a very little money.

Millinery opening Friday and Saturday of this week at Mrs. I. U. Jennings'.

The reading entertainment given by Miss Marion Willis, at McKinnon Hall, on Thursday evening, was well attended and very highly enjoyed. Miss Willis went from here to Fertile.

Call and see Miss Helen Halvorson's nice stock of new spring millinery goods—those hats are just what you want for the opera next week. The ladies are cordially invited to call.

W. E. Slocum will open a grocery store in the brick building on east Broadway, in the room adjoining J. V. E. Wyatt's on the south. He will be ready for business about April 11th.

Everybody is anxious to see the new opera house, and next week the grand opening will afford a good opportunity. Be sure to be there at least one night. Seats now on sale at the usual place.

Benoit & Sylvester have moved their store across the street to the building just vacated by E. Asselin, and are now on deck to meet the wants of their customers. By the way, they are having a nice trade.

Our thanks are due to those friends who have kindly remembered us on subscription this week. Such little acts of kindness help us out far more than you know of and are very much appreciated just at this time.

Fontaine & Anglim are moving their gents' clothing department into the building recently vacated by Stewart & Spottswood. They will remove the building now occupied by them to make room for the new block.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Hathaway yesterday received a letter announcing the marriage of their only daughter, Emma, at Parker's Lake, near Minneapolis. The event took place on the 4th inst., and the happy couple left on the same evening for a brief tour to Maine.

Miss Helen Halvorson has decided upon Friday and Saturday of this week, and Monday of next week, as her opening days when she will display an elegant line of all of the latest novelties in millinery. The ladies are invited to [illegible]

[illegible] Bjoin is not a milliner ex[illegible] but he is going to have a grand opening next week—opera house opening—and he cordially invites everybody [illegible] to attend. Tickets now on [illegible] at the usual place. Go and [illegible]

The 25th Anniversary

OF THE G. A. R.

At the Old Opera House, on Monday Evening, April 6th, 1891.

The members of Col. Cobham Post, No. 90, and Sons of Veterans, met at G. A. R. hall on Monday evening, at 7:30, pursuant to Gen'l Orders No. 18, and at 7:50 fell in to march to the old opera house on Broadway, where the services were to be held. Upon arrival the hall was found to be nearly filled with our citizens, ladies and gentlemen, and a goodly number of the school children, and the old veterans and the sons of vets silently followed the grand old flag to the front, where seats had been reserved for them. Upon the stage was seated His Honor, Mayor McKinnon, Rev. C. F. Sharpe, Rev. O. H. Elmer and the members of the Methodist Episcopal choir, and the organist. The stage was appropriately hung with bunting while the grand old flag of our country was numerously displayed, while in front appeared the G. A. R. badge with the words, "Col. Cobham Post, No. 90," upon the shield, while overhead hung this motto, "25th anniversary G. A. R." surmounting the badge of the order.

Commander Fontaine called the assembly to order, briefly outlining the object of the meeting, and announced the opening exercises, a song by the choir. He then introduced His Honor Mayor McKinnon, who spoke as follows:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—It is with sentiments of pride and pleasure that I find myself called upon to address this meeting, assembled for the purpose of commemorating the 25th Anniversary of the organization of The Grand Army of the Republic. And, indeed, I cannot think of any occasion more fit to stir up the best feelings of a true and loyal citizen of our great Republic than a meeting of this kind, recalling as it does, the sorrowful, yet glorious days of the Rebellion, when our noble constitution and its glorious privileges were in imminent peril, and where such heroic deeds of valour, courage and self sacrifice were performed by those noble men who fought, and preserved undivided what we so justly and proudly cherish. With pleasure indeed do I congratulate those veterans who are here to-night and who took such a noble part in the sanguinary conflict, and are here to-night to commemorate this organization. To the Sons of Veterans do I also offer my congratulations at having become members of this organization which I consider a guarantee of their behavior in the future should the country (from which God preserve us) ever require their services. To the Ladies, who by their presence here, testify their respect and admiration for the organization and its members, and who, as on all occasions where they are present, embellish the situation, and to the citizens, who present evidently for the same purpose, do I return thanks.

Before closing my address, I wish to say that a programe has been arranged which will be immediately carried out. This program is intended for the benefit of all present, and I invite you all to give it your attention."

The Commander then announced a song by the choir, who rendered, "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys are Marching," in such a manner as to set every old vet's feet tramping in unison, and his heart to flutter like unto the days when we sung it as we used to sing it 50,000 strong, when we were marching through the southland. General Orders, No. 18, was then read by comrade I. U. Jennings, also circular letter No. 8, which was a brief synopsis of the history of the organization and progress of the G. A. R. On the 6th day of April, 1866, the first Post was organized at Decatur, Ill., by Dr. B. F. Stephenson, Surgeon of the 14th Illinois Infantry, but it was not until 1871, after Comrade Stephenson had answered the last roll-call that the order began to flourish and give token of the noble organization that it is to-day.

Comrade Jennings then read the following:

History of Col. Cobham Post No. 90.

Col. Cobham Post was organized on the evening of April 16th, 1884, the first meeting was held in Fortier Hall and thirty-seven Charter members mustered in by the Department Mustering Officer of the state department, A. E. Hammond, who installed the following officers elected for the first year:

W. H. Topping, Post Commander.
W. F. Zwickey, Senior Vice Commander.
T. A. Harris Junior Vice Commander.
W. H. Jennings, Adjutant.
K. D. Chase, Q. M.
L. B. Tooley, Surgeon.
A. M. Childs, Chaplain.
B. F. Zarracher, O. D.
W. R. Dunn, O. G.
Y. D. Carruth, Sergt. Major.

The number assigned to it by State Department was 90, and up to the present year the following named comrades have passed the Commander's Chair: W. H. Topping, T. A. Harris, O. H. Mix, B. F. Zarracher, O. H. Lucken, J. G. McGrew, and C. S. Spendley. Since its organization the Post has increased by muster and transfer card to 109 members, and during all these years no member has been lost by death, a record that perhaps no post in our state has equaled.

Through the organization of other posts in our part of the state and by transfers to our comrades who moved from among us our present number is 58.

The members have ever claimed the right to conduct the ceremonies, decorations and parade on Memoral day and the citizens of Crookston have unhesitatingly acknowledged that right and lent them their assistance and donated liberally of their means to that end so that the day has been fittingly observed each and every year since its organization. There has never been a Woman's Relief Corps organized here and we feel there is little need of any at least for the present, for the ladies of this place have ever held themselves in readiness to assist the soldiers in any of their undertakings when called upon or needed, and have lent valuable aid and assistance in times past by donations of flowers, arranging and decorating the halls, and furnishing music for the Decoration services, for all of which the Comrades are truly grateful.

This was listened to by the audience standing, the Post at "parade rest," and was followed by a brief, earnest prayer by Rev. O. H. Elmer. The choir then sang: "Tenting on The Old Camp Ground," which brought vividly to the mind of the old vet. the army "dog-tent" and the bivouac fire in the days when indeed we were "tenting to-night on the old camp ground," and war and desolation reigned supreme throughout the length and breadth of our beloved land.

This was followed by the address of the Rev. C. F. Sharpe, who briefly and eloquently outlined the object of the G. A. R. and some of the things it has accomplished, and we only regret our inability to capture the speech entire for the edification of those of our readers who were unable to be present to hear it. It was one of the finest speeches to which we have listened in many a day, a speech that did the heart of the old veterans much good and instilled into the hearts of the children and the youth a valuable lesson of patriotism.

At its close Commander Fontaine invited the audience to rise and join in singing "America," and the old building shook and quivered to the tune of the grand old anthem borne aloft on the sweet voices of the children, the cracked and weather-beaten voices of the old veterans and the cultured voices of the choir. The benediction was pronounced by the Rev. O. H. Elmer and the audience dispersed. Col. Cobham Post marching back to its quarters where an hour was spent in social converse and the weary old vets meandered to their several homes very much refreshed in spirit by the exercises.

KIND WORDS.

Barnesville Review: W. G. Cooke, publisher of The Polk County Journal, died on Wednesday, March 18th, at his home in Polk County. Mr. Cooke was one of the pioneers in journalism in the north part of the state. He helped to start a paper in Audubon, Becker County, in 1876. The next year he with his brother removed to Crookston where they have since published The Journal. His death was caused from a severe attack of La grippe which he contracted last winter.

Douglas County News: We regret to learn of the death, on March 18th, of W. G. Cooke, publisher of The Polk County Journal, at the age of about 37 years. He had been in the newspaper business in Minnesota since 1876. He was a gentleman whom it was a pleasure to meet and in his death the profession loses a shining light. His family have our sincerest sympathy.

Northfield News:—W. G. Cooke publisher of the Polk County Journal, died March 18, aged thirty-six. He was connected with The Journal fourteen years, and was universally respected for his good qualities.

Kittson Co. Enterprise:—It is with deep regret that we read the announcement of the death of W. G. Cooke publisher of the Polk County Journal, last week. Mr. Cooke has worked hard for the interests of the county in which he has so long lived and his loss will be keenly felt in that county. To the family and relatives the Enterprise extends its sympathy, yet what are words at such a time.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs and Miss Jennie Newland arrived on Sunday morning from a three months sojourn at Salt Lake City, Utah. Mrs. B. is very much improved in health and intends to return to Salt Lake City to live just as soon as she can close out her business interests here.

Mrs. J. B. Copeland received a telegram from Chicago on Tuesday evening of last week announcing that her father was dying. She left on the evening train for St. Paul and on Wednesday morning a telegram was received here announcing her father's death. Mr. Copeland, who was in St. Paul, went to Chicago.

Commissioner C. P. DeMers was down to attend the extra meeting of the County Board last week. C. P. proves a very faithful member—never misses a good meal of victuals nor a meeting of the Board. Says the farmers in his bailiwick are all making active preparations for a vigorous campaign all along the line this spring—will sow lots of wheat, barley and oats in the strong belief of good crops and good prices. He says county division is busted wide open—"oska spiel" this year.

Grand Opening

BJOIN'S

Grand Opera House,

Crookston, Minn.,

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,

April 13th, 14th and 15th,

AND WEDNESDAY MATINEE.

The new Queen of the Northwest will be opened with the

BOSTON COMIC OPERA COMPANY

OF 25 PEOPLE.

This Company comes with unstinted praise from the western press, and all can rely on a first-class company and first-class operas.

Opening bill .... "La Mascot."
Tuesday night .... "Erminie."
Wednesday night .... "Olivette."
Wednesday Matinee .... "Mikado."

On Tuesday of last week Register H. H. Dickmann took parson Elmer and a few friends and went out to the residence of John O'Breont, the object being to make John's last remaining daughter, Miss Amelia J. Mentzel, Mrs. H. H. Dickmann. The knot was duly tied and after a fine wedding breakfast the happy party returned to the city and had a happy time getting here. Those who were brave enough to tackle the country roads at this season of the year were: Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Palmer and Mr. and Mrs. Will Himmelsback. After a bountiful repast at the residence of Mr. S. L. Collins the happy couple took the evening train for St. Paul and other southern cities for a visit of a few days duration. The Journal unites with the many friends of the happy couple in congratulations.

WANTED.

A good girl to do house work on farm. Apply to [illegible] D. Childs, [illegible]

Benoit & Sylvester have got nicely settled in their new store on west Broadway and invite attention to their new drills on which they are doing a good deal of bragging—but they say the facts will warrant it all and more too. Go and see about that if you contemplate purchasing a drill this spring.

D. N. Harper writes The Journal that he has placed the Pillsbury wheat in the hands of A 1 farmers and expects that it will be the means of much good in better seed for the future. If the wheat is as he represents, it will indeed be the means of accomplishing great good in this county where much of it has been placed. Every one who gets it should take extra care to preserve it in its purity and prevent mixing.

POTATOES.

If you have a few potatoes to spare we will be glad to allow the highest market price on subscription. We can use from 25 to 50 bushels [illegible]

WHAT THEY SAY.

Capt. E. O. Davis: "Rev. Sharpe's speech to the boys on Monday evening was the finest oratorial effort I ever listened to in this city. What a contrast between the sentiments of such noble patriots and those held by the little snivelled up soldier haters."

O. H. Lucken: "Wasn't that speech of Mr. Sharpe's just a corker, though? How he did just pick the old vets up tenderly and just carefully sit 'em down so as not to stub their toes upon any rock they may have foundered upon since the war. My eyes, but it was a good one!"

Geo. Vine: "Had to do it, you know. Found that my business was growing to that extent that I had to have larger quarters. So I bought Steege out and here I am right on deck, next door to the post office, ready to supply anything and everything needed in my line. You may extend a cordial invitation to Journal readers to call and size me up."

Grand Forks Herald, April 7th. "Three ballots were cast in the third ward up till noon yesterday. Two judges and one clerk voting."

That beats the record of the fifth ward in this city all hollow, eh, Morrisey?

At the convention on Friday evening the following ticket was placed in the field:

For Mayor,
ALEXANDER McKINNON.
For Alderman at Large,
HALVOR STEENERSON.
For City Clerk,
E. C. CARRUTH.
For Treasurer,
L. C. COUVRETTE.
For Assessor,
D. JACOBUS.
For Justices,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON.
JOHN PATERSON.
For Constables,
GEO. H. HOLT.
HANS LARSON.

At the caucusses on Wednesday evening, the following gentlemen were placed in nomination in their respective wards, viz:

For Alderman—1st Ward,
I. U. JENNINGS.
For Alderman—2d Ward,
J. H. McGLOGAN.
For Alderman—3d Ward,
1 Year Term—W. E. WALKER.
2 Year Term—R. J. MONTAGUE.
For Alderman—4th Ward,
JOHN CROMB.
For Alderman—5th Ward,
R. G. MARLETTE.

On Monday evening "we, the people," met in solemn conclave and placed in the field the following ticket:

For Mayor,
ALEXANDER McKINNON.
For Alderman at Large,
HALVOR STEENERSON.
For City Clerk,
G. H. PALMER.
For Treasurer,
A. CHABOT.
For Assessor,
S. L. COLLINS.
For Justices,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON.
C. S. SPENDLEY.
For Constables,
GEO. H. HOLT.
HANS LARSON.
For Alderman—1st Ward,
I. U. JENNINGS.
For Alderman—2d Ward,
J. H. McGLOGAN.
For Alderman—3d Ward,
1 Year Term—ANDREW EIKEN.
2 Year Term—L. D. MARSHALL.
For Alderman—4th Ward,
FRANK IVES.
For Alderman—5th Ward,
R. G. MARLETTE.

THE WINNING TICKET.

Mayor—Alexander McKinnon.
Ald. at Large—H. Steenerson.
Clerk—E. C. Carruth.
Treasurer—L. C. Couvrette.
Assessor—D. Jacobus.
Justices—C. O. Christianson.
—C. S. Spendley.
Constables—Geo. H. Holt.
—Hans Larson.
Alderman—1st ward, I. U. Jennings.
" —2d ward, J. H. McGlogan.
" —3d ward, W. E. Walker.
L. D. Marshall
" —4th ward, John Cromb.
" —5th ward, R. G. Marlette.

Mrs I. U. Jennings, Mrs. C. E. Sawyer and Mrs. Dr. Dampier, went over to Grand Forks on Wednesday.

Fontane & Anglim display the finest line of carpets ever brought in this city. If you intend purchasing call and examine the new styles and get prices.

Judge Spendley's many friends were congratulating him on Wednesday on his reelection as city justice. The Judge made a good fight and won by 11 majority.

Service at the Congregational church next Sunday conducted by the Pastor. 11 a. m. "The Twelve Baskets of Fragments." 7:30 p. m. "The Young Man as a Christian." A cordial welcome is extended to every one to attend our Church.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

Fountane & Anglim certainly have the finest line of carpetings we have ever seen in this city and invite the attention of Journal readers to the same. Call and look them over.

Trefle Daoust was down from Lambert on Friday and dropped in to cheer The Journal man with a bit of the wherewithal. He says farmers are all encouraged to renewed efforts this spring and will put in lots of wheat, barley, oats and potatoes. Mr. D. intends to go into stock more, and will keep 15 to 20 cows for the cheese factory, as will many of his neighbors.

Services will be held in Christs Church at 11 a. m. and 730 p. m. Sunday the 12th inst also celebration of the Holy Communion in the morning, conducted by Archdeacon Appleby of St. Paul Minn.

Mr. Marin returned from the Red Lake country, last Thursday where he has been for some time scaling pine. Says there is not as much pine up their as has been represented and as for good soil the Indians have got all there is of it. He thinks they have non that will compare with Polk County soiln ayhow.

Grand Forks Herald:—Crookston will formally open her new opera house on the 13th inst. The Boston opera company will officiate. The building cost about $50,000. J. W. Ross the architect; B. O. Paulsness did the plumbing, and Boerth & Co. the decorating—all of whom hail from Grand Forks. Grand Forks congratulates her Minnesota sister. Both cities now have the most elegant opera houses in the northwest, outside of the large cities. A good delegation of Grand Forks people will visit Crookston to witness the initiatory performance.

Attention Ladies!

There will be a millinery opening at the store of Mrs. I. U. Jennings, on Robert street, on Friday and Saturday of this week. There will be on exhibition the very latest styles of millinery and the greatest variety from which to select just what you want. If you buy before looking at her exquisite patterns you will ever blame yourself. As to her low prices—go and see for yourselves.

On behalf of Crookston Lodge No. 79, I. O. O. F., we thank all who so kindly assisted in making a grand success of the I. O. O. F. ball, banquet and dedication, held March 31st.

J. V. E. Wyatt,
W. H. Norrie,
A. C. Schmidt, } Com.

In behalf of North Star R. D. Lodge, No. 39, I. O. O. F., we thank all who so kindly assisted us in various ways in making a success of the I. O. O. F. banquet the 31st of March.

Mrs. J. V. E. Wyatt,
" W. H. Norrie,
" M. Palen,
" A. C. Schmidt,
" H. F. Brown,
" Jos. Slater, } Com.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs John Paterson died on Monday night and was buried on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerrue are called upon to mourn the loss of their little boy—about eight years old which died on Tuesday.

CLIPPING.

So you want your horses clipped? I am now prepared to attend to all orders left at the livery stables of S. L. Collins. Call on or address, G. P. Paseman.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes The Journal readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

WALL PAPER.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

SPRING SALE

OF

SPRING CLOAKS

AND

JACKETS,

At Fontaine & Anglim's

NEXT WEEK.

McKINNON BROS.,

DEALERS IN

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

All About Sowing.

It Is Discussed in All Its phases by Philosopher Reeve.

Minneapolis Times.

Park River, April 3.—'A sower went out to sow his seed, and as he sowed, behold, a whiskey jug rolled out from under his seat of his sower. What kind of a way is that to farm?"

This is the song of O. O'Reilly, proprietor of the Windsor house at Park River.

"What kind of a figure will prohibition cut in the next election?" was asked Mr. O'Reilly, as he sang in sweet cadences, "A sower went out to sow his seed."

"Well, I'll tell you. In my opinion, it will be as much of an issue as it was in the last campaign, and will carry the day. I have been a saloonkeeper a good part of my life, and I thank God today for prohibition. The last thing my mother ever said to me was, "that all the money I got out of whiskey and cards would do me no good.' The dear old lady was right. I see it now. One year, in a little town in Traill county, I took in $1,600, but you know card playing follows whiskey, and the misfortunes of the business are always equal to or greater than the profits.

"Then you know whiskey has a different effect on different men—some it puts ina good humor and some it makes quarrelsome. I always felt bound to abuse someone when I handled the stuff-and it is a wonder I have not been shot before this—I am glad it is out of the way. All the money I have taken in from it has done me no good, and I consider that I am two years behind in life for handling it—what does a farmer want with whisky? They all go home sober now. It is a terrible thing for a man to come to town and stay all day, and go home at night drunk to his wife and little children. Think of a farmer spending his time and money at the saloon and going home full of booze, when he ought to be sober and carry home shoes and food to his little ones. It is true, a few fellows have been closed up but on the whole Park River is better off. Messrs. McEnan and Dougherty are having a larger machine trade than ever. A sober man has more credit than a drunken one. Every farmer around Park River is feeling first rate and the prospects for a good crop the coming year were never better. And what in the world does a farmer want of whisky? Then I think it is time the people went in for prohibition for another reason. The whisky they sell nowdays is nothing more than a lot of poisonous compounds. If it was pure, and would not kill a man on sight, it would not be so bad. If prohibition is ever set aside, I hope the legislature will pass a law that no impure whiskey shall be sold. Talk about ammonia and alum in baking powder, and oleomargerine in butter. Give us pure drink as well as pure food, if they want us to stay on earth with them and be healthy and happy. Think of taking fine-cut tobacco, black-strap molasses, logwood, strychnine and alcohol and making a drink called whisky for the benefit of the farmers in North Dakota, and then claim they ought to cry after it. They better give them seed wheat. No, sir. I thank God that whisky has gone, and and that I have had a chance to get rid of it."

Mr. O'Reilly delivered his speech in earnest, and Park River shows every sign of thrift and prosperity.

Error of the Alliance.

Southerners Will Never be Paid for Their Emancipated Slaves

OFFICE OF THE
NEW YORK STATE FARMERS' ALLIANCE
CAMPVILLE, N. Y., March 31.

To The Editor of the Press:

No man of common honesty or sense can agree with the remarks of Professor Thomas N. Conrad, as reported in your excellent paper or March 2, favoring payment for the slaves, under any amendment of the federal Constitution or otherwise, emancipated by the war, and my views are such as prevail generally among the people of the Southern States.

It is true that the emancipation of the slaves impoverished their former owners, and so did the wasted fields, farms, fences, and in many instances burned dwellings, burned cotton, and destroyed food, provender and captured and seized animals; but war at best is always cruel and involves vast destruction of property, as well as of human life. These are things that cannot be paid for in money.

The war of the Rebellion of 1861-1865 was the greatest civil war of all ages, and the lives that were lost in it were far more valuable than the property that was destroyed, yet they never can and never will be paid for in money.

The Southern alliance, whose latent design seems to involve the destruction of the integrity, credit and unity and perpetuity of the nation—the first step deemed requisite in their progress being the defeat of the republican party—had as well dismiss from their minds all idea that the heirs of the former slave owners of the southern states will ever be paid for the slaves emancipated by the war under any amendment of the federal fundamental law or otherwise, for it will never be done.

The compensation of the country and its people for these vast sacrifices must be found in the priceless examples they furnish, and upon the grandest scale of the virtues of American patriotism, valor, manhood and devotion to what they sincerely belived their duty, on the part of those engaged in the great struggle. These, alone, are worth infinitely more then all they cost. They are of inestimable greater value to this, and to all coming generations, than all the money that will ever be paid into or paid out of the National Treasury. The sons of the Reublic in its future battles with foreign foes will have all the more confidence in themselves, and look with all the more disdain upon the array of its enemies, as they reflect that their forefathers fought at Chickamauga and Gettysburg, and that no soldiers ever surpassed them in valor; and they will be all the more worthy to stand under the flag of their country. Whatever sacrifices of blood and treasure may be necessary in the future war of this Republic with foreign nations its virtuous citizens, drawing inspiration from its past history, must and will feel that these cannot be greater then they have been, and must be cheerfully and manfully endured in order to uphold its glory and renown and promote its welfare.

But besides these and in other respects, its people must in the future, as they do now, find compensation for these great sacrifices of the last war in the benefits resulting to the general welfare, the closer union of the states and the unrivaled prosperity and glory of the greatest republic on the globe, and one which is the hope of oppressed humanity in every part of the world.

JOHN LIVINGSTON.
President New York State Farmers' Alliance.

Dr. O. Hagen, an elocutionist of renown will give an entertainment at the Opera House Thursday evening, April 9th under the auspices of the Crookston Literary Society. He will be assisted in a musical programe by members of the society. He comes highly recommended as the fellowing press notices indicate.

Toronto Saturday Night:—Mr O'Hagen is well nighperfect in his gesture and voice culture. His best selections are "Shamus O'Brien; King Robert of Sicily and a Critical Situation." Chatham Planet, "Mr. O'Hagen was the elocutionist of the evening, and it is sufficent to say that he will sustained his reputation of being one of the most accomplished elocutionist in the Province."

Seaforth Exposition:—"During Mr. O'Hagen's recital of Sandy's Signal, the audience laughed till tears ran down their cheeks."

Under the Heel of A Trust.

The Sugar Trade of the Country Absolutely Controlled By the Trust Under a Recent Ruling.

St. Paul Dispatch.

Houston, Tex., April 3.—A very important communication has been received by a prominent planter in Houston, from the internal revenue department at Washington. The exact nature of the letter is not known, but it has been learned that it has reference to the new law giving a bounty of two cents per pound on all sugars of of a certain grade manufactured in the United State. The startling feature of the letter is the statement that the planters will be unable, under a certain construction of the law, to recover the bounty of 10 cents per pound if they manufacture what is known as seconds. A gent'eman who had seen the communication said the sugar trust, no doubt, had connived at the new law.

If this interpretation of the new law should not be changed or modified, said he, it will have the effect of preventing the planters from making sugars from seconds, which is the only produce they have which to enter into direct competition with the trust in control of the sugar business of the country, and give it the power to largely regulate prices. It can dictate the prices to be paid the planters for second and the price at which it will sell the refined sugar to the consumers. With this double barreled advantage the trust ought to make a good thing out of it.

For Sale Cheap

Four good brood mares and two good work horses cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlsug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stables

Todd County Argus:—The new sug schedule went into effect yesterday and just as soon as the merchants have disposed of the old stock of sugar on hand this most necessary article will be cheaper. It will add three pounds to the dollar's worth of granulated sugar and the purchaser will carry home sixteen pounds where a little more than a year ago he took home nine pounds. This last reduction is a result of the McKinley bill. A year hence when the good housewife gets her tinware cheaper sugar cheaper and the farmers buys his binding twine cheaper and gets his clothing just as cheap unless he is too stylish to wear anything except imported goods, there will be fewer maledictions pronounced on the McKinley bill. We confess that we begin to look at this measure in a different light than we did when it was passed.

Indian Depredation Claims.

Just before adjournment Congress passed an Indian Depredation law, that will probably put $50,000,000 in circulation. This law practically removes all restrictions and limitations, and every settler or his heirs can now get pay in full for all losses occasioned by Indians. Henry N. Copp, the well-known lawyer of Washington D. C., will send free of cost a copy of this law to all who will apply to them for the same.

S. L. COLLINS

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minneso ta

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, . . Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES

SOLE AGENTS FOR
Havanna Press Drills
FOR POLK COUNTY.

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

For Sale.

A good high grade Holstein cow, two weeks in milk. Gives from 8 to to 10 quarts at a milking, without bran. Enquire of M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax or at JOURNAL office.

For Sale.

Good farm mare, one carriage and one cutter. Address R. G. MARLETTE,
[48-51] Carman.

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.,

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Morfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20½, single; to pole 2:17. Fashion, record 2:23½; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:50; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

FLINT BROS., Prop's.
G. P. PASEMAN, Manager.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

[First publication April 9th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. District Court.
A. A. Just vs Louis Harmon.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th judicial district, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in Justice Court in favor of A. A. Just and against Louis Harmon, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendant to-wit: Lot 4, block 8, Hurlbut's addition to the city of Crookston, Polk County, State of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and that I shall on Monday, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Louis Harmon in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to twenty-three dollars and [illegible] cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 31st day of July, 1889, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., April 7th 1891.
[illegible] Sheriff of Polk County.
GEO. H. PALMER, Plaintiff's Attorney. [illegible]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 16th, 1891, viz: EMI FONTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 31, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Min., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, Eustach Blanchard, of Kertsonville, Minn.

151-41 H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS;
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

AND

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information apply to O. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or [illegible]
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent, [illegible]

D. H. BATES,

CARMAN, MINNESOTA,

DEALER IN

Lumber, Building Paper,
PAINTS, OILS,
Doors, Windows and Mouldings

ALSO

FARM MACHINERY

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILWAUKEE HARVESTER
AND THE CELEBRATED
WINONA PLOWS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

☞ You will find it to your advantage to call when in need of anything in my line.

Trade at HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

IN

General Merchandise!

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President.
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Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,
CROOKSTON, MINN

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S AT LAW.
[illegible]

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records shows 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
E. ERIKSON, Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's. are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of outside Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants [illegible]

DR. M. [illegible]
PHYSICIAN A[illegible]
[illegible]

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 9, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
5:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:43 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:25 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.....................Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.....................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Railroad Methods.

Western Rural.

There is no business enterprise like the railroad and no set of business men like railroad managers that so often refuse to pay their honest debts, or do it with such curt impudence. Men fail in business and while the principle of failure is, as we have sometime said grounded in dishonesty, most men who go into bankruptcy keenly feel the disgrace and unless bountifully endowed with cheek, hang their heads and feel that they are unworthy associates of upright, honorable men. Occasionally men feather their nests before announcing to creditors that payment is suspended, and are looked upon in commercial circles as the knaves which they are. But railroad men do things entirely different from other men. It is nothing more for railroad managers to default in payment of a debt than it is for them to eat their breakfast. It is likely that in the vast majority of such cases the leading men of the corporation have made thousand perhaps millions, out of the very road that announces its inability to pay its dividends. A road from which Gould or Vanderbilt has just made a million dollars is as likely to default in the payment of dividends as a road that has lost money all the time. We have now in mind a well known road that runs into Chicago, which, though doing all the business that its fine facilities enabled it to do and which made its managers rich paid no dividends for years. The stock of this road was largely held by poor people, but that made no difference to its managers. The stockholders might starve for all they care, so long as their own private fortunes were being built up. No man can harmonize the old failure of the Wabash with the fact that Gould has made millions of dollars out of it. Sometimes a dishonest man or company of men will transfer the title of their property to some trusted trustee who holds it for its owners while the process of swindling their creditors is going on to completion. But Gould and men like him are the only men who keep millions of property in their own name and refuse to pay paltry hundreds or thousands. Gould is a bankrupt to-day if he would pay his debts, and if he was an honest man he would turn over every dollar of his fortune, if it was necessary, to pay the debts of a road whose profits he has principally absorbed and which failed, even to the extent of not paying the labor employed upon it, under his management. When Gen. Grant met with financial disaster he made haste to devote his entire property to the satisfaction of the claims against him, and even Mrs. Grant gave up her property. That was in strict accordance with the principle of honesty, and nothing less would have satisfied the claim of those principles. In some quarters it was said that Mrs. Grant was foolish to make such a sacrifice, but that expression of opinion was no honor to those who made it and was a part of the monstrous prevalence of loose morals among a large class of our people. If a man owes a debt he is bound to pay it, if he values his reputation. He may be morally and not legally holden for the indebtedness or it may be questionable at times whether or not he is even morally liable. But if there is any doubt about it whatever, if he is not as sure that he is in nowise more responsible than would be a man who never heard of the matter, and was not in the remotest degree connected with it, it is his duty to sacrifice all he has to satisfy it.

But such a conception of honest duty is never found among railroad men. Their motto is to get all they can and keep all they get, and it would seem as if the public at large conclued that this was about right. Nobody will scarcely ever utter a word of suspicion as to Jay Gould's honesty, because he does not at least return the profits he has made from a road for the purpose of paying its debts and saving it from bankruptcy. [illegible] no general remark when the [illegible] nounces that on the first [illegible] several railroads de[illegible] payment of interest and [illegible] next week things appear to be [illegible] cordial [illegible] of course, and pass [illegible] dreams. But really thought, for they show a little plainer than the other startling feature of railroad management, what manner of men we have to deal with. They show that railroad managers are engaged in a game of robbery that takes in every chance; that they are utterly oblivious to everything but their own gain, and that they will really descend a little lower to make a dollar than any other class of men, except rum-sellers, will descend. The necessities of the widow and orphan usually appeal strongly to men. A man may be a pretty thorough rascal, but the helpless will cause him to pause and pity, if he is other than a railroad manager, or a keeper of a grog shop. There certainly can be no question that such classes of men need a strong hand upon them, and there can be no question that they would have one, if they did not possess a power that was worshipped. This is conspicuously true of both railroadmen and rum-sellers. The one has money, and the world rushes to the shrine of money, and falls on its knees in worship. The other possessess political power, and that is slavishly courted. And those two elements of our society are riding rough-shod over law. decency and the principles of honesty, doing every day what if a man without money or influence should do, would consign him to a felon's cell, and yet there is no legislature and but few newspapers that dare, or are inclined to say a word in remonstrance. The entire machinery of our government is at work to protect society against the depredations of small rascals, and if the rascals are only small enough the government succeeds in doing it. Our prisons are full of men who have stolen a few dollars or have been guilty of sleeping in the city parks because they had no bed to sleep in. But in our most elegant society and most conspicuous in commercial circles, leaders of all public movement, are the great rascals who have stolen millions and sleep in beds, safe from the eagle eye of the policeman, that were purchased by money that was filched from widows, orphans, industrious men and honorable men.

The world is largely wrong end up. Its judgment and moral sense are terribly warped. It is following the glitter of gold as a man follows the deceptive Jack o'lantern, and it is high time that it had turned round and took a good, square, honest and comprehensive view of things. It is time we had measured out justice to the big rascals, even if we are compelled to let the small ones go. If we have not enough justice to go round, it would be much better if we passed the man who is guilty of the unpardonable crime of being poor and paid attention to some who are unquestionably guilty of the crime of being rich. It is usually no crime to be rich. But sometimes it is. All the recognized thieves that ever prowled over New York City at midnight were never half as dangerous to society as one Jay Gould. Their depredations upon the rights and property of others are not near so extensive as his, and while they exert no influence whatever, his influence is great. Such men as he endanger the welfare of everybody in the land. There is no father who properly appreciates his responsibility toward his child who does not tremble as he thinks how great the admiration of his boy for Jay Gould will be as soon as he is old enough to read of the success of that distinguished financial cormorant. If there was no other reason why the fathers of this land should exert themselves to compel government to prevent the railroads from being used for an instrument of dishonest gain, regard for the welfare of the children should be sufficient. The youthful mind is early impressed with dash and glitter, and it makes no difference whether the dash and glitter is by bandits like the James brothers or bandits like Gould.

National Economist:—An exchange says that any measure calculated to benefit any one class is class legislation, and that as the sub-treasury plan is designed to help the farmers, therefore it is class legislation. Nothing could more completely misrepresent the purposes of the sub-treasury plan. It is not designed to help the farmer by giving him any class privilege, but to help him by stopping a class discrimination against him. There is now a discrimination against him by low prices in the fall when he is a seller, and high prices in the spring when he is a buyer in making his investment in crop. This results from the present fluctuation in the volume of money as compard to the demand in different seasons. Warehousing is not essential to the sub-treasury plan; it is only one method.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $22.02 due November 1, 1889, $26.25 due May 1, 1890, $26.25 due Nov. 1, 1890 which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Knud K. Volden and Mary his wife Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee, bearing date the first day of May 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages on page 276.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and forty eight and 93-100 dollars with interest on $824.52 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part therof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section eleven (11) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court house, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty eight and 93-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Loan Company or Connecticut, Mortgagee.
[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $20.55 due November 1, 1889, $24-50 due May 1, 1890, $24 50 due November 1, 1890, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgrge, duly executed and delivered by Martin G. Olson and Mary Olson his wife, Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee. bearing date the 1st day of May 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages, on page 279.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars with interest on $769.55 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum. from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w ¼) of section Four (4) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said debt of seven hundred and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars. Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any within one year from the day of sale as provided by law

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee.
[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100($559.05)dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Henry Johnston and Ella L. Johnston, his wife, mortgagors, to George McLean, guardian, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of February, 1883, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, 1883, at 8 o'clock a. m, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 545 to 549; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter of Section twenty-eight (28) in Township one hundred and forty-seven (147), in Range forty (40), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred fifty-nine and 05-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.
GEORGE MCLEAN, Guardian. Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.	
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth. In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.	
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines. These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.	
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Miss uri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
[illegible]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $22.56, due September 1st, 1889, $28.00 due March 1st, 1890, $28.00 due September 1st, 1890, and $28.00 due March 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josiah A. Mead and Sadie Mead, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of March, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of April, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 130.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, with interest on $906 88 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter [sw¼] of Section twenty-two [22], Town one hundred and fifty-four [154] of Range forty-five [45], in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty [50] dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys, Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $18 20, due February 1st, 1888, $28.00, due August 1st, 1890, $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, $28,00 due August 1st, 1890, $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James Kelly and Anna Kelly, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock and ten minutes a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 481.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars, with interest on $930.20 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty (20), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars ($951.59) and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys, Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $19.75, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, and $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Moore and Martha Moore, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23d day of September, 1889, at 10.30 o.clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 115.

And whereas, the said, The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, with interest on $875.75 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), Town one hundred and forty nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys, Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN.
LAWYERS.
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars interest due January 1, 1890, thirty-five dollars, interest due July 1, 1890, and thirty-five dollars, interest due on the first day of January, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed, and delivered by Mederic Desautells and Celanive, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1887, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in book 33 of mortgages, on page 56.

And, whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, with interest on $1135 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 23d day of February, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the south half (s½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twelve (12), Town one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-four (44) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
[46-52] Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H Perkins and Mattie L. Perkins, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages on pages 51-54.

And, whereas, such default consists in the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1889, $17.50 that became due March 4th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due September 4th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety-four and 47-100 ($594.47) dollars

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of northeast quater (w½ ne¼) and north half of southeast quarter (n½ se¼) Section thirty-four (34) Township one hundred and fifty-one (151) of Range forty-one (41) containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb, 20th, A. D. 1891.
NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY, Mortgagee
H. D. DICKINSON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N G. 31] [45-51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 12, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pasca Labelle and Adele Labelle, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D, 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on pages 147-9.

And, whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $8.73 that became due November 1st, 1889; $6.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, and $6.00 that became due November 1st, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and twenty-four and 52-100 dollars ($224-52). and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ sw¼) of Section twenty (20) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing forty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.
H. D. Dickinson, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[47-1] (N. G. 37)

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred and eighty ($2,280) dollars, which is claimed to be due, and is actually due, at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by James B. Holmes, as mortgagor, to Frederick W. Miller, as mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 537; which said mortgage was duly sold and transferred by a deed of assignment duly executed and delivered by said Frederick W. Miller to The Hauser & Sons Malting Company (a corporation) bearing date the 7th day of April, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, 1890, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on pages 88 and 89, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, situate, lying and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, and more particularly described as follows: Lots five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten (10), thirteen, (13), fourteen, (14), seventeen, (17), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block seventy-eight, (78); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), eighteen, (18), nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block eighty, (80); lots nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), eighteen, (18) nineteen, (19), twenty, (20), twenty-one, (21), and twenty-two, (22), in block eighty-one, (81) lots three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block eighty-two, (82); all of block ninety-two, (92); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), twelve, (12), twenty-one, (21), twenty-two, (22), twenty-three, (23), and twenty-four, (24), in block ninety-three, (93); lots one, (1), two, (2), three, (3), four, (4), five, (5), six, (6), seven, (7), eight, (8), nine, (9), ten, (10), eleven, (11), and twelve, (12), in block ninety five, (95), all in the Railroad Addition to Red Lake Falls according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law.; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on Tuesday, the ninth (9th) day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 26th, A. D. 1891.
The Hauser & Sons Malting Company, Assignee of said Mortgagee.
By Paul Hauser, Sr. President.
Moritz Heim, Attorney for said Assignee.
[43-51] St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred thirty-five and 32 100 dollars, ($535.32) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James E. Mitton and Mary M. Mitton, his wife, mortgagors, to Robert J. Adams, mortgagee, bearing date the 3d day of November, 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1884, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in book "S" of mortgages, on pages 529 to 533, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage viz: The northwest quarter of Section Ten (10), Township one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-six, (46), west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred thirty-five and 32-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d. A. D. 1891.
ROBERT J. ADAMS, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALBERT GILMOUR AND Jane Gilmour, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Josiah Upton, of the County of Ontario, State of New York their mortgage bearing date of June 25th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The se¼ se¼ Section 6, ne¼ Section 7, and n½ nw¼ Section 8, Township 147, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 5:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 33 of mortgages, on pages 33-36; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest on said mortgage on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars due as interest thereon on the 25th day of December, A. D. 1890, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Josiah Upton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred twenty-five and 23-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof,

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 21st, A. D. 1891.
JOSIAH UPTON, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

First publication March 26, 1891.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb as administrator of the estate of Arthur Yvernault deceased Plaintiff, vs. Addule Bray and Damase Bray Defendants.

Notice of Sale Under Decree. Foreclosure by Action.

In pursuance of a judgment and decree of the Court in this action, dated March 17th 1891, I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in the county of Polk Minnesota, on the 9th day of May 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. the following described real property situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit: The Northwest quarter of section six [6] Township one hundred an fifty [150] Range forty four [44] or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and costs, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crokston Minn., March 20, 1891.
ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Plaintiff.
[48-5]

Mortagge Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($337.50) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christine Estby and John Estby, her husband, mortgagors, to Charles H. Jefferson, mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of November, 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages, on pages 49, 50 and 51, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number three (3), in South Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 23d, A. D. 1891.
CHARLES H. JEFFERSON, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[45-51] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Feb. 26, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest, which became due and payable on the first day of December, A. D. 1888, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35 00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1889, and a further default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars ($35.00) installment of interest which became due and payable on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, made, executed and delivered by John K. Ostgord and Betsy Ostgord his wife, of Polk County and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to The Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of June, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., in volume "32" of mortgages, on pages 190 and 191.

And whereas a further default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against, and levied upon, said premises covered by said mortgage prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee, to protect the lien of its said mortgage, was compelled to pay and on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1889, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of nineteen and six hundreths dollars ($19.06), and on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1890, did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes then due and delinquent on the said premises the sum of twenty-two and three hundreths dollars ($22.03); and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration, there is claimed to be due and payable on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred twenty-three and eighty hundreths dollars ($523.80), and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided., said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The east half (e½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and east half (e½) of the southeast quarter (se¼) of Section three (3) in Township one hundred forty-seven (147) Range forty-five (45), containing one hundred and fifty-nine and 50-100 (159.50) acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold a public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes, and twenty five dollars as attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated Moorhead, Minnesota, Feb. 21st, 1890.
The Netherlands American Land Company, Mortgagee.
W. B. Douglassand Ball & Smith,
[45-51] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Frist publication March 19th, 1891.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter Nord and Kristine Nord his wife to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 7th day of December A. D. 1883 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of December A. D. 1883, at 5:50 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of Mortgages, on pages 398-401 and whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1889, $17.50 that became due December 7th 1889, $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due December 7th, 1890 and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and eighty six and 60-100 Dollars ($586.60 and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided. the said Mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said Mortgage, viz: The south east quarter (S. E. ¼) of Section ten (10) in Township one hundred and fifty three (153) of Range forty four (44) containing 160 acres more or less according to United States government survey threof Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty Five Dollars attorneys fee, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursments allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 12th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.
[48-2] [N. G. 40.] H. D. DICKINSON Attorney.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XIV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 16, 1891. NO. 52

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year.
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6.00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

GOOD ADVICE

To the Farmer.

BY A FARMER'S BOY.

FRED W. DAVIS.

A railroad man gives good advice,
To the farmers of our land.
There isn't a happier people
Than the farmers as a band.

"Keep live stock in variety,"
He says, and tries to teach
Us poor ignorant farmers
How to "grow flax and grow rich."

We need "ten thousand incubators,"
And as many "scutching machines,"
And we need not live in poverty,
If we "grow onions and beans."

How happy may the farmer be,
After working from sun to sun,
If he will play through the hours of night
By making the scutcher fun.

And happy might the housewife be,
If she'd a spinning wheel obtain
And work all night "making binding twine,"
To bind the golden grain.

We have "no time for politics,"
"Insects" take up our time,
We leave that to the editors
Or the Great Northern R. R. line.

Our children need not go to school,
They can get their learning later,
They have all that they can do
To "attend to the incubator."

Happy is the farmer,
Because happy is his lot,
And every prosperous farmer
Has "a fowl within his pot."

But he can't afford to celebrate
The fourth day of July,
When his "onion patch" is smothered
By pig-weeds, near knee high.

Cattle raising is a paying thing,
While beef is up so high,
It is worth two cents per pound now,
T'will be one cent bye-and-bye.

And now I wish to end my rhyme
By giving some good advice,
So I'll say: "Buy an incubator,"
No matter what's the price."

[The above article was written by a 15 year old lad, son of a prominent farmer near Euclid, after reading Whitney's advice to editors and farmers, and goes to show that the farmers and their children are "thinking it over."—ED. JOURNAL.]

EUCLID, Minn., 1891.

TO THE EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION:—Mr. F. C. Whitney, of the Great Northern, has seen fit to give you a pointer as to what you should say to the farmers. I wish to add a few remarks as I am an old farmer, a farmer from way back in the good old pod augur days.

First, in regard to bringing in new immigration to Minnesota; by all means we must have a new set of farmers in this country in order to do anything, for the ones that are here now are about "played out," that is to say they have spent all the money they brought here and have mortgaged their property for all it is worth, so you see we need a new lot of farmers or the railroads and money loaners can do no more business. "Farmers, keep out of politics!" Oh yes, keep out of politics and stick to your onions, except on election days and then go and vote for the grand old party, half of you, the other half vote for the grand old democratic party; that is the way to get refrom. Don't stop to talk with a friend, but get back to your onion patch, for if you should stop to talk a moment you might get an idea in your head, and ideas are bad things for the farmers, besides your onion patch might suffer.

Next, tell them to raise flax and pull it and scutch it and spin binding twine by hand. Why, there was a man somewhere around St. Paul who raised and pulled six acres of flax and manufactured it up at a great profit, and it did not interfere in the least with his other work. Tell him he is the King of Liars. Don't tell the farmers to stop and think a minute and see how long it would take a man to pull and prepare six acres of flax; that might put a damper on it; don't tell them that our falls are very dry and the flax would not rot so they could scutch it. There has of late been a great deal written about how to make the boys stick to the farm. Now we have it; get each one of your boys one of Jim Hill's scutching machines and set them to scutching flax, and I will bet a cent that they will stick to the farm, for if a boy ever loved anything it will be a scutching machine, and if your wives are a little downhearted and feel that their lot is a hard one, get them a spinning wheel and set them to spinning binding twine; that will put a smile on their faces, and in the fall of the year, after the crops are all sold and the debts partially paid, your family without clothes, the cold weather pinching their limbs, and they feel downhearted and sad, you set them to pulling flax and it will do your heart good to see how their countenances will brighten up, and when their backs begin to grow crooked and their heads to ache, and they want to know what this is all for, simply tell them, so that Mr. Whitney's and Mr. Jim Hill's daughters may wear diamonds and dress in silk and satin and fare sumptuously, and that will take the kinks out of their backs. But don't forget to tell the farmers to keep out of politics; tell them to make butter for there is money in butter. Why, I made a three gallon jar of butter and shipped it 14 miles on Jim Hill's road and did not have to pay only thirty cents freight; don't tell them to figure up and see how much it would have cost if I had shipped it to St. Paul, distance 300 miles, as it might have a discouraging effect, and you must avoid such things. Grow potatoes. Yes, by all means, grow potatoes and ship them to St. Paul and sell them for 25 cents per bushel; don't tell them the freight is so high it won't pay; don't tell them that the reason potatoes are so high this year in St. Paul is because potatoes were a blank failure last season, for they might stop and take time to reason this way: Now, if I plant ten acres of potatoes and get a good crop, the price will be low and they will not bring enough to pay the freight, and I will get left; or if I have a failure of crop I am left. Oh yes, by all means tell them to raise potatoes. Go back to the good old days; sell your mower for old iron; cut your grass with a scythe, rake it by hand; don't spoil your boys by letting them ride on a mower; do your plowing with a walking plow—it spoils boys to ride a gang plow and plow two furrows at a time; you will get your plowing done too soon and your boys will have time to do a little thinking, and just so sure as you give the boys time to think, just so sure they will leave the farm. Yes, get back to the good old days.

Raise sheep—put emphasis on raise. They tell the farmers it is their only salvation to go into sheep, but don't tell anybody that the farmers have no money to buy sheep with; don't tell them that the men who bought sheep last fall on time are heartily sick of it and wish they had not done it. Tell the farmers when they have no seed grain to sow, and feel blue because they have not any feed for their teams, their last chance is to scutch flax. Tell the farmers to go into small things for the merchant makes his best profit on small things—say 150 or 200 per cent; but do not tell him that the merchant did not raise these small things, but bought them. You see it makes a wide difference whether you raise an article or buy it to sell.

Tell the farmers to raise beans; yes, beans, for they are $2 per bushel in St. Paul. Don't tell them that the frost is sure to catch them almost every season, and be sure and not tell them that beans are worth 4@6 cents per pound here, for that would show that freight was high from St. Paul here.

Tell the farmers to take better care of their machinery; they should take some poles and straw and make a shed and put them under; but for goodness sake don't say that we can scarcely get enough poles for firewood to keep our families from freezing, and what few poles we do get we have to steal from railroad lands, for we haven't money to buy any with.

Tell the farmers to raise eggs. That is a good idea, but don't tell them that a hen in this country is froze up solid six months in the year, and it takes her six months to get warmed up ready for business.

Tell the farmers to keep bees. That is a good one; but don't tell them you never saw a bee in this part of the country.

Tell the farmers to go back to the good old way of doing things; not to buy seeders and shoe press drills, but to put the grain in a sack and take it upon their back and plod through the mud and sow it by hand. They will all take to that, for it is nothing but fun, for I have tried it; don't tell them that I did not like it and bought a shoe drill.

There is another thing I would like to speak about. We all know that a very large per cent of the females in our insane asylums is composed of farmers wives; we also know that the cause of insanity is too much blood in the system. You tell the farmers to plant a good sized onion patch and when their wives are badly run down and begin to show signs of insanity to take them out in a good hot day, when it is warm and calm and let their wives get down on their hands and knees and weed onions and the festive little mosquito will come and sing them a pretty little song and put their gentle little bill into their necks and faces and draw all the surplus blood from their veins; by so doing the farmers will save the doctor's bill and get his onions weeded at the same time. Some farmers may think this is a small thing, but Mr. Whitney tells us to look after the small things.

Tell the farmers to keep stock. Yes, I think there is profit in keeping stock. I have a neighbor that keeps stock. He with his farm team is 150 miles from here hauling logs for the Indians. (I wish I was an Indian) and his wife is at home taking care of the stock. She drives them three miles for water, feeds them and cleans the stables and takes care of five small children. Be sure to tell them to keep stock.

Tell Jim Hill's immigrants to be sure and bring one of Jim Hill's scutching machines; it would be a good plan to bring an extra one to loan to their neighbors, for there is none in this part of the country, and if the boys should see a scutching machine they would fall in love with it and want to borrow it. The boys would just fall in love with a scutching machine.

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Tell the immigrants to bring with them seed potatoes and seed oats, for oats are worth 75 cents per bushel and none for sale. The potato crop was a failure last year and the year before; also have not had a crop of oats for two years.

Yes, editors, we need immigrants. Why not send down to New Orleans and get some Italians; they seem to have an over supply down there.

Tell the immigrants that this is a banana country, the ground only freezes six feet deep in the winter. Now I want you to be sure and tell the farmers to keep out of politics; the farmers went into politics last fall and [illegible] of farmers to the legislature and they have passed a law lowering the rate of interest 2 per cent and it is sure to ruin all the bankers and money loaners, and the country will be sure to go to the dogs. Yes, farmers going into politics is a bad thing. Stick to your onion patch and Jim Hill's scutching machine.

You may have noticed that I lay particular stress on the onion patch and scutching machine. Well, I will tell you how that comes. My father used to have the onion patch and the scutching machine way back in Luzerne Co., Pa.. I can remember fondly to this day how I used to love the onion patch when I was a boy. I can hear him now say: "Well, if you have got through milking and feeding the pigs and hens, you may go out and rest yourself by weeding onions or scutching flax," and I can tell you I was tickled; and I can remember how the bob-o-links used to come and sit on the weeds and sing to me. Oh, those were days of joy—days of my childhood. How I pity a boy now-a-days who has to ride a mower or a gang plow and has no onion patch or scutching machine.

Tell Jim's immigrants they need not bring along any household goods, farming tools or teams; all they will need is money to buy up the chattel mortgages and they can step in at one door while the present occupant will go out at the other door. And, lastly, tell Jim's immigrants to be sure and bring along a barrel of dried apples for they will need to live very cheaply, and the cheapest way we have found to live is to eat dried apples for breakfast, drink cold water for dinner and swell up for supper. We have been living that way for three years and it worked well till we got out of dried apples, and now we are stuck.

Tell Jim Hill's immigrants they need not bring any flour with them, for the millers have entered into a combine so that they are able to sell flour to the farmers as cheap as it can be bought in the city of New York; and bran is nearly as cheap as flour. Our millers are whole-souled fellows with a big heart.

GEORGE EASBEY.

The Grand Army.

The Press.

At the time of its organization the Grand Army of the Republic was intended to be more than an association of veteran soldiers. Twenty-five years ago the smoke of battle still dimmed the horizon, and the work of reconstruction was often in peril of disaster. The Rebellion was dead, but the spirit of rebellion was living, active and defiant. A vast conspiracy was in embryo, a conspiracy intended to do, under masks and in the dark, what open warfare had failed to accomplish. It was at this most difficult period that the former soldiers of the Union, most of them in fresh and vigorous manhood, banded together to defend and uphold what the Union armies had won, and to form a fraternal order whose purposes were mutual aid and benefit.

A quarter of a century has rolled over the Grand Army of the Republic. The Union is no longer in danger. The great commanders have gone to rest, and a multitude of those who followed them have answered the final taps. The silver locks and furrowed faces among the survivors tell of advancing years, although many who were only boys in the war are but middle aged men to-day. Another generation has risen, knowing only by hearsay of the terrors and trials of that greatest of wars.

The veterans are numerous still, but every recurring Decoration day sees their numbers diminished, and, as years accumulate, death wields the sickle with a busier hand. But it is a grand organization yet, in numbers as well as in name, and it will still be grand, although not in numbers, when a quarter of a century hence the remnant of white haired survivors will totter along striving to keep time to the music that thrills with memories of the glorious past.

AZILDA SET FREE.

Executive Clemency Exercised in Behalf of A Life Prisoner.

St. Paul Daily News.

Azilda Beaudry, the prisoner serving a life sentence at Stillwater, has been pardoned by Gov. Merriam. She had served eight years in prison.

Azilda Beaudry was found guilty of the murder of her husband in 1882, near Warren, in Marshall county. It seems she had once been the sweetheart of Camil Roy, but quarreled with him and married Beaudry. One night three the were together, a quarrel ensued and Beaudry was killed. The woman was accused of being an accessory, but on the stand she pleaded guilty to the charge of murder. It was always claimed that she did this through ignorance of the English language, she being a French woman, and that all the court expected was manslaughter. Roy is still in prison at Stillwater.

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

arry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

Closing Ou at Cost!

I AM CLOSING OUT

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

Genera Merchandise

AT AND BELOW COST

IF YOU WANT

BOOTS, SHOES

OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE

Municipal Bonds As A Basis For Money.

Prairie Farmer.

Under the caption "The Farmer and the Banks," in The Prairie Farmer of March 7, the writer admits that "there is room for improvement" in our system of finance. Let us see how it might be improved.

Suppose Uncle Sam did the proper thing in borrowing money and issuing bonds drawing interest for payment. But is not the payment of said interest and principal according to contract, the whole duty of the Government to its creditors? I assert that it is no part of our duty (but an injustice to all other citizens) to specially favor the owners of Government bonds; who, by the way, may or may not be the persons who made the loans to the Government, by making those bonds the only basis for issuing additional money.

If it is a fact that evidence of debt, backed by good and sufficient security, is the best basis (aside from gold and silver) for paper money, why not extend it to all municipal bonds? This is the improvement I have to suggest. No one says the National bank note is not good money, but the trouble is it costs the people too much, and we have not enough of them. What I suggest is not a change of system but an extension, and indirectly a modification, of the one we have tried and proved. Doubtless there are other things that might be used as a basis, but confining our remarks to bonds as the specific basis instead of allowing the holder of Government bonds the sole monopoly of this basis for banking, and thus directly increasing the value of their property, and indirectly to control the money of the country, it might, we trust, hold all bonds at par or at least make one man's money as good as another's. The banker, except to the extent that he is already an owner of Government bonds, would share in the benefits, as his basis would probably not cost him twenty-five per cent above par. All banks would become national banks, more money be issued, securing the desired increase of the circulating medium, lowering the rate of interest and resulting in the decrease of the people's debts.

JOHN E. HAZARD.

Box Butte County, Neb.

Minneapolis Journal:—The trains of the Northern [illegible] crowded with people bound [illegible] Coast. Four or five large [illegible] been sent out within the last few days. One party [illegible] from Kansas and Missouri and one went from Minnesota. This process of wheeling immigrants out of our own state to the Pacific slope can only be effectively opposed by a good working immigration bureau. The Northern Pacific advertises Washington Montana and Oregon almost exclusively. It dose little for this state in the way of introducing settlers. The state of Minnesota must look after that interest herself.

NOTICE

Of Change of Boundaries of the St. Cloud and Duluth Land Districts in the State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that the President of the United States, in pursuance to law, has, by Executive Order dated February 27th, 1891, directed that the following described lands be transferred from the St. Cloud land district to the Duluth land district in the State of Minnesota: Commencing at a point where the line between ranges 23 and 24 west of the 4th principal meridian intersects the northern boundary of the State; thence south along said range line to the southeast corner of township 53 north, of range 24 west; thence west following the course of the Mississippi River to a point where it intersects the line between ranges 29 and 30 west of the 5th principal meridian; thence north along the line between the counties of Itasca and Beltrami to the northern boundary of the State; thence east along said northern boundary to the place of beginning.

Further notice of the precise time when the land officers at Duluth will be in readiness to receive applications for the lands hereby transferred will be given by the Register and Receiver at Duluth by publication.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, this 3d day of March, A. D. 1891.

By the President:

LEWIS A. GROFF,
Com'r of the General Land Office.

Rich Dirt.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

It is just as a prominent farmer near here say: "We have the richest soil in the country." I have been in about every State in the Union and I am certain the soil in the Red River Valley is the richest I have found." This is the testimony of a practical farmer who has tested the soil in the East, South and in California, and he spoke with no idea that he was addressing a newspaper man. It is the truth, and the country is finding it out. After a few years we shall have no occasion to invite immigration. The fame of the Red River Valley will bring crowds here. Those who have acres in this section have property that will appreciate [illegible]

No Presidential Candidate.

Jery Simpson Thinks the Farmers Will Have None.

St. Paul Daily Globe.

New York, April 6.—Jerry Simpson, who sprang into fame as "the sockless statesman of Kansas," has been received in New York with considerable eclat. He asserted in a number of his speeches, and it is a generally recognized fact that he did not officially represent the National Farmers' Alliance. His economic theories are not in thorough accord with the rather non-committal status of that organization. In connection with these topics a reporter has just called upon the leading representative of the Farmers' Alliance in this city. The first question propounded was as follows;

"The National Farmers' Alliance is known to be organized in the Western and Southern states. The order is now attracting attention in this part of the country. What are the objects of the Alliance so far as the Empire state is concerned?"

"Col. Polk president of the National Farmers' Alliance, has decided to begin the organization in New York state on the 22d day of April. He will send into the state thirty and forty organizers, who will go to each county and do missionary work among the farmers thereof. Previous to that time the order will place itself upon the best basis possible in Pennsylvania."

"What is this organization? Is it a secret or is it based somewhat on the foundations employed in Masonry?"

"Yes."

"What are of its objects?"

"To alleviate the financial condition of the farmers and for his social elevation."

"What are its political ends?"

"That is for the future to decide."

'Suppose a farmer in Orleans county, New York, desires to join the Alliance. Is he bound in the future to follow the lead of the order in all public questions, such as tariff agitation and silver legislation?"

"He would have nothing to say regarding the policy of the order on these topics."

"Then the majority rule prevails in the organization?"

"Yes."

"On the 19th of May will there not be a meeting of the Knights of Labor and other labor organizations, including, perhaps, delegates from the Farmers' Alliance in Cincinnati, O.?"

"Yes."

"Will not the great question there be as to whether a ticket supported by the agricultural and industrial organizations of the country should not be nominated in 1892?',

"Yes."

"Are the leaders of the Farmers' Alliance in thorough sympathy with the third party movement?"

"Not at all."

"What do you mean by that?"

"I mean to say that President Polk, of the National Farmer's Alliance, and Mr. McConnel, chairman of the executive committee, oppose the gathering at Cincinnati, on the grounds that a great responsibility rests on the organization as regards political action."

"What, so far as you know, is the general feeling of the order in regard to the nomination of a presidential candidate in 1892?"

"I am convinced that no such nomination will be made by the Farmers' Alliance.',

"Have the leaders of either of the great political parties made overtures to the Alliance looking to a combination whereby the demands of the farmers can be recognized in national legislation, providing the combination should prove successful at the polls?"

"Both of the great political parties are very anxious to find out what the Alliance demands."

Sow Wheat.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

It is estimated that the shortage of wheat in Russia and France this season will not be less than 160,000,000 bushels. The London Standard publishes a long and careful review of the agricultural lookout. It says that the steady rise in wheat revives the hopes of the English farmer, adding that wheat will probably reach the highest prices in many years, the principal cause being the failure of foregin crops. India has a light crop. The outlook is thus encouraging to the American wheat grower. Europe will need all the surplus that our farmers can produce, according to the above, and the Red River Valley should do its very best. Plant with care and see how well we can do.

L. E. GOSSMAN

Attorney-at-[illegible]

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum.

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Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

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ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	13 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

GOOD ADVICE

To the Farmer.

BY A FARMER'S BOY.

FRED W. DAVIS.

A railroad man gives good advice,
To the farmers of our land.
There isn't a happier people
Than the farmers as a band.

"Keep live stock in variety,"
He says, and tries to teach
Us poor ignorant farmers
How to "grow flax and grow rich."

We need "ten thousand incubators,"
And as many "scutching machines,"
And we need not live in poverty,
If we "grow onions and beans."

How happy may the farmer be,
After working from sun to sun,
If he will play through the hours of night
By making the scutcher run.

And happy might the housewife be,
If she'd a spinning wheel obtain
And work all-night "making binding twine,"
To bind the golden grain.

We have "no time for politics,"
"Insects" take up our time,
We leave that to the editors
Or the Great Northern R. R. line.

Our children need not go to school,
They can get their learning later,
They have all that they can do
To "attend to the incubator."

Happy is the farmer,
Because happy is his lot,
And every prosperous farmer
Has "a fowl within his pot."

But he can't afford to celebrate
The fourth day of July,
When his "onion patch" is smothered
By pig-weeds, near knee high.

Cattle raising is a paying thing,
While beef is up so high,
It is worth two cents per pound now,
T'will be one cent bye-and-bye.

And now I wish to end my rhyme
By giving some good advice,
So I'll say: "Buy an incubator,"
No matter what's the price."

[The above article was written by a 15 year old lad, son of a prominent farmer near Euclid, after reading Whitney's advice to editors and farmers, and goes to show that the farmers and their children are "thinking it over."—ED. JOURNAL.]

EUCLID, Minn., 1891.

TO THE EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS ASSOCIATION:—Mr. F. O. Whitney, of the Great Northern, has seen fit to give you a pointer as to what you should say to the farmers. I wish to add a few remarks as I am an old farmer, a farmer from way back in the good old pod augur days.

First, in regard to bringing in new immigration to Minnesota, by all means we must have a new set of farmers in this country in order to do anything, for the ones that are here now are about "played out," that is to say they have spent all the money they brought here and have mortgaged their property for all it is worth, so you see we need a new lot of farmers or the railroads and money loaners can do no more business. "Farmers, keep out of politics!" Oh yes, keep out of politics and stick to your onions, except on election days and then go and vote for the grand old party, half of you, the other half vote for the grand old democratic party; that is the way to get refrom. Don't stop to talk with a friend, but get back to your onion patch, for if you should stop to talk a moment you might get an idea in your head, and ideas are bad things for the farmors, besides your onion patch might suffer.

Next, tell them to raise flax and pull it and scutch it and spin binding twine by hand. Why, there was a man somewhere around St. Paul who raised and pulled six acres of flax and manufactured it up at a great profit, and it did not interfere in the least with his other work. Tell him he is the King of Liars. Don't tell the farmers to stop and think a minute and see how long it would take a man to pull and prepare six acres of flax; that might put a damper on it; don't tell them that our falls are very dry and the flax would not rot so they could scutch it. There has of late been a great deal written about how to make the boys stick to the farm. Now we have it; get each one of your boys one of Jim Hill's scutching machines and set them to scutching flax, and I will bet a cent that they will stick to the farm, for if a boy ever loved anything it will be a scutching machine, and if your wives are a little downhearted and feel that their lot is a hard one, get them a spinning wheel and set them to spinning binding twine; that will put a smile on their faces, and in the fall of the year, after the crops are all sold and the debts partially paid, your family without clothes, the cold weather pinching their limbs, and they feel downhearted and sad, you set them to pulling flax and it will do your heart good to see how their countenances will brighten up, and when their backs begin to grow crooked and their heads to ache, and they want to know what this is all for, simply tell them, so that Mr. Whitney's and Mr. Jim Hill's daughters may wear diamonds and dress in silk and satin and fare sumptuously, and that will take the kinks out of their backs. But don't forget to tell the farmers to keep out of politics; tell them to make butter for there is money in butter. Why, I made a three gallon jar of butter and shipped it 14 miles on Jim Hill's road and did not have to pay only thirty cents freight; don't tell them to figure up and see how much it would have cost if I had shipped it to St. Paul, distance 300 miles, as it might have a discouraging effect, and you must avoid such things. Grow potatoes. Yes, by all means, grow potatoes and ship them to St. Paul and sell them for 25 cents per bushel; don't tell them the freight is so high it won't pay; don't tell them that the reason potatoes are so high this year in St. Paul is because potatoes were a blank failure last season, for they might stop and take time to reason this way: Now, if I plant ten acres of potatoes and get a good crop, the price will be low and they will not bring enough to pay the freight, and I will get left; or if I have a failure of crop I am left. Oh yes, by all means tell them to raise potatoes. Go back to the good old days; sell your mower for old iron; cut your grass with a scythe, rake it by hand; don't spoil your boys by letting them ride on a mower; do your plowing with a walking plow—it spoils boys to ride a gang plow and plow two furrows at a time; you will get your plowing done too soon and your boys will have time to do a little thinking, and just so sure as you give the boys time to think, just so sure they will leave the farm. Yes, get back to the good old days.

Raise sheep—put emphasis on raise. They tell the farmers it is their only salvation to go into sheep, but don't tell anybody that the farmers have no money to buy sheep with; don't tell them that the men who bought sheep last fall on time are heartily sick of it and wish they had not done it. Tell the farmers when they have no seed grain to sow, and feel blue because they have not any feed for their teams, their last chance is to scutch flax. Tell the farmers to go into small things for the merchant makes his best profit on small things—say 150 or 200 per cent; but do not tell him that the merchant did not raise these small things, but bought them. You see it makes a wide difference whether you raise an article or buy it to sell.

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Tell the farmers to take better care of their machinery; they should take some poles and straw and make a shed and put them under; but for goodness sake don't say that we can scarcely get enough poles for firewood to keep our families from freezing, and what few poles we do get we have to steal from railroad lands, for we haven't money to buy any with.

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Tell the farmers to keep bees. That is a good one; but don't tell them you never saw a bee in this part of the country.

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Don't tell Jim Hill's immigrants that if we could have had freight rates that were reasonable and had not been robbed by the elevator system, that we would have been out of debt and would have no need of his scutching machine, for if you told them that, it might make the railroads mad, and a mad railroad is a very dangerous thing. No, boys, don't monkey with the business end of a railroad.

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Yes, editors, we need immigrants. Why not send down to New Orleans and get some Italians? they seem to have an over-supply down there.

Tell the immigrants that this is a banana country, the ground only freezes six feet deep in the winter. Now I want you to be sure and tell the farmers to keep out of politics; the farmers went into politics last fall and [illegible] of farmers to the legislature and they have passed a law lowering the rate of interest 2 per cent and it is sure to ruin all the bankers and money loaners, and the country will be sure to go to the dogs. Yes, farmers going into politics is a bad thing. Stick to your onion patch and Jim Hill's scutching machine.

You may have noticed that I lay particular stress on the onion patch and scutching machine. Well, I will tell you how that comes. My father used to have the onion patch and the scutching machine way back in Luzerne Co., Pa. I can remember fondly to this day how I used to love the onion patch when I was a boy. I can hear him now say: "Well, if you have got through milking and feeding the pigs and hens, you may go out and rest yourself by weeding onions or scutching flax," and I can tell you I was tickled; and I can remember how the bob-o-links used to come and sit on the weeds and sing to me. Oh, those were days of joy—days of my childhood. How I pity a boy now-a-days who has to ride a mower or a gang plow and has no onion patch or scutching machine.

Tell Jim's immigrants they need not bring along any household goods, farming tools or teams; all they will need is money to buy up the chattel mortgages and they can step in at one door while the present occupant will go out at the other door. And, lastly, tell Jim's immigrants to be sure and bring along a barrel of dried apples for they will need to live very cheaply, and the cheapest way we have found to live is to eat dried apples for breakfast, drink cold water for dinner and swell up for supper. We have been living that way for three years and it worked well till we got out of dried apples, and now we are stuck.

Tell Jim Hill's immigrants they need not bring any flour with them, for the millers have entered into a combine so that they are able to sell flour to the farmers as cheap as it can be bought in the city of New York; and bran is nearly as cheap as flour. Our millers are whole-souled fellows with a big heart.

GEORGE EASBEY.

The Grand Army.

The Press.

At the time of its organization the Grand Army of the Republic was intended to be more than an association of veteran soldiers. Twenty-five years ago the smoke of battle still dimmed the horizon, and the work of reconstruction was often in peril of disaster. The Rebellion was dead, but the spirit of rebellion was living, active and defiant. A vast conspiracy was in embryo, a conspiracy intended to do, under masks and in the dark, what open warfare had failed to accomplish. It was at this most difficult period that the former soldiers of the Union, most of them in fresh and vigorous manhood, banded together to defend and uphold what the Union armies had won, and to form a fraternal order whose purposes were mutual aid and benefit.

A quarter of a century has rolled over the Grand Army of the Republic. The Union is no longer in danger. The great commanders have gone to rest, and a multitude of those who followed them have answered the final taps. The silver locks and furrowed faces among the survivors tell of advancing years, although many who were only boys in the war are but middle aged men to-day. Another generation has risen, knowing only by hearsay of the terrors and trials of that greatest of wars.

The veterans are numerous still, but every recurring Decoration day sees their numbers diminished, and, as years accumulate, death wields the sickle with a busier hand. But it is a grand organization yet, in numbers as well as in name, and it will still be grand, although not in numbers, when a quarter of a century hence the remnant of white haired survivors will totter along striving to keep time to the music that thrills with memories of the glorious past.

AZILDA SET FREE.

Executive Clemency Exercised in Behalf of A Life Prisoner.

St. Paul Daily News.

Azilda Beaudry, the prisoner serving a life sentence at Stillwater, has been pardoned by Gov. Merriam. She had served eight years in prison.

Azilda Beaudry was found guilty of the murder of her husband in 1882, near Warren, in Marshall county. It seems she had once been the sweetheart of Camil Roy, but quarreled with him and married Beaudry. One night three the were together, a quarrel ensued and Beaudry was killed. The woman was accused of being an accessory, but on the stand she pleaded guilty to the charge of murder. It was always claimed that she did this through ignorance of the English language, she being a French woman, and that all the court expected was manslaughter. [illegible] prison at Stillwater.

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

arry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

Closing Ou at Cost!

I AM CLOSING OUT
MY ENTIRE STOCK OF
General Merchandise
AT AND BELOW COST

IF YOU WANT
BOOTS, SHOES
OR CROCKERY,

Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.

A. STURE

Municipal Bonds As A Basis For Money.

Prairie Farmer.

Under the caption "The Farmer and the Banks," in The Prairie Farmer of March 7, the writer admits that "there is room for improvement" in our system of finance. Let us see how it might be improved.

Suppose Uncle Sam did the proper thing in borrowing money and issuing bonds drawing interest for payment. But is not the payment of said interest and principal according to contract, the whole duty of the Government to its creditors? I assert that it is no part of our duty (but an injustice to all other citizens) to specially favor the owners of Government bonds, who, by the way, may or may not be the persons who made the loans to the Government, by making those bonds the only basis for issuing additional money.

If it is a fact that evidence of debt, backed by good and sufficient security, is the best basis (aside from gold and silver) for paper money, why not extend it to all municipal bonds? This is the improvement I have to suggest. No one says the National bank note is not good money, but the trouble is it costs the people too much, and we have not enough of them. What I suggest is not a change of system but an extension, and indirectly a modification, of the one we have tried and proved. Doubtless there are other things that might be used as a basis, but confining our remarks to bonds as the specific basis instead of allowing the holder of Government bonds the sole monopoly of this basis for banking, and thus directly increasing the value of their property, and indirectly to control the money of the country, it might, we trust, hold all bonds at par or at least make one man's money as good as another's. The banker, except to the extent that he is already an owner of Government bonds, would share in the benefits, as his basis would probably not cost him twenty-five per cent above par. All banks would become national banks, more money be issued, securing the desired increase of the circulating medium, lowering the rate of interest and resulting in the decrease of the people's debts.

JOHN P. HAZARD.
Box Butte County, Neb.

Minneapolis Journal:—The trains of the Northern [illegible] are crowded with people bound [illegible] coast. Four or five [illegible] have been sent out within the [illegible] few days. One party [illegible] from Kansas and Missouri [illegible] went from Minnesota. This process of wheeling immigrants out of our own state to the Pacific slope can only be effectively opposed by a good working immigration bureau. The Northern Pacific advertises Washington Montana and Oregon almost exclusively. It dose little for this state in the way of introducing settlers. The state of Minnesota must look after that interest herself.

NOTICE

Of Change of Boundaries of the St. Cloud and Duluth Land Districts in the State of Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that the President of the United States, in pursuance to law, has, by Executive Order dated February 27th, 1891, directed that the following described lands be transferred from the St. Cloud land district to the Duluth land district in the State of Minnesota: Commencing at a point where the line between ranges 23 and 24 west of the 4th principal meridian intersects the northern boundary of the State; thence south along said range line to the southeast corner of township 53 north, of range 24 west; thence west following the course of the Mississippi River to a point where it intersects the line between ranges 29 and 30 west of the 5th principal meridian; thence north along the line between the counties of Itasca and Beltrami to the northern boundary of the State; thence east along said northern boundary to the place of beginning.

Further notice of the precise time when the land officers at Duluth will be in readiness to receive applications for the lands hereby transferred will be given by the Register and Receiver at Duluth by publication.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, this 3d day of March, A. D. 1891.

By the President:

LEWIS A. GROFF,
Com'r of the General Land Office.

Rich Dirt.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

It is just as a prominent farmer near here say: "We have the richest soil in the country." "I have been in about every State in the Union and I am certain the soil in the Red River Valley is the richest I have found." This is the testimony of a practical farmer who has tested the soil in the East, South and in California, and he spoke with no idea that he was addressing a newspaper man. It is the truth, and the country is finding it out. After a few years we shall have no occasion to invite immigration. The fame of the Red River Valley will bring crowds here. Those who have acres in this section [illegible] have property that will appreciate [illegible]

No Presidential Candidate.

Jerry Simpson Thinks the farmers Will Have None.

St. Paul Daily Globe.

New York, April 6.—Jerry Simpson, who sprang into fame as "the sockless statesman of Kansas," has been received in New York with considerable eclat. He asserted in a number of his speeches, and it is a generally recognized fact that he did not officially represent the National Farmers' Alliance. His economic theories are not in thorough accord with the rather non-committal status of that organization. In connection with these topics a reporter has just called upon the leading representative of the Farmers' Alliance in this city. The first question propounded was as follows;

"The National Farmers' Alliance is known to be organized in the Western and Southern states. The order is now attracting attention in this part of the country. What are the objects of the Alliance so far as the Empire state is concerned?"

"Col. Polk president of the National Farmers' Alliance, has decided to begin the organization in New York state on the 22d day of April. He will send into the state thirty and forty organizers, who will go to each county and do missionary work among the farmers thereof. Previous to that time the order will place itself upon the best basis possible in Pennsylvania."

"What is this organization? Is it a secret or is it based somewhat on the foundations employed in Masonry?"

"Yes."

"What are of its objects?"

"To alleviate the financial condition of the farmers and for his social elevation."

"What are its political ends?"

"That is for the future to decide."

"Suppose a farmer in Orleans county, New York, desires to join the Alliance. Is he bound in the future to follow the lead of the order in all public questions, such as tariff agitation and silver legislation?"

"He would have nothing to say regarding the policy of the order on these topics."

"Then the majority rule prevails in the organization?"

"Yes."

"On the 19th of May will there not be a meeting of the Knights of Labor and other labor organizations, including, perhaps, delegates from the Farmers' Alliance in Cincinnati, O.?"

"Yes."

"Will not the great question there be as to whether a ticket supported by the agricultural and industrial organizations of the country should not be nominated in 1892?"

"Yes."

"Are the leaders of the Farmers' Alliance in thorough sympathy with the third party movement?"

"Not at all."

"What do you mean by that?"

"I mean to say that President Polk, of the National Farmer's Alliance, and Mr. McConnel, chairman of the executive committee, oppose the gathering at Cincinnati, on the grounds that a great responsibility rests on the organization as regards political action."

"What, so far as you know, is the general feeling of the order in regard to the nomination of a presidential candidate in 1892?"

"I am convinced that no such nomination will be made by the Farmers' Alliance."

"Have the leaders of either of the great political parties made overtures to the Alliance looking to a combination whereby the demands of the farmers can be recognized in national legislation, providing the combination should prove successful at the polls?"

"Both of the great political parties are very anxious to find out what the Alliance demands."

Sow Wheat.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

It is estimated that the shortage of wheat in Russia and France this season will not be less than 160,000,000 bushels. The London Standard publishes a long and careful review of the agricultural lookout. It says that the steady rise in wheat revives the hopes of the English farmer, adding that wheat will probably reach the highest prices in many years, the principal cause being the failure of foregin crops. India has a light crop. The outlook is thus encouraging to the American wheat grower. Europe will need all the surplus that our farmers can produce, according to the above, and the Red River Valley should do its very best. Plant with care and see how well we can do.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-[illegible]

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 16, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 91.
1 Northern 89.
2 Northern 86.
3 Northern 80.

The river is running free of ice below the dam.

Violins, with boxes and extra strings, at Herb's.

Dave Robinson has gone to Chicago with potatoes.

Seeding is pretty generally commenced this week.

Wheat came up to 91 for 1 Hard on Tuesday morning.

Herb has a complete line of musical goods at way down prices.

Bill Creighton sports a fine new dray built by A. J. & A. McKinnon.

The street commissinor is doing a good job cleaning up the streets.

Seeding commenced pretty generally throughout the county this week.

C. T. Lanman, the McIntosh Times man, was in the city last week.

W. J. Nickle was up from Edna last week enjoying a few days' vacation.

Judge Benson took the Fosston train on Saturday for a visit at the old home.

Herman Wold was down from Winger last week for a few days recreation.

By Monday noon the seats in the Grand Opera house were nearly all sold.

Billy Davis has returned from Fargo and will again be a citizen of Crookston.

A. Grindland was down from Warren to take in the Grand Opera Tuesday night.

Ladies, call and see those elegant millinery goods at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' store.

Grand opening week at the big Mammoth Dry Goods Store Gervais "the hustler's."

T. G. Mandt, the celebrated wagonmaker, was in the city last week looking up trade.

See new ad of W. E. Slocum in this issue. We can recommend him to JOURNAL readers.

Wm. Davidson was down from the Keystone farm on Saturday after men. Found lots of 'em.

Mrs. Eben Lancaster left for a visit to Decatur, Ill., this week for a visit with friends and relatives.

P. L. Ramstad was up from Norman County last week and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant and profitable call.

The cheapest Hose in the Northwest. Warranted fast black at the Mammoth Store. Gervais "the hustler."

Herb has just received a full line of stringed musical instruments and extras therefor. Call and examine.

The handsomest and Cheapest line of carpets you ever saw at the Mammoth Store of Gervais "the hustler."

Many who intended to start the seeder on Monday morning found it impossible on account of the freeze up.

An immense line of Ladies and Misses Spring Jackets and Capes at the Mammoth Store. Gervais "the hustler."

Charlie Rauch has returned to civilization from Fosston and has accepted a situation with his brother Adolph.

A runaway team took a bit of exercise on Broadway on Tuesday afternoon. No damage of any account.

Faust was the opening piece at the new opera house. The audience was well pleased with the entertainment.

Martha was the play at the Grand Opera house on Tuesday evening. The house was well filled and well pleased.

Go to the mammoth Store and see those fine Dry Goods and Dress Paterns they are elegant. Gervais "the hustler."

Gervais The Hustler addresses JOURNAL readers in a new ad this week. This will be a regular feature hereafter.

P. L. Hillestad was down from Fosston on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings to take in the doings at the Grand Opera house.

W. E. Slocum opened out his new grocery store on Broadway on Saturday last and says he is doing a nice business.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. MORRISEY.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings invites the attention of the ladies to an elegant line of fashionable spring millinery at very low prices considering the goods. Call and [illegible]

See new ad. of A. J. & A. McKinnon and when in need of anything in their line give the boys a call. They are hustlers from way back and understand their business.

[illegible] Helen Halverson has secured the [illegible] trimmer from one of the [illegible] millinery stores in St. Paul and [illegible] the ladies to call and examine [illegible]

GRAND OPENING WEEK.

GRAND OPENING WEEK

AT

THE MAMMOTH STORE.

Stock Complete in All Departments.

A very handsome line of Spring Dress Goods and Dress Patterns, Wool Challies and Granadines. The prettiest line of Wash Fabrics in the city.

The Hosiery and Glove Department

Is immense. A good Ladies' Hose, warranted fast black, for 25 cents.

Ladies' and Children's Underwear. Ladies' good Jersey Ribbed Vest for 10 cents.

Ladies', and Misses' Jackets and Capes in all styles.

CARPETS.

The finest display of Carpets, Rugs and House Furnishings in the Northwest in all the newest patterns and best grades.

I. O. O. F. BLOCK,
Crookston, Minn.
Gervais, the Hustler.

J. W. Wheeler purchased the old opera house property last week and intends converting it into a packing house. The present packing house is too small to accommodate the business.

See Herb's fine assortment of musical goods in every variety.

Judge Benson examined two persons on the 7th inst, Mrs. John Duffy, of Buffiington, whom he sent to St. Peter, and Swan Johnson, of Sletten, whom he sent to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls.

Herb can sell you an elegant guitar or sell you strings for your old one.

The county board has brought action against Fred Tiedt and the Red River Elevator Co. for purchasing wheat upon which the county had a lien to secure it for seed procured from the county, under the act of '89.

E. R. Blanchard has accepted the position of teacher of the public school in district No. 118., adjoining the district in which he formely taught in Tabor township, and expects to open the Spring term April 27th.

The attractions Mrs. E. E. Bangs offers the ladies are fashionable goods in the latest styles of the very best qualities and extremely low prices. You will do well to call and examine her goods and get prices.

Ole Olson was greeted by a full house at the old opera house on Tuesday evening and all seemed well pleased with the play. The idea that some have had that Crookston is a poor show town will have to be adandoned.

Jas. Greenhalgh, Sr., returned from the west last week and left for St. Paul Sunday evening, before we had a chance to interview him in relation to his western trip and impressions thereof.

Clary & Buckingham wish to inform JOURNAL readers that they will procure seed potatoes for all who desire at actual cost. They claim great things for Burbank's Seedling and can supply all that may be wanted. Call and see them.

The auction sale at Mike Meland's on the 9th inst. was well attended notwithstand the storm, and the prices offered for stock were very high compared with prices that have ruled heretofore. We believe the day is at hand when cattle will bring good prices.

Tom O. Sundit and O. W. Brekke came up from the west side last week with a model for a mower that they intend to have patented. The mower is very simple in construction and can be made to sell at about one-half the present pribe of mowers.

Regular service at the Congregational church next Sabbath. Subjects: 11 a. m.—"The Joy of Jesus." 7:30 p. m.—"The Herdsman's Trumpet Blast." Sunday school 12:15 p. m.—"Jonah Sent to Ninevah." Y. P. S. C. E. prayer meeting 6:45 p. m. All invited.

As our reporter was standing in front of the opera house on Monday evening, a number of the Hess troupe were standing near engaged in an animated chat, when one of them said: "Crookston looks better than Fargo does now." "Oh, I like it better than Fargo, a good deal better," said the other.

"Too busy to go to meals" said Miss Helen Halvorson as she cordially greeted our reporter on his rounds on Tuesday morning, "we have had so many orders that we actually did not get time go to supper last night until 9 o'clock. We like to be kept busy and shall try to merit a continuance of this trade."

Mrs. and Miss. Bailey has repapered their elegant millinery parlors and are now ready with a fine display of fashonable spring millinery to greet their many friends and show their goods. Their styles and prices will compare favorably with any in the market. The ladies are cordially invited to call.

Our reporter called in to see Mrs. E. E. Bangs on Tuesday morning and in response to our query that lady remarked: "We have been pushed almost to death supplying the demand for styles that [illegible]

A great deal of dissatisfaction was expressed at the attitude of the Great Northern road in relation to extra trains to St. Hilaire and Fosston for the opening of the Grand Opera House in this city. Had reasonable facilities been afforded many of the citizens of these villages would have been glad to attend it is said.

Jacob Stambuagh, of Youngstown, Ohio, was in the city on Monday on his way down to his old place near Fertile. He has traded his 1,200 acre farm for Minneapolis property and is up closing up the deal. His tree claim is now the only Polk County soil he owns. Mr. S. thinks Polk County dirt will be good property to have ere long.

Jacob Thompson, aged 77, died at his residence in Fairfax on Friday of last week. His daughter Mary, aged 34, who had been taking care of him, died on the Wednesday previous and the funeral of both occurred on Monday of this week. Mr. Thompson leaves a wife and four children, one of them the wife of Ole Anderson Moen, of Fairfax.

Lewis Thompson, of Towner, N. D., was in the city on Tuesday to see "Ole Olson." Lewis was once a prosperous citizen of Ada, in Norman County, and he has not lost his love for that and other prosperous Minnesota villages yet. He was greatly taken with our new opera house and says it is the finest he has seen outside of St. Paul or Minneapolis.

Two boys, Albert Layman and Wal. Anderson, got into the river on Sunday afternoon and came near losing their lives. They attempted to cross in a box and the box proved recreant to the trust. It was only by great effort that they were rescued and one of them suffered severely from cramps. They lost two guns in the river and concluded that Sunday hunting don't pay.

The Northern Pacific offered a special train from Red Lake Falls to Crookston on any night during the opera house opening season for 100 tickets; then offered to hold the freight at Fertile for those who wished to come, and the down freight at Crookston until the close of the exercises each night providing 15 tickets were sold. That company did all in its power to accommodate its patrons in this matter.

Paynesville Press. "The Clarions" gave another of their unique entertainments to a full house in the congregational Church, Tuesday evening. Every number was applauded, and the audience was kept in the best of spirits from opening to end. They are doing a good work and are being appreciated.' At the old opera house Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings next.

What has the legislature done to relieve the farmers? Well, for one thing, they nave legislated the tights off the ballet girls—probably with the idea that should the interest bill become a law the farmers would have so much use for tights that there wouldn't be enough for the ballet girls, too. But just what has been done to secure competition in the wheat market is problematical.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. have secured the old opera house for a musical entertainment on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, April 20th, 21st and 22d. Admission, for adults 10 cents, for children 5 cents. The singers are: Mrs. Charles W. Howe, soprano, Miss Manda Glossman, alto, Mr. Chas. W. Howe, tenor, Mr. Arthur P. Putnam, basso. Mr. Chas. W. Howe will also deliver an entertaining address on Monday and Tuesday evenings," Subject: "Scientific Temperance, illustrated by chart." The subject for Wednesday evening will be announced later.

The rumor is going about that the Great Northern railroad company intends shortly to move all the conductors, engineers and round house employes now living in Crookston to Devil's Lake and Barnesville. Crookston business men feels that this is a direct blow at the interests of our city that should and no doubt will result in increased patronage to the Northern Pacific [illegible]

Mrs. I. U. Jennings cheerfully responded to the query of our local scribe: "Business is indeed excellent this spring and we were all kept too busy for anything filling the orders for those neat little opera hats. It is just what we like, though, and we appreciate it highly. You may tell my lady friends that we are fully prepared to attend to all of their needs in the line of fashionable spring millinery."

At the Congregational church last Sunday evening, Rev. R. H. Battey finished his series of twelve lectures to young people. Next Sunday he will open a new course. It will consist of but four discourses, which will be delivered on successive Sunday evenings. April 19th, "The Herdsman's Trumpet Blast.."—Amos 1:4. April 26th, "The Easy Beds of Ivory."—Amos 6:4. May 3d, "King and Herdman."—Amos 7:4. May 10th, "Plowman and Reaper."—Amos 9:13.

Wm. Box, Jr., was in the city Monday night. Has been buying up several carloads of steers and says the prices are pretty stiff compared with what has ruled heretofore. He says the farmers name their price and tell him he "don't have to" take the steers unless he so desires as they are abundantly able to keep the critters until they will bring the price asked. This looks as though the time has come when we don't have to "keep live stock in variety," but can sell them if we choose.

Gule Johnson died suddenly at the Sherman House on Friday night. He had been stopping at the Sherman House for a day or so and about 10:30 Friday evening went to his room and laid down. Was found dead about 11 o'clock p. m. Mr. Johnson was probably a man between 45 and 50 years of age and unmarried. His brother Charles lives near St. Hilaire. They came to this city together in '78 or '79 and for several years kept a hotel on the corner of Main and Robert streets on part of the site now occupied by McKinnon block. The remains were taken to Wyatt's undertaking rooms, prepared for burial, and on Monday sent to St. Hilaire.

Our reporter called at the new carriage factory of A. J. & A. McKinnon on Tuesday and saw six men at work as busy as bees at repairing and new work. The main floor of this mammoth establishment 100x100 is devoted to the repair room, the show room, the paint room and the office; the upper part to the storage of timber for spokes, felloes, &c., and lumber for wagon and carriage boxes. In the store room we saw an elegant new rig just completed for A. Walters for a general delivery wagon, and we were told that the boys are building a neat light delivery rig for Slocum, one for the successor to J. B. Ford & Co., soap factory, two drays for parties at Warren, and a light wagon for Andrew Steenerson. They have on hand orders enough for new work to keep them busy for two months. They are situated so they can take a tree and out of it make a neat, trim carriage or an ox cart—as you like it, all ready painted and ready for business.

Wabasha Herald:—Joseph Hoch will remove his family to this city in the near future, where they will remain until Mr. Hoch finds a suitable location to embark in business. The Hoch farm has been rented for a term of five years to Mr. Freeze. Mr. Geo. Hoch, of Crookston, arrived in the city on Monday, and will remain for some time visiting friends.

LOST.

April 2d, on the road between Crookston and S. M. McKee's farm, a small leather, saddle-colored valise. Finder leave same at V. W. Ayer's residence and receive suitable reward.

[52-1] CAROLINE RICH.

JUST RECEIVED.

At Herb's a full line of musical instruments, consisting of violins, accordions, banjos, banjorines, guitars and [illegible] full line of strings, violin bows [illegible]

George Eastbey, in a communication elsewhere in this issue, takes a very pessimestic view of the prospects and condition of things in this Red River Valley, and one would almost think from reading his article that there were no redeeming features in the case, but this is a mistake, for the condition of things in the Valley, as far as agriculture is concerned, is far ahead of any other locality in the United States, and the United States beats the world. Other soils in other states that will not produce half as much wheat as our soil will under proper cultivation, is held at prices many times greater per acre. Here you can buy good land at from $5 to $30 per acre, while in the older states you have to pay from $20 to $200 for land not as good as this. In the older states a man working on a farm by the month would have to work a lifetime to save up enough to buy a quarter section of land—here many of them have accomplished it in a few years and are in easy circumstances today. Of course this country has its drawbacks, but no greater than elsewhere, when everything is considered. One of the needs of this country is more settlers of the right stamp, and it is a good thing that the railroad officials are interested in bringing them in, because, if it is true that there is an understanding, or a contract between the roads and the elevators whereby the elevators absolutely control the wheat market and keep out competition, it is just as true that very many settlers cannot be induced to settle under such circumstances hence it is for the interest of the roads to cancel that contract, as they alone have that power, and we believe that sooner or later it will come to this, for we do not believe the roads will long continue to work against their own interests. It is to their interests to have the farmers along their lines prosperous, and no wheat country can long remain prosperous without competition in its markets. There is much that the railroads can do to better the condition of things, and there is also much that the settler can do. Both interests are mutual and both should work in harmony. This is pre-eminently a wheat country, and millions of dollars have been made in wheat, but the farmer has not made the lion's share of it, but those who have been able to control their wheat, and sell when the market was right, have made big money. The railroad companies show a commendable spirit in offering to put up large sums of money for immigration purposes, but we cannot help feeling that they would do more good for themselves, for the country and for the cause of immigration if they would do all in their power to create and maintain a competitive wheat market. In the Whitney paper, under discussion, there is much that is good under all ordinary circumstances. It is mostly matter that the American Agriculturist and like leading agricultural papers have for years preached to their readers, but there is one point that, to our mind, it does not fully cover and that is that while all these fine spun theories of diversified husbandry are correct in the main and as far as they go, it is a pre-eminent fact that the soil and climate of the Red River Valley are peculiarly adapted to raising the best wheat in the world in great quantities—that it has done this ever since it has been opened to civilization, and millions of dollars have been made out of wheat by middlemen and speculators but not by the farmers—that while this is true, the best way to help the farmer is to point out to him how he can manage to retain these profits, or at least his proportion of them, instead of recommending him to try all kinds of unknown and untried experiments. Millers and experienced wheat men all agree that our No. 1 Hard wheat is actually worth ten cents per bushel more for grinding purposes than any of the softer varieties, and the fact is that the farmer, so far from getting that premium, does not in many cases get the actual cost of production. We believe these things can be remedied, and we believe the railroad companies can do very much toward that desired end. Many of our farmers are educated men—experienced farmers from the east, who know all about the diversified farming business and do not need to be told that; what they do need and desire is to be told how to use the means at their command in such a way as to secure to them an equitable share of the proceeds of their labor, and we give the railroad companies full credit of a sincere desire to aid the farmers along their lines, and if they will but take a realizing sense of the situation they can accomplish very much. There should be no antagonism between the roads and the settlers, and if they will work together in harmony they can accomplish much for the good of the country; in fact, this is the only way to accomplish it, and sooner or later this will be done. For the present, self interest should prompt each one to make the best of circumstances as they exist, and while he tries his best to better them, he will in that way get all the success possible out of the situation.

FOUND.

A gold ring. The owner can recover by calling on Dunc Morris, proving property and paying for this notice.

For Sale Cheap

Four good brood mares and two good work horses cheap for cash or negotiable paper. Inquire of Knudson and Borlaug, at Alderman & Sylvester's livery stables.

GRAND OPENING — GRAND OPENING

NOW That the excitement incident to the opening of the Grand Opera House is over, your attention is respectfully invited to my

Grand Opening

Of a Full and Complete Line of Choice

Fresh Family Groceries

IN THE ROOM JUST SOUTH OF WYATT'S'

ON BROADWAY.

☞My goods are all fresh from the wholesale house and I will not be undersold.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.

W. E. SLOCUM.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING
HEAVY OR SHELF
HARDWARE

DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,

DEALERS IN

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET, McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

CLIPPING.

So you want your horses clipped? I am now prepared to attend to all orders left at the livery stables of S. L. Collins. Call on or address, G. P. PASEMAN.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

POTATOES.

If you have a few potatoes to spare we will be glad to allow the highest market price on subscription. We can use from 25 to 50 bushels for seed.

For Sale.

A good high grade Holstein cow, two weeks in milk. Gives from 8 to 10 quarts at a milking, without bran. Enquire of M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax, or at JOURNAL office.

WANTED.

A good girl for house work on farm. Address, E. D. Childs, Carman, Minn.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's. are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of outside Co's. ☞ CALL ON HIM.

More McKinley Prices.

New York Press.

When the McKinley bill went into effect indigo prints were selling here at about eight cents, and there were predictions made that the price would go up because of the new duty. Within a week past 600 cases of indigo print goods were sold on this market at five and one-fourth cents. They were American goods. The price was not wholly the result of the McKinley bill, but was due absolutely to the protection principle, under which a large plant could be established here to make these goods and competition among manufacturers for the home market does the rest.

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The New Orleans affair would indicate a determination to employ its terrible power to terrorize American officials in cases of emergency.

The Bari trial, it is not improbable, will result in developments which will prove of great benefit in driving this excrescence from Italy from American soil.

America has no place for the secret assassin, or the hot bed production from which they spring, anarchists.

One More United Effort.

National Tribune.

The coming battle for veterans' rights is much the most important that we have ever fought, or ever shall fight. It is the last fight that tens of thousands of our comrades will engage in, for before it is ended they will have passed over the Dark River, and be where the Soldier-Hater ceases from troubling and the veterans are at rest.

The fight is now whether the men and women shall continue to enjoy for the remainder of their lives what has been granted them, and whether they shall receive any further justice, or whether they will surrender everything to their enemies.

The question must be definitely settled within the next two years, and it is all-important that we at once close up our ranks, and present a solid, unbroken front to our antagonists. We must neglect no means to secure victory, which will be so full of consequences, not merely to ourselves but to our disabled comrades, and the widows and orphans of those who have gone before.

Every line of pension legislation now on the statute books must be kept there, and much more added. We want in addition the passage of The National Tribune Per Diem Service Pension Bill, the Equalization of Bounties, the Repeal of the Arrears of Pensions, the Prisoners of War Pension, the Maimed Soldiers Bill, and all other acts of justice for which we have long struggled. The county justly owes all this to the men who saved the Nation's life. In spite of the clamors of the Free Traders and pension-haters, the country can well afford this act of justice, and will be the richer and more prosperous for doing it. It will not increase the taxes upon the people one cent, and when all the expenditures under these laws are made the total will not be one-half what has already been paid the bondholders for a vastly smaller monetary contribution to the National defense than was made

But in order to secure this, every veteran and friend of the veterans must rouse himself for a final effort. We must meet our antagonists everywhere with argument for argument, appeals for justice for clamors for cruel injustice, facts for injurious slanders, and votes for votes.

If we do this we shall certainly win, because our cause is right, and the great and good heart of the country is with us. All that is necessary is to educate the people up to a realization of what is due the men who saved the country. If we win this time the victory will be conclusive, and we can pass the rest of the days that God shall grant us in peace.

S. L. COLLINS

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minneso ta

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, . . Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Havanna Press Drills

FOR POLK COUNTY.

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 11th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 20th, 1891, viz: CHARLES ST. ANTOINE, Hd. No. 10,041, for the se¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 151, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Huot, Joseph Provost, Octave Laconsire, Joseph Pepin, all of Huot P. O., Minn.

[52-5] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.,

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Morfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20½, single; to pole 2:17. Fashion, record 2:23½; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:30; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

FLINT BROS., Prop's.
G. P. PASEMAN, Manager.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT

ATTY'S AT LAW

[illegible] BLOCK, - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 16th, 1891, viz: EMI FONTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Min., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, Eustach Blanchard, of Kertsonville, Minn.

151-41 H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim,	K. D. Chase,	R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine,	B. B. Northrop.	A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh.	John Moore.	W. H. Crosby
	Chas. E. Sawyer.	

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

AND

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. [illegible]

SPRING SALE

OF

SPRING CLOAKS

AND

JACKETS,

At Fontaine & Anglim's

NEXT WEEK.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

IN

General Merchandise!

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.	Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier..

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson. Max Ericssen. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS.

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, QUEBEC.

Office in

A. A.

Homo

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

from selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ W
equ

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaes

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
SecondStreet, Crookston, Minn.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN

NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, I

TREATMENT BY INHAL

For Consumption, Asthn
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ache, Debility, Rheuma
ralgia, and all Chron
Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genui Oxygen Treatment." Drs. Starke been using for the last twenty ye tificic adjustment of the element nytrogen magnetized, and the condensed and made portable the over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office reco 50.000 cases in which their origi genuine) Compound Oxygen Treat used by physicians in their practic valids independently. O 1,000 phy more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Results." is the title of a new brochure hundred pages, published by Drs. Stark Palen, which gives to all inquirers full i tion as to this remarkable curative agent record of several hundred surprising cu wide range of chronic cases—many of t ter being abandoned to die by other phy Will be mailed free to any address on a tion. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

☞ Please mention this paper when der Com. Oxygen.

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105 Third Stre

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PIANOS,

WEBER, HA
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Organs.
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It has long been known that Italy was honeycombed with secret assassination societies, of which the Mafia was supposed to be the largest and best organized. It is well established that the operations of the Mafia have been extended to Italians residing in other countries.

The New Orleans affair would indicate a determination to employ its terrible power to terrorize American officials in cases of emergency.

The Bari trial, it is not improbable, will result in developments which will prove of great benefit in driving this excrescence from Italy from American soil.

America has no place for the secret assassin, or the hot bed production from which they spring, anarchists.

One More United Effort.

National Tribune.

The coming battle for veterans' rights is much the most important that we have ever fought, or ever shall fight. It is the last fight that tens of thousands of our comrades will engage in, for before it is ended they will have passed over the Dark River, and be where the Soldier-Hater ceases from troubling and the veterans are at rest.

The fight is now whether the men and women shall continue to enjoy for the remainder of their lives what has been granted them, and whether they shall receive any further justice, or whether they will surrender everything to their enemies.

The question must be definitely settled within the next two years, and it is all-important that we at once close up our ranks, and present a solid, unbroken front to our antagonists. We must neglect no means to secure victory, which will be so full of consequences, not merely to ourselves but to our disabled comrades, and the widows and orphans of those who have gone before.

Every line of pension legislation now on the statute books must be kept there, and much more added. We want in addition the passage of The National Tribune Per Diem Service Pension Bill, the Equalization of Bounties, the Repeal of the Arrears of Pensions, the Prisoners of War Pension, the Maimed Soldiers Bill, and all other acts of justice for which we have long struggled. The county justly owes all this to the men who saved the Nation's life. In spite of the clamors of the Free Traders and pension-haters, the country can well afford this act of justice, and will be the richer and more prosperous for doing it. It will not increase the taxes upon the people one cent, and when all the expenditures under these laws are made the total will not be one-half what has already been paid the bondholders for a vastly smaller monetary contribution to the National defense than was made

But in order to secure this, every veteran and friend of the veterans must rouse himself for a final effort. We must meet our antagonists everywhere with argument for argument, appeals for justice for clamors for cruel injustice, facts for injurious slanders, and votes for votes.

If we do this we shall certainly win, because our cause is right, and the great and good heart of the country is with us. All that is necessary is to educate the people up to a realization of what is due the men who saved the country. If we win this time the victory will be conclusive, and we can pass the rest of the days that God shall grant us in peace.

S. L. COLLINS

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Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - - Crookston.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston. Minn., April 11th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 26th, 1891, viz: CHARLES ST. ANTOINE, Hd. No. 10,011, for the se¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 151, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Huot, Joseph Provost, Octave Laconsire, Joseph Pepin, all of Huot P. O., Minn.

152-51 H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.,

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Morfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20¼, single; to pole 2:17, Fashion, record 2:23¼; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:30; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

FLINT BROS., Prop's.
G. P. PASEMAN, Manager.

MILLER, FOOTE & SWEAT,
ATTY'S AT LAW,
McKINNON BLOCK, CROOKSTON, MINN.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 19th, 1891, viz: EMI FONTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Min., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, Eustach Blanchard, of Kertsonville, Minn.

151-41 H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

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OF CROOKSTON

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Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 16, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
[illegible] p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
[illegible]	Minneapolis	6:35 "
[illegible]	Duluth	7:00 "
[illegible] a. m.	Winnipeg Jc	9:55 p. m.
[illegible]	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
[illegible]	Grand Forks	5:50 "
[illegible] p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
[illegible]	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

[illegible] p. m. de......St. Paul......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
[illegible] p. m. ar......Helena......de. 11:00 a. m.

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W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Made A Mistake.

Senator Washburn Thinks Italy Was Too Hasty in the Late Crisis.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

New York, April 7.—Senator Washburn of Minneapolis was at the fifth Avenue hotel yesterday. Speaking of withdrawal of Baron Fava, he said:

"Italy made a mistake, which will react upon her. Americans go there in thousands every year and spend millions of dollars in travel, in art and in the other luxuries which that country has to offer. As a business propositon, Italy's action was a mistake. It will react on Italians in this country. They were none too popular before.

There is a lesson in the behavior of the Italians of this country which ought not to be overlooked. The Italian press, almost without exception, took sides with Italy. Some utterances were very bitter against our own government. Now, it should be borne in mind that the editors of these papers are supposedly the most intelligent and best educated of the nationality in America. Many of them if not all, have become citizens of the United States and have sworn allegiance to this government, and yet at the instant that the trouble began, on a hurried survey and without an understanding of the merits of the case apparently they at once sided with their home government. This is [illegible] ificant. American citizens may inquire if this line of policy would

[illegible] BY OTHER NATIONALITIES.

[illegible] had been Germany instead [illegible] and the German press had [illegible] best to arouse sympathy for [illegible] against the government of [illegible] tion, it would have been a [illegible] ing. I do not believe the [illegible] ld hold with the Germans, [illegible] question cannot help sug[illegible] self.

[illegible] incident will be beneficial in its [illegible] believe that one result will be [illegible] change in the immigration laws. [illegible] ething should be done to prevent [illegible] gn nations from dumping their [illegible] aws and criminals into this country. [illegible] present law, which allows us to [illegible] back paupers and others who are [illegible] nized as undesirable, is locking the [illegible] after the horse has been stolen. [illegible] ing process should begin earlier [illegible] a law should be passed which [illegible] quire the immigrant to procure [illegible] te of good charter from the [illegible] nsuls abroad.

[illegible] l of course, necessitate an [illegible] the consular service, but [illegible] be an undesirable feature. [illegible] dded dignity and impor[illegible] epresentatives of the [illegible] oad. The incident [illegible] asis for new pleas [illegible] y and coast de[illegible] ll hear from in [illegible]

[illegible] accompanied by [illegible] Miss Washburn, [illegible] Liverpool, to [illegible] abroad.

[illegible] corres[illegible] partment [illegible] Washing[illegible] leman—o[illegible] through [illegible] e of [illegible]

trict wherein the crime shall have been committed," the governor of that state even finds it impossible to give such assurance.

As to the baron's second point, Secretary Blaine tells him that he is laboring under an error, and that the United States government has recognized the principle of indemnity to any Italian subjects who may have been wronged at New Orleans by any violation of the treaty of 1871 with Italy. The secretary also assures him that all the facts connected with the affair at New Orleans are undergoing a searching investigation, and takes a position which must be in accord with feelings of very true American when he says that this government will not allow itself to be hurried, nor answer any demand until every fact essential to a correct judgment shall have been fully ascertained through legal authority.

The cable interview between the United States minister at Rome, Mr. Porter, and the Italian Under-secretary for Foreign Affairs, Signor, D'Arco, shows that the Italian government finds it impossible to understand our federal system. They look upon the national government as supreme, which it is; and this being granted, they apparently can not understand why it cannot at once interfere in the New Orleans affair, and bring the men comprising the mob of March 14 to trial in the federal courts.

Signor D'Arco, when Minister Porter endeavored to explain the limitations of federal power under the constitution, huffily remarked that "Italy had nothing to do with our constitution and that if it is wanting we should amend it," and further expressed his opinion that a constitution is worthless in a civilized country, if it cannot protect the weak and punish crime. All of which is true; but we doubt whether the form of government under which we now exist will be changed because Signor D'Arco disapproves of it.

Two Per Cent Loans.

EDITORS WESTERN RURAL:—Under instructions from the committee on finance, Senator Morrell reported adversely the Stanford two per cent loan bill involving loans on land at two per cent interest. The report contends that land owners are too prudent to cover their homesteads with mortgages, and even young men when starting in life when borrowing capital do not intend to remain twenty years in debt. But the low rate of interest offered to land owners, says the committee, might inspire improvident habits and extravagant speculation in the masses of the people not free from such temptations. The bill, says the report, endorses the principles put forth more than a century ago by the notorious John Law. The committee also compared the measure to the Argentine Republic and continental money.

The idea of the government loaning money to people in possession of land, the same to be secured upon their land, naturally evolved from the pernicious and dangerous precedent and practice of the government leading or rather giving to bank corporations the use of money, together with class legalized privilege of loaning that money to the people at a high rate of interest. While the farmer, as a practice, would be far less harmful in the way of monopoly—as oppositely argued by the "gold buyers," than the latter, it is yet a question whether it would not be a wise plan—a plan which the country actually passed through from 1862 to 1865 with no harm but positive good to every component of the government, to enlarge the money volume to such a degree, as to actually force the rate of interest down to the minimum rate noted by the farming industry. Whenever a plan in any direction having in view the relief of the debt-burdened farmer or the general producer of wealth is suggested, the blood-sucking government-bond octopus raises up its head in holy horror and begins to growl John Law scheme, French assignot, fiat money dishonest money, cheap money, unsound money, Argentine Rrpublic, continental money, etc.

A[illegible]e at all familiar with American [illegible] ows that the United States at [illegible] ning of the revolutionary war [illegible] confederation, prior to the [illegible] he constitution, had no [illegible] te and enforce a legal [illegible] ment of debts. Hence [illegible] inental scrip, which [illegible] best and only thing [illegible] in the way of a cir[illegible]. The continental [illegible] s not a legal tender [illegible] promise to pay. It was [illegible] ply a certificate certifying that the [illegible] der thereof was entitled to receive [illegible] anish milled dollar—the money of [illegible] her country. Each and all of the [illegible] noted comparisons and epithets, [illegible] ely applied by the "gold buy[illegible] rnment money that paid [illegible] war, are quite as eva[illegible] d dishonest as that [illegible] government [illegible] l scrip. [illegible] ulation [illegible]

with it the payment of his debt. It is hence a dishonest money.

The financial system on which the national bank of to-day rests, as its basis, was concocted at the creation of the bank of England in 1694. The capital stock of the bank—about $6,000,000, as our unit of account estimates money, was forced onto the British realm as a loan. This comparatively trifling sum has been from time to time during the past, little less than 200 years, refunded and consolidated with the gold cost of her wars and conquests until her leech-like, interest-sucking bond debt has at length reached the frightful sum of nearly four billions dollars.

This scheme of legalized robbing was early introduced into this country and inflicted upon the credulous masses in the form and under the dignified title of United States Bank with state bank branches. The system of finance, if it be proper to call it such—Daniel Webster dubbed it a contrivance to cheat the masses of mankind—consisted of bankers being authorized to issue, to circulate as money, three of their own notes to one coin dollar for their redemption. Therefore a very tyro may readily see that a privileged class were allowed to draw continuously by advance takings of interest, from four to six times a year, as now, on short loans, practically compound interest, on two units of wind in addition to the one actual dollar unit. But this is not all. It was a common pactice for these "honest money" fellows to largely overissue their worthless notes, beyond the limit of the law. According to the commission's report of the banks of the State of Connecticut for a period of twelve years, from 1837 to 1847 inclusive, and the year 1849, the average amount of notes in circulation was more than twenty-four times the amount of coin for redemption. And what is true in this respect of the historical "wooden nutmeg" State is practically true of all the others. Hence, it will be seen that these "sound money" croakers were being all these years enriched by great blocks of wealth abstracted from the honest producers thereof by this labyrinthian trickery of drawing interest on twenty-four parts or units of wind with only one actual dollar unit invested.

In March, 1809, says Barkey, a legislative committee of the State of Rhode Island made an examination into the affairs of the Farmers' Exchange Bank of Gloucester and it was discovered that the bank had $580,000 of "honest money" worthless notes, in circulation and the vault-straining sum of $86,16 for redemption. Before the end of the year a general suspension of the banks of New England took place and it was discovered that they were all in the same condition. In 1818 the United States bank had discounted $43,000,000 and had but $2,000,000 of specie. The amount of bank circulation in 1817–18 was $100,000,000. To save itself from the impending crash of 1819 it was compelled to pull in $55,000,000—more than half of its circulation in a single year. This prodigious contraction of the currency—worthless in reality as it was—produced general stagnation and distress among the people throughout the year 1820 that well nigh beggars description. Wheat was worth twenty cents per bushel, at Pittsburgh flour was worth $1 per barrel. Boards was worth $2 per thousand. One and one-half bushel of wheat would buy a pound of coffee; a barrel of flour would buy a pound of tea etc.

"Honest money" forsooth! There are not in the English language words to fittingly characterize the villainous inconsistency and brazen-faced audacity of these gold-bug stock jobbers of Wall street and other large money centers. The free and unlimited coinage alike of gold and silver bullion taken in by the government with the option of the person bringing the same, to take the money units so coined or the government's full legal tender coin certificates, unit for unit, would give the people a large amount of money—sound money, honest money. Honest because of every last bit of wind having been punched out of it. To say that fifty dollars per capita would impair its soundness would be as inconsistent as that a full luxuriant crop of the fruit of an apple tree would be less sound, as apples, than would be here and there a few clusters which had escaped the blighting frost of contraction.

J. P. VAN DUSEN.

Nebraska Farmers and Beets.

EDITORS WESTERN RURAL:—I should have said $150,000 bonus that the beet sugar factory got at Norfolk instead of $15,000 as it is in your paper of the 31st inst. We have a few statistics of beet raising in California and in our next will try and have some from Grand Island farmers who raised beets last year. We see in a recent issue that Prof. Nicholson and John Jenkins estimate beet raising at twenty-five to thirty dollars per acre. We will say that those gentlemen can not raise beets and deliver them to the factory for that if they had only one mile to haul. If there is ever [illegible] we will rent out to them [illegible] them to cultivate and deliver [illegible] The [illegible] one and a half [illegible] dollars and [illegible]

ten cents per acre. A. F. Richardson eleven acres, forty-six dollars and twenty-five cents per acre. This is taken from bulletin 13 of Experiment Station of Nebraska. We do not know exactly how much sugar an acre of beets will make. Some estimate it at an average of one ton per acre. Taking that as an average we find one ton at five cents per pound $100 and one cent per pound for state and two cents per pound for Uncle Sam is sixty dollars, total $160. If we are in an error we stand corrected. You will see that the manufacturer gets it all and the raiser no profit. Estimating fifteen tons per acre as an average at four dollars per ton, at factory will make sixty dollars. Now where is the large profit that the writter tells us about in raising beets only to the ones that do not need it? I have been informed that there were beets raised for the Grand Island factory and on account of not paying were not delivered. It is estimated that the Grand Island factory made 700 tons of sugar this last season. The bonus of three cents that they received would be $12,000. We farmers of Nebraska are willing to raise beets if it can be done at a profit, but in this part we do not propose to raise them at a loss for we have done enough of that kind of farming in the last ten years and made the other fellows rich. Now we would like to have some of the proceeds of our own labor. We could raise beets on a small margin if the consumer got the benefit of it, but he does not.

B. B.

Warren Register:—The Red River Valley College Association at their annual meeting held at Crookston Jan. 6th, last, decided to locate the college at the city of Crookston, provided it would give unconditionally to the association $15,000 and a suitable site. The trustees met April 1st, and finding that Crookston had raised the required amount, decided to proceed at once to erect buildings. The site embraces about fourteen acres near the mill dam. A very pleasant location with groves and splendid artesian water.

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SHERIFF'S SALE.

[First publication April 9th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. District Court.

A. A. Just vs Louis Harmon.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th judicial district, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in Justice Court in favor of A. A. Just and against Louis Harmon, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendant, to-wit: Lot 4, block 3, Hurlbut's addition to the city of Crookston, Polk County, State of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and that I shall on Monday, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said [illegible] proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Louis Harmon in and to the above described [illegible] to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to twenty-three dollars and 25 cents, with accruing costs of sale, and interest [illegible] from the 31st day of July, [illegible] at public [illegible] bidder for cash. [illegible]

[illegible] Polk County. [illegible]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $32.03 due November 1, 1889, $26.25 due May 1, 1890, $26.25 due Nov. 1, 1890 which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Knud K. Volden and Mary his wife Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee, bearing date the first day of May 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages on page 276.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred, and forty eight and 93-100 dollars with interest on $824.52 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part therof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section eleven (11) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court house, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty eight and 93-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Loan Company of Connecticut. Mortgagee.
[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $20.55 due November 1, 1889, $24.50 due May 1. 1890, $24.50 due November 1, 1890, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin G. Olson and Mary Olson his wife, Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee bearing date the 1st day of May 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages, on page 279.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and ninety two and 83-100 Dollars with interest on $769.55 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w ¼) of section Four (4) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of seven hundred and and ninety two and 83-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars. Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee.
[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

First publication March 20, 1891.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb as administrator of the estate of Arthur Yvernault deceased Plaintiff, vs. Addule Bray and Damase Bray Defendants.

Notice of Sale Under Decree. Foreclosure by Action.

In pursuance of a judgment and decree of the Court in this action, dated March 17th 1891, I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in the county of Polk Minnesota, on the 9th day of May 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. the following described real property situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit: The Northwest quarter of section six [6] Township one hundred an fifty [150] Range forty four [44] or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and costs, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crokston Minn., March 20, 1891.
ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
[49-3] JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Plaintiff.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.	NEW TOWNS
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.	Health, Wealth.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.	Herds, Mines.
The valleys of Red, Mouse Milk and Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. L. WHITNEY, S. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B.—Nitrous Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $22.86, due September 1st, 1889, $23.00 due March 1st, 1890, $23.00 due September 1st, 1890, and $23.00 due March 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josiah A. Mead and Sadie Mead, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of March, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of April, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 130.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, with interest on $906.86 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty-two (22), Town one hundred and fifty-four (154) of Range forty-five (45), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891
The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 25th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $18.20, due February 1st, 1889, $28.00, due August 1st, 1889, $28.00, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James Kelly and Anna Kelly, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock and ten minutes a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 481.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars, with interest on $930.29 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty (20), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars [$950.59] and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty [50] dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale,

(First publication March 20th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $19.75, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, and $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Moore and Martha Moore, his wife, mortgagors to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23d day of September, 1889, at 10.20 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 115.

And whereas, the said, The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, with interest on $875.75 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in such mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), Town one hundred and forty nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.
CROOKSTON, MINN

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 5th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars interest due January 1, 1890, thirty-five dollars interest due July 1, 1890, and thirty-five dollars interest due on the first day of January, 1891 which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Mederic Desautels and Celina, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of July, 1887, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of July, 1887, at 11:45 o'clock a. m. in book 33 of mortgages, on page 56.

And, whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, with interest on $1105 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 23d day of February, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the south half (s½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twelve (12), Town one hundred and fifty (150), Range forty-four (44) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 25th day of April, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one thousand one hundred and nineteen and 72-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 23d, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut,
Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys.
[46-52] Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 12, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Paxca Labelle and Adele Labelle, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on pages 147-9.

And, whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $6.73 that became due November 1st, 1889; $6.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, and $6.00 that became due November 1st, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and twenty-four and 52-100 dollars ($224.52), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ sw¼) of Section twenty (20), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing forty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash; to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disburements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
H. D. Dickinson, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[47-1] (N. G. 37)

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Frist publication March 19th, 1891.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter Nord and Kristine Nord his wife to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 7th day of December A. D. 1888 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of December A. D. 1888, at 3:50 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of Mortgages, on pages 398-401; and whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1889, $17.50 that became due December 7th 1889, $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due December 7th, 1890 and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and eighty six and 50-100 Dollars ($586.50 and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action of proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said Mortgage, viz: The south east quarter (S. E. ¼) of Section ten (10) in Township one hundred and fifty three (153) of Range forty four (44) containing 160 acres more or less according to United States government survey threof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty-Five Dollars attorneys fee, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 12th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
[42-3] [N. G. 40.] H. D. DICKINSON Attorney.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street
CROOKSTON, MINN
Cigars of every known brand from a cheap to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes, from the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. [illegible]
CALL IN

The Polk County Journal.

OOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

OL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 23, 1891. NO. 1.

County Journal.

LISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SCRIPTION RATES.

d Fifty Cents if paid in advance [illegible] inside of Polk County. Out[illegible] County 15 cents must be added for not paid in advance $2 per annum.

VERTISING RATES.

	1 w.	2 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
cu	[illegible]	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
mn 3 50	[illegible]	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
mn 6 00	[illegible]	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
mn 9 50	[illegible]	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

[illegible] person who takes a paper regularly [illegible] post office, whether he has subscribed [illegible] onsible for the payment.

[illegible] orders his paper discontinued [illegible] arrears, or the publisher may [illegible] payment is made and [illegible] amount, whether the [illegible] ice or not.

[illegible] ons, the suit may be [illegible] is published.

The [illegible] ided that refusing to [take] newspapers or periodicals from the post [offi]ce, or removing and leaving them uncalled [for] while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence [of] intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Opinions of a New York Judge on Sunday Laws.

The Rome (N. Y.) Sentinel, publishes a letter from Judge Thomas Barlow, of Canistola, N. Y., to Hon. C. H. Bramnall, on Sunday laws, from which we extract the following:

"Our government is equally tolerant of all religions. It no more fosters the Christian church than any other temple of worship of other religious worshipers. It tolerates and protects the church against annoyances, but it is no more based upon Christianity than Mahommedism. So our highest tribunals have often decided. There is no an instance in history where any civil government has attempted or assumed to foster and support the church, but what thereby both the church and civil government have been corrupted and demoralized. This is too plain a proposition to be denied, and when the church descends to asking civil power for aid in its support, there is something dangerously carnal in the purpose. Religion addresses itself entirely to the heart and the conscience, and no man shall be forced in any direction against his conscience, in favor or against any religious doctrine or faith."

In regard to the right of all to rest, he says:

"No honest religionist or worshiper can ask anything more in this respect than peaceable protection in his observance and worship on any day. The observers of the first day of the week as the Sabbath can ask no more for their religious convictions than can those who observe the seventh day. If the seventh-day worshipers were to demand of government a forced observance of their day, those of the first day would look upon it as intolerance and presumption, and rightfully so, too; and so is the demand of the observers of the first day toward those of the seventh day, and a free government must so consider it."

Of the results of legislating on matters of conscience, he speaks thus:

"It seems that when men assume to dictate to and override the rights of conscience of others in religious matters, they are gratified also to overlook rights of property and life, too. This is shown by the history of the church, which for centuries could burn at the stake, rob and banish any and all that would not acknowledge its dogmas and confess its creeds. The church of England, for long years, took life by fire and torture, for not observing the Sabbath and attending church. From this we should be on our guard against those who would crush out the rights of conscience of nine-tenths of a free people."

As an illustration of what such laws will do, he gives the following:

"The church has always been seeking power and never surrenders any without being compelled. The effort at Sunday laws at this time is but a stepping stone to that which would be still more oppressive. Look at the case of R. M. King, of Tennessee, a worshiper of the seventh day school. He plowed a piece of land quietly on his own farm, on Sunday, and Pharisees of the first day school prosecuted him and obtained a conviction for that act and a fine of $75 imposed for it, and he was cast into prison. No one was molested by his work, but that old spirit of Puritanism indulged itself in that infamous proceeding. No man identified with the law allowing such a conviction, be he priest or layman, juryman or judge or legislator, is worthy the enjoyment of the privileges of a free civil government. It was hoped that Puritanism was dead in this country, but its spirit seems still to be among us, seeking its gratification in the meanest manner possible. And if it could now get the Bible into the schools it would demand that believers only should be teachers and society would be destroyed of all harmony. Let the people be true to their [illegible]. Let the churches be protected but made to labor in their own legitimate sphere. [illegible] civil government [illegible]

[illegible]

First Bath of The Season.

George H. Walsh Rescues his Horse at His Own Peril.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

North Eakota came nigh losing one of its stalwart politicans and railroad commissioners yesterday afternoon. The occurrence happened in this way: After making a few city calls with his horse and buggy, Mr. Walsh returned to his home at Riverside Park, leaving his horse unhitched, as he usually does, in front of the nouse. The animal was thirsty and needed a beverage. The gurgling waters of the Red close by attracted his attenion and he gently descended the hill, buggy and all to the river side. The water there is at least ten feet deep, and the horse didn't realize his danger in attempting to drink.

Mr. Walsh missed the animal and quickly surmising where he had gone followed down the hill in time to see his horse, buggy et al, making for the other shore. No time was to be lost, the current was too swift for the horse to live in, hitched up to the buggy as he was. With a farewell glance at the land of the Dakotas, and a muttered Ave Marie on his lips, the stately commissioner, overcoat and all leaped into the surging main and made for the horse. Capt. Webb in his palmiest days never surpassed the strokes of this gallant gentleman. He finally succeeded in reaching the animal, but it was with a deal of difficulty and danger that he succeeded in getting the animal on terra firma once more. It was a noble coup d'etat on Walsh's part, and the horse evidently realizes it ere this.

The Farmers' Prospects.

Fergus Falls Journal:—The outlook for the farmer was never brighter than this spring. The soil is reported in splendid condition and every indication is favorable for a good crop. But better than this is the strong demand for farm products at a high price. Wheat is 95c, oats 50c, potatoes 70 to 75c a bushel. Hay $10 a ton, straw in good demand, all kinds of feed very high, beef has doubled in price the last year, eggs and butter bring good prices and find a ready market. Unless there is a very decided backset the farmer who is industrious and active this year won't have to renew his loan next fall.

The Farmer and The Banks.

Prairie Farmer.

The cry is set up against banks and money loaners who help them out of their trouble when in need—they do not want the land and personal property—it is the principal and interest they are after. I may say in this connection that the banks and other financial institutions are essential in our new system. We should not discourge banking. There is no better system of finance on the face of the earth than we have in the United States; yet there is room for improvement. With the great amount of business transacted in connection with farm life it would be almost imposible to get along without banks. Where would thousands of farmers be if we close our money institutions, which helps them bridge over temporarily financial embarrassment? We are not treading the ruts our forefathers did. We are living in a progressive civilization. This new system requires the banks to carry on a successful farm business. The new system has a tendency to ruin the farmer; for instence, B tends a crop of corn or other grain, and devotes himself only to his branch of farming. This crop is expected to buy his bread, meat, vegetables and everything he consumes or uses. At the end of the year the inventory is taken. He is worse off at the end than before. He has so much competition that it is necessary to be "Jack of all trades" to have money and comfort. Do whatever your hands find to do and be contented. You will finally wade out of the slough of dispondency on to the solid ground of plenty and ease. The present state of things has generally changed. The hundreds of abondoned farms in the New England States will be re-occupied, their awkwasd position corrected by a halt to the claim stampede, and their laws corrected. Farmers generally look on at the great money feast of the seventy monied kings with envoius eyes. Be up and doing while it is day. Your stored up labor, in small amounts may land you in the lap of wealth.

East Des Moines, Ia. D. L. M.

Toledo Blade.—The sugar bounty clause of the new tariff bill bids fair to turn Florida into a sugar producing state. The planters in the vicinity of Kissimmee are preparing to erect a mill and plant sugar. A wealthy company of Pennsylvanians has begun work on a vast tract of swamp lands in the [illegible], which will be drained and turned into a sugar plantation. The protective policy demonstrates its wisdom in such enterprises as this. [illegible]

Sugar and Woolens.

New York Press.

The "McKinley prices" liars and the "tin plate liars" have dropped those favorite themes to discuss various phases of free sugar. One of the free trade organs, quoting a grocer's remark that cheapening sugar will increase its consumption, argues that the same thing would happen in woolen clothing, and adds the astounding assertion that we do not produce and can never supply the wool needed for our home consumption, but can in time produce our own sugar supply. There were never two grosser misstatements of fact. Sugar and woolens, indeed, are in just the reverse situations thus asserted. We tried to encourage sugar planting by protection through a long period of years, with the meager result of producing less than 10 per cent. of our supply. The experiment proved the utter impossibility of ever producing sufficient sugar for the home demand. As we were obliged to buy annually from abroad 90 per cent. of the sugar consumed, reasons and common sense, as well as the protection theory that on non-competitive articles there should be no duty, all combined to favor free sugar.

On the other hand, so far as woolens are concerned, less than 10 per cent. of foreign wools are used in the manufacture of fabrics for clothing of men and women. We grow fully 90 per cent. of the wool from which American are made, the wools imported being almost entirely used in the manufature of carpets, and grown in semi-barbarous countries. Our woolen factories can turn out goods in ample quantity to supply the entire country, make us self-sustaining as to clothing, give employment to our own skilled workers, and keep in the country the money that would otherwise be sent to Europe. Cheapness of product is brought about by the competition of manufacturers, and it is a notorious fact that clothing for men's wear made of American woolens can be bought in New York to-day cheaper than in London.

But let us see what these "tariff reformers" would have us do about sugar. If they are sincere in their comments, which no sensible man believes, they would put a duty on sugar and have free trade in cotton and woolen cloth, machinery, boots and shoes, cutlery and other great lines of manufacture in which we would be unable to compete with the cheap labor of England. They would cut of workmen from their work, our manufacturers from their business and the country from the benefits of the money it now retains. The free trader will say that there is cheap labor in Brazil as well as Europe to sustain his position, but he will not add the fact that Brazil is not engaged in producing an article in which we can in any remote degree compete.

The Republican and protection plan is just the reverse. It gives the country free suger, because we have been buying 90 per cent. of our consumption abroad, and could not hope to lessen that ratio. But it protects woolens, cottons, machinery and other articles for which we produce the raw materials and can supply practically the entire home market. The laboring man gets well paid work thereby, without any increse in the cost of living, while all the wealth created becomes part of the national wealth, and increased the general prosperity.

Sugar and woolens furnish a very good object lesson on the tariff question.

Industrial Union (Kokomo, Ind.) says:—We believe the people of this republic are in favor of a reasonable tariff for the expense of the government, but they are opposed to building up one class of men at the expense of another. The worst enemies to protection are the protectionists themselves. They are killing the goose that lays the golden egg by charging the farmers 80 per cent more for their wares than they are charging foreigners. What is wanted worse than a tariff law is plenty of money to do the business of the country. If we had plenty of money there would be plenty of work and plenty of business and the tariff would cut a small figure in our politics.

Toledo Blade.—A new cotton factory has been built at Raleigh, North Carolina, and more are to follow. The stockholders are Democrats, but they frankly acknowledge that they waited before building until satisfied that a Republican President had been elected. If the South would get over its chronic scare about "nigger supremacy," and let the dead past bury its dead, including the wall and all pertaining thereto, it would become the wealthiest and most prosperous portion of the United States.

RECIPROCITY.

Toledo Blade.

As a matter of interest, we present a synopsis of the facts regarding the progress of reciprocity under the new tariff law up to date:

Brazil accepts the reciprocity treaty and is glad to get it, all free trade stories to the contrary notwithstanding.

Negotiation are in progress with the Spanish government for reciprocity both with that country and with her West India possessions, including Cuba. Spain, however, desires a modification of our duties on Havana cigars and tobacco, and appears to be willing to make large concessions in order to obtain this. As these articles, however, are not among those specified in the reciprocity clause of the new tariff law, a regular treaty will have to be negotiated, in case her wishes are carried out.

Venezuela is discussing the reciprocity question, and the indications are that she will accept its provisions.

A most significant point as to the wishes of our Southern neighbors for closer trade relations with us is found in the significant reply of British Guiana to an offer of reciprocity made by Canada. This answer is, that while Guiana will accept thankfully improved steamship communication with Canada, she prefers reciprocity with the United States to the same arrangement with the Dominion. Canada offered $88,000 per year subsidy to a steamship line with this one colony in South America. The latter so strongly desire reciprocity with us that she will not accept it from the Dominion even after the subsidy bait, if it prevents her completing one with us.

National Economist:—The sub-treasury plan is a proposition to furnish the people with a representative money, a money or medium of exchange that is under the control of labor in production. When this object is attained a representative government in the full meaning of the term is possible, until then it is even beyond a probability. A representative money is as necessary for the preservation of free institutions as the purity and integrity of the ballot. The adoption of a representative system of money should be the first step toward a return to a people's government, and is absolutely necessary before any other measure looking to that end can be successfully maintained. It has long since passed into an axiom that "those who own the money control the people." This is as true in a republic as it is in a monarchy or any other form of government, and can be used with more blighting influence on human rights and labor efforts in a republican form of government than any other. The two old parties are attacking the sub-treasury plan because it will, if adopted, furnish the people with a money practically their own. The ownership and control of money by any class of people signifies class laws, class distinction, and the rule of the classes against the masses. A representative money, through the medum of the sub-treasury plan, will lift the people from their "slough of despond" and again place them in touch with the liberties and possibilities guaranteed and expected by the founders of the republic.

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

arry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

New Prison Laws.

People to Elect the Board, and Twine-Making Thoroughly Tested.

St. Paul Globe.

The scheme of manufacturing binding twine at the Stillwater prison is to be given a fair trial under a new prison board in case the house follows the lead of the senate and passes Senate file 817, which, after much amending, passed the upper house yesterday afternoon. This bill provides for a board of prison managers, to consist of three men, to be elected by the people at the next general election. In the meantime, the governor will have the privilege of naming three men to fill these positions until January, 1893. One more twine machine is to be purchased at once, and the twine manufactured is to be sold to the people of the state at actual cost. The bill is such an innovation and the probability of its passing the house so great that is provisions are interesting. It follows.

A bill for an act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for the management of the state's prison at Stillwater, and appropriate money for the expenses of said prison any funds arising from the labor of prisoners and miscellaneous receipts of the prison, approved March 24, 1889, so as to provide for the election of a state board of prison managers at the state prison at Stillwater by the vote of the electors of the state, and for the employment of the convict labor in said state prison.

Section 1. That section (2) two of an act entitled "An act to provide for the management of the state prison at stillwater and to appropriate for the expense of said prison any funds arising from the labor of prisoners and other miscellaneous receipts of the prison," approved April 24, 1889, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

ELECTING MANAGERS.

Sec. 2. That the government and control of the Minnesota state prison and of the prisoners sentenced thereto shall be vested in a board of managers to consist of three members, resident of the state. At the next general election one member of said board shall be elected to serve (2) two years, and two (2) for four years; and at the expiration of the term of each member of the board his successor shall be elected for the term of four (4) years, and shall hold his office until his successor is elected and qualified. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of any member of said board, such vacancy shall be filled by appointment of the governor until the next general election.

Sec. 3. The state board of prison managers are hereby directed to at once purchase one (1) complete machine, in addition to the one now in the state prison, suitable for the manufacture of binding twine from flax, jute or hemp, and to cause the same to be properly placed and set within the walls of the state prison at Stillwater, in this state, and to make all needful provision for the accommodation of such machine within said prison and carrying on of the business of manufacturing twine therein and therewith. Provided that, all other things being equal, preference shall be given to American-made machinery, and to machinery that can utilize fiber plants that can be successfully raised in the state.

TWINE MAKING.

Sec. 4. All twine manufactured at said prison, under the provision of this act, shall be sold to the consumers of this state, in the order of their respective applications therefor, at the cost of the raw material consumed in the manufacture of the same. Provided that no person shall be permitted to purchase any such twine except for his own use, for the binding of his own grain, raised on land owned or occupied by him, except where associations of farmers are formed to enable one of their number, acting as their agent, to secure twine for all the rest; and in that case no additional charges shall be made by such agent, as profit or compensation, but the twine shall be delivered to those he represents at the price charged by the state to him.

If more twine is manufactured by the convict labor of the state than is required to meet the demands of the farmers' of this state, then the surplus shall be sold by the state at the market price of the same; and, after deducting the cost of the board of the prisoners and the price of the raw material used, together with such other necessary expense of production as may be incurred, the remainder shall be paid into the state treasury.

Sec. 5. The said board are hereby authorized to employ a suitable number of persons experienced in the manufacture of twine and the use of machinery employed therein, as may be necessary to properly instruct the said prisoners in such work and to operate said machinery; and they are vested with all the powers and authority necessary to do and perform all acts incident to the proper performance of the provisions of this act.

Sec. 6. That sec. 1 of chap 166, of the General Laws of 1883, entitled "an act to make appropriation for permanent improvements for the Minnesota state prison," be, and the same is hereby, amended by substituting the words "for the period of seven years thereafter" in place of the words "for the period of eight years thereafter," in lines six and seven of said section.

National Economist:—The sub-treasury plan is opposed by some who fear the effects of inflation. They seem to forget that it was not the inflation that brought disaster, but the contraction which was forced upon the people. Inflation gave this country its greatest prosperity, it inaugurated an era of good times, good prices, plenty of labor and no debts, while contraction brought about by scheming manipulators has produced the present distressing condition seen on every hand, filled the land with tramps and the nation with bankrupts. The sub-treasury does not propose an unlimited inflation, but does design a just and proper increase of the volume of money, that the power of money to oppress may be eliminated. [illegible]

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF **HARDWARE**

DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

A Most Popular Book.

A very important work upon the horse has just been issued by The Prairie Farmer Publishing Co., of Chicago, Ill. This work, The Prairie Farmer Horse Book, has been carefully prepared by the well known editor of that popular Agricultural journal, Mr. Jonathan Periam, Professor at the Chicago Veterinary College, and author of numerous works on agriculture, husbandry, horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, etc.

The Prairie Farmer Horse Book is written particularly for the practical man; for his special use and instructions in the handling and caring of his work and breeding animals, and his horse for speed and pleasure. Competent judges pronounce it the most practical work of the kind published.

It is a concise manual for horse owners, and embraces the following topics: Breeds and Characteristics: Care and Mansgement; Feeding and Cleaning; Stable Ventilation and Care; Vices and Unsoundness; How to Tell the Age; Bones and Muscles; The Limbs and Feet; Poisons and antidotes; Veterinary Medicines, etc., etc., from the best modern authorities.

The book contains 350 pages and is illustrated with over a hundred engravings. Its complete index of each department makes it possible to turn immediately to any subject, remedy or antidote in cases of emergency or accidents.

Among many commedations of the book, the following are a few:

Chicago Tribune: The writer supports his position on various questions by citations from the best modern authorities. The volume is thoroughly illustrated and will be of great aid, even to experienced horse owners.

Chicago Evening Journal: The Prairie Farmer Horse Book is a concise manual for horse owners. It is not the work of the ordinary farm-writing hack, but a clean, clear-paged book from bold, open type, good paper, with fresh and natural illustrations, the letter-press showing that the author, Jonathan Periam, knew when to and how to commence and when to leave off. It is a book for the farmer and breeder, either young or old, rich or poor. The information needed for care and cure of the animal in the hands of the city stablemen, the drayman, in fact any one owning or caring for a horse, is furnished in a plain, short and satisfactory manner, so that any one that can read ought to understand.

Chicago Herald: This is an excellent book on a noble subject . . . gives every sort of information necessary to a complete understanding of the horse. It describes the various diseases horse flesh is heir to, giving remedies and prescription suitable for various emergencies. It is a very handy and useful volume.

Judge Walter Q. Gresham: I spent part of an afternoon and evening reading the book and found it interesting and instructive. I left it with the man who is managing my farm, and he writes me that he is highly pleased with it.

The price of the book is only $2 00 post-paid, and is furnished with one year's subscription to The Prairie Farmer for $2 50. Many agents are making rapid sales, and the publishers desire other good men to handle it. Address The Prairie Farmer Publishing Co., 166–168 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

A recent number of the century Magazine contained a graphic account of the perils attending to the trip of the first wagon train across the plains to California. It took over six months, every day of which was one of danger or hunger. Now the journey can be made in four and half days via the Montana route of the Great Northern Railway, from St. Paul or Minneapolis, in perfect safety and comfort, and three good meals a day.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Spring Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department, and our dressmaker [illegible] prepared to attend to any order [illegible] latest style [illegible] see us at our New Store on Broadway.

[illegible]

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 23, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard; 98.
1 Northern 96.
2 Northern 93.
3 Northern 88.

Tricycles in endless variety at Herb's.

Arthur W. Foss was down from Mentor last Wednesday to attend the Grand Opera.

The cheapest Hose in the Northwest. Warranted fast black at the Mammoth Store. Gervais "the hustler."

H. H. Dickmann returned last week from his wedding tour looking many years younger.

If your chin gets tired, go to Herb's. He can sell you a "chin rest."

Geo. Vine has purchased a lot on Jeromes Addition and intends to build a residence there.

Ladies, call and see those elegant millinery goods at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' store.

Mrs. A. A. Miller, who has been very ill for a fortnight, we are pleased to announce, is very much better.

Herb makes a specialty of stringed musical instruments. Try his Jewsharps.

Mrs E. D. Pfoutz, of Salt Lake city arrived on Tuesday morning for a visit with her sister Mrs. Dr. Denniston.

An immense line of Ladies and Misses Spring Jackets and Capes at the Mammoth Store. Garvais "the hustler."

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church meets with Mrs. A. A. Miller on Thursday afternoon of this week.

Go to Herb for all kinds of stringed musical instruments.

Many farmers made a good start at seeding last week, but the rain of the fore part of this week delays them somewhat.

If the ladies appreciate bargains in millinery they will do well to call and examine Mrs. E. E. Bangs' stock and get her prices.

Ek. Hathaway spent the Sabbath in the city with his parents. He is engaged for the summer with Mr. E. L. Smith, of Euclid.

Go to the Mammoth Store and see those fine Dry Goods and Dress Paterns they are elegant. Garvais "the hustler."

N. Rapan is putting in a new front to provide for a hallway which becomes necessary on account of Fontain & Anglim's new store.

Base ball goods? Sure! Herb is on deck and the whole town can be at the bat if they go to Herb's.

W. E. Walker has commenced taking down the brick veneering on the building corner of Main & Second Street and will move the building up to his planing mill property.

Special Sale of Hosiery and underwear this week at the Mammoth Store Gervais "the hustler."

W. E. Walker bought the buildings on the corner of Main and Second street and in part payment for one of them took a wagon and three horses. Looks like he intends to go farming.

Hi there, little chap! Do you want a fine velocipede? Go and see those Herb has just received, then C. O. D., (call on dad) for the small amount necessary to purchase one.

J. O. Buhn was down from Mentor last week to take in the grand opera. Says Crookston has the finest opera house in the Northwest—a building of which she may justly feel proud.

Dont forget the special sale of Hosiery and underwear at the Mammoth Store Gervais "the hustler."

A warm welcome for all at the Congregational Church next Sunday Subjects of sermons; 11. a. m. "A Pure Gospel for Mormon Territories." 7:30. p. m. "The Easy Beds of Ivory."

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

The rain of Monday delayed seeding very materially. Many farmers are considering the plan of using the broadcast seeders and some may be obliged to do so or run the risk of late seeding.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. MORRISEY.

Wheat took a big boom this week, opening out on Monday morning at 96 cents. Those who have wheat are in luck, but the unfortunate part of it is that but little remains in the hands of farmers.

The attractions Mrs. E. E. Bangs offers the ladies are fashionable goods in the latest styles of the very best qualities and extremely low prices. You will do well to call and examine her goods and get prices.

Harris & Glenn are moving the old building recently owned and occupied by Fontaine & Anglim as a clothing store. It will be taken to a lot adjoining the old variety theater and used as a pop factory.

The Mammoth Store is the place to buy Umbrellas and Parasols having bought two Sample lines from the largest Manufactures at a great Reduction and he is going to give his customers the benefit. Garvais "the hustler."

Special Sale this Week.

HOSIERY.

—OF—

Hosiery AND Underwear

—AT THE—

BIG MAMMOTH STORE.

Hosiery and Underwear Department is Immense.

25c The Best Hose in the City Warranted Fast Black. 25c

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vest, 8c to $1.50.

10c A GOOD RIBBED VEST FOR 10c

CARPETS.

The greatest display of carpets in the west in the best grades and newest patterns.

JACKETS. CAPES AND VESTS,

In the most modern cuts and styles.

—Wholesale samples of Parasols very cheap.—

MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH CARE.

I. O. O. F. BLOCK,
Crookston, Minn.

Gervais, the Hustler.

UNDERWEAR

The handsomest and Cheapest line of carpets you ever saw at the Mammoth Store of Garvais "the hustler."

A. A. Miller informs THE JOURNAL that in all probability the building to be erected on the corner of Main and Second streets will be a hotel. Mr. Rickett is here with an architect to make the plans which will be ready as soon as the site is ready.

Dr. J. H. Thomas and family returned on Sunday morning from the orange groves of Florida looking as hale and and hearty as ever. He is seemingly well pleased with the trade he made and may conclude to spend his winters amid his southern orange groves.

Notice what the Boston One Price Clothing house has to say in this issue. Mossefin & Lindell have been in business longer than any clothing house in the city, and their success in business indicates their popularity. Call and see the boys and you will be suited sure.

Those fancy flower pots at Herb's are very unique in their way. The ladies should see them by all means.

Bosco, the greatest living representative of the "Black Art" will hold the boards at the Grand on Friday and Saturday evenings of this week and Monday evening of next. Popular prices. Sale of tickets commences Friday morning at the Grand Opera House.

This week Herb desires to call attention to his velocipedes, tricycles, croquet setts, base ball goods, fancy flower pots, hammocks, &c., &c.

THE JOURNAL is informed that George Easby, who wrote the blue letter last week, is a prosperous farmer living near Euclid. A man who came here with a few dollars and who, by industry and good management has accumulated much of this world's goods. Had this country been all he painted it he could hardly have accumulated so much in it.

If there is anything in Herb's line that he has not got he will get it for you. Try him.

Dr. J. H. Thomas has returned from Florida, refreshed by a winter's sojourn in that land of oranges and perpetual summer, and is now ready for business at the old stand on Robert street. He has gained sufficient strength to be able to extract teeth in due and ancient form, and invites all of his old patrons and friends to call and see him. Dental work of all kinds promptly and scientifically performed.

T. M. Nelson was in the city on Monday. Says the proposed flouring mill at Maple Bay is an assured fact and will be built this coming summer. This suggests a practical way in which the farmers can improve the market for wheat in Polk County. If there was a grist mill in every township, owned and controlled by farmers, it would make a wonderful sight of difference in the prospects of the county.

Geo. W. Peake takes possession of his old stand again this week, the carpenters having made a success in their efforts to restore order out of chaos in the burnt district. Peake says the idea that the fire would oblige him to quit was erroneous—on the contrary it will oblige him to get a bigger hustle onto himself than ever, and this he intends to do. It will be largely to your advantage to call at Peake's harness shop and see what he can do for you.

John Wyand: "Say, don't you know, they will have to put an amendment onto that McKinley bill or us farmers will be ruined sure! Under that bill everything us poor farmers have to buy is cheaper than ever before and everything we have to sell is higher than ever! It does seem as though that confounded republican Congress was determined to ruin us poor grangers, anyhow; but I spose we shall have to stand it until Congress meets and we can get the old thing amended."

For Sale Cheap.

One first class engine, and Quaker brick press. Inquire of Martin Swanson. [1-4]

The following appointments have been made and confirmed viz.

For city attorney, Martin O'Brien; for comptroller, E. M. Walsh; for city engineer Geo. A. Ralph; for street commissiuor, Dan McDonald; for chief of police, Louis Gonyea; patrol No 1, M. B. Hayes; patrol No 2 A. J. Ellingbo.

Grand Celebration.

A grand celebration of the 17th of May is advertised to occur at Maple Bay and a grand program of amusements has been arranged for. In addition to this program Felsing & Tatro will have the steamer ready for excursion parties on the lake. The boat has been thoroughly overhauled and put into prime running order and everybody is assured of a royal good time. Steps are being taken to secure an excursion train from Grand Forks to the lake. Everybody invited.

At the meeting of the council to canvass the votes, the following result was announced;

FOR MAYOR.	
A. McKinnon	588
Scattering	4
ALDERMAN AT LARGE.	
H. Steenerson	586
Scattering	6
CITY CLERK.	
E. C. Carruth	453
George H. Palmer	131
John Paterson	1
TREASURER.	
L. C. Couvrette	510
A. Chabot	61
ASSESSOR.	
D. Jacobus	479
S. L. Collins	105
Scattering	2
JUSTICES.	
C. O. Christianson	401
C. S. Spendley	307
John Paterson	284
Scattering	3
CONSTABLES.	
Geo. H. Holt	585
Hans Larson	572
Scattering	2
For the issue of bonds for R. R. purposes	501
Against the issuing of bonds for R. R. purposes	47
Scattering	3
ALDERMEN.	
1st ward—I. U. Jennings	112
—Frank Gravel	30
2d ward—J. H. McGlogan	102
—J. E. Morrisey	89
3d ward—W. E. Walker	47
—L. D. Marshall	38
—A. Eiken	25
—R. J. Montague	35
4th ward—John Cromb	157
—Frank Ives	12
5th ward—R. G. Marlette	18

BYGLAND, April 18, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: In your issue of March 26th I saw a report from our town clerk in which he states that there was a man who tried to split up the ticket at the recent town election, as he did at the fall election. He refers, no doubt, to the undersigned, as I was working for one man on the republican ticket—one of my best friends and an old resident of the town. At the town election I ran against Mr. Grundeson for town clerk for the reason that Mr. G. used some very insulting language against me at the caucus. I was present at the caucus but was not a candidate for any office; I had been assessor in the town for 14 years, and was tired of it But, as I have stated, I ran against Mr. G. for town clerk and received 16 votes to his 17, and one ticket, with my name written over Mr. Grundeson's, was not counted. Mr. G. had received twelve straight votes before I arrived at the polls and announced myself a candidate; I never mentioned it to any one, until the night before election, that I would run. By the language he uses, "tried to split," he seems to be laboring under the impression that I was trying to split up the Bygland Farmers' Alliance, but the facts are I was secretary of the alliance for 10 months, and I called the first meeting to organize an alliance in Bygland; also wrote the editor of THE JOURNAL several times for information and sent the money through him for a charter. If there is any man who has been working against our alliance it is Mr. G., as he is too much of an aristocrat to belong to a country alliance. He is a member of a village alliance in another town where they have a machine agent for president, and I am informed that Mr. G. has been trying to get some of our voters to join his village alliance, as he said they could do a better business in town; but I think we can get along all right without any assistance from machine agents.

The farmers have been busy seeding the last week, but the rain that we had on the 16th will delay seeding for a few days, but the farmers all smile at the rain as it makes the prospects good for big crops next fall. The farmers have their land in good condition this spring, as past experience has taught them that it does not pay to raise weeds; they must raise wheat. THOM BENSON.

CLIPPING.

Do you want your horses clipped? I am now prepared to attend to all orders left at the livery stables of S. L. Collins. Call on or address, G. P. PASEMAN.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Crush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's.

STRAWS TELL.

A lady in W. E. Slocum's new grocery store the other day said: "My husband says that tea I got of you is the best tea he ever got in Crookston; and my husband is a Judge."

The band as re-organized consists of
Prof. H. V. Casad, Leader.
Melville Milne, picolo.
H. E. Marshal, Cb claronet.
L. J. Columbus, Bb claronet.
C. Christianson, Bb
Prof. C. J. Chamberlain, Eb cornet.
Fred Walker, Bb cornet.
C. F. Page, Bb cornet.
F. Williams, solo alto.
A. Schuler, 1st alto.
J. Thorsen, 2d alto.
J. H. Whitesell, 1st tenor.
H. Wood, 2d tenor.
O. Halvorson, baritone.
G. Halvorson, tuba.
Geo. Fontaine, snare drum.
W. Munch, bass drum.

H. A. MASON,
Business Manager.

Norman County Herald:—Martin Bang and Miss Adel Larson were married last Saturday. In the evening a large number of their friends met at A.F. George's hall and danced till nearly twelve o'clock when they adjourned to the Ada House where a bounteous supper had been prepared. After partaking, a handsome clock was presented to Mr. and Mrs. Bang on behalf of the company by E. B. Larson. After wishing the bride and groom a long and happy life, the party broke up. They were serenaded by the band Monday night.

Thief River Falls Press:—A. E. White, who has been in this place for a number of years and has been part owner of The Press and the Drug store left for Crookston last Friday where he accepted a position in Durand's Drug store. He intends to learn the drug business. Al is an unusualey steady young man of excellent habits and Mr. Durand is to be congratulated on securing his services. His many friends in Thief River Falls wish him success.

Park Region Encampment.

Grand Army of the Republic at Moorhead, Minn., June 23rd to 26th, 1891.

HEADQUARTERS PARK REGION ASSOCIATION GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC }
GENERAL ORDERS. No. 1.

HAWLEY, Minn., April 10, 1891.

1. The sixth annual encampment of the Park Region Association will be held in Moorhead, Minn., June 23rd, 24th, 25th and 26th, 1891.

11. The following comrades are selected as council of administration: Col. James Compton, Fergus Falls; Capt. O. H. Lucken, Crookston; Col. S. G. Magill, Fargo, N. D; Col. Warren Onan, Moorhead; Capt. W. P. Spaulding, Brainerd; Col. O. P. Stearns, Duluth; Dr. W. A. Bentley, Bismarck N. D.; Col. W. H. Brown, Grand Forks, N. D.

111. The following named comrades are appointed aides-de-camp from the posts in the Park Region;

N. A. Gearheart, Post, No. 13, Duluth; Lee Moore, Post No. 106. Deer Creek; Morris Sharpe, Post No. 30, Brainerd; C. A. Alton, Post No. 118, Verndale; W. G. Hunt, Post No. 33, Fergus Falls; ——— ——, Post No. 138, Battle Lake; M. W. Campbell, Post No. 62, Ada; P. E. Pirath, Post No. 144, Red Lake Falls; E. B. Lowell, Post No. 65, Aitkin O. S. Kenfield, Post No. 145, Barnesville; A. I. Smart, Post No. 67, Detroit; F. E. Baker, Post No. 146, Park Rapids; T. H. Harris, Post No. 99, Crookston; Chas. H. Hodge, Post No. 161. Motley; Jonathan Irish, Post No. 91, Pelican Rapides; O. P. Renne, Post No. 173, Fertile; D. B. Turner, Post No. 102. Wadena; Zachens Barager, Post No. 177, Stephens; E. D. North, Post No. 103, Glyndon; Chas. H. Beaulieu, Post No. 178, White Earth.

4. The commander enjoins upon the foregoing and on the officers and comrades in the several posts from this time forth to the end of the encampment, an earnest and united effort to make this reunion a success which shall redound to the permanent interest of the order through all the Park Region. The aides will be expected to labor to this end in their respective jurisdictions, and they are invited to report and confer freely with the commander regarding the situation and prospects of the encampment; give of your talent and time to the noble order of the Grand Army. It will bring its own reward even to busy men and to poor men. Let us show to the world and convince ourselves as well that the soldier spirit has not died out, though the war passed away a quarter of a century ago. Moorhead and Fargo will show that we know what good treatment is.

5. The following posts have responded to the call for contributions to the funds to pay for cannon, (see circular letter No.3): Wm. Ketcham, Post No. 62; L. H. Tenney, Post No. 103; Judson Kilpatrick, Post No. 106; E. M. Kenfield, Post No. 145; Col. George, Post No. 178. It will only take about 20 cents per capita of the membership of of each post to pay off this debt. It is hoped all posts will respond to this call promptly.

5. The following posts have responded to the call for a roster of their post: W. A. Gorman Post No. 13; Pap. Thomas, Post No. 30; Stanton, Post No. 33; Gen. Summer. Post No. 65; Seward, Post No. 91; L. H. Tenney, Post No. 103; Wm. Ketcham, Post No. 62; E. M. Kenfield, Post No. 195; Col George, Post No. 178; Zebulon Johnson, Post No. 178; J. A. Rice, Post No. 177. Enclosed with this order are blanks for roster. It is the purpose of the commander to have rosters printed in pamphlet form for free distribution to the comrades if it is possible do so; or at least so that they can be obtained at a very trifling expense to each one. By order of

W. L. Hillard.
Commander Park Region Association.
L. Osborn, Adjutant.

To Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter, any person or persons who drive or ride across the south half of Section 30, town of Gentilly will be prosecuted according to law.

[1-3] E. D. LANCTOT, Jr.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

POTATOES.

If you have a few potatoes to spare we will be glad to allow the highest market price on subscription. We can use from 25 to 50 bushels for seed.

For

A good high grade Ho
weeks in milk. Gives
quarts at a milking, wit
quire of M. E. Bart
JOURNAL office.

LOST

April 2d, on the road b
ton and S. M. McK
leather, saddle-colored va
leave same at W. W. Ayer
and receive suitable reward.
[52-1] CARO

E. STEENER

Agent for the Continen
Company, N. Y., and t
Solicits the patronage of
anything in that line.
evidently the best in the
erson, residing in our mid
tainly receive the patron
ence to strangers and rep
snide Co's. CALL O

L. E. GOSS

Attorney-at-
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOK

MILLER &

ATTY'S-AT
McKinnon Block, - Croo

GRAND OPENING—GRAND OPE

NOW That the excitement incident
the Grand Opera House is
is respectfully invited to my

Grand Opening

Of a Full and Complete Line of Choice

Fresh Family Groceries

IN THE ROOM JUST SOUTH OF WYATT'S

ON BROADWAY.

My goods are all fresh from the wholesale house and will not be undersold.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.

W. E. SLOCUM.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

WALL PAPER.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, April 17th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Cromb, administrator, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come to his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of the real estate mentioned in the said petition, And it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court, on Monday, the 11th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim,
Geo. Q. Erskine,
E. M. Walsh,
K. D. Chase,
B. B. Northrop,
John Moore,
Chas. E. Sawyer.
F. D. Childs
A. A. Miller
W. H. Crosby

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
E. ERICKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered to any point. For a [illegible] call on them.

With this issue THE JOURNAL enters the fifteenth year of its existence under the same management. In looking back over these years we can see errors that the light of experience will lead us to avoid, but we can honestly say, in extenuation of any errors we may have committed, that our object in all these years has been for the best interests of this county and its inhabitants, in whose interests we have faithfully tried to labor. It has been our ambition, and still shall be, to make THE JOURNAL worthy the patronage it has received, and we are thankful to those friends who have, by their patronage, enabled us to accomplish all that we have. But we are not fully satisfied and we have planned for far greater and better things for the future, and to that end we ask the hearty support of all who have the welfare of our county at heart. The long illness and the death of our publisher has been a severe blow to us, entailing also expenses that seem to render it impossible to carry out certain plans that we had contemplated for the immediate future, however we have not given up trying all in our power to accomplish our end, and we are confident that with the encouragement and hearty support of our many friends we shall be able to accomplish all we desire to in this line. As to our future we have only this pledge to make, and that is to make THE JOURNAL all our patronage will warrant. We shall labor zealously in the interests of the people and we hope to both merit and receive a generous patronage, promising to add from time to time such improvements as will enable us to keep to the front in our work. Again, with thanks to all who have given us a generous patronage in the past, and a cordial invitation to them and all others for a share in their valuable patronage, we buckle on the armor and tackle Vol. XV.

Our folks are kicking at Governor Merriam's recommend of Pat Rahilly—a life-long democrat, for a fat office. We are not surprised.

There was one error in McHale's bill to legislate the tights from the ballet, which was fatal. The bill should have provided for wigs for the bald heads in the first row. The solons evidently thought that any bill which left those gl[illegible]y skating rinks exposed to the cold gaze of a cynical world was too thin for any use.

What's the matter with the St. Paul Dispatch? Not long since the Pioneer Press jumped onto its neck, advising its readers to "b'ycott Dispats," and lo, the Dispatch comes out in an elegant new spring suit, fresh as a blooming rose, and chuck full of news and sound editorial common sense. All this suggests to us that either the Pioneer Press has very few readers or else that its readers do not take much stock in Pi-Press advice, for the Dispatch seems to have gained a wonderful amount of business since the "boycott!" The other St. Paul dailies will have to get a hustle on or the Dispatch will get away with 'em.

Pure Scotch Fife Wheat.

On Monday Chris Houston, Theo. Greehalgh and 17 other promminent Polk County farmers received from the Experimentae Station some pure Scotch Fife wheat for seed. Of this wheat Prof D. N. Harper says:

"Owing to unavoidable delay in procuring this wheat it has been impossible to clean it by suction blast as was intended. It has, however, been well cleaned through a Champion cleaning mill and cockle machine, and is in good condition for seeding. Its germinating power has been tested and found to be high.

This wheat is perfectly pure Scotch Fife, having been carefully selected for a number of years. The history of the wheat during this time may be interesting and should prove profitable now. It should suggest to each farmer receiving this seed means to keep it pure and improve it.

In 1881 a Red River Valley farmer found a clump of 22 stalks of wheat growing from a single grain, and which matured much earlier than the remaining stalk of wheat in that field. These stalks were pulled when ripe, carefully preserved and threshed by hand. There were obtained 860 grains of wheat, 760 of which were selected for seed and planted in 1882 six inches apart each way on a clean piece of land. These grains yielded 12 pounds of wheat, or at a rate of 40 bu. per acre. In 1883 the seed of 1882 was sown on another piece of clean land in rows 12 inches apart and thick in the rows. The wheat was given thorough cultivation and yielded 17 bushels, or at a rate of 72 bushels per acre. The crop was harvested by itself and garnered in a spare room in the farm house. It was threshed out by hand. In 1884, after cleaning, the wheat was sowed on land which had for the preceding five years been in pasture. This land had been turned down and seeded to timothy because of a rank growth of wild buckwheat. In 1884 the buckwheat appeared again and overrun the crop, cutting the yield down to 15 bushels per acre, but the quality was good. The crop was carefully harvested and threshed, keeping the wheat separate from all other lots. Before threshing a half day was spent by two men in cleaning out of the threshing machine all grains of wheat and weed seeds.

The same care has been observed to keep the wheat pure since that time. It has been grown on new or summer-fallowed land and harvested and threshed separated as long as two kinds of wheat were raised on the same farm. In 1886 it averaged 44 bushels per acre; in 1887 the quality was fine, but the winds decreased the yield; in 1888 it escaped the rust and frosts then prevalent; in 1889 and 1890 the quality and yield has been good, the latter averaging in 1890 27½ bu. per acre.

Every two years this seed has been exchanged between two farmers 80 miles apart. Although both are prairie farms the beneficial results have been noticeable.

To continue the purity of this wheat and to improve its quality should be the aim of every farmer. This can be done by observing the conditions of the distribution, by seeding on clean ground, harvesting and threshin separately from all other varieties of wheat. In the fall a list will be published of all those who have received the wheat, and the Station will assist in making proper exchanges, so that the wheat may be further improved."

An Important Legal Decision.

As to the Use of Railroad Tikcets.

The following circular, just issued by the general passenger agent of the Southern Pacific Railroad is of special interest to the railways and public at large.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12' 1891.

On May 15, 1889, two unlimited first-class tickets of the issue of the Union Pacific Railway company for San Diego, Cal., were presented by H. E. Drummond and wife for their passage over this company's road from Ogden, Utah, to LosAngeles, Cal.

The tickets were sold at Blue Rapids, Kan., on April 15. 1889, to one E. K. Campbell. The selling agent had allowed the tickets to leave his hands without the passenger's signature to the contract or that of himself as witness thereto.

the purchaser (Compbell) used the tickets for passage to Ogden and then disposed of them to a ticket broker, by whom they were sold to Mr. Drummond.

Under our rules and because the tickets had been transferred, our conductor declined to accept them for the passage of Mr. and Mrs. Drummond, and they were required to leave our train at Promontory, Utah. and purchase local tickets. As a result, Mr. Drummond sued this company in the First district court of Utah for $10,000 damages. On the trial, the judge's charge to the jury on Feb. 22, 1890, was such as to result in a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $115,75.

An appeal was taken by this company from this verdict to the supreme court of the Territory of Utah, and the decision of the lower court was reversed on Feb. 3, 1891. This decision is of special interest to railroad companies. We therefore give you full text thereof.

Respectfully yours.

T. H. GOODMAN.

Genereal Passenger Agent.

In the supreme court of the Territory of Utah, January term, 1891.

Appeal from first district, H. P. Henderson, judge.

H. E. Drummond, respondent, vs. The Southern Pacific company, appellant.

Appearances—Thos. Maloney, A. Perrin, John N. Perkins. attorneys for respondent. Marshall & Royle attorneys for appellant.

Blackburn. J.

Plaintiff purchased of a ticket broker in Salt Lake City, in May, 1889 two tickets to San Diego, California, for himself and wife, over the defendant company's road. They rode on them to Promontory, and the conductor refused to honor the tickets and took them up and required the plaintiff to pay full fare for himself and wife to their distination, or to be put off the train. The plaintiff paid the fare, and this suit is brought to recover damages for this breach of duty as claimed by the plaintiff. The plaintiff recoverd judgment below, and the defendant appeals asserting that it was the duty of the conductor to refuse to honor the tickets and take them up and compel the plaintiff to pay full fare or leave the train. The tickets were contract tickets, and' amongst others contained this condition.

"Third—If not so used; if more than one date is canceled, or if presented by any other person than the original holder, the ticket is void, and the conductor will take up and collect full fare."

This class of tickets are usually signed by the purchasers, but these were not.

These tickets were sold at Blue Rapids, Kan., by an agent of the Union Pacific company and used to Salt Lake City, and there sold to the ticket broker.

Before purchasing the tickets the plaintiff went to the ticket office of the Union Pacific company at Salt Lake City with the ticket broker and had the following conversation and the following transaction. "Saw Mr. Ingalls, who was an employe of the said company, and told him the plaintiff wished to purchase these two tickets. He looked at the ticket and saw where they were sold and said all right, you can sell them and we will guarantee you will get through all right. We will limit these tickets and have Mr. Drummond sign them and will give a letter to Mr. Drummond to the conductor on the Central Pacific railroad, authorizing them to honor these tickets. Mr. Ingalls gave the letter and Mr. Drummond signed the tickets and bought them. The letter was signed by Parker, per Ingalls, and Parker swears positively he had no authority to sell tickets over the road of defendant company.

The letter spoken of was not introduced in evidence, and we cannot tell its contents.

The question is, was it the duty of the defendant to honor these tickets, although presented by persons other than the original purchasers? They were through tickets, and were sold for a less price than the local fare, and the purchasers agreed not to sell them and the tickets stated on their face that they were non-transferable.

The purchaser when he bought these tickets knew that he had no right to ride part way upon them and sell them for the rest of the way; and the plaintiff knew by the terms of the tickets he had no right to buy them; but anxious to ride to his destination for less than the regular fare, he considered the matter and bought on the opinion of a man wholly unauthorized to bind the defendant company. And his suspicions should have been aroused by the conduct of the pretended agent; because if the tickets were entitled to be honored on their merits, a letter to the conductor was unnecessary, and if not the officious letter of the pretended agent would be unavailing; and this ought to have suggested to him that the tickets would be dishonored unless by the influence of this letter the conductors would be induced to neglect their duty.

This class of contract tickets are valid, and common carriers are authorized to enforce then.

Post vs. R. W. Co., 14th Neb., 110.

Elmor vs. Sands, 53 N. Y., 512.

Railway Co, vs. Chipman, 140, Mass., 207.

Hill vs. Railway Co. 144 Mass., 284.

Cody vs. Railway Co., 4 Saw., 114.

But it is contended that the ticket agent at Blue Rapids, Kan., sold without requiring the purchaser to sign the contract. We think this makes no difference. He took them at a less price than the regular fare, the terms of the contract set out in full, and by accepting the tickets without signing, he accepted the terms of the contract, and was bound by them.

R. R. Co. vs. Read, 37 Mills, 184.5.

R. R. Co. vs. McGowan, 26 Am & Eng. R. R. 274.

Mosier vs. St. Louis & R. R. Co., 127 U. S., 391.

The court instructed the jury in opposition to these vews, and in that regard his instructions are erroneous.

We also think there is no evidence in the record to support the verdict.

But it is claimed that the conductor took up the tickets and therefore the plaintiff should recover. But he had a right to do that under the contract and the plaintiff was not damaged, as he had the tickets at the trial and introduced them in evidence.

As this error disposes of this case, we deem it unnecessary to pass upon the other alleged errors.

The case is reversed and a venire de novo awarded.

We concur: [Signed]

ZANE. Ch. J.,
ANDERSON, J.,
MINER, J.,

JOS. P. BACHE, Clerk.

Marked filed Feb. 3, 1891.

The United States of America Territory of Utah, County of Salt Lake, ss.

I, Joseph P. Bache, clerk of the supreme court of the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full true and correct copy of the opinion handed down by said court in the foregoing entitled action, now of record in my office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said supreme court this the 4th day of February, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety one.

JOSEPH P. BACHE.

[SEAL] Clerk.

ARBOR DAY.

To County Superintendents and Teachers:

A year ago a circular was sent out by this department to the County Superintendents and teachers of the State earnestly inviting their hearty co-operation in the general observance of Arbor Day by the public schools. The reports which have come to us of the interest taken and work done on that day in many localities have been very pleasnt and encouraging, and it is confidently hoped that a still greater effort will be made this year in every district, by old and young, to help along the good work of beautifying our school house sites and make them more attractive to teachers, pupils and the public.

His Excellency, Gov. W. R. Merriam, has appointed for Arbor Day in Minnesota Friday, May 1, 1891, and urges all good citizens to unite in making its practical observance a success.

It is especially desirable that our young people, and more particularly those connected with the public schools, should take a prominent part in the tree planting movement. Arbor Day can no longer be looked upon as an experiment of doubtful utility. It has passed through that test and proved its right to a place among our holidays. Those who at first looked upon it as visionary, or as "boy's play" have been convinced by what has already been done, that there is nothing chimerical about it, but that the benefits gained substantial and lasting. The "logic of events" has not only met and answered every objection but has enlisted interest and awakened enthusiasm in almost every State of the Union.

The children of to-day who assist in the good work of adorning the school grounds with trees will, in after years, be regarded in the light of public benefactors, and few will be better entitled to the proud distinction.

It is one great object of our common schools to teach the young to wisely plan for the future, and there is nothing better to stimulate the mind of the child in this direction than to turn his thoughts toward the benefits likely to proceed from protecting our exposed prairie school houses from the blasts of winter and the fierce heats of summer by surrounding them with trees.

Let the graduating class in each of the graded schools plant a group to mark the event. The number should correspond with the number of pupils and each might take the name of the particular member who planted it.

In the ungraded schools each one of the larger pupils should be encouraged to set out and care for one tree to be known thereafter in the district as his tree. An enduring contribution to the attractiveness of the school house may thus be secured, which will increase in value with each recurring season.

An excellent program for Arbor Day will be found in "Arbor-Day Leaves," by N. H. Egleston, of the forestry division of the Department of Agriculture, Washington. The pamphlet will be furnished by the American Book Co., Chicago, at ten cents a copy.

A wise choice of trees should be made, and teachers and pupils should should seek the advice of practical tree planters.

D. L. KIEHLE,
Superintendent Public Instruction.
State of Minnesota,
Department Public Instruction,
St. Paul, Minn., April 10, 1891.

"McKinley Prices."

The Press.

The Boston Journal is to be credited with calling down that highly respected trade journal, the American Architect, on a question of "McKinly prices." When the political campaign was on last fall the Architect expressed the opinion that "The cost of the cheaper class of buildings will (would) be enhanced" under the new tariff. As the new duty on timber, hewn and sawed; timber, squared or sided; pickets and palings, and pine clapboards was in each case 50 per cent. less than under the former law, the Architect's assertion was hardly justified. But the waywardness of its prediction may be pardoned by its frank statement in an April issue in discussing "almost the entire line of construction material, from iron and steel down to the smallest articles that go into the house, mill or shop construction." Concerning this wide range of material the Architect says that, "So far as can be learned, the the prices at which goods and supplies have been bought are a little below the prices of last year." These are the awful "McKinley prices" again!

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Bisson, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 36 of mortgages on pages 196-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $4.75 that became due December 2d, 1888. $3.75 that became due June 2d, 1889. $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1889. $3.75 that became due June 2d, 1890, and $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and four dollars and fifty-seven cents. ($304.57.)

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ nw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of Range forty-two (42), containing 160 acres, more or less according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891. at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N G. 52] [1-7]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Delor Toupin, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of Mortgages, on pages 574-5.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety two dollars and fifty cents ($592.50), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[1-7] [N. G. 51]

SPRING SALE

OF

SPRING CLOAKS

AND

JACKETS,

At Fontaine & Anglim's

NEXT WEEK.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

IN

General Merchandise!

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.,

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Morfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20¼, single; to pole 2:17. Fashion, record 2:23¾; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:30; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

FLINT BROS., Prop's.

G. P. PASEMAN, Manager.

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

from selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.

North Star.

Fife.

Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

AND

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT,

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

SecondStreet. Crookston. Minn.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN

NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,

No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Com'r — D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 23, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
3:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
3:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
3:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:40 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.......St. Paul.......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:08 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:50 p. m. ar.......Helena.......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.......Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Free Lance (Springfield Ill.) says:—The property of the Goulds, Vanderbilts, Stanford et al. has come through operations in railroads. In many states these corporations have been strong enough to defeat candidates known to be favorable to a plan to check their schemes to enrich themselves at the public expense. Under the pretense of employing attorneys they have succeeded in subsidizing judges and public officers. These nominal servants of the people enjoy such splendid opportunities that they become very wealthy on moderate salaries. From brakemen to president the employes of railway systems enjoy an average compensation greater than the officials of our government or any other occupation of anywhere equal numbers. A railway magnate, with a salary of $50,000 per year, finds leisure to accept all invitations to dine, make annual tours in Europe, and attend every junketing party that promises entertainment and glory, while instead of earning dividends upon the actual value of their stock, railroad officials demands rates that enable them to declare dividends upon watered stock to the amount of two or three times the actual cost. In vew of the enormous pay roll to those who are only indirectly, employed in their interests, the wonder is that more receivers are not called for. An honest, economical conduct of the railroad business would reduce expenses half, and if the water were wrung out of the stock until it would represent the actual genuine capitalization, the rates could be reduced one-half, and still leave a percentage of profit greater than the average business will command. By railway operations Jay Gould has massed a fortune equal to an empire of a century ago. It represents the earnings of the poor and the fortunes of associates whom he has wrecked. Not satified with his store he, by collusion with other money kings, lately exposed the country to the pinching of a money panic. Through the stringency of money, which they kept from circulating, he and his partners added millions to their gains and the management of a line of railway necessary to the control of western transportation. Not satisfied with the ruinous rates which makes corn, which is worth fifty cents a bushel in the east, sell for fifteen cents in Kansas, they propose to form a gigantic trust for the purpose of maintaining higher rates for transportation. Will they kill the goose that lays the golden egg? In a short time the debt which this line, owes our government will mature. This debt is a secondary lien. Let the government foreclose its lien, discharge the prior indebtedness, pay the balance to the stockholders, if any be due, and operate the road as it conducts the postal service for the good of the whole people. Under the postal regulations the poor man who sends one letter gets the service as cheaply as the man who sends a thousand. This is the true system. Under existing railroad regulations the poor are made to pay that the rich customer or favorite may ride free. Let us try the experiment of operating a transcontinental line of railway. It will destroy any hope of organizing a trust to control western rates. It will restore to the people a vast area for settlement. It will serve notice upon competing lines that their only hope for existence is moderation in charges. It will put all shippers and consumers upon an equal plaine and exclude the system of favored shipper to break down the business of a competitor. It is a measure of justice and expediency. If the government will buy and operate a line of railway from ocean to ocean it will give us a chance to study the effect of this kind of "paternalism" and an experience in the cost of operating a road that may be applied to the control of all other lines. Division of through rates with its feeders' would give the whole country the benefit of the experiment. Let's try.

Toledo Blade:—Hon. David Bothoffices Hill, who has one foot on the governor's footstool at Albany and the other in the United States Senate, and who draws both salaries at the same time, is also a candidate for the Presidential nomination next year. In case he were successful and were elected, are we to understand that he would retain his senatorship until the meeting of Congress in December, 1892 and draw the salary of both that and his Presidential office?

Mrs. Stanley on Womankind.

When asked if he expected to go back to Africa Mr. Stanley said: "That is a subject which I never mention before Mrs. Stanley. She does not like to have it mentioned." "Africa is to far off," said the lady, laughingly, "and we have America before us now. Our trip will take until next April. But I will never consent to Mr. Stanley's going to Africa again. We are too happy now to talk of that." And I shall be guided by Mrs. Stanley in that matter," said her husband. "Yes," was the wife's ready response, "I am learning from the American wives, who seem to have their own way in everything. The American women are the most independent and brightest in the world." Another characteristic of the American woman—which Mrs. Stanley did not mention—is that she is a great traveler, and her brightness leads her to appreciate comfort and elegance of equipment and courteous treatment. As a consequence. "The Burlington,' is a favorite route with the ladies, and the husbands will do well to say with the great explorer—"I shall be guided by my wife in that matter"—when selecting a railroad line for any journey. For tickets rates, or any information, apply to local agents, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul. Minn.

The Great Northern Railway has put train service on one hundred and eighty miles of new extension to the Pacific Coast; the line opened running from Pacific Junction, near Fort Assinniboine, Montana, to the Rocky Mountains, which, when crossed into the Flathead Lake country, will give that road two routes over the continental range, the other being between Helena and Butte. The great Northern's extension to Puget Sound will be two hundred and fifty miles the shortest transcontinental line.

The Independent (Ord, Neb.) says:—"Plenty of money and only two per cent a month." So says one of the New York experts who testified as to what he knew about silver, and the disastrous effects that will occur in case the free coinage bill passes. Well that will all do very well for Wall street, and the business men who congregate there, but it does not meet the great issue of plenty of money for the whole country. We know it is altogether likely that "the business men" of New York city consider this great money center equivalent to the whole outside world, and so, when you talk about "plenty o money," and their own locality is supplied, why, of course, the whole country is supplied. But this will not do. "Plenty of money in New York at 2 per cent a month" will not do for the farmers, laboring men and general business men who live and do business outside of this bailiwink. Plenty of money there does not mean plenty of money throughout the whole land

Italy Anger.

The Press.

Italy is a apparently again assuming an aggressive attitude toward the United States. The Rudini Cabinet is seemingly being goaded into a policy that it may have occasion to regret. If Minister Porter receives his passport it will be a long time before another American Minister will appear in Rome, and America will not be first in soliciting a renewal of diplomatic relations. There is no sensible ground for any unfriendly action on the part of Italy. Even the Louisiana authorities are bestiring themselves to bring the lynchers of the Italians to trial, if not to justice; and King Humbert himself could do no more.

A declaration of war would not necessarily follow a breach of diplomatic relations. Indeed, a war with the United States would be almost as stupid an exhibition as Italy could present before the world. Its cost would be enormous, and the result in spite of her fleet of powerful ironclads would inevitably be disastrous to Italy. Our means of defense, though incomplete, are still formidable. The Press is confident that we should be able to defend ourselves from the first. And the practically unlimited resources of the United States would eventually enable this country to inflict a punishment upon the bumptious Italian kingdom from which it could not rally for half a century.

It is to be hoped, however, that Italy will see the folly of courting a quarrel with a power that can afford to despise her menaces, but which has warmly sympathized with Italy in her struggle to rise to a higher plane of freedom and civilization.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
—DEALERS IN—
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, F. F. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Havanna Press Drills
FOR POLK COUNTY.
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER.
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
NEW GOODS.
A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.
OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH. Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson. Max Ericson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

Closing Out at Cost!
I AM CLOSING OUT
MY ENTIRE STOCK OF
General Merchandise
AT AND BELOW COST
IF YOU WANT
BOOTS, SHOES
OR CROCKERY,
Call at once. All Heavy Goods Going Below Cost. This is a Bona Fide Sale and Everything Goes. Call and See.
A. STURE

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $22.08 due November 1, 1889, $26.25 due May 1, 1890, $26.25 due Nov. 1, 1890, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Knud K. Yolden and Mary his wife Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee, bearing date the first day of May, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages on page 276.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and forty eight and 93-100 dollars with interest on $824.52 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part therof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section eleven (11) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court house, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty eight and 93-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Loan Company of Connecticut. Mortgagee.
[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $30.55 due November 1, 1889, $24.50 due May 1, 1890, $24.50 due November 1, 1890, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin G. Olson and Mary Olson his wife, Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of May 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages, on page 279.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars with interest on $769.55 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum. from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section Four (4) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of seven hundred and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee.
[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

First publication March 26, 1891.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb as administrator of the estate of Arthur Yvernault deceased Plaintiff, vs. Adduic Bray and Damase Bray Defendants.

Notice of Sale Under Decree. Foreclosure by Action.

In pursuance of a judgment and decree of the Court in this action, dated March 17th 1891, I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in the county of Polk Minnesota, on the 9th day of May 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. the following described real property situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit: The Northwest quarter of section six (6) Township one hundred an fifty (150) Range forty four (44) or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and costs, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crokston Minn., March 20, 1891.
ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
[49-3] JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Plaintiff.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. In North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse. Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14. 1890 Write F. L. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
ECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

W A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $22.86, due September 1st, 1889, $23.00 due March 1st, 1890, $23.00 due September 1st, 1890, and $23.00 due March 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josiah A. Mead and Sadie Mead, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of March, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of April, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 130.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, with interest on $[illegible] thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty-two (22), Town one hundred and fifty-four (154) of Range forty-five (45), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys, Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $18.20, due February 1st, 1888, $24.50, due August 1st, 1889, $25.00, due February 1st, 1890, $25.00 due August 1st, 1890, $25.00 due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James Kelly and Anna Kelly, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1888, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the third day of October, 1888, at ten o'clock and ten minutes a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on page 351.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars, with interest on $[illegible] thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty (20), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys, Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $19.25, due February 1st, 1886, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, and $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Moore and Martha Moore, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23d day of September, 1889, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on page 115.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, with interest on $[illegible] thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), Town one hundred and forty nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys, Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
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SHERIFF'S SALE.

[First publication April 9th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. District Court.

A. A. Just vs. Louis Harmon.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th judicial district, State of Minnesota in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in Justice Court in favor of A. A. Just and against Louis Harmon, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendant, to-wit: Lot 4, block 3, Hurlbut's addition to the city of Crookston, Polk County, State of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, and that I shall on Monday, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Louis Harmon in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to twenty-three dollars and 25 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 31st day of July, 1889, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., April 7th 1891.
ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.
GEO. H. PALMER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [51-6]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 15th, 1891, viz: EMIL FONTAINE, Hd. No. 11,828, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Minn., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, Eustach Blanchard, of Kertsonville, Minn.

[51-4] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., April 11th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 23th, 1891, viz: CHARLES ST. ANTOINE, Hd. No. 10,611, for the sw¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 151, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Huot, Joseph Provost, Octave Lacoste, Joseph Pepin all of Huot P. O., Minn.

[52-5] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 12, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Pasca Labelle and Adele Labelle, his wife, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, bearing date the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 147-9.

And, whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $1.72 that became due November 1st, 1889; $5.00 that became due May 1st, 1890; and $5.00 that became due November 1st, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and twenty-four and 32-100 dollars ($224.32) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southwest quarter (sw¼ sw¼) of Section twenty (20), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing forty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 6th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.
H. D. Dickinson, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[47-7] [N. G. 27.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 19th, 1891.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter Nord and Kristina Nord his wife to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 7th day of December A. D. 1885 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of December A. D. 1888, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in book 29 of Mortgages, on pages 398-401 and whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1889, $17.50 that became due December 7th 1889, $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due December 7th, 1890 and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and eighty six and 60-100 Dollars ($586.60) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said Mortgage, viz: The south east quarter (s. e. ¼) of section ten (10) in Township one hundred fifty three (153) of Range forty four (44) containing 160 acres more or less according to United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes if any, on said premises, and twenty Five Dollars attorneys fee, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.
[48-2] [N. G. 40.] H. D. DICKINSON Attorney.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from 2 cents to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes in fact the fancy of all from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum. Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the North.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 30, 1891. NO. 2.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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Wheat Experiments.

Prof. D. N. Harper.

The results of the investigations made on the wheat crops of 1888 and 1889 showed the necessity of making certain other experiments during 1890.

In the following pages I shall give a concise, general account of these experiments, the results obtained, and the conclusions to be drawn. I had hoped to make a final report on wheat at this time, but circumstances have prevented the completion of certain lines of work, and such a report must be delayed.

During the year 1881 collected samples foreign wheats, particularly from Russia and Hungary, and made analyses to determine whether any of the varieties are superior to our own. These analyses showed the Hungarian and many of the Russian wheats to be of great value, but none are more valuable than our Scotch Fife and Blue Stem. Field experiments were therefore undertaken to show whether any of the foreign wheats ripen earlier, are more free from rust, or are otherwise hardier than ours.

Experiments and Results.

Experiment 1. The foreign wheats were grown to show, (1) the character of the plant, its hardiness, etc., (2) the the length of time needed for it to mature, (3) the quality of the crop, (4) the change produced in the grain by changed conditions, (5) how the crops would compare with wheat raised from native seed.

Results. The general results show that our own native varieties are superior to any foreign ones. Scotch Fife selected according to the methods advocated herein, ripened within a few days as soon as the earliest foreign wheat, and proved to be hardier than any of the foreign varietes. Some of the Russian seed yielded as good a quality as our own, and these varieties will be further tested. But most of the Russian seed was of mixed varieties of bearded and beardless wheats, and in all cases the bearded varieties grew with less vigor, were more susceptible to rust and gave a crop of poorer quality than the beardless wheats.

All of the Hungarian wheats failed to mature and seemed to show by their growth that they are winter varieties. In Hungary they are said to be indiscriminately spring or winter wheats.

The crops from the Russian varietes showed no change from their original characters and indicated that the conditions here are favorable to their growth if not quite similar to those of their natural localities.

Experiment 2. The so-called Ladoga, which is a bearded wheat common in Russia and which has been introduced into Manitoba, was grown by Mr. Toombs and by two other gentlemen in Stephen, in fields of about 30 acres each and in smaller plots by many other farmers in different places. The seed was obtained from Manitoba where it had been grown for two or more seasons. It has been claimed that this wheat ripens earlier than Fife wheat, yields as well and is of as good quality.

Results. The early ripening of Ladoga was shown to be more apparent than real, and the other claims made for it were widely disproved. It proved to be extremely susceptible to rust, shelled more easily than other wheat, grew less vigorously, shrunk badly in the grain and did not stand up well. It is time and money worse than wasted for Minnesota farmers to further experiment with Ladoga wheat.

Experiment 3. Alongside of the foreign wheats there were planted plots of native varieties, particularly Haynes' Pedigree Blue stem, Herriman's Scotch Fife and Verdon Scotch Fife, the prize wheat of Manitoba in 1889. All three of these were the finest samples of their kind, each weighing from 63 to 64 lb per measured bushel.

The results show that each variety ripened uniformly with the quality of the crop in the following order, Verdon, Herriman's and Haynes'. Herriman's ripened in 96 days, Verdon in 98 days and Haynes was not fully matured in 106 days.

Experiment 4. Darwin has shown that the capacity of any particular piece of land to produce a particular variety of grass, is limited. But after this limit is reached other varieties can be grown and thus the total yield increased. This suggested that it might be possible to increase the yield of wheat by growing mixed varieties. To test this and to show what the effect might otherwise be, acre plots of different varieties were grown as follows: Haynes' Blue Stem, separate; Haynes' Blue stem and Ladoga, mixed; Ladoga; Herriman's Fife and Ladoga; Herriman's Fife; Haynes' and Herriman's mixed, and a mixture of the Fife, Blue Stem and Ladoga.

Results. The plots of pure varieties did not. The quality of the crop from the mixed varieties approached to the quality of the poorest wheat and was not uniform, while that of the pure variety was uniform.

Experiment 5. Those grains of greatest vitality and best able to reproduce are the ones of greatest density (weight). Direct experiments, published by Church in 1865, showed that "(1) seed wheat of greatest density produces the densest (heaviest) seeds; (2) seed wheat of greatest density produces the greatest number of seeds; (3) seed wheat of medium density produces ordinarily the greatest number of ears but the ears are poorer than those from seeds of greatest density; (4) seed wheat of medium density produces generally the greatest number of fertile plants; (5) seed wheat, which sinks in water but floats upon a liquid with a specific weight of 1,547 is of little value, it produces but about a third of the weight of grains produced by the densest grains. Seeds of the greatest specific weight are not always the largest."

Judge Hall, of Hudson, Wisconsin, has cited me his experience with dense wheat. In the neighborhood of a flour mill operated by him the crop of wheat had been poor for several years For self interest and in order to induce farmers to plant sound seed, he agreed to clean their seed wheat free of charge. Most farmers accepted this offer and the results proved satisfactory to a high degree, and until the chinch bugs forbade the further cultivation of wheat. The wheat thus cleaned free from dirt, weed seeds, light and immature grains, soon increased the yield from below fifteen bushels per acre up to 25 bushels, and there was a corresponding increase in the quality of the grain.

By an extended examination in the laboratory and in the field, I was convinced that chief among the causes of unfavorable results were careless selection of seed, and the planting of that which was of diminished vitality. To test this, and to show the effect of cleaning wheat well for seed, to secure the heaviest grains, and those uniform in weight, the following experiment was conducted with Capt. Donaldson, at Northcote; B. E. Sundberg at Kennedy; G. W. Toombs, at Stephen, and Hon. E. D. Childs, at Crookston.

Wheat which after screening out the weed seeds, graded 1 Northern and weighed 61 lbs. to the measured bushel, was several times run through a Barnard & Lee cleaning mill. In this way the original wheat, weighing 61 lbs., was separated into two parts one of which weighed 63 lbs. per bushel and and was perfectly clean, and the other weighed, after further cleaning out the weed seeds, 55 lbs. per bushel. Equal size plots of each of these planted side by side and the comparisons noted.

Results. From personal examination at all the places while the crop was ripening it was shown that the wheat from the 63 lbs. seed grew most evenly, the heads were largest and best developed, the plot was free from weeds, ripened uniformly and matured earlier than the wheat from 61 lb seed. The wheat from the 55 lb. seed was poorest of all, it grew unevenly, ripened unevenly, and was very weedy.

Mr. Sundberg planted exactly 30 lb of each kind of seed on May 7th, 1890, on equal sized plots. "They were all harvested August 24th; the wheat from the 63 lb seed was ripe, but that from the other kinds could easily have stood eight days more before being ripe. It was all drilled in and on the same kind of land. From the 63 lb seed I threshed 668 lb; from the 61 lb, 519½; from the 55lb, 302½ lb. The Ladoga wheat is a failure here. It ripens perhaps a few days sooner, but the yield is very poor."

Mr. Toombs planted acre plots of each kind, using the same amount of seed on each plot. "Sixty-three lb seed gave 20 bushels; 61 lb. gave 18 bushels, and the poor wheat of 55 lb per bushel gave only 7 bushels. So you can see that there is a big difference."

Experiment 6. The effects of seeding the same wheat on the same land for many years were further observed.

The result has been that the vitality of the grain is impaired and the crop reduced in yield and the quality deteriorated. Unless exceptional care has been exercised in the selection of seed the wheat shows marked deterioration within four or five years.

Conclusions.

The best wheat for our conditions are the varieties of pure Scotch Fife and pure Blue Stem. For the Red River Valley, particularly the northern portion of it, Scotch Fife is for all reasons the best. It ripens earlier than Blue Stem and makes better flour for the reason that the bread made from it is of lighter color than bread made from Blue Stem flour. I have made some analyses of the best Blue Stem wheat—where the amount of gluten and the strength of the dough were equal to the best Scotch Fife, and where milling tests showed it to give as great a yield, but in all cases the color of the dough made from Blue Stem flour was noticeably darker.

From many analyses made on last years's crop I observed that Blue Stem stains more readily than Fife. Much of the wheat of last years's crop was discolored, an effect of the excessive heat in July. In all cases I examined it was the Blue Stem grains which were most injured. Wheat which was plump rich in gluten and well cured would have been of high milling value had it not been for discolored grains, and these were mostly grains of Blue Stem.

Pure varieties of wheat should be used for seed. Thus if one intends seeding Fife wheat, let it be free from Blue Stem or any other variety than Fife. The differences in the time of ripening, etc., as illustrated by our experiments, seem to show conclusively that is a wrong practice to seed wheat other than that which is of pure variety. The practice of buying seed from elevators or indiscriminately from other sources is wrong and no more reasonable than it would be for a breeder to place at the head of his herd any male whatever. The pedigree of an animal is a valuable consideration and we should similarly value what might be called the pedigree of wheat.

Cleaning wheat for seed. After securing a pure variety of wheat, the next consideration should be to have it free from any weed seeds, weak and and light grains. The weight should be uniform and high. To secure this, where large machines are not to be had, the ordinary fanning mills can profitably be used by making the draft of wind strong and setting aside the seives.

Change of seed. To assure the best results and prevent deterioration of the seed it should be changed every two or three years, taking care that pure seed of equal quality is obtained in exchange. A change from heavy soil to light, from light to heavy, from timber to prairie and vice versa will prove beneficial to the grain and profitable to the producer.

Amount of seed per acre. With the wheat ordinarily planted, it is safe to say that more grains are seeded than necessary. Were all wheat well cleaned before being seeded a considerable saving would result, but there are various considerations to be taken into account with regard to the amount of seed best suited to our conditions. The experiments started last year are not conclusive and are therefore not now published.

Selection of seed. The most important points to be considered in the selection of wheat for seed are as follows: Secure (1) a pure variety of wheat —the best being Fife, (2) a heavy wheat, (3) a plump wheat, with the shape of the berry as near a sphere as possible, (4) a clean wheat, that is one free from weed seeds, shrunken and immature grains. These requirements can be adjudged with the grain itself, but no matter how good the wheat may be it can be improved by cleaning, thus making the grains uniformly heavy.

But the selection should take place in part before harvesting. If of pure variety that wheat which ripens earliest, with the brightest, strongest straw and largest heads will generally prove to have all the requirements of good seed. By this continued intelligent selection, accompanied by careful change of seed, the quality of our wheat must improve if methods of cultivation are correct.

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Carry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, F. F. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine,

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Havanna Press Drills

FOR POLK COUNTY.

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

This Space.

C. H. SAAKE.

Something About Dollars.

The dollar sign ($) is not a monogram of "U.S." but dates from the days when the transfer was made from Spanish to American dollars and accounts were kept equally in dollars and reals. Thus: One dollar eight reals. Later the 8 was placed between the perpendicular parllel lines |8|: then the perpendicular lines crossed the eight and combined with it to form the present sign ($).

But the origin of the dollar mark is not so important a question as how to get the dollars, and how to get the most out of them afterwards. A great many rules for becoming wealthy have been given, and John Jacob Astor's—"Cut down your expenses and let your income run on"—is as good as any. We can, however, offer some advice on spending the money, especially if you intend to use any of it in traveling. Select "The Burlington" when you want to reach any prominent place in the East. West, North or south, and its luxurious equipment, fast time, and sure connections will convince you that it gives you the most for your money. Any ticket agents can sell you tickets by this line, or you can address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

More McKinly Manufactures.

New York Press.

The Paint, Drug and Oil Review contains particulars of the purchase by a German syndicate of 3,400 acres of land in Bloom, an outlying suburb of Chicago, which illustrates how the new Tariff law is operating to force European manufacture to come here, locate works and manufacture the goods with which they supply this market. A huge cork concern from Germany has practically closed negotiations with the German syndicate to buy a site and erect works at Bloom. In Germany the concern employs 3,000 men. The new tariff law puts a duty of fifteen cents per pound on manufactured corks. The result is shown in this forced removal of the cork manufacturing industry to the United States. The present duty of 60 per cent. on plate glass has operated similarly, and Herr Otto of Stuttgart, Germany, is an authority for the statement that a large plate glass firm of his country has made provisions to establish a factory in the same Chicago suburb, being compelled to take this step to retain their American custom. These are merely signs of the times under the McKinley law—two illustrations out of hundreds.

A Universal Question.

"How can I get the most for the least money?" This is the almost universal question among Americans. Always in business, usually in pleasure, often in religion, this is the tape and rule by which a new proposition is measured. Not to write a homily, but to aid hard-worked men in finding homes, and seekers of pleasure and health in finding desirable havens, is the purpose of this notice. We make it brief by saying: "Take the Great Northern Railway, from Crookston Minn., to the Northwest and Pacific Coast. Publications concerning the Northwest sent free and letters of inquiry answered by F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A. St. Paul, Minn. The readers of this paper are advised to call and see Agent Fegan for particulars if a trip for pleasure, business or health is contemplated to any part of the United States.

Hezekiah Butterworth, of the Youth's Companion, and author of the famous "Zig Zag Journal" books, is preparing a volume to add to his interesting ceries, from material gathered on a trip over the Great Northern Railway, trough Minnesota, North Dakota and Montana, during the summer of 1890. He thinks the Park Region of Minnesota is one of the most delightful sections of America for a summer outing.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

Rabilly's Appointment.

Governor Merriam's Reason's For Securing Him a Position

Duluth Daily Tribune.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Some choice political secrets have been wafted from Minnesota to Washington of late. There is a large colony of Minnesota people here, and the majority of the members of this colony are politicians by nature and training. It need create no surprise, to state that nearly every Minnesotan in Washington has correspondents in the North Star State who keep them pretty well posted upon what is going on there.

A matter of special interest is the current speculation with regard to a strong political alliance between Ignatius Donnelly and Gov. Merriam. It is claimed by those who know that this alliance dates back to the time when Merriam ran for speaker of the lower house of representatives, and Donnelly was appointed chairman of the railroad committee in that house.

It was also hinted in certain quarters that last year Gov. Merriam had the sympathy of Mr. Donnelly, and that this sympathy has been kept up ever since. It is true that during the winter session of the legislature none of Gov. Merriam's appointments were objected to by Mr. Donnelly. It was a noticeable fact that Donnelly also stood by Merriam in all his vetoes. There is but little doubt in regard to a treaty of reciprocity between these two gentlemen, and just how far it extends is a matter of conjecture.

The recommendation of P. H. Rabilly, of Lake City, to the position of special agent of the land office, is not so much a surprise to people on the inside of Minnesota politics as might be imagined. Of course, it seems to be a well established fact that Rabilly did not have the indorsement of any of the congressional delegation of this state.

The recommendation of Mr. Rabilly shows that it is intended he should have his reward for withdrawing from the race last fall, which, it is alleged he did at the request of Gov. Merriam, Archbishop Ireland and a few others. The question then naturally arises, who in Minnesota enjoys the confidence of the present administration? From the recommendation of Rabilly, one might suppose that Archbishop Ireland and Merriam were at present in the lead. Senator Davis, however, seems to have risen from obscurity in holding up the appointment.

It is queer to many that no newspaper has ever published the story of the first meeting of the state central committee held this year in Minnesota. In that meeting the question put to Gov. Merriam and his answers thereto would have made interesting reading.

Some Republicans who were present have been so uncharitable as to think that Gov. Merriam's answers were only steps in an endeavor to popularize himself with the Alliance element in that state. There are Minnesoains in Washington who have no hesitancy in saying that Gov. Merriam is doing his utmost to lay wires to insure the defeat of senator Davis and elevate himself to the senate. It was pointed out last fall that the governor would do this. That the senior senator has lost a great deal of prestige is made conspicuous in that he was not consulted by Secretary Noble before he passed Merriam's recommendation for Rabilly's appointment.

It is even hinted here that President Harrison has decided to turn down both Washburn and Davis from this time on, and, further, that he proposes to recognize Governor Merriam as something of a dictator in Minnesota politics from this time on. But it looks as though the governor made a blunder in making his first recommendation.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 30, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard	92.
1 Northern	90.
2 Northern	87.
3 Northern	82.

Lovely weather for seeding.

Everybody is busy making garden.

The logs are coming down quite freely.

A. G. Gallasch spent Sunday in the city.

Geo. J. McManus came up from Duluth on Monday.

I. U. Jennings is agent for railroad swamp lands.

The finest cigar for the money at A. R. Erickson's.

Mrs. Dr. Dampier starts on Friday for a visit to Kansas City, Mo.

An apprentice girl wanted at Mrs. I. U. Jennings' millinery store.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings deals in all the latest styles of millinery goods.

W. E. Walker will start up his planing mill for the season this week.

A. R. Erickson has a fine line of choice fresh confectionery. Try it.

The assessors met with auditor Webster on Saturday last for instruction.

Mrs. Geo. Bunzy has gone east for the summer to visit relatives and friends.

The big Walker saw mill was made ready for the season's business last week.

The new hotel on Main street will be ready for occupancy in December, it is said.

Call at A. R. Erickson's new place for the best 5 or 10 cent cigar in the city.

The county board is in session this week with lots of business on the carpet.

Ladies, call and see those elegant millinery goods at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' store.

A complete line of tobacco, both smoking and chewing, at A. R. Erickson's.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings and Mrs. C. E. Sawyer went over to Grand Forks on Wednesday.

Everybody buys Erickson's cigars. Remember the place, the new confectionery store on Robert street.

Cleary & Buckingham have removed their business into the old Yvernault store building on Main street.

Hon. B. Sampson had a valuable horse badly cut up in a wire fence and fears the animal cannot recover.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. MORRISEY.

Work of excavating the cellar for the new addition to the Fontaine & Anglim block was commenced last week.

Cedar shingles for sale by I. U. Jennigs. They do not warp, check or rot at the nail holes and they last a life time.

If the ladies appreciate bargains in millinery they will do well to call and examine Mrs. E. E. Bangs' stock and get her prices.

The trees are beginning to put on their robes of living green and all nature seems to enjoy the lovely weather we are having.

Miss Grace E. Stilwell, of St. Paul, was in the city on Sunday with her papa. The little lady seemed to enjoy her visit hugely.

Mr. Behlmer has bought the old Losey building and will use the lumber therein contained with which to construct a residence.

Everything indicates a year of great prosperity for farmers. We live in hopes that these bright prospects will be amply realized.

Chas. E. Sawyer has bought the old John N. Ives building and will move it to a lot down in the woods to be used as a tenement building.

Wheat took a big drop in this market during the past week—from 98 to 93, at which figure it opened out on Monday morning.

Dr. Denniston commences this week to pack up for Salt Lake City. Mrs. D. will go in a few days but the doctor may not go before fall.

John O'Brien has put in a new floor, painted and papered and flopped the bar over forninst the other side, and will try it that way awhile.

E. T. Salverson, of Norman County, has gone on a visit to Norway. Mr. Salverson was a commissioner of Polk County before the division.

Deacon Robert Bain was in the city this week from Fisher. The deacon is as spry as many a younger man, carrying his weight of years easily.

The wife of Dr. C. M. Hansen, a former resident of this city, died in Chicago on the 18th inst. after an illness of only a few days, of pneumonia.

Ole O. Christianson is putting in a new brick foundation to his cosy residence on Broadway. Ole evidently intends to enjoy life while he stays.

Herb Mason is a widower no longer. His better half returned from Chicago on Wednesday morning and Herb now smiles all over his classic countenance.

Street commissioner Dan McDonald, is using the dirt from the F. & A. excavation to fill in the holes upon the streets. A much needed improvement.

Special Sale this Week.

HOSIERY.

OF

Hosiery AND Underwear

AT THE

BIG MAMMOTH STORE.

Hosiery and Underwear Department is Immense.

25c The Best Hose in the City Warranted Fast Black. 25c

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vest, 8c to $1.50.

10c A GOOD RIBBED VEST FOR 10c

CARPETS.

The greatest display of carpets in the west in the best grades and newest patterns.

JACKETS, CAPES AND VESTS,

In the most modern cuts and styles.

☞ —Wholesale samples of Parasols very cheap.— ☜

MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH CARE.

I. O. O. F. BLOCK, Crookston, Minn. } **Gervais, the Hustler.**

UNDERWEAR

Sheriff Grundyson went out to Terrebonne on Monday.

A. J. Arnold went up to Warren on Monday to look up a job at carpenter work.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

The Grand Forks Herald says "THE JOURNAL enters its 14th year with last issue." That only cuts us one year short, as we completed our 14th and entered our 15th.

Engineer Tom Hunt has won his eastern law suit by which he comes into a snug little sum that will work in handy. This suit has been pending for some time.

The street sprinkler starts off again upon its moistening mission this week and for six months it is destined to play an important part in the economy of life in the city.

The directors of the Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific R. R. Co., met on Monday evening and it was decided to go ahead with the work of construction at an early day.

A few first-class day boarders will find same kind of board at 3d house south of Broadway Opera House. Good rooms next door north.
[2-4] D. N. TAYLOR.

Signor Bosco filled the Grand Opera house on Friday, Saturday and Monday evenings. These gift concerns generally get a crowd where more meritorious enterprises fail.

A slight rain on Sunday evening caused some apprehension that seeding might be delayed somewhat, but the bright sunshine on Monday morning dispelled all such fears.

Ladies, have you observed how nicely Mrs. Bailey has her millinery shop fixed up? And the elegant stock she carries? She invites you to call and get her prices before you purchase.

Geo. Bunzy brought in a beef cow from Mentor on Saturday, or part way, anyhow. Not being used to traveling, the animal got foot-sore and had to be left a few miles out to rest a day or so.

Alderman Jennings is in big luck. Somebody has sent him five gallons of maple syrup. Golly, don't we wish we spelt our name that way when that bunch of sweetness arrived? Yum! yum!

Mrs. Bailey informs THE JOURNAL that she is doing a rushing business in millinery, and is prepared to supply all demands in that line. Remember the place, corner of Broadway and Fletcher streets.

Mrs. J. O. Milne came up from Duluth last week on a visit to her children. She has been very ill and plainly shows the effects thereof. She is far from well now, but her friends hope for the best.

The attractions Mrs. E. E. Bangs offers the ladies are fashionable goods in the latest styles of the very best qualities and extremely low prices. You will do well to call and examine her goods and get prices.

W. G. Hunt has purchased the McIntosh Tribune and will run it as a red-hot alliance paper hereafter. Any way that is the kind of an alliance man W. G. is. We wish him abundant success in the journalistic field.

Jeweler Saaks invites the attention of JOURNAL readers to his new ad in this issue—or rather requests them to "watch this space," until he gets his announcement ready. He has a full and complete stock in his line, as usual.

Geo. M. Swift was down from Mentor last Saturday with two cows to sell for beef. The aggregate weight was one ton and netted 3½ cents on foot. Considering the recent condition of the market, this is a very good price.

F. T. Haseltine arrived on Wednesday morning looking as natural as life and all ready for business. He would have been here before but for the serious illness of his wife and a severe attack of the grip on his own hook.

Anton Erickson opens up a fruit and confectionery business this week in Vine's old meat market on Robert street. Anton will keep a full supply of everything in that line and solicits the patronage of JOURNAL readers.

Mrs. Louis Theuer has been very ill with erysipelas, being out of her head at times and her life was despaired of. Her brother, A. P. Misgen, of Superior, arrived on Wednesday morning. Mrs. T. was reported better on Wednesday.

Work will soon be commenced upon the foundation of the Norwegian Synod church building on Broadway, some of the brick being now upon the ground. It has not yet been fully determined whether to build wholly with brick or not.

Looking at the condition of Robert street this spring suggests an improvement that should be made—paving. It would not be a very expensive matter to pave it with cedar blocks and the item of dust alone would soon pay the extra cost.

W. L. and H. S. Palmer will open the old opera house as a roller skating rink to-morrow night, May 1st. Get out your skates, oil them up and be there at 8 o'clock to hear the Queen City Band of eighteen pieces, play—and enjoy yourselves.

If good weather continues this week wheat in Polk County will be nearly all in the ground. Such growing weather as we have been having has never been excelled in any country. Very soon grass will be high enough to furnish abundant food for stock.

Jos. Laframboise intends to start for Montana about May 15th with a carload of stock for that market. In the lot will be some full blood Jerseys and Holsteins, very choice animals that should bring round figures in that market, or in any other for that matter.

Patrolman Ellingbo takes hold like an old stager and will make a good policeman. But, oh, my! Don't he look just too fine in uniform? Andy Locken used to be the handsomest man on the force, but Ellingbo can give him cards and spades and win several points.

Mark Rauenbuehler has bought the old Hartshorn, Hurlbut & Dawley building and will move it to the site now occupied by his harness shop at the corner of Broadway and Third street, where he will have the most complete establishment in the city. Mark is a rustler and no mistake.

Halvor B. Tweten, who bought the double building on Second street, adjoining the Van Dyke & Co. drug store, has traded it to Walker for the old Linton house building, which he will move to his lots on the corner of Broadway and Second street and remodel for a boarding house.

Mrs. Mary W. Coykendall returned from Tacoma on Saturday last very much improved in health (though she says she don't like the rain out there one little bit). She will remain for a short visit in the family of her brother, Alderman I. U. Jennings, before returning to her home in Wisconsin.

Eugene J. Stilwell, of the firm of Wright, Barrett & Stilwell of St. Paul, was in the city on Sunday. Gene used to travel for the old firm and likes to get out on the road again once in a while and meet his old friends, and they like to have him do so. Says Crookston is bound to be one of the leading towns of the Northwest.

Services, May 3d, at the Congregational church, sermons by the pastor. 11:00 a. m.—"The Remedy for Human Trouble." 7:30 p. m.—"The Priest Meeting the Herdman." The public kindly invited. The Lord's Supper will be celebrated at the morning service. Let all come early as the exercises of each service should begin at the hour named.

John Kops was over from Grand Forks this week looking up business for Kops Bros. Charlie and Paul are in Montana selling pianos by wholesale. They want 40 or 50 second-hand square pianos, and will exchange new upright pianos for them on very liberal terms. Here is a good opportunity to obtain a nice new upright and trade off the old square at a good figure.

Jos. Laframboise has a three-year-old English Draught horse that weighs 1,250 lbs. The colt has never been overfed having been wintered principally on straw, with but little hay and grain. The colt is a full-blood and worth $500, and yet some will claim that good stock don't pay in this country. The main trouble is that there is too little good stock here.

John D. Knudson was down from McIntosh with the assessors on Saturday last. Says the farmers in his neighborhood are well along with their wheat sowing and will be nearly through with oats and barley this week and next. They are anticipating a bountiful yield, barring unpropitious weather. He informs us that P. P. Bodine, late of the Tribune, intends to go to Minneapolis to live.

The Mapleton (Blue Earth County) Enterprise issued a very creditable illustrated edition, which shows that ambitious little village up in good shape. Such communities as that, who are not afraid to patronize the printer liberally, always come to the front and always reap an ample reward for their investment. Mapleton is a handsome little village and her inhabitants desirable as neighbors.

The council is considering the question of a separate room all to themselves and furnishing it for their own special use. This would be beneficial in many respects and a good audience room would yet remain for public meetings, &c. The partition could be moved 10 or 12 feet toward the east and this would make a room fully large enough and leave a larger room than the present for public purposes.

10,000 Bushels White Russian Seed Oats.

Pure and clean, ready for seeding. Price, 65 cents per bushel. Address A. M. Burdick, Glyndon, Minn., or
[2-4] N. STANFORD, Fargo, N. D.

Crookston, April 29, '91.

I invite all parties to call and examine my full and complete stock of Dry Goods and Notions, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Crockery and Glassware. I have always conducted my business upon liberal principles, so all the goods are marked down to prices defying competition. Purchasers are respectfully requested to call early to prevent disappointment.

ANDREW STURE.

Opposite Merchants' National Bank.

Seven Feet Long.

Not the cigar, but the smoke of one of those imported La Roma's at Wilson & Thompson's. At least Thompson says it makes a seven foot smoke.

A. R. Erickson opened his new cigar, confectionery and fruit store on Tuesday and did a rushing business. He will keep all the leading brands of cigars, such as Select, Acorn, La Roma, Ben Hur and Record Breaker, and a choice line of imported cigars to which he invites the attention of the public. He makes a specialty of tobacco from the cheapest to the best. Call and see his stock.

The familiar face of comrade D. R. Carr, has again appeared upon our streets. He came up from Minneapolis on Friday to again assume his old position in the Red River Lumber Co's big mill. Mr. Walker was very fortunate to secure again the services of one of his old and trusted employes. Comrade Carr has lived here for the past six years, but removed to Minneapolis last fall where he has purchased a house and will permanently reside.

Alfred Veaudrin will be prepared to herd cattle during the coming season, commencing May 15th. He lives on section 36, in the town of Gentilly, and his herd will have the range of four sections, with plenty of good pure water. His charge for cattle will be 25 cents per month per head or $1.00 for the season. He will also be prepared to herd sheep. He has thirty acres fenced for the care of the stock nights.

H. G. Mitchel writes THE JOURNAL a letter full of good advice to farmers in relation to building grist mills which it will be well for them to read carefully and ponder over. The letter arrived too late for this issue, but will appear in our next. In addition to this industry, farmers could well afford to aid in securing a tannery and a woolen factory, should the opportunity occur. Every farmer could better afford to give $25 to a tannery than to be without one.

One day last week we saw one of the Helmick boys on the street driving a fine span of mares to a lumber wagon. Each mare was followed by a fine colt almost as big as herself, and we were surprised when told that one of the colts was four weeks old and the other only six. The sire is a thoroughbred Clyde. With such living examples we don't see how any one can fail to see the profit in thoroughbred stock. It costs no more to raise and is worth very much more than the ordinary scrub.

Max Bass, immigration agent for the Great Northern Railway Co., gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call on Saturday. He says that the prospects are that very many people from the eastern states will be here to look for homes during the coming summer, and he asked THE JOURNAL to suggest to our farmer readers the advisability of raising a sample for the advertising car that the Great Northern intends to send out next fall. A fine sheaf of wheat, oats or barley, or a bushel of potatoes or something in the vegetable line. This is a good idea and would cost but little to the farmer, and no doubt be of great benefit to the country. There is no question about the fertility of our soil and the excellence of our climate as elements of success, and we believe the condition of our market will be far better in the future.

Henry W. Wilson died in Fargo on Friday last of typhoid fever, at the age of 18 years. He was born in Lucknow, Ont., came to Fargo ten years ago, and about eight months ago came to Crookston to assist his brother William, one of the proprietors of the Bankrupt store. On March 24th he went to Fargo to visit his mother and in about a week was taken with typhoid fever. Up to within a week of his death he was very hopeful of recovery and said to his brother who had gone there to see him: "Go back to Crookston, Will, I will soon be able to join you," but this was not to be and he gradually sank until the end came, calmly and peacefully as if going to sleep. The day before the end came he threw his arms around the neck of his mother and said: "I am going to see father". During the past few days he talked almost constantly of all his old friends, mentioning his Crookston friends by name. Though he had lived here but a short time he had made many friends to whom this sad news will come with a shock, for they had learned to regard him highly. He leaves a mother, four brothers and three sisters, all of whom reside at Fargo, except William, who is here in business. The funeral was largely attended on Sunday at Fargo. The death of this young man, on the threshold of early manhood" strong, healthy, sober, industrious and ambitious, seems peculiarly sad, and comes with crushing force upon the mourning relatives, and particularly to the brother William with whom he was associated in business, and to him our heart goes out in sympathy, the more tender, perhaps, from having so recently passed through the fiery ordeal. "Oh, why must these things be, while the shores of life are thickly strewn with the useless wrecks to whom death would be a blessing, unless it is to teach us that God's ways are not like man's ways, and that "He doeth all things well" we know; yet how hard it seems to take such truths by personal application. May He who hath taken this young man to Himself be with and abundantly comfort the mourning relatives and bless this affliction to their eternal good.

Commissioner C. P. De Mers don't propose to neglect the interests of his constituents even though his horses are all too busy in the field to be available, so down he came on foot fourteen or ninety miles so as not to miss the session, arriving before dark on Tuesday evening. C. P. says seeding is a little late in his vicinity, but the ground is in excellent condition and the wheat is going in rapidly and will soon be finished.

Max Bass informs THE JOURNAL that the Great Northern road has received hundreds of letters of inquiry about this country, recently, and that the prospects are that many new inhabitants for Polk County will be the result of it. The Great Northern road has manifested commendable interest in this matter, and we wish it might lead to their co-operation with us to secure competition in our grain markets. This would be a bigger immigration document than thousands of dollars could buy.

W. N. Godfrey was down from Maple Bay last week soliciting subscriptions to stock in the Farmers Grist Mill Co. He is very sanguine of being able to raise the requisite amount, and we hope he may be. Such enterprises as these seem better calculated to afford the relief the farmer seeks than all the legislation we could get from a hundred legislatures of the vintage of '91. We trust his plans may be carried out in full, convinced that great good would follow.

Ole Erickson, of Sundahl, Norman County, was up a few days since and while here stopped with his old time friend, A. Halverson, of the Sherman House. Having occasion to go to the court house to see about his citizen papers, he walked up there with Mr. H., as spry as a middle-aged man could do, after which he walked about the city, viewing it with great interest. This seems more remarkable from the fact that Mr. E. is over 90 years old. He had some photographs taken and Mr. H. has one showing a well-preserved and hale old man who does not look to be over 70.

Hon. B. Sampson informs THE JOURNAL that he has been corresponding with a man who was once here with a view to establishing a woolen factory, and he is in hopes to get him here. The man has sold his factory in the old country and will locate somewhere in this, and Mr. S. feels quite sanguine about inducing him to select Crookston as the place. He also hopes to see a tannery established here, and this, too, would be a great benefit to farmers as it would furnish an excellent market for hides, which now bring very little to the producer. If Crookston had a woolen mill, a tannery and a starch factory, the farmers in this vicinity could make big money, and even if they had to put up a little to encourage such things it would pay them well to do it.

A considerable excitement was caused on Monday all on account of a little two-year-old Kansan who is visiting with Grandpa McLean. The little chap took it into his head to size up Crookston and started off on his own hook. Shortly he was missed and not being found in the vicinity, George was notified and he informed the police and soon Grandpa and George and the police were roving about, hither and yon in anxious quest of a little two-year-old without any hat on. He was found at last up near the Methodist church gazing with interest upon the many improvements going on in that vicinity, and was taken home to Grandma and an anxious mother. It is probable that his facilities for observation will be somewhat limited in the future.

TAKEN UP.

One bay mare about two years old, white face. Owner can recover by proving property and paying expenses.

[2-4] JOHN SCHEFFER, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale Cheap.

One first class engine and Quaker brick press. Inquire of Martin Swanson. [1-4]

Last Sad Rites.

Fargo Republican Monday April 27th.

Henry Wesley Wilson was laid to rest yesterday afternoon after impressive ceremonies had been held over his remains at his mother's home and at the First Methodist church. The spacious church was completely filled with a sympathetic audience, a tribute of the respect in which the deceased was held. Rev. D. W. Knight conducted the services, assisted by an octette of ladies and gentlemen. An opportunity was given the audience to view the remains and nearly every one availed themselves of the privilege. A large number of members of the Y. M. C. A., associates of Wesley's, were present.

PASTOR'S STUDY, April 28, 1891.

Members of the Congregational Church:

DEAR BRETHERN:—May 3d is your Communion Sabbath. It is my desire to meet you all there. The nature of this exercise renders our duty to be partakers therein most sacred. The special offering we make on the occasion is purely voluntary on your part and will be our church offering to New West work which I preached upon last Sunday. Don't omit your gift if it can not exceed five cents which you are requested to enclose in an envelope and drop into the contribution box. Will you read Isa 53 ch and Matt. 5:1-16 on Friday evening and Sabbath morning? Be sure to attend the Communion.

REV. R. H. BATTEY.

CLIPPING.

Do you want your horses clipped? I am now prepared to attend to all orders left at the livery stables of S. L. Collins. Call on or address, G. P. PASEMAN.

To Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter, any person or persons who drive or ride across the south half of Section 30, town of Gentilly will be prosecuted according to law.

[1-3] E. D. LANCTOT, Jr.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Scandia-American Bank

At Crookston, Minn. at the Close of business on the 14th day of April, 1891.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$136,570 10
Due from other banks	20,518 64
Furniture and fixtures	1,400 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,691 53
Cash on hand	7,558 78
Total	$168,739 60

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$50,000 00
Undivided profits	16,166 19
Individual deposits subject to check	47,301 78
Demand certificates of deposit	55,271 63
Total	$168,739 60

I, Lewis Ellington, Cashier of the Scandia-American Bank, at Crookston, Minnesota, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

LEWIS ELLINGTON, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:

E. F. PIERCE,
C. O. CHRISTIANSON, } Directors.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk. } ss.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 25th day of April, 1891.

[Notary Seal.] ANDREW P. HANSON, Notary Public, Polk County, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 17, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Carl A. Woodstrom against Francis R. Beaumette for abandoning his homestead entry No. 3,921, dated May 19th, 1880, upon the sw¼ Section 10, Township 150 n. Range 47 w. in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 10th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 27th, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Napoleon Geron against Peter Bernier, for abandoning his homestead entry No. 15,203, dated Dec. 20th, 1883, upon the se¼ sw¼ and sw¼ se¼ section 15, nw¼ ne¼ section 22, Township 150 n. Range 41, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 20th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES

IN Fancy Cassimeres, Fancy Cheviots, Fancy Worsted, Black Cheviots.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats.
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Crush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's.

One good thing accomplished by the legislature was the ordering of an investigation into the methods of handling wheat in the elevators at Duluth. A thorough investigation of this matter should be had without fear or favor.

The following letter was read at the Republican League meeting on April 15 th:

Minneapolis, Minn., April 18th, 1891.
Hon. Hugh R. Robertson,
Crookston, Minn.
Dear Sir:

I was pleased to receive a copy of the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL with a call for a county convention to elect an "executive committee man for the League; I think that is the right way of doing business. It is essential to our success that the people should feel that there is no bossism in our League, nor any attempt to manipulate it in the interest of any clique or coterie. The Republican party in Minnesota, being the intelligent party of the state, is capable of controlling its own actions; and suspicion that and movement is run in the interest of any man or set of men will be fatal to that movement.

I enclose you a copy of the platform adopted at our state League Convention. Please notice particularly paragraphs 4, 5 and 6 I think they contain the essentials of Republicanism. We believe in protection; we believe in such amount of protection as shall insure that the wages of our laboring men will not be reduced to the pauper standard of the wages in the old countries. We believe also, in such an amount of protection as will build up the industries necessary to develop our own natural resources. We do not believe in such a protective schedule as will encourage and make possible monopolies and trusts. We also believe, as a corollary to this doctrine of protection, in the scheme of reciprocity developed by Mr. Blaine; which allows free trade (or an advantageous tariff) with such countries as do not compete with our manufactures or farms, and where the markets for both our manufactures and farm products will be enlarged. We do not believe in reciprocity with any country whose natural resources are similar to our own, and whose manufactures will compete with ours. We believe in honest money. We believe in a dollar good for its face value in any part of the world. We also believe in the use as far as possible of both of the money metals, gold and silver. We believe in an abundant currency for our needs, provided only that such currency shall be of a perfectly safe and stable character. We believe in the right of every man to vote freely, and that his vote shall be counted. We believe that Congress should pass such legislation that it will hereafter never be possible for 2860 votes in the sixth district of Georgia to elect a Congressman having equal weight in the councils of the nation with the Congressman representing 69 316 votes in the fourth district of Minnesota. It is an outrage that 22,682 votes in five districts of Georgia, Louisiana and Mississippi shall elect five Congressmen while 285, 635 votes in Minnesota only elect the same number. A persistent and unvarying denial of the right of suffrage in any state should result in the cutting down of its congressional representation. If this is not done then we are not all equal at the polls.

These three are the essential doctrines of Republicanism. We may differ in regard to the tariff schedules we may differ as to the details of financial legislation; we may differ as to the advisability of passing the Lodge election bill; but we Republicans all believe in protection, in honest money, in equal suffrage. And we feel certain that our party on these principles of progress and protection to the laboring class will and must be successful at the next general state election. I wish you every success in the organization of the League Clubs of Polk County. I believe that through the League and the close relation into which it will bring Republicans from all over the state, that the evils weighing upon every part of the state will be remedied. We need only to know one another, our needs and our necessities, in order that the true remedies for them may be found.

Yours very truly,
JOHN GOODNOW.

Education in Politics.

New York Press.

The future of the Republican party depends upon the education of the voters. This is more especially the case wherever, as in this State of New England, great numbers of foreigners have been attracted by the rewards of American industry to assume American citizenship. The ignorance foreigner gravitates by some law of instinct toward the Democratic party. Educate him, and the Democracy peels of with the dirt and the ignorant. In Massachusetts, in Connecticut, in Rhode Island, as in one or two of the Western States, the accession of Democratic strength within the past ten years is traceable almost wholly to an accession of a mass of voters in whom are indurated alien prejudice and alien inability to comprehend American Principles. The half a dozen native Democrats and Mugwumps may sit in their Brussels carpeted clubs, distribute the offices and listen to homilies on free trade and a world's market, but they and their moonshine theories would amount to no more than the smoke that curls from their Havana cigars but for the mass of alien superstition and prejudice that cares nothing for their theories, but supports their party.

This has been notably illustrated in Wisconsin, where a great Democratic victory was won on the platform of antagonism to the English, or what might more properly be call the American language. The language of Winthrop and Williams, the language of Washington and of Jefferson, the language of the Declartion of Independence, was not good enough for the foreign voters of Wisconsin, and the Democratic party had the baseness to mount to power on this un-American prejudice, and proclaim its victory throughout the land!

It is the same in New England. Most of the men who voted for Russel in Massachuetts cared nothing for him or his tariff talk. Probably they had never read, and would not care to listen to a line of his tariff reform theories. They simply know, and it was enough for them to know, that he was against the large majority of his fellow Americans, and was willing to pander, in appearnce, if not in heart, to the inclinations of an element not yet in sympathy with American ideas and traditions. In New York we find that Democracy has its stronghold wherever the body politic is gorged with the impurities of the most undesirable class of immigration. And wherever education is able to hold its own, and to keep the public sentiment healthy and intelligent, there the Republican party remains in the ascendency.

It is, therefore, the duty of the Republicans everywhere to support and promote every proper means of popular education—the school, the press, the library, the lecture, and, we should add, the church of any and every denomination whose teachings and methods promote morality. We must stay the torrent or the torrent may overwhelm us. Not that the Republic is in danger. Its recuperative powers are too great for that; but great as they are, they may be subjected to a strain that would seriously impair the influence of the example we hold forth to mankind. On education depends the future, not only of the Republican party, but of the nation. Peanut politics may be successful now and then, but the victory in the long run is won on principle. It is for the Republican party to see that the principle shall prevail, and it cannot but prevail wherever, by church and free school and popular newspaper, education is brought home to the multitude.

For Sale.

A good high grade Holstein cow, two weeks in milk. Gives from 8 to to 10 quarts at a milking, without bran. Enquire of M. E. Bartlett, Fairfax or at JOURNAL office.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. **E. ERIKSON,** Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats; Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH.

CALL IN.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Spring Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs J. L. Bailey.

GRAND OPENING — GRAND OPENING

NOW That the excitement incident to the opening of the Grand Opera House is over, your attention is respectfully invited to my

Grand Opening

Of a Full and Complete Line of Choice

Fresh Family Groceries

IN THE ROOM JUST SOUTH OF WYATT'S'

ON BROADWAY.

My goods are all fresh from the wholesale house and I will not be undersold.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.

W. E. SLOCUM.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Interest on time deposits. Special attention to collections.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson. Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

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Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly extented and delivered by Ferment Coter, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 228-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1890; and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty (40), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 53]

POTATOES.

If you have a few potatoes to spare we will be glad to allow the highest market price on subscription. We can use from 25 to 50 bushels for seed.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John E. Faugstrom and Anna Fangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of March A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on pages 61-3.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1888, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1890, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1890, and $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred and thirty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($432.45) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ se¼) of Section twenty-six (26), the west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and southeast quarter of northwest quarter (se¼ nw¼) of Section thirty-five, (35) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate, and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, [2-8]. [N. G. 54]

SPRING SALE

—OF—

SPRING CLOAKS

—AND—

JACKETS,

At Fontaine & Anglim's

NEXT WEEK.

Trade at HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, MINN

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.,

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Morfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20½, single; to pole 2:17. Fashion, record 2:23½; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:30; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

FLINT BROS., Prop's.
G. P. PASEMAN, Manager.

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of outside Co's. CALL ON ELI!

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at al coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaes

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
SecondStreet. Crookston, Minn.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN COMPOUND OXYGEN NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records shower 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS,

ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r. **D. E. HATLESTAD,** District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly attended.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have our facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give prompt attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office over Merchants' Bank.

Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, April 30, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
6:30 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
[illegible]	Minneapolis	6:35 "
2:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:30 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:45 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:00 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:15 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:30 p. m. de.	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:25 a. m. de.	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m. .... Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

The Farmers Alliance.

New York Press.

It is useless to deny that the Farmer's Alliance movement is one of great importance and significance. The extravagances of some of its leaders and the foolish economic theories advanced by many of its organs cannot conceal the fact that this organized array of the bone and sinew of the West deserves respect. There has been a general disposition on the part of the Eastern newspapers to treat the movement in a spirit of good natured badinage. But under all the chaffing about overalls, cowhides and sockless statesmen there has been a current of real respect for the honesty and sincerity of purpose that unquestionably characterizes not only the rank and file, but also most of the leaders of the Alliance. Probably none of the prominent men in the new movement have been the target of so much newspaper wit as Jerry Simpson, the alleged sockless statsman of Kansas. Yet Jerry Simpson, in his recent visit to New York city, created a distinctly favorable impression upon intelligent and unprejudiced men. While strongly condemning the free trade views and certain of the theories on finance which this famous Kansas leader holds, The Press unhesitatingly avows its belief in his entire honesty of purpose, and it regards his sturdy and unflinching Americanism with the respect which is its due.

In the able article from the pen of John Russell Young which The Press printed yesterday a striking comparison is made of the Farmers' Alliance men in the West with the early Republicans. These thousands of Western farmers "embrace," says Mr. Young, "the genuine Republican spirit, the elements from which came Joshua R. Giddings, Owen Lovejoy and John Brown. I see caricatures of these revolted leaders in rude, humorous prints—odd beings with quaint garments and gaunt, hungry faces. But these caricatures have a strange resemblance to the old time portraits of Abraham Lincoln, Benjamin F. Wade, Zachariah Chandler and Henry S. Lane. If the Wades and Lincolns were the sinew of Republicanism in the days when it was a living, fighting force, why should we have to look for their counterparts in grangers' conventicles or the tiled lodge room of some secret farmers' alliance?"

The Press believes that Republicanism was never more a "living, fighting force" than it is to-day, when it stands the unswerving champion of protection and honest elections. But it admits freely the truth of Mr. Young's description of the class of men from which the ranks of the Farmers' Alliance are chiefly recruited. These men may be homely and lacking in outward polish. So were the men who wrested the independence of the thirteen colonies from Great Britain. So were the men who first rallied around the standard of Republicanism and human freedom in the ante bellum days. And in patriotism and honesty of purpose no men ever excelled these sincere and sturdy citizens. Such men deserve respect. Republican statesmen are willing to listen to them, Republican papers, in mercilessly scoring the fallacy of the fiat money and free trade doctrines held by many of their leaders, have really been performing the greatest possible service to the farmers themselves. The Press holds that the Republican party is broad enough and good enough to contain and to satisfy the elements that have temporarily gone away from it in the West. It feels sure that they will refuse to lend themselves to Democratic schemes. It believes that in the development of American industries through the McKinley tariff and in the enlargement of markets for agricultural products and manufactured goods through reciprocity with Latin America the sure remedy will be found for the economic conditions of which the Alliance complains.

KOCH'S LYMPH.

Dr Tufte Says it Kills Rather Than Cures.

Duluth Tribune.

Dr. J. M. Tufte returned to Duluth yesterday noon, after a three month's visit in Berlin. Shortly after the discovery of the Koch lymph for the treatment of tuberculosis, Dr. Tufte decided to go to Germany and investigate the matter for himself. The greater part of his time has been devoted to that end and he is here in position to talk on that subject. "I had a most enjoyable trip," he said last night to a Tribune reporter, "but I was disappointed in my main object. As you know, I went over there to investigate the Koch lymph. When the discovery was first announced, lectures were delivered on the new treatment, and the method of using it, but when I arrived, these had been discontinued. I went to Dr. Lieberis, the chief assistant of the discoverer, and was told by him the only way to study the subject was to watch the treatment, as it was being used in the hospital. I spent considerable time in so doing, principally at the charity hospital. I found that the idea was not a new one. It was merely a new application of an old one. The theory is the same as worked out in vacination for smallpox and Pasteur's treatment for hydrophobia. The method of preparing the lymph is familiar, so I need not go into it. It is in this preparation of the lymph that the new treatment is weak. No matter how carefully the lymph is prepared it may contain the bacilli of the tuberculosis. If such is the case and it is injected into a patient, the result is to kill rather than cure.

Even when such is not the case, and the lymph is injected into a patient who is suffering from local tuberculosis of the lungs, the effect is often the cause of a spreading of the disease, with the result of running it into quick consumption which is rapidly fatal.

As an aid in diagnosing, the lymph is valuable. A physician who has a case over which he is in doubt can, by injecting lymph, decide in a very short time whether or not the patient is suffering from tuberculosis, but at the same time he must take the chance of aggravating the trouble.

Before I left Germany the treatment had been practically abandoned. It has cured a few, but it has killed more. The discovery was announced before it had been fully tested. Later experiments have shown that it is a very dangerous thing to use. It is most valuable not for what can be done just at present, but for the wide field of investigation which it has opened. I have no doubt, that by following this same line of work, that cures will be found for many chronic diseases, and possibly preventatives for scarlet fever, diptheria of that class. I do not regard it, as a discovery, equal to the discovery of Pasteur or of the method of vacination, for later experiments showed that they could do all that was promised for them. If after either of those methods had been used, the disease for which they were preventives occurred, it was in a mild form. On the other hand, Koch's lymph frequently makes the trouble worse instead of helping it. It is rich in promise, poor in results.

"No, I did not bring any lymph back with me, "Dr. Tufte continued, in answer to the reporter's question. "As I have already said, the method is practically abandoned and in any case, I regard it as too dangerous to be used in private practice. It could only be used in any case in hospitals, where every care could be given the patient, but even there I regard it as most dangerous."

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Horses bought and sold on commission,
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Bisson, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 86 of mortgages on pages 196-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1888, $8.75 that became due June 2d, 1889, $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1889, $8.75 that became due June 2d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and four dollars and fifty-seven cents. ($304.57.)

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ nw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of Range forty-two (42), containing 120 acres, more or less according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee
S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N G. 52] [1-7]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Delor Toupin, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of Mortgages, on pages 574-6.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety two dollars and fifty cents ($592.50), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[1-7] (N. G. 51)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 17th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Cromb, administrator, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come to his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of the real estate mentioned in the said petition. And it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court, on Monday, the 11th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Polk County Journal, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1891.

By the Court. C. M. BENSON,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Frank Johnson and Anna Johnson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong, of the County of Broome, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, at 6 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 102; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars, due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Hannah Amelia Armstrong has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred forty-two and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLES TOUGAS AND CElan'ee Tougas, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of June 28th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: West half northwest quarter and west half southwest quarter Section 26, Township 151, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:00 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book No. 27 of mortgages, on page 189; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-eight and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARguerite Piette, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-nine and 41-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $22.03 due November 1, 1889, $26.25 due May 1, 1890, $26.25 due Nov. 1, 1890 which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Knud K. Volden and Mary his wife Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee, bearing date the first day of May 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages on page 276.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and forty eight and 93-100 dollars with interest on $821.52 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part therof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section eleven (11) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court house, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty eight and 93-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Loan Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $20.55 due November 1, 1889, $24-50 due May 1, 1890, $24 50 due November 1, 1890, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin G. Olson and Mary Olson his wife, Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of May 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages, on page 279.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars with interest on $769.55 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w ¼) of section Four (4) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of seven hundred and and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars. Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee.
[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

First publication March 26, 1891.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—SS. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb as administrator of the estate of Arthur Yvernault deceased Plaintiff, vs. Addule Bray and Damase Bray Defendants.

Notice of Sale Under Decree. Foreclosure by Action.

In pursuance of a judgment and decree of the Court in this action, dated March 17th 1891, I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in the county of Polk Minnesota, on the 9th day of May 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. the following described real property situated in the County of Polk and state of Minnesota to-wit:

The Northwest quarter of section six [6] Township one hundred an fifty [150] Range forty four [44] or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and costs, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crokston Minn, March 20, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.
[49-3] JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Plaintiff.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.	NEW TOWNS
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
In the Northwest. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.	Health, Wealth.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.	Herds, Mines.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	Hunting Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $22.86, due September 1st, 1889, $28.00 due March 1st, 1890, $28.00 due September 1st, 1890, and $28.00 due March 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josiah A. Mead and Sadie Mead, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of March, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of April, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 130.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, with interest on $906.88 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty-two (22), Town one hundred and fifty-four (154) of Range forty-five (45), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $18 20, due February 1st, 1889, $28.00, due August 1st, 1889, $28.00, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James Kelly and Anna Kelly, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock and ten minutes a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 481.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars, with interest on $930.20 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty (20), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars ($950.59) and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $19.75, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, and $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Moore and Martha Moore, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23d day of September, 1889, at 10.30 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 113.

And whereas, the said, The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, with interest on $875.75 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), Town one hundred and forty nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

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CROOKSTON, MINN

SHERIFF'S SALE.

[First publication April 9th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. District Court.

A. A. Just vs Louis Harmon.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th judicial district, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in Justice Court in favor of A. A. Just and against Louis Harmon, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendant, to-wit: Lot 4, block 3, Hurlbut's addition to the city of Crookston, Polk County, State of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and that I shall on Monday, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Louis Harmon in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to twenty-three dollars and 25 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 31st day of July, 1889, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., April 7th 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.
GEO. H. PALMER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [51-3]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 15th, 1891, viz: EMIL FONTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 31, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Minn., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, Eustach Blanchard, of Kertsonville, Minn.

[51-1] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 11th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 25th, 1891, viz: CHARLES ST. ANTOINE, Hd. No. 10,911, for the se¼, Sec. 20, Tp. 151, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Huot, Joseph Provost, Octave Lacousire, Joseph Pepin, all of Huot P. O., Minn.

[52-5] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

Frist publication March 19th, 1891.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peter Nord and Kristine Nord his wife to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company bearing date the 7th day of December A. D. 1888 and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th, day of December A. D. 1888, at 5:50 o'clock p. m. in book 33 of Mortgages, on pages 398-401 and whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1889, $17.50 that became due December 7th 1889, $17.50 that became due June 7th, 1890 and $17.50 that became due December 7th, 1890 and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and eighty six and 60-100 Dollars ($586.60 and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given; that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said Mortgage, viz: The south east quarter (S. E. ¼) of Section ten (10) in Township one hundred and fifty three (153) of Range forty four (44) containing 160 acres more or less according to United States government survey threof Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and Twenty Five Dollars attorneys fee, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursments allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 4th day of May A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
[48-2] [N. G. 49.] H. D. DICKINSON Attorney.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter Section 19, Township 149, Range 41 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 359; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 33-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seventy-five and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

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CROOKSTON, MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MAY 7, 1891. NO. 3.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	8 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	5 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

SUGAR FOR THE PEOPLE.

Twenty-five Pounds For a Doller Will Soon be the Uniform Price.

The Solicitor of the Treasury Imparts Interesting Information on the Subject.

St. Paul Weekly Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—Hon. W. P. Hepburn, of Iowa, solicitor of the treasury, who has been especially charged with an investigation of the customs business of the republic for the past six months, in conversation today said: "I am impressed with the belief that the Dutch standard No. 16 will be the sugar of the people in the very near future. It is a great deal better sugar than I ever saw on the tables of the common people before the war. It is better for everyday use than refined sugar. It is perfect crystal, absolutely pure sugar, and incomparable for all purposes of home consumption. Moreover, mark you, it will be sold throughout this country at the rate of twenty-five pounds for the dollar."

"Why wasn't this known to the voters of the country before the last election?"

"Simply because our republican leaders were not posted, or were unable to counteract the avalanche, of democratic fabrications which deluged the country and swept all sense and reason from the people. The McKinley bill took effect just before the election and was not understood. It was misrepresented in a systematic manner, and most persistently, and therefore the people were misled. The sugar schedule is now in effect, and the people are coming rapidly to understand it. Sugar of the finest grade at twenty-five pounds for the dollar is an object lesson which no amount of partisan misrepresentation, commonly called lying, can obviate."

"What is the present condition of the customs service in the New York custom house?"

"That will be exhibited in the report which I shall submit in about two months. I cannot talk on that subject at present. My investigations are made for the information of the department, and it would not do for me to give any opinion nor state any facts until the report is laid before the secretary of the treasury. I can say, however, that I have learned some things which were surprising to myself, and which will probably prove of interest to the country. But my work cannot be foreshadowed nor even hinted at just now, save in a general way. I have been very busy for some months past, and am not idle now, either."

"How much time are you giving to this work?"

"I usually leave here either on Monday morning or after midnight on Sunday. It is my aim to return to my office on Saturday to look after the routine business of my office, and see that things are going along all right during my enforced absences."

Solicitor Hepburn has undoubtedly discovered abuses in the customs service in the great port of New York, but it would be manifestly improper to have them divulged at present and therefore we must await his report. Your correspondent is personally aware of the fact that this government is losing more than $1,000,000 annually by the present system, and alleged precedents prevailing in the New York custom house, by the laxity of discipline, and the carelessness exhibited in examining persons and baggage coming into New York on foreign vessels.

"We lose annually more than this government collected any year during its first twenty-five years of existence," said an old employe of the treasury department in my office tonight. "We lose that much every year at the port of New York alone," he added, and specifically called my attention to the fact that a certain jeweler in this city was recently discovered in smuggling $1,100 worth of diamonds.

Col. Hepburn would not say anything definite concerning his investigations of the customs business, but emphasized his views on Dutch standard sugar, saying: "Gov. Boies either don't know what he has been saying about sugar, or else he has been willfully deceiving the people of Iowa and others who have read his remarks."

A Great Offer.

That five-dollar map offered to new and old subscribers by the St. Paul Globe Publishing Co., is one of the most valuable and expensive premiums ever used by newspaper publishers. And, by the way, the Globe is one of the greatest, brightest and best papers in the country, too—the leading paper of the Northwest. Read the Globe's announcement. It will tell you all about the map.

The Alliance Delusion.

Western Rural.

One of our political papers now calls it the Alliance delusion. There is no delusion about the Alliance. Its principles are all right and the necessity for organization among farmers has always been as plain as the nose on a man's face. Of course the paper referred to has been stirred up by the political movements of the farmers, to which it applies the name of Alliance. There is a throughly reckless manner of styling every political action of farmers an Alliance movement. The Alliance is not a political party, and in the very nature of things it never can be. A political party may call itself the Alliance party, and there is no law to prevent it. But the Farmers' Alliance is composed of members of all parties. It would be utterly impossible to turn it bodily over to any old or new party. Of course we cannot say that there will be no effort made in the future to convert the movement into a political party. If such effort ever is made, however, the membership cannot be held together. The members of the Alliance may decide to enter upon political action outside of the Alliance organization as in some cases they have already done.

But the Farmers' Alliance is a nonpartisan organization. It is a society to which farmers of every political faith are united, and in which all public questions can be discussed. That is all there is to it, except that it may be used to facilitate co-operative selling and co-operative buying. It is not to be expected, however, that a hid bound partisan journal can see the truth of the matter. Farmers in the exercise of their rights as free American citizens, thwarted the plans of some of the politicians, and henceforth it must be expected that a farmers organization will affect these people something as a red rag does a bull.

If out of the independent vote, brought about as a result of organization among the farmers, there should spring up a great national movement as a new political party with high aims for the betterment of the conditions of the masses, we say let it come.

Not Found Wanting.

New York Press.

It has been interesting in the recent diplomatic crisis with Italy to note the tone of the newspapers whose chief editorial function has for years past been abuse of Mr. Blaine. Ignoring for the moment, to their credit be it said a practice which has apparently become a second nature, they permitted patriotism to dictate sentiments that every right minded person approves. This spirit, unhappily, is not universal. There are some who place party before country, and who would be willing to see the country belittled and dishonored for the sake of party. But such persons are not numerous, either South or North.

The government of the United States has proved itself strong at the right time, and without the exhibition that characterized the affair of Sackville West when dignity and decency were lost sight of in the hysterical effort to regain the voters who did not want the British Minister to tell them whom to vote for. President Harrison and Mr. Blaine are to be congratulated on their conduct in the affair with Italy, and the country is to be congratulated on the fact that, thanks to the result of 1888, the honor and safety of the republic are secure from the leading actors in the Sackville West melodrama.

The Grant Monument Begun.

New York Press.

To-day the corner stone of the long delayed Grant Monument will be placed in position at Riverside Park. New York and the nation will be glad to see this work begun at last. The delays and vexations connected with its prosecution have been so numerous that patriotic people have felt great disappointment. The Press hailed with gladness the selection of a design for the monument by the comittee last September. It hopes that the work of its completion will now be expeditiously carried out. It has been settled, definitely and forever, that the ashes of the great general and patriot are to lie here in the territory of the nation's metropolis. There could be no fitter place for them than in the beautiful park that stretches above the picturesque Hudson. Here to-day, in the presence of many eminent men in civil and military life, the ground will be formally broken and the erection of the memorial inaugurated. That the result of this tangible beginning will be apparent in the increase of the monument fund is to be hoped.

The monument should be made a national tribute to the hero who wrought faithfully and successfully to save the nation in the time of its gravest danger. This should be a marked day in New York. The Stars and Stripes should flutter everywhere in honor of the soldier of Appomattox, and in token of the city's gladness that after long waiting a memorial worth of him has been commenced.

Growing Sugar Beets.

Farm Stock and Home.

There seems to be a decided misconception regarding the sugar beet industry in the United States, and very much misleading matter is written concerning it. So far but few points have been found where all the conditions for beet growing and sugar making were favorable to success. The first work in hand is to develop more such points, and that must be accomplished by experimentation. In the nature of the case beet sugar making must be a local industry. Beets must be made up near where they are grown. Factories are extensive and expensive establishments, with facilities for making up enormous quantities of beets. To produce beets in sufficient quantity to supply such a demand the chief industry of all the farmers within profitable hauling distance of the factory must be beet growing. It is plain to be seen that not all neighborhoods can engage in the beet growing, for reasons to obvious to mention in this connection.

In the Northwest some sugar beets should be grown in the very neighborhood, with a view to developing its possibilities in that direction, and it is safe to say that those localities showing special adaptation to the industry will, within reasonable limits, attract the necessary factories. Experience has proven that the extensive factory, running the longest possible time, is the only one that can successfully meet competition, and it is folly to talk of "small factories," "making sugar at home," etc. The former will surely prove disappointing; the latter cannot be done; at all events it never has been done.

Claims that universal beet growing will be followed by universal agricultural prosperity are simply idiotic. The most positive disbelievers in the "all wheat" system of farming seem to have unbounded confidence in the "all beet" system. Making sugar to supply our own wants will be beneficial because it opens a new channel of agricultural endeavor. It will be of direct benefit to some, but of indirect benefit to others. Those farmers who can grow and market beets will grow less of other crops, and they thus contribute to the advantage of those who cannot grow and market beets. The chances are, too, that the profits of beet growing will not be substantially greater than those of others crops; the sugar makers will regulate that matter, of course.

The growing of beets for sugar will be successful in certain localities; it rests largely with farmers to now determine where such localities are to be. Plant a few sugar beets this year, they may demonstrate that your particular locality is most highly favored as a developer of sugar and yielder of roots, and that will prove a powerful influence in locating a sugar factory with you. The farmer is in duty bound to do so much, but he must not believe that growing sugar beets will produce an agricultural millenium, nor even bring universal agricultural prosperity.

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DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Ole Olson Gang Plows, F. F. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Havana Press Drills

FOR POLK COUNTY.

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

WALL PAPER.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

Crookston, April 29, '91.

I invite all parties to call and examine my full and complete stock of Dry Goods and Notions, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Crockery and Glassware. I have always conducted my business upon liberal principles, so all the goods are marked down to prices defying competition. Purchasers are respectfully requested to call early to prevent disappointment.

ANDREW STURE.

Opposite Merchants' National Bank.

KNOW YE ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS,

That the Unanimous Verdict of the intelligent reading public of the ENTIRE NORTHWEST is that the

"SAINT PAUL GLOBE"

IS THE REPRESENTATIVE NORTHWESTERN NEWSPAPER.

THE DAILY GLOBE Stands in the Front Rank of Modern Newspapers. Its News is always Fresh, Readable and Reliable. If you want a daily paper you cannot afford to be without it.

THE WEEKLY GLOBE Has every attractive feature of a First-class Weekly as well as many Original and Exclusive ones peculiar to itself. To read it is to enjoy it and endorse all claims made for it. It stands Pre-eminent among NORTHWESTERN WEEKLIES.

THE ST. PAUL GLOBE PUBLISHING COMPANY has, at a great outlay of money, purchased the right to use Houghton's New Reversible Political Map combined with Rand, McNally & Co.'s Map of the U. S. and has contracted for the printing of the enormous number of 100,000 copies, for the benefit of those who become subscribers to the GLOBE within the years 1891 and 1892. The regular price of these maps is $5.00 but we are enabled to offer it, together with the GLOBE, at the following

ASTONISHINGLY LOW TERMS.

St. Paul WEEKLY GLOBE, one year with map, $2.00; without map, $1.00.
St. Paul SUNDAY GLOBE, one year with map, $2.00; without map, $2.00.
St. Paul DAILY GLOBE, six months with map, $5.00; without map, $4.00.
St. Paul DAILY GLOBE, one year with map, $9.00; without map, $8.00.

Do you know a good thing when you see it? If so you will hasten to take advantage of this GRAND OFFER. AGENTS WANTED in every section of the country, to whom liberal terms will be offered.

Address: GLOBE PUBLISHING COMPANY, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Send for Sample Copy of the GLOBE.

CLARKSON'S OPINIONS.

An Interview on Political Affairs With the President of the Republican League.

Mr. Harrison an Able Man Intellectully, But Lacks the Necessary Personal Popularity.

Ex-President Cleveland, Mr. Clarkson Thinks, Will Be the Democratic Presidential Nominee.

Pioneer Press.

BOSTON, April 23.—The Herald this evening prints a long interview with Hon. J. S. Clarkson, president-elect of the Republican league, who is here en route to Paris to join his family. Mr. Clarkson says:

"The failure of young men to participate in politics is a weakness of the Republican party in New England. I believe the New England Democracy has outgeneralled its Republican opponents in that respect. They have as leaders the sons of the founders of Republicanism. The Republican party must utilize their young men.

The labor question will figure in the next campaign, and ought to. Wealth should be more evenly distributed. Something is ready for correction when one man can pile up his millions in a few years, while another has a hard time to make a living. The increase of wealth should be more evenly distributed."

Mr. Clarkson defined reciprocity as optional free trade, and said that the republican party favors limited reciprocity and the democratic party universal reciprocity. He thought the McKinley bill would grow in popularity when fully understood and fairly illustrated to every community.

"Do you interpret Cincinnati convention as favoring Blaine instead of Harrison?"

"I was not at the convention, so I cannot assume to judge of its sentiment," was the rejoiner.

"It is said that you are personally out for Blaine as against a renomination of President Harrison," suggested the reporter.

"I have no personal choice for president," replied Mr. Clarkson, with deliberation. Time will indicate the man. If the silver question is settled the situation will be greatly cleared. The seat of republican power, the West, will never consent to see the treasury of the country dwarfed to a gold basis. The West will not consent to any candidate or platform that will not represent silver as money by the coinage of the American product. With such a position on money and with the position for a revision of the banking laws so as to make our banking advantages as favorable to agricultural communities cites and towns, and with the purpose to provide good money and enough of it, the republican party will hold the West as solid for the party as it was in 1888, while the McKinley bill will carry with it New York and the doubtful states for the protection party.

HARRISON LACKS PERSONAL POPULARITY.

"The next republican candidate for president must be a man broad enough to cover this broad land and able to administer justice on all the differing interests with a true regard to all national interests. President Harrison has made a faithful executive in every public sense, and is lacking only in the personal popularity which gives a man the power of electricity in politics. He has demonstrated his qualities fully, and his pure intellectual ability is not second to any man living to-day, not even to his phenomenal secretary of state. Whoever is the republican candidate, he must be a man who can maintain the solidarity of the party in the great agricultural regon west of the Mississippi. The candidate must not only be near to the people, but must not be fair from the farm. All political parties will go more closely to the farms hereafter than they have in the past fifty years. The farmers are going to assert themselves in public affairs, and for the good of the race."

Mr. Clarkson said he believed that Mr Cleveland will be the next democratic candidate. If his personal views on the silver question do not quite suit the South and West, he will make them suit. He feels that the good people will trust him any way, and as the Western and Southern democracy belive in him as a man of destiny, he can successfully hypnotize on the silver question, and I belive he is doing it. Ex-President Cleveland is one of the smartest politicians that his party has ever had, and the republican party has always underestimated him in this respect.

"To win in 1892," said Mr. Clarkson, "we must bring up the republican newspaper circulation to meet that of the democratic party in its programme, to circulate tens of million of arguments directly to the houses of voters."

THE HOT SPRINGS.

The great plunge bath building on the grounds of Hotel Broadwater, at Helena, Montana, is the finest specimen of Moorish architecture in America. The bath is 300x100 feet in size, and covered with 20,000 square feet of stained glass. The water supply exceeds a million gallons a day, and possesses wonderful curative properties. The water pours over a cascade, at a temperature of 160°, but is tempered to human use. In a sun-lit valley, surrounded by the noble Rockies, it is the finest watering place and resort in the interior of the continent. Reached direct by the Great Northern Railway Line. The trip to Helena over this line will enable the health-seeker, homeseeker and tourist to see and enjoy with the greatest facility and comfort, the Park Region of Minnesota, with its thousand lakes; the illimitable grain ocean of the Red River Valley of Minnesota and North Dakota; Devils Lake, and Montana, with its cattle ranches; the great Falls of the Missouri, and the wonderful scenery of Prickly Pear canyon. Publications and information sent free by F. I. Whitney, G.P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn., or Agent Fegan Crookston.

A Double Map.

The St. Paul Globe is offering new subscribers a very valuable and expensive premium—a double map—on one side of which is Houghton's wonderful political map and on the other Rand, McNally & Co.'s grand map of the United States. It is worth five dollars. Read the Globe Co.'s announcement. We publish it in this issue.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, May 7, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 84.
1 Northern 82.
2 Northern 79.
8 Northern 74.

Senator Burkhardt is in the city this week.

Good weather for corn—to be in the granary.

John Wyatt was under the weather last week.

Wheat dropped back to 91 cents on Monday morning.

R. A. Wilkinson, of St. Paul was in the city on Monday.

Dr. Dunlop is out again after a severe attack of La Grippe.

Miss Hilda Dahl, who has been quite ill, is convalescent.

The Queen City Cornet band has ordered new uniforms.

An apprentice girl wanted at Mrs. I. U. Jennings' millinery store.

Go to the rink for a bit of healthy exercise those evenings.

The Clarions next Wednesday evening at the old opera house.

H. Steenerson, was called to Twin Valley by telegraph on Saturday evening.

Ladies, call and see those elegant millinery goods at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' store.

See Saake's new ad in this issue and go and look at the temptations he offers.

Wheat took an upward turn last week opening up on Saturday morning at 93 cents.

Look at the list of attractions booked at the old opera house for the near future.

The excavation for the cellar for Fontaine & Anglim's new building is completed.

The sale of delinquent tax property, advertised for May 4th, was postponed for one week.

Patrice LeMay was in from Lambert on Monday. Says seeding is well along out there.

Herb Mason started his soda fountain last week and such weather as we have had since—Oh, my!

Mrs. Sorley of Grand Forks was visiting in the city last week the guest of Adolph and Mrs. Rauch.

We have a few sugar beet seed for distribution. Who will take them and give them a fair trial and report the result?

Miss Adelaide Dickman left via the N. P. line on Saturday evening for a visit to her old home in Wabasha County.

Cedar shingles for sale by I. U. Jennigs. They do not warp, check or rot at the nail holes and they last a life time.

The skating rink continues to attract crowds. Everybody goes to see the fun even if they do not put on the skates.

If the ladies appreciate bargains in millinery they will do well to call and examine Mrs. E. E. Bangs' stock and get her prices.

The Republican League met on Saturday night and elected O. O. Christianson member of the League committee for Polk County.

Wheat went way off on Tuesday morning, reaching 88 cents. We heard last week that "Old Hutch" had got back to Chicago.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

The weather for the past week has been too cold for grass to do well. It is just what the wheat likes and ensures full granaries next fall.

Bro. Bydal, of the Red River Dalen, buried one of his little twins on Saturday. We extend to him our hearty sympathy in his bereavement.

John Amundson, deptuy register of deeds was handing out the cigars last week owing to the arrival of a little girl at his home on April 27th.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings and her daughter Mrs. Cora Underhill, contemplate a visit to Tacoma in July. Of course little Ned goes along as chaperone.

The Grand Forks Daily Herald has enlarged to double its former size. The Herald is deserving of a liberal patronage for its efforts in behalf of Grand Forks.

The Great Northern company is taking down several stalls at the roundhouse. Some of the boys think it possible that we may retain a flag station at least.

On Tuesday Peter Cornelius brought in five steers which he sold for $125 to a buyer for the Montana trade. They were not large animals and were not extra fat.

This issue is delayed somewhat owing to the publication of the session laws. Our force has been on the jump all the week and we have hired all the extra help at command as well.

City assessor D. Jacobus has opened an office with P. J. Russel and is getting ready for business. He will call upon you at an early day, to ascertain how much personal property you have.

Chris. Anderson says he is "bound to make or break this year." He has 800 acres already sowed to wheat and will sow 800 acres in oats and barley.

Herman Rasmussen has bought one of the syndicate buildings of W. E. Walker and will move it to a lot just north of the old Yvernault store on main street and fit it up for a hardware store.

A few first-class day boarders will find same kind of board at 3d house south of Broadway Opera House. Good rooms next door north.
[2-4] D. N. Taylor.

Erick Helgeson and wife arrived from Norway on Tuesday morning and will visit for awhile with their son, Anton Erickson, in this city and then go to Marshall County to live with a son there.

August Walters and Earnest Rolsch are talking up a trip to Germany some time during the coming summer. Both have been some time away from the ould sod and are longing for a trip over the big pond.

The attractions Mrs. E. E. Bangs offers the ladies are fashionable goods in the latest styles of the very best qualities and extremely low prices. You will do well to call and examine her goods and get prices.

Rev. Battey preached two eloquent sermons last Sabbath at the Congregational church. By the way he does that every Sunday and that church is getting to be a popular place to go on Sundays. Everybody cordially invited.

A musical and dramatic entertainment will be given at the Grand Opera house at some date in the near future the object for which is to pay for the uniforms for the band. We bespeak a liberal patronage for the worthy object.

Mark Rauenbuehler's new building reached its destination on Saturday and Tom Harris at once tackled the old John N. Ives office across the way, and on Monday it started for its new location. Tom has his hands full these days.

At the Congregational church the evening service will be changed to 8. o'clock next Sunday May. 10. Subjects of sermons: 11, A. M. "Duty Dividing Her Spoils" 8. P. M. "Plowman and Reaper," A kind invitation to every body.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. Morrisey.

W. O. Wilson, of Wilson & Thompson thought he would be smart last Saturday so he took an axe and worked all day clearing a lot of brush off his lot on Sompson's condition. He has not worked any since—the doctor called it pneumonia.

The Palace Roller Rink opened up in great shape last Friday evening, upon which occasion the Queen City Cornet Band made its maiden speech (as it were.) On Saturday afternoon the kids had the exclusive right and held high carnival. The Palmers seem to have struck a bonanza.

Agent Fegan thought he would experiment with sugar beet raising and sent to the experiment station for some seed, expecting to get an ounce or so. On Wednesday morning he received a package bigger'n a bushel basket—enough to plant a farm and now he is looking for a section to rent.

A. L. Lindsley, a former Crookstonite, was in the city last week selling cedar shingles and lumber from Tacoma mills and called on Alderman I. U. Jennings. We notice that Al., like everybody else who goes to Tacoma is glad Ta-com-a-way back to the Valley as often as possible owing, (doubtless,) to the "dryness of the atmusphere" here.

Col. Cobham Post No. 90 met on Friday to complete arrangments for Memorial Day. A letter from Rev. F. C. Sharpe, inviting the Post to attend services at the M. E. Church on the Sabbath preceding Memorial Day was read and on motion it was decided to accept the invitation for the evening of that day. The decoration services are to be held in the old opera house.

Comrade Bratton, an old soldier from Devels Lake has rented the pop corn store of J. L. Bailey and will supply fresh popped for our citizens in the future providing he can find sufficient encouragment, Every good patriotic citizen should eat much pop corn and thus give a deserving comrade a lift. Comrade Bratton lost his home trying to raise wheat in Dakota and has come over here with the hope of making a home in our city.

A union meeting will be held in the old opera house next Sabbath evening, May, 10th, at 8 o,clock, in behalf of the American Sunday School Union. Addresses will be delivered by the city pastors and by the missionary of the society in northwestern Minnesota, S. N. Millard of Glyndon. The music will be under the direction of Prof. C. J. Chamberlain and Mr. J. W. Wheeler. Everybody invited and everybody bring Gospel Hymns.

Uncle Frank Robar tells The Journal that he has purchased a handsome quarter adjoining Frank Bivins' farm which makes him 480 acres in all. He says he has 125 acres already sowed to wheat and he has a piece of oats up in good shape—that is he, is not exactly satisfied that it is in good shape after the experience of the May weather so far; but he lives in hope that it is all right any how. We hear of others who have oats up also.

They say that the Grand Forks horse, Counselor, is matched against P. J. LaChapelle's horse for a $200, race. Counselor is to distance P. J's. horse in a half mile race. As is usual among newspapermen we havent got many millions to bet but if we were going to bet we would risk our pile on the idea that Counselor "cawn't do it you know."

Bro. Stevens, of the Warren Register, did not forget to look up The Journal man while in the city last week. Bro. S. is the fortunate owner of two newspapers, and he says the Register is making the most money of the two, because it is located is a more prosperous community than his Illinois paper. He takes a very hopeful view of the prospects of the country and says he never saw the conditions more favorable than this spring. With favorable weather, good crops are assured and prices will be good.

Our reporter dropped into the Palace Rink on Monday evening to see the two newspaper men, Palmer & Palmer, engaged in a business that required spot cash. Harry was at the window raking in the shekels with a grin on him that made his naturally classic countenance look handsome, while W. L. was engaged in raking in the paste boards at the door and remarking as he raked: 75 cents per square 1st insertion 'e. o. d.,' and 'e. o. w.' 's. w.' t. f' every communication must be accompanied by the name of the writer, not necessarily for publication but as an evidence of good faith, &c." As we stood lost in wonder to see so much money in the hands of newspaper men, a customer approached Harry, remarking: "How much?" "With a far away look in his deep blue eye Harry remarked: "One dollar-r-n-alf strictly in advance or $2—at the end of the year," and seemed surprised to see the chap lay down his quarter, grab a ticket and start for the door. It seems odd to see newspaper men conducting a business that requires all cash "allee same melican man," but the boys are catching on in good shape and deserve all the smiles dame fortune has in store for them.

Grand Forks is pluming herself that she will have that college after all because, the papers say: "Grand Forks has raised $18,000 and offers an ample site." Well how is that anyhow? The committee having that natter in hand passed a resolution locating the college at Crookston, providing we would raise a cash bonus of $15,000 and a certain amount of land for a site. This we are told has been done and it looks to us like boy play if the committee now goes back on its plighted word and gives the institution to Grand Forks for a few dollars more. They cannot in honor do that thing. Crookston's offer of $15,000 and the site she gives is worth more than that of Grand Forks for here we have artesian water—the healthiest in the Valley, and the site, being high and dry is far more healthy. From a sanitary point alone if for no other reason the committee cannot afford to locate that college elsewhere. Their word of honor is also pledged and cannot be broken if they are honorable men as we think they are. We do not believe they will go back on their pledged word.

For Sale Cheap.

One first class engine and Quaker brick press. Inquire of Martin Swanson, Crookston, Minn. [1-4]

CROOKSTON OPERA HOUSE

W. L. PALMER, Manager.

Tuesday Eve., May 12th,

A Grand Concert will be given by

Prof. Haldor Hanson

The Celebrated Norwegian Violinist, assisted by
MISS HERIETTA WILSON,
MISS CLARA AAKER,
MR. RUDOLPH KNUDSON,
MR. J. SCHEFSTAD,
AND A MALE QUARTETTE.

Prof. Hanson is one of the most celebrated musicians of the day, and has been enthusiastically received in all the largest cities of Europe and America.

Admission 25c and 35c.

Tickets on sale at Morris' jewelry store.

WEDNESDAY EVENING,
May 13th, 1891.

THE CLARIONS

Will again be with our people and give another of their popular temperance concerts. They are working under the auspices of the Loyal Temperanc Legion and give a fine entertainment upon every occasion.

Admission 10c. Children 5c.

Tickets for sale at Morris' jewelry store.

Friday Evening, MAY 15th, 1891.

A GRAND

Scandia-Ameriuan Ball

In commemoration of the Indpendence of Norway, will be given at the above house.

MUSIC BY PROF. CASAD'S ORCHESTRA, and the QUEEN CITY CORNET BAND.

The Opera House will accommodate 28 sets on the floor at one time, will be gorgeously decorated with American, Scandinavian and French flags, will be lighted on this occasion by three two thousand candle-power electric arc lights, and the management will spare no pains or expense in making it the most notable ball ever held in the northern part of the state. Tickets $1.

Special Sale this Week.

—OF—

HOSIERY.

Hosiery AND Underwear

—AT THE—

BIG MAMMOTH STORE.

Hosiery and Underwear Department is Immense.

25c The Best Hose in the City Warranted Fast Black. 25c

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vest, 8c to $1.50.

10c A GOOD RIBBED VEST FOR 10c

CARPETS.

The greatest display of carpets in the west in the best grades and newest patterns.

JACKETS, CAPES AND VESTS,

In the most modern cuts and styles.

—Wholesale samples of Parasols very cheap.—

MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH CARE.

I. O. O. F. BLOCK,
Crookston, Minn.

Gervais, the Hustler.

UNDERWEAR

Grand and Petit Jurors.

The following is the list of Grand and Petit Jurys drawn to secure at the next term of district court commencing on May 25th, 1891.

GRAND JURORS.

Miachael Biever, Euclid.
John Holton, Fertile.
August Nelson, Sullivan.
Francois Lambert, Lambert,
Frank Ensign, Crookston.
J. R. McKinnon, Crookston.
Peter A. Anderson, Roome,
Jas. T. Sullivan, Sullivan.
Alvin Brainard, Fisher.
Pat Filben, Parnell,
John Vig, King.
W. D. Kelly, East Grand Forks.
Robert Kern, East Grand Forks.
P. O. Estenson, Vineland.
Lars Gulseth, Tynseth.

PETIT JURORS.

Henry Simmon, Hubbard.
John H. Dalen, Higdem.
Thomas Belaire, Red Lake Falls.
Anthen Lindom, Bygland.
Thomas Lawrence, Kunte.
Thomas Casey, Crookston.
Helge H. Thorsen, Neby.
Henry Nelson, Crookston.
Emil Himmelsbach, Fairfax.
Emond Emond, Carman.
Ole H. Mortenson. Vineland.
R. Markuson, Woodside.
W. L, Davis, Angus.
J. B. Demarais, Terrebonne,
Ole F. Bruner, Vineland.
Martin Sands, Sunders.
Paul Sorenson, Bygland.
Thomas Powers, East Grand Forks.
Robert Walker. Fanny.
Chas. Brown, East Grand Forks.
Luis Perreau, Gervais.
John Quesnel, Grove Park.
S. P. Elseth, Neby.
Peter Swanson, Black River.

The Todd Argus:—The Polk County Journal, published at Crookston, Minn., by H. E. Cooke, has entered upon its fifteenth year. When The Argus was a youngster we can remember when the Journal was printed at Audubon and sent up to Crookston for distribution. About all of Crookston that then existed was the name. Things have changed since then.

Northfield News:—The Polk County Journal, last week entered upon the fifteenth year of its existence under the management of H. E. Cooke. The Journal has been quite a successful paper, and wields a great deal of influence in the Red River Valley. We congratulate Brother Cooke upon so many evidences of prosperity, and hope that his paper may continue to grow.

To Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter, any person or persons who drive or ride across the south half of Section 30, town of Gentilly will be prosceuted according to law.

[1-3] E. D, Lancrot, Jr.

TAKEN UP.

One bay mare about two years old, white face. Owner can recover by proving property and paying expenses.

John Scheffer,
[2-4] Crookston, Minn.

WANTED.

Reliable young man to manage branch office at Crookston; must furnish good references and $500,00 cash capital; salary $1000,00 per year. Address Manager, No. 403 Bee Building, Omaha, Neb.

COME! COME!

TO C. H. SAAKE'

For Bargains IN JEWELRY, CLOCKS, AND SILVERWARE.

Come and look for yourself and be convinced that I have the Grandest, Largest and Choicest Stock and LOWEST PRICES in the Great Northwest. I make a specialty of

REPAIRING

Fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and if you want a job of any kind done in this line, COME TO ME.

IF YOU WANT SPECTACLES

Of any kind or style, large or small, come to me. In fact for anything in the Jewelry line I am ready to give you the best service and use you so you will be pleased to come again.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats,
Fine Crush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Spring Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashi e

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop. A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.
Office in McKinnon Block.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of same Co's. CALL ON ELI.

Articles of Incorporation
OF THE
Red River Valley Loan and Investment Company.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be the Red River Valley Loan and Investment Company.

ARTICLE II.

The general nature of the business and the purpose of this corporation shall be the loaning of money for itself and as agent for others upon bonds, promissory notes or other obligations, which are secured by mortgage upon real estate situated within this State or elsewhere, and in the negotiation of such loans for itself or for other persons or corporations, and in connection with such loans for itself or for others, this association shall have the power to purchase, acquire, hold, sell, hypothecate, assign, transfer and convey any obligation of this corporation, which is secured by mortgage or other real estate security; and shall have the power to collect, foreclose, compound, compromise, release, satisfy and discharge the same of record. To the ends in this article set forth, this corporation may sell its credits by guarantying the payment or collection of such notes and other obligations payable to itself or others, as it may so choose to guarantee; may renew in its own name such securities and obligations as may become its own by operation of such guarantees, taking in such case, at its option, security like unto, or different from, that which originally secured such guaranteed obligations; and may enforce, collect, renew, sell or otherwise dispose of such securities and obligations as may become its own by operation of such guarantees or by original investment of any portion of its capital.

This corporation shall have the further power and authority of an association for buying, owning, improving, selling and dealing in lands, tenaments and hereditaments under title two, chapter thirty-four, of the "General Statutes 1878" and of the amendments thereto, and exercise and enjoy all the powers, rights and franchises contemplated or mentioned in an act of the legislature of the State of Minnesota, entitled: "An act to provide for the organization of corporations empowered to loan money on real estate securities for themselves and others," approved March 3d, 1885.

ARTICLE III.

The principal office or place of transacting the business of said corporation shall be at the city of Crookston in the State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE IV.

The time of the commencement of said corporation shall be May 5th, 1891. and the period for which said corporation shall continue, shall be thirty years from said date.

ARTICLE V.

The amount of capital stock of said corporation shall be one hundred thousand dollars, divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each, one-half of which stock shall be subscribed for before this corporation commences business, and the other half of said stock is not to be subscribed for or issued until authorized by two-thirds of the board of directors, and all stock shall, when subscribed for, be paid in as called for by the board of directors.

ARTICLE VI.

The highest amount of indebtedness of this incorporation shall not exceed ten times the amount of its capital stock.

ARTICLE VII.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows:

Halvor Steenerson, Crookston, Minn.
H. L. Melgaard, Argyle, Minn.
Andrew Eiken, Crookston, Minn.
Andrew Grindeland, Warren, Minn.
John E. Ostrom, Warren, Minn.
C. O. Christianson, Crookston, Minn.
Lewis Ellington, " "
Thomas H. Bjoin, " "
E. P. Pierce, " "
O. H. Lucken, " "
M. Ericsson, " "
L. D. Marshall, " "
Peter I. Holen, Argyle, Minn.
Andrew Olson, " "
K. J. Taralseth, Warren, Minn.

all of whom are citizens of the United States and the State of Minnesota.

ARTICLE VIII.

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of eleven directors and in a president, two vice presidents, a secretary and treasurer, all of whom are to be elected from among the members of the board of directors, at their first meeting and annually at their annual meetings thereafter, and such other officers and agents as may be provided for by the board of directors.

The names and places of residence of the first board of directors are as follows:

Halvor Steenerson, Crookston, Minn.
H. L. Melgaard, Argyle, Minn
Andrew Grindeland, Warren, Minn.
John E. Ostrom, " "
E. P. Pierce, Crookston, "
Lewis Ellington, " "
Andrew Eiken, " "
Thomas H Bjoin, " "
C, O. Christianson, " "
O. H. Lucken, " "
L. D. Marshall, " "

In witness whereof the said parties have hereunto set their names and seals this fifth day of February, A. D. 1891.

Signed and sealed in presence of

H. E. Marshall,
A. P. Hanson.

M. Ericsson, (Seal.)
O. H. Lucken, (Seal.)
Lewis Ellington, (Seal.)
E. P. Pierce, (Seal.)
Thomas H. Bjoin, (Seal.)
C. O. Christianson, (Seal.)
Halvor Steenerson, (Seal.)
L. D. Marshall, (Seal.)
Andrew Eiken, (Seal.)
H. L. Melgaard, (Seal.)

I. N. Lodoen,
John M. Halvorson

John E. Ostrom, (Seal.)
Andrew Grindeland (Seal.)
K. J. Taralseth, (Seal.)

Tho. Morck.
O. L. Melgaard.

Peter I. Holen, (Seal.)
Andrew Olson, (Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } SS.

On this third day of February, A. D. 1891. before me, a notary public in and for said county and state, personally appeared M. Ericsson, O. H. Lucken, Lewis Ellington, E. P. Pierce, Thomas H. Bjoin, C. O. Christianson, Halvor Steenerson, L. D. Marshall and Andrew Eiken, signers of the foregoing instrument, and each well known to be the person mentioned therein and each of them acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and voluntarily for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Andrew P. Hanson, Notary Public,
(Notary Seal.) Polk County, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Marshall, } SS.

On this fifth day of February, A. D. 1891, before me, a notary public in and for said county and State, personally appeared H. L. Melgaard, John E. Ostrom, Andrew Grindeland, K. J. Taralseth, Peter I. Holen and Andrew Olson; signers of the foregoing instrument, and each well known to be the person mentioned therein and each of them acknowledged to me that he executed the same freely and voluntarily for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

John H. Johnson, Notary Public of
(Notary Seal.) Marshall County, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 23d day of April, A. D. 1891. at 9:30 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book B 2 of incorporations, on page 214 etc.

F. P. Brown,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS,
County of Polk, Minnesota.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1891, at 8:50 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book "D" of miscellaneous records, on pages 560-563.

John Locken,
(Seal.) Register of Deeds.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 3 Fournet Block, CROOKSTON, MINN.

Why Are the Farmers Not More Prosperous?

There are several reasons, and in the following will be found only one among the many. But if we are to follow the undoubtedly well meant advice of Mr. Whitney and keep our brains and body so everlastingly busy, tending the incubator, weeding the onions, scutching flax, caring for the horses, the cattle, the sheep, the pigs, the poultry, the vegetables, the money in bank, and the other greater or lesser details, the physical and mental strain upon the overworked farmer will either send him to the insane asylum or prevent his watching and trying to thwart the inhuman jackalls who are preying upon the farmer; perhaps the latter was intended. But I wish to ask why the farmers do not organize milling associations? They could save enough in one, or at the most, two years, to pay for building a mill, besides the expenses of running, and have the satisfaction of knowing that they had cut one arm off from the devil fish. If they could get their wheat milled at, or near, what is intended and allowed by law, there would not be any call to build mills. But it is in milling wheat the same as with nearly every other business that the farmer has dealings with, the lion's share, to the extent of thirty per cent per bushel or more. For instance, the miller buys the farmer's wheat, his best this past season, at the average price of about 75 cents per bushel, and a fifty barrel per day capacity mill will grind in one year about 70,000 bushels of wheat, costing $52,500 making about 15,555 barrels of flour, worth not less than $70,000, and about 360 tons of bran and shorts, worth $7,560. We claim that the bran and shorts will pay all of the expenses of the mill, and the miller makes a net profit of over $17,500 for you.

And again, when the farmer takes his wheat to the mills and gets it exchanged for flour, bran and shorts, it costs him very near, or quite one-third. The miller docks the wheat from 1 to 4 pounds for dirt, gives about an average of thirty pounds of straight or second grade flour, and twelve pounds of bran and shorts per bushel, and never says anything about the eight or ten pounds of patent or first grade flour made from each bushel of wheat, and it looks something like this: The farmer takes 13½ bushels of wheat to the mills, which will make three barrels of flour and 243 pounds of bran and shorts. The flour is worth $4 50 per barrel or $13.50, the bran and shorts are worth three-fourth cents per pound, or $1.80, making $15.30; one-third of that is $5.10, besides the one-quarter cent per pound difference on the 135 pounds of patent flour that the mills would not exchange, and the miller has taken $5.43—the miller takes one barrel of flour and the farmer gets two. But it has cost the farmer $2.71½ cents per barrel for milling and if he manufactures 15,555 barrels per year, it amounts to $28,154 per year. A 50 barrel per day mill can be built and equipped for a sum not to exceed $10,000. There are smaller capacity mills, and a 30 barrel per day mill can be built for about $6.000. So it costs the farmer $28,154 every year to keep one 50 barrel mill in operation. We will say that the capacity of the flour mills in Polk County will average about twelve 50 barrel mills. We have figured one mill as making $17,500 net profit; so the mills in Polk County are making $210,000 out of the farmers yearly. Keep right on tending incubators, weeding onions, &c. For that sum of money you can build 21 mills costing $10,000 each, every year, besides getting your own wheat ground.

Now, as I have told you, it costs $2.71½ cents per barrel to get your flour milled. I have been informed that the law allows one-eighth bushel for milling wheat, and a 50 barrel per day mill will grind 15,555 barrels of flour per year and 630 tons of bran and shorts. One-eighth of the flour is 1,943 barrels at $4.50 per barrel is worth $8,743, and one-eighth of the bran and shorts is 78¾ tons, at $12 per ton is $945, or a total of $9,688 the mill will make by taking every eighth bushel for toll, and the expense of milling will not exceed fifty cents per barrel, or $7,777 per year. Then again, instead of selling to the elevators for the prices generally paid, get your wheat milled into flour, and after you have paid the toll, realize one dollar for your wheat in the shape of flour at only $4.50 per barrel, besides having the bran and shorts for your own use and save buying so much of that $18 per ton mill feed. I have not figured on millionaire salaries, but sufficient to employ competent millers and all necessary assistants and officers. Now will you keep right on scutching flax, or stop and think this matter over and act upon it?

SEC. OF WOODSIDE ALLIANCE.

The Women and McKinley Prices.

New York Press.

"It was the women who did it," was one of the free explanations of last fall's elections. The storekeepers who put up their prices without cause for the sake of making a few dollars of extra profit on the cry that the McKinley bill did it," certainly created a diversion in the rear of the protection column, which was for a time a disastrous surprise. But the women have not been any longer than the men of the country in discovering the misrepresentations and downright falsehoods with which the McKinley bill was assailed. A striking instance of how a woman's eyes have been opened comes from Illinois. The New York Times recently said:

"When a woman pays fifty cents more a yard for stuff to make a dress of than she would have paid if the McKinley bill had not become a law she should keep it to herself. So doing she will confer a great favor on President Harrison, who thinks that he may get another term in the White House if people will quit making 'malevolent' remarks about the tariff."

This paragraph, copied into the Chicago Herald, has drawn out from Mrs. Elizabeth Hunt of Bloomington, Ill.—who says she "is a Democrat's wife," but is "sick of seeing such lies as this in newspapers whose editors claim not to be fools" —a sarcastic, cutting and wholly confuting reply, in which she says:

"Now, don't this fool Democrat who edits the Herald know, or can't his wife tell him, that everything a woman wears costs less than it did before the McKinley bill passed? Calico is 4½ cents per yard; a good summer silk costs from 25 to 35 cents a yard. It used to cost $1. Black silk can be bought for from 60 cents to $1 that used to cost from $2 to $3.50. Sugar costs 5 cents that used to cost 8 cents. Ribbons are are half the old price, stockings the same, and jerseys, since they are making them in this country, cost half as much as the imported. Ladies' goods are down. We ladies know that Democratic husbands can lie to each other, but they can't lie to us. We women are not fools. Let the Herald liar stick to men's things when he lies, and not try to lie about woman's things. We won't stand it. I'm a Democratic woman, but I don't want any lying to keep the party up."

It is pretty evident that there is one woman who has gotten over the scare of "McKinley prices," and who realizes that McKinley prices are reduced prices instead of increased prices.

Below Zero.

Toledo Blade, April 29.

"The people's theatre was comfortably filled last evening with an audience which laughed itself harse at the numerous funny sayings and doings of Rentfrow's Jolly Pathfinders, who opened a week's engagement in the laughable farce-comedy, Below Zero. The piece is constructed on much the same plan as all farce-comedies, but it has the beauty of having introduced into it several new features. J. N. Rentfrow, Jr. as Arnold Grub, the tramp, was original and refreshing, and was good for a laugh every time he spoke. L. J. Farrel made an excellent Irish comedian, and H. F. Adams as Henry Meek, the convivial husband was as full of humor as could well be imagined. In addition the amusement in the regular run of the play specialties were introduced which were very entertaining." At the Grand Opera house May 17 and 18th.

Fergus Falls Journal:—Otter Tail county has gone into the horse business in earnest this year, and we believe that in five years it will be one of the big horse producing counties of the Northwest. Over twenty imported draft stallions of various kinds have been brought into the county in the last year. In many instances farmers have banded together and bought the stallions. It looked for while as though the trotting horse was going to be neglected, but finally a syndicate was organized and J. O. Billings sent east to buy a trotting stallion which would be a credit to the Empire county. He went to Kentucky and then on to New York, where the great Kellogg sale was in progress. He found just what was wanted in the stallion Essex and bought him at auction for $2,000. He is 8 years old and made a record of 2:27¼ at Hartford Conn., last fall. The Horseman says he can beat his record, having been a close second in a heat in 2:24. Essex is a beautiful horse, a rich bronze chestnut, very trim and very stylish. His pedigree, however, speaks for itself. His sire was Aristos, the greatest son of that great sire Daniel Lambert. Essex, dam was Nelly, by Black Diamond. Nelly is in the list of great brood mares. She has raised six colts. Essex is the oldest. His record is 2:27¼. Warren was her second colt, his record is 2:20¼. Sprague Superb was the third; his record is 2:29¼. The other three are not yet developed, but three fast colts like these in three successive years is a splendid record. Aristos, the sire of Essex, has nine in the 2:30 list. From this it will be seen that Essex ought to become a great sire. He will be shown at the different fairs in Minnesota and North Dakota, and we do not believe Fergus Falls will have to take a back seat for any town in the northwest.

Wheat At Home and Abroad.

The Stockholder.

For the first time in a long while conditions warrant the belief that America, in the event of the realization of present crop prospects, will find a profitable market abroad for its products. Big crops in this country and small ones in Europe mean an era of prosperity for both our railways and farmers. The London Standard publishes a long and careful review of the outlook, in which it says that the steady rise in wheat revives the hopes of the English farmer, adding that wheat will probably reach the highest price in many years, the principal cause of the rise being the failure of foreign crops. The wheat crops of France and Russia, according to the Standard, are much below the average, and the paper says the deficiency will be at least 20,000,000 quarters, adding: "It is expected that cold winds and frost have destroyed the French crops. Germany, Holland and Belgium all furnish pessimist reports. In Roumania there is a decreased wheat area, and in India there has been a bad wheat season. The only exception is in Hungary, where there are better prospects, but it is almost certain that the world's wheat consumption will exceed the production computed. Whatever the magnitude of America's crop may be, it will not be sufficient to cover the European deficit, thus compelling an extensive draft upon the reserves for the third year in succession. The increased home consumption, a decreased wheat area, owing to the spread of population, and recourse to scientific tillage in order to repair the waste of first settlers, thus increasing the cost of production, must inevitably remove the American farmer's formidable competition in European markets, and allow the English farmer to look forward to a prosperous future."

Not Third Party Men.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

HORNELLSVILLE, N. Y., April 23.—The newly organized state Farmers' Alliance adjourned to-day. The St. Louis platform was adopted as a whole. The committee on resolutions declared against the third party movement and maintained that the work of the Alliance could be carried on to more advantage by non-partisan voting. The resolutions were carried in an enthusiastic manner, and met the universal approval of the delegates.

For Sale or to Rent.

A farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

10,000 Bushels White Russian Seed Oats.

Pure and clean, ready for seeding. Price, 65 cents per bushel. Address A. M. Burdick, Glyndon, Minn., or

[2-4] N. STANFORD, Fargo, N. D.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.

E. ERIKSON, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Uclide Barrette and Nettile Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on pages 600-3.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($622.45); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [8-91] [N. G. 61]

GRAND OPENING—GRAND OPENING

NOW That the excitement incident to the opening of the Grand Opera House is over, your attention is respectfully invited to my

Grand Opening

Of a Full and Complete Line of Choice

Fresh Family Groceries

IN THE ROOM JUST SOUTH OF WYATT'S'

ON BROADWAY.

My goods are all fresh from the wholesale house and I will not be undersold.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.

W. E. SLOCUM.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleane and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders.

Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockin, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

SPRING SALE

—OF—

SPRING CLOAKS

—AND—

JACKETS,

At Fontaine & Anglim's

NEXT WEEK.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.,

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Morfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20¼, single; to pole 2:17. Fashion, record 2:23¼; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:30; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

FLINT BROS., Prop's.

G. P. PASEMAN, Manager.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

	Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.	
	Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
	Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.	
	Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.	
	The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting, Fishing.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, MINN

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

ECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTYS-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

SecondStreet, Crookston, Minn.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nitrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,

No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS,

ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.

Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES,
Notary Public
and U. S. Com'sr.

D. E. HATLESTAD,
District Court
Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank,

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Merchants' Bank. Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, May 7, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
3:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
3:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
3:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.……Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.……Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.……Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

IT IS TO TEACH THE LADIES.

An Importation Of Designers of Ladies' Gowns.

What the Enterprise of An International Fashion Magazine Has Done For Its Readers.

New York, April 18.—Among the cabin passengers who arrived from Europe to-day by the steamship "La Bourgoyne," were fourteen Parisian designers of ladies' fashionable gowns. These artists have been engaged by the enterprising managers of The New York and Paris Young Ladies Fashion Bazar, to contribute exclusively to the columns of that popular magazine. All of them are well known in New York, for their reputations have preceded them, Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Astor, the Vanderbilts, Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Marshall O. Roberts are among the society leaders who have worn gowns designed by these artists. During an interview with a reporter one of the designers said:

"Paris still leads the world of fashion although Eugenie no longer sits on the throne. Parisian gowns have a style about them that can not be equaled, That, I suppose, is the reason why we have been engaged to come to America to teach the ladies of your beautiful country, through the columns of The New York and Paris Young Ladies Fashion Bazar, how these wonderful creations of the dress-makers' art are constructed. It is our business to design the handsomest and most fashionable gowns for the different seasons of the year. These designs will be printed in colors and will be accompanied by such clear instructions as to the selection of materials and the cutting and fitting of the garments that no woman of sense will have the least difficulty in making perfect-fitting gowns herself. It is a knack, a science, to fashion a gown that will make a very small and very fleshy lady appear slim. Not one designer out of a thousand can hit upon the true lines unless he makes it the study of a life-time. You ought to see the May number of our Magazine. We have designs in it that will take the hearts of the ladies by storm. They do not get a new dress made up every day, and I can tell you it is an important item to get the best magazine and the very latest and most exquisite Paris styles, and have it fashioned like the one that is best suited to their figure."

Scenes of Beauty.

Have you made up your mind that you can afford to take a week or two this summer from business, and go somewhere for a pleasure trip? If you have, don't wait till the last of July or the middle of August, when the summer heats have taken all the energy out of you. June is the month for pleasure in traveling. Where are you going? To the East? Did you ever try a trip along the Upper Mississippi —from St. Paul to Rock Island? No? Then you have missed one of the most enjoyable journeys possible, Nowhere on our continent is more charming scenery—nowhere is the country richer in historical associations. "The Burlington" runs close to the river from St. Paul to Rock Island. and it incontestably the scenic line of the Northwest. For tickets and maps call on any ticket agent, and for futher information address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Frauds in Land Leases.

Duluth Evening Herald.

The law passed two years ago providing for the leasing of Minnesota mineral lands has resulted in partiality and fraud from the first. Within fifteen minutes from the time Governor Merriam signed the bill favored friends filed applications for the choicest selections. Several different sets of blanket application have been made, and by some mysterious understanding, the very moment the government patent for 28-18 reached the state auditor, after having been held in the governor's private office some days, while the clerks were yet ignorant of its arrival, it was gobbled up by fifty applications presented by one man. When told that the patent had not been received, he replied: "O, you'll find it in the auditor's office now."

Such government is not of, or for the people, and we need wonder little that they kick.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST!

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 7th, 1891.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 18th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $31.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼), and lot one (1) of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [8-9] [N. G. 62.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Uclide Barrette and Nettie Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 600-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents. ($622.45). and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 61]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Bisson, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 36 of mortgages on pages 196-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1888, $8.75 that became due June 2d, 1889, $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1889, $8.75 that became due June 2d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and four dollars and fifty-seven cents. ($304.57.)

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ nw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of Range forty-two (42), containing 120 acres, more or less according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY.
Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N G. 52] [1-7]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Delor Toupin, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of Morigages, on pages 574-6.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety two dollars and fifty cents ($592.50), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[1-7] (N. G. 51)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 17th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Cromb, administrator, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come to his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all of the real estate mentioned in the said petition, And it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court, on Monday, the 11th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 17th day of April, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[1-3] Judge of Probate.

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE.

Crookston, Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Frank Johnson and Anna Johnson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong, of the County of Broome, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, at 6 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 102; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars, due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Hannah Amelia Armstrong has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred forty-two and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLE TOUGAS AND CElanise Tougas, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of June 30th. A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: West half northwest quarter and west half southwest quarter Section 26, Township 151, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:00 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book No. 27 of mortgages, on page 189; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-eight and 25-100 dollars; and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 20th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARguerite Piette, of Polk County, State of Minnesota; as mortgagors, did, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-nine and 41-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $22.02 due November 1, 1889, $26.25 due May 1, 1890, $26.25 due Nov. 1, 1890 which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage duly executed and delivered by Knud K. Volden and Mary his wife Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut, Mortgagee, bearing date the first day of May, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages on page 276.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and forty eight and 93-100 dollars with interest on $824.52 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part therof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w¼) of section eleven (11) Town one hundred and forty nine (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court house, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty eight and 93-100 Dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Loan Company of Connecticut. Mortgagee

[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th 1891.

Default having been made in the payment of interest in the sum of $20.55 due November 1, 1889, $24.50 due May 1, 1890, $24.50 due November 1, 1890, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin G. Olson and Mary Olson his wife, Mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of May 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1889, at one o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 45 of Mortgages, on page 279.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut the Mortgagee and holder of said Mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said Mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Seven Hundred and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars with interest on $769.55 thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

The south-west quarter (s w ¼) of section Four (4) Town one hundred and forty nine, (149) of Range forty two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston in said County and State, on the 16th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of seven hundred and and ninety two and 33-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18 A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company of Connecticut Mortgagee.

[49-3] A. HUMPHREYS Attorney for Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ferment Coter, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 236-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $3.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $3.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $3.75 that became due October 22d, 1890; and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty (40), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 53]

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 17, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Carl A. Woodstrom against Francis R. Beaumette for abandoning his homestead entry No. 8,231, dated May 19th, 1890, upon the sw¼ Section 10, Township 150 n, Range 47 w, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 10th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE. Crookston, Minn., April 27th, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Napoleon Garon against [illegible] Bernier, for abandoning his homestead entry No. 13,240, [illegible] upon the nw¼ [illegible] Township 150 n, Range [illegible], in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the [illegible] day of [illegible], 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $22.86, due September 1st, 1889, $28.00 due March 1st, 1890, $28.00 due September 1st, 1890, and $28.00 due March 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josiah A. Mead and Sadie Mead, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of March, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of April, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 130.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, with interest on $906.86 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty-two (22), Town one hundred and fifty-four (154) of Range forty-five (45), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifteen and 16-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty [50] dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney or Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication March 26th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $18.20, due February 1st, 1889, $28.00, due August 1st, 1889, $28.00, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James Kelly and Anna Kelly, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock and ten minutes a. m., in book 46 of mortgages, on page 481.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars, with interest on $930.20 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twenty (20), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty and 59-100 dollars [$950.59] and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty [50] dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company,
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 26th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of interest in the sum of $19.75, due February 1st, 1890, $28.00 due August 1st, 1890, and $28.00, due February 1st, 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Moore and Martha Moore, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 23d day of September, 1889, at 10.30 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 115.

And whereas, the said, The Loan and Guaranty Company, of Connecticut, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at be date of this notice the sum of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, with interest on $875.75 thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the 18th day of March, 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), Town one hundred and forty nine (149), of Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 16th day of May, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and eighty-six and 10-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 18th, A. D. 1891.

The Loan and Guaranty Company
of Connecticut, Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [49-3]

First publication March 20, 1891.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—SS. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb as administrator of the estate of Arthur Yvernault deceased Plaintiff, vs. Adduie Bray and Damase Bray Defendants.

Notice of Sale Under Decree. Foreclosure by Action.

In pursuance of a judgment and decree of the Court in this action, dated March 17th 1891; I shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in the county of Polk Minnesota, on the 9th day of May 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. the following described real property situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit: The Northwest quarter of section six [6] Township one hundred an fifty [150] Range forty four [44] or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and costs, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston Minn., March 20, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota.

[49-8] JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Plaintiff.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

SHERIFF'S SALE.

[First publication April 9th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. District Court.

A. A. Just vs Louis Harmon.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th judicial district, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in Justice Court in favor of A. A. Just and against Louis Harmon, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendant, to-wit: Lot 4, block 3, Hurlbut's addition to the city of Crookston, Polk County, State of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and that I shall on Monday, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Louis Harmon in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to twenty-three dollars and 25 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 31st day of July, 1889, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., April 7th 1889.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

GEO. H. PALMER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [51-5]

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 19th, 1891, viz: EMI FONTAINE, Hd. No: 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Min., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, Eustach Blanchard, of Kertsonville, Minn.

[51-4] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE. Crookston. Minn., April 11th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 26th, 1891, viz: CHARLES ST. ANTOINE, Hd. No. 10,041, for the se¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 151, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Huot, Joseph Provost, Octave Laconeire, Joseph Pepinall of Huot P. O., Minn.

[52-5] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John E. Fangstrom and Anna Fangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of March A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on pages 61-3.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1888, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1890, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1890, and $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred and thirty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($432.45); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage. viz: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ se¼) of Section twenty-six (26), the west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and southeast quarter of northwest quarter (se¼ nw¼) of Section thirty-five, (35) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, [2-8] [N. G. 54]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 20th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter Section 19, Township 149, Range 44 west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 399; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 33-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seventy-five and 55-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MAY 14, 1891. NO. 4.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

A HUSTLING RAILWAY.

The Duluth & Winnipeg Scatters Men By Hundreds all Along the Extension to This city,

Nearly Straightened Out the Legal Tangles Thrown in its Way by Those Hostile.

Duluth Evening Herald.

Nearly 1000 men are at work today on the line of the Duluth & Winnipeg road between West Duluth and Cloquet, and are turning over the dirt at a tremendous rate.

The work has so far progressed rather slowly, because of the weather and the delays consequent on the final location of the line and the acquiring of needed land for right of way, but these matters are so far settled that no more waiting is necessary. Contractor Grant was in the city this morning and states that he will push the work as fast as possible from now on. So far a good deal of the right of way, especially above Short Line Park, has been cut, some grading done and a good many temporary bridges built over ravines for the accommodation of the grading outfits.

It is intended to have the entire line in readiness for traffic by July 1, and to do this there will have to be a good deal of hurry. While the distance is only seventeen miles, the work is heavy and the contract price is understood to be about $22,000 per mile.

Said an official of the road today: "Just now the Duluth & Winnipeg is working at the various obstacles put in its way by the interior department by the agency of opposing railway interests which appear to have altogether too much influence with the department for the good of independent concerns. The various knots of red tape in connection with the roadway across the Indian reserves are being united, but until they are the road cannot go ahead with its Western extension. After all the present knots are loosened, just what may be done by a fertile and paternal interior department to further hinder the road no fellow can tell, probably either the Northern Pacific or Great Northern roads know about this better than we.

"But we are bound to get there, and as money is not tight in the East now, no matter what may be said by amateur financiers, we shall not have any great trouble in getting what money we need, particularly as we have about 100 miles in operation and not in debt."

Election of U. S. Senators.

Grand Forks Herald.

The Moorhead News publishes an elaborate article on the "mode of election of United States senators." Owing to its extreme length the Herald has not studied it as carefully as its merits deserve. It is however, an able and well written defence of the present mode of electing U. S. senators an attempt being made to show that under our system of government, the upper house of congress should be representatives of the states, while the lower house is more distinctly representative of the people. The Herald is inclined to believe, however, that a radical change should be made in the manner of electing senators. Every session of a state legislature in which senators are elected demonstrates the necessity of a change. It is becoming too expensive a luxury to continue the present plan. It is corrupting and demoralizing. A rich man ambitious for a seat in the senate can purchase it if he so desires. Legislators are weak and corrupt and fall an easy prey to the bribe giver but the people cannot be manipulated so easily. It would be extremely difficult to purchase the majority vote of a state. Fifty men are more easily manipulated than fifty thousand. Were U. S. senators elected by the people the legislators could attend to their legitimate work of law-making. Lots of time and money could be saved, and our system of government as contemplated by the fathers would in no way be in jeopardy. The election of a senator in North Dakota last winter cost the state over $25,000; and the election of senator Palmer of Illinois cost the people of that state at least $150,000, besides doing incalculable injury to the morals of the people. Days, weeks and months are spent in scheming, bribing, bull-dozing, and brow-beating, and the legitimate work of the session is practically suspended during one of these contests. By all means let there be a change, and the sooner the better for the people, the government, and the material welfare of the states.

Below Zero.

Detroit Evening Sun, Aug. 26, '90.

"Rentfrow's Comedy Company opened the week last evening at the Whitney Grand in the three-act farce. 'Below Zero," written by Charles R. Sweet. It goes without saying, that any comedy written by Mr. Sweet is good and the rendition of it, in most respects, was satisfactory. If one may judge by the laughter and applause of the audience, which accompanied the performance from first to last, it was eminently so. The acting of J. N. Rentfrow, Jr., as Arnold Grub, F.W. Stillman as Henery Meek, Richard A. Coleman as Teddy McGintry, Miss Lottie Walters as Katy Klover, and Mrs. J. N. Rentfrow as Amelia Antique Hamilton was of high class of its kind; that of some of them beyond reproach. In the first act Fred D. Lucier and Miss, Helia Archmere rendered a mandolin and guitar duet which was exquisite, as was also the performance on musical glasses by Miss Mellia Hayden in the second act. There are many comical situations and amusing contretemps during the evening, which excite roars of laughter and rounds of applause. The recitation of a short parody on Poe's "Raven," by Mr. Stillman, was mimitable. Miss Walters, besides being a good little actress, has a very sweet voice as a singer, and is a good dancer. Songs, dances and gags that are fresh, are plentifully scattered throughout the piece, and add to an enjoyable variety."—At the Grand Opera House May 17 and 18.

The Northwestren Agriculturist

It looks very much, now, as if the owners of cattle were to have their "inning," and that soon. Prices have steadily advanced since January, in spite of the fact that thousands of farmers have been forced to send their cattle to market on account of the high prices of feed. These cattle have generally been in poor condition, and have brought comparatively low prices, and have, of course, had a tendency to depress the market, which has, in spite of its influence, advanced steadily. Now, there are plenty of shrewd cattle men who expect cattle to sell at nine dollars a hundred before they are lower. Owners of cattle who have feed are holding them in expectation of higher prices, and those who have been obliged to sell on account of short supply and high prices of feed will be buyers as soon as grass starts enough to furnish pasture. As soon as the demand from this quarter begins the butchers will be compelled to bid up for what they want and prices will advance still more, and there will be a rush to get stocked up before they reach the top notch. The "big four" are able to control prices only so long as there is no demand from any other quarter. When there are other buyers in the field they cannot dictate terms. Unless all signs fail, before 1892 cattle will advance to the paying point, with a certainty of their staying there for many years. The supply of cattle, when run down, cannot be so quickly recruited as that of sheep and hogs, as the increase is very slow. The surplus which has depressed prices for several years, came off the plains, where several successful years and a greate influx of foreign capital gave the ranch business an artificial stimulus. This cannot happen again in this country, though other countries, like Mexico and South America, may prove great breeding grounds, but even is the latter proves to be the case, the quality will always be inferior, and the wise farmers of the United State, will dominate the market for a high quality of beef. The unwise ones, and their name is always legion, will continue to raise scrubs, still selling in competition with the Texas ranchmen and the Montana cow boys.

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Carry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF **HARDWARE**

DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

Investigating Wheat Buyers.

Farm Stock and Home.

If the Alliance contingent in the Minnesota legislation had done nothing, or attempted nothing but the creation of a committee entrusted with the work of investigating the charge "that 60,000 bushels of wheat were taken out without inspection from a public elevator in Duluth," it would have repaid the cost of its election and maintenance. The committee was created by the House, with power to send for persons and papers, administer oaths, etc. It employed W. W. Erwin to assist, and readily unearthed facts enough to convince any fair minded man that the committee was on a trail that promised most startling developments. It is not only clear that 60,000 bushels of wheat have been illegally taken from the Duluth elevators, but in all probability 500,000 bushels is nearer the right figure. A report was made to the House containing positive evidence of the removal of many more 60,000 bushels of wheat "screenings," yet by reason of the limited time given the committee, before adjournment of the legislature, only a beginning was made. The committee, however, reinforced by two members of the Senate, will continue its work and report to the next legislature. We sincerely regret that our space will not permit the publication of the committee's reports, for there were two of them, majority and minority. The following extracts from the majority report are samples of the leads struck by the committee:

"Mr. J. I. Thomas testified before the committee that he was the agent of the Duluth South Shore & Atlantic railway company, and he produced the yard-switch-slips and the way bill copying books of that road between Jan. 1. 1889, and March 31, 1889, exhibited the way bill copying book in evidence, which showed that on Jan. 18 George Rupley shipped to S. S. Guthrie & Sons, Buffalo, N. Y., car 3734. containing 42,200 pounds, billed screenings, and car 3614, loaded with 40,000, corrected to 42,000 pounds, billed as screenings. On Feb. 1, cars 3605, 3797, 3953, 4232 and 3607, billed to S. S. Guthrie & Sons, each containing 50,000 pounds bulk screenings. That on Feb. 18 George Rupley shipped to S. S. Guthrie & Sons five cars containing 50.000 pounds each, billed as screenings. That on Feb. 23 George Rupley shipped to S. S. Guthrie & Sons three cars containing 50,000 pounds each, billed as screenings. On March 8 Georgh Rupley shipped to the same parties nine cars containing 50,000 pounds each, billed as screenings."

And so on until 57 cars, containing 47,500 bushels, were found. Another witness, Leopold Ario, gave the names and cargoes of a long list of steamers that, from 1886 to Oct. 1889, had taken immense quantities of wheat "without the knowledge of the state weighmaster or inspector." To test the truth of Mr. Ario's statments the committee subpoenaed.

"D. A. Christy, agent of the Lake Superior Transit Co., to bring with him the books of the company, which were carefully gone over and compared with the record of inspections, and from such comparison it appeared that on Jan. 24, 1886, the inspector's book showed that there was inspected on the propeller B. W. Blanchard, 31,023 bushels of wheat, but the books of the Transit company show that the propeller Blanchard carried from Duluth 38,025 bushels of wheat, thus carrying away 7,000 bushels of wheat of which there is no record of inspection. The inspector's books show that on July 1, 1886, there was inspected into the propeller Japan No. 2. Northern condemned, rejected, no grade, and No. 1 white winter, while the books of the Transit company show that this grain was carried in three holds, thus mixing some of it. The books of the state inspector show that on July 28, 1886, there was inspected into the propeller Winslow 20,000 bushels of wheat, while the books of the Lake Superior Transit company show, that the Winslow carried away from Duluth 40,000 bushels of wheat, thus leaving 20,000 bushels of which there is no record of inspection. The books of the Transit company show that on July 28, 1886, the propeller Japan carried from Duluth 46,000 bushels of wheat, but the books of the inspector fail to show any inspection of grain on this vessel."

And so on until the details became revolting and sickening.

The comittee was censured severely by the daily press for not giving the elevator authorities a chance to rebut the testimony taken by the committee. But the censure was not deserved. The superintendent and treasurer of the Lake Superior Transit Co., and the Union Improvement and Elevator Co., Geo. Rupley, was put upon the stand, but refused to testify unless he could first hear the witnesses previously examined. At his own request, however, he was allowed to take a copy of the stenographer's report of the evidence taken. He asked 24 hours in which to examine it; the committee gave him 48 hours, and he had the report that long. But he still refused to testify, giving his reasons in writing, among which were the following:

"That the wheat in question, which it was claimed was shipped by the Lake Superior Elevator company and the Union Improvement and Elevator company, was shipped from said elevators to a place out of and beyond the jurisdiction of the state of Minnesota, and was inter-state commerce and beyond the control of the legislature of the state of Minnesota or the board of railway and warehouse commissioners. That the law under which said state undertakes the prevision of said elevators or fixes the rate of charges therein is unconstitutional and void. That the inquiry is relative to the private business of said corporations of which I am superintendent, and I have no right to disclose their private business.

"That I refused to produce the private books of account of said corporations because I have no right or authority to do so, and they pertain exclusively to the private companies I represent, and can contain no entries relative to the matters under inquiry.

"That if said books are produced they will show nothing but the private business of said elevator company, and if anything is allowed relative to the matter under inquiry it will be about the shipment of grain from within the state of Minnesota to without the state of Minnesota, and inter-state commerce."

Those elevator companies, it seems, constitute themselves courts of law as well as dens of robbers; pass upon the constitutionality of laws with the same facility they show in appropriating to their own use whole cargoes of wheat, and make the most private of all private business the doings of the public elevators of Duluth. Surely the time has arrived when it must be determined which is supreme in the land, law and the people, or capitalistic combines.

Not only wheat growers but all honest men should feel thankful that there was enough of manhood, humanity and honesty in the last Minnesota legislature to begin the unearthing of what may prove to be one of the most villainous schemes of history.

Douglas County News:—The large barn on the farm of L. K. Aaker just west of town came near being destroyed by fire last Sunday afternoon. Sparks from a passing engine set fire to the leaves along the railroad and it ran into the straw about the barn. Gilbert Brakken and the man who lives on the place fought the fire until they became exhausted when the section men arrived and relieved them. It was a hard fight.

COME! COME!

TO C. H. SAAKE'

For Bargains IN JEWELRY, CLOCKS, AND SILVERWARE.

Come and look for yourself and be convinced that I have the Grandest, Largest and Choicest Stock and LOWEST PRICES in the Great Northwest. I make a specialty of

REPAIRING

Fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and if you want a job of any kind done in this line, COME TO ME.

IF YOU WANT SPECTACLES

Of any kind or style, large or small, come to me. In fact for anything in the Jewelry line I am ready to give you the best service and use you so you will be pleased to come agaid.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Crush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's.

Kittel And The Commission.

Secretary Teisberg Talks on Matters Before the Railway Commission.

Duluth Evening Herald.

Secretary A. K. Teisberg, of the state railway and warehouse commissioners, is in the city today and talked quite interestingly to a Herald representative. He is highly pleased over the new state railway law, which provides for due legal process in case of dissatisfaction over a decision by the commission, which was not possible under the old law and which accordingly rendered it less patent for good.

About the only matter of importance now on the docket of the board is the complaint of the people of Anoka and Elk river against the Manitoba railway for charging $2 a ton for hauling coal from Duluth to those places as against $1.50 to Minneapolis, which is nearly twenty miles further along on the same road. When the matter came up the railroad was disposed to claim that this was a grievance to come before the interstate commerce commission. This was conceded by the state commission, but since then the railroad has seemed willing to have it come before the state. The theory of the carrier in this case is that the through business between Minneapolis and Duluth is done by the Eastern Minnesota, while the local business is a matter belonging to the Manitoba otherwise known as the Great Northern. This Mr. Teisberg thinks, cannot go down, or the carrying conditions of the whole country will be enterely changed.

In talking about Kittel Halvorsen the congressman from this district, Mr. Teisberg said that even if Kittle made a first-class record it would be next to impossible for him to get a second term, notwithstanding the new district is composed wholly of farming communities that voted almost to a man for him. His reason for this opinion is that Kittel's election has caused chagrin among the greater number of men who refused the alliance nomination and there will be a large crop of aspirants for the honor two years from now. With the various ambitions existing it will be difficult for Kittel to get the nomination, and, were he to get it, more difficult to unite the factions. Mr. Teisberg, although a republican, speaks in high terms of the unselfishness of the man who has suddenly and unexpectedly come into political prominence.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, May 14, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—	1 Hard	91.
	1 Northern	89.
	2 Northern	86.
	3 Northern	81.

Geo. Buhn has painted his blacksmith shop.

Gordon McGrew goes with the survey this week.

A splendid rain on Friday night revived things wonderfully.

Highest market price paid for butter, eggs and oats, at Sture's.

Tickets for Rentfrow now on sale. Prices 75, 50, 35 and 25 cents.

50 Dozen ladies Jersey Ribbed Vests at 8 cents each at Gervais "the Hustler".

J. G. McGrew returned on Saturday morning from a long visit below.

The largest and cheapest line of Carpets and Rugs in the west, at Gervais "the hustler".

Assistant Superintendent, V. D. Carruth, spent a few days last week visiting schools on the west side.

Joseph Netzer has returned from a plesant visit to the old home. He has rented the Germania hotel.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

J. B. Ford informs THE JOURNAL that he will try his hand at farming, having secured one of the choicest farms in Polk County.

An apprentice girl wanted at Mrs. I. U. Jennings' millinery store.

Gervais "the Hustler", has a handsome line of Ladies Blouse waists in white, colored and black. They are fine.

Henry Peterson says he is going to Hot Springs with Al. Kaiser, who is a sufferer from rheumatism. Expects to start this week.

If the ladies appreciate bargains in millinery they will do well to call and examine Mrs. E. E. Bangs' stock and get her prices.

Geo. H. Ralph started with his party on Wednesday morning for the Red Lake Reservation to complete the survey began last fall.

A few Spring and Summer Jackets, and capes, left will be sold cheap, to close out at Gervais "the Hustler".

Hungarian grass seed at 90 cents, millet at $1.15, and timothy at $1.40, at Sture's. Orders for the timothy should be received within a week.

Rentfrow's Jolly Pathfinders have changed their dates at the Grand Opera house, and will appear on Friday and Saturday evenings, May 15th and 16th.

A fine line of Ladies Muslin Underwear just received at Gervais "the Hustler".

Joe Mercil, while skating at the Palace Rink on Saturday evening, took a tumble through the window and by great good luck escaped being badly cut.

We have a few sugar beet seed for distribution. Who will take them and give them a fair trial and report the result?

Joseph Hoch came up from Wabasha last week for a visit with the boys, and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call. He says he can see many great improvements in our city since he was here last.

Wash fabrics that can charm anybody in the most artistic designs and colorings a good fast color challie for 5c per yd. at Gervais "the Hustler".

J. S. Ladue was in from Fertile on Monday. Says seeding is nearly all done down that way and that farmers have sowed very much more oats and barley than ever before.

Ladies, call and see those elegant millinery goods at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' store.

The Loyal Temperance Legion will give a sociable at the Reading Room next Tuesday evening at 7:30. A short program will be given. Cake and ice cream will be served.

If you need any Carpets this spring go to Gervais "the Hustler". Ingrains from 18 c pr, yd, up. A good wool Ingrains for 50 c per yd.

John C. Welles was up on Monday from his large farm at Edna, and reports his farm all seeded in excellent shape. He left on Monday evening for his home in Fon du Lac, Wis.

A few first-class day boarders will find same kind of board at 3d house south of Broadway Opera House. Good rooms next door north.

[2-4] D. N. TAYLOR.

Comrade John Pelham was up from Fertile last week, chatting with his comrades and friends. Comrade Pelham adds his name to THE JOURNAL list in order to keep well posted in the future.

A great variety of draperies and lace curtains, 75c will buy a pair of lace Curtains at Gervais "the Hustler".

O. A. Larson, a single man, living with his brother on Sampson's Addition, was taken before Judge Benson on Friday, adjudged insane and sent to Fergus Falls under the care of Chief Gonyea.

Gervais "the Hustler", has a few Parasols, and Umbrellas left a sample line bought from manufacturers at 50 per cent below original cost which he is going to sell very cheap. Now is the time to get sun shades.

W. W. Attix was down from Mentor on Wednesday. Says the last freeze injured grain more than was generally supposed. While it was not all ruined he estimates that about 25 per cent of the grain that was up at the time was killed.

The Crookston Furniture Company are vacating their present quarters in order to make improvements. The building will be lathed and plastered throughout and finished up in first-class style. They have leased one of the rooms in the Grand Opera block and they purpose to go into the jobbing of furniture.

Hosiery till you can't rest. A good Ladies hose warranted fast black for 20c at Gervais "the hustler".

D. W. and A. E. Grant were in the city last week to look after some land which they own near Crookston. Dan McDonald had to go out and find it for them as they had no idea where it was. D. W. said that teams would soon be up to break the land and it will be made ready for seed next spring.

Misses and Children's Straw hats in great many styles and very cheap at Gervais "the hustler".

C. J. Whellams, an immigration agent for the Great Northern R. R., was in the city last week. Mr. W. has an original idea in relation to the immigration business, which we think a good one, and that is for each county to pay only for actual results obtained. For instance a bonus of $5 or $10 for each head of a family who actually settles in the county. Mr. W. will go to Canada and the Eastern and Middle states to remain all summer in the interest of immigration.

Rentfrow's Jolly Pathfinders will give two of their high class performances at the Grand Opera House, Friday and Saturday, May 15th and 16th. They come well recommended by press and public. Mr. Bjoin is to be congratulated on securing such a strong attraction for his house. We learn that he went to unusual pains to get them, they having to cancel two of their nights at Winnipeg. The company consists of 20 people and in order to reach our city in time to give their street parade, chartered a special train.

Mr. Mahara, business manager of Rentfrow's Jolly Pathfinders, who is in the city making arrangements for his attraction, made our office a very pleasant visit. Mr. Mahara, in speaking of the show, said that they carried 20 people and give satisfaction everywhere. They appear at the Grand Friday and Saturday, May 15th and 16th, in the screaming farce comedies "Below Zero" and "The two Old Chums." The show is for laughable purposes only in new songs, dances, funny comedians, lovely ladies, charming music, laughable situations. Friday, May 15th, "Below Zero," Saturday, May 16th, "The two Old Chums." See the big street parade on the day of the show.

Phil. McLaughlin was over from Grand Forks on Tuesday looking not a day older than he did years ago when he was a prosperous citizen of Crookston. Phil. possesses that genial good nature of the kind that never grows old. Phil was full of old-time reminiscences, and in conversation with the writer and comrade I. U. Jennings he said: "Dye moind the toime that I was put in command av the Post wan toime on parade? Faith I did not know any more about the military orders than did Adam's off ox. Dye moined whin I said: 'Get in two strings and march endways like you did yistherday!' Faith thim was the great days."

Seed Potatoes.

I have a supply of choice potatoes for sale for seed. Address E. D. Childs.

For Sale Cheap.

One first class engine and Quaker brick press. Inquire of Martin Swanson, Crookston, Minn. [1-4]

THE JOURNAL scribe was told a pretty good one on a prominent society man which happenstance occurred on Sunday last. It seems that the best girl of the aforesaid young man lives hereabouts a mile or so upon the banks of the raging Red Lake River. Now, this young man has a rival for the esteem of this young lady, and fearing least said rival aforesaid would catch onto the fact that there will be a grand excursion to Maple Lake next Sunday, and go out and engage the young lady for the day, he allowed to take time by the foretop by hiring an elegant rig and going out early on Sunday morning, which he did, and found to his great joy that he had been more previous than his rival—and secured the coveted prize. After awhile the young lady suggested that they try fishing a bit, which they did, but had no luck to speak of beyond a mosquito bite or so. Returning to Peter Cornelius' residence, (where all young people like to go) they found an elegant swing and the young man invited his fair inamorata to swing. Whether she was afraid she would lose the young man, or whatever the reason, we know not, but it transpired that the fish hook she had used to capture a sample of the finny tribe, in some mysterious way become caught in the young man's nose while she was swinging to and fro, and there he was—impaled like a bullhead to the cruel hook. At this juncture the rival aforesaid drove up with one of the finest rigs in the city (he got it of Collins, who keeps only the best), and seeing the situation he concluded that either the other fellow had got the girl or she had caught him, in any event his presence was not needed so he wisely forebore to interfere, and turning his horses about he sadly drove back to the city. If you haven't got tired of this romance in real life and wish to know how many pints of bloodshed the young man suffered or any of the facts in the case we advise you to take counsel of Dave Hatlestad, who is one of the leading attorneys of our rising young city. And further this deponent saith not.

At the meeting of the Association held in this city last week it was decided by a unanimous vote to build the Red River College at Crookston. The vote in the first place stood 11 to 18, whereupon Arne P. Hougen, one of the Grand Forks members, moved to make it unanimous, and the motion prevailed. The Grand Forks papers are trying hard to make out that a great deal of dissatisfaction exists, especially among the Dakota members, because the college was not located at Grand Forks, but we see no reason for this as Grand Forks had as fair an opportunity to show what she would do for the college before the directors made their proposition to the city of Crookston, and even after that, as did any other competing town, and if the Dakota members intended to bolt they should have done it before they voted to make the location at Crookston unanimous. To do so now would be unmanly—babyish. They did all they could for their own city, but were fairly beaten, and they should do as our people would have done had it gone against us—abide the result like men and turn in and aid in building a grand temple of learning that shall be a living monument to the wisdom of the Association. This can only be done by harmonious effort and there exists no earthly reason for any other kind. Had Grand Forks made the best showing before definite action was taken, the case would, no doubt, have been different, but she did not do so, and Crookston cannot be blamed for the short-comings of her sister city, as some over there are trying very hard to make out. We believe all this agitation comes more from Grand Forks real estate boomers than from members of the Association, and we trust that the action of the Association will be guided by wisdom and good judgment, so that their efforts to build up a strong college may be crowned by eminent success.

To the Public.

The management leased the Crookston Opera House with the intention of making it a popular place of amusement, and so far our most sanguine expectations have been more than realized. Everything will be conducted in a straightforward manner, and the most fastidious may rest assured that they can come and be treated as becomes ladies and gentlemen.

The Rink will be, as it has so far been, conducted with decorum, and no boisterous actions will be permitted under any circumstances. Ladies and children may come with the assurance that they will not be mistreated by any disturbing element.

We would say to the public that the house will be opened to various entertainments upon terms that will be mutually satisfactory.

Skating Thursday afternoon and evening, when the Queen City Band will be present.

Friday evening there will be a Grand Ball given in commemoration of the Independence of Norway. Prof. Casad's Orchestra will furnish the music, and Maj. Durant, of Grand Forks, will prompt. Tickets $1.00. Supper can be procured at Krogh's restaurant, Bjoin block, at 75 cents per couple for all who may call there during the night.

Saturday, Rink will be open afternoon and evening.

Hoping to merit your patronage, we remain

Yours truly,

W. L. PALMER, } Proprietors.
H. S. PALMER, }

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK

ON

Carpets and Rugs

House Furnishings

CARPETS,

UPHOLSTREY GOODS,
LACE CURTAINS,
and CURTAIN GOODS.

75c A Pair of Lace Curtains for 75c

Parasols and Umbrellas at a Sacrifice.

20c	Ladies Fast Black Hose	20c
8c	Ladies' good ribbed Vest	8c
5c	A good fast colors Challice	5c

MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH CARE.

I. O. O. F. BLOCK, } Gervais, the Hustler.
Crookston, Minn. }

Polk County Temperance Alliance.

ED. JOURNAL: The Polk County Temperance Alliance, which is an organization formed by a union of the Scandinavian temperance societies of this county, held a large and very successful meeting at Fosston, March 3d to 5th last. Twelve temperance societies from different parts of the county were represented, most of them by regularly elected delegates. The meeting passed a set of resolutions, among which were the following:

1. We firmly believe that the liquor traffic, in any form, is doing great damage to the people of every city or village where it exists, as well as to the people of the vicinity, from both a material and a moral point of view.

2. We urge upon all temperance people that they do not in any way help to circulate saloon-friendly newspapers; but that they patronize only those which take an open and decided stand against the liquor traffic.

3. We notice with deep regret that the prohibition amendment bill introduced in our House of Representatives has been voted down by that body. We, nevertheless, extend our heart-felt thanks to those members who faithfully stood on the side of temperance and worked and voted for our cause.

P. H. ANDERSON, Sec.

Four Sabbath mornings, commencing next Sunday, May 17th, at the Congregational church, beside the regular sermon and other services, there will be an illustrated five minute sermon to children. Next Sunday will be the first. Each one of the children's sermons will be illustrated with a large wall picture. Everybody's boys and girls will be welcome. Sermons for the people May 17th: 11:00 a. m.—"Breakers Hushed to Sleep." 8:00 p. m.—"Plowman and Reaper." Every one kindly invited.

R. H. BATTEY, Pastor.

GRAND

EXCURSION

—TO—

MAPLE LAKE

—ON—

Sunday, May 17th

The Great Northern road will run an excursion train to Maple Lake on Sunday next to accommodate all who wish to attend the

GRAND CELEBRATION OF NORWAY'S NATAL DAY,

at Maple Lake. A fine program has been arranged, including a boat ride on the fine new passenger steamer

THE BELLE OF MAPLE LAKE,

The train leaves Crookston at 9 a. m.; returning, leaves the lake at 7 p. m.

Round Trip Tickets 75 Cts.

N. B. Should the day be stormy the excursion will be abandoned.

BY ORDER OF COM.

Guess it is safe to make garden now—dont it?

Wm. Watts went to Warren on Monday to attend court.

The grand rains of last week revived the crops in great shape.

Hon. A. C. Wilkinson is at Warren this week attending court.

Call at the new furniture rooms in the Grand Opera House block.

St. Jean Baptist Society has accepted the invitation to turn out on Memorial Day.

Everybody says this is lovely weather. What everybody says (in this case) is correct.

Charlie Jefferson is just more than slinging brick on Fontaine & Anglim's new block.

His Honor, Judge Mills, was in the city on Monday enroute to Warren to hold the spring term of court.

Hon. H. Steenerson was among the jolly crowd of legal lights who went to Warren on Monday morning.

Tom Harris is hustling the remaining buildings off the corner of Main and Second and very soon that site will be ready for the masons.

Jimmy Fulton came up from Hawley on Wednesday morning on his way to St. Hilaire where he goes to manage the creamery this season.

The Musin entertainment at the Grand Opera House on Monday evening was not very well attended but was a very fine entertainment.

J. A. Croft is the new manager of the Welles farm at Edna. Mr. Croft is an experienced farmer and will make the old farm bloom like the rose.

On Sunday last at the residence of T. E. Bradshaw Esq., Mr F. E. Dibble was united for life to Miss. Florence Lipscomb, the Rev. F. C. Whitney officiating.

H. J. Hauson was down from Fosston over Sunday. He is building a fine new store this spring to be ready for the big fall trade which is sure to come in due season.

Geo. W. Sprague was up this week looking up business for the Austin Hail Company. George has secured many of the best canvassers and all 'round hustlers in this county.

Senator Burkhardt and Joseph Hoch are talking about going into business in the city. They do not reveal the line but are quietly looking up the prospect and it looks like they would catch on.

S. L. Collins has some dandy new rigs that just catch the eye of the fastidious every time. If you want to see an elegant turnout go to Collins and order the finest turnout he has in the shop.

Andrew Steenerson was up from the west-side on Monday. He is preparing to shear his sheep and will take the clip to St. Paul the latter part of this week. He ships it to the Alliance business agency.

Comrade Bratton found that the pop corn business did not pay and so turned over the keys of the establishment to the owner, J. L. Bailey. The comrade has accepted a situation on the farm of E. D. Childs & Co.

Crookston, April 29, '91.

I invite all parties to call and examine my full and complete stock of Dry Goods and Notions, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Crockery and Glassware. I have always conducted my business upon liberal principles, so all the goods are marked down to prices defying competition. Purchasers are respectfully requested to call early to prevent disappointment.

ANDREW STURE.

Opposite Merchants' National Bank.

CROOKSTON OPERA HOUSE

W. L. PALMER, Manager.

GRAND

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BALL,

Friday, May 15th.

Music by Prof. H. N. Casad's Orchestra.
Tickets $1.00.

ROLLER RINK

Open this afternoon and evening when the Queen City Cornet Band will be present.

Skating Saturday afternoon and evening.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Spring Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

The little six-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Flanders arrived from Canada on Monday evening, via the C. P. R. R. having made the trip alone—quite an experience for so small a chick.

Jack Freeborn went down to Maple Lake on Tuesday to work on Lee's house. By the way that must be a pretty extensive sort of a mansion as two years ago we kept the above notice stereotyped and run it about once a week during the spring and summer. One of three things is sure: Either Jack is confoundedly slow or else that house will be a stunner if he ever gets it done.

Peter Cornenous had quite an experience last Friday afternoon. He was driving along toward home from his south farm when a vivid flash of lightning completely blinded him and his horse fell on its knees and stumbled along a rod or so before it recovered. Peter recovered his sight and his presence of mind in a few seconds and drove along home as though nothing had happened.

The attractions Mrs. E. E. Bangs offers the ladies are fashionable goods in the latest styles of the very best qualities and extremely low prices. You will do well to call and examine her goods and get prices.

It has been suggested that if the service to which the Grand Army Post has been invited at the M. E. church on Sunday evening May 24th could be held at the opera house it would accommodate many who would like to hear the sermon who cannot do so for lack of room. Heretofore on such occasions the church in which it was held has been crowded to its utmost capacity and many have gone away disappointed. The service is one that would be beneficial to every loyal American citizen and we have no doubt that all such would be glad to listen to the eloquent words of the gifted methodist minister who is to preach the sermon.

Standard—"Below Zero."

Chicago Daily Globe, Dec. 15, '90.

The Standard was crowded to overflowing last night by an audience which gathered to witness Rentfrow's Pathfinders in the musical comedy, "Below Zero." The piece is a very mirthful bit of nonsense, and the company presenting it is composed of capable people. Ample opportunity is furnished for the introduction of a number of catchy songs, dances and specialties. It is well filled with ludicrous situations, and forms a style of entertainment which seems to please everybody."—At the Grand Opera House Friday and Saturday evenings May 15th and 16th 1891.

To Minnesota Farmers.

The Prison Mirror.

The following will be sent, in the form of a circular, throughout the state.

Binding Twine at Cost—manufactured by the state at the prison at Stillwater, Minn., a limited quantity now on hand, and ready for shipment in bales of 50 pounds each.

This twine is of superior quality, and and will be sold for 9 cents per pound, at the prison, until further notice. Made mostly from Kentucky hemp; even, smooth finish; very strong, and running about 600 feet to the pound. Orders will be filled in the same order in which they are received when accompanied by the cash.

This enterprise having been established for the benefit of the farmers of Minnesota." the management desires to distribute to the farmers direct, or through the medium of regularly organized farmers' clubs, in order to prevent speculation.

Having only a limited quantity for the coming harvest we would urge all who desire to avail themselves of this opportunity of getting twine at this low figure to send their orders at once to

Albert Garvin, Warden,
Minnesota State Prison
Stillwater, Minn.

N. B. Shipped only in 50 pound packages, in quantities not less than 100 pounds or more than 500 pounds to any one individual or firm when cash is sent with the order.

By order of the Board of Managers,
EDWIN DUNN, President.

PROPOSALS.

In the Erection of A Collage Building At Crookston Polk County, Minn.

NOTICE, is hereby given that Sealed Bids will be received by Rev. C. Saugstad at Crookston Polk Co, Minn., until 10 o'clock a. m. on Monday, June 1st, A. D. 1861, for the building of a College building at Crookston, Minn., according to plan and specification now on file at the office of J. W. Ross, architect, Grand Forks, N. D.

Two and one half per cent of the amount of bid, by certified check will be required to accompany each proposal for the entrance into contract if awarded. The Board of Directions reserve the right to reject any or all bids,

[4-6]

10,000 Bushels White Russian Seed Oats.

Pure and clean, ready for seeding. Price, 65 cents per bushel. Address A. M. Burdick, Glyndon, Minn., or

[2-4] N. STANFORD, Fargo, N. D.

TAKEN UP.

One bay mare about two years old, white face. Owner can recover by proving property and paying expenses.

JOHN SCHEFFER,
[2-4] Crookston, Minn.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

County commissioners of Polk county, Minn., assembled at the auditor's office in this city of Crookston, in said county, on the 29th day of April 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

School petition of A. P. Moen and others praying for formation of new school district composed of the following territory, viz: Section 5 and 6, east ½ of section1, and northeast ¼ of section 11; north ½ southeast ¼ of sec. 12 and section 7, 8, 17, 18; east ½ section 13 and northeast ¼ of section 24, all of section 19 and northwest ¼, section 20, township 148 range 48 and 49.

School petition of Martin Sands and others praying that a new school district be formed of south ½ of section 7, 8, 9 and 17, and all of section 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, and 21; to township 154 range 49 and south ½ of section 12 and all of section 23 and 24 township 154 of range 50 was granted.

School petition of Lou Patnaude and others for a formation of new school district composed of the following territory: Section 22, 23, 24, 27, 26, 25 and 35 and 36 of township 151 range 43 was granted.

School petition of G. Swanson and others praying for formation of a new district composed of all township 151 range 41 was granted.

School petition of Hugh Quigley and others was rejected.

School petition of Geo. Shruks was rejected.

School petition of A Anderson and others was rejected.

School petition of R. H. Walker and others was rejected.

Bond of Hugh Thompson as surveyor general of logs and lumber from 7th district was approved.

Report of E. J. Grefthen superintendent of schools, was accepted and ordered filed.

The following resolution was adopted: Resolved that the license fees for county auctioneers be and is hereby fixed at $10 per annum.

Abatement of taxes of Wm. G. Porter on northeast ¼ southwest ¼ and lots 3 and 4 section 33 township 154-43 was granted, and the auditor was instructed to cancel all taxes up to the including the year 1886.

Application for abatment of taxes of Ingire L. Hamerey was rejected.

Tax application of M. Swanson was laid over.

On motion the application of Samuel Gibeau for appointment as text book agent was granted, providing he furnishes the proper bond as required by law.

The following resolution was offered by M. E. Kirsch:

Whereas the clerk of court of Polk county is paid a fixed salary of $1800 annually besides being allowed a deputy with a salary of $720 per annum, and whereas it appears from the record that on the 16th day of March, 1890. Thos. Shapleigh was paid the sum of $18.00 out of the county revenue fund for acting as special deputy clerk of court; and whereas the duties performed by said Thos. Shapleigh as such special deputy clerk, should have been performed by either Mr. Nels Muus clerk of court or his deputy;

Therefore be it resolved that the county attorney be and is hereby instructed to investigate if those charges are legal against the county, and have the clerk show cause why he should not reimburse the county for said sum of $18.000 paid to Thos. Shapleigh as heretofore stated.

M. E. Kirsch,
A. C. Rhinehart,
J. P. Johnson,
C. P. Demers,
A. O. Stortroen,

On motion the chairman M. E. Kirsch, was appointed committee of one to see that the court house and grounds are kept clean and in proper order.

The following resolution was offered by J. P. Johnson and unanimously adopted.

Resolved, that the sum of $125 be appropriated out of the road and bridge fund to be expended under the supervision of Commissioner Stortroen on the Sand hill and Fisher county road in the towns of Roome and Fisher, provided that no money shall be paid out of the county fund until the road is completed and accepted by the county commissioners.

Bills for witness fees in the Russel case (on defense) were rejected, the same being paid by order of court.

Bills audited and allowed.

W. F. Wandamaker, removing storm windows court house	2 00
Crookston W. W. & L. Co., lamp shades in court	74 45
S. Bergvin, flour and pork to poor	10 00
C. O. Christianson, justice peace fee	3 20
H. Shepard, coronor fees	5 20
Hans Johnson, juror fees	50
Hans Williams, constable's fee	5 75
W. S. Booth, blanks	9 00
Hans Larson, constable fees	3 05
C. U. Webster, stamps and express	14 75
Dispatch Printing Co., tax receipts	60 00
Carl Riedesel, goods to prisoners	10 50
Arny Grundysen, sheriff fees	10 14
Ostri M. Berg, attending sick	10 50
" " " "	8 50
Thos. Young, cleaning around court house	6 50
A. O. Schmidt, work on jail	85 62
M. J. Enright, constable fees	4 75
" " " "	6 25
G. W. Lewis, justice peace fees	7 15
" " " "	1 80
Arne Grundysen, sheriff fee	21 00
C. S. Spendley, justice peace fees	3 90
" " " "	5 65
Chris. Steenerson, justice peace fee	8 20
Rosenthal & Falk, clothing for prisoners	17 25
O. F. Busse, interpreter fee J P court	1 00
J. Mellott, witness fee J P court	3 80
E. C. Murney, witness fee J. P. court	2 80
John Forsythe, jury fee J P court	50
M. Lusian, witness fee	2 72
S. Lusian, witness fee	2 72
Arthur G. Adams, juror fee	50
Paul King, juror fee	50
Wm. R. Long, juror fee	50
Albert Oehler	50
Olaf Engeman, witness fee	2 68
A. J. O'Keife, attorney fee	5 00
Commerical hotel, boarding jury	154 00
C. A. Brown, J.P fees	8 60
John Reding, juror fee	1 12
A. R. Erickson, boarding prisoners	22 48
Wm. Forsythe, jury fee	50
J. Sheldon, jury fee	50
T. M. Graves, jury fee	50
O. J. Matson, jury fee	50
P. A. Hullstrom, witness fee	5 00
Henry Arndt, juror fees	50
M. Soard, juror fee	50
G. W. Lewis, justic peace fee	1 05
Wm. M. Davis, witness fee	3 40
G. W. Lewis, justice pease	6 65
Henry Knudson, jury fee	50
D. C. Hallock, jury fee	4 50
J. O. Brandt, justice fee	4 15
Lars Myhre, witness fee	2 56
J. K. Wood, jury fee	50
Geo. Riddell, jury fee	50
Arne Grundysen, sheriff fees	32 00
A. E. Anderson, witness fee	5 00
McIntosh Tribune, printing	11 99
Wm. Marin, repairing court house	6 00
A. Chabot, 1 pair shoes	1 50
Wm. Marin, repairing court house	8 75
Dispatch Printing Co stationery	138 50
S. T. Johnson, justice peace fees3	70
C. S. Spendley, justice peace fee	3 50
Fisher Bulletin, printing	8 20
A. C. Rhinehart, Comr. work	51 20
S. M. Dainard, lumber and draying	$ 6 00
Arny Grundysen, sheriff fees,	23 00

The following resolution was offered by M. E. Kirsch:

Whereas an act was passed at the last session of the legislature regulating the salaries of the different county officials of Polk county as per official copy received April 30th 1891, therefore be it resolved that said act be enforced beginning with May 1st, 1891.

Resolved that the judge of probate be allowed the sum of $120 per annum, beginning January 1st 1891, for office rent, fuel and light.

Mossefin & Lindell, Mdse.	$ 22 10
Nels Muus, clerk of court fees	57 10
Joseph Barill, work on Co. bridge	21 37
Nels Muus, drawing jury list	3 00
W. E. McKenzie, stationery	109 07
Alderman & Sylvester, labor and material	63 26
Sarah Pollard, witness fee justice peace court	1 60
V. D. Carruth, assistance school superintendent	165 00
Arny Grundysen, sheriff fees	42 40
E. J. Grefthen, postage	17 71
Henry Mitchel, justice peace fees	5 25
Sunder Jorge, witness fee J P court	1 90
O. H. Bjoin, team hire	6 00
Henry Nolan, repairing Co. bridge	48 10
Secretary State, copy of salary law	2 75

The auditor was instructed to return the bills and statment of the Pioneer Press Co. for corrections and itemized statement.

Recess taken to 2 p. m.

Two p. m. Members present, Kirsch, Johnson, Demers, Stortroen.

Nels Muus, copying delinquent tax	$ 988 05
Dr. A. Nelson, medical attendance in diphtheria cases	50 00
Dr. A. Nelson, medical attendance in diphtheria cases	21 00
Dr. A. Nelson, medical attendance in diphtheria cases	20 00
McEachran, medical attendance	19 00
McEachran, medical attendance	34 00
McEachran, medical attendance	60 00
McEachran, medical attendance	24 00
Dr. A. Nelson, medical attendance	37 00
Tollef Nelson, board of health fee	35 70
J. P. Johnson, commissioner meeting April 29th	51 00
C. P. Demers, commissioner meeting April 29th,	19 50
A. O. Stortroen, commissoner meeting April 29th	12 60
M. E. Kirsch, commissioner meeting April 29th	18 80

Bills rejected.

Red Lake Falls News, Grand Forks Co., Chas. Kindler, H. C. Norsving, F. H. Knickerbocker A. Bydal, W. S. Booth, Arne Grundysen.

The following resolution was offered and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that for the purpose of settling a certain action brought by the superintendent of schools to have his salary fixed by the District court, be it resolved that the superintendent's salary be fixed at the rate of $1800 per annum from the first Monday in January 1891 to April 9th, 1891; and thereafter as provided by special law approved April 6th, 1891.

Application of Raphel St. Narci was granted.

Petition of C. H. Peterson and Engebretson, supervisors of the town of Sanders was referred to the county attorney.

On motion $75 was granted to the town of Woodside to be expended on road under the supervision of Com. Johnson.

Appropriation of $125 was granted to be expended on the Crookston and Maple Lake county road in the town of Fairfax for building a bridge.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. Morrisey.

GRAND OPENING — GRAND OPENING

NOW That the excitement incident to the opening of the Grand Opera House is over, your attention is respectfully invited to my

Grand Opening

Of a Full and Complete Line of Choice

Fresh Family Groceries

IN THE ROOM JUST SOUTH OF WYATT'S

ON BROADWAY.

My goods are all fresh from the wholesale house and I will not be undersold.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.

W. E. SLOCUM.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleane and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Asker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

Literary.

In the Phrenological Journal and Science of Health for May there are several notable titles that commend themselves to the reader, whether regular or occasional, especially the piquant remarks in "The Voice," "Laugnter" and "The Hair," and the odd "Reverie on Feet," with its striking sketches of attitude; the interesting biography of Dr. Charles Caldwell recalls a very marked character of forty years ago; Phrenological Hits, of which Prof Sizer has elected four, begins a series o items that will add to the liveliness of his department. Lester A. Roberts and E. A. Chapman, both gentlemen well known in New York and Brooklyn circles to receive that appreciative consideration that solid worth and more than common capacity deserves. Portraits accompany the writer's remarks. Dr. Kenealy's very significant study, "The Talent of Motherhood," is concluded with such pertinent and valuable inferences that they deserve to be written in golden letters. Education and the State," has the ring of direct application, and so has "cultivated Wilfulness." In the Science and Health Department, Alcoholism, Chemical Notes of Hygienic Treatment and the absurdities of "Modern Dress," a very witty bit of writing, are leading features. The editor talks of Mozart's skull, Hunt on the Nose, and the new society for examining brains. The other parts of the number are filled with seasonable items, not one of which has dry flavor. Price only 15 cents, or $1.50 a year. Address the publishers, Fowler & Wells Co., 775 Broadway, New York.

WANTED.

Reliable young man to manage branch office at Crookston; must furnish good references and $500,00 cash capital; salary $1000,00 per year. Address Manager, No. 403 Bee Building, Omaha, Neb.

Cedar shingles for sale by I. U. Jennigs. They do not warp, check or rot at the nail holes and they last a life me.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS. - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the Northwest.

CALL IN.

SPRING SALE

—OF—

SPRING CLOAKS

—AND—

JACKETS,

At Fontaine & Anglim's

NEXT WEEK.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

THE THOROUGHBRED

Trotting Stallion

RICHWOOD JR.,

Will stand for the coming season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at Euclid, and the balance of the week at Collins' stables, Crookston.

Richwood Jr. was bred by O. J. Lomen, Decorah, Iowa, sired by Richwood, who has a record of 2:32 and who sired many noted trotters, among them Morfield, record 2:29, Trial 2:20, Kate M. 2:30, and Mohawk 2:50; grand sire Clarks Mohawk, record 2:25, which noted horse sired many noted trotters, among them Mohawk Maid, record 2:20½, single; to pole 2:17. Fashion, record 2:23¼; Lady Clark, 2:27; Jessie private trial, 2:20; Blondin 2:26; Mohawk Hambletonian 2:30; Frank 2:50; Bush 2:42; Mohawk Jr. 2:42; Mohawk Hambletonian sired the noted Keno F., 2:17, that was sold for $15,000.

The attention of farmers and breeders is called to this noted descendent of a long line of trotters. Be sure to see him before engaging service elsewhere.

Flint Bros., Prop's.
G. P. Paseman, Manager.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Forthern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands alond the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. L. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

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Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

Crookston. - - - Minn

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

ECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

from selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.

North Star.

Fife.

Skip Jack.

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montane Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
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AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at al coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

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For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
SecondStreet. Crookston, Minn.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN

NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street. Philad'a, Pa

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records shower 50 000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

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105 Third Street,

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CROOKSTON, MINN.

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L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, May 14, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:25 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
8:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de......St. Paul......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
8:30 p. m. ar......Helena......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:15 a. m......Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Depart 7:30 a. m......Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m......Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Significant Facts for Farmers.

New York Press.

There are some interesting facts in regard to the prices of farm products that have recently been issued by the Agricultural Department, presided over by that sterling protectionist and patriotic American citizen, Jerry Rusk, to which The Press proposes to call attention, in the hope that some of these gentlemen will take occasion to cheer the farmers of the country with the prospect of better prices for their products and better times for themselves. Surely this would be only fair. We have heard so much of the double yoke of mortgages and interest under which the American farmer is bowed down; we have seen so many gloomy pictures relative to the price of his commodities and the narrowness of his profits, that common justice demands at the hands of the representatives of the Alliance a fair presentation of the other side of the picture. We therefore present below a table which shows the general average of prices in the United states of agricultural products from December 1, 1889, to December 1, 1890, as follows:

	Price Dec. 1. 1889.	Price Dec. 1. 1890.	Inc. P. c.
Corn	23.8c. per bush.	50.6c. per bush.	70
Wheat	69.8c. per bush.	83.8c. per bush.	20
Oats	23.0c. per bush.	42.4c. per bush.	84
Potatoes	40.3c. per bush.	77.7c. per bush.	93
Barley	42.7c. per bush.	63.8c. per bush.	52

A glance at the above table will show an increase of 70 per cent, in twelve months in the price of corn, of 20 per cent, in the price of wheat, of 84 per cent. in the price of oats, of 93 per cent. in the price of potatoes and of 52 per cent. in the price of barley.

The Press does not claim that this splendid advance in the price of farm products is entirely due to the McKinley bill and to the settled policy of protection as indicated by the Presidential election of 1888, but it does claim that the fiscal policy of the Republican party has had a great deal to do with this steady growth in the prices of farm products, and it honestly believes that a fair and reasonable trial of the McKinley bill will result in immeasurable benefit not only by the millions of wage earners who are engaged in the manufacturing industries of the country, but to the millions of farmers who depend so largely upon the prices of their commodities for the annual profits which comprise their entire income. Not long ago we pointed out the fact that the farmers' profits are so small that a slight reduction in prices is likely after paying living expenses for the year to turn his surplus into a deficit. For this reason it is indeed gratifying to find such a substantial advance in the prices of farm commodities.

Of course this advance will be disappointing to free traders, because their theory, as pointed out by Hon. Grover Cleveland, is that cheapness and prosperity go hand in hand; that the cheap suit of clothes and the cheap manufactured products are the most desirable, and that the question as to whether that cheapness means the degradation of human labor is of secondary importance. The above figures should appeal to every intelligent farmer, for they not only indicate that times are improving but they clearly demonstrate that the theory of cheapness is a bad one, whether applied to the products of the soil, or the factory or the work shop. Cheap agricultural products mean poverty and misery for the farmer; cheap manufactured products mean the same thing for the wage earner. Those who follow this theory of cheapness have not the welfare of the plain people or the masses of the bread winners at heart.

Face the Music.

West St. Paul Times.

We are not among the number of those who believe the Republicans are little gods who can't do wrong, and who have not done wrong when they had the majority in the Legislature, but it makes us very weary to know that the Democratic and Alliance legislators and the Democratic and Alliance press are trying to saddle the responsibility of all the extravagance of this Legislature upon the Republicans when they were in the minority in both houses, and when, from the opening to the closing of the session, nothing seemed to satisfy these members more than to taunt the Republican side of that fact. Face the music like men, gentlemen.

The Western Settler's Specific.

Carelessly picking up a newspaper the other day our eye was caught by the above title. It turned out to be a puff of the marvelous virtues of some patent medicine. But our thought ran on something like this: A "specific" is a sure cure. What are some of the ills of the Western settler, for which he needs a sure cure? Well, homesickness, discontent with his situation, dullness from running in one groove, seeing no new faces, getting behind the times, and and being hidebound in his opinion. For all these, there is no "specific" so reliable as travel. Is the wife discouraged and homesick? Send her on a visit to the old home. Do you think the people back East are having better times than you? Go back and take a look around for a few weeks. Do you think your opinions are the only ones that are about right? Get out into the world, and see how many people there are who know more than you. In short, travel, get out of your shell, mingle with the world. In whatever direction you go, the best line for you to travel is "The Burlington." It reaches all points. Your local agent can supply you with a ticket. If he cannot write for information to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R. St. Paul Minn.

The Northwestern Agriculturest.

Those who buy cattle this spring believing that there is to be a "boom," should not make the mistake of spending their money for quantity instead of quality. Two really good cows are better and will make more profit than a half dozen medium or scrubby ones. If a farmer is situated so that he can give good care to a small number of pure-bred cattle, he can buy now at such low prices that he should start a pure-bred herd, but in buying them he should take care to get stock that is well up in individual merit and in pedigree. A few years will establish a fine herd, if males only of the increase are sold and females retained, and such a herd will pay in money as well as in satisfaction to the owner. A man who takes an interest in his stock—and only such men should own stock at all—will always get more comfort and more profit out of a few good ones than out of a larger number of average or inferior cattle, and to have the best in the neighborhood and to get the best prices gives him a standing among his neighbors which nothing else approaches. An investment now in good grade or pure-bred cows or heifers cannot fail to make the purchaser a handsome profit.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Uclide Barrette and Nettie Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 600-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($622.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in, and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 61]

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida Marcotte and Francois Marcotte, her husband, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 10:50 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 625-28.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $30 that became due November 1st, 1889, $30 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents, ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼), of Section twenty-two, (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 631

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 7th, 1891.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 18th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼), and lot one (1) of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 62.]

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Bisson, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 30 of mortgages on pages 196-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1888, $3.75 that became due June 2d, 1889, $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1889, $3.75 that became due June 2d, 1890, and $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and four dollars and fifty-seven cents ($304.57.)

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ nw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of Range forty-two (42), containing 120 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 52] [1-7]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Delor Toupin, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 26th day of November A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of Mortgages, on pages 674-6.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due May 26th, 1889, $17.50 that became due November 26th, 1889, $17.50 that became due May 26th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due November 26th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety two dollars and fifty cents ($592.50), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[1-7] [N. G. 51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered, by Ferment Coter, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 235-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $9.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $9.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $9.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $9.75 that became due October 22d, 1890; and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty (40), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 29th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 53]

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 27th, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Napoleon Geron against Peter Bernier, for abandoning his homestead entry No. 13,240, dated Dec. 24th, 1888, upon the w½ nw¼, se¼ nw¼ and sw¼ ne¼ Section 13, Township 150 n, Range 41, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 30th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Frank Johnson and Anna Johnson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the [illegible] day of March, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong, of the County of Broome, State of New York, their mortgage, [illegible]

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLE TOUGAS AND [illegible], his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the [illegible] day of June, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, [illegible]

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARquerite Piette, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the [illegible] day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, [illegible]

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, OLE O. BRADSAT, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, [illegible]

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Marie Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage, [illegible]

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BEIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the [illegible] day of August, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, [illegible]

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 17, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Carl A. Woodstrom against Francis H. [illegible] for abandoning his homestead entry No. [illegible], [illegible] in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the [illegible] day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

[First publication April 9th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. District Court.

A. A. Just vs Louis Harmon.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, [illegible]

ANDY GUNDERSON,
Sheriff of Polk County.

GEO. H. PALMER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [51-5]

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 19th, 1891, viz: EMIL FONTAINE, [illegible]

[51-11] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 11th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 23th, 1891, viz: CHARLES ST. ANTOINE, [illegible]

[52-5] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John E. Zangstrom and Anna Zangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, [illegible]

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 29th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 54]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the [illegible] day of April, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, [illegible]

Dated, April 28th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal

Crookston, May 14, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m.
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:35 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	2:15 p. m.
8:30 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:50 "	Grand Forks	6:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de......St. Paul......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
9:30 p. m. ar......Helena......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m......Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m......Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m......Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Significant Facts for Farmers.

New York Press.

There are some interesting facts in regard to the prices of farm products that have recently been issued by the Agricultural Department, presided over by that sterling protectionist and patriotic American citizen, Jerry Rusk, to which The Press proposes to call attention, in the hope that some of these gentlemen will take occasion to cheer the farmers of the country with the prospect of better prices for their products and better times for themselves. Surely this would be only fair. We have heard so much of the double yoke of mortgages and interest under which the American farmer is bowed down; we have seen so many gloomy pictures relative to the price of his commodities and the narrowness of his profits, that common justice demands at the hands of the representatives of the Alliance a fair presentation of the other side of the picture. We therefore present below a table which shows the general average of prices in the United states of agricultural products from December 1, 1889, to December 1, 1890, as follows:

	Price Dec. 1, 1889.	Price Dec. 1, 1890.	Inc. P. c.
Corn	23.8c. per bush.	50.6c. per bush.	70
Wheat	69.8c. per bush.	83.8c. per bush.	20
Oats	23.0c. per bush.	42.4c. per bush.	84
Potatoes	40.8c. per bush.	77.7c. per bush.	93
Barley	42.7c. per bush.	68.8c. per bush.	52

A glance at the above table will show an increase of 70 per cent, in twelve months in the price of corn, of 20 per cent, in the price of wheat, of 84 per cent. in the price of oats, of 93 per cent. in the price of potatoes and of 52 per cent. in the price of barley.

The Press does not claim that this splendid advance in the price of farm products is entirely due to the McKinley bill and to the settled policy of protection as indicated by the Presidential election of 1888, but it does claim that the fiscal policy of the Republican party has had a great deal to do with this steady growth in the prices of farm products, and it honestly believes that a fair and reasonable trial of the McKinley bill will result in immeasurable benefit not only by the millions of wage earners who are engaged in the manufacturing industries of the country, but to the millions of farmers who depend so largely upon the prices of their commodities for the annual profits which comprise their entire income. Not long ago we pointed out the fact that the farmers' profits are so small that a slight reduction in prices is likely after paying living expenses for the year to turn his surplus into a deficit. For this reason it is indeed gratifying to find such a substantial advance in the prices of farm commodities.

Of course this advance will be disappointing to free traders, because their theory, as pointed out by Hon. Grover Cleveland, is that cheapness and prosperity go hand in hand, that the cheap suit of clothes and the cheap manufactured products are the most desirable, and that the question as to whether that cheapness means the degradation of human labor is of secondary importance. The above figures should appeal to every intelligent farmer, for they not only indicate that times are improving but they clearly demonstrate that the theory of cheapness is a bad one, whether applied to the products of the soil or the factory or the work shop. Cheap agricultural products mean poverty and misery for the farmer, cheap manufactured products mean the same thing for the wage earner. Those who follow this theory of cheapness have not the welfare of the plain people or the masses of the bread winners at heart.

Face the Music.

West St. Paul Times.

We are not among the number of those who believe the Republicans are little gods who can do no wrong and who have not done wrong when they had the majority in the Legislature, but it makes us very weary to know that the Democratic and Alliance legislators and the Democratic and Alliance press are trying to saddle the responsibility of all the extravagance of this Legislature upon the Republicans when they were in the minority in both houses, and when from the opening to the closing of the session nothing seemed to satisfy these members more than to taunt the Republican side of that body. Face the music like men, gentlemen.

The Western Settler's Specific.

Casually picking up a newspaper the other day our eye was caught by the above title. It turned out to be a puff of the marvelous virtues of some patent medicine. But our thought ran on something like this: A specific is a sure cure. What are some of the ills of the Western settler for which he needs a sure cure? Well, homesickness, discontent with his situation, dullness from running in one groove, seeing no new faces, getting behind the times, and being hidebound in his opinions. For all these there is no specific so reliable as travel. Is the wife discouraged and homesick? Send her on a visit to the old home. Do you think the people back East are having better times than you? Go back and take a look around for a few weeks. Do you think your opinions are the only ones that are about right? Get out into the world, and see how many people there are who know more than you. In short, travel, get out of your shell, mingle with the world. In whatever direction you go, the best line for you to travel is "The Burlington." It reaches all points. Your local agent can supply you with a ticket. If he cannot write for information to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R. St. Paul Minn.

The Northwestern Agriculturist.

Those who buy cattle this spring believing that there is to be a "boom," should not make the mistake of spending their money for quantity instead of quality. Two really good cows are better and will make more profit than a half dozen medium or scrubby ones. If a farmer is situated so that he can give good care to a small number of pure-bred cattle, he can buy now at such low prices that he should start a pure-bred herd, but in buying them he should take care to get stock that is well up in individual merit and in pedigree. A few years will establish a fine herd, if males only of the increase are sold and females retained, and such a herd will pay in money as well as in satisfaction to the owner. A man who takes an interest in his stock—and only such men should own stock at all—will always get more comfort and more profit out of a few good ones than out of a larger number of average or inferior cattle, and to have the best in the neighborhood and to get the best prices gives him a standing among his neighbors which nothing else approaches. An investment now in good grade or pure-bred cows or heifers cannot fail to make the purchaser a handsome profit.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Uclide Barrette and Nettie Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 600-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($622.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof: said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [8-9] [N. G. 61]

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS. WEST SIDE.

Crookston, Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

W. A. ROBERTSON

[illegible]

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B.—Nitrous Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida Marcotte and Francois Marcotte, her husband, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 10:50 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 522-23.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $30 that became due November 1st, 1889, $30 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-two (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 63]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 7th, 1891.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 13th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼), and lot one (1), of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [8-9] [N. G. 62.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Bisson, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 36 of mortgages on pages 196-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $3.75, that became due December 2d, 1888, $3.75 that became due June 2d, 1889, $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1889, $3.75 that became due June 2d, 1890, and $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and four dollars and fifty-seven cents ($304.57).

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ nw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of Range forty-two (42), containing 120 acres, more or less according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY, Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON, Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 52] [1-7]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Delor Toupin, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of Mortgages, on pages 574-6.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety-two dollars and fifty cents ($592.50), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court-House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[1-7] [N. G. 51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ferment Coler, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 236-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1890, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty (40), containing 160 acres, more or less according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 30th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [illegible] [N. G. 53]

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 27th, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Napoleon Geron against Peter Bernier for abandoning his homestead entry No. 5,840, dated [illegible] 1888, upon the [illegible] Section [illegible], Township 150 n., Range [illegible] in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 20th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Frank Johnson and Anna Johnson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong, of the County of Broome, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 30, Township 158, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, at 6 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 102; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1891; and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Hannah Amelia Armstrong has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred forty-two and 92-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 29th, A. D. 1891.

HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLE TOUGAS AND CELANISE TOUGAS, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of June 28th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: West half northwest quarter and west half southwest quarter Section 26, Township 151, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1888, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book No. 27 of mortgages, on page 159; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-eight and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 25th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARGUERITE PIETTE, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-nine and [illegible]-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, OLE O. BRADSAT, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of September 3d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 450; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventeen and 50-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-four and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Maria Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 11, Township 149, Range 41 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 412; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen and 75-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of twenty eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline L. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred fifty-four and 75-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 13th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BRIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of August 22d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one (1), and two (2) of Section 19, Township 147, Range 41 west, containing 162 61-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 444; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred thirty-eight and 56-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 17, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Carl A. Woodstrom against Francis R. Beaumette for abandoning his homestead entry No. 8,921, dated May 19th, 1880, upon the sw¼ Section 10, Township 150 n., Range 47 w. in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 10th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

[First publication April [illegible]]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. District Court.
A. A. Just vs. Louis Harmon.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th judicial district, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in Justice Court in favor of A. A. Just and against Louis Harmon, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendant, to-wit: Lot 4, block 3, Hurlbut's addition to the city of Crookston, Polk County, State of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and that I shall on Monday, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Louis Harmon in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to twenty-three dollars and 25 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 31st day of July, 1889, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., April 7th 1891.

ARNY GUNDERSEN, Sheriff of Polk County.

GEO. H. PALMER, Plaintiff's Attorney. [51-5]

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 18th, 1891, viz: EMIL FONTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Minn., Curtis Ayotte, Julian Sauve, Eustach Blanchard, of Kertsonville, Minn.

[51-1] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., April 11th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 25th, 1891, viz: CHARLES ST. ANTOINE, Hd. No. 10,041, for the sw¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 151, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Huot, Joseph Provost, Octave Laconsire, Joseph Pepin, all of Huot P. O., Minn.

[52-5] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John E. Fangstrom and Anna Fangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of March A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 24 day of April, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on pages 61-3.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1888, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1890, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1890, and $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred and thirty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($432.45); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ se¼) of Section twenty-six (26), the west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and southeast quarter of northwest quarter (se¼ nw¼) of Section thirty-five (35) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 29th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 54]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 25th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 2d day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter Section 19, Township 149, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 299; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 32-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seventy-five and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MAY 21, 1891. NO. 5.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents. If paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. I outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES,

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Wheat Investigations.

Work of the Investigating Committee Commenced at 3 o'clock This Afternoon.

The Farmers of the State Will Suffer Injury by Agitation of the Question.

The St. Paul Dispatch View Of It.

"The wheat investigation is once more under way; this time with a good head of steam and a determination on the part of the members of the committee to push it as far as possible and make it cut a wide swath all the way. As previously stated in the Dispatch, they do not propose to stop with Duluth, but will look into the elevators at Minneapolis as well. The Wheat Growers' association, recently organized, with W. W. Erwin as counselor and guide, will do all in his power to furnish the committee with plenty of material on which to work. The members of the alliance have been more than active since the adjournment of the legislature and they have so extended the scope of the investigation that, as a member stated to-day, it is not at all improbable that the committee will consume a couple of months in the work. Not only this, but they have succeeded in stirring up the elevator companies, or rather their financial backers in the East, with their reports of crooked work that the credit of the Minnesota elevators is seriously impaired. In consequence of this the farmer will be obliged to work and sweat a great deal more before he can market his grain this year. It comes from excellent authority that the elevators hereafter will receive no wheat that has not been thoroughly cleaned by the seller. In this way the companies will avoid all danger and keep up the standard of the wheat hand the farmer will be out his labor in cleaning the wheat, which will amount to no small sum on a large farm, and also stand an excellent chance of losing a good deal of the wheat, for the average farmer cannot afford to invest in expensive machinery with which to clean his grain.

These facts will not deter the committee from pushing its work, however. It is purely a political measure and the alliance men propose to make all the capital possible out of it, no matter what the cost to the farmers themselves.

Many of the members of the committee arived this morning and I begun preparations for the meeting, which convened at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The committee proceeded to business at once. Attorney General Clapp is retained as the attorney of the committee. "Erwin can come and go as he pleases, but he will not represent the committee," was the way Senator Geissel put it. The witnesses called this afternoon were C. D. Petterson, Mike Lynch, Leopold Airo, Sivan Hanson, and M. S. Mullen, of Duluth, and J. W. Cross, now of Minneapolis, but late of Duluth."

Well, we fail to see where that would be such an unmitigated evil as we hav always thought that it was against the interests of farmers to pay freight upon such a vast quantity of dirt to Minneapolis and Duluth—to say nothing of excessive dockage in dirt. Farmers cleaned their own wheat before the introduction of elevator fanning-mills and we fail to see why they can't do it now. Instead of employing their wives to spin binding twine and run the scutching machine nights and Sundays, and getting their children out early to hunt bugs and weed onions, why could they not employ them at cleaning wheat as well? We regard this as only another bugbear put up as a bluff.

Duluth Tribune:—The remarkable success of the Imperial mill in making flour at Duluth has attracted the attention of millers all over the country, till they regard this as the prospective milling center of the Northwest. I am confident that within the next three years a large number of flourishing mills will be erected at Duluth and West Duluth.

Amen to that, says the raiser of the famous No 1 Hard in the Red River Valley, and we will furnish you a sample that will make flour that will beat the world. Duluth is the natural milling point for the wheat in this Valley, and we want the Duluth & Winnipeg road to haul it there.

Duluth Tribune:—The Grace M. E. church at the West End celebrated the hundreth anniversary of the Freedman's Aid society by a grand jubilee last night. The young people of the Sunday shool aided to make it a pleasant enterainment.

Mr. Ray Forward made the opening address, welcoming the large audience that had come to celebrate the occasion. Then a general program was given in which the congregation took partr. Recitations were given by the Misses Lour and Jones and addresses were made by Miss Belle Hopkins and Miss Mamie Taylor.

McIntosh Times:—Alphonse Paradis of Poplar River, was in the city Thursday evening on his return trip from Fosston, where he purchased lumber for the completion of his cheese factories which are located at Poplar River and Lambert. Mr. Paradis informs us that the factory will soon be running with milk from six hundred cows, but that the farmers in that vicinity want more cows. Any one having good milch cows for sale can find purchasers by addressing him at Terrebonne Minn.

Northfield News:—It was Abraham Lincoln who said. "The heart of the great American people is right." It is only as our government finds its source and inspiration in the hearts of this great people that its functions are properly performed, its affairs properly administered. The closest relations must exist between the government and the people who made its existence perpetuity possible, and wisely arranged for mutual co-operation and sympathy. The delegation of public affairs to the politician is a later day invention of office seekers and partisans. It has already grown to be a giant evil, and threatens the very foundations of the government. How shall this be cured? By going back to the practices of our forefathers, back to the old town meeting which brought to the discussion of public affairs the best thought of the people. Under that system, no candidate for public office dared appear whose word as a man and a citizen could not bear the closest scrutiny. He would not be a candidate who sought the wishes of the few to subserve the purposes of the designing whose only ambition and whose patriotism was limited to selfish desires. Clearly defined must be his position on the questions of the day, and his position must be endorsed by the majority. And this is the real intention of the laws which declare for the will of the majority. Let the clearly expressed wish of the people rule.

Fergus Falls Journal:—The Great West in speaking of the work done by the alliance men in the last legislature says:

"And yet, with all these favoring circumstances, with the state aroused; with strong men all over the nation anxious to see the great economic crime destroyed, the alliance men of Minnesota secured the clerkships, issued a manifesto—and disolved into invisible mist!

What a record! And, alliance men of Minnesota, we are called upon to say that this band of thirty-five men—men who should have been rock-butressed on eternal truths and self evident right—to say that these men did their duty!

They did not do their duty. They were a failure as a body—a lamentable failure—after the clerkship, etc., were secured!

If humanity don't get weary of these moderate time-servers, and toss them into the pit of oblivion, then humanity will never take the chains from its ankles. If the toiler cannot send radical men it is infinitely better to send none.

Send none! Yes indeed. Send men who will not earn appointment from the dominant parties by their devotion to the cloak-room during roll-call—or their devotion to the plutocrats of the senate on every issue which rises.

We bow our heads in shame and humility over the late record, and humanity still paddles its leaky bark back against the powerful overflowing tide—looking upon coveted promises which are farther removed with each sun's rising!"

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Carry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTYS AT LAW.

McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

SCANDINAVIAN EMIGRANTS.

HEKLA'S PASSENGERS.

New York "Sun," April 7th 91.

Aboard the Thingvalla Line Steamship "Hekla", that arrived at this port Sunday, there were 700 Scandinavian immigrants, healthy, hearty, pithy, and light-haired young people of both sexes. They were bound for the West, the far West, even for Minnesota, where they will take up land and begin a new life as American farmers, raising grains, fruits, and cattle for their own nourishment and for the service of mankind. They were well and warmly dressed as they marched ashore, and they looked as though they possessed all necessary sense, reason, and practical qualities. There were among them no paupers, or felons, or lunatics, or contract laborers, or persons afflicted with loathsome diseases, and it was hardly necessary for the inspection agents at the Barge Office to take a look at them in order to see that they belonged to the class known as "desirable immigrants."

They had come to America as hundreds of thousand of other Swedes and Norwegians have come during the past forty years; they have struck out West to take land as those others did; and they are pretty sure of enjoying the prosperity that so many of their countrymen already enjoy here. To them let bountiful nature give good crops, fine breeds of cattle, and pleasant long lives.

Now, if all our other immigrants from Europe, including those from Italy, Poland, Hungary, and Russia, were as spirited as these Scandinavians, and would follow their example, how much batter it would be for them than crowding into cities, struggling for daily hash and spending years in complaining.

Taxing Personal Properity.

Farm Stock and Home.

The unlawful exemption of personal property from taxation in the United States has attained such gigantic proportions that it is rapidly becoming one of the cardinal subjects of discussion by legislators, the press, and political economist. The situation is aggravated by the galling fact that nearly the entire sum of exemptions is contributed by those who are best able to furnish the bulk of the public revenues—the owners of money, stocks, bonds, mortgages, fine houses, costly pictures, rich jewels, etc., etc. The possessions of men of moderate means are of the kind that cannot be concealed, and assessors fairly revel in the things that are visibly owned by the poorer people, but they famish for something to record when in they company of those whose wealth can be kept in safe and bank vaults.

In the East this deft art of the rich to shift their burdens upon the shoulders of the poorer became so notorious and oppressive that a system of finding personal property, known as "listing," was invented, and has been adopted by several states, with most gratifying results. We are not as yet familiar with the method employed, but reports are at hand regarding results, and they are of a character to make a tax-ridden people most greedily thirst for them.

The system has been in operation in Pennsylvania since 1886. In 1885 the personal property of the state was listed at $145,236,712. Under the "listing" system the next year's valuation was $390,649,556; in 1890 it was $546,965,902, and in '91 it is expected to be over $600,00,000! In a few other states results have been quite as satisfactory. In New York state the assessed valuation of personal property in 1890 was $385,329,181—the city of New York would indignantly spurn the imputation that it alone did not own a greater amount of personal property, and it is believed that the "listing" system applied to that state will raise the valuation to $1,000,000,000, at least. A committee has just reported to the New York legislature that the value of personal property in the state is greater than the realty, yet last year personal property paid but 11 per cent of the taxes, leaving realty to pay all the rest. Pretty near "single tax," that is, but still New Yorkers are not happy.

It is gratifing to know that this matter is occupying so large a place in the public mind, and that the result will be a vastly more equitable distribution of the burdens of taxation who can doubt? For more than a quarter of a century our people were unconscious of the terrible gap unequal taxation was rapidly making between the very rich and those of moderate means. As a despoiler of productive industry the failure of the rich to pay their just proportion of the country's taxes has been an efficient co-worker with over-capitalization, demonetized silver, protective tariff, capitalistic conspiracies, and the whole brood of class laws and special privileges.

COME! COME!

TO C. H. SAAKE'

For Bargains IN JEWELRY, CLOCKS, AND SILVERWARE.

Come and look for yourself and be convinced that I have the Grandest, Largest and Choicest Stock and LOWEST PRICES in the Great Northwest. I make a specialty of

REPAIRING

Fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and if you want a job of any kind done in this line, COME TO ME.

IF YOU WANT SPECTACLES

Of any kind or style, large or small, come to me. In fact for anything in the Jewelry line I am ready to give you the best service and use you so you will be pleased to come agaid.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Crush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's.

ALWAYS FIRST CLASS.

Peterson's Magazine continues to increase in popularity. The June number is a capital specimen of its general excellence and the great improvements made at the beginning of the year. To the ladies "Peterson" is of special importance at this season when the thought necessarily uppermost in every woman's mind "What to Wear and How to Wear it." These are questions which "Peterson" answers in the most simple and satisfactory manner. The beautiful double fashion plates give the newest Parisian toilettes, but give also designs of the freshest novelties in American costume. Peterson evidently agrees with Mrs. Cleveland and other prominent society leaders in their determination to make American styles and fabrics dispute the palm with those of France. The Magazine caters also in every possible way to the needs of housekeepers and home-makers. In point of literary attractions and illustrations it compares favorably with the highest priced periodicals. A new volume begins with the July number, try it for the next six months. Terms, $2,00 a year. $1,00 for six months. Address, PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, 306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia Pa.

Blaine and the Presidency.

Duluth Tribune:—At the present time there is a great deal of unnecessary noise made as to who will be the Republican candidate for the presidency n 1892. No doubt patriotic Democrats are largely shareholders in it—in fact they are turning the crank. The fact of the matter is the Republicans have too much wisdom to kick up a hubbub now over their prospective candidate in 1892. Such a thing as forcing Blaine or any other man to declare himself out of the race is simply absurd, and no wise or patriotic Republican will either listen to or echo such a fatuous suggestion. No doubt Democrats would be rejoiced to see an unseemly wrangle strike up between the admirers of President Harrison and Secretary Blaine, so that with the Republican divided into two warring camps, there would be good hope for David Bennett or Grover. It is scarcely necessary to state that the Republican will hardly afford them such an exhibition. Secretary Blaine is to-day by all odds the ablest and most brilliant man in the Republican ranks—nay more, it must be conceded that Mr. Blaine stands easily at the head of American statemanship, but should Republican leaders adjudge President Harrison the strongest candidate for 1892, there is satisfaction in knowing that at the proper time Mr. Blaine will not be a barrier in his way. The present is neither the time nor the season to discuss the strength of candidates.

A Lumberman Agriculturist.

Mississippi Valley Lumberman.

Hon. D. M. Clough, of the lumber firm of Clough Brothers, Minneapolis, has been elected president of the State Agricultural society of Minnesota and will add the duty of managing the great annual fair of the association to his other public and private labors. Mr. Clough has given a great deal of time, and unsparingly of his energies, to public duties during the past years. Mr. Clough was born in Lyme, New Hampshire, in 1864, and came to Minnesota when he was only ten years of age and worked on his father's farm in Spencer Brook. Together with his brothers he went into the woods each winter and the brothers soon became among the most successful and largest loggers on the river. They acquired some pine lands and in 1873 moved to Minneapolis and erected a saw mill on the east side of the river and began the manufacture of lumber. The firm have been actively engaged in the lumber business in Minneapolis ever since, the subject of this sketch continuing the business under the old firm name upon the death of his brother, Gerry Clough, a year or more ago. Mr. Clough's first public office was that of alderman. He continued in the common council of Minneapolis for a period of four years and during one year president of that body. He served in the state senate from 1886 to 1890 and has been a member of the republican state central committee for a number of years. He is extensively interested in stock raising. The old homestead in Spencer Brook town, Isanti county, has been converted into a stock farm and its stables filled with animals of high degree. Mr Clough is a lover of fine horses, and his election to the position of president of the state agricultural society is a recognition not only of his niterest in agriculture and stock raising but of his executive ability. He accepted the position, however, reluctantly.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP.

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, May 21, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 91.
1 Northern 89.
2 Northern 86.
3 Northern 81.

Fine growing weather.

Judge Ira. B. Mills spent the Sabbath in this city.

Mrs. E. Lancaster has returned from a short visit below.

Mrs. Fred, Hall is visiting friends and relatives in Wisconsin.

Andrew Steenerson has gone to the Cincinnati convention.

A glorious rain Tuesday night and Wednesday made the grass just sing.

Ladies, call and see those elegant millinery goods at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' store.

A splended rain on Monday night did thousands of dollars worth of good to crops in Polk County.

Call at Woodham's new place in Opera Block and see the Crookston Furniture Co's fine display.

The great national game of quoits is having its innings in this city just now. Some of the b'yes do be developing great muscle in those days.

Mrs. Mary Coykendall returns this week to her home in Racine after a pleasant visit with the family of her brother, Alderman I. U. Jennings.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The higliest cash price paid therefor. J.E. Morrisey.

Mrs. Paulsrud is having built a fine picket fence in front of her residence on Sampson's Addition, which much improves the appearance of the premises.

If the ladies appreciate bargains in millinery they will do well to call and examine Mrs. E. E. Bangs' stock and get her prices.

Crookston Furniture Co., have not moved their undertaking stock from their second street store. They intend carying a complete stock of Burial Supplies at both stores.

Erich Hoff was down from St. Hilaire this week. Says his residenc was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. The St. Hilare Fire Department did effective work and saved much valuable property.

Frank Benoit took a run up to see the folks on Tuesday, looking as genial as of old. He has his same mail route on the N. P. which keeps him pretty busy. He says he sees lots of improvements since his last visit.

Minneapolis seems to have the cinch on delinquent dogs—at least Mayor Wiuston has appointed a dog-catcher who must of necessity prove dangerous to dogs without a collar. They have no earthly chance to escape him as he is always Hidden.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

Charlie Lowe returned last week from a trip to Texas, Mexico, New Orleans and Maryland, looking well. When we congratulated him upon his appearance he averred that by rights he had no business to look "fresh" as he had soaked in salt water all winter. Says he had a splendid trip and enjoyed it hugely.

A musical and dramatic entertainment will be given at the Grand Opera House on Friday evening, June 5th, for the benefit of the cornet band. The boys are making excellent progress and deserve to be encouraged. The proceeds of this entertainment will be used toward procuring uniforms. Tickets 35 cents. Box office open June 4th and 5th.

While the dwellers in the famous Red River Valley have enjoyed sufficient moisture for crops this spring, it seems that locations south of us have not been so fortunate. The southern and central parts of the state and South Dakota complain loudly of drouth, which has checked the growth of grass and grain alarmingly. They estimate a serious damage to the hay crop already.

The Grand Forks Plaindealer responds to our views on the college question in the proper spirit. If more of that spirit was evinced these vexatious questions that are continually arising could be far better adjusted and with more credit to all concerned. Grand Forks contains a great many hustlers who are ever on the alert to secure the very best of everything for their city, and so has Crookston, and this is all laudable and well—it is that kind of enterprise that makes big cities, but after once having been fairly beaten, it is not the proper thing for the defeated party to turn loose and abuse the successful one. The object of the Association should be to build up a good strong college institution, one that will be a credit to it, and if it requires the full strength of the Association to build and equip one such an institution, all minor considerations should be dropped and all units in the effort, unless there is a demand for two such and the Association is able to build and run them, in which case it would be all right and proper to build one at Grand Forks. One good solid institution, equipped and run by a united Association would be far better than two starveling colleges run by a divided Association. It strikes us that that is a question for the Association itself to decide.

Decoration Day.

PROGRAM OF EXERCISES.

The following program has been arranged for Decoration Day, Saturday, May 30th, 1891:

The procession will be formed at 1 o'clock p. m. by Marshal, I. U. Jennings, with C. H. Jefferson, assistant.

Col. Cobham Post, No. 90, G. A. R., will form on Second street; also Crookston Fire Department, juvenile Fire Department of Carman, and St. John's Society.

The line of march will be in the following order:

Plattoon of city police.
Mayor, orators of the day, clergy and city council in carriages.
Queen City Band, Crookston Fire Department and Juvenile Fire Department.
St. John's Society.
Good Templars.
Sons of Veterans.
Col. Cobham Post, G. A. R.

The column will move to the old Opera House where memorial services will be held.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

Selection by the band.
Reading of orders.
Salute the dead.
Address of welcome, by the Mayor.
Music by the club.
Prayer, by Rev. O. H. Elmer.
Reading of Scriptures, by Rev. C. F. Sharp.
Music by the club.
Address by Edwin M. Stanton, Esq.
Music by juveniles.
Music by the band.
Address by Rev. R. H. Battey.
Music by club.
Strewing flowers and song "America."
Benediction by Rev. F. C. Whitney.

Our citizens generally are requested to donate flowers which they may be able to spare, and if possible send to the hall on the morning of the 30th before 10 o'clock. If any of our citizens are mourning the loss of soldier friends whom they wish remembered, if they will bring or send wreaths or bouquets to the hall, accompanied by card giving name, number of regiment and State, they will be properly placed, and those who have friends buried in the cemetery are requested to mark their graves with small flags that the committee may be able to suitably decorate them on Memorial Day.

Shall We Celebrate.

Is a question our people are beginning to ask themselves in relation to the coming Fourth of July and The Journal can see no good reason why the question should not be answered in the affirmative. With the crop prospects that we have there is certainly incentive enough and every reason why Crookston should get up the grandest celebration we ever attempted. All that is necessary is to talk it up and then take hold and push it through.

The attractions Mrs. E. E. Bangs offers the ladies are fashionable goods in the latest styles of the very best qualities and extremely low prices. You will do well to call and examine her goods and get prices.

The Red River Valley College Association will hold its yearly meeting in the City of Crookston, Thursday, the 4th day of June next, at 10 o'clock a. m. Business of great importance to the Association will be transacted, and all members are cordially invited to attend.

Crookston, May 14th, 1891.

[5-6] C. Saugstad, Sec.

John Paterson returned last week from a visit to Duluth and West Superior where he found a number of old-time Crookston boys—all doing very well and laying up more or less wealth. Says P. J. McGuire is coining money in the commission business and as happy as he is prosperous. John thinks Polk County prospects are ahead of any place he has seen yet.

The grand ball which was to have been given at the Crookston Opera House on Friday night last was postponed on account of several other gatherings on the same evening, until next Friday night, the 22d inst., when everything will be done by the management to please those attending. Music by Prof. Casad's orchestra and the Queen City Band. Everybody invited.

Several boys were amusing themselves by shooting at a mark one day last week when one of them, a Mortinson boy, received a charge of shot which laid him up for the time being. Just how it happened is a bit of a mystery, and a dozen different stories are told but as near as we can get at it the boy was attending the target which was on a barrel behind which he was stationed. It is said that he looked out just too previous and received a portion of the shot in the face. He will lose one eye at any rate if no worse.

The Red River Valley Loan and Investment Company held a meeting last week and elected the following officers: H. L. Melgaard, Argyle, President; A. Grindland, Warren, and C. O. Christianson, Crookston, Vice-Presidents; O. H. Lucken, Crookston, Secretary and Treasurer. The company has rented an office in the Opera Block, and starts business with a capital stock of $100,000. They intend to do a general loaning business, buy and sell real estate mortgages and transact all business incident to such companies. Being a home company the money paid them does not go out of the county as is the case with foreign loan companies, but is re-invested among us. H. L. Melgaard goes to Europe shortly in the interest of the new company and will remain abroad a few months.

Mrs C. P. Hathaway is visiting friends and relatives at Hamline.

His Honor Mayor McKinnon went to St. Paul on Saturday evening on public business.

Miss Minnie Bailey has returned from Minneapolis very much improved in health.

Mrs Jack Bunnell and Miss Dollie have gone for a visit to friends in St. Paul and Minneapolis,

The festival given by the temperance legion on Tuesday evening was a big success socially and financially.

Rentfrow's Jolly Pathfinders played two nights at the Grand Opera house last week to good houses. Rentfrow always draws.

The Douglas County News has put in a new power press. The News is an excellent local paper and deserves prosperity.

Deacon Bain was up from Fisher on Tuesday morning, says they had a good rain there on Monday night and crops are looking exceedingly fine.

Knute Rollage came from the east-side on Tuesday. Says the copious rains of Monday night did ever so much good to the crops and to grass.

Souvenir spoons with the name of our City etched in Bowl at C. H. Saake's.

School closes one week from to-morrow. Commencement exersises will probably be held at the Grand Opera house on Wednesday evening, June 3d.

The Ladies of the Presbyteran church gave a strawberry and ice cream festival at the opera house block on Tuesday evening. Well attended and the receipts good.

Pointer:—The Polk County Journal reached its 14th birthday last month, and bids fair to reach 114 if always in the hands of such energetic publisher as H. E. Cooke evidently is.

E. K. Overland was up from Fertile on Tuesday. Reports a fine rain down that way last night. Thinks that some damage has been done to wheat by frost but this rain may help it out some.

The Crookston Furniture Co. is now located in the new Opera Block and have one of the finest stores in the Northwest. They intend stocking up the old stand on Second street as soon as building is ready, having decided to carry on a wholesale as well as retail business.

Krogh's restaurant, in the new opera block, has been doing a good business from the start. Mr. Krogh has been obliged to engage three times the number of waiters he started with in order to keep up with his business. We hear it said that he runs the concern in first-class shape and is becoming popular. Appearnces indicate that this diagnosis is correct.

Services at the Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday May 24th as follows. At 11 A. m. the pastor will preach the first of a series of seven sermons on the Lord's Prayer. Subject "Our Heavenly Father" Sunday School at 12:15 Epworth League meeting at 7. p. m. At 8 o'clock the pastor will preach a Memorial Sermon before the Col. Cobham Post G. A. R. By special request this service will be held in the old Opera House.

The excursion to Maple Bay on Sunday last was taken in by a number of our citizens, who report having had a day of real enjoyment. Messrs Tatro, & Felsing, the proprietors of the steamer Maple Bay Belle, were indefatigable in their efforts to please their patrons and so successfully did they accomplish their task that fully 350 people went out on the boat during the day. At the pavillion many enjoyed themselves dancing. A large number of the elite of Fertile were present and altogether it was estimated that between 300 and 600 people were on the grounds.

WANTED.

A good man for a farm until snow flies. Call at The Journal office or M. E. Bartlett's residence on Section 9, Fairfax.

Novelties in Birthday Rings, Souvenir tea and coffee spoons at C. H. Saake's Jewelry store.

Seed Potatoes.

I have a supply of choice potatoes for sale for seed. Address E. D. Childs.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

Wednesday and Thursday, May 27th and 28th.

RETURN OF THE FAVORITES,

R. D. MACLEAN,

AND

MARIE PRESCOTT

Supported by Their Own Company.

Wednesday will be presented the great play,

SPARTACUS,

Thursday evening, Last appearance. The new and great success

CLEOPATRA.

Reserved seats $1.00. For sale at the Opera House box office.

John Whiteley, Manager.

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK

ON

Carpets and Rugs

CARPETS,

UPHOLSTREY GOODS,
LACE CURTAINS,
and CURTAIN GOODS.

75c A Pair of Lace Curtains for 75c

Parasols and Umbrellas at a Sacrifice.

20c Ladies Fast Black Hose 20c
8c Ladies' good ribbed Vest 8c
5c A good fast colors Challice 5c.

MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH CARE.

I. O. O. F BLOCK,
rookston, Minn.

Gervais, the Hustler.

House Furnishings

Albert Arthur Miller, oldest son of A. A. and Alice L. Miller, died at the family residence on May 16th, 1891, after an illness of nearly eight weeks with typhoid fever. He was born at Waukesha, Wis., on January 22d, 1879, where he lived until June, 1883, when his parents removed to Fargo, where they lived until April, 1888, when they came to Crookston to live. He was an unusually bright, intelligent and trustworthy boy, never sick until he was taken with the fever on March 31st. He was not considered dangerously ill until about two weeks previous to the day he died, and early in the last week the fever left him and he appeared to be gaining. He was always foremost in his classes in school and Sunday school, where he was a great favorite with his teachers and companions. The funeral services took place at the family residence, on Houston avenue, on Sunday, at four o'clock, the Rev. R. H. Battey officiating. In his sermon Mr. Battey said:

"In his studies he displayed those excellent qualities of mind which teachers recognize as prophetic of a character of power, wisdom and grace in the after years. The steady thought and faithful love of learning of his youthful mind made Albert friends among both schoolmaster and teachers. The young heart had hungered after righteousness and in various ways he sought blessing and Divine help from his Savior and Redeemer. The evening prayer had long been a real and regular means of grace to his boyhood life. His genial and regular obedience to his parents was something more than ordinary. It seems to flow from that spring of God's saving grace given to children who love and obey their father and mother, and in this course to obey the Heavenly Father and obtain gifts and experiences of the redeemed. Albert Miller will be missed from his father's pew in our church and from his class in our Sunday school. His place at home will remain empty, but it is the firm conviction of his bereaved parents that he has entered the joyful place where the righteous are."

Very many of his young companions came, bringing boquets of lovely flowers as a last tribute to their departed friend, and very many of the friends of the family also came. The remains were borne to rest in Oakdale cemetery followed by a long line of carriages.

Everybody should see the latest novelty in birthday rings at C. H. Saake's Jewelry store.

G. A. R. services next sabbath at the old opera house at 8 P. M., conducted by the M. E. pastor, Rev. C. F. Sharpe. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

A. Leibert, aged 22 years, died on Sunday morning of typhoid fever at his residence a short distance from the city. The funeral occurred on Tuesday afternoon, was largely attended, many going from the city.

The morning sermon at the Congregational church next sabbath is specially calculated for the teachers and pupils of the high school in view of its close next week. All are cordially invited to attend.

Everybody and his family should attend the preliminary dedication services at the old opera house on Sunday evening. Let all the children come while there young hearts are susceptible of good patriotic sentiments. Very soon this will be theirs duty alone.

Morning service conducted by the Pastor at the Congregational church next Sunday 11 A. M., "Knowledge and Happiness" An illustrated sermonette to children just before the sermon. Sermon is for the students and teachers of our city schools, all of whom are cordially invited. No evening services.

Notice To Whom it May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that E. Erickson is no longer manager of the Crookston meat market. All bills must be paid to me or the new manager at the market.

Elias Steenerson,
Prop. Crookston meat Market.

Who Lost That Turkey.

If the party who did will call at this office and describe the bird we can tell him where he can find his turkey.

The undersigned begs to express his most hearty thanks to the kind and generous friends in Crookston who have aided him by their contributions in his work of planting Sunday schools in the new and destitute places of this growing Northwest. And his earnest prayer is that the aid they have so generously given to him for his work may be returned an hundred fold in blessings to them. S. N. Millard,

Missionary of the American Sunday School Union.

A Spartacus Success.

A Great Hit by the MacLean-Prescott Company Last Evening.

Manitoba Free Press.

The Princess was crowded to the doors last evening when the MacLean-Prescott company presented in "Spartacus," a role in which, perhaps, the star appears to his greatest advantage. Most assuredly, judging by the applause accorded, the effort was a great one, and the demonstrations of delight at the finale of the second act almost reached an ovation. At the close of every act, indeed, a recall was demanded Miss Prescott sharing the honors with Mr. MacLean. Her Senona, the faithful wife of the great barbaric Spartacus, was all that could have been expected of an artiste of her great ability, while Spartacus himself—a perfect specimen, physically, of manhood, with a Herculean frame, a powerful voice and a stage presence of a Forrest—carrying the house by storm. The support was admirable. Mr. Mathews (Phasarius) and Mr. Aurbuckle (Crassus) especially receiving the plaudits of the audience. Miss Malcolm made an excellent Julia, and the rest of the cast was equal to the occasion. The scenic effect were capital, the costumes rich and if one is to judge by the expression of approval no greater triumph has ever been scored on the Winnipeg stage.

This evening "Cleopatra"—the opening piece of the season—will be presented, and to marrow afternoon the bill will include "The Merchant of Venice" at the matinee and "Ingomar" in the evening. The engagement has been prolonged one week, so great has been the success, and will probably close, as it did exactly a year ago, on the anniversary of the Queen's birthday.

This troupe will appear at the Grand Opera house on May 27th and 28th.

CROOKSTON OPERA HOUSE

W. L. PALMER, Manager.

GRAND

International Ball,

Friday, Eve. May 22d.

The house will be decorated with American, Scandinavian and French flags and the music will be furnished by Prof. Casad's Orchestra and the Queen City Band.

TICKETS $1.00.

Everybody Invited.

For Sale or Trade For City Property.

A fine farm situated two miles from the city limits. Two hundred and twenty acres now sowed to wheat, barley and oats and the balance, one hundred acres under contract to be broken and backset this season. Eighty acres under fence, good house and barn, artisian well and a fine grove of trees. Owner will sell at a reasonable figure on ample time or exchange for city property. For further particulars call at The Journal office. [5-t-f.]

Sterling silver souvenir spoons, at C. H. Saake's.

A Rare Treat.

Is promised to theaters-goers next week in the second appearence in our city of Marie Prescott supported by an excellent company. Do not miss this opportunity to see one of the best troupes now on the road.

Grand Opening Week.

At the new furniture Store in Opera Block. One of the largest stocks west of the twin cities will be subjected to the usual attending Grand Opening. Remember we have handsome carpets of all grades and qualities Curtain, Draperies as well all kinds of Furniture upholstery.

St. John Baptiste Society has decided to celebrate St. John's Day this year, and will soon get out one of their old-time programs, which we shall publish later.

Joseph Laframboise starts this week for Montana with a carload of fine cows for the Montana trade. Before he went he went out to M. E. Bartlett's and bought a fine full blood Holstein Friesian cow and a full blood Jersey bull calf.

Andrew Finseth, brother to Martin Finseth, who lives about six miles west of the city died on Wednesday morning. About a week ago he was kicked by a horse from the effects of which he never recovered. Funeral occurs on Friday.

PROPOSALS.

In the Erection of A Collage Building At Crookston Polk County, Minn.

Notice, is hereby given that Sealed Bids will be received by Rev. C. Saugstad at Crookston Polk Co. Minn., until 10 o'clock a m. on Monday, June 1st, A. D. 1861, for the building of a College building at Crookston, Minn., according to plan and specification now on file at the office of J. W. Ross, architect, Grand Forks, N. D.

Two and one half per cent of the amount of bid, by certified check will be required to accompany each proposal for the entrance into contract if awarded. The Board of Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids,

[4-6]

Crookston, April 29, '91.

I invite all parties to call and examine my full and complete stock of Dry Goods and Notions, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Crockery and Glassware. I have always conducted my business upon liberal principles, so all the goods are marked down to prices defying competition. Purchasers are respectfully requested to call early to prevent disappointment.

ANDREW STURE.

Opposite Merchants' National Bank.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Like, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

Minor Rood, Mentor, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE
Crookston, Minn., May 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 25th, 1891, viz: EMI FOUNTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 31, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Itvard, Crookston, Min., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, of Gentilly, Minn., Eustach Blanchard, of Carman, Minn.

[5-10] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

[First publication May 21st. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK, —ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. John Cromb and Karl Sletten, plaintiffs, vs. Alexander Allardyce and Mary Genrue, defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 14th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB Plaintiff's Attorney,
[5-11] Crookston, Minn.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Spring Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAI NG !

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

STEAM LAUNDRY.

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

Crookston. - - - - Minn.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,

LAWYERS,

FOURNET BLOCK,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of said Co's. CALL ON ELI!

A WAR OF EXTERMINATION.

Prof. Harper, of the State Experiment Station, Is Waging It Against Inferior Grades of Wheat.

His Efforts Seconded by C. A. Pillsbury, Who Gives the state a Thousand Bushels of No. 1 Scotch Fife.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Prof. D. N. Harper, agricultural chemist of the state experiment station, has just issued a bulletin relative to the growing of No. 1 Scotch Fife wheat, which will be read with great interest by all wheat producers of the state. Prof. Harper's efforts to better the condition of agriculture and to work an improvement in farm methods are well known. The professor attributes failures in farming largely to slovenly, careless methods, and is attempting to reform business methods on the farm.

Prof. Harper, devotes his attention to all fields of agriculture and all classes of its products. His recent exhaustive experiments and valuable conclusions regarding the adaptability of Minnesota soil for the cultivation of the sugar beet, and his diligent inquiries into the cause of the flax disease which has to a certain extent afflicted the southern counties of the state, indicate the value of the work in which he is engaged. For the past two or three years the professor has given a large part of his time to studying the methods of Minnesota farmers in the matter of wheat growing.

In the winter and early spring of 1889-90 he gave a series of lectures, in company with Prof. Hayes, of the state university, traveling through the northern counties of the state, where crops had been affected, and his instructions to the farmers regarding the proper seed to be sown, and the manner of preparing it, were of untold benefit, as demonstrated by the superior character of the crop which resulted, as compared with the two previous seasons, the three crops having been grown under simililar conditions.

IN HIS LATEST BULLETIN

he states that observation and experiment show quite conclusively that the best wheats for our conditions are the pure Scotch Fife and Blue Stem, the former being the superior variety. He then gives rules for the selection of wheat seed, and adds:

It is well known act that the farmers of Minnesota in the past few years have gradually discontinued the seeding of Scotch Fife on the ground that it had run its race and was no longer a good yielder. The result has been that many varieties inferior in good flour making qualities have been sown under the expectation that larger yields would bring increased remuneration; but the results in all these cases show that no variety yet discovered will equal in hardihood, as well as in all other essential qualifications, the old Scotch Fife. The only substitute which approximates it in value is the Blue Stem, but successive croppings of this variety show that it more rapidly deteriorates in yield and quality than the former; beside, its tendency toward sensitiveness in adverse climatic conditions and its other disadvantages herein before enumerated.

In the early part of last spring Prof. Harper concluded that it was highly important that a war of extermination should be commenced upon the inferior varieties of wheat which were being sown all over Minnesota, and that an attempt should be made to return to the old conditions when the state produced a uniform crop of the finest wheat in the known world. By persistent efforts he at last found a coadjutor in Hon. C. A. Pillsbury, who placed at the disposal of the station 1,000 bushels of absolutely pure Scotch Fife, obtained from one field in North Dakota; this seed was distributed in time for this year's seeding under the following

CONDITIONS OF COMPETITION:

1. It shall be planted on new ground—that which has not grown a crop—or on summer fallowed land, or on land which has just raised a crop of potatoes, corn or millet.
2. A record shall be kept of the date when planted, size of plot, time when ripe, and dates when harvested and threshed.
3. A small sample of the crop, together with the record shall be sent to me.
4. It shall be seeded at the rate of at least one bushel per acre. The wheat will be distributed in packages not to exceed five bushels, and it is suggested that one bushel be the rate at which it is seeded when a press drill is used, and a bushel and a peck when seeded broadcast.
5. A bushel of the crop shall be sent by each farmer to the state fair of 1891. Mr. Pillsbury will give a premium of $100, divided in three different prizes, for the best samples submitted there. The expense of transportation to the state fair will be borne by the experiment station, and the wheat will then be the property of the experiment station. This wheat will be distributed next year.

The $100 offered as a premium by Mr. Pillsbury will be divided as follows: First, premium, $30; second, $35; third, $20; fourth, $15; fifth, $10. The points to be taken into consideration in making the award are: Weight per bushel, color, plumpness, percentage of gluten and quality of gluten.

This seed has been divided among 500 of the most careful farmers in all portions of the state. Some pure Blue Stem wheat which was propagated L. J. Haynes of Fargo has been sown in connection with the Scotch Fife to ascertain comparative results. The wheat received from each farmer at the fair will be subsequently distributed as seed. The possible benefits to be derived from this move cannot be computed, and the results are therefore being looked forward to with considerable interest.

The May WIDE AWAKE is made by Hon. John D. Long, Susan Coolige, Margaret Sidney, Mrs. Frances A. Humphrey, Mrs. William Claflin, Alexander Japp LL.D., Mrs. Katharine Foote, the author of "Dear Daughter Dorothy," Marian Douglas, Kirk Munroe, Mrs. Clara Doty Bates, Miss Amanda B. Harris, Mary Felicia Butts, Edith Black, E. H. Hawley of the Smithsonian institution, Agnes Repplier, Caroline Hunt Rimmer, Miss McKeag, Margaret Lake, Marietta Ambrosi, Maria Johns Hammond, together with the bright anecdote-relaters who fill the pages of "men and Things," and the various picture-makers—Childe Hassam, Brennan, Miss Plympton, Bridgman, Garrit, Miss Rimmer, Virginia Gerson, Mente, and Hiram Barnes. All the stories, articles and poems are capitrl.

WIDE AWAKE is $2,40 a year; 20 cents a number. A specimen (back number) will be sent on receipt of 5 cents. D. Lothrop Company Publishers Boston.

A Political Antithesis.

Praire Farmer.

It is a somewhat curious fact that the pride and the shame of our government, that which places us to the apex of all movements for civilization, and that which argues our retrogradation to the depravity of oriential ignorance, sohld exsist in adjoining territories. I refer to the polygamy of Utah, and the citizenship of Wyoming.

A short residence in the capital cities will seem to show even a casual observer the difference in the estimation in which women are held. Where the dignity of personal choice and possession are with-held, and one woman is only one of many, we do not of course expect to to see her accorded the deference due an equal or the reverence yielded a wife as the "Gentiles" understand it. The facts bear us out. A friend, the wife of a missionary at Salt Lake City, told me of two men driving, crowding her carriage till she took her whip in hand, when she was allowed to pass on unmolested. The general treatment is that which relegates women to the position always of an inferior. One breathes a different air with the first breath of Wyoming. Never have I seen such respect accorded women. It was evident on the first morning I stepped from the train. No matter how busy a man is, he always has time to answer her inquiry, to walk considerably out of his way to give information, to give personal assistance to a stranger. The fact of her sex is her passport regardless of personal appearance or character. No woman so humble but the hat of every man or boy is lifted at her recognition. Courtesy seems not to have to be taught to young boys as in other places. The smallest lad in knee trousers is as ready with his cap, or as careful to walk around out of the way, or spring to capture a fallen article, as the most perfumed gallant (which, by the way, is almost an obsolete article. The vigorous breezes and the bracing atmosphere makes men, not dudes) Even in the schoolroom, I understand, the stern rebuke of the teacher is softened by that never-failing attention to her from the youngster who rides his broncho like a typical cowboy.

I do not know whether the fact that out of the 65,000 of population for the State there is one woman to ninteen men, has anything to do with the state of affairs or not; presumably not a great deal.

For twenty years, since Esther Morris administered successfully the office of Justice of the Peace, among the mountains of South Pass, the minds of the people have dealt with the idea of woman's mental and political equality. The women quietly, with no shock to the homes, have done what it seemed was required of them. And never once have the citizens, loyal to them and to their ideal of a perfectly free representation, ceased their efforts until the State went into the Union with the matter of sex as a political barrier settled forever.

Cheyenne, Wyo. IDA ESTELLE CROUCH.

Fabulous Fortune.

It Falls Suddenly To Duluth Mine Owners.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

Luck of the bonanza order has come to many Duluthians by the recent sale of a mineral claim. But such is the nature of some, that nothing, however good, will appease their avarice. They will always complain that it was not moie.

A short time ago the Badger, Porcupine and West End mines at Silver Mountain were consolidated and sold for the magnificent sum of $10,000,000, to Gotham capitalists. But it appears that there were other New Yorkers who wanted these mines, and on missing the snap determined on getting some other equally as good. They soon learned that the Crown Point mine was for sale and made an offer of $600,000. The Duluthians interested in this mine are Judge Stearns, Judge Ensign Tinkham Bros., C. E. Shannon, A. D. Cummings, James Billings and G. A. Elder.

These gentlemen, no doubt, had felt the pinch of the financial panic too keenly of late to hesitate long in jumping at such a plum, and soon the words "Let Her Go!" were carried to New York as fast as the day rate message could be conveyed by wire. Yesterday morning a telegraphic message was received bringing the news:

"The money is deposited; send deeds at once." But now instead of being jubilant and filled with a superabundance of excitement, spirits, the sellers are very much dejected, and regret that they did not ask $8,000,000.

GRAND OPENING — GRAND OPENING

NOW That the excitement incident to the opening of the Grand Opera House is over, your attention is respectfully invited to my

Grand Opening

Of a Full and Complete Line of Choice

Fresh Family Groceries

IN THE ROOM JUST SOUTH OF WYATT'S'

ON BROADWAY.

I My goods are all fresh from the wholesale house and will not be undersold.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.

W. E. SLOCUM.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purehasing, Give Us a Call.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleane and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken. C. Hendrickson. Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 21st, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 29.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.90 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range thirty-two (32) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 19th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65]

H. STEENERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashi e

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. R. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. E. ERIKSON, Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum. Particular attention is invited to our line of Meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the North.

CALL IN.

SPRING SALE

—OF—

SPRING CLOAKS

—AND—

JACKETS,

At Fontaine & Anglim's

NEXT WEEK.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

First publication May 21st, 1891.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Kindler and Minnie Kindler, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 36 of mortgages, on pages 29-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due December 29th, 1888, June 29th, 1889, December 29th, 1889, June 29th, 1890, and December 29th, 1890, each of said installments being for $28. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents, ($973.10) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty-six, (26), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing 160 acres. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton.
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N: G. 66.]

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES.
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest: Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 rite F. I. Whitney, S. Paul, Minn	Hunting, Fishing.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

ECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

[illegible] Red River Wheat,

Lee & Herrick's Best.

North Star.

Fife.

Skip Jack.

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations. Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

SecondStreet, Crookston, Minn.

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TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

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L. E. GOSSMAN,

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No. 3 Fournet Block, CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, May 21, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:25 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

GREAT NORTHERN R. R. LINE.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. do.	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m. .... Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Free Sugar And The Tariff.

Toledo Blade.

The following letter, which we have no doubt was written in good faith, comes to us from Homer, Iowa. As the questions there asked frequently come up in tariff discussions, we reprint the letter and answer it here:

> You say "the tariff is not a tax." If that is true (1) will you explain what it was that made us pay $1 for four pounds less of sugar before April 1 than we get now since April 1?
>
> (2) If taking the tariff off of raw sugar and reducing it 2 cents a pound on refined sugar, so cheapens it as to give us four pounds more for a dollar, will not the same result follow the reduction of the tariff upon all articles that protects but does not prohibit?
>
> I voted for the elder Harrison, and the Republican ticket from the formation of the party, including the present Harrison; but I now begin to suspect that the Republican leaders have been deceiving us, and am anxious for more light on the subject.

A protective duty pre-supposes that we are capable of raising or manufacturing all of the articles on which it is laid needed by our own people. This is not true of sugar. The duty on sugar did not increase the production in America, because the climate and soil adapted to the cultivation of the Southern sugar cane are to be found in very few areas, and those small ones along the Gulf. This was not the fault of the protective system; no law can change climate, or secure a peculiar soil.

The statement that "the tariff is not a tax', is a general one, and is intended to embrace the workings of the entire law, taken as a whole, rather than of any one specific duty. To make it absolutely and specifically correct, it would read, "a protective duty is not a tax, but a revenue duty is." In reply to the first question we will say, that the reason is that the sugar duty was a revenue duty, and not a protective duty.

(2) No, the same result will not follow. There is no article which our correspondent can name on which there has been a protective duty for five years or more, of which we cannot and do not produce enough for our needs in the United States; hence a reduction of the duty on those articles would not cheapen them. We have a fine example of this in the new tariff law. It reduces the duty on steel rails something like $5 per ton. That reduction went into effect October 1 last. It produced no change whatever in the price of steel rails.

Why? Simply because our own steel mills produced all the rails we needed, and we are not compelled to buy abroad. The competition of our own mills with foreign mills reduced the price to a reasonable one, corresponding with the cost of production. If the case of steel rails had been like that of sugar—that is, that we manufactured only one-tenth of what we needed and to import the the other nine-tenths, the reduction in the duty would have brought down the price of steel rails $5 per ton. But there is no such profit on steel rails in proportion as there was on imported sugar. The price at which rails are selling in this country affords but a reasonable profit to the manufacturer; hence the reduction of the duty did not reduce the price.

The difficulty is that the people do not thoroughly understand what protection really means, and are more inclined to believe the conscienceless lies that are told about the system than to take the pains to investigate for themselves. There is one other point to which we wish to call our friend's attention, and that is this; if he were to ask a free trader the second question, the reply would be, "Yes, certainly." We have shown that this is not true as a rule. It might follow and would follow in the case of certain articles, if the duty were entirely taken off, so that everything were imported free, that the price on some article would be reduced.

By the latest price list at hand at this moment (which is about a month old) the difference in price between American steel rails at the mills and English rails delivered at New York was a little over $1 per ton; that is, the English rails were that much cheaper. Now that $1 makes the only possible benefit that could be obtained by taking off the duty entirely on steel rails, and that reduction would have to be paid for by the workingmen employed in the steel mills.

The point must be clearly understood that the one reason England or any other foreign country can manufacture anything cheaper than we is because they do not pay as good wages to their workingmen; hence to reduce the duties below the protective point would simply mean that our workingmen would have to work for less wages. There is no one going to invest his money in a manufacturing plant, and get no profit. Our friend himself would not do so. It is all false to assume that because the duty on steel rails is $14 per ton, that the American manufacturer make $14 per ton clear profit. It is not true of steel rails, nor is it true of any other possible article which can be named. Understand this, that no protectionist ever claimed that the new tariff law was going to increase wages. All that ever was claimed, and which is true, was that to reduce the tariff below the protective point will lead inevitably to a reduction of wages, and that to maintain the protective policy is the only way to keep wages up to their present high standard in the United States.

Mistakes.

There is one common ground on which we can all meet—we have all made mistakes. In fact, a large portion of the world's history—and the saddest part of it—is the record of mistakes. Philosophers have discoursed of poets have sung about, and preachers have denounced, mistakes, since man had speech. Bob Ingersoll has lectured on the "mistakes of Moses," Sankey has sung—"The mistakes of my life have been many"—and still the human race goes blundering along, kicking at bats, with bricks under them, betting its money on the wrong horse, voting for conscienceless demogogues, and getting left generally. Warning and expostulation seem to be without effect—but we feel we ought to say to the traveling public (and the experience of thousands will endorse this) that if you contemplate a journey, no matter from where or to what point, you will make no mistake when you select "The Burlington" as your route. To all the Northwest and the great Mississippi Vally, it is the favorite line between Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Minnapolis and all intermediate points. For tickets maps, etc., apply to your local railroad agent, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Dr. Leduc's Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy; $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Uclide Barrette and Nettile Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 600-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $11.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents, ($622.45); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [8-9] [N. G. 61]

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida Marcotte and Francois Marcotte, her husband, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 10:50 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 625-28.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $30 that became due November 1st, 1889, $30 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents, ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-two, (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 63]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 7th, 1891.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 18th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼), and lot one (1) of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [8-9] [N. G. 62.]

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Bisson, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 36 of mortgages on pages 196-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1888, $8.75 that became due June 2d, 1889, $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1889, $8.75 that became due June 2d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and four dollars and fifty-seven cents. ($304.57.)

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ nw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of Range forty-two (42), containing 120 acres, more or less according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 52] [1-7]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Delor Toupin, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of Mortgages, on pages 574-6.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety two dollars and fifty cents ($592.50), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[1-7] (N. G. 51)

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ferment Coter, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 256-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1890; and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty (40), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 53]

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., April 27th, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Napoleon Geron against Peter Bernier, for abandoning his homestead entry No. 13,240, dated Dec. 24th, 1883, upon the w½ nw¼, sec nw¼ and sw¼ ne¼ Section 13, Township 150 n, Range 41, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 30th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Frank Johnson and Anna Johnson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong, of the County of Broome, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, at 6 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 102; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars, due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Hannah Amelia Armstrong has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred forty-two and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 25th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLE TOUGAS AND CELanise Tougas, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of June 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: West half northwest quarter and west half southwest quarter Section 25, Township 151, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:00 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book No. 27 of mortgages, on page 189; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-eight and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARguerite Piette, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-nine and 41-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, OLE O. BRADSAT, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of September 2d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 450; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventeen and 50-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy four and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Maria Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 26th, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 11, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 412; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen and 73-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of twenty eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline L. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred fifty-four and 78-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 12th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BEIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of August 22d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one, (1), and two, (2) of Section 10, Township 147, Range 41 west, containing 162 61-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 444; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred thirty-eight and 56-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 17, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Carl A. Woodstrom against Francis R. Beaumette for abandoning his homestead entry No. 3,921, dated May 19th, 1890, upon the sw¼ Section 10, Township 150 n. Range 47 w, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 10th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

[First publication April 9th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF Polk—ss. District Court.

A. A. Just vs. Louis Harmon.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th judicial district, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in Justice Court in favor of A. A. Just and against Louis Harmon, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendant, to-wit: Lot 4, block 3, Hurlbut's addition to the city of Crookston, Polk County, State of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk and that I shall on Monday, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Louis Harmon in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to twenty-three dollars and 25 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 31st day of July, 1889, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., April 7th 1889.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

GEO. H. PALMER,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [51-5]

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., April 11th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on May 20th, 1891, viz: CHARLES ST. ANTOINE, Hd. No. 10,041, for the se¼ Sec. 20, Tp. 151, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Huot, Joseph Provost, Octave Laconsire, Joseph Pepin all of Huot P. O., Minn.

[52-5] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John E. Fangstrom and Anna Fangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of March A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on pages 61-3.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1888, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1890, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1890, and $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred and thirty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($432.45); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ se¼) of Section twenty-six (26), the west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and southeast quarter of northwest quarter (se¼ nw¼) of Section thirty-five (35) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, [2-8] [N. G. 54]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 20th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of April 23th, A. D. 1887; whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter Section 19, Township 149, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 399; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 33-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seventy-five and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MAY 28, 1891. NO. 6.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. 1 outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	60 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

SOUTH-RIDDEN.

Predicament in Which Democratic Congressmen Find Themselves.

All the Committees Practically Controlled by Southerners.

No Consideration Accorded to Other Sections of the Country.

WASHINGTON, Special to the St. Paul Dispatch. May 11.—A leading Democratic member of the house of representatives, who is an interested party and has therefore been analyzing political possibilities, said one exceptionally interesting thing this evening, but added the usual caution, which so annoys a newspaper man: "Don't quote me. It would ruin my prospects to have my name mentioned." Senator Ingalls used to give many political pointers in the same way, and with the same caution; pointers which would have always been more valuable with the use of his imperial name. My congressional friend referred to the same important facts, which will prove valuable, even without the use of his name. He said:

"The South ought not to have the speakership unless pledges are made in writing, pledges which cannot be broken, concerning the formation of the committees of the house. No matter whether it may be McMillan, Mills, Crisp, Breckenridge or Blount who may be elected or selected by the caucus, which is the same thing, the party should exact pledges which will be absolutely binding. The tyranny of Tom Reed was exasperating because it seemed to be the Cæarism of one man, in fact, he represented his section of the country, and had his party solidly back of him. The democratic party has been South-ridden long enough, and we cannot stand it any longer without going to pieces."

Professing a pleasing ignorance of Southern domination, I asked my friend: "Wherein does the South dominate the democratic party?"

"In the committee chairmanships," he replied. "No man can have any standing in the house without the consent of the Southern brigadier; and, democrat though I am, I resent it as intensely as any republican can possibly do. I don't like to get down on my knees to a Confederate every time I have any legislation to accomplish for my constituents."

"But, my dear sir, please be more explicit and state exactly what constitutes this South-ridden condition of affairs."

"Why, take your Congressional Directory," he said, reaching for the little volume on my desk, "and look at the constiuetion of the committees. They stand to-day just as Speaker Carlisle announced them in December 1885. No man can make a plan of campaign six years in advance and carry it out to the letter. The committees announced by Carlisle in '85 will not do for '91. Nevertheless, it is the custom of the house to follow precedents and give committee places by seniority. A southern speaker will do this, unless he is prevented by caucus action in advance of his election." Here are the committees, and here are the chairmanships as they will undoubtedly be chosen by the next speaker, if he is to follow precedents and seniority of service:

Roger Q Mills, of Texas, a confederate soldier, chirman of the committee on ways and means.

Charles F. Crisp, of Georgia, a Confederate lieutenant, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections.

William H. Forney, a Confederate brigadier general, chairman of the committee on appropriations.

David B. Culberson, of Texas, a Confederate colonel, chairman of the committee on the judiciary.

Richard P. Bland, of Missouri, chairman of the committee on coinage, weights and measures.

Henry G. Turner, of Georgia, whose record does not show whether he was in the army or not, chairman of the committee on commerce.

Newton C. Blanchard, of Louisiana, too young to be in the army, chairman of the committee on rivers and harbors.

William H. Hatch, of Missouri, a Confederate colonel, chairman of the committee on agriculture.

James B. McCreary, of Kentucky, a Confederate lieutenant colonel, chairman of the committee of foreign affairs.

Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama, a Confederate lieutenant general, chairman of the committee on military affairs.

James H. Blount of Georgia, whose record does not show his Confederate service, chairman of the committee on postoffices and postroads.

Samuel W. Peel, of Arkansas, a Confederate colonel, chairman of the committee on Indian affairs.

James E. Cobb, of Alabama, a Confederate lieutenant, chairman of the committee on railways and canals.

John H. Bankhead, of Alabama, a Confederate private, three times wounded, chairman of the committee on public buildings and grounds.

William H. Crain, of Texas, too young to be in the army, chairman of the committee on Pacific railroads.

Thomas R. Stockdale, a Confederate lieutenant colonel, and one of Forrest's cavalry, chairman of the committee on improvements of the Mississippi river.

Asher G. Caruth, of Kentucky, too young to be in the Confederate army, chairman of the committee on education.

Thomas C. Catchings, a Confederate private soldier, chairman of the committee on labor.

George D. Tillman, of South Carolina, a Confederate artilleryman, chairman of the committee on patents.

John S. Henderson, of North Carolina, a Confederate private soldier, chairman of the committee on pensions. Think of that.

Charles H. Mansur, of Missouri whose Confederate record is not printed, chairman of the committee on claims.

Wm. J. Stone, of Kentucky, a Confederate veteran with one leg, chairman of the committee on war claims.

John T. Heard, of Missouri, whose Confederate record is not given, chairman of the committee of the District of Columbia.

William C. Oates, of Alabama, a Confederate colonel who is proud of six wounds and the loss of his right arm in the twenty-seventh battle in which he was engaged, chairman of the committee on revision of the laws.

Constantine Buck Kilgore, of Texas, a Confederate captain, the man who objected to the promotion of the dying Phil Sheridan, chairman of the committee on enrolled bills.

"What do you think of the list?" inquired my interested democratic friend. "That embraces all, absolutely all, of the leading committees of the house, and the chairman of each committee will be just as I have named them, unless something is done by the democratic caucus to prevent it. All of the gentlemen named are good men; and none of them are today disloyal because of their former service in the confederate army: but the people of the country do not like, and they will not indorse, such appointments. Those men were given their committee places years ago, and no one of them will give up his place without a bitter struggle. One thing that contributed largely to our defeat in 1888 was the fact that the South held all those positions and dominated legislation. It is not a fair deal, in a sectional sense; and the fact of the Confederate service of those men produces a popular dissatisfaction, whether reasonable or unreasonable. The republican leaders have had ample color for their oft-repeated charge that the democratic party is dominated by the South. There must be a change, and a radical one, too."

"But what are you going to do about it? No speaker can be elected without the support of those very men."

"What are we going to do about it? Well, that is the most delicate political question before the democratic party at present. The matter will be brought to the attention of the caucus. Of that you may be well assured, and the party will deal with the question wisely and patriotically. One way out of the dilemma will be to elect a Northern man to the speakership. If we give the highest office to the North, then less can be said about these chairmanships being given to the South. But even in the event of the election of a speaker from the North, at least half of those chairmanships must also be given to the North. It will not do to compel every man who wants a bill reported from a committee to go to one of the Southerners and beg for recognition and consideration. The chairman of the committees under the speaker have imperial sway over all matters in their jurisdiction. Their standing is autocratic, and the section to which they belong always stands together. It makes no difference who shall be selected to succeed the moon-faced czar from Main, he must give those committees an earthquake which will shake them all to pieces, and out of the remnants construct new committees, distributing the best places geographically, where they will do the most good politically."

The gentleman who made these statements is not wholly a disinterested party, but he has struck a chord which will undoubtedly be popular one, and which will cause democratic leaders to do a deal of thinking. His narration of facts is incontrovertible. The public record shows the charmanships to be distributable exactly as indicated, and precedent gives the gentlemen named a right to expect the designations enumerated succinctly above. To change the chairmanships will be revolutionary, in a certain sense, and all of the interested Southerners will exact pledges from the various candidates before giving them support in their canvasses. This is one of the wheels within the big wheel which the dear people would not see in the fight for the speakership, and could not anticipate, unless the calcium and electric lights of the press were turned on. Now, who will be speaker? Who can successfully steer between this Scylla and the Charybdis of self-interest?

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Carry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - - Main Street, Crookston.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING
HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

COME! COME!

TO C. H. SAAKE'

For Bargains IN JEWELRY, CLOCKS, AND SILVERWARE.

Come and look for yourself and be convinced that I have the Grandest, Largest and Choicest Stock and LOWEST PRICES in the Great Northwest. I make a specialty of

REPAIRING

Fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and if you want a job of any kind done in this line, COME TO ME.

IF YOU WANT SPECTACLES

Of any kind or style, large or small, come to me. In fact for anything in the Jewelry line I am ready to give you the best service and use you so you will be pleased to come agaid.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES. IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's.

The Farmer and The Negro.

Duluth Evening Herald

The press of the North almost universally ridicules our legislatures and declares the country safe when they adjourn. The saddest wails went up all over our broad land this winter in anticipation of woful disasters to many commonwealths from granger combinations. Their legislation or attempted legislation has, it is declared, frightened capital and disturbed the commercial life of a nation. And yet the good sense, intelligence and patriotism of these northern farmers as a whole has never been questioned. They are, in fact, conceded by all to be the very foundation of our prosperity and the conservative force that will longest and best maintain the original spirit and luster of our free institutions. They are, however, declared unfit to rule. But what causes surprise is the fact that the same press that thunder their phillipics against the grangers of the North are the noisiest and most blatant advocates of negro domination in the South. The question we would ask is if the educated farmers of the North who have for years been throughtfully considering the political questions of the day, are a dangerous element whose domination in any state is to be viewed with profound alarm, by what process of reasoning can we convince ourselves that the black man so recently torn by force from bondage is qualified to rule wisely and without disaster the land in which he was a chattel? The Herald never despairs, but it dosen't like to see so many ravelings around the edges of an argument.

Who'll Do the Firing?

Pipestone County Star:—Joel Heatwole, chairman of the Republican state central committee, proposes, so it is said, to "fire out" all the "kickers" in the Republican party. Joel is a young husky fellow, but we fear, from all we can see at present, that there wouldnt be much left of him or the Republican party after he got through. What the Republican party most needs apparently, is the prompt firing of some of those who do no kicking, but feel content to hang on to the past record of the party rather than to take up present vital issues of interest to the people, and the sooner the young, vigorous Republican like Mr. Heatwole recognize this fact the better it will be for the party.

East Grand Forks Courier:—It was the writer's good fortune to spend a few minutes with Prof. Thos. Casey, at Crookston, on Tuesday last now at the county seat. Mr. Casey is now principal of the 5th ward school, and as such has given such universal satisfaction that the school trustees unanimously decided to pay him $20 a month more salary than they agreed to when engaging his services. Such action by a school board carries its own argument. All Mr. Casey's friends in E. G. Forks rejoice with him in so slight a token of appreciation at the hands of the school board.

East Grand Forks Courier:—People cannot be too careful of fire. Yesterday a fire—started some days ago on Andrew Kimbal's farm, near the Point, for the purpose of making way with a lot of rubbish, got the advantage of Mr. Kimbal, and at one time threatened to do a great deal of damage. Mr. Kimbal, with the aid of neighbors, subdued the fire.

Detroit Record:—Henry Way, who recently went from Audubon to Missouri, writes the editor of the Record saying that the late frosts have visited that section, and that the fruit crop will be short. That he sees more poor people there in a day than are seen in Becker county in a year. Times are hard and lands depreciating in value. This should serve as a pointer to those who are disposed to grumble at the condition of affairs in this county, and convince them that, after all, Minnesota is the garden spot of America.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy: $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Spring Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, May 28, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 90.
1 Northern 88.
2 Northern 85.
3 Northern 80.

K. D. Chase was shaking hands with friends in the city on Tuesday.

District court convened on Monday with his Honor, Judge Mills presiding.

Sterling silver souvenir spoons, at C. H. Saake's.

Ladies, call and see those elegant millinery goods at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' store.

Geo. Whitcomb, the genial machine agent was in the city last week. "Where is Tom Sprague?"

John Dallum takes charge of the city meat market this week as manager. John is an A. 1 butcher.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. MORRISEY.

The Crookston meat market furnishes the choicest cuts in the market. Try 'em once and be convinced.

H. E. Ives, the good looking editor of the St. Hilaire Spectator, is rusticating in Chicago this week.

Andrew Steenerson, was appointed on the National Committee of the new Peoples Party at Cincinnati last week.

Mrs. Mary Coykendall left for her home in Racine, Wis, on Friday evening of last week via the great Northern line.

Novelties in Birthday Rings, Souvenir tea and coffee spoons at C. H. Saake's Jewelry store.

M. Rauenbuehler has taken possession of his new building and now has one of the neatest shops and largest stocks in the city. Go and see Mark in his new quarters.

Souvenir spoons with the name of our City etched in Bowl at C. H. Saake's.

Marshall County Banner:—Mrs. Geo. U. Holcomb of South Bend, Wash., arrived here on Monday for a few weeks visit with her parents and friends.

Joe. Therien, formerly a resident of this city was in from Terrebonne last week. Says crops are looking splendidly out there. The last rain was worth thousands.

East Grand Forks Courier:—A two-legged colt is one of the attractions of the Point. The animal is doing nicely, though it has not developed so far any traits of speed.

Mr. Tweton is moving the old Linton house to its new site on Broadway and will soon have a boarding-house ready for business. He will have a fine property with lots of room.

Everybody should see the latest novelty in birthday rings at C. H. Saake's Jewelry store.

Powers Bros., of St. Paul have won their suit against the insurance companies involving a sum of $100,000 or so. A. G. Gallasch, a former resident of Crookston, is a member of this firm.

Fritz Remshardt is now employed in the Crookston meat market. Fritz has a reputation for making the best bologna sausage in this market. He will do his best to sustain his past reputation.

The St. Paul Dispatch is one of the handsomest exchanges on our table and is chuck full of news as well. "As handsome as the Dispatch" is becoming a proverb among us country newspaper chaps.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—Judge and Mrs. Montague were over from Crookston to-day with a party of friends consisting of Mrs. O'Brien and Mrs. McKinnon, of Crookston, and Mrs. Borum, of Norfolk, Va.

If you will send $1.00 to the Pioneer press Co., St. Paul, Minn., you will receive the Weekly Pioneer Press one year, together with a year's subscription to either the Farm and Fireside or the Ladies Home Companion.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

St. Hilaire Spectator:—Several farmers have informed us that the recent frosts have not hurt the wheat in the least but rather improved it, and that the ground has been too damp for the high winds to do much damage.

Thief River Falls Press:—Marshall Robinson, 7-year old son of C. A. Robinson of 98 Western av. fell down an area way last night at his home and died in three hours. The fall produced concussion of the brain.

This office has been crowded with job work for the past two weeks for which we return our warmest thanks. We have been obliged to increase our force to keep up with it and will do so again if need be. Bring on the work.

Warren Sheaf:—The new dray wagons manufactured by McKinnon Bros., Crookston, for Oscar Holcomb and Fred Johnson have arrived and been put to use. Their appearance upon our streets creates a decidedly city-like impression.

Decoration Day.

PROGRAM OF EXERCISES.

The following program has been arranged for Decoration Day, Saturday, May 30th, 1891:

The procession will be formed at 1 o'clock p. m. by Marshal, I. U. Jennings, with C. H. Jefferson, assistant.

Col. Cobham Post, No. 90, G. A. R., will form on Second street; also Crookston Fire Department, juvenile Fire Department of Carman, and St. John's Society.

The line of march will be in the following order:

Platoon of city police.
Mayor, orators of the day, clergy and city council in carriages.
Queen City Band, Crookston Fire Department and Juvenile Fire Department.
St. John's Society.
Good Templars.
Sons of Veterans.
Col. Cobham Post, G. A. R.

The column will move to the old Opera House where memorial services will be held.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

Selection by the band.
Reading of orders.
Salute the dead.
Address of welcome, by the Mayor.
Music by the club.
Prayer, by Rev. O. H. Elmer.
Reading of Scriptures, by Rev. C. F. Sharp.
Music by the club.
Address by Edwin M. Stanton, Esq.
Music by juveniles.
Music by the band.
Address by Rev. R. H. Battey.
Music by club.
Strewing flowers and song "America."
Benediction by Rev. F. C. Whitney.

Our citizens generally are requested to donate flowers which they may be able to spare, and if possible send to the hall on the morning of the 30th before 10 o'clock. If any of our citizens are mourning the loss of soldier friends whom they wish remembered, if they will bring or send wreaths or bouquets to the hall, accompanied by card giving name, number of regiment and State, they will be properly placed, and those who have friends buried in the cemetery are requested to mark their graves with small flags that the committee may be able to suitably decorate them on Memorial Day.

Bro. D. N. Taylor, is something of a farmer himself. He has the sleekest looking cow in the city and it is only the excellent care she gets that makes bossy shine so. Here's dollars to doughnuts that that cow gets carded and brushed every day of her life.

Wabasha Herald:—The Red River Valley college was last week located at Crookston. The enterprising business men of that city subscribed a bonus of $15,000. Crookston's business men are alive and lose no opportunity to encourage there the location of valuable institutions.

Norman County Index:—This week H. H. Phelps was appointed city attorney of West Duluth at a salary of $100 or more a month. This is getting to the front pretty fast. With Martin mayor and Phelps attorney, West Duluth should be on the high road to prosperity.

Fisher Bulletin:—On Sunday last the barn, one horse, a colt, a quantity of harness and farming implements belonging to Ole Williamson, living a short distance from Fisher, on the west side, was destroyed by fire. The conflagration was caused by some boys playing with matches.

P. P. Bodine got out his new paper last week but as we were not favored with a copy we are not prepared to comment. The Grand Forks News gives it a sarcastic greeting, but then what could you expect? Bierly is nothing unless sarcastic. We wish the new paper all the success it deserves.

Norman County Index:—The Ada boys have received an invitation from the Crookston base ball club to play a game in that city, Crookston to pay the expenses of the visiting club. The Crookston boys say that they want practice. The Ada boys will give them the desired practice the first week in June.

The Pioneer Press Co., of St. Paul, Minn., offers a years subscription of the weekly Pioneer Press, also a year's subscription to either the Farm and Fireside or the ladies Home Companion, including a valuable Cook Book, to every person who will send them $1.00. This is an offer you cannot afford to ignore.

Ladies should bear in mind that by sending $1.00 to the Pioneer Press Co., St. Paul, Minn., they will receive the Weekly Pioneer Press one year, together with a year's subscription to either the Farm and Fireside or the Ladies' Home Companion. A large and valuable Cook Book will be sent free to every person who accepts this offer.

South Bend Journal:—Judge Holcomb and L. N. Eklund, accompanied Mrs. Holcomb as far as Portland on the steamer Willapa. Mrs. Holcomb will pay a visit to her aged parents in Minnesota. Upon the lady's return she will be accompanied by the mother of Mr. Scott Riddell, also by Andrew Eklund, a brother of L. N. Eklund.

Warren Sheaf:—Mr. A. L. Palmer of Independence, Iowa, arrived in the city yesterday. Since his visit here about a month ago, he has made a trip to the Pacific coast, and in the meantime has seen a great deal of the country, but nowhere, he says, has he seen a finer agricultural section than the Minnesota side of the Red River Valley.

The Band Benefit.

Don't forget the band concert on Friday evening, June 5th, at the Grand Opera house. It will be a musical and dramatic entertainment and the boys well spare no pains nor expense to make it a grand success. As the proceeds are to go toward uniforms for the band our citizens should patronize it generously and we think they will. Tickets 35 and 50 cents. For sale at Herb's.

Eh, What?

The Grand Forks Plaindealer, of May 21st. has this bit of news that is news to us: "W. J. Murphy and Geo. B. Clifford, returned from Crookston this morning after looking over their gas plant!"

Dorchester Beacon:—"Mr. Elkanah Hathaway, a retired sea captain and resident for the past ten years of Dorchester, died Saturday at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Reuben Gleason, of Bowdoin street, with whom he has of late years made his home, aged 87 years. Mr. Hathaway, was a native of Westport, and early in life sailed, for several voyages as ship carpenter on a whaling vessel, sailing out from New Bedford, and for many years later commanded a merchant vessel, sailing from the same port. Mr. Hathaway's venerable figure—looking more venerable by contrast with the grand-child that often accompanied him—has been a familiar sight on the upper road. Two sons and two daughters survive him, his wife—by whose side in Mt. Pleasant cemetery, Taunton, his body was laid on Tuesday—having died some years ago. Funeral services were held at his late home Tuesday, Mrs. Burns, a spiritualist preacher,—in which faith Mr. Hathaway was a believer—conducting a beautiful and impressive service."

Mr. H. was father of C. P. Hathaway, foreman of THE JOURNAL office.

On His Track.

E. B. Scribner says he is on the track of the man who goes hunting Sunday and is not too particular what he carries home in his grain bag or whether or not it is his neighbor's grain bag he carries home; The small owner of a small team who lives a few miles west of Carman knows more of the matter than he cares to see in print but if he will leave five dollars with E. B. or H. C. Scribner or at THE JOURNAL office, he will save the necessity of answering some troublesome questions.

Mrs. J. A. Bemis goes to Lake Park on a visit.

Everybody courting this week. Looks like a short term.

Conductor Sands has put a neat wire fence in front of his premises.

"Cleopatria" at the Grand Opera House to-night. Do not miss it.

Will Peterson went down with the boys to see the game of ball at Winnipeg.

Lewis Ellington, of the Scandia American bank is in St. Paul this week.

Mrs. Hattie Bugg, returned from the lake on Tuesday. Mr. B. will return on Saturday next.

Comrade W. L. Davies, was down from Angus on Sunday to go to church with the boys.

The Grand Forks club will be over shortly to try conclusions with our boys. Next Saturday, probably.

Andrew Steenerson returned from Cincinnati on Monday morning and went right home the same day.

Comrade Burnham has been having a bout with the enemy again—family all down with the measles. Got along with it nicely.

Mike Jeffers, was in from Red Lake Falls on Monday. Says crops are looking nicely and thinks they are uninjured by frost.

August Walters, and Earnest Rolsch, intend to start for Germany on Saturday next for a bit of recreation in quest of health and happiness.

W. O. Wilson, has moved his house and got it upon a good solid brick foundation. He is developing a rare muscle for manual labor.

The Nobles company made the common mistake of getting their prices too high for that class of plays. So they did not get a good house.

Attorney E. M. Stanton, welcomed the arrival of his wife and child on Friday of last week. They are domiciled at the Commercial for the time being.

Chas. Lofston informs THE JOURNAL that wheat is materially injured in this county so far as his observation extends. The big freeze, he claims, did the business.

Postmaster Dawley has receive assurances from Washington that on July 12th this post-office will be made a second-class office. This is as it should be.

Charlie McKay arrived in the city from Butte, Montana, this week. Charlie says he has travelled around a good deal since he left Crookston, but has never yet struck a better point for business.

An unusually large-sized brief, with orders to rush got us out of sorts last week so we had to make a flying trip to St Paul to get 32 lbs of sorts to add to an ordinarily large font of self-spacing law pica that we had recently received from Benton, Waldo & Co. We are now fully prepared to tackle the the longest winded brief in the business and to get it up in fine shape on new type. We invite a call from all who need this line of work.

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK

ON

Carpets and Rugs

CARPETS,

UPHOLSTREY GOODS,
LACE CURTAINS,
and CURTAIN GOODS.

75c A Pair of Lace Curtains for 75c

Parasols and Umbrellas at a Sacrifice.

20c Ladies Fast Black Hose 20c
8c Ladies' good ribbed Vest 8c
5c A good fast colors Challice 5c

MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH CARE.

I. O. O. F BLOCK,
Crookston, Minn.

Gervais, the Hustler.

House Furnishings

R. Fairweather was down fron Euclid on Tuesday.

Ringling Bros. Circus appears in this city on June 19th.

Wm. Davidson, of Euclid was talking politics on the streets on Tuesday.

Newton Beers has asked for dates at the Grand Opera House, about June 16th.

Marvin Losey Esq. of Euclid, accompanied by his daughter, was in the city on Monday.

Grand Mask Carnival at the Palace Roller Rink Saturday night. Queen City Band in attendance.

S. Cooke and wife, of Warren, were in the city this week the guests of DeFosrst Bucklen and wife.

Three Mile Race at the Palace roller rink Saturday night between two fast local skaters. Admission 25 cents.

Don't fail to be in attendance at the mask carnival and witness the three mile race. Four Prizes to be awarded.

The marriage of Joseph McMahan to Miss Lena Himmelsback took place on Saturday last at the family residence of the bride in Fairfax.

A. M. Stewart was in the city a short time this week getting acquainted with his family. Says he is doing a good business in Superior.

Milton and Dollie Nobles appeared on Tuesday evening at the Grand Opera House. They seem to have lost none of their old popularity with our people.

The attractions Mrs. E. E. Bangs offers the ladies are fashionable goods in the latest styles of the very best qualities and extremely low prices. You will do well to call and examine her goods and get prices.

Charlie Johnson and his brother, Mr. Rockstad was in attendance at court this week. Charlie took a look over the opera house block and says it is the finest building in the Northwest.

Judge Woodruff, was over from Grand Forks this week dunning Steenerson for "that hat" which was not to be a hat at all but on the terms of the bet only a pair of shoes—only this and nothing more.

Subject of sermon at 11: A. m. at the Congregational church next Sunday. "The Bible Light in Human Life" S. S. after morning sermon and Y. P. S. C. E. prayer meeting at 7 p. m. Invitations to all. No evening sermon.

Attorney P. C. Schimdt, is up from Duluth this week. Some way our boys down there are letting the Ada boys get away with all the fat offices. Not one of our boys have an office while Ada furnishes a mayor and city attorney.

Anthony Englebretson, a clerk of Fontaine & Anglim, died on Sampson's Woodland Addition on Monday of typhoid fever and was buried on Tuesday afternoon. He was about 20 years old, and we are told has parents and brothers and sisters at Fertile.

The annual meeting of the Polk County Bible Society, a branch of American Bible Society will be held Sunday evening May 31st, in the old Opera House at 8. P. M. An interesting program is outlined. Our city pastors will speak. See notices elswhere.

W. J. Murphy was up from Minneapolis last week looking as happy and free from care as though he was not at the head of the leading republican daily of the State. W. J. informs THE JOURNAL that he expects soon to commence improvements on the water dower hrre.

"Too busy to write any locals for this week," said Manager Woodham of the Crookston Furniture Co., as he greeted our reporter on his rounds on Wednesday, "but you may say that we are now more than ever ready to supply the needs of your readers with everything they need in the line of furniture, and ask them to call and look us over."

The Grand Jury found one indictment on Monday. Against Geo. O'Brien, accused of setting fire to the Fisher elevator.

Tom Bjoin, owing to the pressure of other business, has given the management of the Grand Opera House up to his partner, A.K. Austin.

Lewis Anderson, a young man working for O. C. Christinason died last week of consumption. He leaves a brother in Fisher and a sister in Wisconsin, the only survivors of a family all of whom have died of consumption.

Conductor Copeland went down to the dam on Tuesday and pulled out a ten-pound cat-fish—with several others of smaller size and all the boys who met him coming home asked him "how much he paid for it?" As if Cope couldn't catch a fish!

Our base ball club went down to Winnipeg to give our English cousins the straight tip on base-ball playing but somehow or other when they returned they were not talking very loud doncher-know. A score of 17 to 9 in favor of Winnipeg was not calculated to raise the spirits of our boys ever so much. The Winnipeg club will be down in about two weeks for the return game.

Moorhead News:—It is reported that lots have been sold in Kalispell since the plat was filed a few weeks ago, amounting to $460,000. It is wonderful but still we advice Moorhead people to stay at home. There is no section in the United States that possesses as fertile soil as the Red River Valley, and this will count when people resume their senses and get over the notion of making a fortune by chance.

East Grand Forks Courier:—The case of the state vs. Peter Hearty, a resident of the Point, charged with cruelty to a horse—his neighbor's horse—came up for hearing yesterday p. m. before Judge Lasher, with Attorney Feetham prosecuting and Attorney O'Keefe defending. The horse was produced in court, but the justice ruled out the animal's evidence, discharged the prisoner and ordered the costs taxed up to Polk County, as usual. John Langan made the complaint.

General Manager A. Z. Mohler was in the city last week looking about in a manner that indicated that the Great Northern road contemplates something or other beneficial to the city. He would not say what if anything is on their mind but rumor says something of importance is about to happen at an early date. This point is the natural point for shops for that system and our citizens would be glad to co-operate with the road in anything that tends to build up the city.

St. Hilaire Spectator:—S. M. Hoff is making arrangements to open the creamery the latter part of this week. He intends putting three teams on the road gathering cream and will pay thirteen cents an inch. He has secured the services of James Fulton of Hawley, who is an experienced butter maker. He is the son of N. H. Fulton who managed the creamery here several years ago. We hope Mr. Hoff will be successful as the running of the creamery here will be a good thing for both village and country.

MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

Saturday, the 30th day of May will mark the 23d anniversary of Memorial Day, and it is hereby ordered that the public offices and buildings of the City of Crookston be on that day closed and and that the flag at the city hall be displayed at half-mast and it is recommended that all places of business be closed from 10 o'clock a. m. until 4 p. m. and that all citizens join with the Grand Army Post of this city in properly exhibiting their love for the honored dead and reverently assist in the sad and solemn ceremonies of the day.

Done at the mayor's office this 26th day of May 1891.

ALEXANDER MCKINNON,
Mayor.

Grand Rapids (Mich.) Telegram-Herald:—"We have been favored for the past two nights with a grand entertainment by Alba Heywood and his Concert Company. They furnished a refined program of costumed impersonations, character songs, solos, duets, and fine orchestral selections. They played to good houses and we bespeak for them good business wherever they may go. They are deserving of liberal patronage." At the Grand Opera House Monday and Tuesday evening June 1st and 2.

Indianapolis (Ind.) Journal:—"Alba Heywood is a versatile artist in character sketches. Indeed it would be hard to find his equal in "old lady" part and the "Boy" act is an oddity peculiar to Mr. Heywood's original humor. His other delineations and comic songs are pleasing and laughable. Miss Anna Miller the violin soloist, takes leadership among American ladies who have taken up the violin. Her execution is marvelous and there is to be noticed in her playing a delicacy of grace of movement. Dewey Heywood, flutist, takes first rank. His rendition of "Come back to Erin," with variations, took in the whole compass of his instrument, there was not to be discovered a falsity in the beautiful theme of the old Irish melody nor in the quick bird like trills that composed the variation. The euphonium solo of Clint Heywood and the accompaniment of Miss Zimmerman were received with marked favor." At the Grand Opera House Monday and Tuesday evening June 1th and 2.

Harry Palmer, says the Winnipeg boys treated our boys right royally even taking them to the theatre one evening. He says Winnipeg is a good business point.

Mr. M. R. Brown went up to McIntosh on Saturday last and bought a carload of steers and wants another carload at that point next Saturday. So says the McIntosh Times.

Gus. Felsing, was down on Monday to see about another excursion to the lake. Says the other was a grand success. He expects to make arrangements for an excursion every Sunday.

Peter Lorge was up on Monday and dropped in to chat with THE JOURNAL man. Says he thinks the frost did very little damage to crops as they are looking nicely down around Beltrami.

Crookston, April 29, '91.

I invite all parties to call and examine my full and complete stock of Dry Goods and Notions, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Crockery and Glassware. I have always conducted my business upon liberal principles, so all the goods are marked down to prices defying competition. Purchasers are respectfully requested to call early to prevent disappointment.

ANDREW STURE.

Opposite Merchants' National Bank.

In Honor of the Boys in Blue.

The Albany, (N. Y.) Telegram for May 30, will be printed on red, white and blue paper and consist of 16 pages. It will be the most original, unique and popular paper ever presented to the American public. Nothing like it ever attempted by a newspaper in the nineteenth century. As a mechanical wonder and a military literary library there will be nothing to even compare with it issued in this country. If there is no agent in your town you can have the paper mailed to you at 5 cents a copy.

Grand Forks Herald:—Contracts have been made with the Fargo, Jamestown, Lisbon, Crookston, Buxton and Tower City bands to furnish music at the firemen's tournament. They have been hired to come, and it is stipulated that they shall furnish music where and when the committee on bands shall desire. They have all been sent duplicate sheets of certain music for the purpose of playing as a consolidated band at certain times. It will be seen that when consolidated there will be 107 instruments, as follows: Fargo band, 20 pieces, Lisbon, 22 pieces; Crookston, 17 pieces; Buxton, 19 pieces; Jamestown, 18 pieces; Tower City, 14 pieces,

A Successful Trial.

HASTINGS, Minn., May 18.—Senator Henry Keller of Sauk Centre, who is experimenting for the state with his new flax machine, made a test with it to-day on Fred Busch's land in the eastern part of the city, separating the fiber from the straw and turning out a fine article of tow, several hundred pounds of which were sent to the state prison at Stillwater to be manufactured into twine, samples of which will be received here tomorrow for exhibition. The machine worked to perfection, and is pronounced a success.

Fifth District Alliance Meeting.

LUCE, MINN., May 18, 1861.

There will be a meeting of the old Fifth District Alliance, on Friday, the 12th day of June, at Fergus Falls, Otter Tail Co, for the purpose of re-organizing in accordance with the late re-districting of the state. There is also other very important business to be transacted in which the wheat producers of the north-west are interested.

Each county and subordinate Alliance will be entitled to one delegate.

By order of
HENRY PLOWMAN,
President.
LOUIS HANSON,
Secretary.

A Perfect Horse.

From time immemorial the horse has been known as man's constant companion. From Homer to Byron this noblest of all animals has been immortalized in verse and even in holy writ. He has been described in language of the most sublime inspiration. He occupies a position in both our admiration, necessities, and affections above all other domestic animals. The Ringling Bros. World's Greatest Show, which exhibits at Crookston on Friday, June 19th, possesses three-hundred of the finest horses and ponies ever bred. Among them are scores of educated performing equines, including "Spider," the great leaping horse; "Captain," the lightning calculator, and "Sultan" the dancing stallion. Be sure and see the fine stock in their free street parade.

The Great Impersonator.

ALBA HEYWOOD, and his peerless concert company will give two entertainments at the Grand Opera House on Monday and Tuesday Evenings, June 1st, and 2d. Heywood has the reputation of being one of the greatest character impersonators now living. If you enjoy Sol. Smith Russell go and hear Heywood. He is said to be fully as good.

For Sale or Trade For City Property.

A fine farm situated two miles from the city limits. Two hundred and twenty acres now sowed to wheat, barley and oats and the balance, one hundred acres under contract to be broken and backset this season. Eighty acres under fence, good house and barn, artisian well and a fine grove of trees. Owner will sell at a reasonable figure on ample time or exchange for city property. For further particulars call at THE JOURNAL office. 15-t-f.

WANTED.

A good man for a farm until snow flies. Call at THE JOURNAL office or M. E. Bartlett's residence on Section 9, Fairfax.

CROOKSTON OPERA HOUSE

W. L. PALMER, Manager.

GRAND

Mask Carnival

Saturday, Eve. May 30th.

THREE MILE RACE.

FOUR PRIZES TO BE AWARDED.

☞ Queen City Band in attendance.

The Battle Lake Review is seven years old! It does not seem that long since Judge Strain sent us the first copy of his kid but so it is. "Owing to the dryness of the atmosphere" temprus fugit in this country to a remarkable degree and lo! the "kid" is a freshman in the school of life and a healthy promising youth it is too; beyond the the danger of being carried off by infantile diseases—colic, type lice &c. Here's Ho, Judge! In the language of Breyer of old: "May you live long und brosper!" Likewise the Review.

The Big Show Coming!

Ringling Bros. World's Greatest Rail Road Show, Three Ring Circus and Elevated Stages, Museum, Menagerie, Roman Hippodrome and Roman Gala Day Sport and Spectacles is billed to appear at Crookston on Friday June 19. Owing to arraugements made by the American Showman's Pooled League this will be the only large Rail Road Show that will visit Crookston this year. Be in town early and see the magnificent free street parade. Don't forget the date, Friday June 19th.

Upon invitation of Rev. O. H Elmer, pastor of the presbyterian church, Col. Cobham Post No. 90, attended service at that church on Sunday at 11 a. m. Mr. Elmer preached an eloquent sermon from the words: "What mean ye by this service." Found in Exodus 12th chapter and 26th verse. In the evening the Post marched to the opera house where the Rev. C. F. Sharpe of the M. E. church, preached a powerful sermon from the words: "What mean ye by these stones?" Found in Joshua, 4th chapter 6th verse. The M. E. choir rendered several pieces in excellent voice and the Congregation joined in singing "America" at the close. The opera house was filled to the utmost seating capacity showing that our citizens enjoy such services and like to be there. The thanks of the Post are due to the M. E. people who so cordially consented to hold the services in the opera house. The Congregational and Presbyteran people held no services at their respective churches but came out to the services at the opera house. It was an enjoyable season.

Two Beautiful Girls.

Who Will Create a Furore in New-Port This Summer.

Newport is to have a sensation this summer. It is authentically stated that the beautiful and celebrated daughters of Lord Dufferin, Beatrice and Adelaide, are to grace this famour resort with their presence this coming season.

It will be remembered that Beatrice's dark eyes have played havoc lately with the heart of Albert the eldest son of the Prince of Wales. What it will amount to is as yet a matter of conjecture in England. The young ladies are acknowledged to be the most beautiful in all Europe, and there will be not a little excitement in the hearts of our American belles over their coming. They are exquisite dressers, and their costumes will be marvels of curiousity. Unlike most ladies, they know exactly what is suited to them. Some time ago they sent for the chief designer of the Paris house of the New York and Paris young Ladies' Fashion Bazar, and selected forty costumes each, the cost of which will amount to thousands of pounds.

Through the courtesy of these young ladies we have been permitted to copy for the New York and Paris Young Ladies' Fashion Bazar two of their most exquisite costumes, which appear as figures 3 and 4 on the colored plates of the June number of this magazine, just out, and for which the publisher has issued, in the name of the American ladies, a card of thanks. It is rumored that the prince may follow the young ladies to Newport this summer. The New York and Paris Young Ladies' Fashion bazar has the exclusive right to publish each month at least one or more of the costumes in which the ladies Beatrice and Adelaide will appear.

She Is In Luck.

Toma Hanlon, the Actress, to Marry Millionaire Warriner.

The Sunday Times.

New York, May 23.—Gerrard Warriner, the young English chum of Howell Osborne, it is reported, is about to marry Toma Hanlon, the actress and close friend of Fay Templeton. It was though Mr. Warriner's intimacy with Howell Osborne that the former met the girl he is now madly in love with. Mr. Warriner is the sole heir of an uncle who is 89 years old, upon whose demise he will come into an estate yielding an income of $70,000 a year. Added to what he already receives this will make the young man more than a millionarie. Miss Hanlon has been an actress since she was 6 years of age. Her first appearance was at Booth's theater in support of Joseph Jefferson, and for three years she played all the children's parts in the plays produced there. She is now 23 years old. The wedding will take place here in June and the couple will spend the honeymoon in Europe. Fay Templeton will be in attendance and will accompany them abroad.

The Red River Valley College Association will hold its yearly meeting in the City of Crookston, Thursday, the 4th day of June next, at 10 o'clock a. m. Business of great importance to the Association will be transacted, and all members are cordially invited to attend.

Crookston, May 14th, 1891.

[5-6] C. SAUGSTAD, Sec.

DULUTH-NORTHERN.

General Manager Chase says the Line Will be Built This Summer.

Condititional Only Upon the Subscription of 100,000 By Citizen of Duluth.

Duluth Daily Tribune.

The following committee was appointed by the president of the chamber as directed by the meeting yesterday: Messrs H. H. Hanaford, H. B. Moore, S. A. Thompson, M. Baldwin, and B. Silberstein.

In the afternoon this committee held a conference with the directors of the Mountain Iron Company and gentlemen interested in the building of the Duluth, Mesaba & Northern railway, at which K. D. Chase, the general manager of the road, was present. The railway project was thoroughly discused. Mr. Chase said his company would lend every assistance they could but that the Duluth & Northern, had already surveyed their line, have everything in readiness, and had expended a great deal of money in connection with the road. "I have consulted with a great many people in the east in regard to the building of the line," said Mr. Chase, "and have received several propositions, and I am prepared to say that if the people of Duluth will give evidence that they are interested in the railway, say to the extent of $100,000, ground will be broken within thirty days after the amount is subscribed; and the line will be rushed through to completion."

Mr. Chase said to a Tribune representative on the subject: "You may state as a fact that we build our line on the assurance of $100,000 to be paid after the road is completed, but we will not oppose the construction of any other road. If there is another plan to build a road that is equally good with ours, we will join in and help it. But we have surveyed our line, became incorporated, and have expended a great deal of money one way or another in connection therewith. Capitalists, in subscribing to an affair like this, always like to see the city benefited, take a substantial interest in it, and if Duluth will subscribe to the extent of the amount mentioned, we will begin work within a month and complete the railroad this summer."

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

All for $1.00

Send us $1.00 and you will receive a year's subscription to the

Weekly Pioneer Press

Also a year's subscription to either the
FARM AND FIRESIDE
OR THE
LADIES' HOME COMPANION.
Everyone accepting this offer will receive a large and valuable
COOK BOOK
FREE.

REMEMBER This is the greatest offer ever made by any newspaper.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS IT.

ADDRESS THE
Weekly Pioneer Press,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of two hundred and forty-six dollars ($246.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by David R. McGinnis to P. C. Sletten and John Cromb, of Polk County, Minnesota, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1882, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1882, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book "H" of mortgages, on page 485.

And whereas P. C. Sletten, one of the mortgagees named in said mortgage, died testate, at Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And whereas the last will and testament of the said P. C. Sletten was proved and admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And, whereas, by the terms of said will Kari Sletten, the wife of the said P. C. Sletten, was made the sole legatee and devisee of all the real and personal property of which he died seized aforesaid.

And, whereas, the Probate Court of said Polk County issued its final decree in the estate of P. C. Sletten, deceased, dated Aug. 6, 1887, by the terms of which the said Kari Sletten was decreed to have an undivided half interest in the above described mortgage, which said decree was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, on the 11th day of May, 1888, at 1:30 p. m., in book 29 of deeds, on pages 574 to 578 inclusive, and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block six (6), in Cromb and Sletten's subdivision of outlots in Hurlbut's addition to Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
KARI SLETTEN,
Legatee and Devisee of P. C. Sletten, deceased, Mortgagees
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees.
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

GRAND OPENING GRAND OPENING

NOW That the excitement incident to the opening of the Grand Opera House is over, your attention is respectfully invited to my

Grand Opening

Of a Full and Complete Line of Choice

Fresh Family Groceries

IN THE ROOM JUST SOUTH OF WYATT'S'
ON BROADWAY.

☞ My goods are all fresh from the wholesale house and I will not be undersold.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.

W. E. SLOCUM.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—
ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full Stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. O. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Asker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rhesa Godfrey, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages, on pages 415-18.

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due June 13th, 1889, December 13th, 1889, June 13th, 1890, and December 13th, 1890, each of said installments being for $24.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eight hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-eight cents. ($830.78), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter (w½ sw¼) of Section seventeen, (17), and west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section twenty, (20), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four, (44), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [6-12] [N. G. 67]

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

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Geo. Q. Erskine. B. B. Northrop. A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
JOHN DALLUM Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a charoe to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to sui the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meeshaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line o cerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

SPRING SALE

—OF—
SPRING CLOAKS
—AND—
JACKETS,
At Fontaine & Anglim's
NEXT WEEK.

Trade at HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER
—IN—

General Merchandise!

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.
CROOKSTON. - - MINN

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

WILKINSON & O'BRIEN,
LAWYERS,
FOURNET BLOCK,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE.

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 89.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.90 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-one (41) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65]

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss In Probate Court. Special Term, May 25th 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Gould C. Johnson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of C. A. Johnson, of the County of Polk, representing among other things that Gould C. Johnson, late of the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1891, at the County of Polk, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said C. A. Johnson granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this court, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given othe heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1891.

By the Court C. M. BENSON, Judge of Probate.
[6-8]

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT,
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor,

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaer
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
SecondStreet, Crookston, Minn.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results" is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

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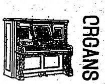
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS



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WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices.

KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nith promptly attended to.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, May 28, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:36 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.........CROOKSTON.........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.........Grand Forks.........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.........Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.........Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

PROPOSALS.

In the Erection of A Collage Building At Crookston Polk County, Minn.

NOTICE, is hereby given that Sealed Bids will be received by Rev. O. Saugstad at Crookston Polk Co. Minn., until 10 o'clock a. m. on Monday, June 1st, A. D. 1861, for the building of a College building at Crookston, Minn., according to plan and specification now on file at the office of J. W. Ross, architect, Grand Forks, N. D.

Two and one half per cent of the amount of bid, by certified check will be required to accompany each proposal for the entrance into contract if awarded. The Board of Directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids,

[4-6]

Notice To Whom it May Concern

Notice is hereby given that E. Erickson is no longer manager of the Crookston meat market. All bills must be paid to me or the new manager at the market. ELIAS STEENERSON,
Prop. Crookston, meat Market.

Decoration Day.

"Memorial day," we believe is the exact term in the statute making May 30th a national holiday, but it was "Decoration Day" by spontaneous movement of the people long before the law-makers concluded to legalize its observance. Did you ever think, as you see the comrades of the G. A. R. going in procession to strew flowers on the graves of their deceased brother, that the numbers of this procession will dwindle year by year, till soon only a few tottering old men will be left? Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Thomas, Hancock, Logan, Porter—all gone. Soon nothing will be left but to visit the battlefields of the south, and if the present rate of progress continues, all tra ce of these will be lost. This is a pleasant trip to make, and for all inhabitants of Minnesota, Dakotas, and the upper Mississippi Valley. "The Burlington" with its own line to Chicago and St. Louis, is the favorite route. For tickets, rates, etc., apply to any agent of this or connecting lines, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon. Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE
Crookston, Minn., May 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 29th, 1891, viz: EMI FOUNTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Min., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, of Gentilly, Minn., Eustach Blanchard, of Carman, Minn.

15-101 H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nellie F. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:40 o'clock, a. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 60-100 dallars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

MONDAY, the 6TH DAY OF JULY,

A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meredian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.
JOHNSTON WAGNER,
W. B. DOUGLAS, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[5-10] Moorhead, Minn.

[First publication May 21st, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. John Cromb and Kari Sletten, plaintiffs, vs. Alexander Allardyce and Mary Genrue, defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 14th, 1891.
JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[5-11] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 21st, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 30.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.90 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range thirty-two (32) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Uclide Barrette and Nettlie Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 600-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($622.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D, 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee,
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 61]

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida Marcotte and Francois Marcotte, her husband, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 10:50 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 625-28.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $30 that became due November 1st, 1889, $30 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents, ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-two, (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 63]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 7th, 1891,

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 18th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents. ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼), and lot one (1) of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 62.]

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty,

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Notice of Mortgage Foreclose ure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Bisson, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 36 of mortgages on pages 106-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $4.75 that became due December 2d, 1888, $3.75 that became due June 2d, 1889, $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1889, $3.75 that became due June 2d, 1890, and $3.75 that became due December 2d, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and four dollars and fifty-seven cents. ($304.57.)

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ nw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of Range forty-two (42), containing 120 acres, more or less according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.
NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY.
Mortgagee
S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [N G. 52] [1-7]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Delor Toupin, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of November A. D. 1888, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of Morigages, on pages 574-6.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1889, $17.50 that became due May 20th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due November 20th, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety two dollars and fifty cents ($592.50), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty-three (43) containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law: which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[1-7] [N. G. 51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ferment Coter, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 236-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1890; and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt, secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty (40), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 53]

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., April 27th, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Napoleon Geron against Peter Bernier, for abandoning his homestead entry No. 18,240, dated Dec 24th, 1888, upon the sw¼ nw¼, [illegible] in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the [illegible] day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[1-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Frank Johnson and Anna Johnson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong, of the County of Broome, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 46 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, at 6 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 102; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars, due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Hannah Amelia Armstrong has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred forty-two and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.
HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLE TOUGAS AND CELanise Tougas, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of June 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit; West half northwest quarter and west half southwest quarter Section 26, Township 151, Range 48 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:00 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book No. 27 of mortgages, on page 180; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-eight and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.
THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARquerite Piette, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-nine and 41-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.
AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, OLE O. BRADSAT, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of September 2d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 450; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventeen and 50-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-four and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.
MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Maria Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 11, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 412; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen and 78-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of twenty eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline L. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred fifty-four and 76-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.
CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 13th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BEIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Dinnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 22d day of August;, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of August 22d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one, (1), and two, (2) of Section 19, Township 147, Range 41 west, containing 162 61-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 444; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred thirty-eight and 56-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.
MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., April 17, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Carl A. Woodstrom against Francis R. Beaumette for abandoning his homestead entry No. [illegible] Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the [illegible] day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[3-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

First publication May 21st, 1891.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Kindler and Minnie Kindler, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 38 of mortgages, on pages 239-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due December 29th, 1888, June 29th, 1889, December 29th, 1889, June 29th, 1890, and December 29th, 1890, each of said installments being for $33. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents, ($973.10) and, whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty-six, (26), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty five (45) west, containing 160 acres. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 66.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John E. Fangstrom and Anna Fangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of March A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on pages 61-3.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1888, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1890, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1890, and $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred and thirty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($432.45); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ se¼) of Section twenty-six (26), the west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and southeast quarter of northwest quarter (se¼ nw¼) of Section thirty-five, (35) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.
Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, [2-8] [N. G. 54]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter Section 19, Township 149, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 399; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 33-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seventy-five and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 30th, A. D. 1891.
AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[3-8] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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North Star.

Fife.

Skip Jack.

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRIC

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency,)

REAL ESTATE.

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN

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TO C. H. SAAKE'

For Bargains IN JEWELRY, CLOCKS, AND SILVERWARE.

Come and look for yourself and be convinced that I have the Grandest, Largest and Choicest Stock and LOWEST PRICES in the Great Northwest. I make a specialty of

REPAIRING

Fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, and if you want a job of any kind done in this line, COME TO ME.

IF YOU WANT SPECTACLES

Of any kind or style, large or small, come to me. In fact for anything in the Jewelry line I am ready to give you the best service and use you so you will be pleased to come agaid.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

Benoit & Sylvester,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Carry a full and complete line of Stoves and Ranges, Doors and Sash, Barbed Wire. Agents for the Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machine, Richmond Champion Press Drill and McSherry Drill.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

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STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., Crookston.

THE COAST FAKE.

Experience of a Gentleman Recently Returned From Washington.

Grand Forks Daily Herald.

A gentleman lately arrived from the much advertised Puget Sound country, in the new state of Washington, gives the Herald the following account of condition of affairs there at present:

"The Puget Sound country is in a very torpid condition at the present time, and has been so for over a year past. From present indications the reaction is not likely to set in for several years to come. Cause—too much boom. The country has been boomed nigh unto death, until its stock in trade consisting of "glorious climate," "inexhaustible coal and lumber resources," etc., can stand the strain no longer. Its cities are filled to overflowing with men seeking employment and thousands more are pouring in each month only to find out the truth when, having been unable to get work, their money is gone and they find themselves powerless to get back to the solid, conservative East.

In consequence of the great falling off in the amount of eastern capital shipped in for investment the real estate market is sluggish, in fact nearly dead. This has made money scarce and business men are cutting down expenses to the lowest notch in the endeavor to keep from being swamped. No new clearks are being employed and the old ones must work for lower wages or quit; and there are hundreds of men just as competent as they who are glad to work for anything that is offered. I was much amused at a card I saw in a Tacoma shoe dealer's window. He had recently come out from Philadelphia, and occupied a small store perhaps sixteen or eighteen feet front and about thirty or forty feet deep. His anouncement of his closing out sale read somewhat like this: "$200 a month rent for this little store! Can't stand it! If I don't sell out I will have to walk back to Philadelphia. Will sell at twenty-five per cent below cost I can ride back! Am I fooling? Never." And he was not fooling either, for he almost gave shoes away; and succeeded in getting out about the first of May. I suppose he is in slow but sure Philadelphia by this time satisfied that the coast country is not what it is cracked up to be.

Rents are indeed outrageous. A largestore on any of the main business streets in Seattle or Tacoma rent anywhere from $350 to $500 per month, and even higher. An eight or ten room frame house rents from $40 to $75 per month. Real estate is still held at absurdly high figures despite the fact that no one wants to buy it at present prices. Two years ago the real estate men were as princes; now they are not; but they still hang on and hope for better things.

The climate, about which so much has been said in praise, is not a pleasant one, according to my taste: At this season of the year, it is hot during the day, while the nights are uncomfortably cool, and there is so much dampness in the air that one cannot sit on his veranda of an evening without being warmly wrapped. Beginning with the latter part of October and not ending until at least May first is the reign of the rainy season. During these seven or eight months it is rain, rain, and still more rain, with scarcely ever a clear day. As most of the streets are unpaved, and the soil of such a character as to form the stickiest kind of mud, the pleasure of life during the winter months is not unalloyed. As to young men going from such a country as you have here to seek their fortunes on the shores of Puget Sound, I would say don't do it. You will find only disappointment. Of the myriads who are coming in there now, all who can start on the return trip East after a few days or weeks in vain search for work, that is, provided they have the means. Unfortunately, many are broke and have to remain. What they will do to earn a livelihood is a problem I cannot solve; and it seems to me an outrage that the railroad companies continue leading innocent men to such a country, when they well know that there are already more men there than the country can support. From what I have seen between the Pacific Coast and the Red River Valley, the latter is good enough for me and your city deserves to be called "City of Destiny" far more than does the present holder of the title "Tacoma."

A Mammoth, Blood Sweating Hippopotamus.

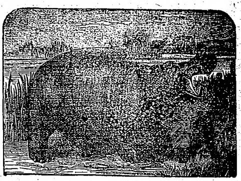
Among the many specially interesting and rare specimens of zoology to be seen with Ringling Bros. World's Gratest Rail Road Shows is the Largest Living Hippopotamus in captivity. His weight is greater than the hugest elephant. This mammoth amusement institution will spread its "city of snow white tents" in Crookston on Friday June 19th.

The Only Big Railroad Show Coming!

RINGLING BROS.

WORLD'S

GREATEST SHOWS!



Three Ring Circus

and Elevated Stages.

REAL ROMAN HIPPODROME.

Museum and Aquarium! World's Horse Fair and realistic Roman Gala Day, Sports and Spectacles. Will Exhibit at

Crookston, Friday, June 19

The Largest and Most Faultless Union of

MIGHTY SHOWS ON EARTH.

Embracing all the Cardinal Features of the Amusement World, now Enlarge fully Five times its former vastness. A veritable traveling city of splendors with a miraculous population and an oppulent wealth unparalleled in the history of amusements.

1000—PEOPLE—1000 300—HORSES—300 80—MUSICIANS—80

5—Brass and Reed Bands—5 10—Different Kinds of Music—10

100—Dazzling Acts—100 300—Circus and Hippodrome Performers—300

100 Cages, Dens, Chariots, &c.—100 7—of the dens of Wild Animals Open in Parade—7 3—Great Circus Rings—3 2—Elevated Stages—2

1—Largest Hippodrome Track on Earth—1

$1,000,000—Invested in Menagerie alone—$1,000,000

1---Ticket Admits to All---1

An admirable Collection of Earth's Rarest Wonders, Largest Living Hippopotamus in captivity, Mammoth Amphibious Bovalapus, only genuine African Zebras in America, Mighty Herds of Ponderous Elephants, all kinds of Thrilling Races, the Largest Ears under the sun! the Umbrella Eared Elephant.

The Remarkable Demon Equine or Hairless Horse. The Latest Historical Roman Spectacle

Cæsar's Triumphal Entry Into Rome.

Babylon—the Largest Elephant on Earth. A Boundless Feast of Aerial Sensations. Only Den of Savage African Man Maters. "Prince Battenburg"—Midget Bull, height 24 inches. An all new and thrilling Roman Hippodrome. $10,000 Troupe of Performing Stallions. The Largest and Most Exhaustive Zoological Exhibition in the world. Family of Baby Kangaroos, Cutest Baby Lions, Playful Baby Tigers.

STUPENDOUS REVIVAL OF THE CIRCUS MAXIMUS. America's Most Brilliant, Grand and Mighty Amusement Institution.

Every morning at 10 o'clock the most Elaborate, sumptuous FREE STREET PARADE that has ever moved in Pomp and Glitter through any city in the world.

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Grand Forks Daily Herald.

A gentleman lately arrived from the much advertised Puget Sound country, in the new state of Washington, gives the Herald the following account of condition of affairs there at present:

"The Puget Sound country is in a very torpid condition at the present time, and has been so for over a year past. From present indications the reaction is not likely to set in for several years to come. Cause—too much boom. The country has been boomed nigh unto death, until its stock in trade consisting of "glorious climate," "inexhaustible coal and lumber resources," etc., can stand the strain no longer. Its cities are filled to overflowing with men seeking employment and thousands more are pouring in each month only to find out the truth when, having been unable to get work, their money is gone and they find themselves powerless to get back to the solid, conservative East.

In consequence of the great falling off in the amount of eastern capital shipped in for investment the real estate market is sluggish, in fact nearly dead. This has made money scarce and business men are cutting down expenses to the lowest notch in the endeavor to keep from being swamped. No new clearks are being employed and the old ones must work for lower wages or quit; and there are hundreds of men just as competent as they who are glad to work for anything that is offered. I was much amused at a card I saw in a Tacoma shoe dealer's window. He had recently come out from Philadelphia, and occupied a small store perhaps sixteen or eighteen feet front and about thirty or forty feet deep. His anouncement of his closing out sale read somewhat like this: "$200 a month rent for this little store! Can't stand it! If I don't sell out I will have to walk back to Philadelphia. Will sell at twenty-five per cent below cost. I can ride back! Am I fooling? Never." And he was not fooling either, for he almost gave shoes away, and succeeded in getting out about the first of May. I suppose he is in slow but sure Philadelphia by this time satisfied that the coast country is not what it is cracked up to be.

Rents are indeed outrageous. A largestore on any of the main business streets in Seattle or Tacoma rent anywhere from $350 to $500 per month, and even higher. An eight or ten room frame house rents from $40 to $75 per month. Real estate is still held at absurdly high figures despite the fact that no one wants to buy it at present prices. Two years ago the real estate men were as princes; now they are not; but they still hang on and hope for better things.

The climate, about which so much has been said in praise, is not a pleasant one, according to my taste. At this season of the year, it is hot during the day, while the nights are uncomfortably cool, and there is so much dampness in the air that one cannot sit on his veranda of an evening without being warmly wrapped. Beginning with the latter part of October and not ending until at least May first is the reign of the rainy season. During these seven or eight months it is rain, rain, and still more rain, with scarcely ever a clear day. As most of the streets are unpaved, and the soil of such a character as to form the stickiest kind of mud, the pleasure of life during the winter months is not unalloyed. As to young men going from such a country as you have here to seek their fortunes on the shores of Puget Sound, I would say don't do it. You will find only disappointment. Of the myriads who are coming in there now, all who can start on the return trip East after a few days or weeks in vain search for work, that is, provided they have the means. Unfortunately, many are broke and have to remain. What they will do to earn a livelihood is a problem I cannot solve, and it seems to me an outrage that the railroad companies continue leading innocent men to such a country, when they well know that there are already more men there than the country can support. From what I have seen between the Pacific Coast and the Red River Valley, the latter is good enough for me and your city deserves to be called "City of Destiny" far more than does the present holder of the title "Tacoma."

A Mammoth, Blood Sweating Hippopotamus.

Among the many specially interesting and rare specimens of zoology to be seen with Ringling Bros.' World's Greatest Rail Road Shows is the Largest Living Hippopotamus in captivity. His weight is greater than the hugest elephant. This mammoth amusement institution will spread its city of snow white tents in Crookston on Friday June 19th.

The Only Big Railroad Show Coming!

RINGLING BROS.

WORLD'S

GREATEST SHOWS!

Three Ring Circus

and Elevated Stages.

REAL ROMAN HIPPODROME.

Museum and Aquarium! World's Horse Fair and realistic Roman Gala Day, Sports and Spectacles. Will Exhibit at

Crookston, Friday, June 19

The Largest and Most Faultless Union of

MIGHTY SHOWS ON EARTH.

Embracing all the Cardinal Features of the Amusement World, now Enlarged fully Five times its former vastness. A veritable traveling city of splendors with a miraculous population and an opulent wealth unparalleled in the history of amusements.

1000—PEOPLE—1000 300—HORSES—300 80—MUSICIANS—80
5—Brass and Reed Bands—5 10—Different Kinds of Music—10
100—Dazzling Acts—100 300—Circus and Hippodrome Performers—300
100 Cages, Dens, Chariots, &c.—100 7—of the dens of Wild Animals Open in Parade—7 3—Great Circus Rings—3 2—Elevated Stages—2
1—Largest Hippodrome Track on Earth—1
$1,000,000—Invested in Menagerie alone—$1,000,000

1—Ticket Admits to All—1

An admirable Collection of Earth's Rarest Wonders, Largest Living Hippopotamus in captivity, Mammoth Amphibious Bovalapus, only genuine African Zebras in America, Mighty Herds of Ponderous Elephants, all kinds of Thrilling Races, the Largest Ears under the sun! the Umbrella Eared Elephant.

The Remarkable Demon Equine or Hairless Horse. The Latest Historical Roman Spectacle

Cæsar's Triumphal Entry Into Rome.

Babylon—the Largest Elephant on Earth. A Boundless Feast of Aerial Sensations. Only Den of Savage African Man Maters. "Prince Battenburg" —Midget Bull, height 24 inches. An all new and thrilling Roman Hippodrome. $10,000 Troupe of Performing Stallions. The Largest and Most Exhaustive Zoological Exhibition in the world. Family of Baby Kangaroos, Cutest Baby Lions, Playful Baby Tigers.

STUPENDOUS REVIVAL OF THE CIRCUS MAXIMUS. America's Most Brilliant, Grand and Mighty Amusement Institution.

Every morning at 10 o'clock the most Elaborate, sumptuous FREE STREET PARADE that has ever moved in Pomp and Glitter through any city in the world.

Two Performances Daily—Afternoon and Night. Doors open at 1 and 7. Performance commences 1 hour later.

These, The World's Greatest Shows will positively exhibit at

Crookston, Friday, June 19th.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, June 4, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 90.
1 Northern 88.
2 Northern 85.
3 Northern 80.

Everybody enjoyed the Heywoods.

Secure the life of Emma Abbot at Herb's.

The Fertile, G. A. R. Post joined in the services on Decoration Day.

See the bargains offered by Fontaine & Angliam elsewhere in this issue.

Will Carlton should hear Alba Heywood recite "The New Church Organ."

The Scandia American Bank has been repapered and thoroughly renovated.

Examine those 25 cent hose at Fontaine & Anglim's; warranted fast colors.

Chris Steenerson was up from the west side this week. Says crops are looking nicely.

Hon. Wm. Carlton, of Angus was down to observe decoration day services with the Post on Saturday.

Go and see a copy of the life of Emma Abbott, America's Queen of Song, at Herb Mason's.

Carpets, Carpets at the Bjoin Block Funiture store. New stock, low prices. Crookston Furniture Co.

Comrade August Walters took a travelling card for six months before he left for Germany on Saturday.

Bargains in Jersey Ribbed Vests. See big ad of Fontaine & Anglim.

Nup Christianson was in from McIntosh last week. Says crops are looking and doing nicely in his neighborhood.

Rev. R. H. Battey and wife left for South Dakota where Mrs. Battey has a tree claim upon which she goeth to prove up.

In unloading a carload of wagons last week John Alderman got his foot badly pinched which caused him to wear a cane awhile.

Hon. B. Sampson and family with their guest, Dr. Benedict, of Minneapolis, occupied a box at the Grand Opera house on Monday evening.

Alba Heywood, as a character delineator is a dandy and no mistake. He kept the audience in a roar whenever he appeared on the stage.

At the sale of school lands in Grand Forks Co., last week Tom Campbell bought a quarter section adjoining the city of Grand Forks for $40 per acre.

Our Grand Opening sale will continue 10 days longer during which time we will place our goods lower than ever to the public. Crookston Funiture Co.

Captain Glenn, of the Sons of Veterans makes a very handsome figure on parade. He has the military bearing of a martinet, but resembles one in no other way.

H. C. Misner was down from Euclid last week and dropped in for a pleasant chat with THE JOURNAL man, and reported the best looking crops they have had for several years.

Git dar for your reserved seats for the grand Mastodon Minstrel show on Friday night. Over 700 tickets have been sold, and the box office will open on the 4th. Go early for first choice.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall, of Red Lake Falls reviewed "Cleopatra" at the Grand Opera here on Thursday evening of last week. Mrs. Marshall was once known in this city as Miss Emma Klepper.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

The Congregational, lawn social will be held this evening at the residence of S. Ware, Esq. Everybody invited to go and have a good time. Strawberries and cream ice cream and all that sort of thing.

H. A. Mason has secured the general agency for "The Life and Professional Career of Emma Abbott," for the counties of Norma, Polk, Normman and Kittson. You can secure an agency or a copy of the work at Herb's.

Geo. Ralph was down from the survey on the Red Lake Reservation last week and reports that he expects to be through with his job in about three weeks. He expects to take a bigger contract about July 1st.

A. C. Wilkinson and wife will start soon for a tour of Europe of about three months duration. They will visit about every place of note in the old world and will, no doubt, have a grand time. THE JOURNAL wishes them a safe journey.

W. O. Wilson had a beautiful eye on him caused by too closely examining the festive poison Ivy plant. W. O. says that if John L. Sullivan could plant a handsomer optic on his countenance he don't care to interview John L.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs, informs our reporter that her business has been so good this season that she is obliged to order new supplies every week. Never before has she sold so many goods and her prices are extremely low. She invites the ladies to call.

A. E. Brush, after a winter spent in sunny climes returned better satisfied with this country than ever. He says he saw no better country anywhere on his travels than we have in this Valley and he don't want to sell his farm unless he gets a fancy price for it.

"A Ramble in Wonderland" is the title of a handsome little pamphlet published by C. S. Fee, Gen. Passenger Agt for the N. P. R. R. This book contains a great deal of information that the home-seeker in the great west should know. For a copy address with stamps, C. S. Fee, St. Paul, Minn.

IN MEMORIAM.

CROOKSTON AND VICINITY

TURNS OUT

To Do Honor to the Nation's Dead.

A Fitting Memorial Address, Rich in Patriotic Sentiment, delivered by Hon. E. M. Stanton.

A Band of Lovely Maidens Representing the States.

Scatter Sweet Flowers.

Sad and sacred though it be, yet there is always something dear to the true loyal American heart in the Annual Memorial Services which perpetuate the memories of the brave and the true who laid down their lives in defense of American liberty and American institutions, and there is no survivor of that time which tried men's souls, who took an active part, whose heart does not thrill with sacred emotions as he lives over again those times in these sacred rites. Early on Saturday morning the people began to flock in from the country, and at 1:30 the parade formed in the following order:

Platoon of City Police.
Queen City Band.
Mayor, Orators of the Day, Clergy and City Council in carriages.
Float containing girls representing the States of the Union.
Crookston Fire Department and Juvenile Fire Department.
St. John's Society.
Independent Order of Good Templars.
Sons of Veterans.
Col. George Post, G. A. R., Fertile.
Col. Cobham Post, No. 90, G. A. R.
School children.

The order of march was from the city hall south to Loring avenue, west along Loring avenue to Main street, north along Main street to Fifth, east on Fifth to Broadway and south on Broadway to the old opera house.

The exercises at the opera house were opened with a dirge by the Queen City Band, after which Adjutant V. D. Carruth read the following general orders:

HEADQUARTERS GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.
RUTLAND, Vt., April 22, 1891.

General Orders No. 22.

1. Again the warm spring sun reminds us that Memorial day, with its time-honored observance, is near at hand. Regulations are so explicit upon this subject that no formal order urging this sacred duty upon the post is necessary.

For the twenty-third time since the 30th of May was designated for this purpose by Comrade Logan, that commander-in-chief, it is our privilege to render special homage to the memory of our comrades who answer to roll call on earth no more, to pledge ourselves anew in united and solemn chorus to the great principles for which they died and for the perpetuation of which this mighty order is now maintained.

Let no grave be unvisited, no comrade forgotten, and as our children and children's children shall ask, "What mean ye by this service?" Let us point them to the sacrifice of our comrades whom death has mustered out forever, and whose devotion to duty made possible this golden era of our nation, which today, under one flag, is marching on to its glorious destiny; a future assured to this and the coming generations by the conflicts and victories of the period which this day recalls and signalizes.

Standing by these sacred mounds, let us urge that never, while the flowers shall wake to life, while the released waters shall course from the mountains to the sea, while the emancipated earth shall with each returning spring wave its banners of green, shall these memorial service be unperformed or forgotten Let the day be in no manner diverted from its true purpose, but let it be made to teach to the fullest extent its great lesson of patriotism.

II Post commanders are reminded that their arrangements for Memorial day should invariably include attendance by the post in a body upon some form of divine worship upon the preceding Sunday.

This custom has become, and deservedly so, very general, and its appropriateness and desirability are apparent. Some minister of the gospel should be invited to deliver a suitable sermon upon this occasion, and the post should, if practicable, appear in uniform and display their badges and colors, striving in every way to render this a fitting preliminary to our great annual observance.

III. In some departments the custom prevails of having the school children co-operate, the session of school preceding Memorial day being devoted to patriotic teachings, emphasized by the presence at each school of some comrade of the order, and the children asked to share in providing flowers for the following day, and assured that in so doing they become directly identified with the praiseworthy service of Memorial day. It is recommended that post commanders, so far as possible, detail comrades who, in uniform, may appear before each school and briefly suggest action as above.

IV. All posts will make special reports of the day on or before June 10 to department chaplains, who will consolidate the same and report to comrade Myron W. Reed, chaplain-in-chief at Denver, Col., not later than June 20. Post commanders will be held responsible for these reports and they should be promptly rendered.

By command of
W. G. VEAZEY,
Commander-in-chief,
J. H. GOULDING
Adjutant General.

Reading of orders was followed by the Grand Salute to the dead by the Grand Army Posts. Mayor Alex. McKinnon then delivered a brief address of welcome, which was followed by a song—"Sleep, Soldier, Sleep," beautifully rendered by Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain, Mrs. T. Adams, Mrs. E. C. Carruth, Mr. Robt. Leick, Mr. Fred Mix and Dr. W. A. Robertson, with Miss. Mamie Ayers presiding at the organ.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Savage.

Reading of the Scriptures, by Rev. C. F. Sharpe, followed by a solo and chorous, "Noble Souls, The Boys In Blue," very sweetly sang by Mrs. T. Adams, supported by the improvised glee club. Then followed the address of the day by the Hon. E. M. Stanton, who said:

This morning's sun reddened the shore of our Country were the "Cradle of Liberty" was rocked to the sound of Atlantic thunders. When its parting beams at evening crimsons the shore of our Country, where the "Golden Gate" opens into the Ocean Pacific, it will have kissed the dew drops from the graves of over 300,000 soldiers, who in the defense of Union and Liberty were slain upon the field of battle. How fitting it is, that on this 30th day of May, when the air is fragrant with the beautiful bloom of spring, we garland their graves with the choicest flowers of that fair land they loved so well; that returning spring, clothing all earth with beauty, should touch to green their graves and laurel them with flowers that speak more eloquently than tongue or pen, the praises of a people made free by their heroic deeds. "With tears for the dead and cheers for the living", we again,

> "Crown in our hearts those dead heroes of ours,
> And cover them over with beautiful flowers."

It matters not where their manly forms may be resting; whether beneath the shade of the tall palmetto of that far southern country, or in the vine clad cemeteries of the north; whether their graves be marked by monumental stone, or with naught but the cold damp earth for a winding sheet, they sleep in graves unknown, all share and share alike the tribute of a grateful people. Like tranquil sleepers in a dream, memory to-day carries us back to that eventful period in American history, when the rebel cannon belched forth on Sumpter's walls and the black clouds of rebellious war hung low and heavy over Columbia's fair land.

The war of the rebellion was no sudden embroilment of malcontented minds, no revolutionary insurrection precipitated by traitorous hands; no spasmodic attack of an infuriated mob; but a slumbering volcano waiting the shock of a rebel insolence to pour forth its mighty volume of shot and shell-raining death and destruction. The war of the rebellion was not unlooked for. When Abraham Lincoln said, "This Nation cannot live and prosper one half bond and one half free", he foretold the coming of a terrific storm. Long years it had been gathering, and its pent up furies burst upon us with all the horrors of civil war. It shook from turret to foundation the mighty "Temple of Liberty" which our fathers had builded, and the "old ship of state" that had triumphed in many a storm, was tossed upon the wave of an impending crisis. Did the last experiment of popular Government prove a failure? Did the fires kindled on the alter of liberty by our revolutionary sires die out? No! Green were the memories of Concord's Ridge and Bunker Hill, and the spirit of American liberty which defied haughty England at Lexington and at last trailed her standards in the dust at Yorktown was alive in the hearts of the loyal people of the north, who at their Country's call responded with a might of power and quenched fires of sectional hate and civil strife, again restored the Nation to peace and union—a glorious sisterhood of states. To those of you who heard the "tocsin of war" and lived amid those scenes of death and desolation, how vivid are the recollections of war. To those of us, born amid those stirring times that tried the souls of men, the war is but a knowledge of its chonological events. To you it is a living reality. Swiftly the years have glided into eternity. They have gone glimmering through the dream of things that were. You can scarcely believe that a quarter of a century has elapsed since the last gun of the rebellion died away on the banks of the Rio Grande. Though the survivors of the war step with youthful buoyancy, and time has woven many silver threads among the gold, it seems but yesterday that you stood on the threshold of that place to man of all the world the best, "Home, sweet home", and bidding a long farewell to the dearest associations of life march away "to the wild, mad music of war."

Sad indeed must have been the parting; lonely must have been the homes they left behind; dreary must have been the hours of watching and cheerless the glow of the fireside.

> "No children run to lisp their sire's return,
> Or climb his knee, the envied kiss to share."

Many were the hearts that wearied with waiting for him who never returned; many were the tears that trinkled down the cheeks of sorrow when the news of the battle told of loved ones dead upon the field.

> "Not a morning wore
> Into evening, but some hearts did break."

When I think of war with all its associations—its cruelties, hardships and dangers, the question suggests itself to me, what is it that prompts a man to leave the scenes of his early childhood—the blue skies, the green fields and waving woodlands—the home where he spent his sunny boyhood days and at his Country's call go forth to meet certain death? Love of Country is one of the many manifestations of that love which "springs eternal in the human heart." Next to this love of the Creator, patriotism is the highest and noblest affection of the human soul. Prompted by a patriotic impulse our noble dead poured out their life's blood as a libation upon the altar of our Country and by the sacrifice of their lives atoned for the errors of a misguided statesmanship. How like the love of him who for sinners suffered and died upon the Cross of Calvary is the soldier's love of Country. Of earth these men gave all to country and humanity, gave it in the golden radiance of life's early morn, and closed their career in glorious death. Though they be devotees of no other religion, but the liberty of conscience; followers of no other creed, but the constitution of their country; worshippers at no other shrine, but that of patriotism, their record upon the field of battle in defense of the inalienable rights of humanity, merits for them, a robe of white for the faded coat of blue and God's eulogy, well done good and faithful citizen. How sublime is the courage of the soldier; how profound the love of Country in him, who.

> "When trumpets sound,
> And warlike symphony is heard around".

dares the dangers of the field.

I wish that I were familiar with the language of eulogy, that I might pronounce a fitting encomium on their courage and with appropriate words estimate the value of their services in the defense of those principles which have made us a great and happy people. I can but faintly lisp their praise, "Bravest of the brave"; due to their memory is the undying gratitude of all who love their native land. The union soldier was exceptionally brave, because like the Spartan soldier, he had a brave and heroic mother. While we honor the patriotism of our forefathers, let us not fail to give due reverence to the patriotism of our foremothers, who during the colonial history of our country developed a patriotism unexcelled in the annals of history.

> "Proud were they by such to stand,
> In hammock, fort or glen,
> To load the sure old rifle,
> To run the leaden ball,
> To watch a battling husbands place,
> And fill it should he fall".

If the women who lived during the revolutionary period were brave and valiant, the women who lived during the civil war were no less brave and heroic. It is impossible to estimate the value of the work done by the loyal women of the North; amidst the terrible scenes of those eventful days the great power and energy of woman's work was conspicuous. Upon the field of carnage, amidst the agonizing groans of the hospital and in the prison dens of the South, the ministrations of her kindness were ever present, shedding a radiance of womanly sweetness around the sick and dying. She never faltered in her allegiance to the old flag nor in her sympathy for the union soldier. The loyalty of the southern women to their cause is indicative of the patriotic character of our American women. They encouraged their husbands and sons to enter the war; deprived themselves of every luxury that they might help the boys in grey; tore their clothing into bandages, cut their wedding dresses into flags, and sold their jewelry for medicine. They carded, spun, wove and colored their own garments. Grand Army of the Republic, it were no compliment to the victorious soldier, to ignore and belittle the bravery of his conquered foe. Would it be ungrateful in me, if in the spirit of Him who taught his children to forgive and forget, in pitying forebearance I should say a kind word by the grave of that brother who wore the grey? This is no time to fan to life the dying embers of sectional hate by unkind allusions to the past.

> "Kindness is to do and say,
> The kindest things in the kindest way."

I cannot impugn the motive of those brave southern soldiers who for four long years withstood the shot and shell of history's bloodiest war. The Southern Confedracy was something more than "a sounding brass, a tinkling symbol"; it was backed by an honesty of opinion and the courage of conviction. They were not mercenary soldiers; they fought not for glory only; they did not engage in a war for conquest nor did they follow the star of a conquering hero. They were a brave and generous foe; heroes in an unheroic cause. Their valor was worthy a better purpose.

With the survivors of the "Lost Cause" we rejoice, that the spirit which actuated the rebellion is fast dying out, and in the South we may see many encouraging signs of prosperity and evidence of loyalty to the union cause. Ere another quarter of a century shall have come and gone, the people of the South will look with horror upon the incredible baseness of their cause, and in the stillness of the night will go forth and tear down the marble shafts they have raised to perpetuate their folly, and "grind to toungeless dust the mementos of confessed and pardoned crime."

A quarter of a century has now rolled into the eternity of the past since the clouds of battle cleared away and the roar of the cannon died away into echoless space. To day we are a grand Nation of states united and people inseparable. How proudly our "ship of State" rides the tranquil waters of peace and prosperity. No storms of discord sweeps o'er her deck; no wild waves of sectional jealousy whistles through her rigging. How calmly she floats, gently rocked by waves of energy and the joy of a grateful people. At her mast-head proudly floats the stars and stripes, to which every loyal heart responds.

> "Long may she wave
> O'er the land of the free,
> And the home of the Brave."

Hope standing amid these scenes of peace and prosperity, its prophetic eye Looking down the dim waste of the future see a pathway bright before us.

No Roman in the palmeist days of that once mighty Roman Empire ever boasted of a more perfect freedom than he who lives beneath the folds of the red, white and blue—glorious trinity of freedom's imperishable colors. May no shadow of sectional jealousy ever dim the light of love and patriotism which now brightens our land sanctified by kindred blood, but.

> "Blest be the tie that binds,
> The sons of our fair land,
> In union, both of hearts and hands.
> One fearless, valiant band."

This unincumbered heritage which we are permitted to enjoy was purchased with the blood of thousande of our noblest citizens.

> On fame's eternal camping ground.
> Their silent tents are pitched."

Though silent in death, the record of their deeds is written upon the imperishable page. We cannot honor the old soldier with a reverence too deep. Each memorial day should help to deepen the impression of their victories upon the tablets of our hearts and the revolving years should add new glory to their achievments.

Grand Army of the Republic, you are but a remnant of that grand body of men, who at the breaking out of the war enlisted in the defense of our country. There is scarcely a soldier among you who has not passed the meridian of life. You are now in the declining years of your manhood. Nearly 40,000 of your number are each year mustered out of life's service, and soon your turn will come to join the innumerable band in that mysterous beyond. Old age and infirmity are fast closing in upon you, and soon the last soldier will be called to his eternal home.

> "The boast of heraldry, the pomp of Power,
> All that beauty, all that wealth ere gave,
> Await alike the inevitable hour,
> The paths to glory lead but to the grave."

But the legacy of your fame will always be the priceless possession of posterity, and the grand aggregate of your victories will gild the tradition of endless centuries. Coming memorial days will weave bright chaplets of honor around each name and passing years will add new luster to your patriotism.

The presence of so many school children here to day prompts me to say a word which I hope will more deeply impress upon their minds the significance of this memorial day. It is a common fault of men too value to lightly that which has cost them most dearly.

Children of the Republic, you are the heirs of those proud champions of freedom who laid broad and deep the foundation of our free institutions and unfurled to heaven's kissing breezes the purest emblem of liberty that ever floated over land or sea. You are the children of a land where the majesty of the common people sits enthroned; where the humblest citizen wears the imperial purple; where every man is the proud possessor of himself—an uncrowned sovereign of the grandest Republic on earth. Do not forget the sacrifices whereby the privileges which constitute the pride and glory of popular goverment were obtained. The noble example of the hosts of heroes who have died for freedom should enkindle in your hearts a deeper patriotic zeal and awaken in each mind the necessity of cultivating a nobler love of country—a patriotism which knows no north nor south, no east nor west.

To day we are standing by the graves of those martyred sons of liberty, who upon the six hundred battle fields of the Civil War sealed their devotion to country by the shedding of patriotic blood. They are hovering around us today and their spirits are gladdened at witnessing these manifestations of patriotism, but you need not long for battle fields upon which to show your love of country. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." In time of peace there are victories to be won no less renowned than those of war. Go children, inspired by the patriotism of those whose memory we commemorate to-day, and in the great moral and political conflicts of your country, armed with a pure and spotless ballot, win victories for home and native land. For the sake of those who died to make men free, ever hold on high that starry emblem of our country's pride and strength, and make its presence everywhere a withering blight to every foreign institution planted upon American soil. Strive to popularize our American nationality to that superlative degree, that any other flag other than the stars and stripes that dares unfold its filthy sheet in the pure atmosphere of American liberty will not excite an idle curiosity, and may those stars of our country's flag, glittering from their firmament of azure blue, brighter and brighter grow until their brillincy outshines them all. So live that this nation may forever stand as a monument to your patriotism and the heroism of our noble dead.

Study well the history of your own country, for each page you will find replete with incentives to patriotism. Study the lives of those great men whose names shine like bright jewels upon the pages of history, for the noble example of their lives, remind us.

> "That we too may make our lives sublime,
> And departing leave behind us,
> Footprints upon the sands of time."

After a piece finely rendered by the Queen City Band, the Juvenile Fire Department marched upon the stage and sang "When We Were Marching Through Georgia," so nicely that the walls of the old opera house rang again with the applause, and as an encore the little fellows sang "Auld Lang Syne," after which the Rev. R. H. Battey took the stand and gave a brief address of ten minutes, saying, among other good things, that he thought, as he rode along in the carriage with the speaker and and His Honor, the Mayor in this parade, that this thing ought to be reversed, that instead of plodding along in the dust the Grand Army boys ought to be riding in the carriages and the other fellows doing the walking. Mr. Battey's brief but eloquent address captured the hearts of the old boys in blue, and when he came down at the close of the exercises and warmly grasped each veteran by the hand, they unanimously voted him "a trump."

"Shed a tear" was effectively rendered by the Glee Club and then came a band of little girls representing the States in slow and solemn procession, strewing flowers, each one repeating a little verse as she deposited her flowers upon the grave, as follows:

MAINE—OLGA SAMPSON.

I bring this wreath of roses
For those who sleep alone
On many a line of battle
Unnumbered and unknown.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—ELLA C. HANSON.

I bring the victor's laurel
From many a mountain height,
Remembering all our heroes
Who perished in the fight.

VERMONT—ELLA WALSH.

I bring the freshest blossoms
In memory of one
Who sailed away at morning
And died at setting sun.

MASSACHUSETTS—FRANKIE COLEMAN.

I bring the rarest jewels
That love has brooded o'er,
Remembering Antietam
And a hundred battles more.

RHODE ISLAND—FLORENCE JACOBUS.

I bring the sweetest treasures
Both of the shore and sea,
For those who fell with Burnside
In hostile Tennessee.

CONNECTICUT—CORA JEROME.

I bring the fragrant lilies,
And through the tears and flames
My heart will still remember
The Army of the James.

NEW YORK—MAMIE DESJARDIN.

I bring the sprays of myrtle,
Recalling all the brave
Who on the Rappahannock
Gave up their lives to save.

PENNSYLVANIA—PHENA NETZER.

I bring the stateliest flowers
That on the mountains blow,
For those who fell at Gettysburg
So many years ago.

NEW JERSEY—LEONORA DOBSON.

I bring of May's bright garlands
And softly lay them down,
For those who with McClellan
Won glorious renown.

DELAWARE—JENNIE G. MCLAREN.

I bring the honeysuckle,
A type of those who fell
Without a prayer to speed them,
Without a fond farewell.

MARYLAND—GRACE LUSIAN.

I bring the oleanders
And place them with a tear
Above the shrouded silence
Of many a lonely bier.

VIRGINIA—LILLIAN PEAKE.

I bring the rare magnolias
That line Potomac's shore;
Above a hundred battlefields
They whisper evermore.

WEST VIRGINIA—ANGIE RONDEAU.

I bring of treasures many,
On lonely mountain stored,
Remembering the Kanawha,
The graves at Carrick's Ford.

NORTH CAROLINA—TEMPE COLMAN.

I bring the snowy blossoms
From fair Carolina's strand,
For sunken fleets at ocean
And shadowy hosts on land.

SOUTH CAROLINA—VIENNA SARGEANT.

I bring a tribute tender
To lay above the brave,
Whose shrouded forms are moldering
In many a Southern grave.

GEORGIA—MINNIE TRUAX.

I bring the fadeless ivy,
The starry immortelle,
For those who stormed Mt. Lookout
And at Resaca fell.

ALABAMA—KATIE MARTIN.

I bring the flowers golden
From many a Southern plain,
For those no trump shall waken
Until they rise again.

FLORIDA—MARY MONTAGUE.

I bring the splendid beauty
Of tropic-tinted bloom
For those their last sleep taking
Within the tangled gloom.

OHIO—GERTIE MARSHALL.

I bring the Buckeye blossoms,
Remembering Sheridan
And those who fought his battles
Along the Rapidan.

INDIANA—JOSIE LALLY.

I bring for Morton's heroes
The lily and the rose;
Alas, that Time shall never
Their resting place disclose.

ILLINOIS—IDA STONE.

I bring for Abraham Lincoln
And many thousands more
The tenderest oblations
That loyal hearts outpour.

MICHIGAN—ELLA BRUNER.

I bring for Custer's legions
And all the marshal line,
The sprays of stately cedar
The victor-crowning pine.

WISCONSIN—RHODA BATES.

I bring with heart of freedom
The wealth of wood and plain,
For those who bore our standard
And ne'er returned again.

KENTUCKY—MARTHA MUNCH.

I bring the sweet blue grasses,
The harebells nodding low,
And o'er the unmarked legions
A jeweled mantle throw.

MISSOURI—HELEN MONTAGUE.

I bring the stately peony,
A symbol true and grand
Of those who fell with Lyon,
To save our own dear land,

IOWA—ANNIE ENGLEHARDT.

I bring the prairie blossoms,
So wondrous and so fair,
For Shiloh and Fort Donelson,
And all our loved ones there,

MINNESOTA—ANNIE KELLEY.

I bring the rare wild flowers
From many a wide estate,
For those who died to make us
A Union strong and great.

NEBRASKA—HARRIET COUVRETTE.

I bring in proud profusion
The treasures of the plain,
To circle round our heroes
A loving flower chain.

KANSAS—OPHELIA LAROCK.

I bring from sunny Kansas
The land of old John Brown,
The sunflower and the poppy,
Earth's royal sons to crown.

MISSISSIPPI—BELLE GODBOUT.

I bring from lands historic,
The sad sultana knew,
The rarest Southern flowers,
Remembering her crew.

LOUISIANA—LAURA WALSTAD.

I bring the proud palmetto,
And flowers fair and tall,
To smile with tears of pity
Above the graves of all.

ARKANSAS—SUSIE MUNROE.

I bring of blossoms many
And strew them once again,
Remembering Red River
And Island Number Ten.

TEXAS—MAUD KELLEY.

I bring the water-lily
That broods above the dead
In river-bend and bayou,
No braver ever led.

TENNESSEE—TASSIE MCDONALD.

I bring from mountains rocky
A thousand thousand flowers;
The heroes of the Cumberland
Command these gifts of ours,

NEVADA—ORPHA ANDTKE.

I bring from sunsets splendid
The jewelled buds of Spring;
The martyrs of Port Hudson,
Be these the men we sing.

CALIFORNIA—RAI WILKINSON.

I bring with arms full laden
From California's strand
The wreaths for Appomattox
And strew with lavish hands.

OREGON—ALMA FONTAINE.

I bring in all the glory
Of May's bewildering smile,
The flowers for the prisons
Of Libby and Belle Isle.

MONTANA—BESSIE FREEMAN.

I bring the garnered beauty
Of many lands to-day,
For fathers and for brothers
So early passed away.

NORTH DAKOTA—NORA FULLER.

I bring the buds unfolding,
The types so early fled,
Of hearts in anguish breaking
Above the sacred dead.

SOUTH DAKOTA—ALICE TRUAX.

I bring Love's odorous offerings
For Grant, the man of peace,
And the heroes of his armies
God give of such increase.

WASHINGTON—LILY GONYEA.

I bring my choicest garlands
For mother and for wife;
And our dear Army Nurses
Who faced the cruel strife.

COLORADO—LENA LEGUEE.

I bring from mountains hoary,
From crevices of snow,
The rarest flowers that blossom,
Because we loved them so.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—MISS. LIZZIE ZARRACHER.

They know not what sweet duty
We come each year to pay,
Nor heed the blooms of beauty,
The garland gifts of May,
Strewn here to-day.

"The night time and the day-time,
The rise and set of sun,
The winter and the May-time,
To them whose work is done,
Are all as one."

Then o'er mine eyes there floated
A vision of the land
Where their brave souls promoted
To Heaven's own armies, stand
At God's right hand.

From out the mighty distance
I seem to see them gaze
Back on the old existence,
Back on the battle blaze
Of war's dead days.

"The flowers shall fade and perish,"
In larger faith spake I,
"But these dear names we cherish
Are written in the sky,
And cannot die."

After which the States kneeled, the audience arose and joined in singing "America," at the close of which the rear curtain arose disclosing the Goddess of Liberty holding a large flag, with a group of veteran soldiers at one side and sailors on the other. The scene, illuminated by colored lights, presented a grand effect. The curtain fell and the benediction was pronounced by the Rev. F. C. Whitney and the audience dispersed after one of the most impressive seasons of the kind ever witnessed in Crookston.

NOTES.

To the efforts of comrade D. Jacobus, is due much of the success of the States on this occasion.

Miss Frankie Barnes made an exceedingly lovely appearance as the Goddess of Liberty, standing like a statue, and seemingly as breathless, during the tableau.

The Juvenile Fire Department deserves more than a passing notice. It is composed of boys from 13 years old down to 6 who are excellently drilled. Their songs were highly appreciated. They are a credit to their drill-master, Jack McLaren.

The rendition of the post of the District of Columbia, by Miss Lizzie Zarracher, was especially fine and impressive. Miss Lizzie is the brave daughter of a brave comrade.

The Ladies of the Episcopal church will hold a United States apron fair and sociable at the Reading Room on Tuesday Evening, June 11th. Invitation extended to all,

Regular service conducted by the Pastor at the Congregational church next Sunday, 11 a. m. "The Nurseries of Religion." 8 p. m. "The Problem of Life." Sunday school at noon. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting 7 to 7:45 p. m. Kind welcome to all at every service.

F. G. Thompson started with his family for a visit to the old home in Grant County. He has not been there in 'steen years, and says he proposes to wreak sweet vengeance on the black bass that do much abound in the waters of Grant county. From his talk we should judge that he intends to absorb enough "bass" to make himself a singer.

Lewis Larock has sold his city property to his son-in-law, Robert Leick and will go to Rhode Island to live as soon as his son, who is now sick with the measles, is able to travel. Comrade Larock is one of those honest, upright men whom it is a detriment to a city to lose, but in our loss, the place wherein he shall abide in the future, will gain a good citizen.

The thorough manner in which county attorney A. R. Holston is attending to his duties shows that the voters of Polk County made no common error when they elected him to the responsible office of county attorney. Holston will "let no guilty man escape" if he can help it and he generally can.

The three mile race at the skating rink on Saturday evening between E. Moeckel and Albert Halverson, was won by the former by a quarter lap. Halverson had the misfortune to get a bad fall which so demoralized his physical system as to cause him to lose the race. He says he can beat Emil if he can keep his understanding.

W. G. Hunt, editor and propreiter of the new paper at McIntosh—the News, was in the city last week and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call. He said that at the meeting in McIntosh week before last the Plano folks took the contract for furnishing binders to the farmers and alliance secretarys will be the agents. Three carloads of binders were ordered. He says crops are looking exceedingly fine this spring.

Seth Abbott the venerable father of the late celebrated actress, Emma Abbott, was in the city this week to establish an agency for the sale of "The Life and Professional career of Emma Abbott," and THE JOURNAL is indebted for a pleasant call, also for a copy of the work which we will review at our earliest convenience. Mr. Abbot is a very entertaining old gentleman and gave us many interesting details of his talented daughter. He arranged with Herb Mason for the sale of his book and left for Fargo on Tuesday evening's train.

In a private letter to the editor of THE JOURNAL, Ed. H. Love, of the Kittsen Enterprise, says of two 18 month Holstein-Friesian heifers that he purchased from our herd in the fall of 1889: "The purchase of those two heifers was the best bargain I ever made and they are the greatest pair of cows I ever saw. They have given me a pair of heifer calves this spring, sired by Everett and perfectly marked." Ed is also a great horse fancier and owns the best stable in Kittson County.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

It will pay you to look into Fontaine & Anglim's bargain department.

Congregational lawn social this evening at the residence of S. Ware Esq. Everybody come.

Herb will take pleasure in supplying you with a copy of Emma Abbott's life. It is a very interesting work and one that our music loving citizens can appreciate.

Charlie Misner, will open a barber shop next door to Peake's harness shop on Main Street some day this week. Everything will be kept in first-class city style. Give Charlie a call.

Sheriff Jack Kivel, came in on the N. P. train on Wednesday morning from a few days visit at Duluth and Superior. He arrived just too late for the train north so had to stop over a day.

Chris Houston is erecting a comfortable residence on his farm near the city. It will be 26x16 with an ell 4x18. Chris says he shall not go in as much for style as for comfort and proposes to make that house warm if it takes every colt on the place to do it. It seems he is trading colts for the carpenter work.

Chris Houston wishes us to say that if those people who persist in riding over his wheat on the Greenhalgh place don't quit it, they will hear something drop one of these times. He will load up his old fusee and go into ambush one of these days and somebody will take a sudden tumble to the situation, "and the gobbelins will git you if you don't watch out!"

The entertainments given by the McLean-Prescott combination last week at the Grand Opera house were the finest of the kind ever given in this city. On Wednesday "Spartacus" was presented to a good audience and on Thursday "Cleopatria" filled the house. Miss Prescott is a strong emotional actress while McLean has few superiors now on the stage, though the play of Cleopatria does not call forth his full powers.

Charles Misner, who last year disposed of all his interest in goods and chattels on this mundane sphere and departed for Tacoma to grow up with the country has got his growth—and returns to the land of his first love—the Red River Valley. Charles is not saying much but his very silence is eloquent, indicating that he has a very great sufficiency in him. From what he does say we infer that the great trouble on the coast is not a lack of immigration but too much of it. Too many go there with just means sufficient to get there and the result is about ten men to every job. That country will now have to undergo the usual experience of new countries after a big boom.

RINGLINGS HERE.

A Good Parade Witnessed by a Large Crowd of People—A Fine Show.

Wisconsin State Journal Madison, May 4th.

The small boys are happy. The first circus has struck the town. Ringling Bros.' aggregation has set its tents on the Keyes block, in the Sixth ward, and is exhibiting to the people of Madison and vicinity to day. Long before the time for the parade to come up town the streets were filled with people from the city and country desirous of witnessing the exhibition. The procession came up Main street a few minutes before 11 o'clock, with the bands playing and the glittering wagons shining in the sunlight. It was a grand display, and surpassed anything in the show line that has ever visited the city. The costumes are all new, and the participants in the procession were appareled like princes and princesses.

The Ringling Brothers have indeed shown a spirit of enterprise worthy of patronge in providing a good entertainment for the people. It is clean and devoid of any objectionable features whatever, the gentlemen having made an effort to have a performance that would not be distasteful to refined persons and one which ladies and children can safely attend without discovering anything which would in the least be offensive. Their efforts have not been in vain. The show is replete with novelties, full of good exhibitions of skill and strength and clown fun that is devoid of coarseness.

The paraphernalia is transported from place to place on several trains of handsome cars fitted out with air brakes and all the modern appliances for safety. Will exhibit at Crookston Friday June 19th.

Grand Mastodon Minstrels.

The programme for the event of the season which occurs at the Grand Opera House on Friday, (to-morrow) evening, has been completed and is as follows: Grand Overture—by the whole bilin.' Jubilee song—"Speak Aisy," by W. F. Arnold—a brilliant new star upon the horizon, imported direct from RedRiverValleyRollerMills, a high roller and a general all 'round good man—don't fail to listen at him. "I am Not Baby McKee," You Bet, by Frank Gravel, a new character specialist, imported especially for this event at great expense to the management. As this is his first (and probably last)engagment he should be listened at with wrapt attention by a large and enthusiastic audience. "The Laylock," by W. F. Bugg—and what a Bugg don't know about a lilac, Williams will tell you on "Jasper's Birthday." Lew Theurer, will, (for the present occasion only) be an "Angel in the Sky"—and such an angel! The Times man says this character is a PERFECT "angle" but we imagine Lew will act it on the square all right. After this great act Frank Gravel will bid you all a fond and affectionate "Fare You Well"—snatch his grip and hasten out on the road to wear his well-earned laurels and make up for lost time. The oleo(margerine) will be a mysterious compound, composed of the great and only Gilhooley in an original and impromptu Irish Declamation, which he has spent many hours trying in vain to write and finally borrowed of Hank Murray with the promise to return all that is left of it after he has recited it—then Herb Mason will do some funny business in the conjuring line, Mrs. T. Adams will sing a ballad, Mrs. Casad will play a violin solo, S. Ware will proceed to relate "What I (don't) know about Women's Rights," a double male quartette will figure conspicuously an overture will be made by the orchestra in the vain endeavor to reconcile the heterogeneous mass, and the whole business will wind up with the roaring farce, "Where ish Mine Dog? (ask Henault) or the sausage masheen" If you want to enjoy a good laugh and have a jolly good time don't fail to secure your seat early.

GREAT BARGAIN WEEK

ON

CARPETS,

UPHOLSTREY GOODS,
LACE CURTAINS,
and CURTAIN GOODS.

75c A Pair of Lace Curtains for 75c

Parasols and Umbrellas at a Sacrifice.

20c Ladies Fast Black Hose 20c
8c Ladies' good ribbed Vest 8c
5c A good fast colors Challice 5c

MAIL ORDERS ATTENDED TO WITH CARE.

I. O. O. F BLOCK,
Crookston, Minn.

Gervais, the Hustler.

Carpets and Rugs

House Furnishings

A Perfect Horse.

From time immemorial the horse has been known as man's constant companion. From Homer to Byron this noblest of all animals has been immortalized in verse and even in holy writ. He has been described in language of the most sublime inspiration. He occupies a position in both our admiration, necessities, and affections above all other domestic animals. The Ringling Bros. World's Greatest Show, which exhibits at Crookston on Friday, June 19th, possesses three-hundred of the finest horses and ponies ever bred. Among them are scores of educated performing equines, including "Spider," the great leaping horse; "Captain," the lightning calculator, and "Sultan" the dancing stallion. Be sure and see the fine stock in their free street parade.

AGENTS WANTED.

I want a live agent in every town in Norman, Polk, Marshall and Kittson counties, to sell "The Life and Professional Career of Emma Abbott" Address, H. A. Mason, Crookston Minn.

A SNAP.

Ladies call and examine our dress goods from 5cts to 75 cts per yd. No better bargains can be found in the city then Fontaine & Anglim offer this week.

For Sale or Trade For City Property.

A fine farm situated two miles from the city limits. Two hundred and twenty acres now sowed to wheat, barley and oats and the balance, one hundred acres under contract to be broken and backset this season. Eighty acres under fence, good house and barn, artisian well and a fine grove of trees. Owner will sell at a reasonable figure on ample time or exchange for city property. For further particulars call at THE JOURNAL office. [5-t-f.]

[First publication May 21st. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. John Cromb and Kari Sletten, plaintiffs. vs. Alexander Allardyce and Mary Genrue, defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 14th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB Plaintiff's Attorney,
Crookston, Minn.
[5-11]

Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c	100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c	50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c	50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c A Good Summer Corset 50c A Good Black Corset 50c	NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

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McKINNON BROS.,

DEALERS IN

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full tock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

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A. G. GALLASCH, Vice President
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The Big Show Coming!

Ringling Bros. World's Greatest Rail Road Show, Three Ring Circus and Elevated Stages, Museum, Menagerie, Roman Hippodrome and Roman Gala Day Sport and Spectacles is billed to appear at Crookston on Friday June 19. Owing to arrangements made by the American Showman's Pooled League this will be the only large Rail Road Show that will visit Crookston this year. Be in town early and see the magnificent free street parade. Don't forge the date, Friday June 19th.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
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Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor.
JOHN DALLUM Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to sui the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line o meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTH WEST.

CALL IN.

GRAND OPENING — GRAND OPENING

NOW That the excitement incident to the opening of the Grand Opera House is over, your attention is respectfully invited to my

Grand Opening

Of a Full and Complete Line of hoice

Fresh Family Groceries

IN THE ROOM JUST SOUTH OF WYATT'S'

ON BROADWAY.

My goods are all fresh from the wholesale house and I will not be undersold.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.

W. E. SLOCUM.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

IN

General Merchandise!

Schmidt, the Painter,

IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

WALL PAPER.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

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D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

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N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

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Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

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THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

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Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

H. STEENERSON

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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court 14th Judicial District. John Cromb and Olaus H. Lucken, as executors of the last will and testament of Paul C. Sletten, deceased, plaintiffs, against Henry Watts Blake, Jane Blake and Henry Watts, Sr., defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 21st day of May, 1891, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the twentieth day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in block seven (7), in Cromb & Sletten's subdivision of Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 1st, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

JOHN CROMB,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [7-13]

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank,

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Attorney-at-Law,

No. 3 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Spring Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAI NG!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, June 4, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

West Bound.		East Bound.
8:00 p. m.	St. Paul	7:05 a. m
8:35 "	Minneapolis	6:35 "
8:10 "	Duluth	7:00 "
5:25 a. m.	Winnipeg Jc.	9:55 p. m.
8:20 "	CROOKSTON	7:10 "
9:42 "	Grand Forks	5:50 "
2:05 p. m.	Pembina	1:35 "
4:10 "	Winnipeg	11:00 a. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:15 a. m. .... Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy; $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE

Crookston, Minn., May 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 29th, 1891, viz: EMI FOUNTAINE, Hd. No. 11,735, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Min., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, of Gentilly, Minn., Eustach Blanchard, of Carman, Minn.

[5-10] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, KNUDT H. BERG AND Aguette Berg, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1883, duly execute and deliver to Horace Alling, of the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, their mortgage bearing date of November 4th, A. D. 1883, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Southwest quarter (sw¼) Section 24, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment, of the sum of six hundred fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1883, at 1:30 p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages on page 180; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 57-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Horace Alling has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 87-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1891.

HORACE ALLING, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.

[7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 29.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.90 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-one (41) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of two hundred and forty-six dollars ($246.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by David R. McGinnis to P. C. Sletten and John Cromb, of Polk County, Minnesota, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1883, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1883, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book "H" of mortgages, on page 135.

And whereas P. C. Sletten, one of the mortgagees named in said mortgage, died testate, at Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And whereas the last will and testament of the said P. C. Sletten was proved and admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And, whereas, by the terms of said will Kari Sletten, the wife of the said P. C. Sletten, was made the sole legatee and devisee of all the real and personal property of which he died seized aforesaid.

And, whereas, the Probate Court of said Polk County issued its final decree in the estate of P. C. Sletten, deceased, dated Aug. 6, 1887, by the terms of which the said Kari Sletten was decreed to have an undivided half interest in the above described mortgage, which said decree was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, on the 11th day of May, 1888, at 1:30 p. m., in book 29 of deeds, on pages 574 to 578 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block six (6), in Cromb and Sletten's subdivision of outlots in Hurlbut's addition to Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 13th day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
KARI SLETTEN,
Legatee and Devisee of P. C. Sletten, deceased, Mortgagees.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees, Crookston, Minn.

[6-12]

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss In Probate Court. Special Term, May 26th 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Gould C. Johnson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of C. A. Johnson, of the county of Polk, representing among other things that Gould C. Johnson, late of the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1891, at the County of Polk, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said C. A. Johnson granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this court, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1891.

By the Court C. M. BENSON,
[6-8] Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nettie F. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:49 o'clock, a. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 60-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JULY,

A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 15th, A. D. 1891.

JOHNSTON WAGNER, Mortgagee.

W. B. DOUGLAS, Attorney for Mortgagee.

[16-18] Moorhead, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rhesa Godfrey, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and, State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages, on pages 415-16.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due June 13th, 1889, December 13th, 1889, June 13th, 1890, and December 13th, 1890, each of said installments being for $24.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eight hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-eight cents, ($830.78), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter (w½ sw¼) of Section seventeen, (17), and west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section twenty, (20), in Township one hundred and forty-nine, (149), of Range forty-four, (44), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [6-12] [N. G. 67]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida Marcotte and Francois Marcotte, her husband, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 10:50 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 625-28.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $30 that became due November 1st, 1889, $30 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents, ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-two, (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 63]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 7th, 1891.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered, by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 18th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼), and lot one (1) of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 62.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ucilde Barrette and Nettie Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on pages 600-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents, ($622.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four, (44), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 61]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Bisson, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, at 11:20 o'clock a. m., in book 36 of mortgages on pages 106-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following instalments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1888, $8.75 that became due June 2d, 1889, $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1889, $8.75 that became due June 2d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due December 2d, 1890.

And, whereas, the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and four dollars and fifty-seven cents ($304.57.)

And, whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) and southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ nw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), of Range forty-two (42), containing 120 acres, more or less according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY, Mortgagee

S. M. HOUGHTON, Attorney for Mortgagee. [N. G. 52] [1-7]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 23 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Delor Toupin, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to the Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 28th day of November A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of November A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of Mortgages, on pages 574-6.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $17.50 that became due May 28th, 1889, $17.50 that became due November 28th, 1889, $17.50 that became due May 28th, 1890, and $17.50 that became due November 28th, 1890.

And, whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Five hundred and ninety-two dollars and fifty cents ($592.50), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which by the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼), of Section twenty-nine (29), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 17th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee.

[1-7] [N. G. 51]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ferment Coter, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 25-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $5.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1890; and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty (40), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 29th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 53]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,

Crookston, Minn., April 27th, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Napoleon Geron against Peter Bernier, for abandoning his homestead entry No. 13,210, dated Dec. 24th, 1888, upon the w½ nw¼, se¼ nw¼ and sw¼ ne¼ Section 13, Township 150 n. Range 41, in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 30th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Frank Johnson and Anna Johnson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong, of the County of Broome, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of section 33, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 163 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, at 6 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 102; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars, due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Hannah Amelia Armstrong has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred forty-two and 32-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 24th, A. D. 1891.

HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLE TOUGAS AND CELanise Tougas, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of June 26th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: West half northwest quarter and west half southwest quarter Section 26, Township 151, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1886, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book No. 27 of mortgages on page 179; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-eight and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARguerite Piette, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-nine and 41-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, OLE O. BRADSAT, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 2d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of September 2d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 450; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventeen and 50-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-four and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Maria Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 24th, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 11, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 412; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen and 73-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained, on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline L. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred fifty-four and 76-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BEIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of August 22d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one, (1), and two, (2) of Section 19, Township 147, Range 41 west, containing 162 61-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 444; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors, or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred thirty-eight and 26-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.

[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,

Crookston, Minn., April 17, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Carl A. Woodstrom against Francis R. Beaumette for abandoning his homestead entry No. 3,921, dated May 10th, 1880, upon the sw¼ Section 10, Township 150 n. Range 47 w., in Polk County, Minn., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 10th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

[2-7] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 21st, 1891.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Kindler and Minnie Kindler, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 36 of mortgages, on pages 234-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due December 29th, 1888, June 29th, 1889, December 29th, 1889, June 29th, 1890, and December 29th, 1890, each of said installments being for $28. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents, ($973.10) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty-six, (26), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing 160 acres. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 29th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John B. Fangstrom and Anna Fangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of March A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on pages 13-5.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1888, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1890, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1890, and $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred and thirty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($432.45): and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ se¼) of Section twenty-six (26), the west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and southeast quarter of northwest quarter (se¼ nw¼) of Section thirty-five, (35) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 29th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton, Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 54]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter Section 19, Township 149, Range 41 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 399; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 33-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seventy-five and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year, from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,

[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance, to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

KELLER ON HIS HOBBY.

The Irrepressible Stearns County Statesman Talks Upon Binding Twine.

And Shows How Farmers Can Effect an Immense Saving of Money.

St. Paul Daily Globe.

"It reminds me of old times when the Indians used to bring their buffalo meat and sell it to us and then buy it back again after awhile," quoth Senator Henry Keller at the Merchants' yesterday.

The jolly senator was in a communicative mood and freely submitted to an interview relative to the results of the experiments that have just been conducted by the state at Hastings in preparing Minnesota-raised flax for the binding twine machines that are in operation at the state penitentiary.

"I'll explain what I mean," he continued. "The Minnesota farmer raises the flax; he sends the product off and it is converted into binding twine, and then he buys it back again. They pay the freight both ways, the profit of the various processes under which the flax has to go and the freight back again, besides the profits of all the middlemen. I have demonstrated that this, is all unnecessary. After five years' hard labor I have demonstrated that every farmer can manufacture his own binding twine, and I am on my way right now for Columbia, Tenn., where I am going to put the project into actual operation. I have invented a machine that will make binding twine, 100 pounds tensile strength, out of raw straw of any sort, hay or swamp grass. The flax makes the strong twine I speak of, although any of the other materials enumerated are of sufficient strength.

"My binder is attached to the Deering reaper, and it works to perfection. The machine for making the twine is operated by two men and has a capacity of fifty feet a minute, and the cost cannot exceed a quarter of a cent a pound for manufactured twine. So, you see, any farmer can make twine enough for a whole township at a round profit. The barley harvest is on now in Tennessee, and I am going down there to show what my binder and my twine will do. There is no waste of seed. The machine cuts off all the seed as it makes the twine.

"Now, I want to tell you something about flax culture" resumed the senator after a moment's reflection. "The state prison board deserves great credit for saving thirty one tons of straw that would otherwise have been thrown away at Hastings. We have spent considerable time experimenting with this straw, and we have succeeded admirably. There is a waste of about fifty per cent because of the method employed in rotting the straw. But it makes excellent binding twine. There are several machines in operation in the prison, and I have one there also. I have left it so that the prison board may inspect its workings at the meeting that will be held there early in June.

"The farmers, in order to secure the best results, must keep their straw straight. The common practice has been in this state to raise flax for the seed only, and they have mowed it down and retted it, if retted at all, in a tangled mess. There is a big waste. It should be tied up in bundles. If it is not to be pulled up by the roots, the ground should be thoroughly rolled and made smooth at the time of sowing, and then in harvesting a binder, if set as low as possible, will save the entire length of the straw. This will make live fiber fit for the manufacture of linen goods. Such straw, when properly retted in soft water, is worth from $200 to $300 a ton. Two tons can be grown on an acre of ground, and the seed, in addition, will be worth fully $15 an acre. The rough straw is worth $25 a ton. One and three-fourths bushels of seed should be sown on each acre to raise good fiber. The ordinary rule, where seed is the only object, is to sow half a bushel to three pecks. My machine for breaking this sort of material saves everything. With one operation it pours the seed into a sack, blows the shives away and turns out the fiber. One machine will break a ton in a day and two men operate it. You can figure it out yourself. Flax is surely the most profitable crop the farmer can raise if he cares for it properly."

Mr. Keller, accompanied by his partner, George H. Ellis, left for Tennessee last evening.

THE RED RIVER VALLEY FARMER.

BY FRED W. DAVIS.

Asia and Europe combined
  Will have no use for binding twine.
Completely has their wheat crop failed
  Where 'ere the biting frost assailed.

What will they do? Their farms refuse
  To yield enough for their own use.
With eager eyes, this way, look they
  To the wheat crops of America.

Tinted green is our broad plains,
  With fields of wheat and other grains.
We do not rejoice at their great loss,
  But rejoice in giving them our surplus.

Rains we have from heaven's vault,
  And we have no grounds for finding fault.
Farmers of America, rejoice,
  Our wheat will bring a better price.

We need not use our leisure time
  Spinning by hand our binding twine,
Since our Legislature, for a good reason,
  Has put machinery in Stillwater prison.

Last year the price of twine was tossed
  To its highest limits. But now at cost
It will be sold direct to the farmer,
  To help him the golden grain to garner.

No middle men shall interfere,
  And make the price of twine so dear,
And the husbandman, with a strong right arm,
  Will lift the mortgage from his farm

The farmer will be called, no more,
  "A mossback or a hay seed bore."
His brow with manliness bedecked,
  Will he looked up to in respect.

Beef has taken an upward turn,
  No longer do we the critter spurn.
No longer we'll burn the poplar pole,
  We'll have money to buy Dakota coal.

The Legislature has broken the spell,
  The sugar trust from its height has fell.
Farmers, rejoice, our prospects are bright,
  We'll work our farms with all our might.

Memorial Sunday.

New York Press.

More and more Decoration day is becoming a semi-religious occasion. The custom of holding memorial services in the churches on the Sunday preceding or following the 30th of May, and often on both the preceding and following Sundays, has been for many years increasing. These services are often held in co-operation with local posts of the G. A. R., and the veterans attend in a body. Usually, though not always, the principal address is made by a clergyman, and more frequently than otherwise takes the form of a sermon upon some topic and from some text appropriate to inspire patriotic sentiments. This growing custom is good. It is good for the churches, for the G. A. R. and for the country. The grandly fundamental ideas of religion are in harmony with those lofty motives which sent hundreds of thousands of brave men forth from homes, friends, kindred and chosen pursuits to risk all for the salvation of their country in its hour of peril.

It is altogether fitting, therefore, that patriot thoughts be this morning turned by the press as well as the pulpit toward those aspects of Memorial day which have a religious bearing. And in the first place, it is well to recall the fact that the war for the Union was a war for righteousness. Some hurtful nonsense needs to be firmly put one side. The war was not "a little unpleasantness." It was not "the late misunderstanding." It was not, as to its essential meaning, "a war between the States." It was not even, in any fundamental sense, a war between the North and the South. It was the war of the Rebellion. The Rebellion was treason. It was treason against lawful government, treason against human rights, treason against God. The War of the Rebellion was a renewal on earth of that mystic and awful strife recorded in Holy Writ: "And there was war in heaven; Michael and his angels warred against the dragon, and the dragon fought, and his angels, and prevailed not, neither was there peace found any more in heaven."

Let us not be misunderstood. We are giving utterance to no bitter anathemas with reference to the men who fought on the wrong side in our terrible conflict. Tens and hundreds of thousands of Confederate soldiers were honest in their intentions. They thought they were in the right. Now, if they yet live they know they were in the wrong. If they died too soon to discover their grievous error the mantle of a redeemed nation's charity shall shield their untimely graves from all upbraiding. It is not the men who drew sword to slay their country whom we liken unto enemies of heavenly powers, but the false ideas for which they strove, not knowing, it may be, what they did. We judge them not, but we say that slavery, disunion, rebellion were evil, only evil, and that continually. And we say it without malice. We say it not because we would, but because we must, in the interest of simple truth, in the interest of that common country which is dear, now, to all who deserve the name American, North or South, East or West. We should be false to the memory of the loyal dead whose honored graves we bedeck with flowers if we forbore to declare in all kindness of spirit toward those who once were foes, but now are friends, that these patriot graves contain the sacred dust of men who imperiled their lives in a strife of right against wrong, of truth against falsehood, of loyalty against treason, of heaven against hell.

If it were not so, they died in vain. They died as the fool dieth. Why all that bloodshed if there was nothing to fight about? If one cause was as good as another what was their cause good for? Those four years of carnage would be the foulest years in modern history if there had been no deep difference in character between the principles that triumphed and the principles that failed. By all means let there be every magnanimous sentiment toward the defenders of "the lost cause;" but let there be no maudlin sentimentality which obscures the eternal difference between the cause that was lost and the cause that was won.

If we remember these things there will be no danger of our forgetting to be grateful. Gratitude is divine. Men never rise higher in the scale of moral being than when they are uplifted by gratitude toward benefactors, celestial or terrestrial. Our debt of gratitude is due beyond estimate to them that fought to save our country. They did a service that words cannot describe. Their bravery was sublime. That the nation might live they faced death. That the Union might be preserved they put in jeopardy what man most prizes here below. They were patient in privation, faithful in temptation, undismayed by defeat, sober minded in success. They were worthy of their country. We cannot better prove that we are so, too, than by such marks of grateful appreciation as shall show that we are worthy of them.

THE GLOBE'S FOLLY.

Duluth Evening Herald.

Referring to the Cincinnati convention that crowded the great music hall of that city in which Bob Ingersoll made his famous "plumed knight" speech in '76, the St. Paul Globe says:

"To such people a humbug like Donnelly, mouthing round sentences and blowing forth meaningless platitudes with a bellows-like persistency, seems a John the Baptist preparing the way for a coming Reverance and they listen with distended eyeballs to the wonders of his wisdom. Men of this sort can never exert any permanent influence on the nation's thought, because they cannot secure for themselves a hearing, even if they have anything worthy to be said. * * * But a party with Donnelly as one of its leaders, standing on a platform of his construction, every plank of which is of necessity nailed with ignorance and ornamented with lies, has no more vitality than a weed, and will be trampled under foot as honest men pass over it on their way to their daily work."

Can't get a hearing? Who is it that gets a hearing in Minnesota when Donnelly doesn't? The editor of the Globe, perhaps? Announce their appearance on the rostrum and see. But the Globe belies its own statement by admitting that "they listen with distended eyeballs to the wonders of his wisdom." Suppose the editor of the Globe should compete with the sage by writing a book? No St. Paul paper ever created anything yet that it could sell without aid from the legislature. "Nailed with ignorance and ornamented with lies," sounds well, but when it comes from a sheet that never had any recognized policy and whose columns are for sale, it loses its force and is robbed of its sting. Ignorance! You could run several papers like the Globe on what Donnelly knows that they don't. A paper up in the fifteenth story of a building that it doesn't own can make a loftier fool of itself than any other kind. Donnelly has more honor in his little finger than, as Senator Kellar would say, the "whole——comeboodle" of his defamers.

The Review of Reviews for June will be an exceptionally large number, profusely illustrated, chiefly with portraits of contemporary celebrities. It reviews thorougly all the current movements of the day, and summarizes the important contents of current periodicals of the whole world. The editorial discussions in the popular department, "The Progress of the World," deal largely with questions of American international relations and diplomacy.

The Rank and File Are Not in It.

Minneapolis Evening Journal.

A politician who has probably had as much to do with manipulating Republican politics in the state during the past six or eight years as any man in Minnesota, was found at the Nicollet to-day. The Journal gently led him into a retired corner and "held him up" for his views on the probabilities as to the complexion of the Minnesota delegation to the next national Republican convention, to be held in this city in May or June of next year. In reply to the question as to who gets the delegation, he said after a moment's hesitation:

"It is my opinion that the Alliance party is not losing any votes in this state; and if the Republican convention insists upon a high tariff, the Alliance will gain more votes. Many of the Republican leaders have acted and talked in such a manner as would have a tendency to drive away rather than bring back farmer votes. The farmers in a great many instances have made reasonable demands and these same demands have not been met with the proper spirit. If however, the next Republican convention declares itself in favor of the reciprocity idea, and a moderate tariff, the Republicans will go into campaign with a certainty of success. We can no longer bank upon the large Republican vote which Minnesota has been noted for. There is a general breaking up in regard to parties in this state, all of which has been brought about by the tendency of the leaders to feather their own nests instead of looking after the interests of the people at large."

Babylon Still Stands!

Heading Ringling Bros.' ponderous heard of performing elephants is "Babylon" the largest elephant in the world. Among others they have the elephantine wonder, "The Umbrella eared Elephant," which positively possesses the largest ears under the sun. This enormous institution will exibit at Crookston on Friday June 19th. Be on hand early and see the magnificent free street parade.

BIG WHITE TENTS.

Something About Their Future and the Men Who Invest Fortunes In Them.

Within a little over a year two of the most unique and typical Americans that ever rose from penury to opulence have passed from the arena of life and joined the ever increasing parade to which the "miles of free street pageantry" of their big shows, even when measured by the exaggeration of the the high-soaring, imaginative bill-writer, are but the merest mimicry of the mighty silent majority.

A careful survey of the field reveals the fact that the coming men are not from the rank and file of those we may term the old liners, but from the later and more energetic additions of amusement caterers, among whom by far the most prominent, wealthy, and capable are the Ringling Bros., who have for the last few years lacked only the prestige time alone can bring to place them on an equal footing with Barnum and Forepaugh. As regards the latter two shows the public will look with interest upon their movements and see if they can be successfully run without their former leaders. The greatness of these men's shows was too much centered in their remarkable personality to survive the grave. There are other shows that might come in for a chance in the race, were it not for the fact that they presided over by men grown old in the business, who have long since reached the limit of their possibilities. On the contrary, the Ringling Bros. are young men who have hardly more than started on their career as a leading big show, and by the enormous strides they have made in late years in bringing before the public a show of truly wonderful merit and proportions, is considered, conjecture fails to place a limit on their present as well as future possibilities. Besides these considerations there are five of the Ringling brothers, each one capable of managing any one of the large circus institutions, yet the efforts of the five are directed toward the proper management of the one great shows They have also taken a step in the right direction by never resorting to any of the cheap, woolly-horse and whitewashed-elephant style of features of their older but less conscientious rivals, and, while many are blindly imitating the great showman who said the American people wanted to be humbugged, these self-emulating young men have built a monument to themselves by adhering to the idea that the public wants what it pays for and entitled to see.

Will exhibit at Crookston Friday, June 19th.

Mind Reading.

The feats of mind reading performed by the late Irving Bishop were wonderful, and savored a good deal of the supernatural, though he always claimed there was nothing mysterious about it. Johnson, the phenomenal product of the Northwest, has given some wonderful exhibitions, though skeptics have not been wanting who denounced him as a palpable fraud. There is another kind of mind-reading not so difficult as that attempted by Bishop and Johnson—to read the mind of the public on a subject of great interest. During the past five years. "The Burlington" has carried to all parts of the country thousands and thousands of the bright people of the Northwest, and if you ask any one what he thinks of that line, you can, before he speaks, read his mind on that question, by noting how pleasant recollections of speed, comfort, and safety cause his face to light up and a smile to break from. For assistance in this matter ask your local agent for a ticket via "The Burlington" or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R. St. Paul Minn.

STILLWATER TWINE.

The Washington county Farmers' Alliance met at the court house yesterday afternoon to discuss the matter of purchasing binding twine. Letters have been received by the secretary from an eastern firm who offer to sell their twine at five cents per pound delivered on board cars at Chicago. The farmers take this as a blow at the factory here, and think it is the work of the binding twine trust which is doing every thing in its power to break up the factory now operated by the state. One thing is certain, the establishment of a factory here has caused an unusual stir and a cut in prices, which has resulted beneficially to the farmers throughout the state. Last year twine was sold at from 12 to 16 cents per pound, while this year the same grades can be purchased for from 5 to 10 cents per pound. Standard Manilla twine, which was quoted last year at 16 cents per pound is now offered at 9½ cents. The value of the factory here can thus be estimated. Mr Richmond the secretary of the local Alliance stated yesterday that the state could well afford to support the binding twine plant here regardless of whether or not there was any of the product sold, as it has caused the trust to come down a peg or two, thus giving the taxpaying farmers the benefit of it. The Washington county Alliance will use prison made twine, and will also recommend a similar step on the part of other Alliances in the state. A committee composed of Messrs. S. W. Powell, Hugh Cambell and Andrew Richmond was appointed to meet with Alliance state executive commitee at their meeting in St. Paul next month when the binding twine matter will be further discussed.

G. A. R.
ENCAMPMENT
Park Region Association,
AT MOORHEAD, MINN.,
June 23-26, '91.

Posts in Northern Minnesota and N. Dakota will Participate.

Ex-Gov. McGill, Att'y Gen'l Clapp, Ex-Gov. Barto, Ex-Commander-in-Chief Rea, Capt's Compton and Castle, Gen. Mullen, Gov. Burke, and others will speak

The Lakeside Band of Detroit Engaged.

Citizens cordially invited to go and see the Boys in Blue enjoy themselves.

Moorhead has made bountiful preparations.

☞ One and one-third fare in Minnesota and one and one-fifth in North Dakota on Railroads.

McKINNON BROS.,
DEALERS IN
ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements.
MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.
☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Spring Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.

DRESSMAING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

The Only Big Railroad Show Coming!
RINGLING BROS.
WORLD'S
GREATEST SHOWS!

Three Ring Circus
and Elevated Stages.
REAL ROMAN HIPPODROME.
Museum and Aquarium! World's Horse Fair and realistic Roman Gala Day, Sports and Spectacles. Will Exhibit at
Crookston, Friday, June 19

The Largest and Most Faultless Union of
MIGHTY SHOWS ON EARTH.

Embracing all the Cardinal Features of the Amusement World, now Enlarged fully Five times its former vastness. A veritable traveling city of splendors with a miraculous population and an opulent wealth unparalleled in the history of amusements.

1000—PEOPLE—1000 300—HORSES—300 80—MUSICIANS—80
5—Brass and Reed Bands—5 10—Different Kinds of Music—10
100—Dazzling Acts—100 300—Circus and Hippodrome Performers—300
100 Cages, Dens, Chariots, &c.—100 7—of the dens of Wild Animals Open in Parade—7 3—Great Circus Rings—3 2—Elevated Stages—2
1—Largest Hippodrome Track on Earth—1
$1,000,000—Invested in Menagerie alone—$1,000,000

1---Ticket Admits to All---1

An admirable Collection of Earth's Rarest Wonders, Largest Living Hippopotamus in captivity, Mammoth Amphibious Bovalapus, only genuine African Zebras in America, Mighty Herds of Ponderous Elephants, all kinds of Thrilling Races, the Largest Ears under the sun! the Umbrella Eared Elephant.

The Remarkable Demon Equine or Hairless Horse. The Latest Historical Roman Spectacle

Cæsar's Triumphal Entry Into Rome.

Babylon—the Largest Elephant on Earth. A Boundless Feast of Aerial Sensations. Only Den of Savage African Man Maters. "Prince Battenburg"—Midget Bull, height 24 inches. An all new and thrilling Roman Hippodrome. $10,000 Troupe of Performing Stallions. The Largest and Most Exhaustive Zoological Exhibition in the world. Family of Baby Kangaroos, Cutest Baby Lions, Playful Baby Tigers.

STUPENDOUS REVIVAL OF THE CIRCUS MAXIMUS. America's Most Brilliant, Grand and Mighty Amusement Institution.

Every morning at 10 o'clock the most Elaborate, sumptuous FREE STREET PARADE that has ever moved in Pomp and Glitter through any city in the world.

Two Performances Daily—Afternoon and Night. Doors open at 1 and 7. Performance commences 1 hour later.

These, The World's Greatest Shows will positively exhibit at:

Crookston, Friday, June 19th.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, June 11, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard		87.
	1 Northern	85.
	2 Northern	81.
	3 Northern	79.

Sture will not be under-sold

Everybody says this is lovely weather for wheat.

Children's day at the church next Sabbath.

Wheat dropped off one cent on Monday morning.

W. J. Nickles was up from the west side on Monday.

Martin Sands is in the city attending this term of court.

Canadian Silver taken at par at Gervais the hustler.

John Cromb and A. D. Stephens were in St. Paul last week.

Do not miss the concert this evening at the Baptist church.

Deputy sheriff Deming made a trip out to the eastside this week.

J. M. Palmer came down from Angus last week on jury duty.

Mrs. H. D. Pinkerton and children were visiting in the city last week.

Gervais "the hustler" has a new ad. in this issue; just take notice of it.

Go out to the Driving Park and see the trotting races this afternoon.

Col. Coleman, formerly of the hotel Dakotah was in the city on Saturday.

Potatoes have taken quite a drop in this market. Selling now at 50 cents.

See Miller Bros. entertainment at the Grand Opera House next Monday evening.

W. O. Wilson will build an addition to his residence on Sampson's Addition.

See Fontaine & Anglim's bargain ad elsewhere in this issue and give them a call.

The George concert given last week at the Baptist church was highly spoken of.

District court still pursues its daily grind. Liable to extend through next week.

The Crookston base ball team will go Grand Forks tomorrow for the return game.

Alderman I. U. Jennings started for a business trip to Chicago on Sunday evening.

Judge and Mrs. R. J. Montague were registered at the Windsor hotel, St. Paul on Tuesday,

All spring and summer goods must be cleared out by July 4th at Gervais "the hustler."

Go to Gervais "the hustler's" great Clearing Sale commencing Saturday June the 13.

The Montana express, on the Great Northern was four hours late on Tuesday evening.

The Journal is informed that Ed. Greenhalzb was married in St. Paul on Saturday last. The lady's name we did not learn.

Observe what W. E. Slocum has to say in his new ad. this week and give him a trial order.

The Driving Association has arranged for races at the Park this afternoon. Admission 25 cents.

Hugh Robertson went to St. Paul on Monday evening to attend a meeting of the Republican league.

Luther Bratton, of Devils Lake N. D. arrived last week to play the "devil" in The Journal office.

S. E. Chapin was over from Grand Forks to spend the Sabbath with old time friends in this city.

Engineer Fred Chapin and wife, of Devils Lake, spent the Sabbath with father and mother Hunt.

Rev. S. H. Barteau, of Stephen, went to Minneapolis on Tuesday evening to attend the I. O. G. T. convention.

The time to buy is when the opportunity presents itself, Fontain & Anglim now offer that opportunity.

M. E. Kirsch is having his residence repainted and papered. A. A. Olds is the artist who is doing the work.

Mrs. H. E. Johnston started yesterday for a week's visit with her nephew W. J. Newton, at Mapleton N. D.

Mr. Tweton has his buildings all on the ground and will soon have his boarding house ready for operation.

Exceptional Bargains can be had at Gervais "the hustler" during his great Clearing Sale.

The Doll Brigade, of thirty members alone is worth the prices of the admission to the concert this evening at the Baptist church.

Mrs. E. Bangs is prepared to give better figures than ever before. This accounts for her large trade this season.

A little money will go a good ways if invested in furniture at D. L Lusian's furniture store on Broadway. Try it.

Comrade O. Osmundson and Robert Coulter came up from Mallory on Saturday and spent the day in the city.

See what A. Sture says in this issue and then go and and see what he will do. He is prepared to make his word good.

Everybody says our amatuer minstrel troupe gave as good an entertainment as nine tenths of the professionals do. The boys Ware their laurels becomingly.

You will miss it if you fail to take advantage of the opportunities offered by Fontaine & Anglim's for bargains. Call early.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs, informs our reporter that her business has been so good this season that she is obliged to order new supplies every week. Never before has she sold so many goods and her prices are extremely low. She invites the ladies to call.

Carpets, Carpets, at the Bjoin Block Furniture store. New stock, low prices. Crookston Furniture Co.

Leonard Luchen came home for a brief visit this week.

D. L. Lusian has just received a large invoice of rockers and lounges.

The North Dakota R. R. commissioners went throug the city last week.

Try the Alliance barber shop for a close shave. Charlie will sell you a ticket for $1—good for eight shaves.

Benoit & Sylvester have a few thousand pounds of barbed wire that they will close out at cost. Call and get prices.

Charlie Jefferson has got beyond the floor on Fontaine & Anglim's new store and is rushing the building to completion.

Tom Harris is getting Herman Rasmussen's building out and soon Herman will be doing business in his own shop.

For job work of any kind in the line of printing, call at The Journal job rooms. We are prepared to supply your wants promptly and well. Give us a trial.

Go and see a copy of the life of Emma Abbott, America's Queen of Song, at Herb Mason's.

Ladies call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs millinery store on Second Street and examine the bargains she is offering in millinery.

Claude Wilkinson was in the city over Sunday chatting with old friends and acquaintences.

Look over Benoit & Sylvester's new ad and see what they have that you want in hardware. If you don't see what you want ask for it.

Christianson Bros, have purchased Andy Eiken's abstracting business and will soon be ready to attend to all business in that line.

See notice elsewhere of the Moorhead Encampment. Every old soldier should try to be there and that is what our boys are going to try to do.

Mrs. C. P. Hathaway returned from St. Paul on Wednesday morning, very much improved in health

Mrs. Peter Bauchemin was in the city last week enroute to join her husband at South Bend, Wash.

Register of Deeds Locken, says that office has been on the jump for two weeks trying to keep ahead of the work that is crowding in upon them.

Sture fully knows the needs of farmers--been one himself, and can supply those needs better than somebody who knows nothing about what farmers use.

Oscar Knudson came over from Grand Forks on Saturday to see the Grand Forks Club get beat by the Crookston boys.

Fred M. Davis, (our Euclid poet) came in to spend the sabbath with relations and friends in the city, and made The Journal a pleasant call.

After a while—when our people get over laughing, it would be well for a repetition of the greatest living amatuer minstrel performance now on the stage.

Examine those 25 cent hose at Fontaine & Anglim's; warranted fast colors.

"A. D. Staples" is the way the St. Paul reporters made it read and one would hardly suspect that that referred to our modest fellow townsman, A. D. Stephens.

The Northern Pacific Company has built a machine platform for convenience of handling large machinery and heavy freight.

Have you seen the new patent swing rockers at C. L. Lusians? It is the slickest thing in the line of a rocking chair we ever saw.

Mr. Sampson says his tannery project is liable to materialize shortly. He has other plans calculated to benefit our city in as great degree.

See the bargains offered by Fontaine & Angliam elsewhere in this issue.

The Odd Fellows Society attended services at the Baptist church in regalia Sunday evening, the event being memorial services for Odd Fellows who have died during the past year.

Will Arnold has retired from society for awhile, pending the growth of that mustache. He will Ware the willow with Pauline, until those blooming mustachios re-appear.

The Grand Forks papers are in high feather over at last securing the Lutheran college. Well, let 'em holler. We can beat 'em playn' base-ball any how. So there now!

The grand Army Post has secured elegant quarters in Odd Fellows Block and held its first meeting there on Friday evening. It was decided to attend the encampment at Moorhead in June.

Secure the life of Emma Abbot at Herb's.

The game of ball between the Grand Forks Club and the Crookston boys last Saturday, was won by the latter by a score of 9 to 10. It was one of the prettiest games ever played on our grounds.

S. E. Chapin talks very strongly of going up into the Red Lake country to look up a pine claim so as to be ready when the Reservation opens to go in and occupy. Those claims will be worth big money.

W. E. Slocum is not saying much about it but he is just naturally selling piles of stuff. The reason is because he keeps only the best and freshest groceries and sells at very reasonable figures. Call and see.

Drop in and see how nicely Charley Misner has his new barber shop rigged up and try the effects of a smooth shave or a fashionable haircut by an experienced barber. Charlie has all the latest kinks of the art.

L. K. Aaker went over to Grand Forks on Monday to attend a meeting of the College association. Mr. Aaker has labored faithfully to locate the college here and is very much disappointed at the result.

The R. B. George musical convention in this city for the past week, has been a grand success and will close this evening with a grand concert at the Baptist church. Do not fail to attend. Admission only 25 cents.

H. A. Mason has secured the general agency for "The Life and Professional Career of Emma Abbott," for the counties of Norman, Polk, Marshall and Kittson. You can secure an agency or a copy of the work at Herb's.

D. L. Lusian invites the attention of Journal readers to the elegant line of furniture which he will sell at the lowest living rates. Price their chairs for church or hall purposes. Best and cheapest in the city.

The Northern Pacific will run a through car to Fargo for the Fireman's Tournament. It will leave Crookston on the evening of Monday, 15. One fare pays for the round trip. The Queen City Cornet Band will go on that car.

Herb Mason's conjuring performance was brief but good what there was of it. He was just chuck full of such little jokes but was evidently fearful of overdoing the thing. If he had been some traveling fakir every body would have pronounced "him just splendied."

Sterling silver souvenir spoons, at C. H. Saake's.

Engineer Geo. Ralph, has the surveying job on the Red Lake Reservation nearly completed and sent in most of his crew last week. He will finish up in a day or so and be down until July when he expects another and a larger contract.

Everybody should see the latest novelty in birthday rings at HC. Saake's Jewelry store.

One reason why Charlie Misner is so popular as a barber is because he don't know how to talk—many barbers have a habit of talking an arm off a fellow, and will talk from morning till night constantly, but Charlie only talks to a customer while engaged in shaving him.

Pauline S. is said to be a worthy representative of the art preservative, but it is patent to all that a rattling good representative of woman's rights was spoiled when she chose the former occupation. That falsetto voice would make her fortune and—"Oh, them h'eyes!"

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. Morrisey.

Whatever has been its status heretofore the marriage of the State Lecturer, Miss. Mc Donald settles the question of a vacancy in that office. Miss Eva Mc Donald was elected State Lecturer and there is now no such person. Mrs, Eva Valesch was not elected State Lecturer.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

Grand Forks has won the college at last and now Crookston members of the Lutheran Association are going to show them how to act under defeat. Instead of indulging in low abuse as they did, our members will take right hold and help to build up a good strong institution. That's the difference; see?

Novelties in Birthday Rings, Souvenir tea and coffee spoons at C. H. Saake's Jewelry store.

T. G. Thompson returned on Monday morning from his fishing trip with large sized stories of a catch of from one to two hundred fish per day while away. Several of our citizens received evidences of his prowess in shape of some very fine specimens of the finny tribe by express. His family remains awhile for a visit with relations and friends.

Rev. R. H. Battey and wife, returned on Saturday morning. Owing to the train being late on the evening they intended to start from here they postponed their departure until Tuesday evening and thus avoided being in a wreck and a cyclone. Had they gone as they intended this would have been their experience.

Souvenir spoons with the name of our City etched in Bowl at C. H. Saake's.

Dr. Benedict has performed several successful operations since he has been visiting in the city, the guest of Hon. B. Sampson. One upon Ole Olson an old man who had been blind for several years by which the old man's eye sight was restored and other operations to cure blindness and for other purposes. He seems to be a very skilfull physician.

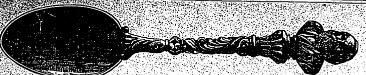
Alphonse Paradis was in from Terrebonne last week. Reports the cheese factory interests flourishing in his neighborhood although the farmers have not as many cows as they should have. What they need there is a lot of good Holstein cows which would make the receipts of their cheese business 100 per cent greater than it ever can be with the ordinary cows of the country, and we are told they propose to get some.

Last fall W. O. Wilson sent a horse out to a farmer to keep during the winter. About two months ago the man came in and reported the animal had strayed away and that he had been unable to find it. A few days ago Mr. W. was told that a neighbor of the man who had been keeping the horse, had one that looked like Wilson's. When asked about it, the man said it was a horse that had fallen off from some passing train and could not be Wilson's and refused to deliver it up, so Wilson sent Hans Larson out to see about it, and lo! Hans returned with Wilson's horse all right enough. The disappointed would-be speculator was hostile for a time and threatened to bring suit but has not commenced it yet.

Will Arnold unconsciously got onto the ruling idea of this country in relation to cows when he said that he did "not want a Jersey, a Guernsey, an Ayrshire or a Holstein" on his stock farm but would select an ague cow. An ague cow is a poor scrub whose best efforts is confined to the production of a "milk shake" when the winds of winter put her in condition to produce "only this and nothing more." And moreover she is cheap—you can buy two or three for what one good cow would cost. The Jersey, the Guernsey, the Ayrshire or the Holstein will produce four times the profit in milk and butter on the same cost for keep, but too many do not think of this—they only get the idea of the "milk shake" cow and seem content if she gives "milk shake" enough for one drink—and she generally does.

AGENTS WANTED.

I want a live agent in every town in Norman, Polk, Marshall and Kittson counties to sell "The Life and Professional Career of Emma Abbott." Address, H. A. Mason, Crookston Minn.



LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.

A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by

C. H. SAAKE, The Jeweler, - - - Crookston, Minn.

JUNE CLOSING SALE

—AT—

GERVAIS' THE HUSTLER

Great Closing Sale.

Commencing Next Saturday, June 13th,

All Spring and Summer Goods must be Closed Out by the

4th of July.——4th of July.

Exceptional Bargains can be expected in the following line of goods.

White Goods, Black Wash Goods, Embroideries, Laces, Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Wash Dress Fabrics of all kinds, Hosiery and Underwear, Parasols and Umbrellas, Felt and Straw Hats. Cloak Jackets and Capes, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Shades, Curtains, Curtaining,

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

House Furnishing Goods.

EVERYTHING MUST GO!

—Out of Town Orders attended to with care.—

Great Closing Sale.

I. O. O. F. BLOCK,
Robert Street.

Gervais, the Hustler.

The Journal last week sold like hot cakes -everybody wanted a copy of Stanton's speech and although we made big calculations to supply the demand, we did not calculate quite big enough. A few that were engaged yet remain, but if they are not called for at once we shall continue to fill transient orders until the edition is exhausted. The speaker, Mr. Stanton, is the law partner of Hon. H. Steenerson, and if he can plead equal to that speech he is a dandy.

Wanted:—Board in private family for several students.
Address, Crookston Business College.

Speaking with Mr. Sampson in relation to the college business, that gentlemen informs The Journal that he stands on that question right where he always has; that he desires to see a strictly undenominational college established and simply asks a guaranty that this will be done. He is willing, he says, to deed to the people with a proper guaranty that the object will be accomplished but he objects to unconditionally deeding that property to a board of trustees to do with as they see fit. He says that while Crookston may not get this college she will get one fully as good sometime in the near future.

RINGLINGS HERE.

A Good Parade Witnessed by a Large Crowd of People—A Fine Show.

Wisconsin State Journal Madison, May 4th.

The small boys are happy. The first circus has struck the town. Ringling Bros.' aggregation has set its tents on the Keyes block, in the Sixth ward, and is exhibiting to the people of Madison and vicinity to-day. Long before the time for the parade to come up town the streets were filled with people from the city and country desirous of witnessing the exhibition. The procession came up Main street a few minutes before 11 o'clock, with the bands playing and the glittering wagons shining in the sunlight. It was a grand display, and surpassed anything in the show line that has ever visited the city. The costumes are all new, and the participants in the procession were appareled like princes and princesses.

The Ringling Brothers have indeed shown a spirit of enterprise worthy of patronge in providing a good entertainment for the people. It is clean and devoid of any objectionable features whatever, the gentlemen having made an effort to have a performance that would not be distasteful to refined persons and one which ladies and children can safely attend without discovering anything which would in the least be offensive. Their efforts have not been in vain. The show is replete with novelties, full of good exhibitions of skill and strength and clown fun that is devoid of coarseness.

The paraphernalia is transported from place to place on several trains of handsome cars fitted out with air brakes and all the modern appliances for safety. Will exhibit at Crookston Friday June 19th.

EXCURSION RATES.

For the Northwestern District G. A. R. Encampment, to be held at St. Cloud, Minnesota, June 9th to 13th. The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will make a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip.

Mothers.

Please see that your boys and girls are on time at Reading Room next Friday at four o'clock, also at same hour Monday and Tuesday of next week. Loyal Temperance Legion will drill for street parade at time of W. C. T. U. convention.

Mrs. D. N. Taylor, Supt.

BENOIT & SYLVESTER,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

☞ Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines. ☜

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY!

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

YOU CAN BUY

AT STURE'S

TO BETTER ADVANTAGE

THAN ELSEWHERE.

TRY IT.

A. STURE.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

Commencment Exercises

AT THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE,

On Wednesday Evening, June 3d, 1891.

The High School commencment exercises at the new opera house last week called out a full house and were highly enjoyed by all. Prof. Moore made a few interesting remarks, followed by a trio by Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Shefstaud and Miss Wilson. "The Southern Question" was ably handled by Mr. George Finlayson, followed by Mr. Gay Halvorson in a declamation, "Virginia," which was exceedingly well spoken. The violin obligato, "Spring Flowers," by Mr. Solum, was well received as was the "Morning Song," by Miss Clara Aaker. "Lessons from the Life of Lincoln" was ably presented in an oration by James E. Montague, followed by a declamation, "St. Michaels," well recited by Miss Olive Tweaton. The quartette, "Forest Retreat," was well rendered by Prof Chamberlain and Gay Halverson and Misses Aaker and Walker. Wm. Marin jr. delivered an excellent oration on "Immigration" showing much thought in preparation and the declamation, "How the Old Horse won the Bet" was nicely spoken by Miss. Minnie Walker. "The Bird Song" was nicely rendered by Misses Walker and Aaker and well received. "The Natural Advantages of The Red River Valley an oration by the valedictoran, Mr. Wm. Vannett was an excellent speech. Here followed the presentation of the prize, a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary to Mr. Wm. Vannett and the diplomas to the graduating class of 1891, Wm. A. Marin, James E. Montague, Geo. E. Finlayson, and Wm. Vannett. After singing "America" the audience dispersed well pleased with the exercises.

BINDING TWINE.

Report of the Committee on Binding Twine appointed by the Executive Committee of the Minnesota State Farmers' Alliance.

St. Paul, Minn., May 23, 1891.

To the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance:

Gentlemen:—We beg leave to report in relation to Binder twine that after examining samples and prices furnished by several of the principal Cordage Companies, we find that the twine handled by our Alliance Business Agency, at 673 Wabasha. St. Paul, Minn., is the most satisfactory of anything in the market, prices and quality considered, and we trust our members will place their orders for twine with them.

Respectfully submitted,
C. F. Bohall,
H. V. Poor,
Thos. J. Meighen.

[8-tf]

EXCURSION RATES.

For the Park Region G. A. R. Encampment, to be held at Moorhead, Minn., June 23d to 26th. The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will make a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip. [8-9]

"KAJANKA."

At this old-time house of the spectacular yesterday the financial glories of the Black Crook days were inaugurated before noon, and at night hundreds were turned away unable to get even standing room. The cause of this theatrical boom here was the coming of Miller Bros'. Parisian spectacular "Kajanka" which has created a furore all over the country. In the first act were shown some very beautiful scenes transformations and charactertisic dances. The second act was devoted to marches, dances and singing by as pretty and shapely a bevy of young girls as over were seen in chorus or ballet. The costumes, in fact all through the piece displayed lavish expenditure and exquisite taste. There are several transformation scenes in this act which were marvels of mechanical and artistic art. The Mariposa dancers, eight in number, beautiful satin skirts, appeared in this act, and to describe what they did in the way of whirling, twisting, deft raising of their skirts, would require space and a thorough knowledge of the Terpsichorean art allied to that of modern London stage. They were simply amazing, and the audiences were in ecstasies; they made a big hit. Mlle Bertoto, a young girl in her change dances, created a furore—another hit. The eight Marhni's, French acrobats, were very fine, active as monkeys, and doing the most remarkable acrobatic feats with the greatest ease. The funmaker in this act, as in fact all through the piece, was Charles Ravel, as Clown. He is acrobat, athlete, juggler and pantomimist, and since the days of George L. Fox, has no equal. William Ruge as Zamello was seemingly made of gutta-percha, and received rounds of applause for his acrobatic contortions. Miss Morrison, as Electra, sang very well, and showed to good advantage. The last act was given over to pantomime, and proved to be a means of pleasing those who had seen such in childhood, and cannot fail to delight the little folks. "Kajanka" is the most pleasing piece of the kind seen here in years—if it was ever equalled.

At the Grand Opra House Monday Evening June 15th, 1891.

CHORUS CONCERT.

THE R. B. GEORGE CO.

—and—

THE CHORUS CLASS

Of this place, numbering 75 voices, will give their Closing Concert in the Baptist Church, Crookston, Minn.,

Thursday Evening, June 11th, 1891.

The class has been under steady drill three sessions a day, for the past week, and will surely give an excellent entertainment, consisting of Solos, Duets, Quartettes and Choruses, Sacred and Classical, Sentimental and Mirthful.

Every other piece on the program will be rendered by the full chorus; the remainder by the teacher and his assistant, and a number of the prominent singers of this place, selected from the class. The price of admission is made so low that all can avail themselves of this opportunity to hear a

—GRAND VOCAL ENTERTAINMENT—

Each pupil will be furnished with tickets so that they can supply their friends, thereby saving them the trouble of making change at the door. Ask the pupils to sell you tickets.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

☞ Do not fail to hear them, and by so doing patronize and encourage home talent. The Pulpit, Press and People speak in the most flattering terms of this company and their closing entertainments.

Doors open at 7. Concert begins at 7:45 p. m.

Carriages may be ordered at 10 o'clock.

No postponement on account of stormy weather.

"Whats the matter with Alger? He's all right"—if Blaine won't have it.

Col. Fred Wright has resigned command of the Third Regiment, State National Guard. Col. Wright has been a model soldier, one of the best in the service, having done as much, if not more, for the good of the cause than any man in it, and the State can ill afford to lose such officers. It was caused by a very unjust order issued by Adj. Gen. Mullen, censuring the Col. in the Bates affair.

Q. C. Minstrel Co.

The celebrated Queen City Minstrel troupe occupied the boards at the Grand Opera house on Friday evening of last week, playing to a crowded house. The grand introductory overture was excellent and highly enjoyed by all. In his make up, W. F. Arnold reminds one of Billy Arlington, and it was not at all necessary for him to get up and sing "Speak Easy," to convince the audience that he could—with such a mug as he had on him, he couldn't help but speak easy, if size is any indication of a flow of language. His bones "pardner," Williams, had an elegant make up and with a bit of practice would make a star performer. His rendition of "Jasper's birthday" "got" the crowd. It was not necessary for Frank Gravel to get up and in a deep basso profoundo (or thereabouts) sing "I'm not Baby McKee." Nobody would have thought he was—besides Frank is a democrat anyhow and could not be a republican one little bit—even so little a one as baby McKee. Frank deprived the world of a good actor, when he packed his grip for the road instead of a minstrel company. And Lou Thuerer when he soared as an "Angel in the sky" proved our prediction true, when last week we said there would be no "angle" in that sky. Oh, no! He was a nice little black angel and took well. Will Bugg was not blacked up for the occasion and seemed to be "skeered" of the crowd and blushed scarlet as the red, red rose—though he had no need to for he was in elegant voice and sung all about "The Lilacs" exceedingly well. Maybe he did not like being a white darkey between such a galaxy of end men. After trying in vain to persuade Frank Gravel to sing an original song, entitled "Fare you well" the great and only Gilhooly appeared upon the stage and told "why we celebrate St. Patrick's Day." This so took the audience that they would not let him go so easy and as an encore he sang, "Up went Guckenheimer" and even this did not satisfy the audience and he came back with another song. Mrs. Adams sang, "Vanieta" nicely. Mrs. Casad's violin solo was excellently rendered, ably aided by Miss Wilson on the piano; and Mrs. Chris Houston's piano playing was well received. Pauline S. Ware appeared, dressed in an old style bonnet and a falsetto voice and loudly inveighed against the foibles and follies of the male sects and thanked her lucky stars she'd never had any on em, though she came mighty nigh it, onct—would 'a had 'im if he had proposed; now she was glad she did not accept him. Pauline is a member of the art preservative—and they do say is a good one—but she should have stuck to the stage—she is a dandy there. The receipts over expenses were $171, not enough to pay for the uniforms. Everything considered, the boys did exceedingly well and much of their success is due to the exertions of the manager, H. A. Mason who also made an excellent interlocutor upon the stage, and to Harry Casad, the leader of the orchestra, who put in two weeks faithful work in arranging the musical part of the program, many of the airs for which he wrote himself. In him the Queen city band has a faithful and efficient leader.

Kittson Co. Enterprise:—Some people have been heard to say that the Holstein cattle were too small and would not make good beefers, should the breeder wish to place them on the market. It will be remembered that a year ago the editor of this paper and I. E. Glidden brought up seven head of young Holstein heifers and one thoroughbred bull. Last year these cows dropped calves that were a credit to any farm, but this year we can beat the record of last season by a long ways. Mr. Glidden has a young Holstein that when 12 hours old weighed 118 pounds. We have a handsome heifer calf that when 11 days old weighed 187½ pounds. We own the mother which is of the Aaggie family, and besides raising the finest calves that have been seen in the county, the milk is as rich as a Jersey and we stand ready to give her a test against any three year old cow of any breed in the valley. These fine calves can be seen at the Glidden farm and at the Kittson Stables, and we believe it will pay every stock raiser in the county to take time to call and see them.

Prof. R. B. George, assisted by Mrs. George and Prof. Green, gave a delightful concert in the Baptist church last Thursday evening, as a preliminary to the formation of classes for instruction in singing and for voice culture. On Friday afternoon there were about seventy-five present at the first lesson, and since then several others have join the convention. The lessons last from an hour to an hour and a half each, and the course is to consist of fifteen lessons. Every member of the convention has already had ample evidence that Prof. George and his colleagues are thorough masters in teaching concert singing and all that pertains to it. Not only are the methods for voice culture admirable:—not only are the theory and technicalities of written music clearly and fully taught, but such is the tact, skill and energy of the instructors that the mental faculties of every member of the convention are kept on the alert, and each one is led through an intelligent practice of what he learns. Prof. George has studied under the most famous teachers in this country and foreign lands, and has conducted conventions in all parts of the continent. It is not often that such an excellent opportunity for training in singing is offered as this is, and, hence, we are glad to know that so many are taking advantage of this course of musical instruction.

To Whom It May Concern.

WHEREAS, my wife, Mary Zeidlick has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation I hereby forbid all persons to harbor or trust her on my account as I shall pay no bills of her contracting after this day and date.

[8-10] FRANK ZEIDLICK,
Tabor, Polk Co. Minn, June 5th, 1891.

It Will be a Hotel.

THE JOURNAL is informed that Charlie Jefferson has the contract for the brickwork for the new building on corner of Main and Second Street and Will Walker will do the carpenter work. It will be a four story hotel.

It seems that the above item is a little previous, as, upon interivewing Charlie Jefferson on Wednesday morning he informed us that the contract has not been awarded yet further than for the excavation and underpining walls for the C. O. D. The contract for the hotel is to be let on the 25th inst.

CROOKSTON Minn., June 8 1891.
EDITOR JOURNAL,
Dear Sir:—

The Polk County Alliance will hold its annual meeting at court house, Crookston, July 1st. 1891 at 10 o'clock a. m.

NILS MUUS,
Secretary.

A Perfect Horse.

From time immemorial the horse has been known as man's constant companion. From Homer to Byron this noblest of all animals has been immortalized in verse and even in holy writ. He has been described in language of the most sublime inspiration. He occupies a position in both our admiration, necessities, and affections above all other domestic animals. The Ringling Bros. World's Greatest Show, which exhibits at Crookston on Friday, June 19th, possesses three-hundred of the finest horses and ponies ever bred. Among them are scores of educated performing equines, including "Spider," the great leaping horse; "Captain," the lightning calculator, and "Sultan" the dancing stallion. Be sure and see the fine stock in their free street parade.

The Phrenological.

The man who fills so large a page of German history in this era, Marshal von Moltke, is given the first place in the June number of the Phrenological Journal and Science of Health. A few thoughts on practical humanity are embodied in "The Lever of a thought," that follows. What is being done on the Nicaragua Ship Canal is told, and a glimpse of the Chief Engineer given. A pretty poem by Belle Bush is prettily illustrated. Mrs. Wells continued her vigorous sketch of Charles Calwell, and Professor Sizer puts a fresh batch of "Hits" in his department. The Necessity for Moral Education is discussed in capital essay from Professor Dunton, and the editor supplements his statements by showing the want of "systematic" education in that line. "Answer the Child's Questions" and "Miss Bridgman at a Kindergarten" are among the features of Child Culture. Vegetarianism and advice in the simple treatment of Nasal Catarrh are notable topics in the Health Department. In the Editor's Department a protest is entered against Criminal Anthropology as taught by some, a criticism of Dr Kenealy's inferences in the Talent of Motherhood, and a good suggestion with regard to the proposed Summer Congress of Phrenologists. A very full Index of the Volume XCII., of which this number is the sixth and closing, is bound in with it. The Journal is published monthly at 15 cents a number and $1,50 per annum. Address Fowler & Wells Co., Publishers, 777 Broadway New York.

Eric's Soliloquy.

My name is Eric.
I was born, where,
On Scandia's hills my father feeds his flocks
And my mother darns his socks.
She was a noble woman, so was he,
Therefore am I duplex nobility;
Sawed off they say
And, true my frame is brief.
Like great Napoleon
Who was of chiefs, the chief,
He flaxed the world, he did,
And made its history,
And bound it up in book form
In Russia leather,
Turkish, Morrocco,
Or Egyptian calf,
With the tale
On the inside.
But that was long ago,
Before me,
Or Henry Kellar,
Or either of us,
Was born to blush unseen,
Till Henry did invent his twine machine,
Then I flew high, I did,
And flaxed the world myself,
And made it into binding twine at Stillwater,
And saved the nation,
Which before was bound
With ropes of sand, and brick
Without long fiber straw.
For I am an ass, and,
With my great ear upon the earth,
I can hear the grain grow,
And the wheat stool,
And these many moons ahead can tell,
Whether it will be ground for flour
Or will be ground—for investigation.
In which of either cases I should win,
And earn my daily bread by sweat of chin,
My only other support being a wife
And nine children in Martin county.
My nom de plume is Eric Olson,
And my son's, like my faher's, is Ole Erickson,
For thus like a rail fence
With the corners full of jimpson weed,
Our pedigree does run
Adown the vista of the ages.
And now by Thor and Woden,
It was you know, a fool that set Rome free,
And I'm a bigger fool than most folks think I be.
The great palladium of our liberty,
Which is my right name,
And in English means
The Napoleon of Nincoompoops,
Or the prince of bugbeaters.
And now, by gosh, in erring reasons spite,
One thing is sure, whatever is, ain't right.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaes

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.
Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

A Mammoth, Blood Sweating Hippopotamus.

Among the many specially interesting and rare specimens of zoology to be seen with Ringling Bros. World's Gratest Rail Road Shows is the Largest Living Hippopotamus in captivity. His weight is greater than the hugest elephant. This mammoth amusement institution will spread its "city of snow white tents" in Crookston on Friday June 19th.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 11th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE sum of two hundred forty-seven and 30-100 dollars, ($247.30) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Hunter and Lizzie A. Hunter, his wife, to John Cromb, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the first day of May, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book T of mortgages, on page 21, and in addition thereto the further sum of sixty-four and 90-100 dollars, taxes duly assessed and levied against said premises described and conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of northwest quarter Section fourteen (14), Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes as above on said premises, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication May 21st. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK, —ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Karl Sletten, plaintiffs, vs. Alexander Allardyce and Mary Genrue, defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 14th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[5-11] Crookston, Minn.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
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NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of cerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

Crookston Meat Market
E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. JOHN DALLUM Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

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CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c	100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c	50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c	50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c A Good Summer Corset 50c A Good Black Corset 50c	NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

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J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER.
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
NEW GOODS.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

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DEALERS IN
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE
DON'T FORGET TO SEE
Herman Rasmussen
At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

Trade at
HOLMBOE'S,
THE ROBERT ST. DEALER
IN
General Merchandise!

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES IN Fancy Cassimeres. Fancy Chevoits. Fancy Worsted. Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.
Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

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OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
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N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
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A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
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Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, MINN

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Olaus H. Lucken, as executors of the last will and testament of Paul C. Sletten, deceased, plaintiffs, against Henry Watts Blake, Jane Blake and Henry Watts, Sr., defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 21st day of May, 1891, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the twentieth day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in block seven (7), in Cromb & Sletten's subdivision of Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 1st, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

JOHN CROMB,
Plaintiffs Attorney. [7-13]

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank,

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,
North Star,
Fife,
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
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CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
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CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

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Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Min

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Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, June 11, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,............ 7:24 p. m.

For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.............................. 8:15 a. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de........Grand Forks........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.............Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m..........................Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.............................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

The Big Show Coming!

Ringling Bros. World's Greatest Rail Road Show, Three Ring Circus and Elevated Stages, Museum, Menagerie, Roman Hippodrome and Roman Gala Day Sport and Spectacles is billed to appear at Crookston on Friday June 19. Owing to arrangements made by the American Showman's Pooled League this will be the only large Rail Road Show that will visit Crookston this year. Be in town early and see ahe magnificent free street parade. •Don't forge the date, Friday June 19th.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ferment Coter, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 236-8.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1890; and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17), in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty, (40), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 53]

Schmidt, the Painter,
IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils to which he has recently added

WALL PAPER.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE
Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, KNUDT H. BERG AND Aguette Berg, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Horace Alling, of the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, their mortgage bearing date of November 19th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Southwest quarter (sw¼) Section 24, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 1:30 p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 180; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 57-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Horace Alling has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 5-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1891.

HORACE ALLING, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 29.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $33.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And, whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.00 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-one (41) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County, and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65]

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy; $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of two hundred and forty-six dollars ($246.00), which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by David R. McGinnis to P. C. Sletten and John Cromb, of Polk County, Minnesota, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1882, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1882, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book "H" of mortgages, on page 483.

And whereas P. C. Sletten, one of the mortgagees named in said mortgage, died testate, at Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And whereas the last will and testament of the said P. C. Sletten was proved and admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And, whereas, by the terms of said will Kari Sletten, the wife of the said P. C. Sletten, was made the sole legatee and devisee of all the real and personal property of which he died seized aforesaid.

And, whereas, the Probate Court of said Polk County issued its final decree in the estate of P. C. Sletten, deceased, dated Aug. 6, 1887, by the terms of which the said Kari Sletten was decreed to have an undivided half interest in the above described mortgage, which said decree was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, on the 11th day of May, 1888, at 1:30 p. m., in book 29 of deeds, on pages 574 to 578 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block six (6), in Cromb and Sletten's subdivision of outlots in Hurlbut's addition to Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 30th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
KARI SLETTEN,
Legatee and Devisee of P. C. Sletten,
deceased, Mortgagees.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees.
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication May 28th 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, May 26th 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Gould C. Johnson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of C. A. Johnson, of the county of Polk, representing among other things that Gould C. Johnson, late of the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1891, at the County of Polk, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said C. A. Johnson granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this court, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1891.

By the Court C. M. BENSON,
[6-8] Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nettie F. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:40 o'clock, a. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 60-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JULY,

A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 13th, A. D. 1891.

JOHNSTON WAGNER,
Mortgagee.

W. B. DOUGLAS, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-13] Moorhead, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rhesa Godfrey, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages, on pages 416-18.

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due June 13th, 1889, December 13th, 1889, June 13th, 1890, and December 13th, 1890, each of said installments being for $24.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eight hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-eight cents, ($830.78), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter (w½ sw¼) of Section seventeen, (17), and west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section twenty, (20), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [6-12] [N. G. 67]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida Marcotte and Francois Marcotte, her husband, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 10:50 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 625-28.

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $30 that became due November 1st, 1889, $30 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents, ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-two, (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 63]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 7th, 1891.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 18th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼), and lot one (1) of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 62.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Uclide Barrette and Nettile Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on pages 500-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($622.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 61]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Frank Johnson and Anna Johnson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong, of the County of Broome, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of March 1st, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 30, Township 153, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, at 6 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 102; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars, due as interest thereon on the first day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Hannah Amelia Armstrong has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred forty-two and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLE TOUGAS AND CElanise Tougas, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of June 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: West half northwest quarter and west half southwest quarter Section 26, Township 151, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:00 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book No. 27 of mortgages, on page 189; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors, or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-eight and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARguerite Piette, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 8 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of thirty-five dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum hereby secured as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seventy-nine and 41-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, OLE O. BRADSAT, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of September 2d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 450; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventeen and 50-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-four and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Maria Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 20th, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 11, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 412; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen and 73-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline L. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred fifty-four and 76-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 13th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BEIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of August 22d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one, (1), and two, (2) of Section 29, Township 147, Range 41 west, containing 162 61-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 444; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred thirty-eight and 56-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., May 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 29th, 1891, viz: EMIL FOUNTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Minn., Carrie Ayotte, Julian Sauve, of Gentilly, Minn., Eustach Blanchard, of Carman, Minn.

[5-10] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 21st, 1891.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Kindler and Minnie Kindler, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 36 of mortgages, on pages 29-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due December 29th, 1888, June 29th, 1889, December 29th, 1889, June 29th, 1890, and December 29th, 1890, each of said installments being for $25. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents, ($973.10) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty-six, (26), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing 160 acres. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 66.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John E. Fangstrom and Anna Fangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of March A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on pages 61-3.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1888, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1890, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1890, and $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred and thirty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($432.45); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ se¼) of Section twenty-six (26), the west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and southeast quarter of northwest quarter (se¼ nw¼) of Section thirty-five, (35) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 54]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter Section 19, Township 149, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 399; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 33-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1888, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the first day of January, A. D. 1889, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said Mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the Mortgagor to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said Mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seventy-five and 65-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal

Crookston, June [illegible], 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, [illegible] Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South [illegible] 7:?? a. m.

For Grand Forks, [illegible] Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba [illegible] 8:15 a. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Manitoba, Montana and Pacific Coast.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

3:40 p. m. de......St. Paul......ar. 6:35 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 5:20 p. m.
8:30 p. m. ar......Helena......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m. .... Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

The Big Show Coming!

Ringling Bros.' World's Greatest Rail Road Show, Three Ring Circus and Elevated Stages, Museum, Menagerie, Roman Hippodrome and Roman Gala Day, Sport and Spectacles, is billed to appear at Crookston on Friday June 19. Owing to arrangements made by the American Showman's Pooled League this will be the only large Rail Road Show that will visit Crookston this year. Be in town early and see the magnificent free street parade. Don't forget the date, Friday June 19th.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ferment Coter, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of October, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1:10 o'clock p. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 2[illegible];

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1889, $8.75 that became due April 22d, 1890, and $8.75 that became due October 22d, 1890, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal, and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred and ninety-eight dollars ($298); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section Seventeen (17) in Township one hundred and fifty (150), of Range forty (40), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 30th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-9] [N. G. 6[illegible]]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[illegible]

WHEREAS, [illegible] deliver to Horace Alling of the County of [illegible] bearing date of November [illegible], A. D. 1889, whereby the mortgagor [illegible] described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: South-west quarter [illegible] containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of [illegible] hundred fifty dollars with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 18th day of November, A. D. 1889, at [illegible] p. m. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book [illegible] of mortgages, on page 180, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 87-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Horace Alling has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 57-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1891.

HORACE ALLING, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 29.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $30.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents ($1,121.40), $1,106.90 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two (32) in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-one (41) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 28th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [6-11] [N. G. 65]

DR. LeDuc's Periodical Pills. The French Remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy. $[illegible] for 3, by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[illegible]

WHEREAS, [illegible] F. C. Sletten, deceased [illegible] County of Polk and State of Minnesota [illegible]

And whereas, the last will and testament of the said F. C. Sletten [illegible] to probate in the Probate Court of Polk County, Minnesota [illegible] the said will Karl Sletten, the wife [illegible] was made the sole legatee and devisee of all the real and personal property of which he died seized [illegible]

And whereas, the Probate Court of said Polk County issued its final decree in the estate of F. C. Sletten, deceased, dated Aug. [illegible], 1887, by the terms of which the said Karl Sletten was decreed to have an undivided [illegible] interest in the above described mortgage, which said decree was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, on the 11th day of May, 1888, at 1:20 p. m., in book 29 of deeds, on pages [illegible] inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block six (6), in Cromb and Sletten's subdivision of outlots in Hurlbut's addition to Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 30th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
KARL SLETTEN,
Legatee and Devisee of F. C. Sletten,
deceased, Mortgagees.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees.
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, May 26th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Gould O. Johnson, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of C. A. Johnson, of the County of Polk, representing among other things that Gould O. Johnson, late of the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1891, at the County of Polk died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said C. A. Johnson granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this court, on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1891.

By the Court,
U. M. BENSON,
[6-8] Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nellie F. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:40 o'clock a. m., in book [illegible] of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 80-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on MONDAY, the 20TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 15th, A. D. 1891.

JOHNSTON WAGNER,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-12] Moorhead, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by [illegible] Godfrey, [illegible] mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the [illegible] day of December, A. D. [illegible] and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of December, A. D. 1888, at [illegible] [illegible]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[illegible]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by [illegible] to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the [illegible] day of [illegible], A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1889, at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] in book [illegible] of mortgages, on pages [illegible];

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $30 that became due November [illegible], 1889, [illegible] that became due May [illegible], 1890, $30 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz.: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-two (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 63]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 18th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas, there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz.: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼) and lot one (1) of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 62.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ucilde Barrette and Nettie Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book [illegible] of mortgages, on pages [illegible]

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 27th, 1889, February 27th, 1890, August 27th, 1890, and February 27th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $31.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of [illegible]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[illegible]

WHEREAS, [illegible] did on the [illegible] deliver to Hannah Amelia Armstrong of the County of [illegible] their mortgage bearing date of March [illegible], 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section [illegible], Township 1[illegible], Range [illegible] west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the [illegible] day of March, A. D. 1889, at [illegible] o'clock p. m. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk in book [illegible] of mortgages, on page [illegible], and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-two dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Hannah Amelia Armstrong has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred forty-two and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 30th, A. D. 1891.

HANNAH AMELIA ARMSTRONG,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th 1891.]

WHEREAS, CHARLE TOUGAS AND ORlanise Tougas, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to The New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of June 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: West half northwest quarter and west half southwest quarter Section 26, Township 151, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:00 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book No. 27 of mortgages, on page 180, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-eight and 25-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 30th, A. D. 1891.

THE NEW ENGLAND MORTGAGE
SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[2-8] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHN PIETTE AND MARguerite Piette, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southwest quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1887, at 3 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book [illegible] of mortgages, on page 4, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment [illegible]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[illegible]

WHEREAS, [illegible] unmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of September 3d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 1[illegible], Township 149, Range 43 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 450, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventeen and 50-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-four and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Maria Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 11, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 412; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen and 78-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline L. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred fifty-four and 70-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 18th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BEIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of August 22d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one, (1), and two, (2) of Section 30, Township 147, Range 41 west, containing 152 61-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 444, and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum [illegible]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May [illegible], 1891.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by [illegible] Kindler and Minnie Kindler, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the [illegible] day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of July, A. D. 1888, at 8:10 o'clock p. m., in book 36 of mortgages, on pages [illegible].

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due December 29th, 1888, June 29th, 1889, December 29th, 1889, June 29th, 1890, and December 29th, 1890, each of said installments being for $[illegible]. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents, ($973.10) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty-six, (26), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing 160 acres. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 66.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John E. Fangstrom and Anna Fangstrom, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of March, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 35 of mortgages, on pages 61-3.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1888, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1889, $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1890, $12.25 that became due September 21st, 1890, and $12.25 that became due March 21st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred and thirty-two dollars and forty-five cents ($432.45); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (sw¼ se¼) of Section twenty-six (26), the west half of northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and southeast quarter of northwest quarter (se¼ nw¼) of Section thirty-five, (35) in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152), of Range forty-three (43), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 30th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [2-8] [N. G. 54]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication April 30th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ALEXIS ROBERTS, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter, Section 19, Township 149, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11 o'clock a. m. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 2[illegible], and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty and 33-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage [illegible]

Schmidt, the Painter, IS TOO BUSY

With work this week to write up an ad, but wishes THE JOURNAL readers to call and examine his large stock of Paints and Oils, to which he has recently added

WALL PAPER.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

[illegible]

Crookston, [illegible] Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission [illegible]

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

BIG RAILROAD PLAN.

The Duluth, Red Lake Falls & Northern to be Pushed to Completion.

And the Coming Town of Lakeport to be Established on Superior.

A Wondrous and Rich Country Will Thus be Thrown Open.

Glittering Prospects Backed by Unlimited Capital and Enterprise.

St. Paul Daily Globe.

There is considerable interest in a new railroad venture being taken in three important circles, viz.: The railroads, the owners of pine lands and the owners or lessees of state mineral lands. The railroad is the proposed Duluth, Red Lake Falls & Northern. Some months ago this proposed road leaked out and was fully exploited, but the capitalists interested succeeded in keeping it quiet while they gathered in certain franchises, terminal and station rights and considered propositions from interested parties concerning the line the road would take across the state. Interest has again been revived by a movement made public at Duluth during the week, by a syndicate interested in the townsite at the Lake Superior terminus. This is the key to the railroad situation. The lake terminus will be at Sucker bay, about midway between Duluth and Two Harbors, where exists a harbor said to be infinitely better than either of those at Two Harbors and considerably nearer both mineral field and timber tracts. The syndicate controlling this site has quietly bought up the land, and was endeavoring to keep it quiet and prevent a fictitious, speculative boom; but it leaked out and created a great stir in and about Duluth.

The Duluth, Red Lake Falls & Northern railroad is as yet a lock-bound mystery, but those interested say there is unlimited capital behind it, beside the interest maintained by the pine and iron land men, the value of whose possessions is entirely dependent upon a railroad penetrating that country. Such a road has already been begun by the Duluth & Winnipeg and a line opening up that country has long been contemplated by the Great Northern, which accounts for the bitter hostility of that road to the Duluth & Winnipeg or any other line threatening to reap benefits of developing those northern counties. The benefits to the state of such a road are incalculable. Locked up in St. Louis and Itasca counties are millions of tons of iron and millions of feet of pine and hard timber. Until placed within reach of a market by a railroad line, they are entirely valueless. The Duluth, Red Lake Falls & Northern proposes to cross the state from Sucker bay to Crookston, piercing a country now without railroad facilities, carrying to market the mineral of the eastern counties and the wheat of the western.

S. O. Brooks, assistant general freight agent of the Kansas City road, has just returned from Duluth, where he went on a mission connected with the new road. To a Globe reporter he said yesterday:

"There is no reasonable doubt that the Duluth, Red Lake Falls & Northern road will be pushed through as rapidly as possible. Affairs are now in such a condition that there can be no possibility of the plans falling through. A large amount of capital is interested, and the prospects for such a line are so flattering that more can be commanded when necessary. The preliminary survey has been made, and the line of the road practically determined from Sucker bay west to about Crookston, with a line into Duluth. The two points of interest are the shipping port at the lake and the country to furnish traffic business for the road. As far as the first is concerned, Sucker Bay has a fine harbor, and, with a suitable breakwater, will be second to none on the lakes. A syndicate has bought up the land and proposes creating a townsite there, with the certainty that a live town will soon be a reality. The demand for property in that vicinity is already great, though half of the magnitude of the plans have not been realized."

"What mineral land will the road tap?"

"It will pierce the heart of the greatest iron range in the world, running directly to the mountain range of the Mesaba, with a million tons of high-grade iron ore in sight, as well as the Zenith, Great Northern and McComber mines. It will also go through the heart of the mineral land of Itasca county, of which so little is known and from which so much is expected. Then the great timber lands of the Winnebegoshish country will be traversed and finally the wheat country of the northwestern part of the state. It is a great country and its development means millions to the first railroad that traverses it. All of the ore, timber and grain will be handled at Sucker bay, at the new town of Lakeport, and we expect to see docks and elevators line that harbor before long. The whole affair is a greater enterprise and will be brought to a successful issue."

The Big Show Coming!

Ringling Bros. World's Greatest Rail Road Show, Three Ring Circus and Elevated Stages, Museum, Menagerie, Roman Hippodrome and Roman Gala Day Sport and Spectacles is billed to appear at Crookston on Friday June 19. Owing to arrangements made by the American Showmen's Pooled League this will be the only large Rail Road Show that will visit Crookston this year. Be in town early and see the magnificent free street parade. Don't forge the date, Friday June 19th.

K. D. Chase, of Faribault, Is Enthusiastic Over the Mineral Wealth of the State.

A Company Organizing to Tap Some of the Richest Districts in the North.

St. Paul Dispatch.

K. D. Chase, of Faribault, was at the Clifton to-day on his way home from Duluth, where he has been on business.

"A great deal of work is being done in the mining country north of the lakes," said he. "A company is now preparing to build a railroad Northeast from Duluth, to be called the Duluth, Mesaba & Northern. The proposed road is about seventy miles in length and will tap some of the richest mining country in the state, and that is saying a good deal, for the mineral wealth of that section is something wonderful. The incorporators of the company are having very good success in selling the stock, and there is little doubt that the road will be built at an early date. While it is a hard year to start a new enterprise, the monied men generally are more willing to provide funds for a road going into a country rich in ores and timber than for one extending into an agricultural country. There is a vast country up there, about which very little has been learned. It is a difficult country to explore, and only the most determined men go very far into it. We have had men up there for three years past, however, and have met with very fair success. The Mountain Iron Company is now developing some valuable properties northwest of Duluth, and the road will reach these. A great deal of the land located by explorers has, of course, no mineral on it as far as has yet been discovered. It requires a great deal more patience to hunt for ore than for timber, for the indications of the former are often very faint. Our suit against Jamison will probably come up at the October term of court. It is probable that the case will not be settled for four or five years. Meanwhile the company will develop other lands owned by them. It is unfortunate for the state as well as the owners of the land that the trouble should have come up, as it is deprived for some time of the income that would have accrued from the development of these lands. On the other hand, the system of leasing the lands will bring the state thousands of dollars every year, where their sale as ordinary lands at $5 per acre, according to the old system, would have brought only hundreds. It may seem visionary now, but it is my opinion that if that mining country is fully developed it will one day support all of the public institutions of the state.

A Perfect Horse.

From time immemorial the horse has been known as man's constant companion. From Homer to Byron this noblest of all animals has been immortalized in verse and even in holy writ. He has been described in language of the most sublime inspiration. He occupies a position in both our admiration, necessities, and affections above all other domestic animals. The Ringling Bros. World's Greatest Show, which exhibits at Crookston on Friday, June 19th, possesses three hundred of the finest horses and ponies ever bred. Among them are scores of educated performing equines, including "Spider," the great leaping horse; "Captain," the lightning calculator, and "Sultan," the dancing stallion. Be sure and see the fine stock in their free street parade.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT

Park Region Association,

AT MOORHEAD, MINN.,

June 23-26, '91.

Posts in Northern Minnesota and N. Dakota will Participate.

Ex-Gov. McGill, Att'y Gen'l Clapp, Ex-Gov. Barto, Ex-Commander-in-Chief Rea, Capt's Compton and Castle, Gen. Mullen, Gov. Burke, and others will speak

The Lakeside Band of Detroit Engaged.

Citizens cordially invited to go and see the Boys in Blue enjoy themselves.

Moorhead has made bountiful preparations.

☞ One and one-third fare in Minnesota and one and one-fifth in North Dakota on Railroads.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c	100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c	50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c	50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c A Good Summer Corset 50c A Good Black Corset 50c	NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS,

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

Fontaine & Anglim.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF **HARDWARE**

DON'T FORGET TO SEE

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

SUGAR BOUNTIES.

Nearly Fifteen Million Dollars to be Disbursed in the Year to Our Sugar Growers.

Something the McKinley Bill Will do for the Planters and Farmers.

New York, June 12.—A Washington special says: Within a year from July 1, the treasury department will pay to citizens of the United States between $12,000,000 and $15,000,000 as a bounty for raising sugar. This sum will be disbursed in various parts of the country. The most of it will go to Louisana for the production of cane sugar. Over $1,000,000 will be paid to the farmers in New England states, New York, Ohio, Illinois and the Northwestern states for the production of sugar from maple sap. A large sum will be distributed in Kansas, Nebraska Iowa and California, among those who make sugar from beets and sorghum cane. The distribution of such a great sum of money among so many people so widely separated, and the pains that must be taken to prevent fraud upon the government, will be an undertaking of considerable magnitude. Every ounce of the millions of pounds of sugar produced must be weighed and samples of it tested and inspected by government inspectors, who will be appointed for that purpose. This work will be done under the direction of the internal revenue bureau of the treasury department and will be conducted with such thoroughness and system as to prevent and detect fraud. The bounty to be paid for the production of American sugar is authorized by the tariff law, commonly known as the McKinley bill. The law provides that the producers of sugar which tests 90 degrees by the polariscope shall receive a bounty of two cents per pound, and those producing sugar testing less than 90 and not less than 80 degrees shall receive a bounty of one and three-quarters per pound. The law also provides regulations under which the bounty shall be applied for and paid.

There is every indication that the farmers of the West who raise beets and sorghum, the planters of the South with their immense plantations of cane, and the farmers of the North with their groves of maple trees are fully alive to the fact that the government intends to pay them for their industry in addition to the market price they will receive for their products, and they mean to get all they can for their products.

An Alliance Experiment.

The Kansas Farmers Propose to Try the Sub-Treasury Scheme.

Topeka Kan., June 8:—The Alliance Executive committee of Kansas is considering a scheme which practically places the sub-treasury plan of the National Farmers' Alliance in the hands of private capitalists. J. C. Hopkins, who was a delegate from the New York Economic Club at the Cincinnati convention, is the originator of the scheme. The plan is to establish a bank in each county of the state under the direction of the local Alliance exchange. The capital stock is to be furnished by private subscription. In connection with each bank an elevator or store house is to be built. A farmer may then dump his grain, corn or cotton into the store house, receiving a check for 80 per cent of the value of the grain deposited by paying a small percentage for storage and insurance. He will be allowed to keep the grain in the depository until such time as he may deem it best to place it upon the market. The amount of produce deposited in this way must not exceed the amount of stock subscribed for the bank. The checks to be issued by these banks are peculiarly devised, and are printed in colors. These checks are made payable in gold or silver at any of banks run in this manner. It is intended that they shall be circulated as money.

A NEW PENSION RULE.

Pensioners Need not Hereafter pay Attorneys any Amount of Postage Unless They Choose To Do So.

St. Paul Dispatch.

Special Examiner J. C. Cassidy said today: "It has been the custom to allow pension claim agents to charge applicant a sum not exceeding $2 for postage in addition to the regular fee. On the 26th of May the commissioner of pensions ordered that hereafter attorneys prosecuting claim be allowed no greater sum than 50 cents, but it is not obligatory with the claimant to give such sum."

The commissioner says: "No attorney will be allowed to demand a sum of postage as a right, nor refuse to prosecute a claim when the request for postage is not allowed. In short, an applicant need pay his attorney only the fee $5, $10 or $25, and can altogether refuse to give money or stamps for postage."

For Sale or Trade For City Property.

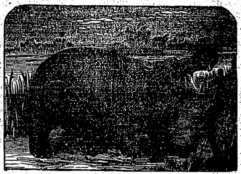
A fine farm situated two miles from the city limits. Two hundred and twenty acres now sowed to wheat, barley and oats and the balance, one hundred acres under contract to be broken and backset this season. Eighty acres under fence, good house and barn, artisian well and a fine grove of trees. Owner will sell at a reasonable figure on ample time or exchange for city property. For further particulars call at THE JOURNAL office. 5-tf.

The Only Big Railroad Show Coming!

RINGLING BROS.

WORLD'S

GREATEST SHOWS!



Three Ring Circus

and Elevated Stages.

REAL ROMAN HIPPODROME.

Museum and Aquarium! World's Horse Fair and realistic Roman Gala Day, Sports and Spectacles. Will Exhibit at

Crookston, Friday, June 19

The Largest and Most Faultless Union of

MIGHTY SHOWS ON EARTH.

Embracing all the Cardinal Features of the Amusement World, now Enlarged fully Five times its former vastness. A veritable traveling city of splendors with a miraculous population and an opulent wealth unparalleled in the history of amusements.

1000—PEOPLE—1000 300—HORSES—300 80—MUSICIANS—80
5—Brass and Reed Bands—5 10—Different Kinds of Music—10
100—Dazzling Acts—100 300—Circus and Hippodrome Performers—300
100 Cages, Dens, Chariots, &c.—100 7—of the dens of Wild Animals Open in Parade—7 3—Great Circus Rings—3 2—Elevated Stages—2
1—Largest Hippodrome Track on Earth—1
$1,000,000—Invested in Menagerie alone—$1,000,000

1—Ticket Admits to All—1

An admirable Collection of Earth's Rarest Wonders, Largest Living Hippopotamus in captivity, Mammoth Amphibious Bovalapus, only genuine African Zebras in America, Mighty Herds of Ponderous Elephants, all kinds of Thrilling Races, the Largest Ears under the sun! the Umbrella Eared Elephant. The Remarkable Demon Equine or Hairless Horse. The Latest Historical Roman Spectacle

Cæsar's Triumphal Entry Into Rome.

Babylon—the Largest Elephant on Earth. A Boundless Feast of Aerial Sensations. Only Den of Savage African Man Maters. "Prince Battenburg"—Midget Bull, height 24 inches. An all new and thrilling Roman Hippodrome. $10,000 Troupe of Performing Stallions. The Largest and Most Exhaustive Zoological Exhibition in the world. Family of Baby Kangaroos, Cutest Baby Lions, Playful Baby Tigers.

STUPENDOUS REVIVAL OF THE CIRCUS MAXIMUS. America's Most Brilliant, Grand and Mighty Amusement Institution.

Every morning at 10 o'clock the most Elaborate, sumptuous FREE STREET PARADE that has ever moved in Pomp and Glitter through any city in the world.

Two Performances Daily—Afternoon and Night. Doors open at 1 and 7. Performance commences 1 hour later.

These—The World's Greatest Shows—will positively exhibit at

Crookston, Friday, June 19th.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, June 18, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 85.

Plenty of rain this week.

Rob. Leick is painting his residence.

Wheat opened out at 85 on Monday morning.

M. R. Brown lost a valuable cow last week.

See those patent swing rockers at D. L. Lusian's.

R. L. Elder was up from Edna on Monday courting.

Mrs. Frank Gravel is visiting in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

J. R. Clements arrived from Florida on Wednesday morning.

The city board of equalization meets next Monday at city hall.

Miss. Edith Copeland has gone to St. Paul to take a musical course.

S. Cooke Esq., a prominent attorney of Warren was in the city on Friday.

Alderman & Sylvester are putting in new windows and slicking up generally.

P. C. Schmidt came up from Duluth on the delayed train, Monday morning.

Melville Milne and family were in Duluth visiting his father's family last week.

D. L. Lusian offers unparallelled bargains in furniture and invites inspection.

Field strawberries are beginning to ripen. Ther's going to be millions of em.

H. Helgesen was down from Ovetia last week looking us over and enjoying city life.

Commander Fontaine is attending to Fontaine & Anglim's business in Argyle this week.

Attorney R. A. Wilkinson was up from St. Paul last week looking over the situation.

M. P. Losey returned to his home in Euclid, on Saturday after a term of jury duty.

Miss. Lizzie Zarracher has accepted a school near St. Hilaire for two months.

A. Grindeland, of Warren with his little daughter was on our streets on Friday.

J. B. Bottineau an attorney from Minneapolis is in attendance at court this week.

The county dads met in solemn conclave last week to attend to county business.

I. K. Messelt was in from Winger on Monday. Reports prospects good in that section.

Herman Wold was in from Winger last week to see how things are run in large cities.

Miss. Laura Lauman is visiting in Duluth with her sister, Mrs. N. C. Hendricks.

Go and see D. L. Lusian's nice stock of furniture when you want bargains in furniture.

Assessor Jacobus has made the grand rounds and now everybody breathes more freely.

Herman Helmick has bought the Fisk farm in Andover and an 80 of railroad land.

Geo. J. McManus came up from Duluth on Monday and went out to the farm near McIntosh.

It is reported that a natural gas-well has been struck near Warren on the farm of a Mr. Huggard.

Charlie Rapp was down from St. Hilaire on Monday night to take in Kajanka and the fire.

Marcus Johnson was up to take in "Kajanka" and to see the new theatre on Monday evening.

John Estby has bought an 80 of railroad lands northwest of the city in the town of Louell.

The pop factory has been removed to its new location on Robert street near the Crookston foundry.

Will Peterson's yearling Bashaw trotter, that was sick for a week or so is coming out all right.

W. L. Davies took a shave at the alliance shop and went up home on Saturday after a seige as juror.

Kajanka drew a fair house and was enjoyed by all who attended. The stormy weather was a drawback.

Geo. A. Ralph has returned from the survey having completed his contract He is now ready for the next job.

Considerable land is being broken in the county this year. More, we are told, than for several years past.

Geo. M. Swift was in from Mentor on Tuesday, arranging for the meeting of Polk County Alliance on July 1st.

Sam Greenhalgh has sold his Russia farm near Kittson station to Luther Morrier. Consideration unknown.

Mrs. E. Bangs is prepard to give better figures than ever before. This accounts for her large trade this season.

Dr. Dunlop was called to St. Cloud on Monday night to assist Dr. Ramsey of that city in a difficult surgical operation.

Everybody will be in the city tomorrow to attend the circus. Like the Fourth of July, circus comes but once a year.

I. K. Messelt says he has wheat up 18 inches high. He has 150 acres of that kind of wheat sowed with a Havanna Press drill.

N. P. Engstrom has bought an 80 acre tract of railroad land in the town of Lowell and will make a little farm for himself.

Ladies call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs millinery store on Second Street and examine the bargains she is offering in millinery.

Fontaine & Anglim are getting their new front put in. It will be of St. Louis pressed brick, red, and will be a handsome front.

Walter Lee launched his fine boat "The Maple Lake Clipper" on Saturday last. Walt says: "Oh, she's a bird ta-r-r-r-ra-rum!"

John Wyatt went out to Maple Lake to spend the Sabbath, accompanied by uncle Winslow, Miss Mabel Arnold and Miss Hilda Dahl.

Mayor McKinnon left for Fargo, on Tuesday evening to take in the tournament. After that event he will go to St. Paul and Duluth.

The little daughter of Mrs. G. H. Palmer has been very sick with measles for the past week. At times hir life has been despaired of.

Since his return about the middle of May, C. M. Lowe has sold six or seven farms at very reasonable figures. He sells that kind of farms.

Patrolman Ellingbo gobbled up an obstreperous individual on the street last Saturday and run him in to reflect upon the laws of the land.

M. Davis, down from Euclid on Saturday, says crops are looking exceedingly well up there. Baring hail or blight they expect good crops.

Comrade Bowman has taken a route from Fosston to somewhere else and will be a resident of Fosston while engaged in that business.

At the sale of state lands at the court house last Friday, 6000 acres were sold for over $40,000. The land brought from $5.00 to 11,00 per acre.

A. D. Stephens and others have bought the Kelso's interest in the Merchant National Bank and they say A. D. will go in as cashier in the near future.

The Queen City Band departed for Fargo on Tuesday evening via special over N. P. R. R. They will have the post of honor at the tournament.

Dan McDonald has been making the dirt fly from the excavation for the new hotel, on Main and Second streets and will have his job done on time.

On dit that attorney Gossman will go in training to row against Hanlan. Rickett is ready to give odds on Gossman after haveng seen his first efforts.

F. McNeale, of our base-ball club, went to Fargo to play with the Grand Forks club at the tournament, and Walker will play with the Fargo club.

Regular meeting of Col. Cobham Post No. 90 to morrow evening. Turn out boys. Business in relation to the Encampment at Moorhead next week.

Geo. P. Endress, agent for the Diebold Safe & Lock Co., has been in the city for the past week. Christianson Bros. ordered doors for their new vault of him.

Geo. P. Endress fixed up the vault door for Register John H. Locken, so that he can now be locken it—something that could not be done several days previously.

And to-morrow is circus day—when the small boy will be in his element and verily the deacon will put on his nice biled rag and take the boys in to see the animals—of course.

Appearances indicate a bountiful crop of wild strawberries this season as the vines are loaded with blossoms. These copious showers are just what the berries need to round 'em out.

We heard somebody remark that it was exceedingly hot, last Saturday. And so it seemed to be despite a high wind blowing all day. Good corn weather and also good for grass,

Dont forget, when you come to the circus to morrow that you can get an excellent dinner for only 20 cents at Mrs. E. Benjamin's four doors south of the old opera house on Broadway.

Sheriff Grundysen went below on Monday evening with two prisoners, Joe LeCount and Fred LeCount, one for a year in Stillwater and one for a year in the St. Cloud penitentiary.

The delegates to the Congregational convention at Ada this week are A. A. Miller, Miss Evelyn Hall and the pastor of the Congregational church, Rev. R. H. Batty. They return this morning.

Lawrence Larson, of Grand Forks, reports the arrival at his house on Monday, of a fine bouncing baby boy. Our cigars have not arrived yet but we expect them to arrive with the next male.

O. H. Richardson has bought of Chas. Lowe the old Ralston place in Andover. It seems that our old settlers know the value of Polk County dirt and are sharp enough to catch onto it while it is dirt cheap.

Geo. Brady, of Grand Forks went north on Monday morning to take charge of a station on the Great Northern road. His father used to be landlord of the Revere House in this city.

Cyprien DeMers was in to attend the Board meeting last week. Says that crops appear well in his neighborhood and prospects are excellent. Demers is developing into a faithful and efficient public servant.

This breaks our heart. Hugh Robertson says that the lettuce in his garden beats that in our little garden all hollow. Well it is easy to say that Hugh, but how are we to know unless you lettuce try some of it.

Mr. Endress also carries with him a cane, in the interior of which is an iron ramrod that was carried through the war by a soldier in Hood's Texas regiment, and which was presented to him by a friend fifteen years ago.

O. Snyder is breaking 100 acres on the south half of section 8 in the town of Crookston. Is rolling over an average of 8 acres a day with two teams which is pretty good work for these hot days. He expects to complete his job next week.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert Street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

M. W. Jenson, the McIntosh miller was in the city last week. Says the mill has used up nearly all of the surplus wheat up there and probably will soon shut down till after harvest. Says the posepects for a good crop are very fine.

A woman from East Grand Forks was on Tuesday committed to the county jail for robbing an ancient tender-foot from Fergus Falls of a sum of money and a gold watch. The watch and $140, were recovered.

Ira D. Blanchard was over from Grand Forks County on Wednesday, to be examind for pension by the board. He is canvassing for the sale of a book and would do exceedingly well but for his old army trouble which interferes with his work.

News of the burning of Swan Anderson's house at Black River, reaches the JOURNAL. Loss said to be almost total. We are sorry to hear of Swan's misfortune, who is a sober industrious man and this severe loss must fall heavy on him at this time.

On Thursday, of last week F. O. Sustad, the railroad land agent made seven sales of land; on Friday six sales and on Saturday five. These sales were all made to old settlers, men who perfectly know these lands. This land averages $6,50 per acre.

Geo. W. Sprague was in the city last Friday in the interest of his insurance companies. He says they anticipate a larger business this season than ever before as the field is full of live agents and everybody seems to want hail insurance this year.

James M. Jones informs THE JOURNAL that although his wheat looks finely now a great deal of it was killed by the early frost which will necessarily effect the yield more or less. He says there is much more of that kind in the county than people will admit.

Col. A. L. Conger, of the Republican National committee says: "With Blaine as our standard-bearer, we would have a man who would give to farmers, business men and laboring men of all classes just such an administration as this country needs."

That chap we spoke of last week as having W. O. Wilson's horse brought suit this week and got—beaten, of course. Wilson says he dont object to paying for the keep of the horse though he was fooled out of the use of him but he wont be bulldozed.

Gus. Felsing came down from Maple Lake on Saturday. Reports business on the lake lively this year and the Maple Lake Belle has all she can attend to. They are going to have a big celebration up there on the 4th of July and the grandest time you ever he ard of.

M. E. Bartlett intends to start next week for a business trip to the old home in New York. His father, who is well along in years, is very much out of health and it is for this reason that he is obliged to go at this time. He expects to be gone from four to six weeks

Dept. Sheriff Losey brought one of the indicted madams of East Grand Forks before his honor Judge Mills, on Monday morning. By her attorney she waived reading the indictments and the case went over till Tuesday morning where she was given 60 days in the county jail.

Hugh Robertson returned from Minneapolis on Friday morning where he had been to attend a meeting of the Republican State League. He reports a large attendance and an enthusiastic meeting. His little child has been very sick with measles for a few days but is convalescing.

Glyndon News:—A Fargo wedding of Tuesday will interest Glyndon people. The parties were Mr. Edwin J. Nicholson of Crookston and Miss Lizzie D. Vannet, daughter of David Vannet. Many relatives of the Vannet family were present from the old home in Elkton township.

James Greenhalgh Jr. has sold his farm to Fred Anderson and Hans Larson, consideration $1400. It is something less than a quarter section but not one-half its actual value, and it is likely to be worth three times that sum inside of a year. What Jim intends to do we have not heard.

Comrade Bratton attended services at the Congregational church on Sabbath day, He has finished his month on the farm and secured an agency for the sale of machine extras of all kinds. We hope the comrade will do well for we think nothing is too good for the old boys in blue. If we had our way about it they would all be independently well off.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. MORRISEY.

Mrs. E. Benjamin is keeping a nice boarding house on the corner of Broadway and Loring Ave, (Mrs. Pierce's old place) where you can get a first class dinner for only 20 cents. Farmers, when you come to the circus on Friday with your family remember the place—four doors south of the old opera house.

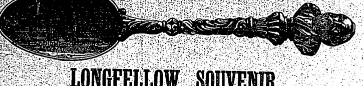
Earnest Buse arrived from British Columbia this week on a business visit. He does not hold up the western coast country in glowing terms. Says that some of the farmers who went to Washington to coin wealth in that new State are wishing they had money enough to return with. Comrade Buse was a tent-mate of comrade Kistenmaker in the army.

The Loyal Legion has been busy drilling for the past week all the same as though they expect to engage in action soon—and indeed they will, for it will be only a few short years when the actual warfare of life will begin for them. We trust that the drill they are now getting they will not forget during life. May they ever follow their leader under that banner.

Jas. Jenks was over from Grand Forks this week in the interest of his fence business. He is going to put up a fence for S. M. McKee for a sheep pasture and has a few orders in the city. He is prepared to put up an ordinary pasture fence or a neat dooryard fence just as you desire. Jenks was once a Polk County boy, and as a deputy sheriff he had no superiors.

It is a little late to mention it as news but it is nevertheless a fact, that we have not seen mentioned before, that W. W. Attix, of Mentor, was married to miss Susie Barker, of Argyle, on June 4th, Geo. M. Swift Esq. performing the interesting ceremony with dignity and grace—thus illustrating the prime essential doctrine of the alliance—unity. THE JOURNAL extends congratulations.

In the big wind that prevailed on Saturday afternoon fire broke out in a lumber-pile near the T. B. Walker planing mill. The big whistle on the sawmill sounded the alarm to which the fire department promptly responded and very soon subdued the angry flames. Had the wind been in the northwest it would have been a close call for the planing mill. One or two boxcars caught but no damage of any account resulted.



LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.

A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by

C. H. SAAKE, The Jeweler, - - Crookston, Minn.

JUNE CLOSING SALE

AT

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

Commencing Next Saturday, June 13th,

All Spring and Summer Goods must be Closed Out by the

4th of July.——4th of July.

Exceptional Bargains can be expected in the following line of goods.

White Goods, Black Wash Goods, Embroideries, Laces, Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Wash Dress Fabrics of all kinds, Hosiery and Underwear, Parasols and Umbrellas, Felt and Straw Hats. Cloak Jackets and Capes, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Shades, Curtains, Curtaining,

AND ALL KINDS OF

House Furnishing Goods.

EVERYTHING MUST GO!

Out of Town Orders attended to with care.

Great Closing Sale.

Great Closing Sale.

I. O. O. F. BLOCK,
Robert Street.

Gervais, the Hustler.

The R. B. George concert at the Baptist Church last Thursday evening was well attended and proved a fine entertainment. Evidently the instructors understand their business. The doll drill was very fine and highly enjoyed. Prof. and Mrs. George went from here to Grand Forks to organize a musical convention.

Lewis Ellington:—You may tell the JOURNAL readers that we will have a college here yet, as good if not better in every way as the late lamented. We are now negotiating with an association that is fully able to give us a first class instution and with good prospects of success. I for one do not propose to give up the idea of Crookston's having a first-class college. I have set my heart on it and am bound to see it accomplished.

Herb Mason is on deck for that wicked punster who, the other morning sprung a pretty good one on him. The chap called in right early in the morning and asked Herb: "Have you got any bananas?" "No," said Herb, "there isn't a banana in the city." Quick as a flash the chap replied: "How do you know that? Have you banana where this morninging to see?" and skipped out before Herb could recover presence of mind sufficient to kill him right there.

St. Vincent is making great efforts to capture the county seat of Kittson County. Hallock, the present county seat is located very near the center of the county and it does not seem possible that the people will vote to change the location to one end of the county thus doubling the expense and distance to the majority of the tax-payers but you can't tell what people will do these days,

Mrs. Anna LaChappilie was summoned to St. Paul last week by the death of her brother, Charles Colter. Mr. Colter was at one time a resident of Crookston, and had a meat shop on Front street near the Sherman house which was destroyed in one of the biggest fires that Crookstoon had in the early day. The fire destroyed several buildings and threatened the Sherman house but by extra hard work it was saved. Later on Mr. Colter removed to St. Paul where he has sinced lived.

A special car will leave Crookston for Moorhead on Monday evening next with excursionists for the encampment. It is expected that the Post of Stephen will come in a body to go along and comrades from Argyle, Warren, Angus Euclid and Fisher are expected to join. Round trip fare, $3. Many of the comrades will take their families. Adjutant V. D. Carruth desires all who intend going to notify him beforehand so that if possible the number of tickets needed may be ascertained. "Git on board, chillun" let's all re-une.

Call at Vine's meat market on Robert street for choice cuts. He buys only the choicest beeves and always has nice steaks and roasts.

Jos. Simpson: "I saw in the Times that Judge Montague considers $25 an enormous price for a good cow. I do not think so although I just offered to sell A. M. Childs a good new milch cow for $16. However, I think the Judge is way off in his reasoning. Last fall, when Chris Houston said he would take $10 for the best cow he had, he probably meant it, as I well remember that cows had to be good ones to bring that sum; now, these same cows have had to be wintered and most of them giving no milk to pay that expense, and, moreover, cows are worth more in this market than they were a year ago this spring and summer. The Judge should also remember that the first year he was on the equalization board, when the farmer paid a tax on an assessed value of $15, cows in the fall were sold in this market at from $5 to $7 frequently. To equalize that matter cows should not now be assessed higher than $10."

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY!

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

YOU CAN BUY

AT STURE'S

TO BETTER ADVANTAGE

THAN ELSEWHERE.

TRY IT.

A. STURE.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

How The Col. Returned from the Fire.

Eh! what? But we said we wouldn't—

LOST.

On Sunday evening June 7th, somewhere between Odd Fellows Hall and the Baptist church, a lady's gold chain. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to A. A. Olds.

We print the above to show how well it pays to advertise in THE JOURNAL. It had been in type but a short time before Mr. Olds came in and announced that the chain had been found. Having found that it was advertised in THE JOURNAL, the finder knew it would be useless to try to keep it so he returned it to Mr. Olds at once.

Business.

On the 4th of June, Simon N. Pederarrived from Benson, Swift Co., and after looking about awhile, selected three quarters of section 29, in Andover, secured it by paying $10 down and returned to Benson for his traps. Returning on the 10th with ten good horses, breaking plows &c., &c.; he completed his purchase and went out to the land to build a house and break up enough for next season's crops. The land is about 8 miles from the city and he pays $7 per acre for it.

The Polk County Alliance is called to meet on Wednesday July 1st.

Among the recent transfers is the W. P. Bailey quarter near E. S. Corser's farm for $3,200.

John Cromb has bought the lot on Robert street adjoining the Fournet block on the west. Consideration, $2-500.

Several of our citizens went over to the Forks last Friday to take in the ball game. It was not very interesting—to them.

Great preparations have been made for the celebration of St. John Baptiste day in Crookston. That there will be a big time goes without saying.

For job work of any kind in the line of printing, call at THE JOURNAL job rooms. We are prepared to supply your wants promptly and well. Give us a trial.

See Dr. Thomas' new ad. in this issue. The doctor has secured a new patent business by which even a bald-headed man can fill his mouth with grinders if he has a root to anchor to. And he can fill up the ranks when a faithful grinder gets weary and drops out, without having to carry around the Brooklyn bridge in his mouth, as this is a system that requires no bridge in the mouth.

Mrs. and Miss Bailey are crowded with work in dressmaking, but are ready to attend to all orders. They cut by the United States system which is all the style nowadays. The ladies are invited to call and see them when they need anything in the line of millinery and dressmaking. Their trade in millinery has been deservedly good, as their goods are of the finest quality, stylishly trimmed and extremely reasonable in price.

Now is the time to invest in Red River Valley lands while the prices are away below the actual value. The prospects are that next spring these same lands will bring double what they can be had for now. Every day the Register records deeds of transfers for lands sold at a nominal figure, but while these changes will no doubt continue, the prices will be higher. To-day our lands are exceedingly cheap and now is the time to catch on.

Chas. D. Bailey told our reporter that he took a drive around through Andover, Russia and Fairfax on Sunday and says that he never saw crops looking so nicely in his life before. He also said: "The Crookston Fire Department deserves a very high compliment for the hard and faithful work they did at our fire on Saturday. I never saw men work harder and it did not take them very long to utterly discourage that blaze. They deserve a good long credit mark."

On Saturday evening a boy, driving a team hitched to a gang sulky plow, was driving along Fletcher street, between Broadway and Main, when for some reason or other the team started throwing the boy off the plow. The team ran furiously, but the boy hung to the lines and this so hampered them that they could not make great headway but soon ran into the sidewalk in rear of Alderman & Sylvester's hardware store and stopped and the boy crawled out from beneath the plow, went to their heads to quiet them and then began coolly to examine things to see what, if any, damage had been done. Nothing about the plow was broken and the boy's escape seemed miraculous.

Comrade Carruth and several old settlers were talking with Jas. Jenks on Monday evening about the old times, when Mr. Jenks said: "I might have secured the townsite of either Crookston or Grand Forks, if my foresight had been as good as my hindsight, as I was one of the first two men to settle in Polk County, and both of these thriving cities were then a howling wilderness. However, I am satisfied with the showing I have made and am as fully convinced now as I was then that the Red River Valley contains unlimited opportunities for acquiring wealth—in fact, if anything, I have more unbounded faith in the Valley than ever." Jenks has been a resident of the Valley over 20 years, and if experience counts for anything he ought to know more than a tender-foot.

Mr. Widenhoefer, an old Polk County resident died at his home in Fisher on Monday June 8th, at the age of 86 years. The Fisher Bulletin says:

"William Widenhoefer was born at Oberkochen, Germany, September 14th, 1854. He lived there until 1873, when he came to this country, locating at Beaver Bay, this state. In 1875 he removed to Hancock, Mich., where he resided until 1880, when he "came west" to Fisher. Those were the "boom" days in Fisher and everything was lovely hereabouts. He went into the hotel business here with his father, John Widenhoefer. "Billy" prospered, and February 6, 1883, was married to Annie Wentzle. Their happiness was not of long duration, as Mrs. Widenhoefer died in May of the same year. In September, 1884, he married Amelia Jance, the present Mrs. Widenhoefer. Up to the last few months he had been running the Northern Tier Hotel. He leaves no children. He was one of the most generous and genial gentlemen of our acquaintance."

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Morissey buried their little baby boy on Tuesday.

Attorny Sorley and wife, of Grand Forks, spent the Sabbath with Adolph and Mrs Rauch.

Miss Annie Schouweiler of Wabasha, Minn., is visiting her cousins, Mrs. A. Rauch and sister.

Mrs. Jack Bunell and Miss Dollie returned from St. Paul on Sunday morning, and-s-a-y—you ought to see that smile on Jack.

Comrade McLaughlin was down from McIntosh enjoying life with the boys on Tuesday. Mac. was a soldier boy in West Virginia when the writer was raiding the Kanawha Valley with the 1st N. Y. Vet. Cavalry in 1864.

Register Locken informs THE JOURNAL that lots of transfers of Polk County farms are taking place now-a-days Pretty well considering that we do not claim to be booming.

Our boys went over to Grand Forks on Friday and just to be courrteous and social allowed the G. F. team to wax them to the tune of 8 to 3—and Grand Forks went wild over the "gloriuos victory"! It does take so little to enthuse our sister city.

The first meeting of the season took place at the Crookston driving park on Thursday and was well attended. Sorrel Ned, Dufresne's sorrel won in the 3 minute class. In the green race, E. O. Flanders' colt took the ribbon. In the driving race S. L. Collins' team won, and "Broncho" owned by J. Rich won the pony race. The next event occurs on June 24th.

It is not often that landlord Bemis is at his wits end to take care of his guests but on Monday morning he was like the old woman you read about, who "had so many children she did not know what to do," for with an already "full house" he was "called" to "fill his hand" from the show people and the circus car. Bemis never denies trump however, and he managed to deal so that all were satisfied with their hand.

Children's Day at the churches last Sabbath was highly enjoyed by all, both great and small. At the Congregational church in the morning the pastor gave a nice little talk to the children and they did the rest of it. The altar was beautifully decorated with bright flowers and the services very appropriate. One venerable father in Israel remarked to the writer after the close of the services. "I enjoyed those services very highly. How plainly they brought back to me my first Sunday School, 75 years ago."

The Sarsparilla man was an object of wonder to the small boy last week while putting up his placards. He would walk up to a telephone pole and with a long handled hammer put a placard up ten or twelve feet from the ground and nail it to the post while he stood upon the ground, and it puzzled the boys to know how he did it. The hammer he used was so highly magnetized that a tack would stick to it until driven into the post and that solves the riddle.

Capt. W. P. Spaulding, the oldest conductor on the Northern Pacific line, died at his home in Brainerd on Wednesday June 10th at the age of 68 years. Capt. Spaulding took the first train into Duluth that ever ran in over the N. P. and has been in the employ of that company ever since—about 21 years. He entered the service as a Lieutenant in a Vermont company and was later promoted to a captaincy for gallant action in service. Almost every dweller on the N. P. line in the '70s knew "Cap." Spaulding, and he was highly respected by all. For the past few years he has been acting as paymaster of the machinery department east of Fargo. He was also Judge of probate of Cass Co., having been re-elected last fall for his second term.

FIRE BELLS.

On Tuesday morning, about 2 o'clock, our citizens were awakened by the clanging of the fire bell and the sharp whistle of a railroad engine, and hastily assuming presentable shape rushed out upon the streets to find that Wyatt's furniture store was in flames. When the department arrived at the scene the show room was wrapt in flames, but they soon discouraged that and in a very short time had the fire under perfect control. The cause of the fire is supposed to be from the explosion of a lamp that had been left burning in the show room. A. C. Schmidt had been papering the room and left a lamp burning to dry the papering. A few moments before the alarm was given Mr. Crawford's folks, in the bakery adjoining, heard a loud explosion that seemed to shake the building, and from that and other circumstances it seems beyond doubt that that was the origin of the fire. The stock was insured for $300, about two-thirds its value, in the Hartford and New Home, Christianson Bros. agents. The loss will be promptly adjusted, meanwhile Mr. Wyatt will be on deck for business as though nothing had happened. The fire ate through the wall into Slocum's grocery store and he suffered slight loss from damage by water. Fully covered by insurance in companies represented by Christianson Bros.

Beltrami Pointers.

Cool and rainy weather still continues, but so long as the ground is good and wet and the wheat on the jump, our farmers are not kicking if there is a lack of sunshine; indeed, the prospect for an old time crop is splendid in this vicinity, and it seems to be general, not a single farmer complaining.—In the District Court this week, R. L. Elder was given judgment against Jos. Gilsoul for $86. This was an appeal from Justice Hallock's court.—Capt. Webb and Judge Boddy attended court this week in the interests of their respective clients.—C. E. Ford Jr., and his best girl visited Maple Lake last Sunday.—W. J. Nickle has been in Crookston the past week getting used to the ways of city life, so he will know how to carry himself when he gets that silk hat and goes to little Rhody the coming fall.—At the sale of school lands last Friday, F. B. Dykeman bought 80 acres joining his place on the west which increases the size of his farm to 880 acres with 845 acres in crop this year.—Miss Kirsch, Miss Howind and Miss Smith are the teachers in this vicinity who will close school Friday so their scholars can go to the circus, and perhaps yourselves dear ladies. Mr. Editor, we were somewhat under the weather the past week but a kind friend has helped us out and we are able to send you a few items.

EDNA.

The attention of the whole country seems centering upon the Red River Valley this year, and if we get good crops of wheat and what it is worth—say one dollar per bushel—the result will be a greater influx of settlers than we have seen before. There has never been any question as to the fertility of our soil and that there is money in our wheat is amply attested by the large fortunes that have been made by those who have handled and those who have ground it, and just as soon as that day arrives when the producer shall be an equal partner in the receipts, then will this country see such a boom as she never saw before, and we believe that day is near at hand. To-day we have millions of acres in this Valley yet uncultivated—acres that can be bought at from one-third to one-half what it is worth for actual cultivation, and these lands will soon be sought after and occupied. In addition to this are many acres of cultivated lands that can be had as cheap from men who have tried to farm too much land and who desire to dispose of some of it. With a good crop and a good price this fall all of these lands will find ready sale by next spring and summer and then will begin that era of prosperity for which we have all waited so patiently.

A War Reminiscence.

The Glyndon News.

Mr. Geo. P. Endress of Canton, Ohio, traveling agent of the Diebold Safe and Lock company, was a guest at the Commercial Tuesday evening on his way to Crookston. Mr. Endress, who is a pleasing conversationalist, served during the war of the rebellion on a gunboat, and relates many interesting experiences of the days that "tried men's souls." He had in his possession the photograph of a letter written by Jefferson Davis to Judge L. A. Evans of St. Cloud, Minn., some three years since, and of which the following is a correct copy.

BEAUVOIR, MISS., June 13, 1888.

L. A. Evans, Esq.,

Dear Sir: Accept my thanks for your kind letter of the 4th. Your expectations of the coming of that harmony which is essential to the peace and prosperity of the Union may, I trust, be fully realized. As the "signs of the times" are satisfactory to so earnest a Democrat as yourself, it is cheering to one who likes to hear the cry from the tower—"all's well." Again thanking you, I am respectfully and truly yours.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

CHILDRENS DAY.

The Minneapolis Times.

There used to be a beautiful custom (which seems to have fallen into desuetude) in the Methodist church which gave the 10th day of June wholly over to the children. The little folks were gathered into the church from the highways and byways. Each little one, however poor, had its bunch of roses. The sermon was usually the simple story of Jesus, told to them; the prayers were for them; the music was only the hymns going in their sweet, untaught voices up to heaven. It is a custom which should never have been permitted to become obsolete.

In the Moravian church there is a similar anniversary of the day on which Christ, entering into Jerusalem, was met by children, who shouted hosannas and strewed palm branches in his way. The Moravian children assemble in church and sing anthems of praise, which are answered by the congregation: In both cases they are an actual acting part of the church, that they are only the younger children of the Heavenly Father, the little ones whom He takes into his armes and carries where He will; that they, too, have something to do for Him, like those children ages ago whose palms thrown in His way are not yet faded, and whose feeble hosannas still echo in the world. It is not the children only that are helped by so beautiful a festival, but probably, still more, their fathers and mothers. The poor drunken sot who never enters a church door throughout the year will creep into the back pews on "Children's Day" to see his little girl go in with her clean dress and bright face and bunch of roses, and hear her voice in the hymns. The religion in which his child believes, and which makes her happy, will be true to him, and the story of Christ told to her will have a new meaning for him. It is the little child that leads us all. It is the child, too as we all know, that leads the future man against all other influences—against reason itself. No force of public opinion, no argument no conviction even in the adult man's own mind can do away with the impressions and faith of childhood. If, then Christian churches wish to establish Christianity more securely in the world forty years hence, they cannot devote too much time to training of their children in a firm faith in Christ. Sunday schools are well enough in their own way; but there is in their teaching necessarily the machinery of every organized movement, and the effect produced is measurably mechanical. The little scholar brings away with him a more lively sense of picture cards, banner classes, heathen penny boxes and entertaining library books than of the deep reverence and love for that Saviour which these things hint at rather than teach.

Outside of the Sunday school, too, little is being done by the churches for the training of children or young people. How many sermons preached during the year in any pupil would be understood by a child of ten or twelve? They are levelled at adults, and usually the most intelligent of them in the congregation; and very often are heavy literary efforts meant for certain critics, and in no wise intended to help the gaping boys and girls upward on the long way before them. Yet children followed the First christian, and any child can understand the Sermon on the Mount. The Roman Catholic church, with its shrewd, farsighted policy, begins almost in infancy to instruct the children in the tenets of its faith, and to give them the consciousness of their own part and duty in it; hence the strength of its hold upon the faith of its adults. The Episcopalian, Lutheran and Moravian sects follow the same policy, though not so far, and measurably with the same results.

The festival of Children's Day was a step in the right direction by the Methodists, and they have committed a grave error in suffering it to fall into disuse. No child participating in such a festival ever quite loses the gracious influence out of its life of the sacred story of Jesus told in the midst of sunshine, roses and music.

Boarding House.

Fourth door south from old opera house, corner of Broadway and Loring Street, first-class meals for 20 cents.

[8-12]

THE SPICE OF LIFE IN EUCLID.

[By our Special Correspondent.]

Crops are looking finely; but, although they are not suffering from drouth, a little rain would do a great deal of good.

The "blind pig," a house standing about two miles north of this village, which well deserves the name it carries, was the scene of a promiscuous "blowout" Sunday and Monday nights, June 7th and 8th, and one man got "done up." If it occurs again, in all probability a personal account will be given to the public.

On Tuesday Michael Kelley was harrowing down the race-course with a four-horse harrow, to which was hitched two of his own horses and two belonging to E. Fisk. Mr. Kelley left the horses standing and went some distance to speak to another person, and while he was gone the horses started up and ran toward town. When near the church one of Mr. Fisk's horses fell and the harrow was drawn completely over him, cutting him badly in the legs and head. One of Mr. Kelley's horses was cut in the hind legs.

James Tracy is recovering from a long seige of Red River fever, which has confined him to his bed for the last four weeks.

Mr. Hancock was in town Tuesday. He says he intends to break about 80 acres this season.

Mr. Hancock's children are all at home enjoying their vacation. After vacation Miss Ida will return to the Normal school to complete her education. Miss Anna will teach the school in Sampson's Addition, Crookston, and Louis and Miss Della will take the high school course in Crookston.

Mr. Severson, a real estate agent, was in town on Wednesday. He says crops look better around here than they do anywhere this side of St. Paul.

The members of the Presbyterian church gave an ice cream and strawberry festival Wednesday evening. It turned out a success in every respect, about 128 persons being present. The receipts were $19.25.

Mr. M. P. Losey and Mr. F. Tiedt came up from Crookston to spend the Sabbath with their families. They will go back to attend court on Monday.

The Presbyterian church observed "Children's Day" and gave a very good exhibition.

EUCLID.

Fisher Fancies.

From The Bulletin.

Elias Steenerson, of Crookston was in Fisher on Thursday. When asked about himself, Eli said: "I am agent for the Continental Insurance Co., the best insurance company on earth, by gum. I am also manager of the Rainy Lake, Crookston & Pacific railroad." —Al Mito was over from Crookston to visit his folks on Sunday.—Geo. O'Reilly is Capt. and manager of our base ball club. A better selection could not made.—Dr. and Mrs. Lankester returned from their visit on Monday morning. —L. C. McKnight has returned from his trip to Montana bringing very rich specimens of quartz from the mines.—He did not enjoy his trip very much on account of LaGrppe.—S. L. Collins came over with his hearse on Wednesday to attend the Widenhoeffer funeral. —August Wentzel and Chris Hoch were over on Wednesday.—Hugh Thompson has a four-year-old flyer that he is getting ready for the track.—The cutworms are playing sad havoc with the gardens and with potatoes. It is feared that potatoes will have to be replanted.

The July number of Peterson begins Volume 100 and shows many evidences of the continued improvements that have been made in this magazine during the present year. It is becoming noticeable for the number and excellence of its illustrations, and this month they are unusually good. There are two illustrated articles and an illustrated story and poem admirably done. Miss Kent's excellent serial, "A Lady of Labor," ends in a satisfactory manner and the opening chapters of "The Gap Between," by Frank Lee Benedict, present some very original situations and promise a story of great power. Peterson has become a charming family magazine, it always contains matter to interest the entire household. The children will be delighted with Totty Towersby's sketch of "Our Donkey," and its delicious series of illustrations. The number is brimfull of capital stories, poems and miscellaneous articles. The fashion and needlework designs are invaluable to the ladies. Everybody who wants one of the best periodicals going should subscribe for the new volume of Peterson, $2.00 per year, $1.00 for six months. A sample number will be sent for five cents. Address PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, 306 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Pa.

OUR CITY DADS.

At the meeting of the city council on Tuesday evening June 9th. Four aldermen were absent and seven answered to roll call, and transacted the following business:

Committee on gravelling Robert street asked for further time.

Committee in the matter of the N. P. crossing asked further time. Both granted.

Committe on removal of slaughter-houses recommend that they be not removed but that the health officers be empowered to enforce sanitary regulations. Report accepted and adopted.

The purchasing agent reported the purchase of an antique oak table, an office chair for each alderman and a table and chair for the president, clerk and attorney at a cost of $174 in St. Paul.

The invitation of St. John Baptiste Society to the Mayor and Council to join the procession on St. Johns Day was formally accepted.

A communication from W. E. McKenzie in relation to city printing was referred to Ald.'s Marshall, Marlette and Schmidt.

The city attorney gave his decisions that it is incumbent the bridge across the Great Northern R. R. at Seventh Street.

In ordinance relating to "Rescue and Attempted Rescue" was adopted also one establishing dumping grounds and regulations therefor.

BILLS ALLOWED.

J. E. V. Wyatt, funeral supplies for P. Amundson, Sr. $13.00
P. F. McDonald, labor in 1st Ward $47.00
2nd " 44.75
3rd " 60.75
4th " 88.80
5th " 78.75
6th " 70.75

On motion, adjourned till Monday evening June 15th.

First National Bank OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication June 18th 1891.)

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Seven hundred twenty-seven and 27-100 ($727.27) Dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Frank Kovar and Mary Kovar, his wife, Mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of June 1886, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June 1886, at Four o'clock P. M., in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 161, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The East half of the North-west quarter and Lots (1) and (2) Section Eighteen (18) Township One-hundred and fifty-three (153) Range Forty-eight, (48) west in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 8th day of August 1891 at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seven hundred twenty-seven and 27-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB,
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

(First Publication June 18th. 1891.)

WHEREAS OLE PEDERSON AND CAREN Pederson, his wife, of Polk County State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of July 17th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit:

The North half of Southeast quarter, and South half of Northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 145, Range 45 west, containing 160, acres to secure the payment of the sum of Five hundred and Fifty Dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said Mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July A. D. 1886, at three o'clock P. M. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 211; and,

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the sum of Thirty-eight and 50-100, Dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January A. D. 1891 and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

WHEREAS it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

WHEREAS, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

WHEREAS, There is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Six-hundred seven and 24-100 Dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land, therein described, which sale will be made, the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in said County and State on the 8th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the fore-noon of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB,
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 18th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, CORNELIUS ANDERSON AND Kjerste Anderson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1883, duly execute and deliver to James John Fulton, of Edinburgh, Scotland, their mortgage bearing date of August 25th, A. D. 1883, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one (1) and two (2) of Section 30, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 151 21-100 acres to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1883, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 148; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 07-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said James John Fulton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred fifty-three and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 18th, A. D. 1891.

JAMES JOHN FULTON,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - - Crookston.

Trade at HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

BOSTON ONE-PRICE Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's.

LOST.

On Sunday June 7th one dark brown broncho, with light red nose, no white hairs on animal Has hard bunch on tail and brand mark on left shoulder. A suitable reward will be paid for his recovery by E. B. Bruly, Gentilly, Minn., or leave word at THE JOURNAL office.

[9-11]

TAKEN UP.

In my garden on Thursday June 11th two small pigs three or four months old. Owner can recover the same by calling on the undersigned, proving property and paying expenses.

[9-15] R. LEHMANN.

Taken Up.

Came on my premises on Sunday June 14th one deep red cow. Owner can recover by proving property and paying expenses. C. D. BAILEY.

[9-11]

Cash Paid.

For Hogs, and meat cured to order at the Crookston Packing House.

[9-12]

THE OLD RELIABLE CROOKSTON LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estate
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS.
Saxon Street, Crookston, Minn.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn.	Hunting Fishing.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

To Whom It May Concern.

WHEREAS, my wife, Mary Zeidlick has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation I hereby forbid all persons to harbor or trust her on my account as I shall pay no bills of her contracting after this day and date.

[8-10] FRANK ZEIDLICK,
Tabor, Polk Co. Minn, June 5th, 1891.

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH AND ROOFLESS PLTAES.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890, and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

H. STEENERSON

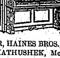
ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

KOPS BRO'S

103 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA



WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank,

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Min

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. JOHN DALLUM, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point For a square deal call on them.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, June 18, 1891.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,........ 7:34 p. m.

For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......... 8:15 a. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.........................Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

BIG WHITE TENTS.

Something About Their Future and the Men Who Invest Fortunes In Them.

Within a little over a year two of the most unique and typical Americans that ever rose from penury to opulence have passed from the arena of life and joined the ever increasing parade to which the "miles of free street pageantry" of their big shows, even when measured by the exaggeration of the the high-soaring, imaginative bill-writer, are but the merest mimicry of the mighty silent majority.

A careful survey of the field reveals the fact that the coming men are not from the rank and file of those we may term the old liners, but from the later and more energetic additions of amusement caterers, among whom by far the most prominent, wealthy, and capable are the Ringling Bros., who have for the last few years lacked only the prestige time alone can bring to place them on an equal footing with Barnum and Forepaugh. As regards the latter two shows the public will look with interest upon their movements and see if they can be successfully run without their former leaders. The greatness of these men's shows was too much centered in their remarkable personality to survive the grave. There are other shows that might come in for a chance in the race, were it not for the fact that they presided over by men grown old in the business, who have long since reached the limit of their possibilities. On the contrary, the Ringling Bros. are young men who have hardly more than started on their career as a leading big show, and by the enormous strides they have made in late years in bringing before the public a show of truly wonderful merit and proportions, is considered, conjecture fails to place a limit on their present as well as future possibilities. Besides these considerations there are five of the Ringling brothers, each one capable of managing any one of the large circus institutions, yet the efforts of the five are directed toward the proper management of the one great shows They have also taken a step in the right direction by never resorting to any of the cheap, woolly-horse and whitewashed-elephant style of features of their older but less conscientious rivals, and, while many are blindly imitating the great showman who said the American people wanted to be humbugged, these self-emulating young men have built a monument to themselves by adhering to the idea that the public wants what it pays for and is entitled to see.

Will exhibit at Crookston Friday, June 19th.

SILVER IS KING.

At Least The Republican Leaders Bow Down Before It.

BLAINE HAS A FREE COINAGE SCHEME.

He Favors Free Coinage Of The American Product Only.

HE IS WILLING TO GO THAT FAR

Should Such A Course Be Found Detrimental To Business It Could Be Checked At Once—Others With Him.

Special to the Journal.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—From what the politicians who now and then find their way to Washington say, the silver question is still the predominant one with the people throughout the country. The legislation on the subject at the the last session of congress is not considered at all permanent in settling matters. It is evident from talk with the visiting gentlemen referred to that there are some Republicans, and also many Democrats, who wish that the silver agitation were a thing of the past. The Republicans who hold this desire are mainly from the east and like nearly all people in that section are opposed to any further enhancement of silver or enlargement of the currency based upon that metal. The Democratic opponents are men who have the Cleveland idea so imbued as to constitute an integral part of their very existence. The Republicans referred to want the silver statu quo to continue for fear that further agitation might cause serious dissension in their ranks; while the Democrats of the east fear that continued prominence of the consideration given to silver would detract from the supremacy of their pet idea, free trade, and in the same degree endanger the prospects of their pet candidate, Mr. Cleveland.

But neither will find politics taking the trend they would have. It can be said that silver is "in it" and "in it" to stay. It is not only the Farmers Alliance and similar political offshoots that demand further legislation in favor of silver, but there is a sentiment of this kind among the people so strong that something will have to be done in conformity with it. This is recognized by the leaders on both sides. They have as far as possible consulted on the subject. The Republicans have had the advantage of such consultations, because they will have fewer men in the next congress. On the other hand there will be so many democrats in the next house who have not yet appeared in the congressional field that it is with great difficulty anything like a general understanding can be reached by that side before congress reassembles and members settle down into their seat. The general statement can, however, be made that a large majority who go into the democratic caucus will be for free coinage. As to the Republicans there has not yet been a sufficient precipitation of the various elements in their ranks to tell with any definite accuracy what their program will be.

A hand which will have much to do with the delineation of the Republican program is one which has not hitherto appeared in the party's councils when silver was the subject under consideration. That hand belongs to Secretary of State, James G. Blaine. Mr. Blaine has not been heard from in regard to silver since his speech in 1878 when he was in the senate, Mr. Blaine then in discussing the remonetization bill which had come over from the house, took the middle ground. He was opposed to the dollar of 412½ grains, but said he was in favor of one of 487 grains, or a silver dollar containing $1 worth of silver. That speech is the last direct pronouncement as regards silver that has been had from Mr. Blaine. He has, however, been consulted in the last few months by Republican leaders and there are the best reasons in the world for saying that his ideas about silver have undergone a material change. He no longer for instance, holds that the dollar should contain 487 grains of silver and yet he is not in favor of free and unlimited coinage. When he made his speech in 1878 he, like so many other able public men, thought that the remonetization of silver would run gold up to a premium. He has realized that he was mistaken in the view which which he took and has changed with the light of experience as a guide. He recognizes the fact that a vast majority of the people of the West want free coinage and knows that there are none of sufficient prescience to say exactly what the result of financial legislation in any direction would be. He thinks that the present time, inasmuch as the credit of the country is almost unparalelled in the history of nations, would be the proper period in which to test what many people so earnestly wish to be inaugurated. He would have a bill passed providing for the free coinage of all silver produced in the United States, it is said. If the inauguration of such a policy as this should prove, as some prophets hold it would, detrimental to the national finances, there would be no difficulty in providing an estoppal.

As stated, there are very good reasons for believing the policy here outlined to be that held in favor by Mr. Blaine. It also finds favor among some other Republican leaders. So there need be no surprise if the stand which the Republican party will take upon the disputed silver ground is embraced in the sentence: "Free coinage of the American product." The more some Republicans think and talk about this the more do they become convinced that the course outlined in the quoted sentence is for them and their party generally the proper safe and popular one. Until the Republican National convention at Minneapolis has adjourned sine die, however, no one can tell what will be the exact outcome in this respect.

BINDING TWINE.

Report of the Committee on Binding Twine appointed by the Executive Committee of the Minnesota State Farmers' Alliance.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 23, 1891.

To the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance:

GENTLEMEN:—We beg leave to report in relation to Binder twine that after examining samples and prices furnished by several of the principal Cordage Companies, we find that the twine handled by our Alliance Business Agency, at 673 Wabasha St. Paul, Minn., is the most satisfactory of anything in the market, prices and quality considered, and we trust our members will place their orders for twine with them.

Respectfully submitted,
C. F. BOHALL.
H. V. POOR.
THOS. J. MEIGHEN.

[8-tf]

EXCURSION RATES.

For the Park Region G. A. R. Encampment, to be held at Moorhead, Minn., June 23d to 26th. The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will make a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip. [8-9]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, KNUDT H. BERG AND Aguette Berg, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Horace Alling, of the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, their mortgage bearing date of November 4th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit; Southwest quarter (sw¼) Section 24, Township 143, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 1:30 p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 87 of mortgages, on page 160; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 57-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Horace Alling has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 57-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1891.

HORACE ALLING, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[7-13]

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

O. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockin, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson. St. Paul

BENOIT & SYLVESTER,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS. WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of two hundred and forty-six dollars ($246.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by David R. McGinnis to P. C. Sletten and John Cromb, of Polk County, Minnesota, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1882, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1882, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book "H" of mortgages, on page 435.

And whereas P. C. Sletten, one of the mortgagees named in said mortgage, died testate, at Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And whereas the last will and testament of the said P. C. Sletten was proved and admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And, whereas, by the terms of said will Kari Sletten, the wife of the said P. C. Sletten, was made the sole legatee and devisee of all the real and personal property of which he died seized aforesaid.

And, whereas, the Probate Court of said Polk County issued its final decree in the estate of P. C. Sletten, deceased, dated Aug. 6, 1887, by the terms of which the said Kari Sletten was decreed to have an undivided half interest in the above described mortgage, which said decree was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, on the 11th day of May, 1888, at 1:30 p. m., in book 29 of deeds, on pages 574 to 578 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block six (6), in Cromb and Sletten's subdivision of outlots in Hurlbut's addition to Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 30th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
KARI SLETTEN,
Legatee and Devisee of P. C. Sletten, deceased, Mortgagees
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees.
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Olaus H. Lucken, as executors of the last will and testament of Paul C. Sletten, deceased, plaintiffs, against Henry Watts Blake, Jane Blake and Henry Watts, Sr., defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 21st day of May, 1891, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the twentieth day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in block seven (7), in Cromb & Sletten's subdivision of Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 1st, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

JOHN CROMB,
Plaintiffs Attorney. [7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nettie F. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:40 o'clock, a. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 80-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

MONDAY, the 20TH DAY OF JULY,

A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meredian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 15th, A. D. 1891.

JOHNSTON WAGNER,
Mortgagee.
W. B. DOUGLAS, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-13] Moorhead, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rhesa Godfrey, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages, on pages 415-18.

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due June 13th, 1889, December 13th, 1889, June 13th, 1890, and December 13th, 1890, each of said installments being for $24.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eight hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-eight cents. ($830.78), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter (w½ sw¼) of Section seventeen, (17), and west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section twenty, (20), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four, (44), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [6-12] [N. G. 67.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida Marcotte and Francois Marcotte, her husband, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 10:50 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 625-28.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $30 that became due November 1st, 1889, $30 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents. ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-two, (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 63]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 7th, 1891.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph L. Daoust, a widower, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of November, A. D. 1887, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 22d day of November, A. D. 1887, at 10:10 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on pages 252-4.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due May 18th, 1888, November 18th, 1888, May 18th, 1889, November 18th, 1889, May 18th, 1890, and November 18th, 1890, each of said installments being for the sum of $21.00.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: seven hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents. ($759.60), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southeast quarter (e½ se¼), the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter (se¼ ne¼), and lot one (1) of Section two (2), in township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of said Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 25th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 62.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication May 7th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Uclide Barrette and Neitile Barrette, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of February, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 600-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due August 17th, 1888, February 17th, 1889, August 17th, 1889, February 17th, 1890, August 17th, 1890, and February 17th, 1891, each of said installments being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty-five cents. ($622.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the southwest quarter (n½ sw¼) of Section five (5), and north half of the southeast quarter (n½ se¼) of Section six (6), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four (44), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JUNE,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated April 28th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [3-9] [N. G. 61]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 21st, 1891.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Kindler and Minnie Kindler, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 36 of mortgages, on pages 224-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due December 29th, 1888, June 29th, 1889, December 29th, 1889, June 29th, 1890, and December 29th, 1890, each of said installments being for $28. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents. ($973.10) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty-six, (26), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing 160 acres. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 66.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 11th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE sum of two hundred forty-seven and 33-100 dollars, ($247.33) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Hunter and Lizzie A. Hunter, his wife, to John Cromb, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1883, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the first day of May, A. D. 1883, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book T of mortgages, on page 21, and in addition thereto the further sum of sixty-four and 99-100 dollars taxes duly assessed and levied against said premises described and conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of northwest quarter Section fourteen (14), Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes as above on said premises, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 39.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.90 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-one (41) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65]

[First publication May 21st, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. John Cromb and Kari Sletten, plaintiffs, vs. Alexander Allardyce and Mary Genrue, defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 14th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[5-11] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy: $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, OLE O. BRADSAT, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of September 3d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 450; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventeen and 50-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891; and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-four and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 14th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Maria Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 29th, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 11, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order; which said mortgage was, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 412; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen and 73-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline L. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred fifty-four and 75-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee,
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication May 13th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BEIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of August 22d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one, (1), and two, (2) of Section 19, Township 147, Range 41 west, containing 162 61-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 441; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred thirty-eight and 56-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[4-10] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., May 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 29th, 1891, viz: EMIL FOUNTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 34, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Minn., Carrie Ayotte, Julian Sauve, of Gentilly, Minn., Eustach Blanchard, of Carman, Minn.

[5-10] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JUNE 25, 1891. NO. 10.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. 1 outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second-Class matter.

THE FARMER BOY.

BY FRED W. DAVIS.

Quite a good deal has been said
About farmer boys leaving the farm,
And, indeed! it has of late
Caused no small alarm.
But I can see no harm in it,
Since there's others to fill their place,
Each human being should choose his course
On which to run life's race.

Why shouldn't farm lads be merchants?
Or, why shouldn't they practice law?
Or, as far as that's concerned,
Why not run a buzz-saw?
As long as they prefer it to plowing,
Or hoeing corn and beans,
And as long as they like "slinging ink"
Better than grooming the teams,

There are some old fogies
That would like to see the boys
Trudging o'er the acres,
While the dust blows in their eyes,
Instead of seeing them comfortably
Settled in some town,
With no other business
Than talking temperance down.

Then they say "The attraction
That draws boys toward the city,
Is the sound of some lass'es voice
Singing a charming ditty."
Is this true? I tell you, no!
It is all a hoax,
For farmer boys possess as much
Sense as other folks.

It's because they like it better
In a thriving town,
Than twenty miles from nowhere,
Trudging o'er plowed ground.
So I say, "If they like it better
Let them work in a store,
Or give them a good fair chance
On the wings of fame to soar.

Wants to Know, You Know.

ED. JOURNAL: I clip the following rom the Times, which really needs ventilation, as it has a very strong odor of the most putrid of conceit, and such an intolerant statement I can hardly believe has ever been uttered by Mr. Steenerson, unless it was made in a moment of haste, without due consideration. If this should not be his sentiment all the political philosophers and reformers in this part of the country would like to hear from him. If Steenerson thinks he makes an ass of himself with any such people as Nationalists, then he throws a direct insult in the face of all Nationalists, and we would like to know whether this insult comes from the attorney or from the Times; you see, "we want to consider where it comes from," as the Irishman said when the mule kicked him. I will further say that if either the Times or the attorney can point to any ignorant Nationalists I can point to ten thousand ignorant democrats or republicans. The fact is that the Nationalists have sprung from the republican and democratic parties by their moral awakening to the necessity for political reform. They shudder at the sight of the present system, where competition breeds war, hate and jealousy between mankind where peace and love should reign. If this government would try to remove the cause of crime in the place of punishing it they would do far more than they are doing at present for mankind; at least no one needs to be ashamed to talk about it.

A BELIEVER IN CO-OPERATION.

"Do you remember the Nationalist Club that was organized here last winter? Yes, and you know, possidly, also that they held a number of meetings to which the public was invited. I did not attend any of those meetings but learn that they were not very highly successful at first. The speakers were all imbued with the idea of Nationalism and the oratory was all on one side. It needed opposition to create an interest and one of the members noticing this fact invited speakers to come and take the other side of the question. Among those invited were Attorneys Halvor Steenerson, R. J. Montague and A. L. Gossman. There were some pretty good speakers who has espoused the cause of Nationalism and the expectation that there was to be a lively debate brought out a good crowd. Gossman was the only one of the trio of attorneys who put in an appearance. He had prepared himself and when called upon to give his views he shot such a broadside into the Nationalist camp as to entirely route the enemy. But Gossman was somewhat disappointed that the two disciples of Blackstone had left him to do battle alone and the next day, meeting Steenerson on the street, he approached him with a frown and said:

"I thought you were coming up to the meeting last night. We had a big crowd, and I went up as I had promised and gave them a little talk, but I was disapointed that you and Montague were not there to help me out."

"No, I am glad to say I did not go," said Steenerson.

"But why not;" persisted the first speaker.

"Well" said Steenerson, "when I have fully decided to make an ass of myself I want to choose a more secluded place and a much smaller crowd for the accomplishment of the deed."

Thief River Falls Items.

From the Press.

Cut worms are doing considerable damage in gardens.

Fred Besette, of Red Lake Falls, was in town the first of the week.

Mr. Kretzschmar is making repairs on his mill, amnother other things he is cleaning out and deepening the tail race.

Ed. Evenson returned from Otter Tail County yesterday, bringing with him a thoroughbred Durham bull. It is a fine animal and worth any man's time to look at.

Some excellent work has been done on the main road in the town or Norden east of the east sand ridge. It is now passable for heavy loads, but the good work should not stop until the road farther west is made as good. There are only a few rods that are almost impassable and of course it makes the good road useless. Work is being done on the roads west of the village and poor roads in the town of North will soon be a thing of the past.

Levi LaDue, of Crookston, is spending a few days in town.

Chas. Meyer, Will Porter, C. A. Robbecke and son Charlie, have gone to Crookston on business and circus.

John Pederson started to-day as guide for a party from Hawley who are here for the purpose of looking over the reservation soon to be opened.

DIRT IS FLYING.

Mr. A. Wright is here with sleeves rolled up and is setting the foundation, getting out the timbers and with a crew of men is placing the fact of a saw mill for Thief River Falls in a few weeks a fact indeed. We told you so! There are other good things on the way.

St. Hilairities,

From St. Hilaire Spectator.

Mrs. C. G. Rapp returned last Friday from a two weeks visit to relatives in Goodhue county.

Fred Anderson, the Crookston wholesale fruit dealer was in town last Monday selling goods.

Tom Harris is expected from Crookston this week with his moving outfit to move E. M. Hoff's building.

It is surprising to see the number of business appointments our citizens profess to have at Crookston the last of this week. They wouldn't think of going to the circus if they didn't have some business to attend to. Oh no!

We regret to announce the death of Mr. Peter Bramsness last Saturday night from typhoid fever. Mr. Bramsness was well and favorably known here and his death will be mourned by many. He leaves a young wife and baby to mourn his loss. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon.

Dr. Dunlop, of Crookston, was called to attend the Bramsness family last Saturday and pronounced them all sick with typhoid fever. Mr. L. R. Bramsness, Willie and Mary Bramsness are now very sick with the disease. They are now under the care of Dr. Hennemuth who has hopes of bringing them through all right.

FERTILE ITEMS.

From the Journal.

The smiling countenance of Supt. of Schools Grefthen was noticeable in Fertile the first of the week.

Our second nine are anxious to get up a game with some outside club to be to be played here the Fourth.

There is quite a demand for land in this locality. T. A. Bakken has disposed of two farms within the past week to parties hailing from North Dakota.

K. J. Bolle died at his home in the town of Liberty Monday morning, after a sickness of only a few days. The deceased was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

Ole Stromsmo is all smiles this week. It is all on account of that boy that arrived at his home Tuesday morning.

The new road from Kankel's new mill to Beltrami is now an assured fact. At a meeting of the supervisors of the town of Liberty last Saturday, at which several of our citizens were in attendance, it was decided to go ahead with the project. Mr. LaDue, whose land the road passes through, gave them permission to run the road through his farm for the small consideration of $100 and then donated half of that amount towards the building of the road. Mr. LaDue is to be praised for his generosity as the road passes through the best part of his land and also cuts off the water from his stock, but this will try and be remedied by putting in a culvert which will give them excess to the river. A subscription paper was circulated here previous to the meeting and about $125 was raised towards building the road. Work has already been commenced on the new road and will be pushed until completed. This will not only make one of the prettiest drives in the county but will open up a new territory of trade for Fertile and the amount of good derived from its construction will be beyond the hopes of the most sanguine.

McIntosh Itums.

From The Times.

H. L. Peake of Crookston, was looking over our city Saturday with a view to opening a harness shop.

Gunder, the little two month's old son of Gunder and Mrs. Danielson died at the home of his parents last week. He was buried Thursday.

The latest acquisition to the McIntosh menagerie is a cinnamon bear, was sent east by a son of Mr. Bolstad, of this city, to be educated. Nordby and Nuckelby have him in training.

Moorhead News:—Mr. F. J Burnham and his daughter, Miss Bessie, last evening took the business men's special over the Great Northern for New York, where they will take a steamer for Liverpool. A large number of friends were at the depot to see them off and bid them a pleasant trip.

East Grand Forks Courier:—On Tuesday Jeremiah Driscoll purchased the nw ¼ of 34-152-49, of Patrick Cunningham for $3,000 spot cash. Mr. Cunningham retains the crop. This purchase gives Jerry half a section of land in a lump, worth easily $7,000 to $8,000. Mr. Driscoll is comparatively a young man, hardly 30 years of age, and has accumulated this property, which is clear, together with stock and machinery sufficient to farm a whole section, during the past few years right here in the Red River Valley. Mr. Driscoll and his brothers, John, Michael, James and Thomas, now possess nearly 2,000 acres, while Mrs. Driscoll, their mother, owns three quarters, all lying close to the city, and under cultivation. A conservative estimate of the value of this land would be $30 per acre. The success of the Driscoll brothers as farmers since coming to the Red River Valley may seem phenomenal, but it is due chiefly to the manner in which they have farmed. They carry on farming as a business, and not as too many farmers do in the country—as a side issue—a mere speculation.

A Democrat Warns His Party.

New York Press.

The public record of ex-Congressman George L. Converse of Ohio is that of a thorough paced Bourbon Democrat. In no particular has he ever departed from the doctrines for which his party contended, and he has been a powerful factor in Ohio by reason of his high position and ability. Mr. Converse, however, is imbued with the spirit of Americanism, and he has so little sympathy with the free trade theories now forced upon his party as its shibboleth that he has given voice to an earnest protest against them and a warning that persistence in following those theories will bring certain defeat. Mr. Converse, not only believes that the Democratic party has made a grave and serious mistake, as he says, in antagonizing protection as an American principle and policy, but declares that its only hope of success lies in dropping its opposition to the McKinley law and formulating other and more popular issues.

The warning he thus gives his party is sound and practical. If for no other reason than that business of the country has had enough of tariff discussion and uncertainty it would be prudent for the Democratic party to follow his advice. With each succeeding day business affairs are more and more regulated upon the basis of the schedules of the law. The annoyances incident to any new tariff bill are virtually over and persons whose affairs are affected by the tariff have accommodated themselves to the new. By another year they will be the most earnest opponents of any propositions to change it. Thus from the standpoint of practical politics, as well as upon the broad platform of principle, Mr. Converse is wise in notifying his party that it must give up either free trade or all hope of ruling the American nation.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements.

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c

100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c

10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c

50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c

100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c

50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c
A Good Summer Corset 50c
A Good Black Corset 50c

NEW LINE
of SHIRT WAISTS
of GLOVES.
of WINDSOR TIES
of PARASOLS.
of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

=Fontaine & Anglim.=

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

—DON'T FORGET TO SEE—

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER.

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

BLAINE FOR 1891.

An Opinion That Mr. Harrison is Not an Available Candidate.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 16.—Gen. John McNulta attended the republican conference at Indianapolis last week. In answer to a general question Gen. McNulta said: "It was agreed unanimously that it was inadvisable to renominate President Harrison; that he had by his persistent refusal to listen to his own friends and party and constitutional advisers in their efforts to harmonize and strengthen the party made his renomination an impossibility; that he was out of the list of available candidates." The purpose, clearly, was to hold the matter open for public discussion, and select the man best fitted for the place, who would give the greatest strength to the party in the election. If, when the proper time came, it was deemed wise to nominate Mr. Blaine, and he manifested a purpose to accept, then it was thought best to unite on him. Until then, every state and district should go for its own favorite, and in the end, go for the man who is strongest before the people.

Boarding House.

Fourth door south from old opera house, corner of Broadway and Loring Street, first-class meals for 20 cents. [6-12]

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street. Crookston, Minn.

Wm A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Good News For Business Men.

THE AUTUMN EXPORT TRADE WILL BE THE BIGGEST ON RECORD.

SHIPMENTS OF AMERICAN BREADSTUFFS TO BE SO LARGE THAT STEAMSHIP ROOM IS NOW ENGAGED SIX MONTHS AHEAD IN THIS CITY.

New York Press.

Conservative business people have been looking forward with some apprehension to the condition of business next fall. Their chief anxiety springs from the loss of the $60,000,000 in gold which American bankers shipped abroad within five months to help European countries out of their financial difficulties and wildcat speculations.

But there are some very hopeful signs which every business man will be cheered to read in The Press this morning, because they tend to allay apprehension for the future. In the first place, investors and money lenders alike are exercising remarkable caution in business transactions, and are fortifying themselvess against the promised financial stringency in the fall. The actual passage of money plays a very small part in the commercial transactions of to-day. Confidence or credit is the great circulating medium, and in that respect New York banks were never better off than to-day.

CHARTERS NOW SIX MONTHS AHEAD.

But the new and most promising phase of the situation, now made known for the first time, is that all the great European steamships sailing from this port have their spaces reserved for cargoes engaged months ahead. The American crop of breadstuffs promises to the largest ever known. In Europe the crops are very small. Europe will will be more than usually dependent on the United States for food, and the transcontinental railroads and the transatlantic steamships will have an uncommonly busy and profitable time sending it to them. The American farmer will get higher prices and will be correspondingly happy.

In addition to the regular line steamers a large number of outside vessels, with capacities ranging from 8,000 to 13,000 quarters each, have been chartered for September and October shipment to load for Cork for orders at four shillings per quarter. The term, "Cork for orders" is a comprehensive form of charter and means that the shippers can order the vessel to certain direct ports in the United Kingdom or Continent at threepence less than the charter rate.

BIG FREIGHT ENGAGEMENTS.

Efforts have been made to keep these freight engagements secret, but The Press has the very best authority for stating that they have been made. Furthermore, purchases of millions of bushels of the coming crop have already been made by foreign houses, and all these preparations for a heavy fall and winter export movement are but the natural consequence of the failure of the foreign crops. Exporters purchased no less than 700,000 bushels of wheat on yesterday's market.

The United States is, of course, the greatest grain producing country in the world. France comes second, but this year she will have a shortage of 30 per cent., and will want for her own consumption between 100,000,000 and 120,000,000 bushels of foreign grain, in consequence of which she has lowered her grain duties 40 per cent.

Germany raises chiefly rye, and this crop is in a very bad condition, though her wheat crop is about an average one. Crop accounts from England are good, though it is very strange that under the same conditions that have caunsed great shortages in other western crops she should have sustained no loss, and conservative authorities here are very skeptical about the English reports. Spain has a short crop, and so has Italy. Portugal, Holland and Belgium are up to the average.

Of the exporting countries Austria-Hungary has a fair crop, but advices from Russia are very unreliable. Winter wheat, which constitutes one-third of the Russian grain production is badly hurt, and spring wheat is reported in danger by drought. Rye is officially reported as showing a large deficit. The Indian crop is a little above the average.

A CHEERFUL OUTLOOK.

It is an old saying that "As go the grangers, so goes the stock market.' The grangers are certainly destined to have exceptionally fine business when they begin to haul the crops, and it is safe to say that the higher prices which farmers will realize for their crops will make an equally favorable return flow of tonnage in the form of purchases by farmers. Prices of wheat to-day range about fifteen cents per bushel more than at the corresponding time last year.

Opinions as to the time that the return flow of gold will set in the differ. The fact remains, however, that the United states has more than paid any trade balance against her, and as soon as the crop exports begin in earnest earnest we can demand gold in payment if we require it.

Moorhead News

In our opinion the new party will never show the life and vigor of the old party which died that the new might live. Let the Republican party declare in favor of free coinage of silver; the issuance of fractional paper currency; extension of commerce by building up steamship lines and reciprocal trade relation; and more stringent legislation to prevent as well as prohibit trusts, combinations of capital to oppress the poor, and such other remedial acts as are consistent with justice and common sense. Then with good crops and higher prices for products, which are almost sure to follow under the influence of the tariff bill and more money, the republican party will carry the country in 1892.

LOW TARIFF MEN

A Move to Organize the Low Tariff Republicans of the State,

RECIPROCITY IS IN IT, TOO

The Proposed Club is to Be Educational Rather than Political.

SAM HILL ITS REPUTED FATHER

The Movement Enveloped in Some Mystery which Mr. Hill is Not Ready to Clear Away.

Minneapolis Journal.

"To the Low Tariff Republicans of Minnesota, Greeting."

This is the burden of the very latest political movement in this state. Its object? Educational rather than political. At least so declares its leaders. And yet there is a mystery about it which seems to whisper to political wiseacres portentous things which they know not how to interpret. Certain it is—as the investigations of a Journal man to-day demonstrated—that a healthy move in the direction of organizing the Republican low tariff sentiment of the state is on foot. There may be, and probably are, other principles working in the movement, notably the the sentiment for reciprocity. The men at the head declare emphatically, however, that they have no private axes to grind and no offices to ask. They are in it for the good of party and state, and for the elimination of what has come to be called McKinleyism in their party. Politics, except in this broader sense, does not enter into their plans, and they are building not for the campaign of '92 but for the future. The organization of the club has not yet been perfected, and that such a scheme is working only came to light this afternoon.

Samuel Hill is credited with being at the head of the low tariff movement, and he admitted it very frankly to a Journal man to-day.

"But I cannot give any particulars," said Mr. Hill. "The organization is not perfected, and it is better not to say anything until it is. No I prefer not to say anything further to-day. I will say, however, that the club has no political candidates, and none of the proposed members want office."

It was learned from another source that at least 75 prominent Republicans in the state have signified their desire to join the club. The organization is to be carried into every county in the state. The principles of the club, as reported, are to favor a low tariff, modified from the present schedules, and, it is understood, the reciprocity idea.

The new club will be incorporated, the declaration of principles being ready now, but a good deal of secrecy is maintained as to its personnel. It is intimated that there is considerably more back of the organization than appers simply in the low tariff idea.

DIED.

East Grand Forks Courier.

James Kenn, on Tuesday, June 9th 1891, of bronchial troubles, aged 71 years. Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Kenn had been sick more or less during the past three months, the intelligence of his death was a surprise to his many friends. Deceased has resided here during the past thirteen years, settling on the homestead some four miles north of this city, soon after his arrival in this country from Scotland, where he was born. Of a genial nature and thorough in his business relations with his fellow men he possessed to an unusually large degree the confidence and respect of all with whom he came in contact.

During his residence here he has repeatedly held the office of town clerk, town treasurer and town assessor, and the records of the respective offices which he filled are models of neatness and accuracy. He leaves a wife and six children, two girls and four boys, in good circumstances. His funeral occured yesterday, Rev. Mr. Pence officiating, the interment being in the Protestant cemetery. The funeral was the largest which ever passed through this city.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—The Plaindealer takes pleasure in stating that the professorship ordered by the legislature, to be created at the university, has been supplied by the appointment of Rev. G. T. Rygh, who will teach the Scandinavian language. This gentleman is a fine scholar, an earnest young patriot and the regents made a happy selection.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, June 25, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 85.

Miss Lottie Anglim has returned from school.

Wheat opened out this week at 86 cents for 1 Hard.

Andrew Steenerson says he has wheat 24 inches high.

The Polk County Alliance meets next Wednesday July 1st.

F. H. Kratka was down from Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

County Commissioner C. P. DeMers was in the city on Tuesday.

Sheriff Gundysen went to Moorhead with the female prisoners on Tuesday evening.

Ladies, do not forget that Mrs. E. E. Bangs is in earnest in her clearing out sale. Call and see.

Charley Misner is doing a land-office business at the new barber shop on Main St. Try Charlie.

Mayor McKinnon returned from Duluth this week and reports having had a very enjoyable time.

Grasshoppers reported west of Grand Forks, in Dakota. Said to be genuine Rocky Mountain hopper.

Call at D. L. Lusian's and examine those new swing rockers, just received. Also a large stock of furniture.

A. C. Wilkinson and wife departed upon their European tour last week. Expect to be gone three months.

The Board of equalization met on Monday at 10 o'clock and adjourned till next Monday at city hall at 10 a. m.

Willie McGrew picked several quarts of wild strawberries last week. This week every body is out after the festive berry.

Chris Houston is rushing the work upon his new residence. Is plastering this week. Says he must [finsh] before haying.

Max Ericsson and his son Lloyd left on Saturday evening via the old pioneer line for a trip to St. Paul, Duluth, Superior &c.

Sture will give great inducements to dispose of his stock before going into his new quarters in the Opera Block. Give him a call.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

R. J. Cheney represented McMillan & Co., of Minneapolis, in the city on Monday at the bidding for the new hotel contracts. Kilroe Bros. submitted the lowest bid.

At the Ball Game July 2nd Frank Cleary makes last appearance in a local uniform as after that date he will play with Anson's crew. Come and see this truly wonderful player.

The Demorest gold medal, offered as a prize for the best speaking at the Baptist church last week was awarded to Sammy Clark, of Stephen. This is the second prize he has taken.

Rev. R. H. Battey, pastor, will preach morning and evening at the Congregational church next Sunday. Bible-school at noon. Y. P. S. C. E., 7 P. M. See notice of sermon subjects at Post Office Saturday.

Last week Chris Houston received a yearling shorthorn bull of T. H. Canfield of Lake Park. The little fellow weighs 900 lbs. He is in one of the very best shorthorn families, and Chris. is very proud of him.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert Street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

Alderman I. U. Jennings returned from Chicago on Thursday morning. While there he visited Libby prison to see the place where his brother, W. H., was a prisoner of war. He says the old prison is just the same as it was during war times.

While in this city last week I. K. Messelt went out to Pete Cornelius' residence and bought a grade Polled Angus bull to take out to his stock farm. Pete delivered the animal at Fertile. I. K. says he means to diversify his farming operations.

C. A. Johnson is agent for hail and fire insurance in alliance companies. Charlie is an A. 1 man and can give perfect satisfaction. He is prepared to write insurance in the northeast part of Polk County. His address is Thief River Falls.

We learn that Henry Peterson, who went to Hot Springs for his health awhile ago, has purchased a team of William Go-ats, is breaking them to harness and intends to bring them up to Polk County to beat Will's Star Bashaw trotter.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs, informs our reporter that her business has been so good this season that she is obliged to order new supplies every week. Never before has she sold so many goods and her prices are extremely low. She invites the ladies to call.

Judge Benson appeared at his office on Monday morning in disguise—beats all how a clean shave does disfigure a man. By the way, the Judge is disappointing his enemies who freely predicted before election, that he would make a poor Judge of Probate, as they now have to admit that he makes a capable and efficient official.

The Diamond Stars will cross bats with the lawyers at the Ball Park on Thursday, July 2nd. The Stars will make their appearance in their new uniforms. Gossman & George will be in the points for the lawyers, and for the Stars Martin will pitch, Will Cleary doing the McNeil act behind the bat. Game called at 3 p. m.

O. P. Cahoon is having an elegant door-yard fence built by James Jenks. We went down on Monday evening and saw them weave some of it, and it is truly wonderful to see the machine tending to its knitting all the same like an old lady, without dropping a stitch. They wove S. M. McKee's pasture fence at the rate of forty rods a day, but a door yard fence is slower business.

T. O. Bergland reports that he has wheat that is heading out. This is the first of the kind we have noticed.

Mrs. E. Bangs is prepard to give better figures than ever before. This accounts for her large trade this season.

The Swedish chapel opposite the Hotel St. Louis, has been taken down and taken over to Sampson's Addition where it will be rebuilt opposite the residence of Mr. Munch, on Mill street.

J. O. Buhn was down from Mentor to take in the Grand Circus and arrange matters for the Grand celebration at Maple Lake on the 4th. The people of Mentor and vicinity are getting up the biggest kind of a show and J. O. is in speaking for fireworks etc. etc.

At the meeting of the directors of the Merchants' National Bank last week, L. D. Marshall was elected a director and A. D. Stephens, cashier. Mr. S. is too well known in Polk County to need an introduction, having been in business here for many years. He has been a successful business man and accumulated much shekels and will no doubt make an A 1 cashier.

W. C. Kelso, ex-cashier of the Merchants' National Bank, bids farewell to his many friends in this city and leaves for his old home in Iowa in a few days. Mr. Kelso came to this city ten years ago for the first time and has made it his home here a great deal since. His father, Judge Kelso, has been connected with the bank ever since it started.

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made. This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

Last week a couple of hilarious individuals in a buggy got into a row and fell out in the road. The one who was driving hung on to the lines which caused the horse to back and they were in danger of being stepped on. Seeing the danger, a bystander took hold of the bridle and led the horse up a few steps which caused the buggy wheel to run over the face of one of the men, cutting it somewhat.

Owing to continued ill health, Mrs. E. E. Bangs has decided to close out her business and remove to Utah to live. For this reason she offers to dispose of her goods at and below cost. As she intends to close by August first, all who wish to secure a rare bargain should call early as she now has a large and elegant stock to select from. This is no humbug as you can readily ascertain by a call at her store on Second Street.

Speaking with Mr. E. D. Childs about that Duluth News interview which appears elsewhere in this issue, he said that the News did not get his dockage statement strong enough. Where the News makes him complain of two and one-half pounds per bushel dockage being excessive, Mr. Childs added, "and my wheat was all thoroughly cleaned before it was shipped," which makes quite a difference in the significance of the remark.

Arne Higdem was over from Grand Forks last week with a new patent broadcast drill that he has recently invented. From photographs which he showed us we should think the machine would do good work, and the beauty of the thing is, that it broad-casts the seed from one to three inches deep. If it proves practical it will be liable to revolutionize the seeding operations in this Valley. They expect to put out some machines next spring.

Our reporter was misinformed as to who left the lamp in Wyatt's undertaking rooms on the night of the fire. A. C. Schmidt informs us that he did not leave it there as stated, and naturally does not like to have that impression prevail. THE JOURNAL well knows that A. C. is one of the most careful of workmen as well as one of the best, but many a man, fully as careful, leaves a lamp burning in his store over night and thinks nothing of it.

Our report of Wyatt's insurance last week was written $3,000, but an intelligent compositor cut off one figure, dwarfing the amount to $300. Mr. W. informs us that though slightly disfigured he is still in the ring, and will continue to do business as of old and invites all of his old patrons and friends to call and see him whenever they have business in his line. For the present he may be found in the old Jacobus building, on the corner of Broadway and Robert Street.

Bids on the new hotel were opened on Monday and the results cabled to England, where the award will be made. The following named parties submitted bids: Kilroe Bros., Minneapolis, C. E. Joy, Geo. Deeks, Wm. Ulmer, Allen Black, Mr. Creigh and Mr. Singer, of St. Paul, and R. McMillan, & Co., C. E. Wenckler and Porter Steam Heating Co., Minneapolis, Mr. Turner, of Grand Forks, G. F. McDonald, of Winnipeg, W. E. Walker, Chas. Jefferson and J. E. O'Brien, of this city.

Charlie Misner received an express box from Warren on Saturday evening. Being busy at the time, he did not open the box until about 12 o'clock, when he quit work and then he discovered a huge mud turtle cosily ensconsed therein. The first words Mr. Turtle said was to get out of the box and call for a smooth shave and a hair-cut at the alliance shop, then he marched 'round and interviewed things to find out if Charlie had everything in apple-pie order. Finding everything O. K. he curled up in a corner for a snooze. Charlie says he is going to fat him up for an apple pie at the grand opening of the big hotel.

The pop-corn business must be a lucrative calling judging by the fact that another Richmond appeared in the field against Commodore Bailey last week. The ship was anchored one block ahead of the commodore's fleet—fernist the Fournet block on Robert street; but hardly before it had cleared its decks for action the stern arm of the law was stretched forth and gobbled up both institutions, or rather a mandate was issued commanding them to up anchor and sail into more sepuestered quarters—"far from the madding crowd," or thereabouts. The commodore hoisted sail and came to anchor on the lee side of the walk on the corner of Fletcher and Broadway where he has kept the watch fires burning fiercely ever since, quietly nursing his wrath against the time when he can use it to good advantage, while the other craft came to anchor in the shade of the Fortier block, on Broadway.

Work on the new hotel will soon be commenced.

District court adjourned on Saturday until July 18th.

All of the G. A. R. boys are off for Moorhead this week.

Sheriff Grundysen went down to Red River on Sunday returning on Monday.

Andrew Eiken was down to Duluth last week to see Tom Olafson and other friends.

Highest market price paid for wool, snake root, eggs, potatoes and oats at Sture's.

Miss Helen Halvorson left for a brief vacation visit to Duluth and Superior this week. No one will get that pocket book this trip.

Mr. S. Emery, of the Jewell Nursery, Lake City spent Friday in the city, the guest of Frank Haseltine, who showed him all about the city. This was his first visit here and he expressed much pleasure in what he saw. Said he had heard much about Crookston, but finds that it exceeds what he had imagined of it. He says Hasletine has the best nursery in the northwest and complimented Frank highly on its appearance. Mr E. is on his way to Great Falls, Montana.

Miss Minnie McKinnon received a serious injury on Saturday evening last week, which for a time seemed likely to result fatally. She with several others was at the house of a friend across the track and when on their way home they reached Second Street, a freight train blocked the street. In attempting to climb over the coupling between the cars her dress caught and she pitched headlong to the ground receiving a deep cut in the chin and fracturing her chin, and rendering her insensible. She was taken up for dead but recovered shortly sufficiently to be able to be taken home, to the residence of her uncle, John R. McKinnon. She is liable to have a pretty serious time.

F. O. Sustad, agent for the sale of railroad lands, informs our reporter that from Jan. 1st 1891 up to date he has sold 9,000 acres of land, about one-half of it to new settlers and the balance to old residents in 40 and 80 tracts to add to their present holdings and to parties who have worked here for several years and saved up enough to start in farming for themselves. At the rate these lands have been sold it will not be long before all the railroad land in the county will have been sold and become assessable for taxes which will make a vast difference in that industry. Even the quantity sold within the past six months will make an appreciable difference in this particular, and it is that much out of the way of other sales.

The churches on Sunday were rather slimly attended, owing, no doubt to the showers. In the evening Union temperance serevices were held, Rev. R. H. Battey, of the Congregationalist church delivering a strong, practical address. Among other views presented the speaker took the ground of economy as one strong reason for total abstinence and made a very strong argument. His idea of total abstinence might not be wholly endorsed by such prohibitionists who can see no other way to bring about total abstinence than by the strong arm of the law; he said the best way to bring about total abstinence is for every man to abstain from drinking. When one stops to compare the amount of money spent in the liquor traffic in Polk County with that spent for clothing and provisions, it does seem as though the subject was ample food for thought and that there is room for improvement in this particular. The collection taken was for the expenses of the W. C. T. U., the chief item of which is maintenance of the reading room, an institution of much benefit to the city.

J. S. Nichols, one of the prominent farmers of Liberty, gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call on Saturday and we enjoyed a pleasant chat with him. He believes we are going to have a generally good yield and good prices this fall. Speaking of potatoes, he said he thought there should be a law passed compelling all who plant potatoes to fight the bugs. "Why," said he, "I do not find it a difficult matter to get rid of the bugs that appear in my vines, but when one has to fight bugs for the whole neighborhood it is a different matter. I use a sprayer and dose them well with Paris Green and if every one who raises potatoes would do the same the problem would be easily solved. I notice that some will plant three or four times the area that they can well attend to, and beyond going through them once or twice with a cultivator no further attention is paid them, and the natural result is a big crop of bugs and a small crop of potatoes. I sent a carload to Chicago last spring, which sold for $1.50 per bushel netting me $550 for the carload." Mr. N. has rye headed out, a fine crop of wheat coming on and plenty of oats and barley. He will also be prepared if potatoes bring a good price, to make some money in them. Mr. N. is one of those alliance men who does not relax his efforts on the farm while he is trying to cure evils that exsist by political methods. "Work and pray" is his motto and a pretty good one it is.

The dwellers of Polk County have every reason for encouragement and and renewed confidence in our fertile soil and healthy climate. With the prospects of fair crop and good prices which we have, every one should take courage and with re-doubled efforts hope on. Never before in our experience in this country has there been so much cause for rejoicing as this year when everything indicates good prices for wheat, barley, oats, potatoes, hay, cattle, sheep, hogs and in fact everything a farmer has to sell. This will have a tendency to increase the demand for our lands and hence the value of them, to bring in new settlers to share in the burdens of taxation and lessen them, and in many other ways aid in bringing permanent prosperity to our doors. There are other prospects, which we may not mention just now that are fraught with great good to the dwellers of Polk County, and that will play a very important part in developing our resources that will be revealed in the near future by the course of events, which in their fruition will make this country far more prosperous than is that land so far to the west of us that many of our former citizens have sought with a view to bettering their condition. We predict, in the next decade that our farmers will all be well-off and as happy as financial independence can make them. We have never lost our faith in this country and we have never before seen the time when our future seemed so bright and promising.

LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.

A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by

C. H. SAAKE, The Jeweler, - - Crookston, Minn.

JUNE CLOSING SALE

AT

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

Great Closing Sale.

Commencing Next Saturday, June 13th,

All Spring and Summer Goods must be Closed Out by the

4th of July.——4th of July.

Exceptional Bargains can be expected in the following line of goods.

White Goods, Black Wash Goods, Embroideries,
Laces, Spring and Summer Dress Goods,
Wash Dress Fabrics of all kinds, Hosiery and Underwear,
Parasols and Umbrellas, Felt and Straw Hats.
Cloak Jackets and Capes, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths,
Shades, Curtains, Curtaining,

——AND ALL KINDS OF——

House Furnishing Goods.

EVERYTHING MUST GO!

——Out of Town Orders attended to with care.——

Great Closing Sale.

I. O. O. F. BLOCK,
Robert Street.

Gervais, the Hustler.

That was a big rain on Tuesday morning. We seem to be getting plenty of rain this year.

Supt, James, of the Great Northern road came up on Tuesday morning and went out to Fosston.

Try Anton Erickson for a choice smoke. He has any brand of cigars that you can name.

Every body smokes the celebrated "Tansill's Punch," found only at Anton Erickson's.

The jury in the Mehn case, involving title to valuable property in East Grand Forks, disagreed.

J. P. Lunden, of Stephen, passed through the city on Saturday evening, en route for Federal City.

Charlie Jefferson is at work putting a new foundation wall under the north side of the C. O. D. store,

Jos. Simpson has drawn plans for his new farm house. It will be a model of convenience and a neat, trim dwelling.

Cleary & Buckingham will be on the street to buy wheat next fall. We are told that there will be more independent buyers in the field this fall than ever before.

The Grand Forks Plaindealer says 10,000 people witnessed the Ringling Bros. show in Grand Forks. If that is true 20,000 people witnessed it in Crookston.

The Detroit Free Press, by C. C. Knappen, formerly of the Fisher Bulletin, came to our table last week. Knap seems to be getting up an excellent paper.

A corps of surveyors started out over the line of the Rainy Lake & Pacific R. R. on Monday morning. We expect the dirt will fly all along that line in a few days.

A. Sture has rented the remaning room in the opera house building and expects to take possession about July 1st. W. E. Walker will put in the counters and shelving.

Anton Erickson has a large and choice stock of cigars among which you find the famous "Tansill's Punch," with which the shrewd guesser gets a chance at a valuable money prize.

The state Fair will be held from Sept. 7th to 12th inclusive on the fair grounds this year. The management promises to make it the best event of the kind that ever occurred in the State.

On or about July 1st. I shall move my business into the new opera house block and will be ready to greet all of my old customers and as many new ones as will favor me with a call. Come and see me at the new stand. A. STURE.

It is estimated that over 10,000 people came to Crookston on circus day. They came from the east and the west, from the north and the south, from 30 to 50 miles to see the animals and have a good time and we should judge they had it.

Comrade Cleveland was down from Mentor last Thursday. Says he thinks that if Jas. G. Blaine is nominated for president in '92 he will be elected no doubt, as his ideas are well known to be in a harmony with the wishes of the farmers.

One agreeable feature of the Ringling Bros circus was the absence of fakirs, gamblers and sneak thieves. We never saw as quiet and gentlemanly lot of humanty gathered together in one circus before, and we never saw a circus before that gave such general satisfaction.

Tom Harris goes to St. Hilaire tomorrow to move the old Utzinger building. That building has not been moved for about a year now and needs limbering up. It was originally built on Crocker's Additon adjoining Thief River Falls and has been moved about once a year ever since.

Grand Celebration

July 4th,

AT MOE & BUHN'S PLACE

At Maple Lake.

FUN FOR ALL!

Exercises consists of Songs and Music, by the Glee Club. Declaration of Independence, by E. E. Abbott.

Bowery Dance

In afternoon and at night. Exercises at Lake begin immediately after dinner. Music by the Mentor Band.

BASE BALL GAME AT MENTOR IN THE FORENOON.

Grand Display of Fireworks in the Evening.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY!

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer, The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - - BROADWAY.

YOU CAN BUY

AT STURE'S

TO BETTER ADVANTAGE

THAN ELSEWHERE.

TRY IT.

A. STURE.

Polk County Good Enough For Gene.

Eugene Besse, who a few weeks since came up from Benson on his way to Tacoma, writes THE JOURNAL: "Send my copy to Red Lake Falls in the future," which shows that Eugene finds Polk County good enough for him to tie to and that is where Gene's head is level.

CHAMPION MOWERS AND BINDERS.

Moe & Buhn, at Mentor, are prepared to fill all orders for the celebrated Champion Mowers & Binders. [10-13]

Cash Paid,

For Hogs, and meat cured to order at the Crookston Packing House. [9-12]

H. B. Davis, one of Crookston's old-timers came down from Red Lake Falls on circus day and after a pleasant call at THE JOURNAL office his subscripton was one year ahead. H. B. is very hopeful for good crops and good prices this fall which will do much to restore confidence.

Anton Erickson is agent for the famous "Tansill's Punch" cigar, the leader of the five cent cigars. With every five cent cigar you get a guess on the largest day's attendance on the coming World's Fair and the nearest guess gets a $5,000 prize. It is not often you get a chance at a fortune with a five cent smoke.

Some twenty of the members of Col Cobham Post, together with G. A. R. boys from Stephen, Argyle and other points along the line, left for Moorhead on Monday evening to attend the encampment. Some of the comrades whose business engaegments would not admit of their going at that time went down on Tuesday evening.

Comrade O. H. Lucken says he had a grand time at Duluth—had a nice ride on the bay, went on a rail road excursion to Grand Rapids on the D. & W. road and attended a G. A. R re-union where he met our old comrades, A. N. Hopkins and J. O. Milne and enjoyed himself hugely. O. H thinks Duluth a nice city—to vesit.

Guess we will have to own the corn after all, and admit that Hugh Robertson was right about that lettuce patch of his for on Saturday morning he marched in with four or five bunches to lettuce try it. It was large, juicy and crisp but then, ours is of the late kind, planted late and grows late, but with time will no doubt compare favorably with Hugh's. We shall see.

Miss. Helen Halvorson met with quite a loss on Friday evening. She took the Great Northern train for a trip to Duluth and when the conductor came round for tickets she discovered that she had no ticket—nor pocket book, some sneak thief having dextrously relieved her of that incumbrance in the crowd at the depot. She got off the train at Carman and returned. Her loss was nearly or quite $35.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. MORRISEY.

Droping in at Vine's Robert Street meat market on Tuesday our reporter found Charlie McKay seated at the desk busy with the books and quietly singing: "I stood on the bridge at midnight, two moons rose o'er the city when there should have been but one" &c. &c. Inquiring "what bridge" he replied in an absent minded way: "Oh, Id'no! St. Louis bridge, I reckon."

Notwithstanding the crowds in town on Friday the day was remarkably free from accident. A team belonging to Robert Cochrane, but not driven by him, took a notion to have a little fun after the big show was over and started to run along Broadway. The driver was thrown out and bruised somewhat and a boy who was in the wagon climbed out in safety. What became of the team we did not learn.

C. A. Johnson was down from Rockstad on probate business this week. Says crops are looking extra fine up that way this year, standing up high with a fresh green color that denotes a healthy growth. He was negotiating for a hay-fork with which to handle his immense crop of hay, which crop, he says, is univesally large this year. Charlie thinks if farmers can only obtain a good price for their wheat this fall every thing will be all right in this country.

Ladies call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs millinery store on Second Street and examine the bargains she is offering in millinery.

Ringling Bros,' big show captured the town and the people on Friday. The parade was fine, the circus a good one and the price, only 50 cents, was a surprise as everybody had expected to pay a dollar. Over 7000 people crowded the mammoth tent in the afternoon and highly enjoyed the performances. Among the many attractions in the menagerie tent was a lioness and three small cubs only a few days old. Everybody seemed immensely pleased and well paid for their visit to Ringling Bro's. big show.

D. T Herriott was up from Edna on Friday to take in the circus and say good bye to his many friends in the city. He leaves for Carlisle, Pa., in a few days where he will in the future reside and he orders THE JOURNAL to follow him so that he may keep posted on what is going on in Polk County as he does not intend to lose his interest here. Mr. H. has been a resident of this county for several years, coming in the '70's, and he has a deep and abiding faith in its future. He will leave many friends to regret his departure and who will wish him a long and pleasant life.

Just as Judge C. O. Christianson was about to hand his pasteboards to the circus fakir to obtain an entrance into the presence of the animals at the show-grounds on Friday afternoon, a heavy hand was laid upon his shoulder and a deep sepulchral voice said in tragic tones: "You are my prisoner, I am required to conduct you at once to the court house then and there to show cause why, &c. &c. "Gazing upon his interlocutor, the Judge saw at once that resistance was useless and so he ambled along as meek as one of those little ponies that you saw in the parade. Upon reaching the court house he was confronted by Gilbert O. Strommoen and Carrie Olsen and in just about 8 seconds less than a York minute, Gilbert was ready to go to the circus with his wife, who up till that time had been Miss. Carrie Olsen. The Judge accompanied them on that bridal tour and seemed to enjoy the show immensely.

Band Program.

Hereafter, the Queen City Band will give a concert on Friday evening of each week on one of the principal business corners. To-morrow evening the concert will be given at the corner of Main and Fletcher Sts., with the follow program:

1. March, Commercial Travellers, by R. Williams.
2. Polanaise, Happy Youth, by Swan.
3. Overture, Rip VanWinkle, by E. Brooks.
4. Waltzs Schatz, by Strass.
5. Gavotte, The Rivolet, by T. P. Brook.
6. March, High School Cadets, by Soura

Sewing-Girl Wanted.

Miss. Minnie Bailey wants to engage the services of a good sewing-girl. None other need apply.

OUR COUNTY DADS.

And What They Did.

In Special Meeting, June 10th.

Petition of Nicholas Englis, asking that the sw¼ Sec. 30, T. 152, R. 46, Belgium, be detached from school district No. 179 and be added to school district No. 47, in Euclid, was granted.

In the school petition of A. Anderson, J. O. Sargeant and others, the hearing was set for next regular meeting.

The school petition of Gilbert Abrahamson was rejected.

School district No. 204 was dissolved and the territory thereof attached to districts No. 102 and 88. Hearing in the school petition of Geo. Shank and others set for next meeting. Petition of R. H. Walker and others that sections 4, 5 and 6, in Tp. 151, be attached to district No. 193 for school and taxable purposes, granted. Taxes of Mary L. Hamel, granted. The Treasurer was authorized to receive taxes from McKinnon Bros. on lots 7 to 13, blk. 6, less penalty, when sewer tax on said lots is adjusted.

Personal tax of W. L. Palmer abated by reason of error in assessment.

Petition of John Hutchins and others relating to a division of Grand Forks township, granted.

Road petition of Gendrow and others submitted with evidence of proper service of notice, and a committee consisting of DeMers, Kirsch and Rhinehart appointed to meet in Gentilly on June 30th, at 1 o'clock, to consider the matter.

Delinquent personal tax matters occupied much time and the attorney was instructed to bring action in several cases.

Road petition of W. G. Hunt and others presented, and the road described was declared to be a legal highway and ordered recorded as such. The sum of $150 was appropriated to the town of Terrebonne for ditching and grading a road on a petition signed by Ovide Moreau and others. The sum of $310 was appropriated for use on the McIntosh and Woodside road. The sum of $50 was appropriated for use on the Euclid and Crookston road, and $50 to be used on road in town of Knute. Road petition from town of Badger was referred to Johnson.

Application for correction of assessment and abatement of taxes of Chas. E. Sawyer and Chas. Kruger, allowed.

BILLS ALLOWED.

Henry Nolan, building bridge on the Crookston and Maple Lake road	$125 00
Louis Huot, carpenter work on county ferry boat	48 00
Red River Lumber Co., lumber for ferry boat, by Louis Huot	18 85
J. E. O'Brien, material for ferry boat, by Louis Huot	40 15
W. E. McKenzie, postal cards and printing	26 55
J. E. O'Brien & Co., hardware	1 00
Soren Peterson, witness fees	3 40
C. O. Christianson, drawing jurors	8 00
E. D. Barness, constable fees	8 10
John Dwyer, sheriff fees	4 15
Henry G. Mitchell, justice fees	3 21
A. Johnson, building bridge	50 00
Fontaine & Anglim, merchandise	13 80
Anderson & Ringdal, paper and pencils	1 75
Christianson Bros., insurance on jail	20 00
John W. Ford, soap for jail	5 89
Michael O'Reilly, constable fees	75
John Locken, stamps and stationery	7 00
John Locken, recording town treasurer bonds and Mtg. descriptions to assessors	68 10
Michael O'Reilly constable service	6 45
W. E. McKenzie, blanks, stationery and commissioners's proceedings	135 85
P. Bodine, commissioners proceedings	6 21
C. U. Webster, postage and express	4 40
Amel Johnson, constable fees	2 95
W. Marin, repairing court house fence	1 25
W. C. Burdick, constable fees	2 00
Louis Pigeon, road work in Poplar River Township	80 00
Pioneer Press, tax blanks	16 00
Ely Cote, work on county bridge, Red Lake Falls	13 56
T. G. Thompson, jury fees	1 00
Andy Locken, jury fees	1 00
A. A. Miller, attorney fee and expense	55 20
A. R. Holston, cash paid for transcript of evidence of State vs. LaCount	15 00
Arny Grundysen, sheriff's fees	60 20
" " summoning petit jury	51 25
" " sheriff fees	5 20
" " " "	46 10
" " " "	9 73
" " " "	13 80
" " summoning grand jurors	43 13
" " sheriff fees uncollected tax warrants	437 65
C. S. Spendley, justice fees	3 60
Geo. D. Barnard & Co., record book	12 10
Dr. A. A. Just, post mortem examination	6 00
H. A. McClatchie, hardware for Red Lake Falls bridge	5 38
C. O. Christianson, justice fees	1 00
Commercial Hotel, meals for jurors	6 50
O. Berthiaume, jury fees	1 00
Ole P. Love, witness fees	9 08
C. P. Demers, commissioners services	22 50
M. E. Kirsch, " "	37 40
J. P. Johnson, " "	20 50
Arny Grundysen, boarding prisoners	151 40
A. C. Rhinehart	14 60
C. H. Denniston, medical attendance on prisoners	4 00
E. Asselin, jury fee	1 00
W. T. Vandermark, taking down storm windows	1 75
John Vig, justice fee	8 05
Isaac L. Vestrem, constable fees	13 00

The following bills were rejected:

Michael O'Reilly, summoning jury in 1890. Bill having heretofore been paid to Sheriff	9 15
J. C. Johnson, taking care of pauper	50 90
Martin Bandkley, not a county charge	1 26
C. Mattson, not a county charge	11 00
O. P. Oefstos, " "	9 00
M. Bergsveen, " "	12 00
F. O. Johnson, " "	3 00
Hugh Mathison, " "	2 21
K. C. Norsving, rejected "	1 12
W. G. Hunt, " "	3 85
John Halverson, " "	1 12

(Communicated)

TERREBONNE, June 16, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL:—In your issue of June 11th, inst., there is an article headed "Stillwater Twine," in which it is said; "The Washington County Farmers' Alliance met at the Court House to discuss the matter of purchasing binding twine. Letters have been received by the Secretary from an eastern firm who offer to sell their twine at five cents per pound delivered on board cars at Chicago. The farmers take this as a blow at the factory here, and think it is the work of the binding twine trust, which is doing all in its power to break up the factory now operated by the State. One thing is certain, the establishment of a factory has caused an unusual stir and a cut in prices, which has resulted beneficially to the farmers throughout the state." It may be that the binding twine trust is trying to break up the factory at Stillwater; In that there should be no wonder, and it is also probable that the factory is helping to lower down the price of binding twine, but I am not of their opinion in giving all the credit to the factory or to the alliance, as they do. They say "Standard Manilla twine, which was quoted last year at 16 cents per pound, is now offered at 9¼ cents. The value of the factory here can thus be estimated." Well, I do not, with them, estimate the value of the factory for all that. I do, also, estimate the value of the reduction which the McKinley bill has made on the material with which to make binding twine, which cannot but help lowering down the prices of binding twine. My motto is "Give to Ceasar what belongs to Ceasar, and to the Alliance what belongs to the Alliance," but not all to the alliance, as they claim. I believe there is a great deal of good in the Alliance, but there is also a great deal of good in the other parties. I am willing to give the Alliance credit for what it does, but at the same time I like to give credit to the others for what they are doing; for in spite of the factory or the Alliance, if the McKinley bill had made no reduction on the material for making binding twine, it should not be offered at so low a price as it is now offered.

J. L. COSSETTE.

Northern Pacific Conference.

This is the name of the district organization of Congregationalists that held its annual conference at Ada last week. One could see by the movement of affairs at the Ada meeting that this body of ministers and churches is a pretty wideawake affair. Its territory is the whole north end of Minnesota; Stephen, Crookston, Wadena, Duluth and intervening localities being in its territory. A fair representation of the numerous churches of the denomination in this region was present. Rev. Mr. Wallar, of Detroit, was moderator. He also read a stirring paper on "Inter-Denominational Comity," setting forth the broad humanity-loving spirit of Christianity and Congregationalism.

State Superintendent, Rev. J. H. Morely, gave a patriotic, rousing address on religious work in Minnesota, on Tuesday. On Wednesday there were four thoughtful addresses—one on the Bible and its Study, and another on the Coming Sunday School, both by the talented Geo. R. Merrill, pastor of the 1st Congregational church in Minneapolis. State S. S. Superintendent, R. P. Herrick, of Minneapolis, addressed the conference on the Progress of Sunday School Missionary Work in Minnesota. Rev. R. H. Battey, of our city, gave an address on Wednesday evening to a crowded house, his subject being "The Young People." The conference besides expressing itself intelligently upon a variety of subjects, closed by a strong vote favoring the progress of the temperance reform and against opening the Columbian Fair on Sunday. The next year's meeting will be held at Detroit, Minn.

A FARMER TALKS.

E. D. Childs of Polk County Reviews the Investigating Committee's Work,

Duluth News.

Alexander McMinnon, mayor of Crookston, and E. D. Childs, a prominent farmer of Polk county, arrived in this city Thursday morning. The former is a prominent Democrat, and was a candidate for state senator at the last election. He was defeated, however, by the Alliance candidate, who polled a large majority over both the old party candidates. "I had one satisfaction," said he to a News reporter Thursday night, "I got more votes than my Republican opponent." Mr. Childs is one of the director of the Duluth & Winnipeg road. Speaking of the crops, he said that his wheat never looked finer than it does this year. It is green and thick and looks like a velvet carpet. "I am not over estimating the prospects," said he, when I predict that the four counties of Polk, Marshall, Kittson and Norman will harvest at least 15,000,000 bushels this fall. Yes, indeed, the outlook is very encouraging."

Mr. Childs, in common with Senator James Hill of Wisconsin, owns about 9,000 acres of land close to the city of Crookston. He is one of the pioneers of the Red River Valley. Thinking that he might have something interesting to say in relation to the investigations of wheat handling at public elevators now going on, the reporter broached the subject. Nor was he disappointed for Mr. Childs was loaded with some very spicy opinions on the subject. "I don't lay so much stress," said he, "upon the testimony of discharged employes like Ario, Lynch and the others; but what strikes the average farmer in our neighborhood as the most damaging evidence of crookedness is the fact that Shely testified that he allowed 2,000,000 bushels of wheat to be shipped out without inspection, simply because he was told by the elevator people that some of it was damaged. Now, the average farmer cannot be made to believe that so great an amount as that could be damaged in one elevator. The storage bins are all small, and 2,000,000 bushels would take up considerable room. The testimony alone convinces them that dishonesty exists somewhere. Think of it. He took the say-so of an elevator man for fact! It is an admission of unpardonable irregularity and carelessness. There is another which the farmers don't like, and I am free to admit that it will be made an issue in the next campaign: That is the unusual interest the state railroad and warehouse comissioners are taking in this investigation. Instead of being neutral, as they should be, they have sent Clausen to the committee room to look after the interests of the state inspection department. They are not on trial. The legislature appointed this committee to investigate the elevators. Now if the state inspectors are honest and have nothing to hide, why does Clausen hang around and cross-examine and insult witnesses? I am friendly to Mr. Severance, but I am inclined to think that he is making a sad mistake. The farmers think that the railroad and warehouse commissioners are trying to whitewash the whole business, and and as we are certain to get two reports from the committee, one exonerating everybody and the other the reverse, the Alliance will raise this as an issue and will win on it." Mr. Childs said his chief complaint against the public elevators was that the dockage on his wheat had been continually growing greater, until it reached in some cases 2½ pounds per bushel.

To Whom It May Concern.

WHEREAS, my wife, Mary Zeidlick has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation I hereby forbid all persons to harbor or trust her on my account as I shall pay no bills of her contracting after this day and date.

[8-10] FRANK ZEIDLICK,
Tabor, Polk Co. Minn, June 5th, 1891.

LOST.

On Sunday June 7th one dark brown broncho, with light red nose, no white hairs on animal. Has hard bunch on tail and brand mark on left shoulder. A suitable reward will be paid for his recovery by E. B. Bruly, Gentilly, Minn., or leave word at THE JOURNAL office.

[9-11]

ST. JOHN'S DAY.

The celebration of St. John's Day, notwithstanding the threatening weather, was a very pleasant affair. THE JOURNAL goes to press too soon for an extensive write up. The parade began to form at 10:30 but it was 11 o'clock before it commenced to march in the following order:

Platoon of police; Col. Cobham Post G. A. R.; Mayor and Council in carraiges; carriage containing the little St. John; Juvenile Fire Department; Crookston Fire Department; The Great Northern Railroad represented by 42 employes; The Northern Pacific R. R., represented by its employes, mounted D. L. Lusian furniture; Fontaine & Anglim dry goods and groceries; Christianson Bros. real estate and insurance; N. S. Gervais, the Hustler Dry Goods; J. E. O'Brien Hardware and tinware; Mossefin & Lindell Merchant tailors; C. H. Saske Jewelry: a float containing a farming scene—sheep and calves and men at work at the fanning mill; a float containing an old fashioned canoe on its way down the Red Lake River with the voyaguers singing an old fashioned boating song; citizens in carriages. The exercises at the grounds were highly enjoyed by all and the affaiar was pronounced a great success.

EUCLID ITEMS.

We had a fine rainfall of two inches early Monday morning, June 15th, and all the farmers are happy.

The grader was started up a mile west of town on Tuesday, but work was suspended on account of the ground being too wet.

A deer was seen near this place on Tuesday which was something of a curiosity. It had a tail fully two feet long.

E. Murney, our blacksmith, is rushed with work this week. He cannot keep up with the orders.

Quite a string of emigrants went through town on Wednesday, going north.

The Minneapolis & Northern elevator men shipped four carloads of wheat on Wednesday.

On Tuesday, Mr. Kelley's colts got into Mr. O. Anderson's grain and did some damage, and on Wednesday Mr. Anderson caught one of Mr. Kelley's horses on the G. N. right of way, and winding the halter strap around his arm and taking a stone in one hand and a club in the other he started toward the pound. Before he reached his destination he was met by Michael Kelley, Jr., who was around with a pick handle. Things were just getting in a critical condition when Ole Anderson, Jr. appeared upon the scene and held the horse while the other two fought. Just then Thomas Kelley came up and while Ole Anderson's attention was with occupied the pugilists he let the horse loose and it galloped home, and then the two boys got to slugging. H. C. Misner saw the fight and parted them. It is feared it will end in a lawsuit.

Ringling Bros. hippodrome races had quite an effect on the Euclidites, working them up to such a pitch of excitement that they ran horses all the way home.

Had a delightful rain on Sunday morning.

The young lady who borrowed a revolver to shoot cats some time ago is now convalescent.

F. W. DAVIS.

DO YOU KNOW?

That D. L. Lusian carries a large and complete assortment of furniture of every description that he is selling at way down figures? It will pay you to call and see his stock and get prices before you purchase.

CARMAN SCHOOL.

The following are the names of pupils promoted to higher grades in the Carman Graded School:

FIRST GRADE A.

Fred McGregor and Emily Brunner.

SECOND GRADE B.

Sarah Simpson, Rose Bates, Amy Banks, Cora Banks, Emma Osby.

SECOND GRADE C.

Jennie McLaren, Elva Bates, Lottie Stone, Lorne Wilde, Hutche Stewart, Willie McLaren, Archie Marlette, Wilfred Laframboise, Angeline Laframboise and Bessie Brengman.

In the Primary Room, of which Alice M. Childs has charge, the following pupils were promoted:

FIRST GRADE E.

Harry Coe, Jessie McLaren, Walter Brengman, Bennie Stewart, Fred Bougie, Albert Emond, Ruth Childs.

SECOND GRADE E.

Katie McLorinan, Alma Supernault, Samuel Bougie, Maria Avelsgaard.

FIRST GRADE D.

Grace McLaren, Susie Brangman.

SECOND GRADE D.

Clarance Coe.

FIRST GRADE C.

Ralph Childs, Flossie Stewart.

THOMAS CASEY,
Principal.

Bridge Notice.

The supervisors of the town of Gentilly Minn., will receive sealed bids for the building of a bridge across the Gentilly Creek according to the plans and specifications on file in the town clerks office at said town. All bids must be filed on or before the 2nd day of July A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock P. M. The supervisors reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated at Gentilly Minn., this 23rd day of of June A. D. 1891.

H. T. GONDRON,
Clerk.

BINDING TWINE.

Report of the Committee on Binding Twine appointed by the Executive Committee of the Minnesota State Farmers' Alliance.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 23, 1891.

To the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance:

GENTLEMEN:—We beg leave to report in relation to Binder twine that after examining samples and prices furnished by several of the principal Cordage Companies, we find that the twine handled by our Alliance Business Agency, at 673 Wabasha St. Paul, Minn., is the most satisfactory of anything in the market, prices and quality considered, and we trust our members will place their orders for twine with them.

Respectfully submitted,
O. F. BOHALL.
H. V. POOR.
[8-tf] THOS. J. MEIGHEN.

Fourth of July Excursion Tickets.

Good for a distance of 300 miles from any station on the Great Northern Railway, sold on July 3d and 4th, good to return until the 5th.

[10-11] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

Taken Up.

Came on my premises on Sunday June 14th one deep red cow. Owner can recover by proving property and paying expenses. C. D. BAILEY.

[9-11]

Lost Sheep.

Came on my premises about June 10th, five sheep. Supposed to belong to a camper who was on his way to St. Hilaire. Owner can recover by calling on Frank Bivins. St. Hilair Spectator please copy.

TAKEN UP.

In my garden on Thursday June 11th two small pigs three or four months old. Owner can recover the same by calling on the undersigned, proving property and paying expenses.

[9-15] R. LEHMANN.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r. **D. E. HATLESTAD,** District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a choice to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW

Spring Styles

LADIES,

Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.

DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN

NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

IN

General Merchandise!

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

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Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal,

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

[First publication June 25th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 23d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Gould Johnson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto C. A. Johnson, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance at the Probate office in Crookston, on Tuesday, the 31st day of December, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891.

By the court: C. M. BENSON,
[10-12] Judge of Probate.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

DENTISTRY.

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

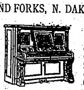
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS



WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank,

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE,

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. JOHN DALLUM, Manager.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, June 25, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:53 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
9:20 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m....................Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m....................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m....................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South............ 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba...................... 8:15 a. m.

Irresponsible Wealth.

From Stock and Home.

Great combinations of capital are organized to enhance unreasonably the price of various necessaries of life, and to extinguish that fair competition in their production which is the safeguard against monopoly and extortion. A burdensome tax is thus laid upon all who have their living to earn, in order to swell unduly the profits of concerns already plethoric with wealth. And when courts of justice interfere against these conspiracies and declare them illegal, fresh devices are resorted to in order to evade the law and to continue the plunder of the public.

In the financial centers, also, there are going on, all the while, fraudulent schemes which impoverish those whose small investments are the fruit of their industry and the provision for their families, to the enrichment of men who through large wealth are able to control transactions. The surplus that in ordinary employments is slowly accumulated, rarely large enough to be called wealthy, must be invested somewhere and somehow, in order to produce any return. Its disposition is anxiously and carefully made, in thousands of instances, in apparently trustworthy securities, and upon such light as can be obtained, in the hope that from 4 to 6 per cent per annum may fairly be realized with safety to the principal. But the control of the corporation to which these securities belong acquired by great operators, often through adroit manipulation, not with a view to the honest discharge of the fiduciary relation thus assumed, nor for the protection of the property of others thus intrusted to their charge, but for the purpose of enriching themselves at the expense of their trust. Gradually, by one scheme and another, and by various expedients of managements and mismanagement, the property of the corporation is absorbed or turned into indebtedness. The stockholders are plundered, while the wealth of the managers rises into the millions. This is no fancy picture or casual instance. It is a regular course of business, of which the examples are not far to seek. It is true that many corporations are most uprightly and honorably conducted. Malversation is the exception, not the rule. But the exceptions are so numerous as to have become a great and flagrant evil.

These methods of what is called business prey upon individuals. There is a much greater iniquity of wealth which attacks the general public, and even threatens the national life. It is the employment of vast sums of money for the purchase of high places of political trust and the control of the results of important elections. Places that should be of the highest dignity, as they certainly are of the largest influence, are pretty well known to be obtained by direct bribery of the electors in whose gift they are. Posts of much distinction are more than suspected to be the consideration of enormous contributions to electioneering funds. Great sums are generally believed to be raised to carry elections by those who are accumulating excessive fortunes through a system of revenue which not only casts the burden of taxation upon the industry of the country, instead of its property, but, far beyond the legitimate requirements of government, burdens the many for the benefit of the few. And these sums, which could not possibly be requisite for any proper election expenses, are well understood to be employed in the direct purchase of votes in the market, to a decisive extent.—E. J. Phelps in N. A. Review.

Sockless Simpson Changing His Mind.

From the New York Post.

Congressman Jerry Simpson has returned to Washington after travelling over the Eastern and Middle states, and his conversation bears evidence that his mind is working in several important directions. He gives unmistakable evidence of having discovered that many of the economic ideas with which he was posessed when he was elected to congress in Kansas will not stand examination, for he is dropping them one by one from his list of "views." For example, he says little or nothing any more about free coinage of silver being a good thing for the people since it would put more change into the farmers' pocket. His inability to give a definite answer to the question of how the money was to be got into the pocket without earning it or buying it with products has made him pause on that subject for a time at least. He talks freely about the tariff, however, says he discovered in New England that the people there are rapidly becoming free-traders, and predicts that the manufactures will discover that protection is as much a mistake as slavery was for the South, and that protection will have to be uprooted as slavery was, by bold, radical action, not little by little.

Demmocrats and the Alliance.

Cleveland Leader.

Nothing is plainer than the democratic managers of Ohio are trying to make the Farmers' alliance subservient to their party. The scheme is hardly disguised enough to conceal it from the most superficial observe. Without doubt many alliance men are sincere in their movement for a new party, but they will find in the end that their organization is being worked in the interest of the democracy. The Democrat press will openly champion their cause, and democrats in the alliance will zealously advocate the third party, but in the end they will vote the democratic ticket. Their sole aim is to draw republicans into their ranks to defeat Major McKinley for governor. "He is the very man we are organizing against," says the democratic paper of Canton. Does this correctly represent the opinions of the farmers of Stark county? Are they willing to be made the catspaw of the Ohio Democracy? We think not. The farmers are much more intelligent than their petty scheming leaders who are seeking to use them solely in the interest of a few corrupt politicians who are at the head of the Ohio Democracy.

For Sale or to Rent.

My farm on Maple Lake, situated one-half mile from railroad. The right party can coin money. If not sold soon will rent. For further particulars address.

MINOR ROOD, Mentor, Minn

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 18th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, CORNELIUS ANDERSON AND Kjerste Anderson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1883, duly execute and deliver to James John Fulton, of Edinburgh, Scotland, their mortgage bearing date of August 25th, A. D. 1883, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one (1) and two (2) of Section 30, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 161 21-100 acres to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1883, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 148; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 07-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said James John Fulton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred fifty-three and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 13th, A. D. 1891.

JAMES JOHN FULTON,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[9-15]

Mortgage Sale.

(First Publication June 18th. 1891.)

WHEREAS OLE PEDERSON AND CAREN Pederson, his wife, of Polk County State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of July 17th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit:

The North half of Southeast quarter, and South half of Northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160, acres to secure the payment of the sum of Five hundred and Fifty Dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said Mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July A. D. 1886, at three o'clock P. M. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 211; and,

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the sum of Thirty-eight and 50-100, Dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January A. D. 1891 and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

WHEREAS It was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

WHEREAS, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

WHEREAS, There is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Six-hundred seven and 21-100 Dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in said County and State on the 8th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the fore-noon of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
JOHN CROMB, Mortgagee.
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication June 18th 1891.)

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Seven hundred twenty-seven and 27-100 ($727.27) Dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Frank Kovar and Mary Kovar, his wife, Mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of June 1886, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of June 1886, at Four o'clock P. M., in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 161, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The East half of the North-west quarter and Lots (1) and (2) Section Eighteen (18) Township One-hundred and fifty-three (153) Range Forty-eight, (48) west in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 8th day of August 1891 at 10 o'clock A. M of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seven hundred twenty-seven and 27-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
JOHN CROMB, Mortgagee.
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of two hundred and forty-six dollars ($246.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by David R. McGinnis to P. C. Sletten and John Cromb, of Polk County, Minnesota, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1882, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1882, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book "H" of mortgages, on page 453.

And whereas P. C. Sletten, one of the mortgagees named in said mortgage, died, testate, at Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, on the 5th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And whereas the last will and testament of the said P. C. Sletten was proved and admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And, whereas, by the terms of said will Kari Sletten, the wife of the said P. C. Sletten, was made the sole legatee and devisee of all the real and personal property of which he died seized aforesaid.

And, whereas, the Probate Court of said Polk County issued its final decree in the estate of P. C. Sletten, deceased, dated Aug. 6, 1887, by the terms of which the said Kari Sletten was decreed to have an undivided half interest in the above described mortgage, which said decree was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, on the 11th day of May, 1888, at 1:30 p. m., in book 29 of deeds, on pages 574 to 578 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block six (6), in Cromb and Sletten's subdivision of outlots in Hurlbut's addition to Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
KARI SLETTEN,
Legatee and Devisee of P. C. Sletten, deceased, Mortgagees

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees.
Crookston, Minn.
[6-12]

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

(First publication June 4th, 1891.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Olaus H. Lucken, as executors of the last will and testament of Paul C. Sletten, deceased, plaintiffs, against Henry Watts Blake, Jane Blake and Henry Watts, Sr., defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 21st day of May, 1891, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the twentieth day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in block seven (7), in Cromb & Sletten's subdivision of Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 1st, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

JOHN CROMB,
Plaintiffs Attorney. [7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

(First publication June 4th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nettie F. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:40 o'clock, a. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 60-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

MONDAY, the 20th DAY OF JULY,

A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meredian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 15th, A. D. 1891.

JOHNSTON WAGNER,
Mortgagee.

W. B. DOUGLAS, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Moorhead, Minn.
[6-13]

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

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Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

☞Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.☜

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

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CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
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THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
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For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 14th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Ida Marcotte and Francois Marcotte, her husband, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of April, A. D. 1889, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 625-28.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39 that became due November 1st, 1889, $39 that became due May 1st, 1890, $39 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $39 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty-five cents. ($1,129.65), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-two, (22), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-two (42) west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, JUNE 29TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton.
Attorney for Mortgagee. [4-10] [N. G. 63]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication June 4th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, KNUDT H. BERG AND Aguette Berg, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1885, duly execute and deliver to Horace Alling, of the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, their mortgage bearing date of November 4th, A. D. 1885, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee, the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Southwest quarter (sw¼) Section 21, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1885, at 1:50 p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 169; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 57-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Horace Alling has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 57-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue of the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1891.

HORACE ALLING, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rhesa Godfrey, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 415-18.

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due June 13th, 1889, December 13th, 1889, June 13th, 1890, and December 13th, 1890, each of said installments being for $21.59, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Eight hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-eight cents. ($830.78), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter (w½ sw¼) of Section seventeen, (17), and west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section twenty, (20), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four, (44), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton.
Attorney for Mortgagee. [6-12] [N. G. 67]

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Min

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

First publication May 21st, 1891.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Kindler and Minnie Kindler, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 36 of mortgages, on pages 2[illegible]-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due December 29th, 1888, June 29th, 1889, December 29th, 1889, June 29th, 1890, and December 29th, 1890, each of said installments being for $24. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents, ($973.10) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty-six, (26), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing 160 acres. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton.
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 64]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication June 11th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE sum of two hundred forty-seven and 39-100 dollars, ($247.39) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Hunter and Lizzie A. Hunter, his wife, to John Cromb, bearing date the 22d day of April, A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the first day of May, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book "I" of mortgages, on page 217, and in addition thereto the further sum of sixty-four and 93-100 dollars taxes duly assessed and levied against said premises described and conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of northwest quarter Section fourteen (14), Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes as above on said premises, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 5th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[8-14]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 59.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $39.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $39.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.89 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-one (41) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65]

(First publication, May 21st, 1891.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Kari Sletten, plaintiffs, vs. Alexander A'lardyce and Mary Genrue, defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 14th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
Crookston, Minn.
[5-11]

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy: $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pilland Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 14th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, OLE O. BRADSAT, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York, State of New York, his mortgage, bearing date of September 3d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 14, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 456; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of seventeen and 50-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred seventy-four and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[4-10]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 14th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, GULBRAN A. HOUGEN AND Maria Hougen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Caroline L. Brine, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of June 24th, A. D. 1889, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 11, Township 149, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1889, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 412; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fourteen and 75-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of twenty eight dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline L. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred fifty-four and 76-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE L. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[4-10]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 14th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, JOHANNES E. BEIM, AN UNmarried man, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, duly execute and deliver to Mary D. Brine, of the County of New York State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of August 22d, A. D. 1889, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one, (1), and two, (2) of Section 19, Township 147, Range 41 west, containing 162 61-100 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1889, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 441; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-eight dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary D. Brine has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred thirty-eight and 56-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 7th, A. D. 1891.

MARY D. BRINE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[4-10]

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., May 19th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on June 29th, 1891, viz: EMI FOUNTAINE, Hd. No. 11,725, for the sw¼ Sec. 31, Tp. 149, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Rivard, Crookston, Minn., Carris Ayotte, Julian Sauve, of Gentilly, Minn., Eustach Blanchard, of Carman, Minn.

[5-10] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	25 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
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4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

ISSUES OF THE DAY.

Permanency of Agricultural Production.

C. Wood Davis, in American Agriculturist.

The April report of the Department of Agriculture contains a remarkable essay by the Statistician of the Department under the above title, which is epitomized in the June number of the American Agriculturist. The essay is as remarkable for its omissions as for its contents, as well as for the fact that it contains nothing relating to the subject indicated in its title. It is simply an attempt to demolish hypothetical disciples of Malthus who are engaged in the reprehensible business of giving farmers encouragment by showing that the world is about entering upon an era when consumption will overtake production, and possibly get a lead in the race,—to result in satisfactory prices for all the products of the farm.

It is not the purpose of the writer to review the essay as a whole, as space does not permit, but to show how unwarranted are some of the assertions and conclusions when viewed in the light of well established facts. This will be done by an examination of the world's production of breadstuffs and by showing that the essayist has overstated the average product of Europe by counting Turkey as well as its dependencies twice.

A vitally fatal mistake of the essayist is that he ignores the fact that for ten years there has been practically no increase in the world's wheat area and but little increase of product. It is true that the acreage shows an increase of some 3,275,000 acres, but this has been in such areas as give a very low average yield. Yet there has been a decrease of 600,000 acres in Britain, where the average is nearly thirty bushels per acre. The result is that the net increase of productive power is equal to but 15,000,000 bushels, or the product of about 1,250,000 average acres. Facts of this character are ignored, although they are of such vital importance in determining the productive power of the wheat fields of the world. Admitting, for the moment, the Statistician's contention that the Russian fields must have increased, what is the significance? The Russian average yield is about seven and a half bushels per acre, and for each acre that the wheat fields of Britain are reduced at least four acres must be added in Russia to keep up the yield. During the entire decade such reductions as have occurred have been where the yield has been greatest, while the additions have been in the areas of lightest yield.

A second fatal error is the ignoring of the fact that in the ninth decade the bread-eating populations have increased by more than 60,000,000, or 15 per cent, as against an increase in the wheat acreage (any part of the product of which finds its way into the channels of commerce) of but 2.8 per cent; while, as has just been shown, the productive power has increased less than two per cent owing to the reduction of the productive area of Britain as against an increase in less productive regions.

A third and quite as fatal an error is the complete ignoring of the diminishing supply of rye, while four-fifths of the bread-eaters of the world live in Europe where forty-seven per cent of the bread consumed is made from rye. The production of rye has not only declined relatively, but has actually diminished during the past twenty years, if acreage is any criterion. Meanwhile the ratio of rye to population shows a remarkable diminution, as in 1870 the proportion of rye to wheat consumed in Europe was 52 to 48, whereas now it is but 47 to 53.

So great has been the increase in the population of Europe that the yearly quota of rye, for each unit of the population, has diminished from 4.2 bushels to 3.4, such decrease being eight-tenths of a bushel. This multiplied by the present population would give a deficit of some 296,000,000 bushels. For this great deficiency wheat or other food must be substituted. The extent to which wheat has taken the place of the lacking rye accounts for the absorption of the vast volume of wheat produced in excess of ordinary requirements from the middle of the eighth to near the close of the ninth decade. During this time little or no heed was given to the scarcity presaged by the diminishing rye fields, as there was no pinch, but when the supplies of a population, so great as that of Europe, falls in the rear of augmenting numbers at such a rate that the yearly bread ration—counting half the European ration as rye—is diminished 10 per cent, the pinch will assuredly be felt just as soon as the article substituted also becomes relatively scarce. Such is now the case with wheat, owing to the clearly established fact that for ten years the wheat fields and the bread-eaters have increased in the ratio of one to six and a half. When we consider both the wheat and the rye fields the divergence is such that the ratio is as one to ten.

In dealing with this question it has been customary in this country and England to pay no attention to the rye fields; probably from the fact that neither people are eaters of rye. Now the rye fields are just as important factors as are those of wheat and the official who ignores so important an element of the problem is hardly warranted in making such sweeping assertions as those which characterize the essay.

THE SUPPLY OF OTHER FOODS.

For more than a year the writer has been engaged in gathering official data as to the acreage in potatoes, and each kind of grain, at the close of the seventh, eighth and ninth decades, in every grain-growing country of the temperate zones where an effort has been made to collect such data. He has so succeeded that he has been able to complete a tabulation showing the acreage in such crops at the times named. It is doubtless the first tabulation attempted, taking in the whole grain-growing areas of the world.

From these tables we learn that in twenty years the European area, in all kinds of grain and potatoes, has increased 4,662,000 acres, being 1.26 per cent. The area of the world, in such staples—exclusive of the United States—has increased 14,473,000 acres, being 4.1 per cent, as against an increase in the bread-eating population of 23.1 per cent. Including the United States the increase, in the area devoted to grain and potatoes, has been 100,793,000 acres or 20.5 per cent. In other words the consumers have increased one-third faster than the great food staples.

Of the increase of 100,793,000 acres, no less than 82,134,000, or seventy-six per cent, must be credited to the United States. As our additions of new acreage are now less than half what is required to meet home needs, we can no longer increase our contribution to the wants of Europe, but must curtail them in the same measure in which new acreage fails to meet home requirements. Hence it looks as though a period of scarcity was not far off. This appears the more probable when we remember that the per capita acreage of wheat and rye, for the bread-eaters of the world, is now one-tenth less than twenty years since, and that the pinch would long since have been felt but for the great reserves resulting from the excessive increase of acreage during the eighth decade and the development of Indian exports.

ANOTHER FALLACY.

The Departmental essayist says; "Another fallacy relative to cereal production is that it is perceptibly declining in Europe." He then tabulates five years' production of one cereal (wheat) to show that there has been no such decline. The curious part of this table (and another purporting to show the world's production) is that he includes Turkey in the table, and then goes on to say: "It should be remembered, however, that Poland, Finland, European Turkey, Bulgaria, Roumelia, and certain principalities having an area of more than 320,000 square miles are not included." The same statement is made in relation to these countries being excluded from the table of the world's production, with the absence of any mention of the "certain principalities;" although in the table Turkey and its dependencies are explicitly included and every school boy knows that Bulgaria and Roumelia are Turkish dependencies, as does every tyro in statistics that the estimate of 37,000,000 bushels, which he credits to Turkey, includes the product of both Bulgaria and Roumelia and is, at best, but a commercial estimate that was current even before these provinces had a separate autonomy.

Can there be any value to statistics that twice include the same area and product and speak of "certain principalities," when the entire continent has been included by name except Montenegro, Andorra and San Marino which, combined, produce less than 300,000 bushels of wheat?

What reliance can be placed on the figures furnished by a Department in the official reports of which such errors are published?

The Statistician, in this essay, credits Greece with a yield, in 1890, of 12,278,240 bushels of wheat, whereas the Hon. A. Loudon Snowdon, United States Minister to Greece, writes me on March 6th, 1891, that the wheat product of Greece was, in 1890, but 1,807,200 bushels harvested from 142,200 acres, and that the acreage ten years earlier was 141,900.

THE REAL FACTS.

Accepting the figures published from time to time by the Department, when they do not vary too much from other official data, a careful tabulation shows the wheat crops harvested in Europe and the world during each of the last ten years, to be as follows:

	European product. Bushels.	World's Product. Bushels
1881	1,142,967,000	1,977,477,000
1882	1,298,503,000	2,263,178,000
1883	1,159,150,000	2,050,288,000
1884	1,278,427,000	2,263,183,000
1885	1,198,754,000	2,075,959,000
1886	1,099,820,000	2,042,528,000
1887	1,260,165,000	2,257,056,000
1888	1,275,186,000	2,162,678,000
1889	1,125,102,000	2,043,372,000
1890	1,294,239,000	2,185,051,000
An'l averages	1,222,731,000	2,185,676,000

As these figures are larger than those published by the Department, it is clear that the statistician overstates the product of Europe when he asserts that "the real average in the last five years may be fairly stated in round numbers at 1,250,000,000 bushels," as he overstates the world's product by nearly or quite 100,000,000 bushels when he says that "the grand aggregate cannot be made much less than 2,250,000,000 bushels."

THE POINT INVOLVED.

When we reflect upon this question we see that it is of little significance whether Europe or the world produces this or that amount of wheat; the real marrow of the question is whether the production of wheat and rye—and the subject cannot be properly treated unless both are included—has of late years increased in the same proportions as the consuming populations and whether the supply of 1870 was over abundant? The prices obtaining twenty years since are conclusive as to the character of the supply at that time, and show it was not excessive, as prices current in later years show that the supply has since been overabundant, while the ascending scale now indicates the exhaustion of the reserves.

Although the European crop of 1890 has been exceeded but once in ten years, and the world's 1890 out-turn equaled only by the crops of 1882, 1884 and 1887, yet we see prices steadily advancing. This would be a most anomalous state of affairs were current productions (with average yields per acre) sufficient for the world's current needs. There was no such advance when the world's harvest was 143,000,000 bushels less, as in 1886, because at that time there were great reserves, and the bread-eating world's needs were less by fully 140,000,000 bushels of wheat and rye.

A TOUGH QUESTION.

If the pinch is not now upon us how is it that with a European product, from the harvest of 1890, greater by more than 70,000,000 bushels than the average of the last ten years, and that of the world greater by 50,000,000 bushels, that wheat is scarce and the price so much higher than of late years.

With the world's product (from an average acreage yield) now about 100,000,000 bushels less than the world's current needs, and the growing European crop estimated at 200,000,000 bushels below an average, and the rye crop estimated as likely to be from 50,000,000 to 100,000,000 bushels short, what are the probabilities as to the price of wheat this day twelvemonth?

With current production 100,000,000 bushels less than current needs, and acreage increasing not one-sixth as fast as population, when are the reserves likely to be replenished?

THE EXPERT REPORT

They Found 279,095 Bushels of Wheat Unaccounted for in the Records.

Minneapolis Journal.

The wheat experts who have been overhauling the books at Duluth—at so much perhaul—have at last made their somewhat expensive report to the legislative committee. First however, they handed in their bills, made out at $5 a day and extras. They ran from $233 to $312 apiece for the month's work. The committee scaled them all down to a straight 50 cents an hour. Witness Scott, who gave testimony against F. H. Irons' methods, nervily asked $157 for "detective work," but the committee said "no" in a loud tone of voice.

Then came the experts' report. It was a huge sheet of paper covered with figures and its purport was that 279,095 bushels of wheat had been traced that were shipped out of Duluth, leaving no record of inspection behind. Mr. Severance said that the elevators would show that of the shortage of 279,095 bushels, 260,000 was the "burnt" wheat shipped out without inspection by permission of the state board. The remaining 19,095 bushels shortage would be nearly, if not quite, explained away by showing clerical errors and other mistakes in the records.

TARIFF PICTURES.

New York Press.

When the government was buying Indian supplies this year it bought some all wool blankets which ten years ago cost $5 52 a pair. What do you suppose they cost per pair this year? $3.81

Eggs were on the free list in April, 1890, and we imported 450,633 dozen.

The McKinley bill made them dutiable, and in April of this year we imported only 24,892 dozen.

That turned over the market for 425,781 dozen eggs to the American producer. Did it hurt the consummer? It dosen't seem to have done so; it must have benefited him from the price. The imports for April, 1890, were valued at $47,786, or 10.6 cents a dozen while those of April, 1891, were valued at $2,070, or 8.816 centst a dozen.

Ada Herald: Soon after the passenger train left Lockhart Tuesday night the engine ran into a pile of oak ties that had been piled up to do damage, but luckily no damage was done and the train started again only to run into another pile, and was as fortunate this time. A man went ahead to examine the track after this and found still another pile. Three tramps were noticed by the engineer near the place, who were undoubtedly the ones who intended to do the dastardly deed of wrecking the train.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c

100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c

10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c

50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c

100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c

50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c

A Good Summer Corset 50c

A Good Black Corset 50c

NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

=Fontaine & Anglim.=

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

—DON'T FORGET TO SEE—

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

Farm Wages Here and in England.

New York Press.

In New England farmers have been offering $25 a month, with board and lodging, for farm hands, and have been obliged to draw upon the newly arrived immigrants for the requisite help to put in their crops. In Old England, on the other hand, the wages for farm labor for this year, as shown by actual "hirings," are given by a London paper as follows:

Farm Foremen	$93 50 to	$136 25 per annum
Plowboys	58 25 to	92 40 per annum
Women servants	48 66 to	97 23 per annum
Young girls	29 20 to	58 90 per annum

These wretched wages formed part of Cobden's "cheap loaf" scheme. So American Cobdenites would sacrifice the wages of labor on the altar of cheapness.

Good For The Discharged Soldiers.

TO BE GIVEN CREDIT OF FIVE POINTS UNDER CIVIL SERVICE RULES.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The acting secretary of the treasury has directed that honorably-discharged soldiers and sailors to be given a credit of five points in all examinations for promotion in the treasury department under civil service rules. This is in accordance with the recommendation of the departmental examining board, and is intended to apply to all soldiers and sailors who hold an honorable discharge, regardless of whether they are disabled or not.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaes

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

SecondStreet, Crookston, Minn.

Wm A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

COUNTY NEWS.

Fisher Items.

From the Bulletin.

The race track has been put in good condition. All that is needed now is for you to get out your nag and jog him for the races on July 4th.

'Tis said that arrangements will be perfected by Crookston parties to open a roller rink here. The Gods forbid! This craze would certainly be the finishing touch to a comparatively evenly balanced mind. For our own benefit and those of our readers, we hope the arrangements will fall through.

'Tis gently hinted that C. C. Knappen will again abide in Fisher. That's right—the more the merrier. We think June 1st, 1892, would usher two busted editors out of town. Come on, Chawly. You can, maybe, give us some needed information as regards our mail list and several other matters.

A grand picnic will be given at Mallory on Thursday next by the Methodist church of that place, assisted by the Methodist church here.

While at Crookston Monday evening we witnessed an exhibition of "sending" by Night Operator McClintoc that fairly astounded us. "Mac" is undoubtedly the speediest operator on this division.

On last Wednesday afternoon, Mr. L. C. McKnight, while driving to his farm a short distance west of Fisher, encountered a prong horned antelope leisurely rambling towards the west. This is the first antelope seen in this locality in a great many years.

Donald Bain was in town Monday. When quizzed about his coming nuptials, he winked his off eye and smiled. That's all he said about the matter.

Fertile Facts.

From the Journal.

One hundred and forty-two tickets were sold by the railroad company to Crookston last Friday to parties taking in the circus.

Richard Ohm was in Thief River Falls the first of the week. Richard is thinking some of locating a mill somewhere in the country.

The bicycle race here the 4th promises to be an interesting feature of the program. The boys are practicing up and will be in fine shape by that time.

Hon. R. M. Stanton, of Crookston will deliver the oration here the Fourth. Mr. Stanton is one of the best speakers in the Northwest and you should not fail to hear him.

One of our citizens was arrested last Saturday for making an assult on a fellow citizen. The case came off in the afternoon before Esq. Edes: H. L. Gaylord was the attorney for the plantiff and J. Walseth appeared for the defendant. The case attracted a good deal of attention and proved to be quite interesting. The case was decided in favor of the defendant. The cost in the case amounted to somthing like $30. It is the opinion of many that the matter should never have been brought up, at least it would have been much cheaper for the plaintiff if it never had.

McIntosh Items.

McIntosh Times.

66, with Supt. James aboard, passed over this line to-day.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Col. Sheehan, formerly Indian Agent at White Earth, was registered at the McIntosh House Saturday evening. He left for Fisher Sunday morning.

Deputy U. S. Marshal Brackett and Hilliard arrived in the city Friday evening wite a couple of witnesses from Red Lake. Mr. Hilliard left for Crookston the same evening, where he overtook Mr. Edward LaBrie, late of Hansville and placed him under arrest.

St. Hilairities.

From St. Hilaire Spectator.

All who have been in the country lately report that they never saw grain look so fine and predict that we will have the largest crop in years.

Our machinery firms report an exceptionally large demand for binders and mowers this year. This would indicate that the wheat acreage has greatly increased.

The Bramsness family are all doing nicely and will recover. The disease has been checked as no new cases are reported. They have been seriously afflicted and all hope for their speedy recovery.

Dr. J. L. Hennemuth informs us that he will leave here next Friday for California where he expects to make his future home.

Agent McKallor's son Willie got into a wagon of William Warner's, of Thief River Falls while at the depot last Friday and the team of bronchos started to run away. They ran about a block throwing the boy out. He was seriously injured about the head but is recovering nicely.

Thief River Falls Press: What is known as the Tindolph hotel, owned by Wiley Tindolph, of Minneapolis, and which has stood in a partially finished condition for a number of years, has been purchased by Mr. Chas. A. Kinhaid, a hotel man of long experience from Minneapolis, who will be here in a few days to take possession of his purchase. He will complete the hotel this season, making it the first-class hotel which our city is in need of. The present hotels have been all that were required in the past and will no doubt continue to do a good business in the future, but with the present outlook for the future, there will be a demand for hotel accommodations that cannot possibly be secured now on account of the size of the hotels. The completing of this hotel will give sportsmen, summer resorters and pleasure seeking people an opportunity to secure suites of rooms and spend the hot summer months in one of the handsomest towns in the state. Welcome Mr. Kinkaid.

The State Fair.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
Minn. State Agricultural Society.
Hamline Minn., June 8th, 1891.

To The Farmers of the State of Minnesota: The Thirty-third Annual Minnesota State Fair will be held at Hamline, commencing Monday, September, 7th, continuing the whole week, Ending September 12th, and promises to surpass any previous Fair yet held on these grounds. The location unexcelled, the buildings and stalls handsome and commodious, are ample and will accommodate the large exhibit we anticipate. We want the people of the state to feel that they have an interest in the State Fair, and to contribute liberally of the best, so as to surpass any exhibition hitherto made of Live Stock, Farm Machinery, Poultry, Dairy and Vegetable products, Textile fabrics, etc., etc.

But, the success of the next State Fair depends largely upon the interest taken by you, as a class, in it. Heretofore there has not been any especial features in the way of work or display, by the farmers of the State; this year the management intend to make you farmers prominent at the Fair. In order that you may take an active part in Institute work during the fair week, tents and cots will be provided on the grounds by this society, for the use of such parties as may make application for them to Mr. O. C. Gregg, Superintendent of Farmers' Institutes, with the view of attending the Institute meetings that will be held in the evenings of the 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, of September. (Parties will be expected to provide their own blankets.) Experts in all branches of agriculture will be in attendance as speakers, and the meeting will be made interesting and instructive. Any information desired relative to this subject can be had of Supt. O. C. Gregg, or at this office.

The Premium List has been carefully revised, and liberal prizes run through all departments. Your attention is particularly called to the premiums offered for the best "displays of Agricultural and Horticultural products" by counties, they are $200, $100, and $50. Your county should advertise itself by making a good exhibition at the fair, and by taking one of the premiums. As individuls, you should also prepare something to help swell the aggregation of the products of the farm, the shops of our State.

Ample provision will be made for reaching the fair grounds by railroad and by electric street cars. All freight is unloaded and reloaded on the grounds.

Take this paper home with you, talk it over with your neighbor, make up a party and Come To The Fair.

As a Fair could not be a success without some amusement connected with it, we will promise you an attractive programme for each afternoon of the week so that you can combine pleasure with profit.

W. F. CROSS, Secretary
SAM PARTRIDGE, Asst. Secretary.

WHY THEY GROAN.

New York Press.

The Mugwump organs that were disappointed when the Itata was surrendered to the United States fleet are now howling vociferously about the cost of the coal consumed in the Charleston's chase. It's a funny characteristic of the Mugwump that when the vindication of the laws and authority of the United States is concerned he suddenly becomes penurious to a marked degree. He believes in millions for tribute to British manufacturers, but not in giving one cent for defense of American rights.

Warren Register:—Aleck Bolton and James Rafferty got back from Demersville, Mont, last Saturday. They are glad to be at home again. They say the boom in that part of the country has collapsed, and that thousands of men there are out of work and out of money. They took in the National Park and various other points of interest, on their return. They report the friends out there as doing fairly well. Mr. W. S. Brown is keeping hotel and restaurent, and making money. Wm. and John Bolton and P. Ruedy are running a wagon and cabinet shop, and doing well. Fred Tripp and family are at Demersville, but expect to return to Spokane Falls soon, as Mrs. Tripp thinks it agrees with her health better there than at Demersville. Geo. Holden expects to return to Warren in the near future. This is the substance of the news as we get it from the boys. We give them welcome and believe they are willing to stay in Marshall County.

The Mesaba Road.

Duluth Tribune.

K. D. Chase, of the Mesaba road, was in the city yesterday. He stated to a Tribune reporter that matters relative to the road were progressing very nicely, "We have three wealthy gentlemen who promised to build the road if their agent made a good report on the property through which it passes. That agent has now submitted his report, and it is a very favorable one. He told me that his report would be the most favorable he could make. He further stated that we had not said enough for the country; that the ore was the finest there was in the country and that there was lots of it."

"It is not our intention to build to our own property and stop there. The road will be built over the range. When we get one tie laid, we will lay another, and so on till we have 300 or 400 miles of track."

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 2, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 81.
2 Northern 79.
3 Northern 75.
1 Northern 70.

The county board will meet on 13th inst.

Farmers are not complaining for lack of rain.

J. G. McGrew, Esq., went over to the Forks on Friday.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 82 cents.

Judge Montague and daughter went to St. Paul, on Friday evening.

Only one runaway on St. John's Day and no serious damage from that.

Mrs. Casper Sands left this week for a visit to her mother at Montevideo.

Comrade O. H. Lucken went to Twin Valley on Friday evening of last week.

Ladies, do not forget that Mrs. E. E. Bangs is in earnest in her clearing out sale. Call and see.

The Grand Forks club have secured Walker to play with them against Fargo on the 2d and 3d.

Mrs. A. A. Olds and son departed last week for a two months visit with old friends at Hudson, Wis.

The Fargo club arrived on Tuesday morning all ready for the bloodless fray on the diamond. They are a fine looking lot.

On Monday morning the carpenters commenced putting shelving and counters into Sture's new store in the Opera house block.

M. E. Bartlett, started on a business trip to the old home in New York on Monday evening. Expects to return just as soon as possible.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

Charlie Jefferson commenced slinging brick in the wall under C. O. D. on Monday. He will have that job done almost before you can turn around twice.

Mrs. Wm. Ross and family, who have been in the city awhile visiting friends, left for Seattle on Sunday evening to join Mr. Ross who is in business out there.

The band gave a pleasant concert on Friday evening at the corner of Main and Fletcher sts. Next Friday they will occupy the corner of Main and Robert.

Charlie Misner now wears a smile "a yard wide and all wool" all because of the arrival on Tuesday morning of his wife and little ones from a visit to Waupan, Wis.

Dr. Denniston left last week for his new home in Salt Lake City, Utah. His wife has been gone for two months or more. The doctor's many friends wish him unlimited success.

At the business meeting of the G. A. R. Encampment last week, Maj. C. H. Mix was elected Department Commander and Crookston selected as the next place for the encampment.

Bro. Rutledge, of the Fisher Bulletin, gave us a pleasant call on Monday. Since he took charge, the Bulletin has improved wonderfully and he says that it is because it is a republican paper again.

In the ball game on the grounds on Monday last between the Grand Forks club and Crookston our boys got badly left. Grand Forks has secured a professional pitcher who rattled our boys a good bit.

Wm Munch has an ingenious arrangement attached to his lawn mower which will pick up every spear of grass as fast as it is cut when it can be deposited in piles to suit the will of the manipulator. He invented the business himself.

C. J. McCollom went through the city on Friday evening of last week, bound for his new home in Superior, Wis. Mr. McCollom is doing a good business at that point but says he has not lost his love for nor his interest in the Valley yet.

Fisher is laying herself out for a big time on the ever glorious. Besides an attractive program, they will offer Judge Montague as orator of the day, who will soar the American eagle amid the blue empyrean, and Prof. Casey will read the Declaration of Independence.

L. E. Gossman was interviewed in relation to what he was accused by "snap shots" of having said to Steenerson and he said that the interview was purely imaginary on the part of the writer; that he said no such thing or any thing that could be so construed.

Ed. Barrette has opened a new harness shop on west Broadway in the building just south of the old Times building and will be ready to attend to all calls in his line. Ed is an old experienced hand at the business and knows all of the wrinkles. Give him a call and satisfy yourselves.

U. S. Marshall Brackett came up on Sunday morning with two prisoners who were before the U. S. Dist. Court charged with cutting timber on government lands. They were sent here for the purpose of procuring bail to to appear in court at the September term. Their homes are in Kittson Co.

Sam Wilkinson was up from St. Paul this week.

A. G. Gallasch was up from St. Paul on Monday.

Terry Shely came in from Fosston on Tuesday's train.

Geo. Q. Erskine came up from Fargo on Tuesday morning.

The Fargo boys got away with our boys on Tuesday 13 to 9.

There is a full attendance at the County Alliance meeting.

K. O. Gigstad came in from St. Hilaire to transact business at the county seat.

W. W. Attix came down on Tuesday to be in time for the Alliance meeting.

Attorney O'Brien went to St. Paul on Friday of last week returning Sunday morning.

Everybody goes for wild strawberries nowadays. They are said to be very plentiful.

Remember the social at the residence of N. P. Stone this evening. Supper ready at six o'clock.

Conductor J. B. Copeland has 50 acres of as fine wheat as grows in Dakota—so they say.

Mrs. Fred Hall arrived on Saturday morning from a pleasant visit at the old home in Illinois.

Eugene Besse was down from Red Lake Falls on Tuesday. He is talking of a trip to La Belle France.

H. C. Tatro, H. G. Mitchel and a lot of the good boys from Woodside shook hands with us on Wednesday.

Write to your friends at the old home and tell them the plain truth about this country, is a pretty good immigration plan.

The bright prospects for crops still continue. If hail and blight does not interfere we shall harvest the best crop that we have had in years.

W. J. Nickels was up from Edna on Tuesday to give notice to all mankind and the rest of the world that he intends to prove up on his homestead in due and ancient form.

On Friday last a son of Ira McDaniels, was drowned while bathing in the river. The body was recovered on Saturday about a mile below where the accident occurred. The boy was a member of the Juvenile Fire Department and about nine years old.

A special containing General Manager A. L. Mohler and Chief Engineer Miller of the Great Northern railroad arrived on Tuesday. The gentlemen spent some time looking about, with a view, it is said of putting in a sidetrack to the Valley Roller Mills.

"Bread from Heaven" and "A Night in an Egyptian Jail," are Mr. Battey's morning and evening subjects next Sunday at the Congregational church. Communion of the Lord's Supper after the morning service. The evening subject is the second in a series of Sunday night talks on "Night Scenes in Bible History." Invitation to all.

Owing to continued ill health, Mrs. E. E. Bangs has decided to close out her business and remove to Utah to live. For this reason she offers to dispose of her goods at and below cost. As she intends to close by August first, all who wish to secure a rare bargain should call early as she now has a large and elegant stock to select from. This is no humbug as you can readily ascertain by a call at her store on Second street.

John Wyatt informs The Journal that the insurance companies have adjusted his insurance satisfactorily and that he will be on deck in the Jacobus building ready for business until his old place is again ready for occupancy. When you need anything in his line be sure and call on John for not only will he attend to everything in first-class shape but he needs the assistance of all his friends to aid him to get started again and he will appreciate their efforts on his behalf.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert Street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

J. T. Knight was down from Red Lake Falls last week, chatting with his old friends in this city. J. T. has been down to Superior, Wis., for some time making a big fortune in the restaurant business, but has sold out and returned to Red Lake Falls to spend it with the boys. Says he took in a million or so a day down there but it took too much time to count it, so he sold out at a good figure and came back to the farm in old Polk. He is so entirely out of conceit with the cities at the head of the lake that he says we don't need direct connection with them, but that the present round-about way of reaching them is the best.

The Times man never neglects an opportunity to sneer at the farmer or anything a farmer writes, and so he proceeds to haul The Journal correspondent over the coals who dared to criticise Judge Montague's "Snap Shots," in which the Judge makes Hon. H. Steenerson call the Nationalists opprobious names. Interviewing Steenerson on that point that genleman said emphatically that he never used the expression that "Snap Shots" accused him of using. The Times man frets because our correspondent writes under a nom-de-plume, forgetting that the attack upon the Nationalists in the Times was made in the same way. If you will require Montague to sign his name to "Snap Shots" we have no doubt that our correspondent will gratify you by giving his name.

A BAD GIVE AWAY.

Dr. Henault has given away that dog—a bad give-away for the fellow who got him.

Excursion Rates

To Saengerfest Singing Society, to be held at Minneapolis, July 16th to 22d.

The Great Northern Railroad Company will make a rate of one and one-third fare for round trip, Crookston to Minneapolis and return. Tickets on sale July 16th and 17th, good to return until the 22d. [11-13]

Detroit Record:—J. A. Bemis, the veteran hotel man of the northwest, came down from Crookston last night, and to-day is renewing old acquaintances in Detroit. He made us a pleasant call this morning and we are glad to state that he looks as hale and hearty as ever, and also that he is prospering as he deserves.

Ole Omlie, of Grafton, went through on the N. P. R. R. on Friday evening, bound for Iowa, for a carload of horses. Ole was formerly a dweller of Polk County and has not lost his love for the old stamping ground. He says our crops beat the world this year (as well as every year). He expects to be gone a fortnight or so.

"Im going to be a grass-widower for three months," quoth our genial dentist, Dr. W. A. Robertson, on Tuesday morning to our reporter. And this remark was made all because Mrs. R. and the bonnie sweet lassie, the little two-year-old Miss R., was to start that evening for a three-months visit to the old home at Kingston, Ont.

One can get a little better idea of the excellent work our fire department did at the Wyatt fire now that the carpenters' work reveals how the fire had eaten into the walls. The wonder is how Slocum and the bakery could be saved, and it was only by the most heroic efforts that it was accomplished. The boys got right into that fiery furnace and stubbornly fought the flames until they conquered. That is the kind of a department Crookston has got.

Do you want people from the older states to come in and help develope the country? If so, you can do a good deal to that end by writing them the plain facts in relation to the country. Such letters would be worth far more than all the newspapers can say or all the immigration pamphlets that could ever be published. One thing this country needs to make it more prosperous is more settlers and these could be had if all the facts could be known.

Rev. C. F. and Mrs. Sharpe have been called upon to mourn the loss of their bright little daughter, Ruth, who died on Saturday from a combination of troubles arising from the measles. The little child was about three years old, just that period of child-life that is the most lovable and interesting, and the blow will fall heavily upon the hearts of the parents who will have the earnest sympathy of many friends as far as such poor help can alleviate such sorrows. The funeral services occurred at the family residence on Monday afternoon.

Talking with a prominent business man on Tuesday, he remarked: "I have a neighbor who is the greatest crank I ever saw. For several years now he has occupied half of a lot that I own which he has used as a cow-yard. This year the rains have rendered it uncomfortable for his cows, and instead of cleaning it up, as most any man would do, what did he do but go and complain to the Board of Health that I was maintaining a nuisance and they ordered me to abate the nuisance at once—but I'll bet that man will hunt a new cow-yard hereafter. If the rent of the lot was not worth keeping it in order he don't can use it some more times pretty quick."

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. Morrisey.

The boys all say that they had a big time at the Encampment at Moorhead and returned bringing the big canteen and the cannon will arrive later. Adj. V. D. Carruth is all broke up over the notice the Moorhead News of Saturday gives him, when it says that "Col. Paluse, of Crookston, made an eloquent speech." The boys all speak in glowing terms of the right royal way in which the loyal citizens of Moorhead treated them and they say that when the Encampment meets at our city next year that the best wish they have is that our people will do equally as well by their guests. They were given the freedom of the city and in every way made to feel perfectly at home, and they highly appreciate the efforts that were made to entertain them.

The report having gone abroad that there were 'hoppers in the land, Prof. Luger came up from St. Paul on Tuesday morning to investigate. After a careful investigation he informs The Journal that there are no Rocky Mountain grasshoppers, (Celoptenus Spretus) here, and nothing to be apprehended from that source. Every year there are more or less of the native 'hopper in this as well as every other country, and we have noticed that in a year like this when we have plenty of rain these little chaps seem to be more than ordinarily hungry. But this kind of 'hopper is not able to do very much damage, and if he should ever acquire that habit he is very easily discouraged by Paris green, tar, kerosene, &c. We can see no cause for a panic this year.

LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.

A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by

C. H. SAAKE, The Jeweler, - - Crookston, Minn.

JUNE CLOSING SALE

AT

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

Great Closing Sale. Great Closing Sale.

Commencing Next Saturday, June 13th,

All Spring and Summer Goods must be Closed Out by the

4th of July.——4th of July.

Exceptional Bargains can be expected in the following line of goods.

White Goods, Black Wash Goods, Embroideries, Laces, Spring and Summer Dress Goods, Wash Dress Fabrics of all kinds, Hosiery and Underwear, Parasols and Umbrellas, Felt and Straw Hats. Cloak Jackets and Capes, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Shades, Curtains, Curtaining,

——AND ALL KINDS OF——

House Furnishing Goods.

EVERYTHING MUST GO!

——Out of Town Orders attended to with care.——

I. O. O. F. BLOCK,
Robert Street.

Gervais, the Hustler.

Band Program.

The Queen City band will give there regular Friday evening concert at the corner of Main and Robert Street, presenting the following

Program

1. March, Commercial Travellers, by R. Williams.
2. Charge of the Hoozers, by Von Frank Spindler.
3. Overture, Rip VanWinkle, by E. Brooks.
4. Gavotte, The Rivolet, by T. P. Brook.
5. Waltzs Schatz, Strass:
6. Polanaise Happy youth by Swan.
8. March Nixe Weazel by Hazel.

Excursion Rates

TO SAENGERFEST SINGING SOCIETY, TO BE HELD AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., JULY 16TH TO 22D.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will make rate of one and one-third fare for round trip, Crookston to Minneapolis and return. Tickets on sale July 16th and 17th, good to return until July 22d.

C. A. Sharkey, Agent,
[11-13] Crookston, Minn.

The Journal acknowledges a pleasant call from Gen. Geo. B. Winship, Commander of the Grand Army of North Dakota, whose H'dqrs. are in his mammoth Daily Herald building in Grand Forks, on Wednesday of last week. Senator Winship was over to see the G. F. ball club wipe up the earth with our fellows and yet he isn't proud. He is the man who carried North Dakota for the drys—a thoroughbred republican, and yet our third party prohibition brethren in this State will tell you that the republican party is not in favor of temperance. George is a living example of what this country can do for a poor but ambitious young farmer man. He came to Grand Forks in the seventies, opened up a farm near there and to-day he owns a seven or eight story building, runs a metropolitan blanket-sheet daily, with an army of employes under him, is a general in the army, a State Senator and a United States Senator, (that is to be,) and yet he is not proud one little bit—shook hands with us just as heartily as he used to do when we both used to own a stock farm in the early day and used to meet on the iron bridge across the dividing line—the Ruby—and swap lies about our respective crops, our stock and what our respective counties could do for the poor but industrious settler. We never could agree upon this point wholly, both claiming to live in the banner county, but finally agreeing that both Polk and Grand Forks were pretty good counties to live in, and then we would "smile" and agree to disagree as to which was a huckleberry ahead. George has built up a great fortune on his farm, and now, in his old age, full of honors and leisure to enjoy himself, he is prepared to take life as easy as the head of a great daily always does.

Estray.

Came on my premises on section 19, town of Vineland on Sunday June 28th, one iron grey two-year-old yelding colt with white stripe in his face. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and recuver the same.

John Steenerson

[11-13]

Grand Celebration

July 4th,

AT MOE & BUHN'S PLACE

At Maple Lake.

FUN FOR ALL!

Exercises consists of Songs and Music, by the Glee Club. Declaration of Independence, by E. E. Abbott.

Bowery Dance

In afternoon and at night. Exercises at Lake begin immediately after dinner. Music by the Mentor Band.

BASE BALL GAME AT MENTOR IN THE FORENOON.

Grand Display of Fireworks in the Evening.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY!

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

YOU CAN BUY

AT STURE'S

TO BETTER ADVANTAGE

THAN ELSEWHERE.

TRY IT.

A. STURE.

LOST.

On Sunday June 7th one dark brown bron cho, with light red nose, no white hairs on animal. Has hard bunch on tail and brand mark on left shoulder. A suitable reward will be paid for his recovery by E. B. Bruly, Gentilly, Minn., or leave word at The Journal office.

[9-11]

CHAMPION MOWERS AND BINDERS.

Moe & Buhn, at Mentor, are prepared to fill all orders for the celebrated Champion Mowers & Binders.

[10-13]

Cash Paid.

For Hogs, and meat cured to order at the Crookston Packing House.

[9-12]

Prof. and Mrs Moore started on Tuesday evening for their vacation visit in Canada. They expect to remain away until Sept, 1st.

On Tuesday afternoon, a few minutes before 3 o'clock, a team belonging to Anton Ronne became frightened at the sprinkler and started to run. Mr. Ronne, who was standing on the ground holding the lines, was unable to control them and they dashed up Main street at a furious rate; turning on Fletcher, they ran east to Ash street where they collided with a buggy in which were Maurice Porrier, his wife and two children. The woman and children escaped unhurt and no damage done the buggy except the wrecking of one wheel. The team ran on along Ash street as far as the Catholic church, where they stopped, and where, a few minutes later, the owner found them. The wagon box was thrown off on the sidewalk in front of the Baptist church, and the wagon was damaged to a small amount, but the team was apparently uninjured.

Fisher Items.

Fisher Bulletin.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday of next week the lady bicycle riders, who are now riding at Minneapolis, will ride a race at Grand Forks.

Home grown potatoes and green peas, will garnish several Fisher dinner tables, ere the Fourth of July echoes have died away.

Capt. Nels Peterson contemplated an excursion to Crookston on Wednesday last, but the fixtures for the steamer failed to arrive.

A brand new baby boy arrived at the residence of Mr. Joseph Cline on Monday last.

While the contortionist was tying himself in a doble knot, Hugh Lankester asked: "Mamma, does that man drink snake oil?"

L. C. McKnight and lady left for St. Paul last evening. They will be absent from Fisher two weeks, and will take in West Superior during their excursion.

The marriage of Donald Bain and Miss Delia Freeman, was solemnized last Tuesday evening, at the home of the bride in Crookston, Rev. J. C. Campbell officiating The marriage was a quiet affair. The happy young couple will go to Maple Lake to enjoy their honey moon.

Euclid Items.

Had a nice rain on Tuesday.

An increased force of men are at work repairing the Great Northern track which needs it badly north of this place.

M. M. Davis has rented the old McKibben place, and will summer fallow it for crop next year.

The prospects are very favorable for hay this year. A good many will begin haying the last of this week.

Why is it that so many of the Euclidites are looking south through telescopes about ten minutes of nine every morning? It is because Jim Hill has got his steam ox hitched to a few cars and they have to look through a telescope to see it move.

Miss Mabel Duntley came up from Crookston Thursday to visit friends.

M. M. Davis has a ninety acre field of wheat partially headed out.

Mr. Harris, of Warren, went through town on Wednesday on his way to Crookston.

Victor Tiedt and Albert Losey went to Crookston on Wednesday to see the celebration, and Mr. Losey won one of he foot races.

Had a heavy rain on Sunday afternoon.

M. P. Losey was out to his farm on Friday and reports his grain looking better than ever before since he came to the country.

While Mr. Teal was driving to town on Sunday his horse ran away, tipping him out and demolishing the cart, but, strange to say, neither him nor the horse was hurt.

LOST.

A shaggy black and white dog with white ring around neck. He is a Coolie and his name is Rover. Any one informing F. W. Davis of his whereabouts will be suitably rewarded.

F. W. Davis.

Excursion Rates

TO YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIETY OF CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR CONVENTION, TO BE HELD AT MINNEAPOLIS JULY 9TH TO 12TH.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets, Crookston to Minneapolis and return, at one and one-third fare for the round trip.

C. A. Sharkey, Agent,
[11-12] Crookston, Minn.

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

Boarding House.

Fourth door south from old opera house, corner of Broadway and Loring Street, first-class meals for 20 cents.

[6-12]

Taken Up.

Came on my premises on Sunday June 14th one deep red cow. Owner can recover by proving property and paying expenses. C. D. Bailey.

[9-11]

Last week THE JOURNAL reporter in his rambles met a young man from Fergus Falls who had just been to his old home in northern New York, and in the chat that followed he gave us something of his experience. Said that when he came of age, a few years ago, his father, who was then a well-to-do farmer, offered to help him to buy a farm there if he wanted to go to farming but, after duly considering the matter, he concluded to come west and see what he could do for himself, so west he came and using his government rights soon had a large farm and much of it under cultivation. This spring he took a notion to visit the old home in New York, so he rented his farm and went back, where he found that his father was having pretty hard work to make his expenses on the old home farm and about discouraged with trying; his farm, that he had often been offered $65 per acre for would not sell to-day for half of that sum and would not do more than pay running expenses, and the son, in the few years he had been in this country had made enough so that he could have bought the old man out with something over. "I tell you," said he, "if the people in this country would farm as they have to back east, and be as economical, they would all be independently rich in a few years. Why, what we actually waste here on our farms would be good wages to those fellows back there, and then what we more than waste for liquors is a bigger item than most of people stop to consider. We can raise here two bushels of grain to their one there, and while they get a few cents a bushel more than we do, the balance is largely in our favor on yield and in economy of harvesting. Back there they are selling butter at 8 cents per pound and cheese in proportion, and during the winter they have to feed $15 and $20 hay. Next winter hay is liable to be extremely high, as the long continued drouth there has burned up all the meadows and pastures. You bet they are a blue lot there and many would like to come out here if they had the means to get here." We wished that all who feel disposed to complain of this country could have talked with this young man a few minutes.

Norman County Herald:—The Great West in a scathing article repudiates the organization of the congressional district committee at Fergus Falls recently. It says hard things against Hompe, Lommen, Hall and others. What with the Donnelly and the Great West element, the Hall, Lommen, Juelson element, the whisky and prohibition elements, all pulling in different directions the new party is badly handicapped.

FOURTH OF JULY EXCURSION RATES.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will sell Excursion tickets from Crookston, to all points in Minnesota, Wisconsin and North Dakota at rate of one and one third fare for the round trip.

Tickets on sale July 3rd and 4th, good to return until July 5th, 1891.

C. A. SHARKEY Agent,
Crookston Minn.

The Millionaire Moses of the 19th Century.

Every season has its man who, for one reason or another, are of special note. It is one of the functions of the Review of Reviews to present to English-speaking readers every where, just at the right moment, the man who are really the men of the month. Thus the Review in May made a hit with its sketches and pictures of the great colonial statesmen, Sir John Macdonald, Sir Henry Parkes the federator of Australia, and Mr. Cecil Rhodes, the brilliant young Englishman, who has annexed half a continent in Africa to the British Empire, and whose South African company owning the diamond fields and gold mines has made Mr. Rhode a millionaire many times over, although he is still in the thirties. In the June number of the Review the wonderful character sketch of Pope Leo XIII., written by an Italian editor and illustrated with pictures of the Pope, and the leading ecclesiastics at Rome, was a stroke of first-class journalism, since the appearance of labor encyclical made the Pope the most prominent figure of the month. Portraits of the most immediately conspicuous men of all countries were also published in the editorial review of the Progress of the world. In the forthcoming July number the Review of Reviews publishes a striking picture of a man who is unquestionably more talked about at the present moment than any other, namely, Baron Hirsch, who was the friend of the Prince of Wales, and who to-day, in the language of the Reviews is. "The Millionaire Moses of the Nineteenth Century," and whose energy and money are finding ways of deliverance for the oppressed Jews of Russia, It is a happy stroke of journalism that brings the face of Baron Hirsch, the rich Jew, young, suave, modern, well dressed, side by side with the face of Dr. Pobedonostzeff, the procurator of the Holy Synod, whose policy of persecution is the shadow on the reign of Alexander III, of Russia. The procurator is a frigid-looking old theologian. Neither face has been seen in any American periodical before. Baron Hirsch is destined to leave his mark upon the history of the last quarter of the Nineteenth Century.

Forty-Four Beautiful States.

A Pretty Feature of the Moorhead Encampment's Parade.

Minneapolis Journal.

MOORHEAD, June 27.—The third day of the G. A. R. encampment was a fine one. The encampment parade was participated in by three bands and two drum corps, and the different fire departments and secret societies of Moorhead and Fargo. The prettiest feature of the parade was "The States" represented by 44 young girls dressed in white, and each carrying a flag with the name of the state for which she stood. The goddess of liberty was seated on a throne behind the states. The goddess was a beautiful girl, whose long flaxen hair hung nearly to her waist and whose shapely arms rested gracefully on the back of the throne. The young ladies were seated on a large float prettily decorated and drawn by four prancing horses. The girls sang patriotic songs as they were driven through the sreets and elicited much applause from the spectators. Hon. Albert Scheffer addressed the veterans. A large camp fire around which speeches are made and songs sung has occurred each evening. The officers of the association elected was as follows: Commander, C. H. Mix, Crookston; senior vice-commander, S. S. McKinley, Park Rapids; junior vice-commander, Alex. Holden, Ada; chaplain, Thos. J. Martin, Detroit. There was quite a fight for the encampment next year, Crookston and Park Rapids both being in the field. The majority of votes were cast for Crookston.

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. It emits no smoke, is odorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western Line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line, leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul, 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for manufacture of Pintsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line," and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel.

[11-16]

Excursion Rates.

The Great Northern Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets, from Crookston to Minneapolis and return at one and one-third fare for the round trip, to attend the convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, to be held in that city from July 9th to 12th. [11-12]

"The Day we Celebrate."

This week, the day we celebrate will be the anniversary of that ever-memorable one on which what is now about the most prosperous, smartest, livliest, strongest and most intelligent nation on earth was born. We join pretty generally in this celebration, and yet it cannot have the same significance to everybody. The Irishman has a peculiar feeling for St. Patrick's Day; the Norwegian is particularly enthused by the 17th of May; the Afro-American has two great days, August 1st and January 1st. Birth-days and wedding-days are numerously celebrated, but they interest only small circles of people. But for each individual of all the millions who have traveled over the Burlington line, there is a day which he can join all the rest (whatever be their nationality) in celebrating; and that is the day that each took his first ride on "The Burlington," the line that goes everywhere. For tickets, rates, etc., you should apply to the nearest railroad ticket agent or write to W. J. C. KENYON, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul Minn.

Lost Sheep.

Came on my premises about June 10th, five sheep. Supposed to belong to a camper who was on his way to St. Hilaire. Owner can recover by calling on Frank Bivins. St. Hilair Spectator please copy.

TAKEN UP.

In my garden on Thursday June 11th two small pigs three or four months old. Owner can recover the same by calling on the undersigned, proving property and paying expenses.

[9-15] R. LEHMANN.

BINDING TWINE.

Report of the Committee on Binding Twine appointed by the Executive Committee of the Minnesota State Farmers' Alliance.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 23, 1891.

To the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance:

GENTLEMEN:—We beg leave to report in relation to Binder twine that after examining samples and prices furnished by several of the principal Cordage Companies, we find that the twine handled by our Alliance Business Agency, at 673 Wabasha St. Paul, Minn., is the most satisfactory of anything in the market, prices and quality considered, and we trust our members will place their orders for twine with them.

Respectfully submitted,
C. F. BOHALL.
H. V. POOR.
[8-tf] THOS. J. MEIGHEN.

For Sale or Trade For City Property.

A fine farm situated two miles from the city limits. Two hundred and twenty acres now sowed to wheat, barley and oats and the balance, one hundred acres under contract to be broken and backset this season. Eighty acres under fence, good house and barn, artisian well and a fine grove of trees. Owner will sell at a reasonable figure on ample time or exchange for city property. For further particulars call at THE JOURNAL office. [5-t-f.]

Fourth of July Excursion Tickets.

Good for a distance of 300 miles from any station on the Great Northern Railway, sold on July 3d and 4th, good to return until the 5th.

[10-11] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

Sewing-Girl Wanted.

Miss. Minnie Bailey wants to engage the services of a good sewing-girl None other need apply.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 2d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, ($279.50) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Boucher and Margaret Boucher, his wife, to Joseph Kelso, bearing date the 9th day of March, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 305 to 307 inclusive, and the further sum of fifty four and 79-100 dollars for taxes duly assessed and levied against the land conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number twenty-six (26) block seven (7), in Sletten & Cromb's subdivision of Lots in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 26th, A. D. 1891.

JOSEPH KELSO, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. The State of Minnesota, to Canadian Pacific Railway Company, a corporation, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the City of Crookston, in said County, to answer to J. M. Stephens in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said J. M. Stephens for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 24th day of June, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[11-13] Justice of the Peace.

☞ Do not confuse THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, with any other Company of apparently similar name, but less magnitude.

Bear in mind that there is no Life Insurance company called "The New York Mutual Life" and that there is no Life Insurance Company chartered by the State of New York, authorized to use the word MUTUAL in its title except THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. MCCURDY,
PRESIDENT.

ROBERT A. GRANNISS,
VICE-PRESIDENT.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. JOHN DALLUM Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

U. S. LAND OFFICE
Crookston, Minn., June 30th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on August 14th, 1891, viz: WILLIAM J. NICKLE, Hd. No. 11,497, for the ne¼ Sec. 8, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: H. B. Budd, Lewis Seger, Frank B. Dykeman, K. O. Flakne, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[11-16] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'sr.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroe to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY
OUR NEW
Spring Styles

LADIES,
Call and Examine.

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 40,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

Trade at
HOLMBOE'S,
THE ROBERT ST. DEALER
IN
General Merchandise!

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON
CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

[First publication June 25th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, June 23d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Gould Johnson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto C. A. Johnson, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance at the Probate office in Crookston, on Tuesday, the 31st day of December, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston, the 22d day of June, A. D. 1891.

By the court:
[10-12] C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

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NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
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Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
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Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting Fishing.

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SECOND STREET,
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No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

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☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 2, 1891.

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MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de........Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
3:40 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:15 a. m.........................Arrive 7:00 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.............. 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.............................. 9:15 a. m.

DEAR BREAD IN ITALY.

A Likelihood That the Duty on Wheat May be Reduced.

ROME, June 17.—There is some likelihood that the duty on wheat will be reduced. The duty was fixed at a time when the wheat imports were very large, with a view of producing a large revenue; but the abundant crop of last year entirely stopped importation and thus impoverished the government though it enriched the farmers. The price of wheat, however, did not fall with the abundant crop, but rose in sympathy with the wheat markets of the world, so that wheat and bread are now extremely dear in Italy. It may be that the question will not be decided without a prolonged parlimentary struggle. The minister of finance said in the chamber the other day that a modification of the duty would have a serious consequence. At any rate it was too near to estimate what the Italian crop would be, though it was known that the crop of wheat would be poor in the East and abundant in the West.

FARMERS GROW SHARP.

The Will Hold Their Wheat in Nebraska for High Prices.

Minneapolis Times.

Omaha, Neb., June 21.—Railway traffic managers of lines operating in Nebraska are agitated over a business complication which promises to very materially reduce the earnings of the various companies so far as the immediate movement of the present crop is concerned. Since the usual arrangement to distribute grain cars throughout the state for the purpose of facilitating the handling of the crop after harvest, it has developed that under the new law declaring all elevators public warehouses, so much of the grain will be stored to await better prices that comparatively a small portion of the crop will be placed on the market at once. The law becomes operative next week. It is a measure of the alliance legislature, and that organization has actively encouraged its members to resort to elevators whenever possible and borrow money required for immediate expenses on warehouse receipts thus reserving the enormous crop of the state from the market indefinitely, or until prices have materially advanced. The grading will be similar to that in vogue in Minnesota, and the rating of Chicago, St. Louis, New York and other grain centers will in no wise affect the Nebraska grading, as in the past.

Francis Murphy Says Legislation Cannot Make Men Good.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Francis Murphy, the great temperance orator is, with his wife, a guest at the Ryan. Mr. Murphy is about forty-eight years of age, short and stout, with a pleasant face adorned by an iron gray mustache. His expression is frank and open, and when speaking he has rare powers of personal magnetism. In the lapel of his coat is the blue ribbon, in the cause of which Mr. Murphy has made his name prominent all over the world. The distinguished orator is on his way to Spokane, where he is to deliver addresses in behalf of temperance, after which he goes to the coast.

"Prohibition," said Mr. Murphy, "is making rapid strides and its advancement is to be seen on all sides. The high license is doing every thing to help prohibition, it is making men more temperate. There is but little drunkenness now as compared with a few years ago, and it is due to high license and the extermination of low grog shops, also to the enlightenment of our people, who realise that drunkenness ruins both social and business life. My idea of prohibition is to let every man pass his own temperance laws and then appoint himself an officer to see that the law is enforced. By this means the supreme court cannot repeal the law on technical points. Prohibition is partisan politics, and that cannot succeed because no party can have a monopoly on the morals of the people. The strife and discord and denunciation of good men in connection with the enforcement of prohibition have been the great causes of its defeat at the polls. You cannot legislate men into sobriety; you cannot by legislation control the appetites and passions of the people. It requires a higher power, the gospel of Jesus Christ, and it alone can control the passions. He came to save us from our sins, and our appetites and passions are the infirmities of our nature, and he alone has the sovereign remedy to control them. If legislation was to save humanity Moses would have been the Christ. As I said before, partisan politics must not enter into prohibition; it is not a political, but an individual matter."

CHURCH WORK;

BY

LEADING CHURCHMEN.

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., the Great National Weekly for the home and Fireside, will shortly begin the publication of a highly interesting series of articles on the condition, development and prospects of the great Churches in this country, by the leading men of the several Churches. The articles and their contributors are:

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Methodist Episcopal Church, Bishop John P. Newman.

Protestant Episcopal Church, Right Reverend Leighton Coleman, S. T. D., LL. D., Bishop of Delaware.

Presbyterian Church, Rev. Dr. H. M. McCracken, Chancellor of the University of the City of New York.

Unitarian Church, Rev. Edward Everett Hale, the distinguished author.

Evangelical Lutheran Church, Prof. H. J. Wolff, of the Gettysburg Seminary.

Congregational Church, Rev. J. N. Whiton, of the Trinity Church, New York City.

Baptist Church, Robert S. McArthur, D. D., Pastor Cavalry Baptist Church, New York City.

The Jewish Synagogue in America, Abram S. Isaacs, editor Jewish Messenger and Professor of Hebrew in University of City of New York.

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THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE,
Washington D. C.

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - - MINN

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 18th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, CORNELIUS ANDERSON AND Kjerste Anderson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to James John Fulton, of Edinburgh, Scotland, their mortgage bearing date of August 25th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one (1) and two (2) of Section 30, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 161 21-100 acres to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 148; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 07-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said James John Fulton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred fifty-three and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 13th, A. D. 1891.

JAMES JOHN FULTON,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Crookston, Minn.
[9-15]

Mortgage Sale.

(First Publication June 18th, 1891.)

WHEREAS OLE PEDERSON AND GAREN Pederson, his wife, of Polk County State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of July 17th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit:

The North half of Southeast quarter, and South half of Northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160, acres to secure the payment of the sum of Five hundred and Fifty Dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said Mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July A. D. 1886, at three o'clock P. M. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 211; and,

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the sum of Thirty-eight and 50-100, Dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January A. D. 1891 and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

WHEREAS it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

WHEREAS, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

WHEREAS, There is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Six-hundred seven and 24-100 Dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in said County and State on the 8th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the fore-noon of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
JOHN CROMB, Mortgagee.
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication June 18th 1891.)

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Seven hundred twenty-seven and 27-100 ($727.27) Dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Frank Kovar and Mary Kovar, his wife, Mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company Mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of June 1886, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of June 1886, at Four o'clock P. M., in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 161, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The East half of the North-west quarter and Lots (1) and (2) Section Eighteen (18) Township One-hundred and fifty-three (153) Range Forty-eight, (48) west in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 8th day of August 1891 at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Seven hundred twenty-seven and 27-100 Dollars, and interest, and the taxes if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars, Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
JOHN CROMB, Mortgagee.
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

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OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
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Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
☞Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.☜
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

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—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of two hundred and forty-six dollars ($246 00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by David H. McGinnis to P. C. Sletten and John Cromb, of Polk County, Minnesota, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1882, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of December, A. D. 1882, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book "H" of mortgages, on page 453.

And whereas P. C. Sletten, one of the mortgagees named in said mortgage, died testate, at Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And whereas the last will and testament of the said P. C. Sletten was proved and admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And, whereas, by the terms of said will Kari Sletten, the wife of the said P. C. Sletten, was made the sole legatee and devisee of all the real and personal property of which he died seized aforesaid.

And, whereas, the Probate Court of said Polk County issued its final decree in the estate of P. C. Sletten, deceased, dated Aug. 6, 1887, by the terms of which the said Kari Sletten was decreed to have an undivided half interest in the above described mortgage, which said decree was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, on the 11th day of May, 1888, at 1:30 p. m., in book 29 of deeds, on pages 574 to 578 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block six (6), in Cromb and Sletten's subdivision of outlots in Hurlbut's addition to Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 13th day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 30th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
KARI SLETTEN,
Legatee and Devisee of P. C. Sletten,
deceased, Mortgagees
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees,
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Olaus H. Lucken, as executors of the last will and testament of Paul C. Sletten, deceased, plaintiffs, against Henry Watts Blake, Jane Blake and Henry Watts, Sr., defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 21st day of May, 1891, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the twentieth day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in block seven (7), in Cromb & Sletten's subdivision of Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 1st, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.
JOHN CROMB,
Plaintiffs Attorney. [7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nettie F. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:40 o'clock, a. m. in book "T" of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 60-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JULY,

A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meredian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 18th, A. D. 1891.

JOHNSTON WAGNER,
Mortgagee.
W. B. DOUGLAS, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-13] Moorhead, Minn.

Northern Pacific
BETWEEN
Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.
There is nothing better than the service on
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IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
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ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
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CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
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AND ELEGANT DINING CARS
THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.
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For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, HENRY SMITH AND EMMA Smith, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 152, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 30 of mortgages, on pages 581 to 583; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred sixty and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d, day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, KNUDT H. BERG AND Aguette Berg, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Horace Alling, of the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, their mortgage bearing date of November 4th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Southwest quarter (sw¼) Section 24, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 1:30 p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 180; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 57-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Horace Alling has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 57-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue of the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premies, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1891.

HORACE ALLING, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rhesa Godfrey, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages, on pages 415-18.

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due June 13th, 1889, December 13th, 1889, June 13th, 1890, and December 13th, 1890, each of said installments being for $24.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eight hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-eight cents, ($830.78), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter (w½ sw¼) of Section seventeen, (17), and west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section twenty, (20), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four, (44), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [6-13] [N. G. 67]

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Min

Notice of Mortgage Forclesure ale.

First publication May 21st, 1891.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Kindler and Minnie Kindler, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 29th day of June, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 36 of mortgages, on pages 290-2.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due December 29th, 1888, June 29th, 1889, December 29th, 1889, June 29th, 1890, and December 29th, 1890, each of said installments being for $28. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and ten cents, ($973.10) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of Section twenty-six, (26), in Township one hundred and fifty-two (152) north, of Range forty-five (45) west, containing 160 acres. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 66.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 11th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE sum of two hundred forty-seven and 30-100 dollars, ($247.30) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Hunter and Lizzie A. Hunter, his wife, to John Cromb, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the first day of May, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book T of mortgages, on page 21, and in addition thereto the further sum of sixty-four and 90-100 dollars, taxes duly assessed and levied against said premises described and conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of northwest quarter Section fourteen (14), Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes as above on said premises, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 39.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39.17 that became due May 1st, 1890, $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.90 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-one (41) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 68]

[First publication May 21st, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Kari Sletten, plaintiffs, vs. Alexander Allardyce and Mary Genrue, defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 14th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[5-11] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy; $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

WASECA ASSEMBLY.

This delightful, healthful and educational summer resort will hold its eighth annual session, July 1-22, at Waseca. Maplewood Park, on the eastern shore of Clear Lake, at Waseca, is now connected with the city by a spur track, over which hourly trains are run, accommodating all incoming trains, passengers and baggage being delivered at the Park without delay. Reduced rates are given on all railroads in the State. Visitors should procure certificates from their local agents.

A magnificent program has been prepared, and will be sent to any address. The special department are as follows. Music; Language; Literature; Pedagogy; Science; Theology; Art; Elocution; Sunday School work; Kindergarten Training; A Woman's Club; Cooking School; Physical Culture and Athletics; Children's Deparment; History; Economic Science; Epworth League; Christian Endeavor; Itinerant's Club.

Chautauqua Readers have special right of way. Recognition Day, July 21. All members of Class of '91 invited to come and graduate.

Among many attractions are the following names: James A. Green, noted traveler; Dr. Dickerman, greatest American Egyptologist; Dr. J. O. Freeman; C. F. Underhill, elocutionist; W. F. Crafts Bishop Vincent; Mme. Von Finkelstein; C. H. Cooper; Dr. Robert Christie; Dr. Jesse Bowman Young; Prof. C. E. Leslie: Mendelssohn Quartett, Prof. E. H. Foster, and others, besides readers, singers, and others too numerous to mention.

Dr. Talmage will lecure, July 22. at 3 P. m., on "Up and Down the Holy Land." Special trains will be run on this day.

Our facilities are better than ever before for giving everybody a good time. All Expenses are put at lowest possible rates. All camp supplies for rent. Hotel open June 28. Restaurant on grounds. Full program sent by Rev. S. B. Warner, 72 St. Albans St., St. Paul. Order tents of A. W. Rankin Waseca. Other information from H. C. Jennings, Red Wing, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, RICHARD CARIVEAU AND Minnie Cariveau, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Caroline C. Moulton, of the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, their mortgage bearing date of July 1st, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 11:20 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline C. Moulton, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred seven and 82-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 24th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE C. MOULTON,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

DENTISTRY.

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.
Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or looseing in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain, and at a price within the reach of all.
Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.
DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank,

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE,
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum.

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JULY 9, 1891. NO. 12.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	11 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
6 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

A Platform that Contradicts Itself.

New York Press.

Workingmen, contrast the seventh and eleventh planks of the platform adopted by the Iowa Democratic Convention, and see how hollow are that party's professions of friendship for you:

On behalf of our laboring and producing masses we renew that devotion to their interests and rights which has always been a fundamental doctrine and practice of the Democratic party. We favor all other fair and lawful methods by which labor may secure laws establishing free public employment agencies and adequate compensation, undiminished by any device for the enrichment of the few at the expense of armies of toilers. And we condemn the practice of importing contract labor for work in mines or elsewhere.	We denounce the McKinley bill, the motives of its authors and defenders, and the theory under which it is submitted for the approval of the American people. Such legislation increases the cost of the necessaries of life, promotes dishonest manufactures, trusts and combines, creates sectional envy, despoils the many for the benefit of the few, threatens the country with an aristocracy based upon ill gotten gain, and, above all, corrupts the politics of the country to as to seriously endanger the perpetuity of popular government.

Look at this, and look at that. In one breath the Iowa Democrats profess great devotion to the interests of the laboring masses and demand free public employment agencies, and in almost the next breath they denounce the greatest employment agency ever created by law, the protective tariff system. Remember what the McKinley bill does; it raises duties on goods of which we have been importing $200,000,000 a year so that we can make them in this country instead of importing them. It is building new mills and enlarging old mills in almost every corner of the land. The measure of the opportunity it gives to such mills by providing them with the home market is the success with which it keeps our imported goods. Here are seven schedules of dutiable goods on which the McKinley bill raises duties, and the amounts opposite to them are the amounts by which the imports of them for the first four months of this year are less than the imports for the first four months of last year, according to the official reports of the Government Bureau of Statistics:

Animals	$ 835,958
Breadstuffs	1,179,507
Chemicals	861,828
Cotton goods	2,023,887
Flax	6,540,022
Flax manufactures	1,357,118
Woolens	6,261,465
Total	$18,460,185

In other words the McKinley bill has cut down the imports of these dutiable goods eighteen millions and a half in four months, or at the rate of more than fifty-five millions a year. American labor on the farm and in the mill has been employed this spring in producing these eighteen millions and a half of goods. And these are only seven of the schedules of the bill. The increased duty on tin plate goes into effect on July 1st, which is next Wednesday. We import $21,000,000 of tin plate yearly, and the new duty will enable us to make a very large part of that here. If you want to see what sort of an "employment agency" that is, go over to Brooklyn and see the tin plate mill, over 300 feet long, that Somers Brothers are building.

Now honestly, workingmen, what do you think of a party that professes to want to get work for you and that howls against the greatest agency ever set on foot to make work for you? What would you think of a village councilman who promised to get work for you and then voted against giving a site to the owners of a factory who had promised to come and locate in that village if they got a site to build their mill on?

Excursion Rates.

The Great Northern Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets, from Crookston to Minneapolis and return at one and one-third fare for the round trip, to attend the convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, to be held in that city from July 9th to 12th. [11-12]

Trade and Money.

New York Press.

"Every prospect pleases," as the missionary hymn says, "and only man is vile." Legitimate business all over the United States is waiting to be done, in volume great enough to call for enormous activity. The clearing up sales in the metropolitan dry goods district showed that there was a steady demand for bargains whenever concessions were offered, and often when none were offered. Pittsburg sold 309,339 tons of raw iron during June to date, as against 199,460 for the corresponding weeks of 1890, 121,915 for 1889, 93,085 for 1888, and 78,890 for 1887. Iron stocks are light and prices steady as before. There is an active demand for merchant iron, and even here in New York there is a little more business in pig iron. Our exports of wheat and wheat flour from both coasts for four weeks of June are 9,193,155 bushels, as against 6,406,157 in June last year, and 5,749,202 in June, 1889. And yet in spite of all these decidedly favorable signs the public shakes its head because $5,350,000 gold was exported last week, bringing the total for the year close up to $70,000,000.

What is the matter? The renewal of gold exports, when everybody but a couple of newspaper prophets thought they were about over, is easily explained. The Bank of England was satisfied, but the Bank of France and the Bank of Germany now want gold, the former offering five days' interest for gold and the latter ten. Now both of the countries represented by these banks will want our breadstuffs badly, and our large exports of the latter already show the drift of the general foreign demand. And yet money is easy here with the ease of stagnation and distrust, and nobody borrows or takes any other risk unless it is necessary. Edward Atkinson, who certainly cannot be accused of partisan bias, writes Bradstreet's that the trouble is caused by the votes of the South, the Southwest and the West in favor of reckless silver legislation. They have simply stopped investment in their own enterprises, and yet, as Mr. Atkinson puts it, "every condition exists that might bring about activity in trade, induce enterprise with a corresponding ready investment of capital upon credit." In proof of this he quotes the new figures of "Poor's Railway Manual" concerning the traffic of 1890, and we will reproduce them as a clincher to the argument furnished by the volume of the iron trade and the exports of breadstuffs for June:

	1890.	Increase per cent.
Miles of railroad operated	157,976	3.40
Freight moved, tons	701,344,437	13.28
Freight moved, tons, 1 mile	79,192,985,125	15.42
Passengers carried	520,439,087	5.13
Passengers carried, 1 mile	12,521,165,649	4.78
Earnings from freight	$740,374,844	11.08
Earnings from passengers	$273,644,439	5.41
Miscellaneous earnings	$72,000,024	8.00
Total gross earnings	$1,086,040,237	9.40
Net earnings	341,066,869	7.40
Earnings per ton per mile	0.935c.	*4.30

*Decrease.

In view, however, of the action of the Cabinet last Friday in all but unanimously backing up Secretary Foster in his determination not to coin into silver dollars the 4,500,000 ounces purchased monthly, after July 1, we think business men have grounds for greater confidence in the outlook. It moreover seems to the Press that not enough importance has been attached to the inroads that the McKinley bill will make on our imports, and on the amount of gold that we send abroad. Already our exports of domestic merchandise for the seven months from the approval of the bill to the 30th of April exceed the imports by $82,288,977, and every business man knows that in many lines of goods large enough stocks were imported to supply the market for at least a part of another season. So it seems reasonable to expect a great slump of the imports in a few months, which means that more money is to stay at home, as American products take the place of the imported. In view of the operations of the McKinley bill and the Harrison administration's firm stand on silver, The Press expects to see this gold come back to us from Europe.

The St. Paul Globe:—Senator Halvor Steenerson, every time he comes to St. Paul, somebody says he is a candidate for congress. Well, he is at the Merchants', but he unkindly dampens the ardor of sensational writers with a simple declaration: "I am not in politics." I have some little business to attend to, and if I know my business, I will not accept a nomination for anything. I can't afford the luxury. It's all right if a man is wealthy, you know. Crookston is growing," he said, to divert the attention of the reporter. "We have just opened an opera house that cost $50,000. It is the best west of the Twin Cities, and then there is our hotel. It will be a beauty. The crops are all we can ask, and we pastoral people are happy, even without political concomitants. And there is our new railroad scheme. You know we are going to have the Duluth & Winnipeg at our place. Oh, we are a progressive city, and your metropolitan people will begin to think about us the next few years."

D. & W. TERMINALS.

Practically Settled That They Will Be Located in West Superior.

Duluth Sunday Tribune.

It is now believed by those in a position to know that the question of locating the terminals of the Duluth & Winnipeg has been settled, and that the city across the bay is to have them. The terms of agreement were given exclusively by the Tribune four days ago, and have been accepted by the company.

"This surmise is further confirmed," said the Tribune's informant, "by the fact that when, recently, Mr. Fisher was told that there was a proposition being considered by the people to bond St. Louis county for a certain amount and to divide the fund between the different Duluth roads with terminals here, he stated that he did not wish to be bound on the matter of locating the terminals of the Duluth & Winnipeg in Duluth."

"You will find that this change will be effected, and that the change in the route to Crookston as stated in the Tribune, will also be carried out, as the inducements offered by the people in the Red River Valley and the weighty judgment of Sir Roderick Cameron, has made it worth the while of the company to abandon their land grant through an undeveloped and profitless territory for the new one through a fairly well settled country. Besides, Mr. Brice, who owns large timber tracts on the new route, and is a large stock holder in the company, also desires the change."

Women and Bicycles.

New York Press.

When Bishop Coxe, in a recent public address, condemned the practice of bicycle riding by women he raised a considerable breeze. The small army of feminine cyclists throughout the land didn't like the Bishop's remarks. They felt that their own judgment and the wishes and beliefs of their natural masculine protectors were competent to govern their conduct in the matter of bicycle riding, and they objected, not unnaturally, to the Bishop's declaration that a woman on a bicycle put him in mind of a witch on a broomstick.

The newspapers of the country have commented freely and cheerfully upon the good Bishop's anti-bicycle deliverance. With characteristic American gallantry they have generally side with the ladies in the contest, holding, evidently, to the belief that the American woman should have full liberty to adopt any mode of locomotion that suited her, and that, whether she rode bicycle or a broncho, she was sure to do it with a degree of grace and skill that rendered the act highly becoming.

Some of our contemporaries, indeed, have gone so far as to poke fun at the Bishop in a highly irreverent manner. One of them, published in the fine old conservative town of Baltimore, even asserts that "though he may know a great deal about some things" he is in "painful ignorance" of the necessity of vigorous outdoor exercise for women and girls. Such treatment of the Bishop is to be deprecated. It is disrespectful and uncalled for. And we think our contemporary's argument respecting the necessity of vigorous outdoor exercise for women is a lame one. There are several occupations that furnish such exercise besides bicycle riding.

There is chopping wood, for instance. Chopping wood is universally admitted to be a healthful exercise. And it is undeniably vigorous. The Bishop, so far as we know, has not declared against the practice of feminine woodsmanship. Conscientious women who are troubled by his opposition to their riding the wheel might compromise by chopping wood.

The reverend gentleman's remark that the American girl on a bicycle looked like a witch, is susceptible of two interpretations. The Press prefers to adopt the more agreeable of the two. The typical young woman of this republican land is certainly a good deal of a witch. And it must be confessed that, clad in her dainty bicycling costume and spinning, with eyes and cheeks aglow, on her steel steed through the smooth parkways by the side of brother or lover, she is bewitching enough to be publicly called a witch—even by a Bishop.

Excursion Rates

TO SAENGERFEST SINGING SOCIETY, TO BE HELD AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., JULY 16TH TO 22D.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will make rate of one and one-third fare for round trip, Crookston to Minneapolis and return. Tickets on sale July 16th and 17th, good to return until July 22d.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
[11-13] Crookston, Minn.

McKINNON BROS.,
—DEALERS IN—
ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements
MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.
Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

Fontaine & Anglim,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c	100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c	50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c	50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c A Good Summer Corset 50c A Good Black Corset 50c	NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

Fontaine & Anglim.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

DON'T FORGET TO SEE
Herman Rasmussen
At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
NEW GOODS.
A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS
TRADE MARK. REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY & PALEN
COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.
MONEY
On Real Estaes
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Marvland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

COUNTY NEWS.

McIntosh.

From the McIntosh Times.

A large amount of breaking is being done this year.

When completed, J. P. Johnson's residence will be the handsomest in the city.

The editor visited Crookston, for dental repairs last Thursday. Dr. Robertson was the architect, and as a skilled D. D. S. he is unexcelled.

H. L. Peake, of Crookston, arrived in the city Saturday with a complete stock of harnesses etc, and commenced business at once. He will occupy the rooms formerly occupied by Dr. McEachran.

Two car loads of Plano harvesting machinery, one for McIntosh and one for Fosston, were received last Tuesday and are being rapidly disposed of. The Plano Co. condesended to come down to a reasonable figure and deal with the Alliance, and in return they should receive the patronage and support of every member of the Alliance.

A social hop, thoroughly enjoyed by all present, was given at John Koppang's new building Saturday evening.

A time game of base ball between the McIntosh Stars and the Mentor Club, was played in the city on Saturday last, between trains. The score stood 27 to 29 in favor of Mentor, and the boys left for home highly elated over the way they scooped the champions of the Thirteen Towns.

FERTILE ITEMS.

From the Fertile Journal,

A Boddy was in Fertile Tuesday. He reports crops are looking the best he ever saw them in this neighborhood.

Mrs. A. Nelson, is visiting her parents in Wisconsin. During her absence the Dr. is staying at the Fertile House.

Tom Nesseth's team made things lively on our streets Monday night by running away. The occupants of the buggy got out of it before anything serious happened.

Richard Ohm has bought a mill at Thief River Falls and expects to move there with his family soon,

A jolly party was held at the residence of J. S. Nichols in the town of Liberty Tuesday night. Quite a number from this place were in attendance.

Henry Gaylord sold two farms this week. Land around this locality is being bought up rapidly. All we need is a good crop this fall and things will boom here next year.

Excursion Rates

TO YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIETY OF CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR CONVENTION, TO BE HELD AT MINNEAPOLIS JULY 9TH TO 12TH.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets, Crookston to Minneapolis and return, at one and one-third fare for the round trip.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
[11-12] Crookston, Minn.

AN EASY CHAIR.

A large share of men's inventive genious has always been devoted to making himself comfortable, but it is only within the present century that his efforts have been crowned with success. Take the matter of chairs, for instence. It was a long time before the descendents of Adam and Eve could devise anything better for a seat than a log or a boulder. And even when chairs were invented, they were reserved for Kings, Emporors, Priests and high personages. Among some so-called civilized nations of the present day, sitting cross-legged on a mat is the only method recognized as the correct thing, even in Japan, whose people are styled the "Yankees of the Orient."

Of all the people of the world, the American is the leader in that which conduces to comfort, and it is in our own country improvements are eagerly adopted. The inhabitant of the cottage, as well as the dweller in the palace, insist that his furniture shall be easy and luxurious. Accustomed to his cushioned chair and slippers at home, the American when he travels requires the same attention paid to his comfort. He will journey not only swiftly but softly and easily. Every effort is made to satisfy the demand, and hence the evolution of the sleeping, parlor and dining cars for railroad travel. These, however, were so far luxuries that their enjoyment involved expense beyond the cost of a railroad ticket, and thus many worthy people were debarred from the enjoyment of the rich. The question confronted the railroads. Must thousands of independent American sovereigns be made to feel that they are only just common people? Perish the thought! We will provide them better than even the luxurious coaches now in use, and this accommodation shall be free." The result of this determination was the reclining chair car. To be sure, the traveler bound for St. Paul, Minneapolis or the bright and bustling cities that dot the shores of the majestic Mississippi could enjoy the Pullman sleeper or the parlor car, but a uniformed guard stood at the portal and exacted a round fee for entrance. The Burlington has been quick to discern and prompt to supply what would add to the comfort of the traveling public, and now places in its day trains a service of reclining chair cars, free of all charges, fees or exaction of any sort. Its day trains, thundering along the east bank of the Mississippi for full three hundred and fifty miles, unroll before the traveler's eye such a panorama of scenery, grand, beautiful and charming, that has gained the title of the "Scenic Mississippi River Route." To these trains, leaving Minneapolis and St. Paul every evening, except Sunday, and Chicago every evening except Saturday, are now attached the chair cars, No. 550, No. 553 or No. 556. Let us board one of these for a trip southward. Entering the vestibule we are in a short aisle, on one side of which, neatly inclosed, is a Baker heater, which maintains an agreeable temperature by circulation of hot water in pipes running the whole length of the car. On the opposite side is the ladies' lavatory. Enter the body of the car. From the floor, composed of narrow strips of dark and light woods alternating, to the richly polished dark paneling of the sides, and the lighter and more brightly decorated ceiling, from which depend double lamps of crystal glass and glistening nickel, we find nothing but what is pleasing to the eye, speaking of comfort and of ease. Passing through, in the other extremity is a commodious smoking room and lavatory for the use of gentlemen, the size of which is a surprise to those who are familiar with the narrow limits of other cars. Now that we have had our smoke, let us sit down with our fellow passengers. The seat is roomy—no crowding from your fat neighbor; let the side arms back a couple of notches and you could not be more delightfully ensconced in your easy chair at home. To your left is the placid and beautiful Lake St. Croix The lofty bluffs and the magnificent sweep of the river are wonderful in their loveliness. And now we swing around the towering heights of "Maiden's Rock," and the broad blue expanse of Lake Pepin comes into view. There is a flutter of ribbons among the ladies on the right, a craning of necks out the windows, and exclamation of delight are heard. This is the luxury of day travel, and among these well-pleased people the uniformed porter moves quietly, adjusting a window here and handing a glass of water there. It is after dinner and we have left La Crosse. You feel like taking a nap? Pull out that foot rest and let your chair-back fall another notch or two. Well, just one more word—you have seen almost "all kinds and conditions of men" here, but the "railroad hog," who spreads himself over two double seats and gets his feet on the cushions, is "not in it" in this place. What, dropped off to slumber already? Well goodbye, and we are sure whenever you have a daylight journey to make up or down the river, you will travel by The Burlington, the only free reclining chair car line between the Twin Cities and Chicago.

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. It emits no smoke, is odorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western Line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line, leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul, 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for manufacture of Pintsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line," and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel. [11-16]

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 9, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 85.
2 Northern 83.
3 Northern 79.
1 Northern 74.

Refreshing showers on Monday.

Senator Lommen is in St. Paul this week.

The city needs a public watering trough.

Register Dickmann was in St. Paul last week.

Straw hats and parasols at your own price, at Gervais, the "hustler's."

Dist, Atty. Eugene Hay was in the city on Monday.

The Great Northern folks are putting in a new platform.

S. E. Chapin was over from Grand Forks on Monday.

County Atty. Holston left for St. Paul on Sunday evening.

Don't forget Gervais', the "hustler's," remnant sale. Look over his ad.

Prof. Casey read the Declaration of Independence at Fisher.

Great remnant sale, commencing Saturday, July 11th, at Gervais', the "hustler's."

J. L. Hanson has put a new floor into his place and is fixing up a bit.

Ladies, do not forget that Mrs. E. E. Bangs is in earnest in her clearing out sale. Call and see.

Senator Jas. Hill, of Wisconsin, is up visiting at the farm awhile.

B. N. Thayer a special Land Office agent was in the city on Monday.

Miss Helen Halverson returned from a pleasant trip to Duluth last week.

An elevator at Warren took fire on Monday and was entirely consumed.

A great many people from the country came in to celebrate on the Fourth.

Wheat took a 3 cent jump on Tuesday morning reaching 85 cents for 1 hard.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. Morrisey.

Strawberries about played out. There were thousands of 'em but mostly very small.

P. J. LaChapellie's trotter got away with the crowd at Fisher on the fourth.

Call at Rasmunson's new hardware store, on east Main street for bargains in hardware.

New potatoes begin to show up in the market. In a few days they will be very plentiful.

Gervais, the "hustler," is sole agent for the elastic pillows. Go and see them.

Charlie Lowe returned from a trip to the east side last week. Charlie says the crops are looking very nicely.

"Col, Paluse" read the Declaration of Independence at McIntosh. Carruth says a rose by any other name would be as sweet.

Go to Gervais, the "hustler," and get one of those cool and refreshing elastic pillows. They are just the thing for warm weather.

Hundreds have enjoyed a romp on the prairies after wild strawberries this season. In some cases the romp was all they did get.

See Gervais' new ad, and when you want a bargain go and see the hustler. He is on deck every time always prepared to do business.

Do you want to trade a house and lot in town for a quarter section of land near the city? If so call and see what we can do for you.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

Chase Misner was in from [illegible] Euclid on Monday on business [illegible] connected with the sale of the [illegible] to Herm[illegible]d. Charbonneau farm [illegible]an Wallace.

Spring and summer goods must be cleaned out, regardless of cost.

Gervais, the "Hustler."

Rev. B. H. Battey extends a special invitation to men and boys to attend services at the Congregational church on Sunday morning next.

Our band went to Fisher on the Fourth. Over 200 tickets were sold at the Great Northern depot, and many drove over in carriages and buggies.

Special prices on carpets and house furnishing goods at Gervais', the "hustler's."

"We are minding our waize," is what Pat told all passers by while the street force was laying the new cross-walks on Main and Robert streets on Monday.

Engineer Fred Chapin and wife were spending the Fourth with her folks in the city. Fred says that old Polk County leads 'em all for crops this year.

P. J. Russel celebrated the arrival of a 12 lb, boy at his house on July 4th. Our office force were smoking good cigars on Monday to the health of the young attorney.

Grand Forks Herald:—Mrs. Mix and Mrs. Walker, daughters of Major Mix and Col. Shapleigh of Crookston, were in the city, shopping and visiting with Mrs. H. P. Rucker.

WHAT THEY DID

On July 4th.

Although no regular set program had been arranged, Crookston people celebrated the good old day in a thoroughly independent manner, some going to suburban towns, others remaining quietly at home taking a large-sized rest, some going strawberrying, some fishing, hunting, &c.

Ald. Jennings hitched Billy to a two seated buggy and took Ned and the family out to see how snipes are shot in season. Max went along to see that no chickens were raked in by mistake.

When asked how he should celebrate, Bankrupt Wilson sat down on Misner's steps and remarked in a tuneful manner: "Oh, I'm too young to know I and besides every livery rig in the city is engaged for all day. That makes my Foote tired."

Charlie Misner celebrated by shutting up the alliance barber shop one whole half-day and devoting the time to getting acquainted with his family.

The Central house put up a line of shade trees, flung out the Starry Banner to the breeze, fired anvils and cannon crackers and celebrated on the true Amerian plan.

Cashier Ellington sat on the bank steps and mourned because there had not been a big program arranged. He said: "Fourth of July is the only day when I feel like turning myself loose for a royal good time; it is the only proper day for Americans to celebrate and we make a mistake here, whenever we allow it to pass unnoticed, no matter whatever else may happen. I tell you I don't believe in crowding out the good old day of American freedom and it makes me tired to think of it."

Harry Palmer shouldered his fish pole and demonstrated by a nice string of fish that he is pretty good on the catch.

Rapin sent his corn parer over to the barber-shop to be honed, after which—we don't know what he did with it.

Post-master Dawley shut up and shaved.

C. W. Foote talked strongly of buying a rig, when he was told that every livery rig in town was engaged, said they "needed it in their business," anyhow. In the afternoon we observed that he was nicely rigged out all right.

Max Ericsson spent the day entertaining that Job's comforter on the back of his neck.

Dept. postmaster McLean got a handsome rig, an elegant girl, (that sentence will read right both ways) and went out on the prairie four miles to chaw gum. He took a doctor along—a lock-jaw specialist—but didn't require his services Just then. About 5 o'clock he came back to town on foot and alone still struggling manfully with that gum.

Attorney Stanton soared the American eagle at Fertile.

Attorney Montague went down to ask Fisherites: "Is it wise?" They say he made an eloquent speech, which he can do if Levi Myers is not there to comment.

Dr. Just threw physic to the dogs for the nonce, and dressed in a handsome smile, went out on the prairie to help postmaster McLean chaw gum and shoot crackers.

Clerk of the Court, Nels Muns, spent the day at Fertile. Says they had a big time.

Ald. E. D. Childs spent the day picnicing in the grove with his partner, Senator Hill, of Wisconsin.

The Journal man went over to the farm to get something good to eat and to pick strawberries.

City Attorney O'Brien and Dept. Sheriff Losey went out upon the broad prairie to commune with nature. As they had good company they did not get tired.

Sheriff Grundysen went to Dakota to skelebrate.

Atty. Ed. George shot off his mouth down at McIntosh, and they do say he did exceedingly well.

His Honor, Mayor McKinnon, after giving the freedom of the city to all who should come, took the train for Grand Forks.

John C. Welles is up visiting the farm at Edna. Says that his crops are looking nicely this year, and he is satisfied that, barring hail or drouth, he will have a very large harvest.

The Journal is informed that Sivert Hoff had his nose smashed one day last week, by his partner in the saloon business. A little misunderstanding arose, then a beer glass arose and broke Severt's nose; thus the beer business goes.

Last year Remi Fortier bought a pair of Toulouse geese of Jos. Laframboise and this year has 28 fine thrifty goslings. The old goose laid 40 eggs most of which were set under hens. That is a pretty fair rate of increase.

We have some choice Holstein Friesian heifers and cows for sale cheap if taken at once, or will accept payment in good paper due Nov. 1st '91. Now is your chance to get a good bargain in cows. [12-tf]

S. M. McKee says that he kept book account with a lot of hogs while fattening them and that for the feed they ate the amount of money they brought when slaughtered paid double the market price for the grain. He says: "Of course it pays to raise hogs here."

Lands For the Landless.

By the kindness of Hugh Robertson, of the Land Office, we are enabled to present to our readers the amount of government land yet remaining in the district, as follows:

	Acres subject to entry.	Acres unsurveyed.
Kittson County	543,700	348,600
Marshall County	66,585	57,600
Polk County	29,004	1,280
Norman County	None	None
Clay County	2,949	"
Becker County	37,692	"
Otter Tail County	2,080	"
Beltrami County	48,233	116,200
Total	730,243	523,680

An agricultural exchange asks: "Do hogs pay?" Our experience leads us to remark that some of 'em don't.

Very many have commenced to cut the immense grass crop than which a larger never grew in the Valley. New hay is a familiar sight on our market—in fact there is not much else.

Jos. Laframboise returned last week from his trip to Montana. Says he sold his stock to good advantage. He says our crops are far ahead of any he saw in the west and he thinks we have every reason to be hopeful of our future.

Prof. Luger returned to St. Paul on Saturday evening. M. E. Kirsch went with him into Marshall County the latter part of the week where they found the conditions similar to those existing here. To be on the safe side the farmers will use the dozer freely.

It would cramp you to see Mayor McKinnon breaking in his new bicycle. If he don't get the critter more tractable pretty soon he will have to get an ordinance passed to widen the streets or turn the bike loose on the prairie to give him plenty of room for side tracking. He thinks if he can only get the machine used to his motions it will be very convenient to have in the family.

If you are looking for a bargain on a farm call at this office and see what we can do for you. We can sell you two farms with little improvement upon them for a small sum each; we can sell you a half section with 220 acres in crop, 100 acres broken, 80 acres fenced good artisian well and good buildings; or we can sell you ¾ section with buildings and improvements, all of which is near the city of Crookston. Call and see us.

Regular services at the Congregational church next Sunday conducted by the Pastor. 11. A. M, subject of sermon "Men and Religion." 8. P. M. "The Night Before the Exodus." A general invitation is extended to all; but to men and boys in particular to attend the morning service. Then the evening discourse will be the 3d in the historical course on "Night Scenes in Bible History." Kindly greeting, seats free, come early.

Chief Gonyea went to Fergus Falls on Monday night with a crazy man, named Geo. Palzer. The man was first observed to be slightly off on Sunday and he soon became violent and tried to break windows out of St. Ann's church. After he was arrested and put in a cell he would dash his fist against the sides with all his might and he had to be secured. He seemed to have rational moments when he was apparently as sane as anybody. After he was put on the train he gave no further trouble.

Meeting our reporter on Tuesday Louis Berthiaume said: "I've been around a great deal since the reports of 'hoppers in our midst got into circulation and my opinion is that there is no danger to the present crop to speak of, but that, to my mind, does not relieve us of the necessity for using every endeavor to kill off as many as possible of them on account of the mischief they may do an other year. I believe that you cannot too strongly urge farmers to use the dozer thoroughly wherever a 'hopper be found.

The Journal has more than once spoken about the advisability of a public watering trough, but so far our city authorities have seemed to be content to have things rub along sort o' free and easy, and we never have had one, except when some individual was public spirited enough to furnish it. A public watering trough should be put in on Market street and maintained, and if the water works company did not see fit to supply the water for that purpose the city should do it at its own expense. It shows a great lack of enterprise for the city to force her farmer patron to take his team to the river for water or go thirsty, and we believe it must be charged more to negligence than anything else, for certainly the small expense necessary to put up and maintain such an institution can cut no figure. By all means let us have a watering trough on one of the market streets and let it be done at once so that the thirsty teams of our patrons may be refreshed on these hot days. What say you, gentlemen of the council?

Polk County Alliance.

At the annual meeting of Polk County Alliance at the Court House on Wednesday, July 1st, H. G. Mitchell, of Woodside, was elected president; J. D. Knudson, McIntosh, secretary; Rev. S. Currie, of Euclid, lecturer, and A. Berthiaume, of Gentilly, treasurer. About 70 delegates were present and resolutions favoring action with the People's Party adopted. Rev. Geo. Muller, of St. Paul, was present and gave an address urging harmony and unity.

Cash Paid.

For Hogs, and meat cured to order at the Crookston Packing House. [9-12]

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Great Remnant Sale
AT
THE MAMMOTH
Commencing Saturday, July 11th, 1891,
A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a
GREAT SACRIFICE.
ALSO
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.
CARPETS
AND
House Furnishing Goods
A SPECIALTY.
☞ Agent for those Cool Elastin Pillows. ☜
GERVAIS'=THE HUSTLER

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

I. O. O. F. Block, - - Robert Street.

LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.
A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by
C. H. SAAKE. The Jeweler, - - Crookston, Minn.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY!
BUY OF SLOCUM,
The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.
SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.
HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?
Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.
W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

YOU CAN BUY
AT STURE'S
TO BETTER ADVANTAGE
THAN ELSEWHERE.
TRY IT.
A. STURE.

Marshall County Leader:—Mr. Bert Bivins, our old hardware man, was in town from Argyle as bright and happy as ever. He says he was out to see the Gas well near Warren a few days ago, and that there is no doubt whatever, about its being a Gas well all right with a big G. The well is about a mile and a half due west from Warren on the farm of a Mr. Huggard of Crookston. It is ninety feet deep and piped, the pipe extending perhaps seven feet above ground. It is fully under control, a cap being used to close the end of the pipe. When the cap is first removed a stream of water shoots high in the air for a short time and is followed by the gas which burns readily and with such intense heat that it is very uncomfortable at a distance of fifteen feet. Mr. Huggard says the flow of gas does not appear to diminish in the least, although it has now been escaping most of the time for several weeks. If there should be no cessation in the flow Warren will doubtless conduct the gas into town through pipes and utilize it. It is a well known fact, that there is also coal underlying parts of this county. The resources of the Valley have never half been told,

For Sale Cheap.

Mooie 2d, a thoroughbred, registered Holstein-Friesian bull, five years old; will be sold cheap if taken at once. For particulars address this office. [12-tf]

Band Program.

The Queen City band will give there regular Friday evening concert at the corner of Broadway and second Street, presenting the following

Program

1. March, Commercial Travellers, by R. Williams.
2. Charge of the Hoosers, by Von Frank Spindler.
3. Overture, Rip VanWinkle, by E. Brooks.
4. Gavotte, The Rivolet, by T. P. Brook.
5. Waltzs Schatz, Strass.
6. Polanaise Happy youth by Swan.
6. March Nixe Weazel by Hazel

G. A. R. COMRADES.

Who mean to attend the National Encampment at Detroit in August, should take notice that "The Burlington" is the only line from Minneapolis and St. Paul via Chicago over which tickets for the Encampment can be purchased at reduced rates. For further particulars as to rates, dates, etc., call on your nearest Agent, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. [12-15]

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made. This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

CHAMPION MOWERS AND BINDERS.

Moe & Buhn, at Mentor, are prepared to fill all orders for the celebrated Champion Mowers & Binders. [10-13]

Lost Sheep.

Came on my premises about June 10th, five sheep. Supposed to belong to a camper who was on his way to St. Hilaire. Owner can recover by calling on Frank Bivins. St. Hilair Spectator please copy.

TAKEN UP.

In my garden on Thursday June 11th two small pigs three or four months old. Owner can recover the same by calling on the undersigned, proving property and paying expenses.
[9-15] R. Lehmann.

Boarding House.

Fourth door south from old opera house, corner of Broadway and Loring Street, first-class meals for 20 cents. [6-12]

Sewing-Girl Wanted.

Miss. Minnie Bailey wants to engage the services of a good sewing-girl None other need apply.

Estray.

Came on my premises on section 19, town of Vineland on Sunday June 28th, one iron grey two-year-old yelding colt with white stripe in his face. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and recuver the same.

John Steenerson
[11-13]

Owing to continued ill health, Mrs. E. E. Bangs has decided to close out her business and remove to Utah to live. For this reason she offers to dispose of her goods at and below cost. As she intends to close by August first, all who wish to secure a rare bargain should call early as she now has a large and elegant stock to select from. This is no humbug as you can readily ascertain by a call at her store on Second street.

COUNTY NEWS.

St. Hilaire Items.

St. Hilaire Spectator.

C. A. Johnson was in town last Monday and says that he has found an infallible remedy for cut worms which are doing considerable damage this year. He says to saturate rags with kerosene and put in the garden and the pests will leave. It is worth trying.

Mrs John Lundeen has been taken sick with typhoid fever and Dr. Dunlop of Crookston was up today. He says that the rest of the family are all doing fairly well but that Mrs Lundeen is very sick. The Doctor also attended C. G. Rapp's baby and Anders Kolsted's daughter while here.

A daughter of Anders Kolsted is dangerously sick with penumonia.

D. E. Hatlestad came up from Crookston last Friday to act as attorney for C. A. Bergstrom in the case of Bergstrom vs Hendrickson. The case came up last Saturday before Justice Hanson and was taken upon a charge of venue before Justice Ives. J. C. Mathews acted as attorney for the defendant Judgement was found for plaintiff for $10:75.

C. G. Rapp's baby has been dangerously sick the past week but is now much better.

Dr. J. L. Hennemuth left last Friday for California where he expects to make his home in the future.

We learn that the Bramsness family are all recovering slowly and there is little doubt but that they will all recover.

Euclid Items.

The farmers Alliance met Tuesday and elected delegates to send to the county convention. The names of the delegates are Mr. Hancock and Rev. Mr. Curriey.

Victor Tiedt went to Crookston Tuesday to interview Dr. Dunlop in respect to his shoulder. Dunlop knows how to cure them up in good stlye.

Andrew Shee is up from Minneapolis visiting his brother in Numedal. He says this county looks fine and Numedal is the boss town.

N. C. Rukke was over from Grand Forks trying to induce some of the Euclidites to take a threshing rig.

C. E. Harrington's horse left him at Belgian Park July 4th, and now Harrington is going around asking "Where am my hoss."

M. P. Losey is compelled to enlarge his barn on account of his growing trade. Mr. Losey spares no pains in making his guests a "home of comfort."

The Farmers Alliance will elect their new officers July 14th. M. P. Losey and Mr. S. Currie's term expires on the day. The order regrets the loss of such competent officers.

A number of the Euclid people had a private picnic at Lake Belgnina July 4th. They report a good time.

A special went through Tuesday conveying the officials over the road.

Friday Charlic Casmey and George Nelson got into a spicy confab and Charlie celebrates with a game eye this year.

A number of people went to Warren Saturday and had a good time.

Warren is the place to go to have a good time. The people did all they could to entertain their guests. The races were of special note.

A number of the Euclid boys inspected the new Warren Jail Saturday. Call on the boys if you want to know how it looks.

Thief River Items

Thief River Falls Press,

Wheat is beginning to head out and bids fair to surpass all other years in yield.

Chas. and Thomas Henderson and George Walker were in town the first of the week on their return from an exploring expedition on the head waters of the Red Lakes. They found a settlement on the Tamarac and Mosquito river from Sparta, Wis. They found plenty of good pine on all these streams the best being on the streams mentioned. They are no doubt working in the interest of Wisconsin parties.

Mr. Richard Ohm, who with Mr. Jacklin lately purchased the North Spring mills, started for St. Paul Monday to secure a competent millwright to repair the mill and also a supply of new machinery. They intend to make great improvements in this mill which will take about six weeks, when they are in hopes to start up and run it to its fullest capacity this fall.

Fisher Items.

From the Bulletin.

While at Crookston, Monday last, we called on the Journal and swapped yarns with Editor Cooke. Mr. Cooke seems to hold his own, in spite of opposition. He intimated that there might be another "new plant, which will knock 'em all out."

Let every resident of Fisher do his utmost to royal entertain visitors today. Show the denizens of Crookston what a genuine Fourth of July celebration is.

We notice, by the Twin City papers that Deputy Grand Master, Dr. Lankester, did himsel proud at the laying of the corner stone of the new Odd Fellows block at Minneapolis, Friday evening of last week. He made the proclamation laying the corner stone and also delivered a speech. The Doctor is appreciated in behalf of his earnest work for the order.

Verily, the road of a baseball manager is not always laid out in a bed of roses. The Crookston Times, when the team of that place beat Grand Forks, could not say too much for the baseball boys. Now, when Grand Forks wins, the Times calls them "babies" and jumps onto them with both feet. It certainly must encourage Manager Cleary, to receive such support from the press.

What we believe to be the oldest mower in active use was found last week on the farm of J. Paulson, Sec. 56, Town of Shelly, Norman county. It has been run each season for twenty-six years, and Mr. Paulson says it "is good for fifty more."

Excursion Rates

To Saengerfest Singing Society, to be held at Minneapolis, July 16th to 22d.

The Great Northern Railroad Company will make a rate of one and one-third fare for round trip, Crookston to Minneapolis and return. Tickets on sale July 16th and 17th, good to return until the 22d. [11-13]

Geo. Vine, of the Robert Street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

THE RAIL SITUATION.

What Jim Hill is Expected to do Just Now.

Duluth Herald.

A St Paul newspaper writer says that Twin city railway circles are considerably interested in the probable location of the Duluth & Winnipeg extension. A great effort is being made to induce the stock-holders of the road to tap the Red River Valley and compete with the Great Northern in that country. The proposed move would take the route of the Duluth, Red, Lake Falls & Northern recently surveyed from Grand Rapids west, going north of Leech lake, while Hill's system, lying south of Leech lake, would be either via Brainerd to Milaca, a still shorter line from Leech lake into the Eastern Minnesota not far out from Duluth.

Whatever routes or lines are laid it is very evident that Northern Minnesota is on the eve of some important railway development. It is whispered about that the Duluth & Winnipeg proposes to get even with the Great Northern line, which it holds responsible for the defeat of the celebrated Duluth & Winnipeg land grant bill in the senate last winter. This claim is of course the merest buncome and can only injure both roads.

WHALEBACK TOBOGGAN.

The Steamer Colby's Exciting Plunge Down The Rapids of the St, Lawrence Last Week

Running With the Speed of an Express Train Directly at the Fearful But Tried Dangers of the Rapids.

An Interesting Account of One of the Notable Marine Events of the Century.

Duluth Herald.

Last Sunday's New York Press contains a graphic account of the Whaleback Colby's perilous trip through the rapids of the St. Lawrence, of which the following is a part.

The steamer left Prescott at 3 o,clock Tuesday morning. She had water ballast and drew 6 feet 9 aft and 5 feet 6 forward. On board besides the crew were: A. D. Thompson of Duluth, a director of the American Steel Barge company; Capt. McDougall, of Duluth, manager of the company; an insurance agent and your correspondent. Three miles down the pilots experimented with the steering gear to see how soon they could turn her, as there are so many short turns to be made in the swift water and rapids. Three sharp turns were made, the boat obeying her helm instantly' "quicker than a flash," said the pilots, and he was right. The pilot who have been in the business forty years said that never before had they stood at the wheel of a boat which could be handled so easily, and that the trip down the river could surely be made without accident.

As the steamer gathered headway the absence of all heaving was noticeable. She was as steady as a log. She entered the first rapids, the Galops, flying, increasing her headway eight miles an hour. As she pointed her head into the edge of the rapids and her bow sank in the swift water she seemed like a mammoth toboggan starting down a chute. At the pitch in the Galops the water runs twenty miles an hour, and the Colby plowed into it. She went through the few breakers perfectly. At the foot of the Galops a sharp swing was made toward the American shore. She obeyed her helm like a yacht. The Iroquois rapids were run easily. At Morrisburg the small tug Alert steamed out and followed the Colby the balance of the trip, so as to be near with a line in case of an accident.

Farran's Point was passed at 5:55. Here the water begins to run at an alarming rate of speed. A sharp turn was made into a very narrow channel. At 6:20 the Long Sault, a rapid nine miles in length with breakers like ocean waves at the head, was in sight. This is the first of the really dangerous rapids. The Press man stationed himself at the extreame bow of the boat. Imagine standing on the back of a huge whale going at the rate of a passenger train, with spray flying, the mist drenching and a sensation that every moment the animal would sink, leaving you at the mercy of the waves.

The breakers ahead looked impassible, but she heads into them. Down hill she plunges. There is not a roll, not a shake, only a gentle undulation as she tosses through the waves. On she went, in and out from point to point, running so close to the shore at times that it seemed as though she must strike the bank, but the pilot was ready at every turn and brought the steamer around with seemingly marvelous skill.

Cornwall was passed at 6:50. Lake St. Frances was enteted at 9:20. Four miles from the foot of the lake the steamer was stopped to await the Alert. The steamer once more started ahead, and commenced the most perlious part of her voyage, Coteau, Cedar, Split Rock and Cascade rapids.

At 10:05 she passed the Canadian Atlantic bridge, and Coteau rapids were entered. Here the engine was stopped, as the Coteau and the following rapids are extremely shallow, and the bottom is full of sharp rocks. She jammed into the first rapid with terrific speed, and was within ten feet of Rocky Shoal, that stood far out in the water, and sailors became suddenly quiet and looked at the old French pilot with intense interest. She grated the bottom three times, but she passed safely. Cedar Rapids are seven miles below, and the water runs mad the whole distance.

With the Cedar in sight the cord of the signal whistle broke. There was silence on the steamer for some minutes. Everybody aboard realized the danger and everyone was gazing intently at Willette, who stood firmly clasping the wheel looking neither to right nor left. The signals to the engineer were made by the big whistle and also repeated by men stationed at convenient points The steamer grated the bottom, a dozen times between the two rapids. At 11 o'clock she entered the Cedar. The waves here are so choppy that the vessel was given a most peculiar rolling motion, but she did not strike, and went on to the most dangerous rapids yet, the Split Rock. Every person on board held his breath. The entrance into these rapids is a narrow passageway between two masses of rock, the sight of which is enough to appall a passenger on a steamer running with great speed directly toward them. One can imagine the sensation it gave the people on board the great whaleback.

Capt. McDougall stood silent and immovable, but great beads of perspiration broke out upon his forehead. If the Colby was wrecked the attempt to get a fresh water whale back to the ocean would not be made again. If she passed through safely more would follow, and every trade on the ocean would be open to his unique craft. On, on, she rushed, gaining speed at every second, until she was in the entrance, and with fearful speed dashed through. There were long breaths of relief, but the cascades were right ahead, the last rapid to pass on the perilous trip. Through the cascades she went in rapid time and was safe on Lake St. Louis. Time—11:20.

The little Alert, which had plunged through the swift water a short distance behind Colby, came alongside, and Pilot Lafrance came aboard.

It was the most daring and crafty piece of piloting that has ever taken place in the rapids. The Colby is the first screw steamer that has ever attempted to run them, and great credit should be given not only to those who risked their lives in bringing her through but to the company who placed their property at such a risk.

The Colby will probably sail for Baltimore this week. Her sister steamer, the Wetmore, now that the Colby is safely through, will undoubtedly run the rapids soon. Her trip will not be so perilous, as she daaws less water than the Colby.

New Millinery Store

ON BROADWAY.

NOW READY

OUR NEW SUMMER STYLES

LADIES,

Call and Examine,

DRESSMAKING!

We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.

Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular attention is invited to our line o Meerschaum Goods. None Finer in the Northwest.

CALL IN.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. O. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moon, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

DENTISTRY.

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Allard and Susie Allard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1889, at 9:25 o'clock a. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 29.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $39.17 that became due May 1st, 1890. $30.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $30.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eleven hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty cents, ($1,121.40) $1,106.90 thereof being principal and interest thereon and $14.50 being for the premiums on insurance necessarily paid by mortgagee, October 7th, 1890, and interest thereon, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-one (41) west, containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof; said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, insurance and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 12th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee,

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [5-11] [N. G. 65]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Eugene St. Mars and Marie St. Mars, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Mary V. Martin, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of January 27th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 2:15 o'clock p m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 339; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-nine dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-nine dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary V. Martin has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seven and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the main door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, A. D. 1891.

MARY V. MARTIN, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 13th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Pro[illegible]ate Court, Special Term, July 7th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Harvey B. Cooke, of the County of Polk, representing, among other things, that William G. Cooke, late of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1891, at the County of Polk, died in[illegible] estate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him gra[illegible].

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court, on Friday, the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the City of Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 7th day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[13-14] Judge of Probate.

SUMMER TRAINING SCHOOL AT Detroit Minnesota.

In accordance with the provisions made by the State for the improvement of the teachers of the common schools, a training school will be opened at Detroit, July 20th, 1891, at 2 o'clock P. M., and continue four weeks. This school will be held under the auspices of the Department of Public Instruction, and will be open to applicants on the following conditions:

1. All persons of sufficient maturity to do a teacher's work and all who expect to teach will be admitted.
2. Those enrolling as members of the school will be expected to give their time to its work, and to be present at each session.
3. There will be no charge for tuition.

INSTRUCTION.

Instruction will be given in all common branches, vocal music, penmanship, and methods of teaching. Provision will also be made for reviewing those branches requisite to the qualifications for a first grade certificate, provided there are enough desiring to take such review to warrant the formation of classes. In order that the conductor may know what classes are to be formed each one should send a list of the studies he desires to take to Supt. F. B. Chapin, at Detroit, as soon as he has decided upon them.

STUDIES.

The following directions regarding studies are taken from a circular issued by the Supt. of Public Instruction for the government of the training schools.

"Each student shall, subject to the approval of the county superintendent, select three and not more than four academic studies, in addition to work he may do in drawing, music, penmanship, reading or lectures; and no one shall take advanced studies except with the special approval of the county superintendent."

BOOKS.

Each subject will be taught from outlines which will be furnished members of the school free of expense. The Board of Education of Detroit has very kindly placed the excellent library of the High School at the disposal of the training school. Each member of the school should bring all his text books such reference books as he can. The work in methods of teaching will be based on Page's "Theory and Practice of Teaching."

ARRANGEMENT OF WORK.

The work of the school will be distributed over the six days of the week. There will be one session each day, beginning at 8 A. M., and closing at 12 M. This session will be given wholly to recitation. Such portions of the afternoon and evening as may be necessary for the successful accomplishment of the work assigned will be devoted to study. It is expected that each pupil will devote at least four hours a day to study.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

Board can be obtained at from $3 to $5 per week. Those desiring to furnish their own bedding can rent rooms at reasonable rates, and save some expense. Table board, $2.50 and $4 per week.

ADVANTAGES OF LOCATION.

Detroit is situated on one of the most attractive lakes in Minnesota, and is an excursion point on the Northern Pacific Railway. Excursion tickets to Detroit and return can be obtained at all stations for one and one-third fares for the round trip. These tickets are good for 30 days, and can be used by those desiring to reach Detroit by rail.

The citizens of Detroit are taking an active interest in the school and will extend a hearty welcome to all who attend.

A sufficient number of competent instructors will be employed to meet the demands of a large school, and all teachers within convenient reach of Detroit are invited to come and avail themselves of the advantages so liberally provided by the State.

All having a standing of 70 in any study will be excused for examination in that subject at the Fall Examination.

For board, rooms or further information, address Superintendent F. B. Chapin, Detroit, Minn.

F. B. CHAPIN, Co. Supt.,
W. F. ROCHELEAU, Conductor.
MRS. E. K. JAQUES, Instructor.
B. F. BUCK, Instructor.

The Phrenological Journal for July has something to say of Prof. C. A. Briggs and the church controversy, and says it clearly and well' giving a portrait of the reverend critic. A remarkable Irishman and public character was Mr. Kavanagh, who is described, and how he made his way in the world, despite the fact he had neither hands nor feet. The charater of Haydn, the great musician, is well limned, and Dr. Reynolds relates certain interesting incidents of animal intelligence. In the department of Practical Phrenology the reader will be much entertained. It contains a striking and profusely illustrated article on the study of character by photographs, and the first prise essay on the "Utility of Phrenology." "A pink of Perfection" hits off a certain type of childhood capitally, and "Wrong Side Out" is a good illustration of motherly tact. "Refined Physical Culture" takes up the subject of exercise on a line that has novelty, and "Grape Juice" will probably open the eyes of some of the temperance people. In his second article on "Systematic Moral Culture," the editor opens a new field, and shows the fallacy of expecting moral stability without a definite training of the moral faculties. Many other titles in this number (631) are deserving mention. Price, only 15 cents, or $1.50 a year. It is offered "on trial" six months from this number, the first of the 92d volume, for 50 cents. Send on this amount and try it. Address Fowler & Wells Co., Publishers, 777 Broadway, New York.

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Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 9, 1891.

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For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South.......... 7:24 p. m.

For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......... 8:15 a. m.

The New Third Party.

Duluth Herald.

Yesterday there was born at Cincinnati, a political party likely to wield great influence in the campaign of '92. It may be ridiculed and reviled in every way known to the art of political warfare, but it's aroused and enthusiastic members have votes that will be cast and counted. The party may not be a long lived one, nine chances in ten it will not be, but it will make hay while the sun shines, and next year's campaign will be one of the most interesting in the annals of the nation.

The human mind and heart are attracted and inspired by the enthusiasm of a great moral issue. The echoes of the old anti-slavery and war campaigns almost linger in the air today and are re-awakened by a touch on some mystic chord. That there are grievances yet unsolved and more than one emancipation to be made needs no affirmation. Fortunes undreamed of when our government was formed are now massed in a few or perhaps in single hands, and the poor man is deemed a crank whose opinion is deemed unworthy of consideration. This is one of the natural results of a developing civilization, but none the less deserving of thoughtful treatment. Society alone makes such fortunes possible and society therefore has the moral right to interpose for its own safety or highest good. If a few men speculate unmolested on the earnings of a whole people, that people will in time speculate on how to right such wrongs. If a combination of capitalists can dictate the price of meat, as is being done now, or fuel as is often the case in winter, or of sugar as has been notorious for years, it is the people's right, it is their duty, to abolish such monopolies and secure to themselves the advantages which the natural resources of the country afford.

It is such conditions as these, for is not a tax on tea less odious than a tax on meat, that has created the anti-slavery sentiment exhibited at Cincinnati? When it is realized that a raise of $1 a ton in the price of coal means more deaths in northern cities in a single winter than all the lives that yielded to the tortures of a century of slavery, the motive back of this new movement may be fully understood. The western yeoman who has lived in a dugout and delighted in the luxury of a sod overcoat doesn't fully understand the need of a tariff on lumber and clothing. Nor do these simple minded folks very clearly see why Uncle Sam should furnish money cheap to bankers while they, hard pressed, must pay from 1 to 5 per cent a month. Until these and kindred subjects are solved or explained away there will be a growing demand for the principles espoused by the latter day followers of Cincinnatus.

The leaders have tickled an acute sentiment of the people by singing patriotic songs and fixing Washington's brithday as the date of their first national nominating convention. Wisely, too, they declined to mix up with probibition, and resolved only for such principles as all industrial classes, whether from farm or shop could endorse. The party can hardly hope to split up the vote of the South, where the race problem is still paramount to all others, but in Kansas, Illinois, Ohio Nebraska, Minnesota, South Dakota, and possibly Missouri, surprises are in store, and a new unknown quantity has entered the next campaign. Kansas, more likely than any other, will be carried by the wildfire movement. Naturally the republicans have most to fear from these Philistines, but if the grand old party would maintain its name, in all of its original luster, these discordant elements might be gathered under its banner in the coming crusades. We shall see.

Their Only Point of Attack.

New York Press.

The condition of the United States Treasury has produced a panic nowhere except in Democratic newspaper offices. Every other point of attack on Republican policy and performance having failed, the Democratic and Mugwump organs have united in a frenzied assault upon Republican management of the public finances, which has fulfilled every promise made by Republican conventions, and disproved every prophecy of Democratic organs. The promise was made that the revenue should be reduced as nearly as possible to the actual needs of the government. This has been done.

The hostility of Democratic critics and the vague charges of "extravagance," find no more definite expression or specification in any quarter than that "the pensions have done it." This opposition is directed against the whole pension system, not against any one class or kind of pensions, and is directed as much against the policy and history and achievments of the Republican party as it is against pensions. Our critics have no other point of attack just now, and they are trying to make the most of this one which time alone can take from them. Their indefinite charges of extravagance have no more explicit explanation than "pensions." Their criticism evinces the same spirit of intolerance which found pictorial expression a few months ago in the leading comic Journal of the party in a cartoon showing a G. A. R. veteran in the guise of a wolf asking President Harrison what he was going to do about pensions. The G. A. R. veteran is still a wolf in the eyes of some Republican opponents.

The Democratic organs, in their strenuous efforts to create a panic over pensions and the surplus, studiously ignore the fact that in 1867 the interest charges on the bonded debt were $143,000,000 and the pension charge only $20,000,000; that the soldiers afterward waited while the bondholders were being paid; that the interest on the public debt is now $26,000,000, while the pensions amount to $182,000,000.

If it were not for the soldiers the bonds would have been worthless, and yet the soldiers are now receiving annually in principal less than the interest on the bonded debt twenty-four years ago. And this result is all a part of the Republican policy which withheld what was meet when it was necessary for the country; which now gives freely, it is true, but ungrudgingly, for to these soldiers and to this party is due a national credit which is now the highest among nations of the world.

The Democratic calamity editors will find it as difficult to destroy this credit as they have found it impossible to alter Republican principle and purpose.

BINDING TWINE

Report of the Committee on Binding Twine appointed by the Executive Committee of the Minnesota State Farmers' Alliance.

St. Paul, Minn., May 23, 1891.

To the Executive Committee of the State Farmers' Alliance:

GENTLEMEN:—We beg leave to report in relation to Binder twine that after examining samples and prices furnished by several of the principal Cordage Companies, we find that the twine handled by our Alliance Business Agency, at 673 Wabasha St. Paul, Minn., is the most satisfactory of anything in the market, prices and quality considered, and we trust our members will place their orders for twine with them.

Respectfully submitted,
C. F. BOHALL.
H. V. POOR.
[8-tf] THOS. J. MEIGHEN.

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Mortgage Sale.

(First Publication June 18th. 1891.)

WHEREAS OLE PEDERSON AND CAREN Pederson, his wife, of Polk County State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 28th day of July A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of July 17th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit:

The North half of Southeast quarter, and South half of Northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160, acres to secure the payment of the sum of Five hundred and Fifty Dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said Mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July A. D. 1886, at three o'clock P. M. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 211; and,

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the sum of Thirty-eight and 50-100, Dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January A. D. 1891 and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

WHEREAS It was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

WHEREAS, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

WHEREAS, There is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Six-hundred seven and 24-100 Dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in said County and State on the 8th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the fore-noon of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB,
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., June 30th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on August 14th, 1891, viz: WILLIAM J. NICKLE, Hd. No. 11,497, for the no¼ Sec. 8, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: H. B. Budd, Lewis Seger, Frank B. Dykeman, K. O. Flakne, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[11-16] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

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MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication May 28th, 1891.)

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of two hundred and forty-six dollars ($246.00) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by David H. McGinnis to P. C. Sletten and John Cromb, of Polk County, Minnesota, bearing date the first day of December, A. D. 1882, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1882, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book "H" of mortgages, on page 425.

And whereas P. C. Sletten, one of the mortgagees named in said mortgage, died testate, at Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota, on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And whereas the last will and testament of the said P. C. Sletten was proved and admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Polk County, Minnesota, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1884.

And, whereas, by the terms of said will Kari Sletten, the wife of the said P. C. Sletten, was made the sole legatee and devisee of all the real and personal property of which he died seized aforesaid.

And, whereas, the Probate Court of said Polk County issued its final decree in the estate of P. C. Sletten, deceased, dated Aug. 6, 1887, by the terms of which the said Kari Sletten was decreed to have an undivided half interest in the above described mortgage, which said decree was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, on the 11th day of May, 1888, at 1:30 p. m., in book 29 of deeds, on pages 574 to 578 inclusive, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots four (4) and five (5) in block six (6), in Cromb and Sletten's subdivision of outlots in Hurlbut's addition to Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 18th day of July, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 30th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
KARI SLETTEN,
Legatee and Devisee of P. C. Sletten, deceased, Mortgagees
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees.
[6-12] Crookston, Minn.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Olaus H. Lucken, as executors of the last will and testament of Paul C. Sletten, deceased, plaintiffs, against Henry Watts Blake, Jane Blake and Henry Watts, Sr., defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 21st day of May, 1891, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the twentieth day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot eleven (11) in block seven (7), in Cromb & Sletten's subdivision of Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 1st, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.
JOHN CROMB,
Plaintiffs Attorney. [7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nettie P. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:40 o'clock, a. m., in book "P" of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 60-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

MONDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JULY,

A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), north, of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 15th, A. D. 1891.

JOHNSTON WAGNER,
Mortgagee.
W. B. DOUGLAS, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[6-13] Moorhead, Minn.

Northern Pacific

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CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, HENRY SMITH AND EMMA Smith, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 152, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 30 of mortgages, on pages 531 to 535; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred sixty and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, KNUDT H. BERG AND Aguette Berg, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1883, duly execute and deliver to Horace Alling, of the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, their mortgage bearing date of November 4th, A. D. 1883, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Southwest quarter (sw¼) Section 24, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1883, at 1:30 p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 189; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 57-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Horace Alling has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 57-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue of the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premies, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1891.

HORACE ALLING, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
17-13]

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

[First publication May 28th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rhesa Godfrey, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 39 of mortgages, on pages 415-18.

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the installments of interest that became due June 13th, 1889, December 13th, 1889, June 13th, 1890, and December 13th, 1890, each of said installments being for $24.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Eight hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-eight cents, ($830.78), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter (w½ sw¼) of Section seventeen, (17), and west half of the northwest quarter (w½ nw¼) of Section twenty, (20), in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-four, (44), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated May 20th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [6-12] [N. G 67]

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Min

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 11th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred forty-seven and 30-100 dollars, ($247.30) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Hunter and Lizzie A. Hunter, his wife, to John Cromb, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the first day of May, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book T of mortgages, on page 21, and in addition thereto the further sum of sixty-four and 90-100 dollars, taxes duly assessed and levied against said premises described and conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of northwest quarter Section fourteen (14), Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes as above on said premises, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 2d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, ($279.50) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Boucher and Margaret Boucher, his wife, to Joseph Kelso, bearing date the 9th day of March, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 305 to 307 inclusive, and the further sum of fifty four and 79-100 dollars for taxes duly assessed and levied against the land conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number twenty-six (26) block seven (7), in Sletten & Cromb's subdivision of Lots in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 25th, A. D. 1891.

JOSEPH KELSO, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication June 25th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court. Special Term, June 23d, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Gould Johnson, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto C. A. Johnson, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance at the Probate office in Crookston, on Tuesday, the 31st day of December, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston, the 23d day of June, A. D. 1891.

By the court: C. M. BENSON,
[10-12] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, John Gudmundsen and Marie Gudmundsen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Nathan P. Rice, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of September 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southeast quarter of Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 237; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of ten dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of fifty-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Nathan P. Rice has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-seven and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1891.

NATHAN P. RICE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. The State of Minnesota, to Canadian Pacific Railway Company, a corporation, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County, on the 30th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the City of Crookston, in said County, to answer to J. M. Stephens in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said J. M. Stephens for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 24th day of June, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[11-13] Justice of the Peace.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy: $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 18th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, CORNELIUS ANDERSON AND Kjerste Anderson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to James John Fulton, of Edinburgh, Scotland, their mortgage bearing date of August 25th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one (1) and two (2) of Section 30, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 161 21-100 acres to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 148; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 07-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said James John Fulton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred fifty-three and 66-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 13th, A. D. 1891.

JAMES JOHN FULTON,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, RICHARD CARIVEAU AND Minnie Cariveau, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 13th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Caroline C. Moulton, of the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, their mortgage bearing date of July 1st, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline C. Moulton, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred seven and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 24th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE C. MOULTON,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

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BY
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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

God in the Government and Purity in the Home.

ESSAY BY MRS. A. A. OLDS,

READ BEFORE THE RECENT W. C. T. U. TEMPERANCE MEETING IN THIS CITY.

Home is not a mere dwelling place, nor is it simply a habitation. Home is a divine institution; the home represents the family.

The education of our earliest years goes farther to form tastes and character, if rightly guided, than anything one can acquire away from the hearthstone. Generally speaking, with few exceptions, the character which men and women have is that which is formed within the home circle. There are doubtless some instances where persons who, in their earlier years, were unfortunate in having no home training, have developed into noble men and women, and there are doubtless other instances where the best of home training has failed to show itself in the children, but these instances are exceptions.

The influences which make men and women, good or bad, are those generally which have their origin in the family. Where we find the home has been neglected, there we see a lack of the noblest qualities. Hence, whatever invades or tends to lessen the home influence is an evil. No man ought to shirk the duty of providing a home, and no woman ought to allow her children to be reared in the reckless air of the regular boarding house. The privacy of home, with its quietness and retirement from the world, is one of its charms. It is in the home that true independence is found, and true taste and refinement is best cultivated.

Love is an essential element of home. The home love is the mother of all home delights. Without it, home would have no meaning. The home influence is either a blessing or a curse. Then we should constantly be on the watch, that everything in the home should be chaste and pure. We should never for a moment permit anything to enter into the sanctity of home, that can in any way leave a stain or scar upon it. Would you live pure lives, then take for your guide the apostle Paul, who says: "Whatsoever things are true, whatsoever things are honest, whatsoever things are just, whatsoever things are pure, whatsoever things are lovely, whatsoever things are of good report; if there be any virtue, and if there be any praise, think on these things." If we learn to command our thoughts and keep them in a pure channel, we shall obey the law of purity. A thought is generally considered a trifling thing, and we forget that thoughts are the source of all our actions, and that if the fountain be impure, the stream that guides it will be impure also. Many times we say that thinking does no harm. This is a great mistake, for evil thoughts come first and are the first steps that lead to all others. It is not safe for the young woman who desires to remain pure in actions, to think impure thoughts. We should remember that the change from virtue to vice is not a sudden one, but the way to ruin is a gradual descent, beginning with harboring impure thoughts. None of us can tell when sudden temptations may overtake us, and therefore it behooves us to cultivate a habit of pure thinking at all times. Purity of life depends upon purity of mind. Only those who are pure in heart will be pure and chaste in action. Parents should impress on their childrens minds to love and cherish pure subjects early in life, and thus lay a foundation for purity of character which alone will ensure purity of life.

Incessant mental occupation is the only safeguard against sin. A mind accustomed to think of sin, loses all appreciation of its hideousness and its consequences. One of the most helpful aids to the cultivation of such a habit of thought, is the pursuit of useful employment or study. Then one's mind is filled with useful thoughts of work or study and it will have little room for sinful imaginations.

The choice of one's associates has much to do with one's purity of life. Parents cannot be too cautious in the selection of their sons and daughters friends, especially their daughters'. A mother is her daughter's best friend, the one who will sympathize with her troubles and overlooks her mistakes, when no one else will, and no young woman should consider him or her a proper associate, who says anything to her she would blush to repeat to her mother. Careful as girls need be in the selection of her girl friends, there is need of greater caution in the selection of the opposite sex. Never cultivate the acquaintance of any young man of whose character and history you have no knowledge. Outward appearances are no index to the heart.

Mothers, sisters, unto us is committed the religious education of the children at home. Childhood is the period in which principles can be most effectually engrafted in our natures, and you can fill the young heart with sentiments of God better than if you wait until it grows hard as adamant in sin. Then let us take the germ and make it a bud of moral beauty. Let the dews of knowledge and the light of virtue wake it, in richest fragrance and purest hues.

When the power that rules our government is working for the interests of mankind, outstretching a helping hand to lift up the weak and fallen, and endeavoring with great persistency for the banishment of the liquor traffic, and when pure motives govern the world and Christ reigns in the heart, then shall God be in the government and purity in the homes.

Our Country.

BY FRED W. DAVIS.

Just 393 years ago
  Three small vessels sailed from port,
Commanded by brave Columbus,
  And backed by the Spanish Court.
Boldly they headed out at sea,
  Where man had ne'er sailed before,
Thinking to find a shorter road
  To reach East Indies' shore.

Days, and even weeks, rolled by
  And yet no signs of land,
And driven to the verge of mutiny
  Was that sea faring band.
But Columbus, brave at heart,
  And possessed of an iron will,
Kept order 'till the horizon
  Gave way to a vine-clad hill.

"The Indies!" cried the excited crew,
  "Nature's soil we've found once more,
And ere the setting of the sun
  We'll moor our crafts along its shore,
We'll land and hoist our country's flag,
  And 'neath it, lift our voices loud.
Proclaiming ourselves to all the world
  Owners in the name of King and God!"

Now, the grandeur of success
  Inspired the hearts of the little band,
And, in 1498,
  They discovered America's main land.
Then from all parts of the globe
  Men rushed to the new found land.
Some came for the love of gold,
  Others, to escape cruel tyranny's hand.

Thirteen colonies sprang up
  Along the Atlantic's coast,
Then England got possession
  And openly of her power, did boast.
They taxed the colonists so high
  That they could scarce' earn their bread,
Until they 'rose up in arms
  With brave Washington at their head.

Petitions were sent to Parliament,
  Which England did not heed.
And then it was Thomas Jefferson
  Saved liberty's first seed.
He read in patriotic tones,
  And was heard by all
The new and bountiful doctrine
  Which made all men equal.

This was what united the people,
  And others took up the cry,
And in 1776,
  On our memorial Fourth of July,
Congress formed the declaration
  Of American independence
Which was to restore sweet harmony,
  To themselves and their descendants.

That was the birth of the republic,
  Which will last throughout the ages,
And there's no more beautiful fact
  Lined in our history's pages.
Thankful are Americans
  To live mortals sweet life through
In the arms of America,
  'Neath the folds of the Red, White and Blue.

That day should be remembered,
  And poets ought to sing
Of the freedom of our country,
  Free from a foreign King.
And orators should explain
  To foreigners that land,
And encourage them to make themselves
  A unit in our great band.

And now, American citizens!
  Of liberty drink your fill,
You are in a country where
  You may worship as you will.
Lift the star-spangled banner
  In defiance of tyranny's rod,
And in your private closet,
  For liberty, thank your God.

A Third Party.

Northwestern Agriculturist.

The conference recently held in Cincinnati to consider the expediency of forming a new or "Third" party, adopted a platform, and recommended a new political organization. Satisfactory reasons for that recommendation are not apparent to a large portion of the Alliance and Patrons of Husbandry, and other farmers' societies, and a still greater number of farmers who are not members of any organization. There never should be any difference of opinion among men as to the honest administration of the laws, but there always will be and always should be honest differences of opinion as to questions of public policy. Take, for instance, the question of the tariff. Many believe thoroughly in free trade. The theory that all should be free to buy in the cheapest market is plausible and taking. Others, equally honest and equally intelligent, claim that it is the first duty of a nation like ours to nurse and encourage manufacturers, until the supply for the wants of its people, so far as is possible, may come from within its own borders. The brotherhood of nations is a pretty theory, but, as it is every man's duty to provide first for his own family, so it is the first duty of a nation to make itself strong and independent. It is also claimed by the advocates of a protective tariff, and with apparently good reason, that industries which in the beginning need certain advantages, outgrow the need of help, and that competition, in the long run, so cheapens production that the consumer not only does not pay more on account of the tariff, but actually supplies his wants for less money than he could have done without the protective policy. England has prospered under free trade and the United States has prospered under a protective tariff, so the experience of nations does not seem to prove anything. Men differ on the tariff question and will continue to differ. That the Republican party advocates protective tariff honestly there is no doubt. It has the courage of its convictions and passed the McKinley bill just on the eve of important elections, and was beaten, because all sorts of dire results were predicted on account of it. Now, as none of those predicted misfortunes have followed, but on the other hand, so far as any results can be traced, only good has come of it, people begin to think that the campaign liar was abroad and the Republicans are recovering lost ground and courage, and have just nominated McKinley for governor of Ohio.

What the Democrats will do remains to be seen. It looks now as if Cleveland would again be renominated, and the contest between the parties made on the old lines, with some new side issues thrown in. No such opportunity has ever before been offered for the farmers, who hold the balance of power, to demand of both parties such reforms as they believe are just and in the interests of the whole people. The vote is too close for either to safely refuse.

There are, no doubt, many honest and sincere men who believe that existing wrongs will never be righted by either of the present parties. That wrongs exist is not doubted. Why they exist and how to remedy them are questions about which honest men differ, and those who have studied these questions least have the most confidence in the remedies which they advocate. Such men, with more light and more experience, will change their views, and will act in concert with other honest men, in finding and applying remedies which promise relief. The real question is, "Is the present situation likely to be bettered by the organization of a new party?" Those who assume the leadership and urge the "Third Party" most vehemently, are, unfortunately, with few exceptions, the impraticables and demagogues, who have been drifting from one to the other of the old parties, and who always are first to rally around the standard of a proposed new party, and often smother what is good in it. This danger always threatens and generally overwhelms a new organization, unless it stands upon the solid rock of a principle which appeals to a liberty loving people. Such men are not level-headed advisers. No party has ever yet got a permanent footing in this country that was organized on a platform of discontent. The causes of discontent are not common enough to people to make a party. What is loss to one class is gain to another. Cheap wheat is a loss to the farmer, but a gain to the consumer. It is not easy to name business conditions, which people enough to make a successful party really wish to abolish. What is meat to one class is poison to another. There are plenty of debtors, who favor cheap money, because they think it would enable them to pay their debts with less of what they have to sell, but many of them are clearheaded enough to understand that the damage from disorganization of business would more than offset temporary gain. There are millions who would like to borrow money on land at two per cent for an indefinite time, but common sense convinces most of them that while the average borrower was saving a few dollars in interest, the losses from a demoralized and inflated circulating medium, and the discontent resulting from such rank class legislation, would cost dollars for every cent saved in interest. All would suffer except the very rich who would not care and the very poor who have nothing to lose.

There is an honest difference of opinion, too, on the free coinage of silver, the control of railroads, and the regulation of monopolies, but these are questions on which a third party would not be more united than those already in existence. Leaving the questions, on one side or the other of which present parties are already committed, and there is no question which will command the support of a sufficient number to insure success. To create and hold together a party, there must be a principle which appeals to something higher than self interest. A party with a brilliant history behind it can win elections on minor questions of public policy. A new party must have something which appeals more strongly to the conscience and love of justice of a great people.

Whether or not it is wise to organize a new party is not a question of principle, but purely a question of business. Can existing wrongs be righted best by a new party, or by bringing to bear on old parties all the power of a class which holds the balance of power, and turn the scale one way or the other at will! Is it better to organize all who are dissatisfied which present parties into a "Third Party," which would be hardly more likely to be perfect than the rest, or will results be reached more quickly by taking advantage of the evenly matched strength of the two old parties and pledge both to such reforms as are reasonable and just? The chances would seem to be in favor of the latter plan. There is no question about its success. Neither party would or could refuse to incorporate into its platform any reform plank, which would pledge its party to any measures for the benefit of the whole people. Class legislation, whether for or against farmers or any other class, should be opposed by all honest and patriotic men. As a body of voters, holding the balance of power, both parties would court the farmers. Against a "Third Party" both Republicans and Democrates would make war, and would only seek an alliance to enable one or the other more surely to carry out its own plans. The last legislature in Minnesota was an illustration of this. As a strong body of voters bent on carrying out certain reforms, the farmer can win with certainty, As a third party, success, if not hopeless, is at least doubtful.

There is an amusing side to the agitation over the Third Party movement, which, by the way, has not yet gone far enough to excite serious antagonisms, while it has occasioned enough alarm in the ranks of the old parties to insure a respectful audience when the representatives of the farmer element make their demands. The politicians talk about the farmers as if they were a new and unknown element in politics and had never voted before Nothing is further from the truth. No class of men in the United States have so steadily voted their convictions unmoved by outside influence as the farmers. They have read and thought, and, having made up their minds, have voted according to their conclusions. Leaving out, perhaps, the professional men in cities, no class has been equally independent. In cities and towns, the mass of the population is made up of employers and employed. The latter are always more or less influenced by their positions. The farmer is a free man. His situation and his living does not depend on how he votes. The tillers of the soil have belonged to both parties because they have done their own thinking, and it will never be easy to coax or drive them under any party lash, whether it be of first, second or third party. If there is an independent and untrammelled voter in the Republic, it is the farmer.

Blaine and Knute Nelson.

Ex-Congressman Comstock Declares His Preference for 1892.

St. Paul, July 2.—Ex-Congressman S. G. Comstock, of Moorhead, was at the Merchants, St. Paul, yesterday. Mr Comstock, in discussing the probability of the Republicans carrping the new Seventh district in 1892, said it depended entirely upon who was nominated for president and governor.

"Blaine should be the man for the presidential nomination," said, "and I am in hopes that when he sees he is needed he will sacrifice his personal feelings and accept. In the next place I really think that the Republicans should nominate Knute Nelson for Governor. Mr. Nelson would be a power in carring the state for the Republicans. Of course, I believe his nomination would be to the interest of the party. For the remainder of the state and congressional offices none but good men should be nominated—men that, aside from having ability, have political strength."

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100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c
50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c
50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c
A Good Summer Corset 50c
A Good Black Corset 50c
NEW LINE
of SHIRT WAISTS
of GLOVES.
of WINDSOR TIES
of PARASOLS.
of FANS.
A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.
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"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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Will They Repeal Pension Laws?

The New York Press.

The democratic press has been teeming for months with assaults upon the pension payments of the government. There have been vicious assaults both on the system under which the pensions are paid and upon the righteousness and justice of giving the old soldiers financial help in their disability or declining years. The democratic press undoubtedly speaks for democratic leaders, and both are presumed to voice the sentiment of the democratic party. It is therefore pertinent to ask, and not merely to ask, but to demand, a plain answer to the question. What does the democratic party propose to do in respect to pensions if it is intrusted with power? They denounce the system as outrageous—will they repeal it? They denounce the payment as too great—will they stop the payment.

The pension issue is one of momentous importance to a very large number of men who went into the army with the promise of the government that in event of death their families should be provided with sustenance, and that they themselves should not be allowed to suffer by reason of their sacrifice of business and opportunities to better themselves. The republican party has fulfilled that pledge loyally and justly. Nearly 550,000 pensioners borne on the rolls, and in spite of democratic charges that camp followers, sutlers and bounty jumpers have their names on the list, no proof has ever been produced to show that a single old soldier drawing a pension is not entitled to it, does not need it, and does not deserve it. The presentation of proof would cut him off at once, and yet the democratic cry continues that the system is faulty.

There are 11,300,000 voters in this country, and the 550,000 pensioners comprise voters of both parties scattered through the Nothern states. The Solid South fought these veterans in 1861-65. It stands ready to cut off their pensions whenever the Northern doughface democrats are ready to make the movement. Under republican legislation these pensioners are receiving a little over $100,000,000 annually—an average of less than $4 per week each.

Is the democratic party ready to say that these men shall not have their just dues? There were 1,353,190 claims for pensions filed up to January 1, 1891, showing over one-tenth of the voters of the whole country to be interested in pensions—probably one-fourth of the voters in the states north of Mason and Dixon's line. The grocers, dry goods dealers, clothing merchants and shopkeepers with whom they spend the little money sparingly dealt out to them by the government have as deep interest as they themselves in the pension payments, and the taxpayers in the states have an equal interest, because the repeal of the pension laws would fill the poorhouses. The old fellows who lived four years on hard tack and coffee cannot stand the fight of life like the vigorous men of their own age who stayed at home. They saved the nation, they got its gratitude, and they have rights to remembrance by remunerating pensions which cannot be disputed.

Will the democratic party repeal the pension laws when it comes into power? Dare any democratic paper or leader openly avow that purpose? Not one. Then, either the charges they make are false—and that is the truth—or else the democratic party is unfit for control of the government.

Mark Twain.

Has become rich, fat, and as a consequence lazy—or else his talent for quaint sayings has left him. One of the best things he ever said, in his humorous days, was that the vital statistics of the United States Census showed that more people died at home in bed than were killed or fatally injured in railroad accidents; therefore, it was far safer to travel than to stay at home. There is perhaps a flaw in Mark's syllogism, whether in premises or conclusion the reader can deteamine for himself, but there would be nothing illogical in a statement like this: All people wish to avoid accidents when traveling: "The Burlington" has never lost a passenger by accident; therefore all people prefer to travel by "The Burlington". This is reliable—for it comes from "The Burlington" itself. For tickets, rates, etc., call on your nearest railroad agent, or address W. J. C. KENYON, Gen. Pass. Agent St. Paul, Minn.

Excursion Rates

TO SAENGERFEST SINGING SOCIETY, TO BE HELD AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., JULY 16TH TO 22D.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company will make rate of one and one-third fare for round trip, Crookston to Minneapolis and return. Tickets on sale July 16th and 17th, good to return until July 22d.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
[11-13] Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 16, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 85.
2 Northern 83.
3 Northern 79.
1 Northern 74.

It was a fine warm day on Saturday.

Sam Rosenthal has gone to Chicago.

Call at Sture's new store in the opera house block.

Not the very best kind of hay weather. Sort'o catchy.

Miss Maggie Vannett is visiting friends in the city.

What's the matter with getting up a rousing county fair?

Dr. J. H. Thomas went to St. Paul on a business trip last week.

Mrs. John Knappe is visiting lady friends in the city this week.

Sture has his new store fixed up in elegant shape and invites a call.

Miss Minnie Halverson returned from Minneapolis on Thursday last.

Mrs. John McKinnon has gone for a visit to the old home in Canada.

D. Jacobus says it is a little girl that came to live at his house last week.

Wm. Anglim welcomed the arrival of a fine bouncing baby boy last week.

Manilla twine at 10 cents per pound on Tuesday next at the skating rink.

His Honor, the Mayor, took a trip to St. Paul, returning on Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Newland goes this week on a visit to friends and relatives in Wisconsin.

Remember that Sture has removed into new and elegant quarters in the Opera Block.

Fontaine & Anglim have laid a new walk in front of the new addition to their block.

Mrs. Myran Collins, of Bellevue, Iowa, is in the city visiting her son S. L. Collins.

Al. Vine and wife came down from Warren on Friday, returning on Saturday morning.

Comrade Sargeant says bronchos are a fine thing to have but they cause no end of trouble.

The band has secured quarters over the Merchants National bank for practice meetings.

Mrs. A. Halvorson was very ill during the first of the week. Strong symtoms of fever.

Go and see how nicely Sture has things arranged in his new store in the opera house block.

Anton Hill, one of the county commissioners of Marshall County, was in the city on Friday last.

Special agent Brown, of the U. S. Land Office is in the city on business connected with his office.

City clerk E. C. Carruth returned on Monday morning from a short visit to his mother at Kansas City, Mo.

Mrs. Joseph Bauer, of Red Wing is in the city visiting her brother Mr. John O'Brecht for a month or so.

Comrade Preston was over from Grand Forks on Wednesday of last week to appear before the examining board.

Rev. Mr. Sharpe started this week on his annual vacation, which he will spend at Detroit Lake, in Becker County.

Old metal wanted at the Crookston Foundry. The highest cash price paid therefor. J. E. Morrisey.

On their trip to the old country, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wilkinson will visit Mrs. Hugh Robertson's father in Scotland.

Farmers, do not miss the great twine sale on July 21st. Manilla twine only 10 cents per pound, at the skating rink.

Farmers, do not buy your twine before seeing the manilla twine that will be sold at 10 cts per pound at the skating rink in Crookston. Remember the date Tuesday July 21st.

Mrs. M. S, Dunn, and daughter of Maquokets, Iowa, is in the city visiting with Mrs Dunn's brother, S. L. Collins Esq.

E. C. Davis estimates that from four to six inches of water fell within the 24 hours from Saturday night to Sunday night.

O. L. Larson, the good-looking boomer of Fosston, was in the city on Monday on his way home from Grand Farks.

T. B. McManus started for Canada on Sunday evening after his family. He expects to return by the 25th or 30th of this month.

J. S. Nichols, the hustling farmer of Liberty, was up on Monday looking us over and interviewing the county board on the side.

C. O. Christianson is getting his new residence on the avenue fixed up in elegant shape and is now prepared to live at home.

Comrade C. Snyder is now a comrade in the fullest sense of the term he having joined Col. Cobhan Post at its last meeting.

It is rumored that a wedding is soon to occur in this city by which two popular society young people will assume new relations.

Editor Ives, of the St. Hilaire Spectator, come down on Monday evening en route for the big editorial convention in St. Paul this week.

The Montana express, on Monday evening, being 14 hours late, an extra was made up at Grand Forks which left here about on time.

The Episcopal society has secured a pastor for the ensuing year. Rev. Mr. Hoyt who is a young man and this, we believe is his first charge.

Manilla twine, slightly colored by smoke, will be for sale at the skating rink in Crookston on Tuesday July 21st for only 10 cents per pound.

Conductor Harry Norrie has a new run. He goes north to St. Vincent now and conductor McCormick has the Fosston and St. Hilaire runs.

R. G. Marlette will help Charlie Misner take care of the business at the new reliance barber shop. R. G. is an experienced man at the wheel.

Lots of call for men for the hay field.

Editor W. E. McKenzie of the Times is away to the big editorial blow-out in St. Paul this week.

Mrs. J. G. McGrew left on Tuesday evening for a visit to the old home at Audubon, Becker Co., Minn.

The Society of Swedish Mission friends held a convention in the Old Opera House on Friday and Saturday of last week.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

Rev. L. House arrived on Tuesday morning for a two weeks outing at Maple Lake. He will preach in the Baptist church one week from next Sabbath.

Mrs. Chas. E. Sawyer was a delegate to the Christian Endeavor Convention last week. Mrs. S. M. McKee also. There were said to be 15,000 people in attendance.

A young daughter of Robert Nerland aged about 16 years died last week with consumption and was buried on Saturday. The family live on Sampson's Woodland Addition.

The masons have completed the plastering at Wyatts store, the carpenters are putting on the finishing touches and very soon John will be back in elegant new quarters.

Our editor is away at St. Paul this week attending the National Convention and the devil is responsible for all errors. If you see anything good charge to the same source also.

During the storm on Sunday morning water got into H. F. Brown's cellar and did considerable damage to tobacco and cigars. It was discovered in time to prevent serious loss.

Dave Robinson makes a very handsome apparance as a member of the city police force. It would take a pretty swift thief to get away from Dave as he can out-run an Indian.

The heavy wind on Sunday lodged grain badly but much of it will recover it is thought. Grain is so extremely heavy this year that much damage might easily result in this way.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings, Mrs. Cora Underhill and Master Ned started for Tacoma on Monday. Mrs. Jennings expects to be back by September 1st, in time to attend to the fall trade in millinery.

Conducter Harry Norrie should own a trotter. He has one of the finest stables in the city and nothing to occupy it except a cow. There ought to be a thoroughbred trotter in that fine barn.

R. G. Marlette will turn in and assist Charlie Misner, the Alliance barber on Saturday next and he may become a permanant fixture of the shop, in which case his shop on the Fifth ward will be for rent.

Ike Simmons drove out to his brother's residence in the town of Russia, on Sunday, after his wife and children who had been out there visiting for several days last week. He says the roads were somewhat muddy.

John C. Welles called at our office on Tuesday morning and desired us to say that the story that his wheat was totally destroyed by 'hoppers is false in every particular. He has investigated and finds it a false alarm.

The alliance barber shop continues to be over-run with custom. Charlie Misner says if this thing keeps up he intends to put in another chair and more if necessary. He calculates to keep up with the business.

Comrade R. H. Carr was down from Fosston last week to be examined before the board for a pension. He says the prospects out his way were never better than at present, and if the prices are all right farmers will be happy.

Farmers in the neighborhood of Mentor will consult their best interests by consulting Moe & Buhn when in need of any kind of machinery. The boys are perfectly straight and reliable in all of their dealings with their fellow men.

Last week Andrew Sture moved his stock of general merchandise into the new corner store in the Opera Block, and now has things fixed up in shipshape. He invites all his old patrons and everybody else to call and look him over.

P. J. LaChapelle walks about 3 feet higher since his trotter beat Sorrel Ned last Saturday—and Sorrel Ned is no slouch of a trotter. Hugh Thompson's horse got left by the horse from below. The races were highly enjoyed by all who attended.

A. O. Balstad is a hustler, the way he has spruced up around his restaurant is a caution and they do say that the culinary department keeps pace. He advertises "the best meal on earth" and some who have been there say the claim is justified.

Several capitalists from Sioux City, Iowa, came up last week to look the ground over with a view to locating in business. To a JOURNAL reporter they expressed themselves very highly pleased with what they had seen of Crookston and vicinity.

The festive tramp is becoming too familiar these days, and if he don't look a leedle out the county will have to pay his funeral expenses, as we know of one handsome rifle that is loaded for bear, but its owner will not for-bear to use it upon occasion. Fair warning.

"Religion and Man," at 11 a. m., and "The Night Before the Exodus," at 8 p. m., are the subjects of sermons at the Congregational church next Sunday, July 19th. Rev. R. H. Battey will speak. Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. meets at 7 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.

Farmer E. Roberts had young potatoes on July 4th. He is selling the new tubers in this market at a gilt-edged price, has lots of 'em and is coining money. Roberts gets up early in the morning and attends to his business in a business-like manner which is the only way to make farming pay in this or any other country.

Sunday was what you might call a rainy day. Early in the morning occurred a tremendous thunder storm accompanied by a perfect torrent of rain which taxed the capacity of the sewers to take care of. About 8 p. m. it commenced raining quietly and kept it up until 8 o'clock, finishing with a regular downpour. It was threatening weather all day Monday.

John Knuppe is up from St. Paul looking after his interests here. He was shown through our opera house and said it was the finest he ever saw in the State outside of the twin cities. He was surprised to find so complete an institution and could not find words strong enough to express his appreciation of the enterprise.

Owing to the rain last Friday evening the usual open air concert by the band was postponed until Monday evening, that evening being no more pleasant it was decided to defer it until the regular Friday evening concert, when the same program given in these columns last issue will be rehearsed at the corner of Broadway and Second.

Comrade Snyder commenced cutting his timothy hay on Friday last. He calculated to put in three machines on Saturday morning and make that field look small by Saturday night. Snyder, besides putting four or five hundred acres in grain has broken one hundred acres in good workmanlike style. He is a rusher and will make farming pay if "pluck and muscle" can do it.

Pete Misgen has been trying to make a fortune in that far famed city of Superior, Wis., and to a JOURNAL reporter on Monday he said that he was mighty glad that he got no further away from Crookston—wishes he had not got that far away, as he now knows that Crookston is as good a business point as there is in the country anywhere. And that is the verdect of everybody who has ever done business here.

T. G. Thompson has the cinch on cheap wells. Desiring to obtain a good well he procured 30 or 40 feet of tubing, attached thereto a screen and drove the business end in the ground at the point where he wanted to obtain the water. When he had driven the business down he put a force pump in and straightway began to throw water as high as his house. He says it makes the boss well.

Notwithstanding that early in the season the grass crop promised an abundant yield, the reports that reach THE JOURNAL from different parts of the county indicate that hay will not be a drug on the market. It will therefore be profitable to secure all the hay possible, as with a light crop following last year's light crop, hay will be good property to have during the coming winter and next spring. Don't be in a hurry to sell it right now, either.

From reports of the condition of affairs everywhere throughout the United States we are led to the belief that the Red River Valley country leads 'em all for crops and for business prospects. All we need is simply what our crops are legitimately worth in the markets, to make this country the best one on earth to-day, and it looks as though we would get about that this fall. Now is the time to catch on to Red River Valley lands. They will never be cheaper.

Mr. John C. Welles who has been up from Racine looking after his farming interests here returned to his home on Tuesday evening. He says that very much land has been sold in the neighborhood of his farm at Edna, and most of it to parties who are improving it. One man has broken over 1000 acres. He says that he becomes more in love with Minnesota every time he comes here and. if he was a young man, just starting in life he would come here by all means.

Ferdinand and Paul Mathey are working a farm in the northeast part of the town of Crookston, and had succeeded in getting a fine crop of wheat, oats and barley from which they hoped to be able to pay for their teams and running expenses, when, on Thursday night of last week, their stable caught fire and burned up everything therein contained. Four horses and harnesses, one ox and one calf with some feed were lost. This is a pretty tough experience for the boys who have worked hard and lived economically to get their little start. The cause of the fire is a mystery to them.

We want to make some honest, energetic, good looking farmer a present of a half section of land all under cultivation except a grove of five acres or so of fine young timber. The crop thereon should more than half pay for it this fall. Our object in selling it is because we wish to use it in our printing business and for that reason, also, we are prepared to give it to the first man who comes down with a very little spot cash. If you have any idea whatever of getting a farm it will pay you to look into this. Handy to town, good buildings, good fences, good artesian well and the very best of soil and so cheap—a combination you do not strike every day.

P. J. LaChapelle was interviewing a Justice last week to obtain a warrant for a female pugilist who had threatened to "put a head onto him." He said she came into his residence and commenced to relate how she had pounded her husband and driven him away from his domicile, and P. J. invited her to vamose the ranch, whereat she became suddenly so belligerent that P. J. found himself getting out of there at a rate that would have bothered that trotter of his to beat. After talking with Judge Christianson a few minutes he decided to "pass" for this game, but should she proceed to molest him in the future he should adopt severe measures. He says the old settlers must be allowed to spend their remaining years in peace, and he proposes to do so even if he has to fight for it.

About two weeks ago J. O. Sargeant bought a handsome pair of sorrel broncho, one four and the other five years old, and proceeded to break them in for a buggy team. On Thursday last he drove in from his farm, and just as he had unhitched, near his barn on Ash street, a boy on horse-back rode up and commenced yelling at another boy near by. This so frightened the animals that they became frantic and made a sudden dash for liberty. Mr. Sargeant followed them to Shirley, the first station on the Great Northern road, 7 miles north, and then returned and sent the cow-boy herders after them, but it was late when they got on track and darkness coming on they were obliged to give up the chase. The bronchos were last seen about six miles north of Shirley going in a northeasterly direction. They had on a light driving harness, and to each halter about 20 feet of rope. Both were branded on right hip. Mr. Sargeant offers a suitable reward for their recovery.

Attention Farmers.

Twine at less than manufacturers' cost can be seen on Tuesday July 21st at the old opera house in Crookston.

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Great Remnant Sale

AT

THE MAMMOTH

Commencing Saturday, July 11th, 1891,

A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.

CARPETS

AND

House Furnishing Goods

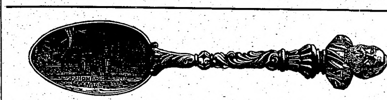
A SPECIALTY.

☞ Agent for those Cool Elastic Pillows. ☜

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

I. O. O. F. Block, - - Robert Street.



LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.

A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by

C. H. SAAKE, The Jeweler, - - Crookston, Minn.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY!

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU— TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,

Opera Block, - - Crookston.

McINTOSH, July 11, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: I see that it is becoming quite the fad to report the speech of your Fourth of July orator in full. I was not onto this fact at the time that I had the pleasure of listening to the good speech that Hon. Edward George gave us last Saturday, so I did not write it down at the time and must depend upon my fertile memory to do him justice, for it will not do to have McIntosh the only city that does not have a regular printed Fourth of July speech. She had a bang up celebration and is entitled to all of the frills incident thereto. Now, I do not pretend to quote verbatim, but from memory, and will get it as near exact as possible under the circumstances:

"I hear the tread of the Fusileers
Of Nations yet to be."

"I am the American Eagle—and my wings flap together, and likewise I roost high; and I eat bananas raw. Rome may sit on her seven hills and howl, but she cannot sit on me! Will she please put that in her organ and grind it?

It's I rode down to McIntosh
On J'm Hill's Iron Pony,
Stuck a feather in my hat,
String beans and macaroni.

I am mostly a bird of peace, and I was born without teeth, but I have got talons that reach from the storm-beaten coasts of the Atlantic to the golden shores of the placid Pacific; and I use the Rocky Mountains as whetstones to sharpen them on.

It's our old cow she crossed the road,
Oh, yes, " " " " sir.
And the reason why she Xed the road
Because " " " " sir.

I never cackle till I lay an egg; and I "point with pride" to the eggs I have laid in the last 100 years or so! I am game from the point of my beak to the Star-spangled tip of my tail feathers, and when I begin to scratch gravel, mind your eye! I am the Cook of the Walk, and the Henbird of the Goddess of Liberty.

It's Aunt Jemima clum a tree,
And had a stick to boost her,
And there she sot a throwin' corn
At Our Old Bob-Tail Rooster.

The only gallinaceous E pluribus Unum on record. I am the Eagle from Eaglesville, with a scream on me that makes thunder sound like dropping cotton on a still morning and my present address is Hail Columbia, U. S. A.!! See?"

UNO.

We took a pleasant trip on Thursday, east as far as the half-way house, on the Maple Lake road, where we have several head of young stock in Mr. Vaudry's herd. We found his herd in elegant condition, and no wonder, as they are in grass up to their knees and have an abundance of pure living water handy. Mr. V. could supply that kind of pasturage for several hundred head more. En-route we called at the farm house of Joseph Laframboise, who has a fine farm a few miles east of Gentilly, on the Badger road, with a fine stream of water running through it. His grain is looking splendidly and he has some choice dairy cows, good horses, a fine flock of sheep, and geese, ducks, turkeys and hens till you can't rest. He is a thorough-going farmer and should make money if it can be done anywhere in America. He is a firm believer in good stock and will have no other at any price.

A Leap for Life.

On Wednesday morning the bystanders on Herb's corner were surprised to see a large white hound leap out of Dr. Dunlop's window in the upper story of the McKinnon block and strike the side-walk with a dull thud and a howl of pain. Upon examination the dog was found to be entirely uninjured, but lawyer Hatlestad and Andy Locken sustained severe injury to their nervous system as the dog barely missed jumping onto their necks in his willd leap. The mystery now, is what made the dog leave the doctor's office in that way and Dunc. Morris, who owns the hound will investigate.

Why Not?

A good farmer friend of ours dropped in to chat with THE JOURNAL man last week and, during the conversation, he broached the subject of county fairs. THE JOURNAL has, time and again, suggested the feasibility of holding a fair, and it would seem to us more desirable than ever since the farmers themselves are beginning to think about it. If they are interested in it there can be no doubt that it would be a big success, and the fact that they are talking about it shows that they are interested. We have more good stock in Polk County than the average citizen knows for and an opportunity to bring these all together and compare would be of great benefit to all, stock-raisers especially. It seems to us that the Driving Park Association could do well in the interest of their especial line—trotting stock, to take this matter in hand and get up a county fair. If it could be managed at a time when farmers were not too busy, we have no doubt that they would take sufficient interest to make it a great success.

They are Looking This Way.

Scarcely a week passes that THE JOURNAL does not get from one to a dozen requests for a sample copy from some farmer in some other State who desires information in relation to Polk County and her prospects. This shows that people are getting interested and this generally leads to investigation and when once a man investigates Polk County personally he becomes a citizen in short order.

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made. This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

Married.

On Wednesday afternoon Mr. Walter Lee and Miss Cora Bivins were united for life at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. R. H. Battey, in presence of a few of the near relatives of the happy couple. Mr. Lee is one of the prominent citizens of our city, one of the proprietors of the Valley Roller Mills, while Miss Cora is a prominent member of Crookston social circles. THE JOURNAL unites with hosts of their friends in extending congratulations.

The county board met on Monday to consider matters of importance to the people. A report came before them of devastations by 'hoppers on the Wells farm near Fertile and this report will be investigated. There seems to be a disposition on the part of some to grumble at the action of the board in this matter but we have not yet heard one man complain who went thorough the grasshopper siege in the seventies. They know too well what a thoroughbred invasion means to kick at the expenditure of a few dollars in ascertaining the exact truth in the matter. If what Prof. Lugger says be true, that there are a few Rocky Mountain 'hoppers here, also some White Mountain 'hoppers, then it is clearly the part of wisdom to attempt to destroy them before they have an opportunity to deposit their eggs in sufficient numbers to destroy the entire crop next season. Prof. Lugger, who has made the study of insects a life work, is no doubt better prepared to judge in this matter than those who do not know the difference between an innocent native 'hopper and the voracious wild 'hopper of the woolly west. We consider the steps taken by the board wise and timely and we believe that time will fully justify their action.

Marshall County Banner:—Born to Mr. and Mrs. B. Bivens on July 2nd a girl of usual weight and promise. Bert has sudenly grown rich and smoking choice havanas with his friends.

The Times, in its last issue, in speaking of the Carman school affair says that the directors turned Mr. Deming off to provide a situation for Prof. Casey, and implies that the Professor himself used under-handed means to secure the same end. Now, we do not intend to anticipate the duty of the courts by trying this case in the newspapers for if the case ever does come to trial doubtless all of the facts will appear, but we do not think it a fair deal for the Times to drag an innocent man into the deal even by implication and all who are acquainted with Prof. Casey, and who understand the Times man's peculiar methods will take no stock in his slurs upon him. That he was beaten last fall is no evidence of incompetency and we think we voice the sentiment of a large majority of our citizens when we say that the county never had a better nor more competent School Superintendent then Prof. Thomas Casey made. He is one of the most competent instructors in Polk County, always commends the highest salary and is a man who deservedly has many friends and but few enemies. The Professor naturally feels indignant at the manner in which the Times treated him under the circumstances.

Annual School Meeting.

Next Saturday evening at 7 o'clock is the time for the annual School meetings throughout the State. It would be well, after the election of officers and other routine work of the evening if something could be done towards securing a more punctual attendance. Last year the number of pupils entitled to apportionment was 5161. The The number not entitled to apportionment was 2285—that is 2285 of the children of our county did not attend school 40 days, thorough they were enrolled and should have done so. The apportionment was $4,60 per pupil, or a loss of over $10,000 for their careless way of attending the public schools. One district with 35 children enrolled reports 17 for apportionment and 18 not entitled to State aid: in other words where the district should receive $161.00 from the State they receive less than half that sum. Now this is all wrong and THE JOURNAL is of the opinion that the parents could do very much to correct this evil.

Conductor Casper Sands is the happy owner of a little pug dog which he bought at the rate of about $500 per pound. The dog is about as big as the average cut-worm, which he resembles to a remarkable degree, only his legs are a trifle longer and reach down to the ground from the northwest corner, the n. e. corner, the s. w. corner and the s. e. corner of the dog, and he can bark louder than a cut-worm—in fact the bark is the biggest part of him—big enough for one of T. B. Walker's biggest saw-logs. On Friday last at set of day when Casper came home he missed the bark and at once concluded that it had followed some strange craft out to sea and been wrecked. So he gave out notice that everybody who should bring back the aforesaid dog would receive a reward of $5. Two days of great anxiety were passed by the conductor, but on Sunday morning a heavy shower occurred, after which Casper found the dog in his potato patch, all right.

TAKEN UP

One bay yearling colt with white star on forehead. Came to my place, the N. W. ¼ of sec. 12 Tp. 147 R. 46, about June 25th. Owner can recover by proving property and paying charges.

CHAS. M. AAGARD.
[13-15] Edna, Minn.

TWINE FACTORY BURNED.

The mammoth twine factory of the Elizabethport Cordage Co., at Elizabethport N. J. was destroyed by fire a short time since and a large portion of the twine, although saved from the fire, was slightly discolered by smoke, necessitating its being put upon the market at a great loss in order to dispose of it. A large portion of this stock will be offered for sale at the skating rink in this city on Tuesday July 21st. The twine is of the very best quality made and not injured in the slightest degree for all practical purposes the discoloration affecting its appearance only. Don't miss this opportunity to lay in your season's supply. The Elizabethport factory has a reputation of turning out a superior quality of twine and when you have a chance to secure some of it at only 10 cents per pound you, certainly have a snap which every business former will avail himself of.

ICE CREAM FESTIVAL!

How enjoyable on a warm evening in summer to sit down in a well ventilated room and eat a good dish of ice cream. This evening, July 16th, there will be an opportunity to get ice cream and cake at the old Opera House A singing choir will serve with songs. Admission 25 cents. The funds will be used for the completion of Hauge church. Come everybody.

Grand Forks Herald:—Paul Kops has returned from another successful musical trip to the west. These Kops brothers are hustlers in their line of business and well deserve all the success they are meeting with.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1891.

The Hon. Commissioner of the General Land Office, by letter dated May 28th, 1891, under instructions from the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, dated May 22d, 1891, directs us to restore to the public domain, and open to settlement and entry all lands heretofore withdrawn in this district within the indemnity limits of the grant for the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway Company, and not embraced in selections heretofore made or applied for by said company, but this restoration shall not affect the rights acquired by grantees within the primary limits of any other congressional grant.

Notice is therefore hereby given that applications for all lands coming within the purview of said instructions will be received at this office on and after August 24th, 1891.

H. H. DICKMANN, Register.
L. K. AAKER, Receiver.

In relation to the above notice, Mr. Aaker informs THE JOURNAL that after a careful search of the records they find that there is not an acre of land in the district subject to entry. This report was duly made to the General Land Office at Washington, and instructions sent back to publish the order nevertheless.

COUNTY NEWS.

Beltrami Items.

As soon as the report reached here this morning that nearly all of section 31, Town of Liberty, belonging to Mr. Wells was covered by grasshoppers, Messrs. Budd, Ford, Croft, Ward, Remington, and myself started for the place and after examining many fields in Reis and a few in Liberty we discovered 10 or 15 hoppers and concluded that those who started the story were either malicious liars or more scared than hurt.

Union Sunday School services every Sunday at the Beltrami school house at 10 A. M.

Supt. E. W. Johnson invites all who are interested in the study of God's word to be present.

H. B. Budd sold two farms last week; pretty good for one who is not in the real estate business. There are a few more quarters of choice improved land here for sale cheap.

Mr. Noys manager of the new farm of Lockhart says he finished breaking 1000 acres this season last Saturday.

Those who are obliged to buy machinery this year are in great luck for we have two machinery firms who are running each other on prices. Shop buyers can get their goods at about cost.

Gittle Stramstad struck a 50 barrel flow on his place at a depth of 290 ft. The first flow that has been struck so far west of the track in that township.

Dennis Harrigan is building a horse on his homestead which he has just filed on in the south part of town.

Mr. Steenis Aagard who lives north of town started a smudge for his stock on the 2nd of July and on the Fourth it worked up to his stable and destroyed it together with 8 calves, 2 pigs, chickens harnesses and hay.

Mr. Baude of Fertile informs us that T. Connery has struck a mineral well on his place and that one of the physicians of that place has purchased it and will sell it by the bottle or glass at his drug store. None genuine without his stamp on every bottle.

Ten or twelve of the boys here started a Temperance society last Sabbath night and celebrated the organization by drinking an eight gallon keg of beer. Martin Lydon was elected president. The other officers will be elected at the next meeting. EDNA.

Ada Items.

Norman County Index.

The Ada base ball club went up to Crookston Wednesday and tackled their crack club. Only seven innings were played, resulting in a score of 22 to 6 in favor of Crookston. The crack Felton pitcher was in the box for Ada for the first four innings, during which Crookston pounded out nineteen runs. Then Cragin was put in and pitched out the game. Out of respect for the home team we omit the individual score.

O. E. Olson was in Grand Forks this week attending a farmers meeting which had for its object the formation of an organization of the farmers of the Red River Valley to ship their own wheat. The plan they have adopted is to employ Ex-Co. Treasurer Tharaldson, of Grand Forks, as agent at Duluth, and ship their wheat to him, the organization to be paid one cent a bushel for all shipped to this agent. This plan seems to be a good one and is well worth being tried. We will give further particulars in regard to the association later.

FERTILE ITEMS.

From the Fertile Journal,

Several men with a herd of ponies are camped near town. They report sales good.

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher Sankey have been visiting relatives and friends in and around Fertile this week.

This section of country has been getting its share of rain during this summer, but fortunately there has been no destructive storms and no damage has been caused. The growing crops are doing nicely and if nothing happens between now and harvest time this will be one of the best years in the history of the Red River Valley.

That Crookston sprinter who came down here the 4th with the expectation of doing up our local runners got badly left. If that is the best Crookston can do—well they needn't expect to be in it with Fertile.

Tilda, age 10, a daughter of O. P. Renne has attended school during the last three years, 17 months or 340 days and has not been absent or tardy.

Fisher Items.

From the Bulletin,

Mr. Rickett and Dr. Robertson of Crookston, will be the guests of Dr. Lackester Sunday.

C. L. O. Lucken and Graham Munch, two of Crookston's young men, procured a skiff and rowed over to the celebration Saturday. They had quite a time of it. They started from Crookston at 11,30 and did not reach Fisher until 8,30 in the evening.

Donald Bain and wife started on Tuesday for Maple Lake, where they will enjoy themselves for a short time.

Dr. and Mrs. Lankester attended the performance of the "Corner Grocery" at Crookston Tuesday evening.

Prof. Casey prefaced the reading of the Declaration of Independence by as neat and sensible a speech as is seldom heard outside of great oratorical centers. It was a surprise to the hundreds of the friends of the Professor, who, while cognizant of his abilities as a teacher and scholar, were not prepared for the sensible and deserved praise which he bestowed upon the theme which he was called upon to read. The Bulletin is proud that Prof. Casey is a resident of Polk county.

Warren Items.

Warren Sheaf,

Harry Wood and wife, of Crookston, visited here during the Fourth.

A. R. Holston, county attorney of Polk county, spent the Fourth in this city.

Ed Martin of Crookston was in the city yesterday looking into the feasibility of starting another barber shop.

Among the numerous attractions of the Fourth in Thief River Falls was a party of 100 dancing Indians said to be in charge of Ole Olson.

St. Hilaire Items.

St. Hilaire Spectator.

E. M. Hoff will, we learn, fix the Utzinger building up in first class shape and move his stock of goods in as soon as completed. He will have a fine large store building.

Tom Harris and crew went down to Crookston last Monday to spend the 4th, returning on Friday. They already have their work completed here and will leave to-day. The town is getting so close together now that Tom is afraid his business will suffer in the future.

T. O Moe, the Thief Lake merchant was in town the first of the week after goods. He reports that the country is settling up fast there and that over thirty families have moved in that neighborhood this spring. His store is about forty miles north of here near Thief Lake.

Our county Commissioner, C. P. DeMers, was in town yesterday on official business. He went out to the township of Sanders to look over some road work going on there. The county has appropriated $100 for the road leading to the sand ridge and the township officers are doing considerable work there this summer.

DIED.

On Saturday July 4th, of inflammation of the brain, Ernest Fernando, aged eighteen months, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Rapp. The sympathy of the entire comunity is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Rapp in their bereavement. The funeral took place last Monday afternoon and was attended by a large number of friends. Rev. Chapman preached an excellent funeral sermon and a number of little boys and girls acted as pall bearers. The church was very tastefully decorated by friends. The interment took place in the Swedish Lutheran Cemetery across the river,

Geo. Vine, of the Robert Street meat market informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

CHAMPION MOWERS AND BINDERS.

Moe & Buhn, at Mentor, are prepared to fill all orders for the celebrated Champion Mowers & Binders.
[10-13]

Excursion Rates

To Saengerfest Singing Society, to be held at Minneapolis, July 16th to 22d.

The Great Northern Railroad Company will make a rate of one and one-third fare for round trip, Crookston to Minneapolis and return. Tickets on sale July 16th and 17th, good to return until the 22d. [11-13]

Harvest Trips.

The Great Northern Railway will run Harvest Excursions from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior, to this and other points north of Fergus Falls, Breckenridge and Wahpeton to Buford inclusive on July 21st and August 4th at One Fare, round trip, good for 30 days. Our citizens are urged to write friends in the east to come and help us gather our abundant crops, visit us, and then make their home in this country. W. W. FEGAN,
[13-14] Agt. Crookston.

FARMERS.

The immense stock of manilla binding twine from the recent destructive fire of the Elizabethport Steam Cordage Co., New Jersey, will be on sale at the skating rink in Crookston on Tuesday July 21st 1891.

TAKEN UP.

In my garden on Thursday June 11th two small pigs three or four months old. Owner can recover the same by calling on the undersigned, proving property and paying expenses.
[9-15] R. LEHMANN.

Estray.

Came on my premises on section 19, town of Vineland on Sunday June 28th, one iron grey two-year-old yelding colt with white stripe in his face. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and recuver the same.
JOHN STEENERSON
[11-13]

MARRIED.

COX—BENJAMIN.—At the residence of the pastor, Rev. R. H. Battey, in this city, Nathaniel Cox and Mrs. Ruth Benjamin, all of Polk County, Minn.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.
Particular attention is invited to our line of meerschaum Goods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

E. STEENERSON,
Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

BINDING
TWINE
—AT A—
Great Sacrifice.

MANILLA TWINE
AT ONLY
☞ TEN CENTS
A POUND. ☜

The Immense Stock
Of Twine from the recent destruction by fire of the Elizabethport Steam Cordage Co's Factory, New Jersey, slightly discolored by smoke
Will be For Sale
At the Skating Rink,
IN CROOKSTON, MINN.,
On Tuesday, July 21st.

Come at Once
—AND—
Secure the Best Bargains!
As we will be here a Few Days Only.

Farmers and Jobbers,
You can't afford to miss this chance to Save Big Money. You don't have to buy the twine without seeing it, as it will be open for inspection at time of sale, at the
Old Opera House,
IN THE CITY OF CROOKSTON,
Tuesday, July 21st.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
—DEALERS IN—
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - - Crookston.

Trade at
HOLMBOE'S,
THE ROBERT ST. DEALER
—IN—
General Merchandise!

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.
FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS,
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,
AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.
OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.
Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.
Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's

A. J. & A. McKINNON,
—CROOKSTON—
CARRIAGE WORKS.
Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.
GIVE US A CALL
A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,
—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

Crookston Meat Market
E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. JOHN DALLUM Manager
Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA
PIANOS,

ORGANS
WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.
Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.
Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.
☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
LEE & HERRICK.

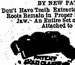
L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

[First publication July 16th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK, —ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District
The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, vs. Benjamin Millette, defendant.
The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum from the 8th day of March. A. D. 1888, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.
Dated July 7th, 1891.
JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[13-19] Crookston, Minn.

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.
Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.



The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.
This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.
This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.
Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.
DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 16, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.............Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m......................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m......................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m......................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.......... 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......................... 8:15 a. m.

FARMERS' TRUST NEXT.

A Project Unearthed Whereby Interested Parties Hope to Bull the Wheat Market.

By a Combination of the Six Million Alliance Members to Hold Back the Year's Crop.

CHICAGO, July 8.—: A morning paper devotes three columns to the publication of what purports to be a secret circular to be issued to the farmers of the nation unfolding the development of a plan to force up the price of the present wheat crop. The paper says:

"It is proposed to withhold this year's wheat crop from market until the farmers can get their own price, or at least a price considerably above the average. It suggests a great combination of the 6,000,000 members of farmers' organizations, including the 2,000,000 members of the Farmers' Alliance and Industrial union, the 1,000,000 members of the Colored National Farmers' alliance, the 1,000,000 members of the National Farmers' Alliance of the North, the 800,000 members of the Farmers' Mutual Benevolent association, the 600,000 members of the Patrons of Husbandry, and the 150,000 members of the Farmers league. Impressed by the failure of the Butterworth option bill and other measures to prevent trading in futures on farm products, the farmers are now, through their officials advisers at least, preparing to go on a

STRIKE FOR HIGHER PRICES.

Legislation is declared to be too slow, and ineffectual, and as the conditions of the crops and the market appear auspicious, the producers, when organized, may hope to form a combination that will result in profit to the agriculturists. The circular makes an argument on the evils of option dealing, and the tricks to which speculators resort in order to prevent the farmer from realizing good prices; gives the government estimates on the present crop; estimates that the country will have 144,000,000 bushels of wheat for export; sets forth the shortage in the crops of Europe; declares that there is no chance of failure in the attempt to realize higher prises; urges all members of the farmers' organizations to hold their grain until the prices shall advance to $1.35 per bushel at New York, and points out that by so doing a profit of $100,000,000 is sure to accrue to them within a few weeks. It urges them to take this stand, even at the expense of being pinched for a time.

A Roof of American Tin.

New York Press.

The free trade skeptics who are still proclaiming that American tin plate is not made and sold in this country will find themselves confounded by the purely business correspondence presented in this issue of The Press, by which it appears that the first roof of tin plate of American manufacture in New York has been laid on a building of the Van Zandt estate at No. 212 Centre street. The letters between Mr. Van Zandt, executor of the Van Zandt estate, and Mr. J. S. Moseley, the roofer, furnish the most positive evidence that in a purely commercial way American tin plate is made, is sold and is used. The roof at No. 212 Centre street is an object lesson from which the free traders cannot escape. It is another link in the chain of evidence that proves the possibility of Americans making all the tin plate used in this country, instead of paying $25,000,000 to $30,000,000 annually for imported plate.

Mr. Moseley is an Englishman by birth, but clearly an American in spirit. His testimony about the composition of tin plate is evidence from the plain people to the plain people. We can make iron and steel sheets in this country in quantity and quality to outrival any other nation of the globe. Of that there is no dispute. Tin plate is formed by tinning these iron or steel plates. From 96 to 98 per cent. of tin plate is iron or steel. The 2 to 4 per cent. of tin by which tin plate is produced is imported to England from the Straits of Malacca, where cooly labor produces it at the miserable pittance of five to ten cents per day. We can import this tin to the United States as well as the English, but we can do better still under protection and take the tin metal from our own deposits in South Dakota, in Virginia and in Southern California, paying living wages to free men for mining it, and so be independent of the whole world in respect to the tin plate product.

The Centre street roof of American tin plate is the harbinger of many similar roofs which will cover American homes and business places in the near future under the beneficent processes of protection.

GIVE FARMERS FREEDOM.

Farm Stock and Home.

Our duty of the hour, so far as the farmer is concerned, is to see that he has a fair field. With this, he need ask no favor. One thing he has a right to demand, and is justified in seeking by every means he can compass; that is, free access to the markets of the world. His most serious trouble is that he is penned in a corner by those who are working him as a source of profit. Through his necessities, which are imperative, he is squeezed like a lemon by those who make his tools and his clothing and nearly all he has to buy. *** He little knows the men who rule him. They do not live by labor. They live by the business of politics; by the controlling of elections and the use of that control for profit. What with the offices they are permitted to distribute and the corruption funds they collect from men who are interested in class legislation, they make their business pay handsomely, directly and indirectly.

Enough of the business element of politics is allied with manufacturing industries to make manufacturers sometimes our most dangerous, though not our most conspicuous, politicians. Through them the farmer and the workingman generally are taxed right and left. They are made to pay tribute to trusts and combinations, to the pension agents, and to the bummers and deadbeats who discovered their wounds only a quarter of a century after they had fled from their last battlefield. In spite of their overwhelming numbers, the farmers are powerless to protect themselves, mainly for lack of intelligence to see their situation as it is. They are peculiarly susceptible to the presentation of false issues, and are easily misled by the flattery and buncombe of the demagogues of both parties.

The conclusion from all this must be that there is a duty of the hour which we owe the farmer—the duty of relieving him from the unequal burden of taxation to which he is now subjected, by allowing him to buy what he does not produce, as he is compelled to sell what he does produce, in the world's markets at the world's prices. * *

That the present Alliance movement will directly improve the situation is not likely. There are already indications that professional politicians will buy farms, will pay the expense of Alliance meetings, and will capture the Alliance vote. This done, they will go on in their old familiar way, with the old familiar result, until farmers learn to do more of their own thinking.—Geo. E. Waring, Jr., in N. A. Review.

FARMERS ARE THINKING.

New York Herald (Ind.)

We may grumble about the third party to our hearts' content, but there it is. The part which it may play in the next campaign will not, perhaps, be important; but the fact that it had its origin in the restlessness and discontent of farmers and workingmen is very important. The tillers of the soil in the South and the Northwest have a feeling that they have not been squarely dealt with. "If the country," they say, "is so tremendously prosperous as our orators are constantly declaring it to be, why in the world are we compelled to mortgage our farms? If our manufactories are booming, if business is so brisk and prosperous that a man can count his money by millions, why can't we, who work from sunrise until after dark, manage to make both ends meet? There must be a screw loose somewhere." And it is that loose screw, or rather the hope to find and tighten it, which gave rise to this third party. The wage-earners are also disgruntled. If you say it is their chronic condition, then all the worse for the system which makes it chronic. There never was a time in history of the world when so much profound thinking was done by the workingmen as now. It is the tendency of a republic to make them think, for they have votes to cast and public policies to approve or oppose. They don't quite know what the matter is, and so they strike in the dark and three-quarters of the time hit nothing. They are only sure of one thing—that there is something somewhere which ought to be hit, and hit hard, if they can only find out what and where it is. In the meantime our high tariff monstrosity is oppressing both of these classes and making their burdens heavier. The government, which should render life easier, is constantly making it harder. The farmers and the wage earners are gradually getting their eyes open to that fact, and if in '92 they come to see it as clearly as some of us see it now, they will train their guns against McKinley and exterminate all these buncombe mongers who try to persuade the people that the more a man takes out of his pocket for taxes the more he has in it for himself.

CUT WHEAT EARLY.

An Illinois Experiment Which May Benefit North Dakota Farmers,

Grand Forks Herald.

The importance of early cutting of grain before it was thoroughly ripe was well shown by an experiment made in Illinois. Of a field of fifty acres of wheat, a part cut ten or fifteen days before maturity gave plump grain that weighed 62½ pounds to the bushel, while that which stood until fully ripe weighed only 58 pounds to the bushel, a shrinkage in weight of 7½ per cent., to which might be added a further shrinkage from grain that rattled out in handling. This is as applicable to other grain, including field corn or any crop grown for seed, as to wheat. Millers know that wheat cut before it is quite ripe makes better flour than when it stands longer, and other experiments have indicated that it was better for seed purposes, germinating more readily and coming forward more rapidly. As a general rule, the best time for cutting grain is when the seed is fully formed and has glazed over, but is yet so tender as to be crushed between finger and thumb.

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas,

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. It emits no smoke, is odorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western Line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line, leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul, 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for manufacture of Pintsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line," and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel. [11-16]

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy: $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Under Judgment of Foreclosure.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court 14th Judicial District.

John Cromb and Olaus H. Lucken, as executors of the last will and testament of Paul C. Sletten, deceased, plaintiffs, against Henry Watts Blake, Jane Blake and Henry Watts, Sr., defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 21st day of May, 1891, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of said Polk County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, the twentieth day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:—Lot eleven (11) in block seven (7), in Cromb & Sletten's subdivision of Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

Dated Crookston, Minn., June 1st, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

JOHN CROMB,
Plaintiffs Attorney. [7-13]

Notice of Mortgage Sale by Advertisement.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nettie F. Miller and Paul Miller, her husband, mortgagors, to Johnston Wagner, mortgagee, dated the 12th day of November, A. D. eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1887, at 11:40 o'clock, a. m., in book "T" of mortgages, on page 417, on which there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the amount of eight hundred and forty and 60-100 dollars, and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described, at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

MONDAY, the 20TH DAY OF JULY,

A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-one, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section thirty-two, (32), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43) west of 5th principal meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated May 15th, A. D. 1891.

JOHNSTON WAGNER,
Mortgagee.

W. B. DOUGLAS, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[6-13] Moorhead, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE
Crookston, Minn., June 30th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on August 14th, 1891, viz: WILLIAM J. NICKLE, Hd. No. 11,497, for the ne¼ Sec. 8, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: H. B. Budd, Lewis Seger, Frank B. Dykeman, K. O. Flakne, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[11-16] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN.
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.
OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier..
DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockin, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Asker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

BENOIT & SYLVESTER,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—
Heavy and Shelf Hardware
Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
☞Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.☜
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, HENRY SMITH AND EMMA Smith, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 152, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 30 of mortgages, on pages 581 to 585; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon, on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred sixty and 89-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 4th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, KNUDT H. BERG AND Aguette Berg, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Horace Alling, of the County of Essex, State of New Jersey, their mortgage bearing date of November 4th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: Southwest quarter (sw¼) Section 24, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred fifty dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 1:30 p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 180; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-two and 57-100 dollars due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-five and 50-100 dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Horace Alling has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred seventy-three and 57-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue of the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 1st, A. D. 1891.

HORACE ALLING, Mortgagee,
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[7-13]

Mortgage Sale.

(First Publication June 18th, 1891.)

WHEREAS OLE PEDERSON AND CAREN Pederson, his wife, of Polk County State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company, of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of July 17th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit:

The North half of Southeast quarter, and South half of Northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160, acres to secure the payment of the sum of Five hundred and Fifty Dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said Mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July A. D. 1886, at three o'clock P. M. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 211; and,

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the sum of Thirty-eight and 50-100, Dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January A. D. 1891 and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

WHEREAS It was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

WHEREAS, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

WHEREAS, There is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Six-hundred seven and 24-100 Dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in said County and State on the 8th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the fore-noon of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
JOHN CROMB, Mortgagee.
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank,

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 11th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred forty-seven and 30-100 dollars, ($247.30) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Hunter and Lizzie A. Hunter, his wife, to John Cromb, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the first day of May, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book T of mortgages, on page 21, and in addition thereto the further sum of sixty-four and 90-100 dollars taxes duly assessed and levied against said premises described and conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of northwest quarter Section fourteen (14), Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes as above on said premises, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
Mortgagee,
[8 14] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 2d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, ($279.50) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Boucher and Margaret Boucher, his wife, to Joseph Kelso, bearing date the 9th day of March, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 305 to 307 inclusive, and the further sum of fifty four and 79-100 dollars for taxes duly assessed and levied against the land conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number twenty-six (26) block seven (7), in Sletten & Cromb's subdivision of Lots in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 26th, A. D. 1891.

JOSEPH KELSO, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Eugene St. Mars and Marie St. Mars, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Mary V. Martin, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of January 27th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 339; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-nine dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-nine dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary V. Martin has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seven and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, A. D. 1891.

MARY V. MARTIN, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 12th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 7th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Harvey E. Cooke, of the County of Polk, representing, among other things, that William G. Cooke, late of the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1891, at the County of Polk, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court, on Friday, the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the City of Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 7th day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[12-14] Judge of Probate.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. The State of Minnesota, to Canadian Pacific Railway Company, a corporation, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County, on the 30th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at my office in the City of Crookston, in said County, to answer to J. M. Stephens in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said J. M. Stephens for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 24th day of June, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
[11-18] Justice of the Peace.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 18th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, CORNELIUS ANDERSON AND Kjerste Anderson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to James John Fulton, of Edinburgh, Scotland, their mortgage bearing date of August 25th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one (1) and two (2) of Section 30, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 161 21-100 acres to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 148; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 07-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said James John Fulton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred fifty-three and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 13th, A. D. 1891.

JAMES JOHN FULTON,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, RICHARD CARIVEAU AND Minnie Cariveau, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Caroline C. Moulton, of the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, their mortgage bearing date of July 1st, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 11:20 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline C. Moulton, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred seven and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 24th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE C. MOULTON,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, John Gudmundsen and Marie Gudmundsen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Nathan P. Rice, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of September 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the southeast quarter of Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 237; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of ten dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of fifty-six dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Nathan P. Rice has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-seven and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1891.

NATHAN P. RICE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JULY 23, 1891. NO. 14.

Polk County Journal.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

A member of Frank Daggett Post, at Litchfield, died recently and his family desired to have him buried with military honors by the Post, but the minister, who must have been a good deal of a crank, forbade it and would not allow any such proceedings, nor would he allow any member of the Post to act as pall-bearer. To show their appreciation of such cranky notions in free America, Col. Cobham Post drew up the following resolutions which they sent to the Post at Litchfield:

Whereas, There recently died a member of Frank Daggett Post, G. A. R., at Litchfield, Minnesota, and

Whereas, It having been the desire of the deceased comrade and his family, that the usual Grand Army services be had at his funeral, and

Whereas, The officiating clergyman at the funeral of said deceased comrade, and in total disregard of an honored custom of the Grand Army of the Republic and the expressed wishes of the family of said deceased, did forbid the carrying of the United States flag and other appropriate ceremonies practiced by the G. A. R. at the funeral of a deceased comrade, be it

Resolved, That the customary funeral rites of the Grand Army of the Republic are in full keeping with the patriotic sentiments of all who love their country and their country's God, and be it

Resolved, That in permitting the observance of these customs we recognize a token of the people's appreciation of the soldiers' services in securing to us the blessings of liberty, and be it

Resolved, That the action of said officiating clergyman at the funeral of Comrade Maier, of Frank Daggett Post, was un-American, un-republican and un-patriotic, and such action stamps its author as a bigoted ingrate, blind to the blessings of civil and religious liberty, and be it

Resolved, That such disregard of the patriotic rites of the Grand Army of the Republic, is a bigoted disregard of that love of country, which next to the love of our Creator, is the highest and noblest sentiment of the human heart.

Louis Fontaine, Commander.
Nels Olson, S. V.
J. O. Sargeant, Jr., V. C.
O. H. Lucken, Quartermaster.
Virgil D. Carruth, Adj.
Benjamin F. Zarracher, P. C.

TO RAISE MONEY.

A Scheme of the Kansas Alliance to Renew Mortgages on Farm Lands in That State.

Committee Appointed to Ascertain Amount of Mortgage Indebtedness of Members of the Order.

Go East and Negotiate Direct with Corporations for the Whole Number. Great Saving Anticipated.

Topeka, Kan., July 13.—The Kansas Alliance has formulated a plan for the payment and renewal of farm mortgages which will be of great interest to the farmers as well as to the capitalists of the East who loan the money. A committee consisting of A. P. Collins and F. J. Newell has been appointed to ascertain the number of mortgages on farms owned by Alliance men in Kansas, to lump them in a whole and to go East and negotiate with one or more corporations or companies of capitalists for their renewal or payment at a lower rate of interest. The object of this action is to dispel the idea that the farmers of Kansas are in favor of repudiation, and to also do away with the middlemen and agents who filch from both capitalists and farmers in charging exorbitant interest and commissions. It is believed that this plan will reduce the rate of interest to 6 per cent.

LETTER FROM C. D. C.

The Perham Jurist Gives the Far West a Black Eye and Tells Otter Tail People to Stay Here.

Chehalis, Wash., June 28.

Editor Fergus Falls Journal.

If the settlers in Ottertail County who have the Pacific slope fever know when they are well off, they'll stay at home, even if it is hard times, for they will find when they get to Washington or Oregon that farming is not so easy as in Minnesota. It is true in some places they raise big crops, but it is where the old mossbacks have been grubbing along for years in mud and rain and going through no end of hardships and privations. They have laid out townsites innumerable and caught the suckers, who now find themselves with a house and lot not paid for and no work. Everything is at a stand still. They talk of fruit farms and hop yards; it takes cash to open them out and then it is precarious work. The fact is laborers and mechanics are not wanted. It is capitalists they want to dig down 400 feet for lignite, called coal, also to put in saw mills—too many already; lots are shut down. As soon as one arrives in town here, if you have money, they want to sell you lots, millions in it, bound to triple your cash in one year—strange, they are so anxious to give away snaps—I have great fun in my travels listening to all of them. It's the same ding dong from one town to another, hundreds of deluded farmers from Kansas, Nebraskr and Iowa are laying round waiting for something to turn up, in hopes they can manage sometime to get back. The great drawback to this country is the want of roads; you can get nowhere except by rail and boat. It will be years ere roads can be made. The stumbling block is the old mossback. He does not want folks to come and view the promised land. He is contented to sit and watch the "kears" as they roll by and sell you a town lot, 30x100 feet for $400—cheap, trees thrown in, some six feet through, and pretty close together. The railroads employs Dagos and Chinese, so the white laborer has no show. They'll not employ a man in the shingle or saw mills unless he is an expert so almost every avenue is shut against a man looking for work. Every business is overdone, goods selling cheaper than in Otter Tail County of all kinds. Professional men 'tending bars and waiters in restaurants; everything overdone and cooked in the boom to death. My advice is: Leave well enough alone and stay at home. It rains here from November to July and it is the most affectionate soil I ever saw. It sticks worse than Fargo mud. There is no shaking it off. They say it will raise anything: I dont doubt it. It raised me one foot in four blocks—if you don't have a grub hoe handy to knock it off your boots before it dries, you have to use a cold chisel; this is the truth. They have no snow for tobogganing, but the soil makes a fine substitute. It is the worst place for amusements I every saw. I am thinking of starting a toboggan slide on Mount St. Helen, just to draw their attention protempo from dirt. They talk dirt, dream of dirt and almost eat dirt. With all their blow, they import everything fit to eat, from vegetables to meat. It is now awful hot in day time and nearly freezing at night. This is about the general run of the towns of Washington and Oregon—only on the coast they have more fogs to help out variety—no hunting or fishing compared to Otter Tail County, and cash is just as scarce here as with you. So tell all to stay at home and weather it out.

C. D. C. Williams.

When The Earth Was Young.

Says Dr. Ball, astronomer royal for Ireland, it went around so fast that the day was only three hours long. The earth was liquid then, and it spun around and around at that fearful speed, and as the sun caused ever increasing tides upon its surface, it at last burst in two. The smaller part became the moon, which has been going around the earth ever since at an increasing distance. The demand for speed is one which no invention of men seems to satisfy. Ocean steamers now cross the Atlantic in a week, but the public clamors for a shorter voyage, and some of the companies are holding out a hope of three days. Perhaps the speed indicated above, when our old globe whirled around to the rate of 8,000 miles an hour, would satisfy the people who travel, but as the world is getting on in years now, and is a little slow, they will have to be contented with such a gate as the railroads can strike. When they want speed combined with smooth running and safety, those who are posted select "The Bulington," the favorite low grade, smooth track line from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago and St. Louis. For tickets and any further information apply to your local ticket agent or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Birds of A Feather.

Rock County News.

The reputable members of the Alliance, and almost all of them are worthy of the adjective, are getting very weary of the appearance of Eric Olson on all possible occasions, as a representative such men as R. J. Hall and General Barett have been given credit as being thoughtful, conscientious men, who were in the Alliance for principle's sake, but the influence is against them when they flock with Eric Olson.

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105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS,

ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Southern Fraud in the North.

New York Press.

When the Democrats, last June imported the tissue ballot fraud from the South to New England they overlooked the distinction between bulldozed freedmen of the Southern States and the New England Republicans. We suggested at the time that they would find out the distinction later on, and they have found it out. The attempt to carry the election of municipal officers in a wealthy and important town by tissue ballots has failed. There was no denial of the fraud perpetrated in Lincoln, Rhode Island, nor any question as to the interest in which it was perpetrated. But in order to make it impossible to prove the crime, the democratic town officials deliberately ordered the destruction by burning of all the ballots. The tissue ballots were destroyed, and the democratic candidates, claiming election by virtue of the fraud, took possession of the offices just as they do on a larger scale in South Carolina and Mississippi.

But the tissue ballot criminals were soon taught that they were in New England, not South Carolina. A writ of quo warranto carried the case to the Supreme Court, and that tribunal decreed that the beneficiaries of the fraud should be ousted from office. Even then the democrats were not willing to relax their grasp. The old municipal officers or ex-officers, belonging to the democratic party claimed that the judgment of the court annulled the election altogether, and proceeded to hold over as if no election had been held. Then the republicans determined to give a lesson to the importers of the tissue ballot once for all. The lawful elected officers of the town, chosen by a majority which, apart from the fraudulent tissue ballots, nobody had questioned, proceeded to secure possession of the public offices. The tissue ballot beneficiaries made a violent resistance, but they were overcome and driven out.

And then, says the Mugwump Providence Journal, "the darkest day in the history of civilized Lincoln was at an end." Yes, it was a dark and a disgraceful day, made such by democratic force and fraud of the kind that has kept the South solid for many years past. The people of New England have had a chance to see in miniature in the North the methods which the amended Federal Elections bill was intended to put an end to in the former slave holding States of the South.

BLAINE'S HEALTH.

A New York Herald Correspondent Visits Bar Harbor to Find Out What He Can About It.

His Disease Purely One of the Nerves. No Bright's Disease, No Paralysis, No Indigestion.

No Drug or Medicines Needed—His Physicians Think He Will Get Well—Blaine Thinks So To.

New York, July 13.—The Herald prints the following from its special correspondent at Bar Harbor:

It still an open question among those who think themselves in a position to know whether James G. Blaine will return to his duties at Washington in the fall or whether he has come to Bar Harbor to die.

I think I am safe in making these two statements.

First—That Mr. Blaine is by no means the man he was a year ago, and the habitants of Bar Harbor are shocked at the change.

Second—That if Mr. Blaine is really dying from whatever cause, he is dying very gamely, and is making such a fight against the grim monster as only a man of his iron will can make.

To Sum up the Situation,

then, Mr. Blaine may be a wreck on a priori ground, but he may be one of that particular kind of wrecks which laugh scientific deductions in the face and refuse to sink. What can you expect of a "dying man" who, rain or shine, insists on driving his twenty miles a day? I had a good look at the secretary during the afternoon at his Bar Harbor home. He was in a brown study, walking with slow stride up and down a favorite piazza, which looked down on Frenchman's bay. He wore a soft hat, pulled down over his head, while a black coat with long tails flapped about his legs. He was dressed for comfort and nothing else. But dress is a trivial detail. What struck me was the expression of his face—pallid white, in a frame of silver hair and beard. His eyes shone bright as of yore, but they shone with a feverish unhealthy lustre, and there was in their look something of mental disquiet. A kind of

Mute Pleading With Destiny

whose shadowy form he seemed to see far away where his glance touched the horizon. A wise man indeed would he be who could read Blaine's thoughts at such a moment, but a fool could say they were unhappy. People who have known Mr. Blaine for years are impressed in a similar way by the difference in his manner and expression. You cannot indicate precisely in lines and adjectives what that difference is. You cannot indicate the difference between sunrise and sunset, but you know that the difference is there. You feel it. Mrs. Blaine and her daughter Mrs. Damrosch are (and this I have on the best authority) almost worried to death about the condition of him who is so dear to them and whose condition they are able to appreciate by a loving intuition far better than the doctors with their learned formulas.

Not a Case for Drugs or Medicines.

As one of the physicians told me, there are no drugs or medicines which can do the great statesman any good. Who knows the great recipe for calming nerve centers or the overworked brain? No one. The patient will either pull through or he won't, and that is all there is to it.

"What is the trouble with Mr. Blaine?"

"His nerves, nothing but his nerves," answered Dr. J. M. Taylor, the Philadelphia nerve specialist, who is in constant attendance.

"Then he has not Brights disease, as reported?"

"Emphatically not; his kidneys are as sound as any man's."

"And he is not suffering from paralysis?"

"No, indeed. Do you think a man who had paralysis could drive about as he does?"

"But isn't his stomach all gone to pieces? They say he can take no nourishment except milk."

"Nonsense, Mr. Blaine eats and enjoys three square meals a day, composed of pretty much the same dishes that you or I eat."

"Then you think he will get well?"

"Unquestionably. During the five weeks he has been here he has made steady improvements and will go back to Washington all ready for the load of work before him."

Such is the physician's statement, which some persons accept as gospel truth, while others shake their heads and refuse to be convinced.

Blaine Expects to Get Well.

Boston, July 13.—A special to The Herald from Bar Harbor says: Secretary Blaine continues steadily to improve in health, and he says that he feels himself on the high road to recovery.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c

100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c

10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c

50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c

100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c

50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests	8c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests	25c
A Good Summer Corset	50c
A Good Black Corset	50c

NEW LINE
of SHIRT WAISTS
of GLOVES.
of WINDSOR TIES
of PARASOLS.
of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

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WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF **HARDWARE**

—DON'T FORGET TO SEE—

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

J. V. E. WYATT,

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Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

N E W G O O D S.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material.

Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

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COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG
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For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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MONEY
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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
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Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Thief River Falls Items.

Thief River Falls Press.

As was stated in last week's issue of The Press Mr. C. A. Kinkaid has purchased the Tindolph block and arrived last Friday to view his purchase and decide on future action. Like all previous investors in this village he was delighted with his bargain and immediately decided to complete the building which will be occupied as follows: The north side will be filled with an extensive stock of general merchandise, and in the west end of this room an office to be used for bank will be finished off and in connection with this a wheat market will be established making a grain market in this place, a business the lack of which the town has suffered. The south room will be used as a storage room until rented. A party is in town to-day looking over the place in the banking interest and informs us that he is well pleased with the outlook and is quite sure that he will be here soon with another gentleman and plenty of capital for both banking and wheat buying. A part of the second story will be finished off for living rooms and the balance of this story and third will be arranged for a boarding house and hotel. The contract has been let for the work. Thus a building which has been an eyesore for a long time will soon be changed to a fine, thriving business block. Work will be commenced immediately and pushed as fast as possible. So far as possible residents of the town will be employed on the work. We shall try and give more particulars in next week's paper.

Mr. Kretzchmar is makings things shine around his house and mill, with paint. He has painted both and on the front of the mill at the top in white paint has "1888, O. K."

There is a great of complaint from people living north on Thief River in regard to the fish traps in that stream. They not only deprive the settlers of the fish they should have but fairly make the water rotten with dead fish.

At the celebration in the town of Excel on the Fourth two girls named Anna Decker and Emma Simonson were thrown from a circular swing. The former was quite seriously but not dangerously hurt, the latter hurt but little.

DEVIATION IS DESIRED.

Polk County People Want The Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad.

Efforts Are Being Made to Have the Line Run to Crookston.

Special to the Globe.

Duluth, June 19.—Great efforts are being made by the farmers and business men of Polk county to induce the Duluth & Winnipeg railway people to change the proposed bee line route from Duluth to Winnipeg and deviate so as to run into Crookston and through the Red River Valley. There is a large delegation here to-day, including several officials of the road and the following named gentlemen from Crookston: Mayor Alex McKinnon, E. D. Childs O. H. Lucken, William Anglim and several other prominent men from the western part of the state. There are also a few prominent Eastern capitalists here. The party took an excursion out to the present terminus of the line, several miles beyond Grand Rapids, Minn. The company is now firmly on its feet financially, having Eastern backing which will enable it to successfully compete with the Great Northern, so that the probability is very strong that it will seek to get a good share of the freight traffic of the Red River Valley, even if a deviation must be made. E. D. Childs, of Crookston, one of the directors of the road, and owner of about 9,000 acres of land in Polk county, told your correspondent yesterday that he expected the four counties, of Polk, Marshall, Kittson and Norman would harvest 15,000,000 bushels of wheat this fall.

McGrath Makes a Denial.

Topeka, Kan., July 13.—President Frank McGrath, of the Farmers' Alliance, who has just arrived in the city, pronounced the report that the Farmers' Alliance had sent out a secret circular appealing to its members to hold their wheat until it would bring $1.25 per bushel, a fake pure and simple. He said: "If such a circular had been agreed upon I would have known about it, for all of the state alliances keep one another advised of every important move, and surely the native officers would have let me know if they had taken such a step."

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 23, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 81.
2 Northern 79.
3 Northern 75.
1 Northern 70.

Crookston vs Grand Forks at the ball park this afternoon.

Fontaine & Anglim expect to get into their new store by August 1st.

Sam Rosenthal returned with his better half the latter part of last week.

Will Heidrich is in the city visiting relatives and friends for a few days.

Fine wheat weather these days. In a very short time now our crops will be safe.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Gates returned on Saturday evening from a pleasant visit with friends at Euclid.

Some of our farmers aver that we are getting too much rain, and it begins to look that way to us.

Henry Steege bought the crop of standing wheat on the old fair grounds for $11.00 an acre cash.

Wheat opened out at 81 cents on Monday morning. A drop of four cents since our report last Thursday.

See notice of "Farms for Sale" elsewhere in this issue and write to L. F. Menage for particulars.

The American Express Company has established a branch money order office in Fred Durand's drug store.

Peter Cornelius and wife attended the great Saengerfest at Minneapolis last week. Peter says it was grand.

J. G. McGrew, Esq., has been busy during the past week taking testimony in the case of Glenn vs. Harris.

E. C. Davis went down to St. Paul on Tuesday evening to look after a 50 mile contract on the Great Northern road.

Remember, the bee hive, Sture's store, is moved into the opera house block where you can find bargains galore.

Jack McLaren and his daughter Jennie returned on Friday morning from a pleasant trip to the twin cities.

The Douglas County News tells of a heavy hailstorm near Alexandria last week with more or less damage to several crops.

Peter Cornelius did not return with the boys from Minneapolis, and they say it is because Pete has enlisted in the army.

Tom Harris is moving the Norwegian Lutheran church to its new site on Broadway. The brick foundation therefor is being laid.

If your razor needs honing take it to Charlie Misner and see what he can do for it. If it is any good at all he can put it in first-class shape.

I. W. Webb reports that Peter Carey's buildings were destroyed by fire recently, including all of his machinery. The fire was caused by a smudge.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

John Alderman went up to St. Hilare last week with his family to visit old friends. He sold his team and so his family had to come back on the train.

The Pioneer Twine Company instead of opening out in the old Opera house as stated in last issue, opened out on Tuesday morning at Rasmusson's old place on Main Street.

Mayor McKinnon returned from Duluth on Saturday morning and although he was not saying a great deal we could easily see that his trip had been reasonably successful.

Benj. F. Clayton, the man who got mixed up in the meum and tuum of A. N. Hixson's team and who went to Stillwater therefor was last week pardoned by Gov. Merriam.

Andrew Nelson and son came over from Grand Forks on Friday evening and went north on Saturday morning as far as Halleck. Mr. N. was looking up business in the marble line.

Cashier Lewis Ellington and Mayor McKinnon went to Duluth on Wednesday evening of last week on business of great importance to Polk County should it be conducted to a successful issue.

Prof. S. A. Challman, of Hope Academy, Moorhead gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant visit on Saturday last. Judging by the catalogue he left us the institution is in a very flourishing condition.

Andrew Eiken and family started on Thursday evening for a visit to Madison, Wis., after which they will visit awhile in Houston County. Andrew says he means to enjoy a good long resting spell.

Ole Bang was up from the west side on Friday last enjoying life with his friends here. Ole says crops on the west side are looking nicely and that hay will also be a good crop down there.

The dwellers in Polk County have always said. "If we only had a short-line connection with the head of the lake, we would be all right!" And they were right. We now have that chance. Will we accept it?

Editor Bydal, Prof. Skjefstad, Hans Peterson, M. H. Engen, A. Solberg, J. E. Hanson and P. E. Lynne went down to Minneapolis last week to attend the great saengerfest. The universal verdict is "a splendid time."

John, the handsome one of the hustling firm of Kops Bros., was in the city on Tuesday. He has been catching fish at Detroit Lake and reports a catch of 120 pounds in 2½ minutes (or was it hours he said?) 75 fish in all.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk, }

William Senske came before me, and being first duly sworn, deposes and says,

That he has seen the printed circular, entitled "To Whom it May Concern," and purporting to be signed by affiant, and subscribed and sworn to before J. B. Armitage, a Notary Public.

That on the 17th day of July, 1891, he stepped into Huggard's warehouse, where Wm. Deering & Co., are selling farm machinery and binding twine.

That while in said warehouse affiant had a conversation with a party, whose name is to affiant unknown, and one other party by the name of Huggard.

That to said Huggard, affiant made the statement that he was going to buy his twine of the Pioneer Twine Company if it was dry, but if their twine was not drier than the twine he bought of them last season he would not buy any of their twine.

That affiant made the further statement: That he had trouble in starting the balls, but that after said balls were fairly started the balls rolled as readily as any twine I could buy in the market.

That said twine bothered only in starting by reason of the same being damp; that otherwise he was perfectly satisfied with the twine so purchased of the Pioneer Twine Company. That affiant has purchased of said Pioneer Twine Company five hundred and fifty pounds of binding twine to be used by affiant for the present harvest.

That while in said warehouse affiant was asked to sign a statement, which in substance was to contain facts as herein stated, and not otherwise.

That said statement was prepared and affiant signed the same, but affiant says that when he signed said statement it did not contain the words: "and found much of it worthless and rotten."

And affiant further says, that said statement was not sworn or certified to before a Notary Public as represented in said printed circular, and that said notarial certificate of said J. B. Armitage was placed to said statement without affiant's knowledge or consent.

And affiant further says that he did not make said statement with any intention of injuring said Pioneer Twine Company in their business, or reputation.

WM. SENSKE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of July, 1891.

{ Notary }
{ Seal. }
E. M. STANTON,
Notary Public.

Tom Morris returned from Superior on Monday morning and in the future will be content to live in Crookston. Tom isn't advising people to go down there to live.

The building of a direct road to Duluth will make a saving to every farmer in Polk County of three cents per bushel whether he is directly on the line of road or not—the other roads will have to meet the rates or lose the freight.

A runaway on Monday was the cause of some excitement on Main street. At Herb's corner Bob. Hunt attempted to stop the team and got put out on the fly—when he picked himself up out of the mud he looked like the remains of a bad dream.

It is worth while to call at A. O. Ralstad's new restaurant, opposite post-office on Robert Street. Everything is so sweet and clean that you feel like eating whether you are hungry or not. Ralstad is hustling for trade—and getting it.

Steege has added a choice farm to his domain. On Monday he paid Chris Sather $500 for a quit-claim to the farm that was recently foreclosed. This land lies alongside of Steege's farm on the north, and separated from it by the Red Lake Falls road.

H. L. Peake was in the city from McIntosh over Sunday. Says he is doing a big business up there and thinks McIntosh one of the best business points in Polk County outside of Crookston. He speaks very highly of the people of McIntosh and the surrounding country.

The Steenerson Bros. won their case in court last week and came home happy. This case has been dragging along for many years and they naturally feel jubilant at its termination especially as it is in their favor. Halvor managed the case, and, as usual came out ahead.

Mr. Battey spends a part of the week at Maple Lake in company with his family. He will speak as usual in his church next Sunday, however. Subjects—11:00 a. m., "Religion at the Lake;" 8:00 p. m., "The Night Guard of the Wilderness." Cordial invitation extended to all.

T. G. Thompson expects his better half home from her visit this week, and the way he is fixing up is a caution. Has had the house thoroughly reconstructed, papered and painted, and all that, and now the way he is putting down carpets and so forth is truly a caution. Says everything has got to be just so.

Comrade A. Burnam brought THE JOURNAL a sample of his wheat on Monday morning that is the finest we have seen. This sample, cut close to the ground stands five feet high with heads from four to five inches long, all well filled. This wheat was sowed with a drill one bushel per acre. He has 150 acres of this kind of wheat.

Martin O'Brien, attorney for the Great Northern road received a telegram from headquarters on Saturday, saying that Judge Mills had decided the injunction case in favor of the Great Northern road on the ground that the C. D. & N. was not completed to Crookston until the spring of '90. The question now is what becomes of the bonds?

Iver Krohn returned last Thursday from a trip to the old country looking very much improved in health from the effects of his trip, glad to get back once more to the land of his adoption. He found many anxious seekers after knowledge about this land of promise and expects to see many of his old-time friends come here as the direct result of his trip.

S. E. Chapin was in the city this week making preparations for a cruise in the Red Lake Indian Reservation so that he may be prepared, when the proper time comes to absorb a valuable pine claim and also one for his brother Ed. He spent a few days on the reservation last week and saw enough to convince him that it would pay to make a more extended investigation and will now proceed to do so thoroughly.

Roy Bodine, the little 12 year old son of P. P. Bodine, of the Tribune, met with a painful accident Tuesday just after dinner. He was riding down to the office and in some way managed to fall off, one wheel striking on the rightside of his head laying bare the skull for several inches. Dr. Dunlop and Dr. Just dressed the wound and at last account the little fellow was doing as nicely as could be expected under the circumstances.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

Mrs. Casper Sands returned this week from her visit.

Pete. Cornelius came home on Wednesday morning. He has a furlough for 30 days.

Miss Tillie E. Rauch arrived from Buffalo, Wis., on Wednesday morning for a visit with her brothers, Adolph and Fred.

A. C. Rhinehart was at Rasmusson's old place on Tuesday night figuring for his binding twine.

W. O. Kelso, the Kittson County bonanza farmer, came down on Tuesday to order his twine of the Pioneer Twine Co., at Rasmusson's old place on Main Street.

G. W. Peake is receiving a large invoice of goods in his line and next week will quote you some prices. Peake in at the Main Street harness shop and get prices.

Mr. B. F. Louthian and wife, of Logansport, Ind., were in the city on Monday and Tuesday, the guests of J. G. McGrew and family. Mr. L. is editor of a daily paper in that city.

Herman Rasmunson has taken possession of his new store on Main Street and the Pioneer Twine Co. is selling good manilla twine at the old stand just vacated by him near Heidrich's.

Svenske, the man whose purported affidavit in relation to his last year's deal was scattered broadcast, has purchased his supply for this year of the Pioneer Company. He would hardly have done so if his last year's deal had not been satisfactory.

The Wyand boys, John and Harry last year bought 1000 lbs of twine of the Pioneer Twine Co., and say that it worked all right. They are now figuring with the same company, (at Rasmusson's old stand on Main Street) for their supply this year.

Farmers, before you buy your twine be sure and see the stock for sale by the Pioneer Twine Co., at Rasmusson's old place on Main Street. They will remain but a few days longer so if you wish to secure some 9 cent Manilla twine now is your time.

The Cadaverous nine of shadowy ball players hereby challenge Frank Gravel and his prune-fattened aggregation of obesity to play a match game of base ball whenever they can summon up courage enough to name a date. The slender nine will be chosen from the following named Spider-legged skeletons.

W. W. Fegan, A. A. Miller, P. J. Russell, Dr. Dampier, W. E. Slocum, A. Braley, C. P. Cahoon, I. M. DeCamp, L. Ellington, W. E. McKenzie, J. E. O'Brien, C. F. Mix, H. Breunan, Ed. Holloway.

At the last meeting of the county board a committee was appointed to confer with a committee from the city council in relation to a county hospital. This joint committee met on Monday evening and recommended that the boart appropriate $4,000 for the purpose of buying or building suitable buildings for a hospital and pest house. Such an institution would be of great value to the county and save much of the expense which is now incurred.

About 2 p. m. last Saturday a young girl called at Schraeder's livery stable and asked for a rig to drive about the city for an hour or so saying that she would not be gone later than 6 o'clock. She has neglected to return up to date. It seems that the girl's name is Estelle Thompson and her home is near Barnesville. She came up here to work for Pat Cleary but for some reason did not engage there but went to the Norman House where she was told that she could have work. It is thought that she started for home with the rig but so far nothing has been heard of her whereabouts.

Peter Misgen, after a few days spent in looking over our wheat-fields returned to Superior more homesick than ever and we should not be a bit surprised to see Pete once more a resident of Polk County and that too in the near future; not that he is not doing fairly well down there for he is doing a good business but he says the climate here is far better than down there and his facilities for business are better here. If he should get a chance to dispose of his interests there we should not be a bit surprised to see him return for good. He says he believes now is the time to catch onto Polk County soil and city property in Crookston, and to back that judgment up he is after some of it on the quiet.

Friday forenoon Michel Brouillet had occasion to cross the Great Northern track just as the freight train was doing some switching in the yard and he stopped his team to wait for it. Understanding the flagman to signal him to come ahead he drove on the track and just as he had got fairly upon it the train backed up a few feet catching the wagon between the depot platform and a box-car. The occupants leaped to the ground and escaped serious injury but the wagon was somewhat broken up. Mr. Brouillet selected a new wagon at McKinnon Bros, and told agent Fegan that if the company would pay for the new wagon he would call it all right. Mr. F. telegraphed the company the particulars and in the afternoon received orders to pay for the new wagon which he did. The flagman insists that he did not signal Mr. B. to drive on to the track but Mr. B. no doubt so understood it.

FARMERS

And others who desire, can have their razors honed at the alliance barber shop. If not convenient for you to come to town, send your razor and 30 cents to Chas. Misner, Crookston. Don't forget to give your name and address. [14-tf]

Great Remnant Sale

AT

THE MAMMOTH

GREAT REMNANT SALE. GREAT REMNANT SALE. GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing Saturday, July 11h, 1891,

A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.

CARPETS

AND

House Furnishing Goods

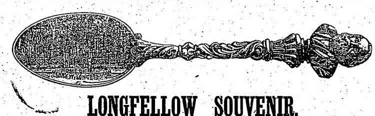
A SPECIALTY.

☞ Agent for those Cool Elastic Pillows. ☜

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

GREAT REMNANT SALE. GREAT REMNANT SALE. GREAT REMNANT SALE.

I. O. O. F. Block, - - Robert Street.


HOME OF HENRY W. LONGFELLOW

LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.

A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by

C. H. SAAKE, The Jeweler, - - Crookston, Minn.

Haaver Hanson Housiland returned last week from Oregon, where he has been living some ten years or so. He is one of the earliest settlers of Polk County, coming in June, 1872. He walked up from some point in Becker County, near Hawley, looked around awhile and located in what is now the town of Lowell, the n. w. ¼ of sec. 14. He blazed a few trees, wrote his name thereon and intentions to appropriate and went back to LaCrosse after his family. Upon his return he found his claim appropriated but notwithstanding that he put up a claim shanty and commenced to reside upon and cultivate the same and eventually succeeded in obtaining the land. His reminiscences of the hard times that followed—of the days when it was "catfish or no breakfast" when the settlers had to go 25 miles for a sack of flour and if lucky enough to find one, had, in many cases to lug it home on their shoulders were very interesting and when compared with the facilities possessed by the latter day settlers shows that all the hardships and dangers have not all occurred within the past three or four years. Mr. H. may conclude to write up these experiences of the early settlers which would no doubt be very interesting. He informed THE JOURNAL that Polk County is good enough for him and hereafter he intends to be one of her citizens.

The meeting of the National Editorial Association, held in St. Paul last week, was attended by delegates from nearly every State in the Union and nearly every editor in Minnesota. The social feature of it was highly enjoyed, the people of St. Paul fairly out-doing themselves in their efforts to entertain the knights of the quill and their ladies. The badges, worn by the members of the press, were talismanic, admitting the wearer to everything, or, as one member from Rhode Island expressed it: "This little badge is car-fare, hack fare and in fact pays everything but for liquor and cigars and those I can better do without." One enthusiastic member from Massachusetts said to the writer as we were seated in Rice's Park, a few moments one day after dinner: "I can not find words to express my feelings upon this occasion; the entertainment we have had and the attentions we have been shown are to say the least right royal. Perhaps it would express the situation if I should say that I never was treated so royally before and I came from a land of royal entertainers—the Old Bay State. I am surprised to see such a large city and such a busy one especially as I am told that there is another fully as important but a few miles distant. I am convinced of one thing, however, and that is that these great cities owe their phenomenal growth in a very large degree to the excellent work done by the papers that represent them and it is my opinion that they can well afford to be liberal in entertaining the press for they owe nearly all they have to its faithful work." Many others were loud in their expressions of approval and the good report they will carry away with them will be of great value to this country.

Band Program.

The Queen City band will give their regular Friday evening concert at the corner of Main and Second Street, presenting the following

PROGRAM

1. March, Queen City. by H. N. Casad.
2. Gavotte, By Brook
3. Air Varr Romance, Clironet solo by Thompson.
4. Charge of the Hussars, by Von Frank Spindler.
5. Selection, Martha. by Flowton.
6. March, Washington Post. Sousa.

Just Think Of It.

Good manilla twine only 9 cents a pound in cash! Call at the Pioneer Twine Co., Main Street near Heidrick's.

[13-14]

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED.

If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

Wanted.

A good girl for general housework Liberal wages. Address Mrs. P. J. Russell, city.

Euclid Items.

A large rain fall Sunday and Monday July 12th, and 13th.

B. J. Duntly and family returned to Crookston Monday. He has been visiting relatives in Euclid. He says he prefers the country to the sea-shore.

Mr. Teal has purchased some new binders. He says he is going to cut his grain in time or not at all.

M. N. Franklin editor of the "Davenport Democrat," Davenport Iowa was a caller in our village last week.

John Kirsch is up from Crookston astride his new safety bicycle Saturday and gave some of his old chums their first lesson on the neck-breaker.

Saturday night some of our citizens were awakened by what they supposed to be the fire alarm but on making an investigation they found it to be Charley Harrington splitting his Sunday wood.

The "Farmers Alliance" met and re-elected the Rev. Mr. Currie as president and B. S. Chapin as Vice-President.

Last week the new German Lutheran church, was finished and dedicated on Sunday a large crowd attending.

On returning from Gospel Temperance meeting Sunday night, M. P. Losey cast his net for his absent hired man, but, to his consternation upon hauling it in he found he had caught a couple of boarders.

Bungus.

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

Moorhead News:—Judge Mills leaves tonight for Minneapolis. He has received a letter from Miss Mills stating that she is seriously sick, though somewhat better now. The Judge will go to Connecticut as soon as Miss Mills is better. Mrs. Mills and Ernest are now visiting relatives in Connecticut. They will return to Moorhead with the judge about September 1st.

FOR CASH ONLY.

The Pioneer Twine Company will sell standard Manilla twine at 9 cents per pound, and only for a few days. Now is your time to secure a bargain.

Binder Whips.

The longest the strongest and the cheapest at G. W. Peake's.

Harvest Trips.

The Great Northern Railway will run Harvest Excursions from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior, to this and other points north of Fergus Falls, Breckenridge and Wahpeton to Buford inclusive on July 21st and August 4th at One Fare, round trip, good for 30 days. Our citizens are urged to write friends in the east to come and help us gather our abundant crops, visit us, and then make their home in this country.

W. W. FEGAN,
[13-14] Agt. Crookston.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five and 95-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, and $25 to become due, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 14th day of January, 1890, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $25.95 and $25 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harald Johnson, (an unmarried man,) mortgagor, to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 177, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section four, (4) Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range forty-four, (44) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court.

In the matter of the insolvency proceedings against Frederick Buse, Insolvent.

At Chambers, Moorhead, Minn., July 15th 1891. It appearing to the Court by satisfactory proof and the files in the above entitled matter that Charles E. Sawyer has duly entered upon the discharge of his trust as Receiver of said insolvent estate of Frederick Buse, and has filed his bond herein as required by law.

Now, on the application of said receiver. It is ordered, : That all persons whomsoever having claims against the said Frederick Buse existing on the 21st day of November, 1888, present the same, duly verified, with the proof thereof, to said Charles E. Sawyer, at The First National Bank of Crookston, Crookston, Minn., on or before the 15th day of August, 1891, for allowance. Let this order be served upon the creditors of said insolvent by mailing a copy thereof, on or before August 1st, 1891, to such creditors whose residence are known to the receiver and by one publication thereof in some newspaper printed and published in Polk County, Minnesota.

IRA D. MILLS,
[14-14] District Judge.

Meeting of the Board of County Commissioners.

The County Board met at the Auditor's office on Monday, July 13th, and proceeded at once to business.

The school petition of J. O. Sargeant and others was granted; also that of Samuel Gibeau.

School petition of Henry Nelson rejected.

Report of Supt. of Schools accepted.

Application of F. B. Stebbins as agent for the sale of State text books at Thief River Falls, granted.

Petition of Dr. A. Nelson for $250 for bridge across Sand Hill River, in town of Liberty, granted.

Petition of J. P. Marcum and others for $50 for bridges and culverts in Lowell, granted.

Application E. Widness for relief rejected on the grounds that the matter belongs to the town of Sletten to settle.

Appropriation for town of Lambert in 1889, cancelled.

The sum of $150 was granted to the town of Lambert on application of S. Bergvin and others.

Town of Rhinehart created. First election ordered to be held at the residence of Oscar Wick; judges, Nels A. Johnson and John Storfield; clerk, Oscar Wick.

Application of A. D. Stephens for abatement of taxes, granted.

All church and school property exempted from taxation.

Vote of thanks given to Standard Oil Company.

Bills to the amount of $1,445.00 were allowed.

Board adjourned until July 25th.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, }
Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1891. }

The Hon. Commissioner of the General Land Office, by letter dated May 28th, 1891, under instructions from the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, dated May 22d, 1891, directs us to restore to the public domain, and open to settlement and entry all lands heretofore withdrawn in this district within the indemnity limits of the grant for the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway Company, and not embraced in selections heretofore made or applied for by said company, but this restoration shall not affect the rights acquired by grantees within the primary limits of any other congressional grant.

Notice is therefore hereby given that applications for all lands coming within the purview of said instructions will be received at this office on and after August 24th, 1891.

H. H. DICKMANN, Register.
L. K. AAKER, Receiver.

In relation to the above notice, Mr. Aaker informs THE JOURNAL that after a careful search of the records they find that there is no land in the district subject to entry that has not been included in selections already made by the Railroad Company. This report was duly made to the General Land Office at Washington, and instructions sent back to publish the order nevertheless. The notice is probably given for the purpose of finally adjusting the grant.

From the various reports of the condition of the crops throughout the world it is evident that wheat will be good property to have during the coming year and it looks as though the farmer in this country who has wheat to sell next spring would have a bonanza. How far this shortage will affect prices this fall is problematical, depending very much upon the ability of the dealers to pound it down. Of course they will keep the price down to the lowest possible notch but it seems as though they could not as absolutely control the price as they have in the past and it also seems absolutely sure that wheat will bring a very high price before another harvest. Agricultural papers are advising farmers to hold their wheat for the rise but we do not feel like doing that as our whole experience in the past goes to show that it is not the best thing to do as a general rule, as there has always been wheat enough sold here to keep down the price of the wheat that has been held during the whole year. If it could all be held it would make a difference, perhaps, but it cannot and we think the best rule is to sell when you are ready and get ready as early in the season as possible though if we had 10,000 bushels of wheat this fall and was abundantly able to keep it until spring we should do so on the present prospects.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Harry Fleury, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 27; and

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.60 that became due November 1st, 1889, $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $9.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and thirty-six dollars and four cents, ($336.04), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of section thirty-five, (35), in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), north, of Range forty-one, (41), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. H. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G 76]

The Game Laws.

The following is a synopsis of the new game law of Minnesota:

OPEN SEASONS.

July 4 to Nov. 1—Woodcock.

Sept. 1 to Nov. 1—Pinnated grouse or prairie chickens and white breasted or sharp tailed grouse.

Sept. 1 to Nov. 1—Quail, partridge or ruffled grouse or pheasant.

Aug. 20 to April 25—Wild duck of any variety or wild geese or brant or any aquatic fowl whatever.

Aug. 20 to Aqril 25—Wilson or Jack snipe or snipe of any variety.

Nov. 1 to Dec. 1—Elk, moose, deer and caribou.

No moose or caribou be killed sold or taken in the state for five years from April 20, 1891.

The use of hounds or dogs in hunting elk moose, deer and caribou is strictly prohibited.

None of the game animals or birds of the state shall be killed or taken in any manner except by shooting them with a gun held to the shoulder, and the use of any trap, snare, swivel gun or other contrivance or device whatever is prohibited, except the use of decoys in hunting ducks and geese.

The wanton destruction or wasting of the game of the state is declared a misdemeanor. No one person shall take or kill to exceed 25 birds in any one day.

No keeper of hotel or restaurant or boarding house shall serve to any guest any game or fish during the time when the taking or killing of the same is prohibited by the laws of the state.

Fifteen days is allowed by law after the close of the season, in which to dispose of any game animals and three days in which to dispose of any game birds killed or taken in the season.

Any express company, railway company, common carrier, or any other company, corporation, or person or any servant, agent, or employe of same, who shall purchase, receive, sell ship, or otherwise dispose of, or have in their possession for any purpose, any of the game animals or birds of the state, during the time when the killing of the same is forbidden by law, shall be subject to heavy fine or imprisonment.

The destruction of the nest, or taking eggs of any of the game birds of the state is punishable by fine or imprisonment.

The killing or trapping of any song birds or other harmless birds, is prohibited by law.

Any one convicted of killing out of season, or in any manner except as provided by law, any of the game animals or birds of the state of Minnesota, shall be fined not less than $10 or more than $100 for each and every animal or bird so killed and costs of prosecution, or shall be confined in the county jail not less than 10 days or more than 60 days, for each and every animal or bird so killed.

$25 reward is offered by the Board of Game and Fish Commissioners of the state for information that will cause the conviction of any one violating any of the provisions of this law.

Paragraph Notice.

Elegant Fashion Book, The new Fasion Journals, "La Mode," "La Mode de Paris," and "Album des Modes," published by A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York, are the most elegant of their kind ever brought to our notice. The styles are drawn by the best artists; and the books are produced by rival houses in Paris, each trying to excel the other in its publications. Formelry they were printed only in French; but they are now published in English for the use of American readers. These journals furnish the styles one month in advance of any similar publications; and they have a practical department, in which lessons are given each month on how to make dresses, etc. The admirable fashions, the lessons in dressmaking, and the giving of the styles one month earlier than heretofore are strong points in favor of these Fashion Books, causing them to be called "The Favorites." These excellent publications can be obtained from all newsdealers.

A Liberal Proposition.

Who has not heard of that paragon of family paper, the enterprising and popular Weekly Detroit Free Press? For a generation its name has been a household word and has become a synonyin for all that is excellent, pure and elevating in journalism. It is delightfully entertaining, without resort to cheap sentimentalism instructive without being prosy or pedantic. Combining the literary qualities of the expensive magazine with the bright, breezy characteristics of the newspape, it leaves nothing to be desired by the average reader. It is looked upon as a welcome visitor by every family who read it, while thousands regard it as indispensable and would on no account go without it. An enormous circulation of 125,000 copies per week attests its wonderful popularity. Recognizing the fact that there are those who are unfamiliar with its surpassing merits as a home paper, the publishers offer to send The Free Press to them for the balance of this year (over five months) for only 30 cents—a club of four for $1,00 or a club of ten for 2.00. All our readers should subscribe at once. Sample copies free.

The Souvenir Spoon Craze, seems constantly to strengthen, and everybody should read an admirably illustrated article on souvenir and historical spoons in the August number of Peterson. The paper gives much valuble information and there are photographs of spoons from Christendom to Turkey and Morocco, some of them dating back to bygone centuries. Another attractive article is that on "A Famous Japanese Painter and his School," which contains a long series of quaint and most delightful Japanese drawings. There are other capital papers on miscellaneous subjects, among which "The Folk Lore of Colors," by Mrs. E. A. Matthews deserves special mention. The stories and poems are all excellent. So also is an article on "Summer Outing." The fashion and domestic departments are such as only can be found in this admirably conducted magazine, and fully justify its claim to being the favorite periodical for ladies. Terms, $2.00 a year; $1.00 for six months. Address PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, 306 Chestnut street Philadelphia.

G. A. R. COMRADES.

Who mean to attend the National Encampment at Detroit in August, should take notice that "The Burlington" is the only line from Minneapolis and St. Paul via Chicago over which tickets for the Encampment can be purchased at reduced rates. For further particulars as to rates, dates, etc., call on your nearest Agent, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. [12-15]

Strayed or Stolen.

From owner in city of Crookston July 12, a red setter dog one year old. Any information left at this office as to whereabouts will be suitably rewarded

---

We want to make some honest, energetic, good looking farmer a present of a half section of land all under cultivation except a grove of five acres or so of fine young timber. The crop thereon should more than half pay for it this fall. Our object in selling it is because we wish to use it in our printing business and for that reason, also, we are prepared to give it to the first man who comes down with a very little spot cash. If you have any idea whatever of getting a farm it will pay you to look into this. Handy to town, good buildings, good fences, good artesian well and the very best of soil and so cheap—a combination you do not strike every day.

TAKEN UP

One bay yearling colt with white star on forehead. Came to my place, the N. W. ¼ of sec. 12 Tp. 147 R. 46, about June 25th. Owner can recover by proving property and paying charges.

CHAS. M. AAGARD.

[13-15] Edna, Minn.

For Sale or Trade For City Property.

A fine farm situated two miles from the city limits. Two hundred and twenty acres now sowed to wheat, barley and oats and the balance, one hundred acres under contract to be broken and backset this season. Eighty acres under fence, good house and barn, artisian well and a fine grove of trees. Owner will sell at a reasonable figure on ample time or exchange for city property. For further particulars call at THE JOURNAL office. 15-t-f.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by George Goodrich and Emma S. Goodrich, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 338, 339, 340 and 341; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $15.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $18.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($682.80) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and lots one (1) and four (4) of Section twenty-one (21) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-three (43) west, containing 125.50 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee,

S. M. Houghton.
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 74.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward Labree, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $24 that became due May 1st, 1890, $24 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $24 that became due May, 1st, 1891,

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents, ($886.95), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼), and lots three, (3) and four (4) of Section thirty-one, (31), in township one hundred and forty-seven (147) north, of Range forty (40), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 75.]

BINDING

TWINE

—AT A—

Great Sacrifice.

THE

Pioneer Twine Company

Are not here for the benefit of the Machine Men. We are here for the benefit of the FARMERS, and we will stay until we are satisfied that the machine men cannot get the prices for twine they had figured on. We will sell you a

PURE

MANILLA TWINE

AT ONLY

9 CENTS

A POUND.

We guarantee you can get no twine in the city that will run as many feet to the pound. We are at

Rassmussen's Old Stand

ON MAIN STREET,

Near the Bank, and if any of the twine dealers here think they have a superior article we invite them to a test.

WHO IS FINDING FAULT?

Certain machine men only. Who is paying to run this twine down? Certain machine men only. Who loses sleep on account of cheap twine? Certain machine men only.

All we ask is a square deal. No underhand work and a careful inspection of our Twine, and we will convince the most sceptical that our Twine is as good as the best.

PIONEER TWINE COMPANY.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

Schmidt, the Painter,

—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—

WALL PAPER.

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,

Opera Block - - Crookston.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "C" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) and lot five, (5) in block seventeen, (17) townsite of Crookston; also forty-five (45) feet off the west end of lots seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), in block five, (5) of Fletcher and Houston's Addition to the townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 10th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 9th, 1891, viz: CARL CARLSON, D. S. 11,827, for the se¼ nw¼ sw¼ ne¼ nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼ Sec. 4. Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bernt O. Lindberg, Ole Olson, Jr., Richard Skaug, Charles Aagaard, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-one and 72-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 231, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, at 2 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of deeds, on page 556, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of forty one and 73-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Mer chants' Bank.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. JOHN DALLUM Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON. - - MINN

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to col lection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOkSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates,

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT
GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all,

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,

Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

Particular at tention is invited to our line of meerschaum Go ods. NONE FINER IN THE NORTHWEST.

CALL IN.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 23, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de..........CROOKSTON..........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de..........Grand Forks..........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..........Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.......... 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......... 8:15 a. m.

ADOPTED BY-LAWS.

The Northwestern Farmers Protective Association Completes Its Organization

By-laws Adopted—Privileges of Members—Shipping and Storing Grain.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

The Red River Valley Farmers Anti-monopoly Protective Association, at its meeting in this city, abbreviated its name to the Northwestern Farmers Protective Association. The by-laws of the association were also adopted; and the articles of incorporation approved. The articles of incorporation are as follows:

FIRST.

The name of this association shall be The Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association.

SECOND.

The purpose for which it is formed is for profit by selling our farm produce through authorized agents direct to domestic and foreign consumers.

THIRD.

The principal place of business of such association shall be Grand Forks, North Dakota.

FOURTH.

The term for which such association is to exist shall be thirty (30) years.

FIFTH.

The number of its directors shall be four (4) and the directors now elected to serve until their successors are elected and qualified, are:—E, Tharaldson, Grand Norks. North Dakota: O. A. Sanders, Fargo, North Dakota; A. Knudson, Grand Forks North Dakota and Thos Ulven, McIntosh, Minnesota.

The by-laws are as follows:

BY-LAWS.

ARTICLE 1.—The name of this association shall be "The Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association" with headquarters in Grand Forks, North Dakota.

ART. 2.—The purpose for which this association is formed is by its own selected agents at Duluth, to look after the interests of the farmers by sale, shipping and storage of their wheat and other farm products.

ART. 3.—To be eligible to membership in this association, a person must own or run a farm and pay a membership fee of three dollars.

ART. 4.—The officers of the association shall be:—President, Vice-president, Secretary and Treasurer elected from and among the four directors of the association.

ART. 5—The members of the association are divided into five districts, each represented by a delegate, who has to look after the business of the association in his respective district and meet with the directors at the semi-annual meetings of the association, at which meeting a general business manager is also elected by the directors and delegates.

ART. 6.—General meetings are held semi-annually on the second Wednesday in January and the last Wednesday of June. At these general meetings the reports of the Secretary and Treasurer and the minutes from last general meeting and directors meetings are read and approved and action is taken regarding the affairs of the association. The officers are elected by ballot and serve until next general meeting. The general meetings fix the salaries of the officers and also elects a committee on finance. Every member has a right to vote and questions are decided by simple majority.

ART. 7.—The president presides at all meetings and looks after the interests of the association.

ART. 8—The Vice-president presides in the absence of the president and works for the prosperity and progress of the association. In the absence of the president and vice-president a president is elected protempore.

ART. 9.—The Secretary keeps all books receives all money due the association, receipts for the same and turns it over to the Treasurer. He must give the necessary bonds and make statements of his books, which are read at the general meetings.

ART. 10.—The treasurer receives the money from the secretary, receipts for the same, pays all orders audited by the committee on finance, gives sufficent bonds and makes a full statement to every general meeting.

ART. 11.—The manager has to sell the wheat to the best possible advantage, carefully inspect weight and grade, order cars if asked to do so by a member and if the railroad companies do not furnish cars according to law, he will notify the board of directors of such refusal or neglect. He has the right to hire the necessary help and together with the president he must try to protect the individual members.

ART. 12.—The delegates, together with the president and vice-president must at every general meeting examine the books and statements of the secretary and treasurer and the delegates also fix the bonds of the officers. Three delegates may call meetings, if they find it necessary to take care of the interests of the association between the general meetings, and if a majority are present, action may be taken, these must not conflict, however, with the by-laws or the action taken by the last general meeting.

ART. 13.—The association shall not buy wheat or other produce, but only sell under instruction of the owner and the order for payment must be made out in the name of the owner himself.

ART. 14.—To cover expenses of the association, one (1) cent per bushel of sold wheat goes into the treasury of the association.

ART. 15.—At every general meeting committees are appointed to formulate the different questions that will come up for action, nominate officers and also discuss the plan for building an elevator at Duluth at some time in the near future.

ART. 16.—The officers of tee association must not create debt without such action having been taken at the previous general meeting.

ART. 17.—Postal cards giving the market price must be sent to the different stations as often as thought necessary.

ART. 18.—The agents of the association at Duluth or any other place must not handle the wheat or any other farm products of others than members; a penalty shall be prescribed for the violation of this rule. Members are also subject to penalty for sending other than their own products.

ART. 19.—The members tributary to the different railroad stations may take such action as they find necessary among themselves, elect their own district officers, fix a place for displaying their quotation card and always see to it that representatives attend the general meetings without any expense to the association.

ART. 20.—When elevators are erected the surrounded members are themselves responsible for such agents as they may employ to receive and ship their products.

ART. 21.—If a member wishes to withdraw from the association, he must notify the secretary, who issues a withdrawal card.

ART. 22.—It is the duty of every member to work for the prosperity and progress of the association, and every member has at any time the right to inspect the books of the officers. When a member ships wheat to the agents of the association he must notify such agent of the quantity and quality of such wheat.

ART. 23.—These by-laws may be amended by a simple majority at any general meeting.

THOS. ULVEN
Secretary.
E. THARALDSON,
President.

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. It emits no smoke, is odorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western Line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul, 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for manufacture of Pintsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line," and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel. [11-16]

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES. IN Fancy Cassimeres. Fancy Chevoits. Fancy Worsted. Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Prop's

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockin, C. Hendrickson. Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

BENOIT & SYLVESTER,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
☞ Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines. ☜

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, HENRY SMITH AND EMMA Smith, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 152, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 30 of mortgages, on pages 581 to 585; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred sixty and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eleven hundred ninety-two and 30-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Dethloff and Martha Dethloff, his wife, mortgagors, to W. E. Damon, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of January, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 93.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said W. E. Damon, mortgagee, to Alice S. Colton, by written assignment, dated the 20th day of May, 1886, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of June, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 24 of mortgages, on pages 559, 560, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty-four (154) Range forty-eight, (48), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred ninety-two 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

ALICE S. COLTON
Assignee of Mortgage.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-20] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

(First Publication June 18th, 1891.)

WHEREAS OLE PEDERSON AND CAREN Pederson, his wife, of Polk County State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 26th day of July A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of July 17th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit:

The North half of Southeast quarter, and South half of Northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160, acres to secure the payment of the sum of Five hundred and Fifty Dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said Mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July A. D. 1886, at three o'clock P. M. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 211; and,

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the sum of Thirty-eight and 50-100, Dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January A. D. 1891 and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

WHEREAS It was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

WHEREAS, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

WHEREAS, There is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Six-hundred seven and 24-100 Dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in said County and State on the 8th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the fore-noon of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to the redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB,
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 16th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK, —ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, vs. Benjamin Milette, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota; and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service, of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum from the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated July 7th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[18-19] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication June 11th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred forty-seven and 30-100 dollars, ($247.30) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Hunter and Lizzie A. Hunter, his wife, to John Cromb, bearing date the 23d day of April, A. D. 1885, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the first day of May, A. D. 1885, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book T of mortgages, on page 21, and in addition thereto the further sum of sixty-four and 90-100 dollars taxes duly assessed and levied against said premises described and conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of southwest quarter and the southwest quarter of northwest quarter Section fourteen (14), Township one hundred and forty-eight (148), Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the first day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes as above on said premises, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 9th, A. D. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
Mortgagee,
[8-14] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 2d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, ($279.50) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Boucher and Margaret Boucher, his wife, to Joseph Kelso, bearing date the 9th day of March, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 305 to 307 inclusive, and the further sum of fifty four and 79-100 dollars for taxes duly assessed and levied against the land conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number twenty-six (26) block seven (7), in Sletten & Cromb's subdivision of Lots in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 26th, A. D. 1891.

JOSEPH KELSO, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Eugene St. Mars and Marie St. Mars, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Mary V. Martin, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of January 27th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 2:15 o'clock p m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 339; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-nine dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D 1890, and on the further sum of forty-nine dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary V. Martin has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seven and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, A. D. 1891.

MARY V. MARTIN, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 12th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 7th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Harvey E. Cooke, of the County of Polk, representing, among other things, that William G. Cooke, late of the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1891, at the County of Polk, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to him granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court, on Friday, the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the City of Crookston, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 7th day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[12-14] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE
Crookston, Minn., June 30th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on August 14th, 1891, viz: WILLIAM J. NICKLE, Hd. No. 11,497, for the ne¼ Sec. 8, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: H. B. Budd, Lewis Seger, Frank B. Dykeman, K. O. Flakne, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[11-16] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy: $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 18th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, CORNELIUS ANDERSON AND Kjerste Anderson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1883, duly execute and deliver to James John Fulton, of Edinburgh, Scotland, their mortgage bearing date of August 25th, A. D. 1883, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one (1) and two (2) of Section 30, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 161 21-100 acres to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1883, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 143; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 07-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said James John Fulton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred fifty-three and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 13th, A. D. 1891.

JAMES JOHN FULTON,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, RICHARD CARIVEAU AND Minnie Cariveau, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Caroline C. Moulton, of the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, their mortgage bearing date of July 1st, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 27, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 11:20 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline C. Moulton, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred seven and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 24th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE C. MOULTON,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, John Gudmundsen and Marie Gudmundsen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Nathan P. Rice, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of September 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the northwest quarter, and the east half of the southwest quarter of Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 237; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of ten dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of fifty-six dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Nathan P. Rice has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-seven and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1891.

NATHAN P. RICE, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JULY 30, 1891. NO. 15.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	[illegible]	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

THE WOMAN IN THE CASE.

Comes to the Front to Refute the Statement that She Thumped Her Husband.

In its issue of the 16th, THE JOURNAL gives an account of the experience of P. J. LaChapelle, and on Friday last the woman in the case appeared at our office, claiming that she had been injured in her feelings, requesting THE JOURNAL to publish the following article. As we believe in the principle of even-handed justice, we produce the article as nearly like the original as cold type will make it, as follows:

"a idam in the last Week Paper appeard agance me Wich is intyrley falce. Wiping and Sanding my husben away is sumfing i never do nor i never weante to P. J. Lachapelle house he has non as i know of but i came it to his wifes house on bisness when he comance on me to quarl true it is i went to lick but as he was to big a couerd to fight a weeak hard working woomen but his one old wife wich is not able to give him a thumpen wich he so badley neads. When g wist him to com aut to fight. he locket him up in the house the seckent time i was after him he made his boe lags fly doun street holering at every Jump Police, Police, Police, now, comes the quastion what the trouble was about you all know P. J. clames a big trate but his wife once him, it seamce last spring he was short of hay. When he made a call on his nabers to land him sum hay. My husben was one of the victim that londe him sum when my husben ast for his hay he revuest to Pay him hay or money, then I thought i would take my revange and fight him to the quick bade, that Send that idam in agance me i have nothing to say but this i thank you for the complemant and i will send you one in return.
you are one of tham smart things cold man, but you are a biger fool then i for nevr belivt what P. J. says nar never hard of aney one that did and you are one of them that likes to run on wimen becoss you think tha are not able to take car of themselves.
and now did you ever git left you take my advise you leave the wimen ondisstaryt O. K."

NEARER DULUTH.

Crookston Will Be Six Miles Nearer By the Proposed D. & W. Change.

Duluth Tribune, July 17th.

Alex. McKinnon, mayor of Crookston, Lewis Ellington, cashier of the Scandia-American bank of the same place, and H. Steenerson, held a consultation with General Manager Fisher, of the Duluth & Winnipeg, yesterday afternoon, and will meet several members of the Chamber of Commerce this morning at 10 o'clock to discuss the proposed scheme of continuing the Duluth & Winnipeg road from its present terminus, Winnibegosish, to Crookston, a distance of 120 miles. The conditions have already been published in the Tribune, and Mr. Steenerson states that they have every confidence of carrying the scheme through. He says the new line will bring Crookston six miles nearer Duluth, that it will pass through a very rich country, and can be built in ninety days.

Grand Forks Herald: Crookston has beaten the Northern Pacific out of the $50,000 bonds voted to the company in consideration of its building a line to that city. Crookston has the road according to agreement and suffered not one iota by the failure of the N. P. to fight through armed resistance and unlawful obstructions placed in its way by the Great Northern. So far as appears the N. P. acted in the utmost good faith and has fulfilled the spirit of its contract with scrupulous fidelity. The people of Crookston who were so anxious to get the road for which they claim to have suffered sorely ought to have been magnanimous enough to have paid their bonds honorably and not take advantage of a miserable technicality to release them from a self-imposed obligation.

HOLD THE WHEAT.

PRESIDENT POLK'S SECRETARY EXPLAINS THE OBJECT OF THE FARMERS' CIRCULAR.

SIMPLY A COMPENDIUM OF INFORMATION AS TO SUPPY AND DEMAND.

AND A SUGGESTION THAT SLOW MARKETING WOULD BRING BETTER PRICES.

CIRCULAR OFFICIALLY INDORSED AND ST. PAUL MADE A DISTRIBUTING POINT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24.—H. W. Ayer, secretary to President Polk, of the Farmers' Alliance, and manager in this city of "The Reform Press Bureau," also known as "The Alliance Press Bureau," speaking of the now much-talked-of "hold your grain circular" being sent out by the bureau, said St. Paul had been chosen as one of the seats of operation because of it location in the great wheat belt.

The circulars, Mr. Ayer said, were in no sense to be considered an order, such an assumption of authority being contrary to Alliance methods. On the contrary, he said, the purpose of the circular was simply to furnish the producers of the country with the conditions prevailing at the present time as to supply and demand in this country and abroad, and to call attention to an unquestionable fact that the shortage existing would inevitably result in higher pisces, and that such higher prices could be made applicable to the entire new crop of this country while still under the control of the producers, if they would but use ordinary discretion in disposing of the same, and not play into the hands of speculators and middle-men by rushing their crop to market immediately following the harvest.

This Mr. Ayer said, was the sole intent of the circular, and as such it had been indorsed and ordered distributed by the Alliance executive committee. Under this authority 400,000 copies of the circular had already been sent out from here, and altogether more than a million had already gone out, and they were still being sent out at the rate of 100,000 a day, while it was to be printed in about 2,000 papers connected with the bureau.

Mr. Ayer would not undertake to say what effect the circular would have, but he believed it would prevent the glut of the great market centers usually following the harvest, and that this would result in benefit to the producers would not, in his opinion, admit of doubt. Market reports already showed smaller receipts than estimated.

A CROP AND A HALF.

ESTIMATE FOR POLK COUNTY

A Citizen of Crookston Tells Why His People Want a Road to Duluth—Another Conference Held With General Manager Fisher.

Duluth News.

Mayor McKinnon, Hon. H. Steenerson and Banker L. Ellington of Crookston arrived here Thursday morning and spent the greater part of the day closeted with General Manager Fisher, of the Duluth & Winnipeg. They have come to have further negotiation regarding the building of the road into Crookston. Though no definite understanding has been reached, it is almost an assured fact that before November 1st trains will be running from Crookston directly into Duluth.

Mr. Ellington, who is the cashier of the Scandia-American bank of Crookston, told a News man Thursday evening that the farmers of Polk county do not begin to sell their wheat before October 1. and the greater number keep it till later in November. "I notice." said he, "that this year, especially, they insist upon having their notes payable after November 1, whereas they used to be satisfied with an accommodation till October 1. The banks out our way are much better off than usual. Our bank has $20,000 more on deposit than at the corresponding date last year."

Mayor McKinnon said that the wheat in Polk county is good for a crop and a half, if no accident happens between now and harvest. He is very enthusiastic over the excellent prospects of establishing direct communication between Red River Valley and Duluth. He said that it should have been done before, and Duluth has nobody to blame but herself. We have always desired to trade with Duluth. We want to ship here not only our grain but our vegetables. When we ship to Minneapolis or St. Paul, the larger towns in the suburbs of those cities are our competitors, and we find it difficult to get our produce in there. But here it is different. We can ship our potatoes and cabbage to you cheaper than you can get them elsewhere, if we only have direct communication. In return for what you buy of us, we would only be too glad to patronize your jobbing houses. It will help both ends of the state, but Duluth will derive the greatest benefit from the reduction of grain rates, for she will get it in the bulk."

Mr. Steenerson left for St. Paul in the evening, but the other two gentlemen remained until Friday night.

Duluth Wheat in London.

The Wetmore Carries Wheat Through From Lake Point not Rehandled.

LONDON, July 21.—The new American steel steamer, Charles W. Wetmore, Capt. Saunders, which sailed from Duluth during the latter part of June, arrived at Liverpool today. The Wetmore is an inland steamer, and her cargo, which consists of 95,000 bushels of grain, is the first grain cargo shipped from lake points direct to Liverpool without being rehandled. Her route was down the lakes from Duluth, through the Welland canal, thence down the St. Lawrence, thence across the Atlantic. The success of the voyage makes it evident that the proposition to establish a direct communication between European and other ports and the port of Chicago is entirely feasible.

The Farmer in Politics.

Rural World.

As the farmer casts his influence, so the nation is swayed. The common sense of the farmer is the court of last appeal, when the question of sustaining a war or a great change of policy comes up. To be prepared for this responsibility, let all think for themselves, then read widely and discuss. Form reading clubs so as to see the leading magazines and newspapers. Send the most sensible farmers to the legislatures and to congress. In these and many other ways you will learn to agree and the whole country with you that the farm pays.

The Politicians Don't Like Them?

San Francisco Union Alliance.

If there is a person on earth whom the average politician hates "worse'n thunder" it is the farmer who "knows something." One such man in a country "meetin-house" is enough to upset all the wily plans and prospective political plunder of the "smart Aleck" politician who during the campaign doles out to the rural districts the specific taffy the city "boss" has furnished him.

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105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.
North Star.
Fife.
Skip Jack.

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
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DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. O. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

What's O'clock?

It is a common experience with any group of half a dozen gentlemen, that no two watches in the crowd mark the same moment of time. It causes no particular inconvenience, but suppose such variation occurred among the clocks at the more than 3,000 stations on the great Burlington system? What assurance would there be of safety from collisions? Very little. But the system of effecting absolute correspondence between all time-pieces in use on "The Burlington," is perfect, and has been reached at the expense of much money and trouble. Three minutes before 4 o'clock every afternoon, an operator in the Chicago general office begins sending out the word "time," and continues it for fifty seconds. He then connects the automatic signaling mechanism and 3,000 telegraph instruments from Chicago to Denver and the Black Hills, and from St. Louis and Kansas City to St Paul, signal the seconds in unison with the big clock in Chicago. It now lacks one minute and twenty seconds of 4 o'clock. There is an interval of twenty seconds. Then the telegaph instrument call a double click with each swing of the big pendulum for 40 seconds, and then come three dots (Morse signal for letter "S") which is notice to all offices having synchronizing standard clock to bring their clocks into circuit to be automatically set with the master clock in Chicago. Another brief pause, and there comes a single sharp click, which indicates that it is just 4 o'clock. With all watches and clocks in exact correspondence, no train allowed to follow another closer than five minutes, and trains running in opposite directions carefully watched. "The Burlington" is the line for safety. For tickets timetables, etc., call on your home agent, or write to W. J. C. KENYON, Gen. Pass. Agent St. Paul, Minn.

Good News for Farmers.

Mr. Pillsbury Received Some Interesting News From Russia.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

C. A. Pillsbury was bubbling over with good news for farmers last evening. At just about this time of year Mr. Pillsbury is accustomed to get reports from his agents in Russia regarding the general crop situation over there. Reports have been coming in for some days past of the wheat situation. These estimate the shortage there at about 25 per cent, which, on the basis of the figures of past years, will give the country but 50,000,000 for export. This is encouraging indeed to the American farmer, but now comes Mr. Pillsbury with a private cablegram regarding the rye crop. This states that the shortage will be fully 60 per cent.

This means a good deal more than appears on the surface. It means that Russia's rye crop will be less than 240,000,000 bushels, instead of the usual 600,000,000 bushels, tremendous falling off. Russia consumes 540,000,000 bushels of rye, which will leve a rye shortage of 300,000,000 bushels. This, Mr. Pillsbury holds, will far more than counterbalance the extra 50,000,000 of wheat. It means that Russia will need every bushel of that wheat for her own consumption and more besides. She will not only export no rye this year, but no wheat as well. More than that, anybody can see that 50,000,000 bushels of wheat isn't going to take the place of 300,000,000 bushels of rye, which means that both staples will have to be sent into Russia to supply the home consumption. Instead of a grain exporting country, Russia will be this year a grain importing country.

All this presages great things for the American farmer in the big miller's estimation. It means to him good prices even in the event of a good crop, and generally good times all around for the Northwestern community. In previous years Russia has provided one-third of the wheat exported. This extra one-third, with the one-third which he has hitherto thrown into the world's jack pot, will be required of the American farmer. Mr. Pillsbury is naturally jubilant over the situation and thinks his agricultural friends should be likewise.

Regarding the home crop outlook he is not over sanguine. Private reports show the rust doing considerable damage in sections and the general reports that the wheat, though big in straw, is likely to fall short of what it promises. But the good prices all around, for all other breadstuffs as well as wheat, Mr Pillsbury thinks are as good assured.

Cleveland and the South.

The New York Press.

The assertion so often made and so commonly accepted that Mr. Cleveland is the choice of the Southern Demoracy for President in 1892 is fallacious, if the democrats of Warren county, Mississippi are any criterion of public sentiment. In Vicksburg the other day they passed resolution opposing Cleveland's renomination, because, as they expressed it, "his action while President, and his utterances since," indicate to them "with painful certainty" that they "cannot hope for his co-operation in efforts to obtain federal aid for the improvement of rivers and harbors. Evidently the democrats of the Mississippi Valley are more in love with public improvements than they were in the old days "before the war."

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—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

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Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c	100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c	50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c	50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c A Good Summer Corset 50c A Good Black Corset 50c	NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

=Fontaine & Anglim.=

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—DON'T FORGET TO SEE—

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

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Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

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For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

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A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

THE PARTY AND THE GANG?

Martin County Sentinel.

The senatorial election will not take place for a year and a half and it would have been ample time for Heatwole to have opened his batteries upon Senator Davis after the legislature was elected which is to name his successor. Again, whatever faults or weaknesses Senator Davis may possess, it cannot be denied that he is in the fullest and broadest sense of the term, Minnesota's favorite son. His great learning, his transcendent genius, his forensic powers, and, above all, his rugged honesty, have endeared him to the people and men of all political parties are proud to acknowledge him as a citizen of the state.

The Midway News.

When such slush is all that the senatorial syndicate of St. Paul and Minneapolis have to fight with, it is not strange that they desire to hold off hostilities, not only until after the legislature is elected, but until their man himself is reinstated. The syndicate seems to imagine that if it can pull Mr. Heatwole down, the rest of the country press will wilt like new-mown hay. This talk about Mr. Heatwole injuring his party because he does not knuckle to a few would-be leaders is all nonsense. Mr. Heatwole's manly independence has done more and is now doing more for the Republican party than all servile obedience of mere tools or the selfish greed of mere lackies. It is these same would-be leaders who have brought the party to its present straightened circumstances. It is the Minneapolis ring and the St. Paul ring that have driven the farmers and the country districts into open rebellion, and now no prayers from the high priests of the ring, the St. Paul Pioneer press and the Minneapolis Tribune, or from the more humble servants at their political mass, such as the Anoka Herald and Martin County Sentinel, can bring the dissatisfied country element back to the altar of the Twin City gang. Though a St. Paul man, Mr. Davis was picked up by the country and elected by the country in direct opposition to the Twin City gang, and in the fight against the gang, two years ago, he found able supporters in those country papers that now oppose him. Had he remained true to his friends his friend would have stayed by him. Now he is the "favorite son" not of the state, but of the gang. Now the gang is ready to jeopardize the party, not to serve state interests but to maintain itself. It is no discredit to Mr. Heatwole, either in his capacity of editor or chairman de facto of the party committee, if he has the independence to assail the gang to serve the party. The country has made Mr. Davis senator; Mr. Davis has gone over to the gang, and the country will not now show its power to unmake him. The opposition to the gang does not come from Joel P. Heatwole nor from any other man or paper. It comes from the abuses practised by the gang. Mr. Heatwole can suffer himself to be silenced, as did Mr. Davis, if he wants to, but even that would not bring a dissatisfied people back under the yoke of the gang. The fight is on. A fight which appeals to the whole people mus necessarily be commenced early. It must be fought with patience and perseverance. Mr. Heatwole can paddle or go ashore, as he sees fit, but this fight must go on until the country districts get proper recognition. If he remains true to the Republican party of Minnesota, the Republican party of Minnesota will be true to him, but if, like Mr. Davis, he goes over to the party of the gang, then, like Mr. Davis, he will have to depend on the gang and its organs for support. This is not a personal matter. It is a conflict between the party on the one hand and the gang on the other.

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Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

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M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.

CROOKSTON, MINN

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 30, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 81.
2 Northern 79.
3 Northern 75.
1 Northern 70.

The Italian band struck the city again this week.

C. J. Rapp came down from St. Hilaire on Monday afternoon.

Rev. R. H. Battey and family are enjoying themselves at the lake.

A big train load of cattle passed through on Saturday, going south.

Mrs. C. E. Page is in the city visiting with her daughter, Mrs. W. D. Scott.

Crookston has organized a militia company. Forty-three have enlisted.

Quite a number of farmers were in this week after help for haying and harvest.

E. O. Flanders and Fred Durand drove out to Maple Lake on Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. C. P. Dyer, of Hudson, Wis., is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Harry Wyand.

Joseph Hoch came up this week from Wabasha to look us over with a view to locating in business.

Louis Ellington went up to St. Hilaire on Monday. Reports the crops looking nicely all along the road.

W. Campbell was down from Maple Bay on Monday. Says the crops promise splendidly in that vicinity.

Henry Steege bought 1,000 pounds of twine of the Pioneer Twine Co., Rasmussen's old stand on Main street.

Tom Morris invites attention to his stock of solid silver goods. Call and see; at the new stand on Second street.

Charlie Misner and B. S. Buckingham went to Warrenn on Tuesday to surprise the natives and have a good time.

R. B. Griffith, of Grand Forks came over on Monday to buy another carload of twine of the Pioneer Twine Co.

Max Ericsson drove down to Red Lake Falls on Saturday. He took Chief Gonyea along to take care of him.

Grand Forks Herald:—Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Lucken, H. A. Lucken and Miss H. Hamke are in the city, from Crookston.

Remember the game upon the ball grounds to-morrow. Go and see it and help a worthy old man in his declining years.

I. U. Jennings drove out to Maple Lake on Saturday to spend the Sabbath with Chas. E. Sawyer and wife at the cottage.

Miss Nellie Losey, of Eucled, sister of dept. sheriff Losey, is visiting in the city this week the guest of Mrs. A. R. Halston.

Bert Duntley expects to leave this week for a visit to the old home in Michigan. He will visit Detroit at the time of the re-union also.

Felix Fournet went over to Dakota last week on a business trip. Says our crops are very much ahead of theirs and they have good crops.

The Minneapolis binder leads. Collins & Creamer sells them and have but a few more left, so if you want one call early, before they are all sold.

Rev. W. L. Sutherland, once Congregational pastor at Fergus Falls, will preach morning and evening at the Congregational church, next Sunday.

Miller & Foote are fixing up their office in nice shape. Fontaine & Anglim put in an elegant new carpet and they will now be able to do business in style.

Andrew J. Boralee of the town of Garfield, was adjudged insane before Judge Benson on Monday and sent to Fergus Falls in charge of his father in the evening.

Elsewhere will be seen the proposition to bond Polk County in the sum of $220,000 in exchange for D. & W. stock. The election will be called for August 25th.

Dr. M. Leguee is busy night and day attending to the ills that afflict the equine family. Mike is one of our most successful veterinarians and has had uniformly good success.

T. B. McManus returned with his family on Tuesday, glad to be back to civilization again. He says we have better crops in the Valley than he has seen anywhere in his travels.

J. V. E. Wyatt and wife returned last week from a visit to Chicago, where they went to select a new stock of goods. Mr. W. expects to be in his old place ready for business at an early date.

Maurice Hostetler, an experinced barber from St. Paul has accepted a position in Charlie Misner's shop and we have heard several of the boys say that he is as slick as grease with his letle razor.

Geo. Vine wishes THE JOURNAL to say that he is prepared to furnish fresh meats for farmers at wholesale rates. For your harvest supply call on Geo. Vine, at the post office meat market, on Robert street.

Grundy Grundyson is teaching a private school in the 2d ward. Some years ago Grundy was a faithful employe on THE JOURNAL leaving it for a collegiate course. He has recently graduated with honors.

Chas. Canning was in the city on Wednesday.

Miss Eunice Copeland visited in St. Paul last week.

Mrs. Bucknam and daughter returnep on Friday last from a visit east.

Rev. C. E Page arrived on Wednesday morning on a visit to his daughter and old time friends.

Erdmann has the brick work on the new wing to the Central School building about completed.

An invitation hop will be given at McKinnon's Hall to-morrow evening. Casad's orchestra will preside.

Rev. F. O. Whitney is expected back on Friday, and will hold services at the Baptist church on Sunday, as usual.

Tom Harris had a bit of bad luck on Tuesday. One of his bronchos ran away, broke his leg and had to be killed.

W. C. Andrews, representing Wright Barrett & Stilwell is in the city to-day W. C. is one of the best-hearted boys on the road.

Ladies, call and see those elegant house-plants from the North Dakota greenhouses, now on display at Geo. Vine's meat market on Robert street.

Little Miss Mamie Fournet was eight years old on Tuesday and a number of her little girl friends gathered at her home to help her celebrate the event, presenting her with a fine tricycle to help her remember the pleasant occasion.

Dr. Henault's ex-dog fell in Earnest's well on Thursday night and was not discovered until Friday morning, and he lay around all that day with a very big head. The dog says he will take no more cold water in his'n.

On Thursday last Dr. Dunlop and Dr. Watts were called to John Darkow's to attend one of John's boys who had received a broken nose in a slight altercation with a horse. At last accounts the boy was doing nicely.

Collins & Creamer have sold a large number of the Minneapolis binders this season and have only a few more on hand. If you are looking for a binder call and see the Minneapolis before they are all gone. Don't put it off but come at once.

The G. A. R. Post at Park Rapids has made application to Dept. Commander Mix for the cannon to aid them in the celebration of the arrival of their new road on Aug. 8th. Immediately thereafter the gun will be shipped to Crookston.

Will Peterson met with a severe loss on Saturday. That fine little yearling Bashaw died and Will is disconsolate. The colt was one of great promise, as its dam is one of the best steppers in the city, and its sire—well, everybody knows old Star Bashaw.

The building of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad into this county means a reduction of present freight rates and three cents per bushel more for our wheat, and a good market in the mines for our potatoes and other vegetables, and butter and eggs.

It looked like everybody who could get there had gone to Maple Lake on Sunday. The band went out to play for the occasion. That event, with a picnic at Lewis Johnson's and one at Pete Cornelius', took every horse from every livery stable in the city.

Tom Morris has opened out an elegant line of jewelry in the Crookston Furniture Co's store on Second street, and invites the patronage of all his old friends and everybody else. Tom is well satisfied that there is no better place for business than Crookston.

Henry Peterson writes from Cochrane, Wis., that he expects to return the latter part of this week, after a few days visit at Rochester. He says he has just finished harvesting a big crop of fine grain for George Warninger, and that his health was never better.

Rev. R. H. Battey, who is camping at Maple Lake for a couple of weeks, will hold services at Buhns' pavilion, at the lake, next Sunday afternoon. All at the lake that day are invited to join in the services, which will open with a vocal song service at 3 p. m.

During the absence of Chief Gonyea at Red Lake Falls last Saturday, Dave Robinson assumed the role of Chief and discharged his duties with dignity and grace. Dave picked up the chap who had brought back the horse that the young lady borrowed last Saturday,

Should the Duluth & Winnipeg shortline be built, it would lead to the settlement upon thousands of acres of our fertile soil now vacant, and this would reduce our taxes. Again, the lands that we now have under cultivation would be enhanced in price and a better market created therefor.

E. S. Kneeland, representing the North Dakota greenhouses, was in the city on Wednesday, arranging for the sale of goods. Kneeland used to be on the grain inspection force at Duluth and knows something of the true inwardness of the grain business. See ad. elsewhere and call and see his plants.

Swan Anderson was down from Black River on Monday. Since his house burned he has been living in his granary and he says that after harvesting his grain if it receives no injury previously he will build a new house. The loss was a severe one to Swan but he is going to work pluckily to overcome it.

Mr. S. Snedecker was in from Mentor on Friday and Saturday of last week, and reports prospects for the farmers very bright in his neighborhood, and if nothing occurs to prevent they will harvest big crops. Comrade Snedecker has just received the first installment of his pension which was granted recently. Although the amount is small it will be a great help to a worthy man.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

Max Erickson and Mayor McKinnon drove over from Crookston and report the crops as the finest ever seen in this or any other country.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

Miss Inez McGrew writes home that she has completed a term of twenty-one weeks of school at Garrotson, South Dakota, and that she will now visit at Lanesboro, in Southern Minnesota, with her cousins, the Hon. A. G. Wall and wife. After this she will visit relatives and friends in Minneapolis before returning home.

H. G. Mitchel was down from Woodside on Monday. Says that the project for a grist-mill at the bay will be pushed to a successful issue just as soon as the new crop is ready for the market. Farmers are hoping for a good price for their wheat, which promises a good yield. We trust that they will not neglect to build that mill, whatever else they may do.

Charlie Misner expects to have a family re-union next Sabbath. Among those expected are mother and father Gates, city, H. C. Misner and wife, I. W. C. Misner and wife, Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Chapin, B. S. Chapin and wife, of Euclid; Engineer Fred Chapin and wife, and Ed. Chapin of Devils Lake, and E. S. Chapin, of the Red Lake Indian Reservation, U. S. A.

While driving along Main street on Thursday evening a lady was hit by a ball thrown by some careless urchin, and quite seriously injured. While the boys need the exercise of these games, they should choose some unoccupied lots rather than to indulge in their sports on the highways where they are liable to injure people or to be hurt themselves by runaway teams.

Mr. Ole Peterson was united for life to Miss Sophia Pederson by Geo. M. Swift Esq., at his residence in Mentor on Saturday last. The wedding breakfast occurred at the residence of Mikkel Helfquist, and a great profusion of the good things of this life were spread before large company of friends and relatives. The festivities were kept up until the wee sma' hours and all voted it a splendid affair.

In speaking of the building of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad into Polk County, H. G. Mitchel, the President of Polk County Alliance, said that he had not the slightest doubt that it would be for the best interests of the farmers of the county, and that he should certainly favor the road to the best of his ability. This is the opinion of many of the leading farmers whom we have interviewed upon the subject.

G. W. Peake, the Main street harness maker, has been too busy attending to the wants of his customers to furnish us the list of prices promised in last issue. An institution calling itself the Home Supply Association, of Chicago, has been making quotations on harness and Peake, without knowing their prices has been underselling them right along. Next week we shall present the figures to prove the statement.

E. S. Kneeland, of the North Dakota Greenhouses, will be in Crookston at Vine's butcher shop on Robert street, until Saturday, August 1st, with a fine collection of house plants for sale cheap; would be pleased to show all lovers of the beautiful of Crookston and vicinity his stock, whether you buy or not. Also orders taken for fall and winter flowring bulbs, lilies, hyacinth, tulips, narcissus, &c., &c. Call and see him.

It is the intention of the projectors of the new road to build it into this county in time to handle a portion of this crop, but they have fixed the time until December 1st, '92, in order to guard against any contingencies that may hereafter arise from opposition of other roads. Donald Grant said that he would build the road in 90 days from the day he got his orders to go if nothing more than natural obstacles intervene.

On the 25th of August the county will vote on the question of bonding for a direct short line to Duluth. If the bonds carry we shall get the road probably in time to move this year's crops, and certainly before another crop is ready. Will it pay? Is the vital question. For the reasons already given we think it will pay big. It is a question of so much importance to the county as to deserve the most serious consideration.

Andrew Goff, who has been helping A. O. Ralstad, at the restaurant, departed for Sioux City on Saturday evening, at which place he intends to purchase a restaurant. Mr. Goff is one of the hustlers what you read about, but he is very quiet about it. To look at him a stranger would little suspect the amount of hustle there is concealed behind that physimahogany, but it is there all the same. Mr. G. was well impressed with this city and we would not be surprised if he should return some day in the not far distant future.

Great Remnant Sale

AT

THE MAMMOTH

Commencing Saturday, July 11h, 1891,

A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Coods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.

CARPETS

AND

House Furnishing Goods

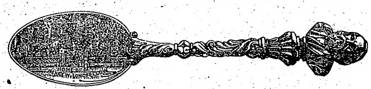
A SPECIALTY.

☞ Agent for those Cool Elastic Pillows. ☜

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

I. O. O. F. Block, - - Robert Street.


HOME OF HENRY W. LONGFELLOW

LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.

A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by

C. H. SAAKE, The Jeweler, - - - Crookston, Minn.

Mr. E. Lanctot drove to the city las Saturday a two-year-old colt and a three-year-old colt, the combined weight of which is 2,600 lbs. The sire of these fine colts is King Tom, Joseph Laframboise' English Shire horse, and the dam is a fine young mare that Mr. Lanctot bought at the Knuppe sale a few years since, as a two-year-old. Mr. B. takes great pride in these colts, and well he may, for they are indeed as fine a span as a man need to draw a line over.

The building of the Duluth & Winnipeg road into Polk County is simply a business matter and the only question for every farmer to consider is will it pay me to pay the amount of taxes necessary to accomplish it? It is a question that each for himself must answer. Personally, we pay taxes on considerable farm property, and we feel that on our share the benefit would be so great that the amount we would pay would cut no figure.

Among the prominent farmers of Polk County who have bought twine of the Pioneer Twine Co., are County Commissioner C. P. DeMers, Mr. Bischoff, E. Brouillet, J. Butts, G. M. Fisk, Wm. Heidrick, O. Noel, P. S. Bailey, Geo. Denniston, J. Normandin, Ole Peterson, Carl Veggon, D. M. McMillan, M. J. McWaters, Wm. Klinger, M. Hart, A. Derushia, Eli Losha, F. L. Davis, T. J. Williams, Chas Oebler, H. Steege, A. N. Hixson, J. M. Jones and Israel Desmarais.

On Saturday last Ed. Schreader while standing on Broadway near the city hall saw the horse, which the young lady had borrowed the week before, hitched to a post. Very soon a young man came along and began to untie the horse when Ed. stepped up and interfered and turned the young man over to the authorites and took the rig to the stable where it belonged. The young man said that he was a brother of the girl who took the horse, that she drove the rig to their home near Barnesville and had sent him back to return the rig to the owner. The young man was released and went on his way rejoceing.

On Saturday afternoon, Frank Morissey, the seven-year-old son of J. E. Morissey, met with an accident which very nearly proved fatal. He had but just gone out of the house when his mother was attracted by a peculiar sound at the door and upon opening it there stood Frank with his face all covered with blood, apparently dazed. The sight was too much for the mother heart, and Mr. M. brought the boy in and washed the wounds and hastily summoned Dr. Dunlop, who dressed the wound and found a severe cut penetrating the skull. At first it seemed impossible for the boy to survive, but no inflammation setting in during the night they began to have some hopes, and at the present writing the case is very hopeful. The horse was a very quiet one and the boys had been in the habit of handling and riding him, and Mr. Morissey is at a loss to account for this very bad break.

Excursion to Winnipeg.

The Northern Pacific Railway Co. will make rate of one and one-third fare to Winnipeg and return on account of regatta. Tickets on sale August 2d and 3d, good for return August 7th.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

FOR CASH ONLY.

The Pioneer Twine Company will sell standard Manilla twine at 9 cents per pound, and only for a few days. Now is your time to secure a bargain.

Just Think Of It.

Good manilla twine only 9 cents a pound in cash! Call at the Pioneer Twine Co., Main Street near Heidrick's.

"Play Ball!"

Last week the long, lank cadavorous nine issued a bold challenge to the Phats, to meet them on the diamond and there contest for the world's championship, and Frank Gravel, for the Phats, hands us the following acceptance:

To W. W. Fegan, Capt. of the Skinny Nine:

Your challenge in last issue of THE JOURNAL, to the Phats, is accepted with good courage and good will. We will be pleased to play your aggregation of slimness on Friday, July 31st, at 2 o'clock p. m., sharp. Will try and do you up in seven (7) innings, if we can.

TOM MORRIS, Capt. A. C. COWING.
A. D. MORRIS. ANDY LOCKEN.
GEO. VINE. FRED HALL.
DR. J. H. THOMAS. P. N. RINGDAL.
FRANK GRAVEL.

THE JOURNAL is requested to state that the gate receipts will be given to Mr. Durkee, who is infirm and blind, and we trust that there will be a large attendance upon the occasion.

Band Program.

The Queen City band will give their regular Friday evening concert at the corner of Broadway and Robert Street, presenting the following

PROGRAM

1. March, Queen City. by H. N. Casad.
2. Selection, Martha. by Flowton.
3. Descriptive piece—Charge of the Hussars, by Von Frank Spindler.
4. Walfzes Treasure. Strass
5. Claronet Solo, "Romance," By Thornton.
6. Gavotte "Rivolett," By Brook.

On Monday P. J. LaChapelle was arraigned in Judge Christianson's court on a charge of assault in the third degree, preferred by his wife. The following jury was impanelled: Fred W. Hall, C. H. Saake, C. M. Lindell, Hans Peterson, A. O. Ralstad, Fred Anderson, J. L. Hanson, Engebret Gren, Andy Locken, Herman Rasmussen, W. L. Palmer and Arthur Dufresne. County Attorney A. R. Holston appeared for the prosecution and Dave Hatlestad for the defense. The case occupied nearly all of the afternoon and was given to the jury about 5 o'clock. On the first ballot the jury stood seven for acquittal and five for conviction, and remained that way for four or five hours when the Judge, finding an agreement impossible, discharged the jury.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. McManus are called upon to mourn the death of their little four year old boy, Eddie, which sad event occurred on Tuesday. The boy had seemed to have a bad cold while on the homeward journey, and soon after their arrival Tuesday morning they called in a physician who pronounced it a bad case of diphtheria. The little one was buried Wednesday morning. Mr. and Mrs. McManus have the sympathy of hosts of friends in their sad and sudden bereavement.

Scarcely had the above item been placed in type on Wednesday morning when the sad news came that another child a boy, about 14 months old, had died on Wednesday morning, and that the baby was sick with the fell disease. Verily the waves of affliction beat heavily for Mr. and Mrs McManus.

DOG DAYS:

A valued exchange says: "The dog days are here. The dog days last from the beginning of July to August 11th. The popular theory is that they are so-called because dogs go mad." Oh, that's it, is it? Now, we have had a notion that "dog days" lasted from the time that merchants begin to display their vegetables outside on the walk, and we frequently see more people mad than dogs—people who are in the least particular about what they eat. And the people are not the only ones who inwardly curse the dog nuisance. Said a prominent merchant to a JOURNAL scribe: "I am bothered to death by these dogs. One cannot leave anything eatable within the range of these dogs without taking great chances on its utter ruin. But what can you do when the dog's owner will take no pains at all to prevent the spoliation of your property? One hates to offend a customer and one hates to see his goods ruined!" It strikes us that this subject of nuisances and how to abate it would be a good thing for our council to wrestle with during "dog days." If we should venture to relate what very many see daily, it would ruin the trade of half the green grocers in the city. These men pay taxes for protection and are entitled to it. Their customers buy their goods under the impression that they are fit articles of food, and they are also entitled to protection. "A word to the wise," &c.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1891.

The Hon. Commissioner of the General Land Office, by letter dated May 28th, 1891, under instructions from the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, dated May 22d, 1891, directs us to restore to the public domain, and open to settlement and entry all lands heretofore withdrawn in this district within the indemnity limits of the grant for the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway Company, and not embraced in selections heretofore made or applied for by said company, but this restoration shall not affect the rights acquired by grantees within the primary limits of any other congressional grant.

Notice is therefore hereby given that applications for all lands coming within the purview of said instructions will be received at this office on and after August 24th, 1891.

H. H. DICKMANN, Register.
L. K. AAKER, Receiver.

In relation to the above notice, Mr. Aaker informs THE JOURNAL that after a careful search of the records they find that there is no land in the district subject to entry that has not been included in selections already made by the Railroad Company. This report was duly made to the General Land Office at Washington, and instructions sent back to publish the order nevertheless. The notice is probably given for the purpose of finally adjusting the grant.

PROPOSITION

OF

The Duluth and Dakota Railroad Company.

TO THE COUNTY OF POLK.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Take notice that the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, a corporation duly formed, organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the state of Minnesota, hereby makes application to the county of Polk, in said state, for aid in the construction of that portion of its line of railroad extending from a point within the city of Crookston, in said county of Polk, to its point of intersection with the line of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in the county of Itasca, in said state; and to that end the said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company hereby makes the following proposition:

1. Said county of Polk shall make and issue negotiable coupon bonds thereof to the amount of two hundred and twenty thousand dollars, in the denomination of one thousand dollars each, all to bear date the first day of January, A. D. 1892, and be payable to the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company or bearer twenty years after date thereof, and not before maturity thereof at the option of said county, and to bear interest from the date thereof, payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and at the rate of five per cent. per year.

2. Said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, in consideration of said aid and bonds, shall and will, at the election of said county of Polk. issue thereto such number of the shares of its capital stock as will, at the par value of said stock, correspond with the principal sum of such bonds.

3. All said bonds shall be deposited in escrow prior to any delivery thereof to said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company; and such deposit shall be made with the First National Bank of Crookston, a corporation duly formed, organized and existing under and by virtue of the National Banking Act of the United States of America, and having its principal place of business, office and residence at the city of Crookston, county of Polk, and state of Minnesota: and all the stock certificates for said shares of stock shall likewise be deposited and placed with the same said depository and at the same time with said bonds; and all said bonds and stock certificates shall be and remain in the possession and custody of the said First National Bank of Crookston until all said portion of the line of railroad of the said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, extending from a point within the said city of Crookston to the point of intersection or junction thereof, with the said Duluth & Winnipeg railroad, in the said county of Itasca, shall have been located, constructed and completed according to the ordinary standard gauge and in actual operation with cars running thereon.

4. The said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company in consideration of said aid and bonds, shall and will, prior to the first day of December, A. D. 1892, well and truly locate, construct and complete according to the ordinary standard gauge and put in actual operation with cars running thereon; all that portion of its said line of railroad extending from a point within said city of Crookston to the point of intersection or junction thereof with the Duluth and Winnipeg Railroad in said county of Itasca.

5. Within thirty days from and after (and under no circumstances until after,) completion and actual operation as aforesaid by the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company of all said portion of its said line of railroad, the said First National Bank of Crookston shall deliver all said stock certificates to said County of Polk and all said bonds to the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company upon production of the certificate, in writing, of the Railway Commissioners of the State of Minnesota, or one of them, to the effect that, upon examination and inspection actually made and had, the said portion of said line of railroad has been duly and properly constructed, completed and put in operation as aforesaid.

6. It is mutually understood that the construction, maintainance and operation of said portion of the line of railroad of the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company will furnish to the farmers, merchants and other inhabitants of said County of Polk a competing line of railway transportation from the several stations in said county to the head of Lake Superior, and that such competing line will be shorter than any now existing line or lines of transportion between any point within said county and the head of Lake Superior by an estimated distance of not less than fifty miles; and in order to permanently secure and insure to all the inhabitants of said county the advantages now contemplated and which ought to accrue to them from the construction, maintainance and operation of said competing line, the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company, in consideration of said aid and bonds, hereby guarantees, on behalf of itself and its successors and assign, to said county and to each and all the inhabitants thereof, that the rate for transporation of any grain, merchandise or other commodity to any station on the line of the said Duluth and Dakota Railway within said County of Polk from the head of Lake Superior or from any such station to the head of Lake Superior shall never exceed the rate per bushel or per ton per mile now being charged by any or either of the now existing line or lines of railway extending between any station in said county and the lead of said Lake Superior.

In Testimony Whereof the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company has caused this instrument to be signed by its President and Secretary and to be duly sealed with its corporate seal.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

DULUTH & DAKOTA RAILWAY COMPANY.
By R. W. Cameron, President.
By Charles Kydd, Secretary.

THIS AGREEMENT.

Made and entered into this day of July, A. D. 1891, by and between the Board of County Commissioners of Polk County in the State of Minnesota, party of the first part, and the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota, party of the second part; WITNESSETH:—

WHEREAS, the said party of the second part is about to make and is making its application or proposition for county bonds in said Polk County, for the purpose of aiding in the building of the railway of the said party of the second part; and,

WHEREAS, in order to secure said bonds, said party to second part is desirous of entering into an agreement with the said party of the first part, in behalf of the people of said Polk County, whereby the rate on wheat shipped from any point in the county of Polk, on the line of railway of said party of the second part to the head of Lake Superior, shall not exceed the rate of twelve and one half [12½] cents per hundred [100] pounds from said point of shipment to said destination.

NOW THEREFORE, said party of the second part hereby agrees that it will at all times or seasons carry or procure to be carried, all wheat delivered to it at stations along the line of its railway in said Polk County, at a rate not to exceed twelve and one-half [12½] cents per hundred [100] pounds for the carrying of said wheat to the head of Lake Superior; provided however, the said Polk County shall vote favorably upon the proposition of said party of the second part for bonds to aid in the building of its said railway, and that said bonds to the amount not to exceed two hundred and twenty thousand [220,000] dollars, shall be voted and delivered to said railway company when its line of railway shall be completed from a connection with the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in Itasca county, Minnesota, to a point in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be signed and sealed as respective officers and seals, the day and year first above written.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
By
....
....

In presence of,
....
....

DULUTH & DAKOTA RAILWAY CO.
By
R. W. Cameron, President.
[CORPORATE SEAL] Attest
Charles Kydd Secretary.

N. B. The signatures of the County Commissioners will be affixed at their meeting July 25.

THERE are in Polk County 1,589,460 acres of land, of which fully ninety five [95] per cent, or 1,506,987 acres are arable and the most of it the very choicest of soils. Of this vast area the last census shows about, 200,000 acres to be under cultivation. The valuation of the country, under the assessment of 1891, will be about $7,000,000 [probably over rather than under]. By the same authority we have a population of 30,000, or a fraction over 48 acres for each man, woman, and child in the county.

The mission of this great enterprise which is knocking at the eastern door of your county, is to bring under profitable cultivation and dot with happy homes this fertile but uncultivated prairie land; to diversify your system of agriculture; to increase your population and bring you more nearly in contact with the business and social life of the eastern states and of the old world.

And what is the price you are asked to pay? Take for example the farmer who has one hundred and sixty acres of land, with one hundred acres cultivated to wheat each year, the average assessed valuation of such property with its necessary structures and improvements would not exceed seven dollars per acre, or $1,120.00. The tax levy for the purpose of paying the annual interest on these bonds would be one and one-fourth mills on the dollar of valuation or about $1,40. This is what it would cost this farmer on his real estate to maintain the interest on the bonds until such time as it become necessary to pay the principal. Now what would he receive? We have assumed he has one hundred acres cultivated with wheat; suppose his average to be but fifteen bushels per acre, or fifteen hundred bushels, the saving in freight (to say nothing of what competition will compel the elevator monopoly to cut off from their present exorbitant gains) at three cents per bushel will be $45.00; this on his wheat alone, to say nothing of the saving in a hundred other directions which will suggest themselves to any thoughtful mind.

Of course out of these profits must eventually come the principal, but in twenty years from now with the one hundred and fifty thousand people in the county and a million of acres under cultivation, it will be but a light matter to pay it off and with the yearly increasing acreage, subject to assessment, the percentage of taxation for interest will be diminished from year to year. The same figures hold good relatively with each voter whether his property interest be large or small, and we are fully confident that if you give this matter the consideration it deserves and vote your honest unbiased judgement of what is for the best good for the county, your ballot will read: For the bonds—YES.

All of which is respectfully submitted by the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Business Men's Union.

TAKEN UP

One bay yearling colt with white star on forehead. Came to my place, the N. W. ¼ of sec, 12 Tp. 147 R. 46, about June 25th. Owner can recover by proving property and paying charges.

CHAS. M. AAGARD.
[13-15] Edna, Minn.

G. A. R. COMRADES.

Who mean to attend the National Encampment at Detroit in August, should take notice that "The Burlington" is the only line from Minneapoli and St. Paul via Chicago over which tickets for the Encampment can be purchased at reduced rates. For further particulars as to rates, dates, etc., call on your nearest Agent, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. [12-15]

DID YOU?

Did you see that elegant display of jewelry at Tom Morris' new store on Second street? Tom says it is a Superior stock!

LOST.

On or about June 28th, one two-year-old red steer with two white spots on shoulder. Had rope on his horns. Also on July 5th, a red spotted cow about 5 years old. A suitable reward will be paid for their return to

VINE & TIBESAR,
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
REAL ESTATE
—AND—
CHATTEL LOANS.

LANDS FOR SALE.

Farmers, we wish to call your attention to our new mode of making FARM LOANS with Life Insurance.

Amount Loaned. One-half the actual cash value of the land.

Terms of Loan. Ten (10) years. INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT.

Special Privilege. Partial payments in ANY AMOUNT can be made at ANY TIME. Interest payable only ONCE EACH YEAR.

Special Agreement. In consideration of the annual payment of one-tenth (1-10) of the loan the company will agree to insure the borrower's life for ten (10) years, and at the expiration of that period will CANCEL, RELEASE AND RETURN ALL THE MORTGAGE PAPERS.

Should the borrower die during the term of the loan we CANCEL AND RETURN all papers and give the family CASH to the amount of the loan.

All kinds of choice loans made for 5 years or more at 9 per cent, WITHOUT LIFE INSURANCE. Interest payable ONCE a year.

Special Rates on long loans.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
Special Agent Union Central Life Insurance Co.,
Crookston.

REPORT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Scandia-American Bank
At Crookston, Minn. at the Close of business on the 9th day of July, 1891.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$138,958 98
Due from other banks	30,284 42
Furniture and fixtures	1,400 00
Current expenses	2,177 02
Taxes paid	1,495 00
Checks and other cash items	350 06
Cash on hand	7,896 35
Total	$182,561 83

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$50,000 00
Undivided profits	19,163 62
Individual deposits subject to check	53,355 64
Demand certificates of deposit	60,042 57
Total	$182,561 83

I, L. Ellington, Cashier of the Scandia American Bank, at Crookston, Minnesota, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk. }

Sworn and subscribed before me this 29th day of July, 1891.

{Notary} ANDREW P. HANSON,
{Seal.} Notary Public, Polk County, Minn

Correct—Attest:
E. P. PIERCE, } Directors.
O. H. LUCKEN, }

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

BINDING

TWINE

—AT A—

Great Sacrifice.

THE

Pioneer Twine Company

Are not here for the benefit of the Machine Men. We are here for the benefit of the FARMERS, and we will stay until we are satisfied that the machine men cannot get the prices for twine they had figured on. We will sell you a

PURE

MANILLA TWINE

AT ONLY

☞ 9 CENTS

A POUND. ☜

We guarantee you can get no twine in the city that will run as many feet to the pound. We are at

Rassmussen's Old Stand

ON MAIN STREET,

Near the Bank, and if any of the twine dealers here think they have a superior article we invite them to a test.

WHO IS FINDING FAULT?

Certain machine men only. Who is paying to run this twine down? Certain machine men only. Who loses sleep on account of cheap twine? Certain machine men only.

All we ask is a square deal. No underhand work and a careful inspection of our Twine, and we will convince the most sceptical that our Twine is as good as the best.

PIONEER TWINE COMPANY.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings,

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

Schmidt, the Painter,

—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,
Opera Block - - Crookston.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank,

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. JOHN DALLUM Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred twenty four and 30-100 ($124.30) dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 105, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole O. Hoven, mortgagee, to Caroline Anderson, by written assignment dated the 9th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 150, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine (9) of Section thirty-two. (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred twenty-four and 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE ANDERSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.
[15-21] Crookston, Minn.

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, July 30, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South	7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba	8:15 a. m.

To the People of Minnesota.

The State of Minnesota, to be appropriately represented at the World's Columbian Exposition, needs at least a hundred thousand dollars in addition to the amount at present available.

The commission, feeling that the deep interest manifest throughout the State should have some public and formal expression; believing also that some better plan for raising this additional sum, than the one most favorably considered by them, may be suggested, have decided to call a convention for this two-fold purpose, to be held in the Hall of Representatives, at St. Paul, on Thursday morning, August 13th, at 10 o'clock, to which convention each Chamber of Commerce, Board of Trade, City or Village Council in every city and town throughout the State is invited to send two delegates.

In counties where there are no such organized bodies, the chairmrn of the board of county commissioners is requested to appoint the delegates.

We earnestly desire that the newspapers of the State, will bring their influence to the support of the commisson in this matter.

In no way can the commission ascertain the wishes of the people except through the medium of the press or the gathering of a representative body of citizens.

If with full knowledge of the vast benefits to be derived from a proper display of our resources and advantages; if, after being advised as to the gigantic preparations in contemplation by some of our sister States, the people of Minnesota decide that $50,000 is sufficient with which to exhibit and advertise our unequaled attractions as a home for people of all classes and conditions, we will undertake to make such an exhibit as the means at our command will warrant. But we cannot believe that such will be their verdict.

Wm. R. Merriam. D. A. Monfort.
M. B. Harrison. L. P. Hunt.
J. Ladue. J. J. Furlong.
A. L. Ward. G. N. Lanphere.
C. McC. Reeve.

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. It emits no smoke, is odorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western Line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St Paul, 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for manufacture of Pintsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line," and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel. [11-16]

Norman County Herald: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Carlton Coffin, of Boston, Mass, are the honored guests of the Andrews and Farmers, Mrs. Coffin being a sister of Mr. Farmer. Mr. Coffin is widely known as an extensive traveler, author and writer. He was a prominent war correspondent having witnessed most of the battles of the rebellion. His books have had a wide circulation, prominent among them being "Boys of 1776," "Following the Flag," and others. He has also been prominent in Massachusetts politics, having been to the Legislature a number of times.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 20th day of July, 1891, and recorded in th office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-21] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication July 30th, 1891.)
[Last publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of fifty (50) dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable on the 17th day of November, 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Loren H. Walker and Sophia Walker, his wife, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1886, at 9:50 o'clock a. m., and recorded in volume "26" of mortgages, on pages 412-7.

And a further default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said mortgaged premises, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee was compelled to pay, and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes due and delinquent on said premises, the sum of thirty-nine and 37-100 ($39.37) dollars, in order to protect the lien of said mortgage; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($637.50) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section eight, (8) in Township one hundred forty seven, (147) Range forty-four, (44), containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and twenty-five (25) dollars as attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minnesota, July 17, 1891.

The Netherlands American
Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[15-21] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., June 30th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on August 14th, 1891, viz: WILLIAM J. NICKLE, Hd. No. 11,497, for the ne¼ Sec. 8, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: H. B. Budd, Lewis Seger, Frank B. Dykeman, K. O. Flakne, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[11-16] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 10th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 9th, 1891, viz: CARL CARLSON, D. S. 11,827, for the se¼ nw¼ sw¼ ne¼ nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼ Sec. 4, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bernt O. Lindberg, Ole Olson, Jr., Richard Skaug, Charles Aagaard, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward Labree, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 3; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $24 that became due May 1st, 1890, $24 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $24 that became due May, 1st, 1891.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents, ($886.95), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼), and lots three, (3) and four (4) of Section thirty-one, (31), in township one hundred and forty-seven (147) north of Range forty (40), west, containing 150 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 75.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by George Goodrich and Emma S. Goodrich, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 338, 339, 340 and 341;

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $15.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $18.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($682.80) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and lots one (1) and four (4) of Section twenty-one (21) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-three (43) west, containing 125.50 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 74.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "C" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) and lot five, (5) in block seventeen, (17) townsite of Crookston; also forty-five (45) feet off the west end of lots seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), in block five, (5) of Fletcher and Houston's Addition to the townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees.
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Harry Fleury, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 27; and

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.60 that became due November 1st, 1889, $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $9.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and thirty-six dollars and four cents. ($336.04), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-five, (35), in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), north, of Range forty-one, (41), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G 76]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d. 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harald Johnson, (an unmarried man,) mortgagor, to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 177, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section four, (4) Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range forty-four, (44) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

The American Freehold Land Mortgage
Company, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

O. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. U. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

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C. O. ristianson. E. P. Pierce O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens A. G. Gallasch.
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BENOIT & SYLVESTER,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

☞ Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines. ☜

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, HENRY SMITH AND EMMA Smith, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 152, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 30 of mortgages, on pages 581 to 583; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred sixty and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d, day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eleven hundred ninety-two and 30-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Dethloff and Martha Dethloff, his wife, mortgagors, to W. E. Damon, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of January, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 93.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said W. E. Damon, mortgagee, to Alice S. Colton, by written assignment, dated the 20th day of May, 1886, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of June, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 24 of mortgages, on pages 559, 560, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice Is Hereby Given that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty-four (154) Range forty-eight, (48), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred ninety-two 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

ALICE S. COLTON
Assignee of Mortgage.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

(First Publication June 18th, 1891.)

WHEREAS OLE PEDERSON AND CAREN Pederson, his wife, of Polk County State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 28th day of July A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to the New England Mortgage Security Company of the County of Windham, State of Connecticut, their mortgage bearing date of July 17th A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota to-wit:

The North half of Southeast quarter, and South half of Northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160, acres to secure the payment of the sum of Five hundred and Fifty Dollars, with the interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said Mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 27th day of July A. D. 1886, at three o'clock P. M. duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county of Polk in Book 27 of Mortgages, on page 211; and,

WHEREAS, default has been made in the payment of the sum of Thirty-eight and 50-100, Dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January A. D. 1891 and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

WHEREAS It was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, or its assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

WHEREAS, The New England Mortgage Security Company has exercised its option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

WHEREAS, There is now due and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of Six-hundred seven and 24-100 Dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made the sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston in said County and State on the 8th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the fore-noon of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 9th A. D. 1891. [9-15]

THE NEW ENGLAND
MORTGAGE SECURITY COMPANY,
JOHN CROMB, Mortgagee.
Attorney for Mortgagee, Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 16th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. —ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, vs. Benjamin Mitette, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum from the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated July 7th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[13-19] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-one and 73-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 231, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, at 2 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of deeds, on page 556, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of forty one and 73-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five and 95-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, and $25 to become due, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 550, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 14th day of January, 1890, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 550, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $25.95 and $25 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 2d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, ($279.50) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Boucher and Margaret Boucher, his wife, to Joseph Kelso, bearing date the 9th day of March, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 305 to 307 inclusive, and the further sum of fifty four and 79-100 dollars for taxes duly assessed and levied against the land conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number twenty-six (26) block seven (7), in Sletten & Cromb's subdivision of Lots in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 26th, A. D. 1891.

JOSEPH KELSO, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Eugene St. Mars and Marie St. Mars, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Mary V. Martin, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of January 27th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 339; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-nine dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-nine dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary V. Martin has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seven and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, A. D. 1891.

MARY V. MARTIN, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. A safe remedy; $2 or 3 for $5 by mail. Am. Pill and Med. Co., Royalty Prop's, Spencer, Iowa, and sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication June 18th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, CORNELIUS ANDERSON AND Kjerste Anderson, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to James John Fulton, of Edinburgh, Scotland, their mortgage bearing date of August 25th, A. D. 1888, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: East half of northwest quarter and lots one (1) and two (2) of Section 30, Township 153, Range 44 west, containing 161 21-100 acres to secure the payment of the sum of five hundred and one dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 148; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five and 07-100 dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said James John Fulton, mortgagee, has exercised his option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred fifty-three and 05-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 8th day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 13th, A. D. 1891.

JAMES JOHN FULTON,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[9-15] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, RICHARD CARIVEAU AND Minnie Cariveau, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Caroline C. Moulton, of the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, their mortgage bearing date of July 1st, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 11:20 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline C. Moulton, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred seven and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 24th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE C. MOULTON,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, John Gudmundsen and Marie Gudmundsen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Nathan P. Rice, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of September 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southeast quarter of Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 237; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of ten dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of fifty-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Nathan P. Rice has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred niney-seven and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1891.

NATHAN P. RICE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 6, 1891. NO. 16.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	5 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Duluth & Winnipeg.

Elsewhere in this issue will be seen the proposition to bond Polk County for $220,000 in exchange for a like amount of stock in the road. Now, THE JOURNAL does not pretend to be an advisor to the voters in this matter, but we feel that if this proposition was a request for an unconditional gift to this enterprise, it would well be worth it, for the benefits conferred by such a road would be many times greater than the amount asked. No doubt there are those who will howl and rave against this project, and who will say that the farmers should not vote for it—just as though farmers were not as sensible as other men and do not know what is for their own interests as well as their self-appointed advisors—every one of whom has some selfish motive at stake, either he is employed by some opposition railroad, or he has some other iron in the fire. Farmers are not so big fools that they don't know that three cents per bushel more for their wheat is a big item—that a proportionate reduction on all in-coming and out-going freights is a big item—that the market that this road will give for all kinds of farm produce—a market right at our very doors is a big thing, and now the only thing for them to decide is whether the small amount each will have to pay to secure it is worth the benefits conferred. That's all there is to it, and the editor of THE JOURNAL is perfectly willing to leave the result in the hands of the farmers—we never knew one yet who would not buy a $200 horse for $100 if he had a chance, and in this case the percent of gain is very much greater.

We believe that in this case they will consult their own best interests regardless of what the roads already running into the county may wish them to do.

Joel's Proposed Resignation.

From the Duluth News.

There is no man who takes a greater interest in political work today than does Joel Heatwole, and if he retires from active political life it is not because he is anxious to do so, but because he is forced into taking that action. It is a well known fact that leading Republicans have been doing everything in their power to down him politically. They have regarded his growing power in the party with undisguised jealousy and have sought in every way possible to undermine his strength. They have credited him with an ambition to be Governor or United States senator, and powerful influence has been exerted, in consequence of that belief, to crowd him out of the councils of the party. It is a fact that in recent months the leading politicians of the republican party have practically ostracized him, and he has not been advised or consulted in regard to any of the political schemes that have recently been concocted. During the last few months he has been attacking Senator Davis men, who have likewise joined in the effort to crush the ambitious statesman of Northfield. In view of all these circumstances, therefore, Mr. Heatwole's retirement from the state central committee is not surprising. But the republican bosses may find that Mr. Heatwole outside the committee is more dangerous than Mr. Heatwole on the committee.

Grand Forks Herald:—In conversation with Capt. Griggs upon the subject of preventing frost by "burning" straw, he stated to a Herald reporter that he knew of several instances where farmers have saved their crops from being destroyed by frost by making bonfires of straw. He says he is a thorough believer in it because he knows from personal experience and has seen others who have tried the experiment and succeeded in saving their crops. He says P. P. Allen saved his crops, while others lost theirs. He hopes newspapers all over the country will continue to agitate the matter and give the farmer the benefit of his experience as well as that of others.

Special Election.

Notice is hereby given that whereas the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company have filed in the office of the County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota, a proposition in writing as follows, viz:

PROPOSITION

OF

The Duluth and Dakota Railroad Company.

TO THE COUNTY OF POLK.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Take notice that the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, a corporation duly formed, organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the state of Minnesota, hereby makes application to the county of Polk, in said state, for aid in the construction of that portion of its line of railroad extending from a point within the city of Crookston, in said county of Polk, to its point of intersection with the line of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in the county of Itasca, in said state; and to that end the said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company hereby makes the following proposition:

1. Said county of Polk shall make and issue negotiable coupon bonds thereof to the amount of two hundred and twenty thousand dollars, in the denomination of one thousand dollars each, all to bear date the first day of January, A. D. 1892, and be payable to the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company or bearer twenty years after date thereof, and not before maturity thereof at the option of said county, and to bear interest from the date thereof, payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and at the rate of five per cent. per year.

2. Said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, in consideration of said aid and bonds, shall and will, at the election of said county of Polk, issue thereto such number of the shares of its capital stock as will, at the par value of said stock, correspond with the principal sum of such bonds.

3. All said bonds shall be deposited in escrow prior to any delivery thereof to said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company; and such deposit shall be made with the First National Bank of Crookston, a corporation duly formed, organized and existing under and by virtue of the National Banking Act of the United States of America, and having its principal place of business, office and residence at the city of Crookston, county of Polk, and state of Minnesota: and all the stock certificates for said shares of stock shall likewise be deposited and placed with the same said depository and at the same time with said bonds; and all said bonds and stock certificates shall be and remain in the possession and custody of the said First National Bank of Crookston until all said portion of the line of railroad of the said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, extending from a point within the said city of Crookston to the point of intersection or junction thereof, with the said Duluth & Winnipeg railroad, in the said county of Itasca, shall have been located, constructed and completed according to the ordinary standard gauge and in actual operation with cars running thereon.

4. The said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company in consideration of said aid and bonds, shall and will, prior to the first day of December, A. D. 1892, well and truly locate, construct and complete according to the ordinary standard gauge and put in actual operation with cars running thereon; all that portion of its said line of railroad extending from a point within said city of Crookston to the point of intersection or junction thereof with the Duluth and Winnipeg Railroad in said county of Itasca.

5. Within thirty days from and after (and under no circumstances until after,) completion and actual operation as aforesaid by the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company of all said portion of its said line of railroad, the said First National Bank, of Crookston shall deliver all said stock certificates to said County of Polk and all said bonds to the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company upon production of the certificate, in writing, of the Railway Commissioners of the State of Minnesota, or one of them, to the effect that, upon examination and inspection actually made and had, the said portion of said line of railroad has been duly and properly constructed, completed and put in operation as aforesaid.

6. It is mutually understood that the construction, maintainance and operation of said portion of the line of railroad of the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company will furnish to the farmers, merchants and other inhabitants of said County of Polk a competing line of railway transportation from the several stations in said county to the head of Lake Superior, and that such competing line will be shorter than any now existing line or lines of transportion between any point within said county and the head of Lake Superior by an estimated distance of not less than fifty miles; and in order to permanently secure and insure to all the inhabitants of said county the advantages now contemplated and which ought to accrue to them from the construction, maintainance and operation of said competing line, the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company, in consideration of said aid and bonds, hereby guarantees, on behalf of itself and its successors and assign, to said county and to each and all the inhabitants thereof, that the rate for transporation of any grain, merchandise or other commodity to any station on the line of the said Duluth and Dakota Railway within said County of Polk from the head of Lake Superior or from any such station to the head of Lake Superior shall never exceed the rate per bushel or per ton per mile now being charged by any or either of the now existing line or lines of railway extending between any station in said county and the lead of said Lake Superior.

In Testimony Whereof the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company has caused this instrument to be signed by its President and Secretary and to be duly sealed with its corporate seal.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

DULUTH & DAKOTA RAILWAY COMPANY.
By R. W. Cameron,
President.
{CORPORATE SEAL.} By Charles Kydd,
Secretary.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that a special election will be held and had in and for said county for the purpose of voting upon the said proposition,

On the 25th Day Of August 1891,

and that the polls will be open in the various towns, wards and precincts, from nine o'clock in the forenoon until five o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Given under my hand and seal this 5th day of August, 1891.

C. U. WEBSTER, County Auditor,
Polk County, Minn.

In addition to the above proposition the following contract has been entered into between the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company and the County of Polk:

THIS AGREEMENT.

Made and entered into this day of July, A. D. 1891, by and between the Board of County Commissioners of Polk County in the State of Minnesota, party of the first part, and the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota, party of the second part; WITNESSETH:—

WHEREAS, the said party of the second part is about to make and is making its application or proposition for county bonds in said Polk County, for the purpose of aiding in the building of the railway of the said party of the second part; and,

WHEREAS, in order to secure said bonds, said party to second part is desirous of entering into an agreement with the said party of the first part, in behalf of the people of said Polk County, whereby the rate on wheat shipped from any point in the county of Polk, on the line of railway of said party of the second part to the head of Lake Superior, shall not exceed the rate of twelve and one half [12½] cents per hundred [100] pounds from said point of shipment to said destination.

NOW THEREFORE, said party of the second part hereby agrees that it will at all times or seasons carry or procure to be carried, all wheat delivered to it at stations along the line of its railway in said Polk County, at a rate not to exceed twelve and one-half [12½] cents per hundred [100] pounds for the carrying of said wheat to the head of Lake Superior; provided, however, the said Polk County shall vote favorably upon the proposition of said party of the second part for bonds to aid in the building of its said railway, and that said bonds to the amount not to exceed two hundred and twenty thousand [220,000] dollars shall be voted and delivered and that said railway shall be completed from a connection with the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in Itasca county, Minnesota, to a point in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be signed and sealed as respective officers and seals, the day and year first above written.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
By M. E. KIRSCH, Chairman.
(Official Seal) Attest:
(Polk Co.) C. U. WEBSTER,
County Auditor.
DULUTH & DAKOTA RAILWAY CO.
By R. W. Cameron, President.
[CORPORATE SEAL] Attest
Charles Kydd Secretary.

In presence of,
FRANK WERLE.
ALEC. MACLAREN.

THERE are in Polk County 1,589,460 acres of land, of which fully ninety five [95] per cent, or 1,506,987 acres are arable and the most of it the very choicest of soils. Of this vast area the last census shows about, 200,000 acres to be under cultivation. The valuation of the country, under the assessment of 1891, will be about $7,000,000 [probably over rather than under]. By the same authority we have a population of 30,000, or a fraction over 48 acres for each man, woman, and child in the county.

The mission of this great enterprise which is knocking at the eastern door of your county, is to bring under profitable cultivation and dot with happy homes this fertile but uncultivated prairie land; to diversify your system of agriculture; to increase your population and bring you more nearly in contact with the business and social life of the eastern states and of the old world.

And what is the price you are asked to pay? Take for example the farmer who has one hundred and sixty acres of land, with one hundred acres cultivated to wheat each year, the average assessed valuation of such property with its necessary structures and improvements would not exceed seven dollars per acre, or $1,120.00. The tax levy for the purpose of paying the annual interest on these bonds would be one and one-fourth mills on the dollar of valuation or about $1,40. This is what it would cost this farmer on his real estate to maintain the interest on the bonds until such time as it become necessary to pay the principal. Now what would he receive? We have assumed he has one hundred acres cultivated with wheat; suppose his average to be but fifteen bushels per acre, or fifteen hundred bushels, the saving in freight (to say nothing of what competition will compel the elevator monopoly to cut off from their present exorbitant gains) at three cents per bushel will be $45.00; this on his wheat alone, to say nothing of the saving in a hundred other directions which will suggest themselves to any thoughtful mind.

Of course out of these profits must eventually come the principal, but in twenty years from now with the one hundred and fifty thousand people in the county and a million of acres under cultivation, it will be but a light matter to pay it off and with the yearly increasing acreage, subject to assessment, the percentage of taxation for interest will be diminished from year to year. The same figures hold good relatively with each voter whether his property interest be large or small, and we are fully confident that if you give this matter the consideration it deserves and vote your honest unbiased judgement of what is for the best good for the county, your ballot will read: For the bonds—YES.

All of which is respectfully submitted by the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Business Men's Union.

AN ADDRESS.

To the Voters of Polk County,

FELLOW CITIZENS, VOTERS OF POLK COUNTY: We present hearwith for your consideration and determination the most important question which you have ever been called upon to consider at the polls; and ask before you decide to either accept or reject the proposition, that you study its character and provisions carefully and candidly, regarding it simply from the standpoint of a business basis:

The question for each one of you to consider is: Will it be a paying investment for the people of Polk County,—for myself individually, to make the sacrifice which is asked in this request for County aid, in order to secure the benefits of a competing outlet from our farms to that great waterway which our infinite Creator has stretched from the eastern border of our state to the mills and market of the old world?

THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL of July 9th, contained a very interesting article taken from the New York Press describing the running of the rapids of the St. Lawrence River by one of the newstyle or "whaleback" vessels (since followed by others of the same class.) But how few of these who read that short article, realize the tremendous significance of that fact to the wheat producing interests of the Northwest! It means the shortening of the distance which our wheat must be carried by rail transportation more than one thousand miles, and if taken in connection with a direct and independent outlet from here to the head of the lake, will result in breaking up the elevator monopoly which has been the cause of so much dissatisfaction with the existing lines of railways, and an entire revolution in the method and expense of placing our grain in the hands of the consumer in foreign lands.

Farmers, You are here offered that direct, independent, competing line to the "Great Lake." You are offered a perpetual reduction of freight rates from the prices you are now paying, a reduction which amounts to nearly one sixth on all classes; and of three cents per bushel on wheat (for while this particular line of railroad cannot reach all your farms, yet if one road reduces its rate of freight, all the others will be compelled to do the same or lose their traffic, so that from every point in Polk County there will be a proportionate reduction from present rates of freight. You are offered emancipation and freedom from the elevator monopoly, which has been shown during the recent wheat investigation by the sworn testimony of reliable witneseses, has placed it in the power of one man to dictate what price every farmer in Polk county shall recieve for each bushel of his wheat, and by which the millers of Minneapolis are enabled to depress the prices and lower the grade of your wheat in the fall, when you have it to sell, and to advance the price and raise the grade in the spring when the bulk of it has passed from your hands to theirs.

It means to the land owner, an increase in value of his land; to the producer, better prices for his crops; to the laborers, better wages; to the merchant, an increased number of customers with more money to expend; and to the tax-payer, the settlement of vast tracts of land, which now bear no part in the public burdens, thereby lessening his taxes at the same time increasing his ability to pay it.

Supposing all parts of the country to be equally affected by the promised reduction in freight, the benefits from this one item alone would be fully $200,000.00 annually, while the interest on the bonds asked for is but $11,000.00 per annum. The benefits are perpetual. The tax is but for a few years. Can there be any doubt as to what your decision will be?

The enterprise which is seeking to co-operate with you in securing these desirable results, is really the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway, but, as under their charter it was found impracticable to do this work, they are seeking to do it through their offspring, "the Duluth & Dakota Railway, but when built the line will be found to be the shortest possible to Lake Superior which engineering difficulties will permit, of low grade, and with the most substantial equipment. In every respect a first-class road, and well deserving your patronage and approval.

Again it is a fact that the richest iron deposits in the state are located on the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway about one hundred miles west of Duluth, and one hundred and forty miles east of Crookston. The building of the Duluth & Winnipeg is causing these mines to be developed, and the building of this railway into Polk County will give us this new and profitable market to supply with the products of our farms. This means a better price for every dozen of eggs, for every pound of butter, or bushel of potatoes, or oats or barley, or other coarse grains we have to sell. It means the thousands of tons of hay which now go to waste on the prairies, for want of a market near at hand, can be profitably handled and shipped. Again, much of our straw of which we burn hundreds of thousand of tons each fall, will, because of cheaper transportation, find a profitable market at the mines and at the head of the lake.

In addition to all these advantages the country will receive in return for the bonds, capital stock of the railway company to an equal amount. This stock will be full paid and non-assessable, and when the road is in operation and on a paying basis, will be worth and can be sold for a very material portion of, if not for their full face value; thereby reducing the amount the county will have to pay in a sum far below the expressed value of the bonds, and perhaps enable their extinguishment without expense to the country.

McKINNON BROS.,
—DEALERS IN—
ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements
MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.
Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

Fontaine & Anglim,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c
100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c
50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
100 pieces of Best Prints will be sold as long as they last for 5c
50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c
A Good Summer Corset 50c
A Good Black Corset 50c
NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

=Fontaine & Anglim.=

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE
—DON'T FORGET TO SEE—
Herman Rasmussen
At the New Stand on West Main Street.
An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
NEW GOODS.
A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material.
Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

COUNTY NEWS.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, July 28, 1891.

Miss Ettie Howind, of Crookston, closed a very successful term of school here last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Murphy, of Minneapolis, were in town yesterday visiting C. E. Ford, Jr., who is a brother of Mrs. Murphy.

E. D. Childs and Geo. J. McManus, of Crookston, were here this week looking over their farms. Both were talking Railroad bonds.

A few good harvest hands can obtain work here.

Joe Murphy started the harvest here a few days ago by cutting his barley.

More machinery and twine has been sold here so far than has been sold in any previous two years.

K. O. Flaken, with twenty other Deering agents, met the general manager at Grand Forks last Sunday. They were entertained at the "Dakotah" and Knute says he enjoyed the trip very much.

Mrs. Darrel, of Chicago, daughter of D. T. Herriott, who has been visiting relatives here, has returned to her home.

Mr. Anton Gomme and Mrs. Baroline Shefloe were married in Crookston last week. We wish them many happy years here and an eternity in that city whose streets are paved with gold and whose walls are made of all the precious gems.

The 18 men on the "Fisher" farm quit work this morning. The reason they gave was that the board was poor in quality and small in quantity. Our best and largest farmers say that working men will do better work and more of it when they have plenty of good wholesome food. This is the first "kick" of the kind for a long time and we hope it will be the last for this reason.

Union Sunday school services every Sunday at 10 a. m. in the Beltrami school house. Those who have any interest in their eternal welfare are cordially invited to be present. EDNA.

Euclid Items.

Had heavy rains nearly every day last week and very cool nights. Some have been afraid of frost.

Fred Tiedt, Jr., took a trip to Argyle recently and sold 24,000 pounds of binding twine to the farmers' alliance before he had been in the town thirty minutes. Euclid can boast of at least one business man.

Mrs. Stockwell is up from Lyons, visiting Mrs. Taylor, her sister.

Mr. Greggs, from Kalamazoo, Michigan, is in town visiting his sister, Mrs. Dr. Chapin.

M. M. Davis went to Crookston on Wednesday and returned on Friday morning.

E. Taylor & Co. will have barley ready to harvest this week.

M. P. Losey was at Crookston on Saturday.

The Ladies' Missionary Society will meet at Mrs. Harrington's on Thursday.

Mr. McCormick, our minister, will take a vacation of three weeks, when he expects to bring back a partner to help him in his good work.

Mrs. Collins and daughter are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harrington.

Grand Forks Items.

From The Courier.

On Wednesday last we had a pleasant call from Mr. Alex McKinnon, Crookston's genial mayor, and while Mac assured us that it always gave him peculiar pleasure to visit this thriving city, on this occasion he combined business with plesure, as his visit was partly to try and interest the people of East Grand Forks in the proposed new railroad to be built here in the near future.

R. Wood: On My trip to Crookston I had occasion to call upon our genial county attorney, and was much gratified at my kind and cordial welcome. He received me in the bosom of his family, as it were, and treated me like a brother. When Mr. Holston has occasion to visit this city I will try and return the favors so kindly shown me.

Who says that East Grand Forks is not destined to become a city of note in the near future? If there are any such, let them gaze on the steady improvements going on without ceasing, and if the verdict can be anything but favorable to the city we are very much mistaken in the signs of the times. Already we have several times as many are lights as Grand Forks and now we are to have gas. Our new city hall is nearing completion and is a magnificent structure and would be a credit to any city five times the size of East Grand Forks, but our city dads know what they were about and before two years roll round the only fault will be found with the hall will be that it will be too small for the increased growth of the city.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—Mesdames Mellgan and Cahoon and Misses Hattie and Lottie Stone, Bessie Bravio and Mamie Philips drove over from Crookston this morning and spent the day pleasantly visiting friends and looking over the city.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, August 6, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 80.
2 Northern 78.
3 Northern 74.
1 Northern 69.

Harvest gloves. at Herb's.

Benoit & Sylvester sport a new sign.

Green corn has appeared in this market.

Mr. Walker is siding up the bell tower.

Walter Lee was in from the lake last Friday.

I. I. Hillistad was in from Fosston last week.

See ad of C. M. Lowe elsewhere in this issue.

Try Geo. Vine for your fresh meats for harvest.

Try Herb's for a refreshing drink these hot days.

J P. Marcum is building a cottage out at Maple Lake.

Everybody agreed that Monday was an extremely hot day.

Go to C. M. Lowe for loans at 8 per cent with life insurance.

J. M. Palmer and daughter, of Angus were in the city on Tuesday.

That insurance adjuster finally showed up on Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Frank Davis, of Chicago is visiting the Judge and Mrs. Ives.

The Phats got away with the leans in the game last Friday, 18 to 8.

The military company met for the first drill on Saturday evening.

Charlie Rauch was over from Grand Forks this week visiting friends.

C. T. Lanman. of the McIntosh Times, came down on Tuesday evening's train.

Harvest gloves, driving gloves and every kind but boxing gloves, at Herb's.

Kistenmacher contemplates building a cottage on his lot near his residence.

Herb has just received a large invoice of harvest gloves.

Dr. Dunlop was called out to the town of Wyandotte on Tuesday on a serious case.

Dept. Sheriff Losey spent the Sabbath with father and mother Losey, at Euclid.

Mrs. Wm. Anglim was out riding on Tuesday morning, after a long seige of illness.

C. K. Ingeborg took a furlough for a week and went out to Maple Lake to enjoy it.

Fred Davis came down to spend the Sabbath with his sister, Mrs. Bert Duntley.

It looks like hay would be good property this year. It will be a light crop and scarce.

Do not be fooled by specious talk. Vote for your own interests in the coming election.

G. W. Barber and F. E. Hertz arrived last week for a few days' visit with old friends in the city.

Go to C. M. Lowe for choice loans at 9 per cent.

The prospects are favorable for good weather during harvest and it is what we are all hoping for.

Will Bugg came in from the lake on Monday. Says they are all enjoying life hugely out there.

The chief says he robbed a bird's nest on Tuesday evening. Found nothing in it but bad eggs.

T. M. Nelson came up from Fertile on Saturday. Says the crop prospects are bright in his town.

Will Walker has just finished putting in a hard maple floor for Hoch Bros. It makes elegant flooring.

Miss Bessie Drysdale returned on Tuesday morning from a pleasant vacation of a month's duration.

Rev. Southerland preached two interesting discourses at the Congregational church on Sunday last.

With a short-line road to Duluth there will be no better farming country in the word than Polk County.

Elegant weather this week for the crops. At this rate the wheat harvest will be pretty general next week.

Judge Benson was out to Woodside to spend the Sabbath. Farmers will soon be in their wheat out that way.

Call at Herb's for anything in his line. He deserves all the patronage we have to give since the late misfortune.

See Herb's stock of harvest gloves.

D. Jacobus returned from Duluth last week. Had been down there, figuring with K. D. Chase on some job or other.

Bert Duntley left for Detroit, Mich., on Saturday evening. He will visit his relatives in Michigan before he returns.

M. P. Losey was down from Euclid on Wednesday. Is rejoicing in the prospects for abundant crops this year.

Dr. Thomas quit the game because one of the leans tried to breed a scab on his nose—and had pretty good luck at it.

Mrs. Max Ericsson and Lloyd, accompanied by Mrs. Fuller and children, went out to Maple Lake on Tuesday for a few days outing.

Fontaine & Anglim bought the stock of twine of the Pioneer Twine Co., last week and will now supply the wants of all who want cheap twine.

H. B. Budd was up from Edna on Tuesday. Says that barley harvest is well along and that many will commence wheat harvest next week.

ONCE MORE

OUR WATER WORKS SYSTEM!

And Our Splendid Volunteer Fire Department!

SAVES THE CITY!

From a Terrible Conflagration If Not From Total Destruction.

THE FIRE.

At about 11 o'clock on Wednesday evening, July 29th, fire broke out, either in the Norsk Hotel or Holmboe's store, on Robert street, but very near to the oil tank in the rear of Holmboe's store so that the flames very quickly found the tank, exploded it, and filled both the hotel and the store with the devouring flames quicker than we can tell it. The fire department quickly answered the summons of the bell and soon had every inch of hose into active service. Notwithstanding the promptness of the department so rapidly did the fire fiend get in its work that both the hotel and the store were fully wrapped in flames by the time the first stream came into play, and it looked as though the whole north side of Robert street, from Mason's to the Fournet block, must go, and the immediate neighbors to the burning building, H. A. Mason on the west, and Olsen & Anderson on the east, began to move out in a hurry; A. O. Ralstad, in the next building east, also. A. Holmboe, who was living over the store, was making preparations to retire for the night when suddenly his sleeping room was illuminated brightly by the reflection of the fire between the Norsk hotel and the store, and himself and wife had to work lively to escape with their lives. They saved none of their household goods. In the Norsk hotel some of the guests had retired, and they just had time to get out, and that was all. It was thought at one time that two children had been burned, but they were discovered safe and sound later. Torger Nelson, who was running the hotel, lost about $1,000 in household goods and supplies, with no insurance. J. L. Hanson, who was running a saloon on the first floor front, lost between $600 and $700 on stock, furniture and fixings, with no insurance. A. Holmboe, loss in stock, complete. Had about $7,000 in stock; insurance $5,500. Olsen and Anderson were fully covered by insurance, but the building they were in, owned by H. H. Olson, was valued at $1,800 and insured for $550. It was not seriously damaged by fire but was pretty thoroughly soaked. P. N. Dauser lost in damage to goods but was insured. Miss Helen Halvorson's stock was damaged by water and by removal. Building and stock insured for $1,150. Herb Mason's stock was damaged by smoke and by removal about $200. Insured, but the adjuster could find only $8 damages, but finally offered Herb $50 to settle. Herb has not as yet concluded to settle. The Norsk hotel building was owned by John Alderman, insured for $1,200. The store occupied by A. Holmboe was owned by Francis Rickett; insured for $500. Chief McKinnon deserves great credit, as well as the department, for the able manner in which the fire was handled, for notwithstanding the fierce heat, fed by the oil from the exploded tank, the fire was confined to the two buildings almost entirely, only burning the roof of the Olsen building slightly. The chief kept one stream constantly playing on the corner occupied by Holmboe's safe, thus keeping it cool and saving some valuable books and papers that were in pigeon holes in a desk near the safe. The fire was raging like a demon when the department tackled it, and the buildings were as dry as a tinder-box, the flames were fed by a copious supply of kerosene oil, and yet before 12 o'clock the boys had it under full control, and all out by one o'clock. Soon after they had got down to work the sparks and cinders rolled out so fast and furiously over the McKinnon block and the Grand opera house building that the department was obliged to use one hose line to protect these buildings, but they got there beautifully and deserve more than words of commendation for their efforts. Casper Sands got out his garden hose, got onto his dwelling and drowned out various and sundry cinders that rained upon his roof. The boys took hold of Herb's goods with alacrity and hustled them into the street in a very few minutes and then after the fire was over put them into the Kistenmacher building for him. Herb is very popular with the boys and their good work at this time stood him in good stead.

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

J. L. Hanson moved into the Kistenmacher building and opened up for business just as soon as he could arrange for transfer of license to the new place. J. L. lost between $500 and $600 by the fire.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

Wheat took a sudden drop of five cents on Friday of last week but recovered it by Saturday night reaching 84 cents.

Henry Peterson arrived on Tuesday morning from a trip to Hot Springs. Henry says he feels one hundred per cent better.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

Rev. R. H. Batty will conduct services again next Sunday at 3. P. M. at Buhn's Pavillion Maple Lake. A large audience gathered there to hear him last Sunday.

Use your own judgment on the bond question. If you are convinced the road would help you vote the bonds and don't be bluffed out of a good thing.

The races on Tuesday were well attended, the event of the day being the race between Dan McDonald's horse and T. B. McManus' trotter; won by the latter.

R. L. Elder was up from Edna, on Wednesday. Says he has his barley mostly cut and will commence in his wheat next week.

M. J. Hals, of Lakota, N. D., and Nels Hanson, of this city, have rented the Lefebvre saloon and opened out this week. They have fixed the place up in nice shape.

Ole Hoven expects to commence cutting his wheat the last of this week. He says his wheat looks better than ever before and he has raised some fine crops in this country.

It is thought that if the hot weather that has prevailed so far this week continues, wheat harvest will begin from a week to ten days earlier than it would otherwise have done.

L. D. Marshall, W. D. Scott and A. Braley have bought lots on Ash street between the Congregational church and the Episcopal parsonage and are talking of building residences upon them.

The Northern Pacific rate of $5.00 for harvest hands from St. Paul to Pembina has resulted in bringing in lots of men on every train; most of whom, however have gone through.

Terry Sheley returned last week from attending the big teachers' convention at Toronto. Says it was the biggest concern of the kind he ever saw, over 16,000 teachers being in attendance.

Tom Harris has the Norwegian church building upon its new site on Broadway all ready for the brick foundation to go in. The basement will be of brick, full size of the building and eleven feet in the clear,

See notice of auction sale of brood mares elsewhere in this issue, which sale will be made at the sale stables of M. R. Brown, on Fifth street, next Saturday. A fine chance to obtain something good.

Charlie Thomas received on Monday an elegant new barber chair that was made to order for him in Chicago. This makes his third chair and he has slicked up his shop and put down new carpeting.

Geo. Vine wishes THE JOURNAL to say that he is prepared to furnish fresh meats for farmers at wholesale rates. For your harvest supply call on Geo. Vine, at the post office meat market, on Robert street.

Negotiations are on foot for the building of another large brick block on Main street; it will require but a few days to complete the pending arrangments and then we shall be able to report more fully.

Engineer W. H. Jewell took a lay off last week on account of illness. It is not often that "Duke," as the boys call him, is obliged to lay off for this reason, in fact this is the first occasion of the kind that we rmember.

M. A. Brattland, a young attorney from Hendrum, Norman Co., Minn., was looking the city over yesterday with a view to locating in business. He expressed himself highly pleased with the prospects of our city.

J. V. E. Wyatt expects to occupy his old quarters again next week. The room has been completely renovated and but little remains to be done before he can take possession, which he expects to do by Monday next.

The C. O. D. club will meet the Grand Forks club again on the diamond this afternoon. The Grand Forks club has been greatly strengthened and will play a better game than they did before, it is said.

E. Roberts informed THE JOURNAL last Friday that he expected to commence his wheat harvest the latter part of this week with good weather. He says it promises the best of any crop he ever raised in Polk County.

Great Remnant Sale

—AT—

THE MAMMOTH

Commencing Saturday, July 11h, 1891,

A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

—ALSO—

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Coods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.

CARPETS

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods

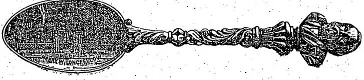
A SPECIALTY.

☞ Agent for those Cool Elastic Pillows. ☜

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

I. O. O. F. Block, - - Robert Street.


HOME OF HENRY W. LONGFELLOW

LONGFELLOW SOUVENIR.

A faithful likeness of Longfellow and his Home, on Tea and Coffee Spoons. For sale by

C. H. SAAKE, The Jeweler, - - Crookston, Minn.

Engineer Fred Chapin is the happy father of a bouncing baby boy since Wednesday morning. Congratulations are now in order.

August Wentzel brought us a sample of wheat last week that needed only about one week of good weather to thoroughly ripen. The wheat looks heavy enough for a yield of 25 or 30 bushels per acre if nothing happens to it.

Tom Harris and his wife separated on Friday. They had a few words and parted at the N. P. depot. Mrs. Harris takes two of the boys and goes to Michigan for a visit of two months duration, meanwhile Tom will get along as best he may.

From W. R. Hoagland we learn that C. Van Hoosen, formerly deputy register of deeds for Polk County, is corning wealth in his business in Elgin—real-estate and loans. Clark's oldest daughter is just convalescent from a severe illness.

McKinnon Bros. are fixing up the driveway between Fred Anderson's fruit store and Wilson & Thompson's into a cosy little room with basement, and when completed Irver Krohn will put in a lunch counter and tobacco, cigars and confectionery.

If the Duluth & Winnipeg road is built it will mean one independent road in the Valley, That fact is worth thousands of dollars to the dwellers in the Red River Valley. Do you need that kind of a road? If so, you now have a chance to take stock in one by voting bonds in exchange for stock.

Edna and Euclid letters were unavoidably crowded out last week which we very much regret and will try and avoid in the future. At the last moment before going to press a rush of locals, which had to go, crowded out these interesting communications.

On Wednesday Mr. Aaron Cooke brought over a fine sample of new potatoes from the farm of Cooke & Bartlett—the first we have interviewed this season. He also brought along a splendid exhibit of barley that will be all ready to cut next Monday. It promises a big yield.

S. E. Kneeland, after selling most of his potted plants, sold the balance of them to Geo. Vine on Saturday evening and on Sunday morning left for his home in Hillsboro, N. D. He may ship in another lot next summer and is at all times prepared to furnish cut flowers to those who require them.

Charlie Munn, the 12 year old son of Euclide Munn, fell out of a tree on Thursday last and for two hours was unconscious. Dr. Farley was called and succeeded in bringing him round again but it was several days before the boy got thoroughly limbered up again. He will be very careful how he climbs trees hereafter.

R. A. Wilkinson was up from St. Paul last week. When asked by a JOURNAL reporter the cause of his visit R. A. replied that he came up to secure right of way for the side track to Lee & Herrick's mill. As he spent a great portion of time in Fosston it would seem that the side track is to run from that point to the mill—a healthy old side-track that.

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

Mr. W. R. Hoagland, of Elgen Ills., arrived in the city Tuesday morning, looking up business in the interests of Powers Bros., stationers. Mr. H. is well acquanted with our old friend Clark Van Housen and of course a call from him was highly enjoyed. He was very favorably impressed with what he saw of our city.

Agent Sharkey informs THE JOURNAL that every train north is loaded with harvest hands. Fifteen stopped off at Crookston on Tuesday morning and each found a job in short order. If farmers who are in need of help would go over to the N. P. depot at the arrival of the morning train they could secure plenty of help.

Halvor Steenerson went up to Hallock last week to look into the matter of the removal of the county seat. After a session of several days the commissioners decided that the petition was illegal and that no doubt puts a quietus to the question as it should. The proper place for that county seat is right where it is—at Hallock.

It matters not what the agents and hired tools of the Great Northern may say, the Duluth & Winnipeg is an independent line just the same and if built it will not be the Great Northern's money that does it. If the people of this county desire direct communication with Duluth by way of an independent line they now have the opportunity to get it.

P. J. LaChapelle: The best reply to that communication in last issue of THE JOURNAL would be for me to challenge the writer to a fight to a finish, with or without gloves, but this is impracticable, as Gov. Merriam would at once order out our new malitia company and stop it, so I guess that nothing is left me but to suffer in silence till I pine away in grief.

Eric Olson spoke in the city hall last Saturday evening to a small audience. Eric reviewed the situation agriculturally and politically, and expressed great faith in the belief that the future would reveal great improvements in the methods of handling wheat. He said that the building of the Duluth & Winnipeg road into this country was one long step in the right direction.

Tom Young: Me'n Lancaster had jist got sot down to a bowl o' hot soup each in Rolstad's restaurant, when the fire-bell rang, an' then we were in the soup, 'stid o' the soup 'n us as we'd kal'lated. When we went in there was no sign of a fire and when we came out, only a few moments later, the flames were bursting out of Holmboe's front and the Norsk hotel was going right lively.

Looking over the advertising columns of the Great Bend, (Wash.) Journal, to see how many live men they have in that thriving young city, our eye caught this notice: "M. Lefevre, Hand made boots and shoes, &c." The thought occurs to us that that must be our "Bishop" who was well-known here as one of the best manufacturers of fine boots that ever made a waxed-end in Crookston. If this is indeed he, we can assure those booming Benders that they will hunt a long while before they will find a master workman who can beat the old man on a pair of fine boots. The more his work is known the better it will be appreciated.

Herb Mason, though somewhat disfigured by the late fire is still in the ring at the old stand ready to supply the needs of his custermers whom he invites to call. His losses in damaged goods will hardly be paid by the insurance company but if a generous public will remember him with their patronage it will mitigate that loss somewhat. Call and see him at the old stand.

Charlie Misner turned his shop into a haven of shelter for the victims of the fire who came flocking in clad in every kind of a garment from simply a broad grin to a gentle zephyr. He skirmished around and procured quilts with which to render them more eligible to entry into polite society and did all he could to render them comfortable. Then he packed his chairs, razors and strops into a hat box and sat down on a box of cigar ashes to await the trend of events.

If the bonds are voted we shall see a direct road to Duluth just as soon as men and means can do it probably before the 1st of January 92. If the bonds are not voted it is not likely that we shall see a road built in ten years. The question is one of great importance to all and should be carefully considered in all its bearings. We believe the road will be worth to every farmer a hundred fold more than it costs him and we believe that the bonds will carry if properly understood.

Charles E. Chapel, a veteran of the 5th Minn, and now military store keeper of the state, was up to St Hilaire last week gathering up arms that were sent out during the Indian scare. He carries an empty sleeve, having lost an arm, at Mobile, Alabama, during the very last days of the war. As he served in the same regiment with Capt. McGrew, he called on the Captain and his family a short time, while here on Friday before taking the train for his home in St. Paul.

On Tuesday afternoon J. L. Bailey was training a fine two-year-old colt, driving it about the streets in harness. Not long since the colt got into a wire fence and got its right fore foot severely cut and Mr. B. brought the animal to town for treatment. Now that the colt is getting along so as to need exercise, Mr. B. is quietly getting him used to harness and handling. Mr. Bailey evidently knows how to handle colts.

On Saturday last as the little 9 year old son of Dolphus Riopelle was mowing on the Chase place, north of town, he fell from the mower and got his right arm in the sickle bar. The boy was brought to the city and Dr. Farley was called who found a compound fracture of the arm and the flesh badly mangled. At last accounts the boy was doing as nicely as could be expected.

The building of the Duluth & Winnipeg road means the dawning of an era of prosperity for Polk County such as we have never before seen. It will mean not only a large decrease in freight rates, but an enhanced value for our farming lands, as well as an increased demand for them. If the road is built, it will no doubt double the population of Polk County in a few years and thus lessen taxation, for it will place us within easy access of eastern markets and thus make farming more profitable.

Joseph Laframboise was in the city last week limping about on a game leg, the result of a run-away on the Monday previous. He was standing in his wagonbox arranging some straw, preparatory to loading in some sheep for market, and his wife was standing on the ground holding the lines when the team took fright and started to run, jerking the lines out of her hands. Mr. L. could not get hold of the lines so he jumped and was thrown heavily to the ground spraining his right leg severely. He suffered from it during the night and on Tuesday morning came to the city for medical advice and attention. The team, after making a wreck of the wagon ran into a neighbor's barn and were secured without injury but Mr. L. has a reminder that will last him several weeks.

Joseph Laframboise: A certain man, a resident of Crookston, came out to my place last week to instruct his "brother farmers" how to vote on the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad question. He pretends to be only a poor, everyday sort of a farmer like the rest of us, and that his only interest in the matter is that the farmers shall vote right on the bond question, but it seems a little peculiar to me how the ordinary farmer can spend the time and use the expense necessary to canvass the county against a measure of so great importance to the county, just simply to save himself the few dollars in taxes the bonds, if voted, would cost him. The thorough canvass of the county he is making would in time and expenses cost him hundreds of dollars, and no ordinary farmer can or will go to that trouble and expense for any such reason. His excuse looks pretty thin to the average farmer.

Brood Mares.

The undersigned will sell at Public Auction, at M. R. Brown's Sale Stables, Fifth street, Crookston, Minn., on Saturday, August 8th, 1891, 75 head of good well bred brood mares, part of them having colts by their side. Farmers will find it to their interest to attend this sale. Come one, come all!

Terms of sale.—Six months time will be given on approved notes drawing 10 per cent interest.

T. E. PETERS, Proprietor.
MYRON COLLINS, Auctioneer.

MEMBERS OF THE

Home Supply Association,

OF CHICAGO,

ATTENTION

Supply Association Prices on

HARNESS, ETC.,

Knocked sky-high by

G. W. PEAKE,

MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON.

QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My prices.
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 162—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No C 38—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,

Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

CHAS. M. LOWE,

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

CHATTEL LOANS.

LANDS FOR SALE.

Farmers, we wish to call your attention to our new mode of making FARM LOANS with Life Insurance.

Amount Loaned. One-half the actual cash value of the land.

Terms of Loan. Ten (10) years. INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT.

Special Privilege. Partial payments in ANY AMOUNT can be made at ANY TIME. Interest payable only ONCE EACH YEAR.

Special Agreement. In consideration of the annual payment of one-tenth (1-10) of the loan the company will agree to insure the borrower's life for ten (10) years, and at the expiration of that period will CANCEL, RELEASE AND RETURN ALL THE MORTGAGE PAPERS.

Should the borrower die during the term of the loan we CANCEL AND RETURN all papers and give the family CASH to the amount of the loan.

All kinds of choice loans made for 5 years or more at 9 per cent, WITHOUT LIFE INSURANCE. Interest payable ONCE a year.

Special Rates on large loans.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
Special Agent Union Central Life Insurance Co.,
Crookston.

During the last session of the legislature, J. J. Furlong fought the $100,000 appropriation for the World's Fair, and labored hard to limit it to $50,000. Now he is howling fearfully for a raise, says the $50,000 is wholly inadequate—but then he is on the board of commissioners now.

J. H. Van Dyke, a prominent citizen of Alexandria, died at his residence in that city on Saturday last. Mr. Van Dyke was one of the early settlers of Douglas County, a prominent Republican leader, and was highly respected by all who knew him. Dr. M. Van Dyke, formerly of this city, is a brother and Will Van Dyke, who studied medicine with the doctor, is a son of deceased. He leaves a wife and five children.

The Great Northern road seems to be very much interested in defeating the bonds—and well it may, for the Duluth & Winnipeg, with the shortest line to Duluth, would be a formidable competitor and would parallel its road for much of the distance. But the people need the Duluth & Winnipeg road, and if they are wise will vote to take stock in it to the amount asked. Do not be deceived by any statements that you may hear about the Great Northern road's ownership of the proposed line—there is not a word of truth in such a statement, and it is only made to create a false impression, and help to defeat the building of the line.

Innocents Abroad.

The following item we take from the Prattsburgh News, a lively local paper published at the former home of the writer in old Steuben County, New York, which shows that the educational system of our Red River Valley is making itself known even unto the uttermost parts of the land.

"Two travel-stained wheelmen from the west arrived in this village Tuesday afternoon. They started from Minneapolis Minn., June 19th and reached this place July 28th. They stopped at various places to see friends and scenery, and with a kodak have the means of perpetuating both the beautiful and ludicrous things that came within the range of their vision. They have ridden on bicycles all the way, excepting where such riding was impossible, their cyclometer showing that they have traveled with wheels a distance of 1,125 miles. J. Paul Goode, professor of natural sciences in the State Normal School of Moorhead, Minn., is a grandson of the late Bartholemew Van Valkenburgh, whose residence was a mile north of this village. His friend, Mr. Webster, superintendent of city school of same place, accompanies him."

There is talk of calling an extra session of the Legislature to provide means for carrying out the designs of speculators in regard to the World's Fair. While it is no doubt a fact that the appropriation was not large enough for much of a spread, there is no call for putting the State to the expense of an extra session to provide money. Let some of your wealthy philanthropists come to the front with donations. Here is a good chance for railroad and elevator men to distinguish themselves.

"To bond or not to bond," is the question now before the people of Polk County, and it is a question that must be settled by the farmers's vote of Polk County, as that element is largely in the majority in the county. We notice that one or two newspapers, in connection with a vast railroad system, are very fearful that the farmers will decide to encourage the building of the Duluth & Winnipeg into the county, and thus are trumping up all kinds of bug-bear stories in order to delude the farmers into voting against the bonds—just as though the farmers are not as well posted in regard to their own best interests as any one. Upon this question THE JOURNAL feels perfectly willing to leave the result in the hands of the farmers, who will be benefitted most if the road is built, knowing that they are, as a rule, pretty level-headed, and that they will vote for what they consider to be for the best interdsts of themselves and the country. The question is one without political significance—a matter of dollars and cents. The road, if built, will be of great advantage to the county, whether of enough advantage to warrant the outlay the voters must determine. THE JOURNAL believes that the advantages to be derived will far out-weigh the outlay necessary to secure the road and is confident that if the farmers rightly understand the matter they will secure the road, and we are perfectly willing to abide their judgment. They well know that the cheaper we can make transportation to New York the more money there is for them in their wheat. They know that this road will make a difference of three cents per bushel at once, and a difference of one-sixth on all other incoming and out-going freights, will give them a good market in the mines and lumber camps for their hay, straw, oats, butter, eggs and vegetables, all of which far outweigh the cost of obtaining the road. THE JOURNAL does not pretend to stand in the light of an advisor to the farmers in this matter, as we give them credit for sufficient shrewdness to act for their own best interests, and we do not believe that they are going to allow any great railroad corporation, which now has them completely in its power, to keep them there forever, as it certainly will unless some competing line of road comes to their relief.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—Those who think that stock raising is not profitable in North Dakota ought to go down to Helendale farm and get an idea of what Col. J. B. Power has accomplished in that business. He has the best stock and general purpose farm in all the northwest. There is on his farm a fine herd of thoroughbred Durhams, numbering, 50 head and a herd of fine grades numbering 150 head. These herds are the finest in North Dakota. He is breeding draft horses. It costs $25 to rear a colt three-year old colt and the animal at this age will bring from $100 to $125. Time has demonstrated that Col. Power acted wisely when he selected the land which is now comprised in the Helendale farm. He has been successful beyond expectation. The farmers of North Dakota could learn many useful lessons from him

WHAT OWEN SAYS.

DOESN'T KNOW ABOUT THE CIRCULAR, BUT APPROVES HOLDING THE WHEAT.

Minneapolis Journal.

There is a well-defined suspicion in certain interested circles that grain speculations inspired the circulation which has been sent broadcast over the country, and which in effect advises the farmers to hold their wheat back and not endeavor to market it at the first opportunity. The claim is made that the speculator could carry the wheat to better advantage if the suply was regulated to meet the demand. S. M. Owen, editor of the Farm, Stock, and Home, and an authority on the wheat issues of the day, was waited upon this morning, but could neither affirm or deny the rumor.

"Certainly," Mr. Owen added, "it has has cost a round sum of money to get out these circulars and defray the expenses of distribution, but I am not prepared to say who footed the bills. It does not appear to be an Alliance movement, though that organization is employed as an effective means to distribute the circular, but the distribution is not confined to members of the farmer's Alliance. It is needless to say that the publication of this circular has created a profound sensation in grain speculating circles, and in its effect will undoubtedly to advance the price of futures somewhat, regardless of how farmers may be influenced by it."

"Do you think the advice given in the circular is justified, Mr. Owen?"

"Yes, in my opinion it is," was the reply. It is doubtful if the country will have much more than its average surplus of wheat to export, while, unless reports from there are woefully exagerated and misleading. Europe's yield will be many millions below the average. That wheat is going to be higher this country than it has for several years past seems inevitable, but whether farmers or speculators are to be most profited by it is yet problematical. To settle that problem is the ostensible object of the circular. The whole matter is hinged on this proposition: Shall speculators sell the farmers, grain before or after the farmer has sold it?

The circular urges the farmer to compel the speculator to first buy his wheat before he sells it, to compel the speculators to speculate on his own wheat, his own capital, and not on that of the farmer."

"Coyou consider this move as a farmers trust?"

"No, sir in no sense," was the emphatic rejoinder. "There has been no confederation or conspiracy among farmers. They are now being informed about existing conditions, are being told what the probable effect of slowly marketing their wheat will be but it is not known how they will be governed by it. But if they do as advertised it will be exercising an unquestioned right. The farmer need be in no hurry to thresh, can sell his wheat in November instead of September or October, or can sell it in small lots at a time, instead of all at once, if he chooses, and that is the sole import of the advice given him."

"Do you think the price will be forced to a point high enough to warrant holding by those who must store wheat it elevators?" interrogated THE JOURNAL man.

"It is very doubtful, because they must, in that case, pay storage and interest on money, and assume other risks and chances. I do not delieve that the very large prices predicted by some will be realized, for such prices would enormously reduce the consumption of wheat and so neutralize the effect of a limited supply. Again, every bushel of wheat put into an elevator or storehouse becomes a part of the visible supply, and and is practically so much ammunition furnished by the farmer to the speculator. The only way for the farmer to hold wheat is to hold it in stack or granary. It can be so held at no great expense, even if storage must be built, and that will be "holding" to some purpose.

"The 'bears' are building great hopes on the financial condition of the farmers are too poor, their debts too large and pressing, to admit of their holding wheat. Unfortunately that is true, and that condition will compel a movement of wheat large enough to prevent the cornering by farmers," that some fear will be a disastrous evil. But millions of bushels can and will be held, or slowly marketed, and that will be sufficient to give farmers some of the advantages of what seem to be inevitably higher prices, and not allow them all to be realized by speculators, who would buy the farmer's wheat cheap and subsequently sell it to consumers at exhorbitant prices.

LOST.

On or about June 28th, one two-year-old red steer with two white spots on shoulder. Had rope on his horns. Also on July 5th, a red spotted cow about 5 years old. A suitable reward will be paid for their return to

VINE & TIBESAR,
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.75
North Star, - -	2.60
Fife, - - -	2.25
Skip Jack. - -	1.25

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, July 31st, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Harvey E. Cooke, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance at the Probate office in Crookston, on Monday, January 18th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston, the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the court: C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
[16-18]

[First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, July 28th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Cromb, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of, the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained, the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof, the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all the real estate belonging to said deceased mentioned in the petition. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court on Monday, the 31st day of August, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell all of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 28th day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
[16-18]

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— **Wheat Germ Meal?**

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL.

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

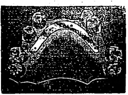
PIANOS, ORGANS

NEWBY & EVANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

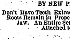
Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.



The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on e before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations,

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

Trade at

HOLMBOE'S,

THE ROBERT ST. DEALER

—IN—

General Merchandise!

Schmidt, the Painter,

—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

all and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,
Opera Block - - Crookston.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - - MINN.

Crookston Meat Market

E. STEENERSON, Proprietor. JOHN DALLUM, Manager

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry, &c. Orders delivered at any point. For a square deal call on them.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 16th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 10th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-22] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to sui the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, August 6, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE
MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:48 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de........Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m..................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m..................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.......... 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......... 8:15 a. m.

The Southern Minnesota Fair.

The twelfth annual fair of the Southern Minnesota Fair Association, will be held in Rochester, Aug. 31st to Sept. 5th. Everybody is cordially invited to write to C. Van Campen, Secretary, for a copy of the premium list. The premiums are liberal. Half rates apply on all shipments. Passenger fares will be only one-half the regular rates from all points within a radius of 200 miles of Rochester. As heretofore, there will be many fairs in the country this year, a few may be larger than this, most of them will be smaller, but none will be stronger in inviting features, more diversified in extent and scope, richer in rare exhibits, purer in entertainments, or be more intently interesting to the visitor.

Ode to the Banana Peel.

The street car had passed, but to catch it he reckoned.
So he ran like a deer, and shouted and beckoned.
Till he planted his heel.
On a smooth bit of peel—
Then he saw half a million of stars in a second.

He was in too great a hurry; better have waited for another car. This business of running after street cars is risky, and undignified too. The safest and most comfortable mode of travel is by the regular trains of a railroad, provided always that you select such a first-class line as "The Burlington." Its trains leave from and arrive at all the principal cities and towns in the West promptly on time, and if your watch runs correctly, you need never run to catch a train. Its time system for running of trains is perfect, and its equipment of free reclining chair cars, Pullman vestibuled sleepers, and peerless dining cars, is unequalled by any other line. For tickets, time tables maps etc., call on your local ticket agent, or address W. J. C. Kenyon Gen. Pass. Agent, "The Burlington," St. Paul, Minn.

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. It emits no smoke, is odorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western Line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul, 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for manufacture of Pintsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line," and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel. [11-16]

Marshall County Banner:—M. R. Brown of Crookston spent Monday last at Argyle. Mr. Brown has unbounded confidence in the final outcome of the Red River Valley, and present prospects indicate the truth of his judgment.

CARLETON COLLEGE,
Northfield, Minn.

Full Classical, Literary and Scientific courses. Wide range of electives. Post-graduate work. Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy at the Observatory.

THE ACADEMY
fits for College and teaches English branches
School of Music Fully Equipped.
Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
Fall Term opens Sept. 9, 1891.
For Catalogues and Circulars address,
[15-18] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaes

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street. Crookston, Minn.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER. Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED.
If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 20th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-21] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication July 30th, 1891.)
[Last publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of fifty (50) dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable on the 17th day of November, 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Loren H. Walker and Sophia Walker, his wife, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1886, at 9:50 o'clock a. m.; and recorded in volume "26" of mortgages, on pages 442-7.

And a further default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said mortgaged premises, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee was compelled to pay, and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes due and delinquent on said premises, the sum of thirty-nine and 87-100 (39.87) dollars, in order to protect the lien of its said mortgage; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($637.50) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section eight, (8) in Township one hundred forty seven, (147) Range forty-four, (44), containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and twenty-five (25) dollars as attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minnesota, July 17, 1891.

The Netherlands American
Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[15-21] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., June 30th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on August 14th, 1891, viz: WILLIAM J. NICKLE, Hd. No. 11,497, for the ne¼ Sec. 8, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: H. B. Budd, Lewis Seger, Frank B. Dykeman, K. O. Flakne, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[11-16] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 10th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 9th, 1891, viz: CARL CARLSON, D. S. 11,887, for the se¼ nw¼ sw¼ se¼ nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼ Sec. 4, Tp. 147, R. 45. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bernt O. Lindberg, Ole Olson, Jr., Richard Skang, Charles Aagaard, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward Labree, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $24 that became due May 1st, 1890, $24 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $24 that became due May 1st, 1891.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents, ($886.95), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼), and lots three, (3) and four (4) of Section thirty-one, (31), in township one hundred and forty-seven (147) north, of Range forty (40), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891,
Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 75.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "f" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota; with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[14-22] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Harry Fleury, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 27; and

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.80 that became due November 1st, 1889, $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $9.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and thirty-six dollars and four cents. ($336.04), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-five, (35), in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), north, of Range forty-one, (41), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G 70]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harald Johnson, (an unmarried man,) mortgagor, to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 177, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section four, (4) Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range forty-four, (44) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

The American Freehold Land Mortgage
Company, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA,
Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockren. C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson. St. Paul

BENOIT & SYLVESTER,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—
Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, HENRY SMITH AND EMMA Smith, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 20, Township 152, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 30 of mortgages, on pages 581 to 585; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred sixty and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d, day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eleven hundred ninety-two and 30-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Dethloff and Martha Dethloff, his wife, mortgagors, to W. E. Damon, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of January, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 93.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said W. E. Damon, mortgagee, to Alice S. Colton, by written assignment, dated the 20th day of May, 1886, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of June, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 24 of mortgages, on pages 559, 560, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty-four (154) Range forty-eight, (48), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred ninety-two 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

ALICE S. COLTON
Assignee of Mortgage.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred twenty four and 30-100 ($124.30) dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 105, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole O. Hoven, mortgagee, to Caroline Anderson, by written assignment dated the 9th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 150, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine (9) of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred twenty-four and 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE ANDERSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[15-21] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 16th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. —ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, vs. Benjamin Miletta, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum from the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated July 7th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[18-19] Crookston, Minn.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-one and 73-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 231, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, at 2 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of deeds, on page 536, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22). Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of forty one and 73-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five and 95-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, and $25 to become due, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 14th day of January, 1890, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $25.95 and $25 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 2d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, ($279.50) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Boucher and Margaret Boucher, his wife, to Joseph Kelso, bearing date the 9th day of March, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 305 to 307 inclusive, and the further sum of fifty four and 79-100 dollars for taxes duly assessed and levied against the land conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number twenty-six (26) block seven (7), in Sletten & Cromb's subdivision of Lots in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 26th, A. D. 1891.

JOSEPH KELSO, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 9th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, Eugene St. Mars and Marie St. Mars, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Mary V. Martin, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of January 27th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 339; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-nine dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-nine dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary V. Martin has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seven and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, A. D. 1891.

MARY V. MARTIN, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by George Goodrich and Emma S. Goodrich, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 338, 339, 340 and 341; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $15.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $18.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($682.80) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and lots one (1) and four (4) of Section twenty-one (21) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-three (43) west, containing 125.50 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 74.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, RICHARD CARIVEAU AND Minnie Cariveau, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Caroline C. Moulton, of the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, their mortgage bearing date of July 1st, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 11:20 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline C. Moulton, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred seven and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 24th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE C. MOULTON,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, John Gudmundsen and Marie Gudmundsen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Nathan P. Rice, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of September 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southeast quarter of Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 237; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of ten dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of fifty-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Nathan P. Rice has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-seven and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1891.

NATHAN P. RICE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 13, 1891. NO. 17.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 00	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

To the student of political economy, when considering the Farmers' Alliance and the ultimate outcome and its influence upon the welfare of the agricultural interests of the country, that phase of the movement which most perplexes and causes him to doubt its final triumph over existing evils, is the seeming utter indifference of its members to the relations existing between cause and effect. As an illustration of this fact, take the Alliance position as expressed in the resolution passed by the Kingstown Alliance, at its meeting on July 25th, in which they put themselves on record as opposing the proposition to aid the construction of an independent and competing railway into the very heart of their county.

The alliance movement in this state owes its existence to the general and wide spread feeling that the moneyed and monopolistic interests of the country have secured control of the railroad and warehouse facilities of the state, and refuse to allow the farmers a just and equitable share from the profits of their labors.

In support of this position they have continually called attention to the fact, that in our local markets the average margin of price between Polk County and Duluth or Minneapolis, was from fifteen to seventeen and one-half cents per bushel, of which ten and one-half cents per bushel was taken by the railway companies for freight, and the remaining five to seven cents, by the elevator companies for handling their grain, and that under the contracts existing between the elevator companies and the railroads they were denied proper and sufficient facilities for personal shipments, but were compelled to pay these enormous handling charges whether they wished to or not, and yet when a rival company comes to them with the proffer of their services as in the case of the D. & D. Ry., they turn their backs upon the proposition, and indicate by word and act, that they will have nothing to do with it, simply because, as one of the conditions of the partnership, they are asked to contribute their share of the capital. The offer of the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company is in reality nothing more nor less than the proffer of partnership. They say they will put in five-sixths of the capital if the county will put in the other sixth. They will give the same amount of stock to the county as they take themselves in proportion to the money furnished. They will do the work and transport the farmer's grain to the lake and give the county the benefit of the natural advantages which their line has over other and existing lines, in addition to sharing equally with them the dividends resulting to the capital stock.

The men composing the railroad company making this offer are men well known in the business world, and their word would be taken on Wall street without security for a sum much larger than the amount asked of the county. They come to the county offering to carry wheat for three cents a bushel less than the farmer is now paying and to make a reduction on all classes of freight proportionate to the saving of the length of their line to our great lake port, and have put the proposition in writing, in legal form, such as no impartial attorney would question as being binding upon the company, and yet without even investigating the responsibility of the parties, the legality of the proposition or the circumstances and conditions which lead to its being offered them, they reject it and take it upon themselves to advise the rest of the county what is for their best interests.

Notice the opening words of the resolution: "Whereas, it has come to our knowledge that a proposition has been filed with the County Auditor," thereby admitting, impliedly, if not directly, that they had neither seen or examined or had personal knowledge of the contents of this proposition, and then wind up with this remarkable declaration:

"Therefore be it resolved, that we disapprove of bonding the county and condemn the action of Crookston for bringing the expense of calling a special election to vote on the question of bonding the county for building railroads."

Now, any candid person will admit that if the building of this road means, as the proposition says it means, that it "will furnish to the farmers, merchants and other inhabitants of Polk County a competing line of railway transportation from the several stations thereof to the head of Lake Superior," then it follows as sure as effect follows cause, that the building of this line means the breaking down of unjust railroad charges and the breaking up of the Minneapolis wheat ring's control of the local market in Polk County.

If the need of just the relief this railway offers was not so imperative, if the situation was not so critical, the inconsistency of the position of this Alliance would be ridiculous.

We use the words "imperative" and "critical" advisedly. The situation as we regard it is as follows: The Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railway Companies, which now occupy the valley, are determined to maintain their grasp upon its fertile acres, and entrenched as they are behind enormous land grants, which have made nearly one-half of the settlers of the valley their debtors, and thus placed it in their power to make or crush the fortunes of almost any man who dares oppose them, it is no light undertaking for any other railway company to invade their territory, many of the great railway systems of the country have for years cast longing eyes upon our fertile prairies, but the far-reaching power for evil of these enormous monopolies, which cannot only strike them at many competing points, but in the monied centers of the east, as well, where their stocks and bonds must find their market, does and will prevent their entering the lists as competitors. But the very fact that the Duluth & Dakota is not a great railway system, but a short and direct line from point to point, gives it enormous advantage over its gigantic rival and makes it possible for it to accomplish what no other road could possibly do, and if the farmers of Polk county now turn their backs upon this proffered aid, and refuse to contribute their share of the capital to accomplish the result for which they have so long labored, they will never in the life of this generation have so generous an offer to consider. It is the tide, which taken at its flood leads on to fortune.

Again, notice their utter disregard of the law of cause and effect when they say "we condemn the action of Crookston for bringing the expense, etc., etc." Now, as a matter of fact, Crookston did not make, (and they should have known it,) the proposition, and cause this expense to be incurred, but the officers of the D. & D. Ry. Co., but the parties who wrote this resolution did so without due regard for the facts in the case, the promises of the proposition, or their own personal and pecuniary interests.

The Great Northern Railway desires to see this resolution ratified by every Alliance in the county, and we await with interest to see whether they will respect that wish.

The farmers of Polk County are in the position of a man who, while gathering apples in a pasture has been attacked by a mad bull and after a long and desperate struggle in which he has been just able to hold his own, sees another bull bearing down upon his antagonist with intent to do him great bodily harm. Now comes the question, will he turn in with his former antagonist to drive the newcomer from the field or will he encorage the rivals advance and when they have safely locked horns, quitely secure his fruit and retire peaceably to his fireside.

D. H. Beecher, in the Grand Forks Herald:—Say, this Maple Lake movement is a grand thing, I am heartily sympathy with it. I will join in the excursion and what is more if I can secure any property on the Lake I will put up a cottage next summer. Continue to boom it and let us have a rousing excursion.

St Paul Daily News:—A gentleman just returned from Rice county furnishes the information that Joel P. Heatwole has just finished threshing 1,700 bushels of wheat which he harvested on his farm near Northfield and immediately sold for 80 cents per bushel. The yield was about twenty-three bushels per acre. Immediately after harvesting and threshing was completed Farmer Heatwole put his teams to work plowing the stubble under.

Northwestern Agriculturist: Minnesota is now making more substantial gain in population of country towns and in number of farms than at any previous time since its settlement. Those who went back east to "God's country" on account of homesickness have recovered and come back prepared to stay, and those who sought fairer climes south and on the western coast have learned that distance lent enchantment, and that difficulties and hard conditions are to be found everywhere, and that "sand" is needed in the composition of a successful man or woman in any climate. Take it for all in all, there are no better states and no better climate or people than are found here in the Northwest, which is destined to contihue to be the home of a people not surpassed in intelligence, industry or wealth. Every year its home market is improving and productive capacity increasing. The politicians who work the farmers, instead of working farms, are trying to make the people believe thrt the world is out of joint, and that they are the surgeons to set it right, but that is because they are just now out of a job, and are looking for a "soft snap" for themselves, and hope to ride into a good place on a wave of discontent. Meantime, the world is moving right along, and is growing better and more comfortable instead of worse.

Special Election.

Notice is hereby given that whereas the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company have filed in the office of the County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota, a proposition in writing as follows, viz:

PROPOSITION

OF

The Duluth and Dakota Railroad Company.

TO THE COUNTY OF POLK.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Take notice that the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, a corporation duly formed, organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the state of Minnesota, hereby makes application to the county of Polk, in said state, for aid in the construction of that portion of its line of railroad extending from a point within the city of Crookston, in said county of Polk, to its point of intersection with the line of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in the county of Itasca, in said state; and to that end the said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company hereby makes the following proposition:

1. Said county of Polk shall make and issue negotiable coupon bonds thereof to the amount of two hundred and twenty thousand dollars, in the denomination of one thousand dollars each, all to bear date the first day of January, A. D. 1892, and be payable to the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company or bearer twenty years after date thereof, and not before maturity thereof at the option of said county, and to bear interest from the date thereof, payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and at the rate of five per cent. per year.

2. Said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, in consideration of said aid and bonds, shall and will, at the election of said county of Polk, issue thereto such number of the shares of its capital stock as will, at the par value of said stock, correspond with the principal sum of such bonds.

3. All said bonds shall be deposited in escrow prior to any delivery thereof to said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company; and such deposit shall be made with the First National Bank of Crookston, a corporation duly formed, organized and existing under and by virtue of the National Banking Act of the United States of America, and having its principal place of business, office and residence at the city of Crookston, county of Polk, and state of Minnesota; and all the stock certificates for said shares of stock shall likewise be deposited and placed with the same said depository and at the same time with said bonds; and all said bonds and stock certificates shall be and remain in the possession and custody of the said First National Bank of Crookston until all said portion of the line of railroad of the said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, extending from a point within the said city of Crookston to the point of intersection or junction thereof, with the said Duluth & Winnipeg railroad, in the said county of Itasca, shall have been located, constructed and completed according to the ordinary standard gauge and in actual operation with cars running thereon.

4. The said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company in consideration of said aid and bonds, shall and will, prior to the first day of Decmber, A. D. 1892, well and truly locate, construct and complete according to the ordinary standard gauge and put in actual operation with cars running thereon; all that portion of its said line of railroad extending from a point within said city of Crookston to the point of intersection or junction thereof with the Duluth and Winnipeg Railroad in said county of Itasca.

5. Within thirty days from and after (and under no circumstances until after,) completion and actual operation as aforesaid by the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company of all said portion of its said line of railroad, the said First National Bank of Crookston shall deliver all said stock certificates to said County of Polk and all said bonds to the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company upon production of the certificate, in writing, of the Railway Commissioners of the State of Minnesota, or one of them, to the effect that, upon examination and inspection actually made and had, the said portion of said line of railroad has been duly and properly constructed, completed and put in operation as aforesaid.

6. It is mutually understood that the construction, maintainance and operation of said portion of the line of railroad of the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company will furnish to the farmers, merchants and other inhabitants of said County of Polk a competing line of railway transportation from the several stations in said county to the head of Lake Superior, and that such competing line will be shorter than any now existing line or lines of transportion between any point within said county and the head of Lake Superior by an estimated distance of not less than fifty miles; and in order to permanently secure and insure to all the inhabitants of said county the advantages now contemplated and which ought to accrue to them from the construction, maintainance and operation of said competing line, the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company, in consideration of said aid and bonds, hereby guarantees, on behalf of itself and its successors and assign, to said county and to each and all the inhabitants thereof, that the rate for transporation of any grain, merchandise or other commodity to any station on the line of the said Duluth and Dakota Railway within said County of Polk from the head of Lake Superior or from any such station to the head of Lake Superior shall never exceed the rate per bushel or per ton per mile now being charged by any or either of the now existing line or lines of railway extending between any station in said county and the head of said Lake Superior.

In Testimony Whereof the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company has caused this instrument to be signed by its President and Secretary and to be duly sealed with its corporate seal.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

DULUTH & DAKOTA RAILWAY COMPANY.
By R. W. Cameron, President.
{CORPORATE SEAL.} By Charles Kydd, Secretary.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that a special election will be held and had in and for said county for the purpose of voting upon the said proposition,

On the 25th Day Of August 1891,

and that the polls will be open in the various towns, wards and precincts, from nine o'clock in the forenoon until five o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Given under my hand and seal this 5th day of August, 1891.

C. U. WEBSTER, County Auditor,
Polk County, Minn.

In addition to the above proposition the following contract has been entered into between the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company and the County of Polk;

THIS AGREEMENT.

Made and entered into this day of July, A. D. 1891, by and between the Board of County Commissioners of Polk County in the State of Minnesota, party of the first part, and the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota, party of the second part; WITNESSETH:—

WHEREAS, the said party of the second part is about to make and is making its application or proposition for county bonds in said Polk County, for the purpose of aiding in the building of the railway of the said party of the second part; and,

WHEREAS, in order to secure said bonds, said party to second part is desirous of entering into an agreement with the said party of the first part, in behalf of the people of said Polk County, whereby the rate on wheat shipped from any point in the county of Polk, on the line of railway of said party of the second part to the head of Lake Superior, shall not exceed the rate of twelve and one half [12½] cents per hundred [100] pounds from said point of shipment to said destination.

NOW THEREFORE, said party of the second part hereby agrees that it will at all times or seasons carry or procure to be carried, all wheat delivered to it at stations along the line of its railway in said Polk County, at a rate not to exceed twelve and one-half [12½] cents per hundred [100] pounds for the carrying of said wheat to the head of Lake Superior; provided however, the said Polk County shall vote favorably upon the proposition of said party of the second part for bonds to aid in the building of its said railway, and that said bonds to the amount not to exceed two hundred and twenty thousand [220,000] dollars, shall be voted and delivered to said railway company when its line of railway shall be completed from a connection with the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in Itasca county, Minnesota, to a point in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be signed and sealed as respective officers and seals, the day and year first above written.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.
By M. E. KIRSCH, Chairman.
(Official Seal) Attest:
(Polk Co.) C. U. WEBSTER, County Auditor.
DULUTH & DAKOTA RAILWAY CO.
By R. W. Cameron, President.
[CORPORATE SEAL] Attest
Charles Kydd Secretary.

In presence of,
FRANK WERLE.
ALEC. MACLAREN.

THERE are in Polk County 1,589,460 acres of land, of which fully ninety five [95] per cent, or 1,506,987 acres are arable and the most of it the very choicest of soils. Of this vast area the last census shows about, 200,000 acres to be under cultivation. The valuation of the country, under the assessment of 1891, will be about $7,000,000 [probably over rather than under]. By the same authority we have a population of 30,000, or a fraction over 48 acres for each man, woman, and child in the county.

The mission of this great enterprise which is knocking at the eastern door of your county, is to bring under profitable cultivation and dot with happy homes this fertile but uncultivated prairie land; to diversify your system of agriculture; to increase your population and bring you more nearly in contact with the business and social life of the eastern states and of the old world.

And what is the price you are asked to pay? Take for example the farmer who has one hundred and sixty acres of land, with one hundred acres cultivated to wheat each year, the average assessed valuation of such property with its necessary structures and improvements would not exceed seven dollars per acre, or $1,120.00. The tax levy for the purpose of paying the annual interest on these bonds would be one and one-fourth mills on the dollar of valuation or about $1,40. This is what it would cost this farmer on his real estate to maintain the interest on the bonds until such time as it become necessary to pay the principal. Now what would he receive? We have assumed he has one hundred acres cultivated with wheat; suppose his average to be but fifteen bushels per acre, or fifteen hundred bushels, the saving in freight (to say nothing of what competition will compel the elevator monopoly to cut off from their present exorbitant gains) at three cents per bushel will be $45.00; this on his wheat alone, to say nothing of the saving in a hundred other directions which will suggest themselves to any thoughtful mind.

Of course out of these profits must eventually come the principal, but in twenty years from now with the one hundred and fifty thousand people in the county and a million of acres under cultivation, it will be but a light matter to pay it off and with the yearly increasing acreage, subject to assessment, the percentage of taxation for interest will be diminished from year to year. The same figures hold good relatively with each voter whether his property interest be large or small, and we are fully confident that if you give this matter the consideration it deserves and vote your honest unbiased judgement of what is for the best good for the county, your ballot will read: For the bonds—YES. All of which is respectfully submitted by the

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Business Men's Union.

AN ADDRESS.

To the Voters of Polk County.

FELLOW CITIZENS, VOTERS OF POLK COUNTY: We present hearwith for your consideration and determination the most important question which you have ever been called upon to consider at the polls; and ask before you decide to either accept or reject the proposition, that you study its character and provisions carefully and candidly, regarding it simply from the standpoint of a business basis.

The question for each one of you to consider is: Will it be a paying investment for the people of Polk County,—for myself individually, to make the sacrifice which is asked in this request for County aid, in order to secure the benefits of a competing outlet from our farms to that great waterway which our infinite Creator has stretched from the eastern border of our state to the mills and market of the old world?

THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL of July 9th, contained a very interesting article taken from the New York Press describing the running of the rapids of the St. Lawrence River by one of the newstyle or "whaleback" vessels (since followed by others of the same class.) But how few of these who read that short article, realize the tremendous significance of that fact to the wheat producing interests of the Northwest! It means the shortening of the distance which our wheat must be carried by rail transportation more than one thousand miles, and if taken in connection with a direct and independent outlet from here to the head of the lake, will result in breaking up the elevator monopoly which has been the cause of so much dissatisfacton with the existing lines of railways, and an entire revolution in the method and expense of placing our grain in the hands of the consumer in foreign lands.

Farmers, You are here offered that direct, independent, competing line to the Great Lake. You are offered a perpetual reduction of freight rates from the prices you are now paying, a reduction which amounts to nearly one sixth on all classes; and of three cents per bushel on wheat (for while this particular line of railroad cannot reach all your farms, yet if one road reduces its rate of freight, all the others will be compelled to do the same or lose their traffic, so that from every point in Polk County there will be a proportionate reduction from present rates of freight. You are offered emancipation and freedom from the elevator monopoly, which has been shown during the recent wheat investigation by the sworn testimony of reliable witnesess, has placed it in the power of one man to dictate what price every farmer in Polk county shall recieve for each bushel of his wheat, and by which the millers of Minneapolis are enabled to depress the prices and lower the grade of your wheat in the fall, when you have it to sell, and to advance the price and raise the grade in the spring when the bulk of it has passed from your hands to theirs.

It means to the land owner, an increase in value of his land; to the producer, better prices for his crops; to the laborers, better wages; to the merchant, an increased number of customers with more money to expend; and to the tax-payer, the settlement of vast tracts of land, which now bear no part in the public burdens, thereby lessening his taxes at the same time increasing his ability to pay it.

Supposing all parts of the country to be equally affected by the promised reduction in freight, the benefits from this one item alone would be fully $200,000.00 annually, while the interest on the bonds asked for is but $11,000.00 per annum. The benefits are perpetual. The tax is but for a few years. Can there be any doubt as to what your decision will be?

The enterprise which is seeking to co-operate with you in securing these desirable results, is really the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway, but, as under their charter it was found impracticable to do this work, they are seeking to do it through their offspring, "the Duluth & Dakota Railway, but when built the line will be found to be the shortest possible to Lake Superior which engineering difficulties will permit, of low grade, and with the most substantial equipment. In every respect a first-class road, and well deserving your patronage and approval.

Again it is a fact that the richest iron deposits in the state are located on the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway about one hundred miles west of Duluth, and one hundred and forty miles east of Crookston. The building of the Duluth & Winnipeg is causing these mines to be developed, and the building of this railway into Polk County will give us this new and profitable market to supply with the products of our farms. This means a better price for every dozen of eggs, for every pound of butter, or bushel of potatoes, or oats or barley, or other coarse grains we have to sell. It means the thousands of tons of hay which now go to waste on the prairies, for want of a market near at hand, can be profitably handled and shipped. Again, much of our straw of which we burn hundreds of thousand of tons each fall, will, because of cheaper transportation, find a profitable market at the mines and at the head of the lake.

In addition to all these advantages the country will receive in return for the bonds, capital stock of the railway company to an equal amount. This stock will be full paid and non-assessable, and when the road is in operation and on a paying basis, will be worth and can be sold for a very material portion of, if not for their full face value; thereby reducing the amount the county will have to pay in a sum far below the expressed value of the bonds, and perhaps enable their extinguishment without expense to the country.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLO K.

Before Purehasing, Give Us a Call.

Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c

10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c

100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c

A Good Summer Corset 50c

A Good Black Corset 50c

100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c

50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c

50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c

NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

=Fontaine & Anglim.=

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

—DON'T FORGET TO SEE—

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material.

a rpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, August 6, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.........CROOKSTON.........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.........Grand Forks.........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.........Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South......7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba......8:15 a. m.

The Southern Minnesota Fair.

The twelfth annual fair of the Southern Minnesota Fair Association, will be held in Rochester, Aug. 31st to Sept. 5th. Everybody is cordially invited to write to C. Van Campen, Secretary, for a copy of the premium list. The premiums are liberal. Half rates apply on all shipments. Passenger fares will be only one-half the regular rates from all points within a radius of 200 miles of Rochester. As heretofore, there will be many fairs in the country this year, a few may be larger than this, most of them will be smaller, but none will be stronger in inviting features, more diversified in extent and scope, richer in rare exhibits, purer in entertainments, or be more intently interesting to the visitor.

Ode to the Banana Peel.

The street car had passed, but to catch it he reckoned.
So he ran like a deer, and shouted and beckoned.
'Till he planted his heel.
On a smooth bit of peel—
Then he saw half a million of stars in a second.

He was in too great a hurry; better have waited for another car. This business of running after street cars is risky, and undignified too. The safest and most comfortable mode of travel is by the regular trains of a railroad, provided always that you select such a first-class line as "The Burlington." Its trains leave from and arrive at all the principal cities and towns in the West promptly on time, and if your watch runs correctly, you need never run to catch a train. Its time system for running of trains is perfect, and its equipment of free reclining chair cars, Pullman vestibuled sleepers, and peerless dining cars, is unequalled by any other line. For tickets, time tables maps etc., call on your local ticket agent, or address W. J. C. Kenyon Gen. Pass. Agent, "The Burlington," St. Paul, Minn.

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. It emits no smoke, is odorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western Line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul, 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for manufacture of Pintsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line," and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel. [11-16]

Marshall County Banner:—M. R. Brown of Crookston spent Monday last at Argyle. Mr. Brown has unbounded confidence in the final outcome of the Red River Valley, and present prospects indicate the truth of his judgment.

CARLETON COLLEGE,
Northfield, Minn.

Full Classical, Literary and Scientific courses. Wide range of electives. Post-graduate work. Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy at the Observatory.

THE ACADEMY

fits for College and teaches English branches

School of Music Fully Equipped.

Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
Fall Term opens Sept. 9, 1891.
For Catalogues and Circulars address,
[15-18] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee

MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 20th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-21] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication July 30th, 1891.)
[Last publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of fifty (50) dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable on the 17th day of November, 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Loren H. Walker and Sophia Walker, his wife, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1886, at 9:50 o'clock a. m.; and recorded in volume "26" of mortgages, on pages 442-7.

And a further default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said mortgaged premises, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes; and the mortgagee was compelled to pay, and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes due and delinquent on said premises, the sum of thirty-nine and 87-100 ($39.87) dollars, in order to protect the lien of its said mortgage; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($637.50) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section eight, (8) in Township one hundred forty seven, (147) Range forty-four, (44), containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and twenty-five (25) dollars as attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minnesota, July 17, 1891.

The Netherlands American
Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[15-21] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., June 30th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on August 14th, 1891, viz: WILLIAM J. NICKLE, Hd. No. 11,497, for the ne¼ Sec. 8, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: H. B. Budd, Lewis Seger, Frank B. Dykeman, K. O. Flakne, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[11-16] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 10th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 9th, 1891, viz: CARL CARLSON, D. S. 11,837, for the se¼ nw¼ sw¼ nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼ Sec. 4 Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bernt O. Lindberg, Ole Olson, Jr., Richard Skaug, Charles Aagaard, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward Labree, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 3; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $24 that became due May 1st, 1890, $24 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $24 that became due May, 1st, 1891.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents, ($886.95), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼), and lots three, (3) and four (4) of Section thirty-one, (31), in township one hundred and forty-seven (147) north of Range forty (40), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 75.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "C" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees,
[14-23] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Harry Fleury, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 27; and

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.80 that became due November 1st, 1889, $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $9.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and thirty-six dollars and four cents, ($336.04), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-five, (35), in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), north, of Range forty-one, (41), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G 76]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 23d. 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harald Johnson, (an unmarried man,) mortgagor, to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 177, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section four, (4) Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range forty-four, (44) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

The American Freehold Land Mortgage
Company, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA,
Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
C. O. ristianson. E. P. Pierce O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
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BENOIT & SYLVESTER,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—
Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

☞Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.☜

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, HENRY SMITH AND EMMA Smith, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 152, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 30 of mortgages, on pages 581 to 585; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred sixty and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eleven hundred ninety-two and 80-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Dethloff and Martha Dethloff, his wife, mortgagors, to W. E. Damon, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of January, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 93.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said W. E. Damon, mortgagee, to Alice S. Colton, by written assignment, dated the 20th day of May, 1886, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of June, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 24 of mortgages, on pages 559, 560, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty-four (154) Range forty-eight, (48), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred ninety-two 80-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

ALICE S. COLTON
Assignee of Mortgage.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred twenty four and 30-100 ($124.30) dollars which is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 105, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole O. Hoven, mortgagee, to Caroline Anderson, by written assignment dated the 9th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 150, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contanied in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine (9) of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred twenty-four and 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE ANDERSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[15-21] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 16th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. —ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, vs. Benjamin Milette, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum from the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated July 7th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[13-19] Crookston, Minn.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-one and 73-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 231, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, at 2 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of deeds, on page 555, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of forty one and 73-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five and 95-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, and $25 to become due, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphouse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 14th day of January, 1890, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $25.95 and $25 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 2d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, ($279.50) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Boucher and Margaret Boucher, his wife, to Joseph Kelso, bearing date the 9th day of March, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 305 to 307 inclusive, and the further sum of fifty four and 79-100 dollars for taxes duly assessed and levied against the land conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number twenty-six (26) block seven (7), in Sletten & Cromb's subdivision of Lots in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 20th, A. D. 1891.

JOSEPH KELSO, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 9th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, Eugene St. Mars and Marie St. Mars, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Mary V. Martin, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of January 27th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 2:15 o'clock p m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 339; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-nine dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-nine dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary V. Martin has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare, the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seven and 60-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, A. D. 1891.

MARY V. MARTIN, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by George Goodrich and Emma S. Goodrich, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 338, 339, 340 and 341; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $15.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $18.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($682.80) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and lots one (1) and four (4) of Section twenty-one (21) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-three (43) west, containing 125.50 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton.
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 74.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, RICHARD CARIVEAU AND Minnie Cariveau, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Caroline C. Moulton, of the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, their mortgage bearing date of July 1st, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 11:20 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline C. Moulton, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred seven and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 24th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE C. MOULTON,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 9th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, John Gudmundsen and Marie Gudmundsen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Nathan P. Rice, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of September 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southeast quarter of Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 237; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of ten dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of fifty-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Nathan P. Rice has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-seven and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1891.

NATHAN P. RICE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 13, 1891. NO. 17.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

To the student of political economy, when considering the Farmers' Alliance and the ultimate outcome and its influence upon the welfare of the agricultural interests of the country, that phase of the movement which most perplexes and causes him to doubt its final triumph over existing evils, is the seeming utter indifference of its members to the relations existing between cause and effect. As an illustration of this fact, take the Alliance position as expressed in the resolution passed by the Kingstown Alliance, at its meeting on July 25th, in which they put themselves on record as opposing the proposition to aid the construction of an independent and competing railway into the very heart of their county.

The alliance movement in this state owes its existence to the general and wide spread feeling that the moneyed and monopolistic interests of the country have secured control of the railroad and warehouse facilities of the state, and refuse to allow the farmers a just and equitable share from the profits of their labors.

In support of this position they have continually called attention to the fact, that in our local markets the average margin of price between Polk County and Duluth or Minneapolis, was from fifteen to seventeen and one-half cents per bushel, of which ten and one-half cents per bushel was taken by the railway companies for freight, and the remaining five to seven cents, by the elevator companies for handling their grain, and that under the contracts existing between the elevator companies and the railroads they were denied proper and sufficient facilities for personal shipments, but were compelled to pay these enormous handling charges whether they wished to or not, and yet when a rival company comes to them with the proffer of their services as in the case of the D. & D. Ry., they turn their backs upon the proposition, and indicate by word and act, that they will have nothing to do with it, simply because, as one of the conditions of the partnership, they are asked to contribute their share of the capital. The offer of the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company is in reality nothing more nor less than the proffer of partnership. They say they will put in five-sixths of the capital if the county will put in the other sixth. They will give the same amount of stock to the county as they take themselves in proportion to the money furnished. They will do the work and transport the farmer's grain to the lake and give the county the benefit of the natural advantages which their line has over other and existing lines, in addition to sharing equally with them the dividends resulting to the capital stock.

The men composing the railroad company making this offer are men well known in the business world, and their word would be taken on Wall street without security for a sum much larger than the amount asked of the county. They come to the county offering to carry wheat for three cents a bushel less than the farmer is now paying and to make a reduction on all classes of freight proportionate to the saving of the length of their line to our great lake port, and have put the proposition in writing, in legal form, such as no impartial attorney would question as being binding upon the company, and yet without even investigating the responsibility of the parties, the legality of the proposition or the circumstances and conditions which lead to its being offered them, they reject it and take it upon themselves to advise the rest of the county what is for their best interests.

Notice the opening words of the resolution: "Whereas, it has come to our knowledge that a proposition has been filed with the County Auditor," thereby admitting, impliedly, if not directly, that they had neither seen or examined or had personal knowledge of the contents of this proposition, and then wind up with this remarkable declaration:

"Therefore be it resolved, that we disapprove of bonding the county and condemn the action of Crookston for bringing the expense of calling a special election to vote on the question of bonding the county for building railroads."

Now, any candid person will admit, that if the building of this road means, as the proposition says it means, that it "will furnish to the farmers, merchants and other inhabitants of Polk County a competing line of railway transportation from the several stations thereof to the head of Lake Superior," then it follows as sure as effect follows cause, that the building of this line means the breaking down of unjust railroad charges and the breaking up of the Minneapolis wheat ring's control of the local market in Polk County.

If the need of just the relief this railway offers was not so imperative, if the situation was not so critical, the inconsistency of the position of this Alliance would be ridiculous.

We use the words "imperative" and "critical" advisedly. The situation as we regard it is as follows: The Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railway Companies, which now occupy the valley, are determined to maintain their grasp upon its fertile acres, and entrenched as they are behind enormous land grants, which have made nearly one-half of the settlers of the valley their debtors, and thus placed it in their power to make or crush the fortunes of almost any man who dares oppose them, it is no light undertaking for any other railway company to invade their territory, many of the great railway systems of the country have for years cast longing eyes upon our fertile prairies, but the far-reaching power for evil of these enormous monopolies, which cannot only strike them at many competing points, but in the monied centers of the east, as well, where their stocks and bonds must find their market, does and will prevent their entering the lists as competitors. But the very fact that the Duluth & Dakota is not a great railway system, but a short and direct line from point to point, gives it enormous advantage over its gigantic rival and makes it possible for it to accomplish what no other road could possibly do, and if the farmers of Polk county now turn their backs upon this proffered aid, and refuse to contribute their share of the capital to accomplish the result for which they have so long labored, they will never in the life of this generation have so generous an offer to consider. It is the tide, which taken at its flood leads on to fortune.

Again, notice their utter disregard of the law of cause and effect when they say "we condemn the action of Crookston for bringing the expense, etc., etc." Now, as a matter of fact, Crookston did not make, (and they should have known it,) the proposition, and cause this expense to be incurred, but the officers of the D. & D. Ry. Co., but the parties who wrote this resolution did so without due regard for the facts in the case, the promises of the proposition, or their own personal and pecuniary interests.

The Great Northern Railway desires to see this resolution ratified by every Alliance in the county, and we await with interest to see whether they will respect that wish.

The farmers of Polk County are in the position of a man who, while gathering apples in a pasture has been attacked by a mad bull and after a long and desperate struggle in which he has been just able to hold his own, sees another bull bearing down upon his antagonist with intent to do him great bodily harm. Now comes the question, will he turn in with his former antagonist to drive the newcomer from the field or will he encorage the rivals advance and when they have safely locked horns, quitely secure his fruit and retire peaceably to his fireside.

D. H. Beecher, in the Grand Forks Herald;—Say, this Maple Lake movement is a grand thing, I am heartily sympathy with it. I will join in the excursion and what is more if I can secure any property on the Lake I will put up a cottage next summer. Continue to boom it and let us have a rousing excursion.

St Paul Daily News:—A gentleman just returned from Rice county furnishes the information that Joel P. Heatwole has just finished threshing 1,700 bushels of wheat which he harvested on his farm near Northfield and immediately sold for 80 cents per bushel. The yield was about twenty-three bushels per acre. Immediately after harvesting and threshing was completed Farmer Heatwole put his teams to work plowing the stubble under.

Northwestern Agriculturist: Minnesota is now making more substantial gain in population of country towns and in number of farms than at any previous time since its settlement. Those who went back east to "God's country" on account of homesickness have recovered and come back prepared to stay, and those who sought fairer climes south and on the western coast have learned that distance lent enchantment, and that difficulties and hard conditions are to be found everywhere, and that "sand" is needed in the composition of a successful man or woman in any climate. Take it for all in all, there are no better states and no better climate or people than are found here in the Northwest, which is destined to continue to be the home of a people not surpassed in intelligence, industry or wealth. Every year its home market is improving and productive capacity increasing. The politicians who work the farmers, instead of working farms, are trying to make the people believe thrt the world is out of joint, and that they are the surgeons to set it right, but that is because they are just now out of a job, and are looking for a "soft snap" for themselves, and hope to ride into a good place on a wave of discontent. Meantime, the world is moving right along, and is growing better and more comfortable instead of worse.

Special Election.

Notice is hereby given that whereas the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company have filed in the office of the County Auditor of Polk County, Minnesota, a proposition in writing as follows, viz:

PROPOSITION

OF

The Duluth and Dakota Railroad Company,

TO THE COUNTY OF POLK.

To all whom it may concern:

Take notice that the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, a corporation duly formed, organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the state of Minnesota, hereby makes application to the county of Polk, in said state, for aid in the construction of that portion of its line of railroad extending from a point within the city of Crookston, in said county of Polk, to its point of intersection with the line of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in the county of Itasca, in said state; and to that end the said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company hereby makes the following proposition;

1. Said county of Polk shall make and issue negotiable coupon bonds thereof to the amount of two hundred and twenty thousand dollars, in the denomination of one thousand dollars each, all to bear date the first day of January, A. D. 1892, and be payable to the Duluth & Dakota Railway Company or bearer twenty years after date thereof, and not before maturity thereof at the option of said county, and to bear interest from the date thereof, payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and at the rate of five per cent. per year.

2. Said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, in consideration of said aid and bonds, shall and will, at the election of said county of Polk, issue thereto such number of the shares of its capital stock as will, at the par value of said stock, correspond with the principal sum of such bonds.

3. All said bonds shall be deposited in escrow prior to any delivery thereof to said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company; and such deposit shall be made with the First National Bank of Crookston, a corporation duly formed, organized and existing under and by virtue of the National Banking Act of the United States of America, and having its principal place of business, office and residence at the city of Crookston, county of Polk, and state of Minnesota; and all the stock certificates for said shares of stock shall likewise be deposited and placed with the same said depository and at the same time with said bonds; and all said bonds and stock certificates shall be and remain in the possession and custody of the said First National Bank of Crookston until all said portion of the line of railroad of the said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company, extending from a point within the said city of Crookston to the point of intersection or junction thereof, with the said Duluth & Winnipeg railroad, in the said county of Itasca, shall have been located, constructed and completed according to the ordinary standard gauge and in actual operation with cars running thereon.

4. The said Duluth & Dakota Railway Company in consideration of said aid and bonds, shall and will, prior to the first day of December, A. D. 1892, well and truly locate, construct and complete according to the ordinary standard gauge and put in actual operation with cars running thereon; all that portion of its said line of railroad extending from a point within said city of Crookston to the point of intersection or junction thereof with the Duluth and Winnipeg Railroad in said county of Itasca.

5. Within thirty days from and after (and under no circumstances until after,) completion and actual operation as aforesaid by the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company of all said portion of its said line of railroad, the said First National Bank of Crookston shall deliver all said stock certificates to said County of Polk and all said bonds to the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company upon production of the certificate, in writing, of the Railway Commissioners of the State of Minnesota, or one of them, to the effect that, upon examination and inspection actually made and had, the said portion of said line of railroad has been duly and properly constructed, completed and put in operation as aforesaid.

6. It is mutually understood that the construction, maintainance and operation of said portion of the line of railroad of the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company will furnish to the farmers, merchants and other inhabitants of said County of Polk a competing line of railway transportation from the several stations in said county to the head of Lake Superior, and that such competing line will be shorter than any now existing line or lines of transportion between any point within said county and the head of Lake Superior by an estimated distance of not less than fifty miles; and in order to permanently secure and insure to all the inhabitants of said county the advantages now contemplated and which ought to accrue to them from the construction, maintainance and operation of said competing line, the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company, in consideration of said aid, and bonds, hereby guarantees, on behalf of itself and its successors and assign, to said county and to each and all the inhabitants thereof, that the rate for transporation of any grain, merchandise or other commodity to any station on the line of the said Duluth and Dakota Railway within said County of Polk from the head of Lake Superior or from any such station to the head of Lake Superior shall never exceed the rate per bushel or per ton per mile now being charged by any or either of the now existing line or lines of railway extending between any station in said county and the lead of said Lake Superior.

In Testimony Whereof the said Duluth and Dakota Railway Company has caused this instrument to be signed by its President and Secretary and to be duly sealed with its corporate seal.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Duluth & Dakota Railway Company.
By R. W. Cameron,
President.
{ CORPORATE SEAL. } By Charles Kydd,
Secretary.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that a special election will be held and had in and for said county for the purpose of voting upon the said proposition,

On the 25th Day Of August, 1891,

and that the polls will be open in the various towns, wards and precincts, from nine o'clock in the forenoon until five o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Given under my hand and seal this 5th day of August, 1891.
C. U. WEBSTER, County Auditor,
Polk County, Minn.

In addition to the above proposition the following contract has been entered into between the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company and the County of Polk:

THIS AGREEMENT.

Made and entered into this day of July, A. D. 1891, by and between the Board of County Commissioners of Polk County in the State of Minnesota, party of the first part, and the Duluth and Dakota Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Minnesota, party of the second part; Witnesseth:—

Whereas, the said party of the second part is about to make and is making its application, or proposition for county bonds in said Polk County, for the purpose of aiding in the building of the railway of the said party of the second part; and,

Whereas, in order to secure said bonds, said party to second part is desirous of entering into an agreement with the said party of the first part, in behalf of the people of said Polk County, whereby the rate on wheat shipped from any point in the county of Polk, on the line of railway of said party of the second part to the head of Lake Superior, shall not exceed the rate of twelve and one half [12½] cents per hundred [100] pounds from said point of shipment to said destination.

Now Therefore, said party of the second part hereby agrees that it will at all times or seasons carry or procure to be carried, all wheat delivered to it at stations along the line of its railway in said Polk County, at a rate not to exceed twelve and one-half [12½] cents per hundred [100] pounds for the carrying of said wheat to the head of Lake Superior; provided however, the said Polk County shall vote favorably upon the proposition of said party of the second part for bonds to aid in the building of its said railway; and that said bonds to the amount not to exceed two hundred and twenty thousand [220,000] dollars, shall be voted and delivered to said railway company when its line of railway shall be completed from a connection with the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad in Itasca county, Minnesota, to a point in the city of Crookston, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota.

In Witness Whereof, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be signed and sealed as respective officers and seals, the day and year first above written.

Board of County Commissioners.
By M. E. Kirsch, Chairman.
(Official Seal) Attest:
(Polk Co.) C. U. Webster,
County Auditor.
Duluth & Dakota Railway Co.
By R. W. Cameron, President.
[corporate seal] Attest
Charles Kydd Secretary.

In presence of,
Frank Werle.
Alec. Maclaren.

There are in Polk County 1,589,460 acres of land, of which fully ninety five [95] per cent, or 1,506,987 acres are arable and the most of it the very choicest of soils. Of this vast area the last census shows about, 200,000 acres to be under cultivation. The valuation of the country, under the assessment of 1891, will be about $7,000,000 [probably over rather than under]. By the same authority we have a population of 30,000, or a fraction over 48 acres for each man, woman, and child in the county.

The mission of this great enterprise which is knocking at the eastern door of your county, is to bring under profitable cultivation and dot with happy homes this fertile but uncultivated prairie land; to diversify your system of agriculture; to increase your population and bring you more nearly in contact with the business and social life of the eastern states and of the old world.

And what is the price you are asked to pay? Take for example the farmer who has one hundred and sixty acres of land, with one hundred acres cultivated to wheat each year, the average assessed valuation of such property with its necessary structures and improvements would not exceed seven dollars per acre, or $1,120.00. The tax levy for the purpose of paying the annual interest on these bonds would be one and one-fourth mills on the dollar of valuation or about $1,40. This is what it would cost this farmer on his real estate to maintain the interest on the bonds until such time as it become necessary to pay the principal. Now what would he receive? We have assumed he has one hundred acres cultivated with wheat; suppose his average to be but fifteen bushels per acre, or fifteen hundred bushels, the saving in freight (to say nothing of what competition will compel the elevator monopoly to cut off from their present exorbitant gains) at three cents per bushel will be $45.00; this on his wheat alone, to say nothing of the saving in a hundred other directions which will suggest thems lves to any thoughtful mind.

Of course out of these profits must eventually come the principal, but in twenty years from now with the one hundred and fifty thousand people in the county and a million of acres under cultivation, it will be but a light matter to pay it off and with the yearly increasing acreage, subject to assessment, the percentage of taxation for interest will be diminished from year to year. The same figures hold good relatively with each voter whether his property interest be large or small, and we are fully confident that if you give this matter the consideration it deserves and vote your honest unbiased judgement of what is for the best good for the county, your ballot will read: For the bonds—YES.

All of which is respectfully submitted by the Executive Committee.
Business Men's Union.

AN ADDRESS.

To the Voters of Polk County.

Fellow Citizens, Voters of Polk County: We present hearwith for your consideration and determination the most important question which you have ever been called upon to consider at the polls; and ask before you decide to either accept or reject the proposition, that you study its character and provisions carefully and candidly, regarding it simply from the standpoint of a business basis.

The question for each one of you to consider is: Will it be a paying investment for the people of Polk County,—for myself individually, to make the sacrifice which is asked in this request for County aid, in order to secure the benefits of a competing outlet from our farms to that great waterway which our infinite Creator has stretched from the eastern border of our state to the mills and market of the old world?

The Polk County Journal of July 9th, contained a very interesting article taken from the New York Press describing the running of the rapids of the St. Lawrence River by one of the new style or "whaleback" vessels (since followed by others of the same class.) But how few of these who read that short article, realize the tremendous significance of that fact to the wheat producing interests of the Northwest! It means the shortening of the distance which our wheat must be carried by rail transportation more than one thousand miles, and if taken in connection with a direct and independent outlet from here to the head of the lake, will result in breaking up the elevator monopoly which has been the cause of so much dissatisfaction with the existing lines of railways, and an entire revolution in the method and expense of placing our grain in the hands of the consumer in foreign lands.

Farmers, You are here offered that direct, independent, competing line to the Great Lake. You are offered a perpetual reduction of freight rates from the prices you are now paying, a reduction which amounts to nearly one sixth on all classes; and of three cents per bushel on wheat (for while this particular line of railroad cannot reach all your farms, yet if one road reduces its rate of freight, all the others will be compelled to do the same or lose their traffic, so that from every point in Polk County there will be a proportionate reduction from present rates of freight. You are offered emancipation and freedom from the elevator monopoly, which has been shown during the recent wheat investigation by the sworn testimony of reliable witnesess, has placed it in the power of one man to dictate what price every farmer in Polk county shall recieve for each bushel of his wheat, and by which the millers of Minneapolis are enabled to depress the prices and lower the grade of your wheat in the fall, when you have it to sell, and to advance the price and raise the grade in the spring when the bulk of it has passed from your hands to theirs.

It means to the land owner, an increase in value of his land; to the producer, better prices for his crops; to the laborers, better wages; to the merchant, an increased number of customers with more money to expend; and to the tax-payer, the settlement of vast tracts of land, which now bear no part in the public burdens, thereby lessening his taxes at the same time increasing his ability to pay it.

Supposing all parts of the country to be equally affected by the promised reduction in freight, the benefits from this one item alone would be fully $200,000.00 annually, while the interest on the bonds asked for is but $11,000.00 per annum. The benefits are perpetual. The tax is but for a few years. Can there be any doubt as to what your decision will be?

The enterprise which is seeking to co-operate with you in securing these desirable results, is really the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway, but, as under their charter it was found impracticable to do this work, they are seeking to do it through their offspring, "the Duluth & Dakota Railway, but when built the line will be found to be the shortest possible to Lake Superior which engineering difficulties will permit, of low grade, and with the most substantial equipment. In every respect a first-class road, and well deserving your patronage and approval.

Again it is a fact that the richest iron deposits in the state are located on the Duluth & Winnipeg Railway about one hundred miles west of Duluth, and one hundred and forty miles east of Crookston. The building of the Duluth & Winnipeg is causing these mines to be developed, and the building of this railway into Polk County will give us this new and profitable market to supply with the products of our farms. This means a better price for every dozen of eggs, for every pound of butter, or bushel of potatoes, or oats or barley, or other coarse grains we have to sell. It means the thousands of tons of hay which now go to waste on the prairies, for want of a market near at hand, can be profitably handled and shipped. Again, much of our straw of which we burn hundreds of thousand of tons each fall, will, because of cheaper transportation, find a profitable market at the mines and at the head of the lake.

In addition to all these advantages the country will receive in return for the bonds, capital stock of the railway company to an equal amount. This stock will be full paid and non-assessable, and when the road is in operation and on a paying basis, will be worth and can be sold for a very material portion of, if not for their full face value; thereby reducing the amount the county will have to pay in a sum far below the expressed value of the bonds, and perhaps enable their extinguishment without expense to the country.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLO K.

Before Purehasing, Give Us a Call.

Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c

10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c

100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c

A Good Summer Corset 50c

A Good Black Corset 50c

100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c

50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c

50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c

NEW LINE
of SHIRT WAISTS
of GLOVES.
of WINDSOR TIES
of PARASOLS.
of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

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WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE

—DON'T FORGET TO SEE—

Herman Rasmussen

At the New Stand on West Main Street.

An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material.

a rpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

Polk County Journal.

—Official-Paper of the City.

Crookston, August 13, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 80.
2 Northern 78.
3 Northern 74.
1 Northern 69.

C. Snyder commenced cutting oats on Tuesday.

Try Hoch & Ott for a nice roast or a tender, juicy steak.

A. A. Glenn has secured a job at the Great Northern depot.

Comrade Townsend, of Moorhead, was in the city on Monday.

Harry Norris has his old run from here to Fosston and St. Hilaire.

Comrade Carr welcomed his wife last week for a visit of several days.

Myron Collins, of Bellevue, Iowa, is in the city visiting his son, S. L. Collins.

C. N. Lindell rejoices in the arrival of a bran new boy at his house last week.

Bert Bivins spent the Sabbath in the city. Says his folks at Argyle are all doing nicely.

A. E. Sawyer came up last week to spend a few days with friends and acquaintances.

The three last days of last week were the worst we have ever seen for storms in this county.

Mrs. Robert Rose, of Fisher came up last week to visit her sister Mrs. E. Roberts, remaining until Sunday.

Bro. Stevens, of the Warren Register, was in the city on Tuesday, and gave THE JOURNAL man a pleasant call.

M. E. Bartlett returned from the east on Monday morning. He left his father somewhat improved in health.

Knute Brakke, formerly clerk at the Central House, died at his home near McIntosh on Monday, of typhoid fever.

August has been a mitey husky sort of a month so far—hot weather and storms being the predominant features.

Rev. C. E. Page, after a pleasant visit with his old parishioners here, returned on Thursday evening to his home at Montivedeo.

Nap. Rapin received the sad news of the death of his father, an old gentleman 84 years old who lives at Beauharnais, Canada.

D. H. Bates welcomed a new citizen in the fifth ward one week ago last night. It will be 21 years before the little fellow can vote.

M. Leguee has sold his farm to S. S. Simpson, of Bellevue, Iowa, and offers his machinery for sale in an ad elsewhere in this issue.

A young lady desires a place in a private family, where she can work for her board while attending school. Address J. B. Lanigan, care Crookston short hand school.

Rudy Burkhardt came up from Wabasha last week with a view to engaging in business in the city. Rudy's old friends are glad to see him back again looking so well.

St. Hilaire farmers want to use their cream for harvest butter so the creamery takes a rest for a few weeks. James Fulton goes to Hawley to enjoy his vacation with his friends.

Max Bass, immagration agent for the Great Northern road was up last week to obtain samples of grain to send to the Iowa State Fair. Polk County could make a grand display.

Wm. Erdmann has the brick work for the new addition to the central school building nearly completed, and says it would have been done before if the weather had been propitious.

Don't forget Prof. Burk's great trans-Atlantic railroad shows on Tuesday, August 18th. This show is said to be something well worth seeing and the price of admission very reasonable.

Vine & Tibesar dissolved partnership last week and Tibesar bought out LeDue & Page. The last we saw of Page he was headed for the country on Monday behind a pair of wild bronchos.

The residence of Mr. Robert Rose, near Fisher was struck by lightning on Friday last and caught fire in three places. There were seven persons in the house all whom escaped injury and the house was saved.

Earnest Rolsch and August Walters returned from their trip to Germany on Saturday morning. Earnest looks the very picture of health, but August does not seem to have been benefitted by the trip in the slightest.

A break occurred at the wheel house on Tuesday morning and in the evening a leaky flue prevented the use of steam at the power house, so Crookston sat in darkness on Tuesday night, as far as street lights are concerned.

Chris Houston not only lost his crop but the storm ruined a lot of provisions and house hold goods. Chris is bravely looking about to figure out how to go ahead and make another crop. The county should help in such cases.

N. K. Olson and A. G. Anderson have purchased the lot on Robert Street recently owned by H. H. Olson upon which stood the store recently occupied by them and will at once make arrangements to build a fine large brick store thereon.

Joseph Hoch and Walter Ott have bought the Steenerson meat market. They are both old experienced men at the business and are prepared to run the shop in excellent shape, and invite our citizens to call and see them. They will have the choicest steaks and the finest sausage in the city.

Mrs. Dufour was brought before Judge Spendley on Monday, charged with harboring people of doubtful character. The defendant asked for change of venue and the case was tried on Tuesday before Judge Christianson and a jury. The jury on first ballot stood two for acquittal, one blank and nine guilty; next ballot ten guilty, two not guilty; third ballot guilty. Fined $70 and costs. appeald.

HAIL SWEPT.

And Storm Devastated

About 6,000 Acres Harvested.

Early on Thursday morning ominous looking storm-clouds began to gather and soon the rumbling notes of Heaven's artillery announced the marshalling hosts of the mighty storm King. Anxious eyes were turned toward the awe-inspiring scene and anxious hearts awaited with bated breath the inevitable storm that was not long in coming, and which proved to be a veritable cloud-burst. In this city but very little hail fell, but the rain came in torrents. After about an hour of the hardest downpour we have ever seen, the clouds rolled by and the sun came out bright and beautiful, as though no such thing as a storm had ever been known, but he shone down upon a scene of desolation never before witnessed in Polk County, for the crops upon a strip of country from fifteen to twenty miles long and from one to three miles wide lay in utter ruin, all the country along the N. P. road, from Marin Station, near Fertile, to Buffington, near Grand Forks. Among the principal sufferers, as far as we are able to learn, are:

Himmelsback Bros., 250 acres, swept clean; Sam Marin 200 acres, total loss; John Amundson, 150 acres, all gone; Geo. J. McManus, 150 acres; John Sylvesterson. 100 acres; P. J. McGuire, 100 acres, all gone; Ole Rude, 300 acres, swept clean, and barn worth $500 destroyed; On the farm of H. E. Cooke, cultivated by M. E. Bartlett, 150 acres of grain, totally destroyed, barn and hen house blown down, chimnies blown from the roof and windows all broken from west side, and about five acres of trees completely stripped of foliage; on the farm of M. E. Bartlett, 100 acres of grain totally swept away, and Bartlett and Cooke also had five horses ruined by being cut on barbed wire fence, one horse has since died. E. D. Childs, 400 acres grain, all gone; Peter Cornelius loses 350 acres; Berthiaume Bros., 125 acres destroyed; E. Roberts, 100 acres; H. Stone, 80 acres; Sam. Greenhalgh, 100 acres; Theo. Greenhalgh, 150 acres; Ole Ener, 80 acres; Chas. LeBlanc, 80 acres; P. Hebert, 150 acres; Mat. Cornelius, 200 acres; John McMahan, 160 acres; Chris. Houston 250 acres, total loss; Henry Steege 100 acres, partial; Chas. D. Bailey, 160 acres; A. Shaw, 250 acres, total loss; Joseph Simpson, 50 acres; A. Danielson, 60 acres; B. Sampson, 40 acres; E. M. Walsh, 50 acres; C. E. Darling, 375 acres, and one mule killed by lightning; Wm. Cunningham, 100 acres; Walter Latta, 125 acres; Huff place 80 acres; S. Elisson, 150; Oloff Overland 100; Ole Placed, 60; Knute Placed, 60; G. Larocelle, 150 acres; — — Ingebret, 40 acres, and others whose losses have not yet been reported. This list foots up over 5,000 acres and the full returns seem likely to run it up to 6,000 acres, or over, a large percentage of which will be a total loss. All of this grain was of the very best quality, promising an immense yield and the loss, in many cases, following losses for two years, will be a severe one to the unfortunate victims. The idea of having the county bear a portion of the loss has been suggested, and we think that it would be one that no taxpayer would oppose, if confined to cases wherein utter ruin will be the result unless relief comes from some source. Some of those parties have suffered total or partial loss from blight for two years past, and this loss means absolute ruin unless something is done to help them. If they were supplied with oats for their teams and seed for next crop many could manage to pull out who without such aid must go to the wall.

Dennis Kelley came up from Superior last week to chat with old friends. Says the boom down there is not as stiff as it was—in fact about played out. Dennis has seen no better country in his travels than Polk county.

Caleb B. Palmer returned last week for the summer. There are Palmers and Palmers but this is the only great and original Caleb B., whose "positively last appearance in this city" transpires regularly every summer about this time of day. Caleb B., has host of warm friends here who are always glad to welcome him among us.

Ole E. Rude was stripped of everything by the storm of Thursday. Such cases are deserving of help. Ole has met with loss from blight for two years previous and last year his son, just getting old enough to help a little, was killed by a vicious hog. Ole has made a brave fight but the odds have been against him and he is diserving of help to make another start.

The losses by the recent fire have now all been satisfactorily adjusted except that of H. A. Mason. He has ascertained by inventory that his loss exceeded $200, but the smart Aleck who represented the insurance company at first offered him $8 and afterwards $50. A number of our prominent business men, who are insured in that company, say that if that is the kind of a company it is they will cancel their policies and insure in the companies that have settled their losses, and we propose to find out what company Herb was insured in and tell our readers its name.

FOR SALE.

Miss Helen Halverson took possession of her old stand again on Saturday last and now offers for sale all goods that had to be removed on account of the fire. These goods, now but slightly injured, and that by handling will be sold for what they will bring, practically at your own figures; being the balance of my summer stock they must and will be sold at any price to make room for my fall stock. It will pay you to call and examine this stock before you purchase.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

The Circus is Coming.

The first and only big show that will visit Crookston this season is T. K. Burk's consolidated shows. Gorgeous spectacular production of Cinderella, or the Crystal Slipper, mammoth museum, royal Roman hippodrome, and Prof. E. M. Burk's school of perfectly educated Arabian-Mexican horses in their wonderful military drills, court scenes, etc.

This immense aggregation will pitch their tents here for one day only on Tuesday, Aug. 18th. Two performances will be given. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m. Grand entree one hour later. Grand and gorgeous free street parade at 12 o'clock, noon. Ladies and children are especially recommended to attend the afternoon performance, thereby avoiding the vast crowds at night. Everything new and brilliant. Seats for 5,000. Popular prices.

Geo. Vine wishes THE JOURNAL to say that he is prepared to furnish fresh meats for farmers at wholesale rates. For your harvest supply call on Geo. Vine, at the post office meat market, on Robert street.

The storm of Thursday last gave veterinary surgeon, M. Leguee, lots of business mending horses that were cut on barbed wire fences. Five colts and horses on THE JOURNAL farm also received his attention and were sewed up in good shape. Mike has no superior as a veterinary in this country.

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made. This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

It makes a fellow feel kind of old to see 250 acres of fine wheat pounded into the earth so effectually that it cannot be cut for feed even, and we heartily sympathize with all whose experience was like unto ours, and we rejoice that the calamity was not general. We wish to thank those of our friends who have practically shown their sympathy for our loss, by sending us job work and ads. This is practical christianity.

Frank Montague retured from his trip abroad for his health one day last week. His trip seems to have benefitted him immensely—he is now almost as fat as a match and has a pint or so of coloring in his countenance. He wears the same beaming, genial smile as of old and everybody would know he was Frank even if he is so fat. Frank says Polk county is the best place in the world.

Mrs. Duffy, wife of F. J. Duffy of the East Grand Forks Courier, died last Wednesday after a short illness, of heart failure, and in the evening F. J. started on a mournful journey to her old home in Wisconsin with the remains. She leaves two children, one a babe a few weeks old and a loving husband to mourn her early death. THE JOURNAL extends its hearty sympathy to our afflicted brother.

About 7 o'clock on Friday evening John O. Melseth was instantly killed by lightning on the farm of Thomas Bjoin south of this city. He was plowing with a three horse team and it knocked the horses down and killing Mr. M. almost instantly. The horses soon revived and got up and ran. Another man just ahead stopped the horses and ran to assist John but he was already past help. He was a single man 22 or 25 years old whose parents live near Mellen post-office 25 miles east of Warren. Mr. B. sent them word at once and on Sunday his father came down after the body which was taken to Marshall County for interment.

On Wednesday evening of last week Mrs. M. E. Bartlett suffered severe injuries from being thrown from a horse-rake that will oblige her to remain indoors for awhile. Her husband, M. E. Bartlett, was at Clifton Springs, N. Y., attending to the needs of his aged and infirm father, and in the rush of haying on the farm another hand was needed to rake hay in the afternoon, so Mrs. B. insisted on taking her own driving horse and raking hay, which she did without accident until about seven o'clock, when they all started for the house. In crossing the N. P. track the rake dropped down which frightened the horse, that already was very nervous by mosquitoes, and in trying to handle the lines Mrs. B. lost control of the horse and was thrown off the rake onto the horse's heels and the rake coming along rolled her over and over for several rods. She was taken up unconscious and conveyed to the house where she remained unconscious for two hours or so, and was out of her head until about eleven o'clock. Dr. Watts was hastily summoned who found no serious injury except a fractured rib on her right side and several ugly bruises. Although her injuries are grievous to be borne, it might have been far worse, in fact it seems wonderful that her life was spared as it was indeed an ugly runaway and Mrs. B. has occasion to be thankful after all. Since the above was in type it has been learned that Mrs. B. was overcome by heat and probably unconscious when the horse ran away, as she has no recollection of the affair. The last she remembers is that everything looked dark as she was driving out of the hay field.

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

Great Remnant Sale

AT

THE MAMMOTH

Commencing Saturday, July 11h, 1891,

A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.

CARPETS

AND

House Furnishing Goods

A SPECIALTY.

Agent for those Cool Elastic Pillows.

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

I. O. O. F. Block, - - Robert Street.

Dept. postmaster, Geo. McLean, is away on a vacation. The following dispatch received by Postmaster Dawley on Monday gives tidings of his whereabouts and prospects:

MICHIGAN CITY, Aug. 9, 1891.

Postmaster W. B. Dawley, Crookston, Minn: "Saw Mac at Michigan City this afternoon. He is to be married at 8 a. m. to-morrow."

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

A State Teachers' Institute

For the County of Polk will be held in Crookston during the week commencing Monday, August 24th, 1891. Efficient instructors will be present and it is hoped that every teacher in the county will be present.

Miss Emma Veroneau and her sister, Miss Louisa, returned on Monday from a pleasant visit to Grand Forks.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

N. K. Hubbard, one of the old time boomers on the Northern Pacific, was in the city last week looking us over and expressed great pleasure in the improvement that he noted in our city since his last visit. Mr. H. was once a large property owner in the city and seems much interested in our welfare.

Every farmer who can should send sheaves of oats barley and wheat to W. W. Fegan to be sent to the Iowa State Fair. No doubt many with such an evidence of what this country can produce would come up and see the country and locate here.

The ladies of W. C. T. U. will give a concert at the Grand Opera House on Monday evening, August 17th, commencing at 8 o'clock. Local talent, assisted by Miss Minnie Ayers, of Cairo, Ill. Proceeds of concert to be devoted to the running expenses of reading room. Tickets 50c, 35c and 25c, for sale at Tom Morris'.

Grand Circus Matinee for the Children.

The managers of T. K. Burk's great trans-Atlantic railroad shows, circus, museum, hippodrome, school for educated horses and ponies, etc., will give a grand matinee Tuesday, Aug. 18th, and ladies and children are especially invited. Every child attending will receive a beautiful present and an invitation to a ride on one of the cute little Shetland ponies. Doors open at 1 p. m.. Grand entree at 2 o'clock. The full program will be rendered. The dashing riders, thrilling aerialists, graceful acrobats, funny clowns, exciting hippodrome races, trained horses, cunning ponies, trick mules, etc. Ample seating capacity. Polite ushers in attendance. Popular prices.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, Aug. 11, 1891.

The Great Northern Railroad Co., through the solicitation of the weather bureau have volunteered to transmit over their lines reports of the weather when there is danger of frost. If a day is cold and clear the farmers will do well to come to town in the evening to learn if there is danger that they may guard against it.

Business is booming at the Atlantic Hotel and Jake is as smiling as ever.

One of our wheat buyers saw "snakes" the other day.

P. J. Carey was in Fertile yesterday. He says that many of its inhabitants are still celebrating the Fourth of July. One of them passed through here today for North Dakota to recuperate. The mineral water must be holding out well.

P. Loveland is putting down a flowing well on W. J. Nickle's farm just north of town.

C. E. Ford, Jr., has been lonesome since his "birdie" flew away.

Recent rains have knocked down many acres of heavy grain.

C. E. Ford, Sr., of Minneapolis, who has large business interests here, spent a few days with us this week. He told all the "boys" to vote against the bonds. It is only natural for Minneapolis men to be against anything that will help Duluth.

STRAYED.

From my farm in Andover, one and one-half miles south of Carman, about two weeks since, one red and one white cow. Finder will please notify T. H. Bjoin, Crookston, Minn.

MEMBERS OF THE

Home Supply Association,

OF CHICAGO,

ATTENTION

Supply Association Prices on

HARNESS, ETC.,

Knocked sky-high by

G. W. PEAKE,

MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON.

QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My prices.
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No C 38—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4.50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,

Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

Gold Watch Given Away

FREE TO THE PERSON

Making The Closest Estimate

To the Number of Votes Cast in Favor of Bonds to the D. & W. Railroad Co., August 25th.

SEND YOUR GUESS

And remember that I have the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

Silverware, Violins, Accordeons, Spectacles, Etc., Etc., Etc.,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

C. H. SAAKE,

Wholesale and Retail. CROOKSTON, MINN.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending August 8th, 1891.

Mandt. Miss The	Lee, Minnie
Smith, G. P.	Longale, Elmer
Helgaas, Cornelius O.	Foroen, Hans

Persons calling for the above please say advertised W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. } Crookston. Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Godfrey, a bachelor, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of June, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 25 of mortgages, on pages 142-145.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the principal $800 that fell due June 24th, 1891, and interest coupons for $24 each that fell due on the 24th days of December, 1888, June and December, 1889, June and December, 1890, and June 1891.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Nine hundred and sixty dollars and sixteen cents ($960.16); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot four (4), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) of Section fourteen (14) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing 117 acres more or less according to the United States government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-24] [N. G. 73]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th 1891]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Bernard and Emma Bernard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of January, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 464; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the coupons for interest that fell due July 22d, 1889, January 22d, 1890, July 22d, 1890, January 22d, 1891, and July 22d, 1891, each thereof being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred dollars and forty-five cents, ($600.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), of Section nineteen (19), Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty (40) west, containing 144 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28TH, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 7th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-23] [N. G. 80]

Euclid Items.

C. H. Misner returned from St. Paul on Tuesday.

Mrs. Stockwell is visiting her sister, Mrs. Taylor. They have not seen each other since they lived at their old home in Lyons, Iowa.

Last week Mr. Snipes was up from Snipeville, a sniping, and he sniped about all the snipes in Snipe County.

A novel scheme is now on foot for building a new church in this village, the old one being unsafe on account of a rotten foundation. Mite boxes are to be distributed among private families and in public places and whoever wishes to contribute may drop their mites into the box.

Charley Harrington is the proud possessor of a gentleman mule, who politely greets every one he sees through his stable windows with a tremendous good morning or good evening, whichever the case may be. He is especially polite on Sunday.

For the last ten years the west side farmers have been running down the land on the east side, but at the same time they stripped the east side of all the timber grown there, and now that hay is scarce they rush in and cut it all before the east siders are ready to make hay. Many of the east siders would be happy if the west siders would make the railroad track a boundary line for their earthly labors.

A new table for federal money is now going the rounds; it reads something like this: 10 mills 1 cent, 10 cents 1 drink, 10 drinks 1 drunk, 10 drunks 60 days in county jail.

Robert Casmey and son spent the Sabbath at Crookston.

Michael Shultz fell from a load of hay and seriously hurt his neck.

Mr. S. Currie had a valuable horse killed by lightning on Friday.

Constable Losey was at Angus on Saturday watching a mower.

Halvor Steenerson, I. U. Jennings, E. Sawyer, and others, were up from Crookston educating our people about the railroad bonds. We would have been happy to have heard Mr. Jennings, but the other orators took up all the time.

H. Misner and family, C. Misner and Dr. Chapin and family, went to the Indian Reservation on Thursday and returned on Saturday.

Had a heavy storm on Friday which did some damage to heavy grain.

A crew of men are repairing the Minneapolis and Northern elevator to be in readiness for the new crop of wheat. F. D.

Anton Erickson headed a list for the relief of Torger Nelson who lost his all in the fire which destroyed the Norsk hotel on Robert street, and raised $141, one-half of which was paid at the time the list was handed round. This money was given Mr. Nelson on Tuesday and will help him a little.

For Sale!

Having sold my farm, I will sell all of my farm machinery, consisting of one McKinnon Bros. wide-tired wagon, one Concord buggy, one Plano binder, one Buckeye seeder, one Fargo harrow, one J. I. Case plow, new, and other articles too numerous to mention. For further particulars see

M. LEGUEE,
[17-tf] Crookston, Minn.

CHAS. M. LOWE,

REAL ESTATE

AND

CHATTEL LOANS.

LANDS FOR SALE.

Farmers, we wish to call your attention to our new mode of making FARM LOANS with Life Insurance.

Amount Loaned. One-half the actual cash value of the land.

Terms of Loan. Ten (10) years. INTEREST AT 8 PER CENT.

Special Privilege. Partial payments in ANY AMOUNT can be made at ANY TIME. Interest payable only ONCE EACH YEAR.

Special Agreement. In consideration of the annual payment of one-tenth (1-10) of the loan the company will agree to insure the borrower's life for ten (10) years, and at the expiration of that period will CANCEL, RELEASE AND RETURN ALL THE MORTGAGE PAPERS.

Should the borrower die during the term of the loan we CANCEL AND RETURN all papers and give the family CASH to the amount of the loan.

All kinds of choice loans made for 5 years or more at 9 per cent, WITHOUT LIFE INSURANCE. Interest payable ONCE a year.

Special Rates on large loans.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
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Chas. E. Sawyer.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council, of the city of Crookston, held in the City Hall on Thursday evening, July 30th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present: Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent; McGlogan, Steenerson.

The call of the Mayor read as follows;

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Crookston, Minn., 1891.

There will be a special meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, in the city Hall, at 8 o'clock p. m., July 30th, for the purpose of considering the petitions of J. R. Clements, agent for owner of Commercial House property; of Francis R. Rickett, by Charles C. Rickett, agent; and also petition of John L. Hanson, in reference to liquor license.

ALEX McKINNON.
Mayor.

A petition was read from Francis Reckett, petitioning that, the part of the alley which extends from Second Street, and at a right angle thereto, between lots five, seventeen and eighteen, and lots sixteen, three, and four be vacated for the first one hundred feet from Second Street.

A communication was read from Francis Reckett, requesting the privilege of using one half of the street opposite the corner of Second and Main Streets during his building operations.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Marlette, that the petition be granted. Carried.

A communication was received from J. L. Hanson, petitioning that his liquor license might be changed to read, "in the building on lot 7, block 3 in Fletcher and Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston."

Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Jenning, that the petition be granted. Carried.

A communication was received from the owners of the Commercial Hotel, requesting the privilege of building a new part to the hotel.

At a special meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 30th day of July, 1891, Alderman Jennings offered the following resolution which was seconded by Alderman Buhn.

Resolved, that the request of Francis Reckett, presented to this council on the 30th day of July, 1891, praying that the alley running from Second Street in this city, and at right angles to it for the first one hundred feet thereof be vacated, be granted, and that that portion of said alley, extending one hundred feet from Second Street, and adjacent to lots five three and four, Block 17, original townsite of Crookston, and lots fifteen, sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, block five in Fletcher & Houston's addition to Crookston be, and the same hereby is, vacated, and all right, title and interest of the city of Crookston in said alley be and the same hereby is relinquished.

Upon the call of yeas, and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative Buhn, Childs, Jenning, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative: none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 30th day of July, 1891.

JOHN CROMB.
President of the council.

Approved this 31st day, of July, 1891.

ALEX McKINNON, Mayor.

Attest:

E. C. CARRUTH, Clark.

Aldermen Childs asked to be excused. Granted.

On motion the petition of J. R. Clements was referred to the fire committee with the request that they report at the next meeting of the council.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH.
City Clerk.

Proceedings of an adjourned meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held in the City Hall, on Wednesday afternoon, August 5th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

Roll call.

Aldermen present—Jennings, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Childs, Jerome, McGlogan and Steenerson.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Walker, that the City Engineer be instructed to furnish plans, profiles and estimates on the construction of a sewer from the center of Broadway and Second street easterly on Second to the intersection with Ash street, thence north along Ash street to the school house grounds. The size of sewer pipe to be 12 inches. Carried.

The application for liquor license of Halla & Hanson was presented, and as the necessary publications had been made, Alderman Jennings moved and Alderman Marlette seconded, that the bond be accepted and the license granted. Carried.

The bill of F. X. Farley for medical attendance was read, and on motion was allowed and the clerk authorized to draw an order for the amount, amounting to $7.

A communication was received from H. H. Olson, asking for the privilege of repairing his building which was damaged by fire. Moved by Ald. Marlette, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that the communication be referred to the fire committee, and that they be requested to report at next meeting. Carried.

The fire committee to whom the petition of the Commercial Hotel was referred reported the petition to the Council without recommendation.

A communication was read from W. E. McKenzie relating to the city printing.

A petition was received from property holders and business men along Main street asking that a sidewalk be constructed along the west side of Main street, between second and Robert.

The City Engineer reported that the sidewalk along the street was in very poor condition. Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Buhn, that the petition be granted. Carried.

The City Engineer reported the sidewalk along Main street near the Revere House, to be in very poor condition.

Moved by Ald. Marshall, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the petition of, the Commercial Hotel owners be granted, with the clause added to it, that the ice house and cold storage buildings be covered with iron. Carried.

At an adjourned regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 5th day of August, 1891, Ald. Schmidt offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Marlette:

Resolved by the City Council of the city of Crookston, That the chief of police be instructed to notify owners and occupants of lots 23 and 24, of block 16, of the original townsite of Crookston, to remove and abate any and all nuisances and sources of filth now existing on said lots.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Jennings, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 5th day of August, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Moved by Ald. Marlette, seconded by Ald. Walker that when we adjourn it be to meet at 8 o'clock this evening. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

Wednesday Evening, Aug. 5, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

Ald. present—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen absent—McGlogan and Jerome.

A bill for $225.26 was presented by John Kyle for building 664 feet of sidewalk along Central avenue. The finance committee reported favorably upon the bill, and on motion the report was accepted and the clerk authorized to draw an order for the amount.

At an adjourned regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 5th day of August, 1891, Ald. Jennings offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Buhn:

Resolved by the City Council of the city of Crookston, That a sidewalk 8 feet wide, made of white pine plank two inches thick, surfaced on one side, each plank to be not more than six inches wide and well nailed with twenty penny spikes, upon four stringers, three by six inches, dimension timber, is hereby directed to be constructed upon and along the east side of Main street, in the part thereof fronting and adjoining lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 7, of block 7, of Fletcher & Houston's Addition to the city of Crookston, all timber used in constructing said sidewalk to be of at least as good quality as first common white pine lumber, and such sidewalk is directed to be laid upon the line and grade to be established by the city engineer.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 5th day of August, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

The matter of putting in hitching posts in front of business houses came up, and Ald. Childs gave notice that at the next meeting he would offer an amendment to the ordinance relating to the same.

At an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 5th day of August, 1891, Alderman Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Childs:

Whereas, a proposition has been filed with the county auditor of Polk County, in the State of Minnesota, by the Duluth & Dakota Railroad Company for municipal aid from said county, and whereas said auditor has fixed the 25th day of August, 1891, for the date of said election; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That said election be and the same is hereby ordered to be held on said 25th day of August, at the respective polling places in said city, from nine o'clock in the forenoon until five o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marlette, Marshall, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Passed this 5th day of August, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of Council.

Approved the 5th day of August, 1891.

ALEX. McKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

The matter of city printing was brought up. Moved by Ald. Schmidt, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that the motion whereby the vote was passed, that if the Times did not accept the offer of the council inside of 15 days, that the city printing should be given to THE JOURNAL on its bid, be reconsidered.

Ald. Childs raised a point of order, that it was not competent to reconsider. Chair sustained the point of order. Ald. Schmidt appealed from the decision of the chair.

The fire committee to whom the petition of H. H. Olson was referred, reported as follows:

To the President and members of the City Council of the city of Crookston:

GENTLEMEN: Your fire committee to whom was referred the above petition of H. H. Olson to put a metal roof on his building and repair the front of the same, beg leave to report as follows: That the petition be granted, provided the said H. H. Olson complies in all respects with the fire ordinance of the city. Respectfully submitted.

A. C. SCHMIDT.
E. D. CHILDS.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the petition be granted as per the report of the fire committee. Carried.

The matter of a sidewalk along the west side of Main street, between Robert and second streets, was brought up. Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Marlette, that it be left over until next meeting, and that the clerk be instructed to notify the parties concerned of the fact, and that the city engineer be asked to furnish the council with the grade of the street, and the grade on which the sidewalk that is now constructed is on. Carried.

The vote then came up on the question of sustaining the chair on his ruling in the city printing matter.

Aldermen voting to sustain the chair, Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marlette, Steenerson, Walker.

Aldermen not sustaining the chair, Marshall, Schmidt.

Chair declared sustained.

Moved by Ald. Schmidt, seconded by Ald. Buhn, that the city engineer be instructed to ascertain what the cost would be for putting in a watering trough stand pipe, taps, etc., in some convenient place for the accommodation of the public. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

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CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

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Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

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Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

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SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

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PIANOS,

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WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or looseaing in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on o before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

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BUY OF SLOCUM,
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TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

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CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

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ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
DEALERS IN
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
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Trade at
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CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
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ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
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Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES.

all and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,
Opera Block - - Crookston.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVER OATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS,
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES IN Fancy Cassimeres.
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OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
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Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
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Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

At the meeting of the county board on July 25 a hearing in the matter of the individual school petition of Haggerty and others was set for next meeting. The report of the committee on the Crookston and Gentilly road is as follows.

To the board of county commissioners of Polk county:

The undersigned committee appointed by you to examine the proposed location of a highway as stated in the petition referred to in your order of appointment made on the 10th day of June, 1891, would respectfully report that we met at the time and place designated in your said order, and proceeded to examine the highway proposed to be located and laid out, viz:

Beginning 6 45-100 chains west of the ¼ section corner or post between sections 20 and 29 of township 150 north of range 45 west, and running due west, or as near as practicable, to the section line between the southwest ¼ of section 20, and northwest ¼ of section 29 and section 19 and 30 of township 150 range 45 west, also between section 24 and 25 of township 150 range 46 west, terminating at the corner post betwaen sections 23, 24, 25, 26 of township 150 north of range 46 west, and in the opinion of your committee, the above proposed line would make a much better highway and shorten the distance at least one mile between Crookston and Gentilly. Your committee therefore does hereby recommend that the prayers of said petitioners be granted, provided the right of way for said proposed highway can be obtained from the owners of adjoining lands with little or no expense to the county.

Given under our hands this 12th day of July, 1891.

M. E. KIRSCH.
C. P. DEMERS.

It was voted to raise on the taxable property for 1891, $30,000.00 for general purposis, $7,000.00 for interest on bonds and $5,000.00 for roads and bridges. It was decided to appropreate $3,000.00 for horspital purposes.

The board having under consideration the advisability of authrizing the chairman on behalf of the board to sign and enter into a contract or agreement with the Duluth & Dakota Railroad Company in connection with the proposition of said company asking the county for aid in constructing a railroad line from Itaska county to Crookston. Commissioner A. C. Rhinehart moved the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, that the chairman of this board be and he is hereby authorized in the name of the board to sign the proposed agreement for the reduction of railroad rates proposed by the Duluth & Dakota Railroad Company, a copy of which is hereby attached as soon as said agreement shall be placed on file signed by the proper authorities of said company.

The adoption of the foregoing resolution was seconded by Chairman Kirsch, and calling for the ays and nays the vote stood as follows:

Rhinehart, DeMers and Kirsch voting yes.

Johnson and Stortroen voting no.

On this vote the chairman declared the motion for the adopting said resolution carried.

On motion of Kirsch the amount of $350 was appropriated out of the county road and bridge fund for repairing the Broadway bridge in the city of Crookston. Motion carried with Rhinehart dissenting.

On motion of Stortroen the amount of $100 was appropriated out of the county road and bridge fund for the completion of the Fisher and Sandhill county road,

A road petition from Godfrey township was referred to commissioner Johnson.

The amount of $100 was, on motion of Johnson, appropriated out of the county road and bridge fund to aid Sletten township in construction and improving such roads as set forth in a petition signed by Jorgen Higdem and others.

$50 was, on motion of Johnson, appropriated out of the same fund to Lessor township and the same to be expended on the road located on the township line between the township of Lessor and King.

On motion of Stortroen the amount of $225 was appropriated out of the county road and bridge fund and to be expended in the construction of a road through township 151 range 50 as prayed for in a petition signed by Oscar Wick and others.

A petition signed by the supervisors of Sullivan township was referred to commissioner Rhinehart as said petition was not in shape to be acted on by the board.

The different county officers were required to file with the county board during their session a bill of articles which they might need from time to tine for their respective offices, and if any one of said officers fails to comply with this order he must supply the article needed at his own expense.

The assessment of the s e ¼ section 12, 150-41 for the year 1889, was corrected as prayed for by the petitioner.

Bills to the amount of $539.72 were audited and allowed.

The bill of K. Movold was ordered returned for the verification by each in dividual as to items charged.

Bill of A. C. Johnson rejected.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 13, 1891. }

The Hon. Commissione of the general Land Office, by letter dated May 28th, 1891, under instruction from the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, dated May 22d, 1891, directs us to restore to the public domain, and open to settlement and entry all lands heretofore withdrawn in this district within indemnity limits of the grant for the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway Company, and not embraced in selections heretofore made or applied for by said company, but this restoration shall not affect the rights acquired by grantees within the primary limits of any other congressional grant

Notice is therefore hereby given that applications for all lands coming within the purview of said instructions will be received at this office on and after August 24th, 1891.

H. H. DICKMANN, Register.
L. K. AAKER, Receiver.

In relation to the above notice, Mr. Aaker informs THE JOURNAL that after a careful search of the records they find that there is no land in the district subject to entry that has not been included in selections already made by the Railroad Company. This report was duly made to the General Land Office at Washington, and instructions sent back to publish the order nevertheless. The notice is probably given for the purpose of finally adjusting the grant.

Polk County Journal.

Crookston, August 13, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de..........CROOKSTON..........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de..........Grand Forks..........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..........Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South..........7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba..........8:15 a. m.

A Serious Matter.

The late "Sunset" Cox, who so long represented one of the New York City districts in Congress, was an inveterate jester. A matter-of-fact friend once wrote Cox a long letter, the burden of which was that he should quit joking. "Hitch your wagon to a star, and be serious," wrote the would-be mentor. Cox replied: "I might hitch my wagon to the dog-star, and that would be Sirius, wouldn't it?" That must have been an August jest, for these are the days when the dog-star rages, and it was a good enough joke for warm weather. But it is really a serious matter, if you are obliged to travel in hot weather, to select a line on which you can journey in comfort. Such a one is "The Burlington" which follows the east bank of the Mississippi for three hundred miles, under the shadow of lofty tree-crowned bluffs on one side and the sparkling waters of the river, fanned by cooling breezes on the other. For tickets and rates by this line, call on any ticket agent or address W. J. C. Kenyon Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St Paul Minn.

Ho! There! Farmers! wipe the sweat from your brow and cool off a few minutes while you read this. Supt. O. C. Gregg and the State Fair management have eclipsed Barnum's three ring circus, and offer you, not the "Biggest Show on Earth," but the grandest opportunity to combine knowledge with pleasure for a whole week, you have ever had. Heretofore one of the greatest difficulties in attending the State Fair, has been to secure lodging; but this has been obviated by securing all of the State Militia tents, a large number of which will be set up on the Fair grounds near the Institute Hall and for your accommodation. All that will be required of you, will be simply to notify Supt. O. C. Gregg, (by mail) 1,425 sixth street S. E., Minneapolis, Minn., by the 25th of August, and the number of tent and street will be forwarded to the applicant at once. These tents will accommodate six persons and we would advise, for the economy of room and avoid being with strangers, that your club together in companies of six; as the demand for tents will no doubt exceed the supply. Bring your blankets and your lunch, or you can obtain meals on the grounds at reasonable rates.

Sup. Gregg, the Barnum of Minnesota State Farmers Institutes, will conduct a regular Farmers Institute on the Fair grounds, holding morning and evening sesions each day, in a comfortable building, convenient to the tenting ground. This will give the State Farmers Institute an opportunity to put on a greater variety of topics, and more time than ever before offered, as it holds six days. A locked question box will be kept near the door, where questions can be slipped in, which will be answered by parties to whom their department belongs.

It will be readily perceived that the combination of the Farmers Institute with the State Fair is a rare opportunity for "killing two birds with one stone", and remember it is all under one canvass and cost only the regular admission fee to the grounds.

Make up your clubs promptly, and let Supt. O. C. Gregg know as soon as possible, as this is a rare opportunity for profit and pleasure.

Hon. Eric Olson, in Grand Forks Herald:—I am spendin a little time in North Dakota looking up our reliable Alliance men. I was formerly secretary of the Minnesota State Alliance, but now I am giving my whole time to organizing a movement among our farmers for selling wheat independently of the elevators. They think we don't know how to run our own business, but I think we will manage to do it. What we intend to do is to organize our entire state in the same way as the protective associations you have here. When we get that done we can handle our wheat to suit ourselves, independently of the elevators. Our investigation at Duluth, oh, we are getting along nicely; have just now taken a recess for six months. We have detectives working in the elevator offices, so that we come pretty near knowing what they are doing with us.

Thursday morning, August 13, the railroad and warehouse commissioners will meet at the capitol to fix the grades of Minnesota grain for the ensuing year. The law requires that the commission shall hold such a meeting yearly when the grain growers and others interested may be present. Circulars have been sent to grain men all over the state inviting them to be present or communicate with the board.

[First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 28th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Cromb, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of, the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained, the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof, the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all the real estate belonging to said deceased mentioned in the petition. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court on Monday, the 31st day of August, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said County, then and there to show cause, (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell all of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 28th day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[15-18] Judge of Probate.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 31st, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Harvey E. Cooke, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance at the Probate office in Crookston, on Monday, January 18th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston, the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the court; C. M. BENSON,
[15-18] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 16th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-23] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication July 30th, 1891.)
[Last publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of fifty (50) dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable on the 17th day of November, 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Loren H. Walker and Sophia Walker, his wife, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1886, at 9:50 o'clock a. m., and recorded in volume "36" of mortgages, on pages 442-7.

And a further default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said mortgaged premises, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee was compelled to pay, and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes due and delinquent on said premises, the sum of thirty-nine and 37-100 ($39.37) dollars, in order to protect the lien of its said mortgage; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($637.50) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section eight, (8) in Township one hundred forty seven, (147) Range forty-four, (44), containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and twenty-five (25) dollars as attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minnesota, July 17, 1891.

The Netherlands American Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[15-21] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 10th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 9th, 1891, viz: CARL CARLSON, D. S. 11,827, for the se¼ nw¼ sw¼ ne¼ nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼ Sec. 4, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bernt O. Lindberg, Ole Olson, Jr., Richard Skaug, Charles Aagaard, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

W. A. ROBERTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward Labree, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 3; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $24 that became due May 1st, 1890, $24 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $24 that became due May, 1st, 1891.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents, ($886.95), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼), and lots three, (3) and four (4) of Section thirty-one, (31), in township one hundred and forty-seven (147) north, of Range forty (40), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 75.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "C" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees,
[14-22] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Harry Fleury, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 27; and

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.80 that became due November 1st, 1889, $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $9.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and thirty-six dollars and four cents. ($336.04), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-five, (35), in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), north, of Range forty-one, (41), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N, G 76]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d. 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harald Johnson, (an unmarried man,) mortgagor, to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 177, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section four, (4) Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range forty-four, (44) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.
OFFICERS.
C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockin. C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

BENOIT & SYLVESTER,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—
Heavy and Shelf Hardware
Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
☞ Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines. ☜
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, HENRY SMITH AND EMMA Smith, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Austin Corbin, Trustee, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of April 28th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 153, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1887, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 30 of mortgages, on pages 581 to 585; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of sixty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of sixty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns, to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, The said Austin Corbin, Trustee, has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred sixty and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d, day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 24th, A. D. 1891.

AUSTIN CORBIN, Trustee,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eleven hundred ninety-two and 30-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Dethloff and Martha Dethloff, his wife, mortgagors, to W. E. Damon, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of January, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 93.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said W. E. Damon, mortgagee, to Alice S. Colton, by written assignment, dated the 13th day of May, 1886, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of June, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 34 of mortgages, on pages 559, 560, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty-four (154) Range forty-eight, (48), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred ninety-two 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

ALICE S. COLTON
Assignee of Mortgage.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred twenty four and 80-100 ($124.80) dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 105, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, to Caroline Anderson, by written assignment dated the 9th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 150, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine (9) of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred twenty-four and 80-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE ANDERSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[15-21] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 16th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, vs. Benjamin Milette, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum from the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated July 7th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[13-19] Crookston, Minn.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-one and 73-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphouse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 231, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, at 2 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of deeds, on page 556, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of forty one and 73-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five and 93-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, and $25 to become due, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphouse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 14th day of January, 1890, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $25.93 and $25 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication July 2d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars, ($279.50) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles Boucher and Margaret Boucher, his wife, to Joseph Kelso, bearing date the 9th day of March, A. D. 1887, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1887, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 29 of mortgages, on pages 305 to 307 inclusive, and the further sum of fifty four and 79-100 dollars for taxes duly assessed and levied against the land conveyed by said mortgage for the years 1886, 1887, 1888, 1889 and 1890, and paid by said mortgagee, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number twenty-six (26) block seven (7), in Sletten & Cromb's subdivision of Lots in Hurlbut's Addition to Crookston, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 29th, A. D. 1891.

JOSEPH KELSO, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Eugene St. Mars and Marie St. Mars, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Mary V. Martin, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of January 27th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 9:15 o'clock p. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 339; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-nine dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D 1890, and on the further sum of forty-nine dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary V. Martin has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seven and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, A. D. 1891.

MARY V. MARTIN, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by George Goodrich and Emma S. Goodrich, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 338, 339, 340 and 341; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $15.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $18.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($682.80) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and lots one (1) and four (4) of Section twenty-one (21) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-three (43) west, containing 125.50 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 74.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 2d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, RICHARD CARIVEAU AND Minnie Cariveau, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Caroline C. Moulton, of the County of Chittenden, State of Vermont, their mortgage bearing date of July 1st, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The southeast quarter of Section 22, Township 150, Range 42 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1887, at 11:20 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Caroline C. Moulton, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred seven and 22-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, June 24th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE C. MOULTON,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[11-17] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, John Gudmundsen and Marie Gudmundsen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Nathan P. Rice, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of September 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southeast quarter of Section 30, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 237; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of ten dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of fifty-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Nathan P. Rice has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-seven and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1891.

NATHAN P. RICE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 20, 1891. NO. 18.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. I outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10.00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

"IT IS A FRAUD"

Is the heading of an article which appears in the Chicago Herald, the Boston Globe, the Buffalo Evening News the Chicago Tribune, Pioneer Press, and many other leading papers, many of which papers have been sent us with the article marked and costing somebody a one cent stamp to carry it. The article in question scores the druggists for substituting other medicines for the patent nostrums they have on sale, and claims that this is a damage to newspapers who advertise these patent medicines, and furthermore urges publishers to unite in one grand kick against these miscreant druggists! Well, we fail to see why country newspapers should fill their columns with this big ad in the interest of proprietary medicines, for it is a class of advertising that seldom, if ever, pays the country newspaper man full value for his work. They generally solicit these ads for from one-fifth to one-tenth his regular price and when he does the work he has to do it at cost to himself, and now they have the cheek to BEG two or three columns of hogwash for NOTHING! The Pioneer Press takes occasion to score the "Slocums of the country press," because no one of them is fool enough to bite, and because some of them kick at the cheeky request. If we were getting our full rates, as no doubt the Pioneer Press is, for advertising patent medicines, it might look more reasonable for us to give them several columns of free advertising on this occasion, even though the Pioneer Press probably published the long ad at its usual rates. We are glad to notice that the boys have too much sense to be caught by such chaff.

SUGAR FROM BEETS.

PRESIDENT HENRY OXNAR LOOKING OVER NORTH DAKOTA,

HIS COMPANY NOW HAS THREE LARGE FACTORIES IN OPERATION.

Press News Association.

JAMESTOWN, N.D. Aug. 4,—Mr. Henry Oxnard, President of the Oxnard Beet Sugar Co., spent, yesterday in this city, and made an examination of several sugar beet patches in the vicinity.

He was greatly surprised to find the condition for the growth of the beet so good. He hardly expected this, as he had had been led to believe North Dakota was not adapted as fully as other localities for raising beets. He says there is a peculiarity about sugar beets in their standing both rain and drouth also that hail does not destroy them.

His chief fear in this locality would be the lack of sufficent acreage to keep a factory going. It requires at least 2,500 acres to supply each plant and 3,000 are preferred. The water of the city artesian well was examined and pronounced entirely satisfactory for the process. The salts in the water are eliminated by the process of manufacturing. A plant would require a special artesian well.

Forty tons of limestone are required daily in the Nebraska factories, which are hauled 150 miles on a low contract with the railroads. It is possible that quarries nearer than that are to be found in this State. Mr. Oxnard will return again this fall and make a more thorough examination into the details of the project, and hopes to be able to establish a factory in the State. Two large sugar factories are now in operation in Nhbraska, one at Grand Island Norfolk, and Mr. Oxnard has erected a third at Presno, in Southern California, to which point he is now en route. Each plant costs half a million dollars.

THIS IS TERRIBLE.

McKinley Law Has Ruined British Export Trade to America, Says the St. James Gazette.

Yet They Tell Us This Same Bill Is An Injury to the United States.

LONDON, August 10.—The St. James Gazette takes a very gloomy view of the condition of British trade and today there appears in its columns an article commenting in a pessimistic manner upon the outlook for the manufacturing and other industries of Great Britain. It says; "Judging from the returns issued by the board of trade it looks as though we have already reached the end of good times. The great decline in the exports from Great Britain is undoubtedly due to the operation of the McKinley law in the United States. We have been told that that act would eventually prove a real misfortune to the United States, but its immediate object was to hit foreign manufacturers, especialy those of Great Britain, and it is plainly evident that this object has been attained."

A Difference.

The New York Press.

"If taking the tariff off sugar cuts down the price, why will it not do so in other articles?" asks a correspondent in Virginia. It will, in the case of other articles of what we produce only one-ninth of what we consume, which is about the proportion in the matter of sugar. When we produce a larger part of what we consume, or when we can produce all of it, the price is less and less dependent on the tariff on importations of article in question. There are cotton goods, for instance. They are cheaper than last year—even goods on which the McKinley bill raised duties. The Democratic newspapers said that the duties were going to be added to the prices, but the Dry Goods Economist, a free trade journal of business, admits that the prices have been absolutely unaffected by the tariff.

Buffalo Journal:—A correspondent who has probably been duped by a "traveling merchant" writes: "If our local merchants or grocers would let the people know as much about the prices of their goods through printer's ink as the traveling grocers and foreign merchants do by flooding the country with price lists, catalogues, etc., there would not be so many duped farmers or complaining merchants. The advertisers who put their goods before the people and keep them there, are the ones who will sell the goods. They may say, when too late, "I would have duplicated that bill of goods," but they should have let the farmer who sent away and bought advertised goods of a foreign merchant know of it before he bought. That's the business of it."—Ex.

Duluth Herald:—The Polk county farmers have an opportunity to throw off the yoke of railway dictation and monopoly by taking stock in a competing line that will leave every year in that county $150,000 now extorted from them for a long haul around by St. Anthony Falls. The Lord helps them who help themselves.

The following names for jurors were selected to replace those who served at the last term of court for grand jurors:

L. S. Kolden	Hubbard Tp.
Ole F. Brunn	Vineland
Thomas Ervin	Fisher
Wm. Anglim	City of Crookston
Max Ericsson	City of Crookston
T. H. Bjoin	City of Crookston
Martin Lally	City of Crookston
M. E. Bartlett	Fairfax
W. P. Davies	Angus
M. G. Jennings	Parnell
Adellar Perruse	Terrebonne
Louis Pigeon	Poplar River
Adolph Plant	Lambert
W. Schaper	Lake Pleasant
John Delorge	Gervais
John Drecol	Sullivan Tp
Ole Bang	Higdem
Paul Hendrickson	Sandsville
George Dangerfield	Higdem
Henry Morn	Keystone
Hans Sandley	Woodside
Knute Opheim	Garfield
Andrew Christianson	Godfrey
John LaDue	Garfield
E. King	King Tp

FOR PETIT JURORS.

K. S. Aker	Hubbard TP
J. E. Johnson	Vineland
Erick O. Stortroen	Vinelard
E. O. Estenson	Vineland
O. J. Wolden	Roome
Halvor Grundeson	Bygland
Henry Nolan	City of Crookston
Peter Becker	City of Crookston
Louis Rivard	City of Crookston
Stasius Ellason	Fairfax
W. Campion	Angus
Albert Wickstorm	Bray
Wm Findeisen	Red Lake Falls
F. A. Eckstorm	Black River
Thomas Sanders	Higdem
E. A. Backer	East Grand Forks
Garrett Murphy	Grand Forks
Oscar Wick	East Grand Forks
Chas McCarty	King
Emil Johnson	Woodside
Martin Benson	Knute

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council, of the city of Crookston, held in the City Hall on Tuesday, evening, August 11th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—McGlogan.

Minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

C. T. Schmidt, filing saws	$ 3 25
E. D. Childs & Co., repairing water pipe	2 00
A. O. Ralstad, meals to prisoners	5 15
A. O. Ralstad, meals to prisoners	3 75
F. X. Farley, med. attendance	2 50
M. Watts, medicine	15 50
E. C. Carruth, making poll list	7 50
Red River Lumber Co., lumber	316 99
J. E. O'Brien & Co., hardware	28 73
Geo. A. Ralph, assistant	5 00
" " "	111 12
D. F. McDonald, labor	45 75
" " "	8 62
" " "	27 00
W. E. McKenzie, stationery and printing	134 35
D. F. McDonald, 1st ward	53 11
" " 4th "	17 75

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Jerome, that the report be accepted and the bills ordered paid through the ordinary channels. Carried.

The finance committee reported bills number 709, 710, 698 and 693 back to the council without recommendation.

Alderman Schmidt asked to be excused. Granted.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that bill No. 696 be paid as soon as the necessary verifications have been made upon it, and filed with the clerk. Carried.

The city engineer presented the grades of Main street, between Robert and Second, and also gave grade on which the sidewalk which has already been completed is laid on.

Alderman Childs raised the point of order, that as there was a grade already established for that street another grade could not be entertained.

After considerable discussion and as the grades made by Mr. Starkey and Mr. Hamery conflicted, the city engineer was instructed to make a survey and profile map of the most suitable grades of that portion of Main street lying between Fletcher and Third streets.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Marlette, that when we adjourn it be to meet on Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Carried.

To the Honorable, the City Council of the City of Crookston:

GENTLEMEN: Your committee to whom was referred the consideration of the bill of C. W. P. and L. Co., for light and water, beg leave to report as follows:

That as to that portion of said bill heretofore passed upon by your honorable body, this committee does not feel justified in revising any action in respect thereto heretofore taken by the council, and therefore report same back to council without action.

That regarding the arc lamps in use by city, your committee find that if there is any contract in existence regarding them, it is one calling for lights of 2,000 candle power. This service your committee find from the best information they are able to obtain, is not being given, and your committee would suggest that the council take such action in the matter as will not only determine the measure of the past supply of light but also to guarantee a future strict compliance with contract requirements.

That in regard to water at stock yards your committee find that the charge in said bill of ⅔ charter rates is excessive, and that according to contract between W. W., P. and L. Co. with the city the charge should be ¾ cent per 100 gallons. Your committee would recommend the allowance of said bill at said rate, and also that the claim for $50 for water be allowed.

Martin O'Brien.
John Cromb.
H. Steenerson.
Geo. O. Buhn.
L. D. Marshall.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Marlette, that the report be accepted and the portion which they recommend, paid; that an order be drawn for the amount, and that the thanks of the council be tendered the committee for their efforts in the matter. Carried.

The chief of the fire department appeared before the council and stated that as the engine house was without a janitor the Dep't would recommend Mr. E. Ruckhaber to fill the position.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that the office for janitor at the engine house be declared vacant. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Marshall, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that Mr. Ruckhaber be appointed as janitor of the engine house. Carried.

The city engineer reported on the cost of putting in a watering trough, that it would cost in the neighborhood of $45, complete.

Ald. Childs asked to be excused. Granted.

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Steenerson, that the clerk be instructed to purchase six copies of the State Laws of 1885, which contain the city charter.

Ald. Marshall amended the motion, seconded by Ald. Walker, that it be made one copy instead of six.

Ald. voting in the affirmative on the amendment—Buhn, Marshall, Marlette, Walker, Cromb.

Ald. voting in the negative—Jennings, Steenerson.

Amendment declared carried.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the clerk purchase five copies.

Ald. voting in the affirmative—Jennings, Steenerson.

Ald. voting in the negative—Buhn, Marshall, Marlette, Walker, Cromb.

Motion declared lost.

The vote was then taken on the original motion as amended and declared carried.

The city engineer presented a plan of sewer connections along Robert street as requested by the council. Moved by Ald. Marshall, seconded by Ald. Marlette, that the plans be accepted and adopted. Carried.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 11th day of August, 1891, Ald. Marlette offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Buhn:

Resolved, by the City Council of the city of Crookston, That twenty-two (22) dollars of the special assessment tax of the year 1887, levied and assessed against the following piece, lot or tract of land lying and being within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: The 25 feet fronting on Broadway in said city, and lying south of the north 90 feet of lots 4, 5 and 6, of block 11, of Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston; said assessment being for the construction of sewer along said street, be and the same is hereby ordered rebated to the parties who have paid the same.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, Marshall, Marlette, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 11th day of August, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 13th day of August, 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR.

September 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

The thirty-third annual state fair, which opens at the Hamline grounds on Monday, Sept. 7th, already promises to be a marked success. Entries and applications for space are coming in at a rate that ensures fine exhibits in every division. Cattle and horses will, from present appearances, lead all other lines of display and probably eclipse former years.

The officers who are hustling to make this year's fair a success are as follows; president, D. M. Clough, Minneapolis; first vice-president, Lane K. Stone, St. Paul; second vice-president, Lysander Cooke, Good Thunder; secretary, W. F. Cross, Hamline; assistant secretary, Sam. Partridge, Hamlien; treasurer, Frank J. Wilcox, Northfield. The Board of managers consists of C. N. Cosgrove, Le Sueur; Clark Chambers, Owatonna; John F. Norrish, Hastings; Wm. M. Liggett, Benson; W. R. Tanner, J. J. Furlong, Austin. Superintendents of Divisions are as follows: Horses—Clarke Chambers, Owatonna; Cattle—W. M. Liggett, Benson; Sheep and Swine—W. M. Liggett, Benson Poultry—Lysander Cooke, Good Thunder;—manager, Leslie Parlin, St. Paul; Dairy Products, Honey and Apiary—J. J. Furlong, Austin; Main Building—Lane K. Stone, St. Paul; Horticulture, Vegetables and Culinary—Wyman Elliott, Minneapolis; Grain and Farm Products—W. M. Hayes St. Anthony park; Machinery, Farming Implements and Carriages—Ed. Weaver, Mankato; Forage—C. N. Cosgrove, Le Sueur; Privileges—John F. Norrish, Hastings; Farmer's Institute, O. C. Gregg Minneapolis—manager, J. F. Norrish, Hastings.

There will be abundant entertainment at the fair in addition to the general displays of live stock, agricultural products, dairy apparatus and the city merchants. One of the leading features will be the farmers' institute conducted daily by Prof. O. C. Gregg. These were a great success last year and will be elaborated and improved for 1891. Evening sessions will be held and farmers are generally invited to bring bedding and camp on the grounds during the fair, so as to be able to attend these evening sessions and see more of the fair. Tents and cots will be provided for campers. Full information regarding this camping privilege may be obtained by writing to Prof. Gregg, or Secretary W. F. Cross, at Hamline.

Every day of the fair there will be exciting races. The usual trotting events will be supplemented by ladies' races—so popular last year—steeple chases, gentlemen's riding races, and a bicycle tournament. On Friday September 11—"Farmers day"—it is expected that several men of national reputation as friends of the farmers, will be present and make public speeches.

The usual reduced rates will be made by the railroads and the Twin Cities will afford accommodations for all who come.

Her Heart's Desire.

The prevailing tone on a family is sometimes reflected in the conceptions of the children. A lady hearing a little girl repeating the form of a prayer she had learned, told her to ask, as she would of a father, and in her own words, for what she needed most. The child knelt, and after a few moments' reflection implored earnestly: "O Lord please make us all very stylish." To be stylish is the great desire of many, but the heart's desire of all experienced travelers is for a smooth track, easy and comfortable cars, elegant and luxurious sleepers, fast time, and a dining car service which rivals the table of the best hotels. It is so easy to gratify this desire, by traveling over "The Burlington" that there is no reason any should go unsatisfied. In whatever direction one wishes to travel, there is hardly a point in Illinois' Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebaska, Kansas, Missouri, Colorado, Wyoming, or the Black Hills regions, that cannot be most conveniently reached via "The Burlington" and connections. For tickets, rates, maps and time table, apply to any ticket agent or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R. St. Paul, Minn.

W. J. Gilmore the proprietor of the "Twelve Temptations" "The Sea King" "Devils Auction" and other large theatrical enterprises has been visiting the Yosemite Valley, California with a view of reproducing some of the scenic wonders in his spectacular plays. He will also make a trip to the Yellow Stone Park, Montana before returning east.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.75
North Star,	2.60
Fife,	2.25
Skip Jack,	1.25

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
SecondStreet, Crookston, Minn.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

Fontaine & Anglim,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c

100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c

10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c

50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c

100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c

50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c

JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c
A Good Summer Corset 50c
A Good Black Corset 50c

NEW LINE
of SHIRT WAISTS
of GLOVES,
of WINDSOR TIES
of PARASOLS,
of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

=Fontaine & Anglim.=

J. V. E. WYATT,

UNDERTAKER

Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for

NEW GOODS.

A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material. | arpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

all and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,

Opera Block - - Crookston.

Polk County Journal.

Official Paper of the City.

Crookston, August 20, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 84.
2 Northern 82.
3 Northern 78.
1 Northern 74.

Harvest hands seem to be plenty after all.

The proposition to bond for railroad purposes is withdrawn.

Comrade C. Snyder commenced cutting his wheat on Monday.

Mrs. P. J. Russell is visiting relatives and friends at Drayton N. D.

And now everybody will be busy with harvest for a few weeks.

The highest market price paid for hides pelts and furs at Hoch & Ott's.

Mr. E. Lanctot commenced cutting a magnificent crop of wheat on Monday.

Pete Misgen arrived from West Superior last Thursday morning for a few days' visit.

H. B. Budd and Lewis Saeger were up from Edna last week to help Nick prove up.

Charlie Lowe and Geo. J. McManus took a drive out into eastern Polk last week.

Call at the new market for a choice steak or roast. Hoch & Ott know how to serve 'em up.

Another snide circus showed up on Tuesday. It raked in many silver quarters however.

A circus entertained a few small boys on Friday of last week, but did not get very wealthy here.

Mrs. J. G. McGrew is expected home this morning from a visit to her old home in Becker County.

S. L. Collins has purchased a handsome landau for the use of his patrons and invites your inspection.

Hoch & Ott sells salt pork by the pound or barrel. They have a nice lot of new salt pork now ready.

If you want a snap on twine call and get that pure manilla twine that we can sell you at 9 cents per pound.

Mrs. Isaac Simmons went to Monroe, Wis., last Thursday evening for a visit at her old home of a week or so.

Walter Winchester and a young friend of his came down from Warren on Tuesday last on their bicycles.

Bert Duntley has retuned from a pleasant visit to the old home in Michigan. Reports having had the boss time.

Farmer Hixson has commenced, harvesting his magnificient wheat crop. Thinks he will get the biggest yield he ever did.

Wheat harvest will be pretty generally commenced this week. The ground in many places is pretty soft which will bother some.

Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. at the Congregational church next Sunday. Sunday school at 12 m. A cordial invitation to all.

John Wyand commened cutting his wheat on Monday; says that the ground is very wet which materially interferes with cutting.

Judge Lightbourne was up from Ada on Tuesday to sit in a case in which Judge Benson being personally interested could not act officially.

Dr. Robertson received a telegram stating that his wife and daughter have started on their homeward journey and they are expected to-day.

The St. Hilaire train now leaves St. Hilaire one hour later than it did thus making it more convenient for the business men of that place.

Wheat took a boom in Chicago last week making a gain of eight cents per bushel. It begins to look as though the opening price would be pretty good.

Will Peterson has gone out to his claim near Fosston to try farming for a fortnight. Henry goes along to fan mosquitoes off him while he harvests his mammoth crops.

S. Refsdal was up from Liberty last week and gave The Journal a pleasant call. He says that most of the grain in his vicinity will be saved in fine shape and there's lots of it.

Hoch & Ott received a short-horn calf, 12 weeks old, which weighed when dressed, 385 pounds, yet some people have an idea that it makes no difference what kind of stock one keeps.

Wheat, which has been ripening very slowly for the past ten days is now coming on all in a bunch. Harvesting has commenced pretty generally and will be redhot now until the finish.

The hail sufferers have gone bravely to work to repair the damages caused by the hail, some are cutting the stuff for feed and some are plowing. The great need for the present will be oats for feed.

A. M. Stewart came up from West Superior on Monday morning for a few days visit with his family and friends. Says nearly all the laboring men have left there for the harvest fields of the Northwest.

If you want some good cheap manilla twine let us supply you. You need the twine to bind your crop and we need the money to pay expenses incurred on the one we lost. See? Call at The Journal office.

WITHDRAWN!

The Proposition to Bond Polk County to Aid in the Construction of the D. & W.

And Now You Can Go Right Along with your Harvesting

JUST THE SAME!

Almost from the beginning of the elevator system a feeling of restlessness sprang up as the producer has realized that the system did not seem to be in his favor to a remarkable degree, and many a plan has been evolved to develope a system that would secure to the farmer a free and uncontrolled wheat market, wherein he could secure for his grain a price that the markets of the world would warrant, less a reasonable carriage and marketing expenses. One of the means to this end that has been generally recognized as the best that could be established was a direct, independent line to Duluth. Recognizing this fact, negotiations were opened with the Duluth & Winnipeg road last spring and as a result of these negotiations, Sir Roger Cameron, the leading spirit in the D. & W., visited Polk County, looked over our magnificent wheat fields and submitted a proposition to the county to build his line in here on certain conditions. As our people were the first to move in this matter, Mr. C. naturally thought that Polk County desired this road and, if the results proved that they did, he desired to so arrange matters that he could complete the line in time to haul out some of the present crop. With this end in view, a committee of Polk County men was formed who took the matter in charge and at once began to arrange the matter. As it takes some time to arrange for and call an election, the result was that the very earliest date this election could be called was on August 25th, and that is the reason that date was named, and not, as some of the opponents of the road have said, because "the farmers will be too busy to turn out on that day, and the bonds will be carried by default." Those who urged this idea did it because they have no good reason to give why the road should not be built, for they well know that to carry, the bonds must not only receive a majority of all the voters, but of the voting precincts as well. However, this charge has been so often made and and many of the farmers have actually been made to believe it, that the projectors of the road have decided to show its fallacy by withdrawing the proposition, and thus also saving the county the expense of an election, and the farmers will now have the privilege of attending to the harvesting of their wheat unmolested by an election in harvest-time, and furthermore they can go right along and market their wheat under the old system. If the D. & W. road had been built we would have had one road that has no agreement with elevator companies to protect them in their business, and that would mean to us a free and open wheat market—something we have never had since the elevator system was put into working order. The committee, that has been stigmatized by Great Northern interests as "schemers," &c., is composed of honest, level-headed business men of Polk County, acting for her best interests and their action in this matter shows this fact.

Hello Neighbor.

Give a fellow a chance to work in your abundant harvest-field. Will cut by the day or by the acre. Having lost my own crop should like to get a whack at yours, for a consideration. Address M. E. Bartlett, Crookston post-office.

At Last.

Work on the foundations for the new hotel on the corner of Main and Second streets was commenced in earnest last week, and we are told that the bricks will fly right lively now until the building is enclosed. It is intended to get it ready for inside work by the time that snow flies.

Pure Manilla Twine

Having lost our crop by hail we have no use for our twine and will offer for sale 800 lbs., of pure manilla at 9 cts per lbs., just what it cost us. Will sell for cash or negotiable paper. Call at The Journal office.

Miss Emma Millis is in the city this week visiting friends.

N. O. Dahl and daughter, Inez, went to St. Paul last week for a few days' visit.

Prof. Shepard will give a steropticon lecture before the institute next week and Prof. Rocheleau on Africa.

A two year old son of O. Mortinson fell in the river on Monday evening and was drowned. The funeral took place on Tuesday.

The management of the Grand Opera House has arranged for some rare attractions for the coming season. With one of the finest houses in the Northwest, Crookston will not lack for the very best there is going.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

The following question and answer from the last report of the State Board of Health reads funny until you get the key to it:

A person has been bitten by an animal supposed to be rabid, what must he do?

Cut off his head and send it (packed in ice if the weather be warm) by express, charges paid, to Dr. Hewitt, Red Wing, for the Pasteur test, with a detailed description of the case and of the outbreak associated with it.

Cheap Excursions.

Let your friends in the east know that the Great Northern will sell round trip tickets, August 25th, September 15th and 29th, from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior, in connection with eastern lines, at reduced rates. See agent Fegan. [18-21]

The Free Methodists are holding a camp meeting on the hill adjoining the residence of W. E. McKenzie, of the Times.

Rev. S. N. Griffith, of Larimore, is on trial at Grand Forks for an indecent assault upon a young girl—a mere child. His friends here do not believe him guilty of the charge.

This afternoon at five o'clock occurs the marriage of Miss Cecilia Cromb to Mr. H. C. Boissier, of Winona, Minn, at the Episcopal church in this city. They will make their future home in Winona.

W. J. Nickles came up to prove up on his claim last week. He has just finished a well upon it 137 feet deep and will hereafter have plenty of water to drink. He expects soon to take a trip east.

Hoch & Ott have bought a choice lot of beeves from Palmer, the man of whom they got the fine calf, and are now prepared to deal out the choicest cuts. Call and see the boys at the old stand of Steenerson Bros., on Main street.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—The publisher of the Crookston Journal lost 250 acres of splendid wheat and considerable other property by the hail storm that destroyed 6,000 acres of Polk county's grain on the 5th. That is rough, for a fact.

Wabasha Herald:—Joseph Hoch has purchased a large meat market in Crookston and taken charge of the business. Mr. Hoch is a man of experience in this line and a good man generally. He is worthy of a large patronage.

Last week we reported John Sylvesterson's loss as 100 acres. John says that was within 150 acres of being exact. He will cut what is fit for feed—a very small percentage, and will plow for another crop. John says he will give it just one more good try.

S. L. Collins will have a carload of fine chunky mares, good breeders and good workers on Monday next. These mares are all A. 1 animals, and S. L. will take great pleasure in showing them to those who want to get good stock. If you want a good team go and look this lot over.

Our anxious Nimrods will do well to remember that chickens do not ripen this year as early as usual and act accordingly. It costs from $10 to $100 to gather in an unripe chicken—that is if you are caught at it and many there be that are watching. We are told that some powder was burned last Sunday.

A few fifty cent strikers have been howling "fraud" against all who are in favor of an independent railroad into this county, and of late have accused the projectors of intention to defraud the farmers because the election was called in mid harvest. The wind is taken completly out of their sails now by the action of these gentlemen in withdrawing their proposition.

Lous Berthiaume: I noticed what The Journal said about county help for the hail sufferers and I do not think you made it strong enough. I have talked with my neighbors about it and I have not seen one who would not be perfectly willing to be taxed for a fund for this purpose. I hope The Journal will continue to urge this matter; make it good and strong and something will be done to help all who need help at this time.

The Rev. W. T. Currie, his daughter Ruth, aged 18, and Miss Dora, only daughter and youngest child of Martin Van Kirk, were drowned at Grand Forks on Monday evening. They, with several others, were bathing in the river at a place which Mr. C. had selected for such purposes and had used frequently for two seasons. The two girls got beyond their depth and in attempting their rescue Mr. C. lost his own life. He leaves a wife and two children. Rev. S. Currie, of Euclid, was a brother.

Great Remnant Sale

AT

THE MAMMOTH

Commencing Saturday, July 11h, 1891,

A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.

CARPETS

AND

House Furnishing Goods

A SPECIALTY.

☞ Agent for those Cool Elastic Pillows. ☜

GERVAIS'—THE HUSTLER

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

I. O. O. F. Block, - - Robert Street.

Minneapolis Exposition, August 25th to September 26th.

Reduced rates via the Great Northern Railway every Tuesday and Friday, beginning August 25th, and daily from September 5th to 12th.

[18-20] W. W. Fegan, Agent.

A Study in Mathematics.

If it takes two special cars each 67 feet in length to carry the scenery and properties of Gilmore's Spectacular "The Twelve Temptations" how many cigar boxes will it take to pack the costumes of the six ballets?

Annie Abbott, the little Georgia magnet appeared at the Grand opera house on Wednesday evening of last week. The committee tried in every way to find out the secret of the mysterious power which enabled the little lady to pick'em up singly and collectively and when they failed in that then they tried to lift her and couldn't. Our worthy mayor got as red in the face as a biled lobster but even that failed to elevate the little lady. After they had all lifted, singly and collectively. Geo. Vine was called up. Now Geo. is accounted one of the best on a dead lift—has often shouldered the quarter of a two or three ton beef critter, carried it up a step ladder and hung it upon a beef hook, but although the lady is said to weigh only 90 lbs., George could not lift one side of her. Our devil suggests that had he been called upon he could have found a lever that would raise her—about 60 days—the jury in the Dufour case.

That some monied men were interested in the defeat of the bond proposition is quite evident from the fact that a large edition of a Grand Forks paper was issued and scattered broadcast over the county urgently protesting against the bonds. The question arises whence came the money necessary for this expense, and who was it offered the Alliance County Lecturer $500 to work against the bonds? If we mistake not time will tell.

A pretty good one is told on one of our attorneys. He was calling on dept. Sheriff Losey one Sunday, and seeing a pair of hand-cuffs, took a notion to see how they would fit; so he put them on. After he was satisfied that they fitted all right he asked Losey to unlock the bracelets and take them off. Losey made a great hunt for the key but did not produce it, and then the great drops of sweat began to roll down the handsome countenance of Gos—the lawyer, we mean. After an hour or so of untold agony for the attorney, Losey found the key and released him. He 'lows he don't want any more of that in his'n.

Ole Rude was in on Monday prospecting about to see what arrangments he could make to go ahead and make a crop next year. In conversation with The Journal man, Ole said: "If I could get oats in some way I could go to work and plow my land and be ready to try it again next spring." This seems to be the case with most of those who have lost their crops by the hail, but from expressions that we have heard farmers make, we think this difficulty could be overcome after harvest. If there was some place in the city provided to store the grain that many farmers would gladly contribute, oats enough for all, these oats could be distributed to the proper parties. Perhaps the county auditor or the treasurer, would be the proper person to receive these contributions, and he could also receive money contributions of those who chose to give in that way. From the expressions that we have heard made by many farmers, we have no doubt that much help could be had for the sufferers.

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made. This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can qave work done to suit them.

State Fair Excursion.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis at one fare to St. Paul plus Fifty Cents for the Round Trip, including admission to Fair Grounds.

Tickets on sale September 5th to 12th inclusive, limited to return until September 14th.

C. A. Sharkey, Agent,
Crookston, Minn.

[18-21]

For Sale or Trade For City Property.

A fine farm situated two miles from the city limits. Two hundred and twenty acres now sowed to wheat, barley and oats and the balance, one hundred acres under contract to be broken and backset this season. Eighty acres under fence, good house and barn, artisian well and a fine grove of trees. Owner will sell at a reasonable figure on ample time or exchange for city property. For further particulars call at The Journal office. 15-t-f.

Gold Watch Given Away

FREE TO THE PERSON

Making The Closest Estimate

To the Number of Votes Cast in Favor of Bonds to the D. & W. Railroad Co., August 25th.

SEND YOUR GUESS

And remember that I have the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

Silverware, Violins, Accordeons, Spectacles,
Etc., Etc., Etc.,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

C. H. SAAKE,

Wholesale and Retail. CROOKSTON, MINN.

Mr. J. C. Lewis appeared at the Grand Opera House on Tuesday evening in "Si Plunkard." Mr. Lewis is great in his specialties. Eliza Sympkins, the old maid, was rather over-acted. The "Felix Smart" of W. Milligan was well taken, while Ed. Rice personated Farmer Page exceedingly well. Phoebe Vyse as "Dora Page" appeared too young for the part, but as an elocutionist she is hard to beat. Her rendition of "And the Gobelins will git yer if yer don't watch out," was the best rendered we have ever heard it. She was encored to the turn in that. V. E. Love, as Robert Denny, does not put life enough into his character and is altogether too good-natured looking for a villain. He is too old-looking and too matter of fact for Vyse's "Dora." The Sheeny was very well taken by Wm. DeVault, and the orchestra is the best we have ever heard here. All in all the play was highly enjoyed.

Teachers Examination.

The fall examination for teachers will be held as follows:

Crookston, Saturday and Monday, 29th and 31st of August.

Fosston, at school house, Tusday and Wednesday 1st and 2nd of September.

Fisher, at school house, Friday and Saturday 4th and 5th of September.

St. Hilaire, at school house, Monday and Tuesday, 7th and 8th of September.

A full attendence is requested at these examinations to avoid special calls on Superintendent's time.

Dated Crookston, August 14th, 1891.

E. J. Grefthen.
Supt. School, Polk Co.

A State Teachers' Institute

For the County of Polk will be held in Crookston during the week commencing Monday, August 24th, 1891. Efficient instructors will be present and it is hoped that every teacher in the county will be present.

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

Northern Pacific Railroad Harvest Excursions.

From Eastern terminals to all points on Northern Pacific R.R. as far west as Helena and Butte, Montana, and return. Come and see the biggest wheat crops ever harvested in Minnesota and North Dakota. Low rate excursions August 25th, September 15th and 29th.

This will enable all who are in search of new homes, farm lands, mining claims, business openings and investments to make us a visit.

C. A. Sharkey, Agent,
Crookston Minn.

[18-21]

I, JOHN RALSTON, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, do hereby release unto my son, Edward Lee Ralston, now of the age of nineteen years, the balance of his minority, and in consideration of his past services to me and the sum of one dollar to me paid, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, I do hereby release him from all service to me during his minority.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 17th day of August, 1891.

(Seal.) JOHN RALSTON.

In presence of
Frank Ives.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Polk. }

On this 17th day of August, 1891, personally appeared before the undersigned, a Notary Public within and for said County and State, John Ralston, to me known to be the person who signed and sealed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged the same to be his free act and deed.

{ Notary } Frank Ives,
{ Seal. } Notary Public, Minn.

I, JOHN RALSTON, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, do hereby release unto my son, Jay Augustus Ralston, now of the age of sixteen years, the balance of his minority, and in consideration of his past services to me and the sum of one dollar to me paid, I do hereby release him from all service to me during his minority.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 17th day of August, 1891.

(Seal.) JOHN RALSTON.

In presence of
Frank Ives.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Polk, }

On this 17th day of August, 1891, personally appeared before the undersigned, a Notary Public within and for said County and State, John Ralston, to me known to be the person who signed and sealed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged the same to be his free act and deed.

{ Notary } Frank Ives,
{ Seal. } Notary Public, Minn.

Euclid Items.

William Brandt was in Crookston on Monday.

Mr. Teal began wheat harvesting on Monday.

Paul Oseldinger was in Crookston on Tuesday.

Lulu Tiedt has been in Argyle visiting friends.

Mrs. Pierce returned from Canada on Friday, where she has been visiting friends and relatives.

Julius Berg took his wife home on Tuesday. Some time ago she ran away from home. Her complaint was that she did not have enough to eat, but this was false. The reconciliation has just come about.

Byron Chapin is going to rent his farm to his brother, Dr. Chapin, and go to Crookston and learn the barber trade of his cousin, C. Misner.

The railroad bond question seems to be in accordance with public sentiment here.

N. P. Stone, of Crookston, and Mr. Larson, of Grand Forks, were in Euclid on Wednesday.

Mr. Preston returned to Warren on Wednesday. He has been in town for a few days setting up McCormick binders.

George Gouler was here on Wednesday and made a contract with our district school for new maps.

Mrs. Taylor was taken sick with a fever on Tuesday night and has been confined to her bed ever since.

Charlie Misner and wife and Robert Loick and wife, of Crookston, spent the Sabbath in our village.

Ole Anderson drove Mr. Keeley's cattle to the pound on Saturday. But before he got there one of the Keeley boys headed off the cattle and drove them away.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

Beltrami, Aug. 18, 1891.

E. W. Johnson left last evening for Iowa, and when he returns there will be one less bachelor in town.

The snakes that one of our wheat buyers saw were not the kind that inhabit boots, but the genuine hoop snake, the first seen around here.

Each of our machinery firms have sold a carload of binders this season, and one of our firms has sold over a carload of twine.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hayes, of the town of Hubbard, brought some of their friends, who wished to take the train, over yesterday.

Vic, with his best girl, passed through town Sunday on his way home.

The mustard King thief got left lately while trying to injure one who had always befriended him. You can't fool us, old man, your record is in black and white, and if you had any friends it would be very unpleasant reading for them.

All the farmers are busy cutting grain. Considerable barley and oats has been knocked down by recent rains and makes hard cutting. Edna.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending August 15th, 1891.

Carter, Emma J	Day, Lew
Gullickson, Miss Mary	Pendergast, Ulyses S
Stevenson, C L	Wiekke, Hans J

Persons calling for the above please say advertised W. B. Dawley, P. M.

CHAS. M. LOWE,

REAL ESTATE

AND

CHATTEL LOANS.

LANDS FOR SALE.

Farmers, we wish to call your attention to our new mode of making Farm Loans with Life Insurance.

Amount Loaned. One-half the actual cash value of the land.

Terms of Loan. Ten (10) years. Interest at 8 per cent.

Special Privilege. Partial payments in any amount can be made at any time. Interest payable only once each year.

Special Agreement. In consideration of the annual payment of one-tenth (1-10) of the loan the company will agree to insure the borrower's life for ten (10) years, and at the expiration of that period will cancel, release and return all the mortgage papers.

Should the borrower die during the term of the loan we cancel and return all papers and give the family cash to the amount of the loan.

All kinds of choice loans made for 5 years or more at 9 per cent, without life insurance. Interest payable once a year.

Special Rates on large loans.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
Special Agent Union Central Life Insurance Co.,
Crookston.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held in the city hall on Thursday evening, August 13th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen Absent—Marshall, McGlogan.

The city engineer presented a grade for Main street, between Robert and Third streets, as requested by the council.

At an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of August, 1891, Alderman Jennings offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Marlette:

Resolved, That all street grades heretofore established on that portion of Main street between Fletcher and Third streets, be and the same are hereby declared to be annulled and repealed.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 13th day of August, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 14th day of Aug. 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Jerome, that bill No. 659 of the C. W. W., P. & L. Co., be allowed and that the proper order be drawn for the amount, $761.54. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the item in the C. W. W., P. & L. Co.'s bill which reads "eight street arc lights from Jan. 1st, '91 to June 30th, '91, inclusive, being 181 nights at 65 cents per night as per contract," be allowed and an order drawn for the amount, $941.20. Carried.

Ald. Steenerson offered the following resolution which was seconded by Ald. Walker:

Resolved, That the police department be and they are hereby instructed to ascertain and keep a record of all street lamps that are out, or partly out, in the future, and report same to council monthly.

Resolved further, That the purchasing agent is instructed to ascertain the cost of aparatus for measuring the power of arc lights and report to council.

A communication was read from Francis Reckett relating to occupying six inches of the street with his building.

At an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of August, 1891, Ald. A. C. Schmidt offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. R. G. Marlette:

Resolved that Francis Reckitt be and is hereby granted permission to encroach on the street line at the corner of Main and Second streets to the extent of six inches where piers to his new building are located, the main face of piers to be set flush with the street line as per request hereto attached.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 13th day of August, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 14th day of Aug. 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

CROOKSTON, Minn., Aug. 18, 1891.

To the Honorable the Mayor and City Council, Crookston, Minnesota:

GENTLEMEN: I hereby respectfully request that your council pass resolution permitting me to encroach on the sidewalk at the corner of Second and Main streets to the extent of six inches, where the piers to my new building are located. The main face of the piers to be set flush with the building line, but the encroachment which I request is made necessary on account of the batter given to the three lower stones, which batter tends very much to the solidity and beauty of the building.

Yours respectfully,
FRANCIS RECKITT.
By A. E. PERMAIN, Architect.

At an adjourned regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of August, 1891, Ald. Jennings offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Buhn:

Resolved, by the City Council of the city of Crookston, That the profile of the grade of Main street, between Fletcher and Third streets, showing an elevation at the north side of Fletcher street for the grade line of the crown of the street of thirty-eight feet above a datum plane, which datum plane has an elevation equal to the bottom of brick sewer on Third street where the same empties into the river, and an elevation of 35 feet at the north side of Robert street above the datum; an elevation of 30 8-10 feet above datum at point 100 feet south of the south side of Second street, an elevation of 29.2 feet above datum at the south side of Second street and an elevation of 25.2 feet above datum at the south side of Third street. The water table of the Merchants' National Bank being used as a bench mark for the grade, having an elevation of 30 feet above said datum plane, be and the same is hereby approved, adopted and establised as the grade within said limits as per profile approved this day, August 13th, 1891, and filed in the office of the city engineer.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marlette, Steenerson, Schmidt, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Passed this 13th day of August, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of Council.

Approved the 14th day of August, 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

At an adjourned regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of August, 1891, Ald. Jennings offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Buhn:

Resolved, by the City Council of the city of Crookston, That a sidewalk 12 feet wide, made of 2 by 3 white pine plank placed edgwise and securely nailed on five stringers three by six inches dimension timber, is hereby directed to be constructed upon and along the west side of Main street in the part thereof extending from the south-east corner of lot one, of block four, of Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston, in a northerly direction to the southeast corner of lot five, of block one, of the original townsite of the city of Crookston, being in front of and adjoining lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of said block four, and lot 4 of said block one. All lumber to be used in constructing said sidewalk to be of at least as good quality as first common white pine, and said sidewalk is directed to be laid upon the line and grade established.

And further, that the sidewalk from the northeast corner of lot 5 N. to northeast corner of lot 9, block 1, original townsite of the city of Crookston, be raised to grade.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marshall, Jerome, Marlette, Steenerson, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 13th day of August, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 14th day of August, 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

At an adjourned meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of August, 1891, Alderman Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Childs:

Resolved, That the purchasing agent be, and he hereby is authorized to purchase a sufficient number of drip pans to supply the catch basins in the city, according to the plans furnished by the city engineer.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marlette, Steenerson Schmidt, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 14th day of Aug. 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Marlette, that the city engineer be instructed to prepare an ordinance covering the question of establishing a grade for sidewalks on all streets where grade has been established for the street and to report at next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the clerk be instructed to notify the C. W. W., P. & L. Co. that the council understand they are lighting the city building under the resolution passed July 14th, by which the council expressed their willingness to pay, not to exceed $65 per annum for incandescent lights. Carried.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

D. F. McDonald, labor in 3d ward	$17 00
" " " 2d "	15 36
Flanders & Cahoon, dray	4 00
Christianson Bros., ins	15 00
Thos. Young, drayage	6 50
Andy Locken, special police	4 00
Twin City Lime & Cement Co.	167 19

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

The Railroad Bonds.

BY F. W. DAVIS.

Citizens of Polk County,
A question is now pending,
Which, if it is carried,
Is toward prosperity wending.
Citizens! 'tis a question
Of importance in the extreme,
A special election could not be based
On a more important theme.

Voters! Be careful
And be sure that you vote right,
Do not look for a dark side,
But look upon the bright.
Its victory means the dawn
Of an era of prosperity,
Which will not benefit you alone,
But also your posterity.

It means a market for our wheat
Where prices will be higher,
It means a market for our straw
Which is annually consumed by fire,
It means a market for potatoes,
And a market for our hay
And, the men employed on farms,
Can draw better pay.

'Twill overthrow monopolies.
Which now rule o'er the land,
And put in its place, a market,
Honest, free and grand.
'Twill open a way to the water-road
Which stretches across the ocean,
And vessels will land our goods
At the docks of London.

'Twill make our taxes lighter
By bringing more settlers in,
'Twill make our business brighter,
And then will a boom begin.
'Twill bring factories to Crookston,
Because of very low rates.
And ten times as many articles
Will pass through the shipping gates.

What is this 'twill do us so much good'
And cause us so much gain?
What's this that will start a thousand drays
Down to meet the train?
Take my advice and you will see,
You, fathers and eldest sons,
Go to the polls on the 25th,
And vote for the railroad bonds.

Half Fare to State Fair.

The Great Northern will sell tickets to the Minnesota State Fair, September 5th to 12th at one fare for the round trip.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent.

[19-21]

A Very Seasonable Article on Fresh and Dried Flowers, with clear directions for drying them, and the process by which the color of the leaves is perfectly preserved, is given in the September number of Peterson's Magazine. There are also fine illustrations of dried flowers arranged in bouquets and baskets. The number is replete with engraving, illustrated stories miscel laneous articles and poems, all first class. "The Scene of a Famous Novel," gives a series of views of the neighborhood described in that ever popular novel. "John Halifax," together with incidents in the life of the author not hitherto pulished in this country. Ladies will find all sorts of new, pretty and useful things in the Fashion and Household departments. In every way this popular periodical makes itself invaluable to the family circle—there is no getting along without it. Terms $2.00 a year. Address PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, 306 Chestnut St. Phila.

Available Cash in the Treasury.

New York Press.

The Democrats and Mugwump organs have broken out again in denunciation of Secretary Foster's cash balance of $155,783,718 in the Treasury of the United States. They object, as before, to the inclusion in this amount of the $100,000,000 held against the greenbacks, the $19,736,097 of subsidiary coin and fractional currency, and the $21,588,036 deposited in national banks, and insist that the "available cash" is only the $14,458,985 left after these are deducted. The objection against including the subsidiary coin is particulary puerile. It is obvious, says one of the critics, "that one must deduct the subsidiary coin, except so much as can be used in the actual payments of sums for which that coin is legal tender." That coin is legal tender in sums of five dollars. The reason of this restriction is perfectly plain. Subsidiary silver in excess of $5 is a nuisance to carry in one's pockets, whether it is in the form of halves, quarters or dimes, or all mixed. It would be a hardship to make a man take more than $5 worth of that sort of coin in payment for a debt, and the law wisely refuses to do it. But it would be perfectly proper to issue silver certificates on that coin and make such a certificate tender in denominations not exceeding $5, and any number of those certificates could properly be paid out to the limit of the quantity of such coin on hand in the Treasury. It is perfect nonsense not to call those small silver coins available cash.

Next, the critics object to counting the deposits in national banks. "They are liable to current demand." So they are. So is a citizen's bank balance liable to current demand. Yet the average citizen would call it cash on hand, just as he would the fractional currency in his pocket, his till or his safe. Why should it not be regarded as cash on hand? Apparently the force of the objection is its liability to be drawn on at any moment. Certainly, that is what it is there for. The goverment collects its revenue because it wants to use it. But if the bank deposit should not be counted as cash on hand because it is liable to be called for at any moment, the $100,000,000 gold held against greenbacks, by the same rule, has an excellent title to be called cash on hand, because it has been there over since 1879 without being called for at all, and it is not likely to be called for. It's a poor rule that don't work both ways.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks, Try Vine once.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor,
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

MEMBERS OF THE
Home Supply Association,
OF CHICAGO,
ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, ETC.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My prices.
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22 50
No. C 33—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4 50
Overlop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,
Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

Excursion to Minneapolis Exposition.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Minneapolis at one and one third fares for the round trip, plus twenty-five cents for admission to Exposition, on the following dates: August 25" and 28", and September 1, 4, 15, 18, 22, and 25th.

We will sell September 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12th at one fare to St. Paul and return plus 25 cents.

Tickets sold on above dates are good to return the first Monday following date of sale,

C. A. SHARKEY, Agenr,
Crookston Minn.

[18-21]

For Sale!

Having sold my farm, I will sell all of my farm machinery, consisting of one McKinnon Bros. wide-tired wagon, one Concord buggy, one Plano binder, one Buckeye seeder, one Fargo harrow, one J. I. Case plow, new, and other articles too numerous to mention. For further particulars see

M. LEGUEE,
Crookston, Minn.

[17-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

Mooie 2d, a thoroughbred, registered Holstein-Friesian bull, five years old; will be sold cheap if taken at once. For particulars address this office.

[12-tf]

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS
TRADE MARK REGISTERED.
DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN
COMPOUND OXYGEN
NOT A DRUG
1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.
TREATMENT BY INHALATION.
For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nytrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
☞ Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING. } Crookston. Minn.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

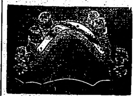
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED. { If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.
Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all,

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY
BUY OF SLOCUM,
The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.
SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.
—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?
Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.
W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,
CROOKSTON
CARRIAGE WORKS.
Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.
GIVE US A CALL.
A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Trade at
HOLMBOE'S,
THE ROBERT ST. DEALER
—IN—
General Merchandise!

Schmidt, the Painter,
—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING
HEAVY OR SHELF
HARDWARE
—DON'T FORGET TO SEE—
Herman Rasmussen
At the New Stand on West Main Street.
An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.
FINE
SPRING OVER OATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS,
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,
AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES
IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.
OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.
Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.
Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS
WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.
NOW READY
OUR NEW
SUMMER
STYLES
LADIES,
Call and Examine.
DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - MINN.

E. STEENERSON,
Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of outside Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATT'Y'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skillfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

CARLETON COLLEGE,
Northfield, Minn.
Full Classical, Literary and Scientific courses. Wide range of electives. Post-graduate work. Special facilities for study in Pure Mathematics and Astronomy at the Observatory.
THE ACADEMY
fits for College and teaches English branches.
School of Music Fully Equipped.
Open to students of either sex.
Expenses very low.
Fall Term opens Sept. 9th, 1891.
For Catalogues and Circulars address,
[15-18] JAS. W. STRONG, President.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - MINN
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds. Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.
CALL IN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—
CROOKSTON, - MINN

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

Polk County Journal.

Official Paper of the City.

Crookston, August 20, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.............ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..............de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m...................................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South............ 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba................... 8:15 a. m.

Thief River Falls Items.

Thief River Falls Press.

Mrs. Carl Kretzschmar and the children returned last Friday from their extended trip to the East. One look at the change in Carl's face will convince anyone that this is a fact.

Mr. Carl Kretzschmar is this week putting in place the large turbine water wheel which he has lately brought from Red Lake Falls. It will be used for the purpose of running the feed machinery of the mill. This will give to Thief River Falls two mills of which we can boast.

Mr. Jerome Wheeler has purchased the Peter Smith farm just north of town and has hired Mr. Harry Pashley to work the farm. Mr. Pashley is from Crookston, a young man and is now at Crookston for his family who will arrive next week and move into the farm house which is being completely repaired and renewed. Mr. Wheeler is now employed in the First National Bank and has been for a long time and it is hoped that he may soon become a resident of our thriving village.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — FARM LANDS

NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. — LOW RATES

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. — Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. — In the Northwest. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.

Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890. Write F. L. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn. — Hunting, Fishing.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

CROOKSTON STEAM LAUNDRY.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 31st, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Harvey E. Cooke, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance at the Probate office in Crookston, on Monday, January 18th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston, the 31st day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the court: C. M. BENSON,
[16-18] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 16th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-22] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication July 30th, 1891.)
[Last publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of fifty (50) dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable on the 17th day of November, 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Loren H. Walker and Sophia Walker, his wife, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1886, at 9:50 o'clock a. m., and recorded in volume "30" of mortgages, on pages 442-7.

And a further default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said mortgaged premises, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee was compelled to pay, and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes due and delinquent on said premises, the sum of thirty-nine and 87-100 ($39.87) dollars, in order to protect the lien of its said mortgage; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 ($637.50) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section eight, (8) in Township one hundred forty seven, (147) Range forty-four, (44), containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and twenty-five (25) dollars as attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minnesota, July 17, 1891.

The Netherlands American
Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[15-21] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 10th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 9th, 1891, viz: CARL CARLSON, D. S. 11,827, for the se¼ nw¼ sw¼ ne¼ nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼ Sec. 4, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bernt O. Lindberg, Ole Olson, Jr., Richard Skaug, Charles Aagaard, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward Labreo, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 8; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $24 that became due May 1st, 1890, $24 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $24 that became due May, 1st, 1891.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents, ($886.95), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼), and lots three, (3) and four (4) of Section thirty-one, (31). In township one hundred and forty-seven (147) north, of Range forty (40), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 75.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "G" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[14-22] Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Harry Fleury, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 27; and

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $1.80 that became due November 1st, 1889, $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $9.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and thirty-six dollars and four cents. ($336.04), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-five, (35), in Township one hundred and fifty-one, (151), north, of Range forty-one, (41), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G 76]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d. 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harald Johnson, (an unmarried man,) mortgagor, to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 177, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section four, (4) Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range forty-four, (44) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

The American Freehold Land Mortgage
Company, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce O. H Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockin, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson, St. Paul

BENOIT & SYLVESTER,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

☞Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.☜

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th 1891]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Bernard and Emma Bernard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of January, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 464; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the coupons for interest that fell due July 22d, 1889, January 22d, 1890, July 22d, 1890, January 22d, 1891, and July 22d, 1891, each thereof being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred dollars and forty-five cents, ($600.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), of Section nineteen (19), Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty (40) west, containing 114 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars by said attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28TH, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 7th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-23] [N. G. 80]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eleven hundred ninety-two and 30-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Dethloff and Martha Dethloff, his wife, mortgagors, to W. E. Damon, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of January, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 93.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said W. E. Damon, mortgagee, to Alice S. Colton, by written assignment, dated the 20th day of May, 1886, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of June, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 21 of mortgages, on pages 559, 560, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty-four (154) Range forty-eight, (48), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred ninety-two 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

ALICE S. COLTON
Assignee of Mortgage.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred twenty four and 30-100 ($124.30) dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 105, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, to Caroline Anderson, by written assignment dated the 9th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 150, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine (9) of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred twenty-four and 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE ANDERSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[15-21] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 16th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, vs. Benjamin Milette, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum from the 8th day of March, A. D. 1889, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated July 7th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[13-19] Crookston, Minn.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON. MINN

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-one and 73-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 231, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, at 2 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of deeds, on page 556, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of forty-one and 73-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five and 95-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, and $25 to become due, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 14th day of January, 1890, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $25.95 and $25 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, July 28th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Arthur Yvernault, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Cromb, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of, the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained, the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof, the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell all the real estate belonging to said deceased mentioned in the petition. And it appearing by said petition that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court on Monday the 31st day of August, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in Crookston, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell all of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 28th day of July, A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[16-18] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, Eugene St. Mars and Marie St. Mars, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did, on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, duly execute and deliver to Mary V. Martin, of the County of New York, State of New York, their mortgage, bearing date of January 27th, A. D. 1887, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands, situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 11, Township 150, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1887, at 2:15 o'clock p m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 339; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-nine dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-nine dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Mary V. Martin has exercised her option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred seven and 80-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 29th day of August A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 1st, A. D. 1891.

MARY V. MARTIN, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by George Goodrich and Emma S. Goodrich, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 338, 339, 340 and 341; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $15.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $18.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($682.80) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and lots one (1) and four (4) of Section twenty-one (21) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-three (43) west, containing 125.50 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 71.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Godfrey, a bachelor, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of June, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 25 of mortgages, on pages 142-145.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the principal $800 that fell due June 24th, 1891, and interest coupons for $24 each that fell due on the 24th days of December, 1888, June and December, 1889, June and December, 1890, and June 1891.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Nine hundred and sixty dollars and sixteen cents ($960.16); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot four (4), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) of Section fourteen (14) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing 117 acres more or less according to the United States government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-24] [N. G. 73]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 9th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, John Gudmundsen and Marie Gudmundsen, his wife, of Polk County, State of Minnesota, as mortgagors, did on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1886, duly execute and deliver to Nathan P. Rice, of the County of New York and State of New York, their mortgage bearing date of September 30th, A. D. 1886, whereby they mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The east half of the northeast quarter, and the east half of the southeast quarter of Section 20, Township 148, Range 44 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of eight hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagors to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 27 of mortgages, on page 237; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of ten dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of fifty-six dollars, due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas, it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagors, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, his heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagors or any other party; and

Whereas, the said Nathan P. Rice has exercised his option to consider and declare, and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable; and

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of eight hundred ninety-seven and 10-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 30th, A. D. 1891.

NATHAN P. RICE, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[12-18] Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, AUGUST 27, 1891. NO. 19.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4.00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

A Campaign Lie Nailed.

A story has been put into circulation by some one to the effect that the Duluth & Winnipeg R. R. Co. had offered to build their line into Polk County for bonds to the amount of $150,000, and that certain Crookston parties had gone to Duluth and there arranged the matter so as to call for an issue of $220,000, with the agreement that they (the aforesaid Crookston parties) were to receive the difference between $150,000 and $220,000, or $70,000. It having been told these gentlemen that County Treasurer, J. T. Beaudry, had been heard to report this story, several of the interested parties waited on him on Friday, whereupon he gave them the following statement, made under oath:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk. }

I, J. T. Beaudry, hereby certify that the statement I circulated that the Duluth & Dakota Railroad Company offered to build their railroad to Crookston for $150,000 is a lie, so far as I know. I further certify that the story that the Crookston gentlemen were to get the $70,000 above the $150,000 is a story, and I cannot tell who told me.

J. T. BEAUDRY.

THE GRIFFITH CASE.

The Larimore Pioneer:—The examination of the Rev. S. N. Griffith took place before Judge Cutts last Monday and Tuesday. He was bound over to the District Court. He is held over for trial. His bail was fixed at one thousand dollars. We believe that the conviction of every unprejudiced person who heard and impartially weighed the testimony was that Mr. Griffith is innocent of the charge made against him. The Pioneer after taking pains to be in a position not to wrong anyone will say unqualifiedly that we believe a great wrong has been done this old man. Considering his age, his circumstances and the results it will entail, together with the motives of his enemies, it amounts to little less than a tragedy. He will never be convicted by a jury, but the avowed object of his prosecutors has been accomplished and he will "preach no more at Arvilla." We believe this community will in time realize, that an able man and profound scholar who was on the eve of great usefulness has been ruined by the breath of a nine year old child that has been reared in an atmosphere laden with hostility to him.

Crops 28 Per Cent Better.

For Them the Farmer will Get $150,000,000 More Than Last Year.

New York, Aug. 17.—The American Agriculturist, in its annual crop review to be published in the report number, estimates the corn crop of 1891 at 2,000,000,000 bushel; wheat, 500,000,000 and oats, 622,000,000; against 1,500,000,000 bushel corn, 400,000,000 bushel wheat 524,000,000 bushel of oats last year. This makes the total prospective crop of corn, wheat and oats 3,125,000,000 bushel, or 28,8 per cent greater than last year, and 14,7 per cent over the average of the preceding eleven years. The Agriculturist estimates that for those crops the farmers will receive a total of $1,750,000,000. This is $450,000,000 more than the value of these crops in 1890 and $625,000,000 more than the average value of these crops from 1880 to 1890.

Cheap Excursions.

Let your friends in the east know that the Great Northern will sell round trip tickets, August 25th, September 15th and 29th, from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior, in connection with eastern lines, at reduced rates. See agent Fegan. [18-21]

REMOVE AT ONCE.

AGENT HALL HAS INSTUCTIONS TO TRANSFER THE CHIPPEWAS TO WHITE EARTH.

THOSE INDIANS WHO GO PEACEABLY WILL RECEIVE THEIR PAYMENTS IN CASH.

GEN. SANBORN IN WASHINGTON TO PUSH HIS CLAIMS AGAINST THE SISSETONS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The acting commissioner of Indian affairs today handed to the secretary of the interior, for his approval, the instructions to be given to Chairman Hall, of the Chippowa commission. Hall will leave in a few days for Minnesota. He is instructed to proceed at once to remove the Chippewas to the White Earth reservation. He will have $200,000 to pay the expenses of the removal $23,000 to buy lumber and houses there and $16,000 for expenses of the commission in regard to the payment of that $150,000 reservoir fund due the Chippewas. The instructions are as foreshadowed by the Dispatch several weeks ago, namely, that all Indians who will remove to White Earth and those who will take allotment of land in severalty where they remain will be paid in cash. It is thought this course will insure removal or settlemhnt of all.

A Practical Farmer's View of the Railroad Bonding Question.

I regard the transportation question as the most important matter before the business men of the Northwest. We, the farmers of Polk County, have the whole world for our competitor, and in order to conduct our business profitably and successfully we must have the most favorable conditions possible, to meet the competition. Nature has provided us with an excellent soil of almost unlimited fertility and a climate for the production of wheat unsurpassed in the wide world. Our natural conditions are unexcelled, and when the question of transportation to the head of the lake is settled, as it may be, to a just and equitable rate, our success is assured beyond question.

I have had many years experience in the transportation business, especially railroading, and feel assured that a direct line well and honestly constructed from Polk County to Duluth can well afford to carry the farmers' products from Polk County to Duluth for the price named in the contract with the bond proposition. I have had eleven years practical experience on a farm in Polk County, raising wheat, and some experience in shipping wheat, and I look at this question entirely from the standpoint of a practical farmer and in a business way. I have investigated the question carefully from the official figures to be found at the county offices and find that the tax necessary to meet the interest on the proposed bonds, on each quarter section of land, would average inside of one and one-half dollar. That is the cost to me each year until the principal becomes due, in twenty years. Now, what is the gain? I am now paying, and have been paying for years, 10½ cents a bushel to get my wheat carried from Polk County to Duluth, the bond proposition guarantees a rate of 7½ cents per bushel for the same service, a clear saving to me of three cents on each bushel. Estimating the product of an acre at 15⅝ bushels of wheat, we get from one-quarter section of land 2,500 bushels of wheat, which multiplied by three cents, the saving on one bushel, gives us $75 each year. Taking from $75, the freight saved each year, $1.50, the interest tax paid out each year, we have a net gain of $73,50 on each quarter section of land. Now, I submit if that is not an investment to commend itself even to the most avaricious.

Again, on further consideration of the question I am inclined to think that the whole $75 will be net gain, as the enhanced prosperity of the farming community would re-act upon every line of business, would stimulate industry, would induce immigration and would bring under settlement and taxation government and railroad lands now exempt and which cannot be assessed only in second parties hands, that the percent of increase of revenue from these additions would be larger than the added railroad tax.

How about the payment of the bonds at maturity, you ask? Allowing that if there is no offsetting advantages in enhancement of property, then even the tax on each quarter section necessary to pay the bonds is less than one-half the net gain for one year, but we do not allow any such thing, for the profits of each acre of land cannot be increased one-half dollar per acre without honestly adding to the value of that land, practically and commercially, $5 per acre, because 50 cents pays the interest on $5 per acre at 10 per cent. annually.

We must have freights reduced in order to meet our competition, and a long experience has convinced me that the practical and surest way of accomplishing this, is by competition, and with this added proposed competition I would not be surprised to see rates forced below even the figures named in the contract.

Farmers of Polk County, let me say to you in all earnestness, that now is the opportunity of years. I have considered this question very carefully and am fully convinced that it means to me as a fund not less than $1,000 a year. My interests in this matter are only common with yours. I ask of you to consider this question on its merits. Get at the bottom facts and see if I am not correct and then vote for your interests. There is no more difficulty in carrying out this business arrangement honestly and successfully than any other business arrangement.

I have considered this question so far simply upon the theory that the farmers of Polk County are to give $220,000 to the Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad, but that is not exactly true; they are to purchase $220,000 worth of stock to build that road; they are to own so much of the road and they have the extraordinary privilege of controlling the maximum wheat rate from Polk County to Duluth in addition to the ordinary stockholder. There is no reason why this stock, before the bonds mature, should not be worth its full value and long before that time paying a dividend to offset or even exceed all interest charges against the bonds. Or the stock may be sold and with the proceeds the bonds cancelled.

So looking at it on all its sides, we can see nothing but gain to the people of Polk County.

Again, this opportunity of investing the bonds and controlling the minimum freight rate of the Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad, gives us a superb opportunity to practically apply the principal so often enunciated in the platforms of several prominent reform parties of our country, of government controlling the railways.

With all the advantages on our side and no liability for loss, for are not the people of Polk County the government of Polk County, and is this not a proposition for the people of Polk County, and are not the people of Polk County, the government of Polk County to invest in and control a direct line from Polk County to Duluth with a minimum capital and great gain.

Where I do not expect this proposed road to come within miles of my farm, I do know that when it reaches the competing center of Polk County, that all railroads in the county must reduce their freight rates to the same price, hence my advantage will be just the same.

A. N. HIXSON.

Free and Unlimited Silver Coinage.

Editor New York Press:

SIR:—I frequently read of a free and unlimited coinage of silver. Will you oblige me by explaining the difference between them?

A.

At present the United States Mint coins 371.25 grains of pure silver, and 41.25 grains of alloy into a coin of 412.5 grains weight, and call it a dollar. The 371.25 grains of silver, at yesterday's market price of $1.0025 per ounce of 480 grains, are intrinsically worth 77.5 cents. Those who believe in the free coinage of silver, but not the unlimited coinage, believe that the government, instead of making this profit of 22.5 cents itself by coining 77.5 cents' worth of silver bullion into a dollar, should coin silver bullion free of charge for American silver producers, so that if you owned a silver mine you could take $775 dollars worth of silver to the Mint and get $1,000 for it. Those who believe in the unlimited coinage of silver would have the government compelled by law to do this for anybody who would apply to it with any part of the world's total production of $160,000,000 worth of silver. As we produce only about 40 per cent. of this, there is quite a difference, as you see, between the free coinage of America's $64,000,000 worth of silver and free coinage of the world's $160,000,000.

The "free and unlimited coinage" idea seems to be that we, the United States, alone and single handed, should enter into a financial war with the rest of the world by turning into money all the silver not needed for use in the arts, whether other nations want to add to their currency in that way or not, or whether, if they do want silver money, they want it at our ratio to gold or not. The plain result of such an attempt would be that the silver produced by other nations would not only be coined here, but would stay here, while gold went abroad to pay for it. Our silver currency would be vastly inflated, and our gold currency in circulation contracted, not only by the departure of the gold that went abroad to pay other nations for the silver that they did not want to come back to them as dollars, but by the locking up of such gold as stayed at home in bank vaults, and in the stoves and stockings that do duty as savings banks in the rural districts. Then there would be a difference in the value of the gold dollar and the value of the silver dollar, whether you called gold the standard and said that the silver dollar was selling at a discount, or called silver the standard and said that gold was selling at a premium. The fact is that gold is the world's standard, and the silver dollar would decline, till, if the market price of silver bullion were what it is to-day, it would buy only 77.5 cents' worth of goods, because prices would go up as gold went up or silver down. Then the transient benefits of free coinage would disappear, while the workingman who worked for $10 a week would get only $7.75 worth of wages, because he would be obliged to take ten silver legal tender dollars.

How much more sensible it would be if, instead of continuing to coin silver on our present ratio to gold—a different one from that of other nations, and one that we keep for no other reason than that it prevailed "before the war"—we were to make a treaty with other nations providing that all should coin silver at the same ratio. Then England, France and Germany, all of which are willing to coin silver, and to make a treaty, but which, because of the attitude of our silver theorists, stick to gold, would coin silver as the equal of gold. Last year these three nations alone coined $55,500,000 of gold and only $10,300,000 of silver, while we coined $22,000,000 of gold and $35,000,000 of silver. It is not the United States that discriminates against silver but Europe, and the remedy for that discrimination is not a new national silver law, but a new international silver law.

The Blade and the People's Party.

Toledo Blade.

We are in receipt of the following letter from a gentleman residing in a thriving little town in Northwestern Ohio;

EDITOR BLADE:—We are sorry to notice the frequent recurrence of scandalous editorials in the Daily Blade regarding the Farmers' Alliance and the People's Party. We feel that this style of journalism is uncalled for, and assure you that it only lessens the regard of the people of this section of the country for your otherwise able paper. If you can modify your utterances so as to make your paper still acceptable to us, please write me or your agent here to that effect

***

The Blade has the most thorough sympathy with the farming community in the difficulties which have encompassed them for the past few years, due to the extraordinary low prices for the staple products of the soil, which in turn were due to the fact that the agricultural capacity of the world has been increasing more rapidly than its consuming capacity. Aside from the matter of low prices on grain and some other products—which, happily for the American farmers, has been changed this year by the failure of the crops in other countries—there are other minor matters of injustice under which the farming community suffer, which The Blade fully realizes; and has never, in any editorial opinion in its columns, said aught to the contrary. Its feeling is one of hearty sympathy with the farmers.

But it does not follow, we must remind our friend, that because we sympathize fully and entirely with any and all evils under which the agricultural community suffer, that we must perforce advocate certain proposed remedies therefor, which, in our judgment, not only would not have the effect desired, but would bring ruin not only upon the farmers, but upon the workingmen and the business world as well. We refer especially to the free coinage of silver, the loaning of greenbacks by the government upon land or other security, the movement indorsed by the People's party convention in this state for substituting greenbacks in practically unlimited quantities for other forms of currency, and the sub-treasury scheme of the Southern Alliance.

We have given our reasons from day to day in The Blade why we are opposed to these things, and we shall continue to discuss them at length as the campaign progresses. As to the open Farmers' Alliance, it has our hearty sympathy and co-operation in this state, where it has declared itself not a political body, but an organization laboring by non-political means for the improvement and advancement of its members. We wish our friend to carefully note the distinctions we have drawn above. The Blade is Republican in its politics, because it believes most thoroughly and entirely that the policy and the aims of the Republican party are those best adapted to promote the prosperity and the well-being of the whole nation, farmers and workingmen, as well as everybody else; and it will oppose any political organization opposed to the Republican party.

It has fought the battles of Republicanism against Democracy from the days of the slavery struggle until now; it fought for honest money against the greenback craze, in the days of the old National party; and it now takes up the fight against free silver, irredeemable greenbacks and the other financial heresies of the new born people's party—which, let us say, is by no means a party of farmers, if we are to judge by the class of men most prominent in its deliberations in its state convention at Springfield. The men who forced themselves into the leadership there are the same men who were leaders in the days of greenbackery; and there is not one of them, with whose political history we are acquainted, who is fitted either by education or by mental qualifications to be a leader. When the blind lead the blind, both fall into the ditch.

We are not aware of anything that has appeared in The Blade concerning either the Farmers' Alliance or People's party, which can be considered "scandalous." We have labored to tell the truth as to the financial heresies advocated as remedies for farmers' ills, and shall continue to do so. We believe that very many who adhere to them are absolutely sincere; but they are mistaken. The remedy would aggravate the evil instead of curing it.

Excursion to Minneapolis Exposition.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Minneapolis at one and one third fares for the round trip, plus twenty-five cents for admission to Exposition, on the following dates: August 25" and 28", and September 1, 4, 15, 18, 22, and 25th.

We will sell September 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12th at one fare to St. Paul and return plus 25 cents.

Tickets sold on above dates are good to return the first Monday following date of sale,

O. A. SHARKEY, Agenr,
Crookston Minn.

|18-21|

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.75
North Star,	2.60
Fife,	2.25
Skip Jack.	1.25

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates.
Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
DEALERS IN
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,
DEALERS IN
ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements
MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.
Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

Fontaine & Anglim,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c
100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c
A Good Summer Corset 50c
A Good Black Corset 50c

100 pieces of "Toilla du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.

A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

=Fontaine & Anglim.=

J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
NEW GOODS.
A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material. | Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
A. STURE,
Opera Block - - Crookston.

Polk County Journal.

Official Paper of the City.

Crookston, August 27, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 85.
2 Northern 83.
3 Northern 79.
1 Northern 74.

John Dowling was up from Duluth last Thursday.

Geo. Vine will sell beef for harvest at wholesale rates.

Geo. J. McManus estimates his loss by hail at $2,700.

Call in and buy that twine we have left. Only a little left.

F. & A. will soon have their new store ready for occupancy.

And now the prospects are for a long spell of weather without frost.

Mat Dauser has moved his photograph gallery over the bankrupt store.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Wilkinson came up to attend the wedding last Thursday.

Mrs. Edward George has been quite ill for several days. Threatened with typhus fever.

Jack Bunnell and wife departed on Friday evening for a short visit to Homer, Minn.

Charlie Lowe has money to loan on favorable terms. See Charlie when you want to borrow.

Harvesting will be pretty well advanced this week, and next week will finish most of it.

A light frost occurred on the night of the 22d, but so far as we can learn no damage was done.

The engine of the excursion train was gaily decorated. It looked like a whole 4th of July.

The mercury rested uncomfortably close to the dead line on Friday, Saturday and Sunday nights.

Dr. Cable gave an entertaining magic lantern show at the Congregational church on Monday evening.

The Congregational Sunday school picnic in Stone's grove on Wednesday was a very enjoyable affair.

Attorney General, John N. Ives, of Kansas, was in the city on Wednesday, shaking hands with old friends.

J. V. E. Wyatt expects very soon to get into his new quarters, which are now in the hands of the painters.

Doc. Dunlop went out to Will Peterson's claim with Will and Henry to be handy when they need a prescription.

Ira De Camp left on Friday evening for Minneapolis where he has accepted the position of clerk in the hotel Brunswick.

Alderman I. U. Jennings expects his wife home from Tacoma early in September. Mrs. Underhill will remain there awhile.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs left for Milwaukee on Tuesday evening on a business trip. She may decide not to remove to Salt Lake City this fall.

Wm. Kistenmacher has received the lumber for his new house and Joseph Netzer will soon have the building ready for occupancy.

John Hack came up last Saturday to look us over a bit. Talks of putting a brick on the Hack & Gallasch property opposite the big hotel.

The Bankrupt store will take possession of the store on the corner of Main and Robert streets just as soon as Fontaine & Anglim move out.

Iver Krohn takes possession of his new rooms this morning and expects to have his lunch-room ready for business to-morrow or Saturday morning.

K. D. Chase was up last week looking after his harvesting interests. He says that he is more than ever convinced that Crookston will be a big city yet.

Some of the papers don't seem to know that the bond election was postponed and are still whacking away at it. It did not come off, nevertheless.

Barnsvills Review:—Mr. E. Martin of Crookston has accepted a position with D. E. Bay. Ed. enjoys the reputation of being away up in his profession.

Albert Halverson, who was until recently our devil, is now night clerk at the Sherman. Albert is a bright, genial young fellow, one who makes lots of friends.

Rev. Geo. W. Jackman, of Alexandria, will occupy the pulpit at the Congregational church, day and evening, on Sabbath next. He is said to be an eloquent speaker.

Pete Misgen has returned to civilization again to abide. The Journal is informed that he will engage in his old business, the manufacture of illigant pop, in this city.

Miss. Edith Copeland came up last week to attend the wedding of her friend Miss Cecelia Cromb and returned to St. Paul on Thursday evening to finish her musical course.

John C. Welles was in the city on Saturday. Is up looking after the harvest and reports a fine crop on his farm this season. He is immensely satisfied with the prospects this year.

The merry harvesters are humming away in one of the best harvests this country ever saw. Very soon their work will be completed and they will be stored away for another year.

S. E. Chapin was over from Grand Forks last week. He expects soon to start for the Red Lake Indian Reservation accompanied by his brother Ed., where they will locate pine claims.

Prof. Rocheleau delivered an interesting lecture on Africa at the old opera house on Tuesday evening, and this evening Prof. Shepard will lecture before the institute at the same place.

The New York Press gives us the surprising information that Hon. W. D. Washburn was once Governor of this State. Such news makes the smallest Minnesota schoolboy smile all over his countenance.

Work on the new hotel building progresses lively. Charlie Jefferson has completed the foundation and the brick are going in right lively. It is the intention to have the building enclosed before snow flies.

On Tuesday morning Alex. Burnam brought in one of his harvest hands who was slightly off his mental equilibrium. In the absence of Judge Benson it became the duty of court commissioner D. Hatlestad to act.

Major Mix, E. M. Walsh and Dr J. H. Thomas went over to Grand Forks on Thursday to attend the funeral of Rev. W. T. Currie who was a mason in high standing. The funeral was the largest ever held in Grand Forks.

Rev. R. H. Battey went out to Andover on Sabbath afternoon to hold services in their school house. He will exchange next Sabbath with the Alexandria pastor and will leave for that point on Friday evening.

C. A. Sharkey is receiving a pleasant visit from his father who lives in Floyd County, Iowa, near Charles City. Mr. Sharkey expresses great pleasure in what he has seen of our county, and says he thinks Crookston is bound to be a large city.

Don't forget the Twelve Temptations Company, Tuesday evening, September 8th, at the Grand. See special dispatch to The Journal announcing crowded houses in Montana. See also a brief synopsis of the play and then go and see the play itself.

It behooves Conductor Harry Norrie to get a hustle on him since the arrival of another boarder at his house last week. On Tuesday's run he put in his extra time shooting ducks and got quite a lot of them. He says that boy must have plenty to eat, somehow.

Miss Minnie Bailey is prepared to make seamless waists or any style desired. It will pay you to see her before you order your work elsewhere.

We have a few pounds of that pure manilla twine yet on hand. If you need twine remember that our twine is all we have to sell of our crop this year and you can help us out a little by buying of us; besides it is very cheap—only 9 cents a pound while it lasts.

Last week we pulled a head of lettuce from our little garden and upon weighing it found it to weigh two pounds and one ounce. We thought that was pretty good for a lettuce head, but there may be others in the county that would beat it. If so we should like to see 'em.

Dr. Geo. A. Cable preached two eloquent discourses at the Congregational church in this city on Sunday last, which were listened to with interest by very many of the doctor's old friends and neighbors. The doctor is at present very pleasantly located at Brainerd. His wife came up with him and went out to their old home at Mentor to spend the Sabbath.

Upon the return of dept. postmaster McLean from Michigan City last week he did not seem to have any evidences of "that wife" anywhere apparent, and some wonder was expressed thereat. The Minneapolis Tribune, in a recent issue, says: "Mrs. McLean has gone to Sioux City to obtain a divorce." This certainly looks as though explanations were in order, George.

An excursion to Maple Lake from Grand Forks went through the city on Tuesday morning. During the halt at the depot the band gave our city a nice serenade. Among the gay excursionists our reporter noticed Charlie and John Kops, Col. W. H. Topping, and W. H. Beecher—old-time Crookstonites. Some of our people joined and others who had talked of it allowed the threatening weather to bluff them.

We gave notice through these columns last Thursday that we would offer for sale 800 lbs. of pure manilla twine, and on Saturday night we had only 400 lbs. left. Uncle Frank Robar was the first to call on Thursday, and he said: "I saw your notice in The Journal and I sympathize with you in your loss of a fine crop so I thought I would show that sympathy by buying some of your twine. I want 100 pounds and here is your cash!" Such sympathy as that is practical christianity.

Minor Rood was down from his Maple Lake farm on Wednesday of last week with some excellent garden vegetables among which was as fine a sample of sweet corn as we ever tasted. Mr. Rood says he is building a fine sailboat which will be ready for service soon and will be a daisy. The builder is an old ship carpenter who lives near the lake and who will build boats for any who desire his services. He would like business enough of that kind to keep him employed during the winter.

The wife of J. L. Friberg, a tailor employed in the C. O. D. store, died suddenly on Sunday morning of heart failure. She leaves a babe a little over a week old and two other small children. She was about the house on Sunday morning attending to her duties, when she suddenly said to her husband that she felt strangely and would lie down a few minutes. Before she reached the bed she fell and expired before help could be summoned. Mr. and Mrs. F. had been married about five years and had four children, one of which died some time ago. The funeral occurred on Tuesday.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

Another "Bond Fraud" Punctured!

TURN LOOSE THE DOGS OF WAR! GIVE SOME CROSS-ROADS SCREAMER "$250" TO SUPPORT THE BONDS!

Where's Ki-yi-sir?

A mysterious and darkly portentious event occurred this week and the "fraud scenters" are again on the qui vive to give the thing away to the dear people for a consideration. A bran new portable engine arrived last week consigned to the Steenerson Bros., and we learn that the G. N. officials have ascertained for a dead certainty that the "Crookston Schemers" intend to put this legend upon it in cold glaring letters: "The Crookston and Rainy Lake Railroad," and run it on the new line for which bonds were recently voted. And these "cold-blooded," "deeply dyed" "villainous cutthroats" actually intend to do this dark deed "right in harvest time," so that no "honest, rheumatic old rooster" can get out of the way to prevent being run over. The most surprising part of this is that the heroes of the country press are not bursting with indignation to expose this terrible plot against the peace and dignity of the h. g. in such case made and provided and the horrible suspicion stalks abroad that the S. Bees have them all "subsidized!" Arise, awake! and Yump onto it, you fellers! This double-dyed indignity must not be perpetrated upon a free people!!

Special dispatch to Polk County Journal:

Butte, Mont., Aug. 24, 1891—Seats for Twelve Temptations sold out early this morning. An unprecedented crowd awaits the opening of the doors.

Chas. Benton.

State Fair Excursion.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis at one fare to St. Paul plus Fifty Cents for the Round Trip, including admission to Fair Grounds.

Tickets on sale September 5th to 12th inclusive, limited to return until September 14th.

C. A. Sharkey, Agent,
Crookston, Minn.
[18-21]

The preliminary examination in the case of Rev. S. N. Griffith, of Larimore, resulted in his being bound over to answer at the next term of the district court at Grand Forks. Elsewhere we publish the comments of the Larimore Pioneer, which embodies our own views of the case. It seems singular that if Mr. Griffith was the character his enemies are trying to make him out that evidences of this evil disposition never cropped out before; that after a long and useful life, after having raised as fine a family as he has, that now, when his hairs are whitening for the grave and he is just rounding out a useful life with honor, he could so far forget his estimable wife and lovable family as to commit the dastardly deed of which he stands accused, to us seems incredible, and we don't believe it. It is also significant that the parties who bring the charge were deep in a plot to remove him from the pulpit. We have taken occasion to interview many of his old friends and acquaintances in Crookston and we have found no one who does not express confidence in the honor of Mr. Griffith, while they deeply regret the position in which he is placed.

Wedding Bells.

The marriage of Cecilia C., oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Cromb, to Herbert C. Boisser, occurred on Thursday last at the Episcopal church in this city in presence of a housefull of the friends of the bride. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. C. Fortin, formerly rector of the Episcopal church here. The groom's best man was Frank Brown and the bridesmaid Miss Annie Cromb, sister of the bride. The church was gayly decorated with a profusion of flowers and evergreens and the ceremony was performed in a very impressive manner. Following the ceremony was an elegant reception held at the residence of the bride's parents until 6:30, when the happy couple began to make preparations to leave on the evening train for their new home in Winona, Minn. The popularity of the bride was attested by a host of presents, to enumerate which would take at least two columns of The Journal, while as large a list awaited them at their new home from his friends in Winona and England. The groom is one of the most popular young business men of Winona, highly respected by all. The Journal joins with hosts of friends in wishing them a long and happy life.

FOUND.

A pair of spectacles about one and one-half miles from Carman. Owner can recover by calling at this office and describing property.

Great Remnant Sale

—AT—

THE MAMMOTH

Commencing Saturday, July 11h, 1891,

A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

—ALSO—

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.

CARPETS

—AND—

House Furnishing Goods

A SPECIALTY.

☞ Agent for those Cool Elastic Pillows. ☜

GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.
GREAT REMNANT SALE.

GERVAIS'=THE HUSTLER

I. O. O. F. Block, - - Robert Street.

Hail Insurance.

Every year there is more or less loss from hail, and in a large majority of cases this loss is an individual one. The alliance, when first formed, attempted to afford relief in this particular by organizing mutual insurance companies, but for some reason or other the relief sought has not been found, and this for several reasons, chiefly because there are too many companies in existence, and because farmers will not, as a rule, insure, and one reason why they will not is because the rates are too high. We believe this matter ought to be taken up by the alliance, one company formed whose officers should be elected by the alliance at their regular alliance meetings, just the same as they elect their other officers. That is, they should create a sufficient number of officers to cover the needs, and elect their president, their vice-presidents, lecturer, secretary and treasurer, and their insurance president, vice-president secretary, treasurer and inspector, all of whom should be under and subject to the orders of the State Alliance. This course would have a tendency to leave but one company in the State and a glance over the past shows that if every acre in the State was in one company, a few cents per acre would cover the largest losses we have ever sustained, and a plan could be adopted to assess even higher in unusual years. In years wherein a large surplus was gained the assessments would be less. If some such a plan was adopted, hail and storm insurance could be made practicable. Last year not one hail company in Minnesota or Dakota paid their loss dollar for dollar, although every man who was insured had to pay his full rate—25 cents per acre. This matter should be made just as obligatory upon every member of the alliance as every other obligation he incurs, and it would be to his advantage, because it would secure to him actual immunity from loss by storms that are sure to come. This subject is at least one that might be profitably considered by the alliance.

Wednesday, about 10:45 a. m., a team belonging to Bill Welsh, hauling brick for the new hotel, started from the corner of Main and Second streets, at the opposite corner they got freed from the wagon and darted up Main street at a rapid rate. At the store of Larson Bros. they collided with the rear end of a wagon belonging to Ole Hoven and threw one of the horses down upon its back. Going on further they collided with a telephone pole in front of the residence of Alderman I. U. Jennings, throwing one of them violently to the ground and separating them. Quickly springing to his feet he rejoined his mate in the grand skedaddle as though nothing bad happened, and they were soon caught and taken to their stable. One of them received a bad cut in its breast and they were both marked up some. Mr. Hoven's horse did not seem to be very much hurt.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well, understanding the business, cuts them up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

Fargo Argus:—Speaking of the Griffith case at Grand Forks. A score of years ago, away back in '79 or '80—a good "Christian brother" came to the writer in Fargo and said—"I have requisition papers for a Grand Forks party, and you have a chance for a great sensation." Those papers were served, and the very man who is now prosecuting Rev. Griffith was taken back to Pennsylvania a prisoner. The Argus was for Bossard then, and it's for him now. He is prosecuting attorney, and thinks he is doing his duty. It is no man's duty to besmirch another. Judge Cutts, before whom Rev. Griffith had preliminary examination, got into trouble, left the state under a cloud—The Argus defended him then—which was years ago—the Judge came back vindicating himself and his friends. The Argus has always sought to be a pronounced defender of those who are persecuted—from any cause—and more especially when malice is at the bottom—as in the Griffith matter—it is believed to be General Grant laid down the maxim—"a man needs friends when in trouble"—he has plenty when all goes well.

The Railroad swamp lands owned by the Wisconsin, Minnesota & Pacific Railway Co, have been re-examined and prices fixed according to the value of the same. The terms are one-tenth cash, the balance payable in five equal annual payments, bearing seven per cent interest payable annually in advance. The timber is for sale, either with or without the lands. The grass is for sale at fifty cents per ton. I. U. Jennings, of Crookston, Minn., is agent for the company. [19-20]

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

Minneapolis Exposition, August 25th to September 26th.

Reduced rates via the Great Northern Railway every Tuesday and Friday, beginning August 25th, and daily from September 5th to 12th.

[18-20] W. W. Fegan, Agent.

FOR SALE.

A registered Holstein-Friesian bull. For particulars call on C. D. Bailey, Carman, Minn. [18-tf]

Teachers Examination.

The fall examination for teachers will be held as follows:

Crookston, Saturday and Monday, 29th and 31st of August.

Fosston, at school house, Tusday and Wednesday 1st and 2nd of September.

Fisher, at school house, Friday and Saturday 4th and 5th of September.

St. Hilaire, at school house, Monday and Tuesday, 7th and 8th of September.

A full attendence is requested at these examinations to avoid special calls on Superintendent's time.

Dated Crookston, August 14th, 1891.

E. J. Grefthes.
Supt. School, Polk Co.

The Schoolmarms.

CHATTY, CHEERY, CHUBBY AND CHEERFUL.

THEY INVADE THE CITY TO THE EXTENT OF A HUNDRED OR LESS.

WE SURRENDER.

On Monday morning they came, those trainers of the young idea in its efforts to shoot; they came in bevys and squads, in carriages and railway carriages, until the managers of the institute now in session were put to their wits' ends to provide shelter for them all, but they "got there just the same." They are a fine looking lot, especially the feminine portion, which is largely in the majority, a credit to our county, and, with the kind permission of our readers, we will introduce them. They are:

Joseph Ball	Climax.
Mabel G. Sweet	Fisher.
Lilian Lawrence	"
Milla Olson	"
Agnes Brownlee	"
Matilda Johnson	"
Mrs. I. K. Messelt	Winger.
Sophia J. Sletto	Valley.
Ethel Dennison	Maple Bay.
Helen E. Stoddard	Dugdale.
Isabel Ase	Wig.
Emma J. Grundeson	Fisher.
Emly Brunner	Crookston.
J. F. Warren	Barnesville.
Belle C. Troumbly	Lambert.
Rose Ford	Crookston.
Edith Lusia	
Minnie E. Cruikshanks	Buffington.
Nellie McGuire	Crookston.
Marian Dobson	"
Sarah Cornelius	"
Severena Thompson	Fisher.
Soren G Benton	Crookston.
Eva M. Marin	"
Olive Aker	"
May A. Fortier	Gentilly.
W. N. Dixon	East Grand Forks.
Abbie Brewster	Fisher.
Rachel Nicholson	Crookston.
Belle F. Kyle	"
Amy M. Brandt	Uvetia.
Stella McIntyre	Crookston.
Katie Toulouse	Lambert.
Emma Pelka	Gentilly.
Retta Hutchinson	Crookston.
Anna R. Little	Gentilly.
Johanna Espeseth	Erskine.
Mary Kyle	Crookston.
Maria Bauman	Fosston.
Louise Kirkland	Carman.
Clara E. Mayeau	Crookston.
Della Hancock	Euclid.
Hattie L. Davidson	"
Lizzie Cruikshanks	Buffington.
Flora St. Yives	Terrebonne.
Maria Rygan	Sletten.
Olive M. Snedeker	Mentor
Mamie Sargent	Crookston.
Maud Sargent	"
Emma R. Fortier	"
Ester M. Nelson	Terrebonne.
Emma Woodhall	Euclid.
Agnes McLennan	Crookston.
Mattie E. Brown	"
Elizabeth Zarracher	"
Hattie Stone	Carman.
Cozy B. McAvoy	Crookston.
Anna M. Hancock	"
Terry Sheley	Fosston.
Lottie M. Horton	Maple Bay.
Katie McAnulty	Dugdale.
Carrie Hunter	Maple Bay.
Julia Carson	Crookston
W. J. Nickle	Edna.
Oline L. Hillrock	"
A. Engbretson	Fisher.
Geo. Wooster	Crookston.
Lizzie E. Fox	East Grand Forks.
Alice E. Levi	"
Anna Portland	Crookston.
Lizzie Ryan	Grand Forks, N. D.
Emma Sutter	Red Lake Falls.
Lena Sutter	"
Anna Power	Wylie.
Josephene Kirsch	Crookston.
Louisa Kirsch	Argyle.
Florence Peak	Crookston.
Ada Lablanc	Terrebonne.
John M. Kicosh	Neby.
Nellie E. Stone	East Grand Forks.
Grace L. Stone	Warren.
Laura Nelson	Thief River Falls.
Susie F. Low	Crookston.
Julia Brunner	"
Wm. A. Marin	"
Eugene La Freneere	Red Lake Falls.
Otilia Johnson	Edna.

Ladies, have you seen those elegant dresses Miss Minnie Bailey is making for her customers? She cuts and fits by the United States system and all her work is stylishly made. This we have on the authority of ladies who have had work done there, and the fact that she is having a very large business is significant, for the ladies are very quick to find out where they can have work done to suit them.

Special Bargain Sale!

—OF—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

AND SILVERWARE,

AT

C. H. SAAKE'S

JEWELRY STORE!

In order to make room for my new Fall Stock, I have decided to make Sweeping Reductions on all my goods of every description.

☞ Come and see! My prices will tell their own story.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

Beltrami, Aug. 24, 1891.

The G. N. R. R. Co. is making extensive improvements on their property here.

All the farmers near here extend thanks to the D. & W. R. R. Co. for withdrawing their proposition. It would have been a loss to them to have been obliged to leave their fields to vote at this time of year.

The case of Johnson vs. Flakne before 'Squire Hallock last Saturday was adjourned for a week.

John Hanly, of Faribault County, who has threshed around here for a number of years, is with us again. He says that nearly all the grain is stacked near his home.

W. J. Nickle has a flowing well 258 feet deep which flows over 100 barrels a day. He says that he will put no more "sticks" in his water and invites the editor of The Journal to come down and take a drink—of water.

J. Jensen, of St. Vincent, was in town this week looking after his "chittens."

State weigh-master, Ed. McManus, of Duluth, was here Saturday night helping the farmers smoke their grain. Ed. says it is a cold day when he gets left.

John C. Welles, of Fond du Lac, Wis., is in town looking over his big farm. We need a number of men who have as much faith in Polk County as he has.

'Squire Hallock's daughter, Miss Olive L., a graduate of one of our best Normal schools, has accepted the principalship of the village school at St. Hilaire. The people of St Hilaire were very fortunate in securing the services of one so well qualified for school work.

Mr. and Mrs. Murphey's daughter, Mrs. Frank Haight, of Roslyn, Washington, is here on a visit. Her husband will reach here Friday with a carload of horses. Mary has a warm spot in the hearts of all our people. Edna.

"And The Goblins Will Git You If You Dont Watch Out."

Grand Forks Herald.

If the railroad companies will run their wheat trains through without stopping for the state line inspection. Constable Phil McLaughlin will be empowered in the name of the commonwealth of the state of North Dakota, to stand in the middle of the railroad track with a shillalah in his fist and command the train to stop in the name of justice, law and order, and if they don't stop he will be empowered to break through the head lights.

For Sale!

Having sold my farm, I will sell all of my farm machinery, consisting of one McKinnon Bros. wide-tired wagon, one Concord buggy, one Plano binder, one Buckeye seeder, one Fargo harrow, one J. I. Case plow, new, and other articles too numerous to mention. For further particulars see

M. Leguee,
[17-tf] Crookston, Minn.

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

Mrs. A. A. Olds returns this week and A. A. is really good looking.

Tom Harris has the job of moving a roller mill at Hallock and expects to start for there this morning. It is one of the biggest jobs Tom ever tackled but he is good for it if it is in the books to move it.

Geo. Crocker is in the city this week. He is talking very strongly of putting up a brick block on his property and if nothing occurs to prevent will probably do so, He has great faith in our future more now than ever before as he says we have now got down to a solid business basis.

CHAS. M. LOWE,
REAL ESTATE
—AND—
CHATTEL LOANS.

LANDS FOR SALE.

Farmers, we wish to call your attention to our new mode of making Farm Loans with Life Insurance.

Amount Loaned. One-half the actual cash value of the land.

Terms of Loan. Ten (10) years. Interest at 8 per cent.

Special Privilege. Partial payments in any amount can be made at any time. Interest payable only once each year.

Special Agreement. In consideration of the annual payment of one-tenth (1-10) of the loan the company will agree to insure the borrower's life for ten (10) years, and at the expiration of that period will cancel, release and return all the mortgage papers.

Should the borrower die during the term of the loan we cancel and return all papers and give the family cash to the amount of the loan.

All kinds of choice loans made for 5 years or more at 9 per cent, without life insurance. Interest payable once a year.

Special Rates on large loans.

HAS. M. LOWE,
Special Agent Union Centra Life Insurance Co.,
Crookston.

A JOB FOR THE ALLIANCE.

Pioneer Press.

The Farmers' Alliance has always shown a singular appetite for business undertakings. It is ready on demand to regulate the most intricate affairs of corporations. It favors all sorts of schemes which have only the most indirect relation to the daily experience of the agriculturist, and its platforms contain elaborate and wonderful ideas on difficult questions of finance. Cynical people have attributed this to a tendency of human nature to interest itself distinctly in the things about which it is least informed. But, since the leanings of the Alliance are so distinctly toward business operations, it is fortunate that there is to be found at least one field of employment for the exercise of that talent which is most important to the farmer himself. We propose the business of crop insurance as a subject most suitable for the Alliance interest and infinitely more advantageous to its members than dabbling in finance.

No other interest, of equal magnitude with the agricultural, would dream for a moment of discarding the insurance safeguard. To no other interest is it of more vital moment. The farmer's crop represents the visible total of a year's hard labor and expenditure. If anything happens to injure or destroy it he has no second resource. It is all dead loss. He has nothing to do but borrow money for another venture, and carry a heavy debt and a heavy heart to his fields for the ensuing twelvemonth. For weeks and months he is at the mercy of the elements, and watches with apprehension the forming of a stormcloud. And at the very last moment, when the fruition of his labor seems secure, all may be swept away in an instant; and the crop which had already been mentally measured and valued may disappear before the shock of the wind or the pelting of a hail storm. It is a chance which no man in any other line of business would be content to take.

The insurance of farm crops is a business that has made slow headway. Farmers are the most conservative class in the community, and are slow to unite for mutual advantage. Only a few of them have seen the benefits of insurance clearly enough to go into it. Their numbers being so scanty it has followed of necessity that the premiums charged them by such crop insurance companies as were in the field were heavier than they felt able to bear, and far higher than they would need to be if the risks were more widely distributed. Therefore, it is that the companies doing a business of insurance against losses by hail or tornadoes has been but small, and that some of them think of discontinuing that department of their work altogether.

Can the farmer afford to go without insurance? If so, he is the only member of the community who believes it. No merchant now-a days would dream of carrying a heavy stock of uninsured goods in an uninsured building. The farmer himself, as a rule, has his farm buildings covered against loss by fire. And yet their destruction would be, in most years, a trifling loss as compared with the damage wrought upon his fields by a single storm. Why should he not guard with equal care against the greater danger? In this year of plenty there will be some scores or it may be hundreds of farmers in the Northwest who will not be able to join in the general rejoicing of the harvest. With the assurance of crops that would mean to them a year of abundance and comfort, they have seen the whole beaten down in a night or an hour by some untoward conjunction of meteorological influences. They have been found in the narrow track of the wind or hail storm; and they are to suffer in the midst of plenty.

This is exactly what used to happen to people in other branches of business before the principle of fire insurance became practically universal. As a rule, nobody is bankrupted now by fire, because his insurance guarantee is at least sufficient to give him a new start. It is the farmer only who takes this appalling and altogether unnecessary chance. And yet it would cost him far less to make himself secure than it does any other member of the business community. It is estimated that if every acre of wheat in Minnesota and the two Dakotas were insured, a rate of 2½ cents per acre annually would more than cover all crop losses from storms, and leave a surplus for profit. What farmer is there who cannot better afford to pay this sum than to take the chance of losing a crop worth from $15 to $40 an acre? Yet he is taking just that chance; and losses in the three states amounting to some hundreds of thousands of dollars annually are now borne by individuals, meaning their absolute ruin or their encumberment with debt for years to come, as a consequence of neglecting the simplest rules of business common sense. General insurance means cheap insurance. Rates on crops are high because farmers, as a rule, have preferred to risk a hazard which might well appal any but a desperate gambler.

Now this is a business which the farmers themselves are quite competent to conduct. But, though of such interest to themselves, they have not moved in the matter as yet. Through their alliance they have the machinery required for organizing a great insurance system. It must be made general so that risks may be widely distributed. Mutual associations will hardly do; for these are generally limited in their territory, and a storm sweeping over a single county might play havoc whose losses could not be sustained by the survivors. But an insurance business spread over an entire state, and including in its lists a majority of the farmers of that state, would impose a burden too light to be felt by any one, while it would offer perfect security against the accidental destruction of crops which now brings annually the cruelest disappointment and actual suffering to worthy and hardworking people. It matters not by whom this business is done. We have suggested it to the Alliance because of the eagerness of that body for business employment, because its members are the parties interested, and because it seems easy to create through its machinery an insurance business covering the field and commanding the confidence of the parties to be reached. But, by whomsoever carried on, the principle of mutuality involved in the great and beneficent insurance idea ought to be applied at once to the farmer's case. Nowhere can its operations be more simple or more easily secured. Nowhere can its benefits be greater or the hardships it averts more severe.

The above is taken from the Pioneer Press and is reproduced in these columns because it contains many suggestions that are good, and also because it shows how easily great minds may sometimes make mistakes. The writer starts out with the presumption that everything the Allsance sought to do is wholly impracticable, and winds up his tirade with these words: "WE propose the business of crop insurance," &c. Why, bless your innocent heart, where have you been all summer that you do not know that YOUR suggestion is one of the ground principles of the Alliance and has been in practical operation ever since the alliance was formed? The very arguments you use in support of your position have been urged by the Alliance for lo these many years, and if you know as much about the whole aim of the Alliance as you seem to on this point, you don't know one little bit about the business.

"The Twelve Temptations."

On Tuesday evening Sept. 8th, the Grand Opera House will present a spectacle which for its worth as a stage entertainment has never been excellend here. Reference is made to the "second edition" of William J. Gilmore's magnificent spectacle. "The Twelve Temptations," which will be introduced here with every thing new in the way of scenery, ballets, premiers, specialties, costumes and music. It is one, if not the largest theatrical organization that travels, which has a numerical strength of sixty-seven people.

STORY OF THE "TEMPTATION"

"The Twelve Temptations" presents a mythical story of the elements, an idyl of ice and sun. It is not more improbable than the average "yarn" that is woven into the ordinary drama. It requires some little elasticity of the imagination, of course, to people the solar and polar region with creatures and objects so familiar, and to make a Prime Minister of Boreas and a goblin of Jack Frost. The overcritical may be disinclined to yield to the blandishments of gnomes, spirits and queen of sun and snow, and some may be found who are so matterof-fact as to deny these strange creatures the delight of merry-making, the perils of love, the pangs of jealousy, the bliss of fellowship and all the sympathy, sorrow, happiness and all kindred feelings possessed by mortals. The same persons declare Willam Tell to be a myth; that Shakspeare was not the author of his own plays, and that Pocahontas existed only in the fancy of Captain John Smith. Surely something ought to be left to us in the way of enchantment so why not spare the fairies, the elves and the sprites?

It is of this materal Mr. Yale has fashioned a legend alternately warm and cold, changeable as the season and one that flips from the council chamber of Boreas, past village and sea, through caverns of the Green Dragon, over golden galleys and jeweled terrace to the home of the dazzling Queen of the sun. The plot is thus epitomized; Zero, the Queen of the Polar Region, has fallen in love with a mortal known as Hubert, a valiant Count of Wurldburg a supposed principality in Norway. With the aid of Boreas, her Prime Minister, Zero concocts a scheme to place Hubert in her power, Boreas, in the disguise of a monk, visits Hubert and inflames his mind with marvelous stories of the gold, silver and jewels that lie buried in the Arctics. Hubert hesitates, remembering that eleven of his ancestors had perished in the attempt to possess these treasures, but Boreas quiets the young hero's fear by stating that the twelfth of his race was destined to win the great prize. It is from this incident the novel narrative derives its name. "The Twelve Temptations," Hubert finally consents to make expedition, and, with his followers, agrees to set sail the next morning, the disguised Boreas to accompany them as guide. In the mean time, Zero to make certain of the young hero's undivided love, dispatched one of her attendant goblins Jack Frost, to abduct Hubert's betrothed, Felicia, whom she intends to offer up as a sacrifice to the Green Dragon, as a tribute for total possession of the Arctic Kingdom. Hubert is warned by Solaris, Queen of the Sun, of the porposed abduction, but arrives too late to prevent it. He therefore embarks immediately for the Arctic Region in pursuit of his betrothed. On the voyage he is attacked by Malay pirates, led by Jejeeh who impersonates a shipwrecked mariner. Jejeeh and the other pirates, after being cared for by Hubert, endeavor to massacre all on board. In this they are thwarted by Snoro Apropos, one of Hubert's henchmen. The Malays are captured and are about to be executed when Boreas, throws off his disguise and claims the entire party as prisoners of Zero. Through magic art, summoned by Boreas, the ship becomes a wreck and is driven into the heart of the frigid zone, where all perish except Hubert and Snoro, who are eventually rescued from death by Zero. Hubert discovering the power of Zero, apparently accepts her proffered love, and is proclaimed king before her court. Bright Eyes, a snow nymph, who has become enamored as Snoro, informs him of whereabouts of Felicia. Snoro tells Hubert, and they resolve to rescue her. Their plan is overheard by Zero, whereupon she repudiates Hubert and attempts to remove him as a captive, but is unexpectedly thwarted by Solaris, the Queen of the Sun, and Hubert's good angel, Hubert subsequently finds the hidden treasure and returns to Norway with Felicia and Snoro. The marriage ceremony is about to be performed when Zero and her attendents appear and endeavor to carry off Hubert and Felicia, the plot being preven ted by Solaris, who banishes Zero to her icy dominions. never to return.

The Pioneer Press Bureau of Claims.

For the Speedy and Economical Settlement of All Valid Claims Against the United States Government.

The enterprise and public spirit of the St. Paul Pioneer Press has never been more forcibly illustrated than in the establishment of what is known as the "Pioneer Press Bureau of Claims," with headquaters in St. Paul and Washington D. C., through which claims of all sorts against the government may be pushed, at a minimum of expense, and a maximum of expedition and economy. Under the offer made by the Pioneer Press, any person living in Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota or Montana, having legal business of any kind requiring attention at the seat of government, can avail himslf of these advantages. In order to render it possible for the poorest of mankind to make an intelligent and systematic effort to secure his just dues from the government, whose network of official red tapes so often strangles deserving cases, the "Pioneer Press Bureau of Claims" proposes to make no charge whatever for services unless successful in whole or in part in its effort, and in such cases the fees will be more moderate than have ever obtained for like work in the past.

We are informed that in this enterprise the Pioneer Press has associated itself with those brilliant and progressive types of Western journalism, the San Francisco Examiner and the Omaha Bee. With the idea of making it a national affair the entire country is to be divided up between a limited number of newspapers of highest class. A special effort will be made to successfully prosecute pension, Indian depredation, land, patents mining and postal claims, and with the assurances offered by the well known business, financial and political standing, not only of the Pioneer Press, but its associates in the new enterprise, it is easy to see that the work will insure to the benefits of hundreds and thousands of persons who otherwise might be the victims of the numberless sharks who make the legal ways of our nation's capital a terror to everyone having cause to venture therein.

All communications or applications from any one living in Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota or Montana, having a valid claim against the United States government should be addressed to the manager Pioneer Press Bureau of Claims, Pioneer Press Building St. Paul, Minn.

Spectacle Made Practicable.

The production of spectacle has been made practicable outside of the large cities by Messrs Gilmore and Yale, who have given years of study to this interesting style of stage amusement. Two special sizes of scenery are carried, so the production is feasible upon any stage of fair dimensions. Everything is carried, so the cities that are visited are not depended upon for anything. The prices of admission are no more than in the large cities, and the same grand performance is given. The company is not "split up" for the smaller cities, as many suppose, but comes in its entirety, so you can see spectacle at home without going to the larger points. Tuesday Sept. 8th.

Half Fare to State Fair.

The Great Northern will sell tickets to the Minnesota State Fair, September 5th to 12th at one fare for the round trip.

W. W. FEGAN,
[19-21] Agent.

An Interview with Canning.

Norman County Index.

Hon. Chas. Canning was in the city last Saturday, and when he dropped into the Index sanctum the reportial pump was applied on some of the live questions of the day. Speaking of an extra session business, he says: "Governor Merriam has more since than to call an extra session of the legislature to appropriate $100,000 more for the Columbia Exposition. I don't see why the farmers of Minnesota should tax themselves to boom Minnesota for the benefit of land speculators. The farmers have no land for sale. What farmers need is less taxation and increased power to pay—free trade and deep water from Duluth to the sea is the building up of the Northwest. The present wheat crop will advertise this state far and wide, and a prosperous, contented people is the best advertisement for a country. This Valley is the sirloin of America and its citizens will soon be the foremost of farmers, but they must not relax in their efforts to free themselves from the oppressive hand of monopoly. The farmers Alliance, under the leadership of Barret, Halt, Hixon, Brandborg and a few others, have done a great deal for the people in opening a free market for wheat and reducing the price of binding twine. The day is not far distant when the Red River farmers will own their own elevators on Lake Superior and will sell their wheat to the buyers of the world and the conspiracy at Minneapolis, with their custom houses all over the valley, will be dictators no more.

Speaking of the late wheat investigation, Canning said: "The investigation is a good thing for the wheat growers. He who growls at $10,000 spent to find out if the grain laws of this state are fairly enforced is a fool or a tool of the wheat combine. If the law is justly enforced it is worth $10,000 to know it, If not enforced it will bring the defections to light so that it can be amended and will be worth many thousands,

MEMBERS OF THE
Home Supply Association,
OF CHICAGO,
ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, ETC.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My prices.
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	8 75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC. Home Supply price		$24.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22 50
No C 38—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		30c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		60c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,
Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL. - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
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Wm. Anglim; K. D. Chase; R. D. Childs
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H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

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On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

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Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

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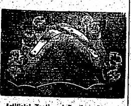

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT,
Don't Have Teeth Extracted If Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

HOW TO SAVE MONEY
BUY OF SLOCUM,
The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.
SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.
HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?
Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.
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CARRIAGE WORKS.
Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.
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A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

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THE ROBERT ST. DEALER
—IN—
General Merchandise!

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CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
PAINTS,
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ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
☞ WALL PAPER.
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

WHEN YOU ARE NEEDING
HEAVY OR SHELF HARDWARE
DON'T FORGET TO SEE
Herman Rasmussen
At the New Stand on West Main Street.
An A 1 Tinshop in connection. Repairs Constantly on Hand.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.
FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,
AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.
OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.
Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats,
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.
Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

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105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA
PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.
Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

New Millinery Store
ON BROADWAY.
NOW READY
OUR NEW
SUMMER
STYLES
LADIES,
Call and Examine.
DRESSMAKING!
We have added a dressmaking department and our dressmaker is now prepared to attend to any order in the latest style of the art. Ladies, call and see us at our New Store on Broadway.
Minnie & Mrs. J. L. Bailey.

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Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

E. STEENERSON,
Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
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CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations. ☞ Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.
CALL IN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

Polk County Journal.

Official Paper of the City.

Crookston, August 27, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.......... 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......................... 8:15 a. m.

FEATURES OF THE STATE FAIR.

Opens September 7; Closes September 12.

A Farmer's Fair.--$12,000 In Premiums For Farm Products and Live Stock.

Special attractions for the farmers are to be features of the state fair.

The exhibit of cattle will be the finest ever seen in the state.

Competition for the prizes offered for county exhibits promises to be exciting.

The fruit and vegetable display will be enormous.

The poultry display will be unusually fine.

The dairy department will be filled with the largest collection of dairy products in the United States. The manufacture of cheese will be one of the features of this division.

A popular feature of the fair will be the Farmers' Institute held daily, and also each evening for the benefit of farmers who camp on the grounds. Tents and cots provided for all who wish to camp.

Friday will be "Farmer's Day." Mr. Jeremiah Simpson of Kansas is expected to be present and will talk on topics of the day.

The machinery division, both agricultural and mechanical, will be unexcelled.

There will be exciting trotting races every day.

A bicycle tournament opens the fair on Monday, Sept. 7.

Ladies races on several days.

First class accommodations on the grounds.

Half fare rates on all railroads.

PILLSBURY ACADEMY.

Pillsbury Academy located at Owatonna, Minn., was founded in 1878 and greatly enlarged in 1886 and 1889. The new Academy building is heated with steam and contains Recitation Rooms, Library, Gymnasium, Chapel, Study Room, Offices and a large Auditorium. Pillsbury Hall is heated with hot water and is furnished with every convenience of a comfortable home for young ladies. The grounds are spacious and well kept. The school is furnished with a well equipped chemical labratory and is fully supplied with apparatus for scientific teaching. There are three regular courses of study furnishing excellent training in any direction desired. The Auditorium is a fine audience room and frequent recitals, concerts and lectures afford unusual opportunity for general culture. Millitary Drill is a very popular feature of the school. The purpose is to furnish the best preparatory education at the lowest possible cost.

The mid-summer number of the Home-Maker comes in attractive guise, and with a table of contents that is good both for the eye and the mind. "Sketches in Madison Square" leads, with charming illustrations of the pretty children and characters to be found there. Ella Wheeler Wilcox has a capital, though rather daring, story, "The Old Sanders Wimin;" and Mary Kyle Dallas one of her bright stories, "An American Knight Errant." The "Three Fates" of F. Marion Crawford is continued, and growns more interesting with every chapter. Mr. Nathan C. Parshall tells the story of Nantucket, which is illustrated; and there is an illustrated skatch of Mrs. J. M. Lozier, the sixth President of the Sorosis, with portrait and sketches of her home. The "House Wife" department is excellent, and there is an illustrated Fashion department which is thoroughly sensible and practical. The editor, Mrs. Croly, writes under the head of "Our Little World," and the "Arm-Chair," and there is the always interesting "Cycle" department, which gathers all the Women's Federated Club news and is full of curious suggestion.

Presidential Conventions.

A presidential nominating convention, be it of what party it may, is always a great event for the city where it is held. The number of delegates is not so very large, rarely exceeding four or five hundred persons, but the army of hangers-on and would-be political bosses often mounts up to 40,000 or 50,000 people. For the Republican convention of 1892 Chicago is understood to be a candidate, while Minneapolis is half minded to make an effort to secure it. This reminds us that when the republican convention of 1888 was held at Chicago, "The Burlington" carried, in three days, over 4,000 Northwestern people to the city by the lake. In fact as a route to Presidential conventions, let them be held wherever they may, "The Burlington" is always at the front, reaching more prominent Western cities than any other line. For proof of this get its maps and time tables of any agent, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon. Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Northern Pacific Railroad Harvest Excursions.

From Eastern terminals to all points on Northern Pacific R.R. as far west as Helena and Butte, Montana, and return. Come and see the biggest wheat crops ever harvested in Minnesota and North Dakota. Low rate excursions August 25th, September 15th and 29th.

This will enable all who are in search of new homes, farm lands, mining claims, business openings and investments to make us a visit.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
Crookston Minn.

[18-21]

South Bend Journal:—When a man takes a cigar out of his mouth to tell the editor to stop his paper, that he can't afford it, the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a good deal. And when he stops it because he hasn't time to read it and then goes down town and whittles a dry-goods box for hours, the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a good deal. And when he stops his paper because a two-line item does not suit him, and then pesters his neighbor by borrowing the paper, the editor may say nothing, but he thinks a good deal. And when some business man says he does not advertise because it does not pay, and then uses the entire sidewalk displaying his goods, plasters them over with such cards as "I am cheap buy me," etc., the editor may say nothing, but he thinks—a great deal.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON. MINN

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., July 10th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on September 9th, 1891, viz: CARL CARLSON, D. S. 11,827, for the se¼ nw¼ sw¼ ne¼ nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼ Sec. 4, Tp. 147, R. 46. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Bernt O. Lindberg, Ole Olson, Jr., Richard Skaug, Charles Aagaard, all of Edna, Polk County, Minn.

[14-19] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
ECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.
All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.
The valleys of Red, Mouse, Missouri, Milk and Sun Rivers reached by Great Northern Ry. Line. Half rate excursions Sept. 9, 23, and Oct. 14, 1890 Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn	Hunting, Fishing.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

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A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
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—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—
Heavy and Shelf Hardware
Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
☞ Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines. ☜
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Harry Fleury, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 27; and

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.80 that became due November 1st, 1889, $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $9.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and thirty-six dollars and four cents ($336.04), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-five, (35), in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), north, of Range forty-one, (41), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G 70]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication July 30th, 1891.)
[Last publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of fifty (50) dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable on the 17th day of November, 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Loren H. Walker and Sophia Walker, his wife, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1886, at 9:50 o'clock a. m., and recorded in volume "26" of mortgages, on pages 412-7.

And a further default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said mortgaged premises, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee was compelled to pay, and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes due and delinquent on said premises, the sum of thirty nine and 37-100 (39.37) dollars, in order to protect the lien of its said mortgage; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 (637.50) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section eight, (8) in Township one hundred forty seven, (147) Range forty-four, (44), containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and twenty-five (25) dollars as attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minnesota, July 17, 1891.

The Netherlands American
Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[15-21] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Northern Pacific
BETWEEN
Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.
There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS
THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.
For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th 1891]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Bernard and Emma Bernard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of January, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 464; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the coupons for interest that fell due July 22d, 1889, January 22d, 1890, July 22d, 1890, January 22d, 1891, and July 22d, 1891, each thereof being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred dollars and forty-five cents, ($600.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), of Section nineteen (19), Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty (40) west, containing 144 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28TH, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 7th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-23] [N. G. 80]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eleven hundred ninety-two and 30-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Dethloff and Martha Dethloff, his wife, mortgagors, to W. E. Damon, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of January, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 93.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said W. E. Damon, mortgagee, to Alice S. Colton, by written assignment, dated the 29th day of May, 1886, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of June, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 21 of mortgages, on pages 559, 560, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty-four (154) Range forty-eight, (48), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred ninety-two 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

ALICE S. COLTON
Assignee of Mortgage.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred twenty four and 30-100 ($124.30) dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 105, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, to Caroline Anderson, by written assignment dated the 9th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 150, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine (9) of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred twenty-four and 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE ANDERSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[15-21] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "C" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by George Goodrich and Emma S. Goodrich, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 338, 339, 340 and 341; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $15.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $18.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($682.80) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and lots one (1) and four (4) of Section twenty-one (21) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-three (43) west, containing 125.59 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 71.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Godfrey, a bachelor, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of June, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 25 of mortgages, on pages 142-145.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the principal $800 that fell due June 24th, 1891, and interest coupons for $24 each that fell due on the 24th days of December, 1888, June and December, 1889, June and December, 1890, and June 1891.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Nine hundred and sixty dollars and sixteen cents ($960.16); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot four (4), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) of Section fourteen (14) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing 117 acres more or less according to the United States government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-24] [N. G. 73]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-one and 73-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 231, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, at 2 o'clock p. m. in book 39 of deeds, on page 556, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of forty one and 73-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication July 16th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. —ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. The Merchants' National Bank of Crookston, vs. Benjamin Milette, defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the 14th Judicial District, in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the City of Crookston, in said County, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum from the 8th day of March, A. D. 1888, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated July 7th, 1891.

JOHN CROMB, Plaintiff's Attorney,
[18-19] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five and 95-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, and $25 to become due, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 14th day of January, 1890, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $25.95 and $25 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward Labree, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of June, 1889, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 3; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $21 that became due November 1st, 1889, $21 that became due May 1st, 1890, and $21 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $21 that became due May 1st, 1891.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents ($886.95), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼) and lots three, (3) and four (4) of Section thirty-one (31), in township one hundred and forty-seven (147) north, of Range forty (40), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 75.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 16th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:25 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-21] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harald Johnson, (an unmarried man,) mortgagor, to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 177, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter and southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section four, (4) Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range forty-four, (44) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, SEPTEMBER 3, 1891. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum NO. 20.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches....	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches....	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches....	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches....	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	50 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

OUR FARMER ON TOP.

Every Wheat-Producing Country in Europe Deficient in the Cerial.

What the Crop Figures Show.

THE OLD COUNTRY DEFICITS—EUROPE MUST HAVE AMERICAN WHEAT—OUR 650,000,000 BUSHEL CROP.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—There is no blinking at the fact that every wheat producing country in Europe, with the possible exception of England, is largely deficient in its harvest. Roughly speaking, Europe will want 200,000,000 bushels of wheat this winter, while according to the latest estimates received here, America will have barely 200,000,000 bushels for export.

Reporters have visited all the prominent merchants, both in Mark Lane and at the Baltic exchange, to get their estimates of the deficiency and the probable amount each country will likely require from America.

Wheat operators in London are divided between two exchanges. Mark Lane buys chiefly in samples, the bulk of its business being confined to British harvests. The Baltic buys in cargo and deals mainly with import wheat.

The following figures are derived from both sources. They are based on the most favorable estimates possible upon harvests yet ungathered. The great bulk of wheat is still in the fields, and there are fully three weeks of weather yet to count on.

The grain usually harvested in August will not be touched this year until September. If the weather turns fine the wheat crops in England and France may reach somewhere near an average. It it continues wet and unsettled, as at present, the outlook for farmers on this side of the Atlantic will be discouraging and matters will be made much worse. The figures given are based on the assumption that the remaining three weeks of the harvest season will be fine. Probably this is assuming too much, as all this week England has been afflicted with a succession of severe storms of thunder, lightning and a pelting rain. In some districts the crops are half under water. London and its vicinity has been without sunshine. Reports received from Germany and France are just as bad. In Paris it has rained 142 days so far this year. Reports received to-day from Ireland say that heavy rains and high winds have done tremendous injury to the crops, and that harvest operations have been suspended. The blight has appeared again among the potatoes.

At the best the wheat crop of Great Britain will hardly reach an average of 72,000,000 bushels. When England produces 72,000,000 bushels it must import 140,000,000 bushels more to feed its own population. Its principal source of supply is America, Russia and India. Russia generally exports 100,000,000 bushels of wheat. This year it will not export more than 60,000,000. The reports that Russia will put an export tax on wheat are declared absurd by London operators.

But the Russian ukase on the exportation of rye goes into practice next Thursday. Its effect on Germany, Austria and other countries where black bread is the staple article of food among the poorer people, is going to be very bad. No such stringent measure as this has been adopted since the Crimean war.

Next to Russia itself the country to suffer most and at once is Germany, especially Prussia. To Germany rye is the staff of life. It not only eats what it grows—viz: 220,000,000 bushels, but imports largely from Russia. This source of supply cannot be replaced.

Austria-Hungary comes third in the production of rye. Its total growth is 130,000,000 bushels. It can give no aid. In Germany the price of rye has risen rapidly and bread must become dearer. Germany is holding cabinet meetings to see what can be done about it. Russian merchants are getting as much rye as they can out of the country before the prohibition ax falls. Mills are grinding night and day, and cars have been engaged in advance on all the railways to export as much as possible before Tuesday.

The Russian ministry of finance has just issued a statement showing that Russia had no option but to prohibit the exportation of rye. Last year's rye crop in Russia Poland was 675,000,000 bushels. This year it is not likely to reach 440,000,000 bushels, which quantity falls short of the requirements for home consumption by 160,000,000 bushels. Germany and Holland alone take annually about 45,000,000 bushels of Russian rye. Wheat is to supply its place this year. Influential German journals are pressing the government on the necessity of reducing the duty on imported cereals. It is believed that the Emperor is inclined to do this, but is advised against it.

Germany generally imports from 20,000,000 to 24,000,000 bushels of wheat. This year it will, according to present estimates, be obliged to import 36,000,000 bushels. Even the most favorable estimates this year figure the deficiency at 25 per cent.

According to the latest figures received from France, one of the greatest wheat growing countries in the world, the crops will fall much behind the average. The National Association of French Millers, which is disposed to put a cheerful face on things, estimates the wheat yield at 224,000,000 bushels, against 312,000,000 bushels last year. France exports little wheat, even when it has a good crop. This year it is likely to import fully 120,000,000 bushels. Italy, as a rule, imports about 28,000,000 bushels of wheat each year. It grows on an average about 128,000,000 bushels. It is not appreciably short of wheat this year. Part of the deficiency in this cereal will be supplied by maize, of which the Italian crop is good. In fact, in many countries where the wheat crop is poor the maize and barley crops are large. It is not believed that Italy will want 2,000,000 bushels of wheat at the highest estimate.

Austria's yield is estimated at 40,000,000 bushels, which is far below the average. It generally ships 8,000,000 or 10,000,000 bushels, but this year it is likely to import that amount.

Hungary will show about 150,000,000 bushels, Roumania last year produced 64,000,000 bushels, exporting 27,000,000 of it. This year it will not have a surplus of more than 16,000,000 bushels.

India will probably export from 40,000,000 to 48,000,000 bushels. It has a fair crop, almost up to her average of 200,000,000 bushels. Wheat shipments from India last week were 1,800,000 bushels. The total quantity of Indian wheat now on passage to Europe is 6,500,000 bushels, as compared to 30,800,000 bushels this time last year.

All the wheat operators to whom reporters talked said there was no question of famine, but simply the problem of a rise in prices, which would bring severe distress to continental countries which are exceedingly economizing under high prices. Men who have been in the business 40 years said they had never seen a more thriving condition of the wheat market. Within a fortnight wheat has advanced six shillings a quarter, of eight bushels, in the London market. Red winter wheat shows an equal advance, and flour is up in proportion. The reserves from last year are small in England and on the continent.

The opinion of Sidney Klein, of the firm of William Klein & Sons, one of the wealthiest wheat firms, is worth quoting: "American farmers ought to realize that they have the whole world under their thumb. They are letting wheat out freely. Russia is 172,000,000 bushels short of rye for home consumption. Most of its rye used to go to Germany, where the whole army was fed on rye. Belgium, Holland and Germany are also short of rye. This deficit must be made up by wheat from somewhere. Italy won't need more than 12,000,000 bushels for import this year, possibly less. France has fallen short, and will require about 96,000,000 bushels. England will need the usual import of 140,000,000 bushels. I should think that the states's harvest would yield fully 650,000,000 bushels of wheat this year. One of the big handlers in the Northwest puts it as high as 700,000,000 bushels. This may be extreme. One of the best crop statisticians puts the yield at 650,000,000 bushels. Europe must have wheat, and American handlers have the market entirely at their command. Almost any reasonable price will be given for it. There are two things which are factors in the present market. I believe that the young German Emperor will finally get the import duty taken off of wheat shipped to Germany. This would send up wheat four or five shillings per quarter all over the world. American speculators will probably run it up 15 or 20 cents a bushel beyond present prices; then, if Russia prohibits the exportation of wheat, the price will mount from 30 to 50 cents a bushel. These will be the two great factors for the advancing price of wheat in the near future. There is next to nothing left of last year's stock. Everything has favored the states and hurt the continent this year. In 1879 there was almost a famine in England and America commanded the highest prices it ever got. America's wheat crop beats that of any wheat-producing country in the world."

The greatest authority in England on wheat is Dornbusch's list, which is a private circular, sold only to subscribers in the trade. The last issue indicates that there is no cause for immediate alarm; but it fully admits the gravity of the situation, which is due to continued bad weather. It says that in Holland and Belgium only medium results are expected from the grain crops. In Germany the broken weather interferes greatly with harvest work. As a result the rye crops do not fulfill expectations indulged in earlier in the season. Italian wheat is not doing as well as expected. Latest estimates say that about 25,000,000 bushels will be required. The most remarkable feature of the market is the abstention from buying on the part of the British merchants and millers. They are waiting until something definite is known regarding the results of English harvests. Continental buyers take all they can get.

HE IS ACQUITTED.

Rev. S. N. Griffith Acquitted by Committee of Methodist Church.

VERDICT SATISFACTORY.

Business Men of Larimore Believe Mr. Griffith Innocent.

LARIMORE. Aug. 26. [Special.] The committee of the M. E. church appointed to investigate the charges against Rev. S. N. Griffith met in this city on Wednesday, and after an earnest investigation, lasting from nine o'clock Wednesday morning, all day and all night until five o'clock Thursday morning, came to an unanimous verdict. Rev. Alex McGregor of Grand Forks was appointed counsel for the prosecution and Rev. J. W. Griffith of Crystel, counsel for the defense. Rev. A. T. Foster, presiding elder of the district was ex-officio chairman and R. M. Hardman of Bathgate was elected secretary. After all the evidence was in and carefully weighed, the committee made the following report.

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION.

We, the committee to whom the charge against Rev. S. N. Griffith was referred beg leave to report that the charge was not sustained.

CHAS. A. MCNAMARA,
JOHN R. YOST,
WILLIAM LOVE,
C. F. GREEN,
M. B. TURNER,
DANIEL C. IRWIN,
R. M. HARDMAN,
Select committee.

The committee was then discharged. Moved and carried that we adjourn.

A. T. FOSTER, Chairman.
R. M. HARDMAN, Secretary.

In the September Wide Awake there is good history, biography and travel (see "The Prince Imperial" and "Stanley's Bananas"), outdoor sport and indoor ethics (see "Two Fishermen," "The Margaret-Patty Letters" and "All Because a Bluebird Sang"), curious natural history (see "How I tended Silkworms," "An Odd Set," and "Two Acquaintances of Mine"), fanciful tale and the higher sort of fairy story (see "Peterkin and Pollikin go to the Fair," and "A Tale of the Black Forest"), practical art-lessons (see "Drawing the Child-Figure"), a masterly serial (see Margaret Sidney's "The Peppers Grown Up"), a fine array of short stories (see Mrs. Bates's "Red Lilies," Mrs. Sherwood's "Sovereign of '45," Clarissa Potter's "Aunt Betsey's Cap Box," etc.), pages of original anecdotes and pictures and poems galore; among them Hassam's drawings of "Gossamer Girls," and Mrs. Mary E. Blak's "Masquerade" are especially delighting. $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Boston.

Red Lake.

ENGINEERS PRONOUNCE THE PLAN TO DREDGE RED LAKE RIVER PRACTICABLE.

Minneapolis Journal.

The fascination that surrounds a country hitherto unexplored exerts itself as strongly over the United States engineer as over any other mortal, at least so says Engineer Jackson, of the recently returned Red Lake expedition. The object of the expedition was to discover whether or not Red Lake could be made available as a reservoir for supplying the Red River of the North in such a manner as to maintain the latter at a navigable depth throughout the open season. There seems no doubt from conversation with the returned explorers that the plan is practicable and, in fact, easy of accomplishment. Civil Engineer F. L. Douglas, of Minneapolis, and W. F. Hunt, of St. Paul, were also of the party. Red Lake—that is the southern half of it and the only portion explored so far—is 27 miles wide from the south shore to the narrows and 38 miles long. It has six large rivers feeding it in the east, south and west, with the outlet to the Red River of the North on the western shore, a stream 40 feet wide and with an average of 7 feet depth, known as Red Lake River. At this point the work of the government will be concentrated.

The feeders referred to are the most of them good-sized rivers. On the northeast side is Battle River, 150 feet wide and 10 feet deep on an average. On the southeast is Black River, the largest of them all, 200 feet wide, and with an average depth of 20 feet. A tour up this river from its mouth demonstrated that an uniform depth of 20 feet was maintained for six miles from its mouth, and thence for an unknown distance 15 feet. Milk Creek, on the south shore, is 20 feet wide, and at its mouth is the Chippewa Indian agency. Sandy River, on the southwest, is about 40 feet wide and seven feet average depth. Ten miles to the north, directly in the west of the lake, is the Red Lake River, which traverses the marshy country between the lake and the Red River. The entire west shore as far as the eye can reach is one vast marsh, teeming with all sorts of water fowl, and covered with rank slough grass growing to a height of 10 feet. At the northern extremity are the narrows, an isthmus 100 feet wide connecting the lower lake with the upper. Engineer Jackson thinks the solution of the reservoir problem will be in the dredging of the Red Lake River to such a depth as to increase the flow into the Red River. This, he says, can be done without danger of lowering the lake level to any appreciable extent, for the reason that its sources of supply are many and adequate to furnish material for a much greater outlet. It is pointed out that no course has as yet been decided on, but the one referred to is regarded as the most practicable. The effect of improvements such as are proposed in the Red River country will be good. Most of the farmers in the country it traverses, ship their grain by river in barges. It is to admit of the passage of boats of greater capacity for the carrying trade, that the improvement is contemplated. Mr. Jacobson cannot at present furnish an estimate of the cost of dredging Red Lake River the required depth, but from the very nature of the stream and the work proposed to be done in it, the expense cannot be great.

There is heavy pine and tamarack timber in the northeast and south of the lake. It is just as wild to-day, except for the marks of Indian habitation as it was when Columbus set foot on the coast and thanked his stars for getting ashore somewhere. An interesting point on the east shore of the lake is the mouth of Battle River, which is thus named from the fact that there the Chippewas and Sioux fought their last battle. The Indian mounds on the river banks proclaim that many a dusky hero has found his last resting place here by the Red Lake of the North.

BUTTE, Aug. 24.—The Twelve Temptations was a revelation of scenic beauty to-night at Maguire's. Curtains of unexcelled magnificence pleased the eyes, while the dancing forms of scores of beautiful and grotesque figures occupied the foreground. The fairyland scene, with which the show closed, was the finest scene ever produced on a Butte stage. The human frog and the equilibrist furnished their share of the evening's entertainment. The show will be repeated to-morrow night.—STANDARD.

Minneapolis Exposition, August 25th to September 26th.

Reduced rates via the Great Northern Railway every Tuesday and Friday, beginning August 25th, and daily from September 5th to 12th.

[18-20] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

PRIZES FOR WHEAT.

One of C. A. Pillsbury's Characteristic Doing in the Interests of the Northwest.

SCHEME TO STIMULATE THE PRODUCTION OF GOOD WHEAT BY THE FARMERS.

Probably no one is more interested in the improvement of Northwestern wheat than the Hon. C. A. Pillsbury, the head of the great Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills Company of Minneapolis. He has found a great many oppratunities in the past to stimulate the production of good wheat, and now has a new scheme, which he is carrying out in connection with the experiment station of the state university and the officers of the State Fair. Last year the experiment station sent out a large quantity of pure Scotch Fife seed. Mr. Pillsbury now offers the following prizes for wheat grown from this seed: First $30; second, $25; third, $20; fourth, $15; fifth, $10. The basis of the award is as follows:

Weight per bushel on a scale of	100	points.
Color of grain	100	do
Plumpness	100	do
Percentage of gluten	100	do
Quality	100	do
	500	points.

The prizes will be awarded to the five best samples in the order in which they approach the 500 points mark. To compete for the prize each farmer must send one bushel of the wheat grown from the seed furnished, in a suitable sack, addressed to D. N. Harper, care of Secretary State Fair, Hamline, Minn. A small, typical sheaf of wheat must be sent as soon as harvested; also a statement giving the following information: When ripe and harvested, kind of land, amount of seed sown, amount of crop from same and date sown. The sample sent must not be hand-picked, or will be disqualified. All samples must be plainly marked with name and address of grower.

Following are the official conditions of competition:

1. It shall be planted on new ground—that which has not grown a crop—or on summer fallowed land, or on land which has just raised a crop of potatoes, corn or millet.

2. A record shall be kept of the date when planted, size of plot, time when ripe and dates when harvested and threshed.

3. A small sample of the crop (in addition to the bushel sent to the state fair), together with a copy of the record shall be sent to D. N. Harper, Experiment Station, St. Anthony Park, Minn.

4. It shall be seeded at the rate of at least one bushel per acre. The wheat will be distributed in packages not to exceed five bushels, and it is suggested that one bushel be the rate at which it is seeded when a press drill is used, and a bushel and a peck when seeded broadcast.

5. A bushel from the crop shall be sent by each farmer to the state fair of 1891. The expense of transportation to the state fair will be borne by the experiment station, and the wheat will then be the property of the experiment station. The wheat will be distributed next year.

Excursion to Minneapolis Exposition.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Minneapolis at one and one third fares for the round trip, plus twenty-five cents for admission to Exposition, on the following dates: August 25" and 28", and September 1, 4, 15, 18, 22, and 25th.

We will sell September 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12th at one fare to St. Paul and return plus 25 cents.

Tickets sold on above dates are good return the first Monday following date of sale,

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
[18-21] Crookston Minn.

At "The Cross-Road of Pacific."

The most conspicuous feature of the forthcoming September number of the Review of Reviews will be an elaborate political article upon the Hawaiian Queen and her kingdom. The article is admirably illustrated with portraits of the Queen, the young Heiress Apparent, and the principal man who are in authority or wield controlling influence at Honolulu. The special timeliness of the article is due to the manner in which it discusses the international relations of the Sandwich Islands, and particularly the recent negotiations which have sought to secure for the United States an exclusive control of the best harbor in the Island for a naval station and to establish such special relations as would amount to a protectorate. The article is written by a high authority in Honolulu, and will arouse the keenest interest in diplomatic and goveanmental circles in Europe and America. All the world now recognizes the immense strategic and commercial importance of the Hawaiian group in view of the rapid development of North Pacific trade, and in view of the approaching completion of the Nicaragua Canal. The discussion of Mr. Blaine's recent negotiation, and the Canadian attempt to render them unsuccessful will be read with very marked interest in both countries.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
—DEALERS IN—
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts. - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,
—DEALERS IN—
ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements
MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.
Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

Fontaine & Anglim,
CROOKSTON, MINN.

50 Pieces of Challies, very pretty patterns, at 5c
100 pieces of "Toille du Nord," A splendid wash fabric, 12½c
10 pieces of White Goods, worth 18c, 12½c
50 pieces of Anderson's Scotch Ginghams, best quality 30c
100 pieces of Best Prints will will be sold as long as they last for 5c
50 Dozen fast black Hose, warranted not to crock or money refunded. Per pair 25c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 8c
JERSEY Ribbed Vests 25c
A Good Summer Corset 50c
A Good Black Corset 50c
NEW LINE of SHIRT WAISTS of GLOVES. of WINDSOR TIES of PARASOLS. of FANS.
A good Black Silk for 75c per yard.
Agents for Butterick's Patterns. Mail orders receive our prompt attention.
=Fontaine & Anglim.=

J. V. E. WYATT,
UNDERTAKER
Furniture Repaired and Upholstered and Orders Taken for
NEW GOODS.
A Full stock of Picture Frames and Material.
Carpets Taken Up, Cleaned and Re-laid.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES.
Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
A. STURE,
Opera Block - - Crookston.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, September 3, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 85.
2 Northern 83.
3 Northern 79.
1 Northern 74.

"The Rebellion."

Sture wants oats right now.

Wm. Anglim went to St. Paul last week.

H. B. Budd was in from Edna on Tuesday.

Look out——for Fontaine & Anglim's opening announcement.

E. D. Childs expects to start his threshing crews this week.

The band will play on Commercial House corner Friday evening.

Call and examine that fine line of flannels just received at Sture's.

For anything you want in the line of musical instruments call on Herb.

"The Rebellion," at the Grand Opera House, October 8th, 9th and 10th.

Sture can supply any desirable number of seamless sacks—stout and cheap.

Tom Harris has gone to Hallock to remove the big roller mill to its new site.

Ralph Arnold came up from Wisconsin last week on a visit to his brother, W. F.

Mrs. J. G. McGrew entertained Mrs. W. H. Topping, of Grand Forks, last week.

Prof. J. B. Lanigan made a pleasant trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis last week.

The starch factory at Monticello was destroyed by fire on the morning of Aug. 30th.

See Fontaine & Anglim's new ad. in this issue.

Herb Mason talks of going to Chicago next week to lay in an immense stock of fall goods.

Commencing with next Monday daily trains will be run on the Fosston branch except Sunday.

Cashier Lewis Ellington left for St. Paul on Monday evening. He will visit Duluth ere his return.

Judge Benson, Judge Christanson and Col. Gorgas went out to hunt the festive chicken on Tuesday.

L. A. Cadieux, of Terrebonne, has accepted a situation with C. H. Saake, the Robert street jeweler.

Chris Hoch, J. E. O'Brien, Arthur Dufresne and L. Sargeant went out on Monday for a grand hunt.

Prices low, goods fine, stock large, at FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

Before you sell your wheat see what R. G. Marlette can do for you. Office and warehouse at Carman.

E. K. Austin returned from Hot Springs last Saturday. Says he feels very much better for the trip.

D. T. Herriott, of New Castle, Pa., was in the city this week. Mr. H. is looking after his interests in Polk county.

Eben Lancaster, proprietor of the Crookston Pioneer Hack Line, rejoices in the arrival of a bran new boy Tuesday.

J. C. White, agent of the P. F. Collier Publishing Co., was in the city this week visiting his old friend, P. J. Russell.

"So near and yet so fur." Fontaine & Anglim's fur trimmed jackets.

If you know of finer or better musical instruments in the city than Herb keeps, write and let us know where you found 'em.

R. W. Johnson has returned to civilization once more and may be found again in his old accustomed haunts as of yore.

Frank Haight was in the city on Tuesday. Frank is now a resident of Roslyn, Wash., but it seems cannot keep away from old Polk.

Gordon McGrew came home from Hillsboro, N. D., last Friday and left for St. Hilaire on Monday to join a threshing crew there.

Rev. Jackman, of Alexandria, preached two excellent, practical sermons at the Congregational church in this city on Sabbath day.

Accordians, violins, guitars, banjos, with all extras therefor, in fact a full and complete line of musical goods, constantly on hand at Herb's.

We are aching to tell how the clerical looking individual "done up" Charlie Misner's new barber, Hostetler. Like enough we will "sm'other aft."

Bring your job work to THE JOURNAL office. We are now, more than ever, prepared to do all work entrusted to our care promptly and well. Give us a trial.

A Sture went up to the Black River farm on Monday. Says he found some shrunken wheat, caused, he thinks by hot weather. No frost to hurt anything up there.

Don't forget the date——of Fontaine & Anglim's opening, September 16th 17th, 18th and 19th.

Capt. P. J. Russell has an eye to business. Meeting Comrade V. D. Carruth on Monday he authorized him to apply for a pension for gunshot wounds received in the line of duty.

Well, yes, about everybody who could buy, borrow, beg or steal a shot gun an a dog went out for chickens on Tuesday. No need to eat "ducks" any longer as it is now lawful to kill and eat a chicken.

REOPENED

——AT——

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway - - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Hi, there, Elder, come back and get those doves you brought to Wilson. It takes too much of his valuable time from business to sit by the box and watch 'em.

The new sidewalk now being built along west Main from Robert street to Rap's new walk causes kicks innumerable as it materially changes the order of things along there.

This week practically finishes harvesting in Polk County, with the exception, perhaps, of a few pieces of ate grain. As a rule the wheat is of excellent quality and lots of it.

Prof and Mrs. Moore returned from thetr vacation visit to Canada last Friday morning all ready for their duties in school. The fall term commences on Monday next.

I. E. Baker, inspector for the Millers' and Manufacturers' Insurance Co., spent Friday and Saturday in the city. Baker was for a long time head miller for Lee & Herrick, in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Read, of Chicago, are visiting with their grand-daughter, Mrs. C. H. Saake. Mr. Reed has large property interests in the county and considers it a good investment.

Boots and Shoes? Call at the new Opera house store and see that nice line of good, substantial and cheap ones that Sture offers. You can find as elegant or as plain styles as you wish.

McKinnon Bros. have moved their machinery into their old carriage shop on Main street, north of the Merchants' National Bank, where they may be found by all their old friends and patrons.

The date set for the Twelve Temptations Co., has been changed to Monday night Sept. 7th intead of Tuesday night Sept. 8th as announced in our last issue. Note the change and get ready for the big show.

Stacking and threshing will be the order of business on the farms from now until that important work is all done. While many will thresh from the shock about the usual amount of stacking will be done.

We are told that Mrs. E. E. Bangs has engaged a store in the new Reckitt Block and will take possession with her millinery establishment as soon as it is ready. Tom Morris has also secured a shop in the same building.

Doc. Dunlop and Will Peterson returned last Thursday from a visit to Will's farm, near Fosston. They also extended their trip about 70 miles into the wilderness and enjoyed some most excellent fishing and hunting.

Samuel Putnam delivered an address on Liberalism at the old opera house on Tuesday evening. He was introduced to the audience by Elias Steenerson. Suggestive—the prophet Elias introducing Samuel to a Crookston audience.

"Good bye," said Prof E. J. Grefthen on Monday evening, "farewell everybody. I am going down to Fosston tomorrow morning and if I live to return I will see you all again, later." He goes out on a missionary tour to schools.

A jolly party started for a big hunt north of St. Hilaire, on Monday. They are T. G. Thompson, O. H. Lucken, Andy Locken and A. G. Anderson. They are coming home when they destroy all the game there is in that country.

THE JOURNAL is informed that G. M. Barber has rented the store room in the new block on the corner of Main and Second street and will put in a stock of boots and shoes just as soon as the building is completed and ready for occupancy.

Our reporter drpped into Sture's store in the new opera house block and was shown as fine a line of crockery as ever brought to this city. And the the prices? That's the funny part of it. We dont see how he can sell them so cheaply. He invites your inspection.

Did it ever occur to you that Mr. L. Fontaine, of Fontaine & Anglim, and Mr. Donavan, have departed for the great wholesale markets of this country for the sole purpose of buying novelties for the opening, which takes place on the 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of September.

Special Bargain Sale!

——OF——

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

AND SILVERWARE,

AT

C. H. SAAKE'S

JEWELRY STORE!

In order to make room for my new Fall Stock, I have decided to make Sweeping Reductions on all my goods of every description.

☞ Come and see! My prices will tell their own story

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

"The Rebellion."

Fred Mix, Hank Murray and Conductor J. B. Copeland went to St. Paul last week.

C. W. Palmer, of Troy, N. Y., arrived on Wednesday of last week to look after his interests in Polk County. C. W. comes with renewed confidence in the grand future of Polk County.

Wm Munch informs THE JOURNAL that he bought the first load of new wheat on Monday of Peter Cornelius. Peter will go right ahead and pound out what wheat the hail left him.

City Attorney Martin O'Brien received a letter from A. C. Wilkinson, written from England, stating that Mr. W. and wife would arrive home about September 25th, from their tour of the old world.

A full line of musical goods did you say? Well, I guess yes! Am so well convinced of it myself that I am not ashamed to invite you to call and inspect my goods in that—well in any line that I keep. H. A. MASON.

R. G. Marlette has rented a warehouse of E. D. Childs, at Carman, and will handle wheat, barley and oats on commission or will ship the same for parties desiring. He is prepared to pay the highest market price at all times.

The latest rumor about the big hotel is that it will not be a hotel at all. One thing seems assured and that is that it will be one of the finest business blocks in the city. It is nearly completed to the first floor and part of the floor joists are on.

Miss Lorena Johnson, who has been attending the Crookston Shorthand School for the past three months, has accepted a lucrative position as stenographer with a law and collection firm at Grand Forks. By the way, Miss Johnson is a rapid word catcher.

Our people were surprised and pleased last Saturday at a visit from Rev. Frank Roberts, who some years ago was the pastor of the Baptist church here. Mr. R. is now engaged in business in Buffalo, N. Y. Reports Mrs. Roberts and the girls all in good health.

"The Rebellion."

McKinnon Bros. have rented the room heretofore occupied by their machinery business to a Mr. O. R. Williams, of West Superior, and the room is now being made ready for occupancy as a dry goods house. It is to be finished and ready by Sept. 5th.

Come to the opening of Fontaine & Anglim's new store on September 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th, and feast your eyes upon the unparalleled stock while it is in its full glory. You know how welcome our friends, the public, always are, regardless of whether you buy or not.

Steenerson Bros., started thrashing for the season on Chris. Steenersons place last week. They report 22 bushels per acre of wheat of excellent quality. We are told that they will not put that engine on the Rainy Lake go-to-thunder road until after threshing season.

The militia company, at the meeting on Friday evening, elected P. Bodine 1st Lieut. and Will Hoch 2d Lieut. P. J. Russell had previously been elected captain. The boys intend to put a military play on the boards at an early date. They expect to have their uniforms about the middle of this month.

Dame fashion has been successful in creating many new, rare and novel designs in dress goods this fall. We leave it to any unbiased judgment whether our claim of being the leaders in extensiveness of assortment, good styles and maintaining the lowest prices, is just and well deserved. See our ad. on local page.

A. Sture would very much like to purchase—right away quick—any quantity of new oats, for which he will pay the highest market price. Dont wait until everybody has plenty of oats for sale and then kick because we didn't tell you where you can find a good market right now. Go to Sture at the new Opera House Block.

Jacob Stambaugh, of Youngstown, Ohio, was in the city last week. Mr. Stambaugh is a Polk County old-timer, and has not lost all interest in us yet, and when he gets lonesome among the Buckeyes he takes a trip up to this airy land to get a breath of fresh air. He is confident that McKinley will carry Ohio this fall.

Rev. R. H. Battey will occupy his pulpit again at the Congregational church next Sunday. Morning subject "Self Sacrifice; evening "Soul and the Witch of En-dor." The Lord's Supper and admission of new members into the church after morning sermon.

Bro. D. P. R. Strong, publisher of the only paper at East Grand Forks, the Review, gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call on Wednesday. Bro. Strong seems to be a writer from way back and he is making a good local paper, thus filling a "long felt want."

We'll be There!

"Open wide ye gates of traffic
and let the people enter!

THE OPENING

——OF OUR——

NEW STORE

——TAKES PLACE ON——

Sept. 16th, 17th, 18th & 19th

Our modern system of store keeping and the progressive changes we have adopted to serve our customers quickly and courteously, and the arrangement whereby each of our departments is, of itself, exclusive and under special management, is a forward step in comparison with the average stores in our community. Through this system little details in merchandising with us receive the same minute attention as the larger ones, and we appreciate, and shall further try to merit the praises we hear bestowed upon us by our patrons, that through this completeness of every detail in our stock, their wants are supplied, as well, and often better, than were they residents of one of the larger cities. We have enlarged our

CLOAK AND CARPET

DEPARTMENTS

To double their former size, all of the space formerly occupied by the office and stairway is now taken up with our increased stock of

Cloaks and Jackets for Fall Wear.

The Fall season in the

"Dress Goods Stock"

is well under way. If there is any worthy going style missing in our stock, it is certainly rare and obscure. The latest fabrics, such as "Cote de Cheval," or Bedford Cord, "Henriettas," "Vigogne," "Drap d'Avazure," "Cordurette," "Melange," "Vigoureaux," "Fancy Jacquanets," "Cheviots," "Camel's Hair Effects," and Broadcloths are way out of sight. When we speak of "Broadcloths" we mean Broadcloths—flannels are not Broadcloths, even if some merchants have fallen into the habit of calling them so. Broadcloth has a twilled back. You can't mistake them if you are careful. Full range of colors in three qualities—$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. The latter is a genuine French Broadcloth and is considered to be the best sold in this country.

Quilts and Blankets.

Our Quilts and Blankets are shown on the main floor. No dark and dingy basements; no stairs to climb. In order to do a large early business, some special values will be offered.

A decided bargain—good heavy 10-4 scarlet wool blankets at $3.00 per pair.

All wool 11-4 white blankets $5.00 per pair.

All wool 10-4 white blankets, $4.00, $5.00, $5.50, $6.50 and $7.00.

COMFORTABLES.

We make our own comfortables; we know what goes into them. No shoddy; no trash; nothing but pure, clean cotton. They're home-made comfortables in every respect.

Print comfortables, large size	$2.00
Challie " "	2.50, 3.00
Extra fine cotton Pongee comforts	3.50
1 case best Prints	5c
1 case 36 inch striped Henrietta	25c
1 case 36 inch Tricot	25c
1 case 54 inch flannel Suiting	60c
1 case 38 inch, all wool, Henrietta	50c

Our Opening will be noted for the special values.

Don't forget the date—16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of September.

Fontaine & Anglim.

New LUNCH ROOM,

IVER KROHN, Proprietor.

McKinnon's Block. Main Street.

Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.

ALSO A CHOICE LINE OF

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

GIVE ME A CALL.

I. A. KROHN.

John Dohaney, brother-in-law of Geo. W. Lewis, arrived in the city on Sunday evening from a trip to Washington, and stopped off for a visit with his relatives. Mr. D. is proprietor of the opera house at Council Bluffs, Iowa, than which there is none finer in that state. He looked over our opera house while here and complimented it highly.

Sheriff Hill, of Clay Co., came up on the N. P. train on Tuesday morning. We do not know what he came for, we only know that he left on the next down freight with R. L. Elder, who informed our reporter, just before the sheriff got him, that he had been doing nothing worse than harvesting one of the finest crops in the Valley.

Iver Krohn has taken possession of his new lunch room and has everything arranged in apple pie order. Below he has his kitchen department where the nicest lunches imaginable are concocted and upon the first floor is the lunch room where you can roost upon a high stool while you enjoy them. He will also keep a choice line of tobacco and cigars on tap. Open day and night.

Quite an exhibition of wild western scenes was given on Main street on Saturday of last week. A wild three-year-old steer, belonging to Hoch & Ott, got loose in the streets and the boys got one of the cow-boys after him with a pony and a lasso. After an exciting chase of only a few minutes duration Mr. steer was duly captured after the most approved "wild and wooly west" style and led to the barn. A hundred or more of our citizens were interested spectators of the interesting spectacle.

If you are looking about for a place to invest in real estate of any kind you should not neglect to find out what golden opportunities are offered in Polk County this fall. With good markets practically assured there is no better place for investment than is presented right here. If you want a farm you can buy one for at least one-half what it is worth. This is also true of all kinds of real estate in the county but it will not remain so for very long.

W. D. Wilson is making preparations to move his business into the store now occupied by Fontaine & Anglim's clothing store and expects to be ready for business on Monday or Tuesday next. The name will be changed from the Bankrupt Store to "The Fair" because the boys intend that there shall be no fairer place in the city to trade. They will give a fair exchange of goods for your money.

Fred G. L. Hunt, representing the Minnesota State Fair, passed through Crookston on Saturday. He has traveled on bicycle over eastern and southern Minnesota and North Dakota, and is now on his way back to St. Paul. Finds crops in good condition; saw no grain of any account injured by frost; crops splendid all over. He uses one of W. W. House's English pneumatic bicycles, and has averaged 60 to 80 miles per day.

J. V. E. Wyatt opens out his new stock this week in the new quarters. He has the old stand fixed up far more elegantly than ever before, with closets for his caskets and racks for his picture frame mouldings, all nicely painted. He is also prepared to sell you anything you desire in the line of furniture at close prices and it will be to your advantage to call when you need anything in his line. He invites all JOURNAL readers to give him a call.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending August 30th, 1891.

Bakke, S. H.	Blondin, Alfred
Cummings, John	Johnson, John
Leco, Fred	Lietstroh, Anton
Madden, Mrs. Sarah	Neal, Thomas
Narvin, F. L.	Quarpe, Targel T.
Synsvold, Martha O.	Wallace, Byron.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

JUST ONE NIGHT!

Monday, September 7th.

A TRULY GORGEOUS TRIUMPH!

WM. J. GILMORE'S

Glorious Scenic, Ballet and Pantomimic Spectacle, the

12 Temptations 12

Charles H. Yale, - - Sole Manager.

With capable Artists—5 Grand Ballets—Dramatic Cast of Thirty Players—3 Famous Premiers.

☞ The only Spectacular Novelty of the Season.

35—IN THE BALLETS—35
4—STARTLING SPECIALTIES—4

Don't Fail to Bring the Children. Sale of Seats open Saturday, Sept. 5th at Box Office.

Prices $1.00, 75c and 50c.

HAIL INSURANCE.

In our last issue we republished an article from the Pioneer Press in which the writer of said article very broadly intimates that the farmers were such a precious set of fools that they would not insure in old line companies, therefore the said old line companies were actually thinking of withdrawing from the business. Said the writer:

"The insurance of farm crops is a business that has made slow headway. Farmers are the most conservative class in the community, and are slow to unite for mutual advantage. Only a few of them have seen the benefits of insurance clearly enough to go into it. Their numbers being so scanty it has followed of necessity that the premiums charged them by such crop insurance companies as were in the field were heavier than they felt able to bear, and far higher than they would need to be if the risks were more widely distributed. Therefore, it is that the companies doing a business of insurance against losses by hail or tornadoes has been but small, and that some of them think of discontinuing that department of their work altogether."

On the other hand the methods of conducting insurance of this class have been such that the farmer pays his good money for insurance and virtually takes all the risks himself. For instance, suppose a farmer insures in an old line company, and his crop is destroyed by hail, and supposing somewhere in the country another farmer's crop is destroyed by frost to such an extent that he can only get 25 or 30 cents for his wheat. The adjuster for the insurance company bases the loss the farmer sustains upon what the frosted wheat is worth in the market and the insured farmer gets practically no insurance. It does not take a shrewd Northwestern farmer forever and a day to catch onto these points and to ascertain that insurance does not always insure. A case in point was told us recently of a farmer near Gentilly, who paid an old line company $140 in good hard cash for insurance on 300 acres of grain. The grain was totally destroyed by hail and the adjuster actually offered the man $40 to settle and the man had to take that or nothing, as he found by looking up the matter, that he had no recourse. The fact that the old line companies do not intend that their insurance shall insure has become patent to the farmers and that is why those companies get no more business than they do, as there is hardly one farmer in Polk County who would not insure if assured that he would receive what he pays for and he would be willing to pay more than 2½ cents per acre for it. The mutual plan is better that this, but the trouble with that is there is liable to be too many companies. One company, covering every acre in the State would probably be all right, but we are not sure but that a better plan would be for the State to take up the matter, (if it can be legally done,) and assess every acre of land in crop from 2½ to 3 cents per acre, to be collected as other taxes, thus creating a storm insurance fund from which all losses could be paid. The adjuster could be one of the county officers. If this arrangement could be made practical we believe that it would be the most satisfactory plan yet suggested.

A General Jail Delivery.

Sometime on Saturday night six of the prisoners confined in the county jail took French leave of that institution, and, strange as it may seem, their absence was not discovered until Sunday afternoon. It seems that the jailer, although a capable young man, placed too much confidence in the honesty of his boarders, and they took him in. They have been in the habit for some past of lying in bed until after breakfast had been handed in and the jailer had gradually gotten into the habit of not looking into the cells to satisfy himself that they were there. So on Sunday morning when he handed the breakfast into the corridor he simply inquired of the four who remained where the rest were and when they told him the boys had not got up yet, instead of satisfying himself of the truth of this statement he took their word for it and departed. In some manner the prisoners had secured saws and files and cut through the floor—not a very hard job as the flooring is much decayed. One of them was captured at East Grand Forks and returned on Monday, and he is the worst pill in the box. This escape but emphasizes what THE JOURNAL has often urged—the need of a better jail. As it happened there were not any extra desperate characters in the jail at the time, but the necessity for a good and sufficient jail is now too apparent. Will our county dads take the hint or will we have to wait until something more serious occurs?

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. I have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-31] D. N. TAYLOR.

F. E. Stauff spent the Sabbath in the city. In conversation with THE JOURNAL man Fred said: "Polk County is getting to be the poor man's paradise. With one more crop like the present there will be no better place in the world for the laboring man and the man of average means, and to-day I consider it the best place in the world for investments in any kind of property. I believe your farmers will see their farms appreciate in value at least 100 per cent within the next two or three years. Everything indicates a rapid and permanent increase in business for the next year or so."

Great Remnant Sale

AT

THE MAMMOTH

GREAT REMNANT SALE. GREAT REMNANT SALE. GREAT REMNANT SALE.

Commencing Saturday, July 11h, 1891,

A General Clearing Sale of all Remnants, Odds and Ends, Broken Lines of Everything will be closed out at a

GREAT SACRIFICE.

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

That are left must go REGARDLESS OF COST, such as Embroideries, Laces, White Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Cloaks, Jackets, Hosiery, Underwear, Straw Hats, Parasols, Etc., Etc.

CARPETS

AND

House Furnishing Goods

A SPECIALTY.

☞ Agent for those Cool Elastic Pillows. ☜

GREAT REMNANT SALE. GREAT REMNANT SALE. GREAT REMNANT SALE.

GERVAIS' THE HUSTLER

I. O. O. F. Block, - - - Robert Street.

An Ugly Tumble.

On Wednesday night of last week Mr. E. S. Corser met with a severe accident at his farm house three miles east of the city. Together with his wife, he is at the farm superintending harvesting operations. About nine o'clock in the evening of that day he was up stairs in his room making preparations to take the early train north, and stepped out into the hall to go into another apartment to get some clothes he wanted. The stairway is unprotected by a banister, and in some way he managed to step off and fell to the foot of the stairway. He was taken up insensible and Dr. Just summoned who remained with him until nine o'clock Thursday morning, at which time Mr. C. had not recovered consciousness. His partner. Mr. Elwood, of Minneapolis, was wired and arrived on Friday morning, at which time Mr. Corser was considered out of danger and he has been slowly improving ever since. It was a fearful shock, but fortunately no bones were broken.

Practical Christianity.

The Steenerson Bros., Andrew, Eli, Levi and Chris., told Ole Rude, (one of the hail sufferes,) that if he would come down to the farm they would give him 25 bushels of oats each. It would not require that amount from every farmer in the county who can afford it to furnish plenty of oats for every man who was hailed out. If any other feel that way THE JOURNAL would be pleased to announce that fact.

This Makes Us Smile.

The railroad boys are just now wearing a broad grin over the rumor that is floating about that President J. J. Hill's party which went north last week mistook the date of the open seasame of the prairie chicken and shot a few on Saturday, or perhaps Sunday, anyhow before Tuesday morning, and rumor further says that the party duly deposited $110 with hizzoner, some justice of the peace of Kittson County. It is said that the magnate's only remark was "Sam Hill!"

Fontaine & Anglim are bustling right lively to get their clothing department ready to get into as soon as possible. It will occupy the room recently used as the dry goods department. They expect to move the clothing in this week and be all ready for business next week. They are rapidly getting the dry goods department adjusted in the new part and soon Tim Donovan, aided by an efficient corps of willing helpers, will have that department shining just like gold.

Z. A. Cadieux informs THE JOURNAL that they have not had a frost in Terrebonne as yet severe enough to injure tobacco plants, of which there are many patches in the town. What wheat remains uncut is too far advanced to be hurt by frost but we expect that when Terrebonne farmers take their wheat to the elevators to sell it we shall hear the same old cry, "Frosted wheat." There is no frosted wheat in Polk County this fall but we confidently expect to hear of lots of it bye and bye.

On Saturday evening D. Jacobus, Capt. P. J. Russell, Will Hoch and Billy Davis started for Goose Lake with the avowed intention of camping out a few days and incidentally taking in a few ducks and geese on the side. When within a short distance of THE JOURNAL stock farm they saw a flock of ducks and in making preparations to bombard them the Captain managed in some way to get a charge of duck shot which took off a portion of the thumb of his left foot and its nearest neighbor at the first joint. He was brought back to town and Dr. Dunlop dressed the wound and for a while Pat will dress that foot in mourning and wear a cane, but several hundred ducks and geese are living to-day that would not have been if the party had carried out its original intentions.

President J. J. Hill and a party of his friends passed through the city by special on Thursday of last week. Mr. Hill stopped an hour or so in Grand Forks to look over the site of the new depot there. We remember, not long ago, when the city of Grand Forks was contemplating voting a bonus for the N. P. R. R., that parties in the Great Northern interest made dire threats against that city should the bonds be voted. Well, the bonus were voted and ever since no sacrifice seems to be too great for the Great Northern road to make for that city, and now they are to build, (according to Mr. Hill) the finest depot in the Northwest, conveniently located, while that "distinctively Manitoba" town is left to shuffle for itself.

Something over a year ago the oldest son of J. C. Couverette signed the total abstinence pledge for a period of one year. Now the boy was somewhat fond of cider, home-made wine and was not averse a glass of beer occasionally, and the father was somewhat in doubt as to whether the lad really appreciated the nature and obligations of the pledge, so he had a talk with the lad and told him that should he live up to the pledge faithfully for the time he would make him a fine present. Well the time expired a short time since and as the boy had faithfully kept his pledged word his father went to C. H. Saake's on Monday and bought the finest violin and case that he could find as a present for the lad, who will now renew the pledge, as he is so inclined, and then perhaps it will be a piano next time.

Fisher Bulletin:—Last Sunday was Joe Jarvis Jr.'s birthday anniversary. Joe has been existing on this mundane sphere for nineteen long seasons, and he resolved to have a little ice cream and a proper observance of the important event. Dan Scobey and the Editor of the Bulletin drove out to Jarvais estate in the afternoon. After presenting Joe with a chuck full cigar case the guests proceeded to partake of their open hospitality. Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Smith were guests, as was also Miss Aggie McConnell. A repast of delicious ice cream and cake was provided, to which ample justice was done. After a two houre's visit, we departed. Mrs. Jarvais and Miss Bertha are splendid hostesses and Joe, Sr., as an entertainer and story teller is certainly superb.

Cheap Excursions.

Let your friends in the east know that the Great Northern will sell round trip tickets, August 25th, September 15th and 29th, from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior, in connection with eastern lines, at reduced rates. See agent Fegan. [18-21]

For Sale!

Having sold my farm, I will sell all of my farm machinery, consisting of one McKinnon Bros. wide-tired wagon, one Concord buggy, one Plano binder, one Buckeye seeder, one Fargo harrow, one J. I. Case plow, new, and other articles too numerous to mention. For further particulars see

M. LEGUEE,
[17-tf] Crookston, Minn.

Half Fare to State Fair.

The Great Northern will sell tickets to the Minnesota State Fair, September 5th to 12th at one fare for the round trip.
W. W. FEGAN,
[19-21] Agent.

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

FOR SALE.

A registered Holstein-Friesian bull. For particulars call on C. D. Bailey, Carman, Minn. [18-tf]

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

Teachers Examination.

The fall examination for teachers will be held as follows:

Crookston, Saturday and Monday, 29th and 31st of August.

Fosston, at school house, Tusday and Wednesday 1st and 2nd of September.

Fisher, at school house, Friday and Saturday 4th and 5th of September.

St. Hilaire, at school house, Monday and Tuesday, 7th and 8th of September.

A full attendence is requested at these examinations to avoid special calls on Superintendent's time.

Dated Crookston, August 14th, 1891.
E. J. GREFTHEN.
Supt. School, Polk Co.

Pillsbury Academy,

OWATONNA, MINN.

AN EXCELLENT SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES.

PREPARES FOR COLLEGE OR BUSINESS.

Excellent Courses in English or Sciences, Music or Art.

An experienced Faculty, a comfortable Home. Beautiful new buildings, heated with steam and hot water.

Good morals. Kind and firm discipline. Expenses low.

Send for catalogue to

[20 tf] JAMES W. FORD, Principal.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLR, Propriet or.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade,

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,

CROOKSTON, MINN

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. } Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Travelling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.75
North Star. - -	2.60
Fife. - -	2.25
Skip Jack. - -	1.25

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted If Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

MEMBERS OF THE

Home Supply Association,

OF CHICAGO,

ATTENTION

Supply Association Prices on

HARNESS, ETC.,

Knocked sky-high by

G. W. PEAKE,

MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My prices.
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	8 75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC. Home Supply price		$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No C 33—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,

Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

DR. M. WATTS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office over Merchants' Bank.

☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, September 3, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.	Grand Forks	de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:20 a. m. .... Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South	7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba	8:15 a. m.

"The Twelve Temptations."

On Tuesday evening Sept. 8th, the Orand Opera House will present a spectacle which for its worth as a stage entertainment has never been excellend here. Reference is made to the "second edition" of William J. Gilmore's magnificent spectacle. "The Twelve Temptations," which will be introduced here with every thing new in the way of scenery, ballets, premiers, specialties, costumes and music. It is one, if not the largest theatrical organization that travels, which has a numerical strength of sixty-seven people.

STORY OF THE "TEMPTATION"

"The Twelve Temptations" presents a mythical story of the elements, an idyl of ice and sun. It is not more improbable than the average "yarn" that is woven into the ordinary drama. It requires some little elasticity of the imagination, of course, to people the solar and polar region with creatures and objects so familiar, and to make a Prime Minister of Boreas and a goblin of Jack Frost. The overcritical may be disinclined to yield to the blandishments of gnomes, spirits and queen of sun and snow, and some may be found who are so matterof-fact as to deny these strange creatures the delight of merry-making, the perils of love, the pangs of jealousy, the bliss of fellowship and all the sympathy, sorrow, happiness and all kindred feelings possessed by mortals. The same persons declare Willam Tell to be a myth; that Shakspeare was not the author of his own plays, and that Pocahontas existed only in the fancy of Captain John Smith. Surely something ought to be left to us in the way of enchantment so why not spare the fairies, the elves and the sprites?

It is of this materal Mr. Yale has fashioned a legend alternately warm and cold, changeable as the season and one that flips from the council chamber of Boreas, past village and sea, through caverns of the Green Dragon, over golden galleys and jeweled terrace to the home of the dazzling Queen of the sun. The plot is thus epitomized; Zero, the Queen of the Polar Region, has fallen in love with a mortal known as Hubert, a valiant Count of Wurldburg a supposed principality in Norway. With the aid of Boreas, her Prime Minister, Zero concocts a scheme to place Hubert in her power, Boreas, in the disguise of a monk, visits Hubert and inflames his mind with marvelous stories of the gold, silver and jewels that lie buried in the Arctics. Hubert hesitates, remembering that eleven of his ancestors had perished in the attempt to possess these treasures, but Boreas quiets the young hero's fear by stating that the twelfth of his race was destined to win the great prize. It is from this incident the novel narrative derives its name. "The Twelve Temptations," Hubert finally consents to make expedition, and, with his followers, agrees to set sail the next morning, the disguised Boreas to accompany them as guide. In the mean time, Zero to make certain of the young hero's undivided love, dispatched one of her attendant goblins Jack Frost, to abduct Hubert's betrothed, Felicia, whom she intends to offer up as a sacrifice to the Green Dragon, as a tribute for total possession of the Arctic Kingdom. Hubert is warned by Solaris, Queen of the Sun, of the porposed abduction, but arrives too late to prevent it. He therefore embarks immediately for the Arctic Region in pursuit of his betrothed. On the voyage he is attacked by Malay pirates, led by Jejeeh who impersonates a shipwrecked mariner. Jejeeh and the other pirates, after being cared for by Hubert, endeavor to massacre all on board. In this they are thwarted by Snoro Apropos, one of Hubert's henchmen. The Malays are captured and are about to be executed when Boreas, throws off his disguise and claims the entire party as prisoners of Zero. Through magic art, summoned by Boreas, the ship becomes a wreck and is driven into the heart of the frigid zone, where all perish except Hubert and Snoro, who are eventually rescued from death by Zero. Hubert discovering the power of Zero, apparently accepts her proffered love, and is proclaimed king before her court. Bright Eyes, a snow nymph, who has become enamored as Snoro, informs him of whereabouts of Felicia. Snoro tells Hubert, and they resolve to rescue her. Their plan is overheard by Zero, whereupon she repudiates Hubert and attempts to remove him as a captive, but is unexpectedly thwarted by Solaris, the Queen of the Sun, and Hubert's good angel, Hubert subsequently finds the hidden treasure and returns to Norway with Felicia and Snoro. The marriage ceremony is about to be performed when Zero and her attendents appear and endeavor to carry off Hubert and Felicia, the plot being prevented by Solaris, who banishes Zero to her icy dominions never to return.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbion Expositian Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B. Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

[20-tf]

A Good Suit.

For fall wear is the subject which is now engaging the attention of most men, and we remark, by the way, that our advertising columns contain the names of several reliable dealers who can supply all wants in this line. But we started out to say that in the purchase of a suit a good deal of care is necessary to get the worth of your money. There are lots of so-called "all wool" goods, that have in their composition more cotton than wool. If being well suited in spending money is all you want, then if you are a traveler, buy your ticket over "The Burlington" and you cannot fail to be pleased. It goes almost everywhere—Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Kansas City St. Joseph, Omaha, Denver, Cheyenne, the Black Hills, Des Moines, Dubuque, Burlington, Quincy, LaCrosse, Winona, St. Paul and Minneapolis, are some of the places it reaches over its own track. Apply to local agents, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St, Paul, Minn.

State Fair Excursion.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis at one fare to St. Paul plus Fifty Cents for the Round Trip, including admission to Fair Grounds.

Tickets on sale September 5th to 12th inclusive, limited to return until September 14th.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
Crookston, Minn.

[18-21]

Northern Pacific Railroad Harvest Excursions.

From Eastern terminals to all points on Northern Pacific R.R. as far west as Helena and Butte, Montana, and return. Come and see the biggest wheat crops ever harvested in Minnesota and North Dakota. Low rate excursions August 25th, September 15th and 29th.

This will enable all who are in search of new homes, farm lands, mining claims, business openings and investments to make us a visit.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
Crookston Minn.

[18-21]

Spectacle Made Practicable.

The production of spectacle has been made practicable outside of the large cities by Messrs Gilmore and Yale, who have given years of study to this interesting style of stage amusement. Two special sizes of scenery are carried, so the production is feasible upon any stage of fair dimensions. Everything is carried, so the cities that are visited are not depended upon for anything. The prices of admission are no more than in the large cities, and the same grand performance is given. The company is not "split up" for the smaller cities, as many suppose, but comes in its entirety, so you can see spectacle at home without going to the larger points. Tuesday Sept. 8th.

Valley Roller Mill Prices.

Lee & Herrick's Best	$2 75
North Star	2 60
Fife	2 25
Skip Jack	1 25

State wighmaster Ed. McManus left for Duluth on Monday evening after a pleasant visit of a few days. Together with a Mr. Kellogg, of Devils Lake and the writer, he made a tour of inspection of our new opera house and they both united in the expression "its a beauty." Kellogg, says it is every whit as good as the Grand Forks institution and a great credit to the city and its enterprising builders.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Sept. 3d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Welsh and Mary Welsh, his wife, mortgagors, to Jane M. Goodnow, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of February, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 118, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of Section four (4), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 25th, A. D. 1891.

JANE M. GOODNOW, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[20-26] Crookston, Minn.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections, Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
H. Steenerson. J. H. Lockrem, C. Hendrickson.
Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. A. E. Johnson. St. Paul

BENOIT & SYLVESTER,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

☞ Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines. ☜

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

—PROPRIETOR OF—

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Harry Fleury, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 27; and

Whereas such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $3.80 that became due November 1st, 1889, $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $9.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $9.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Three hundred and thirty-six dollars and four cents. ($336.04), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-five, (35), in Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), north, of Range forty-one, (41), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G 76]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication July 30th, 1891.)
[Last publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of fifty (50) dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable on the 17th day of November, 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Loren H. Walker and Sophia Walker, his wife, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1886, at 9:50 o'clock a. m., and recorded in volume "36" of mortgages, on pages 442-7.

And a further default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said mortgaged premises, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee was compelled to pay, and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes due and delinquent on said premises, the sum of thirty-nine and 87-100 (89.87) dollars, in order to protect the lien of its said mortgage; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 (637.50) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section eight, (8) in Township one hundred forty seven, (147) Range forty-four, (44), containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and twenty-five (25) dollars as attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minnesota, July 17, 1891.

The Netherlands American
Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[15-21] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th 1891]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Bernard and Emma Bernard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of January, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 464; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the coupons for interest that fell due July 22d, 1889, January 22d, 1890, July 22d, 1890, January 22d, 1891, and July 22d, 1891, each thereof being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred dollars and forty-five cents, ($600.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), of Section nineteen (19), Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty (40) west, containing 144 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 7th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-23] [N. G. 80]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First Publication July 23d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eleven hundred ninety-two and 30-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Dethloff and Martha Dethloff, his wife, mortgagors, to W. E. Damon, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of January, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of January, 1886, at 1 o'clock p. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 93.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said W. E. Damon, mortgagee, to Alice S. Colton, by written assignment, dated the 20th day of May, 1886, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of June, 1886, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 24 of mortgages, on pages 559, 560, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage viz:

The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty-four (154) Range forty-eight, (48), containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred ninety-two 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

ALICE S. COLTON
Assignee of Mortgage.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred twenty four and 30-100 ($124.30) dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 105, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole O. Hoven, mortgagee, to Caroline Anderson, by written assignment dated the 9th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 150, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine (9) of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred twenty-four and 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure; and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE ANDERSON,
Assignee of Mortgage.
JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[15-21] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "F" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action of proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4), in block sixteen, (16) townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]
Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by George Goodrich and Emma S. Goodrich, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 338, 339, 340 and 341; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $15.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $18.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $18.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred and eighty-two dollars and eighty cents, ($682.80) and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the northeast quarter (e½ ne¼) and lots one (1) and four (4) of Section twenty-one (21) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-three (43) west, containing 125.50 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 74.]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Godfrey, a bachelor, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of June, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 25 of mortgages, on pages 142-145.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the principal $800 that fell due June 24th, 1891, and interest coupons for $24 each that fell due on the 24th days of December, 1888, June and December, 1889, June and December, 1890, and June 1891.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Nine hundred and sixty dollars and sixteen cents ($960.16); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot four (4), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) of Section fourteen (14) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing 117 acres more or less according to the United States government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-24] [N. G. 73]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-one and 78-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 4th day of February, 1889, at 2 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 231, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 4th day of February, 1889, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, at 2 o'clock p. m. in book 89 of deeds, on page 556, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty-two (22) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-four (44) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of forty one and 78-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. O. Erskine, E. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of twenty-five and 95-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, and $25 to become due, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paradis and Elmire Paradis, his wife, mortgagors, to A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said A. D. Stephens, mortgagee, to F. W. Dunton, by written assignment dated the 14th day of January, 1890, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 14th day of January, 1890, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 559, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-two (42) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $25.95 and $25 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 15th, A. D. 1891.

F. W. DUNTON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 23d, 1891]
[Last publication Sept. 3d, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward Labree, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 3; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $21 that became due May 1st, 1890, $24 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $24 that became due May, 1st, 1891.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-five cents, ($886.95), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼), and lots three, (3) and four (4) of Section thirty-one, (31), in township one hundred and forty-seven (147) north, of Range forty (40), west, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 14th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [14-20] [N. G. 75.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Ragnild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 16th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB,
[15-22] Atty, for Assignee of Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 23d, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Harald Johnson, (an unmarried man,) mortgagor, to The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company of London, (Limited,) mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, A. D. 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 177, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section four, (4) Township one hundred and forty-eight, (148) Range forty-four, (44) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

The American Freehold Land Mortgage Company, of London, (Limited,)
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, SEPTEMBER 10, 1891. NO. 21.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

THE CAMPAIGN

In the Old "Buckeye" State.

The campaign in the Buckeye state has opened and as the battle cry is: "As Ohio goes this fall so goes the Nation in '92," the eyes of all are turned that way to watch one of the most interesting political struggles in the history of the country. The fight while not exactly a three cornered one is between the two old parties, who are not only fighting against each other but jointly, as well, against the new Peoples party, a combine of the Alliance and Labor party. And here is the question: "which of the old parties is the new party going to cripple the most?" That the new party will elect its candidate for governor, John Seitz, not even members of the party claim; but he is going to hurt someone. Governor Campbell will not have the hearty support of his own party because of his expose of the Cincinnati Board's rottenness. He was bitterly opposed in the convention and the men who opposed him declared they would not support him if nominated, but would spend money to defeat him. Since the opening of the campaign the governor has been ill and unable to make any speeches. On the the contrary Major McKinley, the champion of Republicanism, and thereby the protector of American institutions and workingmen, was nominated by a convention which knew but one name and that "McKinley!" He is making a square, clean, honest fight and daily convincing voters that the principles advocated by his party are for the benefit of our country and people. There is but one thing that can defeat him and that—ignorance. Ignorance of the worth of the great bill which bears his name, which is only just now commencing to show how inestimable it is going to be for the laboring man, farmer and manufacturer, for whose benefit alike it was framed. Could the battle be postponed long enough to allow the bill to show its benefits more plainly nothing could defeat him. However many of the bill's most bitter enemies have been convinced that it can only be of benefit to the country and many more will be before the polls are open in November. Ohio voters will know their duty and "McKinley is all right!"

Thanks Awfully.

Our esteemed contemorary of the Todd County Argus boldly tells the world that "Crookston has one railroad." Why, bless your generous soul, Bro. Sheets, Crookston rejoices in two great trunk lines, don't-cher-no, the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific. Where can you have spent your time mostly that you don't seem to know that?

The average Republican country newspaper, in the state of Minnesota, is bothering its massive brain about the gubernatorial contest next year, and a large majority of them advocate the nomination of Hon. Knute Nelson. As far as their object is for the best interest of the people of the State this is all good and commendable, but as far as it is only for the sake of mere party preferment or success it is not so well. If they had advocated the nomination of Nelson last fall, as they should have done, there would have been some sense in it.

From the nature of the reports we are getting we consider it impossible that any serious damage was done the wheat crop by frost. When tobacco and garden stuff are not damaged more severely than they have been, it would be impossible to injure the wheat.

LIBERALISM

According to Samuel.

We dropped in to hear the lecture on Liberalism by Samuel Putnam on Thursday evening of last week, and must say that if the gentleman had no better shots in his locker than he fired on that occasion "christianity or orthodoxy" need have nothing to fear from his assaults. His discourse was a network of sophistries and stories, some witty and some not so witty. In the first place he placed "christianity or orthodoxy" in an utterly false position and reasoned, or attempted to, from that basis. After scoring "christianity or orthodoxy" from the ground up he drew a wordy picture of all that free thought would do for humanity, very much of which christianity aims to do for mankind. After all we failed to see what he was quarreling about, for much that he said free thought would do for mankind is just what christianity aims to and does accomplish. He found great fault with the different denominations but seemed to hold a special grudge against the Methodists. He might just as well argue that there should not be so many families in the world but only one family.

Slightly About Ourself.

Last fall we decided, if we could raise the incumbrance then on THE JOURNAL home, to build a more commodious structure in the spring, and so we sent out a statement to every subscriber who was in arrears on our list. These statements were sent out in December, a little late for some, and the result was that we did not accomplish our object. We had hoped this fall, with the help of a magnificent crop of wheat, to be able to accomplish our object but the hail totally destroyed the crop and now we will have to depend wholly on our patrons if we accomplish our purpose next year, and we can accomplish it if we but have the different sums due us. We are now at work on our subscription list and as soon as they are made out shall send to every subscriber a statement of his account and we trust that each one will make an effort to settle the account. There are but few who would not willingly donate the small amount he owes us to help out an unfortunate fellowman upon occasion but THE JOURNAL does not ask for donations—it only wants business and the small amounts due us, and we feel confident that these will be cheerfully accorded. We expect to have our statements ready to send out about Oct. 1st, perhaps a little sooner, and trust that all will be ready to respond. We shall send no statements to those whom we know have been hit by hail and should any such receive one it will be because we did not know that he had lost his crops. We are in that boat ourself and can sympathize heartily.

THE JOURNAL man acknowledges the receipt of a free season ticket to the Madison County (Nebraska) fair which occurs at Madison on Sept. 24th and 25th. We very much regret our inability to accept this kind invitation but it will be impossible for us to be there to any great extent as we are obliged to be at Rochester, N. Y., on those dates to attend the annual reunion of our old 1st New York Vet. Cav. Reg't, also we have to stay at home and attend strictly to our business on those particular dates and besides there is only one of us anyhow. However we just would enjoy going down there and see what those Nebraskans are up to anyhow and convince 'em how they are foolin' away their time cultivating Nebraska soil when such a glorious country as the Red River Valley exists so near 'em. We would invite the boys up to see our threshing machines pounding out 25 to 30 bushels of the world renowned No. 1 Hard and oats and barley proportionately. We have to admit, however, that it makes us just a little tired to compare the enterprise of Madison County, that gets up such a grand display as they advertise, while the great county of Polk—an empire in itself with its 40,000 population, cannot find the time to show what we have got. Such a display as we could make this fall would set every farmer in the country itching, aching to catch onto some of the dirt that could produce such crops. However there is some excuse this fall but if we continue so for all time there will be none.

Agent Fegan went out to enjoy a chicken hunt the first minute that the law said "go," and he discovered a fact in natural history that will be liable to result in a change of time of legal shooting back to the old date. He discovered that the chickens having become used to a certain date for ripening, are beginning to grow three-legged—probably because they were left unpicked so long and had nothing else to do to fill in time.

A SOLDIER'S MEMORY.

Surviving Members of the Second Minnesota Regiment Hold a Reunion at Rochester.

An Imposing Monument to the Memory of Col. George, Their Commander, Unveiled.

An Address Eulogizing the Memory of Col. George Delivered by Gen. J. W. Bishop.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Special Telegram to Pioneer Press, Sept. 2.—Despite the cloudy, cold weather, in response to the invitation of Custer post, 44, G. A. R., to other posts throughout the state to be present at the reunion of the Second Regiment Minnesota Volunteer Infantry, about 300 members arrived in this city yesterday and to-day. Of the Second Minnesota Regiment about 150 of the survivors are present, making in the neighborhood of 450 old soldiers in attendance. The headquarters have been decorated with $2,500 worth of silk and present a beautiful appearance. At one end of the room, tastefully decorated, is a large picture of the brave soldier in whose honor the reunion is held and whose monument was unveiled to-day—Col. James George.

In accordance with the arrangements made by Custer post the soldiers assembled at their headquarters at 9 o'clock this morning, where a general handshaking and renewal of old acquaintances was made. Many were the old stories and experiences related, and tears stood in the eyes of many scarred veterans as mention was made of their rapidly decreasing numbers.

At 11 o'clock ranks were formed, and accompanied by Custer post and visiting soldiers, the Second Minnesota regiment marched to Oakwood cemetery to attend the exercises of unveiling the monument erected to the memory of Col. George.

GEN. BISHOP'S ADDRESS.

Arriving there, prayer was said by Rev. A. R. Pope, of this city. Gen. Bishop was then introduced, and spoke in the following well chosen words:

We have assembled here to-day to commemorate the life and services of an honored and prominent member and commander of the Second Minnesota regiment. More than thirty years have passed since he with us was mustered into the service at the historic post of Fort Snelling, and more than twenty-seven years since, upon the expiration of his enlistment, we parted with him under the frowning shadow of Kenesaw mountain. Yet how well we all remember him. Noble and soldierly in form, voice and demeanor, he was a conspicuous figure in every assembly of men in military or in civil life.

His previous military experience in the Mexican war gave him with general approval the initial rank of lieutenant colonel in our regiment, and in that office he participated in the battle and victory of Mill Springs, and was commended by name in the brigade commander's report for "great valor and judgment in the discharge of his duty." On Col. Van Cleve's promotion to brigadier general shortly afterwards he succeeded to the coloneley, which he held to the end of his three years term of service. He commanded the regiment in the battles of Chicamauga, where as the record reads, after fighting all over the field, and losing more than 42 per cent by casualties, "the Second Minnesota had not a single man among the missing or a straggler during the two days' engagement."

Col. George was here recommended for promotion by his brigade, division, corps and army commanders. What unworthy influence may have opposed these recommendations is as yet unknown to us. It is sufficient to say here that he and his regiment bravely earned them on that bloody and desperately contested field. His physical infirmities, aggravated by the hardships and exposures of this severe campaign made it necessary for him to seek rest and relief for a time at home, and during his absence, the regiment enlisted for three years and went to Minnesota on veteran furlough. Col. George rejoined the regiment as it returned to the front with the avowed purpose of serving out his three years term, if he should live so long.

This promise he faithfully kept, and was mustered out at Chatanooga near the end of June, 1864. Returning to his home he laid aside the harness of war, and as a modest and estimable private citizen resumed the avocations of civil life. Our personal acquaintance and intercourse with him were limited to the three years of his service in our regiment. I had met him but once before the war, and had but few interviews with him after the regiment was discharged.

But our association during that memorable three years was confidential and intimate. The exigencies and experiences of active military service develop and bring to the surface a man's true character. No man who is cowardly, mean or selfish can for three years successfully mask these ignoble qualities from his comrades. Col. George had none of these. Defferential and respectful in the presence of superiors in rank he commanded their confidence and respect by his soldierly obedience and intelligent comprehension or orders. Courteous and considerate towards his subordinates and careful of the comfort and interests of his men,

THEY ALL LOVED AND TRUSTED HIM.

He was in some degree incapacitated by his years and physical disability from active personal attention to details of manual and tactics and discipline, and assigned these to subordinates; but he required good results and commended honest effort to secure them. He was as he had reason to be, proud of his regiment—proud of its personnel, of its conduct, of its sacrifices, of its achievements and of its final record. Its steadiness, coherence and managability under fire in the repeated engagements at Chickamauga, which compelled the admiration and commendation of the brigade and division commanders, was to him a theme of perpetual satisfaction during and after the war.

While, I think, he felt that many less deserving men had received from the war office recognition and promotion for services at Chickamauga, he used to say that he had rather be known in history as the commander of the Second Minnesota regiment on that bloody field than as a major general appointed through political influence. Col. George had a clear understanding of the political situation before and during the war. He was a prominent and earnest Douglas Democrat in the memorable campaign of 1860, and he was an equally prominent and earnest supporter of the Union and of the government when the war came upon us in 1861.

In December of that year at Lebanon, Ky., a dinner was given by the officers of our regiment to others of our brigade and division which we had recently joined. An after dinner exchange of brief, patriotic addresses was had, in the course of which an officer of a Kentucky regiment said in substance that while we were all agreed that the rebellion must be subdued and the government maintained, he hoped and understood that the war was not, as many of his fellow-citizens believed it was, to be prosecuted as a crusade for the destruction of slavery.

Col. George replied to this that himself and probably a majority of the officers of his regiment had, like his esteemed Kentucky friend, voted for Mr. Douglas; that he did not know of any man in his regiment who had enlisted as an abolitionist; that this was a war to suppress a wicked rebellion, and to sustain the Union and the constitution, and that it would not cease until these objects had been fully accomplished; that whatever slavery and its influence and advocates might have had to do in bringing on the rebellion, it was not as yet an object of attack, or recognized as a national enemy, but he warned his loyal Kentucky comrades that if, and whenever, the institution of human slavery appeared as an obstacle in the path of the Union armies, it would be trampled under loyal feet and forever crushed and destroyed, for "the Union must and shall be preserved."

How well this patriotic and prophetic declaration was fulfilled we all know. At that time, however, opinions on that subject were seldom so definitely formed and so impressively stated. Of his life here as a private citizen, others more competent than I will doubtless speak to you. We, his surviving comrades, are here to honor him as a soldier and to dedicate to his memory this monument to which it has been our privilege to contribute. Standing here for all time to come, let it teach to all who look upon it a lesson of loyalty and conscientious devotion to duty. More than a quarter of a century now intervenes between this ceremony and the close of the war. A generation of young men, born since we were mustered out of the service, were old enough to vote at the Presidential election three years ago.

Let us hope that occasions like these will to them shorten the perspective, and bring into nearer view the terrible four years of war and sacrifice through which the blessing of peace and and permanent prosperity have come to them and to their prosperity. And contemplating their cost, may they assume the active responsibilities of governmental affairs with better appreciation of the precious trust committed to their hands.

As for us—old boys—unwelcome as the confession may be, we are reminded as we look into each others faces, that we are growing old. In spite of rules and discipline we drop out of the ranks oftener and stay out longer, and here and there one lieth down to rise no more, while the column marches on. Van Cleve and Davis, and others, within the past year have disappeared from our thinning ranks. Let us close up closer comrades and keeping steadfastly in the line of duty, await the final summons, always at the "ready."

FROM A LIFE LONG FRIEND.

After a dirge by the band Judge Charles M. Start, of Rochester, was introduced and spoke for about a quarter of a hour. His remarks were listened to with rapt attention and interrupted by frequent applause. He spoke of Col. George more from the standpoint of a man, giving no stereotyped eulogy, but showing the colonel as he was, a man among men, and a brave soldier among soldiers. Being long and intimately acquainted with him, Judge Start was peculiarly fitted to speak of him, and his word pictures of the character and peculiarities of the colonel were truthful and life-like.

At the conclusion of Judge Start's remarks the monument was unveiled by Mrs. C. R. Van Cleve, of Minneapolis.

After the unveiling exercises the closing benediction was pronounced by Chaplain Gleason, after which the soldiers marched back to the G. A. R. headquarters. Here an address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Darling, who made a short but eloquent address, and tendered the G. A. R. the freedom of the city. At 12:30 a complimentary lunch was given the soldiers by the Woman's Relief Corps.

COL JAMES GEORGE

was born May 27, 1819, in Jefferson county, N. Y. In 1854 he came to Olmstead county, Minn., where he pre-empted a claim of 160 acres, with a land warrant obtained for services in the Mexican war. For several years after his removal to this county he practiced law in Rochester, until June, 1861, when he volunteered and was made captain of Company C, Second Minnesota volunteers. On July 23 he was made lieutenant colonel. He commanded the Second Minnesota regiment in several minor engagements, and carried the day in the famous battle of Chicamauga, in which he lost 40 per cent. of his men. After his return he served four years as city justice of Rochester. He was candidate for congress on the Douglass ticket in 1860 and was before the legislature in 1865 for the United States senate. He married in 1842 Miss R. S. Pierce, of Preble county, Ohio, who, with one son, Edward George, of Crookston, survives him.

The colonel died March 7, 1882, and his remains were laid to rest in Oakwood cemetery in Rochester, Minn. Since then his grave has been unmarked until now it has pleased the survivors of the Second Minnesota regiment to erect over his last resting place the monument dedicated to-day.

The monument is a massive and handsome shaft of the cottage pattern, and is cut from Barre (Vt.) granite. The top portion bears the inscription, "James George, Colonel, Second Minnesota Volunteer Infantry. Born May 27, 1819. Died March 7, 1882. A loyal and worthy citizen and a brave soldier in the Mexican war, 1846, and in the civil war, 1861-1864." On the base the name "George" stands in relief. It has a commanding position in Oakwood cemetery.

PETER'S MULE.

The boys think they have a pretty good joke on Pete Cornelius. Among other fiery steeds, Peter is the proud possessor of a fine but rather indifferent mule that had just as soon stand in the barn all day as to haul a load of wheat to the city, and so it was that when Pete got his first load ready to bring to town and attached the mule thereunto, the mule refused point blank to draw—said he had rather pull the last load to town than the first. Pete took counsel of a pitchfork that stood handy and served a pretty sharp notice upon the mule's afterwards; this proved to be the mule's strongest point and the argument he entered in rebuttal knocked the pitchfork out in the first round and busted Peter's hand wide open. Pete then appealed the case to the ace of clubs which was conveniently nigh, but the mule still retained himself as attorney for the defense and entered up judgment on Peter's nose, drawing the claret freely, and sending Pete to grass. At this point Peter's wife appeared with a petition to discontinue the case and not having a shot-gun handy Pete agreed to the motion and the mule won the case. Pete wears his hand in a silk handkerchief now and says "darn a mule, anyhow!"

The Fertile Journal says: Clerk of the court, Nels Muus, was down looking after his farm last Wednesday.—Borlaug has sold his livery business to Hougan & Peterson, who will put up a new building.—Nelson & Opheim have rented the English building on the north side and will put in a stock of clothing.—Calvin La Due's family are having a serious time with typhoid fever. Five of the family are sick of it.

The Warren Register says that Geo. C. Holden has returned to Warren from Demersville, Mont.—A. P. McIntyre, formerly landlord of the Windsor hotel, has again become landlord of that popular hostelry.—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Vine spent Wednesday in Crookston.—A. B. Nelson has sold his residence to Sheriff Jack Kivel.

THE CONCERN OF ALL.

Railroad Employes Will Unite Against Radical Legislation.

Minneapolis Journal.

The railway employe's meeting at the capital yesterday afternoon was called to order by William Watson, of the Minneapolis & St. Louis. About 400 were present. James McCutcheon, roadmaster of the Milwaukee, was introduced. In his address he said that the object of this gathering was not to "down" the Farmer's Alliance, but simply to take measures for the protection of railroad employes from hostile legislation. John B. Copeland of Crookston, conductor on the Great Northern, and president of the organization, said:

"The agitation among the laboring men does not come from the laboring men themselves, but largely from politicans. Every candidate, when on the stump, tells the laboring men that they are down trodden and that the government could, if it would, pass laws that would make them all happy. The workingmen have, many of them, come to believe this. They are led to lose sight of the fact that wealth can only come from industry, economy and frugality. The farmers are told that all their troubles come from corporations, and are led to attack the institution for which we work. These companies must earn a fair interest upon their capital, and if they do not we suffer. If some of the bills that were introduced at the last session of the legislature were passed, the wages of every one of us would have been reduced, some of them one-half."

Mr. Copeland asserted that the defeat of the Currier bill last winter was largely due to the employe's club. Had the bill become a law it would have reduced the tariff on wheat 42 per cent and on lumber 37 per cent. In answer to the claim that the commissioners would not put such a law into effect the speaker noted that the Minneapolis Eastern had been ordered to reduce its switching charges to $1 per car, when it had been plainly shown that it cost the company $1.14. Mr. Donnelly, Mr. Copeland thought, was like the tumble weed, tossed by the caprice of the lightest wind. The speaker referred sarcastically to Farmer Erwin, and in speaking of J. J. Hill, said that in spite of all the talk in that direction, Mr. Hill distributed the money which fed him and his family, as well as thousands of others. A committee of one from each branch of the railway service was appointed to formulate a plan of campaign. The committee reported in the following resolution:

Resolved. That we form a state central committee, composed of one member from each division of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Order of Railway Conductors, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Switchmen's Union, Brotherhood of Trainmen, Order of Railway Carmen, Track and Bridge Association, and each local club of railway employes. Its duties shall be to to take charge of all matters of state prominence that affect the welfare of railway employes and disseminate information for guidance of the different organization throughout the state, with a view of securing a united and successful issue of any point found necessary for the protection of the employes.

While awaiting the committee report the following resolution was offered and adopted:

Resolved. That it is the sence of this meeting that the proposition to organize or unite railway employes to protect themselves from the oppression of adverse action of public officers is heartily approved, and that every man here work with a view of securing the cooperation of all employes within his reach. The meeting adjourned subject to the call of the president.

Responding to the query as to what he knew about the prospects for immigration in the near future, Mr. M. B. Brown said: "Well, if I can judge anything from the number and character of the letters I have received during the past summer, I should say that very many people are interested anyhow. In the past few days I have been too busy to attend to these letters and I turn them over to C. M. Lowe to answer. I just received to-day a letter from a party in New York inquiring about cheese factories and creamery prospects. Yes, I look for a large immigration in the near future and should not be a bit surprised to see the population of Polk County double within a year or two. As you know, we have the soil to raise big crops and a climate unexcelled. If men want good land in a healthy climate we have just what they want."

Judging by the number of prairie chickens displayed at the various meat markets we should think that the crop was panning out several bushels to the acre. This is the only means we have of knowing however.

We'll be There!

"Open wide ye gates of traffic and let the people enter!

THE OPENING

—OF OUR—

NEW STORE

—TAKES PLACE ON—

Sept. 16th, 17th, 18th & 19th

Our modern system of store keeping and the progressive changes we have adopted to serve our customers quickly and courteously, and the arrangement whereby each of our departments is, of itself, exclusive and under special management, is a forward step in comparison with the average stores in our community. Through this system little details in merchandising with us receive the same minute attention as the larger ones, and we appreciate, and shall further try to merit the praises we hear bestowed upon us by our patrons, that through this completeness of every detail in our stock, their wants are supplied, as well, and often better, than were they residents of one of the larger cities. We have enlarged our

CLOAK AND CARPET

DEPARTMENTS.

To double their former size, all of the space formerly occupied by the office and stairway is now taken up with our increased stock of

Cloaks and Jackets for Fall Wear.

The Fall season in the

"Dress Goods Stock"

is well under way. If there is any worthy going style missing in our stock, it is certainly rare and obscure. The latest fabrics, such as "Cote de Cheval," or Bedford Cord, "Henriettas," "Vigogne," "Drap d'Avazure," "Cordurette," "Melange," "Vigoureaux," "Fancy Jacquanets," "Cheviots," "Camel's Hair Effects," and Broadcloths are way out of sight. When we speak of "Broadcloths" we mean Broadcloths—flannels are not Broadcloths, even if some merchants have fallen into the habit of calling them so. Broadcloth has a twilled back. You can't mistake them if you are careful. Full range of colors in three qualities—$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. The latter is a genuine French Broadcloth and is considered to be the best sold in this country.

Quilts and Blankets.

Our Quilts and Blankets are shown on the main floor. No dark and dingy basements; no stairs to climb. In order to do a large early business, some special values will be offered.

A decided bargain—good heavy 10-4 scarlet wool blankets at $3.00 per pair.

All wool 11-4 white blankets $5.00 per pair.

All wool 10-4 white blankets, $4.00, $5.00, $5.50, $6.50 and $7.00.

COMFORTABLES.

We make our own comfortables; we know what goes into them. No shoddy; no trash; nothing but pure, clean cotton. They're home-made comfortables in every respect.

Print comfortables, large size	$2.00
Challie " "	2.50, 3.00
Extra fine cotton Pongee comforts	3.50
1 case best Prints	5c
1 case 36 inch striped Henrietta	25c
1 case 36 inch Tricot	25c
1 case 54 inch flannel Suiting	60c
1 case 38 inch, all wool, Henrietta	50c

Our Opening will be noted for the special values.

Don't forget the date--16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of September.

Fontaine & Anglim.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, September 10, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 80.
2 Northern 78.
3 Northern 74.
1 Northern 69.

Will Lanctot takes in the Great Fair.

Knute Flakne was up from Edna on Friday.

Magnificent weather for securing the bountiful crops.

Gervais' the "hustler's" opening days are every day.

Hundreds of prairie chickens are shipped south daily.

Comrade A. Burnam commenced threshing on Tuesday.

Note the change in Gervais' adv. this week. Gervais' the Hustler.

There are a very few pieces of late oats yet uncut in this county.

Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps in tremendious quantities, in the most artistic and prettiest designs, at Gervais' "the hustler's."

Rudy Burkhardt will open up a confectionery store on Second street.

Register of Deeds, J. H. Locken, is harvesting a magnificent crop of grain.

Auditor C. U. Webster complains of having a magnificent crop of grain this fall.

Miss Edith McGrew has gone below to visit friends and see the fair and exposition.

The train on the Great Northern on Monday evening was two and one-half hours late.

Don't forget that Gervais' "the hustler's" opening days are every day.

Miss Edith Copeland returned from St. Paul on Sunday in time for school on Monday.

Jake Ide has been pounding out his wheat this week. He finds a yield of 22 bushels to the acre.

Comrade T. Harris is pounding out his wheat this week at the rate of 22 bushels to the acre.

Mrs. W. E. McKenzie is visiting friends in Minneapolis and doing the State fair this week.

The Sheriff and his deputies are on the jump these days trying to keep up with the business of his office.

Prof. Knudson of the Crookston Business College went to the Fair and Exposition via the N. P. line this week.

Herb Mason departed for Chicago on Monday evening to buy new goods. On his way he will take in the great State Fair.

B. Preistley & Co. black goods, the best made in the world, in silk warp, plain all wool and fancy effects at Gervais' "the hustler's."

Alderman A. C. Schmidt is said to own one of the best hunting dogs in the city, for which he has been offered a very long price.

Kilroe Bros. are rushing the brickwork at the new block on the corner of Main and Second streets. They are hustlers from way back.

F. M. Brown has accepted a position in the Scandia-American bank and his genial countenance will become a feature of that institution.

The Grand Opera House was filled to its utmost capacity on Monday evening. It beats all how many "Temptations" our people can resist.

A handsome line of Ladies' Aprons just received a Gervais' "the hustler's."

The fall term of school "took up" last Monday and now the small boy "with shining morning face and snail pace is creeping slowly to school."

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Creamer and Miss Nellie Mullen departed for a visit to Osage, Iowa, on Sunday evening. They will visit the State Fair enroute.

Bert Welles dropped down upon us last Friday. Took tea with the family of J. G. McGrew, Esq. Bert looks as natural as life and twice as handsome.

A fine line of Children's School Caps at Gervais, "the hustler's."

The new addition to the central school building will be completed within a few days and add very materially to the beauty and convenience of that institution.

Dozens of threshing crews left the city Sunday evening for the harvest fields and have been uninterruptedly pounding out the golden No. 1 Hard so far this week.

Pig Skin Gloves in all shades at Gervais' "the hustler."

Henry Nolan has the Broadway bridge fully completed and travel is now resumed. What Henry doesn't know about a bridge we should not attempt to tell him.

Mrs. J. L. Bailey and Miss Minne departed on Saturday evening for a visit with old friends in Wisconsin. Enroute they will visit the State fair and the Minneapolis Exposition.

The Grand Forks Herald calls us down on our statement that Grand Forks never knuckled to the Great Northern system. All right, George, have it that way if you like.

Joe Hoch leaves on Saturday evening for Wabasha to get his family, and expects to return next week prepared to live at home. Joe is building up a good trade in the new meat market.

Bert Duntley went out for a hunt on Tuesday.

John Locken is pounding out 25 bushel wheat.

Wm. Marin's wheat yielded 26 bushels No. 1 Hard per acre.

Mrs. Thune is visiting the State Fair and the Expo this week.

Register Dickmann and wife have gone on a visit to Winona.

New goods arriving in immense quantities at Gervais' "the hustler's."

W. C. Kelso came down from Hallock to see the play Monday evening.

Mrs. John O'Brien has gone to Chicago on a visit to relatives in that city.

Miss Annie Schouweiler was out visiting with Mrs. Anna Klinger a few days.

E. W. McCabe, route agent for this territory, was in the city a while last week.

Quite a number talk of going down to hear Donnelly speak on the Fair grounds.

That new landau of S. L. Collins' seems to be in great demand. Everybody wants it.

The Twelve Temptations Co. left for Brainerd via the N. P. line after the entertainment.

Hugh Thompson and daughter came up from Fisher to attend the Twelve Temptations.

Tom Wallace says wheat in Fairfax is turning out from 23 to 29 bushels per acre, No. 1 Hard.

Ald. I. U. Jennings with Col. Goegas and Max went out for a hunt on Tuesday afternoon.

N. P. Stone has bought the old Brower residence, on the corner of Broadway and Seventh streets.

Charlie Vine won the broncho at the raffle on Monday evening and took possession on Tuesday.

Mr. McLaughlin, Fisher's prominent merchant, took in the "Twelve Temptations" on Monday evening.

Will Cleary claims to have shipped the first carload of wheat of the season over the Great Northern line.

Mr. Frank Bivins threshed out a little wheat and finds a fine sample of No. 1 Hard, 25 bushels per acre or so.

We see by the daily papers that J. O. Milne has received the appointment as deputy weighmaster at Duluth.

A. J. Arnold is busy at work this week on the carpenter work repairs to Joseph Gelhouser's residence on the hill.

Dr. M. Leguee was summoned to Edna by telegraph on Monday evening to see a sick horse for H. B. Budd.

Sture wants your trade and will make it an object for you to trade with him. Call at the new store in the opera block.

John O'Brien's mother and sister, who have been visiting in the city, returned to their home in Belvidere, Ills., last week.

Duke Jewell now has the St. Hilaire run and yard work. Duke says it seems nice to get a good square meal at home every day.

P. M. Dauser and wife were at Thief River Falls last week where P. M. goes occasionally to take counterfeit presentments.

S. L. Collins received another carload of those fine working mares this morning. Go and see 'em if you want a reliable team.

Wheat opened out on Monday at 81 for 1 Hard, 79 for 1 Northern. On Tuesday morning a drop of one cent was quoted.

Rev. O. H. Elmer has gone to Cedar Rapids, Iowa, to accompany his wife home. He expects to return with her on Tuesday next.

Senator Henry Burkhardt is expected up from Wabasha in a short time with an eye to business in a line that is sure to pay a big percentage.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernie Childs buried their little infant on Tuesday. They have the sympathy of many friends in this their sad bereavement.

Miss Matie Brown has accepted a clerkship with Gervais the Hustler, and entered upon the discharge of her new duties on Monday morning.

The corner stones for the new building on the corner of Main and Second streets have arrived and were brought to to the site ready for business this week.

Henry Silver, of Barker, Montana, returned to his home last Thursday, after a pleasant visit with his brother, A. M., in this city. Likes our city very much.

The little babe of Rev. and Mrs. R. H. Battey, which has been quite ill for some days, is very much better and strong hopes are entertained of its ultimate recovery.

On Wednesday of last week, Dr. Dunlop, assisted by Dr. Just, successfully removed an ovarian tumor from Mrs. A. Godbout and the lady is said to be doing nicely.

M. E. Kirsch and wife left for the old home in Wabasha last Saturday evening. Will enjoy a visit to the State Fair and Expo enroute. Mike is enjoying a well earned vacation.

Henry Steege is pounding out the golden grain on his farm just outside the city limits. Thinks it will turn out from 22 to 25 1 Hard. R. G. Marlette will handle it for him.

It looks natural to see Pete Misgen driving the pop wagon about the city again as of yore and Pete says he is glad to get back. And that is about the verdict of all who go elsewhere to do business.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

J. O. Sustad was on the State Fair grounds Monday and says he saw the finest display of stock and grain ever made in Minnesota.

Judge Ives and H. B. Davis, of Chicago, went up to St. Hilaire by train a week ago Monday and returned to this city by boat. The return trip occupied two days and was very enjoyable.

George Vine's horse took a notion to do a little delivering on his own hook on Monday and the way he distributed orders for a minute or two was a caution. The runaway was not a serious one.

The 12 Temptations Co. arrived Sunday evening via the N. P. R'y. They carry their own scenery and have a lot of it. The company was offered $900 to remain at Grand Forks for Monday evening.

Mr. Waterstadt, an old gentleman, aged 68 years, died at his residence in this city last Friday and was buried on Sunday. John Waterstadt, who is employed in the Crookston brewery, is his son.

Lots of calls for hired men in the threshing field last week. The men were demanding $2.50 per day and best offers were $2. Some crews are made up at $1.50 and $1.75 but $2 seems to be the regular thing.

Two train loads of wheat for Duluth went south on the N. P. line Sunday evening and two more on Monday evening. At this rate they will be running half a dozen trains a day before the end of the season.

Later reports from J. J. Ide's fields state that his wheat will pan out 30 bushels to the acre on an average. Some of his wheat yields 35 bushels per acre. Tom Harris gets an average of 25 bushels per acre.

At the sheriff's sale of the Ste. Croix elevator in this city on Tuesday, T. B. T. B. McManus and Adam Farley bid it off for $1,800. We are told that they intend to arrange to handle wheat through it right away.

Anderson, the druggist, and Olson, the jeweler, expect to occupy the building on Robert street just vacated by the Bankrupt store. They expect to be all ready for business this week.

Lee & Herrick are anxious to secure enough wheat to go to work on at once. They wish to start up and run right along now as long as the present crop lasts. Bring in your samples and see what the boys can do for you.

"Well, I don't know anything," said Jack McLaren to our reporter on Tuesday morning, "only that I am too busy nowadays to attend to anything but repairing elevators," saying which he departed in haste to catch the departing train.

Uncle Bailey goes around with a solemcholly smile on him all the same like he greatly missed something. And we reckon that's about the size of it for Mrs. B. and Miss Minnie have gone to the busy marts of trade for new fall goods.

Mrs. Fred Chapin and little Addison departed for their home at Devil's Lake on Monday morning. Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. Chapin's mother, accompanied them and will remain for a fortnight. Meanwhile Tom will have to bake his own slapjacks.

The members of the Twelve Temptations Co. were lavish in their expressions of praise of our new Opera House. The only objection being that the stage was not quite large enough for all of their scenery. They were well satisfied with their house.

County Attorney A. R. Holston was down to Dassel on a visit to relatives last week. His wife's sister, Miss Huldah Nordine accompanied him on his return on Friday morning, and will remain with her sister and attend school during the fall term.

Will Cleary says that he has bought several carloads of wheat already, but it is all No. 1 Northern. One thresher whom we heard talking about his experience so far, said that he had threshed no wheat that weighed over 57 lbs. to the stricken bushel.

Rev. R. H. Battey received a telegram on Monday from Hesper, Iowa, announcing the serious illness of his father, an old gentleman 80 years of age, and started for that place on the evening train. He hopes to be able to return in time for services next Sunday.

At the time The Journal went to press Wilson expected to be in his new quarters this morning and fully ready for business by Friday morning. He has painted and papered the room throughout and will have neat and attractive quarters. Call and see the Fair, now located in Ed. Walsh's store, corner of Main and Robert streets.

Walter Walker, who has been agent or the Minneapolis & Northern Elevator Co. at Argyle, has been sent to run their elevator here this season. Mr. Walker comes well recommended by Argyle people.

We met Rudy Burkhardt on Monday and he had a smile onto his face a rod wide or so. Upon inquiry we found the reason to be that he expects his wife and little ones to return next week with Joe Hoch's family.

The Journal learns on good authority that Wm. Box, Sr., does not like living in that far western State of Washington not one little bit. Said he had lived in old Minnesota so long that no other place seems like home to him nor ever can.

All who have seen it unite in the opinion that the State fair now in progress is the best one in years. Such a display of stock and grain never was on exhibition before. It would be worth the while of every farmer who can do so to attend.

Andrew Knudson was arrested last Saturday on complaint of a young lady in the town of Godfrey and kept in limbo until Monday, when with one of his bondsmen, he went out to Godfrey and settled the affair by marrying the fair plaintiff.

The party that went up north of St. Hilaire hunting, last week, T. G. Thompson, O. H. Lucken, Andy Locken and A. G. Anderson, shot over 200 chickens during the short time they were there. They report that they were very shy on ducks.

Mr. Bell, the Fergus Falls hotel man, was looking over the city last week. While he did not say so in so many words it was thought that he was up to see about the prospects for renting the building now going up on the corner of Main and Second streets.

J. W. Cupp, of Bellevue, Ohio, arrived in the city last week. Mr. C. expresses himself highly pleased with what he has seen of Crookston and thinks we have a fine city. He has accepted a position in The Journal office and will try life in Polk County awhile.

Remember that R. G. Marlette has rented a warehouse in Carman and will handle wheat this fall. Hundreds of farmers have done business with R. G. in the past, and we have heard no complaints of his methods as yet. Before you sell your wheat see what he can do for you.

In the list of examiners appointed to help Chief Staples in the examination of pine lands on the Red Lake Reservation, we see the name of A. C. Rhinehart, of Polk County. A. C. is a leading Democrat and his appointment is as good a one as could have been made—in that party.

The new bakery firm of Gunther & Lauterman, who opened up on Second street last week, had a bit of bad luck on the start by the cracking of their new oven, which necessitates their taking it all down and rebuilding. They are said to be A 1 bakers and will no doubt do well.

On Monday one of the catch basins in the hall over Krogh's restaurant got filled up and overflowed and before it was discovered a young deluge came down into the restaurant. A few dollars will remedy the business—unless the plastering comes off, in which case it will be more serious.

A. N. Hixson starts his threshing crew this week. Among the list of hail sufferers Hixson's name was not mentioned, but he tells us that his loss on barley and oats will be fully $2,000. Notwithstanding this he has offered one of his neighbors who suffered more, 25 bushels of wheat for seed.

Tom Young got into a bit of misunderstanding with his broncho on Tuesday afternoon and the broncho started to run and ran in the lane back of the oat meal mill where he lit broadside upon an old stove, making a decided mash, and came out looking very much cut up over the affair.

Mrs. James George and Miss Edith Farnham, mother and neice of Edward George, Esq., arrived in the city on Wednesday morning for a short visit. Mrs. George is the widow of Col. George, of the old Minnesota 2d, to whom was recently erected at Rochester a fine monument, the occasion of the unveiling of which appears on our first page.

From reports received at The Journal office we judge that there is a scarcity of threshing machines in Polk County which will oblige many to stack who expected to thresh out of the shock. It is far better for the wheat if properly stacked to go through the sweat in the stack than in the granary, and the majority of farmers prefer to stack when practicable.

On our first page we republish from the Pioneer Press the account of the unveiling of the statue erected by the comrades in honor of Col. Jas. George, at Rochester. His son, Edward George, of this city, had been calculating to attend but owing to the extreme illness of his wife, who was lying very low with typhoid fever, he was prevented. It was a sore disappointment to him.

Harry Wyand told our reporter on Tuesday that John and himself would commence threshing 1500 acres of grain this week. An old Steuben County, N. Y. granger would be paralyzed to think of a 750 acre crop in one year, but that is nothing up here. Hixson has 1200 or 1300 acres himself alone, Pete Cornelius has over 800 acres, and the woods are full of farmers on our prairies who have from 400 to 1000 acres.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the morst Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET.

GERVAIS, The Hustler.

Special Bargain Sale!

—OF—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

AND SILVERWARE,

AT

C. H. SAAKE'S

JEWELRY STORE!

In order to make room for my new Fall Stock, I have decided to make Sweeping Reductions on all my goods of every description.

☞ Come and see! My prices will tell their own story

New LUNCH ROOM,

IVER KROHN, Proprietor.

McKinnon's Block. Main Street.

Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.

ALSO A CHOICE LINE OF

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

GIVE ME A CALL.

I. A. KROHN.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE!

DEPARTMENTS:

Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting and English.

TEACHERS:

R. S. Knudson, Accountant; C. M. Wasson, Stenographer; L. E. Gossman, Attorney at Law.

Fall Term begins Monday, September 28th, 1891.

☞ New Catalogues and Circulars sent free upon application.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Crookston, Minn.

Appearances indicate that fall plowing will be late unless we have a very late fall, as the rank growth of straw this year entails more than the usual amount of labor to handle. Your wide-awake business farmer is putting in every hour that he can not employ in securing his crop at the plow and this will tell on the fall plowing. Farmers generally agree that the earlier the land can be plowed in the fall the better it will be for the next crop.

G. M. Barber has purchased the stock of boots and shoes of Carl Riedesel, on Second street, and when the new block is completed will move it into the room he has rented and add a large stock thereto. Mr. B. is a Crookston old-timer, having been in business here several years since. A short time ago he sold out and went out to the new State of Washington, but the fact that he soon sold out there and returns, speaks volumes in favor of Crookston. Mr. B. will no doubt do well in his new venture.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

On Sunday last while John Cowan was driving a self raking reaper up to John Wyand's farm he managed to fall off it, when near the stock yards, and the bull wheel passed over his head, bruising it badly and cutting one ear almost entirely off. He was found in a semi-unconscious condition and Chief Gonyea notified, who procured a hack and took the man to Dr. Watts' office, who patched him up in good shape. How he escaped instant death is the conundrum.

"Have you any of that twine left?" said A. N. Hixson to The Journal man on Tuesday morning. When assured that we had a little he said: "I have had my eye on you and determined if I had to get any more to help you out, and I will use all I need of it. I want 100 pounds this morning and may want more." We have a small amount yet on hand and should any one happen to want it, we would be glad to close it out to help out farm expenses a little.

GIRL WANTED.

A good girl for general housework at once. Apply to Mrs. Wm. Beck, or at The Journal office. [21-22]

The following dispatch appears in the Minneapolis Evening Journal of Sept. 9th:

Cape May, N. J., Sept. 8.—President Harrison this morning appointed Hugh Thompson register of the land office at Crookston, vice H. Dickmann removed.

Band Program.

The Queen City band will give their regular Friday evening concert at the corner of Main and Second Street, presenting the following

Program

1. March, "Calico."
2. Descriptive piece—Charge of the Hussars.
3. Overture, "Le diadem."
4. Waltzes, "Bid me Good by."
5. Gavotte "Rivolett."
6. Quick Step, "Hooly."

That Broncho.

Soon after the rafiled broncho was delivered to Vine on Monday afternoon T. B. McManus got his eagle eye upon him, and, having purchased one elevator in the morning, he naturally wanted to take in one in the afternoon, so he bought the broncho and told his hired man to mount and ride him home. The man mounted him all right and rode him home—i e almost. Just across the bridge on Jerome's addition the broncho decided not to go, commenced to buck and soon had the man piled up in a ditch breathless. He was discovered soon after and taken to Durand's drug store, where it was discovered that no serious injury was sustained.

What Will Your Destiny Be?

Every person has, or at least once in his life has had, a desire to know what his future would be. A good opportunity is given every day as long as Prof. G. Anfin, Clairvoyant, stays in this city. Prof. Anfin is a born clairvoyant and can tell with certainty what has happened and foretell what shall happen in the future. Every one who wishes to learn anything about his future life ought to visit Prof. Anfin, who can be found every day at the Northwestern Hotel, corner of Broadway and Third street.

Crookston Business College.

Elsewhere in this issue will be seen the new adv. of the Crookston Business College. This institution has been established long enough to be upon a firm basis and is said to be the best of its kind in the Northwest. It is heartily endorsed by all leading business men. It is now no longer necessary to send the young people away to St. Paul for a business education when we have one of the best business colleges in the State right at home.

Good Races.

The Driving Association has decided to join the Northwestern Circuit and has named October 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th for races at the driving park in this city. We are told that the prospects are good for some fine sport as many noted horses are in the circuit, and we have some here that are anything but slouchy. Look out for a fine time.

We Stand Corrected.

U. S. Engineer's Office, Globe Bldg,
St. Paul, Sept. 8th, 1891.

H. E. Cooke, Esq., Polk County Journal, Crookston. Sir:—I would be much obliged by your sending me papers of Sept. 3d issue, for which I enclose 10 cents. Your account of the survey of Red Lake contains some inaccuracies. For instance, the river is about 200 feet wide at outlet, not 40 as stated, and only about 2 feet deep for one-half mile down river. No plan has yet been decided on for making a reservoir of the Lake, whether to put in a a dam on the river or to deepen the channel of same.

Yours truly,
Alfred Jackson.

Suicide Probably.

The body of S. S. Avery was found in the river at Minneapolis Sunday morning. Mr. Avery was agent for the Standard Oil Co., at Fargo, and his death is supposed to be suicide caused by financial troubles. He owned a large farm in Lambert, this county. He had been missed in Fargo for several days and was supposed to be at his farm looking after harvesting operations.

The Great Northern Company is putting electric lights into their depot here.

The Great Northern Company puts another switch engine on their yards here.

On Sabbath last Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Slocum united with the Congregational church by letter.

W. H. Walker has secured a job of braking on the Great Northern Railway. He will run between Crookston and Minot.

Geo. W. Peake has taken out a permit to erect a fire-proof building upon his property corner Main and Robert streets.

Mrs. I, U. Jennings left for the east on Tuesday evening for her fall stock of millinery. She will visit the State Fair and Expo also.

Gervais "the hustler" has the prettiest line of Black and Colored Dress Goods you ever saw, in all the newest shades and latest novelties.

Iver A. Krohn has secured the services of Henry Ronne as clerk at the new lunch room and will now be ready to attend to orders by day or night.

Miss Emma Verrenneau goes to Chicago this week to get the fall styles for Mrs. E. E. Bangs' millinery store. She will enjoy a visit to the Exposition enroute.

The first daily train on the Fosston line made its rounds in great shape on Monday. It will prove a big improvement and, you might truly add, "will fill a long felt want."

Among the list of petit jurors, drawn to serve at the term of the United States Court, which opens at Fergus Falls on the 22d inst., appears the name of J. J. Ide, Crookston, Minn.

Pat Russell went out duck hunting again this week. When we reminded him of the loss of one toe and part of another, he said: "I have eight more good ones to shoot at."

R. L. Elder says he will use his barley to pay the running expenses of making the crop and save his wheat for $1 per bushel. This seems to be the opinion of all our leading farmers.

Go to Gervais "the hustler's and see those fancy dress flannels and broadcloths in all the newest shades that England, France, Germany and the United States can produce.

Dr. M. Leguee was busy all last week over in the Red River country attending to the needs of sick equines. He is kept very busy in these days, sometimes having to be out day and night.

Mr. H. N. Casad with his cornet and Mrs. Casad with her violin assisted the Congregational choir very materially on Sabbath evening. We understand that this will be a regular feature hereafter.

M. Schouweiler and wife, of Kellogg, Minn., spent Sunday and Monday in the city the guests of Adolph and Mrs. Rauch. Mr. S. says he never saw such crops as Polk County has this year.

Engineer Fred Almy was in the city Monday on a visit to old friends. Fred is one of the oldest engineers on the Great Northern line and one of the best. He is now stationed at Minot and running west from there. He looks as hearty and good natured as of old and is always as welcome in this neck of the woods as June flowers.

On our last page will be found a few additional locals. If anything escaped us this week it is the fault of someone who did not report the circumstance as JOURNAL reporters were around everywhere, as usual, "wanting to know, you know." We like to obtain all local happenings and are especially grateful to those who kindly "put us on."

It is rather late for an item of news but we have not seen in print a notice of the marriage of Dick Hussey to a widow lady, formerly a resident of southern Minnesota, a few months since. We are reliably informed that this is correct and hereby hand in our congratulations. We are also told that Dick has a lucrative position out in Seattle in the employ of the N. P. R'y.

Chief Gonyea is kept busy trying to regulate humanity these days. On Sunday evening he received a dispatch from the chief at Grand Forks to hold a young man with a bicycle who was on the down train. He held him but on Monday had orders to "let him go," so he duly let him go. On Monday he raked in an individual who had been rather too fresh in the jail delivery business.

Johnny O'Brien has a fine young Marshal Ney filly that he thinks the world of. The colt will be two years old in November but you would think she was a four-year-old at least, to see Johnny driving her about the streets, she goes so steadily. Johnny is biding his time till the filly gets a little more age when he will let her go against any of the renownd Polk County world-beaters.

Albert Anderson was a subject from Fosston for Judge Benson's attention last week. He was consigned to Fergus Falls. Anderson was apparently about 20 years old but was possessed with the idea that he was more ancient. Said that he was a general in a war that occurred several hundred years since; that he was an engineer on the boat from which Jonah was thrown when he went on that whaling voyage and many similar ideas of like nature.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings reports having had a splendid time visiting relatives and old time friends in Tacoma and she was very favorably impressed with the country. She brought along a sample of the star fish that lives in the bay and which is a curiosity in its way—looks more like a dried up specimen of church festival decoration split into two parts than anything we know of. If we had to eat him or a ludi-fisk we should prefer both or the ludi-fisk. It strikes us that we should rather cultivate wheat in the Red River Valley—when it don't hail, however.

REOPENED

AT

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, - - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway - - - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

The Dalen's attack on Louis Ellington was wholly uncalled for and unmanly, not to say ridiculous. To all who know Ellington it carried its own refutation upon the face of it and we can hardly believe that there is an intelligent person in the county who would believe for a moment the story that "Ellington threatened to hire tramps to burn out every farmer who should vote against the bonds." As to Bydal's motive we know nothing at all and while we condemn his course in waging that kind of a fight, we consider it honorable compared with that of the editor of a certain paper printed in English, who, it is said, made an offer to the committee to support the bonds for a money consideration of $250, and upon their refusing to pay him that sum at once took sides against the bonds and filled his columns with rank personal abuse against the committee. The committee acted perfectly square and honorably and by no means deserve the rank personal abuse that was heaped upon them even by newspaper men whom they had refused to buy up. In the cases of Louis Ellington and Mayor Alexander McKinnon we have good reason to believe that both expended a goodly sum of money traveling about in the interests of the proposed road and the only personal interest either had in the matter was for the general public welfare. This campaign, if it did nothing else certainly developed a great deal of purchasable material lying around loose. In the case of Bydal, Mr. Ellington promptly demanded a full and complete retraction of the charges and we told that this was done. After having done all that he could to benefit this county, Mr. Ellington did not propose to allow that matter to stand in that light before the Dalen's readers.

MENTOR, MINN., Sept. 5, 1891.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—Yesterday afternoon a big bear went north about a mile east of here and soon about a dozen hunters with rifles and shot guns were after him. After chasing him about three miles we caught up to him in a little grove. A. Cleveland went in the grove and give him a big charge of shot right in the head, which caused old Brun to run out right in front of about a dozen guns. About thirty shots were fired and he soon fell dead. He was a big fellow and it took all hands to get him loaded into a wagon. We felt a little large too. We took him to Mr. Myers' place where the meat was divided. Everyone of us thought we had given him a good shot but when the hide was taken off it was found that only three bullets had hit him. It takes the Mentor boys to kill the bears. Everybody went home well pleased to have had a call at the king of the forest. Cleveland brothers, A. Robinson, Myers, Geo. McLaughlin, Drinkwine and the undersigned comprised the party who got the bear.

Yours truly, P. C. MOE.

While on his recent trip with the Peterson boys, Doc. Dunlop lost his favorite hunting dog, and had about made up his mind that he would never see him again, but upon the arrival of the Fosston train one day last week the dog arrived all safe and sound. And that was not all. A bill of expenses amounting to $38 came by mail. Among the items were "To board one week $8; to police protection one night $2," and others of like nature. When Doc. showed the bill to the dog the animal dropped its tail and slunk out of sight and Doc. has not seen him since. He thinks the dog has either gone back to Fosston to settle the bill or else has gone off to hate himself to death.

The Thief River Falls Press says:

Geo. Crocker was in town last week. Miss Virginia Le Due was united for life to Joseph Boiselle, of Crookston, last Sunday.—Edward Porter, who is working in the Great Northern Railway Co's surveying crew was in town early in the week.—some threshing has been done in this vicinity. The yield is large and the quality the best.—A hunting crew composed of O. H. Lucken, T. G. Thompson, A. G. Anderson and A. Locken, all of Crookston, spent last night in town. They had some fine dogs with them and will no doubt return home with a fine lot of birds.

State Fair Excursion.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis at one fare to St. Paul plus Fifty Cents for the Round Trip, including admission to Fair Grounds.

Tickets on sale September 5th to 12th inclusive, limited to return until September 14th.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
Crookston, Minn.

[18-21]

For Sale Cheap.

Mooie 2d, a thoroughbred, registered Holstein-Friesian bull, five years old; will be sold cheap if taken at once. For particulars address this office.

[12-tf]

Northern Pacific Railroad Harvest Excursions.

From Eastern terminals to all points on Northern Pacific R.R. as far west as Helena and Butte, Montana, and return. Come and see the biggest wheat crops ever harvested in Minnesota and North Dakota. Low rate excursions August 25th, September 15th and 29th.

This will enable all who are in search of new homes, farm lands, mining claims, business openings and investments to make us a visit.

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
Crookston Minn.

[18-21]

For Sale!

Having sold my farm, I will sell all of my farm machinery, consisting of one McKinnon Bros. wide-tired wagon, one Concord buggy, one Plano binder, one Buckeye seeder, one Fargo harrow, one J. I. Case plow, new, and other articles too numerous to mention. For further particulars see

M. LEGUEE,
Crookston, Minn.

[17-tf]

Excursion to Minneapolis Exposition.

The Northern Pacific Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Minneapolis at one and one third fares for the round trip, plus twenty-five cents for admission to Exposition, on the following dates: August 25" and 28", and September 1, 4, 15, 18, 22, and 25th.

We will sell September 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12th at one fare to St. Paul and return plus 25 cents.

Tickets sold on above dates are good return the first Monday following date of sale,

C. A. SHARKEY, Agent,
Crookston Minn.

[18-21]

Half Fare to State Fair.

The Great Northern will sell tickets to the Minnesota State Fair, September 5th to 12th at one fare for the round trip.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent.

[19-21]

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 5th, 1891.

Anderson, E Ellithorp, O S
Gunderson, John Seinbriet Keys, Mrs R M.
Puth, Harmon Z Tully, Dan
Wagoner, Geo

Persons calling for the above please say advertised W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

STATE OF MINNESOTA.
COUNTY OF POLK, } SS.
City of Crookston.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Crookston, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on Sept. 1st, 1891, and terminating on June 31st, 1892, by the following person, and at the following place as stated in said application respectively, to-wit: Edward Murphy in the two story frame building situated on lot 5, block 2, original townsite of the city of Crookston.

[First publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 7th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ole Isakson Austad, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of O. Osmundson, executor of the estate of Ole Isakson Onstad, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 5th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 7th day of Sept., A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.

[21-23]

Pillsbury Academy,

OWATONNA, MINN.

AN EXCELLENT SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES.

PREPARES FOR COLLEGE OR BUSINESS.

Excellent Courses in English or Sciences, Music or Art.

An experienced Faculty, a comfortable Home. Beautiful new buildings, heated with steam and hot water.

Good morals. Kind and firm discipline. Expenses low.

Send for catalogue to

[20-tf] JAMES W. FORD, Principal.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING. } Crookston, Minn

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - - MINNESOTA

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee.
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

Cheap Excursions.

Let your friends in the east know that the Great Northern will sell round trip tickets, August 25th, September 15th and 29th, from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and West Superior, in connection with eastern lines, at reduced rates. See agent Fegan. [18-21]

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.
—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - - BROADWAY.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES. IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.75
North Star. - - -	2.60
Fife. - - -	2.25
Skip Jack. - - -	1.25

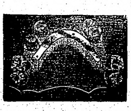
☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. | If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT
GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

MEMBERS OF THE
Home Suppl. Association,
OF CHICAGO,
ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, ETC.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My prices.
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8 75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,	$15.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	14 50	
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC. Home Supply price	$23.25	
" " G. W. Peake's "	22.50	
No C 33—Home Supply "	25.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	23.50	
No D 40—Home Supply "	28.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	27.00	
No. E 40—Home Supply "	28.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	26.00	
Buggy Whip—drop top	15c to 25c	
" " straight Java	20c to 60c	
" " rawhide center	90c to $1.00	
Lace Team Collars	$2.00 to $1 50	
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks	50c per pair	
Webb Halters	25c, 35c and 40c	
Ladies' Side Saddle	$5.00	
Riding Bridle—plain	90c to $1.00	
Men's Riding Saddles	$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up	

G. W. PEAKE,
Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroo to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to sut the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

CALL IN.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN
Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn, or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. I have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, September 10, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.......St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena...........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South............ 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.................... 8:15 a. m.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Mrs. A. A. Miller visited McIntosh last week.

Mrs. F. L. Durand has returned from her visit.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings returned from Tacoma last week.

A. J. Arnold is putting in a dormer window for Mr. D. N. Taylor.

Nice cooking apples at Sture's new store in the opera house block.

Mrs. John McKinnon is home again from a pleasant visit in Canada.

A little child of E. Edmond, the tailor, died and was buried last week.

Remember the printer this fall when you get receipts for that bountiful wheat crop.

It will pay you, if you can get away, to put in the balance of the week at the State Fair.

Chas. E. Sawyer is entertaining his father and mother, who are in the city for a visit.

Everybody in the whole world is cordially invited to come and see Polk County crops.

Remember the play by home talent at the opera house on Thursday evening, Oct. 8th.

If you want the people to know what you are doing make your wants known through THE JOURNAL.

Charley Misner went to Euclid on business last Thursday, leaving the boy on deck to run the shop.

Hoch & Ott purchased 11 fine young beeves last week. Say, but wasn't those steaks just rare and juicy? Yum! yum!

City treasurer L. C. Couverette expects to commence threshing this week. He has 300 acres of heavy grain to pound out.

Have you tried one of those rare, juicy steaks on tap at Hoch & Ott's new market? Go and see the boys once and be convinced.

The Episcopalian minister attended the lectures on Liberalism and will attempt to answer some of the sophistries next Sabbath.

Something of a frost occurred on the night of Sept. 2d. It was not severe enough to injure what wheat or oats were yet uncut.

Sture will give you value received for your money in groceries and general merchandise. Don't mistake the place, opera house block.

Anything in the line of job printing neatly and promptly executed at THE JOURNAL job rooms. Bring on your work and give us a trial.

Iver A. Krohn received a consignment of fine oysters last week. For oysters in any shape call at the new lunch room in McKinnon block.

Mrs. Judge Reynolds arrived last week to look after property interests here and to visit her old-time friends. Mrs. R. is looking in very good health.

Sture has a splendid line of crockery, just received at the opera house store.

We have heard many expressions similar to this: "Well, after all, I guess christianity is good enough for me," since the lectures on Liberalism last week.

Mr. E. S. Corser has almost fully recovered from the effects of his fall down stairs. It was an ugly tumble and he was very fortunate in escaping as easily as he did.

J. E. Morrisey's little boy, who was so badly hurt by the kick of a horse a few weeks since, is improving encouragingly and the prospects for ultimate recovery are exceedingly good.

Iver Krohn's new lunch room, in the McKinnon Block, is getting to be a very popular resort, and no wonder, for the nice little lunches that he serves up are just too slick for anything.

And now the busy hum of the thresher is heard in the land and the No. 1 Hard is being shelled out at a rapid rate. Very soon we can tell "what will the harvest be" by what it has yielded.

Give A. Sture a trial order for goods of all kinds.

Chris Anderson started his threshing machine last week. Reports very heavy straw and wheat very well filled.

Charley Misner is putting on a capacious addition to his tonsorial parlors, which new addition is a coal shed.

Look out for a big demand for Polk county lands next year. Everything indicates a big rush to this country from the older states.

The delegates elected to the meeting of the Congregational convention at Duluth on Sept. 15th, are Mrs. N. P. Stone, Mrs. H. E. Cooke and Rev. R. H. Battey.

Don't fail to call at the new store of A. Sture in opera house block when in need of groceries or general merchandise. Everything in that line nice and fresh.

Lewis Ellington returned from a business trip to St. Paul and Duluth on Friday last. Everywhere he was met by the question: "How is the wheat turning out?"

O. Thoraldson has gone to Duluth to arrange for shipping wheat for the Association. It is said that very much of the wheat will be shipped this year through this agency.

Judge Benson received word last week of the serious illness of his uncle, Mr. Christianson, and went out to see him. Mr. C. is well along in years and it is feared that this illness may have a fatal termination.

Hoch & Ott invite a call from all who enjoy a nice tender juicy steak or a fine roast. The boys have everything in apple-pie order and are prepared to do business to the entire satisfaction of their patrons.

Sture's new store, in the new opera block, is a nice place to trade. Sture knows just what kind of goods people want and his prices are extremely reasonable. Try the new store once if you have not already done so.

"A wilderness of beauty," is what the dry goods department of Fontaine & Anglim's new store will be when everything is fully arranged for their opening; that is, if so fine a building as they have can be called "a wilderness."

Fred Hall got a hustle on the boys last Thursday and moved the clothing department down into the new block. He now has things in apple-pie order and is ready to show you a suit of clothes from the plainest to the finest.

While in the city George Crocker gave orders to Charlie Jefferson to fix up the underpining of his building a bit but not to be too elaborate "for," said he, "it will only be used until next spring when I intend to put up a fine brick block on that property.

Call at the meat market of Geo. Vine on Robert street for choice meats of all kinds in his line. George will not use any but the very choicest of beeves and is an adept in preparing them for the cook. When you buy your meats of him all you need is a good cook for a royal meal.

When you see our antiquated ? mark stalking about the street as though in quest of something and you have a choice tid-bit of news stored away in your inward consciousness please reveal it, even though the reportorial pump should not be applied. Its "all of the news" is what he wants to know, you know. Savey?

The Mission of Modern Freethought—"Church and State" and "The Bible," will be discussed, morning and evening, respectively, on Sunday, Sept. 13th, in Episcopal church. A very earnest invitation is extended to all christians and non-christian free-thinkers, and other thinkers. So come and give religion an opportunity to answer for itself on the above subjects. 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Mrs. P. S. Ware has gone to Minneapolis for a visit. In the morning—while wrestling desperately with the pots and kettles and great unwashed dishes, etc., it is comical to see Pauline Sware, while he inwardly wishes his wife was in Jerricho (or Crookston). Pauline makes a fine stage appearance as an old maid but as a common housemaid he is "not at home" just a little bit.

Joseph Simpson informs us that it required four pounds of twine per acre to bind his crop this year. The grain was extra stout but it was the hail storm that made the difference in twine to bind it. Simpson used hemp and says that every so-called bale of twine was from one to seven pounds short of fifty pounds. He thinks if farmers should weigh their bales they would find several small mice in weights that eat up considerable of the profits.

We have heard many favorable comments by farmers on THE JOURNAL's ideas on hail and storm insurance by which it would appear that all the farmers want is insurance when they pay their money for it. The only object of the old line companies is to make money out of it and their methods are such that to insure with them the farmer takes all the risk but derives no benefit. He had better by far save his money and take his own risk and this fact he has not been slow to learn.

Lake Superior Trout.

Hoch & Ott receive every Thursday a consignment of fine Lake Superior trout. All orders promptly filled.

Backsetting.

I have 800 acres of breaking to backset and will let it by contract to responsible parties. Inquire at the farm, west of Carman. [21-24] E. S. CORSER.

Shall We Have a New Jail?

The recent escapade at the county jail but renders emphatic the necessity for a good and sufficient building. For some time the apology we have has been in such a poor shape that it has been necessary to send the tough characters, those confined for serious crimes, to other counties for safe keeping, thus entailing a far greater expense than need be. It would seem to be good practical common sense to go to work and build a jail.

The Rebellion.

Watch out for the grand military play, "The Rebellion," at the old opera house on Thursday evening, Oct. 8th. See program elsewhere.

Give Us the News.

Have you a friend visiting you? Are you going on a visit anywhere? Do you know of any little news item of interest to your neighbors and friends? If so let THE JOURNAL know of it so that we may enlighten the world. We like to get all such things and every other item of news, and if you don't happen to see a JOURNAL reporter drop us a postal. In that case don't forget to sign your name to the card.

Ed. Chapin, brother of Fred and Stewart, came over from Devil's Lake on Wednesday evening for a visit with friends here. Ed. has been at Devil's Lake for ten months, ever since he arrived from the old home in New York, and says he likes what he has seen of Polk County better than anything he has seen in Dakota. He expects soon to come to stay and grow up with the country—which hadn't or'to take him long as he is over six feet high now.

Last week THE JOURNAL said: "Tom Harris is in Hallock moving the big mill," &c., and the first man we met on Thursday morning when we put THE JOURNAL in the post office was Tom Harris, who, it seems, had returned on Wednesday evening. It seems that the mill he was to have moved had a mortgage upon it and the parties interested refused to allow its removal, so Tom lost his job and several others that he could have had only for that. Tom thinks he will take a much needed rest awhile now.

Work on the new block goes merrily along. The room on the corner, where Van Dyke's drug store was, seems very small for a corner store. It is to be occupied by Tom Morris as a jewelry store, and the room adjoining on the west, fronting Second street, will be occupied by Mrs. E. E. Bangs as a millinery store. The room adjoining Tom Morris on the south, facing Main street, will be occupied by G. M. Barber with a full and complete line of boots and shoes. This will be a large store, 25x75 or 80 ft. Tom Morris is to take possession of his by December 1st.

There's no use talking, we have got to tell how nicely Hostetler, Charlie Misner's fashionable barber, was done up by a slick, clerical-looking individual, (and we will remark right here, though, that he is out of that line of business now; he will trade no more razors now.) One day just as he finished one business man and shouted "next," a long, cadaverous meek-looking specimen of humanity took his place in the chair. After getting one of the slickest shaves in the city he quietly remarked that that was the best shave he ever had, and said, as he quietly pulled a razor out of his own pocket, that he wished he knew where he could get his own razor put in such excellent shape. This compliment caused Hostetler to lose his head at once, and taking the razor he said that it only needed the hone and a good strop to make it all right. "But I have got no strop," said the individual, "couldn't you sell me one?" "Certainly," said H., "we can sell you a fine one for 75 cents." "Well," said the fellow, "I am a little shy on money but there is a razor I paid $2.00 for not long since; how will you trade me a strop for it?" "I will give you a strop for the razor," said H. After jewing awhile the fellow said: "Well, throw in the price of the shave and hair-cut (35 cents) and I will call it a whack." "All right," said H., whereupon the fellow took a fine new strop that H. handed him and departed. Shortly afterward Hostetler, in looking over his purchase noticed the merchant's cost mark, "$1" upon it and nearly fainted; afterward he ascertained that the razor was of no earthly account whatever—a fact that his clerical-looking friend had no doubt discovered before and now he is quietly laying for the individual aforesaid. He don't got any more strops to trade for razors now.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B. Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication July 30th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of fifty (50) dollars, installment of interest which became due and payable on the 17th day of November, 1890, upon a certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by Loren H. Walker and Sophia Walker, his wife, of the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Netherlands American Land Company, of Amsterdam, Holland, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in and for the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, 1886, at 9:50 o'clock a. m., and recorded in volume "26" of mortgages, on pages 443-7.

And a further default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the mortgagors failing and neglecting to pay the taxes assessed against and levied upon said mortgaged premises, prior to the date of the sale of lands for the payment of taxes, and the mortgagee was compelled to pay, and prior to the date of this notice did pay, in satisfaction of the taxes due and delinquent on said premises, the sum of thirty-nine and 87-100 (39.87) dollars, in order to protect the lien of its said mortgage; and the said defaults having each continued for a period of more than thirty days, the whole sum secured by said mortgage is hereby declared to be due and payable as stipulated in said mortgage in case of a failure to comply with the conditions thereof; and that by reason of such defaults and declaration there is claimed to be due, and there is due and payable on said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred thirty-seven and 50-100 (637.50) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and conveyed thereby, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section eight, (8) in Township one hundred forty seven, (147) Range forty-four, (44), containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, taxes and twenty-five (25) dollars as attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, and State of Minnesota, by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., on the 15th day of September, 1891, subject to redemption at any time within one year, in manner provided by law.

Dated at Moorhead, Minnesota, July 17, 1891.

The Netherlands American
Land Company,
Mortgagee.

W. B. Douglas and Ball & Smith,
[15-21] Attorneys for Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication July 30th.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred twenty four and 30-100 ($124.30) dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Elizabeth Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole O. Haven, mortgagee, bearing date the 2d day of January, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of January, 1890, at 9:30 o'clock a m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 105, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole O. Hoven, mortgagee, to Caroline Anderson, by written assignment dated the 9th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 150, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine (9) of Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty, (150) Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 12th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred twenty-four and 30-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 25th, A. D. 1891.

CAROLINE ANDERSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee,
[15-21] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($511.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 16th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $511.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-22] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "C" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees,
[14-20] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

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SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

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P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank,

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Bernard and Emma Bernard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of January, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 464; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the coupons for interest that fell due July 22d, 1889, January 22d, 1890, July 22d, 1890, January 22d, 1891, and July 22d, 1891, each thereof being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred dollars and forty-five cents, ($600.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), of Section nineteen (19), Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty (40) west, containing 144 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 7th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-23] [N. G. 80]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Godfrey, a bachelor, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of June, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 25 of mortgages, on pages 142-145.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the principal $800 that fell due June 24th, 1891, and interest coupons for $24 each that fell due on the 24th days of December, 1888, June and December, 1889, June and December, 1890, and June 1891.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Nine hundred and sixty dollars and sixteen cents ($960.16); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot four (4), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) of Section fourteen (14) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing 117 acres more or less according to the United States government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-24] [N. G. 73]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Sept. 3d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-eight and 84-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Welsh and Mary Welsh, his wife, mortgagors, to Jane M. Goodnow, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of February, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 118, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of Section four (4), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-eight and 84-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 25th, A. D. 1891.

JANE M. GOODNOW, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[20-26] Crookston, Minn.

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—DEALERS IN—
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

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—DEALERS IN—
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A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
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Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of outside Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, SEPTEMBER 17 1891. NO. 22.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

A Base Ballist in Prayer Meeting.

His nose had been knocked a little awry,
But his glance was straight and true;
And the three fingers left on his big right hand
Gripped hard on the back of his pew.

And he said: "My friends, I am off my base
When I stand in a box here like this;
But I feel, when the umpire says 'Play ball,'
That we ought to play, hit or miss.

"When we sign with the church we are expected to play
Every day, hot or cold, rain or shine;
And I tell you, my friends, a very strong game
Is put up by Satan's nine.

"If we come to bat in the strength of the Lord,
Grip the willow for giving hard knocks,
We'll just get onto the devil's curves
And knock him out of the box!

"Sometimes we line her out for two bags,
Steal third in most elegant state,
But get stuck on ourselves, take too many risks,
And get nipped by Old Nick at the plate.

"And plenty of times when your side's about out
You seem doomed to die on a base,
But whenever you hear our captain say 'Go'
Get away at your very best pace!

"Never mind what the crowd say, go hard for home!
Slide in on your face! Darn the clothes!
There's an Umpire above who will know if you're in,
His judgment is right, and it 'goes.'"

Concerning Back Numbers.

Crookston Times.—Will some McKinleyite step to the rack and tell us this: "If free sugar is a good thing, why not salt also?"

Glyndon News.—We do not know what a "McKinleyite" is—but if the Times will quit asking back-number questions some long suffering friend will answer because Michigan is not in the West Indias.

Neither is Louisiana. If you object to back-number questions why don't you avoid that kind of answers. Try again, Osborn.—Farmington Tribune.

—The late tariff on sugar was say one-third the price of sugar. The tariff on salt was and is greater than the price of salt. The sugar tariff was a tax on the American consumer. The tariff on salt is not. The distinctions and differences between Louisiana sugar and Michigan salt production, and a multitude of similar comparisons, in their bearings on American policy, were exhaustively treated in the press and on the stump and on the floor of Congress during the McKinley racket of three years ago. Doubtless the lumber attics of both the Times and Tribune contain documents from the government printing office which, while they may not settle the question of the right or wrong of free sugar or dutiable salt, do assuredly make clear the reason for the discriminations of the new tariff.

Reduction of the revenue was what tariff-reformers, protectionists, Democrats, Republicans and mugwumps all wanted three years ago. Sugar was yielding over fifty millions of revenue. How much from salt? In the poor man's house three pounds of sugar go where two pounds went before. Louisiana has not been able to do in fifty years what the McKinley law appears to have done in a season. But Saginaw county, under a stiff tariff law, has been yielding salt at a rate which enables the American farmer to roll the barrel into his pasture, knock the head in, and invite the voracious cow to help herself. The Tribune knows that nature has put the different marks on Louisiana sugar and Michigan salt. "McKinleyism" recognizes the difference. Back-number answers are too good for such questions as that of the Times, which if it indicated a spirit of true inquiry would need only to be referred to McKinley's speeches, or his House committee report of the tariff bill, or Greeley's political economy, or any of the scores of primers on the subject. Flings or gibes such as are called forth by our free sugar experience betray the confusion into which certain lazy reformers have been thrown through not knowing what it is that needs reforming.

McKinley finds foemen worthy of his steel, and it is well that the opposing school of economists has worthy champions; but whoso sets him down for a dullard or coward falls into a ditch. Moreover, those who essay to extinguish McKinley on the sugar or salt issue find that neither of these commodities has lost its favor. He is all right if he is as well kept at other points.

It is a spectacle indeed for a news paper that aspires to discuss current politics to be found asking for information as to the "McKinley" distinction between the revenue tariff on sugar and the protective tariff on salt. Why not borrow an old almanac?

OUR CROPS.

Senator Willian D. Washburn who has made a tour of the old country and studied the European situation, was recently interviewed and his opinion concerning it and its probable effects on the United States is invaluable. Senator Washburn declares that to all appearances Europe will want every grain of the 200,000,000 bushels of surplus wheat raised in the States this year. The crops of wheat, rye and small grain in Russia he pronounces a partial failure from personal observation. Russia, as heretofore, not only fed herself from her crops of grain, but has sent large quantities into Germany and even into France. Mr. Washburn concludes that the Russian crop deficiency will create a large demand for American cereals.

Referring to the Russian ukase prohibiting the exportation of rye, Mr. Washburn says it was purely an act of self-preservation, and not a hostile movement toward Germany. It has caused anxiety in Norway and Sweden, where the people depend for their bread on rye from Russia, and these countries, as well as Germany, will be obliged, he declares, to import wheat from the United States. In Buda-Pesth, the largest milling center of Europe, Senator Washburn says that the millers estimated the crops of that region as 30 per cent less than last year, in Germany 15 per cent, and in other countries correspondingly. His general conclusion of the effect of the European grain situation is summed up in the remark that as the crops of the United States were never so large as this year, especially in wheat, he thinks we can take care of the rest of the world, and, as he adds, with much force, "the rest of the world must pay for it."

The judgment of one so well equipped as Senator Washburn to form an accurate opinion as to the crop situation at home and abroad is almost incontrovertible, and THE JOURNAL takes it as the basis for congratulating the country on the speedy return of gold, and the consequent prosperity that will follow on the beginning of the shipments of grain to Europe. We have the key to the situation, and only need to turn it to give the United States an era of prosperity such as it has not known in years.

Senator Sherman Speaks.

New York Press.

The name of Senator John Sherman is synonymous the country over with the cause of honest money. No man in the United States stands so high as an authority on national financial questions. The interview with the veteran Ohio statesman which the Press prints to-day deserves the attention of every one of our readers. Senator Sherman sounds in it the keynote of the Ohio campaign. He shows how vast the issues at stake are. He exposes with merciless logic the absurd fallacies of the free coinage doctrine of the Buckeye Democracy. He makes plain the tremendous importance of victory for Republicanism and sound currency.

The Ohio contest, which seemed destined at first to be waged almost solely on the national issue of the tariff, is now to be fought on the two questions of protection and honest money. Republicans will not shirk either issue. The Republican party is committed as irrevocably to the dollar that is worth a dollar as it is to the protection of American industry. Senator Sherman's statement of the way in which free silver would affect the workingman is especially forcible. He shows conclusively how unlimited coinage would cheapen the purchasing power of the laborer's dollar:

The man who is to-day getting $1.50 a day, or $1.50 for a bushel of wheat, would find that under free silver the purchasing power of that $1.50 would very rapidly drop to $1.25, and that the twenty-five cents loss would fall, not on the merchant or manufacturer, but upon the man who labors or who tills the soil. That is the inexorable law of trade, because the price of commodities is fixed by the markets of the world, and cannot be changed by any local legislation or the vagaries of any single country.

These are true words. They should be studied by every man who earns wages. A debased currency always injures the laboring man more than any one else. For a time it helps the man who has property and is in debt, by enabling him to pay off in debased money obligations incurred in honest money. But even this advantage, essentially dishonorable, soon disappears. If there is an instance in history of the workingman's wages rising in proportion to the debasement of currency we are not aware of it.

The Republican party is fighting the workingman's battles on both the great vital issues now before the country. It should receive the workingman's hearty and unqualified support.

The Land Boom.

Minneapolis Journal.

The Journal publishes a very exhaustive exposition of the real estate situation throughout the state. Reports have been received from reliable sources from nearly 60 of the 80 counties of the State and from nearly all of the principal agricultural counties. In every case the report is an increased demand for farming land, and in most cases at prices that are steadily advancing. The land commissioners of the railroads having large land grants confirm the reports from local sources by figures showing a great increase in sales during recent months, and in the face of advanced prices. The fact is that even during the dull times which have been prevailing generally and while crop failures have embarrassed all classes of business in some sections of the country, the crops of Minnesota have been better than the general averege throughout the West and the agricultural interest of the state has prospered. This has served to attract attention to Minnesota as an agricultural state and to inspire confidence where, on account of mistaken notions about our climate, wrong impressions of our agricultural advantages had been obtained. And now, with the phenomenal crops of the present year to still further substantiate the claims of Minnesota to high rank as a state where agriculture is profitable in a peculiar degree, the demands for the lands capable of producing such satisfactory returns for the labor expended upon them has risen to a heigth which occasions comment and justifies the attention which has been given it by the Journal. Figures are every day made as to the amount of money the wheat crop will bring to the Northwest and how much the other agricultural products will add to the general wealth, but no less important in the calculations of increased wealth for this section of the country are the millions of dollars that will be brought into the Northwest for investment in lands and town and city property. The demand for lands is probably the best indicator of good times. And the demand for farm lands is the most substantial basis for activity in town and city property. It is impossible that the country tributary to Minneapolis should enjoy such a high degree of prosperity and that the agricultural lands should come to be in such demand without its effect on the real estate interests of all the towns related in a business way. And surely no city sustains such an intimate relation to the state as Minneapolis, the great market for the products of the state and of the entire Northwest.

"Eliminate the Frauds."

New York Press.

We have at last had a distinct statement from one Democratic newspaper as to the course that will be pursued by the Democratic party, if it comes into power, in relation to pensions. This journal says they will not repeal the pension laws and stop all improvements by way of saving expense, but "will scrutinize the pension lists so as eliminate the frauds from them, and they will put a heavy foot upon all manner of dishonest jobs that masquerade under the disguise of improvements. They will cut off the grabs and steals. They will stop robbery and waste."

This specious announcement is a reminder of the tremendous howl that went up during the campaign of 1884 "to open the books." The Republican party, it was charged, had been corrupt in the management of the finances of the country during the twenty-four years of its power. The proofs would be found, it was declared, if the country would permit the Democrats to "open the books." Well, the books were opened and never a penny could they find that was not honestly received, accounted for and expended.

Where is there any proof except in the same lying sheets and the same falsifying mouths that there are frauds in the pension lists which it is necessary for Democrats to scrutinize, dishonest jobs to be cut off, grabs and steals to be stopped, robbery and waste to be prevented? The Democrats had possession of the Pension Bureau for four years. They found neither fraud, nor jobbery, nor grabs, nor steals, nor robbery, nor waste. They showed their spirit and temper toward the veteran by making insufficient appropriations to meet the pension payments, and left it as a legacy to a Republican Congress to meet the deficiency.

Would they discover any different condition on coming into power a second time? Would they act any differently? The pension Bureau is not honeycombed with fraud, as the Democratic papers charge. If they can produce a single case of fraud the pension list is subject to revision. They have not brought out proof of a single pension that should be discontinued. They only "howl" against the pension system and pensions as they howled for the books to be opened, and with just as little foundation. If there is fraud to be eliminated in this country the biggest fraud is the anti-pension shriek in the Democratic organs.

Wages in England.

New York Press.

One effect of the Royal Labor Commission, now in session in England, is likely to be a correction of inflated ideas regarding wages paid in that country. The evidence already given shows that the figures generally accepted do not agree with the figures given by the men in their testimony, and that, as a matter of fact, the average wages paid are not more than half the average in the United States, and considerably lower than the amounts stated in official reports.

The reason for the difference is plain enough. Official reports are gathered chiefly from employers, who naturally wish to put the wage question in the best possible light for themselves. The testimony before the Royal Commission is being given by employes, who have no interest except in stating ungarnished truth.

The Englishman can afford to sell certain goods cheaper because he pays less to those who do the manufacturing. And that is the best reason possible why a tariff should be maintained that will protect American labor from such competition.

Retaliation.

New York Press.

The retaliatory feature of the McKinley law is one especially obnoxious to the Mugwump free trade press beause it has given a weapon to the President of the United States with which to compel Europe to pay respect to that American industry which free traders hold in deepest contempt. Experience has already proven that this is one of the best best provisions of the law.

The French, as shown in the Paris correspondence of the London Times, have been clearly influenced by fear of retaliation into taking a long step toward the repeal of the prohibition on American pork.

In Germany the same influence has been potent in the direction of a similar result, and the British Islands of the West Indies, which have heretofore lived upon and sneered at America, are in a fever of excitement as to what they shall do to be saved from the dreaded retaliation.

The Mugwumps may be interested to learn, also, that England talks of copying the retaliatory policy of America, and that the British Government has thrown out a hint to France that virtual prohibition of any British goods will be followed by an increase of British duties on brandies imported from France.

Science in Bread Making.

At the recent annual meeting of the American Chemical Society, held in Washington, D. C., the question of the value of carbonate of ammonia as a leavening agent in bread, or as used in baking powders came up for discussion, in which Prof Barker, of the University of Pennsylvania, and President of the Society; Dr. Richardson, late of the United States Department of Agriculture in Washington; Dr. Wm. McMurtrie, late Prof. of Chemistry in the University of Illinois; Dr. D. H. Bartley, late Chemist of the Brooklyn, N. Y., Board of Health, and Prof. of Chemistry of the Long Island College, and others took part.

The concensus of opinion was overwhelming in favor of the employment of ammonia. It was stated as a fact that ammonia rendered the gluten of the flour more soluble than the original gluten, and that the bread in which this action was produced by carbonate of ammonia must be more digestible and hence more healthful, and because of extreme volatility of carbonate of ammonia, and its complete expulsion from the bread in the process of baking, it is one of the most useful, most healthful and most valuable leavening agents known.

These conclusions are borne out by the very elaborate and exhaustive experiments made by Prof. J. W. Mallet, of the University of Virginia, which show conclusively that bread made with a baking powder in which one per cent of carbonate of ammonia is used, in connection with cream of tartar and soda, is not only of uniformly better color and texture, but a product more wholesome, because the ammonia serves to neutralize any organic or lactic acids present in the flour.

Sell for a Fair Profit.

The opinion of the farmer of the Northfield News that a farmer ought to keep an account of the cost of growing his grain and sell when he can get a price that pays him good profit is surely worthy endorsement and adoption as far as relates to keeping account of the cost of raising certain crops. But unless a man can be sure of the ability to follow the rule of selling at a fair profit all the time, he ought not to adopt it as his controlling guide at any time. In other words he would follow it, or not in any case as it may seem best. Sometimes the cost of producing 40 acres of wheat is greater because of a partial failure of the crop than the amount raised on it can be sold for. If he had raised as much as common he could sell at the prevailing price and make a fair profit. What is he to do? There is nothing for him to do but sell what he has got at the best price he can get and pocket the loss. Every farmer in Minnesota must do so under circumstances. How shall they recover the sums they then lost? Why, after a little while there will come a time when they will have extraordinary large crops at ordinary cost, and that same season other growers in other countries have their turn of poor crops. Now the Minnesota farmers could sell at fair profit a lower price than usual after such a harvest, and at that very time crop failures elsewhere would point to a scanty general supply and higher prices for that very grain. Is it the Minnesota farmer's duty or his best policy to sell as soon as is offered a fair profit? Why may he not make a far more than "fair profit" on the cost of that wheat, considering that on a former year's crop he did receive, and on any subsequent crop he may receive, no profit at all?

It seems to us that the farmer should keep an account of the cost of his crop, not for the purpose of knowing when to sell, but in order that he may know which way he is going in business and go out of those lines which yield him only a loss. His business is also to keep posted as to the probable demand for each of the products in which he is interested, and as to the yield of each in all the countries which contribute to the supply and regulate his willingness to sell at any particular price by what he concludes, from that knowledge of demand and available supply the price is likely to be.—Red Wing Republican.

"We can flood this country at an hour's notice," is what the United States government rainmakers claim. They claim it exultingly. If they can there need never be any more drought or failure of crops anywhere. Well, it is no longer safe to say that anything is impossible. It was near Midland, Texas, in a district where rain is unusual at this time of the year, that the experimenters got in their work. It was accomplished by a large baloon filled with explosives, a large number of kites having their tails loaded with dynamite, and many charges of powder were scattered in various directions over the ground upon an area of two miles. First the huge baloon was exploded by electricity. Ten minutes later the dynamite tails of the kites were let off in the same manner. Last of all the powder was touched off. In ten minutes the barometer fell rapidly and a rainstorm of six hours followed. The explosions were heard forty miles away and made a noise like artilery. The rain covered an estimated area of 1,000 square miles, and the cost of it is put at one and one-half cents per acre. If the explosions did really create the refreshing showers then they mark the beginning of an area in civilization and constitute an achievement no less great than the invention of the steam engine.

CUT THIS OUT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

Excursions for Home Seekers and others will be run by "The North-Western Line," Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha R'y, on Sept. 29th, from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and stations east of St. Paul, to all points west of and including St. James, Minn., in Minnesota, South Dakota, and Northwestern Iowa; and from all points on the line north or east of LeMars, to Omaha, St. Joseph, Achison, Leavenworth and Kansas City and to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, the Black Hills, Oklahoma and all points in Arkansas and Texas and to certain points in Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana.

Tickets will be sold at very low rates, and will be good to start only on the day of sale, and good to return within thirty days.

For rate to any point, through car service, or any information call on agents of the "North-Western Line," or address T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

We'll be There!

"Open wide ye gates of traffic
and let the people enter!

THE OPENING

OF OUR

NEW STORE

TAKE PLACE ON

Sept. 16th 17th 18th & 19th

Our modern system of store keeping and the progressive changes we have adopted to serve our customers quickly and courteously, and the arrangement whereby each of our departments is, of itself, exclusive and under special management, is a forward step in comparison with the average stores in our community. Through this system little details in merchandising with us receive the same minute attention as the larger ones, and we appreciate, and shall further try to merit the praises we hear bestowed upon us by our patrons, that through this completeness of every detail in our stock, their wants are supplied, as well, and often better, than were they residents of one of the larger cities. We have enlarged our

CLOAK AND CARPET

DEPARTMENTS

To double their former size, all of the space formerly occupied by the office and stairway is now taken up with our increased stock of

Cloaks and Jackets for Fall Wear.

The all season in the

"Dress Goods Stock"

is well under way. If there is any worthy going style missing in our stock, it is certainly rare and obscure. The latest fabrics, such as "Cote de heval," or Bedford Cord, "Henriettas," "Vigogne," "Drap d'Avazure," "Cordurette," "Melange," "Vigoureaux," "Fancy Jacquanets," "Cheviots," "Camel's Hair Effects," and Broadcloths are way out of sight. When we speak of "Broadcloths" we mean Broadcloths—flannels are not Broadcloths, even if some merchants have fallen into the habit of calling them so. Broadcloth has a twilled back. You can't mistake them if you are careful. Full range of colors in three qualities—$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. The latter is a genuine French Broadcloth and is considered to be the best sold in this country.

Quilts and Blankets.

Our Quilts and Blankets are shown on the main floor. No dark and dingy basements; no stairs to climb. In order to do a large early business, some special values will be offered.

A decided bargain—good heavy 10-4 scarlet wool blankets at $3.00 per pair.

All wool 11-4 white blankets $5.00 per pair.

All wool 10-4 white blankets, $4.00, $5.00, $5.50, $6.50 and $7.00.

COMFORTABLES.

We make our own comfortables; we know what goes into them. No shoddy; no trash; nothing but pure, clean cotton. They're home-made comfortables in every respect.

Print comfortables, large size	$2.00
hallie " "	2.50, 3.00
Extra fine cotton Pongee comforts	3.50
1 case best Prints	5c
1 case 36 inch striped Henrietta	25c
1 case 36 inch Tricot	25c
1 case 54 inch flannel Suiting	60c
1 case 38 inch, all wool, Henrietta	50c

Our Opening will be noted for the special values.

Don't forget the date---16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of September.

Fontaine & Anglim.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, September 17, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 77.
1 Northern 75.
2 Northern 69.
3 Northern 64.

Will Cleary went to Warren this week to buy wheat.

Charlie McKay went over to Grand Forks on Sunday.

A heavy rain on Friday last delayed threshing a few days.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 75 cents for 1 Hard.

R. J. Hall was in the city this week looking up Alliance matters.

Anderson & Co. are putting in shelving for a retail department.

Send on your men. The harvest is bountiful and the laborers few.

J. H. Locken enjoyed the State Fair and Expo a few days last week.

Mayor McKinnon did the State Fair and Expo Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Jack Bunnell and Miss Dollie returned from their visit last week.

Olson and Anderson are moving into their new quarters on Robert street.

Edward George, Esq., has gone to Rochester, this state, for a short visit.

W. A. Marin, Jr., has gone to Gladwin, Mich., for a visit at the old home.

Farmer E. Roberts will this week pound out what grain the hail left him.

Rolstad's restaurant is still at the front with all of the delicacies of the season.

Hon. W. D. Washburn writes that he will visit our city some day in the near future.

Conductor Jack Ward went up to Fosston last week to shoot lots of chickens.

Col. Uline, the right of way man for the Great Northern road, was in the city on Monday.

Sheriff Grundysen says he will be obliged to hire another man if business keeps up this way.

Knute Opheim and Dr. A. Nelson, of Fertile, took in the big doings in the Twin Cities last week.

Hugh Thompson was up on Monday looking for men. Says they are a scarce article at Fisher.

The Rickett building is going ahead rapidly and will have one of the finest looking fronts in the city.

Geo. Ralph started for the Red Lake Reservation on Monday morning to finish his job of surveying.

There seems to be a great demand for men in the threshing field. The cry is "send us more men."

Watts & McGrew are going into the new McKinnon, in the office recently occupied by Mayor McKinnon.

Frank Haseltine, our enterprising nurseryman, is hustling as usual. Says business is unusually good this season.

John C. Welles, of Fon du Lac, Wis., was in the city on Sunday and attended services at the Congregational church.

Mayor McKinnon and Comptroller Walsh have moved their office into the suite of rooms in the rear of those just vacated.

E. O. Flanders started on Wednesday night for a pleasure trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis, returning on Monday morning.

Prof. Rocheleau and Mrs. E. K. Jacques went north on Monday morning to hold a teachers' institute at Hallock in Kittson County.

If the rumors that farmers intend to hold their wheat causes a few cents rise in price what would not the FACT of their holding it awhile accomplish?

D. Jacobus was interested in the races on the State Fair grounds during the latter part of the week. Jake is a good judge of horses and seldom gets left.

Chris Houston commenced to thresh what wheat the hail storm left him, on Tuesday, which was but a small portion of the fine crop he had before the storm.

C. de Bruyn Kops and wife, of Grand Forks, attended the State Fair last week and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Knuppe during their stay in St. Paul.

Rudy Burkhardt is happy once more. His wife and babies arrived on Sunday morning from Wabasha. Rudy talks of going in with the new bakers on Secord street.

Dr. Dampier was enjoying the State Fair and Expo last week. Of course he put up at the Brunswick with Ira De Camp. All the Crookston boys do that when they go to Minneapolis.

The irrepressible Henry Kellar, of Sauk Center was in the city this week and left for the south on Tuesday morning. Henry was chock full of windmills, binding twine and electricity as usual.

See the new adv of The Fair in this issue and go and chat with Wilson awhile in the elegant new quarters he has fitted up on the corner of Main and Robert streets, Stewart & Spottiswood's old place.

Conductor Scott had the good luck to get hold of some prairie chickens last week, and having heard Judge Spendley say how well he liked them he sent him a brace of them. The Judge remarked "bless my sole."

M. W. Jensen was down from McIntosh this week. Says the mill is getting lots of good wheat.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings returned from below on Tuesday, having secured the latest styles and novelties in millinery.

If there is anything that you want that is not to be had in the city go to the new Fair. Wilson is sure to have it.

Rev. R. H. Battey will preach at Andover school house, six miles southwest of Crookston next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The McKanlass Colored Musical Co. is booked for Sept. 23d and 24th, at the Grand Opera House. This is said to be an excellent troupe.

Uncle Joe Netzer is pushing the work on Kistenmacher's new house as rapidly as possible. Hasn't got quite all the help he would like.

Mat Dauser shouldered his machine on Wednesday morning and skipped out to some town to capture pictures. Mat is a good artist.

Now is the time to get a share in the fall trade and the best way to get it is to advertise in THE JOURNAL. Call and see us and get our rates.

An interesting lecture will be given at the M. E. Church on Friday evening next. All who can make it convenient to attend should do so.

Charlie Lowe and Geo. McManus will move into the new McKinnon block, occupying part of the suite just vacated by the mayor and comptroller.

Ole Sannes came down from Sletten this week and called at THE JOURNAL office to say that the crops in his vicinity promise an abundant yield this year.

Duluth will commence the erection of a new 1200 barrel flour mill this fall. Slowly but surely Duluth is coming to the front as the great flour manufacturing center.

Minneapolis advertises a grand harvest home festival on Sept. 23d. We shall wait until we see how the farmers come out of the deal before we jubilate extensively.

A little bird whispers in our ear of a marriage ceremony in our city on Thursday next. Mr. Nicholas Funk to Miss Clara Walter, daughter of August Walter, Esq.

The Northern Pacific road has averaged a train of wheat per day for the past week, the large majority coming from Dakota and shipped by farmers The elevators don't seem to be in it this year.

Pauline Sware gravely remarks that it is no sich thing. He ain't tryin' to be a house-keeper not a little bit, but that he is taking his meals with Mine Host Bemis at two shillin's a take. We stand corrected.

Jake Ide has finished threshing and says his wheat turned out 24 bushels per acre. What his grade will be he cannot say until he sees some elevator man but thinks that he should get 1 Hard for it anyhow.

A. Sture returned from the busy marts of trade on Sunday morning. While away he purchased a large stock of fall goods which are now arriving daily. Go and see what Sture can do for you in anything you need.

Ira De Camp fits into his new position as clerk at the Brunswick in Minneapolis as naturally as an old shoe. Ira is a natural born hotel clerk and it is a pleasure to visit the Brunswick just to see Ira attending to his duties.

Henry Steege finished threshing on Tuesday and we are told that his average is only ten bushels per acre. While the most of his grain was apparently outside of the hail belt there is no doubt but that it was all materially damaged.

Henry Osterlok was down from Keystone this week and told a JOURNAL reporter that he threshed 2800 bushels of wheat from 90 acres. Henry has marketed enough to pay his debts and feels like a lord. He will hold about 1800 bushels for $1.

Horace Locken returned on Sunday morning with his bride to make their home in this city. He was married in St. Paul on Thursday last to Miss Helen Kemke, of Emmetsburgh, Iowa. Horace has accepted a position in Lee & Herrick's mill.

From the present outlook it would seem the part of wisdom for every farmer who has wheat to sell to hold it awhile. We cannot see any good reason why wheat should not bring excellent prices a little later. We confidently expect to see dollar wheat here before next spring.

The Northern Minnesota Agricultural and Driving Association will offer $2,000.00 in purses at their annual meeting at the driving park on Oct. 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th. Some noted horses from abroad will contest the honors of the turf and a big time is anticipated. Everybody come.

Among the list of names comprising the Grain Growers Association which filed articles of incorporation on Tuesdoy, as reported in the St. Paul Dispatch, appears this one, "E. J. Goe-fly-high." It would require a vivid imagination to discern our handsome county superintendent in that name.

Miss Mary Van Wie was married to Walter Horton at the residence of her brother in Wisconsin on Tuesday. Our readers will remember the trial of Horton who was charged with drowning his wife and child and acquitted. Miss Van Wie was once a teacher in our public schools and was very much liked.

Call at THE JOURNAL office for plain or fancy job work. We are better than ever prepared to do all business in this line. Remember we can do all kinds of work in this line and at as reasonable figures as the same can be done elsewhere. We invite your patronage.

Much disappointment is expressed by the friends of Hugh Robertson because he was not appointed Register of the Land Office in this city. Mr. R. is an efficient, capable man, a hard worker and a true blue Republican but he is not a rich man. He was the people's choice but from all we can learn of the present administration that seems to cut little figure.

☞ Elsewhere we re-publish an article from the St. Paul Globe, purporting to be an Alliance circular advising farmers to hold their wheat. While we are not sanguine enough to believe in $2 wheat we do believe that the price of a bushel of wheat in this market will be at least $1 to the farmer before another season. As to holding the wheat the circumstances of each individal farmer should dictate whether he holds or whether he sells on the early market.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

Wilson has fitted up his new quarters in elegant shape and is ready to greet his friends both old and new and show them a fine line of goods in all sorts of fancy notions. This week he occupies a large space in THE JOURNAL columns to tell the people what he has that they may need.

Rev. S. H. Barteau and Mr. Waggoner came down from Stephen on Monday evening and took the train on the N. P. line for Duluth, to attend the convention of the Congregational Association at that place. Mr. B. says the deal we are getting in wheat this fall reminds him of old times very much.

Herb Mason returned on Tuesday morning from a business trip to Chicago and we expect that every train from St. Paul will be just loaded down with goods for him for a week to come. Maybe not but Herb is a rustler all the same and generally gets lots of goods when he goes for them.

Chief of Police Louis Gonyea went over to East Grand Forks on Monday after a man who was accused of stealing a $45 suit of clothes from the Sherman House. He found the man, who claimed to have bought the clothes for $3, but Louis raked him in and brought him back for trial all the same.

If our kind little friend of the Times will pay as much attention to trying to run his own paper properly and less in the attempt to run every other city paper perhaps he will get along just as well in the long run. He certainly would not expose his ignorance and his malicious, jealous disposition so deplorably.

During the absence of our better half in Duluth this week we are being nicely cared for by Uncle Joe Netzer at the Germania hotel. Joe keeps as nice a hotel as our city can boast of and sets a bountiful table. We are prepared by experience to recommend that hostelry to all who are looking for a good place to stop at.

We are in receipt of a complimentary to the corn palace at Sioux City, which will open for business on October 1st and continue 17 days. The building was nearing completion when we saw it last Friday and will be a mammoth structure. Both Iowa and Nebraska will make such displays as will be well worth seeing.

"Through Europe in 90 Minutes." Alexander McGregor will deliver a lecture on the above subject at the old opera house Friday evening, Sept. 18th, at 8 o'clock. Lecture illustrated by 90 stereoptican views. Matinee at 4 p. m. for the children, subject, "Egypt and Palestine." Admission, lecture 50 cents matinee, adults 25c, children 10c.

At the Congregational church next Sunday morning Rev. R. H. Battey will have for his subject: "Christian Education." In the evening Rev. Mr. Elmer will speak on Temperance before the union audience at the Congregational church. Orchestra will assist the choir both morning and evening. Services open promptly at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. All come.

Fontaine & Anglim formally opened their mammoth new building on Wednesday morning and if you enjoy seeing a beautiful store elegantly furnished and completely equipped go and gaze upon this institution. Our pen utterly fails to convey an adequate idea of the wonderful transformation that has taken place. It must be seen to be fully appreciated.

The greatest objection we have heard to the appointment of Mr. Thompson is in the manner in which it was done. It is argued that while the majority of the people favored the appointment of Hugh Robertson, it was upon the recommendation of only a few of the politicians that the appointment was made. There is a vast amount of kicking in this neck of the woods.

Miss Emma Verronneau is expected to return from Chicago next Tuesday morning with all of the latest styles in millinery, having spent a week in the leading shops in that city learning what they are. She may be found at her post of duty in Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable store on Second street ready to supply the requirements of the ladies in the line of fashionable hats and bonnets for fall wear.

About the time J. J. Hill's sons were arrested and fined in Kittson County for shooting game out of season the Times of this city bridled up consequentially and remarked that "we" don't allow even big bugs to infringe the laws with impunity, or words to that effect. Well, la me, how "we" apples do swim to be sure! Wonder if those same boys didn't have just bushels of fun shooting chickens in this county just before their trip to Kittson County and get off scott free?

While in Nebraska last week it was our pleasure to visit with many farmers on the train and when they learned that we were from the Red River Valley they kept us busy answering questions by the hour. They had heard of this famous Valley and all seemed anxious to know more of it. Many said that if they could only sell out down there they would come up to Polk County and try farming in this country. The skeleton in their closet is drouth.

Chris Houston: "I noticed that in your crop report from Fairfax you gave one man a yield of 29 bushels of wheat per acre. Now I happen to know that he did not get more than 10 bushels, and furthermore there is not a 30 bushel crop in the county. This habit that some farmers have of reporting from 10 to 12 bushels more per acre than they have is a ruinous one for upon these reports the prices are fixed and the farmer has to suffer for it. I do not think this is judicious to say the least."

How to Get Rich.

Advertise in THE JOURNAL.
Subscribe for THE JOURNAL.

Twelve subscribers added to our list last week and seven more so far this week is the kind of appreciation of our work that we enjoy.

City Engineer Ralph was on the State Fair grounds awhile last week.

If you are looking for a farm it will pay you to call and see what we can do to supply you.

Go and see Sture in the opera house block when you want anything in general merchandise.

Comrade Snyder expected to thresh last week; couldn't get a machine so he concluded to stack and is at it red hot.

Our better half is in Duluth this week visiting relatives and attending the convention of the Congregational Association.

Every farmer should read that wheat circular elsewhere in this issue and then use his own judgment as to whether to hold or not.

Chester Blanchard has accepted a position as book-keeper at Elk River, Minn., and has gone to enter upon the discharge of his new duties.

We have hardly had a chance to get fairly into the harness since our trip to Nebraska last week. We hope to be fully on deck by next week.

J. R. Clements was down to the Twin Cities last week enjoying the sights. J. R. talks of building a large addition to the Commercial House next summer.

If any one needs to be convinced of the advantages this country enjoys he has but to visit other parts of the country and witness their disadvantages—that will settle it.

It may be all right to hold your wheat but if we had 10,000 bushels to sell we should not take any further chances on it if it reached $1 in this market. The experiences of the past are not encouraging.

Joe Hoch was so busy last week that he could not possibly get time to go to Wabasha for his family and so it transpired that his family did not wait for him but came on by themselves, arriving on Wednesday morning. Joe will now live at home in Crookston.

Rev. R. H. Battey returned on Sunday morning from his sad journey to Hesper, Iowa. His father had passed away before his arrival, at the age of 80 years. He had been a church member for 70 years and an officer of the Quakey church at Hesper for 34 years.

Rev. S. N. Griffith, of Larimore, gave us a pleasant call on Monday evening. While he deeply feels the position in which he is placed by the recent unjust attack made upon his honor he is calmly confident of acquittal by the civil courts as he was by the result of the church trial. Mr. G. is a firm believer in the doctrine of governmental ownership of railroads and believes that all freight business should be done similar to the mail system, which is to annihilate distance. Say that a ton to St. Paul costs $1, it should cost no more to deliver it in New York or San Francisco, the freight to be paid in advance the same as postage now is. The Rev. gentleman has some excellent ideas upon the condition of affairs and the true remedy. He has proved up one of the few tree claim entrys ever perfected under the timber culture act.

Tollif Haviland is another hail sufferer whose loss so far has not been reported. He had a fine crop, including 80 acres of excellent wheat, which was totally destroyed. Mr. H. is an honest economical farmer, one who has no bad habits to account for lack of success in farming and as he is situated by this misfortune it seems impossible for him to go ahead with farming operations. Such cases deserve help and some steps should be taken to provide feed for their teams and other present necessities so that such men shall not be driven out of the county.

Two of the riders in the ladies race on the fair grounds on Thursday last were severely injured by the horse of one of them falling and the other was thrown by running over the prostrate animal and its rider. It was thought at first that one of the ladies was killed but such was not the case, though both were severely injured. One was Miss Villa Poole, of Dakota, and the other a South St. Paul lady rider. Both are said to be rapidly recovering.

Thos Ulvin, of McIntosh, secretary of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, is in the city this week soliciting memberships. The eastern and western portions of Polk County are very well organized and the central should be. This movement, which is an effort on the part of the farmers to control the markets in their own interests, seems to us one of the most practical yet suggested and the more farmers that join it the more successful it will be. THE JOURNAL published the articles of incorporation and by-laws a few weeks since.

Sterling Evening Bulletin:—"The McKanlass Specialty Company played to a very good house last night, and the performance was splendid throughout—better than any minstrel show that has ever been here. Prof. McKanlass is a good musician, and is no novice with any instrument, from the harmonica to a piano. His playing two cornets at one and the same time took the house by storm. The company will be welcomed should it ever come this way again." At Grand Opera House Sept. 23d and 24th.

A Severe Accident.

On Monday last Julius Wentzel met with a severe accident that will be very painful and lay him up for awhile. In some way, while he was fixing the cylinder to a threshing machine the machine was started up and one tooth went through his hand, making a bad wound. He was up to see a doctor and had the hand dressed. Fortunately no bones were broken and his escape from losing his hand seems almost miraculous.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR. DEPARTMENT STORE THE FAIR.

—IS THE—

Cheapest Store in Town

Sells strictly for Cash and marks goods accordingly.

CORNER MAIN AND ROBERT STREETS. } { SUCCESSORS TO THE CROOKSTON BANKRUPT STORE.

THE FAIR.

The Minnesota World's Fair Commissioners are still wrestling with the problem of how to raise sufficient money for a creditable exhibit of Minnesota products. The State has already appropriated $50,000, which is fully as much of the burden as the average taxpayer, whose benefits therefrom are problematical, should pay, but as yet we have seen no eagerness to catch on manifested by railroads and real estate dealers whose benefits derived would count up in the the thousands. Their just proportion of that fund, if they pay it, would place at least $200,000 at the disposal of the board of commissioners. Those who expect to reap large individual benefits from a good display should now step to the front and give the cause a boost. The average tax-payer has already contributed his share, and more than his share, and he should be given a rest.

General James Compton, Surveyor General of Logs and Lumber, was up last week and enjoyed a fine hunt near St. Hilaire with George Evans, of Fergus Falls, and one or two gentlemen of St. Hilaire. The General's crippled arm bothers him somewhat but he is still a dead winner on a line shot. It will be remembered that he hurt his left hand not long since while hunting, fell off a log and the gun catching in some bushes discharged, the whole charge passing through his left hand which had to be amputated. The General in talking of the affair said that upon arising from the ground and seeing that his left hand was shot away his first thought was that if he should leave the gun as it was somebody would get shot with the remaining charge so he deliberately took the gun in his remaining hand and discharged the last load into the air. He has a new hand now and gets along quite nicely.

That portion of Nebraska which we visited last week was originally wholly prairie land but the face of Nature is so changed by groves of trees that this fact is hard to believe. When we look about on our almost treeless prairie we heartily wish that every Polk County farmer who has no trees could see that country as we saw it and we feel fully convinced that he would not rest until he had a fine grove of his own growing. We were told that in the early days there it seemed quite difficult to get the trees to live and thrive, but to-day no finer timber is growing in the United States than they have. You seldom see a farm house unprotected by a fine grove there and they need it for blizzards in Nebraska are frequent in winter.

All last week he moved about as one in a dream—as though some mighty matter hedged him about and would not give him rest. Finally, one morning early he rose up—the light of a large determination—as large as a bushel basket, shining in his bright blue eyes and going forth unto the kennel wherein was a full grown canine enjoying his early morning nap, he called forth said canine and tying a two-inch cable rope gently yet firmly around his neck he led him forth to his doom—a grave in the raging Red Lake River. Upon the bank he took another rope, about six feet long, unto which he had fastened a brick-bat weighing as much as a pound and this rope he tied about the dog's neck and with a large-sized sigh of regret he threw the poor dog far out into the raging main—but the dog didn't sink worth a cent and started to swim to shore. Catching a pole that was near by the man kept the dog immersed in business (and water) until the dog got tired plum out and fainted dead away. Then, for the first time realizing the enormity of the crime, the man skipped out for home and breakfast, leaving the dog (and the rope) to their respective fates. The next morning when he went forth to attend to the duties of the day the first man he met as he opened the front door was the dog—rope, brick and all, joyously wagging his tail in a hearty welcome to his master, who at once released him and solemnly promised him never to try that joke again. The above harrowing tale relates the experience of one of our prominent business men in his efforts to get rid of a dog that he thought he had no further use for. He has now decided to let the dog tax go by default next year and thus furnish a job for the dog-catcher.

Special Bargain Sale!

—OF—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

AND SILVERWARE,

AT

C. H. SAAKE'S

JEWELRY STORE!

In order to make room for my new Fall Stock, I have decided to make Sweeping Reductions on all my goods of every description.

☞ Come and see! My prices will tell their own story.

New LUNCH ROOM,

IVER KROHN, Proprietor.

McKinnon's Block. Main Street.

Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.

ALSO A CHOICE LINE OF

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

GIVE ME A CALL.

I. A. KROHN.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE!

DEPARTMENTS:

Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting and English.

TEACHERS:

R. S. Knudson, Accountant; C. M. Wasson, Stenographer; L. E. Gossman, Attorney at Law.

FALL TERM begins Monday, September 28th, 1891.

☞ New Catalogues and Circulars sent free upon application.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Crookston, Minn.

ST. HILAIRITIES.

The Spectator says:—Erick Hoff takes in the State Fair this week.—Geo. Lipscomb came up here from Crookston to run a threshing engine this season.—J. W. Wheeler is up to look after his farming operations. Assistant Supt. of Schools, V. D. Carruth, came up to hold teachers' examinations. But few applied as the most of them had attended the institute at Crookston.

Motley Register: Mr. Cline, of Minneapolis, T. B. Walker's general business manager, A. E. Grant, of Detroit, W. W. Wolf, of this place, and one of T. B. Walker's sons, have been looking over the pine lands north of town the past week. Mr. Cline has concluded to put several camps up the Crow Wing river this winter and will probably make Motley his headquarters.

Daily Republican, Ottawa, Kas.—"The McKanlass specialty company gave a very superior entertainment at the opera house last night. McKanlass is certainly a master of the banjo and a superior artist on divers other instruments, and his performance thereon is something marvelous. In himself he is worth the price of admission. But he is supported by a company of other artists in specialties that kept the evening full of hilarity and genuine enjoyment." At Grand Opera House, Sept. 23d and 24th.

MEMBERS OF THE

Home Supply Association,

OF CHICAGO,

ATTENTION

Supply Association Prices on

HARNESS, ETC.,

Knocked sky-high by

G. W. PEAKE,

MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My prices.
No. 2	$7.50	$5.50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		14.50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No. C 33—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		50c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4.50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.90
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,

Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

The evening papers of Monday reported a rise in the price of wheat, caused, it was alleged, by the recent circular (which we republish elsewhere in this issue) advising farmers to hold their wheat, but somehow when we looked upon the bulletin board Tuesday morning the same quotations of Monday stared us coldly in the face without the slightest change—the "rise" hadn't seemed to catch on this far from the busy marts of trade. While we as farmers are disposed to grumble at this state of things it should suggest to us the only remedy we have in our hands, but in many cases it does not seem to. For some time past winter wheat has been moving freely and the first of our spring wheat, thrown upon the market, already very well supplied, must naturally be disposed of at a price lower than it would if there was a greater present demand, and yet in the face of this fact our wheat is being dumped upon the market just as fast as it can possibly be threshed and delivered. While it is a fact that there will be a sufficient demand for all the wheat we have at a fair living price to the farmer it depends very much upon how that wheat is handled whether he gets that price or not. If every bushel of our wheat is threshed as fast as possible and rushed upon the market the result will be that the farmer will not get as much for his wheat as the conditions would warrant. If every bushel of our wheat had to be stacked the result would be a good fair price just as soon as the wheat was ready for the market for then the supply of winter wheat would be pretty well out of the way. We believe it would be wise for farmers to stack, as far as possible, do the fall plowing and then thresh. By that time there would be a good lively demand for wheat which would mean better prices. If our wheat continues to be thrown on the market as freely as it has started until the bulk of it is gone it will enable speculators to control it all through and pay just what they choose for it and no more.

THE JOURNAL man had the pleasure of a trip to Nebraska last week, and the truth compels us to say that we saw a very lovely country. From St. Paul to Sioux City we took the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha line. This road has an excellent train service, the coaches are elegant and lighted by electricity by the Pintsh system. Arrived at Sioux City at 7 a. m. on Friday. Here we found that rustler, Andrew Goff, who a few weeks since was in this city helping A. O. Rolsad drum up trade for the Robert street restaurant. Goff and Tom Brown, formerly of this place, are running a dairy restaurant, employing seven persons, and doing a rushing business. We enjoyed an excellent breakfast with Goff and then took the Omaha line for Norfolk, Neb. All along the route we saw immense corn fields, which were a novel sight to our Minnesota eyes, accustomed to see more wheat than corn. Large fields of clover, alfalfa and millet are to be seen, while now and then we will see a small wheat or oat field or a patch of flax, but corn is the great staple. It is planted by machinery, cultivated the same way and, when ready, the ears are picked by hand and cattle and hogs turned in to eat the stalks and what corn is left. Immense herds of cattle are everywhere to be seen and large droves of hogs. The cattle are all thoroughbreds and grade Shorthorns, Herefords and Polled Angus of the beef breeds and Holsteins for the diary. The hogs are mostly Berkshire and Poland China, the former apparently predominating. We were told that this is a banner year for this country, pork being high and beef good price and what corn they don't feed bringing a good figure. We saw many groves of fine timber which, we were told, were set out by the early settlers some fifteen or twenty years ago. This hardly seemed possible, judging from the size of some of the trees but the country has the appearance of having originally been a prairie country and these groves show what can be done when you try, and we only wish that every Polk County farmer, who has no trees upon his prairie farm could see those groves once. The timber is the same kinds that grow here and the soil looks very much like ours. This country was originally an Indian Reservation and has been settled about as long as Polk County. From Norfolk our route to our destination was via the Union Pacific. The train service on this line is good. The general features of the country are about the same as from Sioux City to Norfolk. We talked with many of the farmers whom we met on the train and as soon as they learned that we were from the far famed Red River Valley of the North they were full of questions regarding our locality and many expressed a desire to get out of corn and stock raising and get into wheat in the Red River Valley. They say that, as a rule, they do not have rain enough during the summer and then crops as a result are lighter than this year, in which they have had rain in abundance. Lands there are held at about the same figures as here and fine looking farms with good buildings can be bought at less than the cost of buildings and original outlay. Sioux City is making great preparations for the coming corn palace which will be finer this year than ever before. In our opinion it would amply repay the cost of the trip to see it, and, should any of our readers be tired of living in this country, if they should take this trip and converse as freely with the inhabitants as we did we believe they would return better satisfied to remain right here, for while they would see some extremely lovely looking country they would find the "skeleton in the closet" even there and would find the drawbacks even greater than here.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

FOR SALE.

A registered Holstein-Friesian bull. For particulars call on C. D. Bailey, Carman, Minn. [18-tf]

Wheat Will Go Up.

Another Circular Advising the Farmers to Hold Back Their Wheat.

Editor Muller Claims That the Rush of Wheat is About Over.

Two Dollars Declared to Be a Figure That Will Be Reached.

The Grangers Counseled to Hold the Cerial for $1.50.

St. Paul Globe, Sept. 13th.

"Facts Worth Money," is the heading of a new circular in relation to the wheat question now being sent out by the State, of this city. In it the arguments contained in the famous "Hold Your Wheat" supplement of six weeks ago are reviewed, and the farmer is urged to hold back his crop as better prices await him in the next few weeks. The claim is made that wheat will be $1.50 soon, and possibly $2, a review of the European shortage being made the basis of this assertion. Editor George H. Muller, in speaking of this new address to the farmers, last evening said:

"We still believe that a large amount of grain will be held back, that the rush is practically over. Our advices from thousands of correspondents are all to this effect. The winter wheat rush is practically over now. These early sales were by those who were distressed for money and those who were not connected with the Alliance.

We do not believe that a majority of the farmers are foolish enough to co-operate with the speculators to depress prices further.

There is no question but that prices will take a turn upward in a few days.

We are sending out another million supplements.

Our regular issue this week is 60,000 copies.

The wheat growers' association just organized is co-operating with us. The secretary, ex-president Hall, is in the field now working the thing up. State Alliance Secretary, MacInnis, of North Dakota, is doing all that he can there. In fact, the Alliance secretaries all over the country are doing their best to prevent a sacrifice of the wheat crop.

Of course the crop is being overestimated by those who desire to depress prices. The resolutions adopted by the executive committee of the People's party yesterday hit the subject squarely."

The circular opens with the statement that the farmers will be saved millions of dollars if the advice given in the document is followed. Alliance secretaries are instructed to give the circular as wide a distribution as possible, while newspapers are requested to publish the same. Continuing, the circular says:

THE CIRCULAR.

The farmer heeds honest advisers who understand the situation, because he has too many of the other kind just now, and it is high time that he learned to discriminate among counselors.

There are in the first line the elevator men and the millers, the grain dealers, speculators and large commission firms, and those newspaper men who go to them for their information about the conditions and lay it as valuable truth before the public.

Two months ago all of these advisers predicted low prices on account of enormous crops in the United States, and advised the farmers to sell as soon as they had a chance.

If at that time these advisers did not tell the farmer that the condition of the European crops were such that during this crop year wheat must inevitably reach the highest price ever obtained, they were either very ignorant men, or they were knaves who wanted to benefit themselves by spreading lies or suppressing the truth.

In either case they were unfit counselors, and as two months have not likely changed their intelligence or honesty, the farmer had better beware of them.

They of course admit now, when the question has been thoroughly ventilated, that an immense shortage exists in Europe, which no surplus of our country can offset; but still they try to tempt the farmers into sacrificing their crops by different tricks.

The press, for instance, is literally overflowing with articles congratulating the farmers on the immense crop raised.

These newspaper articles are at least suspicious, for we hope that few newspaper men are so ignorant that they don't know that a large crop of itself is no ground for congratulation to the farmer. It is the

FARM VALUE OF THE CROP,

which does not depend on its size, as the following official figures will prove:

Crop Year.	Crop, Bushels.	Farm Value.
1884	512,765,000	$330,862,000
1886	457,218,000	314,126,000
1887	456,329,000	320,613,000
1889	490,560,000	342,492,000
Total	1,916,872,000	$1,298,493,000
1880	498,550,000	472,202,000
1881	383,280,000	456,880,000
1883	415,868,000	385,248,000
1890	399,262,000	334,773,000
Total	$1,696,960,000	$1,651,103,000

The above figures are very significant.

They prove that it does not matter how large the farmer's crop is, but what he gets for it; for, while the crops during the first four years in the above table exceeded by 200,000,000 bushels the other four years, the farmer got $400,000,000 less for them.

Therefore, look with suspicion on the newspaper articles congratulating about the immense crops, and on those who inspire them.

The same parties now enlighten the farmers that Europe will need all they have raised and more, but that they cannot buy it at exorbitant prices. This is true, and it only remains to be ascertained when exorbitant prices commence.

The shortage in Europe can now be figured with accuracy. About a week ago a congress of grain dealers from all parts of Europe met at Vienna, Austria, and computed figures about the crops in Europe. These figures are the highest which well-informed, reputable men could furnish; for if, in a famine year like this, they should give for the crop of any one country lower figures than circumstances justified, the government of that country would certainly remonsrate. It is surely the policy of Europeans not to exaggerate their disaster.

The figures of the Vienna congress show that Europe raises 258,000,000 bushels of wheat, and 490,000,000 bushels of rye less than last year.

Last year it consumed all of its own wheat crop and at least 50,000,000 bushels reserves, 100,000,000 bushels imported from America, all that other countries could supply, and all its rye crop. This year it will have from America 120,000,000 bushels more than last, if we take the extreme figures which any reputable authority has made for our really splendid crop.

It will have, as usual, what other countries supply, which is very insignificant, but it will have 748,000,000 bushels less of its own crop, and 50,000,000 less to be drawn from reserves. In short it will have 120,000,000 bushels extra from America to make up a deficiency of 798,000,000 and must consequently eat 678,000,000 bushels less grain.

Rye being dearer in Europe than wheat, the latter becomes a substitute, and is equally affected by deficiency in rye or wheat supply.

When it is entirely certain that Europeans will have to economize in bread to the extent of 678,000,000 bushels, and when the situation is aggravated by the partial failure of the potato crop, it is to be considered what prices they would

PAY FOR AMERICAN WHEAT.

The above named advisers of the American farmer tell him that a price of $1 per bushel in Chicago is about the highest Europeans will stand, and that they would rather eat other things than pay more for wheat.

Let us see how true that is.

They can surely not substitute meat for bread, because at the highest price of wheat ever known bread still remains the cheapest food. When driven to extremities they could substitute corn, barley or oats, and they will have to do so anyhow, without question, for of wheat and rye there is not enough on this planet to come anywhere near making up the deficiency; but when it becomes necessary to draw upon these products to fill the shortage they will also rise to heretofore unknown prices.

It being admitted that the shortage in European crops is far the worst ever known in history, it would be only natural for Europeans to expect high wheat prices.

The average price for wheat for the last thirty two years in England, on a gold basis, was $1.41 per bushel, which now corresponds with a price of $1.21 in Chicago.

During the eight highest years of that period, namely 1861-67-68-71-72-73-74 and 1877, the average price was $1.77¼, equal to $1.27¼ in Chicago. During 1867 and 1868 the average price was $1.95, and prices went as high at $2.21 per bushel, equal to more than $2 in Chicago.

Though well posted about European affairs, we do not recollect that these high prices of wheat changed the diet of Europeans to any great extent, and the exorbitant prices at which Europe as the farmer's advisers say, will refuse to take our wheat, must, therefore, be somewhere beyond past experience.

The shortage in Europe being four times as large as the American surplus, there is no doubt that the price of wheat will reach the highest figure ever known, before this year is up, and will exceed it by far before the new crops come in.

European countries which lend us thousands of millions of dollars are not going very easily on boiled hay and root diet.

The talk that $1 wheat in Chicago is a high price under present circumstances is absolutely idiotic, for an average price in England being $1.41, no one in Europe dares expect to eat wheat 21 cents below an average price this year.

Speculators having made reckless contracts with Europeans, succeeded in drawing out of the farmer enough winter wheat to fill their engagements so far, by offering for cash wheat about as much as they promised to sell for in December.

Holding up the Chicago quotations, and proving that the prices for cash wheat were equal to December futures, the agents who overrun the country said to the farmers: "Why should you hold your wheat and incur all expenses and risk if you can buy for delivery in December the same article for the price at which you sell now?" This argument

SUCCEEDED SO WELL

that speculators grew bolder, and even reduced the prices a little in hopes of getting the spring wheat crop a little cheaper.

It is talked all over Europe and America that wheat from Minnesota and the Dakotas will flow into the market at a rate which will be limited only by the capacity of railroads for carrying it. It is said that wheat will come so fast that there will not be money enough to buy it and elevator capacity to store. Of course, if the farmer should insist on offering more wheat than there is money to buy it with, he could keep prices down a little, even if his grain were actually worth its weight in silver; but, unfortunately for speculators, there is little prospect that this tremendous rush into the market will take place.

The warning came in good season to the spring wheat farmers, so that they have had time to discuss the question, and they will hold back much better than the speculators expected. We are perfectly assured of this by our immense correspondence. Those who are forced by absolute necessity to sell, or who are too imbecile to understand the situation, are not so numerous that their actions can keep down prices any length of time, and as soon as the fools are out of the market intelligent farmers will get prices adequate to the circumstances.

The above mentioned class of advisers want to make farmers believe that they must come in before navigation closes, while as a fact, during the last five years, without exception, wheat has brought more money in December than September. The same men talk incessantly about our tremendous surplus, though they know it is only one-fourth of the European shortage, while in other years it was equal to it.

Never was there any good reason for having wheat prices so low as they are even to-day, for wheat crops have never been so far in excess of the demand that extremely low prices were justified, nor was it due entirely to the action of speculators that prices became unremunerative. It was the idiotic way of Western farmers selling their wheat which broke prices, kept them poor, nearly ruined Eastern farmers, reduced English farm property to half value and compelled Germany and France to protect their farming industries by high import duties.

By selling a year's supply during a few months, prices naturally

START IN VERY LOW,

and generally stay there. This year, however, it will, fortunately, not make much difference how low prices start in, for wheat will soon be over $1.50, no matter how much farmers and speculators work together to keep prices down; and we would advise those who can comprehend the situation to hold their wheat for $1.50, and add for every month they keep it, say 5 cents to the price. There is no doubt they will get that price and probably more, and they will get it in the near future.

We have consulted with many prominent farmers, and the executive officers of the grain growers' association; their unanimous opinion is that farmers should provide themselves with granaries. We give working drawings for a very substantial granary, which holds 1,500 bushels and costs little over four cents per bushel. Such a granary can be insured at low rates, and furnishes as good security for loans as elevator receipts. It can be put up in a couple of days and will pay ten times the cost this season.

We summarize the above as follows:

Beware of ignorant or interested advisers.

Remember that the yearly Vienna congress is the best authority in the world, making its figures entirely from official reports, never over-estimating the shortage.

Remember that these figures show a European shortage four times as large as our possible surplus.

Hold your wheat. You cannot get left.

Wheat is cheap at $1.50 this year. You will soon see it at $2.

Backsetting.

I have 300 acres of breaking to backset and will let it by contract to responsible parties. Inquire at the farm, west of Carman. [21-24] E. S. CORSER.

REOPENED

—AT—

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, - - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway - - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the morst Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK,
ROBERT STREET.

GERVAIS, The Hustler.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]
Last publicatian Oct. 29th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Noiseux and Rose Anna Noiseux, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $16.37 that became due November 1st, 1889, $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $22.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred sixty-nine and 48-100 dollars, ($869.48-100), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12) Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-four (44)) containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 10th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [22-28] [N. G. 83.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
COUNTY OF POLK, } ss.
City of Crookston. }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Crookston, and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on Sept. 1st, 1891, and terminating on June 31st, 1892, by the following person, and at the following place as stated in said application respectively, to-wit: Edward Murphy in the two story frame building situated on lot 5, block 2, original townsite of the city of Crookston.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston at an adjourned meeting in the City Hall, in said city of Crookston, in Polk County, State of Minnesota, on Tuesday, the 22d day of September, 1891, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 8th day of September, A. D. 1891.

(SEAL.) E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

GIRL WANTED.

A good girl for general housework at once. Apply to Mrs. Wm. Beck, or at THE JOURNAL office. [21-22]

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and sixty-five and six one hundreths ($265.06) dollars, claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Benjamin Milette and Mary Milette his wife, mortgagors, to Narcissa Milette, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, A. D. 1886, and with power of sale therein contained, and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, A. D., 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 23 of mortgages on page 90, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-six (46), lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred sixty-five and six one hundreths (265.06) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 17th, A. D. 1891.

NARCISSA MILETTE, Mortgagee.
H. STEENERSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[22-28] Crookston, Minn.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-66] D. N. TAYLOR

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

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CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—

WALL PAPER.

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE

Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVEROATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.

Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. } Crookston. Minn

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best, $2.75
North Star, - - 2.60
Fife, - - 2.25
Skip Jack. - - 1.25

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaes.

MONEY

On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
SecondStreet, Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, September 17, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

Minnesota,
North Dakota,
South Dakota,
Manitoba,
Montana, and
Pacific Coast.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.......... 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......................... 8:15 a. m.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held in the City Hall, Tuesday evening, Sept. 8th, 1891.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen absent—none.

The minutes of the previous meetings were read and approved.

Alderman Jennings, as a committee of one, who was appointed to write Mr. Starkey in reference to completing his contract with the city, reported as follows, that he had written Mr. Starkey and requested an answer at once, but had not received any reply to his letter.

A communication was read from the health officer relating to stagnant water standing on streets; also a petition was received from A. A. Just and others praying that an outlet might be made for the water standing in the ditch and that it be made to flow to the river. Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Ald. Jerome, that the petition be referred to the city attorney and if he finds he has power to act, to do so, if not, that he be instructed to draw up an ordinance under the provisions of Subdivision 31, of Section 5, of Chapter 4 of the city charter governing such nuisances. Carried.

A petition was read from Francis Reckett relating to his putting a part of his building on the street to the extent of about three inches. Moved by Ald. Walker, seconded by Ald. McGlogan, that the petition be granted.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, Marlett, McGlogan, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Alderman Steenerson not voting.

Motion declared carried and petition granted.

A petition was received from G. W. Peake asking for the privilege of erecting a building covered with sheet iron on his lot number 1, block 5, Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston. Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the request be referred to the fire committee with full power to act. Carried.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

D. F. McDonald, general labor...	$ 21	81
" " " ...	139	26
" " labor in 1st ward	14	75
" " " 2d "	33	62
" " " 3d "	13	00
" " " 4th "	38	61
" " " 5th "	8	00
Crookston Furniture Co., coffin and drayage............	11	50
Crookston Fire Dept.. attending one fire..................	66	00
A. C. Schmidt, painting the hose tower..................	30	00
O. Viau, attending fire apparatus in 5th ward	25	00
Red River Lumber Co., lumber,	32	24
Dr. M. Watts, med. services......	30	00
" " "	4	50
B. F. Zarracher, judge election..	4	50
J. E. O'Brien & Co., hardware....	20	95
" " plumbing...	1	60

Moved by Ald. Buhn, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the report be accepted and the bills paid. Carried.

Bill number 726 of D. Jacobus for assessor's salary was referred to the council without recommendation, by the finance committee.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Steenerson, that the resolution fixing the assessor's compensation as being paid in three installments be so far amended as to make the full amount of unpaid balances now due and payable, and that the amount be paid. Carried.

A communication was read from P. J. McGuire relating to rebate of a certain amount of taxes on lot 2, block 26, of original townsite of Crookston, and on motion was referred to the city attorney with instructions to report at the next meeting.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the city engineer be instructed to visit Mr. Starkey in St. Paul and to consult with him in regard to the sewer plans, street levels and grades of the city. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Jerome, that it is the sense of this council that a wooden structure with a sheet iron covering is equally fire-proof with a brick wall.

Ald. Steenerson raised a point of order. Chair sustained the objection.

The fire committee reported favorably upon the request of G. W. Peake, amended by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Marshall, as follows: Providing said structure be such as to fill all of the requirements of the fire ordinance. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Marshall that the report as amended be adopted. Carried.

Alderman Childs presented an ordinance relating to hitching posts on the streets. Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the ordinance be referred to the ways and means committee. Carried and so referred.

The Comptroller's annual report and estimate sheet was read and on motion was referred to the finance committee.

Edward Murphy presented an application to sell intoxicating liquors. Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Buhn, that the application be granted and a license issued after the proper publications have been made. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the purchasing agent be and he hereby is authorized to purchase two lamps for use in the council chamber at an expense of not exceeding ten dollars. Carried.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 8th day of September, 1891, Ald. Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Cromb:

Resolved, That a suitable street crossing is hereby directed and ordered constructed across Houston avenue, opposite the southwest corner of Hunter street, and the street commissioner be and he is hereby directed to carry the above into effect.

Upon the call of ayes and and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, McGlogan, Steenerson Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 8th day of Sept. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 9th day of Sept. 1891.

ALEX. McKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

A petition was read from T. H. Bjoin and others asking for a permit to construct and maintain a cross walk across Main street between Opera block and McKinnon block. Moved by Alderman Steenerson that the petition be granted. Carried.

The City Engineer presented a communication on the sewer and grade on Ash and 3d streets.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston held the 8th day of September, 1891, Ald. Marshall offered the following resolution which was seconded by Ald. Schmidt:

Resolved by the City Council of the City of Crookston, That it is the sense of said council that a sewer three (3) feet in diameter, built of brick, eight (8) inches in thickness be constructed along the center of Third street, in the city of Crookston, from the east side of Main street in said city, where the same intersects said Third street, and the city engineer is hereby requested to make and present to the city council at an adjourned meeting thereof, to be held on the 22d day of September, A. D. 1891, an estimate of the cost of such improvement and the proportion of such costs which shall be required to construct such sewer in front of abutting lands, and the proportion of such cost to construct said sewer in front of streets and alleys and in front of lands not subject to assessment, and also a list of the several lots and parcels of land fronting upon such improvements, with the number of feet thereof fronting upon such improvements, and the names of the owners of the several parcels as near as may be. Said sewer to be constructed in accordance with the plans used in the construction of the brick sewer extending from the east side of Main street where the same intersects said Third street, westerly along the center of said Third street to Red Lake River.

Upon the call of the ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marlette, Marshall, McGlogan, Steenerson, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 8th day of Sept., 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 9th day of Sept., 1891.

ALEX. McKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Marlette that when we adjourn it be to meet on Tuesday, Sept. 22d, at 8 o'clock. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Marlette, that the complaint of Mrs. LaChapelle be referred to the City Attorney with instructions to report at the next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that the complaint of the Health Officer of water standing on Broadway be referred to the Alderman of the 3d ward. Carried.

Alderman Jerome excused.

Moved by Alderman Walker, seconded by Alderman Cromb, that the question of repairing the culvert on Front street near the Brewery be referred to the Alderman of the 2d ward. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Walker, that an order be drawn for $150 for the maintainance of the Fire Department. Amended by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Childs, that the matter be referred to the Ways and Means committee. Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Steenerson, Walker and Cromb. Aldermen voting in the negative—Jennings, Schmidt. Declared carried and referred to the Ways and Means committee.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

A CANARD.

THE NEW YORK PRESS EXPOSES THAT "IMPORTANT BILL" BUSINESS.

The article credited to the New York Press going the rounds of the papers, in which it is alleged that unfavorable action had been taken in the New York Legislature against the Royal Baking Powder, proves to have been a canard, gotten up and circulated by opposition baking powder makers for purposes quite apparent to every one.

The New York Press, in exposing the fraud, says: "No such legislation as that stated in this article has ever been had in this State—or in any legislature, to our knowledge." The lie is made from whole cloth. The Press disclaims any responsibility for the publication, and objects to being made a party to such methods adopted by some baking powder manufacturers in their efforts to substitute their goods for others now in use.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

[20-tf]

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
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CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS. Grand Forks, N. D.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS,

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all. Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

CALL IN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

[First publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 7th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ole Isakson Austad, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of O. Osmundson, executor of the estate of Ole Isakson Onstad deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 5th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 7th day of Sept., A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[21-23] Judge of Probate.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication August 6th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of five hundred eleven and 21-100 ($311.21) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Christian N. Sathre and Raghild E. Sathre, his wife, mortgagors, to Ole H. Bang, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, 1889, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages, on page 47, which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Ole H Bang, mortgagee, to Hans Larson, by written assignment dated the 16th day of July, 1891, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 20th day of July, 1891, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 57 of mortgages, on page 151, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of southwest quarter and lots eight (8) and nine, (9) Section thirty-two, (32) Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-six (46) west, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $311.21, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 20th, A. D. 1891.

HANS LARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB,
[15-22] Atty for Assignee of Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Aug. 6th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE in the payment of the sum of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50 100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Sam'l L. Dobson and Margaret Dobson, his wife, mortgagors, to David H. Houghtaling, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of September, 1880, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of September, 1880, at 12:30 o'clock p. m., in book "C" of mortgages, on pages 151, 152 and 153, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot four, (4) in block sixteen, (16) townsite of Crookston, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 19th day of September, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ten hundred eighty-seven and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated July 16th, A. D. 1891.

DAVID H. HOUGHTALING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagees,
[14-23] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator; Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th 1891]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Bernard and Emma Bernard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of January, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 464; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the coupons for interest that fell due July 22d, 1889, January 22d, 1890, July 22d, 1890, January 22d, 1891, and July 22d, 1891, each thereof being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred dollars and forty-five cents, ($600.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), of Section nineteen (19), Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty (40) west, containing 144 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 7th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-23] [N. G. 801

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Godfrey, a bachelor, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of June, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 25 of mortgages, on pages 142-145.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the principal $800 that fell due June 24th, 1891, and interest coupons for $24 each that fell due on the 24th days of December, 1888, June and December, 1889, June and December, 1890, and June 1891.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Nine hundred and sixty dollars and sixteen cents ($960.16); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot four (4), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) of Section fourteen (14) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range forty-four (44) west, containing 117 acres more or less according to the United States government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-24] [N. G. 73]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Sept. 3d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Welsh and Mary Welsh, his wife, mortgagors, to Jane M. Goodnow, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of February, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 118, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of Section four (4), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 25th, A. D. 1891.

JANE M. GOODNOW, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[20-26] Crookston Minn.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,

Opera Block - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

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☞ Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines. ☜

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—PROPRIETOR OF—

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Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

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Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

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In connection which I will attend to in person

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

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A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.

CROOKSTON, MINN

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's. are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON HIM.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, SEPTEMBER 24 1891. NO. 23.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Although the World's Fair is yet a couple years off the question of keeping the Fair open on the Sabbath day is being extensively discussed, many societies going so far as to say that they will have nothing to do with its advancement if it is to be kept open on the Lord's Day. In our opinion there are two sides to this, like every other question, and it should be looked at from both before a decision is rendered. We believe in the observance of Sabbath and always shall and with this belief think that the great exposition could be kept open to a great extent and do no harm to anyone. There are thousands of poor people in Chicago and the surrounding cities who are working every hour of the day during the week to provide for the bare necessities of their families, who cannot well afford to quit work to go and see the wonders on exhibition. Would it be a desecration of that holy day to allow these people to visit the buildings and exhibits on Sunday? We think not and are heartily in favor of it. There need be none of the great processions and such-like on this day, neither need the machinery be running, but there will be thousands of curiosities and wonders from all parts of the world and we say let the poor people see them on Sunday, the only real holiday they have. Then, too, there are religious societies, the Seventh Day Baptists, for instance, who are perfectly conscientious in observing Saturday as the day of rest. If the Fair is to be closed for one religious belief why not both? But we do not believe it should be closed entirely on Sunday or any other day.

THE JOURNAL is a firm believer in a grand future for our county. We have the best and richest soil on earth, a good healthy climate and all we need to insure the farmers good prices is equity in our markets. The past year has shown encouraging improvements in this particular and we believe the day is not far distant when we shall have the best market facilities in the world. We need direct communication with Duluth and the prospects are that we shall soon have a direct road there, probably two of them. We think that farmers have every reason to take fresh courage and with renewed hope press forward.

The New York Central railroad has made a record for the boastful English roads, which claim a solidity that allows a speed not approachable on American lines. Last week a train with three passenger cars made the 487 miles from New York to East Buffalo in 440 minutes, including fourteen minutes of stops, the crossing of two great bridges and some loss of time in passing through cities. This is more than a mile a minute of running time. For so long a run this beats the world's records. There are few features in railroading, including the watering of stock, in which this country does not hold the belt.

It is to be regretted that our two great cities, St. Paul and Minneapolis, could not have been united under the one name of Twin City, as was recently attempted. It would have been a good thing for both places and the whole State. However it is not the first time that the public good has been sacrificed for private greed.

Gov. Campbell and Major McKinley will jointly discuss the great political questions of the day at Ada, O., Oct. 8th. It will be a battle between giants and well worth going a great distance to hear.

The tariff article on the first page of our last issue, entitled "Concerning Back Numbers," should have been credited to the Glyndon News, from which it was taken.

It is rumored that the Great Northern, Canadian Pacific and Soo railroads will be consolidated under one management. If this proves true it will make the largest railroad combination in America. And think of it, Crookston is on the line.

New York State is now in the political cauldron and the fight promises to be a warm one. Hon. R. P. Flower is the Democratic gubernatorial candidate while Hon. J. S. Fassett is the leader for the Republican hosts who promise to wrest the State from the Democratic party and place it back in the right column.

While we were not born under the traditional lucky star we cannot but feel that we were lucky in not being the son of a President of the United States, for we can think of nothing which handicaps like this. The young scion of the Harrison family has a doubly hard row in the struggle with business, from this fact.

Solid hours of enjoyment are obtained each month from the pages of Peterson's Magazine by its many thousands of readers. The October number is overflowing with choice reading and fine illustrations. It opens with an excellent illustrated sketch "A Trip from Naples to Amalfi." There is a clever story, "As long as the River Flows," also an entertaining illustrated article on Cups, Gourds and Vases. A paper on the Princes de Lamballe, also one on Women in Ancient Rome, together with much other interesting and instructive matter makes the number a valuable one. Send five cents for a sample copy to Peterson's Magazine, Philadelphia, Pa.

We shall soon complete our list and shall then send out a statement of account to our subscribers, and we trust that each one will do all he can for us this fall. The loss of a fine crop of wheat is heavy enough under ordinary circumstances, but this one, which we had counted upon to help us in our endeavor to put in needed improvements, seems to fall upon us with added weight. We are confident, however, of being able to accomplish a part of our plans if our friends will all stand by us, and by the expressions we have heard we think they will. Our statements will be ready for mailing on or about Oct 1st. Last year, notwithstanding our statements were sent out late and the season was unpropitious, they met with very encouraging responses, which we trust will be the case this year.

A dispatch from New York, Friday, said:—"To-day marks the formal opening of the Republican state campaign, and from this time on the political fight will be waged in earnest. The state committee assembled at the Fifth avenue hotel this morning for the purpose of looking over the field and making the necessary preliminary arrangements. It was decided to make permanent headquarters at the hotel and a campaign committee was appointed. Candidate Fassett has already taken up his residence at the hotel and will use it as his headquarters during the campaign. It has been decided to hold mass meetings on the subject of Hillism and the ballot in all the Democratic strongholds, and Fassett will personally visit every important center of population from one end of the state to the other.

St. Paul Globe:—Secretary A. L. Stromberg, of the State Alliance, ran into the city from his home at Forest Lake yesterday, and spent the day attending to duties in connection with his office. Mr. Stromberg is not as a rule inclined to talk a great deal but yesterday he broke down the barricade which usually surrounds him and chatted quite freely over the Alliance outlook. Just at present, he said, the farmers are too busy to spend their time organizing new Alliances but as soon as their fall work is over the work will commence again.

"What do you think of the 'Hold You Wheat' circulars, Mr. Stromberg?" asked the Globe man.

"I think the advice very good," answered the secretary. "The wheat is being rushed to the market too rapidly, and I am afraid that there will actually be a blockade. I hope many of our farmers will hold back, for a time at least."

How to Get Rich.

Advertise in THE JOURNAL.
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A registered Holstein-Friesian bull. For particulars call on C. D. Bailey, Carman, Minn. [18-tf]

OUR BROAD ACRES.

Everybody Wants Minnesota's Fertile Agricultural Lands and is

Willing to Pay Big Prices.

Reports on the Land Market From Nearly 50 Counties.

THE SAME STORY EVERYWHERE.

MINNESOTA IS RECEIVING THE REWARD WHICH HER MERITS DESERVE—THE EFFECT WILL BE FELT IN THE CITIES.

Minneapolis Journal.

The rapidly increasing activity in Minnesota farm lands is attracting general attention throughout the country, and it is very evident that confidence in the Northwest is stronger to-day than in and other agricultural section of the country. There has been a steadily increasing demand for Minnesota lands since last fall, and it has grown rapidly since spring. No section of the state seems to have been specially favored over another, and general prosperity among the farmers has resulted in acquisitions to their farm holdings in all sections. This is not a statement without verification, for the railroad companies know whether the land they sell goes to settlers or to new arrivals, and their business is a good test of whether there is an increased demand for farm lands.

The Journal has investigated this and submits figures which give an idea of what the demand is. The Great Northern Railroad Company has 1,500,000 acres of unsold land in the state, and on account of the greatly increased demand for agricultural land this summer the price was advanced uniformly Aug. 1st, $1 an acre. The sales of the company for the year ending July 1st, 1890, were 86,000 acres; but so rapidly did the demand increase during the year ending July 1st, 1891, that 112,000 acres were sold—a gain of 26,000 acres in one year. The present demand is very active, and Land Commissioner Braden says it must continue because of the wonderful crops. Many farmers will add 40, 80 and, in many cases 160 acres to their holdings. The majority of last year's business was in additional sales to farmers who had got out of debt on last year's crop. Then, the sons of farmers are starting in for themselves by buying small farms.

"The conditions governing farm lands are very different now than 35 years ago," said Mr. Braden. "Then Illinois was only open for settlement, a large portion of Wisconsin was subject to pre-emption, Iowa was new and all of Kansas and Minnesota. The two Dakotas and Nebraska, all agricultural land, had not been looked at. Now nearly all of this great region has been taken up, so that the land purchaser must buy at second hand. This condition has warranted a pretty rapid advance in the price of farm lands when it has been effectually demonstrated that they are in a region of great crops.

The Great Northern lands are along its two lines running out from Minneapolis to Willmar and Fergus Falls, uniting at Barnesville, and extending down the Red River Valley. The largest acreage is in the Red River country, but relatively as much land has been sold in the other counties in which land is held. An idea of the general demand for Minnesota farm land may be gained from this statement of sales made this year by the Great Northern company. The first 10 days in August showed sales equal to all of August last year:

Counties.	Acres sold.	Counties.	Acres sold.
Anoka	418	Otter Tail	2,479
Benton	280	Polk	22,940
Chippewa	820	Pope	4,736
Douglas	640	Renville	1,006
Grant	6,258	Sherburne	539
Isanti	240	Stearns	5,350
Kanabec	8,318	Stevens	1,754
Kittson	11,165	Swift	4,709
Marshal	30,888	Todd	210
Meeker	2,510	Traverse	2,957
Morrison	561	Wilkin	1,710
Norman	240	Wright	801

The sales in these counties is not an indication of the relative demand, for in some of the best Northwestern counties the company owns but little land, and the sales are therefore small.

The Northern Pacific has a good deal of land in Minnesota, but it is more timber than agriculture, lying largely in the northern part of the state. The road reports an increased demand for lands this year, and especially in its agricultural portions. The gross sales for the year ending June 30, 1891, were 157,951 acres for which $394,400 was received. The lands range in price from $4 to $8 as an average, the best farm lands being a little more.

The Journal, believing that the prosperity in the state was more pronounced than even enthusiastic city residents elieved, and especially non residents, has secured reports from nearly 60 counties as to the demand for farm land, and in nearly every case a strong demand and good prices are reported. There are 80 counties in the state, but of those not reported, but few are chiefly agricultural counties, although all have excellent agricultural land.

Notwithstanding the comparatively dull times experienced throughout the country for several years, it appears that Minnesota has done much better agriculturally than most other sections of the west. This fact has attracted attention eastward, and with the splendid crops of the present year it seems to the Journal as if a marked revival of immigration might reasonably be expected, an improvement of business generally, and an increased demand for farm lands and real estate in the smaller cities and towns of the state. It is also probable that if the existence of a good demand for farm property exists it will stimulate it to larger proportions if the fact that such a demand has set in becomes generally known.

The increasing demand for agricultural lands is the best indication of prosperity. It shows that the country is actually leading the larger cities, and they too must soon experience an active movement in property, that the conditions in the country so fully warrant.

THE FIGHT FOR PURE FOOD.

Success of the Efforts to Scotch Bad Baking Powders.

The aggressive war waged by the Royal Baking Powder Company upon the hosts of adulterated and impure baking powders sold throughout the country is having a desirable effect. The scandalous attacks upon the Royal company by the manufacturers of the impure goods (which are made doubtless both from a spirit of revenge and in the hope of breaking the effect of damaging exposures) show that they were hit, while the official reports which have come from various public authorities fully corroborating the statements made by the Royal company, have awakened a wholesome public sentiment in favor of repressive laws, which means mischief to the illegitimate traffic.

The Royal Baking Powder company set out some time ago to expose the character and to break up the sale of adulterated baking powders. Having found from an examination of many specimens that there was a large number of actually injurious powders in the market, they brought the matter before the public and denounced the makers by name in the press and to the health authorities. The affair was taken up by physicians, Boards of Health and Legislatures throughout the country, chemists were employed to test the various powders in the market, and the government itself directed analyses be made before it would purchase the supplies needed for army, navy and Indian uses.

The result justified the charges made by the Royal company. Not only were the majority of baking powders in the market found to be largely adulterated but many of them were found to contain alum and other poisoness ingredients to such an extent as to render them positively unsafe for use in human food. In making the charges the Royal Baking Powder company did not hesitate to enter into competition with every other baking powder in the country, and it is a public satisfaction that in the official tests by the government and State chemists and by Boards of Health, the Royal Baking Powder has been declared to be the superior of all others in strength, purity and wholesomeness, and absolutely free from all inferior or detrimental substances.

From recent official reports it is evident that the alum and otherwise impure goods have again come upon the market in dangerous quantities and their old enemy, the Royal, is again upon the warpath. In continuing its warfare against these goods the Royal is meeting with the old time opposition and abuse. The public, however, will appreciate, as heretofore, both the object of the abuse and the action of the Royal company, and award full justice to the company that so fearlessly stands up for its protection from such adventurers.

Schools Promoted.

St. Paul News, Sept. 16.

The State high school board met yesterday and promoted the following schools: To the first-class, Albert Lea, Crookston, Fergus Falls and Litchfield; to the second-class, Elk River, Fairmont, Glencoe, Luverne, Preston and Monticello. The schools at the following places have been accepted for a period of three years under the supervision of the board: Alexandria, St. Cloud, Brainerd, Fergus Falls, Elk River, Appleton, Preston, Tracy, Glencoe, Duluth, Dundas and Montevideo.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the morst Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. GERVAIS, The Hustler.

REOPENED

—AT—

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway - - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Thief River Falls Items.

Thief River Falls Press.

Rumors are flying thick and fast in regard to the construction of a railroad to this place this fall.

Mr. Chas. Heornig, brother of Mrs. Kretzschmar, is visiting in town. He is proprietor of the largest meat market in Oshkosh, Wis., his home.

School commenced Monday. The intermediate department occupy the new school house which has been nicely fixed up under the direction of the school board.

Threshing is quite general now. R. Jacklin reports 240 bushels of oats from three acres, wheat 31 bushels to the acre. Fred Wendt, 26 bushels of wheat per acre, other fields about the same. But little damage by frost has yet been found.

As we mentioned last week, Rev. Sharp, of Crookston, held Communion service in the village last Friday evening. A short but eloquent sermon was preached to a good audience. Music was furnished by the choir accompanied by the new organ, which is a great improvement.

School opened Monday in full blast, with Miss Helen Wallin teacher in the primary department, 18 scholars enrolled, and Miss Helen Davies in charge of the intermediate department, 16 scholars enrolled. Still there's more to follow as soon as harvest and threshing is done.

The County Fair.

Who is there that does not remember the "county fair." No one, unless some unfortunate who was born "grown up," or whose childhood was unhappily cribbed and confined behind city walls. What a gala day it was when the farmers took a holiday, the big wagons were loaded with the children, the "women folks" and big baskets of lunch, the stores in the county town were closed for the afternoon, and the town folks turned out, too. The fashion of much that was simple, genuine and harmless holiday in our American life has now changed, but the county fair remains almost the same. The fat oxen, the enormous porkers, the big pumpkins, the be-ribboned horses, the sloppy dining halls, the vociferous venders of pop corn and lemonade, the plowing match, the man with toy balloons, the races in which 3:08 was great time for a mile—all these are unchanged. The only difference is that we now get there largely by rail, and if it is the big State Fairs we visit, we go by "The Burlington," the best equipped railroad, getting tickets of the local agent or writing to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Detroit (Minn.) Free Press:—Hon. "Dar" Hall, chairman of the Chippewa Indian commission, came up from Minneapolis this morning and was seen at his office by a Free Press reporter to-day. After some talk about the work accomplished by the commission, the reporter asked him if there was any dissatisfaction among the Indians regarding allotments, to which he replied: "There has been no dissatisfaction reported to me though I suppose some will kick, but they have no reason to. Under the treaty of 1867 each head of a family was allowed 160 acres of land provided he improved 40 acres, each boy over 18 years years of age was allowed 80 acres, and each younger child 40 acres, but the wife was left entirely unprovided for. Under the amended Daws bill each man, woman and child is entitled to 80 acres of land, so it amounts to about the same thing. All those who have complied with the law will be entitled to 160 acres. On the 22d of this month an examination will be held at White Earth to determine who should be enrolled among the Chippewas and those entitled to allotment of lands and annuities. Many of those who were enrolled were objected to by the chiefs and these stand suspended. They will have to bring proof from the chief and head men to show that they are unjustly deposed of their rights."

Pillsbury Academy,

OWATONNA, MINN.

AN EXCELLENT SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES.

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Excellent Courses in English or Sciences, Music or Art.

An experienced Faculty, a comfortable Home. Beautiful new buildings, heated with steam and hot water.

Good morals. Kind and firm discipline. Expenses low.

Send for catalogue to.

[20-tf] JAMES W. FORD, Principal.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to col lection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON.

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
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Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, September 24, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 79.
1 Northern 77.
2 Northern 71.
3 Northern 66.

Bert Welles was in the city this week.

Wheat opened out at 80 on Tuesday morning.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 79 for 1 Hard.

Fine nobby school caps for girls, at Gervais', "the hustler's."

Have you called at Sture's new store in the Opera house block?

P. J. McGuire was up from Superior this week visiting old friends.

Rev. R. H. Battey went out to Andover to preach on Sunday afternoon.

If you want a good square meal at a moderate figure try Krogh's restaurant.

Railroad authorities report a larger shipment of Montana cattle than ever before.

J. E. Morrisey went north on Monday on business connected with his foundry.

Priestley's black goods, the best goods made in the world, at Gervais', "the "hustler's."

An apprentice girl wanted at Mrs. I. U. Jennings' millinery store. French preferred.

Extremely hot weather for a week past accompanied with occasional thunder storms.

C. E. Sawyer's father and mother returned to their home in Wisconsin on Tuesday evening.

John Goodenow, President of the State Republican league, spent the Sabbath in the city.

Mr. George, a compositor on the Fertile Journal, made THE JOURNAL a pleasant call on Tuesday.

Dress goods in immense varieties in all the newest weaves and latest designs at Gervais', "the hustler's."

Mrs. Fred Mix went north last week to visit friends, and Fred was a jolly member of our club.

Mrs. P. S. Ware and Mrs. W. E. McKenzie returned on Sunday morning from their visit below.

Opera glasses, marine and field glasses, telescopes, microscopes, compasses, &c., &c., at Saake's jewelry store.

Andrew Eiken says in all his travels this summer he has not seen a better business point than Crookston.

Gervais, "the hustler," has the newest novelties in dress trimmings in the most beautiful effects that can be found in the Northwest.

H. Martin was one of the temporary widowers that H. Krough has had to feed. His better half returns this morning.

Andrew Eiken came up from Duluth on the Sunday morning train. Andrew has been dodging about a good deal of late.

Charlie Misner feels too nice for anything in his new barber shop. And well he may, for he has things in elegant shape.

"Do unto others as you would that they should do to you" is a business rule that the self-styled little "business" man on Second street knows nothing about.

Dress flannels and broadcloths in all shades and at exceedingly low prices at Gervais', "the hustler's," leader of low prices.

Union temperance services were held in the Congregational church on Sabbath evening. Rev. O. H. Elmer delivered a strong discourse to a large audience.

Work of excavating the cellar for an addition to the new Reckett block commenced on Monday. This will occupy the vacant space adjoining the Times office.

The most stylish fur-trimmed jackets and cloaks, in cloth and seal plush, can be bought at moderate cost, at Gervais', "the hustler's."

The delegates to the Congregational convention at Duluth, Mrs. N. P. Stone and Mrs. H. E. Cooke, returned on Sunday morning, reporting having had a very enjoyable time.

If you want a nice black dress go to Gervais', "the hustler's," and see the Priestley's goods. They are elegant.

J. H. Gervais, of St. Paul, who has been interested with his cousin, the Hustler, has arrived and will hereafter be a resident of our city. The firm name will be Gervais & Gervais.

It is rumored that the Duluth & Winnipeg road will pass into the hands of the Canadian Pacific Railroad Company. If this is true it is more than likely that it will never be built into Polk County.

Call on C. H. Saake, the jeweler, for genuine bargains. Axis cut pebble spectacles are natural stone, pure, hard and brilliant; will not scratch nor will moisture collect on them in going from a cold to a warm room.

W. M. Clements will receive to-day the largest shipment of grapes ever brought to Crookston, consisting of 3,900 baskets of the famous York State, Concords, Delewares and Niagaras. W. M. says these will be the finest grapes of the season.

The best and cheapest line of carpets and floor oil cloths in the newest colorings and latest designs, at Gervais', "the hustler's."

At a meeting held last week by the trustees of the Congregational church it was decided not to rent the parsonage after the lease of the present tenant expires, and Rev. R. H. Battey will occupy it after Nov. 1st.

Miss Emma Verronneau has returned from Chicago where she has been studying the latest styles in millinery and securing the latest novelties for Mrs. E. E. Bangs' fashionable millinery emporium on Second street.

The McCandlass Colored Comedy Co. commenced a two nights engagment at the grand last evening to a good house. Everybody well pleased and the house will no doubt fill early this evening. Secure reserved seats this morning.

The great German eye water is the best known remedy for weak or inflamed eyes, or any inflamation caused by overwork or injury to the eye. It will improve, strengthen and preserve the sight. For sale at Saake's jewelry store.

A. N. Hixson: I threshed 100 acres of wheat for J. P. Marcum and it yielded 2,500 bushels of wheat that grades in this market No. 1 Northern. This is an exceptional yield and I do not think the average in Polk County will exceed 20 bushels,

The fact that the price of wheat is steadily rising in the face of the extraordinarily large deliveries for this time of year, gives a hint that if the wheat could be delivered more slowly the producer would get a little nearer the correct figfor his wheat.

Peter Misgen: What do I know? Well, I don't know as I can state it for a positive fact just now, but it is rumored that the Milwaukee beer folks will establish bottling works in this city at an early day. That will be a new business institution for Crookston.

The Great Northern, it is said, will build an elegant new depot at Grand Forks in the near future. If they would do the same in Crookston it would be greatly to their advantage, as the need for a good one here is great and our people would appreciate it.

The finest line of silk and chenille curtains and draperies can be seen at Gervais', "the hustler's."

Extensive prairie fires in Emmons County, N. D., have destroyed many houses and barns and much grain in shock and stack. This calamity should serve to emphasize the necessity for providing safe fire breaks, as all prairie countries are more or less subject to this danger. Have you got a sufficient fire break?

"Anchored Souls," and "The Voiceless Night Witness," are to be the subjects of Mr. Battey's sermons next Sabbath at the Congregational church. The young people of this church cordially invite the Scandinavian young people of the city to attend their Sunday evening meeting at 7 o'clock. Welcome for all at this church.

Marshall County Leader:—Mr. V. Harrington has entered into partnership with A. S. Elford of Crookston in the life insurance business. They are a team of hustlers, there is no doubt about that, and will do lots of business. They have as fine set of offices in the Opera House Block at Crookston as there is in the Northwest.

Geo. J. McManus: I don't know as I have any news of interest to your readers, but I have an idea that at the present prices for barley it is more profitable to feed to stock than to sell. H. B. Budd, of Edna, last week shipped the first carload of No. 2 barley ever shipped from Polk County, and the price that he got for it below affords no encouragment to farmers to raise barley to sell. I think the price will be far better though, later.

Our little neighbor on Second street is a great "business" man! He admits this himself in his own self-conceited style. In fact from his own say-so there is not his equal in the world, yet even he seems wholly to overlook one essential matter which ordinary business men think essential, "Mind your own business," and thinks it is "business" to try to run every other institution in the city. We sometimes wonder what kind of a world this would be if composed entirely of such wonderful "business" men.

Chris. Anderson, finding that one threshing machine was too slow work to suit him, went and bought another rig, and now has two in the field with all the business both can handle. He says that he threshed 30 bushels per acre for Ole Hoven on the farm that Ole bought from M. R. Brown. This farm has always been in the hands of thorough farmers, has always been thoroughly worked and ought to show good results. It does show just what results may be obtained by good farming in this country.

On Tuesday, after dinner, Geo. Vine went down to his smoke house with some bologna sausages to smoke, kindled up his fires and got them in shape to receive the benefit. Not burning as readily as he wished he got down on his hands and knees and commenced to blow. Directly, hearing some noise and excitement, he looked up and there stood the whole fire department ready to turn the hose on him. Somebody, seeing a big smoke down that way had sounded the alarm. Vine says the price of that sausage will be the same as usual.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

The Crookston Business College will re-open next Monday.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks, Try Vine once

Call at THE JOURNAL office for plain or fancy job work. We are better than ever prepared to do all business in this line. Remember we can do all kinds of work in this line and at as reasonable figures as the same can be done elsewhere. We invite your patronage.

A head-end collision between two freight trains occurred just in front of the N. P. Hospital, at Brainerd, on Saturday last. The switch engine, with a car of wheat, was just crossing the bridge over the Mississippi River when the engineer discovered the approaching freight from the west. He saw that a collision was inevitable and crowded on all the speed possible so as to prevent a meeting on the bridge. As soon as the engine cleared the bridge he and the fireman jumped and escaped unhurt. The engineer of the east-bound freight discovered the approaching train about the same time, reversed and jumped, together with his fireman, and they, too, escaped. No one was hurt, but the engines and a few cars were total wrecks. The east bound train was loaded with wheat.

Wanted, places for a few young men who want to work for their board while attending our school.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.

We have taken occasion as opportunity presented to interview threshers in regard to the average yield of wheat, and while we find a few who report an average yield of from 25 to 30 bushels per acre, the universal opinion among them seems to be that the average yield in Polk County will be from 16 to 20 bushels. So far there is but little wheat being graded 1 Hard. All who are talking an average yield of 25 to 30 bushels are doing it for a purpose, and that purpose is too obvious to need mention, and THE JOURNAL aims to get the exact facts in the case and publish only such, feeling assured that the simple truth can injure no one. The facts will show that Polk County is one of the best wheat producing counties in the United States. If our average should be 20 bushels, that is about double the average of the United States, and that sustains our claim that Polk County is in the lead, as usual. Some farmers object strenuously to seeing a report of a 25 or 30 bushel yield, claiming that the wheat speculators depend upon these reports as a basis upon which to fix the price of wheat, and, if this was true, it would perhaps be injudicious for the papers to report yields at all; but it is not wholly true. These same wheat operators are a shrewd lot of fellows, and they have their special agents abroad in the land from the time the wheat is sown until it is threshed. These men are experts in their business and it is no doubt true that the speculators know even better than the average farmer what will be the actual yield, and no matter what that yield is to be, or what the real facts are, the speculator always insists upon an average yield of from 30 to 35 bushels, and they point to occasional yields to corroborate their statements. The local newspaper man has to depend almost wholly upon the report the individual farmer himself gives of his yield, and if they report a yield from 10 to 15 bushels more than they actually get, how in reason's name can you blame the newspaper men for publishing these statements, whose only object in everything is to subserve the best interests of the community in which he lives? THE JOURNAL is interested in seeing the agricultural interests of the country built up and the farmers all prosperous, knowing that the basis of our prosperity is agriculture, and we have labored long and faithfully for this object, and expect to do so as long as we live. We are conscientious in the belief that Polk County is one of the best agricultural counties in the world and we fully realize that it is for the best interests of all to have it fully settled up, and such facts and figures as we can give this fall will have that tendency. These facts can in no wise hurt progressive farmers, if they do tend to build up the county as they are intended to do, and all such will have no cause for complaint.

Wanted, board in private families for students.

CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Backsetting.

I have 300 acres of breaking to backset and will let it by contract to responsible parties. Inquire at the farm, west of Carman. [21-24] E. S. CORSER.

GRAND DISPLAY!

A Great Stock!

Generous Bargains!

Were the flattering remarks made by the ladies who visited the store during the "opening."

Now we are ready for business. } - - { "Come on Mrs. Macduff;" I we shall be glad to sell you

Anything you need, from a paper of pins to a bran-fired new Dress.

The Fashionable Fabrics

For Autumn are found in the handsome new Homespuns and Tweeds, with Camel's Hair and Boucle Knots and Plaids, Mixtures, Bourettes, and other rough effects, 38, 42, 44 and 54 inches wide, at 25c, 50c, 60c, 85c and $1.00 a yard.

IN HIGHER ART

'Novelty" Pattern Robes, we are headquarters. Only one pattern of each coloring in stock, and

☞ NO MORE CAN BE HAD WHEN SOLD. ☜

Underwear!

YOU can guard against sudden changes in the atmosphere and protect yourself from colds, catarrh and consumption, by being warmly clad in such Underwear as you can get at Fontaine & Anglim's,

In Endless Variety.

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests..........25c
" natural wool " 85c
" scarlet " 75c
" Jersey Union Suits $2.50

Flannels!

50 pieces of Clear Lake Flannels at 35c

Blankets!

100 pair 10-4 at $1.50.
100 pair red 10-4 at 3.00. } SPECIAL VALUES.
Ice Wool 20c a box.

Cloaks. Jackets.

In Ladies' Cloaks and Jackets we're the acknowledged leaders—"others follow." Our garments are the best, our prices the Lowest. That's why we do the largest Cloak business in the Northwest. The stock is larger, and the prices smaller than ever before. Call and get prices before purchasing.

CARPETS.

One more word well worth remembering. "Many a Carpet looks entirely different when you get it home from what it does in the store, simply because the salesroom is imperfectly lighted. Never select a carpet in a room imperfectly lighted, or you are sure to be disappointed. Our carpet room is the best lighted room in the city. There are windows from the roof as well as the sides of the room, and the light is perfectly diffused to the remotest corner.

Ingrain Carpets from..........18c to $1.00 a yard.
Brussels " " ....69c to 1.00 "
China matting " ....20c to 60c "

Fontaine & Anglim,

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON. - - - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[30-33] D. N. TAYLOR.

Special Bargain Sale!

—OF—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

AND SILVERWARE,

AT

C. H. SAAKE'S

JEWELRY STORE!

In order to make room for my new Fall Stock, I have decided to make Sweeping Reductions on all my goods of every description.

☞ Come and see! My prices will tell their own story

"And They're After Me!"

Architect Permain now understands the significance of this song more fully than ever before since his experience of Monday. Together with a party of jolly hunters he went out for a hunt. At the first stopping place, as he got out to shoot a duck he got it before he had time to shoot, for as he passed the horses one of them lifted its foot and placed it with considerable emphasis into a convenient mud-puddle completely deluging Permain from head to foot with nice, soft, oozy Polk County farming lands. Had somebody suddenly sprung the chestnut: "What is it going to be," he would not have been more dumbfounded. A convenient watering trough soon cleaned out his mouth, nose et al, and they went along. To every man they met during the day, who knew the party all but Permain, he was introduced as the architect of the new building on the corner of Main and Second streets, and the very first words usually were: "What is it going to be?" Finally, at dark, they arrived at a house tired out, wet and hungry, and they asked the farmer if they could stay all night. "Of course you can," said he. Whereupon Fred Durand said to the farmer: "I suppose you know all of these gentlemen except this one, this is Mr. Permain, the architect of the new building on the corner of Main and Second streets." "Happy to meet you, Mr. Permain," said the farmer, "and, by the way,

WHAT IS IT GOING TO BE?"

but Permain was miles away before he had finished the question, preferring death on the open prairie to slow torture with the everlasting query.

Next Monday

The Crookston Business College reopens. New classes in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting and all the common English and commercial branches will be organized. Day and evening sessions.

A comparative statement of the receipts of wheat at Duluth for Monday, Sept. 21st, 1891, with the receipts for the same date in 1890, issued by the Duluth Board of Trade, shows how the wheat is rolling in at that place. Of No. 1 Hard wheat 167 cars of wheat were received; one year ago same date only 26 cars; of No. 1 Northern 273, as against 109 of the same grade last year; of No. 2 Northern 104 cars, last year only 22; No. 3 Northern, 26; none last year; no grade wheat 25 cars against 7 last year; rejected 15 cars; none same date last year, making a total of 610 cars of wheat received on Sept. 21st, 1891, against a total of 170 cars on Sept. 21st, 1890, or 440 cars more this year than last. At this rate, if we have no more wheat this year than last, it will be but a short time before the crop is practically beyond the control of the farmers.

Shorthand and Typewriting.

New day and evening classes will be organized at the Crookston Business College on Monday, Sept. 28th.

The Crookston Business College.

The subject of this article is an institution in which all our citizens should be deeply interested; and the object of this is to let our readers know what kind of an institution it is. We quote the following from the catalogue of the school: "This college is designed to teach all the branches essential to a symmetrical commercial education, qualifying the students for intelligent engagement in business pursuits; to supplement the training of the graduate of high schools, seminaries and colleges with such a knowedge of affairs as will give utility to his education, and to supply a knowledge of the useful branches to that large class of young people whose early advantages for obtaining an education were limited or neglected. It is our plan, first, to adopt a high standard of business education; second, to educate our students for the practical affairs of every-day life; third, to employ experienced teachers; fourth, to surround our students with such influences as shall contribute to their moral and physical, as well as their mental welfare. We ask you as a believer in practical education and a friend of young people, to mention our school to any of your friends who contemplate attending a commercial, shorthand or private English school." It is a well known fact that schools of this character usually demand from the city in which they locate a cash bonus. The only bonus the Crookston Business College demands and expects is the good will and support of every business man in our city. This institution has done, does and will do more to advertise our city than any other institution that can be named. This year, which is practically the first year, 2,000 catalogues and at least 10,000 circulars will be sent out all over this state, North and South Dakota and Manitoba. Business men of Crookston, will you not advance the interests of our city, and your own inter- interests by doing what you can to advance the interests of this institution?

Fisher Items.

From the Bulletin.

Mrs. A. Dufresne and little daughter Cora, of Crookston, were the guests of Mrs. J. E. Brewster on Monday.

W. E. Slocum, the hustling merchant of Crookston, accompanied by his wife, drove over from the county seat Tuesday afternoon, their carriage being conveyed by a broncho, in whom W. E. says he has but little faith.

Mr. Wm. Plumb, after a protracted visit with his cousin, Mr. R. Plumb, left for his home at Brazil, Ind., Tuesday evening. Mr. Plumb leaves the Red River Valley with a more exalted opinion of its merits than when he first arrived. Those Hoosiers down at Brazil informed Mr. Plumb that this Red River country was on the verge of ruin; that our crops are all frozen, and that our people are half-starved paupers. Mr. Plumb was agreeably surprised to find things so prosperous. These reports with which Mr. Plumb was regaled are but a sample of some people's ideas of the Red River Valley and are exceedingly fatiguing.

Arnie Canniff and Miss Alice Topping, of Grand Forks, drove through the village enroute to Crookston on Sunday last.

Marshal O'Reilly returned from Crookston Wednesday, having taken Sanders, the thief who stole Dick White's watch, there for trial.

A. Chabot, Crookston's energetic dry goods merchant, drove into the village Sunday afternoon, accompanied by—we don't know her.

EVENING SCHOOL.

If you expect to attend our evening school this term you should begin Monday, Sept. 28th, if possible. New classes will be organized in all branches.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Sept. 19th, 1891.

Peterson, Alfred Riddle, W.
Solstad, Hans S Storris, E. E.
Svenson, Miss Judett Tarbbaken, Isak

Persons calling for the above please say advertised W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

MEMBERS OF THE

Home Supply Association,

OF CHICAGO.

ATTENTION

Supply Association Prices on

HARNESS, ETC.,

Knocked sky-high by

G. W. PEAKE,

MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.

	Associa'n prices.	My price
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8.75	8.00

Double Buggy Harness.
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price, $15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's " 14.50

Double Farm Harness.
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price..........$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's " 22.50
No C 33—Home Supply " 25.00
" " G. W. Peake's " 23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply " 28.00
" " G. W. Peake's " 27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply " 28.00
" " G. W. Peake's " 26.00

Buggy Whip—drop top..........15c to 25c
" " straight Java..........20c to 60c
" " rawhide center..........90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars..........$2.00 to $4.50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks..........50c per pair
Webb Halters..........25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle..........$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain..........90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles..........$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,

Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

Advices from Duluth state that the State Inspection forces are working hard to keep up with the volumil of wheat now pouring into market, and although several men have been added yet they find it difficult to keep up entirely. While it is a fact that in order to do all the threshing, some machines must necessarily be employed from the time the grain is in shock and ready yet we can see no need for crowding it all through the machine from the shock. With the present price of labor and the fact that the market is very much oversupplied it would clearly seem to be the part of wisdom to have very much more of the wheat in stack than has been. Not only are these facts strong arguments for stacking but the fact that this very rush is used by the buyers as an excuse for depreciating the price below what it should be and thus the farmer loses again. The present rush, continued until stack threshing is generally commened will have a tendencey to hold the price down through that period and that means for the whole season. This crop, if properly handled would no doubt leave many millions more of money in the hands of farmers than it will if it is all dumped upon the market just as fast as it can be pounded out. Whether wheat-farming pays what it should or not depends just as much upon how it is handled as it does in the manner in which it is raised and this suggests the fact that a farmer to be successful needs to be very much of a business man.

DULUTH ALL RIGHT.

The Wheat Rates War, Duluth Has Them on the Hip.

Duluth Tribune, Sept. 16.

Wm. F. Phelps, of St. Paul, ex-secretary of the Duluth chamber of commerce, was in Duluth last evening for a few hours and talked amusingly on the late Minneapolis outbreak on the wheat rate situation: "You see," said he, "that people in St. Paul are rather amused to see a little of the starch taken out of the big village up the stream from the state capitol. They have always been a community of kickers and have ignored the fact that Duluth from its geographical position was destined to set the pace in rail rates as well as to take rates for the Northwest. They are beginning to realize the fact now, and the way the press down there cries peccavi and throws up both hands makes those who can appreciate the situation smile just as we would at the punishment of the clown in the circus. It is bitter medicine for sore entrails, but the railroads have all virtually told them in so many words that they have got to grin and bear it. They are not only mad, but despairing at the result. The Northern Pacific road having lines of the same length reaching to Duluth and Minneapolis, of course sets the rates for all the other roads, and the other roads are forced to duplicate these rates so long as Duluth pays more for the wheat. It's a ground hog case, you know, and its going to take the bad boy near St. Anthony Falls several Sundays of figuring and guessing to even get the scent of his Sunday dinner. Duluth has them on the run and worse than they are between the devil and the deep sea on the flour question. They cannot pay as much for wheat as Duluth and get their flour to market so as to compete with the Zenith City, on account of being 150 miles away from lake navigation.

Should the Farmer Sell or Hold?

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

It is extraordinary how many people there are these days who are willing to tell what they don't know about the policy that the farmer ought to adopt in disposing of his crops. There is one set who figure out a grain surplus in in the United States about equal to the probable foreign demand, who maintain that present prices are as high as any likely to be obtained, and who urge the farmer to sell while he can. And there is another set who have calculated an enormous deficit in the world's supply of breadstuffs, who say that the wheat of the United States must be had at any price, and who berate the farmers for not holding their crops until wheat is $1,50 or $2 per bushel.

In the presence of these conflicting advisers, the farmer of the Northwest has been following what we conceive to be an eminently sensible policy. He has paid little attention to any of his advisers, but has consulted his own convenience and his own necessities. And so we find the wheat crop of the Northwest moving steadily to its market, neither with such rapidity as to glut elevators, overwhelm buyers and send prices down with a rush, nor with such reluctance as to threaten a blockade in the Northwest, and the carrying over of an immense surplus to depress the market and keep it depressed during the whole of the next year. For there can be no doubt about it that concerted action by the farmers in either of these directions could have only an effect demoralizing to the market and disastrous to themselves.

There seems every reason to believe that the price of wheat will be higher than it now is before next spring; probably a little higher, possibly a good deal. Just as our crop proves to be better and better, the more we learn about it, so is the European failure apparently more complete as the returns comes in. The demand on us will be heavy. But it would be very foolish to assume that this demand must equal the full measure of the foreign shortage. It is true of every commodity that, when the price rises materially, consumption declines. Europe must and will have grain from us. But Europe will not take the same quantity at high prices as at low, because her people have not the money to pay for it. It is therefore, altogether impossible to compute in advance what the demand will be. And of the two misfortunes, it would be a greater to have the price of wheat so high as to cut off our export trade, and compel Europe to buy from other sources if they can and eat coarser food if they cannot, as has happened before, than t sell our wheat for somthing less than we might have had for it weeks or months later. The farmer is always in danger of making one of these mistakes or the other. And the men who advise him to sell every thing and those who beg him to sell nothing are about equally ill advisers.

So the farmer is doing now the eminently sensible thing. He is marketing grain freely, but is not in a panic one way or the other. A large portion of the crop has to be disposed of at once. In the case of those farmers who have had poor crops in preceding years and have pressing indebtnesses, this is a necessity. In most instances, however, it is probably only a part of the crop that is sold. The magnificent yield of this year need not be marketed at once from any farm. A certain portion will, when sold, put the farmer in funds for his present need. The remainder can be held for a later market. In this way the farmer gets a supply of ready money, the transportation agencies get all they can handle, and the export grain trade is kept active, while there still remains in first hands a very handsome proportion of the entire crop, to be disposed later. This principle of a steady market supply is undoubtedly the best for the producer. He is inevitable loser by endeavoring to control the market. He is foolish if he trusts too much to advices either to hold or to sell. But if he deals out his grain to the market as he does his sheaves to the thresher, just enough to keep it busy, without choking or running empty, he will find the steadiest running and the best results.

What Had We Better Do With the Great Northern.

Another Big Kick Forming

Marshall County Leader.

The Warren Sheaf suggests that a mass meeting of representative farmers and business men of Marshall, Kittson and Polk counties be called at Warren as soon as practicable to protest against the treatment we are receiving from the Great Northern Railway.

The Sheaf enumerates some of our grievances, making special mention of the miserable and uncertain mixed train service afforded this part of the line, the lack of depot facilities, the difficulty of securing permits for the erection of elevators, and the exorbitant rates of transportation as compared with those charged by other companies.

The Leader heartily seconds the motion.

Indiscriminate kicking against existing conditions is a mark of the dyspeptic but is provoked by these railroad abuses, We venture the opinion that there is not another hundred miles of the Great Northern system that merits fairer recognition, through the business it affords, than the line from Crookston to St. Vincent, The Great Northern will gather five millions of wheat from this portion of its line this season and the aggregate of its traffic is immense. And yet, anything like train service or railroad accommodation is a stranger to us. We have a right to demand some regularity in the mail service. Justice demands a passenger train or great improvement over the present service. The road should be made to recognize the statutory provision concerning elevator sites. Transportation rates are not proportionate to the labor performed or the service rendered.

Quite evidently the correction of part or all of these wrongs lies within the power of the State Railway Commission and since moral suasion has been ineffectual to appease the greed of this modern moloch, let us try the resourre suggested by the Sheaf.

"The Trouble Grandpa Nature had with the Horse;" by L. J. Bates, "Bee-Hunting," by Rowland E. Robinson, and "A Joint Snake," by E. Olin, are three peculiarly interesting Natural History articles in the October Wide Awake. "A Night with Russian Wolves," a blood-curdling true story by Lieut.-Col. Thorndike, "Jessie's chickens," a home-life story by Hattie Tyng Griswold, "Edith's Guinea Pig," a travel story by Esther George and "Bronson Company (Limited)," another home-life story by J. H. Jamieson, are very entertaining. A Moqui folk-tale of "The Genesis of Earth and Moon," a Norse folk-tale of "Why the sea is salt," the "Margaret-Patty Letter," the "Drawing of the Child Figure" (Miss Rimmer's art-paper) "The Lake Maidens," a literary narrative by Miss Garland about the daughters of Wordsworth, Southey, and Coleridge, with portraits, and the Peppers Serial, the Italian Child-life Serial, and "Miss Matilda Archambeau Van Dorn," together with the poems and pictures, and four pages of "Men and Things" anecdotes, make up a most readable number. $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Boston.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR.

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—IS THE—

Cheapest Store in Town

Sells strictly for Cash and marks goods accordingly.

CORNER MAIN AND ROBERT STREETS. — — SUCCESSORS TO THE CROOKSTON BANKRUPT STORE.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR.

"Lohengrin" in Paris.

The republican government of France is to be congratulated both on its resolution to protect the performance of Wagner's opera of "Lohengein" from mob violence and the success with which it carried its purpose out. Only the presence of a powerful police force, skillfully handled, kept the furious populace around the Grand Opera House in Paris at bay on Wednesday night, and it was found necessary to make hundreds of arrests.

It is to be hoped that the prompt action of the authorities will awe the Parisian mob into decency and order. The outcry against the production of Wagner's masterpieces in Paris, merely because the famous composer was a German, is as ridiculous as it is disgraceful. A great genius like the author of "Lohengrin" is not the property of any one nation. He belongs to all lands and all time.

The admirers of Wagner had perfect right to produce his operas in the French capital, and the government would have failed in its duty if it had not defended the production from outrage. Intelligently patriotic Frenchmen will applaud its course. There is no despotism worse than that of an ignorant and irresponsible mob. The excitable populace of Paris has too often ruled France at critical moments in the past. It is a good omen of the republic that the government of President Carnot is determind to enforce law and order in the future.

U. S. LAND OFFICE
Crookston, Minn., Sept. 21st, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on November 6th, 1891, viz: JOSEPH MILLER, Jr., Hd. No. 11,912, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew Bakken, Samuel J. Ferin, William McAnulty, Andrew Abplenalp, all of Dugdale, Minn.

[23-28] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING, Crookston. Minn

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S,
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE, IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best, $2.75
North Star. - - - 2.60
Fife. - - - 2.25
Skip Jack. - - - 1.25

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
LEE & HERRICK.

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

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REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
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H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

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Office over Merchants' Bank,
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For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

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Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records shows 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

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O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
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Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.
All Those Wanting
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Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Forthern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

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There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington
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For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

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PIANOS, ORGANS
WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.
Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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LOAN AGENCY
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Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
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FINE SPRING OVER COATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
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AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES. IN Fancy Cassimeres.
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OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.
Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
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Soft Fedora Hats.
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New LUNCH ROOM,
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Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.
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R. S. Knudson, Accountant; C. M. Wasson, Stenographer; L. E. Gossman, Attorney at Law.
FALL TERM begins Monday, September 28th, 1891.
☞ New Catalogues and Circulars sent free upon application.
CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, September 24, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.........CROOKSTON.........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.........Grand Forks.........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.........Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South.......... 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......... 8:15 a. m.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Send us your job work.

Don't forget the races in October.

Everybody agrees that we are having lovely fall weather.

A. Anderson was up last week visiting with Tom Bjoin.

Remember the McKanlass Comedy troupe. It is said to be A 1.

Wheat took a two cent rise on Friday reaching 79 cents for 1 Hard.

A new cross-walk is laid between August Wentzel's hotel and Collins' office.

Don't forget that Sture is constantly receiving his fall goods and offers great bargains.

Make known your wants through THE JOURNAL columns. Everybody reads THE JOURNAL.

McManus & Farley are on deck for wheat at the old Ste. Croix elevator on the N. P., in Jerome's Addition.

Saake can put up more first-class jewelry for the money than you can buy elsewhere. Seeing is believing; try it once.

A. J. Arnold was busy all last week fixing up Alderman Buhn's kitchen. A. J. is on deck for all kinds of carpenter work.

THE JOURNAL acknowledges a complimentary to the races that are to occur on Oct. 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th. Lots of fun promised.

Iver Krohn went out to his farm on Saturday to look after the threshing of his fine crop. Iver says this looks like the best year he has ever seen in Polk county.

R. G. Marlette says we may tell our farmer readers that if they wish to sell their wheat to advantage they will do well to bring it to him at his warehouse in Carman.

L. S. Hancock, of Euclid, put up at the Germania House while in the city last week. There are too few threshing machines in that vicinity to accommodate all who want to thresh.

There is more track-buying this year than for several years before. It looks as though we were getting back to the good old days when there was brisk competition in the wheat market.

When you have marketed that crop remember the printer. With so fine a crop as Polk County has this year produced, we hope to be able to square our subscription list up and one year ahead.

O. T. Langen, of Leaf Mountain, Otter Tail County, was visiting Peter Cornelius last week. Mr. L. was very much pleased with the appearance of our city and says our crops are a surprise to him.

W. E. Walker finished the shelving in Williams' new store on Wednesday last and the room was all ready to move into on Thursday morning, or at least as soon thereafter as the paint could dry. It is going to make a fine store room.

M. W. Crocker, of Stevens' Point, Wis., came up last week and registered at the Germania House. M. C. was a former resident of Polk County and sees many improvements since he left. He went up to Angus where he still has property interests.

Mr. A. Sture is one of those progressive merchants who believe in keeping pace with the requirements and needs of the country, and, if anything, ahead. Hence it is that he has everything that his patrons require in his line. Sture is a rustler and his new store in the opera block is replete with a full line of fall goods, complete in every department.

R. G. Marlette, has shipped six carloads of wheat from his new flathouse in the Fifth ward. He is now receiving a lot of wheat from the west side along the Red River. One sample that we saw weighed 59 lbs. to the bushel in the dirt and was an exceedingly fine sample which should grade 1 Hard. Mr. M. is giving entire satisfaction on his weights and grades and we would advise our readers to see him before selling their wheat.

Charlie Misner has added to his barber shop sufficient room to put in another chair and we shouldn't wonder if he contemplated doing so. He has repapered and re-painted the whole business and put down a new floor and just looks too slick for any use. Charlie says he is not ashamed to invite his friends in to see him now.

O. R. Williams, the new merchant in the McKinnon block, took formal possession of his new store on Friday morning and began to arrange his goods in ship-shape. He will have an elegant store when he has everything arranged, which will probably be to-day or at the latest the latter part of the week. Mr. W. is from Beaver Dam, Wis., and is a man of experience in his line.

Meeker (Col.) Herald: Fred Attix, who has held down the position of "devil" in this office for several months back, will leave for Denver the early part of next week, where he will enter St. John's College, one of the finest collegiate institutions in the country. Fred is a bright boy with strong leanings towards the newspaper business, and we believe, if he sticks to that trail, will in due time make his mark in journalism.

C. T. Lanman was down from McIntosh on Thursday, remaining over night. He says farmers in that vicinity will be in no hurry to sell their wheat, preferring to stack it and let it go through the sweat in stack, believing that the price will be better later. Some are arranging to hold until next spring and only a few car loads have been shipped from that station as yet. The wheat is universally of good quality and and an excellent yield and the farmers are naturally anxious to realize all it is worth to them, and in the present condition of the market naturally think the price will be better after awhile. Lanman puts the average yield at about 20 bushels per acre.

A. A. White, in Moorhead News: Mr. Comstock and I were in East Grand Forks last evening, which place Frank Mead gave such a going over and it was as quiet and orderly as could be, although lively. It is not true that there is no business there besides the liquor business. There are grocery stores, hardware stores, dry goods stores, banks, livery stables and other branches of trade and it is a place of some 1,500 people instead of 500. The saloons are confined to one locality, where they can be handled and we saw nothing out of the way. I suppose we might have found gambling if we had looked for it, but if it is carried on it is not done openly, as claimed.

While in Canada visiting with old friends Geo. Vine was persuaded by his better half to attend church one Sunday. The preacher was congratulating his hearers upon the fact that they lived in a civilized country where they could hear the gospel preached from Sunday to Sunday. "Why," said he, "suppose you lived in the far-off heathen lands of China, or the great Northwest; how deplorable that would be!" George said he thought of the numerous churches in the city of Crookston, in that same "benighted Northwest," and smoled a quiet smile or two all to himself, while he thought if that preacher would post himself a little he would not make such ridiculous breaks as that.

The McKanlass Colored Musical Comedy Co. are to appear at the Grand Opera House, Sept. 23d and 24th. The company is headed by Prof. Wm. H. McKanlass, the musical wonder of the world, a graduate of the college of music at Cincinnati, O., and a master of every instrument known. He is the Levy of the cornet, king of the banjo and the colored Ole Bull of the violin; and the only artist living who has ever performed the feat of playing two cornets at one and the same time, which he does each evening, playing different airs on each. The professor is supported by a large company of picked artists in the latest farce comedy, "Shooting Crapps." A few of the features in the specialty line are Miss Susie Griffin, the man-voiced woman—sings as low as E flat and with a volume that jars the house; Master Willie and sister in their unapproached dancing and singing; the wonderful Reese twin brothers, in their lightning gun, sword and baton drill; Messrs. Al. Sales, Ed. Saunders, L. Hines, David Ross and Clarence Estells comedians. None should fail to hear and see this excellent company. Seats on sale at usual place. Prices 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents. Watch the main streets at noon sharp.

CUT THIS OUT FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

Excursions for Home Seekers and others will be run by "The North-Western Line," Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha R'y, on Sept. 29th, from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and stations east of St. Paul, to all points west of and including St. James, Minn., in Minnesota, South Dakota, and Northwestern Iowa; and from all points on the line north or east of LeMars, to Omaha, St. Joseph, Achison, Leavenworth and Kansas City and to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, the Black Hills, Oklahoma and all points in Arkansas and Texas and to certain points in Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana.

Tickets will be sold at very low rates, and will be good to start only on the day of sale, and good to return within thirty days.

For rate to any point, through car service or any information call on agents of the "North-Western Line," or address T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

ST. HILAIRITIES.

St. Hilaire Spectator.

The railroad graders have all moved out of town and are now camping on the line. Work is progressing rapidly and the grade will be finished in thirty days more, when the iron will be laid.

County Attorney A. R. Holston, of Crookston, was in town last Monday. He was looking up delinquents in the seed wheat matter, of which there was a few left in this part of the county.

C. G. Rapp has invested in a safety bicycle and has afforded considerable amusement to our citizens for the past week. It looked at first as if the bicycle had the best of it but he manages now to keep on top at least half of the time.

The flour mill received a couple of hundred bushels of new wheat the first of the week and miller George Fricker reports that it is of excellent quality and makes the best quantity of flour.

The contractors here claim that it will be almost impossible for the contractor at Red Lake Falls to finish his contract this fall. He has some very heavy cuts and men and teams are very scarce. It is thought that the road will not be completed further than the Red Lake River this fall on this account.

Very little wheat is being marketed here at present, the farmers evidently believing in doing their fall work before taking their wheat to market.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.
[20-tf]

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
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CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
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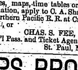
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS



WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
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MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
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DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on o before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, . MINN

Cigars of eve known brand, from a charoo to a 25 center. garettes, Chewing and Smok ing Tobaccos of ll kinds, Snuff, Pipes to sul the fancy of all, om a corn-cob pipe to a mee

CALL IN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and sixty-five and six one hundreths ($265.06) dollars, claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Benjamin Milette and Mary Milette his wife, mortgagors, to Narcissa Milette, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, A. D. 1886, and with power of sale therein contained, and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, A. D., 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 90, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-six (46), lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred sixty-five and six one hundreths (265.06) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 17th, A. D. 1891.

NARCISSA MILETTE, Mortgagee.
H. STEENERSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[22-28] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]
Last publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Noiseux and Rose Anna Noiseux, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $16.87 that became due November 1st, 1889, $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $22.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and, $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred sixty-nine and 48-100 dollars, ($869.48-100), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been intituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12) Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-four (44)), containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 10th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [22-28] [N. G. 83.]

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank,

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th 1891]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Bernard and Emma Bernard, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of January, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 9:10 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 464; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the coupons for interest that fell due July 22d, 1889, January 22d, 1890, July 22d, 1890, January 22d, 1891, and July 22d, 1891, each thereof being for the sum of $17.50, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described, the following sum, to-wit: Six hundred dollars and forty-five cents, ($600.45), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter (e½ sw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), of Section nineteen (19), Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty (40) west, containing 114 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28TH, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 7th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-23] [N. G. 80]

[First publication Sept. 10th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Sept. 7th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ole Isakson Austad, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of O. Osmundson, executor of the estate of Ole Isakson Onstad, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assigment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 5th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 7th day of Sept., A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[21-23] Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Aug. 13th, 1891.]
[Last publication Sept. 24th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by William H. Godfrey, a bachelor, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of June, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 7th day of July, A. D. 1886, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in book 25 of mortgages, on pages 142-145.

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the principal $800 that fell due June 24th, 1891, and interest coupons for $24 each that fell due on the 24th days of December, 1888, June and December, 1889, June and December, 1890, and June 1891.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Nine hundred and sixty dollars and sixteen cents ($960.16); and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot four (4), and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½ nw¼) of Section fourteen (14) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north; of Range forty-four (44) west, containing 117 acres more or less according to the United States government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated August 4th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [17-23] [N. G. 73]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Sept. 3d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Welsh and Mary Welsh, his wife, mortgagors, to Jane M. Goodnow, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of February, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 113, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of Section four (4), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 25th, A. D. 1891.

JANE M. GOODNOW, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[20-26] Crookston Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
—DEALERS IN—
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts.. - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,
—DEALERS IN—
ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements
MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOK.
Before Purehasing, Give Us a Call.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
A. STURE,
Opera Block - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections.
Interest on time deposits.

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O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
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BENOIT & SYLVESTER,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—
Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUELER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. CALL ON ELI!

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 1, 1891. NO. 24.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

ASTOUNDING FACTS.

Some Points of Interest Brought to the Attention of American Farmers and Other Classes.

A Deficit in the World's Food Supply of Two Hundred Million Bushels of Wheat and Rye.

It May Be Double That Amount, Notwithstanding the Colossal Crops of America.

Wheat Declared to Be Worth Fully a Dollar To-Day on the Farms Where It Was Grown.

NEW YORK Telegram to Pioneer Press, Sept. 22.—An exhaustive study of the world's food supply, in the forthcoming number of the American Agriculturist, emphasizes facts of grave importance to both America and Europe. It declares that the half has not been told about the European shortage in breadstuffs, which not even a bountiful crop this year would have relieved. Continental powers, especially Russia, suppress the facts so far as possible. In many Russian provinces the scarcity of food became pronounced as far back as February last. In the Constantinovka district many families have not cooked a meal since Easter, but subsist on bread, soaked rye, grain, etc., bestowed in charity. The prohibition of rye exports is followed by a ukase forbidding the shipment of bran and other cereal cattle foods.

The astounding shortage in Russia's yield of rye, announced a month since by the ministry of finance, proves even greater than the most extravagant estimates, and effectually obliterates all possibility of Russia exporting any of her scant wheat crop.

That Eastern Germany is in practically the same plight admits of no doubt. The European reserves that have heretofore eked out insufficient harvests are everywhere exhausted. The parade made by Russia of the existence of such stores in the Baltic provinces is done for effect—to convey the impression that military stores are abundant. Such reserves are of small importance. Indeed the danger of famine is destined to spare Europe the horrors of war for fully a twelve month hence.

Accepting the largest estimates of production, both at home and abroad, and even assuming that the United States and Canada can export 225,000,000 bushels, there is a deficit in the world's food supply of at least 200,000,000 bushels of wheat and rye, with a possibility of the shortage being twice as great. Added to this is the almost total failure of the potato crop in Ireland, and a serious curtailment in the yield of [illegible]toes on the continent. Even with the utmost economy of distribution and an unheard of consumption of American maize, grave distress is before the masses of Europe.

Enormous exports of wheat and flour from the United States, in August, prove that Europe regards the situation as worse than it has yet been painted. Otherwise, why should she buy in a single month close upon the harvest nearly half as much wheat as she took from the United States during the eight months of the year following one of our largest wheat crops and a period of bedrock prices? Indeed, August wheat exports were almost treble those of the same month last year, and over four times as much as the average exports at this season last year.

For the first time in years wheat, bran and middlings are exported to Europe thus early in the season. These circumstances are accepted as the strongest possible reason for believing that prices of wheat are to-day unusually low. It looks for a sharp advance in all cereals as soon as the demand realizes the limited extent of the world's actual supply. Every bushel of high grade wheat is to-day worth fully one dollar on the farm where it grows.

One of the most marked features of prosperity that is already upon American agriculture, noted by the same magazine, is the extent to which farmers are planning to unite in co-operative buying and selling.

A Terminal Elevator.

H. E. Boen Wants the Farmers to Build One at Duluth.

Editor Fergus Falls Journal.

The crop just gathered is in quantity and quality the most valuable yet harvested here. But its full value will not be realized by those to whom it belongs, namely the farmers. It was shown before the wheat investigating commitee, appointed by the last legislature, that all wheat elevators in Minnesota and Dakota practically are under the same management.

It is generally understood that the price of wheat is fixed in London, but that appears to be an error, as the price here in the northwest is fixed by a man hired for that purpose, by the elevator and mill combinations, and who has his headquarters in Minneapolis.

Whether a man ships his wheat to Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, or sells to the local buyers, or to the mills, the result is the same; a member of the combination gets it. When the farmer elevators were built they seemed to give some relief.

But when it is remembered that the elevators in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth are controlled by the wheat ring, form a kind of Chinese wall around the state and stop the wheat in those elevators, while part of it is stolen and the balance of it mixed with inferior grades of wheat, it becomes at once apparent that the farmer elevators at country stations are of very little use and will remain so until the system is completed by the building of large farmer elevators at the terminals.

It is often claimed and never denied that the eastern millers need the hard wheat of the northwest to mix with the softer varieties they obtain from other states, and I believe it has been stated and not contradicted that our No. 1 hard wheat never reaches Europe unground. The grain growers pay for the elevators and the expense of operating them, but do not own them or have any control over them. Ownership alone secures full control. It is therefore necessary that the farmers own one or more elevators in Duluth and Minneapolis. They could then through their own board of managers sell their wheat directly to the eastern millers, thereby securing the same price obtained by the elevator companies, which is certainly higher than that now paid to the farmers, or they could ship their wheat to London, Liverpool or other European markets and thus get the highest price possible for their produce.

It is said that an elevator, of 1,000,000 bushels capacity, will at Duluth cost about $100,000. If 10,000,000 bushels of wheat could pass through it during the autumn, it would at one cent per bushel, pay for itself, leaving the operating expenses to be covered by the business the succeeding spring.

The preliminary steps towards organizing a company to build such an elevator at Duluth have already been made, and a meeting will be held either at St. Paul or Moorhead, during the first part of October, to further consider the question and complete the organization.

As everyone knows I am no longer a member of the county alliance or state alliance executive committee, still I take the liberty to call the attention of the secretaries of the local alliances, and other farmer organizations in northern Minnesota and North Dakota to the matter under consideration, and would respectfully suggest to them that they call together their respective organizations as soon as convenient to consider the question of building a farmer elevator at the terminal points, and to elect delegates to the meeting which will probably be held in Moorhead, Minn.

The time and place for the meeting will be announced later. H. E. BOEN.

Fergus Falls, Sept. 15, 1891.

Gand Forks Herald:—Mayor McKinnon and Secretary Wyatt, of Crookston Driving Association, favor the Herald with an invitation to attend their annual meeting which takes place Oct. 13, 14, 15 and 16. $2,000 in purses are hung up, and some of the speediest horses in the country are entered. Grand Forks will send over a good representation.

BAKING POWDERS.

What the Minnesota State Authorites Know About Them.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

If there is a doubt in anybody's mind as to the quality of the various baking powders of the market, it will be settled by the evidence given upon the subject by the State official of Minnesota. The Dairy and Food Commission and the State Chemist are the highest official authorities upon such subject in this State, and their evidence will be accepted as disinterested and unprejudiced. It is their business to examine the quality of the different food products, and to suppress the sale of those found impure and unwholesome and all will admit that they have performed their duties without fear or favor.

At a recent examination by a Legislative Committee to determine the qualities of various baking powders sold in Minnesota, State Chemist and analysist to the Food and Dairy Commission, Dr. Benjamin F. Drew, gave the following evidence.

Ques.—Dr. Drew, I see by the report of the Dairy and food commission of this state that in making analysis of the various baking powders of this country you report as a result of your work that the Royal Baking Powder contains and gives off in baking a greater per cent, of carbnic acid gas (leavening gas) than any other baking powder made; is that true?

Ans.—Yes sir, that is a fact.

Ques.—Doctor, you also found from experiment that the Royal Baking Powder will keep longer and retain its qualities better than any other powder made did you not?

Ans.—Yes sir, I think it does.

Ques.—Now, the two most desirable qualities in baking powder are the amount of carbonic acid gas it contains and gives off and the length of time it will keep, are they not?

Ans.—Yes. sir.

Ques.—Then the Royal Baking Powder, possessing these qualities, is the best powder made, is it not?

Ans.—Well, that would be the natural conclusion.

Ques.—Well, that is the fact, is it not.

Ans.—Yes, think it is. I consider it one of the best baking powders made.

How to Reform an Evil.

St. Paul News.

The Moorhead News, in noting what a contemporary said about failure to collect county fair printing bills, makes this sensible comment:

This is a good deal like the experience the News has had with political committees, and next year when it is desired to have calls and handbills printed and advertisement of meeting published such committees must pay in advance or furnish security. It is not right to compel newspapers to bear these expenses, and for one the News doesn't propose to do it in the future.

This platform is a good one, and one which should be laid down by every newspaper in the State. The Daily News has always advocated this policy, both as a matter of justice to the news papers, and also as having a tendency to do away with the "boodle" question.

It is proper that newspapers should be compensated for their legitimate services just as much as other people are who engage in political work.

When halls are hired, brass bands employed, torches used, bunting displayed, etc., it is all paid for by the political parties or politicians interested in the matter, but when it comes to the newspaper the theory is that the editor must furnish his columns and do his printing free for the good of the cause, simply because some of his subscribers belong to the political party whose principles the editor advocates.

The politicians seem to forget that there is no paper without subscribers from both parties, and while the party whose principles are sustained by the editor, that gives them no claim upon his legitimate business, and there is no reason why the editor should contribute in the manner named because he is supporting the party. On the contrary, the very fact that he is giving such support entitles him to compensation at full prices for all that he may do in a business way for his party. He furnishes a good deal more than an equivalent for his subscription price in the paper he delivers.

If this principle of paying newspapers for legitimate work was once established, it would tend to squelch the corruption which has grown up in our politics, and put a stop to accepting the bribes of wealthy men who come into the open market and pay for editorial support.

What Is Good Baking Powder?

New York Journal.

It is a well known fact that carbonate of ammonia is used by bakers in the preparation of the finest and most wholesome bread and cake, and has been from time immemorial. It is among the oldest and at the same time most healthful constituents of baking powders. It is all evolved in gas by heat of the oven, and leaves no trace of itself in the food, and it is this that gives it its great value as a leavening agent in the opinions of the physicians.

Why the Low Price of Wheat.

Moorhead News.

A farmer of this county and esteemed friend of the News said today that the wheat crop is not turning out so immense as the farmers themselves anticipated before harvest, and a great deal less than the boomers are trying to make it appear. He said the News was doing wrong in publishing the statement of wheat yields which were exagerated and himself cited one piece of wheat that had been threshed that yielded only 6 bushel per acre. He also said a Norwegian farmer told him that his crop went 13½ bushels per acre. He said further that the price of wheat today was 24 cents less than it ought to be in view of the shortage in the Old World and he supported this statement with the following alleged facts. He said: The price is now 13 cents lower in this country than it was last year and the price in Liverpool is 11 cents higher than the market price in this country. Therefore the farmer was robbed 24 cents a bushel on every bushel of wheat. In other words he gets 24 cents less than he would get if if he could ship his wheat direct to Europe without it going through the hands of the wheat gamblers and speculators. The market was absolutely in their hands. The News has stated the amount of crop just as it has been given to it, by the individuals quoted, and if it has been exaggerated or depleted, and it is not our fault. The News believes that the truth is the best in all cases, and the yield should be reported just as it is. It thinks the speculation in wheat is a demoralizing business to those who engage in it and is more or less injurious to the producers. At the same time it is unable to see how it can be that with one half of the crowd working all the time to bull the price and the other half working with just as much energy to bear the price, an effect will always be produced by the latter and none by the former. The difference between the price of wheat today at Minneapolis, and the corresponding day last year is about 9 or 10 cents instead of 13 cents, and the local price was about the same then as today. As to the statement that the Liverpool price is 11 cents higher than the New York price, we have no data, to deny or corroborate it. It seems to the News, however, that the price of wheat in this country today, taking into consideration the tremendous shortage of breadstuffs in the Old World, ought to be higher than last year instead of lower, We believe also that the estimates of yield in Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota, this year have been made altogether too large. If the three states produce 100,000,000 bushels instead of 150,000,000 as estimated, it is the largest crop ever grown.

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. Although very brilliant it is soft and agreeable. It emits no smoke, is ordorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for the manufacture of Pinsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line" and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel.

[24-27]

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the morst Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. GERVAIS, The Hustler.

REOPENED

—AT—

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway - - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU— TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank,

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn

Pillsbury Academy,

OWATONNA, MINN.

AN EXCELLENT SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES.

PREPARES FOR COLLEGE OR BUSINESS.

Excellent Courses in English or Sciences, Music or Art.

An experienced Faculty, a comfortable Home. Beautiful new buildings, heated with steam and hot water.

Good morals. Kind and firm discipline. Expenses low.

Send for catalogue to

[20-tf] JAMES W. FORD, Principal.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000

SURPLUS. - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
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Chas. E. Sawyer.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 1, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 77.
1 Northern 76.
2 Northern 68.

Reports of sprouted wheat reach us.

Try Hoch & Ott for choice steaks or roasts.

If you want grapes by the ton see Will Clements.

Harry Norrie brought in a fine brace of chickens Saturday.

Editor Bydal's little babe was buried on Tuesday afternoon.

Chief Gonyea was kept busy all day Thursday running 'em in.

Several threshing machines were running in full blast last Sunday.

Wilson has a mammoth ad. on the outside of the new Fair store.

Wheat dropped off again on Saturday—reaching 78 for 1 Hard.

Bert Welles talks very strongly of locating in business in Crookston.

Chris Houston had a colt badly cut up on a wire fence on Tuesday.

Job Dougherty lost a valuable horse this week, after a few days illness.

Who has a wide-tired wagon for sale? H. C. Scribner would like to buy one.

Eben Lancaster and Tom Young have bought M. R. Brown's stables on Fifth street.

The city has put up a watering trough at the corner of Broaduay and Third streets.

Not much threshing has been done since our last issue owing to rainy weather.

Imported cheese just over at Iver Krohn's lunch room. It walked over, Iver says.

Collins & Creamer sold that thresher to Sam Cunningham. It was a Minnesota Chief.

M. R. Brown is building a new livery stable just north of the M. E. church, on Main street.

Some threshing from stacks this week. Prospects seem good for settled weather from this on.

Veterinary surgeon, M. Leguee, went over to M. E. Bartlett's on Tuesday to attend a sick colt.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs talks of building cottages upon several lots which she owns on Broadway.

Mrs. H. D. Pinkerton and children, of Michigan City, spent the Sabbath with relatives in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Bydal have lost their remaining twin, a boy. The little one died on Monday.

Iver Krohn says that business at the new stand is flourishing—very much better than he anticipated.

Mrs. Peter Stull arrived from Ashland, Wis., last week, after a pleasant visit of several weeks' duration.

Fifty Dollars will buy a thoroughbred registered Holstein-Friesian bull. For particulars call at this office.

Judging by the number of freight trains on both roads we should say that railroad business was good this fall.

Chief Gonyea was kept busy taking care of uneasy persons last week, but he managed to keep up with the run of trade.

Attorney Sorley and M. Schouweiler came over from Grand Forks last week on some business before the U. S. Land Office.

On Monday, Sept. 28th, 573 cars of wheat were received at Duluth. On the same date last year only 156 were received.

Drop in and see how nicely Charlie Thomas has his tonsorial parlors fixed up—and try a shave or a stylish haircut on the side.

Dozens of threshing crews were in the city last week waiting for settled weather so that the machines could start up and run again.

Not very much hay finds its way to the market in these days. What little does come seems to find a ready market at from $7 to $8 per ton.

Hoch & Ott bought a choice lot of short-horn steers last week which they will continue to feed out to the hungry multitude as long as they last.

Mrs. H. N. Casad left on Sunday evening for a visit with relatives in Nebraska, after which she will go to Chicago to take lessons on the violin.

Farmers have improved the opportunity for the past week to push the plow. They could not thresh but they could plow and the most of them did.

The harvest festival, held in Minneapolis last week, has been pronounced the biggest thing on wheels that the State has seen for years, if ever before.

The ladies are cordially invited to call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs fashionable millinery store on Second street, examine new fall styles and get prices.

Policeman Dave Robinson went down to the twin cities last week and left Ellingbo to attend to the night work. Ellingbo got there in good shape.

A. C. Wilkinson, since his return from Europe, looks as bright and fresh as one of dad's new dollars—as though the trip had done him worlds of good.

Sture is receiving goods almost every day and carries a full and complete stock from which to select. Call and see him at the Opera House Block.

Fall Millinery
OPENING,

On Friday, October 9th.

From 1 o'clock until 10 P. M.

The ladies of Crookston and vicinity are cordially invited to attend my fall opening on above date. I take special pleasure in calling attention to my stock this fall, feeling confident that if everything in the latest and newest styles and novelties will please, I can suit your taste and wishes.

MRS. E. E. BANGS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

H. L. Melgaard was down from Argyle this week.

An apprentice girl wanted at Mrs. I. U. Jennings' millinery store. French preferred.

County Attorney Holston was called to Wylie on Wednesday on importan business.

Laurence Larsen was over from Grand Forks on Tuesday.

R. P. Herrick entertained his brother from Buffalo for a few days and then accompanied him home for a visit.

R. L. Elder came up from Edna on Tuesday morning just to say that he thought the cold snap would knock the rain out.

Hoch & Ott have had a long experience as butchers and are confident of their ability to please. All they ask is a trial to satisfy the most particular.

Good weather from now until freezing up time is needed to secure the wheat in good shape. There is yet altogether too much of it in the shock.

W. D. Pinkerton came over on Monday after the wife and babies and to look after business matters in the city. He reports his business good this fall.

Mr. Moorhead, of St. Cloud, was up this week looking for threshing jobs. He will arrive on Saturday with his machine and a crew all ready for business.

Will Walker took the contract for building Eli Steenerson's new house on the avenue. Eli will have one of the finest residences in the city when completed.

Some fellow, too full of benzine, walked into Sundit's on Friday evening and commenced to "put a head onto" J. O. Ellingbo took a hand and run the fellow in.

Veterinary surgeon M. Leguee is kept busy night and day attending to the needs of sick equines. Mike is a good veterinary and his labors seem to be appreciated.

The week's delay in threshing will have a tendency to check the stream of wheat that has been flowing into Duluth and Minneapolis and will probably result in better prices.

The races to be held in this city from October 13th to 16th inclusive bid fair to be the best ever witnessed in this city. Many horses of note are expected and a good time is assured.

Fred Rauch has bought a neat cottage on Sampson's Woodland Addition of Fred Anderson. When asked if the cottage was for rent, Fred said: "Sthop a leetle! Wait till I see."

If all the plans that are being laid do not miscarry, this city will see more buildings erected next year than ever before. Many residences are projected and several business blocks.

Levi Myers was up from the west side this week, driving that trotter that would be a world-beater with practice enough. His big crops this year makes Levi a good bit of a capitalist.

Carl Olson was in from Black River this week. Says wheat is yielding well in that town as far as heard from. Most of the farmers have stacked. Oats and barley will beat all former records.

J. O. Sundit has received a carload of wood from the Fosston line. This is about the time of year when it pays to bring wood to the city to supply the fall and winter trade. Later on everybody brings it.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings' opening of fall and winter millinery will take place on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, October 8th, 9th and 10th. Ladies of Crookston and vicinity are cordially invited to attend.

Wm. Wylie was down from Black River on Tuesday greeting his many friends. Wylie says his neighbors are all rejoicing in a bountiful crop, but will rejoice more if they get bountiful prices for it.

Louis Duval died at his residence in this city on Sunday at the ripe age of 75 years. Mr. Duval leaves a wife, seven boys and two girls to mourn his loss. The funeral was largely attended on Tuesday morning.

Call on C. H. Saake, the jeweler, for genuine bargains. Brazilian Axis cut pebble spectacles are natural stone, pure, hard and brilliant; will not scratch nor will moisture collect on them in going from a cold to a warm room.

Never before in the history of this city has the demand for good tenement houses been so great as this fall. Owners of vacant lots located convenient to the business center could make a good income by building houses to rent.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

A. Grindland was down from Warren this week, returning on Wednesday morning.

Opera glasses, marine and field glasses, telescopes, microscopes, compasses, &c., &c., at Saake's jewelry store.

Regular services at the Congregational church next Sabbath. Sermons at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. by the pastor. Welcome for all.

Mrs. J. M. Palmer, of Angus, came down on Tuesday evening to meet her daughter, Daisy, who has been visiting with relatives in Hudson, Wis.

A dispatch was received on Tuesday announcing the death of Mrs. M. Filiatrault, at Two Harbors. Mr F. was at one time a resident of this city.

The ladies of the Congregational church, assisted by best local talent, will give an entertainment called "Temple of Fame." Time and place later.

A new play entitled "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is advertised for the Grand Opera House on Saturday evening. If there is one person now living who has never seen that play no doubt it would be interesting to such an one.

The great German eye water is the best known remedy for weak or inflamed eyes, or any inflamation caused by overwork or injury to the eye. It will improve, strengthen and preserve the sight. For sale at Saake's jewelry store.

Sam. Cunningham bought a threshing machine last week, and, by the way, it strikes us that was the same week that a fine daughter arrived for Sam. The machine, however, is to be used only on his own and his neighbor's grain.

Charlie Rapp came down from St. Hilaire on Monday to close the deal for a farm north of that place which he recently negotiated for. Charlie says there is big money in Polk County farms and he is on deck to buy all he can handle.

O. R. Williams, the new general merchandise man on Main street, invites Journal readers to call and examine his new stock and get acquainted. He will tell us more about his business later. Remember the place, McKinnon's Block, Main street.

Wm. Beck reports the arrival of a bran new boy at the house, which event occurred about the middle of last month, but his innate modesty prevented his making a report until last week when he dropped in to make us glad by a renewed subscription.

On Thursday last Miss Carrie Walters was married to Nicholas Funk, at the residence of her father, August Walters, Esq., in this city. Mr. Funk is a railroad man in the employ of the Great Northern road and the young couple will make their home in Barnesville.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs would again announce to the ladies of Crookston and vicinity that she is now ready to attend to their wants for the fall trade, in all the very latest styles. She also has over 100 stamping patterns for embroidery of the latest designs and invites a call.

Martin Swanson who has been threshing in the Thirteen Towns this fall was down home this week waiting for the clouds to roll by. Martin says most of the farmers out there have stacked and the result will be a better grade of wheat. He says wheat is turning out from 18 to 20 bushels per acre.

Appearances indicate that business will be the best in Polk County ever before known. At least such is the case in this city and we have reason to believe this is true throughout the county. Collections are said to be better and everything indicates the most successful year we have ever had.

W. N. Box was down from Warren on Monday chatting with old friends. W. N. expects to move to Tacoma as soon as he can settle up his business here. It would seem that Box, Sr., has a bonanza out there in the lumber business, and W. N. goes out to take a hand at coining the shekels. We hope he will have all kinds of good luck.

M. B. McClellan, representing James H. Bishop & Co., wholesale paper house of Minneapolis, gave The Journal a pleasant call on Tuesday. Mac says Crookston is improving rapidly, but needs a hotel the most of anything. He says "a big hotel with a man like Sam Matthews, of Fargo, to run it, would be a drawing card such as you need here."

Charlie Thomas has found it necessary to engage the services of another barber to keep up with his growing business, so he has secured an experienced man from below—a man who is thoroughly up in all of the latest improvements in the art. Charlie is now ready to attend to all calls promptly and without delay—can shave you while you wait.

GRAND DISPLAY!

A Great Stock!

Generous Bargains!

Were the flattering remarks made by the ladies who visited the store during the "opening."

Now we are ready for business. "Come on Mrs. Macduff;" we shall be glad to sell you

Anything you need, from a paper of pins to a bran fired new Dress.

The Fashionable Fabrics

For Autumn are found in the handsome new Homespuns and Tweeds, with Camel's Hair and Boucle Knots and Plaids, Mixtures, Bourettes, and other rough effects, 38, 42, 44 and 54 inches wide, at 25c, 50c, 60c, 85c and $1.00 a yard.

IN HIGHER ART

'Novelty" Pattern Robes, we are headquarters. Only one pattern of each coloring in stock, and

☞ NO MORE CAN BE HAD WHEN SOLD. ☜

Underwear!

YOU can guard against sudden changes in the atmosphere and protect yourself from colds, catarrh and consumptiod, by being warmly clad in such Underwear as you can get at Fontaine & Anglim's,

In Endless Variety.

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests.........25c
" natural wool "..........85c
" scarlet " "..........75c
" Jersey Union Suits..........$2.50

Flannels!

50 pieces of Clear Lake Flannels at..........35c

Blankets!

100 pair 10-4 at $1.50.
100 pair red 10-4 at 3.00.
Ice Wool 20c a box.
} SPECIAL VALUES.

Cloaks. Jackets.

In Ladies' Cloaks and Jackets we're the acknowledged leaders—"others follow." Our garments are the best, our prices the Lowest. That's why we do the largest Cloak business in the Northwest. The stock is larger, and the prices smaller than ever before. Call and get prices before purchasing.

CARPETS.

One more word well worth remembering. "Many a Carpet looks entirely different when you get it home from what it does in the store, simply because the salesroom is imperfectly lighted. Never select a carpet in a room imperfectly lighted, or you are sure to be disappointed. Our carpet room is the best lighted room in the city. There are windows from the roof as well as the sides of the room, and the light is perfectly diffused to the remotest corner.

Ingrain Carpets from..........18c to $1.00 a yard.
Brussels " ....69c to 1.00 "
China matting " ....20c to 60c "

Fontaine & Anglim,

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

Crookston, - - - Minn

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.

Office in McKinnon Block.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. } Crookston, Minn.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR

Special Bargain Sale!

—OF—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

AND SILVERWARE,

AT

C. H. SAAKE'S

JEWELRY STORE!

In order to make room for my new Fall Stock, I have decided to make Sweeping Reductions on all my goods of every description.

☞ Come and see! My prices will tell their own story.

County Attorney Holston informs The Journal that about $5,000 remains uncollected on the old seed grain notes and as some of the parties have left the country the probability is that some of it never will be collected. Sixteen letters out of the whole number of notices sent out have been returned to him. Probably the most of those who are here will pay up as soon as they are able.

In his sermon one week ago on Sabbath day Rev. Mr. Battey suggested an idea that it would be well for our business men to act upon and work out. The establishment of a Congregational academy in this city would not only be very beneficial from an educational standpoint but from a business standpoint as well. Such an institution would not necessarily be expensive and would be worth many times its cost to the city.

Crookston Business College commenced the fall term last Monday under very favorable auspices. Without very much parade the institution has grown to be a very important one and we are pleased to note its success. It is now no longer necessary for young men to go to St. Paul to obtain a business education as they can take as good a commercial course as they can get at any institution right at home—and at very much less expense.

East Grand Forks Courier:—Sheriff Grundysen came over from Crookston Wednesday to see if East Grand Forks was really as painted. He also made a levy on the crop of a farmer living on the point to satisfy a judgment of $225, in favor of the Plano Manufacturing Co., the original debt being $100. The sheriff incidentally remarked that he thought the police of this city were deserving of much praise for the able manner in which they handle the tough element now here.

The McCandlass Colored Comedy Troupe played two nights at the Grand, in this city, Wednesday night to a very good house, but Thursday night it was not so good. While there were some good features about the performances, such as the double cornet business and the instrumental music, as well as the singing of the little folks, the rest of it was rank, especially the part of McCandlass wherein he essayed to be funny. The time has passed when a mere variety show can amuse and hold a Crookston audience.

Two professional gentlemen went out for a hunt one day last week and when a few miles out Dave suddenly says: "Doc, I believe that animal is a chicken!" No sooner said than Doc let drive at the object with one barrel and and as it rose gave it the other. With a terrible "meow" the "chicken" lit out for a farm house near by and Doc's countenance was a study for the space of half an hour. Dave promised not to tell—and he didn't, and the farmer says if Doc will mend the cat he will not tell how she happened to get filled with bird shot as she was prowling about in the weeds hunting for mice.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 77 cents for 1 hard. If the figures given by the American Agriculturist are any good there is such a tremendous shortage in the old world that every bushel we have produced will be needed at a good figure before another harvest. And when we come to add to that fact the fact that speculators so far have estimated the American crop at many millions more than it is, it would seem as though the farmer who had wheat to sell ought to get just any price he has a mind to ask for it. We believe it is to-day worth one dollar per bushel in the farmer's granary.

If the theory of devoted men and millers, that the surplus of wheat was what has caused the small prices of the past few years, is correct, wheat raising for the next few years ought to prove a boranza to the farmer, for last year the surplus was said to have been completely knocked out and this year then will not be enough to supply the world with bread and seed, and it would require several years of bountiful crops to produce the surplusage we were said to have. Whatever may have been the cause we confidently expect to see better prices prevail for several years and we believe that our farmers will have great opportunities to make big money for some time to come.

For Sale Cheap!

A thoroughbred registered Holstein-Friesian bull For particulars call at this office.

New Store! New Goods! New Prices!

Now opened in the McKinnon block, Main street, in the room formerly occupied by McKinnon Bros., a large and complete stock of general merchandise. We invite the public to call and look us over, get acquainted and get our prices. A special drive in cloaks. Call and see us at the new store on Main street.

O. R. Williams.

"Havn't turned a wheel in a week," said E. D. Childs on Saturday last in reply to a query by our reporter as to how he was getting along with his threshing, "and I do not expect to do so before next Monday, for I want to tell you that wheat has softened up remarkably during these showers and is altogether too soft to thresh and go into bins. And did you know," continued he, "that there is an awful lot of frosted wheat this year? I was at the Board of Trade in Minneapolis on Friday and of all of the samples of wheat I saw on exhibition there, I dare say from 50 to 60 per cent was badly frosted. I have found no frosted wheat in my crop nor in that of any of my neighbors." Replying to a query as to the reported sale of the Duluth & Winnipeg Railroad to the Canadian Pacific Railroad, Mr. C. said: "Now don't you worry about D. & W. railroad, young man. That road is not sold, neither will it be, but it is going ahead as rapidly as possible even though strong corporations are doing, and will do, all they can to hamper our operations. We shall lay 20 miles of steel rails yet this fall and the road will soon be an accomplished fact."

Uncle Daniel Cameron came down from Erskine on Monday evening's train returning Tuesday morning. Uncle Daniel spends his summers in Polk County and his winters at his Louisiana home, thus managing to have good warm weather all the year round. Uncle Daniel was in New Orleans at the time the Italians were lynched and he says it was the best job ever done, and he has a large-sized admiration for Blaine for the way in which he handled the matter with the Italian government. Uncle Daniel says the dagoes in New Orleans, after the lynching, openly made their threats that for every one of the lynched men an American would be "taken away." Immediately following these threats handbills appeared announcing that for every one American so taken away 15 dagoes would be lynched. This game of bluff worked to a charm and the dagoes were very conspicuous for their adsence for a long time, neither have they as yet attempted to carry out their threats. Mr. Cameron says it is his opinion that while Polk County will undoubtedly produce more wheat this year than last, the wheat will not be of as good quality as last year. He does not think the average will exceed 20 bushels per acre. He intends to leave shortly for his winter's resort in Louisiana.

SUGAR BEETS.

Last spring Agent Fegan procured some sugar beet seeds from the experimental farm for distribution. Among those to secure some of it was Henry Nolan who took it out to his farm, planted it and now reports the first syrup of the season. Last week he pulled four beets of ordinary size, grated them up and boiled down the sap, making a pint of nice syrup that is equal to any sorghum syrup ever made. From this experiment it would seem to be practical to make syrup, at least if some means should be devised to grind the beets.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Sept. 21st, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on November 6th, 1891, viz: JOSEPH MILLER, Jr., Hd. No. 11,912, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew Bakken, Samuel J. Ferin, William McAnulty, Andrew Abplenalp, all of Dugdale, Minn.

[23-28] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

The Wheat Demand.

St. Paul Globe.

It is a very shallow and superficial view that crop reports from portions of the wheat districts have much to do with prices. In every locality in any state where the producer feels that way inclined there may be the most vociferous exultation over the aboundance of the crop without affecting the market a particle. The fluctuations come from the advices in Europe. It is accepted as a settled fact that the deficit in the food supply in the old world will absorb all the surplus of this country, provided the prices do not go so high that the people can not buy and are forced to do with cheaper substitutes. The early sales have been enormous. It is computed that the shipments made and provided for up to Nov. 30 will reach 107,000,000 bushels, rather more than half the estimated surplus of the country. In consequence, the channels of passage are choked, the demand for the time is sated, and prices are receding. Cargoes do not now find buyers in Europe, and unless war menaces thicken, it is probable prices will go still lower. In spite of all the positive and detailed statements of parties, it is still a question as to the volume of demand that will be created by the shortness of the crop in Europe. There must be time for absorption of the vast purchases thrown upon the market. The deficit is conceded to be greater than the country can meet, but it is a question what they can afford to pay. At some point they will stop using the wheat. That, however, will be considerable in advance of present figures. It is entirely immaterial in the solution of the problem of returns whether any wheat belt yields a few million more or less. The pressure upon the arteries of transit is an important factor, however. The pouring of wheat into the great centers and forwarding points in the West and the crowding of the lines of traffic eastward do retard an advance in prices and tend to stagnation. It would be to the advantage of the farmers if they could hold their grain for the later demand. A flooded market inevitably reduces prices. The crop will all be wanted, but it cannot all be handled or consumed at once. To hold seems the present lesson.

Knute Nelson as a Republican.

Moorhead News.

The St. Paul Globe already has Knute Nelson defeated as republican candidate for governor. His defeat it claims has been brought about by this fear of senator Davis that if Nelson is nominated he will be elected and then become a formidable candidate for United States senator against him, and by the opposition of a certain class of old line republicans who do not like Mr. Nelson's liberal views on the tariff &c. With the Globe the wish is father to the thought. Senator Davis has no cause to fear Mr. Nelson personally, for the reason that if he is nominated for governor and elected, he will undoubtedly desire to serve the people in the executive office, and senator Davis is certainly a good enough republican to desire to have a man nominated that can be elected. Any other desire than that would compel senator Davis to put his personal interest and ambition above party interest, which his most lukeworm friends would not for a moment accuse him of. If senator Davis sees that the handwriting on the wall bodes him evil, he may ascribe it to his support of the Pacific railway steal, his championship of a pauper pension bill, his attempt to appropriate credit in connection with the school section in the ceded Indian lands which was not his due, his weakness in looking after the interests of the party and the state and his ingratitude toward the men who led in the movement which resulted in his uncontested election as senator in the first place. The old-line republicans the Globe speaks of will be in such a minority as to cut little figure and will hasten when they see how fast the shower is coming up, to go in out of the rain. Knute Nelson is a good republican today and has always been. He has never been defeated for office, but on the contrary has received a large number of votes every time he has been a candidate, than any other man for the same office before or sience. There is no reason why he will not have a similar experience if he is named for governor. Nelson is one of those men who thinks for himself, and having come to a decision in his own mind, has the courage to express himself and to act in accordance with his convictions. In other words he has an independence of character and courage which the people very much like.

As to his course on the Mills bill we have heretofore defined his position, but will do so again at the risk of repeating. At the time the Mills bill was under consideration, there was a universal demand for a revision and reduction of the tariff and had been for several years before. The senate was republican, while the house was democratic. Mr. Nelson felt it his duty to give an affirmative vote to the Mills bill in order that all opportunity to legislate on the tariff during that session might not be lost, as it would have been if the Mills bill had been defeated in the house. He was in favor of sending the bill to the senate where he hoped it would be changed to make it conform more nearly to the republican standard and that an agreement could be reached between the two houses that would partially meet, at least, the demands of the people of the West. There is no doubt that Nelson was right from a party standpoint, as if a tariff bill had been passed at that session which disposed of the question, the republican party would not have met with the defeat it did last fall. And yet Mr. Nelson is so much of a republican that he spoke in behalf of the McKinley law, which upon studying he recognized as embodying a revision and reduction to a much greater extent, than the Mills bill, and one which at the same time preserved the American protective tariff system, in which Mr. Nelson believes the McKinly bill is perfect. He recognizes the fact that in the very nature of the subject, it is impossible to frame and pass a tariff bill that would suit everybody.

The Black Hawk War.

The sturdy pioneer who occupied Northern Illinois and Southern Wisconsin of civilization sixty years ago, often had the monotony of frontier life broken by conflicts with the Indians. The last struggle of any importance in this section occurred in 1832 and is known to history as the Black Hawk War, the moving spirit of the savage outbreak being the noted Black Hawk, chief of the Sacs and Foxes. Gen. Henry Dodge, afterwards senator from Wisconsin, was the leader in the hot pursuit which finally brought Black Hawk, with his warriors, women, and children, to bay near the mouth of the Bad Axe river, on the east bank of the Mississippi, in what is now Veron county, Wisconsin. The sun of the second day of August 1832, set upon a bloody field, and the result was the death of nearly all the braves, and the abrupt close of the campaign. The chief himself escaped, and died years after at his home near Rock Island, Ill. The locality of the battle is now marked by the village of Victory, so named from this engagment, situated on and reached only by the Chicago, Burlington & Northern R. R., the "Scenic line," which touches most of the historic spots in the upper Mississippi Valley. For further information as to the attractions of the line, tickets, rates and maps, call on your local agent, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen Pass. Agent C., B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

DESIRABLE FOR LADIES.

The new Fashion Journals published by A., McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York, are again on our table. The superiority of these Journals is abundantly shown on every page. "La Mode" is the smallest of the three, and is intended for family use. It has many styles for children, and is only $1,50 per year, or 15 cents per copy. "La Mode de Paris" is an elegant Journal, filled with everything of the latest style in Paris. This is a great favorite with ladies who wish to keep posted in the new styles as they come out. "Album des Modes" is also a popular Parisian publication, many ladies giving it the preference. It is replete with such styles as are patronized by the middle classes, its designs being neat and plain, yet all of the richest character. These three monthly journals claim to give the earliest fashions, and they are all printed in Paris. They contain lessons in practical dressmaking, which are of incomparable value and easy to understand. "La Mode de Paris" and the "Album des Modes" are each $3,50 per annum, or 35 cents for a single copy. Samples can be obtained from the house at single copy prices if there is any difficulty in obtaining them from newsdealers.

"The Livest of Living Methodists."

Probably the most timely feature of the October number of that peculiarly timely periodical, the Review of Reviews, is the group of articles apropos of the great Methodist International Conference that opens in Washington on October 7th, and lasts two weeks. Besides a general account of the Conference, in which some thirty different Methodist denominations participate, and a remarkable article by Mr. Stead upon the progress and influence of Methodism, there is a very brilliant character sketch of that young Boanerges of British Methodism, the Rev. Hugh Price Hughes of London. Mr. Hughes will be in many respects the most conspicuous man in the Washington assembly. He has been characterized as the "livest of living Methodists." The Review of Reviews illustrates these articles on Methodism with portraits of more than fifty of the most prominent Methodists of the present day, all of whom are expected to participate in the work of the Conference at Washington. The illustrations include all the Bishops of the Northern Church, ten Southern bishops, eleven of the most prominent visiting clergymen from Great Britain, and various others.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—L. K. Hassell—M. T. Hagness shipped three cars of wheat from Merrifield to Mr. Tharaldsen, the agent of the Farmer's Association at Duluth. He had 1,400 bushels more to ship, but had not time to get cars so he sold it to the elevator there, receiving 76 cents per bushel. The wheat he shipped to Duluth netted him 82½ cents per bushel. He figures it that he is out $87,50 on the wheat he sold to the elevator, and on the other hand that wheat he shipped gave him a profit of $110 more than he would have received at the elevator.

It now seems probable that the estimated yield of the Valley of 150,000,000 bushels of wheat was one-third too large. 100,000,000 bushels is a good deal of wheat.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

Beltrami, Sept. 24, 1891.

A game of cards was played here the other night to decide whether a wheat buyer would give one of the big farmers 40 or 50 cents per bushel for his barley. The farmer won, and we regret to say that it was followed by a big "wind storm" blowing from Ireland towards Germany.

Judging from the following circular the G. N. R. R. Co. must think the farmers are bigger fools than we take them for:

Barnsville, Minn., Sept 21, 1891.—On account of the very heavy grass crop this year and the increased danger from fire I wish to co-operate with all the farmers adjoining our right of way in protecting our mutual interests. I would respectfully suggest that each farmer plow a wide fire break on the edge of the right of way and we will endeavor to prevent the wide spreading of any prairie fire by burning the full width of our right of way.

H. L. James, Supt.

In order to prevent the snow from drifting on the track the R. R. Co must get rid of the grass on their right of way. It would be far cheaper for them to burn it than to cut it, but they need not think that the farmers in this township will help them, unless they get paid for it. The company gets enough out of them in freight.

Wheat around here averages about 20 bushels per acre.

J. P. Ellis, one of St. Louis' attorney's, who has hunted around here for many seasons, is with us again. Our people are always glad to see him.

P. Loveland is having good luck boring wells. He struck a flow of 1,000 barrels on W. Street's homestead and one of 300 barrels on the Dykeman farm.

The Union Sunday school has been discontinued. There must be but few christians in this neighborhood to let a Sunday school with 20 members die out or else they have little faith in the Almighty's power.

The youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Dahl, who died on Friday, was buried yesterday. The family in their bereavment have the sympathy of all those who have a Christian spirit.

Miss Olive L. Hallock left on Friday for St. Hilaire, where she is to teach the village school. Her Sunday school class here wish her unbounded success in her new field of labor.

Edna.

Mentor Items.

The most important event of the year, the harvesting, is nearly over, the grain being well in stack, with the exception of some that was left to thresh from the shock. Your cosrespondent has seen some yields of 15 to 20 bushels per acre, but thinks the average will not exceed 20 bushels at the outside.

W. W. Attix has proved to be a valuable member of the board of equalization by assisting in securing ten per cent. reduction on live stock, together with other matters of importance. We have at least had a man who was thoroughly alive to the situation and who made an attempt to represent the farming interests and sometimes this is a big item.

Since the bear hunt, an account of which appeared in The Journal columns, many of our people have seen bears—or say they have at least. Not long since J. O. Buhn was going to his place on the lake and encountered two bears in the road. He did not stop to argue with them but went out one side, thus giving them the right of way.

Other game seems quite plentiful. Several deer have been seen, ducks are plentiful and wild geese are getting ripe and appearances indicate a full crop. (No pun intended.)

The lake seems destined to be a greater resort than ever before. Several cottages have been built and the company of gentlemen from Grand Forks and Crookston that bought a tract of land on the lake shore last summer, we learn, has been making arrangements to build many more next season.

Minor Rood has built a fine yacht which now rides the lake like a swan and will play an important part in next season's business. The builder of the yacht, an old sailor, will make his headquarters with him this winter and be ready to build boats for all who require that kind of work.

Moe & Buhn have put a large addition to their store building to accommodate their fall trade which was never better.

Our daily train service proves a very great convenience that we are fully prepared to appreciate. Now we want a depot and then we are all right.

Occasional.

Bids for Grading Hurlbut Street.

State of Minnesota,
County of Polk. } ss.
City of Crookston,

Bids for grading and grubbing Hurlbut street, between Cowing and Hunter streets, will be received by the City Council of the city of Crookston on or before the 13th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25th, 1891.

E. C. Carruth,
City Clerk.

[24-25]

Backsetting.

I have 300 acres of breaking to backset and will let it by contract to responsible parties. Inquire at the farm, west of Carman. [21-24] E. S. Corser.

Bids for City Physician.

Bids will be received by the City Council of the city of Crookston for the position of City Physician, who shall furnish all drugs and medicines and be paid a monthly salary. All bids must be filed with the City Clerk on or before the 13th day of October, 1891, at 7:30 p. m. The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated the 25th day of Sept. A. D 1891.

E. C. Carruth,
City Clerk.

[24-25]

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

— OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
Crookston, - - - Minn.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA
PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.75
North Star,	2.60
Fife,	2.25
Skip Jack.	1.25

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER. Prop
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

THE FAIR.
THE FAIR. DEPARTMENT STORE THE FAIR.
—IS THE—
Cheapest Store in Town
Sells strictly for Cash and marks goods accordingly.
CORNER MAIN AND ROBERT STREETS. } - - { SUCCESSORS TO THE CROOKSTON BANKRUPT STORE.
THE FAIR.

MEMBERS OF THE
Home Supply Association,
OF CHICAGO.
ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, Etc.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My price
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8 75	8.00

Double Buggy Harness.	
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,	$15.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	14 50
Double Farm Harness.	
No. B.xC.-Home Supply price	$24.25
" " G. W. Peake's "	22.50
No C 38—Home Supply "	25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "	28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "	28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top	15c to 25c
" " straight Java	20c to 60c
" " rawhide center	90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars	$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks	50c per pair
Webb Halters	25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle	$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain	90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles	$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,
Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets

W A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N, B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

(First publication October 1st, 1891.)

State of Minnesota, County of Polk—ss.
District Court,

Steenerson Bros., plaintiffs, vs. Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in a justice's court in the said county, a transcript of which judgment has been duly filed in the District Court aforesaid, said judgment being rendered in favor of Steenerson Bros and against Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendants, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½nw¼) of Section thirty-three (33); also southeast quarter (se¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lot six (6) of Section twenty-eight, all in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-seven (47) west. And that I shall, on Friday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson in and to the above described property to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to fifty-seven dollars and 29 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 3d day of March, 1890, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 29th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minn.

P. J. Russell,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [24-30]

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

E. STEENERSON,
Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

Schmidt, the Painter,
CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
WALL PAPER.
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVER COATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.
Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Solt Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

New LUNCH ROOM,
IVER KROHN, Proprietor.
McKinnon's Block. Main Street.
Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.
ALSO A CHOICE LINE OF
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
GIVE ME A CALL.
I. A. KROHN.

Crookston Business College.

DEPARTMENTS:
Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting and English.
TEACHERS:
R. S. Knudson, Accountant; C. M. Wasson, Stenographer; L. E. Gossman, Attorney at Law.
Fall Term begins Monday, September 28th, 1891.
☞ New Catalogues and Circulars sent free upon application.
CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON
Attorney at Law
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

Dr. Leduc's Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 1, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.......Helena.......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.....................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.......... 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......... 8:15 a. m.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held in the City Hall on Tuesday evening, Sept. 22d, 1891. Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Steenerson, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Childs.

Reading of the minutes of previous meeting.

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Marlette, that the records be corrected by having it recorded that Ald. Schmidt was re-elected fire warden at the last meeting. Carried.

On motion the minutes as corrected were approved.

The ways and means committee reported upon the $150 for the fire department as follows: That the application be granted and the amount be taken from the fund derived from the State tax on insurance companies, and the same placed at the disposal of the fire department.

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Jerome, that the report be accepted and adopted. Carried.

The ways and means committee reported upon the ordinance relating to hitching posts as follows: Your committee upon ways and means to whom was referred the proposed ordinance licensing erection of hitching posts submit the following report: Your committee are of the opinion that hitching posts along the public streets would be an intolerable nuisance, and for that reason we would recommend that the proposed ordinance be indefinitely postponed. On motion the report was accepted and adopted.

The petition of residents which was referred to the Ald. of the 4th ward relating to the grading of Hurlbut street, between Hunter and Cowing streets, was reported upon as follows: That the grade had been established and recommended that the petition be granted. Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Steenerson, that the report be accepted and adopted. Carried.

At an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 22d day of Sept., 1891, Ald. Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Cromb:

Resolved, That the grade of Hurlbut street, between Fletcher and Cowing streets as proposed by the report and profile thereof made by the city engineer, be and the same is hereby adopted and the said grade is hereby established as in said profile indicated.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 22d day of Sept. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 23d day of Sept. 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Moved by Ald. Cromb, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for grading Hurlbut street, between Hunter and Cowing streets, and that the bids be opened at the next regular meeting of the council. Carried.

The finance committee reported upon the estimate of the city comptroller for the expenses of the city (for the next fiscal year) favorably, and that the necessary tax be levied. On motion the report was accepted.

A communication was received from the Grand Army of the Republic Post, No. 90, of this city, relating to the annual encampment of the Park Region Association, G. A. R. of the State of Minnesota, which will be held in this city next year. The G. A. R.'s that were present were invited to speak upon the matter and remarks were heard from Maj. Mix and others.

The mayor recommended that the council appoint a committee of five to look up a location and prices of land suitable for park purposes; also that the council refer the communication of the G. A. A. Post to the ways and means committee.

The city engineer presented an estimate and plan of a brick sewer from the east side of Main street to the middle of Elm street, also a communication relating to the same.

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the communication from the G. A. R. Post be referred to the ways and means committee and that they be instructed to report at next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Marshall, seconded by Ald. Steenerson, that the plans, profiles and estimates of the Main sewer be accepted and adopted and filed in the city engineer's office for future action. Carried.

The city engineer presented a written report upon the matter of the city grades and levels under construction by Engineer Starkey. On motion the report was accepted and adopted.

The city engineer presented a report upon the matter of drawing up an ordinance relating to sidewalks on the streets where the grade had already been established, and requested the council to add to that committee an assistant. On motion the city attorney was added to the committee.

The city engineer presented an itemized account of the cost of building sidewalks in the city for tax levy purposes.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

L. H. Walker, labor	$ 5 10
Fontaine & Anglim, merchandise	11 60
M. R. Brown, tax rebated	7 60
C. H. Mix, judge of election	4 50
L. D. Marshall, board of equalization	6 00
T. C. Stewart, registering	4 50
Geo. A. Ralph, R. R. fare to St. Paul	13 00

Moved by Ald. Jerome, seconded by Ald. Walker, that the report be accepted and the bills be paid. Carried.

Bill No. 741 of I. U. Jennings, amounting to $7.50, was referred back without recommendation.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the bill be allowed. Amended by Ald. Schmidt, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that the bill be allowed at the sum of three dollars. Amendment declared carried. The ayes and was then taken on the motion as amended.

Ald. voting in the affirmative, Buhn, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Ald. voting in the negative, Jennings.

Motion, as amended, declared carried.

Ald. Steenerson gave notice that at the next meeting he would move to reconsider.

The residents and business men along the west side of Main street presented a communication relating to the finishing of the sidewalk which is still uncompleted.

A petition was received from tax-payers and residents in Jerome's addition relating to the raising of the electric light on the bridge.

Moved by Ald. Marshall, seconded by Ald. Jerome, that the Crookston Water Works, Power & Light Co. be instructed to locate the light in Jerome's addition, in location and height as the city engineer may designate. Carried.

M. Watts presented his resignation as health officer to the council. On motion the resignation was accepted.

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Marlette, that Dr. C. E. Dampier be appointed as health officer; amended by Ald. Schmidt and duly seconded, that the clerk be instructed to cast the vote in favor of Dr. C. E. Dampier, which was done, and C. E. Dampier duly declared elected as health officer.

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that the clerk be instructed to advertise for bids for the office of city physician for the fiscal year, said bids to be opened at the next regular meeting of the council on October 18th.

Mr. John Ross appeared before the council and delivered to them a communication from the weather bureau relating to having the service in this city.

Moved by Ald. McGlogan, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the purchasing agent be instructed to purchase a set of flags for the weather service and that the chief of police be instructed to attend to the raising of the flags at the proper time. Carried.

The resolution for a sidewalk along the north side of 4th street, which the mayor vetoed, was read:

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 8th day of September, 1891, Ald. Walker offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Marshall:

Resolved, by the City Council of the city of Crookston, That a sidewalk six feet wide, made of white pine plank two inches thick, surfaced on one side, each plank to be not more than six inches wide and well nailed with twenty penny spikes upon three stringers, three by six inches dimension timber, is hereby directed to be constructed along and adjoining the north side of Fourth street, from the intersection thereof by Broadway street, in the city of Crookston, to the intersection of said Fourth street by Elm street, in said city, said sidewalk to be at least of as good quality as first common white pine timber, and is hereby directed to be constructed upon the line and grade to be established by the city engineer.

Upon the call of the ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marshall, Marlette, McGlogan, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 8th day of Sept., 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

To the Honorable the City Council of the City of Crookston:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith return to your honorable body the within resolution without my approval. I have refused to approve of same for the reason that I fear that in your action in respect thereto you have acted hastily and unadvisedly, and I believe that if you investigate the matter fully you will find that the improvement therein ordered is not at all necessary to the public welfare at this time.

Very respectfully,
ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Dated Sept. 9th. 1891.

Moved by Ald. Walker, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that the resolution be passed over the Mayor's veto.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Steenerson.

Ald. Marlette not voting.

Resolution declared carried by the President.

The city engineer presented an estimate of building a sidewalk along the west side of Main street, between Robert and Second streets.

Moved by Ald. Schmidt, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the street commissioner be instructed to build a watering trough on the corner of Broadway and 3d streets at a cost not to exceed $40. Carried.

At an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 22d day of September, 1891, Ald. Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Buhn:

Whereas, The city council has from the report and estimate of the city engineer ascertained the cost of constructing the sidewalk heretofore ordered built along the west side of Main street in front of lot 5, block one, original townsite of Crookston, lot 5 of block 4, Fletcher & Houston's addition to Crookston, and lots 2, 3 and 4, of block one, original townsite of the city of Crookston, to be the sum of $143.42, and that the cost of constructing such sidewalk in front of each of said lots is as follows:

N. Rapin, owner of lot 5, block 1, original townsite	$24 68
A. C. Cowing, owner of lot 4, block 4, Fletcher & Houston's ad	34 68
A. C. Cowing, owner of lot 2, blk 1, original townsite	34 68
A. C. Cowing, owner of lot 3, blk. 1, original townsite	34 68
N. Rapin, owner of lot 4, block 1, original townsite	34 68

Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the said amounts above specified be and the same are hereby levied and assessed upon and against each of said lots to defray the cost of constructing said sidewalk, and be it further

Resolved, That the street commissioner is hereby directed to cause said sidewalk to be built as heretofore ordered.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 22d day of Sept. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 23d day of Sept., 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Steenerson, that the fire committee and city attorney be instructed to draw up an amendment to the fire ordinance governing the pay of the fire department for attending fires, and such other additions as they may deem necessary. Carried.

Alderman Schmidt brought up the subject of slaughter houses in Sampson's Addition. Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Ald. McGlogan, that the health officer be instructed to investigate the slaughter houses, and if found detrimental to public health to order the same removed from the city limits. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

[20-tf]

Hubbard Items.

Revs. Millard and Mason, Sunday school missionaries for the American Sunday School Union, of Philadelphia, organized a Sunday school here a short time ago. The members named it the "Sand Hill Union Sunday School," and the services are to be held in the school house in district 17 every Sunday at 3 o'clock p. m. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Supt., J. C. Hayes, Assistant Supt., Matilda Johnson, Sec. and Treas., Ole K Oftelie, Librarian, John L. Ellingson. All who are interested in the study of God's word are cordially invited to be present.

School in the southern half of district 5 begins Monday, Oct. 5th, with the same teacher they had last term.

During the severe wind storm on Thursday last sparks set fire to some shocks on the Hayes farm. S. Brekke's blacksmith shop was burned to the ground the same day. No insurance. The wind also blew the tops off of every one of Paul Simon's stacks.

C. E. Ford, Jr., the rustling merchant from Beltrami, was calling on the Hayes Bros. this week.

The threshers near Climax will please bear in mind that if they want to keep out of fights they must let the "Elixer of Hell" alone.

NEILSVILLE.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
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CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
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THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
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Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

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Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — **FARM LANDS**

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Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

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Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

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☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

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Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all,

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and sixty-five and six one hundreths ($265.06) dollars, claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Benjamin Milette and Mary Milette his wife, mortgagors, to Narcissa Milette, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, A. D. 1886, and with power of sale therein contained, and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, A. D., 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 90, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-six (46), lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred sixty-five and six one hundreths (265.06) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 17th, A. D. 1891.

NARCISSA MILETTE, Mortgagee.
H. STEENERSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[22-28] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]
Last publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Noiseux and Rose Anna Noiseux, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $16.37 that became due November 1st, 1889, $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $22.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred sixty-nin and 48-100 dollars, ($869.48-100), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12) Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-four (44) containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 10th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton.
Attorney for Mortgagee. [22-28] [N. G. 83.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Sept. 3d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Welsh and Mary Welsh, his wife, mortgagors, to Jane M. Goodnow, mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of February, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 118, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of Section four (4), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 25th, A. D. 1891.

JANE M. GOODNOW, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[20-26] Crookston Minn.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

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Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

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Interest on time deposits.

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Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

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In connection which I will attend to in person

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

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Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.,

CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 8, 1891. NO. 25.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch.....	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column..	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

THE JOURNAL has upon its subscription list the names of some who are in arrears for several years. Last year our statements were sent out in December, too late for some of our farmer friends to arrange for settlement at that time, but most of them responded requesting that a statement be sent them earlier this year. We have been at work on our list for some time and have our statements nearly ready for mailing and expect to mail them this week. As we are very much in need of our money this fall and as we have cheerfully carried some of these names a number of years we trust that all such will make an effort to square the account as soon as possible. There are some people in this world who regard a statement of account in the light of a dunning letter and they get hot in the collar, but we hope we have none such on our list, as we intend to serve all alike, and we do not know why we should not send out one statement a year when we are subject to one a month from our paper house if we do not pay spot cash for our goods. If our paper accounts were allowed to run year after year without liquidation it would make no difference to us how long our subscription accounts ran, but we have paid out the good hard cash for every man whose account is in arrears on our books, and now that the crops of the country seem to enable all such to pay up we are confident that it will be done.

Kindly Meant, But---

Well, now, we are in a quandary for a fact, and all owing to the kindness of heart of Bro. W. G. Deacon, of the St. Vincent New Era, who sent us, last week a dinner ticket, good for one royal good meal, to be used on the St. Vincent fair grounds—ah, THERE's the rub, "ON the fair grounds." We might possibly arrange for transportation via the lightning express to St. Vincent, but how in the blazes are we to get IN TO the fair grounds where our elegant dinner is hung up awaiting us? We might just as well have an invitation to attend a banquet in the moon without the admission ticket to that institution. St. Vincent has made arrangements to cut a big cheese on the occasion of the fair and we should ever so much enjoy going up to see it—and yet a good dinner, but we don't relish the idea of going up and sitting on the fence out in the cold while some other fellow eats the dinner for which we have a ticket in our pocket—so near and yet so far, lacking only the quarter for admission to the grounds. Oh, Deacon, how could you thus tempt your brethren of the press? Knew ye not that the lack of admission to that charmed circle was an insuperable barrier to the enjoyment of that dinner? Never mind, though! If we can raise a quarter for admission to the grounds in time we will fool you and claim that dinner.

M. E. Kirsch went up to Euclid on Wednesday of last week and saw farmers pounding out No. 1 Hard wheat from the shock. This shows conclusively that up to that time the wheat had escaped serious injury from the rain.

The Noss family that will appear in our city on Wednesday evening, October 14th, was in the city about two years ago and captured everybody. We expect to see the Grand Opera House crowded to its utmost limits upon the occasion of their return. It is certainly one of the finest entertainments on the road, and all who saw the Noss family when they were here will gladly welcome them again. All lovers of good music will be sure to be on hand early.

FOR THIRTY DAYS.

DONNELLY BEGS THE FARMERS TO HOLD THEIR WHEAT A MONTH FOR AN ADVANCE.

HE CLAIMS THAT THE MINNESOTA CROP, IF HELD BACK, WILL BREAK THE MARKET.

ANOTHER BULL CIRCULAR TO BE ISSUED AT ALLIANCE HEADQUARTERS SOON.

St. Paul Dispatch.

Ignatius Donnelly has issued another circular urging the farmers to hold their wheat at least thirty days longer. In it he says:

"I think every intelligent man in Minnesota knows that wheat is now selling at far below its actual value; but the Alliance, as an organization, has not taken the responsibility of giving any advice upon the subject, believing it to be outside their function to do so, and a hazardous experiment to make in any official way. But it is very clear that, if not a bushel of wheat is sold in Minnesota by the farmers during the next thirty days, that the wheat pits of Chicago, New York and London would be full of dead "bears;" and the farmers would get for their wheat crop what it is really worth.

"Sell potatoes, barley, rye, anything else—stand off your creditors for a time, keep on ploughing—but don't sell any wheat for a month and see what will be the result. I do not say to you that wheat will go to $1.50 or $2 a bushel; nor do I ask you to hold your crop till next spring; nor do I speak in behalf of the State Farmers' Alliance, but in my individual capacity. I express my belief that the farmers are being robbed of one-fourth the value of their product, and that they should totally stop all sales of wheat for a time and then let it out slowly, so as not to break down the market."

MORE ADVICE.

The State will come out on Friday with another circular. The contents of the circular are much the same as that of the last one. This one simply takes up the wheat situation where the other left off. The crops of the ten years from 1880 to 1890 are taken as the basis of computation, and the circular holds that there is danger of exporting too much wheat. During the ten years in question it is claimed we raised 4,497,000,000 bushels of wheat. Of this amount 1,268.000,000 bushels were exported and 3,229,000,000 were consumed at home. The average population during those ten years was 56,000,000 people. We now have 64,000,000 people, and will consume 369,000,000 bushels, leaving for export 148,000,000 bushels. In other words, we raise 62,000,000 more than the average of those ten years, but we consume 46,000,000 bushels more, leaving only 16,000,000 bushels more for export.

The circular continues to say: We have now exported 50,000,000 bushels of our new crop and have 93,000,000 to spare, for 50,000,000 of which charters have been made at present. We export at the rate of 6,000,000 bushels per week and our surplus will be exhausted if we keep this up till Christmas. If we sell our wheat to Europe cheap we will have extraordinary high wheat prices here with a moderate boom, or we will have moderately high prices with an extraordinary boom if we hold our wheat for high prices now.

If we succeed in raising the price of cereals to the point the situation justifies the boom in business will be unprecedented and the workingmen will have the benefit of it like every one else.

It is a mistake to think that bread rises in proportion to wheat.

With wheat at $1 a bushel, a 5-cent loaf of bread weighs one pound in Minneapolis. A barrel of flour makes 230 pounds of bread, and the cost of the flour in a loaf of bread is about 1½ cents, the balance compensating the baker and grocer for work and distribution.

With wheat at $3, the cost of flour would not be three times as high as now, for the cost of manufacturing and packing would not be threefold, and as the bakers' and grocers' trouble would not increase at all, with the additional cost of wheat a pound of bread would rise from 5 to 8 cents, if wheat rose from $1 to $3.

Supposing a workingman's family used two loaves a day, his extra expense would be about 6 cents per day, if wheat should raise to a fabulous price, but a gain in wages would surely follow, which would compensate him tenfold for the 6 cents extra expense for bread.

THE NEW CIRCULAR.

In estimating our crop we have nothing tangible but the government papers. It is stated that the figures of these official documents are always below the reality, and that they are so this year; but, as the method of making this report in regard to acreage and percentage of condition has not changed, it is not particular whether it is over or underestimating the crop, as in either case it serves for comparison with other years.

To please those who object to the government report we will call the estimated bushels "statistical bushels."

During the ten years from 1880 to 1890 we raised 4,497,000,000 statistical bushels of wheat, of which we exported 1,268,000,000 real bushels, and consequently consumed 3,229,000,000 bushels at home.

Our population in 1880 was 50,155,783 and in 1890, 62,622,250, an average of 56,000,000 people during the ten years.

We have now 64,000,000 population. If 56,000,000 people consumed 3,229,000,000 statistical bushels in ten years, 64,000,000 people will consume 369,000,000 bushels in one year.

The government report gives the acreage as large as that of the year 1884, and says that the percentage of condition is a little below 1884, consequently the total yield in statistical bushels must be a little less than the crop of 1884, which was 512,000,000 statistical bushels.

No one has, therefore, any reason to suppose that our crop is more than 512,000,000 statistical bushels, of which we surely consume 369,000,000, leaving for export 143,000,000 real bushels, according to the experience of other years.

In other words, we raise 52,000,000 bushels more than the average of the ten years between 1880-1890, which counted in many enormous crops, but we consume 46,000,000 more, and have consequently only 16,000,000 bushels more to spare.

With the exception of three years, our crops from 1880 to1890 were exceedingly large, and to increase 62,000,000 bushels over their average is something so extraordinary that we need not look for anything better.

There is certainly no sense in comparing our present year with others by taking arbitrary figures for this year and the figures of the government report for others. If the government estimates are too low, it would only prove that the home consumption is larger, but not our export capacity.

We have exported 50,000,000 of our new crop, and have 93,000,000 to spare, for 50,000,000 of which charters have been made at present. We export at the rate of 6,000,000 bushels a week, and our surplus will be thoroughly exhausted if we keep that up till Christmas. There is almost a certainty that we will over-export, because our entire remaining exporting capacity is now probably bought by Europeans for future deliveries, and our people will be called on, without doubt, to economize in wheat consumption.

Some papers have criticized our advising farmers to hold their wheat because it would make the bread of our workmen too dear.

We think it will benefit the working classes nearly as much as the farmers.

If we allow our wheat to go out of the country at any price the Europeans wish to pay, we will over-export and have high wheat prices for all of next year without the benefit of great remittances from Europe.

On the other hand, if we hold our prices high, we will over-export also, but we will have much more money coming to us, and if we then have a kind of wheat famine, we will be compensated by an extraordinary boom in business.

In short, the situation is this: We will have extraordinary high wheat prices here with a moderate boom if we sell our wheat to Europe cheap, or we will have moderately high prices with an extraordinary boom if we hold our wheat for high prices now.

If we succeed in raising the price of cereals to the point the situation justifies the boom in business will be unprecedented and the workingman will have the benefit of it like every one else.

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Supposing a workingman's family used two loaves a day, his extra expense would be about six cents per day, if wheat should rise to a fabulous price, but a gain in wages would surely follow which would compensate him tenfold for the six cents extra expense for bread.

This will prove that we are not working against the interest of the working classes by our advice, but for theirs, to the best of our ability, and it will prove that we work for the interest of the manufacturers, merchants and the owners of real estate, in fact, for the interest of every citizen of this country, except, maybe, of the pawnbrokers, whose business thrives when everybody is depressed.

TRADE AND MONEY.

New York Press

Gold imports increase. It is estimated that the amount of gold in transit from Europe to the United States on Saturday night was in the neighborhood of $10,000,000. The prediction of Mr. Robert Griffen, the British statistician, that before $50,000,000 in bullion was sent to this country, both the Bank of England and the Bank of France would raise their rates of discount and check the movement, is discredited by financial authorities everywhere. As the Press on last Thursday pointed out, Europe is dependent upon our breadstuffs to avert famine this year. It must have our cereals to live. And it will have to pay for them in cash if we want cash. Raising the rate of discount would not alter this fact. It would only make the operation of purchasing more costly to Europeans. Mr. Griffen's other prophecy, that this country has become overloaded with paper currency to such an extent that a great financial crash is inevitable, is simply ridiculous. The tremendous gold exports of last spring did not impair public confidence in the ability of the government to redeem in gold all notes payable in that metal. Now that the specie tide is coming in instead of going out, and the country is becoming richer in gold every week, it is the height of absurdity to suppose that Americans are going to distrust the currency of whose stability they had no doubts when almost every departing steamship was lessening the amount of gold in the country. With the biggest harvest on record and an imperative foreign demand for all the food we can spare, Americans can afford to laugh at calamity shriekers, whether they are in Kansas or London.

Our wheat and flour exports for the week ending September 24 were 4,711,001 bushels. For the same week last year they were only 1,155,000 bushels from the United States and Canada both. The corn crop will be enormous. The extraordinary hot weather of last week has rushed the ripening of the late planted areas. The entire crop, late as well as early, is now safe. Reliable authorities estimate that it will be not far from 2,000,000,000 bushels—the largest yield ever known. The dimensions of the wheat crop are without paralel in our history. The yield of oats is also remarkable for magnitude. These great crops mean an immense and profitable traffic to the railroads. They mean rich remuneration for the farmers, and an unprecedented supply of food products for domestic and foreign consumption. In short, as The Press has repeatedly shown, they mean national prosperity in the fullest sense of the word.

The summerlike heat which has ripened the corn has tended to slacken some lines of fall trade in certain sections. The restriction, however, can be but temporary at most. It has not been serious anywhere. General trade shows an especial increase in Chicago, Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, St. Joseph, St. Louis and San Francisco. At Philadelphia, New Orleans, Cincinnati, Kansas City and Omaha it has been only fairly active. No special change in the movement of manufactured products has been noted at this city or at Baltimore. Cotton manufacturers are generally busy. Jobbers have been doing a good business in dry goods. Woolen goods sales are only fair on account of the heat. Staple cottons move slowly, but prices are firm, with some grades ⅛c. higher. Print cloths are firm. Ginghams sell well. Wool is quiet and firm. Cotton is 5-16c. higher. Leather and lumber are in fair demand, with firm prices. Boots, shoes, clothing, hardware and groceries, except coffee are selling freely. There is a small advance in Eastern manufactured iron. Pennsylvania reports a stronger and more active iron market. Steel billets are active in small lots at Philadelphia, and sheet mills and plate mills are running on increased orders. Inquiries for steel rails are growing. Anthracite shows a stronger tone but prices remain about the same.

The sensational movements of the stock market have been given daily in The Press. The wild manipulation of the Gould faction resulted in a sharp reduction in prices, but the end of the week saw a marked rally. The crop outlook, the wheat exports and the gold imports keep the tone of the share market bullish. The New York banks sent about $5,000,000 to the interior last week. Their gain from Treasury disbursements was about $1,000,000 less than that sum. The gold in transit has had a decidedly strengthening influence on the money market. Bank clearings at fifty-eight cities for the week were $1,338,729,760, an increase over the week last year of 2.5 per cent. At fifty-seven cities, excluding New York, an increase of 4.7 per cent. is shown. There were increases at Chicago, $10,318,487, and at Boston, $11,621,631, as compared with the week a year ago. New York's total increased $148,117,717 over last week.

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In the most Artistic Styles and Patterns.

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Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN McKinnon Block, Crookston

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 8, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 80.
1 Northern 79.
2 Northern 71.

See the races—if the weather is favorable.

The city is full of strangers in these days.

The County Board was in session last week.

Ed. Munson was up from Mallory on Monday.

Some stack threshing was done on Tuesday.

A heavy fall of snow is reported in Montana.

Too wet for stubble plowing, the farmers say.

John C. Welles, Esq., was in the city on Tuesday.

A. C. Wilkinson left for St. Paul on Monday evening.

Look out for the Noss family on the 14th. They are good,

The weather bureau predicts fair weather for awhile now.

Wheat was quoted at 81 in this market on Saturday last.

This weather makes a fellow think of the wood-pile and the coal-bin.

"Temple of Fame" entertainment to be given the last of the month.

O. Osmundson was up from Mallory on Monday on Probate business.

Comrade John Bauman came down from Fosston on Monday evening.

For bargains call on A. Sture at the new store in the opera house block.

Comrade Zarracher is busy nowadays making out pension papers for the old vets.

THE JOURNAL acknowledges a fine box of cigars from Grover Cleveland—a little girl.

Everybody will want to hear the Noss Family at the grand opera house on the 14th.

Wild geese have been flying over in great numbers every night for the past week.

President Cromb, of the Merchants' National Bank, visited the twin cities this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee, of Buffalo, N. Y., are in the city visiting their son Walter and his wife.

Halvor Steenerson went to St. Paul on Monday evening to attend a session of the Supreme Court.

Two prisoners escaped from the county jail on Monday night. Just got tired of staying there and left.

The working week opened up on Monday morning cold and wet; rather discouraging for threshing.

Judge Wood, who was murdered in East Grand Forks, was well-known and highly respected in this city.

A stack of wheat belonging to Martin Jenson was struck by lightning on Thursday last and burned up.

A few carloads of wood from the Mable Lake country come in occasionally. It finds a ready market.

Work on the new block on Monday was suspended owing to the rain. It was not much of a rain, though.

Hoch & Ott still continue to deal out the choicest cuts and are headqarters for the real genuine bologna sausage.

We would like to contract with some of our subscribers on the Fosston branch for wood. Could use a carload or so.

When Frank Meade hears of that shooting scrape in East Grand Forks, will he mildly consider himself endorsed?

Theodore Smith, who has been in the employ of N. P. Stone for the past summer, left for Chicago on Sunday evening.

The oldest inhabitant is raking his brain for a precedent to the rainy weather of this fall. He says he will give it up.

Mrs. A. W. Stewart and the children left for Merrill, Wis., last week where Mr. S. will engage in business and make his future home.

The police arrested a man named Geo. Elger at the Norman house on Monday morning, charged with stealing $2.50 from a boarder.

H. A. Mason was re-elected manager of the cornet band at a recent business meeting. The boys evidently know how to appreciate a good thing.

Knute Steenerson came up from West Superior to visit his brothers this week. Knute is engaged in real estate and running a legal shop on the side.

The ladies are cordially invited to call at Mrs. E. E. Bangs fashionable millinery store on Second street, examine new fall styles and get prices.

Reports from the threshing fields indicate that it will require several days after clearing up to be able to move the machines, as the ground is so soft.

Ole Rude's house was struck by lightning during the storm last week. The only damage was a wrecked stove-pipe and an ugly hole in the kitchen floor.

Rev. R. H. Battey preached the first of a series of discourses on "Character" at the Congregational church on Sabbath evening. This course promises to be very interesting.

Rev. C. F. Sharpe is the new presiding elder for the Fergus Falls district. Rev. J. J. Edwards has been assigned to the Crookston M. E. Church.

Remember the entertainment, "Temple of Fame," to be given by the ladies of the Congregational church, assisted by best local talent. Time and place later.

S. Cruikshanks has his threshing all done and sent one carload to Duluth which graded 1 Northern and sold for 93 cents. He averaged 22 bushels per acre.

The jury in the case of Gonyea vs. Brouillett found a verdict for the plaintiff for the amount claimed—$80 and costs. The case will probably be appealed.

A jolly load of Fisherites, consisting of R. Bain and wife, A. G. Rutlidge, of the Bulletin, and Miss Lulu Thompson, drove up to attend Uncle Tom's Cabin on Saturday last.

Mr. Kistenmacher has his new house plastered and will be ready for the carpenters to put on the finishing touches very soon. He has had scores of applications to rent it.

A. C. Wilkinson has secured rooms in the new block of Fontaine & Anglim and will enjoy the new system of heating his office by hot water. This is said to be far superior to steam.

Go to Sture's new store in the Opera House block for anything you need in the line of groceries or general merchandise. Sture can sell you choice goods at very close figures.

Dave says Doc. thought that cat was a fox "and you ought to have seen him c-r-a-w-l up onto it! He was the most surprised man in seven counties when he fired and the cat jumped."

Dunc Morris picked up an envelope on Tuesday containing a note drawn in favor of one Joseph Welles for $180. When last seen Dunc was hunting for Joseph to deliver up the pange.

Fred Rauch says we are way off about his "intentions" when he purchased that residence on Sampson's Addition. He says that his father and mother will soon arrive to occupy that cottage.

Superintendent of Schools E. J. Greffthen was taken sick on Wednesday of last week with typhoid fever and has been a very sick man, his temperature being over one hundred all the time.

North Star Lodge No. 39, I. O. O. F. will give a social hop, assisted by the Rebecca Lodge on the evening of Oct. 13th. Refreshments will be served. Casad's orchestra will furnish the music.

Maurice Hostetler, Charlie Misner's accomplished barber, leaves for Lakota, N. D., on Sunday next to open up a first-class barber shop at that place. Maurice is a jolly good fellow and an A 1 barber.

County commissioner C. DeMers informed THE JOURNAL scribe that during the recent hot weather his strawberry plants began to blossom freely. He is afraid that their calculations will be brought to naught.

Will Clements received a large consignment of grapes a short time since and put the price so extremely low that they all went off like the dew, and he was obliged to order another lot which will be on hand shortly.

Wilson has the fair fixed up in elegant shape. An outside view is a strong temptation to step inside and look over the elegant line of goods so tastily arranged. Wilson is doing a thriving business because he sells so cheap for cash.

The ninth annual dance of the Crookston fire dept. will occur on Thursday evening Oct. 29th at McKinnon's hall. These events are always the most enjoyable in this line and all lovers of the mazy dance esteem it a privilege to be present.

The Bulletin says that Hugh Thompson has decided to remove to Crookston to make this city his future home. Mr. Thompson is a host in himself to the city he calls his home, and THE JOURNAL will be pleased to welcome him to this city.

D. H. Beecher, an old-time citizen of Crookston, is going into sheep-raising on a big scale near Park River, N. D. He has engaged the services of a Scotch shepard and will commence with 2,500 sheep which are now being brought up in Montana.

The receipts of wheat at Duluth on Monday were of No. 1 Hard, 112 carloads; of No. 1 Northern, 823 carloads; of No. 2 Northern, 100 cars; of No. 3, 9 cars and no grade 14 cars—539 in all. On the same day last year 183 carloads was received.

Philip Porger and wife arrived from the west on Monday evening. Mrs. Porger stopped off to visit old friends in the city and Phil went down to St. Paul, returning on Wednesday morning. They will visit in this city awhile before returning to their western home.

Uncle Tom's Cabin was produced at the Grand Opera House in this city on Saturday last. This piece has been played so often that nothing but the very best of talent serves to present it creditably. Some of the characters were very well taken and others not so well.

Grover Cleveland and Judge C. O. Christianson are exchanging congratulations—a girl and a boy. On Saturday last Mrs. Cleveland presented the ex-president with a fine daughter, and on Wednesday, Sept 30th, Mrs. Christianson presented the judge with a bouncing boy. Grover and the Judge step high these days.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

A number of the friends of Mrs. W. Walker gathered at her residence on Tuesday evening, the occasion being the anniversary of the birthday of that lady, and left with her many testimonials of regard in shape of handsome presents.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson, general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassell, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

There don't seem to be so much wheat rolling into Duluth and Minneapolis since the rains commenced as before, so it would seem as though the rains may not be such an unmitigated evil after all—if they do not cause the utter ruin of the balance of the wheat yet in shock, and this does not seem probable.

H. P. Urness was arrested and taken before judge C. S. Spendley last Saturday, charged with assault with a dangerous weapon, the event occurring in a saloon in this city. After hearing evidence for plaintiff the defendant waived further examination and gave bail for his appearance before the next term of district court.

Clerk of the Court, L. K. Hassel, of Grand Forks County, with his wife, put up at the Central house on Monday evening, on their way home from a visit to McIntosh. L. K. was formerly a resident of this city where for awhile he published a paper in the Norwegian language. He has a fine position and is coining wealth.

Uncle Lipscomb is very much under the weather with dyspepsia this fall and not able to do much work, which worries the old man extremely, as he is one of those individuals who must always be busy about something to be perfectly happy. THE JOURNAL hopes he will soon get the better of his malady and be all right again.

Wm. Johnson was arraigned in Justice Spendley's court last week charged with having stolen a suit of clothes from the Sherman House not long since. The evidence was insufficient to convict and the prisoner was discharged. Later on new evidence come to light and Johnson was arrested and taken before Judge Christianson on Tuesday morning.

Peter Cornelius shipped several carloads of wheat to O. Tharaldson, agent of the Protective Association at Duluth. Mr. C. says his wheat netted him 5½ cents per bushel, (above all expenses, including his membership fee in the Association) more than he could have realized in this market. Pete will ship all his wheat to the Association.

East Grand Forks Courier:—Harry E. Ives, politician, banker, editor, grain buyer, townsite proprietor, village corporation and consulting attorney, came over from St. Hilaire yesterday and may possibly buy up several blocks of realty in this city. Mr. Ives enjoys the distinction of being the "heaviest" editor in the state—some 280 pounds.

Rev. C. F. Sharpe went to the conference meeting last week. The probability is that he will not be returned to this city where he has served so acceptably for two years and his many friends here, regardless of church relationships will deeply regret his loss and wish him abundant success wherever his lot may be cast. Mr. S. is an able preacher and a noble man,

Our thanks are due to those of our subscribers who have kindly remembered us on subscription this week. It seems as if those little favors were never so welcome to us before in all of our sixteen years of newspaper work in Minnesota. We suppose there are times in the life of every man when he can appreciate the friendship of his fellows in a peculiar degree.

The sad news of the death of Miss Lelia B. Clements was received on Tuesday morning. Miss Clements has been ailing for some time and last week was taken to Hallock to consult a physician there. The remains were taken to Little Falls for interment. This is said to have been the wish of Miss Clements herself who, while there on a visit to her uncle, selected the lot and requested to be buried there.

Jack McLaren says he can rig up a machine that will grind the sugar beet and extract the juice as cheaply and rapidly as cane juice can be extracted. In this case we can see nothing to prevent the manufacture of beet syrup enough to supply this country. Henry Nolan's experiment seems to demonstrate that the syrup is in the beets all right. We suppose the next step—to make the sugar, is more complicated.

Special Bargain Sale!

—OF—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

AND SILVERWARE,

AT

C. H. SAAKE'S

JEWELRY STORE!

In order to make room for my new Fall Stock, I have decided to make Sweeping Reductions on all my goods of every description.

☞ Come and see! My prices will tell their own story.

DIED.

BJOIN.—At the family residence, in this city, on Saturday morning, October 3d, 1891, at 7 o'clock, of consumption, Mrs. T. H. Bjoin, at the age of 31 years and 3 months.

Bertha Larson, daughter of Truls and Ellen Larson, was born in Winona County, Minn., on July 4th, 1860. In 1882 she came to this city to live, and on Nov. 1st, 1883 she was married to Thomas H. Bjoin. Four children have been born to them of which three survive, one having died in 1887. She was a faithful and consistent christian, a member of the Houges church, and it was largely owing to her individual efforts that that denomination secured a church edifice in this city which, as long as it shall stand, will be a living monument to her indefatigable labors to erect and maintain. Early last spring evidences of the presence of the dread disease, consumption, appeared, and all that the care of a loving husband could devise was done to save her life, and during the summer she was sent to Ada where the Koch system was tried without success, and later, Dr. Keith, of Minneapolis, was called to treat her, but all without avail and she passed gently into that sleep that knows no waking on Saturday morning. The funeral services were conducted at that church on Monday at 10 a. m. by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Westphal, and the remains were followed to their last resting place by a large number of her former friends and acquaintances.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

Opera glasses, marine and field glasses, telescopes, microscopes, compasses, &c., &c., at Saake's jewelry store.

Thomas Ulven, Secretary of the Farmers' Protective Association, came down from McIntosh on Monday evening and spent the night in the city. Mr. Ulven says that the Association is daily growing in numbers and strength and that they will soon own their own elevator at Duluth. He says that everywhere the farmers are loud in their praises of the system as far as they have tried it and so far they have heard no complaints.

FIFTY DOLLARS will buy a thoroughbred registered Holstein-Friesian bull. For particulars call at this office.

During the temporary absence of cashier Ellington the other day the boys in the bank rigged up Ellington's pet frog with pen in hand and spectacles on nose so naturally that several delinquents stepped up and offered to pay up those notes that were regarded as uncollectable. Ellington enjoyed the joke as well as the others and kept the frog on Andrew's desk to do duty for that official for several days—he may be there yet for all we know.

The great German eye water is the best known remedy for weak or inflamed eyes, or any inflamation caused by overwork or injury to the eye. It will improve, strengthen and preserve the sight. For sale at Saake's jewelry store.

H. B. Budd was one of the JOURNAL subscribers who did not give us a chance to render a statement but walked into our office several days before his year was out and put up for the coming year. Mr. B. says he has four or five days threshing yet to do; has threshed 5,000 bushels of wheat and 4,700 bushels of barley. The barley already sold graded No. 2, a grade that very little of our barley ever gets. Mr. B. thinks his unthreshed wheat is all right yet.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs would again announce to the ladies of Crookston and vicinity that she is now ready to attend to their wants for the fall trade, in all the very latest styles. She also has over 100 stamping patterns for embroidery of the latest designs and invites a call.

The case of Laurent Gonyea and Octave Gonyea vs. Michel Brouillett and Levi Bronilett was on before Judge Christianson and a jury on Monday; Martin O'Brien for the plaintiffs and E. M. Stanton for the defence. The suit was brought to recover payment for making a well, the defence setting up a failure to fulfil contract in that a sufficient supply of water had not been obtained as contracted for.

Who Was He?

Last week Wednesday the engineer on the N. P. south bound train thought he struck a man near the crossing of the Fosston line on section 8 in Fairfax and stopped the train to pick up the remains. A diligent search in the rain revealed no one so the train went on to Fertile where the conductor wired back to Crookston reporting the circumstances. On Thursday morning deputy-coroner H. Snepard and chief Gongea went out and made a thorough examination but found no body.

Choice Millinery.

The ladies will do well to call and examine my fall styles and new novelties. Opening until Saturday evening next. MISS HELEN HALVERSON.

A Card of Thanks.

I desire in this manner to return thanks to the many kind friends whose acts of kindness during the last illness of my wife, and the subsequent trying scenes, testified their sympathy with us in our troubles. T. H. BJOIN.

Call on C. H. Saake, the jeweler, for genuine bargains. Brazilian Axis cut pebble spectacles are natural stone, pure, hard and brilliant; will not scratch nor will moisture collect on them in going from a cold to a warm room.

Fall Millinery

OPENING,

On Friday, October 9th.

From 1 o'clock until 10 P. M.

The ladies of Crookston and vicinity are cordially invited to attend my fall opening on above date. I take special pleasure in calling attention to my stock this fall, feeling confident that if everything in the latest and newest styles and novelties will please, I can suit your taste and wishes.

MRS. E. E. BANGS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

For Sale Cheap!

A thoroughbred registered Holstein-Friesian bull For particulars call at this office.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Oct. 10th, 1891.

Boyle, George
Hoy, James
Sharron, Napoleon
Davidson, T. P.—2
Sicotte, Caliste
Thompson, Louis

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

Grand Opera House!

Wednesday, Oct. 14th.

ENGAGEMENT

—OF—

THE NOSS

JOLLITIES

—AND—

COMPANY OF COMEDIANS

IN THEIR LATEST MUSICAL SKIT,

"A QUICK MATCH,"

INTRODUCING

NEW NOVELTIES, }—{ SONGS AND DANCES,

—{ A QUINTETTE OF SAXAPHONES }—

—AND—

MUSICAL ODDITIES.

☞ Usual prices. Secure your seats at the Opera House.

GRAND DISPLAY!

A Great Stock!

Generous Bargains!

Were the flattering remarks made by the ladies who visited the store during the "opening."

Now we are ready for business. } - - { "Come on Mrs. Macduff;" we shall be glad to sell you

Anything you need, from a paper of pins to a bran fired new Dress.

The Fashionable Fabrics

For Autumn are found in the handsome new Homespuns and Tweeds, with Camel's Hair and Boucle Knots and Plaids, Mixtures, Bourettes, and other rough effects, 38, 42, 44 and 54 inches wide, at 25c, 50c, 60c, 85c and $1.00 a yard.

IN HIGHER ART

"Novelty" Pattern Robes, we are headquarters. Only one pattern of each coloring in stock, and

☞ NO MORE CAN BE HAD WHEN SOLD. ☜

Underwear!

YOU can guard against sudden changes in the atmosphere and protect yourself from colds, catarrh and consumption, by being warmly clad in such Underwear as you can get at Fontaine & Anglim's,

In Endless Variety.

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests 25c
" natural wool " 85c
" scarlet " 75c
" Jersey Union Suits $2.50

Flannels!

50 pieces of Clear Lake Flannels at 35c

Blankets!

100 pair 10-4 at $1.50. }
100 pair red 10-4 at 3.00. } SPECIAL VALUES.
Ice Wool 20c a box.

Cloaks. Jackets.

In Ladies' Cloaks and Jackets we're the acknowledged leaders—"others follow." Our garments are the best, our prices the Lowest. That's why we do the largest Cloak business in the Northwest. The stock is larger, and the prices smaller than ever before. Call and get prices before purchasing.

CARPETS.

One more word well worth remembering. "Many a Carpet looks entirely different when you get it home from what it does in the store, simply because the salesroom is imperfectly lighted. Never select a carpet in a room imperfectly lighted, or you are sure to be disappointed. Our carpet room is the best lighted room in the city. There are windows from the roof as well as the sides of the room, and the light is perfectly diffused to the remotest corner.

Ingrain Carpets from .... 18c to $1.00 a yard.
Brussels " " .... 69c to 1.00 "
China matting " .... 20c to 60c "

Fontaine & Anglim,

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. I have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Every one invited to attend service at the Congregational church next Sabbath. "Modern Air-ships in Religion." "Reading and Character." The second in Sunday evening course on "character." Services open promptly at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Come and invite your friends. Sunday school at 12 to 1. Parents are invited to send their children to the Sabbath school, which is a busy hive of Bible students, happy in fellowship, and taught by wide awake and competent teachers.

On Friday an individual went into Durand's store slightly under the influence of liquor and becoming obstreperous policeman Ellingbo was called in to invite him to go outside. This he refused to do and seized the officer and began to choke him vigorously. Chief Gonyea happened in about this time and was obliged to club the man to make him let go of Ellingbo, and so violent did he become that they were obliged to take him to the lockup where they kept him until morning when he was waltzed up to the Justice' office fined and released. If he had not been so extremely violent he would have been let off lighter.

The Thief River Falls Press gives Superintendent E J. Grefthen a severe hauling over the coals, claiming that he paid no attention to an order for school books sent by that district. In relation to this matter THE JOURNAL reporter interviewed assistant-superintendent V. D. Carruth who said that the order for these books was copied on the very day it was received in the Supt.'s office, by Carruth himself and forwarded to the proper source by the next mail and if there was any delay it was not in the office of the Supt. of Public Schools for Polk County. Probably Mr. Mussey will be willing, in justice to Mr. Grefthen, to publish this explanation of the affair.

Swan Anderson was down from Black River on Tuesday after a carload of lumber with which to replace the house that was destroyed by fire earlier in the season. Swan is one of those fortunate farmers who had their wheat all in stack before the rain and he says that there are probably not to exceed 500 acres in shock in his neighborhood and, if help had been plenty early in the season there would have been none not in stacks. Plowing he thinks cannot be re-commenced inside of a week or ten days owing to the fact that the ground is thoroughly soaked and is drying slowly. Lots of potatoes up that way but no market for them.

Our reporter dropped in on Tuesday afternoon to see the opening display of millinery made by Miss Helen Halverson and was delighted at the display of beautiful hats and bonnets there on exhibition; and the novelties she has this fall are something unique and lovely. She has secured the services of Miss Spaulding, an experienced and tasty trimmer from St. Paul, and feels more than ever confident of her ability to meet the requirements of the ladies of Crookston and vicinity whom she cordially invites to call and examine her styles and get prices. The opening continues until Saturday evening.

R. G. Marlette informs THE JOURNAL that he took an extensive drive about the country on Tuesday and finds that the damage to wheat from the rain is not as extensive as he had been led to suppose from reports. The wheat will be somewhat bleached and sheaves lying upon the ground are sprouting badly, but where the shocks were standing up well he saw no sprouted wheat. "There is one good feature in the matter that I can see, and that is if any grasshopper eggs were deposited their name is Dennis for they could by no means survive this long cold rain. It will surely rot the casings and thus destroy the eggs." If his theory is correct, and it seems reasonable to suppose it is the rains may not have been an unmitigated evil after all.

W. A. Marin, who was in a few hours on Saturday, was speaking about the relief for the hail sufferers and thinks some move should be made at once if anything is to be done. Perhaps as good a way as any would be to have some bank designated as a depository where all who feel so disposed could leave contributions. The greatest need at present, as THE JOURNAL has before remarked, is for oats to feed teams so that fall plowing can be done. After their present need had been supplied then other matters could follow later. It is not reasonable to suppose that every man can be fully compensated for his loss, but a few hundred dollars to every man who lost his all would be a big help and, in some cases, place the man upon his feet. The only objection to calling a mass meeting is the fact that this is an extremely busy time for farmers, but perhaps enough could attend to accomplish something. It certainly would do no harm to try.

Several farmers, while waiting for the clouds to roll by, were discussing the destruction caused by the hail storm in this vicinity and the project of calling a mass meeting at an early day was discussed. It would seem to THE JOURNAL that some such method should be adopted and that right away if those who lost their crops are to be relieved in time to do any plowing this fall. The greatest present need is for feed for teams, and that to be of any benefit must be had at once. Chris. Hanson suggests that the county adopt the assessment plan, that everyone be assessed 3 cents at next assessment time to provide a fund for future losses. That three men in each commissioner's district be selected as insurance commissioners. It strikes us that one in each commissioner district would be ample.

Our statements on subscription accounts we expect will be ready for mailing about Saturday morning. Notwithstanding the re-iterated statements of a jealous neighbor to the contrary, this is not a matter of charity but simple business. THE JOURNAL does not ask charity, nor does it ask a loan, but it simply asks all to whom these statements shall come to do their best to help us this year when we have met with great trials and a severe loss by hail, and we feel confident that every true man on our list will, just as soon as he is able, cheerfully respond to our request for the money that he honestly owes us. We do not believe that there is one man among the number, who, if he should be asked to donate a like amount to a worthy, unfortunate fellow-being, would for a moment hesitate to do so were it in his power so to do, but as we said before, this is not our case, and we have been thus explicit because our envious neighbor has seen fit to sneeringly refer to us as asking charity. Perhaps he considers all his own bills in that fight, but such is not the case with THE JOURNAL. Our bills are rendered for value received for hard work faithfully performed, and we are in no sense soliciting for alms. We expect to commence sending out those statements on Saturday and to continue to do so until all have been sent out.

Wm. Johnson, who was discharged on preliminary examination before Judge Spendley was re-arrested upon the finding of new evidence and had his examination before Judge Christianson on Tuesday morning. On the previous examination an alleged affidavit from one John Jamison, stating that the said Wm. Johnson was at work for him at the time that the robbery was committed here. This affidavit was purported to have been drawn and acknowledged by Judge Robert Wood, (the man who was shot at East Grand Forks on Saturday.) The document was awkwardly drawn in a cramped hand and Judge Spendley, suspecting something wrong, wrote to Judge Wood inquiring after the address of the said Jamison. The reply of Judge Wood, in his own hand, was so unlike the purported affidavit as to show forgery on the face of it, and moreover another letter, written in the same hand, as the alleged affidavit, came later, stating that others besides Jamison could testify to an alibi for Johnson. When Johnson was arrested the first time by Chief Gonyea no money was found upon his person and he had none when released, but when the Chief arrested him the second time he took from his person $67.35. Judge Christianson considered the evidence sufficient to hold Johnson to the grand jury and so ordered.

The Northern Minnesota Agricultural and Driving Association holds its meeting in this city Oct. 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th, 1891. One-half mile track and $2,000 in purses. Entries close October 12th, except running races which will close on the evening preceding the race. The following is the program:

FIRST DAY.

2:25 class—trotting	$200
3:00 " "	$100
Stake Race, 3 years old and under, owned in Polk County—$10 to enter, Association adds	$ 50

SECOND DAY.

2:30 class—trotting	$200
2:40 " —pacing	$200
½ mile running, 2 in 3	$100

THIRD DAY.

Free for all class—pacing	$250
2:45 class—trotting	$200
Pony running race—¼ mile, 2 in 3	$ 75

FOURTH DAY.

Free for all class—trotting	$250
2:35 class—trotting	$200
1 mile running—2 in 3	$125

In all trotting and pacing races the customary division of 50, 25, 15 and 10 per cent. In running races, 60, 25 and 15 per cent.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, Oct. 5, 1891.

The weather for the past two weeks has made the farmers who have grain in shock feel rather "blue."

Lewis Seeger raised on his place west of town 24 bushels of wheat and 45 bushels of barley to the acre.

All who have land for sale in this township have raised the price. One quarter section that was offered for $1,000 in the spring cannot now be bought for less than $1,600. Twelve hundred and fifty has already been refused.

K. O. Flakne has just struck a fine flowing well on his lot on Washington avenue.

C. M. Lowe came down on Wednesday evening to help the farmers thresh.

Harry Murphy, of Minneapolis, spent Saturday and Sunday with his brother-in-law, C. E. Ford, Jr. He took away with him a few geese as the result of his visit.

Five sections of swamp land west of Rolette were sold a short time ago at $10 per acre to a New York company, who will seed it to flax and next summer will put up a flax mill, either here or at Rolette. Half the grading is finished.

W. J. Nickle begins a five months term of school near Neilsville to-day.

H. B. Budd has rented the Herriott farm for another year.

Christians in this neighborhood who have studied the Sunday school lesson of October 4th, will please read Mathew 28:19 and see if the Master has not called them to do at least an hour's service for him each week. EDNA.

New Store! New Goods! New Prices!

Now opened in the McKinnon block, Main street, in the room formerly occupied by McKinnon Bros., a large and complete stock of general merchandise. We invite the public to call and look us over, get acquainted and get our prices. A special drive in cloaks. Call and see us at the new store on Main street.

O. B. WILLIAMS.

A FOUL MURDER

JUDGE ROBERT WOOD, OF EAST GRAND FORKS, SHOT DOWN IN COLD BLOOD

BY TWO HIGHWAYMEN

WHO ROB THEIR VICTIM OF HIS GOLD WATCH AND MONEY.

LIVED BUT A FEW HOURS

AND NEVER REGAINED CONSCIOUSNESS—THE MURDERERS ESCAPE.

Coroner's Inquest Today.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

The little city of East Grand Forks was the scene of a most atrocious murder about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, Judge Robert Wood, of that city, being the victim. Thus far the assassins are unknown and unpunished. The excitement over the murder is most intense and if the murderers were apprehended now it is more than likely that summary punishment would be meted out to them by the excited populace. The facts so far as can be learned are as follows. Judge Wood, who occupied rooms in A. W. Preston's house on Second street, was awakened about two o'clock by Johnnie Hardin, a young man who occupied his sleeping room with him. The young man was quite seriously ill and suffering considerably. Judge Wood dressed himself and after doing what he could to relieve his companion started out at 2:30 for a physician. He had gone but a block when he met his fate. George Chalice, who was on his way to his room a little before three o'clock, and while crossing Second street, stumbled over the prostrate form of a man lying across the sidewalk. The night was very dark and he could not discern who he was, but retraced his steps to inform the police. Officers Murray and Robinson had both heard the report of a revolver and proceeded in the direction of the sound. Mr. Chalice met Officer Murray and conducted him to the man who proved to be Judge Wood. A hasty examination showed that he had been shot in the head and fallen on the cross walk. He was picked up and taken to the city hall. He was found to be alive although unconscious. A messenger was dispatched for a physician and Dr. Erwin responded, and after an examination he pronounced the wound a fatal one, and that the victim could live but a few hours. A bullet had struck him squarely in his right eye without so much as injuring either eyelid. His face was somewhat burned and blackened with powder, showing that the villain must have held the weapon in the face of his victim. An investigation showed that Judge Wood's gold watch had been taken, the cloth chain he wore having been broken. His pocket-book was gone. Twenty-five dollars in bills in his vest pocket escaped the attention of the robbers, but as the judge was known to have fifty dollars in gold at least on his person the evening before, and as he was in the habit of carrying considerable sums of money, it is probable the highwaymen secured quite an amount. A fifty-cent silver piece was afterwards found on the ground where the shooting occurred. Judge Wood's revolver was found near by, each of its chambers, however, loaded. It is surmised that when attacked by the highwaymen, he drew his revolver to protect himself, but they were prepared for this and fired before he could use his weapon. Two pair of freshly made shoe tracks were visible on the sidewalk leading away from the scene of the shooting, the steps at a distance which showed they must have been made while running, and proving clearly that there were two assailants. further than this no clue has yet been obtained.

Judge Woods never regained consciousness and expired at 9:30 yesterday morning. Coroner Sheppard was notified at Crookston and arrived at ten o'clock today. A jury was impaneled with Mayor Brown as foreman, and an inquest has been in progress with closed doors. Dr. Erwin made a post mortem examination and found the ball, a 32, in the brain near the back of the skull, having passed directly through the socket of the eye.

Judge Woods was thirty-six years of age and unmarried. His folks live in Ontario. He had taken out a life insurance policy a short time ago for $1,000 for the benefit of his mother. The deceased had been a resident of East Grand Forks for several years and was one of its most honored citizens, respected by all. Last fall he was elected to the office of justice of the peace, and had filled the position very satisfactorily. He was a member of the Knights of Pythias and Knights of honor. The funeral will be held tomorrow under their auspices.

The saloon of Jacob Lobsinger, which occupies the corner building next to Second street where the shooting occurred was broken open some time after twelve o'clock Saturday night and some cigars, liquors and an overcoat taken. The theory is advanced by some that Judge Wood in passing by the place heard the burglars within and attempted to capture them, and met his death in so doing, but this has not been verified.

A telegram was received late this afternoon from friends in Ontario requesting that the remains of Judge Wood be forwarded to them for interment.

Mayor Brown has issued an order closing every gambling place in the city, and their paraphernalia will be confiscated if the order is not obeyed promptly.

TO DANCE BEFORE THE QUEEN.

Four Pretty Americans to Entertain Her Majesty With a Minuet.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Fashionable circles in this city are much exercised as to the identity of four pretty American girls who have arrived in London to dance a minuet before the Queen.

Their chaperon refuses to give their names, but says they are well known in the best New York society. A picture, however, is printed in the October number of The New York and Paris Young Ladies' Fashion Bazar, entitled "Pretty girls learning to dance the minuet," which gives some clew to their identity.

Society here also is interested in the fact that each of the four Americans is to wear a dress similar to the one illustrated and marked No. 8 in the colored plates of the magazine, which has partly revealed their personality and set fashionable circles agog.

The young ladies have been practicing the minuet for eight months before venturing to ask the privilege, which has been granted, of dancing before Her Majesty.

The New York and Paris Young Ladies' Fashion Bazar is for sale by all newsdealers. It will also be sent, postage prepaid, for 25 cents per single copy. The subscription price is $3.00 per year. Address

GEORGE MUNRO,
Munro Publishing House,
(P. O. Box 3751.) Vandewater St.,
New York.

Bids for City Physician.

Bids will be received by the City Council of the city of Crookston for the position of City Physician, who shall furnish all drugs and medicines and be paid a monthly salary. All bids must be filed with the City Clerk on or before the 13th day of October, 1891, at 7:30 p. m. The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated the 25th day of Sept. A. D 1891.
E. C. CARRUTH,
[24-25] City Clerk.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct 8th. 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 ($843.66) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Warren D. Palmetier and Ettie Palmetier his wife, mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of July, 1884, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 235, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty, (20) Township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) Range No. forty-seven (47) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated October 6th, A. D. 1891.
The New England Mortgage Security Company,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Attorney for mortgagee,
[25-31] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE
Crookston, Minn., Sept. 21st, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on November 6th, 1891, viz: JOSEPH MILLER, Jr., Hd. No. 11,912, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 41. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew Bakken, Samuel J. Ferin, William McAnulty, Andrew Abplenalp, all of Dugdale, Minn.

[23-28] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Oct. 6th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on November 21st, 1891, viz: JOSEPH JONDRON, Hd. No. 11,621, for the ne¼ Section 26, Township 148, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Duval, Andrew Lariviere, Louis Duval, Clement Payant, all of Crookston, Minn.

[25-30] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER. Prop
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED.
If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR.

DEPARTMENT STORE
—IS THE—
Cheapest Store in Town
Sells strictly for Cash and marks goods accordingly.

CORNER MAIN AND ROBERT STREETS. } — — { SUCCESSORS TO THE CROOKSTON BANKRUPT STORE.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR.

MEMBERS OF THE
Home Supply Association,
OF CHICAGO,
ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, ETC.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My price
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No C 38—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4.50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,
Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets

W A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

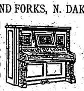
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA



PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.75
North Star.	2.60
Fife.	2.25
Skip Jack.	1.25

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
LEE & HERRICK.

Schmidt, the Painter,
—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.

FINE
SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

IN
Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.
Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

New LUNCH ROOM,
IVER KROHN, Proprietor.
McKinnon's Block. Main Street
Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.
ALSO A CHOICE LINE OF
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
GIVE ME A CALL.
I. A. KROHN.

Crookston Business College.

DEPARTMENTS:
Commercial, Shorthand and Typewriting and English.
TEACHERS:
R. S. Knudson, Accountant; C. M. Wasson, Stenographer; L. E. Gossman, Attorney at Law.
FALL TERM begins Monday, September 28th, 1891.
☞ New Catalogues and Circulars sent free upon application.
CROOKSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Crookston, Minn.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, MINN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.
CROOKSTON, MINN

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 8, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:35 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m.....................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad,

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South............ 7:24 p. m.

For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.............................. 8:15 a. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Comrade Flesch came down from Hansville last week to see the board of pension examiners.

The Noss Jollities introduce a great number of specialties in their comedy sketch, "A Quick Match."

A regular old-fashioned thunder shower occurred on the last day of September, and also on the first day of October.

The Press says that The Noss Jollities have become famous throughout the country, as they do just what they advertise.

Commercial men say that The Noss Jollities give one of the cleanest and best musical performances of any company traveling.

The rain of last week was the biggest event of the kind ever known at this time of the year. It is natural to suppose that this will end it for this fall.

Comrade Hamery was up from Fertile last week for examination before the pension board. A. J. is clearly entitled to draw more than the pittance he now gets.

There has been a greater demand than ever this fall for threshing machines and men. Owing to heavy straw one machine cannot thresh as many acres as usual.

The Noss Jollities' farcical comedy, "A Quick Match," suits everybody. Has plot enough to make it interesting; comedy enough to make it very funny; sentiment and music enough to make it an evening long to be remembered.

We expect to send out our statements as soon as Saturday, Oct. 10th. This will give all ample time to arrange for settlement this fall. To all to whom these statements are sent we have offered to receive payment at the rate of $1.50 per annum, the same as though paid in advance, if paid on or before January 1st, 1892, and one year in advance.

FERTILE ITEMS.

Fertile Journal.

Conductor Downer has charge of the gravel train that is now making Fertile its headquarters.

The Connery boys have just got through threshing. They had over 10,000 bushels of wheat, besides other grain.

A big black bear was seen near old Aldal, 1½ miles northeast of Fertile, last Sunday. Several farmers with pitchforks and clubs gave chase but old bruin took to the woods and has not been seen since.

Messrs. Truax, Carruth and Zarracher, of Crookston, represented the G. A. R. Post of that place at the camp fire here Saturday night. They are genuine "old soldiers" and can tell some hard things of the sufferings endured in the last war.

Mrs. Andrew Bak, of the town of Sundal, while in a pasture watering the stock was attacked by a vicious bull and was badly mutilated and but for prompt assistance would have been killed. This happened last week Tuesday, since which time Mrs. Bak has been unconscious and grave doubts are entertained as to her recovery.

CALVIN LA DUE DEAD.

Wednesday morning the sad news of the death of Calvin La Due reached our village, he having died the night before on his farm a few miles northwest of this place. The deceased had been feeling unwell for the past year but has always been up and around and it was only a day before he died that he took to his bed. Mr. La Due has been one of the most prominent and respected citizens of this neighborhood. He was a firm believer in Jesus Christ and he has gone to meet his reward. The deceased leaves behind to mourn his loss a wife and several children, besides his mother and one brother.

The funeral service took place at the residence to-day and the remains were interred in the cemetery at this place.

Thief River Falls Items.

Thief River Falls Press,

Editor Harry Ives, of St. Hilaire, was in town Sunday, viewing the improvements being made.

Otto Stoltz, who has been engaged in the livery business in Argyle for a number of years, was in town last week with the view of a possible investment. He has sold his business at that place.

During the past 24 hours a very heavy rain has been falling. It will stop threshing for some time and will, no doubt, start a great deal of grain to growing in the bundle.

During the past week, Chief Engineer Till, General Contractor Crook and Right-of-way agent Uline, all connected with the Great Northern extension, have been frequent visitors in and around this place.

Mrs. Chas. Wilcox and daughter Alyce, aunt and cousin of Mrs. F. H. Kratka, of Sunrise City, arrived yesterday to spend a month here. Mr. Wilcox is quite an extensive real estate owner of this place. Mrs. W. is very much pleased with our village.

Rev. Samuel Ferguson, of Fergus Falls, Presbyterian missionary working in the northern part of this state, arrived in town yesterday. Last evening he held service in the new school house which was filled. He gave a very interesting sermon-like talk. He intended to leave town to-day, but on account of the rain, will stay over till to-morrow and preach again this evening. Nearly money enough was contributed to buy a Sunday-school library, Mr. Ferguson contributing $10; the library will be sent immediately.

The Noss Jollities are the leading pioneers of musical comedy, and the only company traveling introducing a quintette of saxophones.

A Pure Baking Powder.

A baking powder that can be depended upon to be free from lime and alum is a desideratum in these days of adulterated food. So far as can be judged from the official reports, the "Royal" seems to be the only one yet found by chemical analyses to be entirely without one or the other of these substances, and absolutely pure. This, it is shown, results from the exclusive use by its manufacturers of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes which totally remove the tartrate of lime and other impurities, the cost of this chemically pure cream of tartar is much greater than any other, and it is used in no baking powder except the "Royal," the manufacturers of which control the patents under which it is refined.

Dr. Edward G. Love, formerly analytical chemist for the U. S. government, who made the analyses for the New York State Board of Health in their investigation of baking powders, and whose intimate knowledge of the ingredients of all those sold in this market enables him to speak authoritatively, says of the purity, wholesomeness and superior quality of the "Royal:"

"I find the Royal Baking Powder composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substance."

Prof. Love's tests, and the recent official tests by both the United States and Canadian governments, show the Royal Baking Powder to be superior to all others in strength and leavening power. It is not only the most economical in use, but makes the purest, finest flavored and most wholesome food.

Everybody patronizes The Noss Jollities, because their performances are clean and full of wit and humor, and are the theme of praise everywhere.

Firm Action Demanded.

The triumphant rebels in Chili, now in absolute military and naval control of that republic, appear to think that they can safely insult and maltreat American citizens residing there. Assuming that the late dispatches relating to the arrest of Americans at Valparaiso and the surrounding of the American Legation by a cordon of guards are true it is the obvious duty of the United State government to assert, with calmness, dignity and firmness, the rights of Americans in Chili.

War need not be apprehended at present. The Chilian government should be left in no doubt as to the assured fact that American rights must be respected, and that there will be neither hesitation nor limitation in compelling respect for them. If a conflict should come, there is no need of fear as to the result. Chili, with her new and powerful warships, might gain a temporary advantage, but in the end she would pay dearly for all injury done to the United States.

In any event the administration can be depended upon to protect the honor and interests of the nation.

Don't fail to see The Noss Jollities in "A Quick Match." It is one of the brightest and most sparkling musical comedies. It is immensely funny. It is positively original, and is novel in conception.

Warren Register:—Col Rice, of Montana, shipped 2,700 sheep to Crookston last week, where they were unloaded and driven to the farm of Judge Lakin, near Warren, he having purchased them from Col. Rice.

In Twenty Years.

To the citizen of the Old World, who is observant on his travels in the United States, this is a county where development is marvelously rapid. In Europe, a family, a town, or a city which cannot trace its history back more than two hundred and fifty years is as hard to be found as a black swan. Old towns have grown, but new ones have not been founded. Sixty millions more of people are here than a hundred and fifteen years ago. But if the development of a hundred or two hundred years seems wonderful to the European, what shall we say of the material progress of the last twenty years? A single illustration is enough. Twenty years ago this week, Chicago suffered an unparalleled loss by fire. The business district was destroyed and thousands of people left shelterless in the streets. What is Chicago now? The second city of the United States. What were the states west of the Mississippi twenty years ago? What they are now can best be ascertained by taking a trip over the Burlington system of roads, which reaches all important places in ten Western and Northern States. For any information as to rates, routes, and time of trains, call on your local agents, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C., B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Detroit Free Press:—"Billy" Norcross came in town Friday, from his hunting trip to Rice Lake, about thirty miles northeast of here. He presented such a grizzled appearance that he had to get a friend to go along and identify him before his family would recognize him. He says that ducks are thick, up in that country.

The marriage of the late lamented Elliott to Miss Beatrice Cleary is announced. The Thief River Falls Press goes into rhapsodies over the aforesaid Ezra J., giving him a royal send-off. Guess you did not live in this county at the time Ezra J. so "successfully filled the office of school superintendent," H. E.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

[20-tf]

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. Although very brilliant it is soft and agreeable. It emits no smoke, is ordorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for the manufacture of Pinsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line" and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel.

[24-27]

Bids for Grading Hurlbut Street.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk.
City of Crookston, } ss.

Bids for grading and grubbing Hurlbut street, between Cowing and Hunter streets, will be received by the City Council of the city of Crookston on or before the 13th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25th, 1891.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

[24-25]

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States, and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

(First publication October 1st, 1891.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court.

Steenerson Bros., plaintiffs, vs. Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in a justice's court in the said county, a transcript of which judgment has been duly filed in the District Court aforesaid, said judgment being rendered in favor of Steenerson Bros and against Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendants, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½nw¼) of Section thirty-three (33); also southeast quarter (se¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lot six (6) of Section twenty-eight, all in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-seven (47) west. And that I shall, on Friday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson in and to the above described property to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to fifty-seven dollars and 29 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 3d day of March, 1890, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 29th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [24-30]

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — FARM LANDS

NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. — LOW RATES

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. — Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. — In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.

Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

DRS. STARKEY & PALENS

TRADE MARK REGISTERED. DRS. STARKEY AND PALEN COMPOUND OXYGEN NOT A DRUG

1529 Arch Street, Philad'a, Pa.

TREATMENT BY INHALATION.

For Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Hay Fever, Headache, Debility, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all Chronic or Nervous Disorders.

"The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment," Drs. Starkey & Palen have been using for the last twenty years, is a scientific adjustment of the elements of oxygen and nitrogen magnetized, and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

Drs. Starkey & Palen's office records show over 50,000 cases in which their original (and only genuine) Compound Oxygen Treatment has been used by physicians in their practice, and by invalids independently. Over 1,000 physicians and more than 49,000 invalids.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a new brochure of two hundred pages, published by Drs. Starkey and Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a record of several hundred surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application. Read the brochure!

DRS. STARKEY & PHALEN,
No. 1,529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Please mention this paper when you order Com. Oxygen.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited,

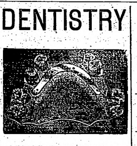
Terms $1.00 per Day.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and sixty-five and six one hundreths ($265.06) dollars, claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Benjamin Milette and Mary Milette his wife, mortgagors, to Narcissa Milette, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, A. D. 1886, and with power of sale therein contained, and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, A. D., 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 90, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-six (46), lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 20th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred sixty-five and six one hundreths (265.06) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 17th, A. D. 1891.

NARCISSA MILETTE, Mortgagee.

H. STEENERSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[22-28] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]
Last publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Noiseux and Rose Anna Noiseux, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $16.87 that became due November 1st, 1889, $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $22.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred sixty-nine and 45-100 dollars, ($869.45-100), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12) Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-four (44) containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 10th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [22-28] [N. G. 83.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Sept. 3d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Welsh and Mary Welsh, his wife, mortgagors, to Jane M. Goodnow, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of February, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 118, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of Section four (4), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 25th, A. D. 1891.

JANE M. GOODNOW, Mortgagee.

JOHN CROME, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[20-26] Crookston, Minn.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,

Opera Block - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

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O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

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BENOIT & SYLVESTER,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Merchants' Bank.
Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

Dr. Leduc's Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S AT LAW.
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 15, 1891. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum NO. 26.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVRY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	18 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Farm Ballad.

BY FRED W. DAVIS.

I love to live a farmers life,
And raise the golden grain,
I love to watch the deep blue clouds
A pouring down the rain,
I love to watch the lowing herd
A grazing far away,
O! let me live a farmer's life,
Let me while I may!

I love to hear the old church bell
A ringing Sunday morn,
I love to hear the gentle breezes
Blowing through the corn,
I love to hear the meadow-lark
Sing his merry lay,
O! let me enjoy what I love,
Let me while I may!

I love to see the furrowed ground
Richly colored black,
I love to hear the herding-boy
Make his long whip crack,
I love to run the mower,
Or be raking up the hay,
O! let me have what I love best,
Let me while I may!

I love to watch the woolly sheep
A coming in at night,
I love to watch the ending day
And see the fading light,
I want to live upon a farm
Until I'm old and gray,
O! let me live a farmer's life,
Let me while I may!

Grand Forks Plaindealer: The Lisbon Star is authority for the statement that the expression "He isn't in it," was first used by an editor who died and went to heaven, and looked around for the man who took his paper for three years, and then left it in the postoffice marked "Refused."

Moorhead News, Oct. 6: Rev. O. H. Elmer came down from Crookston last evening. He accompanied his mother, Mrs. Elmer, who has been visiting his family for the past six months, to her home with Mr. J. H. Sharp in this city. Mr. Elmer left over the Great Northern Railway this morning for Evansville, Minn., to attend the meeting of the Red River Presbytery in that town. From Evansville he goes to St. Paul, where he will attend the synod which meets there in the Central Presbyterian church.

Grand Forks Herald: S. M. McKee, proprietor of the Sunny Ridge Stock Farm, Crookston, Minn., has a fine exhibit of choice Shropshire sheep at the fair grounds which all who are interested in sheep husbandry, and everybody else, should not fail to see. Shropshires are conceded by the most successful sheep growers to be specially adapted to our northern climate and are growing in popularity every day with the stockmen of North Dakota. A few choice animals for sale. Don't fail to see them.

Warren Register: In a conversation with Senator Wood, a short time ago, he gave us some very interesting information concerning grasshoppers in the Indian Reservation, obtained while he was examining the surveys there this last summer. He said there were thousands of acres of marsh land, over which he passed, that had been stripped bare of grass by the grasshoppers, which swarmed in myriads in all the marshes, which were then free from water. These hoppers had evidently hatched from eggs deposited in, or adjacent to, the marshes, and, doubtless, deposited their eggs this fall, in like manner. The recent heavy rains have filled these marshes with water, which will destroy the eggs and save the adjacent country from a hopper scourge next season.

Los Angeles (Cal.) Express: "Ray L. Royce, with a strong company of musical and comedy specialists, presented 'Tom's Vacation' at the Los Angeles theatre to an appreciative audience. The piece is devoid of plot, and consists of a string of specialties, in which duets, quartets, banjo and guitar music and character impersonations predominate. These are put together in a very attractive and catchy manner. As an impersonator Mr. Royce showed marked ability, and his character sketches were true to nature. Josiah Perkins was an interesting character and well sustained. The ladies were above the average in combinations of this kind and captivated the audience." Will appear at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

OMINOUS IN CHILI

YORKTOWN ORDERED TO PROCEED WITH ALL POSSIBLE DISPATCH TO VALPARAISO.

THE GREATEST EXCITEMENT IN NAVAL CIRCLES CREATED BY THE HASTY DEPARTURE.

BELIEF PREVALENT THAT STARTLING AND PORTENTOUS NEWS HAS BEEN RECEIVED.

UNWONTED HASTE, HOWEVER, MAY PROCEED FROM THE URGENCY OF AFFAIRS IN HAWAII.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The United States warship Yorktown will sail today for Valparaiso. Special orders were received from Washington at the Brooklyn navy yard yesterday ordering the vessel to sail with the greatest possible dispatch. The order created great excitement, for while it was well known that the vessel, together with the Boston, was destined to sail for the South Pacific, yet such a hasty departure of the warship was entirely unlooked for. The belief was prevalent at the yard that important and startling information concerning the Chilian situation had yesterday been received by the naval department. The Yorktown, in addition to her own stores, carries a large amount of ammunition for the San Francisco and Baltimore.

Need To Watch Hawaii.

AUTHORITIES AROUSED TO ACTIVITY BY REPORTS OF ENGLISH INTRIGUES ON THE ISLAND.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—A special dispatch to the Herald from Washington says the reported serious illness of the queen of Hawaii and the serious political complications that are likely to follow her death have convinced the administration that it must be up and dsing if the efforts of the English government to secure supremacy in these islands are to be circumvented. The tidings have caused no little concern here, and the state and navy officials have dropped Chilian affairs for the time being in order to discuss ways and means for meeting the new contingency. The San Francisco, with Admiral Brown, will be ordered to Hawaii at the earliest moment that she can be spared from Chili.

No Revolt in Guatemala.

TROUBLES THERE AMOUNTED TO LITTLE MORE THAN A STREET BRAWL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—A special cable dispatch to the Herald from Guatemala city says it is not true that any serious revolt occurred there on Sept. 15 last. There was some slight excitement, but nothing important happened. Nobody was hurt. The rumor that an army is marching an the city from Quesaltenango is false.

PARNELL'S DEATH.

St. Paul Daily News.

The death of Charles Stewart Parnell removes another prominent figure from the active sphere of life. Its suddenness makes it well nigh tragic, though it seems to have been due to natural causes.

Mr. Parnell's career is too familiar to need any detailed recapitulation of it as a matter of information.

He was a man of great ability and wonderful power over men. There was a time when, as a leader of the Irish cause, he surpassed in popularity all of his predecessors, because the circumstances which surrounded him gave him greater power and prominence.

His matrimonial venture, however, marred his political career, and since then his life has been turbulent and that of an almost desperate man struggling to retain his waning power.

But whatever criticism may have been passed upon him in life on that account, it is unnecessary now to consider that. He has gone to another tribunal than that of the public opinion of the world, and his career should be reviewed rather for what he did as a a public man than as a private citizen.

That he was a firm and loyal friend of Ireland no one can gainsay, and that during his lifetime he did much to advance the Irish cause is unquestionably true.

It is far betther to remember him for the good he may have accomplished than to criticise him for his personal errors.

His life and death can both be said to have aided the Irish cause, for his sudden taking off will undoubtedly tend to tranquilize the discord which has arisen over him during the past year, and give the friends of Ireland an opportunity to battle for their common cause instead contending with each other.

IT IS GAMBLING.

PUTS AND CALLS ARE NOT LEGAL, BINDING CONTRACTS.

SO SAYS THE SUPREME COURT.

THE LAST DECISION OF THE APRIL TERM HANDED DOWN TODAY.

THERE MUST BE ACTUAL DELIVERY.

A DECISION THAT IS FAR-REACHING IN ITS BEARINGS AND OF GREAT INTEREST TO GRAIN MEN.

The supreme court this morning handed down the last decision in cases on the calendar of the April term. It was the case of Oscar Mohr et al. vs. Anton Miesen, appellant. The appellants, who are brokers in the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce, sued the defendant, Miesen, for money expended in the purchase and sale of grain. The answer sets up that the purchases and sales referred to were not actual purchases or sales of grain, but were merely colorable and were gambling transactions where the plaintiffs in form undertook to buy and sell on the Chicago and Milwaukee boards of trade, ostensibly for future deliveries, but without any intention or expectation on the part of either party that the same would be actually delivered, large quantities of wheat and barley, with the intention on the part of both parties of wagering on the market prices. The lower court held that the contract was valid.

The supreme court reverses the decision and holds in the syllabus that contracts for the sale and delivery of grain or other commodities to be delivered at a future day are not per se unlawful when the parties in good faith intend to perform them according to their terms. But contracts in form for future delivery not intended to represent actual transactions, but merely to pay and receive the difference between the agreed price and the market price at a future day, are in the nature of wagers on the future price and void.

Not Much of a War.

Charleston (Mass.) Enterprise.

More than one of our contemporaries have alluded facetiously to the "baking powder war." There is no war of the character indicated. A certain baking powder achieved fame because it was better than anything that had previously been prepared, and because it was advertised in a liberal, original and judicious manner. The success of this powder led to imitation, as success always does, but to assert or to imitate that there is war between the Royal Baking Powder and its more or less feeble imitators suggests the picture of a death grapple between an eagle and a house-fly.

KNUTE TALKS.

IN WASHINGTON—HE SAYS HE MEANT IT—TOO POOR FOR POLITICS.

A Washington special to the Minneapolis Tribune has the following:

"I am not a candidate either for the Governorship or Senatorship," said Knute Nelson this morning. "I am a Republican and am a believer in Republican principles, but I am only a private citizen practicing law and trying to make an honest living. When I gave you an interview three years ago, stating that I intended to retire from public life, and would not be a candidate for renomination to Congress I meant every word of it. I am a poor man and cannot afford to dabble in politics except to help my friends whenever I can, for they were always kind and helpful to me. I wish that the people would believe me and stop using my name for public places. I am out of politics for good."

"What brought you to Washington this time?"

"The steam cars brought me here and I came to look after business in the land office for some of my clents. As soon as this business is transacted I will return to Alexandria and go to work in my law office."

Announcement.

The eighteenth annual convention of the Minnesota Young Men's Christian Associations will be entertained by the State University Association in East Minneapolis, Minnesota, Oct. 21-25, 1891. The best speakers from church, college, railroad and business circles are being secured for this occasion. Any young man who is interested in the welfare of his fellows is invited to attend. A rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip has been given by the railroads on the certificate plan. Entertainment will be furnished those who attend. Further information may be obtained by writing T. A. Hildreth, 5 Syndicate Block, Minneapolis, Minn.

NO MIDDLEMEN.

FARMERS MAKE SOME CHANGES IN THE WAREHOUSE PLAN.

St. Paul Globe.

The principal promoters of the Farmers' Alliance scheme for doing away with the middlemen in the sale of farm produce met yesterday afternoon at Labor Temple and talked over some changes that must be made in the plan of operating the warehouse. As the plan was first adopted a good deal of capital would be required to operate the warehouse for the exclusive benefit of the farmers. Now it has been decided that as soon as $2,000 of the capital stock is paid in the operation of the warehouse will begin. The farmers also decided at the meeting yesterday that all produce must be paid for as soon as sold. That will give the producer the returns on his produce as soon as he could get it from the regular commission man. Out of the profits the expenses will be paid, and the residue, the net profit, will then be divided among the stockholders pro rata. All who were present at the meeting held yesterday were enthusiastic over the system. They hope to drive the middleman from the market, get better prices for their goods and make a little profit off the operation of the warehouse. The money that the farmer will receive as soon as the produce is sold, as mentioned before, will be the regular market price that he would receive from the commission man. The expenses of conducting the warehouse will come out of that. The next meeting will be held at Maple Plain, where the farmers can be reached to better advantage.

Higher Priced American Labor.

New York Press.

We have rarely seen a better tariff talk than the following paragraph from a column headed "Notes on Science and Industry" in the Sunday issue of a New York Democratic contemporary:

The singular fact is stated that the finest piece of broadcloth which ever left a loom was manufactured at the woolen mills in Vasalboro, Me. It was first exhibited at the World's Fair in London in 1851, and was exhibited at the Centennial in 1876, being pronounced by the judges in that line of goods as unsurpassed by anything of the kind there displayed; in fact, there is no public recognition recorded of any other manufacture of broadcloth superior either in texture or finish, and the only reason, as assigned, why these superior fabrics have not been made on a commercial scale is because of the higher price of American labor.

"The higher price of American labor." That tells the story. One such fact as that is worth all of would be Speaker Roger Q. Mills' misty theories about the higher priced labor being necessarily "more effective" than the cheap labor of Europe. It is more effective when it operates the machinery that accomplishes more than hand labor can; but to give a country the benefits of such machinery, it must keep its home market for its home producers.

It is only where there is a large market, and a sure large market, that people will take the risk of operating a plant of costly machinery, or invent plenty of such machinery for others to operate. The question between protection and free trade is simply this question between well paid labor and cheap labor; simply the question whether a thing that the consumer wants cheapened shall be cheapened by going backward to cheaper labor, or by going forward to improved machinery and cheaper production with better paid labor.

While County Attorney Holston was at East Grand Forks on Wednesday the police were on track of three men whom they has reason to suspect were interested in the Woods murder and they gave the description to Holston and told him to watch out who got on at Mallory and if these men did to secure the aid of Marshall Reilly of Fisher and arrest the men. They did not get on at Mallory but they did at Fisher and Holston did not get a chance to get the marshall. On the way to Crookston he came along to the seats they occupied and after talking with them made up his mind they were the men he wanted. At Crookston one got off behind and two at the forward part of the coach, and Holston, while keeping an eye on the two also kept watch for a policeman. He soon lost sight of his men and just then caught sight of Ellingbo whom he quickly informed what was in the wind and together they went across to the White Elephant. On the cross-walk they passed the three fellows in earnest conversation; a little beyond them Holston said to the officer "those are your men." One of the men, seeing that the officer had no revolver in his hand, made a break for the depot, followed quickly by the officer but managed to escape in the darkness among the box cars; the others fled in the opposite direction and all got away. No doubt, had they been caught some stolen property would have been found on them.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the morst Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. GERVAIS, The Hustler

REOPENED

—AT—

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

The Discovery of America.

Three hundred and ninety-nine years ago this week, Christopher Columbus came in sight of the Western Hemisphere. To be exact, it was three hundred and ninety-nine years the 14th day of the present month. Familiar as it is to every child at school, and commonplace as the mention of it seems now to be, it is really one of those wonderful events in the history of our world which seems like romance when we come to learn the particulars of the story. Dying in poverty and neglect, the Genoese stepped from a troubled life to a place among immortal names. If his spirit is cognizant of what takes places on earth. It must be proud to know that all the great nations will soon send their representatives to the land he discovered to do honor to his achievements. To that celebration, the World's Fair at Chicago, the whole northwest desires to go, and when choosing a railroad route, they will make no mistake if they take "The Burlington." It reaches many prominent cities besides Chicago, and to ascertain rates of fare connections, etc., call on any ticket agent of this or connecting lines, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C.,B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Shut Up Shop.

County Attorney A. R. Holston went over to East Grand Forks on Wednesday with a view to closing out the gambling establishments and since that the Grand Forks papers have announced that the gambling houses have quietly closed up and that the proprietors thereof have left for green fields and pastures new. That is as it should be and several other institutions of questionable nature should follow suit, then, perhaps a few less robberies and murders would transpire.

Just like our luck. Just as we had decided to go up to St. Vincent and trouble the Deacon for that fair dinner, we received notice from him that the fair was postponed until Nov. 5th and 6th because it was not fair weather. Well now, Deacon, that wasn't fair doncher-no.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON. Main Street, Crookston.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants Ban

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 15, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 83.
1 Northern 82.
2 Northern 75.

C. W. Lowe was in St. Paul last week.

O. H. Lucken went up to Mentor on Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Johnson was up from Fisher on Saturday.

W. E. McKenzie, of the Times, went to St. Paul Friday.

Mrs. W. W. Fegan returned on Wednesday from a visit to Minneapolis.

Sam Huggard was out to the farm last week, returning Saturday evening.

Melville Milne occupied the pulpit at the Baptist church on Sabbath morning.

The boys were feeling pretty blue on Monday over the prospects for the races.

Remember "The Temple of Fame" at the Grand Opera House. Date announced later.

Geo. W. Sprague, formerly President of the Alliance, came up last week to visit Supt. Grefthen.

S. A. Sylvester took a run down to the old home in Pope County, returning on Tuesday morning.

A great many farmers improved the pleasant weather during the last half of last week to stack their wheat.

The Grand Forks News commenced a daily issue last week. The daily is a typographical picture and chock full of news.

Henry Nolan boasts of a turnip weighing 14 pounds. the product of Henry's farm. It measures 32½x28¼ inches.

Will Hoch was exhibiting 55 ducks on Monday morning. He did not say when he got 'em but they all died since Saturday.

The Great Northern road is making special efforts to get plenty of threshing machines into the country to take care of the grain.

Last Sunday was a bad one on wild ducks. Hundreds of 'em died suddenly after listening to a sharp report by the festive hunter.

Janesville (Wis.) Recorder: Ray L. Royce is equal to Nat Goodwin or Sol. Smith Russell. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

A. C. Wilkinson has his new parlors in the new Fontaine & Anglim block fixed up in elegant shape and looks as cosy as a bug in a rug.

All who are to take part in "The Temple of Fame" are requested to meet next Saturday evening at the Congregational church for practice.

Andrew Eiken's handsome face and smiling countenance may now be seen behind the counters of Gervais & Gervais. Andrew is the beau ideal of a clerk.

Agent W. W. Fegan showed us a copy of a Japanese railway time table that would be handy to use on the St. Vincent line, because no one could understand it.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. Mrs. E. E. Bangs.

It strikes us that the leaves on the trees are greener than is usual at this period of the year. Some predict a long open season for plowing for this reason this fall.

Platt Walker and ex-marshall Denny had a contract for surveying on the Reservation, but upon going up there they got discouraged and will back out—if possible.

Try the new barber firm of Thomas & Smith the Main street barbers. Everything in the very latest style of the art. Remember the place, Main street, opposite McKinnon Block.

The Grand Forks Herald says that Bert Welles has gone to Benson as the enlargement of the Commercial House in this city is again in the soup. Bert was figuring on coming here to live.

Some wheat that was threshed on Saturday from the shock and hauled in graded No. 1 hard. That don't look like very serious damage—but it makes a difference how wheat was shocked.

Superintendent Grefthen commenced to gain on Friday last and is now said to be improveing rapidly. He was a very sick man for a time. His brother was up during the week to take care of him.

The threshing machines were humming lively on Saturday and Sunday and up till about 10 o'clock on Monday when it commenced to rain again. A good deal of grain was saved however.

By a postal from our old friend Lester Gray, asking for change of address on The Journal we learn that he has gone from Washington to Oregon. We wish him abundant success in his new field.

J. H. Hill, Esq., of Jacksonville, Ill., returned to his home after a fortnight's visit with his daughter, Mrs. J. W. Wheeler. While here J. W. took him up to see his new farm at Thief River Falls.

Wheat reached 83 cents Saturday morning, showing conclusively that the circular issued by the clerk of the weather recently that obliged farmers to "hold their wheat" has its effect upon the prices.

Charlie Thomas has associated with him in the barber business Mr. Smith, who for a few weeks past has been working in his shop. The boys are good barbers and will make a good strong team.

The Royce & Lansing Comedy Company that is advertised to be at the Grand Opera House on Nov. 2d has been in this city before and was well liked. No doubt they will get a full house, as they deserve.

The Wilson Comedy Co. has engaged the Grand Opera House for the week beginning November 16th. This company, it will be remembered played one week in this city in the old opera house to a crowded house every night.

Will Himmelbach was in on Saturday picking up a crew to go out and stack for him next day. Said his grain was now ready to stack and he was going to save it if working day and night and Sunday would do it.

The Board of Railroad Commissioners notify us that they will be in session all day in Crookston on Oct. 19th, ready to listen to any and all complaints that may be preferred. If no other place is provided they will be at the hotel.

Monday from ten o'clock proved to be one of those days which have been altogether too frequent of late—rainy. If this sort of thing lasts until winter wheat now in shock will not amount to very much—except a bill of expense.

Minneapolis is getting a big hustle on herself to secure the coming republican national convention and with flattering prospects of success. Every loyal Minnesotian, of whatever shade of politics, will do all he can to second the motion.

Comrade Snyder reports the loss of a farm horse one night this week. The animal got cast in the stable and when found in the morning was past all help. It was one he bought of J. O. Milne and J. O. used to set much store by that old mare.

Architect A. E. Permain was married at Christ church, St. Paul on Monday Oct. 12, to Miss Lilla Back who came over from England on purpose to be present on that interesting occasion. The happy couple will be at home in this city after October 15th.

Capt. Convrette says he only succeeded in threshing his oats and barley and 1,700 bushels of wheat before the rain stopped operations. "We shall now stack what wheat is left and let it go through the sweat in stack and see if that will bring it back to color," said he.

Joseph Boiselle intends to bring suit against the Red River Lumber Co., for damages, alleging culpable carelessness on the part of the company whereby the plaintiff broke his ribs and suffered other internal injury. He has retained Martin O'Brien, Esq., and the action will soon be commenced.

A. C. Wilkinson gave The Journal man a potato which he raised in his garden that, when dug, was half as heavy as Cleveland's new baby—four pounds. We have it now on exhibition in our office—the potato we mean. Wilk. says he has no doubt he has many tubers that will weigh a bushel.

The responses to our subscription statements have been numerous and encouraging. At this rate our list will be collected up closer than ever before. It would be extremely gratifying to us could it all be collected this fall, and we have faith to believe it can if our friends will all make a little effort in our behalf.

On Saturday last J. B. Roome dropped in to square up one year ahead, three or four weeks before the year was out and informed us that he was on his way to York State to attend a family reunion to be held there in a few days. He may not return to Polk County before spring as he thinks some of going south to see the boys in Louisiana during the winter.

Dr. J. H. Thomas went down to Ada on Monday to try the new method of dentistry upon all who need a good set of teeth. The doctor is one of the pioneer dentists of Crookston and is well-known along the line in Norman, Polk, Marshall and Kittson Counties as an A 1 workman and genial whole-souled man. He is prepared to warrant all work done by him.

The attendance at the Congregational church has increased very encouragingly of late which must be very gratifying to the pastor, Rev. R. H. Battey who has labored so faithfully to that end. Mr. B. preached a very powerful discourse on Sabbath morning which he called "Modern Air-Ships in Religion." All cordially invited to enjoy these services.

The Journal is informed that many farmers are stacking their wheat. We believe that this is wise as it will have a tendency to restore some color to bleached wheat. There will be enough wheat that was stacked and wheat in shocks to keep the machines busy until the wheat now being stacked is ready. The damage to wheat seems to be principally from bleaching.

About 6 o'clock on Friday, Martin Finseth drove up in front of the Fair building on Main street and jumping out of the wagon ran inside intending to be gone only a minute. Hardly had he disappeared within the door when something frightened the team which started south along Main at a rattling gait. The fence on the river bank stopped them and they were captured without injury to any one. They were driven back to the store before Mr. F. knew what had happened, and he was much surprised as the team is very quiet generally.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

The ladies of the Congregational church are getting up a play—"The Temple of Fame" that will be presented at the Grand Opera House some evening in the latter part of October, the exact date for which will be announced later. No pains nor expense will be spared in the effort to provide an enjoyable season. Everybody come.

Hugh Thompson, as he departed for Fisher on Monday morning said to our reporter: "I do not know but what you fellows who lost your crops by hail were in luck after all, as you did not have the expense of harvesting and if this morning's prospects for rain are fulfilled it will be mighty liable to ruin all the grain now in shock. I tell you the condition is critical in the extreme, as it would not take much to spoil the wheat that is now in shock."

Joe Harris hitched his broncho team to the telegraph in rear of the Fair on Saturday and a passing freight train scared them so badly that, failing to get away they threw themselves upon the ground and became so tangled up you could not tell tother from which. Harris came out of his office, straightened 'em up and found everything all right except the buggy tongue which was broken.

Casselton Republican: Conductor Copeland, who runs a train over the Great Northern from Crookston to Minot, is doing a great missionary work in favor of North Dakota and for Christianity. He is one of the most popular conductors on the line and a philosophical student. Last Sunday afternoon he delivered a lecture at Minot on the "Triumph of Christianity." Next Sunday afternoon he will talk on "Modern Canada," which he says is the Mouse River Valley.

Fifty Dollars will buy a thoroughbred registered Holstein-Friesian bull. For particulars call at this office.

T. G. Thompson received last week by express a thoroughbred Irish Setter from the Elm's kennell, St. Paul, presented by his brother-in-law. The dog is a beauty and T. G. says is a magnificent hunter. He's had him out for trial already.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

There is a marked falling off in the the receipts of wheat at Duluth this week. On Monday only 415 cars were received as against 792 the week before. It would seem that the notice served by the clerk of the weather to hold your wheat seems to be more effective than any quantity of "hold your wheat" circulars issued by speculators or any other man.

Knute Steenerson, while in the city, has negotiated the sale of his St. Hilaire property. Knute has been coining shekels down in Superior and says business has shaded off some since last spring but he looks for a resumption of lively times soon. He thinks Duluth is bound in time, and a very short time, to be the largest city in Minnesota because it has the Red River Valley behind it.

Geo. Ralph returned from the Reservation last Friday night and goes to St. Paul this week to secure another contract. In relation to the amount of damage sustained by the wind storm he says he thinks the reports over-estimated it though much timber was blown down. He says he never saw a harder rain storm than they experienced, some 18 inches of water falling in 24 hours. He expects to return to the Reservation as soon as it freezes up.

On Sunday last C. Anderson's cow came home missing and he at once instituted a search. After awhile he entered Hoch & Ott's butcher shop and found a hide that he thought to be the one that his cow was in the habit of wearing on Sundays. So he caused the proprietors to appear before judge Christianson on Monday. Several witnesses appeared who thought that was the old cow's dress all right enough and the case was postponed until next Monday. It is needless to say that Joe Hoch is not the man to waylay and butcher an old cow and those who know his partner, Ott to know that he aint built that way either.

10 DON'TS.

DON'T wait until the Rush before you buy "that" Fall Cloak you need.

DON'T expect that the Underwear bargains of ours are going to last forever.

DON'T imagine that Carpets are sold cheaper at any place in the entire Northwest than they can be bought for at our store. We are headquarters for carpets and draperies.

DON'T forget that we are agents for Butterick's Patterns.

DON'T freeze to death. Buy one of those home-made Comfortables, that you may feel some comfort under them.

DON'T imagine that we are out of those 20 cent Wool Hose.

DON'T wait long before you "snug up" for winter, and bring us a memorandum of the few things you need to make your house luxurious.

DON'T forget those 50 pieces of Clear Lake Flannels at 35 cents per yard.

DON'T imagine, dear reader, that we cannot send you samples of anything you may need.

DON'T fail to come in and see us. We have the Largest the Best and the Most Complete stock of Dry Goods carried in this Northwest.

Yours, Respectfully,

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

In spite of all we can say and have said some of our subscribers persist in misinterpreting our statements to mean a demand for immediate settlement and they write us that they have not threshed as yet, etc., etc. Now we well know that many have not threshed and we do not expect them to pay us before that and we do not want to have them worry about it either. Our statements go out early in order to inform each one of the sum due and to give him a chance to pay it

WHEN HE GETS IT,

and while we hope and expect that each one will liquidate just as soon as possible we do not intend to crowd any man who is honest with us nor do we expect or ask impossibilities from any. Our statements plainly ask for settlement before Jan 1st 1892, before which time every farmer will have his wheat threshed and marketed no doubt. We are receiving so many letters with promises to pay after threshing that to answer all immediately would take more time than we can spare just now so we give this general notice requesting each to make a personal application.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson, general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassell, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Letters like the following are always appreciated, doubly so this fall. A valued subscriber writes as follows:

Ramsey County.
Office of Judge of Probate.
St. Paul, Oct. 10th, 1891.

H. E. Cooke, Esq., Crookston, Minn.:

Dear Sir:—Enclosed will please find my check for $3.00 for my subscription for The Journal. Would have sent you the money long ago had I known amount. Reproduce within clipping. I thought it was pretty good when I saw it. Yours, respectfully, XXX.

The clipping referred to is as follows:

He walked in and put down a dollar, a silver dollar, that clanked like a carriage wheel in the stillness of the sanctum. Said he, "There, take it and credit my subscription quick." What's the matter?" we said. "Well," said he, "last week I was fishing out on Maple Lake; a thunder storm came up, and it rained and thundered and lightning flashed all around me. I crawled into a hollow log to escape it. The rain made the log swell up till I was fastened in and nearly sqeezed to death. I began to think of all my sins and to repent. Suddenly I remembered that my subscription to The Journal was not settled up, and I felt so small about it that I was able to back right out of the log at once."

List of Letters remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Oct. 19th, 1891:

Dategaus, P. J.
Kielmann, August
Rasberg, Miss Mary
Strickland, Ralph
Jeske, Miss Matilda
Olson, Peter (Ungstad)
Stavnes, Hans Olson
Shelly, David E.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

The hop at Oddfellows Hall on Tuesday evening was hugely enjoyed by all present.

Charlie Pierson, Wright Barrett & Stilwell's man, was in the city on Monday. One reason for the success of W. B. & S. is in the fact that their travelling men are the very best in the field.

Invitations to all to attend services at the Congregational church next Sunday. Rev. R. H. Battey will speak at 11 a. m. on "Modern Air-Ships in Religion" (second sermon), and at 7:30 p. m. on "Music and Character," S. S. at noon. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m. to which all young people are cordially and earnestly invited.

Kittson County Enterprise:—Senator A. H. Bertram was registered at Hotel Hallock on Tuesday. The Senator tells a pretty good story on a farmer near Crookston who was plowing while he was passing. He said there was water on every side, but the farmer kept right on plowing and over his shoulder he was carrying a fishing rod and line and was hauling out pickerel as he drove along. Of course this is considerable of a fish story, but it shows that those men down there near Crookston are trying to combine business with pleasure.

Rev. R. H. Battey delivered the second lecture of his course on "character" at the Congregational church on Sabbath evening to a large audience. These lectures are highly entertaining and instructive and will be a regular Sunday evening feature until the course is finished. Mr. Battey has the faculty of presenting the truth in a very entertaining manner so that one never gets tired with the services.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Jacobus and family leave for their new home in Vancouver this week. Jake," as he is familiarly called, was one of the earliest of the early settlers of this city, and was, we believe the first station agent here for the old St. Paul & Pacific R. R. Co., now the Great Northern, coming in 1872 he spent the summer here, and, when the financial troubles came to the road in the fall he went to St. Paul where he spent the winter and in the spring he engaged with the Northern Pacific road as telegrapher with the construction corps, and went with that road as far as Bismarck. In the fall of 1873 he re-entered the employ of the St. Paul & Pacific road and remained in their employ until 1880 when he engaged in other business and finally, when the electric light plant was put in he took charge of that as general manager. In 1877 he was married to Miss Margaret Ross, sister of Wm. Ross, who was one of Crookston's first merchants and who finally went into the Merchants' National Bank as cashier when that institution was founded. Six children have been born to them, five being now living, the oldest of which is Ray, 14 years old on the 1st of June next. Mr. Jacobus is a Grand Army boy, a member of Col. Cobham Post a hustling, energetic man who has always been alive to the best interests of our city. Mr. and Mrs. Jacobus will carry with them to their new home the best wishes of a host of warm friends and they will long be missed by every one of the old settlers who, with them formed the nucleus of our prosperous city. Mr. J. has secured a good situation for the winter and a permanent one should he desire it, but The Journal echoes the wish of many of his friends that he may yet see his way clear to return and spend his declining years in the city he has done so much to build up, but in case it is ordered otherwise we heartily wish him and his a prosperous career wherever their lot may be cast in the future.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Inasmuch as there is no vacancy at the present time in either of the three militia regiments of the state, the military company recently organized in our city will be compelled to remain as an independent one until after the meeting of the legislature, or until some one of the companies in the state service fails to pass muster at some inspection in the future; thence it will be compelled to keep up its own expense account, and for that purpose quite a large sum of money will be required. To properly uniform forty men, as required by the militia law, will incur an expense of at least $500.00; therefore, rather than start a subscription list among our citizens for the purpose of raising any portion of that sum, the company have entered into an agreement with W. L. Palmer, of our city, to put upon the stage at the Grand Opera House, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, October 19th, 20th and 21st, 1891 the grand military allegorical drama entitled "The Rebellion," of which he is the author, for the purpose of raising at least a portion of the required amount, and the company hope that the citizens of our city and the county will liberally patronize this entertainment. Mr. Palmer has given much thought upon this drama, and having been a soldier for over four years during the war, has certainly incorporated into it everything that can be thought of to cause it to reflect upon the mind a true panorama of the greatest civil war known in history. He put it upon the stage at Fergus Falls four years ago in March last, when it captured the town, but as it has been greatly improved since that time it will be placed upon the boards in our city for the first time in its improved form, and the company feel assured that our people will not only enjoy a great treat in its production, but a surprise and a pride that a citizen of our town has conceived such a brilliant drama, and that our citizens and soldiers can render it so artistically. On behalf of the company, I subscribe myself,

Your obedient servant,
P. J. Russell, Capt.

Special Bargain Sale!

—OF—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,

AND SILVERWARE,

AT

C. H. SAAKE'S

JEWELRY STORE!

In order to make room for my new Fall Stock, I have decided to make Sweeping Reductions on all my goods of every description.

☞ Come and see! My prices will tell their own story.

Wanted at Once.

A dining-room girl, a kitchen girl and a laundry maid. Good wages paid. Apply at Commercial Hotel.

J. A. Bemis.

The Races.

Owing to the rains the races have been declared off until next week, when, if the weather permits they will occur according to program.

Not Obnoxious.

There is not one word, action or situation in the great drama, "The Rebellion," that could not be witnessed by any one, no matter how religiously inclined even, with propriety. It is not calculated to jar upon the sensitive nerves of people as are some of the "blood and thunder" dramas written of the great war, but does actually carry an audience from the beginning to the end of the struggle, "just as things happened." It is a lesson to both old and young, while at the same time is is replete with mirth, pathos, patriotism, endurance, danger, suffering and tragedy. Do not fail to be present at least one night.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

Oct. 12th, 1891.

Union Sunday school services in the school house near John J. Ellingson's every Sunday, most of the time at 10 a. m., but on account of preaching next Sunday morning it will be held at 3 p. m. All children ought to be present. Others interested in the study of God's word will receive a warm welcome.

If the name of the P. O. in Vineland was intended to describe the scenery and the quality of land in that vicinity the name is surely very appropriate for it does "cap the Climax" in Polk Co.

The attendance in the five schools now in session in this township is very small compared to the number of children who are of school age. Before many years the parents will learn that the places of honor and usefulness in the U. S. are reserved for the men and women of character and trained minds and having a fair knowledge of the English language.

Miss Matilda Johnson spent Sunday at her home in Fisher.

T. T. Kiland and Mr. Paulsrud of Crookston are helping the boys thresh.

S. C. Hayes and J. C. Hayes and wife attended divine services in Belmont, N. D. last Sunday.

Two dances this week, one at Ole Spokkeli's near the Red River and the other at Tom Olson's. All who attended say they had a good time.

For many years East Grand Forks has had a bad reputation and from late reports it is worse than ever. Such a stench hole injures the reputation of our county, keeping many excellent people from coming here. But if the majority of the people there are opposed to all things which have a tendency to drag humanity downward the remedy is very simple—vote out the saloons. Bums, thugs, gamblers and low-lived villains never stay long in a place where liquor cannot be easily obtained. We are not prohibitionists but if we lived in East Grand Forks we would work early and late all fall, winter and spring to get votes enough to banish the saloons and make it what the unfortunate justice Woods wanted the rest of the world to believe it was, a law abiding, quiet, peaceable little town. Neilsville.

WANTED. SALESMEN. Local and Traveling, to represent our well known house. You need no capital to represent a firm that warrants nursery stock first-class and true to name. Work all the year. $100 per month to the right man. Apply quick, stating age. L. L. MAY & CO. [26-33]
Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.
(This house is responsible.) ST. PAUL, MINN.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

STILL LOOK FOR SITES.

The Alliance Elevator Committee Has Several Excellent Propositions For Sites For Their Big Warehouse.

An Expansion of the Scheme is Now Planned to Include a Farmers' Union Coal Dock.

Duluth Herald, Oct. 10.

The committee representing the Minnesota Grain Growers association, in its endeavor to obtain an elevator site at the head of the lake, met with Mayor Davis and others at the city hall this forenoon. They have been offered a suitable site on the lower bay, just south of the Imperial mill, by Owen Fergusson for $40,000. Some time ago L. Mendenhall, who owns a tract of land just south of the Fergusson property, told Mayor Davis that he would sell it at a low price for a manufacturing enterprise. He is now out of the city and Mayor Davis has asked him to telegraph on Monday what he will do. It is thought that a site on his land will not cost over $24,000.

The St. Paul & Duluth has offered a site for practically nothing on the St. Louis bay side of Rices point, where it owns a large amount of property won in a late lawsuit.

The Superior people have been claiming that the elevator has been secured for the other side of the bay. There is nothing in it. The Superior people have thus far done some talking but have made no proposition. The committee promised to go over there again and so they are there this afternoon. They have agreed to meet in St. Paul at some future date and discuss any propositions that may be made. The chances are decidedly in favor of Duluth.

It is the intention to build a coal dock at the extreme end of any property the association may acquire, in order to furnish farmers with coal. The association is intending to make a big hustle for business.

There is no periodical published that so thoroughly meets the requirements of the entire household as "Peterson." Its varied contents offer at the same time entertainment and instruction. The November number is full of fine illustrations, and among its stories are "Christine," by Miss M. G. McClelland, one of the best short stories we have ever read by this popular author, and "The Gap Between," by Frank Lee Benedict. "The Isles of Many Names" is a charmingly illustrated sketch. Minna Irving contributes a beautiful poem, "The Flight of the Birds." "Folk-Lore of Finger-Rings," "Upholstering at Home," and "Some Interesting Relics," are all good and full of useful information.

Some pretty designs and valuable suggestions for making Christmas gifts are given. The Fashion and Household departments are, as usual, admirably edited.

For 1892, the magazine will be strengthened by some new contributors—among them Julian Hawthorn, Effie W. Merriman, author of "Pards," Henry Cleveland Woods, and Andre Gerard, a noted French writer. This additional talent will add much to the value of "Peterson."

Terms: Two dollars a year, with large reductions to clubs, and an elegant line of premiums for those who will get up clubs.

Send for a sample copy with full particulars and get up a club for this popular monthly.

Address Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Good One.

One thousand dollars will be paid by The Queen to the lady or gentleman, girl or boy, forming the largest list of English words (of not less than four letters) from the letters contained in "Queen Souvenir Spoon." Five hundred dollars will be paid to the one sending the second largest list and one hundred additional good prizes given in order of merit. Those sending list must enclose $1.00 for one year's subscription to The Queen, a large forty-eight page family magazine. Compititors enclosing fifteen U. S. two-cent stamps extra to cover expense of mailing, etc., will receive free one of The Queen's elegant souvenir spoons of Canada.

The Queen is the most popular family publication and has the largest circulation of any in Canada. Sample number with full particulars of competition postpaid for six U. S. two-cent stamps. Address The Canadian Queen, Toronto, Can.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

OCTOBER MEETING.

At the meeting of the County Board in October a grist of bills were allowed and other business transacted as follows:

School petition of B. O. Lindberg and others was granted; that of W. Sarge rejected; that of Lois Chairmond, also of H. T. Anderson, and of John Logan and of Barney Haggerty, all granted.

M. E. Kirsch reported progress of repairs on the Carman bridge, and the Auditor was instructed to draw an order for the sum of $253.33 for completion of said repairs.

Bond of A. Kaiser as Surveyor General of logs and lumber approved.

A communication from N. K. Hubbard was read and action thereon indefinitely postponed.

The Norwegian Methodist church lot in Clement's Addition was ordered stricken from the tax list.

A committee composed of the Auditor and the chairman was appointed to consider the matter of the county maps made by Geo. A. Ralph.

The petitions of the Scandia-American Bank and 1st National Bank recommended to State Auditor for approval.

Committee on hospital reported no aid from outside parties.

Bid of McKinnon Bros. to furnish 40 tons of coal accepted.

The petition of H. Gundro and others for opening and maintaining a county road in the towns of Crookston and Gentilly, granted, and the auditor instructed to direct the supervisors of said towns to open said road, and commissioner DeMers was authorized to procure a release of damages for right of way.

Bills allowed:

Red River Lumber Co.	$ 34 08
J. S. Dwyer, dept. sheriff fees	17 95
W. E. McKenzie, printing	303 12
D. McDonald, wit. coroner's case	3 50
Thos. Young, mill wood	17 50
John Evanson, cleaning vault	14 00
E. K. Green, wit. fees, justice court	1 00
Andy Locken, wit. fees, justice court	1 00
Chas. Lindell, wit. fees, justice court	1 00
E. A. Fisk, Assessing	16 00
O. Ostenson, grad'g and ditching	80 00
Flanders & Cahoon, mill wood	35 00
B. J. Mehan, lumber	14 99
Munn Bros., repairing jail	3 00
Brown & Tracy, stationery	19 00
Pioneer Press Co., "	36 00
Dr. C. E. Dampier, med. for prisoner	1 50
C. S. Spendley, justice fees	10 10
Wm. Marin, repairing jail	1 25
J. H. Locken, stamps	13 25
E. J. Grefthen, postage and ex	15 25
C. U. Webster, " "	18 44
E J Grefthen, institute work	17 50
Alderman & Sylvester, hardware	2 60
F Thero, repairing sidewalks	3 00
S Gibeau, mdse to paupers	10 10
A C Cowing, hardware	50
L Rivard, repairs on c'r house	25 75
J E O'Brien, hardware	17 68
M E Kirsch, serv school notices	35 80
P Bodine, printing	73 78
A G Rutledge, printing	42 18
Thief River Falls Press, printing,	7 50
W R Bierly, printing	10 50
Wm Findieson, hopper catchers,	22 00
Jos Smith, mdse for hopper catchers	9 50
M E Kirsch, freight on hopper catchers	80
E J Duffy, printing	2 90
Nels Muus, court fees and ex	23 02
Red Lake Falls News, printing	22 06
A O Stortroen, com meeting	9 00
M E Kirsch, com. work	38 00
R Johnson, work on road	50 00
J P Johnson, com. meeting	13 50
R R Dalen, printing	1 00
O L Hamery, surveying	22 00
Andy Grundysen, sheriff fees	420 28
C B Hill, prisoners to C Co. jail,	33 92
C Widenhoeffer, justice fees	5 25
C Kissno, wit. fees	9 00
J. Clynch, "	8 00
A White, "	10 00
J R Johnson, "	6 00
M O'Reiley, com. fees	17 45
G F Cowen, wit fees	9 00
M Griflin, "	1 12
W W Kissner "	9 50
G Nelson, "	8 00
J O Brandt, justice fees	2 80
K Movold "	3 70
L Loderberg, com's fees	5 00
C P LeMers "	36 40

The bills of S. Gilson, W. G. Hunt and John S. King were rejected.

The following names were drawn as jurors at the next term of court:

GRAND JURORS.

Ole J. Brunn.
Tom Erwin.
O. T. Berge.
John O'Leary.
Jas. McDonald.
Fred Tiedt.
J. R. McKinnon.
W. R. Englestad.
Knute Flakne.
John S. LaDue.
John McCoy.
P. B. Anderson.
Frank Ensign.
A. Perruse.
John Bourdon.
Robert Kerr.
O. Rovang.
T. H. Bjoin.
Paul Swenson.
Fred Hall.
W. D. Kelley.
John Gleason.
Tollef Nelson.

PETIT JURORS.

Fred Worden.
Pierre Emard.
O. J. Wolden.
Emil Johnson.
James Driscoll.
E. E. Stortroen.
T. Sanders.
E. King.
Peter Hought.
A. Malmberg.
O. Capil.
Frank Hanson.
A. Christianson.
W. J. Hammond.
Knute Rollag.
Martin Finseth.
Chester Facto.
P. LeMay.
Louis Brault.
Louis Godbout.
James McGrath.
A. Wikstrom.
Martin Benson.

For Sale Cheap!

A thoroughbred registered Holstein-Friesian bull. For particulars call at this office.

Trade and Money.

The prosperous condition of our foreign trade is shown by last week's report of the Bureau of Statistics at Washington. The official figures show that our exports of merchandise for August exceeded our imports by $6,858,000. August has not shown a balance of trade in favor of the United States since 1884 until this year. The August imports were heavy, amounting to $65, 895,000, but our tremendous shipments of breadstuffs and other favorable circumstances enabled us to increase the value of our exports $16,563,000 over those of last year.

General trade throughout the country needs cool weather. There is plenty of well founded confidence that the volume of business will speedily meet all anticipations, but the heat of last week exerted a restricting influence on the movement of fall goods. The business men of the west and northwest feel the effects of the hot weather least. The greatest activity reported in staple lines is at Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul, St. Louis and San Francisco. An improvement in mercantile collections is reported in central western and southwestern states. Prices of tobacco are advancing. The staples generally most active are groceries and provisions, with the exception of lard. Lumber sales have improved in the west. The demand for leather is brisker and the prices tend upward. The success of the tin furnaces at San Jacinto is definitely announced, and regular shipments of tin from this region are now taking place.

Textile manufacturing in Philadelphia is slow, but the tone of the Pennsylvania iron market is strong. Within twenty-four hours at the last of the week, orders were placed in Philadelphia for 15,000 tons of standard forge iron at $14.50 delivered, and for between 3,000 and 4,000 tons of foundry at $17.50 to $17. Sheet mills are very busy. Plated tank iron and steel makers are doing a good business. Structural material for bridge and elevated work is in active request. Large orders for locomotives, cars and general equipments have been placed, and greatly increased activity in these departments is the result. Our exports of wheat for the week ending October 1 showed a considerable decline. They were 3,405,982 bushels, as against about 1,600,000 bushels for the corresponding week of last year. The farmers' shipments of western wheat are falling off. Time will show whether this restriction will be large enough to produce important results and also whether the "hold your wheat" circulars of the Farmers' Alliance have been influential in bringing it about. Railroad earnings continue good. The total earnings of eighty-eight roads for the third week of September were $8,091,808—$572,356 more than for the same period last year.

The bank clearings for September are encouraging. They reflect at length the better tone of business and the great volume of speculation. Total clearings at fifty-seven cities in September were $5,279,193,525, a gain over last year of 5.6 per cent. New York city's clearings, partly owing to stock speculation, exceed those of last year by 7 per cent. Outside of New York the increase is 3.4 per cent. The money market has been somewhat more active. An increase in confidence in the stock market was visible in the last two days of the week. A reaction has apparently set in from the effect of the blow dealt by the Gould faction in respect to the Missouri Pacific dividend and the later depression caused by reports of Mr. Gould's illness. The surplus reserve held by city banks decreased only $905,000 during the week and still exceeds the legal requirement by over $3,000,000. The gold exports steadily continue, and they are regarded as furnishing ample security against any pronounced stringency in the money market this fall. The receipts of gold from abroad for the week beginning September 26 were $5,546,300. Several millions more are in transit.

Peace, Rather Than War.

Northwestern Agriculturist.

The country is full of men and newspapers who are exulting over the prospects of a general war in Europe, believing that it will raise the price of our agricultural products and thus benefit all lines of business in America. Such people do not know that the world moves, and has moved during the last ten years at an amazing pace. Linked together as all nations are by the telegraph and rapid transit, what is a calamity to one can at best be only a transient boomerang benefit to the others. The greatest prosperity for all the nations now lies in the path of permanent peace, and while the selfish purposes of short-lived dynasties may result in another general war in Europe, it must be short, sharp and decisive and will only hasten the day when arbitration will settle national disputes, and the nations will learn war no more. From a selfish standpoint war would be a disaster to American farmers, though it might advance the price of agricultural products temporarily. The condition of things in Europe now is the best possible for the American Farmer, and the longer it continues the better the average price for the necessaries of life which we grow for export. War threatens and all the leading nations are keeping vast numbers of idle men, in the prime of life, consumers but not producers. As long as peace is not broken these idle men must be fed largely from our granaries and packing houses. Let war break out, with the present facility for moving troops and supplies, and in forty-eight hours the mighty armies of Europe can be concentrated within cannon shot of each other, and when battle joins, with modern arms, there will be such slaughter that Waterloo will seem a harmless scrimmage in comparison, and in thirty days there may be need of a new map of Europe. Every dead soldier means one less consumer for American wheat, beef and pork. Every farmer who has been wishing for war in order to advance the price of wheat this year, should begin devoutly to pray for peace in order to help the price of his wheat next year and the year after.

THE FARMER ON TOP.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

A recent issue of the North American Review contains an able article from that hard-headed mathematician, Erastus Wiman, which is full of meat to the farmer and to those who live in purely agricultural sections. It is asserted by Mr. Wiman, upon what appears to be trustworthy data, that "the power of absorption or consumption of food products has at length caught up with the power of production, and that the possible ratio of increase in consumption is much greater than the immediate possible ratio of increase in the growth of food." This proposition is fortified by an array of facts and figures that is truly startling. Practically speaking, no new wheat lands remain unoccupied in the United States. Statistics show that while the population in this country continues to increase at the rate of 12½ per cent. in every five years, the area now being taken up has not in that period increased 7 per cent., and it is yearly and progressively lessening.

In support of these statements Mr. C. Wood Davis, who has also made the question of food products a careful study, and who has devoted to it the most painstaking research, says: "From the best obtainable data it would appear that with an average yield the world's crop of wheat and rye is now 70,000,000 bushels less than the yearly consumption. Each passing year, by reason of the increase in the population, adds at least 25,000,000 bushels to this yearly deficit, so that by 1895 it can hardly be less than 200,000,000, if the per capita requirements remain as large as they have been." Mr. Davis sets forth that up to this time the reserves accumulated during the existence of surplus acreage have met the deficit, but there are indications, he says, in every grain growing country going to show that these reserves are nearly if not quite exhausted.

The effect of these facts upon the farmers of the nation is at once apparent. It means that in but a few years the farmer is to become a landlord, richer in his fertile fields here in the northwest than ever was the English landlord in his palmiest days. And it is time the farmer should realize his future. Others realize it. What else does it mean when loan companies lend out such enormous amounts on land security—and willingly take the land when payments fail? What else does it mean when companies and syndicates come to Dakota to buy thousands of acres in a body? It means they know the bread supply of the world is a good investment. It means they realize that the public domain of the United States is practically exhausted and there is no new and fertile continent to discover, from which to feed the increasing horde of earth. It means that they realize the inevitable result of these conditions will be to enhance the value of everything which the soil produces. The future tendency of prices for the fruits of agriculture must, of necessity, be upward so long as the demand is greater than the supply. The census figures of the last year from all over the world show an enormous access of population without anything like a corresponding increase in either available area or in its productiveness.

The situation presents only one logical conclusion and that is that the farmer will be the primary beneficiary of conditions which cannot fail to increase the demand for his products. The nations of the earth must be fed and their subsistence must be derived from the soil. It is therefore a self-evident proposition that agriculture will become more and more remunerative, and that persons engaged in that pursuit will attain that degree of independence which it is proper they should enjoy. As the farmer is the most essential factor in human civilization it is fitting that he should be prosperous beyond all other classes. That is his manifest destiny, and the near future will bring him into the possession of his rightful heritage.

There is but one practical application to make of these facts. If you own a farm in the Red River Valley, hold onto it; if you do not, buy one.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. B. MISNER. Prop

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED.

If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
B. B. MISNER.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 3 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. I have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct. 15th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ANDREAS HAGBERG, an unmarried man, of Polk County, and State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Eleanor E. Wilmerding of the County of Suffolk, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of December 15th, A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 186; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said mortgagee, Eleanor E. Wilmerding, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable and;

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred thirty-four and 32-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, Oct. 12th, A. D. 1891.

ELEANOR E. WILMERDING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[26-32] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct 8th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 ($843.66) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Warren D. Palmetier and Ettie Palmetier his wife, mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of July, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 285, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty, (20) Township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) Range No. forty-seven (47) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated October 6th, A. D. 1891.

The New England Mortgage Security Company,
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for mortgagee,
[25-31] Crookston, Minn.

U. S. LAND OFFICE
Crookston, Minn., Sept. 21st, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on November 6th, 1891, viz: JOSEPH MILLER, Jr., Hd. No. 11,912, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew Bakken, Samuel J. Ferin, William McAnulty, Andrew Abplenalp, all of Dugdale, Minn.

[23-28] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Oct. 6th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on November 21st, 1891, viz: JOSEPH JONDRON, Hd. No. 11,624, for the ne¼ Section 26, Township 148, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Duval, Andrew Lariviere, Louis Duval, Clement Payant, all of Crookston, Minn.

[25-30] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

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LOAN AGENCY

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MONEY
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THE FAIR.

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QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My price
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	8 75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$24.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No C 33—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up.

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W A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

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SURPLUS. - - $12,700

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Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.75
North Star,	2.60
Fife,	2.25
Skip Jack,	1.25

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

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Fancy Worsted.
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Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
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Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
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Fine Prush Hats.

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M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

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Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.

CROOKSTON, MINN

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 15, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de........CROOKSTON........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de..........Grand Forks..........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..........Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.......... 7:24 p. m.

For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......... 8:15 a. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Wheat opened out on Thursday morning at 81 for 1 Hard.

John Kops was seen on our streets on Thursday walking with—with a friend.

It is said that the Fargo Argus is about to change hands. The Argus will hardly seem natural without Maj. Edwards.

The races that were to have occurred at Grand Forks were postponed on account of the rains. The horses were sent to Crookston.

Dr. Watts went up to his farm near Warren last week to look after his threshing. The doctor is no slouch of an agriculturist himself.

That Red Lake Falls boomer, J. T. Knight, was in the city last Thursday enjoying the rheumatism with his old friends here. He left for home via Fertile in the evening.

Ladies, did you attend the grand opening of fall millinery at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' on Friday? If not you should not neglect to go and see a fine lot of novelties for the season.

Janesville (Wis.) Recorder: Ray L. Royce is equal to Nat Goodwin or Sol. Smith Russell. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

Prof. A. D. Wisbard came down from Red Lake Falls on Thursday of last week and rented a house of C. W. Palmer. He will move his family to Crookston just as soon as the going will permit.

Fred Tiedt came down from Euclid on Wednesday last and in the evening a telegram from Euclid announced the death of his baby sister. The little one had been sick but was not considered in a critical condition when he left for Crookston.

Thursday morning opened out with a heavy fog, something very unusual for this country, but before noon the sun shone out brightly, giving promise of fine weather in the future. For a full half day it did not rain and stack threshing was resumed right merrily.

Max Ericsson has a deep and abiding faith in the future of Crookston. When asked to name a price for his store building on Main street he mildly replied that he would sell it and sell it cheap too. He would take $16,000 for it and move out by November 1st, and he did not seem to be overly anxious to sell at that figure.

One of the Evanson brothers, who are threshing out east of Gentilly, was in on Thursday and expressed the opinion that the rain had not damaged the grain as severely as had been feared. The Evanson brothers are talking of buying a bunch of full-blood and grade Holsteins for their stock farm. They see that for some time to come butter will bring a big price and that stock is to be very profitable in the near future, and they propose to catch on in time.

A. D. Tice and wife came down from Mentor on Wednesday evening remaining in the city over night. While in the city A. D. dropped in to set that subscription ahead and chat a little with THE JOURNAL man. Mr. Tice was threshing from the shock when the rains came on and will now stack what he has left. This, he says, will give him a chance to separate the sprouted bundles from the others and will also improve the color of the wheat by the stack sweating.

Northwestern Agriculturist:—It requires great effort and good judgment to save the first $100 which is to be the foundation of future independence, but the young man who has saved that sum has demonstrated that he can save more, and is on the road to fortune. One year of industry on a farm as a farm hand in the Northwest will net a steady young man from $100 to $200 above all expenses, and if he has pluck and perseverance, he will soon become a land owner and independent.

Miss Edith McGrew returned from a pleasant visit with friends in Minneapolis last Thursday. She was accompanied by Miss Inez, who has been visiting for some time in South Dakota.

Northwestern Agriculturist:—A veteran Ohio farmer who spent some time just before harvest in looking over Minnesota wheat fields and studying the possibilities of development in the state, said that if he were a young man nothing would keep him out of the Northwest. Having struggled through the tough task of making a good farm out of the virgin forests of his own state he could realise the comparative ease with which a young man can achieve independence and a competence here.

Register, Danville, Va.: "Mr. Royce is a genius of the Sol. Smith Russell order, and keeps the audience convulsed with laughter." At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

Northwestern Agriculturist:— Western farmers are apt to think eastern men are small in their ways, and eastern farmers are shocked at the waste on Western farms. Both are partly wrong. The tendency in the west, where things are done on a large scale, is to despise small things, and the leaks on a badly managed farm waste enough to make a handsome income. On the other hand there are many economies that pay in the east that do not pay in the west. Conditions must be considered. Wages are higher here and feed and farm products cheaper, and would be an easy matter to pay more in labor in saving waste than the waste would be worth when saved. Most men can remember mowing out the fence corners when they were boys and gathering carefully all the hay, but when hay is only worth two dollars per ton such carefulness would not pay and therefore should not be practiced. All wise economies are founded on common sense. The successful farmer is, of necessity, observing.

The Great Northern Railway Company made exhibits of the products raised along its lines in Minnesota, North Dakota and Montana at the following state fairs, viz: Des Moins, Iowa; Lansing and Grand Rapids, Michigan; Indianapolis, Indiana, and Peoria, Illinois, and was awarded in the first three places mentioned diplomas of highest merit certifying to the most excellent quality of crops exhibited, while at Indianapolis and Peoria the awards included five first premiums and two sweepstakes and two first premiums respectively.

The exhibits above mentioned, while quite an expensive venture for the railway company, were in every way a success, and judging from the interest shown and expressed by the visitors to these various fairs, who numbered nearly half a million people, it is certain that quite an influx of immigration from these states will be witnessed next spring to the Red River Valley of Minnesota and North Dakota and the country west of it.

Interested by the fine displays at these places, many direct inquiries were made by farmers and home-seekers of the representatives of the railway company in charge of the exhibit, and the result will be a repetition of the good olden times where people seek the land abd not the land the people.

The splendid crop results of the past season should be the means of stirring up the people to do their share in inducing their friends from the east to avail themselves of the great opportunities offered them here, and the boards of immigration organized in the different localities along the Great Northern Railway should now take earnest hold of the matter, and do their share in assisting that company in its commendable work.

THE FIRST ACCIDENT.

A man named Thibarge fell from a scaffolding at the new Kickett block Thursday morning and was severely injured. He was unconscious for a few moments and upon recovery was taken to his residence and a doctor summoned who attended to his injuries.

A Legislative Endorsement.

A law was passed last winter in Minnesota affecting the sale of Alum baking powders. The interest excited by the bill when proposed led to a long and thorough investigation by a legislative committee of the qualities of all the baking powders sold in that state, with the result that the Royal was shown by very positive evidence from the state chemist, Dr. Drew, and others, to be the purest, strongest, and in all respects the best baking powder in the market.

Nominating a U. S. Senator.

St. Paul Daily News.

There is considerable discussion among the newspapers of the State relative to having the next Republican State convention name a candidate for the United State Senate.

The Moorhead News opposes this on decidedly peculiar grounds, making two categorical points; First, that such a course is not authorized by "law or custom," and would not be binding on members of the Legislature; Second, that it would bring on the Senatorial campaign prematurely.

It would be difficult to name two more absurd objections. There is no law providing for political conventions. That is a piece of machinery outside of the law, gotten up by political parties for their convenience, and there is as much law for nominating the Senator at a State convention as there is for doing anything else.

Such nominations would be morally binding upon the members of the Legislature belonging to the Republican party. Did it ever occur to our Moorhead contemporary that there is no law requiring a presidential elector to vote for the candidate of his party! If, for instance, Harrison should be the nominee of the next Republican national convention, there is nothing to prevent the Minnesota electors, when they meet to cast their votes, recording them for James G. Blaine, except the moral obligation. But the history of the country does not afford a single instance where an elector failed to carry out the behests of his party, and it is not at all probable that any member of the Legislature, elected upon the distinctive issue that a certain man was the nominee of his party for United States Senator, would refuse to be governed by that choice.

So far as bringing the Senatorial campaign on prematurely, that is even more absurd. The campaign is already on. It was on a year ago, when the Legislature refused to re-apportion the State in order that the present Senate might hold over and have a vote upon the United States Senatorship. Every day candidates are setting up the pins for the winter of '93.

The advantage of the proposed action by the convention is to remove boodleism from the Legislature. The United States Senators really ought to be elected by the people, but inasmuch as they are not, the nearer it can be brought to the people the better. In Illinois last year the Democrats made a distinctive campaign for the United States Senatorship, indorsing Gen. Palmer in their convention. It is almost certain that but for that action they would not have been able to hold the Democratic vote together in the close contest which ensued, and Gen. Palmer's election is entirely due to the fact that he was named in the Democratic convention.

In fact, there is nothing that will hold the party together so much in the Legislature as a call for the members to stand by the nominee of the State convention of their party.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

[20-tf]

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. Although very brilliant it is soft and agreeable. It emits no smoke, is ordorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for the manufacture of Pinsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line" and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel.

[24-27]

Bids for Grading Hurlbut Street.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk.
City of Crookston, } ss.

Bids for grading and grubbing Hurlbut street, between Cowing and Hunter streets, will be received by the City Council of the city of Crookston on or before the 18th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 25th, 1891.

E. C. CARRUTH,
[24-25] City Clerk.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

E. STEENERSON,

Agent for the Continental Insurance Company, N. Y., and the N. Y. Life. Solicits the patronage of all who want anything in that line. These Co's are evidently the best in the U. S. Steenerson, residing in our midst, should certainly receive the patronage in preference to strangers and representatives of snide Co's. ☞ CALL ON ELI!

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

(First publication October 1st, 1891.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court.

Steenerson Bros., plaintiffs, vs. Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in a justice's court in the said county, a transcript of which judgment has been duly filed in the District Court aforesaid, said judgment being rendered in favor of Steenerson Bros and against Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson. I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendants, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½nw¼) of Section thirty-three (33); also southeast quarter (se¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lot six (6) of Section twenty-eight, all in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-seven (47) west. And that I shall, on Friday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson in and to the above described property, to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to fifty-seven dollars and 29 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 3d day of March, 1890, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 29th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [24-30]

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

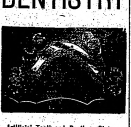
Terms $1.00 per Day.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on e before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and sixty-five and six one hundreths ($265.06) dollars, claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Benjamin Milette and Mary Milette his wife, mortgagors, to Narcissa Milette, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, A. D. 1886, and with power of sale therein contained, and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, A. D., 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 90, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-six (46), lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred sixty-five and six one hundreths (265.06) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 17th, A. D. 1891.

NARCISSA MILETTE, Mortgagee.
H. STEENERSON, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[22-28] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]
Last publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Noiseux and Rose Anna Noiseux, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $16.37 that became due November 1st, 1889, $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $22.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred sixty-nine and 48-100 dollars, ($869.48-100), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12) Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-four (44)) containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 10th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [22-28] [N. G. 83.]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Sept. 3d, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas B. Welsh and Mary Welsh, his wife, mortgagors, to Jane M. Goodnow, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of February, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of February, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 118, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter of Section four (4), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-eight (48) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 17th day of October, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-eight and 34-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 25th, A. D. 1891.

JANE M. GOODNOW, Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[20-26] Crookston, Minn.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts. - - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,
—DEALERS IN—
ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET, McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,
Opera Block - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President, L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. F. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Hatlanson, E. P. Pierce, O. H. Lucken, A. D. Stephens, A. G. Gallasch.
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BENOIT & SYLVESTER,
—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—
Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

☞ Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 22, 1891. NO. 27.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVRY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

St. Paul Globe: "Can tobacco be raised in Minnesota? There is not the slightest doubt of it," said Maj. A. G. Postlethwaite to a group of prominent Minnesotians in the lobby of the Merchant's yesterday afternoon. "This crop is one that grows very quickly. It is not planted until late in June, and it would be out of the way by the middle or last of August in this state. For many years I have been accustomed to visit Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, the centre of tobacco growing in that state and have devoted considerable thought to the subject. I find that in that state the crop is all out and housed by the first of September. Here everything grows so much more rapidly that I think it could be cut a couple of weeks earlier. Our river bottoms and lake shores are well adapted to the cultivation of the better quality of tobacco, and it could not fail to be highly profitable and largely increase the value of land. The experiment can be made very cheaply, and if no one else will do it I may take the notion to do it myself next year up in Morrison county."

It has already been successfully raised in Polk county for a number of years, so the major is late with his tobacco raising as an experiment.

St. Paul Globe: Wednesday, Oct. 14, at Christ church, St. Paul, 11 a. m., Rev. A. C. Andrews officiating, A. E. Permain, of Crookston, Minn., was married to Lilla Back, of London, England. E. Drewery, of St. Paul, gave away the bride, and Charles O. Reckitt, of Crookston, acted as the bridegroom's best man. The wedding breakfast was served at the Ryan hotel, the bride and bridegroom leaving on the Northern Pacific for their future home in Crookston, Minn.

St. Hilaire Spectator: Andrew Soderberg fortunately escaped a very serious accident while threshing at K. O. Gigstad's last Saturday. His clothing caught on a bolt on the tumbling rod of the horse-power, and his vest and two shirts were torn from his body in an instant. Had he not been an exceptionally strong man he would have been instantly killed. As it is he is considerably bruised about the body but not seriously.

The Fergus Falls Journal is trying to make out that all the wheat in the Red River Valley is destroyed. That is the second time that Elmer has "entirely destroyed" that crop. A few weeks ago it was "entirely destroyed" by the frost and now it is "entirely destroyed" by the wet. Fortunately the Journal is as far off in this case as in the other, for we have thousands of bushels safe in stacks and yet other thousands that have been threshed and are now safe in granaries. While there can be no doubt that some damage has been done, the picture of desolation the Fergus Falls Journal draws is way off—as usual. Come again, Elmer.

Our subscription receipts for the past week have been very encouraging and we have added several names to our list also, for all of which we return our sincere thanks. We could, however, accommodate other names on our list and we extend a cordial invitation to all who have not done so to enroll their names. Let 'em come; the more the merrier.

Good for One Carrot.

Mr. S. Lipscomb brought into THE JOURNAL office last week a carrot that kicks the beam at 6¼ lbs. The carrot aforesaid is a product of a Crookston garden and is only one of a lot of fine vegetables that Uncle Lipscomb is storing in his cellar for the winter. If a feller had that carrot, Wilk's tater and Nolan's turnip he would be pretty well fixed for a winter's supply of vegetables.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the City Hall on Tuesday evening, October 13th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Members present—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker Cromb.

Members absent—None.

The minutes of the adjourned meeting held the 22nd day of September read and approved.

Chairman Marshall of the railway crossings committee requested further time, which was granted.

A communication was received from E. A. Taft, of Chicago, relating to a hose hoister; on motion the same was referred to the purchasing agent.

The chief of police reported the different electric lights that were out during the past month, and the total number of hours was 100. The report was ordered filed.

The city engineer presented an estimate of the cost of building the sidewalks in front of lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), and seven (7) in block seven (7) Fletcher and Houston's addition to Crookston, that the total cost per lot would be $14.25.

Engineer Wilson read a report on the sewers.

REPORT OF SEWERAGE COMMITTEE.

Your committee on sewerage of last year, to whom was referred the subject of procuring plans and specifications for a comprehensive sewerage system for the city, beg leave to make this, their final report.

Your committee accepted the proposition of A. R. Starkey to furnish the required plans, etc., dated April 30th, 1890, and pursuant thereto Mr. Starkey furnished the plans and specifications according to which the present sewers were constructed, and in addition thereto Mr. Starkey has now completed the work undertaken by him and we submit herewith the completed plans and specifications for a sewerage system for the city as a part of this report.

Your committee further beg leave to report that they have examined the said plans and specifications and find that the same, so far as they are able to judge, constitute a full performance of the work undertaken by Mr. Starkey and they recommend that the same be adopted so far as they may be needed for future work on a sewerage system.

Your committee further recommend that the bill of Mr. Starkey of $550 for said work be allowed and ordered paid, your committee not having availed itself of the appropriation already placed at their disposal.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

H. STEENERSON,
Chairman.

After hearing comments on the plans, specifications etc., from city engineer Ralph and civil engineer Wilson, of St. Paul, the following motion was made:

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Childs, that the report be accepted and adopted. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that a vote of thanks be tendered the sewerage committee for their efforts in behalf of the city in the matter. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson seconded by Ald. Walker, that the bill of A. R. Starkey be allowed and an order drawn for the amount. Carried.

On motion the city engineer was instructed to place the plans, specifications etc., in a vault in one of the city banks for safe keeping in case of fire.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

J. E. O'Brien & Co, hardware	$ 5 08
C. S. Spendley, justice fees	3 90
" " "	3 80
" " "	3 80
" " "	3 80
" " "	1 90
O. J. Barnes, two lamps	9 00
Ole Anderson, catching dogs	7 50
J. G. McGrew, judge of election	4 50
Wm. Creighton, drayage	3 25
E. C. Carruth, weather flags and city charter	12 25
W. E. Walker, carpenter work	6 60
H. E. Cooke, printing	38 50
J. E. O'Brien & Co, hardware	18 30
C. E. Dampier, medical attendance	4 00
D. F. McDonald, general labor	6 50
" " "	26 50
D. F. McDonald, labor in first ward	19 50
D. F. McDonald, labor in second ward	8 50
D. F. McDonald, labor in third ward	1 00
D. F. McDonald, labor in fourth ward	13 00
D. F. McDonald, labor in fifth ward	2 00

and bills number 749 and 758 we recommend back to the council without recommendation.

Moved by Ald. Childs, seconded by Alder and Buhn, that the report be accepted and that the bills which are recommended paid, be paid through the ordinary channels. Carried.

On motion the bill of the Red River Lumber Co. (number) was referred to the purchasing agent.

Bill number 758, of D. F. McDonald, for building the watering trough; on motion the same was referred to the finance committee for proper adjustment.

One bid was received for grading Hurlbut street, which was from O. Hinds:

Crookston, Minn., Oct. 13, 1891.

To the Hon. the City Council, Crookston, Minn.

GENTLEMEN:—I will agree to grade Hurlbut street according to the plans and grades on file in the city engineers office for the price of sixteen (16) cents per cubic yard, including all clearing away of brush, grubbing and finishing. And will do the work in a good and workmanlike manner, and will agree to have the work completed in thirty days.

Respectfully submitted,
O. HINDS.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that the bid be accepted, provided the bidder enters into a contract, to be provided by the city engineer and city attorney. Carried.

The Crookston fire department presented the name of their chief recently elected, for approval.

A communication was read from the fire department inviting the mayor and city council to be present at their annual parade and review.

Report of justice Spendley received. On motion the reading of the report was dispensed with and the report accepted and placed on file.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston held the 13th day of October 1891, Ald. Walker offered the following resolution which was seconded by Ald. Buhn:

Resolved, by the city council of the city of Crookston, that the street commissioner be and hereby is ordered to construct a sidewalk upon and along the west side of Main street where the same adjoins lots four (4) and five (5) of Fletcher & Houston's addition to the original townsite of the city of Crookston according to the recorded plan thereof now on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for Polk County, Minnesota, and also on the west side of said Main street in front of and adjoining lots three (3) and four (4) of block one (1) of the original townsite of the said city of Crookston, according to the recorded flat thereof now on file in the office of said register of deeds, said sidewalk being hereby ordered constructed along the westerly side of said street in front of adjoining those lots or pieces of land extending from the southeast corner of lot five (5) of block one (1) of said original townsite to the northeast corner of lot three (3) of said Fletcher & Houston's addition; and the said sidewalk is ordered to be constructed upon the grade and in the manner specified in that certain resolution of above named council heretofore passed on the 13th day of August, A. D. 1891.

And be it further resolved that it is the sense of this council that at this late day it is altogether impracticable to advertise for bids for the construction of said sidewalk by contract.

Upon the call of ays and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Childs.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the council.

Passed this 13th day of October, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 15th day of October, 1891.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of October, 1891, Ald. Jennings offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Buhn;

Resolved, by the city council of the city of Crookston, That the street commissioner is hereby ordered and directed to construct a sidewalk along and adjoining lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5) and seven (7) of block seven (7) of Fletcher & Houston's addition to the city of Crookston, according to the recorded plat thereof now on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for Polk county, Minnesota, said walk being ordered constructed upon and along the easterly side of Main street in said city and upon the grade and in the manner specified in that certain resolution heretofore passed by said Council on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1891.

Upon the call of ays and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 13th day of October, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 15th day of October, 1891.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. Carruth, Clerk.

Ald. Schmidt offered an ordinance relating to the fire department.

Ald. Marshall offered an amendment, seconded by Ald. Childs, that the following be inserted in section XI. after the words, The same shall be verified, (which verification shall include the names of each member present.) Amendment declared carried.

On motion the ordinance was laid over until the next meeting.

An ordinance was presented relating to nuisances, same was laid over until the next meeting.

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Ald. Childs, that A. A. McKinnon's election as chief of the fire department be approved.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, Steenerson, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Schmidt, that the invitation of the fire department to be present at their annual parade, be accepted. Carried.

The communication of the city engineer on the cost of constructing a sidewalk, as before read, was accepted and placed on file.

Your committee on ways and means, to whom was referred the matter of acquiring a park for the city and also the matter providing for the encampment of the G. A. R. to be held in this city next year, beg leave to report progress and ask leave to sit again on said subjects.

Your committee further report that in the prosecution of the work committed to them they will require the assistance, services and co-operation of the city attorney, and in order that they may be able to command such assistance, services and co-operation they ask the passage of the annexed resolution.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

H. STEENERSON,
Chairman.

Moved by Ald. Marshall, seconded by Ald. Marlette, that the report be accepted. Carried.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of October, 1891, Ald. Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Ald. Schmidt;

Resolved, that the city attorney be and he is hereby instructed and required to assist the committee on ways and means of this council in all matters committed to their charge in which the chairman of said committee may ask for such assistance, and to co-operate with said committee in all matters undertaken by them as such committee and to institute such condemnation or other proceedings to acquire title to land for park purposes as said committee may direct.

Upon the call of ays and nays the vote stood as follows:

Alderman voting in the affirmative—Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Buhn, Schmidt, Steenerson, Marlette, Marshall, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—None.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 13th day of October, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 15th day of October, 1891.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

The city engineer recommended that the city erect monuments for marking the street corners, etc.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of October, 1891, Alderman Marshall offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Marlette:

Resolved, That the following shall constitute the tax levy for all city purposes, except special ward taxes, for the year 1891, upon the assessed valuation of real and personal property contained in the 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th wards of the city of Crookston, viz:

For general fund	$9,000	8	Mills.
" poor "	1,000	1	"
" interest "	6,500	6½	"
" improvement fund	500	½	"
" sinking fund	500	½	"
" park "	2,000	2	"

And for the Fifth Ward:

For general fund	8	Mills.
" poor fund	7-10	"
" improvement fund	5-10	"
" park fund	2	"

And in addition to the foregoing upon the assessed valuation of each ward in said city the following special ward fund taxes, viz:

First ward	$150 00
Second ward	500 00
Third ward	250 00
Fourth ward	150 00
Fifth ward	300 00

And also special sewer assessment amounting to $22.00 on the 25 feet lying north of the south 10 feet of lots 4, 5, and 6, blk. 11, Fletcher & Houston's Addition, (same being omitted, levied on said property for the year 1887.)

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 13th day of October, 1891,

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 15th day of Oct. 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 13th day of October, 1891, Alderman Cromb offerered the following resolution which was seconded by Alderman Walker:

Resolved, That the following special sidewalk taxes be and the same are hereby levied against property therein described, for the year 1891:

On Robert Street, lot four (4), blk. 11, Fletcher & Houston's Addition	$ 32 67
On Robert Street, lot five (5), blk. 11, Fletcher & Houston's Addition	32 67
On Robert Street, lot six, (6), blk. 11, Fletcher & Houston's Addition	35 67
On Robert Street, lot seven, (7), blk. 11, Fletcher & Houston's Addition	70 25
On Seventh Street, lot one (1), blk. 25, Original Townsite	100 28
On Central Avenue, lot nine (9), blk. 1, Stearns' Addition	16 24
On Central Avenue, lot ten (10), blk. 1, Stearns' Addition	16 24
On Central Avenue, lot three (3), blk. 1, Stearns' Addition	15 50
On Central Avenue, lot four (4), blk. 1, Stearns' Addition	15 50
On Central Avenue, lot five (5), blk. 1, Stearns' Addition	15 50
On Central Avenue, lot six (6), blk. 1, Stearns' Addition	15 50
On Central Avenue, lot seven (7), blk. 1, Stearns' Addition	15 50
On Central Avenue, lot eight (8) blk. 1, Stearns' Addition	15 50

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 13th day of Oct. 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 14th day of Oct. 1891.

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

A communication was received from F. Theno relating to his property being overflowed with water during the recent rains. On motion the communication was referred to the ways and means committee.

Moved by Ald. Steenerson, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the motion passed at the last meeting whereby a bill from I. U. Jennings was reduced from $7.50 to $3 be reconsidered.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Steenerson.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Childs, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Ald. Jennings not voting.
Motion declared lost.
On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

Janesville (Wis.) Recorder: Ray L. Royce is equal to Nat Goodwin or Sol. Smith Russell. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 3d,

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaez

MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks,
Jackets and Wraps,

☞ IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS. ☜

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the morst Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK,
ROBERT STREET.

GERVAIS, The Hustler

REOPENED

AT

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway - - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 22, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 78.
1 Northern 77.
2 Northern 70.

The chimney sweep is abroad in the land.

See "The Temple of Fame" at the Grand.

O. H. Lucken went up to St. Hilaire on Monday.

Joseph Murphy was up from Edna on Monday.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 81 cents.

Prof. J. B. Lanigan spent the Sabbath in Grand Forks.

Little Love Braley took her part in the rebellion nicely.

Mrs. C. Hoch is recovering from an attack of pneumonia.

Royce & Lansing at the Grand on Nov. 2d. A fine entertainment.

Secure your tickets early for "The Temple of Fame," at the Grand.

500 lbs of nice cheese just received by A. Sture, Esq. Call and sample.

The acting of Miss Cozy McAvoy during the rebellion was excellent.

The Great Northern train on Monday morning was an hour and a half late.

Miss Loughridge and Miss Keenan drove down from Warren on Saturday.

Next Sabbath is "Prison Sunday." The morning sermons will be on this topic.

Monday was one of those bright, sunshiny days for which Minnesota is so famous.

Frank Arnold acted the part of the darkey exceedingly well during the rebellion.

D. T. Herriott was in the city on Monday on business before the U. S. Land Office.

Wm. Kistenmaker went below this week for medical treatment, by the gold method.

Ducks and geese are very plentiful this fall. It has been that kind of a season thus far.

There is talk of a day train on the Northern Pacific. It would be a great accommodation.

The band serenaded his honor, mayor McKinnon and Hon. H. Steenerson last Thursday evening.

Something unique will be "The Temple of Fame" soon to be put on at the Grand. Don't miss it.

Go to Thomas & Smith for a first-class hair-cut and shave. Main street opposite McKinnon Block.

Remember the missionary meeting at the Presbyterian church on Friday, in the afternoon and evening.

Eugene Stilwell and Charles McGill, son of Gov. A. R. McGill were up hunting ducks and geese this week.

John Hunter was in from Maple Bay this week. He is on his way to the soldiers' home at Minnehaha Falls.

The orchestra during "the rebellion" was a pleasing feature. We have heard more than one favorable comment.

The threshing machines have been humming merrily since last Friday and much grain has been pounded out.

Rev. J. J. Edwards arrived last week and occupied the pulpit at the M. E. church for the first time last Sabbath.

H. G. Saddler, of Waupun Wis., was in the city this week, the guest of Tom Morris. Mr. S. says we have a fine city.

Hugh Thompson received his commission as register in the land office last week and on Thursday took formal possession.

The police were busy on Sunday night picking up hoboes. That element seemed to be well represented that night.

The ladies have spared no pains in their efforts to present "The Temple of Fame" and it will well be worth seeing. Don't miss it.

Alderman Schmidt went out with Gene Stilwell and Mr. McGill on Tuesday morning to show them where the best ducks roost.

E. P. Jorgenson started for Hamilton, N. D., on Monday morning where he has engaged to run a thresher engine until it freezes up.

The Misses Caroline and Nicoline Sletten, of Audubon, arrived in the city on Friday morning for a visit with friends in the city.

A. D. Tice, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Morris and Miss Susie McFale, of Mentor, came down on Tuesday's train returning on Wednesday morning.

On Saturday afternoon a few races came off on the grounds but the rains had discouraged the most of the horsemen and they had gone home.

John C. Welles was up from Edna on Tuesday morning. Reports threshing going on uninterruptedly and grain in better shape than was expected.

An old probate case, the Fallman case, about 13 years old was settled in the Probate Court last week. The heirs in the old country get some $500.

Review, Spokane Falls, Washington:—Ray L. Royce's wonderful impersonations of Sol. Smith Russell were especially happy. Will appear at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

The cow case mentioned in last issue came up before Judge Christianson on Monday, as per adjournment. The parties were bound over to the next term of court.

It is said that an extremely wet fall always insures an abundant crop for the next season. If this be true we ought to be sure of 50 or 60 bushels per acre next year.

All who are to take part in "The Temple of Fame" are requested to meet for rehearsal at the Congregational church parlors this (Thursday) evening.

Peter Misgen and Fred Durand went out on Tuesday morning and shot the life out of various and sundry geese according to the law in such case made and provided.

And don't you forget it that the new tonscrial parlors of Thomas & Smith is the dandy place for a first-class shave or hair-cut. Main street, opposite McKinnon Block.

Dr. C. E. Dampier went to St. Paul last week to meet his wife who has been away on an extended visit with her mother and sister, and returned with her on Monday morning.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. Mrs. E. E. Bangs.

Next Sabbath at the Congregational church Rev. R. H. Battey will speak. Morning subject—"The Imprisoned Criminal." Evening—"Human Character and Divine Worship." Everybody welcome.

Daily Gazette, Fort Worth, Texas:—Mr. Royce is fully as artistic as Sol. Smith Russell, and has much better voice and is able to sing, and Russell is not. Will be at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

Services were held in the new Norwegian Synod church on Broadway for the first time on Sunday last. The building has been nicely papered and finished off. Dedication services will be held early in November.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once.

San Francisco Chronicle:—Ray L. Royce and his excellent combination began an engagement last night to excellent business, and all are clever and entertaining as well as popular. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

L. O. Tomerdahal finds upon threshing that his wheat was severely damaged by the hail. He thought he was just outside of the storm but finds he was in it enough to practically ruin his wheat. He has a good yield of oats.

On Monday, Oct. 19th, there were received at Duluth 51 cars of No. 1 hard wheat, 291 cars of No. 1 Northern, 40 cars of No. 2 Northern, 9 of No. 3, 59 of no grade and 10 cars of rejected—460 cars in all. On the same date last year 146 cars were received.

J. L. Johnson was down from Dugdale on Tuesday. He says that while the weather this fall has been discouraging it is not a patching to what he saw out west when he was there. Says a man can make more clean money here than he can in the far west every time.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson, general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassell, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

D. Berthiaume rejoices in the arrival of a fine bouncing boy who arrived on Monday night and who kicks the beam at 12½ pounds. Mother and child doing extremely well and the father bids fair to pull through. Anyhow he was setting up some excellent cigars on Tuesday.

Even Nelson, of Woodside, was in on Monday to probate the estate of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nelson, who died recently. Their death occurred within five hours of each other on Sept. 21st, of typhoid fever. They have nine children the oldest being 21 years of age.

Chris. Anderson informs The Journal that he stacked some wheat since the rain and that he pulled some of it out of a stack a day or so since and finds that the color is very much improved. When put in stack it was very badly discolored but it seems to be getting back all right.

Engineer Jack Bunnell and daughter, Miss Dollie together with Jack's brother-in-law, conductor Smith of the St. P. & D. road, and Dunc Morris went out to Devil's Lake last week to hunt geese. The result of the hunt was 125 geese and one jack rabbit. Miss Dollie shot three geese and the rabbit.

C. P. DeMers came in on Tuesday evening to attend the extra session of the board. Says he has his fall plowing nearly done. He thinks the average of wheat in his neighborhood will not exceed 15 to 16 bushels per acre, though one of his neighbors threshed 810 bushels of wheat from 31 acres.

A little 11 year old boy of Peter Cornelius was seriously hurt on Sunday last by being run over by a wagon load of wheat. He was riding home from the field where Tomerdahl was threshing and in some way fell off beneath the wheels. Owing to the condition of the fields they had on only 15 or 20 bushels of wheat. The wheel passed over one leg. The boy was taken to the house and a doctor summoned who found the limb so badly swelled as to render it impossible to determine whether there was a fracture or not, and at present writing we have not learned.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

POLK COUNTY

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

Gone To Rest.

Even J. Grefthen, county superintendent of public schools for Polk County, died at his residence in this city on Friday Oct. 16th at 11 o'clock a.m. He was born on June 16th, 1865, in Norway and came to America with his parents when he was 6 years of age. His first employment in the county was working upon a farm, after which he [illegible] engaged as teacher of the Neby school for several terms. Last fall he was elected to the office of superintendent of schools. He was a young man of exemplary habits, very highly respected by those most intimately acquainted and had he lived would no doubt have become a man of great influence. On Saturday at 12:30 the body was taken to the Norwegian Lutheran church on Ash street where services were conducted by Rev. O. H. Elmer, then the remains were taken to Neby for interment. On Sunday Rev. C. Suagstad conducted the funeral services at that place in presence of a large concourse of friends and relatives. His brother had been with him several days previous to his death, but his father, being prevented by sickness in the family did not arrive until Saturday morning. He leaves a father and mother, a brother and two sisters to mourn his early death and also his affianced, Miss Louisa Sprague, daughter of Geo. W. Sprague, ex-president of the Farmers' Alliance, which young lady he was soon to have led to the altar. He had a life insurance of $2,500 and some real estate in the county.

Ladies, did you attend the grand opening of fall millinery at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' on Friday? If not you should not neglect to go and see a fine lot of novelties for the season.

ANOTHER JAIL DELIVERY.

Getting Monotonous.

On Sunday afternoon the jailer entered the corridor of the jail for some purpose. As he entered he was knocked down and four of the prisoners got out and escaped. It would seem to the average mind that the experience of a week or so ago should have been sufficient warning of the need of an efficient jailor without having the need emphasized in this manner.

Chloroformed and Robbed.

About two o'clock on Saturday morning Al. Roberts was awakened at his room at the Minnesota house by a suffocating feeling and feeling sick arose and lit a lamp. He could not find his trousers so put on an old pair and went out into the fresh air where he soon recovered his usual health and returning to his room found that his pants and shoes had been stolen. The pants were found next morning near the out-house with the pockets rifled of their contents. Al. had $70 dollars about him which the thieves missed and Saturday morning he deposited it in the bank where they will not be liable to get it next time they call. The only boodle they got away with was his shoes, his keys and pocket-knife.

And They Come.

The responses to our statements continue numerous and cheering. One thing more would add greatly to our encouragement and that would be to see every voter in Polk County a subscriber to The Journal. You need the paper and we need your name on our list and your influence in our business. While our list is growing encouragingly we should like to see it grow much faster.

Had His Day.

The iceman's look becomes austere, a frown is on his brow; the summer's gone. the fall is here—he isn't in it now.

The Rebellion.

As played by home talent drew a good house on Monday evening and was well rendered, considering. Some of the characters seemed to grasp the situation perfectly and threw life enough into their acting to make the character seem natural, while some seemed to lack only life enough to make a good character, but one thing was clearly apparent that the piece had not been practiced enough to render each one proficient. It is a very difficult piece and the great number of characters renders it more difficult to handle. The same piece was put on at the old opera house in this city on December 16th and 17th, 1884, as a benefit for Col. Cobham Post, and afterward the company went to Grand Forks to play it. The Rebellion is only "The spy of Atlanta," with a few names changed.

A. Sture has just received 500 pounds of choice Polk County cheese. Call and sample.

Get your shaving done at Thomas & Smith's tonsorial parlors on Main street opposite McKinnon Block.

Hugh Thompson had 700 acres in grain this year and only got 90 acres of wheat and 60 of oats caught out in the rain. The balance was either threshed or in the stack when the rains set in. He says his oats were not materially damaged and rolled out about 75 bushels per acre. He bought wheat at Fisher las Saturday just threshed out of the shock which he graded No. 1 Northern.

Col Liggett, J. P. Williams, members of the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners, and A. K. Tiesberg, clerk, arrived in the city by freight about two o'clock on Monday and remained until Tuesday morning. They had advertised to be here in the morning and a few came in to meet them but owing to the fact that the morning train was late they changed their plans and stopped at Ada in the morning.

Dunc Morris' genial countenance was wreathed in funereal gloom for the space of 30 minutes—a long time for Dunc to be off color in his mind, and this was the cause of it. After his return from that successful hunt he distributed his share of the geese among his friends—all but one, a nice young goose, fat and tender, which he carefully concealed beneath his counter while visions of nice roast goose filled his mind's eye as he worked away at his bench. When supper time came he went for his goose and lo! Nary goose—not even a wish bone was thar left to tell the tail. Look high or low where'r he would no goose appeared, and to say that Dunc was disgruntled don't begin to size up the situation a little bit. He was just rattled. To our reporter he said: "To be Frank about it this is what Hertz: After I had given away every one but this and haven't had a taste of a goose yet this season, to think that some one would be mean enough to cook my goose in this underhanded manner is what breaks my heart, moreover this was a marble-topped goose—the only one in the business. It is true I have two in the ice box out they are promised, and I won't go back on my promise if I never eat another goose in my life!" When Dunc returned from supper and looked behind the counter lo, the marble-topped goose had returned to its normal condition and Dunc was all smiles again. The boys, seeing that it broke Dunc's heart all up had repented and returned the goose, but if Dunc had not found his goose he would have had an invitation out to dine on roast goose the next day.

Mansfield (Ohio) Herald: "The Royce and Lancing Comedy Company are meritorious. Last night at Memorial opera house they gave a fine musical entertainment. Mr. Royce and Lizzie Royce are artists. Mr. Royce's impersonation of a seedy tragedian, a nervous bachelor, an elderly poetess, a simpering school girl, etc., were excellent, as were also the violin solos, the ocarina and bell trio, and the banjo and guitar specialties. The entire troupe is first-class. The entertainment was of the highest class. The people all seem to be ladies and gentlemen." Will be at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2nd.

Clifton Holden was convicted of murder upon purely circumstancial evidence and his sentence was commuted to imprisonment. Wm. Rose was convicted upon the same kind of evidence and he was hung last Friday. He died protesting his innocence and there are those who say that there are more doubts in his case than in that of Holden. That sentence should have been commuted to life imprisonment.

A. G. Dunlop, manager of the Minneapolis Plow Works, was in the city on Saturday in the interests of his firm. In talking up the condition of the weather Mr. D. said: "I have faith to believe that we will have pleasant weather enough to do all the plowing yet this fall. I believe we will now have a long spell of pleasant weather." Mr. D. used to be one of the jolliest traveling men on the N. P. line.

Eli Steenerson

—REPRESENTS—

THE CONTINENTAL

Fire Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK,

AND LEADING COMPANIES;

—AND—

Solicits Your Patronage.

Insure with a Home Man in a Reliable Company.

CALL ON ELI

At his office in

LAND OFFICE BLOCK, CROOKSTON.

10 DON'TS.

DON'T wait until the Rush before you buy "that" Fall Cloak you need.

DON'T expect that the Underwear bargains of ours are going to last forever.

DON'T imagine that Carpets are sold cheaper at any place in the entire Northwest than they can be bought for at our store. We are headquarters for carpets and draperies.

DON'T forget that we are agents for Butterick's Patterns.

DON'T freeze to death. Buy one of those home-made Comfortables, that you may feel some comfort under them.

DON'T imagine that we are out of those 20 cent Wool Hose.

DON'T wait long before you "snug up" for winter, and bring us a memorandum of the few things you need to make your house luxurious.

DON'T forget those 50 pieces of Clear Lake Flannels at 35 cents per yard.

DON'T imagine, dear reader, that we cannot send you samples of anything you may need.

DON'T fail to come in and see us. We have the Largest the Best and the Most Complete stock of Dry Goods carried in this Northwest.

Yours, Respectfully,

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Sun and Voice, Cleveland, O., May 31, 1891:—Our brainy business men and the great army of royal good fellows, bright and shrewd, known as "commercial travellers," as well as others, have learned that is better for their work to rest and refresh themselves when worn and weary, by going to some pure, sparkling entertainment, where they can have a good laugh, than to swallow nostrums; and the God of the universe intended laughter to cheer and make mankind happy as the muscles of the face contain many more for this purpose than for crying; and the choice music, refined sketches, witty sayings, talented artists, elegant costumes seen in "Tom's Vacation," in which Ray L. Royce, the favorite comedian, one of the cleverest before the public, appears, always attracts them, as Mr. Royce leads a clean life both on and off the stage, and never permits anything to be given unless refined and artistic. He is considered by Sol. Smith Russell as one of the greatest mimics out. The support furnished Mr. Royce is excellent as given by the "Royce & Lansing Musical Comedy Company," a reliable organization nearly twelve years old. The well-known monagers, Mr. B. S. Driggs and S. C. Behenna, will handle this company next season, and are never found with a party unless good. They will have their summer booking office at 440 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, on Nov. 2d.

Marshall County Leader:—Next year's crop is already assured. The experience of all old settlers attests that a goodly supply of moisture during the fall and winter is always followed by a magnificent crop. This is very gratifying and farmers should be pleased with such a brilliant outlook. The problem of disposing of the present crop, which is too large to thresh, and is a very serious obstacle to the preparation of the ground for next year's crop, is capable of solution in various ways. We learned of one way while down in Missouri last week which it might stand the farmers in hand to keep in mind. A respectable uncle (whose relationship is mentioned merely as a guarantee of the veracity of the tale) has seen magnificent crops of corn standing in the shock in that state burned to clear the ground for a new crop when help could not be secured to do the husking. It would be an easy matter to burn our crop if it cannot be threshed. Seriously, however, we believe it will be a real advantage not to plow rich ground that is fairly clear of weeds for next year's crop. The stubble should be burned, even if it is necessary to first mow it, and after stirring the ground well with a spring tooth barrow, deposit the seed with a drill. The very best results have been obtained this year from such treatment. Of course good judgment would need to be exercised as not every farm is in shape to respond favorably to such farming. But little plowing, comparatively, can be done this fall except we have an unusually long season, and the above course, while saving a great deal of labor will certainly give better results in many cases than can be expected from spring plowing.

John C. Welles came up from Edna on Tuesday, and while in the city called to see the bull "Mooie Harrington," that has been advertised for sale. Said he had seen the notice in The Polk County Journal, and desired to see what like the old fellow was. Upon looking him over he was so well pleased with him that he said he would take him at our figure and he thus secures as fine an animal as was ever raised in Polk County. Mooie Harrington No. 2776 was raised by E. M. Walsh, Esq., of this city of whom we bought him as a yearling. While we regret to see him taken out of this neighborhood we are very glad that he is not to leave the county and we are glad that he is to be in such good hands. Mr. W. is a great stock fancier, knows a good animal when he sees him and knows how to take care of them.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—Mayor Richardson: "I want to show you this sample of wheat which we have just taken from the machine which is threshing from the shock on my farm east of the city to-day. You know we hear a great deal about the immense damage to the wheat, and the wheat standing in the shock is almost completely ruined, etc. This sample would, I am sure, grade No. 1 hard, excepting that it is a trifle bleached; but I think when it is put in the granary and goes through the sweating process it will come out all right again. My wheat is well shocked and I have kept my men there looking after it carefully. When the weather has been such that we could not thresh from the shock we have threshed from the stacks, and have 17,000 bushels already threshed.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

$12,000. $12,000.

WORTH OF

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,

SILVERWARE, NOTIONS,

ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

HAVING decided to discontinue my busines, as my lease expires on Jan. 1st, I now offer my entire stock AT COST or less, as the entire stock must be closed out before that date. My line of goods is now complete, but as nothing will be duplicated when once sold out, those making early calls will find it greatly to their advantage.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON. - - Main Street, Crookston.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

WANTED. SALESMEN.

Local and Traveling, to represent our well known house. You need no capital to represent a firm that warrants nursery stock first-class and true to name. Work all the year. $100 per month to the right man. Appply quick, stating age. L. L. MAY & CO. [26 33]

urserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.
This house is responsible.) ST. PAUL, MINN.

Wanted at Once.

A dining-room girl, a kitchen girl and a laundry maid. Good wages paid. Apply at Commercial Hotel.

J. A. Bemis.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

One-half Block from Depot.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

H. STEENERSON

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.

Office in McKinnon Block.

MAIL FOR FARMS.

How the Alliance Would Extend Free Delivery.

'Twould Rob Life of Isolation.

Farmers Could Keep In Better Touch With Markets.

Wanamaker Indorses the Plan.

An Article By Him in The American Agriculturist Shows How It Would Pay Financially.

New York, Oct. 19.—An organized effort is under way among farmers to secure from congress free mail delivery in country towns. The Farmer's Alliance, Patrons of Husbandry and other orders are canvassing the matter. Letters are being written to congressmen in favor of the project and petitions to congress for free delivery are being circulated in many parts of the country. Farmers assert that a daily mail delivery at their doors will add perceptibly to the money of their farms, and will be worth still more, because it will keep them in touch with markets and the outside world and rob life of its isolation and monotony. The farmers are writing to the agricultural press that this convenience would enable them quite generally to take a daily paper, as well as to subscribe for the local papers more liberally.

In the American Agriculturist for November, Postmaster General Wanamaker states definitely for the first time that the experiment made by the postoffice department for free delivery in farming districts show that the increase of revenue more than pays all the increased expense. He believes that universal free delivery would, therefore, be self sustaining. Mr. Wanamaker's article also contains this statement of the case:

"While the postal service keeps pace with the growth of the towns, the farmers, quarrymen, blacksmiths, millers and artisans, all paying the regulation rates of postage, are left to get their mail as best they can from the post office in the village or at the railway station. In a hamlet of 100 houses perhaps 60 persons from the village and the vicinity make a daily pilgrimage of a distance of from one block to two miles from the post office to find out whether there is any mail or not; and a hundred more persons within the circle of the office do not find it convenient to go to the postoffice oftener than once a week. One hundred or more persons each day, in all weathers, are making trips to the postoffice, often at great personal inconvenience and discomfort, when a single carrier could once or twice each day make the round of the village and distribute the mail, and save the hundred a daily unnecessary tramp, collecting at the same time from the letter boxes, located at the street corners, the mail to be forwarded. A newspaper brought every day to door of the farmer or workman, who has no one to go to the postoffice for it, would find a thankful subscriber and light a new lamp in the household."

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

Beltrami, Oct. 19, 1891.

If some of our residents would read the 14th and 15th verses of the 6th chapter of Mathew and apply the teaching to their hearts, they would receive blessings here and hereafter.

The wheat in shock here seems to be in better condition than that in the towns west of us.

J. E. O'Brien and Mr. Brennan, of Crookston, were here Saturday and Sunday on a wild goose chase. Come again, boys, when there is more game.

If you want to see the largest and finest vegetables raised in northern Minnesota call on William Street.

E. D. Childs and T. B. McManus, of Crookston, are here looking after their share of the grain raised in this vicinity.

Our teacher, Miss Howind, spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives in Crookston.

What made Charley Ford look so lonesome on Sunday?

According to late reports one-half of the crop now in shock or already threshed in the town of Reis will about equal all they raised in Liberty. Good land as well as good blood, tells.

The prohibitionists have lost an active temperance worker (and how few they have) and the alliance a staunch supporter by the death of Supt. Grefthen. His relatives have the sympathy of all his friends in this neighborhood.

If P. Loveland remains awhile longer nearly all of our farmers will have flowing wells.

Lewis Seger was last seen on his way west with a handsome young widow of Fertile. Edna.

THE RED LAKE TORNADO.

A Strip Sixty Miles Long and Three to Fourteen Miles Wide Mowed Down.

Grand Forks Plaindealer.

W. M. Dreary, of the firm of Taylor & Dreary, Red Lake Falls, made a trip through the Red Lake district visited by a tornado, and reports the loss greater than has been stated. "The Cyclone," he said, "started on the Red Lake Reservation about ten miles from Rainy river and pursued a southeastern course, ending near Swan Lake. It fairly mowed down the timber on a strip from three to fourteen miles in width and sixty miles in length. Trees three feet in thickness were snapped off near the ground. The State lost considerable timber, but the government much more, on land unsurveyed. Private parties, too, lost a little. It was the worst blow down I had ever seen. There were many homesteaders squatting on this unsurveyed government land who packed up their belongings and left, considering that the timber had been as good as destroyed." In speaking of the reports that are frequently heard in regard to timber stealing in the Rainy River country, Mr. D. said, they were much exaggerated. The government may have lost a little timber in this way, but it was confined almost entirely to that standing conveniently near Rainy River.

Duluth Wheat Market.

With cool, clear and drying weather in the northwest, and 1,169 cars of wheat on track here this morning, and weak and lower opening in all other markets, caused a weak feeling here and prices started at a decline of ⅜c. from Saturday's closing prices. The market for cash wheats of the three higher grades and for No. 1 northern for October delivery ruled fairly active during the first hour, prices remained about steady for cash wheats, but yielded temporarily at ¼ to ⅜ for October. It is understood that there was a number of round lots of wheat worked here this morning for New York, and that good export orders were executed by several of our large shipping firms. The increase of 1,611.000 bushels in the visible supply was considerably less than had been anticipated, its posting had rather a hardening tendency in all the markets. The last hour here was very dull and the close was steady at ¼ below the opening.

Cash No. 1 hard sold early at 1c. below Saturday's closing price at 95½, ruled dull, without further trading. It closed easy and ¼ lower at 95¼.

Cash No. 1 northern opened 1c. lower than it closed on Saturday at 94¼, with large and active trading during the first hour for both spot and to arrive at that figure. It eased off to 94⅛ and closed dull and easy at 94.

Cash No. 2 Northern opened ⅞ lower at 89¼, with active trading in both round and car lots, all at that figure. No grade selling at 89. It closed dull and easy at 89.

No. 3 spring sold early at ⅜c. decline from Saturday at 89¼, advanced to 89¼ and closed dull and ½ lower at 89.

Rejected wheat without transactions. Closed dull at 70.

October No. 1 hard dull and neglected, without transactions. Closed at 1c. decline for the day at 95¼.

October No. 1 northern opened 1c off from Saturday's close at 94, advanced to 94¼, ruled irregular, declined to 93 7-8 and off again to 94, with large transactions at that. It closed easy at 94.

First half of November, a 35,000 bu. lot of No. 1 northern wheat to be delivered during the first half of November sold at 93⅞.

Dec. No. 1 hard, no trading, closed weak and 1½ lower for the day at 95.

Dec. No. 1 Northern, very dull, a single 1,000 bus. lot sold late at 1½ below Saturday's close at 93. It closed at 93 bid.

May wheats. Dull and neglected, no transactions. No. 1 hard closed 1½ lower for the day at $1.03 nominal. No. 1 northern at 1⅞ decline at $1.00½ best bid.

A TOURIST.

A Boy Who is Something of a Traveler Himself.

Grand Forks Herald.

A lad about 16 years of age, who gave his name as Geo. Dell, passed through the city yesterday, who is an exemplification of the American spirit of moving. He left his home at Charlotte, Michigan, some time ago and determined to see something of the world. He had about fifteen dollars in his inside pocket, and after a series of adventures and stops at all the principal places enroute he reached Seattle with one silver dollar. He stayed around the various coast towns for a time, when he concluded to start for home. He caught a boat for Vancouver, and once there he made his way along the C. P. Ry. to Winnipeg and from there he came here, arriving this morning without a cent. Doc. Griffith, who is shipping western horses from here to Iowa, gave him a lift by sending him with two cars of stock to St. Paul, and from there he will stake him with a ticket to Chicago. The boy says that once in Chicago he will have no trouble in getting home.

He is an exceedingly bright young fellow and tells an interesting story of his trip. He scorned the suggestion that he "bummed" his way; he says he never begged a cent and that he never went hungry or without a comfortable place to sleep. He worked his way along, and certainly has seen considerable country on an original capital of fifteen dollars.

The Gotzian opera block in Grand Forks was seriously injured by fire on Sunday and at one time it looked as though the entire block must go. However the fire was extinguished when it was found that the greatest damage was caused by water deluging the goods in the stores therein. The block was of of brick, built in 1880.

A Bright Young Lady

Who edits a special department in one of the best country weeklies of Minnesota, was lately a delegate to a gathering of representative ladies, held at a point on "The Burlington." In speaking of the connection, and the journey to and fro, she writes to her paper:

"A very pleasant ride to Winona was enjoyed, which was greatly due to the superior accommodations and excellent management of "The Burlington." The conductors and trainmen were very courteous. A better route could not have been chosen; the road was smooth and the chair cars gave one almost the ease of a home. The road wound in and out in gentle curves, now along the banks of the flowing river, then dashing between tall bluffs, or running along by rippling brooks, which constantly afforded the travelers varied and delightful scenery. Before leaving the cars the ladies fastened to the bell rope a neat card tied with a white ribbon and bearing the words: 'Acknowledgements of the State W. C. T. U. Convention, Winona, Sept. 1-5.' All certainly had appreciated the kindness of 'The Burlington.'"

This route is famous from Lake Michigan to the Pacific Coast for its attention to the comfort of ladies traveling without escort. For rates, maps, and any information, call on any agent of this or connecting lines, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C., B. & N. R. R., St Paul, Minn.

THE STRONGEST AND PUREST.

The Official Report of the Minnesota Dairy and Food Commissioner Shows the Royal Baking Powder the Best in the State.

St. Paul Globe.

The last report of the Minnesota State Food and Dairy Commission contains the details of the State Chemists' experiments and analysis to determine the strength and keeping qualities of the various baking powders. Samples of the numerous brands on sale in this State were purchased and first analyzed to ascertain their leavening power. The Royal Baking Powder is shown by the tests of both State analysts, Prof. Eberman and Prof. Drew, to contain the greatest amount of leavening gas of the cream of tarter powders thus purchased and tested. Hence this powder is officially ranked at the head of the list.

The report attaches great importance to a series of experiments made to ascertain the character, efficiency and keeping qualities of the powders. Baking powders that vary in strength or that readily lose strength before use, are unreliable and will not give even results; besides, it is an indication of the use in their compounding of improper ingredients. These tests were applied to a large number of samples of different ages of the three cream of tarter powders best known in Minnesota. They showed the strength or leavening power of the Royal very much greater than that of the others. The uniformity of strength of all the samples of Royal tested was remarkable. Its leavening power was practically unimpaired even in the oldest specimens. The difference in the amount of leavening gas in different samples of both the other brands was so great as to seriously impair their usefulness in baking. As much as 24 per cent. loss was found in samples a few months old. All the samples of Royal examined by Dr. Drew were reported of satisfactory strength and quality.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Oct. 17th, 1891.

Applin, Edd	Gibbs, J W.—2
Baker, Edward	Gill, Geo
Bergh, Mrs Martha E B	Malm, C M
Benton, R	Nordstrom, Oluf A D
Didrixson, Olaf A—3	Torgerson, H T

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

[First publication Oct. 22d, 1891.]

State of Minnesota, County of Polk—ss.
The State of Minnesota, to H. A. Baker, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 18th day of November, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston, in said county, to answer to John Harper in a civil action. Should you fail to appear, at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said John Harper for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 19th day of October, A. D. 1891.

C. S. SPENDLEY, Justice of the Peace.

[27-29]

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana — FARM LANDS

NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. — LOW RATES

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. — Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. — In the Northwest. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. — Sheep, Hogs.

Herds; Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING. } Crookston, Minn

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing Washing and Ironing Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting FAMILY WASHING Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop. A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh. John Moore. W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.
[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Com'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Northern Pacific
BETWEEN
Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p' m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn, or
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR. DEPARTMENT STORE
—IS THE—
Cheapest Store in Town
Sells strictly for Cash and marks goods accordingly.
CORNER MAIN AND ROBERT STREETS. } — — { SUCCESSORS TO THE CROOKSTON BANKRUPT STORE.
THE FAIR.

THE FAIR.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED.
If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

MEMBERS OF THE
Home Supply Association,
OF CHICAGO.
ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, ETC.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My price
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,	$15.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	14 50	
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price	$23.25	
" " G. W. Peake's "	22.50	
No C 38—Home Supply "	25.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	23.50	
No. D 40—Home Supply "	28.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	27.00	
No. E 40—Home Supply "	28.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	26.00	
Buggy Whip—drop top	15c to 25c	
" " straight Java	20c to 60c	
" " rawhide center	90c to $1.00	
Lace Team Collars	$2.00 to $4 50	
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks	50c per pair	
Webb Halters	25c, 35c and 40c	
Ladies' Side Saddle	$5.00	
Riding Bridle—plain	90c to $1.00	
Men's Riding Saddles	$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up	

G. W. PEAKE,
Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - MINN

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.
Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

Valley Roller Mills.
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best, $2.75
North Star, - - 2.60
Fife, - - 2.25
Skip Jack. - - 1.25

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
LEE & HERRICK.

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FACULTY:
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Faculty composed of specialtists.
Most advanced methods of instruction.
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Students may enter at any time.

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R. S. KNUDSON, Principal,
Crookston, Minn.

Schmidt, the Painter,
—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON ONE-PRICE
Clothing House.

FINE SPRING OVERCOATS.
SPRING SUITS FOR MEN.
SPRING SUITS FOR BOYS.
SPRING SUITS in two and three piece suits for children,

AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES. IN Fancy Cassimeres.
Fancy Chevoits.
Fancy Worsted.
Black Chevoits.

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT.
Stiff Hats in the latest blacks,
Soft Hats, John B. Stetson, finest hat made.
Fine Traveling Hats.
Black Satin Lined Derby Hats,
Soft Fedora Hats.
Fine Prush Hats.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

New LUNCH ROOM,
IVER KROHN, Proprietor.
McKinnon's Block, Main Street.
Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.
ALSO A CHOICE LINE OF
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
GIVE ME A CALL.
I. A. KROHN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.
CROOKSTON, MINN

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 22, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m......................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.............. 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.............................. 8:15 a. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Capt. Griggs, of Grand Forks, suffered a stroke of paralysis last week.

I. K. Messelt came down from Winger on Thursday to get a hair-cut and shave.

M. W. Waters, of Minneapolis was in the city this week on a business visit to C. M. Lowe.

On Wednesday night of last week a frost heavy enough to singe the leaves on the trees occurred.

Wm. Kistenmacher's new house is being finished off. When completed Sam Rosenthal will occupy it.

W. D. Scott arrived home on Friday morning from a three weeks' visit in Iowa. Mrs. S. remains awhile.

Tom Erwin was up from Fisher on Thursday. Says he has his threshing nearly done and has a fine yield.

Wright, Barrett & Stillwell's good looking man, Andrew, gave us a pleasant call on Thursday of last week.

S. E. Permain and bride arrived on Thursday morning of last week. In the evening the band gave them a serenade.

Remember the "Temple of Fame," the entertainment that is being gotten up by the ladies of the Congregational church. Let's all go.

Chas. Harrington and wife and Mrs. H. C. Misner, of Euclid, improved the pleasant weather on Thursday last to drive down to the city.

Surveyor Gen'l Compton, accompanied by Frank Evans, of Fergus Falls, passed through the city last week enroute for Devil's Lake to hunt geese.

The Winnipeg flyers left for home on Thursday last, their owners being under the impression that there would be no chance to show their paces on the turf.

E. M. Walsh threshed out 77 bushels per acre of good wet oats last week. Ed. thinks he would have had 80 all right enough if the bundles had been dry.

Harry Ives, the good-natured Spectator man of St. Hilaire was an interested spectator at the Noss family enthrtainment on Wednesday evening last week.

Geo. J. McManus says he threshed some barley that cost him 37 cents per bushel to thresh. He is trying to figure out the other expenses so as to decide how much he will net on that barley.

M. Lefebvre arrived from South Bend, Wash., on Thursday of last week. Says Pete Bauchemin is getting rich out there in general merchandise and John McLean is coining shekels in real estate. "The Bishop" looks young and hearty.

The weather of last week and the condition of the track was enough to give the horsemen the blues and they were a blue looking set for a fact. Horses were here from Winnipeg, Fergus Falls, Fargo and Grand Forks anxious to try their mettle upon the turf but the clerk of the weather put his veto on the business to a certain extent.

Notice the change in O. H. Saake's ad. elsewhere in this issue. This is no catchpenny fake, but a bona fide selling out, as we learn that Mr. Saake has sold the balance of his lease after January 1st and the building will be occupied by other parties on that date. Now is the time to secure good bargains in jewelry. Call early for choice.

Arthur Wales, the well known piano tuner of Fargo, who has been doing the principal tuning in North Dakota and Northern Minnesota will positively be here this month to attend to the fall tuning in Crookston, and earnestly desires that those having tuning to be done will wait for him to arrive. General price for tuning $3.00. Mr. Wales has exclusive charge of all work in the Northwest for W. J. Dyer & Bros., music dealers, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Miss Maggie Hager, of Maiden Rock, Wis., and Miss Katie Poppe, of Frontenac, Minn., left for their respective homes on Thursday after a pleasant visit with Mrs. S. L. Collins in this city.

The Noss Family gave one of their excellent entertainments at the Grand Opera House on Wednesday evening of last week. They have improved very much since their first appearance in this city two years since. If there is anything in the shape of a musical instrument that they can't get music out of we should like to see it, in fact the musical feature is by far their strongest point. May, as a boy, makes a decided hit. Almost every piece was encored to the letter.

Trade and Money.

Trade conditions have not materially changed during the past week. The effect of the lengthened hot spell is still shown in the slow demand for seasonable goods all over the country. The genuine fall weather of the past few days will undoubtedly tend to stimulate autumn business to its normal point again. The only reported gain in general business is at Kansas City, New Orleans and San Francisco. The moderately active movement of staples at Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis and St. Paul continues about as last reported. At Philadelphia trade is dull. Wholesale prices for anthracite have risen slightly. At Boston business is generally quiet, but there is a better demand for woolens. Rubber is also higher. New York wholesale dealers do not report any increase in the volume of business over the week before last. Prices are generally firm in dry goods and wool. Cotton is a little more active, and prices have risen 1-16 cent on reports of threatened injury by frosts.

The great factors which tend toward a prosperous business year are still working actively. The price of wheat is a cent higher and exports are increasing again. They were 3,958,810 bushels from the United States last week, as against 3,405,982 tor the week previous, and 1,516,759 bushels from the United States and Canada both in the first week of October, 1890. The imports of gold are steadily maintained. The amount now in transit is not far from $5,000,000. The improved prospects for trade and the enormous grain movement are reflected in the heavy percentage of gain in the September gross earnings of railways. The total earnings of 131 roads for September were $42,688,972, against $39,184,640 in September of last year. This is a gain of 8.9 per cent. and presents a highly encouraging feature of the general situation. Increased railway earnings will beneficially affect all the great industries that are intimately connected with our railway system. They will enable the railroad managers, who have been economizing closely of late, to make the extensive purchases of rolling stock and material which they need and thus stimulate the iron market and business in many other lines.

Last week was a dull one in the New York stock market. The tone of the loan market grows more confident owing to the heavy gold imports. There is every prospect that the autumn will pass without financial stringency. There is no likelihood of cessation of gold imports for a long time to come. These imports are pretty certain to keep the money market easy. The bank statement for last week was highly favorable. The lass of $4,000,000 in interior shipments was more than made up by receipts of gold from abroad and heavy disbursements from the sub-treasury. The surplus reserve increased $3,536,725. Bank clearings at New York showed an increase of $13,163,000 as compared with the same week a year ago. For fifty-eight cities the bank clearings were $1,225,837,951, an increase over 1890 of a trifle more than 1 per cent.

Norwood's Currency Plan.

New York Press.

Ex-Senator Thomas M. Norwood, of Georgia, has shown the first evidence that any prominent Southern Farmers' Alliance man has given of returning to financial common sense. Even he has returned only a part of the way; but he has grasped the important truth that the proper distribution of the volume of the currency where it is needed is as necessary to healthy business prosperity as a full supply of currency. He has propounded a financial plan, the purpose of which is to recognize this idea more completely than heretofore. He would have the national government issue legal tender notes to the government of each State in quantities based on that State's population and consequent title to a certain quantity of circulating medium per capita. Each State, under the Norwood plan, is to have in its government machinery a bureau of finance, and if it has, say 6,000,000 population, like New York, and therefore, at a rate of $50 circulation per capita, wants $300,000,000 of currency, the volume of its national banking capital is to be deducted from this $300,000,000, and the Treasury Department is to supply legal tenders to its State Bureau of Finance to the amount of the remainder. This bureau is to lend the legal tender notes on such securities as the Legislature may prescribe, at a rate of interest also limited by law.

Mr. Norwood does not condescend to explain why the government should issue mere paper money when it has an excellent law under which it can issue about $4,500,000 a month on an actual intrinsic value of silver bullion, and his suggestion that the State legislatures should order the legal tenders loaned on land as collateral would probably excite a good deal of opposition. But the significant feature of his plan is his recognition of the perfect distributing value of the national banks. Even this Farmers' Alliance statesman, starting out to evolve an ideal method of distributing the currency where it is most wanted, admits that he cannot improve on the machinery of the national banking system, so far as it goes, for he simply supplements it where it does not go. But in place of such an extension of its facilities as would provide that each town that wanted any currency could get it through the national banks created in that town by the very conditions of development that made it need currency, he centralizes the supplementary distributing agency in the State capital, in a bureau of the government.

Why this centralization and paternalism? Why not let the people do it instead of the government? Why not remove every restriction on the establishment of national banks, and let the supplementary currency outlets be as well distributed as the established outlets? Why entrust to politicians the important duty that the people can do, and ought to be free to do, for themselves? Why not make the national banking system permanent and popular, and make it so easy for the people to organize national banks whenever and wherever they want them, that the supply of currency would spontaneously distribute itself exactly as far as the demand for it?

The reason and answer is doubtless this: A national bank, even if it were organized by 10,000 workingmen instead of ten capitalists, would be very likely to employ as its officers business men of common sense who knew what good security was and who would refuse to lend on poor security. That is not what Norwood wants. On the contrary, that is why he objects to national banks. He and all the other Farmers' Alliance statesmen want currency bureaus that will lend money on poor security. The poorer the security the better they will be pleased; for, according to them, it is the government's duty to make it easy for the people to get currency without working for it and earning it, and the worse the security is the better the government will be fulfilling its duty to the poor man. This is paternalism run mad.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

[20-tf]

The Pintsch System of Lighting Passenger Trains with Gas.

The Pintsch system of lighting by means of compressed gas is pronounced by competent judges to be the best known means of car illumination.

It is safe under any and all circumstances. It is not affected by atmospheric changes. Burns more steadily than any other light in use. Although very brilliant it is soft and agreeable. It emits no smoke, is ordorless and perfectly clean.

It is so effective and evenly distributed that travelers in any part of the car can read easily and comfortably.

It is simple in operation, absolutely reliable and of constant quality.

Although this system has been in use on some of the leading lines in the East and in Europe for some time, the credit of first introducing it in the North-West belongs to "The North-Western line"—C., St. P., M. & O. Ry.

The vestibuled trains on this line leaving Minneapolis at 6:50 P. M., St. Paul 7:30 P. M., daily, for Chicago and Milwaukee, are lighted throughout with this gas.

In addition to the superior arrangement and comfort of the sleeping cars on the vestibuled limited, this brilliant light adds to the appearance of the car, and passengers have expressed themselves as delighted with this method of lighting.

The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company is now constructing a plant in Minneapolis for the manufacture of Pinsch Gas in order to supply the entire passenger equipment.

No line keeps its equipment more completely up to the standard than does "The North-Western Line" and it has never failed to provide any improvement likely to add to the comfort, safety or pleasure of through travel.

[24-27]

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

(First publication October 1st, 1891.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss.
District Court.

Steenerson Bros., plaintiffs, vs. Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in a justice's court in the said county, a transcript of which judgment has been duly filed in the District Court aforesaid, said judgment being rendered in favor of Steenerson Bros and against Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendants, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½nw¼) of Section thirty-three (33); also southeast quarter (se¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lot six (6) of Section twenty-eight, all in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north of Range forty-seven (47) west. And that I shall, on Friday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson in and to the above described property to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to fifty-seven dollars and 29 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 3d day of March, 1890, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 29th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [24-30]

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct. 15th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ANDREAS HAGBERG, an unmarried man, of Polk County, and State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Eleanor E. Wilmerding of the County of Suffolk, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of December 15th, A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 186; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said mortgagee, Eleanor E. Wilmerding, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable and;

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred thirty-four and 82-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, Oct. 12th, A. D. 1891.

ELEANOR E. WILMERDING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[26-32] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct 8th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 ($843.66) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Warren D. Palmetier and Ettie Palmetier his wife, mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of July, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 205, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty, (20) Township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) Range No. forty-seven (47) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated October 6th, A. D. 1891.

The New England Mortgage Security Company,
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for mortgagee,
[25-31] Crookston, Minn.

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on e before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Mortgage Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and sixty-five and six one hundreths ($265.06) dollars, claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Benjamin Milette and Mary Milette his wife, mortgagors, to Narcissa Milette, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, A. D. 1886, and with power of sale therein contained, and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, A. D., 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 90, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-six (46), lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred sixty-five and six one hundreths (265.06) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 17th, A. D. 1891.

NARCISSA MILETTE, Mortgagee.

H. STEENERSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[22-28] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.]
Last publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Noiseux and Rose Anna Noiseux, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $16.87 that became due November 1st, 1889, $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $22.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred sixty-nine and 48-100 dollars, ($869.48-100), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12) Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-four (44)) containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 10th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [22-28] [N. G. 83.]

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., Sept. 21st, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on November 6th, 1891, viz: JOSEPH MILLER, Jr., Hd. No. 11,912, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 44. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew Bakken, Samuel J. Ferin, William McAnulty, Andrew Abplenalp, all of Dugdale, Minn.

[23-28] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Oct. 6th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on November 21st, 1891, viz: JOSEPH JONDRON, Hd. No. 11,624, for the ne¼ Section 26, Township 148, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Duval, Andrew Lariviere, Louis Duval, Clement Payant, all of Crookston, Minn.

[25-30] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

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—DEALERS IN—

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Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

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STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOK.

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LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,

Opera Block - - Crookston.

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OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

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Interest on time deposits.

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A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

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—PROPRIETOR OF—

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Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

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Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

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In connection which I will attend to in person

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CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by day or night promptly attended to.

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McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, OCTOBER 29, 1891. NO. 28.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVRY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. I outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100.00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

LEADER OFFICE,
Stephen, Marshall Co., Minn.,
October 22, 1891.

Bro. H. E. Cooke, Crookston:

DEAR SIR:—Let me congratulate you upon the felicitous streak of humor that inspired either yourself or typo in reproducing a Leader article in your last issue. You made me refer to "a respected uncle" as a "respectable uncle." Very good, indeed. If you don't mind I shall hunt you up the next time I am in Crookston and see whether you look as funny as you act. No harm done; I like such breaks. Fraternally,

H. SMITH.

Don't come down, we'll shoot—the intelligent typo who credited you with a "respectable uncle," Bro. Smith. After all his experience in the business he ought to have known better than to expect such a thing of the craft, but he died repentant. This sad business but proves the truth of the old addage that "there's many a slip twixt the cup and the lip," for while you no doubt fully intended to have a "respected uncle," and probably thought you had a "respected uncle," you see that when it gets abroad what you considered a "respected uncle" was really, a "respectable uncle." The real object we was after, however, was not the kind of an uncle, but the kind of a way of treating our lands which the article recommends which would, if practical, solve what has become quite a problem, "how to best prepare our lands for the next crop." We will forgive you, though, if you will reciprocate, and furthermore we will solemnly promise never again to intimate such a thing of you, for we realize how extremely difficult it is for the craft to have and maintain such relations.

East Grand Forks Courier: Wednesday evening Deputy Sheriff Dwyer received a dispatch from Postmaster Osmund Osmundson, of Mallory, telling him to come post haste and take a man. Mr. Dwyer boarded the 6:30 train, reaching Mallory after a run of eleven minutes, and found the entire population of Mallory watching a box car. The man had been caught in the act of burglarizing the postmaster's house, and as Mallory has no jail the fellow was lodged in a box car for safe keeping The conductor generously offered to hold the train until Mr. Dwyer secured his man, when he was taken to Crookston. His chances of escape from the Crookston jail are much better than from a box car. The fellow gave his name as Chas. Halford.

Holding Their Wheat.

FARMERS STORING THEIR WHEAT FOR A RAISE IN PRICE.

Grand Forks Herald.

Traveling freight agent Dawes of the Great Northern was in the city yesterday. In conversation with a Herald reporter Mr. Dawes stated that the movement of wheat is not nearly so great as might be expected when the amount of threshing done the past week is taken into consideration. It is evident that the farmers are storing their wheat in their own granaries largely, as the scarcity of teams prevents it being taken directly to the elevators. Another reason advanced for the comparatively light movement is that the farmers who had bills falling due during the rainy season just passed, arranged for an extension until such time as was convenient for them to market their grain, and they prefer to put in all their time plowing for next year's crop, as they are in no pressing need of the money.

Janesville (Wis.) Recorder: Ray L. Royce is equal to Nat Goodwin or Sol. Smith Russell. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

Our Washington Letter.

Washington, D.C., Oct. 27th, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL.—

It is said that the Department of Justice has concluded to bring suit against the managers of the Cotton Centennial which was held in New Orleans in the winter of 1884-5, to recover the $1,350,000 which was borrowed from the United States treasury to help the "World's Fair" through. The decision in the suit against the Philadelphia Centennial justifies the belief that the money will be recovered and the beginning of the suit at this time would rather indicate that the World's Fair managers will not receive much support in securing the $5,000,000 they are going to ask for as soon as Congress meets.

There seems to be considerable misapprehension as to how and with what nations reciprocity treaties can be negotiable. Under section three of the tariff act, which is the reciprocity clause, the President would be confined to making all reciprocity arrangements only with those nations which produce and export sugar, coffee, tea and hides. So far, all the treaties have been made with nations which produce one or more of these articles.

There is a strong feeling both in this country and Great Britain that that clause of the treaty of 1817, which prohibits either nation from putting fleets on the great lakes dividing the United States from Canada, ought to be abrogated. It requires six month's notice upon the part of either one of the nations to do this. If the United States waits for England to give the notice, within three weeks after the six months expires there will be on the great lakes a splendid English fleet because so soon as the notice is made, or before, England will commence the building of its vessels. If such notice is received by the United States from England it ought to commence its building at once.

Politics in New York are at boiling point. Fassett and Flower are both in New York city to enlighten the voters as to their duty in the premises. The same condition exists in Ohio where on the same night Campbell held a meeting on the one side and Sherman and Foraker on the other. Both of the parties in both of the states are claiming that they have a majority of the votes now, so that work that is being done is either superfluous or simply for holding the majorities they claim. One party or the other will find itself mistaken on the morning of the fourth of November.

The Independents of New York have divided, George William Curtis and some others announcing themselves for Fassett while the New York Times and the New York Evening Post are for Flower. This has placed the independent voters in the position of being entirely free to follow their own inclinations without any bias taken from the actions of the leaders, as Harper's Weekly, the Post and the Times were recognized as the leading organs of the Independents.

The Reverend Heber Newton has branched off into politics a little. He took occasion on last Sunday in a political sermon to denounce the government of New York city and Tammany Hall as a corrupt organization which ought to be broken down.

Mr. Blaine's letter on the reciprocity of the McKinley Tariff Bill, which he wrote in response to an inquiry of an Ohio editor, is thought to be not so much an endorsement of the McKinley Tariff Bill as it is of the reciprocity clause in that bill which was drawn and pressed by Blaine, refused by McKinley, and put into the bill after it reached the Senate. There are some people who think that Mr. Blaine was looking more to the interest of James G. Blaine in 1892 than to that of Major William McKinley in 1891.

There is rather a curious condition existing in Cincinnati. The Enquirer, which is the leading Democratic paper of the state, is cool in its support of Campbell, while the Commercial Gazette, which is the leading Republican paper of the state, is now very enthusiastic in its support of McKinley. John R. McLean owns the Enquirer entirely and it is said now that he owns a majority of the stock in the Commercial Gazette. This may account for the situation. McLean is running both sides of the question and has to do it cautiously.

Mansfield (Ohio) Herald: "The Royce and Lancing Comedy Company are meritorious. Last night at Memorial opera house they gave a fine musical entertainment. Mr. Royce and Lizzie Royce are artists. Mr. Royce's impersonation of a seedy tragedian, a nervous bachelor, an elderly poetess, a simpering school girl, etc., were excellent, as were also, the violin solos, the ocarina and bell trio, and the banjo and guitar specialties. The entire troupe is first-class. The entertainment was of the highest class. The people all seem to be ladies and gentlemen." Will be at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2nd.

Pulpit And Press.

New York Press

It is safe to say that no session of the great ecumenical Methodist conference in Washington will be longer remembered by the delegates and the Methodistic world at large than that of last Monday, when the Rev. H. Price Hughes, D. D., of London delivered an address on that never failing theme, "The Press." The treatment accorded the subject by the distinguished preacher was vigorous and vivacious, while the rattling debate in five minute speeches that followed showed how closely the theme touched everybody in the audience.

If the profession of journalism needed any testimony to its foremost rank among professions—which it does not need—the testimony would be more than abundantly supplied in the constant discussion of "The Press" wherever any conference, congress or council of people is assembled to consider how the world is to be set right. Some of those who take part in these discussions can see little that is not evil in the "secular" press; others, an increasing number, are full of hearty appreciation; but one and all agree that the newspaper are the most potential factor in making the modern world go round.

In urging his ministerial brethren to be diligent readers of newspapers Dr. Hughes speaks with good sense, and when he sends his shaft home by applying to those who neglect this duty Christ's condemnation of those who could not discern the signs of the times, he illustrates the skill of a brilliant preacher in fitting old texts to new truths. Not the least notable feature of the address was that in which he treated of the function of the press as a guide to thought. It was the more noticeable because it is rather common in our time for some pretentious talker to claim that people are no longer influenced by newspaper editorial writing. Intelligent men know better; they know that, as Dr. Hughes remarks, a chief part of a modern newspaper's power consists, as he expresses it, "in impressing upon the public the views of the editor." Certainly members of "the fourth estate" could not ask for a more emphatic tribute to their efficiency than is contained in the declaration that "for the creation of public opinion in these swift days the press is supreme."

The picture drawn before the conference of what the pulpit and the press could do for Christianity by working together is extremely interesting. It is to be presumed that the eloquent Wesleyan intended to have his hearers understand that in his mind's eye there was an ideal press co-operating with an ideal pulpit. He would doubtless be as quick to admit faults in the one as to point them out in the other were he asked to specify in detail the things that hinder perfect unity in diversity. His acknowledgment of services rendered in recent times and striking ways by the press to causes that the pulpit has at heart was all that could be desired. The newspaper wields a tremendous energy very often on the side of philanthropy, moral reform, education, justice, benevolence and the general diffusion of useful knowledge; while its achievements in discovering, exposing and denouncing all manner of iniquity are invaluable and inestimable. All this Dr. Hughes and his brethren proclaimed with many expressions of gratitude.

There is one kind of aid which journalism renders to religion that does not appear to have received full recognition at the conference, perhaps because time was too short. Many of the most influential clergymen in all denominations feel, with reason, that this sort of service is of the very highest class. It consists of editorial discussion of current religious or theological topics in a progressive, non-sectarian and broadly intelligent spirit. This is something that greatly needs to be done, and that neither the pulpit nor the average denominational newspaper is in a position to do with requisite thoroughness. The pulpit must of necessity be more or less under bondage to the pews. Religious journalism is not only sectarian in the nature of the case as a rule, but is apt to be the organ of a party within a sect. The "secular" editor, if he has, as very many such men have, the taste and training that fit him for the task, looks the field over from all sides, goes straight to the sources of exact knowledge, and being under obligations to no sect or set, utters calmly truths that are for the profit of all who read.

For instances of what daily newspapers have done to aid the cause of genuine religion in this way we need not go far back. It is sufficient to cite the Andover controversy, whose "inwardness" the public would not have understood but for the "secular press;" the Briggs case, regarding which daily newspapers supply almost the sole impartial discussions; the election of Phillips Brooks to the bishopric of Massachusetts, culminating yesterday in his consecration at Boston, a case wherein the press bore a conspicuous if not a decisive part, and the American Board whose annual meeting that closes to morrow at Pittsfield, Mass., is comparatively harmonious for the first time in many years, largely because the white light thrown by newspaper editorials on the policy of intolerance rendered that policy no longer feasible.

Shall Parnell's Work Be Undone?

New York Press.

Just 100 years ago was founded the Society of United Irishmen, whose object was to deliver Ireland by force from the yoke of Great Britain and establish a republic. The results of that patriotic effort are matters of history. Seven years later secret agitation culminated in open rebellion and Ireland became a scene of ferocious strife, all the more terrible on account of the religious element that was deeply mingled in with it. The unsuccessful insurgents, instead of gaining liberty for their country, only enabled England to wield the chain more closely. Robert Emmet left to his country something more than a heroic memory. He bequeathed an additional pretext for making Ireland's servitude hopeless. From the execution of Emmett until the rise of Daniel O'Connell, Ireland remained powerless under a parliament in which she had but a nominal voice, and from which the great majority of her people were excluded on the ground of religious faith. Her sons were not excluded from fighting for England and they had no small share in the victories that marked the era of Napoleon and built the British empire of today, but they had no part in the government which they were permitted to serve.

With Roman Catholic emancipation—a concession rather to the enlightened conscience of England than to any cry for justice from Ireland—constitutional agitation became possible. The bulk of the people were still debarred in both countries by the restriction of suffrage from the choice of members of parliament, but popular feeling made itself apparent in public meetings and in the press, and did not go unheeded in the legislative halls. O'Connell's movement died before he gave up his broken heart to the church of his devotion, but that movement was not without a great and favorable influence on Ireland's subsequent history. The idea of liberating Ireland by physical force again after O'Connell's death, obtained ascendency, but while the light of home flickered and waned it never entirely went out.

The thirty years from O'Connell to Parnell witnessed repeated attempts at rebellion, seldom rising above the absurd, and sometimes put down by a squad of constables. Ireland's real battles were being fought at this time on the other side of the Irish Sea. Every victory of the English democracy was a step ahead for the Irish cause. This fact, however, the majority of Irishmen were slow to recognize. They dreamed of Emmet and Tone and the days of '98 and the thought of the time when an appeal to arms might again be made with a prospect of success. The more ambitious among them sought homes across the Atlantic in America, and beyond the Pacific in Australia, and, while the old Ireland lay prostrate, with an occasional throe

"To show that still she lived."

new Irelands grew up amid the more fortunate surroundings of newly discovered worlds.

It was to an Ireland into whose hands England had but recently given the weapon of liberal suffrage that Charles Stewart Parnell came. The disestablishment of the Irish Church had shown that there was a growing sense in Great Britain of justice toward the sister island, a desire to recall and undo some of the oppression of ages. But the English democracy did not dream then of ever granting to Ireland a separate national government. With the advance of years the Union had come to be looked upon in England as irrevocable, as too sacred to be tampered with, and the suggestion to repeal it seemed either treason or a political eccentricity not worthy of deliberate consideration. Irish representation in parliament was frittered and scattered along the lines of British partisan politics. There was a Home Rule contingent, but it was hardly conscious of its own existence, and certainly discerned no practical way of accomplishing its objects.

Parnell wielded into a compact phalanx all the Irish representatives in parliament who did not belong to what might be called Philo-British constituencies. The scattered sticks were bound together like the fasces of the Roman consul, and it became apparent that united they could paralyze the legislative energies of the empire. Ireland not only demanded but commanded attention. The Parnellite party, which then meant Ireland, gradually won from the British Liberals recognition for Ireland's claims and the promise of Irish home rule. Enough Liberals deserted their party on this issue to give a majority to the Conservatives, but from 1886 until today nearly every by election has emphasized the fact that the people of Great Britain are not with the deserters and that they are prepared at the next general election, which cannot long be deferred, to give back to Ireland the native parliament taken from her ninety years ago. Never, in one sense, has the Irish cause been more hopeful.

It is under these circumstances and with these prospects that, owing to the unhappy personal antagonisms which undoubtedly hastened the death of Mr. Parnell, the united Irish parliamentary representation which has effected so much has been divided into two hostile sections. It matters little which side hurts the other most; Ireland is the sufferer, and the Irish ship of state is imperiled. The dictates of reason demand that personal bitterness and animosity be laid aside and Parnell's life work be carried to completion. The occasion is a momentous one for Ireland. Before her at last is the prospect, it may be said the certainty of freedom, provided she is willing to grasp it and to put behind her the feuds that give her enemies hope and tempt her friends to despair.

The Review of Reviews has well been called the busy man's magazine. It contains short articles upon every topic upon which you can want information and is an invaluable aid to all who wish to keep well posted upon the living issues of the day. All JOURNAL readers who are paid up one year in advance can secure the Review of Reviews one year for $1.50.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

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Schmidt, the Painter,

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OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

WALL PAPER.

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. I have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the most Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. GERVAIS, The Hustler

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JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 29, 1891.

'Round Home:

Wheat—1 Hard 78.
1 Northern 76.
2 Northern 70.
3 Northern 68.

Dept. Sheriff Losey went to Euclid on Monday.

Oats are selling in the market at 35 cents per bushel.

R. Smith is up from West Superior visiting old-time friends.

See the Temple of Fame probably two weeks from last Tuesday night.

Sylvester & Finseth are talking of renting a store in the opera house block.

We can give you Demorest's Magazine and THE JOURNAL one year for $3.

Such fine summer weather as we have had the past week is highly appreciated.

Joseph Hoch went to St. Paul on Friday. Intends to bring in a carload of hogs.

The attendance at the Congregational church on Sabbath, both day and evening was good.

Mr. M. Hart returned from a visit to the south part of the State on Sunday morning.

We have a few choice young cows for sale at reasonable figures. Call early for choice.

Remember Royce & Lansing on the evening of November 2d. They are deserving of a full house.

If you want good cows call and see what we can do for you. We can sell you one if you want it.

Many transfers of real estate at the Register's office show a healthy demand for Polk County soil.

We could use 35 or 40 bushels of potatoes in our business. Will pay the highest market price on subscription.

Tom Harris has been employed about a week elevating Cowing's hardware store up to grade—a raise of several feet.

Peter Cornelius' boy remains in about the same condition as when first hurt. His improvement will necessarily be slow.

We are reminded by these cold mornings that winter is near. There are hundreds of acres of potatoes yet to dig, we are told.

The pleasant weather is being improved to the utmost by the busy threshers. Lots of wheat rolling out these days.

Farmers are as busy as bees threshing and plowing. The soil, as a rule, is getting in good condition again for plowing.

The jury in the case of Ignatius Donnelly vs. the Pioneer-Press Co. awards the sage damages to the extent of $1 and costs.

Pete Misgen, Ald. A. C. Schmidt and T. G. Thompson went went out to Goose Lake for a hunt this week—and that is all they got.

A. Anderson arrived from Devils Lake last Saturday with two car-loads of broncho's which he was taking to his home in Iowa.

Don't fail to secure the Review of Reviews, one of the best magazines out. Taken with THE JOURNAL it costs you only $1.50 a year.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

Martin Finseth has purchased L. I. Benoit's interest in the hardware firm of Benoit & Sylvester and the firm name will be Sylvester & Finseth.

O. Stuhr, living near Euclid, has threshed 21,000 bushels of wheat this fall and has 700 acres plowed back. He must have kept pretty busy.

You cannot find more reading matter than we can supply you for $3.00. Take your choice between Demorest and the Review of Reviews at $1.50.

If you want a good cow come and see what we can do for you. We have a few more left that we will sell you right. Call early for choice.

A. D. Stephens bought a moose calf at Kennedy last week and shipped it to Austen Corbin, the head of the great Corbin Banking Co., of New York.

H. H. Dickmann and wife left for their home in Wabasha Co. on Thursday evening of last week accompanied by the best wishes of hosts of friends.

Call and see a copy of the Review of Reviews, which magazine you can secure with THE JOURNAL for $1.50. This is one of the best magazines published.

Mr. Seg. Mannheimer, a member of the best manufacturing and importing cloak house in America will be here today with eight trunks of the choicest novelties and latest productions of home and foreign make. Orders to measure will be taken and goods made promptly.
FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Mayor McKinnon has sold his bicycle and bought a broncho since he bought his farm. He concluded the bike was too dudish for a farmer and besides it would eat no oats.

Several of the prisoners who escaped from our county jail a few weeks ago have been found in the county jail at Moorhead where they will probably stay until wanted here.

500 lbs of nice cheese just received by A. Sture, Esq. Call and sample.

John Hoch arrived last week from Tulare, Cal., on a visit to his brothers in this city. He may conclude to remain and become a citizen of Crookston.

Rev. C. F. Whitney tendered his resignation as pastor of the Baptist church on Sabbath last. Mr. W. has been out of health for some time and thinks a change of climate desirable.

A. Holmboe and John Locken have formed a partnership and rented the room in the opera block recently occupied by Krogh's restaurant. They went below last night for their stock of goods.

A slight breakdown at the big lumber mill delayed work there a few hours on Monday. It is said that the logs are nearly all sawed and that the mill will close for the season some day this week.

Every subscriber to THE JOURNAL is entitled to the Review of Reviews for $1.50. All you have to do to secure this valuable magazine at this figure is to pay up one year in advance on THE JOURNAL.

Pastoral anniversary sermon at the Congregational church next Sabbath morning and Communion of the Lord's Supper; in the evening the 5th lecture on "Character." Rev. R. H. Battey will speak.

E. H. Pierce, formerly publisher of the Walsh County Record, of Grafton, N.D., spent Tuesday in the city. This is his first visit to the city and he expressed himself well pleased with what he saw of it.

Maurice Hostetler, who went to Lakota a short time since to buy out a shop there, returned on Friday last but continued his journey south. He did not stop long enough to call on his friends here.

On Monday, Oct. 26th, 535 cars of wheat were received at Duluth as against 126 on same date last year. In that lot only 28 cars were graded No. 1 hard and 348 1 Northern. 122 cars were no grade.

Theo. Greenhalgh, who spent a few days last week hunting geese near Devils Lake says that wheat is turning out there wonderfully. Says there are plenty of 35 bushel crops and some that pan out more.

Tom Harris having set Cowing up in business tackled the old Anderson drug store on Robert street and will move it to Fred Anderson's lot on Broadway, just south of the opera house, where it will be fitted up to rent.

All who are to take part in the "Temple of Fame" are requested to meet at the Congregational church, for rehearsal, on Friday evening of this week. All be sure and come, for there is to be a special meeting.

Mr. Seg. Mannheimer, a member of the best manufacturing and importing cloak house in America will be here today with eight trunks of the choicest novelties and latest productions of home and foreign make. Orders to measure will be taken and goods made promptly.
FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

C. W. Palmer went up to his farm near Warren on Monday to see what had been going on there this year. He had 213 acres in wheat and threshed 7,039½ bushels—an average of 33 bushels and 47 pounds per acre.

It is expected that next week an entertainment for the benefit of the poor will be given. It will be under the auspices of the Relief Society and well worth attending for its own sake. It will probably be given Nov. 4th.

D. Jacobus and family left for Vancouver on Wednesday night. "Jake" and his estimable wife leave many warm friends in this neck of the woods who will unite with THE JOURNAL in wishing them abundant success in the future.

City Attorney, Martin O'Brien, Atty A. C. Wilkinson and Theodore Greenhalgh went out to Devils Lake last week on a wild goose chase. They brought back 53 beautiful specimens besides what they shipped during the week. Report having had a good time.

Mr. John C. Wells was so well pleased with his purchase last week that he came up on Tuesday and added a pair of fine Holstein-Friesian heifers which he will ship this week to his farm at Beltrami. Mr. W. now has the nucleus of a fine dairy herd.

We have heard of several sales of lands recently that surprised us. Sales, wherein the purchaser has paid for unimproved land remote from market as much per acre, within a dollar or so, as he could have bought an improved farm near a good market for.

At the M. E. parsonage on Tuesday the Rev. J. J. Edwards united for life Miss Cora Hutchinson and conductor Grant Mason. Both parties have grown up from children in our midst and their union is the subject of hearty congratulations from hosts of friends.

Last Sunday was "Prison Sabbath," a day devoted to the interests of our jails and prisons. At the Congregational church Rev. R. H. Battey preached a powerful sermon that should have been heard by every taxpayer in the county, it was so full of good suggestions.

Our mayor knows a good bargain when he sees it. The purchase of Section 5, with 570 acres ready for seed in the spring at only $15 per acre shows this. The boys will put up a good farm house and a comfortable barn in the spring and open up a bonanza farm.

Elsewhere we publish a brief synopsis of Rev. R. H. Battey's morning sermon on Prison Sunday. It furnishes so much food for thought that we obtained permission to give it to our readers. THE JOURNAL always delights in giving the best of everything to its readers.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,
[14-26] Minneapolis, Minn.

Mrs. John Mellot died suddenly at her residence in Euclid on Saturday morning. Cause said to be heart disease. She leaves a husband, three girls and one boy to mourn her loss. The funeral was held on Sunday, the Rev. O. H. Elmer officiating. Mr. Mellot used to be a resident of this city.

And G. W, which the same is the short for George Washington, will be there too at the Grand Opera House on the evening wherein the great temple of fame will be built and he will not tell a lie, he cannot tell a lie for in this case he is a lawyer and has nothing at all to say. Be sure to go and see if he can.

Roy Nichols, son of J. S. Nichols of Fertile was in the city on Monday. Says his father's wheat yielded 22 bushels per acre; has over 3000 bushels of No. 1 hard that he will keep for one dollar per bushel. Mr. Nichols is one of the most thorough farmers in the county and seldom fails to make some money on his farm.

John Gilbert informs THE JOURNAL of a highway robbery at Halstad (where Mr. Gilbert's son has a drug store). The burglars got away with some $300. Later they called upon comrade Dunlaya, at Fisher and "borrowed" a few revolvers and pocket-knives. There seems to be an unusual amount of this kind of funny work this fall.

Caleb B. Palmer returned from Tonica Ills., this morning as frisky as a flea and twice as welcome back again. Caleb B. is under the impression that he will remain during the winter if the oat crop pans out sufficient to keep him in oatmeal. We are glad to see him back again as he reminds us of a good story every time we see him.

The marriage of Miss Minnie McKinnon to Conductor Henry Murray was whispered about early in the week to occur on Wednesday evening. As THE JOURNAL goes to press before the happy event we are unable to present full particulars this week. However, we can cast the slipper for luck and wish the young couple a long and happy wedded life.

E. P. Ulland was up from Rindal on Tuesday and dropped in to set that subscription ahead a peg. He says that about one-half the threshing is done in his neighborhood; the yield was good and there is much of it 1 Hard; in fact he thinks the most of it would grade that if justice was done in the grading. Plowing is well along and a few more days favorable weather will finish it.

Lief Erickson and Christopher Columbus will be at the Grand Opera House probably on Tuesday evening November 10th in their grand effort to discover America, i.e. they will be there at that time if they get practice enough to discover anything in particular. Chris will bring his eyesight with him and Lief—well, he will be as big as Life and twice as natural. Don't fail to secure reserved seats in time.

Mayor McKinnon went to St. Paul last week and before his return bought of the Grant brothers the whole of Section 5 together with 19 horses with harness, plows, wagons and all the machinery upon the farm. Upon his return the Mayor took his brothers John R., Archie and Allen into the agricultural company and next spring you will see his honor busily engaged in sowing and dragging and "sawing wood." Thus the Farmer's Alliance gains a notable accession to its ranks.

Chris. Sigfried was down from Black River on Wednesday to see about that little subscription. He says that wheat between the two Blacks, especially, was magnificent, yielding from 20 to 27 bushels per acre. This wheat is graded at Wylie station No. 1 Northern, but if taken to the mill at Red Lake Falls it is there graded No. 1 Hard. He thinks there is a less percentage of damage to wheat in shock than to wheat in stack owing to poor stacking. About one-fourth of the threshing is done and very little plowing.

Jailor Sannes was interviewed by JOURNAL reporter last week in relation to the recent jail delivery, and he said that he had often asked the Sheriff to relieve him and appoint some competent, experienced jailor since the first escapade, as he felt that the requirements of the position demanded an old experienced jailor to deal with the class of men confined in the jail. He says the Sheriff's reply was that it was impossible to find a man at this season of the year when everybody was busy and that he had stayed along and did the best he could. While he is a good, honest, well-meaning young man, his statements showed his incompetency for the position, a position that requires the most experienced man, the more especially when we consider the condition of the building that is called a jail.

Fisher Bulletin:—Sheriff Grundyson should explain to the public why frequent escapes of prisoners from the jail at Crookston is permitted. One affair of this kind is sufficient to put the sheriff on his metal and see that a repetion does not occur, but when three jail deliveries occur within as many weeks it strikes the average mind that the sheriff regards the custody of prisoner as a trivial affair. The Bulletin does not mean to accuse the sheriff with conniving at the escape of prisoners placed in his charge, but the Bulletin does say that he should employ a reliable man to guard the jail and not to keep under pay a man who repeats an offense two or more times. The grand jury should investigate the methods of Sheriff Grundysen.

On Thursday morning of last week when deputy postmaster, Geo. McLean, went down to the office, as usual, a scene of confusion met his eye rarely witnessed. Lying half way across the room lay the safe door, while scattered about in dire confusion lay evidences that a robbery had been committed. The robbery is supposed to have been perpetrated about 2 o'clock in the morning. The stamp box containing $3,500 worth of stamps and a number of registered letters containing no one knows how much money were taken. About 9 o'clock Mr. Roberts, clerk for O. R. Williams, was looking about among some dry goods boxes in rear of Mr. Williams' store where he discovered the stamp box hidden away in the rubbish. Informing postmaster Dawley of his find the box was soon got out and upon opening it the stamps were found to be undisturbed. Inspector Child happened to be in the city at the time of the robbery and took a hand in looking for the robbers, and he also ordered that a vault be constructed to guard against such accidents in the future. The registered letters were found rifled of their contents except one $10 bill and one $1 bill that had been overlooked in the hurry. Patrolman Ellingbo got after several suspicious characters early in the morning and followed them out to the river near Kistenmacher's residence where he fired a shot at them in order to round them up. They did not round up worth a cent, but returned his fire with such vigor that he concluded to go call out the militia. At this time he was unaware of the post office robbery and no doubt these were the parties interested in that job. Diligent search so far has failed to discover the guilty parties.

It Pays to Advertise.

Last Wednesday Mr. D. N. Taylor brought in a small local advertisement of a farm for sale at a bargain and this week he tells us to take it out as he has sold the farm to Robert Stanton and G. W. Peake. The farm was in Fairfax and was sold for $14 per acre cash. This not only shows the advantage of advertising but shows a healthy demand for farm lands.

Get your shaving done at Thomas & Smith's tonsorial parlors on Main street opposite McKinnon Block.

Mr. Seg. Mannheimer, a member of the best manufacturing and importing cloak house in America will be here today with eight trunks of the choicest novelties and latest productions of home and foreign make. Orders to measure will be taken and goods made promptly.
FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

From the undersigned in this city a red Irish Setter with white stripe in breast. A suitable reward will be paid for the return of the dog to undersigned or for information leading to its recovery. T. G. THOMPSON.
[28tf]

And don't you forget it that the new tonsorial parlors of Thomas & Smith is the dandy place for a first-class shave or hair-cut. Main street, opposite McKinnon Block.

Go to Thomas & Smith for a first-class hair-cut and shave. Main street opposite McKinnon Block.

A. Sture has just rece500 poundsived of choice Polk County cheese. Call and sample.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Oct. 24th, 1891.

Annonson, Annon T
Delgeye, Joseph
Fogelburg, John
Holnden, Andrew O
Langtor, J S V
Parker, G H
Tofall M A
Brewster, B J
Dudley, Frank
Haugen, Kristine A
Leurnen, Miss Elis
Peterson, Olof
Ricard, Fred

Persons calling for the above please say advertised W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

"More Squibs."

WE MIGHT state that the advertising corner of our brain is still an aching void, but that's evident to all.

WE MIGHT spring a bargain list, viz:

Best Prints..........5c a yd
Ice Wool..........20c a box
Ladies all-wool Underwear...75c each.
Eider Down..........45c a yd
Plush Cloaks..........$12.50 each

and all that sort of thing, but we won't do it this time.

WE MIGHT tell you all our competitors are frauds, and that we are the only people on earth, but we wont do that either, because it ain't so.

WE MIGHT warn you against paying more money for inferior goods than you can buy the best for at our store, but we won't do that either, as we have done it over and over again at an expense of from $10 to $15 per "warn."

WE MIGHT say, as a significant fact, that only the establishments which sell large quantities of goods, and which turn their stock quite often, are the people who can show you all the NEW GOODS, but you all know that.

WE MIGHT reiterate the fact that "volume" of business to a store means precisely the same as circulation to a newspaper. The advantages offered by a large stock are as obviously greater than those of smaller stocks as the advantages of a big newspaper are greater than those a little one can offer; but you all know that, too.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Grand Opera House!

ONE NIGHT.

Monday, November 2d.

TWELFTH SEASON.

LAUGH 2½ HOURS.
LAUGH 2½ HOURS.

RAY L. ROYCE

America's Refined and Versatile Comedian, in

TOM'S VACATION

A clean and artistic Musical Comedy Medley in 3 acts. Supported by a FIRST-CLASS COMPANY of WELL-SELECTED ARTISTS
INSTRUMENTAL MUSICAL SPECIALTIES,
COMICAL SAYINGS AND SITUATIONS.
REAL AND HEALTHFUL ENJOYMENT.
LATEST SONGS, ARTISTIC SKETCHES, FUNNY ACTS.
RICH, PURE, CLEAN AND REFINED.
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF
B. S. DRIGGS and S. C. BEHENNA,

Reserved Seats at the usual place.
Prices 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents.
Seats on sale Monday morning.

The Ladies' Favorites.

By perusing the pages of the French fashion journals republished in English by A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th street, New York, it can readily be understood how they have become "the favorites" with ladies. Issued in Paris by different publishers, they are the leading fashion journals of the Old World. It is not, therefore, a matter of surprise that unbiassed critics should have pronounced them the best fashion journals ever offered to the American public. It would be strange indeed if ladies did not give up the inferior fashion magazines which they have hitherto patronized for these handsome journals which are known to be a month ahead of all others in giving the styles and contain such valuable practical lessons in the art of cutting and making dresses. "La Mode de Paris" and "Album des Modes" are rivals for the first place, single copies being 35 cents each, or $3.50 per annum. "La Mode," the family magazine, is only 15 cents a copy, or $1.50 a year. Do not allow news agents to substitute inferior publications for these, which can be mailed to you from New York at the prices here given.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson, general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassell, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

CLOSING OUT SALE!

$12,000. $12,000.

WORTH OF

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
SILVERWARE, NOTIONS,
ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, FANCY GOODS. ETC.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

HAVING decided to discontinue my busines, as my lease expires on Jan. 1st, I now offer my entire stock AT COST or less, as the entire stock must be closed out before that date. My line of goods is now complete, but as nothing will be duplicated when once sold out, those making early calls will find it greatly to their advantage.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

BOSTON

ONE PRICE ONE PRICE ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE.

Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
To see our Suits,
To see our Trousers, } Before going elsewhere.

Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

Eli Steenerson

REPRESENTS

THE CONTINENTAL

Fire Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK,

AND LEADING COMPANIES,

AND

Solicits Your Patronage.

Insure with a Home Man in a Reliable Company.

CALL ON ELI

At his office in

LAND OFFICE BLOCK, CROOKSTON.

[First publication Oct. 22d, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss.
The State of Minnesota, to H. A. Baker, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 13th day of November, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston, in said county, to answer to John Harper in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said John Harper for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 19th day of October, A. D. 1891.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
Justice of the Peace.
[27-29]

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fourn et Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY
On Real Estaes

MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

THE IMPRISONED CRIMINAL.

"To bring out the prisoners from the prison and them that sit in darkness out of the prison house."—Isa. 42: 7.

It is with gladsome interest that we respond to the invitation of the board of correction and charities of Minnesota and devote this morning hour to the subject of "Prison Reform."

The immediate theme which is chosen is "The Imprisoned Criminal" and the verse selected from Isaiah's prophecy of Christ. It is a text that is properly interpreted in two ways—may suggest two lines of thought. First is the ordinary thought that Jesus Christ, the Redeemer of men, brings human souls out of their prison houses of sin, of discouragement and despondency, breaking their fetters of habit and inherited imbecile minds and impotent faculties and leading them forth into the glad freedom of spiritual manhood and womanhood.

Delightful and profitable indeed is such an interpretation of the text. This is the spiritual meaning. But why not consider this verse as having a literal interpretation and from this high peak of prophetic vision look out upon the broad theme of how to treat imprisoned criminals according to the best light of the present-day civilization?

Throughout civilized countries prison reform has come to be among the great stars in the bright galaxy of modern reforms. Prison reform means just two things—reform of the prisoner and reform of the prison. That is all. If you reform the present inhabitants of our prisons still there are to come after them their successors and the prison must also conform to the ideas of this age of breadth, of principle, and the supremacy of justice.

Much already has been done. Let us give credit to whom credit is due. In England and in America there are model prisons doing grand work in reforming criminals. But let us not for one moment suppose that the prisons in the thousands of cities, counties and states of our great republic are what they should be and might be. We must push forward this reform.

In the name of the coming generation which is to receive the inheritance that we shall bequeath to it, an heritage of criminality as well as an inheritance of missions and money; in the name of that God from whose thought our suggestive text is taken, let us all put shoulder to shoulder in bearing forward the reforms of our day and generation.

Prison reform, I may remind us, is a terribly serious subject. The 75,000 inhabitants of our prisons in the United States are about all to return to be members of society when their terms have been served. They will be either worse criminals or better citizens, these ex-convicts will.

1. Who is the imprisoned criminal that we are to "bring out from his prison house?"

He is human and has nature like the rest of us. But is he doubly a lawbreaker? Not always. In breaking some human law it is possible he has not violated the higher law of God. Generally he has. We all have. He is not surely a sinner above all others because he is in prison. He has rights. Suppose a member of my church is convicted of crime and he is put in prison; still he has rights. Crime does not annihilate all a person's rights, remember that. He is often a victim of circumstances over which in his weakness he has never had control. Think of the inherited natures and social positions of the vast majority of the inhabitants of our prisons. He is by his imprisonment degraded and disgraced in his own eyes. You have broken his spirit. His chain is heavy and he himself is become in some sense irresolute and supine. He is in a school of crime. The lock-up is his primary class, the county jail is his grammar school and the penitentiary is his university. Having passed his graduation in this course then turn him out into the world a graduate criminal will you?

But he is at our mercy. Can he get reading matter, helpful associates, exercise of body and brain, pure air, opportunity to reform while he is a prisoner, unless we let him?

2. What is and what should be his prison?

It is unhealthful. Your county jail which I visited yesterday is a disgrace to civilization. Most of our jails and prisons of America are barbarous. Barbarism means indecent and unrestrained evil. You have one cell and put from two to six prisoners of as many grades of crime into that cell. You do worse; you put criminal men and criminal women into the same prison together. Will they reform?

Prisons are not secure. Your own county jail is an example. Ten criminals or inmates have broken jail from it in three separate companies within the last sixty days! How will you impress the criminal classes with such jail deliveries? You tempt people to crime! A few novels and a deck of cards are the reading which you let prisoners have in jails. These prisons are non-reformatory; they are anti-reformatory.

A prison of any kind should be a reformatory. It should be healthful. Its warmth, its ventilation, its light by day, its freedom from vermin by night you have no right to remove in the treatment of any but hardened and unreformable prisoners. In every lock-up, jail, penitentiary, as much as anywhere else there should be provided by law and cared for by the keeper of the prison, wholesome and interesting reading matter for prisoners.

It should be a secure place, no matter what the cost of the secure prison. It must be secure and kept by a sure keeper. You increase crime by insecure prisons. But the cost is less in the end. Ten escaped prisoners! It means you will need a larger jail. That is the verdict of experience. It should give give employment to prisoners. Idleness is an impressive lesson in the prison's school of crime. In every lock-up, county jail, state prison in all the land prisoners should do manual labor if you expect them to reform. It would make prison life more severe and have better effect in sustaining the dignity of the law. And that is a necessary element. The poor man or poor woman who becomes a prisoner is to be treated with at least equal advantages with the rich prisoner. You scan the history of the county jail prisoners and find the majority of all their crimes to be larceny. Remember that a rich prisoner is to be reformed, but he is not to be treated with respect because of his wealth.

3. What reasons rise up in our minds for the wisest treatment of imprisoned criminals?

These persons are object lessons. Their immediate friends and the whole criminal class are looking on. Soon your chance to reform the prisoner is gone. Soon he will be out in society again. Is he a husband, father, brother, son, soon he will shed his influence among relatives and others. Reform him, or at least begin his reform by his prison life. The man or woman in prison will come out of the prison house and prepare and bequeath an inheritance to others. What shall that patrimony be? Whether we will or no the ex-convict is going to take part in business life, in political matters and in agriculture. He will run newspapers, write books, personify in the drama, compose music, and in untold ways will be a popular factor in many circles of society. His education in his prison life will find expression on the printed page of degrading novels when he has been brought out of prison. What weighty reasons enforce the necessity of real and radical reformation of prisoners. In behalf of these reasons we demand such a reformation of criminal law and such a reformation of prisons as shall result in a radical reformation of criminals. Prisoners are not always criminals. Not all criminals are imprisoned. Our treatment of imprisoned criminals should be such as to annihilate the romance of crime. It should be such as to act powerfully upon the criminal classes both in and out of prison.

The security of property and the safety of human life demand that crime shall not keep on increasing in this land of freedom.

In Great Britain crime is actually dying out. In America it is increasing. England does two things for her criminals. In prison their reform is securely and systematically provided for. Out of prison their reform is continued. Ex-convicts are aided to become true citizens of the commonwealth or to cross the seas to our shores. We have no spot upon this earth whereupon to colonize our ex-convicts. Ours is a greater problem. We must let them be citizens.

We are now called upon to match this over-crowding of our prisons and jails with different and wiser treatment than the world has ever known. The treatment of the imprisoned criminal must comport with the enlightened conservatism, the legal sagacity, Christian philanthropy, and regal common sense which distinguish our country in other matters among the civilized nations. Other reasons and other considerations press upon us. The very security of the State depends largely upon how well we shall succeed in the reduction of crime.

God, also, is watching at the door of every prison cell. He pardons human folly and sin. The wrong doer who is within prison walls has God's help to reform as truly as evil-doers who are at large. Our business in reforming criminals is to learn how God himself has marked out the pathway for the reformation of sinners, and then to set ourselves about it to lead the criminal along the way of the sinner's reform. You cannot pay the price of crime with torture. You cannot get a criminal reformed unless God takes a hand in the process. But our part is equally essential. A city parson was also a prison chaplain. Under his ministry in his church a vigorous Christian Young Men's Society grew up. Under his ministry in the prison some prisoners were reformed. One of these had at last served out his sentence. The chaplain-pastor under whose good influence this young criminal had been led to reform, met him as the cell door was thrown open to usher him out of prison into the world again. The minister advised the ex-convict to seek good society and invited him to his city church and promised to introduce him to the young men of his church. The reformed ex-convict followed his benefactor's advice, and the following Sunday, at the close of the morning service, the poor fellow waited in the isle of the church until the pastor-chaplain came and took his hand with kindly greeting. True to his promise the minister began to introduce him to the young men of his powerful church. One and another of those Christian young men scowled and manifested indifference and the sensitive ex-convict never entered that church again. Not two years passed until this discouraged, unbelieving, frozen-hearted young ex-convict's picture appeared again in the rogues' gallery, and he himself occupied a harder prison cell, and was treated as unreformable.

O. fellow citizens, what is it to "bring the prisoner out of the prison?" Christian men and women, what is to lead "them that sit in darkness out of the prison house?" We must mend our criminal laws so that we shall be able to reform criminals. We must seriously and on all occasions uphold the courts of justice. Keepers of all prisons, from the lock-up to the penitentiary, should always be appointed upon non-partisan basis, and upon the principle of highest fitness. Jailors should never be elected by party vote. The tenure of office should be terminable by manifest unfitness, by resignation or by death of the prison keeper. All good citizens should value their citizenship and the common welfare enough to unite in the establishment of model prisons and in the rigid adherence to principle and the enforcement of law. If we believe in God's fatherhood let us speed that reform. If we know the generous impulses of human brotherhood, let us set ourselves to the task of reforming the imprisoned criminal.

If there is virtue in our manhood and womanhood, let us never open the door of the criminal's prison cell until he gives hope of reform. If a lunatic shall remain in the insane asylum until he shall reform or die, why should not the criminal also? The theme of our address to imprisoned criminals should be the worth of the prisoner's manhood, or womanhood, the value of their citizenship, the priceless worth of a good character. Such was the truth I expressed while addressing the inmates of one of your prisons in this city yesterday.

And I dared to tell those imprisoned men who will soon have served out their sentences and will return to our streets again, that when they come forth determined to mend their lives we will help them to become true men and good citizens.

Will you disappoint them when they come? Did I promise these men, these imprisoned men, too much? Ah, prison reform has services for us all. It touches every one of us. The Lord omnipotent speed its progress. Lawyers, you can do much. All can help. Every citizen is interested. The work waits. There are the men and women in 300 jails and lock-ups and prisons of Minnesota at this hour. How shall we prepare "to bring out the prisoners from the prison and them that sit in darkness out of the prison house?"

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

The board of county commissioners of Polk County assembled at the county auditor's office in Polk County on the 21st day of October, 1891, at 10 o'clock a.m.

There not being a quorum present, the board adjourned to meet at 7:30 p.m.

6:30 p.m. Members present M. E. Kirsch, C. P. DeMers, J. P. Johnson, A. O. Stortroen.

The order of business was stated by the chairman, which was the appointing of a county superintendent of schools to fill vacancy of E. J. Grefthen, deceased.

On motion, it was resolved to vote by ballot.

The following applications were presented: W. F. Hitchcock, F. K. Denny, Cyril M. Janskey and V. D. Carruth.

A. D. Wishard was placed in nomination by J. P. Johnson.

Rev. S. Currie was placed in nomination by A. O. Stortroen.

Moved, seconded and carried to proceed to elect by formal ballot.

First ballot—Total number of votes cast, 4; necessary to choice, 3. S. Currie 1; Wishard 1; Carruth 2.

Second ballot—Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. S. Currie 2; V. D. Carruth 2.

Third ballot—Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. V. D. Carruth 2; Currie 1; Wishard 1.

Fourth ballot — Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. V. D. Carruth 2; Currie 1; C. M. Janskey 1.

Fifth ballot—Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. V. D. Carruth 2; S Currie 2.

Sixth ballot—Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. V. D. Carruth 2; S. Currie 2.

Seventh ballot—Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. V. D. Carruth 2; Currie 1; Janskey 1.

Eighth ballot — Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. V. D. Carruth 2; S. Currie 1; C. M. Janskey 1.

Ninth ballot—Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. V. D. Carruth 2; C. M. Janskey 1; S. Currie 1.

Tenth ballot—Whole number of votes cast 4; necessary for choice 3. V. D. Carruth 2; Currie 1; Janskey 1.

On motion of A. O. Stortroen, seconded by J. P. Johnson, the board adjourned sine die.

C. U. WEBSTER,
Clerk of Board.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. Edith M. Cuniff, Plaintiff, vs. John Cuniff, Defendant. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, John Cuniff, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated June 20th, A. D. 1891.

H. STEENERSON,
E. M. STANTON,
[28-34] Plaintiff's Attorneys, Crookston, Minn.

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Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.)
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak A. Dyrdal and Ingeborg A. Dyrdal, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 174-175; and

Whereas default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $7.37 that became due November 1st, 1889, $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $7.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred ninety-five and 42-100 ($295.42) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), containing 80 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 22d, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G 87]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marcus R. Stockland, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 310-13.

And whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $10.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $12.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1891; and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred fifty-three and 27-100 ($453 27-100) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-four (24), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-five (45), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 19th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G. 88]

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Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josephine Miller and Ole A. Miller, her husband, to Farmers Trust Company, bearing date the 20th day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1889, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 588, 589, 590, 591.

And whereas the description of the premises in said mortgage contained is as follows: situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit, The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), in Township one hundred fifty-three (153) north, Range forty-nine (49) west, and whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company the owner and holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sums, to-wit: One thousand one hundred sixty-nine and 02-100 dollars ($1,169 02), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), in Township one hundred fifty-three (153) north, Range forty-nine (49) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

Farmers' Trust Company, Mortgagee.

Taylor & Woodard,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
920 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rudolph Jacklin and Bertha Jacklin, his wife, to Farmers' Trust Company, bearing date the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 419, 420, 421, 422, 423.

And whereas the description of the premises in said mortgage contained is as follows: Situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼) and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine, (29), in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west.

And whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company, the owner and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to wit: Six hundred thirty-six and 46-100 dollars ($636.46), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼), and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine (29) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

Farmers' Trust Company, Mortgagee.

Taylor & Woodard,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
920 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

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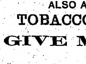

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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, October 29, 1891.

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For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,............ 7:24 p. m.

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ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

M. R. Brown has his new stables finished ready for business.

John Knuppe came up last week to look after his threshing interests.

Considerable hay came in last week. It finds a ready sale at from $8 to $10 per ton.

J. P. Jacobson was in the city on Thursday last in the interest of life insurance.

The Fergus Falls Journal had a better picture of Goheen than any of the great city dailies.

Work on the new block moves on apace. At this rate the brick-work will soon be completed.

The police were kept busy last week in the effort to preserve order. An unusual number of hoboes were about.

Lesley Maley came over from the coast last week for a visit with old friends. He is in the cigar business out there and doing well we learn.

Hundreds of acres of wheat went into stack last week and hundreds of acres were threshed. The wheat does not seem to be damaged as much as was first supposed.

Review, Spokane Falls, Washington:—Ray L. Royce's wonderful impersonations of Sol. Smith Russell were especially happy. Will appear at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

Uncle James Noyotny came down from Angus on Friday to chat with friends having got his fine crop of wheat all safely in stack. He expects to be able to get his plowing all done in good time this fall.

Charlie Rapp came down from St. Hilaire by train on Friday evening, returning by stage on Saturday. Charlie talks of making a trip to Norway and Sweden, with his wife, some time during the coming winter.

O. H. Berghdal was in from Fosston last Friday shaking hands with old friends. Says he had his grain all stacked before the rain and it is all in nice condition. Most of the grain out that way in the same shape.

San Francisco Chronicle:—Ray L. Royce and his excellent combination began an engagement last night to excellent business, and all are clever and entertaining as well as popular. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

Chris Kern was up from his farm on Thursday with a load of hay for sale. He has his fall plowing nearly done and will now haul hay for awhile. Elsewhere in this issue he offers a farm for sale at a great bargain; a snap for somebody.

The county board met last Wednesday to elect a successor to county superintendent E. J. Grefthen. Failing to agree upon a choice, V. D. Carruth will be superintendent until the December meeting of the board.

Albert Simpson informs THE JOURNAL that Peter Noesen threshed 9367 bushels of wheat on the same number of acres that heretofore yielded from 6000 to 7000 bushels and that Tom Wallace got 3250 bushels of wheat on land that heretofore produced from 2000 to 2500 bushels. These are Fairfax farms.

Last week a man calling himself Schultz was arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the Woods murder. At his boarding place in East Grand Forks he claimed to be a chair repairer but never seemed to by doing anything in that line. He was supposed to have been at Lobsinger's saloon during the evening preceding the murder. This on his trial, he emphatically denied, but later Chief Gonyea received a letter from Jacob Lobsinger saying that the man was at the saloon on that evening all right enough. The police of East Grand Forks and Crookston have not been idle in this Woods matter and something definite will yet transpire.

The police force has been increased since the post-office robbery and they have been as busy as bees.

On Tuesday evening, while going to his home in the country, Jacob Knudson was held up and relieved of what money he had on his person.

Col. W. H. Topping was over from Grand Forks on Thursday revisiting his old friends in this city. He is pleased to note the many improvements in our city.

Daily Gazette, Fort Worth, Texas:—Mr. Royce is fully as artistic as Sol. Smith Russell, and has much better voice and is able to sing, and Russell is not. Will be at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Nov. 2d.

The police picked up two men who were boarding at the Minnesota House on suspicion of being connected with the post-office robbery. Sufficient evidence upon which to base a complaint was not forthcoming so they were released.

Peter Cornelius tells of a lively experience he had on Tuesday night of last week while en-route for home. He had reached the top of the hill on Jerome's Addition, and as he was passing that little unoccupied house alongside the deep cut two men sprang out one seizing the bridle of his horse and the other attacking him demanded his money. Upon refusing he was seized, dragged out of the buggy and relieved of his pocket-book containing between $26 and $30. A team coming up the hill at this time caused the robbers to hurry up and just as soon as they had secured the pocket-book they ran away without taking a fine silver watch that Pete had in his vest pocket. Pete said if he had had a revolver he could have easily done the fellows up as, in their haste they gave him plenty opportunity and he says that he now goes prepared for foot-pads.

Sun and Voice, Cleveland, O., May 31, 1891:—Our brainy business men and the great army of royal good fellows, bright and shrewd, known as "commercial travellers," as well as others, have learned that is better for their work to rest and refresh themselves when worn and weary, by going to some pure, sparkling entertainment, where they can have a good laugh, than to swallow nostrums; and the God of the universe intended laughter to cheer and make mankind happy as the muscles of the face contain many more for this purpose than for crying; and the choice music, refined sketches, witty sayings, talented artists, elegant costumes seen in "Tom's Vacation," in which Ray L. Royce, the favorite comedian, one of the cleverest before the public, appears, always attracts them, as Mr. Royce leads a clean life both on and off the stage, and never permits anything to be given unless refined and artistic. He is considered by Sol. Smith Russell as one of the greatest mimics out. The support furnished Mr. Royce is excellent as given by the "Royce & Lansing Musical Comedy Company," a reliable organization nearly twelve years old. The well-known monagers, Mr. B. S. Driggs and S. C. Behenns, will handle this company next season, and are never found with a party unless good. They will have their summer booking office at 440 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, on Nov. 2d.

He Knew a Good Thing.

In some of the mountain districts of the South anything in the way of amusements, outside of campmeeting, a political debate, and neighborhood gatherings, is extremely rare. Once in a few years a circus wanders that way, and the people come miles and miles to see it, bringing the whole family. These people are not blase with entertainment—their appreciation of what pleases and interests them is keen. It is told of an East Tennessee mountaineer that on coming out of the afternoon performance of a good circus, he remarked: "That was a crackin' good show. I brung Sal and all the young uns, nine of 'em. Sold my cook stove to raise money, and by gosh, if this show comes hyar next year, if I have 'nuther cookstove then, I'll sell that, and go ag'in." The Tennesseean was not the only man who knows a good thing when he sees it. Thousands of people in the Northwest—all over the country, in fact—know "The Burlington" for a good road, and the proof is that it is the popular line to Chicago and St. Louis from all points in the Mississippi Valley. For tickets, maps and rates apply to your local agent, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

J. G. SLATER. E. N. HILL.
J. H. ROTHERT. J. A. GEORGE.

Chase & Slater Law and Claims Co.,

1331 F Street, Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases.

Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

WANTED, SALESMEN. LOCAL AND TRAVELING, to represent our well known house. You need no capital to represent a firm that warrants nursery stock first-class and true to name. Work all the year. $100 per month to the right man. Appply quick, stating age. L. L. MAY & CO. [26 33]
urserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.
(This house is responsible.) ST. PAUL, MINN.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale that valuable property, the N½ Section 34, township of Rome, range 48, consisting of 320 acres, over 200 under cultivation, 35 acres pasture and over 10 acres planted timber, good buildings, excellent water. Will be sold in whole or in part on easy terms. This would be a good chance for a Norwegian as it is in the midst of a Scandinavian settlement. Will be sold cheap as the owner wishes to leave the country.

For further particulars apply on the premises to

C. KERN, Proprietor.

[28-31]

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

[20-tf]

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Forthern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands alond the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

CROOKSTON STEAM LAUNDRY.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,

Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
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Chas. E. Sawyer.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Comsir.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY On Real Estaee

MONEY On Approved Chattels

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at al coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

(First publication October 1st, 1891.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss District Court.

Steenerson Bros., plaintiffs, vs. Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in a justice's court in the said county, a transcript of which judgment has been duly filed in the District Court aforesaid, said judgment being rendered in favor of Steenerson Bros and against Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendants, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½nw¼) of Section thirty-three (33); also southeast quarter (se¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lot six (6) of Section twenty-eight, all in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-seven (47) west. And that I shall, on Friday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson in and to the above described property to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to fifty-seven dollars and 29 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 3d day of March, 1890, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 29th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [24-30]

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Oct. 15th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, ANDREAS HAGBERG, an unmarried man, of Polk County, and State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1883, duly execute and deliver to Eleanor E. Wilmerding of the County of Suffolk, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of December 15th, A. D. 1883, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1883, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 186; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said mortgagee, Eleanor E. Wilmerding, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable and;

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred thirty-four and 82-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash: to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, Oct. 12th, A. D. 1891.

ELEANOR E. WILMERDING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[26-32] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

(First publication Oct 8th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 ($843.66) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Warren D. Palmetier and Ettie Palmetier his wife, mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of July, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 205, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty, (20) Township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) Range No. forty-seven (47) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated October 6th, A. D. 1891.

The New England Mortgage Security Company,
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for mortgagee,
[25-31] Crookston, Minn.

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted If Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on e, before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Mortgage Sale.

(First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of two hundred and sixty-five and six one hundreths ($265.06) dollars, claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Benjamin Milette and Mary Milette his wife, mortgagors, to Narcissa Milette, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of November, A. D. 1886, and with power of sale therein contained, and which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of November, A. D., 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., in book 22 of mortgages, on page 90, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale, contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-six (46), lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State on the 30th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred sixty-five and six one hundreths ($265.06) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 17th, A. D. 1891.

NARCISSA MILETTE, Mortgagee.
H. STEENERSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.
[22-28] Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Sept. 17th, 1891.)
Last publication Oct. 29th, 1891.)

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Joseph Noiseux and Rose Anna Noiseux, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in book 47 of mortgages, on page 4; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $16.87 that became due November 1st, 1889, $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $22.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $22.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred sixty-nine and 48-100 dollars, ($869.48-100), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section twelve (12) Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-four (44) containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. Said premises situate and being in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County, and State, on

MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1891,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated September 10th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [22-28] [N. G. 83.]

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., Sept. 21st, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on November 6th, 1891, viz: JOSEPH MILLER, Jr., Hd. No. 11,912, for the se¼ Sec. 22, Tp. 149, R. 41. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Andrew Bakken, Samuel J. Ferin, William McAnulty, Andrew Abplenalp, all of Dugdale, Minn.

[23-28] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., Oct. 6th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on November 21st, 1891, viz: JOSEPH JONDRON, Hd. No. 11,624, for the ne¼ Section 26, Township 148, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Duval, Andrew Lariviere, Louis Duval, Clement Payant, all of Crookston, Minn.

[25-30] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLO K.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

LOW PRICES.

Call and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

A. STURE,

Opera Block - - Crookston.

SCANDIA-AMERICAN BANK,

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

OFFICERS.

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O. H. LUCKEN, 2d Vice-President.
A. G. GALLASCH, Vice-President
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. ristianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. D. Stephens. A. G. Gallasch.
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BENOIT & SYLVESTER,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

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DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.
DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.
TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Princeton Union :—"Knute Nelson is the Blaine of Minnesota. Democrats and mugwumps fear him, hence their efforts to belittle him and read him out of the race."

Knute Nelson is all right, a very manly man, but he is not "in the race" in the general acceptance of that term which is that a man must be an office seeker to be in it. Knute Nelson is not an office-seeker, in fact had rather not have that or any other office at present. But, while Knute Nelson is a man every way worthy to be governor he is not the only man in the state who is just as worthy and just as capable and just as popular. What's the matter with Moses E. Clapp? There is another manly man who is not seeking an office but who would fit into the gubernatorial chair like an old shoe, if the people should call him to fill it and it is about time that the people had something to say about who shall be governor and who shall not.

The Warren Register :—The railroad and warehouse commissioners arrived here yesterday forenoon, pursuant to to their notice published in last week's Register. They were met at the depot by a number of our citizens and escorted to Edwardh's hall. The meeting was called to order by Gen. Becker, chairman of the commission. The complaints which had been put into writing by the committee appointed for that purpose were read and turned over to the commissioners for their consideration at their leisure. A number of our business men and others made short talks showing the justness of our demands and the injustice to which we have been subjected by the Great Northern Ry. Co. The case was presented to the commission on the part of the citizens of Warren in a clear and forcible manner, numerous instances of dereliction of duty by the railroad company being cited by the speakers in support of their demands. All the speakers agreed that what we most need and ought to have are better railway mail service, a daily passenger train and better depot facilities. A. L. Mohler, manager of the Great Northern, who attended the hearing, was then called upon to state the railroad's side of the case. Mr. Mohler is a very smooth speaker and his talk was very entertaining. He insisted that the passenger traffic on this branch is not sufficient to justify the putting on of an exclusively passenger train. He reiterated the company's oft-repeated promise to improve the depot and platform; but, as everyone knows, these promises have long since become chestnutty. Judging from the position taken by Manager Mohler, we may little expect to receive any relief from the railroad company, unless the commissioners take hold of the matter with a will and force the company to accede to our demands. At the conclusion of the hearing the commissioners took the case under advisement and departed for Hallock.

VERY LATEST.

We interviewed Gen. Becker, the chairman of the railroad and warehouse commission, while on the train here on his way to St. Paul. He gave us positive assurance that there would be better train service in future on this division and that adequate depot facilities would be provided at this place. He said that general manager Mohler has pledged himself that the trains shall make schedule time, viz: fourteen miles an hour; and further says that he expects to run passenger trains soon on this division—which latter statement Gen. Becker has strong hopes of seeing confirmed, as he stated to us. He says our complaints are just and that gen. manager Mohler agrees with him. Now let us keep the ball rolling till we have a regular passenger train. Nothing less will be just and nothing less will satisfy the people.

Our Washington Letter.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 3rd, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL.—

Mr. Blaine has returned to Washington in seeming good health. He walks vigorously, has more color than usual, talks in his usual cheerful cheery manner and when anyone broaches the presidential possibilities to him he can keep absolute silence in seven different languages.

That keg of whiskey which Mr. Carnegie sent to President Harrison will be some of an issue in the politics of this year. Of course the prohibition cranks will take it up and it will probably be not more than ten days before President Harrison is flooded with the long haired men and the short haired women asking him to knock the bung out of that keg and let the whiskey flow. That would be a very foolish thing to do for it is undoubtedly a very fine article of whiskey and a "Hot Scotch" on a cold evening where there are not too many taken does not harm any one in the world.

It was erroneously reported that Chili had consented to give safe conduct to the persons who had taken refuge in the American legation. That proved, however to be a mistake; Chili refused safe conduct, though it has withdrawn its guard and spies from around the residence of Minister Eagan. The victorious party in Chili seems to think that what they have done entitles them to give the United States a little "sass." Some of the Chilians in Valparaiso have have been indulging in the murderous and cowardly instincts of their race and two or three hundred of them attacked a few defenseless American sailors belonging to the U. S. S. Baltimore, murdered some and seriously wounded others. If there is a quarter in Valparaiso, as it is probably the case, where the men who do those things consult together a good party of marines from the Baltimore ought to make a raid on that quarter, bayonet a few of them without damaging other people. At any rate the government of the United States must not and will not submit to such outrages as this without ample reparation.

The visitor to Washington city now will find it in its holiday attire. Washington is not a place which thrives by business of any character or manufacture. It is true there are many large business houses in the city who carry an elegant line of goods, but there are no manufacturies and Washington lives almost entirely upon the fact that it is the seat of government with thousands of persons employed all the time in government service and more thousands added when Congress is in session.

This makes Washington a city of hotels and boarding houses, flats and apartments. This is the opening of the session which precedes the Presidential election and attracts larger crowds than usual and the people of Washington are preparing to be crowded this winter. Many improvements have been made; the streets are in good condition and the street railways are changing from horse power heretofore employed to cable and electric. The hotels have had their annual refreshing and one, the Riggs House, which has been vacant for some time and which is a splendid edifice put up by banker Riggs just before his death as a memorial of himself, has been leased by Col. Staples, the proprietor of Willard's Hotel, newly painted, papered and refurnished and is now open adding largely to the guest capacity of the first class hotels of which there are none too many in Washington.

This week will find the politicians at their busiest because on Saturday night the canvass in the different states practically closes, though the voting does not commence until Tuesday morning. The work that is done on Sunday and Monday preceeding the election is the quiet work which approaches the voter individually, and endeavors to seduce him to the polls in one way or the other.

Mr. Blaine's Physical Condition.

New York Press.

Whoever saw Secretary Blaine during his brief stay in New York had conclusive evidence that the stories about his incurable maladies, his loss of physical vigor and his decay of mental power have been sheer fabrications. They have for the most part appeared in Democratic journals, in which the wish was manifestly father to the thought. The Democracy regards Mr. Blaine with intense hatred. Mr. Blaine's step is as springy, his eye as clear and his mind as vigorous as that of any man of his years in the United States or the world. His physical condition is no longer a matter of public concern or private anxiety. If he is not a well man there are no well men in the United States.

President Harrison is to be commended for the decided action he has taken in demanding prompt reparation from the Chilian government for the murderous assault made upon unarmed American seamen in the streets of Valparaiso.

What is the Matter With France?

The French Senate appears to be in no hurry to remove the prohibition of American pork, although there is now no disguise of the fact that sanitary reasons have nothing to do with the question. A strong petition has also been presented asking the French government to place a heavy duty on foreign cereals, which of course means American wheat, as France would no doubt contrive in some way to make an easy arrangement for Russia. For the present, indeed, Russia is out of consideration on account of the famine, and America is the only country to be unfavorably affected in an appreciable degree by a high French tariff on corn.

The French republic does not seem to be making a fair deal with the United States, and diplomacy regarding the matter has apparently been a failure so far. France sends us millions of gallons of real and alleged wines and a large quantity of other products.

If she means to bar out the products of America, either by direct embargo or a prohibitory tariff, it may be getting near the time to give her the emphatic warning which the McKinley bill permits.

FOR U. S. SENATOR.

At the coming session of the Legislature, which commences in January, 1893, one important question before that body will be the selection of a United States Senator to succeed Sen. Cushman K. Davis. As it is impossible at that time to answer the almost universal demand of the people for election of U. S. Senator by a ballot of the people we believe that the next best thing to be done would be for the selection of a candidate among the people at the party convention. This convention, in order to meet the popular demand should be as near a mass convention as it is possible to make it. We are well aware of the fact that this policy is not in accordance with the wishes or plans of the old-line politicians—the wire-pullers, whose selfish motives and plans outweigh every consideration for the public good—but the great masses of the people demand it and that reason is good enough for THE JOURNAL. We believe that the interests of the people should be subserved regardless of the interests of machine politics and woe unto that party that does not regard the wishes of the people for verily their name shall be Dennis. The Republican party was formed upon that issue and as long as it sticks to its text will be all right but should the day ever come when its policy should be controled and dictated by scheniers and machine politicians then, and not till then will its glory become a thing of the past and its name be buried in oblivion.

Sunday Opening of the Exposition.

New York Press.

In many of the large cities of the West the exposition fever which broke out so generally soon after the close of the Centennial celebration at Philadelphia in 1876 has never been entirely cured. It has became a sort of settled habbit among the people of these communities to hold some such fair every year, generally in permanent buildings, and the kind of exhibits being varied from time to time as local industries change or develoy.

Among these communities must be reckoned the city of Milwaukee, the city which probably contains a larger percentage of Germans, both of foreign and American birth, than any other in the land. During the present year the experiment of keeping the exhibition open on Sunday was tried for the first time and the Sentinel, the leading newspaper of Wisconsin, recently reviewed the result of the initial opening on that day. The number of people in attendance on that day was more than 20,000—the largest of any single day during the present year. "This was made up," so the report runs, "of well behaved persons who did not look on this as an occasion for hilarity or drinking, but for plain common sense sight seeing." It is further recorded that it was largely a family party. Hardly any of those who could be distinguished as manual laborers came without their families."

The great crowd was quiet, orderly and greatly interested in the sights, and busy with entertaining itself. It is also asserted as true that the great majority of all these visitors had attended church in the morning. Business firms and large employers of labor took advantage of this Sunday opening to buy tickets for their workmen and their families, thus giving philanthropic men a new opportunity to do good by being liberal. The advantage of such expositions were thus appreciated at their full value, and that, too, in an orderly way by thousands of persons who otherwise might never have entered the doors of the building.

Before rendering a decision not to open the doors of certain departments of the Columbian fair on Sundays the managers might well make a careful investigation of the Milwaukee experiment and of any other of the same kind they can hear of. If it can be made successful among a population so largely foreign in origin and ideas, certainly no fair minded student of our people would venture to claim that quite as favorable results might not be expected from our native population.

"Nolan," a wonderfully fine ballad by a daughter of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe opens the November Wide Awake; it is the tragic story of the bearer of Raglan's dispatch which Lord Lucan of the Light Brigade misunderstood when he ordered the famous "charge;" "Nolan" is suited to become a favorite with boys for Declamation Day. Another noteworthy feature is the richly illustrated article by Mrs. Richard Manning of Salem upon "The Boyhood of Hawthorne;" the first portrait ever painted of Hawthorne is reproduced for this article. still another notable feature is the closing chapters of the famous Peppers serial—in a great sunburst of happiness. "Marietta's Good Times," and "Miss Matilda Archambeau Van Dorn," also are ended, and next month, for Christmas gift, the new serials begin. Margaret Spencer has a capital Hallowe'en story, "Gladys McLean's Hallowe'en Party;" Mrs. Kate Upson Clark has a Thanksgiving tale, "Mistress Esteem Elliott's Molasses Cake;" and Emilie Poulsson a poem for the occasion, "Mima's Thanksgiving." Another good story is by a southern writer, Elizabeth Bellamy, and entitled "A Lesson for Life." "Old Adams, the Bear Tamer" is a bit of western biography by Charles Howard Shinn. William Zachary Gladwin has a good story of a plucky boy, called "Johnny O'Dowd's Chance." "Men and Things" is rich in annecdote, and readable poems and articles are contributed by Mrs. S. M. B. Platt, Amanda B. Harris, "M. E. B.," Mrs. William Claflin, Clara Doty Bates, Caroline Hunt Rimmer, Mary Felicia Butts, J. L. Harbour, Nena Thomas Medairy, A. S. W. Selfridge and L. S. Bridgman.

Wide Awake is $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Boston.

Chinese Missions To American Heathen.

A returned missionary, while trying to induce some of the pious students of a Virginia college to go to China as missionaries to the almond eyed heathen illustrated their heathenism and produced what he thought a clinching argument as to their benighted condition by exhibiting a tiny shoe which a grown Chinese woman had been able to wear on her foot as the result of a lacing process which must have begun when first her little yellow toes were poked over the edge of the cradle. As this is the age of reciprocity and as the postal subsidy bill is to increase the direct steam communication facilities across the Pacific, we need not be surprised if some enterprising Mott streeter, after duly exploring Fifth and Madison avenues and studying the cotumes of his Sunday school teacher, should go back to the Flowery Kingdom and start a movement for Chinese missionaries to American heathen.

What an instructive object, for instance, a corset would be to the students of a Buddhist or Confucian theological seminary! The high heel in the middle of the sole of a fashionable young lady's shoe might be construed as proof of an approach to common sense Chinese methods of torturing the feet. But the bustle! A whole shipload of Chinese missionaries to America might be moved with pity at that species of cosrumic insanity. And as for the United States man who wears a thick, heavy, stiff derby hat on his head in the summer time, he might be regarded by the Chinese missionaries as too degraded a votary of the god Fa Shun to be hopefully pursued.

The Grafton Record's Park River correspondent says : "C. D. Lord, our popular banker, had quite a loss last Saturday and Sunday. On last Friday his hired man turned his band of sheep out in a stubble field, in which threshing had just been finished, and on Saturday nearly every sheep in the flock showed signs of bloating, which resulted in the death of about 175, and on Sunday morning Mr. Holbrook's pasture, where the sheep are kept, presented a view which very much resembled a battle field ; the entire ground being covered with sheep dead or dying. There are at this writing about 850 sheep which will probably recover. There is no question but what the sickness was caused by the sheep over-feeding on new wheat, but to satisfy himself, Mr. Lord has telegraphed the State veterinary surgeon, who will be up Monday night.

The Hopkins-Searles Will Case.

The contestants of the will of Mrs. Mark Hopkins-Searles closed their case without putting the chief contestant, Timothy Nolan-Hopkins on the stand. His lawyers may know what is best for their client from the legal standpoint, but public opinion will place its own interpretation upon the action of an adopted son who is willing to traduce the memory of his benefactress in court but lacks the courage to submit his version of the relations between himself and the woman who adopted him to searching scrutiny on the witness stand. So far as the public is concerned young Hopkins has lost his case in this one act. The victory which Mr. Searles won in court will undoubtedly be sustained by the general opinion.

November Discoveries.

This is a somewhat remarkable month for discoveries beneficial to mankind, and the influence of which continues widening for good. November 21st, 1302, the use and benefit of the ship's compass was discovered, and as without it safe ocean navigation would have been impossible, it may be called the parent of all geographical discoveries that have been made since that time. November 18th, 1497, the Cape of Good Hope was discovered, and then was opened to European commerce a water-way to the treasures of the Orient. Previous to that time, trade between the East and the West was done by the slow and often painful progress of the caravan. November 26th, 1778, the Sandwich Islands were discovered, and this has been a boon to Pacific ocean navigators, as a coaling and provisioning station. It ought to belong to the United States, and may some day be annexed by Uncle Sam. Thanksgiving Day, too, was discovered in New England during this month, some two hundred years ago, and the people of the Northwest have discovered that to make a quick, safe and pleasant journey home on Thanksgiving—or any other day—"The Burlington" is the route to take. Tickets and any other information can be obtained from local agents, or by addressing W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
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CARRIAGE WORKS.
Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.
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ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
WALL PAPER.
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT
While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. I have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.
[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING, } Crookston, Minn

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THE MAMMOTH
Gervais—"The Hustler"
HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF
Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,
IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS.
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR
In Endless Varieties.
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In the most Artistic Styles and Patterns.
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In Many Styles.
CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.
NEW GOODS
I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. } GERVAIS, The Hustler

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—AT—
JOHN WYATT'S
Undertaking Parlors,
East Side of Broadway, - - Crookston, Minn.
A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.
FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.
Office East Side of Broadway - - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 29, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 77.
1 Northern 75.
2 Northern 70.

Tuesday was mild and thawy.

Don't miss the Swedish singers to-night.

The train was four hours late on Tuesday morning.

Wild geese have been flying southward for the past week.

Note the change in the price of flour in Lee & Herrick's ad.

Go and hear Miss Ohrstrom to-night at the Grand Opera House.

John Ristow was celebrating the arrival of a fine boy last week.

The weather signal on Monday indicated warmer weather coming.

Hon. H. Steenerson was at Grand Forks last week on legal business.

Such weather as we have had during the week makes coal dealers happy.

Now is the time to subscribe for THE JOURNAL. All the news for only $1.50.

Doc. Rutledge came up from Fisher on Monday to take in Royce & Lansing.

Dept.Sheriff Losey went out Red Lake Falls way to summon jurors on Monday.

Policeman A. J. Ellingbo has moved down on Ash street into Benoit's building.

A. S. Elford was down to Fertile last week in the interest of his life insurance business.

Sep. Lucian, the dining car boss, rejoices in the arrival of a son and heir on Monday.

Tickets for the Temple of Fame for sale by Tom Morris, F. L. Durand and S. A. Wallace.

Orin Simmons finished his threshing last week just before the storm. Lots of 'em didn't.

And Topsy will appear in the "Temple of Fame" in all her native vigor. Don't fail to see Topsy.

Wheat has poured into the elevators for the past week at a surprising rate and still it comes.

Engineer Geo. Ralph left last week for the reservation to work upon another surveying contract.

Alexander Selkirk will appear as a pillar in the Temple of Fame, when the Temple is built.

At Duluth on Monday last 478 carloads of wheat were received as against 105 same date last year.

A. J. Burnam brought his family out on Monday morning and saw them off on the train for Fosston.

Tom Harris reached the site with Fred Anderson's now house this week. Fred will fix it up to rent.

A few carloads of wood from the Fosston line or any other line would work in right handy these days.

Sture continues to do a large business at the new stand in the opera house block in general merchandising.

If you would like to pay that subscription in wood and can send in a cord or so right now it would be very acceptable.

The saw mill closed down for the season on Tuesday noon. This has been the longest season since the mill was built.

Cowing has his building up to grade and his sidewalk completed and now, he says, the other fellows will have to weat awhile.

Miss Inez McGrew went up to Fosston last week to organize a class in painting, and goes next week to take charge of it.

Subscribe for THE JOURNAL and the Review of Reviews, both for only $3.00. Now is the time to secure your winter reading matter.

Miss Josephene Sletten, of Audubon, is visiting friends in the city. She was at the Royce & Lansing entertainment on Monday evening.

S. A. Wallace has been fixing up his store somewhat. Has taken out his side doors, moved the partition and fixed up generally.

The snow storm of Monday interfered with threshing somewhat by filling the stacks with snow. Some machines got at it again on Tuesday.

"Oh, no," said Uncle John Ross, on Monday afternoon, "this is not winter, you will see this snow all disappear and an open spell yet."

The first sleigh of the season appeared upon our streets Monday afternoon. It slipped along all the same like winter time.

Comrade Snyder commenced to thresh on Wednesday. He has 300 acres of nice wheat that ought to yield at least 20 bushels per acre.

J. S. Nichols, one of the leading farmers in the town of Liberty has put up a wind mill to grind his feed with. J. S is a live progressive farmer.

P. J. McGuire arrived from Superior last week. He has accepted a position as clerk in the Land office and entered upon the discharge of his duties.

Advices up to the hour of going to press indicate that the republicans carry New York and Ohio, the two most important states that held their election on Tuesday last.

P. M. Lagerquist reports a yield of 30 bushels of wheat per acre on his farm on the west side.

It is reported that E. S. Corser's wheat yields 25 bushels per acre.

If you want good cows call and see what we can do for you. We can sell you one if you want it.

A. C. Wilkinson left for St. Paul on Monday's belated train. Said he had been waiting for a pleasant day since Friday.

Charlie McKay gives it out cold that the entertainment on Monday evening was the best of its kind we have had for a long time.

Call and see a copy of the Review of Reviews, which magazine you can secure with THE JOURNAL for $1.50. This is one of the best magazines published.

Dr. Thomas went up to Warren last week to attend to work in his line. Doc. is a good dentist and gets lots of outside work besides his city trade which is large.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

The slight reminder of winter on Saturday set everybody to thinking about winter. It made pretty lively business for the drays to supply hitherto neglected woodpiles.

Lots of freight trains on both roads indicate a rushing business on the lines. more wheat is going out than ever before and more goods coming in. This looks like business.

Monday was a field day for subscriptions for us. Notwithstanding the storm many of our friends dropped in to set that little subscription ahead a year. Thanks, come again.

Bring on your job work. We are prepared to do anything in job printing in the latest styles of the art, promptly and at as reasonable rates as first-class work can be done. Give us a trial.

City Engineer Geo. A. Ralph has just completed and delivered to the county commissioners the most complete map of the county ever made. Such a map would be handy in every business office.

Dedication of "Hauges Minde Bedehus" next Sunday Nov. 8. A number of clergymen of Hauges Synod will be present. Services begin at 10:30 o'clock a.m. You are cordially invited to come.

The brickwork on the new block is nearly completed and soon the inside work will be. When fully completed the new block will be an elegant structure a credit to Second street and the city.

If this really means winter there will be lots of threshing to be done next spring, as there are hundreds of acres in stack. Less plowing has been done this fall than ever before owing to excessive rains.

As announced in last issue Miss Minnie McKinnon was married on Wednesday evening to conductor Henry Murray. The happy couple will be at home to their friends in this city after November 1st.

Dr. M. LeGuee received a telegram from McIntosh on Monday stating that the company horse he went out to see last week was dead. This will prove quite a serious loss as the animal cost between $2000 and $3000.

The delay in the arrival of the mail on Thursday last was caused by a collision at Nelson, in Douglas Co., which wrecked an engine, shook up the passengers but fortunately no lives were lost. The company will investigate.

Monday was the shortest day for fuel we ever saw in the city. Everybody wanted wood and coal and wanted it right then. Had there been five or six car loads of wood on track in the morning it would all have been taken before night.

If you want a good farm of 315 acres ready for crop in the spring, with good, substantial buildings, good fences, artesian water and a fine grove call at THE JOURNAL office. We know of just such a place near this city that can be had cheap.

Thompson does not find that dog yet but thinks he has a clue to him. It would not be healthy for the party who has him if he has had any intention of keeping him, as G. T. says he will know that dog ten years from now just as easy as now.

The Temple of Fame will be built at the Grand Opera House on Tuesday evening, Nov. 10th, when all of the notable characters of history will be present. Go and see it and help the ladies in their laudable purpose to do good with the proceeds.

New York Tribune:—Miss Agusta Ohrstrom, the Swedish soprano, who made her American debut at the festival last evening, scored a pleasing success. She divided the sole honors evenly with Madam Fursch-Madi and Myron W. Whitney.

The funniest show that has been seen here for some time is promised at the Grand Opera House on Friday night, when E. D. Stair's superb company of players will give for the first time here that laughable skit, Little Trixie. The performance like others of its class abounds in music, specialties, dances and all the good things that so satisfactorily entertain an audience. The Providence Daily Journal speaks in the following terms of the company: "It is a pleasure to see an audience so pleased and so satisfactorily entertained as was the one that was present at the Grang Opera House last night to witness the second production here of that successful comedy, Little Trixie. The attraction is always welcome here and will never fail to draw a large houses."

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

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Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

[14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

We can give you Demorest's Magazine and THE JOURNAL one year for $3.

Several inches of snow fell on Monday afternoon. Made pretty good sleighing in the city.

A grand bazaar will be held in Gentilly on Nov. 15th, 16th and 17th. Sunday evening, tragedy with concert. All are cordially invited.

The dedication services of the Norwegian Lutheran church will be held on Sunday next, at 11 o'clock. The Rev. H. A. Pra us, of the Synod, or the Rev, V. Karn is expected. The services in the evening will be conducted in the English language.

We wish to thank those of our friends who have so kindly remembered us on subscription during the past week and also those who have written us that they would soon have the money ready for us. Such things tend to cheer us in our work and in every case helps us out wonderfully.

All the drays seem to be busy as nailers these days. Simmons worked until 10 o'clock Saturday night and then had to quit before his day's work was completed. This state of things indicates one of two things—either we have not many drays or else the city is doing lots of business and we have lots of drays.

We have to compliment the small boys for the universal good order that prevailed on All-Hallowe'en. Heretofore the morning of November 1st has witnessed a scene of devastation and wreck utterly discouraging but the boys were very good this time—or was it the cold weather that upset their calculations?

Rev. R. H. Battey speaks at the Congregational church next Sunday. Morning subject—"Moses' Greatest Prayer." Evening, 6th lecture on Character. Subject—"Faith and Character." A hearty welcome for all. Sunday school at noon. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. All young people are invited to these services.

Fisher Bulletin:—Information was received from St. Paul this week to the effect that Capt. De Mers, lately a resident of Fisher, was rapidly declining in health and intelect and that his demise may be looked for in the near future. Mr. Morrison, father of Mrs. DeMers, was in Fisher this week looking after her business interests.

Ed. George returned on Monday morning from a visit to Rochester. His wife has been convalescent for a week or so but not doing as well as he would like so he took her back to Rochester on Monday night where she will remain a month or so until she is better. Ed, after seeing her comfortably located will return in a few days ready for business.

The Ray L. Royce Co. presented "Tom's Vacation" to a good audience on Monday evening. Mr. Royce has lost none of his vivacity since his first visit to this city, in fact he seems to improve with age. The piece is one well calculated to keep the audience in good humor and was exceedingly well played The company is a good one.

There is a greater demand this fall than ever before for good houses to rant. If some of our real estate owners would improve desirable lots by putting up good building they would not only do a good thing for the city but would also make a good interest on their investment. Houses are in great demand—and the better the house the better the demand.

Two loads of millet came on the market on Monday morning. The owner was asking $10 per ton for it and when we last saw it in the afternoon it was still unsold. It is worth twice as much as prairie hay to feed to milch cows and yet owners of cows seem to prefer to pay $8 and even $10 per ton for prairie hay rather than buy that millet and it was choice millet too.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—Those who attended the entertainment given Saturday evening by Augusta Ohrstrom and her company of artists enjoyed a treat. Miss Ohrstrom's voice is clear and and strong and of great compass. The singing of Messrs. Baalfe and Abdill was also most excellent. Miss Violet Phelps was the life of the program, and with each number she was compelled to respond to double enchores.

James Greenhalgh Jr. was caught shivering on the street corner in Monday's snow-storm and said to THE JOURNAL man: "This reminds one of the days in the early seventies when it was 'cat-fish or no breakfast for us.' I would not be surprised if this was the beginning of winter and if it is look out for an old fashioned one. It sets in just as they used to. I have to trudge out home on foot to-night, but I had rather do that than to drive out."

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson, general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassell, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

The Temple of Fame.

This beautiful entertainment consists in the summoning by the "Goddess of Fame" of men and women famous in the world's history in art, literature, music, fiction and the humanities, each pleading what they have personally accomplished as the reason why they should receive the "Wreath of Fame."

ORDER OF PROGRAM.

1. Entrance of the Goddess of Fame attended by her maids of honor and pages.
2. Chorus by the children who bear the wreath of the Goddess.
3. Summons by the Goddess.
4. Plea for the wreath by famous men and women of the world, with solos by Jenny Lind, Christine Nilsson, Robert Burns and Miriam, and Joan of Arc.
5. Chorus of children.
6. Goddess crowns the Queen of Fame.
7. Tableau.

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

Goddess of Fame..........Mrs. Will Bugg
Maids of Honor, Misses Minnie Walker, Phenia Netzer, Miss Hoyt and Bertie Ramshardt.
Pages, Jay Durand and Bertie Buckman.
Sappho..........Eunie Copeland
Michael Angelo..........Louis Columbus
Robert Burns.......Dr. W. A. Robertson
Alexander Selkirk..........C. Ingberg
Christopher Columbus.......N. P. Stone
Lief Erickson..........Andrew Eiken
Maude Muller..........Mabel Arnold
Diogenes..........F. L. Durand
Christine Nilsson..........Mrs. T. Adams
Capt. John Smith..........J. W. Wheeler
Pocahontas..........Lizzie Zarracher
Sister of Charity..........Mabel Holt
Cleopatra..........Mrs. W. E. Slocum
Socrates..........A. A. Miller
Xantippe..........Mrs. H. E. Cooke
Barbara Frietchie..Martha Crookshanks
Ruth..........Katie McCleod
Blue Beard..........Dick Farnsworth
Arbuckle..........Prof. Casad
Little Lord Fauntleroy..........Julia Lewis
Earl of Dorincourt..........Mr. Winslow.
Joan of Arc..........Emma Veronneau
Jenny Lind..........Mrs VanArnum
George Washington..........E. M. Stanton
Martha Washington...Mrs.Frank Gravel
Mrs. Partington..........Inez Fairbanks
Ike Partington..........Frank Williams
Phœbe Cary..........Mrs. Tom Morris
Alice Cary..........Mrs. A. Braley
Rothschilds..........Frank Gravel
Louise M. Alcott, accompanied by her four "Little Women:" Meg, Rai Wilkinson; Joe, Temperance Coleman; Beth, Edith Wyand; Amy, Ida Wyand; Mrs. Streeter.
Miriam..........Dolly Bunnell
Miriam's Maids, Fannie Copeland, Frankie Coleman, Josie Lally and Fannie Buckman.
Harriet Beecher Stowe...Mrs. Fred Hall
Topsy..........Mrs. S. Rosenthal
Josiah Allen's Wife......Mrs. C. Cahoon
Josiah Allen..........Robert Williams
Mother Goose...Mrs. A. R. Fuller attended by Children.
William Tell..........Frank Browri
William Tell's Son..........Dee Rosenthal
Miss Mamie Ayres, Accompanist.

You cannot find more reading matter than we can supply you for $3.00. Take your choice between Demorest and the Review of Reviews at $1.50.

Albert Oehler came in from Dugdale on Monday evening and dropped in to leave us a bit of encouragment in shape of a paid up subscription. Says wheat in his neighborhood is generally secure but some flax is yet in shock. He harvested 1700 bushels of good wheat, 1150 bushels of excellent oats, 500 bushels of barley and a 9½ pound baby boy which last crop was cradled on October 27th. Mother and child doing nicely.

Comrade A. Burnam stopped on the street in the storm on Monday long enough to say to THE JOURNAL man: "I have been just as busy as I could be all the fall trying to get my fall plowing done and my potatoes dug but I must say if this is winter I am caught bad, as I have to build shelter for my stock yet —and that reminds me I have some colts at home out in this storm and I must hurry home and take care of them."

The average small boy was in clover on Monday afternoon when, at four o'clock, at close of school he came out into one of the jolliest snow-storms he has seen in a long time, but we opine he was about the only one, as all the boys of older growth were speculating as to the results to the unthreshed wheat and wondering if "winter had really set in." After all, your small boy is your true philosopher, for he takes life as he finds it and tries to extract all the comfort he can out of it as he goes along.

Much of the immense success that attends the Little Trixie engagements everywhere is due to the always excellent company of players secured to interpret the comedy. With the view of securing a reputation that would last a lifetime the management has this season engaged for Little Trixie the best company available and is putting on the play better than ever before. In addition to this the Imperial Quartette, who are a whole show in themselves, has been brought over from Europe to appear nightly in conjunction with the acting company. Besides being skilled vocalists they play many musical instruments, most of which have never been seen before in America. Little Trizie will be seen at the Grand Opera House Friday night.

A little ripple of excitement was caused by the decision of Inspector Childs that a new vault must be built for the post-office and an effort made by parties interested in Second street property to secure the office for the new block. Bids were called for and submitted and the bid of McKinnon brothers was $75 per month and that of the owners of the new block $125 per month. this did not suit the Second street fellows who called for a new deal and then went to work among themselves to raise the amount necessary to secure the office. Robert street soon caught on and did the same and when the new bids came in McKinnon Bros. were still $10 in the lead. Their bid was accepted and the office is located where it is for five years.

"More Squibs."

WE MIGHT state that the advertising corner of our brain is still an aching void, but that's evident to all.

WE MIGHT spring a bargain list, viz:

☞ Best Prints..........5c a yd
☞ Ice Wool..........20c a box
☞ Ladies all-wool Underwear...75c each.
☞ Eider Down..........45c a yd
☞ Plush Cloaks..........$12.50 each

and all that sort of thing, but we won't do it this time.

WE MIGHT tell you all our competitors are frauds, and that we are the only people on earth, but we wont do that either, because it ain't so.

WE MIGHT warn you against paying more money for inferior goods than you can buy the best for at our store, but we won't do that either, as we have done it over and over again at an expense of from $10 to $15 per "warn."

WE MIGHT say, as a significant fact, that only the establishments which sell large quantities of goods, and which turn their stock quite often, are the people who can show you all the NEW GOODS, but you all know that.

WE MIGHT reiterate the fact that "volume" of business to a store means precisely the same as circulation to a newspaper. The advantages offered by a large stock are as obviously greater than those of smaller stocks as the advantages of a big newspaper are greater than those a little one can offer; but you all know that, too.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Grand Opera House!

Friday, November 6th.

The loudest laugh of the year. | The reigning comedy success.

Little Trixie!

Introducing a superb company of comedians, including the renowned

IMPERIAL QUARTETTE,

An entertainment full of NEW AND NOVEL FEATURES,

And you can see it here but once,

Prices 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents. Seats on sale Friday morning.

Jacob Scott came down from Fosston on Monday night and dropped in to cheer the printer's heart on Tuesday morning. His wheat averaged 20 bushels and was secured in good shape without injury to the grade. He has a fine farm near Fosston and is making a fair thing this year. Says the yield has been good in his neighborhood and nearly all grading either No. 1 Hard or 1 Northern. He says that Hoch & Larson, who have been running a threshing machine near Devils Lake came in on Monday night and say that wheat there has been turning out from 30 to 33 bushels der acre; that there is yet a great deal of wheat in the shock. Scott is one Polk County farmer who has made money this year. Last spring he rented his farm for three years and bought another on which he raised a big crop of wheat, oats and barley, and then sold for $1,000 more than he paid last spring and he has the crop clear.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

$12,000. $12,000.

WORTH OF

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,

SILVERWARE, NOTIONS,

ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, FANCY GOODS. ETC.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

HAVING decided to discontinue my busines, as my lease expires on Jan. 1st, I now offer my entire stock AT COST or less, as the entire stock must be closed out before that date. My line of goods is now complete, but as nothing will be duplicated when once sold out, those making early calls will find it greatly to their advantage.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU— TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

BOSTON

ONE PRICE ONE PRICE ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE.

Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
To see our Suits,
To see our Trousers, } Before going elsewhere.

Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

The military company are not discouraged by their loss on that "original" Rebellion business and have secured one of the finest musical treats ever brought to this city, being nothing less than the celebrated Swedish singers, M'lle Augusta Ohrstrom, supported by J. C. Abdill, dramatic tenor, who was formerly with Emma Abbott, N. Basil Ptetson, formerly with the Bostonians, Miss Alice Watson, pianist and accompanist, Violet Phelps, impersonator and violinist. The boys deserve a good house not only for their pluck and perseverance but also on the merits of the troupe.

If you want a good cow come and see what we can do for you. We have a few more left that we will sell you right. Call early for choice.

Edward Lanctot was in from his farm during the storm on Monday and to a JOURNAL man he said: "If this is winter I can tell you one thing and that is that potatoes will be worth big money before next spring. I have 900 bushels in my cellar, but I know of plenty of farmers who havn't a potato dug yet and have no doubt that there are not to exceed from one-third to one-half the potatoes in the county dug. I hardly think winter has set in, in real earnest, but if it has it will fix the potato crop and make that vegetable extremely scarce.

Crookston Ball.

Grand Forks Daily News:—Mr. and Mrs. Sattler, Miss Duggan, May and Lizzie McGoey, Dollie Green Eliza Martin and Lizzie and Annie Sullivan were over at Crookston to participate in the pleasures of the Firemen's ball. They returned much pleased with the affair which they say was attended by about 150 couples. The belles of Crookston were there in all their beauty, glory and witchery, as they always are at every social assembly.

The "Temple of Fame" at the Grand on Tuesday evening, Nov. 10th.

Joseph Leicht, of the Winona Herold, is in the city this week. Mr. L. says Crookston is making rapid improvements.

It would seem that after all Fred Rauch was giving us the straight tip when he said that he bought that house and lot on Sampson's Addition for a residence for his mother and father. The old people arrived from their old home at Buffalo, Wis., last Thursday, and at once took possession of Fred's cottage.

Rev. R. H. Battey's morning sermon at the Congregational church was a review of the work of the year and showed cause for encouragment. While the church has not increased in numbers as rapidly as could be wished the interest has and the prospects are better than ever before. Mr. B urged upon the members the importance and helpfulness of a regular and prompt attendance and right here we wish to call attention to one point which, to our mind, may be a stumbling block in the path of some and that is the habit of neglecting to attend church because there may be some one connected with it against whom we hold a personal grudge. If perfection was the only qualification what human being would be qualified to join? And who of us is so perfect as to infallibly judge between himself and his neighbor as to fitness? It is because of man's weakness and need of help that churches are necessary and they are but training schools to fit one for a better life. If each member is doing all he can to regulate his own individual growth spiritually he will probably have all that he ought to do without sitting in judgment upon his erring brother and the church would come as near fulfilling its mission as is possible. We are speaking of no one particular case and hope there are none who can make a personal application of these remarks.

The Return of Jim.

Have you noticed that there's something circulating in the air
That is bracing, and displacing all the microbes of despair?
Have you noticed in the trade reports, so lately very slow,
That the figure now is bigger than it was a month ago?
Have you noticed that the Stars and Stripes the autumn breezes crack
Somewhat louder and much prouder
Now that Jim's got back?

Have you noticed out in Kansas how the boys are falling in?
How the growlers' and the howlers' ranks are growing very thin?
Have you noticed how the Kansas porkers proudly curl their tails,
As though to try to give the lie to demagogic wails?
Have you noticed how the wheat and corn and fodder in the stack,
Are what you term extremely firm
Since Jim's got back?

Have you noticed down in Chili that they're lying very low;
That his skinny nibs Rudini plays in pianissimo?
Have you seen the brown plush muffle on the British lion's roar?
Though soft as seal, it is not real, and hides an ugly sore,
But you'll notice that your Uncle Sam's not taking any slack
From any one-horse power throne
Since Jim's got back.

Republicans and Democrats rejoice to see old Jim;
He has a way, you can't gainsay; we are all proud of him.
The Massachusetts Yankee and the planter "down Mobile"
In old Jim Blaine are joined again and royal glory feel
In living in a nation that can give the world a whack;
For Uncle Sam won't care a cent
Since Jim's got back.
—Kansas City Journal.

Times: "Somebody must have pulled the gong on Halvor Steenerson. He hasn't been interviewed in the St. Paul papers or given the Alliance a good send-off in several weeks. Can it be that the St. Paul reporters have become tired of being worked?"

The chestnut bell has been rung repeatedly on your attacks on Steenerson, but you don't seem to have sense enough to tumble. You always kick when Steenerson is interviewed and now you kick because he is not—and this time gratuitously, as he has not been in St. Paul within the time you mention and the St. Paul papers seldom send reporters this far to interview local celebrities.

If the assurances we have received this fall of early settlements on subscription are all carried out we shall be able to collect our list up nearly in full, enough to enable us to carry out in part the addition of needed material to our office. The past week we have received more than ever these promises by letter and verbally and these assurances are indeed encouraging, situated as we are at this time. We have enough outstanding upon our subscription books to lighten the burden caused by the loss of a magnificent crop and while THE JOURNAL does not ask, nor would it accept money for the sake of charity it does ask and expect all who are in arrears to do their best for us this fall so that we can discharge our just debts and have the means at command to purchase needed material for the office. The assurances we have received lead us to the belief that this will be done in every case. Of course we do not expect any who have last their crops, as we did, by hail to distress themselves on our account—they have had it hard enough already, but even some of these have said they in tended to do something for us this fall.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up nto nice choice steaks. Try Vine once

A BRAVE LAD.

On Monday of last week the eleven year old son of G. Fontaine, of Gentilly, went out with his dog and gun to shoot prairie chickens. The dog started a bear and the boy pluckily took after him and when within a few feet of him the bear rose up on his hind feet and the boy gave him a charge of bird shot right in the neck at close range. This dropped the bear and the boy reloaded. By this time the bear was up again rea[illegible] for business and was running away with the dog in hot pursuit. The boy joined the pursuit and soon came up when the bear again rose up and got another charge of bird shot which dropped him but did not kill him quite and the boy closed in and killed him with the gun, breaking the gun over the bear's head. We call that a plucky boy.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, Nov. 2, 1891.

Miss Millie Stromstad is very ill. We all wish her a speedy recovery.

Alderman E. D. Childs, of Crookston, has been here most of the time the past three weeks looking after his farms in this vicinity.

Mrs. Gus Linder gave birth to a bouncing boy last Friday. Mother and child doing well and Gus very happy.

John Dodge had one of his hands badly bruised by having it caught between the wheel and belt on a threshing "rig."

Dr. F. H. Stuart, of Ada, has been making a number of professional calls here lately.

Lewis Seger will not return from Red River until all the girls are either married or dead.

Willie McMillan leaves to-night for Minneapolis where he will attend the agricultural department of our university. Success to you, Will.

Dedrick Hanson and wife leave this week for Christaiania, Norway, where they will make their future home.

Budd and Haight are selling ponies at very low prices. EDNA.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

From the undersigned in this city a red Irish Setter with white stripe in breast. A suitable reward will be paid for the return of the dog to undersigned or for information leading to its recovery. T. G. THOMPSON.

[28tf]

"A Vocal Artist of the Very First Rank." Boston Herald.

Miss Ohrstrom is a vocal artist of the very first rank, and a singer who commands the attention of the most critical in whatever she is heard. Such artists are heard all to seldom on the concert stage, and when heard are quickly appreciated. Such was most certainly the result last evening, for Miss Ohrstrom's success was instantaneous and most pronounced, and her audience gave her a most enthusiastic recognition of her grand abilities. She is first a musician and then a singer, and in her vocal work she displays with faultless taste and consummate skill the result of these combined qualifications for the concert stage. Her voice has the brilliancy of the true soprano, with the richness of the mezzo soprano, and it has been most thoroughly and artistically trained, exhibiting the true method in the use and giving genuine satisfaction in every way. She sang with great the old but always enjoyable "Sicilian Vespers," aria by Verdi, and an encore number "Jamie Dear," was given with equal success. The Spanish bolero, "La Veritable Manola," was sung with splendid dash and spirit and gained the singer another enthusiastic recall, to which she responded by singing a bright Norwegian folk-song to her own accompaniment.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale that valuable property, the N½ Section 34, township of Rome, range 48, consisting of 320 acres, over 200 under cultivation, 35 acres pasture and over 10 acres planted timber, good buildings, excellent water. Will be sold in whole or in part on easy terms. This would be a good chance for a Norwegian as it is in the midst of a Scandinavian settlement. Will be sold cheap as the owner wishes to leave the country.

For further particulars apply on the premises to

C. KERN, Proprietor.

[28-31]

"Enough to Draw a Full House."

New Orleans Correspondence of American Musician:—Miss Ohrstrom's magnificent soprano alone—so rich, pure, fresh and soulful—was enough to draw a full house. Of course it is not everyone who loves to listen to good music who understands anything about it, but appreciation is welcome even from the ignorant, and such fell to Miss Ohrstrom. A person who heard her was going into ecstacies over her voice, and remarked to another: "You said her voice was a soprano, but you are wrong; it is a prima-donna voice." You can imagine the laugh this brought forth.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

We have received the last issue of the "World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated." It is only established organ of the great Fair. The object of this publication is to give complete authentic historical record of the Columbian Exposition. It contains 32 pages of official proceedings and gives photographic illustrations, of all the Exhibits, Building, and attractions of the great fair. As a work of Art, containing the most interesting information, it is invaluable to all who wish to keep up with the times and learn of the great International Enterprise. It is published in English and German. Subscriptions taken at this office, where a sample copy may be seen or address, J. B Campbell, Editor and Pub., 218 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ills.

[20-tf]

"She Can Execute Trills and Cadenzas and Roulandes Like Patti."

Saratoga Union:—Miss Ohrstrom's manner is winning, her stage presence charming, her singing delicious. Her clear, pure soprano is equally satisfying in the exacting jewel song from "Faust," or the simple folk-songs of her native Sweden. She can sing with marvellous power and volume; she can execute trills and cadenzas and roulandes like Patti, but her best is a faint, sweet strain; the echo of a silver bell, a fairy's melody made perfect by the expression of a human soul.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Oct. 31st, 1891.

Fielder, Geo O	Janson, Johan K
Koepp O J	Leaming, H W
McCabe, Bohn	McCabe, Joseph
Nielson, Adam 3	Strom, Ole A
Vanalstine, Richard	Walker, Harry L

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. W. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

REPORT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Scandia-American Bank
At Crookston, Minn. at the close of business on the 15th day of October, 1891.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	$167,729 86
Due from other banks	12,597 54
Furniture and fixtures	1,400 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	4,789 18
Cash and cash items on hand	8,432 75
Total	$194,949 33
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$50,000 00
Undivided profits	21,835 43
Individual deposits subject to check	43,545 87
Demand certificates of deposit	62,068 03
Bills Payable	17,500 00
Total	$194,949 33

I, L. Ellington, Cashier of the Scandia-American Bank, of Crookston, Minnesota, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
HALVOR STEENERSON, } Directors.
O. H. LOCKEN.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 2d day of November, 1891.

{ Notary Seal. } ANDREW F. HANSON, Notary Public, Polk County, Minn

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given, that Hans E. Peterson, of the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1891, assigned all his property to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors.

All persons holding claims against the said Hans E. Peterson are hereby notified to present their claims against him to the undersigned, within twenty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., November 2d, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Assignee.

Valley Roller Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.65
North Star,	2.50
Fife,	2.15
Skip Jack,	1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]
Last publication Dec. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($122.40-100) dollars, interest which became due on the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Andrew G. Hanson, a widower, mortgagor to J. E. Boily, mortgagee, bearing date the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 49 of mortgages, on page 143.

And whereas, the said J. E. Boily, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($1,622.40 100) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land described as the southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-four (34), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-four (44), according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 21st DAY OF DECEMBER,

1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated November, 2d, A. D. 1891.

J. E. BOILY, Mortgagee.

O. TESSIER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
[29-35] Minneapolis, Minn.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
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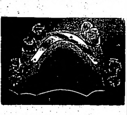

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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 29, 1891.

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

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MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
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Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
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For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South,.......... 7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba.......... 8:15 a. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Conductor Copeland has rented the A. M. Stewart house and taken possession.

Pork is a big thing this fall. The farmer who has plenty to sell this fall is happy.

The train on the Great Northern road was nearly four hours late on Thursday morning.

Geo. Vine received a carload of fine hogs last week and now has plenty pork chops and steaks.

W. E. McKenzie went to St. Paul last week to make arrangements for the issue of his new daily.

Becker and Emmons, two jolly commercial travelers took in the firemen's dance on Thursday evening.

Ed. Martin is now a fixture at Misner's tonsorial parlors. Ed is a Crookston boy and deservedly popular.

Dunc Morris received a fine Gordon setter by express from St. Paul, last week. Dunc feels proud over his new acquisition.

Our first snow-storm occurred on Friday of last week and by Saturday morning an inch or so covered the ground.

Did you see that elegant display of jewelry in Dunc Morris' window? If you don't see what you want ask Dunc for it.

Lots of wheat moving this week. McManus & Farley have had all they could do to handle the wheat brought to their elevator.

T. Smabey was down from Winger last week. Says grain is generally secured in his vicinity; what is not threshed is safely in stack.

Hoch & Ott have a choice lot of beeves from which they are supplying their customers. Everybody says those steaks are nice and juicy.

Hundreds of bushels of potatoes were brought to this city last week to find a market. While the price is not exceedingly high they always sell for something.

We have a few choice cows and heifers left which we are offering at figures that are extremely low. If you think of purchasing a good cow call and get our prices.

S. L. Collins received a letter from his brother Charles last week which informs him that Charlie is a full-fledged actor. He is traveling with the Daniel Boone Co., which is in Iowa at present.

Herman Wold was in from Winger last week for examination before Supt. Carruth. He was engaged for a five months term of school in Winger and was to commence on Monday, Nov. 2d.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

Dunc Morris will take great pleasure in showing to JOURNAL readers his stock of jewelry, watches, clocks, &c., &c. He is an experienced jeweller and knows all about how good work is done. Call and see Dunc.

Doctor M. LeGuee was called to McIntosh to see a fine Percheron stallion owned by a company there, on Friday. Mike found a very sick horse and spent the time between trains trying to alleviate his sufferings but expressed his fears as to the result as the horse appeared to be beyond help when he arrived.

The business men of Duluth have been talking up an excursion to the Red River valley some time this fall and have finally arranged to start on Tuesday, November 10th. Crookston will, no doubt, arrange to properly entertain her guests during their stay in this city. The party will be composed of the representative business men of Duluth.

Joan of Arc is to appear at the Temple of Fame entertainment.

Call at Smith & Thomas' barber shop on Main street for a fashionable hair-cut or shave.

Call in and see the Review of Reviews. That popular magazine and THE JOURNAL one year for only $3.00.

Rev. Mr. Battey takes possession of the Congregational parsonage this week as soon as Sam Rosenthal moves out.

Sam. Rosenthal takes possession of Kistenmacher's new house this week. Sam will have an elegant little cottage.

Rev. F. C. Whitney will probably go to Minneapolis to occupy the pulpit in one of the Baptist churches in that city.

L. Jacobi, of Wabasha, was in the city last week on his way home from Euclid where he had been to attend the funeral of his sister.

The firemen's parade on Thursday afternoon was a splendid affair the full department being out. The juvenile department created a lively interest and drilled like veterans.

Hay has been coming in freely for the past week and selling at $7 to $8 per ton. Wood is not coming in so plenty and brings a good price. It will probably be less about Dec. 1st.

Comrade John Pelham was up from Fertile last week for examination before the board. Comrade Pelham is one of the deserving men who wore the blue in the time that tried men's souls.

O. T. Lanman, the Times man from McIntosh was in the city last week. Says there is talk of another paper in McIntosh. It does seem as though two papers in that town was rather light.

Sture has received 500 pounds of cheese from a Polk County factory and it is a great deal nicer than some that is brought in from abroad. All those who have sampled it pronounce it excellent.

C. T. Nelson died at his residence on Main street on Thursday, aged about 30 years. He leaves a wife and young babe to mourn his loss. The remains were sent to Dakota for interment on Saturday morning.

The sheriff will take command at the jail personally until he can obtain the services of a competent jailer. He don't propose to stand any more nonsense and if the prisoners try to leave him before the proper time somebody is going to get hurt.

The Ninth Annual Ball of the Crookston Fire Department, held at McKinnon Hall on Thursday evening of last week, was one of the biggest of its kind ever before seen in this city. The spacious hall was crowded to its fullest extent from 9 o'clock till nearly daylight, and everybody seemed to enjoy themselves to the fullest extent. The receipts must have been very encouraging.

Butter is scarce in this market and good butter readily sells at 25 cents per pound. It looks very much like it would go very much higher before spring. A few good milch cows on the farm would make a good paying business. The outlook for beef cattle for next year is that they will command a big price, as they are already beginning to be scarce. The wise farmer is quietly buying up at present prices.

Writing from Superior, Wis., to set that subscription ahead a notch, A. M. Stewart says: "Things are beginning to boom. There is talk of the Woods' Binder people locating here. Our four large factories are running and when they get to going in full blast they alone will employ 1,550 men, and there are more coming; more factories, more railroads more everything. I can see a great future for Superior. It has been very quiet this summer but is not getting very lively. We don't hear anything about the vicissitudes of crops, no long range accounts to carry, but we can do a clean cash business. I am going to Merrill, Wis., for the winter, but shall return in the spring.

ST. HILAIRE ITEMS.

From the Spectator.

W. E. Kelsey, of Crookston, was in town to-day on business.

K. O. Gigstad has taken a position in E. M. Hoff's store.

Messrs. Ericsson & Funk, of Crookston, were in town yesterday on business.

Miller Fricker has been buying considerable wheat lately and the mill is running steadily. They are making an excellent brand of flour.

Wheat is being marketed here very slowly this fall—not over a hundred bushel coming in daily. It looks now as if very little would be marketed until after it freezes up, as the roads are still in a very bad condition.

We certainly have considerable of a kick coming from the Great Northern for the train they are sending up here at present. It is far from pleasant for ladies and others to have to ride in a combined first-class car, smoking car, baggage, express and mail car. We should think that the company could at least afford a dilapidated caboose for a smoking car.

Hung Himself.

Geo. Vine's butcher, Frank Henning, met with a singular accident one day last week by which he came near furnishing a coroner's case by involuntary suicide. He was alone at the slaughter house and in some way managed to get impaled upon a meat hook but by great good luck he was enabled to extricate himself from his perilous position, but he was laid up on the dry docks for repairs several days.

Dunc Morris has his show window filled with an elegant display of jewelry of all kinds, and invites our readers to call and inspect. Dunc is prepared to furnish anything you need in that line, and all you have to do, if you don't see what you want, is to name it and you can have it.

And Scotty Paid the Freight.

Conductor Scott, Jr., went on a bit of a tear in St. Paul last week, i. e. he got to playing with a dog in a crockery shop and the result was $13 worth of broken crockery. The proprietor sent the bill to Conductor Scott, who promptly sent his check. The practice which some store-keepers have of putting fragile ware where it is liable to be broken and then charging their customers for accidents, is reprehensible.

A Chance to be Taken.

Crookston is to be visited by the greatest of photographic novelties, the Haynes Palace Studio Car. This handsome affair is arranged for the production of artistic portrait photography—a perfect gallery on wheels—and every one has a golden opportunity to have his picture taken when it is in the city, from the 16th to 20th of November. Cabinets, Boudoirs, Paris Panels, Imperials, Crayons, Water-colors, Pastels and oil paintings—the finest in the west, any style you want, and made in the most approved modern manner. Visit the car when in the city. Located at Northern Pacific Depot.

Reclining Chair Cars.

If you intend going East or South via St. Paul and Chicago, why not take "The Burlington" day train from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Upper Mississippi? This train has one feature not afforded by any other line between the Twin Cities and Chicago; it carries elegant reclining chair cars, which make the journey delightful, easy and comfortable, and no extra charge is made to those occupying seats in them. Insist on the agent giving you tickets via "The Burlington"—C., B. & N. R. R.—and take no others.

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Chas. E. Sawyer.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 29th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of J. S. Chapin, executor of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Wednesday, the 25th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 29th day of Oct., A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[29-31] Judge of Probate.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

(First publication October 1st, 1891.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss District Court.

Steenerson Bros., plaintiffs, vs. Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in a justice's court in the said county, a transcript of which judgment has been duly filed in the District Court aforesaid, said judgment being rendered in favor of Steenerson Bros and against Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendants, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½nw¼) of Section thirty-three (33); also southeast quarter (se¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lot six (6) of Section twenty-eight, all in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-seven (47) west. And that I shall, on Friday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson in and to the above described property to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to fifty-seven dollars and 29 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 3d day of March, 1890, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 29th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [24-30]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Oct. 6th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on November 21st, 1891, viz: JOSEPH JONDRON, Hd. No. 11,624, for the ne¼ Section 26, Township 148, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William Duval, Andrew Lariviere, Louis Duval, Clement Payant, all of Crookston, Minn.

[25-30] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

[First publication Oct. 22d, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK—ss. The State of Minnesota, to H. A. Baker, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 18th day of November, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston, in said county, to answer to John Harper in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said John Harper for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 19th day of October, A. D. 1891.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
[27-29] Justice of the Peace.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rudolph Jacklin and Bertha Jacklin, his wife, to Farmers' Trust Company, bearing date the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 419, 420, 421, 422, 423.

And whereas the description of the premises in said mortgage contained is as follows: Situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter, (nw¼ se¼) and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine, (29), in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west.

And whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company, the owner and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to wit: Six hundred thirty-six and 46-100 dollars, ($636.46), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼), and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine (29) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

Farmers' Trust Company,
Mortgagee.

Taylor & Woodard,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
920 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct. 15th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ANDREAS HAGBERG, an unmarried man, of Polk County, and State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Eleanor E. Wilmerding of the County of Suffolk, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of December 15th, A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 186; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said mortgagee, Eleanor E. Wilmerding, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable and;

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred thirty-four and 32-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, Oct. 12th, A. D. 1891.

ELEANOR E. WILMERDING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[26-32] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct 8th. 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 ($843.66) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Warren D. Palmetier, and Ettie Palmetier his wife, mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of July, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of July, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 205, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty, (20) Township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) Range No. forty-seven (47) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated October 6th, A. D. 1891.

The New England Mortgage Security Company,
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for mortgagee,
[25-31] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Oct. 29th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. Edith M. Cuniff, Plaintiff, vs. John Cuniff, Defendant. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, John Cuniff, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated June 20th, A. D. 1891.

H. STEENERSON,
E. M. STANTON,
[28-34] Plaintiff Attorneys, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.)
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak A. Dyrdal and Ingeborg A. Dyrdal, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 174-178; and

Whereas default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $7.37 that became due November 1st, 1889, $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $7.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred ninety-five and 42-100 ($295.42) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), containing 80 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 22d, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G 671]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marcus E. Stockland, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 310-13.

And whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $10.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $12.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred fifty-three and 27-100 ($453 27-100) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-four (24), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-five (45), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25 00) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 19th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G. 831]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th. 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Josephine Miller and Ole A. Miller, her husband, to Farmers Trust Company, bearing date the 20th day of March, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1889, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on pages 588, 589, 590, 591.

And whereas the description of the premises in said mortgage contained is as follows: situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit, The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), in Township one hundred fifty-three (153) north, Range forty-nine (49) west, and whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company the owner and holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sums, to-wit: One thousand one hundred sixty-nine and 02-100 dollars ($1,169 02), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), in Township one hundred fifty-three (153) north, Range forty-nine (49) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

Farmers' Trust Company,
Mortgagee.

Taylor & Woodard,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
920 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

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1892

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, NOVEMBER 12, 1891. NO. 30.

Polk County Journal.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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½ inch.....	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch......	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches...	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches...	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches...	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches...	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
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A REPUBLICAN.

A Young Minneapolis Man Gives His Reasons for the For the Faith That is in Him.

Farmers' Tribune.

"Why are you a Republican?" This question is hooted at the young man who shouts for the G. O. P. till he's hoarse, but is unable to give reasons why he stands politically in the shoes of his father. Listen to some. The Republican party sprang into existence to save a union of states. It didn't believe in forty or fifty separate, independent, jealous government? It vetoed the secession of South Carolina and by its veto accomplished two things: A united union and a freed slave. Since the time it came into existence to deliver and to save, it has proved itself more competent to manage our national affairs.

"Why are you a Republican?"

You believe in the party because it has subdued the rebellion; because it has freed the slave? No, Democracy did not do this. Some Democrats stood in the ranks and fought like heroes that this might be accomplished but the emancipation proclamation was the product of the great Republican brain of Abraham Lincoln, and the terrible battle of union was fought and won under Republican rule.

You believe in the Republican party because it has constructed great public ways; because it has improved our rivers and harbors and advanced our commerce; because it is the parent of our benificent homestead law and the inaugurator of our national banking system; because it has

MADE OUR FLAG RESPECTED

and honored in every nation; because it re-established our public credit and restored sound currency and has always advocated an honest dollar; because it has given us treaties protecting our naturalized cities abroad and has paid our national debt at a rate unprecedented in the history of the world; because it has given the American a secure and happy home and advocates an honest ballot and is the protector of the free and public school. To say otherwise is to contradict the pages of public record.

Take the work of our last congress if you please, with the administration of our present executive. What was done? a bill was passed against trusts, and the first person stung by the new law was a Democratic leader. The gigantic system of robbing the poor, the Louisiana State Lottery, received a blow from which it can never recover. There were 606 house and 275 senate bills for the relief of old soldiers; four bills were passed in the interest of the laboring man, bringing hope and relief to thousands of honest workers; steps were taken to make the dry and thirsty lands of the west more productive by irrigation; appropriations were made to improve our rivers and harbors and to build up our navy; and a wise tariff law was enacted. The Democrats hissed the McKinley bill, but it has proven a godsend to our country. Prices have come down.

A word as to how the farmer has been effected. Our agricultural products amount to over $3,000,000,000 per year; and 92 per cent. of this is disposed of in a home market. The market which our Democratic friends desire to give the farmer, but which his free trade trade hobby would never do, is for the other 8 per cent. of his product. It is a distant and uncertain market, dependent on the harvest abroad and open to competition. Look at it for a minute. The wheat crops of the world, if my recollection is correct, amounts to about 2,100,000,000 bushels. Of this 1,100,000,000 bushels are grown in Europe; 450,000,000 bushels in the United States; 287,000,000 in India. Eastern Europe, the United States all raise a surplus. In Western Europe alone there is a deficiency, and the United States, India, Eastern Europe, Australia and Canada and competitors for supplying this shortage. This is the wonderful market claimed for the farmer should he vote free trade in this country. We have been paying $57,000,000 a year on the articles of food we import. The McKinley bill by raising the barrier of duty on farm products stops this, and the $57,000,000 must go into the

POCKET OF OUR FARMERS.

We import $2,500,000 worth of vegetables from Scotland, Canada and Nova Scotia; we import $1,000,000 worth of hay and nearly $8,000,000 worth of breadstuffs and over 16,000,000 dozen eggs. Has not our farmer sense enough to know that it is money in his pocket to keep this out?

And to give up protection, most that the free trade could give him should it do what he contends it will, would be an uncertain market for 8 per cent. of his products. If under a high tariff foreign countries send to us and sell here on our shores all these agricultural products, how much more would they import and sell but for the levy of the duty they must pay! Take away the duty and our farmers' home market is put in jeopardy. A Canadian farmer imports butter here to sell but before he can place it in competition with our farmers' butter he must go to our custom house and pay the duty. Do you, Mr. American farmer, pay that duty, or the Canadian farmer from whom the collector received it? The McKinley bill increased the tariff on farm products. It has given impetus and life to everything except the cause of Democracy. New industries have sprung into existence. It is doing exactly what honest Republicanism said it would do.

It is proposed by the leaders of the Democratic party to have a free and unlimited coinage of silver. Smart men, these! able financiers! What does the free and unlimited coinage of silver mean? 412½ grains of silver are in our present silver dollar; 412½ grains of silver can be bought in any market for 76 cents. Under this new Democratic idea of free and unlimited coinage, the silver producer would bring this 412½ grains of silver to the government exchequer and the government at its own expense would make it a dollar which the farmer and every other man

WOULD HAVE TO TAKE

for 100 cents. Of course the miner of silver smiles at this possibility of becoming a favorite of the government to the extent of 24 cents on the dollar.

Now a word as to the Democratic party. It is the party of tissue ballots. No? Ask South Carolina. It is the accomplice of the White League and Ku Klux. No? Ask Louisiana and Mississippi. It is the party of fraudulent naturalization papers. No? Ask New York. It stands by the whipping post. No? Ask Delaware. It has robbed the government of thousands of dollars. No? Ask Stevenson, Archer, E. A. Burke, E. T. Noland, James W. Tate, Thomas J. Churchill, who have held the trusted positions of state treasurer of the respective states of Maryland, Louisiana, Missouri, Kentucky, Arkansas, and who have stolen respectively sums of $132,401.25, $793,600, $32,745.69, $229,009.21, $323,616.89 of the state's money.

You believe in Republicanism because it is right; because its principles have been advocated and maintained by the great men of these United States; because in its ranks you find Lincoln, the liberator of the slave, Grant the preserver of the union and father of reciprocity, Harrison the true friend of labor, whose present wise administration has given dignity to our nation and made every country on the globe honor us, and the great protectionist who has taught Europe law with respect to America, James G. Blaine. You believe in the Republican party because by its works you have known it and found it competent and fit.

A YOUNG REPUBLICAN.

The Toledo Weekly Blade Free.

The proprietors of the Toledo Blade, the best known political weekly of the United States, are making preparations to create a sensation this winter by sending a million specimen copies to as many readers in all parts of the United States, who do not now take that paper. To that end they invite everybody to send the addresses of as many people as they care to, by postal card or letter. Send one name, ten, twenty, one hundred or a thousand. As many as you have time to write, only take care to send correct addresses of people that you know appreciate good reading. It will cost but a little trouble, and the thousands who receive sample copies will feel grateful. Send all the names and addresses you please to The Blade, Toledo, Ohio.

Chili's Mistake.

New York Press.

The course pursued by the administration in the Chilian affair has been most praiseworthy. It has been marked by sagacity, moderation and firmness. The treatment which has been accorded to Chili has eminently befitted the dealings of a great, highly civilized power with a small nation in a backward stage of civilization. When the facts regarding the brutal outrage upon United States seamen in the streets of Valparaiso were made known to this government by Captain Schley and Minister Egan, the gravity of the offence was fully appreciated.

But the communication which the administration addressed to the Chilian Junta on the subject was studiously courteous and temperate. There was in it not the slightest hint of bluster or threatening. The request for investigation and redress was made in the friendliest tone, and it was assumed that Chili upon examination of the circumstances would of her own accord make the amends which justice and the law of nations required.

Apparently the Junta made the blunder of mistaking moderation for weakness and irresolution. The tone of gratuitous insolence which was apparent in their reply, and the fact that the authorities of Valparaiso have refused to extend protection to the market boats of the Baltimore, show the intensity of the arrogant hostility with which the leaders of the successful insurgents regard the United States. It has also transpired that the Chilian municipal and government officials compelled the American seamen who were confined in the Valparaiso prison for the crime of defending themselves against the murderous mob, to sign a statement in Spanish exonerating their captors for all responsibility for their arrest. It is announced that the Chilians made the release of their prisoners conditional upon the signing of this document.

The Chilians will find, however, that they have reckoned without their host. Their insulting and offensive course since the first outrage has put them more completely in the wrong than ever in the eyes of civilized nations, while the position of the United States has been strengthened accordingly. Undoubtedly the Junta has been encouraged to withhold an admission that reparation was due to the United States by its reliance on the British influence, which has so nearly made Chili a commercial dependency of the British Empire. The Chilians will speedily discover that the supposed British protection will not shield them in the least. Great Britain is not likely to go so far as to interfere with the United States in a matter of this sort. If she should venture to do so it would only intensify ten fold the determination of the American Government and people to exact ample reparation for the murder of our seamen and the gross affront to our flag.

The United States Government has acted deliberately in the matter, but it will insist on full amends from Chili. Chilian brag or bluster count for nothing. The potential naval and military resources of the United States outweigh those of Chili a hundred times. They will be exerted to the utmost rather than to allow the wrong to our flag to go unpunished. Force will not be resorted to unless it is necessary. But if force is imperative, it will be exerted in a manner that will forever remove all South American illusions in regard to the might of the United States.

The Calendar.

How many men who have a calendar of the year hanging beside their desks—how many of the people who can't keep house without an almanac—know that about three hundred years ago a very important change was made in our reckoning of time? Up to the time of Julius Cæsar, the Romans divided the year into ten months, of very unequal lengths. One of the chief purposes of a calendar is to mark a fixed date at the beginning of a year, and to do this it should be always at the same distance from the spring and fall equinoxes. In the time of Cæsar the science of astronomy was not very exact and the small error of eleven minutes in the length of a year was made. In the sixteenth century the churchmen, who had a great many religious festivals, found that whereas the equinox was on March 25th when the Julian calendar was made, in 1582 it had fallen back to March 11th. The great festival of the church, Easter, was thus getting back into the winter. Pope Gregory XIII, came to the rescue, and after consultation with the learned of the day, issued in October, 1582, a brief by which the date was arbitrarily advanced ten days—and that is our present calendar. Russia, under the Greek church, did not follow this, and still keeps the old style. To always have the correct date in your home or the office get one of the calendars issued by "The Burlington," and to meet your engagements in other places, buy your railroad tickets over that line. All further information will be given by agents, or can be had by applying to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Waste On the Farm.

Northwestern Agriculturist.

Though not a farmer, I have always lived with farmers as a "looker-on" have noticed how seldom the maxim—"A penny saved is worth two gained, and a penny well spent is best"—is thoroughly applied. This is an age of saving in most of the industries. Every great enterprise in manufacture—sawmill, factory, railroad, steamship—is making its profits from saving the little wastes. The great sawmills save even the slabs and saw dust. But farmers, giving the most striking examples of necessary economy, are still the greatest wasters in the line of production. The spigots of waste are found in careless seeding, by which only a portion of the field is occupied, though all must be plowed, cultivated and harvested at a cost as great as if the full stand were secured; in the slack culture by which weeds are left to sap fertility and moisture from the struggling corn stalk, and to fill the land with millions of seed to be fought in future years; in thriftless breeding, by which a sorry sire of scrubby stock is used for cheapness, although every farmer knows that like produces like, and generations of blocky beef cattle insure a continuance of such stock, doubling the value of his increase; in shiftless feeding; in neglected feed lot with poorest facilities for handling stock or feed, and in thoughtless marketing, with careless loss of multitudes of little products that might sell for a goodly sum in the year, if means were provided for sending from a whole neighborhood; in decay attacking stored crops, machines and buildings, discovered too late for saving; in broken tools and dull tools and lost tools, forgotten till needed, and hindering a day's work till repairs or recovery or purchase can make ready. These spigots of waste, too familiar to be dwelt upon, are illustrated by the story of a farmer who drew his load of hay twelve miles to market upon a wagon whose neglected tires came off and left the felloes to crush, and showed by his handling of the load that "gumption" was wanting, when for a day and night himself and son were kept at work in marketing a $3 load of hay, with three broken wheels to repair and the borrowed wheels to return to add to the wrong side of his bargain. Great waste is evident in lack of contrivance to save the multitude of steps that make up chores by having convenient arrangement of house, well, barn, sheds, lanes and fields; to save friction in machines and tools, harness, wagons, gates, doors and windows; to save health in protection from wet, cold and wind, hunger, thirst and exposure; to save temper by easing the burdens of the day through foresight; to save the scraps of knowledge that count so much in the practical wisdom of daily life; to save the odds and ends of temptation that make for good or ill the character of the home. A still greater waste is found in the lack of consistent planning. When the plans of a business man are as indefinite as those of the average farmer, he fails before he is recognized as a business man. The factory that lacks consistent plans lies idle. So, in a measure, does the farm, unless there is constant, careful planning—planning for the daily routine which will accomplish most in the least time; for the season's work, so that every day, be it wet, cold, windy or fair, may have its appropriate tasks; for such a rotation of crops as to gain a full use of the soil, sunshine, showers, and manure that make our mine of wealth; for adjustment of stock to crops, so that every straw, as well as every bushel of grain, be turned into the most profitable form of produce for market; for safe storage of produce until ready for market; for development of skill in a business where every year's experience ought to count for surer results. Instead of being most subject to a change of all producers, the farmer should be the most careful of planners for a life devoted to his own line of business. Instead of flying from wheat to flax and from flax to corn; from pigs to sheep and from beef to dairy cattle, he should save the waste of capital and skill in careful study of his own situation and careful experiment in changes to suit his condition. The waste in our farms in shifting crops and stock at a mere popular whim cannot be estimated. A famous new York farmer gave as a maxim of his success in sheep, "Buy when your neighbors sell, and sell when they buy." Finally, the chief waste of life on a farm is in false purposes. The farm should be looked upon, not as a mere machine for speculation, not as a mere means of living, but as the home of generations, where children or children's children may find the truest development of life. The home acres should be deeper rather than broader. "More land, more corn, more hogs," leads nowhere but to greater hoggishness. Better land, better crops, better stock, insures better men and women, better homes with each generation. Wealth is good for use, and every farm of true progress gives better use of wealth for the larger life of the farm home. Here, in the farm home, the best part of the world's workers in every calling must grow to manhood and womanhood, and here the true beginning of an eternity of progress must be found. The farmer who saves for his children a home of good influences, in true thoughtfulness, true usefulness, true affections and a wholesome life, and builds for himself an immortal monument.—(President Fairchild.

The Toledo Weekly Blade and Campaign of 1892.

The Toledo Weekly Blade, the most prominent Republican weekly published is the only political weekly newspaper in the United States that is edited with special reference to circulation in every part of the Union. It has subscribers in every State, territory and nearly every county of the United States. It has always above 100,000 subscribers, and during a late Presidential campaign 200,000 subscribers. People of all political parties take it. Aside from politics it is a favorite family paper, having more and better departments than can be afforded by papers of small circulation. Serial and short stories, wit and humor, poetry, camp-fire (soldiers), farm, Sunday school lessons, Talmadge sermons, young folks, poultry, puzzles, household, (best in the world), answers to correspondents, etc., etc. Only one dollar a year. Send postal to The Blade, Toledo, Ohio, for a free specimen copy. Ask, also, for confidential terms to agents if you want to easily earn a few dollars cash.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—New tracks are being laid so frequently in the Great Northern yards that the train crews can hardly "kap track" of them. the boys had a good one on conductor Casper Sands the other day. He mistook a new track near the depot for an old one and was just a little bit scared, thinking the switchman had run the train backwards on the wrong track and were sending it into the round house at a lively gait. Casper found out he was all right—after the train stopped.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON. - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,

OILS AND

VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

(30-62) D. N. TAYLOR

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. } Crookston. Minn

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

☞ IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS. ☜

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the morst Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. } GERVAIS, The Hustler

REOPENED

AT

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway : Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 12, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 77.
1 Northern 75.
2 Northern 70.

Mrs. Al. Vine, of Warren, was in the city on Tuesday.

See Tom Morris' announcement in this issue. Tom is always reliable.

Several carloads of wood could be used to good advantage in the city.

We can give you Demorest's Magazine and THE JOURNAL one year for $3.

Several car-loads of wood arriving on the Fosston line this week found a ready market.

Comrade C. Snyder is pounding out the wheat at the rate of about 20 bushels per acre.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Read left on Friday evening of last week for their home in Chicago.

Geo. Crampton came down from Mentor on Monday evening, returning on Wednesday.

Oysters in bulk constantly on hand at the Star restaurant, McKinnon block, Main street.

Dan O'Connor, the only original Dan, was in the city this week with a weather eye to business.

B. S. Chapin goes into the shop with his cousin, Charlie Misner, to learn the barber business.

Fred Anderson is moving the other house that he purchased on Robert street down on the avenue.

Everybody was saying to Frank last week: "Why, Mr. Brown, you've got your hair cut, ain't you?"

See Mrs. E. E. Bangs millinery ad. elsewhere in this issue. The ladies will do well to take heed thereunto.

The weather for the past week has been lovely; much wheat has been threshed and much plowing done.

Geo. W. Peake received news of the death of his father and left on Monday evening for the old home in Illinois.

At last the long-drawn agony is over. The "Temple of Fame" is built and well built and we breathe free again.

You need THE JOURNAL; we need your influence; our needs being thus mutual now is the time to subscribe.

W. C. Andrew, representing Wright, Barrett & Stilwell, of St. Paul, was looking around among the boys on Monday.

N. P. Stone is getting the residence he purchased on the hill ready for occupancy. Hopes to have it completed this week.

Arthur W. Foss, a JOURNAL typo went out to Mentor on Saturday to visit relatives at that place, returning on Monday evening.

Fred Durand has moved from the Bucknam house on Huston Avenue into the house recently occupied by H. H. Dickmann.

Charlie Misner went up to Warren last Thursday to make some calls. THE JOURNAL is "onto" Charlie but we are saying nothing.

Ole Christianson and wife came up from Fertile to spend the Sabbath with their sons, C. O. and O. O., returning on Monday evening.

A grand bazaar will be held in Gentilly on Nov. 15th, 16th and 17th. Sunday evening, tragedy with concert. All are cordially invited.

Uncle Joe Netzer completed the Kistenmacher residence in good shape last week and Sam Rosenthal has taken possession thereof.

O. C. Bergland is hauling in potatoes. Says he can see a profit in potatoes at 20 to 25 cents per bushel. He has 700 bushels of choice tubers.

If you want a good cow come and see what we can do for you. We have a few more left that we will sell you right. Call early for choice.

THE JOURNAL learns that friend Moe, of the firm of Moe & Buhn, at Mentor, is building a neat and comfortable cottage at that place. That looks suspicious.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

Comrade Snyder was obliged to quit threshing on Monday owing to soft ground, and will finish after the freeze up. Meanwhile he will finish his fall plowing.

Dr. J. H. Warninger arrived on Monday with those trotters. In addition to the horses he brought along a fine thoroughbred mare that has a good record as a trotter.

Ex-mayor E. C. Davis talks of taking a trip to the coast. Mr. Davis thinks he has put in good solid work enough in this country to entitle him to an outing for a few months.

Engineer Fred Chapin, wife and babe came over last week to enjoy a visit with grandpa and grandma Hunt. Fred is on the sick list a bit and is taking a lay-off for a few days.

Umph! We find that our early education was entirely at fault in Greek—we thought Xantippe was—hold on there, let go of that back hair—we wasn't sayin' of nuthin'.

Iver Krohn is prepared to supply all calls for bulk oysters as he receives large shipments every week.

J. E. Mitton, the jolly landlord of Wahpeton, was in the city this week looking after his property interests here. Mr. M. was formerly a resident of this city where he has many friends.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

Comrade Jim Kelley came down from Badger on Monday. Says his wheat was of excellent quality this year though not such an enormous yield. Jim thinks it was too wet out there for an extra crop.

A. Holmboe and J. H. Locken returned this week from a trip east for goods for their new store in the Opera block and will soon be ready to show their friends a nice stock of general merchandise.

Chas. Jofston says he don't believe Eli Steenerson's wheat story of a 52 bushel yield. Says his own wheat was as good as any in that vicinity and only yielded 26 bushels. His yield, as an average, was good enough.

County Commissioner C. P. DeMers showed up smiling on Monday evening C. P. is possessed of the stuff what you make heroes of—he never gets discouraged by untoward circumstances but always makes the best of them as they come.

A number of our young people went out to Chris. Houston's on Saturday evening where they met some of the neighbors and enjoyed a social dance until 11:30, when they all departed, vowing that Chris' new home was a good place to visit.

Dr. J. H. Warninger, brother of Mrs. Max Ericsson, has concluded to locate in this city and his family arrived last week. The doctor is a veterinary surgeon. He will bring along with him three thoroughbred trotting stallions when he comes.

The banks inform THE JOURNAL that collections are excellent this fall and improving. Very seldom a man walks in and asks for extension these days, but he puts down the money and takes up that note with a feeling of independence which is good to see.

Wm. Wylis was in from Black River on Tuesday and called to cheer our spirits with visions of future wealth on that subscription. William is one of the most promising men we know and he also has a faculty of getting there which some don't seem to possess.

Somebody had a stock of millinery for sale in the opera block this week. Perhaps we are not a judge but to our mind the stocks of our home dealers look very much nicer—and then, if you buy of our home dealers and are not suited you have somebody to jaw about it.

Judge Woodruff, of Grand Forks, was in the city last week. The judge has but recently returned from an extended trip and says he is glad to get home again. Says the wet weather seriously interfered with some collections he had to make but everything seems to be setting in his way again.

Pete Cornelius' cows came home missing one day last week and upon diligent search he found them on Chris. Houston's place up to their knees in feed that had grown up since the hailstorm threshed out the grain. These hailed crops make magnificent pasturage but rather expensive.

Prof. D. N. Harper passed through the city on Saturday evening on his way home from Hallock where he has been examining samples of Ladoga wheat to ascertain its milling value. He also examined samples of the so-called frosted wheat and some samples of bleached wheat. After a thorough test he will report.

C. W. Palmer left for his home in Troy N. Y., this week well satisfied with the way his business is panning out in Polk County. C. W. shows his faith in this country by quietly picking up every bargain that he sees in real estate in the county and in city property. He will return next spring prepared for larger deals.

Everything indicates a late closing up this fall which would be a grand good thing for farmers as it would enable them to catch up with their belated plowing, which was caused by an extraordinary good crop and rainy weather in threshing time. Many have finished threshing and are driving the plow for all there is in it.

Comrade A. Burnam and his son started on Monday for a trip through the Red Lake Reservation with a view to ascertaining the facts in relation to the pine up there. Thinks a good pine claim up there would supplement a prairie farm to perfection. They expect to take plenty of time to make their examinations.

Eli Steenerson comes to the front with a story of the largest yield of wheat we have heard of yet. He says that M. Falasche, who lives near Fisher, threshed 780 bushels of wheat from 14 acres. That would be a trifle over 52 bushels per acre. Eli says that he will stake his life, his fortune and his sacred honor upon the truth of the statement.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Geo. Robards, a prominent citizen of Alexandria, was drowned near that village one day last week. When last seen he was out in a boat shooting ducks. Later on the boat was found, capsized, and upon dragging the lake the body was recovered. Mr. Robards was highly respected by all who knew him and he had many acquaintances throughout the State.

THE JOURNAL job office has been driven to its utmost capacity for the past week to keep up with the work which shows a healthy state of business in the city. When business is good business men always require lots of printing—and they are getting lots of it now. We are always prepared to turn out first-class work neatly and promptly. Send in your orders.

Our city has been supplied with butter from the St. Hilaire creamery of late and we have been having a fine article too. We have heard many speak very highly of it, and we don't wonder, for it was made by Jimmy Fulton and Jimmy is a son of the old man. They used to say, when Fulton Sr. ran our creamery that he could beat the world making butter, and if Jim can do half as well he is all right.

The Wilson Theatre Company will appear at the Opera House Nov. 16th in an entirely new repertoire of plays. The company is larger and stronger than ever. Mr. Wilson has surrounded himself with a company this year capable of playing any large city and producing the strongest dramas and comedies. New scenery, new plays and a new company will surely prove a drawing attraction.

Joseph Laframboise says that he finds big profits in farming this year. Has sold $2,500 worth of wheat and can hardly see the hole in his granary yet. He has some choice cows and intends to be ready for a 35 or 40 cent butter market before spring. He says he believes that next year wheat will be a bonanza to all who have it for sale owing to decreased acreage here and the shortage in winter wheat.

Mr. Wilson's motto is to furnish a A 1 entertainment for a very moderate price, and therein he is solid with the people. People often pay 75 cents and $1.00 to see shows not half as good as the Wilson Comedy Company, but Wilson never disappoints you. He furnishes first-class entertainments at a very moderate price and when he appears at a town or city for the second time the people all remember him.

Horace Locken left last week for Ashby, in Grant County, where he has purchased a large flouring mill. He writes that the prospects are good for a large business as everybody asks him when he is going to start up. Mr. C. S. White, who has been in the employ of Lee & Herrick will take a working interest in the concern. Mrs. Locken left this week to join her husband in their new home. THE JOURNAL wishes them abundant success.

N. H. Mosher, a contractor and builder from Superior, has bought the lot from C. H. Jefferson, on Main street, upon which the Van Dyke drug store building was put, and will engage in the manufacture of artificial stone. Comrade Jefferson is an old-time friend of Comrade Mosher they having been in partnership in the years that have gone by. Mr. M. will be a valuable acquisition to our city and we heartily extend a welcome.

Charles Lofston was up from Fisher this week renewing old acquaintance and dropped in to say that he could not get along without THE JOURNAL. Charlie was one of the original subscribers to THE JOURNAL, commencing in 1877 with the first number. A year ago or so, times being a little hard Charlie thought he could get along without THE JOURNAL but after a trial he confesses his mistake and returns to the fold and will now be happy again.

On Friday last, uncle Joe Netzer bought a fine saddle of venison, and thinking it rather fresh for immediate use, hung it up in the ice-house, saying unto himself "Dot makes me von very fine roaster on Sunday all the times." So he told the powers that be in the culinary department of the Germania not to order any meats for Sunday as there was that venison to roast. So it came to pass that on Sunday morning the cook went out for the venison and lo, no venison was there. Summoning uncle Joe, the discovery was made that not only had the venison disappeared but the stew-kettle had vanished also. Uncle Joe's only remark was: "Yell, dot dramp was a smart von. He dakes mine venison and mine kettle to cook him in, don't it!" Then he sallied forth in quest of meat for the Sunday dinner.

Go to hear Mr. Battey speak on "The Disturbing Races" next Sunday morning.

Farmer E. Roberts, who lives a few miles east of the city is a bit under the weather this week—threatened with pleurisy.

W. M Campbell, of Ada, was in the city on Wednesday calling on old friends. This is Mr. Campbell's first visit in several years and he finds many improvements.

Next Sabbath Rev. R. H. Battey will preach at the Congregational church. Morning subject, "Three Disturbing Races—Negro, Indian and Chinaman," (A. M. A.) Evening, "Duty."

The ladies of the Congregational church society desire to extend their thanks to all who so effectively aided to build a Temple of Fame that will always be famous in the history of Crookston.

A meeting will be held at the Baptist church Friday evening for the purpose of taking preliminary steps toward the organization of a musical society whose object will be to drill in vocal music. Let all lovers of music attend.

John C. Wells left last night for his home in Fond du Lac, Wis. Mr. Wells expresses great dissatisfaction with the way his wheat was handled in Minneapolis this fall and says he did very much better on that he sent to Duluth.

The youngest child of Rev. and Mrs. Battey received a severe injury on Sunday by the falling of a window upon its hand. At first it was feared that its little fingers were crushed but the latest reports seem more favorable for the child though the hand is so badly swollen that the full extent of the injury is not yet ascertained.

A. D. Stephens received a letter from Austin Corbin last week saying that that moose had arrived all right. A. D. had written him that he could get him one that was broken to drive and that could beat Sunol should Mr. Corbin desire, but that gentleman replied that though he had had plenty of experience with bronchos and other wild horses he did not feel adequate to tackling a live moose on the track—was much obliged but must decline.

Geo. Duquette, of Lake Linden, Mich., sends cash for THE JOURNAL one year. He has been figuring on city property here for some time and had the refusal of the two McLean lots on Broadway for two weeks at $700. At the end of the two weeks as he had not closed the deal the lots were sold at $1,000 cash we are told. City property has been at a low ebb for several months but is now looking up and in some localities will double before spring. Now is the time to invest.

"Little Trixie" was presented to a very good house on Tuesday evening. It is possible that the company is a good one and that they could have played the piece very well but owing to a desire to get away on an early train they cut the piece down considerably and played what they left so hurriedly as to spoil the whole business. The management of the Opera House should insist upon every troupe giving the best they have in the shop in the best possible manner, regardless of trains.

Charlie Kops was working up business in pianos and organs on Tuesday for Kops Bros., of Grand Forks. Charlie sold four pianos in one day recently, and their sales this year will reach close to three hundred pianos, besides organs and stacks of other musical goods. The reason the boys make such big sales is a simple one. They handle only the best instruments, buy for cash and sell at bottom figures and there you have it in a nutshell. If you need an instrument it will pay you to find out what they can do for you.

That Duluth excursion has at last set a definite time when we may expect to see them and have arranged to arrive here on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock and remain until 12. The lateness of the hour will prevent the ride about the city that had been planned. A committee to arrange a program has been appointed who will probably arrange for a banquet and a public reception at some hall. Our city may be relied upon to entertain her guests in a becoming manner.

The Wilson Comedy Company that opens for the week in the Grand Opera House next Monday evening is well known in this city. On their first appearance in Crookston they filled the old opera house every night during the week and their audiences were highly delighted. They will appear in a new repretoire. The company has been thoroughly re-organized, the best of the old being retained, the balance being made up of the best material to be found. We are promised a rare treat next week.

Pat Connery was up from Edna on Wednesday to go before the board for examination for pension. Pat is one of those boys who did good service for Uncle Sam, who always think of themselves last, and now, with old age coming on, and crippled with rheumatism of several years standing he naturally looks to Uncle Sam to pay back some of the debt incurred in the stormy period of long ago. He is a man who takes the papers and that he reads them to some good purpose was shown in the intelligent manner in which he discussed the Chilian question and other living topics of the day in a pleasant visit to THE JOURNAL office. Such men are creditable to this great American nation.

YOU THINK YOU
WON'T READ THIS,
BUT YOU WILL!

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

MRS. BARGAIN:—Yes, we are selling "Fruit of the Loom," "Linsdale," "Indian Head," and other 10c brands of muslins at 8c per yard—but they will not be sold to dealers or more than one piece to each lady. Yes'm, our assortment of "DRESS GOODS" and "TRIMMINGS" is the most complete and our prices DISTINCTLY the Lowest in the city.

MRS. PROCRASTINATE:—Trade is slow, altogether too slow. The season is going at the usual rapid pace. SEASONABLE GOODS are not going as fast as the SEASON. To keep a stock always fresh and new we sell—We'd rather sell at a loss than carry stock—We deal in goods of Fashion—we sell them while they're new—no matter what the loss.

SELLING PRICES
—ARE—
SELLING PRICES,

SO, HERE GOES!

1 case Prints, worth 8c, for	4½c
1 case Flannels, worth 25c, for	18c
15 pieces Striped Henrietta, worth 30c, for	20c
36 inch Dress Goods, worth 35c, for	25c
Clear Lake Flannels, worth 45c, for	35c
54 inch Flannel Dress Goods, worth 60c, for	40c
A job lot of Underwear, worth 75c, for	60c

And so on throughout the entire stock.

P. S. Our Cloak and Jacket Department is "bulging out" with completeness
Yours in haste,

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

MILLINERY.

Call and see the Choicest and Latest

MILLINERY NOVELTIES,

PATTERN HATS AND TOQUES.

Also Opera Bonnets and Toques. In purchasing from me you get the Best Styles and the Lowest Prices in the city.

MRS. E. E. BANGS, - - - SECOND STREET.

TOM MORRIS,

The Jeweler,

Will occupy his new store in the new block, corner of Main and Second streets on December 1st. In the meantime he will be found occupying part of the store of the Crookston Furniture Company on Second street, with the largest stock of Jewelry, Watches and Precious Stones ever shown in the city.

TOM'S PRICES ARE ALWAYS RIGHT

and he will guarantee to give the very best value for the money that can be obtained in his line.

LOOK OUT FOR ANNOUNCEMENT LATER.

GO TO GEO. VINE'S,

FOR CHOICE CUTS OF

ALL KINDS OF STEAK.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

$12,000. $12,000.

WORTH OF

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,

SILVERWARE, NOTIONS,

ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

HAVING decided to discontinue my busines, as my lease expires on Jan. 1st, I now offer my entire stock AT COST or less, as the entire stock must be closed out before that date. My line of goods is now complete, but as nothing will be duplicated when once sold out, those making early calls will find it greatly to their advantage.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler

The Temple of Fame

Was presented at the Grand Opera House on Tuesday evening to the largest house of the season. It must have been truly gratifying to those ladies who have worked so hard to make a success of the undertaking to see a crowded house, notwithstanding the rain which no doubt kept many away. Time and space forbid a personal mention and criticism of each character, though each deserves special mention. The little folks entered into the spirit of the thing and carried out their parts admirably, the little fairies, Morrie Rosenthal and little Love Braley deserving especial mention. A few of the older ones might have improved a little by speaking louder, but as a whole the characters were intelligently conceived and well executed, and we have no fault to find, as the poorest was better than we could have done it. At the very last moment Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, (Mrs. Fred Hall,) was taken very ill and Mrs. W. D. Scott took that part nicely, considering that she had had no opportunity for drill. At the hour of going to press we are unable to get the exact receipts which must have been in the neighborhood of $200.

You cannot find more reading matter than we can supply you for $3.00. Take your choice between Demorest and the Review of Reviews at $1.50.

ONCE MORE!

Winter excursions, Season 1891! Where? To Toronto, Montreal and all principal points west in Ontario. Rate? $40.00 for the round trip from points in Minnesota and Dakota. When? Tickets on sale Tuesday December 1st, 8th, 15th to 22d inclusive, and Tuesday December 29th. Limit? 90 days from date of sale, which can be extended by payment at destination of ticket of $5.00 for 15 days, $10.00 for 30 days, $15.00 for 45 days, $20.00 for 60 days, and $10.00 for each 30 days additional. Route? Northern Pacific Railroad via St. Paul and Chicago. Accommodations? Pullman sleeping and dining cars to St. Paul daily and on December 1st, 8th, 15th, 22d and 29th, Pullman furnished tourist sleeping cars will be run through Winnipeg to Chicago via Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines, in which a charge will be made of only $2.00 per berth. Tickets will be extended to include points in Quebec (east of Montreal, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island by the addition of one single fare for the round trip from Montreal. Time tables, maps and full information can be obtained on application to agents of the Northern Pacific Railroad. [30-37]

Found—Pocket Book.

A red pocket-book was found about 3 miles southwest of the city and left in the hands of the chief of police where the owner can secure it by proving property.

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

The Great Northern will sell excursion tickets to Montreal and points west in Quebec and Ontario on following dates: Dec. 1st, 8th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 29th, 1891.

$40.00. FORTY DOLLARS. $40.00.

Tickets are good for 90 days from date of sale, and can be extended longer at a small cost. We are the only line from the Northwest that connects with roads at St. Paul for Chicago and east. Come down and see us.

[30-37] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale that valuable property, the N½ Section 34, township of Rome, range 48, consisting of 320 acres, over 200 under cultivation, 35 acres pasture and over 10 acres planted timber, good buildings, excellent water. Will be sold in whole or in part on easy terms. This would be a good chance for a Norwegian as it is in the midst of a Scandinavian settlement. Will be sold cheap as the owner wishes to leave the country.

For further particulars apply on the premises to

C. KERN, Proprietor.

[28-31]

Reclining Chair Cars.

If you intend going East of South via St. Paul and Chicago, why not take "The Burlington" day train from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Upper Mississippi? This train has one feature not afforded by any other line between the Twin Cities and Chicago; it carries elegant reclining chair cars, which make the journey delightful, easy and comfortable, and no extra charge is made to those occupying seats in them. Insist on the agent giving you tickets via "The Burlington"—C., B. & N. R. R.—and take no others.

Ship your wheat to C. Tharaldson, general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Call and see a copy of the Review of Reviews, which magazine you can secure with THE JOURNAL for $1.50. This is one of the best magazines published.

If you want good cows call and see what we can do for you. We can sell ou one if you want it.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 7th, 1891.

Barrett, F W	Gardner, Thos
McMartin, James E	Sather, Martin E
Wilber, A J	

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

LAKE PARK FARM.

I HAVE a few Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls which have been bred on my farm, and superior High Grade Heifers in calf, which I will sell for a bargain for want of stable room. They are worth twice as much for this climate as those brought from the south.

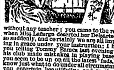
THOS. H. CANFIELD,
[30-33] Lake Park, Minn.

A POPULAR FAMILY.

JENNIE: "How is it, Kate, that you always seem to 'catch on' to the last new thing? Do what I may, you always seem to get ahead of me."

KATE: "I don't know: I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."

JENNIE: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting,



without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafargo deserted her Delsarte class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Eames last evening how his club made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest 'fads,' and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little out-of-the way place?—for you never go to the city."

KATE: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all wants. I very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all, for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household: father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only $2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be cutting us out, as you say we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town. If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

A LIBERAL OFFER.

THE

Polk County Journal

—AND—

Demorest's Magazine

For Only $3.00.

Send your orders to THE JOURNAL office.

The result of the election in New York was a decided blow to bossism. The people will not tolerate bossism or dictation.

The democrats are doing a great deal of blowing in these days over their great victories this fall. It is true they have managed to elect a few governors but what good will that do them without the legislatures to back him up? The republicans have the legislatures if the dems did get a governor or two.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the City Hall on Monday evening, November 9th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by Vice-President Steenerson.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present — Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker.

Aldermen absent—Jerome, Cromb.

The call of the Mayor was as follows:

You are hereby notified that there will be a special meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston in the city hall of the said city Monday Nov. 9th, 1891, at 8 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of considering ways and means of entertaining a delegation of citizens from the city of Duluth who are to visit our city Thursday the 12th day of November 1891, also to appoint such committees in connection with the same as your honorable body may deem best in the premises.

Yours very respectfully,
ALEX. MCKINNON,
Mayor.

Communications which had passed between the Mayor and the Duluth committee were read to the council.

The mayor arose and stated his opinion regarding the entertaining of the delegation.

The president of the council requested any of the citizens who were present and wished to speak on the subject, to do so.

Remarks were heard from L. Ellington, C. E. Sawyer, H. Nolan, J. E. O'Brien and others all of whom were in favor of entertaining the visitors.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Marlette that a committee of 15 consisting of members of the council and of the citizens of Crookston be appointed to take charge of the entertainment.

Alderman Jennings moved to amend (seconded by Alderman Walker) that the council appoint a committee of of three, and the chamber of commerce appoint a committee of three to act as an executive committee and they to appoint other committees as they see fit, and that they take charge of the entertainment.

The amendment declared carried.

The vote on the original motion, as amended, was then taken and declared carried.

The chair appointed as the committee Aldermen Marshall, Schmidt and Jennings.

Alderman Marshall being unable to serve, was excused, and Alderman Walker appointed in his place.

On motion of Alderman Jennings, Alderman Steenerson was appointed to take Alderman Jenning's place on the committee.

The president of the chamber of commerce presented a communication appointing L. Ellington, C. E. Sawyer, A. D. Stephens as the committee from that body.

The citizens appointed H. Mason, H. Thompson and W. B. Dawley as their committee.

On motion the Mayor was elected chairman of the executive committee.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the city hall on Tuesday evening November 10th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present — Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Alderman absent—Marshall.

F. E. Hertz being present asked for the privilege of numbering houses for free delivery purposes:

Moved by Alderman Buhn, seconded by Alderman Marlette, that the request be granted, providing the price shall not exceed 25 cents per number. Carried.

Alderman Jerome was excused.

Reading of minutes of the previous meeting.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Walker, that the reading of the minutes be dispensed with and that they be approved. Carried.

Report of the city engineer of the grading of Hulbut street was read.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

J. V. E. Wyatt, coffin and sexton fees	$ 8 00
O. Hinds, grading Hurlbut street	232 00
D. F. McDonald, labor in First ward	17 50
D. F. McDonaldt labor in Second ward	18 50
D. F. McDonald, labor in Third ward	22 50
D. F. McDonald, labor in Fourth ward	85 50
D. F. McDonald, labor in Fifth ward	33 00
Dr. M. Watts, medical attendance	11 50

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman McGlogan, that the report be accepted and that the bills be paid through the ordinary channels. Carried.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 10th day of November 1891, Alderman John Cromb offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman E. D. Childs.

Resolved by the city council of the city of Crookston that there be and hereby is assessed upon and against the lots or parcels of land hereinafter named and in the city of Crookston, county of Polk and state of Minnesota, the respective amounts set opposite the separate lots or parcels of land all of said lots being in blocks Two (2) and Three (3) of Hurlbut's Addition to the said city of Crookston:

Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of said block	$ 6 85 each
Lots 1 and two of said block	6 85 each
Lot 3 of said block	7 40
Lot 4 "	11 64
Lot 5 "	10 96
Lot 6 "	8 22
Lot 1 of block 2	10 27
Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of block 2	6 85 each
Lot 15 of block 2	20 55

Said assessment being levied to defray the expense of grading Hurlbut street between Cowing and and Hunter streets in said city.

Upon the call of ays and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 10th day of November, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 11th day of November, 1891.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, Seconded by Alderman Walker that when we adjourn it be to meet on Tuesday evening two weeks from to night. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that the janitor of the engine house be instructed to attend to the signal service flags and hoist them at the proper time. carried.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman Childs, that Alderman McGlogan and the street commissioner be authorized to procure a suitable pole for the signal service, or flag staff, with full power to act. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

BOSTON

ONE PRICE ONE PRICE ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE.

Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
To see our Suits,
To see our Trousers, } Before going elsewhere.

Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

From the undersigned in this city a red Irish Setter with white stripe in breast. A suitable reward will be paid for the return of the dog to undersigned or for information leading to its recovery.

T. G. THOMPSON.
28tf

What's the Matter With You?

The Duluth Weekly News for November 7th, has this startling item of News: "The snow has stopped all threshing and plowing at Crookston." On Friday, Oct. 30th, we had a flurry of snow, leaving perhaps an inch upon the ground, which did not interfere with plowing in the slightest and stopped the threshing only while the storm lasted—a few hours. Plowing was not interfered with and threshing was resumed on Saturday. The threshing machines and plows were putting in good time all last week and yet the News informs its readers that all farm work has come to a complete stand-still up here. Fortunately for us there is not a word of truth in the report, still it is very annoying to see such reports in circulation.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given, that Hans E. Peterson, of the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1891, assigned all his property to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors.

All persons holding claims against the said Hans E. Peterson are hereby notified to present their claims against him to the undersigned, within twenty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., November 2d, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Assignee.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, - MINNESOTA

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
Professional calls by day or nigh promptly attended to.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

Northern Pacific
BETWEEN
Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.
There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at al coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON. - - - MINN

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.
Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT
GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Com'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN
Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

C. SLATER. H. ROTHERT. R. N. HILL. J. A. GEORGE.
Chase & Slater Law and Claims Co.,
1331 F Street, Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

WANTED. SALESMEN. LOCAL AND TRAVELING, to represent our well known house. You need no capital to represent a firm that warrants nursery stock first-class and true to name. Work all the year. $100 per month to the right man. Appply quick stating age. L. L. MAY & CO., [26 88] Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.
(This house is responsible.) ST. PAUL, MINN

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. R. MISNER, Prop
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. R. MISNER.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR. DEPARTMENT STORE
—IS THE—
Cheapest Store in Town
Sells strictly for Cash and marks goods accordingly.
CORNER MAIN AND ROBERT STREETS. } — — { SUCCESSORS TO THE CROOKSTON BANKRUPT STORE. THE FAIR.

THE FAIR.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.
MONEY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

MEMBERS OF THE
Home Supply Association,
OF CHICAGO.
ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, ETC.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON
QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My price
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,	$15.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price	$23.25	
" " G. W. Peake's "		22 50
No C 33—Home Supply "	25.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "	28.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "	28.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,
Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.,
CROOKSTON. - - MINN

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
Farmers custom speciallyinvited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

Valley Roller Mills.
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.65
North Star,	2.50
Fife,	2.15
Skip Jack,	1.15

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
LEE & HERRICK.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - - $12,700
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance,
GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, Geo. O. Erskine, R. M. Walsh, K. D. Chase, B. B. Northrop, John Moore, Chas. E. Sawyer, R. D. Childs, A. A. Miller, W. H. Crosby

Crookston Business College.
FACULTY:
R. S. KNUDSON, L. E. GOSSMAN, C. M. WASSON.

BOOKKEEPING. | SHORTHAND. | TYPEWRITING. | PENMANSHIP. | COMMERCIAL LAW. | CIVIL GOVERNMENT | CORRESPONDENCE.

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GRAMMAR. | ARITHMETIC. | SPELLING. | READING. | HISTORY. | GEOGRAPHY. | COMPOSITION.

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Crookston, Minn.

New LUNCH ROOM,
IVER KROHN, Proprietor.
McKinnon's Block. Main Street.
Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.
ALSO A CHOICE LINE OF
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
GIVE ME A CALL.
I. A. KROHN.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
—DEALERS IN—
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA
PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

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SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.
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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 12, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de	St. Paul	ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de	CROOKSTON	de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de	Grand Forks	de. 6:30 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar	Helena	de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

For St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Cloud, Duluth, Ashland, and points East and South	7:24 p. m.
For Grand Forks, Gilby, Grafton, Winnipeg, Brandon, and points in North Dakota and Manitoba	8:15 a. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Ole Narveson has opened a new hardware store at Erskine.

The train on the Great Northern road was two hours late on Thursday.

We have a few choice young cows or sale at reasonable figures. Call early for choice.

J. D. Knudson came down from McIntosh on Thursday and attended the opera in the evening.

Jim Greenhalgh has sold his threshing rig to Mr. Hooper, who will whoop'er up with Bill Weaver for the balance of the fall.

Dept. Postmaster, Geo. McLean, went to St. Paul last week. Said he didn't get time to go to Yankton to see about that divorce.

The Duluth crowd will be here on Friday. All who have a rig that they will contribute to show our guests about the city should advise Mayor McKinnon at once.

L. C. McKnight was up from Fisher on Thursday. L. C. recently sold his farm near that place for $8,000 cash. Such sales as this indicate a solidity to Polk County real estate that is encouraging.

John C. Wells was up from his farm at Edna on Thursday. He has 700 acres of his fall plowing done and hopes to be able to finish. He will return to his home in Fon du Lac in about ten days.

A public meeting is hereby called for all those who are interested in the Taylor contracts, which meeting will be held on Saturday next at the city hall in the city of Crookston, at 2 o'clock p. m. By order of committee.

CHRIS. HOUSTON, Chairman.

"I'll bet that I have seen something this year that you have not," said J. E. Morrisey to our reporter on Thursday evening last. "Like enough, what was it," we replied. "I saw snow two feet deep at Polk Centre this week," said he, and to our look of incredulity he said: "It was a snow bank, many rods long and in some places two feet deep," and with a smile on him that was child-like and bland he melted.

Sam Cunningham says the Red River Valley beats 'em all for crops. To say nothing about a magnificent crop of wheat that he harvested the little one that he cradled with the old-fashioned cradle, takes the cake—in fact the whole bakery. Sam felt so exceedingly good that he invested in a bran new threshing machine right away quick.

County Commissioner, M. E. Kirsch, went up to Erskine on Thursday last to look after some business near there and traveled six miles in the mud between trains. Says he saw a great many stacks of wheat but no wheat in the shock. Erskine is having quite a growth this fall. In addition to Narveson's new hardware, a general store will soon be built, the intending merchant came down on Thursday evening for lumber with which to build it. From 40 to 50 loads of wheat daily comes to Erskine, which is also a big wood market.

F. J. Haynes gave a fine exhibition of views in the National Park and Alaska at the Grand Opera House on Wednesday evening of last week. These views are of his own make and are excellent ones, some of them being beautifully colored. The entertainment was highly enjoyed by all and was almost as good as a trip to those places. Mr. H. will have his car in this city on Nov. 16th to remain for a few days, and as he is one of the best artists in the State, this will be a rare opportunity for any desiring this class of work done. The car they have is perfect in every respect and was built especially for his use at a cost of $18,000. The proceeds of Wednesday's entertainment will be devoted by the ladies to the benefit of the poor of our city.

Geo. Vine received some very nice saddles of venison last week. We have not missed dear meat at any time during the summer.

Bring on your job work. We are prepared to do anything in job printing in the latest styles of the art, promptly and at as reasonable rates as first-class work can be done. Give us a trial.

If you want a good farm of 315 acres ready for crop in the spring, with good, substantial buildings, good fences, artesian water and a fine grove call at THE JOURNAL office. We know of just such a place near this city that can be had cheap.

Speaking of selling farm lands our reporter asked Jim Bain if he would sell his farm? "Yes, sir," said Jim, promptly, "when some chap comes along and offers me $8,000 in cash I will sell my quarter. The quarter next to me was recently sold for that and mine is worth as much."

THE JOURNAL man begs to return thanks to Bro. Smith, of the Leader, for a complimentary to the Marshall County fair, and is sorry that circumstances are such that we could not attend. We hope next year to be able to return the courtesy by sending Bro. Smith a comp. to a Polk County fair.

Will Himmelsback went into Heidrich's hotel on Thursday for dinner, leaving his fur overcoat in the cloak room. When he came out he found no coat, some sneak thief having made off with it. Though he spent the afternoon in the search he failed to come up with it. The coat was a fine coon-skin costing $50 when new, and it was far from being old yet. It is thought that the coat left town on an afternoon freight.

Jim Bain was up from Fisher Thursday airing that broken rib and cautioning his friends not to shake too hard. You see Jim had occasion to fix a refractory piece of furniture, climbed up on a chair to do it; took a tumble unto himself and broke his rib. Jim says he was so mad to see how easily and foolishly it was done that he forgot to let it pain him but an occasional stitch in the side reminds him of it now and then.

It is said that Commissioner Kirsch went out to Erskine on Thursday to meet W. G. Hunt, of the McIntosh News, to arrange a compromise, if possible, so that W. G. will consent to bury the ensanguined tommy-hatckit, and support Mike in his district for re-election. Probably Mike would consent to "let in some of them bills." Mike would feel more sanguine of getting Hunt's support all right if Frank Gravel was not all the time egging Hunt on to oppose him.

Mr. G. L. Read, after superintending his harvesting and fall-plowing, left for his home in Chicago last week. Mr. Read owns one of the finest farms in the town of Andover which he rents, and which, he tells us, pays him over 10 per cent. on the investment. Mr. R. is 71 years of age and is as active as many a man of 45 or 50. Says if both live until January his wife and himself will have lived together 50 years, and, said he, I have never had occasion to go into a divorce court in my life, though I do live in Chicago. His residence in Chicago is only one and one-half miles from the World's Fair site and he anticipates that Chicago will see big crowds in those days. He has great faith in the future of this country and expects to see his property here constantly appreciate in value.

The young and talented prima-donna soprano, Miss Agusta Ohrstrom supported by a company of eminent artists appeared at the opera house on Thursday evening of last week. Miss Ohrstrom has a clear sweet voice of wonderful power and the audience kept her busy, calling her back repeatedly and she good naturedly responded, singing three or four pieces for every number for which she was down. Her support was excellent, consisting mostly of members of some of the most noted operatic companies ever on the American stage. While the entertainment was excellent, and highly enjoyed by all, the attendance was light and the militia company, for whose benefit it was given did not realize a cent from it. the company have gotten up these entertainments for the purpose of getting uniforms, but at the rate they are going on—$40 out in the first case and nothing in on this, by spring they would not only get any new uniforms but they would lose the clothes they now have.

S. L. Collins is patting himself on the back and feeling good all over at the way he prevented somebody stealing one of his horses. One day last week a farmer came to him and wanted to hire a team to help finish his stacking and finally S. L. let him have one of the best in the barn. The farmer then went out and got two or three men whom he found on the street and went out to his farm. The next day, when S. L. came down from dinner he saw a horse that looked a good deal like his, hitched to a buggy near the M. & N. elevator; going up to see about it he found it was sure enough one of the horses he had rented to the farmer so he quietly took the horse and buggy and put them in his barn. Not long thereafter along came the farmer in great haste, with the startling information that one of the men he had taken had stolen his buggy and harness and Collins' horse and lit out. It was a very much relieved farmer who left the barn soon after Collins told him that the horse and buggy was safe in the stables. The thief, it is needless to say, did not return to claim the rig.

PHILOSOPHIES.

WHAT A DISCIPLE OF UNCLE JOSH THINKS AND SAYS ON VARIOUS THINGS.

If I was lookin' for a sucker I'd hunt for the feller whot's allus braggin' that he's nobody's fool.

It has allus seemed to me to be mighty thin consolation fur a poor man to declare that riches don't make happiness.

Somehow or other we don't appear to extract as much comfort out of this life as we really orter. Perhaps it's because my naybur hain't the man he should be.

The feller who mortgages his farm to buy a pianer fur his house has got to try awful hard to find any music in the strings.

I believe in lovin' my naybur as myself until he begins to kill off my hens. Then I'm goin' to buy lace curtains and upholstered cheers to make him feel as bad as he possibly can.

I like to have a man plumb up and down with me even to callin' me a liar. An onsartin man is like a pimple on yer arm: you've got to keep waiting to see what it will develop.

Even if we never say a word to him about it, it is only human natur' to feel sort o' tickled to know that our naybur's fence is two feet over on our line and that we can raise a row any time we want to.

I never yit went to a man and asked him to gimme his advice without I had my mind made up to believe him a fool if he didn't think as I did about it. If he was a lawyer, however, and charged me $10, why that altered the case.

I've heard men talk about luck in my time, and so fur as I have been able to keep track of individuals, those who was hoein' corn at a dollar a day instead of talkin' on the grocery steps have got ahead the fastest.

Now and then you meet a man who has soured on the world and can't see no good in nuthin' nor nobody. In such cases jest size him up and you'll find a chap so all fired mean that a yaller dog wouldn't foller him.

I 'spose it's all right and jest as it should be, but I never see a dog humpin' a rabbit along at a gait of twenty miles an hour without wonderin' why some things is all one sided. What's the rabbit goin' to hump to get even?

Eli Steenerson

REPRESENTS

THE CONTINENTAL

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OF NEW YORK,

AND LEADING COMPANIES,

—AND—

Solic its Your Patronage.

Insure with a Home Man in a Reliable Company.

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At his office in

LAND OFFICE BLOCK, CROOKSTON.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 29th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of J. S. Chapin, executor of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Wednesday, the 25th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 29th day of Oct., A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
[29-31]

SHERIFF'S SALE.

(First publication October 1st, 1891.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court,

Steenerson Bros., plaintiffs, vs. Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution to me directed and delivered, and now in my hands, issued out of the District Court, 14th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, in and for the County of Polk, upon a judgment rendered in a justice's court in the said county, a transcript of which judgment has been duly filed in the District Court aforesaid, said judgment being rendered in favor of Steenerson Bros and against Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson, I have levied upon the following described real estate of said defendants, to-wit: The southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the east half of the northwest quarter (e½nw¼) of Section thirty-three (33); also southeast quarter (se¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lot six (6) of Section twenty-eight, all in Township one hundred and fifty (150) north, of Range forty-seven (47) west. And that I shall on Friday, the 13th day of November, A. D. 1891, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of the above named Rachel Johnson and Nils P. Johnson in and to the above described property to satisfy said judgment and costs, amounting to fifty-seven dollars and 29 cents, together with all accruing costs of sale, and interest on the same from the 3d day of March, 1890, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated Crookston, Minn., Sept. 29th, 1891.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County, Minn.
P. J. RUSSELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney. [24-30]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Oct. 6th, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on November 21st, 1891, viz: JOSEPH JONDRON, Hd. No. 11,834, for the ne¼ Section 26, Township 148, Range 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:—William Duval, Andrew Lariviere, Louis Duval, Clement Payant, all of Crookston, Minn.

[25-30] H. H. DICKMANN, Register.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rudolph Jacklin and Bertha Jacklin, his wife, to Farmers' Trust Company, bearing date the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 419, 420, 421, 422, 423.

And whereas the description of the premises in said mortgage contained is as follows: Situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼) and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine, (29), in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west.

And whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company, the owner and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to wit: Six hundred thirty-six and 46-100 dollars, ($636.46), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼), and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine (29) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, in said Polk County and State of Minnesata, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

Farmers' Trust Company,
Mortgagee.

Taylor & Woodard,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
920 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct. 15th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ANDREAS HAGBERG, an unmarried man, of Polk County, and State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Eleanor E. Wilmerding of the County of Suffolk, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of December 15th, A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order, which said mortgage was on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 186; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said mortgagee, Eleanor E. Wilmerding, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable and;

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred thirty-four and 32-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash: to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, Oct. 12th, A. D. 1891.

ELEANOR E. WILMERDING,
Mortgagee.
JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[26-32] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct 8th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred forty-three and 65-100 ($843.65) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Warren D. Palmetier and Ettie Palmetier his wife, mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of July, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 205, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty, (20) Township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) Range No. forty-seven (47) west; containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty-three and 65-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated October 8th, A. D. 1891.

The New England Mortgage Security Company,
Mortgagee.
John Cromb, Attorney for mortgagee,
[25-31] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Oct. 29th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Edith M. Cuniff, Plaintiff, vs. John Cuniff, Defendant. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, John Cuniff, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to this Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated June 20th, A. D. 1891.

H. STEENERSON,
E. M. STANTON,
[28-34] Plaintiff' Attorneys, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.)
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak A. Dyrdal and Ingeborg A. Dyrdal, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 174-178; and

Whereas default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $7.87 that became due November 1st, 1889, $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $7.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred ninety-five and 42-100 ($295.42) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), containing 80 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 22d, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G 87]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marcus E. Stockland, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 310-13.

And whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $10.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $12.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred fifty-three and 27-100 ($453.27-100) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-four (24), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-five (45), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 19th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G. 85]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]
Last publication Dec. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($122.40-100), dollars, interest which became due on the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Andrew G. Hanson, a widower, mortgagor to J. E. Boily, mortgagee, bearing date the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 49 of mortgages, on page 143.

And whereas, the said J. E. Boily, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($1,622.40-100) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

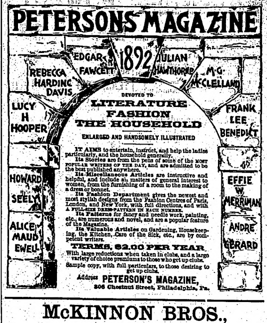
Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land described as the southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-four (34), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-four (44), according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated November, 2d, A. D. 1891.

J. E. BOILY, Mortgagee.
O. TESSIER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
[29-35] Minneapolis, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston.



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1892

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Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, NOVEMBER 19, 1891. NO. 31.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. I outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Some people come to their senses late in the day. A prominent politician from the Red River Valley is credited with having said recently in St. Paul: "Knute Nelson should be nominated for Governor and that would effectually settle all this wrangling and discussion." The rank and file of the Republicans of Polk County were in favor of Knute Nelson for Governor a year ago last summer, but some of the leading politicians conspired to defeat the will of the people and you see what happened. Knute Nelson should have been nominated last time, but whether his nomination next time would heal the breach is very problematical. It is our opinion that Moses E. Clapp would draw better in this neck of the woods than any other man in the State just at present.

Cows vs. Railroads.

The Supreme Court of Indiana has affirmed a point of railroad law that is importantin all agricultural communitief. A farmer's cow strayed on the railroad track and was killed by a train. He sued the company for the value of his cow, and the company sued him for damages to the locomotive. The suit has gone through all the courts until now the Supreme Court of the state has decided, in effect, that it is as much the farmer's business to keep his cows off the railroad track as it was the business of the railroad company to keep its locomotive out of his cow pasture, and that if either strayed on the property of the other the owner was liable for the damage so caused. Consequently the farmer pays for the damage to the locomotive, and the company does not pay for the cow.

A Billion-Dollar Country.

A recent census bulletin shows that the valuation of real and personal property in the United States aggregates $62,610,000,000. This is more than $2,000 per capita.

The increase in the wealth of this country during the decade from 1880 to 1890 was over $7,000,000,000, an amount which is more than the entire wealth of the country as reported by the census of 1850.

The census shows that this nation is worth $1,000 per capita now, while in 1880 it was $870, in 1870 it was $780 and in 1860 only $514 per capita.

The increase in the average actual value of the crops in this country during the past year was over $1,000,000,000 In a country as large as this, the greatest republic in the world, supporting over 60,000,000 people in comfort and happiness, $1,000,000,000 is not a terrifying amount. We earn it quickly and sometimes spend it easily, but we can afford to.

This is indeed a billion-dollar country.

The Toledo Weekly Blade and Campaign of 1892.

The Toledo Weekly Blade, the most prominent Republican weekly published is the only political weekly newspaper in the United States that is edited with special reference to circulation in every part of the Union. It has subscribers in every State, territory and nearly every county of the United States. It has always above 100,000 subscribers, and during a late Presidential campaign 200,000 subscribers. People of all political parties take it. Aside from politics it is a favorite family paper, having more and better departments than can be afforded by papers of small circulation. Serial and short stories, wit and humor, poetry, camp-fire (soldiers), farm, Sunday school lessons, Talmadge sermons, young folks, poultry, puzzles, household, (best in the world), answers to correspondents, etc., etc. Only one dollar a year. Send postal to The Blade, Toledo, Ohio, for a free specimen copy. Ask, also, for confidential terms to agents if you want to easily earn a few dollars cash.

McKinley in New York.

Ohio's Next Governor Comes to Rest After His Victory.

No Doubt of Republican Success in '92.

THE TARIFF CHAMPION TELLS THE STORY OF THE FIGHT HE MADE IN THE BUCKEYE STATE—HE PARRIES THE QUESTION OF THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION BY SAYING THAT THE NEXT REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION WILL TAKE CARE OF THAT.

New York Press.

Governor-elect William McKinley, Jr. of Ohio, is here. He reached the city from Canton yesterday morning. He was accompanied by Mrs. McKinley, and was met at the railway station by his brother Abner. Apartments had been reserved for the Buckeye statesman at the Hamilton, Fifth avenue and Forty-second street, and these he and his wife will occupy while they tarry in town. The Major spent a very quiet Sunday. He received very few calls besides those from newspaper men, scarcely any one being aware of his presence. The Press representative met the great tariff leader after his return from a drive through Central Park. His cheeks were rosy, and there was the same snap in the eye and he had the same vigor of expression as there used to be when he was in the midst of a legislative combat in the House of Representatives. Between puffs from a fragrant Havana the Major said cheerily:

THE STORY OF OHIO'S CAMPAIGN.

"I came on here for a rest, but as we had a very interesting campaign in our State it is natural, I suppose, that I should be questioned about it. It is, of course, an exceedingly pleasant thought to me that we have won in a battle throughout which the candidates, while they fought stubbornly for the principles at stake, had no occasion for and did not indulge in any personalities. My opponent, Governor Campbell, is a manly, courageous fellow, and our relations throughout the contest were of the friendliest character."

"You regard your victory of national significance?"

"The fight was made exclusively upon national issues. So far as the Republicans were concerned, the protective tariff and hard money were driven home with as much force as we possessed. We sought to explain what the new tariff law really meant. Not within twenty years have such tremendous crowds gathered to listen to political discussions. I visited nearly every county in the State and traveled many thousands of miles. Everywhere was I met with interrogations as to what this or that Democratic criticism of the so-called McKinley bill signified. I hope that the majority for the Republican ticket can be adduced as evidence that the voters learned and acted in accordance with their understanding."

"Do you think the Democratic party, as a result of the defeat in Ohio, is likely to abandon in any degree the crusade for so-called tariff reform?"

THE MILLS BILL MAY BE TRIED AGAIN.

"I am not in the confidence of the leaders of that party, so perhaps my answer cannot be regarded authoritive. I should say, however, that the Democrats will not abate one whit their attacks upon the protective tariff. I expect to see a bill introduced in the next House, and perhaps passed, which will contain many, if not all, the features of the Mills measure. The Senate and the President are Republican and therefore the sole effect of the action of the Democratic House will in all probability be a reaffirmation of principles presented at the last Democratic National Convention. Upon these Grover Cleveland was defeated; but to assume that the Democracy would do otherwise than I have indicated would amount to an accusation of insincerity, you know." The Major smiled quite broadly as he uttered this remark.

"Then you regard the Republican success in Ohio as a triumph for protection?"

"It would be difficult to draw any other inference, wouldn't it? We made the fight for, and the Democrats against a protective tariff, and won."

"To what extent did the silver question figure in the campaign?"

"You will recall the fact that the platform adopted by the Democratic State Convention contained a free silver plank. Ours declared unequivocally for hard money. At the beginning of the canvass we talked a great deal about silver, and sought to demonstrate the disastrous effects of a policy outlined and advocated by our antagonists. The Democratic orators declined to discuss silver, but devoted themselves to arguments in favor of their pet tariff theory. Governor Campbell absolutely ignored the silver question in his speeches. Neither Mills, nor Carlisle, nor McMillan, nor any other of the Democrats on the stump discussed it in spite of the fact that their platform was pronounced for free coinage. Congressman Harter went so far as to assert that silver was in no way an issue. Perhaps Mr. Campbell's friends were afraid to maintain this principle of their platform. At any rate they failed to meet us in a discussion of it, but concentrated all their energies upon the tariff instead. We were perfectly willing to and did discuss both the tariff and silver. And the people voted that we were right."

THE ISSUES FOR THE NATIONAL FIGHT.

"What of the issues in the next Presidential campaign?"

"The Democrats seem disposed to make the tariff again an issue, so far as I am concerned, I know of no reason why we should not accommodate them. The Republican party at its nationa convention must itself decide upon what lines the battle is to be fought. The Democrats of the South and West, I anticipate, will insist on a free silver plank in the national platform. We can meet them with honest money with as flattering success as we have in Ohio. I see no disposition on the part of the Republicans to yield in the slightest degree in their opposition to all plans for the repeal of the tariff and reciprocity acts and the degredation of the American dollar. There are efforts to make the Democratic successes in New York, Iowa and Massachusetts appear of national significance. As I understand it, the canvass in these three commonwealths were conducted upon State issues. Boise' election in Iowa was certainly due to local causes. So was that of Russell in Massachusetts. That State is surely Republican in a national contest. And New York has been carried by us for the Presidency, except on two occasions, since 1860. In Ohio our appeals were made on national issues alone, and we were victorious."

PRESIDENTIAL POSSIBILITIES.

"Your name has been suggested as a Vice Presidential possibility, with Mr. Blaine as the candidate for President. What about it?"

"I have been the Governor elect of Ohio barely five days. I hope my friends will give me time to qualify. That opportunity will not be offered me until January. I must decline to discuss Presidential questions. These will take care of themselves, or rather the national convention will take care of them for the party."

"What of the Senatorial race now on in your State?"

"I know very little about it except what I have read in the newspapers. Both Senator Sherman and Governor Foraker did magnificent work in my behalf in the campaign just ended. I have expressed no preferences. The Legislature is, I am happy to say, Republican by about two-thirds. Besides electing a United States Senator it will have a chance to obliterate the outrageous gerrymander which made it possible for the Democrats to capture fifteen of the twenty-one members of Congress from Ohio. The new census will be taken as a basis, and I think you may safely say the reapportionment will be made fairly, and not to satisfy political or partisan greed."

Major McKinley intends remaining here for a week or two. Just before Congress reconvenes he may run over to Washington and watch, as a spectator, the Democratic scramble for the Speakership and other fruits of last fall's Republican reverses. "I shall be simply an onlooker, not a participant, as I was two years ago," said the Ohioan in concluding the interview.

One of the finest among the December magazines is our old friend Peterson. Its general make-up is very attractive, with its beautiful engravings, colored fashion plates and work-table designs, and any number of fine illustrations. When examining its contents one is struck by the excellence and variety thereof. It is one of the best magazines published for ladies and the household and furnishes a large amount of useful and interesting reading matter. Its contributors have always been among the most popular writers of America, and for 1892 quite a number of other noted writers are added, among thnm Julian Hawthorne, Octave Thanet, Kate Wallace Clements, etc. We cannot too warmly recommended such of our readers as are not already subscribers to take Peterson next year. The price is but $2.00 per year, and much lower when taken in clubs. Many useful and valuable premiums are offered to those who will get up clubs. Send for a sample copy with club terms and premium offers. Address, Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Asbury Park, in New Jersey, is the only summer resort that has this season shown a tendency toward modesty and reform. A policeman was kept stationed on the beach to prevent men, women and children from appearing in regulation bathing suits without wrappers.

WAR! WAR! WAR!

Alarming Echoes of Active Preparation From Many Different Sections.

Chief of the Chinese Revolutionists Arrested. Torture Ordered.

Revolt Against President Fonseca, of Brazil, Spreading in the Interior.

Anxiety in New York.

Press News Association.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 11.—Intense excitement prevails here. The course of events are tending toward a war. Foreign residents in China are in extreme peril. The cheaf of the great secret society of the Kalas Hui has been arrested in the French concession at Shanghai. The Viceroy at Nankin has ordered him to be tortured, hoping that he will betray his accomplices; if not, he is to be beheaded.

The whole province of Hunan is in a state of seige and open revolutionary and seditious placards are posted everywhere. The European Ministers at Pekin are seemingly indifferent. The Chinese Ministers and officials fraternize with them, call them friends, banquet them and get up fetes for them every week.

As a result of this the foreign residents in China are furious. Their indignation is beyond expression because of the meanness of those "diplomatists" who are forgetting their duty to their own countrymen.

The trial of Mason, who had attempted to pass arms and dynamite to the rebels, has now some point to it, and Mason's act is explained by the foregoing.

BRAZIL.

Three Important Provinces Join the Rebellion.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Reports received here are to the effect that the Provinces of Pernambuco and Graopana have followed the example of Rio Grande de Sul in declaring independence of Brazil, and also that it is probable the province of bahia will take similar action.

The province of Rio Grande de Sul, which has taken the initiative in opposition to President de Fonseca, is one of the largest and most prosperous in the country, the master element in which are Germans, or descendents of that nation. This element is said to be organizing its armed forces on the plan of the Dutch settlers of South Africa, are fairly well supplied with munitions of war, have able and experienced leaders and are determined to maintain the independence of their new state.

The report that President de Fonseca has already ordered an armed movement against Rio Grand de Sul is not generally credited, and it is understood that he and his most trusted advisers are averse to doing anything that shall provoke an actual conflict so long as it can be averted without seriously imperiling the safety of the government.

Feeling in New York.

Press News Association.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Considerable uneasiness prevails among the houses here having South American interests, over cables announcing that a revolt has broken out in the province of Rio Grande de Sul, Brazil, where it is said the local government refuses to accept President de Fonseca's dictatorship.

Only "business" despatches have been received here to-day. At the office of the Brazilian consul it was thought the situation was serious, and the news of the revolt was probably true, though no official despatches have been received.

Among business men here it is said despatches to Brazil must be confined to commercial affairs only on account of the strict sensorship of cables now prevailing there.

Ecuador Unsettled, Too.

Press News Association.

GUYAQUIL, Ecuador, Nov. 11.—Municipal elections were commenced in this city on Nov. 7 and have been attended by bitter political feuds which have caused intense excitement and at length led to bloodshed.

The voting in the different districts was accompanied by great disturbances on the part of the contending factions. Street fights were frequent, but as the people were unarmed, no serious results followed until the police took part in the row.

Without warning they opened fire upon the populace, seriously wounding several persons. The action of the police created great indignation and further trouble is expected. Business has been entirely suspended.

Will Not Incite a Revolution.

Press News Association.

BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 11.—It is stated that Dr. Quizoyen, leader of the radicals, has assured President Pelligreni that no attempt will be made to incite a revolution.

No Information at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—No official information has been received in the State Department in regard to the reported revolt in the Brazilian provinces of Rio Grande de Sul and Para. The only advices at the Brazilian legation relate to private matters and make no mention of any trouble.

Financial Troubles In Germany.

Press News Association.

BERLIN, Nov. 11.—The establishment of the Kraus Company, on which there was a heavy run, has weathered the storm. A man was arrested to day for spreading a report that Kraus had committed suicide, and others who circu- a rumor that the firm intended to liquidate, will be prosecuted.

Hirschfeld & Wolff to the last paid large bonuses to employes. One man in their employ received £8,000 last January.

The old established bank of Seegal, of Posen, after returning all deposits, has suspended, owing to inability to pay its cash debts.

Fearful Suffering in Russia.

Press News Association.

ST. PETERSBERG, Nov. 11.—Hunger and want ard driving men to brigandage in Russia. Trains and mansions have been plundered. Children are dying by scores from hunger and typhoid fever.

Lady Aberdeen, wife of the former Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has arranged for an exhibit of Irish women's work at the Exposition.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

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Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn

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THE MAMMOTH

Gervais "The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the most Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. GERVAIS, The Hustler

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JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway. Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 19, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 77.
1 Northern 75.
2 Northern 70.

J. O. Sundet went below last week.

C. M. Lowe was in St. Paul last week.

I. U. Jennings has houses and rooms to rent.

E. D. Childs went to St. Paul on Monday evening.

As an entertainer our worthy Mayor is hard to beat.

Harry Ives was down to attend the banquet on Friday evening.

Will Attix was in the city from Mentor over night on Monday.

Have you seen the Wilson Company? If not why not? It is a good one.

"The New Theology,"—Episcopal church next Sunday at 7:30 p. m.

If you want good cows call and see what we can do for you. We can sell ou one if you want it.

The train on the Great Northern road was two hours late on Monday morning. Ditto Tuesday morning.

See Mrs. E. E. Bangs millinery ad. elsewhere in this issue. The ladies will do well to take heed thereunto.

Carlos Clough, a Crookston old-timer was down from the Thirteen Towns last week. Mr. C. is coining wealth out there.

Maj. Camp, the local weather prophet of Minneapolis, predicts a long severe winter. We can tell more about it next spring.

E. C. Wilson, of the Wilson Theatre Company, started for Chicago on Monday night. Expects to be back on Friday morning.

Only three more nights of Wilson. Everybody should improve the opportunity to hear a first-class troupe at such reasonable figures.

Well this does begin to look a little bit like winter for a fact. Everybody was thinking about the coal-bin and the wood-pile on Monday.

The Crookston Cornet Band will give a grand hop on Thanksgiving evening at McKinnon's hall. Excellent music will be furnished and a grand good time is assured.

Capt. P. J. Russell says of THE JOURNAL: "It is getting better every issue. Your last issue was a daisy—a local hummer!" Thanks, awfully, Cap., you're another!

Frank Steelman was in from Mentor Monday night to see "Little Dot" at the opera house and he also called to cheer up the printer a bit. Verily he went about doing good this trip.

Miss Amanda Elliott, one of the handsomest of Polk County's handsome school-ma'ams, was married at Blaine, Washington, on November 7th, to Mr. Charles E. Flint, a leading citizen of that place. THE JOURNAL adds its blessing.

H. W. Cleveland, of Mentor, dropped in on Monday to pay us an encouraging visit. Reports that his brother A. H. was quite seriously injured in a runaway scrape last Saturday but is getting along favorably and will no doubt be able to be about again soon.

Hon. J. J. Furlong is up from Austin this week looking after the interests of the Austin hail insurance company and visiting his alliance friends. The Austin company this year is paying their losses in full having done a large business and met with comparatively few losses.

A thresher engine exploded at St. Hilaire last Thursday seriously injuring several men. The report was at first circulated that Ezra Pierce and Lucius Ames were killed by the explosion but that report has since been contradicted and it is now thought that the injured men will all recover.

Walter Morris, of Tilden, dropped in last week to order THE JOURNAL sent to his address. Says now that the markets have been so as to leave a little surplus in his hands he feels as though he must have all the news there is going. Mr. M. had a fine crop of wheat and expects to realize well out of it.

That Irish setter that T. G. Thompson lost a few weeks since was returned to him on Saturday evening. T. G. had put his detective qualities at work and soon located the dog, pulled the string and lo! the dog appeared as natural as though nothing unusual had occurred—but there had.

Jake Ide showed our reporter a magnificent gold watch one day last week and said. "That looks as though there was something in farming this year, dont it? I just bought that watch and the cases alone cost $78." Jake has always managed to get good crops and this year he is getting something near like its worth out of it.

I. K. Messelt was down from Winger Saturday. He complains that he does not get any Crookston mail within 10 days of the time it is sent from here and this is because it is not properly sent. He says it should be sent to Fertile from which point they get mail three times per week. Mail sent via Fosston goes on to White Earth, thence to Detroit, thence to Fertile and from thence to Winger. It seems this change is a recent one.

THEY EXCURT.

Duluth Business Men, to the Extent of a Hundred or So.

Attempt to Capture the City and Are Captured.

OUR GUESTS.

On Friday evening a special, bearing a number of the representative business men of Duluth, members of the Chamber of Commerce, of the Board of Trade, of the Jobbers' Union and of the City Council, arrived at the Great Northern depot at 5 o'clock where they were met and welcomed by the Mayor and reception committee, and preceded by the Crookston Cornet Band and their own band, marched up Robert street to Main, along Main to Second, up Second to Broadway, along Broadway to Robert, down Robert to Main and to the Opera House when, after they were comfortably seated, Mayor McKinnon made the following speech of greeting:

"Upon me devolves the honor and pleasant duty of extending to you, our friends, a hearty welcome to our city. It is useless for me to attemt to convince you of the extent of the welcome which we offer you. It is co-extensive with the limits of our city, and of such fervor as in my humble language I cannot describe or measure in any other manner than to say that the best of what we have is yours. I hope and trust that when you return to your rising and prosperous city that it will be with a warm place in your hearts for Crookston and its people."

The audience then dispersed to mingle with and make the acquaintance of our business men who had turned out to greet them, until the time for assembling in the banquet hall at 8:30.

The following is a correct list of our visitors:

Frank A. Day.
Frank D. Day.
F. L. Ryan.
F. Omeis.
J. I. V. Dighl.
J. D. Stryker.
A. B. Chapin.
A. C. Otis.
Wm. McRae.
W. S. Woodbridge.
W. S. Albertson.
C. T. Clement.
Giles Gilbert.
J. C. Mishler.
G. T. Johns.
H. Steele.
J. L. Cromwell.
F. W. Parsons.
G. S. Bowman.
J. G. Dawes.
C. A. Long.
Dr. Sherwin.
Dr. McComb.
J. P. Johnson.
W. C. Sherwood.
J. M. Smith.
Fred Reynolds.
Chas. Schiller.
J. E. Lynds.
Geo. H. Crosby.
D. A. Read.
C. L. White.
W. W. Davis.
L. H. Whipple.
F. A. Clarkson.
F. A. Brewer.
D. E. Holston.
E. C. Jones.
W. A. Pryor.
T. C. Abbott.
W. C. Killgore.
Fred A. Lewis.
C. H. Arthur.
W. H. Jones.
A. G. McKinley.
J. E. Cooley.
L. A. Barber.
G. H. Kemp.
Page Morris.
S. A. Thompson.
C. E. Lovett.
Major Baldwin.
G. Lind.
L. D. Campbell.
Geo. Giles.
M. L. Fischebein.
H. C. Crawford.
M. S. Stakely.
S. C. McQuade.
Geo. J. McManus.
W. A. Carpenter.
E. R. Jefferson.
Dr. Fred Barrett.
W. E. Mayhew.
J. E. Granger.
A. B. Lange.
I. J. Mosher.
Jas. Dongwall.
Geo. F. Ash.
R. C. Kennedy.
Geo. N. LaVaque.
A. M. Morrison.
D. Greer.
C. M. Gray.
T. B. Perry.
T. W. Abell.
N. J. Miller.
J. M. Martin, West Duluth.
Mr. White, Cloquet.

McKinnon Hall was replendent with flags and various decorations and three long tables ran the entire length of the hall, with one across the west end, when the guests and many of our citizens assembled for the banquet, and the hall fairly rang with the music of the Duluth Cornet Band. A. D. Stephens acted as master of ceremonies and right royally did he discharge his duties. After a brief address by Mayor McKinnon the time was pleasantly passed discussing the various viands upon the bountiful board, and then the master of ceremonies introduced M. R. Baldwin, of Duluth, who, in a few neatly chosen words acknowledged the compliments which had been so freely given and in the name of the citizens of Duluth, returned his hearty thanks. A. D. Stephens, in arsing to answer the first toast of the evening, said that when he arrived at the depot to greet our guests he at first thought the crowd was some of our returning prodigals from West Superior, but soon saw by their bright, business-like appearance that he was mistaken. Announced the first toast of the evening; "Our Guests," and called upon Judge R. J. Montague, who said:

"FRIENDS: My pleasant associations with you this evening, the kindly smile beaming from each one and the agreeable surroundings make me almost too full for utterance. To say that you are welcome, that we are pleased to have you with us, is but feebly stating the case. To say that we will treasure up this visit of yours to our city as one of the most pleasing events of the season.

Since we pitched our homes in this fertile valley, in this beautiful city, encircled by the river, fringed by forest trees, we have agitated, in season and out of season, closer trade relations with Duluth.

We want to buy from you. We want to sell to you. We want to help you build up a great city. We want to ship to you our wheat, oats, cattle, butter, potatoes, cabbage and bananas, which we raise in vast quantities. We want you to eat all you can of these, and ship the rest over your great unsalted sea to other marts of trade beyond.

We want to buy from you. We want to see your wholesale houses increase. We want to see your drummers on our streets oftener. In a word, we want trade to follow its natural channels. We don't want goods from the far East, to come to us by Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis. We want our goods to come by Duluth. We want to help you to get all the money you can from the United States to improve your harbors, to open and deepen canals, so that the largest vessels may safely float from Duluth to the Atlantic. We don.t want to pay tribute to Chicago nor its railroads. Our motto is: "Millions for improvements, but not one cent for tribute."

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Nature intended Duluth to be a great emporium of trade. If gathered around this festive board to-night, we can in spirit commune with the first man who conceived the idea of building a great city at the head of Lake Superior; we can imagine him standing on the rocky shore where Duluth now stands, gazing over that vast expanse of water, at the rising of the sun and at its sitting, and again in the stillness of the night, when star after star shone on the placid waters of that lake, and again when the storm lashed its waters, gazing in rapture at the sublimity of the scene, enthralled as the ancients on beholding the goddess Aphrodite in jeweled brightness, clothed in grandeur, a sublime apparation appearing from ocean's foam and dashing billows to assert her beauty, power and majesty.

This dreamer, if you so call him, his mind and soul raised in contemplating the mighty possibilities of the future, knowing the buried riches of your mines, and having explored the forests to the west, and knowing that these prairies where we now stand were teeming with the essentials of luxuriant growth and vast wealth, and having knowledge of the vast country beyond, standing there on that rocky shore seeing this great inland sea, extending into the centre of the continent, scooped out by the Mighty Architect who laid the foundations of the mountains, in secret yet solemn grandeur, knowing that this lake was connected with other lakes to the east and all connected by a great river with the Atlantic, he might truly say, that a part of the Great Architect's plan was that a great mart of trade should be established on that spot and that there should rise in beauty one of the greatest cities of modern times.

And thus, Duluth was built and is building, and may her fondest hopes be realized, is our earnest desire to-night. And you, our guests, who have laid the foundations of Duluth and built it to its present greatness, we honor to-night.

Get all the canals necessary to enable the lakes to be utilized to the fullest extent, made, opened, deepened and improved. The people will be amply repaid for the expenditure. Do not hesitate to ask for appropriations; if you have any trouble about it, speak to Kittel Halvorson.

This government is rich, it is ready and willing to spend more money in settling up a little row in Chili than is needed to open half a dozen canals. Yes, President Harrison and Jim Blaine are ready, if necessary, to spend tens of millions of dollars in teaching Spaniards and Englishmen that they can't tread on the tail of Pat Egan's coat.

We regret that you did not get here at an earlier hour, so that you could have an opportunity to see more of our city, and to see some of the beautiful country in this vicinity. We have many things which we wish you to see. Our city has not been built up with that rapidity and energy which some would desire. We are more conservative, we build with our own money; we believe that we can point out to you more buildings in this city that have never been mortgaged, than any new city of its size in the west can boast. We trust that even the short time of your staying with us will be sufficient to enable you to form general ideas of our manufacturing and commercial enterprises.

We would not wish that your ideas in these respects should be vague and indefinite, as was the witness recently in an Iowa court. This witness was a drayman and had a few days prior to giving his testimony delivered a barrel of whiskey to a man who was charged with selling intoxicating liquors in violation of the law. The drayman when asked by the attorney for the prosecution if he had not delivered a barrel of whiskey to the accused, stated that he had delivered to him a barrel but that he didn't know what was in it. When called on to explain, the witness stated that one end of the barrel was marked "whiskey" and on the other end "Pat Duffy," and he didn't know which it was, whiskey or Pat Duffy that was in the barrel. We want you to be sure before you leave the city which it is, Pat Duffy or whiskey in the barrel.

During the last couple of years a few of our citizens left us, and moved to Duluth, and some others left us, and went to West Superior. We have reason to believe that those who went to West Superior had more affection for their friends in this city than those who went to Duluth, and for this we have a very high regard for them. Those who went to Duluth stayed there, while those who went to West Superior, all returned to us, and each one on his return asked us to kill the prodigal because the calf had come home.

In conclusion, we recognize the fact that the objects of your visits and your travels through Northern Minnesota and Northern Dakota are for high and noble purposes. That your desire is to become acquainted with the people, to extend the commerce and trade of your city, to confer upon your city and upon the people of Northern Minnesota and Northern Dakota advantages and opportunities which they have not heretofore enjoyed. Trade and commerce have been and will continue to be the potent agencies for the civilization of mankind, for the upbuilding of the nations, for conferring happiness upon mankind. Enlightenment and civilization follow in the path of commerce. Commerce and trade make different people and nations dependent upon each other, thus creating a mutual dependence, breaking down the barriers of class hatreds and jealousies and promoting peace and unity. Go on in your mission till you connect by the bonds of self-interest all the people of Northern Minnesota and Northern Dakota with Duluth and teach them that in your prosperity they will prosper, and you will find that your success in making your city the great distributing point for this western country will give pleasure to the citizens of Crookston."

After this speech a song, "Steal Away," was sung by a male quartette, and the toast: "The Highway of Commerce," was responded to by Mr. S. A. Johnson, Secretary of Duluth Chamber of Commerce, who prefaced his remarks by saying that he desired to first return thanks for the magnificent treatment they had received at the hands of the citizens of Crookston. His remarks went to show how that Duluth was on the national highway of commerce, and hence direct communication was essential to our progress. President J. J. Hill is a far-sighted man and he has recently rearranged his plans so that St. Paul is no longer his base of operations, but Duluth. We have just been down to see the farmers of Manitoba who will, in the near future, send their wheat to Liverpool cheaper than the farmers on the American side of the line, unless we can change that by deeper water in the canals and direct communication with Duluth. Soon we hope to be united to this fair young city with bands of steel.

A. N. Hixson was called upon to respond to the toast, "Agriculture." He said Polk County contained 2,000,000 acres of land with enough under cultivation to produce 5,000,000 bushels of No. 1 Hard wheat, and not one-third of its area under cultivation. Duluth is to the Northwest what New York is to the Middle States. I expect to live to see the day when she shall have a million inhabitants. The Duluth band here entertained the audience for a brief space, and then Judge Morris, of Duluth responded to the toast: "The New Commercial Revolution," spoke of the vast resources of the Northwest with her immense wheat-fields, her great mineral deposits and vast pine forests, all as yet almost undeveloped and predicted the new commercial revolution as soon as direct communication is had with the head of the great lakes. Said that the County of Polk could better afford to vote a generous bonus to a railroad than to go without the road. To the toast "Crookston, the Gem City of the Northwest," the Hon. Halvor Steenerson responded, giving many statistics in support of its claim. Crookston was founded in 1872, is at the real head of navigation of the Red River, a fact demonstrated when the steamer Dakota in that year brought the lumber for the first frame house in the city, but it dates its real prosperity from 1880, the time when my friend, Judge Montague, and I came. He gave an extended report of the amount of business done here, enumerating our manufactures and other industries; of the saw mill, he said it employs 150 men during the open months, cut 2,000,000 feet of lumber and paid out for help $65,000 this season. Although we have 13 hotels we need one large one. One hotel alone had 12,000 transient guests and another 10,820 during the past year. The band here came to the front with a choice selection, and C. A. Long was called upon to respond to the toast "Duluth," which he did in an able manner. Those Duluth men never tire of talking of their city. "Where is my wandering boy to-night" by a male quartette, the chorus joined in by all present. John M. Martin responded to the toast "Our absent sons, while they are not with us to-night, we love them still." Mr. Martin reviewed in a pleasant and humorous vein his ten years' residence in the Valley and his residence since in Duluth. Did not know why he left here unless it was for the good of this country; thought the only reason why he was elected mayor of West Duluth was as a sort of compliment to this country and wound up by extending a cordial invitation to all present to come down and see him at Duluth. When Mr. Martin finished, loud calls were made for Fred Reynolds, but Fred had skipped and Dr. Fred Basset responded to the toast "What are we here for, anyhow?" in a very humorous little speech that kept the company in an uproar of laughter. Complimented the Great Northern road and hoped it would build to Duluth, but said that Mr. Hill would have to get a move on him pretty soon or he would build a road himself; could do it very easy as he was editor of a country newspaper and they are all rich enough to build railroads and run them; anyhow, they could ride on 'em if they could obtain advertising mileage.

Rev. Geo. H. Kemp responded to the toast "The Shepherd" and paid a high tribute to the members of the Duluth party with whom he had been the rounds so far on the excursion. "Reciprocal Trade as Seen from the Farmer's Standpoint" was responded to by Mr E. D. Childs, who said:

It is with great pleasure that I rise in behalf of the agricultural interests of this community to welcome the guests of the evening and not only to welcome but to congratulate them as well.

I welcome you because I sincerely believe that in all this empire of the Red River Valley there is no hamlet so remote, no cabin so humble that the prosperity of its inhabitants is not directly and intimately connected with, and affected by, the development of the commerce of that great natural highway to which the city of Duluth is, and by nature was intended to be the entry-port and outlet. I congratulate you, because, reversing the proposition, I sincerely believe that in this empire of the Red River Valley there is no hamlet so remote or cabin so humble but what the prosperity of the city of Duluth is affected in a greater or less degree by the prosperity of its inhabitants; and accepting this twofold proposition as a fact, it becomes apparent that any event which brings our people together, and gives us a better understanding of each other, of our environment and of our possibilsties is a fit occasion for congratulation and good fellowship.

Be it ours then this evening to consider carefully and candidly the lines along which we may labor together for our own mutual advantage and advancement.

Stretching westward from this end of Lake Superior is a region of vast and varied resources. First, a region immensely rich in timber and the iron ores; then the fertile acres of this valley, which have this year with less than 20 per cent. of its area under very indifferent cultivation produced upwards of 50,000,000 bushels of wheat, and untold millions of bushels of barley, oats, potatoes and other products; while upon our western borders graze countless herds of cattle and sheep, sufficient in quantity for our home consumption, and to constitute a very important factor in our supply to the people of other countries; while still beyond lies the priceless and but little developed mines of silver and of gold which form the medium of exchange in all civilized countries. To all this vast section filled with these illimitable resources, Duluth is the natural tool gate, the key to which an all wise Providence has placed in your care and keeping, and thus made it possible for you to greatly encourage or largely retard the growth and development of its industries. And let us hope that under the pressure of this tremendous responsibility you will not be found incompetent or unwilling. But may it be yours to so broaden and deepen the channels of your commerce that all, producer, middleman and consumer, may be largely benefitted thereby. Under the conditions of modern civilization two things are prerequisite to a successful development and transaction of business, especially where heavy commodities form the bulk of the transactions, viz., "rapid transit" and the utmost possible convenience in storing and handling the commodities to be transported.

Then that we may cultivate the most closely and profitably the business relations which should naturally exist between us, it is necessary that we be connected by the shortest lines of railway communication, and that these lines be independent of all outside influence and of all entangling alliances which bind them to time tables and tariff schedules formulated by other but not parallel lines which have their centre of operations in St. Paul or Chicago; and with their profits and solvency depending wholly upon the traffic they are able to control between these centres.

Such a system of railway communication direct and independent, would be for Duluth and for this valley what the St. Paul and Duluth Railway has been for Duluth and the Twin Cities, a leveler and arbiter of rates and promoter of mutual prosperity. Should such an one seek entrance to your city see to it with jealous care that no heartless speculator in his greed for personal gain throttle it with exhorbitant demands for "right of way," lest some rival sitting at your right or left, see its opportunity in your blindness, and by reaching out a helping hand to your illy appreciated ally snatch from your grasp much if not all the benefits which would inevitably have been yours to enjoy, and a sister state profit from your mistake.

With a shortening of the line of railway communication by some eighty miles (as a direct line would) must come a vast increase in the amount of grain seeking its market at your port, and next in importance to means of communication comes the elevatof system which shall handle this vast volume of business.

Whether justly or not the impression has for the past few years prevailed with our farmers, that if our local elevator systems, controlled as they nearly all are from Minneapolis, are not the joint property of the millers and the railway officials (in their individual capacity), that at least these same railway officials have friends and relatives whom they know to be largely interested in them and whose welfare they are more careful to cherish than that of a whole community at a distance of hundreds of miles from their offices. And the fact that while these same roads have found it highly profitable to transport their wheat three hundred miles for 10½ cents per bushel, the elevators have found it convenient to levy a tax of form four to six cents a bushel for their services, has given color to the impression, and been largely instrumental in converting the old Fifth District into a stronghold of alliance principles. Speaking in behalf of my brothers of the plow, I entreat you gentlemen to see that when this direct and independent railroad of which we have before spoken is built, that its elevator system shall be free to all at the lowest possible rates consistent with good business policy, and that its side tracks be open to all who wish to load cars upon them, and that every competing road they cross be compelled to connect with their track, that the freedom of traffic be not impaired.

Equal in importance with the local elevator whose province it is to bulk the products of the farm from the wagon to the car lot, is the terminal elevator whose province it is to convert the car lots into the cargo. And in touching upon these, I feel that I am treading upon delicate ground. We all recognize their absolute necessity, their great helpfulness when properly administered and we all regret that any apparent necessity should have arisen for the state to make official enquiry into their affairs, and we entreat you gentleman, should any of you in the future have control of any of these institutions, to see to it that the cars when unloaded are carefully swept and the total amount credited to the consignor, that your delivery spouts are carefully lined to guard against insiduous leaks into "pocket bins," and that your "screenings" are shipped by daylight under proper billing. Again, gentlemen, do not forget that this chain of great lakes was intended by the Creator to be the public highway of a great people, and that it is unnatural and foreign to a wise public policy, that two or three great corporations should control its facilities for handling any of its staples of commerce to the exclusion of others who wish to engage in the same business, and should any movement arise for the building of independent outlets to be controlled by those directly interested, do not fail to give your united and hearty support; the result will be largely to your benefit.

Next to transportation and handling facilities comes the question of determining the value of the product.

Notwithstanding the stoutly maintained assertion of many of our older farmers that the only possible way to secure to them the full value of their grain is to have in each local market as many competing buyers as possible, who shall surround each individual load of wheat as it arrives and the driver strikes it off to the highest bidder, we believe "the world advances and in time outgrows the things that in our fathers' days were best," and that the time has gone by when this method of inspection and transfer is either practical or desirable; it is an age of large transactions and of speedy transfers, and we think it was necessary that some disinterested party should take this matter in hand for the good of all, and that the move to place it in the hands of the state was both wise and timely. But on the other hand it is not desirable that the department created for this purpose should be a part of any political party machine, or that the test of fitness for the office of chief inspector should be his ability to conduct ward caucusses in adjoining cities and voting precincts. Should this ever occur we think the farmers of the state can safely be counted on to rebuke the responsible party at the next general election, even, if need be, in the face of the oft repepeated assertion of the Pioneer Press, that they are so ignorant and imbecile that the crack of the party whip has more influence over them than the necessity for their own self protection.

Let us then, gentlemen, labor to take this matter of inspection out of politics and place it in the hands of competent and disinterested men.

Much more might be said upon other points in connection with this question but largely in the same direction, and we think it apparent to the most casual observer that all past development of your business with us has been but the overflow and surplus remaining after the "Twin Cities" have had their fill. That the commerce of this section is and has been forced by artificial agencies out of its regular route, and that if Duluth ever assumes the proud position assigned her in the natural order of events, she must refuse to "stand in" with her overshadowing rivals, and cease to allow that rival to dictate her lines of policy and cultivate more friendly relations directly with us.

In short we believe that nature has placed at your disposal every prerequisite for vast and varied commercial enterprises, and in our hands unlimited opportunities for agricultural development. And that our true policy is one of friendly co-operation along the lines of a joint and liberal policy toward each other. May this event be in some degree instrumental in securing such co-operation, and may this excursion ever remain a green spot in your memory.

These remarks were followed by a song by Rev. J. C. Carman, and Hon. E. M. Stanton responded to the toast "The ladies" in a brief but eloquent manner and then the toast-master arose and said that county attorney A. R. Holston would respond to the toast "The Alliance with our farmers, not our farmers' alliance. In getting down from his chair Mr. Stephens in some way tipped it over so that he fell heavily to the floor; rising as soon as possible he said: "Well, that is not the first time I got floored trying to monkey with the alliance," and amid roars of laughter Mr. Holston took the floor. As the hour was late he was very brief and the crowd soon dispersed, the Duluth party to their train, where at 3 o'clock a. m. they left for St. Vincent. They arrived in this city from that trip at 2 o'clock on Saturday and departed for their homes in Duluth more than pleased with their trip and more than ever convinced of the grand resources of this Red River Valley as an adjunct to the future prosperity of Duluth.

YOU THINK YOU WON'T READ THIS, BUT YOU WILL!

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

MRS. BARGAIN:—Yes, we are selling "Fruit of the Loom," "Lonsdale," "Indian Head," and other 10c brands of muslins at 8c per yard—but they will not be sold to dealers or more than one piece to each lady. Yes'm, our assortment of "DRESS GOODS" and "TRIMMINGS" is the most complete and our prices DISTINCTLY the Lowest in the city.

MRS. PROCRASTINATE:—Trade is slow, altogether too slow. The season is going at the usual rapid pace. SEASONABLE GOODS are not going as fast as the SEASON. To keep a stock always fresh and new we sell—We'd rather sell at a loss than carry stock—We deal in goods of Fashion—we sell them while they're new—no matter what the loss.

TELLING PRICES

—ARE—

SELLING PRICES,

SO, HERE GOES!

1 case Prints, worth 8c, for........4½c
1 case Flannels, worth 25c, for........18c
15 pieces Striped Henrietta, worth 30c, for........20c
36 inch Dress Goods, worth 35c, for........25c
Clear Lake Flannels, worth 45c, for........35c
54 inch Flannel Dress Goods, worth 60c, for........40c
A job lot of Underwear, worth 75c, for........60c

And so on throughout the entire stock.

P. S. Our Cloak and Jacket Department is "bulging out" with completeness
Yours in haste,

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

$12,000. $12,000.

WORTH OF

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,

SILVERWARE, NOTIONS,

ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

HAVING decided to discontinue my busines, as my lease expires on Jan. 1st, I now offer my entire stock AT COST or less, as the entire stock must be closed out before that date. My line of goods is now complete, but as nothing will be duplicated when once sold out, those making early calls will find it greatly to their advantage.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler

TOM MORRIS,
The Jeweler,

Will occupy his new store in the new block, corner of Main and Second streets on December 1st. In the meantime he will be found occupying part of the store of the Crookston Furniture Company on Second street, with the largest stock of Jewelry, Watches and Precious Stones ever shown in the city.

TOM'S PRICES ARE ALWAYS RIGHT

and he will guarantee to give the very best value for the money that can be obtained in his line.

LOOK OUT FOR ANNOUNCEMENT LATER.

If you want a good farm of 315 acres ready for crop in the spring, with good, substantial buildings, good fences, artesian water and a fine grove call at THE JOURNAL office. We know of just such a place near this city that can be had cheap.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale that valuable property, the N½ Section 34, township of Rome, range 48, consisting of 320 acres, over 200 under cultivation, 35 acres pasture and over 10 acres planted timber, good buildings, excellent water. Will be sold in whole or in part on easy terms. This would be a good chance for a Norwegian as it is in the midst of a Scandinavian settlement. Will be sold cheap as the owner wishes to leave the country.

For further particulars apply on the premises to

C. KERN, Proprietor.

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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 19, 1891.

Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 77.
1 Northern 75.
2 Northern 70.

J. O. Sundet went below last week.

C. M. Lowe was in St. Paul last week.

I. U. Jennings has houses and rooms to rent.

E. D. Childs went to St. Paul on Monday evening.

As an entertainer our worthy Mayor is hard to beat.

Harry Ives was down to attend the banquet on Friday evening.

Will Attix was in the city from Mentor over night on Monday.

Have you seen the Wilson Company? If not why not? It is a good one.

"The New Theology,"—Episcopal church next Sunday at 7:30 p. m.

If you want good cows call and see what we can do for you. We can sell ou one if you want it.

The train on the Great Northern road was two hours late on Monday morning. Ditto Tuesday morning.

See Mrs. E. E. Bangs millinery ad. elsewhere in this issue. The ladies will do well to take heed thereunto.

Carlos Clough, a Crookston old-timer was down from the Thirteen Towns last week. Mr. C. is coining wealth out there.

Maj. Camp, the local weather prophet of Minneapolis, predicts a long severe winter. We can tell more about it next spring.

E. O. Wilson, of the Wilson Theatre Company, started for Chicago on Monday night. Expects to be back on Friday morning.

Only three more nights of Wilson. Everybody should improve the opportunity to hear a first-class troupe at such reasonable figures.

Well this does begin to look a little bit like winter for a fact. Everybody was thinking about the coal-bin and the wood-pile on Monday.

The Crookston Cornet Band will give a grand hop on Thanksgiving evening at McKinnon's hall. Excellent music will be furnished and a grand good time is assured.

Capt. P. J. Russell says of THE JOURNAL: "It is getting better every issue. Your last issue was a daisy—a local hummer!" Thanks, awfully, Cap., you're another!

Frank Steelman was in from Mentor Monday night to see "Little Dot" at the opera house and he also called to cheer up the printer a bit. Verily he went about doing good this trip.

Miss Amanda Elliott, one of the handsomest of Polk County's handsome school-ma'ams, was married at Blaine, Washington, on November 7th, to Mr. Charles E. Flint, a leading citizen of that place. THE JOURNAL adds its blessing.

H. W. Cleveland, of Mentor, dropped in on Monday to pay us an encouraging visit. Reports that his brother A. H. was quite seriously injured in a runaway scrape last Saturday but is getting along favorably and will no doubt be able to be about again soon.

Hon. J. J. Furlong is up from Austin this week looking after the interests of the Austin hail insurance company and visiting his alliance friends. The Austin company this year is paying their losses in full having done a large business and met with comparatively few losses.

A thresher engine exploded at St. Hilaire last Thursday seriously injuring several men. The report was at first circulated that Ezra Pierce and Lucius Ames were killed by the explosion but that report has since been contradicted and it is now thought that the injured men will all recover.

Walter Morris, of Tilden, dropped in last week to order THE JOURNAL sent to his address. Says now that the markets have been so as to leave a little surplus in his hands he feels as though he must have all the news there is going. Mr. M. had a fine crop of wheat and expects to realize well out of it.

That Irish setter that T. G. Thompson lost a few weeks since was returned to him on Saturday evening. T. G. had put his detective qualities at work and soon located the dog, pulled the string and lo! the dog appeared as natural as though nothing unusual had occurred—but there had.

Jake Ide showed our reporter a magnificent gold watch one day last week and said, "That looks as though there was something in farming this year, dont it? I just bought that watch and the cases alone cost $78." Jake has always managed to get good crops and this year he is getting something near like its worth out of it.

I. K. Mesell was down from Winger Saturday. He complains that he does not get any Crookston mail within 10 days of the time it is sent from here and this is because it is not properly sent. He says it should be sent to Fertile from which point they get mail three times per week. Mail sent via Crookston goes on to White Earth thence to Detroit thence to Fertile and from thence to Winger. It seems this change [illegible].

THEY EXCURT.

Duluth Business Men, to the Extent of a Hundred or So,

Attempt to Capture the City and Are Captured.

OUR GUESTS.

On Friday evening a special, bearing a number of the representative business men of Duluth, members of the Chamber of Commerce, of the Board of Trade, of the Jobbers' Union and of the City Council, arrived at the Great Northern depot at 5 o'clock where they were met and welcomed by the Mayor and reception committee, and preceded by the Crookston Cornet Band and their own band, marched up Robert street to Main, along Main to Second, up Second to Broadway, along Broadway to Robert, down Robert to Main and to the Opera House when, after they were comfortably seated, Mayor McKinnon made the following speech of greeting:

"Upon me devolves the honor and pleasant duty of extending to you, our friends, a hearty welcome to our city. It is useless for me to attemt to convince you of the extent of the welcome which we offer you. It is co-extensive with the limits of our city, and of such fervor as in my humble language I cannot describe or measure in any other manner than to say that the best of what we have is yours. I hope and trust that when you return to your rising and prosperous city that it will be with a warm place in your hearts for Crookston and its people."

The audience then dispersed to mingle with and make the acquaintance of our business men who had turned out to greet them, until the time for assembling in the banquet hall at 8:30.

The following is a correct list of our visitors:

Frank A. Day.	T. C. Abbott.
Frank D. Day.	W. C. Killgore.
F. L. Ryan.	Fred A. Lewis.
F. Omeis.	C. H. Arthur.
J. I. V. Dighl.	W. H. Jones.
J. D. Stryker.	A. G. McKinley.
A. B. Chapin.	J. E. Cooley.
A. C. Otis.	L. A. Barber.
Wm. McRae.	G. H. Kemp.
W. S. Woodbridge.	Page Morris.
W. S. Albertson.	S. A. Thompson.
C. T. Clement.	C. E. Lovett.
Giles Gilbert.	Major Baldwin.
J. C. Mishler.	G. Lind.
G. T. Johns.	L. D. Campbell.
H. Steele.	Geo. Giles.
J. L. Cromwell.	M. L. Fischebein.
F. W. Parsons.	H. C. Crawford.
G. S. Bowman.	M. S. Stakely.
J. G. Dawes.	S. C. McQuade.
C. A. Long.	Geo. J. McManus.
Dr. Sherwin.	W. A. Carpenter.
Dr. McComb.	E. R. Jefferson.
J. P. Johnson.	Dr. Fred Barrett.
W. C. Sherwood.	W. E. Mayhew.
J. M. Smith.	J. E. Granger.
Fred. Reynolds.	A. B. Lange.
Chas. Schiller.	I. J. Mosher.
J. E. Lynds.	Jas. Dongwall.
Geo. H. Crosby.	Geo. F. Ash.
D. A. Read.	R. C. Kennedy.
C. L. White.	Geo. N. LaVaque.
W. W. Davis.	A. M. Morrison.
L. H. Whipple.	D. Greer.
F. A. Clarkson.	C. M. Gray.
F. A. Brewer.	T. B. Perry.
D. E. Holston.	T. W. Abell.
E. O. Jones.	N. J. Miller.
W. A. Pryor.	

J. M. Martin, West Duluth.
Mr. White, Cloquet.

McKinnon Hall was replendent with flags and various decorations and three long tables ran the entire length of the hall, with one across the west end, when the guests and many of our citizens assembled for the banquet, and the hall fairly rang with the music of the Duluth Cornet Band. A. D. Stephens acted as master of ceremonies and right royally did he discharge his duties. After a brief address by Mayor McKinnon the time was pleasantly passed discussing the various viands upon the bountiful board, and then the master of ceremonies introduced M. R. Baldwin, of Duluth, who, in a few neatly chosen words acknowledged the compliments which had been so freely given and in the name of the citizens of Duluth, returned his hearty thanks. A. D. Stephens, in arising to answer the first toast of the evening, said that when he arrived at the depot to greet our guests he at first thought the crowd was some of our returning prodigals from West Superior, but soon saw by their bright, business-like appearance that he was mistaken. Announced the first toast of the evening, "Our Guests," and called upon Judge R. J. Montague, who said:

"FRIENDS:—My pleasant associations with you this evening, the kindly smile beaming from each one and the agreeable surroundings make me almost too full for utterance. To say that you are welcome, that we are pleased to have you with us, is but feebly stating the case. To say that we will treasure up this visit of yours to our city as one of the most pleasing events of the season.

Since we pitched our homes in this fertile valley, in this beautiful city, encircled by the river, fringed by forest trees, we have agitated, in season and out of season, closer trade relations with Duluth. [illegible] We want to buy from you. We want to sell to you. We want to help you build up a great city. We want to ship to you our wheat, oats, cattle, butter, potatoes, cabbage and bananas, which we raise in vast quantities. We want you to eat all you can of these and ship the rest over your great unsalted sea to other marts of trade beyond. We want to buy from you. We want to see your wholesale houses increase. We want to see your drummers on our streets oftener. In a word, we want trade to follow its natural channels. We don't want goods from the far East to come to us by Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis. We want our goods to come by Duluth. We want to help you to get all the money you can from the United States to improve your harbor and deepen canals so that the largest vessels may safely float from Duluth to the Atlantic. We don.t want to pay tribute to Chicago nor its railroads. Our motto is: "Millions for improvements, but not one cent for tribute."

Nature intended Duluth to be a great emporium of trade. If gathered around this festive board to-night, we can in spirit commune with the first man who conceived the idea of building a great city at the head of Lake Superior; we can imagine him standing on the rocky shore where Duluth now stands, gazing over that vast expanse of water, at the rising of the sun and at its sitting, and again in the stillness of the night, when star after star shone on the placid waters of that lake, and again when the storm lashed its waters, gazing in rapture at the sublimity of the scene, enthralled as the ancients on beholding the goddess Aphrodite in jeweled brightness, clothed in grandeur, a sublime apparation appearing from ocean's foam and dashing billows to assert her beauty, power and majesty.

This dreamer, if you so call him, his mind and soul raised in contemplating the mighty possibilities of the future, knowing the buried riches of your mines, and having explored the forests to the west, and knowing that these prairies where we now stand were teeming with the essentials of luxuriant growth and vast wealth, and having knowledge of the vast country beyond, standing there on that rocky shore, seeing this great inland sea, extending into the centre of the continent, scooped out by the Mighty Architect who laid the foundations of the mountains, in secret yet solemn grandeur, knowing that this lake was connected with other lakes to the east, and all connected by a great river with the Atlantic, he might truly say, that a part of the Great Architect's plan was that a great mart of trade should be established on that spot and that there should rise in beauty one of the greatest cities of modern times.

And thus, Duluth was built, and is building, and may her fondest hopes be realized, is our earnest desire to-night. And you, our guests, who have laid the foundations of Duluth and built it to its present greatness, we honor to-night.

Get all the canals necessary to enable the lakes to be utilized to the fullest extent, made, opened, deepened and improved. The people will be amply repaid for the expenditure. Do not hesitate to ask for appropriations; if you have any trouble about it, speak to Kittel Halvorson.

This government is rich, it is ready and willing to spend more money in settling up a little row in Chili than is needed to open half a dozen canals. Yes, President Harrison and Jim Blaine are ready, if necessary, to spend tens of millions of dollars in teaching Spaniards and Englishmen that they can't tread on the tail of Pat Egan's coat.

We regret that you did not get here at an earlier hour, so that you could have an opportunity to see more of our city, and to see some of the beautiful country in this vicinity. We have many things which we wish you to see. Our city has not been built up with that rapidity and energy which some would desire. We are more conservative, we build with our own money; we believe that we can point out to you more buildings in this city that have never been mortgaged, than any new city of its size in the west can boast. We trust that even the short time of your staying with us will be sufficient to enable you to form general ideas of our manufacturing and commercial enterprises.

We would not wish that your ideas in these respects should be vague and indefinite, as was the witness recently in an Iowa court. This witness was a drayman and had a few days prior to giving his testimony delivered a barrel of whiskey to a man who was charged with selling intoxicating liquors in violation of the law. The drayman when asked by the attorney for the prosecution if he had not delivered a barrel of whiskey to the accused, stated that he had delivered to him a barrel but that he didn't know what was in it. When called on to explain, the witness stated that one end of the barrel was marked "whiskey" and on the other end "Pat Duffy," and he didn't know which it was, whiskey or Pat Duffy, that was in the barrel. We want you to be sure before you leave the city which it is, Pat Duffy or whiskey in the barrel.

During the last couple of years a few of our citizens left us, and moved to Duluth, and some others left us, and went to West Superior. We have reason to believe that those who went to West Superior had more affection for their friends in this city than those who went to Duluth, and for this we have a very high regard for them. Those who went to Duluth stayed there, while those who went to West Superior all returned to us, and each one on his return asked us to kill the prodigal because the calf had come home.

In conclusion, we recognize the fact that the objects of your visit and your travels through Northern Minnesota and Northern Dakota are for high and noble purposes. That your desire is to become acquainted with the people, to extend the commerce and trade of your city, to confer upon your city and upon the people of Northern Minnesota and Northern Dakota advantages and opportunities which they have not heretofore enjoyed. Trade and commerce have been and will continue to be the potent agencies for the civilization of mankind, for the upbuilding of the nations, for conferring happiness upon mankind. Enlightenment and civilization follow in the paths of commerce. Commerce and trade make different people and nations dependent upon each other, thus creating a mutual dependence, breaking down the barriers of class hatred and jealousies and promoting peace and unity. Go on in your mission until you connect by the bonds of mutual interest all the people of Northern Minnesota and Northern Dakota with Duluth and teach them that in your prosperity they will prosper, and you will find that your success in making your city the great distributing point for this western country will give pleasure to the citizens of Crookston."

After this speech a song, "Steal Away," was sung by a male quartette, and the toast "The Highway of Commerce," was responded to by Mr. S. A. Johnson, Secretary of Duluth Chamber of Commerce, who prefaced his remarks by saying that he desired to first return thanks for the magnificent treatment they had received at the hands of the citizens of Crookston. His remarks went to show how that Duluth was on the national highway of commerce, and hence direct communication was essential to our progress. President J. J. Hill is a far-sighted man and he has recently rearranged his plans so that St. Paul is no longer his base of operations, but Duluth. We have just been down to see the farmers of Manitoba who will, in the near future, send their wheat to Liverpool cheaper than the farmers on the American side of the line, unless we can change that by deeper water in the canals and direct communication with Duluth. Soon we hope to be united to this fair young city with bands of steel.

A. N. Hixson was called upon to respond to the toast, "Agriculture." He said Polk County contained 2,000,000 acres of land with enough under cultivation to produce 5,000,000 bushels of No. 1 Hard wheat, and not one-third of its area under cultivation. Duluth is to the Northwest what New York is to the Middle States. I expect to live to see the day when she shall have a million inhabitants. The Duluth band here entertained the audience for a brief space, and then Judge Morris, of Duluth responded to the toast: "The New Commercial Revolution," spoke of the vast resources of the Northwest with her immense wheat-fields, her great mineral deposits and vast pine forests, all as yet almost undeveloped and predicted the new commercial revolution as soon as direct communication is had with the head of the great lakes. Said that the County of Polk could better afford to vote a generous bonus to a railroad than to go without the road. To the toast "Crookston, the Gem City of the Northwest," the Hon. Halvor Steenerson responded, giving many statistics in support of its claim. Crookston was founded in 1872, is at the real head of navigation of the Red River, a fact demonstrated when the steamer Dakota in that year brought the lumber for the first frame house in the city, but it dates its real prosperity from 1880, the time when my friend, Judge Montague, and I came. He gave an extended report of the amount of business done here, enumerating our manufactures and other industries; of the saw mill, he said it employs 150 men during the open months, cut 2,000,000 feet of lumber and paid out for help $65,000 this season. Although we have 13 hotels we need one large one. One hotel alone had 12,000 transient guests and another 10,820 during the past year. The band here came to the front with a choice selection, and C. A. Long was called upon to respond to the toast "Duluth," which he did in an able manner. Those Duluth men never tire of talking of their city. "Where is my wandering boy to-night" by a male quartette, the chorus joined in by all present. John M. Martin responded to the toast "Our absent sons, while they are not with us to-night, we love them still." Mr. Martin reviewed in a pleasant and humorous vein his ten years' residence in the Valley and his residence since in Duluth. Did not know why he left here unless it was for the good of this country; thought the only reason why he was elected mayor of West Duluth was as a sort of compliment to this country and wound up by extending a cordial invitation to all present to come down and see him at Duluth. When Mr. Martin finished, loud calls were made for Fred Reynolds, but Fred had skipped and Dr. Fred Basset responded to the toast "What are we here for, anyhow?" in a very humorous little speech that kept the company in an uproar of laughter. Complimented the Great Northern road and hoped it would build to Duluth, but said that Mr. Hill would have to get a move on him pretty soon or he would build a road himself, could do it very easy as he was editor of a country newspaper, and they are all rich enough to build railroads and run them; anyhow they could ride on 'em if they could obtain advertising mileage.

Rev. Geo. H. Kemp responded to the toast "The Shepherd" and paid a high tribute to the members of the Duluth party with whom he had been the rounds so far on the excursion. "Reciprocal Trade as Seen from the Farmer's Standpoint," was responded to by Mr. E. D. Childs who said:

"It is with great pleasure that I rise in behalf of the agricultural interests of this community to welcome the guests of the evening and not only to welcome but to congratulate them as well.

"I welcome you because I sincerely believe that in all this empire of the Red River Valley there is no hamlet so remote, no cabin so humble that the prosperity of its inhabitants is not directly and intimately connected with and affected by the development of the commerce of that great natural highway to which the city of Duluth is and by nature was intended to be the entry port and outlet. I congratulate you because reversing the proposition I sincerely believe that in this empire of the Red River Valley there is no hamlet so remote or cabin so humble but what the prosperity of the city of Duluth is affected in a greater or less degree by the prosperity of its inhabitants, and accepting this twofold proposition as a fact, it becomes apparent that any event which brings our people together, and gives us a better understanding of each other, of our environment and of our possibilities is a fit occasion for congratulation and good fellowship.

Be it ours then this evening to consider carefully and candidly the lines along which we may labor together for our own mutual advantage and advancement.

Stretching westward from this end of Lake Superior is a region of vast and varied resources. First, a region immensely rich in timber and the iron ores; then the fertile acres of this valley, which have this year with less than 20 per cent. of its area under very indifferent cultivation produced upwards of 50,000,000 bushels of wheat, and untold millions of bushels of barley, oats, potatoes and other products; while upon our western borders graze countless herds of cattle and sheep, sufficient in quantity for our home consumption, and to constitute a very important factor in our supply to the people of other countries; while still beyond lies the priceless and but little developed mines of silver and of gold which form the medium of exchange in all civilized countries. To all this vast section filled with these illimitable resources, Duluth is the natural tool gate, the key to which an all wise Providence has placed in your care and keeping, and thus made it possible for you to greatly encourage or largely retard the growth and development of its industries. And let us hope that under the pressure of this tremendous responsibility you will not be found incompetent or unwilling. But may it be yours to so broaden and deepen the channels of your commerce that all, producer, middleman and consumer, may be largely benefitted thereby. Under the conditions of modern civilization two things are prerequisite to a successful development and transaction of business, especially where heavy commodities form the bulk of the transactions, viz., "rapid transit" and the utmost possible convenience in storing and handling the commodities to be transported.

Then that we may cultivate the most closely and profitably the business relations which should naturally exist between us, it is necessary that we be connected by the shortest lines of railway communication, and that these lines be independent of all outside influence and of all entangling alliances which bind them to time tables and tariff schedules formulated by other but not paral el lines which have their centre of operations in St. Paul or Chicago, and with their profits and solvency depending wholly upon the traffic they are able to control between these centres.

Such a system of railway communication direct and independent, would be for Duluth and for this valley what the St. Paul and Duluth Railway has been for Duluth and the Twin Cities, a leveler and arbiter of rates and promoter of mutual prosperity. Should such an one seek entrance to your city see to it with jealous care that no heartless speculator in his greed for personal gain, throttle it with exhorbitant demands for "right of way," lest some rival sitting at your right or left, see its opportunity in your blindness, and by reaching out a helping hand to your illy appreciated ally, snatch from your grasp much if not all the benefits which would inevitably have been yours to enjoy, and a sister state profit from your mistake.

With a shortening of the line of railway communication by some eighty miles (as a direct line would) must come a vast increase in the amount of grain seeking its market at your port, and next in importance to means of communication comes the elevator system which shall handle this vast volume of business.

Whether justly or not the impression has for the past few years prevailed with our farmers, that if our local elevator systems, controlled as they nearly all are from Minneapolis, are not the joint property of the millers and the railway officials (in their individual capacity), that at least these same railway officials have friends and relatives whom they know to be largely interested in them and whose welfare they are more careful to cherish than that of a whole community at a distance of hundreds of miles from their offices. And the fact that while these same roads have found it highly profitable to transport their wheat three hundred miles for 10½ cents per bushel, the elevators have found it convenient to levy a tax of form four to six cents a bushel for their services, has given color to the impression, and been largely instrumental in converting the old Fifth District into a stronghold of alliance principles. Speaking in behalf of my brothers of the plow, I entreat you gentlemen to see that when this direct and independent railroad of which we have before spoken is built, that its elevator system shall be free to all at the lowest possible rates consistent with good business policy, and that its side tracks be open to all who wish to load cars upon them, and that every competing road they cross be compelled to connect with their track, that the freedom of traffic be not impaired.

Equal in importance with the local elevator whose province it is to bulk the products of the farm from the wagon to the car lot, is the terminal elevator whose province it is to convert the car lots into the cargo. And in touching upon these, I feel that I am treading upon delicate ground. We all recognize their absolute necessity, their great helpfulness when properly administered and we all regret that any apparent necessity should have arisen for the state to make official enquiry into their affairs, and we entreat you gentleman, should any of you in the future have control of any of these institutions, to see to it that the cars when unloaded are carefully swept and the total amount credited to the consignor, that your delivery spouts are carefully lined to guard against insidious leaks into "pocket bins," and that your screenings are shipped by daylight under proper billing. Again, gentlemen, do not forget that this chain of great lakes was intended by the Creator to be the public highway of a great people, and that it is unnatural and foreign to a wise public policy, that two or three great corporations should control its facilities for handling any of its staples of commerce to the exclusion of others who wish to engage in the same business, and should any movement arise for the building of independent outlets to be controlled by those directly interested, do not fail to give your united and hearty support, the result will be largely to your benefit.

Next to transportation and handling facilities comes the question of determining the value of the product. Notwithstanding the stoutly maintained assertion of many of our older farmers that the only possible way to secure to them the full value of their grain is to have in each local market as many competing buyers as possible, who shall surround each individual load of wheat as it arrives and the driver strikes it off to the highest bidder, we believe "the world advances and in time outgrows the things that in our fathers' days were best," and that the time has gone by when this method of inspection and transfer is either practical or desirable; it is an age of large transactions and of speedy transfers, and we think it was necessary that some disinterested party should take this matter in hand for the good of all, and that the move to place it in the hands of the state was both wise and timely. But on on the other hand it is not desirable that the department created for this purpose should be a part of any political party machine, or that the test of fitness for the office of chief inspector should be his ability to conduct ward caucusses in adjoining cities and voting precincts. Should this ever occur we think the farmers of the state can safely be counted on to rebuke the responsible party at the next general election, even, if need be, in the face of the oft repepeated assertion of the Pioneer Press, that they are so ignorant and imbecile that the crack of the party whip has more influence over them than the necessity for their own self protection.

Let us then, gentlemen, labor to take this matter of inspection out of politics and place it in the hands of competent and disinterested men.

Much more might be said upon other points in connection with this question but largely in the same direction, and we think it apparent to the most casual observer that all past development of your business with us has been but the overflow and surplus remaining after the "Twin Cities" have had their fill. That the commerce of this section is and has been forced by artificial agencies out of its regular route, and that if Duluth ever assumes the proud position assigned her in the natural order of events, she must refuse to "stand in" with her overshadowing rivals, and cease to allow that rival to dictate her lines of policy and cultivate more friendly relations directly with us.

In short we believe that nature has placed at your disposal every prerequisite for vast and varied commercial enterprises, and in our hands unlimited opportunities for agricultural development. And that our true policy is one of friendly co-operation along the lines of a joint and liberal policy toward each other. May this event be in some degree instrumental in securing such co-operation, and may this excursion ever remain a green spot in your memory."

These remarks were followed by a song by Rev. J. C. Carman, and Hon. E. M. Stanton responded to the toast "The ladies" in a brief but eloquent manner and then the toast-master arose and said that county attorney A. R. Holston would respond to the toast "The Alliance with our farmers," and our farmers' alliance [illegible] in getting down from his chair, Mr. Stephens in some way tipped it over so that he fell heavily to the floor; rising as soon as possible he said: "Well, that is not the first time I got floored trying to monkey with the alliance," and amid roars of laughter Mr. Holston took the floor. As the hour was late he was very brief and the crowd soon dispersed, the Duluth party to their train, where at 3 o'clock a. m. they left for St. Vincent. They arrived in this city from that trip at 2 o'clock on Saturday and departed for their homes in Duluth more than pleased with their trip and more than ever convinced of the grand resources of this Red River Valley as an adjunct to the future prosperity of Duluth.

If you want a good farm of 315 acres ready for crop in the spring, with good substantial buildings, good fences, artesian water and a fine grove call at THE JOURNAL office. We know of just such a place near this city that can be had cheap.

FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale that valuable property, the N½ Section 34 township of Rome, range 48, consisting of 320 acres, over 200 under cultivation, 35 acres pasture and over 10 acres planted timber, good buildings, excellent water. Will be sold in whole or in part on easy terms. This would be a good chance for a Norwegian [illegible] in the midst of a Scandinavian settlement. Will be sold cheap as the owner wishes to leave the country. For further particulars apply on the premises to

O. KERN, Proprietor.

28-31

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39| Minneapolis, Minn.

YOU THINK YOU
WON'T READ THIS,
BUT YOU WILL!

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

MRS. BARGAIN:—Yes, we are selling "Fruit of the Loom," "Lonsdale," "Indian Head," and other 10c brands of muslins at 8c per yard—but they will not be sold to dealers or more than one piece to each lady. Yes'm, our assortment of "DRESS GOODS" and "TRIMMINGS" is the most complete and our prices DISTINCTLY the Lowest in the city.

MRS. PROCRASTINATE:—Trade is slow, altogether too slow. The season is going at the usual rapid pace, SEASONABLE GOODS are not going as fast as the SEASON. To keep a stock always fresh and new we sell—We'd rather sell at a loss than carry stock—We deal in goods of Fashion—we sell them while they're new—no matter what the loss.

TELLING PRICES
—ARE—
SELLING PRICES,

SO, HERE GOES!

1 case Prints, worth 8c, for	4½c
1 case Flannels, worth 25c, for	18c
15 pieces Striped Henrietta, worth 30c, for	20c
36 inch Dress Goods, worth 35c, for	25c
Clear Lake Flannels, worth 45c, for	35c
54 inch Flannel Dress Goods, worth 60c, for	40c
A job lot of Underwear, worth 75c, for	60c

And so on throughout the entire stock.

P. S. Our Cloak and Jacket Department is "bulging out" with completeness
Yours in haste,

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

$12,000. $12,000.

WORTH OF

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
SILVERWARE, NOTIONS,
ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

HAVING decided to discontinue my busines, as my lease expires on Jan. 1st, I now offer my entire stock AT COST or less, as the entire stock must be closed out before that date. My line of goods is now complete, but as nothing will be duplicated when once sold out, those making early calls will find it greatly to their advantage.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler

TOM MORRIS,
The Jeweler,

Will occupy his new store in the new block, corner of Main and Second streets on December 1st. In the meantime he will be found occupying part of the store of the Crookston Furniture Company on Second street, with the largest stock of Jewelry, Watches and Precious Stones ever shown in the city.

TOM'S PRICES ARE ALWAYS RIGHT

and he will guarantee to give the very best value for the money that can be obtained in his line.

LOOK OUT FOR ANNOUNCEMENT LATER.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

On Saturday night, as A. M. Childs' hired man was driving across the track, near T. B. Walker's planing mill, the wagon was struck by a box car and demolished and the man received some ugly cuts about the head. The team escaped uninjured and the man was taken to Dr. Just's office to have his head sewed up and is now doing nicely. A freight train was backing up just as he was crossing and in the darkness he failed to see it until he was struck.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson, general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Geo. Tripp was one of the Mentorites who called to cheer us on Tuesday morning. Speaking of the prospects Mr Tripp said that he believes that all who have hung on so far are all right; that our markets in the future would be very much better and as a natural consequence farming lands would find a good market at something like their real value. The present good crops have given the farmers better encouragement than they have had for several years. He says that Polk County is good enough for him yet awhile.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up nto nice choice steaks. Try Vine once

On Tuesday Nov. 10th, 1891, Joseph Roberton died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Thomas Nesbit, on the Marais, at the age of 47 years. Joe has been a resident of Polk County since 1874 and had amassed considerable property here. A few years since his wife died leaving Joe alone, as they had no children. Though he had been sick for a few days it was not serious enough to occasion alarm, and it was only a very few hours before his demise that he realized that the end was near. Joe was a mason in good standing and had many friends who will regret to hear of his death in the prime of life. He leaves two brothers and one sister.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

The Wilson Theatre Company opened a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House on Monday evening with "The Ranch King," a new play in this city. The house was well filled to greet the return of this favorite company and the audience was highly pleased throughout. John V. Melton, who appeared in the title role, is a new member of the company and is an excellent actor, while the "Ned McDonald," brother to the Ranch King, as played by Lewis E. Streeter, leaves little to be desired. He is a young man and has a very pleasant stage presence, is easy and affable and at once becomes a favorite. These two characters make a strong team together. "Wilfred Mannering" the villain, was taken by our old friend Percy E. McKidd who is as cold-blooded a villain (on the stage) as ever trod the boards. Off the stage Percey is as gentlemanly and companionable a person as one would wish to meet. "Murphy O'Donovan, of royal blood," was none other than the inimitable Edward O'Connor, who kept the audience in a roar with his quaint Irish witticisms and songs. Wilson had him here on his previous visit, in fact he couldn't well keep house without O'Connor. Mr. Hastings was a double, well taken by Lewis E. Streeter. "Pug," daughter of the villain, and adopted daughter of the Ranch King, was so nicely taken by little Dot Farley, the little eight year old daughter of the advance agent, Mr. E. V. Farley, that she fairly waltzed her way into the affections of the audience almost before they realized what she was up to. It seems that this is the first time she has tried that role as the lady who takes that part had been suddenly summoned home by a death in her family and the way little Dot took the character was a surprise to the company, even. She is a little prodigy and, as is too frequently the case with children, she does not seem to be affected in the least. Too much cannot be said in her praise. "Allie Hastings" was well taken by Miss Jennie McAlpine, while "Kate, the wife of the villain," taken by Mrs. Wilson, (whose stage name is Camille Dahl) was extremely good, of course, as Mrs. Wilson is a very clever actress. This reminds us that we have reviewed the entire play and overlooked one of its strongest features, the "Dan, Ned's darky servant," of W. H. Young. Mr. Young was with the Wilson company on its first appearance and was then as now, a great favorite. Young has a make-up that out-Samboes Sambo himself, and his acting is never overdone. As a whole the troupe is composed of ladies and gentlemen who are well up in their profession, studious, courteous and conscientious, evidently striving to gain success by meriting it. If anything, the company is stronger and better than ever before and we predict for this engagement a big run. It is certainly deserving, as we never get so good a troupe here at the prices 15, 25 and 35 cents. Each holder of a ticket gets a number and on Saturday evening the lucky number will get an elegant bed-room sett.

"Only A Farmer's Daughter," was the play on Tuesday evening. Miss Jennie Alpine showed to excellent advantage as "Justine, the Farmer's Daughter," while the versatile powers of Miss Camille Dahl were called into full play in the dual role of Lizzie Stark and M'me Larent. Miss Alma Farley is a pleasing little actress, her "Mollie" being especially good, while as "Mother Stark, of Poverty Hollow," she only need be a little more careful about the youthful vivacity of her tones to be perfect; her make up and action being excellent. Little Dot takes the part of Nellie perfectly as she does everything else. She is indeed a child wonder, the best little actress of her age ever before a Crookston audience. John V. Melton takes his dual character excellently. Lewis Streeter sustains the character of "Harold Lennoy, the wealthy author," in good form while O'Connor, as Sammy Green, is good—he always is though this part is not calculated to call forth his full powers which show at their best in Irish comedy. Our friend Percy McKidd makes a good butler though his strongest point is tragedy one of the most difficult and unappreciative parts to play. As a double dyed cool-blooded villain but few can beat Mac. The plays for the balance of the week not having been fully decided upon cannot be announced in this issue, suffice it to say they are good ones and calculated to bring out the full powers of this excellent company. All who haven't seen them should avail themselves of the remaining opportunities.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. Mrs. E. E. Bangs.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

Hubbard, Nov. 10, 1891.

Mr. Andrew Thompson, who took his son to St. Paul for medical treatment, has returned. He informs us that the boy is much better.

School in district No. 17 closed on Friday and in the evening a very pleasant entertainment was given, consisting of speaking, singing and dialogues. Much credit is due the teacher, Miss Matilda Johnson, of Fisher, for her untiring efforts to make it a success. As one of our friends remarked that evening, it is very gratifying to meet an earnest, faithful teacher. Any district might well be proud of her services.

Rev. S. N. Millard, of Glyndon, missionary for the American Sunday School Union, of Philadelphia, and who organized the Sunday school here, spent Sunday with the Hayes Bros. In the evening he conducted divine services in the school house near John J. Ellingson's.

District school teachers' salaries are not so munificent but what they occasionally need "filthy lucre." But those who earn their livlihood by cheating farm machinery companies (Walter Wood Co. is referred to,) and stealing government timber are always well provided for.

Remember that all are invited to the Sunday school. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. The Supt., J. G. Hayes, and the teachers can prove to you that it is for your spiritual welfare to attend.

Many large flocks of wild geese are in the eastern part of this town.

Wheat here averaged about twenty-eight bushels to the acre.

Any man who allows his cattle to eat other people's grain needs only a few bristles to make a fine hog. He cannot believe in the principles of the political party of which he is a leading member.

Mr. Ball went to Belmont, N. D., last Sunday to hear Rev. Mr. McNamara preach.

Andrew Steenerson made a business trip to St. Hilaire this week.

NEILSVILLE

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal, and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal, for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive, and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal added to the $40 rate from here. Choice of route and close connection with different lines from St. Paul. A sufficient party can get the use of a tourist sleeping car, the cost of which will be for a double bunk $1 to St. Paul and $2 to Chicago. W. W. Fegan,

[31-36] Agent, Crookston.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given, that Hans E. Peterson, of the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1891, assigned all his property to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors.

All persons holding claims against the said Hans E. Peterson are hereby notified to present their claims against him to the undersigned, within twenty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., November 2d, 1891.

C. O. Christianson, Assignee.

Auction Sale.

A. Berthiaume announces a lagre auction sale of Horses, Cows, Young Cattle, Farming Implements, &c., &c., to take place at Gentilly some day next week (probably on Saturday, Nov. 28,) the exact date however will be announced next week in The Journal and by posters. A good chance to secure a good team or a good cow at your own price will thus be afforded.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 14th, 1891.

Bush, Mr Alga—2
Fuller, William B
Gustafson, Mrs E C
Helgorson, Helver
Kolseth, Hans R
Lokken, Peder C
Marshall, Miss Ella
Olsen, Miss Lina
Tolefson, Andreas

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. Wm. B. Dawley, P. M.

$60 REWARD.

FREE FOR TWO MONTHS.

THE HOME MAGAZINE

Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list $20.00
" " next largest list 10.00
" " third " " 5.00
" " fourth " " 3.00
" " fifth " " 2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each. 10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c " 10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.

2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

4 Kansas,
Mrs. Henry Brown, Olathe.
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas. Semple, box 813.
" Amelia Walker.

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.

4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1892, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

A. H. DUNLOP, M. D.,
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
Licensed College Physician and Surgeon Quebec.
Office in McKinnon Block.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS,
ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.	FARM LANDS
N. W. TOWNS	100 or more along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

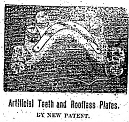
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

Eli Steenerson
—REPRESENTS—
THE CONTINENTAL
Fire Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK,
AND LEADING COMPANIES,
—AND—
Solicits Your Patronage.
Insure with a Home Man in a Reliable Company.
CALL ON ELI
At his office in
LAND OFFICE BLOCK, CROOKSTON.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon,
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT
GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all, at a price within the reach of all.

This process is absolutely without pain and

Call on e ... you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Com'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

G. SLATER. H. ROTHEET, E. N. HILL. J. A. GEORGE.
Chase & Slater Law and Claims Co.,
1331 F Street, Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

WANTED. SALESMEN. Local and Traveling, to represent our well known house. You need no capital to represent a firm that warrants nursery stock first-class and true to name. Work all the year. $100 per month to the right man. Appply quick stating age. L. L. MAY & CO., [26 33] Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen. (This house is responsible.) ST. PAUL, M

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR.

DEPARTMENT STORE
—IS THE—
Cheapest Store in Town
Sells strictly for Cash and marks goods accordingly.
CORNER MAIN AND ROBERT STREETS. } - - { SUCCESSORS TO THE CROOKSTON BANKRUPT STORE.

THE FAIR.

THE FAIR.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.
MONNY
On Real Estace
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,
Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

MEMBERS OF THE
Home Supply Association,
OF CHICAGO.
ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, ETC.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

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Single Buggy Harness. Associa'n prices. My price
No. 2 .... $7.50 $6.50
No. 5 .... 8.75 6.00
Double Buggy Harness.
No. 1?2—no collars, Home Supply price, $15.00
G. W. Peake's " 14.50
Double Farm Harness.
No. B.x C.—Home Supply price $24.25
" " G. W. Peake's " 22.50
No C 33—Home Supply " 25.00
" " G. W. Peake's " 23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply " 28.00
" " G. W. Peake's " 27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply " 28.00
" " G. W. Peake's " 26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top .... 15c to 25c
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Lace Team Collars .... $2.00 to $1.50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks .... 50c per pair
Webb Halters .... 25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle $5.00
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Men's Riding Saddles .... $2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

G. W. PEAKE,
Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
H. RAUEHBUEHLER, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
One-half Block from Depot.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

Valley Roller Mills.
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
North Star,	2.50
Fife,	2.15
Skip Jack,	1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
LEE & HERRICK.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - $12,700
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
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Crookston, Minn.

New LUNCH ROOM,
IVER KROHN, Proprietor.
McKinnon's Block. Main Street.
Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.
ALSO A CHOICE LINE OF
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
GIVE ME A CALL.
I. A. KROHN.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY
BUY OF SLOCUM,
The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.
SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.
—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?
Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.
W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

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ONE PRICE ONE PRICE ONE PRICE
CLOTHING HOUSE.

Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
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To see our Trousers, } Before going elsewhere.

Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

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MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

LAKE PARK FARM.
I HAVE a few Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls which have been bred on my farm, and superior High Grade Heifers in calf, which I will sell for a bargain for want of stable room. They are worth twice as much for this climate as those brought from the south.
THOS. H. CANFIELD,
[30-31] Lake Park, Minn.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

On Saturday night, as A. M. Childs' hired man was driving across the track, near T. B. Walker's planing mill, the wagon was struck by a box car and demolished and the man received some ugly cuts about the head. The team escaped uninjured and the man was taken to Dr. Just's office to have his head sewed up and is now doing nicely. A freight train was backing up just as he was crossing and in the darkness he failed to see it until he was struck.

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The Wilson Theatre Company opened a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House on Monday evening with "The Ranch King," a new play in this city. The house was well filled to greet the return of this favorite company and the audience was highly pleased throughout. John V. Melton, who appeared in the title role, is a new member of the company and is an excellent actor, while the "Ned McDonald," brother to the Ranch King, as played by Lewis E. Streeter, leaves little to be desired. He is a young man and has a very pleasant stage presence, is easy and affable and at once becomes a favorite. These two characters make a strong team together. "Wilfred Mannering" the villain, was taken by our old friend Percy E. McKidd who is as cold-blooded a villain (on the stage) as ever trod the boards. Off the stage Percey is as gentlemanly and companionable a person as one would wish to meet. "Murphy O'Donovan, of royal blood," was none other than the inimitable Edward O'Connor, who kept the audience in a roar with his quaint Irish witticisms and songs. Wilson had him here on his previous visit, in fact he couldn't well keep house without O'Connor. Mr. Hastings was a double, well taken by Lewis E. Streeter. "Pug," daughter of the villain, and adopted daughter of the Ranch King, was so nicely taken by little Dot Farley, the little eight year old daughter of the advance agent, Mr. E. V. Farley, that she fairly waltzed her way into the affections of the audience almost before they realized what she was up to. It seems that this is the first time she has tried that role as the lady who takes that part had been suddenly summoned home by a death in her family and the way little Dot took the character was a surprise to the company, even. She is a little prodigy and, as is too frequently the case with children, she does not seem to be affected in the least. Too much cannot be said in her praise. "Allie Hastings" was well taken by Miss Jennie McAlpine, while "Kate, the wife of the villain," taken by Mrs. Wilson, (whose stage name is Camille Dahl) was extremely good, of course, as Mrs. Wilson is a very clever actress. This reminds us that we have reviewed the entire play and overlooked one of its strongest features, the "Dan," Ned's darky servant," of W. H. Young. Mr. Young was with the Wilson company on its first appearance and was then as now, a great favorite. Young has a make-up that out-Samboes Sambo himself, and his acting is never overdone. As a whole the troupe is composed of ladies and gentlemen who are well up in their profession, studious, courteous and conscientious, evidently striving to gain success by meriting it. If anything, the company is stronger and better than ever before and we predict for this engagement a big run. It is certainly deserving, as we never get so good a troupe here at the prices, 15, 25 and 35 cents. Each holder of a ticket gets a number and on Saturday evening the lucky number will get an elegant bed-room set.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them [illegible]

"Only A Farmer's Daughter," was the play on Tuesday evening. Miss Jennie Alpine showed to excellent advantage as "Justine, the Farmer's Daughter," while the versatile powers of Miss Camille Dahl were called into full play in the dual role of Lizzie Stark and M'me Larent. Miss Alma Farley is a pleasing little actress, her "Mollie" being especially good, while as "Mother Stark, of Poverty Hollow," she only need be a little more careful about the youthful vivacity of her tones to be perfect; her make up and action being excellent. Little Dot takes the part of Nellie perfectly as she does everything else. She is indeed a child wonder, the best little actress of her age ever before a Crookston audience. John V. Melton takes his dual character excellently. Lewis Streeter sustains the character of "Harold Lennoy, the wealthy author," in good form while O'Connor, as Sammy Green, is good—he always is though this part is not calculated to call forth his full powers which show at their best in Irish comedy. Our friend Percy McKidd makes a good butler though his strongest point is tragedy one of the most difficult and unappreciative parts to play. As a double dyed cool-blooded villain but few can beat Mac. The plays for the balance of the week not having been fully decided upon cannot be announced in this issue, suffice it to say they are good ones and calculated to bring out the full powers of this excellent company. All who haven't seen them should avail themselves of the remaining opportunities.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

HUBBARD, Nov. 10, 1891.

Mr. Andrew Thompson, who took his son to St. Paul for medical treatment, has returned. He informs us that the boy is much better.

School in district No. 17 closed on Friday and in the evening a very pleasant entertainment was given, consisting of speaking, singing and dialogues. Much credit is due the teacher, Miss Matilda Johnson, of Fisher, for her untiring efforts to make it a success. As one of our friends remarked that evening, it is very gratifying to meet an earnest, faithful teacher. Any district might well be proud of her services.

Rev. S. N. Millard, of Glyndon, missionary for the American Sunday School Union, of Philadelphia, and who organized the Sunday school here, spent Sunday with the Hayes Bros. In the evening he conducted divine services in the school house near John J. Ellingson's.

District school teachers' salaries are not so munificent but what they occasionally need "filthy lucre." But those who earn their livlihood by cheating farm machinery companies (Walter Wood Co. is referred to,) and stealing government timber are always well provided for.

Remember that all are invited to the Sunday school. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. The Supt., J. G. Hayes, and the teachers can prove to you that it is for your spiritual welfare to attend.

Many large flocks of wild geese are in the eastern part of this town.

Wheat here averaged about twenty-eight bushels to the acre.

Any man who allows his cattle to eat other people's grain needs only a few bristles to make a fine hog. He cannot believe in the principles of the political party of which he is a leading member.

Mr. Ball went to Belmont, N. D., last Sunday to hear Rev. Mr. McNamara preach.

Andrew Steenerson made a business trip to St. Hilaire this week.

NEILSVILLE

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal, and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal, for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive, and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal added to the $40 rate from here. Choice of route and close connection with different lines from St. Paul. A sufficient party can get the use of a tourist sleeping car, the cost of which will be for a double bunk $1 to St. Paul and $2 to Chicago. W. W. FEGAN,

[31-36] Agent, Crookston.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given, that Hans E. Peterson, of the city of Crookston, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1891, assigned all his property to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors.

All persons holding claims against the said Hans E. Peterson are hereby notified to present their claims against him to the undersigned, within twenty days from the date of this notice.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., November 2d, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON, Assignee.

Auction Sale.

A. Berthiaume announces a lagre auction sale of Horses, Cows, Young Cattle, Farming Implements &c., &c., to take place at Gentilly some day next week (probably on Saturday, Nov. 28,) the exact date however will be announced next week in THE JOURNAL and by posters. A good chance to secure a good team or a [illegible]

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 14th, 1891.

Bush, Mr. Alna—2	Lokken, Peder O
Fuller, William B	Marshall, Miss Ella
Gustafson, Mrs E C	Olsen, Miss Lina
Helgorson, Helver	Tolefson, Andreas
Kolseth, Hans R	

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

$60 REWARD.

FREE FOR TWO MONTHS.

THE HOME MAGAZINE

Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list	$20 00
" " next largest list	10.00
" " third "	5.00
" " fourth "	3.00
" " fifth "	2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each	10.00
next 20 largest lists, 50c "	10 00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.

2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

Kansas,
4. Mrs. Henry Brown, Olathe.
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas. Semple, box 313,
" Amelia Walker.

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.

4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

☞ Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1892, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.,
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CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

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Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
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G. G. HENAULT.

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STEAM LAUNDRY.
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
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(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Homeseekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.	FARM LANDS
N. W. TOWNS	100 or more along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health Wealth	In the Northwest: Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates [illegible]
Sweetest Grass Hills [illegible] River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.

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Fire Insurance Co.,
OF NEW YORK,
AND LEADING COMPANIES,
—AND—
Solicits Your Patronage.
Insure with a Home Man in a Reliable Company.
CALL ON ELI
At his office in
LAND OFFICE BLOCK, CROOKSTON.

M. LeGUEE.
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Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT
GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain, and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on o before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
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Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
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" " G. W. Peake's "		14.50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$24.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No. C 83—Home Supply "		25.00
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No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
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Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
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Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.
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Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
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Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

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LAKE PARK FARM.
I HAVE a few Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls which have been bred on my farm [illegible]

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 19, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.....................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South..........	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg........	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

The bit of a freeze-up hindered plowing somewhat last week.

Dr. G. G. Henault left last week for a three week's sojourn in Wiconsin.

It is said another bank cashier has gone wrong, but we don't believe it.

This is the time of year when colds, coughs and throat troubles begin. It is always best to cure such ailments in time, and guard against worse results. A simple proprietary article will often allay what might develop into serious ilness.

A. G. Gallasch was up from St. Paul last week greeting his many friends here.

Henry Nolan and O. O. Christianson got a carload of excellent oak wood from Erskine last week. It cost them $4.10 laid down.

Bring on your job work. We are prepared to do anything in job printing in the latest styles of the art, promptly and at as reasonable rates as first-class work can be done. Give us a trial.

Weather profits are endeavoring to sum up the coming winter. It is altogether probable, owing to the pleasant summer, that our winter will be very severe or very mild—perhaps an average winter! At any rate it will be expected.

The down train on the Great Northern road on Friday night was four hours late. Crowded with men going south from the threshing field.

At Springfield, Ill., a society has been organized to colonize Russian persecuted subjects of all creeds. Senator John M. Palmer is one of the leaders in the organization.

Wm. Kistenmacher returned on Friday morning very much improved in health. He says he has not felt so well in years and is now prepared to enjoy life to the fullest extent.

There are nice distinctions in law and theatricals. It has been decided that stage kissing does not count as kissing in the proper sense of the term at all, and that a jealous husband or wife can base no kind of an action on the "professional kiss," as it is called.

Train robbers have been quite active again of late in the "wild and wooly West." Nothing but a dose of cold lead or a section of rope seems to have any effect upon them.

It is a singular thing that the disposition of persons can very often be told from the manner in which they meet the various crises of life. The energetic, hopeful ones strive to drive away perplexity by a display of activity. The mental weaklings sit with folded hands and nurse their grief or bewail their bad luck without making an effort to throw it off or to overcome the evil.

There are some papers making sport of Dr. Keely's cure for drunkenness. Only those ignorant of the great good he is rendering humanity will doubt the bi-chloride of gold treatment of Dr. Keely, whose valuable discovery has caused him to enlarge the sanitarium at Dwight, Ill., several times. Most wretched patients go to him from all parts of the country, and upon quitting his institution are as free from the clutches of alcoholism as a new-born babe. Many sorrowing and rum-wrecked homes have been made happy again by the chloride of gold treatment of inebriates. Even the names of some newspaper men are registered on Dr. Keely's books. The doctor is now in Europe and it is quite probable that he will open an institution in London similar to the one in this country, but on a much larger scale. No doubt he has good material over there to work on.

An Irish bishop has commenced a crusade against that relic of barbarism, the wake. The church, in his diocese, will withhold spiritual consolation in cases where spiritous consolation is indulged in.

The Temple of Fame, played under the auspices of the ladies of the Congregational church netted the ladies $100. They are deserving of praise for the manner in which the affair was conducted.

Kansas is full of ingenious females, among them a girl named Nellie L. Butler, of Frankfort, who has recently taken out letters patent on a sunbonnet made of galvanized wire covered with thin cloth. She is rapidly making money and a fortune is in sight for the little inventor.

A case is reported where a suit was brought for a female servant's wages, in Wyoming. It was tried by a woman lawyer before a jury of twelve women, and attracted no little attention. We have not learned, however, whether the jury has as yet come to a verdict or are still deliberating!

We have a few choice young cows or sale at reasonable figures. Call early for choice.

The University of Michigan, which was the first full fledged university in the United States to admit women to its halls of learning on equal terms with men, has determined to add women as professors and lecturers to its faculty. In this institution co-education of the sexes has been a pronounced and unqualified success.

How very hard it is to convince people sometimes. It is hard to convince people that sending "duns" on postal cards is an offence against the law. It cost a man in Illinois $45 to become satisfactorily posted, while the debt he tried to collect was but five dollars. Nine hundred per cent. is pretty good commission to pay for collecting a debt, especially when, as in this case, the debt was not, after all collected.

In some places there are two branches of the Salvation Army. There was a row in camp and the forces divided. Both branches are diligently working the highways and byways in their endeavor to save souls. The effect will be the opposite however, if they organize the numerous drum corps contemplated at San Francisco, to be composed exclusively of Chinese. The almond-eyed heathen are not intended for missionary work in this country.

Encouraged by the attempts to produce artificial rain, it is now proposed to ward off frosts by bringing the clouds closer to the earth and creating a fog—wrapping the earth in a wet blanket as it were. The time is not far distant when the American farmer can have any particular kind of weather he wishes. All he has to do is to touch a button, as a guest does in his hotel, and the Agricultural Department will do the rest.

Phrenological.

Henry Ward Beecher from the phrenological point of view is the opening paper of the Phrenological Journal and Science of Health, and in it we learn how much the great preacher craved for his power to his understanding of human nature. Frederick Bly, the blind phrenologist, well known thirty-five years ago, follows: Lines of Beauty is a classical study in the physiognomical line. Illustrated. The Fifth Prize Essay is by a lady known up in Maine for editorial capacity, and is a very readable sketch of experience and observations that will give the reader much useful information. Identity and Imitation. Practical Mental Science in Education is a well written article for skeptics to ponder. The Essential of Early Education is from the pen of an eminent teacher, and in the same department the Journal's English correspondent, Jennie Chappell, pleasantly describes a very well managed nursery and child's hospital in London. The always welcome, because well furnished Health Department has its full complement of practical suggestions. Common Sins Against Health is by the author of The Talent of Motherhood, an article that received not a little attention a few months ago, and Father Kneipp's system of Cure tells of a famous Bavarian Sanitarium. A good paper, is Hypnotism Harmful? comes from a subject of thirteen years' experience and is unique in its way. The editor discusses somewhat ironically That Criminal Type that some scientists are trying to create, and also Convict Labor and Mutual Life Benefit Associations. Price of the number, 15 cents. For the year, $1.50. The three numbers October, November and December, 1891, offered on trial, for 25 cents. Address Fowler & Wells Co., 775 Broadway, New York.

The Toledo Weekly Blade Free.

The proprietors of the Toledo Blade, the best known political weekly of the United States, are making preparations to create a sensation this winter by sending a million specimen copies to as many readers in all parts of the United States, who do not now take that paper. To that end they invite everybody to send the addresses of as many people as they care to, by postal card or letter. Send one name, ten, twenty, one hundred or a thousand. As many as you have time to write, only take care to send correct addresses of people that you know appreciate good reading. It will cost but a little trouble, and the thousands who receive sample copies will feel grateful. Send all the names and addresses you please to The Blade Toledo, Ohio.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

One day last week as Mrs. E. Roberts and Miss Benton were going out home a runaway team collided with their buggy. Mrs. Roberts was thrown out but Miss Benton managed to jump out and catch the team they were driving by the bits thus preventing their running away also. Though bruised somewhat Mrs. Roberts was not seriously injured and was soon feeling as well as ever.

Modern Magicians.

Among the wild tribes of Africa, and equally so among the aborigines of America, the magician, or medicine-man, is looked upon as endowed with spiritual powers. Some are specialists, and among these the most valued and respected are the "rain-makers." Rain being indispensable to the maintenance of either animal or vegetable life, it is not to be wondered at that those supposed to have the power to bring the welcome showers should be reverenced as almost divine benefactors. These are regarded as savage superstitions, but strange to say, "rain makers" have appeared in our day and country. The United States government had a corps of rain makers in Texas last summer, who with a series of teriffic explosions produced rain—with some exceptions. One Melbourne, of Ohio, deluged Cheyenne with water from the clouds, without artillery, baloons, or other visible means. These reports may be exaggerated; they may not be true; and the magicians may be only humbugs. One modern magician, however, has demonstrated a clear title—and he is the inventor of the railroad. Transportation is easy, swift, and even luxuriously comfortable — provided your ticket is bought over "The Burlington," the great scenic and vestibuled line of the Northwest. For tickets, maps, and time-tables, call on any of its ticket agents, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C., B. & N. R., St. Paul, Minn.

ONCE MORE!

Winter excursions. Season 1891! Where? To Toronto, Montreal and all principal points west in Ontario. Rate? $40.00 for the round trip from points in Minnesota and Dakota. When? Tickets on sale Tuesday December 1st, 8th, 15th to 22d inclusive, and Tuesday December 29th. Limit? 90 days from date of sale, which can be extended by payment at destination of ticket of $5.00 for 15 days, $10.00 for 30 days, $15.00 for 45 days, $20.00 for 60 days, and $10.00 for each 30 days additional. Route? Northern Pacific Railroad via St. Paul and Chicago. Accommodations? Pullman sleeping and dining cars to St. Paul daily and on December 1st, 8th, 15th, 22d and 29th, Pullman furnished tourist sleeping cars will be run through Winnipeg to Chicago via Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines, in which a charge will be made of only $2.00 per berth. Tickets will be extended to include points in Quebec (east of Montreal, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island by the addition of one single fare for the round trip from Montreal. For tickets, maps, time-tables, and full information, call on or write to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific,
[30-37] Crookston, Minn.

Reclining Chair Cars.

If you intend going East of South via St. Paul and Chicago, why not take "The Burlington" day train from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Upper Mississippi? This train has one feature not afforded by any other line between the Twin Cities and Chicago; it carries elegant reclining chair cars, which make the journey delightful, easy and comfortable, and no extra charge is made to those occupying seats in them. Insist on the agent giving you tickets via "The Burlington"—C., B. & N. R. R.—and take no others.

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

The Great Northern will sell excursion tickets to Montreal and points west in Quebec and Ontario on following dates: Dec. 1st, 8th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 29th, 1891.

$40.00. FORTY DOLLARS. $40.00.

Tickets are good for 90 days from date of sale, and can be extended longer at a small cost. We are the only line from the Northwest that connects with roads at St. Paul for Chicago and east. Come down and see us.

[30-37] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

Call and see a copy of the Review of Reviews, which magazine you can secure with THE JOURNAL for $1.50. This is one of the best magazines published.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 29th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of J. S. Chapin, executor of the estate of Ella Teal, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Wednesday, the 25th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 29th day of Oct., A. D. 1891.

By the Court, C. M. BENSON,
[29-31] Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DELAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rudolph Jacklin and Bertha Jacklin, his wife, to Farmers' Trust Company, bearing date the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 419, 420, 421, 422, 423.

And whereas the description of the premise in said mortgage contained is as follows: Situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼) and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine, (29), in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west.

And whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company, the owner and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to wit: Six hundred thirty-six and 46-100 dollars, ($636.46), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼), and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine (29) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, in said Polk County and State of Minnesata, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

Farmers' Trust Company,
Mortgagee.

Taylor & Woodard,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
920 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct. 15th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ANDREAS HAGBERG, an unmarried man, of Polk County, and State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Eleanor E. Wilmerding of the County of Suffolk, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of December 15th, A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee, or order; which said mortgage was on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 186; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said mortgagee, Eleanor E. Wilmerding, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable and;

Whereas there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred thirty-four and 82-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, Oct. 12th, A. D. 1891.

ELEANOR E. WILMERDING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[26-32] Crookston, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct 8th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 ($843.66) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Warren D. Palmetier and Ettie Palmetier his wife, mortgagors, to The New England Mortgage Security Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 6th day of July, 1886, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 27 of mortgages, on page 205, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter of Section twenty, (20) Township one hundred and fifty-three, (153) Range No. forty-seven (47) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County, and State, on the 28th day of November, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred forty-three and 66-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated October 6th, A. D. 1891.

The New England Mortgage Security Company,
Mortgagee.

John Cromb, Attorney for mortgagee,
[25-31] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Edith M. Cuniff, Plaintiff, vs. John Cuniff, Defendant. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, John Cuniff, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated June 20th, A. D. 1891.

H. STEENERSON,
E. M. STANTON,
[28-34] Plaintiff's Attorneys, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.)
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak A. Dyrdal and Ingeborg A. Dyrdal, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 174-178; and

Whereas default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $7.37 that became due November 1st, 1889, $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $7.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred ninety-five and 42-100 ($295.42) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), containing 80 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 22d, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G 87]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marcus E. Stockland, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 810-13.

And whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $10.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $12.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred fifty-three and 27-100 ($453 27-100) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-four (24), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-five (45), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 19th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G. 83]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]
Last publication Dec. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($122.40-100) dollars, interest which became due on the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Andrew G. Hanson, a widower, mortgagor to J. E. Boily, mortgagee, bearing date the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 49 of mortgages, on page 143.

And whereas, the said J. E. Boily, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($1,622.40-100) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land described as the southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-four (34), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-four (44), according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 21st DAY OF DECEMBER, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated November, 2d, A. D. 1891.

J. E. BOILY, Mortgagee.

O. TESSIER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
[29-35] Minneapolis, Minn.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, NOVEMBER 26, 1891. NO. 32.

Polk County Journal.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
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NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Manvel Graphic: We have unbounded faith in this great Red River Valley, and it is this faith which stimulates us to endeavor to persuade our eastern friends to visit us and see for themselves what advantages are offered to men possessing brawn and biceps. Young men will find chances here to prosper that no other part of the country offers. Come west, young man, and get rich.

East Grand Forks Courier: Money has commenced to flow quite freely, and scores of farmers in Polk County, where a failure of crop has never been heard of, find themselves this year with more money than they know what to do with. Some of the more fortunate ones are investing in more lands, which even now can be had at cheap prices, though the tendency with most every one having farm lands for sale is to either double the present price, or withdraw their lands from market. Most of the desirable railroad land in this part of the county has been bought up by persons who intend to hold and improve it. Still, there are yet some choice bargains to be had in tracts of 80 to 160 acres. The oldest inhabitant will yet see the day when every quarter section, or at least every half section, will be farmed by one individual. Many of the large farmers, or corporations which control some of the largest farms in the Northwest, are already announcing that a part of their large holdings is for sale. As soon as the few remaining acres of vacant lands are disposed of to actual settlers the price of lands in Polk County will advance at a conservative estimate, 200 per cent. Only a few years ago the railroad lands were offered at $3 per acre, on six years' time, with interests on deferred payments at 7 per cent. To-day the cheapest railroad land to be had is $7 per acre, with a fair prospect that the price will be advanced to $10. A number of tracts which were purchased some few years ago for $3 per acre, have changed hands during the past year at an advance of 300 to 500 per cent, and still as much money can be made to-day by investing in real estate as was realized from investments made a few years ago. To-day all farm lands in the Red River Valley have a standard value, and are sought after by a class of settlers who have come here to stay.

Origin of Thanksgiving Day.

EDNA, Minn., Nov. 23, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: Thinking that some of your readers may be interested in the origin of Thanksgiving day, I enclose the following:

The first record we have of a Thanksgiving Day is the Feast of the Tabernacles, a day appointed by the Lord himself, and the Jews have always observed it. For a number of days they spend their time eating and drinking and doing no work. Great public ceremonies are held besides the worship and sacrifices of each household. The Greeks and Romans also held a feast after harvest, which occurred in September. They had games and sports in the fields and crowned their household gods with flowers.

The first Thanksgiving Day in the United States was observed by the Puritans, who had suffered from scarcity of food for many months after they came to this country. When they gathered their first harvest, Governor Bradford recommended that they come together for the purpose of prayer and praise, and they concluded to have a feast as well. So great preparations were made and the hunters went to the woods and returned loaded with venison and wild turkeys, and the Puritans with grateful hearts invited Massasoit and some of his warriors to the feast. The year following there was a long dry spell; the crops were in such bad condition that it looked as though they might starve to death. A fast day was appointed and for hours the people prayed without ceasing, and the rain began to fall while they prayed. The crops revived and there was a plentiful harvest. Again a day of Thanksgiving was ordered by Governor Bradford. So, gradually, the custom of appointing a thanksgiving after harvest grew to be established, the governors of the colonies appointing the day. During the revolution a day of national thanksgiving was annually recommended by Congress. After the constitution was adopted, Washington appointed such a day, and several other presidents did the same. In 1863 President Lincoln made a proclamation for national observance, and since then a proclamation has been issued each year, the last Thursday in November being set aside as Thanksgiving Day, and Thursday, Nov. 26th, is the day appointed by President Harrison for its observance. Let us follow the good example of our forefathers and meet together at our places of worship and express our gratitude to Him from whom we receive every good and perfect gift, and while we rejoice over the many known and unknown blessings vouchsafed to us, may we remember those less favored and see that they have at least one day in the year something for which they may be thankful.

W. J. N.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Nov. 16.—A very peculiar circumstance is that in the past week three out of the five or six large coal companies doing business at the head of the lakes here have had disastrous fires on their coal docks. A coal dock fire, like a mine fire, is a very hard fire to handle, and is always a very expensive one. Dock fires usually start from spontaneous combustion. With damp coal at the bottom of a pile, and tons upon tons lying on top of it, it is perhaps surprising that there are not more such fires. The damp coal and the pressure together do the business; the fire eats its way slowly at first, and undiscovered, then bursts out at full headway, and its extinction is a matter of days and weeks. If, as has been the case in each of the three fires here, it is in the centre of a dock, the fire is almost inaccessible. A moderate amount of water only augments the flames. A steady and vast volume, enough to drown the fire, must be poured upon it, or it must burn itself out. Usually the coal must be removed. The three fires here have been at the Lehigh docks, Superior, the Pioneer and Northwestern No. 2 docks in Duluth. The first has just been extinguished after two weeks work. The second, after thousands of tons have been carted away from the burning pile and five steamers have been playing on it for several days is nearly extinguished, and the third is burning briskly. To subdue it an alley way is being made across the dock on two sides of the fire, and when the coal inside the alleys is consumed it is expected the flames will be stopped. A half dozen steamers are constantly playing on the fire. This fire has burned through the bottom of the dock and about 10,000 tons of coal have gone into the bay. The total loss will be, on the fires, $200,000. There are few larger coal centres than this, though the nearest mine is 1,000 miles from Duluth. The coal handled here last year amounted to 1,700,000 tons. This year it has amounted to 1,900,000 tons. Possibly will run to 2,000,000 tons. This coal is distributed all over the Northwest. Owing to the freight rates to many points a considerable territory is still supplied by Chicago and Milwaukee which should buy of Duluth. It is a remarkable fact that the average freight rate on coal from Lake Erie points to Duluth is always lower than to Chicago. The soft coal rate from Toledo and Cleveland is usually from 10 to 15 cents more than that on hard coal from Buffalo. This year the average hard coal rate has been 25 cents while it has been 40 to 60 to Chicago. At present the rate to Duluth is only 10 cents—just think of it; 10 cents a ton for a 1,000 mile voyage—while Chicago is paying 70 cents. The price of coal here is slightly above that at Cleveland and Buffalo, for hard. Soft coal is sold at reasonable rates here and so Duluth gets her fuel for manufacturies almost as cheap as Cleveland does here. It adds $1.50 to the price of coal to send it from here to Minneapolis or St. Paul. This is one reason why Duluth can manufacture so much cheaper than any other place in the Northwest. So far as iron and wood manufactures are concerned Duluth's extra cost of fuel over Cleveland, Buffalo or Pittsburg is much more than made up by cheaper raw material, strange as it may seem. The increased supply of coal brought to the head of Lake Superior this year will be all used. There is more money in the Northwest and business will be livelier, so consumers will buy freer. Factories will use much more than last year, while the railroads will probably need twice as much.

The big wheat movement continues without check and the week just closed showed the largest receipts and largest shipments on record. A noteworthy feature of the week is that Duluth receipts were nearly twice as large as those at Minneapolis. This city received 4,881 cars against 1,181 for the same week last year. Minneapolis got 2,881 cars, or just 2,000 less than Duluth. In bushels the receipts were 3,050,000, against the largest previous record of 2,840,000, and shipments were 2,750,000, against 2,358,000 last week. Not as much wheat was shipped as was expected. Prices have gradually worked lower and are now 1½ to 2 cents below last Monday. Duluth prices are still 2 to 2½ cents above Minneapolis.

M. A. H.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 24th, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL.—

The Republicans of the North, who have in the past affiliated with the Alliance and actually voted quite a number of their own party friends out of power and put Democrats or Alliance men in their places, ought certainly to understand the position of the so-called Alliance people of the South. The Charleston News and Courier is one of the leading Democratic papers of the South and it says:

> With the exception of Col. Ellison S. Koitt, all of the Alliance leaders in this State who have exhibited a weakness for the third party movement have pledged their sacred honor to stand by the regular Democratic nominations. If Mr. Cleveland shall be nominated they will support him and work for him to the end. There is not a Southern State, unless it be North Carolina—and we are not willing to believe that even Col. Polk's own State is willing to turn its back on the party—that will not vote for the Democratic candidate for President, whoever he may be. The Alliance has met with overwhelming defeat in Mississippi. In Tennessee the Alliance has permitted its charter to die of inanition. In South Carolina the order is not holding its own. In Florida there are evidences of disintegration. In all the Southern States the Alliance men are first of all Democrats."

The last line in that article is undoubtedly true. The Alliance men in the South are first of all Democrats. In Tennessee the Alliance dictated the nomination of Governor Buchanan and he has been as straight a Democrat as there are in any of the other States. In Alabama they had a majority of the legislature and elected an old bourbon democrat, Pugh, to the Senate. In Georgia they had a majority of the legislature and elected still another bourbon, Vance, to the Senate. In South Carolina the Alliance elected its candidate for Governor and the State has been as strongly Democratic as it was before. In Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina a number of members were elected to Congress by Alliance votes and under pledge to Alliance men and they will all go into the Democratic caucus.

On the other hand, in Kansas the Republican Alliance men turned down their Senator, Ingalls, and elected Peffer to the Senate and seven Alliance men to Congress. In Nebraska they elected two Alliance men and caused the election of a Democrat to Congress. In Michigan they united with the Democrats and sent eight out of eleven Congressmen from that State to the Senate and every one of the eight are going into the Democratic caucus. These are facts and it is useless to disguise them. The Alliance is simply a tender to the Democratic party. Only that and nothing more.

The Democrats are having trouble in Washington. There are three classes now in the Democratic party on the silver question. The New England and middle States—that is New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Ohio—have sixty-six Democrats and most of them are opposed to free silver. The States of the Northwest have fifty Democrats and nearly all of these are in favor of free silver or the present law. The Pacific states have only two Democrats and they are free silver men. The South has 109 Democrats and eight Alliance men who will go into the Democratic caucus, making 117 in all who are for free silver almost to a man. If a free silver man of the radical stripe is elected it disgruntles the Democrats of the new England and Middle States. If any man opposed to free silver is selected and organizes his committees to defeat it, the Democrats of the Western and Southern States will be as sullen and surly as were the Brooklyn Democrats when Chapin was defeated for the governorship of New York. It is a very nice muddle and the Republicans can look on and enjoy the fight.

The Red River Valley of Minnesota.

St. Paul Dispatch.

The most northerly county is Kittson, with a population of about 6,000. It is largely prairie, with timber belts along the streams. It contains 1,385,000 acres, less than half of it occupied. The county seat is Hallock, 370 miles from St. Paul and Minneapolis, with which it has direct connection via the Great Northern railway. The other railway market towns are St. Vincent, Humboldt, Kennedy, Northcote and Donaldson.

The second county is Marshall, with a population of nearly 10,000, and an area of over 1,000,000 acres. It is also prairie, with timber along the streams. Warren, the county seat, is on the Great Northern railway, 330 miles from St. Paul, the other railway towns being Argyle and Stephen.

The third county from the north is Polk, with over 30,000 population. The county seat is Crookston, 299 miles from St. Paul. It is the best settled county in the valley, but has room for thousands more people. The Red Lake River, heavily timbered, runs through from east to west, and lumbering is quite an industry. The Great Northern railway has its main line and several branches in the county, with stations at Crookston, Fosston, St. Hilaire, Wiley, Ives, Shirley, Angus, Euclid, McIntosh, Erskine, Mentor, Dugdale, Benoit, Burwell, Carman, Kittson, Russia, Beltrami, Maple Bay, Fisher, Mallory and East Grand Forks.

The fourth county is Norman with a population of nearly 11,000. The county seat, Ada, is 265 miles from St. Paul. The other towns on the Great Northern railway are Halstad, Hendrum, Perley, Sundahl and Rolette. The surface of the county is well divided between prairie and timber.

Clay is the fifth county. It contains about 12,000 population. Moorhead is the county seat, 241 miles from St. Paul. The other towns on the Great Northern railway are Barnesville, Downer, Sabin, Glyndon, Averill, Felton, Borus, Comstock, Elmer, Finkle, Kragnes and Georgetown. Like the others it it a fine agricultural county, with room for more people.

The sixth county, at the upper end of the Red River, is Wilkin. It is largely prairie, and the smallest and least populous, there being about 5,000 inhabitants in the county. Breckenridge, the county seat, is 217 miles from St. Paul, on the Great Northern railway. The other railway towns are Doran, Campbell and Childs.

Call and see a copy of the Review of Reviews, which magazine you can secure with THE JOURNAL for $1.50. This is one of the best magazines published.

Bring on your job work. We are prepared to do anything in job printing in the latest styles of the art, promptly and at as reasonable rates as first-class work can be done. Give us a trial.

A POPULAR FAMILY.

JENNIE: "How is it, Kate, that you always seem to 'catch on' to the last new thing? Do what I may, you always seem to get ahead of me."

KATE: "I don't know: I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."

JENNIE: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting,

without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafarge deserted her Delsarte class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Eames last evening how his club made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest 'fads,' and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little out-of-the way place?—for you never go to the city."

KATE: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all wants. I very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all, for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household: father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only $2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be cutting us out, as you say we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town. If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

A LIBERAL OFFER.

THE

Polk County Journal

—AND—

Demorest's Magazine

For Only $3.00.

Send your orders to THE JOURNAL office.

Good Opinion.

A dispatch from Moorhead says ex-Gov. McGill and ex-Congressman Comstock are of the opinion that the next great boom would be in Minnesota and North Dakota. They thought farming would push to the front as the safest money-making business that could be engaged in, and that the higher prices would be lasting. Mr. Comstock estimates the wheat crop of the Red River Valley this year at 50,000,000 bushels and its cash value at $40,000,000. What a stride is there! Ten or twelve years ago 5,000,000 bushels was looked upon as remarkable. Comstock & White have traveled extensively all over the West this year. It has been their business to watch real estate transactions. While they have great confidence in the development of Montana and Washington and value the stability of their resources, they say there is no part of those or any states that can equal the Red River Valley and the Park Region of Minnesota in productiveness.

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

The Great Northern will sell excursion tickets to Montreal and points west in Quebec and Ontario on following dates: Dec. 1st, 8th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 29th, 1891.

$40.00. FORTY DOLLARS. $40.00.

Tickets are good for 90 days from date of sale, and can be extended longer at a small cost. We are the only line from the Northwest that connects with roads at St. Paul for Chicago and east. Come down and see us.

[30-37] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

Found—Pocket Book.

A red pocket-book was found about 3 miles southwest of the city, and left in the hands of the chief of police where the owner can secure it by proving property.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,

OILS AND

VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. I have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.

[20-33] D. N. TAYLOR

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

THE MAMMOTH

Gervais—"The Hustler"

HAS THE FINEST DISPLAY OF

Dress Goods, Silk, Flannels, Cloaks, Jackets and Wraps,

☞ IN THE LATEST NOVELTIES AND NEWEST DESIGNS. ☜

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

In Endless Varieties.

CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

In the most Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. GERVAIS, The Hustler

REOPENED

—AT—

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 26, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 73.
1 Northern 72.
2 Northern 68.

Let us all be thankful on this day.

Fred Stauff was in the city last week.

Knute Rollag was in the city on Friday.

I. U. Jennings has houses and rooms to rent.

Hay is selling in this market from $8 to $10 per ton.

See "The President" at the Grand, on Tuesday evening, Dec. 1st.

Lee & Herrick are building an addition to their office at the mill.

The Carman postoffice is to be discontinued on and after Dec. 1st.

T. H. Bjoin commenced threshing on Monday morning. Rather cool comfort.

C. W. Brandborg was acquitted of the charge of murder in the second degree last Saturday, at Fergus Falls.

Frank Hertz has been busy numbering the houses preparatory to the free delivery system.

Men and teams are at work removing the ruins of the old Holmboe store on Robert street.

W. J. Murphy, manager of the Minneapolis Tribune, was in the city on Sunday.

They were not cripples yet the occupants of that lower left box on Saturday evening had only one Foote each.

Frank Hertz will call upon you in a few days to contribute twenty-five cents to the cause of numbering your buildings.

A St. Paul man was up last week trying to rent the Grand Opera House for a year. He could not quite get up to the figures.

Joe Gauche was one of those who stepped in to make glad the heart of the printer this week by a paid up subscription.

W. H. Stuart, one of the early settlers of Crookston, arrived from the west on Monday evening and will spend Thanksgiving in the city.

Herb Mason left for St. Paul on Monday evening to attend the banquet of the newsdealers at the Ryan hotel. Expected to return this morning.

Ed. Munson came up from Mallory on Tuesday and made the JOURNAL a pleasant call. Such calls help us forget the loss of a fine crop wonderfully.

The sidewalk is all laid in front of the new block and the work of finishing is going on rapidly. Some of the rooms will be ready for occupancy at an early date.

When approached for items this week agent W. W. Fegan said to our reporter:—"Can't stop, my time is worth $1,000 per minute now, and I'll have to see you later!"

If you are an expert shot you will have a good chance to get a Thanksgiving turkey at the turkey shoot this morning on the ice, near the St. Louis hotel. Shot-gun or rifle goes.

A number of our subscribers helped to make us thankful for past subscriptions paid up and renewals. We should be duly thankful to see the whole list collected in by the beginning of the new year.

Miss Maud LeGuee finished a six months' term of school and returned to the city last week. Miss LeGuee has the reputation of being one of the best in Polk County's excellent corps of teachers.

Union Thanksgiving services will be held to-day in the Congregational church at 10 o'clock a. m. The Rev. O. H. Elmer, of the Presbyterian church will preach the sermon. Everybody invited.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

This item, at this time of the year sounds funny, but it it is a fact that one farmer living near this city just finished his stacking this week. We are told that there is yet a little grain in shock in the county.

St. Hilaire Spectator: Henry Nolan, the Crookston bridge builder, was in town the first of the week with Commissioner DeMers making repairs on the bridge. Mr. Nolan is a competent man for the work.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

Fisher Bulletin: There was born on Thursday night last to Mr. and Mrs. Uziah Webster, the cutest, cunningest, chin-dimpled little boy that heart could wish for, and as a consequence, friend Uziah is elevated to the highest pinnacle of happiness.

Postmaster General W. B. Dawley informs THE JOURNAL that owing to his great thankfulness of heart on this holiday the general delivery will be open from 8:30 to 10 a. m. instead of 12 as is usual on Sundays and holidays.

Alderman Geo. O. Bubn will be a full-fledged granger next year he having purchased of S. Eliason the southeast quarter section of 10 in Fairfax, with all the teams, machinery, &c., &c. The mayor's example seems to be contagious.

On Thursday last Miss Annie Klinger was married to Mr. Wm. Wagner at the residence of the bride a few miles west of the city, the Rev. G. Harrar officiating. A large number of the friends of the couple were present upon the occasion. THE JOURNAL adds its blessing.

The Wilson company played Little Lord Fauntelroy as a matinee on Saturday afternoon with little Dot Farley in the title role. The little lady took the part better than it was ever played here and won golden opinions from all. Chief Gonyea's little daughter got the prize dolly.

Frank Bivins has sold the river farm to Mr. Desmarais for $25 per acre. He gets $1,000 down and $1,000 on each succeeding 1st day of November until fully paid with interest on unpaid balance at 8 per cent. per annum. There is something over 200 acres in the farm a large portion of it being timber.

On this Thanksgiving Day, if we are disposed to be gloomy in the light of the loss of a crop or anything let us rejoice and be exceedingly thankful that the Minnesota Legislature does not meet this winter to add to the burden of our taxation. Verily, come to think of it the people of Minnesota should rejoice and be exceeding glad.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

Thor Halderson, one of the forehanded farmers of Mentor, dropped in to pay up one year in advance last week. If all who are in arrears on subscription would do likewise it would help us very materially this year. We do not ask impossibilities but we do ask all who can do so to help us out this year either by the cash or by negotiable notes.

On Monday afternoon, at St. Ann's church, Fortuna Benoit was united for life to Miss Mary Gervais, the Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. In the evening a large number of friends of the happy couple gathered at the residence of the bride's brother N. S. Gervais where a sumptuous supper awaited and their friendship was attested in a large number of elegant presents. THE JOURNAL adds congratulations and best wishes.

If you want a good farm of 315 acres ready for crop in the spring, with good, substantial buildings, good fences, artesian water and a fine grove call at THE JOURNAL office. We know of just such a place near this city that can be had cheap.

Read our article headed "This Means You," and if you are the one addressed let us hear from you. If you are a hail-sufferer you are not meant. If you lost your crop from any other reason you are not meant. If you have not been able to thresh and do not expect to be able to do so before Jan. 1st '92, a postal card and a minute's time will suffice to give us some idea when you will be able to settle with us and may prevent us making a mistake in your case.

You cannot find more reading matter than we can supply you for $3.00. Take your choice between Demorest and the Review of Reviews at $1.50.

To day is Thanksgiving Day and there is not a dweller in Polk County who has not something to be thankful for. The county as a whole, has reason to be thankful for a bountiful crop, and while it is true that some lost all the crop they had by hail their condition is very much better than it would have been had the disaster been general. We have to be thankful for the most fertile soil on earth in a healthy climate, and, if we will but stop to consider, we shall find that the sum of our blessings exceeds by far the sum of our adversities. Therefore let us rejoice and be thankful while we may.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up nto nice choice steaks. Try Vine once

The Wilson company finished a week at the Grand on Saturday evening, playing to a full house every evening with standing room only at the last entertainment. The company is exceptionally good, their little baby actress, little Dot Farley, being the best little eight-year-old actress ever before a Crookston audience. As an elocutionist she is hard to beat, and we have heard many an elocutionist of maturer years who could not commence with her recitation of last Wednesday evening. If she lives she will be heard from later. The company promise us a return engagement next spring.

As the state of the weather indicates that beyond a doubt old winter is upon us it will set some farmers to guessing what they are going to do about the wheat crop for next year as the plowing was not half done and spring plowing has never proven to be the best for wheat. Some have decided to put their wheat in on the stubble after a thorough scratching with a spring tooth harrow and in cases where but few weeds went to seed this year we think this plan will work very well, but we believe it will not do as a rule. However, there will be, of necessity, enough of this kind of sowing done next spring to test the question.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

This Means You.

If you have been able to pay up that back subscription and have not done so. We have some bills to settle occasioned by our loss of a fine crop of wheat and if everybody who is in arrears on our list will cheerfully do all they can for us at this time we are confident that we shall be able to meet our bills promptly. while some have called and settled and others have written us that they will do so before the time expires that they can settle with us at the rate of $1.50 per year there are yet a few who have paid no attention to our statements whatever. now while it is true that we have never as yet had to make costs for any of our patrons it is a disagreeable (to us) fact that this year we are compelled to make extraordinary efforts to meet our just bills and if we take a different means for collections, with some, it is not that we desire to do it but because we are obliged to show to those whom we owe a disposition to get their money for them, and if after January 1st, we are obliged to place any of these long due accounts in the hands of a lawyer for collection the parties themselves will be to blame for we have given timely warning, many times over and we now repeat that, if, in the case of a few we do not get settlement by Jan. 1st 1892 they will be collected at the full published rates with costs. We shall take this method because we are obliged to do something to collect these past due accounts and we are fully convinced in some cases that the parties whom we refer to are perfectly able to pay the small amount due us. We propose to find out whether they are or not anyhow, unless good reasons are given us why we should not. This article is not written in an unkind nor vindictive spirit nor do we wish it so construed. We mean simply business. We very much need the amounts due us on subscription this fall and we do not believe that we have a dozen names on our list unable to settle with us, if we have we are willing to make every concession in our power in such cases. THE JOURNAL has always advocated the interests of the common people and will always do that as long as it is conducted by the present management. It only asks all who are interested in the welfare of the people to support it and we believe they will.

Writing to renew his subscription to THE JOURNAL, E. F. Smith says:

"Crops were very light through this section this fall—not more than half a yield. We are having quite cold weather, froze up so as to stop all farm work. Business very dull in Spokane; real estate way down but all are hopeful that when the Great Northern reaches here times will be better. President Hill is here now securing right of way through the city."

If you want good cows call and see what we can do for you. We can sell ou one if you want it.

M. Lefebvre has opened a shoemaker shop on Broadway. The old man used to be famous for making fine boots. Time was when it was only necessary to say of a boot "Lefebvre made it" to insure its admission into the best of society and the owner would be the admiration of all of the belles and the envy of all the beaux in the county. Lefebvre's good right hand has lost none of its cunning and he can still put up the nicest work of any of 'em.

In his perambulations after items this week a JOURNAL reporter made the rounds of the various meat markets to see what good things our citizens will have for their Thanksgiving dinner today. Everywhere was to be seen an almost endless display of poultry and what we saw set us to thinking deeply on one great source of revenue for the farmers of this county. Some of the poultry looked plump and fat and was so daintily prepared and tied up ready for roasting that it looked almost good enough to eat right out of hand while some that we saw was so poor and scrawny that it might have sat for one of those pictures of the rooster who was fattened upon a strawstack threshed by Mr. So-and-so's thresher, and it also looked like it might have been run through a threshing machine itself judging by the large pieces of skin that had been knocked off. On the other hand some of the poorest dressed specimens were fat enough but the manner in which they had been prepared for market rendered them almost unsalable. This led us to reflect upon the problem of why a little more care could not just as well have been taken in making them look nice and tempting, especially as this care would add very largely to their marketable value? Choice poultry brings a good price in market while the other kind is a drug.

Got Fired, Probably.

Fisher Bulletin: The editor of the Bulletin was the guest of Mr. Thomas Erwin and his estimmable lady, last Sunday evening, and we were handsomly entertained. Mr. Erwin is a rare and entertining conversationalist, and his better half dishes up viands in the most delicious style. After a two hours' visit and a sumptuous repast, we were COMPELLED to depart.

This Is Fame.

T. H. Bjoin received a letter last week directed thus: "tom bJohn, Crookston, Minn." It was put into Bjoin's box at the postoffice on trial, and proved to be intended for him all right.

The Republican National Convention will be held in Minneapolis June 7th, 1892.

Vic Fontaine is getting along nicely after the pinch he got between the cruel bumpers. It was lucky that he did not lose his left hand as it was an extremely close call.

The Daily Times appeared on the street on Wednesday. As THE JOURNAL was not favored with a copy we are not prepared to criticise but we will venture an opinion that Mac will do his yallerest to make it go.

Persons visiting their old homes in the East this winter should take along printed matter descriptive of their new homes in the Northwest. Take copies of this paper with you and ask agents of the Great Northern Railway for a supply of publications. [33-36]

O. E. Skaar and H. Svenvig have put up a feed mill adjoining the power house and will be prepared to grind feed of every description, commencing to-morrow morning. As they use water-power they can do their work cheaper than any who use steam power.

Rev. Thomas McClary of St. Paul, who is well known here as an interesting speaker will deliver one of his best lectures next Friday evening at the M. E. church. His subject is "The Girl I Left Behind Me." He treats it as follows: Woman; where she came from, where she is going and how she will get there. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock sharp; admission twenty-five cents. Everybody invited to attend.

St. Hilaire Spectator: Fire was discovered in the rear of the second story of C. G. Rapp's store building last evening about 5 o'clock, but a few pails of water quenched the flames before much damage was done. The fire caught from a defective chimney. Had it not been seen immediately it would have caused a serious fire. It caused considerable excitement as the windows from the south and had the building burned it would have taken the whole block. The chimney was found to be very defective and a new one will be immediately built.

East Grand Forks Courier: Frank J. Cernousek, one of the best informed farmers in Tabor township, and for years past town clerk of the town, as well as postmaster since the post office was established, some years ago, will leave about Dec. 1st for Spillville, Winneshiek County, Iowa, to spend the winter. Mr. Cernousek goes to Iowa for the express purpose of inducing some of his countrymen, now there, to come to the Red River Valley, where a fortune awaits every one who will simply take advantage of the thousand and one opportunities offered. Mr. Cernousek will prove entirely competent to carry his mission to a successful issue.

Harry Wilkins, Esq., in the Chicago Morning News, says: "The President is an amusing play. Many of the incidents are funny. It is better than much of the stuff foisted upon the public as comedy and farce. It is perfectly clean and unobjectionable in dialogue and situations, and the fun is not of the boisterous sort common to the modern farce. Mr. Frank David is an exceptionally good comedian, one who does not depend upon eccentric making up and acrobatic feats to be funny. He is well seconded by Mr. Frank Lane, who plays the part of the easy-going drummer." At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Tuesday evening, Dec. 1st.

Fisher Bulletin: Dr. Lankester, D. G. M. and Thomas Erwin, P. G., of Fisher Lodge I. O. O. F., went down to St. Hilaire on Monday last to visit Mr. Lucius Ames, who is a member of this lodge. They found Lucius much better than could be expected, and made arrangements to have him removed to Fisher as soon as he was able to make the journey, so that the brothers here could give him better attention. This lodge is determined to carry out the true fraternal relationship of Odd Fellowship, so far as it is possible.

The Breeders' Gazette is one of the best if not the best paper devoted to the interest of farmers and breeders and should be in every farmhouse in Polk County. The Gazette will issue a grand holiday number, which will have a costly lithographed cover, and a large number of magnificent engravings of celebrated animals and will be a valuable number to keep. Send 25 cents to the J. H. Sanders Publishing Co., Chicago, Ill., and secure this valuable number or better yet come in and subscribe for THE JOURNAL one year and get the Gazette for $1.50. The regular price of the Gazette is $2 and THE JOURNAL $2 but you can secure both for $3 paid in advance.

Thanksgiving Offering.

If we had only been infalliable, we should have foreseen the season would have been against us, and bought close, but not being able to foresee this, we bought on a liberal scale and "got left." Might as well own it up. Therefore we have decided to offer all our

$18.00 Plush	SACQUES	at $12.00
$28.00 Plush		at $20.00
$35 00 Plush		at $25.00
$40.00 Plush		at $32.00
$15.00 Plush	JACKETS	at $10.00
$20.00 Plush		at $14.00
$25.00 Plush		at $18.00

☞ These are specimen values. Corresponding reductions in Shawls, Hosiery and Underwear; in fact all fall and winter goods.

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ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

HAVING decided to discontinue my busines, as my lease expires on Jan. 1st, I now offer my entire stock AT COST or less, as the entire stock must be closed out before that date. My line of goods is now complete, but as nothing will be duplicated when once sold out, those making early calls will find it greatly to their advantage.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler

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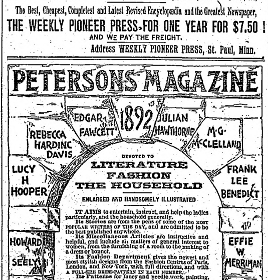

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My farm in Lowell, the E½ of Sec. 18, 320 acres, good buildings, excellent watter, close to town. No use writing unless at least one thousand dollars can be paid down. JOHN KNUPPE,
[82-33] 408 Manhattan Bldg, St. Paul.

Oysters in bulk constantly on hand at the Star restaurant, McKinnon block Main street.

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OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

HUBBARD, Nov. 23, 1891.

H. Simon has put up a new granary on the townsite.

S. Brekke has built a new blacksmith shop.

One of the threshing rigs in town has threshed 50,000 bushels of wheat this season, an average of 1,000 bushels a day.

Joe Ball will finish his term of school in district No. 5, next Friday.

Mrs. J. C. Hayes will spend the winter in Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Elling Ellington at Albert Lea, Minn. Their Hubbard friends wish them a pleasant journey and many happy days with their eastern relatives and friends.

Lewis Seger's best girl wishes him to spend the winter in Beltrami, and he has concluded to comply with her request and will leave here next Saturday.

The party who has lost a year old heifer with a big head and short horns, can find the same at John J. Ellingson's.

The Climax post office has been discontinued.

The case of Keland vs. Johnson for wages, will be tried before Justice Aker next Saturday.

Miss Matilda Berg, of McIntosh, finished her term of school near the post office, Friday last. Both parents and pupils were very much pleased with her services.

A meeting of the old settlers of the Red River Valley will be held at the "Dakota," in Grand Forks, on December 10th, 1891.

Ben. Barick entertained his friends royally last Saturday evening. Two distinguished guests were present—the governors of North and South Carolina.

Confirmation services were held at the Norwegian Lutheran church here yesterday.

Many stacks of grain are still standing in this township.

The "Hog" is still "kicking" alive.

NEILSVILLE.

Very Funny.

New York Clipper.

The story of The President is briefly the following: Christopher Crockett, the prospective president of the Deep Down Mining Company, is, with his wife and their sister, stopping at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, en route for Europe. They read in the newspapers a despatch from the West announcing that Mr. Crockett is an embezzler. His wife is frightened and induces her husband to put on the livery of a servant in order to avoid being recognized by the police. Then the usual drummer, who is trying to find Mr. Crockett in order to sell him a bill of goods, is taken for a detective and a detective is taken for a drummer. Finally the drummer is inveigled into announcing that he is Mr. Crockett. He is thereupon promptly arrested, but instead of being taken to jail is allowed to wait about the hotel in the custody of the detective. Mrs. Crockett, in order to keep up the deception, orders dinner. Mr. Jack Innett, the drummer, orders wines and cigars galore, much to the horror of the genuine Mr. Crockett, who disguised as a servant, is obliged to wait on the table. Just as the false Crockett is about to be taken to jail he receives a telegram from his wife announcing the birth of twins. In his joy he betrays himself and the real Crockett is arrested. At this moment another dispatch arrives announcing that there has been no defalcation, but an error in addition. Frank David as "Christopher Crockett," and Frank Jane as "Jack Innett," were both very funny. At the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Tuesday evening, Dec. 1st.

Credit To Whom Credit is Due.

Grand Forks (N. D.) Daily Herald:—The Great Northern Railway officials are entitled to high credit for the interest they are taking in attracting immigration to the Dakotas and Minnesota this year. This company maintains a regular immigration bureau and not only advertises the country extensively through the press and pamphlet literature, but it has sent representatives to all state fairs and expositions with fine displays of farm products. It is also publishing carefully authenticated statements of farm yields this season, which are having a large circulation in the east. If every railway company in the northwest would do as effective advertising work as the Great Northern, an immence influx of desirable settlers would pour into this state in 1892.

A Very Busy Man.

In each of several states of this Union is a village called Woodside—in what state is the one we are about to mention, we leave the reader to guess. How some of them gained the name, whether because they were on the confines of great forests or not, may be conjecured; but that this particular one was named for a man who was a paragon of busy occupation there can be no doubt. As we write we have his card before us: "Rev. —— Wood, editor and proprietor 'Baptist ——;' proprietor Woodside store, Woodside Blacksmith and Carpenter Shop, Woodside Insurance Office, Woodside Stock and Hay Ranch, Woodside Job Printing Office, Woodside Real Estate Office." Only a meat market and hotel need have been added to make him "sole monarch of all"—Woodside. Rev. Wood, all must acknowledge, was a very busy man. In fact this is a country of busy men, this United States; and the western busy man in particular, when he travels, always selects "The Burlington," as the quickest, shortest, and most comfortable line to reach all the chief cities, and if he wants any information about rates of fare, time, or routes, he calls on a ticket agent of this line, or writes to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C., B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Popular Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

A Dangerous Form of Bribery.

The great commentator, Blackstone, has said that bribery consists in a judge, or other person concerned in the administration of justice, taking any undue reward to influence his behavior in office, or, as stated in an Iowa case, it is giving (and perhaps offering) to another anything of value, or any valuable service intended to influence him in the discharge of a legal duty. The later and broader doctrine is that any attempt to influence an officer in his official conduct, whether in the executive, legislative, or judicial department of the government, by the offer of a reward or pecuniary consideration, is an indictable common law misdemeanor. it will be seen by these definitions that bribery is an act which precedes the act at which it aims, it does not fall within the rule. If I offer a judge to-day a reward to induce him to decide at a future time in my favor, it is bribery; but if he has decided in my favor, and I afterwards present him with a reward, it does not fall strictly within the above definition. And yet this indeed a subtle form of bribery, much more open and evident and base in its effects in this country than bribery according to the definition. Bribery stalks publicly through legislative halls and halls of justice, wearing the thin mask of decency thrown over it in the subtle form which it takes—that of reward after the fact.

Let us see how it works in our courts of justice. In most courts of and dignity there are a certain number of men chosen at the beginning of a term as jurymen. These same men sit upon many cases, not the same twelve on any two cases together, perhaps, but as fast as one case is disposed of the jury is dismissed, and some of the same men at once are called to try the next succeeding case. In most cities it is well known that certain men are chronic jurymen; by some hook or crook they manage to be in the jury box term in and term out. They come to know the judge and the bar personally, forming opinions and prejudices, likes and dislikes, until as fair-minded jurors they are failures. The trial lawyer who is up to the tricks of the forum, is after these men—not to bribe them, of course, but to gain their good will—and how? not by masterly argument, or superior treatment of his case, but by a species of "influence" more powerful than the eloquence or logic of a master advocate. Let us see how it works. Jones is a popular trial lawyer of a certain type familiar enough. Smith is an average juryman. The jury files into the court room agreed on a verdict. Jones proudly hears the word that declares his case triumphant. It takes him about a moment to reach the hand of each juryman as he files out and giving it a hearty grasp, in which is recognized drinks and cigars, the whole company, lawyer and jury, repair to a neighboring resort where the lawyer stands treat. That lawyer is a good fellow. Do you think any of these men are going to allow him a disadvantage in the next case he tries during that term? and some of them will have the chance to give him another decision! The other kind of lawyer is the serious fellow, who wins his case on its merits. The jury decide for him, and, with no other thought in his mind, he nods his thanks to the jury and turns to his next duty, assuming perhaps, that the jury is enjoying sufficient reward in the satisfaction that always comes from doing the right thing. You may say this is an overdrawn picture—that jurymen are not fools nor rogues. The picture is not overdrawn, and is presented to view every day in the year in any city court. All jurymen are not fools and rogues, but there are enough men in any company of twelve susceptible to the influence of men who know how to find the springs of human action, to endanger public justice. Recently a well-known restaurateur ejected a black man from his place and refused him entertainment. The black man sued. The white man won. The jury filed over to the restaurant—the lawyer at the head of the table, the victorious defendant at the other, the jury on both sides. Everything wet and dry "went" on that occasion. The jury then returned to their duties. I am interested to know how many cases that lawyer lost during the balance of that term, with some of these men necessarily on his juries. I have seen juries hang around and wait for the "common courtesies" that have now come to be expected in certain courts. Does the sober and conscientious trial lawyer stand on an even plane with his more genial brother, or has not a species of bribery done its perfect work? Nor is this altogether the fault of the jury system; for judges are not above this sort of influence.

We can give you Demorest's Magazine and THE JOURNAL one year for $3.

If you want a good cow come and see what we can do for you. We have a few more left that we will sell you right. Call early for choice.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 21st, 1891.

Andrews, J.
Bellel, Fred
Jeamer, Eugene E
McCarty, John
Poor, Martin
Wright, Hadley
Bellel, B A
Crofford, Mrs A
Mays, W C
Otis, Mrs Ella
Sages, Frank

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

NOTICE.

Saturday, December 5th, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., is the day set for the monthly meeting of Crookston Alliance, No. 48. I have made arrangments for the City Hall for place of meeting. It is important that all alliance men attend as a great deal of business has accumulated on account of non attendance during the busy season which should be disposed of; also matters affecting the success of our organization demand our attention. All members are earnestly requested to be present. E. STEENERSON, Sec.

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal, and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal, for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive, and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal added to the $40 rate from here. Choice of route and close connection with different lines from St. Paul. A sufficient party can get the use of a tourist sleeping car, the cost of which will be for a double bunk $1 to St. Paul and $2 to Chicago. W. W. FEGAN,
[31-36] Agent, Crookston.

The Ladies Home Journal,

The heart of a woman must be pleased when she sees such a magazine prepared for her special pleasure as is the Christmas Ladies' Home Journal. In every respect is this a model issue. Under a beautiful new cover, printed in a deep red on a background of rich gray, is given a wonderful wealth of good material. Mamie Dickens, the favorite daughter of the great novelist, contributes the first story ever written by her, and this has an interest all its own. Amelia E. Barr has a delightful article on "When I was a Girl;" Mrs. Burton Harrison, author of "The Anglomaniacs," treats at length and most interestingly "Social Life in New York" as only she, as one of Gotham's foremost social leaders, could do; "Christmas on an Old Plantation" is told by Rebecca Cameron, and illustrated by E. W. Kemble; Adelina Patti, Edna Lyall, Mamie Dickens, Lady Mackenzie and Mrs. Kendal write Christmas greetings to American women from 'cross the sea; "The Girl Who Loves to Sing" is told how to train her voice, build it up and preserve it by such eminent singers as Campanini, Clementine De Vere, Minnie Hauk, Maria Roze, Clara Poole and Louise Natali; Hezekiah Butterworth has a long Christmas poem superbly illustrated by W. L. Taylor; The Princess Bismarck is sketched in "Unknown Wives of Well-known Men," while Miss Winnie Davis, daughter of Jefferson Davis, is photographed and sketched under "Clever Daughters of Clever Men;" there is a sweet Christmas story entitled "A Christmas Girl;" Palmer Cox makes his famous "Brownies" have a glorious Christmas tree; Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher continues her glimpses of "Mr. Beecher as I Knew Him," while Dr. Talmage, Maria Parloa, Margaret Bottome, Isabel Nallon and all the sixteen editors of the Journal crowd their departments with the brightest and most readable matter. There is practically no end to the delight in such a magazine as this, and when its price of ten cents is considered, the marvel increases. Twelve such Journals are given for One Dollar a year by The Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia.

Another Fine Chance.

The opening of the Fort Berthold Indian Reservation in North Dakota to settlement adds about 1,600,000 acres to the public domain. A great deal of this land is very choice and there promises to be quite a rush of settlers, especially to that portion along the Missouri and White Earth Rivers. A new government land office for this district was recently established at Minot, N. D., on the line of the Great Northern Railway. Col. W. C. Plummer, the well known North Dakota editor and orator, is receiver of the office. The Colonel will be pleased to answer inquiries about the country. Address him at Minot, N. D.

Reclining Chair Cars.

If you intend going East of South via St. Paul and Chicago, why not take "The Burlington" day train from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Upper Mississippi? This train has one feature not afforded by any other line between the Twin Cities and Chicago; it carries elegant reclining chair cars, which make the journey delightful, easy and comfortable, and no extra charge is made to those occupying seats in them. Insist on the agent giving you tickets via "The Burlington"—C., B. & N. R. R.—and take no others.

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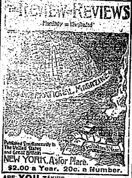

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N W TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
LOW RATS	Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.
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The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all. Call on [illegible] you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.
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QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My price
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	$ 75	8.00

Double Buggy Harness.	
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,	$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "	14 50
Double Farm Harness.	
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Buggy Whip—drop top	15c to 25c
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Webb Halters	25c, 35c and 40c
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I HAVE a few Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls which have been bred on my farm, and superior High Grade Heifers in calf, which I will sell for a bargain for want of stable room. They are worth twice as much for this climate as those brought from the south.
[80-83] THOS. H. CANFIELD, Lake Park, Minn.

Popular Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

A Dangerous Form of Bribery.

The great commentator, Blackstone, has said that bribery consists in a judge, or other person concerned in the administration of justice, taking any undue reward to influence his behavior in office, or, as stated in an Iowa case, it is giving (and perhaps offering) to another anything of value, or any valuable service intended to influence him in the discharge of a legal duty. The later and broader doctrine is that any attempt to influence an officer in his official conduct, whether in the executive, legislative, or judicial department of the government, by the offer of a reward or pecuniary consideration, is an indictable common law misdemeanor. it will be seen by these definitions that bribery is an act which precedes the act at which it aims, it does not fall within the rule. If I offer a judge to-day a reward to induce him to decide at a future time in my favor, it is bribery; but if he has decided in my favor, and I afterwards present him with a reward, it does not fall strictly within the above definition. And yet this indeed a subtle form of bribery, much more open and evident and base in its effects in this country than bribery according to the definition. Bribery stalks publicly through legislative halls and halls of justice, wearing the thin mask of decency thrown over it in the subtle form which it takes—that of reward after the fact.

Let us see how it works in our courts of justice. In most courts of and dignity there are a certain number of men chosen at the beginning of a term as jurymen. These same men sit upon many cases, not the same twelve on any two cases together, perhaps, but as fast as one case is disposed of the jury is dismissed, and some of the same men at once are called to try the next succeeding case. In most cities it is well known that certain men are chronic jurymen; by some hook or crook they manage to be in the jury box term in and term out. They come to know the judge and the bar personally, forming opinions and prejudices, likes and dislikes, until as fair-minded jurors they are failures. The trial lawyer who is up to the tricks of the forum, is after these men—not to bribe them, of course, but to gain their good will—and how? not by masterly argument, or superior treatment of his case, but by a species of "influence" more powerful than the eloquence or logic of a master advocate. Let us see how it works. Jones is a popular trial lawyer of a certain type familiar enough. Smith is an average juryman. The jury files into the court room agreed on a verdict. Jones proudly hears the word that declares his case triumphant. It takes him about a moment to reach the hand of each juryman as he files out and giving it a hearty grasp, in which is recognized drinks and cigars, the whole company, lawyer and jury, repair to a neighboring resort where the lawyer stands treat. That lawyer is a good fellow. Do you think any of these men are going to allow him a disadvantage in the next case he tries during that term? and some of them will have the chance to give him another decision! The other kind of lawyer is the serious fellow, who wins his case on its merits. The jury decide for him, and, with no other thought in his mind, he nods his thanks to the jury and turns to his next duty, assuming perhaps, that the jury is enjoying sufficient reward in the satisfaction that always comes from doing the right thing. You may say this is an overdrawn picture—that jurymen are not fools nor rogues. The picture is not overdrawn, and is presented to view every day in the year in any city court. All jurymen are not fools and rogues, but there are enough men in any company of twelve susceptible to the influence of men who know how to find the springs of human action, to endanger public justice. Recently a well-known restaurateur ejected a black man from his place and refused him entertainment. The black man sued. The white man won. The jury filed over to the restaurant—the lawyer at the head of the table, the victorious defendant at the other, the jury on both sides. Everything wet and dry "went" on that occasion. The jury then returned to their duties. I am interested to know how many cases that lawyer lost during the balance of that term, with some of these men necessarily on his juries. I have seen juries hang around and wait for the "common courtesies" that have now come to be expected in certain courts. Does the sober and conscientious trial lawyer stand on an even plane with his more genial brother, or has not a species of bribery done its perfect work? Nor is this altogether the fault of the jury system, for judges are not above this sort of influence.

We can give you Demorest's Magazine and THE JOURNAL one year for $3.

If you want a good cow come and see what we can do for you. We have a few more left that we will sell you right. Call early for choice.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 21st, 1891.

Andrews, J.	Bellel, B A
Bellel, Fred	Crofford, Mrs A
Jeamer, Eugene E	Mays, W C
McCarty, John	Otis, Mrs Ella
Poor, Martin	Sages, Frank
Wright, Hadley	

Persons calling for the above please say advertised.

WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

NOTICE.

Saturday, December 5th, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., is the day set for the monthly meeting of Crookston Alliance, No. 48. I have made arrangments for the City Hall for place of meeting. It is important that all alliance men attend as a great deal of business has accumulated on account of non attendance during the busy season which should be disposed of, also matters affecting the success of our organization demand our attention. All members are earnestly requested to be present.

E. STEENERSON, Sec.

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal, and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal, for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive, and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal added to the $40 rate from here. Choice of route and close connection with different lines from St. Paul. A sufficient party can get the use of a tourist sleeping car, the cost of which will be for a double bunk $1 to St. Paul and $2 to Chicago.

W. W. FEGAN,
[31-36] Agent, Crookston.

The Ladies Home Journal,

The heart of a woman must be pleased when she sees such a magazine prepared for her special pleasure as is the Christmas Ladies' Home Journal. In every respect is this a model issue. Under a beautiful new cover, printed in a deep red on a background of rich gray, is given a wonderful wealth of good material. Mamie Dickens, the favorite daughter of the great novelist, contributes the first story ever written by her, and this has an interest all its own. Amelia E. Barr has a delightful article on "When I was a Girl;" Mrs. Burton Harrison, author of "The Anglomaniacs," treats at length and most interestingly "Social Life in New York" as only she, as one of Gotham's foremost social leaders, could do; "Christmas on an Old Plantation" is told by Rebecca Cameron, and illustrated by E. W. Kemble; Adelina Patti, Edna Lyall, Mamie Dickens, Lady Mackenzie and Mrs. Kendal write Christmas greetings to American women from 'cross the sea; "The Girl Who Loves to Sing" is told how to train her voice, build it up and preserve it by such eminent singers as Campanini, Clementine De Vere, Minnie Hauk, Maria Roze, Clara Poole and Louise Natali; Hezekiah Butterworth has a long Christmas poem superbly illustrated by W. L. Taylor; The Princess Bismarck is sketched in "Unknown Wives of Well-known Men," while Miss Winnie Davis, daughter of Jefferson Davis, is photographed and sketched under "Clever Daughters of Clever Men;" there is a sweet Christmas story entitled "A Christmas Girl;" Palmer Cox makes his famous "Brownies" have a glorious Christmas tree; Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher continues her glimpses of "Mr. Beecher as I Knew Him," while Dr. Talmage, Maria Parloa, Margaret Bottome, Isabel Nallon and all the sixteen editors of the Journal crowd their departments with the brightest and most readable matter. There is practically no end to the delight in such a magazine as this, and when its price of ten cents is considered, the marvel increases. Twelve such Journals are given for One Dollar a year by The Curtis Publishing Company of Philadelphia.

Another Fine Chance.

The opening of the Fort Berthold Indian Reservation in North Dakota to settlement adds about 1,600,000 acres to the public domain. A great deal of this land is very choice and there promises to be quite a rush of settlers, especially to that portion along the Missouri and White Earth Rivers. A new government land office for this district was recently established at Minot, N. D., on the line of the Great Northern Railway. Col. W. C. Plummer, the well known North Dakota editor and orator, is receiver of the office. The Colonel will be pleased to answer inquiries about the country. Address him at Minot, N. D.

Reclining Chair Cars.

If you intend going East of South via St. Paul and Chicago, why not take "The Burlington" day train from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Upper Mississippi? This train has one feature not afforded by any other line between the Twin Cities and Chicago; it carries elegant reclining chair cars, which make the journey delightful, easy and comfortable, and no extra charge is made to those occupying seats in them. Insist on the agent giving you tickets via "The Burlington"—C. B. & N. R. R.—and take no others.

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Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

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Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.
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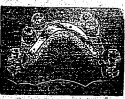

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.
Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.
This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.
Call on or address you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.
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Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
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Terms $1.00 per Day.

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FINE FLOUR
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Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
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Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.
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TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
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BUY OF SLOCUM,
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TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.
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Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.
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CLOTHING HOUSE.

Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
To see our Suits, } Before going elsewhere.
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Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

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I HAVE a few Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls which have been bred on my farm, and superior High Grade Heifers in calf, which I will sell for a bargain for want of stable room. They are worth twice as much for this climate as those brought from the south.
[30-33] THOS. H. CANFIELD,
Lake Park, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, November 26, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

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NORTH DAKOTA,
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MANITOBA,
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TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..........Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South..........	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg.......	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

THE DULUTHIANS.

IMPRESSIONS OF THE TRIP AS RELATED BY DR. BARRETT.

Dr. Barrett, in the Duluth News:—What cities struck us as being the most prosperous? Well, that is hard to say. If there were any that bore more outward evidence of prosperity, I should say Grand Forks, Crookston and Hillsboro. The two former are as marvelous in their way as Duluth. Buildings that would do credit to cities of 100,000 inhabitants adorn their streets. And what is better still, when it comes to public matters, they all pull on one rope—and in the same direction. Where were we received the best? Now that is a difficult question to answer. There were places where we had but a few moments to stop, where we were as warmly welcomed as human hearts could desire. We were clearly made to understand that. Where we stopped long enough to give the people an opportunity to spread themselves they simply covered the universe. We gave neither Grand Forks nor Winnipeg the opportunity they desired—but they had opportunity to convince us we had given them enough time. Crookston was reached in time—and there the most elaborate reception was given us. It was a "corker" and no mistake. What was accomplished by the trip? In my judgment every business man in Duluth will realize and recognize that the expedition was eminently profitable and successful. An interchange of opinions upon all points of material interest—suggestions made and received as to the best way to surmount the obstacles that are to be overcome to bring these great natural allies—Duluth and the Red River Valley—into the relationship that is only natural—closer personal knowledge of each other and of the mutual interests and possibilities—all these will bear fruit, and that right speedily. Next to the great crop, and second only to it, is the desire and hope that they may be able to dump it into the lap of Duluth.

ONCE MORE!

Winter excursions. Season 1891! Where? To Toronto, Montreal and all principal points west in Ontario. Rate? $40.00 for the round trip from points in Minnesota and Dakota. When? Tickets on sale Tuesday December 1st, 8th, 15th to 22d inclusive, and Tuesday December 29th. Limit? 90 days from date of sale, which can be extended by payment at destination of ticket of $5.00 for 15 days, $10.00 for 30 days, $15.00 for 45 days, $20.00 for 60 days, and $10.00 for each 30 days additional. Route? Northern Pacific Railroad via St. Paul and Chicago. Accommodations? Pullman sleeping and dining cars to St. Paul daily and on December 1st, 8th, 15th, 22d and 29th, Pullman furnished tourist sleeping cars will be run through Winnipeg to Chicago via Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines, in which a charge will be made of only $2.00 per berth. Tickets will be extended to include points in Quebec (east of Montreal, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island by the addition of one single fare for the round trip from Montreal. For tickets, maps, time-tables, and full information, call on or write to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific,
[30-37] Crookston, Minn.

We have a few choice young cows for sale at reasonable figures. Call early for choice.

CURED OF INTEMPERANCE.

A MILWAUKEE EDITOR MEETS HIS FAMILY IN ST. PAUL, FREED FROM THE CURSE OF STRONG DRINK.

HE GIVES THE REASONS WHY DR. KEELEY REFUSES TO MAKE PUBLIC THE SECRET OF HIS CURE.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

C. S. Clark, city editor of the Milwaukee Journal, and wife had a happy reunion at the Merchants' yesterday. Mr. Clark had come direct from Dwight, Ill., where he has just received treatment for the use of alcoholic liquors, and his wife arrived on a morning train from Jamestown, N. D., where she has been on a visit to friends. Having been freed from a habit that has cursed his life, he hastened west to meet his loving wife and child, without even stopping off in Milwaukee to greet his many friends who have been waiting to welcome him home. Mr. Clark is a firm believer in the efficacy of the Keeley treatment and tells a wonderful story of his downfall and the marvelous cure which has been wrought in his own case. He said he had been for years trying to break the drink habit, which had so fastened upon him that life had become a burden. He would reform and live a sober life for months, simply to fall again when the temptation was too strong.

His last reformation, he said, had lasted for over a year, but it was a constant fight with his evil spirit. Three weeks ago he attended a banquet, and one glass of wine ended the long struggle. Prior to that he had been championing the Keeley treatment, and when he fell he asked for a leave of absence and left for Dwight. When he arrived there he was under the influence of liquor, but after three days' treatment he voluntarily refused whiskey. Talking of his experience, he said: "On my arrival in Dwight it would have taken me three weeks, in which I would have suffered the agonies of the damned, to have sobered up under the old treatment; but in three days the work of three weeks was accomplished. I was given all the whiskey I desired, but at the end of the third day I refused it. During the remainder of my visit I had liquor on all sides of me, but I had no desire to drink. Before I left home I was never free from a craving for strong drink, but that has left me, and now, on my graduation from the institution, I feel I am a free man.

"While at Dwight I met some of the best known men in the country, and when I left there were 1,000 patients in the institution. There was not a vacant house in the town, and Dr. Keeley, who had lately returned from Europe, telegraphed to Chicago and other large cities that he could not take any more patients. My room-mate was an ex-consul to Europe, and I made the acquaintance of a well known attorney of Stillwater, who has received a cure similar to my own. I am now where I was before I began drinking, but the physicians advise all patients to avoid temptation.

"What do I think of Dr. Keeley? He is a sincere man, and is working for the good of his fellow men. He gave me good reasons why he did not make his discovery known. In speaking on this subject last Thursday he said: "On my arrival in New York from Europe my attention was called by a crowd of reporters to the fact that the doctors were clamoring for a formula of my discovery. I remembered the fate of Dr. Koch and the obscurity into which he had fallen. A premature announcement of his discovery destroyed his reputation. He stood head and shoulders above all other physicians in Germany and now his name is almost forgotten. When he refused to disclose his discovery the cry of "Quack" was was raised, and driven on by the young emperor he was compelled to speak. No sooner had he made known his cure than hundreds of people began to manufacture lymph, which was sold to doctors from all parts of the world. Some that was made became so deteriorated on its way to America that it actually became poison and killed the patients on whom it was tried. Dr. Koch's lymph was a success, but he was held responsible for the effect of the lymph, no matter who manufactured it. To-day his lymph was used with good results all over the world, but Dr. Koch is not "in it." I will not disclose my discovery. It would ruin me and my cure. I will keep it for the wives and mothers of this land. Druggists and doctors have been publishing analyses, but they have not disturbed me. The alleged formulæ have not the first ingredients correct."

Mr. Clark, in a letter published in Saturday's Milwaukee Journal, has the following to say of the death of Col. John F. Miles of New York:

"The death of that eminent man and able writer in New York cast a shadow of deep sorrow in Dwight, but it has not lessened faith here. We all realize with thankful hearts that, although a martyr himself, Col. John F. Mines, by his magazine article, has rescued fully 500 drunkards from sharing his fate, as fully that number came here by reason of his article, and were or are being cured. His was one of the most desparate cases ever taken here, and the only wonder to those who met him and understood his condition is that he stood grandly up for nearly six months. The cause of his final fall was domestic sorrows. He was bordering on paralysis when he reached Dwight."

It has been learned that four or five Duluth gentlemen have purchased from Dr. Keeley the right to use his discovery in New York State. They opened a hospital at White Plains, and it is stated that they are meeting with great success.

Minneapolis Journal:—A brainy grocer in the 5th ward has recently been dunning bad debtors in a decidedly novel way. When a debt is peculiarly aged he sends a little note to the bashful payee, bearing these words and nothing more:

"Tis true
I'm blue,
But a $ or 2
That is due
Me from you
Would help to
Ease the stew
That an I. O. U.
Is passing us throug.
Do you
Tumble to
Our hue?

The sugar and flour dealer declares a dozen debtors have tumbled already.

$75 MONTH $300

Do You Want Employment?

Cy which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month—the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work. If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN OUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right; there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING Aetter write at once. Address

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FOR 1892.

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There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

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LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON QUEBEC.
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THE HOME MAGAZINE

Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list	$20 00
" " next largest list	10.00
" " third " "	5.00
" " fourth " "	3.00
" " fifth " "	2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each.	10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c "	10 00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.

2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

Kansas,
4 Mrs. Henry Brown, Olathe.
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas. Semple, box 810.
" Amelia Walker.

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.

4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1892, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rudolph Jacklin and Bertha Jacklin, his wife, to Farmers' Trust Company, bearing date the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 419, 420, 421, 422, 423.

And whereas the description of the premise in said mortgage contained is as follows: Situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼) and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine, (29), in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north. Range forty-three (43) west.

And whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company, the owner and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to wit: Six hundred thirty-six and 46-100 dollars, ($636.46), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼), and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine (29) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, in said Polk County and State of Minnesata, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

Farmers' Trust Company,
Mortgagee.

Taylor & Woodard,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
920 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

MORTGAGE SALE.

[First publication Oct. 15th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, ANDREAS HAGBERG, an unmarried man, of Polk County, and State of Minnesota, as mortgagor, did, on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1888, duly execute and deliver to Eleanor E. Wilmerding of the County of Suffolk, State of New York, his mortgage bearing date of December 15th, A. D. 1888, whereby he mortgaged to said mortgagee the following described lands situated in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, to-wit: The northeast quarter of Section 26, Township 148, Range 45 west, containing 160 acres, to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars, with interest thereon, according to the conditions of one certain promissory note, with interest coupons attached, bearing even date with said mortgage, and made by said mortgagor to said mortgagee or order, which said mortgage was on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1888, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 37 of mortgages, on page 186; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty dollars, due as interest upon said mortgage on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1890, and on the further sum of forty-eight dollars due as interest thereon on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1891, and the said interest is still unpaid and due; and

Whereas it was stipulated by and between the parties to said mortgage, that if default should be made in any of the conditions or covenants therein contained on the part of the mortgagor, to be kept and performed, that then and from thenceforth it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns to consider and declare the whole sum secured thereby as immediately due and payable without notice to said mortgagor or any other party; and

Whereas, the said mortgagee, Eleanor E. Wilmerding, has exercised her option to consider and declare and does hereby consider and declare the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage to be due and payable and;

Whereas, there is now due, and claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred thirty-four and 82-100 dollars, and no proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained, and therewith recorded, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the land therein described, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of Polk County, at the front door of the Court-house in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash; to pay the sum due on said mortgage, together with taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty Dollars attorney's fees therein stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated, Oct. 12th, A. D. 1891.

ELEANOR E. WILMERDING,
Mortgagee.

JOHN CROMB, Attorney for Mortgagee,
[26-32] Crookston, Minn.

[First publication Oct. 29th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. Edith M. Cuniff, Plaintiff, vs. John Cuniff, Defendant. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, John Cuniff, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated June 20th, A. D. 1891.

H. STEENERSON,
S. M. STANTON,
[28-34] Plaintiff's Attorneys, Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.)
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak A. Dyrdal and Ingeborg A. Dyrdal, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:15 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 174-178; and

Whereas default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $7.37 that became due November 1st, 1889, $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $7.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred ninety-five and 42-100 ($295.42) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), containing 80 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 22d, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G 67]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marcus E. Stockland, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 310-13.

And whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $10.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $12.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred fifty-three and 27-100 ($453 27-100) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-four (24), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-five (45), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25 00) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 19th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee, [28-34] [N. G. 85]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]
Last publication Dec. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($122.40-100) dollars, interest which became due on the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Andrew G. Hanson, a widower, mortgagor to J. E. Boily, mortgagee, bearing date the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 49 of mortgages, on page 148.

And whereas, the said J. E. Boily, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($1,622.40-100) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land described as the southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-four (34), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-four (44), according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 21st DAY OF DECEMBER, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated November, 2d, A. D. 1891.

J. E. BOILY, Mortgagee.

O. TESSIER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
[29-35] Minneapolis, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
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McKinnon Block, Crookston

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 1st, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL.—

For three days a part of the speakership contest was carried to New York, Messrs. Crisp, Mills and Springer having gone to that city to endeavor to secure the votes of the twenty-three New York Democrats and the fourteen New England Democrats. It is said, and presumably with truth, that the New England Democrats with the exception of two had determined to support Mills while the New York Democrats would consolidate under the direction of the Tammany Tiger in favor of Crisp. Mr. Mills denied the report that he had pledged himself against free silver to secure the support of the New England Democracy and Mr. Crisp declared that he had made no arrangements with the Tiger. All three of these gentlemen have been coquetting, however, with the Tiger and with New England. It would be a foregone conclusion that, if any one of these should receive the consolidated vote of the East, he had made pledges which prevented him from organizing a movement in favor of a bill for free coinage. There are but three Democrats in Congress from Pennsylvania and east of there who will not vote against free coinage and out of the fifty-two Democratic members not less than forty-five of them would vote to repeal the present silver law. Outside of these fifty-two there are probably twenty more who will agree with them and the announcement of Cleveland that he was opposed, as heretofore, to free silver has increased the number in the south and west where Cleveland is looked upon as a sort of Democratic demi-god or Chinese Joss. These eastern and middle States gentlemen in the Democratic ranks need not bother themselves on this question. The speaker of the next House of Representatives will make a committee on coinage, weights and measures that will report a free coinage bill and all efforts to the contrary will be futile.

The grand meeting at Indianapolis did not materialize in the strength that was expected. The lowest estimate of the number of people who were to be there was 15,000, and the more enthusiastic of the boomers of this movement made it 70,000. As a matter of fact the attendance did not materially increase the floating population of Indianapolis and the opening address was made in a hall which seats 5,000 people and there were less than 500 present. There was trouble in the camp, too. A part of the Farmers' Alliance members wanted a third party and another portion did not. The Third Party Executive Committee was there and they succeeded in capturing a majority of the delegates to each one of the five organizations present. The result has been the agreement to hold a conference on the 22d of February next and the people's party, the Farmers' Alliance, the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, the Federation of Labor and the Knights of Labor will each be represented by 25 delegates with one for each ten thousand members. This conference is authorized to set forth a platform of principles to be submitted to each of the old parties. It is well understood that neither of the old parties will accept this platform and then Jerry Simpson and other third party men declare that they will adopt the declaration as a platform and nominate candidates behind whom there will be more than four million votes. The anti-Subtreasury men in the Alliance attempted to present a protest against the Subtreasury and Land Loan Bill and were severely sat upon, whereupon they withdrew, published a call for a meeting at Memphis, Tennessee, to organize a Farmers' Alliance in opposition to the principles laid down in the Ocala platform, and then sent out a two column article in which they accused McCune, the general secretary, of having wrecked the alliance stores in Texas and made a fortune out of it or of having tried to sell the party out and various other little crimes of like nature. Altogether there seems to have been a very inharmonious time at the meeting in Indianapolis.

So that every one may understand distinctly the condition as to political power in the next House of Representatives, we give the political complexion of the Members from each State, in groups as to locality:

NEW ENGLAND STATES.

	Dem.	Alli.	Rep.
Maine	0	0	4
Vermont	0	0	2
New Hampshire	2	0	0
Massachusetts	7	0	5
Connecticut	3	0	1
Rhode Island	1	0	0
	14	0	12

MIDDLE STATES.

	Dem.	Alli.	Rep.
New York	23	0	11
New Jersey	5	0	2
Pennsylvania	10	0	18
Ohio	14	0	7
	52	0	38

WESTERN STATES.

	Dem.	Alli.	Rep.
Indiana	11	0	2
Illinois	18	0	7
Michigan	8	0	8
Iowa	6	0	5
Minnesota	8	1	1
Wisconsin	8	0	1
Nebraska	1	2	0
Kansas	0	7	0
N. Dakota	0	0	1
S. Dakota	0	0	2
Colorado	0	0	1
Wyoming	0	0	1
	50	10	24

PACIFIC STATES.

	Dem.	Alli.	Rep.
California	1	0	5
Idaho	0	0	1
Nevada	0	0	1
Oregon	0	0	1
Washington	0	0	1
Montana	1	0	0

SOUTHERN STATES.

	Dem.	Alli.	Rep.
Alabama	8	0	0
Arkansas	5	0	0
Florida	2	0	0
Georgia	6	4	0
Kentucky	10	0	1
Louisiana	6	0	0
Maryland	6	0	0
Delaware	1	0	0
Mississippi	5	2	0
Missouri	14	0	0
N. Carolina	8	0	1
S. Carolina	5	2	0
Tennessee	8	0	2
Texas	11	0	0
Virginia	10	0	0
W. Virginia	4	0	0
	109	8	4

These figures show that, with the eight Alliance votes which will surely go with them, the Southern Democrats will have 117 votes and the Northern Democrats 118. This is the first time in the history of the party that the Democrats of the north have had a majority of the votes in the Democratic caucus of the House of Representatives.

But neither the Democrats from the North nor those from the South are all agreed with each other as to the proper policies to pursue in the incoming Congress.

The Democrats from New England, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania are opposed to the free coinage of silver. These will be reinforced by a few other Democrats from Ohio, other Northwestern States and the South. Some of this wing of the party will even insist that the present law, providing for the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver per month, shall be repealed.

On the other hand, almost every Democrat from the South and West is pledged in favor of a free coinage law. It is doubtful if, with the Republicans uniting with the Eastern and Middle State Democrats, a free coinage law can be passed. This question of free coinage will be a factor of great importance in the selection of the candidate for Speaker. The free coinage men are determined that no one shall be nominated who will not agree to make a coinage committee that will report a free silver bill, whilst on the other hand the Democratic opponents of free coinage will endeavor to secure the nomination of some one who will not appoint such a committee. As, however, there not probably more than 85 out of 235 Democrats who are opposed to free silver, it may be taken as an assured fact that a free coinage speaker will be elected.

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal, and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive, and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal added to the $40 rate from here. Choice of route and close connection with different lines from St. Paul. A sufficient party can get the use of a tourist sleeping car, the cost of which will be for a double bunk $1 to St. Paul and $2 to Chicago. W. W. FEGAN,

[31-36] Agent, Crookston.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Dec. 1.—The street car system of Duluth is becoming a very extensive one. There are now on Superior street and on the main line to West Duluth about nine miles of double track electric line, from Superior street to Woodland Park five miles more, of which 1½ are double tracked, making the total of the trackage about 25 miles. The system in use is the trolley wire, and there are no better roads in the country than this. The company has its line equipped with 60 pound steel rails, the finest of cars and gives the best of service. For next year the extensions planned include about three miles to Lakeside, and a mile on Duluth Heights, connecting the chief parts of that division with the elevated cable road which runs up Seventh avenue west, from Superior to Ninth street, a distance of little less than a mile. In addition to this service is the line of the Duluth Belt Line road from West Duluth to Bay View Heights, which is three miles long. In all, Duluth has over 26 miles of road which belongs to her street car system, and this will soon be greatly increased.

The line to West Duluth runs in competition with Short Line trains, and although not yet fully completed it is taking traffic away from them. Eventually it will have nearly all of it. The company finds that to take care of its business it must increase its rolling stock about 50 per cent. It will provide for its West Duluth line cars 35 feet long, with a capacity for 125 passengers. A new line is under construction from Fourth street to a point on Woodland avenue, to give the Woodland Park road a better grade, and so increase the character of its service to that rapidly growing suburb.

The elevated cable road, which was opened Monday for traffic, is one of the finest roads of its kind to be found anywhere. It is built on great columns of solid masonry, so high above the streets as not to interfere with traffic on them. From Superior to Ninth street it is 2,975 feet long, rising in that distance 515 feet. Outside the stone foundation and pillars the work is all iron and steel. At the top is an immense power house, with an engine of 1,000 horse power. There are two cars, run by great wire cables. Their hoisting capacity of 80 tons per car. These cars will carry not only passengers but vehicles of all kinds. It takes but a short time to make the trip to the top. The grade is not nearly so heavy as that on the various Pittsburg planes, but it is much longer than any other road of the kind there or in other cities. In most roads of the kind the greatest care of the engineer is to provide for the safety of the passenger, and the ordinary road has three modes of stopping a car and preventing accidents. This road has five, or more than any other road in the country, and so perfect are they that it can be said to be almost impossible that an accident can occur. The chances are not one in ten thousand. At Ninth street the elevated road touches the terrace drive, of which most visitors to Duluth are acquainted, and also Highland avenue, a new thoroughfare opened through Duluth Heights as far back as the fifth division, and on which will be constructed the electric line spoken of above. This will open up the prettiest and most available tract of the big hill against which Duluth, for a distance, is built, and it is expected will have the effect of stretching out the boundaries of the residence portion of the city.

Until 15 months ago Duluth suffered from poor street car service and little of it. Mules had always been the motive power. Now everything runs by electricity, except the elevated road, and that this new and improved service is playing a most important part in the development of the city is easy to be seen.

The excitement over the proposed purchase by the city of the gas and water works which now belong to a private corporation, is all over. For a while it was very great. For a day or two there were a good many sensational features to the question, one of which was the belief by many of a great over-estimate of the values of the plants by the expert engineer employed by the city. The question of purchase was decided by vote of the people in the negative and by a large majority.

Duluth had another big week in wheat receipts and shipments. Receipts last week were 2,489,490 bu. and shipments 2,169,148. Both were cut down by bad weather. So far this month the receipts have been 8,900,000 bu., and for the entire 30 days will be over 10,000,000, or 1,000,000 more than the champion record of October. From September 1 to Saturday receipts here were 24,638,541 bu. and shipments 20,424,696. Minneapolis for the same time had received 21,880,700 bu., or 4,868,000 bu. less than Duluth. Yesterday and to-day about 1,400,000 bu. have been shipped. The vessel charters run up to December 5th, and the total between now and that time will be 4,000,000 bu. more or about 33,000,000 bu. for the season. This will be 13,000,000 bu. more than Duluth has ever before shipped in one season.

The vessels carrying wheat are making great money now, though they must necessary take great risks. The latest charters were at 9½ cents to Buffalo, or 2 cents advance in the week. The new whaleback barge 117 took as her initial cargo 93,000. At 9½ cents this will bring her in $8,835, and the profits would be in the neighborhood of $8,000. The risks of navigation now are very great. HAYS.

More Peaceful News from Chili.

It is announced that the Chilian Government is now disposed to make the reparation that justice demands for the inhuman murder of United States seamen in the streets of Valparaiso. It is to be hoped that the statement will prove true. The United States has no desire to enter into a contest with Chili or any other South American nation. The Monroe doctrine, which is as vital to-day as at the time of its promulgation, binds the United States to repel by force, if necessary, any attempt of European monarchies to establish a kingly form of government in Latin America. In addition to this moral protectorate, the best interests of this country and South America lie in amicable and reciprocal trade relations.

There is every reason why Chili should be friendly with the United States. It is the wish of this nation to see every South American republic prosperous and independent. The course of our government in the matter has been exceedingly temperate. Nothing like a blustering or bullying tone has been at any time assumed. We have asked only the satisfaction of justice. Nevertheless it has been evident that the moderation of this government arose from no lack of firmness, and that all the resources of the nation would be called upon if they were needed to enforce justice. It is a matter for sincere congratulation if the Chilians have concluded to grant the reasonable demands of the United States.

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

The Great Northern will sell excursion tickets to Montreal and points west in Quebec and Ontario on following dates: Dec. 1st, 8th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 29th, 1891.

40.00. FORTY DOLLARS. $40.00.

Tickets are good for 90 days from date of sale, and can be extended longer at a small cost. We are the only line from the Northwest that connects with roads at St. Paul for Chicago and east. Come down and see us.

[30-37] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

Out in Montana.

S. O. Hinsdale, in Fergus Falls Journal.

I left here some weeks ago over the Great Northern, went through the Devils Lake country and thence to Great Falls, Mont., a town that I am much pleased with. I tell you, great business is there. They are now erecting a bank building, to cost $125,000. What makes the town? Its water power and mining interests. A smelter is here which has already cost $500,000 and will cost $3,000,000 to complete. From Great Falls I went to Armington, in the Neihart and Barker mining country; thence by stage to Lewiston, the county seat; and thence to Maiden, a mining camp. Here I stayed two weeks and inspected the mining interests. I am pleased with the prospects. The mines produce silver, gold, lead, etc. There is a great chance to make money in mining property and real estate in all these places.

Small Farms Pay Best.

An argument in favor of small but well tilled farms is to be found in cases like the following, clipped from the Park River (N. D.) Gazette-Witness: Edward Code, from 7 acres, measured, threshed 414 bushels of wheat, or 57 1-7 bushels per acre, the grain being also measured. This was a small piece of timothy sod, in prime condition for a crop. Benjamin Code, from 12 acres of grass sod, threshed 620 bushels, or nearly 52 bushels per acre. In Rolette County, N.D., according to the Dunseith Herald, John Frost threshed 618 bushels from 12 acres, an average of 51½ bushels. Arthur Scott, in the same county, had 2,846 bushels of oats from 28 acres, an average of 102 bushels. The Manvel (N. D.) Graphic claims the ribbon for Harry Bushaw, of Grand Forks County, who had 132 bushels of wheat from two acres of summer fallow land. Both land and grain measured by doubtful persons.

The Minneapolis Times has discovered that Blaine can call the turn on the presidential nomination. Some people are naturally slow but the Times man breaks the record.

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[20-63] D. N. TAYLOR

MARTIN O'BRIEN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn

Something About Winds.

To the Amerian, with his practical views and iconoclastical materialism, wind is simply an agitation of the atmosphere. Before the advent of steam, he ground the meal for his daily bread with the aid of wind; he avails himself of it yet to waft his trading vessels across the sea. If it is gentle, he calls it a breeze; if it comes with a sudden rush, roar and whirl, depositing his house on the next quarter section, his cattle in the next township, and makes him hunt the cellar in a hurry, he names it a cyclone—and proceeds to get himself together again. The ancients, however, with their tendency to "see sermons in stones and books in running brooks," personified all things in nature and named the winds—Boreas, the North wind; Eurus, the East wind; Zephrus, the West wind; and Notus, the South wind. These were the sons of Astræa (the star man) and Eos (the dawn). Just at this time people in the Northwestern states are (some of them) dreading the piercing blasts of Boreas and thinking about a flight to the orange groves of Florida or California. The line for the south bound traveler to take is "The Burlington," which has its own tracks to Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joseph and Omaha, where close connections are made with the railways leading South, South-West and West. Through tickets and full information can be had from agents of "The Burlington," or by addressing W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, C., B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

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I. O. O. BLOCK, ROBERT STREET. GERVAIS, The Hustler

REOPENED

AT

JOHN WYATT'S

Undertaking Parlors,

East Side of Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supplies, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway. Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Polk County Journal.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.
Crookston, December 3, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 73.
1 Northern 72.
2 Northern 68.

Lots of wheat came in on Monday.

Geo. Q. Erskine was in the city this week.

See notice of Currie's auction sale elsewhere in this issue.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 73 cents for 1 Hard.

Dr. Dunlop was registered at a St. Paul hotel one day last week.

Comrade Snyder expects to get a machine to finish his threshing this week.

E. D. Childs reports that Childs & Co. raised 40,000 bushels of wheat this year.

John O. Wells came up on Tuesday morning for a few days visit to the farm.

Hon. H. Steenerson went over to Grand Forks to attend court on Tuesday.

J. D. McPhee and wife, of the Lockhart farm, start this week for a visit east.

The Tribune gives up the evening field to the Times and takes the morning field.

The Republican State Central committee will meet in St. Paul on December 8th.

A good chance to buy beef stock at the combination sale on Saturday, Dec. 12th, 1891.

A. A. Olds is under the weather this week. Says he has a genuine attack of LaGrippe.

W. O. Wilson has the job of clearing the wreck of the Reckett building on Robert street.

Joseph Hoch went down to Wabasha County last week after a carload of nice corn-fed hogs.

Munson Bros. were up from Fertile on Monday settling with S. L. Collins for machine extras.

Fred Durand folded his tent like the Arabs and made a quiet sneak on the twin cities this week.

W. E. Slocum has taken possession of rooms in the Fournet block as a residence for the winter.

The Journal is informed that A. Danielson recently sold a quarter section of land for $5,000.

If you have some good oats and are behind on subscription, call and see us. We want 1,000 bushels.

A new sidewalk is being laid on the east side of south Main street in front of the Hack & Gallasch lots.

Did you observe that beautiful bright rainbow on Tuesday afternoon, Dec. 1st? An event worth remembering.

Rev. R. H. Battey expects to exchange pulpits with the Glyndon Congregational pastor on Sunday next.

They say that doctor M. Leguee can "yump" higher than any actor on the stage. Mike denies this, however.

Martin Lally has gone out to the lumber camps. The company expects to put in a larger cut than ever before.

If you want lots of reading matter for the coming long winter evenings, call in and see what we can do for you.

Fred Teidt was down from Euclid on Monday. Says farmers are improving the fine weather to finish their threshing.

Everybody seemed to be improving the warm spell on Monday, judging by the way the storm porches and windows went up.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. Mrs. E. E. Bangs.

That was a surprise party, that rain on Tuesday afternoon. Everybody asked his neighbor—"well, what next, I wonder?"

Marshal Barlow brought over another prisoner from East Grand Forks this week to take the place of the one recently escaped.

Comrade J. W. Kelley and wife, of Sletten, came down on Monday evening remaining in the city until Wednesday morning.

Dr. M. Leguee is kept busy attending to the wants of the equine family. He has been so busy that he could not get his threshing done.

I. U. Jennings is daily expecting his new furniture. He is an old experienced hand at the business and knows how to buy as well as how to sell.

If you want a good winter cow, remember the combination auction sale at Brown's old barn on 5th street on Saturday, Dec. 12th, 1891.

Rev. F. C. Whitney and family departed for his new field of labor on Monday evening, accompanied by the best wishes of hosts of friends.

Comrade Snyder talks of a visit to the old home east some time in January if he can get through threshing and have enough left to settle up all around.

I. U. Jennings will open a new furniture store immediately upon the arrival of his new stock now on the way. Expects his goods some time this week.

Geo. Vine is nursing a sore rib caused by a fall by which he cracked one of those useful members. George is right on deck to attend to all orders, just the same.

Mrs. M. Mossefin is reported to be seriously ill.

Mrs. Casper Sands has been quite ill for a few days.

Fred Durand returned on Wednesday morning from the twin cities.

County Attorney Holston took a run over to East Grand Forks this week.

This has been a busy week for The Journal force, thanks to our friends.

Skaar & Svenvig have their feed mill in running order ready to grind out all orders that may be received.

Rev. Gill, of Glyndon will occupy the pulpit at the Congregational church on Sunday next day and evening.

Remember the combination sale of stock and machinery at Brown's old stables on Saturday, Dec. 12th.

Dr. G. G. Henault returned on Wednesday morning looking as bright and fresh as one of dad's new dollars.

On Tuesday evening, Dec. 1st, Mr. Leon Wichterman was united for life to Miss Kate O'Brien, the Rev. R. H. Battey officiating.

If you want a good cow come and see what we can do for you. We have a few more left that we will sell you right. Call early for choice.

Louis Berthiaume reports that the sale held at the residence of Leocadie Fontaine, at Gentilly on Monday last was well attended and everything sold well.

Rumor says that Moe is trying to rent that new house at Mentor. That spoils our calculations and knocks our little prophecy plum out in the first round.

The Red Lake Falls Gazette has suspended publication and the outfit, we are told, will go to Great Falls, Mont., where O. M. Holmes will start another paper.

Rev. W. Becker, pastor of the German Lutheran church in this city, and Miss Emma Laux, were married on Sunday last, Rev. M. J. Westphal officiating.

Johnny Ackermann, of Stephen, Minn., talks of starting a restaurant in Hack & Gallasch's old building on the corner of Main and Second streets, at an early date.

A meeting of the Old Settlers Association of the Red River Valley is to be held at Grand Forks on December 10th. All who came previous to 1880 are eligible to membership.

St. Paul is making heroic efforts to capture the Democratic National Convention. We hope she will succeed as easily as Minneapolis captured the Republican Convention.

Miss Susie McFate, of Mentor, was in the city the guest of Miss Belle Kyle the latter part of last week and left for Grand Forks on Sunday morning to visit with friends in that city.

Geo. Vine, of the Robert street meat market, informs us that his trade is excellent this summer. He purchases nothing but the choicest beeves and well understands the art of cutting up into nice choice steaks. Try Vine once

The Reckett block has been boarded up to enable the workmen to do the finishing work. The heating apparatus is up and in working order and the block will soon be completed.

Rev. J. C. Whitney preached his farewell sermon at the Baptist church on Sabbath day. Mr. Whitney has made many friends while he has lived in this city who will regret to see him go.

The winter term of the district court will commence next week. Capt. Von Bornstadt, the regular court stenographer will be on deck again, having safely returned from his foreign tour.

It keeps W. E. Walker guessing nowadays to provide storm-windows. He managed so keep up with his orders until the glass gave out and then he had to sit still and swea—t until more came.

Now is the time to invest in city property before the coming tide of immigration causes it to double. There is money in our city property at present prices and the wise investor will catch on now.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

I. U. Jennings is selling a stock of merchandise in the Jacobus block on east Broadway. As it is a stock taken on execution the price of an article cuts no figure in the sale—the only object is to sell the goods.

The Times is a daily visitor at The Journal office since Tuesday evening. Mac thoroughly understands journalistic courtesy and the Times is a bright, spicy little sheet. The Journal extends the right hand of fellowship.

Al. Vine came down from Warren on Monday with a carload of cattle for St. Paul, and told a Journal reporter that he expects to bring back a carload of hogs. Moreover Al said that he intends to come to Crookston to live this winter.

Tom Bjoin commenced threshing a week ago Monday and has had all kinds of luck since having been obliged to quit several times owing to cold weather and breakdowns. He finally got to work again in good earnest on Tuesday.

Persons visiting their old homes in the East this winter should take along printed matter descriptive of their new homes in the Northwest. Take copies of this paper with you and ask agents of the Great Northern Railway for a supply of publications. [33-36]

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

If you want good cows call and see what we can do for you. We can sell ou one if you want it.

Frank Arnold and Louis Columbus have rented the opera house. The boys take hold like old hands at the business and The Journal wishes them success.

A few English sparrows have evideidently decided to make their home in Crookston. These birds are said to be great nuisances and the proper thing would be to exterminate them before they become too numerous.

Somebody said Dave Robinson was the handsomest policeman on the force, but when the question was referred to Dave that official said he had heard nothing about it. If that was his only qualification he was ready to go on the retired list.

Hoch & Ott do not intend to be left on choice meats with which to supply the growing demand for their trade. They handle nothing but the very choicest animals and invite your patronage. Call and see what the boys can do for you.

Mrs. D. McLennan, after having completed the work on the farm returned to her city residence last week to spend the winter. She raised an average of 28 bushels of wheat per acre which sold for 85 cents per bushel. We call that good farming.

Uncle Bailey says it's no use to nominate Blaine for president as he is too good a man and too strong a man to be elected. Says they should take some man who could be elected. Well, trot out your man, Uncle Bailey; name him and—we'll see.

Anybody wishing to dispose of a cow, a horse or a pig or a sheep or any article of farm machinery can do so by paying a proportionate share of the costs of sale. Be sure to list the same with the secretary or at this office before Thursday, Dec. 10th.

Geo. Vine: "I was wishing all the time I saw that boxing business at Rauch's that I had not a broken rib in my body. I should have liked to step into the ring a minute or two till I surprised that fellow. I believe I could have given him pointers."

Mine host Heidrich, of the Minnesota House, informed a Journal reporter that he proposes to retire from the hotel business and go to farming. Says he makes more clean money on his farm than he can in the hotel business and likes farming better, anyhow.

Monday morning opened out warm and bright and set the threshing machines humming right merrily again. A month of such weather would just about finish up the threshing if the machines all kept at it. Some are tied up for the winter owing to the scarcity of help.

We have received no official notice of the publication of the daily Times but have seen a copy on the streets. Mac starts the thing right by taking the telegraphic franchise—which no daily has ever attempted before in this city and without which no daily can succeed.

"The President," a farcical comedy in three acts, was presented at the Grand Opera House on Tuesday evening to a fairly good house. It is a play full of comical situations that keeps the audience busy laughing, when well played, and it was well played on Tuesday evening.

Our thanks are due to the many who have called to settle past due subscriptions during the past week, also to those who have called to see about it or written us. Such palpable evidences of appreciation are the true life of a newspaper without which they can in no wise prosper.

N. A. Fulton writes The Journal that the Hawley creamery is still running at full blast and will continue to do so all winter if the supply of cream keeps up. They are rushed with orders for butter at 30 cents per pound which makes the dairy business very profitable for farmers in that vicinity.

It is expected that a large number of horses, colts, cows and heifers, calves, sheep, pigs, hens, turkeys and farm machinery will be offered for sale at the combination auction sale on Saturday December 12th, 1891. There has been a large lot already listed and all who wish can contribute.

Grunde Tollefson, of Sletten, was one of those who called on Tuesday to drop a nickel into the slot to keep The Journal going. Mr. T. says this has been the best year yet for farmers in his neighborhood. He raised 1,000 bushels of good wheat and had it all secured before the big rains set in.

E. E. Abbott was one of the jolly Mentorites who called at our den on Wednesday to see the fighting editor—he being out Abbott paid—his respects to the financial editor. Says he sees noted improvements in our city since his last visit in June last.

Last year the subscriptions to the fund for the current expenses of the Congregational church amounted to a sum sufficient to meet those expenses in full at the end of the year. This is a very encouraging showing under the circumstances and we trust that it will be fully as good next.

Engineer Geo. Ralph was down from the reservation last week and returned this week to finish up. He expects to have his contract finished up by January 1st. Says there is some excellent farming land on the reservation and more of it that isn't. The reservation will be chiefly valuable for pine.

Now is the time to invest in Polk County farms before the coming tide of immigration causes the present prices to double. If you think of buying a farm and wait until next spring before before you do so you will regret it. Now is the time while the land is offered at far less than its actual value.

R. J. Montague:—No, I do not think St. Paul will succeed in capturing the Democratic Convention. If the Democrats are wise they will select Omaha. That is the strategic point. Of course I should like to see St. Paul get it but if I was a Democrat I should look more to the party interests than to any other consideration.

In his weekly issue of Saturday the Times man says: "The Times force wants to give thanks to-morrow as well as the rest of humanity. We all want to rest up, etc." Very proper thing to do, young man; to rest up and give thanks on Sunday but we really can't see the necessity for an apology for doing what everybody naturally expects.

There will be a sociable at the Reading Room next Friday evening, given by the Junior Society of Christian Endeavor. This is the first of a series of social entertainments to be given by the different societies of the Congregational church this winter. Everybody invited old and young. Music, lunch and lots of fun. Don't miss it, now—Next Friday from 6 to 9 p. m., at the Reading Room.

Thanksgiving Day was duly observed in this city. Services were held at the Congregational house, the other churches uniting. The room was appropriately decorated with the fruits of the abundant harvest and grateful hearts acknowledged the bountiful gifts from the Great Giver. Afterward, at the homes the turkeys were duly gobbled with or without the thankful heart as the case might be.

S. A. Barteau Jr., is in the city this week in the interest of the St. Paul Globe. Sidney (everybody used to know Sidney) spent a part of his boyhood days in this city and we naturally claim him as a Crookston boy and are pleased to see him occupying a position of trust upon a great daily. He has been in this position but a short time but is said to be one of the best canvassers on the Globe staff.

"I have got utterly disgusted with that Bill Snort business," said J. A. Crofts to The Journal man on Saturday last, "and I have just been down to the office to stop it and I want The Journal to keep right on coming to my address. The Journal is a good sound paper and I am never fearful of getting any such disgusting doses when I pick it up. Let it come right along as long as it continues to be as good as now."

Comrade A. Burnam and son and Mr. Sebastian returned on Saturday from their trip to the Red Lake Reservation. They left the train at McIntosh and proceeded from there by wagon some 50 or 60 miles. Comrade B. took a severe cold on his return trip which laid him up and we have not seen him but we learn that he was so well pleased with the prospects that he intends to gobble up a section of pine land.

It seems that after A. D. Tice had succeeded in getting a dray to haul his beef up from the depot his trials had only commenced, as, when he went after it he found that it was in a car so situated that he could not get at it. He waited in the city till Monday morning and then took the train for home leaving the beef to be unloaded by the butcher if he could ever get access to the car or to be paid for by the company.

S. M. Dainerd, the St. Hilaire hustler, dropped in to see us on Tuesday and said he really did not see how he could get along without this great family Journal, so we enrolled his name on our list in good shape. Besides dealing extensively in lumber, Mr. Dainerd is a large cattle buyer, buying generally in the fall for the next June market. S. M. is a stalwart Blaine man so he went to the theatre in the evening to see "the President."

A goodly number of new subscribers during the past week serve to encourage us greatly at this time. The Journal has ever striven to advocate the best interests of our common, every-day people, and the success we are having convinces us that we are accomplishing our purpose. The Journal is not owned or controlled by any clique or faction, political or otherwise, but is published in the best interests of the common, every-day people, and when they seem to appreciate us we are happy.

INFALLIABLE!

If we had only been infalliable, we should have foreseen the season would have been against us, and bought close, but not being able to foresee this, we bought on a liberal scale and "got left." Might as well own it up. Therefore we have decided to offer all our

$18.00 Plush SACQUES at $12.00
$28.00 Plush SACQUES at $20.00
$35.00 Plush SACQUES at $25.00
$40.00 Plush SACQUES at $32.00
$15.00 Plush JACKETS at $10.00
$20.00 Plush JACKETS at $14.00
$25.00 Plush JACKETS at $18,00

☞ These are specimen values. Corresponding reductions in Shawls, Hosiery and Underwear; in fact all fall and winter goods.

AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

$12,000. $12,000.

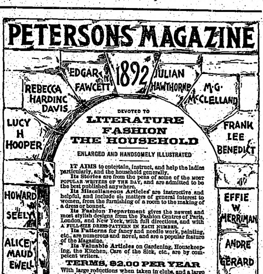
WORTH OF

JEWELRY, CLOCKS,
SILVERWARE, NOTIONS,
ACCORDEONS, VIOLINS, FANCY GOODS, ETC.

AT YOUR OWN PRICE!

HAVING decided to discontinue my busines, as my lease expires on Jan. 1st, I now offer my entire stock AT COST or less, as the entire stock must be closed out before that date. My line of goods is now complete, but as nothing will be duplicated when once sold out, those making early calls will find it greatly to their advantage.

C. H. SAAKE, Jeweler



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Its Valuable Articles on Gardening, Housekeeping, the Kitchen, Care of the Sick, etc., are by competent writers.

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OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING.] Crookston, Minn

COMBINATION AUCTION SALE!

A number of farmers who lost their crops by hail, and who have a few head each of horses, colts, cows, heifers, steers and calves have been talking of holding a combination auction sale and have decided on holding it on Saturday, December 12th, 1891, at Brown's old sale yard (now run in connection with Lankester & Young's stable) on Fifth street, Crookston, Minn., where will be offered for sale a number of good milch cows, heifers and calves, a number of good work horses, mares and colts, farm machinery, &c., &c., too numerous to mention. All parties who wish to dispose of any animal or any farm machinery can do so by paying their proportion of the costs of sale. All articles to be sold should be listed with the secretary of the sale on or before Thursday, Dec. 10th, or we will list them at The Journal office upon application.

TAKEN UP.

One red and white cow, eight or nine years old, with crumpled horns; also one speckled cow, about five years old; came on my premises on Section 16, town of Fairfax, about Nov. 20th. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

[33-35] Theo. Greenhalgh.

A Card of Thanks.

I wish to sincerely thank all who have so kindly visited me during my sickness and, in so doing have aided me much both in body and mind. Especially do I wish to express my gratitude to the ministers, whose visits and comforting words have been very helpful to me. Hoping that you will each receive the reward given by the Master of All, I am gratefully yours,

Mrs. Carrie Vetland.

New Feed Mill.

O. E. Skaar and H. Svenvig have opened a new feed mill in a building adjoining the Crookston Water Power and Light Co., and are now prepared to fill all orders as fast as received. Bring on your grists. [28-tf]

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed in the Crookston, Minn., Post Office for the week ending Nov. 28th, 1891.

Brobst, N F	Hanson, Edvart 3
Larson, Taris O	Smith, Wm

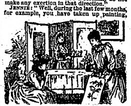
Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, P. M.

STUDY LAW
AT HOME.
Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to
J. COTNER, Jr., Sec.,
No. 80 Whitney Block,
DETROIT, MICH.

A POPULAR FAMILY.

JENNIE: "How is it, Kate, that you always seem to 'catch on' to the last new thing? Do what I may, you always seem to get ahead of me."

KATE: "I don't know: I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."



JENNIE: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting, without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafarge deserted her Delsarte class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Eames last evening how his club made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest 'fads,' and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little out-of-the way place?—for you never go to the city."

KATE: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all wants. I very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all, for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household; father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only $2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be cutting us out, as you say we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town. If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

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For Only $3.00.
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REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET—
CROOKSTON, MINN

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

You cannot find more reading matter than we can supply you for $3.00. Take your choice between Demorest and the Review of Reviews at $1.50.

N. F. Woodstrom dropped in on Monday to square up and report progress. Says he has made more money farming this year than ever before, though his threshing cost more than ever. Owing to the condition of the weather he had to pick up a crew three or four times before he got the job completed. He says the price of farming lands is increasing encouragingly, and upon the whole he considers prospects for profitable farming in Polk County as exceedingly good.

If you want a good farm of 315 acres ready for crop in the spring, with good, substantial buildings, good fences, artesian water and a fine grove call at THE JOURNAL office. We know of just such a place near this city that can be had cheap.

Our reporter met Jack McLaren on the street on Monday and noticing an unusually pleased expression on his countenance inquired the cause. "Why," said he, "I have good right to look pleased as my good old mother has come all the way from Dakota to make us a real good visit," and our reporter passed on with the thought that a man of middle age in whose heart the mother still retains so large a share is a good man to tie to. You may bank on that kind of a man every time and never lose.

Bro. D. N. Taylor some time ago said: "Don't you mention it just now, young man, but there is a project on foot to buy up the old opera house for the use of the M. E. church society. I will let you know all about it when the deal is closed;" but "alas for the rarity of christian charity under the sun," the deal was closed and Bro. Taylor said nary a word. However, THE JOURNAL learns that the deal is closed and that institution which was to have been used for pickling hogs will not be used for that purpose now, but will be remodled into a neat church edifice and parsonage.

J. S. Nichols was up from Liberty on Monday. Mr. Nichols is one of the progressive farmers of Polk County and he is one of the few who got their fall plowing all done. He says he had a strong desire to haul and market all his wheat early this fall but, in order to do so, he would be obliged to neglect his plowing and he wisely concluded to keep the plows going anyhow. The result was that he finished his plowing in good time and marketed a good bit of wheat at odd spells besides. Mr. Nichols told our reporter of an air motor which he has that must be a very convenient thing to have on a farm. He says that it will grind feed equal to steam power and he sets his at work pumping and grinding at the same time. He can cut his wood with it or do any other kind of farm work for which power is required.

Mr. E. Lanctot dropped in to see about that sucscription on Tuesday and informed THE JOURNAL that his farming operations had been highly satisfactory this year. If every year could be as prosperous farming in the Valley would be all O. K. Says he is disappointed with the results of the Farmers' Alliance so far as accomplishing any practical good to farmers is concerned. "I can see in it only a general scramble for office and the longest pole knocks the persimmons and I do not favor the idea of running the thing into a People's party. What earthly good will it do us to try to regulate the affairs of the whole world when all we need here is simply justice in our markets? As a business organization for the benefit of the farmers the Alliance is all right but in politics it should aim rather to be a balance of power than to seek to control the whole business. I may be wrong but that's what I think," said he as he planked down $1.50 for THE JOURNAL one more year.

Norman County Herald: S. M. Owen has delivered what he considers as the key note of the farmers movement, Government Control of the Railroads. The Great West on the other hand, has Land Loans and Sub Treasury as the key note. Here is the line of division running throughout the whole country. A mountain that will rend the People's party to atoms. It comes up in every convention and is the occasion of calling opposition conventions. The division is found everywhere. In Norman County such leaders as J. C. Norby, Ole Nygaard, Henry Henderson and others are in opposition to Sub Treasury, as foolish, pernicious and dangerous. Henry Henderson especially, more outspoken, classifying it as the idea of the government being a pawn broker. While J. M. Hetland, N. L. Nelson, O. E. Olson and others are found favorable. How can there be union when there is such determined opposition upon the main issue raised by the new party. Verily it cannot stand the strain.

Farm For Sale.

My farm in Lowell, the E½ of Sec. 18, 320 acres, good buildings, excellent watter, close to town. No use writing unless at least one thousand dollars can be paid down. JOHN KNUPPE,
[32-35] 408 Manhattan Bldg, St. Paul.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Oysters in bulk constantly on hand at the Star restaurant, McKinnon block Main street.

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

Something About Court Decisions.

In nearly every issue of the trade journals of the country, and at more or less frequent intervals in many other classes of publications are to be found syllabi or brief statements of recent decisions handed down by Courts of last resort in the various States of the Union. These are, no doubt, published for purposes of instruction, and with a view of keeping the public informed of the changes in the law which are numerous and oftimes perplexing. The question arises, are such publications of any value to the reader and, if so, of what value. In our opinion they are of little if any value, to the non-professional reader, unless he understands the course of law making and interpreting in this country. If any one will take up one of these journals and turn to the department of "Recent Decisions," he will find that the decisions noted are from as many different states as there are decisions and, perhaps, not more than one or two of them are decisions of the Supreme Court of the State in which the reader lives. For instance, we take up a recent copy of a trade journal published at St. Paul, and under the head of "Legal Decisions," a column of Supreme Court decisions, six in all, only one of which is a Minnesota decision, is given; one is a South Carolina decision on stock subscriptions, one an Iowa decision on stock subscriptions, one an Iowa decision on "what is exempt," under the Iowa code, one on the delivery of telegraph messages from a Mississippi Court, one from Iowa on forgery, one from Oregon on riparian rights and, finally, one from Minnesota on the alteration of written instruments. Now this journal is intended for Minnesota readers. Of what value it may be asked are these decisions from far off Mississippi, South Carolina and Oregon. We maintain that to the general reader they are of no value, but, to the contrary are liable to result in much harm. This is sure to result to one who reads and acts upon these decisions unless he thoroughly understands that the decisions of Kansas have no application to any other State, only so far as they establish precedents which may influence the courts of other States to make like decisions under like circumstances. The Supreme Court of South Carolina interprets the law for South Carolina, the Supreme Court of Minnesota for Minnesota. In a certain degree, the decisions of one State influence the decisions of other States, but the degree of influence is slight, and will not warrant one in assuming that because the Supreme Court of Iowa has so stated the law that the Supreme Court of Minnesota will so decide. The danger is not great if one reads these decisions intelligently, but three-fourths of those who read them fail to note the source of the decisions, and failing to do so, are in danger of going out and doing that which has seemed to him, from his reading, to be allowable under the law, but which he afterwards finds is made illegal by statute, or a long line of decisions in his own State. Journals having a circulation and clientage whose business is pretty well confined to one State, should either state, in a few words at the head of their "Recent Decisions," a short word of warning on this point, or should print only decisions which have local significance. Papers with a national circulation may more properly print decisions from many tribunals, but should as above suggested, do so with a word of explanation. "A little law is a dangerous thing," and one who proceeds to do a thing upon the sanction of a single decision, the mere skeleton of which he reads, and without the knowledge of all the circumstances of the case and, especially, when the decision is from a distant State, is putting "a little law" to a severe test.

Canadian Excursions.

TO THE PUBLIC:—

If you intend to visit Canada, "The North-Western Line" offers you the following inducements: The rate is $40.00 to Montreal and return, and to all points west in Quebec and Ontario. The dates of sale are December 1, 8, 15, 20, 21, 22 and 29, from points in Minnesota and North Dakota, north of and including Crookston, Red Lake Falls, Grand Forks, Minnewaukan and Leeds, and December 1, 8, 15, 22 and 29, from points in Manitoba. Tickets will be good going and returning fifteen (15) days, with final return limit of ninety (90) days. If you wish to go to a point east of Montreal, your agent will sell you a ticket at $40.00 plus the one way fare from Montreal. "The North-Western Line," with its double daily train service and magnificent equipment, offers better facilities between St. Paul and Chicago, than any other line, and we want you to give us a trial. Our day Express, with Parlor Car, leaves St. Paul daily, at 7:50 a. m., arriving in Chicago at 9:35 p.m. Vestibule limited (lighted throughout with Pintsch gas) leaves St. Paul at 7:30 p.m., arriving at Chicago 9:00 a. m. Both trains make connections in Chicago with all Canada lines. Ask your agent for ticket via "The North-Western Line," or is any further information is desired, call on or address, M. M. WHEELER, Traveling Passenger Agent, or T. W. TEASDALE, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

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THE REVIEW OF REVIEWS
Monthly & Illustrated
AN INTERNATIONAL MAGAZINE
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$2.00 a Year. 20c. a Number.

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SPECIAL OFFER!

We have made arrangements with the publishers of this wonderful magazine which in 18 months has secured an international circulation of over 200,000 copies, whereby we are enabled to send

The Polk County Journal

AND

The Review of Reviews

for one year for $3.00, if the subscription is received before January 1st, 1892, after that date the price will be $3.50.

BOTH PUBLICATIONS ONE YEAR FOR $3.00

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Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
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O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,

(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

SHIP YOUR WHEAT

While I am using present warehouse and there is room, my contractors can have wheat of their own raising, shipped for one cent a bushel, including use of sacks to haul the grain there. Others can have same for two cents a bushel. I have a large supply of sacks and will rent them on reasonable terms. Two or more persons can join and fill a car. Four days at least allowed to fill a car at above prices and as much more time as desired, if room is not needed for others.
[30-tf] D. N. TAYLOR.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

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Fire Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK,

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Solicits Your Patronage.

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At his office in

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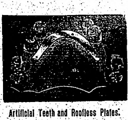
DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com'r.

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IVES & HATLESTAD,

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Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
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LOAN AGENCY

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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
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Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My price
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,	$15.00	
" " " G. W. Peake's "	14.50	
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No. B.xC.—Home Supply price	$24.25	
" " G. W. Peake's "	22.50	
No C 33—Home Supply "	25.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	23.50	
No. D 40—Home Supply "	28.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	27.00	
No. E 40—Home Supply "	28.00	
" " G. W. Peake's "	26.00	
Buggy Whip—drop top	15c to 25c	
" " straight Java	20c to 60c	
" " rawhide center	90c to $1.00	
Lace Team Collars	$3.00 to $4.50	
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks	50c per pair	
Webb Halters	25c, 35c and 40c	
Ladies' Side Saddle	$5.00	
Riding Bridle—plain	90c to $1.00	
Men's Riding Saddles	$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up	

G. W. PEAKE,

Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLER, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

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ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

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Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom speciallyinvited,

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Valley Roller Mills,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
North Star, - -	2.50
Fife, - - -	2.15
Skip Jack, - -	1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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First National Bank

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PAID IN CAPITAL, -	$100,000
SURPLUS, - - -	$12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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Everything usually kept at such a place, ready day and night.

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HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

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SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

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Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
To see our Suits,
To see our Trousers, } Before going elsewhere.

Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

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McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

LAKE PARK FARM.

I HAVE a few Thoroughbred Shorthorn Bulls which have been bred on my farm, and superior High Grade Heifers in calf, which I will sell for a bargain for want of stable room. They are worth twice as much for this climate as those brought from the south.
THOS. H. CANFIELD,
[30-33] Lake Park, Minn.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, December 3, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de	St. Paul	ar.	6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de	CROOKSTON	de.	7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de	Grand Forks	de.	6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar	Helena	de.	11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Mrs. Bucknam moved into her residence on the avenue last week.

Hon. H. Steenerson and Attorney A. A. Miller were in St. Paul last Winter.

The boys had oceans of fun at the turkey shoot on the ice last Wednesday and Thursday.

The St. Paul Globe's Thanksgiving issue was a hummer; 24 pages printed on book-paper.

The Judge of Probate has secured the office on Second street recently occupied by A. D. Stephens.

Christopher Jansen, the Norwegian lecturer delivered an address last Wednesday evening in the hall over the fair department store.

A man named Bren was brought over from East Grand Forks last week and lodged in the county jail to await trial for shooting a man.

E. L. Stowe, who lives near Melvin post office, came in on Friday with a milch cow for sale. Thinks THE JOURNAL idea of hail insurance by the State a good one.

The Great Northern Railway took first prizes at the Iowa, Michigan, Indiana and Illinois State fairs, for having the most artistic and complete display of farm products.

Rev. Thomas McClary lectured on "The Girl I left behind me," at the M. E. church in this city on Friday evening of last week. The Rev. gentleman is an excellent speaker.

J. C. Hildebrand, representing the Northwest Magazine, was in the city last week and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call. He was collecting material for a write up of Crookston.

A. D. Tice came down from Mentor on Thursday, with some beef for sale. He waited until 4 o'clock on Friday before he could find a dray to haul the beef from the depot to the market, so busy are the drays in these days,

Max Bass, the immigration agent of the Great Northern road, is collecting data for an immigration pamphlet for the road. He says that Polk County will see the greatest rush for lands ever before known. Well, let 'em come, we have the land and will try to stand the racket.

Jimmy Westoyer is in hot water again. Last week he had a misunderstanding with a hired man about wages and after the evidence was all in and the case duly summed up Jimmy looked as if he had interviewed a sausage grinder. Jim could not stand many such settlements as that.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish a notice of sale of a portion of Rev. S. Currie's Jersey herd which sale occurs on Saturday next at his residence at Euclid. For years Mr. Currie has been building up this herd, saving the choicest, deepest milkers until he now has 96 head—which he thinks is more than he cares to winter through and he tells us that he has decided to give away about half of the herd if there are people enough to appreciate the gift. His herd consists of from 15 to 20 cows now giving milk the balance cows that are soon to be giving milk, some extra fine yearlings and calves and a few choice young bulls. This is a good opportunity for any one who wishes to obtain a family cow to buy a heifer calf and raise it to suit himself or to secure a good winter cow that is already raised and all ready for business. He will offer any cow in the herd that you may take a fancy to. Persons wishing to attend the sale from the city can take the morning train north, returning in the evening.

Oysters in bulk constantly on hand at the Star restaurant, McKinnon block Main street.

Chas. Beaton dropped in on Saturday morning to order THE JOURNAL sent to his address hereafter. He is on his way home from the north part of the county where he has been threshing. Says there is yet much shock threshing to do up there, but the crews are all quitting on account of cold weather which leaves all such grain in bad shape. The grain in stacks will doubtless have to remain until next spring.

H. Madden, one of the East Grand Forks gentlemen of leisure who was boarding for a time with Sheriff Grundysen on the hill, suddenly jumped his board-bill one day last week and, at last accounts, had not returned to settle. In some way the jailor had left the outside door locked and being unable to get out that way Madden cut through the walls. His absence was not noticed until the arrival of the party with Bren and he had then been gone some hours.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of an adjourned meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the city hall on Tuesday evening November 24th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Child, Marshall, Schmidt, Steenerson.

Alderman Jerome excused.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Walker, that the bill of A. E. Taft for $32, be allowed, and an order drawn for the amount. Carried.

At an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 24th day of November 1891, Alderman Jennings offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman McGlogan:

Resolved, by the City Council of the city of Crookston, That the Comptroller be and hereby is authorized to borrow from the permanent improvement fund the sum of two thousand ($2,000) dollars for the purpose of meeting the current expenses of the city. Said improvement fund to be reimbursed in aforesaid amount as soon as returns come in from the 1891 assessment.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, McGlogan, Marlette, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 24th day of Nov., 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 27th day of Nov. 1891
Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

The committee on the flag staff reported that the staff now standing was sound and in good condition, but recommended that the weather flags be raised from the bell tower and that the janitor's salary be raised $5 per month.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

Found—Pocket Book.

A red pocket-book was found about 3 miles southwest of the city and left in the hands of the chief of police where the owner can secure it by proving property.

Good Market For Oats.

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts,

[83-tf]

ONCE MORE!

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Agent Northern Pacific,
[80-87] Crookston, Minn.

We have a few choice young cow or sale, at reasonable figures. Call early for choice.

AUCTION SALE.

On Saturday, Dec. 5th, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, on my place about three fourths of a mile east of Euclid, I will offer for sale the following named property, to-wit: Fifty head of high grade and thorough-bred Jersey cows, heifers, calves and bulls; also a few good work mares and colts, a number of sheep and a few good shoats.

TERMS: All sums under $20, cash; all sums over $20 and under $100, ninety days, and all sums over $100 one year's time. Settlement on time sales to be by good bankable notes bearing interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum. A discount of 5 per cent on time sales will be allowed for cash.

S. CURRIE.
M. R. BROWN, Auctioneer.

Keeley Can't Cure 'em.

CERTAIN CLASSES OF IMBECILES WHO BRING DWIGHT INTO ILL REPUTE.

From a Chicago Interview.

"There are three classes now attending there who are not benefitted. There is the wealthy class who go down there and are cured and then they find themselves out of business. They have no intellectual pursuits and no longer see the enjoyments of the race course or the club, so that in some instances they have resumed the old habits. Another class is those affected with a sort of species of insanity. They are usually intellectually brilliant, or have been, but there is scarcely enough brain force left to build upon in an effort to change their mode of life. A third class is the thoughtless young man or boy, who usually belongs to the wealthy class and is there, as he says, 'to please the old man.' These look upon it as a vacation, and go away from Dwight in some instances only to return. 'I'm here again, doctor' remarked one on his visit. 'The boys said I could not drink, and I thought I would show them I could.' But the doctor told him to go home again; that he could not and would not waste his time on such patients."

NOTICE.

Saturday, December 5th, 1891, at 2 o'clock p. m., is the day set for the monthly meeting of Crookston Alliance, No. 48. I have made arrangments for the City Hall for place of meeting. It is important that all alliance men attend as a great deal of business has accumulated on account of non attendance during the busy season which should be disposed of; also matters affecting the success of our organization demand our attention. All members are earnestly requested to be present.

E. STEENERSON, Sec.

WANTED. SALESMEN. LOCAL AND TRAVELING, to represent our well known house. You need no capital to represent a firm that warrants nursery stock first-class and true to name. Work all the year. $100 per month to the right man. Appply quick stating age. L. L. MAY & CO., [26 33] nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen. (This house is responsible.) ST. PAUL, Minn.

$75 MONTH $300

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Cy which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month—the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work. If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN YOUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you. We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right; there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING. Aetter write at once. Address

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Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
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Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
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St. Paul, Minn.

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Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list	$20 00
" " next largest list	10.00
" " third "	5.00
" " fourth "	3.00
" " fifth "	2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each.	10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c "	10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.

2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

4 Kansas, Olathe.
Mrs. Henry Brown,
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas. Semple, box 310.
" Amelia Walker.

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.

4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

☞ Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1892, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rudolph Jacklin and Bertha Jacklin, his wife, to Farmers' Trust Company, bearing date the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 419, 420, 421, 422, 423.

And whereas the description of the premise in said mortgage contained is as follows: Situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼) and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine, (29), in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west.

And whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company, the owner and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to wit: Six hundred thirty-six and 46-100 dollars, ($636.46), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼), and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine (29) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, in said Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

Farmers' Trust Company,
Mortgagee.

Taylor & Woodard,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
920 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

[First publication Oct. 29th. 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK.—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District. Edith M. Cuniff, Plaintiff, vs. John Cuniff, Defendant. Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, John Cuniff, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated June 20th, A. D. 1891.

H. STEENERSON,
E. M. STANTON,
[28-34] Plaintiff Attorneys, Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.)
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak A. Dyrdal and Ingeborg A. Dyrdal, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:45 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 174-178; and

Whereas default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $7.87 that became due November 1st, 1889, $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1890, $7.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred ninety-five and 42-100, ($295.42) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), containing 80 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of the said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 22d, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G 87]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marcus E. Stockland, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, at 11:55 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 310-13.

And whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $10.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $12.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1891. and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred fifty-three and 27-100 ($453 27-100) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-four (24), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-five (45), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25 00) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 19th, A. D. 1891.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. Houghton,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G. 85]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]
Last publication Dec. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($122.40-100) dollars, interest which became due on the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Andrew G. Hanson, a widower, mortgagor to J. E. Boily, mortgagee, bearing date the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 49 of mortgages, on page 143.

And whereas, the said J. E. Boily, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($1,622.40 100) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land described as the southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-four (34), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-four (44), according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 21st DAY OF DECEMBER, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated November, 2d, A. D. 1891.

J. E. BOILY, Mortgagee.

O. TESSIER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
[29-35] Minneapolis, Minn.

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H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. | DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. | TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. | CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, DECEMBER 10, 1891. | NO. 34.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

It is funny to see how fearful the dems are that Blaine will get the nomination for president and how very anxious they are to defeat him as well as to conceal their fears. While there is not much doubt that Harrison could be re-elected they well know there would be no doubt of Blaine's election over any man they could put up and they think they would have a fighting chance with Harrison or any man except Blaine.

Last week, in a two column article the St. Paul Globe kindly nominated W. R. Merriam for Vice-President on the Republican ticket, then, in an editorial article elsewhere in the same issue they elected Merriam, killed Blaine off and made Merriam President of these United States of America. By reading these articles one is impressed with the idea of the extreme simplicity of president-making.

The Christmas Wide Awake is as gay as old Santa Claus himself, and it is a big pack of holiday delights. Its exquisite frontispiece, in color, is from the terra cotta bas-relief "Day and Night" by Caroline Hunt Rimmer, daughter of Dr. Rimmer, the late famous Art-Anatomist. Rarely has anything more beautiful been given in a magazine. Perhaps the story that will attract the most attention is the first one of the "Fair Harvard" series, "Such Stuff as Dreams are made of," by John Mead Howells, the son of W. D. Howells, a good proof that there is something in heredity. The opening story is as delicious and fresh: "How Christmas Came in the Little Black Tent," by Mrs. Charlotte M. Vaile, with two illustrations by Irving R. Wiles. "Christmas with 'Ole Sherman'" is an incident of the war, from the rebel standpoint, in which General Sherman figures genially. In her story, "The Fairy 'Content,'" Mrs. Jessie Benton Fremont is at her brightest and best. "Queen Margaret's Needles," by Susan Coolidge, is an historical ballad of Norway. Another fine ballad is "The Fourth Little boy," by Mary E. Wilkins, with seven pictures by Childe Hassam. Still another is "Santa's Reproof," by Emilie Poulsson. "The War of the Schools," by Capt. C. A. Curtis, U. S. A., is a splendid snow-balling story. "Captain Joe" is a particularly bright and fresh war story by a new Southern writer, Helen Keene. "In Arctic Pack-Ice" is a thrilling story by Lieut. Col. Thorndike, the first in the series of "One Man's Adventures." The illustrated papers are interesting: "A Roumanian Princess," by Eleanor Lewis, and "How I Became a Seneca Indian," by Mrs. Harriet Maxwell Converse. The serials open well: "Jack Brereton's Three Month's Service," a war story by Mrs. Maria McIntosh Cox, "The Lance of Kanana," a historical Arabian story by Abd el Ardavan, "The Writings Down of Dorothy Holcomb," some quaint New England village work. There are the departments, "Men and Things," Tangles, and Postoffice, besides many bright pictures and poems—among the latter a particularly noticeable one, "The Bad Little Goo-Bird," by Charlotte Perkins Stetson. Wide Awake is $2.40 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Boston.

Canadian Excursions.

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Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 8th, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL:

The managers of the World's Fair have prepared another junketing trip for a party of gentlemen to travel over the south of Europe during the winter season to feed and be fed by the dignitaries in Portugal, Spain, France, Italy, Greece, Turkey, Egypt and some other sections of the world where the weather is mild and pleasant. During the summer season, when the weather was warm, Major Moses P. Handy and his crowd were sent into northern and central Europe and now, as the cool weather approaches, the Honorable Thomas F. Bayard, who probably needs the recreation of a trip abroad, is to be at the head of another commission. Those junketing tours are an outrage upon the people and the secretary of the Treasury ought not to pay the money for them. He should be held accountable if he does so.

The fight between Messrs. Crisp and Mills for the speakership of the next House of Representatives is getting to be somewhat personal. Mills himself has been forced to explain that he did not say Crisp was a protectionist though the language he used was clearly liable to that construction. Crisp's friends are accused of being the men who say that Mills is a free trader. This is unjust to Crisp's friends because Mills himself said, in his speech in Minneapolis, in October, 1890, "I believe in absolute free trade," and the leading free trade organs of the country are advocating him because of his position on this question.

Senator Carlisle's letter endorsing Mills is characterized by some of the opinions of these gentlemen as reading very much like the endorsement of a patent medicine and it is certainly going to do the senator's friends more harm than good because amongst the members around Washington is heard continually the cry, "we want no Senatorial interference" and Senator Pugh, of Alabama, gives the Kentucky Senator a most terriffic castigation for his uncalled for attack upon all Democrats who do not agree with him on the silver question and the tariff.

There was on Saturday less that fifty of the Democratic members in the city of Washington but they were arriving in great numbers and there will probably be a hundred by Monday morning and the fight will then grow lively. All the claims that are made and sent out as to pledges amount to very little. It is very certain, however, that, whoever secures the nomination for speaker, an effort will be made to repeal the McKinley tariff. Of course the Democrats know that this effort will fail because of the fact that the senate is Republican, and even if it were Democratic or if any Republican members should vote with the Democratic minority to repeal the tariff, President Harrison would promptly veto any such law. It is also true that a free coinage bill will be introduced, no matter who may be speaker, and will be passed. It is generally believed that if Mr. Mills is speaker, he will endeavor to prevent such action but he will be powerless to do so, as the majority is so strongly in favor of it that it will be impossible to prevent the passage of a bill, and it is more than probable that the same votes which passed the present law in the last Congress will pass the free coinage bill in this, but it will be only to meet a veto from the President.

It is generally conceded that a majority of the Ohio Legislature will favor the return of Senator Sherman to the United States Senate, though Mr. Foraker's friends do not admit that as yet.

The men who cornered the corn market in Chicago succeeded in getting 15,000,000 bushels, and then prevented the delivery of any other and through that method they have raised the price of corn at fifty-two cents, at which they purchased, to seventy-five cents and possibly it may reach $1.00. Already several firms have been broken by being called upon to pay the differences and put up their margins.

Two New Fields.

Two new fields in Uncle Sam's farm invite occupants. The Sisseton-Wahpeton reservation, in South Dakota, reached from Brown's Valley, Watertown and Hankinson on the Great Northern, and the Fort Berthold reservation in North Dakota, reached from White Earth and other stations on the Great Northern. A government land office from this district was recently established at Minot, of which the well known Col. W. C. Plummer of North Dakota is receiver. The colonel will take pleasure in giving inquirers information about the Moose River country.

If you want a good winter cow, remember the combination auction sale at Brown's old barn on 5th street on Saturday, Dec. 12th, 1891.

Why I Am a Republican.

New York Press.

Valued correspondents of the Press have suggested that it would be well to put in plain words the reason which a member of the Republican party might be supposed to the question: Why I am a Republican. We take great pleasure in undertaking a task at once so easy and so agreeable. Any Republican on being challenged to give an account of the faith that is in him will make no mistake if he responds substantially as follows:

I am a Republican, first of all, because I believe in the political principles of the Republican party. Foremost among these is protection to American industry. Just now this is the leading national issue. It is forced to the front by a savage and persistent attack that is made against the protective system, partly in the interests of foreign manufacturers, partly under the influence of a coterie of free trade theorizers who know a good deal about books, but nothing at all about business, and partly in accordance with the Democratic idea of opposing whatever the Republican party favors. I believe in this system because it is wise in principle and beneficent in practice. It was indorsed by George Washington. It was sanctioned by John Adams and Henry Clay and Daniel Webster and a host of the greatest and best men of the country. History shows that when there has been a protective tariff the country has prospered, and when there has been little or no tariff protection there has been little or no tariff—protection there has been little or no prosperity. Protection has given profitable investment to capital and steady employment to labor at rates of wages double those that are paid for the same work in free trade England or could be paid here if anti-protection Democrats and doctrinaires had their way. And at the same time it has, by enormously increasing the home supply and the home demand, steadily reduced the price of almost every protected product, as The Press has shown beyond dispute in its series of "Tariff Pictures." Protection has enabled the United States to pay its national debt at an average rate for the past twenty-five years of $174,000 a day, presenting in this respect a sight which the world has never before seen. Within this past year, under the operations of the McKinley law, which its enemies prophesied one year ago would raise the prices of the necessaries of life and strangle trade, there has been more domestic trade, more exports of American goods abroad, and actually more imports of foreign goods, reckoned, by the value, than in any twelve months before since our national existence began. Meanwhile one dollar has bought more of the necessaries of life than ever before, and the people, rich and poor, have had more dollars to buy with. I am a Republican because I am a protectionist, and I am a protectionist because I am an American.

Another principle of the Republican party is honest money. It is that every "dollar" shall be worth 100 cents. It is, as President Harrison has said, that every dollar issued by the government shall be worth as much as every other dollar issued by the government. It is opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of "dollars" that were worth 80 cents yesterday, are worth 75 cents to-day, may be worth 70 cents, less or more, to-morrow, but never have been and, unless present conditions of the mining industry are reversed, never can be worth 100 cents. The Democratic party, on the other hand, with a few honorable exceptions, stands committed to a debased silver coinage to-day, just as it stood for irredeemable and depreciated greenback currency a few years ago, just as it was responsible for the wreck and ruin caused by the wildcat banks, the "shinplaster" money before the war. I am a Republican because I am an honest man in my political as in my private conduct, and I know that lowering the monetary standard means robbery, and especially robbery of those who can least afford to be robbed, the poor and the wage earner.

The Republican party stands for honest elections. In the national platforms of the party this principle finds a conspicuous place. In the fifty-first Congress a bill to secure a free vote and a fair count at every Congressional or Presidential election, east, west, north and south, was passed by a Republican House, in spite of the opposition of every Democratic member, was certain, if passed, to be signed by a Republican president, and would have become a law but for an alliance against it of all the enemies both of honest money and honest elections. It is the Republican party that, for the most part, has secured the adoption in many States of of the Australian or reformed ballot, and it is the Democratic party that has hindered its adoption, as witness the repeated vetoes of Governor Hill and the fact that the solid South is arrayed against ballot reform. I am a Republican because I believe in unbought and unbullied suffrage.

The Republican party is the friend of the soldier. It believes that justice, not to speak of generosity, demands that the men who imperiled their lives to save our country, requires the redeemed nation to care for its deliverers and for their loved ones, with the open palm of gratitude and not with the clinched fist of parsimony. I am a Republican because I am a patriot.

The Republican party stands for the school and the home. From that party have come the most liberal appropriations, the most effective laws on behalf of free public education. From that party have come practically the only laws that exist to-day designed to restrict the traffic in intoxicating drinks, or by other means to limit the terrible evils of intemperance. Per contra, wherever a political party joins with the enemies of the public school to get the votes of ignorance or superstition, as in Wisconsin and Illinois, it is always the Democratic, never the Republican party. Wherever a political party is in league with the assassins of society, with keepers of grog shops and gambling dens and brothels and receivers of stolen goods, levying pecuniary tribute for police "protection," as in the league between Tammany Hall and the law breakers of New York, it is always the Democratic, never the Republican party. Because I believe in law, in intelligence and decency, I am a Republican.

I have said that I am a Republican, first of all, because I believe in the political principles of the Republican party and I have cited these: protection to American industry, honest money, honest elections, justice to veterans, free schools and public morals. Now I say, in the second place, that I am a Republican because the past of my party is one of which I am proud. That would not alone be a sufficient reason, but taken together with the party's present attitude on living questions it makes assurance doubly sure. "There is but one lamp," said Patrick Henry, "by which my feet are guided, and that is the lamp of experience." "History is philosophy teaching by example," said Dionysius of Halicarnassus, and this saying has passed current for ages as one of the coined ingots of human wisdom. History teaches me that the Democratic party was the party of nullification, of human slavery, of the suppression of free speech, of secession, of armed rebellion at the South, of Copperheadism at the North, of national repudiation; that the Democratic party was opposed to free homesteads for the people out of the public domain; that it connived at the plundering of the nation's treasury and the stealing of the country's arms and warships under Buchanan; that it declared the war a failure after Gettysburg had been fought and won; that under Democratic control the country went from bad to worse, from poverty to bankruptcy, and from bankruptcy to the verge of disruption; and that in all the thirty years and more since Democratic guns opened fire on fort Sumter the party as a party, has never got control of any one State, or any one branch of the federal government without giving evidence that it has not changed its nature.

Meanwhile the Republican party, from the day of its birth until now, has been the party of freedom, progress, union, honesty, honor, the party to which whatever is best in the young manhood of each generation gravitates. The Republican party freed the slave and saved the nation. It preserved the country's credit. It made a depreciated currency good as gold. It settled the Alabama claims by an arbitration that combined peace with honor. It joined the Atlantic to the Pacific by lines of transcontinental railway. It gave to our government a foremost place amongst the nations of the earth. Its men have been commensurate with its measures. Not now to allude to the living, except to say that they are worthy successors of the noble band, the Republican party is the party of Lincoln and Chase, Seward and Greeley, Sumner and Thaddeus Stevens, of Grant and Garfield.

Because no intelligent citizen can recount the history of the one party without pride or of the other without shame I am a Republican and not a Democrat.

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The Columbia Daily Calendar.

An old friend in a new dress, and an article that has come to be one of the indespensables of an editor's desk, comes to hand in the Columbia daily calendar for 1892. The calendar is in the form of a pad containing 367 leaves, each 5¼ x 2¼ inches; one for each day of the year, to be removed daily, and one for the entire year. The day of the week, of the month, and of the year are given, and each slip bears a short paragraph pertaining to cycling or some kindred subject. At the bottom of each leaf is a blank for memoranda, every leaf being accessible at any time. The stand is an entirely new departure, being made of sheet metal finished in ivory black, and is very compact. At the close of the year the stand will be available for another pad. This is the seventh issue of this now well-known calendar, yet all the matter is fresh and new, having been carefully collated from leading publications and prominent writers, most of it being specially written for this purpose. It comprises notable events in cycling, opinions of physicians and clergymen, hints about road making, and numerous other topics.

Take a Week Off.

The promise of the springtime in this Northwest has been gloriously redeemed in the harvest of the early autumn. Wheat exceeded even the expectations of the man who has farm lands to sell. The European crops were in great part failures. The Northwestern farmer has been feeling pretty well. Have you had a share of this prosperity, or are you like a hoop on a barrel—outside? If you are one of the lucky ones, why not take a few weeks off this winter, and make a visit to the old home, or a trip to Florida, Louisiana, California or Mexico? Nothing will do so much to enliven a man and furnish him with a supply of amusing and happy remembrances as a journey, especially to countries different from his own. To the American Mexico is a revelation, in productions, climate, customs, and the evidences of a former high civilization, so old that the discovery of Columbus would be an event of yesterday in comparison. To start right on any such trip, call on the nearest ticket agent of "The Burlington," for tickets and information, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Polk County Journal.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.
Crookston, December 10, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 75.
1 Northern 74.
2 Northern 69.
3 Northern 68.

Go to Herb's for holiday goods.

J. S. LaDue was up from Fertile this week.

M. Losey Sr. is in attending court this week.

W. W. Attix, of Mentor, is attending court this week.

R. A. Wilkinson is up attending court this week.

It seemed like everybody was in the city on Tuesday.

Holiday attractions at Saake's jewelry store.

Dr. Watson, of Red Lake Falls, was in the city on Tuesday.

"Just lovely weather," is what everybody said of Tuesday.

Attorney Averill is in from Fosston attending the district court.

Attorney S. Cooke is down from Warren attending the district court.

Wheat took a jump this week reaching 74 cents for 1 Hard on Tuesday.

Holiday goods in endless profusion at Herb's and more coming constantly.

Max Ericsson was registered at the Merchants Hotel, St. Paul, this week.

Call and see our premiums. Everybody wants one as soon as they see it.

Andrew Steenerson was up from Climax in attendance at the district court.

Don't fail to look. Herb's stock over before you purchase. Santa Claus headquarters.

Union temperance meeting on Sunday evening. Probably at the M. E. church on Main street.

Mrs. W. W. Attix came down from Mentor on Tuesday evening on a shopping excursion.

The court calendar is an extremely long one this term, good for a six weeks term, the lawyers say.

Rev. R. H. Battey will return in time for Sabbath services. Topic for morning sermon "God's Sanctuaries."

St. Vincent is having a wood famine since the storm. It is said that wood there has sold as high as $15 per cord.

Sweeping bargains in ladies gold and gold filled watches, at C. H. Saake's jewelry store.

Have you seen Herb's elegant display of holiday goods? It is worth something just to look at such a stock.

Miss Susie McFate came over from Grand Forks on Monday evening and left on Tuesday's train for a visit with friends at Fertile.

C. G. Rapp was in from St. Hilaire on Tuesday and called in to see Doc Henault in relation to a tooth he desired to have filled.

W. O. Andrew, representing Wright, Barrett & Stilwell arrived from the west on Tuesday evening and visited the boys on Wednesday.

The Board of County Commissioners is in session this week. The question of county superintendent will come up for for final settlement.

Almost the entire business portion of Argyle was destroyed by fire last week. The fire occurred during the big blizzard and was difficult to control.

Don't fail to call and see samples of our great premiums. Reading matter enough to last you all winter goes with THE JOURNAL this year. Call and see.

The first case in the district court, which was called on Tuesday morning was that of the Second National Bank of Grant Forks vs. W. Sproat, on a note.

Rudy Burkhardt has received a ton and a half of rye flour. You can buy the flour of him or better yet, have have him make it up into bread for you.

Joe Hoch rejoices in the arrival of a nice little ten pound girl that came to live at his house early on Tuesday morning. Joe is stepping mighty high in these days.

Hallock came very near having a big blaze. A fire in the laundry of the Hotel Hallock was discovered in time to be extinguished before serious damage was done.

It seems that they have not put on the stream in the new Reckitt building yet. Contractor Kilroe is anxiously awaiting that event so that he can get to plastering.

Rev. R. H. Batty writes THE JOURNAL from Glyndon where he is conducting revival services this week: "We are having full meetings, good interest and hopeful outlook."

E. J. Haseltine has rented his Euclid farm for a period of five years and has moved his family into the city for the winter, while he looks up some kind of business to go into.

Lots of the boys have improved the opportunity afforded by the session of the district court to drop in and get square on our subscription book for which we extend our hearty thanks.

C. O. Espe, of Melvin, contributed a year's subscription to this great family JOURNAL on Saturday last. We are patiently awaiting a hundred or so more. Call in and see our premiums.

Al. Vine has moved his family down from Warren.

Old Santa Claus' Headquarters is at Herb's this year.

I. A. Holden, of Garden was in the city on Wednesday.

Arne Higden was up from the westside on Wednesday.

J. S. Stadsvold has opened a jewelry store in the opera block.

Everybody wants one of our preminms. They go like hot cakes.

Our streets have been well filled all the week and business is lively as the heart could wish.

Farmers who desire a fine lot of cornfed pork will do well to see what Hoch & Ott can do for you.

Iver Krohn has sold his lunch room to Gay Halverson and W. Misgen and and will go on the road.

Louis Fontaine and Tim Donovan are in Argyle this week taking an inventory of Fontaine & Anglim's stock there preparatory to selling out.

Ole P. Renne was in from Garden on Wednesday. Says that the farmers in that town had their threshing and plowing all done before the freeze up.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

Register Hugh Thompson is to be united for life to Miss Lees McMaster, at Fisher, this evening. THE JOURNAL extends its most hearty congratulations, wishing the happy couple a long and prosperous journey through life.

Harry Palmer has severed his connection with the Tribune and will go to Valley City to accept a position there. He leaves for his new field of labor the latter part of this or first of next week. THE JOURNAL wishes Harry success in his new field of labor.

On Tuesday afternoon V. D. Carruth was appointed Superintendent of Schools, which position he has filled since the death of E. J. Grefthen. Mr. Carruth is a ripe schoolar and brings to the position an experience gained by several terms of office in the past.

Hoch & Ott have just received two carloads of corn-fed hogs which they ars selling off like hot cakes and no wonder for they are a prime lot. They are now prepared to supply their customers with choice roasts, steaks or chops from this choice lot. Call and see the boys.

A. Humphreys Esq., an attorney from Minneapolis, was in the city on Wednesday on business before the district court. Mr. H. expressed himself well pleased with the appearance and prospects of our young city and he may conclude to open an office here later on.

We have just received "Tales From Town Topics, No. 2" which follows closely on the heels of its predecessor, No. 1, and is equally bright and bold with the former publication, for which an immense sale is claimed by the projectors. [Town Topics Publishing Co., 21 West 23d street, New York.]

Rudy Burkhardt has bought out the German bakers on Second street, hired a baker, and will run the concern himself—takes the whole bakery, as it were. Rudy will aim to supply the best the market affords at living prices thus securing a big trade. Try the new Second street bake shop.

A. C. Wilkinson informs us that he passed the building that collapsed in St. Paul last week killing eleven men, just a few minutes before it fell and remarked to a companion in passing that those walls were liable to fall at any minute. When he came back from dinner four bodies had been taken out.

A visit to my store will convince you that you can save money by buying your holiday presents of me.

C. H. SAAKE.

Guy Aubol came down from Warren on Monday evening and dropped in to cheer us with another renewal. Guy is as handsome as ever and is almost fat enough for an alderman. Says crops were excellent about Warren and business proportionately good. He returned on Tuesday morning, too busy to remain any longer.

The Peterson Live Stock Company has bought the McLean building, back of the round house, and will fit it up for stables. This company, comprised of Henry and Will Peterson and Dr. Warninger, has a number of the speediest trotters ever brought to this city and will make the breeding of trotting stock a specialty.

Rev. S. Currie postponed his sale on Saturday last owing to the big storm and will bring along 30 or 40 head of Jersey cows and heifers to the combination auction sale next Saturday. Here will be a grand good chance for anybody who wants to buy good cows to catch on. Remember the date, Saturday, Dec. 12th.

T. M. Nelson was up from Fertile on Tuesday to cheer the heart of the printer and to look after a suit that he has pending against a loan company in which he complains that he has been paying a matter of 20 per cent for a little accommodation that he had in the form of a loan. He seems to have good grounds for kicking if his statement of the case is correct. The case was postponed until later to allow the company opportunity to get their chief witness.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Persons visiting their old homes in the East this winter should take along printed matter descriptive of their new homes in the Northwest. Take copies of this paper with you and ask agents of the Great Northern Railway for a supply of publications. [33-36]

Walt Ott came down to the market on Tuesday morning tickled all over "because," he said, "now we will not have to hire any more butchers since Joe's new boy"—"but hold on," said a bystander, "Joe's new boy happens to be a girl," and then you had ought to have seen Walt wilt. The cigars were of Brown's best brand.

I buy my goods for cash direct of the manufacturers, which enables me to sell goods at about what other dealers pay for theirs.

C. H. SAAKE.

The James H. Brown Theatre Co. open a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House on Monday evening Dec. 14th in "A Brave Woman." This company is very highly spoken of by our exchanges and our theatre-going people have reason to expect a rich treat. Popular prices. Tickets on sale at box office on Monday morning.

If you are looking for holiday goods call and see Herb's stock—the largest he ever brought to this city. Herb comes pretty near knowing what toys will please the little folks and he has just laid himself out this year to supply 'em. Such an endless profusion of toys as he has is wonderful to see. Don't fail to call and look over his stock.

C. O. Borud was in from Bear Park on Wednesday. Mr. B. says he has had a very successful season with his threshing machine. He threshed less days than ever before owing to stormy weather but made more money because the grain turned out so much better. He has put in a roller feed mill and is prepared to do work for all who desire.

Among the jolly good fellows who dropped in to add their mite to our exchequer on Tuesday was Charles Robbecke, the genial landlord of the hotel Ogahmah, of Thief River Falls. Charlie says the Falls is bound to boom next year with her 8,000,000 feet of pine that is to be sawed at that place. Says there is some threshing to be done up that way yet.

As far as we can learn it the opinions of our people in relation to the proposed State Park project the sentiment is largely against it. This seems to be the case also in Marshall and Kittson Counties. They would not object to a reasonable amount of land being diverted to park purposes, but the whole north half of the State, as proposed, is a different matter.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

Hoch & Ott desire THE JOURNAL to, say that they will not take a back seat for anybody in their line of business either in experience or prices. They are old experienced hands at the business, know how to kill and prepare an animal for the market and all they ask is that people call and look them over, well satisfied that they can suit even the most particular. Call and see the boys.

Big sale next Saturday at Brown's old barn—Lancaster & Young's livery stables on Fifth street. Probably from 75 to 80 head of cows, heifers, bulls and steers, 30 or 40 head of good work horses and mares, several colts and other stock, besides farm machinery, &c., &c. The chance of the season to buy. Don't forget the place, Brown's old barn on Fifth street. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

Anton Rice came up to attend court on Monday and of course dropped in to see how the JOURNAL would appreciate one more paid up subscription in advance. On the street he fell in with Peder Engh and they soon discovered that they were neighbors in the old country—though Mr. Rice had been here for 26 years and Mr. Engh 10 years. To say that they proceeded to have a grand good visit together expresses the actual facts but feebly.

Until January 1st, 1892, we can supply your orders for "Six Great Farm Books" for only 25 cents in excess of a paid in advance subscription. The law book alone is worth the whole cost of the subscription and the set. Remember that it is only necessary for you to pay your subscription one year ahead of the date you subscribe to entitle you to the purchase of either of our three premiums at 25 and 50 cents. See our announcement on the first page of this issue.

Speaking of threshing the Hon. B. Sampson informed a JOURNAL reporter that in his opinion not over half of it in the Valley is done and, said he, if it is not done before the break-up in the spring very much of the grain will be utterly ruined if the present prospect for a very wet spring were verified. He said that a project was on foot for the purchase of a horse power threshing machine with which very much of the grain around here can be threshed. Said while he had lots of oats in stack his horses have to go without oats owing to his inability to thresh.

If you want to make and save money buy your holiday presents at Saake's jewelry store. I am closing out my present stock and will offer every article at prices far below the reach of competition.

C. H. SAAKE.

Northfield News:—The danger from immigration arises first from the coming of the vicious, the idle, the helpless and the ignorant. The ignorant may learn after their arrival if they will. The helpless at the worst can but require to be supported and the idle can be made to work. But the vicious, those who believe that our liberty and freedom means freedom from the restraint of law and liberty to follow the guidance of all that their evil natures may suggest, and to pray upon their fellow men whenever an opportunity may offer, they are the ones who are a danger to society and a menace to our institutions.

Grand Forks Courier:—Saturday last Knut O. Sanness, a farmer residing some four miles up the Point, came to town driving a span of young horses aged 4 and 5 years. Mr. Sanness being of a bibulous nature, indulged rather freely in intoxicants, and by the time he was ready to go home he scarcely realized whether he was on horse-back or a-foot. The matter, however, was definitely settled by the time he reached the school house near the Busse farm. A turn in the road occurs at that point, and the supposition, based largely on the man's own story, is that he turned "short," upsetting the wagon—anyway, the horses got away from him and were found Sunday morning, in the Marais, frozen to death. Mr. Sanness is a poor man, though his farm is rated one of the best in Polk county and the loss falls heavily on his family. Mr. Sanness' drunk was rather a costly one, as the team was worth $350.

At the regular meeting of Col. Cobham Post No. 90 the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Commander..................I. U. JENNINGS
Sen. Vice Com..............J. O. SERGEANT
Jun. Vice Com..................H. E. COOKE
Surgeon.. ....S. L. STOWE
Chaplain.......................C. H. MIX
Quartermaster.. ....O. H. LUCKEN
Officer of the Day......B. F. ZARRACHER
" " Guard... JAMES E. GREENHALGH.

The following comrades were elected as a board of trustees: LOUIS FONTAINE, THOMAS HARRIS and O. H. LUCKEN.

As delegates to the State Encampment comrades O. H. Lucken and H. E. Cooke were elected with Geo. H. Holt and J. O. Sergeant as alternates. Announcement was made that Department Commander Parker would visit the Post on Monday, Dec. 21st and it was decided to hold a grand camp fire on the evening of that day and extend invitations to the surrounding Posts in Norman, Polk, Kittson and Marshal Counties, Minn., and Grand Forks County, N. D. A committee of reception, consisting of comrades O. H. Lucken, C. H. Mix, I. U. Jennings, B. F. Zarracher and H. E. Cooke was appointed by Commander Fontaine. Levi Le Duc was mustered in. The Post took a recess for one week to arrange for the camp fire and other matters. All comrades in good standing are urgently requested to be in attendance at the Post meeting to-morrow evening as business of importance is to come before the Post. The Commander urges all loyal comrades to be present.

At Your Own Prices.

Fancy feathers, ornaments, children's hoods and caps. Call early and get a bargain. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

J. S. C. E. Festival.

Supper 25 cents; children 10 cents, at the public reading rooms, given by the J. S. C. E., Thursday Dec. 10th, from 6 to 9 p. m. Come and bring your friends, family, best girl or your chum. Tables will be beautifully filled and a good time is expected.

Browne is Coming.

Marquette, Mich., Monday morning, Feb. 16, 1891:—Yes, Brown's coming and Alice Marble, J. Knox Gavin and all the rest of 'em. He opens at the Casino on Monday, Feb. 23, for one straight hot week of amusement for his old Marquette friends under the management of W. A. Ross. Everybody knows Ross and everybody knows Brown and his company from former visits (only the company is much stronger than ever before—has more people) so there is no need of any billing or extra exertion in order to have full houses at the Casino during the week. The people will be there.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

CHRISTMAS BELLS

How sweet their jingle, bringing joy to many hearts.

THE HAPPY DAY WILL SOON BE HERE!

ARE YOU READY? Value of gifts is their appropriateness. They wisely choose who choose in time while choice is great.

THE ENTIRE LAY-OUT

OF OUR HOLIDAY STOCK offers a spectacle of unusual brilliance, even for the sparkling season of Christmas.

SOMETHING FOR
The penny.
" nickel.
" dime.
" quarter.
" half.
and the BIG
$

SOMETHING TO SUIT EVERY ONE'S STOCKING.

SOMETHING FOR
The mother
" father.
" daughter
" brother.
" lover
and the
BABY

AT

Fontaine & Anglim's.

COMBINATION

AUCTION SALE!

On Saturday, Dec. 12th,

Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., a combination auction sale will be held at

BROWN'S OLD STABLES

On Fifth Street, in Crookston.

There has already been listed from 25 to 40 good work horses, mares and colts; 40 Jersey cows, heifers and calves; 15 to 20 grade Holstein cows and heifers, and a number of cows and heifers of other breeds; also a few sheep, hogs poultry and farm machinery.

Anybody desiring to dispose of any personal property at this sale can do so by listing said property with the Secretary, or at THE JOURNAL office at any time before the sale commences.

TERMS—As this is everybody's sale, each person offering articles for sale will be allowed to make known his terms when the article is put up for sale.

CHRIS. HOUSTON, and others.

L. BERTHIAUME, Auctioneer.

A GRAND SWEEP

AND

CLEARANCE

Of First-Class Jewelry,

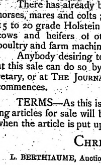
Gold and Silver Watches,
Clocks, Silverware,
Fancy Articles, Etc.,

WILL BE MADE

THIS WEEK

At C. H. SAAKE'S Jewelry Store.

Every article suitable for Holiday Presents. Come quick.



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20 Large Octavo Volumes, 7,000 Pages, 8,000,000 Words, and 97 Maps Printed in Colors, Bound in Jute Manilla,

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ALL FOR $7.50!

This is the GREATEST OFFER ever made by any Newspaper. The Revised Encyclopedia Britannica is a Dictionary of Art, Science and Literature to which is added descriptions of American Cities with a History of their Origin and Growth, together with Accurate Information of their Situation, Population, Resources, etc., etc.

The Best, Cheapest, Completest and Latest Revised Encyclopedia and the Greatest Newspaper,

THE WEEKLY PIONEER PRESS FOR ONE YEAR FOR $7.50!

AND WE PAY THE FREIGHT.

Address WEEKLY PIONEER PRESS, St. Paul, Minn.

HUBBARD SNOWFLAKES.

HUBBARD, Dec. 7, 1891.

The case of Kiland vs. Johnson before Squire Akre last week was settled before it came to trial. If all of us would follow the "Golden Rule" we would save much trouble, time and money.

Paul Simon will serve on the grand jury at this term of court.

Kolden is selling goods at low prices and is having a big trade.

Two of our citizens were lost in the storm last Thursday evening but reached home all right on Saturday.

John and Elling Ellingson eat their Thanksgiving dinner in Crookston.

All interested in the study of God's word are requested to meet at the school-house in district 17 every Sunday at 10 a. m., excepting when services are held at the church in Neilsville, then it will be held at 3 p. m.

Our farmers would have saved not less than $5,000 this year by having a railway. Our township raised not less than 250,000 bushels of wheat and a gain of 2 cents per bushel in hauling would have saved that amount and most of us would have gained double that amount in hauling.

Lewis says that "Old John" can beat "Maud S," but Peter thinks that either Barney or Fly, with an even start, can leave him far behind.

All of our people who have hauled grain to Beltrami are very well satisfied with the treatment they receive from the elevator agents at that place.

NEISLVILLE.

Crowded House Again.

Tri-Weekly Pioneer, Manistique:—That was just the case last evening at the Star Opera House; extra chairs were placed in the aisles, and a few found seats upon the trunks containing the company baggage. The old favorites, Brown's Theatre Company, with many added to it, were on hand and received as grand a reception as was ever given to any troupe in this town. The orchestra was composed of skilled musicians and gave excellent music. The play was "The Girl I Love" and from the first to the last was well handled, and the acting won the praise of all present. No better company has visited Manistique for a long time. Manager Brown has 20 people and every one a first class artist. They will appear this evening in "The Waif of the Sea." If you want to witness a good performance, go.

Will They Do It?

One of the most important questions to come before the county board this session- or one that should come, is the question of building an adequate county jail. In speaking about the jail in a conversation with the writer the other evening Judge Mills said: "It is an imposition upon a sheriff to put men into that structure and insist that he shall keep them there." The need of a new jail is too obvious to need discussion and the only question is: "Will the board take the necessary steps at this session to build it?" The suggestion has been made, and it is a good one, that the city purchase a site nearer the business centre upon which to erect the jail and present it to the county, i. e. providing the board decides to go ahead with the building project. The wisdom of such a plan would develope itself later on it indeed if does not at once present itself to the mind. This matter is of so great importance that steps looking toward securing a site should be taken at an early date, as, if no action is taken at this meeting it cannot be delayed much longer as that old trap, yclept a jail, will tumble down of its own volition if allowed to remain in its present condition and there is no earthly use wasting any more money in the vain attempt to make it tenable.

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

The Great Northern will sell excursion tickets to Montreal and points west in Quebec and Ontario on following dates: Dec. 1st, 8th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 29th, 1891.

40.00. FORTY DOLLARS. $40.00.

Tickets are good for 90 days from date of sale, and can be extended longer at a small cost. We are the only line from the Northwest that connects with roads at St. Paul for Chicago and east. Come down and see us.

[30-37] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

New Feed Mill.

O. E. Skaar and H. Svenvig have opened a new feed mill in a building adjoining the Crookston Water Power and Light Co., and are now prepared to fill all orders as fast as received. Bring on your grists. [28-tf]

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. Crookston, Minn.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING.] Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CROOKSTON MINNESOTA.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Dec. 7.—The magnitue of the business at the head of Lake Superior is shown by the report of railroad traffic for November, by Chairman Kelly of the Car Service Association, an association of the railroads here for facilitating the handling of business. According to Mr. Kelly the roads handled here 32,228 loaded cars, as against 30,126 in October, which had been by far the greatest month before known. Wheat cars were 18,277 against 16,216 in October, coal 10,005, an increase of 500. Lumber shipments were 694 cars, an increase of 151.

The Duluth and Iron Range road is to build a new ore dock this winter which will be the highest dock in the world. It will be 51½ feet above the water, the great height being necessary to facilitate the loading of the big ore steamers of the company. This will give the company three big docks at Two Harbors. The increase of dock room by one-third probably means that the company expects the output of the mines next year to increase that much. The Iron Range will also probably build a 10-mile branch into the new Mesaba range, tapping several new mines. The outlook for important developments in iron mining in St. Louis County next year is very promising. The Mesaba road from Duluth to the mines is likely to be built, and the Duluth and Winnipeg will probably tap the extreme west end of the range. With the success of pig iron making established the future of iron mining and making here is very bright. Her iron business alone ought to bring 100,000 additional population to Duluth and vicinity in the next six years.

The Duluth grain market shows the most wonderful increase this year it has ever known, and it is not likely that any other market has seen anything like such a gain. The figures of lake shipments for the season just closed are as follows: Flour 2,914,360 bbls., a gain of 325,000 bbls.; wheat, 33,177,702 bu., against 13,851,933 bu. the previous season, a gain of 19,351,769 bu. Reducing flour to wheat the shipments equal 46,295,702 bu. To this must be added shipments of corn, oats, rye, barley and flaxseed, which bring the total up to 47,330,957 bu. To carry this flour and grain it took about 750 vessels.

Rev. W. M. Barker rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church and the Duluth W. C. T. U. have united in a novel movement here. The rector will give up his evening service and will preach at the Temple Opera House, with the City Band to furnish the music. Mr. Barker will discard his Episcopal robes at this service.

M. A. H.

NOT MERRIAM BUT RUSK,

Gov. McGill Says "Uncle Jerry" Is the Man for V. P.

Minneapolis Journal.

A Journal man waited upon Gov. McGill this morning, and the conversation lazily drifted through the weather, sluggishly touched on ice palace reminiscences, and the tabooed political ground loomed up off the lea bow before the opportunity presented itself, for the newspaper man had waited upon Gov. McGill to get his views on Gov. Merriam's vice presidential boomlet, and the exigencies of the occasion demanded that the subject uppermost in the reportorial mind be cloaked with the mantle of desultory discussion. Gov. McGill was saying, as he looked out of the window on a snow covered perspective, that the people of Minneapolis must work, and work hard, too, if they wish to make a success of the Republican national convention. Of course the Governor was aware that no definite steps could be taken until the arrival of the executive committee of the national committee, but he said that the powers-that-be once on the ground the hard work would commence.

"A delegation of 100 will arrive from New York, for instance," said he, "and the same train brings in a big Republican club from Cincinnatti, let us say. These men march up the street, all expecting to put up at the West, the question will be, "Where are you going to put 'em!" However, there is no doubt but these things will be looked after, and we will come out with flying colors."

"The selection of Minneapolis as the place for holding the convention will tend to solidify the Republican party in the Northwest, will it not, Governor?" returned the reporter.

"Not especially," was the deliberate reply. "I think that the holding of the convention in the Northwest will have but little, if any, effect politically."

"Then might not the desired end be attained by the selection of a Northwestern candidate for second place on the ticket?"

"Unquestionably," replied Gov. McGill

"And who would be the most available man in your individual opinion, Governor?"

"Well, sir," said Gov. McGill, as he meditatively stroked his moustache, "I have in mind a man who, as far as I know, has never been spoken of. Jerry Rusk of Wisconsin would do more to solidify the party in the Northwest than any other man. He is not a Scandinavian, but his wife is, and a splendid lady besides. In Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas his nomination would strengthen the party materially without a doubt. No, I do not think that the holding of the convention at Minneapolis will make any difference, but the nomination of "Uncle Jerry" for second place on the ticket would certainly strengthen the ticket in the Northwest."

"I see that Mr. Lowry, in a New York interview, favors Gov. Merriam for second honors," remarked the Journal man.

"So?" replied the Governor, raising his eyebrows ever so slightly, "I hadn't noticed that."

"Yes, Mr. Lowry declares with you that the conditions political demand the namination of a Northwestern man, but he thinks that Merriam is the Republican Moses who will solidify the party in the Northwest. The Journal tried to interview the Governor in St. Paul yesterday, but he refused to talk, and did not wish it even intimated that an attempt to interview him had been made."

"Then," replied Gov. McGill, "his excellency was very sensible. If the party is going to name a man from the Northwest for second honors, with all due respect to Gov. Merriam, we should not pass over such men as Rusk and Allison. They are the men who are entitled to the recognition of the party for their services in the past."

The Girl I Love.

Manistee Democrat:—The Brown Theatre Company had a packed house at the Opera House last evening, their opening night, and the large audience wai not at all disappointed in their anticipation of witnessing a pleasing comedy rendered in excellent style. The musical selections were well received, encores being insisted upon at each rendition, and showed ability tempered with taste and style in rendering. We have not space to review the play, but our readers may judge for themselves by joining the crowd which will visit the Opera House this evening, when they play a "Waif From the Sea."

Canadian Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Canada will be on sale via St. Paul and "The North-Western Line," to Chicago at offices of the Great Northern Ry., from points in Minnesota and Dakota north of and including Crookston and Grand Forks on December 1st, 8th, 15, 20th, 21st, 22nd and 29th, and from points in Manitoba on December 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd and 29th, 1891. To Montreal and points west of Montreal the rate will be $40.00 for the round trip. Tickets will also be sold to points east of Montreal at a trifle higher rate. The Montana and Manitoba express trains of the Great Northern Ry. arrive in St. Paul in the morning in time to connect with the "North-Western Line" fast day train leaving St. Paul at 7:50 a. m., arriving in Chicago 9:35 p.m., making connection with late night trains out of Chicago to the east. Passengers arriving at St. Paul in the morning, desiring to tay over until evening, can take the vestibule limited on this line that leaves St. Paul at 7:30 p. m., and arrives at Chicago 9 o'clock next next morning. Buy your ticket over "The North-Western Line" it is also the only line running a train from St. Paul every morning both week days and Sundays to Milwaukee and Chicago.

M. M. WHEELER,
Traveling Agent.

T. W. TEASDALE,
Gen'l Passenger Agt., St. Paul.

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Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts.

[33-tf.]

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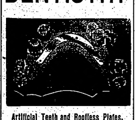

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To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list	$20.00
" " next largest list	10.00
" " third " "	5.00
" " fourth " "	3.00
" " fifth " "	2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each	10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c "	10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.

2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

Kansas.
4 Mrs. Henry Brown, Olathe.
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas. Semple, box 310.
" Amelia Walker.

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.

4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

☞ Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1892, number of the Home Magazine.

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Polk County Journal

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, December 10, 1891.

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MONTANA, AND
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MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de........St. Paul........ar. 8:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de........CROOKSTON........de. 1:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de........Grand Forks........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar........Helena........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

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DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:20 a. m..........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

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Depart 10:45 a. m..........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg, and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Everybody is in courting this week.

Knute S. Aker was up from the west side last week.

Att'y A. C. Wilkinson was a guest at the Clifton hotel in St. Paul last week.

Conductor J. B. Copeland was registered at the Sherman hotel, St. Paul, last week.

The train on the Great Northern road was four or five hours late on Friday morning owing to the big blizzard.

The biggest storm of the season set in on Thursday morning terminating in a regular blizzard. The weather was quite warm, however.

Remember the sale at Brown's old stables (Lancaster & Young's stables) on Fifth street next Saturday, commencing at 10 o'clock.

The train on the Great Northern on Thursday evening failed to arrive at all, owing to an accident near Grand Forks. It was either abandoned or sent down on the west side.

A Northern Pacific freight train was ditched near Burlington on Thursday afternoon which so blockaded the track that the south-bound passenger was obliged to go by way of Red Lake Falls.

Excursion tickets to the Pacific coast, via the Great Northern Railway on sale every day. Before you conclude on making the trip, apply or write to any agent of the Great Northern for particulars.

Read our great premium offer, on first page in this issue. Six great farm books for only 25 cents, Leatherstocking Tales only 25 cents or 10 Novels, by world-renowned authors for only 50 cents.

A. H. Young, traveling passenger agent for the Burlington, and B. N. Austin, assistant gen'l passenger agent of the N. P., gave this office a pleasant call on Wednesday last, piloted by C. A. Sharkey, the affable N. P. agent at Crookston.

W. W. Braden, Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn., will be pleased to furnish particulars concerning lands in the Park Region and Red River Valley of Minnesota, for sale at low prices and on long time. Sectional maps, publications, etc., sent free.

Conductor Casper Sands took a lay-off last week owing to the illness of his wife. Mrs. Sands has had a great deal of trouble with her throat in the past and recently has been laid up with a sore throat. Her physician pronounced it a case of diptheria and caused the house to be quarantined. [illegible] that it is an extremely mild case as she has been able to be about [illegible] of the time.

John Frasier, a lumberman employed in one of T. B. Walker's lumber camps on the Clearwater, got lost in the woods and remained out all night during the extreme cold weather. He kept walking until some time early in the morning before he sank, exhausted, where he was found by his comrades soon after. As he did not return during the night they organized a hunting party early in the morning and fortunately were able to follow his footsteps in the snow and find him in time to save his life. He was, however, very badly frozen, and was sent at once to this city where he received medical attendance and was sent from here to the hospital in Duluth.

If you want a good farm of 316 acres ready for crop in the spring, with good, substantial buildings, good fences, artesian water and a fine grove call at THE JOURNAL office. We know of just such a place near this city that can be had cheap.

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In Endless Varieties.

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In the most Artistic Styles and Patterns.

CHILDREN'S SCHOOL CAPS

In Many Styles.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

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A new and complete stock of Funeral Supplies, Picture Framing Material, Pictures, and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway. Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

Good Market For Oats.

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in a few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts. [33-tf]

If you want a good cow come and see what we can do for you. We have a few more left that we will sell you right. Call early for choice.

ONCE MORE!

Winter excursions. Season 1891! Where? To Toronto, Montreal and all principal points west in Ontario. Rate? $40.00 for the round trip from points in Minnesota and Dakota. When? Tickets on sale Tuesday December 1st, 8th, 15th to 22d inclusive, and Tuesday December 29th. Limit? 90 days from date of sale, which can be extended by payment at destination of ticket of $5.00 for 15 days, $10.00 for 30 days, $15.00 for 45 days, $20.00 for 60 days, and $10.00 for each 30 days additional. Route? Northern Pacific Railroad via St. Paul and Chicago. Accommodations? Pullman sleeping and dining cars to St. Paul daily and on December 1st, 8th, 15th, 22d and 29th, Pullman furnished tourist sleeping cars will be run through Winnipeg to Chicago via Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines, in which a charge will be made of only $2.00 per berth. Tickets will be extended to include points in Quebec (east of Montreal, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island by the addition of one single fare for the round trip from Montreal. For tickets, maps, time-tables, and full information, call on or write to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific,
[30-37] Crookston, Minn.

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal, and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal, for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal added to the $40 rate from here. Choice of route and close connection with different lines from St. Paul. A sufficient party can get the use of a tourist sleeping car, the cost of which will be for a double bunk $1 to St. Paul and $2 to Chicago.

W. W. FEGAN,
[31-36] Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific

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Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

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THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

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PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, First and Second Class Coaches, Pullman Tourist and Free Colonist Sleepers

AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

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By which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month—the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work? If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN OUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you. We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right—there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING. Better write at once. Address

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Rudolph Jacklin and Bertha Jacklin, his wife, to Farmers' Trust Company, bearing date the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1889, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 419, 420, 421, 422, 423.

And whereas the description of the premise in said mortgage contained is as follows: Situate, lying and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼) and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine, (29), in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west.

And whereas the said Farmers' Trust Company, the owner and holder of said mortgage has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sums in said mortgage set forth and represented by the notes therein described upon which default has occurred due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due, and payable at the date hereof, including principal and interest upon the notes in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to wit: Six hundred thirty-six and 46-100 dollars. ($636.46), and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the southeast quarter (s½ se¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ se¼) and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter (sw¼ ne¼) of Section twenty-nine (29) in Township one hundred fifty-four (154) north, Range forty-three (43) west, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States government survey thereof, in said Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 28th, A. D. 1891.

FARMERS' TRUST COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

TAYLOR & WOODARD,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
930 Guaranty Loan Building,
[28-34] Minneapolis, Minn.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF POLK. District Court, 14th Judicial District. Edith M. Cuniff, Plaintiff, vs. John Cuniff, Defendant.—Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, John Cuniff, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with the costs and disbursements herein.

Dated June 20th, A. D. 1891.

H. STEENERSON,
E. M. STANTON,
[28-34] Plaintiff's Attorneys, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.)
[Last publication Dec. 10th, 1891.]

WHEREAS, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aslak A. Dyrdal and Ingeborg A. Dyrdal, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1889, at 9:15 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on pages 174-178; and,

Whereas default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $7.37 that became due November 1st, 1889, $7.53 that became due May 1st, 1890, $7.50 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $7.50 that became due May 1st, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained:

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum, to-wit: Two hundred ninety-five and 42-100 ($295.42) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in, and covered by, said mortgage, viz: The southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of Section twenty-eight (28) and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), containing 80 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston, in said County and State on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 22d, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY
LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G 87]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Oct. 29th, 1891.]
[Last publication Dec. 10th 1891.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Marcus E. Stockland, unmarried, mortgagor, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1889, at 11:35 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages, on pages 610-13.

And whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $10.00 that became due November 1st, 1889, $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1890, $12.00 that became due November 1st, 1890, and $12.00 that became due May 1st, 1891, and whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described the following sum to-wit: Four hundred fifty-three and 27-100 ($453 27-100) dollars; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz; The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-four (24), Township one hundred fifty-four (154), Range forty-five (45), containing 159 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, said premises situate and being in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five ($25 00) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated October 19th, A. D. 1891.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY
LOAN COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for Mortgagee. [28-34] [N. G. 85]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]
Last publication Dec. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($122.40-100) dollars, interest which became due on the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Andrew G. Hanson, a widower, mortgagor to J. E. Bolly, mortgagee, bearing date the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 40 of mortgages, on page 149.

And whereas, the said J. E. Bolly, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($1,622 40-100) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:—All that tract or parcel of land described as the southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-four (34), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-four (44), according to the government survey thereof in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 21st DAY OF DECEMBER, 1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated November, 2d, A. D. 1891.

J. E. BOLLY, Mortgagee.

O. TESSIER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
[29-35] Minneapolis, Minn.

A. J. AMJUST, M. D.

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H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, DECEMBER 17, 1891. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

NO. 35

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
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4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 15th, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL.—

The Mexican Government has suspended the high duty which it levied upon cereals and meats. This was done because of the exceedingly short crops in that country and the great amount of importation of these articles that would necessarily ensue. This act opens a considerable market for the consumption of American breadstuffs and meats.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker has issued his report and, as has been the case with all his previous reports, it is a business statement of the great business of the government for distributing the mails. Mr. Wanamaker has made several valuable and proper recommendations, among them the following: "Among his more important recommendations are the adoption not only of the telegraph, but the telephone, to the postal system; a general extension of the money-order service; the introduction of house letter boxes for collection as well as delivery; the adoption of the pneumatic tube system as used in Berlin and Vienna for the transmission of mail matter in large cities; a gradual increase of free delivery; the establishment of postal saving depositories; the abolition of box rents at free delivery offices in small places; the simplification of postal rates and the consolidation of third and fourth class postage." Mr. Wanamaker brings his business methods to bear in the business of the postoffice and there is no doubt of the fact that his administration has been a very good one.

The Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Noble, has issued his report. Of course it covers all the various Bureaus of his Department though much of it is devoted to the land question. It is shown that during the existence of the administration 23,000,000 acres of land have been added to the public domain and opened for the use of settlers, and that for the three years there has been taken up by homestead over 300,000 homes, showing that the people of the country appreciate, as they ought to, the opportunity offered them of securing homes for themselves.

The Secretary of the Treasury has given out the Treasurer's report showing how the money of the United States has been handled in the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1891. The entire receipts of the government for that year were $756,721,305, and the entire expenditures, including the amount paid for the redemption of the bonds, was $781,126,276, leaving an actual balance of receipts over expenditures of $25,000,000.

Secretary Rusk in his report devotes considerable time to the effort he is making to induce the people of Europe to use corn as bread instead of taking the rye they have been accustomed to. The entire failure almost of the rye crop in Russia, Germany and Hungary has made it necessary that some other source of supply should be found, as there is no possibility of securing rye. The attention of the people has been called through special agents sent to that country for that express purpose, and it is believed that these agents have succeeded in accomplishing the object and that hereafter large quantities of corn will be exported for food purposes.

Senator-Governor Hill and some of his devoted followers, who are known as members of the David B. Hill Democratic Club, at Elmira, called a meeting to ask him to deliver a speech before it. Governor Hill spoke at great length upon the issues of the day. He devoted, however, most of his time to the discussion of bi-metallism. He says, "The Democrats of New York stand fast for sound finance. They demand that every dollar coined in the United States shall be the equal of every other dollar so coined. They demand more. They demand that every silver dollar coined hitherto or hereafter shall be the equal of the present gold dollar, our present unit of value, weighing twenty-five and eight-tenths Troy grains of standard gold, and not one cent, not one mill less worth than the gold dollar." The Governor is mistaken in this statement. The Democrats as well as the Republicans of New York demand that we shall accept the ideas and theories of Europe and Wall street.

Persons visiting their old homes in the East this winter should take along printed matter descriptive of their new homes in the Northwest. Take copies of this paper with you and ask agents of the Great Northern Railway for a supply of publications. [33-36]

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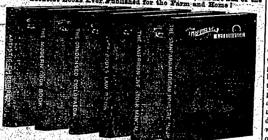

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THE MODERN COOK BOOK AND MEDICAL GUIDE. This is practically two books in one—a perfect cook book and a perfect medical book—and there is so much in it, and so much care and pains have been taken in its compilation, that we feel perfectly safe in asserting that the Cooking department is fully the equal, in quantity and quality of contents, of any low-priced cook book ever published, and the same as to the Medical department here, in as compared with any low-priced medical book in the market. The cooking recipes number 477, and include Breakfast Dishes, Soups, Meats and Poultry, Fish, Vegetables, Salads and Relishes, Bread and Rolls, Jellies and Preserves, Puddings and Pies, Fancy Dishes, Cakes, Confectionery, Ice Cream and Summer Drinks. The compilation of this department was superintended by a practical housekeeper, every recipe will be found reliable, and it has been pronounced one of the best, most complete, and practical cook-books ever published. The Medical Department will be found fully the equal of any doctor book published at one dollar or less. It tells you how to cure by simple means, available in every home, every disease and ailment that is curable. It will save you many dollars annually in doctors' bills and patent medicines. THE MODERN COOK BOOK AND MEDICAL GUIDE is a large book of 128 pages, 12mo, with handsome cover.

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What They are Doing for Inebriates at Dwight, Ill.

The latest circular of Mr. George B. Smith, Secretary of the Bichloride of Gold Club at Dwight, shows that the September enrollment in the club was 254, and the month ended with a total of 1,119 names on the books. To and including Oct. 14th the number had been increased to 1,324, and on the date of the circular, the 20th, it was 1,440. It is expected that the enrolment of the club will have 1,500 by the time of Dr. Keeley's return from Europe, early in November. The enrollment at Dwight, although it does not embrace half of those who are discharged cured, promises to develop into a national organization. The Secretary says: "The letters to the Secretary from our own members returned home are full of hope for the future great usefulness of the club. With every new enlistment on our books the accompanying figure of the enrollment is watched and regarded with pride. It is under such happy conditions as these that we await the return to Dwight of our honored permanent president, Leslie E Keeley, and are prepared to render account for the months that have passed with us during his absence." Thus the good work goes on, ever increasing its area of usefulness and humanity.

> For I have fed on honey dew,
> And drunk the milk of paradise.
> —Coleridge.

Imagine a dozen dipsomaniacs, morphine-eaters and opium fiends turned loose in a peaceful country village with only a solitary, harmless looking policeman to preserve order. Such is the condition of affairs at Dwight—seventy-three miles southwest of Chicago—and yet there is not a more tranquil town in the whole world. Like a new Temple of Janus, the doors of the calaboose remain closed from one month's end to the other, and its apartments are the only unoccupied ones in town. Disorder is unknown. An arrest would create a sensation. Eight hundred men are under treatment here. The vast majority of them are dipsomaniacs, or to use plain English—drunkards. The residue are victims of chloral hydrate, morphia, chloroform, others opium, cocaine, and drugged cigarettes. Occasionally a patient arrives who has reveled in "all the luxuries of the season," including raw alcohol, liquor, and all the pernicious drugs just enumerated. Morphine and whisky are often used together. In addition to these unfortunates there are many ladies here for treatment. I have heard the number stated all the way from 100 to 150. They never appear on the street but live in strict seclusion, and receive private medical attendance. Some of them are hard drinkers, the result of social festivities where the elegant thing is to drink champagne. Nine-tenths of them, however, are devotees of the god Madjoon. They have been using opium in its varied forms. The burden of guilt, in most cases, rests on the shoulders of ignorant or unprincipled physicians who, at the outset, prescribed opium preparations to these victims. The habit being quickly formed, the votaries of absinthe have gone from bad to worse until nothing but bichloride of gold stands between them and the insane asylum or the grave. A morphine eater said to me the other day: "If I could ever learn that a physician had prescribed morphine to a child of mine I would kill him before sunset."

FREEDOM AND PLENTY OF WHISKY.

I expected to find a huge sanitary building here, where all the patients were collected in a body, and carefully guarded from the snares and fascinations of King Alcohol. The very reverse is the case. There are no bolts, bars, walls or dead lines. There is no restraint whatever. The patients board in hotels and with private families, and the accommodations of the town are taxed to the utmost limit. Every man comes and goes as he chooses. If he thinks he needs a drink of whisky, he goes to the medical hall and says so, and is immediately handed a small bottle of fine old Kentucky bourbon. I have not tasted liquor since arriving here, but a man who has told me that the Institute whisky was the best he ever "put his lips over." In our vernacular Dwight is known as "Jagtown." The medical hall is variously referred to as the "shot tower," the "shooting gallery," or the "target ground." It is there that they fire a charge of bichloride of gold into every man's upper left arm, four times per day. This is called "getting shot." The train from Chicago is called the "jag train," for it never fails to bring a squad of recruits. A new arrival is known as a "jag," for the greater portion of new men arrive here as drunk as lords. Anybody can tell a "jag" the moment he steps off the cars, whether he is drunk or sober. If drunk he is immediately steered over to the "shooting gallery," where he is promptly searched for liquor and morphine, and usually not in vain. He is immediately relieved of these contraband articles and in lieu of forty-rod whisky is given a small bottle of pure liquor. Almost before he knows it he also receives a heavy "shot" in the upper left arm from a hypodermic syringe. He is also induced to swallow a dose of what we call "dope." It is a mixture to be taken internally every two hours, from morning until bed time. When he leaves the institution he finds himself a regenerated and new-made man, free from the curse of liquor and all other narcotics.

Winter Excursions.

"The Burlington" has now on sale excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates, to all the principal health and pleasure resorts of Florida, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Mexico, California and to Hot Springs, Ark., Las Vegas, New Mexico, Eureka Springs, Ark., Prescot and Phœnix, Arizona. Tickets to these points will be good from three to six months from date of sale, and with liberal stop-over privileges in most cases. The fast time, sure connections, luxurious accommodations and unrivaled service of "The Burlington" are well known and make it the favourite route for tourists. For tickets, rates, sleeping car accommodations and any further information, call on the nearest ticket agent of "The Burlington" or connecting lines, or address W. J. Kenyon, General Passenger Agent, St Paul, Minn. [34-36]

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

Stoppage In Transitu.

The right of stoppage in transitu is greatly favored by the law. It may be defined to be the right belonging to the seller of goods, who has not been paid therefor, to resume possession of them before they come into possession of the buyer who has become insolvent, bankrupt or pecuniarily embarrassed. A few general statements with reference to this very important and greatly valuable right will not be uninteresting or uninstructive.

The right of stoppage in transitu has been long recognized. We find it exercised as early as 1670. At first it was recognised only as an equitable right, that is, cognisable only in a court of equity. It is now become a part of the common law. Reverting to our definition, many questions may arise, some of which we shall attempt to answer. As to how long the right continues, we may say until the goods reach the actual or constructive possession of the buyer or his agent. Would it include the possession of a carrier who had been designated, or who is hired and paid by the buyer? We think not. So long as the goods are in the hands of the carrier, whether by sea or land, the right exists, even although the buyer appointed the carrier. But not if the conveyance belongs to the buyer. And the right continues while the goods are in any place of deposit connected with the transmission and delivery of them. Goods may be said to be delivered when they reach the hands of an authorized agent of the buyer, who is holding them until he receives orders from the buyer, but not so if they are in the hands of a shipping agent appointed by the buyer to await his instructions, not as to their destination, but as to the mode of shipment to their original destination. If the buyer be in the habit of using the warehouse of a carrier, warfinger or other person as his own, for instance, by making it the repository of his goods, and disposing of them there, the transit is at an end.

It has been held that, where the goods are stored by a carrier at the end of his route as agent for the buyer, the transit is complete.

If, at the time of the sale, the seller ships the goods to a third person in the buyer's name as consignor, at the buyer's request, the right probably does not exist.

Where part of the goods are delivered without the intention on the seller's part of retaining the rest, but as a step towards and in progress of the delivery of the whole, the right ceases. The buyer may take possession of the goods at any point on their journey and defeat the right, but merely making demand for them of the carrier does not defeat it. An attachment or execution against the buyer can not be levied on the goods to defeat the right. The vendor's right is superior to all liens, but not to the carriers' lien for freight.

An indorsement of the bill of lading to a bona fide purchaser will defeat the right. An indorsement of the bill of lading as a pledge for a specific sum defeats the right, but the seller may give notice to the pledgee, and in a court of equity maintain his right to the difference between the amount of the pledgee's demand and the sum realized by the sale of the goods.

An assignment of the bill of lading as security for an antecedent debt does not, nor does an assignment for the benefit of creditors, defeat the right. But suppose the goods are partly paid for, or an acceptance or a note given, does the right still exist? Yes. Suppose the note be negotiated? The rule would probably be the same. But if the seller takes the unindorsed note or order of a third person, the right, it seems, is defeated, but the mere fact that the vendor has recourse against some other party does not defeat the right. The cases hold that if a bill or note or part payment has been received, it is not necessary to return the same in order to exercise the right. Who may exercise the right? The seller, a general agent, or one who is a special agent in respect to this consignment; a commission merchant, one who has paid the price for the buyer and has taken the bill of lading as security; a consignor, who consigns goods to be sold on the joint account of himself and the consignee, may exercise the right. The right belongs to no one but the seller or quasi seller.

What sort of inability to pay on the part of the buyer will give this right?

Insolvency is the only ground. It is not necessarily a technically declared insolvency. It means, as well, a general inability to pay just debts. It may be proved in any satisfactory way, as by stopping payment or failing to pay one's just debts, the buyer's admissions, or well founded information. It need not be an insolvency arising after the sale. it may be one which existed prior to the sale if not discovered until afterwards. How is the right exercised? It is not necessary to actually seize the goods. Give notice to the carrier in whose hands they are, on the delivery of which notice it becomes the person's duty to retain the goods. The carrier may be held responsible if he delivers the goods after notice. If by mistake he delivers them, the seller may bring trover for them against the buyer, or his assignees, if he be bankrupt. The notice must be given to the one who has the immediate custody of the goods. If given to a principal, whose agent has custody of the goods, it must be given at such a time and under such circumstances that the principal, by the exercise of a reasonable diligence, may communicate it to his servant.

We may say that it is a common custom for the seller to require bills of lading to be made to his own order, thus cutting off any questions which might arise as to delivery.

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal, and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal, for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive, and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal added to the $40 rate from here. Choice of route and close connection with different lines from St. Paul. A sufficient party can get the use of a tourist sleeping car, the cost of which will be for a double bunk $1 to St. Paul and $2 to Chicago. W. W. FEGAND, [31-36] Agent Crookston.

A trip to Montana over the Great Northern is one of the most attractive in the west. From St Paul the tourist takes the four-track route to Minneapolis. Crossing the Mississippi on a million dollar stone arch bridge, in full view of the Falls of St. Anthony and the largest flouring mills in the world, goes thence through the Park Region of Minnesota, with its myriad lakes, to the wheat valley of the Red River, to Devils Lake,—North Dakota's inland sea,—through the Moose River country, and the Milk River Valley, passing Fort Assiniboine, the largest and finest military fort in the west, historic Benton, Great Falls City and the mighty cataracts of the Missouri River, then skirting the Rocky Mountains, with their sublime scenery, to Helena, the rich capital of Montana, thence over the continental backbone to Butte, the largest mining camp on earth.

Always at the Front.

We have received a copy of the handsomely illustrated prospectus for 1892 issued by the Detroit Free Press. The achievements of this famous paper in the past have been great, but if its promises for the future are to be fulfilled—and there certainly is no reason to expect the contrary—The Detroit Free Press will in 1892 be, as its publishers confidently claim, the most entertaining and instructive paper published, giving additional pleasure to its thousands of old subscribers and fresh enjoyment to the many thousand new ones that its merits deserve. Its list of contributors for 1892 includes many of the most famous names in American literary and public life, and most of the articles to be published are of unusual importance and interest, presenting a splendid array of valuable features in addition to the inimitable work done by its own staff of bright and famous writers. The publishers of The Free Press will mail copies of the paper and prospectus to all applicants.

Canadian Excursions.

Excursion tickets to Canada will be on sale via St. Paul and "The North-Western Line," to Chicago at offices of the Great Northern Ry. from points in Minnesota and Dakota north of and including Crookston and Grand Forks on December 1st, 8th, 15, 20th, 21st, 22nd and 29th, and from points in Manitoba on December 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd and 29th, 1891. To Montreal and points west of Montreal the rate will be $40.00 for the round trip. Tickets will also be sold to points east of Montreal at a trifle higher rate. The Montana and Manitoba express trains of the Great Northern Ry. arrive in St. Paul in the morning in time to connect with the "North-Western Line" fast day train leaving St. Paul at 7:50 a. m., arriving in Chicago 9:35 p. m., making connection with late night trains out of Chicago to the east. Passengers arriving at St. Paul in the morning, desiring to lay over until evening, can take the vestibule limited on this line that leaves St. Paul at 7:30 p. m., and arrives at Chicago 9 o'clock next morning. Buy your ticket over "The North-Western Line" it is also the only line running a train from St. Paul every morning both week days and Sundays to Milwaukee and Chicago.

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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, December 17, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 75.
1 Northern 74.
2 Northern 69.
3 Northern 63.

Dan O'Connor was buzzing about the streets this week.

A very fine line of fur capes and muffs, at Gervais, "the hustlers."

Wheat opened out at 74 cents on Monday morning.

W. C. Nash was over from East Grand Forks courting last week.

Mrs. Casper Sands is convalescent and the quarantine has been raised.

Charlie Lowe returned on Tuesday from a short visit to Galveston, Texas.

Gervais, "the hustlers," are offering great drives on flannels and blanket. Go and catch on to some of them.

H. B. Haney was up from Fisher last week and dropped in to encourage us by a renewal.

Rev. R. H. Battey goes to Ada to lecture on Friday evening. He expects to give a course there.

Our lovely December weather still continues. So far December has been an apology for November.

M. G. Peterson was up from Garden on Thursday. M. G. says his health is not very good this winter.

Gervais, "the hustler,s" are offering special drives on cloaks, jackets, and capes till New Year's.

Holiday attractions at Saake's jewelry store.

James Hall, arraigned for grand larceny plead guilty and on Friday evening Sheriff Grundyson took him to Stillwater.

The district court continues its ceaseless grind upon cases of more or less account and this will go on till the holiday vacation.

Don't fail to call and see samples of our great premiums. Reading matter enough to last you all winter goes with THE JOURNAL this year. Call and see.

The board at its last meeting bought a building for a county hospital and have advertised for a matron. The needs of an institution of this kind have been long apparent.

E. O. Flanders returned on Saturday morning from a visit to Hudson, Wis. He was also a delegate to the State Dairyman's Association meeting at St. Anthony.

A visit to my store will convince you that you can save money by buying your holiday presents of me.

C. H. SAAKE.

Rev. R. H. Battey reports a very enjoyable season at Glynden last week and speaks in very high terms of the people whom he met there. Glynden has long been noted for her hospitable citizens.

The greatest display of holiday goods and novelties that ever come to the Northwest, at Gervais, "the hustler's."

Lyman Clark was in from Rockstad on Saturday and called to drop his nickel in THE JOURNAL slot to grind out the paper another year. Mr. C. is one of the faithful ones whom THE JOURNAL likes to serve.

Very handsome neckties for gents', for Christmas presents, at Gervais, "the hustlers."

Frank Barnum came up from Sauk Centre last week to accept the situation of local editor on the daily Times. Frank seems to be a genial, whole-souled sort of a fellow such as sometimes happen in the profession.

Fred Sieverson was down from Lindsay last Thursday and called to renew acquaintance—and subscription. Fred says farmers are feeling good out his way over the fact of good crops and plowing for next spring mostly all done.

Labrador seal plush capes for ladies' and gents', the best wearing plush made, at Gervais, "the hustlers."

In relation to the jail matter of which we spoke last week, the chairman of the county board was instructed to confer with the city authorities in relation to a site down town. The matter will come up at the next meeting of the board.

Duluth Evening Herald:—The familiar face of our friend, Hon. Halvor Steenerson, with his glasses on, appears in the current number of the Northwest Magazine. It is hardly necessary to say that the portrait is not quite so large as life.

The marriage of Register Hugh Thompson to Miss Lees McMasters occurred at his residence at Fisher on Thursday evening of last week in the presence of a few friends. After the marriage ceremony the bridal party adjourned to Roberton hall where a grand ball was given and a general good time enjoyed. The presents were numerous and rich.

W. H. Widrig was up attending to business at the county seat on Monday. W. H. says he shall sow two bushels of wheat per acre next spring being convinced from his experience last season that he gets double the yield that one and one-half bushels will yield. He tried it on a headland and says the wheat thus sown ripened earlier and and yielded at least double.

Comrade Ira D. Blanchard has received his voucher for first installment of pension at the rate of $12 per month. He draws from June 1890. This will be a nice little help for a worthy comrade and THE JOURNAL is glad to see such remembered by the government that they fought to save.

Ferdinand Turgeon was in from Lambert early in the week and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call. Says the farmers are all happy over good crops and fair prices this fall out his way. He thinks another such a crop will place Polk County farmers in independent circumstances.

A kind welcome for all, good music, and enjoyable worship at the Congregational church, Dec. 20th. Morning sermon: "Our Indebtedness to God's Love;" evening: "The Gates of Life Open," a sermon for young people. Come in early. The opening exercises of music will commence promptly at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p.m.

Mr. A. A. Olds received a visit from his brother-in-law, Mr. Jones, of Hudson Wis., of a week's duration. Mr. Jones is also an old acquaintance of Dr. M. Leguee and told us in private that the doctor is one of the best veterinary surgeons he ever knew. He is very much pleased with what he has seen of our city, and our big crops of this year are an endless source of wonderment to him.

The State comes out with another "hold your wheat" circular and urges the farmers to hold it back and gives some very good reasons why they should do so. The State urges farmers to always hold back when the market is overcrowded and to sell gradually and claims that if they had done so this fall wheat would have brought a far better price and we believe this statement is pretty near correct. The State predicts big prices later.

We took breakfast with Ira DeCamp at the Hotel Brunswick in Minneapolis last Friday morning—every well regulated Crookstonite does that when he or she is in Minneapolis, for Ira is one of the most genial hotel men in the twin cities and the Brunswick, under its present management, is the best $2 a day house in Minnepaul. If you don't believe it all you have to do is to try it on once.

Reliable reports have been given THE JOURNAL of 35 and 40 bushel crops of No. 1 Hard wheat in Polk County this year. Some of this wheat sold for from 80 to 85 cents per bushel. At 80 cents a 40 bushel crop would bring $32 per acre. Is there any profit in that? A 30 bushel crop would bring $24 per acre and the better the crop is cultivated the more money there is in it. The fact that such crops can be produced speaks volumes for our soil.

Land can now be had in Polk County at from $5 to $20 per acre. Land that can be made to produce from 30 to 40 bushels per acre is actually worth many times $20 per acre to raise wheat on. Every intelligent man can see at a glance whether our land is held too high or not. Land within a radius of four miles from this city is actually worth $40 or $50 per acre and yet it can be had for $20 at the outside figure where it is for sale at all. Now is the time to catch on.

Brown's Theatre Company opened a week's engagement at the Grand in "A Brave Woman" to a fair house. On Tuesday evening the play was called "The Girl I Love." It is a play that has been on the boards here before under the name of "The Diamond Mystery. It is an exceptionally strong company, the acting and singing of J. Knox Garvin being exceptionally fine. One pleasing feature is the singing between the acts which keeps the audience in good humor during the (sometimes) interminable waiting spells. Mrs. Robbins has a sweet, powerful voice and her support is excellent. Saturday afternoon the company give a matinee and on Saturday evening occurs the grand drawing for an elegant parlor sett. At the prices, 15, 25, 35 and 50 cents the opera house should be filled every evening.

Our esteemed fellow-townsman, A. N. Hixson Esq., departed for Portland, Mich., on Monday evening for a few weeks' visit with old neighbors and friends and while there he will do what he can toward enlightening Michiganders as to the possibilities of a Polk County farm. We can assure all who listen to his siren song that Mr. H. is a man of truth and veracity—every way worthy of confidence and he also knows what he is talking about when he is talking about Red River soil as he came here a comparatively poor man and now owns one of the finest farms in the Red River Valley, only a few miles from this city, which farm brings him a revenue each year as great as that of any business man in the city of Crookston. But Hixson is no tenderfoot—no growler. He works with hands and brain and that kind of work always pays in this country in whatever business you engage. "Pluck and muscle" will pay better in this Red River Valley than anywhere else in these United States of America and Hixson has got the facts and figures to back up the assertion.

I buy my goods for cash direct of the manufacturers, which enables me to sell goods at about what other dealers pay for theirs.

C. H. SAAKE.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

The combination auction sale last Saturday cannot be set down as a howling success. In the first place many who had promised to list articles did not show up and the result was that there were no sheep, hogs nor poultry entered and there were almost numberless inquiries for sheep. There were but ten grade Holstein cows sold and they brought less than they were actually worth for beef—for instance one six-year-old grade Holstein cow that was bid off for $14.00 was later in the day sold to a butcher in the city for $20.50 and when butchered on Monday dressed over 600 pounds. The buyers seemed very conservative holding themselves strictly within beef prices and yet the animals offered were in the very best dairy strains of that noted dairy breed and cost to get introduced to this county at the rate of $250 per head for a yearling Holstein bull and from $100 to $125 for grade Holsteen cows. Again, Rev. S. Currie had some 35 or 40 head from his choice herd of Jerseys but the offers did not run higher than $4 to $5 per head for full-blood, and thoroughbred bulls from 6 to 8 months old and the heifers and cows were nowhere, and Mr. Currie has been one of the most careful and painstaking breeders in the county and has succeeded in building up one of the best herds of Jerseys ever in Polk County. We tried to ascertain the reason for the apathy that was so apparent but only a few would assign any reason and those said they thought the cattle too small, and some said too small and too poor, ignoring the fact that Jerseys as a breed are small and that no cow that is a good reliable milker is fat when at her best flow. A cow that will make two pounds of butter a day is better and more profitable than the best beef cow that ever lived and it is a very poor Jersey cow that will not make two pounds a day.

At Your Own Prices.

Fancy feathers, ornaments, children's hoods and caps. Call early and get a bargain. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

If you want to make and save money buy your holiday presents at Saake's jewelry store. I am closing out my present stock and will offer every article at prices far below the reach of competition.

C. H. SAAKE.

MARRIED.

ROBERTS—HUNTER.—At the residence of the bride's brother, R. S. Hunter, Fox Lake, Wis., on Wednesday Dec. 9th, by the Rev. S. Sawyer, Mr. R. P. ROBERTS, to Miss MARY E. HUNTER.

The happy couple arrived in this city on Sunday morning and R. P. resumed his position in Williams' store on Monday morning all the same as though going away to be married was an ordinary everyday occurrence with him. They will board with mine host Bemis until their new residence is ready for occupancy.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. MRS E. E. BANGS.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [85-tf]

County Alliance Meeting.

A meeting of the Polk County Alliance is hereby called at the Court House, in Crookston, at 10 o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, Dec. 29th 1891, for the purpose of electing one delegate and one alternate to attend the meeting of the State Farmers' Alliance at Minneapolis Minn., January 5th, 1892, and to transact any other business deemed for the good of the order. It is recommended that sub-alliances meet as soon as possible and elect their delegates. Each sub-alliance is entitled to three delegates.

H. G. MITCHELL, President.
JOHN D. KNUTESON, Secretary.

COMBINATION AUCTION SALE

On Monday, January 4th 1892, a grand combination auction sale will be held of such articles as shall be presented for sale. A number of good horses, Jersey cows and other stock has been lisetd and all who wish can list property for this sale on application to L. Berthiaume at Gentilly, either by letter or in person. It is desirable that all who wish to avail themselves of this opportunity should advise Mr. B. at once so that proper provision can be made. If the day should prove stormy the sale will be postponed till a later date. All who wish to sell any stuff should not fail to list it at once. Remember the time and place—at Gentilly, on Monday Jan. 4th, 1892.

HOLIDAY GOODS

—AT—

GERVAIS' "THE HUSTLERS."

JUST RECEIVED,

A VERY HANDSOME LINE OF

NOVELTIES

—FOR—

Christmas

—AND—

New Years

PRESENTS!

Cloaks and Jackets

MUST BE CLOSED OUT BY

NEW YEARS

Regardless of Cost.

GERVAIS,' "The Hustlers."

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

The Great Northern will sell excursion tickets to Montreal and points west in Quebec and Ontario on following dates: Dec. 1st, 8th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 29th, 1891.

40.00. FORTY DOLLARS. $40.00.

Tickets are good for 90 days from date of sale, and can be extended longer at a small cost. We are the only line from the Northwest that connects with roads at St. Paul for Chicago and east. Come down and see us.

[30-37] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

New Feed Mill.

O. E. Skaar and H. Svenvig have opened a new feed mill in a building adjoining the Crookston Water Power and Light Co., and are now prepared to fill all orders as fast as received. Bring on your grists. [23-tf]

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts. [33-tf]

Sweeping bargains in ladies gold and gold filled watches, at C. H. Saake's jewelry store.

CHRISTMAS BELLS

How sweet their jingle, bringing joy to many hearts.

THE HAPPY DAY WILL SOON BE HERE!

ARE YOU READY? Value of gifts is their appropriateness. They wisely choose who choose in time while choice is great.

THE ENTIRE LAY-OUT

OF OUR HOLIDAY STOCK offers a spectacle of unusual brilliance, even for the sparkling season of Christmas.

SOMETHING FOR
The penny.
" nickel.
" dime.
" quarter.
" half.
and the BIG
$

SOMETHING TO SUIT EVERY ONE'S STOCKING.

SOMETHING FOR
The mother
" father.
" daughter
" brother.
" lover
and the
BABY

—AT—

Fontaine & Anglim's.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

IS

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

ESTRAY.

Came to my place in Polk Centre, on or about November 9th, one brown steer about five years old with horns sawed off and white spot in forehead. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away.

[35 37] REGIS HUOT.

Low Railway Rates.

Any persons who wish th visit eastern Canada, for business or pleasure, should avail themselves of his $40.00 round trip excursion rates to Montreal and Toronto. These tickets will be on sale daily December 15th to 22nd, inclusive and on Tuesday, December 29th. Tickets and full information can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

Until January 1st, 1892, we can supply your orders for "Six Great Farm Books" for only 25 cents in excess of a paid in advance subscription. The law book alone is worth the whole cost of the subscription and the set. Remember that it is only necessary for you to pay your subscription one year ahead of the date you subscribe to entitle you to the purchase of either of our three premiums at 25 and 50 cents. See our announcement on the first page of this issue.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, Dec. 13th, 1891.

We reiterate, notwithstanding the cry of "Oh, rats!" from the Liberty correspondent of the Crookston Times to the contrary, that the town of Reis did raise thousands of bushels more grain this year than Liberty. We also have many more farmers who started with very little of this world's goods and to-day are in better circumstances than Liberty. We know that the Liberty correspondent, Mr. John Nichols, has been very successful but he got his start in Reis and had all his neighbors put the same amount of muscle and brain into the farm that he did they would be in better financial condition. But talk as much as you please you cannot raise as much grain to the acre on a farm like Tom Wilcox's as you can on the Hill farm in Reis which is considered the poorest land in the township. Good land as well as good blood counts. Hurrah for Reis!

Ford's trade is bigger than ever before. Every one likes the old gentleman and his clerks.

Our elevators are receiving lots of grain from Hubbard township.

The winter term of school will begin as soon as the officers procure a teacher.

EDNA.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

HUBBARD, Dec. 14th, 1891.

Frank Hanson is on the petit jury.

Supt. Carruth's friends here are pleased with his appointment.

The Alliance men who honor the memory of Mr. Grefthen ought to stand by him.

Nothing but a blizzard will prevent the Union Sunday School Society from holding services every Sunday during the winter. The officers extend a cordial invitation to the old and young who are desirous of learning the duties God requires of man.

Mr. Kolden will sell his stock of goods at auction beginning next Saturday.

Many estray calves are in town. Hayes Bros. have four and John J. Ellingson three which they wish the owners would call for as soon as possible.

At present writing the road is quite good between here and Beltrami and much of our wheat is going that way.

NEILSVILLE.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [85-tf]

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Before deciding what Xmas gifts you will purchase, please call and inspect my line of Pictures and Picture Framing Material, such as Oleographs, Chromos, Artotype and Steel Engravings, Monochromes, Water Color, Pastel and Oil Paintings.

Reproductions in Paintings and Etchings, Photogravures, Artographs, Typogravures, Mezzotypes and fac-simile Pastels, Genuine Etchings, Pastels and Steel Engravings. Etchings Remarque-Proof. Picture Mats, Mouldings, Frames, Hooks, Nails, Cords, Wire and Room Mouldings.

I'm making a Special Sale of these goods for the Holiday trade. Call and examine.

Yours respectfully,
THE UNDERTAKER,
105½ Broadway,
Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

An Appeal To The People Of Minnesota.

The attention of the charitable people of Minnesota is hereby called to the duty devolving upon them of taking some prompt and efficient steps to send aid to the starving people of Russia.

The facts regarding the widespread destitution in that empire, are already quite well known, having been published widely in the journals of our state; and the statements have been confirmed bo official information received at the departments of the general government. There are, it seems certain, twenty million people in Russia who are to-day in a destitute condition, and a large majority of them absolutely suffering for food at the beginning of a long and severe winter. The distress and suffering which must ensue, unless these millions of unfortunates receive speedy relief from some other nation, is terrible to contemplate, and appeals to the sympathy and generosity of humane people everywhere. Something must be done at once, or the suffering in Russia will be appalling, and perhaps whole populations will die of hunger and disease. A recent writer in the Illustrated American, speaks of the famine as follows:

"In one village of 150 families, forty-seven people died of hunger in a fortnight. Reports of terrible sufferings come also from the province of Tambow. Travelers say that all along the railroad, and especially around the stations are crowds of thousands—gaunt, hungry, dying. They have abandoned their homes, where the last crumb has been eaten, and have flocked in despair to the railroad, recognizing in it the one link that unites them with the prosperous world outside. There they beg piteously of all passengers, and there they are dying and being buried by their dying comrades where they fall. In Samara only two per cent of the people have a winter's supply of food, and more than one-third of the inhabitants are utterly destitute."

This country, overflowing as it is with plenty, should not forget that Russia befriended us in the time of our dire distress. We are more favorably situated perhaps, than any other nation, to aid these starving people. Our harvests have been unexampled; our surplus of food products unprecedented. Prosperity abounds on every hand, and we should, as a humane people, give our unfortunate fellow beings in far away Russia, some of the surplus substance which Almighty God has showered upon us.

I have designated as a committee to receive contributions of flour, wheat, rye and other breadstuffs, Messrs. W. C. Edgar, and Charles MacC. Reeve, of Minneapolis, and George B. Evans, of St. Paul. The metropolitan daily newspapers will doubtless be glad to accept cash donations.

I therefore call upon the people of this state to make such donations for this purpose as the means of each will permit. Let a generous response be made, for we as a people, are abundantly able, and the blessings of a divine Providence will be our reward.

W. R. MERRIAM,
Executive Department, Governor.
St. Paul, Minn.,
December 8th, 1891.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, a Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

TAKEN UP.

One red and white cow, eight or nine years old, with crumpled horns; also one speckled cow, about five years old; came on my premises on Section 16, town of Fairfax, about Nov. 20th. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.

[33-36] THEO. GREENHALGH.

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
I. O. O. F. BUILDING.] Crookston, Minn

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the City Hall on Thursday evening, December 10th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Jennings, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb, McGlogan.

The call of the Mayor was as follows:

E. C. Carruth, City Clerk, Crookston, Minn.

DEAR SIR: Please take notice that there will be a special meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston in the city hall, Dec. 10th, A. D. 1891, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of considering and acting upon the report of the finance committee and transacting all other business that may come before said meeting. Respectfully,

ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

Red River Lumber Co., lumber...	$32 83
Ed. Ruckhabe, labor...	6 94
H. E. Cooke, printing...	18 60
J. E. Morisey, castings...	17 50
Christianson Bros., abstracts...	5 25
Geo. O. Buhn, registering...	3 00
A. O. Ralstad, meals...	31 65
C. T. Schmidt, labor...	4 90
Dr. C. E. Dampier, med. attendance...	12 00
A. J. & A. McKinnon, repairing...	80 80
Job Heldstab, drayage...	8 25
Alex. McKinnon, envelopes...	11 90
R. G Marlette, judge of election...	4 50
Red River Lumber Co., lumber...	55 91
“ “ “ “ ...	85 86
A. Chabot, blankets...	8 00
Fontaine & Anglim, mdse...	6 95
C. E. Dampier, med. attendance,	4 00
A. McKinnon, team hire...	18 00

On motion the report was accepted and ordered paid.

On motion the bill of Engineer Starkey for $18.63 was allowed and ordered paid.

Alderman bill No. 794 was referred to the ways and means committee.

A resolution was read by the clerk relating to the proposed National park.

On motion the bill of Alderman & Sylvester was allowed and ordered paid.

The bill of A. J. & A. McKinnon for repairing the fire apparatus was allowed and ordered paid.

Bill of A. J. & A. McKinnon for making election booths was allowed and ordered paid.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the street commissioner be instructed to make a list of all the city implements and material and to present it at the next meeting of the council. Carried.

M. E. Kirsch who had been appointed by the county commissioners as a committee of one to come before the city council and ascertain whether they would donate a site for the proposed new jail and county buildings, arose and addressing the council asked that the council would take some action in regard thereto.

On motion a vote of thanks was tendered to the commissioners for establishing a county hospital in the city. Carried.

Mr. Kirsch, as chairman of the commissioners, thanked the council for the compliment.

On motion the matter of putting in the water works to the hospital was referred to the Aldermen of the second ward.

On motion a committee of three was appointed to look into the matter of procuring a site for the proposed new county buildings. President appointed Aldermen Schmidt, Jennings, Walker.

At a special meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held the 10th day of December, 1891, Alderman Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Jennings:

To the President of the United States:

WHEREAS, It has been represented to our common council that Your Excellency has been urged to establish a public reservation and National park under the act of Congress, approved March 3d, 1891, in the northern part of this State embracing tracts of more than ten million acres in area, upon the theory that such a reservation would, by preserving the forests in that region, favorably affect the annual rain fall in the adjoining agricultural regions.

Now, therefore, we, the Mayor and Common Council of the city of Crookston, in the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, do hereby represent to Your Excellency that the establishment of the proposed reservation would be a great calamity to this part of said State and to the adjoining agricultural regions of Dakota. That such a reservation would entirely prevent the development of northern Minnesota. That the proposed reservation embraces not only forest regions from which the vast treeless prairies of the Red River Valley must draw its supply of lumber and fuel in the future, but also some of the best and richest agricultural and mineral lands in the State, where thousands of worthy settlers have already located in the hope that in the near future the region would be developed and traversed by railroads. That no climatic reason for the establishment of such reservation exists except in the brain of some over zealous "forestry cranks" who we believe in this instance are being used by the great lumber trusts of the Northwest who seek this means of enhancing the value of their holdings of timber lands, and of still further taxing the people of this region for the lumber and fuel which in this climate are of prime necessity.

That direct railroad communication between the Red River Valley and the head of Lake Superior is absolutely necessary in order to secure cheap transportation for the products of its farms, and that we see in this proposed reservation not only a fatal blow to the development of the region embraced therein, but also to the prosperity and advancement of the whole country lying west of and tributary to the only lake port in the State.

Now, therefore, we do most emphatically and urgently remonstrate and protest against the establishment of this proposed National park and reservation and respectfully ask that Your Excellency decline to set apart any portion of our public domain for such a purpose.

Respectfully submitted.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 10th day of December, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 10th day of December, 1891.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

The ways and means committee reported in favor of excusing the Aldermen from the meetings which were missed during the past quarter. On motion the report was accepted and the bill ordered paid.

Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Marlette, that Alderman Jennings and the City Attorney be appointed a committee of two to draft and circulate through the county a remonstrance against the proposed National park. Carried.

On motion the purchasing agent was instructed to purchase a record book for use in the council chambers.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Dec. 12.—A chapter on the lumber trade of Duluth and Duluth district will prove an interesting one. The saw mills make a large part of the business of this city and the Northwest, and no other line of manufacture or trade has shown so great a growth within the past twelve months. What is known as the Duluth district takes in eleven mills in Duluth, two at Tower, one at Mesaba, on the Duluth and Iron Range road, three at Cloquet, three at Superior, two of which have their offices in Duluth, one at Carlton and several small mills in this neighborhood. Of the Duluth mills two were not running this season, two are new mills not yet quite finished, while two other new mills only put in part of the season. Last year the output of lumber in the Duluth district was 215,000,000 feet, of which about 70,000,000 feet only were manufactured by city mills. This year the output of the district was 258,300,000 feet, a gain of 43,300,000 feet. There were also manufactured 53,111,000 lath and 74,552,000 shingles. Of the output this year 127,600,000 feet were manufactured by city mills, showing the entire gain in the district was by such mills. In the past twelve months six new saw mills have been built on the Duluth side of St. Louis bay, being all the new saw mills in the district. The total capacity of these new mills will be 140,000,000 feet, or more than all that was sawed this year and twice as much as last year by city mills. The demand for lumber has been so good the past few months that all manufacturers and dealers have had a most excellent trade. The great crops of the west helped this trade a great deal, while more eastern buyers have appeared here. The home demand has also been large and has probably taken half the product of the city mills, and considerable from the outside mills.

Great as has been the product this year as compared with that of the past years, the cut of 1892 will be way beyond it. A third to a half more men are in the woods this winter for Duluth loggers than ever before. Probably in the entire district there are 3,500 men in the camps. The cut, of course, depends to a great extent upon the weather. At the beginning of the logging season men for the woods were very scarce but now labor is abundant, probably from the release of men from the threshing fields. From the present outlook fully 350,000,000 feet of lumber will be sawed in the district next year. Two or three mills not yet built are said to be decided upon for the season. Of this cut 200,000,000 feet will be by city mills. This last amount of lumber when sawed will be worth at least $20,000,000, so it will be seen what an important part of Duluth's industries are her saw mills. More capital is probably invested in them than any other line. The best part of the whole thing is that nearly half of this business will be entirely new and will add just so much to the growth of the city. Ten million dollars worth of new product in a single line in one year is seldom seen anywhere.

For the first two or three years there has been a tendency among eastern buyers to come to Duluth for lumber. This season probably 15,000,000 feet have been shipped to the east. Next year the amount to go will be nearly 100,000,000 feet, or cargoes for over 200 vessels. The trade that Saginaw has had is in a measure coming to Duluth. One new firm from Saginaw will alone manufacture 40,000,000 feet for the eastern market.

Of the new mills built this season, two, the Mitchell & McClure and the Merrill & Ring can saw 50,000,000 feet each a year. In many respects they are probably the most perfect saw mills in the world. In another letter I will give a description of them. HAYS.

"What Shall We Do With Our Boys?"

"Whose boys?" "Your boys; your neighbor's boys; everybody's boys." Boys will be boys, but not everyone knows how to manage them; but if you wish some practical, common-sense suggestions, read the article on the subject published in the January number of Demorest's Family Magazine, that ideal publication which bears out to the full the promise of its name. The January number contains a genuine holiday feast. The subject of the beautiful water-color "A Slippery Spot" appeals to every parent who has little ones, and the subtle sentiment of the exquisite full-page engraving, "Eloquent Silence" (after a painting by Alma-Tadema), will be appreciated by young men and maidens. The artistic attractions include, besides, over 200 other pictures, illustrating "Burma and the Burmese," by a resident of Burma; "Evolution of Modern Costume," interesting alike to men and woman; "Intelligence Offices in Paris," which will strike a responsive chord in every housekeeper's heart; "Home Art and Home Comfort," which, besides some novel ideas for fancy-work, includes a paper on "Amusements for a Sick Child"; "Correct Styles in Table Silver," an appropriate sequel to "A Course Dinner," given in the previous number; and several especially fine stories. The departments "Our Girls," "Sanitarian," "Artistic Notes," "World's Progress," "Chat," "What Women are Doing," "Household," "Correspondence Club," and "Mirror of Fashions," each have special attractions this month; and this splendid menu, with variations, is furnished twelve times a year, for the subscription price of $2. Published by W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th St., New York City.

An Anglo-Saxon Holiday.

The English speaking people may, we think, properly claim Christmas as peculiarly an Anglo-Saxon holiday. It is true that it is also a festival of the Christian church, but it is easily demonstrated that a similar festival—without the religious element—was observed by the Germanic tribes long before the Romans crossed the Alps. In fact, it would seem that Christmas was not originated by the church, but that the priesthood adopted the feast-day, remodeling it to serve as a vehicle for religious ideas, and turning its generous and social spirit to account in the service of the church. Did you ever think that today English is spoken by one hundred and ten millions of people, more than speak any other language on earth? China has two hundred and fifty millions of people, and India one hundred and ninety-eight, but there are not one hundred millions in either country who speak a tongue that is intelligible to the rest of the population. Where will you enjoy this holiday this year? At home! Good, but if you intend to visit friends, or go to the "old home" just make a note of the fact that "The Burlington," is the line from this section to Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Quincy, Galesburg, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha, Des Moines, Burlington, Hannibal, Denver, Cheyenne, Deadwood, Winona, La Crosse, Dubuque, Galena, St. Paul and Minneapolis. If you wish to go to any other place, apply to Burlington agents or those of connecting lines, for information, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

$40 Excursions To Eastern Canada

Tickets will be sold daily December 15th to 22nd inclusive and on Tuesday December 29th at $40.00 for the round trip to Montreal, Toronto and other places in Ontario. On the 12th, 22nd and 29th Pullman furnished tourist sleepers will be run through to Chicago via Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines. Tickets and full particulars can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

THE PRESS

(NEW YORK)

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FOR 1892.

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New York.

Seize The Opportunity!

The $40.00 Canadian excursion tickets via Northern Pacific Railroad will only be sold December 15th to 22nd inclusive and Tuesday, December 29th. Tickets and full particulars can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

[First publication Dec. 15th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 15th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Pierre Moubriant, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Esthere Dubuque, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, on Wednesday, the 15th day of June, 1892.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 15th day of December, A. D. 1891.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[35-37] Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk,
City of Crookston, } ss.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on January 1st, 1892, and terminating December 31st, 1892, by the following person and at the following place as stated in said application, to-wit: Fred Sargent, in a room on first floor of the Reckett Block on Second street, city of Crookston.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston, at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, Minnesota, on Tuesday, the 22d day of December, 1891, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 16th day of December, A. D. 1891.

(SEAL.) E. C. CARRUTH,
[35-36] City Clerk.

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The National Tribune,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The National Tribune aims to be the greatest family paper in the United States. It has the Finest Array of Contributors in the country, and gives More Original Reading Matter, of the best quality, than any other great weekly. Among its present special features are:

NANQUISHING VICKSBURG. By Prof. A. Hobbs, of the Delevan (Wis.) College. Prof. Hobbs was First Sergeant of Co. B, 99th Ill., and fought the entire campaign which he so graphically describes. He commences with the camp at Milliken's Bend, and carries the reader through all the campaign, giving a boy soldier's views of the marching, camping, fighting, scenery, Generals etc. It will be read with great interest by all.

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SOUTH AFRICA. A Series of Letters from the Diamond fields. By H. H. B. Marrison, of Johannisberg, South Africa.

AMONG THE MOONSHINERS OF NORTH CAROLINA. Ay Gen. Marcus J. Wright.

SOUTH AMERICAN SKETCHES. By Capt. Almont Barnes.

Frank G. Carpenter will continue his interesting letters. Prof. Felix S. Oswald will continue his attractive articles. This is only a partial list. Other attractive features will be announced from time to time.

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Washington, D. C.

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H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot o'a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

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Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

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FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Com'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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Fancy Articles, Etc.,

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TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

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Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

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Yours Respectfully, C. E. MISNER.

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Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

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OF CHICAGO,

ATTENTION

Supply Association Prices on

HARNESS, ETC.,

Knocked sky-high by

G. W. PEAKE,

MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My price
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2...	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3...	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
“ “ “ G. W. Peake's “		14 50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price...		$23.25
“ “ G. W. Peake's “ ...		22 50
No C 33—Home Supply “ ...		25.00
“ “ G. W. Peake's “ ...		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply “ ...		28.00
“ “ G. W. Peake's “ ...		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply “ ...		28.00
“ “ G. W. Peake's “ ...		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top...		15c to 25c
“ “ straight Java...		20c to 50c
“ “ rawhide center...		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars...		$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks...		50c per pair
Webb Halters...		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle...		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain...		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles...		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

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☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

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FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.65
North Star, - -	2.50
Fife, - -	2.15
Skip Jack, - - -	1.15

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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, December 17, 1891.

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:30 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de..........CROOKSTON..........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de..........Grand Forks..........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........Arrive 6:45 p. m.

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DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
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Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..........Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South..........	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg........	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE [illegible] LINE. BURLINGTON

America vs. Chili.

BY FRED. W. DAVIS.

To arms! Insulted nation,
To arms! and, to the fray!
To the insulting nation's challenge,
Let our answer not be nay.
Lift the beloved banner
And let us gather 'round,
To avenge the blood of our countrymen
Spilled upon the ground.

Hist! I hear a rustling
As of agitated wings.
'Tis the spirits of our fathers
Who defied the reign of kings.
And those spirits whisper
"Stand up for America's rights,
Avenge our insulted banner,
Avenge the stars and stripes.

We shed our blood for that banner,
Pure and undefiled,
But now it bears an insult
Which is, by no means, mild.
Then, forward to the battle!
Or disgrace your fathers' fame,
Clear that flag from insult
And save the nation's name."

Our little iron-clad monitor
Once more shall ride the seas,
Unless due reparation
Comes upon the southern breeze.
The battered old St. Louis
Will leave the navy-yards
Once more to face the enemy,
And play the winning cards.

Though a sweet-heart lose her lover,
Or, a mother her only son,
The Mighty One above us
Will whisper: "'Tis well done."
Though it cost a wife her husband
We should count it cheaply bought,
For we'd wreak revenge on Chili
For every deed and thought.

Were brave Washington among us,
Or Lincoln in the chair,
We'd soon have reparation
Or not a Chilian spare.
But, thank the One above us,
Harrison is here,
We will see what he can do for us,
To Harrison, free men, cheer!

James G. Blaine, our noble statesman,
The greatest of his time,
Will not hesitate to influence
The punishment of crime.
The darkest perpetrated
In this last decade,
And for which, we are determined,
Reparation shall be made.

Secretary Tracy
Will not be behind,
In ordering the volunteers
To quickly fall in line,
And American men-of-war
Will point their bow-sprits south
And let men of Valpariso
Gase in the cannon's mouth.

If they think to murder sailors
That come from off our coast,
I can say without hesitation,
They've reckoned without their host.
If they think that leathery lassoes
Were made for sailors necks,
They will find out, in the awakening,
That they thought without their specs.

Think you that our forefathers
Who formed this government,
Would rest if they knew we passed this by,
Without a word of comment.
Let us not put it to the test,
But load our muskets well
And with quick-drawn, steady aim,
Make our bullets tell.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the City Hall on Tuesday evening, December 8th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Jennings, McGlogan, Marshall, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Buhn, Childs, Jerome, Steenerson.

The minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

A bill was received from Agent Starkey of the Northern Pacific Railway, for tickets furnished to John Fraser by order of Chief of Police, [illegible]

Moved by Ald. Walker, [illegible] by Ald. Marlette, that the bill [illegible] amount of $8.77 be allowed and ordered paid out of the poor fund. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Walker, seconded by Ald. Jennings, that the janitor's salary be raised $5 per month for raising the weather service flags. Carried.

The finance committee recommended bill number 758 of D. F. McDonald back to the Council without recommendation.

Moved by Ald. Walker, seconded by Ald. Marshall that the bill be allowed and paid. Carried.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

D. F. McDonald,	labor on sewer		$18 00
"	"	general labor..	3 00
"	"	lab. in 1st ward	54 00
"	"	" 2nd "	14 00
"	"	" 3rd "	4 00
"	"	" 4th "	32 00

Moved by Ald. Walker, seconded by Ald. McGlogan, that the bills be allowed and paid. Carried.

Moved by Ald. Walker, seconded by Ald. Marshall, that bill number 783 of D. McDonald be allowed and ordered paid. Carried.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held the 8th day of December, 1891, Alderman A. C. Schmidt offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman W. E. Walker; Resolved, that an order be drawn against the general improvement fund in favor of the Chief of the Fire Department, A. A. McKinnon, for the sum of Four Hundred and One and 96-100 Dollars ($401.96) for the maintenance of the Fire Department.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Jennings, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 8th day of Dec., 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 9th day of Dec., 1891.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held the 8th day of December, 1891, Alderman A. C. Schmidt offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman W. E. Walker; Resolved, that the Street Commissioner itemize all his bills showing the names of all men employed by him on all work for the City of Crookston and showing the number of hours they work for said city and that no bills will be passed upon unless in compliance with this resolution.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Jennings, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 8th day of December, 1891.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 9th day of December, 1891.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

Canadian Debt and Stagnation.

The startling growth of the debt of Canada, which has increased from $78,209,742 in 1871, to $288,000,000 in 1891 with a population almost at a standstill and a stagnant trade, is stirring that country to its depths. Free comment is made about these matters and attention is drawn to the fact, that while the United States government has reduced its debt from $59 to $16.50 per head in twenty years, Canada has run up hers from $21 to $47, and the results or returns do not compensate for the vastness of the new debt, with its oppressive load of interest. No wonder young and enterprising Canadians come to the Northwest to make homes.

ONCE MORE!

Winter excursions. Season 1891! Where? To Toronto, Montreal and all principal points west in Ontario. Rate? $40.00 for the round trip from points in Minnesota and Dakota. When? Tickets on sale Tuesday December 1st, 8th, 15th to 22d inclusive, and Tuesday December 29th. Limit? 90 days from date of sale, which can be extended by payment at destination of ticket of $5.00 for 15 days, $10.00 for 30 days, $15.00 for 45 days, $20.00 for 60 days, and $10.00 for each 30 days additional. Route? Northern Pacific Railroad via St. Paul and Chicago. Accommodations? Pullman sleeping and dining cars to St. Paul daily and on December 1st, 8th, 15th, 22d and 29th, Pullman furnished tourist sleeping cars will be run through Winnipeg to Chicago via Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines, in which a charge will be made of only $2.00 per berth. Tickets will be extended to include points in Quebec (east of Montreal), New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island by the addition of one single fare for the round trip from Montreal. For tickets, maps, time-tables, and full information, call on or write [illegible]

C. A. SHARKEY,
[illegible] Northern Pacific,
Crookston, Minn.

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In Many Styles.
CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

NEW GOODS

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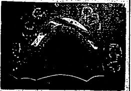
East Side of Broadway, - - - Crookston, Minn.

A new and complete stock of Funeral Supples, Picture Framing Material, Pictures and Mouldings; also all the latest styles of Furniture Coverings, Plushes, etc.

FURNITURE REPAIRED AND UPHOLSTERED.

Office East Side of Broadway - - Nearly opposite Fournet Block.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

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Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT
GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on e before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY.

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

[illegible] just added New Machinery and [illegible] Facilities for doing [illegible]

[illegible] and Ironing

Upon [illegible] Shortest Notice in the Best [illegible] and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

[illegible]

Chase & Slater Law and Claims Co.,

[illegible] Street, Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys for transfer of cases.

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

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Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

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—AND—

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CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
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AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at al coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS
ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. [illegible]
Grand Forks, N. D.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Nov. 5th, 1891.]
Last publication Dec. 17th, 1891.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($122.40-100) dollars, interest which became due on the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, which default has continued to the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Andrew G. Hanson, a widower, mortgagor to J. E. Boily, mortgagee, bearing date the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 49 of mortgages, on page 143.

And whereas, the said J. E. Boily, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 ($1,622.40 100) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent. per annum from the eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1891, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land described as the southwest quarter (sw¼) of Section thirty-four (34), Township one hundred and fifty-one (151), Range forty-four (44), according to the government survey thereof, in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE 21st DAY OF DECEMBER,

1891, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of sixteen hundred and twenty-two 40-100 dollars, and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated November, 2d, A. D. 1891.

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O. TRASIER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
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WORK OF THE LEAGUE.

What is Being Done by the Minnesota State League of Republican Clubs.

The Political Campaign in This State Next Year Promises to be Unique.

Presenting the Spectacle of Two Armies of Political Workers in Action.

A Republican Bureau of Information Organized to Act With the Clubs.

St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

While the year 1891 is regarded as an "off year" in politics, the certainty of holding the national Republican convention in Minneapolis, and the strong probability of having the other great national convention in St. Paul, has awakened public interest in matters political, and there seems to be a strong feeling, among men of both parties, that the issues of the campaign will soon be outlined, making the struggle of 1892 a long and earnest one.

From all indications the campaign of the coming year will be a unique one. At this time it looks as if the fight would be waged bitterly between the Republican state central committee and the Republican league on the one hand and the Democratic state central committee and the state association of Democratic clubs on the other. Probably never before in the history of the state has there been a time when so much quiet work was being done such a long time in advance of the real battle of the ballots. Saturday, Dec. 19th, the Republican state central committee will hold a very important meeting to discuss the situation and to transact other important business, the nature of which has not yet been made public. The Democratic state central committee meeting, it is understood, will be called some time this month, and the leagues of the two parties are already at work. The public has very little idea of the amount that has been done, and is being done, by the Republican leaders to insure a brilliant success in 1892; but though there has been no blowing of trumpets or beating of drums about the work, the state league of Republican clubs has organized hundreds of clubs in precincts scattered all over the state from La Crescent to St. Vincent, and from Duluth to Luverne.

President John Goodnow, of the state league of Republican clubs, is one of the most active young workers in the party, and for the past two months has been very actively engaged in political work, assisted by Secretary F. C. Stevens of this city. To a Pioneer Press man yesterday Mr. Goodnow gave a full and comprehensive view of the objects of the Republican league and the present condition of the work of organization in the state. He said that Republicans all over the state are being moved by state and party pride to effect such an organization as shall be a model to the delegates coming to the national Republican convention. The work, which is already well advanced, will be made much easier by this fact. The preliminary

WORK IS ALREADY DONE

in over seventy of the eighty counties of the state. In this work of organization the state headquarters has not been the central nucleus of growth, the principle being rather one of decentralization. The leaders have endeavored to arouse the Republicans in each voting precinct to organize themselves, and the state headquarters are maintained simply as a convenient place by means of which the precincts may communicate with one another. President Goodnow and secretary Stevens have charge of a bureau of information for the use of members of the primary clubs.

In response to the question "What is the plan of organization?" President Goodnow said:

Our plan of organization is the same as that adopted by the league of clubs all over the country. The principle of it is this:—We believe that every individual in the Republican party should take an active interest in and share the responsibility of its policy and actions. It is contrary to the spirit of Republicanism that a few men should dictate to the masses. The party was made in the first place by an uprising of the plain people against the crime of slavery and its successes have been achieved only when its leaders bowed to the freely expressed will of the units of the party. But if the people whose names never get into the newspapers are to have their proper weight they must be enlisted as an army, and if we are to win in the battle of ballots organization is also necessary, for

THE LEAGUE CLUB IDEA

is to enlist all Republicans, and those inclined toward Republicanism, in each voting precinct, into a club; to unite the precinct clubs by their representatives into a county organization, and to have state headquarters and state officers to serve as a means of binding the county organizations together as a state organization. Do I make myself plain? The essential idea of our plan is to organize all the individuals of the party in each precinct into a club, and, by means of county and state organization, give these individuals of the party an opportunity to express their ideas freely and to enforce them in the conventions and on the platforms.

Who are eligible to membership in these clubs? Men and women over eighteen years of age, and who are at least willing to be convinced of the truth of the Republican doctrines. We are willing to work for the future, and take in boys not yet of age to vote. We are anxious to enroll with us the women. Ineligible to vote as yet, their influence is very potent, for they bring to bear on public questions minds generally unbiased by other considerations than those of the general good.

The success of the league is largely due to the fact that the organization is being made in the interest of no individual. The clubs are plainly forbidden to favor the candidacy of any one for any nomination before any convention. The plain people care little for

INDIVIDUAL AMBITIONS.

The ultimate end of any party is to obtain the adoption as the basis of the policy of the government of the principles it professes. The Republicans believe that the people of this country can be made happier and more prosperous if the government is run on the principle of protection and reciprocity; if our circulating medium is kept as abundant as possible while still kept honest; if every man shall have a free and fair opportunity to express his will by his vote. We only ask that our candidates shall be freely chosen as representative of these principles and shall be men whose lives and records are clean. The league of clubs was organized to boom Republicanism—not men. We are for the principles of our party.

In connection with this work of organization we expect to keep a bureau of information which will enable us to know the needs of each precinct, so that we will be able to send literature to doubtful voters effectively. It is a waste of money to send speeches and pamphlets to men of either party who are settled in their convictions. Effective work can be done only with men honestly in doubt, and young men who have yet to cast their first vote and are unattached to either party. These men are naturally attracted to the positive party. They range themselves with the party that has definite and decided convictions and the courage to fight for them. When the fight was between Platt and Tammany, between a Republican boss and a Democratic machine, our people remained at home. When the fight was between principles set forth plainly in the platform and embodied in the candidates, and personal politics were sent to the rear, Sherman and Foraker were forced to unite for the party and McKinley was elected. That is the lesson of the last elections to us. Many voters in this state were driven away from us last year by the extravagant misrepresentations sent out against the McKinley bill; others revolted against local party management. Time has shown the benefits of the tariff bill, and I believe that with nominees freely chosen as representing our principles, our next fight will be an aggressive one, from start to finish and successful beyond expectations.

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal, and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal, for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive, and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal added to the $40 rate from here. Choice of route and close connection with different lines from St. Paul. A sufficient party can get the use of a tourist sleeping car, the cost of which will be for a double bunk $1 to St. Paul and $2 to Chicago. W. W. FEILAND, [31-36] Agent Crookston.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 22nd, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL.—

The President's message has attracted the attention of the country more than almost any other State paper that has been issued for many years. It is an able and exhaustive review of the condition of the country both in its foreign and home affairs.

There has been more, of course, for the President to speak of in foreign affairs than ever before occupied the attention of any executive officer of this government. The authority given by the last congress in the third section of the McKinley Bill to make treaties without requiring the sanction of the Senate of course makes it necessary for the President to distinctly state the tenor of the reciprocity treaties made with Brazil, Spain and San Domingo. This he does and also alludes to the fact that similar treaties are being considered with several other nations. The affair with England as to the Behring Sea has been referred to arbitration, the arbitrators not yet being selected, while the Chilian awaits the action of the Chilian government before any further and stronger measures are resorted to.

Secretary Foster's report, which is spoken of by the President in a very exhaustive manner, was delivered simultaneously with the message to the senate, as the Secretary was authorized by law to make his report directly to the Congress of the United States. The report of Secretary Foster is a complete answer to the statement made by Democratic papers that the treasury is bankrupt. There was on June 30, 1891, available cash in the treasury to the amount of $139,728,145 and there is fully that amount now. The amount of money in circulation, as shown by Mr Foster's report, is $1,577,898,400, that is $24.38 per capita estimating the population at 64,680,000.

Our Democratic friends have made a great outcry against the McKinley Tariff Bill as preventing or stopping importation. The McKinley Tariff Bill, all except the sugar clauses, went into operation on the first day of October, 1890. For the ten months preceding that the value of the imports into the United States were $698,377,817. For the ten months ending the thirty-first of this October the imports are $693,981,691. Of the imports in this ten months a little more than one-half were free of duty. The duties were taken from so many articles that now over one-half of the articles imported pay no duty at all while under the previous tariff bill but very little over one-third of the value of the articles imported came in free of duty. There has been no falling off of imports but there has been a great increase in the amount of goods brought in upon which no duties were paid. As to our exports for the same period of time we present the following table:

Ten months ending Oct. 31—	1891.	1890.
Agricultural products	$538,495,442	$481,285,253
Mining "	18,925,670	17,423,491
Forest "	28,186,635	24,598,549
Fishery "	4,007,281	4,441,966
Miscellaneous "	3,570,519	2,977,093
Total	$593,475,550	$531,126,233
Manufactures	141,076,962	129,403,766
Aggregate	$729,552,511	$660,529,999

Our friends, the enemy, are enjoying themselves provided we admit that those souls which have passed the river Styx and invaded the territory of Pluto always enjoy themselves, for our friends, the enemy, are in about the condition of those people. The reason of this is that the committees of the House of Representatives are to be appointed. The kids who came into this Congress, numbering about 120, particularly the New England kids believe that they are the best qualified people in the world to run the Congress, and they are insisting, each one for himself, upon the chairmanship of the best committee; the old fellows are not willing that the kids should have all this and as a result there is trouble in the camp.

"Beating its record! Peterson's Magazine evidently means to do this, for its January number is head and shoulders in advance of previous years, and far ahead of any magazine of its price. Besides the popular old contributors, it has added Julian Hawthorne, Octave Thanet, Effie W. Merriam and various other shining lights among the younger generation of American authors. "A Prince in Disguise," by Edgar Fawcett promises to be one of his finest novelets, and this number opens with a good portrait and sketch of him. "A Buried City" by Sidney Ross, gives much fresh information about the excavations of Pompeii, and the illustrations are beautiful. "Sir Frisky," by Miss E. S. Thomas, will, with its clever pictures be the children's favorite among the month's poems. No woman can afford to do without this invaluable household assistant and its great literary and artistic merits make it one of the best family magazines published. Terms two dollars a year, with large reductions to clubs and fine premiums to club raisers. Send for full particulars. Address Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

OHIO VS. INDIANA.

We hear recently from the newspapers of a discovery having been made that the boundary line as now established between the States of Ohio and Indiana is not a correct one—that the latter State has within her accepted territory a portion of the fair soil of her sister state. Some have asked, how is this to be remedied? Without attempting to answer this question definitely, I wish to refer to cases arising at the threshold of our life as a nation, the reference to which may be interesting and instructive. In the days of the Continental Congress, many were the disputes that arose between States as to territory and boundaries, and between individuals claiming lands under grants from different States. Among these controversies were those between Pennsylvania and Connecticut; Pennsylvania and Virginia; New Jersey and Virginia; Massachusetts and New York; South Carolina and Georgia; New Hampshire, Vermont, New York anp Massachusetts.

The Articles of Confederation provided that the United States, in Congress assembled should be the last resort on appeal in all disputes and differences then subsisting, or that might arise thereafter, between two or more States concerning boundary, jurisdiction or any cause whatsoever. A mode of establishing a court for the trial of these controversies was specifically prescribed. This was adopted in 1777. The first controversy arising was that between Pennsylvania and Connecticut over the fair and fertile Wyoming—a territory of five million acres. Delegates from each State met and failed to agree. Resort was had to arms, and much blood was shed. Connecticut informed Congress of the state of affairs, and that body appointed Rutledge, Chase, Jefferson, Kinsey and Hopkins a committee. This committee recommended the cessation of hostilities and a settlement in a legal way. Peace once more reigned. After the Articles of Confederation were finally ratified, investing Congress with the powers above referred to, Pennsylvania prayed Congress for a hearing. Congress set a day for a hearing, which was noticed to both parties, and at the time designated the disputants appeared by their agents. The States were then directed to appoint by joint consent commissioners to constitute a court.

This was done. The court sat at Trenton. Fifteen days were devoted to arguments. The court decided for Pennsylvania. This was the only decision in controversies between States under the Articles of Confederation. The judgment was approved by Congress, and it was acquiesced in by Connecticut.

This did not prevent a war growing out of adverse claims to the private right of soil between individuals, and the "Pennamite and Yankee" war was the result, but Pennsylvania confirmed to actual settlers their lands, and the district was erected into the county of Luzerne.

Pennsylvania and Virginia differed as to the famous "Mason and Dixon" line. A commission, composed of clergy in Virginia and college professors in Pennsylvania, finally agreed upon the line.

New Jersey and Virginia differed as to a tract called Indiana in the Northwest Territory. No commission was appointed, for Virginia presented to Congress a deed of cession in 1784.

New York claimed the land between the Merrimac and the Charles, but before the commission which had been appointed had met, the two contending States, New York and Massachusetts, settled the dispute between themselves.

South Carolina and Georgia fought for the upper waters of the Savannah River. The States failed to agree upon a commission, as directed by Congress, and that body chose a court for the purpose, but the States came to an agreement.

New Hampshire, Vermont, New York and Massachusetts quarrelled over the region lying between Lake Champlain and the Connecticut River, which resulted in the recognition of "the pretended State of Vermont" as a State.

Thus much for early controversies. In case of conflicts not arising, we quote from Article III, Sec. 1, of the Constitution: "The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme court and in such inferior courts as the Congress may, from time to time, ordain and establish," and from Sec. 2: "The judicial power shall extend to * * * controversies between two or more States * * *." It is altogether likely that the States of Ohio and Indiana would be able to adjust any difference that might arise from an error in survey or otherwise, and that the course taken in early controversies would become unnecessary.

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Seventh Congressional District And Candidate.

Moorhead Daily News.

The time has come when the people of the Seventh Congressional district of Minnesota might, with benefit to their future welfare, consider the question as to who should represent them in the National House of Representatives in the 52nd congress. With a nominal condition of politics, that is to say, if men seek old party affiliations as they will be constrained to do in a presidential year, the Republican nominee will be elected. It is from the Republican standpoint that the News will comment. Not that its editor is so much of a partisan that he does not feel an interest in good government when administered by any other party, nor so prejudiced as to believe there are no good and patriotic men in other parties or that the government of the United States and its free institutions would be imperilled if the president was a Democrat and a majority of both houses of congress were Democrats; but rather that he believes the Republican party is a fitter agent to hold the reins of power than its mightiest opponent.

The Seventh Congressional district is strictly an agricultural region and its people are pre-eminently engaged in agriculture or intimately connected with and interested in the fruits of agriculture. Therefore their representative in congress ought to be a man who is engaged in farming or whose sympathies and aspirations are avowedly and actively aroused and interested in the welfare of farmers. A man whose voice will ever be heard pleading their cause and whose influence and ability will be constantly employed in efforts to protect and extend their interests. Not that he should be so prejudiced or narrow as to be unable to recognize the fact that people engaged in other industries have rights to be guarded and interests to be fostered; but agriculture being the great preponderating industry of the district, and other industries being dependent upon it for success in a far greater degree than agriculture is dependent upon them—although there is of course a degree of mutual dependence of each upon all and all upon each—agriculture, its claims and necessities, should receive his chief concern.

The News is of the opinion that a discussion of candidates might now be commenced in the press of the district, with a view of centering the sentiment of the people upon a man who possesses the above named requirements and the experience and ability necessary to do credit to the district; one also who can be elected by the Republican party.

It is in order to point out the extent and boundaries of the new district, and also the vote cast in the counties comprising it at the election of 1890. The district consists of the following counties, beginning the list at the northern boundary line; Kittson, Marshall, Polk, Norman, Clay, Becker, Wilkin, Otter Tail, Traverse, Grant, Douglas, Stevens, Big Stone, Pope, Swift and Kandiyohi—16. The population of the district by the U. S. census of 1890 is 185,983. The vote in 1890 for governor was: Merriam, (R) 9,409; Wilson (D) 5,763; Owen, (A) 5,763; Pinkham, (P) 982. For congressman, Republican, 11,027; Democratic, 6,972; Alliance, 17,925. It will be seen that the Alliance vote cast for Halvorson in these counties in 1890 was nearly as large as the vote cast for the Democratic and Republican candidates combined, and unless there is a breaking up of the Alliance the candidate of no other party will stand any chance of success in 1892. In the opinion of shrewd political observers the Alliance party has commenced to disintegrate and crumble and that political lines in this state will be reformed with the Republican party facing its old antagonist, the Democratic party, with the Alliance and Prohibition parties casting a small minority vote, but weighing nothing in the balance.

The Problem of Aerial Navigation.

In the absence of any governmental or concerted effort, the Cosmopolitan Magazine has determined to attempt the solution of the problem of aerial navigation, and under its direction a series of experiments will be made which it is hoped will be brought to a satisfactory conclusion.

Unquestionably, the greatest mechanical problem unsolved is that of aerial navigation. When one considers the far reaching effect which it would have upon the civilization of the age, and the benefits which would accrue to mankind, the wonder is that the affair has not been seriously studied by some of the governments of the world. The Cosmopolitan does not enter lightly upon the undertaking. A portion of the plans to be put into execution were submitted to the French government by a member of the Cosmopolitan staff as long ago as 1867. There are undoubtedly great difficulties in the way, but the attempt will be steadfastly pursued by the Cosmopolitan under the direction of the ablest scientists whose aid can be obtained, until success is secured, even if it has to be carried on through a series of years.

No patents will be applied for as the result of inventions made. If success crowns the work the result will belong to the public.

Mr. Thomas A. Edison in response to an offer by the Cosmopolitan of $100 per hour for services in consultation said: "This matter is of so great interest to the public that I freely give my services without pay—and the use of my laboratory too, if you need it for experiments." The services of Professor King, of Philadelphia, who has made more than three hundred ascensions and is recognized as the most experienced living aeronaut, have been engaged as advisor in practical aeronautics. The supervision of the engineering work and mechanical construction has been entrusted to Captain Lewis M. Haupt, late of the Engineer Corps of the U. S. Army, now Professor of Engineering, University of Pennsylvania.

Plans and suggestions will gladly be welcomed from all sources, and due credit given for ideas utilized.

The Cosmopolitan offers $500 in prizes for three essays upon aerial navigation; 1st. $250 for the most valuable paper suggesting the best methods of accomplishing the navigation of the air. 2nd. $100 for the second most valuable essay on the same subject. 3rd. $150 for the best paper on the result which successful aerial navigation would have upon the moral and material interests of the world. The papers to be in the possession of the Cosmopolitan before February 1st, 1892.

Good Luck For 1892.

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Winter Excursions.

"The Burlington" has now on sale excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates, to all the principal health and pleasure resorts of Florida, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Mexico, California and to Hot Springs, Ark, Las Vegas, New Mexico, Eureka Springs, Ark., Prescot and Phœnix, Arizona. Tickets to these points will be good from three to six months from date of sale, and with liberal stop-over privileges in most cases. The fast time, sure connections, luxurious accommodations and unrivaled service of "The Burlington" are well known and make it the favourite route for tourists. For tickets, rates, sleeping car accommodations and any further information, call on the nearest ticket agent of "The Burlington" or connecting lines, or address W. J. Kenyon, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn. [34-36]

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Charles Augustus Stoddard.

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$60 REWARD.

FREE FOR TWO MONTHS.

THE HOME MAGAZINE

Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz.:

For the largest list $10.00
" " next largest list 10.00
" " third " 10.00
" " fourth " 10.00
" " fifth " 10.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each 10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, [illegible] 10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.
2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

4 Kansas.
Mrs. Henry Brown, Olathe.
Amelia Duggan, "
Chas. Sample, box 310, "
Amelia Walker, "

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list, in the letter accompanying the same.
4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

☞ Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1892, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. [illegible], Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, DECEMBER 24, 1891. NO. 36

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
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1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	14 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

WORK OF THE LEAGUE.

What is Being Done by the Minnesota State League of Republican Clubs.

The Political Campaign in This State Next Year Promises to be Unique.

Presenting the Spectacle of Two Armies of Political Workers in Action.

A Republican Bureau of Information Organized to Act With the Clubs.

St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

While the year 1891 is regarded as an "off year" in politics, the certainty of holding the national Republican convention in Minneapolis, and the strong probability of having the other great national convention in St. Paul, has awakened public interest in matters political, and there seems to be a strong feeling, among men of both parties, that the issues of the campaign will soon be outlined, making the struggle of 1892 a long and earnest one.

From all indications the campaign of the coming year will be a unique one. At this time it looks as if the fight would be waged bitterly between the Republican state central committee and the Republican league on the one hand and the Democratic state central committee and the state association of Democratic clubs on the other. Probably never before in the history of the state has there been a time when so much quiet work was being done such a long time in advance of the real battle of the ballots. Saturday, Dec. 19th, the Republican state central committee will hold a very important meeting to discuss the situation and to transact other important business, the nature of which has not yet been made public. The Democratic state central committee meeting, it is understood, will be called some time this month, and the leagues of the two parties are already at work. The public has very little idea of the amount that has been done and is being done, by the Republican leaders to insure a brilliant success in 1892, but though there has been no blowing of trumpets or beating of drums about the work, the state league of Republican clubs has organized hundreds of clubs in precincts scattered all over the state from La Crescent to St. Vincent, and from Duluth to Luverne.

President John Goodnow, of the state league of Republican clubs, is one of the most active young workers in the party, and for the past two months has been very actively engaged in political work, assisted by Secretary F. O. Stevens of this city. To a Pioneer Press man yesterday Mr. Goodnow gave a full and comprehensive view of the objects of the Republican league and the present condition of the work of organization in the state. He said that Republicans all over the state are being moved by state and party pride to effect such an organization as shall be a model to the delegates coming to the national Republican convention. The work, which is already well advanced, will be made much easier by this fact. The preliminary [illegible]

WORK OF ORGANIZATION [illegible]

in over seventy of the eighty counties of the state. In this work of organization the state headquarters has not been the central nucleus of growth, the principle being rather one of decentralization. The leaders have endeavored to arouse the Republicans in each voting precinct to organize themselves and the state headquarters are maintained simply as a convenient place by means of which the precincts may communicate with one another. President Goodnow and secretary Stevens have charge of a bureau of information for the use of members of the primary clubs.

In response to the question "What is the plan of organization?" President Goodnow said:

"Our plan of organization is the same as that adopted by the league of clubs all over the country. The principle of it is this: We believe that every individual in the Republican party should take an active interest in and share the responsibility of its policy and actions. It is contrary to the spirit of Republicanism that a few men should dictate to the masses. The party was made in the first place by an uprising of the plain people against the crime of slavery and its successes have been achieved only when its leaders bowed to the freely expressed will of the units of the party. But if the people whose names never get into the newspapers are to have their proper weight they must be enlisted as an army, and if we are to win in the battle of ballots organization is also necessary, for

THE LEAGUE CLUB IDEA

is to enlist all Republicans, and those inclined toward Republicanism, in each voting precinct, into a club; to unite the precinct clubs by their representatives into a county organization, and to have state headquarters and state officers to serve as a means of binding the county organizations together as a state organization. Do I make myself plain? The essential idea of our plan is to organize all the individuals of the party in each precinct into a club, and, by means of county and state organization, give these individuals of the party an opportunity to express their ideas freely and to enforce them in the conventions and on the platforms.

Who are eligible to membership in these clubs? Men and women over eighteen years of age and who are at least willing to be convinced of the truth of the Republican doctrines. We are willing to work for the future, and take in boys not yet of age to vote. We are anxious to enroll with us the women. Ineligible to vote as yet, their influence is very potent, for they bring to bear on public questions minds generally unbiased by other considerations than those of the general good.

The success of the league is largely due to the fact that the organization is being made in the interest of no individual. The clubs are plainly forbidden to favor the candidacy of any one for any nomination before any convention. The plain people care little for

INDIVIDUAL AMBITIONS.

The ultimate end of any party is to obtain the adoption as the basis of the policy of the government of the principles it professes. The Republicans believe that the people of this country can be made happier and more prosperous if the government is run on the principle of protection and reciprocity, if our circulating medium is kept as abundant as possible, while still kept honest, if every man shall have a free and fair opportunity to express his will by his vote. We only ask that our candidates shall be freely chosen as representative of these principles and shall be men whose lives and records are clean. The league of clubs was organized to boom Republicanism—not men. We are for the principles of our party.

In connection with this work of organization we expect to keep a bureau of information which will enable us to know the needs of each precinct, so that we will be able to send literature to doubtful voters effectively. It is a waste of money to send speeches and pamphlets to men of either party who are settled in their convictions. Effective work can be done only with men honestly in doubt, and young men who have yet to cast their first vote and are unattached to either party. These men are naturally attracted to the positive party. They range themselves with the party that has definite and decided convictions and the courage to fight for them. When the fight was between Platt and Tammany—between a Republican boss and a Democratic machine, our people remained at home. When the fight was between principles set forth plainly in the platform and embodied in the candidates, and personal politics were sent to the rear, Sherman and Foraker were forced to unite for the party and McKinley was elected. That is the lesson of the last elections to us. Many voters in this state were driven away from us last year by the extravagant misrepresentations sent out against the McKinley bill; others revolted against local party management. Time has shown the benefits of the tariff bill, and I believe that with nominees freely chosen as representing our principles, our next fight will be an aggressive one from start to finish and successful beyond expectations."

Canadian Excursions.

Round trip tickets will be sold by the Great Northern from here to Montreal and Ontario and Quebec points west of Montreal for $40 on Dec. 1st and 8th, Dec. 15th to 22d inclusive, and Dec. 29th, good for 90 days—15 days going, same returning. Extension of time allowed at small additional cost. Tickets to points east of Montreal in Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia sold at one fare for the round trip from Montreal [illegible]

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 22nd, 1891.

Ed. Journal:—

The President's message has attracted the attention of the country more than almost any other State paper that has been issued for many years. It is an able and exhaustive review of the condition of the country both in its foreign and home affairs.

There has been more, of course, for the President to speak of in foreign affairs than ever before occupied the attention of any executive officer of this government. The authority given by the last congress in the third section of the McKinley Bill to make treaties without requiring the sanction of the Senate of course makes it necessary for the President to distinctly state the tenor of the reciprocity treaties made with Brazil, Spain and San Domingo. This he does, and also alludes to the fact that similar treaties are being considered with several other nations. The affair with England as to the Behring Sea has been referred to arbitration, the arbitrators not yet being selected, while the Chilian awaits the action of the Chilian government before any further and stronger measures are resorted to.

Secretary Foster's report, which is spoken of by the President in a very exhaustive manner, was delivered simultaneously with the message to the senate, as the Secretary was authorized by law to make his report directly to the Congress of the United States. The report of Secretary Foster is a complete answer to the statement made by Democratic papers that the treasury is bankrupt. There was on June 30, 1891, available cash in the treasury to the amount of $180,728,145, and there is fully that amount now. The amount of money in circulation, as shown by Mr. Foster's report, is $1,577,898,400, that is $24.88 per capita, estimating the population at 64,680,000.

Our Democratic friends have made a great outcry against the McKinley Tariff Bill as preventing or stopping importation. The McKinley Tariff Bill, all except the sugar clauses, went into operation on the first day of October, 1890. For the ten months preceding that the value of the imports into the United States were $698,377,817. For the ten months ending the thirty-first of this October the imports are $693,981,691. Of the imports in this ten months a little more than one-half were free of duty. The duties were taken from so many articles that now over one-half of the articles imported pay no duty at all, while under the previous tariff bill but very little over one-third of the value of the articles imported came in free of duty. There has been no falling off of imports, but there has been a great increase in the amount of goods brought in upon which no duties were paid. As to our exports for the same period of time we present the following table:

Ten months ending Oct. 3d—

	1891.	1890.
Agricultural products	$538,495,442	$481,285,258
Mining	18,925,679	17,423,481
Forest	28,186,685	24,998,549
Fishery	4,907,284	4,441,906
Miscellaneous	8,570,519	2,977,093
Total	$588,478,559	$531,126,283
Manufactures	141,078,982	129,403,766
Aggregate	$729,559,541	$660,529,959

Our friends the enemy are enjoying themselves, provided, we admit, that those souls which have passed the river Styx and invaded the territory of Pluto always enjoy themselves, for our friends the enemy are in about the condition of those people. The reason of this is that the committees of the House of Representatives are to be appointed. The kids who came into this Congress, numbering about 120, particularly the New England kids, believe that they are the best qualified people in the world to run the Congress, and they are insisting, each one for himself, upon the chairmanship of the best committee; the old fellows are not willing that the kids should have all this and as a result there is trouble in the camp.

Beating its record! Peterson's Magazine evidently means to do this, for its January number is head and shoulders in advance of previous years and far ahead of any magazine of its price. Besides the popular old contributors, it has added Julian Hawthorne, Octave Thanet, Edith W. Merriam and various other shining lights among the younger generation of American authors. "A Prince in Disguise," by Edgar Fawcett, promises to be one of his finest novelets, and this number opens with a good portrait and sketch of him. "A Buried City," by Sidney Ross, gives much fresh information about the excavations of Pompeii, and the illustrations are beautiful. [illegible] by Miss [illegible] Thomas [illegible] with its clever pictures [illegible] be the children's favorite among the month[illegible]

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

OHIO VS. INDIANA.

We hear recently from the newspapers of a discovery having been made that the boundary line as now established between the States of Ohio and Indiana is not a correct one—that the latter State has within her accepted territory a portion of the fair soil of her sister state. Some have asked, how is this to be remedied? Without attempting to answer this question definitely, I wish to refer to cases arising at the threshold of our life as a nation, the reference to which may be interesting and instructive. In the days of the Continental Congress, many were the disputes that arose between States as to territory and boundaries, and between individuals claiming lands under grants from different States. Among these controversies were those between Pennsylvania and Connecticut; Pennsylvania and Virginia; New Jersey and Virginia; Massachusetts and New York; South Carolina and Georgia; New Hampshire, Vermont, New York and Massachusetts.

The Articles of Confederation provided that the United States, in Congress assembled should be the last resort on appeal in all disputes and differences then subsisting, or that might arise thereafter, between two or more States concerning boundary, jurisdiction or any cause whatsoever. A mode of establishing a court for the trial of these controversies was specifically prescribed. This was adopted in 1777. The first controversy arising was that between Pennsylvania and Connecticut over the fair and fertile Wyoming—a territory of five million acres. Delegates from each State met and failed to agree. Resort was had to arms, and much blood was shed. Connecticut informed Congress of the state of affairs, and that body appointed Rutledge, Chase, Jefferson, Kinsey and Hopkins a committee. This committee recommended the cessation of hostilities and a settlement in a legal way. Peace once more reigned. After the Articles of Confederation were finally ratified, investing Congress with the powers above referred to, Pennsylvania prayed Congress for a hearing. Congress set a day for a hearing, which was noticed to both parties, and at the time designated the disputants appeared by their agents. The States were then directed to appoint by joint consent commissioners to constitute a court.

This was done. The court sat at Trenton. Fifteen days were devoted to arguments. The court decided for Pennsylvania. This was the only decision in controversies between States under the Articles of Confederation. The judgment was approved by Congress, and it was acquiesced in by Connecticut.

This did not prevent a war growing out of adverse claims to the private right of soil between individuals, and the "Pennamite and Yankee" war was the result, but Pennsylvania confirmed to actual settlers their lands, and the district was erected into the county of Luzerne.

Pennsylvania and Virginia differed as to the famous "Mason and Dixon" line. A commission composed of clergy in Virginia and college professors in Pennsylvania finally agreed upon the line.

New Jersey and Virginia differed as to a tract called Indiana in the Northwest Territory [illegible]

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Seventh Congressional District And Candidate.

Moorehead Daily News.

The time has come when the people of the Seventh Congressional district of Minnesota might, with benefit to their future welfare, consider the question as to who should represent them in the National House of Representatives in the 52nd congress. With a nominal condition of politics, that is to say, if men seek old party affiliations as they will be constrained to do in a presidential year, the Republican nominee will be elected. It is from the Republican standpoint that the News will comment. Not that its editor is so much of a partisan that he does not feel an interest in good government when administered by any other party, nor so prejudiced as to believe there are no good and patriotic men in other parties or that the government of the United States and its free institutions would be imperilled if the president was a Democrat and a majority of both houses of congress were Democrats; but rather that he believes the Republican party is a fitter agent to hold the reins of power than its mightiest opponent.

The Seventh Congressional district is strictly an agricultural region and its people are pre-eminently engaged in agriculture or intimately connected with and interested in the fruits of agriculture. Therefore their representative in congress ought to be a man who is engaged in farming or whose sympathies and aspirations are avowedly and actively aroused and interested in the welfare of farmers. A man whose voice will ever be heard pleading their cause and whose influence and ability will be constantly employed in efforts to protect and extend their interests. Not that he should be so prejudiced or narrow as to be unable to recognize the fact that people engaged in other industries have rights to be guarded and interests to be fostered, but agriculture being the great preponderating industry of the district, and other industries being dependent upon it for success in a far greater degree than agriculture is dependent upon them—although there is of course a degree of mutual dependence of each upon all and all upon each—agriculture, its claims and necessities, should receive his chief concern.

The News is of the opinion that a dis[illegible]

[illegible] cratic, 6,972; Alliance, 17,925. It will be seen that the Alliance vote cast for Halvorson in these counties in 1890 was nearly as large as the vote cast for the Democratic and Republican candidates combined, and unless there is a breaking up of the Alliance the candidate of no other party will stand any chance of success in 1892. In the opinion of shrewd political observers the Alliance party has commenced to disintegrate and crumble and that political lines in this state will be reformed with the Republican party facing its old antagonist, the Democratic party, with the Alliance and Prohibition parties casting a small minority vote, but weighing nothing in the balance.

The Problem of Aerial Navigation.

In the absence of any governmental or concerted effort, the Cosmopolitan Magazine has determined to attempt the solution of the problem of aerial navigation, and under its direction a series of experiments will be made which it is hoped will be brought to a satisfactory conclusion.

Unquestionably, the greatest mechanical problem unsolved is that of aerial navigation. When one considers the far reaching effect which it would have upon the civilization of the age, and the benefits which would accrue to mankind, the wonder is that the affair has not been seriously studied by some of the governments of the world. The Cosmopolitan does not enter lightly upon the undertaking. A portion of the plans to be put into execution were submitted to the French government by a member of the Cosmopolitan staff as long ago as 1867. There are undoubtedly great difficulties in the way, but the attempt will be steadfastly pursued by the Cosmopolitan under the direction of the ablest scientists whose aid can be obtained, until success is secured, even if it has to be carried on through a series of years.

No patents will be applied for as the result of inventions made. If success crowns the work, the result will belong to the public.

Mr. Thomas A. Edison in response to an offer by the Cosmopolitan of $100 per hour for services in consultation, said: "This matter is of so great interest to the public that I freely give my services without pay [illegible]

[illegible] 3rd. $150 for the best paper on the result which successful aerial navigation would have upon the moral and material interests of the world. The papers to be in the possession of the Cosmopolitan before February 1st, 1892.

Good Luck For 1892.

The last few days of 1891 reminds us that it is a pleasant custom among friends to wish each other, at the advent of a new year, happiness and prosperity for the coming months. Just why our good wishes should be any more fervent at the beginning of the year than at any other period, it would be hard to say; certainly our friends need good fortune at one time as well as another. But whatever the reason or unreason of it, "The Burlington" believes it a custom to be honored and therefore very cordially wishes its friends and patrons and the public generally, a "Happy New Year." As our particular friends are the traveling public, we would elaborate a little by hoping that, by whatever line you journey, your trains will run without accident and make good time; your way lie through lovely scenery; your trip be one of comfort in Pullman sleepers and reclining chair cars; your meals be enjoyed on dining cars whose cuisine is peerless, and your baggage be safely delivered. If you travel by other lines, we hope for the above good luck; if you use "The Burlington" we know it will be so. For tickets, rates and maps, call on your nearest ticket agent, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent C. B. & N. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Winter Excursions.

"The Burlington" has now on sale excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates, to all the principal health and pleasure resorts of Florida, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Mexico, California and to Hot Springs, Ark., Las Vegas, New Mexico, Eureka Springs, Ark., Prescot and Phœnix, Arizona. Tickets to these points will be good from three to six months from date of sale, and with liberal stop-over privileges in most cases. The fast time, sure connections, luxurious accommodations and unrivaled service of "The Burlington" are well known and make it the favourite route for tourists. For tickets, rates, sleeping car accommodations and any further information, call on the nearest ticket agent of "The Burlington" or connecting lines, or address W. J. Kenyon, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn. [34-36]

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Charles Augustus Stoddard.

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next largest list 10.00

third [illegible]

fourth [illegible]

[illegible]

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, December 24, 189

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 73.
1 Northern 72.
2 Northern 67.
3 Northern 61.

Gilbert Walker was in the city last week.

Judge Benson went out to the farm on Saturday.

Comrade Osmondson, of Mallory was at the camp-fire.

Prof. Kieble, of Minneapolis, was in the city last week.

Comrade Snyder was caught on the jury on Monday.

John Steenerson was up from the west-side last week.

The district court has adjourned until the last week in February.

Holiday attractions at Saake's jewelry store.

Put oooooooos, Roberts, 6 bushels please, any time this week or next.

Atty. L. E. Gossman has gone below to spend the holidays at the old home.

Comrade W. J. Kelley and wife attended the camp-fire on Monday evening.

Comrade John Pelham and wife came up from Fertile to attend the camp-fire.

The Journal wishes its readers a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Charlie Kretzschmar, of Thief River Falls, took in the theatre on Saturday evening.

Comrade O. P. Renne, of Fertile Post, attended the camp-fire on Monday evening.

Comrade A. C. Holden was up from Ada to attend the camp-fire on Monday evening.

Iver Krohn left for Minneapolis on Monday evening where he will visit for a few weeks.

Comrades Kivel and Lochren, of Warren, attended the camp fire on Monday evening.

Charlie Johnson was down from Rockstad last week enjoying himself with his old friends.

Remember May Louise Aigen, at the Opera House, on the evening of December 28th. Popular prices.

If you want to buy a good farm, right handy to the city, all under cultivation, call at The Journal office.

The Prison Mirror, at Stillwater, acknowledges a subscription from Sheriff Grundyson of this county.

The High School pupils enjoyed a fine sleigh-ride on Thursday evening of last week given by Prof. Moore.

Ole P. Onstad, of Melvin, made us happy on Monday by leaving with us a bit of the needful to lubricate the press. Thanks.

Sheriff Grundyson went to Stillwater last week with McTavish and Coleman, the former gets 15 months and the latter 8 months.

Chief Gonyea went down to Fergus Falls last Thursday night with Samuel Mickleson, an insane man from the Thirteen Towns.

The case of Halverson vs. Melin, involving title to valuable property in East Grand Forks, was decided in favor of the defendant.

Joe L. Lusian goes to Iowa for a three or four weeks' vacation at the old home. Lusian says when he returns he will have an item for us.

Warren Williams was the lucky boy who drew the skates at the matinee last Saturday afternoon and Miss Blanche Fontaine drew the dolly.

H. F. Brown sent to the Post room a box of Brown's Selects for the vets to regale themselves with on Monday. They were heartily enjoyed.

The Dufour case was thrown out of court on the ground that that clause in the city charter that provides for fines in such cases is unconstitutional.

Comrade K. N. Melby, of the Ashby Post, was visiting his brother-in-law T. G. Thompson for a few days and took in the camp-fire on Monday night.

Louis Wedekemper has hung up his steam thresher. He went to St. Paul and bought a horse power machine and started to work on Tuesday east of here.

Very many farmers have been improving the fine weather to finish up the threshing though bothered a good bit by snow and ice in the shocks and stacks.

If you have from $1,000 to $1,500 to invest in a good farm near this city, one-half section all under the plow, call at this office and we will put you onto a bargain.

A bad washout in the race interfered with the electric light business somewhat last week. The break was soon repaired however and everything is now all right again.

If you want to make and save money buy your holiday presents at Saake's jewelry store. I am closing out my present stock and will offer every article at prices far below the reach of competition.
C. H. Saake.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 74 for 1 Hard.

A. W. Dampier has been appointed postmaster at Northfield. A. W. is brother to our genial doctor.

The spread for the camp-fire was prepared at Mrs. Rose's restaurant and was a good one in every particular.

May Louise Aigen, at the Grand Opera house, for one week, beginning Monday evening, December 28th. Matinee on New Years Day, at 2:30. One week of fun.

Nels K. Anderson, of St. Hilaire, dropped in on Tuesday to get a set of our premium farm books and put up the wherewithal for The Journal another year.

As we go to press the case in relation to the burning of the elevator at Fisher is on. All other jurymen have been discharged to report on the last Monday in February.

The name of comrade Jacob Andrist was a welcome addition to, our list this week. If there is any name more than another that we love to enroll it is that of an old comrade.

Ole Bjoin has bought out the Soderberg livery stables and will run both institutions. It will be remembered that Soderberg recently bought out Alder-Man and Sylvester.

Comrade H. C. Burdick and two daughters represented Col. George Post No. 173, Fertile, at the reunion on Monday evening. Comrade Burdick is the commander of the Post.

Ladies, you cannot afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. Mrs E. E. Bangs.

Hans Peterson has rented a corner in the room in the opera block occupied by T. H. Bjoin for the sale of carriages and buggies and is now prepared to greet his many friends with a full stock of jewelry.

Mayor McKinnon left for Ontario on Friday evening. While there he will use his persuasive powers as a missionary setting forth the good qualities of the Red River Valley and Polk County in particular.

Quite a little excitement was caused in the court-room on Tuesday morning when it was discovered that one of the jurymen was paralyzed. The judge ordered a recess of two hours to enable the man to recover.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

On Monday morning Pete Cornelius gave us a fine ride behind his elegant team of bays, one of which is only four years old but a fine stepper. Pete is satisfied with nothing but the very best in the line of horses.

The St. Paul News says that Deputy Insurance Commissioner Dearth has tendered his resignation to take effect on January 1st, and that D. C. Lightbourne, of the Ada Index, will succeed him. Well, here's ho! Dave.

A cordial invitation to all to attend services at the Congregational church next Sunday. Rev. R. H. Battey will speak morning and evening and the music will be good. Morning sermon, "The Star in the East;" evening, "The Departing Year."

Sheriff Grundyson and deputy sheriff Losey started for Stillwater on Monday evening with John Bren, sentenced for 4 years for shooting a man at East Grand Forks. They took the coat thief, Lyons, along as far as the reformatory at St. Cloud.

Superintendent V. D. Carruth has received 18 copies of "Minnesota in the Civil War and the Indian War." These books are for the school districts in the county that have a public library and the clerks are hereby notified to come and get their copy.

The public schools closed last Friday for the holiday vacation. The afternoon exercises in the high schools department consisted of readings, declamations and a debate. After a two weeks' rest the pupils will resume their labors refreshed for their winter's work.

Harry L. Berry, advance agent for May Louise Aigen Comedy Co., was in the city this week arranging for a date for that excellent company. It will be on some evening next week. That is a good company and will no doubt get a big house.

The ladies of the Congregational church are as wide awake as ever, and now they are to give a free banquet at the church for all the members and friends of the church at 1 p. m. Dec. 31. The annual meeting of the church for reports and elections occurs at the same place and date.

Don't miss Saake's sale of jewelry if you are looking for an elegant present for your best girl or anybody. Saake is closing out his stock and gives up possession of his store on Jan. 1st so you have only a few days more for such bargains. Call early for choice.

Jas. Kroghan, a fireman on the Fosston line was severely injured on Friday morning. He was underneath the engine oiling when a box car struck the tender starting the engine and catching Kroghan's foot pinching it severely. He will be laid up some time.

The treasurer's office force is on the jump trying to keep up with the receipts of delinquent taxes that are being rushed in to save the 5 per cent penalty that accrues after Jan. 1st 1892. At present it looks like the delinquent list would be less than ever before.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

H. L. Zutz came down from Red Lake Falls on Tuesday and called to encourage us with another paid up subscription in advance. Mr. Z. had a yield of 25 bushels of 1 Northern per acre. Shipped it himself and is satisfied that he did better than to sell it to local dealers.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

Frank Goodin, a Crookston old-timer, but now a prosperous business man of Stephen, passed through the city on Monday evening en route to New Brunswick, his old home, where he goes as a missionary to tell the good points of this favored region. He expects to be gone several weeks.

The past week has been one of the warmest on record for December, Sitting in our office in the middle of the day with our window up has not been unpleasant. It is said that the half-breeds predict an open winter and if this sort of weather lasts until April 1st their prediction will prove true.

I buy my goods for cash direct of the manufacturers, which enables me to sell goods at about what other dealers pay for theirs.
C. H. Saake.

The Journal learns of the death of Mrs Stephen Quisnell, which sad event occurred recently at her home at Terrebonne, Mrs. S. was an estimable woman highly respected by all who knew her, a good wife and mother and she leaves a large family of children and a husband to mourn her loss.

See the new advertisement of E. M. Walsh elsewhere in this issue and if you want to buy a good farm call on Ed. He is one of the old settlers and what he don't know about Polk County soil but few can tell. He is thoroughly posted and when he recommends a piece of land you can bet your last dollar it is all O. K.

Osmond K. Knudson was one of the prosperous west-side farmers who called in on Monday to contribute his mite toward the success of The Journal. He had one hundred acres in wheat last season and harvested 3,000 bushels—a yield of 30 bushels per acre. We have lots of that kind of land in Polk County.

E. O. Flanders goes to his old home in Chatauqua County N. Y. this week to act as immigration agent and hopes to be the means of pointing many a poor man to a sure means of gaining a fortune. He will go prepared to show up the good points of Polk County in good shape and we hope to see him return in company with a goodly colony.

Persons visiting their old homes in the East this winter should take along printed matter descriptive of their new homes in the Northwest. Take copies of this paper with you and ask agents of the Great Northern Railway for a supply of publications. [33-36]

The Brown Comedy Company played to full houses last week. The piece on Saturday night we consider the best on their repertoire, calling forth the full power of the company. Should they ever favor this city again they will be sure of full houses. Each individual actor and actress is a good one—far better than the average of traveling troops.

City Engineer Geo. A. Ralph returned on Saturday from his surveying expedition in Kittson County to spend the holidays with his family after which he will go to the Red Lake Indian Reservation to complete his contract there. He says those Minneapolis chaps might take everything north of Red Lake for a park and not deprive anybody of a good farm.

A visit to my store will convince you that you can save money by buying your holiday presents of me.
C. H. Saake.

Joseph Coe, an old man of 78 years, was severely injured on Monday by a horse. He was hauling a barrel of water when the horse became frightened at something. The old man was thrown down and in some way the horse managed to step upon him, fracturing his ribs, the splintered bones penetrating a lung. Owing to his extreme age the result is very liable to be fatal.

Any persons who wish to visit eastern Canada, for business or pleasure, should avail themselves of the $40.00 round trip excursion rates to Montreal and Toronto. These tickets will be on sale daily December 15th to 22nd inclusive and on Tuesday, December 29th. Tickets and full information can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

"A Merry Christmas and a Happy New year, to The Polk County Journal from Charles Kretzschmar, Jr.," was the motto on a box of elegant imported Acorn cigars that found its way to our office an hour or so after Charlie Kretzschmar's visit on Monday last. In return our wish for the little fellow is for many and many a Merry Christmas and Happy New Year and may he grow up to be as good and honest a man as his father is.

The East Grand Forks Courier doubts our statement that land can be had in Polk County for $5 an acre, because, it says, the railroad has none for sale for less than $10. Well, we did not say how much of that kind of land there is for sale, however we know of some and if the Courier will send us a cash purchaser we will see that he gets two quarter sections of $5 land anyhow, good land too, that is, if the land is still in the market when he calls.

The following jolly comrades were over from Grand Forks on Monday evening to attend the camp-fire. Geo. B. Winship, editor of the Herald and Commander of the Department of North Dakota, Col. Brown—the great and only Col. Brown, who is a hustler from way back, Col. W. H. Topping—every Crookstonite knows who "Top" is; Lew Freeman—and everybody knows that rustler too; Col. A. W. Warren, J. H. Goodwin, J. C. Duncan, O. Hixom, A. C. Howe, August Revoir and Z. N. Hunt. The boys all privately told a Journal reporter that they enjoyed themselves hugely.

The May Louise Comedy Company will appear at the Grand Opera House on the evening of December 28th in "Mabel Heath, or the Old Old Story," which is one of the finest plays on their repertoire. Our readers will remember this company's first appearance in this city about one year ago and it was then considered an excellent one by those who claim to be posted. They win golden opinions everywhere.

There will be a Christmas entertainment open to all the Congregational Church Thursday evening at 7:30. The committee in charge have kindly invited all who will to bestow their presents upon their friends by bringing them to the church on Thursday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock to be presented from the main tree in the evening. The S. S. pupils will receive presents from the Aid Society on the trees. Good music by the church choir and others.

A. M. Malmberg, of Fisher, dropped in on Tuesday to renew and to chat over old times. Malmberg was a resident of Glyndon in '72 when the writer first reached that beautiful prairie village and commenced to make his fortune and maybe we didn't have a good time recalling those bygone days—and then maybe we did. Malmberg worked long and faithfully before he struck a wave of prosperity and he had to come to Polk County to find it. He is now one of the most prosperous farmers in Polk County—and he takes nearly every newspaper in the county, too.

John Knuppe was up from St. Paul last week to arrange for the sale of his farm to L. Brouillard who pays him $7,000 for a half section about three miles north of the city. We know of a half-section nearer the city all under cultivation and more land ready for seed in the spring that has been in the market for only $6,400 for three months. This land has good buildings, a grove of trees, a good artesian well, 80 acres under fence and is a snap at the price. Can be had for a cash payment of from $1,000 to $1,500 cash with the balance at 8 per cent, payable at the convenience of the purchaser. One hundred acres broken and backset last summer. About 270 acres ready for seed next spring. For further particulars call at or address The Journal office.

The sun on Wednesday morning rose on a scene of desolation and ruin at the meat market of Hoch & Ott, on Main street, showing where the fire fiend had held high carnival during the silent watches of the night. The alarm was given about 1:30 and the department was soon on deck, but the fire had then gained good headway in the fat meats and lard and proved an ugly customer, completely destroying $1,800 or $1,900 worth of meats, all of the tools and leaving the building a total wreck. Hoch & Ott were insured for $1,200 in the Continental. They will open out again just as soon as they can secure a building and get their losses adjusted. The building was owned by Elias Steenerson and insured for $600 in the Continental.

Sweeping bargains in ladies gold and gold filled watches, at C. H. Saake's jewelry store.

Charlie Kretzschmar dropped in to see us on Monday morning before taking the train for home and when we rallied him about looking so much younger he said it was all owing to "dot leetle poy dot vas tree weeks old already!" He is sanguine that Thief River Falls will get a railroad next spring; says they have two saw mills and millions of feet of pine to saw during the next spring and summer and that his roller mill is kept busy trying to keep up with orders. From what we can learn we should judge that Kretzschmar is getting rich again and if any man deserves it he does for his indomitable pluck which carried him through a financial crisis which would have cowed many a man in like circumstances. He richly deserves success and seems to be getting it amply.

KLOAKS —AT— KOST.

WE "THROW UP THE SPONGE!"
The combination of the elements has been against us, and left some 450 garments to dispose of between now and spring.

WE HAVE MADE UP OUR MINDS
That we would rather sell out what we have at no profit, than to sell one-half the lot in the same time at little profit and carry the balance.

TO ILLUSTRATE:

We quote a few prices to show you what you can do.

$15.00 Plush Cloaks reduced to $10.00
$18.00 " " " $12.50
$22.00 " " " $18.00
$25.00 " " " $19.00

$8.00 Jackets 30 in. long, fur lined, @ $5.50
$10.00 " " " " " $6.75
$12.00 " " " " " $8.95

And so on throughout the entire stock.

Fontaine & Anglim's.

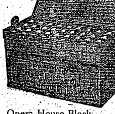
IF YOU WANT TO
SELL YOUR FARM
OR CITY PROPERTY

List it with E. M. Walsh,

THE REAL ESTATE BROKER.

He has parties who are looking for Investments in Real Estate in Polk County. Call on him, or write, giving a description of property and price.

Office in Odd Fellows Block. } CROOKSTON.



Farmers' Egg Cases.

Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,

Opera House Block, CROOKSTON, MINN.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Before deciding what Xmas gifts you will purchase, please call and inspect my line of Pictures and Picture Framing Material, such as Oleographs, Chromos, Artotype and Steel Engravings, Monochromes, Water Color, Pastel and Oil Paintings.

Reproductions in Paintings and Etchings, Photogravures, Artographs, Typogravures, Mezzotypes and fac-simile Pastels, Genuine Etchings, Pastels and Steel Engravings. Etchings Remarque - Proof. Picture Mats, ouldings, Frames, Hooks, Nails, Cords, Wire and Room Mouldings.

I'm making a Special Sale of these goods for the Holiday trade. Call and examine.

Yours respectfully,
THE UNDERTAKER,
105½ Broadway,
Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

$40 Excursions To Eastern Canada

Tickets will be sold daily December 15th to 22nd inclusive and on Tuesday December 29th at $40.00 for the round trip to Montreal, Toronto and other places in Ontario. On the 12th, 22nd and 29th Pullman furnished tourist sleepers will be run through to Chicago via Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines. Tickets and full particulars can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

Replying to a letter of inquiry from J. D. S., Cass Co., N. D. we would say that the population of Polk County consists of native born Americans, Norwegians and French all a thrifty class of people generally. Our soil is heavy in some parts, light in other parts of the county, but excellently adapted to the raising of wheat. The average yield is from 16 to 20 business per acre but in exceptional cases as high as 47 bushels to the acre have been raised that amount having been raised one year on the farm of Hugh Thompson (the present register of U. S. Land Office here) and F. S. DeMers, (who was a land office official in Fargo awhile ago) on their farm at Fisher. Other yields of from 25 to 35 are frequent. Land can be had from $5 to $20 per acre, the latter with good buildings and improvements. Artesian wells producing the very best of water can be got at an expense of from $100 to $250 on almost every quarter section in Polk County. We have good schools, church privileges equal to many older communities and farm property is raising in value and the prospect now is that it will be at least 25 per cent higher next summer. For the capacity of the land the prices are not over fifty per cent of its real value and now is the time to catch on. If you desire further information as to special chances address E. M. Walsh, Crookston, Minn., enclosing stamp for reply. Mr. W. is one of the earliest settlers of Polk County thoroughly familiar with all of our lands and you can implicitly rely on what he tells you.

Seize The Opportunity!

The $40.00 Canadian excursion tickets via Northern Pacific Railroad will only be sold December 15th to 22nd inclusive and Tuesday, December 29th. Tickets and full particulars can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

At Your Own Prices.

Fancy feathers, ornaments, children's hoods and caps. Call early and get a bargain. Mrs. E. E. Bangs.

THE CAMP-FIRE.

The camp fire, given by Col. Cobham Post No. 90 in the Post room and the beautiful hall of the I. O. O. F, on Monday evening was a brilliant success in point of attendance and enjoyment. The Post room was thrown open on Monday morning for the reception of visiting comrades, and in the evening the lodge room and reception rooms were opened to received the ladies and other guests not belonging to the Post. After a Post meeting at 8 p. m. the boys adjourned to the spacious dining hall which, though capable of accommodating a hundred or so were found inadequate for the occasion and most of the members of the Post and their families had to go on second relief. After all had partaken of a bountiful repast of genuine hard tack and beans the company adjourned to the elegant hall where the time until 12 o'clock was pleasantly occupied by the old comrades in songs, speeches and army anecdotes. Comrade J. G. McGrew acted as master of ceremonies, and, after a song, introduced Department Commander C. D. Parker, who made a good speech taking as his text the Grand Army of the Republic, which was listened to with wrapt attention. He made the assertion that there are at least 20,000 old soldiers in Minnesota but only about 8,000 belong to the Grand Army and he said that he thought this might be remedied in a measure if every Grand Army man would constitute himself a committee of one on membership to see that every old soldier of his acquaintance enrolls his name in the Grand Army. Said he was pleased to find that a Ladies Relief Corps, with 35 charter members was established here and spoke of the great good the ladies have done the order and can do and he urged the importance of the work of the Sons of Vets also. Complimented Col. Cobham Post on the good work and good prospects and urged the boys to be faithful to every trust, always to observe their motto, fraternity, charity and loyalty which he defined at length.

He was followed by Commander Geo. B. Winship, of the Department of North Dakota who gave a brief resume of the work in his department, which though recently organized already contained about 1,000 members. His speech was well received by the old boys and heartily enjoyed by all. He was followed by Col. Brown, of the Grand Forks Post, who made a witty speech filled with anecdotes and old army reminiscences that waked the old boys up in great shape. Commander Parker had boasted somewhat of being one of Sherman's bummers and Col. Brown gave a facetious illustration of Sherman's bummers remarking that HE, the Col., had been a member of the Army of the Potomac and no common ordinary bummer.

Lawyer E. M. Stanton was called out who said that, owing to circumstances over which he had had no control he was not a Grand Army man now, though having been born about the time war was declared, he belonged to the home infantry during the war and always since its organization he has had a large-sized regard for the G. A. R.

Comrade McGrew closed the speechifying with a few well-chosen remarks and after Col. Brown had sung "The Army Bean" the company repaired to McKinnon Hall where all who desired to do so tripped the light fantastic toe until an early hour on Tuesday morning. Altogether the affair was a very enjoyable one, long to be remembered by each participant.

TAKEN UP.

One red and white cow, eight or nine years old, with crumpled horns; also one speckled cow, about five years old; came on my premises on Section 16, town of Fairfax, about Nov. 20th. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take them away.
[33-36] Theo. Greenhalgh.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Scandia-American Bank, of Crookston, Minn., for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at its Banking house Tuesday, January 12th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m. L. Ellington,
Cashier.

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

The Great Northern will sell excursion tickets to Montreal and points west in Quebec and Ontario on following dates: Dec. 1st, 8th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 29th, 1891.

40.00. FORTY DOLLARS. $40.00.

Tickets are good for 90 days from date of sale, and can be extended longer at a small cost. We are the only line from the Northwest that connects with roads at St. Paul for Chicago and east. Come down and see us.
[30-37] W. W. Fegan, Agent.

New Feed Mill.

O. E. Skaar and H. Svenvig have opened a new feed mill in a building adjoining the Crookston Water Power and Light Co., and are now prepared to fill all orders as fast as received. Bring on your grists. [23-tf]

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
Professional calls by or day night.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Dec. 28.—The first kiln of slate brick was turned out this week at the new Thomson works and was a great success. Slate brick are manufactured in New Jersey and are a great favorite. It is claimed that they are superior to pressed brick and more beautiful and can be manufactured cheaper.

C. F. Houghton, of Boston, the owner of a lot on Superior street, was here this week arranging with an architect for the erection of a fine block. Considerable building is now in sight. Most of it is of dwellings of a moderate cost, which will give homes to men of moderate incomes at rents they can afford to pay.

The Marinette Iron Works company have cast the big propellor wheel for whaleback steamer No. 120, for which it is also building a 1,000-horse power triple engine. The wheel is four-bladed, is 12.5 feet in diameter, is cast solid and weighs 7,500 pounds without the shaft. It is the largest casting of the kind ever made in Duluth, and probably in the Northwest.

The Duluth Manufacturing company yesterday received an order for 800 cars for New York, Lake Erie & Western road. So it is our factories are extending their business all over the country, and the manufacturing establishments of this section are becoming recognized.

The Duluth Imperial mill has donated 210 sacks of flour to the Russian famine sufferers and the Duluth Roller mill 25 sacks.

Wheat is moving rather more freely than it did last week. The present movement is expected to keep up until after the first of the year, when it is thought it will grow larger. According to estimates received here it is thought that from 40 to 50 per cent of the wheat tributary to Duluth is still unmarketed.

Another saw mill has been secured for Duluth. It will be located up the St. Louis and will be ready for work in the spring. It will be a small mill with only 10,000,000 feet annual capacity.

As an indication of the tendency of travel and the growing importance of this city as a center, the new train service on the Duluth & South Shore road to the East may be cited. A new train, the "Lake Superior Limited," was put on Thursday, which goes to Detroit in 28 hours, and to the East 12 hours quicker than formerly. HAYS.

EDNA, Dec. 14, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL: In his daily issue of Dec. 4th, the Times man denies that I called upon him to stop my copy of the weekly Times on account of the Bill Snort business and attempts to belittle me by saying that I probably am one of those hoboes who steal his valuable (?) sheet, &c., &c. Well, if THAT were true WHY should I take the trouble to call at his office to ask him to stop a paper I had nothing to do with? Of course, I am only a poor country farmer, the class that the dignified (?) Times man so heartily despises down in that cavity where MEN keep a soul, and so, of course, I am not IN it with such a magnificent publisher of a daily poster and a weekly smut-mill, but yet I am an American citizen, and as such have a right to breathe, even in a country inhabited by such a magnificent animal as the Times man, and I also have a right to the expression of an opinion, and I did express my opinion of that Bill Snort rot, and I did not go behind the barn to do it (unless the Times sanctororum is behind the barn, i. e. out of sight,) but I told the Times man to his little face what I thought of that slush, and told him to stop sending it to me although it was paid up in advance a little. He did not do as he was ordered; however, I notice that NOW he attributes the Bill Snort foolishness to Texas Siftings, whereas before he used to run it just as though it was original matter, and the average reader was led to infer that Mac wrote it himself. So it would seem that I made him ashamed of it and caused him to give proper credit. Now, as to my stealing my paper I have only to say that that is utterly false and the Times man knows it. I am foreman on the old Reis farm for Mr. John C. Wells and my contract calls for such county papers as I may choose to order. Mr. Wells had paid the Times man for my paper and the Times man well knew it, and the statement he made is a base subterfuge, and now he appears to be determined to keep sending it right along whether I want it or not, but that don't seem to me to be legitimate newspaper business. I call it downright robbery and a fraud.

Respectfully yours,
J. A. CROFT.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts. [33-tf]

ESTRAY.

A sorrel horse, with three white feet and white in face, came on my place Sec. 15 Town of Kertsonville, about the 20th of last month. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away. FRANK LASARGE.

HOLIDAY GOODS

AT

GERVAIS' "THE HUSTLERS."

JUST RECEIVED,

A VERY HANDSOME LINE OF

NOVELTIES

—FOR—

Christmas

—AND—

New Years

PRESENTS!

Cloaks and Jackets

MUST BE CLOSED OUT BY

NEW YEARS

Regardless of Cost.

GERVAIS,' "The Hustlers."

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

—IS—

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF YOU Were In Our Place?

This question we ask in all seriousness to those to whom we sent a statement of account in October, giving them until January 1st 1892 to pay up at the rate of $1.50 per annum, and who have as yet paid no attention to it. We are pleased with the fact that only about one quarter of the names on our list are in this boat but seven or eight hundred in arrears from 2 to 6 or 8 years as the case may be is too great a burden for us to carry over another year and we feel that something must be done to remedy this state of things and that is why we ask you this simple question, "What would you do about it if you were in our place?" We know very well what many of you would do—you would sue every account, for the full amount just as soon after January 1st 1892 as soon as you could get to a justice shop but, while we urgently need a settlement on our list we do not wish to proceed to extreme measures and will not unless we are absolutely driven to it, and we don't mean to if our patrons intend to be honest with us—that is all we ask and certainly that is fair enough. Now this is what we intend to do in these cases. We have secured 30 days time on pressing obligations maturing on Jan. 1st 1892 and we will extend the limit of our $1.50 offer for long past due subscriptions for that time or until Feb. 1st 1892. There is not probably one name on our list the owner of which is unable, if he cannot pay up to give us a secured note, one that we can use in our business if he intends to be honest and remember, that, as much as we need our money at this time we do not expect that any man who lost his crop by hail will either pay us this year or secure a note for us. He needs all his resources to make another crop and we do not wish to hamper any honest farmer. Please give this matter your early attention and save both ourself and you unnecessary trouble.

$75 MONTH $300

Do You Want Employment?

Cy which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month—the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work. If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN OUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you. We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right; there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING. Aetter write at once. Address

The Brodix Publishing Co.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THE PRESS

(NEW YORK)

Has a larger Daily Circulation than and Republican Newspaper in America.

FOR 1892.

DAILY. SUNDAY. WEEKLY.

The Aggressive Republican Journal of the Metropolis,

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Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.	FARM LANDS
N W TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATS
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds; Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

ESTRAY.

Came to my place in Polk Centre, on or about November 9th, one brown steer about five years old with horns sawed off and white spot in forehead. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away.

[35-37] REGIS HUOT.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk, City of Crookston, } ss.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on January 1st, 1892, and terminating December 31st, 1892, by the following person and at the following place as stated in said application, to-wit: Fred Sargent, in a room on first floor of the Reckett Block on Second street, city of Crookston.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston, at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, Minnesota, on Tuesday, the 22d day of December, 1891, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 16th day of December, A. D. 1891.

(SEAL.)
E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

[35-36]

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
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D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
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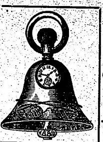
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

A GRAND SWEEP

—AND—



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	Associa'n prices.	My price
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Double Buggy Harness.

No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,	$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "	14 50

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" " G. W. Peake's "	26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top	15c to 25c
" " straight Java	20c to 60c
" " rawhide center	90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars	$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks	50c per pair
Webb Halters	25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle	$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain	90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles	$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

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Terms $1.00 per Day.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
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Fife,	2.15
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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, December 24, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.....................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.....................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South..............	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg........	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

[illegible] ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE. BURLINGTON

East Grand Forks Courier: Axel Whalstrom, a well-known citizen of this city, was a few days ago while in Crookston, induced to pay $2 for an almanac by a facetious Frenchman, who represented to Mr. Whalstrom that life without an almanac was not worth the living. That a citizen of East Grand Forks should fall a prey to a resident of Crookston is just a trifle beyond our comprehension.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners

At Their Meeting of Dec. 7th, 1891.

On the motion of Commissioner DeMers the sum of $25 was voted to Mrs. Anderson and family.

The sum of $300 was appropriated for a bridge across the Sand Hill River on the Crookston and Moorhead road. Application of Ed. Hamery for abatement of personal taxes, rejected.

V. D. Carruth was elected County Superintendent of Schools in place of Even J. Grefthen, deceased.

The board appropriated the sum of $3,897.75 to purchase the Mattie Holton property to be used as a county hospital. Steps were taken toward the building of a good bridge at Thief River Falls. Personal property taxes of W. Tindolph, of Thief River Falls, abated. H. R. Nolan was requested to make plans and specifications for bridge at Red Lake Falls.

By resolution the justices of East Grand Forks, Crookston and Thief River Falls were instructed to send files and dockets and all papers in criminal cases wherein bills have been presented at this and the January meeting, to the county auditor for inspection at the January meeting of the board. The report of Henry Nolan on the Red Lake Falls bridge read and filed. The chairman was appointed a committee to consult with the proper authorities of the City of Crookston in relation to procuring a site for a new jail.

Briefly Told.

Half of the fresh water on the earth is found within a radius of 1,000 miles of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The Great Northern in a run of 1,074 miles from St. Paul to Great Falls, Mont., has no grade of over .06 per cent, or 31.6 feet per mile, giving it the longest stretch of low grade track in the world.

Montana leads all the states in the production of precious metals.

Great Falls, Mont., has the largest water power in this country. The Missouri river tumbles 512 feet over a series of falls in a course of eight miles.

The best hunting and fishing resorts in the Northwest are to be found along the lines of the Great Northern Railway.

The Great Northern is one of the very few railways in the United States owning and operating its own entire equipment.

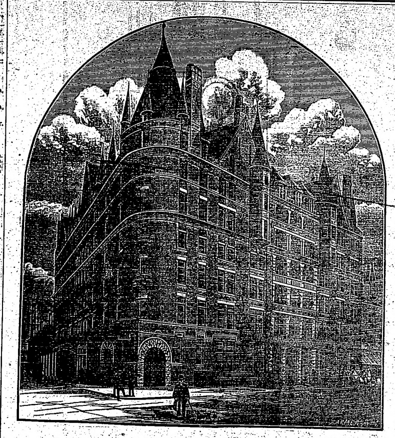
The Great Northern, with four tracks, is the main thoroughfare between St. Paul and Minneapolis; has the only double track to Lake Minnetonka.

The new extension of the Great Northern to Park Rapids, Minn., 209 miles from St. Paul, comes within about 25 miles of Lake Itaska, the source of the Mississippi.

Minnesota has more water surface and the largest body of standing white pine timber of any state in the union.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]



THE MANITOBA.

A Revolution In Hotel Life In Canada.

On December 31st the Northern Pacific Railroad will open at Winnipeg their new new hotel, the Manitoba. This structure, which is unique in design and complete in all the arrangements that go to make a first class hotel and a comfortable home for travelers, is located in the centre of the business portion of the city at the corner of Main and Water streets, and is by far the finest hotel and railway station in Canada.

The Manitoba will be conducted on the American plan. The fact that it has been placed under the management of Mr. W. J. Gunning for years steward of the Minnesota Club of St. Paul, gives assurance that the table and service will be perfect in every respect.

The building contains in the basement and on the first floor all the necessary adjuncts of a first class hotel, such as the rotunda, reception rooms, barber shop, laundry, toilet rooms, Turkish baths, bar, billiard room, etc.

On the second floor are beautiful parlors and dining rooms, all finished in California redwood. The main dining room, which extends through two floors, is magnificent in size and decorations. Private dining rooms adjoin which are unsurpassed in their furnishings.

The private parlors and bedrooms are 305 in number, many of them with bathrooms in addition. The furniture throughout is in keeping with the fine general appearance of the building. The sanitary arrangements are perfect. A complete steam heating and electric plant, situated in a seperate building, will supply the house with warmth and light.

In the first floor of his hotel are ticket offices, waiting rooms, etc., of the Northern Pacific Railroad, affording easy facilities for travelers taking this line south, east and west. Trains make their arrival and departure from a large iron shed which is adjacent to an extension of the hotel containing baggage rooms and express offices.

County Alliance Meeting.

A meeting of the Polk County Alliance is hereby called at the Court House, in Crookston, at 10 o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, Dec. 29th 1891, for the purpose of electing one delegate and one alternate to attend the meeting of the State Farmers' Alliance at Minneapolis Minn., January 5th, 1892, and to transact any other business deemed for the good of the order. It is recommended that sub-alliances meet as soon as possible and elect their delegates. Each sub alliance is entitled to three delegates.

H. G. MITCHELL, President.
JOHN D. KNUTESON, Secretary.

Reclining Chair Cars.

If you intend going East of South via St. Paul and Chicago, why not take "The Burlington" day train from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Upper Mississippi? This train has one feature not afforded by any other line between the Twin Cities and Chicago; it carries elegant reclining chair cars, which make the journey delightful, easy and comfortable, and no extra charge is made to those occupying seats in them. Insist on the agent giving you tickets via "The Burlington"—C., B. & N. R. R.—and take no others.

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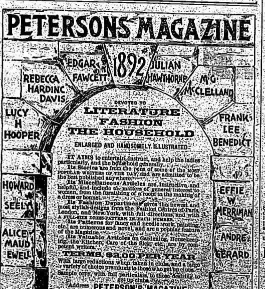

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With large reductions when taken in clubs, and a large variety of choice premiums to those who get up clubs. Sample copy, with full particulars, to those desiring to get up clubs.

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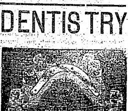
DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on a before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

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O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting FAMILY WASHING Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

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VANQUISHING VICKSBURG. By Prof. A. Hobbs, of the Delevan (Wis.) College. Prof. Hobbs was First Sergeant of Co. B, 99th Ill., and fought the entire campaign which he so graphically describes. He commences with the camp at Milliken's Bend, and carries the reader through all the campaign, giving a boy soldier's views of the marching, camping, fighting, scenery, Generals etc. It will be read with great interest by all.

INDIAN STORIES. A series of Exciting Narratives of Life, Loving, Hunting and Fighting on the Western Frontier. By Col. Henry Inman, the popular author.

LAEZ BEVERLY. An Interesting Romance. By Mrs. Olive Logan Sikes, the noted writer.

ON THE MEXICAN BORDER. By Col. A. G. Brackett, U. S. A.

A FOBLE ATONEMENT. An Interesting Story. By Mme. Sophie Redfield de Meissner, of the Russian Legation.

SOUTH AFRICA. A Series of Letters from the Diamond fields. By H. H. B. Marrison, of Johannisberg, South Africa.

AMONG THE MOONSHINERS OF NORTH CAROLINA. Ay Gen. Marcus J. Wright.

SOUTH AMERICAN SKETCHES. By Capt. Almont Barnes.

Frank G. Carpenter will continue his interesting letters. Prof. Felix S. Oswald will continue his attractive articles. This is only a partial list. Other attractive features will be announced from time to time.

"WAR HISTORY," by men who actually saw and did what they write about. It makes a specialty of this, and the contributions to its columns by the men in every rank and degree who did the marching, digging and shooting and carried forward the war through all its various phases to a glorious success, make the only genuine history of the war.

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THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE,
Washington, D. C.

[First publication Dec. 15th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 15th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Pierre Moubriant, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Esthere Dubuque, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, on Wednesday, the 15th day of June, 1892.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 15th day of December, A. D. 1891.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
[35-37]

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, [Grafton Grand Forks, Crookston,

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There is nothing better than the service on

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—AND—

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Cll and see me at my elegant new quarters in the new Opera Block, next door south of McKinnon Bros. Machinery Depot. I will make it an object for you to call on me when you want anything in the line of

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, DECEMBER 31, 1891. NO. 37

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post-office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Russian Thistle.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 17, 1891.

E. D. Childs, Crookston, Minn.:

DEAR SIR:—I enclose herewith a page from "Farm, Stock and Home" of the 15th inst. in which is introduced a cut of the Russian thistle, with two or three communications with regard to it. I particularly call your attention to the article by Mr. C. H. Church. If you will study the habits of this plant, you will see that a wheat growing State is threatened with irreparable loss by the spread of a pest of this character. It has occurred to me that it is barely possible to save the State of Minnesota if action shall be taken at a very early date. A line might be established along the State line of Minnesota, and the weed could be, by a yearly expenditure, kept from getting a foothold. There is also a bare possibility that by united action of North and South Dakota and Minnesota, that the weed might be extirpated. If, on the contrary, the pest shall spread and nothing shall be done except by the individual action of farmers, it will spread itself over the entire Northwest, and the loss will be millions of dollars yearly, with a perpetual struggle against this weed. If a dozen representative farmers in this State could be interested to meet here, and if one or two intelligent men from South Dakota meet with us, we could arouse public interest in this question. It seems to me possible, that a commission of say three men from this State, and a like number from North and South Dakota, could investigate this subject during the summer of 1892, and report to the several Legislatures on the habits and character of the weed, giving the area now invested, and present some plan for its extirpation. If not done at once, there will be no hope in five years from this date for any community which has not protected itself. It spreads like wildfire, and the plant shown in the cut, nearly four feet in diameter, was one which I found in the heart of Minneapolis, and carried in my carriage to the office of Farm, Stock and Home, and from which the cut was made in that office. If you feel an interest in this subject I would like suggestions from you, and the names of a few prominent farmers throughout the State who might become interested enough to meet for a conference with regard to the matter. Please pardon my anxiety which leads me to trouble you. Yours very truly,

ELWOOD S. CORSER.

The Alliance Saved.

Grand Forks News: As the News has maintained from the beginning the Farmers' Alliance, as an organization, should be kept aloof from party politics, and it is gratified to note that the outcome of the Larimore state meeting was the determination to abstain from mingling alliance affairs with any party. This is its only salvation. For on party lines the alliance will inevitably divide and between the two factions, the good sought would elude their grasp. The heads who are guiding the alliance of North Dakota seek no personal preferment, no political power, but only the enhancement of the welfare of the agricultural and allied people. Hence it is that the alliance of North Dakota is independent of all parties. Its members are left free to act with any party as they understand their interests to be—and to choose men who will carry out alliance principles.

Bring on your job work. We are prepared to do anything in job printing in the latest styles of the art, promptly and at as reasonable rates as first-class work can be done. Give us a trial.

1892.

New York Press.

Who will be the Republican candidate for President in 1892? This is a question which the near approach of the year in which the next Presidential election will be decided brings to the front. It is an issue that cannot be ignored. The best interests of the party and the nation demand its intelligent and judicial consideration. There are only two names prominently mentioned for the nomination. No one needs to be told what they are. Each is that of a great leader who has worthily won the confidence and esteem of the Republican party; of a broad minded, amply equipped statesman whose high services to the nation have been inspired by the sincerest patriotism.

It is important, once for all, to stamp as absolutely false the malicious reports which have been going the rounds of the Democratic press in regard to the personal and political relations of President Harrison and Secretary Blaine. The rumors which have intimated that these gentlemen were rivals for the Presidency have never had the slightest basis of truth. The Press is in a position to announce that there is not now and that there never has been one moment of antagonism in respect to the nomination between the President and the Secretary of State.

Both statesmen have labored with the utmost cordiality and harmony in the work of efficiently and wisely administering the national government. As leaders of the Republican party they are both equally devoted to its unity and welfare. The name presented to the Republican National Convention may be Harrison or it may be Blaine. But only one of the two men will be a candidate before the convention; and the one that goes before the people as the Republican standard bearer next year will have the heartiest and most effective support the other can give. This may be accepted as definite and settled fact.

The nomination rests solely with the masses of the party. If, as the trend of events now seems to indicate, the demand is for Mr. Blaine, the brilliant and forceful Secretary will have no warmer friend or well wisher than the sterling patriot and able statesman whose administration has been one unbroken record of progress and success. If the President is again a candidate, the potent voice of the greatest Secretary of State since Seward will be heard in irresistible appeal to the people for his re-election. The party is indeed fortunate that it can count two such men among its leaders. The claims of each upon popular confidence and admiration are manifold.

President Harrison's administration is one that inspires every patriot with pride. It has been eminently just, courageous and strong. The complicated financial affairs of the government have been administered with consummate ability and honesty. The work of constructing the navy has been pushed with the utmost energy. The foreign relations of the government have been maintained with dignity and wisdom. The President has shown that he knows how to put the right man in the right place; and having put them there to sustain them in every emergency. In the Behring Sea negotiations; in the treaties of reciprocity which have resulted in the commercial annexation of so many states of Latin America to the United States; in the vexatious and unprecedented New Orleans affair; in defending the national honor against the arrogance and insults of Chili, the President has loyally upheld and aided Mr. Blaine. In every department of the government the work has been carried on with economy, fidelity to the public interests and a high degree of skill.

As a leader President Harrison has proven himself safe, sound and sagacious. His record of appointments to every office, judicial, political, naval or military, has been excellent. His name is a tower of strength for the cause of honest money and the 100 cent dollar. While he is in the White House no free coinage measure and no measure designed to strike at the business interests of the nation through repeal of essential portions of the McKinley bill can be enacted into law. He is stronger with his party and the people to-day than he was in 1888.

The magnificent services of Mr. Blaine to his party and his country are familiar to all Americans. Prior to 1884 they were such that they brought about his nomination for President in that year as a natural and logical result. Since the election of President Harrison, to which his masterly speeches in behalf of protection contributed so powerfully, Mr. Blaine has achieved new and notable triumphs in the realm of constructive statesmanship. His resolute and skillful course has forced Great Britain to an arbitration of the vexed and dangerous Behring Sea dispute which threatened at one time to bring two great nations to the verge of hostilities. His conduct of the diplomatic controversy with Italy following the lynching of the Italians in New Orleans has evoked the warm admiration of the most distinguished foreign statesmen. European diplomats have been quick to recognize the touch of a master hand in the dealings of this government with those of other countries. Mr. Blaine's tenure of office as Secretary of State has resulted in immeasureably increasing the prestige and reputation of the United States abroad.

Yet this has not been his greatest achievement. In creating the policy of reciprocity, as the handmaid and complement of protection, Mr. Blaine has conferred an immense benefit upon the American mechanic and farmer and given to Republicanism a battle shout that will sweep the country from sea to sea. His grand project of securing the markets of all America for the products of the United States; of ousting monarchical European influences from the southern continent and elevating this country to its rightful primacy and dominance in Pan-American affairs, has aroused the enthusiasm of the nation. Under Mr. Blaine's management reciprocity treaties have been concluded with Brazil, with Spain for Cuba and Porto Rico, with San Domingo and the British West Indies, whereby tropical products that we cannot raise are admitted free of duty into our ports and American manufactures and agricultural products are either admitted free or at greatly reduced rates into the countries named. Treaties of the same sort are pending with Mexico, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Salvador, Colombia, Venezuela, Peru and Ecuador. The policy of gaining a wider market for our products in Europe has also been followed successfully. Germany, France and Austria have revoked their prohibition of American pork. An important reciprocity treaty with the German Empire, that will provide for admission under a greatly reduced tariff of the products of American farms, only wants the sanction of the Reichstag to become law. And all this has been accomplished without the sacrifice of one iota of that protection to American industries which is a cardinal principle of Republicanism.

With two such leaders as President Harrison and Mr. Blaine working together in the fullest harmony, the Republican party looks forward with confidence to 1892. Either of the two would command the entire and enthusiastic party support. Whether the Minneapolis convention names Blaine or Harrison, its nominee will be triumphantly elected over the candidate of free silver and free trade.

The January Wide Awake will have an especial claim upon its thousands of readers by the diversity of subject represented in its carefully selected material. Of especial interest will undoubtedly be found Sally Joy White's description of the new Leland Stanford Jr., University in the State of California—that tender and magnificent memorial to a bright and most lovable boy by his parents, Senator and Mrs. Leland Stanford. Mrs. White calls the article "The Boy who Built a College," and although the great school is built as a memorial it was still so clearly the fruit of the dead boy's desires that the title is no misnomer. Molly Elliot Seawell, a rapidly rising name among American "short story" writers, has a delightful characteristic tale of school-boy life, "Two Schoolmasters," that all boys will enjoy; and Miss Adam's "Double Christmas at St. Martin's," is also so good a story of boarding school life that boys and girls will scarcely be satisfied with a single reading of it. The serial stories of "Jack Brereton's Three Months Service"—an inspiring story of the stirring war days, by Maria McIntosh Cox, and "The Lance of Kanana," a striking Arabian story by "Abd el Ardavan," the Araban, already grows absorbing even in their second installment. The American pale-face woman who was adopted by the Seneca Indians Harriet Maxwell Converse, has another interesting sketch of Seneca life in "The Strawberry Feast at the Long House;" Amanda B. Harris has a curious account of how a church was eaten up, bit by bit, from roof to corner stone, and why it is that the gypsies have no churches; Zitella Cooke tells a charming story of the celebrated Mexican general Santa Anna and his jealous pet bird; and Otis T. Mason has something to say of Professor Marsh's giant lizards, sixty feet long. The poems in the number are by Celia Thaxter and Clara Doty Bates, Miss Thaxter's being a ballad rendering of the quaint Norwegian story of Gudbrand's bad bargains and how they led to good luck; Mrs. Bates tells, in verse, the old fable of the Mice in Council, and how they sought to "bell the cat." Other verses and sketches fill out a most entertaining number of Wide Awake, which is, as usual, well illustrated and so carefully made up as to prepare a tempting feast indeed for the myriad young people who eagerly await and as eagerly welcome it. Wide Awake is published at 20 cents per number, $2.40 per year. All booksellers keep it. D. Lothrop Co., Publishers, Boston.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 29th, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL.—

The President has announced that, under the power conferred on him by the third section of the McKinley Act, which was the reciprocity section, he will reimpose the duties on sugar and coffee imported from South American states which have not accepted the offer made by the United States to enter into reciprocity trade arrangements.

This power was given to the President that he might use it; it was given to him that he might, by offering reciprocity trade arrangements to some countries, induce all to enter in it. So far as our coffee and sugar trade is concerned we have already made proper arrangements with Brazil and the Spanish West Indies as well as the English West Indies. From these we secure nearly all our sugar and coffee. There are some of the smaller states of South and Central America that have not yet responded to the very generous offer on our part and the President says that their sugar and coffee shall not enter the country upon the same terms with those of the countries which have given us trade advantages. This is an observance of both the spirit and the letter of the law. Some of the Democratic papers of course say that the President, in exercising this power, is imposing a tax upon those who take the sugar and coffee. Any one not a natural born fool would know that there will not be a pound of sugar and coffee imported into the United States from any of those countries that have to pay a tax or, if a pound is imported, that it will be sold precisely at the same price to the purchaser that the free sugar from Porto Rico, Cuba and other countries with which treaties have been made is sold at. We said any one not a fool would know this; any one not a liar would say it.

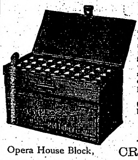
The silver fight has opened in the Senate. Senator Stewart delivered one of his characteristic speeches on the 17th. This action of the great silver Senator has brought the papers of the gold bugs into renewed activity in their fight against free silver. The silver, too, has created quite a muss in the Democratic ranks. Mr. Collins, of Massachusetts, that gentleman who, not born in Boston nor educated at Harvard, still believes that one of the principal beatitudes was left out of the Sermon on the Mount and that it should have read "Blessed are they who reside in Boston and are educated at Harvard for such shall know all things," has been laboring with Mr. Crisp on the subject of silver. He tells Mr. Crisp that if a free silver bill of any kind should pass the New England Democrats who are now in Congress could not be re-elected. Mr. Collins might have left out all the preamble to that. There is no probability of the Congressmen from New England being re-elected at all whether there is any free silver legislation or not. This fight of the New England men has complicated Mr. Crisp's difficulties very much in selecting his committees. Another trouble has been visited upon his head by some of his Southern brethren. The Southern men say that it is not fair or right that the principal committees should be given to Northern men and a few of them are kicking like a bucking broncho against the appointment of Springer and Holman as chairmen of the two leading committees of the House.

Mr. Watterson, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, has jumped into the ring in the usual style of Mr. Merriman, declaring "here we are again," and says that the election of the Speaker had nothing to do with Presidential possibilities. In fact all of Mr. Cleveland's friends are engaged in that delectable work; Vilas, Dickinson, Bayard, Carlisle and Morrison were all active supporters of Mr. Mills and they are known as the special friends of Mr. Cleveland. The New York Times and the St. Louis Republican are his two leading newspaper organs and they were for Mills. All of them are now saying that the Presidential question did not cut any figure in the election. They remind one of Mark Tapley who kept jolly under all circumstances.

Seize The Opportunity!

The $40.00 Canadian excursion tickets via Northern Pacific Railroad will only be sold December 15th to 22nd inclusive and Tuesday, December 29th. Tickets and full particulars can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

Opera House Block, A. Sture's New Store, CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,

OILS AND

VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

WALL PAPER.

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

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CLOTHING HOUSE.

Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
To see our Suits,
To see our Trousers, } Before going elsewhere.

Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

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BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

Dressing in Good Taste.

American ladies, especially in the larger cities and towns, are becoming noted for their good taste in dress. This is largely due to the fact that they secure the best fashion journals published, and by a careful study of them they get correct ideas upon the all-important subject of dress. Any lady can cultivate her taste in this direction if she will only go to the trouble of comparing the styles found in the reliable fashion journals published by A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York, with those appearing in other fashion magazines. Those issued by A. McDowell & Co. are produced only by the best artists, and are for the most part plain, and in every respect practical; the others are generally very loud or dowdy, and thoroughly unsuitable for the requirements of American women. The firm of A. McDowell & Co. seeks to furnish ladies with genuine French styles, such as can be used without any danger of appearing ridiculous. Hence their fashion journals are now the favorites with all ladies of good taste throughout the country. "La Mode de Paris" gives the latest French styles. "Album des Modes" furnishes styles which are popular in Paris. "La Mode" gives a selection of styles which are serviceable to the family. The two former are each 35 cents a copy, or $3.50 a year. The last is 15 cents a copy, or $1.50 per annum. They are supplied by newsdealers, or direct to subscribers from the house.

CANADIAN EXCURSIONS.

The Great Northern will sell excursion tickets to Montreal and points west in Quebec and Ontario on following dates: Dec. 1st, 8th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 29th, 1891.

40.00. FORTY DOLLARS. $40.00

Tickets are good for 90 days from date of sale, and can be extended longer at a small cost. We are the only line from the Northwest that connects with roads at St. Paul for Chicago and east. Come down and see us.

[30-37] W. W. FEGAN, Agent.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts.

[33-tf]

Any persons who wish to visit eastern Canada, for business or pleasure, should avail themselves of his $40.00 round trip excursion rates to Montreal and Toronto. These tickets will be on sale daily December 15th to 22nd, inclusive and on Tuesday, December 29th. Tickets and full information can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

$75 MONTH $300

Do You Want Employment?

Cy which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month—the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work. If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN OUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you. We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right; there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING. Aetter write at once. Address

The Brodix Publishing Co.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

$60 REWARD.

FREE FOR TWO MONTHS.

THE HOME MAGAZINE

Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list $20 00
" " next largest list 10.00
" " third " " 5.00
" " fourth " " 3.00
" " fifth " " 2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each. 10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c " 10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.
2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

Kansas,
4 Mrs. Henry Brown, Olathe.
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas. Semple, box 310.
" Amelia Walker.

. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.
4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1893, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, December 31, 1891.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 73.
1 Northern 72.
2 Northern 67.
3 Northern 61.

Quite a bliz on Christmas day.

Don't forget to write it 1892 hereafter.

Doc. Koyle was up from Ada this week.

Mrs. Bucknam expects to remove to Colorado.

Wm. Vannet spent Christmas in Grand Forks.

H. Steenerson left for St. Paul on Sunday evening.

Free dinner at the Congregational church this noon.

The May Louise Aigen company hold the boards this week.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 74 cents per bushel.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Graul went to Chicago to spend the holidays.

Saturday was one of those bright, beautiful days that you read about.

The merchants tell us that their Christmas trade was excellent this year.

Arthur W. Foss spent the Christmas time with friends and relatives at Mentor.

Frank Montague has gone to the Sanitarium at Battle Creek, Mich., for treatment.

C. E. Sawyer went to St. Paul on Sunday evening's belated train on the Great Northern road.

Charles E. Harrington, of Euclid, has gone to Bellevue, Iowa, to spend the winter at his old home.

Wesley Morris and wife came down from Mentor last week to do their Christmas trading.

Harry Ives, the St. Hilaire Spectator man, went below on Sunday evening for a holiday visit with friends and relatives.

Call and settle that subscription if you are behind a number of years. We need our money.

The Christmas Eve dance at McKinnon's Hall was a very enjoyable affair, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather.

Call and see us on that back subscription or send in the cash before February 1st as we shall require them settled by that date.

We want to hire a good reliable man or boy for farm work. Steady employment to the right party. Apply at THE JOURNAL office.

"Christmas comes but once a year" and the average mortal would be glad of it if it involves such weather as the Christmas of '91 saw.

Mrs. Ellingbo, mother of policeman Ellingbo, died at her residence in this city last week after a short illness. She was about 55 years old.

J. O. Buhn, the Mentor merchant dropped in to set that subscription ahead on Monday. Reports business excellent this fall and winter.

Crookston hotels dined their guests in elegant shape on Christmas day. The most of them prepared a spread unsurpassed by any St. Paul hotel.

Pretty quick postmaster Dawley will be right on deck with the best burglar proof safe in the city. Workmen are busily engaged at the post office putting it in.

Dept. postmaster McLean steps extra high in these days—with his fine gold-headed cane presented to him on Christmas day by the mail clerks on the railroad.

Judge Spendley remembered THE JOURNAL by sending in a good bit on subscription on Christmas morning. A nice little Christmas present and very highly appreciated.

The Aigen Company are as fine a company of ladies and gentlemen as ever visited our city, genial, jolly and good artists, qualities which are sure to win friends and keep them.

Wm. Erdmann, who has been at Warren building an engine room for their fire steamer, returned last week. Erdmann reports business very lively at the county seat of Marshall County this fall and winter.

Lovely weather again since Sunday.

From the tone of letters THE JOURNAL is receiving we should say that next spring will see a large influx of new settlers. Let 'em come. There's lots of good land at low figures.

Comrade Geo. Truax was united for life to Miss Lizzie Sprague, of Fisher, last week. The comrades all unite with THE JOURNAL and his many friends in wishing comrade Truax and his bride a long and happy life.

"I am a bachelor now-a-days," said engineer Tom Hunt to a JOURNAL man the day before Christmas. "My better half has gone to the Devil's Lake to spend the holidays with Fred and the baby—and my daughter."

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather old Santa Claus managed to reach the various churches in this city that had duly arranged to receive him, and the little folks had a grand good time. "Christmas comes but once a year" and the little folks are bound to observe the event regardless of the weather.

If you have from $1,000 to $1,500 to invest in a good farm near this city, one-half section all under the plow, call at this office and we will put you onto a bargain.

The jury in the case of Geo. O'Brien, charged with setting fire to the elevator at Fisher, on trial at the time of going to press last week, brought in a verdict of guilty, and O'Brien was sentenced to four years in the St. Cloud reformatory.

Herb Mason's holiday trade was not circumscribed by the boundaries of Polk County but he sold toys to St. Paul people as well. In that lot was a handsome young doll that cried because it could not stay in Polk County and grow up with the country.

Last year during December and January JOURNAL subscribers put up the needful very encouragingly. The past month has not been so good but we trust that January will be sufficiently good to make the average equal last year at least and we should like to see it exceeded.

Mr. Smith, who has been with Charlie Thomas for a few weeks, left last week for Webb City, Mo., where he will hang out his shingle. Meanwhile Charlie will conduct his business at the old stand himself until he finds a good assistant, and Charlie is no slouch of a barber himself.

Tom Morris:—"That was the finest fire scene I ever saw put on the stage; Why, don't you know, when that curtain caught and burned up I thought the business had got away from them and that we had a sure enough fire in dead earnest. It was a dandy and no mistake."

Joseph Laframboise starts this week for a visit to his old home in Canada. While he is away he will use his persuasive powers upon his old neighbors and friends in the interest of immigration to this Red River Valley. He is an excellent talker when he is talking about the good points of Polk County.

Freight conductor Ditty met with a severe accident on Sunday evening. He was caught between a coal car and a passenger coach and suffered a fracture of the right shoulder. He was taken to Dr. Dampier who attended to his needs. He was able to leave on the delayed passenger train for his home in Barnsville.

Walt Ott informed a JOURNAL reporter on Tuesday that Hoch & Ott expect to be on deck again soon, ready to supply the wants of their many customers for meat. They expected the adjuster that day to fix up their insurance and as soon as that is done will open out somewhere. Their loss in tools and meats was about $2,000 with an insurance of $1,200.

A few weeks since, THE JOURNAL announced, upon the authority of a lead citizen of Gentilly that a combination sale would be held at Gentilly next Monday. We were told that bills would be gotten out in a few days, and that an announcement, giving full particulars would be given later. We have heard nothing of it since so we conclude that the sale is off.

E. M. McCoslin, a new arrival from Franklin, Ind., called in to become a subscriber to THE JOURNAL on Monday. Mr. McCoslin was a strong supporter of President Harrison during the last campaign, is very well satisfied with the administration and would like to see it continued. He will join the ranks of the grangers in Polk County and help to swell the visible supply in the future.

Many of our farmer friends, in attendance at the County Alliance, improved the opportunity to run in and square up on that back subscription for which we are duly grateful as well as for the new names added to our list during the past week. THE JOURNAL has ever striven to work for the best welfare of all the people of Polk County and as long as we control its destinies it will continue to do so.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hoch have been called upon to pass through the deep waters of affliction in the death of their little three-year-old daughter, Gracie, which sad event occurred on Friday evening. The little one was sick only one day and its loss falls with peculiar force upon the heads of a loving father and mother. Their many friends in this city will deeply sympathize with them in their sore trial.

Joe. Brewster was in from Fisher on Tuesday and of course called in to help keep THE JOURNAL running right along. We wish every man on our list was as prompt as he. Joe. was obliged to bring his big herd from his Lambert farm to his Fisher farm to winter, owing to the fact that he could not find fodder enough out east. He expects about next year to reap a profit from his big herd.

Prof. Sheley came down from Fosston last week to spend his two weeks' vacation in the walks of civilization. He tells of an Indian (a good Indian now) whom they roasted for their Christmas festivities up there. The said Indian started in to celebrate Christmas allee samee Melican man by getting his skin chuck full of fire-water, and being "tired" retired to his tepee to sleep off the effects of his celebration. In some way the tepee took fire and before Mr. Indian could be rescued he was roasted to a turn and of no further use to his tribe. They say the Indians seem to get all the whiskey they want notwithstanding the law says they shall not have it.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

A Hog In His Stocking.

Charlie Misner is not only a rattling good barber but a lucky man withal. For some weeks he has been hinting to his brothers that pretty quick he would have a birthday coming along—and moreover Christmas was coming soon and that a nice fat hog in his Christmas stocking would be about the checker. Well, on Christmas morning he received a postal saying that hog-killing would be ripe in a few days and that a nice fat hog would be sent him to put in his stocking or elsewhere as he saw fit. Charlie has been "scalding down" that hog ever since.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

The party who had rented the store occupied by C. H. Saake has given up the idea of starting a saloon on Jan. 1st as he had planned to do, so Saake will not be obliged to give up his store after all. He has leased the building for three years, also the room across the street recently occupied by Hans Peterson and will stock both places to their fullest extent and be ready to greet his friends again with that same old genial smile.

I buy my goods for cash direct of the manufacturers, which enables me to sell goods at about what other dealers pay for theirs.

C. H. SAAKE.

L. I. Benoit received the sad news on Wednesday last of the death of his brother Frank's wife at St. Paul, which occurred on Wednesday, Dec. 23d, as the result of an operation to remove a tumor. Her death was a question of only a short time if the tumor was not removed, so she took the one chance in a hundred and suffered the operation, but had not sufficient vitality to rally. Besides a loving husband, she leaves four small children to mourn her irreparable loss. L. I. Benoit and Mr. Emond left for St. Paul on the evening of the 24th to attend the funeral.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Ed. Bivens tells us a story of a lost sheep that is a remarkable one and if anybody else told it we might doubt it. During the first blizzard the sheep were in the barnyard waiting the completion the sheep shed. The next day they were all (it was supposed) put into the shed. Five days afterward Ed. took a scoop shovel and began excavating a six foot drift in the corner of the barnyard to find a sheep trough when he uncovered a spring lamb that had been snowed in by the blizzard. The first words the sheep said was to skip for the hay stack and begin to eat, and after a good square meal appeared to be as good as ever.

The May Louise Aigen Company continues to delight good audiences at the Grand Opera House each night this week. On New Year's night an elegant opera glass will be voted to the handsomest young lady and a silk hat to the homeliest gentleman in the house. THE JOURNAL would like to see some young lady get it who is not a pampered child of luxury, abundantly able to get one or who perhaps already has several of her own, some hard working teacher, or seamstress, or a hired girl, one who would appreciate it at its worth. Of course, the tile, if it goes according to the strict conditions of the offer will be awarded THE JOURNAL man naturally enough for a homelier man cannot be found in these upper counties—we are perfectly satisfied of that.

On the day before Christmas, as everybody seemed to be indulging in goodies, we bethought ourself that it would be a pretty good idea, so we dropped in on neighbor Sture to see what he had good to eat. There, among other good things, we saw a lot of genuine Polk County honey that he had obtained from a farmer near Gentilly, so we took a comb of it to sample. After having duly sampled it we are fully prepared to vouch for the statement that there is no honey in existence better than Polk County honey. We have often wondered why our farmers have neglected this industry, as there is a mint of money in it on a small scale, and we see no reason why bee-raising is not perfectly practical. Thousands of dollars annually have gone out of Polk County for honey that could just as well have been paid out to our farmers.

Church Banquet.

To-day, Dec. 31st, occurs the annual meeting of the Congregational church of Crookston. It meets at 12 o'clock noon. All members are requested to be present at that hour. The ladies of the church give a free banquet at the church to the members of the society, the supporters, those who attend the Sabbath worship, the members and their friends; also some others have been invited. The banquet will be open at 1 p. m. promptly. The friends of the church who are thus invited are kindly requested to come about 12 o'clock, if convenient. There will be speeches and music after dinner. The ladies have made liberal provision for the occasion and it is hoped that no one's seat will be vacant.

Installation of officers of Crookston Lodge, 141, A. F. and A. M. took place on Monday evening, Grand Master M. R. Brown officiating. The following are the officers for the ensuing year:

John Cromb—W. M.
Frank Skinner—S. W.
R. G. Marlette—J. W.
J. V. E. Wyatt—S. D.
W. G. Lytle—J. D.
W. B. Dawley—Steward.
Geo. O. Buhn—Steward.
Hugh R. Robertson—Sec.
E. M. Walsh—Treas.
John Ross—Tyler.

Geo. M. Swift was in from Mentor on Tuesday and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call.

No. 149 is the lucky number. If you have that number go to Herb's and claim your doll-carriage.

J. D. Knudson, of McIntosh, dropped in on Tuesday to say "how," and put up a little of the needful.

J. S. Nichols was in to find out about Lady Audrey's secret on Tuesday night. J. S. said to us: "Keep THE JOURNAL coming; we can't keep house without it."

When Prof. Armstrong severed his connection with the East Grand Forks schools to accept the position of assistant superintendent of schools, the position was first offered to Prof. T. Casey, of the Carman school, but the board did not wish to spare Casey so he declined the honor.

One of the Aigen company was chaffing Bert Frank, on Wednesday morning, claiming that Bert did not take the part of Geo. Tallboys well enough on Tuesday evening. As one of the audience we thought he did exceedingly well—in fact for the most part he appeared to be "dead in it."

Next Sabbath Mr. Battey will have for his sermon themes: "The Conditions," and "Abraham," the latter being the first of a new series of Sunday evening sermons on "Some Great Men of the Olden Time." A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to attend and enjoy these services at the Congregational church. Morning worship will open at exactly 11 a. m. and the evening service at 7:30 p.m. The S. S. is at 12:15; Junior Society, 3:30; Young People's Society. 6:30. A hearty welcome for young people and children. Remember the hours of service are not govered by any bell but by the standard time. The pastor regulates his time by jeweler Saake's regulator every Saturday evening.

The May Louise Aigen Dramatic Company presented "Lady Audley's Secret" on Tuesday evening to a good house, with Miss Aigen in the title role. As an emotional actress Miss Aigen is one of the best ever before a Crookston audience, her portrayal of the double-dyed villainy of this part being perfect. Her support was good, the character of Luke Marks, taken by Owen Bartlett, being excellent. The fire scene, wherein a hotel was set on fire and totally destroyed before the eyes of the audience was so realistic that Dunc Morris, (after the curtain) grabbed his hat and rushed out into the street to go for the fire apparatus to turn the hose on the whole business. It took some effort to convince Dunc that it was only a play fire, but when so convinced at last he mildly smiled and returned. The company will occupy the boards for the balance of the week. On Friday evening an elegant opera glass will be voted to the handsomest young lady and a silk hat to the homeliest gentleman in the audience.

Frank T. Haseltine, the genial proprietor of the celebrated Crookston Nurseries, departed for Madison Wis., this week for the winter. In conversation with a JOURNAL reporter Frank said that his business this year far exceeded his most sanguine expectations last spring. His collections have been excellent, far better than ever before. When asked what department of his business was the best he said: "forest trees. People are coming to understand better than ever the value of trees upon the prairie as a protection in winter and hundreds of them set out trees last season and my orders for spring delivery are larger and more of them than ever before. I tell you it will be but a few years before every dweller upon these prairies will have a fine grove of trees to protect his buildings in the winter and the effect will be magical. I believe that our farmers have seen their toughest years in this country and hereafter they will see very much better times as I believe that it will be many years yet before wheat will go down as low as it has been if ever. I shall return next spring prepared to do the biggest season's work I ever did."

KLOAKS
—AT—
KOST.

WE "THROW UP THE SPONGE!" The combination of the elements has been against us, and left some 450 garments to dispose of between now and spring.

WE HAVE MADE UP OUR MINDS That we would rather sell out what we have at no profit, than to sell one-half the lot in the same time at little profit and carry the balance.

TO ILLUSTRATE:

We quote a few prices to show you what you can do.

$15.00 $18.00 $22.00 $25.00 Plush Cloaks reduced to $10.00 " " $12.50 " " $18.00 " " $19.00

$8.00 $10.00 $12.00 Jackets 30 in. long, fur lined, @ $5.50 " " " " " $6.75 " " " " " $8.95

And so on throughout the entire stock.

Fontaine & Anglim's.

IF YOU WANT TO

SELL YOUR FARM

OR CITY PROPERTY

List it with E. M. Walsh,

THE REAL ESTATE BROKER.

He has parties who are looking for Investments in Real Estate in Polk County. Call on him, or write, giving a description of property and price.

Office in Odd Fellows Block. } CROOKSTON.

Mightier, Brighter, Busier

THAN EVER.

HAVING SECURED A

NEW LEASE

On my store building for another term of three years I am now better than ever prepared to serve my customers to their Best advantage

THANKING MY FRIENDS

and customers for their liberal patronage during and previous to the holidays, I now wish you all

A

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

C. H. SAAKE.

On Wednesday afternoon about 2 o'clock, as four men were unloading a crate of glass at the new block the crate fell, catching Ed. Ross beneath it crushing him badly. He was taken at once to Dr. Dampier's office and up to the hour of going to press we are unable to learn the full extent of the injury he sustained beyond the fact that one leg is fractured in several places.

Stephen Leader:—Mr. Z. Barager has been threshing his crop since the recent blizzard and says that much snow is blown into the stacks three or four feet on the north side. He says if allowed to stand until the warm weather of spring comes most of the grain in stack will be ruined and for his part he will pound his grain out if it takes all winter. Others report the same condition of affairs and further that the work of threshing now is not such an extremely difficult matter as one might fancy. Mr. E. N. Davis, the bonanza farmer of Daviston, and a man of much practical observation and knowledge says that those who wait until spring to thresh, expecting to find their grain in good shape, will miss it badly. Several years ago he threshed considerable wheat one spring and it was unfit for market. The snow which had blown into the stacks melted and spoiled a lot of it which could not be kept separate from the balance. The result was musty, rotten wheat. While it is expensive business threshing at this season of the year, it is the general opinion of our best informed farmers that it is the only way of preventing a much heavier loss. Those with grain in stack should certainly try to get it out before spring.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Before deciding what Xmas gifts you will purchase, please call and inspect my line of Pictures and Picture Framing Material, such as Oleographs, Chromos, Artotype and Steel Engravings, Monochromes, Water Color, Pastel and Oil Paintings.

Reproductions in Paintings and Etchings, Photogravures, Artographs, Typogravures, Mezzotypes and fac-simile Pastels, Genuine Etchings, Pastels and Steel Engravings. Etchings Remarque - Proof. Picture Mats, ouldings. Frames, Hooks, Nails, Cords, Wire and Room Mouldings.

I'm making a Special Sale of these goods for the Holiday trade. Call and examine.

Yours respectfully,
THE UNDERTAKER,
105½ Broadway,
Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, Dec. 26th, 1891.

Mrs. H. B. Budd, Mrs. Frank Haight, Miss Daisy Webb and J. J. Carey a short time ago formed a plan for giving the children of school district 53 a pleasant time on Chrismas Eve. Although the weather was unfavorable the school house was filled with children, parents and friends. Never in the history of the district have our people seemed so happy and united as they were that evening. The tree was very tastefully trimmed and there was a present for every one. The opening address of the evening was delivered by one of our Polk County teachers, whose remarks were as follows: "This is the eve of that day in the year when all nations, races and people ought to rejoice. No event in the history of the world is so full of vital interest as the birth of our Savior By His work while here on earth He made it possible for us to obtain eternal life, and knowing how much He suffered for our sake, should we not in gratitude to His Father for sending, and Him for coming, lead a life and conversation such as becometh the gospel.

Oh, i our lives could poise and swing
Like the compass in its brazen ring,
Ever level and ever true to the task we have to do,
We shall securely and safely reach
Those fortunate isles on whose shining beach
The sights we see and sounds we hear,
Shall be those of joy and not of fear."

Then followed recitations by the little ones, interspersed with music by a quartette consisting of Mrs. Budd, Mrs. Haight, J. J. Carey and Bert Murphy. Santa Claus (Jos. Murphy,) then came down the chimney and distributed the presents. His address to the children was very appropriate and we all wish him many merry Christmases.

The committee of arrangements regretted the absence of the Walter family, who were to take part in the exercises, and also other families who were detained on account of the storm. We all missed the kind faces of Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Herriott, of Pennsylvania, who during the years while here always endeavored to make others happy. May their declining years be filled with joy and love. Among the presents was a beautiful Siberian parrot, thoroughly acclimated, for C. E. Ford, Jr., who has been very sad since his polly died and his "sweetest birdee" flew away. H. B. Budd received a box of the most delicious fruit and after opening it he was heard to repeat:

"Long, long be my heart with such memories filled,
Like the vase in which roses have once been distilled
You may break, you may shatter the vase if you will,
But the scent of the roses (onions) will hang round it still."

We wish the district many such pleasant gatherings.

Miss Olive R. Hallock, who has charge of the village school at St. Hilaire, is spending the holidays with her parents.

Joe. Ball, a college student, will teach the next term of school in district 53, which begins Jan. 4th.

C. E. Ford, Sr., has gone to his home in Minneapolis where he will spend the balance of the winter.

A few quarters of cultivated land near here for sale cheap. Inquire of Hayes Bros., H. B. Budd or A. Boddy.

Will Carey, of Deleyan, Wis., who has been visiting his brothers left in time to reach home for Christmas He is so much pleased with the Red River Valley that he will return in the spring.

A. N. Mjelde and Millie Stromstad were united in the holy bonds of matrimony by one of the clergymen of Crookston on last Monday. Our people unite in wishing the young couple many happy years of wedded life. "Skoal," Andy.

Those who need lumber will do well before purchasing to call on John Towers who has started a yard here and get his prices first.

EDNA.

The County Alliance.

Polk County Farmers' Alliance met at the court house on Tuesday at 10 a. m., with President H. G. Mitchel in the chair and John D. Knudson at the bat—as Secretary. The credentials showed up 50 delegates entitled to seats in the convention, which don't look as though the alliance spirit in Polk County was quenched entirely by the big crop of last fall. Resolutions were passed against the scheme to make a great national park out of choice mineral and pine land in the northern part of the state; against wheat gambling; in favor of equal taxation; endorsing Donnelly and a resolution declaring in favor of the government control of liquor by manufacturing it was discussed and left an open question until next meeting. J. S. Nichols was elected delegate to the State convention of Minneapolis on Jan. 5th, with L. H. Judson as alternate, instructed to support Mr. Donnelly for president. The sum of $40.50 was raised for the State campaign fund. Adjourned subject to call of the president.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Scandia-American Bank, of Crookston, Minn., for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at its Banking house Tuesday, January 12th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m. L. ELLINGTON, Cashier.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

Our Own Sufferers First.

Recently great efforts have been put forth by State authorities to raise a cargo of flour to ship to the starving people of Russia, and that is all right if the stories we have read are true, but now comes a Russian of prominence who says the Russian government does not need any assistance—is abundantly able to provide for her own unfortunates. But right in the face of this story of destitution comes one which is right at our doors—of a man who was hailed out last summer, who with his family of little ones is almost entirely destitute in this land of plenty. He is not a pauper or he would have been begging long ere this. One of his neighbors chanced to find out the true condition of things and, as he had been hailed out himself and was thus unable to relieve his neighbor he came over to solicit clothing, food and such supplies as the urgency of the case demanded. Now we are one of those who believe that before we go to russian our charity abroad so austentatiously it would be better to attend to such cases at home. This case is one of a hitherto thrifty farmer—a hard working man, who has teams, machinery and land but no seed for next spring, no feed for his teams and no way to obtain them, and there are other cases of a similar nature that should be attended to. Norman County is rasing a fund by subscription. What will Polk County do? Can she afford to see such citizens as these we mention absolutely forced to quit farming just for lack of a little seed and feed? We don't believe she can. We don't believe she would if some one would start the ball rolling, and for want of a better source THE JOURNAL will head a list with a subscription of $5 and will receive all sums sent us by any who wish to help the cause along.

He Tried the Gold Cure

AND THOUGHT HIS MOUTH WOULD HAVE TO BE AMPUTATED.

St. Paul Dispatch.

The following is the story told by a graduate of the Keely institute, an institution for the reformation of drunkards, as his experience in Dwight as related by "Bourbon" in the Mount Carmel (Ill.) Herald:

"I went down on the jag train," said he, "and I tell you I had a jag on as big as a Kansas wheat rick. You see I was afraid I would'nt be able to get any whisky at Dwight, so after filling myself up to my collar button with budge I secreted four or five bottles about my personal premises. I had two in my grip and my pockets fairly bulged with booze. When I got to Dwight I was escorted to a hotel, where I found numerous sympathizing friends who, however, refused to join in my libations, although they did not attempt to deprive me of my stock. The next morning I joined the procession to the shot-tower, where I received a dose of "dope" and a hypodermic injection of the gold cure in the arm. Whisky is given to each patient who desires it. In fact, no attempt is made to deprive him of his accustomed beverage. I kept up my "toot" for two days, being gloriously full all the time, but taking my regular course of treatment.

"But on the third day came a frost, a killing frost, and nipped my enthusiasm in the bud. The first effect was a suspicion that somebody had surreptitiously inserted a dead mouse into my beloved whisky bottle. I held it up to the light, but couldn't see anything, and then concluded that I was simply not feeling well.

"On the fifth day I had a taste in my mouth like the remains of a deceased cat stuffed with limburger cheese. I was afraid to go into society with my mouth, and was afraid it would have to be amputated. The doctor made the matter worse by telling me I was all right.

" 'It's a sign,' he said, 'that you are cured.'

" 'But have I got to carry this morgue around with me all my life?'

" 'Oh, that bad taste will pass away.'

" 'Pass away? Why, doctor, it has already passed away. It is so dead that it is beginning to spoil.'

"The doctor comforted me, and I went out on the prairie and let the wind blow through the rafters of my mouth until supper time, when I felt better and ceased to weep over the remains of my breath. In ten days I was all right again and could take a drink without being ready to swear that it had been strained through a soured hen's nest."

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 24, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL:—Knowing you to be a fair-minded man, and one who has always stood up to defend the rights of us farmers from whatever foe that assails us, I make bold to enter my protest against a malicious and uncalled for attack upon me in the Crookston weakly Times of November 21st. The Times says:

"A farmer living on the ridge near Louisville is said to have put sand in his wheat; he sold something like 500 bushels of it, before the fraud was discovered. He bought his wife a plush cloak with the proceeds."

Now, I happen to be "a farmer living on the ridge near Louisville," and I happen to know something about this affair and I know that the particular farmer referred to is one of our leading farmers in Louisville, wholly incapable of the fraud of which he is accused. He raised 1,500 bushels of wheat this year, the most of which he sold at the elevator in question, and the Times assertion that he sold something like 500 bushels of sand to the agent before discovery looks rather peculiar for the agent, to say the least. Five hundred bushels of sand would weigh at least half as much as the man's whole crop of wheat and ought to buy a pretty expensive "plush cloak." The "plush cloak" seems to stick in the Times man's crop, as, according to his notion, no plebian farmer should have the audacity to indulge in such luxuries. It is a fact, Mr. Editor, that many of our Louisville farmers are democrats, and the Times claims to represent democracy, but I can tell you that we don't like the Times man's sneers at the farmers as a class, nor his ill-concealed contempt of them. We do not pretend to be a "bigger man nor old Grant," but we are jealous of our reputations as honest men, and we do not enjoy to have such an insignificant little whipper-snapper as the Times man continually sneering at us. Financially speaking, there are many of us farmers in Polk County able to buy up the little fellow and keep him, and when you come to speak of honor the little Times man would be totally bankrupt compared to the meanest farmer in Polk County. If the little whiffit could grasp the idea of the province of a newspaper he would see that its mission is to build up the country and not to tear it down. The wealth of the country is based upon the prosperity of the farmer and without him the Times man would soon fall from that high pedestal upon which he imagines himself, and yet, in diabolical glee he never hesitates to loudly proclaim: "Another FARMER gone wrong!" just as though every rogue in Polk County was a farmer. In this case we make bold to assert that no farmer from Louisville sold 500 bushels of sand nor any other amount, certainly not the man to whom the Times man refers. Yours for the truth.

A LOUISVILLE FARMER.

A Card of Thanks.

We desire to take this method of returning our thanks to those who so kindly manifested their sympathy with us in our severe affliction in the loss of our darling Gracie.

MR. and MRS. JOSEPH HOCH.

ESTRAY.

Came on my premises on Thursday evening, Dec. 24th, 1891, one bay mare, about five years old, with white star in forehead, one white hind foot and two small white spots on shoulder, weighs about 900; also one light bay gelding, about 5 years old, weight about 1,000 pounds, small white spot in forehead also one on shoulder.

GUNDER SCHEFSTAD,

[37-39] Ash St., Crookston, Minn.

New Feed Mill.

O. E. Skaar and H. Svenvig have opened a new feed mill in a building adjoining the Crookston Water Power and Light Co., and are now prepared to fill all orders as fast as received. Bring on your grists. [23-tf]

At Your Own Prices.

Fancy feathers, ornaments, children's hoods and caps. Call early and get a bargain. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

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A VERY HANDSOME LINE OF

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Cloaks and Jackets

MUST BE CLOSED OUT BY

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Regardless of Cost.

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OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

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—AT—

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

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Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

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Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

ESTRAY.

A sorrel horse, with three white feet and white in face, came on my place Sec. 15 Town of Kertsonville, about the 20th of last month. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away. FRANK LASARGE.

A POPULAR FAMILY.

JENNIE: "How is it, Kate, that you always seem to 'catch on' to the last new thing? Do what I may, you always seem to get ahead of me."

KATE: "I don't know: I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."

JENNIE: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting,

without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafarge deserted her Delsarte class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Eames last evening how his club made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest 'fads,' and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little out-of-the way place?—for you never go to the city."

KATE: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all wants. I very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all, for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household: father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only $2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be cutting us out, as you say we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town. If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

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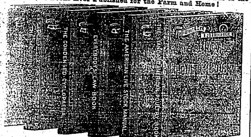

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Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

ESTRAY.

Came to my place in Polk Centre, on or about November 9th, one brown steer about five years old, with horns sawed off and white spot in forehead. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away.

[85-87] REGIS HUOT.

STUDY LAW

AT HOME.

Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to
J. COTNER, Jr., Sec.,
No. 80 Whitney Block,
DETROIT, MICH.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk. } ss.
City of Crookston, }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on January 1st, 1892, and terminating December 31st, 1892, by the following person and at the following place as stated in said application, to-wit: Fred Sargent, in a room on first floor of the Reckett Block on Second street, city of Crookston.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston, at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, Minnesota, on Tuesday, the 22d day of December, 1891, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 6th day of December, A. D. 1891.

(SEAL.) E. C. CARRUTH,
[35-36] City Clerk.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

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MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My price
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
No. 3	8 75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "		14 50
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No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22 50
No C 38—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

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Main Street, between Robert and Second Streets

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ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

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FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
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Fife, - - -	2.15
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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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SURPLUS, - -	$12,700

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Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

Our Own Sufferers First.

Recently great efforts have been put forth by State authorities to raise a cargo of flour to ship to the starving people of Russia, and that is all right if the stories we have read are true, but now comes a Russian of prominence who says the Russian government does not need any assistance—is abundantly able to provide for her own unfortunates. But right in the face of this story of destitution comes one which is right at our doors—of a man who was hailed out last summer, who with his family of little ones is almost entirely destitute in this land of plenty. He is not a pauper or he would have been begging long ere this. One of his neighbors chanced to find out the true condition of things and, as he had been hailed out himself and was thus unable to relieve his neighbor he came over to solicit clothing, food and such supplies as the urgency of the case demanded. Now we are one of those who believe that before we go to russian our charity abroad so austentatiously it would be better to attend to such cases at home. This case is one of a hitherto thrifty farmer—a hard working man, who has teams, machinery and land but no seed for next spring, no feed for his teams and no way to obtain them, and there are other cases of a similar nature that should be attended to. Norman County is rasing a fund by subscription. What will Polk County do? Can she afford to see such citizens as these we mention absolutely forced to quit farming just for lack of a little seed and feed? We don't believe she can. We don't believe she would if some one would start the ball rolling, and for want of a better source THE JOURNAL will head a list with a subscription of $5 and will receive all sums sent us by any who wish to help the cause along.

He Tried the Gold Cure

AND THOUGHT HIS MOUTH WOULD HAVE TO BE AMPUTATED.

St. Paul Dispatch.

The following is the story told by a graduate of the Keely institute, an institution for the reformation of drunkards, as his experience in Dwight as related by "Bourbon" in the Mount Carmel (Ill.) Herald:

"I went down on the jag train," said he, "and I tell you I had a jag on as big as a Kansas wheat rick. You see I was afraid I would'nt be able to get any whisky at Dwight, so after filling myself up to my collar button with budge I secreted four or five bottles about my personal premises. I had two in my grip and my pockets fairly bulged with booze. When I got to Dwight I was escorted to a hotel, where I found numerous sympathizing friends who, however, refused to join in my libations, although they did not attempt to deprive me of my stock. The next morning I joined the procession to the shot-tower, where I received a dose of "dope" and a hypodermic injection of the gold cure in the arm. Whisky is given to each patient who desires it. In fact, no attempt is made to deprive him of his acoustomed beverage. I kept up my "toot" for two days, being gloriously full all the time, but taking my regular course of treatment.

"But on the third day came a frost, a killing frost, and nipped my enthusiasm in the bud. The first effect was a suspicion that somebody had surreptitiously inserted a dead mouse into my beloved whisky bottle. I held it up to the light, but couldn't see anything, and then concluded that I was simply not feeling well.

"On the fifth day I had a taste in my mouth like the remains of a deceased cat stuffed with limburger cheese. I was afraid to go into society with my mouth, and was afraid it would have to be amputated. The doctor made the matter worse by telling me I was all right.

"'It's a sign,' he said, 'that you are cured.'

"'But have I got to carry this morgue around with me all my life?'

"'Oh, that bad taste will pass away.'

"'Pass away? Why, doctor, it has already passed away. It is so dead that it is beginning to spoil.'

"The doctor comforted me, and I went out on the prairie and let the wind blow through the rafters of my mouth until supper time, when I felt better and ceased to weep over the remains of my breath. In ten days I was all right again and could take a drink without being ready to swear that it had been strained through a soured hen's nest."

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 24, 1891.

ED. JOURNAL:—Knowing you to be a fair-minded man, and one who has always stood up to defend the rights of us farmers from whatever foe that assails us, I make bold to enter my protest against a malicious and uncalled for attack upon me in the Crookston weekly Times of November 21st. The Times says:

"A farmer living on the ridge near Louisville is said to have put sand in his wheat; he sold something like 500 bushels of it, before the fraud was discovered. He bought his wife a plush cloak with the proceeds."

Now, I happen to be "a farmer living on the ridge near Louisville," and I happen to know something about this affair, and I know that the particular farmer referred to is one of our leading farmers in Louisville, wholly incapable of the fraud of which he is accused. He raised 1,500 bushels of wheat this year, the most of which he sold at the elevator in question, and the Times assertion that he sold something like 500 bushels of sand to the agent before discovery looks rather peculiar for the agent, to say the least. Five hundred bushels of sand would weigh at least half as much as the man's whole crop of wheat and ought to buy a pretty expensive "plush cloak." The "plush cloak" seems to stick in the Times man's crop, as according to his notion no plebian farmer should have the audacity to indulge in such luxuries. It is a fact, Mr. Editor, that many of our Louisville farmers are democrats, and the Times claims to represent democracy, but I can tell you that we don't like the Times man's sneers at the farmers as a class, nor his ill-concealed contempt of them. We do not pretend to be a "bigger man nor old Grant," but we are jealous of our reputations as honest men, and we do not enjoy to have such an insignificant little whipper-snapper as the Times man continually sneering at us. Financially speaking, there are many of us farmers in Polk County able to buy up the little fellow and keep him, and when you come to speak of honor the little Times man would be totally bankrupt compared to the meanest farmer in Polk County. If the little whiffit could grasp the idea of the province of a newspaper he would see that its mission is to build up the country and not to tear it down. The wealth of the country is based upon the prosperity of the farmer and without him the Times man would soon fall from that high pedestal upon which he imagines himself, and yet, in diabolical glee he never hesitates to loudly proclaim "Another FARMER gone wrong!" just as though every rogue in Polk County was a farmer. In this case we make bold to assert that no farmer from Louisville sold 500 bushels of sand nor any other amount, certainly not the man to whom the Times man refers. Yours for the truth,

A LOUISVILLE FARMER.

HOLIDAY GOODS

—AT—

GERVAIS' "THE HUSTLERS."

JUST RECEIVED.

A VERY HANDSOME LINE OF

NOVELTIES

—FOR—

Christmas

—AND—

New Years

PRESENTS!

Cloaks and Jackets

MUST BE CLOSED OUT BY

NEW YEARS

Regardless of Cost.

GERVAIS,' "The Hustlers."

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

IS

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

A Card of Thanks.

We desire to take this method of returning our thanks to those who so kindly manifested their sympathy with us in our severe affliction in the loss of our darling Gracie.

MR. and MRS. JOSEPH HOCH.

ESTRAY.

Came on my premises on Thursday evening, Dec. 24th, 1891, one bay mare, about five years old, with white star in forehead, one white hind foot and two small white spots on shoulder, weighs about 900; also one light bay gelding, about 5 years old, weight about 1,000 pounds, small white spot in forehead, also one on shoulder.

GUNDER SCHEFSTAD,
[87-39] Ash St., Crookston, Minn.

New Feed Mill.

O. E. Skaar and H. Svenvig have opened a new feed mill in a building adjoining the Crookston Water Power and Light Co. and are now prepared to fill all orders as fast as received. Bring on your grists. [23-tf]

At Your Own Prices.

Fancy feathers, ornaments, children's hoods and [illegible]. Call early and get a bargain.

MRS. E. E. BA[illegible]

Northern Pacific

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THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

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For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
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O. D. ROOD, Prop.

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH

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I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing [illegible]

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

ESTRAY.

A sorrel horse, with three white feet and white in face, came on my place Sec. 15 Town of Kertsonville, about the 20th of last month. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away.

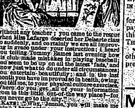
FRANK LASARGE.

A POPULAR FAMILY.

JENNIE: "How is it, Kate, that you always seem to 'catch on' to the last new thing? Do what I may, you always seem to get ahead of me."

KATE: "I don't know; I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."

JENNIE: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting,



without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafarge deserted her Delsarte class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Eames last evening how his club made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest 'fads,' and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little out-of-the-way place?—for you never go to the city."

KATE: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all wants. I very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all, for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household: father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only $2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be cutting us out, as you say we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town. If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

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Polk County Journal

—AND—

Demorest's Magazine

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THE STANDARD AMERICAN POULTRY BOOK,
THE AMERICAN LIVE STOCK MANUAL,
EVERYBODY'S LAW BOOK,
CONDENSED CYCLOPAEDIA OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE,
MODERN COOK BOOK AND MEDICAL GUIDE,
ARTISTIC EMBROIDERY.

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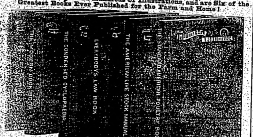

MODERN COOK BOOK
THE CONDENSED CYCLOPAEDIA
EVERYBODY'S LAW BOOK
THE AMERICAN LIVE STOCK MANUAL
THE AMERICAN POULTRY BOOK

We offer as a premium six reliable and useful text-books for the farm and home. These books have been specially selected with a view to meet the needs of the masses, the design being to present to our patrons an opportunity of securing, at the most trifling cost in connection with a subscription to our paper, a collection of books of the utmost practical use and value, treating upon themes of vital importance in every rural home. No man or woman can fail to be profited by the possession of these books; as works of reference they are invaluable, and really no home should be without them. Brief descriptions are appended.

THE STANDARD AMERICAN POULTRY BOOK. An entirely new book, involving all the latest ideas in poultry keeping. It is a work intended to teach the masses of farmers the secret of success in the poultry yard, and its teachings, if followed, will add enormously to the earnings of every flock of fowls. The following are only a small portion of the topics treated in this book: How to Start and Stock a Hennery; Poultry Houses, Cheap and Costly; Yards, Coops and Enclosures; Poultry Keeping for Profit; Poultry on a Large Scale; Poultry Raising as a Business; Feeding for Laying; Winter Egg-Production; The Hatching Period; Preparing Nests for Sitters; Spring Breeding of Poultry; [illegible] for Farmers; How to Produce Layers; Good and Cheap Incubators; How to Raise Artificially Hatched Chickens; Caponizing; Packing Eggs for Market; Packing Poultry for Market; Feeding Hoppers; Drinking Fountains and Grain Chests; Eggs and Pullets; Preserving Eggs; Diseases of Poultry—Chicken Cholera, Pip, Gapes, Roup, Scaly Legs, Lice, Egg Eating, Crop Bound Fowls, etc.; the Plymouth Rocks; the Wyandottes; the Brown Leghorns; the Golden Spangled Crested Polish; the White Crested Black Polands; the Langshans; the Silver Spangled Hamburghs; the Houdans; the Buff Cochins; the White Cochins; the White Leghorns; the Golden Penciled Hamburghs; White Shanghais; the La Fleche Fowls; the Gray Dorkings; the Brahmas; Game Fowls, Bantams, etc.; How to Fatten; Management of Chickens; Killing Poultry; Preventing Vermin; Fencing; Management of Ducks; Raising Turkeys; Fattening Geese; etc., etc. It is a large book of 128 pages, 12mo, with handsome cover. It is profusely illustrated and handsomely gotten up in every respect. No man or woman who owns [illegible] can afford to be without it.

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THE MODERN COOK BOOK AND MEDICAL GUIDE. This is practically two books in one—a perfect cook book and a perfect medical book—and there is so much in it, and so much care and pains have been taken in its compilation, that we feel perfectly safe in asserting that the Cooking department is fully the equal, in quantity and quality of contents, of any low-priced cook book ever published, and the same is the Medical department herein as compared with any low-priced medical book in the market. The cooking recipes number 677, and include Breakfast Dishes, Soups, Meats and Poultry, Fish, Vegetables, Salads and Relishes, Bread and Rolls, Jellies and Preserves, Puddings and Pies, Fancy Dishes, Cakes, Confectionery, Ice Cream and Summer Drinks. The compilation of this department was superintended by a practical housekeeper, every recipe will be found reliable, and it has been pronounced one of the best, most complete, and practical cook-books ever published. The Medical Department will be found fully the equal of any doctor book published at one dollar or less. It tells you how to cure by simple means, available in every home, every disease and ailment that is curable. It will save you many dollars annually in doctors' bills and patent medicines. THE MODERN COOK BOOK AND MEDICAL GUIDE is a large book of [illegible] pages, 12mo, with handsome cover.

THE AMERICAN LIVE STOCK MANUAL. A complete text book containing the fullest information regarding the care and management, feeding and rearing, of live stock, likewise the cure of all diseases peculiar to these animals, and of all unruly and vicious habits, for the construction of necessary buildings and conveniences, etc., etc. The following are only a portion of the topics treated in this book: How to Judge a Horse; Feeding Horses; Haltering a Colt; To Bit a Colt; To Break Horses from Pulling at the Halter; Warts on Horses; Stumbling Horses; Care for Balky Horses; Kicking Horses; Training Vicious Horses; Galls and Sores on Horses; Raising Horses; Colic, Bots; Founder; Heaves; Fistula; Shying; Scratches; Ringbone; Spavin; Cribbing; Windgalls; Brittle Feet; Worms; Over-Reaching; Sprains and Bruises; Hide-Bound Horses; Avoiding Indigestion; How to Save Oats in Feeding; Watering Horses; Care of Horse's Legs; How to Tell a Horse's Age; Neck Yokes; Good Grooming; Blowing; Stables and Stabling; Breeding Horses upon Farms; [illegible]; Relieving Choked Cattle; Bone Disease in Milch Cows; Marks of a Good Cow; Cattle Racks and Feed Boxes; Feeding Cattle; To Prevent Hooking Fences; Black Tongue; Lice; To Prevent Sucking; Contagious Cattle Diseases; Fattening Stock; Milking; Curing a Heifer or a Vicious Cow to Milk; Wintering Live Stock; How to Take Off a Hide; Assistance at Birth; Hollow Horn; Garget in Teats; Black Leg; Caked Udder; Jumping Cattle; Care and Management of Hogs; Piggeries; Troughs; Pig Raising; Over-Feeding; Sanitary Management of Swine; Hog Cholera; Scurvy; Preparing Food for Swine; Butchering; Fattening Hogs; Driving Hogs; Raising Sheep; Washing Sheep; Shearing Sheep; To Tell the Age of Sheep; Sheep Ticks; Lambs; How to Make Sheep Pay; Treatment of Lambs; [illegible] the Growth of Wool. It is a large book of [illegible] pages, 12mo, with handsome cover, and is profusely illustrated.

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

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Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET, - CROOKSTON

ESTRAY.

Came to my place in Polk Centre on or about November 9th, one brown steer about five years old with horns sawed off and white spot in forehead. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away.

[35-37] [illegible] HUOT.

STUDY LAW

AT HOME.

Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to J. COTNER, Jr., Sec., No. 80 Whitney Block, DETROIT, MICH.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } ss.
City of Crookston, }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on January 1st, 1892, and terminating December 31st, 1892, by the following person and at the following place as stated in said application, to-wit: Fred Sargent, in a room on first floor of the Heckett Block on Second street, city of Crookston.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston, at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, Minnesota, on Tuesday, the 22d day of December, 1891, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 5th day of December, A. D. 1891.

(SEAL.) E. C. CARRUTH,
[35-36] City Clerk.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum. [illegible]

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MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My price
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 103—no collars, Home Supply price		$16.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "		14.50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.x.C.—Home Supply price		$23.25
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No. C 38—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4.50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.90
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

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HARNESS SHOP,

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Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.65
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Fife,	2.15
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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

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A. A. JUST, M. D.,

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Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art. [illegible]

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it. [illegible]

Yours Respectfully, O. E. MISNER.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, December 31, 1891.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

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7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de........CROOKSTON........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de........Grand Forks........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar............Helena............de. 11:00 a. m.

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Depart 7:30 a. m..........................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

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DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m..........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South.............	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg........	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

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WHAT WOULD YOU DO IF YOU Were In Our Place?

This question we ask in all seriousness to those to whom we sent a statement of account in October, giving them until January 1st 1892 to pay up at the rate of $1.50 per annum, and who have as yet paid no attention to it. We are pleased with the fact that only about one quarter of the names on our list are in this boat but seven or eight hundred in arrears from 2 to 6 or 8 years as the case may be is too great a burden for us to carry over another year and we feel that something must be done to remedy this state of things and that is why we ask you this simple question, "What would you do about it if you were in our place?" We know very well what many of you would do—you would sue every account, for the full amount just as soon after January 1st 1892 as soon as you could get to a justice shop but, while we urgently need a settlement on our list we do not wish to proceed to extreme measures and will not unless we are absolutely driven to it, and we don't mean to if our patrons intend to be honest with us—that is all we ask and certainly that is fair enough. Now this is what we intend to do in these cases. We have secured 30 days time on pressing obligations maturing on Jan. 1st 1892 and we will extend the limit of our $1.50 offer for long past due subscriptions for that time or until Feb. 1st 1892. There is not probably one name on our list the owner of which is unable, if he cannot pay up to give us a secured note, one that we can use in our business if he intends to be honest and remember, that, as much as we need our money at this time we do not expect that any man who lost his crop by hail will either pay us this year or secure a note for us. He needs all his resources to make another crop and we do not wish to hamper any honest farmer. Please give this matter your early attention and save both ourself and you unnecessary trouble.

Brainerd Despatch:—Nobody is worrying over Knute Nelson's tariff record, except our Democratic friends and a few, very few, would-be Republican bosses. Mr. Nelson's ideas on the tariff are sound, and we honor him for his courage in voting for the Mills bill. The fact is that neither the Mills bill nor the McKinley law is perfect. Either is better, however, than the old law of free trade. Neither is the monstrosity which politicians would have both to be. Here is Mr. Nelson's tariff platform as declared by him in congress and at Minneapolis: "While I am in favor of a fair and just protective tariff—a low tariff as I call is—I am under all circumstances opposed to a tariff that reaches beyond this point—to what I term a high tariff." And this is the Republican—not the Democratic—idea of the republican doctrine of protection. Of course the democrats howl, and it's only a howl, a calamity shriek as it were, that Republican tariff means a high or war tariff. Mr. Nelson is right when he declares that a tariff beyond what is actually necessary to protect a given industry, is not Republicanism. In speaking of the McKinley law, he again hits the nail on the head, and spikes forever the guns of his jealous neighbor: "I will tell you," he says, "about the McKinley bill. It is a good deal like you and I—It is a picture of human frailty. You and I aim at perfection, but we are unable to reach it, and so with the McKinley bill. The men who passed it no doubt aimed to make it a perfect bill, but the science of government is an experimental science. Granting that the McKinley bill is not as good a bill as it ought to be, it is sufficient for the Republicans to show that it is better than the Mills bill or better than free trade." Now, if there is anything wrong in that kind of tariff we fail to see it, and our calamity shriekers are heartily welcome to all the comfort hey can squeeze out of it.

$40 Excursions To Eastern Canada

Tickets will be sold daily December 15th to 22nd inclusive and on Tuesday December 29th at $40.00 for the round trip to Montreal, Toronto and other places in Ontario. On the 12th, 22nd and 29th Pullman furnished tourist sleepers will be run through to Chicago via Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central lines. Tickets and full particulars can be obtained of any agent Northern Pacific Railroad. [35-37]

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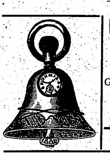

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Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana; reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

The Committees.

St. Paul Daily News.

Speaker Crisp may have pleased himself in making the House Committees, but if he has pleased any one else among the members of his party, except Bill Springer, they are yet to be heard from. Mr. Crisp has gone forward just as if the Democratic party were intrenched in an impregnable fortress and he were its autocrat to dictate at pleasure.

With surprising narrowness of vision he has overlooked the fact that Northern Democrats constitute the numerical preponderance of the members, a thing that has not before occurred in party history, so that a man in his position, as a party leader, if possessed of average sagacity, would have taken a course intended to have strengthened the party where it needed the most encouragement.

Thirty-one of the chairmanships have been given to the old Southern States, and veteran, tried and true Democrats from the Northern States passed by entirely. The name of Mr. Bynum, of Indiana, is conspicuously missing from the head of a committee, and, indeed, it is found only in second and third places upon the minor committees, while a number of Northern Republicans outrank him.

From Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota one chairman each is named, while no Southern State has less than two and several have three and four. Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut with one chairman each, are the New England States noticed, but Tammany gets four for New York, and Pennsylvania has two for anti-tariff reform. Ohio with three, Indiana three, Illinois three, Michigan two and New Jersey one, are the Northern States recognized.

The grievous blunder made by the speaker in his unexpected elevation to power in a place quite too large for him, is admirably criticized by Henry Watterson, who has the fearless wisdom to speak plainly instead of undertaking to conceal the truth or fawn upon the man who has wrecked his party's hopes:

For the first time in the history of the Democratic party in Congress is the principle laid down that the organization of the house is a matter not of friendly rivalry among friends, but of personal aggrandizement and factional powers. A stronger man than Mr. Crisp might have paused before giving himself and his party over to the assertion of this. Indeed, we had hoped for better things. No one will deny the right of Mr. Crisp to make his own committees. But when he fixes it as the rule of his arrangement to reward those who supported him, and to punish his opponents, and, in doing this sends the tried men of the House to the rear and brings the untried men to the front, the country and the party have the right to hold him to a very rigid accountability for the consequences. If the results vindicate his forecast, well and good. If they fail to do so, which seems only too likely, he will live to regret his own election.

Nothing but the extraordinary political exigency caused by the course pursued by Mr. Crisp could have called out such an expression from so valiant and patriotic a Democrat as the editor of the Courier-Journal of Louisville. His clear perceptions of the situation are those of all dispassionate men, who deprecate the course of faction and the unwisdom of putting spoils and rewards above principle.

It needs no prophet to announce the result of such leadership as is seen at Washington, and though not at all assuring that there is any remedy it is better to be open and honest in locating the responsibility than to undertake by self-deception to make the worse appear the better.

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Frank G. Carpenter will continue his interesting letters. Prof. Felix S. Oswald will continue his attractive articles. This is only a partial list. Other attractive features will be announced from time to time.

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THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE,
Washington, D. C.

[First publication Dec. 15th, 1891.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Dec. 15th, 1891.

In the matter of the estate of Pierre Moubriant, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Esthere Dubuque, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, on Wednesday, the 15th day of June, 1892.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston the 15th day of December, A. D. 1891.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
[35-37]

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H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY.

TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV.

CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 7, 1892.

NO. 38.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2.75	3.75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

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AN INDEPENDENT RAILROAD TO DULUTH.

How to Get it.

While all the platforms of the new party are having "planks" inserted favoring government ownership of railroads, no one seems for a moment to consider the possibility of public ownership, except through the general government. The fact seems to have escaped the politicians, not only of the old, but also of the new party, that if the people ever expect to own railroads they must take the initiative step themselves. While there is a great cry for railway communication via an independent line with the head of Lake Superior, no one seems to think it possible that the people of the Red River Valley are able to build and pay for a road from the lake to some central point in this valley, with the necessary branches to take in the largest part of its area.

There never has been a more favorable time and place for the building of a road by the people than is here and now afforded, and bear this in mind, whatever corporation builds this line, whether it be the Duluth & Winnipeg or some other, the people of this valley will pay for it, anyway. If they build it themselves they will pay for it and own it, while in case they allow some corporation to build it, they will pay for it just the same, but they will not own it, not one foot of it. Why then this grumbling and inaction? The corporations have confidence enough in this valley and its people to know that they are able to pay for all the railroads that they will need, as they have been and are paying for the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads many times over. All the people need is to have as much confidence in themselves as the corporations have in them. What, but the people's timidity prevents them from constructing and maintaining this line themselves? Are they waiting for some high and mighty railroad magnate to take hold of it, who by his high and lordly mien will try to convince them that he is doing them a great favor by allowing them to build it for him? It seems so! But if they are to get a road that will be of any material benefit to them they must build it themselves, and allow no private corporation to gain control of it. We have already ample railroad facilities for our present business, if we could only obtain fair rates, but the roads that we have, instead of competing for business, combine in order to more effectively skin us. They gauge their rates, not by what it costs to build and operate them, but what the people are able to pay, and the fact that the people are compelled to pay over a large part of what they ought to add to their wealth every year, retards the growth of this valley, both in wealth and in population.

If we were to get another road under the same kind of management, what security have we that it will not join the combine and still further fleece us? We have no security whatever, but we know that this is exactly what is liable to happen. The question here is, can it be built by the people? and if it can, what is the best way of going about it? In order to answer the first question, it is necessary to ascertain approximately what such a road would cost, and then take stock of our resources to ascertain if they are large enough to warrant the outlay. The first part of this question must be decided by the number of miles of line to be built and the average cost per mile. The number of miles required to be built would aggregate somewhere about four hundred. This would mean a road to some central point east of the Red River, and two branch lines from such central point extending northwest and southwest respectively, across the Red River, cutting it diagonally in both cases. Two hundred and fifty miles of these lines would be across our wild prairies and could be constructed at a minimum of cost, while the balance, 125 miles, would pass through a more or less broken country, where the expense would be somewhat greater.

The first 250 miles above indicated can be built at various estimates averaging not over $10,000 per mile, or $2,500,000, while the other 150 miles would probably cost on an average nearly, if not quite, twice as much per mile, or $3,000,000. Total $5,500,000, an average of $13,750 per mile for the whole road. It may be argued that these figures are not high enough, below however is the estimated average cost per mile of roads in Illinois, and the topography of Minnesota is so similar to that of Illinois that the average cost will probably be about the same. The figures given below were prepared at the request of the Illinois Railroad Commissioners by a railroad official, so that the probability is that they are at least high enough.

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1,200 yds grading, 20c per yd	2,400.00
Bridging	2,000 00
2,700 ties at 40c	1,080.00
95 tons steel rails, $31 per ton,	2,945 00
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Section buildings and stock pens	400.00
	$12,375.00

Some of the above items would certainly have to be cut down if applied to a road from North Dakota, across northern Minnesota to Lake Superior. For instance, the first item, right of way. In a mile of right of way there is about 12 acres of land; at $1.500 per mile this would make it worth $125 per acre, which is rather high even for our prairie land, to say nothing about the wild country to the east of us where the cost would be almost nothing. Instead of $1,500, the actual figures would not exceed $500, and perhaps not half that sum. The next item, grading, would also have to be reduced. The 240 miles of prairie road can be graded with patent graders at less than $500 per mile, allowing twice the average cost of Illinois roads for the other 150 miles, would still only make the average cost per mile for grading of the whole line $2110.25.

Fencing is an item that can be dispensed with almost entirely. The item of rails, however, would have to be raised to 70 pound steel, making 126 tons per mile and costing $3,906. This increase would, however, not quite offset the reduction in other items, so that it appears quite safe to accept the figures of the Illinois Railroad Commission, $12,375 per mile, making 400 miles cost $4,500,000. The cities at the head of the lake could be depended upon to give right of way and terminal facilities at least.

Now, without counting on the country to the west of Duluth for the first 200 miles for any aid whatever, is the Red River Valley able to construct this line?

Taking a strip of country 40 miles wide on each side of the Red River and 180 miles long, we have an area containing 9,216,000 acres, ninety per cent. farming land. The road then would cost less than 50 cents per acre of the territory it would control, not taking into condition town and city property which would reduce the burden on the farming land somewhat. Allowing the net earnings of the road to accumulate to pay off the principal, at would leave, at 6 percent interest, 3 cents per acre annual increase of taxes on account of this road. Deducting one-third of the number of acres contained in this territory for government, state and railroad lands, not taxed, would increase the tax on the balance to 4½ cents per acre, on a farm of 160 acres this would amount to $7.20 annual increase of taxes. Without taking into consideration the increased value of land in consequence of cheaper transportation, which alone would build the road twice over, let us see what the actual cash saving to each farm of 160 acres would amount to on the one item of wheat. Allowing 100 acres for wheat, at an average producing capacity of only 15 bu. or 900 per acre, a reduction of 5 cents per cwt, would make an annual saving of 45 cents per acre, $45 for a 100 acre field or 160 acre farm. Deducting $7.20 increase of taxes from $45.00 decrease of expenses, would give a balance of $37.80 per annum clear profit. Taking all other classes of freight into consideration the saving would be at least $50.00 or about enough to pay all taxes. It is clear then that this valley, so far as resources are concerned is amply able to build this road, and that as a business investment it should not be neglected.

The second question is, how to go about it, and it is here that the main difficulties present themselves, we have become so accustomed to leave all large undertakings in the hands of corporations that many of us have come to look upon public ownership as a visionary theory well enough to talk about but in no ways practicable, but let us see. This project being an interstate affair the first thing to be done is to see that we have the lawful sanction of the government, if no law already exists under which we can legally go to work, our congressmen should be communicated with and urged to put forth every effort to have the necessary law passed. The matter of management is a great bugbear to some people, because, they say, it would fall into the hands of the politicians and be controlled by them. Indirectly they affect it, as they do the postal department, but directly they would have no power over it. Let one or more directors be chosen from each county with power to appoint the manager and to decide the general policy of the road. The manager to hold his office so long as he shows ability and willingness, to operate the road in the interests of the people, but he must, before being appointed be able to show that he is a practical railroad man and is competent to manage the business. He should have full power to appoint his own assistants, and subordinates, but not to discharge them, except for cause, and subject to appeal to the directors, who should meet once a month to decide such cases beside transacting other necessary business. Appointments to fill all vacancies should be made by competitive examinations from the ranks. In this way the best of service would be obtained and the managment taken entirely out of the hands of the politicians.

With regard to the method of raising the money wherewith to carry out the enterprise there is the usual way of voting bonds and floating them on the eastern markets, besides this method, a goodly sum could be raised by issuing non-interest bearing script to be given in exchange for loans from private parties interested in the development of the country, this script to be redeemed from the earnings of the road by accepting it at face value in payment of freight, to the amount of 5 per cent of any freight bill. There is hardly a business man, or a farmer owning 160 acres of land and upward but could well afford to loan from one hundred to one thousand dollars in this manner, knowing that every time he shipped or received a pound of freight, five per cent of the cost of such transportation would have to be accepted in script, making it absolutely good, and while outstanding it could be used to a certain extent as money, as merchants and others having large sums to pay in freights, could use it in limited quantities to the same advantage as cash.

Further details could be gone into with regard to the scheme, "if so you choose to name it," but it is hardly practicable within the necessary limits of a newspaper article to do so, furthermore it is not the intention of the writer to lay down any infallible rules, to be followed out in every detail, but rather to bring the matter up for discussion in order that people might ascertain each others' opinions in regard to it. If after duly considering it the people conclude that they can agree to undertake the project, it is time enough then to decide upon details. Now I will permit myself to urge upon the alliance especially (although all classes should be interested) to take the question up and discuss it thoroughly. If the matter is taken up in earnest, there is not much doubt but that the verdict will be in favor of building this line.

Whether the plan, partially outlined above be followed with or without modifications, or ignored altogether makes no difference, so long as the result arrived at is the same as here aimed at, but at any rate let us wake up and do something, and not allow ourselves to be further driven like a flock of sheep by an arrogant railroad combination. Let us not by our sluggishness and timidity render useless the work of this country's pioneers, who, had they been given our opportunities would certainly not have allowed them to go by without taking advantage of them. All this weeping and gnashing of teeth over railroad extortions might elicit sympathy, were it not for the fact that we have the weapons wherewith to not only defend ourselves but to annihilate our oppressors, once our leatherpates become sensitive enough to distinguish a mule's kick from a maiden's caress and we get our eyes open to the fact that corporations have only the strength that we give them, and that as soon as the people, the real power, withdraw their support from the corporations, the latter's efforts to take undue advantage would be as futile as an attempt to tear down Gibraltar with a toothpick.

People of the Red River Valley! now is the time for you to show by your actions whether the title of Free American Citizens, upon which you pride yourselves so much, really amounts to something, or is only an empty parade of words, a shining coat to hide from superficial view your political imbecility. If the former, then sound the reveille, fall in line, forward march.

Yours truly,

P. M. RINGDAL.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 31st, 1891.

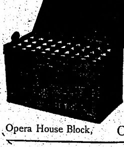
ED. JOURNAL.—The Cleveland and Mills wing of the Democratic party propose to execute a flank movement on Speaker Crisp. Their agents are now busily at work suggesting that a caucus might be held of the Democrats to determine the politics to be followed by the party in Congress. This plan is a new one. The Speaker has heretofore always outlined the politics of the party and the election of Mr. Crisp was a direct outoutlining by a Democratic caucus, but the Mills fellows, following the lead of Cleveland, are not satisfied with having been beaten once and are determined to try again to see if they cannot make the tariff the sole question in the coming campaign and by so doing secure the nomination of their little tin god on wheels, Grover Cleveland.

Breckenridge, of Kentucky, the silver-haired and golden-tongued orator from the blue grass region, fired the first gun in the campaign against Crisp on Wednesday. The House met for the purpose of receiving the report from the Speaker of his committees. As soon as Mr. Rusk, of Maryland, was announced as chairman of the committee on Accounts, he made the usual resolution that the committee on Accounts be authorized to designate the committees of the House to which clerkships should be assigned. Speaker Crisp stated that the agreement that no business should be transacted other than the announcement of the committees, a resolution as to adjournment for the Holidays and the swearing of new members, and that this required unanimous consent. Mr. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, objected. This single objection kept in all the Republican clerks until the House convenes on the fifth of January and kept out the Democrats, knocking them out of their pay from the 23d of December until the 5th of January. To say that the clerks were mad and that the chairman of the committees were mad would hardly express the condition of affairs when Mr. Breckenridge prevented the adoption of this resolution. The air was lurid and the gentlemen who were thus disappointed "swore like our army in Flanders." Breckenridge made a great many enemies by his action in this matter.

Henri Watterson, the self-selected knight who, with visor down and armed cap-a-pie, is fighting the battles of the star-eyed Goddess of reform, has issued his bulletin against the action of Congress in sitting down upon Mills and Cleveland. He attacks Crisp and says that his selection of chairmen and the organization of the House was a matter of personal aggrandizement fixed to reward those who supported him and to punish those who were against him, that he brings untried men to the front and the party and the country have the right to hold him to a very rigid accountability for the consequences. Of Springer he says the appointment "is positively unfortunate." He says that Springer has never shown any capacity as a House leader and his selection looks exactly like the result of a trade and is a pretext to turn down and degrade a man who has done efficient and eminent work. In short Mr. Watterson is very mad.

The World's Fair managers are resorting to desperate measures to secure their appropriation from Congress. They are now bringing suit against all the straw subscribers to the World's Fair funds in Chicago to show that they are in need of the money and are announcing that the work will have to stop by the first of February if they do not succeed in getting it. Let Mr. Pullman, Mr. Potter Palmer and Mr. Marshall Field, each of whom signed a telegram during the time that the question of locating the Fair at Chicago was under discussion declaring that they could raise all the money necessary, even to the amount of twenty-five million dollars pull out their pocketbooks and furnish the funds. The United States will not furnish a dollar.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block. CROOKSTON, MINN.



Farmers' Egg Cases.

Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25 00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,

Opera House Block, CROOKSTON, MINN.

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

WALL PAPER.

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON

ONE PRICE ONE PRICE ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE.

Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
To see our Suits,
To see our Trousers,
Before going elsewhere.

Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. BROADWAY.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Dec. 31.—The holiday season brought with it a cessation of business, to a large extent. Now that is about over signs of renewed activity are already to be seen. The principal interest just now is in the new mining country which was described in a previous letter. Duluth men are very sanguine as to its future and expect it to do much for the Northwestern country. Measures will probably soon be taken to secure for this city many of the benefits to be derived from it.

In a talk the other day with a prominent business man on local industries, he spoke of the market furnished them. It is really interesting to study this phase of the industrial question. Many places can furnish cheap fuel, others cheap raw material and others possess some other advantage as a manufacturing point, but no one of them alone, and at times not all of them will build up factories. The greatest advantage, after all, is a good market. This gentleman pointed out the markets supplied by some of this city's industries. The new blast furnace, recently put in operation, was mentioned. For the first two or three weeks the company were troubled with the delays and accidents usual to new plants, but the furnace is now working satisfactorily and producing 100 tons of pig iron daily, and this amount is soon to be increased to 125 tons. All this output is contracted for in advance to the steel works across the bay. Another plant at West Duluth is the Duluth Manufacturing Company's. Almost the entire output of its rolling mill is consumed at the head of the lakes. Of the local lumber cut, one-third or more is used here. For almost every industry here save for those like the flour mills and the manufactories of machinery of special paterns, which look to the entire country or even Europe, there is a market for a good part of their product. Of course the great interior Northwest furnishes one of the best markets for a large number of manufactured goods.

The wheat movement to Duluth was about 100,000 bu. less last week than for the previous week, being 1,047,626 bu. Last year for the same week it was only 154,822 bu. Stocks are increasing on an average now about 1,000,000 bu. a week. At this rate it will take three months to fill the elevators here, there now being in store over 6,000,000 bu. If there is as much wheat in the farmers' hands as generally supposed, and it moves freely, as expected, they will be full some time before navigation opens in the spring. Since September 1st, Duluth has received 32,178,046 bu. of wheat, and estimating the last three days of December, the receipts for the calendar year will be 40,500,000. Total receipts of wheat and flour will equal nearly 53,000,000 bu.

The Iron Range road has made in its shops at Two Harbors a new ore car, after designs of its own, and will send it to different car factories throughout the country and ask for bids on a large number. The road will probably add considerable to its equipment before the next season's ore traffic begins. HAYS.

$75 MONTH $300

Do You Want Employment?

By which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month—the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work. If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN OUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you. We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right; there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING. Better write at once. Address

The Brodix Publishing Co.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

$60 REWARD.

FREE FOR TWO MONTHS.

THE HOME MAGAZINE

Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list........ $20.00
" " next largest list........ 10.00
" " third " "........ 5.00
" " fourth " "........ 3.00
" " fifth " "........ 2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each. 10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c " 10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.
2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

Kansas.
4 Mrs. Henry Brown, Olathe.
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas. Semple, box 810.
" Amelia Walker.

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.
4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible, and on one side of the paper only.

Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1892, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, January 7, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 73.
1 Northern 72.
2 Northern 67.
3 Northern 61.

It was sort o' dusty on Tuesday afternoon.

Albert Losey, of Euclid, has accepted a position in the post office.

Mrs. Geo. W. Tice, of Mentor, was in the city Monday evening.

Pleasant weather for sleigh-riding, and very many are enjoying it.

The old opera house is being fixed over into a fine church building.

No. 149 was the lucky number for the doll-carriage at Herb's. Who has it?

C. E. Reckett started for Missouri on Sunday evening to spend the winter there.

Herb Marshall, after spending the holidays at home has returned to Minneapolis to attend college.

Ole Meldahl sends us a New Years greeting in a renewal. Ole is coining wealth near Drayton, N. D.

Sheriff Grundysen went out to the Thirteen to spend New Year's Day with old friends and associates there.

L. H. Judson went down to Minneapolis on Monday evening to attend the annual meeting of the Alliance.

Superintendent V. D. Carruth attended the meeting of the county superintendents in St. Paul last week.

Fred W. Davis came down last Saturday from Euclid to be in time for the opening of the high school on Monday.

The New Year came in rather cold but after a bluster or two moderated very materially and we have had lovely weather.

Col. Cobham Post will hold the balance of last Friday evening's session on Friday evening, Jan. 8th. Muster in of officers.

Doc. Rutledge, the Fisher Bulletin rustler was in on Tuesday, seemingly interested in the proceedings of the county board.

Geo. Vine is supplying his customers with a choice line of bacon of his own curing. We know what we are talking about, having sampled it.

Archie Mc Kinnon has gone out east incidentally to look after stock but actually to get some wood if there is any between here and Duluth.

Moses. Riel has purchased the Ole Meldahl place in Fairfax, about a half section. This place lies about five miles from the city and is a fine farm.

Rev. and Mrs. Battey rejoice in the arrival of a little stranger at their home on Saturday last. The young lady will remain and grow up with the country.

Jos. Laframboise left for his old home in Canada this week. Will be gone a month or six weeks and hopes to return in company with a goodly crowd from his old home.

The Rev. Washington, of Fertile, gave THE JOURNAL office a pleasant call on Tuesday. He thinks if there was more practical christianity in politics it would be better and we reckon he is about right.

By grape vine telegraph THE JOURNAL is informed that representative Will Carlton is grandpa—and by that same token so is Mr. S. Crookshanks, of Buffington, for it is said that a fine bouncing boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Carlton, of Angus, recently.

Chas. Misner came down to his shop on Tuesday morning stepping as high as a Shanghai rooster and bearing underneath his left wing a box of Brown's Selects and as he extended the box to our reporter he put on the handsomest pompadour smile you ever saw as he said: "Little girl; yesterday; 7¾ pounds!"

The East Grand Forks Courier inquires how many hotels Crookston has, anyhow? A friend at our elbow suggests that that is a funny question for an East Grand Forks paper to ask, "seeing as how the large majority of her citizens always patronize hotel di Grundysen during their sojourn in Crookston."

The ladies of the Congregational church gave an excellent dinner at the church parlors on Thursday to which over 100 guests sat down. Some of our patrons kept us so busy writing receipts for subscription that we did not get time to leave the office before 5 p. m., however the ladies did not forget us and we did ample justice to the chicken pie later on.

On Thursday night a collision of freights occurred within the yard limits in this city, an east-bound freight train was struck by another and a pretty extensive wreck was the result, fortunately, however, with no loss of life. The storm prevailing prevented the engineer of the last freight seeing the rear lights of the train ahead until too late to avert the disaster.

At a special meeting of the city council on Tuesday evening it was decided to purchase the property on Ash Street between the Episcopal church parsonage and the Congregational church and present it to the County for county jail purposes. The county board agrees to build a jail to cost not less than $18,000 nor over $25,000. This is a wise move on the part of the city.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 72 cents.

Comrade Ira D. Blanchard departed for Minneapolis on Saturday evening and may be gone three or four months.

Frank Steelman and Geo. Tripp were two of the prominent farmers of Mentor who made us a pleasant call last Friday evening.

The county commissioners are in session this week. They will probably take some action on that jail matter at this session.

Note the change in Fontaine & Anglim's ad. and remember that their annual remnant sale affords great opportunities for bargains.

The St. Hilaire Spectator says that George Lipscombe was up to Thief River Falls to see his best girl New Year's Day. How is that, George?

A. O. Ralstad has purchased a building in Fosston and will go up there to open up a restaurant. A. O. knows how to keep a good restaurant and he tells us he has made big money in the business here.

Mr. W. W. Attix, of Mentor, received an apoplectic stroke last week. Dr. C.E. Dampier went down on Monday to attend him and pronounces it a very serious case, requiring a long time to cure. His many friends all hope for the best.

The leading articles of the month, as condensed for the January number of the Review of Reviews, comprise the most important essays and discussions that have appeared in the leading periodicals of the world in the month of December.

Emil Himmelback commenced the new year right by subscribing for THE JOURNAL and Farm Stock and Home with us. Having taken unto himself a wife he now sees the necessity for plenty of good reading matter and considers the family JOURNAL the proper thing to have.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Durkee desire to take this method for returning thanks to O. J. Barnes for a liberal supply of groceries on New Year's Day. "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these, my brethren, ye have done it unto Me."

Tim Donovan, who has been with Fontaine & Anglim so long has severed his connection with that firm and will go on the road. Tim has made many friends who will regret to see him leave but will unite with THE JOURNAL in wishing him lots of good fortune.

Since E. M. Walsh put his ad. into THE JOURNAL he is being deluged with letters from parties all over the United States inquiring for lands. Mr. Walsh is one of the oldest settlers of Polk County, coming before the railroad reached this point and he is thoroughly conversant with every farm in Polk County, and he will honestly answer all letters of inquiry. People do well to write to Ed.

Mr. A. Boddy, of Edna, dropped in on Tuesday to help oil the wheels and bid us God speed. Mr. B. has opened a real estate office in Edna and being an old resident, is perfectly acquainted with the lands in his neighborhood and is in every way reliable. JOURNAL readers, desiring information about Polk County lands may impose implicit confidence in Mr. Boddy, who will cheerfully answer any and all questions asked. His address is Edna, Polk County, Minn.

On Tuesday evening the sad news of the death of W. W. Attix was brought us, which event occurred at his residence at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning. Mr. Attix was about 47 years old, one of the pioneers of the town of Grove Park, coming there with his brother H. S. 13 or 14 years ago, and he was at the time of his death one of the most prominent men of the town, respected and beloved by all who knew him. He has filled many positions of public trust in his life and with honor to himself and credit to his constituents. He was a man of liberal education, a hard worker a good kind husband and father, and, after years of toil had just begun to reap the reward thereof when the fatal appoplectic stroke was received that laid him low. On the day that it happened he had been unusually joyous and happy, joking and chatting with his wife and children and no indication of the coming sad and bitter trial for his loved ones was apparent. His wife had left the room but a moment, when, hearing a peculiar sound, she hastily returned and found him in a fit. Everything that loving hearts and willing hands could do was done; physicians were summoned as hastily as possible, but all in vain—the dread summons had been served and his time had come, and quietly and peacefully he passed into eternal rest, surrounded by family and kind neighbors. He leaves a family of six children and his faithful and loving wife, with whom he has walked life's pathway for 28 years, to mourn their irretrievable loss. And so a good man goes to his reward, ever faithful in the discharge of his duties, kind, honest and cheerful in adversity, as well as prosperity he had ever a place in the hearts of his neighbors that but comparatively, few in this world attain, and though no grand marble shaft may mark his last resting place, he has a grander, far more noble monument in the hearts of his fellow-townsmen that shall endure co-equal with the history of the town he founded and did so much for, and we sincerely believe that he has gone to a reward far greater than the hand of man could ever bestow. The funeral obsequies take place at Mentor to-day.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the city hall on Monday evening January 4th, 1892.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—none.

The call of the acting Mayor was for the purpose of considering the liquor application of Fred Sargent, also the matter of a jail site and the extention of the water mains to the county hospital.

The application and bond of Fred Sargent for a liquor license was read. On motion the bond of Fred Sargent was approved and a license ordered made out upon the payment of the required sum.

The committee to whom was referred the matter of extending the water main to the county hospital reported as follows:

CROOKSTON, Minn. Jan. 4, 1892.

To the President and members of the City Council of the city of Crookston:

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee to whom was referred the extension of water mains in the 2d ward from a point on west Fifth street, near the railroad track, thence westward on same street six hundred feet, with one hydrant at terminus, beg leave to report that your committee had an interview with the Superintendent of the Water Works, Power and Light Co., and they agree to put in this extension and the city pay the extra expense of going through the frosted ground; said expense not to exceed fifty dollars, and your committee would recommend the same be ordered laid.

Respectfully submitted:

A. C. SCHMIDT,
G. H. MCGLOGAN. } Com.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the report be accepted and adopted and the committee discharged. Carried.

The committee appointed to look into the matter of a jail site reported as follows:

CROOKSTON, Jan. 4, 1892.

To the President and Members of the City Council of the city of Crookston:

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee to whom was referred the matter of looking up a suitable site for jail and other buildings beg leave to report that we recommend the city purchase a suitable amount of land for building purposes, and as near the business portion of the city as practicable, and the same be paid for in city orders payable July 1st, 1892, and the purchase price not to exceed eleven thousand dollars ($11,000) or as much thereof as deemed necessary.

Respectfully submitted:

A. C. SCHMIDT,
I. U. JENNINGS.
W. E. WALKER, } Com.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Walker, that the report of the committee on a jail site be referred back to the same committee with instructions to confer with the Board of County Commissioners and to report to the Council on Tuesday evening, Jan. 5th. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that when we adjourn it be to meet on Tuesday evening, January 5th. Carried.

At a special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the fourth day of January, 1892, Alderman Schmidt offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman McGlogan:

Resolved, That the Crookston Water Works, Power and Light Company be and is hereby ordered to construct a line of water main the proper depth below any danger of frost on the following street: Commencing at the west terminus of the present line on Fifth street (5th st.) thence in a westerly course to the corner of Pine street, with one (1) hydrant at the corner of Fifth and Pine streets, the city of Crookston to pay fifty dollars ($50) to defray part of the extra expense connected with laying pipes through frosted ground, provided said pipe is laid immediately.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Steenerson, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 4th day of January, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 4th day of January, 1892.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

A communication was read from Constable Larson resigning as constable. No action taken.

An application was read from T. B. McManus to be appointed as constable in place of H. Larson, resigned. No action taken.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH, City Clerk.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of an adjourned special meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held in the City Hall on Tuesday evening, January 5th, 1891.

Meeting called to order by president Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Alderman absent—Childs.

The claim of Mrs. Blanchard for damages from water from the street, damaging lots 6 and 7, block 6, Sletten and Cromb's subdivision, was referred to the aldermen of the 4th ward and the city engineer, to examine into the matter and report at the next meeting.

The committee on the jail site reported verbally that they had met with the county board and looked over the different locations for a jail site, among them the property known as the Lancester & Young property, also the property owned by Messrs Braley and Scott situated in block one, original townsite of Crookston in Fletcher & Houston's addition to Crookston, with 250 feet facing Ash street, 150 feet deep to the alley and 280 feet back of alley for the sum of $8,500.00.

The following proposition from the County Board was read:

To the Hon. City Council of the City of Crookston:

GENTLEMEN,—

Upon the delivery of a clear and warranty deed from the City of Crookston to the County of Polk to the following described real estate, viz:

The property now owned by Messrs Braley and Scott, situated in block one (1) original town site of Crookston and Fletcher & Houston's addition to Crookston.

We, the undersigned Commissioners of Polk County, will and hereby agree to erect and build a county jail on said premises at a cost not less than $18,000 and not to exceed $25,000 00, said building to be built during the year A. D. 1892.

M. E. KIRSCH,
CYPRIEN DEMERS,
A. O. STORTROEN,
A. C. RHINEHART.

Dated Crookston, Minn., January 5th, 1892.

The tax payers and business men present were invited by the president to express their views on the matter and remarks were heard from J. E. Morrissey, E. M. Walsh, H. E. Cooke, all in favor of the matter.

Moved by Alderman McGlogan, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the report of the committee on site be accepted and adopted. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded Alderman McGlogan, that the matter of securing the deed of the property required by the proposition of the County Commissioners for a jail site be referred back to the committee who negotiated for said property and just made a report thereon, with instruction to said committee to proceed to carry out said negotiation and to secure deed for said property as required by the County Commissioners. Carried.

On motion, Alderman Steenerson was added to the committee on jail site.

Moved by Alderman Steenerson, seconded by Alderman McGlogan, that the recommendation of the jail site committee dated January 4th, 1892, be adopted. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Aasel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Mrs. Mary E. Leavens, of Faribault, was in the city last week for the purpose of organizing a Ladies' Relief Corps. Forty-eight members joined as charter members forming Col. Cobham Corps No. 92, with the following officers:

Mrs. Van Arnam, President.
Mrs. I. U. Jennings, Sen. Vice-President.
Mrs. J. V. E. Wyatt, Jun. Vice-President.
Mrs. W. E. Slocum, Treasurer.
Mrs. O. S. Spendley, Secretary.
Mrs. M. B. Hayes, Chaplain.
Mrs. Geo. W. Peake, Conductor.
Miss. Minnie Walker, Assistant.
Mrs. J. G. McGrew, Guard.
Miss. Lizzie Zarracher, Assistant Guard.

Mrs. Leavens says she seldom organizes a larger corps and was highly pleased at the prospects of Col. Cobham Corps No. 92.

Ante-Inventory Sale

—OF—

COUNTER CRUMBS,

That's a good name for them, or we might call them

Clearance Crumbs.

They are the crumbs of our season's stock. You know how it is. Every season sees some broken lines left on our courters; remnants, odd pieces and patterns. These we call "crumbs." They go at "crumb" prices, too, as we want to reduce our stock to the lowest limit before invoicing.

NOTE THIS!

Most merchants make a sale after invoicing to work off old calamity catch-pennies. We make our sale before invoicing, and offer

The Pick of Our Entire Fall Stock.

Fontaine & Anglim.

Ladies, you can not afford to miss seeing my new fall styles of millinery. The novelties of the season are rare and beautiful. Call and see them. MRS E. E. BANGS.

W. J. Nickels was up from his school on the west-side on Saturday last. Nick says the Hayes boys have a yield of 28,000 bushels of wheat from less than 1,000 acres which is a grand yield on that acreage. Such crops as these emphasize the need for a railroad down that way.

O. H. Bang was up from the west side on Tuesday and did not forget to make THE JOURNAL a profitable call. Ole has developed into a first-class granger raised a large crop of No. 1 Hard wheat and has 200 acres plowed ready for wheat in the spring. He will try sowing wheat on stubble land after a vigorous use of the spring-tooth harrow.

Since our last issue we have been kept busy writing receipts for subscription which is an extremely agreeable feature to us as it promises to enable us to carry out contemplated and much needed improvements in our mechanical department, as well as giving promise of our being able to meet maturing obligations on Feb. 1st. A few of these have been six or eight years in arrears, but the singular feature is that the majority of such cases are as dumb as oysters on the subject, however many of these have signified their intention to settle before Feb. 1st and things begin to look encouraging again. We trust the good work so well begun on this new year will continue until we have not a name on our list that is not paid up one year in advance. If this condition of things existed we could carry out our plans for improvements and not have to owe a cent for them.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Before deciding what Xmas gifts you will purchase, please call and inspect my line of Pictures and Picture Framing Material, such as Oleographs, Chromos, Artotype and Steel Engravings, Monochromes, Water Color, Pastel and Oil Paintings.

Reproductions in Paintings and Etchings, Photogravures, Artographs, Typogravures, Mezzotypes and fac-simile Pastels, Genuine Etchings, Pastels and Steel Engravings, Etchings Remarque-Proof, Picture Mats, Mouldings, Frames, Hooks, Nails, Cords, Wire and Room Mouldings.

I'm making a Special Sale of these goods for the Holiday trade. Call and examine.

Yours respectfully,

THE UNDERTAKER,

105½ Broadway,

Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

ESTRAY.

A sorrel horse, with three white feet and white in face, came on my place Sec. 15 Town of Kertsonville, about the 20th of last month. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away. FRANK LASARGE.

NEW FEED MILL

CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now prepared to grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feed in two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

Mightier, Brighter, Busier

THAN EVER.

HAVING SECURED A

NEW LEASE

On my store building for another term of three years I am now better than ever prepared to serve my customers to their best advantage.

THANKING MY FRIENDS

and customers for their liberal patronage during and previous to the holidays, I now wish you all

A

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

C. H. SAAKE.

WHAT WILL YOU DO?

Since we broached the project of raising a fund to procure seed wheat and oats for feed for those who were hailed out last summer, many have expressed a willingness to aid in the matter, and in order to bring matters to a focus we suggest that all who are willing to contribute wheat, oats or money write us what they will do and how they will do it; all money received will be placed in the Scandia-American bank in the charge of Lewis Ellington. Those who will contribute oats or wheat can send to him an order upon themselves for the amount they will contribute, or they can send the same to us, and the party to whom it will be given can call for the grain. We would also suggest that any in need of grain leave their name at this office or with Mr. Ellington with proper voucher of loss so that an estimate of the amount required can be gained. A little judicious help extended to those who need it next spring would be an investment that would pay the county a hundred fold. Let us hear from those who are willing to aid in the good work. It will not require a very great outlay if all who are able take hold with a will and here goes to start the list:

POLK COUNTY JOURNAL..........$5.00

And Still They Come.

THE JOURNAL is happy to acknowledge the addition of 12 new names this week to its list. We would like the name of every dweller in Polk County, but as that is impracticable then the next best thing is a large majority of them.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs' nice fall and winter display of millinery is the admiration of all the ladies who have called at her fashionable millinery parlors on Second street, and the prices are extremely low this fall.

"Prisoners of War," an original drama by Miss Aigen was the play put on by the May Louise Aigen Company, on Wednesday night of last week. Miss Aigen, in the dual character of "Kate Hardy" and "Sister Mary," was good, taking the part of the Sister of Mercy perfectly, while the Capt. Richard Hardy, of F. C. Huebner, for the concentrated essence of pure diabolism is hard to beat. He plots against his own brother's life with all the cool, calculating deliberation with which a man would trade horses or sell a farm. He realizes the old saw that a man "may smile and smile and be a villain." Owen Bartlett takes "Old Ned" nicely—he does everything well, while as Nell, an adventuress, Dot Bartlett excelled herself. Sid Hawkins, as Teddy O'Brien is a screamer. His very makeup is provocative of laughter and the audience is on the broad grin all the time Teddy is on the stage. His specialty work is good and he was re-called time and again until it would seem that even his Irish good-nature would give way. This is a strong piece well staged and well played.

"The Clemenceau Case," which was played by the May Louise Aigen Dramatic Co., on Friday evening was one of the best of the season. Each actor and actress fitted their respective characters like a new glove. The opera glass was awarded to Mrs. F. W. Bugg by a vote of 113; Miss Mabel Holt following her closely with a vote of 105. The hat, awarded to the homeliest man was voted to Frank Hertz by a large majority, no one else seeming to be "in it. We thought we had a dead cinch on that hat—sort o' entitled to it by right, but the ladies seemed to think differently and their judgement is generally pretty correct so we rather feel flattered than otherwise. Mid a storm of applause Frank marched up to the front and received his order for the hat and as he was returning one of Dick Hussey's little boys up in the gallery added to Frank's confusion by shouting out: "Oh, where did you get that hat?"

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [85-tf]

At Your Own Prices.

Fancy feathers, ornaments, children's hoods and caps. Call early and get bargain. MRS. E. E. BANGS.

ESTRAY.

Came on my premises on Thursday evening, Dec. 24th, 1891, one bay mare, about five years old, with white star in forehead, one white hind foot and two small white spots on shoulder, weighs about 900; also one light bay gelding about 5 years old, weight about 1,000 pounds, small white spot in forehead also one on shoulder.

GUNDER SCHEFSTAD,
[37-39] Ash St., Crookston, Minn.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

DEATH TO OPTIONS.

Senator Washburn Again Expresses Himself Anent Grain Gambling.

CHICAGO, Jan. 3.—Senator W. D. Washburn, of Minnesota, author and introducer of the option bill presented to the United States Senate last month, was in the city to-day en route to Washington. To an Inter Ocean reporter he said:

"I have just finished reading an interview in your paper with Mr. Councilman, in which that gentleman severely criticised the bill introduced by me to prevent grain gambling. I am not surprised at his hostility nor disturbed by the sarcastic references to my philanthrophy in the premises, for any effort directed toward the curtailment of the great evil known as 'short selling' is expected to call down the wrath of all dealers in illegitimate or fiat grain.

"What I want to do is to stop the pernicious, demoralizing practice known as 'short selling,' where a man can go on the board without a kernel of grain real or prospective, and sell a million bushels, depressing the market the same as if so much wheat had been dumped on it. Mr. Pillsbury, the largest buyer of real wheat in the world, tells me that there are men in Minneapolis, with their offices in their hats, who sell more wheat in a year than he buys."

Referring to the meeting of the Minneapolis chamber of commerce called Saturday for a conference with him, the Senator said: "Of course the board of trade folks up there occupy the same position as the Chicago board, save that they believe the bill means the utter revolution of all trading in futures, but they will find their mistake when the bill becomes a law and goes into effect. A very interesting table I came across the other day selects ten days from April to October in 1890, and shows that in those days while the actual sales of wheat amounted to 337,800 bushels, optional or fictitious wheat sales were 125,720,000 bushels. On April 14th, 1890, the New York speculators sold 44,000,000 bushels of spring wheat, probably more than twice as much as reached that city during the year, and actual sales that day were but 6,000 bushels. Were it not for the board of trade I think every bushel of wheat would be worth 20 cents more to-day. In fact, all Europe is astonished that it is getting wheat to-day for such ridiculous low prices considering all the circumstances. They expected to pay more, and it is an outrage upon the producer that he should be sacrificed to a relentless greed and the disreputable deals of 'short sellers' on our boards of trade. In my opinion, some kind of relief will be granted the producer in a restrictive law that will preserve all the good features in future dealing and eliminate the bad."

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

Copyright Law.

It was formerly held that, by Common Law, an author had a perpetual right in the products of his intellect. This is now denied, and the whole matter has become the subject of Statute, so that now, unless the provision of the law designed to secure to the author the exclusive ownership of the results of his labor are strictly complied with, the product is public property. We shall now see what may be copyrighted, and the method thereof.

First, books, meaning not only such in their ordinary sense, but such as are printed only on one sheet, as the words of a song, or the music accompanying it. It may be a diagram with directions on one sheet of paper, private letters, abstracts of title, an illustrated newspaper. If the book is in manuscript, it may yet be copyrighted. Foreign books may not be, translations otherwise. A new edition of a copyrighted book is protected by the original copyright, but not to the extent of protecting new matter in it.

Compilations may be copyrighted. Under this head also fall dictionaries, Books of chronology, gazetteers, guide books, directories, calendars, catalogues, tables, collections of statistics, recipes, designs.

Abridgements and law reports, where there is original matter, may be copyrighted.

Advertisements, as such, may not be copyrighted. Maps, charts, newspapers, magazines, musical or dramatic compositions, engraving, cut, print or photograph may be copyrighted.

The law gives the right to the author, inventor, designer or proprietor, or the assigns thereof, who are citizens or residents in this country, to obtain a copyright. How to obtain a copyright:

1. Deliver to the Librarian of Congress, by mail or otherwise, a printed copy of the title of the book or other article, or a description of the painting, drawing, or whatever it may be.

2. Within ten days from the publication, deliver to the Librarian of Congress two copies of such book or article, or in case of a painting or other work of such sort, a photograph of the same.

3. Give notice of the copyright by inserting in several copies of every edition published, on the title page, or the page following, or if a picture or any such production, on the face or front thereof, the following words: "Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year—by A. B., in the office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington," or the words, for instance, "Copyright, 4891, by George Brown."

A copyright is assigned by an instrument in writing, which instrument must be recorded in the office of the librarian within sixty days after its execution, otherwise it is void as against a subsequent purchaser or mortgagee for a valuable consideration without notice

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HOLIDAY GOODS

AT

GERVAIS' "THE HUSTLERS."

JUST RECEIVED,

A VERY HANDSOME LINE OF

NOVELTIES

—FOR—

Christmas

—AND—

New Years

PRESENTS!

Cloaks and Jackets

MUST BE CLOSED OUT BY

NEW YEARS

Regardless of Cost.

GERVAIS,' "The Hustlers."

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

—IS—

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

The Review of Reviews for January contains the portraits of some fifty or sixty of the notabilities of the day. General Johnston and Governor Nicholls of Louisiana, Secretary Foster, Assistant Secretary Wharton, the late Dom Pedro, Fonseca of Brazil, Mr. Jackson the new Irish Secretary, Mr. Redmond the Parnellite leader, Mr. Flavin of Cork, Archbishop Walsh of Dublin, Prince George of Wales, five governors of Australian states, the late Lord Lytton, the late Rev. Oscar McCulloch, the late William B. Florence, Governor Alvin P. Hovey, Senator Plumb, Hon. S. B. Elkins, Mr. Gillam of Judge, the Czar and Czarina of Russia, with various other Russian portraits; Mr. Elbridge Gerry of New York, Mr. Benjamin Waugh of London, Mark Twain, Frederic Harrison, Thomas Nelson Page, the late Mr. Velhagen, the distinguished German editor, and Lord Roseberry, the rising liberal statesman of England, are among the people whose faces are presented in this number.

The Grand Forks Fence Co. have purchased the right for Polk County for the Jones National Fence and will be ready in the spring to supply all who need good fences, cheap. This fence is made of plain wire but can be used in combination with barbed wire, or the crimp and lock system can be applied to barbed wire fences already built with advantage to stock as it renders a barbed wire fence absolutely harmless to stock. It is the only crimp and lock system in use; the only line tension and diagonal brace in existence. This system inquires less posts as by the crimp and lock system the posts may be set 50 feet apart if you desire. The company will be prepared to furnish a fence for the farm, the railroad, the cemetery, the garden or the lawn, at prices ranging from 20 cents a rod to $1.00 per foot. Will build you a fence or sell you a farm right. Look out for their announcement later.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Scandia-American Bank, of Crookston, Minn., for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at its Banking house Tuesday, January 12th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

L. ELLINGTON,
Cashier.

The May Louise Aigen Co. presented "Aurora Floyd" at the Grand Opera House on Saturday evening. This is one of the best plays of their excellent repertoire and was exceedingly well played, Miss Aigen appearing in the title roll and it is needless to say that the character was excellently well sustained. "Mrs. Powell" was excellently taken by Dot Bartlett who appeared to better advantage in this roll than ever if we except her character in the Clemenceau case. Bert S. Frank was in it as Talbot Balstrode, the friend of Squire Mellish—and Bert makes an excellent friend either on or off the stage. F. C. Huebner sustained the character of the Squire to a dot, leaving nothing to be desired, while Owen Bartlett, as "Steve Hargrave, the Softy," was simply immense. Bartlett is a thoroughbred. The Aigen company is composed of ladies and gentlemen, all artists, and should they ever return to our city they will, we think, draw good houses.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, . . . Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONNY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton, Grand Forks, Crookston,

AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on

THE DINING CAR LINE

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points

IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY

—AND—

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

PACIFIC COAST TRAINS

PASSING THROUGH

Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington

CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.

East bound.

Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.

West bound.

Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,

(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

OUR GREAT PREMIUMS

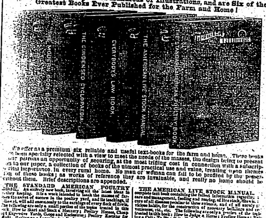
SIX GREAT BOOKS

FOR RURAL HOMES!

THE STANDARD AMERICAN POULTRY BOOK,
THE AMERICAN LIVE STOCK MANUAL,
EVERYBODY'S LAW BOOK,
CONDENSED CYCLOPAEDIA OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE,
MODERN COOK BOOK AND MEDICAL GUIDE,
ARTISTIC EMBROIDERY.

BOOKS OF THE UTMOST PRACTICAL USE AND VALUE TO EVERY FARMER AND HOUSEKEEPER!

They Contain 768 Pages and Hundreds of Illustrations, and are Six of the Greatest Books Ever Published for the Farm and Home!


THE MODERN COOK BOOK
THE CONDENSED CYCLOPAEDIA
EVERYBODYS LAW BOOK
THE AMERICAN LIVE STOCK MANUAL
THE STANDARD AMERICAN POULTRY BOOK

We offer as a premium six reliable and useful text-books for the farm and home. These books have been specially selected with a view to meet the needs of the masses, the design being to present to our patrons an opportunity of securing, at the most trifling cost in connection with a subscription to our paper, a collection of books of the utmost practical use and value, treating upon themes of vital importance in every rural home. No man or woman can fail to be profited by the possession of these books; as works of reference they are invaluable, and really no home should be without them. Brief descriptions are appended.

THE STANDARD AMERICAN POULTRY BOOK. An entirely new book, involving all the latest ideas in poultry keeping. It is a work intended to teach the masses of farmers the secret of success in the poultry yard, and its teachings, if followed, will add enormously to the earnings of every flock of fowls. The following are only a small portion of the topics treated in this book: How to Start and Stock a Hennery; Poultry Houses, Cheap and Expensive Yards, Coops and Enclosures; Poultry Keeping for Profit, Poultry on a Large Scale; Poultry Raising as a Business; Feeding and Laying; Winter Egg-Production; The Hatching Period, Preparing Nests for Sitters; Spring Breeding of Poultry; The Hens for Farmers; How to Produce Layers; Good and Cheap Incubators; How to Raise Artificially Hatched Chickens; Caponizing; Packing Eggs for Market; Packing Poultry for Market; Feeding Hoppers; Drinking Fountains and Grain Chests; Eggs and Pullets; Preserving Eggs; Diseases of Poultry—Chicken Cholera, Pip, Gapes, Roup, Scaly Legs, Lice, Egg Eating, Crop Bound Fowls, etc.; the Plymouth Rocks; the Wyandottes; the Brown Leghorns; the Golden Spangled Crested Polish; the White Crested Black Polands, the Langshans; the Silver Spangled Hamburghs; the Houdans, the Buff Cochins; the White Cochins; the White Leghorns; the Golden Penciled Hamburghs; White Shanghais; the La Fleche Fowls; the Gray Dorkings; the Brahmas; Game Fowls, Bantams, etc.; How to Fall, Management of Chickens; Killing Poultry; Protecting against Vermin; Fencing; Management of Ducks; Raising Turkeys, Fattening Geese; etc., etc. It is a large book of 128 pages, 12mo, with handsome cover. It is profusely illustrated and handsomely gotten up in every respect. No man or woman who owns [illegible] of land can afford to be without it.

EVERYBODY'S LAW BOOK. A complete compendium of business and Domestic Law, by a prominent member of the New York Bar, containing concise explanations of the general laws, and the laws of the several States, regarding Administrators and Executors, Affidavits, Agency, Agreements, Apprentices, Arbitration and Award, Assault and Battery, Assignments, Attachments, Banks, Bills of Exchange, Checks and Promissory Notes, Bills of Sale, Chattel Mortgages, Citizens and Aliens, Common Carriers, Contracts, Corporations, Deeds and Mortgages of Real Estate, Descent and Distribution, Dower, Easement, Exemptions, Farmers' Law, Fences, Fixtures, Garnishment, Gifts, Guaranty, Guardian and Ward, Heirs and next of Kin, Homestead Exemptions, Husband and Wife, Infants, Interest and Usury, Landlord and Tenant, Libel and Slander, Liens, Limitation of Actions, Marriage and Divorce, Rights of Married Women, Master and Servant, Parent and Child, Partnership, Payment and Tender, Personal Property, Power of Attorney, Principal and Agent, Privileged Communications, Railroads, Railroad Real Estate, Receipts and Releases, Replevin, Right of Way, Seduction, Trustee Process, Warranty, Water Rights, Wills and Codicils, Together with complete forms of Acknowledgments, Agreements, Articles of Copartnership, Assignments, Award of Arbitrators, Bills of Sales, Bonds, Chattel Mortgages, Contracts, Deeds, Executors' and Administrators' Accounts, Interest Table, Liens, Mortgages of Real Estate, Powers of Attorney, Releases, Satisfaction Pieces, Wills and Codicils, etc., etc., specially adapted for the daily use of those who are not lawyers, with directions for their preparation. A large volume of 128 pages, 12mo, with handsome cover.

THE MODERN COOK BOOK AND MEDICAL GUIDE. This is practically two books in one—a perfect cook book and a perfect medical book—and there is so much in it, and so much care and pains have been taken in its compilation, that we feel perfectly safe in asserting that the Cooking department is fully the equal, in quantity and quality of contents, of any low-priced cook book ever published, and the same as to the Medical department herein as compared with any low-priced medical book in the market. The cooking recipes number [illegible], and include Breakfast Dishes, Soups, Meats and Poultry, Fish, Vegetables, Salads and Relishes, Bread and Rolls, Jellies and Preserves, [illegible] and Pies, Fancy Dishes, Cakes, Confectionery, Ice Cream and [illegible] Drinks. The compilation of this department was undertaken by a practical housekeeper, every recipe will be found reliable, and it has been pronounced one of the best, most complete, and practical cook-books ever published. The Medical Department will be found fully the equal of any doctor book published at one dollar or less. It tells you how to cure by simple means, available in every home, every disease and ailment that is curable. It will save you many dollars annually in doctors' bills and patent medicines. The Modern Cook Book and Medical Guide is a large book of 128 pages, 12mo, with handsome cover.

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STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } ss.
City of Crookston, }

Notice is hereby given that application has been made in writing to the City Council of said city of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on January 1st, 1892, and terminating December 31st, 1892, by the following person and at the following place as stated in said application, to-wit: Fred Sargent, in a room on first floor of the Reckett Block on Second street, city of Crookston.

Said application will be heard and determined by said City Council of the city of Crookston, at the City Hall in the said city of Crookston, in Polk County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 4th day of January, 1892, at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 6th day of December, A. D. 1891.

(SEAL.) E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

[35-36]

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

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QUOTATIONS.

	Associa'n prices.	My price
Single Buggy Harness.		
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8.75	8.00
Double Buggy Harness.		
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,		$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "		14.50
Double Farm Harness.		
No. B.xC.—Home Supply price		$23.85
" " G. W. Peake's "		22.50
No C 33—Home Supply "		25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "		28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "		26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top		15c to 25c
" " straight Java		20c to 60c
" " rawhide center		90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars		$2.00 to $4.50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks		50c per pair
Webb Halters		25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle		$5.90
Riding Bridle—plain		90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles		$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

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Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 7th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 18th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, executed and delivered by Ida D. Van Tuyl and John E. Van Tuyl, her husband, mortgagors, to the "Union Central Life Insurance Company," mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of November, 1887, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in book 51 of mortgages, on page 265, and whereas said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars and interest thereon from its said date at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, due and payable on the first day of January in each year. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable January 1st, 1891, and default having also been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable on January 1st, 1892, and both of said defaults still continue, and no part of said principal has ever been paid. And whereas the conditions of said mortgage are such that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or interest thereon when the same becomes due, then the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage shall thereupon become due and payable at once.

And whereas both by the terms of said mortgage and the election of said mortgagee hereby made the whole amount secured by said mortgage both principal and interest accrued to this date is now due and payable.

And the amount now claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage, including interest in accordance with the terms of said mortgage is the sum of six hundred and ninety-nine and 95-100 dollars. And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained which by reason of the defaults aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter, both of the above described tracts being in Section ten (10), Township one hundred and forty nine (149), Range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and containing 160 acres of land, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on Tuesday, the 23d day of February, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy and pay the amount which will then be due upon said mortgage according to the terms thereof, and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees as provided by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 4th, 1892.

Union Central Life Insurance Company,
Mortgagee.

Chas. P. Barker,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
618 Guaranty Loan Building,
Minneapolis Minn.

[33-41]

[First publication Jan. 7, 1892.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } ss.

The State of Minnesota, to George W. Roberts and Georganne Roberts defendants:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 30th day of January, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston in said county, to answer to Christen Anderson in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said Christen Anderson for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 31st day of December, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Justice of the Peace.

STEENERSON & STANTON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

[33-40]

THE PIONEER

HARNESS SHOP,

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A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

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CROOKSTON, MINN.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, January 7, 1892.

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NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
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TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
9:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South.............	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg........	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

Goverment Control of Whiskey.

At the meeting of the County Alliance on Tuesday, December 29th, the following circular letter was read and discussed and final action upon it deferred until the next meeting of the alliance. Meanwhile a full and free discussion is desired.

Office of G. F. Washburn,
Eastern Member National
Executive Committee.
Boston, Mass., Nov. 10, 1881.

Dear Sir and Bro:—All true reformers, especially members of the People's party, are looking forward with unusual concern to our next national convention. In order that we may achieve success in 1892 and victoriously become the great National party of the people we must not only unite the great reform and industrial forces of the country, but we must also have harmony in our ranks and present a solid, unbroken front to our common enemy, plutocracy. If we can unite all reform elements our our success is assured, as the total actual membership would alone be sufficient to elect the next President of the United States. The greatest danger to harmony lies in the fact that a division of sentiment exists in our ranks on the liquor problem. Shall we put a straight prohibition plank in our national platform? The liquor problem is one that cannot be evaded. It must be met, and should receive heroic treatment, especially by a reform party offering remedies for existing evils, for surely this is the greatest social evil that ever cursed suffering humanity. Therefore, believing that it is better to discuss it now, and find a solution for it, than be obliged to hastily decide upon so important a measure when unprepared in convention assembled, I take the liberty to invite your attention to what I propose as a solution of this problem. It is asserted by many, that inasmuch as there exists a National Prohibition Party, and as a large element in our own party are believers in so called "personal liberty,' that if a prohibition plank should be placed in our national platform, it would create such a split in our party as to seriously affect its chances for success in our national campaign. There is also a much larger element which believes that the saloon should be abolished, and that as our party is the great party of reform, we should not hesitate to take a pronounced stand on this question and present a measure that will be practical in its operations in accomplishing the above results. This is the difficulty that confronts us: We must satisfy both elements. Permit me to suggest one way out. I shall shall submit to our national convention for adoption a plank which will read something like the following:—

NATIONAL PLANK.

We believe the principal solution of the liquor problem lies in abolishing the element of profit, which is a source of constant temptation, evil and corruption. We therefore demand that the exclusive importation, manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors, shall be conducted by the government or state, at cost, under conditions and restrictions which may be adopted by the various states. In adopting this as a national plank, we give no offence to either the "personal liberty man" or to the prohibitionist. We merely declare for the principle, and leave the restrictions for adoption, to the various states, according to the temperance sentiment in each state.

STATE PLANKS.

In all the states where temperance sentiment is strong enough to permit, I heartily advocate the adoption of restrictions, reading something like the following: 1st. We believe the principal solution of the liquor problem lies in the abolishing of the element of profit, which is a source of constant stant temptation, evil and corruption. we therefore demand that the exclusive importation, manufacture and sale of all intoxicating liquors shall be conducted by the government or state at cost, for medical, mechanical and scientific purposes only, through county commissioners who shall appoint salaried officials in such towns or cities as shall apply for such agencies. 2d. In states not quite so far advanced in temperance sentiment, the state could sell intoxicating liquors at cost, not to be drank on the premises. 3rd. In states like Ohio, Massachusetts and New York, which advocate high license, the restriction might read that "The exclusive importation, manufacture and sales of intoxicating liquors shall be conducted by the government or state at cost, through county commissioners who shall appoint a salaried official, in such towns and cities as shall apply for such agencies. Thus we not only leave the restrictions to the states but local option to each town and city. The third plank leaves out the limitations mentioned in the first two. Ohio and Massachusetts have both declared for the nationalization of the liquor traffic, by adopting planks in their state platforms, reading substantially like the latter plank. The plan is heartily endorsed by many of our most prominent leaders, including chairman Taubeneck, of the National Executive Committee, Congressman Otis of Kansas, M. W. Wilkins, editor of the Nonconformist, S. H. Snider, national organizer of the Citizens' Alliance, Edward Bellamy and others. The prohibitionists in Massachusetts, in their state convention last September, partially endorsed the plan by placing a plank in their platform reading as follows: "Inasmuch as the desire for gain is the motive power of the drink traffic, we favor such arrangements for the supply of alcoholic liquors for medical, mechanical and scientific uses as shall divest the dealer of any pecuniary interest in the sale."

G. F. Washburn,
Eastern Member National Executive Committee, People's Party, U. S.

Reclining Chair Cars.

If you intend going East or South via St. Paul and Chicago, why not take "The Burlington" day train from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Upper Mississippi? This train has one feature not afforded by any other line between the Twin Cities and Chicago; it carries elegant reclining chair cars, which make the journey delightful, easy and comfortable, and no extra charge is made to those occupying seats in them. Insist on the agent giving you tickets via "The Burlington"—C., B. & N. R. R.—and take no others.

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Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts.

[83-tf]

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Settlers on free Government lands alond the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATS
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
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Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

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Kate: "I don't know: I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."

Jennie: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting,

without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafarge deserted her Delsarte class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Eames last evening how his club made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest fads, and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little out-of-the way place?—for you never go to the city."

Kate: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all wants. I very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all, for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household: father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only $2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be cutting us out, as you say we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town. If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

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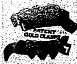

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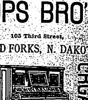

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IT IS TIME FOR ACTION.

New York Press.

Nearly three months have passed since, to quote the language of President Harrison in his message to Congress, "an event occurred in Valparaiso, so serious and tragic in its circumstances and results as to excite very justly the indignation of our people, and to call for prompt and decided action on the part of this government. A considerable number of the sailors of the United States steamship Baltimore, then in the harbor of Valparaiso, being upon shore leave and unarmed, were assaulted by armed men nearly simultaneously in different localities in the city. One petty officer was killed outright and seven or eight seamen were seriously wounded, one of whom has since died. So savage and brutal was the assault that several of our sailors received more than two, and one as many as eighteen stab wounds. An investigation of the affair was promptly made by a board of officers of the Baltimore, and their report shows that these assaults were unprovoked, that our men were conducting themselves in a peaceable and orderly manner, and that some of the police of the city took part in the assault and used their weapons with fatal effect, while a few others, with some well disposed citizens, endeavored to protect our men. Thirty-six of our sailors were arrested, and some of them, while being taken to prison, were cruelly beaten and maltreated. The fact that they were all discharged, no criminal charge being lodged against any of them, shows very clearly that they were innocent of any breach of the peace."

The evidence that the murderous attack upon men who wore the American uniform was not a sailors' brawl is overwhelming. Everything that has been ascertained in connection with the tragedy goes to confirm what President Harrison has declared, that there is "no other explanation of this bloody work than that it had its origin in hostility to these men as sailors of the United States, wearing the uniform of their government, and not in any individual act of personal animosity." Unfortunately for proof of this animosity we have not to look alone to the slaughter of the Baltimore sailors. Among other instances of Chilian maltreatment of Americans because they are Americans is the more recent case of Patrick Shields, a seaman on the steamer Keweenaw. Shields, who was arrested on some petty charge by the Valparaiso police, says that "he was not treated with special brutality until he stated he was an American, whereupon he was knocked down and beaten." He managed to escape from the police, but was recaptured by mounted officers and was this time beaten into insensibility, in which condition he was finally, without trial, sent on board the police boat. He was manacled and placed in the chain-gang to work on the public streets, jeered at and insulted, alike by police and the populace, because he was an American. An English or other foreign sailor, under the same circumstances, would have undoubtedly have been sent aboard his vessel after at the most a few hours' detention.

Nor have we to depend upon American evidence of Chilian hatred and abuse of Americans. An Englishman named Edmundson, who recently arrived in San Francisco from Valparaiso, and to whom no reason can be imputed for an exaggeration of facts, said in an interview ten days ago, that "the treatment which American citizens receive at the hands of the Chilians is outrageous and wholly unwarranted. England would not stand it a week. I know what I am talking about, and what I say to you is authentic. I have been going to and from Chili for years, and for the last year and a half I have resided in Valparaiso. You will be astounded when I tell you that the Chilians will actually spit in the faces of Americans on the streets. Resent it and you will be beaten by a mob. You surely can have no conception of the sneers, jeers and insults heaped upon your citizens there. German, French, English and other foreign nations represented there have commented upon the state of affairs, and I know that, had it been any of these nations, Chili would have paid dearly for it long ago." This is the testimony of a respectable Englishman, not likely to be prejudiced against Chili or in favor of the United states. Agreeing, as his statement does in substance with the evidence of our naval officers and seamen and the carefully worded accounts that reach us from diplomatic sources, no just ground is apparent for questioning its truth. The facts stated are, too, in complete accord with the treatment by the Chilians of Minister Egan, who has comported himself in a manner to justify the confidence of our government, and against whom no charge whatever has been officially presented.

The strongest proof of Chilian hostility is in the course of the Chilian government. In all the correspondence that has been published, whether between Chilian officials themselves or in diplomatic communications emanating from the Chilian government, there is nowhere to be found a word of regret for the tragedy or condemnation of the outrage, except in one place. The police commander at Valparaiso speaks of it in his report as "a disagreeable occurrence." Search the correspondence through and these words are all that can be found showing that the massacre of our sailors, because they serve under a flag the Chilians hated, was an event even in the slightest degree regretted by any Chilian authority. This is all the more significant when it is recollected that the upper class of Chilians are eminently polite, and that with them expressions of comity and courtesy do not mean as much as with us of North America. The Spanish-American is polite, even to an enemy—unless he despises the enemy. Do the Chilians despise the American people? There is, unhappily, plenty of cause to believe that they do. They have been taught by foreigners, jealous of the American Republic and fearful of American rivalry in the field of Chilian trade, that the American can be safely maltreated and defied. "Prominent officials of Chili," said Mr. Edmundson, from whom we have quoted before, "have no hesitancy in saying they are perfectly willing the United States should declare war against them. They are free in expressing the sentiment that Americans cannot fight; that they don't know anything but buying and selling, and that your navy is a very shoddy affair and was built by swindling contractors. They say they can destroy or blockade every port of the United States on the Pacific coast and cut off all army and navy supplies, so that you would be glad to give up the fight." This means, in brief, that the Chilians, ignorant of American history, and of the strength and resources of the American people, believe that they can massacre our sailors, defy us with impunity, and whip us if we dare a forcible remonstrance. That is, they both hate and despise us.

For nearly three months this government has waited in vain for a suggestion of apology or an intimation of redress. The Chilian Minister has given a dinner to Secretary Blaine, but not even a grudging word of friendliness has come officially from Chili to make the dinner palatable. Champagne at Washington cannot wash away the blood of our sailors slaughtered at Valparaiso. If we are to stand before the world as a nation ready and able to maintain the national honor abroad and to punish outrage aimed at the American name, then the time has come for action. Delay means dishonor; hesitation is interpreted as cowardice. To say that because Chili is weak by comparison we should patiently endure Chilian arrogance and require no amends for Chilian barbarity is to say that lesser states shall have a license that would not be allowed for a moment to nations nearer our own in greatness and in prowess. For weakness, self-confessed and penitent in wrong, there may well be exceptional consideration. But weakness is rather a provocation than a plea when accompanied by pride and defiance. It is not to be omitted that the Chilians make no plea of weakness for themselves; they ask for no consideration; they offer no apology. They themselves waive, by their attitude, any claim for leniency on the ground of inferiority, and it is puerile for any one here to suggest a defense or palliation which evidently has no place in Chilian minds.

To come to the final point, the United States has strained forbearance to the limit where it may be mistaken for pusillanimity. The Chilian outrage will invite other outrages unless ample atonement is exacted. The honor of the nation is in the issue, and it is for the President and Congress to see that it shall not be imperiled. The people, through the press, demand that the special message which the President promised shall be sent at once, and and that the dignity of the United States, wounded by repeated insults added to the original outrage, shall be asserted and vindicated before the nations of the earth.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 10, 1892.

The Hon. Bishop W. Perkins has been appointed Senator to succeed Mr. Plumb, of Kansas. Mr. Perkins has been a member of Congress for many years and has shown himself to be a man of decidedly over the average ability and, while it is not to be expected that he will at once take so high a standing in the Senate as that held by Mr. Plumb, he will impress himself upon the legislation of the country there as he did in the House.

The New York newspapers of the 1st all give comprehensive reviews of the past year and it must be said, to their credit, that the Democratic newspapers gave the Republican party fair praise for what it has done in the past. Of course the free trade papers did not admit that the McKinley Bill had been the cause of the renewed prosperity of the country when, if they had been entirely honest, this admission would have been made. Speaking of President Harrison, the World says: "Mr. Harrison has certainly gained much in the public estimate of his ability. The series of speeches he made during his tour through the country revealed him to the people not only as a readier and abler speaker than had been suspected, but as a man with a stronger intellectual grasp and larger gifts. The recent message also added to the President's reputation as a public officer. It was an able document, carefully designed to meet an exigent political situation. In its treatment of our foreign relations it was dignified and judicious where causes of irritation existed, and where there were causes of congratulation, as in the matter of the reciprocity treaties it was adroitly framed to secure for the President the credit which men were very generally disposed to give to Mr. Blaine." This is very high praise from a Democratic standpoint and such praise from such a source is so unusual that it is worthy of notice.

The Democrats did, while the law was being enacted, assert that the McKinley Bill was all wrong and the reciprocity idea a humbug. They opposed and have continued to oppose the making of reciprocity arrangements, but the facts are so strong that they will have to admit that reciprocity was neither a free trade idea nor a humbug. On the closing day of the last year reciprocity treaties had been concluded with Brazil, British Guiana, British West Indies, Costa Rica, Germany, Guatemala, Salvador, San Domingo and Spain, and negotiations were pending which promised an early and successful conclusion with France and Mexico. Under these treaties we admit one article which is entirely non-petitive, that is coffee, sugar which is nearly so, and hides. By doing this we have secured either free import or low duties on nearly all the products of the farm and the factory of the United States into these countries.

To show what has been done in some instances, the duty on flour imported from the United States into Cuba was $5.03 a barrel on the 31st day of December, and on the 1st of January it was one dollar a barrel. The duty on wheat which was 99 cents, on the 1st of January was eight cents per bushel. To Porto Rico the duty on flour was $2 46 a barrel, on the 1st it was $1.00; the rate on wheat which was 24 15 cents a bushel was reduced to eight cents and this ratio is continued in a great many other things. During the last fiscal year we imported from the countries with which we have concluded treaties, and from one with which we are about to conclude one, Germany, $142,965,593 worth of coffees, hides and sugar and we exported to these altogether $131,165,597, that is, eleven million dollars less than their imports in these three articles. Under the new arrangements we will undoubtedly export to these countries fifty per cent. more than the value of the sugar they send us, probably double that amount. We will certainly do so in the instance of Cuba, Porto Rico, San Domingo, Salvador and Guatemala.

FROM OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C. January 5, 1892.

The United States Navy Revival attracts no little attention in Europe and especially in England. The St. James's Gazette of London says "the Americans are making a steady and surprising progress toward becoming a great naval power." English experts are comparing the New York with the Blenheim and the Blake and some of them admit that the former can steam faster and throw more metal than any British vessel of the same class. This however is not the only time our naval achievements have surprised our English cousins.

The Miantonomah this week is at Gardiners Bay trying her four ten inch breech-loading guns that throw a 500 pound shell by the explosion of 250 pounds of powder. These guns were made at the Washington Navy Yard. She also carries lighter rapid-firing guns. She is not a new vessel. In 1866 she steamed into British waters and stirred naval and official circles there something as an over-head hawk flutters a flock of barn-yard fowls. The British had, prior to that date, made light of the vessels of the Monitor class, never having properly appreciated the famous pioneer that fought the Merrimac in Hampton Roads, and subsequently foundered off Cape Hatteras. But the Miantonomah with her hull below water and her low turrets and deadly guns silently moving among British war vessels in a British harbor was an alarming object lesson. Under this stimulus England built an iron clad designed by an inventor named Cowles which craft subsequently upset off the coast of Spain, and carried down to the bottom, five hundred men, including the rash inventor who claimed the honor due to Ericsson. The Miantonomah having crossed the ocean safely could probably double Cape Horn, though she is not likely to make the attempt.

Iron Clads and heavy guns are expensive luxuries and notwithstanding our pride in a young and growing navy we ought in some way make our vessels commercially useful in times of peace. No large standing army is wanted nor a vast, expensive and unproductive war navy. Let ship-building for the carrying trade and for peaceful pursuit be revived by legislation that will put the stars and stripes at the mast head in every port of the world.

New Years Day in this city was so sunny and mild that overcoats were discarded by callers and inveterate croquet players knocked the balls about from morning until night. Official receptions were crowded; but not private ones. Fashion is frowning upon the time honored custom and fewer than ever opened their doors this year to miscellaneous callers. Heretofore it has been the practice of young men and those not so young to hire a carriage and rush about town all day and far into night or until overcome with wine. And silly young follows who carry their canes by the middle and stick out their elbows have done the same on foot. Fewer people however now offer wine, and the number that hang baskets at the door yearly increases. The custom of new years calling stripped of excesses and absurdities is a good one.

Social drinking and drunkenness is decreasing. Drinking to excess among public men is much rarer than formerly. There are no notorious drunkards in congress as in old times. Open liquor selling is excluded from the capitol. One reform however remains to be accomplished by congress and that is, the cutting off of the wine and liquor bills of funeral parties. Here is a very proper field for retrenchment.

Prohibition. Congress not only prohibits liquor selling in the capitol but has prohibited the sale of intoxicants within a mile of the Soldiers Home, the boundary line running through the most densely peopled portion of the city. The district commissioners also in the exercise of their discretion have practically prohibited the sale of liquor in a section of the city called "Hells bottom." This we have prohibition in spots.

Hells bottom was a product of war times and has been a disgrace to the city. Three murders by half drunken men were committed in this place in rapid succession not many months since. The section is however greatly improved in decency particularly since the recent routing out of the occupants of certain infamous dens and the substitution of a Young Men Cristian Association. The spot is closely hemmed in by four large colored churches which have done good work in purifying the pit. But curiously enough the pastor of one of them says that the low saloons and dives are a curse yet insists that the commissioners discriminate against his people by closing them.

Queer Legislation. Congress passed a law that only ex-soldiers should be appointed as policemen in this district. It is now impossible to find soldiers of the late war young and vigorous enough for the duties. A recent immigrant after a few days service of some sort in the army resigned and received an appointment on the police force and thereupon proceeded to get drunk and flourish his revolver. In his tipsy rampage he shot down a sober and quiet one armed soldier. And see how curiously the law works. The old soldier could not serve as a policeman because of his age. His son is excluded by the law for he was never in the army, but this drunken importation found no difficulty in gitting an appointment. Judge Miller at the preliminary hearing held the officer for trial and remarked that every policeman whose breath smelt of liquor ought to be discharged.

Chief Justice Fuller is said to be very indignant as to the premature announcement that the Supreme Court has decided the Nebraska contest in favor of Boyd and intimates that the enterprising news given will be suitably punished.

THE TARIFF IN CONGRESS.

New York Press.

The criticism that has been made on the avowed programme of Speaker Crisp to "tinker" with the tariff bill, rather than adopt in the House any general tariff bill which will distinctly foreshadow the Democratic policy, has had such an effect in Washington on the minds of leading Democrats that it is said a halt has been called while the question of policy is being settled. The knowledge that no tariff bill can pass both houses of Congress, whether it be a complete measure covering the entire tariff field or only a measure of amendment, or if carried through both houses would be subjected to a veto, leaves to the Democratic majority in the House as its only task the making of an exhibition of legislation which shall give the country positive information as to what the party would do if intrusted with both legislative and executive branches of the government. President Harrison will stand by the McKinley bill in every schedule. The Republicans in the Senate will stand together against any attempt to break down that bill, either by detail or in bulk.

It is wholly immaterial to Republicans which course the Democrats pursue in this matter. They have already shown that they are aware that the tariff question is their white elephant, by first deciding not to present any general bill, and then by temporizing and now by halting while they consider what is really best to be done. If they enter upon the scheme of trying to drive a breach in the McKinley bill by passing separate measures to put coal on the free list, wool on the free list, iron on the free list, and so on down a list of articles such as was named the other day by Mr. Springer of Illinois, the Democrats will array against themselves great elements of voting population, comprising Democrats or Republicans, and reaching through every grade of the community, from tillers of the soil to capitalists, whose opposition will be sufficient to determine the election of 1892 in favor of the Republican party. Republicans can well afford to have this course pursued, because it will enable the campaign of 1892 to be based on the impugnment of the Democratic party for insincerity in its opposition to protection and for inability to frame a general "tariff reform," about which they have been harping so loudly until within a month as the great need in national legislation.

On the other hand, if Mr. Crisp shall now form his ways and means committee so as to give the country a general tariff bill the situation of 1888 will be repeated and the country will without doubt decide that it is unwise to change the present law or policy until it has been thoroughly tested, and that whatever trifling changes may be necessary in it should be committed to the hands of the friends instead of the enemies of the protection principle.

The Democratic House must make a record on the tariff on which the Democratic party can go to the country next year, and it already looks as if they would have such difficulty in uniting on any policy that the contest of next year will be a walkover for Republicanism and protection.

$75 MONTH $300

Do You Want Employment?

Cy which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month—the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work. If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN OUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you. We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right; there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING. Better write at once. Address

The Brodix Publishing Co.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

NEW FEED MILL

CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now prepared to grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feed in two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON. - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,

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ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

BOSTON

ONE PRICE ONE PRICE ONE PRICE

CLOTHING HOUSE.

Our sturdy, steady, satisfactory business has been obtained by the honest industry and proper respect of the people's common sense. This season we speak to thousands of new friends who expect from us the lowest price for Reliable Merchandise that any house will name. We ask you in your own interest

To see our Overcoats,
To see our Suits,
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Business Suits, strong and stylish. Dress Suits in soft, silken, clinging clay worsted, that will never gloss or fade. Fur Coats, Fur Caps, Plush Caps. Furnishings and Underwear. Everything desirable, Everything good. Latest Novelties in Neckwear.

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HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, January 14, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 70.
1 Northern 67.
2 Northern 64.
3 Northern 61.

Levi Myers was up from the west-side on Tuesday.

Jim Kelley returned last week from a visit to Wisconsin.

T. G. Thompson has gone to St. Paul to serve as a U. S. juror.

Great Remnant Sale is now going on at Gervais, "The Hustlers."

Rudy Burkhardt took a trip north this week canvassing for petit ledgers.

Services are being held every evening this week at the Congregational church.

Hon. E. E. Lommen was in St. Paul last week to attend the alliance convention.

The Enterprise, of Hallock, says that C. C. Shapleigh is the happy father of a little girl.

S. K. Torgisson was up from Lake Park last week interviewing old friends in the city.

Finlayson & Vannett have reopened the Gymnasium and are now ready to supply tickets.

Great drives on Blankets, Flannels, Underwear and Hosiery at Gervais, "The Hustlers."

It is reported that ex-register H. H. Dickmann is the fond father of a new boy, on the 6th inst.

On Saturday last Judge Christianson united for life Hans Christofferson and Annie Christianson.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 71 cents and on Tuesday morning dropped one cent.

A. B. Holston went to St. Paul last week. The Globe warmed over one of Holston's old chestnuts.

Fur Capes, Muffs, Boas, Hoods, Fascinators at half price to close out at Gervais, "The Hustlers."

The week of prayer was observed by union meetings of the Congregational and Presbyterian congregations.

Mrs. A. J. Streeter has been appointed matron of the new county hospital. A worthy appointment.

We heard some of our neighbors say something about cold weather on Sunday and Monday last. Did you observe it?

The Andrews Company will probably put on "The Pretty Persian." This opera is said to be one of the best going.

THE JOURNAL is pleased to note that Miss Eunice Copeland, who has been very ill with tonsilitis and erysipelas is convalescent.

Those who cannot call can drop us a card saying how much they will put up for the hail sufferers and their names will be added to the list.

Walter Lee has purchased Mrs. Bucknam's property on Houston Ave. and it is said that he will build an elegant house thereon next spring.

Casper Sands is used to breaking bronchos to ride or drive but we reckon he will find that goat the most ornery critter he ever tried to straddle!

The Crookston Musical Society meets Friday evenings at the reading room for practice. This society is becoming one of the prominent institutions of the city.

Gervais, "The Hustlers" are offering tremendous bargains in Remnants, odds and ends and broken lines of all kinds. Call in and get some of the plums as they roll.

Mrs. Van Arnam left last week for Iowa, summoned by the news that her sister, who is afflicted by cancer, was not expected to survive long. She may be gone all winter.

Engineer Fred Chapin came over from Devil's Lake this week with his wife and child for a two weeks' visit with her folks. Her mother, Mrs. T. Hunt, returned with them.

The trend of events political seem to indicate that in the near future we shall be confronted with the question: "Shall America elect a king?" Already the wires are being skilfully laid to install a dictator.

Alderman Walker has a letter from Mayor McKinnon, in which the Mayor seems quite sanguine of enlisting capital to build a large hotel in Crookston next summer. Mac seems to be doing some tall rustling down there.

J. W. Wheeler has resigned his position as paying teller at the 1st National bank, but will engage in some kind of business in Crookston. He has had several offers but has not accepted any as yet, we are told. Mr. W. has been a faithful official in that bank for some time.

Jimmy Fulton, who has been manager of the St. Hilaire creamery during the past season went through on Monday evening en route for his home in Hawley. Jim was once a typo on THE JOURNAL staff and they say that he is a No. 1 butter maker also.

G. H. Palmer: "Come and see us when we get in our new quarters in the new Reckett Block. The Land Office will soon move in there also, so as to be handy to us. We will be as slick as a whistle made of a pig's tail when we all get in there."

O. H. Lucken will succeed Hugh Robertson as clerk in the Land Office.

Cloaks and Shawls at almost your own price at Gervais, "The Hustlers."

Sauk Rapids Sentinel:—Mr. Jas. Greenhalgh, of Crookston, father of W. C. and J. H., visited with the Skeate family last week, returning home Saturday.

Uncle John Ross, who has been janitor at the court house for so long, has been supplanted by a younger man. Uncle John has been a faithful servant and his many friends will regret to see him step down and out.

Mr. S. L. Dobson is not getting as many oats to grind as he would like. He would like enough to keep the mill running night and day. This would require 600 bushels for every 24 hours, or 180,000 bushels for the year. That's a good market for oats.

The Crookston Musical Society will hold a meeting at the reading room Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock and a full attendance is desired. Any one wishing to unite with the society are invited to attend at that time and give in their names. A general invitation is extended to all to do so.

P. S. WARE, Sec'y.

Presto Change:—Saturday night a burglar entered the residence of J. H. Greenhalgh by breaking into the wood shed and climbing through a window. He ransacked bureaus and trunks, taking about $15 in cash. Nothing else was missing. Mr. G. is a fireman and was on duty at the time, and Mrs. G. was alone in the house, but was not awakened. No clue to the robber.

"I like that idea of yours about contributing to the needs of hail sufferers and will go ten bushels of barley on it, anyhow," said O. H. Richardson to THE JOURNAL man on Thursday of last week. "and if need be I will chip in more. I will hold the grain subject to the order of your townsman, Mr. Ellington, and deliver it to whomsoever he says. I hope to see a generous response to this call."

B. C. Jorgenson dropped into our den on Thursday and after putting up the needful on subscription, said: "I like THE JOURNAL's idea on the question of home relief for the hail sufferers and I have $10 for that object. I hope every reader of THE JOURNAL will chip in to the extent of his ability and it will be no trouble to provide a sufficient fund to supply all who need wheat and feed for their teams."

Mr. W. McPherson, who was one of the old-time dwellers in this vicinity, having a claim up north of Harry Wyand's, was down from his present home in the Thirteen Towns last week. We are glad to note that Mac is doing well up there he having raised several good crops and a rousing good one last season. Mac has many friends in this neck of the woods who will be glad to hear of his good fortune.

If you wish to contribute wheat, oats or barley to the hail sufferers send us an order on yourself for the number of bushels you will contribute and the order will be placed in the Scandia-American Bank, with Mr. Ellington, and your name will go on the list. We have heard many farmers say they would contribute to this cause if they had an opportunity and here is your opportunity. Send in your orders.

Hugh R. Robertson has accepted the position of paying teller in the First National bank, in place of J. W. Wheeler, resigned. Mr. Robertson has been for a long time clerk in the U. S. Land Office, which position he has filled creditably and he will prove just as capable and efficient in his new field. While in the Land Office he has made hosts of friends who will unite with us in best wishes for his future success.

Nekkolai Gjestrum, a young man living in Vineland, died at the residence of John Thompson in that town on Monday, the 11th, of consumption. Had he lived until Tuesday, the 12th, he would have been just 28 years old. He was a young man highly respected by all who knew him and leaves many friends in that neighborhood where he had lived 7 or 8 years. He had taken one term at the Crookston Business College. The funeral is to be held at Neby next Saturday at one o'clock.

A writer on the subject of the humane treatment of animals calls attention to the injurious effect of cold-iron bits on horses. He points out that the horse is an animal of nervous organization. Its mouth is formed of delicate glands and tissues, the temperature of its blood is the same as in the human being, and as also in man the mouth is the warmest part of the body. If any one would realize the effect of a cold bit in the mouth of a horse on a frosty morning let him try the contact of a piece of iron at a temperature below freezing point on his own tongue. The effect on the horse is not simply momentary. Food eaten subsequently is masticated with difficulty, and the repetition of the irritation day after day causes a loss of appetite and strength. Many a horse has become worthless from no other cause but this. India-rubber bits are now so common that there is no excuse for their not being used, but should any difficulty occur in procuring such a merciful provision for the comfort of the horse a bit covered with leather will do good service in the meantime.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

On The Death of Mr. W. W. Attix.

BY MRS. W. MORRIS.

Wherefore, Oh, ye friends of Jesus,
  Throb your hearts with anguish wild;
Wherefore mourn for one departed
  From the raging tempest wild?

Though you miss him from your circle,
  Though you see his face no more,
Yet remember you shall meet him
  On the shining glory shore.

Jesus says "I will not leave you;
  I will be the widow's guide;
I will be the orphan's Father
  Till they too shall cross the tide.

Though you lose a father's blessing,
  Though you miss a husband's care;
He has done his share of suffering,
  He a crown of life shall wear.

Every home has lost a darling,
  Some dear loved one gone before;
Oh, how lovingly they'll greet us
  Over on the other shore.

One by one the roses perish,
  Drop by drop the stream runs dry;
But the roses bloom in heaven,
  We shall see them by and bye.

When we cross the crystal river;
  When we climb the golden stair;
When we walk through shining portals
  We shall know each other there.

When the silver cord is broken;
  When this earthly house shall fall;
When the last farewell is spoken,
  Save us Jesus, one and all.
    "Asleep in Jesus."

Mentor, Minn., Jan. 9th, 1891.

Iver H. Mjoen, one of the leading farmers of Vineland, was in the city on Tuesday and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call, renewing for one year. Mr. M. came from Norway in 1872 and in November took a government claim in Vineland, as he supposed, but afterwards learned that the railroad company laid claim to it. Their claim was sustained by the government and Mr. M. says that although able lawyers have tried to get a hearing for him he has been denied even that privilege. Some two years since, fearing lest he should lose his farm altogether, he contracted for it with the company for $8.50 per acre. Thus, after having by hard work given the farm what value it has, he was obliged to pay for his own labor. When he came from Norway he had only sufficient means to bring himself and family over, but now he is regarded by his neighbors as a man in independent circumstances—all accomplished here in Polk County and remote from a railroad market town, at that. His nearest point is Buxton, N. D., which is 12 miles, but not accessible in the fall until the river freezes over. The next nearest is Fisher, 16 miles, and there he has hauled most of his wheat. He says if they had a railroad down there it would be worth thousands annually to that country. He raised this year nearly 3,000 bushels of wheat and could do better than that every year if he had a convenient market. He lives in hopes of seeing a railroad in his neighborhood and a good wheat market opened up.

Making a Big Hit.

Duluth Papers Accord the Andrews Opera Company High Praise.

Grand Forks Plaindealer:—An engagement of unusual importance and interest is that of the Andrews Opera Company which commences on Friday next at the Metropolitan. Three performances will be given, the repertoire being Friday "The Pretty Persian," Saturday matinee "The Bohemian Girl," Saturday evening "Iolanthe."

The Andrews Opera Company is playing a week's engagement in Duluth where they are winning golden opinions both from press and public. The Duluth Daily News of Tuesday in its criticism said: "The Andrews Opera Company made an excellent start in its week's engagement at the Temple last night. There was a big audience and thoroughly satisfied." The same paper of Wednesday, commenting on their performance of "The Pretty Persian, said: "The costuming was excellent and there was fun without end. C. A. Parker was lively as a cricket and resembles Eddie Foy in his work. Ed. Andrews also furnished lots of enjoyment." The Tribune of yesterday said: "It is a pleasure to see the Andrews Opera company in any of their presentations, for the reason that whatever they produce receives conscientious and artistic treatment. Their principals are artists, their chorus evenly balanced and well trained."

The Andrews Opera company carries its own orchestra, which will add greatly to the enjoyment of their performances.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

THE COUNTY DADDIES.

M. E. Kirsch Re-elected Chairman and the Crookston Times Made the Official Organ.

Fisher Bulletin.

The Board of County Commissioners convened Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. The first business was the election of a chairman, and M. E. Kirsch will again sit enthroned.

At 3:30 p. m., the bids for the county printing were opened. Only two offers to officially record the proceedings, etc., were tendered—and, under the present state of affairs, there was one bid too many. The following was the first bid opened:

To the Hon. Brd. of Co. Com'rs of Polk County, Minn:

GENTLEMEN:—We, the undersigned, publishers of the Fisher Bulletin, published at Fisher, Minn.; the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, published at Crookston, Minn., and the McIntosh Times, published at McIntosh, Minn., respectfully submit the following proposition to do the county printing for the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, for the year 1892, to-wit: We agree to publish in each of said papers, the delinquent tax list, at the rate of two (2) cents per description, to be paid each of the said three papers publishing the same; the proceedings of the board FREE; financial statement and all other notices required to be published by the County Commissioners or any of the officers of said county, at fifty (50) cents per folio, for the first insertion, and twenty-five (25) cents per insertion for each subsequent insertion; also to furnish all stationery and do the job printing required by said county or county officials at our regular rates. Said financial statement and above mentioned notices are to be printed in each of the above mentioned papers, the payment for same to be divided equally between each of the said named papers; and said stationery and job printing is to be divided equally between the papers named.

A. G. RUTLEDGE,
Pub. of Bulletin.
H. E. COOKE,
Pub. POLK COUNTY JOURNAL.
C. G. LANMAN,
Pub. McIntosh Times.

At this stage of the proceedings, C. P. Demers, of the Red Lake Falls district, took a document from his pocket, which afterwards proved to be the Times resolution, which we give below.

The following bid was then opened:

CROOKSTON, January 4, 1892.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Polk County, Minnesota:

GENTLEMEN:—The undersigned, publisher of the Daily and Weekly Times, published at Crookston, Minn., begs leave to submit the following proposition to do the county printing for the County of Polk for the year 1892, as follows, to-wit: I agree to publish the delinquent tax list, financial statement, proceedings of the board of county commissioners, and all official notices ordered published by said county board, in both the Times and Red River Dalen at the following rates, viz: Financial statement at 72 cents per folio for first insertion and 32 cents for each subsequent insertion. Proceedings and all other official notices ordered by the board, 72 cents per folio for the first insertion and 32 cents per folio for each subsequent insertion. Delinquent tax list six cents a description for both, or three cents a description for each of the two papers. Job work as follows: Letter heads, linen, per M, $6 00; do common, per M, $5 50; note or mem. heads, linen, per M, $4 50; do common per M, $4.25; envelopes, 5 inch, per M, $4; do 6½ inch, per M, $4 50; do 10 inch, per M, $5 50; do 11 inch, per M, $5.75; do 12 inch, per M, $6; blanks, ¼ sheet, one side, $4,50 per M; do ½ sheet, one side, $6 50 per M; do ¼ sheet two sides, $6,50; do ½ sheet, two sides, $8 50. All other job work and stationery at usual rates.

Respectfully submitted,
W. E. MCKENZIE,
Pub. Times.

Moved by A. C. Reinhart and seconded by J. P. Johnson that the bid tendered by the Fisher Bulletin, POLK COUNTY JOURNAL and McIntosh Times, being the lowest, that the said papers be declared the official papers of the county for the ensuing year.

Demers here introduced his resolution, which had been prepared for him, and which was as follows:

Whereas, The board of county commissioners did advertise for bids for printing for the ensuing year; and whereas the law requires that the contract for said work BE LET TO THE LOWEST BIDDER; the commissioners, however, take into consideration the circulation and standing of the newspapers filing such bids; and, whereas, it appears from the bids tendered and on file, that the bid of W. E. McKenzie, publisher of the Crookston Times, wherein he agrees to publish according to law the delinquent tax list, and all other official county notices and commissioners proceedings in the Crookston Times and Red River Dalen; and after taking into consideration the circulation and standing of the two papers, we find this bid the lowest before us; therefore be it

Resolved, That the bid of W. E. McKenzie be accepted and the Crookston Times, a weekly newspaper printed and published in the city of Crookston, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, be and the same is hereby designated as the official newspaper in which shall be published according to law the delinquent tax list for the year 1890, and all other official county notices and commissioners proceedings.

How Mr. Demers could, PREVIOUS TO THE OPENING OF THE BIDS, consider the "circulation and standing" of the papers is a piece of thought that does that gentleman great credit.

Mr. Reinhart's motion was then considered, the vote being Reinhart and Johnson, yes; Stortroen, Demers and Kirsch no.

Demers' resolution was then seconded by Stortroen, and resulted: Stortroen, DeMers and Kirsch yes; Reinhart and Johnson no. The two latter gentlemen wished to be placed on record as indignantly voting in the negative.

We submit the bids as tendered, and as any intelligent person can see the contract was not awarded to the lowest bidder.

Of course there could have been no put-up job in that business, because Demers and Stortroen voted for it and were they not selected by the farmers as fit men to represent their constituents on the board to prevent all kinds of jobbery and to see that due economy was exercised in the spending of the people's money? Did they not pledge their sacred honor to their constituents to discharge their duties honestly and faithfully, nay more, did they not solemnly swear so to do when they entered upon the discharge of their duties? Of course Messrs. DeMers and Stortroen honestly believed that 72 cents per folio for financial statement, notices, &c., was less than 50 cents per folio! Of course they must have supposed that 72 cents per folio for publishing the proceedings of the board was less than to have said proceedings published free. We say "of course" they must have "supposed" so, for if they did not suppose so their vote was a direct violation of their pledged word to their constituents, a violation of their sacred honor and a violation of their oath, was it not? And could it be possible that these reformers could have put up a job upon the down-trodden tax-payers whom, at the last election, they sacrificed their personal feelings and comforts to protect? Oh, no, they must have honestly thought that 72 cents per folio was less than nothing per folio! But isn't it mysterious that at the last meeting of the board in '91, when that body should call for bids for county printing that they "forgot" to say or do anything about that important matter and that later on a few lines were inserted once in an obscure corner of the paper that was afterward (was it "afterwards" or was the arrangement already made) designated as the official paper? Of course Demers and Stortroen, those two brilliant statesmen, put there specially in the interest of reform, had nothing to do with the omission of this important matter by the board, not even by calling attention to the omission, so it strikes us that the Bulletin's comments are rather severe, for how can they be blamed if they don't know that 72 cents per folio is just 22 cents more for each and every folio, and that 72 cents per folio for proceedings as against nothing per folio is just 72 cents more for each and every folio than the tax payers need to have paid? The only ugly look about it that we can see is in the fact that even before the bids were opened they concluded that an apology for their vote was necessary, and so had one all ready to spring, just as they would have done if they had got together beforehand and agreed to vote for the Times, anyhow! Of course they could not have done that, for that would have been one of those "ugly jobs" they used be so angry against, and swore to spill their last drop of blood to "drown out." The county printing is likely to cost the tax payers this year far more than ever before, and certainly double what it need to had the lowest bid been accepted, and if the thing had not been done through these latter day reformers we should have been of the opinion that the whole busines was clearly a put up job from beginning to end.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

THE JOURNAL	$5.00
B. C. Jorgenson	10 00
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.

Ante-Inventory Sale

—OF—

COUNTER CRUMBS,

That's a good name for them, or we might call them

Clearance Crumbs.

They are the crumbs of our season's stock. You know how it is. Every season sees some broken lines left on our courters; remnants, odd pieces and patterns. These we call "crumbs." They go at "crumb" prices, too, as we want to reduce our stock to the lowest limit before invoicing.

NOTE THIS!

Most merchants make a sale after invoicing to work off old calamity catch-pennies. We make our sale before invoicing, and offer

The Pick of Our Entire Fall Stock.

Fontaine & Anglim.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Before deciding what Xmas gifts you will purchase, please call and inspect my line of Pictures and Picture Framing Material, such as Oleographs. Chromos, Artotype and Steel Engravings, Monochromes, Water Color, Pastel and Oil Paintings.

Reproductions in Paintings and Etchings, Photogravures, Artographs, Typogravures, Mezzotypes and fac-simile Pastels, Genuine Etchings, Pastels and Steel Engravings. Etchings Remarque-Proof. Picture Mats, ouldings, Frames, Hooks, Nails, Cords, Wire and Room Mouldings.

I'm making a Special Sale of these goods for the Holiday trade. Call and examine.

Yours respectfully,
THE UNDERTAKER,
105½ Broadway,
Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

Were You Hit By Hail.

Call at THE JOURNAL office and let us know how much grain you will need for feed and seed, so that we may know how much must be provided for. Do you know of any neighbor too modest to make known his own wants? Let us have his name and probable needs Don't be backward about coming forward and let the good work go on until all those who need are supplied.

ESTRAY.

Came on my premises on Thursday evening, Dec. 24th, 1891, one bay mare, about five years old, with white star in forehead, one white hind foot and two small white spots on shoulder, weighs about 900; also one light bay gelding about 5 years old, weight about 1,000 pounds, small white spot in forehead also one on shoulder.

GUNDER SCHEFSTAD,
[37-39] Ash St., Crookston, Minn.

ESTRAY.

A sorrel horse, with three white feet and white in face, came on my place Sec 15 Town of Kertsonville, about the 20th of last month. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away.

FRANK LASARGE.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

CROOKSTON STEAM LAUNDRY

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,

Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

At the adjourned meeting of Col. Cobham Post held at the Post H'dq'rs in I. O. O. F. Block, on Friday evening, Jan. 8th, the following officers were installed by Past Commander T. A. Harris:

I. U. JENNINGS	Commander.
J. O. SERGEANT	Sen. Vice "
H. E. COOKE	Jun. Vice "
B. F. ZARRACHER	Officer of the Day.
J. E GREENHALGH	" " Guard.
C. H. MIX	Chaplain.
S. L. STOWE	Surgeon.
O. H. LUCKEN	Quartermaster.
COMRADE SCHMIDT	Q. M. Sergeant.
V. D. CARRUTH	Adjutant.
WM. KISTENMACHER	Sergeant Major.

Upon giving up the chair to the commander elect the retiring commander, Louis Fontaine, made a few remarks in which he complimented the boys for faithful attendance during the past year, thanked them for their universal courtesy and good behaviour and urged them to be as loyal to his successor, told them that without the active, hearty co-operation of the members of the Post the commander could do nothing, but if each member does his part the result will be an active Post. After three hearty cheers for Past Commander Fontaine, the new Commander, I. U. Jennings, made a few well-chosen remarks in which he pledged himself to earnest endeavor in behalf of the Post and urged the comrades to aid him in every way. He read "The Old Canteen," and closed the business session, opening up on the social degree.

RAILS FOR THE CAMP FIRE.

The comrades, upon assembling in the evening were greeted with a box of Brown's best bearing the legend: "Comrade Geo. Truax." The comrades at once remembered the recent marriage of Comrade Truax and immediately commenced to discuss the cigars and to wish Comrade Truax abundant happiness, trusting that he may never have occasion to be sorry he enlisted. THE JOURNAL was appointed a committee of one to pass the cigars to an absent comrade in the far west.

Comrade Coe, from Wm. Ketcham Post, Ada, was admitted to membership in Col. Cobham Post and the adjutant instructed to so notify him.

The comrades were pleased to greet comrade A. M. Childs and trust that he will come often.

Comrade Jennings reported the organization of a Woman's Relief Corps of 60 members, which, he said, was the largest organization ever mustered in in the State, larger than many organizations reach in several years. This announcement was greeted with ringing cheers.

The regular meeting occurs to-morrow evening, the 15th, and all comrades are urged to be in attendance to discuss business of importance. After the regular routine is disposed of there will be a social session devoted to army songs, army experiences and topics that always enlist the old soldiers' earnest attention.

Reclining Chair Cars.

If you intend going East of South via St. Paul and Chicago, why not take "The Burlington" day train from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and enjoy the beautiful scenery of the Upper Mississippi? This train has one feature not afforded by any other line between the Twin Cities and Chicago; it carries elegant reclining chair cars, which make the journey delightful, easy and comfortable, and no extra charge is made to those occupying seats in them. Insist on the agent giving you tickets via 'The Burlington"—C., B. & N. R. R.—and take no others.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts.

[33-tf]

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

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CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r

D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

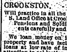
IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.



STUDY LAW AT HOME.

Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to J. COTNER, Jr., Sec., No. 80 Whitney Block, DETROIT, MICH.

The Southern brigadier in Congress says Uncle Sam has done too much for the boys in blue already and they say they don't propose to stand any "more nonsense."

It has been intimated frequently that Doc. Fish is a whale. Recent events would seem to indicate the truth of the statement and, moreover, Donnelly seems to have been playing the Jonah act to Doc's whale.

Time was when "Me & Mike" was a flourishing St. Paul concern that gained some notoriety throughout the State. From the appearances of things it looks very like a "Me & Mike" society has been started in Crookston, since the new daily blossomed.

The Southern brigadier being in control in the lower house of Congress, the northern states get but little recognition on important committees. That is no more than might be expected, but it is amusing to see the democratic papers squirm. They have always howled about "oppressing our poor Southern brother," and now they have a dose they don't relish.

The southern brigadier is in the saddle again. In the democratic House it was decided that Uncle Sam is not rich enough to send the food contributions to the starving poor in Russia—you see Russia sided with the north against the south in the late unpleasantness and that makes a difference to the southern element in Congress—which is at present in control of the lower house of that body.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

HUBBARD, Jan. 12th, 1892.

K. S. Aker returned a few days ago from Park River, N. D., where he attended his mother's funeral. He has the sympathy of us all.

Geo. Tollefson, who has a fine timber claim in the wilds of Polk County, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ole Tollefson.

Halvor Thompson entertained his friends on his birthday at the residence of Elling Ellington. All seemed to enjoy themselves.

Miss Matilda Johnson, who visited her relatives in Fisher during vacation, has come back to finish her term of school. We hear that there are two districts that desire her services for the spring term.

The hour for the Union Sunday school services has been changed from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. All interested in God's dealings with man are requested to meet at the school house in district 17, at that hour.

John Keland, one of our bright young men, has just entered the Lutheran college at Grand Forks.

Parties who have land to sell in this town at a reasonable price can find purchasers by addressing Hayes Bros., Edna, Minn.

Jas. Hayes leaves this evening for a visit to his old home in Hartleton, Pa.

New Impetus Given to the Duluth & Winnipeg Road By the New Officers.

Funds Secured for Completing the Road Into the Red River Valley.

St. Paul Dispatch.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 11.—At the annual meeting of the Duluth & Winnipeg road officials a complete change in the management was made, of the utmost importance to Duluth and the Northwest. B. N. Baker, of Baltimore, is succeeded as president by A. W. Wright, of Saginaw, and the executive committee became Messrs. Wright and R. S. Munger, of Duluth. The road by these changes becomes thoroughly a Duluth affair, which it has not been during Baker's presidency. Additional money has been raised and a line is to be built at once directly west from Grand Rapids to and beyond Red River into the wheat country.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONNY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels.

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF
REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls
—o—AT—o—
Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK
IS
ON DISPLAY
THE FAIR
DEPARTMENT STORE,
Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff. Pipes to suit he fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

Northern Pacific
BETWEEN
Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS
EAST AND WEST.

There is nothing better than the service on
THE DINING CAR LINE
Through Pullman Sleeping Cars Daily between points
IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY
—AND—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
PACIFIC COAST TRAINS
PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana Idaho, Oregon and Washington
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleeper
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

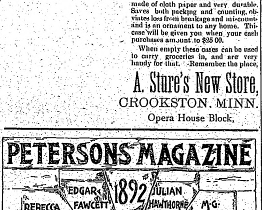
P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants Bank.

Farmers' Egg Cases.
Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25 00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Opera House Block,



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Its Stories are from the pens of some of the MOST POPULAR WRITERS OF THE DAY, and are admitted to be the best published anywhere.
Its Miscellaneous Articles are instructive and helpful, and include all matters of general interest to women, from the furnishing of a room to the making of a dress or bonnet.
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With large reductions when taken in clubs, and a large variety of choice premiums to those who get up clubs.
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Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

W. A. ROBERTSON
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Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B.—Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Thursday, Jan. 14th 1892.]
[Last publication Thursday, Feb. 25th 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and fifty and seventy one hundredths Dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Thomas Plante and Mary Plante his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages on page 470.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of the said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars ($956 14), with interest on nine hundred and forty (940) dollars, thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the south-east quarter (n½ se¼) and the north half of the south-west quarter (n½sw¼) of section thirty four (34) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk county, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb 25th, 1892]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of Seventy-one and seventy eight one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Luc Jenot and Elenore Jenot, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the seventh day of December 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages on page 57.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Ten Hundred and seventy-eight and fifty-eight dollars, ($1078.58), with interest on Ten Hundred and Seventy ($1070) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south-east (se) quarter of section nineteen (19) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred and Seventy eight and fifty eight one hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D 1892,

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosuse Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
[Last publication Jan. 25th; 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and eighty-five one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin Thompson and Ann G. Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut; mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December 1889, and; with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 242.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and ninety-two and eighty-one one hundredths dollars, ($692 81), with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of section twenty (20) of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th. A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and 83-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peder H. Mesedalen and Kari Mesedalen, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m, in book 48 of mortgages, on page 246.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred ninety two and 81-100 dollars, ($692 81) with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt, secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section seventeen (17), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure; and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-two and 19-100 dollars interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Boulie and Melvina Boulie, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of August, 1890, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on page 393.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and ninety-six and 4-100 dollars, ($496.04), with interest on four hundred and eighty-one (481) dollars thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the northwest quarter (s½ nw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), all in Section two (2), of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred ninety-six and 4-100 dollars ($496.04) and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-three and 25-100 dollars interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Napoleon Gonyea, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of November, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 54 of mortgages, on page 345.

And whereas the said, The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars ($650.83) with interest on six hundred and forty-two (642) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ se¼) of section thirty (30), of Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.
A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—
CROOKSTON, MINN

MEMBERS OF THE
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ATTENTION
Supply Association Prices on
HARNESS, ETC.,
Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON.

QUOTATIONS.

Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My price
No. 2	$7.50	$6.50
No. 3	8.75	8.00

Double Buggy Harness
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price, $15.00
" " G. W. Peake's " 14 50

Double Farm Harness.	
No. B.x C.—Home Supply price	$24.25
" " G. W. Peake's "	23.50
No C 33—Home Supply "	25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	23.50
No. D 40—Home Supply "	28.00
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No. E 40—Home Supply "	28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top	15c to 25c
" " straight Java	20c to 60c
" " rawhide center	90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars	$2.00 to $4.50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks	50c per pair
Webb Halters	25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle	$3.00
Riding Bridle—plain	90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles	$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

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Fife,	2.15
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☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
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To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list	$20 00
" " next largest list	10.00
" " third " "	5.00
" " fourth " "	3.00
" " fifth " "	2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each.	10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c "	10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.
2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:
4 Kansas,
Mrs. Henry Brown, Olathe.
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas Semple, box 310.
" Amelia Walker.
3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.
4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.
☞ Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1893, number of the Home Magazine.

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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, January 14, 1892.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m

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Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
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NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South.............	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg........	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Jan. 5.—The new year is all a time for reckoning accounts and making out statements. In all Western cities it is customary to review the progress of the year just closed and give columns of figures that show the growth of the twelve months. Duluth newspapers have been either not as enterprising or not as ambitious this winter as usual, for up to date no annuals have been published and little attempt has been made to collect the statistics of the year. The figures in a few of the principal lines of business, however, are at hand. Bank clearings for the year were $106,824,193.99 against $104,572,349 81 in 1890, an increase of $2,251,845 68. Not a large increase, but very satisfactory, considering the fact that the business of one of the largest banks of the city, which failed in December, 1890, was absorbed by other banks, making a large loss business passing through the clearing house. In the amount of capital and surplus, deposits and loans, the banking business of the city showed a large increase, about 80 per cent. over that of the previous year. The records of the board of trade show that flour receipts for the year were 2,783,494 bbls, wheat receipts 40,501,106 bu., corn 299,291 bu., oats 570,442 bu., rye 15,652 bu., barley 160,492 bu., flax 490,690 bu. The receipts of flour and wheat, reducing the former to bushels, were 54,524,851 bu. As compared with 1890 flour receipts are 415,217 bbs. larger, and wheat receipts increased 25,159,644 bu. The increase of receipts at Minneapolis was only half that amount.

The shipments of flour were 3,452,494 bbls, and wheat 34,659,368 bu., or a total flour in bushels, of 50,195,391 bu. Of these shipments 3,220,273 bbls flour and 33,817,568 bu. wheat went by lake. Chicago lake shipments of flour were 1,684,011 bbls, and wheat 29,642,142 bu. In 1890 Duluth's flour shipments were 2,599,384 bbls, and wheat shipments 15,090,826 bu.

The year's flour production was 684,000 bbls, against 430,978 bbls in 1890, and 84,446 bbls in 1889. After January 16th the capacity of the mills will be more than doubled, running up to 6,500 a day. Next fall mills at the head of the lake will have a daily capacity of 11,000 bbls.

The report of Collector Johnson for the year makes the number of arrivals and clearances 2,895, an increase of 861 over 1890. The tonnage of the port was 3,268,031, an average tonnage to vessels of 1,125. In 1885 vessels arriving here averaged only 761 tons. Among the items of receipts were 778,962 tons coal, 206,971 bbls lime and cement, 33,318 tons building stone and lime, 137,621 bbls salt, and 270,174 tons merchandise. About 18 per cent of the real tonnage of Duluth is lost to the custom house records by the reporting at other ports and that percentage ought to be added to the figures given. Duluth and Superior together report the number of arrivals and clearances at 4,505 and the tonnage at 5,882,494 tons. There is a population at the head of the lake now of about 70,000. At the port of Chicago, with its population of 1,200,000, the arrivals and clearances were 20,237 and the tonnage 10,150,052, the latter being less than twice as large as the tonnage at the head of Lake Superior. Building permits issued by the city inspector were for 439 structures valued at $1,122,275. In addition to this valuation the expenditures on such buildings as the Lyceum, the Union Depot and the new High School, which took out permits last year and the extra expenditure on other structures, has been about $800,000. The new buildings in Lakeside, West Duluth and New Duluth outside the inspection limits number about 400, and are valued at about $1,200,000, making the total expenditures for the year about $3,125,000, and the total number 839. Last year 780 buildings were erected.

About 5 miles of streets were paved, and 12 miles graded, 65 miles of sanitary and 4 miles storm sewers, and 7½ miles sidewalk built. The total cost of this work was about $900,000 or $350,000 more than the amount expended the previous year. In street railway building, harbor improvements and railroad improvements within the city limits the expenditures were larger than for years, if not greater than ever before.

HAYS.

Minneapolis Tribune, Dec. 19th, 1891:—"Next week the Andrews Opera Company will present the two most popular comic operas of the day, "Mascotte" and "The Mikado," the former the first half of the week. During the past three weeks the audiences at the Lyceum have been large, which is an indication that the people have realized that the Andrews Opera Company is giving worthy and creditable performances. The Lyceum ought to be well filled next week. An excellent performance of the "Mascotte" can confidently be expected, for the company has already presented this opera here one night. As for "The Mikado," there can be no doubt but that it will be well done, for the characters are well suited to the principals of this company." Will be at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, one night only, Monday, Jan. 25th, 1892. Prices, $1.50, $1.00, 75c. and 50c. Seats on sale at Tom Morris' Monday, Jan. 18th. Come early and avoid the rush.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipt.

[33-tf]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 7th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 18th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, executed and delivered by Ida D. Van Tuyl and John S. Van Tuyl, her husband, mortgagors, to the "Union Central Life Insurance Company," mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of November, 1889, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in book 51 of mortgages, on page 265, and whereas said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars and interest thereon from its said date at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, due and payable on the first day of January in each year. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable January 1st, 1891, and default having also been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable on January 1st, 1892, and both of said defaults still continue, and no part of said principal has ever been paid. And whereas the conditions of said mortgage are such that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or interest thereon when the same becomes due, then the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage shall thereupon become due and payable at once.

And whereas both by the terms of said mortgage and the election of said mortgagee hereby made the whole amount secured by said mortgage both principal and interest accrued to this date is now due and payable.

And the amount now claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage, including interest in accordance with the terms of said mortgage is the sum of six hundred and ninety-nine and 93-100 dollars. And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained which by reason of the defaults aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit:. The west half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter, both of the above described tracts being in Section ten (10), Township one hundred and forty nine (149), Range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and containing 160 acres of land, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on Tuesday, the 23d day of February 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy and pay the amount which will then be due upon said mortgage according to the terms thereof, and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees as provided by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 4th, 1892.

Union Central Life Insurance Company,
Mortgagee.

Chas. P. Barker,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
618 Guaranty Loan Building,
[33-44] Minneapolis Minn.

[First publication Jan. 7, 1892.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } ss.

The State of Minnesota, to George W. Roberts and Georganne Roberts, defendants:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 30th day of January, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston in said county, to answer to Christen Anderson in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said Christen Anderson for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 31st day of December, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Justice of the Peace.

STEENERSON & STANTON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff. [33-40]

P. J. RUSSELL.

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

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KATE: "I don't know: I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."

JENNIE: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting,

without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafargo deserted her Delsarte class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Eames last evening how his club made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest 'fads,' and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little out-of-the way place?—for you never go to the city."

KATE: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all wants. I very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all; for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household: father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only $2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be cutting us out, as you say we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town." If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

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Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.	FARM LANDS
N W TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. Whitney, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways. New Mines. Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest state per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 21, 1892. NO. 40.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

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One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. Outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
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3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
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1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
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Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Jan. 11.—Judge Start has just decided a case of great local interest, and one which covers a new point—the right of a street railway company to condemn a right of way. The Motor Line Improvement Company a year or more ago built a line to Woodland Park, out Woodland avenue, a new street partly opened through two or three additions, in which W. E Richardson and his partners were the owners. It was found that the grade through these additions was too steep for economical operation, and the company surveyed and built a new farther east. This new line passed through property owned by Mr. Richardson, who got out a restraining order. This was dissolved and the company went ahead with the work. The decision was appealed to the Supreme Court, and Judge Mills, of the District Court, holding that the appeal left the restraining order in force until a decision was given by the higher court, fined the company for contempt. The company appealed from this fine, and the appeals are still pending. In the meantime the company has completed and is operating the line. It also began condemnation proceedings, and Judge Start has just decided that a street railway company can condemn for its necessary purposes under the right of eminent domain, in this respect placing it upon the same footing as the ordinary railway company as a common carrier.

The banking business in Duluth the past year was a most prosperous one, and the condition of all banks at the close of the year shows a most satisfactory growth in every direction. There was an immense amount of business added through the great wheat trade of the year. Only two of Duluth's banks are large enough to handle this great business. There is room here for more banking capital, especially in large banks. All banks in the city paid good dividends and all have added a large amount to their surplus. Two institutions increased their capital during the year and one new bank, in the West End, was started. The condition of the nine banks and the Loan and Trust company, which does a banking business, on the first day of January, as compared with a year ago, is shown by the following figures: Capital, $2875,000, increase for the year $400,000; surplus and undivided profits, $704,500, increast $218,000; deposits, $3,914,325, increase about $400,000; loans $5,987,381, increase about $800,000.

The Benton Transportation company of Bismarck, is considering the wisdom of building a large elevator here. If it should conclude to do so, it will make this city its headquarters. HAYS.

St. Hilaire Spectator:—S. M. Dainard returned last Saturday from Crookston with a new team of horses which he had bought while away. A look into Sam's stables these days would lead one to believe that he was trying to work a corner on the stock market.

St. Hilaire Spectator:—Emil Holmes returned last Monday from Goodhue county where he had been spending the holidays with his relatives and his best girl. While at Crookston he left his grip to go and see a man, and a tramp walked off with it. He takes the loss of the grip very hard as it was full of Christmas presents that his girl had made him. The Crookston police were notified but could not find the thief.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the city hall on Tuesday evening January 12th, 1892.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Alderman absent—Marshall, Steenerson.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The committee to whom was referred the matter of Mrs. Blanchard for damages done by water overflow on her property, reported that the City is not responsible and therefore recommended that no action be taken.

On motion the report was accepted and the committee discharged.

Report of Justice Spendley was read.

Report of the chief of police on the number of hours the electric lights were out during the past two months was presented.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman McGlogan, that the chief of police be instructed to make his report relating to the electric lights immediately after the date on which the Crookston Water Works Power & Light Co. present the semi-annual bill, and to present it to the comptroller so that he may have both bills before him for auditing. Carried.

A communication was read from the Crookston Water Works Power & Light Co. relating to electric light.

On motion the report of the chief of police on the electric lights for the three months ending Dec. 31st was referred to the finance committee with instructions to deduct the amount necessary from bill for the nights that the lights were not burning.

On motion the resignation of H. Larson as constable was accepted.

Alderman Jennings excused.

Two applications were presented to fill the vacancy of constable and were from T. B. McManus and O. Ducharme.

On motion the constable was elected by ballot.

5 ballots were taken before there was any choice. On the fifth ballot O. Ducharme was declared elected as constable.

The finance committee reported favorable upon the following bills:

Geo. O. Buhn, repairing	$ 8 95
" "	1 00
N. S. Gervais, pillows	4 00
McKinnon Bros., coal	72 24
Sargent Bros. drayage	14 50
A. O. Ralstad, meals to prisoners	9 50
Edmond & Vian, repairing	12 75
Geo. H. Holt, special police	8 00
H. E. Cooke, printing	27 60
H. M. Sorlie, ice	5 80
E. D. Childs, stove	15 00
F. Jerome, rent of hall	7 00
C. S. Spendley, justice fees	3 80
Ed. Ruckhabn, labor	7 50
C. E. Dampier, medical attendance	14 00
C. E. Dampier, medical attendance	20 00
C. E. Dampier, medical attendance	3 00
C. S. Spendley, justice fees	5 00
D. F. McDonald, labor in 1st ward	17 00
D. F. McDonald, labor in 3rd ward	7 00
D. F. McDonald, labor in 4th ward	12 00
D. F. McDonald, general labor	2 00
" " "	7 00

The fence committee held bills No. 803, 815, 818 and 819 in abeyance.

On motion the report was accepted and adopted.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the President of the council, chairman of the finance committee and the city treasurer be instructed to wait upon the county treasurer and request him to turn over all moneys in his hands belonging to the city to the city treasurer. Carried.

The city engineer presented a bill of $137 for assistance and surveying in making the maps of the city.

On motion the bill was referred to the finance committee and the comptroller with instructions to report at the next regular meeting.

The question of granting Fred Sargent a license to sell liquor for a term of one year from the date of his application was then brought up.

Remarks were heard from Attorney Stanton in favor of granting the license.

The city attorney gave his opinion that the council had no right to grant it for a year from the date of his application.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Marlette, that the city attorney be requested to submit the question of (has the council power to grant a license for one year running from any date within the fiscal year) to the Attorney General for his decision and that the license in question be held in abeyance until the report is obtained.

Upon the call of ays and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Childs, Marlette.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Bunn, Jerome, McGlogan, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Motion declared lost.

Moved by Alderman Walker, seconded by Alderman Schmidt, that Mr. F. Sargent be granted a license to sell liquors for the term of one year from the date of his application, upon the payment of the sum of $500 to the city treasurer. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Walker that the city attorney be instructed to ascertain the Attorney General's opinion as to whether the council has the power to grant a license for the term of one year running from a date within the fiscal year. Carried.

Alderman Jerome excused.

Alderman Childs offered the following ordinances relating to houses of ill-fame:

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held the 12th day of January, 1892, Alderman Childs offered the following ordinance:

AN ORDINANCE

Relating to disorderly houses within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston:

The city council of the city of Crookston do ordain:

Sec. 1. Any person or persons who shall within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston, keep a disorderly house for the practice of fornication, or for the resort of persons of evil name or fame, or who shall commit or suffer to be committed therein any immoral, immodest or other improper conduct or behavior, or any tippling, reveling, rioting or disturbance, calculated to disturb the neighbors or annoy travelers of the general public, and all persons who resort to such disorderly house shall, on conviction thereof before any justice of the peace of said city, be punished by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution or by imprisonment not to exceed ninety days at the discretion of said justice of the peace.

Sec. 2. No person or persons within the limits of the city of Crookston, shall commit or suffer to be committed in any house or other building or premises by him, her or them occupied, any rioting, quarreling, fighting, reveling, drunkenness, or and other disorderly conduct, calculated to disturb the neighborhood or annoy travelers, or the general public; and any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall on conviction thereof before any justice of the peace of said city be punished by a fine not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not to exceed ninety days as to the discretion of said justice may seem just.

Sec. 3. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in so much as they may be inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval, publication and recording.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 12th day of January, 1892, Alderman Childs offered the following ordinance:

AN ORDINANCE

Relating to houses of ill-fame within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston:

The city council of the city of Crookston do ordain:

Sec. 1. Any person or persons who shall within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston, keep a house of ill-fame, or house resorted to for the purpose of prostitution and lewdness; and all persons, male or female, who resort to such house of ill-fame, shall on conviction thereof before a justice of the peace of said city, be punished by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed ninety days, at the discretion of said justice of the peace.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to demise, let or hire, any house or other building, buildings or premises within the limits of the city of Crookston, to any person or persons for any of the purposes mentioned in the first section of this ordinance, and if any person shall knowingly offend against this section of this ordinance, he, she or they, upon conviction thereof, before a justice of the peace of said city, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution for every such offense.

Sec. 3. Any person, male or female, who shall, within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston, resort to any house of ill-fame for the purposes of prostitution or to associate with a prostitute or prostitutes, or who shall procure another to resort to any house of ill-fame for the purpose of prostitution or to associate with prostitutes shall, for each such offence on conviction thereof before a justice of the peace of said city, be punished by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution or by imprisonment in the city jail not more than thirty days in the discretion of said justice.

Sec. 4. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in so much as they may be inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval, publication and recording.

Alderman McGlogan moved to amend them, that $25 be substituted where the $50 appeared.

On motion the report of Justice Spendley was referred to the finance committee.

Alderman Schmidt offered an ordinance relating to the fire department of the city of Crookston, which was passed.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17, 1892.

Two matters have been of interest in Congress for a week. One was Governor and Senator Hill, who seemed to absorb the Democratic minority in the Senate as thoroughly as he had absorbed the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of New York, and the other was the Russian relief fund resolution in the House.

Governor Hill promptly took his place as a leader. There is no further question as to his standing in the Democratic party of the country. In New York he has been a dictator of Democracy for years. His national ascendancy begins with the Congress. It is assured. If there is any Democratic nomination he wants this year, he can have it. If he wishes to have the party nomination for President go west this year—to Palmer, of Illinois, for instance—it will go west. The Democratic party is this man's slave, to-day, as much as it was slavery's slave a generation ago. He has shown that he can win, in one field and that is enough. What the Democracy wants is to win. Theirs is the man's advice to his son—"Get money; honestly if you can; but get money."

The other subject of interest—the Russian relief resolution—is one that appeals to every patriot in the country. It was simply for the Government to charter a vessel to carry Northwestern contributions to starving Russians. There was no "job" in it. The Russians were starving, the millers had given the flour, and the United States was asked to furnish the transportation. The Senate passed the resolution, but the House rejected it. This is a revival of the "war spirit" with a vengeance. Russia is the one historical friend of the United States—aided the Colonies in 1776, and had a fleet in American from 1862 to 1865 to assist the nation if England or France or any other European Government should recognize the Confederacy. The Confederacy, represented in the House by the Democracy, is even with Russia now. But what sort of Americanism is this sort of Democracy? The United States carried food to suffering people in Ireland and used a Government vessel to carry Lafayette to France in 1824. But for feeling in the Southern Democracy to-day, growing out of Russia's attitude during the civil war, the same graceful and patriotic action would have been taken as to the Russian relief fund.

It is impossible to say what Governor Hill would have had the House do with the Russian relief resolution if he had taken charge of the Democracy at Washington a few days sooner. He was not in time. As it is, the two events of the week were Democratic, un-American and unpatriotic. The man who filched a State Government took his seat on the Democratic side of the Senate, and the historical and traditional friend of the United States among the nations was deliberately slighted in the Democratic House.

Questions are raised as to the honesty of the Administration of only two bureaus of the Government during President Harrison's three years of service. The Pension office is attacked, but chiefly if not entirely because of the present Commissioner's unpopularity. There is no charge against the office that involves improper use of government money. There will probably be an investigation, and if the Commissioner is shown to be unworthy he will go, as any unworthy person should go from public position. In the other case the Census Bureau is assailed. Extravagance is charged, and there are allegations that the New York City Democracy did not have a "fair count." This latter charge is serious only because of the reputation as counters that the New York men have who make the charge. But the Census Office will be investigated, as the Pension Office will, by the Democratic House.

Hill's Program.

Cleveland Leader.

Ex-Governor Hill, in his recent bid for the democratic nomination for President, expressed the opinion that the wisest course for the democrats to pursue was only to pass such bills in the democratic house this winter as "will cost the republican party final overthrow in the next congressional and presidential elections." In other words, the popular branch of Congress is to be managed as a political machine entirely, for the benefit of a political party. Nothing is to be done this winter unless it will injure the republican party. Every measure that comes up for consideration is to be scrutinized with regard to its political effect. Financial matters, the tariff, legislation affecting the courts, the army and navy, and our intercourse with other nations, must all be considered from a narrow, partisan standpoint. If a proposed act will injure the republican party, it will be passed and the administration will be blamed for it; or, if it is thought that its defeat will make democratic capital, it will be passed in the house and sent to the senate to make the republican party responsible for defeating it. Traps and mines are to be set and sprung, the time of men, supposed to be statesmen, will be devoted to a series of plots and counter plots; a chaos of complications, a warfare of cabals, is to be inaugurated. Principles are to be thrown to the winds and the government left to take care of itself to allow free scope to the democratic lust for office. As in the heat of a fiercely fought battle, when law and all questions of right are suspended and every energy is bent upon taking life, so in this fight for power every democratic congressman is to sink his convictions of duty to his constituents, to disregard all claims of statesmanship, to scheme and plot solely to gain some advantage over his political opponents. This is modern democracy. This is the doctrine upon which the south has been made solid, northern states made democratic by gerrymanders, and the senate of New York stolen.

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W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, January 21, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 70.
1 Northern 67.
2 Northern 64.
3 Northern 61.

S. M. McKee has returned from Michigan.

The little two-year-old boy of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hooper died on Monday.

J. P. Marcum has gone to Iona to attend the funeral of his father.

Frank Brown has accepted a position in the office of Lee & Herrick's mill.

During the cold snap the water-pipes at Fontaine & Anglim's bursted causing some damage to goods.

Geo. Vine gets another carload of hogs from below this week. For choice meats of all kinds go to Vine's Robert street meat market.

Frank Barnum is walking on stilts this week. When asked the cause he remarked: "'That wife of mine' will be here on Sunday morning next."

A wreck occurred in the Carman yard last week by which two cars, loaded with wheat, were smashed and a delay of several hours occasioned to the down passenger train.

The Crookston Musical Society will meet at the residence of Mr. Thomas Adams, on Oak street, Friday evening next. The society desires to add to its number about twenty-five more voices before proceeding with the drill, and it is hoped that all who can sing will be present at the above time.

Fred Durand, Marsh Barber, Sam. Rosenthal and O. J. Barnes went out to one of Walker's logging camps last week to breathe in a little of the ozone that doth much abound in these parts. They returned on Saturday evening without much game to show for the trip—but then it ain't that time of year.

An accident occurred on the Northern Pacific Railroad near Brainerd last week, by which a sleeper containing the Andrews opera company was wrecked, killing Mrs. Ed. Andrews and her maid and wounding several of the troupe seriously. The car was thrown from the track by a broken rail, went over an embankment, took fire and the bodies were nearly consumed before they could be taken out. Owing to this accident the company can not appear here as previously advertised.

Regular services at the Congregational church next Sunday. Rev. R. H. Battey will preach morning and evening. Morning subject—"How to Increase Spiritual Power in Our Churches." Evening subject—"The Golden Scepter." A very cordial welcome is extended to all. All are requested to be prompt. There will be a decided gain both in the pleasure and profit of both morning and evening service if the people will plan to come into the church at least five minutes before the hours of service, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

McKenzie of the Times was making a great kick last week over the expense of his new daily. We sympathize with Mac. deeply, and to help him bear the expense of publishing his daily we will turn over to him our circular relating to "green goods" thus affording him an opportunity to rake in $20,000 on an expenditure of only $1,000. That $19,000 would run your daily a long time—Eh, "thanks," did you say? Oh, don't mention it! This, with the extra amount the board assessed the taxpayers ought to float your daily awhile yet.

We are informed that Rev. R. H. Battey has bought "The Message" of Rev. F. C. Whitney, and will enlarge the field and sphere of usefulness of this paper. Mr. Battey has had experience in editorial work, and readers of The Message, we predict, may look out for quite a stirring up to good words and works. One decided improvement will be made at the very beginning of Mr. Battey's handling of The Message, and that is it will be run in the interest of all the churches and their good work, instead of as the organ of Baptist churches, as heretofore. Mr. Battey will bring out his first issue about February 1st.

The fire bell called the department out at 7 o'clock on Monday morning to attend to an incipient blaze in the old Markham building, now occupied by Mr. Tibesar as a meat market. The rooms above were occupied as a residence by Mrs. Newland and Mrs. E. E. Bangs lives there. The family were about getting up when the fire broke out, and escaped—some of them en dishabille with the thermometer ranging down among the forties. The building was saved with slight damage, though considerable damage was done to the household effects by water. It was fortunately discovered in time to prevent the loss of life, though had no one been up it is hard to say what might not have happened as the fire caught right beneath the only means of egress for those living above. The fire evidently caught in a chimney.

The comrades of Col. Cobham Post discussed some of H. F. Brown's excellent cigars, at the Post meeting last Friday evening with the Junior Vice Commander. The boys always like to smoke Brown's cigars knowing them to be reliable in every instance.

Left-Over-Remnant-Sale

—AT—

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Ladies Cloths, ...
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May Be Just What You Want.

REMNANTS OF LACES AND EMBROIDERIES IN ABUNDANCE.

The subscriptions to our relief fund do not roll in very fast but we have verbal promises for some more. As near as we can learn at present writing 1000 bushels of wheat, about 500 bushels of barley and from 1500 to 2000 bushels of oats will be required to relieve the most urgent cases. To us this looks like an extremely small amount to raise and yet we have less than 50 bushels of wheat pledged toward it. If the alliance should take hold of this matter in earnest the whole amount needed could be raised in very short order. In conversation with one of the victims on Monday he said to the writer: "If I had seed wheat for 150 acres, oats and barley for 50 and feed for my horses I believe I could pull through all right; but if I have to give seed grain notes for my seed it will be no use to try again as then I will have nothing to put up for provisions for my family." This man is one who has lost three crops in succession by blight and his last crop was completely swept away by hail leaving him nothing but a disposition to try again if he can get the seed and feed. We believe such men should be encouraged by all means. All who feel disposed to help can advise us of the fact and add their names to the list. Let us hear from you, friends.

The daily Times, in its issue of Saturday, comes valiantly to the rescue of DeMers and Stortroen from what it calls the attack of THE JOURNAL upon those two worthies, and charges us with using "mud batteries and abuse." If the simple statement that it was the votes of these two commissioners that obliges the taxpayers to pay two or three times as much for the printing as they need to have done is a "mud battery and abuse" THE JOURNAL pleads guilty, but we supposed the board of county commissioners were public servants, elected to transact business in the interest of people, and we had an idea that they were under oath to do it. If this is the case it is the right of every citizen to criticise the actions of their servants and it is the duty of every newspaper that, like THE JOURNAL desires to see the interests of the taxpayers protected, to protest against such jobs as this appears to be, and we propose to stand by the people against all the jobs of all the rings in Polk County. The people in some way got the idea that a great deal of public money was being used to bolster up political jobs and they elected Messrs. Stortroen and DeMers as much for the special purpose of guarding against such jobs as for any other purpose and how have they discharged that trust? Without knowing what the bids were to be they get up a resolution declaring the Times bid the lowest, declaring that THE JOURNAL and the Bulletin and the NoIntosh Times incapable of doing the work which is not in accordance with the facts as far as two of the papers are concerned as both of them have done the work in the past and either one alone could do it now if called upon. Moreover, they had given good and sufficient bonds to the county to do the work at less than half the Times bid and this fact makes them just as responsible bidders as the other parties. THE JOURNAL is not worrying over the loss of that work at those figures but the Times, with its daily issue must levy contribution everywhere in order to live. Now it is all right to publish a daily, if you publish a good one, and if it is a good one it is a benefit to the locality in which it is published and deserves support but those who support it ought to do it from choice and not be obliged to do it by an action of the county board. No doubt the commissioners thought the daily a good thing to have and deserving of patronage—and we do not say that a good daily is not all of that, for its locality, but the fact remains that a good responsible bid offered to do the printing for at least one half what the commissioners obliged the taxpayers to pay for it and we do not see how these two commissioners elected specially to protect the taxpayers against such jobs can give a satisfactory explanation of their action to their constituents.

Some more zero weather during the past week.

Ed. Walsh reports a good business in real estate.

Sture wants to buy your butter and eggs. Let him make you an offer.

If you have oats or barley to sell take them to Sture and see what he can do for you.

J. O. Sundet has purchased the marble works and will run the concern hereafter.

I will pay the highest market price for butter and eggs. A. STURE, opera house block, Crookton.

Several of the comrades went to Fosston on Saturday to attend a meeting of Zebulon Johnson Post of that place.

If the Minneapolis prophet is any good we may expect a mild February to be followed by on early spring. Let us hope he is correct.

Charlie Misner is getting to be noted as a weather prophet. He predicted the blizzard of Tuesday—an hour or so after it commenced.

I want to buy 2000 bushels of oats and barley, for which I will pay the highest market price. A. STURE, opera house block, Crookston.

Comrade W. L. Davies, of Angus, favored the Post with a pleasant visit on Friday evening of last week. Comrade Davies has been up to McIntosh after a car load of wood.

Monday was one of those clear-cut cold days what you read about and seldom see in this country. Said to be the coldest of the winter—anywhere from 30 to 40 below.

Quite a number joined the Women's Relief Corps at the meeting om Monday evening. Mrs. I. U. Jennings and Mrs. J. V. Wyatt were elected delegates to the Encampment at Minneapolis in February.

J. W. Wheeler returned last Saturday from a visit to Chicago and at once took his new position as cashier in the Scandia American Bank. Mr. W. has been with the 1st National bank for seven years is thoroughly posted in the duties of his position and the Scandia is to be congratulated upon securing his services.

Hallock Enterprise:—Attorney Wilkinson, of Crookston, was up on Thursday in the interests of Richard Russell, who has been buying out the interest of Fred Hughs. The mill now is owned wholly by Mr. Russell, and Thos. Kane will remain as manager. A miller is expected from Minneapolis on Monday and the manager says that when they start up again it means business. That is just what the people of this county will be pleased to see.

Postmaster W. B. Dawley furnishes THE JOURNAL the following report of the money order business done at Crookston post office for the year 1891. There were 1724 domestic money orders issued, amounting to $16,750.93, the fees on which were $248.48; 189 international money orders issued, amounting to $1,612.59, fees, $22.50; 1227 domestic money orders paid, amounting to $14,389.19; 93 international money orders paid, amounting to $3,431.56; 1594 postal notes issued, amounting to $1,576.84, fees $39.88; 745 postal notes paid amounting to $1,576.74; 12 money orders prepaid, making 5584 orders handled, amounting to $39,947.88, on whech the fees were $310.81. Our post-office seems to be in excellent hands and doing a land-office business.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston, Minn., Post Office, for the week ending Jan. 16, 1892:

Hur. Ben	Johnson, B John
Shannon, Mr. William	Sanders, Mr. A
Sparoni, Miss Mary	Steffenson, Mr.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, Postmaster.

ESTRAY.

A sorrel horse, with three white feet and white in face came on my place Sec. 15 Town of Kertsonville, about the 20th of last month. Owner is requested to claim property, pay charges and take him away. FRANK LASARGE.

Caught By Cupid.

On the evening of January 18th, at the residence of Hon. Halvor Steenerson in this city Levi S. Myers was united for life to Miss Sigri Ostby, of Vineland, the Rev. Mr. Hillman officiating. Levi is one of the leading grangers of Polk County and is also extensively engaged in the lumber business with headquarters for that business at Fosston. THE JOURNAL extends congratulations.

A company was organized in this city last week called "The Maple Lake and Land Improvement Co.," for the purpose of developing the resources of Maple Lake as a pleasure resort. The following officers were elected:

Capt. Griggs, of Grand Forks, President.
Max Ericsson, of Crookston, Vice "
W. G. Smith, of Grand Forks, Secretary.
W. C. Lee, of Crookston, Treasurer.

These officers, together with W. B. Dawley, of Crookston, and W. W. Attix, Jr., of Mentor, form the first board of directors. The company intends to build a hotel on the shore of the lake and keep a supply of boats and fishing tackle for the use of their guests. They are prepared also to sell lots to any who will build a cottage upon the lot. Connection by rail will be made with the Fosston line at or near Mentor. Prospects good for lots of fun at the lake next summer and hereafter.

At a meeting of Mentor Alliance, No. 594, Jan. 16th, 1892, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas it has pleased our all-wise Creator to remove from life one of our members, W. W. Attix,

Therefore be it resolved, that this Alliance has lost one of its most worthy members, and this community one of its best citizens.

Resolved, that this Alliance most sincerely feels his loss, and extends to his family our heartfelt sympathy.

Resolved that these resolutions be recorded in the minutes of this meeting.

G. H. TRIPP, Sec'y.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35 tf]

The Great Family Newspaper

Only $1 a Year. Two Cents a Week.

The National Tribune,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The National Tribune aims to be the greatest family paper in the United States It has the Finest Array of Contributors in the country, and gives More Original Reading Matter, of the best quality, than any other great weekly. Among its present special features are:

NANQUISHING VICKSBURG. By Prof. A. Hobbs, of the Delevan (Wis.) College. Prof. Hoobs was First Sergeant of Co. B. 99th Ill., and fought the entire campaign which he so graphically describes. He commences with the camp at Milliken's Bend, and carries the reader through all the campaign, giving a boy soldier's views of the marching, camping, fighting, scenery, Generals etc. It will be read with great interest by all.

INDIAN STORIES. A series of Exciting Narratives of Life, Loving, Hunting and Fighting on the Western Frontier. By Col. Henry Inman, the populae author.

LARZ BEVERLY. An interesting Romance. By Mrs. Olive Logan Sikes, the noted writer.

ON THE MEXICAN BORDER. By Col. A. G. Brackett, U. S. A.

A NOBLE ATONEMENT. An Interesting Story. B Mme. Sophie Redfield de Meissner, of th Russian Legation.

SOUTH AFRICA. A Series of Letters from the Diamond Fields. By H. H. B. Marrison, of Johannisberg, South Africa.

AMONG THE MOONSHINERS OF NORTH CAROLINA. Ay Gen. Marcus J. Wright.

SOUTH AMERICAN SKETCHES. By Capt. Almont Barnes.

Frank G. Carpenter will continue his interesting letters. Prof. Felix S. Oswald will continue his attractive asticles. This is only a partial list. Other attractive features will be announced from time to time.

"WAR HISTORY," by men who actually saw and did what they write about. It makes a specialty of this, and the contributions to its columns by the men in every rank and degree who did the marching, digging and shooting and carried forpard the war through all its various phaser to a glorious success, make the only genuine his-ory of the war.

It makes a specialty of G. A. R. News. W. R. C. News, Sons of Veteran News, Washington Gossip. It makes a special feature of matters of interest at the National Capitol, and gives a weekly budget of entartaining gossip about men and things at the seat of Government. Besides this it presents every week a splendid wrray of Editorials on Current Topics—Stories by the Best Authors—Wit, Humor, and Information—Agricultural Notes of the Greatest Vulue—Household Hints and Suggestions—Synopsis of the News of the Week—Answers to Correspondents—Bright Miscellany, etc., which will interest, amuse and instruct every member of the family.

The National Tribune will constantly be made better and more interesting.

ONLY TWO CENTS A WEEK.

or $1 a year. Send for Sample Copies. Sample Codies sent free. Address

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE,
Washington, D. C.

$60 REWARD.

FREE FOR TWO MONTHS.

THE HOME MAGAZINE

Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prises for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list	$20 00
" " next largest list	10.00
" " third " "	5.00
" " fourth " "	3.00
" " fifth " "	2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each.	10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c "	10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.

2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

4 Kansas, Olathe.
" Mrs. Henry Brown,
" Amelia Duggan,
" Chas. Semple, box 810.
" Amelia Walker.

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.

4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January 1892, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school
A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 80 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church.
Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston.
Cheap at $12 50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms.
A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,850 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Lowell can be had for $959 each. Easy terms long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 3 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full sett Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $8,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Proceedings of the County Board at the January Meeting.

M. E. Kirsch was made chairman for ensuing term, and appointed the following committees:

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Stortroen, Rhinehart and DeMers.

BONDS.

Johnson, Rhinehart and DeMers.

TAXES.

Rhinehart, Stortroen and Johnson.

CLAIMS.

DeMers, Stortroen and Johnson.

BILLS.

Stortroen, Johnson and Rhinehart.

FINANCE.

Rhinehart, DeMers and Johnson.

PURCHASES.

M. E. Kirsch, C. U. Webster and Nels Muus.

HOSPITAL.

Kirsch, Stortroen and DeMers.

The school petition of Jas. McDonald was granted.

Decided to build a county jail at a cost not to exceed $25,000 nor less than $18,000, on a site presented the county by the city of Crookston.

The matter of repairing the bridge at Red Lake Falls was laid over till next meeting. It appearing from a letter from the village authorities that they were unable at present to repair the abutments to said bridge, com. DeMers was instructed to close up said bridge until they can make the necessary repairs, when the county will then repair the structure.

The clerk of court was allowed a sum not to exceed $80 per month for extra clerk hire, and the treasurer $400 per annum.

Bids for building a bridge at Thief River Falls were opened and that of the Wraught Iron Co., of Canton, Ohio, being the lowest, was referred to the road and bridge committee with power to act.

Dr. M. Watts was authorized to act as physician at the county hospital.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—OF THE—

Crookston Mercantile Company.

For the purpose of organizing a corporation under title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes, 1878 and acts amendatory thereto, the undersigned hereby associate ourselves together and adopt the following Articles of Incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be the CROOKSTON MERCANTILE COMPANY, and the general nature of its business shall be, the carrying on of a general wholesale and retail grocery, fruits, confectionery, cigars and tobacco business and such other general mercantile business as may be determined by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE II.

The principal place of business of said corporation shall be in the City of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

ARTICLE III.

The time of the commencement of said corporation shall be the first day of February A. D. 1892, and the period of its duration shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE IV.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, and the same shall be paid in at such times and in such manner as shall be required or determined by the Board of Directors, and at least twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars of the said capital stock shall be sold or subscribed for and forty per cent. of that amount shall be actually paid in before said corporation shall commence business.

ARTICLE V.

The highest amount of indebtedness of said corporation shall at no time exceed the sum of fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows:

Peter M. Ringdal, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
Fred Anderson, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
Lewis Ellington, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
John R. McKinnon, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
Elias Steenerson, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
H. Steenerson, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
H. A. Mason, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VII.

The names of the first Board of Directors are as follows, to wit:

Fred Anderson, Peter M. Ringdal,
Elias Steenerson, H. A. Mason,
John R. McKinnon.

ARTICLE VIII.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a Board of Directors of not less than five directors to be elected annually by and from the stockholders as hereinafter provided.

ARTICLE IX.

The annual meeting for such election shall be held in the City of Crookston on the first Tuesday of February of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified such directors shall continue to be such directors, and the directors shall at their annual meeting to be held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders elect a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, but the office of Secretary and Treasurer may be held by the same person, and until the next annual meeting of the stockholders as aforesaid Fred Anderson shall be President; H. A. Mason shall be Vice President; P. M. Ringdal shall be Secretary and P. M. Ringdal shall be Treasurer, and in case of a resignation of any of such officers or directors or their inability to act, their offices shall be filled by the remainder of the Board of Directors at a meeting called and held for that purpose, and if for any reason the annual meeting for the election of officers shall not be held at the time specified, it may be held at any time that the directors may appoint for that purpose and at such place as they may designate.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said incorporators have hereunto set their hands and seals this 9th day of January A. D. 1892.

Signed and Sealed in presence of
E. M. STANTON,
P. E. MISGEN,

FRED ANDERSON, (seal)
P. M. RINGDAL, (seal)
LEWIS ELLINGTON, (seal)
H. A. MASON, (seal)
ELIAS STEENERSON, (seal)
HALVOR STEENERSON, (seal)
JOHN R. MCKINNON, (seal)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF POLK.

On the ninth day of January A.D. 1892, personally came before me a notary public in and for said County, Peter M. Ringdal, Fred Anderson, Lewis Ellington, John R. McKinnon, Elias Sternerson, Halvor Steenerson and H. A. Mason to me known to be the identical persons who executed the foregoing instrument, and each of said persons acknowledged the execution thereof as his free act and deed for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

E. M. STANTON,
Notary Public, Polk County, Minnesota.
(seal)

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS,
County of Polk, Minnesota.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 11th day of January A. D. 1892, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book E of Misc. on pages 104-6.

JOHN LOOKER,
Register of Deeds.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 12th day of January A. D. 1892 at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book B 2 of Incorporations, on page 149.

F. P. BROWN,
Secretary of State.

HERE YOU HAVE IT!

"GREEN GOODS!"

A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE!

(IN A HORN!)

This Moth-eaten, Wormy Old Chestnut Again at the Front.

On Monday morning of this week the following "confidential" letter was received by THE JOURNAL man, but as he is already making too much money raising wheat and publishing a country newspaper, he has not time to make money so fast, so he generously offers the reading public the benefit of the "method," only adding that it is a swindle of the first water and yet there are many who would bite at it if not warned.

The clipping referred to is a statement that plates have been stolen that print money so accurately that no one can tell it from genuine, and this swindler means to insinuate that he is in possession of said plates:

CONFIDENTIAL.

DEAR SIR: I am desirous of obtaining a shrewd agent in your locality to handle my "goods." I enclose herewith a newspaper clipping, which gives all the information that could be desired and explains itself. Thinking you are in a position to handle my goods safely I have concluded to write you, and if you don't care to invest in this enterprise I hope you will excuse the liberty I have taken in making the proposition. I have a very superior article of the kind, in fact the best ever issued or put on the market; the sizes run from one to twenty. I warrant each and every note to be perfect as to paper, coloring, vignette, printing, engraving and signatures, and when made to appear as having been used or handled much, I defy the best bank clerk or expert to tell them from the genuine. It has cost me a great deal of time and money to perfect these goods and I have at last succeeded where many others failed, in producing the genuine fibre paper. My stock is now as neat and perfect as human skill can make it and absolutely no risk in using it. Remember, this is an article which will go anywhere and everywhere, leaving you a net profit of from ten to twelve hundred per cent, according to the amount you buy. These goods cannot be detected in the ordinary course of trade, and only in the Treasury at Washington through the duplication of the numbers, and not then if the genuine bill of the same number is still is circulation so that they are really as good as gold. Now, my friend, (as I will take the liberty of calling you) we are strangers to one another, but if you are desirous of handling these goods, and will come here to see me, you will find me a square white man in all my dealings, as my manner of doing business will show. It is as follows: When you come here I will show you my entire stock, compare them with the genuine and in fact submit them to any test you see fit, before you pay me a single dollar, then after you are thoroughly satisfied on every point, you can select whatever sizes you want and pay cash for your purchase, and carry the goods home with you. Now, my friend, to do this business safely, it must be done "face to face;" experience has taught me that this is the only absolutely safe way to transact this business, and most satisfactory for us both. When you come here you can see me and what you are buying, and I can see and judge the man I am to place confidence in for future business, besides it is absolutely necessary that I should see you on our first deal, as there are some few secrets pertaining to the business and necessary to success which I don't care to put in writing, and is only imparted to a customer "by word of mouth" at a personal interview, as a customer only has the same interest I have in keeping these private matters to himself. Remember, I do not ask or expect to be paid one cent till you have the goods in your possession. Do not ask me to send goods by mail or express as it is not a safe way for either of us; it is better to be sure and safe than to transact business of this nature in a careless manner. Now, my friend, if you wish to make a deal with me, do not hesitate too long over the matter, it is always best to be among the first than one of the last to take hold of a thing of this kind. If you will come on at once I can guarantee you a clear field to work in, and if I am satisfied at a personal interview that you would make me a good agent, I may offer you more liberal inducements to take the State agency and make you a special rate for any deal over $20,000. If you have not the money to buy my goods, I would consent to your taking in some confidential friend in with you who has, provided, however, he is trustworthy and could keep the secret, you could then both come on together and and make the deal, however you would be very foolish to take any one in with you if you could raise enough money yourself. You can make money faster and easier by dealing in my goods than you ever dreamed of before in your life. You are bound to be successful—there can be no such thing as fail. An opportunity like this to make an independent fortune in a short time, and at a comparatively small investment is well worth a favorable consideration and should not be rejected hastily from conscientious scruples or otherwise. B [illegible] was never intended that one man should have millions and another nothing. The wealth and good things of this world are too unevenly distributed; others have grown rich around you, but they were not slow to grasp opportunities, and unless you have money enough to live comfortably on for the rest of your days, this is just the business you want to take hold of, as the goods can be handled with perfect safety and immense profit to yourself, and enable you to provide a competency for your old age and pass your remaining years in ease and comfort. No wrong in it—Uncle Sam has millions of our money locked up in the Treasury, uselessly and unjustly so. I know that you have some distance to come, but considering the tremendous profits and no risks whatever, it is well worth the slight inconvenience of a journey here, and as far as expenses are concerned I will make a liberal allowance to cover them, and I promise if you do not find the goods just as represented, or should you upon any reasonable pretext whatsoever decline to consummate a trade, I guarantee to refund you your entire expenses, from the time you leave home till you return, and make a liberal allowance for loss of time, inconvenience to business, etc. Now, sir, your own good sense should tell you I can have no object in misrepresenting my goods and bringing you here on a fool's errand, and do not, because I am in this line of business, doubt my word or consider me otherwise than meaning you well, as you are not asked to invest a single dollar till you have seen, examined and are thoroughly satisfied in every respect, and have the goods in your own possession. My terms are: Three hundred dollars buys three thousand in my goods. Four hundred dollars buys five thousand; five hundred dollars buys seven thousand; six hundred and fifty dollars buys ten thousand, and one thousand dollars buys twenty thousand.

Three thousand for three hundred dollars is the very smallest amount I will sell under any circumstances. I will give you the "State right," that is, the sole privilege of handling the goods throughout your State, if you invest from six hundred and fifty dollars and upwards. Remember, I sell my goods so cheaply on the first deal in order to give my customers a fair start and build up a trade, and on all after deals, which surely follow, I charge 25 cents on the dollar. I will not do a retail trade, as thereby it would let too many into the business and its secrets. Now, sir, when you have fully made up your mind and prepared to come on obey the following instructions, and do only just as I tell you; be guided by my experience and advice and you will do just right.

1. Do not as long as you live ever write me a letter; if you do I shall refuse to receive it, and furthermore all business relations between us will cease. Don't forget this, and remember I mean exactly what I say.

2. When ready to come and see me, send me a telegraph despatch and say in it:

("Everything satisfactory on Hat." 515.)

Do not sign your name to despatch, as I will know it is from you, if you send the despatch exactly as it is worded above. Simply sign John, Jack, William or any other name.

On receipt of your telegram, I will immediately send you simple and plain instructions how to see and know me, and I will appoint a place of meeting at some hotel, in some town within 50 miles of this city. If I am alive I will surely meet you. Don't attempt to come on to find me without first telegraphing to me for instructions. Send telegrams, which will be promtly received, to the enclosed address.

I hope you will take no offense at the above, if you do not like the business, and I will trust in your honor not to do me any harm. Please destroy this letter. Yours respectfully and in strict confidence.

W. H. WEST, Confectioner,
292 West 116th Street,
New York City.

Parlez-Vous Francais?

If you don't, there certainly have been times when you wished that you could; and if you are anxious to learn to read and speak French, you should have the splendid article "French Without a Master," by Prof. A. de Rougemont of Chautauqua University, published in Demorest's Family Magazine for February. With the definite and practical instructions given in it, one cannot fail to acquire an accurate knowledge of French in an astonishingly short time. But this is not the only attraction of this superb number of this typical Family Magazine. The numerous illustrations, including a lovely phototint of "Cupid and Psyche," are simply splendid; the stories are of excellent merit. "At the Home of a Florida 'Cracker,'" handsomely illustrated, will interest everybody; "The Home of a Specialist," with numerous illustrations, furnishes practical and artistic ideas for building and furnishing a home; and "A Small Garden, and What It Produced," gives just the information needed by those who have little ground, and yet like fresh vegetables. As usual, there is something in this number for everybody, and everything is of the best; and this number is only a sample of what is furnished twelve times a year, for $2. Published by W. Jennings Demorest, 15 E. 14th St., New York City.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, 1892.

True and tried friends are always welcome, consequently "Vick's Floral Guide" is sure of a warm reception, especially when dressed as daintily as this year. The "Nellie Lewis" Carnation on the front of cover, and "Brilliant Poppies" on the back, are unusually attractive, and the numerous colored plates of flowers and vegetables are certainly works of art and merit. The first twenty-four pages, printed in violet ink, describe Novelties and Specialties. Send ten cents to James Vick's Sons, Rochester, N. Y., and procure a copy of this attractive and useful catalogue. It costs nothing as the ten cents can be deducted from the first order.

The February Peterson is one of the handsomest and best of the month's magazines. It opens with a showy fashion plate and fine full page engravings, one of which, "The Belated Valentine," illustrates a very beautiful poem by Minna Irving. "Up and Down East Anglia," by Roslyn K. Brooke, is an interesting account of English Norfolk and Suffolk with a series of excellent illustrations. "An Involuntary Elopement," by Carrie B. Morgan, is a dramatic story of western life effectively illustrated. Another capitally illustrated paper is "The Children's Fancy Dress Party," which gives clear directions for making the costumes at a small cost. "His Mistake," by Kate Wallace Clements, is a charming story. "The Confusion of Philosophy" will add to Alice Maud Ewell's rapidly growing reputation. "Folk Lore of Colored People," by Mrs. E. A. Matthews, is a very charming paper. The remainder of the contents are in keeping with the articles we have mentioned, and the whole get up of the number would do credit to a periodical double the price. Terms, two dollars a year. Address, Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts.

[33-tf]

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication, January 21st, 1892.]
[Last publication, March 3rd, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and thirty and 16-100 dollars, interest which is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paridis and Elmira Paridis, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of November, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 52.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 Dollars, with interest on nine hundred and twelve ($912) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-four (34) Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF MARCH, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [40-46]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 18, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on February 29th, 1892, viz: Tosten L. Oleson, Hd. No. 12,259, for the S W¼ Sec. 14 Twp. 147, Range 43. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Knut S. Akre, John Ellingson, Halvor Ellingson, Edward Ramsey, all of Neilsville, Minn.

[40-45] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, MINN

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls

—o—AT—o—

Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

—IS—

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

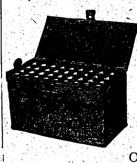
Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

CALL IN.

Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Opera House Block,

Northern Pacific

BETWEEN

Winnipeg, Gilby, Drayton, Grafton
Grand Forks, Crookston,
AND ALL POINTS

EAST AND WEST.

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THE DINING CAR LINE

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—AND—

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PASSING THROUGH
Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana
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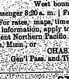
CARRY COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
First and Second Class Coaches,
Pullman Tourist and
Free Colonist Sleepers
AND ELEGANT DINING CARS.

THROUGH TICKETS are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and west, in the United States and Canada.

TIME SCHEDULE.
East bound.
Passenger 7:10 p. m. | Freight 9:20 p. m.
West bound.
Passenger 8:20 a. m. | Freight 8:00 p. m.

For rates, maps, time tables or special information, apply to C. A. Sharkey, Agent Northern Pacific R. R. at Crookston, Minn., or

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn



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Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to J. COTNER, Jr., Sec. No. 80 Whitney Block DETROIT, MICH.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Before deciding what Xmas gifts you will purchase, please call and inspect my line of Pictures and Picture Framing Material, such as Oleographs, Chromos, Artotype and Steel Engravings, Monochromes, Water Color, Pastel and Oil Paintings.

Reproductions in Paintings and Etchings, Photogravures, Artographs, Typogravures, Mezzotypes and fac-simile Pastels, Genuine Etchings, Pastels and Steel Engravings. Etchings Remarque - Proof. Picture Mats, Mouldings. Frames, Hooks, Nails, Cords, Wire and Room Mouldings.

I'm making a Special Sale of these goods for the Holiday trade. Call and examine.

Yours respectfully,
THE UNDERTAKER,
105½ Broadway,
Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

MARTIN O'BRIEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
[illegible] Crookston, Minn

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
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Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

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DENTIST.
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Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

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HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.
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ATTENTION
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Knocked sky-high by
G. W. PEAKE,
MAIN ST. HARNESS SHOP, CROOKSTON

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Single Buggy Harness.	Associa'n prices.	My price
No. 2	$7.50	$6 50
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Double Buggy Harness.	
No. 102—no collars, Home Supply price,	$15.00
" " " G. W. Peake's "	14 50
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No. B.x.C.—Home Supply price	$23.95
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No C 33—Home Supply "	25.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	23.50
No. D 43—Home Supply "	28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	27.00
No. E 40—Home Supply "	28.00
" " G. W. Peake's "	26.00
Buggy Whip—drop top	15c to 25c
" " straight Java	20c to 50c
" " rawhide center	90c to $1.00
Lace Team Collars	$2.00 to $4 50
Overtop Sweats—3 hooks	50c per pair
Webb Halters	25c, 35c and 40c
Ladies' Side Saddle	$5.00
Riding Bridle—plain	90c to $1.00
Men's Riding Saddles	$2.00, $2.50 $3.00, up

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105 Third Street,
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WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands alond the Great Northern Ry Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATS
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
North Star.	2.50
Fife.	2.15
Skip Jack.	1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS. - - $12,700

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LOAN AGENCY
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MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m....................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m....................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m....................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
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TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South..............	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg........	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, January 21, 1892.

AN ORDINANCE

Relating to the Fire Department of the City of Crookston:

The City Council of the City of Crookston do ordain:

SECTION 1. That the organization in the city of Crookston known and designated as "Crookston Volunteer Fire Department," be and the same hereby is declared to be the duly authorized and legally constituted Fire Department of the city of Crookston:

SEC. 2. That said Fire Department shall be composed of all members of said organization in good standing according to the by-laws thereof, at the date of the passage of this ordinance, and such other persons as may from time to time comply with initiatory by-laws of said organization and become members thereof in accordance with the same.

SEC. 3. That said organization shall have the power to pass such by-laws, rules and regulations for the good order and efficient maintenance of the same as to the members thereof may seem necessary, and in such manner as they may deem advisable, and all by-laws, rules and regulations heretofore passed and now in force in such organization, in so much as they are not inconsistent with this or any ordinance of the city of Crookston heretofore passed or to be passed, or the laws of the State of Minnesota, shall have full power and effect in so much and to such extent as they apply to the individual concerns and efficiency of said Fire Department.

SEC. 4. It is hereby made the duty of said Fire Department to file with the city clerk of said city, within ten days after the passage of this ordinance, a list of all members thereof in good standing at the date of the passage of this ordinance, which list shall be certified to by the Secretary of said Department and countersigned by its Chief.

SEC. 5. It is hereby made the duty of said department, whenever a member thereof shall cease, either because of death, resignation, dismissal or otherwise, to belong thereto, to at once by its proper officer notify the city clerk of said city; and upon such notification the said clerk shall strike from the list of members of such organization the name of such member so retiring.

SEC. 6. It is further made the duty of said department by its proper officers to, within a reasonable time thereafter, present to the clerk the name or names of any and all persons who may comply with the regulations of said department, and join the same after the passage of this ordinance, and thereupon the said clerk shall annex such name or names to the list of the members of said department.

SEC. 7. That the officers of said department shall consist of a chief, to be appointed by the city council, and such other officers as to the members of such department may seem necessary.

SEC. 8. The chief of said department shall have general supervision of the same, and of all apparatus and other material used by or in connection with said department; provided, the said department may require such other and further duties of the said chief as to the members thereof may seem meet.

SEC. 9. That all fire apparatus and paraphanelia used and required for the purpose of quelling any conflagration, shall, and the same is hereby ordered to be kept in that portion of the first floor of the city hall of said city of Crookston, fronting on Broadway, in said city; and it is hereby made a misdemeanor for any person than the janitor of said building or the duly authorized members of said fire department, to remove, meddle or in any wise interfere with said fire apparatus, and any person found guilty of a violation of this section of this ordinance, before any Justice of the Peace of said city, shall be fined not less than one or more than one hundred dollars, and may be imprisoned until such fine and costs are paid.

SEC. 10. It is hereby ordained that the bell known as the fire alarm bell, and hanging in the bell tower upon the city hall of the city of Crookston, be and the same hereby is constituted the lawful fire alarm of the city of Crookston.

SEC. 11. It is hereby made the duty of all members of said fire department, to respond without delay to the fire alarm of said city whenever the same may be sounded in giving alarm of fire; provided, however, that upon reasonable excuse shown any member may be excused from responding to said alarm.

SEC. 12. As remuneration for services as aforesaid as firemen, each of the members of said fire department shall receive for any response to said fire alarm by him actually made, the sum of two dolars for every such response; provided further, that before any bill for response to said alarm shall be paid to said department, the same shall be duly certified by the Chief thereof, which verification shall include the names of each member present, and presented in the same manner as ordinary bills are presented to the city council of said city.

SEC. 13. If any person shall, at any fire, refuse to obey the orders of the chief of said fire department or other officers vested with authority at such fire, such person may be arrested by the direction of the officer whose orders are so disobeyed, and upon complaint made before the City Justice of said city, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed fifty dollars and costs of prosecution and may be imprisoned until such fine and costs are paid.

SEC. 14. It is further provided that any person or persons furnishing a team of horses in response to any alarm of fire, for the purpose of aiding in the removal of fire apparatus from its repository to the location of any fire, and who does actually so aid in said removal, shall be remunerated as follows, viz: For the first team so aiding the sum of four dollars for each response; for the second team two dollars and for the third team one dollar; provided, however, none of the persons supplying aforesaid teams shall be entitled to any remuneration for aforesaid services unless said teams shall also assist in reconveying said apparatus to its place of keeping; and all bills for services in this section specified shall be presented in the same manner as is provided for the presentation of bills in Section 12 of this ordinance.

SEC. 15. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in so much as they may be inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 16. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval, publication and recording.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 12th day of Jan., 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 13th day of Jan., 1892.

Attest: ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor,
E. C. CARRUTH, Clek.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Mrs. Loren Fletcher Suddenly Taken This Morning.

St. Paul Daily News.

At 5 o'clock this morning Mrs. Loren Fletcher died, at the family residence in Minneapolis, after a short illness of capillary bronchitis. She had been in very poor health for several months, but the malady which brought death did not appear until very recently.

Mrs. Fletcher, as Miss Ameret J. Thomas, was married to Loren Fletcher in 1856 in Bangor, Me., and in 1857 they came to Minneapolis, which has been their home since. For thirty years the lady has been an earnest communicant of Gethsemane Episcopal Church, and while arrangements have not yet been made finally, the funeral will probably be from the church, with interment in Lakewood, beside the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher, which died 17 years ago, at the age of seven years.

Mrs. Estes, Mrs. Fletcher's mother, now almost 84 years old, is quite ill at her dead daughter's house, and her recovery is hardly probable.

[First publication Jan. 7, 1892.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Polk.

The State of Minnesota to George W. Roberts and Georganne Roberts, defendants:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 30th day of January, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office, in the city of Crookston in said county, to answer to Christen Anderson in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said Christen Anderson for such sum as he shall show himself entitled to.

Given under my hand this 31st day of December, 1891.

C. O. CHRISTIANSON,
Justice of the Peace.

STEENERSON & STANTON,
Attorneys for Plaintiff. [38-40]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-two and 49-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Boulie and Melvina Boulie, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of August, 1890, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on page 393.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and ninety-six and 4-100 dollars (494.04), with interest on four hundred and eighty-one (481) dollars thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been institut d at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the northwest quarter (s½ nw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), all in Section two (2), of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred ninety-six and 4-100 dollars ($496.04) and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-three and 25-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Napoleon Gonyea, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of November, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 54 of mortgages, on page 343.

And whereas the said, The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars ($650.83) with interest on six hundred and forty-two (642) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ se¼) of section thirty (30), of Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee,

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 7th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 18th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, executed and delivered by Ida D. Van Tuyl and John E. Van Tuyl, her husband, mortgagors, to the "Union Central Life Insurance Company," mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of November, 1889, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in book 51 of mortgages, on page 205, and whereas said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars and interest thereon from its said date at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, due and payable on the first day of January in each year. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable January 1st, 1891, and default having also been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable on January 1st, 1892, and both of said defaults still continue, and no part of said principal has ever been paid. And whereas the conditions of said mortgage are such that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or interest thereon when the same becomes due, then the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage shall thereupon become due and payable at once.

And whereas both by the terms of said mortgage and the election of said mortgagee hereby made the whole amount secured by said mortgage both principal and interest accrued to this date is now due and payable.

And the amount now claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage, including interest in accordance with the terms of said mortgage is the sum of six hundred and ninety-nine and 95-100 dollars. And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained which by reason of the defaults aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter, both of the above described tracts being in Section ten (10), Township one hundred and forty nine (149), Range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and containing 160 acres of land, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on Tuesday, the 23d day of February, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy and pay the amount which will then be due upon said mortgage according to the terms thereof, and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees as provided by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 4th, 1892.

Union Central Life Insurance Company,
Mortgagee.

Chas. P. Barker,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
7018 Guaranty Loan Building,
[38-44] Minneapolis, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2. 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

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R. S. KNUDSON, Principal,
Crookston, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Thursday, Jan. 14th 1892.]
[Last publication Thursday, Feb. 25th 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and fifty and seventy one hundredths Dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Thomas Plante and Mary Plante his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of June, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages on page 470.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of the said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars ($956.14), with interest on nine hundred and forty (940) dollars, thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law, or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the south-east quarter (n½ se¼) and the north half of the south-west quarter (n½sw¼) of section thirty four (34) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892,

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of Seventy-one and seventy eight one hundredths dollars, interest, now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Luc Jenot and Elenore Jenot, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1888, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the seventh day of December, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 57.

And, whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Ten Hundred and seventy-eight and fifty-eight dollars, ($1078.58), with interest on Ten Hundred and Seventy ($1070) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south-east (se) quarter of section nineteen (19) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred and Seventy-eight and fifty eight one hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants Bank.

Mortgage Foreclosuse Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Jan. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and eighty-five one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin Thompson and Ann G. Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 242.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and ninety-two and eighty-one one hundredths dollars. ($692 81), with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty (20) of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and 85-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peder H. Mesedalen and Kari Mesedalen, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 246.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred ninety-two and 81-100 dollars ($692 81) with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section seventeen (17), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), in Polk County, and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

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Feeding a specialty.

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L E. GOSSMAN,

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No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

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Practical Dentist

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C. E. MISNER.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, JANUARY 28, 1892. NO. 41

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1w.	2w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	8 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	50 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Marshall County Banner: Blaine can get the nomination for President if he desires it. As an American citizen he has no equal. He has just arranged matters between Italy, also Chili and the United States, so there will be no war, and in both cases the United States has got the best of it. He is growing old, has served his country nearly all his life and the feeling seems to be universal that he should be honored by an election to the presidency as a fitting crown to his brilliant career.

Another Keeley Institute.

Duluth Evening Herald:—Messrs. Fred Reynolds, J. M. Smith and Pearsons, who have the state rights for New York for the Keeley cure for drunkenness, have just opened a new bichloride of gold institute at Westfield. This is the fourth of the institutes to be established in the state. Mr. Reynolds, it is said will make his home at Westfield.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the city hall on Wednesday evening January 20th, 1892.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Marshall McGlogan, Schmidt, Walker, Steenerson, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Childs, Jennings, Jerome, Marlette.

The call of the acting Mayor was as follows:

CROOKSTON, MINN., Jan. 19, 1892.

There will be a special meeting of the City Council at the city hall, on Wednesday, January 20th, 1892, at 7:30 p. m., to receive the report of the committee on the jail site, and to complete the purchase of the ground for same.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council,
Acting Mayor.

The committee on jail site reported as follows:

Crookston, Minn., Jan. 20, 1892.

To the President and Members of the City Council of the City of Crookston.

GENTLEMEN—Your committee on jail site, to whom was referred the purchasing of same, beg leave to report as follows: Your committee find it impossible to complete negotiations in the matter of payment for same.

Respectfully submitted,
A. C. SCHMIDT,
W. E. WALKER,
H. STEENERSON.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman McGlogan, that the report be accepted and adopted. Carried.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Moorhead Weekly News:—J. P. Ray, of St. Paul, who travels for a wholesale cigar house, was at the Grand Pacific hotel yesterday. He told to friends there his experience in taking the Keeley remedy for cure of drunkenness at the St. Paul institute. Ray had been a confirmed drunkard, so far gone that he was on the verge of having the delerium tremens. He was so completely under the dominion of King Alcohol that he would put the glass to his lips when he was so drunk as to be obliged to steady himself against the bar. He is a man of good ability and a successful salesman, but on account of his use of ardent spirits and frequent and prolonged sprees, lost his place time and again. The Keeley treatment has destroyed his taste and desire for intoxicating drinks, and he avoids everything like Roman and cardinal punches, or ices flavored with wine, mince pie flavored with spirits, &c., that would have a tendency to create the appetite for strong drinks anew. He told a most interesting tale of his experience and expressed himself as having received so much benefit that it would be impossible to express its value in dollars and cents. In fact he said there was not wealth enough in America to tempt him to take a drink again.

Inquiries About Silver.

New York Press.

To the Editor of The Press:

SIR—Kindly state the difference between free coinage of silver and contrariwise; also, please, the advantages as claimed by the Democracy and the disadvantages as claimed by the Republicans.

L. D. M.

New York, Jan. 12.

The above is one of a number of similar questions received by The Press, and we hope that all the other inquirers will note our answer to this question. Free coinage of silver, as it is demanded by that controlling element of the Democracy which elected Speaker Crisp, means that if L. D. M. or any other man is able to go West and buy a silver mine he can bring the product of that mine to the United States mints and have it coined free of charge, so that he will make the profit on the coinage instead of the government's making it, as the government does now. Bar silver is now selling at 93¾ cents per ounce of 480 grains. That means that the 371.25 grains of pure silver which (with the 41.25 grains of alloy) are used in making a standard silver dollar, whose weight is 412.5 grains, are actually worth about 78 cents, and that under free coinage the silver owner could get a dollar for 78 cents' worth of his product.

A very good thing for the silver owner, for awhile, perhaps; but how would the rest of us fare, and how would even the silver owner fare under such "inflation"? The merchant wouldn't tell us that he would not take a legal tender dollar for more than 78 cents, but he could and would mark up his 78 cent goods to a dollar, and others in proportion, just as soon as the rush of silver to be coined free of charge had resulted in a circulation of a greatly increased number of silver dollars, and the advance of the gold dollar to a corresponding premium. The Democracy claims that that sort of inflation of the currency would bring business "expansion" and activity. But it would be the activity of fever and delirium. It would be as reasonable for a man with a flying machine to fly higher and higher notwithstanding the certainty that his machine would sooner or later collapse. The higher such a man flew, the worse he would get hurt when the drop came. The experience of business panics shows that the greater the "activity" and "expansion" of this speculative character, the more cruel the financial disaster that comes with the collapse.

Against that sort of silver financiering the Republicans urge that no silver be coined free until we have agreed with other nations as to a uniform ratio with the civilized world, in order to avoid the differences of valuation which would cause other nations to draw our gold away from us and speculate at our expense. The present American silver dollar is coined at a ratio of 1 to 16, or in other words we put sixteen times as much silver in a silver dollar as we put gold in a gold dollar. Other silver coining nations in Europe put fifteen and one-half times as much, and they are not willing to come to an agreement with us until we provide for the recoinage here at home of the $400,000,000 silver already coined. Such an agreement as we ought to seek would be best for 60,000,000 of ordinary citizens, because it would mean a steady and sound currency, and a dollar that was worth just as much when the workingman bought groceries with it on Monday as it was when he received it in his pay envelope on Saturday. But you can see that there would be no extra profit to the silver producer if what the government coined free of charge into a silver dollar were a full dollar's worth of silver. That is why he opposes the people who want to remove the danger of speculative panics.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts.

AN ORDIANCE

Relating to the Fire Department of the City af Crookston.

The City Council of the City of Crookston do ordain:

SECTION 1. That the organization in the city of Crookston known and designated as "Crookston Volunteer Fire Department," be and the same hereby is declared to be the duly authorized and legally constituted Fire Department of the city of Crookston.

SEC. 2. That said Fire Department shall be composed of all members of said organization in good standing according to the by-laws thereof, at the date of the passage of this ordinance, and such other persons as may from time to time comply with initiatory by-laws of said organization and become members thereof in accordance with the same.

SEC. 3. That said organization shall have the power to pass such by-laws, rules and regulations for the good order and efficient maintenance of the same as to the members thereof may seem necessary, and in such manner as they may deem advisable, and all by-laws, rules and regulations heretofore passed and now in force in such organization, in so much as they are not inconsistent with this or any ordinance of the city of Crookston heretofore passed or to be passed, or the laws of the State of Minnesota, shall have full power and effect in so much and to such extent as they apply to the individual concerns and efficiency of said Fire Department.

SEC. 4. It is hereby made the duty of said Fire Department to file with the city clerk of said city, within ten days after the passage of this ordinance, a list of all members thereof in good standing at the date of the passage of this ordinance, which list shall be certified to by the Secretary of said Department and countersigned by its Chief.

SEC. 5. It is hereby made the duty of said department, whenever a member thereof shall cease, either because of death, resignation, dismissal or otherwise, to belong thereto, to at once by its proper officer notify the city clerk of said city; and upon such notification the said clerk shall strike from the list of members of such organization the name of such member so retiring.

SEC. 6. It is further made the duty of said department by its proper officers to, within a reasonable time thereafter, present to the clerk the name or names of any and all persons who may comply with the regulations of said department, and join the same after the passage of this ordinance, and thereupon the said clerk shall annex such name or names to the list of the members of said department.

SEC. 7. That the officers of said department shall consist of a chief, to be appointed by the city council, and such other officers as to the members of such department may seem necessary.

SEC. 8. The chief of said department shall have general supervision of the same, and of all apparatus and other material used by or in connection with said department; provided, the said department may require such other and further duties of the said chief as to the members thereof may seem meet.

SEC. 9. That all fire apparatus and paraphernalia used and required for the purpose of quelling any conflagration, shall, and the same is hereby ordered to be kept in that portion of the first floor of the city hall of said city of Crookston, fronting on Broadway, in said city; and it is hereby made a misdemeanor for any person but the janitor of said building or the duly authorized members of said fire department, to remove, meddle or in any wise interfere with said fire apparatus, and any person found guilty of a violation of this section of this ordinance, before any Justice of the Peace of said city, shall be fined not less than one or more than one hundred dollars, and may be imprisoned until such fine and costs are paid.

SEC. 10. It is hereby ordained that the bell known as the fire alarm bell, and hanging in the bell tower upon the city hall of the city of Crookston, be and the same hereby is constituted the lawful fire alarm of the city of Crookston.

SEC. 11. It is hereby made the duty of all members of said fire department, to respond without delay to the fire alarm of said city whenever the same may be sounded in giving alarm of fire; provided, however, that upon reasonable excuse shown any member may be excused from responding to said alarm.

SEC. 12. As remuneration for services as aforesaid as firemen, each of the members of said fire department shall receive for any response to said fire alarm by him actually made, the sum of two dollars for every such response; provided further, that before any bill for response to said alarm shall be paid to said department, the same shall be duly certified by the Chief [illegible] which verification shall include the names of each member present, and presented in the same manner as ordinary bills are presented to the city council of said city.

SEC. 13. If any person shall, at any fire, refuse to obey the orders of the chief of said fire department or other officers vested with authority at such fire, such person may be arrested by the direction of the officer whose orders are so disobeyed, and upon complaint made before the Chief Justice of said city, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed fifty dollars and costs of prosecution, and may be imprisoned until such fine and costs are paid.

SEC. 14. It is further provided that any person or persons furnishing a team of horses in response to any alarm of fire, for the purpose of aiding in the removal of fire apparatus from its repository to the location of any fire, and who does actually so aid in said removal, shall be remunerated as follows, viz: For the first team so aiding the sum of four dollars for each response; for the second team two dollars and for the third team one dollar; provided, however, none of the persons supplying aforesaid teams shall be entitled to any remuneration for aforesaid services unless said teams shall also assist in reconveying said apparatus to its place of keeping; and all bills for services in this section specified shall be presented in the same manner as is provided for the presentation of bills in Section 12 of this ordinance.

SEC. 15. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in so much as they may be inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 16. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval, publication and recording.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 12th day of Jan., e1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 12th day of Jan., 1892.

Attest: JOHN CROMB, Acting Mayor.
E. C. CARRUTH, Clek.

Norway's Plan of Restricting the Liquor Traffic.

Toledo Blade.

In the December number of the Nineteenth Century, a monthly Review published in London, the Earl of Meath has an article on "The Diminution of Drunkenness in Norway," which contains facts of the highest importance to all interested in the solution of the drink problem. The Earl states the fact briefly when he says that only a few years ago drunkenness prevailed to a large extent in both Sweden and Norway; but that now both these countries, especially Norway, have, in a large measure, freed themselves from the clutches of the drink demon, with the happiest results.

The effort to emancipate the people from the curse started in the town of Gothenburg, in Sweden. There the municipal council is made the licensing authority, and fixes the number of licenses which it deems proper. But instead of issuing them to individuals, it grants a monopoly to an association of shareholders formed for the purpose, and which undertakes to conduct the trade in the interests of the public.

This monopoly is given for a number of years, and the municipal council retains full control over the operations of the society, fixes the number and location of the saloons, and all employes of the society are subject to its approval. The stockholders are precluded from making more than 5 per cent on the capital invested each year. All profits in excess of this are paid over to the municipal council, and used as part of the revenue raised by taxation.

The advantage of the Gothenburg plan is that neither company nor its hired saloonkeepers are interested in increasing the amount of drinking, at least beyond the amount of sales required to secure them the maximum rate of profit allowed—5 per cent. The salary of the saloonkeepers themselves is fixed by the municipal council, thus making them so far independent of the company. The disadvantage of the plan is that it makes it to the interest of selfish taxpayers to have the traffic increased in order that the profits shall be as much as possible above the 5 per cent, so as to decrease the tax burden as much as can be done.

The success of the Gothenburg experiment led to the adoption of a system on the same general lines for Norway, the strong lines of the Gothenburg plan being retained and the weak ones eliminated. In Norway the municipal council fix the number of saloons which shall be licensed, and grant a monopoly of the traffic for a term, usually five years, to a company organized for the purpose. The council retains full control of the company's operations, as in the Gothenburg plan, and they must also have the royal sanction. The details of management of saloons are put in charge of a committee composed of a certain number of the shareholders of the company, selected by their fellows, and a number of representatives of the municipal council. As in Gothenburg the company is not allowed more than 5 per cent on the capital invested.

The great improvement over the Gothenburg plan is that the profits accruing above the 5 per cent allowed the company is not, in Norway, allowed to go into the general revenue fund raised by taxation. No matter how great it may be, nor how heavy the taxes, not one penny of it can be used to reduce taxation. It is applied each year to helping deserving charities, benevolent associations, philanthropic institutions, etc., which are entirely dependent on the voluntary support of the public. Any institution or object which derives any money, no matter how little, from the funds raised by taxation, is excluded from all benefit. Hence the municipal councils can have no possible object in favoring the slightest extension of the traffic.

Local option exists in Norway, and when there is a majority opposed to licensing, prohibition is the rule. In 1890, there were but 59 towns and cities in the whole country which gave a majority for license; and where the traffic is allowed, it is under the restrictions of the plan outlined above. The regulations concerning saloons are extremely strict, and are enforced to the letter. The men employed in the saloons are uniformed and each has his number on his collar. Persons under sixteen years of age are not allowed to be served with liquor under any pretext.

The amount of capital invested can not be increased by lavish expenditure in fitting up saloons. The bar fittings are all of the simplest and plainest. The rooms are kept absolutely clean. They are not allowed to have seats of any kind, no private rooms, nor is there any convenience permitted to favor loitering, or using the saloons as places of social resort. It is plain that here is dealt one of the severest blows possible to the increase of drinking. The power of the saloon in this country lies largely in its being used as a place of common resort to pass away the time, and where men can meet and converse, or play cards or other games. All saloons are closed—and this provision is strictly carried out—at 5 o'clock on Saturday evenings, and on the evening before any church or other festival, and remain closed until 8 o'clock on Monday, or the day following the festival. The only hours they are allowed to be open are from 8 a. m. until 10 p. m.

The Earl of Meath, in his article, says that the workings of the law since its passage, which was on May 3d, 1871, show conclusively "that the vice of drunkenness in Norway has received a staggering blow, and that the consumption of ardent spirits is immensely reduced; while great financial results have been attained, to the benefit of deserving institutions, charities, and objects of public utility which, but for the life thus given them, could not exist."

If the traffic in intoxicants is to be permitted, the Norwegian plan is thus shown, by its workings for twenty years to be the best plan so far devised, and to have reduced the amount of drunkenness and the quantity of liquors consumed very materially. Of course, the objections remain that men who have the craving for rum, and those whose will-power has been destroyed by the drink habit, have no possible relief; and that, even though much restricted, by having the social element of the saloon largely eliminated, the opportunity still exists for the formation of the drink habit by young men. Prohibition is the only thing which can fully protect these and pulverise the rum power.

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The Brodix Publishing Co.

[illegible]

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LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now prepared to grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feed in two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

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W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, January 28, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 72.
1 Northern 65.
2 Northern 62.
3 Northern 59.

Milder weather has prevailed during the past week.

The policemen's ball occurs this evening. A big time is expected.

Andreas Warren, of Maple Lake, died recently of typhoid fever, we are told.

Mr. G. Peterson, of Garden, gave us a pleasant call on Friday of last week.

A. G. Gallosch came up last week to look after his business interests in the city.

R. E. White, one of the leading Marais farmers, was in the city last Thursday.

M. R. Brown expects a carload or two of choice work horses and mares some time next week.

Geo. A. Ralph starts for the Reservation this week to complete another surveying contract.

We want a few oats right away quick and will pay thirty cents per bushel for them on subscription.

Comrade S. Snedeker was down from Mentor last week chatting with old friends and comrades.

Doc Rutledge, of the Bulletin, was in the city on Thursday last and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call.

Wheat opened out at 72 cents on Monday morning. The market indicates considerable strength.

Sunday last was one of the warmest and pleasantest days in January, and every rig in town was busy.

Dr. A. Nelson was up from Fertile on Monday on legal business. Reports a profitable year's business.

L. C. Couverette has bought the Moore place, a farm of 480 acres, five or six miles north-east of the city.

Charles Henderson and Wm. O'Reilley, prominent citizens of Fisher, visited the county seat on Thursday last.

Joseph Robar has been spending a few weeks in St. Paul, visiting his brother Frank, the deputy Probate Judge.

A. C. Schmidt started for a visit to the old home in Wisconsin last week and incidentally talk up the advantages of this country.

Mr. Webster, of Webster & Brandtjen, type founders, of Minneapolis, was in the city on Tuesday and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call.

Miss McAnulty and brother, of Maple Bay, and Miss Berg, of Mentor, came down last week to attend the high school for the balance of the term.

W. J. Murphy was up last week looking after his interests here. He says the company contemplate great improvements next season.

Crookston Alliance will meet on Saturday, Feb. 6th, at the city hall at 2 p.m. A large attendance is requested as business of importance is to be transacted.

Rudy Burkhardt has a new baker who arrived from Wabasha last week. He is one of the best in the business and Rudy invites his friends to sample his wares.

August Stromberg, of McIntosh called to fix up that little subscription on Tuesday. Says the threshing was pretty nearly completed last fall in his neighborhood.

Holmboe & Locken's delivery horse took a bit of a go-as-you-please exercise on Monday, collided with Herb's awning and succeeded in making a total wreck of it and also of the delivery sleigh.

We are paying 30 cents per bushel for oats and 40 cents per bushel for barley on subscription, and are ready to accept either until we get enough. First come first served. Bring on your oats and barley.

P. O. Estenson was up from the west side on Monday and dropped in to encourage us with another paid up subscription. He agrees with all other farmers down there that the need of a railroad is urgent.

M. W. Jenson was down from McIntosh last Thursday. Says that the mill has all the business it can attend to this season. We are told by parties who ought to know that Jenson's flour is among the best in the market.

Another break in some of the internal arrangements in connection with the water works caused some bother last week. The company promises that all these little annoyances shall cease as soon as they get their improvements completed.

Eustache Payment, of Red Lake Falls, was in on Tuesday and dropped in to see THE JOURNAL man on subscription. These little visits are highly appreciated by us at this time. We hope they will continue until our list is fully squared up.

M. E. Bartlett, Esq., has received the sad news of the death of his only brother, Clarence, which event occurred on the 12th inst., at his home in Texas. Clarence Bartlett was about 42 years old, a single man and leaves an aged father and a brother to mourn his loss.

Dr. Barnes, one of the old-timers, is in the city this week.

Charles Hardrath returned from a trip to Wisconsin on Thursday last. Says that many of his old neighbors and friends are making preparations to come to this country next spring. Everybody is interested in hearing about this country.

Samuel Hayes, one of the partners of the Hayes Bros. big farm on the west side, dropped in on Wednesday to set that subscription ahead a peg and report progress. Says about 20 per cent. of the threshing in his neighborhood remains to be done and a larger per cent. of the plowing. Hays Bros. got their work well along.

Mr. A. Daniels has bought the old Honeywell place, up the river a few miles, and will take possession as soon as Mr. Roberts' lease expires. He has secured a choice farm, as that is the farm that used to raise 100 bushels of oats per acre for Sam whenever Fred Fox dared to report 85 per acre. There were no flies on Sam's figures.

The new Beckett block is approaching completion. Very soon the lower rooms will be ready for occupancy and most of them, we are told, are already engaged. The land office officials expect to take possession of their rooms up stairs early next week also. This block will be one of the most handsome business structures in the city.

Comrade H. C. Burdick was up on Monday and such a sight as he was! He got into a bit of unpleasantness with Dr. W. A. Robertson, and though the doctor is a slimly-built, innocent-looking individual, when comrade Burdick left his room he had not one tooth left in his head. The doctor promises to make it right with Burdick by supplying a new set of teeth.

Aleck McDonald returned to civilization last week. Has sold his farm near Grand Forks, gets half cash and the balance on interest which will enable him to live like a king hereafter. All Aleck needs now to make him perfectly happy is a good wife and as it is Leap Year there are hopes for him—we do not suppose he would ever find time to pop the question himself.

Do not forget the 60 Days marked down RED FIGURE SALE of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods at the Boston One Price Clothing House. It will interest you if you wish to save money.

MOSSEFIN & LINDELL,
Proprietors.

M. E. Kirsch and C. P. DeMers have gone to look over various and sundry jails in the State, probably to see which one they would prefer to live in—we can see no other good they can do the county by the trip. But then, you know, this is an era of "reform" and the boys seem bound to have a good time while they are reforming—and the tax-payers will pay the fiddler.

The old M. E. church building, on the corner of Main and Fifth streets, is being utilized for school purposes. By another summer it will be necessary to build a new school house and it has been suggested that Jerome's Addition would be the proper place to put it. Many residences will be added to those already there next season and it would seem as though that was the proper thing to do.

O. H. Locken—"Now that Chili backs water and the whole business is to be settled without a scrimmage, it looks like us old roosters wouldn't get any fun out of it. Well, I never did believe the little bantam had any sand in its craw, anyhow, and the position she now takes settles that load of poles. Guess we'll have to depend upon the re-union in Minneapolis next month for our fun."

Oscar, the bright little boy of Eli and Mrs. Austin died on Sunday evening after a week's illness of brain fever. At the time the boy was taken ill his father was in hospital in St. Paul and the boy's symptoms becoming alarming, Mr. Austin was summoned home, arriving in time to be with the boy a few days. Oscar was a bright, intelligent lad, six years and two months old and his loss will be a severe blow to the fond parents. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon.

A cordial welcome to all to attend services at the Congregational church next Sunday. Mr. Battey's sermon will be on "Sharpening God's Sickles," at 11 a. m. and "La Grippe in Religious Life," at 7:30 p. m. Then the Sunday school at 12:15 p. m., Junior Society at 3:30 and Young People's prayer meeting at 6:30. Let all our workers do their best to have a full house morning and evening, next Sabbath. Hotel guests and all strangers cordially invited and the whole family ought to turn out in the evening.

There was a social at the residence of Mr. N. P. Stone Tuesday evening. It was gotten up by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Congregational church and was a very enjoyable and successful affair. The party numbered about 80 and the lunch and games were alike inviting and worthy of special notice. We are pleased to record the occurrence of such happy gatherings. They are good for old and young, alike in cultivating mutual friendships in social life among our citizens and in taking the place of other questionable amusements of the people.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

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In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Were You Hit By Hail.

Call at THE JOURNAL office and let us know how much grain you will need for feed and seed, so that we may know how much must be provided for. Do you know of any neighbor too modest to make known his own wants? Let us have his name and probable needs. Don't be backward about coming forward and let the good work go on until all those who need are supplied.

LOST.

Near Beltrami, Polk Co., Minn., one note for Six Hundred Dollars, ($600.), give by A. Boddy to H. B. Budd, with interest at 10 per cent per annum, drawn on Jan. 3rd 1892, due in 90 days. all parties are hereby cautioned against buying said note as payment has been forbidden. H. B. BUDD.

[41-43]

Left-Over-Remnant-Sale

—AT—

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

DRESS GOODS.

Cheviots, ...
Homespuns, ...
Ladies Cloths, ...
Dress Flannels, ...
Black Goods, ...
Wide Wale Diagonals, ...
........1¼ to 6 yards long.
........40 in. to 45 in. wide.

SILKS.

CHINA, ...
SURAH'S, ...
PRINTED, ...
PLAIN BLACKS, ...
RIBBONS, ...
TRIMMINGS, ...
VELVETS, ...
The CHEAPNESS will ASTONISH You.

DOMESTICS.

PRINTS..............................
MUSLINS..............................
GINGHAMS..............................
WHITE GOODS..............................
May Be Just What You Want.

REMNANTS OF LACES AND EMBROIDERIES IN ABUNDANCE.

Next Monday is the 1st day of February, until which date our offer to accept payment at the rate of $1.50 per annum runs, and we find upon looking over our list that there are still some who have paid no attention to our statement sent them nor to our notices in the paper. We have reason to believe that each and every one of these persons is financially good for the amounts due us, and yet we do not like to sue not even one, and we have done all in our power to avoid such a course under the impression that every man intends to settle. Many have written us, promising as soon as possible to settle. We have been contemplating improvements in our office which will involve a considerable outlay of cash and we rely upon our delinquent friends to do their part in the matter, and while we do not like to put any one to extra expense in this matter,

WE MEAN BUSINESS,

and, after those who have so far paid no attention to our statements sent out by letter, or our notices in the paper, have had a reasonable time to save themselves cost, we intend that some of them shall come to the city and see us, whether they like it or not. We hope that we shall be spared this unpleasant duty, but if we are forced to it no one but the delinquent himself will be to blame, for we have given all plenty of opportunities to avoid any unpleasantness. Remember, all have until Feb. 1st. to settle at the rate of $1.50 per annum, and all who have asked for further time have had it granted; and remember that this request is made for the purpose of giving all who honestly intend to settle with us some time or other one more opportunity to save costs and unpleasantness, and we expect replies. We would gladly avoid making you trouble and costs but we must have something, even though that something be no more than several judgments—in some cases we think we should prefer that to a larger sized silence.

E. E. Abbott, of Grove Park, dropped in to see us on Tuesday evening and to have a social chat with THE JOURNAL man. In relation to the yarn in the Times to the effect that the authorities of Grove Park allowed a pauper to lie around in a hovel until too badly frozen for any use, Mr. A. says that the man, Kramer, who is referred to, has a claim of 160 acres of land and from choice lives alone upon it for the most part of the time, but the town has contributed to his support, purchasing him food and clothes at times. The man at times appears to be demented and will sleep in straw stacks with a big club handy to "defend himself against his enemies," he says. At one time during the winter he got slightly frost-bitten and clothing was procured for him; he was also sent to the Judge of Probate for examination but declared to be sane and sent back to Grove Park. While he is not by any means violently insane there is no question but that he is off his mental equilibrium, and that the town authorities have done their full duty by him is very evident. Having a claim, he can hardly be classed as a pauper, and if he is a sane man he is able to support himself at least by manual labor, yet it seems he will not work. We cannot see how the town authorities can be held responsible for the care of such a man. If the man was insane or unable to work the case might be different, even though he has a farm, but medical experts have pronounced him sane and it is true that he is able to work if he was a mind to.

Albert Simpson has interested himself in behalf of the hail-sufferers and is canvassing among his neighbors in their behalf. While much has been done for a few of them, much remains to be done if all are supplied with seed and feed.

A. M. Hanson was down from Wylie on Tuesday and paid THE JOURNAL a pleasant visit. Says there isn't much threshing going on just now but lots o it to do later. Thinks the grain was all so well stacked that none of it will be likely to spoil in stack.

Elsewhere in this issue will be found the advertisement of the Moorhead Institute for the cure of drunkenness and the opium habit. This institution has recently been started and with marked success—a number of its patients already rejoicing in their newly acquired liberty. Absolute cure guaranteed or no pay. Dr. Darrow, an old and successful practitioner of Moorhead, is the physician in charge, and H. D. Scott is manager. For full particulars, address Moorhead Institute, Moorhead, Clay Co., Minn.

A Singular Accident.

Geo. Vine, the Robert street butcher, met with a serious accident on Tuesday evening in his market. In attempting to take a piece of meat from the hook, while holding the knife in his right, another piece fell from a hook higher up, struck the knife, knocking it upon George's left hand cutting a severe gash. George at once sought Dr. Dunlop who sewed up the gash and then he took a lay off for a few hours. He was walking around a little on Wednesday morning.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn.

THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00
B. O. Jorgenson	10.00
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.
Lewis Ellington	$5.00.
E. Lanctot, 10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.	

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school
A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church.
Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston.
Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms.
A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Lowell can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 3 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full sett Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $3,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, Jan. 25th, 1892.

We are all glad to see Mrs. D. T. Herriott again. She is visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. B. Budd.

A few of C. E. Ford, Jr's., friends surprised him on Thursday evening. Charley was equal to the occasion and had plenty of refreshments for all, liquid as well as solid.

A very select sociable was held at the residence of I. U. Webb the other evening. The elite of Reis' and Liberty were present.

Lewis Seeger, the contractor and builder, is very busy these days. Don't even have time to go and see his best girl.

Our teacher, Joe Ball, and John Mjelde went to Maple Lake Sunday to fish.

Wm. Price, who has had the "grip," is improving.

John Towers is selling more lumber than any one who was ever in that business here. EDNA.

Geo. Vine gets another carload of hogs from below this week. For choice meats of all kinds go to Vine's Robert street meat market.

EDNA, Minn., Jan. 23th, 1892.

EDITOR POLK CO. JOURNAL:—

Dear Sir—I have been thinking you and I like to do good; I think every one's motto should be "Do all the good you can to all the people you can and not injure yourself or family." I want you to tell the farmers' wives how to make cough Syrup as this is the time for La Grippe. It is my own; no one told me how to make it, but I would not take two hundred dollars and promise not to make or use any more. It is harmless; my children used to get it and drink it. It will cure la grippe, lung fever, bronchitis, whooping cough, prevent croup if taken in time, prevents diphtheria, good for catarrh, sore mouth and scrofulous eruptions, it cleanses the blood; consumptives will find much relief from its use. Do not think I do not know what I am talking about. I have raised four children (all I ever had), my youngest nearly eighteen, and I have not employed a doctor for twenty years. MIRANDA P. HALLOCK.

COUGH SYRUP.

Put ten cents worth of hoarhound in a tin pail, pour in one quart boiling water, set on back of stove to steep one hour, strain into a pitcher, put in one pint more water on the leaves, steep half an hour, break up three sticks best licorice, put in a pitcher to soak; when leaves are steeped enough, strain in with the other, throw leaves away wash out the pail and pour in the contents of the pitcher, put back on the stove to boil and stir well to dissolve licorice; put in five coffee cups of white sugar and one pound honey, boil to dissolve sugar, then take it off the stove, put in half an ounce essence of peppermint, one large tablespoonful of oil of tar, stir well, put in bottles and set in a cool place.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

Part of a Great Movement.

The idea of educating people in their homes, instead of confining the process within the walls of a college, is just beginning to make itself known and felt. The great movement termed "University extension" is simply a movement to bring some of the advantages of the higher schools into the homes of the people; that advantage may be taken of the very expensive machinery of higher education by those who are unable to leave home or to raise the money required. The university extension course is largely the outgrowth of Chautauqua influences and the influence of the correspondence schools of language, etc., which have been established for some years. An incorporated law school has been established at Detroit, Mich., under the name of the Sprague Correspondence School of Law—so named from its originator. The school has been in operation fifteen months and is doing great service to the many men and women throughout the country who are desirous of obtaining a liberal education in the law, but who are not able to attend the law colleges.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

WANTED!

Two or three men to work for me in Polk County. $4 to $12 per day, sure. If you are idle or working for small money now is the time. Any one can do the work and make big wages. Particulars free. Address,

W. ALBERT LANCTOT,
[41-48] Crookston, Minn.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston, Minn., Post Office, for the week ending Jan. 23, 1892:

Chase, Mr C W
Gabrio, Joe
Petterson, Mr O P—3
Samuelson, Miss Anna.
Fjeld, Timand H
Jansen, Miss Carne
Syverson, Miss Ella

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, Postmaster.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED.

If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 20 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

INFRINGEMENT OF COPYRIGHT.

In my last contribution I took up the subject of Copyright, with reference to how, by whom and on what it may be obtained. A few words on the subject of Infringement of Copyright may not be without interest and profit to the general reader.

What is an infringement?

It may be said that if so much of a work be taken that the value of the original is sensibly and materially diminished, or the labors of the original author are substantially, to an injurious extent, appropriated by another, such taking or appropriation is sufficient in point of law to maintain the suit. It is not necessary that the whole or even the larger part be taken, to constitute invasion of a copyright.

Copying is not confined to literal repetition, but includes the various modes in which the matter of any publication is adapted, imitated or transferred, with more or less colorable alterations to disguise the piracy. It may be incorporated into some larger work and and be none the less an infringement, as if an encyclopedia were to contain a copyrighted article, or part of an article of another author. "The true test," says one case, "is to ascertain whether the defendant has in fact used the plan, arrangement, and illustrations of the plaintiff as the model of his own book, with colorable alterations and variations only to disguise the use thereof, or whether his work is the result of his own labor, skill and use of common materials and common sources of knowledge open to all men, and the resemblances are either accidental or arising from the nature of the subject."

It is an infringement, even though an improvement on the original. The test then is whether the copy is substantially the same as the original. Courts have several times defined a copy to be that which comes so near to the original as to give to every person seeing it the idea created by the original.

The same principle holds good in regard to maps, charts, pictures, musical compositions, etc. It is hard to say what is an infringement of a map. Where the subsequent map appears to have been substantially copied from the original, except in scale and color there is an infringement. In the case of music, even though the copy be adapted to a different purpose, if the original may still be recognized by the ear, it is an infringement, and this so even if "variations" be added. Copying a copyrighted engraving by means of photography is an infringement.

If a book infringe to a slight degree, as by embracing a small part of a copyrighted work, together with much original matter, the equitable remedy is a suit for the damage suffered, and not an injunction to restrain the issue of the publication. Although a copyrighted book cannot be copied, still a "fair use" of the book, as by quotations for criticism, review, etc., is not prohibited. Recourse must be had to the decisions of courts as to what is "fair use."

It must be such use as will not cause substantial injury to the proprietor of the first publication.

NATURALIZATION.

One may be a citizen of a State and not a citizen of the United States. Compliance with State laws of naturalization do not make a man a citizen of the United States. This power is vested solely in Congress, and yet, strange to say, one may not be a citizen of the United States and yet vote for a Senator or member of Congress, and should the power to choose a president by any chance be thrown into Congress, as indeed it may under the Constitution, there is given to persons not citizens of the United States, indirect influence in the choice of the President. This comes about by the Constitution declaring that electors of members of the lower house of Congress, have the qualifications requisite for electors of the lower house of the State Legislatures. So that in order for an alien to vote for a Member of Congress, and indirectly for a Senator or President, it is only necessary for him to be able to vote for a member of the more numerous branch of the State Legislature. The State may prescribe what qualifications it may see fit for State citizenship, but Congress alone can make an alien a citizen of the whole country. It is difficult, in view of what has been said, however, to see wherein lies the distinction between the privilege of a citizen of the United States and a citizen of one of the States. One privilege at least the State could not confer, that is, she could not give him as a citizen, a title to those privileges and immunities of citizens of the several States which the federal constitution guarantees and secures.

We will state briefly who may be naturalized under the laws of the United States. Any alien friend who is a free white person or a person of African nativity or descent, who has made the legal preliminary declaration, and who has resided for the five years next preceding his application, in the United States, and for one year next preceding such application, in the State or Territory in which the court sits to whom he makes application, and who, during that time, has been of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order of the same, may become a citizen of the United States. This excludes Indians, Mongolians, half Indian blood, and Chinese. A married woman may be naturalized without the concurrence of her husband.

There are five classes of privileged persons.

First, minors. Children of naturalized citizens, under age of twenty-one at the time of the naturalization of their parents, are deemed citizens if dwelling in this country. Minor children of foreign parents, whose mother, after the death of the father, marries a citizen, become citizens. Children of citizens, who are born abroad, are citizens of the United States. In regard to the five years qualification, a portion of this time may be years of the applicant's minority; in such case, the previous declaration of intention is not necessary if he make a declaration at the time of his admission, and proves and declares on oath that for two years it has been his intention to become a citizen.

Second, wives of citizens. An alien woman of the race or class entitled to naturalization, who marries a citizen, becomes by that act a citizen. If makes no difference if she is less than twenty-one years of age. When an alien is naturalized, his wife thereby becomes a citizen, though she may never come to the United States until after his death. This latter statement is, however, questioned in some courts. A discussion of the three remaining classes of privileged persons will be found in our next paper.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, San. 22.—The new iron mines on the Mesabi Range continue to attract the attention of the Duluth people and especially of the iron men. The first wonderful stories of the great richness of these new found deposits are borne out by the later developments. The work of opening new locations is being prosecuted with vigor by a good many companies and generally with good results. A week ago a party of Southern capitalists interested in the Cincinnati mine, with Messrs. John McKinley, A. E. Humphreys and S. T. Hale of this city, were here to investigate that and other properties. I had the good fortune to make the trip to the new range with them. The mines are reached by a twelve mile ride from the Duluth & Iron Range road at Mesabi station, and a twelve mile sleigh ride with the thermometer hovering around 29 below zero was a new experience for most of the men who made the trip. There was enough pleasure on the ride to more than compensate for the discomforts from the cold, and if there had not been, every one would have been amply repaid by the wonderful revelations at the mines.

Four of the mines, the Cincinnati, Canton, Bewabic and Hale were visited and examined. After inspection of any one of them there would be no doubt of the value of the newly opened deposit of ore. Taken altogether they show an amount of ore never before found on any range in this country.

The developments so far have all been by test pitting, and on each property from three to thirteen pits have been put down, with the result every time of finding a good body of ore. The Bewabik on which the most work has been done, has up to date showed up the largest amount. On one of its four "forties" there is known by actual measurement to be about 0,000,000 tons, and on the four there are probably not less than 20,000,000 tons. The Cincinnati, in which the controlling spirits are A. E. Humphreys, John McKinley, Judge J. T. Hale and Geo. E. Milligan, the latter of Parkersburg, W. V., has twice the amount of land the Bewabik owns, and the test pits so far show just as rich a deposit, so it may be said to have even a greater body of ore available. The Hale and the Canton each are showing up fine bodies of ore. All this ore is a red hematite Bessemer running from 60 to 65 per cent metalic iron. The ore formation so far shows that for a long time at least that the mining will be very cheap, probably costing less than 50 cents a ton. As the ore lies it is a vast stock pile, needing only to be stripped and lifted out with a steam shovel. It can be delivered to furnaces in Duluth for about $2 a ton, and this means a marvelous development of the iron and steel industry here. The McKinley mine three miles farther west was not visited, but the reliable reports that come from there show that at least in the quality of the ore it is more than the equal of the other mines. One result of the visit of these Southern and Eastern capitalists, some of whom are interested in the Tennessee and Alabama iron fields, was the organization of the Chicago Iron company, a strong concern, which has secured about 800 acres between the Canton and Bewabik and the McKinley and on which preliminary work shows the same ore formation to exist. A large outside interest has been created in these new iron fields and men are coming from every section to investigate them. The two railroads which will reach the range are rushing their surveys and the clearing of the rights of way and by August both will be constructed. The Duluth, Mesabi & Northern has 65 miles to build and the Duluth & Iron Range 13.

HAYS.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [85-tf]

World's Fair Notes.

The Lord Mayor of London, it is announced, will form a committee to raise the sum necessary to send to the Exposition a selected number of representative working men from London, with a view of their making reports on the industrial exhibits there. Similar action was taken in case of the last two Paris expositions.

Indiana's building at the Exposition will be French gothic in style, and constructed entirely of Indiana material. It will measure 100x170 feet, and in realty will be a $100,000 structure, though, on account of the donation of a large part of the material entering into its construction, its cash cost will be only about $80,000.

A grand dedication ball, probably in the Auditorium, on the night of Oct. 13, 1892, will conclude the exercises dedicatory to the Exposition buildings. Many representatives of foreign countries are expected to be present, and the event will be, to an extent, international in character. The committee on ceremonies has selected the following patronesses and managers:

Patronesses—Mrs. Potter Palmer, Mrs. George L. Dunlap, Mrs. George M. Pullman, Mrs. Nelson A. Miles, Mrs. W. W. Kimball, Mrs. A. C. McClurg, Mrs. Heaton Owsley, Mrs. Arthur Caton, Mrs. Emmons Blaine, Mrs. Wm. Armour, Mrs. Hobart C. Taylor and Mrs. Robert W. Patterton, Jr.

Managers—Mr. N. K. Fairbank, Mr. Marshall Field, Mr. Norman Williams, Mr. Franklin McVeagh, Mr. Lambert Tree, Mr. Hobart C. Taylor, Mr. T. Harvey Bradley, Mr. F. M. Whitehouse, Mr. Huntington W. Jackson, Mr. A. C. Honore, Mr. Arthur Ryerson and Mr. Mr. George Armour.

The second volume of "Tales From Town Topics" has appeared, with the announcement in the preface that the first volume enjoyed a "phenomenal" sale, and that the publishers expect the new book to prove quite as popular. It is doubtless true that a large body of the public buys with considerable avidity a book that is known to contain stories told with a French degree of freedom, and, so long as literary purity is preserved and a romantic brilliancy exhibited, and lapses into unconventional moral attitudes are smiled away, "Tales From Town Topics, No. 2," contains some rather startling pages judged under austere rules, but the book is seldom stupid, and can be read by broad-minded men and women without seriously influencing the health of their souls. [Town Topics Publishing Co., 21 West 23d street, New York.]

Drunkenness
CURED.

THE
Moorhead Institute

Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the

DRINK and OPIUM
HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

TRY PEAKE,
THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER,
FOR BARGAINS.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
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P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
Professional calls by or day night

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls
AT
Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK
IS
ON DISPLAY

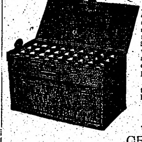
THE FAIR
DEPARTMENT STORE,
Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot at a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

Farmers' Egg Cases.



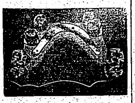
Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,
CROOKSTON, MINN
Opera House Block,

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT
GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing; the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me if you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Before deciding what Xmas gifts you will purchase, please call and inspect my line of Pictures and Picture Framing Material, such as Oleographs, Chromos, Artotype and Steel Engravings, Monochromes, Water Color, Pastel and Oil Paintings.

Reproductions in Paintings and Etchings, Photogravures, Artographs, Typogravures, Mezzotypes and fac-simile Pastels, Genuine Etchings, Pastels and Steel Engravings. Etchings - Remarque - Proof. Picture ats, Mouldings, Frames, Hooks, Nails, Cords, Wire and Room Mouldings.

I'm making a Special Sale of these goods for the Holiday trade. Call and examine.

Yours respectfully,
THE UNDERTAKER,
105½ Broadway,
Crookston, Minn. [85-tf]

STUDY LAW
AT HOME.

Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to J. COTNER, Jr., Sec., No. 80 Whitney Block, DETROIT, MICH.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

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Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS,

ORGANS.

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
Grand Forks, N. D.

THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana | FARM LANDS

N W TOWNS | 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products. | LOW RATS

Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills. | Horses, Cattle.

Health, Wealth. | In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns. New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise. | Sheep, Hogs.

Herds, M ines. | These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
North Star, - -	2.50
Fife, - -	2.15
Skip Jack. - -	1.15

We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONNY
On Real Estaer
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, January 28, 1892.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de......St. Paul......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:30 p. m.
2:50 p. m. ar......Helena......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:20 a. m.......Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South............	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg........	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 24, 1892.

There have so far been two occasions in the House of Representatives at this session, where a straightforward and patriotic Republican sentiment clashed with what is known as Democracy. In the first, the Democracy triumphed, and prevented the sending to Russia, at government expense the contributions of patriotic Americans to Russian sufferers by famine. The Republicans were as one for this small testimonial to an ever friendly government, and, though the Democracy was divided, enough of their bulky majority voted against the appropriation to defeat it. This slap in the face of the only government on earth that has always been friendly to us was a most ungracious and unpatriotic thing.

The next contest was over the Holman resolution, which virtually limited appropriations this year to the carrying on of department work. Nothing was to be voted for the thousand things, outside of routine, that have been recognized as part of the government's needs from the days of Jefferson to those of Cleveland. In this contest there was a transient Republican triumph, as Mr. Holman's resolution was withdrawn. But it came up again the day after, and was adopted. As passed, it pledges the United States to give or pay nothing to the World's Fair at Chicago, to United States' creditors who have been left in arrears by the inevitable friction that comes with the movements of a great government, and to the increase and improvement of the navy. In various ways, outside of these, the Holman resolution, if carried out in its terms, would cripple the United States in its dealings with their own citizens and in their relations with foreign powers. Of coure the letter of the resolution will have little to do with the actual legislation of the session. Harbors and rivers will be improved, necessary public buildings erected, the naval vessels completed and new ones commenced, and the United States continue to make themselves respectable abroad as well as at home, notwithstanding the Holman resolution. The two hundred and thirty-six Democrats in the house may vote wildly and foolishly on an abstract proposition of economy, but when the local, national and international needs of the nation come before them for consideration and vote, they will act and vote intelligently. Mr. Holman seems to be a man who thinks a people of seventy millions, with railroads, steamboats, electrical appliances, and all other modern improvements will be content with the stage-coach methods of a hundred years ago. He will find his mistake before the session closes—long before it closes.

There is no real and serious complaint about the census of 1890 except that comes from New York City. New York State does not complain. No state complains. No really American community complains of the general accuracy and fairness of the enumeration made. The unavoidable mistakes here and there are criticised as they should be. But these Democrats of New York who believe that New York State is solidly Democratic now are seriously thinking of proceeding in Congress, in some way unknown to the ordinary mind, against Mr. Porter, the present superintendent of the census. As Governor and Senator Hill has New York City in his vest pocket, New York State in his overcoat pocket, and expects the nation to meet him next summer at Harlem Bridge, it is supposed that he is at the bottom of the new raid on Porter and the census of 1890. The special object he has is not understood. He may believe that he is the only man who can take a census, as he is the only man who ever created a Legislature.

If there are any Union soldiers who have not decided to visit Washington at the September reunion this year, they may get information that will influence them by addressing a note to Harrison Dingman, Washington, D. C. He is secretary of the general committee, and will respond to any call.

A Pioneer In Fact.

Grand Forks Daily Herald:—Jack Bunnell, one of the oldest engineers on the Great Northern, and who pulled the first train across the bridge into Grand Forks is now pulling the passenger between here and Devil's Lake. The old time boys will remember a clock was presented to Jack by his friends here in honor of his piloting the first locomotive into the city, which he probably carries in his cab to this day.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Jan. 21st, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of H. E. Cooke, administrator of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 21st day of January, A. D. 1892.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[41-43] Judge of Probate.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—OF THE—

Crookston Mercantile Company.

For the purpose of organizing a corporation under Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes, 1878 and acts amendatory thereto, the undersigned hereby associate ourselves together and adopt the following Articles of Incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be the CROOKSTON MERCANTILE COMPANY, and the general nature of its business shall be, the carrying on of a general wholesale and retail grocery, fruits, confectionery, cigars and tobacco business and such other general mercantile business as may be determined by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE II.

The principal place of business of said corporation shall be in the City of Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

ARTICLE III.

The time of the commencement of said corporation shall be the first day of February A. D. 1892, and the period of its duration shall be thirty years.

ARTICLE IV.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, and the same shall be paid in at such times and in such manner as shall be required or determined by the Board of Directors, and at least twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars of the said capital stock shall be sold or subscribed for and forty per cent of that amount shall be actually paid in before said corporation shall commence business.

ARTICLE V.

The highest amount of indebtedness of said corporation shall at no time exceed the sum of fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows:

Peter M. Ringdal, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
Fred Anderson, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
Lewis Ellington, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
John R. McKinnon, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
Elias Steenerson, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
H. Steenerson, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.
H. A. Mason, Crookston, Polk County, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VII.

The names of the first Board of Directors are as follows, to wit:

Fred Anderson, Peter M. Ringdal,
Elias Steenerson, H. A. Mason,
John R. McKinnon.

ARTICLE VIII.

The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a Board of Directors of not less than five directors to be elected annually by and from the stockholders as hereinafter provided.

ARTICLE IX.

The annual meeting for such election shall be held in the City of Crookston on the first Tuesday of February of each year, and until their successors are elected and qualified such directors shall continue to be such directors, and the directors shall at their annual meeting to be held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders, elect a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, but the office of Secretary and Treasurer may be held by the same person, and until the next annual meeting of the stockholders as aforesaid Fred Anderson shall be President; H. A. Mason shall be Vice President; P. M. Ringdal shall be Secretary and P. M. Ringdal shall be Treasurer, and in case of a resignation of any of such officers or directors or their inability to act, their office shall be filled by the remainder of the Board of Directors at a meeting called and held for that purpose, and if for any reason the annual meeting for the election of officers shall not be held at the time specified, it may be held at any time that the directors may appoint for that purpose and at such place as they may designate.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said incorporators have hereunto set their hands and seals this 9th day of January A. D. 1892.

Signed and Sealed in presence of
E. M. STANTON,
P. E. MIBSEN,

FRED ANDERSON, (seal)
P. M. RINGDAL, (seal)
LEWIS ELLINGTON, (seal)
H. A. MASON, (seal)
ELIAS STEENERSON, (seal)
HALVOR STEENERSON (seal)
JOHN R. MCKINNON, (seal)

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
COUNTY OF POLK. } ss

On the ninth day of January A. D. 1892, personally came before me a notary public in and for said County, Peter M. Ringdal, Fred Anderson, Lewis Ellington, John R. McKinnon, Elias Steenerson, Halvor Steenerson and H. A. Mason to me known to be the identical persons who executed the foregoing instrument, and each of said persons acknowledged the execution thereof as his free act and deed for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

E. M. STANTON,
Notary Public, Polk County, Minnesota.
(seal)

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS,
County of Polk, Minnesota.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 11th day of January A. D. 1892, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book E of Misc. on pages 104-6.

JOHN LOCKEN,
Register of Deeds.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 12th day of January A. D. 1892 at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book D 3 of Incorporations, on page 142.

[illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-two and 48-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Boulie and Melvina Boulie, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of August, 1890, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 53 of mortgages, on page 392.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and ninety-six and 4-100 dollars, ($496.04), with interest on four hundred and eighty-one (481) dollars thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the northwest quarter (s½ nw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), all in Section two (2), of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred, ninety-six and 4-100 dollars ($496.04) and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-three and 25-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Napoleon Gonyea, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of November, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 54 of mortgages, on page 345.

And whereas the said, The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars ($650.83) with interest on six hundred and forty-two (642) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ se¼) of Section thirty (30), of Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892.

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 7th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 18th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, executed and delivered by Ida D. Van Tuyl and John E. Van Tuyl, her husband, mortgagors, to the "Union Central Life Insurance Company," mortgagee, bearing date the 23d day of November, 1889, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in book 51 of mortgages, on page 255, and whereas said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars and interest thereon from its said date at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, due and payable on the first day of January in each year. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable January 1st, 1891, and default having also been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable on January 1st, 1892, and both of said defaults still continue, and no part of said principal has ever been paid. And whereas the conditions of said mortgage are such that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or interest thereon when the same becomes due, then the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage shall thereupon become due and payable at once.

And whereas both by the terms of said mortgage and the election of said mortgagee hereby made the whole amount secured by said mortgage both principal and interest accrued to this date is now due and payable.

And the amount now claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage, including interest in accordance with the terms of said mortgage is the sum of six hundred and ninety-nine and 95-100 dollars. And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained which by reason of the default aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter, both of the above described tracts being in Section ten (10), Township one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and containing 160 acres of land, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on Tuesday, the 23d day of February, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy and pay the amount which will then be due upon said mortgage according to the terms thereof, and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees as provided by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 4th, 1892.

Union Central Life Insurance Company,
Mortgagee.

Chas. P. Barker,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
818 Guaranty Loan Building,
[38-44] Minneapolis, Minn.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

[illegible]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication, January 21st, 1892.]
[Last publication, March 3rd, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred thirty and 18-100 dollars, interest which is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paridis and Elmira Paridis, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of November, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 52.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 Dollars, with interest on nine hundred and twelve ($912) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-four (34) Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF MARCH, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [40-46]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Thursday, Jan. 14th. 1892.]
[Last publication Thursday, Feb. 25th 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and fifty and seventy one hundredths Dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Plante and Mary Plante his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the First day of June, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of morigages on page 470.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of the said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars ($956.14), with interest on nine hundred and forty (940) dollars, thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the south-east quarter (n½ se¼) and the north half of the south-west quarter (n½sw¼) of section thirty four (34) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 5th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of Seventy-one and seventy-eight one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Luc Jenot and Elenore Jenot, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1888, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the seventh day of December, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 57.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Ten Hundred and seventy-eight and fifty-eight dollars, ($1078.58), with interest on Ten Hundred and Seventy ($1070) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south-east (se) quarter of section nineteen (19) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred and Seventy-eight and fifty eight one hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 5th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 16, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on February 29th, 1892, viz: Tosten L. Oleson, Hd. No. 12,[illegible], for the S W¼ Sec. 14, Twp. 147, Range 48. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Knut S. Akre, John Ellingson, Halvor Ellingson, Edward Ramsey, all of Nellsville, Minn.

[40-45] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

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CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosuse Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Jan. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and eighty-five one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin Thompson and Ann G. Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 242.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and ninety-two and eighty-one one hundredths dollars, ($692.81), with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt, secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty (20) of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and 85-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peder H. Mesedalen and Kari Mesedalen, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 245.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, ($692.81) with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section seventeen (17), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

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ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3.00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

The Hail Fund.

It will be observed that the hail list is growing some, but yet not as rapidly as it should if any substantial aid is to be furnished. In order to afford relief in the most urgent cases about 1,000 bushels of wheat, 1,000 of barley and from 1,500 to 2,000 of oats are required. If you wish to contribute to this fund and it is not convenient for you to come and see us you can write upon a postal card the amount you are willing to contribute and your name will be put upon the list.

See the old reliable dealer, M. R. Brown, if you want to buy a team this spring.

The Demand Of Justice.

New York Press.

American patriotism has not degenerated in a long interval of peace. The public sentiment in favor of exacting reparation for the cowardly murder of our seamen at Valparaiso is overwhelming. It is evident that Congress, regardless of party lines, is prepared to support the administration in the most vigorous measures. The President's message is eagerly awaited both in the Senate and the House. The recommendations which it contains will undoubtedly be acted upon at once. The action of the government in ordering the squadrons of Admiral Gherardi and Admiral Walker to concentrate their forces at Valparaiso indicates that the forthcoming ultimatum to Chili will be backed up by the entire available power of the United States navy.

The time for conciliation and forbearance has passed. Chili has had ample time to afford reparation, and she has refused even to consider the question of making amends. Her persistent course of insult and defiance, following the murderous assault of her citizens and officials upon American seamen, has left no alternative but an appeal to force.

Talk of arbitration by any European power is futile and foolish. The report that Great Britain has officiously tendered her services as a mediator in the dispute is without confirmation. While England has a historic reputation for interference in the affairs of inferior countries, it is improbable that she would venture to offer interposition between the United States and Chili. Such interference could not be tolerated, much less entertained by the American people. Chili must settle her account directly with the United States. We have nothing to do with England in the matter. The United States needs no foreign instructions as to the course to be taken in defending her national honor.

The case is one that does not admit of arbitration. The United States requires an apology from Chili for the unprovoked murder of our unarmed seamen, the punishment of the assassins and the payment of satisfactory indemnity to the families of the murdered men. This is what simple justice demands. We will accept nothing less. If we are to have peace it must be peace with honor. In its infancy the United States went to war with France and with Great Britain, because of their maltreatment of American seamen. Those who think the United States will allow its faithful sailors to be barbarously slaughtered without exacting full reparation for the outrage know little of the history and the spirit of the American nation.

World's Fair Notes.

A collective exhibit of sanitary appliances and methods of sanitation, and of all that pertains closely to them, is to be made at the Exposition. The various state and municipal boards of health will work in conjunction to that end, numerous representatives of those organizations having so decided at a recent convention in Chicago.

The Blue Grass League, of Iowa, embracing the southwestern counties of the State, has decided to construct a "Blue Grass Palace" at the Exposition.

The fine geological collection made by the late Prof. Worthen, State Geologist of Illinois, will form part of the Illinois, will form part of the Illinois exhibit at the exposition. The State World's Fair Board has purchased it for $8,000.

The Hon. W. C. P. Breckenridge, of Kentucky, according to present plans, will deliver the oration dedicatory of the Exposition buildings, on Oct. 12th, 1892.

The London Polytechnic Institute expects that its plans for bringing artisans and others of limited means to the exposition will result in enabling 1,500 or 2,000 such persons to visit Chicago at a total expense of something like $125 or $130 each for the round trip.

The United States Potters' Association has applied for 32,000 square feet in the manufactures building, and announces its intention of making an exhibit that will not be surpassed by any showing made by the famed potteries of Europe.

The Columbian Navigation Company has been incorporated with a capital of $500,000 for the purpose of running steamboats to Jackson Park during the exposition for the accommodation of visitors. It is believed that many thousands of visitors will prefer the lake route in reaching the exposition.

The Chemical National Bank, of Chicago, has been granted the privilege of establishing and operating a bank on the exposition grounds. It will afford to exhibitors and visitors all the conveniences and safeguards of a metropolitan bank, including safety deposit vaults.

Secretary Dickinson estimates that $125,000 will be necessary for the expenses of the national Commission for the year ending June 30th, 1893, divided as follows: two meetings of the Commission, $30,000; salaries, $50,000; rent, $5,000; board of control and committees, $1,000; stationery, printing, etc., $10,000; expenses connected with admission of foreign exhibits, $20,000.

It is the intention to have one room in Delaware's exposition building fitted up in colonial style, with hangings, pictures and furniture of that period. among the exhibits in this room it is proposed to show models of three celebrated colonial churches—the "Old Swedes' Church," in Wilmington, founded in 1699: Barratt's Chapel, near Frederica, which was founded in 1780, and where, in November, 1784, Rev. Dr. Thomas Coke, Francis Asbury, afterwards first Methodist bishop in America, met with several others and planned the organization of the Methodist Church in this country; and Christ Church, Broad Creek.

The colossal statute of the Republic, which will stand on a pedestal rising from the basin in front of the administration building, is being modeled in Paris by Daniel C. French, the New York sculptor. It will be a female figure seventy-five feet high.

Water for the Exposition grounds will be supplied from two pumping stations having a combined capacity of 64,000,000 gallons a day. The largest of the two has a capacity of 40,000,000 and constitutes the exhibit of the Worthington Pump Company, which puts in the entire plant, costing $250,000, free of expense to the exposition.

A project has been inaugurated to have an international rifle shoot at Chicago at some time while the exposition is in progress. It is proposed that picked teams from the U. S. Army and national guard compete with teams from other nations.

A "Columbian Catholic Congress" will be held at Chicago at the time of the exposition, beginning, as now planned, On September 5th, and continuing five days. It is expected that fully 5,000 delegates from dioceses in the United States and Canada will be present and that the number from European countries will be very large and will include many noted dignitaries of the church. It is hoped that Pope Leo XIII. himself will accept an invitation to be present, and it is believed that this gathering will be the greatest and most representative in the history of the church. The progress and standing of the Catholic church in America and throughout the world and the social and economic questions embraced in the Pope's recent encyclical will be presented and discussed.

The Thomson-Huston Electric Companies are planning to make a united exhibit at an expense of $500,000. They want to occupy 20,000 square feet of space.

Chew Yu Ling, representing commercial parties in china, has arranged to conduct a tea pavilion on Midway Plaisance, and has applied for 1,000 square feet of space in the manufactures building in which to exhibit Chinese silks, embroideries, etc.

The ceremonies attending the dedication of the exposition buildings, Oct. 11, 12 and 13, 1892, are to be very elaborate and impressive. The committee having the matter in hand will devote $300,000 to that purpose. It is expected that the President of the United States and his Cabinet, many of the Senators and Congressmen and Governors of the States, numerous representatives of foreign governments, and 10,000 militia and several thousand regulars will be present. A dedication ode and marches, written for the occasion, will be rendered with full choral and orchestral accompaniment. Patriotic and other music, a dedicatory oration, a pageant of symbolical floats representing the "Procession of the Centuries," and magnificent displays of fireworks will be among the chief features of the programme.

The National Association of Woolen Manufacturers has decided to make a united exhibit at the fair.

On the three evenings during the exercises dedicatory of the exposition buildings, October 11, 12 and 13, fireworks to the value of $25,000 will be displayed. The contract has already been let.

Nearly $1,100,000 of insurance is now carried on the exposition buildings and electric plant. The amount will be increased from time to time as the construction proceeds.

Japan has appropriated $630,765 for its representation at the exposition. A splendid Japanese exhibit is assured,

Visitors to the exposition can, if they choose, drink Waukesha water on the fair grounds at one cent a glass. A company owning one of the principal springs at Waukesha has been awarded the contract for furnishing the water, which will be piped from that place to Chicago, about 100 miles, and be served at 300 places on the fair grounds. Plenty of Lake Michigan water will be obtainable free, of course.

The Chamber of Commerce at Salt Lake City, Utah, and the national commissioners and lady managers of the territory have circulated a petition asking, that the legislature appropriate $100,000 in aid of an exhibit at the world's fair.

The Wisconsin world's fair board has issued a circular to the farmers of Wisconsin asking them to exhibit the very best products of their farms at the county fairs and state fairs of this year, as the exhibit for the world's fair will be selected, to a considerable extent, from the cereals and other farm products which are awarded premiums at those fairs.

The world's fair board of Kansas is promoting a plan whereby it is expected that the expense of erecting the exposition building for that state will be borne by school pupils. The proposition is to have all of the schools in the state observe a "World's Fair Day," by holding an entertainment with music, recitations, tableaux, etc., to which a small entrance fee will be charged. The proceeds are expected to be sufficient to pay for the state building. Over the main entrance of the structure it is proposed to have the words: "Erected by the School Children of Kansas."

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

NATURALIZATION.

In our last we talked on the subject of naturalization, as to where the power is vested and who may be naturalized. We found that there were five privileged classes, and two of these—minors, and wives of citizens—were specially referred to. The three last classes of privileged persons are: 1st, The widow and children of one who has made the preliminary declarations, but who dies before his admission to citizenship; 2d, Aliens in the military service of the United States; and 3d, Seamen. As stated in the preceding talk, the alien must make a preliminary declaration of his intention to become a citizen. Now, when he has made this declaration, but dies before his admission as a citizen, his widow and his children become citizens upon the taking of the oath prescribed by law. As to the second class, the declaration of intention is not required from the alien who is over 21 years old and has been discharged from the military service of the United States. All that is required of him is that he prove one year's residence previous to his application. He is required also to show good moral character. It has been held in a federal case that this law does not apply to marines, but the law has been held to include the navy as well as the army in at least one case, arising in New York. We do not know that the matter is entirely settled. Inasmuch as the law does not specify as to what races are included under the term "alien," it is thought that there are no qualifications as to race required, and that the discharged soldier or sailor may be admitted to citizenship without regard to his race. Third, as to seamen: In order for the foreigner who is a seaman to become a citizen, he must declare his intention to become such in a competent court, and must have served three years on board of a merchant vessel of the United States subsequent to the date of the declaration, and must produce a certificate of discharge and good conduct during that time, together with the certificate of his declaration of intention to become a citizen. A seaman who is a foreigner, after making his declaration, and after serving three years, is deemed a citizen for the purpose of manning and serving on board a United States merchant vessel. Such seaman is for purpose of protection as an American citizen; deemed such after the filing of his declaration of intention to become such citizen. It is held that none of the provisions of the law as to seamen as above referred to, apply to sail or steam vessels engaged in the coast trade, except the coast trade between the Atlantic and Pacific; nor in the lake going trade touching at foreign ports or otherwise; nor in the trade between the United States and the British North American possessions; nor in any case where the seamen are by custom or agreement entitled to participate in the profits or result of the cruise or voyage. The law does not apply to naval service.

We shall in our next treat of the procedure in obtaining naturalization, including preliminary declaration of intention, the application, proof, certificate, record, etc.

Try M. R. Brown for a goood team of working horses or mares.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 30, 1892,

The newspapers of the country of all political shades are still discussing the action of the New York Senate in the passage of the enumeration bill, and it is a question that cannot be too fully discussed or commented upon. The facts are well known to the public, that a bill having been introduced to provide for an enumeration, and still unprinted, a Democratic Senator drew out of his pocket a substitute and a vote was forced upon this without discussion, while three Republican Senators who refused to vote were suspended and are still suspended and their names not called because they refused to vote on a bill they had never heard read. The Democratic papers which have the least pretension to fairness are denouncing this action everywhere. Even the New York World, a most partisan newspaper, says of it: "The action of the majority in requiring Senators to vote on an important bill which they had not been permitted to see, and because they declined suspending them from the rights of membership in that body to which they were legally elected, was unprecedented, unwarranted and dangerous." It continues that "if such a policy were persisted in, no new apportionment could secure the Democrats a Legislature next fall." That is true. The people of the State of New York intend to rebuke this conduct, by electing a Republican Legislature to replace the men who have so grossly violated all rules of decency.

The Sage of Corsicana, Roger Q Mills, has so acted for the last few weeks that the title heretofore bestowed upon him ought to be changed and he should be denominated hereafter the Mad Bull of Corsicana, for he acts very much like a bull in a china shop. It was stated in several of the papers that he would, when Mr. Springer's bill came from the committee on Ways and Means, offer as an amendment the Mills' Bill, better known as the dark lantern affair, which was prepared when Mills was chairman of the committee on Ways and Means in the Fifteenth Congress. Mr. Mills was interviewed on this subject and he did not deny but what he should make this move. If he does, the probabilities are that this session of Congress will last into October, to the great disgust of many new members who would like to be at home trying to secure a re-election.

It is not known to every one that, under Section 1,218 of the revised statutes of the United States, no man who was in the civil or military service of the late Confedaracy or of any of the States belonging to it could, in the event of war, take service in the armies of the United States as a volunteer with any rank higher than that of a private. Even if the distinguished commanders of the Confederate army were alive and war was declared they would have to, if they served at all, serve in the ranks. An effort will be made in this Congress to repeal this statute.

The democratic committee held its meeting in Washington on the 21st and Chicago was selected as the place for holding the next democratic convention and the 21st of June as the time. It is generally understood at Washington that Chicago was selected through a combination made by Hill, Gorman and Brice and there is a very vigorous kick upon the part of some of the delegations that were here trying to secure the location elsewhere.

The democratic mountain, consisting of Messrs. Crisp, McMillan and Catchings, has labored over the rules of the new House for about six weeks and the little mouse has crawled forth. The democrats want to adopt some of the rules of the Fifty-first Congress, but, after having so vigorously denounced them, they could hardly do this but came as near it as they possibly could in one or two things. The very men who clamored so in the Fifty-first Congress for free debate have prepared a rule and offered it to the Fifty-second which, if adopted, will be as effectual in cutting off debate as any of the rules of the Fifty-first Congress. There is no doubt but what the rules will be adopted on Monday, though one distinguished Democrat says he shall move to strike out portions of them and substitute the rules of the Fifty-first Congress, because under the rules offered, not only will debate be strangled, but no business permitted except what the committee on Rules desires.

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LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,
Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now prepared to grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feed in two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable
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CROOKSTON
CARRIAGE WORKS.
Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.
GIVE US A CALL
A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,
CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
WALL PAPER.
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,
THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER,
FOR BARGAINS.

Drunkenness
CURED.
THE
Moorhead Institute
Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the
DRINK and OPIUM
HABIT.
Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,
MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.
Lee & Herrick's Best, $2.65
North Star, - - 2.50
Fife, - - 2.15
Skip Jack. - - 1.15
☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.
LEE & HERRICK.

G. SLATER. E. N. HILL.
H. ROTHERT. J. A. GEDD OF.
Chase & Slater Law and Claims Co.,
1331 F Street, Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY
BUY OF SLOCUM,
The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.
SPECIALTIES | WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.
HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?
Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. Give me a Trial.
W. E. SLOCUM, BROADWAY.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, February 4, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 69.
1 Northern 62.
2 Northern 59.
3 Northern 56.

John O. Bubn was in from Mentor on Saturday.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs went over to Grand Forks on Monday.

Fred Sargeant is getting fixed in his new rooms in the Reckett Block.

Levi Myers, the lumber king of Fosston, was in the city on Saturday last.

Al Vine is fixing up a room in the new Reckett Block for a meat market.

Louis Ellington took a run up to McIntosh on Tuesday—ground-hog's day.

Wheat opened out on Monday at 71 for 1 hard. A slight drop since our last report.

Eli Austin has gone to Battle Creek, Mich., for a course of treatment in the sanitarium.

Mrs. Bert Duntley was taken very ill last Saturday but was very much better on Monday.

Tom Morris is getting into his new shop in the Reckett Block this week. It will be a daisy.

Mr. Anderson, of the Tribune, got his right forefinger severely pinched in the engine on Monday.

Ole P. Renne was up from Bindal on Tuesday and called in to make The Journal man happy.

The young folks of the Presbyterian church go out to S. M. McKee's this evening for a social time.

Fred Davis was called home from school on Monday by the serious illness of his parents, who live at Euclid.

The new Commercial Hotel to be built next summer, will be the finest hotel in Northern Minnesota, it is said.

The new Reckett block begins to look like business with the tenants taking possession of their elegant new quarters.

Mr. A. E. Brush came over from Grand Forks on Tuesday and took the train for his home at Angus on Wednesday morning.

Tom Wallace dropped into our den last week to chip in 20 bushels of barley for those who suffered by hail. Tom's heart is in the right place.

Charles Spurgeon, the celebrated English preacher, passed away on Monday at the age of 58 years. Mr. Spurgeon was one of the deepest thinkers of the age.

On Tuesday morning Peter Cornelius came in after Dr. Dunlop to go out to see his little daughter who was very sick. The doctor pronounced it a case of pleurisy.

You bet that ground hog could see his shadow on Tuesday, all right enough, if he was fat enough to cast a shadow, so s'pose we must look out for six weeks good solid winter yet.

Theodore Greenhalgh went out to Maple Lake this week after some fine seed wheat he had secured out there. The idea of changing seed wheat once in a while is a good one.

John L. Hanson died of La Grippe last week and was buried on Saturday. He was for many years a resident of this city. His brother came up from Superior to attend to his affairs.

Theodore Greenhalgh reports the arrival of a fine boy at his house on the 22d ult. The cigars we sampled when he made the report last Saturday were of the best brand obtainable in the city.

There is a rumor to the effect that one of our dentists is soon to take a partner. We are not going to tell which one it is as we promised not to—and it may not be so. How is it Doc, Henaultway?

The Journal regrets to learn that our old friend, H. F. Elfrink, of Argyle, has La Grippe. We know how to sympathize with the victims of that disease having been through that mill ourself. It is no funny business.

Hon. Wm. Carlton passed through the city on Tuesday evening en route for his old home in Wisconsin where he is summoned to testify in a law-suit. Carlton says they are all looking for a big immigration into Polk County next spring.

O. D. Rood, the city laundry man, is putting in a new 16 horse power steam engine in order to keep up with his growing trade. Rood is one of those hard-working men who deserves success—and we are glad to note this evidence that he is attaining it.

Joseph Tagley was down from Woodside last Saturday and was among those who dropped in to encourage us with the remark "keep'er a coming," and dropped his nickel in the slot for that purpose. John reports lots of wood up that way ready for shipment.

Chris Houston desires to call attention to the notice of the meeting of Crookston Alliance, which is to be held on Saturday afternoon next at two o'clock and urge upon all members the great importance of being in attendance as business of importance is to be brought before the meeting.

The Ladies Relief Corps gave a fine banquet in the I. O. O. F. banquet room on Tuesday evening. Receipts about $75.

Geo. Vine gets another carload of hogs from below this week. For choice meats of all kinds go to Vine's Robert street meat market.

A. M. Childs will open an office in this city as soon as he can make arrangements and deal in life insurance for the New York Life folks.

Crookston Alliance will meet on Saturday, Feb. 6th, at the city hall at 2 p.m. A large attendance is requested as business of importance is to be transacted.

At the Congregational church next Sunday the pastor will preach at 11 a. m. on "Christians Riding after the Hon. Mr. Satan's Four-in-Hand." S. S. at 12:5; J. S. C. E. 3:30 p. m.; union services in the evening. Rev. O. H. Elmer will preach at 7:30. All cordially invited to these services.

The Mable Snow Company that give one of their pleasing and entertaining performances at the Grand Opera House in this city on Tuesday, February 9th, is said to be one of the strongest and best attractions of its kind on the road and no doubt the house will be packed, as Crookstonites have not seen anything quite in this line of amusement for some time.

Chas. S. Attix, of Mentor, spent the Sabbath in the city. From Mr. Attix The Journal learns that the Maple Lake Improvement Co. will commence operations at once by putting up and filling an ice house near the site for the new hotel which is to be completed in time for the coming season. The company will put in sufficient money to make the resort a success from the start.

The following clipping, relating to the death of the brother of Mr. M. E. Bartlett, of this city, was taken from the local paper published at Uvalde, Texas, the home of the late C. E. Bartlett:—

"Mr. C. E. Bartlett died at the residence of Mr. Joe Brown last Monday night at 10:45 o'clock. He had been a resident of this country for nearly twenty years and always stood high in the estimation of the people who knew him. He served several years in the ranger force, and has since been engaged in the sheep business. His unexpected death Monday night was a painful shock to his many friends here.'

Jos. Laframboise and J. B. Sauve are doing good business in Ontario, at least we should judge so from the reports we see of them in every paper in the province. These papers are filled with the reports that Laframboise and Sauve give them of the crops of Polk County, and they freely predict that those gentlemen will be accompanied by a large colony when they return home in the spring. Similar reports come from others who are proclaiming the wonders of this country in other places, and it does look like Polk County would see an immigration similar to that of the seventies. Well, let 'em come. We have lots of good land awaiting their arrival.

Edward Lanctot dropped in last week just as The Journal was going to press and added to our hail list 20 bushels of oats and 20 bushels of barley. This week the list has grown considerably, but yet it falls far short of reaching the demand. Several new cases have been called to our attention, some of which are in urgent need of help—who cannot go on without it, and while we have set our stakes at nothing less than seed and feed for all who were struck, we shall not be satisfied unless we succeed in supplying the most needy. Is it possible that Polk County farmers will allow a few of their number to be driven to the wall for the lack of only about 1,000 bushels of wheat, about the same amount of barley and perhaps 2,000 bushels of oats? Minnesota contributed most nobly to the starving poor

IN RUSSIA,

sending a whole shipload of flour to their assistance, and that was well; but here we have a few cases among us that need a little aid just as badly as do those poor Russian peasants, only not nearly as much of it, and the work, it seems to us, goes fearfully slow. If every farmer in the county would put in only a few bushels there would be more than enough; or if one or two farmers in each town would spend a few hours among his neighbors in procuring subscriptions the work would be easy and the amount soon raised. Let us take hold of this work in earnest and then for the future let us not rest until a system of hail insurance is devised that shall render all aid in this manner unnecessary in the future. Why, we know farmers enough in Polk County who are perfectly able to pull this thing through and we believe perfectly willing to do so, if they would take hold of it. A postal card and a minute's time is all that is required to inform The Journal what you are willing to contribute to this cause. Shall we hear from you?

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [85-tf]

WANTED!

Two or three men to work for me in Polk County. $4 to $12 per day, sure. If you are idle or working for small money now is the time. Any one can do the work and make big wages. Particulars free. Address,

W. Albert Lanctot,
[41-48] Crookston, Minn.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,
14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [85-tf]

LOST.

Near Beltrami, Polk Co., Minn., one note for Six Hundred Dollars, ($600.), give by A. Boddy to H. B. Budd, with interest at 10 per cent per annum, drawn on Jan. 3rd 1892, due in 90 days. all parties are hereby cautioned against buying said note as payment has been forbidden. H. B. Budd.
[41-48]

Left-Over-Remnant-Sale

—AT—

FONTAINE & ANGLIM'S.

DRESS GOODS.

Cheviots,
Homespuns,
Ladies Cloths,
Dress Flannels,
Black Goods,
Wide Wale Diagonals,
……1¼ to 6 yards long.
……40 in. to 45 in. wide.

SILKS.

CHINA,
SURAH'S,
PRINTED,
PLAIN BLACKS,
RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS,
VELVETS,
The CHEAPNESS will ASTONISH You.

DOMESTICS.

PRINTS……
MUSLINS……
GINGHAMS……
WHITE GOODS……
May Be Just What You Want.

REMNANTS OF LACES AND EMBROIDERIES IN ABUNDANCE.

S. B. Palmer was up from Lockhart on Wednesday and gave The Journal a pleasant call. That Mr. Palmer's heart is in the right place is evidenced in the fact that, though he lives in Norman County, his name is added to our hail list. He has taken the agency for the Lewis gasoline engine, and our readers will doubtless hear more from him later.

J. B. Bren dropped in on Tuesday to encourage us a bit and succeeded in doing it. Bren Bros. run a threshing machine every fall, but last fall they broke all threshing records by pounding out 92,000 bushels of grain in 60 days. They put up their machine about Dec. 31st, but expect to start it again as early in the spring as it is possible to run, in order to finish out what is left up there, which is about 20 per cent. J. B. says he threshed many 30 bushel crops of wheat and says the crop was the best general average he ever saw raised in that neighborhood.

Goodwin Leppert, of Wylia, dropped in last Thursday to put that subscription ahead a peg and contribute 10 bushels of oats for the victims of hail Good enough. We should like to hear from others up that way and secure enough contributions to make a load, or several. Mr. L. says that there is a good bit of threshing yet to do up that way and this fact, no doubt, is one reason why our hail list grows so slowly.

Comrade John Lyndall, was up from Norman County on Saturday and dropped $1.50 in the till to help us along. Comrade Lindall applied for a pension several years ago but as yet gets no shekels. He has an excellent case and will get the money after awhile, and when he does it will be a goodly wad. Adjutant Carruth, of Col. Cobham Post, put a spoke in his wheel that will do him good, as he does for every deserving comrade.

DO NOT FORGET THE

60--DAYS--60

IT WILL INTEREST YOU —IF YOU WISH— To Save Money.

MARKED DOWN Red Figure SALE

OF CLOTHING And Gents' Furnishing Goods, AT THE BOSTON ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

A number of our friends have kindly remembered us on subscription during the past week for which we feel very grateful. Many others have written us that they will attend to the matter when they thresh—for all of which we are duly thankful. We are aware that some have been unable to thresh and we have tried to be very patient this fall, though very much needing all that is due us to enable us to settle our losses by hail and to add to our outfit certain machinery that our large and steadily growing list renders absolutely necessary. We do not intend to put on any frills with the money we receive, but we intend to devote every cent of it toward making a better paper, and this is for the interest of our patrons. We do not intend to be gross in this matter nor do we expect our patrons to accomplish impossibilities, for as we simply ask them to do all they can for us this fall (which we consider reasonable), and if each one will do that, we promise that he will not regret it.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to The Journal or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

The Journal	$ 5.00
B. O. Jorgenson	10.00
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.
Lewis Ellington	$5.00.
E. Lanctot.	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.
Thomas Wallace	20 bu. barley
Goodwin Leppert (Wylia)	10 bu. oats.
Hayes Bros.	20 bu. wheat.
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. barley
Ben Geroux	2 " "
K. Hanson	4 " "
Ole Olson	2 " wheat
E. W. Johnson	50 cents.
Will Himmelsback	10 bu. barley
S. B. Palmer (Lockhart)	10 bu. potatoes.

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for market garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000.

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings. 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad stapartly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Lowell can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full sett Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $3,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Big Attraction Coming.

The Mabel Snow Opera company holds forth in the Opera-House, Tuesday evening, February 9th. This show is well spoken of by the press in general. There are twenty-five members in the company, and they are all artists in their profession. The entertainment they give never fails to draw crowded houses after the first night. The following is an extract from the Minneapolis Tribune in regard to the company: "Mabel Snow's Spectacular Burlesque company made a hit at the Pence and greatly pleased the large audience. It is a very neat, clever and compact performance. The opening act, The Artist's Models, represents some of the masterpieces in sculpture in a most pleasing manner, the songs are catchy and the jokes really funny. In the olio hits were made by Kherns and Cole, two very comical Dutch comedians; the Griffith sisters, a duo of French high kickers, who threatened to raise the roof; the Alcotes, very clever sketch artists, and the Ahems, two very daring gymnasts. The burlesque called Adam and Eve created roars of laughter, while the pretty young (really young this time) girls in marches, songs and dances, choruses, etc., were nice to look upon and listen to."

Let The Good Work Go On.

Since last issue The Journal has received letters by the score, mostly on the subject of subscription, and as a personal reply in each case would require more time than we can spare we make this general reply. The Journal has only asked for fair and square treatment from its friends, and no person, with a spark of manhood left in him can object to that. We have always made great efforts to accommodate our friends, cheerfully carrying them along when they could not pay, even when we have had to borrow money to do so, and now that the time has come when The Journal really needs the help of its friends we do not think it unreasonable to expect them to make extraordinary efforts in our behalf and we shall be satisfied if convinced that they are doing so, and everyone in that class need have no fears of our making them extra expense or trouble. In 1890 our statements were not sent out until December; in 1891 they were sent out early in October, yet our receipts last year were very much greater than they have been so far this, and 1890 was not nearly so good a crop year as 1891 was, but the promises we are receiving are encouraging and we are led to hope that our collections will be satisfactory which they certainly will if our patrons will show a disposition to do their best for us. We have done the best for them that our facilities will allow and we are ambitious to do better for them and are making arrangements to obtain greater facilities for our work and need the help of all to accomplish it. If every one in arrears could chip in the amount due we could easily accomplish our designs and we do not deem it unreasonable to ask such to write us just what they will be able to do for us so that we may know just what to depend upon. We shall give all such a reasonable time to respond before we proceed to extremidies so that no one can accuse us of taking an unfair advantage. We certainly do not wish to wrong any one, and no one who intends to deal squarely and honestly by us need have any fears, but we would like to know from each one personally what he intends to do.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston, Minn., Post Office, for the week ending Jan. 30, 1892:

Adams, Miss Mary	Bryant, C E
Conlon, James	Dinnerson, Mrs Karen
Eakun, Jay A	Hooen, Joseph
Mortenson, Even	Farr, Paul

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, Postmaster.

J. V. E. WYATT

Undertaker,

BROADWAY,

Crookston, - - Minn.

Carries a full supply at all times. Always ready to attend to calls and take full charge if necessary.

—o-o—0-o-o—

Can supply anything in the line of

FURNITURE,

PICTURE FRAMES,

MOULDINGS, Etc., Etc.

Give Me a Call.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Proceedings of the County Board.

AT THE MEETING CONVENED JAN. 22ND.

Financial statement read and ordered published.

County orders and warrants paid in 1891 examined and destroyed.

The bids of the following named banks, as depositories of the county funds, were accepted and bonds approved, viz: 1st National Bank of Crookston, Merchants National Bank of Crookston, 1st National Bank of East Grand Forks, and Bank of Fisher, all 3 per cent on daily balances and the Citizens' Bank of McIntosh, 4 per cent.

The bids of the Scandia-American Bank of Crookston, the 1st National Bank of Red Lake Falls, and the Bank of Fertile were accepted provided the said banks furnish suitable bonds and present them at the next meeting.

Application of W. F. McLennan, of Angus, for correction of personal taxes was granted.

The bridge committee reported in favor of building an iron bridge at Thief River Falls at a cost of $7,800, that being the bid of the Wraught Iron Co., of Canton, Ohio, and auditor and chairman were authorized to enter into contract with said company for the work.

Commissioner DeMers offered the following resolution which was adopted.

Be it resolved by the board of county commissioners of Polk County, Minn., that the sum of $3,000 be appropriated out of the county road and bridge fund and that the bonds of Polk County for the sum of $3,000 be issued and sold for the purpose of constructing and building an iron wagon bridge across the Red Lake River at Thief River Falls in said county, and said amounts so appropriated to be used together with the sum of $1,000 appropriated by the village of Thief River Falls, and the sum of $450 appropriated by the Legislature in the year of 1891, and be it further

RESOLVED—That we approve of the location of said bridge as recommended by the committee.

A. C. Rhinehart offered the following resolution which was adopted, viz:

Whereas, pursuant to an act passed by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota and approved on April 21st, 1891, that the boary shall issue the bonds of Polk County in the sum of $3,000 for the purpose of building a bridge across Red Lake River at Thief River Falls in Polk County, therefore be it

RESOLVED—That the county auditor be and is hereby directed to advertise for bids for said bonds, the bonds to be issued in series of $1,000 each and to run for ten years.

The bond of Christianson Bros., abstractors, referred back asking a proviso to be inserted as follows: "and to make good any losses which persons or corporations might suffer through any errors of consequence appearing in the abstracts furnished by said Christianson Bros., as such abstractors."

The appointment of W. N. Dixon as assistant supt. of schools was approved.

The following resolution was adopted:

RESOLVED—That the report of the county surveyor, locating the Crookston and Gentilly county road be accepted, and the County directed to record said road in accordance therewith, and, be it further

RESOLVED—That the county commissioners do hereby assess and determine the damages sustained by reason of the location and establishment of said Crookston and Gentilly county road, over the lands of the following owners, and do hereby assess and award the same as follows, viz:

To Edward Lanclot, on lot 1, section 25, Tp. 150, R. 46, $20.

To Charles Olson, on lots 4, 5 and 6, section 24, Tp. 150, R. 46, $1.

To Frank Lefevre, on south ½ s w ¼ sec. 24, Tp. 150, R. 46, $1.

All other owners having released damages as it appears on file in auditor's office.

Petition of Ole Mortenson and others for attaching secs. 29 and 30 in Tp. 154, R. 49, and sec. 25 in Tp. 154, R. 50 to school district No. 207 was granted.

The following resolution was offered and adopted, viz:

RESOLVED—That that portion of sec. 1, Tp. 150, R. 49, lying north of Red Lake River, be, and the same is hereby detached from Bygland township and attached to the town of Huntsville, in accordance with a petition on file and acted upon favorably at a previous meeting of this board, it appearing that proper notices having been given the chairman of supervisors of the respective towns named of this proposed change in the boundaries of said towns and no remonstrance having been filed by either of the towns affected, it is hereby ordered that the portion named above be hereafter recognized as part of the town of Huntsville.

Register of deeds John H. Locken submitted the following report:

Total number of instruments filed in said office during the year ending Dec. 31st, 1891, 4,001, as follows, viz:

Warranty, bonds and quit claim deeds	1,840
U. S. patents	226
Receiver receipts	122
Miscellaneous	399
Real estate mortgages	815
Satisfactions of mortgages	625
Assignments of mortgages	193
Certificates of foreclosure sales	281
Total cash receipts from Jan. 6th 1891 to May 1st 1891	$1,521 40
Paid for clerk hire	640 00
Postage and stationery	43 00
Bal. proceeds for 4 months	858 90
	$1,521 40
Total cash receipts, May 1st 1891 to Dec. 31st 1891	2,865 95
Clerks' salaries	1,136 00
Bal. net profits 8 mos	1,729 95
	2,865 95

The following bills were audited and allowed:

Wm. Marin, labor assisting county surveyor	$ 5 00
Wm. Marin, making a book case and truck	12 00
A. Halverson & Co., boarding Murley and McGurk	15 00
John Flesch, taking prisoners to county jail	10 40
Charles Kindler, constable fees	17 50
McKinnon Bros., coal and wood for county hospital	45 42
John Evenson, emptying vault under county jail	50 78
Alderman & Sylvester, hardware and work for county jail	50 78
John Larson, nightguard at county jail from Oct. 23rd to Dec. 31st, 1891	114 94
J. O. Brandt, undertaker's fees on "Little Chief"	7 00
E. A. Vineland, examining of the body of "Little Chief"	10 00
A. McEachran, holding inquest of "Little Chief"	10 20
Brown Tracey & Co., blanks and 1 set Kelley's statutes	22 80
V. D. Carruth, postage and express	5 25
Dr. A. Nelson, services on Andrew Nelson bill of $117.00 allowed at	13 00
Dr. A. Nelson, services on John Nelson	10 00
Dr. A. Nelson, services on Skaar, Nelson & Thorpet bill of $38.00 allowed at	11 00
Dr. A. Nelson, services N. Sunde bill of $48.00 allowed at	12 00
O. L. Hamery, surveyor's fees	12 00
P. Bodine, 4000 county bill blanks	18 00
Dr. C. E. Dampier, visits to county prisoners	6 00
Arny Grundysen, paid John Larsen for nightguard at Co. jail, Jan. 1, 1892 to Jan. 8	10 60
Arny Grundysen, boarding prisoners	54 84
Arny Grundysen, sheriff fees	81 45
Arny Grundysen, sheriff fees	107 70
A. R. Holston, cash advanced on fare	2 50
Gunder Haraldson, two days on surveying with team	7 00
S. O. Brandt, justice fees	1 95
S. H. Bang, cleaning vault under jail	7 00
D. F. McDonald, cleaning sidewalk	4 00
J. O. Brandt, justice fees	2 55
John Ross, janitor's work	22 00
Charles Myers, constable fees bill of $15.40 allowed	12 00
C. U. Webster, postage and express	3 65
A. C. Rhinehart, comr. per diem and mileage	41 20
C. P. DeMers, comr. per diem and mileage	54 20
M. E. Kirsch, comr. per diem and mileage	34 80
Paul Felix, labor on the Crookston and Gentilly road	5 00
Nap Gauron, labor on the Crookston and Gentilly road	5 00
Joseph Netzer, boarding hospital janitor	5 00

The bills of James Cambell, T. H. Knickerbocker and John Evenson ($7.00) were rejected.

The following report of Supt. of schools was read and ordered published.

To the Board of County Commissioners of Polk County,

Gentlemen: I beg leave to submit the following report of schools in this county:

No. of scholars entitled to apportionment	5,451
Of these attending independent and special districts	1,128
Leaving in attendance on common school districts	4,323
Number of scholars not entitled to apportionment	2,114
Of these attending independent and special districts	194
Leaving in attendance on common school districts	1,920

FOR SCHOOLS OF MORE THAN ONE DEPT.

Entire No. of scholars enrolled in each term:	
Fall	1,496
Winter	1,802
Spring	1,639
Average daily attendance of fall term	1,044
Average daily attendance of winter term	1,244
Average daily attendance of spring term	1,071
Average length school in months	8 8-9
" number months of school voted for coming year	91.9
No. teachers, each sex in each term:	
Fall, males	8
" females	27
Winter, males	8
" females	30
Spring, males	9
" females	30
Average monthly wages of teachers, for year, males	$67 18
Average monthly wages of teachers, for year, females	41 22
No. of teachers who have taught in one district continuously the past three years	10
No. who have taught two but less then three years	12
No. who have taught one but less than two years	16
No. independent district	2
No. special "	1
Common school districts having more than one department	5

COMMON SCHOOL DISTRICTS OR THOSE OF ONE DEPARTMENT.

Entire number of scholars enrolled each term:	
Fall	2,516
Winter	1,908
Spring	4,085
Average daily attendance each term:	
Fall	1,459
Winter	1,010
Spring	2,401
Average length of school in months	5 8-9
Average length of school in months voted coming year	6
No. teachers, each sex, each term:	
Fall, males	17
" females	96
Winter, males	26
" females	87
Spring, males	21
" females	114
Average monthly wages of teachers for year:	
Males	$36 08
Females	32 40
No. teachers who have taught in one district continuously the past 3 years	4
No. teachers who have taught in one district continuously two, but less than three years	16
No. teachers who have taught in one district continuously one, but less than two years	52
No. common school districts	209

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR ALL DISTRICTS.

Receipts.	
Cash on hand at beginning of year	$33,520 86
Rec. from school funds, fines, estrays and licenses	22,870 53
Rec. from local one mill tax cooected	5,299 47
Rec. special taxes collected	51,225 90
Bec. bonds sold	22,546 06
Rec. from all other sources	13,279 79
	$148,760 61
Per Contra.	
Paid for teachers' wages and board	$51,538 37
Paid for wood and school supplies	6,359 32
Paid for repairs and improving grounds	3,634 00
Paid for new school houses and sites	7,552 20
Paid for bonds and interest	22,546 04
Paid for library books	162 10
Paid for other purposes	6,481 64
Cash on hand at end of year	50,486 34
	$148,760 61
No school houses built, frame 9, log 2, total	11
Value of new school houses built	$ 9,278 56
Whole number school houses:	
rame	151
Brick	2
Log	33
Total	186
Value of all school houses and sites	174,211 00
Value of all seats and desks	15,819 00
Value of apparatus	8,163 00
Aggregate indebtedness	77,706 63
Number of districts included	169
No. of visits made by county superintendent	166
No. of districts not visited	43
No. of first grade certificates granted:	
Males	5
Females	3
Second grade certificates:	
Males	16
Females	45
Third grade certificates:	
Males	12
Pemales	68
Rejected	20
Examinations held, spring, 4; fall, 4.	
No. of scholars between 5 and 8 yrs.	1,682
" " " 8 " 16 "	3,621
" " " 16 " 21 "	336
" school houses in natural grove	60
" having trees about them	99
Institutes held	1
Enrollment at institute	109
Average number of voters present at annual meetings	10

V. D. CARRUTH,
Co. Supt. Schools.

Dated, Crookston, Jan. 22, 1892.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Feb. 1.—Two events of much interest to our people and to a considerable number outside have occurred the past week. They were the visit here of the members of the Northwestern Retail Lumber Dealers' association and the talk to the citizens, by Jas. E. York, the well known iron man, upon the making of steel in this city.

The lumbermen numbered over 300 and came from Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, North and South Dakota. They were given a reception by local lumber manufacturers and dealers and the Jobbers' union. Before arriving here on Thursday they visited the big Cloquet mills and one or two logging camps. While here they looked over the big saw mills at West Duluth, and saw not only two or three of the latest improved mills and some of the largest, but also two iron factories where saw mills are made. Duluth is so important a lumber center that this visit was an appropriate one. Unlike most other lumber centers this one is becoming more important every year, and it is to this city and the immediate vicinity that much of the Northwest as well as a considerable portion of the East must look in the future for their lumber supply. The industry is constantly increasing and is a most important factor in the growth of Duluth. What it will become may be seen by the information given by well informed men, that there are to-day in the Duluth district, most of it directly tributary to the city, about 6,000,000,000 feet of standing pine. The visitors went away well pleased with their day's visit and its results. They were not only entertained, but also proved in their minstrel performance good entertainers.

Mr. York is the patentee of a valuable method of making structural steel, and is one of the most foremost men of his line in America. He has recently organized a company to manufacture the steel, and is looking to Duluth as the most desirable location of the big plant he and his associates will erect. He consented to address our people on the subject of iron and steel making especially in regard to Duluth as a great iron center. After a history of the development of the iron and steel trade, he compared the cost of manufacturing at different points. He showed that it was much cheaper to manufacture pig iron from the Lake Superior ores than from the Alabama, for one ton of the former is equal to two of the latter. Chicago produces pig iron from Lake Superior ores at $14 a ton, and Duluth can produce it cheaper. He said "The recent discoveries in the Mesabi Range are of great interest to Duluth. I have been informed by a reliable gentleman that contracts can be made for ore at Duluth that will not only permit the successful manufacture of iron and steel, but will permit the shipping of pig iron to both Chicago and Pittsburg." Mr. York sketched the history of the making of Bessemer steel and the grand results of Bessemer's invention, which had enabled the production of steel rails at $30 a ton, had doubled the carrying capacity of freight cars and lowered the rates of freight 50 per cent in 20 years. His process, the open hearth, was equally important. The Bessemer cannot utilize scrap steel that comes back into the market and 75 per cent of this material comes back. He is satisfied that he can buy steel scraps at Duluth $4 a ton cheaper than at Pittsburg. After showing where he would find a market he closed by saying: "If the products of Lake Superior manufactured into steel give a value of $200,000,000, you can form some idea of the possibilities of this location when this material is put into many diversified articles that take in the use of wood and steel." HAYS.

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls

—o—AT—o—

Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

—IS—

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

Farmers' Egg Cases.

Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,
CROOKSTON, MINN
Opera House Block,

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 20 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., February 3rd, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on March 11th, 1892, viz: ALFRED SAVARY, Hd. 14,686, for the n½ sw¼ and lots 1 and 4 Sec. 27, Tp. 150, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jacob H. Barb, Frank Robert, Edmund M. Walsh, Christopher Hanson, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minn.

[42-47] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 18, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on February 29th, 1892, viz: Tosten L. Oleson, Hd. No. 12,259, for the S W¼ Sec. 14, Twp. 147, Range 48. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Knut S. Akre, John J. Ellingson, Halvor Ellingson, Edevart T. Ramse, all of Nelsiville, Minn.

[40-45] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET,—
CROOKSTON, MINN

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates,
BY NEW PATENT,

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on a store you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

STUDY LAW
AT HOME.
Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamp) for particulars to
J. COTNER, Jr., Sec.
No. 80 Whitney Block
DETROIT, MICH.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, Crookston, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney- t-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

THE

Great Transcontinental Route

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

The Dining Car Line

Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ROUTE.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily Express Trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE.

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables, or special information, apply to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific R. R.,
Crookston, Minn.

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
Professional calls by or day night

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 3 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

THE NEW NORTHWEST

FARM LANDS: Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana

N W TOWNS: 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

LOW RATS: Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.

Horses, Cattle.: Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.

Health, Wealth.: In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sheep, Hogs.: Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.

Herds, Mines.: These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, K. D. Chase, F. D. Childs,
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. H. Northrop, A. A. Miller,
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby,
Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, February 4, 1892.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de..........CROOKSTON..........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de..........Grand Forks..........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the city hall on Tuesday January 6th, 1892.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Walker, Steenerson, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Marlette, Schmidt.

CALL OF THE ACTING MAYOR.

CROOKSTON, Minn., Jan. 26, 1892.

A special meeting of the City Council will be held at the city hall at five o'clock p. m. to-day, to make arrangements to purchase a jail site and park, and provide for the payment of the same.

JOHN CROMB,
President City Council,
Acting Mayor.

At a special meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 26th day of January 1892, Alderman Walker offered the following resolution, which was seconded by alderman McGlogan:

Resolved, that the city purchase the following described parcel of land for a jail site and park purposes, for the sum of eight thousand four hundred dollars, viz.: Beginning at the intersection of the northerly line of Second Street, in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, if extended, with the westerly line of the right of way of the Duluth, Crookston and Northern Railway; thence northerly in a curved line to the right, with a radious of 766 77-100 feet and along said right of way line two hundred and four (204) feet; thence westerly in a straight line to a stake at the southwest corner of the land described in deed from M. C. Zwickey to Martha A. Wright, which deed is of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County of Polk, in book 47, page 285, of deeds; thence southerly on a line drawn at right angles to said northerly line of said Second Street, if extended eleven (11) feet; thence easterly on a line drawn parallel to said northerly line of said Second Street, if extended forty (40) feet; thence southerly on a line drawn at right angles to said northerly line of said Second Street if extended one hundred and fifty (150) feet to said northerly line of said Second Street, if extended; thence easterly along said northerly line of said Second Street if extended one hundred and twenty-six (126) feet to the place of beginning.

And resolved further, that the city officers be, and they are hereby instructed to issue the orders of the city payable out of the Improvement Fund for the purchase price of said tract of land, in the sum of eight thousand four hundred dollars, upon the delivery of a warranty deed for said tract of land by the owners thereof, Scott and Braley, to the City Clerk for the use of the city.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Walker, Cromb.

Steenerson asked to be excused.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 26th day of January, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 26th day of Jan. 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
Acting Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

M. R. Brown, whose advertisement appears elsewhere in this issue, has probably sold more horses in this county than any other man ever did. He came to Crookston in the fall of 1878, and after a thorough examination of the then village and surrounding country concluded to make Polk County his future home and, investing every dollar he had in the world he thus identified himself with our interests in as substantial a manner as a man can. He has ever been zealous in any movement calculated to enhance the interests of the county putting in many a dollar in the effort to enlighten outsiders upon the advantages of this county as a place to reside and has been instrumental in bringing many people to the county, and he tells us that he expects next spring to see more than ever before. He early saw the necessity for good teams here and having advantages for buying such that not everybody possesses, he has been able to bring into the county horses that no one need be ashamed to own. Being a great lover of a good horse he is seldom deceived in one, and a horse, to meet his approval must needs be all horse. He takes especial pride in the business and when Mr. Brown recommends a horse to be "all right" you can come pretty near betting that that horse is all right. As usual, Mr. Brown will be prepared this spring to supply the demand for good horses in Polk County and THE JOURNAL takes great pleasure in recommending its readers to go and see what he can do for them when they need a team of good work horses or mares. In case you buy of Brown and should happen for any cause to be disappointed you always know where to find him. When you buy of foreign dealers you don't always know where to find them if you should happen to want them bad.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

HUBBARD, Jan. 27, 1892.

The farmers held a meeting at the Fossos school house a short time ago for the purpose of discussing the advisability of buying Mr. Kolden's stock of merchandise and starting a co-operative store. Owing to the severe weather very few were present. They will probably hold another meeting in the near future.

Miss Tilda Berg, who taught the fall term of school near the post office, is now attending the Normal school at Moorhead.

Union Sunday school services every Sunday in the school house near John J. Ellington's, at 2 p. m. Come and learn what man is to believe concerning God, and what duty God requires of man.

Miss Matilda Johnson closed a very successful term of school in district 19 last Friday and has been engaged for the spring term at an advanced salary.

A Norwegian school was started here on Monday last by an experienced teacher.

NEILSVILLE.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipt. [31-tf.]

Work Horses & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN.

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later, if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than and dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,

Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Jan. 21st, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of H. E. Cooke, administrator of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 21st day of January, A. D. 1892.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[41-43] Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-two and 49-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Boulie and Melvina Boulie, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of August, 1890, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on page 393.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and ninety-six and 4-100 dollars, (496.04), with interest on four hundred and eighty-one (481) dollars thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the northwest quarter (s½ nw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), all in Section two (2), of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred ninety-six and 4-100 dollars ($496.04) and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-three and 25-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Napoleon Gonyea, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of November, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 54 of mortgages, on page 845.

And whereas the said, The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars ($650.83) with interest on six hundred and forty-two (642) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ se¼) of Section thirty (30), of Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 7th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 18th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, executed and delivered by Ida D. Van Tuyl and John E. Van Tuyl, her husband, mortgagors, to the "Union Central Life Insurance Company," mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of November, 1889, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in book 51 of mortgages, on page 265, and whereas said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars and interest thereon from its said date at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, due and payable on the first day of January in each year. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable January 1st, 1891, and default having also been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable on January 1st, 1892, and both of said defaults still continue, and no part of said principal has ever been paid. And whereas the conditions of said mortgage are such that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or interest thereon when the same becomes due, then the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage shall thereupon become due and payable at once.

And whereas both by the terms of said mortgage and the election of said mortgagee hereby made the whole amount secured by said mortgage both principal and interest accrued to this date is now due and payable.

And the amount now claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage, including interest in accordance with the terms of said mortgage is the sum of six hundred and ninety-nine and 95-100 dollars. And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, which by reason of the defaults aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter, both of the above described tracts being in Section ten (10), Township one hundred and forty nine (149), Range forty three (43), in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and containing 160 acres of land, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on Tuesday, the 23d day of February, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy and pay the amount which will then be due upon said mortgage according to the terms thereof, and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees as provided by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 4th, 1892.

Union Central Life Insurance Company,
Mortgagee.

Chas. P. Barker,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
618 Guaranty Loan Building,
[38-44] Minneapolis Minn.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

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OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication, January 21st, 1892.]
[Last publication, March 3rd, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and thirty and 16-100 dollars, interest which is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paridis and Elmira Paridis, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of November, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 52.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 Dollars, with interest on nine hundred and twelve ($912) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-four (34) Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF MARCH, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [40-46]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication, Thursday, Jan. 14th 1892.]
[Last publication Thursday, Feb. 25th 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and fifty and seventy one hundredths Dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Plante and Mary Plante his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the First day of June, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages on page 470.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of the said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars ($956.14), with interest on nine hundred and forty (940) dollars, thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the south-east quarter (n½ se¼) and the north half of the south-west quarter (n½ sw¼) of section thirty four (34) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of Seventy-one and seventy eight one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Luc Jenot and Elenore Jenot, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the seventh day of December, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 57.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Ten Hundred and seventy-eight and fifty-eight dollars, ($1078.58), with interest on Ten Hundred and Seventy ($1070) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south-east (se¼) quarter of section nineteen (19) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred and Seventy-eight and fifty eight one hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 18, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on February 29th, 1892, viz: Tosten L. Oleson, Hd. No. 12,299, for the S. W¼ Sec. 14, Twp. 147, Range 43. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Knut S. Akre, John Ellingson, Halvor Ellingson, Edward Ramsey, all of Neilsville, Minn.

[40-45] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

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CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Mortgage Foreclosuse Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Jan. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and eighty-five one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin Thompson and Ann G. Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 242.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and ninety-two and eighty-one one hundredths dollars, ($692.81), with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of section twenty (20) of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 11th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and 85-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peder H. Mesedalen and Kari Mesedalen, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 246.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred ninety-two and 81-100 dollars. ($692 81) with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section seventeen (17), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.

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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 11, 1892. NO. 43

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18.00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

McIntosh Times: The Scandia Alliance of Knute township is on record as the first alliance in this vicinity to contribute to the relief fund for the starving Russians. The alliance is a small one but its members contributed 143 bushels of wheat and $16.25 in cash. The wheat was ground into flour free of charge at the McIntosh roller mills, and was shipped yesterday over the Great Northern Railway Line which carries all shipments to the relief fund free.

That was, indeed, a very laudable thing to do, but would it not have been fully as much so to have devoted it to those in our own county who lost all their grain in the hail storm of last summer? Of course, we have but few who were unable to provide for pressing wants, but it is a fact that there are some who, had they not been helped, would have been in as bad a condition as the starving Russians, and while the immediate wants of such have been attended to, they still lack for seed and feed for their teams. The object of THE JOURNAL fund is to provide seed and feed for those extreme cases and at the rate at which the list is growing we are confident that we can accomplish it—by next fall. We would really like to see grain enough subscribed by March 1st to supply their needs. Will we see it?

St. Paul Globe, Feb. 2d.

Ex-Senator, Halvor Steenerson, of Crookston, spent yesterday in St. Paul looking after some legal matters. Mr. Steenerson was teased by many of his friends over his reported combination with the Sage of Nininger, but to all he declared he was not guilty.

"I am after no office and I am not making any combinations with Donnelly or any one else," he said with a smile. "I have too good a business at home to think of officeholding, and I propose to stick to it."

"But you are reported to be an Alliance man?"

"I shall read all the platforms next year," replied the Crookston statesman, "and then vote as I think best."

"What do you think of Senator Davis' chances of succeeding himself in the senate?"

"I think he ought to go back. He is an able man and deserves a re-election. He will have to make some big gains in the next election for members of the house, but if there is any doubt about his being returned it is time for good men to get out of politics."

"How many republicans will be sent to the house from Kittson, Marshall, Polk, Norman, Clay, Becker, Otter Tail, Grant, Douglas, and other counties in the western part of the state, Mr. Steenerson?"

"Well," remarked the tall pine of the Red River Valley, "there were but few in the last legislature from these counties, and I am of the opinion that the farmers have not been losing much of their strength."

Importing Industries.

New York Press.

The McKinley law continues to act as an efficient agent in bringing about the importation of industries. The additional duty which it imposes on satins, foulards and the finer grade of cottons has had the natural effect. A huge mill for the manufacture of these goods is to be erected in Adams, Mass. The capital of the new manufactory will be $1,000,000, and it will give employment at American wages to 800 persons. The new enterprise will create a profitable home market for the American sea island cotton. It is one more illustration of the tendency of a wisely framed tariff to develop home manufactures along new lines.

Why Chili Apologized.

New York Press.

The fact grows plainer every day that but for the uncompromising attitude of the United States government and the vigorous preparation for action by the United States navy the Chilian apology for the murder of our seamen and the open insult of the Matta circular would never have been made. Cable dispatches show that the war party in Chili was powerful and bitterly aggressive. The navy and the half savage masses, who have been trained to think Chili the strongest nation on either American continent, were bent on war. Only the conviction on the part of the Chilian Government that all the vast resources of the United States would be called into play if necessary to enforce the just demands of the Republican administration of Washington brought about the tardy offer of redress. There is good reason for believing that up to a comparatively recent date the Government of Chili entertained the idea of forcible resistance. The desparate attempts of Chilian agents in Europe to buy a squadron of powerful warships and their extensive purchases of ammunition and materials of war abroad confirm this idea. If the administration had shown the slightest sign of faltering in its determination to maintain the honor of the nation and secure the safety of American sailors in foreign ports, if the whole American nation had not unmistakably indicated its purpose to support the administration, the Chilian oligarchy would have continued to defy the United States, reparation for the foul wrong to our flag would have been contemptuously refused and American citizenship abroad would have been made, not a shield, but an invitation to insult. The Chilians did not yield until the United States government had made preparations for promptly concentrating a formidable fleet in Chilian waters and the certainty of the President's message to Congress was as well known in Santiago as in Washington.

These are facts which no amount of partisan misrepresentation can obscure. Peace with honor is the direct consequence of the unvarying Republican policy of maintaining the national dignity and the rights of American citizens at all times and under all circumstances; and the three men to whom the gratifying result is chiefly due are Benjamin Harrison, James G. Blaine and Benjamin F. Tracy.

The New French Tariff.

New York Press.

At midnight last night the new French tariff went into force. Hereafter the leading republic of Europe will stand side by side with the great American republic in the ranks of protection. The French tariff is eminently and essentially protective. The increase of revenue is, of course, important, but the principal aim, and the one chiefly discussed in the Legislature, while the tariff was under discussion, was the protection of French industries from foreign competition. The French tariff is avowedly intended not merely to build up industries, for in the competition of skill France need not dread the rivalry of any other nation. The simple fact is that the French people, exceeded by none in business energy and in thrift, have decided that the welfare of the workingmen and workingwomen of France demands that they shall be protected against the labor of other countries, and in this decision France is in line with nearly every other civilized nation in the world except Great Britain; and even in Great Britain the protective sentiment is rapidly gaining headway.

Chili.

New York Press.

The terms upon which the United States Government will consent to regard the controversy with Chili as closed have been made public. They are simple, definite and eminently just. The United States accepts the withdrawal of the Matta note and the apology tendered by the Santiago government for the murderous assault upon our seamen at Valparaiso. The amount of pecuniary indemnity to those dependent upon the murdered men is to be decided by friendly negotiations between the two governments.

The dispatch sent to Mr. Egan shows the desire of the President and his Cabinet to make reparation as easy as possible for Chili. Having won the main point at issue the United States can well afford to deal magnanimously with the smaller republic. There is no wish in this country to humiliate Chili unduly. The administration will undoubtedly show as much generosity in settling the final terms of the affair as it did courage and firmness in insisting upon the vindication of the nations honor and full atonement for the insult to the flag.

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

NATURALIZATION—THE PROCEDURE.

Having in former talks discussed in whom the power of naturalization is vested and who may be naturalized, we shall now consider the procedure; and first as to the preliminary declaration of intention. Before an alien can become a citizen, he must take certain steps, prescribed by the federal laws, the first of which is, that he shall declare upon his oath before a Circuit or District Court of the United States, or before a District or Supreme Court of the Territories, or before a Court of Record of any of the States having common law jurisdiction and a seal and a clerk, that it is his bona fide intention to become a citizen, and he must declare that he renounces his allegiance to any prince, potentate or state, and particularly naming the prince or state whereof he is at the time a subject or citizen. This declaration must be made at least two years prior to the time of his admission to citizenship. It has been held that the declaration may be made before city, police and county courts of the various states, when such courts are courts of record and have a clerk. In a case arising in Tennessee, a Probate Court was held incompetent. In admitting aliens, State courts in the part they take, act as United States courts, being a sort of agents of the government for this purpose. The declaration may be made before the clerk of the court under the law and not necessarily before the court itself. It was held in a federal case that a clerk of the United States court had no authority to take the alien's declaration at the private residence of the party and for that purpose to carry the records of the court from the clerk's office to such residence. After a foreigner by birth has thus declared his intention to become a citizen, he is regarded as having secured to himself and his children, who are minors, the rights of a naturalized citizen, except so far as pertains to voting. The declaration having been made, must be recorded and the original affidavit, or a copy properly certified by the clerk or deputy clerk, attested by the court's seal, is competent evidence of the declaration. After the declaration of intention to become a citizen has been properly made and recorded and two years has elapsed, final proceedings may be had for admission to citizenship. These proceedings must be had before such court as described above.

In the first place, an alien must declare on his oath that he will support the Constitution of the United States. That he renounces and abjures all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate or state, particularly naming the prince, potentate or state, of which he was before a citizen or subject, and he shall renounce any hereditary title or order, if he has borne any such title, or been a member of any order of nobility. This oath when taken confers the rights of citizenship and an order of court in admitting him is not essential. He must take the oath at the time of his admission. It is not sufficient that he took both oaths at the time of his giving notice to become a citizen. He must, of course, prove that he has made a preliminary declaration, which is to be proved by the record, and that he has resided within the United States five years at least, and within the State or Territory where the court sits for one year, and that during that time he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the constitution of the United States and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same. It should be noted that the oath of the applicant is in no case allowed to prove his residence. It must be proved in court by the testimony of witnesses. The oath of an alien, as to his good moral character, should be corroborated by other evidence. One alien cannot vouch for another. All the proceedings, including the court's action thereon, must be recorded and the record is conclusive evidence of the fact recited. The naturalization of an alien confers upon him the privileges of a native citizen, save only such as withheld from him by the Constitution of the United States. The principal disability is the following: Under article two, it is provided that "No person, except a natural born citizen, etc., shall be eligible to the office of President."

THE COMMON LAW.

How many of the readers of this question understand the meaning of the oft-used phrase, "the common law?" We say, "Such and such is the rule at common law;" "The common law is so and so, but statute law is otherwise." I fear the vast majority of people, including a very respectable number of practicing lawyers, do not know the full import of the phrase, if, indeed, they even have a tolerable idea of its meaning. The reason for the failure to comprehend it is easily found. It is not something that may be defined. Justice Swayne denominated it "reason dealing by the light of experiece with human affairs." Blackstone called it "Nothing else but custom, arising from the universal agreement of the whole community," or, in another place, he says, it is "Custom handed down by tradition, use and experience." It is something that grows and expands with new ideas of right and justice. The common law of one country may not be the common law of another country. We are accustomed to use the phrase "the common law" as referring to the common law of England, because, when our ancestors came to this continent they brought with them this common law, and claimed it as their right. What was this common law of England, and what can now be said to be the common law of the United States? In the earliest days of the history of law in England, we find certain laws recognized and in force throughout more or less extended districts, the origin of which is obscure. They are generally customs of immemorial usage grown to be recognized and enforced as law. They have originated thus as edicts of kings or enactments of councils or legislative bodies, records of which are lost in the obscurity of the past. These well established usages became authenticated by the decisions of judges from the earliest days, modified and enlarged to suit the growth of ideas and the emergencies of advancing civilization. They form the great body of the English law, finding their authority not in parliamentary enactments, but in their immemorial and continued usage and the sanction of courts from the earliest days.

When our ancestors landed on these shores they brought with them the common law of England, and adopted it so far as it suited the conditions of their new life. The war of the revolution grew out of the infraction on the part of the Government of England of the common law rights of the colonists, who, although colonists, were none the less Englishmen. Up to the signing of the Declaration of Independence the common law of England was as much a part of our system of jurisprudence as it was that of Great Britain. Strictly speaking, the United States has no common law. The Constitution declares that the judicial power of the United States extends to all cases arising under the Constitution, the laws of the United States and treaties. There was no principle which pervades the Union and has the authority of law that is not embodied in the Constitution and acts of Congress. However, as the common law was the substratum on which the Constitution was founded, we must go to the common law for a definition and an interpretation of its terms.

All of the States, with the exception of Louisiana, have adopted the English common law as its local law, subject to statutory alterations, and only to such extent as suits its conditions. This will effectually answer the complaint of many who cannot see the necessity in the study of the law or of spending so much time on study of the common law of England from the Commentaries of of Blackstone. When it is remembered that this magnificent body of unwritten law (so-called because in its origin not so far as known the subject of legislative enactment) was the law of the colonies prior to the Revolution, was the birthright for which the great war for independence was fought, is the source of the interpretation of our constitution, our laws and our treaties, in so far as they use words and expressions to which the common law alone gives a meaning, became the law (subject to statutory changes) of all but one of the States of the Union. We are prepared to assign it the place it deserves in the estimation of the student—the foremost and best.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

It seems to be decided, as far as a majority of the Democrats in the House can decide anything, that the "McKinley Bill" shall be attacked in detail. For instance, a New England Democrat will present a bill demanding free hides and free wool. He will do this because his constituents have the plant and can make shoes and clothing from the imported articles and charge a larger profit for the product than they could upon the raw material. As that really bright man in Ohio, Governor McKinley, says, they wish to drop the tax from the wool on the sheep's back and keep it on the purchaser. Mr. Springer, chairman of the ways and means committee of the house, has ideas of this kind also. He wants to have salt made free of import duty. Of course, in a matter of this kind, the expense to the individual is nothing, and so, for the sake of the argument, it is well enough to admit that Mr. Springer's bill, if made law, would save a cent a year to each householder in the United States. But, if this is a matter of principle, and if the Democratic party is a party of principle, why should not some of these things appear in the party platforms, instead of coming up for discussion in the House to disturb business, when there is no possibility of such schemes becoming law?

If there is one thing more than another that has given the Republican party solid and enduring support among the people, it is the straightforwardness with which its platforms are written. The Republican party believes in protection, for example, and says so every four years, and nominates a protectionist for President and elects him. The Democratic party in its platform, as in its present course in the House of Representatives, shuffles and equivocates. It has not had a manly declaration as to tariff in any platform since the rebellion. It doesn't dare to have one. By shifting and evasion it catches at times the support of dissatisfied Republicans or secures alliance with bodies of undetermined men in various States, and gains an occasional victory, as in Kansas two years ago, and as in the national when Cleveland was elected. But beyond the talk of "tariff reform," which may mean much, little or nothing, as the local conditions happen to be, the party really has nothing to go on. The present session of congress will show, doubtless, the twenty odd meanings that individual Democrats give to the wards "tariff reform," and will open the eyes of tens of thousands of voters, especially in the West, who have been led away in the past.

As a matter of news, important or otherwise, it may be stated upon authority that the Alliance in Congress is reduced to three members—Simpson, Watson and Otis. The others go directly to the Democracy, or, rather, stay there. The three named, if going that way, are more deliberate in their movements. Anyway, however, all the influence they have is Democratic.

There is a movement in Washington which has hardly taken form as yet, but which has an appearance of vitality, to give vigor and tone to "Civil Service reform." The machine reform has gone on regularly for years, but the work has not really been satisfactory even to the friends of the present commission. Whether from lack of general support, from incapacity or unfitness of members, or from other cause or causes, their has been dissatisfaction. The idea is to put new men in charge and in otherwise popularize the reform idea.

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OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

NEW FEED MILL
CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now prepared to grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feed in two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

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SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM, - - BROADWAY.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, February 11, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 70.
1 Northern 69.
2 Northern 63.
3 Northern 59.

Somewhat colder this week.

Ed. Walsh was in St. Paul last week.

See those elegant dress goods at Sture's.

Geo. M. Swift was down from Mentor on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Anglim have gone to St. Paul on a visit.

Sture sells creamery butter at 25 cents per pound.

See the jolly Cleveland Minstrels to-morrow evening.

Sture has everything you need to keep house with.

Charlie Rapp was down from St. Hilaire this week.

Judge Montigue spent some time in St. Paul last week.

Considerable Snow Tuesday afternoon—and evening.

The editors of the State are in session in St. Paul this week.

G. H. Palmer has moved his office into the Reckett block.

Charlie and Will Attix came in from Mentor on Monday evening.

J. G. McGrew went to Fertile last week to prosecute liquor cases.

The train on the Northern Pacific was four hours late on Monday morning.

The U. S. Land Office is removed into the Reckett block on Second St.

E. E. Abbott, of Mentor, gave this office a pleasant call on Monday evening.

Call and see that fine line of dress goods now on display at Sture's in the opera block.

A. M. Childs has secured rooms in the Reckett block, over Tom Morris' jewelry store.

Cleveland's Minstrels will appear at the Opera House on Friday (to-morrow) evening.

Gus Felsing was in from Maple Lake last week and made THE JOURNAL a pleasant and profitable call.

Wheat started in on Monday morning at 70 cents for 1 Hard. The best-informed look for higher prices soon.

Iver Krohn has decided to go to his farm at Rindal until spring and may conclude to be a granger for awhile.

Work upon the new railroad bridge was commenced this week and will be pushed until the bridge is completed.

H. G. Mitchell, of Woodside, came down with a carload of wood on Monday evening, remaining over Tuesday.

Geo. Vine gets another carload of hogs from below this week. For choice meats of all kinds go to Vine's Robert street meat market.

Hib. Palmer has been under the weather—but that don't signify, you can't down a lawyer and keep him down.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Congregational church meets with Mrs. Fegan Thursday afternoon of this week.

On the 9th inst. Senator W. D. Washburn introduced a bill for an appropriation of $75,000 for a public building in this city.

The Mabel Snow Company drew a large house at the Grand on Tuesday evening. The performance as a whole was light.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Copeland arrived Sabbath morning on a visit to friends in the city. Mr. C. was formerly a resident of this city.

T. G. Thompson and Charlie Robbecke returned from St. Paul on Sunday morning where they had been doing jury duty for five weeks.

A very enjoyable time was had at the M. E. church parlors on Friday evening of last week. The sociable was a financial as well as a social success.

Our pleasant weather took a tumble to itself and came up cooler and more confident this week. We may now confidently expect spring to arrive—some time.

The Northern Pacific contemplate a change in time at an early day. They also talk of putting on a day train which would be a great convenience to our business men.

The ladies of the Congregational church society organized a raid up to John Wyand's on Monday evening. An enjoyable time is reported. About 70 people enjoyed the outing.

Walt Lee went to Minneapolis last Friday to see about the new machinery and on Saturday wired head miller, F. W. Bugg to come down. Bugg went down via N. P. on Saturday evening.

We need a little help from some of our subscribers just now and we will make it pay you large returns on the investment. Let us hear what you can do, please, those who have not reported.

There was had a pleasant sociable at the lodge rooms on Saturday evening. After work the call was sounded from labor to refreshment in the dining hall and a good social time enjoyed by all.

Owing to the fact that the glass in the M. E. church windows were badly broken upon their arrival the work of putting them in must be delayed until they can be sent to the factory for repairs.

Charlie Jefferson's little boy was severely hurt on Sunday by a runaway. Comrade Jefferson informs us that the little fellow sustained no serious injury, and save various and sundry scratches is all right.

M. R. Brown will be ready by Saturday to show you as fine a lot of horses and mares as were ever brought to this market. Go to his new stables on Main street and look them over. It is better to deal with reliable home dealers than with transients.

Farmers are thinking this year. This fact gives the ordinary scheming politician the shivers but everybody interested in good government is not worrying for when men begin to think and plan then you see that good government follows.

The Kramer case, from Mentor, on trial before Probate Judge Benson on Tuesday, resulted in sending Kramer back to his claim. The doctors could not find sufficient indications of insanity to warrant them in sending the man to the asylum.

Sheriff Grundysen went down to Stillwater on Monday evening after W. E. Munsell, who was court reporter for Judge Mills during Capt. Von Bornstad's absence. It is alleged that one or two orders which Munsell cashed for services were irregular.

Mr. M. R. Brown left for a business trip to Iowa on Friday evening of last week. He expects to return this week with a carload of fine solid work horses and mares to supply the demand of all those needing good horses for the spring's work. Before you buy see what Brown has.

E. O. Flanders returned last Saturday from his trip to New York in the interests of immigration and by next summer sometime we suppose there will be nobody living in the section he visited—they will all be happy Polk County grangers by that time. At any rate there will be lots of 'em here—if all come who said they would.

The annual meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic for the State of Minnesota occurs next week in Minneapolis. Col. Cobham Post will be well represented. Should any of the comrades require reduced hotel rates they will find it to their advantage to address Ira De Camp at the Hotel Brunswick, Minneapolis. Ira will take care of the boys and do it right.

Wm. Wylia came down from Black River on Monday with a man whom he had found badly frozen near a haystack. He intended to put the man in the hospital, but, as that institution was not quite ready he has to be cared for elsewhere. The physician who examined the man expresses the hope that he will recover all right with possibly the loss of some fingers and toes.

Edward George and wife returned last week from a visit with his mother in Rochester. It will be remembered that Mrs. George was convalescing from a long siege of typhoid fever when she went and Ed. was also very much out of health, but we are pleased to know that both are now in excellent health and Ed. will now settle down to business with his accustomed vigor.

Geo. Bunzy and Frank Steelman came down on Monday evening bringing bringing the man Kramer, who was said to have been so badly frozen awhile ago, to have him examined before Judge Benson as to his mental condition. If the man was as badly frozen as reports indicated he has recovered in a wonderful degree as he is as lively and chipper as any man to-day.

Some men high in authority in Alliance ranks think they are completely fooling the farmers and just having everything their own way. Well, maybe they are—just now, but never mind, the farmers are thinking and it was a very wise and noble man who once said "you can't fool all the people all the time." Farmers are thinking and reasoning among themselves and no harm can come of that.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co. have taken possession of their new quarters in the Opera house block and will be ready to supply the wants of all needing farm implements as soon as spring opens. They will begin to receive their goods at once and as they buy for spot cash will be prepared to give the largest discounts of any house in the Northwest. Mr. Larsen is well known to our readers, having done business here before.

The Message, which has been the organ of the Baptist church in this city, came out last week under its new management. R. H. Battey, the editor and proprietor, has had sufficient experience in editorial work to enable him to get up a very readable paper, which he is doing. The paper will be devoted to the interests of church work in the Northwest and we predict for it a successful career, and recommend JOURNAL readers to secure a copy.

Good Market For Oats.

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts. [33-tf]

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

LOST.

Near Beltrami, Polk Co., Minn., one note for Six Hundred Dollars, ($600.), give by A. Boddy to H. B. Budd, with interest at 10 per cent per annum, drawn on Jan. 3rd 1892, due in 90 days. all parties are hereby cautioned against buying said note as payment has been forbidden.

H. B. BUDD.

[41-43]

A SERIAL.

Webster says a serial is a publication appearing in a series or succession of parts. We think we will call this a serial. It may be of interest. It ought to be of profit.

DRESS GOODS.

Ginghams—Fifty pieces of Anderson's great productions, you know they have no equal, and to say that "we are stuck up" about the selection is just about the truth. Toille du Nord Ginghams, beautiful patterns,

12½ Cents.

WOOL SUITINGS.

In advanced spring styles, are already shown in considerable variety. The south window is full of them and only

25c yd. Well worth 35c.

DRAPERIES.

A few Chenille Portiers, 3½ yds, fringe top and bottom, but slightly soiled from exposure, at

$4.90 pair. Were $8 and $8.50.

WINDOW SHADES.

50 doz. genuine opaqe (not paper) shades, 6 feet long, 36 inches wide and mounted on Minette shade rollers, at

35c complete.

REMNANTS.

(Like broken candy in a jar) fill the counters. Can't help it, we give people what they want, nd someone will take the remants if they are cheap enough. Now is your time.

SHEETINGS.

10-4 bleached at	29c
9-4 " "	27c
8-4 " "	22c
10-4 unbleached "	25c
9-4 " "	22c
8-4 " "	20c
46 in. pillow casing	12½c

EMBROIDERIES.

We will now ask your attention to the

—EMBROIDERIES—

as you might be asked to partake of some choice bit of confection after a hearty meal, just to have a nice taste in your mouth, don't you see? Everybody says they are so dainty and beautiful. We knew it all the time.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

Mrs. D. T. Herriott was in the city on Tuesday and THE JOURNAL acknowledges a pleasant call. Mr. Herriott was for a long time a prominent citizen of Polk Co., but is now a resident of New Castle, Pa. His wife is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. H. B. Budd, of Edna.

Attorney A. A. Miller is undoubtedly good authority on points of law and his counsel no doubt sound, but when it comes to piloting a sleighload of ladies out to John Wyand's he is off, 'way off. At least he was on Monday night, so far off that he did not reach Mr. Wyand's until about 10 o'clock, at which time he arrived from his wandering to and fro on the bleak prairie. As near as we can figure it he went about 'steen miles further east than need be, however, he kept going until he won his case.

They Made a Hit.

CLEVELAND'S MINSTRELS TOOK FARGO BY STORM SATURDAY NIGHT.

Grand Forks Daily Plaindealer:—"Cleveland's Minstrals gave a performance in Fargo on Saturday night to the largest audience over in the opera house, the "Standing Room Only" sign being displayed before seven o'clock. The show made the biggest hit ever made by a minstrel company in Fargo and the papers are enthusiastic in its praise. Owing to the lack of room the elaborate first part could not be properly staged, but at the Metropolitan the stage room is ample and the performance will be given in its entirity. The singing donkeys, Jack and Jill, created a furore."

The company appears in Winnipeg for the first three days of this week, appearing here on Friday next.

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60--DAYS--60

IT WILL INTEREST YOU —IF YOU WISH— To Save Money.

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Red Figure

SALE

OF CLOTHING And Gents' Furnishing Goods, AT THE BOSTON ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

Writing to set that subscription one year ahead, comrade N. H. Fulton writes that he has just engaged with the Hawley Creamery Co. for his third year with them. Since Comrade Fulton took hold of that concern the Hawley creamery has proved a great success, its products gaining an enviable notoriety in the markets and proving a great benefit to the farmers in that vicinity. Comrade Fulton sends his regards to the members of Col. Cobham Post, and says he intends to join us around the campfire in June.

Strayed.

Saturday night, Feb. 6th 1892, one grey mare, nine years old, weight about 1,050 lbs., with white spot on left eye. Answers to the name of Kate. When last seen she had a pair of blankets and canvasses strapped upon her, also a halter on her head. Any information leading to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. W. A. MARIS, Sec. 8, T 148, R. 5, Melvin P. O., Polk Co., Minn. [33-tf]

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00
B. O. Jorgenson	10.00
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.
Lewis Ellington	$5.00.
E. Lanctot	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.
Thomas Wallace	20 bu. wheat.
Hayes Bros.	20 bu. wheat.
Goodwin Leppert (Wylie)	10 bu. oats.
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. barley.
Ben Geroux	[illegible]
K. Hanson	[illegible]
Ole Olson	2 " wheat.
E. W. Johnson	50 cents.
Will Himmelsbach	5 bu. wheat.
S. B. Palmer (Lockhart)	10 bu. potatoes.

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for market garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000.

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school. A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Lowell can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 3 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full sett Blacksmith tools, and small farm implements. $3,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

A traveling man, giving his name as H. Claudius, and claiming to represent A. Bauer & Co., wholesale liquor dealers, of Chicago, was arraigned before Justice C. S. Spendley on Wednesday of last week, charged with committing an unmentionable crime. The day was spent in examining witnesses behind closed doors and the case adjourned until Friday for summing up. On Friday the man was committed to await the action of the Grand Jury. It is lucky for him that deed was not committed in some countries or he would have danced at one end of a tight rope ere this.

Mrs. F. L. Durand received a telegram last Friday announcing the dangerous illness of her father, and left for Wisconsin on Friday evening. Fred. went with her as far as St. Paul and remarked to our reporter: "While in St. Paul I tried to enlighten the natives down there as to the resources of the Red River Valley and succeeded in getting one man interested to such an extent that he returned with me, bringing his wife along to look the country ouer, and should he find it as I represented he may conclude to stay and grow up with the country. His name is Mr. George Copeland and I think he would make a right smart settler and our people up here would like him real well. His brother John (at my earnest request) a few years ago took a claim, built a house on it, plowed a good deal of it up (the land, not the house) and I have often heard him say that he made almost enough out of it to pay half of the expense of running it; but then, John had a railroad on his hands at the time—John always would fool with railroads, and he has now become President of one railroad—association. So far George seems to like this country real well and I have great hopes that he will settle down—somewhere."

(Communicated.)

EDITOR JOURNAL.—The Times in its last issue has an article on the advantages to be derived from a government ship canal from the great lakes to New York City. Such a work would be of incalculable benefit to the Northwest, as it would lessen the transportation of our wheat and flour more than one-half. but why build a canal from Lake Ontario to New York City? Why not deepen and enlarge the Erie canal from Buffalo to Troy? As compared with the expense of an entirely new canal, the cost would be trifling, and it would have the advantage of being shorter and all in American territory. By the other route we shall still be compelled to send our vessels via the Welland canal through British territory and subject to any amount of tolls the Canadian government might see fit to exact. Again, under existing treaties, but one war vessel is allowed on each lake. Should a war break out between England and the United States, (and such an event is liable to occur at any time) Great Britain, by her admirable system of canals, could send a fleet of ironclad war vessels to the lakes on short notice and our entire lake coast would be at their mercy. With the Erie canal enlarged so that vessels drawing from 15 to 20 feet of water could pass through, we could have a fleet on the lakes as soon as England and meet them on an equal footing. It should not be forgotten that during the last war with England, one of the most important if not THE most important naval battles, was fought and won by Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry on lake Erie. It is important that the United States have a system of defences for our lake as well as our sea coast. Buffalo, Chicago and Duluth with the minor cities and towns along the lakes need defences as well as Boston, New York, Philadelphia and other seaports. It seems to me that petitions from each congressional district throughout Minnesota and the Dakotas, as well as from all the lake cities should be forwarded to their representatives at Washington, asking congress to take some action in this matter immediately.

FAIRFAX FARMER.

WANTED!

Two or three men to work for me in Polk County. $4 to $12 per day, sure. If you are idle or working for small money now is the time. Any one can do the work and make big wages. Particulars free. Address,

W. ALBERT LANCTOT,
[41-48] Crookston, Minn.

Grand Opera House!

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Friday, February 12th.

First in All Things.

"The Big City Show."

W. S. CLEVELAND'S

CONSOLIDATED

THE EIFIEL TOWER OF MINSTRELSY

FRANK CUSHMAN,
ARTHUR RIGBY,
JOHN QUEEN,
JOHN H. BLACKFORD,
JAMES BOSTROM,

EUROPEAN HILTON MARVEL,

4—Emperors of Music—4

Edgar Wilson, [illegible]
F. E. Barr, [illegible]
Earnest Sinclair, Chas. Gardner.

Girard Leon and his Singing Donkeys.

Watch for the Proper Capes Parade.

THE OUTING OF THE SWELLS.

A letter, said to be written by James G. Blaine, declining to allow his name to be brought before the convention in Minneapolis next June, is going the rounds of the press. The candidacy of James G. Blaine for President has been, so far, more of the nature of a spontaneous demand for the man by the people than anything else, and we do not believe that Mr. Blaine will ever refuse to use his best endeavors in the interests of the people in any capacity in which they may call upon him to act. With Blaine, the success of the Republican party is reasonably sure; without his name at the head of the ticket success is problematical.

Red Wing Argus:—Rev. Conrad F. L. Risch died at his home near Huntingburg, Ind., on Tuesday, Ind., on Tuesday, Jan. 26th, aged 91 years, 1 month and 16 days. Mr. Risch was born in Germany, but came to this country in 1848, and settled in southern Indiana. He resided for over three years near Crookston, in this State, and was actively connected with the work of the Lutheran church until a few years ago. His wife and four children survive him, the latter being Mrs. Julia Spitzer, of Huntingburg, Ind., Henry Risch, of Euclid, this State, and Herman and Gustav Risch, of this city.

The answers we have received to our notice to delinquent subscribers, in our issue of January 28th, have been many and very satisfactory, yet there are a few who still remain as mum as oysters—they seem determined to force us to use extreme measures, at least their silence implies that much, and that is just what we don't like to do. We are compelled to incur considerable expense this spring in order that THE JOURNAL may keep up with and ahead of the procession and we have money enough due us on our list to PAY CASH for all the material we need if we should proceed to force collection of all long past due subscriptions. We do not imagine that we have one subscriber on our list who does not intend to settle his account some time, but the fact of our hail losses added to the fact that we are bound to put in added facilities in our work compels us to push our collections more vigorously than we ever have before, and compels us to find out from every one what he can do for us and no reasonable man can object to this request. If a person does not pay us but writes us stating when he can, or offers to give us negotiable paper, then we have something to bank on—we know what we can do and THAT is all we ask and that much we must insist upon. Every dollar received now will go right into the business to improve the paper and our patrons thus get the benefit of it. Let us hear from you, please.

The illustrations of the Review of Reviews is as timely in the February number as in any preceding issue. The frontispiece is a fine portrait of Cardinal Manning. In the Progress of the World are portraits of Senators Cullom and Palmer, of Illinois, Lord Hartington, Joseph Chamberlain and Mr. Collings, M. P., the late Price Albert Victor, the Princess May of Teck, the late Emile de Lavelaye, Mr. G. W. Childs and Mr. A. J. Drexel of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Ballington Booth of New York, and a striking likeness of Walt Whitman with a characteristic autograph post card. In the record of Current Events are portraits of the novelist Guy de Maupassant, the late Khedive, the new Khedive, and the late Wolcott Balestier. The cartoon department is as interesting as ever, and the character sketch of David B. Hill begins with a fine full-page portrait of Mr. Hill, which is followed by another striking likeness from a favorite photograph, and by portraits of Mr. Dana of the Sun, Mr. Howell of the Atlanta Constitution Senator Gorman, Mayor Grant of New York City, Mr. Richard Croker, the chief of Tammany, and a large number of striking cartoons reproduced for the most part from Puck and Judge. Portraits of Mr. Edgar and Col. Reeve of Minneapolis, of Count Tolstol and his daughter, and of Madame Novikoff accompany the article upon the Russian famine. The article upon the London Polytechnic and its Chicago excursion contains three portraits and ten other illustrations. Mrs. Humphry Ward's portrait accompanies the review of her new book, and the review of the first year of the "Darkest England" social scheme is well illustrated. Thus the Review of Reviews for February is a pictorial as well as a journalistic and literary review and summing up of the preceding month.

Cleveland's Minstrels.

The Grand Opera House will be occupied Friday evening, Feb. 12th, by Cleveland's Consolidated Minstrels. Everybody and everything are promised to be absolutely new, and not only to possess novelty, but genuine artistic ability. Manager Cleveland is always alive to the wants of the people, and he fully appreciates the facts of the case, that seeing the same old faces and hearing the same old gags is more than tiresome. This season he commences in a glow of unusual brightness with a great congregation of mirth provokers, singers and a host of foreign specialists. The stage settings and effects will be fully up to Mr. Cleveland's standard of sumptuous stagings. A special feature has been made of the vocal corps, which, it is promised, will eclipse any of Mr. Cleveland's former efforts. The sale of seats and boxes is now in progress.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Feb. 8.—The visit of Secretary Thompson of the Chamber of Commerce to Washington, in the interest of the lake channels and the harbors at the head of Lake Superior, has resulted in much good. His addresses before the congressional committees have been commented upon far and wide, and there is reason to believe that congress will not turn a deaf ear to our needs. A correspondent of the Pittsburg Dispatch says the figures of the lake commerce, indisputable as they are, have the fascination of a fairy tale.

The secretary of war has appointed Col. O. M. Poe, of the engineering corps, chairman of a board of engineers to examine the plans of the proposed bridge across the canal entrance to Duluth harbor. A hearing will be had either at Washington or Detroit.

Members of the Wellington Steel company of Findlay, Ohio, were here Saturday, looking for a site on which to erect works to replace their Findlay plant, which was recently destroyed by fire. The company wants 25 acres of land and is greatly attracted to Duluth by its splendid situation as an iron manufacturing point. The company will employ nearly 1,000 men.

Good progress is reported in the efforts to locate the New York structural steel works here, and it is probable that this great institution will find a home in Duluth.

Two new pits have been opened on the Cincinnati mine on the new Mesabi range and both show a fine body of ore. They are important as establishing a greater extent of the big ore bed than had previously been shown up. Nearly enough work has been done now to show that the Cincinnati has as large a body of ore as the Bewabik.

The contract for the building of the Duluth, Mesabi & Northern has finally been signed, and the contractors, Donald Grant and Foley Brothers & Guthrie have already begun to push things.

Wheat has again begun to move this way and receipts are running from 100 to 150 cars a day. As the time for the opening of navigation approaches this movement will be considerably increased.

Duluth has just gone through the turmoil of a very exciting municipal election. It resulted in giving the city a Democratic mayor, Chas. d'Autremont, and a Republican council. The new government will be a good one.

HAYS.

FARMS FOR SALE!

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent, payable semi-annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and those prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.

1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land; 80 acres; 1½ story frame house, 18x24; log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary, 18x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21, and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,360.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 13, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14, and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $3.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address

A. HUMPHREYS,
Loan and Trust Building,
Minneapolis.

The Moorhead Institute for the Cure of Drunkenness and the Opium Habit

Is meeting with excellent success. It has treated several cases with satisfactory results and has several cases under treatment at the present time. The treatment used is "The Silver Ash" remedy by Dr. O. J. Gronendyke, of New Albany, Ind., and is proving all that is claimed for it, and Dr. Darrow and H. D. Scott, who have established the Moorhead Institute, consider themselves extremely fortunate in securing this remedy. They are responsible parties and guarantee a cure in all cases that are placed in their hands where directions are implicitly followed, and there is an honest and earnest desire on the part of the patient to reform. All patients placing themselves under the care of the Institute will be dealt with in an honest, straightforward manner and treated skilfully. Any who are addicted to the drink or opium habit, who desire to reform, will find this remedy a support that will sustain their resolution as nothing else will. Many have dear relatives or friends who are destroying their prospects in this world and their hopes of salvation in the next, by their unfortunate appetite. Let all such be assured that there is yet hope for them if they will make the resolve and faithfully try this remedy. Apply in person or address

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
Moorhead, Minn.

World's Fair Notes.

Director-General Davis has declared that all applications for space ought to be presented by July 1, 1892.

The French steamship line, Havre to New York, has agreed to return free all exhibits which it brings to the Exposition at regular tariff rates.

Herr Wermuth, the Imperial German World's Fair commissioner, has already received nearly 2,000 applications for space from the intending exhibitors of his country.

The California World's Fair state commissioners have authorized the formation of a Woman's Board. Each commissioner will appoint one member of this board. Each member is allowed $1,000 a year for travel'ing expenses.

The North Carolina legislature failed to make a World's Fair appropriation. Whereupon the state board of agriculture announced that it would undertake to provide all necessary means and superintend the collection of an exhibit that will be creditable to the state. It is the intention to have the state building at the exposition a reproduction of the state capitol.

Of the $5,000,000 of bonds, which the city of Chicago voted in aid of the Exposition, $3,000,000 have been sold in New York at par and accrued interest, and the Exposition treasury has been replenished accordingly. The terms of sale are regarded very satisfactory. They are equivalent to a premium of one-third of one per cent. on the first million, two-thirds on the second, and one per cent. on the third million.

The Exposition authorities have tendered to the shoe and leather manufacturers a site for their desired building in which to make a united exhibit of the leather industry. A site was selected twice before, but had to be withdrawn owing to changes in construction plans. The site now offered is near the lake shore, not far from the dairy building. There is little doubt that the leather men will accept the site and, if they do, they will put up a building 150x600 feet, costing $100,000.

The King of Italy has appointed a World's Fair commissioner. Italy, it is believed, will yet formally decide to participate in the Exposition. It is already assured that its participation, even if only informal, will be of no mean description. Exceptionally fine exhibits in sculpture and painting are promised.

A practical, working business college, which is purely an American institution, will be one of the exhibits at the Fair.

New South Wales has asked for 300,000 square feet of space.

The watchmakers of Switzerland, at a recent convention in Berne, decided to make an exhibit at Chicago of their finest and costliest watches, but not to attempt any competition with American manufacturers in cheaper grades. They have applied to the Swiss Council for financial and other aid to enable them to make a creditable exhibit.

In Colorado's exhibit will appear a very complete showing of the flora of the state. Miss Alida P. Lansing, who has been in charge of the matter, gathered more than 1,000 varities last summer, including fifteen or more which had never been classified.

A cablegram states that the French government is about to ask the chamber of deputies for an appropriation of 3,500,000 francs ($700,000) for the French exhibit at Chicago.

Georgia, like Texas and South Dakota, is trying to raise a large portion of its needed World's Fair fund through the instrumentality of the school pupils and teachers.

The Grand Rapids, Mich., furniture manufacturers will make a united exhibit and want half an acre of space, in which to display it.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

Alliance Social.

There will be an Alliance social at the residence of Geo. M. Swift, Esq., at Mentor, on Thursday, Feb. 18th, to which all are invited. The object is to have a good social time and to raise some money for a campaign fund.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston, Minn., Post Office, for the week ending Feb. 6, 1892:

Flowers, Herbert	Knudson, Mrs. H. Andrew
Johnson, George	McMartin, James—3
Wood, Anthony—2	

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, Postmaster.

Notice of Sale Under Decree.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Kari Stetten, Plaintiff, vs. Carl Ulsteen and Julie Ulsteen, Defendants.

In pursuance to a judgment and decree of the Court in the above entitled action, dated February 1st 1892, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me with instructions to enforce the same, I, the undersigned sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the District Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, on Friday the 8th day of April, A.D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the real estate and premises described in said judgment and decree, to wit: The south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk, Minnesota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 5th, 1892.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

H. STEENERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Crookston, Minn. [43-49]

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls

o—AT—o

Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

IS

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

J. V. E. WYATT

Undertaker,

BROADWAY,

Crookston, - - Minn.

Carries a full supply at all times. Always ready to attend to calls and take full charge if necessary.

—o-o-O-o-o—

Can supply anything in the line of

FURNITURE,

PICTURE FRAMES,————
————MOULDINGS, Etc., Etc.

Give Me a Call.

Farmers' Egg Cases.

Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,
CROOKSTON, MINN
Opera House Block,

$75 MONTH $300

Do You Want

Employment?

Cy which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month - the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work. If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN OUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you. We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right; there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING. Better write at once. Address

The Brodix Publishing Co.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Work Horses - - - & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN,

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later, if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than and dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,
Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building.

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it. Yours Respectfully,

C. E. MISNER.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 189 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on or before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS.
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

STUDY LAW
AT HOME.

Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to J. COTNER, Jr., Sec., No. 80 Whitney Block DETROIT, MICH.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

THE

Great Transcontinental Route

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

The Dining Car Line

Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ROUTE.

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The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

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CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
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Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
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NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,

Second Street,

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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

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CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY

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SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

See the old reliable dealer, M. R. Brown, if you want to buy a team this spring.

Try M. R. Brown for a goood team of working horses or mares.

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Attorney-at-Law,
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THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
N. W. TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATS
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands, New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills. Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
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Chas. E. Sawyer.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, February 11, 1892.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE AND THE NORTHERN LINE BURLINGTON

Church and State.

New York Press.

Following close upon an editorial article in The Press, pointing to Cardinal Ledochowski as likely to be the chief adviser of the next Pope, the cable brought the news of the Cardinals appointment as Prefect of the Propaganda, an office made vacant by the death of the late Cardinal Simeoni. This is one of the most important places near the Vatican, and the official occupying it has a broad authority in dealing with the United States, Great Britain and other countries in which the Catholic is not recognized as a state religion, and which are treated as missionary ground. The appointment will give to Cardinal Ledochowski unlimited opportunity for making himself known to the world in general and the Catholic world in particular, and thus preparing himself for a greater task should the future have such in reserve.

The position of the Papacy in Europe is extremely delicate. The state connection, which has been regarded as almost indispensable, is proving in many ways to be an embarrassment. In France, for instance, as shown in the recent prosecution of the Archbishop of Aix, the government assumes to treat the prelates and clergy as officials, subject to the same control and direction as others receiving pay from the public treasury. In Germany the church has succeeded, after many years of struggle in getting rid of the more oppressive restrictions imposed by the Falk laws, but even now an educational measure supposed to be chiefly for the benefit of Catholics and supported by the Kaiser, is meeting with powerful opposition. Dr. Miguel, the Kaiser's favorite Minister, who, however, is not willing to forget his Huguenot traditions, has, it is understood, resigned rather than to appear to indorse a bill so obnoxious to his religious principles, and the agitation throughout Germany threatens to be serious.

Austria has not deviated from the strict adherence to the Holy See, but matters are different in Hungary. There the government, indorsed on Friday at the polls, has taken a firm and determined stand against clerical independence, and apparently neither remonstrances from Rome, nor ecclesiastical influences at home, can swerve it from the course determined upon. In Italy, while reports are afloat of reconciliation between the Pope and the King, there seems to be no official assurance on the subject, and fuel is just now added to the long standing antagonism by a summons addressed to leading cardinals to testify in a civil court, a summons of which they have refused to take any notice. This incident does not look like conciliation.

In Russia the Catholics as well as the Jews are being persecuted. The government has issued orders that no new Catholic churches shall be built, and that when those now existing become dangerous for occupation they shall be closed. This, of course, means the gradual extinction of Catholic public worship. Besides, there is a good deal of actual individual persecution of Catholics in Russia, and members of that faith forced from their country by ill treatment have mingled with the tide of Jewish emigration.

Sweden, the most Protestant country in Europe, while barely prosecuting Catholic worship, has recently enacted a measure intended to prevent the spread of that faith. Spain, in its period of decay, adheres to the church of which it was the champion in its centuries of power. In Central and South America the Catholic church is more or less embroiled with the various governments on account of a former or existing state connection.

As a matter of fact the Catholic religion appears to flourish best in the United States and other lands where it has no relation whatever to the state, and where the support of the church is wholly voluntary. Here, religion unfettered, finds ready and liberal sustenance not at the hand of the state, but of worshipers who testify their devotion to the church by willingness to support it. After awhile, the moral which these facts convey may be studied to advantage in those countries where the church is still bound in subjection to the state.

In Good Time.

New York Press.

The alleged Democratic scheme to get up as a party dodge an international silver conference to be held during the World's fair has apparently fallen into the waste basket of the committee room and the party is marching on to the free coinage precipice at double quick speed. The World's fair silver conference deceived nobody except at first, for any man with eyes in his head could see at a second glance that it was only an effort to postpone a troublesome issue until after the Presidential election.

It is fortunate that the mask has fallen off so soon. If it becomes so plain nine months before election that nothing can be expected of the Democracy in the line of currency legislation except a crazy and dangerous determination to dify conditions and to follow theories framed in the interest of speculators and against the interest of the people, there is time to educate the people in the significance of this attitude before they are called on to vote.

The point that the Republican press of the whole country should keep on making and driving home in this: The silver speculators want free coinage without an international ratio expressly for the sake of the profit that will go into their pockets by virtue of the difference between seventy-five cents' worth of silver coined free of charge into "a dollar" and a real dollar, a dollar's worth of gold in the form of coin. Of course that is the very reason why the people should not want free coinage without an international silver treaty. Such a treaty would give to us a sound bimetallic currency by advancing the price of silver, so that the silver dollar agreed on would be really worth a dollar. Of course, in that event free coinage would be of no considerable profit to the big silver speculators. That's why they do not want it. But it would mean a good price and a steady market for the product of our great silver mining industry, as well as a currency in which the workingman could buy a dollar's worth of goods for the wages of a dollar's worth of work. The workingman has sense enough to know that if he is hired for $3 a day, legal tender money, and if there is free coinage without a treaty with other nations, he will be liable at any time to find that, in consequence of heavy gold exports, the price of what he buys today for his $3 will have been put up to $4. And he will still be getting $3 a day. Wages won't go up. Oh, no! And the butcher and the baker and the candlestick maker won't be allowed to say, "Your dollar is worth only seventy-five cents; we won't take it for more." They will have to take it as a dollar. But marking three dollar goods up to $4 will amount to the same thing.

The National Debt of the United States.

New York Press.

Estimating five persons to each family, census bureau calculations demonstrate that the federal debt of the United States amounts to $78.15 per family. On a similar basis of calculation the debt of Great Britain is $337.60 per family; of Austro-Hungary, $354.20, and of France, $581.75. Germany has no statistics from which to figure out accurately her debt per family, but the indebtedness is estimated at $400. It is one of the notable features of the financial stability of this nation that the national debt per family is so low, and it is the subject of comment that while the ratio of national debt to families has decreased steadily, the national wealth has been growing faster than that of any nation on the globe, and our capital and resources have improved more rapidly than those of any other nation.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Jan. 21st, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of H. E. Cooke, administrator of the estate of William G. Cooke, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard, by this Court, on Monday, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the city of Crookston, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 21st day of January, A. D. 1892.

By the Court; C. M. BENSON,
[41-43] Judge of Probate.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-two and 49-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Boulie and Melvina Boulie, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of August 1890, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on page 393.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and ninety-six and 4-100 dollars, (496.04), with interest on four hundred and eighty-one (481) dollars thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the northwest quarter (s½ nw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), all in Section two (2), of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred ninety-six and 4-100 dollars ($496.04) and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-three and 25-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Napoleon Gonyea, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of November, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 54 of mortgages, on page 315.

And whereas the said, The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars ($650.83) with interest on six hundred and forty-two (642) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ se¼) of Section thirty (30), of Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 7th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 18th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, executed and delivered by Ida D. Van Tuyl and John E. Van Tuyl, her husband, mortgagors, to the "Union Central Life Insurance Company," mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of November, 1889, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk in the State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in book 51 of mortgages, on page 265, and whereas said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars and interest thereon from its said date at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, due and payable on the first day of January in each year. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable January 1st, 1891, and default having also been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable on January 1st, 1892, and both of said defaults still continue, and no part of said principal has ever been paid, And whereas the conditions of said mortgage are such that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or interest thereon when the same becomes due, then the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage shall thereupon become due and payable at once.

And whereas both by the terms of said mortgage and the election of said mortgagee hereby made the whole amount secured by said mortgage both principal and interest accrued to this date is now due and payable.

And the amount now claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage, including interest in accordance with the terms of said mortgage is the sum of six hundred and ninety-nine and 93-100 dollars. And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained which by reason of the defaults aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter, both of the above described tracts being in Section ten (10), Township one hundred and forty nine (149), Range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and containing 160 acres of land, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on Tuesday, the 23d day of February, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy and pay the amount which will then be due upon said mortgage according to the terms thereof, and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees as provided by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 4th, 1892.

Union Central Life Insurance Company,
Mortgagee.

Chas. P. Barker,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
618 Guaranty Loan Building,
[38-44] Minneapolis Minn.

W A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication, January 21st, 1892.]
[Last publication, March 3rd, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and thirty and 16-100 dollars, interest which is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphouse Paridis and Elmira Paridis, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of November, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 52.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 Dollars, with interest on nine hundred and twelve ($912) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-four (34) Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF MARCH, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [40-46]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Thursday, Jan. 14th 1892.]
[Last publication Thursday, Feb. 25th 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and fifty and seventy one hundredths Dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Thomas Plante and Mary Plante his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the First day of June, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages on page 470.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of the said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars ($956.14), with interest on nine hundred and forty (940) dollars, thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the south-east quarter (n½ se¼) and the north half of the south-west quarter (n½ sw¼) of section thirty four (34) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of Seventy-one and seventy eight one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Luc Jenot and Elenore Jenot, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the seventh day of December, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 57.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Ten Hundred and seventy-eight and fifty-eight dollars, ($1078.58), with interest on Ten Hundred and Seventy ($1070) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south-east (se) quarter of section nineteen (19) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred and Seventy-eight and fifty eight one hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House, and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.
Terms $1.00 per Day.

DR. M. WATTS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank.
☞ Professional calls by or day night

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.
—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., February 3rd, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 11th, 1892, viz: ALFRED SAVARY, Hd. 14,683, for the n½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 4 Sec. 27, Tp. 150, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jacob R. Barb, Frank Robert, Edmund M. Walsh, Christopher Hanson, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minn.

[42-47] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 18, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on February 29th, 1892, viz: Tosten L. Oleson, Hd. No. 12,250, for the S W¼ Sec. 14, Twp. 147, Range 48. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Knut S. Akre, John J. Ellingson, Halvor Ellingsen, Edevart T. Ramse, all of Neilsville, Minn.

[40-45] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Mortgage Foreclosuse Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
[Last publication Jan. 25th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and eighty-five one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin Thompson and Ann G. Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 242.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and ninety-two and eighty-one one hundredths dollars, ($692.81), with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of section twenty (20) of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and 85-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peder H. Mesedalen and Karl Mesedalen, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 246.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred ninety-two and 81-100 dollars ($692.81) with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section seventeen (17), Town one hundred and forty-nine, (149), Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

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H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

MARTIN O'BRIEN.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 18, 1892. NO. 44

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.60	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held in the City Hall on Tuesday evening, February 9th, 1892.

Meeting called to order by president Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Jennings, Childs, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Marshall, Steenerson.

The minutes of the previous meetings were read and approved.

The committee who were appointed by the council to wait on the County Treasurer and get what money had been paid for city taxes since the last settlement, reported that they had done so, and had secured the sum of $5,000.

The City Attorney presented a written opinion of the Attorney General on the question of liquor licenses. On motion the same was ordered spread on the records.

CROOKSTON, Minn., Feb. 9, 1892.

To the Honorable, the City Council of the city of Crookston:

GENTLEMEN:—In response to the desire expressed by your honorable body in its resolution of the last regular meeting, on the 13th ult., I wrote the Attorney General of the State requesting his opinion regarding the limit placed by the existing law of the state upon the issuances of licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors by the city council. On the 15th ult. I received from Attorney General Clapp the letter which I herewith present to you. As we have in our city annual charter elections, the limitation specified in the opinion of Mr. Clapp applies to us and our licenses should be issued as he therein specifies.

Yours very truly,
MARTIN O'BRIEN,
City Atttorney.

ST. PAUL, JAN. 14, 1892.

Hon. Martin O'Brien, Crookston.:

DEAR SIR:—If under the charter of Crookston, annual charter elections are held, a license issued now would expire twenty days after the next charter election. Sec. 8, Chap. 5, Gen. Laws 1887, provides that no license shall be issued for a longer term than one year or for a period beyond 20 days after the annual election in such village or city next ensuing of the date of the license. The question has not been before the Supreme Court but some of the District Courts have held that the proviso should be construed as if it read "nor" where the word "or" is found.

Yours very truly,
MOSES E. CLAPP.

Moved by Alderman Childs, that the chief of police be instructed to inform all parties who hold licenses from the city of Crookston to sell intoxicating liquors, of the construction of the law placed on it by Attorney General Clapp. There being no second to the motion the president ruled that it was not before the council.

A communication was read from Alfred Savary relating to taking his team from the street and putting it in a livery barn on the 18th day of January. No action taken.

The finance committee reported as follows:

GENTLEMEN:—Your finance committee beg leave to report on bills held in abeyance from last regular meeting as follows: That said bill number 815 is correct and should be paid, and bill of G. A. Ralph and the report of Justice Spendley be referred to the council without recommendation, Bill number 808 of J. E. O'Brien be allowed at $8.76, and bills number 818 and 819 of C. W. W, P. & L. Co. are referred back without recommendation.

Respectfully submitted,
A. C. SCHMIDT.
R. G. MARLETTE.

On motion the report was accepted and the bills reported upon favorably ordered paid.

A copy of a permanent injunction relating to the $50,000 bonds of the Duluth, Crookston & Northern Ry. was presented.

The bond of O. Ducharme as constable was accepted and approved.

Alderman Marlette offered an ordinance repealing chapter 3 of ordinances entitled "An Ordinance to Codify, Consolidate and Amend the General Ordinances of the city of Crookston, and all ordinances and parts of ordinances amendatory thereof."

AN ORDINANCE.

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 9th day of February, 1892, the following ordinance was offered by Alderman Marlette:

An Ordinance repealing Chapter III of an ordinance to codify, consolidate and amend the general ordinances of the city of Crookston:

The City Council of the city of Crookston do ordain:

SECTION 1. That chapter III of an ordinance of the city of Crookston, entitled "An ordinance to codify, consolidate and amend the general ordinances of the city of Crookston," and all ordinances and parts of ordinances amendatory of said chapter III are hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall take affect and be in force from and after its passage, approval, publication and recording.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 9th day of February, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 9th day of February, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
Acting Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

A petition was presented relating to houses of ill fame in Chase's addition. On motion the same was referred to the ways and means committee.

New business then being in order, Alderman Childs offered an ordinance entitled "An ordinance relating to houses of ill fame within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston," which was taken from the table.

Alderman McGlogan moved to amend seconded by Alderman Jennings, that twenty-five dollars be substituted where fifty dollars appears.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Jennings, McGlogan, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Buhn, Childs, Jerome, Marlette.

Amendment declared carried by the President of the Council.

Alderman Childs moved to amend the amendment, that the amount be placed at $45 instead of $25. No second.

Alderman Childs raised a point of order on the amendment which was that it should pass with a vote of a majority of all members of the council.

Chairman declared the point not well taken.

Alderman McGlogan offered the following ordinance:

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held the 9th day of February, 1892, Alderman McGlogan offered the following ordinance:

AN ORDINANCE

Relating to houses of ill-fame within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston:

The city council of the city of Crookston do ordain:

Sec. 1. Any person or persons who shall within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston, keep a house of ill-fame, or house resorted to for the purpose of prostitution and lewdness; and all persons, male or female, who resort to such house of ill-fame, shall on conviction thereof before a justice of the peace of said city, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed ninety days, at the discretion of said justice of the peace.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to demise, let or hire, any house or other building, buildings or premises within the limits of the city of Crookston, to any person or persons for any of the purposes mentioned in the first section of this ordinance, and if any person shall knowingly offend against this section of this ordinance, he, she or they, upon conviction thereof, before a justice of the peace of said city, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution for every such offence.

Sec. 3. Any person, male or female, who shall, within the corporate limits of the City of Crookston, resort to any house of ill-fame for the purposes of prostitution or to associate with a prostitute or prostitutes, or who shall procure another to resort to any house of ill-fame for the purpose of prostitution or to associate with prostitutes shall, for each such offence on conviction thereof before a justice of the peace of said city, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution or by imprisonment not more than thirty days in the discretion of said justice.

Sec. 4. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in so much as they may be inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval, publication and recording.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—None.

Upon this vote the president declared the ordinance carried.

Passed this 9th day of February, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved this 12th day of February, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
Acting Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
Clerk.

Alderman Childs offered an ordinance entitled "An ordinance relating to disorderly houses within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston," which was taken from the table.

Alderman McGlogan moved to amend the ordinance, seconded by Alderman Walker, that the sum of $25 be substituted where $50 now appears.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the amendment be laid on the table.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Childs, Buhn.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Motion to lay on the table declared lost.

The vote on the amendment was taken and resulted as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—Buhn, Childs.

Amendment declared carried.

Alderman McGlogan offered the following ordinance:

At a regular meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston, held the 9th day of Februuary, 1892, Alderman McGlogan offered the following ordinance:

AN ORDINANCE

Relating to disorderly houses within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston:

The city council of the city of Crookston do ordain:

Sec. 1. Any person or persons who shall within the corporate limits of the city of Crookston, keep a disorderly house for the practice of fornication, or for the resort of persons of evil name or fame, or who shall commit or suffer to be committed therein any immoral, immodest or other improper conduct or behavior, or any tippling, reveling, rioting or disturbance, calculated to disturb the neighbors or annoy travelers or the general public, and all persons who resort to such disorderly house for any unlawful purpose shall, on conviction thereof before any justice of the peace of said city, be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution or by imprisonment not to exceed ninety days at the discretion of said justice of the peace.

Sec. 2. No person or persons within the limits of the city of Crookston, shall commit or suffer to be committed in any house or other building or premises by him, her or them occupied, any rioting, quarreling, fighting, reveling, drunkenness, or any other disorderly conduct, calculated to disturb the neighborhood or annoy travelers, or the general public; and any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this section of this ordinance, shall on conviction thereof before any justice of the peace of said city be punished by a fine not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution or by imprisonment not to exceed ninety days as to the discretion of said justice may seem just.

Sec. 3. All ordinances and parts of ordinances in so much as they may be inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval, publication and recording.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—None.

Upon this vote the ordinance was declared carried this 9th day of February, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President City Council,

Approved the 12th day of February, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
Acting Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH, Clerk.

Moved by Alderman Marlette, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the bill of the C. W. W., P. & L. Co. for $2,030,19 be paid. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Buhn, seconded by Alderman Marlette that the bill of the C. W. W. P. & L. Co. be allowed at the sum of $1,502.28. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Jennings that the bill of Geo. Ralph be allowed, amounting to $137, providing Mr. Ralph donate the maps to the city upon the payment of the amount.

Alderman voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Childs, Jennings, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker and Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Our Washington Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15, 1892.

The Democrats must be in desperate straits and recognize that fact when Mr. Fithian introduced a resolution with a string of whereases longer than the moral law, setting forth the necessity of putting agricultural implements on the free list. This, of course, is intended to capture the farmer vote, but does Mr. Fithian or any one else suppose that there is any farmer in the United States who is such an infernal fool as to believe that the putting of agricultural implements on the free list will lower the price of these implements. There never has been for twenty years and there never will be for a hundred years an agricultural implement imported into the United States. There is not a country that manufactures an implement, that if it was imported and a bounty offered for it, an American farmer would use. This kind of buncombe in Congress will not win any votes to the Democratic party, but it does show that the party is in a bad condition and knows it.

The question raised by Senator Stewart, sometime ago in the Senate, is now in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, and will probably go very soon to the Supreme Court of the United States. Some time last fall three well known gentlemen offered a silver brick of the necessary fineness and weight at the Philadelphia mint and asked for its coinage into silver dollars, offering to pay the rates charged. The superintendent of the mint refused to coin this silver into money, saying that there was no law for it. An appeal was taken from his decision to that of the Director of the Mints at Washington, and he affirmed the decision of his subordinate at Philadelphia; another appeal was taken to the Secretary of the Treasury and he made the same statement, and now the parties are in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia asking a mandamus from that court to compel Secretary Foster and Director of the Mints, Leech, to coin that silver into money; this brings up the whole question, and it matters not what the Supreme Court of the District decides, it will go to the Supreme Court of the United States.

The withdrawal of the Louisiana Lottery from the fight in that State has not settled the differences between the Democratic party there. The lottery and anti-lottery tickets both continue in the field. The anti-lottery men have just received a large shipment of arms, openly sent to the chairman of their committee, and the chairman of that committee says there is no concealment and no attempt at concealment, that if the votes cast for their candidates are not counted they intend to see that they are if it requires arms to do it. This is very illustrative of Louisiana methods, and it may be that the Democrats, who a few years ago were engaged in shooting down the Republicans to prevent them from exercising the privilege of franchise, and who have since been swindling them out of their votes will now go to shooting each other and swindling, if possible, each other out of their votes. Retributive justice follows them close, and the overthrowing of law and the constructing of mob law, as has been done in Louisiana, always reacts.

The rules have been adopted in the House, and the Holman amendment, putting riders on appropriation bills along with the balance. The object of the Holman amendment is to put on the appropriation bills each one of Mr. Springer's little tariff bills, and in that way to force the Senate to accept them and the President to sign them. The Democrats of the House may prepare themselves to sit in session until the third of March, 1893 if this is their game, because if the Senate should give way and accept these appropriation bills with tariff repealing riders on them there is a man in the White House who will not give way, but will let the appropriations go until they come to him in proper form to be signed.

There has been a great deal of talk, and it was particularly the case during Gen. Grant's administration, of Republican nepotism. An examination of the record of the secretary of the senate shows that seven senators have their sons as clerks of the committees of which they are chairmen, and five of these senators are democrats, who hold the committee by courtesy, as the senate is republican. A further examination would show that several of the senators have their sons as private secretaries; one had his wife and some have their daughters. Of course it is no nepotism, because it is democrats who do it.

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A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent, payable annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and those prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.

1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land; 80 acres; 1½ story frame house, 18x24; log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary, 18x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21, and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,360.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 13, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated; one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14, and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $3.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address

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Minneapolis.

KOPS BRO'S

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GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS.

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.

Grand Forks, N. D.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

NEW FEED MILL

CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—

PAINTS,

OILS AND

VARNISHES.

—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,

THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER,

FOR BARGAINS.

Drunkenness CURED.

THE

Moorhead Institute

Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the

DRINK and OPIUM HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

O. SLATER.
H. ROTHERT,
E. N. HILL.
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Chase & Slater Law and Claims Co.;

1331 F Street, Northwest,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best, $2 65
North Star. - - 2.50
Fife. - - - 2.15
Skip Jack. - - 1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

—HAVE YOU TRIED MY— Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, February 18, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 71.
1 Northern 70.
2 Northern 64.
3 Northern 60.

Mrs. W. E. Slocum has been quite ill with tonsilitis.

Wheat dropped off a cent on Wednesday, opening up at 71.

Mrs. Geo. W. Tice, of Mentor, was in the city on Monday evening.

Mrs. Geo. W. Peake is convalescent from an attack of pneumonia.

The thermometer indicated 28 below at 6 o'clock on Monday morning.

The N. P. Express office has been moved into the the Reckett Block.

Only two more weeks of regular winter yet—but what will the spring time be?

If you want to borrow money call on J. W. Wheeler at the Scandia-American bank.

Fred Anderson has been getting up a lot of green elm sawed stove-wood lengths.

H. B. Parker, representing a Boston paper house, was in the city on Wednesday.

Mrs. Chris Houston, who has been sick for some days is reported convalescent.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Miller returned on Saturday morning from a short visit to Fargo.

Gilt edged farm loans wanted. Call on J. W. Wheeler at the Scandia-American bank.

Geo. Vine still continues to cut up corn-fed pork to the delight of his many customers.

See A. Humphrey's ad. elsewhere in this issue and write him for particulars on farm lands.

Wheat took a spasm and opened up three cents higher on Tuesday morning, reaching 72.

Wm. Price, of Edna, died suddenly at that place last week and was interred here on Tuesday.

W. C. Andrews, representing Wright, Barrett & Stilwell, of St. Paul, was in the city on Monday.

The Ladies' Relief Corps held a session at their hall in Odd Fellows' Block on Monday evening.

See the new ad of Larsen, Carpenter & Co. and give the boys a call when you want a square deal.

Alderman A. C. Schmidt was celebrating the arrival of a fine girl baby at his home on Saturday last.

Meetings are being held every night this week at the Presbyterian church and much interest manifested.

W. E. McKenzie, of The Times, went to St. Paul on Monday evening to attend the Democratic love-feast.

Ed. Bivens has been confined to his room with rheumatism for some days. Has had a pretty hard time of it.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 69 cents for 1 Hard. A gain of one cent on Friday's closing price.

S. L. Dobson returned last week from a trip below, enjoying the sights and scenes of Minneapolis by gaslight.

Miss Mabel Duntley returned from Euclid on Monday evening. She reports the sick ones at Mr. Davis' doing nicely.

Anton R. Erickson has been appointed special administrator of the estate of John L. Hanson, who died a few weeks since.

Mr. and Mrs. James McAnulty, of Dugdale, spent the Sabbath in the city with their children who are here attending school.

Go to Geo. Vine's meat market in Robert street for choice cuts. Geo. had one himself a week or so since but he don't sell that kind.

F. L. Hampson, formerly editor of the Norman County Herald, favored THE JOURNAL with a pleasant call on Friday of last week.

A consignment of exhibits for the Exposition—the first received from a foreign country—arrived at Chicago Jan. 26, from Japan.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Copeland, after a pleasant visit with friends and relatives in this city returned to their home in St. Paul on Thursday.

Crookston Alliance held a regular meeting on Saturday last. But few were in attendance so no business of importance was undertaken.

Bert Duntley expects his brother from Michigan about March 1st. The young man, if he likes the country, will become a resident of Polk County.

It is announced that the imperial band of Emperor William of Germany will attend the Exposition, having already obtained permission to do so.

Mrs. I. U. Jennings and Mrs. J. V. E. Wyatt left for Minneapolis on Monday evening to attend the annual meeting of the Ladies Relief Corps in that city.

The prospects are that more building than ever before will be done in this city next season, and all of a permanent [illegible]

Supt. V. D. Carruth and assistant Supt. Dickenson have been busy visiting schools. Last week they visited the schools on the east side.

Iver M. Johnson writes us to ask if the $3.00 sent us last month was received. It was received on Jan. 13th and our printed form of receipt sent in paper.

John Lester was on the sick list last week but is now all O. K. again. John says he was "clean out of his mind all day Sunday but has got it all back again."

Walter Lee brought up a span of fine steppers when he returned from Minneapolis last week. Also a new safe for the mill wherein he can deposit stake money.

Comrade Geo. Holt went down to Minneapolis on Tuesday evening to be present at the annual State encampment, to represent Col. Cobham Post therein.

Parties living along the railroad, however remote, need not hesitate about subscribing to our hail fund as arrangements for shipment are now being made.

Alderman & Sylvester have done so much business in the hardware line this winter that they have worn their floor all out and were obliged to lay new flooring this week.

The last issue of the Warren Register mentions the serious illness of T. R. Davis, an old-time resident of Warren, and this week the news that he is dead reaches THE JOURNAL.

Wheeler loans money on farm security. He is too busy to write up an ad for this issue, but if you will call he will not be too busy to tell you what he can do for you in that line.

Dept.-Sheriff M. Losey went out east after Paul Matthey, accused of selling mortgaged property. Matthey secured the services of Martin O'Brien to defend and his case was set for Wednesday afternoon.

C. L. Hanson was up from Valley on Tuesday. Mr. H. says farmers in his neighborhood have their threshing all done—got their plowing done last fall and are now ready for spring's work as soon as it comes.

Mrs. Rose has rented the whole of the third story of the Reckett Block, a portion of which she will use as a restaurant and the balance for sleeping rooms. She has gone to St. Paul to purchase furniture.

Mrs Bert Duntly went up to Euclid on Tuesday morning to see how the sick ones are getting along. Her father, Mr. M. Davis, has been very sick and the others more or less so, but they are reported very much better.

E. M. Walsh reports two important real estate deals this week. The Barnes property on Broadway to A. Chabot, and his lot on the corner of Broadway and Fletcher to Martin Finseth who will build a business block thereon.

Last week W. A. Marin advertised a lost horse in these columns and on Tuesday he came up after his horse, having found him by means of his ad in THE JOURNAL. He says it always pays him to advertise in THE JOURNAL.

C. C. Bartlett, formerly editor of the Fertile Journal, was in the city on Monday. Mr. B. is looking for a job in Polk County again. Having been away for two or three years he finds that there is no place like the Red River Valley.

It has been decided by the powers that be to hold the annual district encampment of the G. A. R., which was voted to this city at Moorhead last June, on July 4th, 5th and 6th next. Crookston will do herself proud on that occasion.

Very interesting revival services are in session at the Presbyterian church this week. They are union evening meetings by the Congregational and Presbyterian churches, Rev. Messrs. R. H. Battey and O. H. Elmer preaching alternate evenings.

Policeman Ellingbo was kept busy on Tuesday night taking care of the exuberant spirits that did much abound. Ellingbo comes as near being a whole police force as one man can. When he sees a noisy crowd, faith he surrounds them and runs 'em in.

The Scandia American bank folks have been re-arranging the interior of the bank with a view to the better accommodation of their growing business. They have not lost sight of artistic points in the deal and neatness and beauty still reign supreme.

C. P. Swanson was down from Bray on Friday of last week. He has purchased a horse-power and will put in the balance of the winter threshing, or so much of it as is necessary to complete what remains to thresh, which he estimates at one-fourth of the full amount raised.

Commissioner L. P. Hunt will be in the city next week to see about raising our proportion of the World's Fair fund. It shouldn't be a hard matter to do, as every other place where the call has been made has responded promptly and Crookston should not be behind in the good work.

Next Sunday, Feb. 21st, at the Congregational church, Mr. Battey will preach at 11 a.m., subject: "What is it, Lord!" Sabbath School after the sermon. Union services in the evening, Rev. O. H. Elmer preaching the sermon at 7:30. All kindly invited to attend church here next Sabbath. Come early and join heartily with us in the [illegible]

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

To all of those who so promptly responded to our last week's statements with the cash we return our warmest thanks, as well as for the kind words spoken. If the responses continue so favorable we shall accomplish our desires without being obliged to make trouble nor expense for any. We certainly do not WISH to do that.

E. M. Walsh is preparing for a lively real estate business this coming season. If you would see the list of names he has you would think he intended to sell a farm to every man in the United States and Canada. He went down to Minneapolis to talk city lots with some monied men there and has several important deals under consideration.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

A SERIAL.

Webster says a serial is a publication appearing in a series or succession of parts. We think we will call this a serial. It may be of interest. It ought to be of profit.

DRESS GOODS.

Ginghams—Fifty pieces of Anderson's great productions, you know they have no equal, and to say that "we are stuck up" about the selection is just about the truth. Toille du Nord Ginghams, beautiful patterns,

12½ Cents.

WOOL SUITINGS.

In advanced spring styles, are already shown in considerable variety. The south window is full of them and only

25c yd. Well worth 35c.

DRAPERIES.

A few Chenille Portiers, 3½ yds. fringe top and bottom, but slightly soiled from exposure, at

$4.90 pair. Were $8 and $8.50.

WINDOW SHADES.

50 doz. genuine opaqe (not paper) shades, 6 feet long, 36 inches wide and mounted on Minette shade rollers, at

35c complete.

REMNANTS.

(Like broken candy in a jar) fill the counters. Can't help it, we give people what they want, nd someone will take the remants if they are cheap enough. Now is your time.

SHEETINGS.

10-4 bleached at	29c
9-4 " "	27c
8-4 " "	22c
10-4 unbleached "	25c
9-4 " "	22c
8-4 " "	20c
46 in. pillow casing	12½c

EMBROIDERIES.

We will now ask your attention to the

—EMBROIDERIES—

as you might be asked to partake of some choice bit of confection after a hearty meal, just to have a nice taste in your mouth, don't you see? Everybody says they are so dainty and beautiful. We knew it all the time.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM.

The Best is Always the Cheapest

THE DOWAGIAC

SHOE DRILL,

With the Direct Spring Pressure and Solid Bottom Shoe is copied by many but eqalled by none. It runs lighter and lasts longer than any Drill on earth. We have also the

RUSHFORD WAGON

"Good lumber and bone dry," Columbus and Racine Buggies, Grand Detour and Scandia Plows, Boss Harrows, Minneapolis Binders, Walter A. Wood Mowers, Advance Threshers and Engines, Hay Rakes, Garden Tools, Road Wagons, Carts and a

FULL LINE OF REPAIRS.

Give Us A Call and Let Us Make Your Acquaintance.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co.,

T. H. Bjoin's Old Stand, Opera Block. CROOKSTON.

A. R. Holston:—You may say to your readers that I have so many cases on hand just now that I shall be unable to attend the St. Louis convention and I am looking for a good substitute to send in my place. I must attend to the business whereunto I was elected if I have to neglect every convention what there is.

Writing in response to our statement of last week a McIntosh friend says: "I regret not having remitted for THE JOURNAL which is an ever welcome visitor to our household. I think you have more patience than many ordinary mortals." Thanks, friends. Like all ordinary mortals we like to be appreciated.

Last Friday evening the Epworth League of the M. E. church gave a social in the church parlors. A large number were present and and enjoyed a fine program. Especial mention should be made of the recitation of Miss Hill, who delighted the audience, and all wished for another opportunity to hear her.

Our list for hail sufferers grows slowly but the prospects are more encouraging as we know of several who will chip in later. Meanwhile any who feel like helping out a goood cause can drop us a postal card stating the amount they are willing to contribute and their name will be added to our list. Let the good work go on.

OATS WANTED.

S. L. Dobson wants to secure all the oats in Polk County that are suitable for [illegible]

Hugh Thompson:—How does your hail list prosper? I had made up my mind to give 40 bushels of wheat to the Russian sufferers but I believe THE JOURNAL is right on that question that charity should begin at home and so what I do this year will be done for our own citizens. You may put me down for 25 bushels of wheat as a starter and if you need it later I will raise my ante. We certainly should encourage all who have the ambition to go ahead and raise grain.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00
B. C. Jorgenson	10.00
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.
Lewis Ellington	$5.00.
E. Lanctot, 10 bu. oats,	10 bu. barley.
Thomas Wallace,	20 bu. barley
Goodwin Leppert(Wylia)	10 bu. oats.
Hayes Bros	20 bu. wheat.
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. barley.
Ben Geroux	3 " "
K. Hanson	4 " "
Ole Olson	2 " wheat.
E. W. Johnson	50 cents.
Will Himmelsback	10 bu. barley.
S. B. Palmer (Lockhart)	10 bu. potatoes.
Hugh Thompson	25 bu. seed wheat.
E. M. Walsh	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for market garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000.

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings. 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school. A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, [illegible] Blacksmith tools and all farm implements. [illegible] cash, balance long time at 7 per cent.

Mrs. C. Snyder received a telegram on Monday announcing the serious illness of her father, and together with her husband left for the old home on Monday evening.

An auroral display was witnessed last Saturday night that has seldom if ever been excelled. At about 6 p. m. a broad crimson belt spanned the heavens from the northwest to the southeast forming a bow of beauty indescribable. We notice by the papers that the same phenomenon was witnessed in many states, more or less vividly. It was a sight long to be remembered.

A weary individual sought shelter in a storm porch on Tuesday night about 10:15, where he lay sweetly sleeping until policeman Ellingbo could be hunted up when he was given more comfortable quarters. It took about one hour and fifteen minutes to find a policeman, as Robinson was sick and Ellingbo was busy on another case. He rounded 'em both up.

A man named O'Brien was brought down from Fosston on Monday evening under arrest, charged with having set fire to a bed upon which he was sleeping. The Fosston tangle-foot must be red-hot for not long since we read of an Indian who loaded up with it and was burned up before he could be rescued and now comes this case where a man's breath sets the bedding on fire.

Judge Benson went down to Fergus Falls last week and brought back O. A. Larson who was committed to the insane asylum last May. He says the hospital is the best conducted of any in the State, and the patients are in excellent hands. They seem to regard the Superintendent, Dr. Bartlett, very highly. A large addition is nearly completed, and when ready, about 200 patients from St. Paul will be received.

Read the manly letter of President Mitchell, on our last page. Mr. Mitchell makes some very wise and timely suggestions in connection with the efforts being put forth to secure seed and feed for those who lost their crops last season by hail. If every sub-alliance should act upon this suggestion the work would be light and the amount donated by each need not be very large. Here is an opportunity for practical work. Shall it be improved?

Cleveland's Minstrels drew a big house on Friday evening and gave a fine entertainment, but had to cut down their program fearfully to allow them to leave on the N. P. train at 10:15. The management should not contract with any show that has to leave that soon as their patrons pay for the whole program and are entitled to it—good or bad—entire and the result will be that people will not go for fear they will not get what they pay for. We have mentioned this before.

Not long since THE JOURNAL published a circular letter from parties in New York offering to sell counterfeit money and elsewhere in this issue we re-produce an account of how they came out, taken from the Minneapolis Evening Journal. People are not giving away fortunes in this day and age of the world and whoever is fooled by these captivating circulars is not wise. If these chaps had the kind of money they claim to have they could dispose of it to better advantage than by selling it at such discounts.

The ladies of the Relief Corps are making preparations to give a grand ball on the evening of Feb. 25th, at McKinnon's Hall. It is known that next year the annual G. A. R. Encampment will be held in this city and the object of this ball is to provide funds for that affair and every citizen of Crookston, who takes a pride in his city, should help on the good cause by buying at least one ticket. Every other place where the Encampment has been held has done itself proud and Crookston must not be behind.

One of our city papers not long since repeated the rumor that Will Kops had gone insane over business matters. Elsewhere we give space to a letter letter from C. DeBruyn Kops, Will's father, which shows how much truth there is in the rumor. It is singular how such reports obtain. We clip the following from the Hot Springs Graphic. We also note in the list of arrivals at the ten hotels that the list of arrivals at the Hotel Pullman leads the list in number. There don't seem to be anything very "crazy" about this showing:

"The Hotel Pullman is doing a business that is a very flattering tribute to the enterprise and growing popularity of its manager, Mr. W. C. Kops. For the past month its accommodations have been taxed and the prospects bid fair to a continuation of its present era of prosperity."

Ship your wheat to O. Thoraldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

Taken Up.

Came to my place on Feb. 3d, one light sorrel horse with white face and three white feet. Owner can recover by proving property [illegible]

FRAUD RUN DOWN

"Green Goods" Operators Caught at Their Own Game.

A MINNESOTAN'S DETECTIVE WORK

HE ANSWERS THEIR SUMMONS TO MEET THEM IN NEWBURY, N. Y.

ACCOMPANIED BY A PINKERTON.

THE SWINDLERS ARRESTED AND SENT TO JAIL—THEIR PURPOSE EVIDENTLY WAS ONE OF ROBBERY.

Minneapolis Journal.

BRCINARD, Feb. 13.—The country in the northern part of the state, and especially in this locality, is being flooded with circulars from "green goods" men, nearly every man in this city having received one during the past four weeks, These circulars purport to be of a strictly confidential character and lead the recipient to believe that he has been singled out by the writer through some mutual friend as the person to handle counterfeit money.

Edward Mahan, a gentleman who formerly resided in Brainard, but who is now located at Little Falls, received one of these circulars and a short time ago concluded to answer it out of curiosity. Accordingly he telegraphed in Cipher to J. S. Stone, 178 E. 120ts st, New York, as directed, and as soon as the mail could bring it came the answer enclosing a $5. $2 and $1 bill. The instructions told Mr. Mahan to come on immediately and he would be met at Newburgh, N. Y., where the business would be transacted in a certain room at a hotel named in the letter. Mahan was to telegraph to the New York address again as soon as he reached Buffalo, and when he reached Newburgh he was to know the man by his hat and a telegram which he was to have in his hand with large characters thereon written in green ink.

After getting this letter, his curiosity was greatly aroused, and he thought that he might be able to run these thieves down for the public benefit. He took the $5 bill to a national bank, and with his day's deposit he shoved it under the window, but the cashier did not detect anything wrong with it, and Mr. Mahan called his attention to it, saying he was a little suspicious of the bill, but it was thoroughly examined and the bank expert pronounced it genuine. However, he did not leave it. That night he telegraphed the Pinkerton detective agency at Chicago the facts, and received word back to come on there immediately, which he did the next day.

Stopping only between trains in Chicago, where he was joined by a detective, the two journeyed east. At Buffalo, Mr. Mahan followed the instructions and telegraphed ahead that he was coming, and the detective disguised himself, it being understood that they should keep apart from that time until the final windup came. At Newburgh, he got off the train and walked along the platform, when he was suddenly jostled and, looking around he saw a man who said, "Excuse me, I thought I knew you," and in his hand was this telegram with the "green ink" characters, by which he was to be recognized. The two walked along and entered the hotel together and the fellow said to him: "I'm sorry, but the old man couldn't get away and you will have to go down to New York and see him, if you have the money and are prepared to do business." They ate breakfast and the capper paid for it and also for tickets to New York, to which place they journeyed together, but without speaking, the instructions being for Mahan to keep 100 feet behind on their way from the car to the "business" place. In the meantime the detective was keeping a reasonable distance behind the two.

The capper wound around among the buildings in the vicinity of the river and finally started down a narrow alley, and here the detective hailed two policemen, who were given the tip. Mahan followed his man down the alley and when he saw him walk up a plank and unlock the door of a warehouse, which rested on piling over the river, his heart almost failed him, but as he saw the detective in the vicinity he went in and the door was shut behind him, and he found himself in a large unlighted room. His situation was not an enviable one, but with a gun in each coat pocket he thought he would be able to hold his own for a short time.

Just as the capper called to his confederate in another room, the policemen broke open the front door and the two men tried to escape, but were captured. There was nothing in the building that indicated a "green goods" establishment, neither of the men having any money on their persons, nor could any trace of such a thing as a counterfeit bill be found. Each of the men had a good-sized slugshot, which was the only weapon they possessed. The men were tried and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary on the charge of using the mail for swindling.

Mr. Mahan fully thinks that their game was to get him into the building and there he was to be knocked down and robbed, as he had telegraphed them he had $500 to invest, and he feels a certain degree of satisfaction to think he got out of it as lucky as he did, and also that he didn't undertake to run the "green goods" men to earth alone.

(Communicated.)

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Feb. 11th, 1892.

ED. CROOKSTON JOURNAL.—

DEAR SIR:—An anonymous report has been circulated in your city concerning my son "Will." The report states him to be insane in Cincinnati, owing to business troubles. The fact is Mrs. Kops, with our youngest boy Frankie and myself, have been his guests, for the past eight weeks in Hot Springs, at the popular Hotel Pullman, of which he is the successful manager. This hotel, although not the largest, is certainly one of the best conducted in the city and commands the most desirable patronage. It is the most centrally located of any and does the "commercial business" when the big resorts close for the season. No one here but has a good word for the Pullman and its popular manager. Among our fellow guests while here we had the pleasure to number several from the Northwest: P. B. Baker, Barnesville, conductor on the N. P.; Chas. Leonard, Grand Forks, traveller for a Minneapolis grocery house; Mr. Egge, Minneapolis, ex-sheriff of Hennepin Co.; also a Mr. Woodruff, St. Paul, connected with a silk house. The hotel accommodates 150 guests. We are now on the point of returning home and report a very pleasant sojourn here. The weather has been delightful, with indications of a change at present. Kindly refute the unfortunate report which has gained publicity in Crookston, and call attention to the fact that the "paper" in which it first appeared could easily have ascertained whether the report were true or false by writing to us at Grand Forks and thereby could and should have avoided causing us this annoyance.

Very respectfully yours,
C. DE BRUYN KOPS.

A Novel Proposition.

The Pioneer Press Co. of St. Paul, Minn., makes some remarkable offers in connection with its weekly edition. Election time is approaching as well as seed time. Of course every household desires the Weekly Pioneer Press during the campaign, and the publishers propose to reciprocate by giving their subscribers a benefit in the seed line. Following are their offers of northern grown, tested seeds furnished by L. L. May & Co., the leading northern growers:

Offer No. 1.—"Ladies' Collection."—Everyone sending $1.10 will receive the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and a collection of flower seeds, amounting at catalogue prices to $1.10. Included in this offer are Pansy, Nasturtium, Sweet Pea, Poppy, Mignonette, Petunia, Phlox, Forget-Me-Not, Snap Dragon, Candytuft, Siline, mixed, etc. 13 packets in all.

Offer No. 2—"Vegetable Garden"—Everyone sending $1.20 will receive the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and 20 packets of garden seeds, prepaid. Every gardener needs this package. Onion, Cabbage, Beet, Lettuce, Tomato, Radish, Corn, Parsnip, Pea, Cucumber, Turnip, Pepper, Water and Musk Melon, Celery, Carrot, Cauliflower, Endive, Spinach and Leek seeds are included. The seeds alone cost $1.40 at regular prices.

Offer No. 3—"Novelty Package"—This package includes the seasons' novelties in both vegetable and flower seeds, and are offered for the first time now. The package and Weekly Pioneer Press one year for $1.30. All postpaid. The catalogue price of these seeds is $1.95. We have taken special pride in the makeup of this offer and recommend it highly. The flower seeds included are Phlox, Pansy, Carysanthemum, Balsam, Aster, Nasturtium, and Pianthus. The vegetables, Onion, Bean, Lettuce, Water Melon, Cabbage, Beet, Radish and Parsnip. All new varieties.

Offer No. 4—"Surprise Box"—For $1.10 we will send the Weekly Pioneer Press one year and this assortment, the seeds alone costing $1.15. This is destined to become a favorite offer. Included are Cucumber, Beet, Onion, Pea, Tomate, Cabbage, Lettuce, Pansy, Sweet Pea, Nasturtium, Morning Glory, Verbena and Aster.

All charges are prepaid and seeds ordered will be sent promptly. Old and New subscribers are included in the offer.

If you don't want seeds send postal for new book and picture premiums. Address all communications to

THE PIONEER PRESS CO.,
St. Paul, Minn.

The thing to do, if you want a good all round magazine, is to subscribe for Peterson. It will only need a glance through the March number to convince every woman of this. Peterson is the newest old magazine extant, and is nowaday one of the handsomest as well as one of the very best. "Posed For Her Picture," is the portrait of a child so lovely that she will win every heart. "A Windy Day," is a striking contrast in subject though equally attractive in its way. The celebrated French astronomer Camille Flammaron, contributes a brilliant paper called "News From Other Worlds." "Something About Aprons," is a useful and entertaining article. There are two excellent serials and "A Chapter on Clocks," is a charming paper and the illustrations of quaint time pieces most interesting. Fashion and Household departments are alike full and complete. Terms two dollars a year. Address Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

In sending out our statements last week it seems that we sent to one or two who had written us in November. We thought we had kept perfect tab on all from whom we had previously had a satisfactory understanding, but it yet seems to be true that mistakes will happen in the best regulated families. We trust our friends will overlook our zeal in view of what we desire to accomplish. Our statements last week were designed to remind some of a fact that they seem to have quite overlooked and also for the purpose of becoming better acquainted with a few whose subscriptions have become moss-covered worse nor the old oaken bucket you read about that hung so well, (we'll wager it "hung" no better nor longer than some we wot of,) and we want to say right here that we propose to get better acquainted with some of them, in a quiet, friendly way, if they will allow it or by requiring them to meet us in some office in Crookston hereafter to be designated, if we must, for we are DETERMINED to place our business in somewhat more satisfactory shape and we are determined to get a new press and power to run it,

AND PAY CASH FOR IT,

if it is in the power of man to do it, and we want to do it peaceably and in a friendly way if we can possibly, but WE PROPOSE TO DO IT or know why we cannot. We have an idea that there is enough due us from parties whom we imagine could just as well pay as not if they chose to accomplish our desires, and all we propose to do is to try and find out how near right we are in that.

Money, Not Food.

IS WHAT SUFFERING RUSSIA WANTS, ACCORDING TO A CONSUL.

ST. CLOUD, Feb. 28.—Geo. A. Freudenrich, the Swiss consul at Odessa, Russia, under date of Jan. 4, replies thus to the inquiries of his wife, who is here, concerning the famine in that country: "Yours of Dec. 29 came duly to hand a couple of days ago. As far as the starving Russians in the northern provinces are concerned, they are starving merely for the want of proper organization on the part of the authorities. Plenty of grain was raised in the south of Russia to feed the whole country, and if they had provided cars in time things would have been different. All along the northern Caucasius thousands of bushels of wheat are rotting (or were a few weeks ago) in sacks, waiting for transportation, while in the north hundreds of cars were sidetracked doing nothing. Such is Russia and ever has been. I say, on the contrary, don't send any provisions, but send money, and that to the committee of which the hereditary prince imperial, Nicholas, oldest son of the czar, is the head. Provisions will not be taken care of, and will be wasted after reaching Russia. There is plenty of wheat in the country to keep all the mills going if the wheat was only properly distributed around to the places where it is needed."

SONS OF VETS, TO ARMS!

The time for the Annual Encampment draws on apace; the young ladies of the Relief Corps are organizing a drum corps for the event and what are you doing for the cause? Wake up! Fall in! Re-organize your camp and get ready to join the big procession. Since the camp was first organized many, who were then "kids" are now on deck ready to join. Hi, there, Capt. Glenn, Lieut. Mason, Lieut. Mix, get a move on you or the drum corps will be ready to drum you out of camp first you know. Seriously now, the boys should catch on again and organize another camp. We believe there is plenty of material to be had for a good strong one. What do you say, boys?

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston, Minn., Post Office, for the week ending Feb. 13, 1892:

Desuran, John Bennett, Lary Larson, L. J.

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, Postmaster.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Feb. 15th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on May 10th, 1892, viz: TOM SANDEM, Hd. 13411, for the sw¼ Sec. 26, Tp. 147, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Gustav Christianson, Gitle Stromstad, Olaus Anderson, Bernt Bentson, all of Edna P.O., Polk Co., Minn.

[44-49] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONNY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, [illegible] Minn.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashi

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, F. D. Child,
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. H. Northrop, A. A. Miller,
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby,
Chas. E. Sawyer.

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls

—o—AT—o—

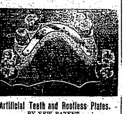
Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK
—IS—
ON DISPLAY
THE FAIR
DEPARTMENT STORE,
Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted If Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on [illegible] you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS.
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Work Horses -
- - & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN,

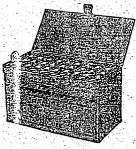
The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later, if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than and dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,
Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,
CROOKSTON, MINN
Opera House Block,

DO NOT FORGET THE
60--DAYS--60

IT WILL INTEREST YOU
—IF YOU WISH—
To Save Money.

MARKED
DOWN
Red Figure
SALE

OF CLOTHING
And Gents' Furnishing Goods,
AT THE BOSTON
ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE.

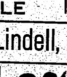
Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-t-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
J. RALEYBUEHLR, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts.
CROOKSTON, MINN



STUDY LAW
AT HOME.

Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to
J. COTNER, Jr., Sec.,
No. 80 Whitney Block
DETROIT, MICH.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn.

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED.

If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

THE
Great Transcontinental Route

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

The Dining Car Line

Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ROUTE.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Minneso.., North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily Express Trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE.

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables, or special information, apply to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific R. R.,
Crookston, Minn.

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot it a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit he fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerchaum.

CALL IN.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

See the old reliable dealer, M. R. Brown, if you want to buy a team this spring.

Try M. R. Brown for a goood team of working horses or mares.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

J. V. E. WYATT
Undertaker,
BROADWAY,
Crookston, - - Minn.

Carries a full supply at all times. Always ready to attend to calls and take full charge if necessary.

—o-o-O-o-o—

Can supply anything in the line of

FURNITURE,

PICTURE FRAMES,
MOULDINGS, Etc., Etc.

Give Me a Call.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, February 18, 1892.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de........Grand Forks........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar............Helena............de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m..............................Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m..............................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m..............................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

(Communicated.)

EDITOR JOURNAL.—I have noticed for some time past that you have been trying to enlist the sympathies of the citizens of Polk County in a substantial manner to aid our unfortunate fellow farmers who have suffered the the loss of their entire crop by hail, or so nearly an entire loss as to prevent them from cultivating their farms the coming season without aid; and that you suggested that the Alliance take the matter up. While I fully recognize the propriety and justness of that suggestion, I have no authority to request the Alliance to take any action. But, in the interest of those who have suffered the loss of their crops by hail and will be unable the coming season to work their farms unless they receive aid, and believing that our unfortunate fellow-citizens should first receive our sympathies and aid before extending them elsewhere, I would therefore recommend that each sub-Alliance in the county appoint a committee to solicit and receive, not only from the members of the Alliance but from all citizens in their respective localities, contributions of seed, feed or money to help those that otherwise would suffer severely or entirely lose their homes. it would require but little from each one to enable the unfortunates to once more having bright prospects of retaining their homes, which are so dear to all.

H. G. MITCHELL,
Pres. Polk Co. Alliance.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

HUBBARD, Feb. 13, 1892.

One of the pleasantest surprise parties of the season was the one that met Elling Ellingson and wife on their return from Albert Lea. We voice the sentiment of this community when we say, welcome home again.

L. S. Kolden has sold his building, stock of general merchandise and good will to Kolden & Onstad, of Crookston. We regret Mr. Kolden's departure and wish him success in whatever he may undertake.

Ole G. Fossos, one of our most successful farmers, is spending the week at the county seat.

J. O. Sundet, of Crookston, is in this neighborhood selling gravestones.

John Swanson and Ole Benson, from the southern part of the state, are visiting their old friend, John J. Ellingson.

E. W. Johnson, of Edna, was calling on friends here last week. Come again, Ed.

The farmers of this township and the business men of Crookston would be greatly benefited by a graded road from here to the county seat.

A few wise young men and women are taking advantage of the winter term of school in district 5.

Barney and Fly receive all of Pete's affection now while his sweetheart is away.

NEILSVILLE.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts.

[38-tf]

An Old City.

Old cities are not common in the West. In the eastern states of the Union are places which boast quite a respectable antiquity for the New World, but outside of the original thirteen colonies, most cities have been founded within the last half century. A notable exception among the larger western cities is St. Louis. The first recorded settlement, in the way of laying out a town, was by Pierre Laclede Liguest, a Frenchman, in February, 1764. At the time he supposed he was taking possession of the site in the interest of his native country. It was not until some months afterwards that he learned of the Treaty of Paris, in the previous year, by which the territory west of the Mississippi was ceded to Spain. In 1800 it became French again, until the financial necessities of Napoleon compelled him to sell it to the United States for $12,000,000, a purchase for which Thomas Jefferson was roundly abused at the time. Now St. Louis is one of the most beautiful, prosperous and stately cities in the Union. To reach it, for business or pleasure, The Burlington, with its line skirting the Mississippi, is the only route worth considering. For rates, tickets, maps and time tables, apply to your home ticket agent, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

THE MERCANTILE AGENCY.

There are few persons but are effected directly or indirectly by the mercantile or commercial agency. It may be said to wield a powerful influence in enlarging or restraining the business of the country, in the making and unmaking of credit upon which business largely rests. Its influence, extent and power have become so great that few people can act independent of it without more or less serious results. It has become so powerful and so useful a part of modern business life that a statement of the law regarding it and its relations to the general public may be interesting and profitable. And first a few words with respect to the history of the American system of mercantile agencies. It originated, says Errant, with a commercial traveller by the name of Church, who at first kept notes of information acquired on business trips which he permitted others to use, but eventually devoted himself to this work alone in the employ of certain New York houses. His success suggested to Louis Tappan the idea of establishing the first mercantile agency at Few York in 1841, which was shortly followed by Woodward & Dusenberry's Commercial Agency. Tappan's venture finally developed into the R. G. Dun & Co. agency. The "improved mercantile agency," organized a few years later than Tappan's, by J. M. Bradstreet, was finally incorporated as "The Bradstreet Company," and was the first concern to publish a book of rating. Special agencies, confining their reports to particular lines of business, have become numerous. In England such establishments are known as trade protection societies.

The business of a mercantile agency consists in collecting and furnishing to subscribers information relating to the credit, character, responsibility and reputation of merchants, and so extensive has become the system that no one, no matter how mean and humble is his little shop, but has his "size" taken, his business photograph struck off and kept for display in the agency books. Many questions of law have arisen of public interest respecting the rights and duties of the agency and how far it may go in thus entering upon a man's premises and taking notes with which to make up his credit proportions. We shall in future papers treat first of agency reports as "privileged communications;" second, as to contracts which limit the agency's liability for negligence; third, as to the liability of one who informs the agency, that is where one makes false representations of his solvency or where the representations are made by third parties.

(To be continued.)

WANTED!

Two or three men to work for me in Polk County. $4 to $12 per day, sure. If you are idle or working for small money now is the time, Any one can do the work and make big wages. Particulars free. Address,

W. ALBERT LANGTOT,
[41-48] Crookston, Minn.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Sale Under Decree.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Kari Sletten, Plaintiff, vs. Carl Ulsteen and Julie Ulsteen, Defendants.

In pursuance to a judgment and decree of the Court in the above entitled action, dated February 1st 1892, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me with instructions to enforce the same. I, the undersigned sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the District Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, on Friday, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the real estate and premises described in said judgment and decree, to wit: The south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and fifty three (153), range forty-three (43) in the County of Polk, Minnesota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 5th, 1892.

ARNT GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

H. STEENERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Crookston, Minn. [42-48]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-two and 49-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Boulle and Melvina Boulle, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of August, 1890, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 52 of mortgages on page 323.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and ninety-six and 4-100 dollars (494.01), with interest on four hundred and eighty-one (481) dollars thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the northwest quarter (s½ nw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), all in Section two (2), of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred ninety-six and 4-100 dollars ($496.04) and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-three and 25-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Napoleon Gonyea, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of November, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 54 of mortgages, on page 345.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars ($650.83) with interest on six hundred and forty-two (642) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ se¼) of section thirty (30), of Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 7th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 18th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain indenture of mortgage, executed and delivered by Ida D. Van Tuyl and John E. Van Tuyl, her husband, mortgagors, to "Union Central Life Insurance Company," mortgagee, bearing date the 22d day of November, 1889, with a power of sale therein contained, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, in book 51 of mortgages, on page 265, and whereas said mortgage was given to secure the payment of the sum of six hundred dollars and interest thereon from its said date at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, due and payable on the first day of January in each year. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable January 1st, 1891, and default having also been made in the payment of the sum of forty-eight dollars interest due and payable on January 1st, 1892, and both of said defaults still continue, and no part of said principal has ever been paid. And whereas the conditions of said mortgage are such that if default be made in the payment of the principal sum secured by said mortgage or interest thereon when the same becomes due, then the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage shall thereupon become due and payable at once.

And whereas both by the terms of said mortgage and the election of said mortgagee hereby made the whole amount secured by said mortgage both principal and interest accrued to this date is now due and payable.

And the amount now claimed to be due and which is due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage, including interest in accordance with the terms of said mortgage is the sum of six hundred and ninety-nine and 93-100 dollars. And no action or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained which by reason of the defaults aforesaid has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: The west half of the south-east quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter, both of the above described tracts being in Section ten (10), Township one hundred and forty nine (149), Range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, and containing 160 acres of land, together with all the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Said sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on Tuesday, the 23d day of February, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy and pay the amount which will then be due upon said mortgage according to the terms thereof, and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees as provided by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 4th, 1892.

Union Central Life Insurance Company,
Mortgagee.

Chas. P. Barker,
Attorney for said Mortgagee,
518 Guaranty Loan Building,
[38-44] Minneapolis, Minn.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication, January 21st, 1892.]
[Last publication, March 3rd, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and thirty and 16-100 dollars, interest which is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paridis and Elmira Paridis, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of November, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 52.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 Dollars, with interest on nine hundred and twelve (912) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-four (34) Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF MARCH, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [40-46]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Thursday, Jan. 14th 1892.]
[Last publication Thursday, Feb. 25th 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and fifty and seventy one hundredths Dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Thomas Plante and Mary Plante his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of June, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages on page 470.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of the said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars ($956.14), with interest on nine hundred and forty (940) dollars, thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage; and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the south-east quarter (n½ se¼) and the north half of the south-west quarter (n½ sw¼) of section thirty four (34) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of Seventy-one and seventy eight one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Luc Jenot and Elenore Jenot, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the seventh day of December, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 57.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Ten Hundred and seventy-eight and fifty-eight dollars, ($1078.58), with interest on Ten Hundred and Seventy ($1070) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south-east (se) quarter of section nineteen (19) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, of Ten Hundred and Seventy eight and fifty eight one hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
Farmers custom specially invited.
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D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
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Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., February 3rd, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 11th, 1892, viz: ALFRED SAVARY, Hd. 14,083, for the n½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 4 Sec. 27, Tp. 150, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jacob K. Barb, Frank Robert, Edmund M. Walsh, Christopher Hanson, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minn.

[42-47] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 18, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on February 29th, 1892, viz: Tosten L. Oleson, Hd. No. 12,250, for the S W¼ Sec. 14: Twp. 147, Range 48. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Knut S. Akre, John J. Ellingson, Halvor Ellingson, Edevart T. Ramse, all of Neilsville, Minn.

[40-45] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Mortgage Foreclosuse Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Jan. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and eighty-five one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin Thompson and Ann G. Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 242.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and ninety-two and eighty-one one hundredths dollars, ($692.81), with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of section twenty (20) of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and 85-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peder H. Mesedalen and Karl Mesedalen, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 246.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred ninety-two and 81-100 dollars ($692.81) with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼) of Section seventeen (17), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

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Veterinary Surgeon.
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The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, FEBRUARY 25, 1892. NO. 45

Polk County Journal.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES

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ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	15 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
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4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Grand Forks Herald: The schism in the alliance camp over the binding twine trust seems to widen. Jerry Simpson is after Loucks, Wardell and Crose, of the South Dakota Alliance, in this vigorous fashion:

> The alliance made a narrow escape from getting into the hands of a gigantic trust. In my opinion there were men in the alliance anxious to sell the order for a consideration, and because I ferreted out their scheme and exposed them, they have followed me with deadly enmity ever since. Had this cunningly devised scheme gone through, as some persons conspired that it should, what a spectacle the alliance with its motto, "death to combines," would have presented to the world? The National Union's name is "Dennis" to use a common expression, as far as the alliance is concerned, and no one need vex their souls because they fear that the order has fallen into the hands of knaves and fools.

Jerry doesn't say whether Loucks, Wardell and Crose, who still defend the twine trust, and acknowledge their connection with it, "in a business way," are knaves or fools, but in Jerry's judgment the South Dakota alliance must have fallen into the hands of one or the other of these delectable classes of worthies.

Our Duluth Letter.

From our Special Correspondent.

DULUTH, Feb. 17.—That business has been improving here very much of late is very evident. Merchants all report trade good, all the manufacturing establishments are running on full time with good orders ahead, the wheat trade is larger, and money is easy. Architects report their business excellent and that present conditions indicate a large amount of building during the coming summer.

There was quite a good sale of lots yesterday in the new town of Merritt, which has been started in the midst of the big new mines on the Mesabi range, the Cincinnati, Canton, Biwabic, Kanawha and Hale. The purchases were mostly by parties who will erect business houses there. The growth of iron mining in that locality will demand a large town, and this one seems sure of a great future. It will be to the Mesabi what Tower and Ely are to the Vermilion, Hurley, Bessemer and Ironwood to the Gogebic and Negaunee and Ishpeming to the Marquette range.

The continued bright reports from the new mining country keeps public interest aroused and there is much buying and selling of iron stocks. It was feared at one time that the rich deposits there and the splendid chances for money making might lead to an epidemic of wildcat companies, such as passed over the Gogebic in its early days. This is hardly possible now. People are more conservative than they used to be, and more prone to investigate. It so happens, too, that nearly all of the land in the iron belt is owned by strong men, financially, or by companies, who purchased it for the pine timber, and these parties are very generally refusing to sell or lease to any but good, solid parties, who will not countenance wild booming and speculation.

A party of capitalists from Louisville, Cincinnati, Chattanooga and other places interested in the Cincinnati and Chicago mines, reached here to-day and will go to the Mesabi to-morrow to examine their properties. The work on the former mine shows that it has about 1,000,000 tons of ore in sight, with every prospect of making as rich a mine as now exists anywhere. The Chicago will be developed at once. Its land is about as valuable as there is on the range and it has a large amount of it. Several of the new mines will be ready to ship ore as soon as railroad connection is made.

HAYS.

Queen Margaret, of Italy, has promised to loan her famous collection of rare laces for exhibition at the Fair.

Scientific Miscellany.

EXPERIMENTING WITH COLD.

The laboratory of Prof. Pictet, at Berlin, is designed for the investigation of the effects of cold. The refrigerating machinery, driven by several powerful engines, keeps the objects under observation at any temperature between 20 degrees and 200 degrees below zero as long as may be required. The cooling is effected by the evaporation of liquids, and is divided into three stages, each with its special apparatus. For the first stage is used the mixture of sulphurous carbonic acids known as "Pictets fluid," which is condensed at a pressure of about two atmospheres in a spiral tube cooled by water. Oxide of nitrogen (laughing gas) is the liquid chosen for the second stage. It is condensed at a pressure of 10 or 12 atmospheres in a tube kept at about 80 degrees below zero by the action of the first circuit. For the third stage air is employed, and passes into the liquid state at a pressure of 75 atmospheres when the temperature is kept at 135 degrees below zero by the other circuits. The evaporation of the liquified air gives a cold of about 200 degrees below zero. Absolute zero is placed at 273 degrees below zero C., but Prof. Pictet regards 255 degrees below zero as about the lowest attainable artificial temperature. One of the effects of great cold has been the conversion of quicksilver into beautiful fern-like crystals. Glycerine also has been crystalized; and cognac has been given by freezing the peculiar mellowness commonly attained only by long keeping. The most important result thus far, however, has been the purification of chloroform, the crystals that form in the commercial chloroform at about 86 degrees below zero being almost absolutely pure.

MAGNESIUM LIGHTING.

A new magnesium lamp, devised by M. Dronier, burns without attention for regular periods of 24 hours. A pound of magnesium is consumed in about 100 hours, giving a light equal to that of 130 pounds of candles, 80 pounds of petroleum, or somewhat more than 100 cubic yards of gas. The advantage is offered of freedom from risk of fire. The present running expense of the lamp exceeds 30 cents an hour, but with the anticipated great reduction in the cost of the metal, lighting by magnesium may be made fairly economical.

PROJECTED RAPID TRANSIT.

The schedule time for cars on the proposed electric railway between Vienna and Buda-Pesth is expected to be 75 minutes for the entire distance of 150 miles. As planned, the road will have two main power stations, with 100 sub-stations, but with only three or four stopping. Each car will be about 130 feet long, fitted with four bogie trucks, and an electric motor at each end will receive current through contact wheels running on conducting rails. The ends of the cars, to diminish air resistance, will be shaped like those of a ship.

POWER FOR SMALL BOATS.

The novel feature of a new electric boat, the idea of a French engineer, is a sea-water battery. The zinc and copper plates are under the boat and can be raised or lowered by pulleys, serving as a kind of keel while at the same time driving a propeller by means of a motor.

THE MAGIC OF MODERN SCIENCE.

In a paper on "The Ignis Fatuus of Photography," Mr. A. Adolphe mentions the following as among the specialties which modern men of science are seeking as a means whereby their results may be indirectly turned into gold. 1. The artificial production of the diamond from carbon, which means the crystallization of carbon. 2. A prevention or cure for epilepsy and consumption. 3. The complete combustion of coal, of which but 5 per cent is now available. 4. Photography in natural colors. 5. The direct utilization of solar heat, and the ebb and flood. 6. The production of "attar of roses" from worthless substances. Even the alchemist's original dream of direct and genuine transmutation is being revived, for the indications are increasing that the present elements are not the simple substances they have been supposed, and should gold prove to be a compound its artificial production would be but a question of time.

JAPANESE LACQUERING IN EUROPE.

The juice of the lacquer tree (Rhus vernicifera) is the natural varnish upon which depends the famous lacquer work of the Japanese. Specimens of this tree were brought from Japan 16 years ago and planted in the Botanical Gardens at Frankfort, where they have flourished and have yielded seeds from which thrifty young trees have sprung. This place now has 34 healthy trees 30 feet high. To determine whether the juice is affected by its changed condition, Prof. Rein has sent samples to Japanese artists for trial, and is having comparative analysis made by eminent chemists. If the reports are favorable it is expected that the lacquer tree will be quite extensively planted in Germany, and that Europeans will be instructed in the lacquering of wood by some worker from Japan.

WEIGHT OF LIGHT.

Prof. Oliver J. Lodge calculates that the impact of light-waves from the sun produces a pressure on the moon's surface of about 1,000 tons. In a total eclipse of the moon this force is withdrawn, but since the total attraction of the sun on the moon is to be estimated in millions of tons, this slight apparent diminuation gives no appreciable effect. Upon a very small body, however, the pressure of solar light might be equal to, or even greater than, the attraction of gravitation. Such a body need not be infinitely minute, but of a size comparable with that of a grain of dust. It is conceivable that the dropping off of comets' tails on their approach to the sun is due to this action.

REMAINS OF BIRD GIANTS.

Bones recently found in New Zealand are estimated to represent 500 specimens of the moa. This immense wingless bird, now extinct, seems to have been hunted and eaten by the early inhabitants of New Zealand, and is believed to have stood at least 10 feet high. Madagascar had another giant wingless bird, whose eggs—10 or 12 inches in diameter, three times the size of those of the ostrich—have been discovered.

Immigration.

New York Press.

There are immigrants and immigrants. Sweeping condemnation of those who come to this Republic to better their condition is absurd, and it would be equally as absurd to deny that a proportion of the immigration is undesirable. Emigrants seldom belong to the higher social class in the countries from which they depart. Unless they are assisted paupers they seldom belong to the lowest. It requires something of energy, ambition and aspiration to tear loose from one's native land and seek more favorable circumstances under a foreign sky, and perhaps among people of a different tongue. The worst of the population of any country are more disposed to vegetate than to emigrate. A Scottish poet pictures the Highland lad reclining on his native heath, reflecting on his bleak and hopeless surroundings and exclaiming:

"I'll hie me ower the heaving wave,
And win myself a name,
And in a palace or a grave
Forget my Hieland hame."

That boy had an ambition above his fellows, and he was the type of a valuable immigrant. He might never achieve a palace, but he would be very likely to become an excellent citizen and win a comfortable home. Such immigrants are far more common than is generally supposed. From Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Scandinavia and other countries they come, and have been coming these many years, and they have had no small share in building up the American Rebublic to be the most prosperous nation in the world.

We also receive many of the undesirable kind. As a rule these do not emigrate with any intention of permanent citizenship. They come to make what money they can and then go back to live in the land of their origin.

"Put none but Americans on guard," ordered General Washington, in a time of peculiar peril, "or foreign born soldiers who have families in the country to whom they are known to be attached." This, after all, is the true test for the foreigner who seeks the advantages this Republic affords. Is he prepared to make it his permanent home, to take an interest in its welfare and qualify himself to do his duty as a citizen? In a word, does he wish to become an American in all that the term implies? If so, and he is morally and physically qualified, he ought to be welcome.

Country Newspapers.

The Century.

Although country editors are nearly always poor, there are plenty of persons who believe that half the paragraphs in a country newspaper are paid for with enormous bribes. There are always two sides to every question, and whichever side an editor falls on, the partisans of the other accuse him of being "bought." It is little wonder, therefore, that the editor is seldom a popular man; I never knew one who was, and I never knew one who was not often accused unjustly. Probably the people believe in bribes to editors because it is a very rare editor who does not accuse his opponent of being a bribe-taker, creating a prejudice against themselves and their calling. Lazy and incompetent editors nearly always explain the success of their more vigorous opponents by declaring that they carry on a system of blackmail. I once visited a large city, the newspapers of which I had long admired almost with reverence, and was surprised to hear a citizen say, that what the city really needed was better papers; they would bring "eastern capital." Every citizen of a country town wants his locality "boomed," to the end that he may sell his fifty-dollar lot for five hundred; he can appreciate how a really good paper might aid him in this, and because his lot does not advance in value as he thinks it should, he has a grievance against the editor. He longs for an editor with some "snap" in him. I don't know what "snap" means, but I know this is the quality usually thought to be lacking. There are more great men in every country town than really exist in the entire nation, and if they are not recognized, the local papers are of no account. I was once bothered a good deal by a certain man who said he could clean more chickens in an hour than any other chicken-cleaner in the world, and he wanted the fact mentioned. Men who are never suspected of greatness by other people accuse themselves of it to the editors, and when they refuse to mention this greatness, they are told that their columns contain a great deal of stuff not half so interesting. It has occurred to me that when a citizen of a country town becomes drunk, the first thing he does is to hunt up the editor to tell him what is the matter with the community.

An Elastic Month.

The month which closes next week we may call elastic, because every fourth year it is stretched to accommodate an extra day. A good many hundred years ago it was found that the solar year was about 365¼ days in length, and that occasionally it would be necessary to add a day in order to keep up the average. Forty-nine years before the birth of Christ, the extra day was assigned to February as being the shortest month, 28 days. In the original arrangement of the calendar by Julius Cæsar, January, March, May, July, September and November consisted of thirty-one days each, while February had twenty-nine, and April, June, August and December were thirty-day months. In leap years February had thirty days. When Augustus Cæsar came to the throne, he felt affronted that the month of August, named for him, had not so many days as July, called after Julius Cæsar. Accordingly he issued a decree that August should have thirty-one days, and consequently February was shortened to twenty-eight in ordinary years. This is leap year, and hence the above may be interesting, but we wish further to say that be the months long or short, the elegant fast trains of The Burlington leave most of the principal cities of the West every day in the year. For tickets, rates, maps, etc., ask any railroad ticket agent, or apply to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul Minn.

The Anarchists of Xeres.

New York Press.

The people of the United States have just cause to abhor the enemies of society who are called by the name of anarchists. They are as dangerous foes of liberty as an Ivan or a Nicholas, for they would destroy the fabric of orderly government, without which true liberty is impossible. Here there is no excuse for their teachings or practices, and popular opinion demands and approves the sternest measures in compelling their obedience and punishing their violation of the laws of the land.

But the Spanish anarchist, so-called, seems to be a different sort of person. In Spain a widespread popular sentiment is evidently in sympathy with the agitation against established authority, and the four men executed at Xeres were regarded as martyrs by hundreds of thousands of their countrymen. In the leading cities of Spain shops were shut and workingmen remained away from their daily employment in order to protest against the action of the government in putting these men to death. Manifestly the victims represented a powerful force that threatens the foundations of the Spanish monarchy.

The common people of Spain are thoroughly discontented. They are ground down with poverty and taxes. Their political privileges are but the shadow of a free constitution, and they have not been educated to a calm and law-abiding assertion of their rights. Bound, for years under a haughty despotism, their awakening is not a gradual vindication, as in England and Germany, of the power and deserts of the masses. It is a violent and angry movement, accompanied by such acts as have brought about the tragedy of Xeres. Instead of preventing, the punishment of these men seems more likely to hasten the inevitable revolution.

Monarchy presents its most absurd aspects in Spain, where a child in short clothes is the nominal chief of the state; and it may be added that the Spaniards owe no loyalty to a system which has reduced their country from immense wealth to comparative penury and which continues to saddle an already overburdened state with a throng of unnecessary office-holders.

Members of the Farmers' Alliance in Kosciusko County, Ind., at a recent meeting in Warsaw, decided to assess themselves weekly to provide a fund to defray their expenses for a visit to the World's Fair. About 400 farmers and their wives will compose the visiting party.

Iowa, in its exhibits at the exposition, will show the various forms in which corn products are useful as food, and also the processes of their preparation.

H. Gloster Armstrong, of London, is in Chicago, making application for space upon which to show a reproduction of the Tower of London, or rather the most interesting portions of it, such as the "White Tower," "Beauchamp Tower," "Tower Green," "Traitors' Gate," etc. He represents a company willing to expend $250,000 in the enterprise.

The Illinois state exposition Board has set apart $40,000 as a special fund for the encouragement of live stock exhibits at the Fair. The fund is apportioned as follows: horses, 37 per cent; cattle, 30 per cent; hogs, 15 per cent; sheep, 12 per cent; poultry, 6 per cent.

The Sultan of Turkey has consented to the erection of a mosque at the Exposition grounds for the religious services of Mohammadans who attend the Fair. It is reported that $3,000 will be expended in its erection.

The bureau of music has issued letters of invitation to all the important choral societies in the larger cities asking them to co-operate in forming the grand chorus of 2,000 voices; which will render standard oratios at the ceremonies dedicatory of the Exposition buildings.

FARMS FOR SALE!

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent; payable annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and those prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.

1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land; 80 acres; 1½ story frame house, 18x24; log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary, 18x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21, and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,360.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 13, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14, and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $3.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address

A. HUMPHREYS,
Loan and Trust Building,
Minneapolis.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS.
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CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

NEW FEED MILL
CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON
CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

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CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,
THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER,
FOR BARGAINS.

Drunkenness
CURED.
THE
Moorhead Institute
Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the
DRINK and OPIUM
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Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,
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Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best.	$2 65
North Star. - -	2.50
Fife. - -	2.15
Skip Jack. - -	1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

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BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES
TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, February 25, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 71.
1 Northern 70.
2 Northern 64.
3 Northern 60.

District court convenes next Monday.

Pat Russell has moved into the new Reckett block.

Chas. Westerberg has rented the Scandinavian hotel.

Clerk of the court, Nels Muus, went to St. Paul last week.

There will be lots of fun at the races on the ice to-morrow.

W. C. Lee has been purchasing city property heavily of late.

Rev. S. H. Barteau, of Stephen, was in the city a few days last week.

Bert Bivens was down from Argyle to spend the Sabbath with the folks.

Monday was an extremely warm day and the snow disappeared rapidly.

Andrew Eiken has purchased the Hurlbut property on Huston Avenue.

Don't forget the Ladies' Drum Corps Ball, at McKinnon's Hall, this evening.

Judge Benson went up to McIntosh last Friday and spent the night with friends.

Gilt edged farm loans wanted. Call on J. W. Wheeler at the Scandia-American bank.

Geo. Vine still continues to cut up corn-fed pork to the delight of his many customers.

County Attorney Holston started for St. Louis on Friday evening of last week to attend the convention there.

Pat Casey, of Parnell, was adjudged insane before Judge Benson last week and sent to the asylum at Fergus Falls.

The steppers were out in force on Monday. Everybody who has a speedy horse had him out on the ice trying to beat everybody else.

The Queen City Band gave one of their pleasant open air serenades on Saturday evening. That begins to look like summer-time.

Those horses at Brown's are going off like hot cakes. He sold 8 head on Monday and it wasn't such an awful good day for sales either.

Will Waggoner, of Fisher, bought a span of fine young mares of M. R. Brown on Monday. They go elsewhere to look but they go to Brown to buy.

J. J. Ide comes to the front with seed grain for the unfortunate ones who lost their crop by hail, and says he will do some rustling in his neighborhood for them.

Call at Brown's stables and see those choice working mares he brought home with him last week. Two carloads of them and he intends to keep the market supplied fully.

S. Engebritson, of St. Hilaire, dropped in on Wednesday morning to condole with us in our grip business. Says the big crops of last year put the farmers in pretty good shape up that way.

Mr. Hallock, of Edna, chips in his mite this week for the benefit of the hail sufferers. There is room for many more on that list. Let us hear from you by card or any convenient way.

Real estate in the city seems to be enjoying quite a boom in these days. Property is changing hands at very good figures compared with that of a few years past and yet it is not high.

The editor of THE JOURNAL had an attack of La Grippe on Monday. Dr. Just was called who prescribed "Homeopathic Soup." After having got away with that we feel purty gude, thank you.

The Devil's Auction drew a big house at the Grand on Tuesday evening. Although the company left on the Northern Pacific train, they gave their full performance. The train was held for them.

R. A. Harris, of Sleepy Eye, Minn., was in the city last week selling a patent rigging to keep the cold out of houses. Mr. H. was once a jeweler, and knows something about the business yet.

Andrew Eiken has accepted a position with the Crookston Mercantile Co., and his smiling countenance may now be seen behind the desk in Anderson & Ringdahl's. Andrew will make friends wherever you put him.

From a letter received from comrade E. A. Bradish, formerly of Fisher, we should judge that he does not like it down there in Wisconsin. Better come home, comrade Bradish, and catch on with our coming spring boom.

John Quisnell, one of the supervisors of Grove Park, was in the city this week in the interest of the Kramer estate. John has been supervisor in that town for several terms and we are told that he makes an excellent official.

Only a few more of those horses at Brown's, but more on the way, to arrive next week. Several, who expected to buy out of this lot, and thought they would wait a few days to give the horses a chance to recuperate after their trip, were surprised to find when they did go, that they were nearly all sold. When you want Brown's horses you want to be in time.

Go to Geo. Vine's meat market in Robert street for choice cuts. Geo. had one himself a week or so since but he don't sell that kind.

Wheeler loans money on farm security. He is too busy to write up an ad for this issue, but if you will call he will not be too busy to tell you what he can do for you in that line.

M. R. Brown returned last week with two carloads of choice grade Percheron mares which he now offers for sale at his new stables on Main street. They are as fine a lot as we have ever seen brought to this country and if you want a choice team you will do well to go and see them.

Tom Harris:—"It begins to look like an early spring but I don't know but it would be best for the country after all to have a late spring—in that case very much land could not be put in and it would have to be summer-fallowed. This would mean better crops for a long time to come.

The Sheriff's office has been kept busy looking after the wayward ones of late. Dept. Sheriff Losey is, comparatively speaking, a "light-weight," but they don't want to play him for a spring chicken. He'll be very liable to fool 'em as he did several good sized husky fellows not long since.

Mr. Welter, who recently purchased the Herriott farm at Beltrami was in the city on Monday, and after looking the field all over carefully went to M. R. Brown and bought four fine young mares. Mr. Welter is a new man in Polk County but it seems that he knows good korses when he sees them.

The jail at Fosston took fire and burned up on Saturday last. A drunken man had been put in during the morning hours and it is supposed that he set the bedding afire in attempting to light his pipe. After the fire died out the body of the man—what remained of it—was taken out and the coroner summoned.

D. McMillan, of Edna, dropped in to see THE JOURNAL man on Monday to set that subscription ahead a peg and also to add his mite to our hail list. That list begins to loom up encouragingly but there is lots yet to if we accomplish our object. Let them come in as long as there is a patriotic man in Polk County.

S. L. Dobson: "It would be a good thing if farmers would dispose of the oats they are raising and secure only the White Russian or side oats which are longer, heavier and better every way besides yielding far more per acre. They would make money by making this change and many of them are already doing it."

Rev. R. H. Battey will occupy his pulpit, morning and evening, next Sunday at the Congregational church. Morning sermon, "Christ in His Church;" evening, "Alpha and Omega." Very cordial welcome extended to all. Strangers invited. Time of service 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Invite your friends to this church and come yourself.

G. F. Carpenter: "Look here a minute, I have a local for you. Larson, Carpenter & Co. are cleaning their windows. This is the first opportunity we have had since we moved in, having been kept busy adjusting things and selling machinery. What lines are selling best, oh, drills mostly, but we are selling some wagons and everything else we carry and we anticipate a great rush later on. So we propose to be ready for business as fast as it comes."

Joe Jarvais came up from Fisher on Monday to pay his personal taxes and that duty performed he went around to Brown's stables to see those horses THE JOURNAL has been telling about. He was so well pleased that he bought a fine span of mares to take home with him. He had no idea of buying when he went in, but those were too good a thing to miss. We notice that where an old settler wants anything in horseflesh he always goes to Brown, whom every old settler knows to be perfectly reliable.

A communication from a Mentor correspondent contains the following: "A fine display of fireworks took place on Maple Lake Saturday night last. Crookstonites have been wishing for a general "clean-up" of fish houses to give the fish a chance to replenish the lake. We believe they got their wish Saturday night. It seems the fishermen were more careless than usual, leaving much fire in their stoves, which caught into their furniture and, the wind being favorable, and cleared all the fish houses off Maple Lake. We havn't heard so far of any deaths in the fire."

In "The Millionaire," which is to be presented at the Grand Opera House, Crookston, Thursday evening, Feb. 25th, Dan'l Sully has found a play worthy of his abilities as an actor, and one which furnishes him an excellent opportunity to display to effect his notable success as an Irish dialect comedian. In this play no other Irish comedian has succeeded in doing, namely, portraying faithfully the type of Hibernia's sons that we meet with in the every-day walks of life, exhibiting, together with the well-known wit and geniality a refined sentiment and lofty purpose that are not sufficiently credited on the stage to a nationality which possesses each to a marked degree. All next week, Criterion Comedy Co.

If you want to borrow money call on J. W. Wheeler at the Scandia-American bank.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Oleveland Ain't In It.

BY FRED W. DAVIS.

Cleveland run agin' Blaine once afore,
And Cleveland came out ahead on the score,
But ye bet yer boots it'll be so no more
'Cause Grover ain't in it.

We've had but one dem. in twenty-eight years,
And that's why the parties are so by the ears,
But this time, to everyone, it kinder 'pears
That Grover ain't in it.

Last time they kept it a-goin' 'bout free trade,
But this time, you bet, they'll be put in the shade,
Where they'll enjoy their free lemonade.
Grover ain't in it.

I tell yer what, it's a mighty big shame,
Insignificant Cleveland to run 'gin' Jim Blaine;
It'll be a disinterested campaign
'Cause Grover ain't in it.

Try M. R. Brown for a goood team of working horses or mares.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [35-tf]

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

STILL AT IT.

25 pieces, BEST QUALITY, 5-4 Table Cloth	25c
30 doz. Genuine Opaque Window Shades, (3x6)	35c
10 pieces Cheviot Shirting	7c
15 pieces Outing Flannels	6c
10 pieces Black Brocaded Satine	25c
25 pieces Shirting Prints	5c
2 pieces 36 in. Hemp Carpet (best quality)	20c yd

Fontaine & Anglim.

The Best is Always the Cheapest

THE DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL,

With the Direct Spring Pressure and Solid Bottom Shoe is copied by many but eqalled by none. It runs lighter and lasts longer than any Drill on earth. We have also the

RUSHFORD WAGON

"Good lumber and bone dry," Columbus and Racine Buggies, Grand Detour and Scandia Plows, Boss Harrows, Minneapolis Binders, Walter A. Wood Mowers, Advance Threshers and Engines, Hay Rakes, Garden Tools, Road Wagons, Carts and a

FULL LINE OF REPAIRS.

Give Us A Call and Let Us Make Your Acquaintance.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co.,

T. H. Bjoin's Old Stand, Opera Block. CROOKSTON.

On Thursday evening of last week Mr. L. P. Hunt met a number of our citizens at the city hall and gave them an address upon the needs and intentions of the committee. He stated that Polk County's share of the $100.000 the commission is trying to raise is $1,100 and after he had talked awhile a committee was appointed to get signatures to notes amounting to $600. While the whole amount could have been secured by pledge right there and then, it was decided better to raise $600 in Crookston and the balance in the different villages of the county so that all could have an opportunity to help along the good cause.

Last Sunday was an interesting day at the Congregational church as about every Sabbath is. But especially were the evening services worthy of mention. The Presbyterians were present, pastor and people, and the church parlor was crowded at the young people's meeting at 6:30, while the audience room was completely filled an hour later for the regular evening worship. Rev. O. H. Elmer delivered a very plain and forcible gospel sermon on the subject of "Harden not your hearts." An excellent feature of the services was a wide-awake musical service led by Mr. D. E. Jones, of Minneapolis, and supported by about a dozen of resident musicians. Some said it was the finest singing they had heard in Crookston churches for years, and a number rendered by Mrs. Adams was highly appreciated. Mr. Battey conducted the services and several made a public profession of religion when he made the appeal for any to do so for the first time.

For Sale.

I have for sale at my farm, 6 miles northeast of Crookston, a few choice young mares ready for farm work or driving purposes. Call early for choice.

[45-tf] S. M. McKee.

OATS WANTED.

S. L. Dobson wants to secure all the oats in Polk County that are suitable for his business, for which he will pay the highest market price.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00
B. G. Jorgenson	10.00
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.
Lewis Ellington	$5.00
E. Lanctot. 10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.	
Thomas Wallace	20 bu. barley
Goodwin Leppert (Wylie)	10 bu. oats.
Hayes Bros	2.00
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. wheat.
Ben Geroux	2 " "
E. Hanson	2 " "
Ole Olson	2 " wheat.
E. W. Johnson	50 cents.
Will Himmelsback	10 bu. barley.
E. B. Palmer (Lookhart), 10 bu. potatoes.	
Hugh Thompson, 25 bu. seed wheat	
E. M. Walsh, 10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.	
D. G. Hallock, (Edna)	10 bu. barley.
Jake Ide	15 bu. oats, 15 bu. barley

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for market garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000.

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school. A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 180 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $950 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 3 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $22 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses, 7 harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows; full set Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $6,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Homeopathic Soup.

Take a robin's leg,
Mind, the drumstick merely,
Put it in a tub,
Fill with water nearly;
Set it out of doors
In a place that's shady;
Let it stand a week;
Three days, if for a lady;
Drop a spoonful of it
In a five-pail kettle,
Which may be made of tin,
Or any baser metal;
Fill the kettle up,
Set it on a-boiling.
Skim the liquor well
To prevent it oiling;
One atom add of salt,
For the thick'ning one rice kernel,
And use to light the fire
The Homeopathic Journal.
Let the liquor boil
Half an hour, no longer;
If 'tis for a man
Of course you'll make it stronger;
Should you now desire
That the soup be flavoury,
Stir it once around
With a stalk of savoury.
When the broth is made
Nothing can excel it;
Then, three times a day
Let the patient smell it.
If he chance to die,
Say 'twas nature did it;
If he chance to live,
Give the soup the credit.

—Edinburgh Medical Review, 1837.

Fergus Falls Daily Journal:—The Criterion company played to a large house and made an excellent impression Friday night in "Under the Gaslight," and will undoubtedly have a much larger house to-night, which it deserves. Among the actors are several of unusual strength and ability. To-night the play is "The Wedding March," a brilliant comedy which always pleases the audiences. Among the specialties, which will include several musical novelties, Miss Mabel Davidson will give a skirt dance on roller skates. Miss Seymour, the leading lady of the troupe, has traveled with Maggie Mitchell and Joe Jefferson, and is an actress of fine ability.

Will be at the Grand Opera House for one week, commencing Monday, Feb. 29th.

Leander Richardson's play of "The Millionaire," which will be seen at the Grand Opera House, Thursday, Feb. 25th, gives Dan'l Sully an opportunity to do some excellent work, and this opportunity Mr. Sully improves. The part of James O'Brien is strongly drawn and effectively presented. It is a different type of Irishman from that usually seen upon the stage and shows the son of the Emerald Isle rounded out by a residence in this free country, and what it is possible for industry, shrewdness and straightforward dealing to accomplish. The dialogue of the whole play is well written, and teaches a good, wholesome lesson of the necessity of honor in business as well as in the social relations of life. "The Millionaire" was seen here last year and was greatly liked by our theatre-goers. All next week, Criterion Comedy Co.

R. Kramer, the man who was brought before Judge Benson not long since, to be examined as to his sanity, died on Saturday of last week on Judge Benson's farm in Grove Park. A short time after his return to his home in Grove Park he was taken sick and managed to get to Mr. Benson's farm, where he was put to bed and given proper care. After his death the sum $112.10 was found carefully sewed into his clothing, about $70 being in gold. This is the case that not long ago the Times hauled the people of Grove Park over the coals about, claiming that they allowed their paupers to freeze to death. It would seem that the old man was something of a miser instead of being the poor abused pauper represented. He was a man about 76 years of age of whose past life little if anything is known, and whether he was entirely sane or not is a question that will never be settled. However the poor old man has gone to his rest and will in the future trouble no one.

THE MARCH MESSAGE.

JOURNAL readers are interested in good things. Their attention is therefore called to the forthcoming March issue of "The Message," which we hope to place in their hands March 1st. The former issues of "The Message" has consisted of eight 4 column pages, 15 inches long. The March number will have twelve, 4 column pages, 16 inches long. Very few additional advertisements have been inserted, but over FOUR FULL PAGES OF CHOICE READING MATTER have been added. Three other churches have joined the federated helpers of "The Message" this month, making seven in the church calendar for March. Rev. J. J. Edwards, pastor of the Crookston M. E. church, tells Message readers how to live the triumphant life in his excellent article upon "Growth." Some stirring thoughts suggested from real life will interest temperance workers. A few short selected articles fairly burn in one's breast as he reads. Now, friends, "The Message" is zealously christian and religious in word and influence, but not a whit sectarian. Its prime motive is to herald the good work of all Christian laborers in this region, and give them all, irrespective of creed or church preference, hints and thoughts of helpfulness. All JOURNAL readers are most earnestly asked to subscribe for "The Message" and thus help thousands to greater gladness and victory in doing life's constant labor successfully, and help us to make this wide awake religious Monthly of the Red River Valley a yet greater success. Sample copy free by writing to or calling upon the undersigned.

R. H. BATTEY,
Crookston, Minn.

A visit to the breeding stables of Peterson Bros. Warninger & Co. one day last week convinced us that Crookston has some trotters to be proud of. But we will let the boys tell what they have by quoting the following from their catalogue. First on their list we find the handsome stallion

Ham Nut, 16797.

He is a handsome gold bay, will make a horse about 16 hands high when matured, built on the Nutwood and Hambletonian model as can be seen by the tabulation of his pedigree. Has more crosses to Hambletonian 10 than is generally found. He has 3 crosses through Abdallah 15, 2 crosses through Volunteer 55, which are two of Hambletonian's 10 best sons, also one cross to Pilot Jr., 12 through his best producing daughter Miss Russel, the dam of Maud S. 2:08¾, Nutwood 2:18¾ and several others. Two crosses to Mambrino Chief, 11, the founder of the great Mambrino family, one through his best son Pambrino Patch, 58, the greatest brood mare sire the world has yet produced. Nor is this all. He has three crosses to Andrew Jackson, 4, through Abdallah's, 15, dam, Katie Darling. Andrew Jackson, the sire of Henry Clay, 8, and he the founder of the Clay family, also the sire of the dam of Geo. Wilkes, 2:22. Now we have sifted the pedigree of Ham Nut, which proves that he has blood and speed lines of all the most noted families that can be found in the history of the trotting horse.

Rose Valley Chief, 15481.

Foaled in 1883; bred by Commodore N. W. Kittson, St. Paul, Minn. He is standard and registered, No. 15481, under rule 6, which is the highest standing a horse can attain by breeding. Handsomely formed, jet black, which never fades, has the best of disposition, stands 15¾ hands high, well muscled, with feet and legs like iron. A very speedy, free and smooth gaited trotter. Can road ten or twelve miles an hour with ease. Has never been handled for speed except two months in his three-year-old form. Could then show quarters in 39 and 40 seconds. A careful examination of his pedigree will show blood and speed lines that are seldom equaled. His sire, Blackwood Sr., has a record of 2:22½ and is also the sire of six with records from 2:20½ 2:30. His first dam, Playmate, by Administrator, record 2:29½, is the sire of nine with records from 2:19 to 2:30, he by Hambletonian, 10, the sire of over forty with records of 2:30 or better, and the grandsire of Jay Eye See, 2:10, Maud S, 2:08¾, Sunol, 2:08¾, Palo Alto, 2:08¾, Arion, 2:10¾ as a two-year-old, and over one thousand others. Rose Valley Chief, by right of inheritance should beget speed out of any mare fairly well bred, and if not a trotter the foal would be certain to have style and action. We have one of Rose Valley Chief's get, a very nice looking young mare that can show a 2:50 gait and has never been trained.

Gold Coin.

Light chestnut with long silver mane and tail. Will make a horse over 16 hands high and weigh about 1250 pounds when fully matured. A very high-headed, stylish mover with plenty of bone, muscle and ambition. Gold Coin has every individual characteristic that makes a trotter. His size, finish and way of going will please the most critical observer. He has shown speed enough to satisfy us that he will make a fast trotter if given an opportunity. Mr. Wilson, a trainer and driver who handled Gold Coin about six weeks in his two-year-old form, says that he will equal, if not surpass his sire's record of 2:23½ if properly handled.

Spring Styles for Ladies.

Our lady friends who wish to be properly and fashionably dressed would do well to glance over the monthly Fashion Letter in "La Mode de Paris," "Album des Modes," or "La Mode," the favorite fashion journals. This letter is one of the best on the subject with which it deals, explaining particularly the styles prevailing or coming in fashion. Ladies would do well to patronize these journals, which are not only reliable, but are now considered the standards of fashion wherever they are known. The Practical Lesson on Cutting given each month in "Album des Modes" and "La Mode de Paris" is intended to explain fully how to make the new styles as soon as they appear. The series of lessons has been produced under the direct supervision of Mr. A. McDowell, the inventor of the well-known Garment Drafting Machine, which has proved such a boon to thousands of dressmakers, and has made the cutting and perfect fitting of ladies' garments an easy task to all. "La mode" is a good family journal, price $1.50 a year. "La mode de Paris" and "Album des Modes" are intended for more general use, the subscription for each being $3.50 a year. To every subscriber for either of these journals who pays a year's subscription in advance will be given a Premium Book on "Dressmaking Simplified," valued at $5.00. Failing to obtain these journals from your news agent send for them direct to A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, Feb. 20th, 1892.

Our state senator must be very anxious to secure his renomination when he writes to his town committee here not to let the grass grow under their feet so early in the season. Why, man alive, we don't expect any for two months yet.

B. F. Raieck, of Vineland, bought the largest bill of lumber that has been sold to any one party here for years.

A nephew of Oliver Dalrymple of North Dakota, has bought the Kimberly farm.

All of our people were sorry to learn of the sudden death of William Price on the 13th inst. The immediate cause was an injury he received while at his work about four years ago. He had been in the employ of the Great Northern R. R. Co. here for the past nine years. He was a loving husband, kind father, faithful employe and good citizen. He leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss. The family have the heartfelt sympathy of all who know Mr. Price, and we shall miss his pleasant greetings for many a day.

EDNA.

HUBBARD ITEMS.

HUBBARD, Feb. 20, 1892.

The winter term of school in district 5, closes March 3d.

The Angel of Death visited the fireside of Mr. and Mrs. T. Amunson last week and carried off their infant daughter.

The ladies sewing society of the Lutheran church raised $85 at their sale on Saturday last which they will use in furnishing the church.

Henry Simon has sold his half section of land to A. Thompson for $5,000. We believe he could have got more by holding it a while longer.

Hayes Bros. have given 100 bushels of wheat for the Russian sufferers and 20 bushels for the hail sufferers. We should be pleased to hear of others from this town following their example.

NEILSVILLE.

Maple Bay Items.

Our village blacksmith is pounding iron to beat—well, the ring of his hammer can be heard far and near—but principally near, and the fame of his horse-shoeing reaches beyond our little hamlet even unto the four corners of the county.

The Scandinavian Lutheran Society is building a fine cosy parsonage at the Bay. This is a deserving and thrifty church.

Sam Furan, of Dugdale, has purchased 11 lots at Maple Bay. Sam says the iron will be laid on the Pelican branch of the Great Northern this spring. Looks as though Sam believes in showing his faith by his works.

The farmers are drawing their wood to the prairie as rapidly as possible. Lots of wood cut this winter, and the price has been somewhat better than usual. As a whole, the year of '91 has been a prosperous one for our farmers, especially such as have woodlands and who have been fortunate enough to have dry wood for sale.

Our mill project seems to be lying dormant just at present—more's the pity—but your correspondent has hopes that it will be revived again and pushed to a successful issue. It could be if our farmers were only sufficiently alive to their best interests. The facts and figures have been so fully presented to every one in this locality that no one can excuse himself by saying that he knows nothing about it. The cost to no one could exceed $100 and there is no other investment offered them whereby they can hope to reap so rich returns. Your correspondent has no doubt but that there will be a flouring mill at Maple Bay at an early day, but whether the mill will be owned and controlled by the farmers remains for them to decide.

If you desire it I can send you regular communications in the future.

MAPLE BAY.

[Of course we desire it. We should be more than pleased to hear from the Bay every week.—ED. JOURNAL.]

BRAY, Minn., Feb. 22, 1892.

ED. JOURNAL:—I noticed in your last issue an item stating that I had purchased a new horse-power for my threshing outfit, and intended to finish up what threshing remained to be done in this vicinity. I started up for a trial on my brother's place on Friday last with poor success, and on Saturday morning we began again and everything progressed finely until about noon, when the driver, getting too warm on the power, and having his back turned to the pinion, proceeded to pull off his overcoat which caught in the cogs between the pinion and the bullring, breaking the latter in two places and cutting the coat badly. The threshing was finished at once.

C. P. SWANSON.

The Criterion Comedy Company, under the direct management of Mr. H. A. Morton, will open a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House, Monday, Feb. 29th. This company carries fifteen artists, and produces in its repertoire that large spectacular play, "The Sea of Ice." The scenery of the "spectacle"—it is practically that—is the best ever shown in a similar production and has been painted expressly for Mr. Morton the cost of the same being $1,250. It, with the mechanical effects—all of which work as smoothly as one would wish—make up the most acceptable display. Taken altogether the "Sea of Ice" is one of the very best specimens of the old time spectacular entertainment. Don't forget the date.

When H. G. Mitchell was in last he spoke rather discouragingly of the prospects of the mill project at the Bay, on account of the apathy of the farmers in relation to it. This is a matter of surprise to THE JOURNAL in view of the great importance of a mill to them. If a grist-mill was built and properly handled it would be worth many times its cost to each individual shareholder, even though he had to give his $100 as a bonus—which he does not. We hope that friend Mitchell and his co-workers will not get discouraged and let this matter drop, for the mill is a great necessity to that vicinity, and if they build it it will be a far more durable monument to them than would be a marble or granite monument. They should keep in view the many hardships and discouragements under which the farmers have labored and the fact that last year was somewhat easier, and keep pegging away. THE JOURNAL is anxious to see that mill built and built by the farmers, as it would be worth a mint of money to them. Keep the ball rolling, Mitch, and call on us for anything we can do for you in the good cause. We believe you would have a better show for success than ever before if you try it again this year.

For Sale Cheap.

Buffalo robes and cutters. Mrs. Mary Schreader, Crookston, Minn. [85-tf]

Taken Up.

Came to my place on Feb. 3d, one light sorrel horse with white face and three white feet. Owner can recover by proving property and paying expenses of keeping and advertising.
JOHN JOHNSON, Town of Kertsonville.
[44-46]

WANTED!

Two or three men to work for me in Polk County. $4 to $12 per day, sure. If you are idle or working for small money now is the time. Any one can do the work and make big wages. Particulars free. Address,

W. ALBERT LANCTOT,
[41-48] Crookston, Minn.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts.

[88-tf]

A despatch states that a silversmith in Monterey, Mexico, is engaged on a work in silver which when completed will be an exact reproduction of the Agricultural building now being built on the exposition grounds, Chicago. It will be eight feet wide, will contain a quantity of silver valued as bullion at $10,000, and when finished will be valued at $20,000.

It is now the intention to have in the fisheries building a restaurant devoted as far as possible to the exclusive serving of fish. Fish dinners, and fish, fresh and salt, served in every edible style, will be a popular feature, it is believed, and will give visitors an excellent opportunity to know the merits of fish for food.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR [ASH,
Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 24th, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Lars. J. Hagen, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of John L. Hagen, of town of Queen, of the County of Polk, representing, among other things, that Lars J. Hagen, late of the town of Queen, County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1892, at the County of Polk, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County, at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Ole Nelson and Ludvig Olson granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court on Monday, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1892.

By the Court: C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
[45-47]

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL,	$100,000
SURPLUS,	$12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim,	E. D. Chase,	F. D. Childs
Geo. O. Erskine,	B. B. Northrop,	A. A. Miller
H. M. Walsh,	John Moore,	W. H. Crosby
	Chas. E. Sawyer,	

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'——The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls

AT

Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK
IS
ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR
DEPARTMENT STORE,
Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

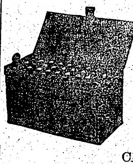
The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on a once you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

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SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

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Professional calls by day or night.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, February 25, 1892.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

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GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

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TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.........Arrive 6:45 p. m.

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Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

THE MERCANTILE AGENCIES.

In a previous paper we discussed briefly the character, origin and history of the mercantile agency. We shall now consider some of the questions arising out of their peculiar relations to the public.

As stated, the business of a mercantile agency is to collect information relating to the credit, character, responsibility and reputation of merchants for the purpose of furnishing the information to subscribers. The most important question that has arisen relating to this kind of business is to what extent are the reports sent out by mercantile agencies privileged communications—that is, how far are such companies protected in giving information affecting the credit of business men from liability for damages in case of false statements.

As we shall use the term "privileged communication" frequently, let us understand its meaning. It is such a communication as is made in good faith, upon any subject in which the party communicating has an interest, or in reference to which he has a duty, public or private, either legal, moral or social, if made to a person having a corresponding interest or duty. No legal liability attaches to such communications, unless malice be shown. It may first be said that the publication of false defamation by a mercantile agency to the world at large is not privileged. So that such publications affecting the credit of business men as are made by agencies and scattered broadcast, or put carelessly or indiscriminately before the public, are neither justified nor protected.

Agencies are not in the habit of being thus prodigal of their information, however. The most common form of giving information is that of publishing books of ratings, or weekly or daily sheets of business changes, failures, mortgages, judgments, etc., and furnishing the same to all their subscribers regularly. The question has arisen, is an agency liable for a false report on a merchant so made to a large number of subscribers, only a few of whom are interested in that merchant. There is no question, it may be said, of the right of the agency to furnish reports as privileged communications to persons known to be directly interested in that merchant, or to such as ask for a report on such merchant, but how about the communication going to hundreds of thousands of subscribers who are not interested, and do not ask for the information and do not need it. Refer to our definition of privileged communication. It must be made to a person having a corresponding interest or duty in the subject. I am a jobber in hardware. My agency sheet to-day tells me that my neighbor, who is a retail hatter, has failed. I have not sought nor can I find any use for the information. It is interesting gossip to me—nothing more. Suppose the report is false. Can the agency hide behind a "privileged communication", when brought to defend an action? The weight and majority of decisions deny the agency's right to do, and such may be considered the law. The first case that arose was in Massachusetts. It was brought by a merchant against one Russell, who conducted the "Boston Mercantile Agency." Here Russell reported the incorrect and unjust information to only such subscribers as were interested in the merchant. The court held that the communication was privileged. (Billings vs. Russell, 8 Boston Law Reporter, 699.) The next was a New York case, which may be called the leading case on the subject. In this case one Church printed and furnished to merchants who had no immediate interest in the standing of the firm on which the report was made, but who wished the record for future reference. The information was in a printed book furnished to all who became subscribers to it. In this case the court held the communication not privilened, and the case has been several times reaffirmed in New York. (Taylor v. Church, 1 E. D. Smith 279.)

The court said that if the publication had been in answer to an inquiry from a merchant interested and had been nothing more than an answer to this application it would have been privileged, but as having been not only to such as sought information against that merchant, but to all its subscribers indiscriminately, it was not as to such other subscribers "privileged." This decision was upheld in New York in Ormsby v. Douglas (37 N. Y., 477.) In the case of Sunderlin v. Bradstreet (46 N. Y. 188) it was shown that Bradstreet published a false statement that a certain merchant had failed. The publication was in a weekly sheet furnished to all subscribers alike. It was held not privileged. The court said a communication is privileged when made in good faith, in answer to one having an interest in the information sought, and it will be privileged if volunteered, if the party to whom it has been made has an interest in it, and if the parties stand in such relation as to make it a reasonable duty, or at least proper, to give the information. The publication in this case to those not interested in it was officious and unauthorized and not privileged. The decisions of the federal circuit courts are in line with this decision. Erber v. Dun, 12 Feb. Rep. 526; Trussell v. Scarlett, 18 Fed. Rep., 214; Locke v. Bradstreet & Co., 22 Fed. Rep., 771. For other cases we might refer to King v. Patterson, 49 N. J. L., 417; Woodruff v. Bradstreet, 83 Hun. (N. Y.,) 16; Com. v. Stacey, 8 Phila. (Pa.) 617; Bradstreet v. Gill, 72 Texas, 115.

A further discussion of the subject may be found in our next paper.

The "Odd Fellows' Grand March" and the "Air Ship Waltz" are two of the latest compositions of Isaac Doles, Indianapolis, Ind. Both are musical gems. They comprise five pages each, sheet music size, besides illustrated title page; not difficult in execution, but beautiful in composition, and sell at 40 cts. each. By way of introduction, Mr. Doles will mail them to any address on receipt of ten cents per copy, when accompanied by this notice. Address, Isaac Doles, Indianapolis Ind., U. S. A.

World's Fair Notes.

A bill appropriating $300,000 for the state representation at the Exposition is now pending in the Iowa legislature. A preliminary appropriation of $50,000 was made at the last session. A bill for $300,000 is also pending in the New York legislature.

The province of Ontario, Canada, will make an extensive mineral exhibit. Canada has asked for a total of 100,000 square feet of space in the various buildings.

Charles Hansel, consulting engineer of the railroad and warehouse commission of Illinois, has been commissioned to promote the interests of the Fair in Europe by urging railway companies and manufacturers to become exhibitors. Mr. Hansel will sail for Europe soon, and expects to spend several months in Great Britain and on the continent.

In response to an invitation the Illinois Society Sons of the American Revolution has decided to furnish a company to participate in the parade incidental to the dedication exercises in October, 1892. The men will wear continental uniform.

The women of Nebraska have undertaken to furnish the hammer with which Mrs. Potter will drive the last nail in the Woman's Building when it is dedicated October 12 next. The nail, it will be remembered, will be furnished by the women of Montana, and will be an elaborate production, composed of gold, silver and copper. It is proposed that the hammer be made of the native woods of Nebraska and inlaid with gold, silver and pearl.

It is reported that it is the intention of the Government to establish at the Exposition grounds a complete post office, equal in capacity to that required by a city of 200,000 or more inhabitants, and to operate it, not only during the fair but for several months previous to the opening and after the closing. A government post office inspector is now on the grounds perfecting plans and estimates. It is believed that the number of exhibitors will be between 150,000 and 175,000. To these mail will be delivered hourly. Mails, sorted on the mail cars, will be dropped at the grounds from incoming trains whenever possible. At a rough estimate, this Exposition post office will require about 800 employes and entail an expense of about $250,000 on the part of the government.

Ceylon will conduct a tea-house on Midway Plaisance.

The Crown Prince of Italy, according to Director Higinbotham, is greatly interested in the Exposition, and says he will visit it.

Regulations for exhibitors in the several departments of the Exposition have been issued and can be obtained by all intending exhibitors by applying for them, either in person or by mail.

The enormous steel trusses to sustain the roof of the manufactures building are about to be erected. These trusses are the largest ever made for architectural purposes. They span 368 feet and rise to a height of 211 feet. The contract for them calls for about $460,000.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

Notice of Sale Under Decree.

STATE OF MINNESOTA. County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Karl Sletten, Plaintiff, vs. Carl Ulsteen and Julie Ulsteen, Defendants.

In pursuance to a judgment and decree of the Court in the above entitled action, dated February 1st 1892, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me with instructions to enforce the same, I, the undersigned sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the District Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, on Friday the 8th day of April, A. D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the real estate and premises described in said judgment and decree, to wit: The south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk, Minnesota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 5th, 1892.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

H. STEENERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Crookston, Minn. [43-49]

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Feb. 15th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on May 10th, 1892, viz: TOM SANDEM, Hd. 13411, for the sw¼ Sec. 26, Tp. 147, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Gustav Christiansen, Gitle Stromstad, Olaus Anderson, Bernt Bentson, all of Edna P. O., Polk Co., Minn.

[44-49] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of thirty-two and 49-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Eugene Boulie and Melvina Boulie, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of August, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the twentieth day of August 1890, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 52 of mortgages, on page 323.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and ninety-six and 4-100 dollars (496.04), with interest on four hundred and eighty-one (481) dollars thereof, at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south half of the northwest quarter (s½ nw¼) and lots three (3) and four (4), all in Section two (2), of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of four hundred ninety-six and 4-100 dollars ($496.04) and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of forty-three and 25-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Napoleon Gonyea, an unmarried man, mortgagor, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of November, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the third day of November, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 54 of mortgages, on page 345.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars ($650.83) with interest on six hundred and forty-two (642) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northeast quarter (w½ ne¼) and the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ se¼) of Section thirty (30), of Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House in the city of Crookston, in said county and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and fifty and 83-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

W. A[illegible]RTSON,
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication, January 21st, 1892.)
(Last publication, March 3rd, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and thirty and 18-100 dollars, interest which is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paridis and Elmira Paridis, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of November, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 52.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 Dollars, with interest on nine hundred and twelve ($912) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-four (34) Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF MARCH, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [40-46]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Thursday, Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Thursday, Feb. 25th 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and fifty and seventy one hundredths Dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Thomas Plante and Mary Plante his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the First day of June, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 1st day of July, 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 45 of mortgages on page 470.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of the said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars ($956.14), with interest on nine hundred and forty (940) dollars, thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north half of the south-east quarter (n½ se¼) and the north half of the south-west quarter (n½ sw¼) of section thirty four (34) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and fifty-six and fourteen hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.]
[Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of Seventy-one and seventy eight one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Luc Jenot and Elenore Jenot, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1888, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the seventh day of December, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 57.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be and payable at the date of this notice the sum of Ten Hundred and seventy-eight and fifty-eight dollars, ($1078.58), with interest on Ten Hundred and Seventy ($1070) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The south-east (se) quarter of section nineteen (19) of town one hundred and fifty (150) of range forty-one (41) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Ten Hundred and Seventy eight and fifty eight one hundredths dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
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REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.
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—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U S. Coms'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., February 3rd, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 11th, 1892, viz: ALFRED SAVARY, Hd. 14,686, for the n½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 4 Sec. 27, Tp. 150, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jacob R. Barb, Frank Robert, Edmund M. Walsh, Christopher Hanson, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minn.

[42-47] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minnesota, Jan. 18, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on February 29th, 1892, viz: Tosten L. Oleson, Hd. No. 12,250, for the S W¼ Sec. 14 Twp. 147, Range 48. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Knut S. Akre, John J. Ellingson, Halvor Ellingsen, Edevart T. Ramse, all of Neilsville, Minn.

[40-45] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Mortgage Foreclosuse Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Jan. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and eighty-five one hundredths dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Martin Thompson and Ann G. Thompson, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 10th day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 242.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred and ninety-two and eighty-one one hundredths dollars, ($692.81), with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of section twenty (20) of Town one hundred and forty-nine (149) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee
Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication Jan. 14th, 1892.)
(Last publication Feb. 25th, 1892.)

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of eighty-eight and 85-100 dollars, interest now due upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Peder H. Mesedalen and Kari Mesedalen, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company, of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the second day of December, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the tenth day of January, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 246.

And whereas, the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of six hundred ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, ($692.81) with interest on six hundred and eighty-four (684) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the sixth day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northwest quarter (nw¼), of Section seventeen (17), Town one hundred and forty-nine (149), Range forty-two (42) in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six hundred and ninety-two and 81-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 6th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [39-45]

M. LeGUEE,
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, MINN.

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—DEALERS IN—
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.
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STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

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ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements
MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOK.
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C. HENDRICKSON, President. L. ELLINGTON, Vice-President.
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A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.
Scandia-American Bank
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections
Interest on time deposits.
DIRECTORS.
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Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

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CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Crookston, Minn

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 3, 1892. NO. 46

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Cranks' Money.

The political omnum gatherum in this city last week resolved in favor of more money. That was one great cry, the other topics mentioned being treated as of but subsidiary importance The convention recommended the convention recommended the consolidation of all political elements in advocacy of the demand that "money" shall be issued by the General Government in sufficient quantity to carry on the business of the country, and that such "money" shall be made full legal tender for the payment of all public and private debts. Apparently the movers and indorsers of the address fancied the latter provision is all that is necessary to make the "money" they ask for acceptable and good for its face, no matter in how large quantity it may be issued. They ought to know that the same thing has been tried many a time and oft, and with the uniform result of failure.

The people who are requested to indorse this cranky demand should be duly posted as to the real nature of the thing asked for.

1. The "money" proposed to be issued is not gold, silver, bank notes, or redeemable greenbacks, but simply "fiat paper." The demand is for a lot of bills, each of which bears on its face a statement to the effect, "This is a dollar," or fifty, or a hundred, or any other named denomination. The paper so inscribed is to be absolute "money," expected to be taken for what it is intrinsically worth, the same as if it were gold or silver.

2. There is no hint or intention or purpose to redeem any of this "money" in coin at the demand of the holder, or in any other valuable or tangible thing. the people who take it in exchange for the products of labor are expected to be satisfied with the assurance that "it is money," and ask no questions.

3. This "money" is to be a full legal tender on all public and private debts, but is it to be a legal tender on private debts that are expressly made payable in coin? If so, that would be a gross violation of contracts; and beyond all question the courts would hold the tender of all such irredeemable shinplasters to be void. The stuff could only be tendered in payment in the absence of specific contracts for payment in real money.

4. The moment the fiat bill passed the people would prepare to discount the "money" to be issued under its provisions. By the time the first $100,000,000 of it had been issued and loaned to the Alliance men the paper would not have a purchasing power of more than 50 cents on the dollar. When a billion of the stuff had been "loaned" to them its purchasing power would be down to 10, or perhaps not more than 5 cents. The fact that it was not redeemable at the will of the holder, or at any time, or in anything, would destroy its purchasing power. Then the now foolish Alliance cranks would be among the first to discover the fact of its shrinking value, and would refuse to sell their farm produce in exchange for the ukase fiat trash. They would insist on good money as a condition of parting with their property. They would be among the first to despise and repudiate the material issued at their express solicitation and for their especial relief. After having done a vast amount of mischief, causing untold commercial confusion and a complete financial panic, the whole wild scheme would evaporate with all the evil odor of an expiring polecat, and the discarded stuff might well be called thereafter not wildcat, but "polecat money."

The redemptionless stuff wanted by the Alliance would be a bad failure from the start, and grow worse with the laps of time after its issue. It would not pay old coin debts to begin with, and that discrimination against it would soon take away a large part of its supposed purchasing power. It could only be handled at a decided discount at the best, and from that the credit of the stuff would go rapidly from bad to worse till very soon nobody would be willing to exchange labor or its products for for the paper which had no security behind it. Then the poor, silly, ignorant, deluded tools of the Alliance leaders would curse their own folly as bitterly as do the people in Argentina who were misled by a similar delusion, and are now loaded down with "money" which will not purchase anything they want to buy.

We clip the above from that usually sound, level-headed sheet, the Chicago Tribune, and we must express a feeling of surprise at the many false statements contained therein. It is very evident that the Tribune does not love the Alliance not even a little bit, but that does not justify that great sheet in losing its head and indulging in such gross misstatements. The statement that the farmers, as a rule, desire any such wildcat schemes to prevail is false on the face of it, whatever a few self-styled leaders in the alliance may say. The farmers demand an "honest dollar" and enough honest dollars to prevent a few speculators cornering the market at the expense of the balance of mankind, and this is right. They only demand that the government shall provide enough honest dollars to do the business of the country in an honest manner, and is there anything wrong with that? When a farmer demands that the government shall pursue such a course as shall give him an opportunity to obtain a sufficient amount with which to carry on his business, he at once becomes a scheming villain in the minds of some, an the extra amount of money he demands is called "cranks' money!" The Tribune is off its base in this matter. The farmers are THINKING and they are not going to be led into any wild schemes of designing sharpers. That they may be misled into a few errors is possible, but ridicule and abuse of them as a class will not avail to convince them of their mistakes, and it should never be indulged in. The farmers only demand such things as shall elevate them and their business, and the sooner the rest of mankind recognizes the fact the better for all concerned. We notice that some money sharks are fearfully worried just now lest some of their golden opportunities should pass away, and they are using every means at command to prevent this dire calamity. It is true that there are some designing persons just now trying to use the farmers as a stepping stone to political offices but it will not take them forever to locate them and give them their deserts. The farmer is awakening to his own interests, and while he may be a little bewildered at first and make some awkard moves, he is all right at core and will soon discover who are his friends and he will cleave to them, and don't you forget it!

The Postal Laws Respecting Newspapers.

About two years ago Messrs. George P. Rowell & Co., of New York, the publishers of Rowell's Newspaper Directory, and several other publications of great value to concerns wishing to do business with the newspapers, started a very unique weekly, both in form (12 mo.) and name (Printers' Ink).

It was a new idea all through, and like new ideas generally, required large capital, much experience and utmost push to make it go. The publishers had to educate people and make a market for the publication. To what extent they succeeded may be judged by the fact that its editions now exceed 80,000, and the business probably $200,000 per year. We doubt if any publication published once a week is read with more avidity. In fact we have seen it in many instances carefully preserved just as monthly magazines are preserved so highly is it valued.

Now, after allowing the publishers to proceed on these lines for several years, the Post-Office Department rules that the journal is not a legitimate newspaper and cannot be admitted to second-class rates, but as third-class matter.

The postage on the issue of January 13th, amounted at third-class rates to $805, besides the labor of attaching 80,500 stamps to that number of papers. At second-class rates the proper charge for postage would be $69.72, making a difference in the cost of mailing this one issue of $733.24. In other words, about $3,627 a year as second-class matter, against $41,860 as third-class. In the meantime Rowell & Co. are paying this enormous sum under protest, until the Department can further consider the case.

Of course it is outrageous that the law is so ambiguous that the Post-Office authorities themselves can blunder in construing it, as they do according to the whim of the person in charge of the matter, and it ought to be changed immediately in justice to those compelled to suffer by such ambiguity.

If Printers' Ink is not a newspaper, then there is not a weekly newspaper in the country. We believe it at present the best read and most carefully preserved journal in existence, and entitled to all the privileges accorded any newspaper by the postal laws, and hope to see the wrong done the publishers righted without delay.

Washington and Lincoln.

In spite of superficial differences, many and striking, there was between Washington and Lincoln a really close and remarkable similarity. On the 12th of February this country, with a degree of unanimity that grows more marked year by year, celebrates the anniversary of the birth of him whom James Russell Lowell called "the first American." Only ten days later, in accordance with venerable and universal custom, we do honor to the memory of the man whom Henry Lee called "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen." It is well to study briefly the seeming contrasts and the essential resemblances of these two great Americans.

Everybody will quickly think of their dissimilarities. Washington was of patrician blood and breeding, or as nearly so as was possible on this hemisphere. Lincoln sprang from the plainest of plain people. Washington inherited wealth, Lincoln was born in poverty and nurtured in privation. Washington was reserved in manner. To the multitude he seemed dignified to the verge of coldness. Even in the society of intimate friends he was seldom vivacious, though no man ever had a warmer heart. Lincoln was full of the freemasonry of a nature that attracts congenial spirits and wins an affectionate following. He was the delight of village store loungers in youth as he was of listening audiences in mature life; yet aimless loungers and eager audiences alike were attracted by the subtle nobility of character, the inspiring loftiness of thought that shone in his quaint stories and his impassioned speeches. Washington was preeminently a man of ideas; though each acted grandly and thought deeply. Washington inclined toward conservatism, Lincoln toward radicalism; the one was Federalist by nature, the other was a Republican by instinct; though both were at once cautious and progressive. Washington's career was more complete, Lincoln's more intense and tragic. One lived to round out the measure of life's achievements, the other was cut off at the threshold of that peaceful administration which, had his life been spared, might have furnished the parallel to his great exemplar's work in binding up the nation's bleeding wounds.

Yet they were wonderfully like each other in many most significant respects, personally, historically and providentially. To begin with, that which was least important yet not unimportant, beauty were physically magnificent men tall, strong, impressive to the eye and memory to every beholder. Their stalwart frames had been made rugged by contact with nature in her rougher moods. They were woodsmen and travelers in the forests. They had slept many a night under the open sky. They knew how to ride, to climb, to swim and to shoot. Washington received the thanks of the Virginia House of Burgesses when but a youth, for his gallantry and skill in bringing back his pioneer warriors through 600 miles of wilderness, after Braddock's defeat. Lincoln, while yet in early manhood, saw service as a captain in the Blackhawk war.

They were essentially one in their love of liberty and hatred of oppression. Washington expressed the wish and the hope that means would be found for abolishing slavery by law. Lincoln's soul was stirred to the depths by the sight of black men and women driven in chain gangs to the auction block in New Orleans. They were one in their modesty and their patriotism. Both were impelled by the admiring confidence of their fellow citizens to assume the responsibilities of public trust. They were equally calm, resolute and serenely hopeful in the midst of difficulties, dangers and defeats. Their qualities shone brightest in darkest hours. They believed in the ultimate triumph of the right. They were forgiving to enemies and steadfast to friends. They were sagacious, far seeing, wise in counsel. They were consummate judges of human nature, and knew how to surround themselves in the cabinet and the field with great statesmen and great generals. They were always popular in the best sense.

Washington experienced the shortsighted hostility of some good men and the envious intrigues of many bad men. Readers of revolutionary and past revolutionary history are surprised to discover how ferociously he was assailed. Lincoln was derided and slandered even by men of his own party, and his own administrative household.

Washington and Lincoln had this thing in unison: They were superlatively great in war and in peace. The genius for military affairs and for civil affairs is rarely found in a single person. General Butler said in Boston on the 12th inst. that Lincoln's military plans were shrewder than those of even the most distinguished commanders whom the President selected and upheld to carry on the war for the Union. This testimony is but confirmatory of a belief that has been steadily growing for a long time, and is sustained by the most recent developments of hitherto unpublished evidence. In like manner Washington's judgement on matters of statesmanship was again and again proven sounder, profounder than that of men about him who were justly renowned for acumen and learning as administrators, lawmakers or diplomats.

Well may a nation that owes to Washington and Lincoln in inestimable measure its liberty and unity celebrate their natal days, keeping their names in unfading remembrance from generation to generation.

The Difference.

New York Press.

The following letter has just been received by the Press:

To the Editor of the Press;

SIR—Please explain to me the difference between the Republican and Democratic doctrines. I will be a voter next week, and wish to do my duty at the next election. FOREIGNER.

New York, Feb. 20, 1892.

The difference between the Republican and the Democratic position on questions of public policy is vital and fundamental. The two dominant issues now before the country are the tariff and the currency. Our correspondent declares that he desires to do his duty in the forthcoming Presidential election, and we assume that it is his purpose to become a patriotic American citizen in all that the term implies. This being the case, his attention is called first to the fact that the Republican party believes in protecting American industry. It believes that the United States should be industrially independent and well as politically independent; it aims to develop the manufactures of this country so that Americans shall buy the products they use from Americans; and it purposes, by means of a protective tariff, to secure the home market to American producers, create a constant demand for labor and assure to every American workingman, native or naturalized, steady employment with the highest wages possible under the most favorable industrial conditions. The policy of protection has been amply tested in American history, and it has never failed to increase the prosperity of the nation and the wages of the workers. Under the Republican McKinley law manufactures of all sorts have been stimulated, the demand for labor at a higher rate of wages has been increased and the prices of products have been diminished to the consumer.

The Democratic party believes in free trade. It would throw down the tariff barrier and place the American workingman in direct competition with the foreign toiler who receives less than half the American rate of wages. It decreases American manufactures and increases importations of foreign goods. The Democratic free wool bill now before Congress is framed, as Springer, the Democratic leader in the House proclaims, to bring about "a very heavy increase in the importation of woolens," thus displacing American woolens and lessening the demand for American labor. The Democracy is committed to the destruction of the McKinley law, the crippling of American industry and the reduction of wages of every laboring man in the United States.

Second only to the tariff is the currency question. The Republican party's doctrine, enunciated in its platforms, proclaimed by its President's maintained with unswerving fidelity throughout its history, is that the workingman's dollar shall always be worth 100 cents. The Republican doctrine demands that all dollars shall be equally good; that the value of the currency shall not fluctuate; that the coin or the bill that the laborer receives shall be worth exactly as much next Saturday night as it was last Saturday night. The Democracy believes in "cheap" money. The Democratic coinage measure now before Congress provides that the United States shall repeal the law that enables the holder of the paper dollar to exchange it for a gold dollar if he chooses. It provides for the unlimited coinage by the United States of dollars that are worth only seventy cents; and if it should become a law every wage worker in the country would be paid in dollars worth only 70 per cent of the dollar he gets now.

This is the difference between the parties on these great issues. The same difference extends through all their history. The Republican record is as glorious as the Democratic record is shameful. The Republican party was the foe of human slavery. The Democracy was its champion. The Republican party crushed the rebellion and saved the nation. Half the Democracy fought in arms for slavery and disunion; two-thirds of the other half antagonized the government and declared the war a failure. The Republican party carried through the Homestead law, the measures for specie resumption, the laws for pensioning wounded veterans against Democratic opposition. Its achievements for the past thirty-two years constitute the grandest portion of American history. It has fought persistently for a free vote and a fair count. In a majority of the States of the Union it has enacted secret ballot laws that secure the humblest voter from intimidation or interference. The Democracy has opposed these laws. The Republican party is essentially a party of progress. Republicanism is Americanism. Democracy is its opposite.

The difference between the two is such that no intelligent voter who wishes to do his duty in the next election can hesitate in his decision.

Our First Congress.

On the 4th day of March, 1789, the first Congress of the United States of America began its first session. Though we sometimes date our national existence from July 4th, 1776, when the Declaration of Independence was promulgated to the world, that was really only the establishment of a confederacy of independent states, for the single purpose of freeing themselves from the domination of the British crown. Under this compact the Revolutionary War was fought, but after peace was gained, the particular interests of the separate states began to clash, and it was evident that the general government needed larger powers if the country was to amount to anything among the peoples of the earth. Our existence as a consolidated and powerful nation may therefore properly be said to have begun in 1789. The history of no nation can show such a growth in 103 years. And but a small part of our 65,000,000 people would be here were it not for railroads, for the centre of the continent could not be populous without them, and the bulk of the population is in the central portion of the country. Foremost among these transportation systems is The Burlington which gives the Northwestern people quick and easy communication with the East, South and Southwest. For tickets, time tables, maps, etc., call on your nearest ticket agent, or address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Chief Walker Fearn, of the foreign affairs department of the Exposition, in a recent report to the director-general, says that the interest in the Exposition is already great and is rapidly increasing in nearly every foreign country. Foreign participation as shown by exhibits will be exceedingly complete and gratifying.

FARMS FOR SALE!

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent, payable annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and those prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.

1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land; 80 acres; 1½ story frame house, 18x24; log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary, 18x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21, and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,360.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 13, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14, and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $3.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address

A. HUMPHREYS,
Loan and Trust Building,
Minneapolis.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

NEW FEED MILL

CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,

OILS AND

VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

WALL PAPER.

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,

THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER,

FOR BARGAINS.

G. SLATER. E. N. HILL.
H. ROTHERT. J. A. GEORGE.

Chase & Slater Law and Claims Co.,

1331 F Street, Northwest,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, all the executive departments and before Congress. Claims for Indian Depredations collected. Pension cases prosecuted. Patents promptly secured. Careful attention given to all classes of land cases. Liberal arrangements made with Local Attorneys or for transfer of cases.

Drunkenness

CURED.

THE

Moorhead Institute

Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the

DRINK and OPIUM

HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best, $2.65
North Star, - - 2.50
Fife, - - 2.15
Skip Jack. - - 1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY

BUY OF SLOCUM,

The Leading Grocer. The Best Goods for the Least Money.

SPECIALTIES | I MAKE A SPECIALTY OF | SPECIALTIES

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED SALMON and CHOICE BUTTER.

HAVE YOU TRIED MY Wheat Germ Meal?

Everything in my line fresh from the wholesaler at the VERY LOWEST LIVING RATES. ☞ Give me a Trial.

W. E. SLOCUM. - - BROADWAY.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 3, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 71.
1 Northern 70.
2 Northern 64.
3 Northern 60.

Fine springlike weather.

Everybody courting this week.

Wheat has held at 71 so far this week.

District court convened on Monday morning.

J. S. LaDue was up from Fertile on Monday.

L. K. Aker was up from the west side on Monday.

Gideon Brunelle was in from Huot on Tuesday.

S. B. Palmer was up from Lockhart on Tuesday.

Knute Rollag is in from the east-side on jury duty.

The County Board meets on Thursday, (to-day).

Look out for "The Great Hesper" at an early date.

Attorney Watts moves into the new Reckett Block.

Wheat opened out on Monday morning at 71 cents.

P. G. Falardeau is in attendance upon this term of court.

The genus tramp begins to show up quite numerously.

Miss Dollie Bunnell is visiting friends in Wahpeton, N. D.

J. E. O'Brien has bought the LePage property on Broadway.

The new elevator at the Reckett block is nearly completed.

E. M. Walsh intends to put up a tenament house this spring.

A train load of Montana sheep were at the stock-yards this week.

Att'y Ed. George has moved into quarters in the Reckett block.

P. M. Ringdal returned from the big St. Louis convention this week.

The case of August Wentzel vs. Sharon came up on Wednesday.

Hired girl wanted. Enquire at parsonage of Congregational church.

Rev. S. Currie, of Euclid, paid this office a visit on Saturday evening.

Charlie Chiniquy has been spending a few days visiting friends in the city.

A. Gilmour, of McIntosh, took in the Dan Sully entertainment on Thursday evening.

Harry and John Wyand came out ahead on their horse suit. Good for the boys.

The Spectator says S. M. Dainerd rejoices in a bran new daughter. Here's Hol Sam.

The Rickett block is filling up rapidly. Doc. Van would not know his old stamping ground.

When people want to sell is a good time to buy. Next year they will not want to sell.

The Criterion Comedy Company for the balance of the week at the Grand Opera House.

See those fine parlor organs at A. Sture's. The best make and most reasonable prices.

The ice races of Friday had to be postponed owing to the unfavorable condition of the ice.

Bert Duntley's brother arrived in the city last week to remain and grow up with the country.

Rev. Mr. Hoyt, the Episcopal rector, went over to Grand Forks on Sunday to hold service there.

Miss Laura Laumman left on Friday evening for St. Peter, called to the sick bed of her mother.

Go to Chas. Vine's for choice meats. Remember the place, corner of Broadway and Robert sts.

Mayor McKinnon left Canada for home on Sunday evening and is expected this morning.

Remember Brown has another carload of horses to-morrow. Go and see the old reliable dealer.

The county superintendent of schools and his assistant are busy holding examinations this week.

Peter Cornelius had the misfortune to lose one of his best farm horses from colic on Monday night.

Ole Renne was up attending the Criterion Comedy Company on Monday and Tuesday evenings.

W. C. Lee is enjoying a visit from his father, who arrived from Buffalo, N. Y., on Monday morning.

Go and see Collins' horses. It will cost you nothing to look 'em over even if you don't wish to purchase.

We thought Tams Bixby sustained the part of the Judge at the play on Tuesday night in elegant style.

The Maple Bay Improvement Company is going ahead with their work as rapidly as circumstances will admit.

Ed. Bivens still continues to be confined to the house with rheumatism. Ed. is having a severe siege of it.

Miss Mary Cornelius, daughter of Peter Cornelius, who has been very ill for about four weeks, is convalescent.

Look out for that carload of fine young mares at Brown's stables tomorrow. Go and look them over.

Rev. Mr. Battey and A. A. Miller went to McIntosh last week to assist in organizing a Congregational church.

A lodge of Knights of Honor has been established in the city with a good large membership to commence with.

E. M. Walsh sold a farm in the town of Garfield this week, for $1,200. It keeps him busy keeping up with inquiries.

Hotels are taxed to their utmost capacity to take care of the transients who come to attend court and for other purposes.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co. will establish a branch at Fosston. The boys are rustlers. Note the change in their ad this week.

J. W. Wheeler: "It pays to advertise in THE JOURNAL. I am having lots of evidence of this fact in the many replies I am getting.

Chas. Attix was down from Mentor on Tuesday evening on his way to Grand Forks on business for the Maple Bay Improvement Co.

Chas. Vine invites attention to his new meat market on the corner of Broadway and Robert sts. For choice cuts call on Charlie.

Larson Carpenter & Co. are on the jump keeping up with their orders. Call and see them before you buy machinery of any kind.

N. F. Woodstrom brought in three extra fine fox skins last week and sold them for $1.50. They used to bring a greater price than that.

Alds A. C. Schmidt and W. E. Walker have taken possession of their new location on Second street, the place just vacated by G. M. Barber.

The case of the boys charged with sealing wheat, comes on in the district court next week. Atty. Ed. George has been appointed to defend.

See the notice of auction sale elsewhere in this issue of Chris Kern. Remember the date and go if you want a bargain in anything he offers.

E. M. Walsh says as to building prospects for the year, eight store buildings several cottages and one large flat will be built during the coming summer.

Mrs. Chris. Houston is suffering with La Grippe in addition to her other illness from which she was just recovering, At last accounts she was very ill.

The bridge builders are as busy as bees at work on the new structure for the Great Northern road. They expect to have it completed before the ice goes out.

Judge L. L. Baxter, of Fergus Falls, opened court on Monday morning in place of Ira B. Mills. Cap. Von Bornstadt holds down the stenographer's chair.

S. Langevin, who lives 6 miles east of the city on the river, offers his farm for sale for $25 per acre. Mr. L. has as fine a farmhouse and buildings as can be found in Polk County.

Ed. George is getting his new quarters in the Reckett block fixed up in elegant shape and is now ready to receive his friends. He occupies room 31, adjoining G. H. Palmer's office.

O. H. Berghdal, of Fosston, dropped in upon us last Friday to set that subscription ahead a year. Mr. B. was formerly county commissioner from that district and was a good one.

Chris. Houston has been offered $20 per acre in cash for his farm three miles southeast of the city. Chris says it will require another $5 per acre to induce him to consider the proposition.

Charlie Westerberg opened the Scandinavian house on Thursday evening with a big supper and a public reception. A large crowd were in attendance to give him a good send off.

Charlie Vine is now established in his new location on the corner of Broadway and Robert sts. Call and see how slick he has things arranged. Anything you need in the line of meats he has.

A box of clothing in the chamber at the residence of N. P. Stone took fire on Sunday and was consumed before discovery was made. It was a wonder that the whole business was not burned.

Attorney P. C. Schmidt arrived from Duluth bright and early Monday morning to attend court. He says our former fellow-townsman, K. D. Chase, has just made several millions in iron mines.

The grand jury got down to business on Monday morning and began to consider the cases brought before it. They spent nearly the afternoon considering the East Grand Forks horse case.

Dr. M. LeGuee says he has a two-year-old that can do up anything that appeared on ice on Monday, for money, chalk or marbles. Here is a chance for some of the boys to lose large money.

Farmer Heidrich was driving a fine pair of heavy farm horses about the streets on Wednesday morning; getting used to the granger motions before he goes out to the farm to be a sure enough farmer.

In a few weeks THE JOURNAL will have completed its 15th year. During all this time we have had the Fergus Falls Journal in exchange, and never, until last week, have we failed to get it promptly on Thursday morning. Last Thursday it did not arrive until Friday morning.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-89] Minneapolis, Minn.

The Northern Pacific Express office was robbed of $500 on Friday of last week by an employe who had been but two days on duty. The manager delivered him the package in the absence of Mr. White, the regular agent, and took his receipt. Later it transpired that a robbery had "happened" and it was then discovered that two first-class tickets for California had been nipped by the same frost. The man has not reported as yet.

Deacon R. Bain, of Fisher, dropped in to cheer the printer on Friday last and also to contribute to the relief of the hail sufferers. The Deacon bears his great age well. Looks as hearty as he used to when a resident of this place.

We are promised Mentor items occasionally. Thanks, we shall be more than glad to get them and will give 'em "right of way," "run of column," or any other choice location. Send 'em along and they will do your place a great deal of good.

The Register of Deeds office is kept busy nowadays recording the deeds of the many farms that have been bought recently. There have been more deals of this kind within the past three or four weeks than at any time since 1877; and still the work goes on.

The jury in the case of Johnson vs. Olson brougut in a verdict of $50 for plaintiff. In this case the plaintiff, an old man, sues his two sons to recover certain personal property, which, it was alleged, the defendants wrongfully and with malice prepense did distrain, sequester and appropriate to their own use against the statutes in such case made and provided and never mind the old man. The strong arm of the law and the 24 arms of the jury did award unto the old man the sum of $50.

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

STILL
AT
IT.

25 pieces, BEST QUALITY, 5-4 Table Cloth.................. 25c
80 doz. Genuine Opaque Window Shades, (3x6)................ 35c
10 pieces Cheviot Shirting................................ 7c
15 pieces Outing Flannels................................. 6c
10 pieces Black Brocaded Satine............................ 25c
25 pieces Shirting Prints................................... 5c
2 pieces 36 in. Hemp Carpet (best quality)........... 20c yd

Fontaine & Anglim.

John C. Wells, Esq., was in the city on Friday en route for his farm for a few days visit. He was accompanied by a Mr. O'Brecht, a prominent landlord of Fond du Lac, who is looking the country over.

In the case of H. Steenerson vs. the Waterbury Company the jury brought in a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $500. This action was brought to recover for services in the case of Waterbury vs. Buse.

If you intend ever to purchase city property now is the time to catch on for it is now at the lowest ebb it has been for some time or will be again in years if ever. Secure a home while lots may be had cheap.

The Ladies' Relief Corps ball at McKinnon's Hall on Thursday night was well attended and the receipts were close to $100. The net receipts will go far toward establishing a fine (and handsome) drum corps.

O. C. Bergland has been offered $20 per acre for his farm 7 miles southeast of the city. O. C. is not breaking his neck in his haste to accept. This farm is in Fairfax and is a good average sample of Fairfax farms.

Mr. R. Fairweather, of Euclid, was in town on Friday of last week. He is a little apprehensive that this kind of weather forebodes a late spring, although, he says, it is not impossible that it might thaw out and last.

Geo. Vine has sold his meat market on Robert street to Barnes & Slocum and will engage in buying cattle, hides and pelts. George was one of the best men in the business and we hope he will do well in his new avocation.

County Attorney Holston settles down to business in the court room again all the same as though he was not a recent delegate in the great St. Louis convention. Holston is bound to attend to business if he don't lay up a cent.

Miss Maud Strauser, a former Crookston girl is with the Criterion Company. Miss Maud is doing good work and will no doubt make a good actress. Her conception of the character of "Theodora," in Maud Muller is very good.

Look at This!

Minneapolis clear property, near Exposition building, for good land in Polk County.

W. B. McClure,
3,101 Stevens Avenue,
[46-48] Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALE.

My stock of Funeral Supplies, including Casket-Cabinets and Furniture, and all necessary appurtenances to carry on a first-class business of Undertaking. Also my Picture Framing and Upholstering material and cabinet makers and upholsterers' tools.

My business is well established and growing. Cheap rental and centrally located.

My stock and fixtures are second to none in the State. This is a rare business opening for the right party.

My reason for selling is ill health in my family. Address

J. V. E. WYATT,
Crookston, Minn.

At the present prices for farm lands a person can buy a good home for a very little money. We think we hazard nothing in saying that double these prices will be asked for these same lands before another twelve-month rolls around. Now is the time to catch on while the lands are cheap.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00
B. C. Jorgenson	10.00
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.
Lewis Ellington	$5.00.
E. Lanctot, 10 bu. oats,	10 bu. barley.
Thomas Wallace,	20 bu. barley
Goodwin Leppert(Wyla)	10 bu. oats.
Hayes Bros	20 bu. wheat.
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. barley.
Ben Geroux	2 " "
K. Hanson	4 " "
Ole Olson	2 " wheat.
E. W. Johnson	50 cents.
Will Himmelsback	10 bu. barley.
S. B. Palmer (Lockhart),	10 bu. potatoes.
Hugh Thompson,	25 bu. seed wheat.
E. M. Walsh, 10 bu. oats,	10 bu. barley.
D. C. Hallock, (Edna)	5 bu. barley.
Jake Ide 15 bu. oats,	15 bu. barle
Walter C. Lee	90 bushels wheat.
R. Bain (Fisher)	5 " barley.

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for market garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000.

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings. 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 80 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad sta. partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full sett Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $8,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

See what Mr. Brown has to say about those horses in his letter elsewhere in this issue and then go and see the horses themselves to-morrow. Don't wait too long if you want a fine young team of mares as such horses don't have to wait long for sales.

Tom Bjoin expects to start for Iowa this evening after a carload of horses, some of which are for his own use and some for sale. Since renting to Larson, Carpenter & Co., T. H. Bjoin has his office in the corner room up stairs, adjoining Steenerson & Stanton.

The Criterion Comedy Co. opened the week at the grand in "Under the Gaslights." As the manager publicly stated that he had no particular use for newspapers he will hardly expect us to go into ecstacies over the performance. They play each night this week.

After trying it alone for awhile Barnes & Slocum have climbed into the ship again—partnership, and will hereafter be found at the old stand on Robert street ready to serve the people. They have bought Geo. Vine's meat market also and will try their hand at choice cuts.

The lad who took the horses from East Grand Forks was indicted by the Grand Jury on Monday afternoon and brought before Judge Baxter who appointed P. G. Falardeau to defend him and ordered him arraigned on Tuesday morning to plead. He is an innocent looking chicken.

The majority of those from whom we desired to hear in the matter of those subscriptions have reported, and yet there are a few from whom we have not heard. To those who have kindly reported we say "thanks," and to those who have neglected to do so we would ask if you think our patience will endure forever?

The Criterion Company filled the Grand Opera House on Monday and Tuesday evenings. The company seems to be as good as the average traveling troupe, and the fact that they play to crowded houses seems to indicate that people like their work. The performances are certainly worth the moderate prices charged.

The Press notes the arrival of at least a dozen men who will go into busines at Thief River Falls. Verily Polk County is coming to the front lively and the falls is no unimportant factor. That paper also says the Carl Kretzschmar's little baby boy was recently christened "Carl." That's what we told you his name would be, didn't we?

We are trying to arrange for publishing a story of thrilling interest, called "The Great Hesper," which we expect to issue in supplement form. Look out for it. Don't lend it to your neighbors; tell them to subscribe for themselves and get the story and lots of other good things. The story alone, in book form, would cost you the price of THE JOURNAL.

Engineer Jack Bunnell enjoyed the exercises at the grand opera house on Thursday night. Said the running of that engine over the trestle reminded him of the first engine ever run over the bridge into Grand Forks, which the same, Jack drove her—and was presented by the citizens of Grand Forks with a fine clock for his cab. Jack says that was a big day.

Ignatius Donnelly, president of the State Alliance, is answering the attack of Senator Hompe through the Fergus Falls Journal. Mr. Donnelly will publish a series of six letters, which promise to be very interesting reading, judging from the first one, which appears this week. The Journal will be sent to you during these letters for 25 cents. Address Journal, Fergus Falls, Minn.

At the Congregational church next Sunday, March 6th, there will be no sermon at the morning service, but as it is communion Sabbath, the first half hour will be devoted to a service of song, prayer and brief scripture exposition, followed by the admission of members and the Lord's Supper. Evening sermon, "What is Your Life?" All invited.

Dan Sully, who appeared before a Crookston audience for the first time on Thursday last, captured the crowd—and it was a crowd too, almost every seat being occupied. Dan takes the Irish character to perfection and there was not a stick in the whole business. As a whole the entertainment was highly enjoyed and the audience well pleased.

Wanted.

A situation as foreman and housekeeper by a man and his wife. Best of references given. Call at JOURNAL office. [46-tf]

HORSES.

Here You Have It! Here You Have It!!

Mr. M. R. Brown writes THE JOURNAL from Ames, Iowa, under date of Feb. 27th as follows:

ED. JOURNAL: "I will be in Crookston on Friday, March 4th, with the best load of grade Norman mares that was ever in Polk County. They are from four to six years old, low down, blocky built and weigh from 1,400 to 1,700 pounds each. They are so large that 16 head fills the largest car closer than 18 head of ordinary horses does. I can say of this lot that it is as fine a lot as I ever shipped and that I can show them with pride, confident that they will suit the most particular."

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

The Grand Forks News says: "The News leads all others do but follow. Fisher raised $1,100 for the World's Fair exhibit. Crookston has her notes for $600 in bank!"

Oh, rats! That looks like it. The assessment for the whole of Polk County was only $1,100, of which amount the city of Crookston guarantees $600, the villages dividing the balance among them.

Engineer Jack Bunuell went out on Friday morning with a bran new engine, No. 214 which came up from St. Paul that morning for Jack's especial use. We 'spect Jack will be so awfully stuck up that he can't afford to call on poor neighbors like impecunious printers any more. Never mind, Jack, don't put on lugs; we may buy us a little ingine ourself one of these days; then we'll race you.

Chas. Vine lost a valuable horse on Wednesday morning. He had about 800 pounds of meat in his wagon driving up the hill on Main street. The horse pulled it up all right, showed no signs of distress and at the top of the hill stopped to blow a minute. Directly he commenced to shiver, fell and died in a few minutes. Charlie bought the horse of Chris Anderson only a few weeks ago.

S. L. Collins will receive a carload of fine young mares on Friday's freight and will be ready to show you as fine a lot of young horses as ever stepped in Polk County. Mr. Collins has been in this city ever since we had a city, has bought and sold hundreds of horses in that time, is one of the best judges of good horse flesh in Polk County, and every man who has ever dealt with Collins knows that his word is as good as his bond. Go and see this fine lot of animals.

If the people of the Eastern, Middle and New England States fully understood the advantages this country enjoys there would be such an immigration here this spring as was never before seen. Here the same exertion required to keep body and soul together there would make a man independent in a few years, and if he should come with a very little capital to start on so much the better. Very many who came here with nothing a few years ago have now a good farm and are in good circumstances.

Last week, one Carl Swanson stole a span of horses from L. E. Larson, of East Grand Forks, took the team to Fertile and traded them for one horse. Sheriff Grundysen soon learned of the whereabouts of the team and went down and raked them in, whereupon the man in whose possession they were found organized a secret detective force consisting of himself, took after the man and by an unerring instinct followed him until he run him to earth, whereupon he resolved himself into a full fledged officer, arrested Mr. Man and brought him to this city. The $200 State reward for catching horse thieves will amply repay him for all the inconvenience he suffered in the deal.

A paper is in circulation asking the Great Northern railroad authorities to erect new depot and freight buildings this spring, in view of the fact that the raising of the tracks will necessitate some changes. Mr. E. M. Walsh makes an excellent suggestion as to a site for the depot with hotel in connection therewith; and that is to take the Sherman house property on the corner of Main and Robert streets, add enough to make 150 feet fronting Main street, thus acquiring a tract 150 by about 160. This would give ample room for a magnificent hotel and depot building and is not so very impracticable after all when you come to think of it. It would be a very graceful thing for the company to do.

A case of extortion was related to us last week by a citizen of Maple Bay which looks more to us like a case of downright robbery than anything else. A man borrowed a sum of money in the summer of '91 on what was called 10 per cent straight. He gave a mortgage for the principal sum bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, then a second mortgage to secure a note for 4 per cent of the amount, due November 1st '91. When the latter note became due he had not quite enough to meet it, and owing to bad weather had been unable to thresh, so he wrote the company stating the circumstances and promising to do his best to meet the note at an early day. A few weeks thereafter, not having heard from his first letter he wrote again but got no reply so he concluded everything was all right and got his threshing done just as soon as possible, sold his wheat and came down on Thursday to pay his note, and to his surprise found that the mortgage had been foreclosed. We call this about the meanest thing of the kind we ever heard of and it looks like a deliberate attempt to steal the farm or to cause the man a great deal of needless extra expense to save his little home from the sharks. It is such cases as these that sours the dispositions of most mortals and makes them regard everything as through a glass darkly, and there should be some remedy provided to prevent the possibility of like occurrences.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston, Minn. Post Office, for the week ending Feb. 27, 1892:

Bentson, L. D. [illegible] Knudson, Miss Julia Olson, Miss Emma [illegible]

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, Postmaster.

Read the noble letter of John D. Knudson, elsewhere in this issue. It makes one's heart warm to read such sentiments, as it convinces one that real genuine christianity is not entirely extinct in the heart of man. In stating the cases of these men whom THE JOURNAL seeks to relieve, John omitted to say that some of them have lost crop after crop until this disaster made the fourth crop totally destroyed, and now all they have left is their farms, their teams and an indomitable determination to try it again if they can procure seed and feed for their teams. They could in no way have gone through the winter without help from their neighbors and some of the business men of Crookston, who have given them groceries and provisions and clothing. If they can now secure grain to sow they have a chance to catch up and live amongst our people, but if they don't the most of them will be absolutely obliged to sell their teams, give up their farms and go to some new country and try it again. We have been trying to arrange with the Great Northern Road to ship all contributions from points on their line in Polk County, and we have assurances that this will be done, although the company has not issued official orders to that effect as yet. Mr. Knudson's suggestions are wise and timely and are just what are needed at this time to stir up an interest in this matter that shall bear excellent fruit. Why, can it be possible that for the lack of a few bushels of grain each, the farmers of Polk County will allow a few of their number to be driven out of the county? We mistake the material of Polk County farmers if it is.

AUCTION SALE.

The undersigned will sell at his farm in the Town of Roome, on Wednesday, March 16th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property to-wit: Four good work horses, 1 heavy mare with foal to an imported horse, 1 pair yearling colts, 2 cows, 1 heifer. 2 farm wagons, 1 two-seat spring wagon, 1 pair sleighs, 1 cutter, 1 16-shoe drill, 1 field roller, 2 setts harrows, 8 plows, 1 cultivator, 1 fanning mill, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 1 sett blacksmith tools, 3 setts harness, household furniture, also 1001 other small articles too numerous to mention.

Terms—All sums of $5 and under, cash; on all sums over $5 time will be given until November 1st, 1892, on good approved notes bearing interest at 8 per cent per annum. A discount of 5 per cent will be given on all sums over $5 for cash. [46-47] CHRIS. KERN.

Mentor Items.

The Journal is a welcome visitor to our homes weekly.

Our proprietor of the young Dalrimple farm who went down to Steele County last fall, has returned with a blooming bride and Messrs. Moe & Buhn's cigars were well tested. The boys say the cigars were all right, but if the beer don't soon come a storm might burst over Dalrimple before he expects it.

The new cottage at Mentor is drawing near completion. Pete promised to do the thing up brown. We can look for our oyster supper in due time. Brace up, Pete, don't get nervous.

We are expecting a lively time this coming summer on the banks of our Maple Lake. Lots of lemonade and ice cream for G. Deniston is rolling up the ice to beat the Dickens.

The underbrushing has been going pretty lively for the past two weeks, The brush or poles being hauled to various places on the prairie, to be burned at the time that best suits the jayhawkers, leaving room for business to start in earnest on the new town site.

We would like to hear a little more about the old man Kramer, whose death occurred a few days ago. If he was buried as a pauper or rolled in the ground like a dumb brute, or are the reports false?

Wood hauling has been pushing rapidly here this winter, but unless more snow comes the teamsters will have to strike at other work.

If you havn't room in the JOURNAL for the Mentor items you know where the scrap basket is.

MENTOR GRIP.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Taken Up.

Came to my place on Feb. 3d, one light sorrel horse with white face and three white feet. Owner can recover by proving property and paying expenses of keeping and advertising. JOHN JOHNSON, Town of Kertsonville. [44-46]

WANTED!

Two or three men to work for me in Polk County. $4 to $12 per day, sure. If you are idle or working for small money now is the time. Any one can do the work and make big wages. Particulars free. Address,

W. ALBERT LANOTOT,

[41-48] Crookston, Minn.

For Sale.

I have for sale at my farm, 6 miles northeast of Crookston, a few choice young mares ready for farm work or driving purposes. Call early for choice. [45-tf] S. M. MCKEE.

The Song of the Democrat.

BY FRED W. DAVIS.

PRELUDE.

When you chance to meet a dem. upon the street
He will draw you 'round the corner and kindly pay the treat,
And preach to you his politics and show you this and that,
And then wind up by singing "The Song of the Democrat."

SONG OF THE DEMOCRAT.

If you will vote for us next election,
We will diminish your tax
By rooting out the pension laws
And breaking old veterans backs.
We'll cause things to be cheaper
By putting in free trade,
And upon home industries
We will make a raid.

CHORUS—Which is joined by the bartender and red nosed gentlemen about the bar; also by a rich baritone in the shape of a prolonged howl from a scrawny, brindle bird dog at the door.

Oh! Yes! You bet we'll run things fine,
On that point do not fear.
We'll cross Mason and Dixon's line
And give the confederate cheer.

Oh! We're in for free coinage
And all the other schemes
That tend to destroy a government,
And rob the treasury's beams.
We want to put high tariff
On the things we do not use.
And put upon the free list
The things that we produce.

CHORUS—

We want our favorite, (Cleveland,)
Of old confederate fame.
To win a large majority
In the next campaign.
In short, we'd like to demoralize
This government's whole foundation,
And hand it over, "head and heels"
To the "John Bull" English nation.

CHORUS—

At the conclusion of this song the democrat politician proposes a horn in honor of the democrats' "golden calf," (figuratively speaking) which the red nosed gentlemen are not loth to accept, after which they all disperse and the baritone, with a satisfied expression on his face and a tear of silent joy in his eye, sneaks off down a neighboring alley.

The Republican State Central Committee met in St. Paul on Tuesday to set the day for the State Convention to elect delegates to the National Convention. The day fixed was May 5th. Polk County is entitled to 9 delegates.

BOON TO FARMERS.

They can get $1.00 per Bushel for Their Wheat by Running Alliance Mills.

BLAKELY, Minn., March 1.—J. H. Johnson, the owner of a 50 barrel flour mill here and a devotee of farmers' alliance doctrines has created a good deal of comment in this neighborhood by issuing a letter to the farmers urging them to organize a farmers' alliance milling association. He has printed and circulated thousands of his three column documents, the burden of which is to show that the farmers of the Dakotas and Minnesota have lost $28,000,000 on the wheat of the last crop up to the ninth of December, 1891. He then proceeds to show the farmers their folly in not building their own mills and thereby securing $1 per bushel for their wheat with a ton of feed per hundred bushels together with some minor advantages. Any community that can deliver 75,000 bushels of wheat, he says, can thereby keep a fifty barrel mill running for a year and the mill can be built for almost $7,000. That, Mr. Johnson says, will secure $1 a bushel for every bushel of wheat raised by the shareholders. Mr. Johnson would allow 50 cents a barrel for the handling of the flour, and the agents he would send abroad to dispose of it would be the farmers' sons.

OATS WANTED.

S. L. Dobson wants to secure all the oats in Polk County that are suitable for his business, for which he will pay the highest market price.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk, } ss.

The State of Minnesota, to George Herbet, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 31st day of March, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston in said county, to answer to Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand this 27th day of February, 1892.

[46-48] Justice of the Peace.

A. H. DUNLAP, M. D.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

$60 REWARD.
FREE FOR TWO MONTHS.
THE HOME MAGAZINE

Every lady sending us the names of 20 housekeepers will receive a copy of The Home Magazine FREE for two months.

To those who may be desirous of sending us more than 20 names, we offer the following cash prizes for the largest lists received, viz:

For the largest list.......$20.00
" " next largest list.......10.00
" " third " ".......5.00
" " fourth " ".......3.00
" " fifth " ".......2.00
" " 20 largest lists, 50c each. 10.00
" " next 20 largest lists, 50c " 10.00

Rules Governing this Competition.

1. All names must reach us not later than December 1st, and all prizes will be mailed not later than December 10th.

2. Put the names of those living in different towns on separate sheets of paper, giving the name of the state and county in the top right hand corner, and the number of names contained on the sheet in the top left hand corner. Thus:

4 Kansas. Olathe.
Mrs. Henry Brown,
Amelia Duggan,
Chas. Semple, box 810.
Amelia Walker.

3. Give the total number of names contained in your list in the letter accompanying the same.

4. Be careful to write as distinctly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

Names of the prize winners will be announced in the January, 1893, number of the Home Magazine.

THE BRODIX PUBLISHING CO.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

WHEREVER KNOWN

The Dowagiac Shoe Drill

Has Gained the Reputation of being

The Best Seeding Machine

And the many points of superiority over other Drills on the market, entitle them to the nome they hold as the "King of Seeding Machinery." For sowing in rows close together—5 inches—others are 6 and 7 inches—ease of operation, lightness of draft, we recommend them to any careful, investigating farmer. They will not clog; we warrant them to work where a seeker will work. They are well built, durable and are sold as low as their excellent quality will admit.

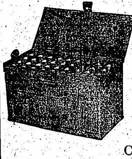
We have some special BARGAINS IN HARROWS. 150 tooth 4-horse Boss Harrow, $22. 101 tooth 3-horse $15. 77 tooth 2-horse, $11. We have a nice line of disc and lever Harrows which will arrive this week.

Our full spring line of Rushford Wagons, Grand Detour and Scandia Plows are beginning to come in. We have also the well known Minneapolis Binder, Walter A. Wood Mower, Advance Thresher and Engine, Columeus and Racine Buggies, Carts and Road Wagons. Finest line of these goods ever brought to town will arrive soon. Give us a call and get our prices before buying.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co.,

OPERA BLOCK, - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,
CROOKSTON, MINN
Opera House Block,

DO NOT FORGET THE
60--DAYS--60

IT WILL INTEREST YOU
—IF YOU WISH—
To Save Money.

MARKED
DOWN
Red Figure
SALE

OF CLOTHING
AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
AT THE BOSTON
ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Bring on your oats and get your receipts. [33-tf]

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

STUDY LAW
AT HOME.
Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to J. COTNER, Jr., Sec., No. 80 Whitney Block DETROIT, MICH.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS,

ORGANS.

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS. Grand Forks, N. D.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Coms'r. D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-t-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

$75 MONTH $300
Do You Want
Employment?

Cy which you can make from $75.00 to $250.00 per month—the amount depending on whether you work part or all your time, and on the amount of VIM and VIGOR and PLUCK and PUSH you put into the work. If so, it might pay you to write to us. WE'VE GOT SOMETHING THAT GOES, and there's room for a few more to come in. It won't cost you much to investigate—only a two-cent stamp. WE WANT A LIVE, WIDE-AWAKE REPRESENTATIVE IN YOUR COMMUNITY, EITHER MAN OR WOMAN. If you are interested we'd like to hear from you. We'll show you where there's some money. All information by return mail. Then if you are not convinced, all right; there'll be no harm done—only YOU'LL MISS A GOOD THING. Better write at once. Address

The Brodix Publishing Co
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Work Horses - - & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN,

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later, if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than and dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,
Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building.

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.
Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

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CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

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Great Transcontinental Route

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

The Dining Car Line

Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ROUTE.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Minnesota, North Dakot and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily Express Trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE.

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables, or special information, apply to

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CHAS. S. FEE,
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Undertaker,
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Carries a full supply at all times. Always ready to attend to calls and take full charge if necessary.

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Can supply anything in the line of

FURNITURE,
PICTURE FRAMES,—————
—————MOULDINGS, Etc., Etc.

Give Me a Call.

THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONNY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.
A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by or day night

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR (ASH,
Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.
Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.
☞ Farmers custom specially invited,
Terms $1.00 per Day.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
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THE NEW
NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	Sheep, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

A. A. JUST, M. D,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 3, 1892.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:20 a. m.........................Arrive 6:45 p. m

FOSSTON BRANCH.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Depart 7:30 a. m.........................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m.........................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH, ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE AND TAKE NO OTHER [illegible] BURLINGTON

McINTOSH, Feb. 26, 1892.

ED. JOURNAL:—In your issue of the 18th inst. I notice a communication from President H. G. Mitchell of the Polk County Alliance, in which he recommends that each sub-alliance appoint a committee to solicit aid to our unfortunate fellow citizens who lost their crops by hail last summer, and as a consequence of such loss are utterly unable, without aid from their more fortunate fellowmen, to proceed with the cultivation of their farms, and as a result will loose their homes. I heartily approve of Mr. Mitchell's recommendation and would add: Let it be done at once; let every sub-alliance appoint their committee and the committee take action in the matter immediately. There is no time to be lost; seeding time will be at hand soon. It is a noble idea to help the starving Russian, but when your neighbors need help I think it more proper that they should have your attention first. Another word; I believe that "charity should begin at home." These men who lost their crops last year, came here to build up this county and help you to bear the burden of taxation. They lost their crops last summer, you may loose your crop next summer or some other time in the future. No one fully realizes the situation these men are in until they have had a taste of it themself. All the business men in the county should take hold and help this matter along for the simple reason that the success of business men depends on the success of the tillers of the soil. If you are a minister of the gospel, you certainly should be the leading star in advocating this important necessity to your brethren. If you are a Christian take hold and do what you can and show us a little practical christianity, for it is this kind of christianity the world has been short of and needs to practice more in the future than what has been done heretofore. You may say: I am too poor to help any one; all I can do is to try and get along myself, and I cannot do anything for these people who suffered from hail. To these men I will reply that there is not a single farmer in Polk County (I mean those who did not loose any of their crop) but what they can give at least one bushel of wheat or two bushels of oats, if not any more, and if every one would proceed in this manner and do what they could, give as much as they could afford, it would be no difficulty at all to collect a sufficient quantity of grain to supply these unfortunate men with feed and seed so as to enable them to go on with their farming operations.

J. D. KNUTESON,
Sec'y Polk County Alliance.

Walter C. Lee has been prominently mentioned as a candidate for mayor at the coming election. Mr. Lee has been for some time a prominent citizen of this city and is a man thoroughly identified with her interests, a man of broad and liberal views and such a man as should at this time be at the head of our municipal affairs, and if Mr. Lee would accept the thankless position our citizens would do well to nominate and elect him. This is saying nothing against our worthy present mayor who has filled the office two terms very creditably to himself and the city.

World's Fair Notes.

A parade, participated in by 24,000 bicyclists, may be a sight at the Exposition. Efforts are being made to bring about that result.

The Pennsylvania coal operators want to construct a building entirely of anthracite coal at the Exposition, and to have 50,000 tons of best anthracite on exhibition.

Balsa Brothers, the largest cigar manufacturers in Mexico, will make an extensive exhibit at Chicago, in 1893, and Loring Olmstead, who has charge of one of the largest tobacco plantations in Mexico, which is the property of the Bank of London, and situated in the State of Puebla, will make a very interesting exhibit, illustrating "hacienda" life in Mexico. Mr. Olmstad was formerly an officer in the United States navy, and is a graduate from the Annapolis Naval Academy.

The horticultural department of the Exposition is planning to have a magnificent rose garden in which will be fully 50,000 plants, besides large groups in special areas. The garden will be of classic design with temples, arbors, archways and trellises.

The Rhode Island World's Fair board contemplates having its exposition building at Chicago combine the best architectural features of its State capitol at Providence, together with those of the old capitol building formerly occupied at Newport.

A bill making a World's Fair appropriation of $50,000 and authorizing municipal and county authorities to make additional appropriations for the same purpose has been introduced in the Virginia legislature.

New Hampshire, as a delightful place of summer resort, will be demonstrated by a portion of the exhibit made by that State at the Exposition. At least such is the present intention, and summer resort proprietors, editors, railroad officials and others have been invited to a conference to decide upon the best plan for accomplishing that end.

A state World's Fair conference, presided over by commissioner Lindsay, was recently held at Louisville, Ky., with about 250 representative citizens present from all parts of the state. The Governor's recommendation that the legislature make a liberal World's Fair appropriation was unanimously indorsed and $100,000 was named as the sum deemed necessary for creditable representation. It was recommended that 15 per cent. of this sum be devoted to the collection of an exhibit illustrating the resources and history of the state with a view of first showing it at the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the admission of the state into the Union, to be held at Lexington, and afterward including it in the exhibit to be taken to Chicago.

Some Swiss painters, at Geneva, are painting a large panorama of the Bernese Alps, with the intention of bringing it to Chicago for the World's Fair. The panorama will measure 51 by 345 feet and cost $300,000. The sketches for the panorama were taken from the summit of the Mannlichen, 6,600 feet high.

The resources and industries of the state of Mineas Geraes, Brazil, will be shown at an exhibition which opens at Ouro Prato on June 15, 1892. The best of the exhibits will be brought to Chicago later.

The Governor of Dutch Guiana has appointed a commission of 13 to superintend the exhibit which that colony will make at the Fair.

A New York advisory committee of artists has been selected, which will pass judgment on the admissibility of American works of art offered at New York as exhibits at the Exposition. This committee embraces Eastman Johnson, R. S. Gifford, W. M. Chase, J. C. A. Ward, August St. Gaudens, J. G. Brown, H. Bolton Jones and F. D. Millet, all of the National Academy.

The British royal commission for the Chicago Exposition is endeavoring to form a typical collection, illustrating British metallurgy for the British section, and it is now applying to owners and managers of metallurgical works, asking for specimens of each of their principal metallurgical products, and also for specimens illustrating various processes. Dr. E. J. Ball, the instructor in assaying at the Royal College of Science, South Kensington, has undertaken to classify and arrange the collection which, when complete, will doubtless be fully illustrative of the condition of metallurgy in the kingdom. At the close of the Exposition the collection will be presented to an American museum.

The president of Ecuador has decreed that the governors of each state of the republic shall collect and forward to Quito exhibits of all kinds illustrating the riches and the productions of their several states. The Archbishop of Ecuador has issued an order to the bishops and priests throughout the republic directing them to do the same, and also to collect and forward everything which may be in their keeping illustrative of the history of the country suitable to exhibit at Chicago. The consul-general of the United States in Quito has directed the consuls and vice-consuls and consular agents at different points in Ecuador to assist the governors of states in every way possible in the matter of collection of articles relating to commerce with exterior countries. The entire exhibit so collected and exhibited in Quito during the National Exposition will be forwarded intact to Chicago.

A Berlin despatch states that Emperor William is greatly interested in Germany making a fine exhibit at the Exposition, and that he has personally urged Krupp, the noted gun-maker, and Schlutow, manager of the shipbuilding works at Stettin, to exhibit the latest and best products of their vast industries.

The Society for the promotion of Physical Culture and Correct Dress has applied for nineteen hundred square feet of floor space in the woman's building to make an exhibit. The exhibition by the society will be by means of statuary, photographs, pictures, and cases containing costumes. The application says as the aims of the society are educational it would prefer not being classed with reforms or charities.

A British woman's committee has been selected to superintend the representation of the work of English women at the Exposition, and to co-operate with the board of lady managers. The committee has for its president Princess Christian, third daughter of Queen Victoria, and includes the Marchioness of Salisbury, Baroness Burdett-Coutts, Countess of Aberdeen, Lady Churchill, Lady Agnes Buren, Lady Brassy, Lady Jeune, Lady Knutsford, Mrs. Fawcett, Mrs. Priestly, Mrs. Forsythe and others.

Robert Mitchell, Secretary of the Polytechnic institute, is in Chicago perfecting arrangements for 2,500 or 3,000 members of the institution visiting the Exposition. They will be brought over at the rate of 200 a week in parties of 50 in charge of a conductor, and will spend two days in New York, two in Washington, one at Niagara Falls, and six in Chicago. The expense per individual for the round trip will be about $115. The Polytechnic conducted similar parties to the Paris Exposition.

In the Washington State exhibit will be included a representation of the methods used by the Makah Indians in catching salmon and other fish. The exhibit will include boats, lines, hooks, seines, harpoons, etc.

The Connecticut members of the board of lady managers have undertaken to raise by contribution a fund with which to pay for a fine bust of Harriet Beecher Stowe. This will be their contribution towards the adornment of the walls of the woman's building. Copies of Mrs. Stowe's literary works will also be contributed.

It is reported from Argentine Republic that strong pressure is being brought upon that government to increase its World's Fair appropriation from $100,000 to $800,000.

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'——The Hustlers,

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OF ALL KINDS.

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Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

—IS—

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

Notice of Sale Under Decree.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Karl Sletten, Plaintiff, vs. Carl Ulsteen and Julie Ulsteen, Defendants.

In pursuance to a judgment and decree of the Court in the above entitled action, dated February 1st 1892, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me with instructions to enforce the same, I, the undersigned sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the District Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, on Friday the 8th day of April, A.D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the real estate and premises described in said judgment and decree, to wit: The south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk, Minnesota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 5th, 1892.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

H. STEENERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Crookston, Minn. [43-49]

U. S. LAND OFFICE.
Crookston, Minn., February 3rd, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 11th, 1892, viz: ALFRED SAVARY, Hd. 14,686, for the n½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 4 Sec. 27, Tp. 150, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jacob R. Barb, Frank Robert, Edmund M. Walsh, Christopher Hanson, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minn.

[42-47] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 24th, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Lars. J. Hagen, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of John L. Hagen, of town of Queen, of the County of Polk, representing, among other things, that Lars J. Hagen, late of the town of Queen, County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1892, at the County of Polk died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County, at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Ole Nelson and Ludvig Olson granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court on Monday, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1892.

By the Court: O. M. BENSON,
[45-47] Judge of Probate.

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK,

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Feb. 15th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on May 10th, 1892, viz: TOM SANDEM, Hd. 12411, for the sw¼ Sec. 28, Tp. 147, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Gustav Christianson, Gitle Stromstad, Olaus Anderson, Bernt Bentson, all of Edna P.O., Polk Co., Minn.

[44-49] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication, January 21st, 1892.]
[Last publication, March 3rd, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of one hundred and thirty and 16-100 dollars, interest which is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Alphonse Paridis and Elmira Paridis, his wife, mortgagors, to The Loan and Guarantee Company of Hartford, Connecticut, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, 1889, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of November, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 52.

And whereas the said The Loan and Guarantee Company, the mortgagee and holder of said mortgage, has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage, and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 Dollars, with interest on nine hundred and twelve ($912) dollars thereof at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the 18th day of January, 1892, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of Section thirty-four (34) Town one hundred and fifty (150) of Range forty-two (42), in Polk County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on

SATURDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF MARCH, 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and forty-six and 82-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1892.

The Loan and Guarantee Company,
Mortgagee.

A. Humphreys,
Attorney of Mortgagee. [40-46]

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor

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ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

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STOVES AND RANGES

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—DEALERS IN—

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES

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SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6.00
1 inch	75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

UP GOES TWINE!

AN ADVANCE OF THREE TO FOUR CENTS A POUND.

Bigger Profits for the Trust.

Last Year $1,400,000 Was Made in Clear Surplus.

WHAT WILL IT BE THIS YEAR?

The Advance Will Be An Additional Burden on the Farmers That Will Be Resented.

Minneapolis Journal.

Amid all the mists which surround this question of the supply of binding twine for the farmers of the Northwest, one ugly peak pokes up its head to-day. It is brought into plain view by the fact, developed by the Journal this morning, that there is to be a strong advance in the price of binding twine.

As a matter of fact the advance is already on, the price having been put up in the past few days. It will be advanced still farther before the wheat is ripening on the prairies of the Northland. During the fiscal year ending Oct. 31st 1891, the National Cordage Company which some of the interested parties are beginning to believe is a most healthy octopus, made a profit of $1,406,813.45, paying out $1,300,000 in dividends. This is on the authority of the company itself, and it is not likely that too large a profit would be announced. The indications are that the cordage company and the other companies not merged in that concern will be able to show a still larger dividend when the coming year's business is cleaned up.

Last year the farmers could buy their binding twine for from 7 to 12 cents per pound. This year they will have to pay from 10 to 15 cents per pound, and if it does not go higher than that they may consider themselves lucky. President Waterbury, of the National Cordage company, says in the report which he made to the annual meeting held in Weehawken, N. J., three weeks ago, after enumerating the absorption of a new establishment, and the consequent reduction in the cost of production;

"Through these advantages, secured by the control of many mills, and their management under one direction, the company hopes to be enabled to secure an increased margin of profit without increasing the prices of its product to the consumers."

Just how much there is in this statement may be gleaned from the fact, as above stated, that the price of binding twine has already advanced and will still go on higher.

The National Cordage Company now owns and controls 49 different plants. T. B. Lindsay, of Lindsay Bros., the representatives of the Plymouth Cordage Company, of Plymouth, Mass., a company which has not gone into the combine, admitted to a Journal man that the raise was on. He said that they had been advancing their prices for some time and were likely to still farther advance them. He said the fact was they had sold about all the twine already that they cared to; they didn't particularly care about selling any more. He paid his compliments to the Farmers' Alliance folk who propose to go into a combine of their own to secure a lower rate.

W. J. Dean, well known in agricultural circles, confirmed the reported raise. He said that his firm bought their supplies as they needed them. He was unqualifiedly opposed to gambling in binding twine as he was to gambling in wheat. Mr. Dean thought the advance would probably be from 3 to 4 cents per pound, at least, over what the price was last year.

While to the farmer of 50 acres the advance in price will not mean a very great extra expenditure of money, yet he will feel it just the same. No small farmer cares to have even a third increase in the cost of his twine. To the large bonanza farmers the increase is a matter of serious moment. It takes the merest novice in figures to see that if the National Cordage Company made a profit of over $1,400,000 last year, it won't be losing enough to reduce it to beggary when it increases the selling price of its product by from 20 to 30 per cent at no increase in cost. President Waterbury said at the annual meeting above referred to that $1,400,000 profit "merely represents the profits of the mills formerly owned by the company, whereas now its manufacturing capacity has been very largely increased and its earnings should be increased accordingly." Benjamin Seaward, the comptroller of the company, says that the results of the business for the past year has been "fairly satisfactory." For the next quarter ending Jan. 31st, the comptroller estimates that, after deducting expenses, rentals and all fixed charges, the profits will be found sufficient to pay the entire annual dividend of $400,000 on the preferred stock, a quarterly dividend o $250,000 on the common stock, "besides," he adds, "leaving a large surplus."

These facts the Journal has from an indisputable authority—the cordage company itself. These facts, taken in connection with the announcement that the price of binding twine is being advanced, add a significant chapter to the current cordage tale. As Minneapolis is one of the principal twine markets of the country the advance has a peculiar local interest.

THE NEW PARTY.

Midway News.

The third party struggle at St. Louis, this week; the bolt in the New York Democratic convention, and the wide spread dissatisfaction among Republicans regarding the high-handed manipulation of the self-chosen bosses, both in state and national politics, are all evidences of the process of disintegration now going on in political circles. The old Greenback party is breaking up; the Single Tax party is breaking up; the Woman's Rights party is breaking up; the Prohibition party is breaking up; the Farmers' Alliance is breaking up; the Republican planet has many times cast from itself its mugwumpish meteors, and now the old rock-ribbed and rock-bottomed Democratic world is giving signs of decay. This decay and this disintegration, however, is not a mere process of putrifaction, wherein the disintegrating elements at once lose themselves in space, but rather the decay of seeds in fertile soil which promise to bring forth new fruit. Careful observers outside the realms of the various political machines, commonly called parties, have not failed to discover the alarming extent to which personal greed actuates their movements. These careful observers in all parties have noticed, in fact, that the most active men in their respective organizations but use the sacred principles underlying the foundation of the republic and the preservation of popular liberty as a means for the advancement of selfish ends, and hence the disintegration in all parties. These careful observers, to be sure, are themselves more or less divided among themselves on account of self interest, but they all realize that the preservation of the political authority within the hands of the people is the first essential to their own welfare and happiness, so that when they see one or two or three self-appointed leaders undertake to rule and govern regardless of the consent of the governed, they naturally rebel. This rebellion is now going on in all parties and in all sections of the country. It has been going on more or less for years, it is true, but one feature of it which must not be overlooked is the present tendency on the part of all the disintegrating portions to come together. The St. Louis meeting is but an aggregation of dismembered elements from the old parties. Some were broken off on account of the old parties' attitude in protecting the liquor evil; some were broken off on account of the old parties' partiality to the bondholders and national banks; some were broken off on account of the old parties' partiality to large employers of labor; some were broken off on account of the old parties' partiality to railroad, telegraph, warehouse and milling corporations, and still others were broken off from the old parties for the simple reason that they were not taken into the machine there, and given an office. Thus we have the Prohibition party, the Greenback party, the Labor Union party and the Farmers' Alliance, each movement seriously impeded, however, by demagogical leaders who but use the honest sentiments of their followers as trading stock with the old parties. There are certain considerations underlying all this, however, that are worthy of attention.

1. The liquor evil appeals to the old parties for protection on account of the money there is in the traffic—it tends to concentrate wealth.

2. The national bank system, and our interest-bearing bond system upon which it rests, appeals to the old parties for like reason—it tends to concentrate wealth.

3. The consolidation of industry into few hands, and the subjecting of the employe to the employer, too, appeals to both of the old parties because it tends to concentrate wealth.

4. The railway, warehouse, milling and mining combinations also appeal to both of the old parties, and these, too, tend to the concentration of wealth.

The tendency of both the Democratic and Republican parties, then, as now constituted, is in the same direction—the concentration of wealth. The tendency of all four of the new parties, the Prohibition, the Greenback, the Labor Union and the Farmers' Alliance is in the opposite direction and lead toward the dissemination of wealth. Here, then, is found a fundamental principle upon which both of the old parties tend to unite on the one hand while all four of the new parties tend to unite on the other. Wealth gives power, and power enables one to acquire wealth. The concentration of wealth for the development of the earth's natural resources is popularly admitted as right and proper, because in that the masses share with capitalists the benefits of concentration. But the concentration of wealth for the mere purpose of obtaining arbitrary power over the masses is generally feared and will be generally opposed in this country. The abuse of the powers of wealth, in the hands of corporations as well as in the hands of crowned monarchs, is what causes dissatisfaction among the masses; dissatisfaction causes disintegraton from the old parties, until, after a time, as we observe to-day, the disintegrated parts unite and form a new party. If the old parties continue to make the acquirement of wealth and power the chief end of their endeavors, dissatisfaction will increase, the disintegrated parts will be forced to unite for the common good until a new party comes into power. The only hope of the old parties is to place such restriction around accumulated wealth as will keep it into legitimate employment, that is, as Andrew Carnegie says, keep it as a trust fund, in the hands of individuals though it be, for the development of such arts and industries as will promote the good of the whole. If the old parties permit wealth to be squandered in extravagant and luxurious dissipation, then a new party will come in power. The liquor evil must be abated; the cupidity of the bondholders must be restricted; the cruelty of the employing classes must be controlled and the monopolistic tendencies of the channels of transportation must be governed. Upon the course of the old parties on these questions depends the rise of the new party. If the old parties do not meet the popular demand on these essential points statesmen will some day arise, brush off the vagaries and extravagancies put forward by the shallow demagogues now at the head of the disintegrating forces, reorganize them upon a solid basis, and lead them into power. The old parties have reached their crisis. They must either leave off their narrow scramble for spoils and offices and rise to the dignity of true statesmanship or suffer themselves to be supplanted by a new party.

The Phrenological.

The new speaker in the house of representatives leads in the Phrenological Journal and Science of Health for January. He looks the characteristic commonly ascribed to his surname. Dr. Lowber talks well but briefly on Moral Science Made Practical, and a good description of the ancient Syrian methods in art and industry, with illustrations, follows. Dr. Amariah Brigham figures as one of the immortals who helped along in the early days of American Phrenology. A right noble looking man was he. A poem on February is about the average magazine verse. How Phrenology Saved Her Reputation appears to be a true sketch, and A Teacher's Testimony is in a similar vein. A Review of Phrenological Doctrine is the work of a scholar, the social and selfish faculties being considered. Governing Children, On Using Both Hands, and Let Us Live with our Children are conspicuous features in "Child Culture." Modern Football is practically and sensibly scored by H. S. D. Why a Vegetarian and The Little House are right to the point, and the latter deserves special circulation all through the country. If its advice were opeyed there would be little grippe. The Notes in Phrenology show a clever hand in selection and arrangement; they are very instructive. And so, for that matter, are all other departments of this admirable number of the veteran monthly. Published at $1.50 a year, 15c. a number. Address the publishers, Fowler & Wells Co., Pubs., 777 Broadway, New York.

The March Wide Awake is a timely and attractive issue of the favorite magazine. Its frontispiece, illustrating Miss Brastow's characteristic story of "A March Mood," capitally suggests the lingering snow of the departing winter, and there are March pictures and poems suitable to the season. The most important illustrated discriptive articles are Mrs. Stanton's brief but interesting description of Gray's Forest—the famous tract of the Burnham Beeches near to London, and the quaint churchyard of Stoke Pogis, where the writer of the immorthl "Elegy" was laid away, and Miss Eliza Ruhamah Scidmore's capital account of a visit to the palace of a Chinese noble. To this she gives the Chinese title, "Chin, Chin, Huana Ta-ta!" and the "Chin Chin" will be enjoyed by old and young alike, so delightful a glimpse is it into a high-class Chinese home. Mrs. Harriet Maxwell-Converse concludes her entertaining chapters on Iroquois life with a spirited account of the Indian children's "Fire-Fly song"; Lieut.-Col. Thorndike contributes to his series of "One Man's Adventures," an account of his startling experience "As War Correspondent," when his sagacious dog saved his life, and Mrs. E. F. Bonsell tells of the elephant's bath at the Philadelphia Zoo. A bright and spirited story is one by Mrs. Edith Perry Estes, well known among Boston newspaper women, entitled "My Spanish Princess." Rebecca Mays Nadal tells a capital historic tale of King James V. of Scotland, under the title, "The Goodman of Ballengiech;" Margaret Johnson has a girl's story, "The Red Necklace," to which Jessie McDermott has given some quaint, old-fashioned pictures; Mary Catherine Crowley also tells a frontier story of two generations back, "The Lost Darning-Needle of Fitzroy," which Miss Kirk has furnished with a pleasing picture, and there is a humorous story of "How Joey Rang the Bell," by J. T. Harbour; a funny account of an encounter between "A Boy and a Bear," by Caryl D. Haskins, and also one of the over-confident young Oriental, whom people called "I know." The serial stories, "Jack Brereton's Three Month's Service," by Maria McIntosh Cox, and "The Lance of Kanana," by the entertaining story teller who conceals his identity under the Arabic "Abd el Ardavan," are both of them absorbing, and one scarcely knows which is the more exciting—the suspense that filled the Brereton home (as it did so many others) after the defeat at Bull Run, or the remarkable ride across the Arabian desert to deliver the caliph's message to Kahled the Invincible. The poetry in the number is from such verse-makers as Herbert D. Ward, who sings of the loyalty of a beautiful Collie; Elsie Kendall, who has a capital doll poem, "The Woes of Noll;" Jane Ellis Joy, Mary Catherine Crowley, Clara Doty Bates and others. The Men and Things department is full of entertaining things worth remembering, while the Odd Business Paper by Mr. Bridgman introduces the reader to the wonderful "Museum of Marvels." There is reading matter enough, and pictorial matter enough in the March Wide Awake to last the boys and girls for a long time, for everything in the magazine is worth the reading and the rereading which its army of admirers will give it. Wide Awake is published at 20 cents a number, $2.40 per year. At the newsdealers. D. Lothrop Co., Publishers, Boston.

One of the remarkable features of the Exposition will be a series of religious congresses from August 25th through the month of September, 1893. The chairman of the general committee, Rev. John Henry Barrows, of Chicago, has associated with him members of sixteen different religious organizations. They have invited the representatives of all the great historic religions to confer together and to show what light religion has to throw on the great problems of the age. Their plan has met the approval of Mr. Gladstone, Cardinal Gibbons, the poets Holmes and Whittier, Archbishops Ireland and Ryan, Professor Drummond, Professor Godet, of Switzerland; Rabbi Maybaum, of Berlin; President Washburn, of Robert College, Constantinople; Justice Ameer Ali, of Calcutta; Bunyin Nanjie, a learned Buddhist, of Japan, and scores of the leading scholars of America and Great Britain.

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

THE MERCANTILE AGENCIES.

In a former article I pointed out the law in New York, and that which is generally followed, to be that the reports of mercantile agencies are privileged communications, exempting them for liability for statements otherwise libelous when, and only when, such reports are made to subscribers having an interest which the law will recognize in the information given; and this interest must be more specific than that which subscribers have in all persons reported, and must be an interest in the particular concern or business concerning which the report is made.

The rule is the same where the reporus are made in cipher.

The mere statement in a printed report that persons interested in a certain person named are invited to call at the office of the agency for information, and nothing more, is not libelous.

A New York case in 1888 decides that a false agency report, to the effect that a judgement has been rendered against a person, naming him, is not libelous per se, and that, without proof of special damage arising therefrom, the agency is entitled to a verdict, the argument of the judges being that this of itself is not sufficient from which to infer unsoundness of financial condition.

On the same theory a Maryland case holds that to publish falsely of a man that he has given a chattel mortgage is not libelous per se, without proof of special damage.

A United States Court case arose in 1867, where the question at issue was whether the defendant, Tappan, could employ in his office some twenty clerks who had access to records in which were written items affecting the credit of merchants, the business of these clerks being to copy these records and communicate their contents to customers in answer to inquiries, and still enjoy immunity from liability on the ground of privileged communications. Justice Nelson, delivering the opinion, observed, that if the defendant himself had communicated the report in good faith and to a proper person, it might have been privileged, but the publicity given the report in the defendant's office by recording it in a book to which others, though clerks, had access deprived it of its privileged character. Courts generally, have refused to accept this doctrine, and it may be considered as settled that the agency may use any number of clerks necessary to the transaction of its business, and the recording of information in books to which such persons have access, does not deprive the communication of its privileged character.

For cases upon this subject we refer to Beardsley v. Tappan, 5 Blatchf. (U.S.), 497; King v. Patterson, 49 N. J. L., 417; Erber v. Dun, 4 McCrary (U.S.), 160. It would seem that in Canada the law as to the liability of mercantile agencies is the reverse of that in this country.

It seems to be held that no report by an agency is a privileged communication whether made to an interested subscriber or not.

Viewed in the light of the general trend of decisions made in our courts, it would seem that Judge Cooley, in his work on Torts, has stated the law incorrectly in saying that "if one makes it his business to furnish to others information concerning the character, habits, standing and responsibility of tradesmen, his business is not privileged, and he must justify his reports by the truth."

Dr. Francis Wharton has perhaps erred in the other direction when he states that communications when made to subscribers, are interested in the communication or not. The subject will be pursued further in our next article.

Through misinformation a "World's Fair note" recently stated that the Island building would combine the architectural features of the present capitol building and of the one formerly used at Newport. Such is not the case. The structure will combine the features of the "old stone mill" at Newport, which is of unknown origin and which is alluded to in Longfellow's "Skeleton in Armor," and those of the "Arcade," a business building in Providence erected about 65 years ago.

Connecticut held an enthusiastic World's Fair meeting at Hartford on Washington's birthday, ex-Governor Waller presiding. A committee of sixteen, two from each county, were appointed to look after the State's representation at the Exposition. Sixteen lady managers were also chosen. Subscriptions being called for, $50,000 was pledged on the spot. It is expected that the legislature, when its deadlock is broken, will reimburse the subscribers.

NEW FED MILL

CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,

THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER,

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Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the

DRINK and OPIUM HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

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[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

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FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2 65
North Star,	2.50
Fife,	2.15
Skip Jack,	1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

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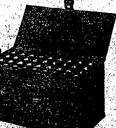
Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Opera House Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 10, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 71.
1 Northern 70.
2 Northern 64.
3 Northern 60.

Collins will sell you good work horses at the right price.

County Commissioner Stortroen's wife died last week.

The old familiar rattle of wagons is again heard in the land.

The case of Wentzel vs. Charron was decided in favor of the plaintiff.

This looks like an early spring. If the river breaks up that settles it.

N. B. Soper, of Andover, secured a team of those fine mares of Brown last week.

A runaway on Main street caused a flutter of excitement on Monday. Nobody hurt.

If you want people to know what you are doing advertise your business in THE JOURNAL.

Teachers examinations this week in the school house, on the corner of Main and Fifth streets.

The case of McManus vs. Halvorson, on trial last Thursday, was decided in favor of Halvorson.

Fred Anderson and Guy Halvorson represented the business men of Crookston in St. Paul last week.

Will Waggoner come up from Fisher last week to see that carload of mares and bought a pair of them.

Misses Nellie and Abbie Brewster, of Fisher, were in the city this week attending the teachers' institute.

Judge Mills arrived last week and assumed his place in the court room and Judge Baxter left for his home.

With this kind of weather threshing can soon be resumed in earnest and lots of it done before spring's work.

Gomer Evans, of Angus, joined Col. Cobham Post at the last meeting Friday evening. The Post is growing encouragingly.

Comrade Snyder says he saw more mud during his two weeks sojourn in Indiana than he sees here in a whole year.

Mr. Welter, the new proprietor of the Herriott farm at Beltrami, purchased two span of those fine mares at Brown's last week.

The democrats have called their convention for March 25th, at the court house. Had an idea they would forego that luxury this trip.

H. Buchholz, of Heiberg, Norman Co., writes us that he intends to go to Idaho this spring. Mr. B. was formerly a prominent citizen of Fertile.

Harmon Osterloh, of Euclid, bought a fine team of mares of M. R. Brown last week, He went everywhere to look and went to Brown to purchase.

E. E. Abbott was in from Grove Park last week and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call. Mr. Abbott reports much sickness in that town this spring.

If this fine weather don't catch cold we may reasonably expect an early spring. Snow going off rapidly and the river shows signs of breaking up.

Adolph Wentzel, of Fisher, was waiting for the arrival of that carload of mares at Brown's and bought a pair almost as soon as they were unloaded.

Ed. M. Peterson was down from Fosston last week and dropped in to square up on subscription account. Ed will go back to the town of Roome to live this spring.

W. C. Lee was adjudged insane and taken to Fergus Falls last week for treatment. While the case is extremely serious his many friends here are hoping for the best.

In the past week subscriptions have been coming in nicely. This gives us encouragment in our work. We wish all could appreciate fully how much help it really is.

Mayor McKinnon returned on Friday morning from a three months visit to Canada. With him came Dr. Watson, who will hang out his shingle and try life in Polk County for awhile.

T. McLennan, one of the leading farmers of Angus, bought a span of those mares of Brown last week. The best farmers all go and see what Brown has got to offer before they buy.

E. M. Walsh:—"No very large deals in real estate to report this week, young man, but I have some irons in the fire that will surprise you later. That is all I can say at present."

Our Maple Bay correspondent did nicely as long as he held out, but as the Dutchman said when his wife died "he lasted too quick already." Don't get weary in well doing. Let us have some more.

Those horses that S. L. Collins spoke about in last issue arrived all right and S. L. invites all who are looking for GOOD horses to call and look his over. If it is a cheap plug you want don't call at Collins' barn.

Dan. McDonald sports a regular Scotch cap. In it Dan. looks every inch the braw' Scot he is. It is said that Mayor McKinnon brought that cap back with him from the old country, though we can't say how true that is.

Call at Charlie Vine's for your choice cuts.

See Brown for choice work horses at reasonable figures.

The 15th of March is rapidly approaching and one or two to whom we wrote requesting an answer by that time will comply with our request OR THAT OF SOME OTHER MAN. A word to the wise should be sufficient.

We should like to hear from a few more farmers on that seed wheat business. Is it possible that this matter will be permitted to go by default? We ought to have four or five times as much on our list as appears there.

S. B. Palmer was up from Lockhart and sold one gasoline engine to be delivered as soon as it can be shipped from the factory in Chicago. The Lewis gasoline engine is said to be the best engine of the kind in the market.

If this proves to be the opening of spring it is just what the country needs. If farmers can get to plowing in a short time and keep at it the unfavorable fall weather will be counterbalanced in a measure. Let us hope that such will be the result.

Comrade C. Snyder and wife returned last Friday morning from their sad visit to the old home. Her father had died before their arrival and they only arrived in time to attend his funeral. Comrade S. says grip seems more fatal down there than here.

Having been practically laid up with La Grippe for the past two weeks our correspondence has been necessarily delayed. If our friend at Euclid will send us in a few items, as suggested, his request will be cheerfully complied with just as soon as we can get around to it.

Mayor McKinnon:—"I have good reason to believe that improvements for our city are under contemplation that will be worth thousands to the city. That is all I am at liberty to disclose just now but I can say bide in patience a wee bit time and you will see movements that will rejoice your heart."

Miss Emma Verronneau left for Chicago on Tuesday evening for goods for the new firm and expects to be gone about a week. While in Chicago she will thoroughly post herself up in all of the latest styles and be ready to supply the ladies of Crookston and vicinity with everything needed in millinery.

The Great Northern road ships wheat free for the Russian sufferers but don't seem willing to assist in aiding cases of destitution on its own line. With their assistance enough grain could be raised to help out those who lost their all in the great storm of last summer but without it it will be impossible.

Chas. Vine has taken possession of the old Jacobus building, fitted it up in elegant shape and moved his meat market therein. He is now ready to greet his many patrons and friends at the new stand and to supply all their wants in his line. When you want a choice steak or roast call on Charley.

Dr. Just went out to the residence of Aaron Cooke, in Fairfax, on Sunday, to attend to Mr. C. who was threatened with pneumonia. As Mr. Cooke is a man over 80 years old, much apprehension was felt until the doctor pronounced it a mild cold and gave him some medicine that helped him to get around all right.

Last week an individual was about the streets offering to sell a flute at a very low figure and finally did sell it to J. S. Stadsvold. One person to whom it had been offered saw the name of D. H. Beecher on the flute and wired Beecher, who answered requesting that the chap be detained. On Monday Chief Hennessy came over and got the enterprising flutist.

It is rumored that the Alliance has asked Judge Mills to be an independent candidate for re-election as judge. If that is so that is where their head is level and if he should not decide to do so why not endorse him anyhow? We opine that the Judge, if he runs for the office will be a mighty hard man to beat anyhow, as there seems to be no opposition to him in the district.

On Tuesday evening it set in to rain and rained quite hard until 9 or 10 o'clock when the rain turned to snow, accompanied by a high wind. On Wednesday morning the wind was still quite high, various and sundry signs were found out of place and a few fronts and chimnies suffered somewhat. Up to the hour of going to press we have heard of no further casualties.

S. L. Collins will sell you a good team right. Everybody who knows Collins, knows that he buys only good horses and that he sells at reasonable figures. In fact Mr. Collins' reputation is at stake in his business, a fact that he well knows and will do as much to protect as any other man. Our home dealers are the men to trust. Collins is a home dealer.

S. Waring, of Excel, Marshal Co., was in the city last Wednesday. He is one of a company that purchased a Clydesdale last year and they want to engage a good groom for the coming season. Mr. Waring has an idea that a cheese factory would pay in his neighborhood and is talking of putting in one. We can see no reason why such an institution, properly managed, should not pay well.

Wanted.

A situation as foreman and housekeeper by a man and his wife. Best of references given. Call at JOURNAL office. [46-tf]

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Speaking with Mayor McKinnon on the mayorality question, he said: "You may say to your readers that I am not a candidate for re-election, and while I feel grateful to the citizens of Crookston for the manner in which they have stood by me, I feel that my private business demands more of my personal attention than I can give it if in a public office. What I would like to see would be to have our people sink every other consideration in the effort to bring to the front and elect some live, stirring man, one who is fully alive to the interests of our city and I will take off my coat and work to elect such a man. I shall still retain my interests in Crookston and shall in the future, as I have tried to do in the past, work for the advancement of her best interests."

M. R. Brown arrived from Iowa on Thursday evening with that carload of mares, mentioned in our last issue, and they proved to be fully as good as recommended, at least we should judge so from the fact that on Saturday afternoon, less than two days after their arrival, every one of them was sold, and those who went to Brown's stables on Monday to purchase were disappointed and will have to await the arrival of the next lot which will be some day next week.

Duluth News: There has never been any such thing as a "billion dollar congress." Democratic falsehood is the only ground on which that charge can rest. But it can be demonstrated with mathematical accuracy that there is a five-cent Democratic house now in session—one that while running at an expense of over $7,000 a day puts in such costly time debating propositions to reduce the appropriation for soap and saddle blankets for the cadets at West Point.

Pretty Good, Too.

Grand Forks Herald, March 3: Revs. L. K. Aaker, Crookston; G. A. Larson, Ada, and A. Grindland, Warren, were in the city yesterday attending a meeting of the board of directors of Grand Forks college.

The Political Center

Of the country for the next campaign will be Minneapolis, the Republican National Convention city. The Minneapolis Journal, with more than double the circulation of any Minneapolis or St. Paul paper, is the paper for the political news.

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

SOMETHING NEW ABOUT **CARPETS**

DO YOU NEED—Are you going to buy any CARPETS this summer?

DO YOU WANT to select from an assortment that is larger than any other two stocks in town?

DO YOU WANT THE LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES?

DO YOU WANT to buy a good quality 36 inch Hemp Carpet at 18c per yard?

DO YOU WANT Your CARPETS cut without waste?

DO YOU WANT your CARPETS sewed ready to lay?

DO YOU WANT any WINDOW SHADES or WINDOW CURTAINS, Brass Rods or Brass Fixtures, Wood Poles or Wood Fixtures?

—AND ABOVE ALL—

DO YOU WANT to pay less than you can buy inferior goods for elsewhere?

THEN—CALL—ON—US.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,
Leaders in Low Prices.

O. K.
Quality.

Mr. M. R. Brown started on Tuesday night for Iowa after two carloads of horses. It seems as though he could not keep up with the demand but he says he will give it an awful good try if there are enough good horses left in Iowa to do it. He is very particular when buying to get only the best and only such as he can take a just pride in recommending. When you buy of Brown you never get left.

Ole Meldohl was down from Drayton, N. D., last week. Ole has had a severe time with his knee for six or eight months but is now able to travel on it. For awhile last fall it was feared that he would have to suffer the amputation of that leg but happily that calamity was avoided and Ole is a happy man. He says he can secure wheat contributions for the hail-sufferers here, among his neighbors and that he intends to do so.

The Criterion Company played their engagement in the city last week and then played out. One serious mistake they made was playing a week. They should have selected one good play, thoroughly learned that, dispensed with their prompter and tried one night stands. It is said that the manager lit out Saturday evening leaving the company to get out as best they could—and the walking ain't very good either just now.

Mr. Hammond and Frank Ward, of Bismarck, were in the city this week and gave THE JOURNAL a pleasant call. They expressed great pleasure at what they saw of our city and say that they see no reason why Crookston should not become the leading city of the Red River Valley, when the pine upon the Reservation is thrown upon the market. They were very favorably impressed with the showing we have made and predicted a great future.

Look at This!

Minneapolis clear property, near Exposition building, for good land in Polk County.

W. B. McClure,
3,101 Stevens Avenue,
[46-48] Minneapolis, Minn.

FOR SALE.

My stock of Funeral Supplies, including Casket-Cabinets and Furniture, and all necessary appurtenances to carry on a first-class business of Undertaking. Also my Picture Framing and Upholstering material and cabinet makers and upholsterers' tools.

My business is well established and growing. Cheap rental and centrally located.

My stock and fixtures are second to none in the State. This is a rare business opening for the right party.

My reason for selling is ill health in my family. Address

J. V. E. WYATT,
Crookston, Minn.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00
B. C. Jorgenson	10.00
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.
Lewis Ellington	$5.00.
E. Lanctot	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.
Thomas Wallace	20 bu. barley
Goodwin Leppert (Wylie)	10 bu. oats.
Hayes Bros	20 bu. wheat.
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. barley.
Ben Geroux	2 " "
K. Hanson	4 " "
Ole Olson	2 " wheat.
E. W. Johnson	50 cents.
Will Himmelsback	10 bu. barley.
S. B. Palmer (Lockhart)	10 bu. potatoes.
Hugh Thompson	25 bu. seed wheat.
E. M. Walsh	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.
D. C. Hallock, (Edna)	5 bu. barley.
Jake Ide	15 bu. oats, 15 bu. barle
Walter C. Lee	20 bushels wheat.
R. Bain (Fisher)	5 " barley.

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

320 ACRES in Angus Township, 255 acres cultivated, 50 acres pasture, fenced, good farm buildings, 110 acres ready for seeding, 4 horses and harnesses, 2 wagons, 2 seeders, binder, gang plow, seeders, etc, all for $5,000, part cash, balance on easy terms.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for marke garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school. A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 3 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gan plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full sett Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $3,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Invitation to everybody to attend service at the Congregational church next Sunday. Rev. R. H. Battey will preach at 11 a. m. on "The Gulf Stream of Christ's Religion." Union services in the evening, in which four churches unite. 6:30 p. m. sharp young people's fraternity meeting, led by Mr. Battey; 7:30 platform temperance meeting—speakers Mr. A. A. Miller, Mr. Robert Stanton, Mr. McCaslin and Rev. J. J. Edwards. The members of the four church choirs are requested to meet for rehearsal on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock in the parlor of the Congregational church. The parlor will be thrown open to the main audience room for use on Sunday evening and a large company can be cared for. A warm welcome for all. Let us have a grand meeting. Young men, especially, invited.

We are determined to get better acquainted with the owners of one or two names we have on our list. If they cannot appreciate the gentlemanly treatment they have had at our hands we have an idea that there is a kind of treatment that even they can appreciate. We are very loth to adopt that method but we can do it if forced to as we are determined to be better acquainted with these people. There is still time to save unpleasantness of any kind. We only ask for honest treatment and we consider that we are fully entitled to that.

In an interview with a JOURNAL reporter Mayor McKinnon said that he had enjoyed a very pleasant visit at the old home although he was kept very busy answering inquiries in relation to this country and, said he, 'I expect to see more people enquiring for lands in Polk County this spring than ever before. I was surprised to find out how well Crookston has been advertised. When I was there on a visit several years before, very few knew where Crookston was, anyhow; now everybody seems to know a good deal about it. To the Great Northern railroad company belongs much of the credit for this state of things. Mr. Whitney has managed this business during the past winter and it has been well done. I saw evidences of his work everywhere I went. If every one of the agents received the encouragement that I did we may expect an overwhelming tide of immigration within the next three months."

A New Millinery Firm.

Miss Emma Verronneau and Mrs. Thomas Adams have entered into a co-partnetship and will shortly open a millinery store probably on Second street. Mrs. Adams is a lady possessing excellent taste and judgment which eminently fit her for the business, and as for Miss Verronneau, it is needless to introduce her to JOURNAL readers who have known her since she was a resident of Crookston. For six years she has been trimmer for Mrs. E. E. Bangs and we venture the remark that there are none better in the business. She is thoroughly competent and an expert in her line. THE JOURNAL wishes the new firm abundant success and feels confident that they will achieve it.

The Washington Correspondence

Of the Minneapolis Journal is very superior. "Van," the chief of The Journal's Washington bureau, is conceded to be the best newsgatherer at the capitol among the representatives of northwestern papers.

Wanted.

Groom, to travel with an imported Clydesdale stallion for three months beginning April 1st, 1892. None but a competent person need apply. Give references and state wages expected. Address H. H. Cavanagh, Sec., Excel P. O., Marshall County, Minnesota. [47-50]

Wanted.

Employment on a farm by an experienced young man 21 years old. Address, E. B. P., Cleveland House, Crookston, Minn.

Wanted.

A reliable young man for office work; must furnish good references, and $500 cash capital; salary $100 per month. Address, F. M. Haster, St. Paul, Minn.

England Under Protection.

New York Press.

When the commanding position of England in manufacturing is adduced as evidence of what free trade has done, it should not be forgotten that her supremacy in this respect was attained through stringent protection to all her industries. Take the linen manufacture for example. From an old book printed in Edinburgh in 1783, entitled "A Collection of the Acts of Parliament Now in Force Relating to the Linen Manufactures" we learn that a royal bounty of a penny a yard was paid on English and Irish linens valued from 6d. to 12d. a yard by act of Parliament in 1743. In 1748 British subjects were prohibited from importing or wearing foreign cambrics and French lawns under a penalty of a fine of £5 for each offense. The same penalty applied to those selling or offering for sale the foreign fabrics. In 1769 additional duties from a farthing to 2d. per ell were levied on foreign linens and a penny a yard was added on Holland white lawn. It was further provided that £15,000 per annum should be devoted from the revenue derived from these duties to be paid in bounties for the encouragement of raising and dressing hemp and flax in the kingdom.

This is only one instance out of hundreds recorded on England's statute books. In short, the United States never had anything like the prohibitive duties under whose shelter Great Britain's great industries took root, flourished and attained maturity. It was under protection that England became supreme in manufacturing. Since she adopted free trade she has relinquished the palm to her protected American rival.

A FARMING PARADISE.

Appraiser Rhinehart Now at Work on Red Lake Reservation.

Grand Forks Herald.

Jake Rhinehart, of East Grand Forks, who is conducting the examination and estimates of lands in the White Earth and Red Lake Indian reservation, which are to be thrown open to settlement is home for a few days. There is now a force of six men at work which will be increased to nine when spring opens They have completed appraisements of four townships in the White Earth reservation and are now at work on townships 149, 150 and 151, ranges 39, 40 and 41, in the Red Lake reservation where they have twelve townships in all to explore. The land gone over by them in White Earth is heavily timbered with pine with a small mixture of other woods, but where they are in Red Lake the country is admirably adapted to the purposes of agriculture. It is mixed prairie and brush land and it can all be brought under cultivation with comparatively little difficulty. The townships mentioned lay between the Clearwater and Lost Rivers, this side of Red Lake, and Mr. Rhinehart states that it is as fine a country as any in the Northwest, which is saying a great deal. A great many intending settlers already have their eyes upon that section and we may expect a rush there which will be a small edition of the settlement of Okloboma when the lands are open to settlement.

STRANDED THESPIANS.

MANAGER MORTON OF THE CRITERION CO. SKIPS WITH THE RECEIPTS AT CROOKSTON.

Grand Forks News.

The woes of dramatic troupes are sometimes even more harrowing than the mock scenes of misery they enact upon the boards to make the dewdrops of human pity fall in dainty scented kerchiefs. It seems to be the fate of all some time or other to be stranded. Yesterday morning there arrived in this city from Crookston the charming little soubrette of the Criterion Co., Miss Mabel Davidson of St. Paul, and with her came her friend, Mrs. Elsie Kaye, sister of Arthur Rockwell of the C. St. P. & K. C. R. R. These ladies now are the guests of Miss Ettie Franks, who was a schoolmate of Miss Davidson, and it is highly probable that Miss Davidson will favor Grand Forks with some delightful feats of fancy skating at the Palace rink this evening and during the week, while they are here.

Miss Davidson called at the News sanctum and her eyes snapped sharply as she related the circumstances of the collapse at Crookston. The Criterion Theatre Co. had been under the management of Mr. Seeley at Wahpeton and Barnesville—but at the latter place he left, going to his Lyceum bear garden in Duluth. "All he knows is pumpkins and horses," said Miss Davidson. "He didn't know anything about theatres. He wrote us a salty letter after he deserted us. It covered 26 pages and charged us with being incompetent. Oh, it was a great roast! When Seeley left us we took our advance agent, H. A Morton, alias Geo. Lays (which I pronounce lies,) as our manager. We had no salaries after we left Wahpeton, and it was rather a motley crowd. But we thought we would stick together and do the best we could to redeem the company. I was the soubrette, and could have gone home to St. Paul at any time, but the excitement of the situation interested me, and if I had left them they would have been stranded. At Crookston we hoped to get out of our trouble. We had all learned our parts well, and as Miss Ray Germaine (Maud Strausser, of Argyle,) had friends there and it being court week, we anticipated much success. We did have a big house on Monday night. Unfortunately we had no competent stage manager and one of the papers boomed us away up to the skies. I trembled for our company when I read these notices, for I knew we could not come up to them. The other rival paper pitched into us, being adverse to the managers of the managers of the theatre, Messrs. Arnold & Columbus, who are nice gentlemen, however. It was an old trouble, the Times wanted 24 tickets for each show, I believe, and the managers conceded twelve. You see there was nothing immodest about them. Well, they did roast us fearfully, but we played to good houses. For the last evening we were to put on the "Sea of Ice," and wedding march. The scenery would cost $50, and it would have been a big success but the "Sea of Ice" was not to be seen. We were powerless, only to go on with the play. Morton was in the office and took the proceeds. I think their must have been $250 above expenses during the week. We went ahead with our part, but when the sea of ice failed to materialize, the gallery gods froze on to the fake and guyed us mercilessly. I I was so mortified I didn't know what to do. Meantime we heard the manager had gone. (Two members had followed him to the 10 o'clock N. P. train and saw him freeze on to the rear end of the sleeper, saying "ta ta" to us. Oh, the villain! You give it to him, I think he must have gone to the coast for his health, poor fellow! Well, we worried through the sea without the ice, but most of us felt as if we wanted some ice put to our heads. For myself I cared little, as I can do other work. But the remainder who are left there at that place, I pity them. In fact, it is exciting. Such experience! Yes, I will remain here this week and probably give a skating exhibition at the rink.

The People's Party

Meet and Resolve to Take Control of the City Government.

AND RUN THINGS IN THE INTEREST OF THE PEOPLE.

On March 5th the People's Party Club met and passed the following resolutions:

1st. The People's Party believes that the laws and regulations enacted for the good government of the city should be strictly enforced; that any attempt on the part of officers or private citizens to evade the laws or to shirk the performance of their duties is subversive of good government, and should be unqualifiedly condemned; that a law unenforced is worse than no law, and that any enactment which the public in general do not respect should be repealed.

2d. We advocate that all institutions which are in their nature public and for the common benefit, ought to be owned and controlled by the public. Therefore, we believe that the city water works and electric light plant should be bought and be under the strict supervision of the city.

3d. Having unlimited faith in the prosperity and growth of the city of Crookston and the resources of the surrounding country, and recognizing the natural advantages which the city enjoys, we urge the advisability of securing a suitable piece of ground by the city for a public park, and of making other improvements in accordance with the demands of an enterprising people. We recommend that a suitable fire ordinance be passed, prohibiting the erection of inflamable buildings within the fire limits.

4th. As our city charter is defective and incomplete in many respects, we favor recommending a revision thereof, or a new charter granted in its stead, by the next legislature; we believe also that the city ordinances should be compiled and published by the city, so that law abiding citizens may inform themselves as to what ordinances are in force and effect.

5th. We believe that he who works for the city in a public office should have compensation therefore in proportion to the amount of work and degree of responsibility. Electing a citizen to office without compensation is putting a premium on dishonesty. Therefore we believe that the mayor of our city should receive a reasonable salary. And every independent and separate office of the city should be elective, therefore as the office of city attorney and city comptroller are with regard to duties connected therewith independent of supervision by any other department of the city government, the incumbent thereof should not be dependent upon any other city officer for his position, but that he should be elected by a direct vote of the electors of the city.

6th. When the city enters into any contract for labor to be performed for the city, a minimum rate of wages shall be determined upon, and the resident laborers of our city be given a preference to be employed first. Said terms to be part of the contract, and the city shall be liable to the laborers for their hire.

7th. That the city council shall petition the next legislature to the effect that the contract system be abolished.

8th. The Peoples Party of Crookston, unqualifiedly condemn all such trickery, quibbles and craftiness as resorted to by a majority of city council in the jail site scheme, such action of public officers to evade the law and cheat it out of its supreme authority, is deserving only of contempt of every honest and law abiding citizen, and ought to be looked upon as treachery and anarchy pure and simple.

9th. The People's Party of Crookston heartily endorse the platform adopted at the St. Louis conference Feb. 24th, 1892.

Adopted by the People's Party club of Crookston, Minn., March 5th, 1892.

AUCTION SALE.

The undersigned will sell at his farm in the Town of Roome, on Wednesday, March 16th, 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., the following property to-wit: Four good work horses, 1 heavy mare with foal to an imported horse, 1 pair yearling colts, 2 cows, 1 heifer, 2 farm wagons, 1 two-seat spring wagon, 1 pair sleighs, 1 cutter, 1 16-shoe drill, 1 field roller, 2 setts harrows, 3 plows, 1 cultivator, 1 fanning mill, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 1 sett blacksmith tools, 3 setts harnes, household furniture, also 1001 other small articles too numerous to mention.

Terms—All sums of $5 and under, cash; on all sums over $5 time will be given until November 1st, 1892, on good approved notes bearing interest at 8 per cent per annum. A discount of 5 per cent will be given on all sums over $5 for cash. [46-47] CHRIS. KERN.

BELTRAMI ITEMS.

BELTRAMI, March 5th, 1892.

Roads are in a bad condition. Overhead it has been delightful weather for several days, very much like early spring. Wild geese and ducks are here and many spring birds.

H. B. Budd is the happy father of a young daughter who arrived February 29th. He is putting up the cigars very liberally to the boys. Mother and daughter are doing well.

Frank Haight and wife have removed to the J. Wells farm. He is overseeing it for J. W. Frank is one of the rustling young men whom all wish success.

Mr. and Mrs. Welter gave a New England supper March 2nd, the most enjoyable event of the season They also had music and recitations. A recitation, "The Fire Fiend," by Miss Media Welter, was well rendered, as was also "The Latch String," by Miss Katie McMillan; select reading, by Mr. Norwood; impromptu, by Jas. Murphy; singing, by the Beltrami glee club, with Miss Media Welter and Mrs. Whitemer presiding at the piano. The proceeds netted $10.75, for a new organ in the Beltrami Sunday school. All felt the better for being there and all left with good wishes for the prosperity of the Welter family in this their new home.

AUNT RUTH.

For Northwest News

The Minneapolis Journal has no equal. Besides the fullest daily report of the most important events The Journal gathers up every Saturday all the unique things, the deaths and marriages of well known people and the gossip of the Northwest. Nothing ever gets away.

Mentor Items.

Snow is almost gone and wagons have got a-rolling once more.

A smile is to be seen on Pete nowadays. His cottage begins to look as though he might cross the lines any day.

Our town caucus and farmers' alliance meeting were held on Saturday of last week in Pete's new house. The nomination of town officers went off very smoothly. There are prospects of a good election. The main topic seems to be "town hall," and some think this is just what we want, a hall and store combined, on the grounds of competition. Now what better do we want than Pete, a good square fellow, an obliging merchant and a hardy Norseman; one who has never turned his back on the needy or failed to carry over those who fell behind. Now let us say: Come, boys, and stand by the one who has helped us when we were in need, and not say every man for himself and the devil for the whole of us.

Our Mentor pugilists had another round on Saturday of last week. It proved to be more wind than pluck. It's pretty hard to tell who has the least sense, the one who bought the alcohol or the one who stole it.

The sociable which took place at D. Fulton's on Friday of last week was a grand success. A very pleasant evening was spent. Mr. and Mrs. Fulton deserve much credit; they know how to make the most of everything, but the play of "Nedle's-eye" excused Dave for kissing the other man's wife. The receipts of the evening amounted to $9.35, which spoke well for the host and hostess.

Don't forget to go to the social at Frank Steelman's on Friday, March 18th. We hope Frank will be relieved entirely of the grippe by that time.

Thor Halderson has purchased the farm formerly owned by W. Dennison, of Woodside, for the sum of $300. The farm consists of 80 acres, from which the timber is mostly taken off.

Thor Halderson intends to make Woodside his place of residence.

Whether W. Dennison intends to live retired or invest in real estate at Maple Bay we are not prepared to say. Our best wishes follow one of our old timers.

MENTOR GRIP.

Best Market Reports.

The business men of this vicinity will find the best market reports in The Minneapolis Journal. The Journal makes this department a special feature and brings the market reports to its readers from 12 to 24 hours quicker than the old morning papers of Minneapolis and St. Paul.

BIDS FOR SIDEWALK.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk,
City of Crookston, } ss.

Bids will be received by the City Council of the City of Crookston for building a sidewalk along and adjoining the north side of Fourth street, from the intersection thereof by Broadway street, to the intersection of said Fourth street by Elm street, in the city of Crookston. Said sidewalk to be six feet wide, made of white pine plank, two inches thick, surfaced on one side, each plank to be not more than six inches wide and well nailed with 20 penny spikes on three stringers 3x6 inches dimension, timbers and all lumber to be as good quality as first common white pine timber.

Bids will be opened Tuesday evening, March 22d, 1892. The Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated Crookston, Minn., March 9th, 1892.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

WHEREVER KNOWN

The Dowagiac Shoe Drill

Has Gained the Reputation of being

The Best Seeding Machine

And the many points of superiority over other Drills on the market, entitle them to the nome they hold as the "King of Seeding Machinery." For sowing in rows close together—5 inches—others are 6 and 7 incher—ease of operation, lightness of draft, we recommend them to any careful, investigating farmer. They will not clog; we warrant them to work where a seeker will work. They are well built, durable and are sold as low as their excellent quality will admit.

We have some special BARGAINS IN HARROWS. 150 tooth 4-horse Boss Harrow, $22. 101 tooth 3-horse $15. 77 tooth 2-horse, $11. We have a nice line of disc and lever Harrows which will arrive this week.

Our full spring line of Rushford Wagons, Grand Detour and Scandia Plows are beginning to come in. We have also the well known Minneapolis Binder, Walter A. Wood Mower, Advance Thresher and Engine, Columeus and Racine Buggies, Carts and Road Wagons. Fines line of these goods ever brought to town will arrive soon. Give us a call and get our prices before buying.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co.,

OPERA BLOCK, - - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

DO NOT FORGET THE

60--DAYS--60

IT WILL INTEREST YOU.

—IF YOU WISH—

To Save Money.

MARKED DOWN

Red Figure

SALE

OF CLOTHING

AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE BOSTON

ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

The Review of Reviews for March fully maintains the extraordinary interest of its monthly portrait gallery. Its frontispiece is a fine picture of the late Mr. Spurgeon. In the "Progress of the World" the best of Grover Cleveland's new photographs is reproduced, as is also the newest and best of Postmaster-General Wanamaker. There is an excellent portrait of Mr. Blaine, a very fine one of President Harrison, another of Justice Fuller, another of the late Justice Bradley, of the Supreme Court. There appear the faces of Chairman Bland of the Coinage Committee; the late John Jay Knox; Judge Foster of Chili; a full page of the late Duke of Clarence; a full page of his brother George, the present heir to the British throne; a large portrait of the late Benjamin Scott, for fifty years Chamberlain of the city of London—the grand old man of municipal England; a new engraving of the young Khedive of Egypt; a most striking full page portrait of Father Anderledy, a generalissimo of the Jesuits; a half-tone standing portrait of Clemenceau, who has just overthrown the French cabinet; an engraving of M. De Freycinet, the defeated French premier; an engraving of M. Chadourne, lately expelled from France; one of Lord Vivian, the new English minister to Rome; a good portrait of the distinguished philanthropist, Lady Sandhurst, who lately died; a fine portrait of Professor R. T. Ely, the head of Wisconsin's new School of Economics and Politics. In connection with the Polytechnic excursions to the World's Fair are new portraits of Mr. Douglas Hogg, Mr. Robert Mitchell, and, what is rarely seen, a portrait of Mr. D. L. Moody. The character sketch of Mr. Spurgeon has a fine sitting portrait of Mr. Spurgeon in his library, and a full page showing Mr. Spurgeon in his pulpit in the days of his prime, 30 years ago. The character sketch of Cardinal Manning has a large portrait of the late Cardinal, and the sketch of Sir Morell Mackenzie has a sitting half-tone portrait of that eminent physician. In the Leading Articles of the Month appear excellent portraits of Mr. Hamilton W. Mabie of the Christian Union; Editor Flower, of the Arena; Professor Virchow; the late Khedive; M. Durnove, the Russian Minister of the Interior; and Heinrich von Sybel, the great German historian. In the New Book department is a good portrait of the novelist Thomas Hardy. In the Record of Current Events are drawings of President Diaz of Mexico, and his troublesome fellow-citizen, Garza, the insurrectionist. Certainly this great array of fine illustrative portraits is worth more than the price of the magazine.

WANTED!

Two or three men to work for me in Polk County. $4 to $12 per day, sure. If you are idle or working for small money now is the time. Any one can do the work and make big wages. Particulars free. Address,

W. ALBERT LANCTOT,
[41-48] Crookston, Minn.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

For Sale.

I have for sale at my farm, 6 miles northeast of Crookston, a few choice young mares ready for farm work or driving purposes. Call early for choice.

[45-tf] S. M. McKEE.

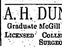
OATS WANTED.

S. L. Dobson wants to secure all the oats in Polk County that are suitable for his business, for which he will pay the highest market price.

JOHN CROMB.
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

A. H. DUNLAP, M. D.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.



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Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to
J. COTNER, Jr., Sec.
No. 80 Whitney Block
DETROIT, MICH.

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW.
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Scandia-American Bank

At Crookston, Minn. at the close of business on the 3d day of March, 1892.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$206,310 79
Due from other banks	32,898 32
Furniture and fixtures	1,200 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	2,440 28
Cash and cash items on hand	10,945 30
Total	$253,794 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$50,000 00
Surplus fund	5,000 00
Undivided profit	14,568 89
Individual deposits subject to check	89,366 06
Demand certificates of deposit	81,339 74
Bills Payable	13,500 00
Total	$253,794 69

I, J. W. Wheeler, Cashier of the Scandia-American Bank, of Crookston, Minnesota, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. W. WHEELER, Cashier.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk, } SS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this ninth day of March, 1892.

{SEAL} A. P. HANSON,
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
R. P. PIERCE,
L. ELLINGTON, } Directors.

Work Horses & Mares.

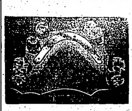
FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN,

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later, if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than and dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,
Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.
Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all. This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on e before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - - MINN

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Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

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Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Minnesota, North Dakot and Manitoba points.

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Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.
All Those Wanting
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Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

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Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.
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P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-t-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk, } ss.

The State of Minnesota, to George Herbet, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 31st day of March, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston in said county, to answer to Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, copartners as Stone & Taylor for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand this 27th day of February, 1892.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
[46-48] Justice of the Peace.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 10, 1892.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de..........St. Paul..........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar..........Helena..........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 6:45 p. m

FOSSTON BRANCH.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Depart 7:30 a. m.......................Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m.......................Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

World's Fair Notes.

An Ohio World's Fair commissioner has estimated that the exhibitors from his state will spend upwards of $5,000,000 in the preparation of their exhibits for the exposition.

The California building at the Fair will be an imposing structure of the "old mission" type, 110 by 500 feet, with a dome, and costing about $75,000. It will be surrounded by a hedge of Monterey cypress.

Denmark will spend about $5,500 in showing to visitors, as a leading feature of its World's Fair exhibit, a Danish dairy, complete and in operation. The dairy interest is one of the most important in Denmark, and the most approved methods and mechanical appliances are utilized in the diaries of that country.

W. L. Libby & Sons, of Toledo, intend to erect, on Midway Plaisance, a factory, in which the manufacture of cut glass can be seen, from the furnace, on through the cutting, finishing and decorating departments, until the finished product is turned out. The factory plans call for a structure 125x200 feet, of stone, iron and glass, and with imposing dome. The firm intends to spend $40,000 on the building alone.

Vermont will have a building at the Exposition without drawing on the state appropriation for the cost of its erection. One hundred substantial citizens have guaranteed $10,000 for that purpose, each one pledging himself to pay $100.

Italy will make no governmental display at the Exposition. The king, however, has recognized the Fair by ap appointing a commission, and Minister of State Rudini has informed vice-president Bryan and director Higinbotham that the government will encourage individual exhibitors in every way possible. He intimated that it would even pay for the transportation of all exhibits. Mr. Higinbotham reports that there is throughout Italy much enthusiasm over the Exposition and that the painters, sculptors and manufacturers of artistic wares are hard at work on intended exhibits.

The governments of Norway and Sweden have, respectively, asked for World's Fair appropriations of $61,288 and $58,600. In Norway a number of private citizens are raising a fund of $10,720 with which to build and send to Chicago a counterpart of the Viking ship which was exhumed near Sandefiord a few years ago.

Michigan's building will measure 100x140 feet and be three stories high. It will be constructed of Michigan material, which with the furnishings will be donated. Though but $20,000 of the appropriation will be devoted to its erection, it will in reality be a $50,000 building.

Baron de Berlepsch, German minister of commerce, has written to the chamber of commerce of Crefeld, the principal place in Prussia for the manufacture of silk goods, that the Emperor ardently desires that there should be as fine a display as possible of German silks and velvets at the Chicago World's Fair. A majority of the silk and velvet manufacturing firms in the Rhenish provinces will comply with the wishes of the Emperor, whose interest in Germany's share of the exhibition is having a stimulating effect in all directions.

Special World's Fair commissioner Alexander Campbell has returned from Australasia and reports that great enthusiasm over the exposition is felt in that part of the world. New South Wales, South Australia, Victoria, Queensland, New Zealand, Tasmania are all making extensive preparations for their representation, and splendid exhibits are reported sure to be sent. Three new steamers between Sydney and San Francisco are about to be put on.

Remenyi, the well known violin virtuoso, has made application for a space of not less than 400 square feet in which to exhibit his great collection of rare African ethnological specimens. The selection, which comprises over 1,500 carefully selected specimens, has been formed during the last forty years, and is beyond question the most perfect of its kind. It is especially rich in the ancient regal symbols in use among the Zulus, including sceptres, royal bracelets, which were used instead of crowns, and other emblems of hammered silver, of carved and polished ivory and of rhinoceros horn. The royal bracelets are especially interesting. They are hollowed rings made from transverse sections of huge elephant tusks and, until his death, were never taken off, after once placed on the arm of the king. There are also several splendid specimens of the exceedingly rare and beautiful royal silk mantles of the sovereigns of Madagascar, three hundred and more years ago. These mantles are curiously adorned with broideries of metal and of uncut precious stones and of feather work. Every specimen in the collection is perfect and unique of its kind.

Mr. Barilusow, of St. Petersburg, Russia, a dealer in fine oriental goods, intends to exhibit in the Exposition rare carpets, shawls, hangings and textile fabrics from the far orient. He will furnish a number of rooms in rich oriental styles representing the residences of the wealthy Mahometans of Asia, and by way of contrast the tents of the nomad tribes of the Kirguiz Tartars. Some of the apartments will be in the style of the Caucasus, others in the Bokkara and Chiva styles. The furniture and decorations for these apartments have been for the most part collected at great expense in the remote orient. Suirnow & Co., of the same capital will exhibit a complete suite of apartments of a "Boyar," or wealthy Russian noble of the XII century, and also the cabin of the rich Russian peasant of modern times. Each of these exhibits will be in a separate pavillion of distinctively Russian architecture. The great samovar factory of Toula, Russia, will send to the Exposition a large exhibit of its products. It will also erect a great tea-saloon that will be a great reproduction of the most luxurious of these establishments to be found in the great cities of Russia in the early part of this century.

The Light of Other Days.

The date when man first discovered how to supply himself with artificial light must be very far back, but many generations went by before he had anything better than torches for out-door use, and for in-door conveniences a wick floating loosely in a vessel of oil. Gas, as an illuminant, is not old, the electric light is the invention of yesterday, while there are thousands of people not yet three score and ten, whose youthful lessons were learned by the feeble gleam of a tallow candle. In the country households the manufacture of a weekly or monthly supply of candles came as regularly as wash day. The soldiers of the late war remember "star" candles very well, but doubtless few can tell whence the name. The discoverer of a process to separate glycerine and fatty matters from stearic acid in the making of candles was the Frenchman DeMille, whose factory in Paris was located at the "Barriere de l'Etoile"—barrier (or gate) of the star—and from this circumstance his manufactures were known as "star" candles. The days of such illuminators are gone, and the luxurious cars of our modern railroads are lighted by gas or electricity. To many eyes, however, the electric glare is unpleasant, but all are satisfied with the soft yet brilliant illumination of "The Burlington's" vestibuled train by the "Frost Dry Carburetor System." For tickets over this popular line, or any information, call on local ticket agents, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

How It Works.

Farm, Stock and Home.

The other day there were owned and for sale in a certain large grain market 5,000,000 bushels of wheat to be delivered to purchasers a few weeks hence. There were also on the market men enough, speculators and all, to buy that much wheat on the conditions named. The trading began, wheat was offered at a price satisfactory to buyers, purchases were made until each buyer had exhausted his ability to buy, each had enough, or all he had money to pay for, and the trading stopped. The buyers were happy, thinking they had bought all the wheat for sale that day, and that to-morrow the prices would therefore be higher. But what was their astonishment to learn at the close of the day that not a bushel of the five million had been touched; that the demand for that day had been supplied by mythical wheat, by "wind," and that the original wheat, augmented by another day's receipts, would be on hand to-morrow to depress prices. The real wheat also found at the close of the day's business that the wind was in sufficient quantity to exhaust the capacity or disposition of the buyers for that day, they failed to realize an expected profit, and resolved to buy no more real wheat except at a price that would protect them against the sales of mythical wheat. In the meantime the men who sold what they did not own did it in the expectation that they could at time of delivery buy wheat enough lower than they sold for to make a handsome profit, and all their efforts during the succeeding weeks will be devoted to bringing about that result. Such is wheat gambling, and such its effect on producers and legitimate dealers.

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
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OF ALL KINDS.

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Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

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—IS—
ON DISPLAY
THE FAIR
DEPARTMENT STORE,
Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., February 3rd, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver of U. S. Land Office, at Crookston, Minn., on March 11th, 1892, viz: ALFRED SAVARY, Hd. 14,686, for the n½ nw¼ and lots 1 and 4 Sec. 27, Tp. 150, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jacob R. Barb, Frank Robert, Edmund M. Walsh, Christopher Hanson, all of Crookston, Polk County, Minn.

[42-47] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

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Practical Dentist
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A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent. payable annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and these prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.

1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land, 80 acres, 1½ story frame house, 18x24, log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary 18x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼, and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21 and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,860.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 13 and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14, and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $8.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address

A. HUMPHREYS,
Loan and Trust Building,
Minneapolis.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Feb. 15th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on May 10th, 1892, viz: TOM SANDEM, Hd. 12411, for the sw¼ Sec. 26, Tp. 147, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gustav Christianson, Gitle Stromstad, Olaus Anderson, Bernt Bentson, all of Edna P.O., Polk Co., Minn.

[44-49] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Notice of Sale Under Decree.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Kari Sletten, Plaintiff, vs. Carl Ulsteen and Julie Ulsteen, Defendants.

In pursuance to a judgment and decree of the Court in the above entitled action, dated February 1st 1892, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me with instructions to enforce the same, I, the undersigned sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the District Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, on Friday, the 8th day of April, A.D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the real estate and premises described in said judgment and decree, to wit: The south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range forty-three (43) in the County of Polk, Minnesota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 5th, 1892.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

H. STEENERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Crookston, Minn.

[43-49]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 24th, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Lars J. Hagen, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of John L. Hagen, of town of Queen, of the County of Polk, representing, among other things, that Lars J. Hagen, late of the town of Queen, County of Polk, in the State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1892, at the County of Polk, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County, at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Ole Nelson and Ludvig Olson granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before this Court on Monday, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1892.

By the Court
C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.

[45-47]

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.
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BROADWAY,
Crookston, - - Minn.

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Can supply anything in the line of
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PICTURE FRAMES,
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J. W. WHEELER, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA

MARTIN O'BRIEN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 17, 1892. NO. 48

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Chicago Tribune:—THE POLK COUNTY (Minn.) JOURNAL prints in full a Tribune editorial denouncing the crank demand for cheap money, and hints that it misrepresents the farmers of the country. It says that as a rule they do not desire any wildcat schemes to prevail, whatever a few self-styled leaders in the Alliance may say, and that the farmers demand an honest dollar, but want "enough honest dollars to prevent a few speculators cornering the market at the expense of the balance of mankind." It says the farmers are not going to be led into any wild schemes of designing sharpers, though it is possible they may be led into a few errors, but that "ridicule and abuse of them as a class will not avail to convince them of their mistakes." The article quoted does not contain a single reference to the farmers, as such. It denounced the wild schemes of the Alliance leaders assembled in convention at St. Louis, and said that if those plans were adopted "the poor, silly, ignorant and deluded tools would curse their own folly as bitterly as do the people in Argentina, who were misled by a similar delusion." There was no statement that these dupes are farmers, or that any particular number of them belong to the agricultural class. It is pleasant to be assured by good authority that the great mass of the farmers in the Mississippi Valley do not desire wildcat schemes to prevail. But the Tribune did not say anything to the contrary, as THE JOURNAL must be free to admit, if its editor will carefully read over again the article to which he refers.

A Land of Fruits and Flowers.

No where else in the world are there found more fertile valleys, more beautiful flowers or more fragrant breezes than in the tropical Central American State, Costa Rica—never warmer than 75 degrees, never colder than 65 degrees. The water supply is pure and abundant, the soil is extremely fertile, successive crops being grown each year without affecting it. On the coast is raised bananas, rice and coconuts; on first plateau and valleys, sugar cane and cotton; higher up tobacco, cochineal, cactus indigo. Here are the coffee lands. No country on the globe can compete with Costa Rica in the raising of coffee—40 acres of coffee trees will pay greater than a 1,000 acre grain farm and you can live in a beautiful southern country where fruits and vegetables mature every month in the year.

A splendid chance for the poor man, for the man of moderate means. You cannot afford to let this opportunity go by.

The eyes of the world are now turned toward this country. The Nicaragua canal will be built and this fair country will be quickly populated. You must not wait until others have secured the best lands and locations.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN MINING AND IMPROVEMENT CO., OF ST. PAUL, MINN.

Are arranging to place a colony of Northwestern people in Costa Rica, and this company will give full information concerning the country, its resources, both vegetable and mineral, and rates of transportation. An illustrated pamphlet of Costa Rica will be mailed to any person sending their address to

WOODFORD M. DAVIS, Sec.,
170½ East 3d Street,
St. Paul, Minn.
Or DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Resident Agent at Crookston, Minn.

In the Illinois state building a room 32x64 feet has been assigned to a kindergarten exhibit, which will be made chiefly under the direction of the women.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held in the City Hall on Tuesday evening, March 8th, 1892.

Meeting called to order by president Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Childs, Schmidt.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The finance committee reported favorably upon the following bills:

D. F. McDonald, labor in the First ward $11 55
D. F. McDonald, labor in the Second ward 12 25
D. F. McDonald, labor in the Third ward 4 50
D. F. McDonald, labor in the Fourth ward 7 50
D. F. McDonald, general labor 6 00

Moved by Ald. Jennings, seconded by Alderman Steenerson, that the report be accepted and adopted and the bills paid.—Carried.

The City engineer presented a communication relating to sewer connections. On motion the communication was referred to the city attorney and city engineer with instructions to draw up the necessary ordinance.

A communication was received from F. Fournet requesting privilege to move his buildings on lot 5 across Broadway to lot 4 block 12 Fletcher & Loring's addition to Crookston. Also to use half of the street while his new building is in course of construction.

On motion the request was granted.

Sylvester & Finseth requested the privilege of erecting a building suitable for a warehouse on lot 2 block 11 Fletcher & Houston's addition.

On motion the request was granted.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 8th day of March, 1892, Alderman Steenerson offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Marshall,

RESOLVED, that the following named persons be and are hereby appointed judges of election for the respective election districts of the said city:

First Ward—Geo. O. Buhn,
I. U. Jennings,
Louis Fontaine.
Second Ward—J. H. McGlogan,
A. C. Schmidt,
S. L. Collins.
Third Ward—L. D. Marshall,
W. E. Walker,
O. H. Mix.
Fourth Ward—Frank Jerome,
John Cromb,
Martin Lully.
Fifth Ward—R. G. Marlette,
E. D. Childs,
T. C. Stuart.

For the annual charter election for said city to be held on the Fifth day of April A. D. 1892, and the following places are hereby established as polling places of said election districts at said election, to wit: First Ward, City Hall; Second Ward, Wm. Watts' old office; Third Ward, Commercial Hotel sample room on Broadway street; Fourth Ward, St. Louis Hotel sample room, and Fifth Ward, E. D. Childs' office.

Upon the call of ayes and nays the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, Marlette, McGlogan, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—None.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the President of the Council.

Passed this 8th day of March, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved the 11th day of March 1892.

ALEX. MCKINNON,
Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
Clerk.

Moved by Alderman Marshall, seconded by Alderman Walker that the contemplated G. A. R. encampment and Fourth of July celebration matter be referred to the ways and means committee and that the chair appoint 5 citizens to act in connection with the ways and means committee. Carried.

The chairman appointed the following gentlemen to act on the committee: C. H. Mix, Wm. Anglim, L. Ellington, A. D. Stephens and C. E. Sawyer.

On motion the verbal communication of the chief of the fire department relating to the inefficiency of the fire ordinance, and the duties of the fire warden, be referred to the fire committee to examine into the matter and report at the next meeting. Carried.

Alderman Jerome excused.

At a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston held the 8th day of March, 1892, Alderman Marshall offered the following resolution which was seconded by Alderman Walker.

The city council of the city of Crookston doth hereby assess and levy upon the several lots and parcels of land below described the respective sums of money set against each lot, or parcel, this assessment is made to defray the costs of constructing sidewalks along the north side of Fourth street from the intersection thereof by Broadway street in the city of Crookston to the intersection of said Fourth street by Elm, in accordance with a resolution of the city council, passed the 8th day of September, 1891, and published in the official paper of the city on the 1st day of October, 1891, the amount levied and assessed upon each lot or parcel being the amount necessary to build such sidewalk along and fronting upon such lot or parcel:

OWNER'S NAME.	DESCRIPTION.	BLK	AM'T. $	c
Annie LaChapelle	S½ Orig. T. S.	20	102	00
	SW¼ "	28	51	00
Geo. Q. Erskine	SE¼ "	28	51	00

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Done at a meeting of said city council the 8th day of March, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

E. C. CARRUTH,
Clerk.

Moved by Alderman Walker, seconded by Alderman Marshall that the clerk be instructed to advertise for bids to construct a sidewalk along the north side of Fourth street from the intersection thereof by Broadway street to the intersection of said Fourth street by Elm street, said bids to be opened at a meeting of the council on Tuesday, March 22d.—Carried.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

A LIVELY BOOM.

Pioneer Press.

The excitement of those interested in Minnesota iron producing lands is now at white heat. The great flurry over the discoveries of the Gogebic range in Wisconsin did not equal the activity that has followed the disclosure of Mesaba's wealth, for it is believed that, both in quantity and quality of product, these newly opened mines will surpass anything in the country. And so, after a year or two in which speculative activity has been dammed up and preparing to rush with redoubled energy down the first channel to be opened, people have gone wild over the new source of wealth. The whole country is full of prospectors, and every acre of available land is being sought for. Companies are organized by the score, and several millions of corporate capital appear daily on the records of the state. Each piece of property is abundantly stocked, either with or without examination and development, and investment and trading in these stocks go on at a lively pace. There are busy times in Northern Minnesota in these days, and Duluth is fairly overrun with the people who have come prepared to win a fortune by the bold stroke of a day.

Neither the presence nor the absence of booms can alter the essential facts, which are that the existence of immense quantities of iron ore, of the finest quality and the most perfect adaptability to manufacturing purposes, in the northern portion of Minnesota, from the Vermillion and Mesaba ranges westward, has now been demonstrated. Just what these properties will turn out to be when more carefully worked none can say, but there is iron ore enough in sight to make this probably the first state in the Union in iron production. It is true that day is still some distance off. The capabilities of but few of the mining properties have been tested. Time and capital are needed for development. Out of all the numerous concerns whose stock is bought and sold upon the market, there will be, in the Mesaba, as there was in the Gogebic excitement, a comparatively small number that settle down, after trial, into handsome and paying concerns. The rest will be forgotten.

It would be a good thing for the public to remember this just now. There is no profit to anybody in a run of speculative fever, and the discoveries are real enough, the possibilities of wealth which they open up are great enough, to be accepted in soberness, without the excitement of the boom. Let people who are already dabbling in iron stocks or who are tempted to deal in them exercise a little caution. The iron is there, in quantities as great as represented, and the future of this state will be all that the most enthusiastic picture it. But, in the present state of the matter, no one can know which will be the great properties, and where the big money will be made. It will be the better for us if this splendid good fortune shall not tempt us to make it the basis of a speculative movement that can only retard instead of advance our prosperity.

Maple Bay Items.

March 7th, 1892.

The new parsonage is going on rapidly. The Lutheran minister is living in the Halleckson house until it is completed.

The woodpecker, chickadee and snowbird are taking in the fine weather. The robin has not made his appearance yet. Sleighing is done except the kind John McMahon calls "tough." John had the misfortune to lame one of his horses. The cut bled badly but a little dry flour and a bandage soon stopped it.

The Hon. Mr. Lommen came out last Friday and gave the Alliance an encouraging address, for which they gave him a vote of thanks.

The Godfrey Alliance meet again on the 19th.

Interests Growers as Well as Manufacturers.

New York Press.

It cannot be impressed too strongly upon wool growers that their prosperity depends first of all and above all upon the prosperity of wool manufacturing. If they sell their product at all they must sell for consumption in American mills. No one ever heard of a foreign manufacturer coming to this country after raw wool for his factory.

The democratic plan for dealing with wool and woolens, as outlined in the wool bill recently agreed upon by the Ways and Means Committee, would, if put in operation, not only subject our wool growers to the destructive competition of cheap Australian and Argentine wools, but would also reduce the demand for wool of any kind in American mills. Mr. Springer himself acknowledges that he expects an immense increase in imports of manufactures of wools under the low rates of duty proposed by him.

He must also agree that such an expansion of imports will restrict the output of American made goods. That it would do so we know from experience. In 1840 the demand for wool from American mills was 3.4 pounds per capita. After 1846 manufacturers of wool were treated by our tariff laws much as Mr. Springer wishes to treat them. The result was that in 1860, after twenty years, the requirements for home manufacture had not increased but still remained 3.4 pounds per capita. From 1860 to 1880, under protection, our requirement for home manufacture nearly doubled, reaching six pounds per capita.

There is a lesson and a warning here for wool growers and manufacturers alike. Their interests in tariff legislation cannot be divorced.

The Beginning of Spring.

Perhaps you think you know when spring begins; when you shed your fur coat and see the grass coming up. But unless you are familiar with the old-fashioned almanac, it would be safe to wager that you do not know that spring begins to-day. On this day the sun enters the zodiacal sign of Aries, or the Ram, and the vernal season is with us again. In the latitude where the inventors and principal users of the zodiac (they have been dead a good while) resided, this was about the date they began to plow, and they opened the spring campaign by offering a sacrifice to the gods for a prosperous year. The sacrifice usually consisted of a ram, and he was given a place of honor in the zodiac as a sign of spring. But though it is hardly spring here yet, it is time to look up a location for the summer's work, and if you are thinking of moving to the fertile wheat fields of North Dakota, the corn-raising prairies of Nebraska and Kansas, or the mines and ranches of Colorado, South Dakota or Wyoming, The Burlington is the line over which you can get there with speed and comfort. In fact, if you are going anywhere, this is really "the only." For tickets, time tables, maps, and any information, call on any agent of this or connecting lines, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Good Farm For Sale.

The S W ¼ Sec. 24, Town 149, R. 48, about 10 miles from Crookston and 8 miles from Fisher. 60 acres broke, with a creek running through the place giving a good supply of water all the year round; no building on the place.

Apply for the information and price, Grand Forks, box 282, N. Dakota.

[48-51]

Wanted.

A situation as foreman and housekeeper by a man and his wife. Best of references given. Call at JOURNAL office. [46-tf]

Jackson Park will retain as one of its permanent attractions the buildings which Japan will erect for its headquarters at the Exposition. The building will be modeled after one of the most famous and architecturally unique of Japan's ancient temples, and with its surrounding garden will cost $70,000. About 40,000 square feet will be occupied. The South Park commissioners have accepted the offer of S. Tegima, representative of the Mikado, to give the structure to Chicago on condition that it be kept permanent and in repair, and that one room in it be devoted to a public exhibit of Japanese works which the Japanese government agrees to replenish from time to time.

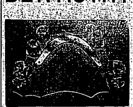
THE OLD RELIABLE
CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONNY
On Real Estaee
MONEY
On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
[illegible]

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.
BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted. If Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on e before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Work Horses - - - & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN.

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than any dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables.
Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building, [illegible]

NEW FEED MILL
CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,
CROOKSTON
CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,
CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,
THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER
FOR BARGAINS.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Drunkenness
CURED.
THE
Moorhead Institute
Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the
DRINK and OPIUM
HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

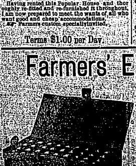
Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

Lee & Herrick's Best,	$2.65
North Star, - -	2.50
Fife, - -	2.15
Skip Jack, - -	1.15

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,
CROOKSTON, MINN
Opera House Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 17, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 71.
1 Northern 70.
2 Northern 64.
3 Northern 60.

Go to Wheeler for money.

Miss Nellie McAvoy has gone to St. Hilaire to learn telegraphy.

A. Humphreys, an attorney from Minneapolis, was in the city last Thursday.

Wm. Hammond left for Bismarck on Monday evening. He is much pleased with Crookston.

Will Cleary left on Sunday evening for Oregon City, Oregon, where he has secured a lucrative situation.

Charlie Vine is not doing any bragging but he is just simply selling the choicest cuts in the market. Try him.

H. D. Pinkerton came over from Michigan City last week on a business trip and to visit relatives and friends in the city.

Martin Haugen, a livery man of Fertile, and Tom Ellis, a farmer, paid THE JOURNAL a pleasant call on Friday of last week.

E. Roberts is rejoicing in the arrival of a little farmer boy at his house, which event occurred last Friday. All doing well at last accounts.

Warren is to have another bank. H. L. Melgaard, of Argyle, A. Grindeland, of Warren, and H. Steenerson, of this city, are interested.

Alderman Schmidt's little daughter died on Thursday of last week and was buried on Saturday. The little one had been ailing about a year.

Chas. Rapp and wife, of St. Hilaire, have engaged passage for the old country on the steamer Etruria and will leave New York on March 26th.

Tom Bjoin returned last week from a trip to Iowa where he went after a carload of choice work horses—and got them. He has a few to sell.

Mrs. Chris Houston continues to improve very slowly. She has had a very severe siege but the prospects for her ultimate recovery are good.

In his suit against the school district in the 5th ward, Frank Deming was beaten on the point that he had no written contract with the district.

Every one should try and attend the Congregational church next Sunday night and hear Rev. Mr. Battey's new lecture, "The Royal Treasures of Life."

Ben Clements was up from Little Falls this week. We shouldn't wonder if Ben intends coming back to Crookston to go into business in the near future.

Dr. A. Nelson was up from Fertile last week attending the meeting of the Republican county committee. The doctor reports a successful business year.

Mr. R. P. Herrick returned on Sunday morning from a visit to New York looking very well. Mr. H. says it seems good to be back to civilization once more.

W. A. Marin sends in a list of 21 subscribers to THE JOURNAL hail fund from Melvin post office, this week. Mr. Marin has been doing excellent work in a good cause.

Mrs. J. B. Copeland, Mrs. I. U. Jennings and Mrs. C. E. Sawyer entertained their lady friends at a "tea" at the residence of the former, on Thursday and Friday of last week.

Uncle John Ross says that was the wildest wind-storm he ever saw, but, he said, "it was the last kick of winter. The farmers may now get their plows ready for they soon will have a chance to go to plowing.

Andrew Nelson was over from Grand Forks this week visiting friends and looking up business. Mr. Nelson carries a large stock of monuments, gravestones, &c., and says he is doing a large business this year.

Wilson & Thompson have been fixing up the interior to their place, put in new mirrors and fixtures and will repaper and renovate generally. When completed they will have one of the neatest places in the city.

The latest reports from Walter O. Lee are to the effect that there is a vast improvement in his condition and strong hopes are entertained of his ultimate recovery. His many friends are earnestly hoping for the best.

Brown Knudsen, Brown A. Hovik and four other farmers were up on Monday looking about with a view to purchasing a dozen drills or so. Mr. Hovik informs us that Garfield farmers have raised a fund for the hail sufferers.

Ed. Ross was out on the street again on Monday. At the time of the accident at the Reckett block it looked as though Ed. would never be able to navigate again without the aid of an artificial leg, but he is going to be almost as good as new.

The article that we reproduce from the Pioneer Press this week is timely in view of the great iron excitement at Duluth. People don't want to lose their heads and invest in everything offered in the line of mining stocks—in fact they should be extremely careful how they invest at all.

Andrew Eiken visited the Zenith city last week.

Wm. Davidson was in from Keystone farm on Monday.

Tom Bjoin opened the week by selling one horse on Monday.

I. U. Jennings is getting in a large stock of very fine furniture.

See Wheeler if you want to obtain a loan right. Office at Scandia-American bank.

Try Charlie Vine's meat market once. He will make it an object for you to call and leave an order.

Charles Johnson was convicted of burglary and sentenced to a term at the penitentiary at St. Cloud.

Furniture can be bought at I. U. Jennings' store, No. 21 Broadway, at lower figures than ever before offered in this city.

Billy Davis, Bert Duntley's barkeeper cut his right hand severely last week handling a barrel. He will be liable to be laid up some time.

Sylvester & Finseth are putting up a temporary building on Broadway for their machinery business.

This week M. R. Brown receives another lot of fine horses which may be seen at his new stables on Main street. Call early for choice.

The late District Commander, O. D. Parker, was in the city on Tuesday, shaking hands with such of the comrades as he could meet.

G. W. Richardson was found guilty of burglary last week and sentenced to a term in Stillwater. He was taken to Stillwater on Tuesday night.

Tom Kelley intends to build a foundry on Main street, opposite Brown's new stables. He had commenced the work but the wind of last week levelled the frame to the ground.

Tom Hunt met with an accident on the Fosston line on Friday. Some way in jumping off the engine he sustained a simple fracture of one leg. Tom will not fire any more for some days.

"Do you know" that J. W. Wheeler has money to loan at reasonable rates and no long waits for the money to come from some place? He has it on hand ready for delivery as soon as the papers are made out.

The Fierce & Albright Comedy Co. opened a week's engagement at the Grand on Monday night in "Woman Against Woman." This is an excellent troupe and will no doubt fill the house each night. In their repertoire are some of the best plays now before the public.

Green goods circulars still continue to circulate in this county notwithstanding one gang was recently broken up in New York. THE JOURNAL receives a circular from a friend in Mentor this week. No JOURNAL reader will be caught by such chaff, as the game has been too thoroughly exposed in these columns.

Ole E. Rude lost a cow and three calves last week, frozen in the storm. The cow was the only milch cow he had and the loss to Ole is a severe one. He is one of the men who lost his crop by hail last fall. Ole has little left but his teams, his farm and his ambition. Such men should be helped by generous neighbors.

Oscar Strand came down from the woods on the Clearwater last week where he has been during the winter acting as stable boss in a lumber camp. Says the cut was unusually large this winter but owing to the recent warm weather which took the snow off they will be unable to bank all of the logs. Oscar added his name to THE JOURNAL list.

Comrade A. Burnam brought in four potatoes, called Ben Harrison, for THE JOURNAL man to sample. Their combined weight was eight pounds and they were the finest potatoes we have seen this year. Comrade Burnam is one of the successful farmers of Polk County and is now talking of building a large and comfortable farm house.

"Passion's Slave" was the play at the Grand on Tuesday evening. It was a new play here and well played. Each purchaser of a ticket gets a number and on Saturday evening, a riding horse, saddle and bridle will go to the holder of the lucky number. Matinee at two o'clock on Saturday, at which 12 dolls will be given to the little girls holding the lucky numbers.

Chip o' The Old Block was the play put on at the Grand Opera House on Saturday evening. It is a light comedy farcical skit without any plot to speak of and when well presented is quite amusing. We notice that there are some in our city who seem quite carried away with this sort o' thing, but more who do not seem to enjoy that style so well.

Mr. T. Christianson was held up on Thursday evening by a foot pad and relieved of a silver watch. Later on policeman Robinson ran the fellow in who denied any knowledge of the affair, but the police followed the affair up and found a man who had seen the prisoner digging in the snow near the water tank, and upon search the watch was found buried in the snow.

A man named O'Brien, from St. Hilaire, went into Alderman & Sylvester's hardware store last Thursday and asked to look at some revolvers. When he thought he was unobserved he quickly secreted one of them, but not quick enough, however, and he was raked in by the police, who found another revolver upon his person loaded for bear. He seems to have a decided penchant for hardware.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

John Kops has gone east to purchase 800 pianos for Kops Bros., of Grand Forks. This indicates that the firm has been doing a large business and expect a larger next year. Their trade extends throughout the entire Northwest as far west as the coast and they are a perfectly reliable firm.

Next Sunday there will be no morning services or Sunday school at the Congregational church, as the church will attend the dedication services at the M. E. church. The J. S. C. E. at 3:30 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 as usual, and at 7:30 Rev. R. H. Battey will deliver a new lecture entitled "The Royal Treasures of Life."

A Large Foundry.

Nine years ago the coming summer a little plant was put in on Clements' Addition and a small foundry business commenced by Morrisey Bros. Very soon finding that these quarters were limited and that their growing business required a more central location they moved their plant to Sampson's Addition, putting up larger buildings where they remained for several years when J. E. bought out his brother's interest, his brother having caught the western fever and had to go. Two years since J. E. purchased a site near the Great Northern depot and removed the plant to it, and last fall's business convinced him that he would have to still further enlarge and put in more machinery if he would keep up with the procession. Being just that kind of a man he made his arrangements accordingly and a few weeks ago started out on a visit to the great foundrys of the country in Cincinnati, Milwaukee and Chicago, at which place he tarried for some weeks and purchased a lot of machinery for his Crookston foundry which will enable him to do all kinds of saw mill work, agricultural implements and, in fact, anything and everything in his line, as he says his shop will be completely equipped with everything necessary. The new material will be along in a few days and as soon as the weather permits, alterations in the shops will be made. Mr. M. says while in Chicago he visited the Exposition grounds where the work of putting up buildings is already in progress and some of the buildings well along. He says the Expo bids fair to be a big thing.

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

SOMETHING NEW ABOUT **CARPETS**

DO YOU NEED—Are you going to buy any CARPETS this summer?
DO YOU WANT to select from an assortment that is larger than any other two stocks in town?
DO YOU WANT THE LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES?
DO YOU WANT to buy a good quality 36 inch Hemp Carpet at 18c per yard?
DO YOU WANT Your CARPETS cut without waste?
DO YOU WANT your CARPETS sewed ready to lay?
DO YOU WANT any WINDOW SHADES or WINDOW CURTAINS, Brass Rods or Brass Fixtures, Wood Poles or Wood Fixtures?

—AND ABOVE ALL—

DO YOU WANT to pay less than you can buy inferior goods for elsewhere?

THEN—CALL—ON—US.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM, on Quality.
Leaders in Low Prices

Don't forget that M. R. Brown will be on deck again this week with another lot of those choice, heavy mares. It will cost you nothing to go and look them over, but if you buy you are sure of making a good bargain. The fact of his having sold so many car-loads this spring proves that Brown's horses are good ones and his prices satisfactory.

Mr. R. Casmey, of Euclid, called in on Monday to set that subscription ahead a peg and report observations on his Winnipeg trip, from which city he has just returned. He says the storm was evidently very much harder in Manitoba than here and he saw evidences in the bodies of horses and cattle strewn along quite numerously. He saw some wheat in shocks and lots of wheat in stacks along the road. Mr. C. gives it as his opinion that wheat in stack will all be unfit for seed even if it can be threshed in time, which is doubtful.

By invitation of the young people of Thief River Falls, Rev. R. H. Battey will deliver two lectures, one at the Falls and the other at St. Hilaire, on Monday and Tuesday evenings of next week. The lecture Monday night at the Falls will be "Sister, Daughter and Lover," and Tuesday, at St. Hilaire, "Brother, Son and Lover." These are two of Mr. Battey's best lectures of the course of twelve Sunday evening lectures delivered at the Congregational church in Crookston last year and which were attended by full houses for a period of three months.

The new Methodist church is now ready for occupancy and will be dedicated next Sunday. The audience room with its new carpet, pews, pulpit, &c., is attractive and cheerful. Rev. C. H. Stocking, of First Church, Duluth, a man of considerable ability, together with the Presiding Elder of Fergus Falls district, and others, will be present to conduct the dedicatory services. The Congregational, Presbyterian, Baptist and Norwegian Methodist churches of the city have all received a special invitation to participate in the services. A general invitation is extended to everybody, and all will be gladly welcomed. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. A good time is anticipated. Come and enjoy it.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

		Tp.	R.	Sec.
THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00			
B. C. Jorgenson	10.00			
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley.			
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat.			
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat.			
Lewis Ellington	$5.00.			
E. Lanctot.	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.			
Thomas Wallace,	20 bu. barley			
Goodwin Leppert (Wylie)	10 bu. oats.			
Hayes Bros	20 bu. wheat.			
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. barley.			
Ben Geroux	2 " "			
K. Hanson	4 " "			
Ole Olson	2 " wheat.			
E. W. Johnson	50 cents.			
Will Himmelsback	10 bu. barley.			
S. B. Palmer (Lockhart),	10 bu. potatoes.			
Hugh Thompson,	25 bu. seed wheat.			
E. M. Walsh,	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley.			
D. C. Hallock, (Edna)	5 bu. barley.			
Jake Ide	15 bu. oats, 15 bu. barle			
Walter O. Lee	20 bushels wheat.			
R. Bain (Fisher)	5 " barley.			
G. W. Eastman, Andover,	10 bu. wheat			
S. L. Collins	25 bu. oats			
W. A. Marin,	10 bu barley	148	45	8
C. H. Holmes,	2 bu wheat	"	"	22
A. J. Appleguist,	4 bu wheat	"	"	18
Ole P. Onstad,	6 bu oats	"	"	10
H. T. Hoff,	4 bu wheat	"	46	1
J. P. Bullan,	10 bu potatoes	"	45	7
Halvor K. Aarhus,	1 bu wheat			
" "	2 bu oats	"	"	28
Peter Bakke,	2 bu oats	"	"	26
Peder Moen,	8 bu barley	"	"	28
P. H. Hoglund,	4 bu oats	"	"	30
Dan. Linnehan,	5 bu barley			22
W. S. Laudt,	$1			22
John E. Hanson,	2 bu wheat			4
Andreas Menson	2			2
Ole Olson,	2 bu wheat			4
T. Carlson	2			8
Henry Storeng,	2 bu wheat			28
O. W. Davis,	2 bu barley			30
Tostan Menson,	4 bu oats			2
Hans Grone,	2 bu barley			18
Knud H. Bergh,	6 bu potatoes			24

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD,

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

320 ACRES in Angus Township, 255 acres cultivated, 50 acres pasture, fenced, good farm buildings, 110 acres ready for seeding, 4 horses and harnesses, 2 wagons, 2 seeders, binder, gang plow, seeders, etc, all for $5,000, part cash, balance on easy terms.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for marke garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 80 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1,000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2,500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,850 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full set Blacksmith tools, and small farm implements. $3,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Always on hand, anything you want in the line of choice fresh meats, at Charlie Vine's.

Hallock News: Dr. Thomas, the famous Crookston dentist, had a good run of business this week. Several persons were anxiously awaiting his arrival on Tuesday, and new patients took up all his time as long as he staid. All who have had occasion for his professional services speak in high terms of commendation of his skill.

At the People's Party meeting on Saturday night the following ticket was put in the field:

For Mayor—Frank Ives.
For Ald. at Large—Elias Steenerson.
For Treasurer—A. P. Hanson.
For Clerk—P. M. Ringhahl.
For Assessor—T. B. McManus.
For Aldermen—
  First ward—I. Simmons.
  Second ward—Wm. Munch.
  Third ward—W. E Kelsey.
  Fourth ward—J. O. Sargeant.
  Fifth ward—A. McGregor.

Vermontville (Mich.) Echo: While at the depot the other evening we met Mr. A. N. Hixson, who went west from Portland, Mich., eleven years ago and settled at Crookston, Polk Co., Minn. He says he did not have a dollar when he settled there, but now has a farm of 1,750 acres, with 1,270 acres under cultivation, a steam thresher, twelve self binders, a power feed mill, good house, barns, granaries and other buildings necessary for such a farm. Last year he raised 15,000 bushels of wheat, 2,500 of oats, 3,000 of barley. He believes that no other country in the world can surpass the Red River Valley.

THE STORM.

The storm of last week, while it was the most severe one of the season, and in fact for several years, did not do as much damage in Crookston as has been reported by some papers. A few signs were blown down, a plate glass in Sture's store broken, one in W. D. Wilson's store, a part of the front to Charlie Vine's meat market, also a part of the front of Rasmusson's hardware store demolished. Tom Kelley's new foundry, just being built, was wrecked, and a tin roof or two took wings and fled. The average amount of damage was comparatively small for such a high wind as that was.

A Good Temperance Meeting.

Last Sunday the four churches, Baptist, Congregational, Methodist and Presbyterian, of Crookston, united in holding a temperance meeting at the Congregational church. It was well attended, the main audience room and the parlor being full. Short, stirring addresses were delivered by Messrs. R. Stanton, A. A. Miller and C. McCaslin, and pastors J. J. Edwards and R. H. Battey. The main thought of each address was total abstinence for the individual and close every saloon by the enforcement of good laws. Much good is done by holding such meetings as the one last Sunday night.

Ask I. U. Jennings

How furniture has taken a tumble lately.

Look at This!

Minneapolis clear property, near Exposition building, for good land in Polk County.

W. B. McClure.
3,101 Stevens Avenue,
[46-48] Minneapolis, Minn.

If it is a choice steak or roast you want call on Chas. Vine, Broadway & Robert.

Good Market For Oats

Having had a fine oat crop swept away by hail in few minutes time we are obliged to buy oats to supply our farm teams, and we will be glad to pay the highest market price to any who are owing us several years subscription. We shall need about 1000 bushels and will take them as fast as offered. Brin on your oats and get your receipts. [33-tf]

FOR SALE.

My stock of Funeral Supplies, including Casket-Cabinets and Furniture, and all necessary appurtenances to carry on a first-class business of Undertaking. Also my Picture Framing and Upholstering material and cabinet makers and upholsterers' tools.

My business is well established and growing. Cheap rental and centrally located.

My stock and fixtures are second to none in the State. This is a rare business opening for the right party.

My reason for selling is ill health in my family. Address,

J. V. E. WYATT,
Crookston, Minn.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

REPUBLICAN
COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Polk will be held on Tuesday, April 5th, 1892, in the Court House in the City of Crookston, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the city of St. Paul on Thursday, May 5th, 1892, and also for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention to be held at Morris on the 12th day of May, 1892, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the Convention.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for each forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz.:

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Brislet	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	2
Columbia	2	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	4	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	2	Polk Center	2
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	1	Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
Town of Crookston	2	" " " —town.	1
Eden	1	Reis	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4		
Grand Forks	2	St. Hilaire	2
Garden	4	Sanders	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sandsville	2
Gervais	1	Sletten	3
Gentilly	2	Sullivan	2
Godfrey	3	Tabor	1
Grove Park	2	Terrebonne	2
Hammond	1	Tilden	2
Higdem	2	Tynsid	2
Hill River	3	Vineland	2
Hubbard	3	Winger	3
Huntsville	2	Woodside	3
Keystone	2	Wyandotte	2
Kertsonville	1		
King	3	Total	159
Knute	3		

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, that no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the Convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

The foregoing call was agreed upon by the Republican County Committee at a meeting held in the City of Crookston, March 11th, 1892.

A. A. MILLER, Secretary. A. D. STEPHENS, Chairman.

Euclid Items.

Alley Carlton, of Angus, returned from the pinery Friday.

Twelve cattle perished in the storm of Wednesday night in the ditch of the N. P. track, also two near Angus. This was undoubtedly the worst storm of the season.

Bert Chapin arrived from Michigan on the morning train Friday. His brother, R. S. Chapin, of Crookston, accompanied him as far as that city. Bert will become a resident of Polk Co.

Ed. Duntly, who recently arrived from Michigan, has hired out to M. M. Davis & Son for the season, and means to grow up with the country. That's right, young men of Michigan, there's room for thousands more of you.

Henry Stuhr bade farewell to a nice new $3.50 stiff hat Wednesday which took its way toward Crookston, so if any of the Crookstonites see a bran new hat walking around on three leg, Mr. Stuhr would be very much obliged to have you inform him of its whereabouts.

Euclid has blossomed out with a reporter which I am afraid will also be like the Dutchman's wife which "lasted to soon yet already."

New goods constantly arriving at E. Taylor & Co.'s.

F. Tiedt doing a big business.

Brother Harrington has got back from a visit to the old home where the geese go in winter.

E. Taylor & Co. Company talk of putting a 40-foot addition on the back of their store to accommodate their increasing trade.

Ole Nelson is now moving into town. I suppose Ole will be quite a dude hereafter.

We hear twine is going up. If it is that confounded Cordage Company ought to be hung with a piece of their own goods.

Denis Losey will move out on the farm next week and become a granger once more.

If I write no more, you need not cry,
Good-bye! old JOURNAL, good-bye!
For I know there's none for me to sigh,
Good-bye! old JOURNAL, good-bye!
Bye, JOURNAL, bye, oh!
Not very long though,
I'll be there to-morrow;
Good-bye! old JOURNAL, good-bye!

FRED.

Mentor Items.

MENTOR, March 14, 1891.

Our roads are in bad condition since the storm of last week.

The storm of Tuesday night and Wednesday of last week was the most severe witnessed in this place in eleven years. We have not heard of any particular damage being done, except the wrecking of Messrs. Moe & Buhn's store house.

A resident of Mentor, so we are told, in seeking a safer nook, saved his life but lost his rubbers.

John Buhn is still at his post packing eggs. He is an experienced hand at the business. John, don't count your chickens before they are hatched.

A grand entertainment was held at the residence of Mr. D. Overholt on Saturday evening of last week, for the benefit of the ladies' relief corps. A very pleasant evening was spent by all. The entertainment was good and the refreshments genuine. At 12 m. the company dispersed, returning to their homes in high spirits. Who will be the next hospitable man to open his door for the good cause?

[illegible]

somebody else's girl. Come one, come all, and have a good time.

Iver Halderson is about to move from our midst. We regret to see one of our good neighbors leave us. This move will be Grove Park's loss and Woodside's gain.

The wood camp belonging to T. H. Bjoin has at last broken up. Cye stuck to his knitting very good this winter, but we wonder if the profits will balance the losses. As Cye has used up three axes and nothing left but the handle of the fourth, we think he ought to peck away all summer, and see if he could make it better in warm weather.

The following are the officers elected at the recent town election:

Supervisors—A. Cleveland, chairman; Chas. Attix, John Quesnell.
Town Clerk—E. E. Abbott.
Treasurer—John Tice.
Justice of the Peace—Geo. Swift.
Constable—B. VanGordon.

MICK.

MELVIN ITEMS.

The election is over, no broken bones but an occasional sore scalp. This is a year, however, in which to locate the sore spot, and avoid getting hit, in the same place next year.

The recent storm was the worst known in five years, and coming so unexpectedly, it caught some stock unprotected. E. B. Durdall lost one fine ox which wandered about on the prairie and was found dead six miles from home. C. W. Davis lost two oxen and one calf. At this writing he has found one ox and the calf dead, and no trace of the other. Henry Manki lost one yoke of oxen and others are in quest of cows, calves and sheep.

The change of weather has nipped the prospect of very early seeding, but the farmers can haul the wood they expected to haul next summer, cut, split and pile it, and make the housewife happier.

During the recent fine weather some of the farmers who did not get their grain threshed last fall, tried threshing, but they are unable to sell their wheat, it being so damp. The elevator men cannot give more than No. 3 for wheat threshed now, which, had it been threshed last fall, would have graded No. 1. This early in the season there is from two to three layers of sheaves in the bottom of each stack that are badly damaged, and it now looks as if one-sixth of the grain stacked on level land would be destroyed for market if left till after seeding, and if threshed before will be too damp to sell. It looks very discouraging for those who have not threshed.

If all the towns in the county will get a move on, as it were, the hail sufferers will not be forced to the wall, and be obliged to go out of business for lack of seed grain.

GOSSIP.

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

THE MERCANTILE AGENCIES.

We have seen in my three previous papers on the subject of Mercantile Agencies that the law as generally laid down in this country is to the effect that reports of mercantile agencies are privileged communications—that is, such communications as exempt them from liability for statements otherwise libelous, when, and only when, such reports are made to subscribers to the agency having an interest in the information given. We have also found that this interest must be a specific interest, that is, not such an interest as subscribers have in all persons who are reported, but an interest in the particular concern or business concerning which the report is made. That the law in Canada would seem to be almost the reverse; in other words, that no report by an agency is privileged, whether made to an interested subscriber or not. Frequently agencies make contracts with their subscribers by which the latter assume the responsibility, risk and liability for negligence or incorrect statements on the part of the agency's employes in procuring, collecting and communicating the information. Such contracts have been upheld in two cases, which are the only ones we find, both in Pennsylvania, and one against Dun, and the other against Bradstreet. There are statutes in many of the States which provide that in order to maintain an action against a person for a representation concerning the character in trade of any other person, it is necessary that the representation be in writing and signed by the person sought to be charged. Where it has been sought to apply this statute to mercantile agencies in cases where their reports are not in writing, there has developed a difference of opinion on the part of the courts which leaves the question unsettled. One view is that the agency waives its right to take advantage of the statute by its original contract with the subscriber. Another view is that the agency is liable, not upon the representation, but upon the contract, and that no statute requires the latter to be in writing. Statutes of this character are found in Alabama, California, Indiana, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, Oregon, South Carolina, Vermont and Wyoming, and cases upon this subject are the following: Sprague v. Dun, U. C., 899 Q. B., vol. [illegible] Swany v. Phillips, [illegible] 67.

gain credit, makes to the mercantile agencies a false statement as to his business character and ability. In such cases one who has been defrauded by reason of his relying upon these representations, may maintain an action of deceit against such merchant. A fraudulent intent upon the part of the merchant must be clearly shown, and the representation must be so nearly connected with the transaction in which the plaintiff alleges that he was deceived as to make it plain that the defendant intended the representation to be relied upon in that transaction. It would, no doubt, be interesting to attorneys throughout the country to know how far they are protected in responding to requests made by mercantile agencies as to the responsibility of merchants. Very little has come before the courts to help in determining the question. There is a case reported in the Albany Law Journal, first volume, page 323, tried in September, 1870, before a circuit court in New York, in which the attorney received a letter with printed questions from J. M. Bradstreet & Son's agency, inquiring as to the standing, character and financial ability of a party named Sherwood. This letter he answered. Sherwood sued the attorney for libel, because of matter contained in that answer. The judge charged the jury that the communication made by the attorney to the agency was not privileged, and it was laid down that the protection which is given to the proprietor of a mercantile agency in reporting the standing of a party to one of its subscribers, is not given to the country correspondent of the agency. It would seem, however, that any ruling that would hold the agency irresponsible in the matter, would also protect the country correspondent, who is nothing more nor less than a clerk or agent of the agency for a particular purpose. Indeed, it is almost the sole and universal method employed by agencies to obtain the information which they furnish to their patrons, and it is hard to see where any justice lies in holding the one responsible and the other not, and we believe if the question ever comes before the higher courts, as indeed it would seem strange that it has not, the decision will be the reverse of that before quoted.

In our next we shall treat of the liability of the mercantile agencies doing a collection business.

Maple Bay Items.

Last Wednesday's storm is said to have been the severest one ever experienced in Minnesota.

The conference held in the new Lutheran church at Aldahl last week was well represented by the Maple Bay people.

Misses Carrie and Estelle Hunter, who have been attending school in Fertile this winter, returned home in time to enable Miss Carrie to attend the teachers' examination.

Miss Bertha Moen is home from Crookston on a visit to her parents.

Our election held at the school house in Dist. No. 90, resulted in electing the old board with but little opposition.

Rev. Sorensen was the guest of Rev. Oefstedal during conference.

Miss Nettie Hunter, who has just finished teaching a successful term of school in Dist. No. 190, and returned to her home, has been suffering from la grippe.

The storm put a stop to the work already commenced on the parsonage.

Rev. S. E. Sorenson and family are now occupying the old store building until the completion of their new house.

Miss Matie Godfrey is home from Crookston, where she has been attending school for the past two months.

Miss Carrie Hunter has been very sick since her return from Crookston, but is now convalescent.

Sen. E. E. Lommen delivered a fine address to the farmers of this town, on the 4th inst. We regret the slim attendance which was probably owing to insufficient notice.

BLIZZARD.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

We spoke of the birds singing, but their songs were soon silenced, and with most of them, forever.

The worst storm we have seen in thirteen years swept over this part of the valley on the night of the 8th and day of the 9th. The loss of property has been considerable, though no loss of human life heard of as yet. J. Garstner, town of Godfrey, lost 8 head of cattle, 5 cows and 3 young cattle; T. G. Lee, 1 steer; Mr. Davis, town of Onstad, 1 ox and 1 cow; Mr. Al Wade of Tilden, 1 fat hog and 20 chickens. Reports say the loss in Terrebonne will exceed 50 head of cattle.

Mr. P. W. Horton met with a sad accident some weeks ago. A small twig scratched his eye and he caught cold in it, which resulted in its loss. He has been confined to the house five weeks but is improving now.

MAPLE BAY.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP.
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor. of Broadway and Third Sts.
CROOKSTON, MINN.

Milch Cows for Sale.

One grade Polled Angus, fresh; one grade Shorthorn and one full-blood Holstein-Friesian. Call at JOURNAL office.

OATS WANTED.

S. L. Dobson wants to secure all the oats in Polk County that are suitable for his business, for which he will pay the highest market price.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

For Sale.

I have for sale at my farm, 6 miles northeast of Crookston, a few choice young mares ready for farm work or driving purposes. Call early for choice.

[45-tf] S. M. McKEE.

WANTED!

Two or three men to work for me in Polk County. $4 to $12 per day, sure. If you are idle or working for small money now is the time. Any one can do the work and make big wages. Particulars free. Address,

W. ALBERT LANOTOT,
[41-48] Crookston, Minn.

Wanted.

Groom, to travel with an imported Clydesdale stallion for three months beginning April 1st, 1892. None but a competent person need apply. Bring references and state wages expected. Address H. H. Cavanagh, Sec., Excel P. O., Marshall County, Minnesota. [47-50]

Wanted.

Employment on a farm by an experienced young man 21 years old. Address, E. B. P., Cleveland House, Crookston, Minn.

BIDS FOR SIDEWALK.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk,
City of Crookston, } ss.

Bids will be received by the City Council of the City of Crookston for building a sidewalk along and adjoining the north side of Fourth street, from the intersection thereof by Broadway street, to the intersection of said Fourth street by Elm street, in the city of Crookston. Said sidewalk to be six feet wide, made of white pine plank, two inches thick, surfaced on one side, each plank to be not more than six inches wide and well nailed with 20 penny spikes on three stringers 3x6 inches dimension, timbers and all lumber to be as good quality as first common white pine timber.

Bids will be opened Tuesday evening, March 22d, 1892. The Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated Crookston, Minn., March 9th, 1892.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

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INDIAN STORIES. A series of Exciting Narratives of Life, Loving, Hunting and Fighting on the Western Frontier. By Col. Henry Inman, the popular author.

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A NOBLE ATONEMENT. An Interesting Story. By Mme. Sophie Redfield de Meissner, of the Russian Legation.

SOUTH AFRICA. A Series of Letters from the Diamond Fields. By H. H. B. Marrison, of Johannisberg, South Africa.

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SOUTH AMERICAN SKETCHES. By Capt. Almont Barnes.

Frank G. Carpenter will continue his interesting letters. Prof. Felix S. Oswald will continue his attractive articles. This is only a partial list. Other attractive features will be announced from time to time.

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STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk. } ss.

Notice is hereby given that at a Special Term of the Probate Court, to be held in and for the County of Polk, on Friday the First day of April, A. D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, in said County, the following matter will be heard and considered:

The verified petition of James H. Lee for the appointment of a guardian for Walter C. Lee, of said county, now at the Hospital of Insane at Fergus Falls in said State, alleged to be insane and mentally incompetent, to have the charge and management of his property [illegible]

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the Sixteenth day of March, A. D. 1892. [illegible]

By order of the Court. [illegible] BENSON,

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Has Gained the Reputation of being

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And the many points of superiority over other Drills on the market, entitle them to the name they hold as the "King of Seeding Machinery." For sowing in rows close together—5 inches—others are 6 and 7 inches—ease of operation, lightness of draft, we recommend them to any careful, investigating farmer. They will not clog; we warrant them to work where a seeker will work. They are well built, durable and are sold as low as their excellent quality will admit.

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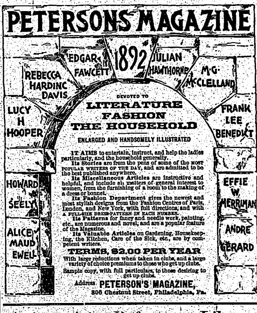

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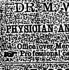

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Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 17, 1892.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

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MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.......St. Paul.......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:40 p. m. ar.......Helena.......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:30 a. m.......Arrive 8:45 p. m.

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World's Fair Notes.

New Jersey has increased its World's Fair appropriation from $20,000 to $70,000.

The Russian government has adopted a very liberal policy toward the Exposition. Information has been received at headquarters that the minister of finance, with the approval of the emperor, has decided to pay all freight charges on Russian exhibits for the Fair, to insure the exhibits and to decorate the Russian section. The imperial porcelain factory is making ware of special designs to be shown at the Fair.

Austria will make a fine exhibit of glass, porcelain, bronze, leather, artistic iron and cabinet work.

The "Independent New York Schuetzen," considered the elite corps of German-American sharpshooters, have decided to attend the Exposition in a body. The organization has in its membership many prominent business men. It has made two or more shooting tours in Europe, on one of which it was entertained by Price Bismarck.

The Bethlehem Iron Company, of South Bethlehem, Pa., will make an extensive exhibit, including steel rails, a battle ship shafting 125 feet in length, guns, projectiles, an armor-plate ingot weighing 100 tons, and various naval appliances. The company will also erect a full-size model of its famous 125-ton steam hammer, said to be the largest in the world. It will be to all appearances a perfect duplicate in every respect. It will span the main avenue of Machinery Hall, and will rise to a height of ninety feet. At the last Paris exhibition great attention was attracted by a similar model shown by the Creusot works, but representing only a 100-hammer.

E. Sayderheim, horticulturist to the Emperor of Austria, has written from Buda-Pesth that he will contribute to the Exposition's floral display a collection of the rarest roses, embracing 200 standard, 200 half-standard tree roses and 400 rose bushes.

Mrs. Frona Wait, one of the lady managers of California, has offered to finish in redwood one of the large reception rooms in the woman's building.

The French goverment, through the efforts of Minister Whitelaw Reid, has agreed to permit the exposition authorities to send into France, free of duty, electrotypes of buildings and other exposition matter intended for use in French papers, to stimulate interest in the fair.

A cablegram states that Switzerland will not be officially represented at the exposition, but that the government will examine the representations of citizens desirous of exhibiting and will consider the question of granting a subsidy to enable them to do so.

The exhibit which Illinois women will make in the woman's building will be a model hospital, conducted entirely by women. The women physicians and surgeons of the State and the Illinois training school for nurses will manage the matter. Three rooms in the woman's building have been assigned for the exhibit, and the state board has appropriated $3,000 to defray the expense.

A heroic statue of Columbus, by Louis St. Gaudens, will stand before the main entrance of the administration building.

The Illinois Woman's Ceramic Association has secured space for an exhibit in the Illinois building.

The Queen Isabella Association will not have a pavilion or club house on the exposition grounds. Its application for space for such pavilion has been rejected by the grounds and buildings committee, on recommendation of chief of construction Burnham, who urged that no space could be spared for buildings of the private club house description.

A choral hall, 160x260 feet, will be erected near the horticultural building. There Professor Tomlins, with 2,000 trained voices, will furnish rare choral music during the exposition. The Welsh International Eisteddfod will occupy the building for a week.

Hayti has appropriated $25,000 for its representation at the exposition. Fred Douglass has been appointed commissioner to represent that country.

The grand entrance to the mammoth manufacturers' building will be decorated at an expense of about $12,000.

The total amount reported appropriated by foreign nations and colonies for their representation at the exposition, so far as heard from, is $3,951,053. Quite a number of those which have decided to participate have not yet made appropriations.

The Illinois state board of agriculture has offered a number of prizes ranging from $50 to $250, for the best exhibits shown at the state fair, to be held at Peoria in September. From these exhibits the board will make many selections for the World's fair.

A bill protecting foreign exhibitors of patented articles from all possible prosecution for infringement has peen passed by the senate and is pending and reported sure to pass in the House. The bill reads as follows:

"That no citizen of any country shall be held liable for the infringement of any patent granted by the United States or any trade-mark registered in the United States where the act complained of is performed in connection with the exhibition of any article or thing at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago."

M. Seranno, Mexico's special World's Fair commissioner, who visited Chicago a short time ago and made a thorough inspection of exposition progress and affairs, has made to his government a report exceedingly favorable to the exposition. He advocates an elaborate participation by Mexico. President Diaz has expressed himself in favor of making a fine showing of Mexico's progress and advantages rather than of her relics and antiquities.

The Newport, R. I., artillery, which celebrated its 150th anniversary several months ago, and claims to be the oldest active military company in the United States, will attend the World's Fair. It visited the Centennial at Philadelphia and attracted much attention.

The U. S. Treasury Department has decided that machinery imported to the exposition from foreign countries, either wholly as an exhibit or to be shown in connection with the illustration of some manufacturing process, shall be admitted free of duty. Any raw material imported for use in such process must pay regular duty, however.

The lady managers are in communication with Mrs. Aubrey H. Smith, of Philadelphia, who compiled a book of interesting and valuable statistics for the centennial concerning the intention of the Woman's board to take up the work begun by Mrs. Smith, and bring it up to date, showing the advancement of women in philanthropy during the last decade. The lady managers have already collected much supplimentary data of an international character, and are consulting Mrs. Smith as to the best methods suggested by her experience in arranging the available materials.

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1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land, 80 acres; 1½ story frame house, 18x24; log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary 16x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21, and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,360.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 18, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14, and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $3.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address

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N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Feb. 15th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on May 10th, 1892, viz: TOM SANDEM, Hd. 12411, for the sw¼ Sec. 26, Tp. 147, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Gustav Christianson, Gille Stromstad, Olaus Anderson, Bernt Bentson, all of Edna P.O., Polk Co., Minn.

[44-49] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Notice of Sale Under Decree.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Karl Sletten, Plaintiff, vs. Carl Ulsteen and Julie Ulsteen, Defendants.

In pursuance to a judgment and decree of the Court in the above entitled action, dated February 1st 1892, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me with instructions to enforce the same, I, the undersigned sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at he front door of the District Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, on Friday the 8th day of April, A.D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the real estate and premises described in said judgment and decree, to wit: The south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk, Minnesota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 5th, 1892.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

H. STEENERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Crookston, Minn. [43-49]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk, } ss.

The State of Minnesota, to George Herbet, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 31st day of March, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston in said county, to answer to Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand this 27th day of February, 1892.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
Justice of the Peace.

[46-48]

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-t-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,

Second Street,

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Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

CALL IN.

Dr. Laduc's Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2, 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

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Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons' Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

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STOVES AND RANGES

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ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

☞ Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call. ☜

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Scandia-American Bank

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

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C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H Lucken. A. G. Gallasch.
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Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.

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S. L. COLLINS,

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Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Crookston Business College.

FACULTY:

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[illegible] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. | DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. | TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 24, 1892. NO. 49.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
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2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
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NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.

2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.

4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

At Minneapolis.

New York Press.

The time has come when the eyes of the Republican party naturally and properly turn toward Minneapolis with comprehensive glances East, West, North and South to see who and where the men are from whom a selection may fitly be maid to lead the party's hosts to victory next November for the threefold cause of protection of home industry, honest money and the purity of the ballot box. Such a survey of the field is entirely in order. The ground is not pre-empted. The survey is open to every member of the party. Each one has an equal privilege to form and express an opinion. Very different is the Republican situation from that in the Democratic party, where the wishes of the voters are calmly ignored and all schemes for capturing the Chicago nomination are laid on the assumption that the dicker and deal of a few "leaders" will be meekly accepted by the rank and file.

It is certain that there is not one of the Republicans commonly spoken of in connection with the office who would not, if nominated, command the united and enthusiastic support of the party. The list is so long that we can do little more at this time than to call a partial roll of the illustrious names.

There is John Sherman, Ohio's senior Senator, every inch a statesman, with a record of achievement in the halls of legislation and in the Presedential cabinet that has few paralells in the history of this or any other country, a man of spotless character, vast attainments, splendid ability, whose principles are sound to the core, whom the people of the whole country know, admire and trust.

There is Senator Allison of Iowa. He was a leading candidate for the nomination four years ago. The secretaryship of the treasury was later offered to him, and his refusal to accept that great office was a disappointment to the nation. He is one of perhaps a half dozen members of the Senate who have rightfully earned the proud title of a great Senator. He has no enemies in either party, and his friends would be numbered by many millions at the November ballot boxes if his name were to be presented to the American people for their suffrages.

General Alger, of Michigan is a man after the veteran soldier's own heart. There was no more gallant fighter for the imperiled Union than he. He was faithful, able and brave. That is a record made on many a field of battle, attested by his comrades in the ranks and by his superior officers. Partisan abuse or personal malice cannot rob him of the esteem in which he is rightly held as one who did noble duty at a time when the nation's life was menaced.

Another possible nominee is Senator Cullom, of Illinois. To him the country is indebted for the first comprehensive and successful attempt to solve that great problem of adjusting the conflicting interests and rights of the people and the vast appliances of trade and transportation with which all business enterprises are so vitally connected. The interstate commerce law is no doubt imperfect. But after many years of trial it has proved to be far better for both the railway corporations and the masses of the people than was the system or lack of system which existed before this measure grappled with abuses and contentions that at one time threatened to produce commercial anarchy. The distinguished Republican Senator from Illinois has other titles to fame. As the representative of one of the greatest states in the Union his conduct has been marked by progressive conservatism, good sense, incorruptibility and tireless endeavor to promote the welfare not only of his own section of the country, but of every state, every territory and every citizen.

No review like this could be complete without some consideration of possible "dark horses." There are several of them, and they are not so very dark either. In such a list, Robert Lincoln, our Minister to England, must be mentioned first. He worthily bears a name forever peerless in American history. Another possible dark horse is Governor McKinley, whom Ohio no less and no more than the whole United States, delights to honor. Yet another is the fearless, brilliant, brainy Tom Reed, whose name elicits storms of applause in every Republican assemblage from Portland, Me., to Portland, Ore.

We have reserved for mention, last of all, the name which leads all others in the popular mind at this time—the name of Benjamin Harrison. Any one must be blind to the signs of the times who cannot see that the President has a long lead in the race, if such an expression may be fitly used in a case where there is, strictly speaking, no "race," but only a friendly comparison of views and a desire on the part of all that the prize shall be adjudged to him whom the people shall deem, upon the whole, the wisest selection. What a day, a week, a month or three months may bring forth no man can tell. At present the clear outlook is for President Harrison's renomination. The reasons are cogent. To many minds they seem conclusive. He has nobly borne himself in his great office. He has been guilty of no blameworthy acts. He has committed no serious mistakes. But his claims are far from resting on a merely negative foundation. His course is marked by every element of administrative statesmanship. It is strong, safe, judicious, faithful to the principles of the party, in line with the best interests of the country. In each great emergency he has shown himself equal to every demand. Witness the Italian, the Chilian and the Behring Sea complications in which the President has championed with equal wisdom and firmness the cause of the United States. Witness a series of judicial appointments that commands even the reluctant admiration of political opponents. He is to-day the main bulwark between the business interests of 64,000,000 people and financial chaos through the free silver coinage lunacy.

In short, the fact that Benjamin Harrison has given to the country one excellent administration is the best possible guarantee that he can be depended upon to give to us another.

THE IRON BOOM.

Seen Through Our Own Goggles.

Marshall County Leader.

DULUTH, March 8th, 1892.

LEADER:—Of all the indirect benefits to grow out of the development of the mineral resources of northern Minnesota, it is quite clear that none will be more far-reaching or exceed in importance the benefit to Red River Valley farmers. It means a network of railroads connecting an empire of producers with multitudes of consumers, a constant market near at hand for all kinds of farm products, closer rail connection and cheaper transportation between the granaries and Duluth elevators. The speculation incident to this development, of which the present mining craze here is an illustration, means immense fortunes to some men and poverty to others, but the man who pins his faith and money to real estate in Marshall, Kittson and Polk counties assumes no risk and is absolutely certain of a permanent and increasing benefit. Just now there is an obvious lull in the wildcat speculation of two weeks ago that becomes almost profound quiet. The papers do not admit it for reasons easily divined. The store clerks, newsboys and light weights have their pennies pretty well in and tied up in cheap snide stocks, but the heavy artillery is just being loaded. The existence of immense ore deposits extending west nearly to Red Lakes, easily accessible and cheaply worked, is demonstrated and as usual the most valuable properties have been quickly absorbed by capitalists. Probably fifty mining companies have been formed already and of the number perhaps a dozen have real substantial merit fully demonstrated and will do an actual and profitable business. Most of the others amount to prospectors stock and are very uncertain.

Immense areas of land have already passed into the hands of some of these companies, either under lease or in fee. One has 7,500 acres and another nearly 5,000, while one of the best selling and highest stocks is on a lot of only 160 acres.

Thousands of men are scurrying through the woods of northern Minnesota in pursuit of the fickle goddess and discoveries within the next few months of other wealth than iron would not be unexpected. The existence of coal beds is a tradition that may soon be verified and it is already claimed that petroleum has been discovered and the land upon which it is found has been acquired by the discoverer. It would not be surprising even if some of these indefatigable explorers in the ardor of their search should entirely penetrate the jungles of Cook, Itasca, and Beltrami counties and, emerging on the western slope, discover to the world the golden grain mines of the Red River Valley in Minnesota. I have suggested the thought to certain Duluth people as "a tip to let them in on the ground floor," to appropriate a favorite expression here, and they admit it may not be mere fancy.

H. SMITH.

Are You Going?

Twenty million visitors, at least, are expected at the Columbian Exposition, and whether you expect to be one of them or not, as an American, naturally you are interested in the preparations for the grand event. A splendid paper in Demorest's Family Magazine for April, "The Evolution of a Great Exposition," is the best thing of the kind that has yet been published. From it you may learn all the interesting points about the coming World's Fair, and the illustrations are simply superb, including a comprehensive view and the plan of the grounds, pictures of all the magnificent buildings, and portraits of some of the leading officers having it in charge. "A Talk about Trees and Arbor Day" is a timely and deeply interesting paper, profusely illustrated with pictures of the favorite trees planted in different sections of the United States, so accurately delineated that each may be easily recognized when met with; "German without a Master" furnishes invaluable suggestions for the study of that useful language; "The International Order of the King's Daughters and Sons," a paper by the general secretary of the central council, Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson, gives facts and figures most charmingly interwoven; "A Snap Shot at Washington Etiquette" furnishes an insight of the rules that govern society at our national capital; "Easter Legends and Customs" is specially interesting, and "Easter Novelties" furnishes suggestions for all the Easter gifts one may want to make. Besides, there are splendid stories, every department is full of good things, and there are over 200 handsome illustrations; and every month's magazine is just as good, and the subscription price is only $2 a year. Published by W. Jennings Demorest, 15 E. 14th St., New York City.

What to Wear and How to Make it! Important questions at this season which ladies can have satisfactorily answered in Peterson for April. There will be found every pretty and useful novelty, from an out-door costume to a spring wrap for the little daughter. "The Colonel's Stratagem," by Robert B. Graham, is a very clever story and is beautifully illustrated. "How Olga Met Ivan," by May Florence Alt, is the finest poem we have seen by this rising young poetess, and is admirably adapted for recitation. "Flower Lore," by Mrs. E. A. Matthews, is a charming paper. "A Strange Country," by Sidney Ross, and "Old Time Thimbles," by Harriet Latham, are among the most interesting articles in any magazine for the month, and their illustrations are noticeably fine. The entire contents are far above the average of periodical literature. Peterson steadily progresses in beauty and excellence. No wowan's fireside is complete without this popular periodical. A sample copy will be sent for five cents. Terms, $2.00 a year. Address, Peterson's Magazine, 306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

The Maryland World's Fair Board is planning to show in the Maryland building a reproduction of the surrender of his commision by George Washington. The report of the board to the legislature asking for an appropriation of $100,000, states: "It has been suggested by His Excellency the Governor, and the suggestion has met with much favor, that the old senate chamber of the state house be reproduced in our building, and that a group of 32 figures be made to represent the surrendering by Washington of his commission, which took place in that historic hall. Such a tableau would attract many visitors and serve as a feature of great interest. The act is almost unique in the history of the world—a successful general in the flush of victory laying down his sword and retiring to the duties of a homely and quiet life after vanquishing the greatest power on earth in a long and bloody war—and is something to be admired as well as wondered at, and every son of our grand old commonwealth should feel a personal pride when he thinks that a deed so noble was done on the soil of his native state and beneath the roof of his state capitol."

Farming for Health.

May be very fine, and you will no doubt grow strong and be happy with nothing but a hoe, a back number plow and a shot gun seeder. But if you are

Farming for Wealth

You should have the latest snd best tool in the on the market. For instance you want first a DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL, and as you probably did not get your plowing all done last fall you also want a Grand Detour Plow, a Little Giant or Scandia Gang. We have them to sell and would liketo show you their merits.

—OUR TIME AGAINST YOURS.—

There are several other things you ought to have but you must have these now soon. We have a nice line of Harrows that we are selling cheap; also Wagons, Buggies, Engines, Threshers, Etc., Etc.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co.,

OPERA BLOCK, CROOKSTON, MINN.

A Land of Fruits and Flowers.

No where else in the world are there found more fertile valleys, more beautiful flowers or more fragrant breezes than in the tropical Central American State, Costa Rica—never warmer than 75 degrees, never colder than 65 degrees. The water supply is pure and abundant, the soil is extremely fertile, successive crops being grown each year without affecting it. On the coast is raised bananas, rice and coconuts; on first plateau and valleys, sugar cane and cotton; higher up tobacco, cochineal, cactus indigo. Here are the coffee lands. No country on the globe can compete with Costa Rica in the raising of coffee—40 acres of coffee trees will pay greater than a 1,000 acre grain farm and you can live in a beautiful southern country where fruits and vegetables mature every month in the year.

A splendid chance for the poor man, for the man of moderate means. You cannot afford to let this opportunity go by.

The eyes of the world are now turned toward this country. The Nicaragua canal will be built and this fair country will be quickly populated. You must not wait until others have secured the best lands and locations.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN MINING AND IMPROVEMENT CO., OF ST. PAUL, MINN.,

Are arranging to place a colony of Northwestern people in Costa Rica, and this company will give full information concerning the country, its resources, both vegetable and mineral, and rates of transportation. An illustrated pamphlet of Costa Rica will be mailed to any person sending their address to

WOODFORD M. DAVIS, Sec.,
170½ East 3d Street,
St. Paul, Minn.

Or, DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Resident Agent at Crookston, Minn.

Good Farm For Sale.

The S W ¼ Sec. 24, Town 149, R. 48, about 10 miles from Crookston and 8 miles from Fisher, 60 acres broke, with a creek running through the place giving a good supply of water all the year round, no building on the place.

Apply for the information and price, Grand Forks, box 282, N. Dakota.

[48-51]

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition, [illegible]

CROOKSTON, MINN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—

CROOKSTON, MINN.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONNY

On Real Estaee

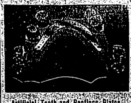
MONEY

On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates, BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted If Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Work Horses & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES GO TO

M. R. BROWN.

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can almost always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses, has sold more than any dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,

[illegible]

NEW FEED MILL

CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers of Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,
THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER
FOR BARGAINS.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

Drunkenness CURED.

THE

Moorhead Institute

Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the

DRINK and OPIUM HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

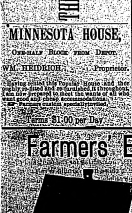
FLOUR REDUCED.

Best $2.40 per 98 lbs.
North Star 2.25 " "
Fife 2.00 " "
Skip Jack 1.00 " "
Bran 11.00 " ton.
Shorts 12.00 " "

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place.

A. Sture's New Store

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Opera House Block.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 24, 1892.

Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 69.
1 Northern 68.
2 Northern 62.
3 Northern 58.

Go to Wheeler for money.

District court has adjourned.

Begins to look like spring again.

Mrs. VanArnam returned last Friday.

If you want to rent a farm call and see us.

Alderman Buhn is re-shingling his blacksmith shop.

Go to Brown's stables and see those horses—just arrived.

Our Euclid correspondent comes to the fore in elegant shape this week.

T. K. Torgerson is up from Lake Park with a view to renting a hotel.

See Wheeler if you want to obtain a loan right. Office at Scandia-American bank.

Now is the time to purchase a valuable team and BROWN'S STABLES is the place.

Rev. R. H. Battey went up to St. Hilaire and Thief River Falls this week to lecture.

Charley Vine is kept as busy as a bee cutting up meats to supply his increasing trade.

What buildings are erected in the city this year will be of a more permanent character than ever before.

J. W. Kelley was down from Mentor on Monday. Says we may now announce that spring is here for a fact.

Comrade S. Snedecker was in from Mentor last week and called to chat with THE JOURNAL man a little while.

See ad announcing combination sale elsewhere in this issue. Big chance to stock up or buy machinery at your own prices.

F. E. Barnum, of the Times, has rented a house on Elm street, taken possession thereof and will hereafter live at home.

C. H. Saake has moved his family into rooms up stairs in the old Markham block, which property he recently purchased.

J. E. Harris returned last week from a visit east. Said lots of people were talking of coming to the Red River Valley this spring.

The M. E. Society gave a supper in their new church parlors on Monday evening which was well attended and a grand financial success.

And now your tickets are before you to select from. From such an array of good names we can't very well help having a good set of officials.

Everything indicates a busy, prosperous year for Crookston, with more building than ever before. And immigration promises to boom too.

W. E. Walker has secured the contract for building the new Fournet Block, and expects that work upon it will be commenced very soon.

The Norman County Herald attempts to be facetious at our expense. If the joke was not upon so pathetic a subject there would be more point to it.

J. V. E. Wyatt has moved into the new Reckitt Block and the new Baptist minister will occupy the house on Broadway that Mr. W. has just vacated.

Geo. W. Tripp and his little son were in from Mentor last week. This was the boy's first ride on the steam cars and he imagined he was being run away with.

Ed. Ross was out to see Rip Van Winkle on Saturday evening. It seems wonderful how well he got along—but then Doc Dampier is an excellent surgeon.

Geo. R. Roberts, of Stephen, dropped in to the Grand one evening last week to see Fierce & Albright. Mr. Roberts was surprised to see so fine a theatre in this city.

Brown A. Hovick sends us from Fertile a long list of contributions to our hail list which we gladly add with thanks. We would like to see our list trebled for next issue.

Mrs. Rose has her new rooms in the Reckitt Block nearly all ready and some of them already occupied. She has a very pleasant dining room and will no doubt do well.

With its last issue the Warren Register completes its fifth year. Bro. Stevens has succeeded in building up a paying business and that he is publishing a good paper is patent to all.

The Methodist Episcopal church building was duly dedicated last Sabbath, and we are told, start in free from debt. Considerable money was raised at the meeting on Sunday.

Work on Sylvester & Finseth's new building was stopped by a suit brought to test the validity of the ordinance establishing the fire limits. The suit was brought in justice court and appealed to the district court.

Bro Stevens, of the Warren Register attended the Fierce & Albright combination at the Grand Opera House one evening last week. Says Crookston has as fine an opera house, in proportion, as any the twin cities can boast of.

Testimony in the LaChapelle divorce case is being taken.

While they are going secure a valuable team of mares at Brown's stables.

M. R. Brown has returned from Iowa with another lot of heavy mares. Call and see them.

Try Charlie Vine's meat market once. He will make it an object for you to call and leave an order.

Be sure to see that your name is properly registered. This is an important feature of the new voting system.

John Alderman was called away on Tuesday morning to look after some mortgaged property near St. Hilaire, the owner of which has skipped out leaving the stock uncared for.

Louis Zange died at his residence in this city on Wednesday morning of heart failure. He was a member of Col. Cobham Post, the first one of its members to pass away. The Post met last evening to arrange for the funeral.

The county hospital is gradually filling up with unfortunate ones and we hear only good words spoken of the management of that institution so far. We are of the opinion that the establishment of this institution was a wise move.

Trefle Daoust was in from the east side on Tuesday and dropped in to gladden the heart of the printer with a paid up subscription. Mr. D. says the threshing is pretty well completed out that way, and farmers are now awaiting seeding operations.

THE JOURNAL is in receipt of a copy of the Great Falls News, published by O. M. Holmes, formerly of Red Lake Falls. The News gives evidence of having a good patronage and is a well got up, newsy sheet. THE JOURNAL wishes O. M. abundant success in his new venture.

O. J. Barnes and W. D. Wilson extend a cordial invitation to their many friends to attend a Blue Jay Tea this evening at the residence of A. A. Miller. Whatever a "blujate" is we dinna ken, but the fact that an excellent supper will be served from 6 to 10 is sufficient for us to know.

H. O. Davis writes us from East Grand Forks did we get that $2 on subscription? We did, H. O., and have been so busy with the grippe and trying to get ready for our new press and outfit that we have neglected to furnish receipt. Just the first minute we get we will forward it.

A. L. Mitchell, a former Crookstonite, arrived in the city this week for a few days sojourn. He is a general agent for the White Sewing Machine Co. and doing well. A. L. says he notices many improvements in the city since he left and says he thinks that Crookston is a good live city and bound to make still greater progress in the near future.

Chief Gonyea returned from a visit to the twin cities and resumed his duties last week. Chief Gonyea was an old friend of J. B. Bresette, who fell dead on the street in Minneapolis last week, and was within 10 feet of Bresette when he fell. Chief Gonyea saw him coming and was getting ready to greet him when suddenly Bresette fell and expired at once.

Dave Ross was quite seriously hurt on the work train on Monday. In some way he slipped and fell on the track and four or five cars passed over him, the brake beams striking and rolling him over. Fortunately he did not get under the wheels and no bones were broken, but he was badly bruised and shaken up. At last accounts it was thought that he would pull through all right.

A. N. Hixson returned on Thursday of last week from a missionary tour in Michigan and, judging from what we saw in Michigan local papers he has been pretty busy talking up the good points of this country. Hixson has done first-rate himself while here and has unbounded faith in the resources of the Red River Valley. We have not met Mr. H. since his return but we learn that he expects to see many people from Michigan this spring.

One of Mr. Hooper's horses was badly cut up by a kick recently and Mike Leguee was called for to sew up the rent. Hooper says Mike did it to the Queen's taste and we know that Mike can do that kind of business perfectly, as we had some colts badly cut up in a wire fence during the big storm of last summer. Mike went over and sewed up the rents—some of which were over 12 inches long—and to-day you wouldn't know the colts had been scratched. Men who saw the wounds soon after they were made and who have seen the colts since expressed doubts that those were the same colts—but they were all the same.

At the close of the entertainment on Saturday evening the audience chose Hugh Thompson, P. J. McGuire and A. D. Stephens a committee to superintend the drawing for the pony and then then chose little Trudie Wyatt to draw the number. To the first number no one responded, but to the second Fred Walker sung out loud enough to be heard a mile, while a handsome young lady who sat near us heaved a sigh about half as big as Fred's shout, for she had already elected us to go on the stage and get the pony for her. (that was a horse on us and a pony for Fred.) He ought to give little Trudie a nice dress or some little present for the neat way in which she won the pony for him.) We rather figured on that pony ourself but since the drawing have concluded that we should prefer a bicycle, anyhow.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-89] Minneapolis, Minn.

Charlie Vine is not doing any bragging but he is just simply selling the choicest cuts in the market. Try him.

THE JOURNAL is always glad to get bright, newsy letters from the different localities, but it is the invariable rule in every well ordered printing office to print no communications not accompanied by the name of the writer. Some of our good friends seem to have overlooked this fact recently. We do not insist upon publishing the name, if the writer objects, but WE MUST KNOW WHO THE WRITER IS. In the case of a news-letter, when we are pretty sure we know the name of the writer we publish the communication, but it is always best for the writer to sign his or her name. In that case the communication will be sure to appear, otherwise it is not so sure. When a person takes the pains to write a nice, newsy communication he naturally expects to see it in print, but he should not blame the printer, if the name of the writer be omitted, if he is disappointed.

The citizens convention was called to order at 7:30 p. m. on Tuesday evening by chairman John R. McKinnon. C. O. Christianson was made temporary chairman and P. J. Russell, temporary secretary. The committee on credentials reported the following gentlemen entitled to seats in the convention, viz:

FIRST WARD—H. E. Cooke, John R. McKinnon, John Alderman, with H. E. Cooke proxy for John Alderman.

SECOND WARD—T. G. Thompson, Harry Norrie, Wm. Welsh and Charlie Walters.

THIRD WARD—P J Russell and Euclid Munn.

FOURTH WARD—C. O. Christianson, A. McKinnon, E. Asseline, Louis Rivard, C. N. Lindell and W. F. Arnold.

FIFTH WARD—R. G. Marlette.

The committee on permanent organization reported recommending that the temporary organization be made permanent. On motion the convention proceeded to the nomination of officers by ballot, the first ballot to be an informal one. The name of Wm. Anglim was presented as candidate for Mayor and no other name being presented a motion prevailed to suspend the rules and instruct the secretary to cast the ballot for Wm. Anglim. For Alderman at large, A. K. Austin was proposed and no other aspirant appearing this nomination was made as before. For city clerk, E. C. Carruth, G. H. Palmer and J. V. E. Wyatt struggled through five ballots, resulting in the nomination of Carruth by a vote of 9 for Carruth, 6 for Palmer and 1 for Wyatt. For treasurer only one name was proposed, L. C. Couvrette and the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot. For assessor E. C. Davis, R. Burkhart and Wm. Arnold were put up. On informal ballot E. C. Davis received 6, Arnold 6 and Burkhardrt 4, 1st formal, Davis 3, Arnold 11, Burkhardt 2. Halvor Tvedten and Henry Shepard were nominated for constables. On motion the chair was instructed to appoint a city central committee consisting of one member from each ward.

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

SOMETHING NEW ABOUT CARPETS

DO YOU NEED... Are you going to buy any CARPETS this summer?
DO YOU WANT to select from an assortment that is larger than any other two stocks in town?
DO YOU WANT THE LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES?
DO YOU WANT to buy a good quality 36 inch Hemp Carpet at 18c per yard?
DO YOU WANT Your CARPETS cut without waste?
DO YOU WANT your CARPETS sewed ready to lay?
DO YOU WANT any WINDOW SHADES or WINDOW CURTAINS, Brass Rods or Brass Fixtures, Wood Poles or Wood Fixtures?

——AND ABOVE ALL——

DO YOU WANT to pay less than you can buy inferior goods for elsewhere?

THEN—CALL—ON—US

FONTAINE & ANGLIM, on Quality.
Leaders in Low Prices

Do you know that J. W. Wheeler has money to loan at reasonable rates and no long waits for the money to come from some place? He has it on hand ready for delivery as soon as the papers are made out.

Bert Duntly rejoices in an addition to his family—a recent addition, and while Bert was immensely pleased his better half, it seems, was not, and she kept dinging at Bert to sell it. Bert did not like the idea, so, of course, could not find an opportunity, so Mrs. B. kept on the same tune until one day, as Bert was about to go down town after dinner he gave it up and promised to sell the kid that afternoon. As he put on his hat to go, he was greeted by the bone of contention thusly: "Good bye Bert," and that broke Bert all up completely and as he fled he said to his wife: "I don't care what you do about it, but I tell you I will not sell it! There is not a thousand dollars in this city big enough to buy that parrot of me."

The celebrated masonic apron, made by the family of Gen. La Fayette and presented by Gen. La Fayette to Gen. Washington, was on exhibition at Tom Morris' store on Monday. It is the property of Mt. Nebo Lodge, No. 91, A. F. & A. M., Shepardstown, W. V. Each member of that lodge may, by giving a bond for $5,000, keep the apron for a period not to exceed one year. W. Leman, of Angus, is a member of Mt. Nebo Lodge and he has charge of the historic apron. It was taken to the Grand Lodge at its last meeting and while there some cabinet firm made an elegant frame for it and presented to the Grand Lodge and the Grand Lodge will present the frame to the Mt. Nebo Lodge. The apron was brought down from Warren by Clint. Winchester and Mr. Lamberton on Monday evening and was seen by a great many masons and others while it remained in the city.

In the various ward caucuses on Saturday evening the following gentlemen were put in nomination for aldermen:

First Ward—Fred Anderson.
Second Ward—J. E. Morrisey.
Third Ward—W. E. Walker.
Fourth Ward—Frank Jerome.
Fifth Ward—E. D. Childs.

Two of Hixson's converts arrived from Michigan this week to grow up with the country.

The following officers were elected at the recent town meeting in the town of Andover: Supervisors—G. W. Eastman, chairman, B. C. Jorgenson, Albert Helmick; E. M. Bivins, clerk; F. I. Davis, treas.; J. Davis, assessor; G. W. Eastman and L. Lavis, justices of peace; E. P. Jorgenson and E. B. Scribner, constable.

FOR SALE.

TWO HORSES,
FIVE COWS,
TWO PIGS,
ONE BINDER,
ONE COLT.

And numerous other things, address M. M. DAVIS & SON, Euclid. [49-tf]

For Sale.

I have for sale at my farm, 6 miles northeast of Crookston, a few choice young mares, ready for farm work or driving purposes. Call early for choice.

[45-tf] S. M. McKEE.

Wanted.

A Groom to travel with an imported Clydesdale stallion for three months beginning April 1st 1892. None but a competent person need apply. Bring references and state wages expected. Address H. H. Cavanagh, Sec. Excel P. O. Marshall County, Minnesota.

[47-50]

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

320 ACRES in Angus Township, 255 acres cultivated, 50 acres pasture, fenced, good farm buildings, 110 acres ready for seeding, 4 horses and harnesses, 2 wagons, 2 seeders, binder, gang plow, seeders, etc, all for $5,000, part cash, balance on easy terms.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for marke garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn; 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn; artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad sta. partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full set Blacksmith tools, and small farm implements. $3,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Brown, the old reliable, dearer, has just what you want in horse flesh.

Mel. Milne has gone to Duluth to visit his parents and try and get some relief from La Grippe.

John Bailey, who spent a few weeks in this city visiting friends, is in Duluth a few days before starting for California. His health is in such a critical shape as to alarm his friends.

Mrs Helen Moeckel died at her residence in this city on Sunday, aged 57. She was the wife of Mr. F. Moeckel who died in this city several years ago. She leaves ten children to mourn her loss, Charles, Fred, Emil, Louis, Misses Clara and Minnie, Mrs. C. Hoch, of this city, Mrs. Morgan, of Bay City, Mich., Mrs. C. Muggley, of Pratt, Wis., and Mrs. Cummings, of Cloquet, Minn. The funeral occurs this afternoon.

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn:

		Tp.	R.	Sec
THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00			
B. C. Jorgenson	10.00			
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley			
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat			
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat			
Lewis Ellington	$5.00			
E. Lanctot.	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley			
Thomas Wallace,	20 bu. barley			
Goodwin Leppert (Wylia)	10 bu. oats			
Hayes Bros	20 bu. wheat			
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. barley			
Ben Geroux	2 " "			
K. Hanson	4 " "			
Ole Olson	2 " wheat			
E. W. Johnson	50 cents			
Will Himmelsback	10 bu. barley			
S. B. Palmer (Lockhart),	10 bu. potatoes			
Hugh Thompson,	25 bu. seed wheat			
E. M. Walsh,	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley			
D. C. Hallock, (Edna)	5 bu. barley			
Jake Ide	15 bu. oats, 15 bu. barley			
Walter C. Lee	20 bushels wheat			
R. Bain (Fisher)	5 " barley			
G. W. Eastman, Andover,	10 bu. wheat			
S. L. Collins	25 bu. oats			
W. A. Marin,	10 bu barley	148	45	8
C. H. Holmes,	2 bu wheat	"	"	22
A. J. Appleguist,	4 bu wheat	"	"	18
Ole P. Onstad,	6 bu oats	"	"	10
H. T. Hoff,	4 bu wheat	"	46	1
J. P. Bullan,	10 bu potatoes	"	45	7
Halvor K. Aarbus,	1 bu wheat			
" "	2 bu oats	"	"	28
Peter Bakke,	2 bu oats	"	"	26
Peder Moen,	3 bu barley	"	"	28
P. H. Hoglund,	4 bu oats	"	"	30
Dan. Linnehan,	5 bu barley	"	"	22
W. S. Laudt,	$1	"	"	22
John E. Hanson,	2 bu wheat	"	"	4
Andreas Menson,	2 " "	"	"	2
Ole Olson,	2 bu wheat	"	"	4
T. Carlson,	2 " "	"	"	8
Henry Storeng,	2 bu wheat	"	"	28
C. W. Davis,	2 bu barley	"	"	30
Tosten Menson,	4 bu oats	"	"	2
Hans Grone,	2 bu barley	"	"	18
Knud H. Bergh,	6 bu potatoes	"	"	24
Mrs A E Helmick	20 bu wheat			
Chris J Hougen	2 sacks oats			
Thorvold Thorpet,	1 sk wheat, 1 sk oats			
Andrias Gullakson	$1 00			
Nils O Skaar	2 00			
J Walseth	1 00			
Johanes B Rougen,	2 sacks wheat, 2 sacks barley, 1 sacks oats			
John Gjomtvold,	1 sack wheat			
Brown A Horvik	2 " oats			
Andreas Christofferson	50c			
Isak Erickson	4 bu oats			
Lars Duckstad	2 bu wheat			
John M. Norse	2 bu oats			
John Lundine	$5 00			
Mrs Hans Larson	2 bu barley			
Per Olson	2 bu oats			
Ole Morvig	1 bu wheat			
Toston Dahle	2 " "			
Ole Rude	$ 50			
Erik Raff	1 00			
Andrew Hoff	1 00			
Knut Opheim	2 bu wheat, 2 bu oats			
E. G. O. Hoglund	2 bu oats			
Knute Knuteson, Jr,	1 bu wh, 1 bu oats			
Mons K Tyssen	2 bu oats			
John Gronvold	2 bu wheat			
Ole Opheim	" "			
Nils Bolstad	1 bu wheat, 2 bu oats			
Knut Bolstad	1 bu wheat			
E K Overland	2 bu "			
Ever Nelson,	2 sacks oats, 1 sack wheat, 1 sack barley.			
Anton Rice	1 sack oats, 1 " "			
O C Sollie	1 " " 1 " "			
Albert Hamery	2 sacks oats			
J O Borsli	1 bu wheat			
O O Skredergord	" "			
Ole S Viken	$1 00			
Jorgen O Rude	1 sack wheat			
C H Kittelson	1½ bu "			
Sander Ness	1 " "			
Halvor Kittelson	1 " "			
M A C Engelstad,	1 bu wheat, 1 bu oats			
Nils R. Engelstad	$1 00			
Ole Christianson	1 sack wheat			
Iver J Ingebrightson	2 sacks oats			
Knute Nelson	1 sack wheat			
H A Gullakson	$1 00			
Torger K Ostgard	50			
Nils Mohn	1 00			
N O Roan	50			
Ole Svenson	2 bu wheat			
Nils G Wickstrand	1 " "			
Jacob Larson	1½ " "			
R O Engelstad	½ " "			
Mrs Nette C Roed	2 sacks oats			
O R Engelstad	1 sack wheat			
O K Olson	1 sack oats			
Ole H Viden	2 [illegible]			
Helge O Viden	1 bu wheat			
C E Engelstad	[illegible]			
Andrew Morvig	2 sacks [illegible]			
T H Nesseth	$1 00			

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

At the meeting of the board of County Commissioners on March 3rd, the following business was transacted:

The petition of Hendricks and others relating to a new school district was laid over till next meeting.

School petition of Rodflod granted. That of Lars Anderson set for hearing at next meeting.

Application of N. P. Hanson for abating taxes granted.

Also that of P. G. Falardeau for the same purpose.

The assessment of the Red River Transportation Company reduced to $2,000.

School petition of Wesley Morris and others set for hearing at next meeting.

Steps were taken to quiet title to that part of the Jacobus property on Broadway that was formerly deeded to the county.

Application of August Munn for abatement of taxes granted; also that of M. E. Kersch.

Bond of Scandia-American Bank presented and approved; also bonds of Matthews & Co., Fertile.

The assessment on the s ½ s w ¼ of section 9, Tp 150, R 42 was reduced to $260.

Bonds of Wrought Iron Co. presented and approved.

Petition from Ovid Moreau and others for a county road was laid over, also that of the county coroner in diptheria cases and a coroner's inquest, J. S. Denyer for justice fees and Sheriff Grundysen for coal shared the same fate.

The petition of the hail sufferers in the town of Fairfax for abatement of personal property taxes was refused.

The petition of Thora Walseth and Susan Anderson for abatement of personal taxes was rejected, also that of John Gratton.

The applications of Louis Fontaine, Wm. Anglim, Max Ericsson and A. J. & A. McKinnon for abatement of personal taxes 30 per cent, granted.

Bond of Christianson Bros. approved.

The auditor was empowered to issue $35 each month for Mrs. A. J. Streeter as hospital matron and $15 each month to the janitor.

The usual grist of bills were audited and allowed.

Euclid Items.

E. D. Childs was in the city on Saturday.

Vernon Warrington, general agent for the Washington Life Insurance Co., was doing business in town Saturday.

Children's entertainment in the church Tuesday evening.

It is rumored that Frank Strause is about to meet his absent rib once more.

Mr. Frich and Kellogg Johnson, of St. Paul, and Mr. C. F. Bronson, representing Finch & Skinner, also of St. Paul, were in the city doing business last week.

Harry S. Wood who was recently running the red elevator, has resigned, packed his grip and set out for Warren where he will be engaged in keeping a set of books.

H. C. Misner wishes to rent the old Griffith place, Sec. 26-27, Euclid Township.

Mr. Fargo says he is afraid we won't get to seeding until along toward May, although he would like to see an early spring on account of the scarcity of fall plowing.

C. E. Harrington's better half arrived from the East on Wednesday.

H. G. Horn is about to build a barn, which, the boys say, will cover about a quarter section of land and need about 14 carloads of nails to put it together, but Henry says it will only take two carloads of lumber to put it up.

G. Vanderbeck has put up some buildings on the northwest quarter of 22, Euclid township. He intends to make it his home.

A certain young gentleman told me with a wink like a bull's eye lantern, that he believed Mr. George Nelson and Miss Nellie Losey were about to join hands and circle to the left. That's right, George. Marriage is the common lot of man.

A gentleman arrived in this city the other day and stuck up his shingle as a harness maker, and before night he had some fifteen harnesses to repair and oil. This shows what a man with grit can do.

Willie Misner is as happy as a clam. Says he never saw business livlier in Euclid in his life.

The iron shoe shop is rushed these icy days.

Thomas Seeley, the expert telegraph operator, is still enjoying himself as of old.

Henry Tiedt intends to return to his home in Montana where he has a neat little business in partnership with his brother, in the shape of a cattle ranch. Henry has many friends here who will be sorry to see him go.

E. Taylor & Co. intend to put in hardware and dry goods when their store is completed.

Mr. P. Losey established a wood yard here some time ago and sold out his whole stock. He is now waiting for more clubs to arrive.

Dr. Chapin is rusting his high-heeled boots to keep the population in repair.

Henry Stuhr has drowned his sorrow for the loss of his old hat by love of the new one.

Now that I have done with all the news I can think of let me say a word for our little town. We live in one of the progressive cities of the Northwest, the chief business center of Polk County, where the wild rose blossoms in summer and snow balls in winter.

FRED.

MELVIN ITEMS.

The last kick of winter is rather a prolonged one, making vigorous protests against soon shuffling off its mortal coil and spring being ushered in.

Those farmers who held their wheat over, are not getting as much as they expected for it. Some are hauling and storing for the "May market," hoping they may still come out on top of the heap. But the speculators are not satisfied yet, so, until they are, we cannot expect justice.

A case of mistaken identity was that of B. Durdall's ox reported dead last week, which was found alive and well at a neighboring farmer's, while the dead ox E. B. pronounced his belonged to this neighbor.

The Peoples' party committee of the town of Onstad, held a meeting on the 14th of March, and organized a Peoples' party club. Tosten Menson delivered the dedication address, and the club passed a resolution to suppurt the Peoples' party of the United States.

The town officers elected met on Friday, the 18th of March, at the residence of H. H. Aarhus to qualify. Supervisors, John Matheson, chairman; J. P. Bullan and Peter Bakke. Town clerk, W. A. Marin; Treasurer, H. H. Halvorson; Assessor, H. B. Hofterson; Justices, C. H. Holmes and E. L. Stowe. Can they swear well? they did that day and quite freely.

W. S. Landt, our genial wheat buyer, is running the elevator alone now; his wife left for a visit to her relatives in Wisconsin.

The People's party club will meet March 28th, at the north school house in district No. 19. We expect a speaker from Crookston and a rousing big time.

GOSSIP.

MAPLE BAY, March 21, 1892.

The Farmers' Alliance met on the 19th inst. It was agreed to hold a Peoples' party meeting at the residence of W. W. Godfrey, on Tuesday, the 29th inst., and we hope there will be a rousing turnout. Come one, come all. Never mind the sneers and jeers that are pointed at you. Come forth and stand up for your own rights, and like men help to kill the big bear that has cowed you so long, and show that you are the bone and sinew of the best country the sun ever warmed. We bear the burden, then let us run our own affairs and get rid of these tricky ringsters that have lived so long on the fat of your labors while we fed on the refuse and wiped the sweat from our brows. Then I say come forth and enjoy the luxuries of our own labors.

The Rev. Mr. Sorenson, the Lutheran minister, has gone south to preach to some of his people left without a pastor.

Sam Felsing has gone to Spokane Falls to his brother-in-law, Mr. De Camp. Sam's salary is $75 per month. We shall miss him at the Bay very much. We wish him prosperity wherever he goes.

Dexter and Scott Godfrey have just returned from Motley where they have been engaged in cutting wood.

Miss Nellie Hunter has been engaged to teach in district No. 90.

Mr. Wm. Davison has sold his farm in Woodside and moved to the Bay.

D. T. Mitchell saw a wild goose flying over since the storm, but Thompson says the goose was a gander that he had tamed himself.

The ice on Maple Lake is three feet three inches thick.

Maple Bay Items.

Godfrey Alliance met on the 19th inst.

Rev. Sorensen has gone to Renville Co. on business.

Andrew Christianson, our genial chairman of the board of supervisors, has returned from Crookston where he has been courting.

Miss Bertha Moen has returned to Crookston.

Mrs. Wm. Klinger is visiting friends in Crookston this week.

N. S. Stale has rented his farm for two years and gone to Spring Valley, Fillmore Co., where his wife has been for some time under medical treatment.

Wm. Tatro visited Maple Bay last Tuesday. Mr. Tatro is one of the proprietors of the Maple Lake Belle and has been with us two summers. Welcome, Billy. Come often.

Miss Carrie Moen, who has had a week's vacation, returned to her school at Woodside Monday morning.

Rev. Sorenson has a class of thirty-seven pupils preparing for confirmation.

Eli Gustafson lost a valuable colt last week.

S. D. Felsing has gone to Spokane Falls, Wash., where he has obtained a lucrative position.

Mr. Thorvald Torgrimson, who left during the winter to attend school at Portland, N. D., and soon thereafter returned sick, is now mending slowly.

BLIZZARD.

Wanted.

A situation as foreman and housekeeper by a man and his wife. Best of references given. Call at JOURNAL office. [46-1]

Mentor Items.

We always find a welcome guest in THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL.

Miss Ida Berg, who has been attending school in Crookston, has returned home.

The glee club gave an entertainment at Mr. Walker Morris' on Monday evening of last week. Herman H. Kergs carried off the prize given to the best step dancer, and every one seemed to enjoy themselves immensely. On returning home the teams took fright, causing a run which might have terminated seriously.

The entertainment at D. Overholt's on Friday night was not very well attended on account of the inclemency of the weather.

Another Justice of the Peace will need to be appointed in our town, Thor Halderson, who has faithfully fulfilled this office, having moved from our midst.

Messrs Moe & Buhn continue to do a remarkable business here. Their store is always well filled with good varieties which look very inviting. May Moe & Buhn still continue to have good success.

MICK.

Farm to Rent!

A fine farm of 480 acres about three miles from city, from 275 to 300 acres for crop, will rent with teams and machinery if desired. This is a good opportunity for a young man to make a start in farming business, or for a man and wife. Will not rent to a man with large family as owner intends to occupy part of the house. For particulars call at JOURNAL office. [59-52]

Always on hand, anything you want in the line of choice fresh meats, at Charlie Vine's.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston, Minn., Post Office, for the week ending March 21, 1892:

Hondt, Miss Olevia	Leppert, Goodwin
Meehan, Miss Mary	Parthyce, John
Souir, Andrew A.	

Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, Postmaster.

FOR SALE.

My stock of Funeral Supplies, including Casket-Cabinets and Furniture, and all necessary appurtenances to carry on a first-class business of Undertaking. Also my Picture Framing and Upholstering material and cabinet makers and upholsterers' tools.

My business is well established and growing. Cheap rental and centrally located.

My stock and fixtures are second to none in the State. This is a rare business opening for the right party.

My reason for selling is ill health in my family. Address

J. V. E. WYATT,
Crookston, Minn.

JOHN CROMB,
Attorney-at-Law.
SECOND STREET. CROOKSTON

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, March 22, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Francias Belland Jr., deceased:

Letters of Administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Olive Belland of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, on Monday, the Fifth day of September, A. D. 1892, at 10 a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston the 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

By the Court,
C. M. BENSON,
(49-51) Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, March 21st, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Lars J. Hagen, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Ludvig Olson and Ole Nelson of said County,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston on Monday the twenty-sixth day of September, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demand shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892.

By the Court,
C. M. BENSON,
(49-51) Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 24th, 1892.]
[Last publication May 5th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Nils S. Nilson and Cecilia S. Nilson, his week, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 10:45 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 455; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1889, $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1889, $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1890, and $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1890, $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1891, and $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred twenty-one and 71-100 ($821.71) Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the north-east quarter (ne¼) and the north half (n½) of south-east quarter (se¼) of Section two (2) Township one hundred and forty-seven (147) Range forty (40), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situated and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 17th, A. D. 1892.

Northwestern Guarantee Loan Company,
Mortgagee.
S. M. Houghton, Attorney. [49-3] (N. G. 102)

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE

For gentlemen is a fine Calf Shoe, made seamless, of the best leather produced in this country. There are no tacks or wax threads to hurt the feet, and is made as smooth inside as a hand-sewed shoe. It is as stylish, easy fitting and durable as custom-made shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00, and acknowledged to be the

Best in the World for the price.

For GENTLEMEN.

$5.00	Genuine Hand-Sewed.
$4.00	Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe.
$3.50	Police and Farmer.
$2.50	Extra Value Calf Shoe.
$2.25	Working-man's Shoe.
$2.00	Goodwear Shoe.

For LADIES.

$3.00	Hand-Sewed.
$2.50	Best Dongola.
$2.00	Calf and Dongola.
$1.75	For MISSES.

For BOYS' & YOUTH'S.
$2 & $1.75 SCHOOL SHOES.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.

IT IS A DUTY you owe to yourself and your family, during these hard times, to get the most value for your money. You can economize in your footwear if you purchase W. L. Douglas' Shoes, which, without question, represent a greater value for the money than any other makes.

CAUTION. W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe, which protects the consumer against high prices and inferior shoes. Beware of dealers who acknowledge the superiority of W. L. Douglas' Shoes by attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent, and subject to prosecution by law, for obtaining money under false pretences. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by Fontaine & Anglim.

DO NOT FORGET THE
60--DAYS--60

IT WILL INTEREST YOU
—IF YOU WISH—
To Save Money.

MARKED
DOWN
Red Figure
SALE

OF CLOTHING
AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
AT THE BOSTON
ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk, } ss.

The State of Minnesota, to George Herbet, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 31st day of March, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston in said county, to answer to Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand this 27th day of February, 1892.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
[46-49] Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk. } ss.

Notice is hereby given that at a Special Term of the Probate Court, to be held in and for the County of Polk, on Friday the First day of April, A. D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, in said County, the following matter will be heard and considered:

The verified petition of James H. Lee for the appointment of a guardian for Walter C. Lee, of said county, now at the Hospital of Insane at Fergus Falls in said State, alleged to be insane and mentally incompetent to have the charge and management of his property.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the Sixteenth day of March, A. D. 1892.

By order of the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[48-50] Judge of Probate.

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

A. H. DUNLAP, M. D.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL.

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.
THE
Great Transcontinental Rout
Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

The Dining Car Line

Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ROUTE.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Minnesota, North Dakot and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily Express Trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE.

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS
Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables, or special information, apply to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific R. R.,
Crookston, Minn.
CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block. - Crookston, Minn.

If it is a choice steak or roast you want call on Chas. Vine, Broadway & Robert.

STUDY LAW
AT HOME.
Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to
J. COTNER, Jr., Sec.,
No. 80 Whitney Block
DETROIT, MICH.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Merchants' Bank,
Professional calls by or day night

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.
All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

Combination Auction Sale

A Great Combination Auction Sale
WILL BE HELD AT
GENTILLY
Near the Post Office,
On Monday, April 4th, 1892

Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time will be exposed for sale Horses, Colts, Cows, Calves, Sheep, Poultry, Hogs, Machinery, Wagons, Buggies, Sleighs, Harnesses, Plows, Drags, Household Furniture, and
A thousand and one articles too numerous to mention.

Persons Who Have Any Stock or Any Article

They wish to sell would do well to list such articles with Louis Berthiaume, at Gentilly, before the day of sale.

Terms made known on the day of sale.

LOUIS BERTHIAUME, Auctioneer.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 24, 1892.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.......St. Paul.......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.......CROOKSTON.......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.......Grand Forks.......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.......Helena.......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:20 a. m. .... Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m. .... Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m. .... Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Polk will be held on Tuesday, April 5th, 1892, in the Court House in the City of Crookston, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the city of St. Paul on Thursday, May 5th, 1892, and also for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention to be held at Morris on the 12th day of May, 1892, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the Convention.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for each forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz.:

Andover	3	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	1
Badger	3	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Bristol	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	2
Columbia	3	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	4	Numedal	1
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d	6	Poplar River	1
3d	2	Polk Center	3
4th	5	Queen	2
5th	1	Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
Town of Crookston	3	—town	1
Eden	4	Reis	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	2	Roome	2
Fairfax	3	Rexbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including village of Fosston	3
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	St. Hilaire	2
Grand Forks	2	Sanders	2
Garden	4	Sandsville	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sletten	3
Gervais	1	Sullivan	2
Gentilly	3	Tabor	1
Godfrey	3	Terrebonne	2
Grove Park	3	Tilden	2
Hammond	1	Tynsid	2
Higdem	2	Vineland	2
Hill River	3	Winger	3
Hubbard	3	Woodside	3
Huntsville	2	Wyandotte	2
Keystone	2		
[illegible]	3		
King	2	Total	159
Knute	3		

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, that no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the Convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

The foregoing call was [illegible] the Republican County Committee [illegible] held in the City of Crookston [illegible] March [illegible], 1892.

A. A. [illegible]
Secretary.

World's Fair Notes.

Bulgaria has decided to participate in the Exposition. Foreign participation, so far as ascertained up to the present, embraces seventy-two nations and provinces.

Canada has been given 68,471 square feet of space in the various buildings, exclusive of space yet to be granted in the agricultural and live stock departments.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union wants to put up a building, 70x100 feet, in the Exposition grounds, in which to exhibit the entire system of its work and to conduct [illegible] the sale of temperance drinks.

[illegible] World's Fair buildings [illegible] advanced [illegible] are fast assuming the appearance of finished structures. The rough carpentry work on them is practically done and the ornamental and finishing work is in progress. These buildings are the Woman's, [illegible], Mines, Administration, Forestry and [illegible]. The Electricity [illegible] and other buildings [illegible] advanced rapidly.

The Exposition authorities are anxious that all the States and Territories which intend to erect buildings at the Exposition, and which have not yet submitted plans for approval, do so at the earliest possible moment. Very soon a time will be specified beyond which plans will not be accepted. May 1st is the date likely to be chosen. The demand for space is so great that delinquent states are liable to lose the sites that have been assigned to them.

Lieut. Baker, of the Marine Section of the Department of Transportation, has secured a promise from the Detroit Dry Dock Company for an exhibit of a perfect model in stucco of the entire ship building plant of the company, both at its Detroit and Wyandotte yards.

Mr. Ossian Guthrie, of Chicago, together with many other scientists, declare that no more striking proofs of the glacial epoch exist in this country than are seen in the Desplaines valley between Chicago and Joliet. For educational reasons Mr. Guthrie advocates the making of an exhibit demonstrating this fact at the World's Fair, with maps, surveys and collections of geological specimens, which are abundant, so arranged as to show the lines of glacial progress. This, he estimates, would require about $10,000.

Five acres of space in the Midway Plaisance have been reserved for a nursery exhibit.

A joint bill has been introduced in Congress, carrying an appropriation of $18,000, "To procure, prepare, compile for publication and publish statistics of the moral, intellectual and industrial progress of the colored people of the United States from January 1st, 1863, the date of emancipation proclamation, to January 1st, 1893, as a part of the government exhibit, the same to illustrate the growth of liberty, morality and humanity of the United States."

The Suffolk Horse Society, England, has offered two gold medals, of the value of $50 each, for the best Suffolk horse and mare or filly exhibited at the World's Fair.

The Custer Mining Company, of Idaho, is making a very extensive collection of ores for exhibition at the Fair.

The city of Cincinnati wants to erect a building at the Exposition, to be used both as a club house and receptacle for a municipal exhibit. It is willing to expend $30,000 in the undertaking.

English women are active in preparation for their participation in the Exposition. At a meeting of the woman's committee in London, on March 3d, it was announced that Queen Victoria had promised specimens of her own work in spinning and knitting, done when she was a girl; also some of her embroidering, fine drawing and water color painting. Princess Louise will contribute some clay modeling, Princess Beatrice several paintings, and Princess Christian some embroidery. The committee assigned charge of various branches of woman's exhibits as follows: Irish exhibits, Countess of Aberdeen; Scotch, Lady Reay; Philanthropy, Baroness Burdett-Coutts; Education, Mrs. Fawcett, the writer on political economy; Hospital nursing, Mrs. Fenwick; Woman's art, Mrs. Robert Austin. Several women were selected to prepare papers on various educational and economic subjects.

It is probable that the visitor to the Exposition will have an opportunity of seeing a more extensive and finer exhibition of ancient Greek art than it has heretofore been possible to see outside of Greece. P. Cavreading, Director General of Grecian Antiquities, has written that the Grecian government has accepted the invitation to participate in the Exposition, with the understanding that it will be represented only by memorials of its antiquities. Chas. Walstein, Director of the American School of Classic Studies at Athens, states that the Grecian government has agreed to make and send to the Exposition casts of the principal works of ancient art now in Greece, together with maps, diagrams and photographs. To these will probably be added casts, and perhaps some of the originals of classic Greek art which are now distributed throughout Europe.

Two Buried Cities.

In the first century after Christ there stood near the beautiful Bay of Naples two cities, Herculaneum and Pompeii, which were noted through all the Roman world for their fashionable luxury. In the year 79, during a tremendous eruption of Vesuvius, these cities disappeared from view as completely as Sodom and Gomorrah. It was commonly reported that both cities were overwhelmed with a flood of molten lava, and the occurrence has been vividly portrayed by Bulwer in "The Last Days of Pompeii." March 24, 1737, the ruins of Herculaneum were discovered, and it was then found that this city had been destroyed by an immense flood of water which carried along enormous quantities of mud, tufa and ashes. This explains, in some degree, why so few people escaped from Herculaneum, while thousands had time to flee from Pompeii, which was buried first under a gradual shower of ashes. Mistakes and errors in regard to things out of sight are excusable, but the people of this day and section are too well informed about the railroads to commit the error of taking any other line than The Burlington when going on a journey. For rates and tickets to any point via this line, apply to your home ticket agent, or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls
—AT—
Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK
IS
ON DISPLAY
THE FAIR
DEPARTMENT STORE,
Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

J. V. E. WYATT
Undertaker,
BROADWAY,
Crookston, Minn.
Carries a full supply at all times. Always ready to attend to calls and take full charge if necessary.
Can supply anything in the line of
FURNITURE,
PICTURE FRAMES,
MOULDINGS, Etc., Etc.
Give Me a Call.

KOPS BRO'S
[illegible] Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA.
PIANOS ORGANS
WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $50 to $250, on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS., Grand Forks, N. D.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON
PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700
Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.
GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Anglim, E. D. Chase, F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine, B. B. Northrop, A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby
Chas. E. Sawyer

FARMS FOR SALE!
A RARE OPPORTUNITY.
For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent, payable annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and these prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.
1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land, 80 acres. 1½ story frame house, 18x24; log barns 18x24 and 16x18; log granary, 18x20. Price $1,700.
2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21 and log granary, 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,850.
3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.
4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 13, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14 and stock sheds. Price $1,500.
I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $3.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address
A. HUMPHREYS,
Loan and Trust Building,
Minneapolis.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-at-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

U. S. LAND OFFICE,
Crookston, Minn., Feb. 15th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on May 10th, 1892, viz: TOM SANDEM, Hd. 13411, for the sw¼ Sec. 26, Tp. 147, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz.: Gustav Christianson, Gitle Stromstad, Olaus Anderson, Bernt Bentson, all of Edna P.O., Polk Co., Minn.

[44-49] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Notice of Sale Under Decree.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Karl Sletten, Plaintiff, vs. Carl Ulsteen and Julie Ulsteen, Defendants.

In pursuance to a judgment and decree of the Court in the above entitled action, dated February 1st 1892, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me with instructions to enforce the same, I, the undersigned sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the District Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, on Friday, the 8th day of April, A.D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the real estate and premises described in said judgment and decree, to wit: The south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range forty-three (43), in the County of Polk, Minnesota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 5th, 1892.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.

H. STEENERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Crookston, Minn. [43-49]

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
[illegible] Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN
Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

CALL IN

DR. LEDUC'S Periodical Pills—The French remedy, Paris. A reliable female regulator. Acts directly on the generative organs. Cures all ailments peculiar to women. $2; 3 for $5. Sold by A. G. Anderson, Crookston, Minn.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Comm'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.
IVES & HATLESTAD,
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial [illegible]

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,
DEALERS IN
Shelf and Heavy
HARDWARE,
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.
Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
STOVES AND RANGES
Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,
DEALERS IN
ALL OF THE LEADING
Agricultural Implements
MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.
Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

C. HENDRICKSON, President. L. ELLINGTON, Vice-President.
H. STEENERSON, 2d Vice-President. J. W. WHEELER, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.
Scandia-American Bank
OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.
Organized Under the State Laws.
Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500
Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.
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C. O. Christianson, E. P. Pierce, O. H. Lucken, A. G. Gallasch,
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Sylvester & Finseth,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
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Stoves, Tinware, Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye Binders and Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, National Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buford Gang and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn Sprinkling, Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers.
Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.
Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

S. L. COLLINS,
PROPRIETOR OF
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

Crookston Business College.
FACULTY.
R. S. KNUDSON, L. E. GOSSMAN, C. M. WASSON.

BOOKKEEPING.	Faculty composed of specialtists.	GRAMMAR.
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PENMANSHIP.	Special English department.	READING.
COMMERCIAL LAW.	Day and evening sessions.	HISTORY.
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For catalogues and circulars address,
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Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CROOKSTON MINNESOTA

MARTIN O'BRIEN
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
I. O. O. F. BUILDING Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. | DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. | TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. | CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, MARCH 31, 1892. | NO. 50

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Dollar and Fifty Cents if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$ .50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 00	2 50	3 00	5 25	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

'Round Home.

April Fool Day—to-morrow.

Commissioner C. P. DeMars was in the city last week.

The oldest inhabitants have decided that spring has come.

J. W. Benedict was down from Fosston last week visiting friends.

Sam Wallace had a severe attack of tonsilitis last week. Reported better at last accounts.

Wm. Vannett went to Barnesville last week to attend the wedding of a relative there.

The schools closed on Friday of last week for the spring vacation. Will reopen on Monday next.

J. F. Holmes, of Red Lake Falls, was attending the Democratic convention in the city last Thursday.

M. Wilson and Annie Nelson were married last Wednesday, Judge C. O. Christianson officiating.

Mrs. Chris. Muggley, of Pratt, Wis., was in the city last week to attend the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Helen Moeckel.

T. B. McManus has withdrawn his name from the People's Party ticket as a candidate for assessor and Mark Rauenbuchler's name was substituted.

The glass transoms in the Reckitt Block were all nicely lettered last week—where the rooms were occupied. A. C. Schmidt did it with his little brush.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Skinner were visiting friends in the city last Thursday evening, remaining over night. Mr. S. was in attendance on the I. O. O. F. meeting.

We have in our hands to rent a farm with stock and all machinery needed to run it. A good chance for a man and his wife to get a start. Don't want a man with a large family. For particulars call at this office.

Frank T. Haseltine, proprietor of the Crookston Nurseries, writes THE JOURNAL from Madison, Wis., that he has passed a very pleasant winter recuperating and will return about April 1st ready for a big season's business. Save your orders for Frank.

The Blue Jay tea, announced in our last issue to occur on Thursday evening at the residence of A. A. Miller Esq., was well attended and netted the Congregational Church Society $25. The "Blue Jay" part of the affair was a souvenir, the letter J cut from blue cardboard. The affair was a pronounced social success.

Wm. Beck was one of those who called on Friday to say set it ahead a year. The one peculiarity with Mr. Beck is a very agreeable one for the printer. He has been a subscriber to THE JOURNAL for many years and never in that time has he missed one week of coming in to renew on the very day the subscription runs out. If every man was only built that way how happy would we be.

News from Mrs. Bucknam in Chicago states that little Clipper will have to undergo a painful surgical operation. One day last winter the child, while playing at school, fell and it would seem fractured her collar bone. Nothing was thought of it at the time but later it gave her so much pain that a doctor was called who said it was nothing serious and would get along all right. When Mrs. B. and the children went to Chicago to visit friends there a doctor was called to examine Clipper who said that the child was suffering with a fractured collar-bone and that as it had already commenced to knit it would have to be broken over again and set and this will be done at an early day.

As intimated in our last T. K. Torgerson on Thursday closed the bargain for renting the Minnesota House and will become a citizen of Crookston. Mr. T. has for a long time been one of the leading citizens of Becker County, and we predict that he will become one of Crookston's leading business men. Our friends will find T. K. a straight man to deal with in every particular, and when they require a good hostelry they will find the one that Tom keeps that kind of a hotel in every particular.

The Citizens' Ticket.

On Tuesday evening of last week there gathered at the city hall a delegation of representative citizens who had been sent there to select from such aspirants as might present themselves a ticket composed of our leading business men. Each delegate seemed fully impressed with the fact that he had been sent in there on a business mission—a business of great importance to the welfare of this city, and the way that duty was discharged indicates that their duty was well performed. The man whom they selected to head the ticket, Mr. Wm. Anglim, came to this city in 1878 and with Louis Fontaine formed the firm of Fontaine & Anglim, now one of the leading mercantile firms of the city. They bought out an established business, that of W. D. Bailey, and commenced business in a log building. Very soon their business required more room and they built one of the first brick stores in the city, this being found inadequate another change was made finally followed last fall by the erection of the handsome brick block they now occupy, which would be a credit to a much larger city than Crookston. While Mr. A. has never been prominent as an office seeker he has been an honest, upright business man and the creditable way in which his personal business affairs have been managed is an earnest of the manner in which he will strive to administer public affairs should be elected to the office for which he has been nominated. It is true he is not a professional orator, neither was Alexander McKinnon when he first took the chair, and behold how he has developed into as good, fluent and easy an off-hand speaker as we have in the city. However that may be, whether he succeeds in developing eloquence remarkably we think we can assure our citizens that the administration will be a business one if Mr. Anglim heads it. The candidate for Alderman-at-large, A. K. Austin, has showed his faith in the city by helping to build the fine opera house block, than which none finer exists in the city. No man has greater interests at stake and no man will guard them more zealously than A. K. Austin. The clerical ability of the balance of the ticket is the surest test and the fact that two of them, Capt. Couverette and E. C. Carruth were renominated for the offices which they had filled for one term should be an indication of the appreciation of the people. Wm. Arnold has creditably filled the office of county surveyor, is an old resident of Polk County and should be sufficiently acquainted with values in the city to make a good assessor. We believe he would be if elected. Upon the whole the ticket is a good one from a business standpoint a worthy of the support of every business man in the city.

Pure Food in Congress.

Action which has Resulted in the official Determination of the Best Baking powder.

The act of congress authorizing the examination of the baking powder has resulted in a most unprecedented compliment to the Royal Baking Powder. The test were made in the Government Laboratory at Washington, and the official report shows that the Royal is superior to all others in leavening strength—being over thirty per cent. above the average. The report also shows the purity of the Royal Powder and the wholesomeness of the ingredients.

This is probably the highest compliment of an official character ever paid to a proprietary article, though no more than the great army of baking powder consumers would expect in behalf of their old friend and favorite.

The result of the official examination as thus determined will of course make the "Royal" the standard for Government purchases.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of an adjourned meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston, held in the City Hall on Tuesday evening, March 22d, 1892.

Meeting called to order by president Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Childs, Steenerson.

Owing to the city convention being called to meet in the city hall the council adjourned to the police room.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

At an adjourned meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston, held the 22d day of March, 1892, Alderman Walker offered the following resolution, which was seconded by Alderman Marshall:

Resolved, that inasmuch that no bids have been received to build a sidewalk on north side of Fourth street, between Broadway and Elm streets, the street commissioner be and he is hereby instructed to proceed with the least possible delay to lay said sidewalk, and make and file with the city engineer, when finished, a correct statement of the outlay incurred thereby.

Upon the call of ayes and nays, the vote stood as follows:

Aldermen voting in the affirmative—Buhn, Jennings, Jerome, Marshall, McGlogan, Schmidt, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative—none.

Upon this vote the resolution was declared carried by the president of the council.

Passed this 22d day of March, 1892.

JOHN CROMB,
President of the Council.

Approved the 26th day of March, 1892.

ALEX. MCKINNON,
Mayor.

Attest: E. C. CARRUTH,
Clerk.

Mr. Louis Godbout presented a petition asking the privilege of moving his frame building now on lot 5 of block 12 onto lot 4 of block 12 all in Fletcher & Houston's addition.

Moved by Alderman Marshall seconded by Alderman Jerome that the petition be granted. Carried.

Mr. Arthur Dufresne presented a petition asking the privilege of using one half of the street opposite his lots, while his building was being erected, also the use of the streets while moving his building now on lot 20 block 6, down toward Spendley street.

Moved by Alderman Schmidt, seconded by Alderman Marshall that the request be granted. Carried.

Mr. E. Barrett presented a petition asking that he be allowed to use one half of the street opposite his building, also that he might move the frame building now on lot 19 block 6 across the street onto the property owned by Mr. Finseth, while his new building was under construction.

Moved by Alderman Walker seconded by Alderman Jerome, that the petition be granted. Carried.

Gaarder & Sundet presented an application to sell intoxicating liquors in the building on corner of Robert and Main streets.

Resolved, that the liquor application of Gaarder & Sundet be granted upon proper proofs of publication and that the bond accompanying the same be approved upon the payment of $500. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Warren Register.—We were in Crookston Tuesday night Wednesday and Wednesday night of last week. On Wednesday evening we witnessed the play of "Hazel Kirk" at the new Opera House. We were in good company, too, as we were the guest of Bro. Cooke of the Journal and his amiable wife. The play was rendered in good style to a large audience. Crookston has an Opera House she can well be proud of. Its size and elegance was a surprise to us. Speaking of Bro. Cooke, we are reminded that he has received a new $1,700 Potter press and engine, which he will put to work as soon as he makes some necessary additions to his office building. He has also received a lot of new material, including a paper cutter, type, etc., and says he will have the best newspaper outfit in Crookston when he gets things to rights. May he live long and prosper all the time.

Money Motion.

During the discussion of the United States Banking bill in congress some time in 1885 or 1886 John Randolph, of Roanoke, who was opposed to establish a United State bank, said that he had discovered a perpetual motion, and it was very simple, being the fact that—

"Paper makes money,
Money makes banks,
Banks makes poverty,
Poverty makes rags,
Rags makes paper,
Paper makes money,
Money makes banks,

and so on forever and forever. Without speaking of the bearing of this on the present financial discussion in and out of congress it may be said that the Burlington System goes on forever increasing its mileage and that it goes everywhere, that it reaches all principal cities and towns in the West. No matter what your destination, buy your ticket over a Burlington line, and you will get there by the quickest and best route. Do you want to know more about it? Then write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Farming for Health.

May be very fine and you will no doubt grow strong and be happy with nothing but a hoe, a back number plow and a shot gun seeder. But if you are

Farming for Wealth

You should have the latest and best tool on the market. For instance you want first a DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL, and as you probably did not get your plowing all done last fall you also want a Grand Detour Plow, a Little Yankee or Scandia Gang. We have them to sell and would liketo show you their merits.

—OUR TIME AGAINST YOURS.—

There are several other things you ought to have but you must have these now soon. We have a nice line of Harrows that we are selling cheap; also Wagons, Buggies, Engines, Threshers, Etc., Etc.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co.,

OPERA BLOCK, - - CROOKSTON, MINN.

Regulating Elevators.

The Supreme Court Says It Can Be Done by States.

Grand Forks Daily Herald.

The federal supreme court has handed down a very important decision affecting the right of a state to control the charges of grain elevators at large centers or terminal points, and as parties here are interested in nearly similar litigation, it will be interesting to them.

The case arose in New York under an act of the legislature of that state passed in 1888, fixing the maximum charges of receiving, weighing and discharging grain by means of elevators and warehouses in cities of at least 130,000 population. It is known as the Budd case. Budd was indicted and convicted of charging more for elevating grain in Buffalo, N. Y., than the maximum rate allowed by the statutes. On appeal to the court of appeals the constitutionality of the law was affirmed. The ground in which the case was assailed was that the provisions of the state had been violated and also those of the federal constitution, declaring that no person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law. The court of appeals decided that under the peculiar facts of the case the owners of grain elevators and warehouses in Buffalo enjoyed a virtual monopoly of the business and that therefore it was subject to state control. On writ of error the federal supreme court affirmed this decision.

The question is somewhat similar to the one now pending before the North Dakota supreme court, involving the right of the legislature to fix the ratio of elevatore at all points in the state. The main difference between the cases seems to be the fact that the elevators whose charges are sought to be regulated by the statutes in this state are not at great centers where a large volume of grain must pass through them and where, by reason of the peculiar circumstances surrounding them, as in Buffalo in the Budd case and in Chicago in the Granger case they enjoy a virtual monopoly.

FARMS FOR SALE!

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent, payable annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and those prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.

1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land, 80 acres; 1½ story frame house, 18x24; log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary, 18x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21, and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,360.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 18, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14, and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $3.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address

A. HUMPHREYS,
Loan and Trust Building,
Minneapolis.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month.

Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS. Grand Forks, N. D.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-at-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

First National Bank

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PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. O. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim, [illegible] K. D. Chase, R. D. Childs, Geo. O. Erskine, B. H. Northrup, A. A. Miller, E. M. Walsh, John Moore, W. H. Crosby, [illegible] Chas. E. Sawyer, [illegible]

A. H. DUNLAP, M. D.

Graduate McGill University Montreal.

Licensed College Physicians and Surgeons, Quebec.

Office in McKinnon Block.

NEW FEED MILL

CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers ot Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, - - Main Street, Crookston.

Schmidt, the Painter,

—CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,

THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER

FOR BARGAINS.

Drunkenness

CURED.

THE

Moorhead Institute

Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the

DRINK and OPIUM HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

FLOUR REDUCED.

Best	$2.40	per 98 lbs.
North Star	2.25	" "
Fife	2.00	" "
Skip Jack	1.00	" "
Bran	11.00	" ton.
Shorts	12.00	" "

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

Work Horses & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN,

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later, if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than and dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,

Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET—

CROOKSTON, - - MINN.

JOHN CROMB,

Attorney-at-Law.

SECOND STREET, - CROOKSTON

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 31, 1892.

Wheat—1 Hard 68.
1 Northern 62.
2 Northern 56.
3 Northern 52.

If you want to rent a farm call and see us.

Geo. Vine went north this week to buy hides.

M. A. Sture is quite indisposed these days. Grip.

The river will break up very soon if this weather continues.

Miss Emma Sture has returned from a winter's visit to the western coast.

Lots of work, of every kind, for everybody in Polk County the coming year.

Charley Vine is kept as busy as a bee cutting up meats to supply his increasing trade.

Miss Edith McGrew went out Fosston on Tuesday morning to visit friends for a day or so.

W. E. Slocum is fixing up the house that Rev. Mr. Whitney occupied and will take possession soon.

S. B. Palmer was up from Lockhart on Tuesday looking after business in the line of gasoline engines.

Charlie Vine is not doing any bragging but he is just simply selling the choicest cuts in the market. Try him.

Rev. R. H. Battey will exchange next Sabbath with Rev. Seth N. Wilcox, of the Congregational church of Grand Forks.

Miss Emma Sture was in the earthquake and don't like 'em pretty much. Prefers life in Polk County where such things happen not.

The ladies of the Congregational church are getting up an experience social to come off sometime in May. Lots of fun expected.

The Northern Pacific will change time on Sunday next. The train for St. Paul will leave Crookston at 7:05 p. m. and arrive in the morning at 7:27 a. m.

Bert Duntley is preparing plans for a residence in Jerome's Addition, near Wm. Thune's and will commence building as soon as the weather permits.

Farmers all predict good crops this year and good weather. We predict good prices and if all these predictions come true look out for booming times.

Miss Edith Grasse, who has been visiting in this city with Mrs. Edward George for a while returned on Tuesday morning to her home in Winnipeg.

Adolph Rauch has purchased the Hack & Gallasch corner for $5,500 cash and will erect a brick block thereon. This is one of the finest corners in the city.

A few more days of thawing weather will put the ground in fine shape for seeding. Some expect to be able to begin this week.

C. J. Knox, the Thief River Falls boomer, was in the city on Monday evening on his way to St. Paul. Reports prospects good for a large sized boom up there this coming summer.

"Do you know that J. W. Wheeler has money to loan at reasonable rates and no long waits for the money to come from some place? He has it on hand ready for delivery as soon as the papers are made out.

Mrs. Adams and Miss Veronneau are getting their stock into the building on Second street recently occupied by A. D. Stephens and will soon be ready to greet their many friends.

Fred Anderson—"I expect Ike Simmons will be the next alderman from the First Ward. I have not time to make much of a canvas and I don't think Ike is working very hard but his party is."

Eli Steenerson—"Yes I noticed that conjunction business, but it strikes me that somebody is getting a little fresh. There is nothing in the city charter that prevents a man repairing a leaky roof and as the roof to my meat-market building was somewhat leaky I undertook to repair it. Then came the injunction—I am still engaged repairing the roof."

The Belmour-Gray Comedy Company opened a week's engagment at the Grand on Monday night in "Solomon Isaacs, or Queen's Evidence." The leading parts were exceedingly well sustained and the company is an unusually strong one. Popular prices. Reserved seats on sale at Tom Morris. If you enjoy a pleasant evening try the Grand any night this week.

If foreign nations don't quit monkey with Uncle Sam, Harrison will be nominated by acclamation and re-elected with a whoop. Every time a foreign nation bristles up and makes faces at the U. S. Harrison's actions show that "Grandfather's Hat" is not an atom too big for him. His dignified attitude toward England in the seals fishery question wins the admiration of the world.

The committee appointed to meet a G. A. R. committee met at committee on Monday evening and agreed upon preliminaries for the encampment in July next. As the encampment will include the 4th of July these ceremonies will be merged in the celebration we were to have and a grand good time provided for. Look out for the best celebration ever held in the Northwest.

The roads are softening up continually.

A. C. Schmidt is painting the M. E. church building.

W. E. McKenzie and wife went to St. Paul on Tuesday evening.

Eli Steenerson is at work on the old Crookston meat-market building.

John E. Tice and J. J. Tice came up from Mentor on Tuesday's train.

J. O. McWaters called on Friday to cheer our heart by renewing for one year.

Doc. Rutledge, of the Fisher Bulletin was up on Tuesday to observe the Lady of Lyons.

Mrs. Powell and Mrs. Nailor, of Warren, are visiting in the city with their sister-in-law, Mrs. N. P. Stone.

Will Carl, brother-in-law of Charlie Vine, who has been very ill with brain fever, is reported out of danger.

W. C. Andrew gave us a call on Saturday last to see what stationary we need from Wright, Barrett & Stilwell.

Fred Anderson commenced work on his building on Broadway. It will be remodled into a neat residence building.

The new pastor for the Baptist church Rev. Mr. McDonald, has arrived and will enter upon his duties on Sabbath next.

A very brilliant aurora borealis was witnessed on Thursday night of last week. This would indicate another cold snap soon.

The little house on Main street so long used by Judge Reynolds as an office and later as a residence was moved off last week.

A. Griffin, brakesman on No. 9, had hand badly hurt on Monday evening. Dr. Dampier soon fixed the injured member in good shape.

Street commissioner Dan McDonald was busy on Monday with a crew of men flushing the gutters. An improvment very much needed.

A washout on the line west delayed the Great Northern train several hours. The train due at 7 p. m. Friday evening arrived at 1 p. m. on Saturday.

Charlie Pearson was in the city on Saturday selling cutlery for Wright, Barrett & Stilwell. Charlie is one of the best hearted fellows on the road.

Attorney D. Hattlestad was called away to Iowa last week by the news of the death of his sister at Decorah. He will be away ten days or a fortnight.

Rev. S. H. Barteau, of Stephen, was visiting friends and relatives on Tuesday. Mr. B. has just recovered from a severe illness and looks pale and thin yet.

I. W. C. Misner writes: "Send me the JOURNAL, can't keep house without it." All right. The name is duly added to the list together with quite a batch this week.

The delegates to the democratic convention at St. Paul, Alex. McKinnon, Wm. Anglim, Alderman A. C. Schmidt and Sam. Rosenthal, left for St Paul on Tuesday evening.

One of Nap. Rapin's little boys took a prominent part in the play of "Solomon Isaacs" on Monday evening. As this was his first appearance on the stage the little chap did nobly.

Iver Krohn was up from his farm in Garden last week laying in a stock of provisions for seeding. Says if this weather continues he can go to work at an early day. Thinks they will get to work generally next week.

Attorney Steenerson went down to Fergus Falls last week to defend a man charged with selling whiskey to Indians and succeeded in mixing up the witnesses so badly that several of them were indicted for perjury.

The O'Neil boys report their land drying off nicely. They got their plowing all done last fall and now all they have to do is to sow as soon as the ground is ready and it is almost ready now. They expect to begin seeding this week.

The funeral of comrade Louis Zange occurred at the Methodist Episcopal church on Friday afternoon. The Post turned out to pay the last sad respects to a departed comrade and the remains were tenderly laid to rest in Oakdale cemetery.

We have been somewhat handicapped for the past week owing to the illness of our foreman, and as you can't always step out on the street and pick up a man in this business when you want him, such an absence is generally severely felt.

THE JOURNAL is informed that the residence of F. W. Bruce, a few miles southeast of Carman, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday. During his absence the house took fire and his wife, who was not entirely recovered from a severe illness, was barely able to save her life.

Joseph Dostal was down from Tabor on Tuesday and dropped in to square up on subscription. Says that more people are coming into Tabor this spring than ever before and that there can be but little if any more railroad land yet for sale in the town. About one-fourth of the threshing remains to be done but the plowing was pretty well completed last fall. He thinks seeding will not be commenced inside of two weeks yet.

Wanted.

A situation as foreman and housekeeper by a man and his wife. Best of references given. Call at JOURNAL office.

[illegible]

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-89] Minneapolis, Minn.

Wm. Campbell came down from Maple Bay on Thursday to bring his little boy to consult a doctor. For about two years the boy has been a sufferer from hip disease and he does not seem to improve as rapidly as could be desired. On Friday morning Mr. C. dropped in to say he could not keep house without THE JOURNAL and to renew for the coming year.

Joseph Laframboise gave us a call on Friday afternoon to report on his visit to Canada during the past winter. He says many will leave that country during the coming season and many more would if they could sell. He thinks it would be an excellent idea if practicable for the railroad companies to run excursion trains soon after seeding, that if they did do so many would come out and see what the country can do. We think that would be a very excellent idea.

Friday was field day for subscriptions—mostly renewals. This is very acceptable to us in view of the fact that our new press and engine have arrived and we are arranging to get them set up and running at as early a day as possible and when that day comes we shall need considerable more money than we have been able to collect so far. Of course we do not expect help from those who have not threshed as yet but all who have the money handy and will kindly liquidate will lay us under lasting obligations if they will call and see us.

THE JOURNAL does not presume to be dictatorial nor to advise in the matter of voting. The two tickets are in the field—there are some good men on both of them but it may be advisable to study the platforms of the parties as far as the executive officers are concerned, the others, of course, demanding merely clerical ability are not so important—providing the ability is there. Looking over the platform of the citizens party one is impressed with the idea that it embraces the essential elements of a good business administration. Again, the character of the men selected by the citizens' convention is a guaranty of the faithful performance of the duties devolving upon them. Their interest in the welfare of the city is conspicuous in the character of the buildings they have erected and a hundred different ways. Could we ask for better evidence of good faith? Could we find it if we did? THE JOURNAL has nothing but good words to say of the candidates on the People's ticket but claims that the citizens' platform is very much the better one for the interests of our city. The ticket was placed in the field more in accordance with the principles of freedom which is the boast of the American people, because the caucuses were duly advertised and every body who cared to do so was privileged to go in and have a voice in making it. It was not put in the field by an exclusive society whose members alone knew when the ticket was to be made. The citizens' ticket was made by at least two thirds of the people of the city in caucus assembled, thus representing as nearly as may be the will of the people. We think these ideas furnish good and sufficient reason why the citizen's ticket should be triumphantly elected as we confidently believe it will be if its friends are on the alert—but they can not go to sleep and expect to elect it.

Republican Caucuses.

Republican caucuses will be held in the various wards at the usual plans on Saturday evening at 7:30.

THE JOURNAL regrets to notice the assignment of Mr. J. V. E. Wyatt. Mr. W. started in business in this city a few years ago with a limited capital and has done a good business but the unfortunate fire, by which he lost a considerable money obliged him to go more on credit and now one of the houses with whom he deals is crowding him for its money. Mr. W. thinks he will come out of it all right.

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

SOMETHING NEW ABOUT **CARPETS**

DO YOU NEED—Are you going to buy any CARPETS this summer?

DO YOU WANT to select from an assortment that is larger than any other two stocks in town?

DO YOU WANT THE LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES?

DO YOU WANT to buy a good quality 36 inch Hemp Carpet at 18c per yard?

DO YOU WANT Your CARPETS cut without waste?

DO YOU WANT your CARPETS sewed ready to lay?

DO YOU WANT any WINDOW SHADES or WINDOW CURTAINS, Brass Rods or Brass Fixtures, Wood Poles or Wood Fixtures?

—AND ABOVE ALL—

DO YOU WANT to pay less than you can buy inferior goods for elsewhere?

THEN—CALL—ON—US

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,

Leaders in Low Prices on Quality.

Tom Harris took the contract for moving Felix Fournet's wholesale liquor store buildings across the street and commenced operations last week. He figures that the job will take about 10 days. As soon as the buildings are well off, the work of excavating for the new block will be commenced.

We have experienced several vexatious delays which interfere with our building operations but we live in hope to see our press room completed and our new Potter press up and running off our edition by the commencement of Vol. 16. Our old Fairhaven has been a true and faithful friend but although it would run from 600 to 700 per hour it has become altogether too slow so it had to go to make way for one of the latest improved Potter presses and a gasoline engine to run it. We have our press and engine all ready to set up just as soon as we can make the necessary changes in our building which will take but a few days when we can get at it. With our press we have bought a quantity of body type, advertising type and many beautiful new faces of the very latest styles of job type and with these added facilities we think we shall be able to turn out as good work as can be done outside of the twin cities. Give us a trial. Try THE JOURNAL job rooms for job printing of any description.

MRS. E. E. BANGS

Has secured the services of Miss C. B. Hammond as her milliner. Miss Hammond comes from Edson, Keith & Co.'s Chicago pattern rooms where she has been for many weeks studying up all the latest styles and designs in millinery and she is an expert in this line. Mrs Bangs has received the finest line of millinery goods from Chicago that has ever been in Crookston, and she is now prepared to give the best style, and the lowest prices ever given in this city give her a call and see for yourself.

MRS. E. E. BANGS.
No. 9, Second street, Crookston, Minn.

Crookston Nurseries.

I have a New Catalogue and Card just issued, giving reduced prices of Trees, Tree Seeds and Small Fruits for Spring planting, which will be sent free by mail to anyone making application.

FRANK T. HASELTINE,
[50-tf] Crookston, Minn.

FOR SALE.

TWO HORSES,
FIVE COWS,
TWO PIGS,
ONE BINDER,
ONE COLT,

And numerous other things, address M. M. DAVIS & SON, Euclid. [49-4]

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

320 ACRES in Angus Township, 255 acres cultivated, 50 acres pasture, fenced, good farm buildings, 110 acres ready for seeding, 4 horses and harnesses, 2 wagons, 2 seeders, binder, gang plow, seeders, etc, all for $5,000, part cash, balance on easy terms.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for marke garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 39 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 130 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2,500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms; long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, a new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full sets blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $8,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Try Charlie Vine's meat market once. He will make it an object for you to call and leave an order.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Always on hand, anything you want in the line of choice fresh meats, at Charlie Vine's.

Good Farm For Sale.

The S W ¼ Sec. 24, Town 149, R. 48, about 10 miles from Crookston and 8 miles from Fisher; 60 acres broke, with a creek running through the place giving a good supply of water all the year round; no building on the place.

Apply for the information and price, Grand Forks, box 282, N. Dakota. [48-51]

"The Journal" Hail Fund.

The following named persons have contributed the amounts set opposite their names to the fund for the relief of those who lost their crops by hail. Everybody should have a hand in this good work. Send in your names and the amount you are willing to contribute (in money or grain) to THE JOURNAL or Lewis Ellington, Scandia-American Bank, Crookston, Minn.:

		Tp.	R.	Sec
THE JOURNAL	$ 5.00			
B. C. Jorgenson	10.00			
O. H. Richardson	10 bushels barley			
Frank Bivins	10 bushels seed wheat			
W. G. Lytle	10 bushels seed wheat			
Lewis Ellington	$5.00			
E. Lanctot	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley			
Thomas Wallace	20 bu. barley			
Goodwin Leppert (Wylia)	10 bu. oats			
Hayes Bros	20 bu. wheat			
Earnest Mueller	20 bu. barley			
Ben Geroux	2 " "			
K. Hanson	4 " "			
Ole Olson	2 " wheat.			
E. W. Johnson	50 cents			
Will Himmelsback	10 bu. barley			
S. B. Palmer (Lockhart)	10 bu. potatoes			
Hugh Thompson	25 bu. seed wheat			
E. M. Walsh	10 bu. oats, 10 bu. barley			
D. C. Hallock, (Edna)	5 bu. barley			
Jake Ide	15 bu. oats, 15 bu. barley			
Walter C. Lee	20 bushels wheat			
R. Bain (Fisher)	5 " barley			
G. W. Eastman, Andover	10 bu. wheat			
S. L. Collins	25 bu. oats			
W. A. Marin	10 bu barley	148	45	8
C. H. Holmes	2 bu wheat	"	"	22
A. J. Appleguist	4 bu wheat	"	"	18
Ole P. Onstad	6 bu oats	"	"	10
H. T. Hoff	4 bu wheat	"	46	1
J. P. Bullan	10 bu potatoes	"	45	7
Halvor K. Aarhus	1 bu wheat			
" "	2 bu oats	"	"	28
Peter Bakke	2 bu oats	"	"	26
Peder Moen	3 bu barley	"	"	28
P. H. Hoglund	4 bu oats	"	"	30
Dan. Linnehan	5 bu barley	"	"	22
W. S. Laudt	$1	"	"	22
John E. Hanson	2 bu wheat	"	"	4
Andreas Menson	2 " "	"	"	2
Ole Olson	2 bu wheat	"	"	4
T. Carlson	2 " "	"	"	8
Henry Storeng	2 bu wheat	"	"	28
O. W. Davis	2 bu barley	"	"	30
Tosten Menson	4 bu oats	"	"	2
Hans Grone	2 bu barley	"	"	18
Knud H. Bergh	6 bu potatoes	"	"	24
Mrs A E Helmick	20 bu wheat			
Chris J Hougen	2 sacks oats			
Thorvold Thorpet	1 sk wheat, 1 sk oats			
Andrias Gullakson	$1 00			
Nils O Skaar	2 00			
J Walseth	1 00			
Johanes B Rougen	2 sacks wheat, 2 sacks barley, 1 sacks oats			
John Gjomtvold	1 sack wheat			
Brown A Horvik	2 " oats			
Andreas Christofferson	50c			
Isak Erickson	4 bu oats			
Lars Duckstad	2 bu wheat			
John M. Norse	2 bu oats			
John Lundine	$5 00			
Mrs Hans Larson	2 bu barley			
Per Olson	2 bu oats			
Ole Morvig	1 bu wheat			
Toston Dahle	2 " "			
Ole Rude	$ 50			
Erik Raff	1 00			
Andrew Hoff	1 00			
Knut Opheim	2 bu wheat, 2 bu oats			
E. G. O. Hoglund	2 bu oats			
Knute Knuteson, Jr	1 bu wh, 1 bu oats			
Mons K Tyssen	2 bu oats			
John Gronvold	2 bu wheat			
Ole Opheim	" "			
Nils Bolstad	1 bu wheat, 2 bu oats			
Knut Bolstad	1 bu wheat			
E K Overland	2 bu "			
Ever Nelson	2 sacks oats, 1 sack wheat, 1 sack barley.			
Anton Rice	1 sack oats, 1 " "			
C C Sollie	1 " " 1 " "			
Albert Hamery	2 sacks oats			
J O Borsli	1 bu wheat			
O O Skredergord	" "			
Ole S Viken	$1 00			
Jorgen O Rude	1 sack wheat			
C H Kittelson	1½ bu "			
Sander Ness	1 " "			
Halvor Kittelson	1 " "			
M A O Engelstad	1 bu wheat, 1 bu oats			
Nils R. Engelstad	$1 00			
Ole Christianson	1 sack wheat			
Iver J Ingebrightson	2 sacks oats			
Knute Nelson	1 sack wheat			
H A Gullakson	$1 00			
Torger K Oslgard	50			
Nils Mohn	1 00			
N O Roan	50			
Ole Svenson	2 bu wheat			
Nils G Wickstrand	1 [illegible]			
Jacob Larson	1 [illegible]			
R O Engelstad	1 [illegible]			
Mrs Nette O Roed	2 sacks oats			
O R Engelstad	1 sack wheat			
O K Olson	1 sack oats			
Ole H Viden	2 [illegible]			
Helge O Viden	1 bu wheat			
O E Engelstad	[illegible]			
Andrew Morvig	2 sacks [illegible]			
T H Nesseth	[illegible]			

Euclid Items.

Mr. Easby was in town Thursday to attend to his interests here.

Paul Oseldinger lost an ox in our big blizzard. Paul is about to move out on his claim.

J. Zimmerman lost five cows in the late blizzard.

It seems that even a dog knows when he is unfit to be seen around horses. Wm. Brandt went down to Crookston and bought a span of Brown's famous mares, and returned home only to find his dog dead in the well.

E. Taylor & Co. received the brick foundation for their new building last Thursday morning. They will begin operations as soon as the weather will permit.

Dr. Chapin took a flying trip to Warren last week.

Mr. Robert Shultz gave a dance Thursday evening. Good time.

Henry Tiedt will leave for Montana about the 1st.

Every body is yanking their seed wheat over the plains to be ready for the breakup.

Casper Mosier, an old settler of 78 summers is rustling cattle trades in this vicinity.

In Euclid lives one of the most wonderful freaks of nature ever known, in the form of a gentleman who can throw his under jaw out of joint and pass his under lip over his nose within a half inch of his eyes. It is well worth going hundreds of miles to see.

The children of the city gave a delightful entertainment Tuesday evening and kept a big house in a roar of applause for more than an hour. A good deal is due to the excellent training given them by Mrs. H. C. Misner.

Robert Casmey has been out west but came back saying this country was best of all.

E. Murney has worked up all the iron in the city and is now trying to put tin shoes on horses. That won't do Ed.

There are some pretty good jumpers around the neighborhood, but they can't come up to Henry Stuhr and myself. E. J. Duntley is undoubtedly the best boxer in the vicinity.

Everybody seems to be talking about M. R. Brown's horses. Good thing to talk about, gentlemen.

Go into E. Taylor & Co's. and let H. Stuhr sell you a good hat.

Fred Tiedt Senior is very slowly recovering from a long and severe illness.

Miss Lillian Losey appeared on the stage Tuesday evening.

In the entertainment Tuesday evening a trio was given by Miss Ollie Tiedt and Miss Nellie Chapman, sopranos, and Miss Ida Teal alto, which brought down the house.

Charley Teal is very sick with pneumonia.

Mack McCracken is in the city again but is undecided whether to take the depot agency again or not.

Ole Nilson began threshing barley Wednesday.

Several wild ducks were reported to have been flying northward. If this be true spring is really at hand.

One of the most enjoyable events of the season was the company of ladies and gentlemen at W. C. Misner's Friday evening. Mr. Leman of Angus brought down the famous apron which was given to Gen. Washington by Gen. Lafayette and exhibited it to the masons of Euclid. Among the masons present were W. Leman and W. L. Davies, of Angus, H. C. Misner, Dr. J. S. Chapin, F. Tiedt, F. G. Fargo and other friends who were invited in and who felt well repaid for their trouble by looking at such a famous relic so closely connected with the two greatest generals of the revolutionary war. The apron is now the property of Mont Nebo Lodge No. 91 of Shepardsville, West Virginia. The new case presented to the above lodge by the grand lodge of Minnesota has one of the finest specimens of the engraver's art ever seen by those present. It was of solid cherry with many of the emblems and working tools of the fraternity handsomely wrought.

After all present had viewed the masonic treasures and listened to the lectures on the same by Mr. Leman, the ladies and gentlemen entertained the company with a selection of readings and songs after which refreshments were served. H. C. Misner as master of ceremonies then called on the following to respond to toasts, which they did very pleasantly. F. Tiedt, Sr., the toast, welcome; W. Leman, Mount Nebo lodge; W. L. Davies, Washington and Lafayette. A general good time was enjoyed. The program was interspersed by instrumental music by Miss Lillian Losey and songs by others in the company up to half past twelve o'clock, when all bade their their host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. C. Misner, good night and went home feeling well repaid for having lost a part of their night's rest.

Mr. Fargo and Mr. O. Stuhr went to Red Lake Falls on business Wednesday.

Ole Tonson, barn boss on the Buffington farm, had his arm badly lacerated by a vicious stallion but is rapidly recovering under the skillful treatment of Dr. Chapin.

Mrs. W. P. and Norwood Davies of Angus were in the city Thursday.

Joseph Heard, representing H. W. Hackett of St. Paul, was in the city Thursday doing business with E. Taylor & Company.

Farm.

Mentor Items.

Our snow is mostly gone and the roads are in bad condition.

Seeding here we think will soon commence. We hear D. Overholt means to start on Monday 27th.

We are informed the lumber will be on the ground this week for the erection of a new Congregational church at Mentor, and the Ladies Aid has given $40.00 towards the new building. We think our ladies are doing remarkably well for the cause.

The entertainment which took place at D. Fulton's on Friday night of last week was well attended.

Our Mentor string band gave some very fine selections which were well rendered.

We see by the McIntosh Times that "Free Grist" is much concerned in the alcohol and beer business. Some say he is a real snipe. Some say he is a near relation, while others say he is no man at all. Will "Free Grist" explain himself how eggs can be shipped without being first packed, or has he some new way of shipping? MICK.

A California "big tree" has been selected in Tulare county to be shown at the Exposition. A committee of the board of trade, after an extended tour of inspection, picked out a tree measuring 87 feet 9 inches in circumference at the base, 85 feet five feet above the ground and 65 feet at a height if sixteen feet.

More than 180 exhibitors are chronicled from Philadelphia alone.

The "San Francisco Women's California Book Exhibit for the World's Fair," is the name of a society recently

For Sale.

I have for sale at my farm, 6 miles northeast of Crookston, a few choice young mares ready for farm work or driving purposes. Call early for choice.

[45-tf] S. M. McKEE.

Farm to Rent!

A fine farm of 480 acres about three miles from city, from 275 to 300 acres for crop, will rent with teams and machinery if desired. This is a good opportunity for a young man to make a start in farming business, or for a man and wife. Will not rent to a man with large family as owner intends to occupy part of the house. For particulars call at JOURNAL office. [59-52]

SALE of STATE LANDS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, LAND OFFICE.

SAINT PAUL, Minn., March 24, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at Public Sale at the County Auditor's office in Crookston on May 25th 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by by reason of failure to pay interest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale.

A. BIERMANN,
Commissioner of the State Land Office.

[50-4]

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk,
City of Crookston, } ss.

Notice is given, that applications have been made in writing to the City Council of the City of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 25th 1892, and terminating on April 24th 1893, by the following persons, and at the following places as stated in said applications respectively, to-wit: Gaarder & Sundet, in the two-story frame building on the east 20 feet of lots 11 and 12 in Block 3 of, Fletcher & Houston's addition to the City of Crookston.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council of the City of Crookston, at the regular meeting in the City Hall in said City of Crookston in Polk County, on Tuesday the 12th day of April 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 26th day of March A. D. 1892.

E. U. GARRUTH,
City City,

L. E. GOSSMAN,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

DENTIST.
N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK

J. V. E. WYATT
Undertaker,
BROADWAY,
Crookston, - - Minn.

Carries a full supply at all times. Always ready to attend to calls and take full charge if necessary.

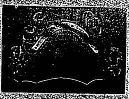
—o-o-o-o-o—

Can supply anything in the line of
FURNITURE,
PICTURE FRAMES,
MOULDINGS, Etc., Etc.
Give Me a Call.

Wanted.

Groom, to travel with an imported Clydesdale stallion for three months beginning April 1st 1892. None but a competent person need apply. Bring references and state wages expected. Address H. H. Cavanagh, Sec. Excel P. O., Marshall County, Minnesota. [47-50]

DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates,
BY NEW PATENT.
Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.

PATENT
GOLD CLASPS

The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on a before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 31st, 1892.)
(Last publication May 12th, 1892.)

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Jennie Kelly and Alfred D. Kelly, her husband, Mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of October, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 4:15 o'clock p. m., in book 26 of mortgages, on pages 389 to 393; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1889; $25.50 that became due April 25th 1890; $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1890; $35.50 that became due April 25th, 1891, and $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1891.

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: Ten hundred Nine and 60-100 ($1009.60) Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of section nineteen (19) Township one hundred forty-nine (149) Range forty-two (42), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, all of said premises situated and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1892.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for mortgagee.

[50-4] (N.G.103)

TO PRINCIPAL POINTS IN
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE
MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, MANITOBA, MONTANA, AND PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.
MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.
7:40 p. m. de......St. Paul......ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de......CROOKSTON......de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de......Grand Forks......de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar......Helena......de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.
Daily, except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......Arrive 6:45 p. m.

FOSSTON BRANCH.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Depart 7:30 a. m.......Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Depart 10:45 a. m.......Arrive 4:00 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

FOR SALE.

My stock of Funeral Supplies, including Casket-Cabinets and Furniture, and all necessary appurtenances to carry on a first-class business of Undertaking. Also my Picture Framing and Upholstering material and cabinet makers and upholsterers' tools.

My business is well established and growing. Cheap rental and centrally located.

My stock and fixtures are second to none in the State. This is a rare business opening for the right party.

My reason for selling is ill health in my family. Address

J. V. E. WYATT,
Crookston, Minn.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE IN
McKinnon Block, Crookston

NEW CIGAR STORE
SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.
H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,
Second Street,
CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

CALL IN.

W. A. ROBERTSON
D. D. S.
Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.
OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, - - Proprietor,

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations.

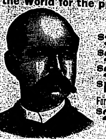
☞ Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE

For gentlemen is a fine Calf Shoe, made seamless, of the best leather produced in this country. There are no tacks or wax threads to hurt the feet, and is made as smooth inside as a hand-sewed shoe. It is as stylish, easy fitting and durable as custom-made shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00, and acknowledged to be the

Best in the World for the price.



For GENTLEMEN.
$5.00 Genuine Hand-Sewed.
$4.00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe.
$3.50 Police and Farmer.
$2.50 Extra Value Calf Shoe.
$2.25 Working-man's Shoe.
$2.00 Goodwear Shoe.

For LADIES.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed.
$2.50 Best Dongola.
$2.00 Calf and Dongola.
$1.75 For MISSES.
For BOYS' & YOUTH'S.
$2 & $1.75 SCHOOL SHOES.

☞ TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES. ☜

IT IS A DUTY you owe to yourself and your family, during these hard times, to get the most value for your money. You can economize in your footwear if you purchase W. L. Douglas' Shoes, which, without question, represent a greater value for the money than any other makes.

CAUTION. W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe, which protects the consumer against high prices and inferior shoes. Beware of dealers who acknowledge the superiority of W. L. Douglas' Shoes by attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent, and subject to prosecution by law, for obtaining money under false pretences. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by Fontaine & Anglim.

DO NOT FORGET THE
60--DAYS--60
IT WILL INTEREST YOU
—IF YOU WISH—
To Save Money.
MARKED
DOWN
Red Figure
SALE
OF CLOTHING
AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
AT THE BOSTON
ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

S. L. COLLINS,
—PROPRIETOR OF—
MAIN STREET
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables
CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,
Crookston, - - - Minnesota.
Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.
FINE HEARSE
In connection which I will attend to in person

Combination Auction Sale

A Great Combination Auction Sale
WILL BE HELD AT
GENTILLY
Near the Post Office,
On Monday, April 4th, 1892

Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time will be exposed for sale Horses, Colts, Cows, Calves, Sheep, Poultry, Hogs, Machinery, Wagons, Buggies, Sleighs, Harnesses, Plows, Drags, Household Furniture, and
A thousand and one articles too numerous to mention.

Persons Who Have Any Stock or Any Article

They wish to sell would do well to list such articles with Louis Berthiaume, at Gentilly, before the day of sale.

Terms made known on the day of sale.
LOUIS BERTHIAUME, Auctioneer

CROOKSTON
STEAM LAUNDRY
O. D. ROOD, Prop.,
SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,
(Opposite Commercial Hotel.)
I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing
Washing and Ironing
Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting
FAMILY WASHING
Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.
THE
Great Transcontinental Route
Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

The Dining Car Line

Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ROUTE.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily Express Trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE.

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS
Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables, or special information, apply to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific R. R.,
Crookston, Minn.

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE PIONEER
HARNESS SHOP,
M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.
A full supply of everything kept by the trade.
Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

MILLER & FOOTE,
ATTY'S-AT-LAW,
McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

If it is a choice steak or roast you want call on Chas. Vine, Broadway & Robert.

STUDY LAW
AT HOME.
Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to
J. COTNER, Jr., Sec.,
No. 80 Whitney Block
DETROIT, MICH.

DR. M. WATTS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by or day night

NEW BARBER SHOP.
On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.
Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.
RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.
Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

G. G. HENAULT
Practical Dentist
SECOND STREET,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN
OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.
☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.
G. G. HENAULT.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, March 31, 1892.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Polk will be held on Tuesday, April 5th, 1892, in the Court House in the City of Crookston, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in the city of St. Paul on Thursday, May 5th, 1892, and also for the purpose of electing nine delegates to the Republican Congressional Convention to be held at Morris on the 12th day of May, 1892, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the Convention.

The several election precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates, the basis of representation being one delegate for each organized town or precinct, and one additional delegate for each forty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1888, viz.

Andover	2	Lambert	1
Angus	1	Lake Pleasant	1
Black River	2	Lessor	3
Brandsvold	3	Louisville	2
Badger	2	Liberty	2
Bray	2	Lowell	2
Belgium	1	Nesbit	2
Brislet	1	North	2
Bygland	2	Northland	3
Columbia	2	Norden	2
City E. Grand Forks	4	Numedal	2
City of Crookston—		Onstad	2
1st ward	4	Parnell	1
2d "	3	Poplar River	1
3d "	2	Polk Center	1
4th "	5	Queen	2
5th "	1	Red Lake Falls—vil.	3
Town of Crookston	2	—town	1
Eden	1	Reis	2
Emardville	1	River Falls	1
Euclid	3	Roome	2
Fairfax	2	Roxbury	2
Farley	1	Russia	1
Fanny	1	Rosebud, including	
Vil. & town of Fisher	4	village of Fosston	3
Grand Forks	2	St. Hilaire	2
Garden	1	Sanders	2
Garfield & vil. Fertile	4	Sandsville	2
Gervais	2	Sletten	3
Gentilly	2	Sullivan	2
Godfrey	3	Tabor	1
Grove Park	2	Terrebonne	2
Hammond	1	Tilden	2
Higdam	2	Tynsid	2
Hill River	3	Vineland	2
Hubbard	2	Winger	2
Huntsville	2	Woodside	3
Keystone	2	Wyandotte	2
Kertsonville	1		
King	3	Total	159
Knute	3		

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, that no delegate will be admitted to a seat in the Convention unless such delegate resides in the town or precinct which he represents.

The foregoing call was agreed upon by the Republican County Committee, at a meeting held in the City of Crookston, March 11th, 1892.

A. A. MILLER, Secretary. A. D. STEPHENS, Chairman.

The citizens party met at the city hall on Thursday evening of last week and adopted the following platform:

We, the Citizen's party of the city of Crookston assembled in mass convention, this 23d day of March, 1892, hereby resolve and set forth the following declaration of principles, which we believe most conducive to the general welfare and prosperity of the city of Crookston.

First, in making this declaration of principles we respectfully call the attention of the electors of the city of Crookston to the present and previous administrations of our municipal affairs by representatives of our citizens party, with confidence that all who are cognizant of the past history of our city will agree with us that the policy of the Citizens' party wisely administered, is by far the most conducive to the good government of the city.

1st—We insist that national and state politics and party lines should be entirely foreign to the election of officers in city elections, as we believe that in such cases the election of officers should be controlled solely and entirely by the citizens irrespective of party affiliations, thus assuring the selection of representative men of the best ability, and not the tools of wire-pullers and professional politicians.

2d—That in view of an increasing demand in that respect and our natural resources and rapidly increasing population, we advocate the purchase by the city of suitable grounds in which to establish and maintain under the care and control of the city government a public park.

3d—We advocate the rigid enforcement of any and all ordinances now in force in the city, so far as the same are not opposed to public sentiment and we further advocate the immediate repeal of all ordinances so opposed and which are merely dead letters upon our book of ordinances.

4th—We demand a thorough and complete revision of our city charter and the ordinances passed thereunder to the end that the same shall meet the demands of the city and have the force and validity of law.

5th—We recommend that all cases where public work is to be performed for the city of Crookston preference shall be given to resident laborers and contractors, so far as the same may be.

6th—We further recommend the passage and enforcement of an ordinance prohibiting the dumping in Red Lake River, within the city limits and above the water works, of any garbage or refuse whatsoever, and the prohibition of the location or operation of any slaughter houses within said limits and that all rules and regulations now in force and relating to the public health be rigidly enforced.

7th—We would advise that the city council take immediate action to the end that a more just and equitable contract be obtained from the Crookston Water Works Power & Light Company, for the water and light furnished to the city.

We believing that they are competent, willing and will use their best efforts to carry out the principles of the Citizens' party as above set forth. We hereby ratify and confirm the nominations made at a convention of delegates of said party held at the city hall in Crookston, Minnesota, March 22d 1892, as follows:

For Mayor, William Anglim, for Alderman at Large, A. K. Austin; clerk, E. C. Carruth; treasurer, L. C. Couvrette; assessor, W. F. Arnold; constables, H. N. Tweten and Henry Shepard. Dated at Crookston, Minnesota this 24th day of March, 1892.

JOHN R. MCKINNON, Chairman.
W. E. MCKENZIE, Secretary.

For Sale.

Two new milch cows and two soon to be. Inquire at this office.

The Democrats were caucussing and conven.ing in the city last week. The convention resulted in electing as delegates to the Democratic State Convention: Wm. Anglim, A. C. Schmidt, Sam Rosenthal, W. D. Kelley, P. G. Falardeau, Joseph Smith and T. A. Dunlava, instructed to work for a Cleveland delegation to Chicago and to try to send Mayor Alex. McKinnon as one of such delegates.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of Eight and 25-100 dollars ($8.25) which became due on the first day of December, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward L. Haven, an unmarried man, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the 11th day of July, A. D. 1888, which mortgage, together with the power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 16th day of July, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock and 45 minutes a. m. in Book 36 of Mortgages on pages 329 and 330.

It is provided in said mortgage that if said mortgagor shall fail to pay any part of the sum of money thereby secured at the time and in the manner specified in said mortgage, then upon such default, the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, may at the option of the mortgagee be declared due and payable, and the said John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, who is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured, has elected and does hereby elect and declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirty-five and 84-100 dollars ($35.84) and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Wherefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section number ten (10) in Township number one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., this 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

JOHN MILTON OLIVER, Mortgagee.
C. M. HERTIG, Attorney for Mortgagee. [50-4]

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of ten and 50-100 dollars ($10.50) which became due on the first day of October, A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Isaie Normandin and Philomene Normandin, his wife, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the first day of October A. D. 1888, which mortgage together with the power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the first day of October, A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock and 10 minutes p. m., in book [illegible] of mortgages on pages 112 and 113.

It is provided in said mortgage that if said mortgagors shall fail to pay any part of the sum of money thereby secured at the time and in the manner specified in said mortgage, then upon such default the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, may at the option of the mortgagee be declared due and payable, and the said John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, who is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured, has elected and does hereby elect and declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of forty-one and 70-100 dollars ($41.70) and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Wherefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-five (25) in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north of Range forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and taxes if any on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., this 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

JOHN MILTON OLIVER, Mortgagee.
C. M. HERTIG, Attorney for Mortgagee. [illegible]

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'——The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls

AT

Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

IS

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 21st, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Lars J. Hagen, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Ludvig Olson and Ole Nelson of said County,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston on Monday the twenty-sixth day of September, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof, be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demand shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892.

By the Court,
C. M. BENSON,
(49-51) Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of Twelve and 50-100 dollars ($12.50), which became due on the first day of December, 1890, and in the payment of a like and final sum, which became due on the first day of December, 1891, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John H. Lien and Ragnhild Lien, his wife, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1888, which mortgage, together with a power of sale contained therein, was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 8 o'clock and 10 minutes a. m., in Book 49 of mortgages, on pages 497, 498, and 499, which said sums with interest thereon respectively at ten per cent. per annum from the first day of December, 1890, and the 1st day of December, 1891, are the whole sum secured by said mortgage and remaining unpaid.

John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured, and the amount claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice is twenty seven dollars ($27.90), and no action or proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Wherefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section number twenty-two (22) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north, of Range number forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892, at 11 o'clock of the forenoon of that day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and taxes if any on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., this 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

JOHN MILTON OLIVER, Mortgagee.
C. M. HERTIG, Attorney for Mortgagee. [50-4]

[illegible]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 22, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Francias Belland, Jr., deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Olive Belland of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, on Monday, the Fifth day of September, A. D. 1892, at 10 a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston the 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

By the Court,
C. M. BENSON,
(49-51) Judge of Probate.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Nils S. Nilson and Cecilia S. Nilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 10:45 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 455; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1889, $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1889, $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1890, and $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1890, $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1891, and $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable, at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof, upon the premises in said mortgage described upon which there is default, the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred twenty-one and 71-100 ($821.71) Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the north-east quarter (ne¼) and the west half (w½) of south-east quarter (se¼) of Section two (2) Township one hundred and forty-seven (147) Range forty (40), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, all of said premises situated and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Polk County at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the [illegible] day of May, A. D. 1892, at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as by law provided.

Dated March [illegible], A. D. 1892.

NORTHWESTERN GUARANTY LOAN COMPANY, Mortgagee.
[illegible] HOUGHTON, Attorney. [50-4]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk, } ss.

The State of Minnesota, to George Herbet, defendant:

You are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said county, on the 31st day of March, 1892, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at my office in the city of Crookston in said county, to answer to Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor in a civil action. Should you fail to appear at the time and place aforesaid, judgment will be rendered against you upon the evidence adduced by said Nathan P. Stone and D. N. Taylor, co-partners as Stone & Taylor for such sum as they shall show themselves entitled to.

Given under my hand this 27th day of February, 1892.

C. S. SPENDLEY,
[46-49] Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk. } ss.

Notice is hereby given that at a Special Term of the Probate Court, to be held in and for the County of Polk, on Friday the First day of April, A. D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, in said County, the following matter will be heard and considered:

The verified petition of James H. Lee for the appointment of a guardian for Walter C. Lee, of said county, now at the Hospital of Insane at Fergus Falls in said State, alleged to be insane and mentally incompetent to have the charge and management of his property.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., the Sixteenth day of March, A. D. 1892.

By order of the Court: C. M. BENSON,
[48-50] Judge of Probate.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Crookston, Minn., Feb. 15th, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office at Crookston, Minn., on May 10th, 1892, viz: TOM SANDEM, Hd. 12411, for the sw¼ Sec. 26, Tp. 147, R. 47. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Gustav Christianson, Gitle Stromstad, Olaus Anderson, Bernt Bentson, all of Edna P.O., Polk Co., Minn.

[44-49] HUGH THOMPSON, Register.

Notice of Sale Under Decree.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. District Court, 14th Judicial District.

Karl Sletten, Plaintiff, vs. Carl Ulsteen and Julie Ulsteen, Defendants.

In pursuance to a judgment and decree of the Court in the above entitled action, dated February 1st 1892, a certified copy of which has been delivered to me with instructions to enforce the same, I, the undersigned sheriff of Polk County, Minnesota, shall expose for sale, as the law directs, at the front door of the District Court House in the City of Crookston, in the County of Polk, on Friday the 8th day of April, A. D. 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, the real estate and premises described in said judgment and decree, to wit: The south-west quarter of the north-west quarter of section twenty (20), township one hundred and fifty-three (153), range forty-three (43) in the County of Polk, Minnesota, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment, together with the costs and expenses of such sale.

Dated February 5th, 1892.

ARNY GRUNDYSEN,
Sheriff of Polk County.
H. STEENERSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Crookston, Minn. [43-49]

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner.

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted. We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

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Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,500

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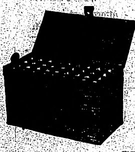
Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

Farmers' Egg Cases.



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And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

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I. O. O. F. BUILDING. Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS---$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 7, 1892. NO. 51.

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents. If paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
¼ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

Moorhead Weekly News:—Mr. A. A. White returned from Duluth this morning to which city he went to investigate the mining boom. Mr. White has secured 16 leases covering about 1800 acres in the Messabi range. The leases run for one year, at the expiration of which the lessee can secure a 50-year contract on payment of $100 and 25 cents per ton for the ore that is mined from each tract. The point of richest development in the range is about 50 miles almost due north of Duluth. Parties going there take the railroad going to Tower and go by wagon from Messabi station. The country is in a bad condition to travel over, of course. Mr. White states that some of the companies that have been organized have merit and others havn't much. Money will be lost as well as made in this mineral boom, but the state will reap rich revenues.

FARMERS ARE IN IT

Cass County Tillers of the Soil Join the Farmers' Protective Elevator Company.

THEY WILL HANDLE THEIR OWN WHEAT BY MEANS OF COMPANY ELEVATORS AND AGENTS.

Fargo Weekly Argus.

Last year a number of farmers about Grand Forks organized themselves into a body known as the Red River Valley anti-monopoly protective association and from that body has grown the Northwestern Farmers Protective Elevator company, a meeting for the organization of which in Cass county was held in the rooms of the Gimle society on Front steet yesterday afternoon with the Hon. Henry Peterson in the chair.

It was a crowded room which Thomas Ulven of Grand Forks, general secretary and organizer of the company, rose to address on the aims and objects of the company. In brief his remarks are as follows:

The purpose for which this association is formed is by its own selected agents at Duluth to look after the interest of the farmers by sale, shipping and storage of thear wheat and other farm products.

To be elgible to membership a person must own or run a farm and pay a membership fee of three dollars.

The members of the association are divided into five districts, each represented by a delegate, who has to look after the business of the association in his respective district and meet with the directors at the semi-annual meeting of the association, at which a general business manager will be elected. The manager has to sell the wheat at the best posible advantage, carefully inspect weight and grade, order cars if asked to do so by a member and if the railroad companies do not furnish cars acordsng to law, he will notify the board of directors of such refusal or neglect. He has the right to hire the necessary help and together with the president he must try to protect the individual members.

The association shall not buy wheat or other produce, but only sell under instruction owner, and the order for payment must be made out in the name of the owner himself.

To cover expenses of the association, 1 cent per bushel of grain sold goes into its treasury.

At every general meeting, commitees are appointed to formulate the diferent questions that will come up for action, nominate officers and also discuss the plan for building an elevator at Duluth at some time in the near future.

The officers of the association must not create debt without such action having been taken at the previous general meeting.

Postal cards giving the market price must be sent to the different stations as often as thought necessary.

The agents at Duluth or any other place must not handle the wheat or farm product of others than members; a penalty shall be prescribed for the violation this rule. Members are also subject to penalty for sending other than their own products.

The members tributaty to the different railroad stations may take such action as they find necessary among themselves, elect their own district officers, fix a place for displaying their quotation card and see that representatives attend the general meeting without any expense to the association.

When elevators are erected the surrounding members are themselves responsible for such agents as they may employ to receive and ship their products.

It is the duty of every member to work for the prosperity and progress of the association, and every member has at any time the right to inspect the books of the officers. When a member ships wheat to the agents of the association he must notify such agent of the quality of such wheat.

One leading object to be secured by the association will be to secure the shipment of the pure No. 1 hard wheat, without any opportunity of mixing it, directly to the English market and by thus establishing their grades there secure the highest market prices, amounting in many instances to quite a percentage over that of the mixed wheat usually shipped there. Many of the members of the association have large farms with extensive tracts of grain, and it is claimed that the association will probably be able to control three to five million bushels a year. The association has one receiving elevator at Ada, Minn., and is building another at Perley. It is probable several more will be erected this year at leading shipping points.

A lengthy discussion in which all of those present took part then ensued. When each had had his say Hon. Smith Stimmel moved that it was the sense of the meeting to approve of the scheme for the organization of Farmer's Protective Elevator association, which motion was unanimously carred. Secretary Ulven here produced the stock subscription sheets and obtained signatures for fifty-eight shares of stock amounting to $1,450. Chairman Peterson will appoint a committee of one in each township to solicit subscription to the stock.

The Cordage Trust's Rival.

The Belfast Cordage Company Preparing to Enter the Field.

Minneapolis Journal.

New York, March 25.—It will not be the fault of the Belfast Cordage Company, a concern that introduced itself into this country less that two months ago, if the back of the cordage trust is not broken before many months, and the farmers of the country enabled to indulge in a jubilee. It is currently reported in circles that are supposed to know, that the Irish concern, which is one of the biggest cordage houses in the world, is making arrangements to bring to this country several entire steamer loads of binding twine, and that negotiations have been all but completed for the lease of several "trans" steamers for this purpose. If this intention is carried out there will be fun in binding twine circles, and the Belfast house is not likely to get the worst of it.

The intentions of the cordage trust toward the trade continue to be a mystery. A month ago it was given out that prices would be fixed this week, but it is now stated that nothing will be done in that diretion for at least another month. Meanwhile the warehouses of jobbers and dealers throughout the country are empty, and are absolutely unable to make any contracts or sales for future delivery, and a small army of traveling salesman employed by the trust is drawing its salary and taking life easy, while the farmers are on the ragged edge of uncertainty and unable to make even a guess of what a day may bring forth. It is said that this dilatory tactics of the trust are due to the fact that they are about completing negotiations for taking in the only three houses of any account that are still outside their ropes, and that when this is accomplished a price will be fixed for binding twine for the coming season that will make the hair of the farmers stand on end and disturb their sleep.

Pope Leo XIII has written a letter strongly commending the Exposition which it is believed will have a most favorable effect in stimulating interest in the Fair on the part of all Catholic countries and communities.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

(Special Correspondence).

WASHINGTON, D. C. March 26th 1892.

The Democratic majority in this congress avowedly set out with the intention of making a record of so-called economy for political effect, and with the prince of Cheese-parers, Holman, at the head of the appropriations committee it was reasonable to suppose that some success in that direction would be attained. But it is now apparent that the only reduction accomplished will be at the expense of the public service, and of our Naval growth. In the Sundry Civil Bill as reported to the house, Mr. Holman has lessened the aggregate over that of last year by cutting off a few clarks, and scrubwomen here and there, and by striking out most of the appropriations for public buildings. But this narrow policy is not real economy. In all places where public buildings are projected the Government is renting more or less unsuitable quarters at a very high price. Right here in Washington Government bureaus are distributed arouno in various private buildings and parts of buildings at an annual rental which is mighty big interest on the amount required to erect suitable quarters for all those growing department. But this is the democratic idea of economy and good business management. It has the outward appearance of saving a few dollars and expected to do service for campaign effect.

The only other place in which the appropriations are likely to be perceptibly reduced is in the provisions for continuing work on our new Navy and and coast defenses. It may not be many months before democratic shortsightedness in this respect is brought home to the country with terrible effect. If war with Great Britain should result from the present differences over the tendency of Canadian poachers to steal our seals, our commerce and seaport cities would be almost entirely at the mercy of English gunboats. During the past six years we have made a fair beginning towards the building up of a navy corresponding with our importance among the nations of the earth, but it is only a beginning. Our navy is still much weaker than that of any other great power, and wolud have barely overtopped that of little Chili had a conflict occurred. As against the British Navy ours is "not in it." Under such circumstances it requires a good deal of courage to twist the lion's tail in the manner President Harrison has done. Had we such Coast Defenses and such a navy as we ought to have, Lord Salisbury and all the rest of them would be exceedingly cautious how they tread on our coat tail. One or two hundred millions expended in such equipment would be well invested if they saved the country from a single war. It is much easier to spunk up and show your spirit when you are conscious of abundant strength, and the other big boys are less likely to interfere with you when they know they are pretty sure to get the worst of it.

Speaking of war, great prepartions are being made for the Grand Army of the Republic Encampment here next September. It will undoubtedly be the greatest reunion in the history of that organization. President Harrison in a message to congress recommending an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars towards the expenses of entertainment, etc. says, "The event is one of nationel interest, and the attendance of surviving Union soldiers will probably be larger than at any encampment that has ever been held. The parade of the survivors of our great armies on Pensylvania Avenue will bring vividly back those joyful and momentous days when the great armies of the East and West marched through the streets of Washington, in high parade, and were received by our citizens with joyful acclaim." General Palmer, Commander in Chief, said recently that he found on a tour through several states great enthusiasm and other indications of an outpouring of the masses such as has never taken place since the grand review of 1865. The correspondence of the committee of Arrangements is exceedingly voluminous, and their headquarters a busy plece.

The Board of Lady Managers is making arrangments for an extensive exhibit showing woman's share in the illustration of books, in engraivng and other forms of picture production. During her recent visit to New York Mrs. Palmer consulted with a number of publishers and received considerable assistance from them. A list of distinguished woman illustrataors was secured and plans set on foot to obtain old volume and manuscripts illustrated by woman together with historical data concerning woman's share in this line of work from ancient time down to the present.

The "San Francisco Women's California Book Exhibit for the World's Fair," is the name of a society recently organized in San Francisco. The object of the socity is to collect a complete library of books by California writers, files of papers, scrapbook scattered papers and sketches worthy of preservation. These will be taken to Chicago and exhibited during the Fair. After the Exposition the collection will be given to the Golden Gate Pard Museum.

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We show a Larger Variety of Novelties than ever before.

Our stock includes all the Leading Novelties of the Season, and many Styles that cannot be found Elsewhere in the Northwest.

WE INVITE YOU TO COME & SEE For yourselves and be convinced.

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CROOKSTON, MINN.

Farming for Health.

May be very fine, and you will no doubt grow strong and be happy with nothing but a hoe, a back number plow and a shot gun seeder. But if you are

Farming for Wealth

You should have the latest and best tool on the market. For instance you want first a DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL, and as you probably did not get your plowing all done last fall you also want a Grand Detour Plow, a Little Yankee or Scandia Gang. We have them to sell and would liketo show you their merits.

——OUR TIME AGAINST YOURS.——

There are several other things you ought to have but you must have these now soon. We have a nice line of Harrows that we are selling cheap; also Wagons, Buggies, Engines, Threshers, Etc., Etc.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co.,
OPERA BLOCK, CROOKSTON, MINN.

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A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent, payable annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and those prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.

1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land; 80 acres; 1½ story frame house, 18x24, log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary 18x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21, and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,860.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 18, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 48. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14, and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections, ranging in price from $3.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address

A. HUMPHREYS,
Loan and Trust Building,
Minneapolis.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,
ONE-HALF BLOCK FROM DEPOT.
WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations. Farmers custom speciallyinvited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

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CROOKSTON
LOAN AGENCY
STILL ON DECK.

MONEY On Real Estaee
MONEY On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,
Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

P. J. RUSSELL,
Attorney-t-Law
CROOKSTON, MINN.
Next to Merchants' Bank.

KOPS BRO'S
105 Third Street,
GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS, ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS., KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000 on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guanteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS. Grand Forks, N. D.

A. H. DUNLAP, M. D.
Graduate McGill University, Montreal.
LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, QUEBEC.
Office in McKinnon Block.

NEW FEED MILL
CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers ot Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,
CROOKSTON
CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston

Schmidt, the Painter,
——CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF——
PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.
—ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF—
☞ WALL PAPER. ☜
Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.
Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,
THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER
FOR BARGAINS.

Work Horses - - - & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN,

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later, if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes, find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than and dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,
Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building.

M. LeGUEE.
Veterinary Surgeon.
Residence and office on Jerome's Addition.
CROOKSTON, MINN

Drunkenness CURED.

THE Moorhead Institute

Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the

DRINK and OPIUM HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE FLOUR
From Selected Red River Wheat.

FLOUR REDUCED.

Best......$2.40 per 98 lbs.
North Star......2.25 " "
Fife......2.00 " "
Skip Jack......1.00 " "
Bran......11.00 " ton.
Shorts......12.00 " "

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS
(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)
REAL ESTATE.
Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET.—
CROOKSTON, MINN

JOHN CROMB
Attorney-at-Law,
SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Polk County Journal.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY
Crookston, April 7, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1	Hard	64.
	1 Northern	63.
	2 Northern	57.
	3 Northern	53.

Wheat is up one cent this week.

A. A. Miller has gone to Chicago.

See Charlie Vine for choice meats of all kinds.

Knute Opheim was up from Fertile on Tuesday.

Dave Hatlestad has returned from his Iowa trip.

O. J. Barnes has gone east for business and pleasure.

Miss Celeste Cronkhite goes to Marshall County to teach.

Quite a snow-storm on Sunday night and Monday morning.

A. G. Gallasch was up from St. Paul on business on Monday.

The Red River is reported to be banks full and slopping over at Grand Forks.

Charley Vine is kept as busy as a bee cutting up meats to supply his increasing trade.

E. M. Stanton returned from Wisconsin on Wednesday morning to find that he is the father of a fine boy.

Dr. Watson and Frank E. Hunt came down from Red Lake Falls to attend the Republican convention on Tuesday.

Last Sunday Rev. H. F. McDonald, the new Baptist pastor, was greeted with large audiences. Hereafter there will be morning and evening service each Sunday.

"Do you know" that J. W. Wheeler has money to loan at reasonable rates and no long waits for the money to come from some place? He has it on hand ready for delivery as soon as the papers are made out.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs has secured the services of an accomplished and artistic trimmer from Chicago, and invites our lady readers to call. Opening day tomorrow, from 2 till 10 p. m.

We go to press too early to give the figures in Tuesday,s election. The ticket, made in the good old-fashioned way, where everybody had an equal voice in making it, won by good majorities.

R. A. Wilkinson came down from Hallock on Tuesday evening and went down to Fertile, on route for Red Lake Falls to arrange for right of way through that city. He says that the Pelican Rapids branch will be completed to Red Lake Falls this summer.

Will Carr, whose illness was noted in these columns last week, died on Monday afternoon and his remains were sent to St. Catherines, his birthplace, for burial. He was 19 years old and a general favorite with all who knew him. He leaves a father, mother and one sister (Mrs. Charles Vine) to mourn his death.

Mr. E. Winslow, of Liberty, gave The Journal a pleasant call on Monday. Says he has plowed about 12 acres this spring. He left with us a notice in relation to the disappearance of two ponies from his place last week. One of the ponies, the one marked like a circus pony, used to be owned by John Baumann of this city.

A week or so since the Norman County Herald thought it had a huge joke on The Journal, but in its last issue perpetrates one on itself that might be serious if followed up. We would advise the Herald man to read the postal laws more carefully in relation to what constitutes a supplement to a newspaper.

The services at the Congregational church next Sabbath on time at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Mr. Battey will speak in the morning on "After the Election—What?" and in the evening the subject will be "Do You Mean It?" A cordial invitation to the city officers and all citizens to attend the morning service. All strangers welcome. Young people come to the evening service.

A meeting of the women of Polk County will be held at the Reading Room in Crookston, Friday, April 15th 1892, at 7:30 p.m., for the purpose of forming an organization to be called The Polk County Woman's Auxiliary to the World's Fair. All its women are urgently invited to attend. By order of the 7th District committee—(Signed) Chrissie C. Stephens, Crookston, March 31st 1892.

M. R. Brown supposed when he arrived with that last lot of horses that he had the demand pretty well supplied, but such did not prove to be the case for they were all sold off in a few days and back he went to Iowa for another load which will be here this week. One secret of it is that Brown will not bring up anything that does not suit his fancy and Brown is a good judge of horse-flesh. Be sure to see what Brown has before you buy.

MRS. E. E. BANGS

Will have her millinery opening on Friday, April 8th, from 2 p. m. to 10 p.m. She will have all the novelties in millinery on exhibition. The ladies of Crookston and vicinity are cordially invited to call.

Mrs. E. E. Bangs,
No. 9, Second street, Crookston.

Crookston Honored.

The Democratic convention at St. Paul last week paid Crookston the compliment of selecting her mayor, Alexander McKinnon, as a delegate to the Chicago convention.

The millinery firm of Veronneau & Adams, on Second street, advertise their opening days on Thursday and Friday of this week. Miss Veronneau has recently returned from Chicago where she selected an entirely new stock of all the latest styles and oh, such elegant ribbons and flowers as she did get sets the average female heart in a flutter of delight. She also spent some time posting up on the latest styles and our lady readers may rest assured of securing as neat and complete a hat as she could in Chicago. Call and see.

The Republican convention met pursuant to call on Tuesday at 1 o'clock. Owing to the storm none of the delegates from the west side were present and few from the east.

The following delegates were elected to attend the congressional convention at Morris on Wednesday, May 4th: Hugh Thompson, E. O. Flanders, S. S. Stadsvold, Frank E. Hunt, Ole Dahl, A. N. Hixon, T. G. Thompson, Geo. H. Palmer and E. P. Pierce; and to the State convention on May 5th: R. J. Montague, H. L. Falk, O. Osmondson, Norman Hanson, J. D. Marshall, Ole Lukkasson, Frank Hawkins, A. A. Miller and I. O. Hillestad. The following resolution was reported by the committee on resolutions:

We, the Republican Party of Polk County, Minnesota, in convention, assembled at Crookston this 5th day of April, 1892, do hereby affirm our faith in the principles of the Republican Party, as enunciated by its National Platform.

We heartily endorse the able, patriotic and conservative administration of President Harrison and firmly believe that the interests of the Republic as also the interests of the Republican Party would be well subserved by his re-election.

We especially commend the department of state for its dignified, able and thoroughly American management of our foreign affairs.

We believe in using silver as a medium of exchange to the limit of financial safty, but oppose its free and unlimited coinage.

We favor the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

We deprecate all class legislation as dangerous in precedent and contrary to the spirit of our Republican institutions and believe that the best interests of the agricultural as of all other classes will be best subserved by the Republican party.

R. J. Montague,
Chairman.
E. D. Childs,
Secretary.

C. O. Christianson attended a meeting of the Republican League in Minneapolis last week and reports a big attendance. One evening while sitting in the rotunda at the West his attention was attracted to a group of gentlemen who were discussing the McKinley bill and the remarks of one in particular struck him, as the gentleman appeared to be a foreigner and he was telling the others the good effects the bill would have in compelling capital from the old country to seek American shores for investment. Said he: "Our company will make an exhibit at the World's Fair and will then put in a plant here at a cost of at least a half million and this may result in the establishment of half a dozen more. I tell you, you Americans do not seem to half appreciate the full significance of that bill, but I firmly believe that ere long you will see it." Speaking of cigarette making a gentleman asked him how he could figure out that cigarettes could be manufactured here, where labor is high, to compete with those made in the old country when labor is cheap? "well," said he, "you know that girls are employed in that business and in our country a girl gets very little wages and is not expected to do very much and she does not. Why, it is a fact that I have noticed frequently that one girl in a factory here will actually accomplish as much work in a day as ten girls will in the old country factories and the wages of the girl in your factory is only about double that of the old country factory girl and there is a proportionate difference in other branches of the business in your favor." After the conversation broke up and the gentlemen moved off Christianson asked one of them who that gentleman was, who spoke so highly of the McKinley bill and was told that he was a Turk, a representative of large manufacturing interests in his country. So it would seem that if the average American can see no good to him in the McKinley bill that foreigners can. Besides discussing the McKinley bill the gentlemen also spoke of the probable nominee for president, when the gentleman from Turkey said: "I was talking not long since with one of the most noted men in Paris and he said, 'There are living to-day only five great statesmen and at their head stands James G. Blaine, of Maine, U. S. A.,' and gentlemen, I believe the old Parisian was right about that."

Charlie Vine is not doing any bragging but he is just simply selling the choicest cuts in the market. Try him.

Help Wanted.

Wanted—A live, energetic man to handle an agency in Crookston for The Guaranty Savings and Loan Association, of Minneapolis, Minn. Address H. E. Fairchild, Sec'y, Minneapolis, Minn.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

Mentor Items.

Church building and school remonstrance have been the main topic the past week.

Strong talk at present of a new store at Mentor.

Mr. & Mrs. D. Robinson here adopted another son about 34 years of age.

Mr. E. E. Abbott, Jr., is allowed to be the best violinist in this part of the country.

"Swing 'em around" was well called on Friday night at Herman Kemp's.

The glee club gave their weekly entertainment at Mr. W. Marston's on Saturday evening. A chairman with a good programme was appointed. The leading speech on "Cousin John with his Bay Horse and White Hat" was given by Mr. Dalrymple to a laughing audience. A grand supper was given by the ladies. The music was good and sweet, but an explosion of one of the instruments caused a silence. Proceeds, $10. Mick.

Spring work will be put back by the bad storm we have been having lately, yet it did not stop the weddings that were on hand. On Thursday, March 31st, at the residence of the bride's parents by the Rev. A. G. Washington, James J. Tice to Miss Lilly Robinson. We wish the young couple all kinds of luck with plenty of this world's goods and eternal happiness in the world to come. Patsy.

Mr. Edgar Drinkwine and Miss Rose Ford were united in wedlock April 3d, 1892, at the residence of Mr. Marshall Magee, where a number of friends were assembled in honor of the event. The ceremony was performed by G. M. Swift, J. P. All present enjoyed the good things provided by the hostess. Mr. Drinkwine is one of our town boys and Miss Ford one of Crookston's ladies, engaged to teach our school for nine months, but as she has only taught six and a half months Mrs. Edgar Drinkwine will finish the term while Mr. Drinkwine is preparing their future home upon the reservation which will be opened for settlers the 15th of this month. May peace, prosperity and happiness be theirs to enjoy all their life. G. M. S.

The parties who wrote the articles in the McIntosh Times, signed "Free Grist," don't need to talk about sound judgment, although it seems to have taken those "free grists" a long time to make up their minds what to write about. We wonder where their judgment was. In the first place they say the party signed "Mentor Grip" and "Mick." We would like "Free Grist" to understand that the "Grippe" does not need any help to say what he wants to say, as is the case with "Free Grist. But we suppose you have heard the old saying, "two heads are better than one even if one of them is a sheep's head." Secondly, he says "Grippe" said he didn't know who was the biggest fool. He didn't say "fool," but if the fool's hat fits him better let him wear it. In the third place, those parties speak of strong insinuations, but if they want any names mentioned Grippe is just the boy that can do it, and that without bribing anyone. But we should think Free Grist might find a better partner for the firm than one who would tell all he knows for a cigar, as was the case not long ago. Then they talk about beer. There won't be much beer unloaded at Mentor but what Free Grist or one of the firm knows it, but Grippe would defy Free Grist or any other person to say that he ever ordered a keg of beer since he came to this part of the country, nor has he ever experienced any loss by swiping. But Free Grist seems to know more about beer than the man who makes it. When Grippe wants a drink of beer he can get it and pay for it too; he don't have to swipe it—he is not whiskey sucker enough for that yet. Would Free Grist just think whether he helped to swipe that keg of beer he spoke of last summer or was it winter they got it. The beer must have been rather stale if they kept it till summer. Mentor Grippe.

Wanted.

A situation as foreman and housekeeper by a man and his wife. Best of references given. Call at Journal office. [46-tf]

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

SOMETHING NEW ABOUT **CARPETS**

DO YOU NEED—Are you going to buy any CARPETS this summer?
DO YOU WANT to select from an assortment that is larger than any other two stocks in town?
DO YOU WANT THE LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES?
DO YOU WANT to buy a good quality 36 inch Hemp Carpet at 18c per yard?
DO YOU WANT Your CARPETS cut withou waste?
DO YOU WANT your CARPETS sewed ready to lay?
DO YOU WANT any WINDOW SHADES or WINDOW CURTAINS, Brass Rods or Brass Fixtures, Wood Poles or Wood Fixtures?

—AND ABOVE ALL—

DO YOU WANT to pay less than you can buy inferior goods for elsewhere?

THEN—CALL—ON—US.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,
Leaders in Low Prices on Quality.

Wanted.

Reliable young man for office work. Must furnish good reference and $200 cash capital. Salary $65 per month. Address, "Manager," 742 Boston Block, Minneapolis, Minn.

ESTRAY.

Left my place in the town of Liberty, on Tuesday, March 29th, one white pony gelding weighing about 900, with red spots (looks like a circus horse) and one bay pony gelding, with white star in forehead, weighs about 700 pounds. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the ponies to E. Winslow, or address me at Fertile post office.

[51-1] E. Winslow.

Farm to Rent!

A fine farm of 480 acres about three miles from city, from 275 to 300 acres for crop, will rent with teams and machinery if desired. This is a good opportunity for a young man to make a start in farming business or for a man and wife. Will not rent to a man with large family as owner intends to occupy part of the house. For particulars call at Journal office. [59-52]

A Noted Battlefield.

Take up your atlas and find Paducah Kentucky. At this point the Ohio is joined by the Tennessee River. Follow this stream southward—and it is directly south—across the state of Kentucky and Tennessee. You note on the way, instead of towns the names of numerous "landing." Hardin is the last county before you reach the southern boundary of Tennessee. In the western part of this county you note "Pittsburg landing." A little further southwest "Shilohville." Both places are now in country solitude, but thirty years ago day before yesterday, there were more than two hundred thousand men there engaged in a desperate battle that raged for two days with varying fortunes. You pass men on the street who had for reveille the rebel yell, as the confeds charged down in the morning, men who lay that night under the river bank at the "landing," and men who marched with Buell to reinforce Grant's army. Get them to tell you the story, and then go on a trip to the field, taking The Burlington from St. Paul or Minneapolis. For tickets, rates and information, address W. J. C. Kenyon, St. Paul, Minn., Gen. Pass. Agent.

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

320 ACRES in Angus Township, 255 acres cultivated, 50 acres pasture, fenced, good farm buildings, 110 acres ready for seeding, 4 horses and harnesses, 2 wagons, 2 seeders, binder, gang plow, seeders, etc, all for $5,000, part cash, balance on easy terms.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for marke garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, 60 acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mile from school. A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 80 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1.000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 180 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2.500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,350 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses andg harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gan plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full set Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $3,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Next week The Journal completes the 15th year. It is one of the few papers in the State, and the only paper in Northern Minnesota that has continued from the initial number until the completion of its 15th year under the same management. The past is passed and we cannot improve on that and while we have striven to make The Journal an ever welcome visitor to your homes we have not always had the facilities at hand to make it all we could wish, still, as we close the book on volume 15 it is with a feeling of pride that we look at the list of names of those who are constant readers of The Journal, and it is with a feeling of satisfaction that we review the year's business when we note the fact that that business has placed in our hands almost enough to pay for the contemplated improvements. As an earnest of what these improvements will be we mention the fact that we have negotiated for one of the latest improved styles of the Potter press, costing $1700, a gasoline engine costing $350, a power cutter, $180, and type and material enough to bring the whole amount up pretty close to $3,000. We have not taken in all that money yet, but if all who have promised to do so pay us when they agreed we shall come pretty near starting up the new outfit out of debt. We have also under contemplation other changes that will be to the benefit of our patrons of which we will speak later. Meanwhile we are putting in every minute there is in getting the new outfit ready for business. Though we have been delayed by the weather we still hope to be able to start the new volume on the new press and with the new type.

A Card.

Readers of The Journal and all others who read The Message for March saw a 12-page paper full of live thoughts for thinking people. The April number of The Message was mailed on April 2d. Here is a little "bill of fare" which we will in the April number present to our kind friends and hungry readers:

1st PAGE.

Editorial paragraphs on Our Aim, Ruling Children, the Christian Spirit, Country Sunday Schools, Class Exhibition on Sunday, Drones in Churches, Words to Young Women, etc., etc.; also an original poem by a young lady of Crookston, and a life lesson on Going Across Lots.

2nd PAGE.

Under The School Workers, words of the editor about System, How to Measure Pupils' Attainments, Aim in Teaching, Power of the Teacher's Example, Thoroughness, Gentleness, That Bad Boy, etc. Also, If I Were a Boy Again, Woman's Dangerous Age, and, Hope for the Indian.

3rd PAGE.

Poem, How Long, O Lord! by Dr. McArthur. In prose—Samples Demanded, Why Do You Do It? Speckled Chickens, The Higher Criticism as Explained by Itself, and numerous other things full of best thought and entertainment.

4th PAGE.

Devoted to The Home, a poem on I Will Not Doubt Thee. Prose articles on 12 thrilling short subjects, among which is one by Canon Farrar on Woman.

5th PAGE.

Sorrow's soliloquy, a poem; I Am vs. I Have Been, by an aged minister, and Gems of Thought, being single sentences by eminent authors.

6th PAGE.

Editorial, and a quiver full of loca arrows gaming for advertisers.

7th PAGE.

Church page—Calendars of about 20 churches of 8 different creeds. Also items of last month and plans for April in these various churches.

8th PAGE.

More personal responsibility, by a layman of the Baptist church, Crookston; A Girl's Sphere—the first of a series of articles about young people by the editor; and how the Ladies' Home Journal educates girls free at Vassar college.

9th PAGE.

Young People's page, very aptly opens with Questions, in poem.

"Can you put the spider's web back in its place,
that once has been swept away?
Can you put the apple again on the bough,
which fell at your feet to-day?" Etc.

10th PAGE.

The Deacon's Sermon, Does Alcohol Warm Us, and other practical articles on temperance. Real weapons these are for earnest temperance thinkers and workers.

11th PAGE.

Christian Endeavor, a perfect drama of the good works and vigorous labors of these Endeavorers and Epworth League workers all over the city and country.

12th PAGE.

Contains some new advertisements which help to make it attractive to The Message for April.

Please do not put the sample copy sent you back in the post office. Read it and subscribe before April 10th for 50 cts. a year. After April 10th, 75 cts. to all except in clubs.

R. H. Battey, Editor.

Try Charlie Vine's meat market once. He will make it an object for you to call and leave an order.

Ship your wheat to O. Tharaldson general agent of the Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association, at Duluth, and make from 4 to 7 cents a bushel. For further particulars as to membership, &c., inquire of L. K. Hassel, Grand Forks, N. D. [25-tf]

Always on hand, anything you want in the line of choice fresh meats, at Charlie Vine's.

Good Farm For Sale.

The S W ¼ Sec. 24, Town 149, R. 48, about 10 miles from Crookston and 8 miles from Fisher; 60 acres broke, with a creek running through the place giving a good supply of water all the year round; no building on the place.

Apply for the information and price, Grand Forks, box 282, N. Dakota. [48-51]

Marshall County Leader:—THE POLK COUNTY JOURNAL is putting in a big new press and other things that evidence the growing prosperity of that valuable Red River paper.

St. Paul News:—The Lanesboro Journal says the political deal mapped out by Gov. Merriam, Knute Nelson Jim Hill and others will result in the defeat of the party if it is allowed to be consummated in the convention. In contemplation of the scheme, the Journal thus soliloquizes. "Oh, ye gods, what cheek! They think it is a presidential year, and that their money bags will carry them though. The people may as well open their eyes; they will have to fight this unholy combination, and may it receive the black eye it deserves.

Douglas County Sentinel:—"It will do the big Twin City political bosses no good to undertake to defeat the will of the people by sharp wire-pulling this year. they will only set up pins to be knocked down by those who are getting tired of such practices. Merriam, Davis and Washburn have served the state of Minnesota with credit to themselves and the people, but they, or their henchmen, have no cinch on the state or on the people. This fact will be demonstrated if they undertake to run things contrary to the expressed wish of the large majority of the republican voters of this state."

Euclid Items.

Frost is out deep enough for plowing but the land is too wet to commence operations yet.

Fred Tiedt tells a good joke which happened to himself some time since while doing business in Angus. A young farmer with a skittish horse drove up to the railway crossing and tried to cross, but the horse would not venture onto the track but kept dancing around in a frightful manner. So Fred, like the gallant young gentleman that he is, quickly approached the couple and offered his assistance to the lady which was gladly accepted. The lady wished to take the train and handed Fred her satchel and a small bundle done up in a shawl which Fred put under his arm and carried to the depot. When the lady ascended the platform of the coach she told Fred in a jovial voice to toss up the bundle, which he hastily did. There was a shriek from the lady, a frozen circle round the heart of the gentleman and an infant landed safely in the arms of its mother.

The first wedding wholly in the city of Euclid occurred here last Wednesday evening. Mr. George A. Nelson and Miss Nellie Losey were joined in holy wedlock by the bride's venerable father who officiated as justice of the peace. Among the wedding guests were Mr. Albert Losey, of the Crookston post-office, and deputy sheriff Marvin Losey, also of Crookston. The house was crowded with the friends of the happy couple and they spent an enjoyable which was none the less enjoyable on account of the shivaree, which was all very well with the exception of the mud-throwing which was participated in by a few insignificant small boys. The presents were valuable and also numerous and all may be immediately put to use. At 12 o'clock the company broke up, and after wishing the bride and groom a long and happy life, departed, leaving the young couple to begin life's journey together. George is a thoroughly good business man and has done away with the old-time practice of taking a bridal tour; he will move out in the country shortly and make an honorable farmer of himself.

Mr. Van Pelt, representing C. Gotzain's noted wholesale boot and shoe establishment of St. Paul, was doing business in town last week.

Several farmers attempted threshing but gave it up as a bad job until after seeding.

Mr. M. Davis has recovered from his la grippe and made a business trip to Crookston Thursday.

P. Fairweather made a trip to Crookston last week.

The town has received a carload of lumber for building bridges and repairing culverts.

A missionary tea was held at the residence of E. B. Ballues last Thursday evening. An enjoyable time was reported.

A five minutes look through a telescope north or south of the Great Northern depot will convince anyone that the hobo season has indeed arrived.

Difficulties have arisen between the teacher and pupils of late. This thing ought to be looked into. Let us have difficulties in any other place but in the school.

A very welcome letter was received from Walmar Sture, Crookston. All right, Walmar, Will respond pretty soon.

Paul Oseldinger intends to erect big barn soon.

Julius Berg is going to take in a herd again this summer.

E. Taylor & Co. and F. Tiedt are about neck and neck with each other in the merchant business.

It is not generally known that the Misner boys can sell you things which is not included in the stock that they carry.

Ed. Murney is always busy with the hammer and tongs.

Chris Mickelar intends to move out on his farm soon.

Clide and Grace Chapin, of Crookston, came up Thursday morning to visit their friends here. FADO.

One Pure Baking Powder.

Which the Legislature and State Chemists Endorse, Dealers Sell, and Consumers Use with Impunity.

The Health authorities of Minnesota are proceeding to enforce the law against the alum baking powders sold in violation thereof. From the long list of such powders published in the official report of the State Food and Dairy Commission, it is apparent that the officers will be kept pretty busy in the future.

It is asserted that every baking powder sold in the state of Minnesota, with the exception of the "Royal," contains lime, alum or sulphuric acid. The official repots likewise show that a gross deception is practiced against consumers by the false labels placed upon some of the inferior brands of baking powders. These labels state that the powders do not contain lime, alum, etc., while the Government tests show such substances actually present in their composition. This is a very serious offence, and the prosecuting authorities will of course take cognizationce of it.

Meantime, the great army of consumers will go along complacently using the Royal Baking Powders—the old reliable, "absolutely pure"—which State Analyst Drew and the Food and Dairy Commission give evidence that they have found from official tests to be of the highest character as to purity, wholesomeness and leavening strength, and which is always sold for what it is, with out falsehood, prevarication or misstatement.

With the April number the Review of Reviews enters upon its second year. It has had an exceptional, if not an altogether unique, history. One year ago it was known only to a few discriminating readers, and its subscription list and news-stad sales required only a few thousand copies. Its edition the prsent month is 70,000 copies, and it is eagerly read in every State and Territory in the Union abd in every part of Canada. No extraordinary effort have been made to push the magazine. There has been very little canvassing done for it; no chromos have been given to its subscribers; no special inducements, such as an encyclopædia or a parlor organ thrown in as a gratuity or offered at half price, have been offered by the publishers. The magazine has grown to an enormous circulation and to commanding influence simply upon its merits. Its readers have liked it therefore recommended it to their friends. It owes not a little to the newspapers of the country, which have appreciated the journalistic enterprise and vigor and the enormous amount of hard, honest labor put into every number, and which have most heartily recommended it to their readers. While working in the closest co-operation with the English Review of Reviews, edited by Mr. W. T. Stead in London, the American Review is a distinct magazine, wholly and entirely edited, printed and published in New York, and in the fullest sence of the word as much an American periodical as Mr. Stead's London edition is an English periodical. The general aims and purposes, plans and methods, of the two magazens are identical, and each has the fullest access in advance to all the materials and illustrations prepared for the other. The American Review, being somewhat larger and higher priced, is more profusely illustrated. It has 20 or 30 more pages each month than the London edition. Its bound volumes, covering the past year, are a wonderful history of current action and thought, and a marvelous portrait gallery containing the faces of seven or eight hundred people of contemporary note, representing all parts of the world.

Trusts and Stock Exchanges.

Duluth Weekly News.

The big monopolies and trusts, such as the Standard Oil company, the Sugar Trust, the type founder's trust and others of the same class, cannot survive. The people are becoming aroused at the startling and steady advance of combinations and trusts and when the people grow united and earnest they always accomplish what they undertake. The rapid formation of public opinion that the time for action against monopoly and trust has come is a worning that will not pass unheeded by the men who control them. One of the potent influences at work now is the effect the popular movement is having upon trust certificates. That the purchasers and dealers in stocks are watching public opinion and using its expression in their business is veay evident.

The last letter of Henry Clews, on the Wall street situation says:

The monopoly issues have introduced an element of uncertainty in the stock market which calls for special caution on the part of exchange itself in admitting indiscriminately so-called securities to its list. Public opinion is becoming more and more decidedly hostile to whatever form of organization conspires to defeat free competition. Congress and the state legislatures find it necessary to respect this determined attitude of the people, and at no distant time the laws will be so framed that nowhere in this country will any form of corporation which aims to exersise the powers of a monopoly be able to exist under the ægis of the law. The attempts of the trusts to evade the penalties of their illegality by organizing under the loosest form of legalization to be found under state laws will become futile. The law will be constructed with a simple purpose of preventing the defeat of competition by monopolies, and that form of prohibition will be made to apply to any and every form of organization. Of this there can be no reasonable doubt.

With this prospect before our monopolies, what is the market status of their immense issues? Many of them are already illegal, and the others are destined to become so. When that result comes, the profits they are now making out of an excusive control of prices will disappear. It requires little foresight to discover that these issues constitute a most formidable danger in the future of the stock market. Any day, a new law or a desision of the supreme court of the United States may within twenty-four hours wipe out tens of millions of the market value of this illegitimate scrip, with consequence of the most far-reaching character.

When the stock or certificats of trusts canot be sold on the stock exchanges their promoters will go out of business.

Crookston Nurseries.

I have a New Catalogue and Card just issued, giving reduced prices of Trees, Tree Seeds and Small Fruits, for Spring planting, which will be sent free by mail to anyone making application.

FRANK T. HASELTINE,
[50-tf] Crookston, Minn.

FOR SALE.

TWO HORSES,
FIVE COWS,
TWO PIGS,
ONE BINDER,
ONE COLT.

And numerous other things, address M. M. DAVIS & SON, Euclid. [49-tf]

Wanted.

Groom, to travel with an imported Clydesdale stallion for three months beginning April 1st, 1892. None but a competent person need apply. Bring references and state wages expected. Address H. H. Cavanagh, Sec., Excel P. O., Marshall County, Minnesota. [47-50]

For Sale.

I have for sale at my farm, 6 miles northeast of Crookston, a few choice young mares ready for farm work or driving purposes. Call early for choice.

[45-tf] S. M. MCKEE.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

A. H. DUNLAP, M. D.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk,
City of Crookston, } ss.

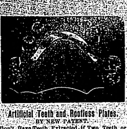
Notice is given, that applications have been made in writing to the City Council of the City of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 25th 1892, and terminating on April 24th 1893, by the following persons and at the following places as stated in said applications respectively, to-wit: Gaarder & Sundet, in the two-story frame building on the east 20 feet of lots 11 and 12 in Block 3 of Fletcher & Houston's addition to the City of Crookston.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council of the City of Crookston, at the regular meeting in the City Hall in said City of Crookston in Polk County, on Tuesday the 14th day of April 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 26th day of March A. D. 1892.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City City.

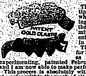
DENTISTRY



Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.



The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases. This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS,
Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-t-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 31st, 1892.)
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Jennie Kelly and Alfred D. Kelly, her husband, Mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of October, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 4:15 o'clock p. m., in book 20 of mortgages, on pages 389 to 392; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1889; $25.50 that became due April 25th 1890; $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1890; $35.50 that became due April 25th, 1891, and $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1891;

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare and hereby does declare the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained,

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: Ten hundred Nine and 60-100 ($1009.60) Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of section nineteen (19) Township one hundred forty-nine (149) Range forty-two (42), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, all of said premises situated and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1892.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for mortgagee.
[50-4] (N.G.103)

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor,

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

CALL IN.

SALE of STATE LANDS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, LAND OFFICE.
SAINT PAUL, Minn., March 24, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at Public Sale at the County Auditor's office in Crookston on May 25th 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands, in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by by reason of failure to pay inerest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale.

A. BIERMANN.
Commissioner of the State Land Office.
[52-1]

FOR PRINCIPAL POINTS IN

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE

MINNESOTA,
NORTH DAKOTA,
SOUTH DAKOTA,
MANITOBA,
MONTANA, AND
PACIFIC COAST.

TIME CARD.

MONTANA EXPRESS DAILY.

7:40 p. m. de.........St. Paul.........ar. 6:55 a. m.
7:00 a. m. de.........CROOKSTON.........de. 7:25 p. m.
8:15 a. m. de.........Grand Forks.........de. 6:20 p. m.
2:30 p. m. ar.........Helena.........de. 11:00 a. m.

ST. VINCENT BRANCH.

Daily, except Sunday.

Depart 7:30 a. m.........Arrive 6:45 p. m

FOSSTON BRANCH.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Depart 7:30 a. m.........Arrive 5:00 p. m.

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Depart 10:45 a. m.........Arrive 4:30 p. m.

W. W. FEGAN,
Agent, Crookston.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

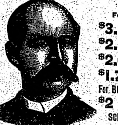
Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block } CROOKSTON, MINN.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE

For gentlemen is a fine Calf Shoe, made seamless, of the best leather produced in this country. There are no tacks or wax threads to hurt the feet, and is made as smooth inside as a hand-sewed shoe. It is as stylish, easy fitting and durable as custom-made shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00, and acknowledged to be the

Best in the World for the price.



For GENTLEMEN.
$5.00 Genuine Hand-Sewed.
$4.00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe.
$3.50 Police and Farmer.
$2.50 Extra Value Calf Shoe.
$2.25 Working-man's Shoe.
$2.00 Goodwear Shoe.

For LADIES.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed.
$2.50 Best Dongola.
$2.00 Calf and Dongola.
$1.75 For MISSES.
For BOYS' & YOUTH'S.
$2 & $1.75 SCHOOL SHOES.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.

IT IS A DUTY you owe to yourself and your family, during these hard times, to get the most value for your money. You can economize in your footwear if you purchase W. L. Douglas' Shoes, which, without question, represent a greater value for the money than any other makes.

CAUTION. W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe, which protects the consumer against high prices and inferior shoes. Beware of dealers who acknowledge the superiority of W. L. Douglas' Shoes by attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent, and subject to prosecution by law, for obtaining money under false pretences. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by Fontaine & Anglim.

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

Combination Auction Sale

A Great Combination Auction Sale

WILL BE HELD AT

GENTILLY

Near the Post Office,

On Monday, April 11th, 1892,

Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time will be exposed for sale Horses, Colts, Cows, Calves, Sheep, Poultry, Hogs, Machinery, Wagons, Buggies, Sleighs, Harnesses, Plows, Drags, Household Furniture, and A thousand and one articles too numerous to mention.

Persons Who Have Any Stock or Any Article

They wish to sell would do well to list such articles with Louis Berthiaume, at Gentilly, before the day of sale.

Terms made known on the day of sale.

LOUIS BERTHIAUME, Auctioneer

CROOKSTON

STEAM LAUNDRY

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,

Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

THE

Great Transcontinental Route

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

The Dining Car Line

Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ROUTE.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Minnesota, North Dakot and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily Express Trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE.

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables, or special information, apply to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific R. R.,
Crookston, Minn.

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, - - MINN

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW.

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

If it is a choice steak or roast you want call on Chas. Vine, Broadway & Robert.

STUDY LAW

AT HOME.

Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to J. COTNER, Jr., Sec., No. 80 Whitney Block, DETROIT, MICH.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office over Merchants' Bank,
☞ Professional calls by or day night

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED. If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.

☞ All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, April 7, 1892.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

NORTH
WEST — GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE — EAST
SOUTH

MONTANA EXPRESS—DAILY.

West		East
7:40 p m De.	St Paul	Ar. 6:55 a m
2:50 a m "	Fergus Falls	" 11:25 p m
4:47 a m "	Glyndon	" 9:36 p m
7:15 a m "	CROOKSTON	" 7:25 p m
8:40 a m "	Grand Forks	" 6:20 p m
9:45 a m "	Larimore	" 5:08 p m
12: 1 p m "	Devils Lake	" 2:55 a m
7:00 p m Ar.	Butte	De. 7:30 a m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH—Daily except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a m — Arrive 6:45 p m

FOSSTON BRANCH—Daily except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a m — Arrive 5:00 p m

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH—Monday Wed. & Friday.
Depart 10:45 a m — Arrive 5:00 p m

GRAND FORKS' ACCOMMODATION.
Arrive 9:50 a m — Depart 7:55 p m

The only road in the Northwest making connections at St. Paul and Minneapolis in Union Depots with morning trains for Chicago and South. Dining and Sleeping cars on all through trains. Tickets for sale to all principal places, and baggage checked to destination.

W. W. FAGAN, Agent.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

Maple Bay Items.

March 29th, 1892.

Wagons are rolling around in the mud at present as the roads are very bad.

Our blacksmith got a lot of plow outfits but found he was short six lays. He thinks he will find them.

Our Maple Bay stage is jogging along on wheels with the mail. Hugh says "By gum, the roads are a terror!"

Charley Stone had the misfortune to drown one of his oxen in the slough near Child's camp at Woodside. Charley says the last he saw of him was one hind foot as he disappeared beneath the ice.

We were at the Fertile mill the other day where we were very kindly treated and accepted an invitation to dine with the family of Mr. F. Sobler. This gentleman thinks he is improving and we hope to see him around amongst us once more.

If you want the best loaf of bread you ever tasted buy the Fertile roller mill straight flour and you can have it. We believe under the skilfull hand of Otto Kankel and the wheat produced in this locality that the Red River Valley cannot beat it. A gentleman said to me the other day that he had worked in the largest mill in Minnesota and they could not make such flour. On being asked why, he answered "They have not the Maple Lake country wheat to make it of."

There are a few prairie wolves about here. One of them has his careful eye on Mr. Wm. Klinger's flock of sheep.

FARMER.

Gentilly Items.

Joseph Sauve returned last week from Canada where he spent some weeks visiting friends and relatives. While there he purchased four grade Clyde mares which are as fine as your correspondent ever saw in this vicinity. He also purchased several bee hives filled with the busy workers and will try raising honey in Polk County.

This week Irael Laframboise returned bringing with him a fine imported Clyde stallion, four fine Clyde mares grades, (also the four belonging to Mr. Sauve) a thoroughbred Cottswold ram and some fine chickens and geese. He was nine days on the way owing to the strike on the C. P. R. and had a narrow escape from burning his car which caught fire one night from his lantern. Mr. L. was accompanied by a young man who will work on his farm this summer while he decides how he likes this country. He says that many are interested and would come if they could sell out there. He expects some to come later in the season to look the country over.

Our alliance met on the 24th to elect officers. Julian Sauve was elected president, C. T. Barnaas secretary and the old treasurer, O. Sauve. The question of merging our alliance into the Peoples Party was brought up for discussion and did not meet with universal approval. We are of the opinion that our interests can better be subserved by and through the old alliance which we do understand than by starting in on a new scheme which we do not understand.

FARMER.

World's Fair Notes.

Denmark has maide a World's Fair appropriation of $67,000.

A communication has been received from the British Commission asking for space to exhibit the rifle calibre gun manufactured by the Maxim-Nordenfeldt Gun company. The company wants to erect a building 80x50 feet to exhibit its guns in practice. One end of the building will be filled with sand bags, into which the projectiles of the gun will be fired. It is claimed that the arrangements are such as will insure perfect safety, and will be reproductions of a similar exhibit recently given at the Royal Naval Exposition in London. The request was referred to Chief Willard Smith of the Transportation Department, as the exhibit if allowed will come under the head of naval and marine display.

A very complete, and doubtless an eye-opening diamond exhibit, will be maide by Cape Colony, South Africa. The exhibit will inclune 10,000 carats of uncut stones, a large quantity of very fine cut and polished ones, together with all that is necessary to show the process of mining and washing. For this it will be necessary to transport to Chicago 100 tons of pulverized blue earth, 50 tons of unpulverized earth and a compleat washing machine, which will be operated by natives. The exhibit will also include a unique collection of crocidolite, special diamondiferous products, ostrich feathers, fleeces etc. It is reported that a Bushman and Hottentot in native dress will accompany the exhibit.

A continuous clam-bake will be one of the attractions which epicurean visitors will find at the Exposition.

Harper Bros., Scribner & Sons and the Century company have agreed to exhibit at the Fair illustrations showing the history of transpotation in all countries. Chief Smith expects to secure similar exhibits from foreign countries and from other publishers in this country. The exhibit will include reproductions of lithographs, original drawing and photographs.

To World's Fair committee of the North American Turner Bund has made a personal application to Director General Davis for space for a display of gymnastic apparatus literature on the subject of physical exercise and development, and representations of gymnastic organizations as well as for outdoor gymnastic exhibitions, which the turners desire to give eight days in each month during the Exposition.

First National Bank

OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

Notice of Mortgage Forclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of ten and 50-100 dollars ($10.50) which became due on the first day of October A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Isaie Normandin and Philomene Normandin, his wife, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the first day of October A. D. 1888, which mortgage together with the power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the first day of October A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock and 10 minutes p. m., in book 40 of mortgages on pages 112 and 113.

It is provided in said mortgage that if said mortgagors shall fail to pay any part of the sum of money thereby secured at the time and in the manner specified in said mortgage, then upon such default, the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, may at the option of the mortgagee be declared due and payable, and the said John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, who is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured, has elected and does hereby elect and declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of forty-one and 70-100 dollars ($41.70) and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Wherefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section twenty-five (25) in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north of Range forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., this [illegible] day of March, A. D. 1892.

JOHN MILTON OLIVER, Mortgagee.
C. M. HERTIG, Attorney for Mortgagee. [50-4]

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS' ------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls

—o—AT—o—

Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

—IS—

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 21st, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Lars J. Hagen, deceased.

Letters of Administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Ludvig Olson and Ole Nelson of said County,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston on Monday the twenty-sixth day of September, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demand shall be given by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said county.

Dated at Crookston, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892.

By the Court,
C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
(49-51)

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of Twelve and 50-100 dollars ($12.50), which became due on the first day of December, 1890, and in the payment of a like and final sum which became due on the first day of December, 1891, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John H. Lien and Ragnhild Lien, his wife, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1888, which mortgage, together with a power of sale contained therein was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 16th day of November A. D. 1888, at 8 o'clock and 10 minutes a. m., in Book 40 of mortgages, on pages 497, 498, and 499, which said sums with interest thereon respectively at ten per cent. per annum from the first day of December, 1890, and the 1st day of December, 1891, are the whole sum secured by said mortgage and remaining unpaid, and John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured, and the amount claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice is twenty-seven dollars ($27.00) and no action or proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Wherefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section number twenty-two (22), in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north of Range number forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House, in the city of Crookston, in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892, at 11 o'clock of the forenoon of that day, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars Attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., this [illegible] day of March, A. D. 1892.

JOHN MILTON OLIVER, Mortgagee.
C. M. HERTIG, Attorney for Mortgagee. [50-4]

DR. LeDuc's Periodical Pills.—The French remedy [illegible] directly [illegible] generative organs [illegible] female regulator [illegible]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Polk—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 22, 1892.

In the matter of the estate of Francias Belland, Jr., deceased:

Letters of Administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Olive Belland of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this Court, for examination and allowance, at the Probate Office in the City of Crookston, on Monday, the Fifth day of September, A. D. 1892, at 10 a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said Court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given, by publishing this order once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in the POLK COUNTY JOURNAL, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Crookston, in said County.

Dated at Crookston the 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

By the Court,
C. M. BENSON,
Judge of Probate.
(49-51)

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Nils S. Nilson and Cecilia S. Nilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 10:45 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 455; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1889, $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1889, $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1890, and $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1890, $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1891, and $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred twenty-one and 71-100 ($821.71) Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the north east quarter (ne¼) and the west half (w½) of south-east quarter (se¼) of Section two (2) Township one hundred and forty-seven (147), Range forty (40), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situated and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 17th, A. D. 1892.

[illegible] Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, [illegible]
[illegible] Attorney [50-4]

THE NEW NORTHWEST

FARM LANDS — Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.

NEW TOWNS — 100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.

LOW RATES — Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.

Horses, Cattle. — Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.

Health, Wealth. — In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.

Sheep, Hogs. — Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raizers' paradise.

Herds, Mines. — These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of Eight and 25-000 dollars ($8.25) which became due on the first day of December, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward L. Haven, an unmarried man, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the 11th day of July, A. D. 1888, which mortgage, together with the power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 18th day of July A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock and 45 minutes a. m., in Book 36 of Mortgages on pages 329 and 330.

It is provided in said mortgage that if said mortgagor shall fail to pay any part of the sum of money thereby secured, at the time and in the manner specified in said mortgage, then upon such default, the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, may at the option of the mortgagee be declared due and payable; and the said John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, who is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured, has elected and does hereby elect and declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirty-five and 84-100 dollars ($35.84) and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Wherefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section number ten (10) in Township number one hundred and forty-nine (149) north, of Range forty-three (43), west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., this 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

JOHN MILTON OLIVER, Mortgagee.
C. M. HERTIG, Attorney for Mortgagee. [50-4]

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

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L. ELLINGTON, Vice-President.
J. W. WHEELER, Cashier.
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OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

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Agents for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

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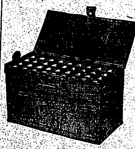

Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,

CROOKSTON, MINN.,

Opera House Block.

Crookston Business College.

FACULTY:

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
[illegible] BUILDING [illegible] Crookston, Minn.

The Polk County Journal.

H. E. COOKE, Editor and Proprietor. DEVOTED TO THE WELFARE OF POLK COUNTY. TERMS—$1.50 Per Annum

VOL. XV. CROOKSTON, POLK COUNTY, MINNESOTA, APRIL 14, 1892. NO. 52

Polk County Journal.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Dollar and Fifty Cents, if paid in advance to any address inside of Polk County. If outside of Polk County 15 cents must be added for postage. If not paid in advance $2 per annum to any address.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	1 m.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
½ inch	$.50	$1 00	$1 25	$1 50	$3 00	4 50	$ 6 00
1 inch	.75	1 25	1 75	2 00	4 50	6 00	10 00
2 inches	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 50	6 50	9 50	15 00
3 inches	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 50	9 50	13 50	20 00
4 inches	2 50	3 50	4 50	5 50	10 00	18 00	25 00
5 inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00	12 50	20 00	30 00
¼ column	3 50	4 50	5 50	6 50	15 00	25 00	35 00
½ column	6 00	7 50	10 00	12 00	25 00	35 00	50 00
1 column	9 50	12 00	15 00	18 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

NEWSPAPER LAW.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the post office, whether he has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payment.
2. If any person orders his paper discontinued he must pay all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made and then collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. In suits for subscriptions, the suit may be instituted where the paper is published.
4. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the post office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, while unpaid for, is prima facie evidence of intention to defraud.

Entered at the Post Office in Crookston as Second Class matter.

CAPITAL GOSSIP.

(Special Correspondence).

WASHINGTON, D. C. April—, 1892.

The public men and politicians of Washington, and all those who come here, are just now most interested in figuring out the probabilities of the two National Conventions and the chances of the election which follows. Within a short time the situation, with reference to both party nominations, has changed somewhat. In the republican ranks the opposition to the renomination of President Harrison, which a few weeks ago seemed sufficiently formidable to make a combination against him possible, is gradually melting away as the convention approaches, and there is now hardly a doubt that he will be renominated on the first ballot, if, indeed, it is not done by acclamation. That at least is the present outlook from this point of observation though of course great changes are always possible in this country, even in the short time that now remains. Mr. Harrison has given the country a wise, safe, and patriotic administration and has won the esteem of all the people. Mr. Blaine aside, there is probably no man in the party who would command a larger vote or whose title to the nomination is better.

In the democratic camp it now looks like Cleveland again. About the time of D. B. Hill's midwinter convention, at Albany, things looked a little squally for "the stuffed prophet," as Brother Dana so playfully terms him but he is, after all, the great brass-mounted idol of the democratic party outside of New York, and Hill having made a dismal failure of his personal hunt for votes it begins to look once more as though his royal obesity would be nominated. Just why the innocent democratic heart out in the rural districts yearns so intensely for Cleveland it would be hard to explain. Those who came most in contact with him while he was President do not admire him and oppose his further aspirations, but it is the rank and file who have never seen him that worship him from afar. Mr. Cleveland is not a great man, except in the sense that he weighs 300 pounds, nor has he any of the elements of a popular man. He has always held himself better than his party—fit only to associate with high-minded and blue-blooded mugwumps—and to-day he believes that he is the only man in the party good enough to be the President; that if they don't take him they are not in it. And some of the party think likewise. If the [illegible] present diagnosis of the situation is [illegible] we shall have the old campaign of Harrison vs. Cleveland [illegible] probably the same [illegible] case of history repeating itself.

The unanimity with which [illegible] Hon. Roger Q. Mills has recovered average health immediately after the vindication he received from the Texas Legislature is one of the most remarkable instances of faith cure of the present decade. When his credentials arrived here he [illegible] marched over to the Senate Chamber like Fitz James on the crags, when seeking the best blood of Roderick Dhu, with step erect and ear awake, as if he had never been sick in his life. Mr. Mills may well thank his lucky stars, if he has any, for being defeated in his attempt to be Speaker. He has now a position better fitted for his peculiar abilities, his temper and his health than he would have had had he been elected Speaker. Sympathy for him in unexpected defeat made him Senator. The idea is still alive in Texas that his defeat was accomplished by a ring—a base combination of Hill, Tammany, Springer, and possibly the arch enemy of human souls. The idea that he lacked a qualification for the position has never grown there. Mill was simply a victim of an outrageous political conspiracy, and senator Hill is held responsible for the defeat, though he had no more to do with it than the Governor of Texas, nor half as much.

Senator Hill now comes into close relations with the man who has long been his mentor, ex-Speaker Carlisle. He may be said to be the discoverer of Mills. He made him chairman of the Ways and Means committee; held the party together for him while he was trying to get his tariff bill through; kept him from flying into a dozen pieces; induced him to take the dodge he did last fall on the matter of free silver; made him a candidate for speaker, and now has him under tutelage. He never can make a statesman of him, but will keep him within bounds if the Lord spares his life.

Not the smallest part of a congressman's duties is answering letters from his constituents. All members of congress in both houses receive a great many letters, but some who are popular and well known get a great many more than others. Ex-speaker Reed has one of the largest mails that comes to the Capitol. People from all over the country write to him on various subjects and every morning an enormous batch of letters and newspapers covers his desk. The majority of congressmen look carefully after their correspondence and answer all letters, especially from their constituents. It will be noted that those who make a special point of that sort of thing are generally popular at home and enjoy a long public service. Chairman Springer of ways and means committee is one of these; so was Sam. Randall and many of the best-known public servents of all times. It's the custom of the big Maine statesman to reach his desk in the House an hour before the session begins and spend the time in carefully sorting over the stack of letters and marked papers. Many ladies write to him for his autograph, and the number of square, scented envelopes received from this source every week would fill a good-sized waste basket. While running over his mail, one day this week, he come across a unique request. It was contained in a prim little note from a western girl and was as follows: "Won't you be kind enough to write upon the enclosed paper your autograph [illegible] the sentiment, 'Righteousness exalteth the Nation.'" The [illegible] smiled and wrote the young lady his autograph minus the sentiment, about which he said he had some doubt.

A Legislative Endorsement.

A law was passed last winter in Minnesota affecting the sale of alum baking powders. The [illegible] interest excited by the bill being proposed led to a long and thorough investigation by a legislative committee of the [illegible] qualities of all the baking powders sold in that State, with the result that the Royal was shown by very positive evidence [illegible] the State Chemist, Dr. Drew, and others, to be the purest, strongest, and in all respects the best baking powder in the market.

Popular Talks On Law.

BY WM. C. SPRAGUE, ESQ.

THE MERCANTILE AGENCIES.

In accordance with the promise in my last article I shall undertake to say a few words in reference to the liability of the mercantile agencies doing a collection business.

In the first place, almost all agencies who do a reporting business also handle collections, it seeming to be almost a necessary part of their business, and as almost every one, at some time in his business career, is tempted to employ an agency in the collection of his claims, a statement with reference to the liability of an agency handling such business will be of general interest.

In the first place, it may be stated as a general rule, that the liability of an agency is governed by the contract made between the agency and the owner of the claim. In most cases, however, the contract is merely an implied contract, no express terms being agreed upon, unless it be as to the rate per cent to be charged by the agency for the work it does. Usually a bare receipt is given for the collection and the liability of the agency in some cases, and in all cases where the terms are not defined, is to be determined from the general law of contracts.

By undertaking to collect an agency does not insure a collection, and early in the history of agencies it was thought that the taking of a claim for collection was an implied agreement upon the part of the agency to forward it to its local correspondent, and to act merely as a forwarder of the claim, and as the agent for the receipt of the money and the turning of it over to the client. That its liability did not extend to the loss of the money by failure of the correspondent to pay it over, and that it was only bound to use ordinary and reasonable diligence in the selection of capable and honest correspondent and reasonable diligence in following up the claim. There can be no doubt that if the terms of the contract expressly state that such is the position of the agency, that is that it shall be the agent merely for the purpose of forwarding a claim, the agency cannot be held responsible after using ordinary and reasonable diligence in performing its duties.

The law in later times, however, is much more severe upon the agencies, where there is no stated contract absolving it from liability. The position of the agency is now said to be the same as that of the attorney doing like work, and the law with reference to it is the same.

In a leading case, Bradstreet v. Everson, 72 Pa. St., 124 a mercantile agency undertook to collect certain claims belonging to their customer, giving the following receipt.

J. M. BRADSTREET & SON.
Improved Mercantile Agency.
PITTSBURGH, June 2, 1862
Received of Messrs. Everson & Co., 4 duplicate acceptances for collection, v. Watt C. Bradford, Memphis, Tenn., amounting to $1,726.37.
(Signed) J. M. BRADSTREET & SON.

In delivering the opinion of the court, the judge observed; "It is argued, notwithstanding the express receipt for collection, that the defendants did not undertake for themselves to collect, but only to submit to a proper and responsible attorney, and made themselves liable only for diligence in correspondence and giving the necessary information to the plaintiffs; or, in briefer terms, that the attorney in Memphis was not their agent for the collection, but that of the plaintiff's only. The current of decision, however, is otherwise as to attoney-at-law sending claims to correspondents for collection, and the reasons for applying the same rules to collection agencies are even stronger. They have their selected agents in every part of the country. From the nature of such ramified institutions, we must conclude that the public impression will be that the agency invites customers on the very ground of its facilities for making distant collections. It will be presumed from its business, collection at remote points and its knoledge of the agents chosen, that the agency intends to undertake the performance of the service which the individual customer is unable to perform for himself. There is good reason, therefore, to hold that such an agency is liable for collections made by its own [illegible] when it undertakes the collection [illegible] express terms of the receipt.

There was [illegible] arising and decided at Philadelphia [illegible] 1870, where the receipt given by the agency read as follows:

For collection according to direction, and proceeds when received by us to be paid over to King & Baird.

Across the face of this was written this:

N. B.—The owner of the within mentioned taking all the risks of the mail, the losses by failure of agents to remit, and also the losses by reason of insurrection or war.

Thus limiting their liability, the agency was decided to have been relieved of the responsibility sought to be charged against it.

Other cases deciding that the attorney undertaking the collection of claims, who fails to limit his liability in the receipt or agreement to make the collection, is liable for losses occurring through the negligence, etc., of his agents may be found in Pennsylvania, Alabama, Indiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, and elsewere.

I will, in my next paper, discuss further the relation of client and attorney in this matter of collections.

Lincoln's Death.

Twenty six years ago day before yesterday, the writer stood on one of the hills about Chattanooga, Tennessee. All around were camps, cannon and soldiers. The camps were gay with flags, the cannon were firing salutes, the soldiers were shouting for joy. Lee had surrendered, the end of the war had come, and home was in sight. The next morning the flags were at half-mast, the cannon were firing minute guns, the soldiers were silent and sad. It was an abrupt transition from wide-spread joy to universal mourning. Our beloved war President, "Old Abe," had been murdered the evening before by a fanatical assassin. Then it seemed as if a new breach had been made between North and South that never would be healed. To-day the whole country is united and loyal, and its people, visiting from one section to another, traveling by the Burlington lines of railroad, are one family again. For rates, routes and tickets, from or to any point in the northwest, east or southwest, address W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Newfoundland has decided to participate in the Exposition.

SPRING NOVELTIES

MEN'S BOYS' and CHILDREN'S Suits and Overcoats

We show a Larger Variety of Novelties than ever before.

Our stock includes all the Leading Novelties of the Season, and many Styles that cannot be found Elsewhere in the Northwest.

WE INVITE YOU TO COME & SEE

For yourselves and be convinced.

Mossefin & Lindell, Props.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Farming for Health.

May be very fine, and you will no doubt grow strong and be happy with nothing but a hoe, a back number plow and a shot gun seeder. But if you are

Farming for Wealth

You should have the latest and best tool on the market. For instance you want first a DOWAGIAC SHOE DRILL, and as you probably did not get your plowing all done last fall you also want a Grand Detour Plow, a Little Yankee or Scandia Gang. We have them to sell and would liketo show you their merits.

—OUR TIME AGAINST YOURS.—

There are several other things you ought to have but you must have these now soon. We have a nice line of Harrows that we are selling cheap; also Wagons, Buggies, Engines, Threshers, Etc., Etc.

Larsen, Carpenter & Co.,

OPERA BLOCK, CROOKSTON, MINN.

Sham Economy.

New York Press.

When the late Republican Congress came into power it was compelled to meet over $25,000,000 of pension deficiencies created by the demoratic congress that preceded it. The present democratic congress seems determined to use the Pension Appropriation bill again as a means of making a show of economy. The estimates for pensions have already been cut down nearly $18,000,000 by Judge Holman's committee, and more cutting down is yet to be done on the bill which provides for assistance to disabled veterans of the Union army and their widows and orphans. Yet the River and Harbor Committee in this same democratic congress has reported an appropriation bill which, by fair calculation, is nearly $2,000,000 in excess of the measure reported to the late Republican House and which contains provisions for the making of contracts by which $25,000,000 would necessarily be expended by the government for certain specified purposes within the next ten years. Such is the sham economy by which the democrats hope to deceive the public while really raiding the Treasury.

World's Fair Notes.

The Arkansas World's Fair board has selected ten acres near Little Rock which it will have cultivated with the view of rasing various agricultural products for exhibit at the Exposition. The Board has made arrangements to send to Chicago for the Forestry building specimens of pine, white oak, red oak, sweet gum, cypress and walnut.

The limit of time in which States and territories and foreign countries must accept the sites allotted them on the Exposition grounds has been fixed at June 1st, 1892.

The New South Wales World's Fair Commission is contemplating sending for exhibition at the Exposition copies of the noted aboriginal cave inscriptions of northern Queensland, and also a whole tribe of aborigines.

MINNESOTA HOUSE,

One-half Block from Depot.

WM. HEIDRICH, Proprietor.

Having rented this Popular House and thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished it throughout, I am now prepared to meet the wants of all who want good and cheap accommodations. [illegible] Farmers custom specially invited.

Terms $1.00 per Day.

THE OLD RELIABLE

CROOKSTON

LOAN AGENCY

STILL ON DECK.

MONEY

On Real Estaee

MONEY

On Approved Chattels,

Always on hand at the Lowest Rates. Consult your best interests by giving me a call when you Want Money.

A. D. STEPHENS,

Second Street, Crookston, Minn.

FARMS FOR SALE!

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

For a small cash payment and a mortgage for the balance at seven per cent, payable annually, you can buy either of the following fine farms. They were taken on foreclosure and those prices only slightly exceed the amounts of the loans there have been on them.

1. E½ ne¼ and e½ se¼ Sec. 7, Town 150, Range 42. Cultivated land; 80 acres; 1½ story frame house, 18x24, log barns 18x24 and 16x18, log granary 18x20. Price $1,700.

2. S½ se¼ and s½ of sw¼ Sec. 10, Town 151, Range 45. Forty acres cultivated land, two story frame house, 18x24, log barns 16x22 and 14x21, and log granary 16x20, and stock sheds. Price $1,860.

3. E½ sw¼ Sec. 10, and e½ nw¼ Sec. 15, Town 150, Range 42. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x15 and stock sheds. Price $1,200.

4. W½ nw¼ Sec. 18, and e½ ne¼ Sec. 14, Town 150, Range 43. 45 acres cultivated, one story log house 14x18, log barn 16x20, log granary 12x14 and stock sheds. Price $1,500.

I have 50 quarter sections ranging in price from $8.50 per acre to $10.00 on five and ten years time. Address [illegible] A. HUMPHREYS, [illegible] Loan and Trust Building, [illegible] Minneapolis.

NEW FEED MILL

CHRIS. ANDERSON, Prop.

I desire to annouce to the farmers ot Polk County that I have rented the

LAURENCE BUILDING, ON MAIN STEERT,

Next to Brown's New Livery Stable, and am now preparedto grind feed of all kinds promptly. You can get your feedin two hours after you bring me your grain. Prices Reasonable

Try My New Mill!

A. J. & A. McKINNON,

CROOKSTON

CARRIAGE WORKS.

Manufactures everything that runs on wheels. Repairing done on short notice and in workmanlike manner.

GIVE US A CALL

A. J. & A. McKINNON, Main Street, Crookston

Schmidt, the Painter,

CARRIES A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

PAINTS,
OILS AND
VARNISHES.

ALSO A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

☞ WALL PAPER. ☜

Painting in all its branches, and Paper Hanging artistically done.

Call at the Shop on Broadway.

TRY PEAKE,

THE MAIN STREET HARNESS MAKER

FOR BARGAINS.

Work Horses & Mares.

FOR GOOD, SOLID WORK HORSES AND MARES, GO TO

M. R. BROWN,

The old reliable dealer, who has sold horses in this county since 1878 and who is always on hand to make his guaranty good. Every man who ever sold horses here is ready (when he sells) to guaranty, but later, if you happen to want him to make his guaranty good you can't most always sometimes find him. You can always find Brown, and always find him ready to make his recommend good. He handles only good young horses and has sold more than and dealer in the county. He is now prepared to supply the demand for GOOD teams—he handles no other, and guaranty them just as recommended. Before you buy you will do well to call at

Brown's New Stables,

Main Street, one door north of the old M. E. church building.

M. LeGUEE.

Veterinary Surgeon.

Residence and office on Jerome's Addition, Crookston, Minn.

Drunkenness CURED.

THE

Moorhead Institute

Is now ready for the treatment of patients addicted to the

DRINK and OPIUM HABIT.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials, certificates of cure and terms. Address,

MOORHEAD INSTITUTE,
[41-1] Moorhead, Minn.

Valley Roller Mills,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE FLOUR

From Selected Red River Wheat.

FLOUR REDUCED.

Best	$2.25	per 98 lbs.
North Star	2.10	"
Fife	1.90	"
Skip Jack	1.25	"
Bran	11.00	ton.
Shorts	12.00	"

☞ We exchange flour for wheat on equitable terms.

LEE & HERRICK.

CHRISTIANSON BROTHERS

(Correspondents Fargo Loan Agency.)

REAL ESTATE.

Farm Mortgage Loans and Insurance.

☞ Special Bargains in Choice Farm Lands, improved and unimproved. Low prices and easy terms.

—OFFICE ON ROBERT STREET—

CROOKSTON, MINN.

JOHN CROMB

Attorney-at-Law,

SECOND STREET, CROOKSTON

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Crookston, April 14, 1892.

Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 66.
1 Northern 65.
2 Northern 59.
3 Northern 55.

T. H. Bjoin started for Iowa last week after another carload of horses.

The weather for the past week has not been very conducive to an early spring.

H. L. Zutah was down from Red Lake Falls this week, on the lookout for a farm to rent.

Miss Inez McGrew went out to Fosston last week to see about a school for the coming season.

Fred Davis, "our Fred," was down from Euclid last week chatting with friends as lively as a cricket.

M. W. Davis & Son came down from Euclid last week and purchased a pair of fine mares of M. R. Brown.

Jim Bain came up from Fisher on Saturday to buy one of those good solid working teams at M. R. Brown's.

Senator Burkhardt came up from Wabasha County last week to visit with his son Rudy and friends in this city.

A. M. Childs went over to Grand Forks last Friday to attend a banquet given by the N. Y. Life Insurance folks.

H. B. Budd was up from Edna on Thursday last limping around from the effects of a recent injury. He was just as good looking as ever and as jolly.

Rev. R. H. Battey went down to Fertile on Friday evening to deliver a lecture, the proceeds of which goes to aid in building the new Congregational church at Mentor.

M. R. Brown returned on Friday with another carload of fine Iowa mares—which makes the eighth or ninth carload this spring, and if this carload is not enough he will go again. Call and see this lot.

The new hail insurance company, located in the Rickett Block, starts in with bright prospects, having lots of business secured in the outset. It will pay all our friends who contemplate insuring against hail to call and see them.

Dr. M. Leguee has gone to Park Rapids, in Hubbard Co., on professional business to be gone a week or ten days. The doctor is kept busy almost constantly attending to his veterinary work. He has the reputation of being one of the best in the business.

The weather during the past week has April fooled almost everybody on their fuel calculations, and the dealers in wood and coal have reaped the benefit. Wood has been a very scarce article while coal has pursued the even tenor of its way at the same old prices.

Mr. Carpenter, of Larsen, Carpenter & Co., spent a portion of last week interviewing St. Paul and Minneapolis agricultural implement dealers. Says the warehouses are nearly all empty so great has been the demand in this line this spring. L. C. & Co. have sold 100 drills already and could have sold 125 more if they could have got them. Their trade in other lines has also been excellent this spring.

THE JOURNAL regrets to learn of the death of A. H. Baker, which occurred at Grand Rapids, Mich., on March 30th. Mr. Baker was for some time a resident of Norman County and represented this district in the Legislature. Mr. Baker was superintendent of the soldiers' home at Grand Rapids at the time of his death, was 57 years old and had many friends in this community who will regret to learn of his death. He leaves a son and daughter.

Easter services at 11 a. m. and 8 p.m. next Sunday at the Congregational church. Everyone cordially invited. Morning subject: "The Debt of the World to the Resurrected Christ;" evening, "The Battle of Life and Our Resurrection Hopes." Special interest centers in Easter Sabbath and let this joyful occasion find all members and worshipers and their friends present in our sanctuary early to spend the hours of service in joyful praise.

The farmer who sows the White Russian oats has two chances for a market for them. In the first place, if you have a fine sample they can be sold for oat-meal, and if not so good they are all right for feed. Black oats are no good for oat-meal and the ordinary white oats not very much better as they are usually too small. The White Russian comes nearest to filling the bill and as there are plenty for seed in the county every farmer can raise them if he will.

A. E. Brush, of Angus, was in the city last week looking for a hired girl for which he was offering fancy wages. Says he cannot account for the low prices of wheat this spring in view of the prospects for a shortage in spring wheat here and the fact that the winter wheat is almost a failure everywhere. He has recently returned from a trip through some of the principal winter wheat states and says he did not see one good piece on his travels—some of it utterly ruined, and when we come to consider the probability that the Valley will [illegible] raise more than 50 per cent. its usual crop he thinks wheat should be [illegible] much higher, and we coincide [illegible] that view.

Mrs. Geo. W. Tice came down from Mentor on Monday evening.

Governor Merriam has designated Monday, May 2d, as Arbor Day.

Dr. C. E. Dampier was registered at a prominent St. Paul hotel last week.

Do you know that J. W. Wheeler has money to loan at reasonable rates and no long waits for the money to come from some place? He has it on hand ready for delivery as soon as the papers are made out.

Elsewhere we note the organization of the Minnesota Hail association, a home company, with headquarters at Crookston. Later we will take occasion to tell our readers who the incorporators are and what they intend to do.

Marshall County Leader:—A grand encampment of the G. A. R. will be held at Crookston for a week in July. The arrangements are being made on a large scale and it is expected that from ten to fifteen thousand people will be assembled there. Frank Barager commander of the post here, says the boys are all going.

Prof. Carruth informs us that Prof. Kiehle will open a training school for teachers in this city on July 11th, for the instruction of teachers in Marshal, Polk and Norman counties and, he desires us to say that he expects to see every teacher in this county in attendance. The school will be conducted by able instructors and will continue four weeks.

Postmaster Dawley's report to the Postmaster General on Wednesday a. m might have read something like this: "New assistant postmaster for this office—arrived at my house last night—regulation weight—duly registered as second-class male matter—taking my estimate of his value this should entitle this office to all of the privileges of a first-class office."

A St. Vincent special of the 11th inst. says: The Red river is now over the banks and has begun flooding the towns of St. Vincent and Emerson. The river is about 40 feet above low water mark and still rising, and the ice is not yet gone out. A rise of one foot more will cover the town of Emerson. The indications are that the disastrous flood of 1880 will be repeated.

The grand opening of new spring millinery at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' was the delight of the ladies of Crookston and vicinity. Words fail to describe the many attractions of the display, but when we say that Mrs. Bangs had the world we speak literally correct, for she did have it—suspended from a wire in her show window. She has a fine display of millinery, and invites the attention of our lady readers to it.

County Commissioner C. P. DeMers dropped into our den on Friday to assure us that he could not get along without THE JOURNAL and as an evidence put up one-and-one-half simoleons—said to be worth 70 cents on the dollar, but as everything goes with us we did not kick on the extra 30. Mr. DeMers says there is more water in his country this spring than he ever before and he does not think much seeding will be done this month.

Our reporter passed the show window of Veronneau & Adams during the great opening display of spring millinery, and such a crowd of delighted ladies as he saw therein dismayed him—he did not dare to go in and interview the firm on that occasion, but from the display of ribbons, and hats, and trimmings, and flowers that he saw, and the expressions of delight that he heard, he formed the opinion that the display was a very creditable one; afterward we overheard one lady purchaser remark: "How exceedingly cheap those lovely goods are this spring!" The ladies, Miss Veronneau and Mrs. Adams, desire to thank their lady patrons for their liberal patronage so far, and assure them that they will do their best to merit a continuance of the same.

The following brief letter from T. H. Bjoin, from Ridgeway, Iowa, explains itself:

"I will be in Crookston on Thursday evening, April 14th, with a car load of extra heavy work horses and mares. Kindly invite all JOURNAL readers and others who may want good teams, to call and see this lot.

Respectfully yours,
T. H. BJOIN.

The recent advance of 7 cents in the price of wheat in about a week's time was due principally to the unfavorable condition of the weather in the southwestern and some portions of the western states. Winter wheat has been damaged to such an extent in those sections as to insure an appreciable decrease in the wheat yield of the United States for 1892. The weather bureau at Washington has figured out, from the present crop conditions, that the damage already done will decrease the yield at least 200,000,000 bushels. In former years, with similar crop conditions and weather in April as have existed during the present month, the price of wheat has advanced on an average about 11 cents; so it is reasonable to suppose that the top of the market for this spring has not been reached. Over-estimation of the shortage of crops in foreign countries for the past year and an under estimate of the amount of grain produced in the U. S. for the same period were the principal causes which tended to lower and keep prices in this country. But now that the wheat speculators have begun to figure on the crop conditions and probable yield for this year the market has become firm and prices are steadily advancing.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-39] Minneapolis, Minn.

The committee of arrangements for the Grand Army reunion next summer are preparing to raise the amount necessary to carry out the program and every public-spirited citizen should be prepared, when waited upon to cheerfully respond to the call. Aside from other considerations it will be such an advertisement of our city as we have seldom if ever had as, in all probability thousands of strangers will be in attendance during the encampment. There are also other weighty considerations of a financial nature that should be an inducement even if a person should feel no special interest in the welfare of our city. Every citizen of Crookston should lend a cheerful hand in aid of this matter and contribute as liberally as his means will permit.

Frank Bruce was in last week to set that subscription ahead a peg, and told us of his recent loss by fire, reference to which was made in these columns a few weeks since. It seems that he lost everything he had in the house as, by the time the neighbors arrived the fire was so hot nothing could be saved. He was two miles away when he saw the house in flames and hastened home to find that his wife, who had been quite ill for some time, had succeeded in getting safely out. He had his summer's flour, pork and potatoes stored in the house and cellar all of which was totally destroyed except about 10 pounds of pork and that was roasted elegantly. Though the loss was a severe one he does not seem discouraged but is going bravely to work to repair the damages. Says his wife is very much better since the fire and is recovering rapidly. Though severe medicine to take he thinks it was beneficial.

A NEW ELEVATOR COMPANY.

The Farmers' Protective Association has decided to launch a new elevator company and at a recent meeting steps were taken to that end, and after some discussion the following schedule was agreed upon:

1. The name of this corporation shall be The Northwestern Farmers' Protective Elevator Company.

2. The object of the corporation is to erect their own elevator in Duluth or West Superior for storing, shipping, handling or selling grain.

3. The principal place of business of the corporation shall be at Grand Forks, North Dakota.

4. The term for the corportion to exist shall be twenty years.

5. The Number of directors shall be eleven, and the directors now elected to serve until their successors are elected and qualified. They are as follows:

Ole O. Haugerud, Grafton, N. D.
H. H. Storm, Hillsboro, N. D.
Andrew Steenerson, Climax, Minn.
W. J. Anderson, Grand Forks, N. D.
Thos. Ulven, Grand Forks, N. D.
A. O. Heglie, Walcott.
Ole Aune, Fertile Minn.
A. Braseth, Dwight, N. D,
Ole H. Brenna, Grand Forks N. D.
John O. Fadden, Grand Forks, N. D.

6. The capital stock of the company shall be two hundred thousand dollars, divided into shares of twenty-five dollars each. No person can hold more than forty shares.

7. Stock shall be non-assesable and non-transferable, except to members of The Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association.

8. The first general meeting is to be held the last Tuesday in June, 1892.

Assistant Secretary Nettleton, of the treasury department, denies the rumor that he intends to resign his position, and has again resumed his duties after a brief absence from Washington.

The president has issued a proclamation directing to be opened to settlement on April 15, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon, the surplus lands of the Sisseton and Wahpeton reservations in the Dakotas. The lands to be opened aggregate 574,257 acres. Register Potter of the Fargo land office, where a large portion of the lands will be filed on, is very sick at New Orleans and writes President Harrison that he will be unable to be at Fargo by the 15th, which may necessitate the appointment of another register, or the postponement of the opening of the reservation. Large numbers of land-seekers are on the ground awaiting the opening.

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

SOMETHING NEW ABOUT **CARPETS**

DO YOU NEED—Are you going to buy any CARPETS this summer?
DO YOU WANT to select from an assortment that is larger than any other two stocks in town?
DO YOU WANT THE LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES?
DO YOU WANT to buy a good quality 36 inch Hemp Carpet at 18c per yard?
DO YOU WANT Your CARPETS cut withou waste?
DO YOU WANT your CARPETS sewed ready to lay?
DO YOU WANT any WINDOW SHADES or WINDOW CURTAINS, Brass Rods or Brass Fixtures, Wood Poles or Wood Fixtures?

—AND ABOVE ALL—

DO YOU WANT to pay less than you can buy inferior goods for elsewhere?

THEN—CALL—ON—US

FONTAINE & ANGLIM, on Quality.
Leaders in Low Prices

Very large congregations have attended the Baptist church since the settlement of the new pastor. Next Sunday night the sermon on "The sin of Unbelief" will be illustaated by blackboard and chemical test. Services are changed to following hours: Preaching service Sunday 11 a. m. and 8 p.m., Bible school at 12:15 p.m.; young people's meeting at 7 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 p.m.

Subscriptions to stock in the new Farmers' Elevator Company are now being taken and if the business is properly conducted it will we think prove the best investment ever made by the farmers. It will at least settle definitely the question as to where the profits in the wheat raising business have gone during the past years. A line of elevators, owned and controlled by the farmers, would bring the Red River Valley farmer in direct communication with the consumer in England and give the farmer whatever profit there has been in handling his wheat. Under ordinary circumstances and in a competing market the wisdom of this movement might be questioned but under the existing circumstances we believe this movement is a wise one, providing it is properly managed.

Charlie Vine is not doing any bragging but he is just simply selling the choicest cuts in the market. Try him.

Home Office,
MINNESOTA HAIL ASSOCIATION,
CROOKSTON, Minn., April 7, 1892

At a meeting of the board of directors consisting of the following named gentlemen—C. H. Warren, Pres.; F. D. Lord, vice-pres. and field manager; C. L. Graber, secretary; L. O. Converette, F. Bivins and T. J. McAdams, the following business was transacted:

The by-laws governing the association were read by the secretary and after being duly considered were, with a single amendment, adopted. On motion Mr. Hugh Thompson, of Fisher, was made treasurer of the association and the Merchant's National Bank of Crookston was made general depository of association funds. The association has taken a lease for a term of 8 months for office purposes of rooms 23 and 24 in the building known as the Rickett block corner 2nd and Main st. and as soon as the necessary books and blanks can be printed will be ready for action. There being no further business the meeting was adjourned to meet again at 7 p. m.

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

320 ACRES in Angus Township, 255 acres cultivated, 50 acres pasture, fenced, good farm buildings, 110 acres ready for seeding, 4 horses and harnesses, 2 wagons, 2 seeders, binder, gang plow, seeders, etc, all for $5,000, part cash, balance on easy terms.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for marke garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $8,000

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Louisville, well located near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, [illegible] acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mi[illegible] from school. A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, one-half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the best Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for mixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1,000, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 180 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2,500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls. $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $8,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston, four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,850 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad sta- partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

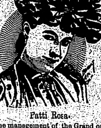
TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 3 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full set Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $8,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.



Patti Rosa.

The management of the Grand opera house has effected an arrangement with the brilliant comedienne, Patti Rosa, to appear here next Monday night in her comedy, "Dolly Varden." This engagement will afford the chief event of the season here. Patti Rosa is known and admired from one end of the country to the other, and has played successful engagements in England and Australia as well. She has one of the best companies traveling, and the entire performance is spoken of in the highest terms by the critics of Chicago, New York, Boston, San Francisco and other cities. A crowded house should greet this famous star.

Euclid Items.

A brand new boy arrived at the residence of Mr. Crapo on Monday, 4th.

Mr. Carrol has rented the n. e. ¼ sec. 32, R. 47, Tp. 152, belonging to Robert Casmey.

On the south bound G. N. mixed train near Donladson the other day, a tough was put off the train because he did not have a ticket. He subsequently sued the railroad for $5000. damages and secured $500 and that was $500 more than he ought to have had.

Mr. Easby was in Crookston Monday. When asked about his experietce as a farmer he said: "If I were to farm again I would not plow as deep as I did last year. I believe that the stand of grain will be just as good and am positive that it will get ripe two weeks earlier than otherwise.

E. Taylor & Co. have just received a large stock of ladies' and children's hats. Also a lot of hardware.

Farmers do not think they will begin seeding until May 1st.

Tim Lurusk lost a valuable mare Monday.

Wm. Brandt's Iowa horses are down with distemper.

Wild geese and ducks are very numerous this season.

Fully six inches of snow fell here Monday.

There are a few light fingered and big muscled people about this neighborhood who, if found out, will be very apt to go over the road. Someone broke into Mr. P. Losey's house at the farm on or about March 30th and broke out the window glass, tipped over the cupboard, demolished a stove and chopped and hammered an oil can full of oil, a new dishpan and several other things were demolished. At about the same time someone broke into the old Charley Misner house which was tenanted by Mick Tracey last season and stole a broom, a few lamp chimneys and several other things. A clue has been obtained and if caught the culprits will be severely dealt with.

Harry and Nelly Chapin departed for Crookston Tuesday where they will visit Clide and Grace Chapin for a few days.

The sick are keeping Dr. Chapin hustling while the roads are fit for it.

Fred Hadley is getting there with both feet now-a-days.

Several of the grades are badly washed out making travelling very dangerous.

Miss Nellie McAvoy, of Crookston is about to take the Angus school for the coming term.

Mr. Pyatt is going to make his home in Euclid in a short time he has rented his farm in Michigan. They are coming mainly for the benefit of his wife's health.

Wills Misner made a flying trip to Crookston Friday.

Charley Jose, of Argyle was in the city last week.

Celeste Cronkite, of Warren, is visiting friends in the city.

There is a certain cooley out west where the farmers are rather inclined to go bathing, thirteen teams being stuck in one day.

Mr. Fargo, [illegible] Tim Biever, Miss Maggie Beaver, Tim La[illegible] Rusch and Billie Davidson all in Crooksto[illegible] Friday. FRED.

See Charlie Vine for choice meats of all kinds.

A new Directory was elected by the Exposition stockholders on April 2. With seven exception the members of last year's Directory were re-elected.

Always on hand, anything you want in the line of choice fresh meats, at Charlie Vine's.

Wisconsin will have a $30,000 building at the Fair. Building material to the value of $18,000 has been donated and the contract for erection has been let for $17,000.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed [illegible] the Crookston, Minn. Post Office, for week ending April 9, 1892. [illegible] Johnson, Miss Lina [illegible] Lee, Oscar T. [illegible] Letner John [illegible] McDonald, Mrs. A. Raymond, J. R. [illegible] Stermanson, [illegible] Persons calling for the above please say advertised. WM. B. DAWLEY, Postmaster.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a special meeting of the City Council of the City of Crookston held in the city hall on Friday evening, April 8th, 1892.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

ROLL CALL.

Aldermen present—Buhn, Childs Jennings, Marshall, McGlogan, Marlette, Steenerson, Cromb.

Aldermen absent—Jerome, Schmidt, Walker.

Call of the Mayor.

You are hereby notified that there will be a special meeting of the City Council of the city of Crookston in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota held on Friday the 8th day of April, A. D. 1892, at the hour of 7:30 o'clock p. m. of that day in the city hall in said city.

Said special meeting of said Council being called for the purpose of canvassing the returns of the judges of the annual charter election of said city held on Tuesday the 5th day of April, A. D. 1892, and to declare the result of said election as it appears from said returns.

Yours very respectfully,
ALEX. MCKINNON, Mayor,
Crookston, Minn.

Dated, Crookston, Minn., April 7th, 1892.

The undersigned members of the city council of the city of Crookston do hereby certify that at a special meeting of said city council held in the city hall on Friday evening, April 8th, 1892. We duly canvassed the vote cast at the annual charter election of said city held on Tuesday the 5th day of April, A. D. 1892, and find that the following number of legal votes were cast for the following named persons, for the offices named, to wit:

For Mayor,	William Anglim	507
"	Frank Ives	214
"	Alex. McKinnon	1
For Alderman at Large,	A. K. Austin	484
"	Elias Steenerson	201
For City Clerk,	E. C. Carruth	493
" "	P. M. Ringdal	207
For City Treasurer,	L. C. Couvrette	489
" "	A. P. Hanson	208
For Assessor,	W. F. Arnold	453
"	M. Rauenbeuhler	234
For Constable,	H. N. Tweten	376
"	Henry Shepard	388
"	Geo. H. Holt	332
"	O. Ducharme	192
"	C. C. Hoch	2
"	Elias Steenerson	1
For Alderman,		
First Ward,	Fred. Anderson	95
" "	Isaac Simons	55
Second Ward,	James E. Morrissey	133
" "	N. P. Stone	47
Third Ward,	W. E. Walker	68
" "	W. E. Kelsey	21
Fourth Ward,	F. Jerome	106
" "	J. O. Sargent	48
" "	D. Huggard	67
Fifth Ward,	E. D. Childs	25
" "	A. McGregor	11

We hereby declare that William Anglim is elected City Mayor, that A. K. Austin is elected Alderman at large, that E. C. Carruth is exected city Clerk, that L. C. Couvrette is elected Assessor for the city, that H. N. Tweten and Henry Shepard are elected as Constables for the ensuing year, that Fred Anderson is elected Alderman of the First Ward, James E. Morrisey is elected Alderman of the Second Ward, that W. E. Walker is elected Alderman of the Third Ward, that Frank Jerome is elected Alderman of the Fourth Ward, that E. D. Childs is elected Alderman of the Fifth Ward, of said city for the ensuing year or term as the case may be, and we do hereby certify that we have canvassed the vote cast in said city on said day and find the number of votes cast as heretofore stated.

Dated, Crookston, Minnesota, this 8th day of April A. D. 1892.

Board of Canvassers
JOHN CROMB,
I. U. JENNINGS,
E. D. CHILDS,
H. STEENERSON,
R. G. MARLETTE,
J. H. MCGLOGAN,
GEO. O. BUHN,
L. D. MARSHALL.

The following resolution was offered by Alderman Childs and seconded by Alderman Marshall:

Resolved, that the common Council of the city of Crookston recognize the ability, fidelity and untiring energy with which our retiring Mayor, Hon. Alexander McKinnon, has served our city in his official capacity for the past two years, and the cheerful assistance he has ever rendered this body in its deliberations.

Now therefore be it resolved, that this Council do hereby express their high appreciation of said services, and tender him a vote of thanks for the same.—Carried unanimously.

On motion Council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Council Proceedings.

Proceedings of a regular meeting of the city council of the city of Crookston held in the city hall on Tuesday evening, April 12th, 1892.

Meeting called to order by President Cromb.

Roll call.

Aldermen present, Buhn, Childs, Jennings, [illegible] Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Schmidt, [illegible] Steenerson, Walker, Cromb.

Aldermen absent, Marshall.

Your committee on ways and means, to whom was referred the matter of Grand Army encampment and the purchase of grounds for park purposes, beg leave to report that the committee met with the citizens committee selected by the council consisting of O. H. [illegible] P. Ellington, A. D. Stephens and [illegible] Sawyer, and that the joint committee elected P. Ellington chairman and as so organized has held several meetings and can report progress in said work but that the matters entrusted to said joint committee require further consideration, and as the term of office of this committee now expires, your committee beg leave to be discharged, and we further recommend that said matter be again referred to the new committee on ways and means when appointed.

H. STEENERSON,
Chairman.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Buhn, that the report be accepted and adopted. Carried.

A. O. Schmidt presented his resignation as fire warden. On motion the same was accepted.

The business of the old council being concluded, the newly elected members took their seats.

A committee of three was appointed to wait on the mayor and inform him that the council was ready to receive any communication which he wished to make.

The mayor appeared before the council and after making a short speech he presented his message, which was read by President Cromb.

The mayor then presented the following appointments for confirmation:

For city comptroller, E. M. Walsh.
For city attorney, Martin O'Brien.
For chief engineer, George Ralph.
For chief of police, Louis Gonyea.
For first patrolman, D. A. Robinson.
For second patrolman, John Vig.

Moved and seconded that the rules be suspended and the confirmation of the appointments be confirmed or rejected. Carried.

On motion the ballot was taken on the confirmation or rejection of E. M. Walsh as comptroller.

Ten ballots cast all in favor of confirmation, and the appointment of E. M. Walsh was declared duly confirmed.

On motion the ballot was taken on the confirmation of Martin O'Brien as city attorney. Ten votes cast, all of which were in favor of confirmation, and Martin O'Brien was duly declared city attorney.

On motion the vote was taken on the confirmation of George Ralph as city engineer. Ten votes cast, all in favor of confirmation, and George Ralph was declared duly confirmed as city engineer.

On motion the ballot was taken on the confirmation of Louis Gonyea as chief of police. Ten votes were cast, all of which were in favor of confirmation, and Louis Gonyea was declared duly confirmed as chief of police.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Anderson, that the confirmation of the patrolman be laid over until the next meeting of the council.

Aldermen voting in the affirmative: Anderson, Jennings, Morrisey, Austin, Cromb.

Aldermen voting in the negative: Childs, Jerome, McGlogan, Marlette, Walker. Motion declared lost.

On motion ballot was taken on confirmation of D. A. Robinson as first patrolman; 10 votes were cast, 10 ayes and 1 nay. The appointment was declared duly confirmed.

The ballot was then taken on the confirmation of John Vig as second patrolman. Ten votes were cast, 5 in favor of confirmation and 5 against. Four ballots [illegible] taken [illegible] resulting as follows: [illegible] the fourth [illegible] confirmation [illegible] and 6 against [illegible] declared rejected [illegible] appointment was declared [illegible]

On motion a president and vice-president were nominated [illegible]

John Cromb [illegible] nominated [illegible] president, and E. D. C[illegible] for vice-president.

Ballot was taken on president, John Cromb receiving [illegible] votes, E. D. Childs 1, John Cromb w[illegible] declared elected as president of the council for the ensuing year.

The ballot was taken on vice-president, 10 votes cast, E. D. Childs receiving 9, I. U. Jennings [illegible] E. D. Childs was declared elected as vice-president for the ensuing year.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The president appointed the following standing committees for the ensuing year:

Ways and means committee, Childs, Walker, Marshall.

Finance committee [illegible] Marshall, Morrisey, Marlette.

Committee [illegible] Anderson, [illegible] Walker, Childs.

Fire committee [illegible] Jerome, [illegible] Jennings, Austin.

Alderman [illegible] made a verbal report on the matter of the fire ordinance which had been referred to the committee at a previous meeting. He stated that there were some sections of the fire ordinance which should be amended and corrected to make it hold in law, and the committee recommended that it be attended to. They also recommended that the office of fire warden be made a paid office, and that he be required to attend to the matters pertaining to his office and report at least twice a year. Also that a more direct communication be made with the pumping station, by telephone or electricity, so that in case of fire it can be signaled at once.

Alderman Jennings reported that he had attended to sending out the petitions relating to the national park, which the council had instructed him to do, and that he had received 29 answers with about 600 signatures, which he had forwarded to Duluth chamber of commerce.

On motion the mayor's message was referred to the finance committee.

The report of Justice Spendley was read and referred to the finance committee.

Moved by Alderman Walker seconded by Alderman Jennings, that the treasurer's report and report of the sinking fund committee be referred to the finance committee. Carried.

The communication from the [illegible] clerk relating to the purchase of the [illegible] site was referred to the finance committee.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey seconded by Alderman Jennings, that when we adjourn it be to meet one week from to-night at the usual hour. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman McGlogan, that the vote whereby the treasurer's report was referred to the finance committee, be so far rescinded as to take up the item of said report relating to the amount of money now in the special sinking fund to the end that the same may be turned over to sinking fund commissioners to be applied so far as the same may be, in repayment of loan taken from said fund and also any other matters relating to said report that may come before this meeting.

Motion declared lost.

Moved by Alderman Morrisey, seconded by Alderman Anderson, that the chair appoint a committee of two to confer with the Great Northern Railway Company relating to the opening and widening of 6th street crossing.—Carried. Chair appointed Aldermen Morrisey and Marshall as that committee.

Alderman Jerome excused.

On motion the clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for the city printing for the ensuing year. Bids to be opened on Tuesday the 10th day of May, 1892.

Applications were received from the following parties to sell intoxicating liquors: Bergquist & Morberg, Dahle & Bergstrom, Asselin & Sylvester. On motion the applications were accepted and the Clerk instructed to give the proper publications.

On motion the bonds of the applicants were referred to the city attorney for examination, to report at next meeting.

Bonds were presented by E. C. Carruth, H. N. Tweten, Henry Shepard.

On motion the bonds were accepted and approved.

The city engineer brought up the matter of approving the street grades.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman McGlogan, that the matter of street grades in hands of the city engineer, of the different wards be referred to the aldermen of the different wards for examination and to report at the next meeting. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman Morrisey, that a cross walk be established from the N. E. to the N. W. corner of Main street and Euclid avenue in the 5th ward.—Carried.

Moved by Alderman Childs, seconded by Alderman McGlogan, that the cross walk be laid under the direction of the aldermen of the aldermen of the 5th ward.—Carried.

Moved by Alderman Jennings, seconded by Alderman Anderson, that a cross walk be laid across Robert street in line with west side of Maple street, same to be laid under the direction of the aldermen of the first ward.—Carried.

On motion council adjourned.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

Mentor Items.

Don't fall in the newly dug cellar in front of Messrs. Moe & Buhn's store.

Rev. Mr. Currie, of Euclid, was in town on Sunday attending the burial of the infant son of Mr. John Tice.

Mr. Charles Attix left for Grand Forks on business Thursday. He will be absent some days.

Work has commenced in earnest on the new church here, hoping our friends will show their liberality in the good work.

Mr. C. C. Cotten opened his house for the Glee Club on Friday evening. An enjoyable time was spent.

A good joke is told on one of our townsmen who went to Maple Lake to fish. Casting his bait he got a bite. Oh! thought he, this fish must be a whale. He pulled and hauled for some time and finally landed his prize on shore. A pretty muddy looking whale this, thought he; but when he got part of the mud and moss cleaned away his whale proved to be Free Grist.

MICK.

Maple Bay Items.

The farmers are anxiously looking for spring for two reasons, fodder is getting short and they think it will be very late before seeding is finished on account of so much water. But, farmers, be ready to commence after the 15th. Spring will come then in earnest.

We were down to Woodside after the snow storm and we found that one foot of mud and eight inches snow does not make the best of wheeling. It is good to have short-horn cattle but not short-legged one in such roads as these.

Harry Klinger shot that wolf that had his eye on their sheep.

Our People's Party meeting of the 29th was a success. W. N. Godfrey was made president, Gilbert Iverson vice president, D. I. Mitchell secretary and P. S. Medchill treasurer.

We have some more important items but are unable to get them in this week.

The material is all on hand for the construction of the new parsonage at the Bay.

The Dugdale boys were down to the Bay fishing to-day. The fish played dodge on the boys a good deal.

We were looking over our seed wheat. It is fine—I mean the pure Scotch Fife that the Hon. Mr. Pilsbury sent out last spring. We got 3 bu. from which we raised 52 bu. that we are going to seed this spring. We say, long live Mr. Pilsbury. We are very grateful for his kindness.

A MAPLE BAYIAN.

A 100-year-old bearing orange tree, from San Gabriel, is one of the exhibit announced from California.

NOTICE

CROOKSTON, Minn., Apr. 1st, '92.

All accounts or notes due us must be paid before May 15th, 1892. After that date they will be placed with Miller & Foote for settlement.

LEE & HERRICK.

Herding.

The undersigned will be prepared to herd cattle, sheep and colts in the town of Kertsonville during the coming season at 25 cents per head per month. Sheep, 25 cents per head for the season. Address, MOSES F. TRUDEAU, Gentilly post-office. [52-2]

Good Farm For Sale.

The S W ¼ Sec. 24, Town 149, R. 48, about 10 miles from Crookston and 8 miles from Fisher; 60 acres broke, with a creek running through the place giving a good supply of water all the year round; no building on the place.

Apply for the information and price, Grand Forks, box 282, N. Dakota.

[48-51]

Charley Vine is kept as busy as a bee cutting up meats to supply his increasing trade.

Try Charlie Vine's meat market once. He will make it an object for you to call and leave an order.

ESTRAY.

Left my place in the town of Liberty, on Tuesday, March 29th, one white pony gelding weighing about 900, with red spots (looks like a circus horse) and one bay pony gelding with white star in forehead, weighs about 700 pounds. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the ponies to E. Winslow, or address me at Fertile post office.

[51-1] E. WINSLOW.

Crookston Nurseries.

I have a New Catalogue and Card just issued, giving reduced prices of Trees, Tree Seeds and Small Fruits, for Spring planting, which will be sent free by mail to anyone making application.

FRANK T. HASELTINE,
[50-tf] Crookston, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,
County of Polk,
City of Crookston, } ss.

Notice is given, that applications have been made in writing to the City Council of the City of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 25th 1892, and terminating on April 24th 1893, by the following persons and at the following places as stated in said applications respectively, to-wit: Bergquist & Morberg, in the one-story frame building on lot 9 block 3 Fletcher & Houston's addition to the City of Crookston.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council of the City of Crookston, at the regular meeting in the City Hall in said City of Crookston in Polk County, on Tuesday the 10th day of May, 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 13th day of April A. D. 1892.

(Seal) E. C. CARRUTH,
[52-1] City City.

STATE OF MINNESOTA
County of Polk
City of Crookston. } ss.

Notice is hereby given, that applications have been made in writing to the City Council of said City of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for License to Sell Intoxicating Liquors for the term commencing on April 25, 1892, and terminating on April 24, 1893, by the following persons and at the following places as stated in said applications respectively, to-wit: Dahle & Bergstrom, in the one-story frame building on lot 1 block 16 Original Townsite.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council of the City of Crookston, at the city hall in the City of Crookston in Polk County, on the 10th day of May, 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 13th day of April A. D. 1892.

(Seal) E. C. CARRUTH,
[52-1] City Clerk.

STATE OF MINNESOTA
County of Polk,
City of Crookston. } ss.

Notice is hereby given that applications have been made in writing to the City Council of said City of Crookston and filed in my office praying for License to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 25, 1892, and termination on April 24, 1893, by the following persons, and at the following places as stated in said applications respectively, to-wit: Asselin & Sylvestre, in the building at present occupied by the Tribune office on lots 17 & 18 in block 8 of Fletcher & Houston's addition to the City of Crookston.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council of the City of Crookston, at the city hall in the City of Crookston in Polk County, on the 10th day of May, 1893, at 8 o'clock, p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 13th day of April A. D. 1892.

(Seal) E. C. CARRUTH,
[52-1] City Clerk.

FRANK IVES, Notary Public and U. S. Com's'r.
D. E. HATLESTAD, District Court Commissioner

IVES & HATLESTAD,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

CROOKSTON, - - - - MINN

Will practice in all the courts and before the U. S. Land Office at Crookston and Washington. Pensions and Soldiers' Claims and Patents carefully and promptly adjusted.

We loan money on improved farms and city property and have facilities for placing large loans at low rate of interest. We give special attention to collection and all commercial business pertaining to our profession.

KOPS BRO'S

105 Third Street,

GRAND FORKS, N. DAKOTA

PIANOS
ORGANS

WEBER, HAINES BROS, KURTZMANN, MATHUSHEK, McCAMMON PIANOS, Estey and Chicago Cottage Organs. New Upright Pianos from $250 to $1,000, on terms of $10 to $25 per month. New Organs from $60 to $250 on terms of $5 to $10 per month. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write for catalogue and prices. KOPS BROS, Grand Forks, N. D.

L. E. GOSSMAN,

Attorney-at-Law,

No. 2 Fournet Block. CROOKSTON, MINN.

Farm to Rent!

A fine farm of 480 acres about three miles from city, from 275 to 300 acres for crop, will rent with teams and machinery if desired. This is a good opportunity for a young man to make a start in farming business, or for a man and wife. Will not rent to a man with large family as owner intends to occupy part of the house. For particulars call at JOURNAL office. [59-52]

Bids for City Printing.

Sealed bids, accompanied by bonds, will be received by the city council of the city of Crookston until Tuesday, May 10, 1892, for the purpose of doing all the city printing and furnishing stationery for the ensuing year.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

E. C. CARRUTH,
[52-3] City Clerk.

W. A. ROBERTSON

D. D. S.

Graduate of Dental Department of the University of Maryland.

OPERATIVE AND MECHANICAL

DENTIST.

N. B. Nitrous Oxide Gas, (Laughing Gas) administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

OFFICE IN McKINNON BLOCK.

A. A. JUST, M. D.,

Homoeopath Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN

McKinnon Block, Crookston

P. J. RUSSELL,

Attorney-t-Law

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Next to Merchants' Bank.

NEW CIGAR STORE

SIGN OF THE BIG INDIAN.

H. F. BROWN, Proprietor.

Second Street,

CROOKSTON, MINN

Cigars of every known brand, from a cheroot to a 25 center. Cigarettes, Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos of all kinds, Snuff, Pipes to suit the fancy of all, from a corn-cob pipe to a meerschaum.

CALL IN.

SALE of STATE LANDS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, LAND OFFICE.

SAINT PAUL, Minn., March 24, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer at Public Sale at the County Auditor's office in Crookston on May 25th 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m.; on the terms prescribed by law, the State Lands, in Polk County that have been appraised and are unsold, or that have been sold and forfeited by by reason of failure to pay inerest for two or more years.

Lists of the lands to be offered may be seen at the Auditor's office for ten days prior to the sale.

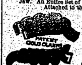
A. BIERMANN,
Commissioner of the State Land Office.
[50-4]

DENTISTRY

Artificial Teeth and Roofless Plates.

BY NEW PATENT.

Don't Have Teeth Extracted if Two Teeth or Roots Remain in Proper Position in Either Jaw. An Entire Set of Teeth can be Attached to them.



The teeth never tip or drop down while eating, talking or laughing, the gold clasps admitting of tightening or loosening in all cases.

This new method for inserting where as discovered by experimenting, patented February 11th, 1890 and I am now able to make perfect fits for all.

This process is absolutely without pain and at a price within the reach of all.

Call on me before you have your teeth extracted as I make a specialty of Removable Bridge, and Roofless Plates. A perfect fit guaranteed in every case. Gold fillings inserted. Vitalized air and electricity for painless operations.

DR. J. H. THOMAS.

Owns Polk County, Minn., for this patent.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

(First publication March 31st, 1892.)
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Jennie Kelly and Alfred D. Kelly, her husband, Mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 25th day of October, A. D. 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 4:15 o'clock p. m., in book 26 of mortgages, on pages 389 to 392; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1889; $25.50 that became due April 25th 1890; $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1890; $35.50 that became due April 25th, 1891, and $25.50 that became due October 25th, 1891;

And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: Ten hundred Nine and 60-100 ($1009.60) Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The north-east quarter (ne¼) of section nineteen (19) Township one hundred forty-nine (149) Range forty-two (42), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, all of said premises situated and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County and State, on

MONDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 25th, A. D. 1892.

Northwestern Guaranty
Loan Company,
Mortgagee.

S. M. HOUGHTON,
Attorney for mortgagee.
[50-4] (N.G.103)

S. L. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR OF

MAIN STREET

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

CORNER MAIN AND FOURTH STS, WEST SIDE,

Crookston, - - - - Minnesota.

Horses bought and sold on commission.
Everything neat and nobby.
Feeding a specialty.

FINE HEARSE

In connection which I will attend to in person

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE

For gentlemen is a fine Calf Shoe, made seamless, of the best leather produced in this country. There are no tacks or wax threads to hurt the feet, and is made as smooth inside as a hand-sewed shoe. It is as stylish, easy fitting and durable as custom-made shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00, and acknowledged to be the

Best in the World for the price.

For GENTLEMEN.	
$5.00	Genuine Hand-Sewed.
$4.00	Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe.
$3.50	Police and Farmer.
$2.50	Extra Value Calf Shoe.
$2.25	Working-man's Shoe.
$2.00	Goodwear Shoe.

For LADIES.	
$3.00	Hand-Sewed.
$2.50	Best Dongola.
$2.00	Calf and Dongola.
$1.75	For MISSES.

For BOYS' & YOUTH'S.
$2 & $1.75
SCHOOL SHOES.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.

IT IS A DUTY you owe to yourself and your family, during these hard times, to get the most value for your money. You can economize in your footwear if you purchase W. L. Douglas' Shoes, which, without question, represent a greater value for the money than any other makes.

CAUTION. W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe, which protects the consumer against high prices and inferior shoes. Beware of dealers who acknowledge the superiority of W. L. Douglas' Shoes by attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent, and subject to prosecution by law, for obtaining money under false pretences. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by Fontaine & Anglim.

CROOKSTON STEAM LAUNDRY

O. D. ROOD, Prop.,

SECOND STREET, NEAR ASH,

Opposite Commercial Hotel.)

I have just added New Machinery and Facilities for doing

Washing and Ironing

Upon the Shortest Notice in the Best Manner and upon the Most Reasonable Terms.

All Those Wanting

FAMILY WASHING

Done will find it to their interest to call at the Laundry. Goods called for and delivered.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

THE

Great Transcontinental Route

Passes through Wisconsin, Minnesota North Dakota, Manitoba, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

The Dining Car Line

Dining cars are run between Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Butte, Helena, Tacoma, Seattle and Portland.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CAR ROUTE.

Pullman service daily between Chicago, St. Paul, Montana and the Pacific Northwest; and between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Minnesota, North Dakot and Manitoba points.

THE POPULAR LINE.

Daily Express Trains carry elegant Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars, Day Coaches, Pullman Tourist Sleepers and Free Colonist Sleeping Cars.

YELLOWSTONE PARK ROUTE.

The Northern Pacific R. R. is the rail line to Yellowstone Park; the popular line to California and Alaska; and its trains pass through the grandest scenery of seven states.

THROUGH TICKETS

Are sold at all coupon offices of the Northern Pacific Railroad to points North, East, South and West, in the United States and Canada.

For rates, maps, time tables, or special information, apply to

CHAS. A. SHARKEY,
Agent Northern Pacific R. R.,
Crookston, Minn.

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

THE PIONEER HARNESS SHOP,

M. RAUENBUEHLR, Proprietor.

A full supply of everything kept by the trade.

Cor of Broadway and Third Sts,
CROOKSTON, MINN

MILLER & FOOTE,

ATTY'S-AT-LAW,

McKinnon Block, - Crookston, Minn.

If it is a choice steak or roast you want call on Chas. Vine, Broadway & Robert.

STUDY LAW

AT HOME.

Take a Course in the Sprague Correspondence School of Law. Send ten cents (stamps) for particulars to J. COTNER, Jr., Sec., No. 80 Whitney Block DETROIT, MICH.

DR. M. WATTS.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office over Merchants' Bank,
Professional calls by or day night

NEW BARBER SHOP.

On Main St. C. E. MISNER, Prop.

Invites your patronage. Everything in the very latest style of the art.

RAZORS HONED.

If you desire your Razor Honed and cannot bring it, send it to me with 30 cents and your name and address and I will hone and return it.

Yours Respectfully,
C. E. MISNER.

G. G. HENAULT

Practical Dentist

SECOND STREET,

CROOKSTON, - - MINN

OFFICE IN DOBSON'S BLOCK.

All work in my line skilfully and promptly performed. Give me a call.

G. G. HENAULT.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, April 14, 1892.

'Round Home.

Wheat—1 Hard 66.
1 Northern 65.
2 Northern 59.
3 Northern 55.

T. H. Bjoin started for Iowa last week after another carload of horses.

The weather for the past week has not been very conducive to an early spring.

H. L. Zutsh was down from Red Lake Falls this week, on the lookout for a farm to rent.

Miss Inez McGrew went out to Fosston last week to see about a school for the coming season.

Fred Davis, "our Fred," was down from Euclid last week chatting with friends as lively as a cricket.

M. W. Davis & Son came down from Euclid last week and purchased a pair of fine mares of M. R. Brown.

Jim Bain came up from Fisher on Saturday to buy one of those good solid working teams at M. R. Brown's.

Senator Burkhardt came up from Wabasha County last week to visit with his son Rudy and friends in this city.

A. M. Childs went over to Grand Forks last Friday to attend a banquet given by the N. Y. Life Insurance folks.

H. B. Budd was up from Edna on Thursday last limping around from the effects of a recent injury. He was just as good looking as ever and as jolly.

Rev. R. H. Battey went down to Fertile on Friday evening to deliver a lecture, the proceeds of which goes to aid in building the new Congregational church at Mentor.

M. R. Brown returned on Friday with another carload of fine Iowa mares—which makes the eighth or ninth carload this spring, and if this carload is not enough he will go again. Call and see this lot.

The new hail insurance company, located in the Rickett Block, starts in with bright prospects, having lots of business secured in the outset. It will pay all our friends who contemplate insuring against hail to call and see them.

Dr. M. Leguee has gone to Park Rapids, in Hubbard Co., on professional business to be gone a week or ten days. The doctor is kept busy almost constantly attending to his veterinary work. He has the reputation of being one of the best in the business.

The weather during the past week has April fooled almost everybody on their fuel calculations, and the dealers in wood and coal have reaped the benefit. Wood has been a very scarce article while coal has pursued the even tenor of its way at the same old prices.

Mr. Carpenter, of Larsen, Carpenter & Co., spent a portion of last week interviewing St. Paul and Minneapolis agricultural implement dealers. Says the warehouses are nearly all empty so great has been the demand in this line this spring. L. C. & Co. have sold 100 drills already and could have sold 125 more if they could have got them. Their trade in other lines has also been excellent this spring.

The Journal regrets to learn of the death of A. H. Baker, which occurred at Grand Rapids, Mich., on March 30th. Mr. Baker was for some time a resident of Norman County and represented this district in the Legislature. Mr. Baker was superintendent of the soldiers' home at Grand Rapids at the time of his death, was 57 years old and had many friends in this community who will regret to learn of his death. He leaves a son and daughter.

Easter services at 11 a. m. and 8 p.m. next Sunday at the Congregational church. Everyone cordially invited. Morning subject: "The Debt of the World to the Resurrected Christ;" evening "The Battle of Life and Our Resurrection Hopes." Special interest centers in Easter Sabbath and let this joyful occasion find all members and worshipers and their friends present in our sanctuary early to spend the hours of service in joyful praise.

The farmer who sows the White Russian oats has two chances for a market for them. In the first place, if you have a fine sample they can be sold for oat meal, and if not so good they are all right for feed. Black oats are no good for oat meal and the ordinary white oats not very much better as they are usually too small. The White Russian comes nearest to filling the bill and as there are plenty for seed in the county every farmer can raise them if he will.

A. E. Brush, of Angus, was in the city last week looking for a hired girl for which he was offering fancy wages. Says he cannot account for the low prices of wheat this spring in view of the prospects for a shortage in spring wheat here and the fact that the winter wheat is almost a failure everywhere. He has recently returned from a trip through some of the principal winter wheat states and says he did not see one good piece on his travels—some of it utterly ruined and when we come to consider the probability that the Valley will not raise more than 50 per cent. its [illegible] crop, he thinks wheat should be [illegible] higher, and we coincide [illegible] this view.

Mrs. Geo. W. Tice came down from Mentor on Monday evening.

Governor Merriam has designated Monday, May 2d, as Arbor Day.

Dr. C. E. Dampier was registered at a prominent St. Paul hotel last week.

Do you know that J. W. Wheeler has money to loan at reasonable rates and no long waits for the money to come from some place? He has it on hand ready for delivery as soon as the papers are made out.

Elsewhere we note the organization of the Minnesota Hail association, a home company, with headquarters at Crookston. Later we will take occasion to tell our readers who the incorporators are and what they intend to do.

Marshall County Leader:—A grand encampment of the G. A. R. will be held at Crookston for a week in July. The arrangements are being made on a large scale and it is expected that from ten to fifteen thousand people will be assembled there. Frank Barager commander of the post here, says the boys are all going.

Prof. Carruth informs us that Prof. Kiehle will open a training school for teachers in this city on July 11th, for the instruction of teachers in Marshal, Polk and Norman counties and, he desires us to say that he expects to see every teacher in this county in attendance. The school will be conducted by able instructors and will continue four weeks.

Postmaster Dawley's report to the Postmaster General on Wednesday a. m might have read something like this: "New assistant postmaster for this office—arrived at my house last night—regulation weight—duly registered as second-class male matter—taking my estimate of his value this should entitle this office to all of the privileges of a first-class office."

A St. Vincent special of the 11th inst. says: The Red river is now over the banks and has begun flooding the towns of St. Vincent and Emerson. The river is about 40 feet above low water mark and still rising, and the ice is not yet gone out. A rise of one foot more will cover the town of Emerson. The indications are that the disastrous flood of 1880 will be repeated.

The grand opening of new spring millinery at Mrs. E. E. Bangs' was the delight of the ladies of Crookston and vicinity. Words fail to describe the many attractions of the display, but when we say that Mrs. Bangs had the world we speak literally correct, for she did have it—suspended from a wire in her show window. She has a fine display of millinery, and invites the attention of our lady readers to it.

County Commissioner C. P. DeMers dropped into our den on Friday to assure us that he could not get along without The Journal and as an evidence put up one-and-one-half simoleons—said to be worth 70 cents on the dollar, but as everything goes with us we did not kick on the extra 30. Mr. DeMers says there is more water in his country this spring than he ever before and he does not think much seeding will be done this month.

Our reporter passed the show window of Veronneau & Adams during the great opening display of spring millinery, and such a crowd of delighted ladies as he saw therein dismayed him—he did not dare to go in and interview the firm on that occasion, but from the display of ribbons, and hats, and trimmings, and flowers that he saw, and the expressions of delight that he heard, he formed the opinion that the display was a very creditable one; afterward we overheard one lady purchaser remark: "How exceedingly cheap those lovely goods are this spring!" The ladies, Miss Veronneau and Mrs. Adams, desire to thank their lady patrons for their liberal patronage so far, and assure them that they will do their best to merit a continuance of the same.

The following brief letter from T. H. Bjoin, from Ridgeway, Iowa, explains itself:

"I will be in Crookston on Thursday evening, April 14th, with a car load of extra heavy work horses and mares. Kindly invite all Journal readers and others who may want good teams, to call and see this lot.

Respectfully yours,
T. H. Bjoin.

The recent advance of 7 cents in the price of wheat in about a week's time was due principally to the unfavorable condition of the weather in the southwestern and some portions of the western states. Winter wheat has been damaged to such an extent in those sections as to insure an appreciable decrease in the wheat yield of the United States for 1892. The weather bureau at Washington has figured out, from the present crop conditions, that the damage already done will decrease the yield at least 200,000,000 bushels. In former years, with similar crop conditions and weather in April as have existed during the present month, the price of wheat has advanced on an average, about 11 cents, so it is reasonable to suppose that the top of the market for this spring has not been reached. Over-estimation of the shortage of crops in foreign countries for the past year, and an under estimate of the amount of grain produced in the U. S. for the same period, were the principal causes which tended to lower and keep prices in this country. But now that the wheat speculators have begun to figure on the crop conditions and probable yield for this year the market has become firm and prices are steadily advancing.

BUY A FARM

I have some of the best land

IN

Polk County

In my hands for sale

CHEAP!

And you can make prices and terms to suit you. Write me for lists.

L. F. Menage,

14-89] Minneapolis, Minn.

The committee of arrangements for the Grand Army reunion next summer are preparing to raise the amount necessary to carry out the program and every public-spirited citizen should be prepared, when waited upon to cheerfully respond to the call. Aside from other considerations it will be such an advertisement of our city as we have seldom if ever had as, in all probability thousands of strangers will be in attendance during the encampment. There are also other weighty considerations of a financial nature that should be an inducement even if a person should feel no special interest in the welfare of our city. Every citizen of Crookston should lend a cheerful hand in aid of this matter and contribute as liberally as his means will permit.

Frank Bruce was in last week to set that subscription ahead a peg and told us of his recent loss by fire, reference to which was made in these columns a few weeks since. It seems that he lost everything he had in the house as, by the time the neighbors arrived the fire was so hot nothing could be saved. He was two miles away when he saw the house in flames and hastened home to find that his wife, who had been quite ill for some time, had succeeded in getting safely out. He had his summer's flour, pork and potatoes stored in the house and cellar all of which was totally destroyed except about 10 pounds of pork and that was roasted elegantly. Though the loss was a severe one he does not seem discouraged but is going bravely to work to repair the damages. Says his wife is very much better since the fire and is recovering rapidly. Though severe medicine to take he thinks it was beneficial.

A NEW ELEVATOR COMPANY.

The Farmers' Protective Association has decided to launch a new elevator company and at a recent meeting steps were taken to that end, and after some discussion the following schedule was agreed upon:

1. The name of this corporation shall be The Northwestern Farmers' Protective Elevator Company.
2. The object of the corporation is to erect their own elevator in Duluth or West Superior for storing, shipping, handling or selling grain.
3. The principal place of business of the corporation shall be at Grand Forks, North Dakota.
4. The term for the corportion to exist shall be twenty years.
5. The Number of directors shall be eleven, and the directors now elected to serve until their successors are elected and qualified. They are as follows:

Ole O Haugerud, Grafton, N. D.
H. H. Storm, Hillsboro, N. D.
Andrew Steenerson, Climax, Minn.
W. J. Anderson, Grand Forks, N. D.
Thos. Ulven, Grand Forks, N. D.
A. O. Heglie, Walcott.
Ole Aune, Fertile Minn.
A. Braseth, Dwight, N. D.
Ole H. Brenna, Grand Forks N. D.
John O. Fadden, Grand Forks, N. D.

6. The capital stock of the company shall be two hundred thousand dollars, divided into shares of twenty-five dollars each. No person can hold more than forty shares.
7. Stock shall be non-assesable and non-transferable, except to members of The Northwestern Farmers' Protective Association.
8. The first general meeting is to be held the last Tuesday in June, 1892.

Assistant Secretary Nettleton, of the treasury department, denies the rumor that he intends to resign his position, and has again resumed his duties after a brief absence from Washington.

The president has issued a proclamation directing to be opened to settlement on April 15, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon, the surplus lands of the Sisseton and Wahpeton reservations in the Dakotas. The lands to be opened aggregate 574,257 acres. Register Potter of the Fargo land office, where a large portion of the lands will be filed on, is very sick at New Orleans and writes President Harrison that he will be unable to be at Fargo by the 15th, which may necessitate the appointment of another register, or the postponement of the opening of the reservation. Large numbers of land-seekers are on the ground awaiting the opening.

—("We have no trash, don't keep it.")—

SOMETHING NEW ABOUT CARPETS

DO YOU NEED—Are you going to buy any CARPETS this summer?
DO YOU WANT to select from an assortment that is larger than any other two stocks in town?
DO YOU WANT THE LATEST and CHOICEST STYLES?
DO YOU WANT to buy a good quality 36 inch Hemp Carpet at 18c per yard?
DO YOU WANT Your CARPETS cut without waste?
DO YOU WANT your CARPETS sewed ready to lay?
DO YOU WANT any WINDOW SHADES or WINDOW CURTAINS, Brass Rods or Brass Fixtures, Wood Poles or Wood Fixtures?

—AND ABOVE ALL—

DO YOU WANT to pay less than you can buy inferior goods for elsewhere?

THEN—CALL—ON—US.

FONTAINE & ANGLIM,
Leaders in Low Prices on Quality.

Very large congregations have attended the Baptist church since the settlement of the new pastor. Next Sunday night the sermon on "The sin of Unbelief," will be illustsated by blackboard and chemical test. Services are changed to following hours: Preaching service Sunday 11 a. m. and 8 p.m.; Bible school at 12:15 p.m.; young people's meeting at 7 p.m. Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 p.m.

Subscriptions to stock in the new Farmers' Elevator Company are now being taken and if the business is properly conducted it will, we think prove the best investment ever made by the farmers. It will at least settle definitely the question as to where the profits in the wheat raising business have gone during the past years. A line of elevators owned and controlled by the farmers would bring the Red River Valley farmer in direct communication with the consumer in England and give the farmer whatever profit there has been in handling his wheat. Under ordinary circumstances and in a competing market the wisdom of this movement might be questioned but under the existing circumstances we believe this movement is a wise one providing it is properly managed.

Charlie Vine is not doing any bragging but he is just simply selling the choicest cuts in the market. Try him.

Home Office,
Minnesota Hail Association,
Crookston, Minn., April 7, 1892

At a meeting of the board of directors consisting of the following named gentlemen—C. H. Warren, Pres.; F. D. Lord, vice-pres., and field manager; C. L. Graber, secretary; L. C. Couverette, F. Bivins and T. J. McAdams, the following business was transacted.

The by-laws governing the association were read by the secretary and after being duly considered were, with a single amendment, adopted. On motion, Mr. Hugh Thompson, of Fisher, was made treasurer of the association, and the Merchant's National Bank of Crookston was made general depository of association funds. The association has taken a lease for a term of 8 months for for office purposes of rooms 23 and 24 in the building known as the Rickett block, corner 2nd and Main st. and as soon as the necessary books and blanks can be printed will be ready for action. There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned to meet again at 7 p. m. [illegible]

Don't Be Backward

ABOUT

COMING FORWARD.

AND SECURING SOME OF THE

BARGAINS

OFFERED HERE BY

E. M. Walsh,

Real Estate Broker,

I. O. O. F. Block, Crookston, Minn.

320 ACRES in Angus Township, 255 acres cultivated, 50 acres pasture, fenced, good farm buildings, 110 acres ready for seeding, 4 horses and harnesses, 2 wagons, 2 seeders, binder, gang plow, seeders, etc, all for $5,000, part cash, balance on easy terms.

80 ACRES adjoining city of Crookston, well cultivated, suitable for marke garden. A bonanza for the right man and can be had for $3,000

1,000 ACRES, five miles from city, first-class buildings, 200 acres cultivated, 200 acres Timothy, pasture fenced. Nothing better for dairy or stock farm. A snap at $12,000.

240 ACRE FARM in Town of Crookston; good farm buildings, well improved and only $20 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM in Euclid Topnship. Good farm buildings, 300 acres cultivated, 200 acres ready for seeding. Cheap at $4,000.

160 ACRES in Sec. 18, Town of Angus, partly improved, fine rich soil. Only $10 per acre.

320 ACRES land in Town of Lo[illegible]isville, well loc[illegible]ted near R. R. station, and near Red Lake River. Only $1,900 on long time.

160 ACRES good Farm Land in Grove Park, [illegible] acres cultivated, two miles from R. R. station, one-half mi[illegible] from school A Bargain at $800.

ANOTHER Quarter Section in Grove Park, good farm buildings, good water, 30 acres cultivated, 40 acres pasture, o[illegible] half mile from R. R. station, school and church. Cheap at $8.00 per acre.

SIX first-class farms in Town of Lambert, one of the be[illegible]st Townships in Polk County, from $600 to $1,200 each, well adapted for m[illegible]ixed farming. Look this up. Sure to find something to suit.

SECTION 21, Andover Township, every foot of which can be cultivated, only 5 miles from Crookston. Cheap at $12.50 per acre.

200 ACRE FARM in Fairfax, four miles from Crookston, 180 acres cultivated. Cheap buildings, easy terms. A bargain at $2,400.

TWO first-class farms in Lowell, two miles from city of Crookston, good farm buildings, artesian well, high state of cultivation. One at $28 and the other at $20 per acre.

THREE fine farms in town of Sanders. All near R. R. station, good soil. Most of them partly improved and are to be had at $6.00 per acre. Easy terms.

GOOD STOCK FARM, with good house and barn, 160 acres, two miles from Thief River Falls. Only $1,0[illegible]0, one-third cash, balance long time.

HALF Section Land, Town of Reis, two miles from R. R. station, 180 acres under cultivation, 76 acres ready for seeding in spring. Good house and barn, artesian water. Cheap at $2,500, one-quarter cash, balance 5 years time.

160 ACRES in Town of Godfrey. Good land, near railroad. Only $5.00 per acre.

160 ACRES Town of Gervais. This land is on the Red Lake River. Some good timber and partly improved and is cheap at $9 per acre.

ANOTHER piece in Town of Gervais, four miles from Red Lake Falls $950.

320 ACRE FARM in Parnell, six miles from Crookston, well improved, good buildings. Can be had for $3,000.

TWO good farms in town of Fanny, two miles from railroad station. Partly improved. Only $6.00 per acre.

320 ACRE FARM only one-half mile from St. Hilaire and is offered at $8.00 per acre, easy terms.

160 ACRES in Town of Crookston; four miles from city, and only $1,000.

ANOTHER piece in same town, well improved and can be had for $1,850 on easy terms.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Kertsonville, two miles from railroad station, partly improved. Cheap—no mistake. Only $1,200 and on easy terms.

TWO good farms in Town of Liberty, 160 acres each. $750 buys either.

320 ACRE FARM in Town of Roome. Fine state of cultivation. Good farm buildings. 170 acres ready for seeding in spring. Dirt cheap at $4,000, one-half cash, balance to suit. Stock and farm machinery can also be bought cheap.

TWO good farms in Town of Louisville can be had for $959 each. Easy terms, long time.

This is the Cap-sheaf of All!

520 ACRES land, 8 miles from Fisher, all under cultivation, 420 acres ready for seeding. Good farm buildings. Good water. $25 per acre takes this, and will throw in 20 head horses and harnesses, 7 wagons, 4 binders, 2 mowers, 2 rakes, 4 gang plows, 2 harrows, new press drill, 2 sleds, 2 cows, full set Blacksmith tools and small farm implements. $8,000 cash and balance long time at 7 per cent.

Patti Rosa.

The management of the Grand opera house has effected an arrangement with the brilliant comedienne, Patti Rosa, to appear here next Monday night in her comedy, "Dolly Varden." This engagement will afford the chief event of the season here. Patti Rosa is known and admired from one end of the country to the other, and has played successful engagements in England and Australia as well. She has one of the best companies traveling, and the entire performance is spoken of in the highest terms by the critics of Chicago, New York, Boston, San Francisco and other cities. A crowded house should greet this famous star.

Euclid Items.

A brand new boy arrived at the residence of Mr. Crapo on Monday, 4th.

Mr. Carrol has rented the n. e. ¼ sec. 32, R. 47, Tp. 152, belonging to Robert Casmey.

On the south bound G. N. mixed train near Donladson the other day, a tough was put off the train because he did not have a ticket. He subsequently sued the railroad for $5000 damages and secured $500 and that was $500 more than he ought to have had.

Mr. Easby was in Crookston Monday. When asked about his experieice as a farmer he said: "If I were to farm again I would not plow as deep as I did last year. I believe that the stand of grain will be just as good and am positive that it will get ripe two weeks earlier than otherwise.

E. Taylor & Co. have just received a large stock of ladies' and children's hats. Also a lot of hardware.

Farmers do not think they will begin seeding until May 1st.

Tim Lurusk lost a valuable mare Monday.

Wm. Brandt's Iowa horses are down with distemper.

Wild geese and ducks are very numerous this season.

Fully six inches of snow fell here Monday.

There are a few light fingered and big muscled people about this neighborhood who, if found out, will be very apt to go over the road. Someone broke into Mr. P. Losey's house at the farm on or about March 30th and broke out the window glass, tipped over the cupboard, demolished a stove and chopped and hammered an oil can full of oil, a new dishpan and several other things were demolished. At about the same time someone broke into the old Charley Misner house which was tenanted by Mick Tracey last season and stole a broom, a few lamp chimneys and several other things. A clue has been obtained and if caught the culprits will be severely dealt with.

Harry and Nelly Chapin departed for Crookston Tuesday where they will visit Clide and Grace Chapin for a few days.

The sick are keeping Dr. Chapin hustling while the roads are fit for it.

Fred Hadley is getting there with both feet now-a-days.

Several of the grades are badly washed out making travelling very dangerous.

Miss Nellie McAvoy, of Crookston is about to take the Angus school for the coming term.

Mr. Pyatt is going to make his home in Euclid in a short time he has rented his farm in Michigan. They are coming mainly for the benefit of his wife's health.

Wills Misner made a flying trip to Crookston Friday.

Charley Jose, of Argyle was in the city last week.

Celeste Cronkite, of Warren, is visiting friends in the city.

There is a certain cooley out west wh[illegible]re the farmers are rather inclined to go [illegible] bathing, thirteen teams being stuck in [illegible] one day.

Mr. Fargo, [illegible] Tim Biever, Miss Maggie [illegible] Rusch and Billie Davidson all in Crookston Friday. Fred.

See Charlie Vine for choice meats of all kinds.

A new Directory was elected by the Exposition stockholders on April 2. With seven exception the members of last year's Directory were re-elected.

Always on hand, anything you want in the line of choice fresh meats, at Charlie Vine's.

Wisconsin will have a $30,000 building at the Fair. Building material to the value of $13,000 has been donated and the contract for erection has been let for $17,000.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining unclaimed at the Crookston, Minn. Post Office for week ending April 9, 189[illegible]. Johnson, Miss Lina; [illegible] Lee Oskar; [illegible] Letnes John [illegible]; McDonald [illegible]; Raymond, J. R. [illegible]; Sterman [illegible]. Persons calling for the above please say advertised. W. H. DAWLEY, P. M.

CROOKSTON, MINN.

NORTH

WEST — GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY LINE — EAST

SOUTH

MONTANA EXPRESS—DAILY.

West			East
7:40 p m De.	St Paul	Ar.	6:55 a m
2:30 a m "	Fergus Falls	"	11:25 p m
4:47 a m "	Glyndon	"	9:36 p m
7:15 a m "	CROOKSTON	"	7:25 p m
8:40 a m "	Grand Forks	"	6:20 p m
9:45 a m "	Larimore	"	5:06 p m
12: 1 p m "	Devils Lake	"	2:55 a m
7:00 p m Ar.	Butte	De.	7:30 a m

ST. VINCENT BRANCH—Daily except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a m — Arrive 6:45 p m

FOSSTON BRANCH—Daily except Sunday.
Depart 7:30 a m — Arrive 5:00 p m

ST. HILAIRE BRANCH—Monday Wed. & Friday.
Depart 10:45 a m — Arrive 3:00 p m

GRAND FORKS' ACCOMMODATION.
Arrive 9:20 a m — Depart 7:55 p m

The only road in the Northwest making connections at St. Paul and Minneapolis in Union Depots with morning trains for Chicago and South. Dining and Sleeping cars on all through trains. Tickets for sale to all principal places, and baggage checked to destination.

W. W. FAGAN, Agent.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

TIME SCHEDULE.

	Leave Crookston Daily.	Arrive Crookston Daily.
For Duluth, Ashland, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago, and all points East and South	10:08 p. m.	8:25 a. m.
For Grand Forks, Grafton, Pembina, Winnipeg and points in N. Dakota and Winnipeg	8:25 a. m.	10:08 p. m.

IF YOU ARE GOING EAST OR SOUTH ASK YOUR NEAREST AGENT FOR TICKETS VIA THE BURLINGTON AND TAKE NO OTHER LINE.

Polk County Journal.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Crookston, April 14, 1892.

MELVIN, April 10th, 1892.

ED. JOURNAL—In looking over the proceedings of the board of County Commissioners one is impressed with the idea of unjust discrimination being practiced between affluence and misfortune, namely: 1st, application of August Munn and M. E. Kirsch for abatement of personal property taxes, granted. 2d, application of the Fairfax hail sufferers for abatement of personal property tax, refused. Application of Louis Fontaine, Wm. Anglim, Max Ericsson, A. J., and A. McKinnon for abatement of personal tax 30 per cent, granted. We notice that those of affluence (and possible influence) are granted their petition, while those who through misfortune lost their crops and have no ready money to pay their tax are held to the rack. We believe that the commissioners owe the voters of this county an explanation of their conduct in regard to this matter. We labor under the impression that if those of the city who are prosperous are allowed an abatement of tax, then, those unfortunate hail sufferers are also entitled to the same favor. We believe that the majority of the tax-payers would approve of those men being released from paying their taxes for the past year, if the law would permit of it, and if it does not in the one case, why does it in the others? If this is a case of discrimination then we wish if possible to gain for those commissioners who are guilty of refusing this petition a notoriety that will debar them from again being elected to positions of public trust.

CRITIC.

Mistakes to be Avoided.

Minneapolis Journal.

There is emphatic need that the Republican league clubs of Minnesota shall take special pains, in the course of their activities, to disseminate exact information touching the practical working of the election law of 1891. That which is a simple process to one man may befog his neighbor. All men have not an intuitive grasp upon the terms of such laws. The change from the old system of voting is a radical one. Voters in many cases need to have definite instruction. This ought to become part of the educational work of the league club. It is fundamental. It must precede other lines of political education.

In Ohio, last fall, there were 80,000 votes cast for Governor while the other candidates on the ballot were left unmarked. There will be a good deal of that kind of thing done in Minnesota at the November election if some good educational work is not done to prevent it. The Republican party of Minnesota must not only turn out every man in its ranks to vote, but must see that he knows how to mark his ticket. And this is the time to begin to make every voter familiar with the new law.

Another matter of great importance is the naming of Republican electors at the May convention. Electors should be qualified [illegible] holding an office of trust or profit under the United States. [illegible] made in [illegible] and [illegible] matter. The Minnesota Republicans must make no mistake of [illegible] this year.

DUNN ON NELSON.

The Princeton Editor's Tribute to the "Little Norwegian."

Minneapolis Journal.

What is the matter with Knute Nelson, anyhow? You city fellows have a shrewd way of booming a man for office. If Mr. Nelson was a rich man one would think he had hired the big dailies of Minneapolis and St. Paul to oppose his candidacy. Seriously, for the life of me, I cannot see why The Journal should go out of the way to misrepresent Mr. Nelson. Your views, Mr. Editor, on the tariff question, as enunciated in your paper, correspond with those held by Mr. Nelson, and surely it is not on account of his vote on the Mills bill—a vote that he has thoroughly and satisfactorily explained in a speech delivered in your own city, that you are "agin" him.

Why dwell on the "West Hotel caucus"? Admitting for the sake of argument that a caucus was held, what of it? Is Mr. Nelson to be held responsible for what every Tom, Dick and Harry says or does? But then, I for one do not believe any such caucus was ever held.

Now, Mr. Editor, I am friendly to Mr. Nelson and I am also a friend of Senator C. K. Davis, and am decidedly of the opinion that he should succeed himself. I have not "hung around the executive office," in fact have not been inside the executive office but once in 18 months, and then only for a few moments—long enough to secure a pardon for a poor boy, the only support of his father and mother, who has been incarcerated in the St. Cloud jail. I am not in the confidence of Gov. Merriam. don't know or don't care what his views or aspirations are. When Gov. Merriam was first nominated the undersigned was one of the little band that went down flying the Gilman colors. I am not a worshipper at Gov. Merriam's shrine, yet I believe he has proved himself to be one of the best executives Minnesota has ever had. He has given the state a good, clean, business-like administration and has sufficient nerve to Tripp up even a Minneapolis charter "woodchuck."

Give the gallant "Little Norwegian" a chance. It is no fault of his that he first saw the light of day in "the land of the midnight sun." If Biblical lore can be relied upon the Savior was born in a manger. No one questions Knute Nelson's stalwart Americanism. In the dark days of the 60's he risked his life in defense of the flag of his adopted country. His public and private life is above reproach. No taint of boodle clings to his skirts. He is a plain man of the people and his sympathies are with the people. He is a clean man, a brainy man and a man with the courage of his convictions. If you are bound to fight him, fight him squarely and above board. Don't couple his name with those of men who are obnoxious to the laboring men of your city and the toiling, sweating masses in the country.

Mr. Nelson is not an aggresive candidate for Governor or anything else. If he is the nominee of the Republican state convention it will be without any personal effort of his own. The nominee of the Republican party, no matter who he may be, will have no picnic this year. Let us save our ammunition for our friends—the enemy. Let the Republican party, in convention assembled decide who shall lead them, and if Honest Knute Nelson is the standard bearer victory will be assured in advance of the conflict at the polls next November.

R. C. DUNN.

Princeton, Minn., April 2.

Mr. S. J. Hunter of Nevada, Mo., has a collection of over 11,000 varieties of woods, petrifications, etc., which he proposes exhibiting at the Fair.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of ten and 50-100 dollars ($10.50) which became due on the first day of October A. D. 1890, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Isaie Normandin and Philomene Normandin, his wife, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the first day of October A. D. 1888, which mortgage together with the power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the first day of October A. D. 1888, at 1 o'clock and 10 minutes p. m. in book 40 of mortgages on pages 112 and 113.

It is provided in said mortgage that if said mortgagors shall fail to pay any part of the sum of money thereby secured at the time and in the manner specified in said mortgage, then upon such default the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage may at the option of the mortgagee be declared due and payable, and the said John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, who is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured, has elected and does hereby elect and declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of forty-one and 70-100 dollars ($41.70) and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Wherefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of section [illegible] in Township one hundred and forty-nine (149) north of Range forty-[illegible] west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk at the front door of the Court House in the City of Crookston in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892, [illegible]

REMNANT SALE.

Remnant Sale.

GERVAIS'------The Hustlers,

GREAT SALE OF

REMNANTS,
ODDS AND ENDS
AND BROKEN LINES
OF ALL KINDS.

BIG BARGAINS OFFERED.

Cloaks and Shawls

—o—AT—o—

Tremendous Reductions.

Gervais' - The Hustlers.

REMNANT SALE.

OUR HOLIDAY STOCK

IS

ON DISPLAY

THE FAIR

DEPARTMENT STORE,

Cor. Main and Robert Sts., Crookston.

First National Bank
OF CROOKSTON

PAID IN CAPITAL, - $100,000
SURPLUS, - - - $12,700

Interest on time deposits. Faithful attention to Collections and prompt remittance.

GEO. Q. ERSKINE, President.
WM. ANGLIM, Vice President.
CHAS. E. SAWYER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Wm. Anglim,	K. D. Chase,	F. D. Childs
Geo. Q. Erskine,	B. B. Northrop,	A. A. Miller
E. M. Walsh,	John Moore,	W. H. Crosby
	Chas. E. Sawyer	

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of Twelve and 50-100 dollars ($12.50), which became due on the first day of December, 1890, and in the payment of a like and final sum, which became due on the first day of December, 1891, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John H. Lien and Ragnhild Lien, his wife, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the 8th day of November, 1888, which mortgage, together with a power of sale contained therein, was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 16th day of November, A. D. 1888, at 8 o'clock and 10 minutes a. m., in Book 40 of mortgages, on pages 497, 498, and 499; which said sums with interest thereon respectively at ten per cent. per annum from the first day of December, 1890, and the 1st day of December, 1891, are the whole sum secured by said mortgage and remaining unpaid. John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured; and the amount claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice is twenty seven dollars ($27.00), and no action or proceedings have been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Wherefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section number twenty-two (22) in Township one hundred and forty-eight (148) north of Range number forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892, at 11 o'clock of the forenoon of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., this 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

JOHN MILTON OLIVER, Mortgagee.

O. [illegible], Attorney for Mortgagee.

[illegible]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Polk, } ss.
City of Crookston, }

Notice is given, that applications have been made in writing to the City Council of the City of Crookston and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on April 25th 1892 and terminating on April 24th 1893, by the following persons and at the following places as stated in said applications respectively, to-wit: Gaarder & Sundet, in the two-story frame building on the east 20 feet of lots 11 and 12, in Block 3 of Fletcher & Houston's addition to the City of Crookston.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said City Council of the City of Crookston, at the regular meeting in the City Hall in said City of Crookston in Polk County, on Tuesday the 14th day of April 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of said city this 20th day of March A. D. 1892.

E. C. CARRUTH,
City Clerk.

A. H. DUNLAP, M. D.

Graduate McGill University, Montreal.

LICENSED COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, QUEBEC.

Office in McKinnon Block.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Nils S. Nilson and Cecilia S. Nilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of December, A. D. 1888, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota, on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1889, at 10:45 o'clock a. m., in book 43 of mortgages, on page 455; and

Whereas, such default consists of the failure to pay the following installments of interest, to-wit: $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1889, $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1889, $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1890, and $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1890, $22.75 that became due June 24th, 1891, and $22.75 that became due December 24th, 1891. And whereas the said Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, the holder of said mortgage, has elected to declare, and hereby does declare, the whole principal sum in said mortgage set forth due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained.

And whereas there is actually due and payable at the date hereof upon the premises in said mortgage described upon which there is default the following sum, to-wit: eight hundred twenty-one and 71-100 ($821.71) Dollars, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The south half (s½) of the north-east quarter (ne¼) and the west half (w½) of south-east quarter (se¼) of Section two (2) Township one hundred and forty-seven (147) Range forty (40), containing 160 acres more or less according to the government survey thereof. All of said premises situated and being in the County of Polk, State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said Polk County, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston in said County and State, on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 17th, A. D. 1892.

Northwestern Guaranty Loan Company, Mortgagee.

[illegible] Houghton, Attorney [illegible]

THE NEW NORTHWEST

Home seekers will find the last of the public domain of agricultural and grazing value along the Great Northern Ry. in North Dakota and Montana.	FARM LANDS
NEW TOWNS	100 or more, along the Great Northern Railway Line. Business chances. Write F. I. WHITNEY, St. Paul, Minn., for Books, Maps, &c. Write now.
Settlers on free Government lands along the Great Northern Ry. Line in North Dakota and Montana get low rates and fine markets for products.	LOW RATES
Montana produces the finest Horses and Cattle. Free ranges yet in Mouse, Milk and Sun River Valleys and Sweet Grass Hills.	Horses, Cattle.
Health, Wealth.	In the Northwest. Free Lands. New Towns, New Railways, New Mines, Low Rates. Largest area of good vacant land.
Sweetest Grass Hills, Milk and Sun River Valleys, Montana, reached only by the Great Northern Railway Line. The stock raisers' paradise.	[illegible]ed, Hogs.
Herds, Mines.	These have made Montana the richest State per capita in the Union. Plenty of room for more miners and stock raisers. Now is the time.

Notice of Mortgage Foreclosure Sale.

[First publication March 31st, 1892.]
[Last publication May 12th, 1892.]

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of Eight and 25-100 dollars ($8.25) which became due on the first day of December, A. D. 1889, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Edward L. Haven, an unmarried man, to John Milton Oliver, bearing date the 11th day of July, A. D. 1888, which mortgage, together with the power of sale therein contained was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Polk and State of Minnesota on the 16th day of July A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock and 45 minutes a. m., in Book 36 of Mortgages on pages 329 and 330.

It is provided in said mortgage, that if said mortgagor shall fail to pay any part of the sum of money thereby secured at the time and in the manner specified in said mortgage, then upon such default, the whole sum of money secured by said mortgage, may at the option of the mortgagee be declared due and payable; and the said John Milton Oliver, mortgagee, who is now the legal holder of said mortgage and of the notes thereby secured, has elected and does hereby elect and declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of thirty five and 84-100 dollars ($35.84) and no action or proceeding has been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Wherefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The north-west quarter (nw¼) of Section number ten (10) in Township number one hundred and forty-nine (149) north of Range forty-three (43) west of the fifth principal meridian, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres according to the government survey, in the county of Polk and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging, which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said County of Polk, at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Crookston, in said county of Polk and State of Minnesota, on

SATURDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1892,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated at Minneapolis, Minn., this 22d day of March, A. D. 1892.

JOHN MILTON OLIVER, Mortgagee.

O. M. [illegible], Attorney for Mortgagee.

ALDERMAN & SYLVESTER,

—DEALERS IN—

Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE,

Sash, Doors and Mouldings

Mixed Paints, Linseed and Machine Oils, Flying Dutchman Gang Plows, J. Thompson & Sons Walking Plows. Sole agents for the Domestic Sewing Machine.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

STOVES AND RANGES

Corner Main and Fletcher Sts., - - - Crookston.

McKINNON BROS.,

—DEALERS IN—

ALL OF THE LEADING

Agricultural Implements

MAIN STREET. McKINNON BLOCK.

Before Purchasing, Give Us a Call.

C. HENDRICKSON, President.
H. STEENERSON, 2d Vice-President.
L. ELLINGTON, Vice-President.
J. W. WHEELER, Cashier.
A. P. HANSON, Assistant Cashier.

Scandia-American Bank

OF CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

Organized Under the State Laws.

Authorized capital $200,000. Paid up capital, $50,000. Undivided profits $10,50[illegible]

Buys Bonds, School and Town Orders. Special attention to collections. Interest on time deposits.

DIRECTORS.

C. O. Christianson. E. P. Pierce. O. H. Lucken. A. G. Gallasch. H. Steenerson. J. H. Locken, C. Hendrickson. Max Ericsson. L. K. Aaker. J. W. Wheeler.

Sylvester & Finseth,

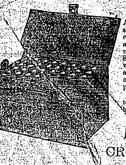
—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

[illegible], Paints and Oils, Doors, Sash, Barbed Wire, Lime, Buckeye [illegible], Tinware, Mowers, Hollingsworth Rakes, Favorite Wagons and Buggies, Binders and [illegible] Cordage Co's Binding Twine, Rock Island Plows, Buggies, Nutting and Sulky Plows, Fairbanks Scales, Hose for Lawn [illegible], Screen Doors, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline [illegible], Varnish and Paper, Lawn Mowers, North Star [illegible] Refrigerators and Garden Sprinklers. Agent for Standard Rotary Shuttle Sewing Machines.

Broadway, Crookston, Minn.

Farmers' Egg Cases.



Call and Get a Ticket

And when you purchase anything at our store have the amount punched. The case is made of tin, handsomely Japanned and ornamented. The Fillers are made of cloth paper and very durable. Saves both packing and counting, obviates loss from breakage and miscounts and is an ornament to any home. This case will be given you when your cash purchases amount to $25.00.

When empty these cases can be used to carry groceries in, and are very handy for that. Remember the place,

A. Sture's New Store,

CROOKSTON, MINN.

Opera House Block.

Crookston Business College

FACULTY:

R. S. KNUDSON, L. E. GOSSMAN, C. M. WASSON.

BOOKKEEPING.	Faculty composed of specialists.	GRAMMAR.
SHORTHAND.	Most advanced methods of instruction.	ARITHMETIC.
TYPEWRITING.	Students may take full course or special branches.	[illegible]
PENMANSHIP.	Special English department.	SPELLING.
COMMERCIAL LAW.	Day and evening sessions.	READING.
CIVIL GOVERNMENT.	Tuition Fees Low.	HISTORY.
CORRESPONDENCE.	Students may enter at any time.	GEOGRAPHY.
		COMPOSITION.

For catalogues and circulars address,

R. S. KNUDSON, Principal,
Crookston, Minn.

H. STEENERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
CROOKSTON, MINNESOTA.

MARTIN O'BRIE[illegible]
ATTORNEY AT LAW
[illegible] Crookston, Min[illegible]

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

FINISH

CROOKSTON
POLK COUNTY
JOURNAL

JAN 9 APR 14

1890 1892

Title:
(Crookston) POLK COUNTY JOURNAL

13:38 - 15:52

Inclusive Dates: Jan 9 1890 Apr 14 1892

"The Polk County Journal"

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